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PUBLIC HEARING

before

ASSEMBLY ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY COMMITTEE

on

ASSEMBLY BILLS 2698, 2699, 2700, & 2701
(Hazardous Waste Financing Package)

July 29, 1986
Kearny Town Hall
Kearny, New Jersey

MEMBERS OF COMMITTEE PRESENT:

Assemblyman John O. Bennett, Chairman
Assemblywoman Kathleen A. Donovan
Assemblyman Frank J. Gargiulo
Assemblyman Byron M. Baer

ALSO PRESENT:

Mark O. Smith
Office of Legislative Services
Aide, Assembly Environmental Quality Committee

* * * * *

Hearing Recorded and Transcribed by
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New Jersey State Legislature

ASSEMBLY ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY COMMITTEE

STATE HOUSE ANNEX, CN-068

TRENTON, NEW JERSEY 08625

TELEPHONE: (609) 292-7676

M E M O R A N D U M

July 21, 1986

TO: ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

FROM: ASSEMBLYMAN JOHN O. BENNETT

SUBJECT: PUBLIC HEARING POSTPONEMENT

The public hearing originally scheduled by the Assembly Committee on Environmental Quality for Monday, July 28, 1986, 10:00 A.M. in the Town Council Chambers at Kearny Town Hall, Kearny, Hudson County has been rescheduled for the following day, Tuesday, July 29, 1986. The time and place remain the same. The directions to Kearny Town Hall are as follows:

Directions: From the south, take the New Jersey Turnpike to Exit 15W, follow sign to Kearny, go to first traffic light and onto Schuyler Avenue, and proceed along Schuyler for one mile to the Portugese Cultural Club. Turn left at the club onto Quincy Avenue, and at the second traffic light turn left onto Kearny Avenue. The Town Hall is one block to the left. Parking is at the rear of the Town Hall.

The subject of the public hearing will be the Hazardous Waste Financing Package. Please be prepared to consider the following bills:

<u>A-2698</u> Bennett	Increases the rate of the Spill fund tax.
<u>A-2699</u> Bennett	Directs the Legislature to annually appropriate \$50 million from General Fund to "Hazardous Discharge Site Cleanup Fund."
<u>A-2700</u> Bennett	Raises the Corporation Business Tax from 9% to 9 1/2%.
<u>A-2701</u> Bennett	Authorizes \$200,000,000 in State bonds for hazardous discharge site cleanup.

(Persons wishing to testify at the public hearing should contact Mark O. Smith, Committee Aide, at (609) 292-7676.)

ASSEMBLY, No. 2698

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

INTRODUCED MAY 22, 1986

By Assemblyman BENNETT

AN ACT to amend the "Spill Compensation and Control Act,"
approved January 6, 1977 (P. L. 1976, c. 141).

1 BE IT ENACTED *by the Senate and General Assembly of the State*
2 *of New Jersey:*

1 1. Section 9 of P. L. 1976, c. 141 (C. 58:10-23.11h) is amended
2 to read as follows:

3 9. a. There is hereby levied upon each owner or operator of one
4 or more major facilities a tax to insure compensation for cleanup
5 costs and damages associated with any discharge of hazardous
6 substances to be paid by the transferee; provided, however, that
7 in the case of a major facility which operates as a public storage
8 terminal for hazardous substances owned by others, the owner of
9 the hazardous substance transferred to such major facility or his
10 authorized agent shall be considered to be the transferee or trans-
11 feror, as the case may be, for the purposes of this section and shall
12 be deemed to be a taxpayer for purposes of this act. Where such
13 person has failed to file a return or pay the tax imposed by this
14 act within 60 days after the due date thereof, the director shall
15 forthwith take appropriate steps to collect same from the owner of
16 the hazardous substance. In the event the director is not suc-
17 cessful in collecting said tax then on notice to the owner or operator
18 of the public storage terminal of said fact said owner or operator
19 shall not release any hazardous substance owned by the taxpayer.
20 The director may forthwith proceed to satisfy any tax liability of
21 the taxpayer by seizing, selling or otherwise disposing of said haz-
22 ardous substance to satisfy the taxpayer's tax liability and to take
23 any further steps permitted by law for its collection. For the pur-

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill
is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.
Matter printed in italics *thus* is new matter.

24 poses of this act public storage terminal shall mean a public or
 25 privately owned major facility operated for public use which is
 26 used for the storage or transfer of hazardous substances. The tax
 27 shall be measured by the number of barrels or the fair market
 28 value, as the case may be, of hazardous substances transferred to
 29 the major facility, provided, however, that the same barrel, in-
 30 cluding any products derived therefrom, subject to multiple trans-
 31 fers from or between major facilities shall be taxed only once at
 32 the point of the first transfer.

33 When a hazardous substance other than petroleum which has not
 34 been previously taxed is transferred from a major in-State facility
 35 to a facility which is not a major facility, the transferor shall be
 36 liable for tax payment for said transfer.

37 b. The tax shall be ~~[\$0.01]~~ \$0.02 per barrel transferred and in
 38 the case of the transfer of hazardous substances other than
 39 petroleum or petroleum products, the tax shall be the greater of
 40 ~~[\$0.01]~~ \$0.02 per barrel or ~~[0.4%]~~ 0.8% of the fair market value
 41 of the product, ~~[until the balance in the fund equals or exceeds~~
 42 ~~\$50,000,000.00]~~; provided, however, that with respect to transfers
 43 of hazardous substances other than petroleum or petroleum prod-
 44 ucts which are or contain any precious metals to be recycled, re-
 45 fined, or rerefined in this State, or which are transferred into this
 46 State subsequent to being recycled, refined or rerefined, the tax
 47 shall be ~~[\$0.01]~~ \$0.02 per barrel of the hazardous substance. For
 48 the purposes of this section, "precious metals" means gold, silver,
 49 osmium, platinum, palladium, iridium, rhodium, ruthenium and
 50 copper. ~~[In each fiscal year following any year in which the bal-~~
 51 ~~ance of the fund equals or exceeds \$50,000,000.00, no tax shall be~~
 52 ~~levied unless (1) the current balance in the fund is less than~~
 53 ~~\$40,000,000.00 or (2) pending claims against the fund exceed 50%~~
 54 ~~of the existing balance of the fund. The provisions of the fore-~~
 55 ~~going notwithstanding, should claims paid from or pending against~~
 56 ~~the fund not exceed \$5,000,000.00 within three years after the tax~~
 57 ~~is first levied, the tax shall be \$0.01 per barrel transferred or 0.4%~~
 58 ~~of the fair market value of the product, as the case may be, until~~
 59 ~~the balance in the fund equals or exceeds \$36,000,000.00, and there-~~
 60 ~~after shall not be levied unless: (1) the current balance in the~~
 61 ~~fund is less than \$30,000,000.00 or (2) pending claims against the~~
 62 ~~fund exceed 50% of the existing balance of the fund. In the event~~
 63 ~~of either such occurrence and upon certification thereof by the~~
 64 ~~State Treasurer, the director shall within 10 days of the date of~~
 65 ~~such certification relevy the excise tax, which shall take effect on~~

66 the first day of the month following such levy. With respect to
 67 the tax imposed upon the transfer of hazardous substances which
 68 are other than petroleum or petroleum products, if the revenues
 69 from such tax exceed \$7,000,000.00 during any calendar year, such
 70 excess shall be refunded or credited to the taxpayers who paid
 71 such tax during the calendar year. The refund or credit shall be
 72 based upon the amount of taxes paid by each taxpayer on trans-
 73 fers of hazardous substances which are other than petroleum or
 74 petroleum products for the calendar year in proportion to all
 75 taxes paid by all taxpayers on such transfers during said year;
 76 provided, however, that if at the end of the calendar year the
 77 increased tax rate as authorized by this subsection or subsection i.
 78 is in effect, no refund or credit shall be allowed for such calendar
 79 year; and further, provided that no refund or credit shall be
 80 allowed for a calendar year if by reason of such refund or credit a
 81 condition would occur which would authorize the imposition of the
 82 tax at the higher rate authorized in this subsection or subsection i.
 83 However, a partial refund or credit shall be allowed to the extent
 84 that such a condition would not occur. In the event of a major dis-
 85 charge or series of discharges resulting in reasonable claims
 86 against the fund exceeding the existing balance of the fund, the
 87 tax shall be levied as follows:

88 (1) On petroleum or petroleum products, at the rate of ~~[\$0.04]~~
 89 \$0.05 per barrel transferred, until the revenue produced by such
 90 increased rate equals 150% of the total dollar amount of all pend-
 91 ing reasonable claims resulting from the discharge of petroleum
 92 or petroleum products; provided, however, that such rate may be
 93 set at less than ~~[\$0.04]~~ \$0.05 per barrel transferred if the ad-
 94 ministrator determines that the revenue produced by such lower
 95 rate will be sufficient to pay outstanding reasonable claims against
 96 the fund within one year of such levy; and

97 (2) On hazardous substances other than petroleum or petroleum
 98 products, at the rate of the greater of ~~[\$0.04]~~ \$0.05 per barrel
 99 transferred or ~~[0.8%~~ 1.6% of the fair market value of such haz-
 100 ardous substance, until the revenue produced by such increased
 101 rate equals 150% of the total dollar amount of all pending reason-
 102 able claims resulting from the discharge of hazardous substances
 103 other than petroleum or petroleum products; provided, however,
 104 that with respect to transfers of hazardous substances other than
 105 petroleum or petroleum products which are or contain any precious
 106 metals to be recycled, refined, or rerefined in this State, or which
 107 are transferred into this State subsequent to being recycled, re-

108 fined, or rerefined, the tax shall be \$0.04 per barrel of the hazardous
109 substances; and provided further, however, that any such increased
110 tax rate on hazardous substances other than petroleum or petro-
111 leum products may be set at less than \$0.04 per barrel transferred,
112 or 0.8% of the fair market value of the hazardous substance, as
113 the case may be, if the administrator determines that the revenue
114 produced by such lower rate shall be sufficient to pay outstanding
115 reasonable claims against the fund within one year of such levy.】

116 Interest received on moneys in the fund shall be credited to the
117 fund. 【Should the fund exceed \$36,000,000.00 or \$50,000,000.00, as
118 herein provided, as a result of such interest, the commissioner
119 shall report to the Legislature and the Governor concerning the
120 options for the use of such interest.】

121 c. (1) Every taxpayer and owner or operator of a public storage
122 terminal for hazardous substances shall on or before the twentieth
123 day of the month following the close of each tax period render a
124 return under oath to the director on such forms as may be pre-
125 scribed by the director indicating the number of barrels of hazar-
126 dous substances transferred and where appropriate, the fair
127 market value of the hazardous substances transferred to or from
128 the major facility, and at said time the taxpayer shall pay the full
129 amount of the tax due.

130 (2) Every taxpayer or owner or operator of a major facility or
131 vessel which transfers a hazardous substance, as defined in this
132 act, and who is subject to the tax under subsection a. shall within
133 20 days after the first such transfer in any fiscal year register with
134 the director on such form as shall be prescribed by him.

135 d. If a return required by this act is not filed, or if a return when
136 filed is incorrect or insufficient in the opinion of the director, the
137 amount of tax due shall be determined by the director from such
138 information as may be available. Notice of such determination
139 shall be given to the taxpayer liable for the payment of the tax.
140 Such determination shall finally and irrevocably fix the tax unless
141 the person against whom it is assessed, within 30 days after re-
142 ceiving notice of such determination, shall apply to the director
143 for a hearing, or unless the director on his own motion shall re-
144 determine the same. After such hearing the director shall give
145 notice of his determination to the person to whom the tax is
146 assessed.

147 e. Any taxpayer who shall fail to file his return when due or to
148 pay any tax when the same becomes due, as herein provided, shall
149 be subject to such penalties and interest as provided in the "State

150 Tax Uniform Procedure Law," Subtitle 9 of Title 54 of the Re-
 151 vised Statutes. If the Division of Taxation determines that the
 152 failure to comply with any provision of this section was excusable
 153 under the circumstances, it may remit such part or all of the pen-
 154 alty as shall be appropriate under such circumstances.

155 f. (1) Any person failing to file a return, failing to pay the tax,
 156 or filing or causing to be filed, or making or causing to be made,
 157 or giving or causing to be given any return, certificate, affidavit,
 158 representation, information, testimony or statement required or
 159 authorized by this act, or rules or regulations adopted hereunder
 160 which is willfully false, or failing to keep any records required
 161 by this act or rules and regulations adopted hereunder, shall, in
 162 addition to any other penalties herein or elsewhere prescribed, be
 163 guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.

164 (2) The certificate of the director to the effect that a tax has not
 165 been paid, that a return has not been filed, that information has
 166 not been supplied or that inaccurate information has been supplied
 167 pursuant to the provisions of this act or rules or regulations
 168 adopted hereunder shall be presumptive evidence thereof.

169 g. In addition to the other powers granted to the director in
 170 this section, he is hereby authorized and empowered:

171 (1) To delegate to any officer or employee of his division such of
 172 his powers and duties as he may deem necessary to carry out
 173 efficiently the provisions of this section, and the person or persons
 174 to whom such power has been delegated shall possess and may
 175 exercise all of said powers and perform all of the duties delegated
 176 by the director;

177 (2) To prescribe and distribute all necessary forms for the im-
 178 plementation of this section.

179 h. The tax imposed by this act shall be governed in all respects
 180 by the provisions of the "State Tax Uniform Procedure Law,"
 181 Subtitle 9 of Title 54 of the Revised Statutes, except only to the
 182 extent that a specific provision of this act may be in conflict
 183 therewith.

184 [i. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, *upon a*
 185 *request from the administrator*, the Treasurer may order the
 186 director to levy the tax on all hazardous substances other than
 187 petroleum or petroleum products at a specified rate greater than
 188 \$0.01 per barrel or 0.4% of the fair market value of the product, as
 189 the case may be, but in no event to exceed \$0.04 per barrel with
 190 respect to transfers of hazardous substances other than petroleum
 191 or petroleum products which are or contain any precious metals

192 to be recycled, refined or rerefined in this State, or which are trans-
 193 ferred into this State subsequent to being recycled, refined or re-
 194 refined, or the greater of \$0.04 per barrel or 0.6% of the fair
 195 market value of the product with respect to transfers of any other
 196 hazardous substances other than petroleum or petroleum prod-
 197 ucts, if and as long as the administrator determines the following:

198 (1) That pending, reasonable claims against the fund for hazar-
 199 dous substances other than petroleum or petroleum products ex-
 200 ceed 70% of the existing balance of the fund, and

201 (2) That the sum of the claims paid by the fund on behalf of
 202 discharges or removals of hazardous substances other than petro-
 203 leum or petroleum products plus pending, reasonable claims
 204 against the fund on behalf of discharges of hazardous substances
 205 other than petroleum is equal to or greater than 70% of all claims
 206 paid by the fund plus all pending, reasonable claims against the
 207 fund.

208 The provisions of this subsection shall not preclude the impo-
 209 sition of the tax at the higher rate authorized under subsection b.
 210 of this section.】

1 2. This act shall take effect 90 days following enactment, but
 2 the Department of Environmental Protection and the Department
 3 of the Treasury shall take all actions necessary prior to the effec-
 4 tive date of this act to implement the provisions of this act on
 5 the effective date thereof.

STATEMENT

This bill doubles the rate of the tax on petroleum and non-
 petroleum hazardous substances imposed by the "Spill Compens-
 ation and Control Act," P. L. 1977, c. 141. This bill would increase
 the tax on petroleum from \$0.01 per barrel to \$0.02 per barrel,
 and would increase the tax on non-petroleum hazardous substances
 from the greater of \$0.01 per barrel or 0.4% of fair market value
 to the greater of \$0.02 per barrel or 0.8% of fair market value.

This bill would also double the rates of the "accelerator" pro-
 visions of the act, which automatically increase the base rates
 of the tax when claims against the Spill Fund exceed the balance
 of the fund. This bill also removes the existing \$50,000,000.00
 "cap" on the Spill Fund.

HAZARDOUS WASTE (Cleanup)

Increases the rate of the Spill Fund tax.

ASSEMBLY, No. 2699

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

INTRODUCED MAY 22, 1986

By Assemblyman BENNETT

AN ACT concerning the funding of hazardous discharge cleanup
and amending P. L. 1985, c. 247.

1 BE IT ENACTED *by the Senate and General Assembly of the State*
2 *of New Jersey:*

1 1. Section 1 of P. L. 1985, c. 247, (C. 58:10-23.34) is amended to
2 read as follows:

3 1. a. There is established in the Department of Environmental
4 Protection a fund to be known as the "Hazardous Discharge Site
5 Cleanup Fund." All interest earned on moneys in the fund shall be
6 credited to the fund. Moneys in the fund shall be used by the De-
7 partment of Environmental Protection for the purposes of prepar-
8 ing feasibility studies, engineering designs, and undertaking other
9 work necessary to the cleanup or mitigation of hazardous discharge
10 sites in this State included on the National Priorities List of
11 hazardous discharge sites adopted by the federal Environmental
12 Protection Agency pursuant to the "Comprehensive Environmental
13 Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980," Pub. L. 96-510
14 (42 U. S. C. § 9601 et seq.) or other hazardous discharge sites
15 approved by the department.

16 b. Any moneys received by the department from the federal
17 government or from responsible parties as reimbursement for costs
18 incurred by the department in connection with the cleanup of a
19 hazardous discharge site on the federal National Priorities List
20 shall be deposited *in the fund* by the department for additional haz-
21 ardous discharge cleanup activities.

22 c. *The Legislature shall annually appropriate \$50,000,000.00 from*
23 *the General Fund to the department to be deposited in the "Haz-*
24 *ardous Discharge Site Cleanup Fund."*

1 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

Matter printed in italics thus is new matter.

STATEMENT

This bill amends the legislation which established the “Hazardous Discharge Site Cleanup Fund” to provide for an annual appropriation from the General Fund to the fund in the amount of \$50,000,000.00. The “annualization” of this appropriation is designed to introduce predictability into the funding of hazardous discharge cleanup.

HAZARDOUS WASTE (CLEANUP)

Directs the Legislature to annually appropriate \$50 million from General Fund to “Hazardous Discharge Site Cleanup Fund.”

ASSEMBLY, No. 2700

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

INTRODUCED MAY 22, 1986

By Assemblyman BENNETT

AN ACT to increase the corporation business tax and amending
P. L. 1945, c. 162.

1 BE IT ENACTED *by the Senate and General Assembly of the State*
2 *of New Jersey:*

1 1. Section 5 of P. L. 1945, c. 162 (C. 54:10A-5) is amended to
2 read as follows:

3 5. The franchise tax to be annually assessed to and paid by each
4 taxpayer shall be the sum of the amount computed under subsec-
5 tion (a) hereof, or in the alternative to the amount computed under
6 subsection (a) hereof, the amount computed under subsection (f)
7 hereof, and the amount computed under subsection (c) *and sub-*
8 *section (g)* hereof:

9 (a) That portion of its entire net worth as may be allocable to
10 this State as provided in section 6, multiplied by the following
11 rates: 2 mill per dollar on the first \$100,000,000.00 of allocated
12 net worth; $\frac{1}{10}$ of a mill per dollar on the second \$100,000,000.00;
13 $\frac{8}{10}$ of a mill per dollar on the third \$100,000,000.00; and $\frac{2}{10}$ of a
14 mill per dollar on all amounts of allocated net worth in excess of
15 \$300,000,000.00; provided, however, that with respect to reports
16 covering accounting or privilege periods set forth below, the rate
17 shall be that percentage of the rate set forth in this subsection for
18 the appropriate year:

Accounting or Privilege Periods Beginning on or After:	The Percentage of the Rate to be Imposed Shall Be:
19 April 1, 1983	75%
20 July 1, 1984	50%
21 July 1, 1985	25%
22 July 1, 1986	0

23 (b) (Deleted by amendment, P. L. 1968, c. 250, s. 2.)

Matter printed in italics thus is new matter.

24 (c) $3\frac{1}{4}\%$ of its entire net income or such portion thereof as may
25 be allocable to this State as provided in section 6; provided, how-
26 ever, that with respect to reports covering accounting or privilege
27 periods or parts thereof ending after December 31, 1967, the rate
28 shall be $4\frac{1}{4}\%$; and that with respect to reports covering account-
29 ing or privilege periods or parts thereof ending after December 31,
30 1971, the rate shall be $5\frac{1}{2}\%$; and that with respect to reports cov-
31 ering accounting or privilege periods or parts thereof ending after
32 December 31, 1974, the rate shall be $7\frac{1}{2}\%$; and that with respect
33 to reports covering accounting or privilege periods or parts thereof
34 ending after December 31, 1979, the rate shall be 9%.

35 (d) Provided, however, that the franchise tax to be annually
36 assessed to and paid by any investment company or real estate
37 investment trust, which has elected to report as such and has filed
38 its return in the form and within the time provided in this act and
39 the rules and regulations promulgated in connection therewith,
40 shall, in the case of an investment company, be measured by 25%
41 of its entire net income and 25% of its entire net worth, and in the
42 case of a real estate investment trust, by 4% of its entire net in-
43 come and 15% of its entire net worth, at the rates hereinbefore
44 set forth for the computation of tax on net income and net worth,
45 respectively, but in no case less than \$250.00, and further provided,
46 however, that the franchise tax to be annually assessed to and paid
47 by a regulated investment company which for a period covered by
48 its report satisfies the requirements of Chapter 1, Subchapter M,
49 Part I, Section 852 (a) of the federal Internal Revenue Code shall
50 be \$250.00.

51 (e) The tax assessed to any taxpayer pursuant to this section
52 shall not be less than \$25.00 in the case of a domestic corporation,
53 \$50.00 in the case of a foreign corporation, or \$250.00 in the case
54 of an investment company or regulated investment company.

55 (f) In lieu of the portion of the tax based on net worth and to
56 be computed under subsection (a) of this section, any taxpayer,
57 the value of whose total assets everywhere, less reasonable reserves
58 for depreciation, as of the close of the period covered by its report,
59 amounts to less than \$150,000.00, may elect to pay the tax shown
60 in a table which shall be promulgated by the director.

61 (g) .5% of its entire net income or such portion thereof as may
62 be allocable to this State as provided in section 6 of P. L. 1945, c.
63 162 (C. 54:10A-6). No tax revenues shall be collected pursuant to
64 this subsection after January 1, 1992.

1 2. This act shall take effect immediately, and shall apply to
2 accounting or privilege periods beginning on or after December
3 31, 1986.

STATEMENT

This bill would increase the rate of the tax on net income imposed pursuant to the "Corporation Business Tax Act (1945)," from the current rate of 9% to 9.5%. It is estimated that the tax imposed by this bill would generate approximately \$50,000,000.00 per year.

HAZARDOUS WASTE (CLEANUP)

Raises the Corporation Business Tax from 9% to 9½%.

ASSEMBLY, No. 2701
STATE OF NEW JERSEY

INTRODUCED MAY 22, 1986

By Assemblyman BENNETT

AN ACT authorizing the creation of a debt of the State of New Jersey by issuance of bonds of the State in the sum of \$200,000,000.00 to provide moneys for the identification, cleanup and removal of hazardous discharges; providing ways and means to pay the interest on the debt and also to pay and discharge the principal thereof; providing for the submission of this act to the people at the general election; and making an appropriation.

1 BE IT ENACTED *by the Senate and General Assembly of the State*
2 *of New Jersey:*

1 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Hazardous
2 Discharge Bond Act of 1986."

1 2. The Legislature finds and declares that the improper, irre-
2 sponsible, and often illegal discharge of hazardous substances
3 presents a grave threat to the public health and safety, and to the
4 environment, that the dangers posed by these discharges can be
5 minimized only by prompt identification, cleanup and removal of
6 these hazardous discharges, that existing funding sources are not
7 adequate to finance these identification, cleanup and removal op-
8 erations, and that it is therefore in the best interests of all citizens
9 of this State to provide a funding mechanism to finance the prompt
10 identification, efficient cleanup and removal of discharges of haz-
11 ardous substances.

1 3. As used in this act:

2 a. "Cost" means the interest or discount on bonds; cost of issu-
3 ance of bonds; the cost of inspection, appraisal, legal, financial,
4 and other professional services, estimates, and advice; and the

5 cost of organizational, administrative and other work and services,
6 including salaries, supplies, equipment, and materials necessary to
7 administer this act;

8 b. "Hazardous discharge" means the actual or imminent release,
9 spill, leak, emission or dumping of any hazardous substance into
10 the environment which represents a threat to the public health and
11 safety of the environment;

12 c. "Hazardous substances" means those elements and com-
13 pounds, including petroleum products, which are defined as such by
14 the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection, after
15 public hearing, and which shall be consistent to the maximum extent
16 possible with, and which shall include, the list of hazardous sub-
17 stances adopted by the federal Environmental Protection Agency
18 pursuant to section 311 of the "Federal Water Pollution Control
19 Act Amendments of 1972," Pub. L. 92-500 (33 U. S. C. § 1321), as
20 amended by the "Clean Water Act of 1977," Pub. L. 95-217 (33
21 U. S. C. § 1251 et seq.), the list of toxic pollutants designated by
22 Congress or the Environmental Protection Agency pursuant to
23 section 307 of the former act (33 U. S. C. § 1317) and, to the extent
24 they are not otherwise included, any substance defined as hazardous
25 pursuant to section 101 of the "Comprehensive Environmental
26 Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980," Pub. L. 96-510
27 (42 U. S. C. § 9601 et seq.); except that sewage and sewage sludge
28 shall not be considered as hazardous substances for the purpose
29 of this act.

1 4. The Commissioner of the Department of Environmental Pro-
2 tection shall adopt, pursuant to law, rules and regulations neces-
3 sary to carry out the provisions of this act. The commissioner
4 shall review and consider the findings and recommendations of the
5 New Jersey Commission on Capital Budgeting and Planning in the
6 administration of the provisions of this act.

1 5. Bonds of the State of New Jersey are authorized to be issued
2 in the aggregate principal amount of \$200,000,000.00 for the pur-
3 pose of financing the cost of identification, cleanup and removal of
4 hazardous discharges.

1 6. The bonds authorized under this act shall be serial bonds, term
2 bonds, or a combination thereof, and shall be known as "Hazardous
3 Discharge Bonds." These bonds shall be issued from time to time
4 as the issuing officials herein named shall determine, and may be
5 issued in coupon form, fully-registered form or book-entry form.
6 These bonds may be made subject to redemption prior to maturity
7 and shall mature and be paid not later than 35 years from the
8 dates of their issuance.

1 7. The Governor, the State Treasurer and the Director of the
 2 Division of Budget and Accounting in the Department of the
 2A Treasury, or any two of these officials, herein referred to as "the
 3 issuing officials," are authorized to carry out the provisions of this
 4 act relating to the issuance of bonds, and shall determine all mat-
 5 ters in connection therewith, subject to the provisions of this act.
 6 If an issuing official is absent from the State or incapable of acting
 7 for any reason, the powers and duties of that issuing official shall
 8 be exercised and performed by the person authorized by law to act
 9 in an official capacity in the place of that issuing official.

1 8. Bonds issued in accordance with the provisions of this act
 2 shall be direct obligations of the State of New Jersey, and the faith
 3 and credit of the State are pledged for the payment of the interest
 4 thereon when due and for the payment of the principal thereof at
 5 maturity. The principal of and interest on the bonds shall be
 6 exempt from taxation by the State or by any county, municipality
 7 or other taxing district of the State.

1 9. The bonds shall be signed in the name of the State by means
 2 of the manual or facsimile signature of the Governor under the
 3 Great Seal of the State, which seal may be by facsimile or by way
 4 of any other form of reproduction on the bonds, and attested by
 5 the manual or facsimile signature of the Secretary of State, or an
 6 assistant Secretary of State, and shall be countersigned by the
 7 facsimile signature of the Director of the Division of Budget and
 8 Accounting in the Department of the Treasury and may be man-
 9 ually authenticated by an authenticating agent or bond registrar.
 10 as the issuing officials shall determine. Interest coupons, if any,
 11 attached to the bonds shall be signed by the facsimile signature of
 12 the director. The bonds may be issued notwithstanding that an
 13 issuing official signing them or whose manual or facsimile signature
 14 appears thereon has ceased to hold office at the time of issuance,
 15 or at the time of the delivery of the bonds to the purchaser thereof.

1 10. a. The bonds shall recite that they are issued for the pur-
 2 poses set forth in section 5 of this act, that they are issued pursuant
 3 to this act, that this act was submitted to the people of the State at
 4 the general election held in the month of November, 1985, and that
 5 this act was approved by a majority of the legally qualified voters
 6 of the State voting thereon at the election. This recital shall be
 7 conclusive evidence of the validity of the bonds and of the authority
 8 of the State to issue them. Any bonds containing this recital shall,
 9 in any suit, action or proceeding involving their validity, be con-
 10 clusively deemed to be fully authorized by this act and to have been
 11 issued, sold, executed and delivered in conformity herewith and

12 with all other provisions of laws applicable hereto, and shall be
13 incontestable for any cause.

14 b. The bonds shall be issued in such denominations and in such
15 form or forms, whether coupon, fully-registered or book-entry and
16 with or without provisions for the interchangeability thereof, as
17 may be determined by the issuing officials.

1 11. When the bonds are issued from time to time, the bonds of
2 each issue shall constitute a separate series to be designated by
3 the issuing officials. Each series of bonds shall bear such rate or
4 rates of interest as may be determined by the issuing officials, which
5 interest shall be payable semiannually; except that the first and
6 last interest periods may be longer or shorter, in order that inter-
7 vening semiannual payments may be at convenient dates.

1 12. The bonds shall be issued and sold at such price or prices and
2 under such terms, conditions and regulations as the issuing officials
3 may prescribe, after notice of the sale, published at least once in
4 at least three newspapers published in this State, and at least once
5 in a publication carrying municipal bond notices and devoted pri-
6 marily to financial news, published in this State or in the city of
7 New York, the first notice to appear at least five days prior to the
8 day of bidding. The notice of sale may contain a provision to the
9 effect that any bid in pursuance thereof may be rejected. In the
10 event of rejection or of failure to receive any acceptable bid, the
11 issuing officials, at any time within 60 days from the date of the
12 advertised sale, may sell the bonds at a private sale at such price
13 or prices and under such terms and conditions as the issuing officials
14 may prescribe. The issuing officials may sell all or part of the bonds
15 of any series as issued to any State fund or to the federal govern-
16 ment or any agency thereof, at a private sale, without advertise-
17 ment.

1 13. Until permanent bonds are prepared, the issuing officials may
2 issue temporary bonds in such form and with such privileges as to
3 their registration and exchange for permanent bonds as may be
4 determined by the issuing officials.

1 14. The proceeds from the sale of the bonds shall be paid to the
2 State Treasurer, to be held thereby in a separate fund, which shall
3 be known as the "Hazardous Discharge Fund of 1986." The pro-
4 ceeds of this fund shall be deposited in such depositories as may be
5 selected by the State Treasurer to the credit of the fund.

1 15. a. The moneys in the "Hazardous Discharge Fund of 1986"
2 are specifically dedicated and shall be applied to the cost of the
3 purposes set forth in section 5 of this act, and all such moneys are
4 appropriated for those purposes, and no such moneys shall be ex-

5 pended for those purposes, except as otherwise authorized in this
6 act, without the specific appropriation thereof by the Legislature,
7 but bonds may be issued as herein provided, notwithstanding that
8 the Legislature has not adopted an act making a specific appro-
9 priation of any of the moneys.

10 b. At any time prior to the issuance and sale of bonds under this
11 act, the State Treasurer is authorized to transfer from available
12 money in any fund of the treasury of the State to the credit of the
13 "Hazardous Discharge Fund of 1986," such sums as he may deem
14 necessary. The sum so transferred shall be returned to the same
15 fund of the treasury by the State Treasurer from the proceeds of
16 the sale of the first issue of bonds.

17 c. Pending their application to the purposes provided in this act,
18 the moneys in the "Hazardous Discharge Fund of 1986" may be
19 invested and reinvested as are other trust funds in the custody of
20 the State Treasurer, in the manner provided by law. Net earnings
21 received from the investment or deposit of the fund shall be paid
22 into the General Fund.

1 16. If any coupon bond, coupon or registered bond is lost, muti-
2 lated or destroyed, a new bond or coupon shall be executed and
3 delivered of like tenor, in substitution for the lost, mutilated or
4 destroyed bond or coupon, upon the owner furnishing to the issuing
5 officials such evidence satisfactory to them of the loss, mutilation
6 or destruction of the bond or coupon, the ownership thereof and
7 the security, indemnity and reimbursement for expenses connected
8 therewith, as the issuing officials may require.

1 17. The accrued interest received upon the sale of the bonds shall
2 be applied to the discharge of a like amount of interest upon the
3 bonds when due. Any expense incurred by the issuing officials for
4 advertising, engraving, printing, clerical, authenticating, register-
5 ing, legal or other services necessary to carry out the duties im-
6 posed upon them by the provisions of this act shall be paid from
7 the proceeds of the sale of the bonds by the State Treasurer, upon
8 the warrant of the Director of the Division of Budget and Account-
9 ing in the Department of the Treasury, in the same manner as other
10 obligations of the State are paid.

1 18. Bonds of each series issued hereunder shall mature, including
2 any sinking fund redemptions, not later than the 35th year from
3 the date of issue of such series, and in such amounts as shall be
4 determined by the issuing officials. The issuing officials may re-
5 serve to the State by appropriate provision in the bonds of any
6 series the power to redeem any of the bonds prior to maturity at
7 such price or prices and upon such terms and conditions as may
8 be provided in the bonds.

1 19. The issuing officials may at any time and from time to time
 2 issue refunding bonds for the purpose of refunding in whole or in
 3 part an equal principal amount of the bonds of any series issued
 4 and outstanding thereunder, which by their terms are subject to
 5 redemption prior to maturity, provided the refunding bonds shall
 6 mature at any time or times not later than the latest maturity date
 7 of that series, and the aggregate amount of interest to be paid on
 8 the refunding bonds, plus the premium, if any, to be paid on the
 9 bonds refunded, shall not exceed the aggregate amount of interest
 10 which would be paid on the bonds refunded if the bonds were not so
 11 refunded. Refunding bonds shall constitute direct obligations of
 12 the State of New Jersey, and the faith and credit of the State are
 13 pledged for the payment of the principal thereof and the interest
 14 thereon. The proceeds received from the sale of refunding bonds
 15 shall be held in trust and applied to the payment of the bonds re-
 16 funded thereby. Refunding bonds shall be entitled to all the bene-
 17 fits of this act and subject to all its limitations except as to the
 18 maturities thereof and to the extent herein otherwise expressly
 19 provided.

1 20. To provide funds to meet the interest and principal payment
 2 requirements for the bonds issued under this act and outstanding
 3 there is appropriated in the order following:

4 a. Revenue derived from the collection of taxes under the "Sales
 5 and Use Tax Act," P. L. 1966, c. 30 (C. 54:32B-1 et seq.), or so
 6 much thereof as may be required; and

7 b. If, at any time, funds necessary to meet the interest and prin-
 8 cipal payments on outstanding bonds issued under this act, are
 9 insufficient or not available, there shall be assessed, levied and
 10 collected annually in each of the municipalities of the counties of
 11 this State, a tax on the real and personal property upon which
 12 municipal taxes are or shall be assessed, levied and collected, suffi-
 13 cient to meet the interest on all outstanding bonds issued here-
 14 under and on the bonds proposed to be issued under this act in the
 15 calendar year in which the tax is to be raised and for the payment
 16 of bonds falling due in the year following the year for which the
 17 tax is levied. The tax shall be assessed, levied and collected in the
 18 same manner and at the same time as other taxes upon real and
 19 personal property. The governing body of each municipality shall
 20 pay to the treasurer of the county in which the municipality is
 21 located, on or before December 15 in each year, the amount of tax
 22 herein directed to be assessed and levied, and the county treasurer
 23 shall pay the amount of the tax to the State Treasurer on or be-
 24 fore December 20 in each year.

25 If on or before December 31 in any year, the issuing officials, by
 26 resolution, determine that there are moneys in the General Fund
 27 beyond the needs of the State, sufficient to meet the principal of
 28 bonds falling due and all interest payable in the ensuing calendar
 29 year, the issuing officials shall file the resolution in the office of the
 30 State Treasurer, whereupon the State Treasurer shall transfer
 31 the moneys to a separate fund to be designated by him, and shall
 32 pay the principal and interest out of the fund as the same shall
 33 become due and payable, and the other sources of payment of the
 34 principal and interest provided for in this section shall not then
 35 be available, and the receipts for the year from the tax specified
 36 in subsection b. of this section shall be considered part of the
 37 General Fund, available for general purposes.

1 21. Should the State Treasurer, by December 31 of any year,
 2 deem it necessary, because of the insufficiency of funds collected
 3 from the sources of revenues as provided in this act, to meet the
 4 interest and principal payments for the year after the ensuing year,
 5 then the State Treasurer shall certify to the Director of the Divi-
 6 sion of Budget and Accounting in the Department of the Treasury
 7 the amount necessary to be raised by taxation for those purposes,
 8 which is to be assessed, levied and collected for and in the ensuing
 9 calendar year. The director shall, on or before March 1 following,
 10 calculate the amount in dollars to be assessed, levied and collected
 11 in each county as herein set forth. This calculation shall be based
 12 upon the corrected assessed valuation of each county for the year
 13 preceding the year in which the tax is to be assessed, but the tax
 14 shall be assessed, levied and collected upon the assessed valuation
 15 of the year in which the tax is assessed and levied. The director
 16 shall certify the amount to the county board of taxation and the
 17 treasurer of each county. The county board of taxation shall in-
 18 clude the proper amount in the current tax levy of the several
 19 taxing districts of the county in proportion to the ratables as as-
 20 certained for the current year.

1 22. For the purpose of complying with the provisions of the State
 2 Constitution, this act shall be submitted to the people at the general
 3 election to be held in the month of November, 1986. To inform the
 4 people of the contents of this act, it shall be the duty of the Secre-
 5 tary of State, after this section takes effect, and at least 15 days
 6 prior to the election, to publish this act in at least 10 newspapers
 7 published in this State and to notify the clerk of each county of
 8 this State of the passage of this act; and the clerks respectively,
 9 in accordance with the instructions of the Secretary of State, shall
 10 have each of the ballots printed as follows:

- 11 If you approve of the act entitled below, make a cross (X), plus
 12 (+) or check (✓) mark in the square opposite the word "Yes."
 13 If you disapprove of the act entitled below, make a cross (X),
 14 plus (+) or check (✓) mark in the square opposite the word "No."
 15 If voting machines are used, a vote of "Yes" or "No" shall be
 16 equivalent to these markings respectively.

	Yes.	HAZARDOUS DISCHARGE BOND ACT OF 1986 Should the "Hazardous Discharge Bond Act of 1986" which authorizes the State to issue bonds in the amount of \$200,000,000.00 for the purpose of financing the cost of identification, cleanup and removal of hazardous discharges, providing ways and means to pay the interest on the debt and also to pay and discharge the principal thereof be approved?
	No.	INTERPRETIVE STATEMENT Approval of this act would authorize the sale of \$200,000,000.00 in bonds to be used to identify, cleanup and remove hazardous discharges.

17 The fact and date of the approval or passage of this act, as the
 18 case may be, may be inserted in the appropriate place after the
 19 title in the ballot. No other requirements of law as to notice or
 20 procedure, except as herein provided, need be adhered to.

21 The votes cast for and against the approval of this act, by ballot
 22 or voting machine, shall be counted and the result thereof returned
 23 by the election officer, and a canvass of the election had in the same
 24 manner as is provided for by law in the case of the election of a
 25 Governor, and the approval or disapproval of this act so deter-
 26 mined shall be declared in the same manner as the result of an
 27 election for a Governor, and if there is a majority of all votes cast
 28 for and against it at the election in favor of the approval of this
 29 act, then all the provisions of this act not made effective thereto-
 30 fore shall take effect forthwith.

1 23. There is appropriated the sum of \$5,000.00 to the Department
 2 of State for expenses in connection with the publication of notice
 3 pursuant to section 22 of this act.

1 24. The Commissioner of Environmental Protection shall submit
 2 to the State Treasurer and the New Jersey Commission on Capital
 3 Budgeting and Planning with the Department of Environmental
 4 Protection's annual budget request a plan for the expenditure of
 5 funds from the "Hazardous Discharge Fund of 1986" for the up-
 6 coming fiscal year. This plan shall include the following informa-

7 tion: a performance evaluation of the expenditures made from the
 8 fund to date; a description of programs planned during the up-
 9 coming fiscal year; a copy of the regulations in force governing
 10 the operations of programs that are financed, in part or in whole,
 11 by funds from the "Hazardous Discharge Fund of 1986;" and an
 12 estimate of expenditures for the upcoming fiscal year.

1 25. Immediately following the submission to the Legislature of
 2 the Governor's annual budget message, the Commissioner of En-
 3 vironmental Protection shall submit to the General Assembly
 4 Agriculture and Environment Committee, the Senate Energy and
 5 Environment Committee, or their successors, and the Subcommittee
 6 on Transfers of the Joint Appropriations Committee, or its suc-
 7 cessor, a copy of the plan called for under section 24 of this act,
 8 together with such changes therein as may have been required by
 9 the Governor's budget message.

1 26. No less than 30 days prior to entering into any contract,
 2 lease, obligation, or agreement to effectuate the purposes of this
 3 act, the Commissioner of Environmental Protection shall report to
 4 and consult with the Subcommittee on Transfers of the Joint Ap-
 5 propriations Committee, or its successor.

1 27. This section and sections 22 and 23 of this act shall take effect
 2 immediately and the remainder of the act shall take effect as pro-
 3 vided in section 22.

STATEMENT

This bill authorizes the issuance of State bonds in the sum of
 \$200,000,000.00, the proceeds of which are to be used to identify,
 cleanup and remove hazardous discharges.

HAZARDOUS WASTE (CLEANUP)

Authorizes \$200,000,000.00 in State bonds for hazardous discharge
 site cleanup.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
Senator Thomas F. Cowan District 32	6
Henry T. Blekicki Assistant Commissioner New Jersey Department of Commerce and Economic Development	10
Mayor Henry J. Hill Kearny, New Jersey	30
Richard Salkie, Director Division of Hazardous Site Mitigation New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection	31
Peggy Ballman, Assistant Director Chemical Industry Council of New Jersey	33
Dan Corritore Plant Manager FMC Corporation's Carteret Plant	37
Margaret Holloway, President Kearny Environmental Committee of Concerned Citizens	45
Arnold Cohen Ironbound Committee Against Toxic Waste	50
June Kruszewski Resident of Ironbound Section of Newark	52
James Benton Executive Director New Jersey Petroleum Council	54
Arlene Marks Concerned Citizens' Group in North Bergen, New Jersey	66

TABLE OF CONTENTS (continued)

	<u>Page</u>
Ed Grosvenor Health Officer Kearny, New Jersey	67

APPENDIX

Position papers, press releases and attached materials submitted by Peggy Ballman	1x
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ASSEMBLYMAN JOHN O. BENNETT (Chairman): If I may, I would like to call the hearing to order. I would like to start the hearing by asking all of you to join with me in the Pledge of Allegiance to the greatest flag in the world. (Committee and audience recite the Pledge of Allegiance.) Thank you.

I would like to thank all of you for attending this hearing of the Assembly Environmental Quality Committee. I would like to thank the Mayor and the governing body for the use of the facilities here, and I would also like to thank the people who are here today to testify.

I am Assemblyman John Bennett. I am Chairman of the Environmental Quality Committee. I am a legislator from the Twelfth Legislative District, which is in Monmouth County. I have served on this Committee -- this is my seventh year.

The members of our Committee include one of the legislators from right here in this district, and I would like to introduce Assemblyman Frank Gargiulo who has a few words to say. (applause)

ASSEMBLYMAN GARGIULO: Good morning, everyone, and welcome. Thank you for coming. I would like to thank the Chairman, Mr. Bennett, for bringing the Assembly Environmental Quality Committee here to this district. This was done so that people in the area would be afforded the opportunity to come and offer their comments on the important topic of hazardous waste cleanup. I would like to extend my appreciation to the Committee members as well.

While we do not have a great number of Superfund sites in this district, we do live in the heart of an area of New Jersey that will require a tremendous amount of funding to clean up. Existing funding is drying up. The Department of Environmental Protection reports that by October, 1987, funds for toxic waste cleanup will be exhausted, and without a new funding source, projects will come to a halt.

During the next five years, the State will need approximately \$640 million for cleanups. A serious and compelling priority of the Legislature has been to identify a source, or sources, of funding to raise the dollars needed to effectuate the cleanups. It is extremely important that we act now to develop the sources of funding because it does take time to proceed with these measures through the Legislature, and the fall of 1987 is rapidly approaching.

So, this hearing and your consideration of these issues are very timely. The most viable proposal offered thus far is one sponsored by Assemblyman Bennett himself and Senator Dan Dalton. Their hazardous waste financing package consists of four bills. These bills raise the rate of the Spill Fund tax, raise the corporate business tax, authorize \$200 million in State bonds for cleanup, and direct the Legislature to annually appropriate \$50 million from the General Fund to a Hazardous Discharge Site Cleanup Fund. You will hear more about this and about these bills today.

While it is true that this and other proposals for raising the necessary funds are difficult to swallow, I think we all agree that we must adopt as equitable a plan as possible, and soon. The Committee is here to listen to your comments and suggestions with regard to funding the cleanup of hazardous waste in our State. We appreciate your taking the time to be with us today, and welcome any ideas or suggestions you may have.

My personal thanks to everybody here today. Thank you.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: Thank you, Frank. Before I call on the first speaker, I would like to give just a little bit of background about the package that is before us today. As a package, these bills would raise approximately \$600 million over the next five-year period. The rationale for enacting the package at this time is that in the estimates that have been provided by the Department of Environmental Protection, the

State will deplete the bulk of the moneys presently set aside for hazardous waste discharge cleanup purposes.

The current revenues that are available include the \$100 million from the Hazardous Discharge Bond Act of 1981, and approximately \$40 to 60 million of uncommitted funds from last year's appropriation of \$150 million from the general revenues. The only other remaining continual source of funds that is available to the State is the Spill Compensation Fund, which generates approximately \$12 to \$15 million a year.

The Department has testified before this Committee that the State will need over \$600 million just to fund the State's share of the cleanup costs for Superfund and non-Superfund discharge sites. That projection includes an assumption that the Federal government will fund the cleanup program for the State at approximately 60% of the total cost.

The specific bills included in the package are: A-2698, which will double the rate of tax on petroleum and non-petroleum hazardous substances imposed by the Spill Compensation and Control Act. The rate would rise from a penny to two pennies per barrel of petroleum, and from the greater of a penny or 0.4% to two pennies or 0.8% of the fair market value of the non-petroleum hazardous substances. The bill would also double what is commonly referred to as the "accelerator," which automatically doubles the rates of the tax when claims against the Fund exceed the balance of the Fund. The bill also removes the \$50 million cap on the Fund.

A-2699 amends legislation which established the Hazardous Discharge Site Cleanup Fund to provide an annual appropriation from the General Fund to the cleanup in the amount of \$50 million a year. The bill would not actually dedicate revenues because of the potential conflict with the Superfund legislation of preemption. However, it would send a signal to all future legislators and future Legislatures that the importance of the issue today of \$50 million being

dedicated over the next four years is one that no Legislature should move very quickly away from.

A-2700 increases the tax on net income imposed pursuant to the Corporate Business Tax Act. It increases the rate from 9% to 9.5% and it is estimated that that tax will raise approximately \$50 million per year, or the \$50 million that will be appropriated in the previous bill.

A-2701 authorizes a State bond in the amount of \$200 million, the proceeds of which are to be used to identify, clean up, and remove hazardous discharges. Senator Dalton and I -- at a press conference approximately a week ago -- announced that we felt it was imperative that this package move together; that a bond act by itself was not sufficient to see that the cleanup processes in the State were going to be able to move ahead; and, that a bond act was a quick and easy way to be able to say, "Well, let's have the voters pass a bond," and we mortgage our future at the rate of three dollars for every dollar.

We have a problem in this State, a problem that is not going to go away by wishing it away, a problem that cannot be ignored. The very essence of the groundwaters that are the water sources for millions of people in this State is threatened by the hazardous waste and pollution sites that dot the landscape from one end of this State to another.

I do not think it is a partisan issue, but rather a bipartisan issue on which both parties in this State must join together to assure that there will be an ongoing funding source to see that the cleanup of these sites can take place. That is why I joined with Senator Dalton in a bipartisan effort to see if we could put a package in place. For those who are critical of the package at hand, I say, "We are not locked in stone against suggestions as to alternatives to raising a continual funding source." However, to be critical of a package and not have alternatives will not do. We have the problem and it

won't go away. We are looking toward a solution in an expeditious manner, in order to continue our cleanups in this State and prevent them from coming to a halt.

Again, I welcome you. I welcome you to give testimony today. This is the first of a series of hearings. We will be going around the State in an effort to solicit ideas and thoughts from different sections and areas of the State as to what their thoughts are on a funding package and the severity of the problem of hazardous waste.

You have met one member of the Committee previously. While I was speaking, Assemblyman Byron Baer, our veteran legislator from Bergen County, has come up to the table to join us. He has been a welcome addition to this Committee since January, and I am happy that he is here today. Byron Baer.

ASSEMBLYMAN BAER: Thank you. I just want to commend the Chairman for focusing on this and for having the hearing at this time even though most legislative activities have subsided during the summer. I also want to commend the Chairman for keeping activity at a high level on this problem, which must be addressed, and which won't go away, because it is going to take this type of persistence before we can get the action that is so necessary.

The cleanup of these sites has been a number one concern for a long time. There has been a great deal said about the need to take action. There has been a great deal of studying done. The extraordinary cost of action has been indicated if we are going to prevent the very, very serious pollution of water supplies and other important aspects of the environment. Time is running out on us.

Thank you very much.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: Thank you, Byron. I would like to introduce as our first witness today someone who I am sure is no stranger to anyone in this room, an individual who I have had the opportunity to serve with in the Assembly, and who I am

proud to call colleague in the New Jersey Legislature presently. He is your Senator and a friend to all of us, Senator Thomas F. Cowan, Thirty-Second District. (applause)

S E N A T O R T H O M A S F. C O W A N: Good morning, and thank you very much, Mr. Chairman. I would say, perhaps in trying to be a little astute as a politician -- which I am not too often -- I should end my speech here. That was a very nice introduction and I appreciate it.

I want to welcome you to the Thirty-Second Legislative District and, of course, extend the thanks of all the constituents for holding this hearing here this morning.

I was very pleased to hear your statement -- your introductory remarks -- dealing with the bipartisan nature of the problem which exists -- the critical problem which exists. I would also like to inform you, or pass on to you some information dealing with the Thirty-Second Legislative District, particularly with regard to the landfill problem we have had out here for years. I can't even recall when it started. We went through some problems recently in the matter of the closure of a landfill site on Harrison Avenue in the South Kearny area. In fact, they have just completed doing a slurry wall and they are starting to dress up the mound now. So, it has been an ongoing problem here, and we are still having the garbage dumped on us. We are looking, of course, to avert that in any manner we can.

In 1985, in his State of the State Message, Governor Kean said: "At various times in a nation's or a state's history, certain issues take on a singular importance. Their resolution can help determine the state's quality of life. They become inextricably linked to the state's fate. Today, the protection of New Jersey's environment is just such an issue." With that dramatic yet accurate statement, Governor Kean proclaimed 1985 the Year of the Environment.

Rising to the Governor's challenge to face those issues which would determine the State's future course, the State Senate and Assembly undertook an effort to develop a funding plan for the clean up of the State's 99 toxic waste sites. The Senate concurred with the Governor's further observation: "Even with a much larger Superfund, our current toxic waste funds are insufficient to accommodate the size and pace of cleanup action that is demanded by our constituents."

Notwithstanding that there is not total agreement on all elements of the package, the legislative program which is under consideration by this Committee today results from a full year's work by the sponsors -- the Senate Energy and Environment Committee, various environmental organizations, and the business community. To a lesser degree, assistance has also been received from the Department of Environmental Protection. The Department has not -- I am sorry to say -- endorsed this package of bills. Its representatives have confirmed the Senate and Assembly Committees' estimates as to the size of the problem and the financial commitment that is required to meet the State's needs over the next five years.

In urging this Committee's favorable action on these bills, I will remind you of the Governor's charge to the Legislature in January when discussing the State's cleanup program. I quote: "We cannot let that commitment ebb. We have to find a long-term source of stable funding for our cleanup program. There should be no more important priority. We simply cannot allow our cleanup efforts to slow because of lack of money."

In addition to meeting the funding needs of a responsible cleanup program, this package of bills provides for a more equitable distribution of the financial burden among individual and corporate taxpayers. It also shifts a larger share of the financial burden to the industrial sector of our State. At the outset, let me emphasize that the sponsors of

this package did not propose this reapportionment of the burden because they are anti-business. It was proposed because it is fair.

First, it is fair because the business sector, particularly the petrochemical industry, has been the major contributor -- via their manufacturing and disposal practices -- to this crisis. In addition, as all citizens have benefited from the industrial processes that these companies have created, it is also fair that the individual taxpayer share a portion of this financial burden.

In evaluating the fairness of the proposal before you today, I would also urge the Committee to review the experience of the last four years with respect to taxation. Since 1982, a variety of taxes paid by individuals have been increased. The income tax, the sales tax, and alcoholic beverage and cigarette taxes have all been increased. Even after accounting for last year's reductions in the transfer inheritance tax and the income tax, the net increase by individual taxpayers since 1982 has been approximately \$1.6 billion.

A review of how the business sector has been affected yields an entirely different result. During the past four years, both the corporate net worth tax and the unemployment insurance surtax have been eliminated. The Kean Administration estimated savings at \$245 million at the end of the 1986 fiscal year. In addition, the loss carry-forward provisions have been revised for an additional \$38 million in savings, and the requirements for estimated corporate tax payments have been restructured. This will mean additional savings on the corporate income tax. There have been no increases in business taxes.

Some will suggest that these business tax cuts have contributed to our strong economy during the past several years. This is obviously true. It is also true that a clean and safe environment is an important factor in maintaining this

economic growth. It is interesting to note, however, that individual taxpayers are not complaining. To the contrary, hazardous waste cleanup is the one area of governmental expenditures where most citizens -- 64% in a recent Time Magazine poll -- have indicated they are willing to pay higher taxes.

The final reason why I urge the Committee's favorable action is because we have an opportunity today to avoid a crisis. In fact, it is not only our opportunity, it is also our obligation. It is our obligation to the people who live near dumps, the people who are forced to drink water that is polluted, the people who fear daily for the safety and health of their children. Every day that we do not act to solve this environmental emergency, that we do nothing to alleviate the public health consequences of these toxic sites, we share the guilt of the watch manufacturer who buried radium filings in Orange, the chemical company that dumped PCBs in the sewers in Perth Amboy, the haulers who contaminated the drinking water in Jackson Township.

While the Administration has been quiet as to its support for the proposal before you today, I will conclude my testimony by once again referring to the Governor's recent State of the State Message. In describing the need to clean up the State's hazardous waste sites, the Governor stated: "Of all the challenges we face, the challenge of ridding our State of thousands of toxic waste sites is the most taunting. Our success in meeting that challenge will, in a large part, determine whether New Jersey is seen as a good place to live in the year 2000."

By acting today we can take a step toward meeting that challenge. I urge you to report these bills for consideration by the full General Assembly. This package will fulfill three important goals: It will meet the State's needs; it is equitable; and, it will help us to avoid a public health crisis.

Thank you, Mr. Chairman and members of the Committee.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: Thank you very much, Senator. Are there any questions for Senator Cowan? (negative response) Thank you very much, Senator.

SENATOR COWAN: No questions, all right. Thank you very much, John. Once again, welcome to the Thirty-Second Legislative District and to Kearny.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: Thank you. It is a pleasure to be here. I would now like to call on Assistant Commissioner Henry Bleicki from the Department of Commerce and Economic Development.

A S S T. C O M M. H E N R Y T. B L E K I C K I: Good morning, Mr. Chairman and members of the Assembly Environmental Quality Committee. I wish to thank you for this opportunity to present further testimony with regard to one of the four bills before the Committee.

First of all, the Department wishes to commend this Committee for its aggressive action toward preserving New Jersey's environment. We agree that this is a key issue which must be dealt with. There must be a permanent funding source developed in order to protect the quality of life for all New Jersey citizens.

At an earlier Committee hearing, Mr. George Nagle, who is the Director of the Office of Economic Research, presented testimony dealing with bill A-2700, in which the Department went on record as opposing that bill as part of the package for funding environmental protection.

It is my purpose today to try to augment that testimony. As I am sure all of you know, the primary function of the Department of Commerce is to help to create and preserve jobs. It is in that context that I am here today.

The Senator mentioned earlier that during the last four years this State has done well relative to the rest of the nation. He further admitted that one of the reasons that has

happened is because of the initiatives of the Legislature and of this Administration. It was further pointed out by the Senator that during that period of time a number of pieces of legislation had been passed which would reduce the tax burden of the business community. I think it is important to recognize that there is a direct correlation between the relative tax position of a particular state and its ability to attract jobs into the state.

The Department of Commerce has been given a number of responsibilities by the Legislature in order to create jobs. As we all recognize, while the State in general is doing well -- we are currently running about a 5% unemployment rate; that was the average for 1985 -- there are, in fact, still pockets of high unemployment. The urban aid communities of this State still have, in many instances, double digit unemployment. In fact, the Legislature gave to the Department of Commerce the responsibility to aid at least 10 of those cities through the Urban Enterprise Zone Program. Newark, Kearny, Jersey City, and Elizabeth are some of the cities that were granted special tax benefits in order to help attract business and, therefore, attract jobs, to those communities where unemployment appears to be a lingering problem.

So, it is in that context that I am here this morning to reinforce the concept that the relative tax position of a state is very important in its ability to attract and maintain jobs. Therefore, what I have presented to you this morning as a handout is not so much testimony, but facts which are either in the press or in data we have gleaned from other sources. The quotations in The Boston Globe, and in the local New Jersey papers on the first page, indicate that there are two reasons why New Jersey has been successful in attracting businesses from neighboring states, namely, lower rental rates and lower taxes. These two factors, over and over again, are pointed out as being the key issues in creating jobs.

During the last several years, New Jersey has been successful in attracting over 8,000 jobs a year from New York State. A similar number of jobs has been attracted from Pennsylvania. We have to recognize that Pennsylvania and New York are our major competitors as far as attracting jobs is concerned, be they from overseas, be they from another part of the nation, be they from companies within those states. Lower rental rates and taxes are the two key issues. I have attached articles -- which you may read at your leisure -- which support that position. Furthermore, I have provided you with tables which show the relative position in unemployment of New Jersey versus New York and Pennsylvania. There seems to be almost a direct correlation between the corporate business tax and the unemployment rate and the decrease in the rate of unemployment within these three states.

Now, I do not claim there is a one to one relationship, but certainly there seems to be some relationship, a positive relationship, between a relatively lower tax base in the State of New Jersey and the creation of jobs.

Recently, Governor Kean had a public presentation in which the Grant-Thornton Study was presented. This study deals with the various states' manufacturing business climates and how New Jersey fares vis-a-vis all the other states in the nation. During the last six or seven years, New Jersey has gone from a rank of 47, which is next to last as far as the continental states are concerned, and they only deal with the 48 lower states-- New Jersey has gone from the 47th position to the 22nd position, every year improving its relative position in manufacturing.

As I am sure you all know, manufacturing has been one of the more difficult sectors of New Jersey's economy. Ten years ago, New Jersey's employment consisted of 35% of our population in manufacturing. Today it is down to 22%. We

lost, during the 1970s, approximately 120,000 jobs. We have regained, during the last four years, between 35,000 and 40,000 of those jobs, and now we have plateaued. Looking at the Grant-Thornton Study, we see that the main reason why we have improved as far as our manufacturing climate -- that is, the business community's view of the State as far as should it put manufacturing jobs and businesses in here -- is that the State government has improved those factors that it controls, so that it is now more attractive to the manufacturing community.

I list for you the government-controlled factors that Grant-Thornton utilizes in their study: Number one on that list is taxes. Again, this is a relative study. It compares states versus other states. So we're talking again about the relative tax structure of New Jersey vis-a-vis other states. Taxes, and then changes in taxes is second. In these factors, New Jersey has improved its relative position vis-a-vis all other states, to the point that New Jersey ranks number one in the Middle Atlantic area and, in fact, if you were to go across the traditional manufacturing belt of the United States, from the Middle Atlantic states all the way to the Midwest, including Michigan, Illinois, Indiana, and Ohio, New Jersey ranks first among all of those states as far as manufacturing climate is concerned. This is a tremendous turnaround, considering that seven years ago we were next to last.

Finally, I present to you a similar table which ranks New Jersey as far as the small business climate is concerned, and New Jersey ranks eighth in the nation, New York ranks ninth, and Pennsylvania ranks thirty-ninth.

This all comes down to the point that during the last four years New Jersey has gained over 400,000 jobs. That is terribly important for our citizens. It is also terribly important that we have a clean environment. It is not necessarily so that those two goals of a clean environment and high employment have to be at odds with one another. What we

are suggesting is that to increase the corporate income tax would send a very negative message to the business community, in that it would place us at a higher rate than Pennsylvania and New York. In fact, as perhaps you may know, both states are now considering reducing their corporate business tax to a lower level than New Jersey's current level of 9%. There has been some reporting in the Pennsylvania press that the major reason for Pennsylvania considering dropping their tax rate a full percentage point to a level below New Jersey's current level, is because of the competitive impact of New Jersey's current lower corporate business tax.

Therefore, I would suggest that to do so, to increase the corporate business tax, would have the undesirable side effect of making New Jersey less competitive in the competition for jobs. Since we have been so successful during the past several years in attracting jobs and in maintaining jobs in this State, we would hate to see that tendency, or that track record, sidetracked.

Now, in yesterday's newspaper there was a report presented by Mr. John Baldwin, Director of the Division of Taxation, which indicated that if the Federal efforts to revive the tax structure of the United States is successful, New Jersey would be the beneficiary of an additional \$50 million to \$100 million in corporate taxes. That increase in corporate taxes, of course, would also be imposed upon other states. So, the relative position of New Jersey, vis-a-vis our neighboring states, would not be destroyed.

We feel that that sort of an approach, which does not impact our relative position to compete against neighboring states, would be far more attractive, in that we would not lose the incentive to attract business and jobs to the State, but yet there would be a possible additional funding source for maintaining and cleaning up our environment.

So, it is that sort of an approach that we would suggest the Committee consider. Again, I am sure that no one on this Committee wishes to impact the ability of the State to attract and maintain jobs. So it is in that sense that I present this information to you, and hope that you will consider it during your subsequent deliberations.

Thank you very much, Mr. Chairman.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: Thank you. I have a few questions, and perhaps some other members of the Committee will have some, too.

I take it from your concluding remarks that your proposal to raise the necessary moneys would be to have the additional dollars that will be raised when and if the tax reform package is put into place -- that those additional dollars, if they were to stay in New Jersey through that change, should be dedicated, or committed to being utilized for the environmental cleanup. Is that correct?

ASST. COMMISSIONER BLEKICKI: What I am suggesting is that that sort of an approach would be far more acceptable, in that it would not impact our competitive position to attract and maintain jobs. The Department of Commerce is not going on record at this point saying that \$50 million or \$100 million of those funds should be dedicated to that purpose. I am simply recognizing that there is that possibility. Knowing that the Chairman wishes to have some indication of other funding sources, and that simply to say, "No, no, no" would not be very constructive, I make the presentation that that is a possible source for the funds you are looking for.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: When do you feel you may find that your Department would be in a position to be supportive of either that alternative or some positive funding source?

ASST. COMMISSIONER BLEKICKI: I would have to review that matter with the Commissioner, and then report back to you.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: Okay. I would like it if you would review that. We have a hearing scheduled at the end of August in Mount Holly. At that time, I will be looking for the Department of Commerce to have assumed a position that they will be supportive of the additional dollars coming from Washington -- or which will come from our own corporations; not from Washington, but from our own corporations -- that will be as a result of the tax reform, that the Department of Commerce will strongly join with business and industry, for that is their position -- and I have no problem with that -- and that the Department will call on the Governor to see to it that those funds will, in fact, be committed to the cleanup of the environment, a position that business and industry is ready to take.

I don't think that Commerce can doubt that, in fact, there is a necessity to acquire these moneys for cleanup. I mean, our own Governor has said, "A clean environment means a healthy economy." They are his own words. Certainly, in this list of government-controlled factors we have listed environmental controls. I am quite certain that nowhere do we list as factors for a manufacturing business climate water to drink and a clean environment.

I think that we in the Legislature, at least, are committed to assuring that we will not only see that jobs are going to be made available, but that when people are working and living in the State of New Jersey they are going to be able to drink the water. (applause) Thank you. That is a very strong commitment on the part of this Committee and, quite frankly, I believe a very strong commitment on the part of the Legislature.

As you are well aware, approximately five years ago now, we entered into a new Administration at a time when there was a debt for unemployment owed to the Federal government in the vicinity of approximately \$600 million. As the result of a

surcharge that was imposed on the business employers of the State of New Jersey, business met the challenge that was given to it and, in fact, has retired that \$600 million debt in a period of just shy of five years. That surcharge has now been rolled back and is not being collected from the employers in the State of New Jersey.

At a time when they were faced with a surcharge to raise \$600 million, we had unprecedented growth, an increase in jobs, and a manufacturing community that found that the State of New Jersey was, in fact, attractive and competitive in the market. We no longer have that surcharge, which has been rolled back. I believe that meeting a \$600 million debt is not equivalent to what we are asking for now, where we are seeking to raise about \$50 million per year over the next five years, or \$300 million in five years, half of, in fact, what business has met.

I am not convinced by the statistics placed in front of me today that, in fact, the corporate income tax increase, as proposed, would have the impact of deteriorating the conditions or the climate of manufacturing in this State. I think it is a value judgment which has to be determined by those making such a decision. We cannot ignore the fact that business and industry came forward in the past and committed to meeting a crisis, dealt with it expeditiously, and had unprecedented growth. I believe, again, that if the commitment was made and we had, in fact, the environment cleaned up, we would again be faced with continual unprecedented growth in this State from having an environment that would be conducive not only to manufacturing and industry and business, but would be conducive to living and the continuation of the way of life that has made so many of us choose this State as a place to live.

I thank you for your comments today. I would like to ask you if you would, in fact, go back and come up with not

just looking at a different alternative, but looking as to whether or not your Department would be willing to support that alternative. It is one that has not been precluded by this Committee. We have one department in the Administration that has pledged to support this package which is presently before the Committee. We have opposition from your Department, with discussions as to the possibilities that perhaps we can get it from the Feds -- from the government, with the Fed changes.

I am optimistic that if we are able to have Commerce also commit that they are willing to see that this money is, in fact, going to be utilized not for 19 other departments in the State, but committed for the environment, that we could, in fact, have a very good relationship as we move towards that end and seek to convince the other 19 departments, and the Governor who is the head of all 20, to that commitment.

So, I would like by next month to be able to see what your Commissioner will have to say with respect to this. I thank you for letting me know beforehand what you were going to say. I sincerely appreciate that because there weren't any surprises. I just ask that we can continue in that relationship in the future.

ASST. COMMISSIONER BLEKICKI: Thank you very much.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: Are there any questions from the Committee members?

ASSEMBLYWOMAN DONOVAN: Not at this point, Mr. Chairman.

ASSEMBLYMAN GARGIULO: I have a question. Commissioner, your statement seemed to indicate that you are reluctant to commit the business community to paying any share of the cleanup--

ASST. COMMISSIONER BLEKICKI: No.

ASSEMBLYMAN GARGIULO: One second. And yet, it seems to me that they are probably the people who are most responsible for the problem. I know you're saying that you

would be willing to pay for it if New York had to pay their share and Pennsylvania had to pay their share, but we're in New Jersey and we're the New Jersey Legislature. We need suggestions that are going to deal with the relatively small State that we have in New Jersey, what we can do, and what position business -- or I should say the Department of Commerce -- will take in terms of our business community pitching in to help in the cleanup. It is a serious problem.

ASST. COMMISSIONER BLEKICKI: What I was suggesting was, certainly we recognize the problems in the environment which, for the most part, were created by certain businesses within the State. Therefore, it should be a major responsibility of the business community to deal with the problems that they were so instrumental in creating. It is really the mechanism of funding that concerns us, in that we want to make sure that whichever method we utilize, it does not have undesirable side effects which will cause us to revert to the situation we had during the '70s. It was mentioned by the Chairman that there was a need to impose a surtax -- surcharge -- on the unemployment fund in order to pay for the great debt we incurred with the Federal government in paying unemployment benefits to all of the unemployed in the State of New Jersey.

One of the reasons why we have been so successful in dealing with that problem during the last two or three years is because we have, in fact, created 400,000 new jobs, and those people are paying into that fund, as well as the surtax -- as well as an additional surtax being charged.

The only point really being made is, we should recognize that whatever we do may have some negative side effects. We should develop a package which minimizes those negative side effects and yet deals effectively with the issue of cleaning up the environment. So, it's not that we don't recognize our responsibilities and obligations. It is simply that we must look at the whole realm of factors and the impact

on society to make sure we are not going to take from Peter to pay Paul, that there is a net gain to the State of New Jersey and all of its citizens.

We are very, very concerned, to be quite frank about it, that the continued high unemployment rates in certain cities will not be brought down significantly if, in fact, we send a different signal out to the business community than we have been sending out for the last four or five years; that is, that New Jersey wants new business which will create new jobs for those cities.

I am deeply involved personally from a functional responsibility perspective in helping to create jobs in such cities as Newark, Jersey City, Kearny, Elizabeth, and on and on and on. So I speak from my own perspective, as well as the Department's perspective, in that this is a major concern of ours; that is, maintaining that employment growth, especially in the cities and in the manufacturing sector of our economy, where many of the city jobs were lost during the 1970s.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: Byron?

ASSEMBLYMAN BAER: Thank you. Just to pick up where you left off, Mr. Bleicki, I am a little bit puzzled at your focus on the towns, or cities I should say, that are benefiting from the urban enterprise zones, because given the focus on the competitive aspect of business, and given the enormous economic power of the advantages that go to the urban enterprise zones as a result of the legislation that has been adopted, I would think that they would enjoy a very strong competitive advantage, economically speaking, over other regions and other states, regardless of what is decided here.

I realize that this hearing is held in a city and the people who are present are concerned with that, but I wonder whether your real concern is focused on the communities that have the urban enterprise zones, in view of the fact that they will enjoy competitive advantage nonetheless. Isn't the concern really with the other areas?

ASST. COMMISSIONER BLEKICKI: Well, of course, our concern is with all of the urban aid communities, not just those cities which have urban enterprise zones. However, it's perhaps fortuitous that this Committee is holding this hearing in Kearny because Kearny is the one city of the 11 that have these zones which relies primarily on attracting businesses from outside of its boundaries for its program. In the other cities, there is a significant growth in jobs and in investment by the businesses already located there. However, in Kearny, the zone encompasses most of South Kearny which, for the most part, consists of vacant land or, let's say, property in which there is high unemployment, the Western Electric property, for example. It is critical for Kearny, as an example, to bring business into that area because there are not that many businesses there that can grow.

So, the key reason why the Urban Enterprise Zone Authority approved Kearny was because it could have such a tremendous job creation impact by bringing business from elsewhere, not in New Jersey, but from elsewhere in the nation, or in the world, into that area, which would create jobs not only in Kearny, but in Jersey City. The other tax benefits in the program we think of really do not have that much impact on job creation for the companies already in Kearny.

I am just using that as an example, but you are quite correct in saying that cities such as Paterson, Passaic, and the other cities which don't have the Urban Enterprise Zone Program have as great, if not a greater, need for a competitive advantage in attracting jobs.

ASSEMBLYMAN BAER: I have some other questions. I gather from your testimony that you don't question the legitimacy of the need for these expenditures to perform these cleanups. There is no doubt in your mind about that, and you don't question the legitimacy of the figures that have come from DEP as to how very expensive this remedial work will be.

ASST. COMMISSIONER BLEKICKI: We have no reason to disagree with the Department of Environmental Protection or this Committee on the need and the dollars involved.

ASSEMBLYMAN BAER: Right. Now, I, too, noticed that article in the paper yesterday, and it certainly was interesting. I appreciate that at this point you are not saying, "No, no, no." You're maybe telling the Committee, "Maybe, maybe, maybe." But what I would like to ask is, up until yesterday when that article appeared, inasmuch as this legislation under the sponsorship of Senator Dalton and Assemblyman Bennett has been in the Legislature for about a year, and inasmuch as you are committed to some form of action that will correct this-- What was your thinking prior to yesterday as to the best way for us to meet this gap -- this particular gap we are referring to is a \$250 million gap -- if we were not to adopt this?

ASST. COMMISSIONER BLEKICKI: We are only dealing with A-2700, which would generate approximately \$50 million a year.

ASSEMBLYMAN BAER: Fifty million dollars a year for five years.

ASST. COMMISSIONER BLEKICKI: That's right.

ASSEMBLYMAN BAER: Okay.

ASST. COMMISSIONER BLEKICKI: We were aware of the potential impact of the Federal action to revise the tax structure, so we had considered that as a potential source of funding. Again, I think it was fortuitous that Mr. Baldwin was interviewed and quoted yesterday in the paper just prior to this Committee's hearing. But, certainly, we were looking at that source as a possible source long before that article appeared yesterday.

Again, I think this is an issue which the Treasurer certainly should be deeply involved in, since she knows all of the sources and the potential uses for funds.

ASSEMBLYMAN BAER: I am just talking about your Department. So, this is something that you have been looking at then for a long time, and pretty much anticipating?

ASST. COMMISSIONER BLEKICKI: We have been aware that that was a potential. Correct.

ASSEMBLYMAN BAER: Well, if that is the case, why is the Department, after all this period of time, unprepared to make a firmer commitment to this? Time is running out for us. We are going to have to act very soon. You accept the legitimacy of the expenditures. I assume-- Well, let me just put it at that for the moment. How is it that the Department hasn't taken a clearer position on this?

ASST. COMMISSIONER BLEKICKI: First of all, until yesterday, we did not know the magnitude of the impact of the Federal tax changes on the corporate business taxes.

ASSEMBLYMAN BAER: Well, it still isn't known. It is somewhere between fifty and a hundred. For all we know, by the time the Conference Committee gets finished acting, it could be considerably less, too. Who knows what they are going to do, except it appears that something like this-- One could certainly be committed to the principle even without not knowing the amount, or one could be committed to the principle up to a given amount of funds, assuming that that amount of funds was available.

ASST. COMMISSIONER BLEKICKI: Well, if the impact had been of the magnitude of \$5 million or \$10 million, then it really wouldn't have been a solution to the problem. Therefore, it would be inappropriate for the Department to support a promotion which would not, in fact, solve the problem.

ASSEMBLYMAN BAER: Does that mean that the Department is supportive conditional upon the funds being of the magnitude which is presently expected, which would be sufficient to handle this -- that if the funds are of that magnitude, in that ball park, the Department will, in fact, support this?

ASST. COMMISSIONER BLEKICKI: As I indicated to the Chairman, I would like to review that with the Commissioner prior to making that sort of a commitment, if we, in fact, can make that commitment. I would like to have the Commissioner's approval before making any such public statement.

I have been away for several weeks on vacation; therefore, I have not been that much in touch with the Commissioner during the last month, to be honest with you. The summer months are difficult in that sense.

ASSEMBLYMAN BAER: Well, at this point, based on your prior discussions with the Department, and your own feeling, are you optimistic or pessimistic? How do you feel about it?

ASST. COMMISSIONER BLEKICKI: I'm hopeful; I'm hopeful.

ASSEMBLYMAN BAER: Let me ask you a couple of other questions. You recognize, of course, that the problem we have in this State is relative to the size of the State and its financial resources, and is far larger than similar types of problems that any other state faces. You recognize that, don't you? We have more sites. We are a relatively small State where the dangers of pollution of the environment affect generally -- because of dense population -- far more people. Corrective action is difficult because of the price structure of things in this State which is relatively high. The total picture is such that relative to our modest resources, what we have to undertake here is far more costly to us relative to our financial capabilities than any other state.

ASST. COMMISSIONER BLEKICKI: That is very likely true.

ASSEMBLYMAN BAER: Okay. Let me ask you then whether any of your reservations about this might be related to what any other states might do, the states which you would regard as competitive to New Jersey -- what they would do with this money? In other words, I assume from your inferences, although you haven't said so, that just because another state is considering reducing their tax rate because of this money,

would not cause you to look less favorably on this or to oppose it, because no other state has a problem of this magnitude that they have to address. We have to address it.

ASST. COMMISSIONER BLEKICKI: We have not considered what any other state might do with the increased income that would come through a restructuring of the Federal tax system. Our only position was that there is legislation currently before the Legislature in Pennsylvania, and proposed in New York, which would reduce their rates below New Jersey's. Currently, we have the lowest rate of the three states. We understand that their rationale for proposing the lower rate is to stop the job drain from their states to New Jersey and to be more competitive in the job market.

So, they recognize the impact of tax rate on job creation. I just bring the point home here that, in fact, it does have a significant impact. Whatever methodology the State utilizes to fund the cleanup of the environment should attempt to minimize any negative side effects, such as putting us at a disadvantage in the job creation competition.

So, we did not consider at all what any other state might do with their increased revenues from the restructuring of the Federal tax system.

ASSEMBLYMAN BAER: Okay, because I listened very carefully to the way you phrased your testimony, and I was a little bit concerned about that. But I am reassured from what you say about the exclusion of that from consideration because, one way or the other, we are going to have to face up to this.

Can we be confident then that when you come back to us at the following hearing, one way or the other you will come back to us with a definite proposal that the Department supports as to how to raise this \$250 million over the next five years? I recognize your reservations about committing yourself fully at this point to this idea that you have suggested. But, can we be confident that there will be some

specific proposal that you will be supportive of for raising this money, in addition, of course, to the other moneys which are being raised, over which there is no controversy in our discussion at this point?

ASST. COMMISSIONER BLEKICKI: It is difficult for me to make that positive commitment because, again, I have to discuss this issue with the Commissioner. He has the final say, of course, as far as the Department's position is concerned. Since the Department has not yet taken a position as to an alternative funding source, it would be improper for me to make a public commitment that, in fact, yes, the Department will, by a certain deadline, have such a plan to bring to the Committee's attention.

All I propose is that we will review it with the Commissioner during the next month -- or before the next hearing date -- and I am hopeful we will be able to come back with a positive response.

ASSEMBLYMAN BAER: But you can't rule out the possibility that you might come back to us and say, "We still recognize that the need for this money is legitimate. It is very much in the public interest. We cannot support this critical part of the package for raising the funds, but we do not have another alternative which we support"? You can't rule out--

ASST. COMMISSIONER BLEKICKI: That's a possibility, yes, sir.

ASSEMBLYMAN BAER: All right. Are you aware that the Commissioner of the Department of Environmental Protection has, in the last few days, come out and fully supported all parts of this financing package? That was announced publicly at the Regional Meeting of the National Conference of State Legislatures in this State in Parsippany just a few days ago.

ASST. COMMISSIONER BLEKICKI: Yes, I was informed of that commitment.

ASSEMBLYMAN BAER: Okay. One of the problems that this Committee finds itself in is that we find one commissioner in support of the package, and another department and commissioner not in support, at least of the whole package. There is a critical and huge portion of it that is not supported, and we do not even have the assurance that there will be some sort of definite alternative proposed. That, therefore, brings to my mind when you say that the decision has to be made at the top, that there is a desperate need for coordination by our Governor.

Has this matter been brought to the Governor by your Department, do you know?

ASST. COMMISSIONER BLEKICKI: Well, certainly we have been in contact with the Counsel -- the Governor's Counsel -- on this issue. As you well recognize, each department has its own separate responsibilities and obligations, and they are not always in consort with one another. It is not unusual for one department to support a bill and for another department to oppose a bill because they have different responsibilities. That does not mean that there is not a concern at the Governor's level for that issue, for all of the issues that revolve around a particular bill, both the positive, as well as the negative side effects that may occur.

I can assure you that, yes, we have been in contact with the Governor's Counsel's office and that they are aware of our position, as well as, of course, DEP's position. It is not a simple problem; it is a complex issue because we are dealing with a lot of different very important matters affecting the well-being of the State.

So, yes, I can assure you that the Counsel's office is reviewing and weighing the pros and cons of these bills.

ASSEMBLYMAN BAER: Well, it seems to me that you can't have a ship heading toward shoals with the first mate telling the helmsman to steer right, and the engineer saying, "Steer

left" -- maybe I should say port and starboard -- and very long expect the ship to stay in business. It seems to me that it's very common, on relatively minor issues, for different points of view to remain unresolved until a measure reaches the Governor's desk.

But, it also seems to me that this issue is of such importance, and time so pressing, that it is important that coordination occur at a far earlier stage. You have even brought in, in your testimony in answer to one of these questions, the possibility that the Treasurer might have still other views and concerns to bring to bear on this matter.

So, would you agree, in any case, since this is a measure which is important both to the concerns of your Department in terms of the economy, and to the Commissioner of Environmental Protection because of its profound effect on our environment, that this coordination should be achieved at a very early stage?

ASST. COMMISSIONER BLEKICKI: Well, I think there certainly should be discussion and review at early stages within any legislation. I also recognize the possibility that departments may disagree on both minor and major bills to the point where the bill is approved by both houses and is now before the Governor, and the Governor makes his final determination. So, I agree with you that, in fact, yes, there should be some communication and coordination. But I also recognize the fact that we cannot always be in unison as a bill goes through the Legislature, and that many times a bill of importance will finally be resolved administratively when it is on the Governor's desk. It is rightly so, I think.

ASSEMBLYMAN BAER: Well, will you pass on to your Commissioner-- At least, would you pass on to your Commissioner the request that he consult with the other commissioners and the Governor's office so as to achieve a coordinated position, in order for this Committee to know, by

its next hearing, what the thinking of the Administration is on this, so we can reduce the risk of action which will be futile, which will have to be repeated, and which might even cause us to pass bonding measures, submission deadlines, and things of that sort?

ASST. COMMISSIONER BLEKICKI: I will convey that request.

ASSEMBLYMAN BAER: Thank you very much.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: Thank you, Byron. Just one real quick note because I want to move on and let this actually be a public hearing. I don't want you to think that I am being supercritical, so I will try to ask the question nicely.

I have been reading what you submitted to us on the Grant-Thornton Report. I understand the correlation between the tax climate and the ability to attract jobs; I understand that. But what I am concerned with is, it would appear that while the list has unlisted taxes as a government-controlled factor on the management business climate, that when you actually get into the reading of the report, at least the way I read it, it appears that the number one issue isn't A-1, but appears to be the personal income tax. I do not see anything about a corporate tax listed anywhere. In fact, it talks about the amount of taxes specifically on every \$1,000 of personal income.

ASST. COMMISSIONER BLEKICKI: It's a relative measure. They are talking about the amount of business tax per a thousand dollars of personal tax. So, it's a relative measure.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: I mean, because if increasing the corporate tax one-half percent would have even one-half the impact that increasing the personal income tax did on the business climate of this State, then I think we should probably increase it yesterday, because increasing the personal income tax certainly-- I mean, there certainly was a significant

increase, and certainly nothing was held back. I only point out when you read the list that it deals with that, and doesn't talk about the other.

ASST. COMMISSIONER BLEKICKI: Well, it compares one to the other. It's a relative measure of how much of the tax burden is picked up by the corporations versus the individual. That is the way the measure is structured. I think that is what it is reporting, rather than simply measuring the total amount of personal income tax.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: Okay. It really doesn't say that, but perhaps--

I look forward to getting answers to the questions which were asked at our next hearing in August. I appreciate your appearance here today.

I would like to introduce someone who, of course, needs no introduction in this room. I would like to thank, as I did previously, the Mayor of this municipality for the utilization of this room by the Committee. I would like to give him the opportunity, if he would like, to say a few words. It is indeed a pleasure, Mayor, to be here in your town today, and I thank you for having us. Mayor Henry Hill of Kearny. (applause)

M A Y O R H E N R Y J. H I L L (speaking from audience; not near microphone): Thank you very much. This is certainly a different posture. I see so many people talking at me during our meetings. It is an honor to welcome you and to host so many people from the State. I listened to the gentleman from the Department of Commerce. He just told me he wanted to see me after the hearing. I hope he has some money for me. (Mayor Hill spoke about some of their problems in Kearny, but much of what he said is indiscernible to transcriber since he was not speaking into a microphone.)

I was very pleased to hear all of your indepth questions. I was also very pleased to hear Assemblyman Baer

try to get an exact commitment from the Department of Commerce in so many different ways, even though he received more of the same answers.

But, thank you for the opportunity and, again, thank you for selecting Kearny as the site for your hearing. Thank you very much.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: Thank you very much, Mayor. Mr. Richard Salkie, Director of the Division of Hazardous Site Mitigation, Department of Environment Protection, is present today. He is not here to testify. Dick, I don't really mean to put you on the spot, but with respect to what the Mayor just stated, do you have any up-to-date information that might be helpful to him with respect to the two sites he mentioned? As long as you're here, I don't want to miss an opportunity.

R I C H A R D S A L K I E (speaking from audience; not near microphone): No, I don't have any exact information. We have shown some progress. We have taken away a vast majority of all the materials. It is very difficult to discuss (indiscernible) I am even hesitant at this point in time to give you a projection of when it will be done because (indiscernible) In terms of the other site, they are starting an investigation there. I think the reports you are referring to would be more on the order of sampling excercises. (Transcriber unable to hear remainder of Mr. Salkie's remarks since he was not speaking into a microphone.)

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: Okay. Would it be fair that in the event that the Mayor or the governing body ends up with any specific questions-- I know that with the revamping it is sometimes hard for the local officials to know exactly who they are supposed to contact. Are you the individual whose office they should contact for ongoing information?

MR. SALKIE: Yes. The phone number is (609) 984-2902.

ASSEMBLYMAN BAER: Mr. Salkie, just one thing. I don't want--

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: Mr. Salkie, could you come up to this microphone because our recording is not picking up your voice from where you are.

ASSEMBLYMAN BAER: There are a number of items of statistical information I want to get, but I think in view of the fact that there are so many witnesses waiting to be heard, I would just ask if you would be willing to meet with me at the next break so I can give you those requests. I really just want to know if you would be able to provide statistical information and maybe give me a breakdown of some of this work that would go beyond the material we have here now?

MR. SALKIE: Yeah. Certainly I would be happy to. I have also brought along some handouts. I don't know if it is new information. In fact, although I was prepared to address this group, I don't think it is necessary because your Chairman gave a very accurate prediction of the picture as it stands.

ASSEMBLYMAN BAER: Very good. Well, I don't want to take any more time now, but we'll meet and I will indicate what I would like.

MR. SALKIE: Fine. I will be happy to meet with you, sir.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: Thank you very much. The next witness I will call on did not get an opportunity to address the Committee at the last hearing because we ran out of time. She certainly is no stranger to testifying before this Committee. It is my understanding that she has brought some specific expert people today to offer some further expansion with respect to the testimony. I would like to call on the representative of the New Jersey Chemical Industry Council, Peggy Ballman, to come forward. She will bring with her Mr. Dan Corritore, who is Plant Manager of FMC Corporation. Peggy, we will start with you, and then Dan can take it from there.

P E G G Y B A L L M A N: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. Members of the Committee, I am Peggy Ballman, Assistant Director of the

Chemical Industry Council of New Jersey. The Council represents some 90 chemical and aligned product manufacturers with facilities throughout the State.

With me today is Mr. Dan Corritore. As Chairman Bennett mentioned, he is the Plant Manager of FMC Corporation's Carteret Plant. We would both like to thank you for the opportunity to be here today and to provide input on this very important issue.

The financing for the cleanup of abandoned hazardous waste sites is an issue of great importance to the chemical industry, not only to the 95,000 chemical employees who live as well as work in New Jersey, but also to the industry as a whole, an industry that has been unfairly and inaccurately labeled as the sole contributor to the abandoned hazardous waste site problem.

I know the members of the Committee have heard testimony previously about the need to broaden the base of the tax program so that it more accurately reflects the scope of contribution to the problem. I can only reiterate that here today. We also suggest that the Committee members, at their leisure, review a list -- which we will hand out at the end of the testimony -- of some 6,000 businesses which EPA has identified as potentially responsible parties. These are companies whose waste has been found at abandoned sites across the country and in New Jersey. There is also an additional breakdown of two sites in New Jersey, one is Kin-Buc Landfill in Middlesex County, and the Lone Pine Landfill in Freehold. Again, potentially responsible parties are identified.

I think these two lists will clearly demonstrate that the contribution to the problem goes well beyond the petrochemical industry. In fact, there are some 30 industries -- among them textiles, automobiles, aerospace, food processing, computers, and electronics -- which have contributed to the problem, yet cleanup funding programs at

both the State and the Federal levels, to date, have relied solely on taxes from the chemical and petroleum industries only.

The Chemical Industry Council also sincerely appreciates the recognition of the Legislature for the need to broaden the base of the tax, and certainly Chairman Bennett has demonstrated this by supporting and sponsoring A-2700, which is the increase in the corporate business tax. The Chemical Industry Council supports this bill, somewhat ironically, because it does add another tax which our members will pay in addition to the spill tax, in addition to the tax we pay to the Superfund, and in addition to the private property settlements.

However, we feel that this tax would meet the goal of broadening the base and bring in those companies that have been part of the problem but have never yet paid a penny. We are also encouraged that New Jersey may receive a windfall from the changes in the tax laws of some \$40 to \$60, possibly \$100 million a year. Were that information to be confirmed, we would strongly encourage the Legislature to dedicate that money toward the hazardous waste cleanup, rather than increasing the corporate business tax. Either way, the goal of broadening the tax would be met, and those companies that have never paid will begin to pay.

Another proposal before you today is to double the spill tax. As was mentioned, the spill tax now raises \$7 million from the chemical side and \$7 million from the oil side, a total of approximately \$15 million. Under the new proposed doubling, it would increase to \$30 million, again half from chemical and half from oil.

The Chemical Industry Council strongly opposes this increase, a doubling of the spill tax, for two reasons: We believe that the existing tax structure under the Spill Fund is very inequitable, and by doubling that tax you are going to double the inequity. Also, the tax places our chemical companies at severe competitive disadvantage among their competitors.

The DEP manifest system tells us that there are some 1,500 companies in New Jersey that generate hazardous waste, and yet Treasury also tells us that less than 200 companies now pay into the spill tax on the chemical side. I think this clearly indicates that there are some companies that the tax is not reaching.

There are two things that trigger the spill tax in New Jersey on the chemical side. One is that a company use any of the 400 or 500 substances that are taxed under the Spill Fund, and second, that they have a storage capacity of 50,000 gallons or more. Obviously, there are some companies out there that may use hazardous substances and may generate waste, but because they don't have a storage capacity of 50,000 gallons or more, they are not paying the tax.

In addition, the tax structure leaves some chemical companies that generate very little hazardous waste paying grievously high amounts of the tax. A B. F. Goodrich plant in Pedricktown, New Jersey, now pays a half a million dollars in Spill Fund taxes out of the total \$7 million program per year. Under the proposed doubling, that one plant would pay \$1.1 million a year in Spill Fund taxes out of the proposed \$50 million program.

B. F. Goodrich generates very little hazardous waste, and that company has never been found to be a potentially responsible party at any site in New Jersey. I think that given this, the Committee would agree that in this situation that company is paying an outrageously high amount in Spill Fund taxes.

To correct some of these inequities, the Council has proposed two things: First, we would like to see the storage capacity which triggers the Spill Fund on the chemical side lowered. Right now it is 50,000 gallons, as I mentioned. We would like to see it brought down to 5,000 gallons, or 3,000 gallons, if warranted. Also, we would like to see the number

of substances taxed under the Spill Fund increased. We believe that by doing those two things you could raise the \$50 million on the chemical side without doubling the spill tax.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: From 50,000 gallons to 5,000 or 3,000?

MS. BALLMAN: To five or lower.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: And how much do you think that would raise?

MS. BALLMAN: Well, we're hoping it would be able to raise \$50 million. I know, Assemblyman Bennett, that you are somewhat aware of this proposal. It has been discussed before Senator Dalton's Energy and Environment Committee. I would like the Committee members to know that our representatives are working diligently with DEP to get the data that we hope will prove the assumption that \$50 million can be raised in that manner.

Senator Dalton has publicly stated that should our assumption prove true, he will consider not doubling the spill tax. This is basically what we are asking this Committee, that they explore other alternatives to doubling the spill tax..

I would also ask the Committee members-- I know that in the next few months you will be hearing a lot of estimates about -- a lot of figures raised in this discussion. But I would ask you to pay particular attention to some figures that Commissioner Dewling quoted at last week's meeting of the Council of State Governments. He said that out of the \$1.2 billion cleanup program the State will undertake over the next five years, one-third of that money will come from the Superfund, one-third will come from the private sector, and one-third will come from public moneys.

Out of the one-third that will come from the Superfund, the chemical industry and the petroleum industry are now paying 87.5%. Of the two versions now before Congress, they also rely heavily on taxes on the petrochemical industry.

So, out of that one-third, the petrochemical industry will pay the majority share. Commissioner Dewling said that out of the second one-third from the private sector-- It will be raised through DEP program fees, (indiscernible) cleanups, private party settlements, the Spill Fund, and other sources. So again, out of that second one-third from the private sector, the chemical industry will pay quite a large share.

I think that when you see that perspective in its entirety, the chemical industry-- First of all, the industry will be paying the majority share of that \$1.2 billion program, and the chemical industry will be paying quite a large share of that industry share. I think these figures are important to remember in light of some criticism that has been directed at the chemical industry for its opposition to doubling the spill tax. Some of the critics describe it as a mere \$15 million contribution toward the \$1.2 billion program. But again, when you look at that \$1.2 billion program in its entirety, you will see that \$15 million is just a part of the chemical industry's very large share of that program.

I hope the Committee will agree that by paying taxes into the Spill Fund, paying taxes into the Superfund, paying money to private party settlements, and also paying into the corporate business tax -- whether it comes from the dedication of the windfall or an increase in the corporate business tax -- that the industry is recognizing its contribution to the problem and that it is contributing its fair share to the tax program, if not more than its fair share.

Right now perhaps Mr. Corritore can explain how the Spill Fund affects his plant and his employees, and how the doubling of that would affect them.

D A N C O R R I T O R E: FMC is headquartered in Chicago. We also have several facilities here in New Jersey, the largest being our R&D laboratories on Route 1 in Princeton and the chemical plant that I manage in Carteret.

We share your concerns for the need to clean up our State. We live here; we work here; and, our families live here, too. To that end, we agree that the business tax should be increased a half a percent because it is broad-based, and we agree to all broad-based taxes.

But, as Ms. Ballman stated, we are one of the 200 from the chemical industry who are presently paying the \$6 million or \$7 million into the spill tax. If, in fact, the spill tax is doubled to 1.6%, our plant will be paying approximately \$2,000 per employee per year into the spill tax, when there are 13 or 14 other industries which can potentially create hazardous waste not sharing in that cost.

What does it mean to a plant like ours? We have approximately 200 people. We make chemicals that go into food stuffs and detergents that are not hazardous at all. It means that we are definitely less able to compete with the foreign people who are selling right here in New Jersey. As a matter of fact, in 1985, our plant reduced 32 people, in part because of foreign competition. The \$2,000 per employee per year, or approximately \$400,000 we would pay every year if it were doubled, would mean that we would be less competitive with the domestic producers and, low and behold, we would even be less competitive with our sister plants, plants owned by FMC that are located in Kansas, Wyoming, and California, which do the same thing as we do, but which do not have to pay the spill tax.

Now, it means that when they do the sourcing at the beginning of the year, and they say how many pounds of products are going to be made in the various FMC plants, we will get fewer of those pounds because we have this large chunk off the top.

So I guess we find the spill tax, as it is presently administered, too narrow in the way we do it, and restrictive to too few people. The spill tax, in itself, is a good idea. We do think it is a good source of income for the State, but we

agree with the CIC that it should be broadened to more people so we can keep the tax at a lower rate.

We also find inequity in the fact that we are not paying the spill tax on hazardous waste but, in fact, we are paying the spill tax on feed stock. The materials we buy to make our products are being taxed at the eight-tenths of a percent now and, in fact, those products have nothing to do with the material we sell. Ninety-nine and a half percent of all the feed stocks we use go out the door as usable, safe, and, in many cases, edible products. The colas we will all drink when this is over contain phosphoric acid, probably from our plant. The very small amount that we put out the door as a hazardous waste is not being taxed. There is an inequity there, we feel, in that it was being taxed in the amount it was being taxed.

So again, FMC does support the need to increase the tax rates. It does support the broad-based taxes, like the increase in the business tax, the bond issues, and could, in fact, support the spill tax if it were spread out and more equitable within the State.

Thank you.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: Thank you. Peggy, as you know-- Will you please distribute your materials now because maybe there will be some questions? As you know, I think there is a commitment that what we are looking towards is not locked into stone with the doubling of the Spill Fund. However, what we are trying to do is generate the dollars. There is kind of a consensus amongst everyone you speak with that broadening the base is not something that is objectionable; it is the mechanics of how to do that which is so extremely difficult.

What I would like to do is try now to set forth certain parameters. As you are aware, we will be meeting again at the end of next month. The clock continues to tick as we attempt to move towards a resolution as to putting in place a

package which will be the most viable package that this Committee is able to deal with, and one that, hopefully, will be able to find the support across the State to see it move ahead.

As far as the specifics are concerned, I will continue to attempt to help you in gathering the data necessary, but I think we have to move towards coming up with specifics as to how we can expand. Obviously, saying we can go from 50,000 to 10,000, or 50,000 to 5,000-- What that impact means monetarily is not easy to find out, but we are going to have to, to see what we are talking about in real dollars. Hopefully in the next month we will be able to deal with that, so that as we move toward the fall and into the fall we can have some very real proposals, instead of talking in the abstract.

I think the bottom line commitment is that we are looking to raise that \$12 million to \$15 million additional. If we can expand the base and collect the moneys, then I think the sponsors will be satisfied that what we are setting forth is going to be accomplished. But, we have to stop talking about it, and actually start to get into some definitive ideas about what the dollars generate.

I am concerned with the Goodrich type of problem where you have-- Again, there is a company where their end product, basically, is not the waste either, and they are paying the highest that we are aware of, since everything is so confidential as to who pays what. In fact, you can't even find out if someone is even paying. But, doubling upon someone such as them is truly an inequitable solution, and perhaps we have to look toward a maximum or a capping on any one individual company that doesn't have an end product that is produced of waste. I am not sure of that, but I think we have to look toward definite language. Let's put it on the table and see where we can go with it.

MS. BALLMAN: I agree, Mr. Chairman, that we have to go beyond talking concept. That is why B. F. Goodrich representatives, and other people, have been acting on a daily basis getting those figures and getting that data to prove our assumption.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: Okay, good. So, you think it is realistic that by the next meeting -- which is August 25 or so -- that we--

MS. BALLMAN: I think we will have a better picture at that time.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: Good. Questions?

ASSEMBLYWOMAN DONOVAN: Mr. Chairman?

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: I'm sorry, Assemblywoman. I introduced each person as they came in. Assemblywoman Donovan from the neighboring area has joined us. We are very happy to have Kathy Donovan as a member of this Committee, also.

ASSEMBLYWOMAN DONOVAN: Thank you very much, Mr. Chairman. As the Chairman just said, I am from Lyndhurst, so coming to Kearny is sort of like just down the block to me. It is nice to be back in Kearny.

When we talk about reducing it from 50,000 down to a 5,000 gallon capacity, have you any idea, aside from specific companies, how many companies would be affected, or is that the research you are still doing?

MS. BALLMAN: That is the type of information we are trying to obtain right now in order to come up with hard facts. There are an awful lot of small and medium-sized chemical companies and other facilities that use some of these substances out there, but a 50,000 gallon storage capacity is quite a large storage capacity. So, there are probably few that have that capacity, but many of them use those substances.

ASSEMBLYWOMAN DONOVAN: Okay. Did I also hear you correctly when you said that you wanted to increase the list of substances that would be included?

MS. BALLMAN: Yes.

ASSEMBLYWOMAN DONOVAN: Do you have specifics as to what substances you want to include?

MS. BALLMAN: Well, right now I believe the thing for this Committee to do is to add some substances to the list from the surplus Superfund list. We would ask that perhaps they could also add the list of substances now surveyed under the Right to Know Environmentally Hazardous Substance Survey. Again, that would bring in more substances and increase your potential taxpayer base. That would probably bring up the number of substances to about 1,200 or 1,500.

ASSEMBLYWOMAN DONOVAN: Are you working on a compilation of that, also?

MS. BALLMAN: Yes. We have been working with the DEP Right to Know Department in trying to get that information.

ASSEMBLYWOMAN DONOVAN: And there are no substances on that list that you feel ought to be deleted -- of those 1,500?

MS. BALLMAN: At this point, we have not made that determination.

ASSEMBLYWOMAN DONOVAN: Are you working on that?

MS. BALLMAN: If we find that there are some that should be deleted, yes, but at this point we are just looking to expand the base.

ASSEMBLYWOMAN DONOVAN: Thank you, and thank you, Mr. Chairman.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: Thank you. Frank?

ASSEMBLYMAN GARGIULO: I am very interested in just making a comment on their comments. I was unaware of the fact that the petrochemical industry supported so large an amount, percentage-wise, of the base. I think we should consider spreading that out. I think if there is a viable option, if someone can come up with something, that we should look at that.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: Well, the chemical industry is saying, "One of the viable options is A-2700," which is the

corporate tax increase which spreads it amongst all of them. We will accept that support.

MS. BALLMAN: Or, the windfall.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: Right. One way or the other, it works. I welcome the support of the one, and I share with you the concern that we are working collectively on attempting to find an equitable solution to meet the needs of the people of this State and, at the same time, not placing an unfair burden on any one particular segment of the business or industry.

It's a difficult balancing act to do, and we appreciate the problems you are having. We are hoping to be able to balance those competing interests so that the end result will be a fair and equitable one. We will just continue to work with you, knowing that the clock is ticking.

Assemblyman Baer?

ASSEMBLYMAN BAER: Two questions. One, with the 5,000 gallon limit, is it your intention to cover or not to cover firms that have 5,000 gallon tank trucks?

MS. BALLMAN: Are you talking specifically gasoline stations, or just any turnovers?

ASSEMBLYMAN BAER: I am interested in whether you are interested in covering the transportation industry.

MS. BALLMAN: I don't believe that tank trucks would be considered permanent storage facilities, although I am not sure, Assemblyman.

ASSEMBLYMAN BAER: That was my next question. Have you given thought about the situation? I am not asking you to discuss it now, but I am just suggesting -- and give your first answer -- have you given thought to the situation where someone puts a truck like that perhaps temporarily on blocks?

Now, the other thing I wanted to ask you about is in relation to expanding the spectrum of chemicals. In part of your process of reviewing this, is there included in this process any opportunity for those industries that would be

involved as a result of those chemicals to provide input? One of the things that concerns me is, when we get to this expanded list, may we then find that a lot of companies are finding out about their possible inclusion for the first time, and raise various arguments wanting to have an opportunity to-- Have there been arguments as to why those things should or should not be considered? I would think it would be helpful if this recommendation came to the Committee at a point where there had already been some degree of input, so that the time involved in the Committee's consideration from that point on would not have to be as great.

MS. BALLMAN: At this point, we haven't gotten any input from those industries because we are still determining which ones could be affected and which facilities, through the Right to Know survey information, could be affected. However, our position would remain the same, and any of those companies that are using the substances and generating the waste, as are our companies, which have been paying the tax, should begin paying that tax.

ASSEMBLYMAN BAER: Well, that is a general premise about which no one could argue. But, since it does involve a rather lengthy list of chemicals, I don't know whether there is likely to be some controversy over the legitimacy of some of the chemicals.

You have pointed out that under the present law there are some anomalous situations where companies that may be brought in may be very, very heavily hit, and maybe in some cases it is a marginal question in terms of their involvement. Although I realize anything this complex is always going to bring up some of those issues, it would just be helpful to have as much thought developed in advance as possible, that's all. Thank you.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: Thank you very much.

MS. BALLMAN: Thank you very much.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: Now, I am not certain what order to call on you. I am now going to call on the representatives from the Ironbound Community Corporation. Not knowing two of the names, but recognizing one, I will call on the President of the Kearny Environmental Committee of Concerned Citizens. She is not a stranger to this Committee. I believe the first time she testified, Senator Lesniak -- who was then an Assemblyman -- was Chairman, so that goes back several years. We will just let it go at that, but I was a member. I am happy again today to welcome Margaret Holloway to testify before this Committee.

M A R G A R E T H O L L O W A Y: I am very happy to be here. I am also very happy that our Assemblymen made sure that we had this hearing here because I think this is about the first time that we have had this happen in Kearny. I think that the public in Kearny, you know, is just a close-knit little family. We are so close-knit that we don't realize what is going on in Trenton, and who the people are who are working for us to protect our rights. So, this is a very good thing. I wish it would happen more often, and we thank you, Assemblyman Gargiulo and Assemblyman Catrillo for this, and we thank Senator Cowan for coming.

I am familiar with Assemblyman Baer because of the fact-- Remember the Meadowlands Commission and the garbage and the problem we had? And you were right there fighting for us. These are the things we are proud of, that we do have people in Trenton who care about the little people. And, we are very little people in Kearny. We are only 37,000 in population. We only have nine and a half square miles in this Town, and, as you know, we have three big mountains of garbage 140 feet high. We have 21 chemical destructive areas in Kearny, which were never really taken care of properly. I think now we are going to get to first base, where these companies will do what they are responsible to do.

I don't care whether it is an Assemblyman, a Senator, a mayor, a board of health, or whoever is in line to protect the community, they will be doing it to their utmost.

We have a gentleman sitting here who was our Mayor, and his picture is right up there, Mayor Cavalier. He was the one man who came forward and fought along with us against the mountains of garbage, fought with us against chemical waste and the destruction of our community. Thank God, he is still with DEP working his heart out for the people of New Jersey.

Now, we did pledge allegiance to the flag, and we did say "with liberty and justice for all," but let me tell you, in the Town of Kearny-- And, by the way also, we have an A number one Mayor now. Two A number one mayors, Mayor Cavalier and Mayor Henry Hill. Without these kinds of people, we would really be under the chemicals completely -- and the garbage. We pledged allegiance to the flag, with liberty and justice for all, but going to Trenton, as an old lady-- I'm 73 years old now, but God gives me the guts to fight. I don't have an educational background, college and what have you, but I have a background of the right to know to be protected.

I say to everyone, whether they are chemical engineers or companies which are making these chemicals, that the people who live where they have their businesses have the right to be protected. That is the first requisite. We are the people who live here. They say that the salaries are so good, that the company is so good, and what have you. I'll have you know that this is what people think, but this is not a fact. I think it is crucial that we investigate every company pertaining to chemicals, pertaining to any detail of waste that will destroy our environment, because we have a right -- a constitutional right -- to save our lives and save our environment. Every person has a right to clean air, pure water, protection against hazardous and solid wastes because the life we save will be our own.

We are depending on you people who are sitting in Trenton, who are working your hearts out. I still say I want to go back to Governor Kean, and I want to tell him that he's got to understand that, yes, we know companies pay their taxes, but we pay our little taxes to protect our rights and our communities, and we count as much as the big companies count. They come in and willfully, under the guise of, "Oh, but look at the taxes we pay," destroy one community after another. When I go out of State to Virginia, the beautiful State of Virginia where I lived for a lot of years, and see and smell the clean air, and then come back and hear companies say, "Oh, get in Keary. You can do any damned thing you want" -- and this is exactly their expression -- I think that is a drastic, disastrous condition.

If we didn't have people like you people sitting here who are really caring-- But, we've got to get the Governor to pay closer attention, and the mayors of communities, and our boards of health to pay attention to what kind of a company wants to come in. Scrutinize that company from A to Z, back to day one when they were developed, to find out what the destructive chemicals, or whatever it is they're producing, are doing to a community, so that we can say, "God bless New Jersey."

If we don't have people in Trenton doing as you people are doing, we can kiss New Jersey good-bye. As Mr. -- I don't know what his name was from the Chamber of Commerce -- said, "They say, 'But, we want to go where the people need the jobs.'" It's funny, because in our area they hire people who don't really speak good English, who don't really know the money problems or anything. And they say, "Look what we are going to do for you. You are going to work 80 hours a week and, boy, you are going to make a bundle of money." And, they are paid peanuts.

These people don't know that their environment must be protected; their health must be protected. My relatives lived in the Ironbound for quite a while. There were no people to fight for protection. We have the Ironbound Community Corporation now, and they are working their hearts out. We have the Hoboken area; we have the North Bergen area. We, the little people, are trying, but we need your help, your work with your heart and soul, to keep these dirty companies -- I call them dirty companies -- out of our municipalities. Do not let them come in to destroy us, not one breath of air or one drop of water.

Whatever you people do, whatever bills you put out, we want to be there to help. We want to be there so you will know we care for you people. Without you we would definitely be in a desperate situation because of destructive companies that come in. When they are through destroying, they leave you the hell to rot. We are not going to accept that. So, please, whatever bills you have that will protect us, if you need help from us, let us know. I know our Mayor will give us buses to go to Trenton, and many the time that someone drove me when I would not have been able to go. I bothered the hell maybe out of Mr. Cavalier, and Mr. Hughey. I am very upset over Mr. Hughey and Mr. DeBonis, who turned around and are now in business for themselves to help to put an incinerator in, or to help to put anything else in that might come into my community and destroy it. I am shocked at Hughey and I am shocked at DeBonis. We respect our environmental people, and we don't want them to turn around and go against us.

Whatever bills you people have, if we don't understand, I know you will explain them to us. I am not a college person, but I know what the environment and protection are. So, please let us know. Our wonderful Assemblymen and our Senator will let us know, and people like Mr. Cavalier of DEP who is from our area. Please, Mr. Dewling has got to tell

the truth, because he hasn't so far. When I went to him, two other people wanted to know who the person was who said, "Put the radon in Kearny on Frank Kearny property." He said he did not make that statement. I'll put my hand on a Bible that he did make that statement. We want that answer from him because the person who okayed it has caused a problem here. I feel sorry for the people, every one of them, where they have done this. We have to have an area where a company will definitely have an annex to their chemical company where they will hire the best chemists and scientists, and immediately a bill go through that they must immediately start working on breaking down every chemical component that they are manufacturing to a non-dangerous material.

This must be a law. It must go through immediately. We have asked for this five, six, or seven years, I think, haven't we Mr. Cohen? (addressed to gentleman accompanying her) We've asked for this, and it is always pushed aside. This must be done to protect the people of New Jersey. When a company is thrown out of another state, or another town, we want DEP to find out every single dot and dash as to why they were thrown out. They should not be pushed into another town.

As far as mixing radon soil with virgin soil and then pushing it into another town, and a third and a fourth town, this is not the way to go. It was done to Kearny. I feel sorry for the people in the Vernon area. God bless them, they had guts. They got out by the hundreds of thousands. This is what we have to do. But you people will have to make sure that this is not pushed from one county to another county to another county. If it happened there all those years ago, it should have been broken down there, and it should have been kept within their area until the scientists finally found a way to decompose that hazardous product.

I think that is all I have to say. I appreciate you people, and I appreciate the people in my town and the burden

that they pay for with their taxes. They get kicked in the teeth for it by chemical waste, solid waste, everything that you can think of. I think we have had enough. So, whatever you people can do for us is what we need, and we thank you all. But, don't do as Hughey did and DeBonis did, leave us flat and start a company to destroy us. We don't need it.

Thank you.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: Thank you very much. May you, for another 73 years, continue to keep those of us who serve the public on our toes to make sure that we don't get out of line. That is what is necessary, for the people of this State to make certain that they raise their voices in unison to see that we preserve a clean environment. Thank you for doing what you have been doing.

MS. HOLLOWAY: Thank you very much, all of you.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: Arnold Cohen.

A R N O L D C O H E N: My name is Arnold Cohen from the Ironbound Committee Against Toxic Waste in Newark, New Jersey. I want to thank you for allowing me to testify here today.

I think what we face in New Jersey is a crisis credibility. The citizens of New Jersey want to see the cleanup of toxic waste sites accomplished. They have expressed that in public opinion polls all around the State of New Jersey. We are in touch with grassroots environment groups such as ours that have come into being in different municipalities, and which are pushing for this kind of cleanup.

Yet, we have not seen this type of cleanup taking place in the State of New Jersey. There are over 500 toxic waste sites in New Jersey that threaten our drinking water, threaten the air we breathe, threaten the beaches where we swim.

The DEP says it will take \$3 billion over the next 10 to 15 years to clean up these sites. In Newark we have sites such as Otelio (phonetic spelling) Landfill and Arkansas Chemical, that the State has known about for five years, yet

they have not begun cleanup on them. They haven't even been assessed yet.

So, in any legislation you consider, I think one thing to take into consideration is that new sites will be discovered. Our assessment of the problem today is not accurate and we are probably going to find out that it is a lot worse than we think it is.

The other thing is, there has to be some kind of timetable so that the citizens of New Jersey actually see cleanup being done. One of the disappointing things is when folks pass a bond issue and then they do not see that money being spent. They do not see it accomplish the purpose they voted to have it accomplish.

Citizens across New Jersey in groups that we are familiar with, and our group, are saying that corporations have caused the problem, and corporations should be the ones that actually pay for the cleanup of the problem.

I think special note should be taken of Senator Cowan's testimony, where he pointed out how the net increase in taxes paid by individual taxpayers has gone up \$1.6 billion, while taxes on the business sector have decreased within the same period. The taxpayers are already suffering from having parts of their communities polluted, places which they cannot use. Why should we have to pay more?

I think it is wrong to have any part of this new bill come through the general revenues. I think you should look at things such as maybe tripling the Spill Fund; having a bond issue that is a special corporate bond issue, whereby the corporations are paying for the bond issue, not the taxpayers.

I also think you should look at making it easier to make sure that responsible parties pay for the mess they have created. In Newark, at 140 Thomas Street, we had a single corporation. Three years after they illegally brought toxic waste into the warehouse, a judge is finally assessing them for \$375 million in cleanup that the State has done.

Now, three years later, this corporation is ready to dissolve. It is a question whether anybody is going to be paying that money the State laid out. It should have been assessed immediately. Waiting should not take place. We saw the same thing with SEP, a plant on Wilson Avenue in Newark, where six or seven years later DEP came in with helicopters and assessed the firm for dumping toxic waste illegally. We finally got the responsible parties to pay for the site. In the meantime, those chemicals sat and they sat, and they endangered the population of our area. So, we need to move much quicker on getting the responsible parties to pay their share of what they caused.

Again, I just want to emphasize my appreciation for being able to speak here today. It was very interesting to hear the person from the chemical industry talk about how they had people speaking to DEP on a daily basis. Unfortunately, we, the citizens of New Jersey, are doing all of this on a volunteer basis, taking time from our jobs, taking time from our busy lives. We do not have the resources to have people speaking to DEP on a regular basis. We depend upon you, our legislators who represent us, to come out to our communities in ways like you are doing today. This is what we need.

Again, I just ask that you reject the moneys coming out of the general revenues. The citizens of New Jersey have paid enough already. We are suffering with our health. We are suffering with our lives. We should not have to pay again.

Thank you very much.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: June Kruszewski?

J U N E K R U S Z E W S K I: Hello. I am June Kruszewski from the Ironbound section of Newark. I have lived there all my life. I am now a senior citizen, and I devote most of volunteer time to going around my neighborhood trying to see what is going on and informing everybody possible when I see something wrong. I call everybody up and I check on

everything, and I am now one of the watchdogs of my neighborhood.

But, to get back to this bill you are referring to, I think that all of the corporations should be paying. I don't think one company should pay and not another. As far as Congressmen go, we have one in Newark who is doing everything for Newark, they tell us. And all they do is try to get tax abatements for the companies coming in. After the tax abatement is used up, these companies all of a sudden disappear.

Now, you talk about employment. These companies do not employ the people from the area. They bring the people in from out of town. You can check with Penn Station at night. If you are in Newark and go to Penn Station, you will know what I am talking about. All these companies-- They even have walkways now so they don't have to walk on our streets. They go from their company, through the walkway, into Penn Station, and leave at five o'clock. We are left with their problems, with their waste. They have security that we don't have. They are secure while they are working. We, the citizen residents, are not.

Now, when you talk about taxing people, we in the Ironbound-- I don't know if you are familiar with us or not. There are 50,000 of us, or more. A lot of us are property owners, and we are waiting to get another tax increase. There aren't enough people around to have the weight the companies have. I mean, they can get money from all different funds and things. They go to Trenton and they get funding, and they get assessments and everything, where the people who own their homes have to struggle. And any time there is an increase in the tax, their Social Security doesn't go up. These homes are old. We have homes over 130 years old.

Now we have another problem. Our streets are bad, too. The corporate company comes in and starts with a piece of ground. First of all, they get a blight area. I don't know if

you are familiar with the way they do this. They choose a piece of property, they go up to the City Council, they go to the engineers, and say, "We want this section blighted." And what happens when it is blighted? The taxes go down. So they buy the property, and then they go to Trenton for a tax abatement under the same property.

Then they build; they don't rehabilitate. They start from scratch because it is cheaper to build new. They build new, and after they build new, the people who they hire do not live in the City. They have all types of new equipment coming in, and so that they don't have to train people, they bring in computers. So, it takes less people to run these factories than it did in the old days when you had laborers.

Now, every time a new state-of-the-art building is mentioned in Newark, we check into it because, to us, the state of the art isn't for the people in our neighborhood. It's for big business which wants to make a fast buck.

Now, we have been living here all our lives. We like it and we want to stay here, but we want the big companies to work with us. Years ago, Newark was known for its breweries. We don't have them any more. They were good neighbors. If only we could have good neighbors like them, and have big companies that were willing to help pay for the money they are making in this corporate tax, I think it would be sensational, and I would like to see it enforced. Everyone should do their share. We the neighbors, we the residents, are already.

Thank you very much.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: We have with us today a representative from the New Jersey Petroleum Council, their Executive Director, James Benton.

J A M E S B E N T O N: Thank you, Mr. Chairman, members of the Committee. My name is James Benton. I am the Executive Director of the New Jersey Petroleum Council. We are a trade association representing the major oil companies doing business

in the State of New Jersey. I am privileged to be here in Kearny, and I hope to participate in your hearings around the State. I know many of our member companies are very anxious to offer to you the perspectives they have on hazardous waste -- the abandoned hazardous waste cleanup problem -- and the contributions they are making toward resolving the problem.

I think it is important, in light of the history of this statute -- the Spill Compensation and Control Act -- to just go back and briefly look at its creation and how it has evolved to the present state today. Very briefly, because many of you are familiar with it, the Spill Fund tax was originally conceived -- and I emphasize the word "tax" -- as a method of providing moneys to the State of New Jersey in the event of an oil spill that should occur off the coast of New Jersey by virtue of the exploration that was going on at that time in the Baltimore Canyon.

It is important to note that it was on that general assumption at the time that the tax was structured. In other words, the tax would fall most heavily on those firms -- those major oil companies -- that would do business in exploring off the New Jersey coast in the Baltimore Canyon. As a result, the tax was levied at one cent per barrel on facilities that had above 400,000 gallons of petroleum. It was on a one-time transfer -- as is the chemical tax -- into the State.

The industry has been paying into that Spill Fund since its inception in 1977 and, in fact, was the sole contributor to the Spill Fund -- what is now generically referred to as the Spill Fund -- for the first four years. The oil industry has contributed, as the number one paying industry into this Fund, approximately \$55 million of the \$88 million generated during the past decade, and remains today the primary taxpayer. I've got charts which we received from the Division of Taxation which show the statistical contributions from the petroleum industry under the petroleum tax and the hazardous

substances tax. I should note the petroleum industry also pays into these. Many of the petroleum companies in this State also use those substances which are defined under the statute as hazardous substances and, therefore, pay the additional fair market value tax.

It is important to note that during this time the tax escalator, which is included on the petroleum side, has never been escalated, while the hazardous substances tax has been escalated at least two times during its period of enactment. Yet, this Spill Fund tax bears no correlation to how the money has evolved into being used. As I said, originally it was used to mitigate an offshore oil spill, but it has since evolved into a fund that is used for abandoned site cleanup.

Thousands of companies in virtually every United States industry, plus, importantly, government, universities, and even religious institutions have contributed to the problems at abandoned waste sites. I have a sampling here of several New Jersey National Priority List sites. The list of responsible parties includes auto makers, telecommunication companies, packaging outfits, municipal governments, restaurant chains, major daily newspaper publishers, retail stores, and railroad companies. I think it is important because it underscores the broad nature of the abandoned site, again, abandoned site, cleanup.

It is also important to note that the oil industry in New Jersey could be taxed three times for the cleanup of these abandoned sites. For example, a major petroleum refinery, such as exists in New Jersey, could pay an additional amount, as indicated under the proposed tax in A-2698. Add that amount to the increase in the corporate business tax, which is proposed in A-2700, and, while I am not familiar, as perhaps you may be, with the list of those companies which pay the corporate business tax in significant amounts, I would presume that the oil industry ranks up or near the top of those lists of

companies that do pay the corporate business tax in New Jersey. Plus, the reauthorization of the Federal Superfund, which is presently proposed in one of the house versions, triples the petroleum industry contribution, just on the petroleum side. You could have a resulting single oil refinery tax three times for the abandoned site cleanup.

As I said earlier, it is important to note that the Superfund relies on petroleum revenue. There has been very recent activity, indeed it was mentioned in The Newark Star-Ledger over the weekend, concerning reauthorization of the Federal Superfund. As I said earlier, the House fiscal conferees on the Superfund proposal have put together a package which continue to rely very heavily on the increases from the petroleum industry feed stock tax. The State should take this into account when fashioning their program to rely on the State's share of abandoned site cleanup.

As I noted earlier, the present law does provide for a tax increase in the event that the petroleum industry was singled as the contributor to an abandoned site problem here in the State. The State should continue to rely on the present law for increases in that one-cent-per-barrel transfer tax, rather than, as the bill before you today does, in fact, escalate this rate up to eight cents per barrel, which has little or no justification, according to the present law experience.

I would also urge this Committee to, at a very early date, request preparation of a fiscal note, or an economic impact statement, which this Committee has the authority to do. It would provide a clear example of the concern of this Committee toward grounding this package in firm economic support, which is essential to fashioning an appropriate abandoned site cleanup.

At this time I would be happy to answer any questions. I know earlier the article that was referred to in

The Star-Ledger that talked about tax reform-- I brought copies in case anyone has not seen it. It is important to note, though, additionally, that as a result of a press conference held yesterday in response to an observation the Chairman made, the manufacturing community in New Jersey yesterday was singled out by the U.S. Department of Labor as not having responded to the economic rebound that the general business community in the State of New Jersey has enjoyed. The growth in New Jersey -- it is very important to note -- has come in the service and the sector of business, if you will, that is not in the manufacturing area, primarily service and corporate headquarters. The manufacturing community in the State of New Jersey has not responded. I believe the gentleman's name is Samuel Aaronholt (phonetic spelling), who is with the U.S. Department of Labor, who specifically cited the manufacturing community in New Jersey as not having responded, and, as a major member of the petroleum industry involved in manufacturing here in New Jersey, urges this Committee to carefully consider the negative economic impact that an increase in the per-barrel assessment on the petroleum industry would have in light of its responsible record, not only in terms of contributing through the present tax, but also in terms of participating in responsible party site cleanup, when they have, in fact, become a responsible party.

That concludes my comments. Again, I look forward to participating with you down the road in the other hearings you will be having. I would be happy to try to answer any questions you may have at this time. Thank you.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: Jim, let's get specific. I understand the feeling of the Petroleum Council with respect to the doubling of the Spill Fund. Is your alternative to doubling the Spill Fund-- I mean, we agree we have a problem that requires funding. We agree on that, right?

MR. BENTON: Yes.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: Okay. We have a cleanup problem in the State and we need dollars to fund the cleanup.

MR. BENTON: There is only one part, since you introduced that-- There is only one perspective I would like to offer on the entire focus. There are estimates, according to my reading from the Department of Environmental Protection, of a \$1.2 billion cleanup. Is that correct?

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: In my opinion, that would be a most conservative estimate.

MR. BENTON: Okay. But it is the estimate I've heard. If you would like to modify it, I would be happy to-- But, of that component -- let's just agree for a minute that it is \$1.2 -- you've got one-third coming from the Federal government, roughly; one-third coming from the State; and, one-third coming from responsible parties. It would be our contention that the responsible party portion of that, Mr. Chairman, has been underestimated dramatically, and that the potential for responsible party cleanups in this State is much higher than is presently being forecast. That is the only caveat, if you will, I would have in accepting that, and I wanted to make that clear.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: I can accept that as your position. My opinion has been that we have historically underestimated what the private parties are going to pay. I am hopeful that I am wrong and you are going to be right. I think as ECRA continues to be utilized we will-- Thirty-six million, I believe, was recently signed with respect to the RCA merger in this State. That is something that was very positive. We may see more, but as long as we continue with our insurance and our responsibility of joint and several the way it is now, I think we are going to continue to have a problem of companies coming forward and voluntarily contributing to do a portion of a cleanup, when they know that if they volunteer to do that they are going to be responsible -- conceivably -- for doing the whole cleanup.

So, until we change that focus of our law, I think, other than ECRA, we are not going to have private parties coming forward. That only happens when there is a transfer. That is just my own feeling.

MR. BENTON: I think it is important to underscore, though, that EPA has had a different track record in responsible party cleanups. I wrote the Senate Energy and Environment Committee detailing the success -- or the relative success; I won't categorize it as a complete success in those terms -- that EPA has had in bringing responsible parties to the table, generating committees, and getting cleanup under way, as opposed to the track record of our State DEP. There were very specific examples of the disparity, which I would be happy to share with this Committee. To date, I have not received a response from the Senate Energy and Environment Committee concerning this disparity. It is something the industry would support in strengthening the need of the State government to resolve the problems of bringing those identified responsible parties to the table and getting cleanup under way.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: You have sites in this State -- in this State, the State of New Jersey--

MR. BENTON: Sites in the State of New Jersey.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: -- that are EPA leads, but I haven't seen them bring anybody--

MR. BENTON: That are responsible parties which EPA has put together in forming site committees to get those site cleanups under way, yes.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: In this State?

MR. BENTON: In this State of New Jersey. I would be happy to share that. It has gone into the Senate Energy and Environment Committee, so I presume it must have been shared with the members of that team. As a matter of fact, I carbon copied the Committee staff, a gentleman by the name of Mark Connelly.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: I would be interested in seeing that. I mean, I know I have an EPA lead in my district with Lone Pine, and I haven't seen at Lone Pine that--

MR. BENTON: I believe one of the sites was in-- Well, I'd rather not say, but I thought it was up in Bergen County.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: Well, I would like to see that list.

MR. BENTON: There were several sites.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: I think if we are going to get \$500 million from the responsible parties in contributions over the next five years-- I think that is optimistic; you think it is pessimistic. Quite frankly, we are only going to find that out based on the history of the future.

But, as the present plan is designed, the Commissioner feels we will get as much as your \$468 million -- I believe -- from private parties', or responsible parties' contributions. Notwithstanding that, I think we agree that we need additional dollars raised in order to assure that the cleanup can continue in the State of New Jersey. I understand the concern on the Spill Fund, but I am asking you specifically, what alternatives do you have to raise additional dollars to see that the hazardous waste cleanup goes forward? If we don't move ahead on Spill Fund, what would your alternatives be?

MR. BENTON: Well, Mr. Chairman, I think you are also talking about -- let's talk about it in general terms -- the package you put forward before.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: Okay, fair enough.

MR. BENTON: I think our posture with regard to the corporate tax is, it is a more equitable, broad-based manner of raising money, which is appropriate for abandoned site cleanup. As the Committee has indicated, the number one priority ought to be the cleaning up of abandoned waste sites, and we are prepared to support that as a more equitable revenue-raising method than we presently have in place.

I would also say it is very clear there is a great degree of caution needed because we are entering-- What all of you have in your minds is clearly a state of flux with regard to our Federal system. You saw the article; it has been discussed. I don't need to add my perspective, although I would also add that I think your time schedule appears to be right because if, as has been forecast -- and how often have we been disappointed in Federal government activity forecasts-- It does appear that tax reform is going to be resolved in the very near future, according to best estimates. That would place this Committee in a position to analyze those results, and to call the Director of the Division of Taxation before you to get a firmer fix on exactly what this revenue picture looks like. To that extent, we would be willing to support it.

I think it is important, as indicated earlier by the Department of Commerce, that the State of New Jersey retain its competitive advantage insofar as the corporate business tax is concerned. It is a fundamental underpinning of our State's growth, but I also think it is an area, that in terms of equity, deserves the most careful scrutiny of this Committee in terms of support.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: Okay, fair enough. I didn't realize that you were supportive in that area. So really, the only caveat you are raising is with respect to the Spill Fund bill.

MR. BENTON: The Spill Fund bill is our primary focus; it has been since we have been paying into the Fund, since 1977, to mitigate against the potential damage for an offshore oil spill in the Baltimore Canyon as a result of exploration. That was fashioned purposely so. Those who were around in 1977 in the Legislature will remember that it was done so to target those companies that would be drilling out there, appropriately so, in the Baltimore Canyon.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: We were looking for spills from ships, too, I think, at the time. Wasn't that--

MR. BENTON: Well, sure, the increased traffic and the resultant problems, but it was not-- Most importantly, Mr. Chairman, it was not directed at those companies that might cause random spills or incidents, and certainly not at abandoned hazardous waste cleanup, at the time.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: Obviously not, no.

MR. BENTON: And it is in that mind-set that this Committee ought to review the funding mechanism that is incorporated in the present Spill Fund.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: Okay, that's fair.

MR. BENTON: I might add -- although it has been our consistent position -- in light also of the competitive pressures our domestic petroleum refinery industry is under right now. It is no secret that with the new, modern efficiencies in refining in the Southeast United States domestically, and also internationally, that the refiners in the State of New Jersey are under very severe economic pressures.

Indeed, in 1977, the State had five healthy refineries, and now we are down to perhaps as few as two or three refineries that are still active here in the State on an ongoing basis. It is that core of petroleum-related activity that keeps the underpinning of the New Jersey petrochemical complexes -- as has often been cited, although I prefer to concentrate just on the petroleum aspects -- but it is that cornerstone that keeps the entire industry churning here in the State.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: Do you find the same inequities in the present contributors towards the Spill Fund that the chemical industry raised before; that, in fact, if we broaden the base of the Spill Fund-- I believe they were talking specifically about the storage capacity being expanded. Do you have any thoughts with respect to that?

MR. BENTON: We share many of the concerns that were voiced by the Chemical Industry Council in their warm presentation to you today. I think it is important to note that they, indeed, in their efforts to broaden the base, while very appropriate, may be running into several hurdles that have to be recognized.

Number one, the primary goal, as the Spill Fund has worked historically, is to tax those substances as they come into the State of New Jersey, or are manufactured in the State of New Jersey, on a first-time basis, and then are passed along throughout the manufacturing chain accordingly. Each manufacturer does not pay that tax; it is paid on a one-time transfer.

I think it is important to recognize that many of these substances, while broadening the list, would not be -- because they are a component on a substance that has been originally taxed -- would not be subject to that tax. It is something the Committee ought to keep in mind.

I also think it was a very important component of the presentation made by industry. It is a point that you raised, that the total affect on an individual company has to be calculated, and calculated very carefully.

I would urge this Committee to consider that impact. For example, there is one company I represent which is a major contributor, not only to the Federal Superfund, to the State's Spill Fund, and to the corporate community here in New Jersey, but also pays over \$1 million on a penny a barrel tax escalation. Clearly, it is a significant share of their presence in New Jersey that they make that type of contribution, but, on the other hand, to raise it, and to tax all the other substances that are involved, I don't think serves the purpose of this Committee.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: Committee members?

ASSEMBLYWOMAN DONOVAN: No, thank you, Mr. Chairman.

ASSEMBLYMAN BAER: No, thank you.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: Okay. Jim, thank you very much.

MR. BENTON: Thank you. Again, I reiterate our intention to participate in your hearings down the road. If we can provide any additional information, I would be happy to do so.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: Fine, thank you. I look forward to continuing to work with you. We have another date coming up in August. As I told the other speakers today, the clock continues to tick. There will not only be these hearings, but the ongoing work sessions will continue because I believe, as we enter into the fall, we have to make some very difficult decisions, some that perhaps will not be joined in by everyone. But, I want everyone in this State to be able to say they have had the opportunity to offer their input. Certainly, this Committee is going to listen from one end of the State to the other to come up with what we consider will be the best of all of the alternatives.

Thank you for being here.

ASSEMBLYMAN BAER: Did you have some written material, other than the reprinted--

MR. BENTON: Yeah, I do, and I will be glad to share it with the Committee at a later date. I threw this together rather hastily, but I will share it with you, I promise.

ASSEMBLYMAN BAER: Thank you.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: That concludes the list of people I had from this morning who had asked to testify on this matter. The hearing is being recorded. If there is anyone else who would like to offer any comments whatsoever, you have the opportunity to do so now. It is my understanding that the record will remain open. The next scheduled public hearing is in Mount Holly on August 25. There will be an additional meeting on this package that will be held-- I believe it is scheduled for September 11 -- however, I am not positive of

that date -- at which time we will then have to determine what direction the Committee is going to go in. Yes? (in response to an inaudible comment from the audience) You are more than welcome to come up now; I just didn't know who else wanted to.

A R L E N E M A R K S: I am not testifying; I am commenting, okay?

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: All right. Have a seat.

MS. MARKS: Testifying, I feel, is for the court.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: Okay. Would you tell us who you are?

MS. MARKS: Hi, I'm Arlene Marks. Number one, I am from North Bergen. I am with the Concerned Citizens' Group in North Bergen, and we are very much interested in the environment. I am very happy that so many of you here today are interested in the environment, too. I am also very happy that there is people power in Vernon Township. I am very happy to know that there is people power in Massachusetts because I come from Massachusetts, and I would hate to see the environment killed there. The air in Massachusetts was always very clean, and here we are with an industrial company, W. R. Gracon Company (phonetically spelled), which is responsible for causing such misfortunes. Here we are in New Jersey, and I don't know if it is the petrochemicals alone. I learned a lot today. I see the problem is very complex, because before today I would have just said it was petrochemicals that were responsible.

I will now admit that it sounds as if other industries are involved. What I do want to point out, however, is, the petrochemical industry is sort of in a decline now, and they are crying. I really feel a little sympathetic towards them. However, we are paying the brunt for what they have done to the environment. We pay more for soap, detergents, and plastics.

I also want to point out that I am very interested in the proposals for mass incineration. I am totally against it.

I think if maybe the chemical industry and the other industries think of other things to do with their waste, we should think of the larger waste problem in the State of New Jersey. We should think about recycling. We should think about composting.

I would also like to say that there were many things brought up here today, for instance, factory employment is up. It's up, but it will not be up that much whether the corporations are taxed more or not, because now we are dealing with a service economy. This has been stated over and over and over again.

Another thing I noticed is, when I went to the beach last week, I could have cried because the beach has been ruined. Why? There is some kind of smell there. Obviously, there is dumping going on in that ocean, and I think this should be part of something you should look into, also.

I want to tell you that we will be following you, and I do think you should step up your time schedule because time is running out.

Thank you very much.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: Thank you very much. Is there anyone else? Yes?

E D G R O S V E N O R: How do you do? My name is Ed Grosvenor. I am a health officer in the Town of Kearny. I just want to follow up a little bit on Mayor Hill's statement on the importance of these four bills. We have to obtain the money from some source to do cleanups. We have, right now, as has been mentioned, Syncon, which I think is part of Federal moneys. The project was supervised by the State. We have one more major stage to go, which is cleaning up the chemical tanks. I think that is a very difficult problem, disposing of those wastes, and the soil at the site. But, we also have Coppers Coke, Diamond Shamrock, and the prospect of 40 to 60 more sites for cleanup.

I guess it was about five or six years ago, there was a hearing by an Assembly and Senate Committee in Monmouth County. I don't know whether it was in Freehold. An Assistant Commissioner was there at that time.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: George Tyler.

MR. GROSVENOR: George, yes. I only threw one thing at him: "If you took all the moneys, both State and Federal, we could use all that money just in the Town of Kearny for cleanup." He just smiled and said, "Possibly, yes."

It is very important that we raise this money. I don't know that \$600 million, or \$1 billion, is enough to do the State of New Jersey, but it sure as heck is what we need to really get going into it.

I would just like to elaborate a little again. Kearny has a major problem. We have the potential of 40 to 60 sites which will need cleanup, and it is going to cost a lot of money. I think everybody should pay their fair share, private and public.

Thank you very much.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: Thank you. Are there any other members of the public who wish to make any comments, statements, or anything?

MS. HOLLOWAY: May I make one comment? I only speak like a plain old grandmother, but I put my trust in you people 100%. Years ago I would not have put my trust in you, but now I do put my trust in you. However, I want more work from Governor Kean. He should not say, "Come to beautiful New Jersey," because what do we have to say "beautiful New Jersey" about? It's not beautiful. I love him and everything, but he's got to make sure that that statement is going to be a true statement because everyone says, "My God, he's saying 'Come to beautiful New Jersey,' and it's a garbage dump all over the place."

So, we've got to get that message to him, or I'll go to another press conference and tell him that, and it is going to embarrass him. He's got to make sure that these bills you people are putting forward, that you are working so hard for, for cleanup, are going to really clean up, so that no company will be able to say, "Well, we're not too bad." We are not going to stand for "not too bad." It's the same old stuff.

Thank you.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: Thank you. Yes?

UNIDENTIFIED PERSON FROM AUDIENCE: I would just like to add something to what Margaret said. You will get the money; you are doing a marvelous job, and I would like to thank you. She said she places her trust in you. We all have to place our trust in you.

I teach. I can't get to these hearings during the winter, but I go to as many hearings as I can in the summer. Gentlemen, ladies, you will get the money; however, the big job comes after the money is appropriated. It is the administering of the program, to see that everything is done equitably.

In places like the Ironbound section-- Now, to me -- I watched it since last June. Newark was a place to stay away from. I watched a beautiful section of Newark -- the Ironbound section -- and I couldn't believe-- We can't dump in places like Newark; we can't dump in places like Kearny. We can't dump in places as before.

Thank you.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: Thank you very much. I want to just point out to you, though, that it's very good to be optimistic that we will get the money, but this journey that we have embarked on in an effort to raise these funds has not, to date, generated the across-the-board support necessary, in my opinion, for us to see it become a reality. That is why we are going on the road; that is why we are trying to get to people such as yourselves, to let you contact your legislators, and

get to local officials, so that the local officials can lend their voice.

This is a journey that has a very short time frame. Unless we are able to come up with certain determinations rather quickly, there is a political reality that taxes will probably not be increased in an election year, which is next year. So, if we are going to do it, we have to do what we can to get it done this year. It is not necessarily meeting with universal support. I merely point that out to you to say that some of us have embarked on a journey that is not necessarily a popular one down in Trenton, and we need the help of all of the people of this State who are supportive of it. Yes?

MS. MARKS: I have a question. I thought it was a bond act, the toxic waste, the cleanup. Is that correct?

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: In 1981, there was a hazardous waste bond act that was approved overwhelmingly by the voters of this State to provide \$100 million for the cleanup of these abandoned sites throughout the State.

At the time that Ray Lesniak and I were the sponsors and authors of that bill, we said that this would only be a beginning amount, that the problem was far greater. Unfortunately, what has transpired is that those moneys to date-- Five years have passed, and those moneys have not been expended up until right now. They are committed, or will be committed. By October, 1987, the \$100 million will be gone; the Spill Fund will be broke; and, the 150 we did last year will be gone. Hazardous waste cleanup in this State will be broke -- October, 1987. No additional moneys, except the ongoing Spill Fund that will come in.

So, what we need to do now is go out and come up with a comprehensive plan to assure that we are going to be able to continue with the cleanup. Quite frankly, it is not fair to just bond the whole problem. When you do that, it costs basically three dollars for every one dollar of bonding. So,

the \$100 million bond act of 1981 will end up costing \$300 million to the taxpayers, and a \$200 million bond act this year will cost \$600 million in the long run.

It is fair that the general public contribute to the cleanup. It is not just the petrochemical industry that is responsible; all of us are responsible. It is all of us, the public, who utilize the products which are an end result; which, when they are produced, also produce toxic and hazardous waste. Unless we are willing to completely change our life styles and give up the utilization-- When we use hair spray, when we use make-up, when we paint our homes -- when we use these things on an ongoing basis every day, in every part of our lives -- we are utilizing hazardous and toxic waste. So, we are part of the problem, and we should pay for part of the problem.

It is fair because we spread it across everyone, but bond acts by themselves can't do that. We need a broad-based tax to be able to provide revenues to pay for this on an ongoing basis, and everyone should assume a part of that responsibility.

MS. MARKS: Well, my question really was, what happens to the money?

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: It is committed and will be totally expended. Perhaps too slowly, in retrospect. If I had known in 1981 that we weren't going to have it expended until 1986, then perhaps we may have done things a little differently and appropriated \$20 million a year over those five years from general revenues, and we would have paid as we went on that \$100 million.

This is the first time we have gone through a process of cleaning up our environment to the degree that we have to. Certain mistakes, or miscalculations, have been made historically. The only thing is, we can say we have learned from those mistakes. I learned that, while I sponsored \$100

million bond act -- and I am the sponsor now of a \$200 million bond act -- that bond acts by themselves are not the right way of doing it, that we must do it collectively. That bond act will be gone and expended before the year is out -- before October, 1987.

Are there any other comments?

UNIDENTIFIED MEMBER OF AUDIENCE: One more comment.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: Sure.

UNIDENTIFIED MEMBER OF AUDIENCE: You said about people sharing in the responsibility. I would just like to throw this out for you to think about. There are, no doubt, very bright people in the chemical industry, the very best minds. It would seem to me that over the years they should have been able to come up with something that would not pollute our water and our air in the way that they have been polluted. Somewhere along the line these brilliant people should have said, "Hey, we owe something to this State." Just think about it.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: Oh, I have no problem with that; don't misunderstand me. I am just saying that the problem is one that we can't just pin on any one particular area. Maybe one particular area can get more of the blame than others, but all of us have to--

UNIDENTIFIED MEMBER OF AUDIENCE: Oh, I agree totally. I go right along with you. Everyone who is doing it should be responsible.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: But, all of us have to bear it.

UNIDENTIFIED MEMBER OF AUDIENCE: Right.

MS. HOLLOWAY: That is why I state there should be a bill immediately pushed through that every company, no matter what the hell it produces, should be willing to pay for a chemical engineer, one who knows what he is doing, to break down the hazardous chemical product to a nonhazardous product in his own facility. That is what I feel should happen. Then

we would be rid of all this danger, because they would have already taken care of it. They would have the money to put these people into working offices immediately -- the best chemists, the best scientists. It should be on the floor; it should be voted through and done.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: We should stop talking and start doing.

MS. HOLLOWAY: That's right, and do it, too.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT: Thank you once again. The hearing is adjourned

MS. HOLLOWAY: Thank you, too, very much.

(HEARING CONCLUDED)

APPENDIX

POSITION STATEMENT
OF THE
CHEMICAL INDUSTRY COUNCIL OF NEW JERSEY

ASSEMBLY LEGISLATION

A-2698 (Bennett), doubles the existing tax on chemical and petroleum companies under the N.J. Spill Compensation and Control Act.

A-2700 (Bennett), increases the Corporate Business Tax from 9% to 9.5% for hazardous discharge site cleanup.

A-2701 (Bennett), authorizes \$200 million in state bonds for hazardous discharge site cleanup.

A-2699 (Bennett), directs the Legislature to annually appropriate \$50 million from the General Fund to "Hazardous Discharge Site Cleanup Fund."

CIC/NJ POSITION

OPPOSE - doubling the exististing tax would aggravate an already existing inequitable tax system that taxes only two industrial that have contributed to the abandoned waste site problem. It would also place N.J. plants at a severe competitive disadvantage with plants in states that do not have a state Spill Fund, and with an increasing number of foreign competitors who do not pay into either a state or federal cleanup program.

SUPPORT - this would broaden the tax base for financing of hazardous waste cleanup and require all industrial groups which have contributed to the waste site problem to pay towards cleanup.

SUPPORT

SUPPORT



POSITION STATEMENT
OF THE
CHEMICAL INDUSTRY COUNCIL OF NEW JERSEY

LEGISLATION

S-899 (Contillo), doubles the existing tax on chemical and petroleum companies under the N.J. Spill Compensation and Control Act.

S-2011 (Lesniak), increases the Corporate Business Tax from 9% to 9.5% for hazardous discharge site cleanup.

SCR-82 (Lesniak), dedicates \$60 million a year for five years from the Corporate Business Tax for hazardous discharge site cleanup.

S-2012 (Dalton), authorizes \$200 million in state bonds for hazardous discharge site cleanup.

CIC/NJ POSITION

OPPOSE - doubling the existing tax would aggravate an already existing inequitable tax system that taxes only two industrial groups out of 30 industrial groups that have contributed to the abandoned waste site problem. It would also place N.J. plants at a severe competitive disadvantage with plants in states that do not have a state Spill Fund, and with an increasing number of foreign competitors who do not pay into either a state or federal cleanup program.

SUPPORT - this would broaden the tax base for financing of hazardous waste cleanup and require all industrial groups which have contributed to the waste site problem to pay towards cleanup.

SUPPORT

SUPPORT

- o The N.J. Spill Compensation & Control tax was first established in 1977, under legislation sponsored by Senators Russo and then Assemblyman Raymond Lesniak. The tax was originally created to finance the cleanup of oil spills. It was amended in 1978 to authorize the use of funds for hazardous substance discharge cleanups, and again in 1980 to include abandoned hazardous waste sites.
- o Spill Fund raises about \$15 million a year, about \$8 million contributed from chemical companies and \$7 million from oil companies.
- o Under the existing Spill Fund tax system, chemical companies pay a tax on about 400 raw material substances, or feedstock chemicals. Oil companies pay a per penny a barrel tax on oil produced.
- o The current Spill Fund tax requires companies to pay eight-tenths of one percent (.08%) of the current price, or "fair market value," of any of the 400 substances they use. The tax applies only to facilities with storage capacity of 50,000 gallons or more.
- o Spill Fund law contains an "escalator clause" that allows the state to double the tax rate if all monies in Spill Fund have been depleted, or if they have been committed to cleanup projects. Last spring, the escalator clause took effect, and the Spill Fund tax doubled on the chemical side only, raising the tax from .04% to the current .08%.
- o According to N.J. Dept. of Treasury, less than 200 chemical companies now pay into Spill Fund, although hundreds of companies from 30 different industrial groups have been identified as "responsible parties" at abandoned hazardous waste sites across the state.
- o At New Jersey abandoned sites, less than 27% of responsible parties are chemical and oil companies.
- o Nationwide, less than 20% of the responsible parties found at abandoned sites are chemical and oil companies.

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- o In addition to the oil and chemical industries, some of the industrial groups that represent responsible parties at abandoned sites are: paper and lumber, automobiles, furniture, soft drinks, food products, computers, electrical appliances, sporting goods and equipments, printing and duplicating, and others.

FOR RELEASE: June 5, 1986

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**CHEMICAL INDUSTRY SAYS FINANCING FOR
ABANDONED SITE CLEANUP MUST BE BROAD-BASED**

TRENTON, N.J. -- Representatives from the state's chemical industry told a Senate committee today that a tax system for hazardous waste cleanup must encompass all industries that have contributed to the problem - and should not target only chemical and petroleum companies.

"The chemical industry is committed to paying its fair share of the cleanup financing, as it has been doing at the state and federal level for several years," said Hal Bozarth, Executive Director of the Chemical Industry Council of New Jersey (CIC/NJ).

"But the EPA has identified 30 industrial groups that generate a waste and who have contributed to the problem. Yet the existing tax system at the state and federal level taxes only two of those industries - the chemical and petroleum industries," he said.

Mr. Bozarth testified before the Senate Revenue, Finance & Appropriations Committee, which is considering a Democratic legislative proposal on financing for hazardous waste cleanup in the state. The package of four bills is intended to raise \$650 million over the next five years.

He urged the committee to defeat S-899, sponsored by Senator Paul Contillo (D-38). The bill would double the existing tax under the N.J. Spill Compensation & Control Act, or Spill Fund, a tax that now applies only to chemical and petroleum companies.

"The idea that the Spill Fund tax best embodies the 'polluter pays' principle is utter nonsense," Mr. Bozarth said. "The polluter consists of virtually all manufacturing segments; from petrochemicals to furniture to food processing to newspaper printers. Yet those manufacturers are not taxed under Spill Fund."

Mr. Bozarth demonstrated his point by presenting committee members with a list of companies published by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). The list identifies some 4,000 businesses from 30 industrial groups that EPA believes are responsible parties at abandoned sites in New Jersey and across the country.

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In addition to cities, hospitals, universities and government agencies, industries on the list includes: furniture, paper and lumber, automobiles, food products, soft drinks, sporting goods, computers, building materials, electrical appliances and others.

At the committee meeting, the CIC/NJ also urged support for a bill increasing the Corporate Business tax from 9% to 9.5%. The bill is sponsored by Senator Raymond Lesniak (D-20), and would raise about \$60 million a year for five years.

"A broad-based business tax would best reflect the scope of contribution to the waste site problem," Mr. Bozarth said. "At the same time, it would not place the petrochemical industry at a competitive disadvantage with plants in other states, and from an increasing number of foreign competitors who are not required to pay either state or federal cleanup taxes."

The CIC/NJ is a trade association representing 90 chemical and allied product manufacturers with facilities throughout the state. The chemical industry employs about 95,000 people in New Jersey, with total shipments valued at \$14 billion a year.

THE ABANDONED SITE CLEANUP PROBLEM

For millions of Americans, the greatest environmental threat they perceive to their health and safety are the abandoned hazardous waste sites around the country.

Generally, in the minds of the public and the media, the chemical industry is the chief culprit in creating those hazardous waste sites. Also, the chemical industry is considered to be a major stumbling block in cleaning up the sites.

It is important for the media and the public to understand that the chemical industry has made a major commitment to clean up sites, and is dedicating its resources and technical expertise to get the job under way as soon as possible.

- o The chemical industry recognizes it is one of the industries which has contributed to the abandoned site problem. Some of the problems of abandoned sites are a result of improper, though at the time, not illegal, disposal methods by members of the industry.
- o The chemical industry recognizes it has a responsibility to help clean up abandoned sites -- even those it did not create.
- o The practices of the past are not an indication of current and future hazardous waste management policies of the chemical industry.
- o The chemical industry represents the major resource of technical capability to clean up sites. There is a role for government, private citizens and environmental organizations to work together to accomplish our common goal -- clean up sites and protect the environment.

DEVELOPMENT OF SPILL FUND AND SUPERFUND TAX SYSTEMS

When New Jersey passed the original Spill Fund law (Spill Compensation & Control Act) in 1977, and when Congress passed the original Superfund law (Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act or CERCLA) in 1980, relatively little was known about the size and scope of the abandoned hazardous waste site problem.

To remedy what was considered an environmental crisis, New Jersey authorized the collection of taxes on the chemical and petroleum industries for the purpose of cleanup. In addition, general revenues were appropriated towards cleanup, and New Jersey voters passed a \$100 million bond act.

Congress later authorized the collection of about \$1.6 billion by a combination of taxes -- again on the chemical and petroleum industries -- and by a small federal contribution.

Eight years later, both Congress and New Jersey are reviewing their cleanup financing programs. Once again, legislators are dealing with familiar issues -- the size of the program, how to fund it -- while at the same time examining new concerns such as broadening the tax base and cleanup timetables.

At both the state and federal level, the chemical and petroleum industries are the only industries paying into the state Spill Fund or federal Superfund. This is due to the structure of the taxing systems.

Chemical companies pay a "fair market value" or "feedstock" tax. This tax requires companies to pay a percentage of the current price, or "fair market value" of certain substances which they use at a site. In New Jersey, chemical companies now pay eight-tenths of one percent of the value of any chemical deemed taxable by the state under Spill Fund. About 400 chemicals fall into this category.

For example, the major product line at the BFGoodrich Pedrickstown plant is polyvinyl chloride, or PVC. The raw material for PVC, vinyl chloride monomer, is taxable under the state Spill Fund. Thus, the company pays New Jersey .8 of one percent of the fair market value of all the vinyl chloride monomer used at the plant.

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The fair market value of vinyl chloride monomer is very high, and a large amount of the substance is used in the PVC manufacturing process. As a result, BFGoodrich pays about \$450,000 a year in state Spill Fund taxes. Yet the company generates little hazardous waste and has not been found a "responsible party" at an abandoned waste site.

Vinyl chloride monomer is also taxable under the federal Superfund program, under the same "fair market value" system. So in addition to paying New Jersey taxes on all the vinyl chloride monomer it uses, the plant also pays federal taxes towards Superfund.

Admittedly, when the Spill Fund and Superfund programs were first established, the chemical industry supported the "fair market value" tax system. It was also assumed at that time, that the chemical and petroleum industries were the only ones responsible for the abandoned waste site problem.

Since then, more information is available on who the responsible parties are at the problem sites. The U.S. EPA has documented that the problem was not created by the chemical and petroleum industries alone, and the waste of over 30 different industrial groups have been discovered at abandoned sites.

The attached list of 6,000 businesses identified by EPA as being "responsible parties" at Superfund sites clearly demonstrates this point. The current Superfund and Spill Fund "fair market value" tax is too narrowly focused. There must be a cause and effect relationship between those that pay the tax and those that have contributed to the problem. In New Jersey, less than 200 companies pay into the Spill Fund, although hundreds of other companies have been found to be responsible parties.

The existing state Spill Fund tax system does not encompass the "cause and effect" objectives. Instead, it taxes only two industries out of 30 industries that generate waste and have contributed towards the problem.

Raising the existing state Spill Fund tax will place chemical companies at a competitive disadvantage with plants in other states without a Spill Fund, and with increasing numbers of foreign competitors that do not pay either state or federal cleanup taxes.

Instead, a broad-based tax is an equitable way of spreading the costs of cleanup among all the industries responsible for the problems Spill Fund and Superfund are meant to address.

NEW JERSEY'S CHEMICAL INDUSTRY

FACT SHEET

- o New Jersey has the second largest chemical industry in the nation. Texas has the largest, and Louisiana has the third largest.
- o New Jersey's chemical industry employs about 93,000 people -- more than any other state chemical industry in the nation, and more than any other manufacturing industry in the state.
- o New Jersey chemical companies manufacture products with a total value of \$14.7 billion a year.
- o New Jersey has 970 chemical plants, 497 of which employ 20 or more workers.
- o About 1,000 research and development facilities are located throughout the state.
- o New Jersey chemical companies produce about 12.5% of the national chemical output.
- o Chemical companies are situated throughout the entire state of New Jersey. They are most heavily concentrated in the counties of Union, Middlesex, Bergen, Essex, Gloucester and Salem.
- o New Jersey is home to 37 chemical companies with annual sales of more than \$150 million.
- o Products manufactured by the state's chemical companies include dyes, pigments, brighteners, pharmaceuticals, plastics and synthetic fibers, agricultural chemicals, cleaning compounds for home and industry, paints, cosmetics, fragrances, food additives, epoxy resins, plastic packaging materials, fluid thickeners, acrylic finishers, foam insulation, insecticides, polyester, adhesives.
- o American-made chemicals are used in an estimated 40% of all goods and services.

ABANDONED HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE - Any hazardous waste site at which the owners or operators have relinquished financial liability for the site through bankruptcy. Also known as an orphaned site.

BROAD-BASED TAX - Any tax that is levied upon all industrial groups and does not apply to only certain industrial groups.

BUILDING BLOCK CHEMICAL - Primary petrochemicals which are further processed into intermediate chemicals and later into many different end products. Building block chemicals are the major intermediates for the manufacture of industrial organic chemicals used in such industries as agriculture, textiles, printing and publishing, construction and automotive. Examples of building blocks are benzene, toluene, propylene.

CERCLA - the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation & Liability Act. See Superfund.

CHEMICAL SIDE - The financial contribution which the chemical industry pays in taxes towards the state Spill Fund or federal Superfund.

CORPORATE BUSINESS TAX - A tax levied upon corporations which hold corporate charters in New Jersey, or which own capital or property in the state, or which generate sales in the state.

DEP - The N.J. Department of Environmental Protection.

EPA - The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

FAIR MARKET VALUE - The current price or value of a chemical substance.

FEEDSTOCK CHEMICAL - Substances derived almost exclusively from natural gas or petroleum through which gasoline, fuel oil and petrochemicals are produced through thermal or catalytic cracking. Examples of feedstocks are ethane, propane, naptha, gas oils.

HAZARDOUS WASTE - Any chemical substance regulated by state or federal agencies and considered to have the potential to cause harm to persons or the environment.

OIL SIDE - The financial contribution which the oil industry pays in taxes towards the state Spill Fund or federal Superfund.

ORPHANED SITE - Any hazardous waste site at which the owners or operators have relinquished financial liability for the site through bankruptcy. Also known as an abandoned site.

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GLOSSARY - 2

PER BARREL TAX - The tax system through which oil companies pay into Spill Fund. The current tax level for oil companies is one cent per each barrel of oil produced.

PETROCHEMICALS - Organic compounds derived from petroleum or natural gas. There are about 175 substances designated petrochemicals. Many petrochemicals are also considered building blocks.

POTENTIALLY RESPONSIBLE PARTY (PRP) - Any company or person who is believed to be responsible for the disposal of hazardous waste later found at an abandoned hazardous waste site.

RAW MATERIAL - Any ingredient or component of a mixture or product before mixing or processing.

SPILL COMPENSATION & CONTROL ACT - Established in 1977 through legislation sponsored by Senator Russo and then Assemblyman Raymond Lesniak. The act regulates the discharge of hazardous substances and established a tax on chemical and oil companies known as Spill Fund.

SPILL FUND - A state fund raised by a tax on chemical and oil companies, established in 1977 under the N.J. Spill Compensation & Control Act, for the purpose of cleaning up oil spills, hazardous substance discharges, and abandoned sites across the state.

SUPERFUND - A federal fund established in 1980, largely through taxes on chemical and oil companies, for the purpose of cleaning up abandoned hazardous waste sites across the country. Also known as CERCLA, the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation & Liability Act.

WASTE - Material or substances remaining at the completion of a manufacturing process and which has no value. Waste can be hazardous and non-hazardous.

THE CHEMICAL INDUSTRY COUNCIL
OF NEW JERSEY

The Chemical Industry Council of New Jersey (CIC/NJ) is a trade association representing 90 chemical and allied product manufacturers with facilities throughout the state.

The Council was established in 1955 to promote interest in the chemical industry among academia. Today, the Council's primary function is to provide lobbying services at the state level for its members. In addition, the CIC/NJ acts as an information source, as an industry spokesgroup for the public and the media, and as a liaison between various state agencies and its membership.

The CIC/NJ is governed by an Executive Advisory Committee and a Steering Committee. An Executive Advisory Committee member is appointed chairman of the CIC/NJ for a two-year term. The current chairman is Barry Reid, a vice president in the Chemical Products Division of American Cyanamid Company.

Other Council committees are also maintained by staff and company representatives to work on topics of common interest. The committees provide information and counsel to the governing bodies.

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The Legislative Committee monitors legislation impacting the chemical industry and determines policy on various legislative issues. Environment Committee members provide essentially the same function with new and existing environmental regulations. Other Council committees include a Public Relations Committee and an Education Committee.

CIC/NJ member companies produce a variety of materials which are used in the agriculture, pharmaceutical, manufacturing, construction, mining, textile, cosmetic and food processing industries. The chemical industry employs about 95,000 in New Jersey with total shipments valued at \$14.2 billion a year.

"POTENTIALLY RESPONSIBLE PARTIES" FOUND AT NEW JERSEY ABANDONED HAZARDOUS WASTE SITES

The attached list names those companies that have been identified by the U.S. EPA as "potentially responsible parties" at two New Jersey hazardous waste sites: the Lone Pine Landfill in Monmouth County, and the Kin-Buc Landfill in Middlesex County.

Again, the companies listed as having hazardous waste in these sites represent some 30 different industrial groups. Of that 30, only the chemical and petroleum companies pay a state or federal cleanup tax. The companies from the remaining 28 industrial groups have never paid towards a state Spill Fund or federal Superfund -- yet they have greatly contributed towards the problem of abandoned hazardous waste sites.

Only 27% of the waste found at New Jersey abandoned sites is attributed to the chemical and oil industries. Nationwide, only 20% of the hazardous waste found at abandoned sites across the country is attributed to chemical and oil companies.

SITE NAME	COMPANY NAME	COMPANY CITY/ST/ZIP	CS DT	CD DT NS
LONE PINE LANDFILL Freehold, NJ Monmouth County	A.F.TORI	KEARNY	NJ07032	NJ 11
	ANC REFUSE	VENTNOR	NJ09406	NJ 02
	AETC	MORRIS PLAINS	NJ07950	NJ 12
	ALL PURPOSE ROLL LEAF	PARAMUS	NJ07652	NJ 09
	ALLIED CHEMICAL CORP.	ELIZABETH	NJ07105	NJ 10
	AMCHEM COMPANY	SOUTH KEARNY	NJ07032	NJ 11
	AMERICAN CAN COMPANY	DAYTON	NJ08810	NJ 07
	AMERICAN HUECHST CORPORATION	COVENTRY	RI02816	RI 02
	AMERICAN HUECHST CORPORATION	COVENTRY	RI02816	RI 02
	ASISLAND CHEMICAL COMPANY	BINGHAMPTON	NY13904	NY 28
	AZIPLATE	MURRAY HILL	NJ07974	NJ 12
	BASE WYANDOTTE CORP.	PARSIPPANY	NJ07054	NJ 11
	BENNETT BOX AND PALLET COMPANY, INC.	COLTX NECK	NJ07722	NJ 04
	BER-HAL CORPORATION	BRUCLYN	NY11217	NY 11
	BORDEN CHEMICAL COMPANY	FAIRLAWN	NJ07410	NJ 09
	BROWNING FERRIS INDUSTRIES	CLARK	NJ07066	NJ 07
	BROWNING FERRIS INDUSTRIES	ELIZABETH	NJ07207	NJ 07
	BROWNING FERRIS INDUSTRIES	CRANBURY	NJ08512	NJ 07
	CAPITAL MAGNETICS	STAMFORD	CT06906	CT 04
	CARTER-MALLACE, INC.	NEW YORK	NY10002	NY 15
	CECOS	BUFFALO	NY14207	NY 32
	CELLU-CRAFT, INC.	NEW HYDE PARK	NY11040	NY 05
	CHAMBERLIN AND DARCLAY, INC.	CRANBURY	NJ08512	NJ 07
	CHEMICAL LEAMAN TANK LINES	NEWARK	NJ07105	NJ 10
	CIBA-GEIGY CORPORATION	SUMMIT	NJ07501	NJ 12
	CIBA-GEIGY CORPORATION	ARDSLEY	NY10502	NY 22
	CICA-COLA COMPANY	ATLANTA	GA30301	GA 05
	COMPOUNDERS, INC.	FARMINGDALE	NJ07722	NJ 12
	CONESTOGA FUELS	LANCASTER	PA17600	PA 16
	CONGOLEUM CORPORATION	TRENTON	NJ08615	NJ 07
	CONTINENTAL CAN CO.	PASSAIC	NJ07015	NJ 07
	CONTINENTAL CAN CO.	PATTERSON	NJ07507	NJ 07
	CONTINENTAL TECHNICAL FINISHES CORP.	BRUCLYN	NY11205	NY 13
	CUSTOM CHEMICALS COMPANY	ELMWOOD PARK	NJ07407	NJ 05
	DE LORENZO TOWN COUNTY DISPOSAL INC.	TRENTON	NJ08510	NJ 07
	DECORATIVE INDUSTRIES, INC.	SEDATSBURG	NY10914	NY 22
	DELAWARE CONTAINER COMPANY, INC.	UREKEL HILL	PA19026	PA 07
	DENZER & SHAFFER, INC.	DAYVILLE	NJ08721	NJ 13
	DIAMOND SHAMROCK CORPORATION	CARLSTADT	NJ07072	NJ 07
	DIAMOND SHAMROCK CORPORATION	CARLSTADT	NJ07072	NJ 07
	E.I. DUPONT DE NEMOURS & CO.	PARLIN	NJ08055	NJ 07
	E.R. SJUJON & SONS, INC.	PRINCETON	NJ08540	NJ 07
	ECONOMY ENTERPRISES, INC.	FREEMOLD	NJ07720	NJ 03
	ENVIRONMENTAL WASTE REMOVAL, INC.	WATERBURY	CT06702	CT 07
	EXXON CORPORATION	LINDEN	NJ07036	NJ 06
	EXXON CORPORATION	LINDEN	NJ07036	NJ 06
	EXXON CORPORATION	BILLINGS	MT59103	MT 02
	EXXON CORPORATION	HOUSTON	TX77001	TX 02
	FENHICK ENTERPRISES	HATAHAN	NJ07747	NJ 03
	FOREST SANITATION, INC.	ENGLEWOOD	NJ07631	NJ 09
	FRIEHLER CARTAGE	EAST FREEMOLD	NJ07720	NJ 03
	FRJECTION BLOW & CONSTR. CO.	FREEMOLD	NJ07720	NJ 03
	GAF CORPORATION	LINDEN	NJ07036	NJ 06
	GAF CORPORATION	WAYNE	NJ07407	NJ 09
	GAF CORPORATION	RENSSELEAR	NY12144	NY 24
	GAF CORPORATION	JOHNSON CITY	NY13790	NY 28
	GAF CORPORATION	BINGHAMPTON	NY13901	NY 28
	GAMES CHEMICAL WORKS	CARLSTADT	NJ07072	NJ 07
	GARDEN STATE DISPOSAL	OLD BRIDGE	NJ08057	NJ 06
	GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY	SCHENECTADY	NY12345	NY 23
	GIGIANTO TRUCKING	LAURENCEVILLE	NJ08540	NJ 04
	GRUMMAN AEROSPACE	BETHPAGE	NY11714	NY 04
	GTE SYLVANIA	MUNEE	PA17756	PA 17
	GUARDIAN POWER CLEANING	FREEMOLD	NJ07720	NJ 03
	H. L. JOHNSON, INC.	KEYPORT	NJ07735	NJ 03
	HECHT INDUSTRIES TRUCKING	TOMS RIVER	NJ08753	NJ 13
	HIGGINS DISPOSAL SERVICE, INC.	KINGSTON	NJ08528	NJ 07
	INLAND STEEL CONTAINER CORP.	JERSEY CITY	NJ07035	NJ 08
	INMONT CORPORATION	BELEFORD	NJ07710	NJ 03
	INMONT CORPORATION	BELEFORD	NJ07710	NJ 03
	INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS MACHINES	BELEFORD	NJ07710	NJ 03
	INTERNATIONAL FLAVORS & FRAGRANCES	UNION BEACH	NJ07735	NJ 03
	INTRA-CITY WASTE MATERIAL COMPANY	TRENTON	NJ08650	NJ 04
	INTRA-CITY WASTE MATERIAL COMPANY	TRENTON	NJ08650	NJ 04

14

SI TI	SITE NAME	COMPANY NAME	COMPANY CITY/ST/ZIP	CS DT	CO DI NS
		JOHN L. ARMITAGE & COMPANY	NEWARK	NJ07114	NJ 10
		JOHNSON L. JOHNSON	EAST WINDSOR	NJ08520	NJ 04
		JOSEPH IVINS, INC.	INLAYSTOWN	NJ08526	NJ 04
		K CHEMICAL COMPANY	STAMFORD	CT06502	CT 04
		KAISER AGRICULTURE CHEMICALS	CRANBURY	NJ08512	NJ 07
		LEDERER LABORATORIES	PEARL RIVER	NY10965	NY 22
		LIGHTMAN DRUM COMPANY	BERLIN	NJ08009	NJ 01
		HAAS & WALDSTEIN COMPANY	NEWARK	NJ07104	NJ 10
		HADISON DISPOSAL SERVICE	HATFAN	NJ07747	NJ 03
		HARINT SAFETY EQUIPMENT CO.	FARMINGDALE	NJ07727	NJ 13
		HALLACK, INC.	LANDSDOWNE	PA19050	PA 07
		HARWELL HOUSE	HIGHOKEN	NJ07030	NJ 14
		HCGRAW-HILL	HIGHTSTOWN	NJ08520	NJ 04
		MICRO MINIATURE BEARING CO.	JACKSON	NJ08527	NJ 03
		MID-EAST ALUMINUM	DAYTON	NJ08010	NJ 07
		MILLHURST MILLS	FREEHOLD	NJ07720	NJ 03
		MOBIL CHEMICAL COATINGS COMPANY	EDISON	NJ08017	NJ 12
		NEPERA CHEMICAL COMPANY	HARRMAN	NY10926	NY 22
		NESTLE COMPANY, INC.	FREEHOLD	NJ07720	NJ 03
		NL INDUSTRIES	BAYONNE	NJ07002	NJ 14
		ULIN CORPORATION	NEW HAVEN	CT06511	CT 03
		ULIN CORPORATION	ASHTABULA	OH44004	OH 11
		ONLUA PACKAGING PRODUCTS, INC.	CLIFTON	NJ07011	NJ 08
		OWENS-ILLINOIS, INC.	HOLMDEL	NJ07733	NJ 13
		PAN CHEMICAL CORPORATION	HAWTHORNE	NJ07506	NJ 08
		PASCHON, FAUREY, AND COZZI	TOMS RIVER	NJ08753	NJ 13
		PATTERSON SARGENT	NEW BRUNSWICK	NJ08903	NJ 07
		PERKIN ELMER CORPORATION	UCEANPORT	NJ07757	NJ 03
		PFIZER, INC.	GROTON	CT06340	CT 02
		PFIZER, INC.	BRJOKLYN	NY11206	NY 11
		PRESID AND BARBIRE	RUTHERFORD	NJ07070	NJ 09
		RANOCAS VALLEY REFUSE DISPOSAL SER	EWING	NJ08650	NJ 04
		RANDOLPH PRODUCTS COMPANY	CARLSTADT	NJ07072	NJ 09
		RCA CORPORATION	MOUNTAIN TOP	PA18707	PA 11
		REFINED OXYX	LYNCHBURST	NJ07071	NJ 11
		REVLON, INC.	EDISON	NJ08017	NJ 12
		RILEY MANUFACTURING COMPANY	LINDEN	NJ07036	NJ 06
		ROHM AND HAAS COMPANY	BRISTOL	PA19007	PA 08
		ROHM AND HAAS COMPANY	PHILADELPHIA	PA19105	PA 02
		S & S DISPOSAL, INC.	ALLEN TOWN	NJ08501	NJ 04
		SCHENECTADY CHEMICAL	SCHENECTADY	NY12301	NY 23
		SCIENTIFIC CHEMICAL PROCESSING, INC	NEWARK	NJ07105	NJ 10
		SFLMS DISPOSAL SERVICE	TOMS RIVER	NJ08753	NJ 13
		SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY	NEWARK	NJ07105	NJ 10
		SILVER ENTERPRISES, INC.	FREEHOLD	NJ07720	NJ 03
		SIX FLAGS GREAT ADVENTURE	JACKSON	NJ08527	NJ 03
		SOLVENT RECOVERY SERVICE OF NJ, INC	LINDEN	NJ07036	NJ 06
		STAR EXPANSION INDUSTRIES	MOUNTAINVILLE	NY10953	NY 21
		SYNKUTE PAINT CORPORATION	ELMWOOD PARK	NJ07407	NJ 09
		TEURUTE PLASTICS CORPORATION	FARMINGDALE	NJ07727	NJ 13
		TENAX FINISHING PRODUCTS COMPANY	NEWARK	NJ07114	NJ 10
		TENNECO CHEMICALS, INC.	PISCATAWAY	NJ07407	NJ 09
		TENNECO, INC.	HOUSTON	TX77001	TX 02
		THREE M (I) COMPANY/E.E. & P. CNT	ST. PAUL	NY55133	NY 04
		TRACO PRODUCTS CORPORATION	LINDEN	NJ07036	NJ 06
		TYALOR PUMPING SERVICE	BELLE MEAD	NJ08502	NJ 12
		VANDERBILT CHEMICAL	BETHEL	CT05801	CT 05
		VINCH & SONS, INC.	LAWRENCE TOWNSHIP	NJ08650	NJ 04
		VORAL COMPANY	CARLSTADT	NJ07072	NJ 09
		WASHINGTON FORGE, INC.	ENGLISHTOWN	NJ07726	NJ 03
		WASTE DISPOSAL, INC.	NEPTUNE	NJ07753	NJ 03
		WESTERN ELECTRIC COMPANY, INC.	KEARNY	NJ07072	NJ 09
		WESTERN ELECTRIC COMPANY, INC.	ALLEN TOWN	PA19103	PA 15
		WHITTAKER CORPORATION	HUNTINGTON STATION	NY11746	NY 02
		WILENTA BROTHERS	LAKELAND	NJ08101	NJ 13
		WORTHINGTON DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEMS	FREEHOLD	NJ07720	NJ 03

IS IT	SITE NAME	COMPANY NAME	COMPANY CITY/ST/ZIP	CS DT	CD NS	
NJ	KIN-BUC LANDFILL (Middlesex County)	A & Z SEPTIC CLEANERS A.E. STALEY MANUFACTURING CO. AAA TANK ABM DISPOSAL SERVICE CO. ABSOLUTE FIRE PROTECTION CO. ACCURATE FORMING ACTIVE OIL SERVICE ADCHEM CORP. AFINA CHEMICAL CORP. AIR PRODUCTS AND CHEMICALS, INC. AIRCO, INC. ALCAN METAL PRODUCTS ALCOA CHEMICAL CO. ALKON PRODUCTS DIVISION ALL COUNTY SEPTIC ALL COUNTY SERVICE CORP. ALLIED CHEMICAL CORP. ALMO AIR POLLUTION SERVICES ALPHA METALS INC. ALUMINUM BILLETS DIVISION AM ENVIRONMENTAL AMERADA HESS CORP. AMERICAN BLOK-STRATFORD PRESS, INC. AMERICAN CYANAMID COMPANY AMERICAN HOSPITAL SUPPLY CORP. AMERICAN PRODUCTS CO., INC. AMERICAN STANDARD AMERICAN TRAILER & MFG. CO. ANCHOR MOTOR FREIGHT ANDY FIORE & SONS APOLLO TECHNOLOGIES, INC. ASARCO, INC. ASHLAND CHEMICAL COMPANY ASSOCIATED MARBLE CO. ASTROPAC CORPORATION ATI CHEM-SPRAY, INC. ATLAS PAINTS & VARNISH CO. AUTOMATIC CONNECTION INC. AVANTI PRODUCTS CORP. AXTON-CROSS COMPANY B & L IND. SERVICE BARON SLACKSLEE BASE BATES MANUFACTURING CO. BAYDINE HARRIS & DRUM BEACON EAST FREIGHT CO., INC. BECTON DICKINSON & CO. BENDIX CORPORATION BENJAMIN MOORE PAINTS BERGLY MACHINE & TOOL BERKLEY CHEMICAL CO. BEST DISPOSAL & DRUM SERVICE BIDDLE SAWYER BIG THREE INDUSTRIES INC. BIJGRAFT LABORATORIES BIRDAEN CHEMICAL COMPANY BIRROUCH OF WALLINGTON BOSTITCH, INC. BROOKDALE SHOPSITE BROWN STONE INV CAMBURY COMPANY	EAST BRUNSWICK DECATUR PARK RIDGE LESTER SO. PLAINFIELD HAMBURG NEWARK WESTBURY ELMWOOD PARK ALLENTOWN MURRAY HILL UNION BALTIMORE WAYNE HARRINGTON PARK WARWICK MORRISTOWN CLAYTON JERSEY CITY GIRARD PATFUSON NEW YORK SADDLE BROOK HAVRE DE GRACE EVANSTON UNION NORTH PISCATAWAY EDISON RIDGEFIELD KEARNY WHIPPANY NEW YORK COLUMBUS LODI DOWNEY TOTOVA IRVINGTON COMMACK NORTH BERGEN NORTH HAVEN TRENTON CHICAGO PARSIPANNY HACKETTSTOWN NEWARK AVON PARAMUS SOUTHFIELD MONTVALE NUTLEY BERKLEY HEIGHTS SO. HACKENSACK KEYPORT HOBSTON ELMWOOD PARK COLUMBUS WALLINGTON EAST GREENWICH BLOOMFIELD WEST ORANGE HAZELTON	NJ08016 IL62525 NJ07656 PA19113 NJ07080 NJ07419 NJ07104 NY11590 NJ07407 PA19105 NJ07974 NJ07083 MD21226 NJ07470 NJ07640 NY10990 NJ07960 NJ08312 NJ07304 OH44420 NJ07514 NY10036 NJ07662 MD21078 IL60204 NJ07083 NJ08854 NJ08818 NJ07660 NJ07032 NJ07981 NY10005 OH43216 NJ07644 CA90241 NJ07512 NJ07111 NY11725 NJ07047 CT06473 NJ08618 IL67650 NJ07054 NJ07840 NJ07105 MA02322 NJ07652 MI48037 NJ07645 NJ07113 NJ07922 NJ07606 NJ07735 TX77001 NJ07407 OH41215 NJ07057 RI02818 NJ07003 NJ07052 PA18201	NJ IL NJ PA NJ NJ NJ NY NJ PA NJ NJ MD NJ NY NJ NJ NJ OH NJ NY NJ NJ OH NJ CA NJ NY NJ CT NJ IL NJ NJ NJ NJ TX NJ OH NJ RI NJ NJ PA	12 20 05 07 06 05 10 04 09 15 12 12 04 08 05 22 12 01 14 17 08 17 09 01 09 12 06 07 09 11 12 17 15 09 29 08 10 03 14 03 04 05 11 05 10 11 09 17 11 09 03 12 09 08 02 08 11 11

1691

ST	SITE NAME	COMPANY NAME	COMPANY CITY/ST/ZIP	CS DT	CD DT NS
		LALAXY CHEMICAL	CHICAGO	IL	05
		CAN MANUFACTURING CO.	RIOGUEFIELD PARK	NJ	09
		CATX TERMINALS DIVISION	CHICAGO	IL	07
		CENTRAL JERSEY CARLING	WARREN	NJ	12
		CENTRAL JERSEY HEMATOLOGY & ASSOC.	BRICKTOWN	NJ	03
		CHEMICAL CLEANING SERVICE CO.	PATERSON	NJ	08
		CHEMICAL CONTROL CORPORATION	ELIZABETH	NJ	05
		CHEMICAL LIAMAN TANK LINES	SYRACUSE	NY	27
		CHEMLINE CORP.	ELIZABETH	NJ	05
		CHEMTRIL SEA SERVICES	BOSTON	MA	03
		CHESEBROUGH-POND'S INC.	GREENWICH	CT	04
		CLUA-GLIGY CORPORATION	SUMMIT	NJ	12
		CITIES SERVICE OIL COMPANY	LINDEN	NJ	06
		CLATHOL, INC.	NEW YORK	NY	15
		CLARK HAULERS	CLARK	NJ	07
		CLEAN WATER, INC.	TOMPS RIVER	NJ	13
		CLEVELAND SPECKING	SHARON HILL	PA	07
		COASTAL SERVICES, INC.	ELIZABETH	NJ	05
		COASTAL TANK LINES	AVENEL	NJ	06
		COLA-COLA COMPANY	HOUSTON	TX	02
		COLGATE PALMOLIVE CO.	NEW YORK	NY	15
		COLONY FURNITURE CO., INC.	LINDEN	NJ	06
		COLUMBIA CORRUGATED CONTAINER CORP.	SYSSET	NY	04
		COLUMBIA RICHMOND & CARRON MFG. CO.	GLIN COVE	NY	03
		CON-LUX COATINGS, INC.	EDISBY	NJ	12
		CONTINENTAL CAN CO.	CHICAGO	IL	11
		CONTINENTAL CHEM CO.	WAYNE	NJ	08
		CONTINENTAL COPPER STEEL INDUSTRIES	CRANFORD	NJ	07
		CONTINENTAL OIL COMPANY, INC.	STAMFORD	CT	04
		CONVERTERS INK COMPANY	LINDEN	NJ	06
		COVINDS INDUSTRIAL DISPOSAL CO.	NORTH BRUNSWICK	NJ	07
		CPC INTERNATIONAL CORP.	ENGLEWOOD CLIFFS	NJ	09
		CPS CHEMICAL COMPANY	OLD BRIDGE	NJ	06
		CRANE & CO., INC.	NEW YORK	NY	15
		CURTIS INDUSTRIES INC.	EASTLAKE	OH	19
		CURTIS WRIGHT CORP.	WOODBRIDGE	NJ	09
		CUSTOM DISPOSAL	BOUND BROOK	NJ	07
		DANWORTH CORP.	S. AVON	CT	06
		DE CONSTRUCTION CO., INC.	HAIRMAN	NJ	05
		DELFEY MERCHANDISING	NEWARK	NJ	10
		DELHARVA INDUSTRIAL CORP.	GREENVILLE	DE	01
		DIBELLA SANITATION	PARK RIDGE	NJ	05
		DOCK WATCH QUARRY	MARTINSVILLE	NJ	12
		DONALD HARTMAN	HAIRMAN	NJ	05
		DUNN'S CHEMICALS	CINCINNATI	OH	02
		DUNK TEST CORP.	NORTH BERGEN	NJ	14
		E.I. DUPONT DE NEMOURS & CO.	WILMINGTON	DE	01
		E.J. GATSSER, INC.	STAMFORD	CT	04
		E.K. SJOBORG & SONS	NEW BRUNSWICK	NJ	07
		FASTLOAST POLLUTION CONTROL INC.	CLAYTON	NJ	01
		EASTERN IND CORP.	NEW YORK	NY	17
		EDJL INDUSTRIES	EAST HAVEN	CT	03
		EGYPTIAN LACQUER MANUFACTURING CO.	NEWARK	NJ	10
		ELMHOD TANK CLEANING	BUFFALO	NY	01
		ENVIRONMENTAL RECOVERY SERVICE	BOUND BROOK	NJ	07
		EQUADRIAN LINES INC.	NEW YORK	NY	17
		ETHAN ALLEN, INC.	BROOKLYN	NY	11
		EXXON CORPORATION	NEW YORK	NY	15
		FETTE FOR	CLIFTON	NJ	08
		FIRESTONE PLASTICS	POITSTOWN	PA	06
		FISHER SCIENTIFIC CO.	PITTSBURGH	PA	14
		FLEXABAR CORP.	NORTHVALE	NJ	05
		FLINT CTE CORP.	ROCHELLE PARK	NJ	09
		FLUCK INDUSTRIES	NEW YORK	NY	17
		FMC CORPORATION	CHICAGO	IL	07
		FORD ALIMENTALS	LANSDALE	PA	13
		FORD MOTOR COMPANY	DEARBORN	MI	15
		FRANK FOLIA, JR.	COLUMBIA	NJ	06
		FRANK MUGGIO BUILDOR	WOODLIEFF LAKE	NJ	09
		FREDDY CARTAGE	FREEHOLD	NJ	03
		FRESH E CO.	PATERSON	NJ	08
		FRIEZEHOE DOUGL & JUDITH INC.	NEW YORK	NY	17

17X

SI	SEF NAME	COMPANY NAME	COMPANY CITY/ST/ZIP	CS	CO
II				DT	NS
		EYN PAINT & LACQUER	BRUOKLYN NY 11211	NY	11
		GAF CORPORATION	NEW YORK NY 10020	NY	15
		GAMLEN CHEMICAL CO.	S. SAN FRANCISCO CA 94090	CA	11
		GAMES CHEMICAL	NEW YORK NY 10036	NY	17
		GENERAL CABLE CORP.	GARMJOD NJ 07027	NJ	07
		GENERAL MOTORS CORPORATION	DETROIT MI 48202	MI	13
		GENERAL WAREHOUSE	NORTH BERGEN NJ 07047	NJ	14
		GERMAN SHEPHERD SECURITY SERVICES	CLIFTON NJ 07014	NJ	08
		GLINWALL CO.	ORADELL NJ 07649	NJ	05
		GRINDALL HUBBER CO.	TRENTON NJ 08650	NJ	04
		GUARD ALL CHEMICAL CO. INC.	SOUTH NORWALK CT 06856	CT	04
		GUARDIAN POWER CLEANING	FREEMOLD NJ 07728	NJ	03
		GULF OIL COMPANY	PHILADELPHIA PA 19123	PA	01
		GULTON INDUSTRIES INC.	MEUCHEN NJ 08840	NJ	06
		H & S CHEMICAL	WALLINGTON NJ 07057	NJ	08
		HARDMAN INC.	BELLEVILLE NJ 07109	NJ	11
		HATCH CHEMICAL CORP.	FORDS NJ 08863	NJ	06
		HAVEN CHEMICAL	PHILADELPHIA PA 19124	PA	03
		HAVEY INDUSTRIES INC.	WILMINGTON DE 19808	DE	01
		HEWELL INC.	TEANECK NJ 07666	NJ	09
		HERCULES, INC.	WILMINGTON DE 19899	DE	01
		HESS OIL & CHEMICAL CORP.	WOJDSRIDGE NJ 07095	NJ	06
		HIL PURE CHEMICAL	NAZARETH PA 19064	PA	15
		HIGHWAY DISPOSAL	GARMWOOD NJ 07027	NJ	07
		HOFFMAN-LAROCHE, INC.	NUTLEY NJ 07110	NJ	11
		HOLIDAY INN	MEMPHIS TN 38118	TN	07
		HOBARD FUEL CO.	DAYVNE NJ 07002	NJ	14
		HOMMEDICA INC.	RUTHERFORD NJ 07070	NJ	09
		HRIH CONSTRUCTION CORP.	FORT LEE NJ 07024	NJ	05
		HYDROGARDIN RESEARCH INC.	LAURENCEVILLE NJ 08648	NJ	04
		ICI AMERICAS INC.	NEW CASTLE PA 16102	PA	04
		ILFORD INC.	PAHANUS NJ 07652	NJ	09
		IMPERIAL OIL CO.	MORGANVILLE NJ 07751	NJ	04
		IMPORTCO INC.	PISCATAWAY NJ 08854	NJ	06
		INDUSTRIAL & COMMERCIAL REMOVAL SER	NEWARK NJ 07105	NJ	10
		INDUSTRIAL SILVER CO.	NEW YORK NY 10022	NY	15
		INLAND CHEMICAL CORP.	FORT WAYNE IN 46803	IN	04
		INMONT CORPORATION	NEW YORK NY 10036	NY	17
		INTELEX CO.	PRINCETON NJ 08540	NJ	07
		INTEL CORP.	NEW YORK NY 10002	NY	15
		INTER DATA CORP.	OCEANPORT NJ 07075	NJ	03
		INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS MACHINES	ARMONK NY 10504	NY	20
		INTERNATIONAL FLAVORS & FRAGRANCES	NEW YORK NY 10019	NY	17
		INTERSTATE CHEMICAL CO.	NEW BRUNSWICK NJ 08903	NJ	07
		INTERSTATE CORP.	OCEANPORT NJ 07075	NJ	03
		IRON OXIDE CORP.	ELIZABETH NJ 07206	NJ	07
		ITT AVIONICS DIVISION	NUTLEY NJ 07110	NJ	11
		J. BASS & CO., INC.	HAZELTON PA 18201	PA	11
		J. FILIPETTO SANITATION	CHESTER NJ 07930	NJ	12
		J.M. HUBER CORP.	EDISON NJ 08817	NJ	12
		J.T. BAKER CHEMICAL CO.	PHILLIPSBURG NJ 08865	NJ	12
		JAMECO CORP.	NEWARK NJ 07105	NJ	10
		JAMECO INDUSTRIES INC.	MYANDANCH NY 11798	NY	02
		JAMES E. McNULTY	PLAINFIELD NJ 07061	NJ	07
		JAMES P. HJAN INC.	ELMWOOD PARK NJ 07407	NJ	09
		JERSEY SANITATION	EAST BRUNSWICK NJ 08816	NJ	12
		JOHN CONEY, INC.	HARRISON NJ 07029	NJ	08
		JOHN DISSENGURY CO. INC.	RANDOLPH NJ 07869	NJ	05
		JOHN ERICD JISPSAL CO.	CRAWFORD NJ 07016	NJ	07
		JOHN REINER & CO.	CARLSTADT NJ 07072	NJ	09
		JOSEPH LUCAS NORTH AMERICA	ENGLEWOOD NJ 07632	NJ	09
		JOSEPH SCHLITZ BREWING	MILWAUKEE WI 53201	WI	05
		KAY-FRIES INC.	MONTVALE NJ 07645	NJ	05
		KERRY TINES INC.	EDISON NJ 08817	NJ	12
		KEUFFEL & ESSER CO	MORRISTOWN NJ 07960	NJ	12
		KTY OIL CO.	AVENEL NJ 07001	NJ	06
		KNOLL FINE CHEMICAL	NEW YORK NY 10022	NY	15
		KOPPERS COMPANY, INC.	PITTSBURGH PA 15219	PA	14
		KRAFT INDUSTRIES	JERSEY CITY NJ 07307	NJ	14
		KTK CORP.	EDISON NJ 08817	NJ	12
		L & J JRIH CO.	WEST ORANGE NJ 07052	NJ	11
		L.L. CARPENTER & CO.	NEW YORK NY 10022	NY	15

181

5 15 11	SITE NAME	COMPANY NAME	COMPANY CITY/ST/ZIP	CS OT	CU 01 NS
		LAWRENCE McFADDEN CO.	HOLMESBURG PA19136	PA	03
		LAWSON PRODUCTS INC.	FAIRFIELD NJ07006	NJ	11
		LEDERLE LABE	HAVRE DE GRACE MD21078	MD	01
		LEHIGHION ELECTRONICS	LEHIGHION PA18235	PA	11
		LELAND INDUSTRIES	S. PLAINFIELD NJ07080	NJ	06
		LEVER BROTHERS COMPANY	NEW YORK NY10022	NY	15
		LINCOLN METALS PROD.	BRUOKLYN NY11232	NY	13
		LINDEN CHLORINE PRODUCTS	CRANFORD NJ07016	NJ	07
		LINDEN MOTORS FREIGHT	LINDEN NJ07036	NJ	06
		LUMMUS COMPANY	BLOOMFIELD NJ07003	NJ	08
		M & T CHEMICALS, INC.	RAHWAY NJ07065	NJ	06
		M & T CHEMICALS, INC.	RAHWAY NJ07065	NJ	06
		MAAS & WALDSTEIN	NEWARK NJ07104	NJ	10
		MADISON TOWNSHIP	OLD BRIDGE NJ08857	NJ	06
		MADISON TOWNSHIP	OLD BRIDGE NJ08857	NJ	06
		MAKAR TRUCKING INC.	WHIPPANY NJ07981	NJ	12
		MALLINCKRODT, INC.	ST. LOUIS MO63134	MO	02
		MALTHY BISHOP INC.	WINSLOW NJ08095	NJ	01
		MANNON EXCAVATING	FLEMINGTON NJ08822	NJ	12
		MARBON DIVISION	PARKERSBURG WV26101	WV	01
		MARISOL, INC.	MIDDLESEX NJ08846	NJ	07
		MARPAK ASSOCIATES	NEWARK NJ07105	NJ	10
		MARVIN JOYAS, INC.	CHERRY HILL NJ08034	NJ	13
		MATHESON GAS PROD.	GLoucester MA01930	MA	06
		MAYCO OIL & CHEMICAL CO.	BRISTOL PA19007	PA	08
		MCGILLON EXCAVATING	CRANBURY NJ08512	NJ	07
		MCKAYS TRUCKING	UNION CITY NJ07087	NJ	14
		MEADOWS FACILITY PSOT OFFICE	KEARNY NJ07032	NJ	11
		MEARLE CORP.	ROSELLE PARK NJ07204	NJ	07
		MERCER RUBBER CO.	TRENTON NJ08690	NJ	04
		MERCHE & CO, INC.	RAHWAY NJ07066	NJ	07
		METRO CONTAINER CO.	JERSEY CITY NJ07305	NJ	14
		METRO FUEL OIL CO., INC.	RIDGEFIELD NJ07657	NJ	14
		METROPOLITAN PETROLEUM CO.	JERSEY CITY NJ07305	NJ	14
		MEYCEL CORP FINE ORGANICS	LODI NJ07644	NJ	08
		MICHAEL'S IND. DISPOSAL	PISCATAWAY NJ08854	NJ	06
		MIDDLESEX QUALITY CONTAINER & DRUM	SOMERSET NJ07652	NJ	08
		MIDLAND PROCESSING INC.	POMONA NY10970	NY	22
		MIDWEST EMERY FREIGHT SYSTEM INC.	JERSEY CITY NJ07306	NJ	14
		MILLMASTER CHEMICAL CO.	BERKELEY HGTS. NJ07922	NJ	12
		MOBIL CHEMICAL COMPANY	NEW YORK NY10017	NY	15
		MODERN TRANSPORTATION	S. KEARNY NJ07032	NJ	11
		MONARK	PISCATAWAY NJ08854	NJ	06
		MONMOUTH MEDICAL CENTER	LONG BRANCH NJ07740	NJ	03
		MUNROE CHEMICAL CO., INC.	HILTON NY14460	NY	29
		MUNSAUTO COMPANY	ST. LOUIS MO63166	MO	01
		MUNTVALF LABS	DORCHESTER MA02402	MA	11
		MORTON CHEMICAL CO.	CHICAGO IL60606	IL	07
		MORTON THICKOL CORP.	DANVERS MA01923	MA	06
		MR PASJUELL	WEST ORANGE NJ07052	NJ	11
		MUTREE TRUCKING	AVENEL NJ07001	NJ	06
		N & N TRUCKING	NEW BRUNSWICK NJ08903	NJ	07
		NATIONAL BERYLLIA CORP.	HASKELL NJ07420	NJ	12
		NATIONAL STARCH & CHEMICAL CO.	BRIDGEWATER NJ08807	NJ	12
		NATVOR CORP.	HURLINGTON MA01803	MA	07
		NIPERA CHEMICAL COMPANY	HARRIMAN NY10926	NY	22
		NIFE INC.	LINCEN RI02865	RI	01
		NL INDUSTRIES	NEW YORK NY10006	NY	17
		NORDA INC.	EAST HANOVER NJ07936	NJ	11
		NORTH AMERICAN METAL & CHEMICAL	OLD BRIDGE NJ08857	NJ	06
		NORTON & SON INC.	BAYVINE NJ07002	NJ	14
		NU-TEX CORP.	DUNELLEN NJ08812	NJ	12
		OAKLEY SERVICE CO.	METUCHEN NJ09040	NJ	06
		OKONITE	RAMSEY NJ07446	NJ	05
		OLIN CHEMICAL CORPORATION	NEW YORK NY10022	NY	15
		OLIN RESEARCH CENTER	EAST ALTON IL62024	IL	21
		OLINDA PACKAGING	CLIFTON NJ07015	NJ	08
		ORBIT PRODUCTS CORP.	E. HANOVER NJ07936	NJ	11
		ORGANON INC.	WEST ORANGE NJ07052	NJ	11
		ORMOND SHIP	N. BERGEN NJ07047	NJ	14
		ORTHODIAGNOSTICS	HARTMAN NJ08869	NJ	12
		PAMARCO INC.	ROSELLE NJ07203	NJ	07

5 15 17	SITE NAME	COMPANY NAME	COMPANY CITY/ST/ZIP	CS DT	CO DT NS
		PENN CENTRAL RAILROAD	PHILADELPHIA	PA19104	PA 01
		PERK CHEMICAL CO., INC.	ELIZABETH	NJ07202	NJ 05
		PERSONAL PRODUCT CO.	MILLTOWN	NJ08850	NJ 06
		PFIZER, INC.	NEW YORK	NY10017	NY 15
		PHARMACIA FINE CHEMICALS	PISCATAWAY	NJ08854	NJ 06
		PHILIPS DODGE CORP.	NEW YORK	NY10005	NY 17
		PHILADELPHIA QUARTZ CO.	BUTLER	NJ07405	NJ 08
		PHILLIP A. HUNT CHEMICAL CO.	PALISADES PARK	NJ07650	NJ 14
		PIERCE ROOFING CO.	WEST ORANGE	NJ07052	NJ 11
		PISCATAWAY DISPOSAL	SUMERVILLE	NJ08876	NJ 07
		PLINY BOWES	STAMFORD	CT06904	CT 04
		POINT PLEASANT HOSPITAL	POINT PLEASANT	NJ08742	NJ 03
		POLAROID CORPORATION	CAMBRIDGE	MA02139	MA 08
		POLYMER MATERIALS INC.	FARMINGDALE	NY11735	NY 04
		POPE CHEMICAL COMPANY	PATERSON	NJ07514	NJ 08
		PRATT & WHITNEY AIRCRAFT	L. HARTFORD	CT06108	CT 01
		PRINCETON NURSERY	PRINCETON	NJ08540	NJ 07
		PROCELINE CORP.	NEW BRUNSWICK	NJ08903	NJ 07
		PROCTOR & GAMBLE	CINCINNATI	OH45201	OH 01
		PUBLIC SERVICE ELECTRIC & GAS	NEWARK	NJ07101	NJ 10
		PVU INTERNATIONAL INC.	SAN FRANCISCO	CA94111	CA 06
		QUAKER CHEMICAL COMPANY	CONSHOCKEN	PA19428	PA 17
		R & R SANITATION SERVICE	MT. FREEDOM	NJ07970	NJ 12
		R.M. EAKIN, INC.	LEESPORT	PA19533	PA 06
		RAIAC RESEARCH CORP.	BRONXLYN	NY11211	NY 11
		RAPID DISPOSAL SERVICE	MIDDLESEX	NJ08846	NJ 07
		RAY GUYS TRAILER COURT	FORT LEE	NJ07024	NJ 05
		RCA	SOMERVILLE	NJ08876	NJ 07
		REAGENT CHEMICAL & RESEARCH CO.	MISSLESEX	NJ08846	NJ 07
		RENEIS CO.	BERKELEY HGTS.	NJ07922	NJ 12
		REICHOLD CHEMICALS, INC.	CARTERET	NJ07000	NJ 06
		REITER DRUM & BARREL	YONKERS	NY10705	NY 19
		REVERT COPPER & BRASS	NEW YORK	NY10016	NY 15
		REYNOLDS METALS COMPANY	AVENEL	NJ07001	NJ 06
		RHEM MANUFACTURING CO	LINDEN	NJ07036	NJ 06
		RICHARDS TRUCKING	ENGLISHTOWN	NJ07726	NJ 03
		RIVERVIEW HOSPITAL	RED BANK	NJ07701	NJ 03
		ROLLINS ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES	WILMINGTON	DE19899	DE 01
		ROPAID PAPER CORP.	BRONXLYN	NY11211	NY 11
		RUSSELL WEID	EAST HILLSTONE	NJ08873	NJ 07
		RUSSELL-STANLEY CORP.	WOODBRIDGE	NJ07095	NJ 06
		RUTGERS THE STATE UNIV. NEW JERSEY	NEW BRUNSWICK	NJ08903	NJ 07
		RYCOLINE SOLVENT & CHEMICAL CO.	CLIFTON	NJ07012	NJ 08
		S. L. W. TRUCKING	JERSEY CITY	NJ07305	NJ 14
		S.A.M. TRUCKING	CHESTER	NJ07930	NJ 12
		S.B. PENICK COMPANY	NEWARK	NJ07114	NJ 10
		SAMSON TANK CLEANING CORP.	PERTH AMBOY	NJ08862	NJ 06
		SANDHUZ INC.	E. HANOVER	NJ07926	NJ 12
		SANTOMER INDUSTRIES	ESSINGTON	PA19029	PA 07
		SCHERING CORP.	KENILWORTH	NJ07033	NJ 12
		SCIENTIFIC CHEMICAL PROCESSING	CARLSTADT	NJ07072	NJ 09
		SCIENTIFIC CHEMICAL PROCESSING	NUTLEY	NJ07110	NJ 11
		SCOTT PAPER CO.	PHILADELPHIA	PA19113	PA 07
		SEALAND ENVIRONMENTAL SERV. ENG.	MILFORD	CT06460	CT 03
		SEALED AIR CORP.	SADDLEBROOK	NJ07662	NJ 09
		SENDURE PRODUCTS INC.	BAY SHORE	NY11706	NY 02
		SETON HALL UNIVERSITY	S. ORANGE	NJ07079	NJ 10
		STEGHOLD CHEMICAL	PENNSVILLE	NJ08070	NJ 02
		SIRA CHEMICAL CO.	LYNDHURST	NJ07071	NJ 11
		SINCLAIR & VALENTINE	DES MOINES	IA50311	IA 04
		SMITH KLINE CORP.	PHILADELPHIA	PA19101	PA 13
		SOLVENT RECOVERY SERVICE	LINDEN	NJ07036	NJ 06
		SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA CHEMICAL CO.	SANTA FE SPRINGS	CA90670	CA 34
		SPENCER KELLOY	BUFFALO	NY14240	NY 33
		SSS CONSTRUCTION	SECACUS	NJ07094	NJ 11
		ST. HENRIAS MEDICAL CENTER	LIVINGSTON	NJ07039	NJ 11
		ST. JOE PAPER CO.	S. HACKENSACK	NJ07606	NJ 09
		STANDARD SPILL OF NEW JERSEY	LINDEN	NJ07036	NJ 06
		STANDARD TANK CLEANING CORP.	RAYONNE	NJ07002	NJ 14
		STANDARD TOOL & MANUFACTURING	LYNDHURST	NJ07071	NJ 11
		STANLEY JETTY INC.	ROYERSFORD	PA19468	PA 05
		STARLET TRADING	N. BERGEN	NJ07047	NJ 14

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STATE	COMPANY NAME	COMPANY CITY/ST/ZIP	CS DT	CO 01 NS
	STAUFFER CHEMICAL	WESTPORT	CT06880	CT 05
	STEPAN CHEMICAL	MAYWOOD	NJ01107	NJ 09
	STEPAN CHEMICAL COMPANY	HORDENTOWN	NJ08505	NJ 04
	SUN CHEMICAL CO.	NEW YORK	NY10011	NY 15
	SUNRISE FASHIONS INC.	N. BERGEN	NJ07047	NJ 14
	TAPPAN TANKER	WESTCHESTER	NY10706	NY 19
	TAD LABORATORIES	POUGHKEEPSIE	NY12603	NY 01
	TENNICO CHEMICAL COMPANY	SADDLE BROOK	NJ07662	NJ 09
	TEXACO, INC.	WHITE PLAINS	NY10690	NY 20
	TEXAS-OS CHEMICAL CO.	PORT NECHES	TX77651	TX 09
	THIOL CHEMICAL CORP	CARTERS	NJ07008	NJ 06
	THOM BROTHERS CO.	METUCHEN	NJ08140	NJ 06
	TOMS RIVER CHEMICAL CORP.	ST. LOUIS	MO63144	MO 02
	TUCK INDUSTRIES	TOMS RIVER	NJ08753	NJ 13
	U.S. METAL REFINERY	NEW ROCHELLE	NY10802	NY 20
	U.S. SAMICA CORP.	CARTERET	NJ07000	NJ 06
	UNION CARBIDE CORPORATION	RUTLAND	VT05701	VT 01
	UNION TEXTILE MAJOR CONSULTANTS	NEW YORK	NY10017	NY 15
	UNIROVAL, INC.	SECAUCUS	NJ07094	NJ 11
	UNITED CARTING CO.	NEW YORK	NY10020	NY 15
	UNITED STATES LINES	FAIRVIEW	NJ07022	NJ 09
	UNITED STATES RADION	NEW YORK	NY10048	NY 17
	UNIVERSAL SANITATION CORP.	MORRISTOWN	NJ07960	NJ 12
	UOP, INC.	BRONX	NY10474	NY 18
	UPJOHN COMPANY	DES PLAINS	IL60016	IL 06
	VAMP CHEMICALS RESOURCES CORP.	KALAMAZOO	MI49001	MI 03
	VANGUARD TRANSPORTATION	SAYREVILLE	NJ08872	NJ 06
	VENTON CHEMICAL	CARTERET	NJ07008	NJ 06
	VILLAGE GESSPOIL	DANVERS	MA01923	MA 06
	VINLAND CHEMICAL	HICKSVILLE	NY11801	NY 04
	W.M. ANDREWS COMPANY	VINLAND	NJ07350	NJ 02
	WAGNER ELECTRIC CORP.	BERGENFIELD	NJ07621	NJ 09
	WALL THERMO, INC.	PARSEPPANY	NJ07055	NJ 11
	WALLER-KRONE & CO., INC.	AVENUE	NJ10001	NJ 05
	WALTON ENTERPRISES	SADDLEBROOK	NJ07662	NJ 09
	WATSON CHEMICAL CO.	SPRINGTOWN	NY11771	NY 03
	WENGLER CHEMICAL	NEW YORK	NY10011	NY 15
	WESTERN UNION	NEW YORK	NY10003	NY 17
	WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC	NEW YORK	NY10003	NY 17
	WHITE CHEMICAL	BIRMINGHAM	NJ07603	NJ 00
	WHITE ROSE CO.	DAYTON	NJ07012	NJ 14
	WINTHROP LABORATORIES, INC.	LINDEN	NJ07016	NJ 03
	WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS	MYERTOWN	PA17047	PA 16
	WITCH CHEMICAL CO.	NEW HAVEN	CT06511	CT 03
	WORLDWIDE SCRAP METALS	NEW YORK	NY10017	NY 15
	Z & W MADA	CLARK	NJ07066	NJ 07
		PRINCETON	NJ08540	NJ 07

ETHAN ALLEN FURNITURE CO.
COCA-COLA COMPANY
JOHNSON & JOHNSON
N.J. DEP
SETON HALL UNIVERSITY
MAXWELL HOUSE
HOLIDAY INN
POLAROID CORPORATION
MCGRAW HILL
REVLON, INC.
GREYHOUND BUS COMPANY
SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO.
EDISON TOWNSHIP HEALTH DEPT.
CBS RECORDS

BURROUGHS CORPORATION
GTE SYLVANIA
GENERAL ELECTRIC CORP.
N.J. DEPARTMENT OF LAW
FORD MOTOR COMPANY
AMERICAN STANDARD
IBM CORPORATION
RCA
MONMOUTH MEDICAL CENTER
KNIGHT-RIDDER NEWSPAPERS
K-MART CORPORATION
DIAMOND CRYSTAL SALT CO.
WILSON SPORTING GOODS
BAUSCH & LOMB

There appears to be a great deal of misunderstanding -- in state and federal legislatures, in the media and public -- about how much revenue and from which sources funds should be collected for the cleanup of abandoned hazardous waste sites.

There has also been little recognition that responsibility for the problem of waste sites spreads far beyond the two industries -- chemical and oil -- which have paid virtually all of the state Spill Fund and federal Superfund tax.

The U.S. EPA compiled a list of "potentially responsible parties" at Superfund sites across the nation. Potentially responsible parties are businesses and individuals the agency believes are responsible for creating the problems at these sites. About 6,000 businesses from at least 33 major manufacturing industries, in addition to state, local and federal government agencies, have been identified by the EPA at these sites.

The above listing is a sample of those industries and agencies. A complete listing is attached. As indicated, nearly every sector of U.S. industry is represented. Only a handful of these firms, however, the chemical and oil companies, support the state Spill Fund and federal Superfund through a feedstock tax.

It is the position of the CIC/NJ that the base of taxation must reflect this scope of contribution. The idea that the feedstock tax best embodies the "polluter pays" principle is utter nonsense. The "polluters" consist of virtually everyone; from petrochemicals to universities to food processing to newspaper printers.

The state legislature must recognize that all manufacturing firms contribute to the problems of abandoned hazardous waste sites -- and all must pay for the cleanup.

THIS LIST REPRESENTS EPA'S PRELIMINARY FINDINGS ON THE IDENTITIES OF POTENTIALLY RESPONSIBLE PARTIES. INCLUSION ON THIS LIST DOES NOT CONSTITUTE A FINAL DETERMINATION CONCERNING THE LIABILITY OF ANY PARTY FOR THE HAZARD OR CONTAMINATION AT ANY CERCLA SITE

A

A & A ANDERSON TANK SERVICE
 A & B CONTAINER CORP
 A & E SEWER & SEPTIC TANK SRVC.
 A & F MATERIALS
 A & H CONSTRUCTION
 A & J TOOL & FINDINGS COMPANY
 A & Z SEPTIC CLEANERS
 A BETTER SANITATION SERVICE
 A T & T TECHNOLOGIES, WESTERN ELEC
 A. B. DICK COMPANY
 A. E. STALEY MANUFACTURING CO.
 A. J. ZIDA
 A. O. SMITH CORP.
 A. CAPUANO BROTHERS, INC.
 A.E. STALEY MANUFACTURING CO.
 A.FIORI
 A.G.A. PARTNERSHIP
 A.J. KNOTT TOOL & MFG. CO.
 A.J. SPARKS & CO.
 A.M. GENERAL CORPORATION
 A.O. SMITH CORP.
 A.R. BELL, INC.
 A.R. GUNDRY, INC.
 A.R. WILEY AND SONS, INC.
 A-M INTERNATIONAL, INC.
 A-ONE BT & TOOL COMPANY
 A-1 CHROME, INC.
 A-1 DISPOSAL CORP.
 A-1 FIBERGLASS
 AAA TANK
 AASCO OIL COMPANY
 AAR CORPORATION
 AARDVARK ASSOCIATES, INC.
 ABBOT MACHINE
 ABBOTT LABORATORIES
 ABBY DRUM COMPANY
 ABC REFUSE
 ABCO INDUSTRIES
 ABCOR
 ABELL ELEVATOR CO.
 ABEX CORPORATION
 ABITIBI-PRICE CORPORATION
 ABLE UNIFORM FENTAL
 ABM DISPOSAL SERVICE CO.
 ABNER CROSS
 ABS INDUSTRIES, INC.
 ABSOLUTE FIRE PROTECTION CO.
 ACCRA-PAC, INC.
 ACCURATE FORMING
 ACCURATE PARTS
 ACCURATE RACK CO.
 ACE GALVANIZING COMPANY
 ACE OIL COMPANY
 ACE-MANZO, INC.
 ACETO CHEMICAL COMPANY, INC.
 ACF INDUSTRIES, INC.
 ACME ENGINEERING & MANUFACTURING
 ACME INTER-CITY FREIGHTLINES
 ACME OIL COMPANY
 ACME PRINTING INK COMPANY
 ACME SANITARY & SEWER SERVICE
 ACME SCRAP IRON & METAL CO.
 ACME SERVICES
 ACME TAG COMPANY
 ACME UNITED CORP.
 ACORN EQUIPMENT
 ACTION AUTOMOTIVE
 ACTION ENTERPRISES, INC.
 ACTION PACKAGING CORP.
 ACTIVE OIL SERVICE
 ACUSHNET CAPACITOR CO.
 ADAMS DRUGS
 ADAMS PLASTICS
 ADAPTO STEEL PRODUCTS
 ADICHEM CORP.
 ADDISON PRODUCTS COMPANY
 ADMIRAL CORPORATION
 ADOLPH COORS COMPANY
 ADVANCE CIRCUITS
 ADVANCE COATING COMPANY
 ADVANCE ELECTROPLATING, INC.
 ADVANCE HARD CHROME INCORPORATED
 ADVANCE MACHINE
 ADVANCE PACKAGING
 ADVANCE PROCESS SUPPLY CO.
 ADVANCE STRUCTURES, INC.
 ADVANCED BOWLING SYSTEMS, INC.
 ADVANCED ENVIRONMENTAL TECH CORP
 ADVANCED PRODUCTS GROUP
 ADVANCED STRUCTURES, INC.
 ADVENT CORP
 AERODEX, INC.
 AERO-MOTIVE MANUFACTURING CO.
 AERQUET STRATEGIC PROPULSION CO.
 AERQUET-GENERAL CORP
 AERONCA, INC.
 AERONUTRONIC FORD CORP
 AEROCUP CORPORATION
 AEROSCIENTIFIC CORPORATION
 AEROVOX INC.
 AETC
 AETNA CHEMICAL CORP.
 AFCO INDUSTRIES, INC.
 AG-AMERICAN, INC.
 AGARD, INC.
 AGNEW STEEL COMPANY
 AGROCHEMICAL CO.
 AGWAY, INC.
 AHTS COAL CORPORATION
 AIDEX CORPORATION
 AIR CARRIER ENGINE SERVICE, INC.
 AIR PRODUCTS AND CHEMICALS, INC.
 AIRCO, INC.
 AIRD SERVICES, INC.
 AIRTRAK DYNAMICS, INC.
 ALIX HARDWARE CORP
 ALIX STAMPING COMPANY
 ALI
 ALKON CITY HOSPITAL
 ALTON EQUIPMENT COMPANY
 ALTON GENERAL MEDICAL CENTER
 ALUSCOL
 ALCANADA BYPRODUCT CORPORATION
 ALACAC'S INC.
 ALASKA ENVIRONMENTAL INDUSTRIES
 ALASKA MARINE TRUCKING COMPANY
 ALASKAN COPPER WORKS
 ALBANY INTERNATIONAL CORP.
 ALBANY INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH CO
 ALBAR INDUSTRIES, INC.
 ALBEROX CORPORATION
 ALBERT FUCHS
 ALBERT SALEM
 ALBUQUERQUE PUBLISHING
 ALCAN ALUMINUM CORP.
 ALCAN CANADA PRODUCTS, LTD
 ALCAN METAL PRODUCTS
 ALCO INDUSTRIES, INC.
 ALCO PACIFIC MINING, INC.
 ALCOLAC, INC.
 ALEX A. SOCKOLSKY
 ALEXANDER CUTHBERTSON
 ALFA INK & CHEMICAL CORPORATION
 ALKON PRODUCTS DIVISION
 ALL COUNTY ENVIRONMENTAL SERV CORP
 ALL COUNTY SEPTIC
 ALL PURPOSE FOLL LEAF
 ALL STRIP, INC.
 ALL-FORTIONS, INC.
 ALL-STEEL, INC.
 ALLEGHENY COLLEGE
 ALLEGHENY LUDLUM STEEL CORPORATION
 ALLEN INDUSTRIES, INC.
 ALLEN J. MILLER
 ALLEN JEWELRY
 ALLEN-BRADLEY COMPANY
 ALLIED CORPORATION
 ALLIED DOOR, INCORPORATED
 ALLIED DRUM SERVICE, INC.
 ALLIED FINISHING SPECIALTIES
 ALLIED FETTO PRODUCTS, INC.
 ALLIED RESINS CORPORATION
 ALLISON MITCHELL TRANSFER COMPANY
 ALLOY INDUSTRIES, INC.
 ALLOYTEK, INC.
 ALLYN TRANSPORTATION COMPANY
 ALMA PRODUCTS CO.
 ALMO ANTI POLLUTION SERVICES
 ALMO, INC
 ALPHA CHEMICAL CORP
 ALPHA ENVIRONMENTAL, INC.
 ALPHA METALS INC.
 ALPHA PORTLAND CEMENT CO.
 ALTEC SOUND PRODUCTS DIVISION
 ALTO-TRONICS
 ALTRON CORP
 ALTS AND WITZIG ENGINEERING
 ALUMAX ALUMINUM CORPORATION
 ALUMAX MILL PRODUCTS, INC.
 ALUMIN-ART PLATING COMPANY
 ALUMINUM BILLETS DIVISION
 ALUMINUM COMPANY OF AMERICA
 ALUMINUM PROCESSING CORP.
 ALUMINUM SHAPES, INC.
 AM ENVIRONMENTAL
 AMALGAMATED SERVICES
 AMAX EXTRACTIVE RESEARCH & DEV. INC
 AMAX WESTERN HEADQUARTERS
 AMAX-HUNTER ENGINEERING COMPANY
 AMAX, INC.
 AMBASADOR FACTORS
 AMCHEM PRODUCTS, INC.
 AMERACE CORPORATION
 AMERADA HESS CORP.
 AMERICAN AEROSOLS, INC.
 AMERICAN AIR FILTER
 AMERICAN AIRLINES
 AMERICAN BEARING CORPORATION
 AMERICAN BILTRITE
 AMERICAN BOILER WORKS
 AMERICAN BOOK-STRATFORD PRESS, INC.
 AMERICAN BRASS & ALUMINUM
 AMERICAN CAN COMPANY
 AMERICAN CAN OF CANADA, LTD
 AMERICAN COATED FABRICS CO.
 AMERICAN COIL AND SPRING CO.
 AMERICAN COLOR AND CHEMICAL CORP
 AMERICAN CREOSOTE WORKS, INC.
 AMERICAN CYANAMID COMPANY
 AMERICAN CYANAMID/STANDARD COATED
 AMERICAN DISPOSAL SERVICE
 AMERICAN ECOLOGICAL RECYCLE RESH
 AMERICAN ELECTRIC, INC.
 AMERICAN ELECTRONICS, INC.
 AMERICAN FARM LINES, INC.
 AMERICAN FINISH & CHEMICAL CO.
 AMERICAN FLANGE COMPANY
 AMERICAN FURNITURE STRIPPING
 AMERICAN GREETINGS CORP.
 AMERICAN HOECHST CORPORATION
 AMERICAN HOIST
 AMERICAN HOSPITAL SUPPLY CORP.
 AMERICAN INDUSTRIAL, INC.
 AMERICAN INDUSTRIES, INC.
 AMERICAN INKS & COATINGS CORPORATN
 AMERICAN LAQUER, SOLVENTS CO MIAMI
 AMERICAN LATEX CORPORATION
 AMERICAN LAUNDRY/BUSSMAN MFG.
 AMERICAN LEISURE HOLDING CORP
 AMERICAN METASEAL COMPANY
 AMERICAN MINERAL SPIRITS CO., INC.
 AMERICAN MONITOR CORPORATION
 AMERICAN MOTORS CORP.
 AMERICAN OPTICAL CORP
 AMERICAN POWER DEVICES
 AMERICAN PRINT HOUSE
 AMERICAN PROCESSING COMPANY, INC.
 AMERICAN PRODUCTS CO., INC.
 AMERICAN RECOVERY CO., INC.
 AMERICAN RENOVATING COMPANY
 AMERICAN ROLLER CO.
 AMERICAN SAFETY
 AMERICAN SIGN&ADVERTISING SERVICES
 AMERICAN SMELTER & REFINING CO.
 AMERICAN STAMPING CO.
 AMERICAN STANDARD
 AMERICAN STEEL CORPORATION
 AMERICAN STERILIZER CO.
 AMERICAN SUNROOF
 AMERICAN SURPLUS SALES CO.
 AMERICAN SYNTHETIC RUBBER CORP
 AMERICAN TAR
 AMERICAN TRAILERS, INC.
 AMERICAN WASTE OIL
 AMERICAN WASTE PROCESSING
 AMERITONE PAINT CORPORATION
 AMEROCK CORP
 AMERON, INC.
 AMESBURY PLASTICS
 AMETEK, INC.
 AMEX, INC.
 AMF, INC.
 AMFAC FLUID POWER
 AMI INDUSTRIES, INC.
 AMICON CORPORATION
 AMINOIL USA, INC.
 AMITCO FLOORING
 AMKO PLASTICS INC.
 AMOCO CHEMICALS CORPORATION
 AMOCO CORPORATION
 AMP INCORPORATED
 AMPEREX ELECTRONICS CORPORATION
 AMPLEX CORPORATION
 AMSCO - 2026
 AMSTAR CORPORATION
 AMT
 AMTEL, INC.
 AMTUX
 AMTRAK MECHANICAL DEPARTMENT
 AMWAY CORPORATION
 ANACONDA COMPANY, WIRE & CABLE
 ANACONDA IND INC/MAGNET WIRE & CAB
 ANACONDA INDUSTRIES
 ANADITE, INC.
 ANALOG DEVICES
 ANCHOR HOOKING INTERNATIONAL CORP.
 ANCHOR MOTOR FREIGHT
 ANCHOR POST PROD., INC. OF CA
 ANDERSON DEVELOPMENT CO.
 ANDERSON POWER PRODUCTS
 ANDERSON TANK & MFG. CO.
 ANDERSON WOOD PROD
 ANDOVER TOWNSHIP
 ANDOVER VILLAGE
 ANDREW BROWN
 ANDREW DRESLINSKI
 ANDY FIORE & SONS
 ANGELL MANUFACTURING CO., INC.
 ANGELO ROSE
 ANGELO SOTTANTI
 ANN ARBOR BIOLOGICAL CENTER, INC.
 ANN ARBOR R.R.
 ANO PLATING, INC.
 ANSLEY ELECTRONICS
 ANSON TOOL AND GAGES INC.
 ANSON, INC.
 ANTHONY AMEDAI
 ANTHONY CAPUANO
 ANTHONY HOME SERV & BLDG MAINT INC
 ANTON MOHRKE
 APACHE MINERALS
 APEX OIL COMPANY, INC.
 APM, INC.
 APOLLO METALS, INC.
 APOLLO TECHNOLOGIES, INC.
 APPLETON PAPERS, INC.
 APPLIED CIRCUITS
 APPLIED TECHNOLOGY
 APPROVED DRAIN OIL SERVICE
 APPROVED INDUSTRIAL REMOVAL, INC.
 AQUA AIR CORPORATION
 AQUA TECH
 AQUAFLEX U.C.O. OPTICS, INC.
 AQUARIUS SOFT LENS
 AQUASPORT, INC.

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY LISTING OF POTENTIALLY RESPONSIBLE PARTIES AT CERCLA SITES AS OF 11/25/85

AQUATECH CORPORATION
ARAPHOE CHEMICALS, INC.
ARCHER RUBBER CO.
ARCHIE SIMON
ARCO CHEMICAL COMPANY
ARCO METALS COMPANY
ARDEN CLARK
ARDEN JEWELRY MFG.
ARGO PAINT & CHEMICAL CO.
ARJIS CHEMICAL CORP.
ARJIS, INC.
ARISTOCRAFT
ARK DELIVERY
ARKANISAS BEST CORPORATION
ARK A INDUSTRIES, INC.
ARWRIGHT, INC.
ARWUX COMPANY
ARWUX, INC.
ARWUX STEEL CORP.
ARWUX, INC.
ARWUX LEATHER CO.
ARMSTRONG CORK COMPANY
ARMSTRONG WORLD INDUSTRIES
ARNOLD Cellophane Corp
ARNOLD FULMER
ARNOLD WEINER, ESQ.
ARROW ENTERPRISES, INC.
ARROW AUTOMATICS
ARROW AUTOMOTIVE INDUSTRIES
ARROW GROUP INDUSTRIES, INC.
ARROW TANK TRUCK, INC.
ARROWHEAD ENTERPRISES INC.
ART GRASS & PLATING WORKS
ART FAIRE DIVISION FOX VALLEY CORP
ART WILLMAN & SON TRUCKING
ARTHUR G. MOORE & COMPANY
ARTHUR O. GORMLEY, JR.
ARTHUR W. LOREZ, JR.
ARTHURS & ASSOCIATES
ARTISAN INDUSTRIES INC.
ARTISTS GARDENS
ARVEY CORPORATION
ARVIN INDUSTRIES
ARVYL
ARYWAY INDUSTRIES
ASAMERA OIL (US), INC.
ASARCO, INC.
ASESTOS MANUFACTURING CO.
ASBURY OIL COMPANY, INC.
ASBURY TANKER SERVICE
ASHBORNE CORPORATION
ASHLAND CHEMICAL COMPANY
ASHLAND ETHANOL, INC.
ASHLAND OIL, INC.
ASHLAND REALTY DEVELOPMENT CORP.
ASHLAND SERVICES COMPANY
ASHTABULA ANIMAL HOSPITAL
ASHTABULA CO. JOINT VOC. SCHOOL
ASHTABULA CO. SEPTIC & WASTE, INC.
ASHTABULA COUNTY COURT HOUSE
ASHTABULA COUNTY RECLAIMED LANDS
ASHTABULA COUNTY WASTE, INC.
ASHTABULA GAS AND OIL CO.
ASHTABULA RUBBER CO.
ASHTABULA TOWNSHIP PARK COMMISSION
ASHWORTH PLASTICS PRODUCTS CO.
ASKO PROCESSING, INC.
ASSOCIATED INVESTMENT PROPERTIES
ASSOCIATED MARBLE CO.
ASSOCIATED SPRING CORP.
ASSOCIATED TRUCK LINES, INC.
ASSOCIATES CORPORATION
ASTATIC CORPORATION
ASTEN HILL
ASTRO CIRCUIT CORP
ASTRO CONTAINER CORP.
ASTRO INDUSTRIES
ASTRO OIL COMPANY
ASTRO-SCIENCE CORPORATION
ASTROPAC CORPORATION
AT&T
ATC PETROLEUM, INC.
ATCHESON TOPEKA & SANTA FE RAILROAD
ATEC ASSOCIATES
ATEC INDUSTRIES, INC.

ATF DAVIDSON
ATHENS PRODUCTS CO.
ATI CHEM-SPRAY, INC.
ATI INDUSTRIES
ATKINS & MERRILL
ATLANTIC AVIATION CORP.
ATLANTIC DISPOSAL SERVICE INC.
ATLANTIC ENVELOPE CO.
ATLANTIC RICHFIELD COMPANY
ATLANTIC RICHFIELD PETROLEUM PROD.
ATLANTIC TUSING & RUBBER COMPANY
ATLAS COVERALL, INC.
ATLAS GALVANIZING COMPANY
ATLAS PAINTS & VARNISH CO.
ATWOOD VACUUM MACHINE CO.
AUCURN HIGH SCHOOL
AUDIOMAGNETICS CORP. OF INDIANA
AUGAT, INC.
AULNER MANUFACTURING INC.
AURORA CASKET COMPANY, INC.
AURORA NATIONAL BANK
AURORA-SUL LABORATORIES
AUSTIN COMPANY
AUTO WAREHOUSING CO.
AUTO-ION CHEMICALS, INC.
AUTOCLAVE ENGINEERS INC.
AUTOMATED PRODUCTS, INC.
AUTOMATIC CONNECTOR INC.
AUTOMATION INDUSTRIES, INC.
AUTOMOBILE SPECIALTIES CORP.
AWANTI PRODUCTS CORP.
AYCO CONSTRUCTION
AYCO CORPORATION
AYCO EVERETT RESEARCH LABORATORY IN
AVERY INTERNATIONAL CORP.
AVERY INTERNATIONAL/THERMAX DIV.
AYON PRODUCTS, INC.
AYONDALE SHIPYARDS
AYTECH CORPORATION
AYTEX FIBERS, INC.
AYX, INC.
AXELSON, INC.
AXTON-CROSS CHEMICAL
AXTON-CROSS COMPANY
AYDIN RAYTOR
AZCON CORPORATION
AZON
AZOPLATE
AT ALL AMERICAN SEPTIC SERVICE

B

B & B PAINT CORP.
B & C PLATING COMPANY
B & L IND. SERVICE
B & M MACHINE COMPANY
B & T PLASTIC FINISHING CO.
B & W INVESTMENT COMPANY
B. C. FERRY CORPORATION
B. FLOWER AND SUN HONEY CO.
B.B. GREENBERG COMPANY
B.F. GOODRICH COMPANY
B.F. MOORE COMPANY
B.J. & R. MACHINE AND GEAR CO.
B-B PAINT CORPORATION
B-C-D METAL PRODUCTS INC.
B-J DISTRIBUTORS
BABBITT STEAM SPECIALTY CO.
BASOCK & WILCOX
BASSON DOW MFG. CO.
BACON INDUSTRIES, INC.
BADGER CO.
BADGER RESEARCH LAB
BADISCHE CORPORATION
BAGCRAFT CORPORATION OF AMERICAN
BAILEY'S POWER CAR CLEAN
BAIRD & MCGUIRE, INC.
BAIRD REALTY CO., INC.
BAKE RITE BAKING COMPANY, INC.
BAKER PERKINS, INC.
BALFOUR PARK
BALKEMA SAND & GRAVEL, INC.
BALL CORPORATION
BALL CORPORATION - CONSTRUCTION MFG
BALL METAL CONTAINER GROUP
BALON CORPORATION

BALTIMORE ADHESIVE CO., INC.
BALTIMORE GAS AND ELECTRIC CO.
BANGOR PUNTA MARINE
BAPTIST FOUNDATION OF TEXAS
BARBARA CAMILLE
BARDETH-GREENE CO.
BARDIER SUPPLY
BARCLAY CHEMICAL COMPANY, INC.
BARCLAY INDUSTRIES
BARKER CHEMICAL COMPANY
BARKER MANUFACTURING COMPANY
BARKER OIL
BARNET WATERS
BARON SLAKESLEE
BARRELL, INC.
BARNETT VARNISH CO.
BARRY BLOWER COMPANY
BARRY D. COOK
BARTHEL COMPANY, INCORPORATED
BARTON SILVERPLATING COMPANY
BASE MATERIALS, INC.
BASF SYSTEMS
BASF WYANDOTTE CORP.
BASIC INDUSTRIES, INC.
BASIN RADIATOR & SUPPLY
BATES MANUFACTURING CO.
BATESVILLE CASKET COMPANY, INC.
BATH IRON WORKS CORPORATION
BATTERSPEG LABORATORIES, INC.
BATTLE CREEK EQUIPMENT COMPANY
BAUSCH & LOMB
BAY COAST INDUSTRIES
BAY HEAD PRODUCTS
BAYLINER MARINE CORPORATION
BAYNOR LUMBER & DRUM
BAYSIDE DISPOSAL
BAYSIDE MOTOR SPORTS
BAYSIDE RESEARCH CORP.
BE-KAL, INC.
BEACH GROVE STAGING
BEACON FAST FREIGHT CO., INC.
BEATTICE CHEMICAL (STAHL) FINISH
BEAUFORT CO. BD OF DIR
BEAUFORT CO. DEPT OF EDUC
BEAUTY CRAFT TILE OF THE S.W., INC.
BECHTEL-MCLAUGHLIN, INC.
BECK COMPANY
BECK ENGRAVING
BECKER TRANSPORT
BECKWITH MACHINERY CORPORATION
BECO PRODUCT
BEETON DICKINSON & CO.
BEE CHEMICAL
BEEBEE RUBBER COMPANY
BEEDE WASTE OIL CORPORATION
BELCHER NEW ENGLAND, INC UNION OIL
BELDEN CORPORATION
BELDING PRODUCTS CORPORATION
BELL & HOWELL CO.
BELL AEROSPACE TETRON
BELL LABORATORIES
BELL LUMBER AND POLE COMPANY
BELL WIRE COMPANY
BELLEVILLE INDUSTRIES
BELLEVUE SCHOOL DISTRICT
BELLOFRAM CORP
BEMIS BAG
BEMIS COMPANY, INC.
BEMIS CORPORATION
BEN STONER
BEN-MONT CORPORATION
BENDER & LOUDON
BENDIX CORP./ALLIED CORP.
BENDIX CORPORATION
BENEFICIENT CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH
BENJAMIN BARBER
BENJAMIN MOORE & COMPANY
BENJAMIN MOORE PAINTS
BENNETT BOX AND PALLET COMPANY, INC.
BENZONOID ORGANICS, INC.
BER-MAR CORPORATION
BERGEN MACHINE & TOOL
BERGEN PATTERSON CORPORATION
BERKELEY CHEMICAL CO.
BERKS ASSOCIATES, INC.

BERLIN & FARRO LIQUID INGNL, INC.
BERNARD ARONOFF
BERNARD B. AND GERTRUDE V. JOHNSON
BERNARD L. MILLER
BERNARD R. SENTER
BERNARDUS-POUGHKEEPSIE, INC.
BERNE TUBE PRODUCTS
BERO CONSTRUCTION
BEROL CORP/BEROL PRODUCTS DIV
BERTAM YACHT-DIVISION OF WHITTAKER
BEST DISPOSAL & DRUM SERVICE
BEST FOOD DIVISION
BEST LOCK
BESTIE MANUFACTURING COMPANY
BETHLEA LUTHERAN HOSPITAL
BETHLEA STEEL
BETTY DUL
BETZ LABORATORIES, INC.
BEVERLY LEATHER
BEVLYN
BFGOODRICH CHEMICAL DIVISION
BIDDLE SAWYER
BIDDLE SCREW PRODUCTS
BERLEN BUILDING MOVERS
BERENSON PRODUCTS
BIG CHIEF TRUCKLINES, INC.
BIG JOHN'S SALVAGE, INC.
BIG O TIRE STORE
BIG THREE INDUSTRIES, INC.
BIGLOW-MACFADDEN SEPTIC TANK SYSTEMS
BILL CLIFF
BILL G. BOYER
BILL MILLER AND COMPANY, INC.
BILL SCHWAB
BILL'S RENTON REMOVAL
BLANKING PLAZA, THE
BLANKY & SMITH, INC.
BIO-ECOLOGY SYSTEMS, INC.
BIO-RESEARCH CONSULTANTS, INC.
BIOGRAPH LABORATORIES
BISCANNE DECORATIVE PRODUCTS, INC.
BISHOP, INC.
BISSELL, INC.
BIXCEL PAINT
BLACK & DECKER MANUFACTURING CO.
BLACKER BROTHERS, INC.
BLACKBARK CHEMICAL CO.
BLACKSTOCK COMPANY
BLASER TRUCK COMPANY
BLATZ PAINT COMPANY
BLM ELECTRONICS, INC.
BLULEY ELECTRIC
BLODGETT MEMORIAL MEDICAL CENTER
BLOOMINGTON HEROLD TELEPHONE
BLUE BARREL DISPOSAL
BLUE BIRON SPORTS
BOB MOORE OILWELL SERVICE
BOBBY E. BOLIN
BOC GROUP INC.
BOCHER TRUCKING
BOCHER & ASSOCIATES, INC.
BOCHER COMPANY
BOCHER VERTOL
BOFORS LAKEWAY, INC.
BOHM HEAT TRANSFER
BOHNS ALUMINUM
BOHNS CASCADE CORPORATION
BOHNS ENGINEERING CORP.
BOHNSWELL, INC.
BOONE BOX CO.
BOOTH, INC.
BOOTH MANUFACTURING
BORDEN & REMINGTON
BORDEN INC./CHEMICAL DIVISION
BORDEN, INC./LEY DIVISION
BORG-WARNER CHEMICALS, INC.
BORG-WARNER CORP.
BORG-WARNER CORP. BYRON JACKSON D
BORIS TRUCKING
BOROUGH OF WALLINGTON
BORSEKOFF & ASSOCIATES, INC.
BOSTITCH, INC.
BOSTON AND MAINE RR CORP.
BOSTON CITY HOSPITAL

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY LISTING OF POTENTIALLY RESPONSIBLE PARTIES AT CERCLA SITES AS OF 11/25/85

BOSTON EDISON
BOSTON INSULATED WIRE & CABLE SYST
BOSTON WHALER INC.
BOULDER SCIENTIFIC COMPANY
BOUMA-BETHEM
BOURNS, INC.
BOYES SEALFAST
BOYMAR INSTRUMENT CORP.
BOYLE-MIDWAY, INC.
BOYLES GALVANIZING CO.
BOYSEN PAINT COMPANY
BPC COMPANY, INC.
BRADFORD-WHITE CORPORATION
BRADY TRUCK PARTS & LETTERING CO.
BRAMER KITCHENS/BRAMER GORDON C.
BRAMER CONSTRUCTION
BRAND-REX COMPANY
BRASHELMAN CORP.
BRENNAN INC.
BRENNAN EXCAVATION
BRENNER TANK COMPANY
BRIAN CONSTRUCTION
BRIDGEPORT GRASS COMPANY
BRIDGEPORT MACHINE
BRIDGEPORT RENTAL & OIL SVCS., INC.
BRIGGS MANUFACTURING COMPANY
BRIGHT-O-INC
BRIDGEMOUNT, INC.
BRISTOL COUNTY WATERWORKS
BRISTOL LABORATORIES BRISTOL-LAYERS
BRITANN PRODUCTIONS
BROADWAY MACHINE & MOTOR SUPPLY
BROOKHOUSE CORP.-DOUGLASS LUM.
BROOKWAY GLASS
BROOXY AND BROOXY
BROWN PLATING COMPANY
BROOKDALE SHORTE
BROOKSIDE CORPORATION
BROTHERS BODY & PAINT, INC.
BROWN COUNTY
BROWN & BIGELOW
BROWN & ROOT, INC.
BROWN FAMILY LTD
BROWN FORTMAN (BGGG)
BROWN FORTMAN DISTILLERY
BROWN PAINTING
BROWN SHOE CO.
BROWN STONE INN
BROWN YOUNG
BROWNING FERRIS IND. CHEMICAL SERV
BROWNING FERRIS IND. OF OHIO, INC.
BROWNING FERRIS IND. OF TEX., INC.
BROWNING FERRIS INDUSTRIES OF LA
BROWNING FERRIS INDUSTRIES, INC.
BROWNING MANUFACTURING COMPANY
BROYHILL FURNITURE INDUSTRIES
BRUBAKER TOOL CORPORATION
BRUCE A. WHITTEN
BRUCE BARFON
BRUCE CARTAGE CO.
BRUCE DIAMOND CORPORATION
BRUCE EDWARDS
BRUCE FOX
BRUCE HAMILTON
BRUCE KENNEDY SAND & GRAVEL
BRULIN & CO., INC.
BRUNDAGE
BRUNING PAINTING COMPANY
BRUNINI, GRANTHAM, GROWER & HEWES
BRUNNER ENGINEERING
BRUNS DROS. CO., INC.
BRUNSWICK CORP., MACGREGOR DIV.
BRUNSWICK CORPORATION
BS & B ENGINEERING COMPANY
BSC INDUSTRIES
BT ENERGY CORP.
BUPOSE OIL COMPANY, INC.
BUCK'S OF UPLAND
BUCKEYE EARS COMPANY
BUCKET SHOP, INC.
BUCKEYE CELLULOSE CORPORATION
BUCKEYE DISPOSAL COMPANY, INC.
BUCKLEY OIL COMPANY OF DALLAS
BUCKMAN LABORATORIES, INC.
BUCCYRUS ERIC

BUCCYRUS ERIC COMPANY
BUDD COMPANY
BUFFALO MOLDED PLASTIC, INC.
BUFFELEN WOODWORKING COMPANY
BUILDING TECHNICIANS COMPANY
BUNKY CONSTRUCTION
BULLDOG OIL CO.
BUNDY CORP.
BUNDY CORP. - TUBING DIV.
BUNKER RAMO-ELECTRA CORP.
BURDICK & JACKSON LABORATORIES, INC.
BURNESS LEATHER CO.
BURKE HALL CO.
BURLINGTON EDISON HIGH SCHOOL
BURLINGTON INDUSTRIES
BURLINGTON NORTHERN RAILROAD
BURLINGTON NORTHERN, INC.
BURRILLVILLE CESSPOOL
BURROUGHS CORPORATION
BURST RANGE VALVE CO.
BURTON FIRE DEPT.
BURWOOD PRODUCTS CO., INC.
BUSCH'S GARAGE
BUSH BROTHERS PLATING SERVICE
BUSSEY'S PUMPING SERVICE
BUTLER MANUFACTURING COMPANY
BUTYKEN INDUSTRIES
BY-PRODUCT MGMT, INC.

C
C & D BATTERIES DIVISION
C & F STAMPING COMPANY, INC.
C & H DEVELOPMENT
C & H OIL DISTRIBUTORS
C & S MOTORS
C & V PAINT
C. GEORGE LAND RECLAMATION TRUST
C.D. COTTRELL CORPORATION
C.D. PATRICK AND SONS
C.E. BRADLEY LAB, INC.
C.E. INVALCO
C.E. LUMBUS COMPANY
C.E. MATCO
C.J. OGDONNE CHEMICALS, INC.
C.J. ROGERS CONSTRUCTION CO.
C.L. MATHANAY & SONS CORP.
C.M. LABORATORIES, INC.
C.RAY RANDALL CORPORATION
C.T. CORPORATION
C.W. MARSH COMPANY
C.W. ZUMMEL CO.
C&P TELEPHONE COMPANY WEST VIRGINIA
C-C SUPPLY
CADOT CORPORATION
CADDURY COMPANY
CADILLAC CAUSE
CAIRO FABRICATION
CAL-DIX INDUSTRIES, INC.
CAL-DUCAN METALLURGICAL SERVICES
CALINK DIVISION OF FLINT INC. CORP.
CALIXY CHEMICAL
CALGON CORPORATION
CALPICO CHEMICALS, INC.
CALIFORNIA AVIATION CORP.
CALIFORNIA ELECTROPLATING COMPANY
CALIFORNIA METAL DRAINING COMPANY
CALIFORNIA PRODUCTS CORPORATION
CALSTRIP STEEL CORPORATION
CALT, INC.
CAM INDUSTRIES, INC.
CAM-HOR, INC.
CAMASS COMPANY, INC.
CAMDEX CORPORATION
CAMERIDGE THERMIONIC CORPORATION
CAMERIDGE TOOL & MFG. INC.
CAMDEN PAINT AND LACQUER COMPANY
CAMDEN WARE
CAMERO PRODUCTS CO.
CAMERON L. RAND
CAMR. DRESTER & MCKEE, INC.
CAMPELL SOAP COMPANY
CAN MANUFACTURING CO.
CAN, INC.
CANADIAN FOREST PRODUCTS LIMITED
CANADYNE-GEORGIA CORP.

CANNON'S ENGINEERING CORPORATION
CANNON'S INC.
CANNON'S INDUSTRIES, INC.
CANRON, INC.
CAPCO TRUCKING
CAPE CO.
CAPE FEAR WOOD PRESERVING CO., INC.
CAPITAL CHEMICAL COMPANY
CAPITAL CIRCUITS CORP.
CAPITAL MAGNETICS
CAPITOL GREASE COMPANY
CAPITOL MAGNETICS
CAPITOL MANUFACTURING CO.
CAPITOL MOLDING
CAPPER, NEAL LAND & DEVELOP. CORP IN
CAPRI PUMPING SERVICE
CAR-GO BATTERY COMPANY
CARBORUNDUM
CARDINAL INDUSTRIES
CARGILL, INC.
CARL P. WALLACE & COMPANY
CARL P. WALLACE LAND TRUST
CARL RAY BARKER
CARL SITERA
CARL'S EXXON
CARLING NATIONAL BREWERIES, INC.
CARLISLE CORPORATION
CARLISLE SCREW CORP.
CARLISLE'S
CARLSON PLASTICS
CARMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT
CARMIELLA MANZO
CARMOODY CORPORATION
CARMINATION COMPANY
CAROL F. PRICE
CAROL M. HANBY
CAROLANN COMPANY
CAROLYN FAY
CARPENTER BODY WORKS
CARPENTER AIR CONDITIONING
CARPENTER CORPORATION
CARROLL PRODUCTS, INC.
CART CONTROL CORPORATION
CARTER PAINT CO., INC.
CARTER-WALLACE, INC.
CARTERS'S ROAD OILING
CASCADE CHEMICAL COMPANY
CASCADE PLATING CO., INC.
CASCADE POLE/MCFARLAND CASCADE
CASCO CHEMICAL CO., INC.
CASE HOYT CO.
CASEK SHELLS, INC.
CASPER MACHINE COMPANY
CAST FORGE
CATALYST & CHEMICAL COMPANY
CATALYST TECHNOLOGY, INC.
CATO OIL AND GREASE
CATX TERMINALS DIVISION
CBA, INC.
CBS RECORDS
CBS, INC.
CECIL HEILDEBERGER
CECOS
CECOS INTL
CELCOTE COMPANY
CELANESE CHEMICAL COMPANY
CELANESE COATING COMPANY
CELANESE CORPORATION
CELANESE PLASTICS & SPECIALTIES CO.
CELANESE POLYMER SPC COMPANY
CELOPHANE PRODUCTS CORP.
CELLU-CRAFT, INC.
CELOTEX CORPORATION
CEMCO, INC.
CENTRAL CHEESE COMPANY, INC.
CENTRAL CHEMICAL
CENTRAL FREIGHT LINES
CENTRAL HUDSON GAS & ELECTRIC
CENTRAL ILLINOIS LIGHT CO.
CENTRAL JERSEY CARTING
CENTRAL JERSEY HEMATOLOGY & ASSOC.
CENTRAL MAINE POWER COMPANY
CENTRAL MILL & FUTURE
CENTRAL PHARMACEUTICALS
CENTRAL QUALITY SERVICES

CENTRAL SCREW-KEENE, A MICRODOT CO.
CENTRAL SOLVENTS AND CHEMICAL CO
CENTRAL STEEL BUILDING CO., INC.
CENTRAL TRANSPORT
CENTRALAB
CENTRALAB/GLOBE UNION
CENTRONICS DATA COMPUTER CORP.
CENTURY MANUFACTURING
CERDEN & SON
CERRO VITRE COMPANY
CF&I STEEL CORP.
CHAMBERLAIN MANUFACTURING CORP.
CHAMBERLIN AND BARCLAY, INC.
CHAMBERLIN (DAIRY-PAN)
CHAMBERLAIN ALTO GENERATORS
CHAMBERLAIN CHEMICAL CO.
CHAMBERLAIN INTERNATIONAL CORP.
CHAMBERLAIN PAPER
CHAMBERLAIN SPARK PLUG COMPANY
CHAMBERLAIN STEEL COMPANY
CHAMPLAIN CABLE CORPORATION
CHANCELLOR AND OGDEN, INC.
CHAP LOCKHART
CHAPMAN INDUSTRIAL FINISHES, INC.
CHAPMAN LAMPS
CHAPMAN MANUFACTURING COMPANY
CHAPMAN RUBBER CO.
CHARLES A. & GLORIA A. RICHARDS
CHARLES BERLIN
CHARLES BORNSTEIN
CHARLES DIAL
CHARLES E. ZEISLOFF TRUCKING
CHARLES F. BERGESON, II
CHARLES F. GERMAN
CHARLES GEORGE
CHARLES GEORGE TRUCKING CO., INC.
CHARLES GEORGE, JR.
CHARLES KOTTERER
CHARLES L. HAWKINS, SR.
CHARLES M. BENTON
CHARLES MACHINE WORKS, INC.
CHARLES N. WOOTEN LTD
CHARLES NICHOL
CHARLES PRICE
CHARLES RIVER BREEDING LABS
CHARLES RIVER LABORATORIES, INC.
CHARLES STIMLING
CHARLES TANNER CORPORATION
CHARLES V. FRANGE, INC.
CHARLEVON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT
CHATHAM MILLS
CHASE BAG COMPANY
CHASE PRODUCTS CO.
CHASE SHAWMUT
CHECKER MOTORS CORPORATION
CHELSEA GRINDING COMPANY
CHEM COAT INC.
CHEM CREATIONS, INC.
CHEM LAB
CHEM-CLEAN CORPORATION
CHEM CLEAR-SNAP-TITE
CHEM-DYNE (KOPFERS MAYS)
CHEM-DYNE CORPORATION
CHEM-GRATE CORP.
CHEM-HVET SERVICES, INC.
CHEM-QUID DISPOSAL, INC.
CHEM-SERVE CORPORATION
CHEM-ATHENS, INC.
CHEM-TITE
CHEM-TITE COMPANY
CHEM-TITE CORP.
CHEM-TITE INC.
CHEM-TITE CORPORATION
CHEM-TITE CORPORATION (NUROTOCO)
CHEM-TITE CORPORATION
CHEM-TITE CORPORATION
CHEM-TITE CORPORATION OF LAFAYETTE
CHEM-TITE CORP. INC. SERVICE CO.
CHEM-TITE CORP. CORPORATION
CHEM-TITE DISTRIBUTORS, INC.
CHEM-TITE DYNAMICS
CHEM-TITE LUMBER CORPORATION
CHEM-TITE LUMBER TANK LINES
CHEM-TITE MILLING INTERNATIONAL CORP
CHEM-TITE POLLUTION CONTROL

**U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY LISTING OF
POTENTIALLY RESPONSIBLE PARTIES AT CERCLA SITES AS OF 4/25/05**

CHEMICAL RECOVERY SYSTEMS, INC.
CHEMICAL SOLVENTS
CHEMICAL STRIPPERS
CHEMICAL SYSTEMS, INC.
CHEMICAL WASTE DISPOSAL
CHEMICAL WASTE MANAGEMENT, INC.
CHEMICAL WASTE MANUFACTURING
CHEMICALS & MINERALS RECLAMATION
CHEMNEER, INC.
CHEMTRON CORPORATION
CHEMUNE CORP.
CHEMPLETE CORP.
CHEMWAY COATINGS CORPORATION
CHEMPAC, INC.
CHEMPROL ADHESIVES, INC.
CHEMPROL POLLUTION SERVICES
CHEMPROL SCA SERVICES
CHEMTRON CORPORATION
CHEMTRON INDUSTRIES
CHEMTRON MEDICAL PRODUCTS
CHEM-FUNDS, INC.
CHERRY SEMI CONDUCTOR
CHERRY TRUCKING
CHESSBROUGH-PONDS, INC.
CHESTNUT HILL REALTY TRUST
CHEVRON CHEMICAL COMPANY
CHEVRON USA, INC.
CHHOLD CHEMICALS, INC.
CHICAGO BRIDGE AND IRON
CHICAGO LOOP AUTO REFINISHING
CHICAGO NAME PLATE CO.
CHICAGO NORTHWESTERN RAILROAD
CHICAGO RAINBOW INT'L. CO.
CHICAGO ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC RR CO.
CHICAGO TITLE & TRUST
CHIEFTAIN OIL CO.
CHILDERS PRODUCTS COMPANY, INC.
CHILDRESS ROYALTY COMPANY
CHLOR-WONE CORP.
CHOMERICS, INC.
CHRIS CRAFT INDUSTRIES
CHRIS CRASER
CHRIS GRASER WOODWORKING
CHRIST HOSPITAL
CHRISTINE FARRELL
CHROM ALLOY DIVISION
CHROMIUM COMPANY, INC.
CHROMIUM PLATING COMPANY
CHRYSLER CORP.
CHUCK'S SEPTIC TANK SERVICE
CHURCH OF GOD
CIBA-GEIGY (REN PLASTICS DIV.)
CIBA-GEIGY CORPORATION
CIMARON MANUFACTURING COMPANY
CINCINNATI BOX & PARTITION CO.
CINCINNATI FIBERGLASS, INC.
CINCINNATI GAS & ELECTRIC CO.
CINCINNATI MILACRON CHEMICALS, INC.
CINCINNATI MILACRON MARKETING CO.
CIRCUIT SERVICES
CIRCUIT WISE INC.
CIRCUITS, INC.
CISSEL MANUFACTURING COMPANY
CITATION HOME
CITGO PETROLEUM CORP.
CITIES SERV OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM
CITIES SERVICE OIL AND GAS CORP.
CITIES SERVICE TECH. CENTER
CITIES SERVICES
CITY AND COUNTY OF DENVER
CITY INVESTING CO.
CITY MACHINE
CITY OF ASHTABULA
CITY OF COLBY
CITY OF COLORADO SPRINGS
CITY OF CONNEAUT
CITY OF DENVER/GREENHOUSE
CITY OF DENVER/SCHOOL DISTRICT #1
CITY OF ENGLEWOOD
CITY OF FLINT
CITY OF GOSFLES
CITY OF INDIANAPOLIS
CITY OF IOWA
CITY OF JACKSONVILLE
CITY OF KENTWOOD

CITY OF LAKEWOOD
CITY OF LOS ANGELES
CITY OF MARSHFIELD
CITY OF MEMPHIS
CITY OF MINNEAPOLIS
CITY OF MOSCOW
CITY OF NEWPORT
CITY OF NORMAN
CITY OF SCRANTON
CITY OF STEVENS POINT
CITY OF TEXAS CITY
CITY OF THORNTON
CITY OF WESTMINSTER
CITY STAIR SERVICES, INC.
CJR CHEMICAL CO.
CLADROL, INC.
CLARK CONT COMPANY
CLARK CONTROLS
CLARK EQUIPMENT COMPANY
CLARK HAULERS
CLARK OIL CO., INC.
CLARKSON LABORATORIES
CLAROSTAT MANUFACTURING CO.
CLAYTON PLATING COMPANY
CLEAN VENTURE
CLEAN WATER, INC.
CLEANWAY INDUSTRIES, INC.
CLEMENS, R. F.
CLEMMENT COVERALL COMPANY
CLEMSON AUTOMOTIVE FABRICS
CLEVE RIDER
CLEVELAND ELECTRIC ILLUMINATING CO.
CLEVELAND TINSHOWER COMPANY
CLEVELAND WELDING
CLIFORDS, INC.
CLIFTON AUTO. SCREW MACHINE PRODUCT
CLIFTON CERAM
CLIFTON T. AND CLAUCE R. BURGE
CLORAY CORPORATION
CLONDCLEY COMPANY
CLOVERDALE PAINT
CLYDE L. KLEGER
CLYDE MEDLEY
CLYDE PAINT & SUPPLY COMPANY
CLYDES COMPRESSOR SERVICE
CNC FOUNDATION CO., INC.
CNI CORPORATION
CNY, INC.
COAST TANK SERVICE COMPANY
COASTAL METAL FINISHING, INC.
COASTAL SERVICES, INC.
COASTAL TANK CLEANING, INC.
COASTAL TANK LINES
COASTAL VACUUM SERVICE
COASTAL SERVICES, INC.
COATERS, INC.
COATINGS & CHEMICALS CORP.
CODE LABORATORIES
COCA-COLA COMPANY
COCA-COLA COMPANY FOODS
COCHRAN OIL COMPANY
COBING PRODUCTS, INC.
COCA CESPACOL
COLFMAN EVANS WOOD PRESERVING CO.
COLLAGE PAINTS CO.
COLLIEN CARBON & CHEMICAL CORP.
COLLINS OF DOMOSILE
COLONIAL CHEMICAL
COLONY FURNITURE CO., INC.
COLOR AD PACKAGING COMPANY
COLOR COMMUNICATIONS, INC.
COLOR TECH, INC.
COLOR YOUR WORLD ONECRAFT PAINTS
COLORADO BARRICADE COMPANY
COLORADO BRIMMIS CO., INC.
COLORADO CHEMICAL SPECIALTIES, INC.
COLORADO CIRCUITS CORPORATION
COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
COLORADO DIST. CO., INC.
COLORADO FUEL & HEAT CORP.
COLORADO INDIAN DISPOSAL, INC.
COLORADO ORGANIC CHEMICALS CO., INC.
COLORADO PAINT COMPANY
COLORADO STATE DEPT. OF HIGHWAYS
COLORADO STATE UNIVERSITY

COLORADO TANK LINES
COLORED METALS
COLT INDUSTRIES
COLT INDUSTRIES ENG.
COLT INDUSTRIES
COLT INDUSTRIES/CRUCIBLE STEEL
COLUMBIA BAG & BELT
COLUMBIA CORRUGATED CONTAINER
CORP.
COLUMBIA EQUIPMENT CO., INC.
COLUMBIA MAGNETICS CORP.
COLUMBIA ORGANIC CHEMICAL CO., INC.
COLUMBIA PAINT
COLUMBIA PIPSON & CARBON MFG. CO.
COLUMBIAN STORAGE AND TRANSFER CO.
COMBINO CORP.
COMBUSTION ENGINEERING, INC.
COMBUSTION EQUIPMENT ASSOC.
COMET CHEMICAL CO., INC.
COMET OIL COMPANY
COMMERCIAL AUTO PARTS
COMMERCIAL FILTERS DIV. KENNECOTT
COMMERCIAL FILTERS-CARBONUM
COMMERCIAL SEWERS
COMMERCIAL SHEARING, INC.
COMMERCIAL SOLVENTS CORPORATION
COMMERCIAL STEEL TREATING CORP.
COMMERCIAL VINYL
COMMERCIAL WASTE
COMMONWEALTH CHEMICAL CORP.
COMMONWEALTH EDISON CO.
COMMONWEALTH ELECTRIC CO.
COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS
COMPETITION AUTOMOTIVE
COMPO INDUSTRIES, (STYLETEK, INC.)
COMPO INDUSTRIES, INC.
COMPOSITE TECH ALLOY
COMPOSITE TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION
COMPOSITERS, INC.
COMPOSITIVE CORPORATION
COMPUX COATINGS, INC.
CONOCO
CONCORD LITHO COMPANY
CONCORD REALTY TRUST
CONCRETE INDUSTRIES, INC.
CONCRETE TECHNOLOGY CORP.
CONDUCTOR LASS
CONDUVE, INC.
CONNE MILLS CORPORATION
CONESTOGA PUMPS
CONGREGIUM CORPORATION
CONINGSVILLE PAINT AND VARNISH
CONINGSVILLE PAINT & SUPPLY CO.
CONOCO ALBUQUERQUE TERMINAL/DUKE
CITY
CONOCO, INC.
CONRAIL
CONSERVATION SERVICES, INC.
CONSOLIDATED CASTING CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED CLEANING SERVICE
CONSOLIDATED FREIGHTWAYS
CONSOLIDATED GAS SUPPLY CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED METAL FIN.
CONSOLIDATED PRINTING INK
CONSOLIDATED RAIL CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED TANK LINES
CONSUMER ELECTRONICS DIVISION
CONSUMERS POWER CO.
CONTAINER CORP. OF AMERICA
CONTAINER SERVICE INC.
CONTAINER SPECIALTIES, INC.
CONTINENTAL ADHESION DIVISION
CONTINEX CORP.
CONTINENTAL CAN CO.
CONTINENTAL AIR FILTERS INC
CONTINENTAL CAN CO.
CONTINENTAL CEM CO.
CONTINENTAL COPPER STEEL INDUSTRIES
CONTINENTAL FOREST INDUSTRIES, INC.
CONTINENTAL GROUP, INC.
CONTINENTAL OIL COMPANY, INC.
CONTINENTAL PACKAGING CO., INC.
CONTINENTAL PRODUCTS OF TEXAS
CONTINENTAL STEEL COMPANY
CONTINENTAL TECHNICAL FINISHES CORP.
CONTINENTAL WHITE CAP

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**U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY LISTING OF
POTENTIALLY RESPONSIBLE PARTIES AT CERCLA SITES AS OF 11/25/85**

CROWN PAINT COMPANY
CROWN TRANSPORT COMPANY
CROWN ZELLERBACH CORP.
CROWNECK CORPORATION
CRUCIBLE INC.
CRYOGENIC ASSOCIATION
CRYOMED CORPORATION
CRYSTAL CHEMICAL COMPANY
CRYSTAL CHEMICAL INT'L LTD.
CRYSTALONICS
CSI TECHNOLOGIES, INC.
CTI CORPORATION SYSTEM
CTS MICROELECTRONICS, INC.
CUMMINS WATER SERVICE
CUMMINS ENGINE COMPANY, INC.
CUMMINS ENGINE COMPANY, INC.
CUMMINS ENGINE, INC.
CUMMINS PRESS
CUMEX
CURTIN MATHESON SCIENTIFICS, INC.
CURTIS INDUSTRIES INC.
CURTIS PROCESSING
CURTIS WRIGHT CORP.
CURTIS ASSOC.
CUSTOM CHEMICALS COMPANY
CUSTOM CIRCUITS
CUSTOM COATING AND LAMINATING
CUSTOM DISPOSAL
CUSTOM INDUSTRIAL SERVICE
CUTLER LABORATORIES, INC.
CYCLOPS CORPORATION
CYCLOTHERM DIVISION
CYRIL KINGS

3

D & D BONE
D & H WELDING
D & L PAINT CORPORATION
D & L SERVICES, INC.
D & S PETROLEUM SPECIALISTS
D. MICHAEL MUMM
D. PATRICK AND SONS
D.A. STUART OIL CO OF AMERICA
D.C. FRANCHISE & CO
D.E. LONG & SONS
D.F. HARRIS COMPANY
D.L. ROOKE
D.M. AGUCKT
D.W. JACUAYS MINING CORP.
DBA COASTAL CASTING SERVICE CO
DA-LITE SCREEN
DADE METALS CORP
DAILY HERALD-TELEPHONE
DAL-WORTH INDUSTRIES, INC.
DAL-WORTH PAINT K'FG COMPANY
DALE W. BAKER, ESQ
DALIN MOLD AND MACHINE
DALLAS POWER AND LIGHT
DANA CORP.
DANA CORP., VICTOR PRODUCTS DIV.
DANA MCCARTY
DANECRAFT INC.
DANIEL BROWN
DANIEL F. JACKSON
DANIEL J. CAPUANO
DANTE, INC.
DANVERS CHEMICAL IND
DANVERS MOTOR CO.
DAP, INC.
DAPOL PLASTICS
DARE PACCO, INC.
DART CONTROL
DART INDUSTRIES, INC.
DARYWORTH CORP
DATA ELECTRONICS CORPORATION
DATA GENERAL CORPORATION
DATA I/O
DATA 1000 NORTHERN TELECOM
DATASCOPE CORPORATION
DAVID B. WILLIAMS
DAVID CLARK COMPANY INCORPORATED
DAVID ENGLISH
DAVID HEIDEDERGER
DAVID PARKER ESQ.

DAVID PINSONNEAULT
DAVID W. MARSTON, ESQUIRE
DAVIDSON RUBBER COMPANY INC.
DAVIS M. FINTON
DAVIS WALKER
DAVIS WIFE
DAVISON OIL & GAS CO.
DAVOL INC
DAVS MOLDING & MACHINE
DAY AND NIGHT MANUFACTURING CO.
DAYCO CORPORATION
DAYTON COATINGS AND CHEMICALS
DAYTON MALL FABLE, INC.
DAYTON PRESS
DAYTON TIRE & RUBBER COMPANY
DC CONSTRUCTION CO. INC.
DE LORENZO TWIN COUNTY DISPOSAL INC
DE PUY
DE SOTO SOTT ENAMELING
DEALERS MANUFACTURING CO.
DEARBORN REFINING CO
DEC-RITE, INC.
DECATUR SALVAGE, INC.
DECORATIVE INDUSTRIES, INC.
DEE SIGN CO.
DEFENSE LOGISTICS AGENCY
DEFENSE CIRCUIT CORPORATION
DEFT INC.
DEHART PAINT & VARNISH CO., INC.
DEKALB COMMERCIAL BODY CO.
DEKALTEL
DEL MONTE
DEL MORGAN
DEL PAINT MANUFACTURING COMPANY
DELMARVE CONTAINER COMPANY, INC.
DELMAR PRODUCTS
DELCO ELECTRONICS
DELCO FERRIS AND REFRACTORIES, INC.
DELHART PAINT & VARNISH
DELLER OIL & MOBILE
DELMARVA INDUSTRIAL CORP.
DELNET CORP.
DELLOS CLANCHAD
DELTA ELECTRONICS MFG. CORP.
DELTA FINNET COMPANY
DELTA FERRIS AND REFRACTORIES, INC.
DELTA SMELTING AND REFINING CO. LTD
DELTA TRANSMISSION
DELUX DISPOSAL SERVICE
DELUXE CHECK PRINTERS
DELYCO, INC.
DELMAR RUBBER MANUFACTURING CO.
DENNIS CHEMICAL COMPANY
DENMINSTON CHEMICAL
DENTON PLASTIC PRODUCTS CORP.
DENVER COCA-COLA BOTTLING COMPANY
DENVER FORESTRY AND LANDSCAPING
DENVER POST
DENVER PRECISION PRODUCTS
DENVER SANITARY COMPANY
DENVER WASTE DISPOSAL CO
DENIZER & SHUTTER, INC.
DEPAUL UNIVERSITY
DEPT OF TRANSPORTATION
DESERT ESTATE PROPERTIES
DESIGN ENGINEERING
DEPOTO, INC.
DETREX CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES, INC.
DETROIT BRANCH & MACHINE CORP.
DETROIT COIL COMPANY
DETROIT DIESEL ALUMINUM
DETROIT PLASTIC MOLDING CO.
DETROIT REAMER AND TOOL CO.
DETROIT INDUSTRIES, INC.
DETROIT COMPANY
DETROIT CORPORATION
DETROIT MACHINE COMPANY
DEWE AND FAYOLDS COMPANY
DEWEY, RAY, JR.
DEWEY S. SMITH ESTATE
DEWEY COMPANY AND DIV.
DEWEY PLAYERS CHEMICAL CORP.
DIAN CONTROLS, INC.
DIAL CHEMICALS, INC.
DIAMOND CHINA

DIAMOND CRYSTAL SALT CO.
DIAMOND ENTERPRISES
DIAMOND FLJ.B. SOLVENTS
DIAMOND INTERNATIONAL CORP.
DIAMOND SHAMROCK CORPORATION
DIAPHRAGM INDUSTRIES
DIBELLA SANITATION
DICK VERMILION
DIEBOLD, INC.
DIECAST CORP.
DIEMARKERS
DIEMOLD PLATING COMPANY
DIESEL RECON COMPANY
DIGITAL EQUIPMENT CORPORATION
DIMENSIONAL DESIGNS, INC.
DIMEO CONSTRUCTION
DIP N'STRIP
DIRECT SALES TIRE COMPANY
DISODIN INDUSTRIES CORPORATION
DISPLYTEK CORPORATION
DISTRICT COURT #19
DITTLER BROTHERS, INC.
DIVERSIFIED CONTAINERS, INC.
DIVERSIFIED GLASS PRODUCTS, INC.
DIVERSIFIED PRINTING CORPORATION
DIXCO, INC.—RICHMOND DIVISION
DIXIE CHEMICAL COMPANY, INC.
DIXIE PETROCHEMICAL
DIXIE SOLVENT & CHEMICAL CO.
DIXIE TRUCKING CO., INC.
DIXON CORPORATION
DIXON HARD CHROME, INC.
DLS INDUSTRIES, INC.
DOCK RESINS CORPORATION
DOCK WATCH QUARRY
DODGE MACHINE CO., INC.
DOE & INGALLS, INC.
DOMAG, INC.
DOMINICK BORRELLI
DOMINICK MANGO
DOMINICK PRESTO
DOMINO SALVAGE, INC.
DONALD A. MILLARD, JR.
DONALD A. MILLARD, SR.
DONALD G. OREN
DONALD H. HOFFMAN
DONALD HARTMAN
DONALD LANG
DONALD M. GEORGE OFF
DONALD M. GEORGE OFF D/B/A SUMMIT
DONALD NELSON
DONALDSON COMPANY, INC. (TORID)
DONN CORPORATION
DONZI MARINE
DORAN & ASSOCIATES, INC.
DORETTA F. IVEY
DOROTHY GEORGE
DORTHY KONNIAT
DOSCHING, INC.
DOSCHING, INC.
DOUBLE EAGLE REFINING LUBRICANTS
DOUGLAS FERTILIZER & CHEMICAL INC.
DOUGLAS HANSON
DOVER CHEMICAL CORPORATION
DOVER CORPORATION
DOVER TRUCKING CO., INC.
DOV CHEMICAL USA
DOV CORNING COMPANY
DOV CORNING-OPTHALMICS, INC.
DOV INDUSTRIAL SERVICE
DOVEFLOR CORP.
DOWELL
DOWNTOWN AIRPARK, INC.
DR. FRANCESCO DIMPERIO
DR. JAMES SIRACUSA
DRECHT, INC.
DRAKE CHEMICALS, INC.
DRAVO CORPORATION
DRECE HAINS
DRESSER INDUSTRIES, INC.
DREW CHEMICAL CORPORATION
DREYER ENTERPRISES, INC.
DREHENT COILS, INC.
DREHENT FOILSTIME
DREHENT, INC.

DRILLERS ENGINE & SUPPLY
DRUM SERVICES COMPANY
DRY-VIT SYSTEMS INC.
DRYDENE
DU KILL METAL PRODUCTS
DUBOIS CHEMICALS
DUKE LACS, INC.
DUKE UNIVERSITY
DUN-RITE SERVICE CORP.
DUNCAN ELECTRIC COMPANY, INC.
DUNN EDWARDS CORP.
DURA CHEMIE INDUSTRIES
DURA ELECTRA
DURECORD PRODUCTS COMPANY
DURKOL, INC.
DURPLAC CHEMICAL CORPORATION
DURO TEST CORP.
DUSO CHEM. CO. INC.
DUTCH BOY, INC.
DUTCHESS FOOTWEAR
DUTTON-LANSON CO.
DWIGHT R. JUDSON CO.
DYANCO, P.C.
DYMO GRAPHIC SYSTEM, INC.
DYMO RETAIL SALES
DYNACON CORPORATION
DYNAMIC EXPLORATIONS, INC.
DYNAMICS RESEARCH
DYNATECH CORPORATION
DYSSON-KESSEMAR-MORAN CORP.
DYTEX CHEMICAL CO.

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E & S MARINE SERVICES
E. HEACLEY PAINTING
E. L. DU FONT DE NEMOURS & CO.
E.A. LEONE, E.J. LEONE
E.R. SOMMERH
E.F. HUTTON FOREST MANAGEMENT CORP.
E.H. MARCOS PAINT
E.I. DU PONT DE NEMOURS PHOTO PRODUCTS DEPT.
E.I. GARNER, INC.
E.J. GREEN
E.L. BECHTOLD
E.N. BROWN
E.P.E.
E.R. CARPENTER COMPANY, INC.
E.R. SOUTER & SONS, INC.
E-SYSTEMS, INC.
E.M. LUGGAGENTS, INC.
EADY GEORGE CO.
EAGLE ASBESTO CO.
EAGLE OTTAWA LEATHER CO.
EAGLE PIONEER MINING CO.
EAGLE PIONEER INDUSTRIES, INC.
EAGLEVILLE EXCAVATING
EARL A. FINE, JR.
EARTH INDUSTRIAL WASTE MANAGEMENT
EASON & SMITH, WASTE HAULING
EASON ENTERPRISES
EASON OIL
EAST SHORE CHEMICAL CO., INC.
EASTGAST POLLUTION CONTROL, INC.
EASTERN AIR LINES
EASTERN CASE PARTS
EASTERN FOREST PRODUCTS, INC.
EASTERN LUMBER CO.
EASTERN LACQUER CORP.
EASTERN LUMBER CO., CORP.
EASTMAN KODAK CO.
EASTMAN, INC.
EATON CORPORATION
ECO CORPORATION
ECONOMICS LABORATORY, INC.
ECONOMICS ENTERPRISES, INC.
ECONOMICS
ED RAY COMPANY
ED T. MILLER & SONS, INC.
EDWARDS & SONS, INC.
EDWARDS & SONS, INC.
EDMUND'S CHEMICAL HEALTH DEPT.
EDMUND'S CHEMICAL COMPANY
EDMUND'S STORES
EDMUND'S STORES
EDMUND'S STORES

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY LISTING OF POTENTIALLY RESPONSIBLE PARTIES AT CERCLA SITES AS OF 11/23/85

EDWARD BORKOWSKI
EDWARD H. MARCUS PAINT CO., INC.
EDWARD HINES LUMBER COMPANY
EDWARD L. MCDONALD
EDWARD L. PAYER
EDWARD M. LYNCH, JR.
EDWARD SAVAGE
EDWARD T. CAMILLE
EDWARD W. MCCARTHY III
EDWIN B. MICHAELS
E. & G. INC.
E. & G. ORTEC, INC.
EGYPTIAN LACQUER MANUFACTURING CO.
EISNAY CORPORATION
EISENHOUR CONST. CO.
EKO HOUSEWARES COMPANY
ELANE FICH
ELATESE, THOMPSON & TRAFIELL
ELCO SOLVENTS
ELDRIDGE SANITATION, INC.
ELEANOR V. DAVIS
ELECTRA
ELECTRA MIDLAND CORPORATION
ELECTRIC AUTO-LITE CO.
ELECTRIC POWER RESEARCH INSTITUTE
ELECTRICAL UTILITIES COMPANY
ELECTRO FILMS
ELECTRO SIGNAL LAB, INC.
ELECTRO-OPTICAL INDUSTRIES, INC.
ELECTRO-STATIC PAINTING CORP.
ELECTRO-VOICE, INC.
ELECTRODYNE (DATA MEDCO)
ELECTRON CORPORATION
ELECTRONIC PRODUCTS, INC.
ELECTRONICS CORPORATION OF AMERICA
ELECTRASOLA, INC.
ELFOXIN CORPORATION
ELGIN METAL CASKET CO.
ELJ LILLY
ELJ METAL PRODUCTS
ELJA CORP/ELLI
ELIXIR INDUSTRIES
ELIZABETH E. CARROLL
ELIZABETH GAS COMPANY
ELKEM METALS COMPANY
ELL BEE CHEMICAL COMPANY
ELLEN D. RILEY
ELLES OUTDOOR ADVERTISING
ELLIE J. MALLACON
ELMO T. MALLACON
ELMWOOD TANK CLEANING
ELSA L. WRIGHT
ELSA M. SKINNER
ELTEX CHEMICAL AND SUPPLY
ELTRA CO./WOODSTOCK DIE CASTING
EMCO CHEMICAL, INC.
EMCO WHEATON, INC.
EMCOMITE CORPORATION
EMERSON ELECTRIC CO.
EMERY INDUSTRIES, INC.
EMF CORPORATION
EMHART CORPORATION
EMIL STEVENS
EMCHOM
EMPIRE CONTRACTING COMPANY
ENCO
ENERGY CONVERSION DEVICES
ENERGY RESOURCES COMPANY INC.
ENGELHARD MINERALS & CHEMICAL CORP.
ENGINEERED MOTOR PRODUCTS, INC.
ENGINEERING ENTERPRISES
ENGINEERING RESEARCH, INC.
ENVIRONMENTAL CONS. & CHEM. CORP.
ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION SYSTEM
ENVIRONMENTAL RECOVERY SERVICE
ENVIRONMENTAL WASTE REMOVAL, INC.
EPPON CORPORATION
EQUADORIAN LINES INC.
EQUIPMENT RENEWAL COMPANY
ERDAHL BROTHERS TRUCKING, INC.
ERECO
ERICON
ERIE BRONZE & ALUMINUM
ERIE DISPOSAL, INC.
ERIE MALLEABLE IRON CO.

ERIE PRESS SYSTEMS
ERIE TIMES NEWS
ERIEWAY POLLUTION CONTROL, INC.
ERIEZ MANUFACTURING CO.
ERIK D. RILEY
ERMA OGDORNE
ERNEST DION
ERNEST R. ROTH
ERNEST ST. CLAIR
ERNIE'S EDUCATOR SERVICE
ERSCO WEST COMPANY
ESCELTE MOTO (DYMO RETAIL SYS INC.)
ESSEX CHEMICAL CORPORATION
ESSEX GAS COMPANY
ESSEX GROUP, INC.
ESTECH OIL CO.
ESTECH, INC.
ETHAN ALLEN, INC.
ETHYL CORPORATION
ETONIC, INC.
EUCLID CHEMICAL COMPANY
EUGENE BADGERS TRUCKING
EUGENE COMILON
EUGENE FARRISH
EUREKA PIPE LINE COMPANY
EUREKA TOOL COMPANY
EVANS ELECTRIC SERVICE CENTER
EVANS CHEMICALS INC
EVANS PRODUCTS COMPANY
EVELETH MINES
EVELYN J. BUSS
EVENING TIMES, INC.
EVER-GUARD COATING CORP.
EVERETT SAVAGE
EVERFLEX PRODUCTS, INC.
EVERGREEN INDUSTRIES
EVERSHAM MANUFACTURING COMPANY
EVOX PHILIPS LEASING COMPANY
EX-CELL-O COMPANY/ODORO DIV.
EX-CELL-O CORPORATION
EXCEL CORPORATION
EXCEL FINCHES, INC.
EXETER MACHINE PRODUCTS, INC.
EXIDE SAFETY SYSTEMS ESB INC.
EXOMET, INC.
EXPLOSIVES ENGINEERING CORP.
EXON CHEMICAL
EXON CORPORATION
EXON RESEARCH AND ENGINEERING

F

F. O'CONNOR COMPANY
F.E. MEYER COMPANY
F.R.L. COMPANY
FABERGE, INC.
FABRI-ROAM COMPANY
FABRIC LEATHER CORPORATION
FABRICON AUTOMOTIVE PRODUCTS
FACET CORP.
FACET ENTERPRISES, INC.
FACTORIA MANUFACTURING, INC.
FAIRBANKS MORSE ENGINE DIV.
FAIRBANKS, MORSE & CO.
FAIRCHILD CAMERA & INSTRUMENT CORP.
FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR
FAIRCHILD'S INDUSTRIES-STRATOS DIV.
FAIRFIELD TEXTILE CORPORATION
FAIRMONT RAILWAY MOTORS DIVISION
FAITHWAY INDUSTRIES
FALLETTA EXCAVATING AND PAVING CO.
FARMERS POA
FANSTEEL, INC.
FARMAR-CO
FARADAY, INC.
FARINA BROS.
FARLEY INDUSTRIES, INC.
FARMAN COMPANIES, INC.
FARREL COVERHART CORP.
FARRELL CHEMICAL CORPORATION
FARSTER CONSTRUCTION, INC.
FAULTLESS CASTER
FARRETT PRINTING CORP.
FBI, INC.
FEDDERS CORPORATION
FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION

FEDERAL BUREAU OF PRISONS
FEDERAL CHEMICAL
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTE
FEDERAL DROP FORCE
FEDERAL MOGUL
FEDERAL PACIFIC ELECTRIC CO.
FEDERAL SCREW WORKS
FEDERAL TRANSFER COMPANY
FEDERATED PUBLICATIONS
FELIX PLASTIC RUBBISH REMOVAL
FELKER COS. MFG. COMPANY
FENTON MACHINE AND TOOL
FERROBUILDING PRODUCTS CITRON TE
FERMAL INCORPORATED
FERMICK ENTERPRISES
FERNT. C. LUTEMAN
FERROT BROTHERS, INC.
FERRO CORPORATION
FERROFLUIDICS CORPORATION
FESSLER BOWMAN
FETTE FORD
FIBERCAST CORPORATION
FIBERFORM, INC.
FIBERITE CORP.
FIBERING
FIBRE LEATHER MFG. CO.
FIDELITY ELECTRONIC PLATING, INC.
FIDIS CO
FIDLE DOOR COMPANY
FIDELITY SERVICES CO.
FINE CANDY COMPANY
FINCHES UNLIMITED, INC.
FINCHING UNLIMITED
FINCKING
FINE KING MURPHY MANUFACTURING
FINE STONE INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTS
FINESTONE PLASTICS
FINESTONE CHEMICALS PLUMBER LATEX CO.
FINESTONE WIRE AND CABLE COMPANY
FINESTONE WIRE AND CABLE
FIRST NATIONAL MANAGEMENT CORP.
FIRST VALLEY BANK
FISH CHEMICAL
FISHER CORPORATION
FISHER SCIENTIFIC CO.
FISHER-CALO CHEM. & SOLVENTS CORP.
FISKE COTTONERS REFINING CO.
FISONS, INC.
FITTING VALVE AND CONTROL CORP.
FIVE C'S (I) AUTO PARTS
FLEETLINE /AUTOMOTIVE
FLEETWOOD FURNITURE COMPANY
FLEMINGTON BLOCK & SUPPLY CO.
FLETCHER OIL COMPANY
FLETCHER PLASTICS
FLEXBAR CORP.
FLINT HIDE CO.
FLINT HITE CORPORATION
FLINT HITE CORP.J
FLINT PARK & RECREATION BOARD
FLINT STEEL CORPORATION
FLINTEX OIL CO.
FLO-TEX, INC.
FLOCK INDUSTRIES
FLOOUL-POLLY S COLOR CORP.
FLORIDA POWER AND LIGHT CO., INC.
FLORIDA RECLAMING
FLORENCE CHOE STR. CO./CINCINNATI
FLOW INDUSTRIES
FLOYD'S EQUIPMENT CO., INC.
FLUID CHEMICAL CO., INC.
FLUID POWER COMPANY
FLX CORPORATION
FLY IN TONEL
FLX CORPORATION
FLM DESIGN, INC.
FOLEY MANUFACTURING CO.
FONTHA SEWER AND CESSPOOL SERVICE
FOOD CHEMICAL & RESEARCH LABS
FORD AERONAUTICS CORP.
FORD AEROSPACE & COMMUNICATIONS CORP.
FORD GLASS PLANT
FORD MOTOR COMPANY & PHILCO FORD
FORDVILLE CABINET CO.
FORE RIVER WAREHOUSING

FOREMOST ENGINEERING, INC.
FOREMOST FOODS
FOREMAN, HANCKSON, INC.
FOREST CITY MILLON
FOREST SIGNATION, INC.
FORTH FORD PAINTS
FORMICA CORPORATION
FORMOSA PLASTICS, INC.
FORNEY ENGINEERING
FORNEY, W. BUCK, INC.
FORSTER CONSTRUCTION CO.
FORT WYNE POOL EQUIPMENT, INC.
FOUR OIL CO.
FOURING KLEISER
FOURING CHEMICALS, INC.
FOURING FEED AND SEED
FOURING GRANT CO., INC.
FOURING SEPTIC TANK CLEANING
FOURING CORPORATION
FOURING INDUSTRIES, INC.
FOURING

F. S. S. AUTO SUPPLY
F. S. S. COMPANY
FOX WILSON
FOXWOOD COMPANY
FOXWOOD, INC.
FRAM CORPORATION
FRANK HILL MACHINE
FRANK APPARMOFF
FRANK ENTERPRISES, INC.
FRANK FOGU, JR.
FRANK G. FARREL
FRANK J. PUMILIA
FRANK J. SZEMORE, II, ESQ.
FRANK H. BUNDY
FRANK MUGGIO BUILDER
FRANK POWEROY
FRANK REGRAUW
FRANK KNEVICH, DENISE HENDRIC
FRANK KNEVICH, JR.
FRANK KNEVICH, SR.
FRANK PUMPING SERVICES, INC.
FRANK'S MANUFACTURING
FRANK MILLER JR. TRUCKING CO.
FRANK NEWBY ENTERPRISES
FRANK SIMON
FREEDRICK SHAFFER REALTY TRUST
FREEDRICK H. LEVEY CO
FREEHOLD CARTAGE
FREEKOTE (CONTOUR CHEMICAL CO.)
FREEMAN CHEMICAL CORPORATION
FREEMAN OIL
FREEHOLD CARTAGE
FREIGHT SPEED INC
FREIGHTLINER CORPORATION
FREIGHT LIMITED, INC.
FREIGHT PROCESSING, INC.
FREIGHT'S OIL COMPANY
FREIGHT SOURCES INC.
FREIGHT TECH, INC.
FREIGHT CORPORATION
FREIGHTS AND FRIES
FREIGHT & CO.
FREIGHT INDUSTRIES, INC.
FREIGHT GLUTSCH
FREIGHT DOODGE & OLCOTT INC.
FREIGHT BLDG. & CONSTR. CO.
FREIGHT LEASING, INC.
FREIGHT AIRLINES
FREIGHT LAKES
FREIGHT PAINT AND OIL CORPORATION
FREIGHT CORPORATION
FREIGHT TRAILER DIVISION
FREIGHT ENERGY CORP.
FREIGHT SOLVENTS
FREIGHT DISPOSAL
FREIGHT GREEN PAINT COMPANY
FREIGHT INDUSTRIES, INC. EBONITE DI
FREIGHT CITY BROADCASTING CO
FREIGHT COMPONENTS
FREIGHT CORP/HERBERT CHEMEMER
FREIGHT PAINT & LACQUER

**U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY LISTING OF
POTENTIALLY RESPONSIBLE PARTIES AT CERCLA SITES AS OF 11/25/85**

G

G & B OIL PRODUCTS
G & F STEEL SUPPLY, INC.
G & F CONSTRUCTION
G & R SCREW MACHINE PRODUCTS, INC.
G & W NATURAL RESOURCES GROUP
G. FELSENFELDE & SONS, INC.
G. S. PLOTTETT INT'L CORP.
G.B. INTERNATIONAL
G.B. MANUFACTURING CORPORATION
G.T.L. (FORDS BRANCH)
G.W. GALLAGHER CORP.
G. WAGNER, INC.
GARDEN EMERALD DENTAL SERVICES CO.
GARDEN CORPORATION
GARDEN PRODUCTS COMPANY
GALLAGHER INDUSTRIAL LAUNDRY, INC.
GALLOPHER LAND TRUST
GALVESTON COUNTY HEALTH DEPT.
GAMBLE BROTHERS
GAMWELL CORPORATION
GAMLEN CHEMICAL CO.
GAMES CHEMICALS, INC.
GAS POCO
GARDEN STATE DISPOSAL
GARDNER-BENNER COMPANY
GARLAND & ALLISON
GAROLD EYONIN
GARRETT CORP.
GARVINICKERSON, EQ.
GARY WATSON
GAS PRODUCTS EQUIP. FACILITY
GAST MANUFACTURING CORPORATION
GATES ENGINEERING
GATES FLEXI-FLEX
GATES FLOBER COMPANY
GATEWAY DISPOSAL
GATEWAY SAFETY PRODUCTS, INC.
GATEX CORPORATION
GAULNER OIL COMPANY, INC.
GAZETTE PUBLISHERS CO., INC.
GCB, INC.
GENERAL ALUMINUM PLANT
GENERAL AMERICAN TRANSPORTATION CO.
GENERAL BATTERY CORPORATION
GENERAL CABLE (IN TELEPHONE DIV.)
GENERAL CABLE CORP.
GENERAL CHEMICAL CORP.
GENERAL CIRCUITS
GENERAL COATINGS CORP.
GENERAL COOPER CO. COMPANY
GENERAL DYNAMICS
GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY
GENERAL ELECTRIC SPEC. MOTORS
GENERAL ENGINES
GENERAL FILTERS, INC.
GENERAL FOODS CORPORATION
GENERAL INSTRUMENT COMPANY
GENERAL IRON WORKS
GENERAL LATEX
GENERAL LATEX & CHEMICAL CORP.
GENERAL METALS OF TAMOMA, INC.
GENERAL METALS, INC.
GENERAL MILLS, INC.
GENERAL MOTORS CORPORATION
GENERAL MOTORS CORPORATION—DELCO
GENERAL OIL CO.
GENERAL POLYMERS
GENERAL PORTLAND CEMENT CO.
GENERAL PRINTING CO.
GENERAL PRINTING INK
GENERAL REFRACTORIES CO.
GENERAL RUBBER AND TIRE COMPANY
GENERAL SCANNING INC.
GENERAL STEEL & WIRE CO.
GENERAL SWITCH CO., INC.
GENERAL TELEPHONE CO. OF CALIFORNIA
GENERAL TIRE & RUBBER COMPANY
GENERAL VENTURE MARK CO.
GENERAL WAREHOUSE
GENERAL WOODWORK AND LUMBER
GENEVA INTERNATIONAL HOSPITAL
GENEVA PRODUCTS
GENEVA RUBBER COMPANY
GENEVA WASTE & PAPER COMPANY

GEOCHEM, INC.
GEOHAUTICS, INC.
GEONETICS CORPORATION
GEOPHYSICAL RESEARCH
GEORGE B. DEHN COMPANY
GEORGE EDWARDS
GEORGE E. LEAHY
GEORGE F. CAGNEY COMPANY
GEORGE G. CAGNEY COMPANY
GEORGE H. & JUANETTE Z. BEAULIEAU
GEORGE H. VAIL
GEORGE INDUSTRIES
GEORGE K. DEWINTER
GEORGE L. MALL & CO., INC.
GEORGE MACINTOSH COMPANY
GEORGE MILLS COMPANY
GEORGE R. THOMAS
GEORGE S. CARRINGTON CO./GESCAR COR
GEORGE S. COMIE CHEMICAL CO., INC.
GEORGE STRIMBERGE
GEORGE W. DUMMER
GEORGE W. STUBER
GEORGE W. WHITEHEADS COMPANY, INC.
GEORGIA PACIFIC CORPORATION
GERALD D. PERRY
GERALD MOORE & SONNE MOORE
GERALDINE F. NEIL
GERMAN OVERSEAS SECURITY SERVICES
GERMANIAN OVERSEAS SERVICES CORP.
GERRIT VAN DER
GESCAR CORPORATION GEORGE S. CARRIN
GETTY OIL COMPANY
GETTY PETROLEUM MARKETING CO
GHZ ELECTRONICS (LOCAL CORP.)
GIACOMO, INC.
GIANNINO FRATTINI
GIBERT FRIEDSON COMPANY
GIBERT STEVENS COMPANY
GILLETTE COMPANY
GILMER MACHINE SERVICES
GILMORE AND OLSEN COMPANY
GILMORE BROTHERS, I.C.
GIOWARD, INC.
GIRARD PLASTICS CO., INC.
GLADIER SAND & GRAVEL CO.
GLASTHOPE CORPATED
GLASUNT MEDICAL, INC.
GLASSER SUPPLY CORPORATION
GLENDALE SERVICE STATION
GLENNALL CO.
GLENN COATINGS & RESINS COMPANY
GLENN ELEMENTS GROUP
GLENN-CHRYSE
GLUE & FINISHES, "INC."
GLOBAL PLASTICS CORPORATION
GLOBE (LUNGO TESTING CO.)
GLOBE UPGRADE, INC.
GLOBE INDUSTRIAL SERVICES, INC.
GLOBE MANUFACTURING
GLOBE UNION, INC.
GLOBE UNION, INC. GEL/COLL INDUST.
GLOBE VALVE COMPANY
GLOUCESTER TURNING
GLYCO CHEMICALS, INC.
GOODARD'S PUMPING SERVICE
GODFREY MFG. CO.
GOFSE ADRESCH
GOLF, INC.
GOLD COAST OIL CORP.
GOLD FIELDS MINING CORPORATION
GOLD PROBE ELEVATOR
GOLD SHIELD SOLVENTS
GOLDMAN TITANIUM CORP.
GOOD HOPE TIMBERS
GOODHILL RUBBER CO.
GOODWIN ENTERPRISE CORPORATION
GOODWIN TIME & RUBBER COMPANY
GOODWIN WHEELS CO.
GOODWIN WHEELS, INC.
GOODWIN INDUSTRIES
GORDON, H. FAYO
GOLD ORION SYSTEMS DIVISION
GOULD, INC.
GOULD, INC., CIRCUIT PROTECTION DIV
GOVERNOR CORPORATION

GRACE CARLOADING, INC.
GRACO, INC.
GRAHAM ELECTRONICS
GRAHAM MANUFACTURING CO., INC.
GRAND LAKES CONTAINER CORP.
GRAND RAPIDS DIE CASTING COMPANY
GRAND RIVER RUBBER & PLASTICS CO.
GRAND TRUCK WESTERN RAILROAD
GRAND TRUCK RAIL SYSTEM
GRANITE REFINEMENTS/L CORPORATION
GRANT STEEL LIQUID DISPOSAL CO
GRANTMAN, INC.
GRANTING BELCOR COMPANY
GRANTING CONTROLS CORPORATION
GRANTING METALS, INC.
GRANTING COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC WKS
GRANLEY INTERNATIONAL, INC.
GRAY FOND REALTY TRUST
GRAY SLAY
GREAT DAY DISPOSAL SERVICE
GREAT DAYE TRAILERS
GREAT FALLS PRODUCT CO.
GREAT LAKES CARBON CORP.
GREAT LAKES CONSTRUCTION INC.
GREAT LAKES CONTAINER CORP.
GREAT LAKES GAS TRANS. CO.
GREAT LAKES STEEL CO.
GREAT NORTHERN OIL CO.
GREAT PLAINS BAG CORP.
GREAT SOUTHERN LIFE INSURANCE CO
GREAT WESTERN WOODWORKS
GREEN HICKORY TOWER COMPANY
GREENHILL, INC.
GREENHILL COMPONENTS CORPORATION
GREENHILL PRODUCTS CORPORATION
GREENHILL CHEMICAL CO.
GREENHILL BUS COMPANY
GREENHILL
GREENHILL TRANSPORT, INC.
GREENHILL WASTE REMOVE SERVICE
GRETE MANUFACTURING CO.
GROWLAND RESOURCES CORPORATION
GROWER T. COLUMBIA
GROWER, INC.
GRUHAM LAST SPACE
GRUHAM CORPORATION
GRUHAM FLEXIBLE CORPORATION
GRUHAM OIL CO., INC.
GTE SERVICE CORPORATION
GTE SYSTEMS
GUARANTEE EXTERMINATORS, INC.
GUARD ALL CHEMICAL CO., INC.
GUARDIAN CORPORATION
GUARDIAN POWER CLEANING
GUARDMAN CHEMICALS, INC.
GULFORD INDUSTRIES
GULF & WESTERN INDUSTRIES, INC.
GULF & WESTERN MANUFACTURING CO.
GULF CHEMICAL & METALLURGICAL
GULF COAST GALVANIZING
GULF COAST PREMIAX TRUCKING COMPANY
GULF COMPANIES
GULF FLEET SUPPLY VESSELS, INC.
GULF OIL CHEMICALS CO
GULF OIL CORPORATION
GULF RESOURCES AND CHEMICAL CORP
GULF SOUTH PETROLEUM CORPORATION
GULF STATES UTILITIES COMPANY
GULFON INDUSTRIES, INC.
GUMPHSON BROTHERS TANNERY
GURNEY J. RUCH
GUY V. JOHNSON
GUY COLLYN M. STRINGFELLOW

H.R. FULLER COMPANY
H.S. BUEHLERS
H.K. PORTER COMPANY, INC.
H.M. LIQUIDATING CO.
H.S. CROCKER CO., INC.
H.S. GRANGER OF LEOMINSTER, INC.
H.W. LOUD COMPANY
H.H. ROBERTSON CO.-CONOVERSVILLE DIV.
H.M. PRUM
H-C INDUSTRIES
HAMPTZ AUTO FARMET COMPANY
HAMPTON MASON, INC.
HAMS CANNET, INC.
HAC CORPORATION
HARDY PRINTED CIRCUITS
HADJO, INC.
HALCOX RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT
CORP.
HALCONSO GROUP, INC.
HALCONSO GROUP, INC.
HALE COMPANY
HALES SERVICE AND SUPPLIES
HALLIE JUTON COMPANY
HALLJEUTHON SERVICE COMPANY
HALOCARBON PRODUCTS CORPORATION
HALSTEAD INDUSTRIES
HAMMOND BROTHERS, INC.
HAMMILL & HAYES CO., INC.
HAMMOND GLASS
HAMMOND PLASTICS
HAMMILL TOOL CO.
HAMMILL WILL PAPER CO.
HAMMOND MACHINERY, INC.
HAMMER CHEMICAL CO.
HAMMOND INDUSTRIAL WASTE MANAGING
HAMMY & HAMMON TUBE CO.
HANCOCK OILFIELD CONSULTING CORP.
HANCOCK INDUSTRIES CORPORATION
HANCOCK ENERGY SYSTEMS
HANCOCK MANUFACTURING CO., INC.
HANCO COMPANY
HANCO ASSOCIATES
HANCO MINING
HANCOR CORPORATION
HANCE-HANSON COMPANY
HANDITE MANUFACTURING COMPANY
HANDINGTON MANUFACTURING COMPANY
HANDMAN COLORS CORPORATION
HANDLO DILLITT
HANDLO MOLDINGS LIMITED
HANDLO SHANE
HANDLINGTON RICHARDSON, INC.
HANDLO SERVICES TRUCKING COMPANY
HARRISON & CROSSFIELD, LTD.
HARRISVILLE KALBACH
HARRISON TOWNSHIP
HARRIS, DEWESE
HARRIS & CHEMICAL COMPANY
HARRIS-WELFORD PARTNERSHIP
HART & COOK, INC. CO.
HART ENGINEERING
HART INTERNATIONAL DISPOSAL
HART ENTERPRISES
HARTER CORPORATION
HARTFORD BEARING CO. VIRGINIA IND. INC.
HARTFORD HOBBINS
HARTFORD SPRINGS
HARTLEY & HARTLEY, INC.
HARTLEY
HAWTHILL PACO-CASTLE HILLS CO.
HAWTHILL PACO, INC.
HAWTHORN BUILDING
HAWTHORN INDUSTRIAL, INC.
HAWTHORN GOLD STRAKE CO.
HAWTHORN PARK INDUSTRIAL PARK
HAWTHORN PARTNERSHIP COMPANY
HAWTHORN CO., INC.
HAWTHORN TOOLS
HAWTHORN & SONS COMPANY, INC.
HAWTHORN & SONS CO.
HAWTHORN & SONS, INC.
HAWTHORN CONSTRUCTION
HAWTHORN PRODUCTS

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY LISTING OF

HAZARDOUS WASTE DISPOSAL
HAZEN PAPER COMPANY
HAZEN RE-SEAL-ICH
HOGGINS, DEPT. OF ARMY
HOGAN BROTHERS TRUCKING
HOLADAY MINING CO.,
HOLBORN MANUFACTURING CO.
HOLENA CHEMICAL COMPANY
HOLEVA LANDFILL, INC.
HOLLA NORTH AM
HOLM & WEAVER
HOLMLOCK SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION
HOLMRIX ELECTRONICS
HOLMRIX WIRE & CABLE CORPORATION
HOLMCO WIRE PRODUCTS DIVISION
HOMER, INC.
HOMERLEY
HOMER ENGLER
HOMER FORD HOSPITAL
HOMER FRUECHTENIC
HOMER H. CLAUSSEN
HOMER LEATHER
HOMER LICK
HOMER M. CARR, INC.
HOMER TISCHLER
HOMER W. PEAVY
HOMERSON CHEMICAL COATINGS, INC.
HOMERSON CASE
HOMERSON CHEMICAL CO./SENCO
HOMERSONS, INC.
HOMERSONIA
HERCULES CHEMICAL CO.
HERCULES, INC.
HERCULEX
HERF JONES-CARNATION COMPANY
HERMAN MILLER, INC.
HERMETIC SYSTEM, INC.
HERMETITE CORPORATION
HERMETITE PATENT
HERO COATINGS, INC.
HERSCO MANUFACTURING CORPORATION
HERSCO PARTS CORP.
HERS OIL & CHEMICAL CORP.
HEWLETT PACKARD
HEXCEL CORPORATION
HEXCEL SPECIALTY CHEMICALS, INC.
HEXEL FINE ORGANIC INC.
HI PURE CHEMICAL
HI-TEK LIGHTING DIVISION
HIGGINS DISPOSAL SERVICE, INC.
HIGHWAY DISPOSAL
HILLROM
HILSINGER CORPORATION
HIRSHFELD PRESS
HITCHNER MANUFACTURING CO., INC.
HOBART CORPORATION
HOBCHIST FRERS INDUSTRIES
HOBNER V. ALDOFF-CHAMPION INTL.
HOFFMAN LAROCHE, INC.
HOBBSANG FOUNDATION
HOLBROOK AND SON
HOLCOSAG & HOKE MFG. CO., INC.
HOLDEN PACIFIC CORP.
HOLDEN SANITATION
HOLDAY INC.
HOLLAND HITCH COMPANY
HOLLAND THREAD MFG. CO., INC.
HOLLEY CARBURETOR
HOLLINGWORTH SOLDERLESS TERMINAL
CO
HOLLISTON MILLS, INC.
HOLLY CONTAINERS, INC.
HOLLY WASTE TREATMENT
HOLLYWOOD MARINE
HOLYEST CARD AND PAPER
HOMESTEAK MINING COMPANY
HOMER HALL SMITH
HOMER W. TELL, INC.
HOMERSON FRANKS X. PELLOTTI
HOMERSON CONE MOUNTAIN
HOMERSON GEORGE CORLESS
HOMERSON JOHN S. DORLAND
HOOD INDUSTRIES, INC.
HOOKER CHEMICAL & PLASTICS CORP.
HOOKER SOLVENTS/CHEMICALS CORP.

HOOVER UNIVERSAL, INC.
 HOOVER/LUB SOLVENTS
 HOPE NATURAL GAS COMPANY
 HOPKINS AGRICULTURAL CHEMICAL CO.
 HOPWOOD RETAINING COMPANY
 HORMAN & SON, A
 HOSPAL MEDICAL CORP
 HOSLIHAN NURSERY COMPANY, INC.
 HOURIGAN, KLUBER & SPOHRER ASSOC.
 HOUSEHOLD MANUFACTURING INC.
 HOWARD & ENGINEERING MOYER
 HOWARD FUEL CO.
 HOWARD INDS., DIV. OF MSL INDS.
 HOWARD MILLER CLOCK COMPANY
 HOWMEDICAL, C.
 HOWMET CORP.
 HOWMET TURBINE COMPONENTS CORP.
 HOYT MANUFACTURING
 HPE CORPORATION
 HRH CONSTRUCTION CORP.
 HUB CITY FOODS
 HUBBARD HALL CHEMICAL CO.
 HUDINGER COMPANY, PAPER DIVISION
 HUDSON MACHINE TOOL INC.
 HUDSON OIL STATION
 HUDSON WIRE COMPANY
 HUFFMAN ELECTRIC COMPANY
 HUFFY CORPORATION
 HUGHES AIRCRAFT COMPANY
 HUGHES CHEMICAL CORPORATION
 HUGHES SAND PIT
 HUNKO PRODUCTS
 HUNKO SHEPHERD CHEMICAL CO.
 HUNTER DONALD, INC.
 HUNTER ENGINEERING COMPANY
 HUNT MANUFACTURING COMPANY
 HUNCO MANUFACTURING
 HUNLEY PACKAGING CORPORATION
 HURON TOOL & MFG. CO.
 HUSCHMAN REGENERATION CO.
 HUSID
 HY-KLAS PAINTS, INC.
 HY-LEVEL/LUB. SOLVENTS
 HYBRID SYSTEMS CORPORATION
 HYDRO CORPORATION
 HYDRAULICS UNLIMITED MANUFACTURING
 HYDRO-CHEM SERVICE
 HYDRO-MANUFACTURING
 HYDRO-TECH CORPORATION
 HYDROCARBON RESEARCH INC.
 HYDROCORP INC.
 HYDRON LABORATORIES
 HYDROSOIL CORPORATION
 HYDROSOIL INC.
 HYDROVAC
 HYER HARDWARE MANUFACTURING CO.
 HYGRADE FOOD PRODUCTS CORP.
 HYMAN BUFF OFF
 HYSTER CORPORATION
 HYTEK FINISHES CO., CRITON TECH.

I & J INDUSTRIAL PUMPING CO.
I.M.C. MAGNETIC CORP.
I.U.
I.W.D. WASTE, INC.
ICI AMERICAS, INC.
ILFORD INC.
ILLINOIS BRONZE CO
ILLINOIS CENTRAL GULF RAILROAD
ILLINOIS TOOL WORKS, INC.
ILSCO CORP./DIV. OF BARDES CORP.
INAC
INAC CHEMICAL GROUP
INPLAC CORPORATION
IMPACT LABEL
IMPERIAL ADHESIVES & CHEMICAL, INC.
IMPERIAL CLEVITE, INC.
IMPERIAL DISTRIBUTION SERVICES, INC.
IMPERIAL KNIFE COMPANY
IMPERIAL MANUFACTURING CO., INC.
IMPERIAL OIL INC.
IMPERIAL PEARL
IMPERIAL WALLPAPER MILLS INC
IMPORTCO INC.

IND OIL TANK & LINE CLEAN
INDEPENDENT IRON & METAL COMPANY
INDEPENDENT NAIL, INC.
INDEPENDENT PETROCHEMICAL CORP.
INDEPENDENT TRUCKING
INDEPENDENT WASTE SYSTEMS, INC.
INDIANA DESCO, INC.
INDIANA MILLS
INDIANA STATE HIGHWAY COMMISSION
INDIANA STATE HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT
INDIANA STATE UNIVERSITY
INDIANA UNIVERSITY
INDIANAPOLIS POWER & LIGHT
INDIANAPOLIS RUBBER COMPANY
INDIANAPOLIS STAR & NEWS
INDUS VEHICLE
INDUST-RI-CHEM
INDUSTRIAL & COMMERCIAL REMOVAL SER
INDUSTRIAL BLAST OIL COIL CORP.
INDUSTRIAL CHEMICALS CORP
INDUSTRIAL DISPOSAL COMPANY
INDUSTRIAL DISPOSAL SUPPLY, INC.
INDUSTRIAL ELECTRONICS RUBBER CO.
INDUSTRIAL ENGRAVING CO., INC.
INDUSTRIAL EXCESS LANDFILL, INC.
INDUSTRIAL FINISHERS OF KENTUCKY
INDUSTRIAL HAULERS
INDUSTRIAL LABORATORIES COMPANY
INDUSTRIAL LIQUID WASTE DISPOSAL
INDUSTRIAL MACHINE CORP.
INDUSTRIAL PETROLEUM DISTRIBUTORS
INDUSTRIAL PETROLEUM SPEC., INC.
INDUSTRIAL PLATING, INC.
INDUSTRIAL PROCESS CHEMICAL CO.
INDUSTRIAL REPRODUCTION
INDUSTRIAL SEWER SERVICE
INDUSTRIAL TOWER CO.
INDUSTRIAL WELD STATE CONTROLS
INDUSTRIAL STEEL CONTAINER
INDUSTRIAL TEXTILE OF MICHIGAN, INC
INDUSTRIAL THERMO
INDUSTRIAL WASTE SERVICE, INC.
INDUSTRIAL WELDING, INC.
IRBY CONTROL
IRONEX CORP.
IRMARE INDUSTRIES, INC.
INGERSOLL-RAND CO.
INGRAM MEDICAL CENTER
INGRESS-PLAST/IE
INLAND CHEMICAL FOREMOST-MCKESSON
INLAND CONTAINER
INLAND MANUFACTURING, INC.
INLAND SPECIALTY CHEMICAL CORP.
INLAND STEEL CONTAINER CORP.
INLAND TRANSPORTATION
INLAND WATERS
INMONT CORPORATION
INMOS CORPORATION
INMONT CORPORATION
INSELE, CO.
INICCN CORPORATION
INISTEL CORP.
INST. MATICS/LIB. SOLVENTS
INTECO ALUMINUM/VALUMAX
INTEL CORPORATION
INTEL CORPORATION
INTEL DATA CORP.
INTEL INDUSTRIAL CONTRACTORS
INTEFCITY SYSTEMS
INTEFCITY ICTC TRANSPORTATION CO.
INTERCO, INC.
INTERCOASTAL CHEMICAL
INTERCONTINENTAL MFG CO
INTEREX CORPORATION
INTERNATIONAL AIRCRAFT BROKERS CORP
INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS MACHINES
INTERNATIONAL CRYSTAL MANUFACTURING
INTERNATIONAL FLAVORS & FRAGRANCES
INTERNATIONAL HARVESTER CO.
INTERNATIONAL MINERAL/CHEMICAL CORP
INTERNATIONAL PACKAGES OF INDIANA
INTERNATIONAL PAPER CO.
INTERNATIONAL SHOE CO.
INTERPOL INDUSTRIES
INTERSTATE CHEMICAL CO.
INTERSTATE CORP.

INTERSTATE LEAD COMPANY, ILCO, INC.
INT'L STENCIL & ENGRAVING CO.
INTRA-CITY WASTES MATERIAL COMPANY
INTERIOR STAL LAND COMPANY
INTECO, INC.
INVESTMENTS HOLDING COMPANY, INC.
IONIO CHEMICAL CO.
IONICS, INCORPORATED
IOWA POWER & LIGHT CO.
IPEO
IPEP
IRON CITY FUELS, INC.
IRON ORE CORP.
IRVING SCHENKEL
ISAC, E. A. BENSTEIN, ESQ.
IT CORPORATION
ITEK OPTICAL SYSTEMS
ITEM FIBERS COMPANY
ITEM INDUSTRIES, INC.
ITHACA GUN CO.
ITT AVIONICS DIVISION
ITT CORP.
ITT HANCOCK
ITT NORTH ELECTRIC COMPANY
ITT ROYAL ELECTRIC DIVISION
ITT SEMICONDUCTORS
ITT UNITED PLASTICS DIVISION
ITW
IVAN D. HOAGLAND
MC INDUSTRIAL COATINGS, INC.

J & J CENT. SVC. & SUPPLIES, INC.
J & L SWILL
J & M MARRIENG
J & S CLOTHIER
J. D'AR & CO., INC.
J. E. HARRIS, INC.
J. E. HARRIS COMPANY
J. F. CUMMINS AND SONS
J. F. FOSTER SANITATION
J. H. EMMER AND COMPANY
J. H. DAY CO.
J. JOHNSON, INC.
J. LAMSON & COMPANY, INC.
J. M. KENNEDY SHIPBUILDING CO.
J. R. MACDONALD
J. ROBERT CARROLL
J. T. MATTHEWS
J. W. YEATMAN
J.C. SCHEEPER
J.E. WOOD COMPANY, INC.
J.F. KERRS INDUSTRIES
J.H. BAXTER AND COMPANY
J.H. MCGORD WINN, INC.
J.H. REALTY
J.H. WINN, INC., WINCHESTER PLANT
J.M. HUBER CORP.
J.M. LIND COMPANY, INC.
J.O.C. OIL EXPLORATION CO., INC.
J.R. CRYSTAL MARINE
J.C. BARNER AND ASSOCIATES
J.S. C. CHEMICAL CO.
J.T. BAKER CHEMICAL CO.
J.T. CHEMICAL CO.
J.W. DANFORTH COMPANY
J.L. PETROLEUM SERVICE, INC.
JACK A. COUNSHAY
JACK CARPANO
JACK SPENGLER TRUCKING
JACK E. AND BARBARA JAMISON
JACK L. NEAL
JACK LINDER
JACK P. ORBONE
JACK STEB
JACKSON'S MANUFACTURING CO.
JACKSON JORDAN, INC.
JACKSON CORP.
JACKSON INDUSTRIES, INC.
JAMES A. KEAR
JAMES H. DAY & CO.
JAMES H. KUSHEIMER, III
JAMES LUSH
JAMES CROSS
JAMES E. GALLAGHER

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY LISTING OF POTENTIALLY RESPONSIBLE PARTIES AT CERCLA SITES AS OF 11/25/85

JAMES E. MCNULTY
JAMES GEORGE
JAMES P. HORAN, INC.
JAMES PETERS COMPANY
JAMES Q.A. MCCLURE
JAMES R. O'CONNELL
JAMES RIVER CORP.—BROWN CO.
JAMES RIVER CORP.—ROCHESTER, INC.
JAMES RIVER, MASS. INC.
JAMES STANDERUP
JAMES WHITTEN
JANAR COMPANY, INC.
JANCO SALES, INC.
JANE DON KYLE
JANESVILLE PRODUCTS
JASCO
JASME PLANT MFG., CO.
JAMES CUTTING TOOLS
JASPER CHEMICAL
JASPER ELECTRONICS MFG.
JAY ELECTRIC COMPANY
JEAN BROGAN
JEAN ELLEN CALLAHAN
JEFFMO RANCH, INC.
JEFFROAT, INC.
JEFFERSON COUNTY AIR BOARD
JEFFERSON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION
JEFFERSON HOME BUILDERS, INC.
JEFFERSON MANUFACTURING COMPANY
JEFFERSON PRODUCTS
JEFFREY FULTZ
JEHL COOPERAGE COMPANY
JELICO CHEMICAL CORPORATION
JENNAIRE
JERCUSON GAGE & VALVE CO.
JEROME A. TAUDIE CO., INC.
JEROME F. FRANKLIN
JERROLD ELECTRONICS
JERRY BLANKENSHIP
JERRY HANDLEY
JERRY SAPP
JERRY-RUSSELL BLISS, INC.
JERSEY SANITATION
JERSEY STATE POWER EQUIPMENT MFG.
JET LINE SERVICES INC.
JET STRIP FURNITURE
JET STRIP OF ENGLEWOOD
JEWEL ELECTRICAL INSTRUMENTS
JEWISH HOSPITAL OF ST. LOUIS
JIM DALIN
JIM ROBINS COMPANY
JO EDITH THOMAS
JOC OIL EXPLORATION COMPANY, INC.
JOE BIXBY
JOE CELLI
JOE S AUTO MARINE SUPPLY
JOHN ALBERT
JOHN C. SHEPPARD
JOHN CAMPBELL TRUCKING
JOHN COONEY, INC.
JOHN D. MILLARD
JOHN D. TULLY
JOHN D'ANDREA SR.
JOHN DANAS CO., INC.
JOHN DUSENDURY CO. INC.
JOHN E. POTOCHNY, D.M.D.
JOHN ERICCO DISPOSAL CO.
JOHN FLUXE MFG. CO., INC.
JOHN FOX
JOHN G. MISERLIS
JOHN IAROLLA COMPANY
JOHN J. DZEROOGIAN
JOHN J. MISERLIS
JOHN JONES
JOHN L. ARMITAGE & COMPANY
JOHN O'BRIEN
JOHN P. BAUM
JOHN PAUL
JOHN R. CAUFFMAN
JOHN REINER & CO.
JOHN ROBERT JOHNSON
JOHN SIMON
JOHN T. PERSON
JOHN THOMAS BATES, INC.
JOHN TODD, INC.

JOHN VASI
JOHN W. LEE
JOHN WHITNEY DISPOSAL SERVICE
JOHN ZINK COMPANY
JOHNS-MAWVILLE CORPORATION
JOHNSON & JOHNSON
JOHNSON & JOHNSON BABY PRODUCTS CO.
JOHNSON CONTROLS, INC.
JOHNSON ENTERPRISES
JOHNSON HEATER CORPORATION
JOHNSON MOTOR LINES
JOHNSON-HOWARD COMPANY
JOHNSON-HOWARD OF PAW-PAW, INC.
JOHNSTON INDUSTRIES, INC.
JONAS WASTE REMOVAL
JONATHAN BANKERT
JONATHAN P. SAUNDERS
JONES & VINING
JONES AND LAUGHLIN STEEL COMPANY
JONES BLAIR COMPANY
JONES CHEMICALS, INC.
JONES PIONEER
JONES-BLAIR COMPANY
JONES/ONAN CORPORATION
JORDAN-SIMMER, INC.
JORENS FURNITURE COMPANY
JOSEPH A. KELLY, JR.
JOSEPH BEHR & SONS, INC.
JOSEPH BLISS PUMPING
JOSEPH BOWEN
JOSEPH E. SEARAM & SONS, INC.
JOSEPH FLEMING
JOSEPH GOHS
JOSEPH HAHN
JOSEPH IVINS, INC.
JOSEPH J. EGAN
JOSEPH J. KENN. SR. & MARY R. MENN
JOSEPH LUCAS NORTH AMERICA
JOSEPH SCHULTZ DREYER
JOSEPH SIMON & SONS, INC.
JOSLYN MFG. AND SUPPLY COMPANY
JOY MANUFACTURING COMPANY
JSJ CORPORATION
JUDY COYER
JULIAN HENNINGILL
JUPITER INDUSTRIES, INC.
JUSTIN ENTERPRISES

K

K & F INDUSTRIES, INC.
K & W PRODUCTS, INC.
K CHEMICAL COMPANY
K MART CORP.
K. D. LAMP COMPANY
K.C. JONES PLATING CO.
K.J. CURRY & CO., INC.
K.J. CURRY AND CO., INC.
K.W. THOMPSON TOOL CO., INC.
KASHR PLATING & METAL FINISHING
KAISER AGRICULTURE CHEMICALS
KAISER ALUMINUM & CHEMICAL CORP.
KAISER STEEL CORPORATION
KAL-EQUIP COMPANY
KALAMAZOO COLLEGE
KALAMAZOO DEPT. OF PUBLIC WORKS
KALAMAZOO DISPOSAL CORP.
KALAMAZOO METAL
KALAMAZOO PUBLIC SCHOOLS
KALAMAZOO SPICE EXTRACTION
KALAMAZOO TOWNSHIP
KALMAN STEEL PRODUCTS CO
KALSEC, INC.
KALYALL CORP.
KAMINSKY BARREL CO.
KAMP CROCKERS
KANEX TRANSPORTATION, INCORPORATED
KANAS PLATING, INC.
KAREN KATZ
KAUTZMAN AND MINTEER, INC.
KAUTZMAN ENGINEERING
KAUIMOGRAPH
KAWECKI EERYLCO INDUSTRIES, INC.
KAY-FRIES, INC.
KAYO STATION
KAYCEP-ROTH CORPORATION

KCL CORP./KENNEDY CAR LINE
KEEFE ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC.
KEELER BRASS COMPANY
KEELOX MANUFACTURING CO.
KEENE CORP.—CHASE-FOSTER DIVISION
KEENE CORPORATION
KEENE PUMPING SERVICE
KEL-GLO CORP
KELLEY MANUFACTURING CO
KELLOGG COMPANY
KELLWOOD COMPANY
KELLY-MOORE PAINT CO INC OF COLORAD
KELSEY HAYES
KELSEY HAYES COMPANY, INC.
KELTRON CORPORATION
KELTRONICS CORPORATION
KEM-O-KLEEN, INC.
KEMP & HOFFMAN, INC.
KEMPER COMPANY
KEMPER, DIV. OF TAPPAN
KEN HOWARD
KEN MAR, INC.
KEN-WELL, INC.
KENDALL COMPANY
KENEFAC CORPORATION
KENICS CORPORATION
KENNECOTT CORP
KENNER PRODUCTS CO.
KENNETH D. EINSEL
KENNETH M. DUNN CO.
KENNETH P. CASE
KENNETH PIERCE
KENT COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUB
WORKS
KENT FIRE DEPARTMENT
KENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
KENT, ADAMS PLASTICS DIV.
KENTUCKY ELECTRONICS, INC.
KENTUCKY PETROLEUM PRODUCTS
KENTUCKY SOLITE
KEPEC CHEMICAL CORP
KERMIT S. LORENZ
KERR GLASS MANUFACTURING CORP.
KERR MCGEE REFINING
KERR-MCGEE CHEMICAL CORPORATION
KERRY TIRES INC.
KESSLER CHEMICAL CO.
KETTERING MEDICAL CENTER
KETTERING RESEARCH LABORATORY
KEUFFEL & ESSER CO
KEY OIL CO.
KEYSOR-CENTRUY CORPORATION
KEYSTONE AUTOMOTIVE PLATING
COMPANY
KEYSTONE GROUP
KODD MERCHANTISING EQUIPMENT
KECHLER MANUFACTURING CO., INC.
KIMBALL CHEMICAL COMPANY
KIMBALL INTERNATIONAL, INC.
KIMBALL PIANO & ORGAN CO.
KIMBERLY CLARK CORPORATION
KING ADHESIVE CORPORATION
KING COUNTY FIRE PROTECTION DIST.39
KING OF PRUSSIA TECHNICAL CO.
KING'S ASPHALT CO.
KINGSTON PRODUCTS
KINGSTON STEEL DRUM CO., INC.
KINGSTON-WARREN CORPORATION
KIRKER CHEMICAL
KISTER LUMBER CO
KITTINGER TRUCKING & SUPPLY
KITZNER IND.
KIRKALLEN, INC.
KITE MANUFACTURING, INC.
KIMCO, INC.
KNAPE & VOGT MFG. COMPANY
KNAPP KING-SIZE CORPORATION
KNITTEX COATING
KNIPF FIBERGLASS
KNIGHT RIDDER NEWSPAPERS, INC.
KNOLL FINE CHEMICAL
KNOLL INTERNATIONAL, INC.
KNOTTS, INC.
KNS COMPANY
KODE INC.—OILINE

KOCH OIL COMPANY
KOCIDE CHEMICAL CORPORATION
KOCO-TV
KOGEL MEATS
KOEHRING ATOMASTER DIV
KOEHRING CO.
KOHL & MADDOEN PRINTING INK
KOHLER COMPANY
KOHLER-MCLUSTER PAINT CO.
KOI PETROLEUM CO., INC.
KOLLSMAN INSTRUMENT COMPANY
KOLMAR LABORATORIES, INC.
KONDU CORPORATION
KOPPERS COMPANY, INC.
KORDELL INDUSTRIES
KOVA FERTILIZER, INC.
KRAFT INDUSTRIES
KRAJACK
KRAMER WASTE MATERIAL CO.
KRISTA ENTERPRISES, INC.
KROGER PRINTING
KRYLON CORPORATION
KRYPTONICS, INC.
KSC SEMICONDUCTOR CO C.O. C.T. CORP.
KTK CORP.
KUHLMAN ELECTRIC DISTRIBUTION
KURFEES COATINGS, INC.
KURZ-KASCH INC.
KVAL PAINTS, INC.
KYANIZE PAINTS, INC.
KYRTON CIRCUITS CORP.
KYSOR INDUSTRIAL CORPORATION
KYZOR INDUSTRIES

L

L & J DRUM CO.
L & N RAILROAD
L & S BEARING COMPANY
L. A. CLARKE & SONS, INC.
L. F. R. KNUDSEN COMPANY
L. P. COVELT CO.
L. PERRIGO COMPANY
L. T. WILL, JR.
L.A. SANITARY COMPANY
L.E. CARPENTER & CO.
L.F. FALES MACHINE
L.G. BALFOUR COMPANY
L.M.C.P. INC.
L.O.M. CORPORATION
LA GRANGE LABORATORIES, INC.
LA POINTE INDUSTRIES
LABEL CRAFT, INC.
LABELON CORP.
LACKAWANNA REFUSE REMOVAL, INC.
LAKE UNION DRYDOCK
LAKEE CHARLES REFINING COMPANY
LAKESIDE INDUSTRIES (MARINE ASPHALT
LAKESIDE REFINING COMPANY
LAKEVIEW DISPOSAL
LAKEVIEW MEDICAL CENTER
LAKEWAY CHEMICAL COMPANY
LAKEWAY CHEMICALS/BOFORS NOBEL, INC.
LAKEWAY, INC.
LAMBEL CORPORATION
LAMSON & GOODNOW
LANCASTER METALS, INC.
LANCE MILLMAN TRUCKING
LANG RETORTATION
LANGER TRANSPORT CORPORATION
LANTHER FOUNDRY AND MACHINE CO.
LAPATA OIL
LAPEER FABRICATORS, INC.
LARO COAL & IRON CO.
LARRY C. BRUCE
LARRY E. LEVY
LARSEN INDUSTRIES
LASALLE SYS-T-MATION
LASKIN WASTE OIL SERVICE
LAU INDUSTRIAL
LAUR SILICONE RUBBER COMPOUNDING IN
LAW MOTOR FREIGHT, INC.
LAW WAREHOUSES, INC.
LAWRENCE ELECTRONICS
LAWRENCE INDUSTRIES
LAWRENCE MCFADDEN CO.

**U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY LISTING OF
POTENTIALLY RESPONSIBLE PARTIES AT CERCLA SITES AS OF 11/25/85**

LAWSON PRODUCTS INC.
 LAWTER CHEMICALS, INC.
 LAWTER INTERNATIONAL, INC.
 LAWTON PLATING COMPANY
 LAYO CORPORATION
 LAYTON FOOTERS DRUM CO.
 LAYTON DENVER DRUM COMPANY
 LCP CHEMICALS & PLASTICS, INC.
 LCP TECHNICAL CERAMICS
 LE PACES, INC.
 LEADER INDUSTRIES, INC.
 LEAR ENGINEERING DIVISION
 LEAR SECTIONS INC.
 LEAR SECTIONS LTD., STYMYOUR DIV.
 LEARN TO CONSTRUCT INSTITUTE
 LEARNER CO. INC.
 LEFT FIELD LABORATORIES
 LEE & SUTTES TANK LINES
 LEE BROS.
 LEE CARRELL
 LEE INDUSTRIES, INC.
 LEE MISTLER
 LEE'S DELUXE CLEANERS
 LEEDS & NORTHRUP
 LEEMAY MOTOR FREIGHT
 LEMAY SALES, INC.
 LEM-BYRON ELECTRONICS
 LENO CHEMICALS
 LENO R. SIGMUND
 LENO PRODUCTS
 LENO INDUSTRIES
 LENO TESTING CO. (GLOBE)
 LENO LEASE TRANSPORTATION CO.
 LENOX MANUFACTURING COMPANY, INC.
 LENOIR REFINISHING COMPANY
 LEO C. MELLACON
 LEONARD DORSEY
 LEONARD E. JOHNSON
 LEONARD FORESTER
 LEPAGE'S INC., A SUBSIDIARY OF
 LEROY CHALLENGER
 LESCOA
 LESTER L. COX
 LEVER BROTHERS COMPANY
 LEWYCOIT CHEMICALS AND PLASTICS
 LEWIS CHEMICAL CORP.
 LEXAUTE INTERNATIONAL CORP.
 LIBERTY IRON AND METAL COMPANY
 LIBERTY SOLVENTS AND CHEMICALS CO.
 LIBERTY TRASH SERVICE
 LIBERTY WASTE DISPOSAL COMPANY
 LIEGE
 LIFE SAVERS INC./NABISCO BRANDS
 LIGGETT GROUP, INC.
 LIGHTMAN DRUM CO., INC.
 LIGHTMAN DRUM COMPANY
 LIGON NATIONALWIDE
 LILLY CHEMICAL PRODUCTS INC.
 LILLY INDUSTRIAL COATING, INC.
 LILYBLAD PETROLEUM, INC.
 LINCOLN METAL PROCESSING, INC.
 LINCOLN METALS FROD.
 LINDBERG CORP.
 LINDBERG HEAT CO.
 LINDELL DROP FORGE, CO.
 LINDEN CORPORATION
 LINDEN CHLORINE PRODUCTS
 LINDEN MOTORS FREIGHT
 LINDSAY WIRE WEAVING COMPANY
 INSTEAD'S PLATING
 LIQUID CHEMICAL CORP.
 LIQUID DYNAMICS CORPORATION
 LIQUID PROCESSORS, INC.
 LIQUID REMOVAL SERVICE CO.
 LIQUID TRANSPORTERS INC.
 LIQUID WASTE DISPOSAL COMPANY
 LIQUID WASTE MANAGEMENT
 LIQUID WASTE SERVICE
 LIQUID WASTE SPECIALISTS
 LIQUIDATOR
 LIQWACON CORPORATION
 LITHO PLATING
 LITTON BUSINESS SYSTEMS, INC.
 LITTON DATA SYSTEMS
 LITTON INDUSTRIES, INC.

LIVE OAK TIMBER TREATERS, INC.
LIVE OAK, PERRY & S GEORGIA RAILWAY
LOYD BROTHERS TRUCKING
LOBBELL-EMERY
LOCH-NESS CORP. (ANDERSON CORP.)
LOCKE MACHINE CO.
LOCKHEED CA COMPANY
LOCKHEED SHIPYARD AND CONSTRUCTION
LOCKWOOD ENGINEERING CORPORATION
LOCTITE CORPORATION
LONE STAR INDUSTRIES
LONG SEPTIC TANK
LONGCO & COMPANY
LORANGER
LORD CORPORATION
LORD KINEMATICS, LORD CORP.
LORNETTE CO.
LOS ANGELES GALVANIZING CO
LOS ANGELES PLATING COMPANY, INC
LOUIS F. RAY
LOUIS OTTATI
LOUIS TRUCKING CO.
LOUISIANA POWER AND LIGHT CO
LOUISIANA VACUUM SERVICES, INC.
LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RR CO.
LOUISVILLE COATING
LOUISVILLE GAS CO PLANT HILL STATION
LOUISVILLE GAS CO MILL CREEK GEN
LOUISVILLE INSTALLATION CO.
LOUISVILLE VARNISH CO., INC.
LOUISVILLE JEFF CITY MCM FOREMAN
LOVE CHEMICAL COMPANY
LOWE CHEMICAL COMPANY
LOWELL SHOE CO.
LOWMEYER DOCK COMPANY
LOWMEYER CORPORATION
LSI—RE DIVISION
LTV JONES & LAUGHLIN STEEL CORP.
LUBRI-TECH PRODUCTS, INC.
LUBRIZOL
LUBY CHEVPOLET
LUCHTERHAND DISPOSAL SERVICE
LUCILLE HUBBS
LUCKY PLASTIC CO
LUDLOW CORPORATION
LUDTKE-PACIFIC TRUCKING
LULLASYE
LUMBER TRUCKING
LUMINESCENT SYSTEMS, INC.
LUMINOUS PROCESSES, INC.
LUMMUS COMPANY
LYDEN TRANSPORT, INC.
LYDIA MELLACON HEYMANN
LYNN PERILLOUX

M

M & M METALS, INC.
M & M PUMPING, INC.
M & T CHEMICALS, INC.
M. J. DALEY CO.
M. LOWENSTEIN CORPORA ON
M.A. INDUSTRIES, INC.
M.A. KALDA MANUFACTURING COMPANY
M.A. POLYMERS
M.C. GRANE-TAUB, INC.
M.C.L DEVELOPMENT CORP.
M.H. CANIAR COMPANY
M.W. VANDERVEEN CONSTRUCTION CO.
MA-COM, INC.
MAACO
MAACO AUTO PAINTING
MAAS & WALDSTEIN COMPANY
MABEL SIKES
MAC-O-LAC PAINTS
MACALLISTER & HOLLAN CHEMICAL CO.
MACDERMID, INC.
MACDONALD & WATSON WASTE OIL, INC.
MACGILLIS & CREBS COMPANY
MACHINE FITE PRODUCTS, INC.
MACK MOTORS
MACK TRUCKS, INC.
MACKAY ENGRAVING COMPANY
MACKINNEY COMPANY
MACKINZIE INTERVAR
MACRUM MANAGEMENT COMPANY

MADELINE P. MCNEIL
MADISON CHEMICAL
MADISON DISPOSAL SERVICE
MADISON TOWNSHIP
MAERIGLAS CORPORATION
MAGGOMAR DRESSER
MAGID CORPORATION
MAGNA PRODUCTS
MAGNAVOX COMPANY
MAGNETIC PERIPHERALS, INC.
MAIDSVILLE COAL COMPANY
MAINE COASTAL SERVICE
MAINE ELECTRONICS, INC.
MAINE SCHOOL UNION NO. 51
MAIN AND BANK & TRUST
MAINTAINING INC.
MAJOR MACHINE
MAJOR TRUCKING INC.
MALCO PLASTICS, INC.
MALL CITY CONTAINER, INC.
MALLA INC.
MALLINCKRODT, INC.
MALLORY CAPACITOR COMPANY
MALLORY COMPONENTS
MALONE TRUCKING COMPANY
MALTHEY BROMOP INC.
MANCHESTER GAS COMPANY
MANCO PLATING COMPANY, INC.
MANIFFED CEREAL
MANHATTAN CONSTRUCTION CO
MANHEIMMANN TALLY CORPORATION
MANHATTAN COMPANY INC. TRUCKING
MANHON EXCAVATING
MANFELD GRAPHICS, INC.
MANFELD INDUSTRIES, INC.
MANSON CONSTRUCTION & ENG CO
MANUEL KYRIAKAKIS, ESQ.
MANUFACTURER'S WIRE COMPANY
MANO PRODUCTS
MANVILLE BUILDING MATERIALS CORP
MANVILLE CORPORATION
MARJON CONSTRUCTION
MARALCO ALUMINUM/MAST. RECLAMATION
MARATHON BATTERY CORPORATION
MARATHON CARTAGE COMPANY, INC.
MARATHON CORPORATION
MARATHON OIL COMPANY
MARATHON PIPELINE COMPANY
MARCON DIVISION
MARCO CHEMICAL COMPANY
MARCUS PAINT CO.
MARFACONT CORPORATION
MARINARI BROTHERS
MARINE INDUSTRIES NORTHWEST
MARINEIRON INCORPORATED
MARINE POLLUTION CONTROL CORP.
MARINE SAFETY EQUIPMENT CO.
MARION HEIDESBERGER
MARISOL INC.
MARISSA BARROWS COMPANY
MARK CHILLER'S TRUST
MARKET FORE COMPANY
MARKEDDO WIRE GOODS COMPANY
MARLEY COMPANY
MARLEY COOLING TOWER CO.
MARMON GROUP, INC.
MARSHAK ASSOCIATES
MARSHALL HILLS
MARSHFIELD CANNING CO., INC.
MARSHFIELD HOMES
MARSHFIELD HOSPITAL
MARTHA E. HOLDEN
MARTIN & MARTIN, INC.
MARTIN BECKEL
MARTIN MARIETTA ALUMINUM INC.
MARTIN MARIETTA CHEMICALS
MARTIN SENOUR CORPORATION
MARTING CORPORATION
MARTIN JONAS, INC.
MARY ANN PETERY SCHUESSLER
MARY CHARPENTIER
MARY E. CUNIO
MARY HACKBARTH
MARYLAND SAND, GRAVEL & STONE CO., INC.
MARZONE, INC.

MASCO CONTAINER SUPPLY
MASCO CORPORATION—COMPAC DIV.
MASCO CORPORATION—ELECTRA CO.
MACK-ORF COMPANY
MASON AND DIXON TANK LINES, INC.
MASONITE CORPORATION
MASONRY CONSTRUCTION
MASS DISPOSAL
MASSEY-FERGUSON, INC.
MASTER CONVEYOR CORPORATION
MASTER CRAFT
MASTER FINISH COMPANY
MASTER MOTORS REBUILDERS, INC.
MASTER-CAST COMPANY
MASTERCRAFT METAL FINISHING
MASTOMER CORPORATION
MAT CHEMICALS, INC.
MATCO ALLIED EQUIPMENT CORP.
MATERIAL CONTROL, INC.
MATERIALS RECOVERY ENTERPRISES
MATHERSON-SELIG CO.
MATHESON GAS PROD.
MATLACK, INC.
MATLOCK O.H. MATERIALS
MATSON OLDSMOBILE-CADILLAC CO.
MATTHEWS BUILDING PRODUCTS
MATTHEWS PAINT CO.
MATTIACE INDUSTRIAL SALES CO., INC.
MAUL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION
MAVERICK OIL CO.
MAX G. GERGEL
MAX SILVER AND SONS
MAXWELL C. COBB
MAXWELL COMPANY
MAXWELL HOUSE
MAY & SCOFIELD, INC.
MAYCO OIL & CHEMICAL CO.
MAYHILL PUBLICATION
MAYS CORPORATION
MC NOTTINGHAM CO
MCADOO ASSOCIATES, INC.
MCARTHUR CHEMICAL CO. LTD.
MCAULEY OIL COMPANY
MCB MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS
MCCARTYS, INC.
MCCLOSKEY VARNISH COMPANY
MCCORD CORPORATION
MCCORMICK ALL PORTIONS
MCCULLOCH CORP.
MCDONNELL DOUGLAS CORPORATION
MCDONOUGH MARINE SERVICE
MCERLAND-CASCADE
MCGILL MANUFACTURING COMPANY, INC.
MCGILLUZEFF, INC.
MCGILL
MCGRY
MCGRY
MCINERNEY & WIFE CO.
MCKAYS TRUCKING
MCKENNA, CONNER & CONEO
MCKENZIE CHEMICAL WORKS
MCKESSON CHEMICAL COMPANY
MCLAMB REALTY
MCLAUCHLIN GROMLEY
MCLEAN TRUCKING COMPANY
MCMACKIN CLINIC
MCMILLAN BLOESDEL LIMITED
MCQUARRY PEREUX
MEAD JOHNSON & CO.
MEAD PAPER—OTSEGO
MEADE CONTAINERS
MEADOWS FACILITY POST OFFICE
MEANS SERVICES, INC.
MEANS STAMPING INDUSTRIES, INC.
MEARLE CORP.
MEARLE CORPORATION
MEATHANE PRODUCTS CORPORATION
MEASUREMENTS GROUP, INC.
MECO, INC.
MEISTER METAL PLATING
MELAMINE CHEMICAL, INC.
MELBA WEY
MELROD, INC.
MELVIN AND MERVIN SHOPE
MELVIN JONES

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY LISTING OF POTENTIALLY RESPONSIBLE PARTIES AT CERCLA SITES AS OF 11/25/85

MELVYN WEINSTOCK, ESQ.-RECEIVER
MENASCO, INC.
MENASHA CORPORATION
MEASHA ELECTRIC AND WATER UTILITY
MENTER CORP.
MERCO-ELECTRA, INC.
MERCO FORGE
MERCO RUBBER CO.
MERCH & CO, INC.
METHUEN'S FAST MOTOR LINES
MERCK & CO, INC.
MERCK, SHARP & DOHME
MERCURY MARINE
MERCURY MINNESOTA, INC.
MERIDIAN, INC.
MERIDIAN INDUSTRIES, INC.
MERRELL NATIONAL LABORATORIES, INC.
MERRELL MONEY
MERRILL COATINGS AND CHEMICALS
MERRIMACK INDUSTRIAL FINISHERS
MERRIMAN CO.
MESA FIBERGLASS PRODUCTS, INC.
MESCO, INC.
MESSING ELECTRO-PLATING COMPANY
METAL FINISHERS, INCORPORATED
METAL MARINE PILOT CORPORATION
METAL PREPARATIONS
METAL TECHNOLOGY PLATING COMPANY
METAL ART BUCKLE CO.
METAL CRAFT PRODUCTS COMPANY
METALIZED CERAMICS (ROSENTHAL TECH)
METALORA INDUSTRIES
METAMORA PRODUCTS CORP.
METATE ASBESTOS CORPORATION
METHODS ENGINEERING, INC.
METRO CONTAINER CO.
METRO DOWNSHIP DISP. DISTRICT #1
METRO FUEL OIL CO, INC.
METRO TANK SERVICE, INC.
METRO TOWNSHIP TRANS. AUTHORITY
METROPLEX SANITATION
METROPOLITAN DACE COUNTY
METROPOLITAN DISPOSAL
METROPOLITAN ENVIRONMENTAL
METROPOLITAN OIL CO.
METROPOLITAN PETROLEUM CO.
MEXCEL CORP FINE ORGANICS
MEYER ASSOCIATES
MFG MOLDED FIBER GLASS BOAT CO.
MIAMI DRUM SERVICE
MIAMI INDUSTRIES
MIAMI UNIVERSITY
MICHAEL COLLETON
MICHAEL MCCARTY
MICHAEL'S IND. DISPOSAL
MICHAEL'S METHODIST INSTITUTE, INC.
MICHIGAN BELL TELEPHONE COMPANY
MICHIGAN CHROME & CHEMICAL CO.
MICHIGAN CONSOLIDATED GAS CO.
MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF TRANS.
MICHIGAN DISPOSAL SERVICE CORP.
MICHIGAN DISPOSAL, INC.
MICHIGAN DUST CONTROL, INC.
MICHIGAN GAS STORAGE COMPANY
MICHIGAN INDUSTRIAL FINISHES CORP.
MICHIGAN METAL PROCESSING CORP.
MICHIGAN OHIO PIPELINE CORP.
MICHIGAN PETROLEUM CO.
MICHIGAN PLATING
MICHIGAN QUALITY FOODS, INC.
MICHIGAN SEAT COMPANY
MICHIGAN STATE HIGHWAY COMMISSION
MICHIGAN STATE INDUSTRIES
MICHIGAN SUGAR COMPANY
MICHIGAN WISCONSIN PIPE LINE CO.
MICOM CORPORATION
MICRO MINIATURE BEARING CO.
MICRO-BIT CORPORATION
MICROFAS, INC.
MID MARK MEDICAL CORPORATION
MID-AMERICA
MID-ATLANTIC CHEMICAL COMPANY, INC.
MID-ATLANTIC WOOD PRESERVES, INC.
MID-EAST ALUMINUM
MID-SOUTH

MID-SOUTH WOOD PRODUCTS, INC.
MID-STATE CHEMICALS
MID-STATE DISPOSAL, INC.
MIDDLESEX DISPOSAL SERVICES
MIDDLESEX QUALITY CONTAINER & DRUM
MIDDLESEX RESEARCH CO. & MFG.
MIDLAND COMMERCIAL CLEANING SERVICE
MIDLAND COOPERATIVES, INC.
MIDLAND PROCESSING, INC.
MIDLAND ROSS POWER CONTROLS DIV.
MIDLAND-ROSS CORPORATION
MIDSTATES STEEL & YARD DIVISION
MIDWEST ADVANCE CO.
MIDWEST ALUMINUM PRODUCTS CO.
MIDWEST ALUMINUM SIDING CO.
MIDWEST BARREL & DRUM
MIDWEST BODY, INC.
MIDWEST COMPONENTS, INC.
MIDWEST EMERY FREIGHT SYSTEM INC.
MIDWEST LACQUER MFG
MIDWEST PLATING & CHEMICAL
MIDWEST RUBBER RECLAIMING CO.
MIDWEST SOLVENT AND RECLAMATION
MIDWEST SYNTHETICS CO.
MIDWEST WASTE DISPOSAL
MIKE FLANNERY CHEVROLET, INC.
MIKE MONROE AERONAUTICAL
MIL CORPORATION
MILDRED HILTON-WHITE
MILE HIGH EQUIPMENT COMPANY
MILE-HIGH PAINTS AND EQUIPMENT CO
MILE-HIGH AUTO ELECTRIC, INC.
MILES LABORATORIES, INC.
MILEY TRAILER COMPANY
MILKON RESEARCH CORPORATION
MILJO CHEMICAL
MILICO MANUFACTURING
MILORSEK TOWNSHIP SUPERVISORS
MILLER CRYSTAL COMPANY
MILLER CRYSTAL COMPANY
MILLER INDUSTRIES
MILLER METAL PRODUCTS CORPORATION
MILLER SHOE COMPANY
MILLER STEERING
MILLER TRANSPORTERS, INC.
MILLER-DING COMPANY
MILLER-WAYNE PUMP
MILLHURST MILLS
MILLIPORE CORPORATION
MILLMASTER CHEMICAL CO.
MILLMASTER CRYX GROUP, INC.
MILNE TRUCK LINE COMPANY
MILKO PRODUCTS, INC.
MINERVA MINES, INC.
MINISCI ENTERPRISES
MINNESOTA DEPARTMENT OF
TRANSPORTATION
MINNESOTA MILLING MINING
MINNESOTA MINING AND MFG. CO.
MINUTE MAN SERVICES
MIRACLE AUTO PAINTING
MISSION APPLIANCE CORP.
MISSOURI ST. HWY. & TRANS. COMM.
MISTER HERO SYSTEMS
MITCHELL CORPORATION
MN STATE CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES
MOBAY CHEMICAL CORPORATION
MOBIL CHEMICAL COATINGS COMPANY
MOBIL CORPORATION
MOBIL HYDROCARBONICS, INC.
MOB. OIL CORP., MOBIL CHEM. DIV.
MOBIL RESEARCH & DEV. CORP.
MOBILE INDUSTRIAL SERVICES
MOBILE TYCO SOLAR ENERGY CORP.
MOBILE WASTE CONTROLS OF KENTUCKY
MOCO, INC.
MODEL COVERALL SERVICE, INC.
MODERN PLATING COMPANY
MODERN TOOL AND DIE
MODERN TRANSPORTATION
MODERN TND
MODUTO, INC.
MORAN DATA SCIENCE (MDS)
MORAN LABS
MORRIS VASH OF LOUISVILLE, INC.

MOLDED FIBERGLASS COMPANY
MOLDED FIBERGLASS CONCRETE FORMS
MOLDED FIBERGLASS TRAY COMPANY
MOLYCORP, INC.
MONARK
MONITOR NORTHWEST MOLDED PRODUCTS
MONUM CORPORATION
MONMOUTH MEDICAL CENTER
MONOCHEM, INC.
MONOGAHELA POWER COMPANY
MONOGAHELA RAILWAY COMPANY, INC.
MONROE CHEMICAL CO., INC.
MONROE FORGE
MONSANTO COMPANY
MONTGOMERY COUNTY IND. DEV. AUTH.
MONTGOMERY TANK LINES
MONTROSE CHEMICAL CORP OF CA
MONTVALE LABS
MOORE BUSINESS EQUIPMENT
MOORE'S DISPOSAL
MOORFEED CORPORATION
MOORMAN BROTHERS
MORGAN ADHESIVES COMPANY
MORGAN TRUCKING
MORGANTOWN INDUSTRIAL PARK, INC.
MORRILL PRESS
MORRIS P. KIRK AND SON, INC.
MORRISON STEEL COMPANY
MORROW STEEL COMPANY
MORSE CHAIN/DORG-WARNER
MORTON CHEMICAL CO.
MORTON I. ZIEDMAN, ESQ
MORTON THIKOL CORP.
MORTON-NORWICH PRODUCTS, INC.
MOSELER SAFE CO.
MOSSBERG INDUSTRIES
MOSTEK CORPORATION
MOTCO, INC.
MOTOR PRODUCTS DIVISION
MOTOR WHEEL CORP.
MOTOROLA, INC.
MOTOROLA, INC., GOVT ELECTRONICS GR
MOUNTAIN BELL
MOUNTAIN CHEMICALS, INC.
MPL, INC.
MR PASQUELE
MR. & MRS. GERALD SCHMALTZ
MR. & MRS. JOHN CALLAHAN
MR. & MRS. AMOS BLANCHARD
MR. & MRS. CHARLES KUMMER
MR. & MRS. FULLER SAULTER
MR. & MRS. GREGORY SCHMALTZ
MR. E. G. STEPHENSON
MR. EDWARD L. PAYER
MR. ELLIS RUDY
MR. GERALD L. RAKERS
MR. HAROLD SHANE
MR. JOE FRENCH
MR. JOHN F. WELCH, JR.
MR. KASSOLF
MR. KIMMERING
MR. RUSSELL M. BLISS
MR. WALTER HARODYSKI
MR. WAYNE C. BARKER
MR. WILLIAM J. O'HARA, SR.
MR. WILLIAM M. DAVIS
MRS. BETTY E. O'HARA
MRS. EVERHART
MRS. GARRY K. JOHNSON, JR.
MRS. O. L. DAVIS
MRS. PAUL A. KEEFE
MRS. WILLIAM E. DISTLER
MS. FLEANNOR DAVIS
MO GAS STATION
MTH FINISHERS, INC.
MUEHLMEYER HEAT TREAT COMPANY
MULLER INDUSTRIES, INC.
MULTICIRCUITS
MULTI-CHEM COMPANY
MULTIGRAPH ADDRESSOGRAPH
MUNICIPAL EQUIPMENT
MUNICIPALITY OF METRO. SEATTLE
MURDOCK MACHINE & ENG. CO.
MURFEE MANUFACTURING
MURRAY CORPORATION

MURRAY MANUFACTURING
MURRAY PACIFIC CORPORATION
MURRAY SANITATION SERVICE
MURRAY-CARVER, INC.
MUSKEGON CHEMICAL COMPANY
MUTREE TRUCKING
MYERS DRUM COMPANY

N

N & N TRUCKING
N.A.E. CORPORATION
N.D. INDUSTRIES/LIB. SOLVENTS
N.J. KARNES WELDING SERVICE
NALCO CHEMICAL CORP
NAMECO (WORCESTER STAMP CO.)
NAMEPLATES, INC.
NANCY C. DAVIS
NAPA PROPERTIES, INC.
NAPP SYSTEMS
NARCO, INC.
NARRAGANSETT COATED PAPER CORP.
NASA
NASHUA BRASS
NASHUA CORPORATION
NAT'L PACKING STONE CONTAINER CORP.
NATICO, INC.
NATIONAL AIRLINES
NATIONAL BERYLLIA CORP.
NATIONAL BOTTLE MFG. CO.
NATIONAL CAN CORPORATION
NATIONAL CASH REGISTER CORPORATION
NATIONAL DISTILLERS PRODUCTS
NATIONAL DRUM & BARREL
NATIONAL FORGE CO.
NATIONAL GYPSUM
NATIONAL HEALTH LABS
NATIONAL HEEL OF MASS, INC.
NATIONAL HOMES CORPORATION
NATIONAL JEWEL HOSPITAL & RESEARCH
NATIONAL LATEX PRODUCTS COMPANY
NATIONAL LOCK
NATIONAL MANUFACTURING & SUPPLY CO.
NATIONAL MARINE SERVICE
NATIONAL METAL PRODUCTS CO., INC.
NATIONAL OIL SERVICE
NATIONAL PACKAGING
NATIONAL PAPER BOX
NATIONAL PLATING COMPANY
NATIONAL PRESTO INDUSTRIES, INC.
NAT. ONAL PRODUCTS DISPLAYS, INC.
NATIONAL PRODUCTS, INC.
NATIONAL RAILROAD PASSENGER SERVICE
NATIONAL STANDARD COMPANY
NATIONAL STARCH & CHEMICAL CORP.
NATIONAL SUPER SERVICE CO.
NATIONAL TANNING & TRADING CO.
NATIONAL TRANSFER, INCORPORATED
NATIONAL VULCANIZING FIBERS
NATIONAL WATERLOO COMPANY
NATIONAL WOOD PRESERVERS, INC.
NATIVE TEXTILES
NAT'L CYLINDER GAS/DIV OF CHEMTRON
NAVOR CORP.
NAVCO STATION
NAVTEC, INC.
NCH CORPORATION
NCNAIR TRANSPORT, INC.
NDT SYSTEMS, INC.
NEAL PLATING COMPANY
NEAL RALTY
NEC ELECTRONICS, INC.
NEICO MICROWAVE COMPANY
NEIL PAGE
NEKOOSA EDWARDS PAPER CO.
NELSON CHEMICAL CO.
NELSON ELECTRIC
NELSON HENSLEY, ESQ.
NELSON HOLDEN
NELSON INDUSTRIAL SERVICES, INC.
NELSON NAME PLATE COMPANY
NEICO ELECTRIC
NEPCO ENERGY CORP.
NEPERA CHEMICAL COMPANY
NESTLE COMPANY, INC.
NEUTRON PRODUCTS, INC.

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY LISTING OF POTENTIALLY RESPONSIBLE PARTIES AT CERCLA SITES AS OF 11/25/85

NEVILLE CHEMICAL COMPANY
NEW CASTLE COUNTY
NEW CITY INC.
NEW ENGLAND CESSPOOL CO.
NEW ENGLAND CHEMICAL COMPANY
NEW ENGLAND CONTAINER
NEW ENGLAND ELECTRIC SYSTEMS
NEW ENGLAND INSTRUMENTS CO., INC.
NEW ENGLAND LAMINATES CO., INC.
NEW ENGLAND MEDICAL CENTER HOSPITAL
NEW ENGLAND NUTRITION CORPORATION
NEW ENGLAND PAPER MILLS
NEW ENGLAND PAPER CO.
NEW ENGLAND PAPER CO.
NEW ENGLAND PAPER CO.
NEW ENGLAND STEEL FABRICATORS, INC.
NEW ENGLAND TAP COMPANY, INC.
NEW HAMPSHIRE BALL BEARINGS, INC.
NEW HAVEN FARM EQUIPMENT, INC.
NEW JERSEY DEPARTMENT OF LAW
NEW JERSEY DEPT. OF ENVIR. PROT.
NEW JERSEY ZINC COMPANY, INC.
NEW ORLEANS PUBLIC SERVICE
NEW ORLEANS MOTOR EXPRESS
NEW PROCESS GEAR CORP.
NEW YORK POWER CO.
NEW YORK CHEMICAL WASTE SYSTEMS, INC.
NEW WATER PRINTING CORPORATION
NEWYORK PRINTING
NEWARK POWER
NEWARK PLASTICS CO., INC.
NEWARK, INC.
NEW PAKING
NEWCASTLE J. PUMILIA
NEWCASTLE WENSAFT
NEWCASTLE
NEWCASTLE AUTO BODY & RADIATOR WORKS
NEWCASTLE MACHINE CORPORATION
NEWCASTLE INDUSTRIES, INC.
NEWCASTLE BUILDING SYSTEMS, INC.
NEWCASTLE, INC.
NEWCASTLE CHEMICAL PAINT COMPANY, INC.
NEWCASTLE-LUMP CO.
NEWCASTLE, INC.
NEWCASTLE INDUSTRIES, INC.
NEWCASTLE CORPORATION
NEWCASTLE, INC.
NEWCASTLE DRUMS, INC.
NEWCASTLE, INC.
NEWCASTLE
NEWCASTLE DRUMS, INC.
NEWCASTLE PAYER
NEWCASTLE COLLATOR
NEWCASTLE CONVEYOR
NEWCASTLE COMPANY
NEWCASTLE WERCHOWSKY
NEWCASTLE INDUSTRIES, INC.
NEWCASTLE INDUSTRIES
NEWCASTLE AMERICAN GRAPHICS, INC.
NEWCASTLE AMERICAN METAL & CHEMICAL
NEWCASTLE AMERICAN ROCKWELL
NEWCASTLE AMERICAN WIRE MILLS, INC.
NEWCASTLE EAST INSTRUMENTS
NEWCASTLE EAST POLLUTION CONTROL, INC.
NEWCASTLE STATE CHEMICALS, INC.
NEWCASTLE LABORATORY & MACHINE CO.
NEWCASTLE LABS
NEWCASTLE OIL SERVICE
NEWCASTLE PHARMACEUTICAL & CHEM CO
NEWCASTLE SOLVENTS RECLAMATION
NEWCASTLE DISPOSAL COMPANY
NEWCASTLE PHARM. AND CHEMICAL CO
NEWCASTLE SANITATION, INC.
NEWCASTLE ENGRAVING CORP.
NEWCASTLE KENTUCKY PORT AUTHORITY
NEWCASTLE PACKAGING CORPORATION
NEWCASTLE PETROCHEMICAL CO.
NEWCASTLE STATES POWER CO.
NEWCASTLE STEAM CLEANING
NEWCASTLE TELECOM-METRO CENTER
NEWCASTLE TELECOM, INC.
NEWCASTLE PLATING COMPANY
NEWCASTLE ALUMINUM COMPANY
NEWCASTLE REFRIGERATION COMPANY
NEWCASTLE CORPORATION
NEWCASTLE SANITARY LANDFILL, INC.

NORTHROP WORLDWIDE AIRCRAFT SERV.
NORTHWAY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC.
NORTHWAY PRODUCTS
NORTHWEST DISPOSAL, INC.
NORTHWEST METAL PRODUCTS, CO.
NORTHWEST MOSQUITO ABATEMENT
NORTHWEST
NORTHWEST PLATING COMPANY
NORTHWEST STEEL ROLLING MILLS
NORTHWEST TANK SERVICE
NORTHWEST TECHNICAL PLASTICS, INC.
NORTHWEST V.I.P. CORP./BOEING-PORT.
NORTHWEST & SON, INC.
NORTHWEST CO. CO.
NORTHWEST COMPANY
NORTHWEST COMPANY, INC.
NORTHWOOD HOSPITAL
NORTHWOOD SAM FOWLER
NORTHWOOD, INC.
NU CHROME PLATING
NU-TEX CORP.
NUCLEAR ENGINEERING CO.
NUCLEAR METALS
NUCLEAR PACIFIC INCORPORATED
NULCO MFG. CORP.
NUTCHIE DIVISION
NUTCHIE COMPANY
NYACOL PRODUCTS, INC.
NYANZA, INC.
NYE'S JAPANESE LAC, INC.

O

O K TOOL COMPANY
O.H. MATERIALS COMPANY
O.K. TUCKER
O.S.C. COMPANY
O'Brien INDUSTRIES, INC.
O'Brien PAINT CORPORATION
O'DAY COMPANY
O'HARA SANITATION COMPANY, INC.
O'NEILL DURO CO.
OAK MATERIALS GROUP, INC.
OAK MEDICAL SUPPLY COMPANY
OAKITE PRODUCTS, INC.
OAKLEY SERVICE CO.
OCCIDENTAL CHEMICAL CORPORATION
OCEANO BROS. CO.
OFFSHORE LOGISTICS, INC.
OGRA, INC.
OHIO CRANCH & MACHINE COMPANY
OHIO FARM BUREAU SYNFUELS
OHIO FOWER COMPANY
OHIO RUBBER CO.
OHIOSTEAD OF LOUIDIANA
OHMTEC CORPORATION
OIL AND SOLVENT PROCESS COMPANY
OIL LEASING COMPANY, INC.
OIL PAINT
OK CITY DISPOSAL
OK GAS & ELECTRIC
OK GRAPHICS
OK MACHINE MANUFACTURING
OK NATIONAL STOCKYARDS COMPANY
OK NATURAL GAS COMPANY
OK PUBLISHING COMPANY (CPUBCO)
OK TANK SERVICE, INC.
OK TRANSPORTATION COMPANY
OKANOGAN HELICOPTERS, LTD.
OKLAHOMA CITY AIR LOGISTICS CENTER
OKLAHOMA CITY/COUNTY HEALTH DEPT
OKLAHOMA DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
OKLAHOMA DEPARTMENT OF
CORRECTIONS
OKLAHOMA STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
OKLAHOMA TANK LINES, INC.
OKONITE
OLD FITZGERALD DIST
OLD WESTERN PAINT CO., INC.
OLE AND DICK'S BOAT HOUSES
OLIN CHEMICAL CORPORATION
OLIN CORPORATION
OLIN RESEARCH CENTER
OLIVER MACHINERY COMPANY
OLSON BODIES
OLYMPIC STAIN

OMARK INDUSTRIES, INC.
OMNI SPECTRA
OMAN CORPORATION
ONE WAY INDUSTRIES, INC.
ONEIDA LIMITED
ONEIDA PACKAGING PRODUCTS, INC.
ONYX CHEMICAL COMPANY
ONYX PULFWOOD
OPERATING INDUSTRIES, INC.
OPTON, INC.
ORAL ROBERTS UNIVERSITY
ORANGE HEIGHTS ORANGE ASSN
ORNDIS PRODUCTS CORP.
ORCHARD CORPORATION
ORCHARD CHEMICALS, INC.
ORCHARD, INC.
ORCHARD SHOP
ORTHO DIAGNOSTICS
ORVILLE MOORE
OSBORNE COINAGE COMPANY
OSPEX ASSOCIATES INC.
OT ENTERPRISES, INC.
OTS ELEVATOR COMPANY
OTT'S VACUUM TRUCK SERVICE, INC.
OTTATI AND GOSS, INC.
OTTO SKIPPER
OUTBOARD MARINE CORPORATION
OVERLOVE COMPANY
OVERNIGHT TRANSPORTATION COMPANY
OWENS-CORNING FIBERGLASS CORP.
OWENS-ILLINOIS, INC.
OWENSON CRAFTING ARTS
OXFORD CHEMICAL, INC.
OXFORD INDUSTRIES, INC.
OXFORD FENCARLEX COMPANY
OXIRAC CHEMICAL COMPANY
OXYGEN SALES AND SERVICE, INC.

P

P AND R ENTERPRISES
P.I.E. TYDER
P.R. MALLORY & CO., INC.
PACIFIC CAR AND FOUNDRY CO.
PACIFIC COAST DRUM CO.
PACIFIC EXTRUSIONS, INC.
PACIFIC FORGE, INC.
PACIFIC HIDE AND FUR DEPOT, INC.
PACIFIC METALLURGICAL, INC.
PACIFIC PROPELLOR, INC.
PACIFIC RESINS & CHEMICALS, INC.
PACIFIC SOUND INDUSTRIAL COMPANY
PACIFIC STEEL LIMITED
PACIFIC SUPPLY CO-OP
PACIFIC TUBE COMPANY
PACIFIC WESTERN ENGINEERING CORP.
PACIFIC WOOD PRODUCTS, INC.
PACKAGE CHEMICAL CO., INC.
PACKAGING CORPORATION OF AMERICA
PACKAGING PRODUCTS
PACKAGING SYSTEMS CORPORATION
PAGE PELTING COMPANY
PAGE INDUSTRIES
PAINESVILLE WATER POLLUTION CONTROL
PAINTERS SUPPLY, INC.
PAINTING SPECIALISTS, INC.
PALETTE TRUCKING INC.
PAINTER ASB & RUBBER
PAINTER-CHENARD INDUSTRIES, INC.
PAINTER, INC.
PAN AMERICAN
PAN CHEMICAL CORPORATION
PANOR CORPORATION
PANOR PRADFORD, INC.
PANOR AIR CORP.
PANOR PROCESSING, INC.
PANOR INTERNATIONAL CORP.
PAPER CALMENSEN AND COMPANY
PAPER CONVERTING CORPORATION
PAPER CONVERTING MACHINE CO., INC.
PAR-KUT INTERNATIONAL, INC.
PARA-CHEM SOUTHERN, INC.
PARADYNE CORPORATION
PARAMOUNT DISTRIBUTION
PARAMOUNT PACKAGING CORP.
PARISH OIL CO.

PARK TRADING COMPANY
PARKE, DAVIS & COMPANY
PARKER HANNIFIN CORP.
PARKER INDUSTRIES, INC.
PARKER MARTIN, INC.
PARKER PEN CO., INC.
PARKER WHITE METALS CO.
PARKER'S EXPRESS, INC.
PARKWOOD LAMINATES, INC. (WANG LAB)
PARLEX CORPORATION
PARMAK, INC.
PARR, INC.
PARROTS SHELL
PARSON CASKET HARDWARE CO.
PARTAGE RUBBER CO.
PAS POLLUTION CONTROL, INC.
PASCAL COMPANY, INC.
PASCHON, FAUREY, AND COTZES
PASMEY CORP.
PASTUSHIN AVIATION CO
PATHOLOGY CONSULTANTS LABS
PATRICIA FRASER
PATTERSON CHEMICAL COMPANY
PATTERSON SARGENT
PAUL A. KEEFE
PAUL E. MATTHEWS
PAUL HARDEMAN, INC.
PAUL J. HUESS
PAUL LANIGAN
PAUL LYNCH
PAUL TURNER, ESQ.
PAULE
PAULO PRODUCTS
PAY 'N' SAVE CORPORATION
PAYNE JONES-BOISE CASCADE CORP.
PAYSO, INC.
PB&S CHEMICAL COMPANY
PCI GROUP INC./W.W. CROSS DIVISION
PDMA AERONAUTICAL SYSTEMS DIVISION
PEABODY COMPANY
PEABODY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION
PEABODY VIP, INC.
PEARCE LEATHER COMPANY
PEARL-FRIEDLAND PRINTING CO.
PEARSON YACHTS
PEASE CO.
PEERLESS LACQUER & CHEMICALS CO.
PEERLESS POTTERY, INC.
PEERLESS WIRE GOODS
PELICAN SERVICE ASSOCIATES
PENETONE CORP.
PENN CENTRAL CORP.
PENN FUEL GAS, INC.
PENN IRON AND METAL COMPANY
PENN-DIXIE STL. CORP/CONTL. STEEL
PENNSBYRT COATINGS CORP.
PENNSYLVANIA ELECTRIC COMPANY
PENNSYLVANIA POWER & LIGHT
PENNWALT CORPORATION
PENQUE-WILLIAMS, INC.
PEPPER'S STEEL AND ALLOYS
PEPSI COLA CO.
PERFECT CORPORATION
PERFECT FINISHING
PERFECTION PAINT COLOR CO., INC.
PERFECTION TIP COMPANY
PERK CHEMICAL CO., INC.
PERKIN ELMER CORPORATION
PERKINS ENGINES, INC.
PERMACEL C/O JOHNSON & JOHNSON
PERMACRAFT BOATS
PERMAFLEX ROLLER CORPORATION
PERMUTHANE (UNITED FINISH COMPANY)
PERRY & DERRICK
PERRY CHEMICAL CORP.
PERRY PLASTICS, INC.
PERRY SHIPBUILDING
PERSONAL PRODUCT CO.
PERU MINING COMPANY
PERVEL INDUSTRIES
PETER HOWE
PETER MARCH AGENCY
PETER ZIMMERMAN, ESQ.
PETRO EXCHANGE, INC.
PETRO PRODUCTS

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY LISTING OF POTENTIALLY RESPONSIBLE PARTIES AT CERCLA SITES AS OF 11/25/85

PETRO-TEX, INC.
PETROLEUM RECLAIMING SERVICE INC.
PETROLEUM SPECIALTY SERVICE
PETROLEUM TANK CLEANING & DISPOSAL
PETROLEUM TRANSPORT COMPANY
PETROTECH CORP.
PETER, INC.
PHARMALAB
PHARMACIA FINE CHEMICALS
PHARMACIALS
PHILIPS COUNTY
PHILIPS DODGE CORP.
PHILIPS DODGE MAGNET WIRE CO.
PHILA ELECTRIC CO.
PHILA STAR CORP.
PHILA DELPHIA EQUIPMENT
PHILA DELPHIA INTERNATIONAL BANK
PHILA DELPHIA QUARTZ CO.
PHILIP MORRIS INTERNATIONAL
PHILIPS INDUSTRIES WAREHOUSE
PHILIPS MANUFACTURING
PHILIP ALFANT CHEMICAL CORP.
PHILIP GORDON & SONS
PHILIPS CHEMICAL
PHILIPS MANUFACTURING CO.
PHILIPS PETROLEUM COMPANY
PHILIPS PRODUCTS CO., INC.
PHILIPS PRODUCT CORPORATION
PHOENIX OIL COMPANY
PHOTOGRAPHIC TECHNOLOGY, INC.
PHOTO CONTROL
PICKANDS MATH & COMPANY
PICKETRI, INC.
PILMONT CEDAR PRODUCTS
PIERCE BROTHERS OIL SERVICE
PILE DRIVERS, INC.
PILESURY COMPANY
PILOT CHEMICAL CO.
PILOT EIGHT CARRIERS, INC.
PILOT INDUSTRIES
PINE TREE COATINGS
PINEY DICK AND TRANSPORT CO.
PIONEER METALS FINISHING
PIONEER PLASTICS INC.
PIONEER ROOFING CO.
PIONEER SAND COMPANY
PIPE SPECIALTIES, INC.
PIPER AIRCRAFT
PIRELLI CABLES, INC.
PISCATAWAY DISPOSAL
PITNEY BOWES
PITTSBURGH AND LAKE ERIE RAILROAD
PITTSBURGH TESTING LABORATORY
PITTSBURGH AND CORNELL LOCK CO.
PKG CORP.
PLACID REFINERIES
PLAIN DEALER PUBLISHING COMPANY
PLAIN DEALERS, SOLVENTS
PLAINVIEW-OLA ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
PLASCOR INCORP. (POLYPLASTICS)
PLASTIC MOLDING CORP.
PLASTIC PRODUCTS CORPORATION
PLASTIC-STEEL PRODUCTS, INC.
PLASTICS MFG. COMPANY
PLASTICS PARTS, INC.
PLASTOMER CORPORATION
PLATTE CHEMICAL COMPANY
PLAYSKOOL, INC.
PLESSEY PRECISION METALS
PLYMOUTH RUBBER
PMI LABORATORIES, INC.
POINT PLEASANT HOSPITAL
POLACOAT, INC.
POLAROID CORPORATION
POLLARD DISPOSAL
POLLUTION ABATEMENT SERVICE INC.
POLY GLAD-LAMINATES
POLY INDUSTRIES, INC.
POLYFORM CORP.
POLYMER HOSE AND COUPLING, INC.
POLYMER INSTITUTE
POLYMER MATERIALS INC.
POLYMER RECOVERY
POLYPRINT FACHAGING CORP.
POLYSAR GULF COAST, INC.

PONDEROSA FARMS
PONDEROSA PRODUCTS, INC.
PONTIAC GENERAL HOSPITAL
PONTIUS TRUCKING
POPE CHEMICAL COMPANY
PORK TRADING COMPANY
PORTADRI, INC.
PORTAGE PUBLIC SCHOOLS
PORTAGE RUDDER COMPANY
PORTER PAINT COMPANY
POST TRANSPORTATION COMPANY
POTLATCH
POTTER AND BRUMFIELD
POTTER PAINT
POWELL SANITATION SERVICE
POWELL SERVICE COMPANY
POWER JET
POWER SWEEPING SERVICE
POWERLINE OIL CO
POWERS FLAT
POZZI BROTHERS TRANSPORTATION, INC.
PPG INDUSTRIES, COMO PLASTICS
PPG INDUSTRIES, INC.
PRAB CONVEYORS, INC.
PRAL MAG, INC.
PRATT & WHITNEY AIRCRAFT
PRATT AND LAMBERT
PRE FINISH METALS, INC.
PRECAST SCHOKKONETON, INC.
PRECISION CASTPARTS CORP.
PRECISION CHEMICAL CO.
PRECISION ENGINEERING
PRECISION SCREENING INC.
PRECOAT METALS
PREIN & HENRIOF
PREMER INDUSTRIES, INC.
PREMEX, INC.
PREMIER DIE CASTING
PREMIUM ALLIED TOOL, INC.
PREMIUM FINISHES, INC.
PREMCO
PRENTICE-HALL CORPORATION
PRESBYTERIAN HOSPITAL
FRESHET CORPORATION
PRESS ENTERPRISE CO
FRESTO AND DARRIDE
FRESTOLITE CORPORATION
FRESTOLITE ELECTRIC DIVISION
FRESTON CHEMICAL COMPANY
FRESTYPE
PREVEL INDUSTRIAL, INC.
PREVUE PRODUCTS
PRI NORTHWEST, INC.
PRICE-PISTER BRASS MANUFACTURING CO
PRICES TRUCKING COMPANY
PRIME TANNING CO.
PRINCE OF INSTRUCTION CO.
PRINCE CORPORATION
PRINCE PACKAGING CORP.
PRINCESS COALS, INC.
PRINCETON CHEMICAL RESEARCH, INC.
PRINCETON NURSERY
PRINTED CIRCUITS
PRINTPAK, INC.
PRIOR COATED METALS
PRISTINE, INC.
PRO GROUP, INC.
PROCEEDYNE CORP.
PROCTOR & GAMBLE
PROCTOR CHEMICAL CO.
PRODUCERS COOLER SERVICE, INC.
PRODUCT FINISHES INC DIV TALSOL CP
PROGRESS INDUSTRIES, INC.
PROGRESS LIGHTING COMPANY
PROGRESS PAINT MFG CO
PROPERTIES AND SECURITIES, INC.
PROTECTIVE MATERIALS CO.
PROTEX INDUSTRIES, INC.
PROTO CIRCUIT
PROTOTYPE CIRCUITS, INC.
PROVIDENCE GAS COMPANY
PROVIDENCE GRAVURE
PROVIDENCE JOURNAL-BULLETIN
PRUD HOMER TRUCK TANK SERVICE, INC.
PRYOR FOUNDRY, INC.

PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANY
PUBLIC SERVICE ELECTRIC & GAS
PULUCKER GASALOL
PUMPING TECHNOLOGY—KEINES CORP
PUMPKIN CITY ENTERPRISE
PURCHEM CO.
PUREX CORPORATION
PVO INTERNATIONAL INC.
PWA AIRLINES, LTD.
PYECOR INC. (PYROTEX CORPORATION)
PYRO-TEK INC
PYROLOC, INC.

Q

QUAKER CHEMICAL COMPANY
QUAKER STATES OIL REFINING CORP.
QUALITY CHEMICALS INC
QUALITY COATINGS (QUALITY ENAMEL)
QUALITY CONTAINER
QUALITY DELIVERY SERVICE
QUALITY FINISHING INCORPORATED
QUALITY PLASTIC
QUANEX CORPORATION
QUEMECO, INC.
QUIGG BROS.-MCDONALD, INC.

R

R & G SERVICES, INC.
R & H ENTERPRISES
R & P TRUCKING CO., INC.
R & R EDUCATION
R & R SANITATION SERVICE
R & C VALUE
R. R. DONNELLY AND SONS
R. ZACHARY NELSON
R.A. PACCETT, INC.
R.B. JOHNSON
R.C. ALLEN COMPANY
R.E. CHAMBERS MANUFACTURING
R.F. DYE
R.F. SIMMONS, INC.
R.L. KISTLER CO.
R.M. COEXTUSION PLANT
R.R. DONNELLY AND SONS
R.S. LIQUID WASTE DISPOSAL
R.V. SEACON COMPANY
R.W. EMMIN, INC.
R.W. REALTY CO.
RAY, RHINE
RAYMUL, INC.
RADIO RESEARCH CORP.
RADIO MATERIALS
RADIUM CHEMICALS, INC.
RADIX WIRE COMPANY
RAGDALE BROTHERS, INC.
RAINBOW CANYON MFG. CORP
RAINBOW RANCHO FLYING SERVICE
RAINBOW RECREATION, INC.
RALPH R. DIEHL JR.
RALPH FOANE
RALPH SHRADER, INC.
RALPH WILSON PLASTICS COMPANY
RALSTON PURINA COMPANY
RAMMETER INC.
RAMSEY CORP.
RANCO, INC.
RANCOAS VALLEY REFUSE DISPOSAL SER
RANDALL COMPANY
RANDALL JAMES BURNS
RANDALL WRIGHT
RANDOLPH PRODUCTS COMPANY
RANDY ALHO
RANIER BREWING
RANSTURG CORPORATION
RANBUTCH CORP.
RAPCO ROAM, INC.
RAPID DISPOSAL SERVICE
RAPIDAN INCORPORATED
RATLOCO, INCORPORATED
RAULAND DIV. OF ZENITH RADIO CORP.
RAVINE CAMP CORPORATION
RAY COSTA
RAY GUYS TRAILER COURT
RAY HOLDER INC.

RAY-WEL MOTORS
RAYBESTOS MANHATTAN/RAYMARK
RAYGO, INC.
RAYMARK (RAYBESTOS)
RAYMOND ROAD LANDFILL
RAYMOND THOMAS
RAYTHEON COMPANY
RCA CONSUMER ELECTRONICS
RCA CORPORATION
RCA ELECTRIC COMPONENTS
RCA GOVERNMENT AND COMMERCIAL
RCA SOLID STATE DIVISION
RE-SOLVE, INC.
REA MAGNET WIRE COMPANY, INC.
READ CORPORATION
READING COMPANY
REAGENT CHEMICAL & RESEARCH INC.
REBER AND ALLEN
REBER AND SON
RECLAIMED ENERGY COMPANY
RECLAMATION RESOURCES, INC.
RECOVERY PROCESSORS, INC.
RECOVERY SPECIALISTS, INC.
RECTICON
RECYCLING INDUSTRIES, INC.
RED BALL MOTOR FREIGHT
RED BRIDGE (NOW E. PROVIDENCE) CAR
WASH
RED DEVIL PAINT & LACQUER CO.
RED DEVIL, INC.
RED DOT CORPORATION
RED SPOT PAINT & VARNISH CO.
REDFIELD COMPANY
REDWING CARRIER
REECE WILLIAMS, ESQUIRE
REED & PRINCE MFG. CO.
REED INDUSTRIES
REED MANUFACTURING, INC.
REEVES SOUTHEASTERN GALVANIZING CORP
REFINED METAL INTERNATIONAL
REFINED OXYX
REFLECTIVE LAMINATES
REFLECTOR HARDWARE CO.
REGENCY ELECTRONICS, INC.
REHEIS CO.
REICHOLD CHEMICALS, INC.
REILLY TAR & CHEMICAL COMPANY
REITER DRUM & BARREL
RELIABLE DISPOSAL, INC.
RELIABLE TRANSPORTATION, INC.
RELIAANCE ELECTRIC CO.
RELIAANCE UNIVERSAL, INC.
RELON
REMINGTON ARMS CO.
REN PLASTICS
RENAISSANCE AIR, INC.
RENTON ISSAQUAH AUTO FREIGHT, INC.
REPCO—LITE PAINTS, INC.
REPUBLIC STEEL
RESERVE ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES
RESIN COATINGS CORPORATION
RESOLVE, INC.
RESOURCE RECOVERY CORP.
RESURRECTION MINING COMPANY
REVERE COPPER & BRASS
REVLON, INC.
REVOM, INC.
REX OF FLORIDA, INC.
REX PAPERBOX CO.
REX SHOE COMPANY, INC.
REXHAM
REXNORD, INC.
REXNORD, INC./REX CHAIN BELT
REYNARD'S EXPRESS
REYNOLDS & MARKHAM, INC.
REYNOLDS ALUMINUM COMPANY
REYNOLDS METALS COMPANY
RF BUSCH
RGF MANUFACTURING CO.
RHEEM MANUFACTURING COMPANY
RHEEM MANUFACTURING & LOWENSTEIN
SAND
RHODES COMPANY
RHODES ENTERPRISES, INC.
RHONE-POULENCE CHEMICAL COMPANY

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY LISTING OF POTENTIALLY RESPONSIBLE PARTIES AT CERCLA SITES AS OF 11/25/85

PHONE-POULENE, INC.
RIGS TRANSFER COMPANY, INC.
RICH STEEL PICKLING COMPANY
RICHARD A. DINGWELL
RICHARD A. KLEIN
RICHARD B. MOULLES
RICHARD FRENCH
RICHARD UCCARDELLO
RICHARD MCCARTY
RICHARD PETERS
RICHARD WYNN
RICHARDS TRUCKING
RICHARDSON CO.
RICHARDSON-MERRELL, INC.
RICHFIELD DISPOSAL, INC.
RICHFIELD OIL CORP.
RICHMOND GEAR
RIDGE PRINTING COMPANY, INC.
RIDGEWAY PACKAGING CORPORATION
RIEDEL PRODUCTS
RIEHL AND BOZZA
RISH EQUIPMENT CO.
RIVAL MANUFACTURING COMPANY
RIVERSIDE CHEMICAL CO.
RIVERSIDE PLATING CO.
RIVERVIEW HOSPITAL
RIVERVIEW WASTE DISPOSAL
RIVERVIEW WASTE DISPOSAL
RIVERVIEW WASTE DISPOSAL
RIVERVIEW WASTE DISPOSAL
ROADWAY EXPRESS, INC.
ROBBIE MANUFACTURING
ROBBINS MFG. CO., INC.
ROBBINS CO., INC.
ROBERT A. HAUSLOHNER
ROBERT A. BACKUS
ROBERT BAILEY CONTRACTORS, INC.
ROBERT BISCHOFF
ROBERT C. TYER
ROBERT DAY
ROBERT E. GOYNER
ROBERT E. LITTLE
ROBERT EARL WARD, JR.
ROBERT H. HACKER
ROBERT HENFIELD, INC.
ROBERT J. CONRAD SR.
ROBERT JAMES BURNS
ROBERT KILLIAN
ROBERT L. ELDER
ROBERT M. LURIE
ROBERT ROSS & SONS
ROBERT S. SUTTON
ROBERTS CONSOLIDATED INDUSTRIES
ROBIN INDUSTRIES
ROBIN STEEL CO.
ROCK HILL MINES CO.
ROCK ISLAND REFINING CORPORATION
ROCK VALLEY OIL & CHEMICAL CO.
ROCKET RESEARCH COMPANY
ROCKFORD COATING CORP.
ROCKWELL INT'L BRAKE DIVISION
ROCKWELL INT'L CORP.-PLASTICS DIV.
ROCKWELL INT'L PLASTICS DIVISION
ROCKWELL INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION
ROCKWOOL INDUSTRIES
ROCKY MOUNTAIN NEWS
ROCKY MOUNTAIN ORTHODONTICS
RODCO, INC.
RODNEY HUNT COMPANY
ROEBLING STEEL & WIRE CORP.
ROEBLING WIRE CO.
ROEHLER ENGRAVING
ROGER AU AND SONS, INC.
ROGER WALLACE
ROGERS CORPORATION
ROGERS ENTERPRISES OF SW LA, INC.
ROHM & HAAS CO., INC.
ROHR INDUSTRIES, INC.
ROLAND E. DERBY, JR.
ROLL COATER
ROLLER COATER
ROLLER REINFORCED PLASTICS, INC.
ROLLINS ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES
ROLLSCREEN CO.
ROMAR TANK LINES
RONALD A. KASCHNER

RONALD F. BEARDEN
RONALD PENQUE
ROOTS-DRESSER
ROSALIE INVESTMENT COMPANY
ROSE S. COOPERAGE CO.
ROSEMAR, INC.
ROSENTHAL TECHNIK OF NORTH AMERICA
ROSPATCH LABEL DIV OF ROSPATCH CORP.
ROSTONE CORPORATION
ROTEX CORPORATION
ROTHRON INC., E. G. & G. INC.
ROTHSCHILD BROTHERS OF CALIFORNIA
ROTO-FOOTER
ROTRON INC.
ROVERTS AND PROTER
ROWE INTERNATIONAL, INC.
ROY AND RAY TEXACO
ROY BROS., INC.
ROY STRONG
ROYAL CASKET COMPANY
ROYAL LABEL CO.
ROYAL M. HARDAGE
ROYAL MANUFACTURING COMPANY
ROYAL N. HARDAGE
ROYAL TAPE CO.
ROYCE ALUMINUM
ROYCE ALUMINUM CORPORATION
ROYAL COATINGS
ROX CORPORATION
RUBBER TYPE SERVICE, INC.
RUDEN GARZA
RUCKER BROTHERS TRUCKING
RUDD COMPANY, INC.
RUDD INVESTMENTS
RUEPING EAST INC.
RULE INDUSTRIES
RUMFORD NATIONAL GRAPHICS
RUPACO PAPER CORP.
RUSCO PERMA COATINGS, INC.
RUSSELL ELECTRONICS
RUSSELL & MILDRED HARRISH
RUSSELL BLISS
RUSSELL BLISS, EVELYN BLISS
RUSSELL MURPHY
RUSSELL REID
RUSSELL-STANLEY CORP.
RUTGERS PACKAGING
RUTGERS UNIVERSITY
RUTH E. VALLACE
RUTH M. FULTZ
RUTHELLA DOLE
RYAN & HAWORTH COMPANY
RYCOLINE PRODUCTS, INC.
RYCOLINE SOLVENT & CHEMICAL CO.

S

S & L ENTERPRISES, INC.
S & S DELIVERY
S & S DISPOSAL, INC.
S & S LEASING
S & S WASTE, INC.
S & W TRUCKING
S & W WASTE, INC.
S G & B
S. & W. WASTE
S. VANCE WILLIAMS
S.A.M. TRUCKING
S.B. PENICK COMPANY
S.C.P.—MACK BARNES
S.CAROLINA RECYCLING & DISPOSAL INC.
S.D. WARREN COMPANY
S.R.S.
S.W. SHATTUCK CHEMICAL CO., INC.
S&S PLATING COMPANY
S-J TRANSPORTATION COMPANY
SABELMEN PLASTICS
SACO TANNING CO.
SAFETY-KLEEN CORPORATION
SAFETYWAY DISTRIBUTION CENTER
SAGINAW ASPHALT PAVING CO.
SAGINAW STEERING GEAR OVERSEAS
CORP
SALEM MOTOR TRANS., INC.
SALSBURY LABORATORIES
SAM A. TAMPOSI

SAM BARLOW
SAM EROUSARD TRUCKING COMPANY, INC.
SAM DRYER
SAM WEISAN
SAM'S KEYSTONE SANIT. CO.
SAMSON OIL SERVICE
SAMSON TANK CLEANING CORP.
SAMSONITE CORPORATION-BEATRICE FOOD
SAMUEL H. JONES
SAMUEL ROBERTS NOBLE FOUNDATION, INC.
SANDORN PLASTICS CORPORATION
SANDERS ASSOCIATES, INC.
SANDOZ CHEMICALS CORP.
SANDOZ INC.
SANDVIK, INC.
SANGAMO WESTON, INC.
SANGER HARRIS
SANI SAFE SEWER SERVICE
SANITARY LANDFILL, INC.
SANITORY, INC.
SANIVAN LABORATORIES, INC.
SANTA CLARA CIRCUITS
SANTA FE RAILROAD
SANTY
SAPP BATTERY SERVICE, INC.
SARGENT FLETCHER COMPANY
SARGENT PAINT COMPANY
SARGENT-CORRELL, INC.
SARKES TARZIAN CORP., INC.
SARTOMER COMPANY
SARTOMER INDUSTRIES, INC.
SAUNDERS INVENTIONS, INC.
SAUSVILLE CHEMICAL CO., INC.
SAVIER TRUCK STOP
SCA SERVICES COMPANY
SCA SERVICES OF COLORADO, INC.
SCA SERVICES OF KENTUCKY, INC.
SCA SERVICES, INC.—EARTHLINE DIV.
SCHAEFER MANUFACTURING, INC.
SCHAEFFERS NURBERT
SCHAEFFERS CHEMICAL
SCHAEFFERS CHEMICALS, INC.
SCHAEFFERS CORP.
SCHILLING INDUSTRIAL
SCHMIDT SIGN COMPANY
SCHMIDTZ FOUNDRY MACHINES
SCHOLLE CORP.
SCHULTZ MECHANICAL WIRE CO.
SCHUPAN & SONS, INC.
SCHWARTZ-EMUNDS CARBONIC
SCHWENMAN TRUCKING COMPANY
SCHWITZER COMPONENTS RFG MFG.
SCHWITZER ENGINEERED COMPONENTS
SCIENTIFIC CHEMICAL PROCESSING, INC.
SCIENTIFIC DATA SYSTEMS, INC.
SCIENTIFIC, INC.
SCM ALLIED PAPER INCORPORATED
SCM CHEMICAL CORPORATION
SCM-QUINN INTERNATIONAL COMPANY
SCOFIELD CESSPOOL
SCOTT AND WILLIAMS
SCOTT BRASS, INC.
SCOTT CANNON
SCOTT GALVANIZING COMPANY
SCOTT PAPER CO.
SCOVILL MANUFACTURING CO.
SCREEN ART, INC.
SCREW MACHINE SPECIALTIES, INC.
SEA RAY COATS, INC.
SEA-LAND FREIGHT SERVICE, INC.
SEA-TAC ALASKA SHIPBUILDING CORP.
SEABOARD COAST LINE RAILROAD
SEABOARD SYSTEMS RAILROAD, INC.
SEACOAST OCEAN SERVICES
SEAL TANNING CO.
SEALAND ENVIRONMENTAL SERV. ENG.
SEALAND RESTORATION
SEALED AIR CORP.
SEALED POWER CORPORATION
SEALRIGHT CO., INC.
SEARLE LABS
SEARS AUTO CENTER
SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO.
SEATTLE DISPOSAL COMPANY
SEATTLE TIMES

SEAWAY INDUSTRIAL PAINTS
SEBEWAING INDUSTRIES, INC.
SECURITY HEEL
SEEMS DISPOSAL SERVICE
SEIDEL'S SANITATION
SEIKO CIRCUITS EAST, INC.
SELASTOMER, DETROIT DIV.
SELECTILE COMPANY, INC.
SELECTION
SELF-SERVICE FIXTURE COMPANY
SELUG MFG.
SELMA LEASING COMPANY
SEM, INC.
SEMICON, INC.
SEMICONDUCTOR PROCESSING CO., INC.
SEMPRO, INC.
SENCO OIL COMPANY
SENDURE PRODUCTS INC.
SENTER TRANSPORTATION COMPANY, INC.
SENTRY MANUFACTURING
SENTRY PAINT AND CHEMICAL CO.
SERMETEL, INC.
SERVICE PAINT MANUFACTURING COMPANY
SERVO SYSTEMS
SETH THOMAS
SETON HALL UNIVERSITY
SEYMOUR ELECTRONICS
SEYMOUR FIRE DEPT.
SGL HOMELITE
SGL INDUSTRIES, INC.
SGL PIPING SYSTEMS
SHAKLEE CORPORATION
SHALER CONTRACTING & DEVELOPMENT
CORP
SHAMROCK CORPORATION
SHANE EQUIPMENT COMPANY
SHAPE CORPORATION
SHARKEYS
SHARON STEEL CORPORATION
SHAW WALKER COMPANY
SHAW-SHEEN RUBBER
SHEBOYGAN PAINT CO.
SHEFFIELD FILTER
SHEFFIELD PETROLEUM SERVICE
SHELBY PAINT AND ENAMEL COMPANY
SHELL CHEMICAL COMPANY
SHELL OIL COMPANY
SHELLER GLOBE CORPORATION
SHELLY MANUFACTURING COMPANY
SHELTER-RITE
SHEPARD BROADCASTING CORP
SHEPHERD CHEMICAL CO.
SHERIDAN OIL COMPANY
SHERMAN AGENCY, INC.
SHERRY MCCARTY CHRISTENSON
SHERWIN WILLIAMS CO/CHEM COATINGS
SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY
SHERWOOD MEDICAL
SHINVILLE ASSOCIATES, INC.
SHINVILLE EXCAVATING, INC.
SHINVILLE LEASING, INC.
SHIRLEY HEILDEBERGER
SHJ TRANSPORTS
SHORELINE TRUCKING
SHULTON, INC.
SHULTZ-SNYDER STEEL
SHUMAKER OIL CO.
SIBLEY COMPANY
SIEGFELD CHEMICAL
SIEMENS-ALLUS, INC.
SIGMA INSTRUMENTS INC.
SIGMOND & PRESTO
SIGMUND, LIEF R.
SIGNAL COMPANIES
SIKA CHEMICAL CORP
SIKESTON LIGHT & POWER CO.
SILICON TRANSISTOR CORP. (KSC-SEM)
SILRESIM CHEMICAL CORPORATION
SILTEC CORPORATION
SILVER ENTERPRISES, INC.
SILVER WHEELS FREIGHTLINES, INC.
SIMON RESOURCES COMPANY, INC.
SIMON WRECKING COMPANY, INC.
SIMON-EASTERN CORP
SIMONDS CUTTING TOOLS

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY LISTING OF POTENTIALLY RESPONSIBLE PARTIES AT CERCLA SITES AS OF 11/25/85

SIMONDS PRECISION PRODUCTS
SIMPLEX TIME RECORDER CO.
SIMPLEX WIRE AND CABLE COMPANY
SIMPSON TIMBER COMPANY
SIMPSON VACUUM SERVICE
SIMULATION PHYSICS, INC. (SPIRE CO)
SIMCLAIR & VALENTINE COMPANY
SIMCLAIR OIL
SINGER COMPANY
SINGCO INTERNATIONAL CORP
SINOX
SITTER TRUCKING COMPANY
SIX FLAGS GREAT ADVENTURE
SIXTY-01 ASSOCIATION
SKY WATCH
SLANSON CORP
SLIP OIL, INC.
SMART PAK INDUSTRIES, INC.
SLAC CORPORATION
SMITH AND COY COMPANY
SMITH CABINET MFG. CO., INC.
SMITH CORONA
SMITH CORONA MARCH
SMITH KLINE CHEMICALS
SMITH KLINE CORP.
SMITH SYSTEMS
SMITH VALLEY CORPORATION
SMITH-JONES, INC.
SMITH'S LANDFILL
SMITH'S TRANSFER CORPORATION
SMITHERS COMPANY
SNA AUTOACTIVE PRODUCTS, INC.
SNAP TREE
SNAP-ON TOOLS
SOFCO ERECTORS
SOFHO INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTS COMPANY
SOLID STATE CIRCUITS, INC.
SOLVENT CHEMICAL CO., INC.
SOLVENT DISTRIBUTORS, INC.
SOLVENT MANUFACTURING COMPANY, INC.
SOLVENT RECOVERY SERVICE
SOLVENT RECOVERY SERVICE OF NJ, INC.
SOLVENT RECOVERY SERVICE-NEW
ENGLAND
SOLVENT RESOURCE RECOVERY
SOMER METALCRAFT
SOMERS CORPORATION
SONKEN-GALAMBA CORP
SOOLINE RAILROAD COMPANY
SOONER FORD
SOONER OIL PATCH SERVICES, INC.
SOUND CACKET
SOUND DELIVERY SERVICE
SOUND REFINING COMPANY
SOUTH CENTER OIL CO., INC.
SOUTH LAKEWOOD SANITATION DISTRICT
SOUTH POINT ETHANOL
SOUTH PRANE CONSTRUCTION
SOUTHCHEM, INC.
SOUTHERN BOWLING SERVICE, INC.
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA CHEMICAL CO.
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA EDISON
SOUTHERN HILLS COUNTRY CLUB
SOUTHERN LIQUID FERTILIZERS, INC.
SOUTHERN LUMBER COMPANY
SOUTHERN MARYLAND WOOD TREATING
SOUTHERN MATERIAL SERVICES LANDFILL
SOUTHERN OIL COMPANY AND PETROLEUM
SOUTHERN OIL TRANSPORTATION SERVICE
SOUTHERN PACIFIC TRANS. CORP.
SOUTHERN SPECIALTIES
SOUTHLAND CHEMICAL CORPORATION
SOUTHLAND DISPOSAL SERVICE, INC.
SOUTHWEST CHEMICALS AND SOLVENTS
SOUTHWEST DELIVERY SERVICE
SOUTHWEST ELECTRIC COMPANY
SOUTHWEST PUMPS AND CEMENT CO.
SOUTHWEST SPECIALTIES CHEMICALS
SOUTHWEST TANKING
SOUTHWEST UNION INDUSTRIES
SOUTHWESTERN STEEL ROLLING DOOR CO
SPACE CENTER, INC.
SPANCO CHEMICAL
SPARTAN CACKET SHELL, INC.
SPARTAN CHEMICAL COMPANY

SPARTON
SPARTON ELECTRONICS
SPARTON INDIANA, INC.
SPAULDING
SPAULDING FIBER COMPANY, INC.
SPECIAL PRODUCTS
SPECIALTY COATINGS AND CHEMICALS, I
SPECIALTY COATINGS COMPANY
SPECIALTY COMPOSITES CORP.
SPECIALTY MANUFACTURING
SPECIALTY SYSTEMS, INC.
SPECTROLAB, INC.
SPECTRON, INC.
SPECTRONICS
SPECTRO-WAX CORP.
SPEED-O-LAQ CHEM CORCERAM-TRAZ
CORP
SPENCER KELLOY
SPENCER PLATING CO.
SPERRY CORPORATION
SPERRY FLIGHT SYSTEMS
SPERRY VICKERS COMPANY
SPERRY-UNIVAC
SPILL RECOVERY OF INDIANA
SPIRE CORPORATION (SIMULATION PHYSI)
SPRAGUE ELECTRIC COMPANY
SPRAY MAINE, INC.
SPRAY-DYNE CORP.
SPRINGFIELD GRAVURE CORP.
SPRINGFIELD INFECTIONATORS, INC.
SQUAPE D COMPANY
SQUIBB PHARMACEUTICAL PRODUCTS
STS, INC.
SSS CONSTRUCTION
ST JOE CONTAINER COMPANY
ST. ANTHONY HOSPITAL
ST. BARNABAS MEDICAL CENTER
ST. CLAIR CHEMICALS, INC.
ST. JOE MINERALS CORP.
ST. JOE PAPER CO.
ST. JOSEPH & GRAND ISLAND REALTY CO
ST. LOUIS INFIRMARY
ST. MICHAELS
ST. MICHAELS HOSPITAL
ST. REGIS PAPER CO.
ST. SEMICON, INC.
ST. THOMAS HOSPITAL
STA-HI
STACK STEEL AND SUPPLY
STACKPOLE CARBON COMPANY
STAGE CONSTRUCTION CO.
STAHL FINISHAUNTED-FINISH CO.
STAN RAMSEY COMPANY, INC.
STANDARD CHEMICAL MANUFACTURING CO
STANDARD CHLORINE OF DELAWARE, INC.
STANDARD CREDGING CORP
STANDARD FURNITURE MFG. COMPANY
STANDARD GROWERS CORPORATION
STANDARD INDUSTRIES
STANDARD LOCKOUT & LOCKWASHER
STANDARD OIL CO OF INDIANA (AMOCO)
STANDARD OIL COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA
STANDARD OIL COMPANY OF OHIO
STANDARD PAINT
STANDARD PRODUCTS CO.
STANDARD SOLVENTS
STANDARD SPRAY
STANDARD T. CHEMICAL CO., INC.
STANDARD TANK CLEANING CORP
STANDARD TOOL & MANUFACTURING
STANDARD-NICKEL-CHROME PLATING CO.
STANLEY AVIATION CORPORATION
STANLEY CHEMICAL CO
STANLEY HOME PRODUCTS
STANLEY VINTAGE, INC.
STANLEY WORKS
STANT MANUFACTURING CO.
STAPLING MACHINES COMPANY
STAR PACON OFFICE
STAR CHEMICAL CORP. (COMMONWEALTH
STAR EXPANSION INDUSTRIES
STAR MANUFACTURING COMPANY
STARLIGHT TRADING
STATE CESSPOOL

STATE CHEMICAL COMPANY
STATE HEAT TREATMENT, INC.
STATE HIGHWAY COMMISSION
STATE OF NEW JERSEY
STATE OF OHIO HIGHWAY DEPT.
STATE OF VERMONT
STATE OF WASHINGTON
STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA
STATE ROAD COMMISSION WEST VIRGINIA
STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY
STATE UNIVERSITY COLLEGE
STATION SERVICE & EQUIPMENT COMPANY
STAUFFER CHEMICAL COMPANY, INC.
STEAM SERVICES
STEEL CONTAINER CORP
STEEL PRODUCTS, INC.
STEELCASE INC.
STEELCRAFT, INC.
STENTRY INSURANCE
STEPAN CHEMICAL COMPANY
STEPHEN D. ANDERSON
STERLING FAUCET COMPANY
STEVEN J. PICCO, ESQ.
STEVEN ROGERS INC.
STEVENS AND HARTER PLUMBING
STEVENS POINT BREWERY
STEWART PAINT MANUFACTURING
COMPANY
STEWART-WARNER CORP.
STIMNES WESTERN CHEMICAL CORP
STOCKHAUSEN, INC.
STOCKPOLE CORPORATION
STODDARD AND SONS DELIVERY CO.
STOHLER CHEMICALS
STOLLE CORPORATION
STOLT TERMINALS, INC.
STONE & WEBSTER ENGINEER
STORAGE TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION
STORM POWER ENGINEERING
STORM PLASTICS, INC.
STORY CHEMICAL CORPORATION
STONE/DAVIS FURNITURE COMPANY
STP CORPORATION
STRATTON & TERSTEGGE
STRECH CHEMICALS INC.
STRICKER PAINT PRODUCTS, INC.
STRINGFELLOW QUARRY COMPANY, INC.
STRIP SERVICES, INC.
STROM CONTAINER, INC.
STRUCTURAL FIBERS, INC.
STRUCTURELITE PLASTICS CORP.
STUART RADIATOR DISTRIBUTORS
STURM RUGER
STYNATHANE TAYLOR CORPORATION
SU DON OIL COMPANY
SURRETT & ASSOCIATES
SUFFOLK SERVICES, INC.
SUFFOLK UNIVERSITY
SUGAR BEET PRODUCTS CO.
SUISMAN AND BLUMENTHAL, INC.
SULLAIR CORPORATION
SUMMIT FINISHING
SUMMIT NATIONAL LIQUID SERVICES, INC.
SUMNER FIRE DEPARTMENT
SUN CHEMICAL CORP.
SUN CHEMICAL/GENERAL PRINTING INK
SUN GAS COMPANY
SUN OIL CO.
SUN OIL CO. BRECKENRIDGE OFFICE
SUN PETROLEUM PRODUCTS CO., INC.
SUNDSTRAND DATA CONTROL, INC.
SUNDSTRAND FLUID HANDLING
SUNYIST GROWERS, INC.
SUNSHINE PRODUCTS
SUNSHINE FASHIONS INC.
SUNSTRAND CORPORATION
SUNTECH, INC.
SUNY-ENV. SCI. FORESTRY UPSTATE MED
SUPERIOR MODEL CO., INC.
SUPERIOR OIL COMPANY
SUPERIOR PACIFIC GALVANIZING CO
SUPERIOR PRODUCTS & EQUIPMENT
SUPERIOR SOLVENT
SUPERIOR TUBE COMPANY
SUPERIOR VARNISH & DRIER CO.

SURFTech FINISHERS
SUTTON TERMINAL WAREHOUSE, INC.
SWANK, INC.
SWANTON PLATING CORPORATION
SWEDCAST CORPORATION
SWIFT AND COMPANY
SWISS DAIRY, INC.
SWITCHES, INC.
SWOPE OIL & CHEMICAL COMPANY
SWS SILICONES
SYBORN BARNSTEAD
SYBORN CHEMICAL DIVISION
SYBORN-KERR MFG. COMPANY
SYBRONIONAC
SYLVAN CHEMICAL CORPORATION
SYLVANIA
SYMMONS INDUSTRIES
SYN-TECH LTD
SYNETIX INDUST., INC. ELECTROTECH
SYNKOTE PAINT CORPORATION
SYNTEC INDUSTRIES
SYNTECH PRODUCTS CORP.
SYNTEX AGRIBUSINESS, INC.
SYNTEX BEAUTY CARE
SYNTHANE-TAYLOR CORPORATION
SYNTHESE LTD. (U.S.A)
SYNTHETIC LABORATORIES
SYROCO TEXAS
SYSTECH CORPORATION
SYSTEM 99
S2 YACHTS, INC.

T

T. SARDELLI & SONS
T.H. BAYLIS CHEMICAL CO.
TACO, INC.
TACOMA BOATBUILDING CO., INC.
TACOMA HAULING
TACOMA MOVING AND STORAGE
TALBOT WASTE OIL
TALON
TAM ENGINEERING CORPORATION
TANDY MAGNETICS
TANER CHEMICAL COMPANY
TANK SERVICES, INC.
TANNER MANUFACTURING
TAPPAN COMPANY
TAPPAN TANKER
TARACORP, INC.
TAU LABORATORIES
TAU-TRON INC.
TAYLOR INSTRUMENTS
TAYLORS AUTO BODY
TAYSTEE FREEZE OF MICHIGAN
TEAM, INC.
TEASE & CURRIER
TEC, INC.
TECCOR ELECTRONICS
TECHALLOY COMPANY, INC.
TECHALLOY WESTERN, INC.
TECHNAGRAPHS, INC.
TECHNICAL COATINGS COMPANY
TECHNICAL PRODUCTS, INC.
TECHNICON, SCM
TECHNO ADHESIVE CO.
TECHNOGRAPHICS FITCHBURG COATED
PRO
TECHTRONIC SOLVENTS
TECNETICS, INC.
TECUMSEH PRODUCTS CO.
TEDRUP PLASTICS CORPORATION
TEEPRAK
TEER WICKWIRE
TEKTRONIX, INC.
TELEDYNE CRYSTALONICS
TELEDYNE ELECTRO FINISHING
TELEDYNE GROTECH
TELEDYNE INDUSTRIES, INC.
TELEDYNE PHILBRICK
TELEDYNE WATER PAK, TELEDYNE, INC.
TELEDYNE, PENN-UNION
TELL CITY CHAIR CO
TELO-O-POST, INC.
TELTOPE
TEMPERATURE PROCESSING CO., INC.

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY LISTING OF POTENTIALLY RESPONSIBLE PARTIES AT CERCLA SITES AS OF 11/25/85

TENAX FINISHING PRODUCTS COMPANY
TENNANT COMPANY
TENNECO CHEMICAL COMPANY
TENNECO OIL COMPANY
TENNESSEE GAS PIPELINE
TENNYSON CESSPOOL & SEPTIC TANK SER
TERADYNE CIRCUITS DIVISION
TERADYNE COMPONENTS, INC.
TERRITORIAL GOV. NORTHERN MARIANA IS
TERRITORIAL GOV. OF AMERICAN SAMOA
TERRITORIAL GOVERNMENT OF GUAM
TERRITORIAL GOVERNMENT OF T.I.P.
TERRY JACOB
TERRY MCCARTY
TERRY NYSTROM
TERRY PRODUCTS, INC.
TETCO, INC.
TEXAS AMERICAN PETROCHEMICALS, INC.
TEXAS BRINE CORP.
TEXAS CITY REFINING, INC.
TEXAS CITY TERMINAL RAILWAY CO.
TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
TEXAS EASTMAN COMPANY
TEXAS ECOLOGISTS, INC.
TEXAS INDUSTRIES
TEXAS INSTRUMENTS INCORPORATED
TEXAS NAPIERITE
TEXAS SOLVENTS & CHEMICALS CO.
TEXAS TEXTURE PAINT COMPANY
TEXASUS CHEMICAL CO.
TEXCOAN CORPORATION
TEXTILE CHEMICAL COMPANY
TEXTRON, INC.
TEXTRON, INC.—TALON DIV.
TEXTRON INC/CAMCAR DIV
THE BUDD CO. PLASTIC R&D CTR.
THE CORPORATION COMPANY
THE DETROIT EDISON COMPANY
THE HORNITZ & FRITS CO.
THE JAMES GRAHAM BROWN FOUNDATION
THE METALSOURCE CORPORATION
THE PERMALAC CORPORATION
THE SCOTT & FETZER CO.
THE TOLEDO BLADE CO.
THE VALERON CORPORATION
THE W.L. MOLDING CO.
THE WICKERS CORPORATION
THERMO-DISK
THERMA TRU
THERMAC
THERMEX COMPANY
THERMO KING CORPORATION
THERMO PIPING CO.
THERMO-SEAL, INC.
THERMOSET PLASTICS
THIELE-ENGDAHL
THERICA, INC.
THIOLKOL CORPORATION
THIOKOLDYNACHEM CORP
THOMAS & BETTS
THOMAS A. CURTIS
THOMAS DREXLER
THOMAS FUELS
THOMAS H. REID
THOMAS INDUSTRIES, INC.
THOMAS JEFFERSON HIGH SCHOOL
THOMAS L. O'CONNOR
THOMAS MCGEE
THOMAS O. HOLMAN
THOMAS OSBERN
THOMAS P. FITZGERALD
THOMAS REAL ESTATE
THOMAS S. FOSTER ESTATES
THOMAS SOLVENTS
THOMAS STEEL STRIP CORPORATION
THOMAS T. TERP, ESQ.
THOMAS W. SHOESMITH
THOMPSON CAN COMPANY
THOMPSON TOOL CO. (THOMPSON CO.)
THOMPSON-HAYWARD CHEMICAL COMPANY
THORO PRODUCTS COMPANY
THRALL OIL & CHEM CO.
THREE FLAGS CHEMICAL
THREE M (3 M) COMPANY
THRIFTY STATIONS, INC.

THUNDERBIRD BOATS
THURAN INDUSTRIES, INC.(ZOECON)
THYPOTEK
TICON PLATING CO.
TIFTON CHEMICAL COMPANY
TIM O'BRIEN HOME IMPROVEMENT
TIMBER PROPERTIES
TIME OIL COMPANY
TIME SAVERS
TIME-CC
TIMEX CORPORATION
TIMKEN CORPORATION
TIMKEN MERCY MEDICAL CENTER
TIMOTHY PAUL BURNS
TIMPTE, INC.
TIZON CHEMICAL CORP
TIZCO
TOSE DEUTCHMAN LABS
TOCH BROTHERS CO.
TODD ENTERPRISES, INC.
TODD PACIFIC SHIPYARDS, INC.
TOLEDO SCALE
TOM BROWN'S OPTICAL
TOM C. HEAD
TOM KISER
TOMMY'S CESSPOOL SERVICE
TOMS RIVER CHEMICAL CORP.
TOP LOCKER ENTERPRISES, INC.
TOP MANUFACTURING COMPANY, INC.
TORQUE SYSTEMS INCORPORATED
TOTAL PETROLEUM, INC.
TOWER PAINT MANUFACTURING
TOWLE MANUFACTURING COMPANY
TOWN & COUNTRY
TOWN OF BATAVIA
TOWN OF BERGEN
TOWN OF CARSON
TOWN OF CLEVELAND
TOWN OF FAU PLEINE
TOWN OF FLOVER
TOWN OF LEXTER
TOWN OF GREEN VALLEY
TOWN OF HALSEY
TOWN OF HULL
TOWN OF KNOX/MLTON
TOWN OF KRONHEWETTER
TOWN OF MILLARDORE
TOWN OF MOSINEE
TOWN OF OYSTER BAY
TOWN OF FLOVER
TOWN OF RIB MOUNTAIN
TOWN OF ROCK
TOWN OF SPENCER
TOWN OF WESTBOROUGH
TOX
TOY NATIONAL BANK
TRAN-MATIC MFG. CO. INC.
TRANCO PRODUCTS CORPORATION
TRANE COMPANY
TRANS WORLD ADHESIVES
TRANS-PLASTICS, INC.
TRANS-WORLD CHEMICAL INC.
TRANSAMERICA DELAVAL
TRANSCO NORTHWEST, INC.
TRANSCO PRODUCTS
*MCCARTER/ENGUSH
TRANSCO PRODUCTS COMPANY
TRANSCOLD EXPRESS
TRANSCOM ELECTRONICS
TRANSENVIRONMENTAL CORPORATION
TRANSFORMER SALES COMPANY
TRANSISTOR ELECTRONICS, INC.
TRANSIT AUTHORITY RIVER CITY
TRANSITION ELECTRONIC CORPORATION
TRAVEL ACCESS
TRAVELER LABORATORIES, INC.
TRAVERSE CITY OSTEOPATHIC HOSP.
TRAVIS LAFS
TREE FARMERS OF AMERICA, INC.
TREE ISLAND STEEL COMPANY, LTD.
TRESCO
TRENDAWAY CORPORATION
TRI LAKES, INC.
TRI PENN TOOL COMPANY, INC.
TRI-CITY TRACTOR
TRI-CITY TRUCK 7 TRAILER WASH

TRI-WAY INDUSTRIES, INC.
TRIAD CHEMICAL
TRIANGLE AUTO PARTS
TRIANGLE CHEMICALS, INC.
TRIANGLE PACIFIC, DEL MAR CAB DIV.
TRIANGLE P.V.C. INC.
TRIBONETICS COMPANY
TRICOLUB. SOLVENTS
TRIG DRILLING
TRIPLETT CORPORATION
TROJAN BATTERY CORP
TROJAN INDUSTRIES
TROMBETTA, INC.
TROT CHEMICAL
TROY CHEMICAL
TRUE TEMPER CORPORATION
TRUETT LABORATORIES
TRUK-A-WAY
TRUSCOTT CONSTRUCTION CO.
TRW AIRCRAFT COMPONENTS GROUP
TRW ELECTRONICS COMPANY
TRW, INC.
TUBE TURNS
TUCHMAN CLEANERS
TUCHMAN SERVICES, INC.
TUCK INDUSTRIES
TUCKER FREIGHT LINES, INC.
TUFF KNOT KINOL RUSTPROOFING
TUFF KOTE DINOL
TUFLEX MANUFACTURING
TUFTS & SONS OF OKLAHOMA
TUGGLE LUMBER CO
TUNGSTEN PRODUCTS CORPORATION
TURNER & BEAR CORPORATION
TYALOR PUMPING SERVICE
TYCO
TYEE AIRCRAFT, INC.
TYLER JENKINS, INC.

U
U. S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS
U. T. ALEXANDER, SR.
U.S. AIR FORCE
U.S. AIR FORCE—HANSCOM AFB
U.S. AIR FORCE—PEASE AFB
U.S. AIR FORCE—TINKER AFB
U.S. AIR FORCE LOWRY AFB
U.S. AIR FORCE—WURTSMITH AFB
U.S. AIR FORCE—GRIFFISS AFB
U.S. ARMED FORESC—THE PENTAGON
U.S. ARMY
U.S. ARMY CORP OF ENGINEERS
U.S. AVIEX COMPANY
U.S. BUREAU OF PRISONS
U.S. CHEMICAL CO., INC.
U.S. CHEMICAL CORPORATION
U.S. CHROME CORP. OF NY
U.S. COAST GUARD
U.S. COAST GUARD—LEGAL OFFICE
U.S. COAST GUARD-NINTH DISTRICT
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
U.S. DISPOSAL SYSTEMS, INC.
U.S. DRUG ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION
U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
U.S. GYPSUM COMPANY
U.S. INDUSTRIAL CHEMICALS CO.
U.S. MAGNETIC TAPE
U.S. METAL REFINERY
U.S. MINT
U.S. NAVAL AIR STATION
U.S. NAVAL ORDNANCE STA. LOUISVILLE
U.S. NAVY
U.S. NAVY-PORTSMOUTH SHIPYARDS
U.S. NAVY, BROCO
U.S. OIL & REFINING COMPANY
U.S. OIL AND REFINING CO.
U.S. PIPE & FOUNDRY COMPANY
U.S. POLLUTION CONTROL
U.S. POLYCHEMICAL CO.
U.S. POLYMERIC
U.S. PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE HOSPITAL
U.S. SAMICA CORP.
U.S. SCRAP IRONS & METALS, INC.

U.S. VETERANS ADMINISTRATION
U.S. VETERANS ADMINISTRATION HOSP
U.S.R. METALS, INC.
U.T. BARGE CO/UNITED TRANSPORT.
U.V. INDUSTRIES
UGI ETHANOL DEVELOPMENT CORP.
ULRICH CHEMICALS, INC.
UNARCO COMMERCIAL PRODUCTS
UNC MINING AND MILL
UNDERWATER TECHN., INC.
UNI-TRODE CORPORAT
UNIDYNAMICS PHOENIX, INC.
UNIFLOW CORP.
UNIFORM TUBE, INC.
UNIMET CORP.
UNION CAMP CORP.
UNION CAMP PLASTICS CORP.
UNION CARBIDE AGRICULTURAL PRODS CO
UNION CARBIDE CORPORATION
UNION CARBIDE/JENNAT CORP.
UNION GAS COMPANY
UNION INDUSTRIES
UNION IRON AND METAL COMPANY
UNION NATIONAL BANK
UNION OIL (BELCHR NEW ENGLAND, INC)
UNION OIL CO. OF CALIFORNIA
UNION OIL COMPANY
UNION PACIFIC CORP.
UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY
UNION PAPER CO.
UNION PROCESS, INC.
UNION PRODUCTS INC.
UNION PUMP CO.
UNION TEXAS PETROLEUM CORP.
UNION TEXTILE MAJOR CONSULTANTS
UNIROYAL CHEMICAL
UNIROYAL TIRE COMPANY
UNIROYAL, INC.
UNIT PARTS
UNITTECH CORPORATION
UNITED AIRLINES
UNITED BRASS WORKS, INC.
UNITED CABINET CORP
UNITED CASTING SCA
UNITED CATALYSTS INC. SOUTH PLANT
UNITED CHEMICAL CO
UNITED CHROME PRODUCTS, INC.
UNITED COATINGS INCORPORATED
UNITED DRAIN OIL SERVICE, INC.
UNITED FEDERAL SAVINGS AND LOAN ASN
UNITED FINISH CO.
UNITED FINISH COMPANY(PERMUTHANE)
UNITED FOAM
UNITED GAS PIPE LINE COMPANY
UNITED GILSONITE LABORATORIES
UNITED HOSPITAL
UNITED HYDRAULICS CORP.
UNITED MAINTENANCE & MFG. CORP.
UNITED MERCHANTS & MANUFACTURING
UNITED ORGANICS
UNITED PAINT COMPANY, INC.
UNITED PAPER SERVICES
UNITED PLATING WORKS, INC.
UNITED REFINING CO.
UNITED SANITARY, INC.
UNITED SERVICES OF TACOMA
UNITED STATES BRASS CORP.
UNITED STATES GYPSUM CO.
UNITED STATES LINES
UNITED STATES RADIUM
UNITED STATES STEEL CORPORATION
UNITED STATES TESTING COMPANY
UNITED TECHNOLOGIES AUTOMOTIVE INC
UNITED TECHNOLOGIES ELLIOT
UNITED TELEPHONE COMPANY
UNITOG RENTAL SERVICES
UNITRODE CORP. UNITRODE COMPUTER
UNITRODE CORPORATION
UNIVAR CORPORATION
UNIVERSAL CAPACITOR
UNIVERSAL CHEMICAL & COATINGS
UNIVERSAL CHEMTRONICS INC.
UNIVERSAL DISPLAY
UNIVERSAL ELECTRIC CO.
UNIVERSAL MANUFACTURING CORP.

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY LISTING OF POTENTIALLY RESPONSIBLE PARTIES AT CERCLA SITES AS OF 11/25/85

UNIVERSAL OIL PRODUCTS
UNIVERSAL PAINT PRODUCTS, INC.
UNIVERSAL PLATING, INC.
UNIVERSAL PRODUCTS COMPANY
UNIVERSAL SANITATION CORP.
UNIVERSAL SCIENTIFIC
UNIVERSAL WOODS
UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA
UNIVERSITY OF COLORADO
UNIVERSITY OF COLORADO MEDICAL CENTER
UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS
UNIVERSITY OF IOWA
UNIVERSITY OF KANSAS
UNIVERSITY OF KENTUCKY
UNIVERSITY OF LOUISIANA
UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA
UNIVERSITY OF MISSISSIPPI
UNIVERSITY OF NEW HAMPSHIRE
UNIVERSITY OF OKLAHOMA
UNIVERSITY OF OREGON
UNIVERSITY OF PUGET SOUND
UNIVERSITY OF SOUTHWESTERN LOUISIANA
UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS-MEDICAL BRANCH
UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS-SYSTEMS
UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN
UNIVEX CORPORATION
UOP, INC.
URACIO ADHESIVES
UPJOHN COMPANY
UPSTATE MEDICAL CENTER
URCH CHEMICAL, INC.
URICK FOUNDRY COMPANY
US DEPT. OF THE NAVY
US GYPSUM
US NAVAL AVIONICS CENTER
US NAVAL ORDNANCE STATION
US NAVAL WEAPONS SUPPORT CENTER
US POSTAL SERVICE
US VETERANS ADMIN. MED. CENTER
USCI CARDIOLOGY & RADIOLOGY
USM CORPORATION
USM CORPORATION, BAILEY DIV.
USPO FOR MICHIGAN
USS CHEMICALS

V

V.H. BLACKINGTON AND CO., INC.
V.J. DOLAN & CO., INC.
VAC-HYD PROCESSING CORP.
VACTEC, INC.
VACUUM TRUCKING SERVICE
VAL CRAFT
VALLEY ENAMELING
VALLEY GENERAL HOSPITAL
VALLEY MANUFACTURED PRODUCTS, INC.
VALLEY RUBBISH REMOVAL
VALLEY SANITATION
VALLEY STEEL PRODUCTS CO.
VALLEYLAB
VALSPAR CORP.
VAMCO INDUSTRIES
VAMP CHEMICALS RESOURCES CORP.
VAN BEAU, INC.
VAN DRESSER CORP.
VAN LEER PLASTICS (MADICO, INC.)
VAN WATERS AND ROGERS CHEMICALS
VANDERBILT CHEMICAL
VANDERWAY CONSTRUCTION CO., INC.
VANGUARD TRANSPORTATION
VANGUARD FLECTO COATINGS LTD.
VANPORT INDUSTRIES INCORPORATED
VANVETTER, INC.
VAPORS STEAM BATH
VARACHEM CORP.
VAREL MANUFACTURING
VARIAN ASSOCIATES
VEEDER INC. INC. VEEDER ROOT CO.
VEGO CHEMICAL CO.
VELCRO USA, INC.
VELSICOL CHEMICAL CORPORATION
VENTON CHEMICAL
VENTRON CORPORATION
VERMONT AMERICAN CORPORATION
VERMONT DEVELOPMENT CREDIT CORP.
VERMONT GAS SYSTEMS

VERMONT RESEARCH CORPORATION
VERNAY PRODUCTS
VERNON J. SCHENAYDRE
VERNON PLASTICS CORPORATION
VERNON STOUT
VERTAC CHEMICAL CORP.
VICKERS DIVIDEND OIL COMPANY
VICKSBOURG CHEMICAL COMPANY
VICTOR EQUIPMENT COMPANY
VICTOR COLFILL SOLVENTS
VICTORY MACHINE CO.
VICTORY PEARL
VICTORY PLATING, INC.
VICTORY FURNISHING & PLATING CO.
Viking Oil Company
Viking Wire Co., Inc.
Village Cesspool
Village of Athens
Village of Auburndale
Village of Dorchester
Village of Granton
Village of Hewitt
Village of Milladore
Village of Park Ridge
Village of Plover
Village of Spencer
Village of Stratford
Village of Whitford
VINCH & SONS, INC.
VINELAND CHEMICAL
VININGS CHEMICAL COMPANY
VIOLA RODIGON
VIRGINIA PRICE
VISTRON CORP.
VITO J. PUMILIA
VLASIC FOODS, INC.
VLACHEK PLASTICS CO.
VOLKSWAGEN OF AMERICA, INC.
VOLKRAH REFRIGERATION
VON DUPON, INC.
VONS PETROLEUM MAINTENANCE
VORAC COMPANY
VORAL COMPANY
VOUGHT CORPORATION
VULCAN CONTAINERS, INC.
VULCAN CORP.
VULCAN INDUSTRIES, INC.
VULCAN MATERIALS CO.
VWR SCIENTIFIC COMPANY

W

W. FRED KESTLER
W. H. NICHOLS COMPANY
W. R. GRACE & CO.
W.A. BREWER
W.C. ELLINGER
W.C. FULLEN
W.E. CALL MACHINE CO.
W.E.S. PLASTICS
W.F. BELOTE
W.J. CURRY AND SONS
W.J. LAMBERTON
W.J. OIL COMPANY, INC.
W.L. GORE & ASSOCIATES
W.R. GRACE (AMICON CORP.)
W.R. GRACE & CO.
W.R. GRACE CONSTRUCTION PRODUCTS
W.S. TYLER, INC.
W.W. & C.F. TUCKER, INC.
WAY ANDRESS COMPANY
WEBASH PRODUCTS, INC.
WACHOVIA BANK & TRUST
WADE SKIFFER
WAGNER ELECTRIC CORP.
WAL KRUH ENTERPRISES, INC.
WALCO ELECTRIC
WALDOOTH LAPEL CORP.
WALKER METALLURGICAL CORP.
WALL TRENDS INC.
WALLACE-MURRAY CORP. & SIMONDS
WALNUT HILLS
WALNUT HILLS CAMSITE
WALT KIDDE & CO. SWITCHES, INC.
WALTER ERANDT & SONS
WALTER DARDINO & SONS
WALTER HAGEN GOLF COMPANY
WALTER KIDDE & CO. INC.
WALTZ ENTERPRISES
WANDA E. BOLIN
WANG LABORATORIES (PARKWOOD LAMINAT
WANG LABORATORIES, INC.
WARD FURNITURE
WARD TRANSFORMER CO. INC.
WARD TRANSPORT, INC.
WARDEN OIL COMPANY, INC.
WARDNER & STASEY COMPANY
WARREN BINGHAM
WARREN HODD
WARREN SHADE
WARREN V. & SELINA PICILLO WARREN
WASHBURN WIRE COMPANY
WASHINGTON FORGE, INC.
WASHINGTON NATURAL GAS CO.
WASTE ACID SERVICES, INC.
WASTE CONVERSION, INC.
WASTE DISPOSAL OF DENVER
WASTE DISPOSAL, INC.
WASTE MANAGEMENT OF COLORADO
WASTE MANAGEMENT OF WISCONSIN INC
WASTE MANAGEMENT, INC.
WASTE REDUCTION SYSTEMS
WASTE RESEARCH AND RECLAMATION CO.
WASTE RESOURCES CORP. WASTEPLEX, INC.
WASTE RESOURCES OF TENNESSEE, INC.
WASTE SYSTEMS, INC.
WASTE TRANSPORT COMPANY
WASTE-A-WAY (PAW PAW)
WASTEPLEX
WATER CLEAN, INC.
WATERLAC
WATERS ASSOCIATES, INC.
WATSCO
WATTS REGULATOR CO.
WATKINS SAND AND GRAVEL LDPL
WAWASH TAPE CO
WAVETEK OF INDIANA, INC.
WAYNE CHEMICAL COMPANY
WAYNE CIRCUIT
WAYNE CORPORATION
WAYNE COUNTY GENERAL HOSP.
WAYNE D. HAMBY
WAYNE DISPOSAL INC
WAYNE WIRE CLOTH PRODUCTS, INC.
WAYNES OIL SALVAGE COMPANY
WBI BROWNBRIDGE
WBT COMPANY
WEAN UNITED, INC.
WEATHERFORD LAMB
WEBER INDUSTRIES, INC.
WEBER INDUSTRIES
WEBER METALS AND SUPPLY COMPANY
WEDZEB ENTERPRISES, INC.
WEIGHT WATCHERS OF SOUTH TEXAS
WEIL-MCLAIN, A MARLEY COMPANY
WEINRENNER SHOE COMPANY
WEIGHT CORPORATION
WEICH OIL COMPANY
WEICH WOOD PRODUCTS CO.
WELD COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT #6
WELDED TUBE, INC.
WELINGTON GOSS
WELLS ALUMINUM S.E., INC.
WELLS-INDEX CORP.
WELUN FABRICATORS
WESTERN STATES REFINING
WESLEY FULTZ
WESLEY LACQUER COMPANY
WEST-K-NORTH
WESTCLOX, INC.
WESTERLY SCHOOL DISTRICT
WESTERN AIRLINES, INC.
WESTERN CHEMICAL CO
WESTERN DISPOSAL
WESTERN ELECTRIC COMPANY, INC.
WESTERN ELECTRIC AT&T TECHNOLOGIES
WESTERN EXTRACT MANUFACTURING CO
WESTERN FORGE
WESTERN FURNACES INCORPORATED
WESTERN GEAR CORP.

WESTERN METAL FINISHING COMPANY
WESTERN MICHIGAN UNIV. FOOD CORP.
WESTERN OIL
WESTERN PNEUMATIC TUBE COMPANY
WESTERN PRODUCT
WESTERN SAND AND GRAVEL, INC.
WESTERN UNION
WESTERN WOOD PRESERVING CO.
WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC CORPORATION
WESTON CONTROLS, INC.
WESTMAN CORP.
WESTVACO (US ENVELOPE)
WEYBURN BARTLE—USA
WEYERHAEUSER COMPANY
WEYMOUTH ART LEATHER, INC.
WGM SAFETY CORPORATION
WHEELER-BLANEY CO.
WHIP-MIX CORP
WHIRLPOOL CORPORATION
WHITTAKER CONSTRUCTION CO.
WHITE CHEMICAL
WHITE FUEL COMPANY
WHITE MOTOR COMPANY
WHITE PIGEON PAPER COMPANY
WHITE ROSE TEA
WHITE SEPTIC TANK COMPANY
WHITEHALL INDUSTRIES, INC.
WHITFIELD TANK LINES
WHITING AND DAVIS
WHITMAN PRODUCTS, LTD.
WHITMOYER LABORATORIES INC.
WHITTAKER CORP/ALLIED COATINGS DIV
WHITTAKER CORPORATION
WHITTEN DREDGING
WICK HOMES
WICKES CORPORATION
WIDING TRANSPORTATION, INC.
WIESELER CONSTRUCTION COMPANY
WILD COMPANY
WILEMAN PUMPING SERVICE
WILEMAN'S CESSPOOL SERVICE
WILENTA BROTHERS
WILFORD JOHNSON
WILKERSON CORPORATION
WILLIAM A. DALTON
WILLIAM AND JEAN PICKETT
WILLIAM B. TABLER
WILLIAM C. AND ELIZABETH O. WARD
WILLIAM C. WARD
WILLIAM CARRACINO
WILLIAM DAVIS, SR.
WILLIAM E. FLEMING
WILLIAM E. HICKAMP, ESQUIRE
WILLIAM F. DARLING
WILLIAM F. KRANICA
WILLIAM F. JACKSON
WILLIAM F. LONG
WILLIAM G. SCOTT CONTRACTORS
WILLIAM H. HYATT, JR., ESQ.
WILLIAM H. KRAUS
WILLIAM J. DALE
WILLIAM K. LALLY ESQ
WILLIAM KOEGL
WILLIAM KYLE
WILLIAM L. KOVACS
WILLIAM LEACU
WILLIAM MORGAN
WILLIAM MOSLEY
WILLIAM N. AND BETTY MCCARTY
WILLIAM PAYNE
WILLIAM PEWITT
WILLIAM SALEM
WILLIAM SYLVESTER
WILLIAM WILSON & SONS
WILLIAMS COMPANIES
WILLIAMS FARMS
WILLIAMS MACHINERY, LIMITED
WILLIAMS MANUFACTURING CO.
WILLIAMS PHARMACY
WILLIAMS REFINING COMPANY
WILLIAMSON COMPANY
WILMINGTON CHEMICAL CORP
WILNER WOOD PRODUCTS
WILSON AND HAYES
WILSON DOWNHOLE SERVICES

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY LISTING OF POTENTIALLY RESPONSIBLE PARTIES AT CERCLA SITES AS OF 11/25/85

WILSON ENGRAVING COMPANY
 WILSON MACHINE
 WILSON SPORTING GOODS
 WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS
 WINECARD COMPANY
 WINGAFRSHHEK TURBINE CO.
 WINSTEAD, MOGUINE, SECHRIST, MINICK
 WINTKX
 WINTHROP LABS DIV STERLING DRUG
 WISCONSIN PAINT MFG., CO.
 WISE, CARTER, CHILD & CARAWAY
 WISMAN OIL CO.
 WITCO CHEMICAL CORP.
 WOBURN INDUSTRIAL ASSOCIATES
 WOODARD AIRCRAFT EQUIPMENT, INC.
 WOLVERINE PIPE
 WOLVERINE TECHNOLOGIES, INC.
 WOOD INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTS
 WOOD PRESERVATION INDUSTRIES, LTD

WOOD REALTY
 WOOD RIVER PRODUCTS
 WOODBURY INDUSTRY, INC.
 WOODS LUMBER COMPANY, INC.
 WOODSTEIN SCRAP METALS
 WOOLF EXCHANGE, INC.
 WOOLLEY TOOL AND MANUFACTURING
 WORCESTER TOY
 WORLD COLOR PRESS
 WORLD PIPE SERVICE CO.
 WORLD WIDE, INC.
 WORTH COMPANY
 WORTHINGTON DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEMS
 WTR PEACH
 WRENTHAM STEEL PRODUCTS CO. INC.
 WRIGHT BROTHERS COLLISION SERVICE
 WRIGHT LINE
 WRIGHT MANUFACTURING
 WURTSMITH AIR FORCE BASE

WYANDOTTE PAINT PRODUCTS
 WYATT INDUSTRIES
 WYE DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION
 WYLE LABORATORIES

X

XEROX CORPORATION
 XEROX ELECTRO-OPTICAL SYSTEMS
 XIDEX
 XOMOX CORPORATION
 XYCOM, INC.

Y

YALE RUBBER MFG. CO.
 YAWORSKI, INC.
 YELLOW FREIGHT LINES
 YENKIN MAJESTIC PAINT COMPANY
 YORK CAPACITOR CORP.

YOUNGSTOWN SHEET AND TUBE CO

Z

Z & W MAZDA
 ZALLEA BROTHERS
 ZAPATA MARINE
 ZARCO INDUSTRIES, INC.
 ZEE TOOL & DIE CO., INC.
 ZEHRUNG CORPORATION COMPANY
 ZELLWIN FARMS COMPANY
 ZEMITH RADIO CORPORATION
 ZEPEDA INSTRUMENTS
 ZERO CORPORATION
 ZIDELL DISMANTLING, INC.
 ZIMMER PAPER
 ZIMMERMAN METALS, INC.
 ZOECON INDUSTRIES
 ZUCKERT, SOUTT, & RASENBERGER
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