

NEW JERSEY

AUG
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ECONOMIC INDICATORS

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NEW JERSEY DEPARTMENT OF

LWD

LABOR AND WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT
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NEW JERSEY ECONOMIC INDICATORS

No. 483 Based on data through August 22, 2006

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August Feature Article

Mid-Season Summer Resort Survey

*by the Bureau of Labor Market Information Field Staff,
Division of Labor Market & Demographic Research*

An informal mid-season survey of shore business owners and tourism officials conducted by the New Jersey Department of Labor and Workforce Development has provided mixed appraisals of business activity for the summer of 2006. The survey was largely conducted during the middle of July, approximately the mid-point of the shore tourist season's core summer period: Memorial Day to Labor Day. Whereas many business owners in the state's coastal communities offered positive opinions on tourist activity, others stated that business was about the same or down somewhat from the same period a year ago. Although many Garden State residents may be vacationing closer to home along the New Jersey shore, their spending may be curtailed to some extent in the face of higher gasoline, accommodation and entertainment costs.

Survey Findings

- Due to perfect weather, shore businesses enjoyed successful Memorial Day and Fourth of July holiday weekends, receiving nearly unanimous positive reviews from those surveyed. In Monmouth County, Asbury Park officials stated they might have had their best beach badge sales ever over Memorial Day. In Ocean Grove, there was a record turnout of visitors during the first week of July. Merchants surveyed reported brisk business that was up from previous years.
- A survey of some of the larger beach communities revealed that the number of weekly beach tags sold was slightly down or even with 2005. However, overall beach tag revenue is reportedly up slightly. One noticeable trend was that communities with significant advanced sales of seasonal beach badges (at discounted prices) had higher revenue in 2006 than 2005. Also, about half of the respondents indicated they have increased the price of all their beach tags (seasonal, weekly and daily) this year.
- A real bright spot this year is Atlantic City. Renewed development is furthering the transformation of Atlantic City into an overall vacation destination rather than just a haven for gamblers. Atlantic City is benefiting from additional hotel rooms, new retail establishments and the growing popularity of casino-operated beach bars. The once-modest oceanfront bars have evolved into full-service entertainment complexes featuring restaurants, concert stages, tanning beds, hot tubs and private cabanas.
- Net revenues from gambling operations at Atlantic City's twelve casinos were only slightly lower in July of this year (-4.8%) than in July 2005, despite a three-day closure in the beginning of the month due to the state government shutdown.
- Campground owners reported a good start to their season. They have said that this is a very good year, on par with, or a little better than 2005 — which was a banner year. New Jersey campgrounds continue to prosper when gas prices are high due to the fact that recreational vehicle (RVs) owners tend to stay closer to home. Other notable factors include more campers from Pennsylvania and New England than in past years and more cabin rentals. This may indicate

a switch from the normal occupancy levels of motels/hotels at the shore, as campground business has benefited as a lower cost alternative to the rising cost of other accommodations.

- The number of Canadian vacationers, which has been trending upward in recent years, is also credited for the increase in campgrounds business. Traditionally, the New Jersey shore has long been a popular vacation spot for our neighbors north of the border.

- An important indicator for New Jersey's shore tourism industry is the advanced rental of housing units (homes, cottages, condos, etc.). For the sixth consecutive year, a slump in advance bookings was evident in some beachfront communities this spring. Rental properties are the core accommodation in many resort communities in the shore region and declining advance demand is a source of concern. Furthermore, total rental of vacation accommodations is off again this year and an inventory of rentals remained available at the date of this survey. Higher rental rates are often cited as the number one reason for the drop off.

- The rapid escalation in property prices over the boom period of 1998-2005 for shore real estate has led to upward pressure on weekly rental rates and the increasing inventory of available units during the peak summer period.

- The summer rental market has changed significantly over the last several years as renters are waiting longer to book accommodations in the hopes of negotiating better rates as the season progresses and owners become anxious to avoid vacancies. The practice of late booking seems to have been furthered by the increasing use of the Internet as a means of connecting renter with owner or real estate rental agent. The number of rental properties available at this late date is a concern to real estate professionals considering that very few properties would have been available at this point in the season as recently as the late 1990s.

- Providers of more transient lodgings (hotels and motels) generally reported somewhat softer mid-week periods than last year while weekend business was mixed. Some stated that they are the same as or up from last year. Others stated that the occupancy rate is down 10 to 30 percent. However, almost all of the respondents said the occupancies are at 90 to 98 percent full in July and they expect it to remain at or above that level for the rest of the summer. Bed & breakfast operators' opinions were also split. Operators noted that people are staying fewer days, negotiating rates and are waiting closer to their vacation time to make reservations.

- After a generally slow early season, the region's amusement parks, piers and boardwalks are pleased with recent levels of business due to improved weather conditions. The hot weather benefited the water parks especially.

- Water sports-related business operators generally say business is off slightly from a year ago. While marinas generally have very few slips unoccupied during the summer, they report less early season activity due in part to unfavorable weather and high fuel prices. Charter boat business is down somewhat from a year ago levels, and advance bookings are softer than at this same point last year.

- Restaurants in the shore region indicate that their weekend business is almost on par with last year, but mid-week is slower. Overall though, business at restaurants and drinking places seems to be down slightly from a year ago. Upscale restaurants are down while family-priced restaurants are up. Conversely, business at food stores and liquor stores is reported to be similar to a year ago. Tourism officials most often point to the demolition of cheaper hotel/motel

rooms and the construction of more expensive condominiums as driving budget conscious vacationers to eat out less often and do more cooking and entertaining in their larger (albeit pricier) accommodations.

- The sports-related entertainment industry at the Jersey shore has reported mixed results so far this season. The Lakewood Blue Claws, a professional minor league baseball team, has had a successful season so far, with attendance up over last year. On the other hand, attendance for horse racing at Monmouth Park in Oceanport has been down compared to the 2005 season.

Conclusion

Overall, this summer's level of tourist activity is somewhat slower or on par with a year ago. However, if the good weather holds through August, many of the state's shore resort businesses could have a successful season overall.

New Jersey's Economy by the Numbers: August 22, 2006

Comparative Economic Indicators: New Jersey and United States

New Jersey Data (Seasonally adjusted)			Latest Data	Data Series	Page Number	Year-to-Date % change from year ago (Unadjusted)	
Latest Month	Month Ago	Year Ago				NJ	US
\$391,527	\$385,860	\$375,123	1st Quarter	Personal Income (millions)*	-----	4.4	5.1
47,448	53,850	57,125	June	New Vehicle Registrations***	S-18	-2.8	-0.2
3,346	2,998	3,380	June	Dwelling Units Authorized**	S-16	-16.3	-5.2
4,080.2	4,084.0	4,051.1	July	Nonfarm Payroll Employment (000)	S-6	1.0	1.4
317.2	320.0	328.1	July	Manufacturing (000)	S-8	-3.3	-0.1
2,942.5	2,941.6	2,910.4	July	Private Service-providing (000)	-----	1.4	1.6
227.3	218.5	193.5	July	Total Unemployment (000)	S-2	12.9	-7.9
5.1	4.9	4.4	July	Total Unemployment Rate (%)	S-4	-----	-----
111.9	104.4	112.7	July	Insured Unemployment Volume (000)	S-20	-7.2	-7.0
2.9	2.7	3.0	July	Insured Unemployment Rate (%)	S-20	-----	-----
42.2	41.8	41.7	July	Average Factory Workweek (hours)**	S-28	0.7	1.4
\$16.56	\$16.61	\$16.30	July	Average Factory Hourly Earnings**	S-28	1.5	1.7
\$698.83	\$694.30	\$679.71	July	Average Factory Weekly Earnings**	S-28	2.2	3.1

Notes: See pages S-31 to S-34 for notes on **Indicators'** series. (Nonbuilding construction contracts are not published; private service-providing data are found in 13-month tables on page S-23.)

¹ Monthly revisions to unadjusted data published by special contract with McGraw-Hill Construction. Reprinting and electronic dissemination are prohibited by law.

* Latest Month - 1st Qtr. 2006; Month Ago - 4th Qtr. 2005; Year Ago - 1st Qtr. 2005 (annualized data).

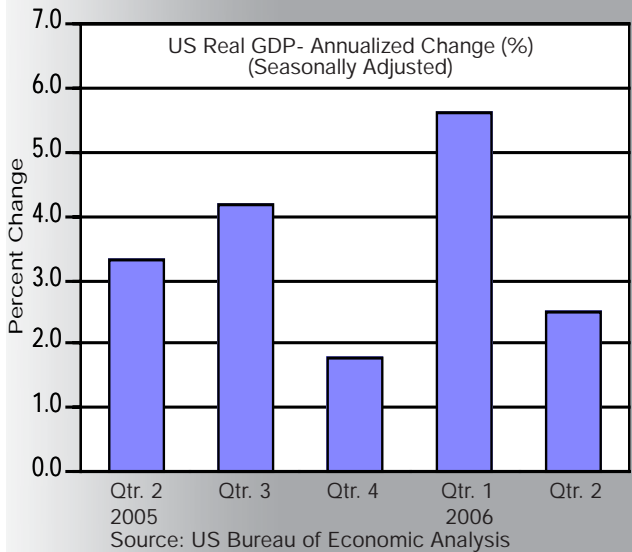
** Not seasonally adjusted.

*** Includes only total new cars and new light trucks/vans (weight class 0-10,000 lbs.) registered in NJ.

Economic Situation: The Nation

Economic growth in the second quarter slowed to less than half the pace set during the first three months of the year providing additional evidence of a slowdown in the national economy. Pressured by high gasoline prices and interest rates, consumers cut back on spending during the spring. The effects were also felt in the cooling housing market which continued to post declines in sales amidst a rising inventory of unsold homes. Retail sales rebounded somewhat in July as manufacturers' incentives drew buyers to auto show-

rooms. An increase in unemployment accompanied moderate gains in employment and industrial production.



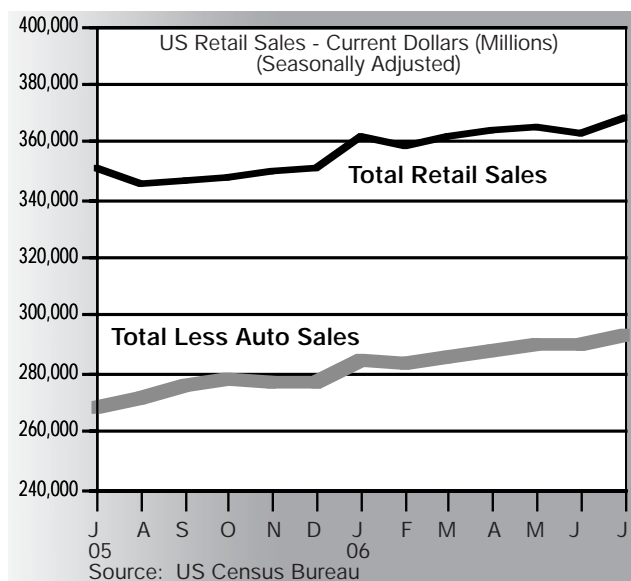
first decline since 2003. Residential construction dropped by 6.3 percent, the largest decrease in nearly six years.

With the economy moderating, the Federal Reserve opted to leave interest rates unchanged in August after a series of 17 consecutive rate hikes which began in June 2004. According to Freddie Mac, 30-year mortgage rates have eased slightly in recent weeks, averaging 6.52 percent nationwide in August, down from the four-year high of 6.80 percent reached in July, but higher than a year ago when average rates were 5.80 percent.

The once booming housing market has cooled in the climate of higher borrowing rates. Sales of new and existing homes edged down in June, falling by 3.0 percent and 1.3 percent, respectively. Compared with a year ago, sales of new homes are down by 11.1 percent while existing home sales have fallen by 8.9 percent. The inventory of unsold new homes climbed to a record level in June representing a supply of 6.1 months at the current sales rate while the supply of existing homes rose to 6.8 months, the highest level since July 1997.

The Consumer Price Index rose by 0.4 percent in July following an increase of 0.2 percent in June. After edging down last month by 0.9 percent, energy costs surged ahead in July by 2.9 percent, the largest monthly increase since April. The core index for all items excluding food and energy advanced by 0.2 percent in July; this was the

According to advance estimates, gross domestic product (GDP) rose at an annual rate of 2.5 percent in the second quarter, following an increase of 5.6 percent from January through March. Consumer spending, which accounts for about two-thirds of all economic activity, slowed to a rate of 2.5 percent, down from 4.8 percent in the previous quarter, due to a downturn in purchases of durable goods (-0.5%). Businesses trimmed expenditures on equipment and software by 1.0 percent, the

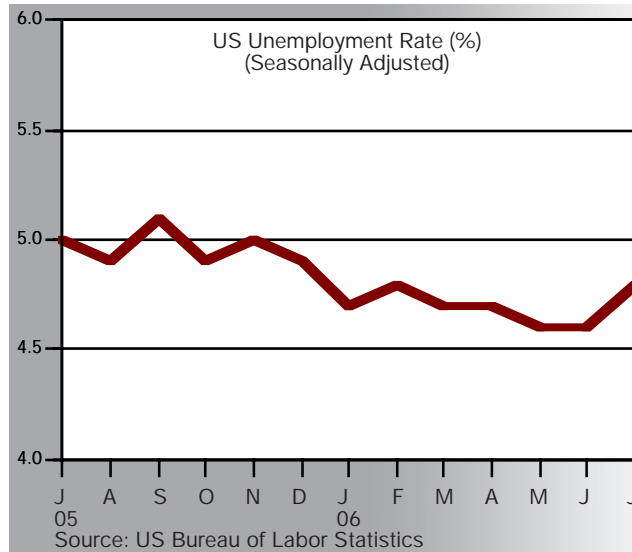


Economic Situation: The Nation

smallest increase in core inflation in five months, largely due to a sharp drop of 1.2 percent in clothing prices.

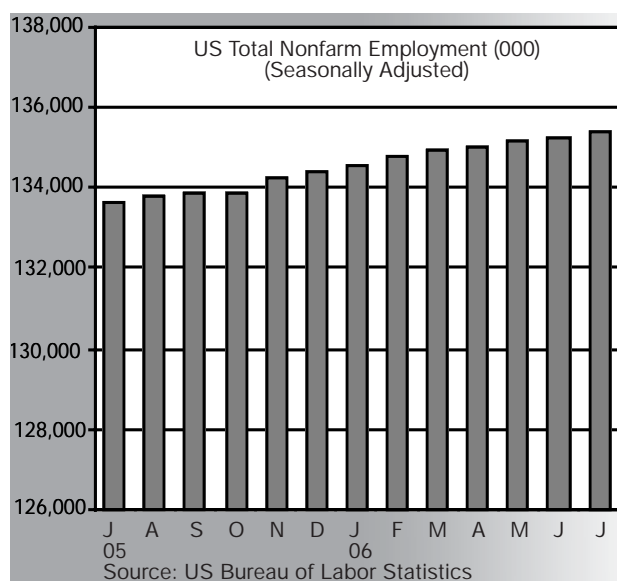
Retail sales rebounded in July by 1.4 percent after a decline in June of 0.4 percent and were up 4.8 percent from a year ago. Incentives offered by auto manufacturers drove sales of motor vehicles up by 3.1 percent over the month, following declines in May and June. Rising gasoline prices fueled an increase of 2.5 percent at gas stations where sales were 19.2 percent higher than a year ago. The summer heat wave boosted sales of air conditioners and fans contributing to an increase of 1.9 percent at electronics and appliance dealers.

Warmer than normal temperatures in much of the nation during July pushed output at utilities up 2.0 percent, contributing to an increase of 0.4 percent in total industrial production. The growth in industrial output represented half of June's gain of 0.8 percent. Manufacturing output edged up by 0.1 percent as production of motor vehicles and parts dropped 5.4 percent, more than reversing the surge by automakers in June of 3.0 percent. Excluding motor vehicles and parts, manufacturing output rose 0.7 percent in July.



The unemployment rate rose from 4.6 percent in June to 4.8 percent in July, but remained below the level of a year ago of 5.0 percent. Following a decline in June, the number of persons unemployed 27 weeks or longer returned to the May level of 1.3 million.

Moderate employment growth continued in July as 113,000 jobs were added to non-farm payrolls following an increase of 124,000 in June. This was in line with the average monthly gain of 112,000 recorded during the second quarter, but was well below the average monthly gain of 169,000 for the 12-month period ending in March.

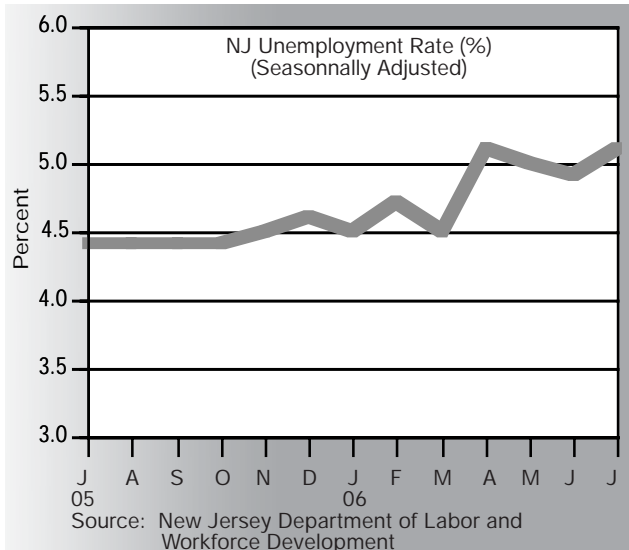


Job growth in July was concentrated in several service-providing industries, including professional and business services, health care and food services. The largest monthly gain of 43,000 occurred in professional and business services due to strength in architectural and engineering services, computer systems design services and management and technical consulting services. Over the year, this supersector has added 458,000 jobs.

Employment in leisure and hospitality rose by 42,000 in July, mainly due to continued job growth in food services where 29,000 jobs were added. Health care employment rose by 23,000 with job gains in hospitals and in nursing and residential care facilities.

Economic Situation: The State

Data available through mid-August indicate that New Jersey is feeling the impact of a slowdown in the national economy, which has been marked by rising gasoline prices, high interest rates and a cooling housing market. During the past month, the slowing economy was reflected in a rise in New Jersey's unemployment rate and a downturn in employment. The residential housing market showed additional signs of weakening as existing home sales during the second quarter declined sharply from a year ago and planned homebuilding during the first half of the year was well below last year's pace. Contracts awarded for nonresidential building continued to provide strength in the construction market.



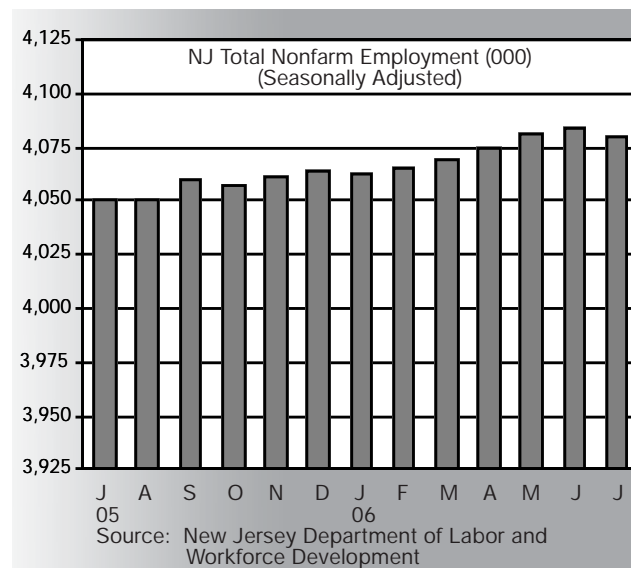
After two consecutive monthly declines, New Jersey's unemployment rate increased to 5.1 percent in July, matching the rate recorded in April, and was above the rate of a year ago of 4.4 percent. Since January, the jobless rate has fluctuated between 4.5 percent and 5.1 percent. The national unemployment rate also rose in July, increasing from 4.6 to 4.8 percent.

The insured unemployment rate (IUR), which is based only on employment covered by unemployment insurance, increased in July to 2.9 percent after holding steady at 2.7 percent since February, but was below the rate a year ago of 3.0 percent. From January through July, 82,300 individuals exhausted their unemployment insurance benefits, a decrease of 7.4 percent compared with the same period in 2005.

Reversing a trend of moderate job growth during the first half of the year, employment declined by 3,800 in July to 4,080,200 following June's upwardly revised gain of 2,600. Compared with a year ago, nonfarm payrolls were up by 29,100.

Monthly employment gains in professional and business services and retail trade were offset by losses in manufacturing and government. Government fell by 1,300 over the month while private sector payrolls were down by 2,500. The largest decrease occurred in manufacturing (-2,800), with notable job losses in fabricated metal products and food manufacturing. Trade, transportation and utilities fell by 1,400 as losses in wholesale trade and transportation, utilities and warehousing offset a gain of 2,200 in retail trade.

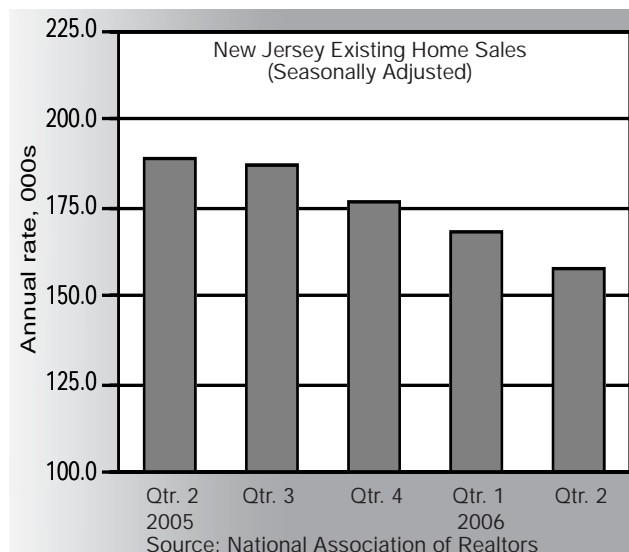
Professional and business services recorded the largest gain (2,400) primarily on strength in professional, scientific and technical services. Information and education and health services each added 400 jobs, with the information supersector posting its first increase since January.



Economic Situation: The State

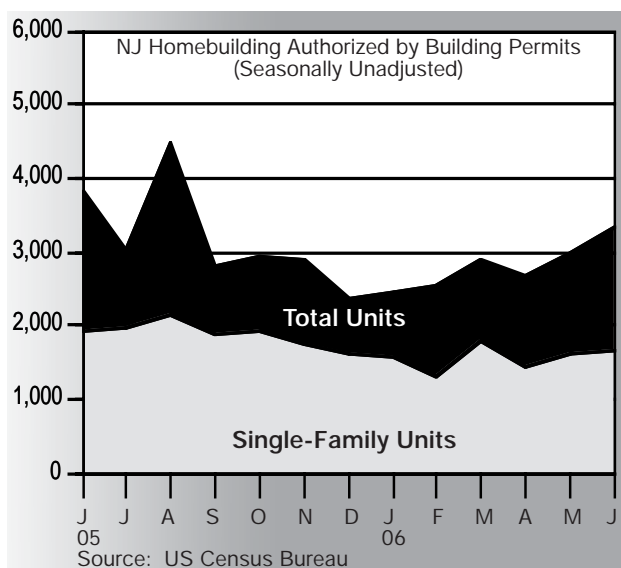
Sales of existing homes fell during the second quarter as high borrowing rates and escalating sales prices cooled the home resale market. Existing home sales in the Garden State plunged 16.3 percent from the level of a year ago, compared with declines nationally and in the Northeast of 7.0 and 5.2 percent, respectively. All four regions of the country and 28 individual states experienced over-the-year declines, with nine states recording larger percentage decreases than New Jersey.

The total number of dwelling units authorized by building permits in New Jersey rose by 11.6 percent from May to June, the second consecutive monthly increase. However, year-to-date planned home building was 16.3 percent below the pace set during the first half of last year. From January through June, declines were posted in permits for single-family homes (-14.6%) and multi-family (5+units) dwelling units (-28.1%). Planned homebuilding in the Northeast region as a whole fell 5.7 percent over the month and was down 19.9 percent compared with July 2005.



According to F.W. Dodge, contracts awarded for construction during the first seven months of the year edged down by 1.2 percent compared with the same period a year ago. Gains in contracts for residential (+1.4%) and nonresidential construction (+11.7%) were offset by a decline in contracts for nonbuilding projects such as road and utility improvements (-27.9%). Nationally, year-to-date construction contracts were up by 4.1 percent from a year ago.

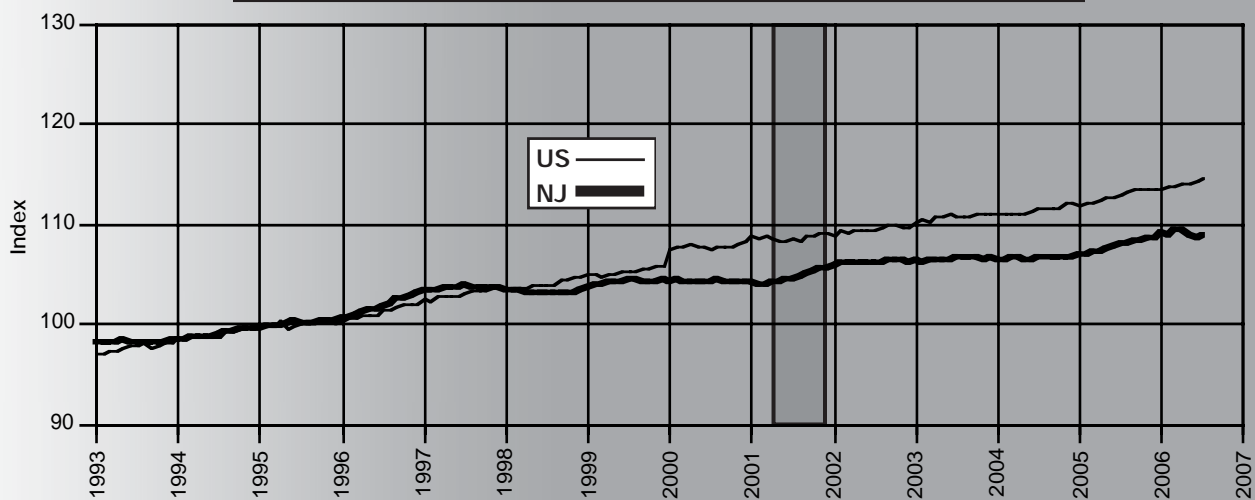
From January through June, new passenger car registrations increased by 3.4 percent compared with the same period a year ago. However, rising gasoline prices drove registrations of light trucks and vans down by 9.0 percent during the first six months of the year, causing total new vehicle sales, as measured by registrations, to decrease by 2.8 percent compared with the same period in 2005.



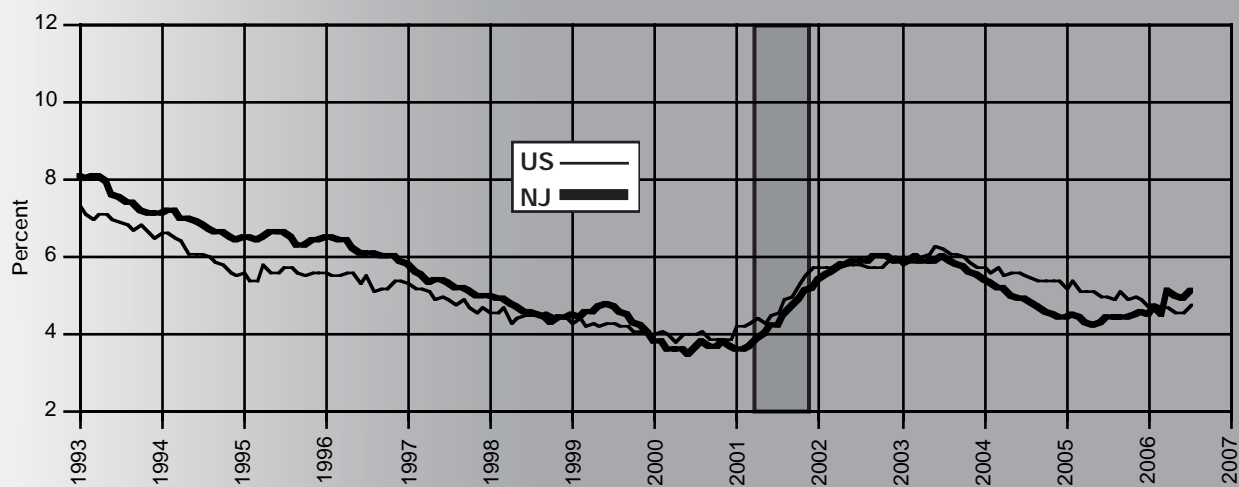
Consumer confidence in the Middle Atlantic region fell in July by 5.0 percent after a gain of 2.9 percent in June. Consumers' assessment of the present economic situation turned more negative (-4.1%) and there was also decreased optimism about the next six months (-6.1%). Compared with a year ago, the overall index was down 7.2 percent.

Comparisons of Economic Trends in New Jersey and the US

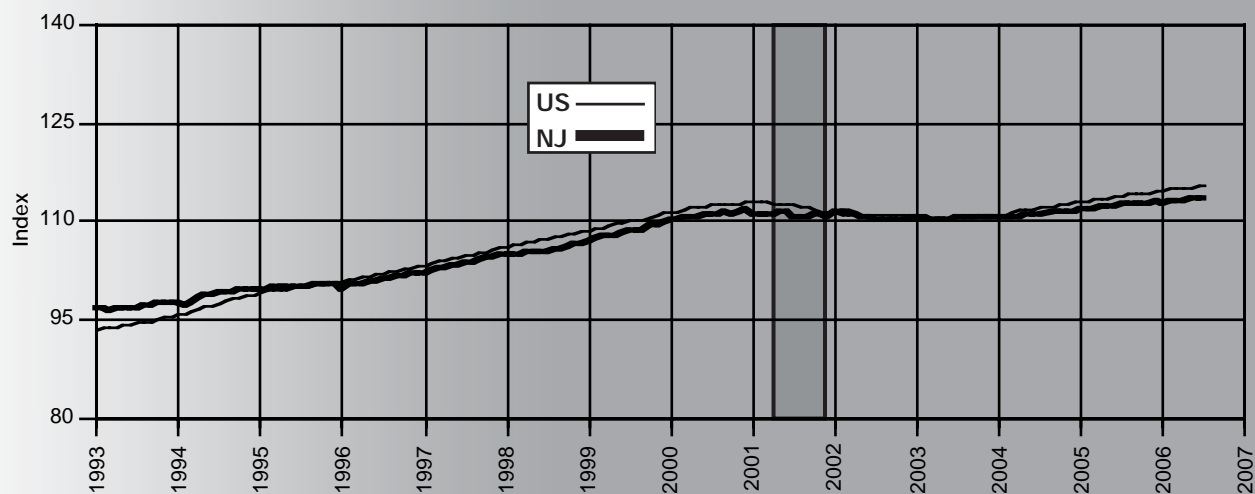
Civilian Labor Force (1995=100)



Unemployment Rate (%)



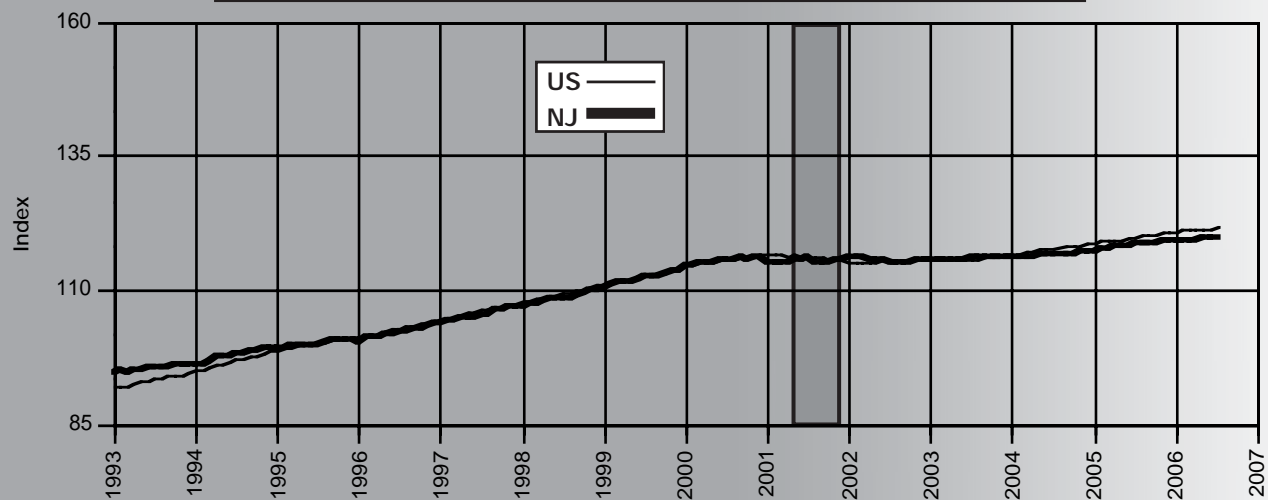
Nonfarm Payroll Employment (1995=100)



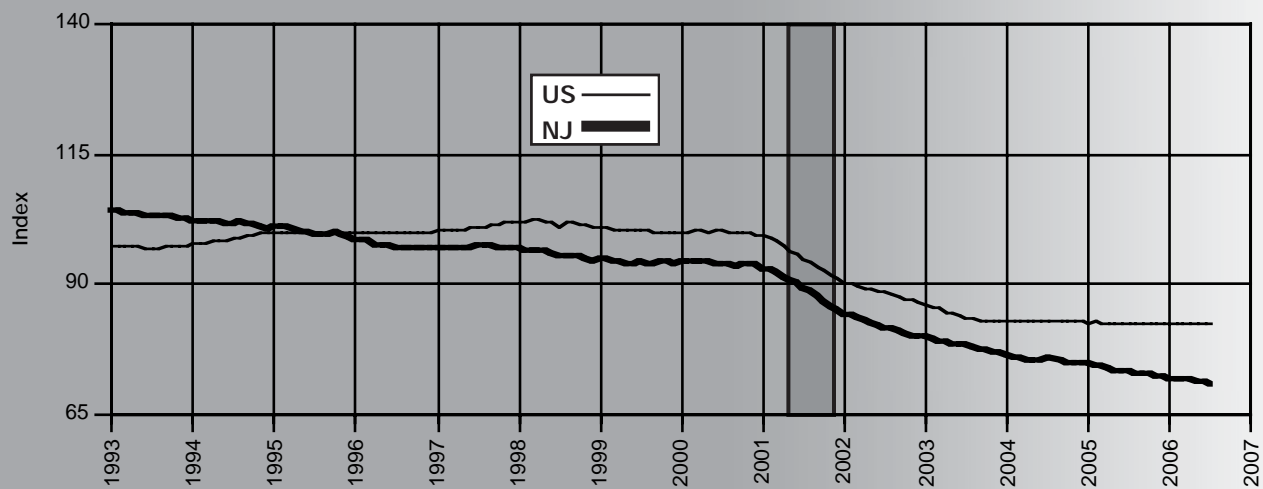
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Comparisons of Economic Trends in New Jersey and the US

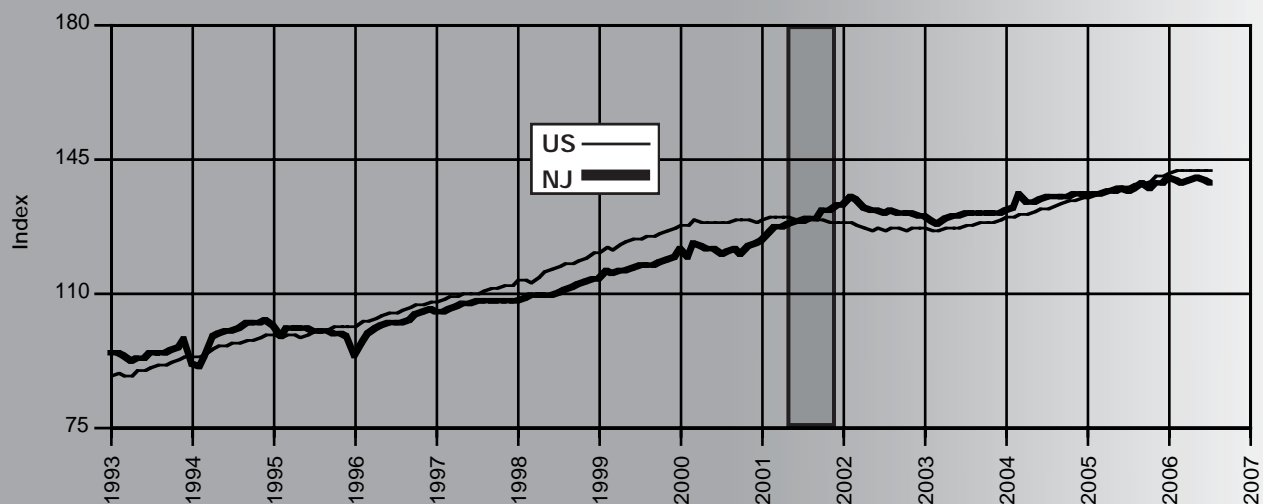
Private Service Providing Employment (1995=100)



Manufacturing Employment (1995=100)



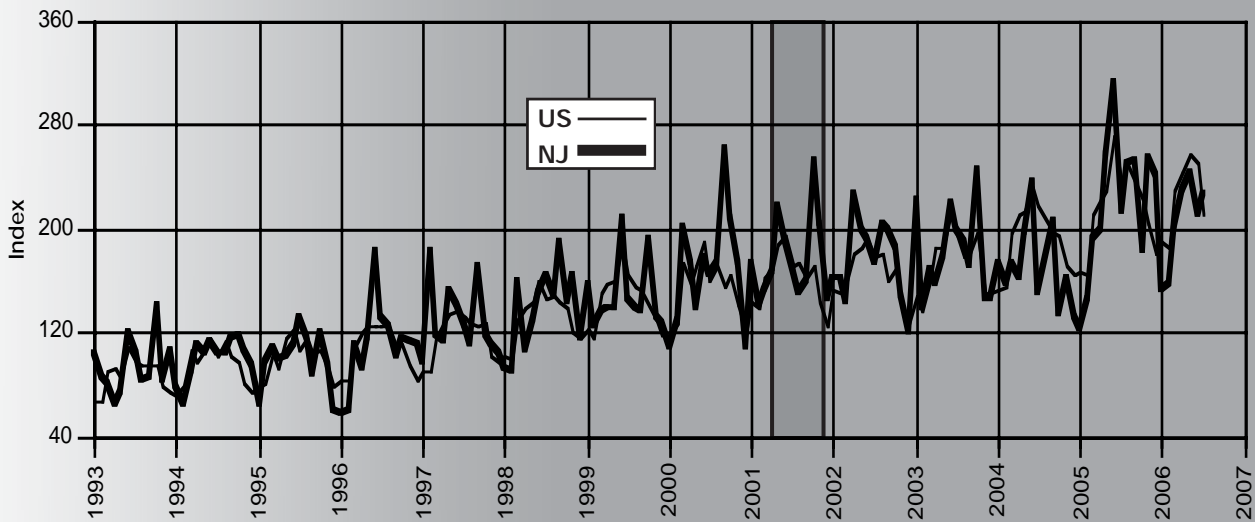
Construction Employment (1995=100)



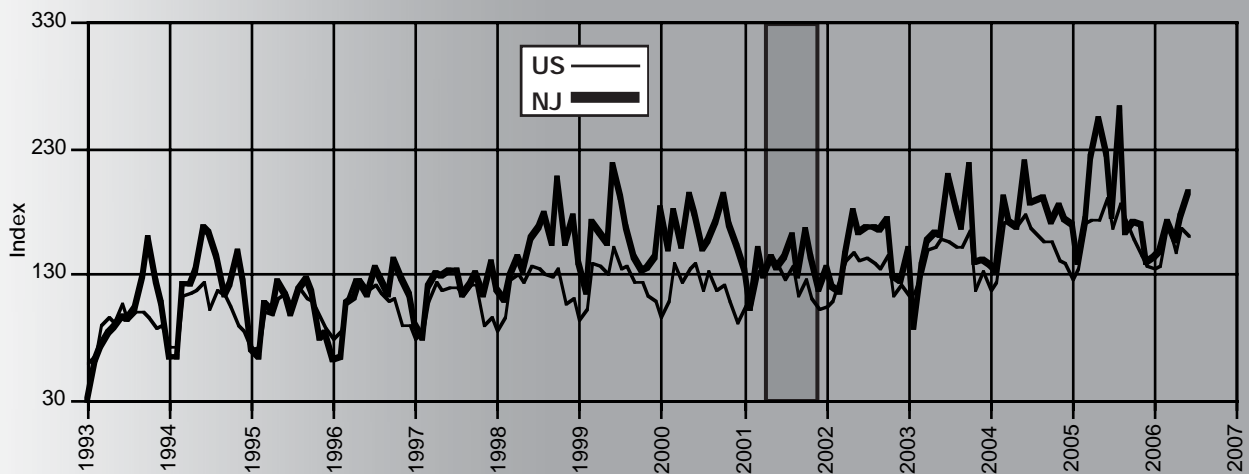
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Comparisons of Economic Trends in New Jersey and the US

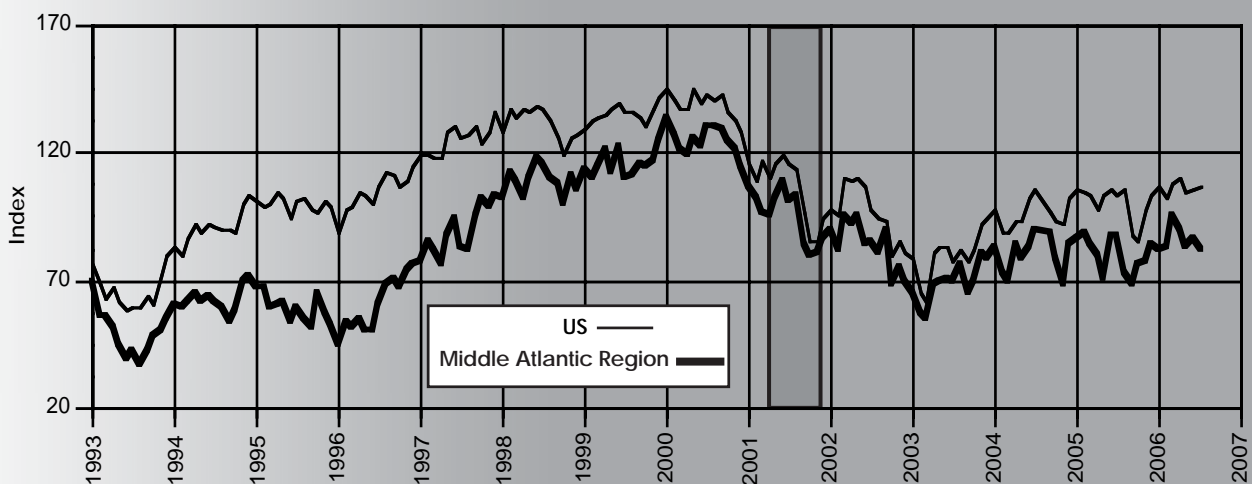
Total Construction Contracts Awarded (1995=100)-Unadj.



Dwelling Units Authorized (1995=100) - Unadj.



Consumer Confidence Index (1985=100)-Unadj.

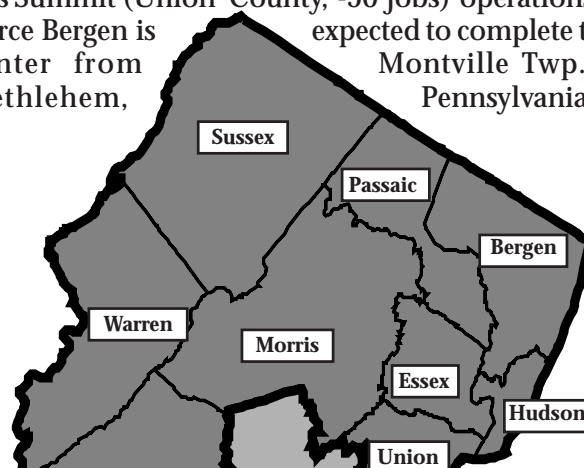


Notes: Unemployment rates are not indexed. Use of an index facilitates comparisons. All indexed data have a 1995 base except for the Consumer Confidence Index (CCI), which has a 1985 base. All data are seasonally adjusted, except the Middle Atlantic Region CCI, Total Construction Contracts awarded and Dwelling Units Authorized.

Labor Area Focus — Regional Analysts' Corner

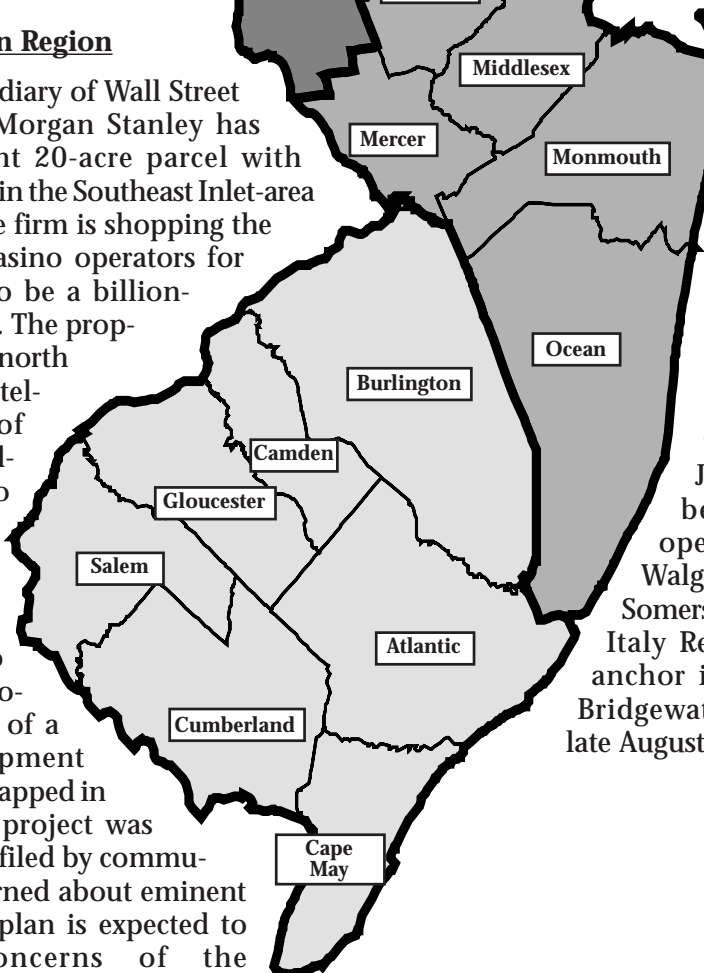
Northern Region

Retail trade employment recently received a boost with the opening of a Wal-Mart store in Kearny (Hudson County, +245 jobs). On the downside, Aircast, Inc., a manufacturer of medical devices, was bought by DJ Orthopedics and its Summit (Union County, -50 jobs) operations were moved to Mexico in July. By September, Amerisource Bergen is expected to complete the relocation of its pharmaceutical distribution center from Montville Twp. (Morris County, -112 jobs) to a new facility in Bethlehem, Pennsylvania.



Southern Region

A gambling subsidiary of Wall Street investment bank Morgan Stanley has purchased a vacant 20-acre parcel with boardwalk frontage in the Southeast Inlet-area of Atlantic City. The firm is shopping the site to would-be casino operators for what is expected to be a billion-dollar casino resort. The property is located just north of the Showboat hotel-casino. The City of Camden has scheduled six meetings to present plans to build 6,000 homes in the Crammer Hill section of the city. According to city officials, the proposal is a revision of a previous redevelopment plan that the city scrapped in May. The original project was stalled by a lawsuit filed by community activists concerned about eminent domain. The new plan is expected to address the concerns of the neighborhood's present residents, who are worried about being forced to sell their homes to make way for more expensive modern housing.



Central Region

Capital Health System (CHS) is one step closer to building a new hospital in Lawrence Twp. (Mercer County). The State Health Planning Board recently endorsed CHS's plan to construct a new 320-bed hospital in the municipality. Office Depot opened up a store in Neptune (Monmouth County, +25 jobs) at the intersection of Route 66 and Jumping Road. This site has been expanding with the openings of a Home Depot, Walgreen's and Chase Bank. In Somerset County, Maggiano's Little Italy Restaurant will open as an anchor in the Lifestyle Center in Bridgewater with 45 employees in late August.

Labor Area Focus (cont.)

Labor Area Nonfarm Payroll Employment

(seasonally adjusted)

	2005						2006						
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul
Atlantic City Labor Area (<i>Atlantic County</i>)													
Total Nonfarm	153.7	152.5	153.3	153.7	154.3	156.0	155.6	154.0	154.2	154.9	155.1	155.7	156.0
Total Private Sector	130.3	129.3	129.6	129.9	130.6	132.3	131.8	129.7	130.1	130.6	130.6	131.2	131.6
Government	23.4	23.2	23.7	23.8	23.7	23.7	23.8	24.3	24.1	24.2	24.4	24.5	24.4
Bergen-Passaic Labor Area (<i>Bergen & Passaic counties</i>)													
Total Nonfarm	657.3	656.5	655.1	655.7	656.4	656.5	655.8	657.1	656.2	656.6	657.4	656.0	657.3
Total Private Sector	576.9	576.3	575.3	576.1	576.3	576.4	575.7	577.0	576.1	576.4	577.0	575.3	576.2
Government	80.4	80.2	79.8	79.6	80.1	80.1	80.1	80.1	80.1	80.2	80.4	80.7	81.1
Camden Labor Area (<i>Burlington, Camden & Gloucester counties</i>)													
Total Nonfarm	536.9	538.5	538.7	538.9	540.1	540.8	536.5	538.4	535.9	541.4	543.3	543.9	545.1
Total Private Sector	448.7	450.0	450.9	450.8	452.2	452.8	449.5	451.2	449.3	454.4	456.2	455.7	456.5
Government	88.2	88.5	87.8	88.1	87.9	88.0	87.0	87.2	86.6	87.0	87.1	88.2	88.6
Edison Labor Area (<i>Middlesex, Monmouth, Ocean & Somerset counties</i>)													
Total Nonfarm	1020.8	1022.3	1022.9	1025.0	1026.3	1028.2	1024.4	1025.5	1026.8	1036.4	1036.2	1036.7	1034.8
Total Private Sector	870.9	871.9	872.0	874.3	875.4	877.0	876.2	876.7	877.4	886.8	887.1	888.1	886.0
Government	149.9	150.4	150.9	150.7	150.9	151.2	148.2	148.8	149.4	149.6	149.1	148.6	148.8
Jersey City Labor Area (<i>Hudson County</i>)													
Total Nonfarm	243.6	243.4	243.5	244.2	244.4	244.7	247.5	247.7	247.9	246.4	247.1	246.6	245.3
Total Private Sector	203.9	203.6	203.7	204.5	204.6	204.8	206.2	206.7	206.7	205.2	205.8	205.5	204.6
Government	39.7	39.8	39.8	39.7	39.8	39.9	41.3	41.0	41.2	41.2	41.3	41.1	40.7
Newark-Union Labor Area (<i>Essex, Hunterdon, Morris, Sussex & Union counties</i>)													
Total Nonfarm	1038.7	1034.0	1024.5	1024.3	1023.9	1023.2	1022.3	1020.9	1020.7	1021.1	1021.7	1018.5	1030.7
Total Private Sector	863.4	862.0	861.0	860.7	860.2	859.6	857.8	857.1	857.0	857.9	858.0	858.1	855.9
Government	175.3	172.0	163.5	163.6	163.7	163.6	164.5	163.8	163.7	163.2	163.7	160.4	174.8
Ocean City Labor Area (<i>Cape May County</i>)													
Total Nonfarm	44.2	45.4	45.7	45.9	46.2	46.1	46.4	44.3	44.2	44.9	44.8	45.2	46.1
Total Private Sector	35.1	35.6	35.8	36.0	35.8	35.7	36.1	34.6	34.6	35.2	35.1	35.6	36.5
Government	9.1	9.8	9.9	9.9	10.4	10.4	10.3	9.7	9.6	9.7	9.7	9.6	9.6
Salem Labor Area (<i>Salem County</i>)													
Total Nonfarm	24.3	24.3	24.1	25.0	25.2	24.0	23.9	23.7	23.4	23.6	23.5	23.5	23.6
Total Private Sector	19.3	19.3	19.2	20.4	20.6	19.4	19.0	18.8	18.5	18.7	18.6	18.6	18.6
Government	5.0	5.0	4.9	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9	5.0
Trenton-Ewing Labor Area (<i>Mercer County</i>)													
Total Nonfarm	236.6	237.4	237.6	238.1	238.9	239.5	238.7	238.5	239.8	240.0	240.3	241.6	240.6
Total Private Sector	170.1	170.5	170.6	170.9	171.4	171.8	170.3	169.9	170.9	171.1	171.4	172.2	171.7
Government	66.5	66.9	67.0	67.2	67.5	67.7	68.4	68.6	68.9	68.9	68.9	69.4	68.9
Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton Labor Area (<i>Cumberland County</i>)													
Total Nonfarm	64.0	64.3	63.8	64.4	64.8	64.7	64.8	64.5	64.6	64.4	64.0	63.8	63.9
Total Private Sector	48.9	49.3	48.8	49.4	49.7	49.7	49.7	49.4	49.5	49.3	48.9	48.6	48.9
Government	15.1	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.1	15.0	15.1	15.1	15.1	15.1	15.1	15.2	15.0

Labor Area Focus (cont.)

Labor Area Civilian Labor Force

(seasonally adjusted)

Labor Area	2005						2006						
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul
<u>Atlantic City Labor Area (Atlantic County)</u>													
Labor Force	137.7	138.4	138.4	138.6	138.8	138.9	139.1	139.6	141.2	141.1	141.0	140.3	134.4
Employment	130.6	131.3	131.1	131.5	131.3	131.3	131.6	131.7	133.6	132.4	132.4	132.1	127.1
Unemployment Volume	7.1	7.1	7.3	7.1	7.5	7.6	7.5	7.9	7.6	8.7	8.6	8.2	7.3
Unemployment Rate (%)	5.1	5.2	5.3	5.1	5.4	5.5	5.4	5.7	5.4	6.2	6.1	5.8	5.4
<u>Bergen-Passaic Labor Area (Bergen & Passaic counties)</u>													
Labor Force	706.8	707.3	709.8	710.4	711.0	712.2	709.6	708.5	713.8	710.2	708.8	707.5	702.1
Employment	677.2	677.5	679.5	681.1	679.6	680.3	678.1	675.9	682.8	675.2	674.2	674.4	673.5
Unemployment Volume	29.5	29.8	30.2	29.2	31.5	31.8	31.5	32.6	31.0	35.0	34.6	33.1	28.6
Unemployment Rate (%)	4.2	4.2	4.3	4.1	4.4	4.5	4.4	4.6	4.3	4.9	4.9	4.7	4.1
<u>Camden Labor Area (Burlington, Camden & Gloucester counties)</u>													
Labor Force	655.2	657.8	658.8	657.8	659.0	660.5	659.2	659.5	661.9	664.5	664.4	663.5	658.7
Employment	627.5	629.9	630.2	630.1	628.7	630.0	630.0	629.4	633.4	630.9	631.6	631.2	630.8
Unemployment Volume	27.7	27.9	28.6	27.7	30.3	30.4	29.2	30.1	28.5	33.6	32.8	32.3	27.9
Unemployment Rate (%)	4.2	4.2	4.3	4.2	4.6	4.6	4.4	4.6	4.3	5.1	4.9	4.9	4.2
<u>Edison Labor Area (Middlesex, Monmouth, Ocean & Somerset counties)</u>													
Labor Force	1,174.1	1,178.5	1,181.3	1,186.0	1,185.7	1,186.6	1,189.2	1,185.6	1,193.9	1,196.2	1,191.4	1,190.0	1,166.5
Employment	1,127.5	1,131.4	1,133.3	1,139.0	1,135.4	1,136.2	1,140.1	1,134.1	1,145.2	1,139.0	1,136.4	1,137.2	1,120.4
Unemployment Volume	46.6	47.0	48.0	47.0	50.3	50.5	49.1	51.5	48.7	57.2	55.0	52.8	46.1
Unemployment Rate (%)	4.0	4.0	4.1	4.0	4.2	4.3	4.1	4.3	4.1	4.8	4.6	4.4	4.0
<u>Jersey City Labor Area (Hudson County)</u>													
Labor Force	291.3	291.5	292.3	292.4	292.3	292.4	292.6	292.3	294.4	293.1	292.6	291.3	290.0
Employment	275.3	275.4	276.1	276.9	276.0	276.1	276.5	275.3	278.0	275.0	274.5	274.3	273.9
Unemployment Volume	16.0	16.1	16.2	15.4	16.3	16.3	16.1	17.0	16.4	18.1	18.1	17.0	16.1
Unemployment Rate (%)	5.5	5.5	5.6	5.3	5.6	5.6	5.5	5.8	5.6	6.2	6.2	5.8	5.6
<u>Newark-Union Labor Area (Essex, Hunterdon, Morris, Sussex & Union counties)</u>													
Labor Force	1,058.4	1,058.9	1,060.4	1,060.6	1,060.9	1,061.4	1,065.4	1,062.8	1,066.7	1,064.9	1,060.0	1,059.1	1,044.6
Employment	1,012.0	1,012.4	1,013.2	1,014.8	1,011.9	1,011.9	1,015.4	1,011.2	1,017.5	1,009.3	1,005.4	1,006.9	998.2
Unemployment Volume	46.4	46.5	47.2	45.8	49.0	49.5	50.0	51.6	49.2	55.6	54.6	52.2	46.4
Unemployment Rate (%)	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.3	4.6	4.7	4.7	4.9	4.6	5.2	5.2	4.9	4.4
<u>Ocean City Labor Area (Cape May County)</u>													
Labor Force	58.5	58.6	58.5	58.6	58.7	59.1	59.7	58.9	58.8	59.2	59.8	59.2	49.0
Employment	54.8	54.9	54.7	54.8	54.8	55.1	55.8	55.1	55.0	54.7	55.4	54.9	44.3
Unemployment Volume	3.7	3.7	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.8	4.5	4.4	4.3	4.7
Unemployment Rate (%)	6.4	6.4	6.5	6.5	6.6	6.7	6.5	6.5	6.5	7.6	7.4	7.3	9.6
<u>Salem Labor Area (Salem County)</u>													
Labor Force	31.4	31.6	31.6	31.5	31.7	31.6	31.9	31.8	32.0	31.9	32.0	31.8	31.8
Employment	29.9	30.1	30.1	30.0	30.0	29.9	30.3	30.2	30.4	30.3	30.2	30.1	30.3
Unemployment Volume	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.8	1.7	1.5
Unemployment Rate (%)	4.6	4.7	4.9	4.8	5.3	5.4	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.6	5.3	4.7
<u>Trenton-Ewing Labor Area (Mercer County)</u>													
Labor Force	195.3	196.2	196.4	196.9	197.2	197.4	198.0	197.4	198.8	199.2	198.6	199.1	196.6
Employment	188.1	188.8	188.8	189.4	189.1	189.3	190.0	189.2	190.9	190.0	189.7	190.3	189.2
Unemployment Volume	7.3	7.4	7.6	7.5	8.1	8.1	8.0	8.2	7.9	9.2	8.9	8.8	7.4
Unemployment Rate (%)	3.7	3.8	3.8	3.8	4.1	4.1	4.0	4.2	4.0	4.6	4.5	4.4	3.8
<u>Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton Labor Area (Cumberland County)</u>													
Labor Force	70.8	71.9	71.6	71.7	71.8	71.6	72.0	71.9	71.8	71.7	72.0	70.9	71.7
Employment	66.5	67.2	67.1	67.3	67.1	66.7	67.2	66.9	66.8	66.5	66.7	65.9	67.0
Unemployment Volume	4.3	4.7	4.5	4.4	4.7	4.9	4.8	5.0	5.0	5.2	5.3	5.0	4.7
Unemployment Rate (%)	6.1	6.5	6.2	6.2	6.5	6.8	6.7	7.0	7.0	7.3	7.4	7.1	6.6

NEW JERSEY ECONOMIC INDICATORS

NEW JERSEY
ECONOMIC INDICATORS

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Statistical Section
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NEW JERSEY
ECONOMIC INDICATORS

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NEW JERSEY
ECONOMIC INDICATORS

Indicator Series 1-3 Resident Labor Force

1. Civilian Labor Force (000)

Date	2003		2004		2005		2006	
	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.
Jan	4,359.2	4,369.9	4,356.8	4,373.9	4,350.2	4,390.6	4,450.4	4,481.8
Feb	4,370.9	4,368.8	4,361.0	4,376.3	4,376.8	4,399.5	4,454.2	4,479.1
Mar	4,368.5	4,372.2	4,367.5	4,378.1	4,385.7	4,404.6	4,482.1	4,496.7
Apr	4,365.5	4,371.2	4,359.9	4,381.9	4,387.1	4,408.7	4,474.1	4,501.8
May	4,363.2	4,371.8	4,357.3	4,375.4	4,405.3	4,415.4	4,466.8	4,478.5
Jun	4,424.8	4,370.8	4,420.5	4,376.3	4,465.1	4,428.2	4,515.1	4,466.7
Jul	4,428.5	4,380.1	4,449.9	4,381.3	4,502.2	4,437.2	4,551.2	4,474.1
Aug	4,384.3	4,378.8	4,406.6	4,382.5	4,475.3	4,444.7		
Sep	4,337.1	4,379.6	4,345.4	4,381.2	4,428.1	4,448.8		
Oct	4,361.2	4,377.6	4,370.2	4,380.8	4,456.8	4,456.5		
Nov	4,368.7	4,376.0	4,383.8	4,384.0	4,464.6	4,463.3		
Dec	4,364.5	4,379.8	4,377.5	4,384.8	4,467.2	4,467.0		

2. Resident Employment (000)

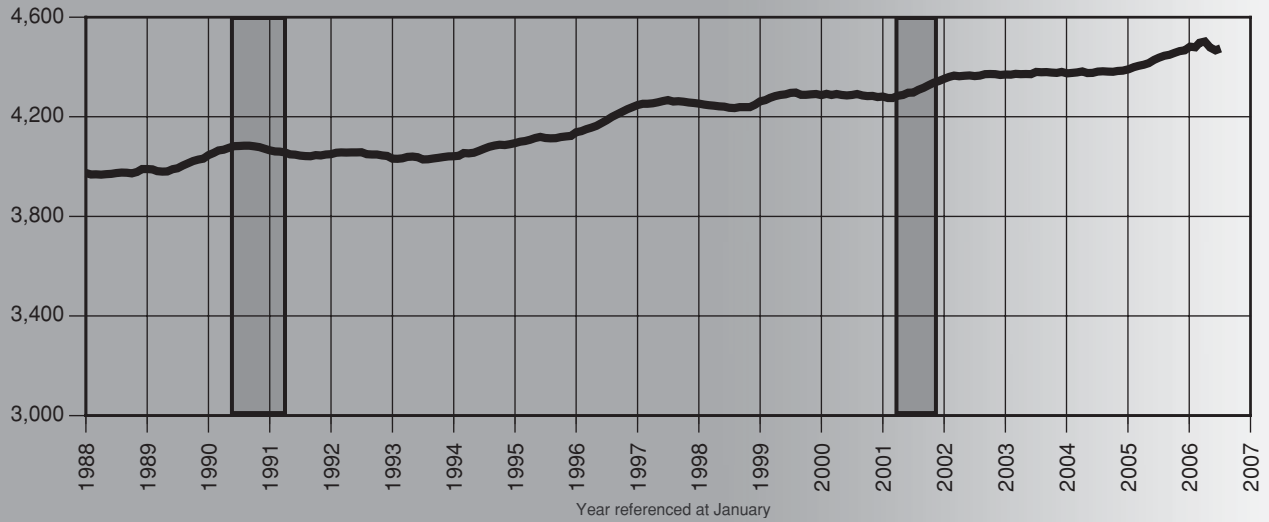
Date	2003		2004		2005		2006	
	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.
Jan	4,077.7	4,112.9	4,096.9	4,137.6	4,142.3	4,198.8	4,226.0	4,280.0
Feb	4,093.5	4,109.6	4,112.9	4,142.9	4,158.2	4,203.7	4,224.5	4,270.4
Mar	4,099.4	4,108.9	4,121.9	4,149.8	4,180.5	4,210.4	4,266.7	4,293.7
Apr	4,115.4	4,111.5	4,142.0	4,152.8	4,208.6	4,220.5	4,253.1	4,270.5
May	4,112.0	4,113.7	4,147.8	4,157.2	4,226.0	4,228.0	4,251.1	4,255.5
Jun	4,150.7	4,110.8	4,197.9	4,161.7	4,273.0	4,237.8	4,293.5	4,248.2
Jul	4,143.3	4,116.4	4,210.2	4,165.7	4,287.3	4,243.8	4,302.5	4,246.8
Aug	4,133.1	4,120.6	4,203.3	4,171.1	4,286.8	4,247.9		
Sep	4,093.0	4,123.9	4,153.8	4,174.5	4,242.1	4,253.7		
Oct	4,127.2	4,128.8	4,184.4	4,179.0	4,279.4	4,261.0		
Nov	4,139.7	4,133.0	4,202.0	4,187.4	4,272.0	4,262.3		
Dec	4,144.3	4,139.1	4,200.1	4,193.6	4,275.0	4,263.2		

3. Unemployment (000)

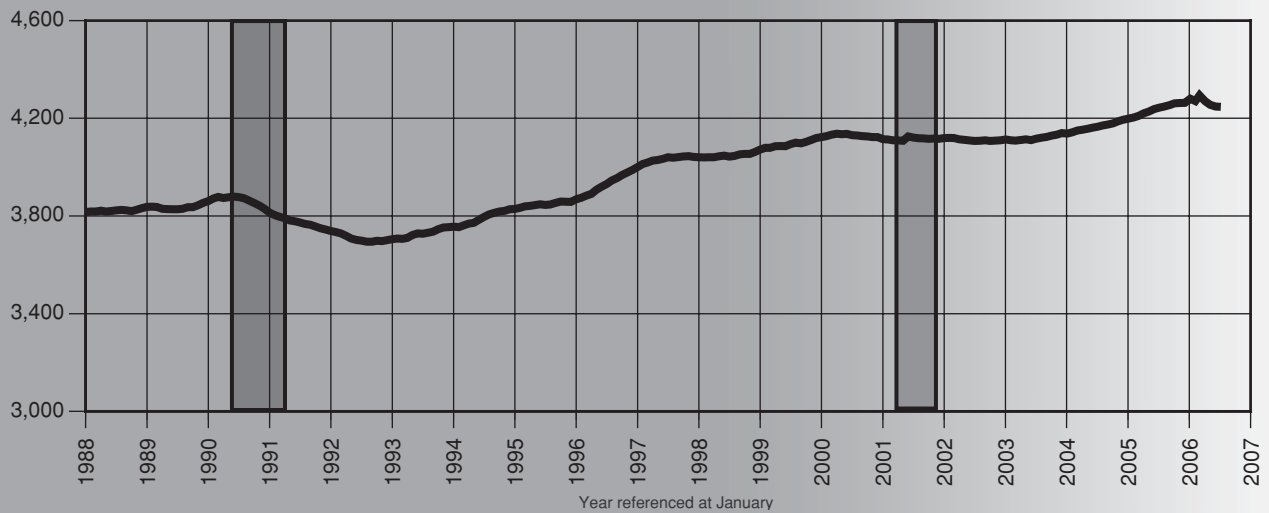
Date	2003		2004		2005		2006	
	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.
Jan	281.6	257.1	259.9	236.3	207.9	191.7	224.4	201.8
Feb	277.4	259.2	248.2	233.4	218.6	195.8	229.7	208.7
Mar	269.2	263.2	245.5	228.3	205.2	194.1	215.4	203.0
Apr	250.1	259.7	217.9	229.1	178.5	188.2	221.0	231.3
May	251.2	258.2	209.5	218.2	179.4	187.4	215.7	223.0
Jun	274.1	260.0	222.6	214.5	192.1	190.3	221.6	218.5
Jul	285.2	263.7	239.7	215.6	215.0	193.5	248.7	227.3
Aug	251.2	258.3	203.3	211.5	188.5	196.8		
Sep	244.1	255.7	191.6	206.7	186.0	195.1		
Oct	234.0	248.8	185.7	201.8	177.4	195.5		
Nov	229.0	242.9	181.9	196.6	192.6	201.1		
Dec	220.2	240.7	177.4	191.2	192.2	203.8		

Indicator Series 1-3 Resident Labor Force

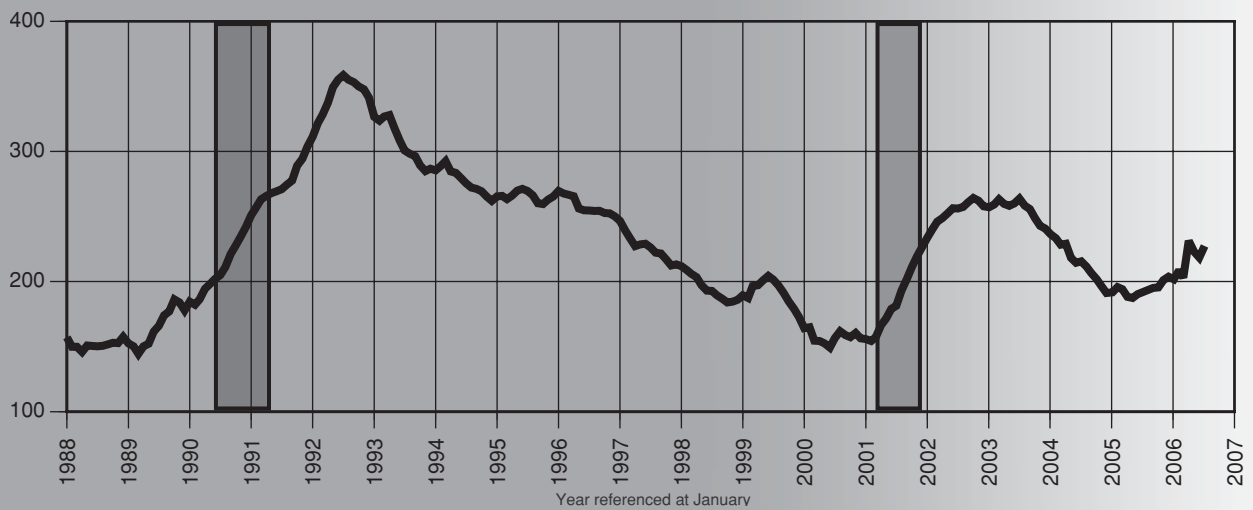
1. Civilian Labor Force (000)



2. Resident Employment (000)



3. Unemployment (000)



Indicator Series 4-6 Resident Labor Force

4. Labor Force Participation Rate (%)

Date	2003		2004		2005		2006	
	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.
Jan	66.1	66.3	65.6	65.9	65.2	65.8	66.3	66.8
Feb	66.2	66.2	65.7	65.9	65.6	65.9	66.3	66.7
Mar	66.2	66.2	65.7	65.9	65.7	66.0	66.7	66.9
Apr	66.1	66.2	65.6	65.9	65.7	66.0	66.5	66.9
May	66.0	66.1	65.5	65.8	66.0	66.1	66.4	66.5
Jun	66.9	66.1	66.4	65.8	66.8	66.3	67.0	66.3
Jul	66.9	66.2	66.9	65.8	67.4	66.4	67.5	66.4
Aug	66.2	66.1	66.2	65.8	66.9	66.4		
Sep	65.5	66.1	65.2	65.8	66.1	66.5		
Oct	65.8	66.0	65.6	65.7	66.5	66.5		
Nov	65.9	66.0	65.7	65.7	66.6	66.6		
Dec	65.8	66.0	65.6	65.7	66.6	66.6		

5. Employment /Population Ratio (%)

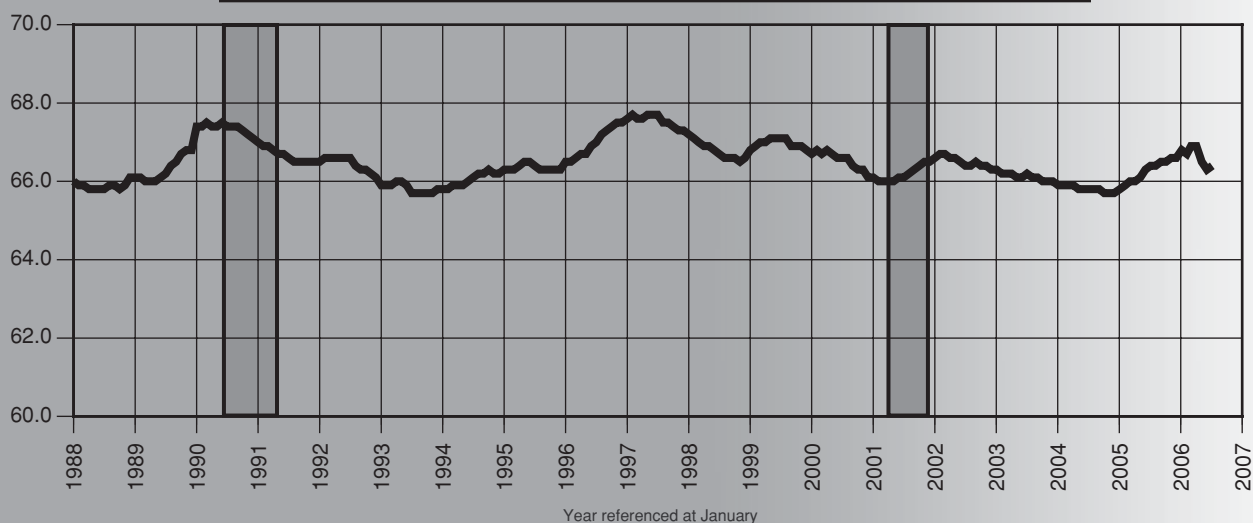
Date	2003		2004		2005		2006	
	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.
Jan	61.8	62.4	61.7	62.3	62.1	62.9	62.9	63.7
Feb	62.0	62.3	61.9	62.4	62.3	63.0	62.9	63.6
Mar	62.1	62.2	62.0	62.5	62.6	63.1	63.5	63.9
Apr	62.3	62.2	62.3	62.5	63.0	63.2	63.2	63.5
May	62.2	62.2	62.4	62.5	63.3	63.3	63.2	63.2
Jun	62.7	62.1	63.1	62.6	63.9	63.4	63.7	63.1
Jul	62.6	62.2	63.3	62.6	64.1	63.5	63.8	63.0
Aug	62.4	62.2	63.1	62.6	64.1	63.5		
Sep	61.8	62.2	62.3	62.7	63.4	63.5		
Oct	62.2	62.3	62.8	62.7	63.9	63.6		
Nov	62.4	62.3	63.0	62.8	63.7	63.6		

6. Unemployment Rate (%)

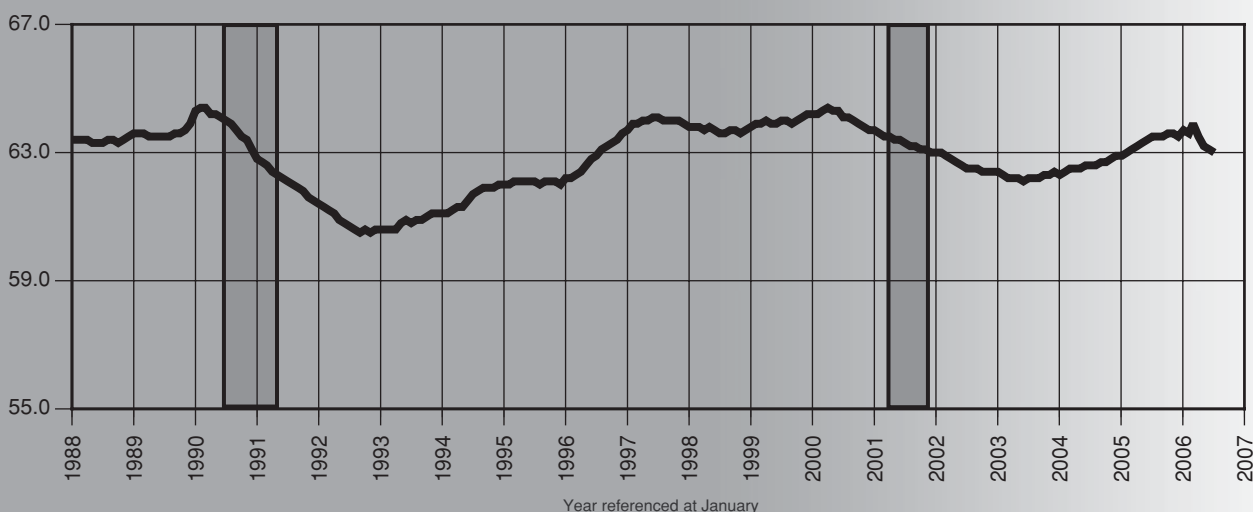
Date	2003		2004		2005		2006	
	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.
Jan	6.5	5.9	6.0	5.4	4.8	4.4	5.0	4.5
Feb	6.3	5.9	5.7	5.3	5.0	4.5	5.2	4.7
Mar	6.2	6.0	5.6	5.2	4.7	4.4	4.8	4.5
Apr	5.7	5.9	5.0	5.2	4.1	4.3	4.9	5.1
May	5.8	5.9	4.8	5.0	4.1	4.2	4.8	5.0
Jun	6.2	5.9	5.0	4.9	4.3	4.3	4.9	4.9
Jul	6.4	6.0	5.4	4.9	4.8	4.4	5.5	5.1
Aug	5.7	5.9	4.6	4.8	4.2	4.4		
Sep	5.6	5.8	4.4	4.7	4.2	4.4		
Oct	5.4	5.7	4.2	4.6	4.0	4.4		
Nov	5.2	5.6	4.1	4.5	4.3	4.5		
Dec	5.0	5.5	4.1	4.4	4.3	4.6		

Indicator Series 4-6 Resident Labor Force

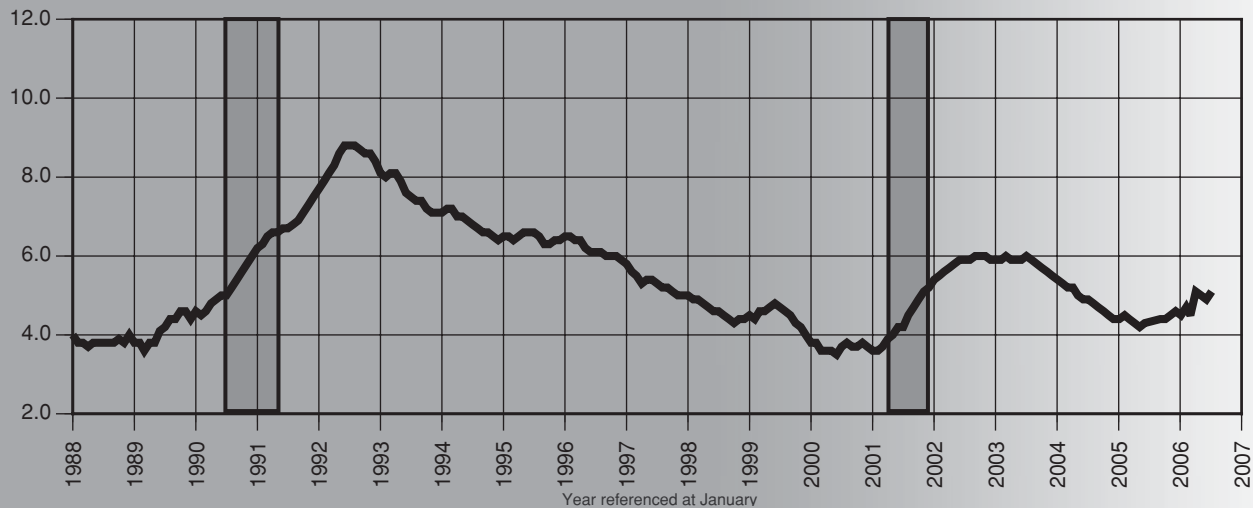
4. Labor Force Participation Rate (%)



5. Employment /Population Ratio (%)



6. Unemployment Rate (%)



Indicator Series 7-9 Establishment Employment

7. Nonfarm Payroll Employment (000)

Date	2003		2004		2005		2006	
	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.
Jan	3,908.0	3,981.3	3,905.8	3,980.3	3,946.0	4,022.1	3,997.3	4,062.0
Feb	3,898.5	3,969.5	3,907.6	3,980.9	3,951.3	4,026.5	3,999.3	4,065.4
Mar	3,922.2	3,965.9	3,944.2	3,991.1	3,975.3	4,024.1	4,027.5	4,068.7
Apr	3,956.5	3,968.5	3,969.9	3,982.9	4,024.8	4,038.3	4,063.3	4,074.1
May	3,993.1	3,974.5	4,014.9	3,996.7	4,057.4	4,039.6	4,097.2	4,081.4
Jun	4,032.1	3,969.5	4,063.0	3,999.4	4,111.9	4,047.5	4,144.1 R	4,084.0 R
Jul	4,003.2	3,985.3	4,023.0	4,004.4	4,070.8	4,051.1	4,099.9	4,080.2
Aug	3,986.4	3,985.1	4,005.1	4,003.5	4,053.5	4,051.3		
Sep	3,991.5	3,984.4	4,014.9	4,006.9	4,056.7	4,059.4		
Oct	4,006.7	3,987.9	4,026.9	4,006.3	4,076.3	4,056.7		
Nov	4,019.9	3,985.7	4,050.2	4,014.5	4,092.7	4,061.7		
Dec	4,027.9	3,983.6	4,064.0	4,018.5	4,101.5	4,064.5		

8. Private Sector Payroll Employment (000)

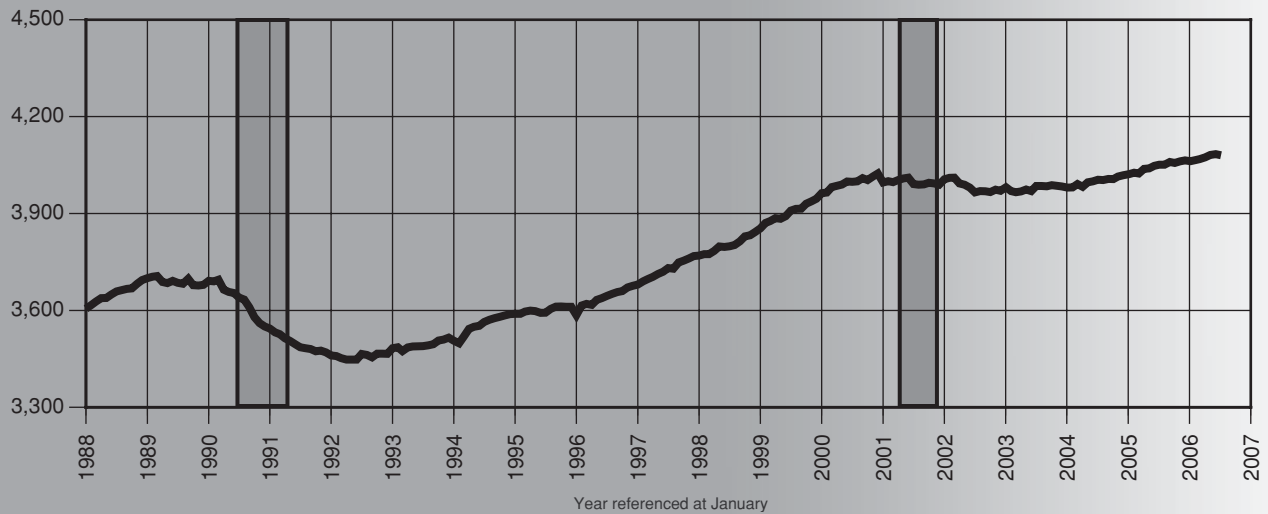
Date	2003		2004		2005		2006	
	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.
Jan	3,291.6	3,363.4	3,281.0	3,353.7	3,309.8	3383.7	3,352.8	3,417.1
Feb	3,271.1	3,350.8	3,271.3	3,353.5	3,302.7	3387.0	3,373.7	3,418.6
Mar	3,291.4	3,346.6	3,303.1	3,361.3	3,325.3	3385.0	3,370.3	3,421.7
Apr	3,325.1	3,347.6	3,329.6	3,353.2	3,372.9	3397.4	3,404.6	3,426.3
May	3,362.4	3,351.7	3,375.4	3,365.0	3,409.1	3398.8	3,441.8	3,434.0
Jun	3,402.2	3,347.2	3,422.0	3,366.4	3,461.4	3405.2	3,487.6 R	3,435.5 R
Jul	3,403.9	3,362.0	3,414.1	3,370.7	3,453.1	3408.5	3,477.8	3,433.0
Aug	3,401.0	3,363.1	3,406.7	3,367.6	3,446.2	3407.8		
Sep	3,383.6	3,362.2	3,391.5	3,369.3	3,429.3	3414.6		
Oct	3,375.9	3,363.9	3,381.9	3,368.6	3,425.8	3413.9		
Nov	3,382.9	3,361.2	3,399.4	3,376.4	3,437.3	3419.3		
Dec	3,391.8	3,359.0	3,412.6	3,379.2	3,446.9	3422.1		

9. Construction Payroll Employment (000)

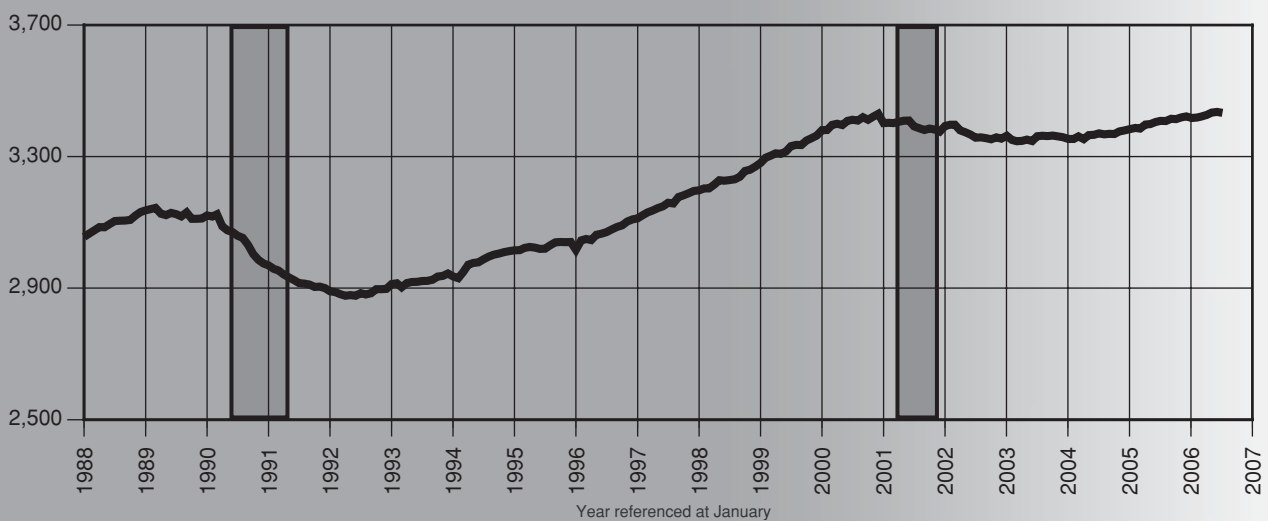
Date	2003		2004		2005		2006	
	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.
Jan	149.1	160.0	151.0	162.3	155.4	167.3	160.9	172.3
Feb	144.3	158.4	148.0	163.2	151.4	167.3	157.1	171.6
Mar	147.1	158.0	154.9	167.2	154.7	167.4	160.5	171.1
Apr	157.1	159.3	162.4	164.7	165.9	168.3	168.9	171.9
May	162.9	160.4	167.8	165.2	171.4	168.6	174.1	172.7
Jun	165.8	160.6	171.4	165.9	174.5	168.7	177.5 R	172.0 R
Jul	168.2	161.6	173.4	166.2	175.5	168.2	178.8	171.4
Aug	169.1	161.4	174.7	166.4	176.7	168.8		
Sep	167.8	161.4	173.9	166.9	177.0	170.8		
Oct	167.1	161.2	173.0	166.9	174.7	169.5		
Nov	165.3	161.1	171.2	167.0	174.5	170.5		
Dec	162.0	160.9	169.0	167.8	172.6	171.0		

Indicator Series 7-9 Establishment Employment

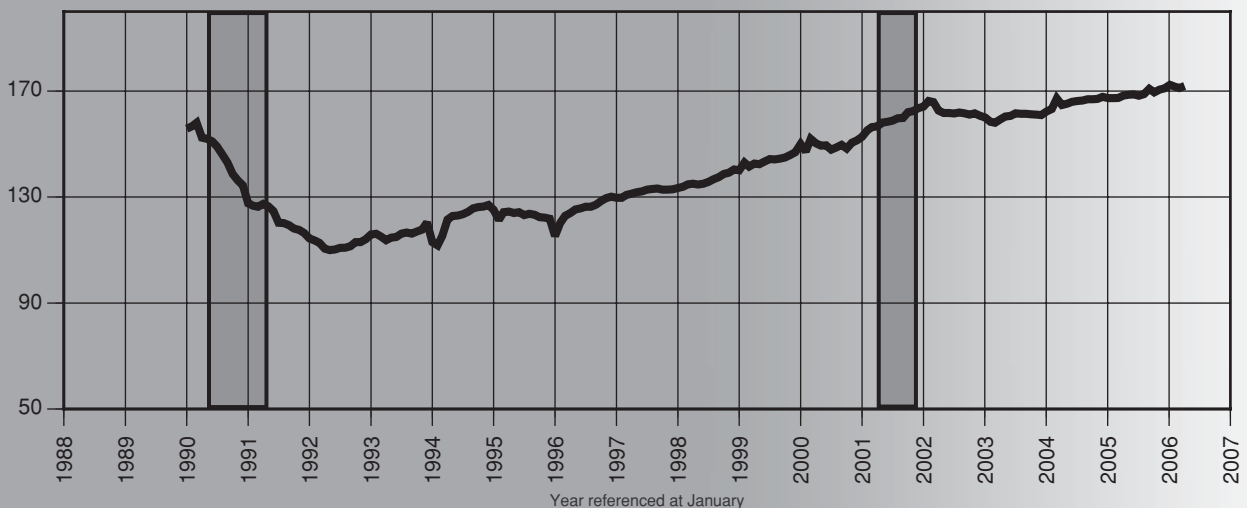
7. Nonfarm Payroll Employment (000)



8. Private Sector Payroll Employment (000)



9. Construction Payroll Employment (000)*



* Due to the conversion of Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) to the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), data before 1990 are unavailable for this sector.

Indicator Series 10-12 Establishment Employment

10. Total Manufacturing Payroll Employment (000)

Date	2003		2004		2005		2006	
	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.
Jan	353.2	357.8	338.1	342.3	330.8	334.8	319.4	322.0
Feb	352.6	355.7	338.0	340.9	331.2	334.0	319.1	321.4
Mar	352.4	353.7	338.9	340.0	332.2	333.2	319.9	321.4
Apr	352.4	353.2	337.6	338.6	329.2	330.3	319.7	321.0
May	352.8	351.9	339.2	338.5	329.6	329.1	319.6	319.8
Jun	354.0	350.6	341.4	338.3	331.1	328.2	321.8	320.0
Jul	348.8	350.3	338.8	340.1	327.3	328.1	316.5	317.2
Aug	349.6	348.8	338.5	337.6	327.7	327.2		
Sep	349.6	347.2	339.2	336.9	328.3	327.2		
Oct	346.9	346.3	336.5	335.9	327.4	326.0		
Nov	346.3	345.2	336.1	335.1	326.4	324.2		
Dec	346.3	344.4	336.2	334.3	324.9	323.2		

11. Trade, Transportation & Utilities Payroll Employment (000)

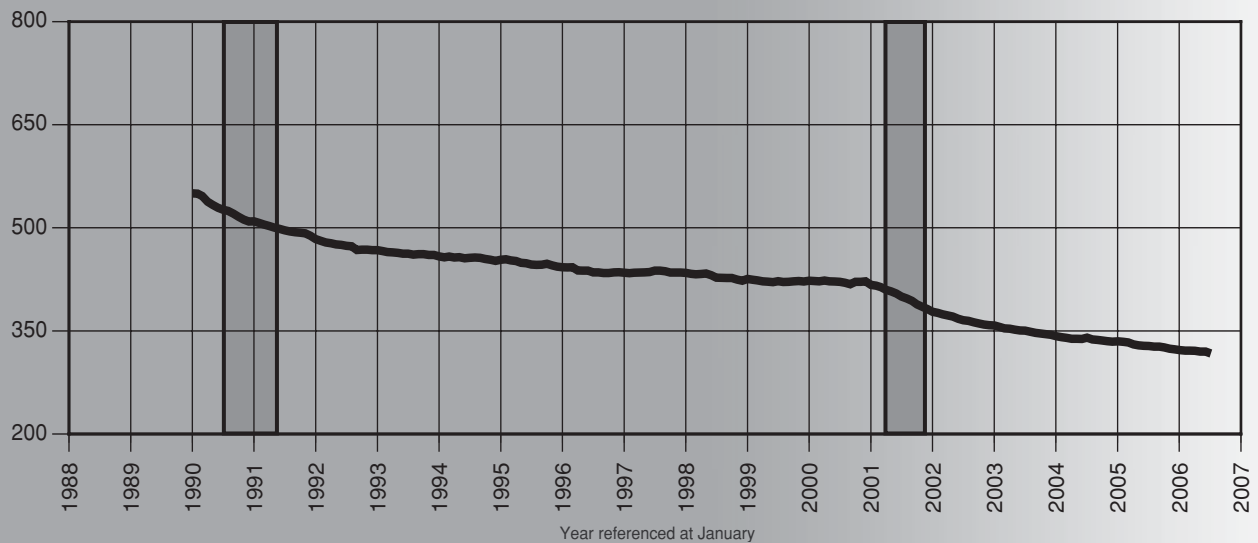
Date	2003		2004		2005		2006	
	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.
Jan	873.8	879.2	866.8	872.6	870.8	876.9	874.7	877.5
Feb	863.9	878.5	859.3	874.0	862.3	877.2	866.1	879.2
Mar	865.2	876.8	863.2	874.8	864.9	876.6	869.4	880.0
Apr	867.1	876.3	860.7	870.1	870.6	880.2	872.9	880.2
May	873.7	876.8	872.4	875.2	878.6	881.2	881.2	884.4
Jun	881.0	874.8	882.2	875.8	888.7	882.2	891.0 R	885.8 R
Jul	871.0	875.6	871.0	875.5	882.4	885.0	881.7	884.4
Aug	869.0	875.0	869.5	875.5	879.5	883.2		
Sep	873.5	875.9	872.0	874.3	881.9	886.0		
Oct	880.1	876.7	879.7	876.0	888.8	885.9		
Nov	891.5	874.7	893.2	876.3	899.6	885.5		
Dec	904.4	873.8	906.5	875.9	910.6	884.9		

12. Information Payroll Employment (000)

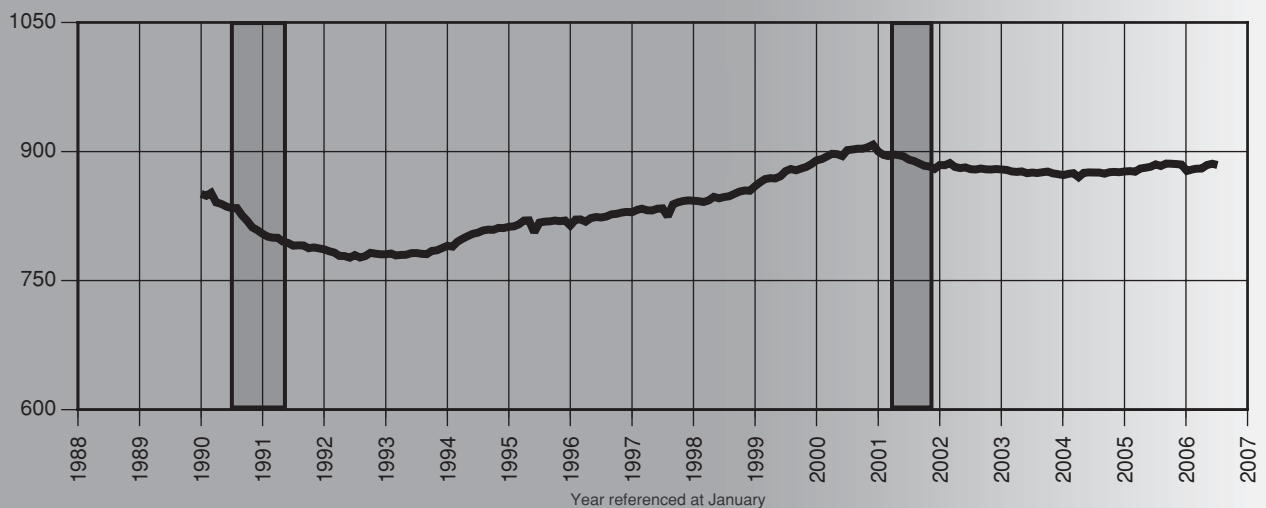
Date	2003		2004		2005		2006	
	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.
Jan	102.8	103.3	100.1	100.6	96.7	97.1	96.3	97.5
Feb	102.4	103.0	98.7	99.3	96.4	97.0	95.9	96.8
Mar	102.8	102.4	99.6	99.3	97.0	96.7	96.5	96.8
Apr	102.0	102.6	98.2	98.7	96.2	96.8	95.1	95.5
May	102.1	102.2	98.0	98.2	96.5	96.7	95.2	95.0
Jun	102.5	101.9	97.9	97.3	97.7	97.2	95.5 R	94.6 R
Jul	102.3	102.3	97.3	97.3	97.8	97.5	95.2	95.0
Aug	102.9	102.5	97.1	96.7	97.6	97.3		
Sep	101.0	101.2	96.2	96.5	97.0	96.9		
Oct	101.1	101.5	96.9	97.2	97.1	97.1		
Nov	101.4	101.1	97.5	97.1	97.8	97.2		
Dec	101.2	100.3	97.9	97.1	97.4	97.1		

Indicator Series 10-12 Establishment Employment

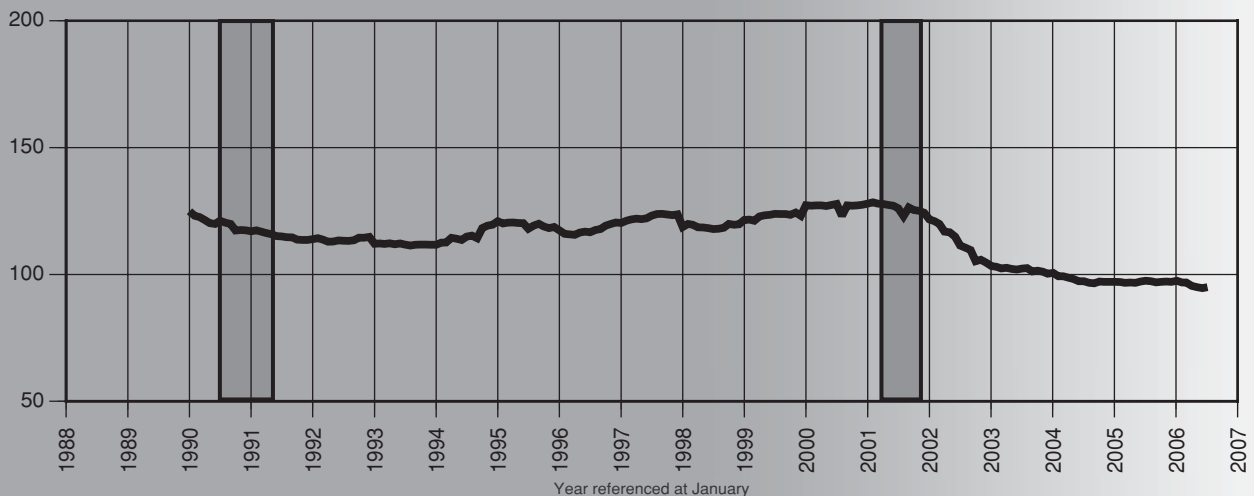
10. Total Manufacturing Payroll Employment (000)*



11. Trade, Transportation & Utilities Payroll Employment (000)*



12. Information Payroll Employment (000)*



* Due to the conversion of Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) to the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), data before 1990 are unavailable for this sector.

Indicator Series 13-15 Establishment Employment

13. Financial Activities Payroll Employment (000)

Date	2003		2004		2005		2006	
	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.
Jan	274.5	276.9	273.1	275.5	275.8	278.2	282.2	284.2
Feb	273.8	276.8	272.7	275.8	275.1	278.2	281.3	283.0
Mar	274.3	276.9	273.6	276.2	275.9	278.5	281.3	283.0
Apr	274.0	275.4	275.6	277.0	277.2	278.6	282.6	284.0
May	275.0	275.3	276.9	277.3	278.4	278.8	283.8	284.3
Jun	278.2	275.8	279.5	277.0	281.7	279.2	285.9 R	283.6 R
Jul	279.5	275.7	280.9	277.2	284.1	281.3	286.0	283.2
Aug	279.6	276.3	280.4	277.1	284.3	281.8		
Sep	276.9	276.3	277.0	276.5	281.8	282.0		
Oct	276.3	276.6	277.2	277.4	281.8	282.2		
Nov	276.1	276.4	277.7	277.8	282.5	282.7		
Dec	275.8	275.6	278.1	277.9	283.8	283.3		

14. Professional & Business Services Payroll Employment (000)

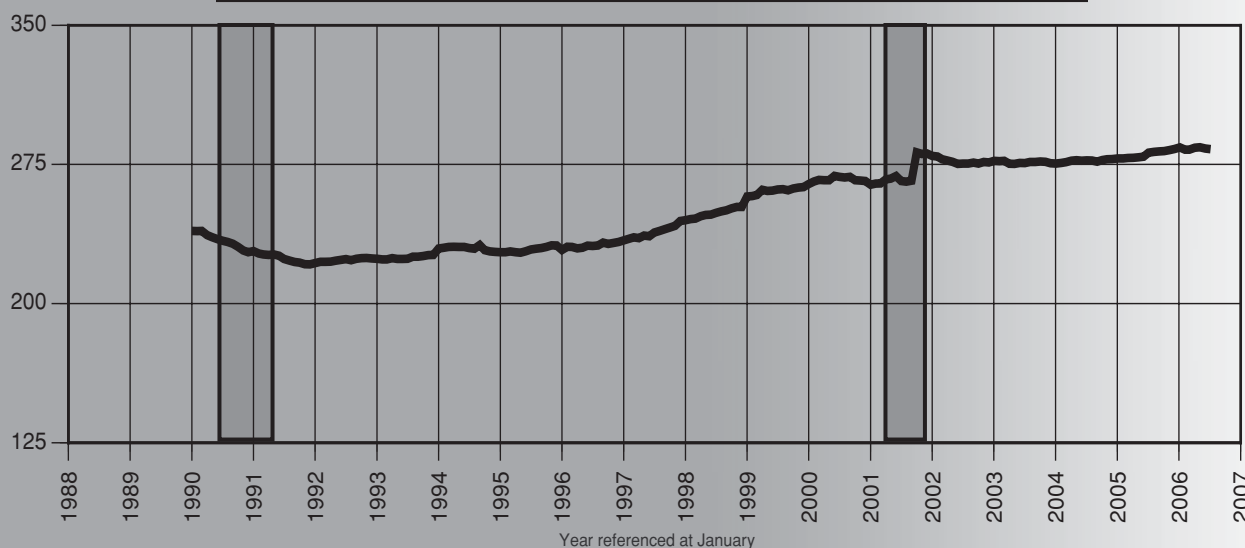
Date	2003		2004		2005		2006	
	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.
Jan	562.2	579.0	564.0	581.2	570.0	587.6	578.8	595.4
Feb	559.0	575.4	562.7	579.9	571.5	589.5	580.8	595.9
Mar	565.2	573.6	572.1	581.5	577.0	587.2	589.2	595.1
Apr	572.0	572.7	582.0	582.8	593.2	594.0	598.9	599.0
May	575.1	574.2	585.3	584.6	594.5	594.0	601.6	599.5
Jun	581.0	572.9	592.1	584.0	604.8	596.6	608.5	600.4
Jul	585.4	578.6	592.1	585.0	602.3	595.5	609.7	602.8
Aug	589.1	580.2	593.0	583.9	603.6	595.0		
Sep	587.6	581.6	591.5	585.3	601.9	595.8		
Oct	586.8	582.3	592.3	587.3	598.7	595.9		
Nov	586.8	582.1	593.9	588.4	600.2	598.0		
Dec	587.6	583.6	592.8	588.4	597.9	596.8		

15. Education & Health Services Payroll Employment (000)

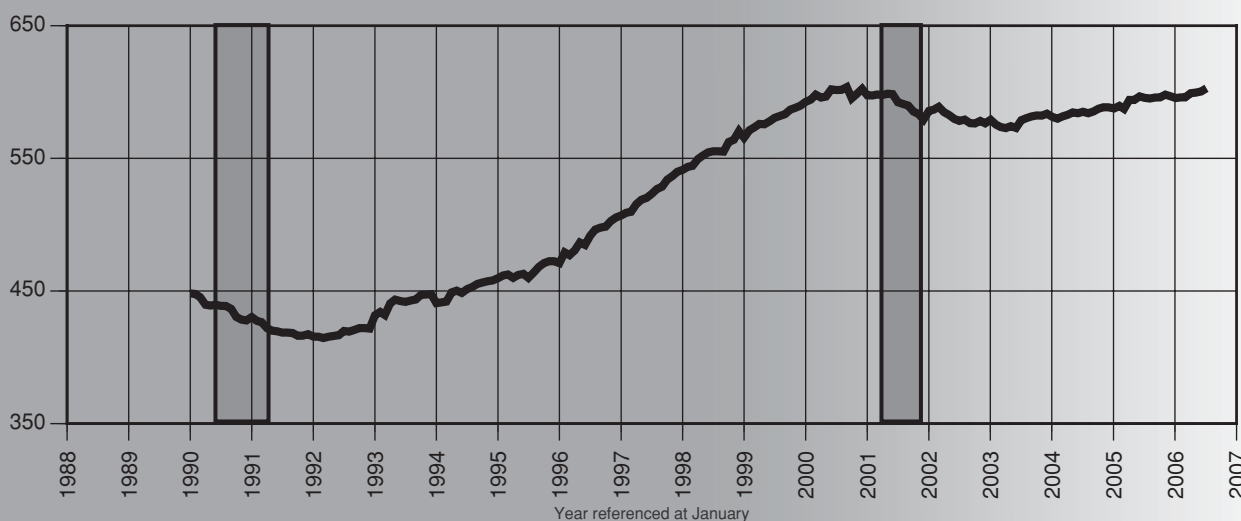
Date	2003		2004		2005		2006	
	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.
Jan	532.3	536.0	537.4	541.1	549.3	553.0	564.5	566.9
Feb	532.5	533.6	539.9	541.1	552.9	554.2	567.1	567.4
Mar	536.2	535.6	543.6	543.0	555.3	554.7	570.6	568.9
Apr	537.3	535.9	544.5	543.3	556.7	555.7	571.6	569.5
May	540.9	537.1	548.9	544.9	560.9	556.8	574.3	571.9
Jun	540.2	537.2	549.6	546.5	560.5	557.3	574.7 R	572.2 R
Jul	536.5	539.6	543.2	546.3	555.1	558.8	568.9	572.6
Aug	531.8	538.8	540.1	547.2	552.3	559.6		
Sep	537.3	540.1	545.6	548.4	557.5	560.8		
Oct	541.6	540.4	552.5	551.2	562.7	560.8		
Nov	544.1	540.5	554.7	551.0	566.7	563.7		
Dec	544.8	540.7	556.4	552.3	569.3	565.9		

Indicator Series 13-15 Establishment Employment

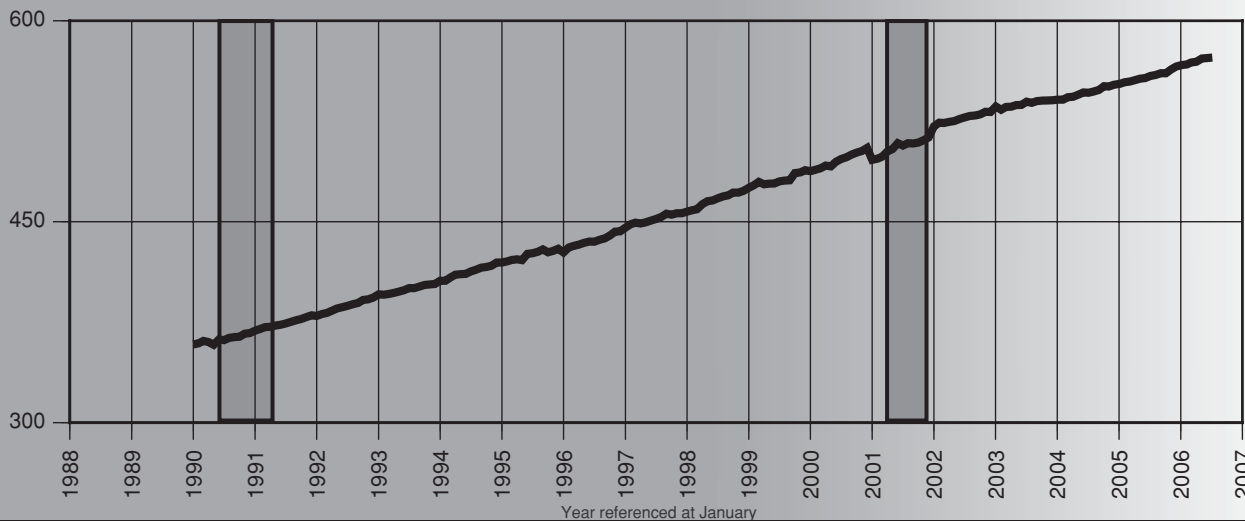
13. Financial Activities Payroll Employment (000)*



14. Professional & Business Services Payroll Employment (000)*



15. Education & Health Services Payroll Employment (000)*



* Due to the conversion of Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) to the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), data before 1990 are unavailable for this sector.

Indicator Series 16-18 Leisure & Hospitality, CPI and Confidence Index

16. Leisure & Hospitality Payroll Employment (000)

Date	2003		2004		2005		2006	
	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.
Jan	293.7	318.0	298.1	322.5	305.1	329.7	317.7	341.2
Feb	292.7	316.8	299.2	323.8	305.3	330.2	317.5	341.9
Mar	297.3	316.9	303.5	323.7	311.3	331.8	323.3	344.0
Apr	310.3	318.9	314.0	323.0	323.9	333.1	333.7	343.4
May	325.8	320.3	330.3	325.1	338.2	333.2	349.4	344.4
Jun	342.8	319.3	349.5	325.8	359.1	335.2	367.9 R	344.2 R
Jul	354.8	324.3	358.5	327.5	365.4	334.4	375.6	344.5
Aug	352.9	325.4	355.3	327.4	362.2	334.7		
Sep	334.9	323.2	340.5	328.6	345.1	335.1		
Oct	321.0	323.6	318.1	320.7	335.2	336.7		
Nov	316.2	324.7	319.3	327.7	329.9	337.7		
Dec	314.0	324.1	319.5	329.4	329.9	339.5		

17. Consumer Price Index — (CPI-U) (1982-84 = 100)

(Seasonally unadjusted)

Date	2003			2004			2005			2006		
	US	NY	PA	US	NY	PA	US	NY	PA	US	NY	PA
Jan	181.7	194.7	*	185.2	199.9	*	190.7	208.1	*	198.3	215.9	*
Feb	183.1	196.2	182.0	186.2	201.1	191.4	191.8	208.9	200.1	198.7	216.4	209.0
Mar	184.2	197.1	*	187.4	203.4	*	193.3	212.4	*	199.8	218.2	*
Apr	183.8	196.7	183.1	188.0	204.0	194.8	194.6	212.5	203.3	201.5	220.2	211.6
May	183.5	196.8	*	189.1	204.4	*	194.4	211.4	*	202.5	221.6	*
Jun	183.7	196.9	189.7	189.7	206.0	198.0	194.5	210.7	204.8	202.9	222.6	213.9
Jul	183.9	197.7	*	189.4	205.5	*	195.4	212.5	*	203.5	223.1	*
Aug	184.6	199.1	191.1	189.5	205.7	199.1	196.4	214.1	206.6			
Sep	185.2	199.6	*	189.9	205.9	*	198.8	215.8	*			
Oct	185.0	200.0	190.3	190.9	207.3	200.2	199.2	216.6	207.5			
Nov	184.5	199.4	*	191.0	207.2	*	197.6	215.3	*			
Dec	184.3	199.3	189.0	190.3	206.8	197.8	196.8	214.2	204.9			

18. Consumer Confidence Index, Middle Atlantic Region

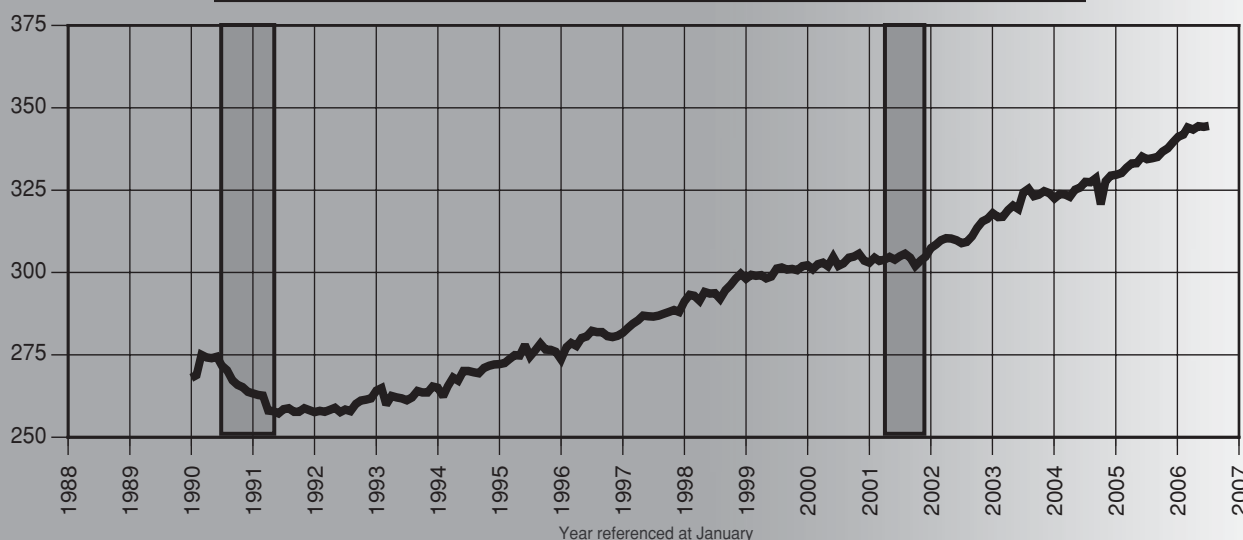
(Seasonally unadjusted)

Date	2003	2004	2005	2006
Jan	65.4	83.6	86.7	82.5
Feb	57.3	72.6	89.0	83.4
Mar	54.7	69.4	83.9	95.0
Apr	68.4	83.7	79.2	90.0
May	69.2	78.8	70.7	83.6
Jun	70.6	82.9	87.9	86.0 R
Jul	69.9	89.5	88.0	81.7
Aug	76.0	84.9	72.4	
Sep	65.3	89.0	67.9	
Oct	69.4	78.9	76.8	
Nov	80.5	67.9	77.7	
Dec	78.1	83.7	83.8	

* CPI data for the Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City Metro Area (PA) are produced bi-monthly.

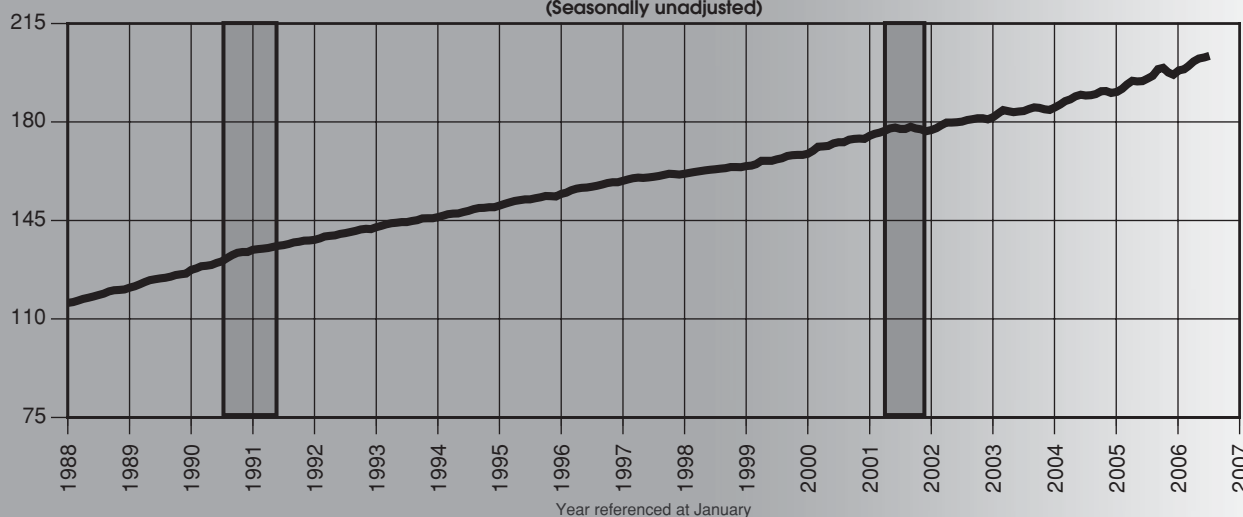
Indicator Series 16-18 Leisure & Hospitality, CPI and Confidence Index

16. Leisure & Hospitality Payroll Employment (000)*



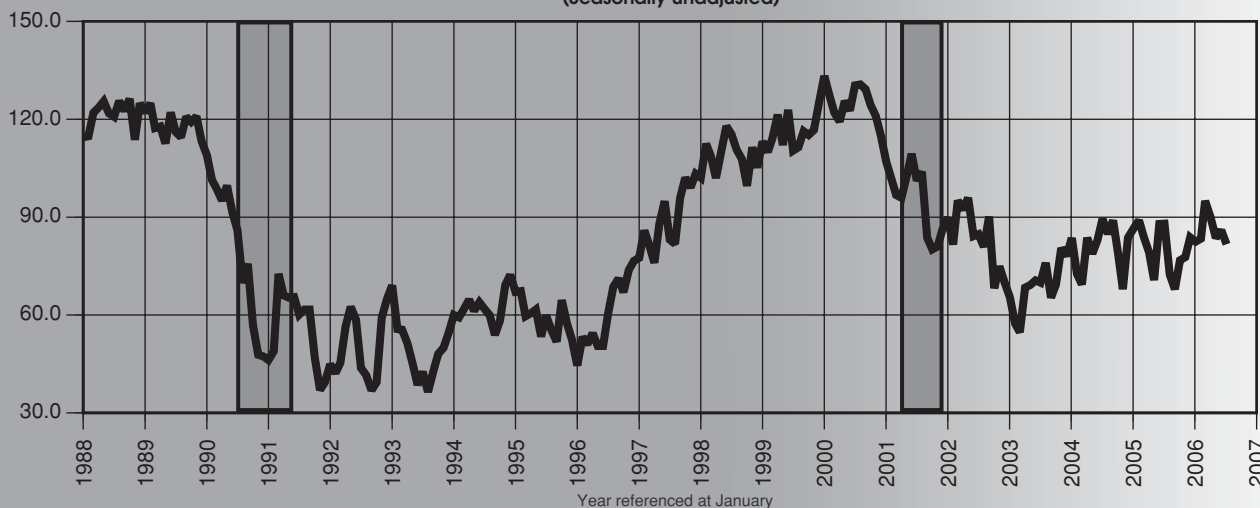
17. Consumer Price Index— U.S. (CPI-U) (1982-84 = 100)

(Seasonally unadjusted)



18. Consumer Confidence Index, Middle Atlantic Region

(Seasonally unadjusted)



* Due to the conversion of Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) to the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), data before 1990 are unavailable for this sector.

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Indicator Series 22-24 Private Residential Building Permits

22. Total Private Dwelling Units Authorized by Building Permits

(Seasonality not statistically significant)

Date	2003	2004	2005	2006
Jan	2,575	2,334	2,881	2,462 R
Feb	1,482	2,260	2,376	2,521 R
Mar	2,349	3,372	2,964	2,914 R
Apr	2,671	2,924	3,805	2,654 R
May	2,776	2,853	4,329	2,998 R
Jun	2,745	3,737	3,830	3,346
Jul	3,539	3,193	3,006	
Aug	3,111	2,994	4,471	
Sep	2,840	3,248	2,784	
Oct	3,711	2,937	2,936	
Nov	2,368	3,136	2,884	
Dec	2,414	2,957	2,367	

23. Private Single-Family Dwelling Units Authorized by Building Permits

Date	2003		2004		2005		2006	
	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.
Jan	1,699	1,975	1,417	1,771	1,458	1,927	1,592 R	1,953 R
Feb	1,093	1,477	1,385	1,804	1,611	2,027	1,320 R	1,715 R
Mar	1,778	1,792	1,943	1,825	2,104	1,966	1,779 R	1,620 R
Apr	1,642	1,681	1,929	1,907	1,952	2,019	1,423 R	1,558 R
May	1,913	1,816	1,952	1,959	1,963	1,841	1,623 R	1,465 R
Jun	2,043	1,813	2,385	2,096	1,934	1,659	1,674	1,346
Jul	2,066	1,870	1,958	1,814	1,966	1,873		
Aug	2,078	1,935	2,006	1,785	2,159	1,910		
Sep	1,934	1,837	2,009	1,937	1,888	1,765		
Oct	2,279	1,926	1,857	1,655	1,907	1,776		
Nov	1,790	1,990	1,881	1,924	1,727	1,766		
Dec	1,530	1,737	1,718	1,888	1,607	1,853		

24. Private Multi-Family Dwelling Units Authorized by Building Permits

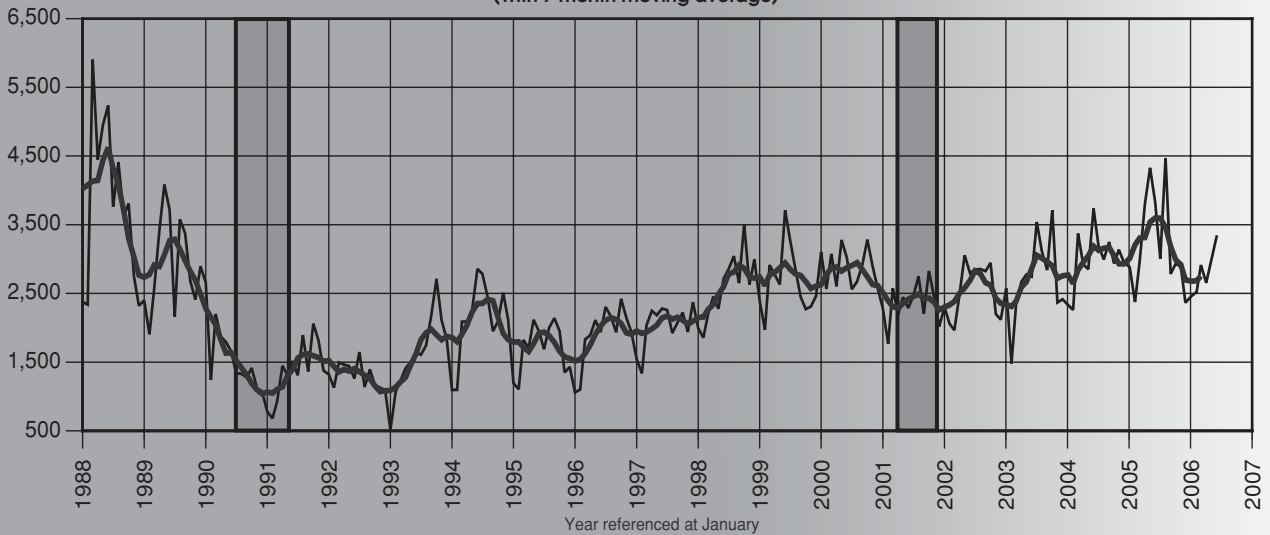
(Seasonality not statistically significant) (5 or more family units)

Date	2003	2004	2005	2006
Jan	635	556	1,108	383
Feb	258	539	544	924
Mar	228	991	462	581 R
Apr	735	650	1,379	872 R
May	541	515	1,940	927 R
Jun	446	945	1,369	1,203
Jul	1,095	721	642	
Aug	638	675	1,931	
Sep	596	876	529	
Oct	951	656	589	
Nov	237	818	763	
Dec	594	789	450	

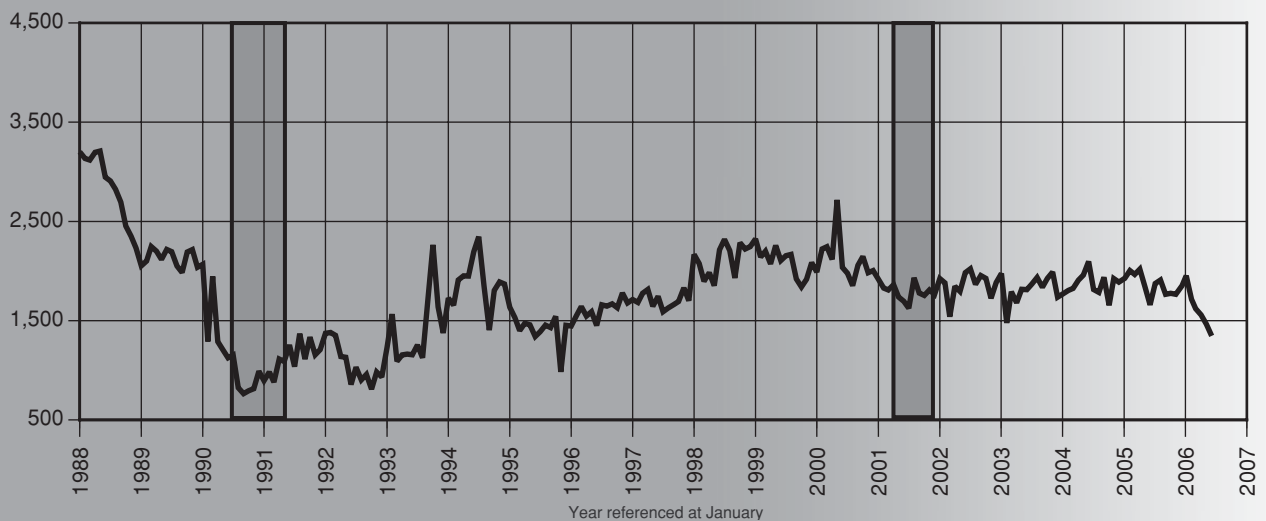
Indicator Series 22-24 Private Residential Building Permits

22. Total Private Dwelling Units Authorized by Building Permits

(With 7 month moving average)

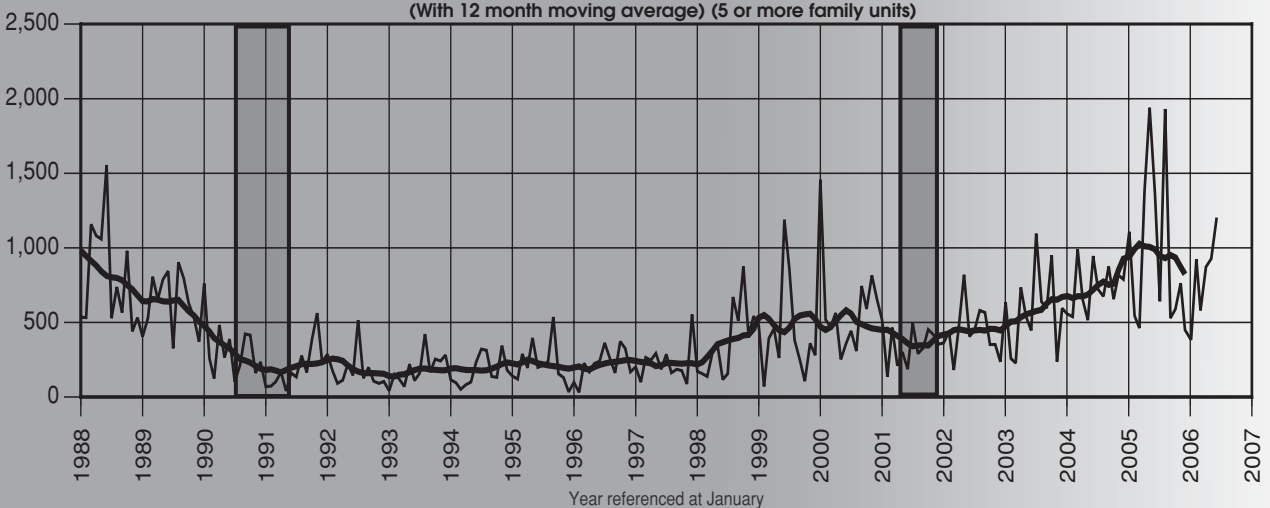


23. Private Single-Family Dwelling Units Authorized by Building Permits



24. Private Multi-Family Dwelling Units Authorized by Building Permits

(With 12 month moving average) (5 or more family units)



Indicator Series 25-27 Vehicle Registrations

25. Total New Vehicle Registrations*

Date	2003		2004		2005		2006	
	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.
Jan	41,127	45,062	39,878	43,897	43,255 R	48,585 R	41,592 R	45,888 R
Feb	43,678	47,697	49,678	53,272	44,397 R	47,989 R	45,452 R	49,330 R
Mar	57,492	55,108	60,620	56,742	48,842 R	45,873 R	55,928 R	52,529 R
Apr	58,821	56,134	55,747	53,396	60,469 R	58,781 R	51,383 R	50,540 R
May	63,006	58,739	61,382	58,032	55,188 R	51,198 R	59,033 R	53,850 R
Jun	60,780	55,934	58,538	52,914	61,863 R	57,125 R	51,945	47,448
Jul	57,778	55,356	57,134	53,364	62,914	61,609		
Aug	57,379	56,243	59,816	56,178	57,321	54,543		
Sep	56,426	56,241	50,988	55,953	45,910	46,143		
Oct	49,156	50,533	49,420	52,187	42,895	45,822		
Nov	49,232	54,076	48,808	51,811	45,348	48,218		
Dec	48,136	51,003	50,111	53,096	47,967	51,656		

26. New Passenger Car Registrations

Date	2003		2004		2005		2006	
	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.
Jan	22,776	26,711	18,923	22,942	21,641	26,971	21,306 R	25,602
Feb	23,404	27,423	24,863	28,457	21,262	24,854	22,789 R	26,667
Mar	30,790	28,406	31,202	27,324	24,856 R	21,887 R	29,449 R	26,050
Apr	32,413	29,726	28,866	26,515	31,341 R	29,653 R	29,119 R	28,276
May	33,790	29,523	31,804	28,454	28,635 R	24,645 R	32,630 R	27,447
Jun	33,276	28,430	31,303	26,098	30,365 R	25,627 R	28,118	23,621
Jul	30,265	27,843	27,680	26,129	28,959	27,654		
Aug	30,353	29,217	28,779	26,724	29,472	26,694		
Sep	29,592	29,407	24,704	24,916	24,895	25,128		
Oct	24,816	26,193	23,843	26,610	22,925	25,852		
Nov	24,366	29,210	23,361	26,364	23,699	26,569		
Dec	21,950	24,817	24,239	27,224	23,902	27,591		

27. New Light Truck/Van Registrations

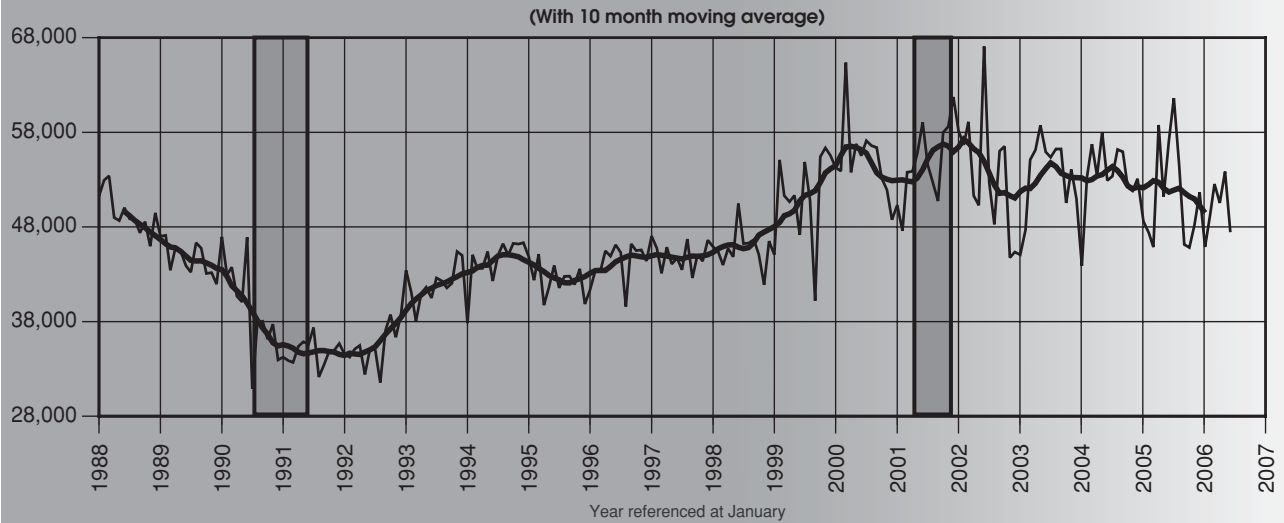
(Seasonality not statistically significant)

Date	2003	2004	2005	2006
	Unadj.	Unadj.	Unadj.	Unadj.
Jan	18,351	20,955	21,614 R	20,286 R
Feb	20,274	24,815	23,135 R	22,663 R
Mar	26,702	29,418	23,986	26,479 R
Apr	26,408	26,881	29,128 R	22,264 R
May	29,216	29,578	26,553 R	26,403 R
Jun	27,504	27,235	31,498 R	23,827
Jul	27,513	29,454	33,955	
Aug	27,026	31,037	27,849	
Sep	26,834	26,284	21,015	
Oct	24,340	25,577	19,970	
Nov	24,866	25,447	21,649	
Dec	26,186	25,872	24,065	

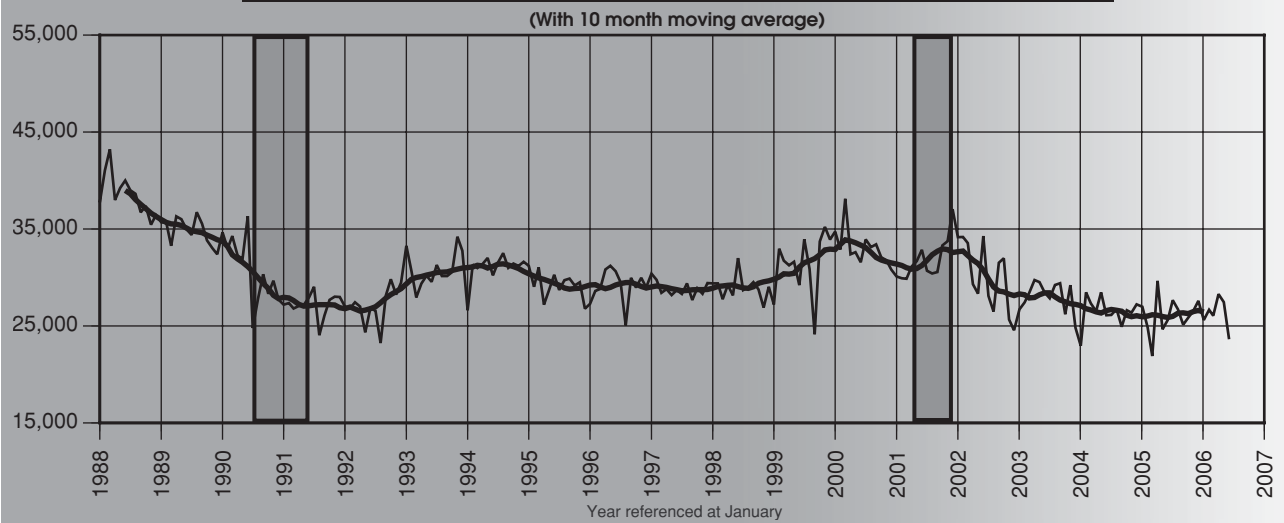
* Includes only new passenger car and light truck/van registrations.

Indicator Series 25-27 Vehicle Registrations

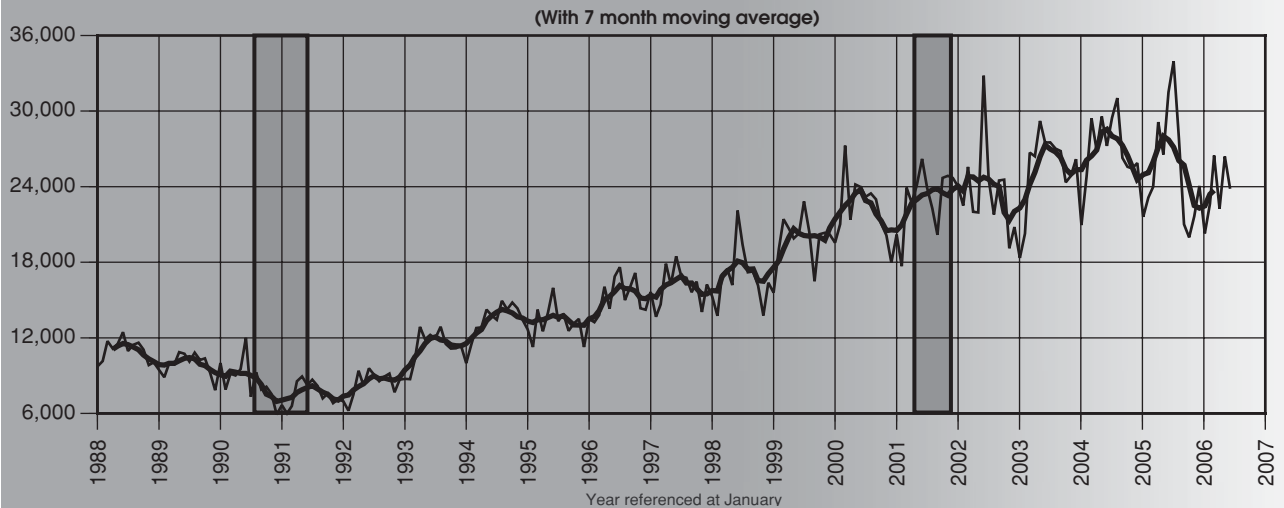
25. Total New Vehicle Registrations*



26. New Passenger Car Registrations



27. New Light Truck/Van Registrations



* Includes only new passenger car and light truck/van registrations.

Indicator Series 28-30 Unemployment Insurance Claimants

28. Weeks Claimed & Insured Unemployment Rate

(WA = Weekly Average of Weeks Claimed, IUR = Insured Unemployment Rate)(Seasonally adjusted)

Date	2003		2004		2005		2006	
	WA	IUR	WA	IUR	WA	IUR	WA	IUR
Jan	127.3	3.4	129.7	3.4	116.3	3.1	107.6	2.8
Feb	128.8	3.4	128.4	3.4	116.4	3.1	104.9	2.7
Mar	131.3	3.5	125.8	3.3	116.1	3.1	104.2	2.7
Apr	131.9	3.5	126.7	3.3	112.6	3.0	104.4	2.7
May	132.8	3.5	123.6	3.3	112.2	3.0	104.2	2.7
Jun	131.2	3.5	123.7	3.3	112.1	3.0	104.4	2.7
Jul	132.9	3.5	120.5	3.2	112.7	3.0	111.9	2.9
Aug	131.5	3.5	119.9	3.2	112.6	3.0		
Sep	132.2	3.5	118.9	3.1	110.8	2.9		
Oct	131.4	3.5	117.4	3.1	110.6	2.9		
Nov	130.5	3.5	117.2	3.1	109.6	2.9		
Dec	130.5	3.5	116.6	3.1	109.9	2.9		

29. Initial Claims - Weekly Average

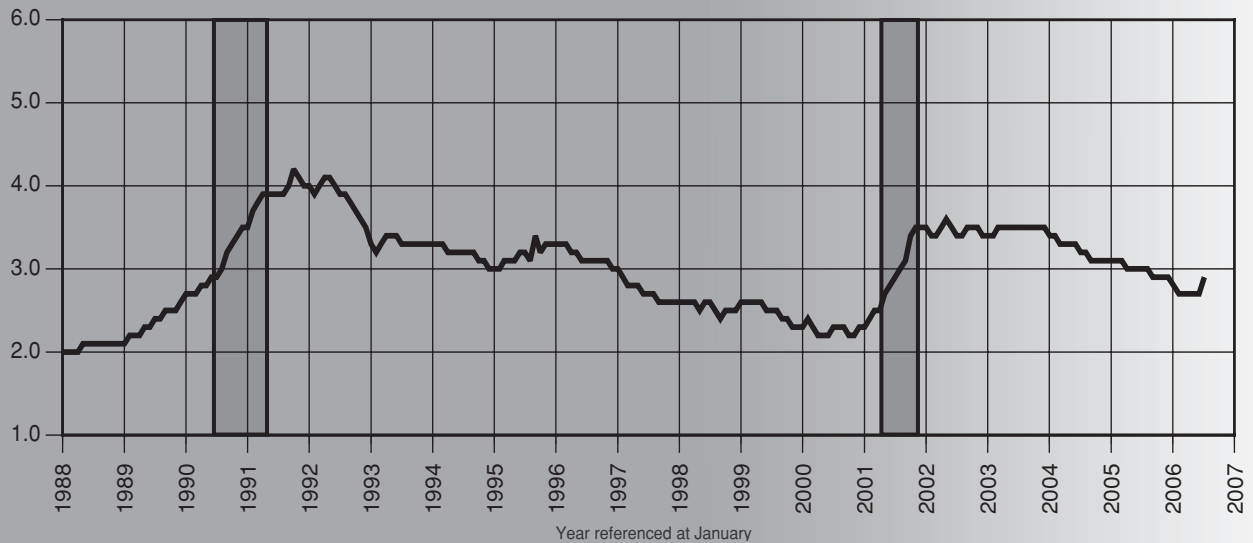
Date	2003		2004		2005		2006	
	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.
Jan	14,602	10,497	15,582	11,280	14,797	10,764	13,034	9,505
Feb	12,479	12,295	11,226	11,139	10,123	10,042	9,451	9,373
Mar	9,705	11,326	8,951	10,373	9,390	10,858	7,927	9,157
Apr	11,371	11,303	10,589	10,587	9,334	9,373	10,564	10,632
May	9,240	11,537	7,959	10,011	8,020	10,134	7,638	9,673
Jun	12,866	11,033	12,942	11,065	12,260	10,458	12,675	10,799
Jul	11,605	12,035	9,703	10,079	9,826	10,228	10,521	10,962
Aug	8,822	10,918	8,853	10,993	8,231	10,203		
Sep	9,179	11,660	8,332	10,536	7,885	9,952		
Oct	9,145	10,812	8,690	10,246	9,212	10,894		
Nov	10,639	10,961	10,683	11,024	9,881	10,218		
Dec	16,317	11,615	15,247	10,764	14,921	10,453		

30. Unemployment Insurance Exhaustions

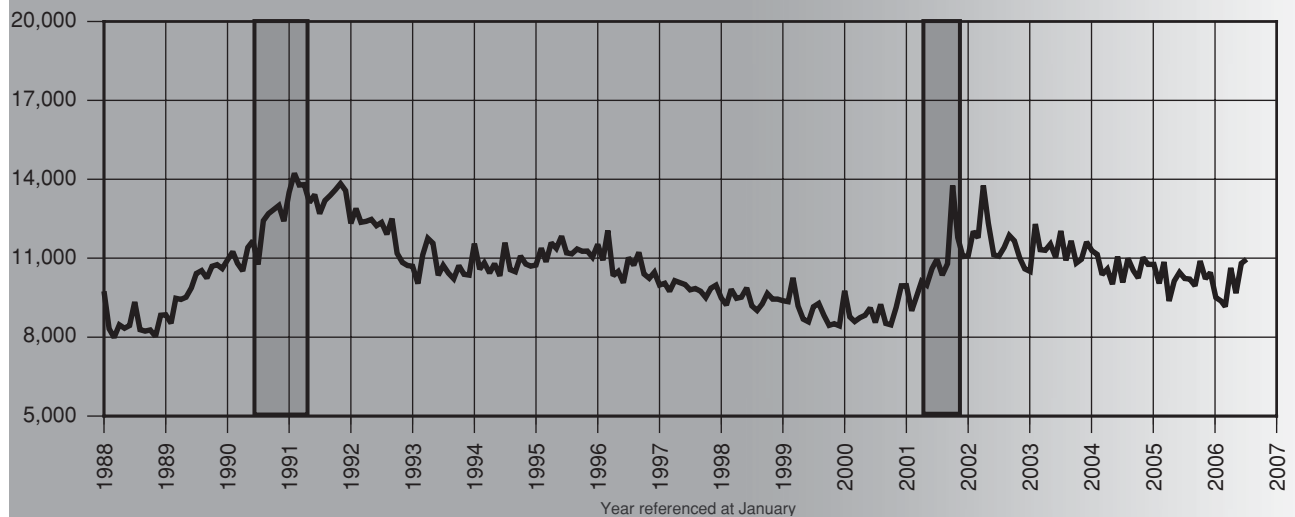
Date	2003	2004	2005	2006
	Unadj.	Unadj.	Unadj.	Unadj.
Jan	16,018	15,167	13,490	13,638
Feb	15,410	14,162	11,462	10,404
Mar	18,392	17,522	13,935	11,647
Apr	18,738	14,569	12,398	11,352
May	15,933	14,929	13,358	12,753
Jun	16,034	14,682	11,448	10,096
Jul	18,422	14,775	12,686	12,361
Aug	14,842	14,764	13,102	
Sep	17,502	11,427	9,837	
Oct	14,191	10,550	11,763	
Nov	12,923	13,850	11,598	
Dec	17,401	12,015	11,072	

Indicator Series 28-30 Unemployment Insurance Claimants

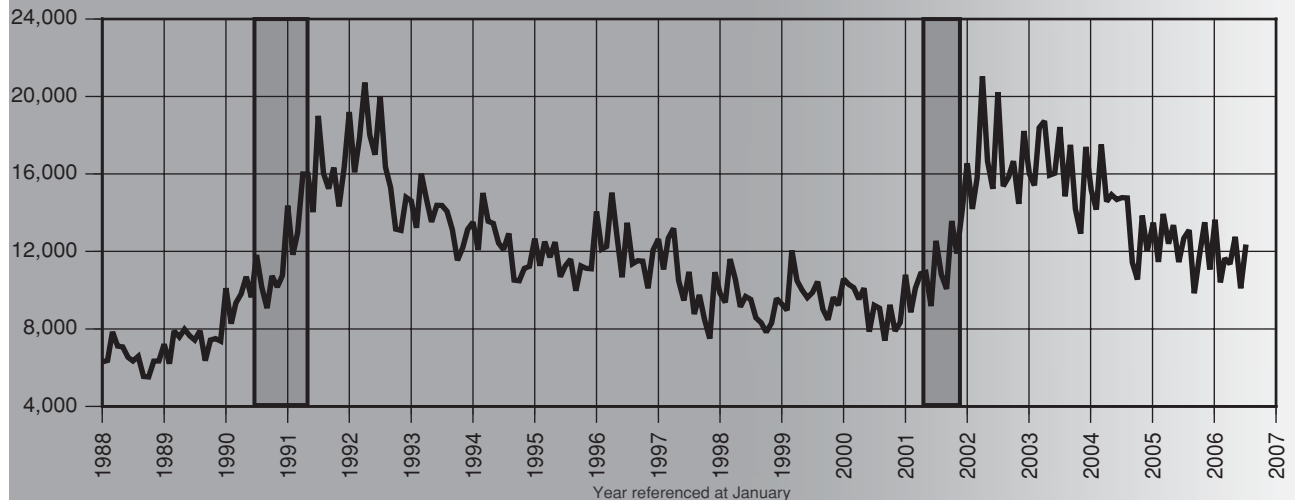
28. Insured Unemployment Rate (%)



29. Initial Claims - Weekly Average



30. Unemployment Insurance Exhaustions



Indicator Series 1 to 30

Annual Averages 1995 - 2005 (000)

Indicator Series	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
1 Civilian Labor Force (000)	4,111.8	4,184.1	4,257.4	4,242.4	4,284.6	4,287.8	4,302.3	4,365.0	4,374.7	4,379.7	4,430.4
2 Resident Employment (000)	3,846.3	3,925.8	4,031.0	4,047.1	4,092.7	4,130.3	4,117.5	4,112.0	4,119.1	4,164.4	4,235.9
3 Resident Unemployment (000)	265.5	258.3	226.4	195.3	191.8	157.5	184.8	253.0	255.6	215.3	194.4
4 Labor Force Particip. Rate (%)	66.4	67.0	67.6	66.8	67.0	66.6	66.2	66.5	66.1	65.8	66.3
5 Employment/Pop. Rate (%)	62.1	62.8	64.0	63.7	64.0	64.1	66.3	62.6	62.3	62.6	63.3
6 Unemployment Rate (%)	6.5	6.2	5.3	4.6	4.5	3.7	4.3	5.8	5.8	4.9	4.4
7 Nonfarm Payroll Emp. (000)	3,600.6	3,638.9	3,724.5	3,801.3	3,901.1	3,994.5	3,997.2	3,983.9	3,978.8	3,999.1	4,043.2
8 Priv. Sec. Nonfarm Emp. (000)	3,027.2	3,068.3	3,154.3	3,229.6	3,323.5	3,405.7	3,394.6	3,370.4	3,356.9	3,365.7	3,401.7
9 Construction Emp. (000)	123.3	125.0	131.8	136.1	143.6	149.6	158.8	162.6	160.5	165.9	168.7
10 Manufacturing Emp. (000)	448.6	437.4	435.4	429.4	422.5	421.6	401.2	367.5	350.4	338.2	328.8
11 Trade, Transportation and Utilities Emp. (000)	816.6	823.5	834.6	847.6	873.7	899.0	890.7	881.4	876.2	874.7	881.6
12 Information Emp. (000)	119.6	117.5	122.5	118.9	123.0	126.9	126.4	113.2	102.0	98.0	97.1
13 Financial Activities Emp. (000)	229.1	231.2	238.2	248.7	260.8	266.9	269.8	276.7	276.2	276.9	280.2
14 Professional and Business Services Emp. (000)	464.7	489.3	522.4	554.0	579.1	598.5	592.5	581.1	578.2	584.5	593.0
15 Education and Health Services Emp. (000)	425	435.6	451.8	466.1	480.9	495.8	505.4	527.1	538.0	546.4	558.3
16 Leisure & Hospitality Emp. (000)	275.3	279.6	286.2	294.2	300.0	303.3	304.2	311.0	321.4	325.5	334.2
17 CPI-U for the US ('82-'84=100)	152.4	156.9	160.5	163.0	166.6	172.2	177.1	179.9	184.0	188.9	195.3
18 Mid-Atl. Consumer Conf. Index	59.3	60.1	89.1	108.6	108.6	125.1	95.8	84.0	68.7	80.4	80.3
19 Total Const. Contracts (\$Mil.)	538.6	594.0	697.6	746.0	800.6	911.7	954.2	952.2	984.1	932.2	1,180.9
20 Resid. Const. Contracts (\$Mil.)	188.0	193.8	218.8	284.1	309.4	319.9	323.8	327.2	369.8	412.0	496.4
21 Nonres. Const. Contracts (\$Mil.)	230.8	246.8	301.5	352.5	382.5	439.5	418.1	409.9	425.4	361.9	464.3
22 Total Dwelling Units (No.) - F	1,793	2,014	2,335	2,612	2,665	2,882	2,356	2,537	2,749	2,995	3,216
23 Single-Fam. Dwell. Units (No.) - F	1,528	1,738	1,956	2,122	2,094	2,105	1,792	1,865	1,847	1,869	1,855
24 Multi-Fam. Dwell. Units (No.) - F	196	186	276	374	424	598	347	434	587	728	973
25 Tot. New Vehicle Regis. (No.)	42,408	44,430	44,797	45,884	50,990	55,301	54,624	53,865	53,584	53,510	51,364
26 New Passenger Car Regis. (No.)	29,211	29,246	28,748	29,047	31,201	33,120	31,667	30,183	28,149	26,631	25,996
27 New Lt. Truck/Van Regis. (No.)	13,197	15,184	16,049	16,837	19,790	22,182	22,957	23,683	25,435	26,879	25,368
28 Wks. Claimed Wkly. Avg. (000)	106.9	108.5	95.3	90.2	90.8	84.3	108.4	132.4	130.9	122.6	112.9
Insured Unemp. Rate (%)	3.2	3.2	2.8	2.6	2.5	2.3	2.9	3.5	3.5	3.2	3.0
29 Initial Claims Wkly. Avg. (No.)	11,243	10,805	9,911	9,454	9,003	9,056	10,637	11,595	11,331	10,730	10,323
30 Exhaustions (No.)	11,467	12,246	10,497	9,360	9,757	9,138	11,136	16,686	16,317	14,034	12,338

Notes: See page S-32 for data sources. Data shown using latest available benchmarks. For Dwelling Unit data, "F" = Final.
Monthly revisions to Series 19-21 are published by special contract with McGraw-Hill Construction; reprinting is prohibited by law.

Employment Data

New Jersey Nonfarm Payroll Employment (000)

(seasonally adjusted)

NAICS Industry	2005						2006						
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul
Total Nonfarm (1)	4,051.1	4,051.3	4,059.4	4,056.7	4,061.7	4,064.5	4,062.0	4,065.4	4,068.7	4,074.1	4,081.4	4,084.0	4,080.2
Total Private Sector	3,408.5	3,407.8	3,414.6	3,413.9	3,419.3	3,422.1	3,417.1	3,418.6	3,421.7	3,426.3	3,434.0	3,435.5	3,433.0
Goods Producing	498.1	497.8	499.8	497.3	496.5	496.0	496.1	494.8	494.3	494.7	494.4	493.9	490.5
Natural Resources and Mining	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.9
Construction	168.2	168.8	170.8	169.5	170.5	171.0	172.3	171.6	171.1	171.9	172.7	172.0	171.4
Manufacturing	328.1	327.2	327.2	326.0	324.2	323.2	322.0	321.4	321.4	321.0	319.8	320.0	317.2
Service Providing	3,553.0	3,553.5	3,559.6	3,559.4	3,565.2	3,568.5	3,565.9	3,570.6	3,574.4	3,579.4	3,587.0	3,590.1	3,589.7
Private Service Providing	2,910.4	2,910.0	2,914.8	2,916.6	2,922.8	2,926.1	2,921.0	2,923.8	2,927.4	2,931.6	2,939.6	2,941.6	2,942.5
Trade, Transportation and Utilities	885.0	883.2	886.0	885.9	885.5	884.9	877.5	879.2	880.0	880.2	884.4	885.8	884.4
Information	97.5	97.3	96.9	97.1	97.2	97.1	97.5	96.8	96.8	95.5	95.0	94.6	95.0
Financial Activities	281.3	281.8	282.0	282.2	282.7	283.3	284.2	283.0	283.0	284.0	284.3	283.6	283.2
Professional & Business Services	595.5	595.0	595.8	595.9	598.0	596.8	595.4	595.9	595.1	599.0	599.5	600.4	602.8
Educational & Health Services	558.8	559.6	560.8	560.8	563.7	565.9	566.9	567.4	568.9	569.5	571.9	572.2	572.6
Leisure and Hospitality	334.4	334.7	335.1	336.7	337.7	339.5	341.2	341.9	344.0	343.4	344.4	344.2	344.5
Other Services (2)	157.9	158.4	158.2	158.0	158.0	158.6	158.3	159.6	159.6	160.0	160.1	160.8	160.0
Total Government	642.6	643.5	644.8	642.8	642.4	642.4	644.9	646.8	647.0	647.8	647.4	648.5	647.2
Total Federal Government	61.7	61.7	61.4	61.3	61.2	61.1	61.0	60.7	60.4	60.6	60.4	60.6	60.6
Total State Government (3)	150.1	150.3	150.2	150.3	150.5	150.5	153.1	152.0	151.7	152.2	153.1	153.9	152.6
Total Local Government	428.6	431.3	435.1	432.0	431.7	431.9	430.5	433.9	434.5	435.0	434.5	434.7	431.9
Local Education	261.3	261.2	262.8	261.7	260.9	260.7	259.8	262.3	262.1	262.3	262.2	262.1	262.7
Local Other Government	170.1	170.8	172.5	170.7	170.7	171.0	170.7	171.3	171.9	172.2	172.0	172.2	171.9

Notes:

1. Nonfarm payroll employment includes civilians on nonfarm establishment payrolls who worked or received pay for any part of the pay period including the 12th of the month. It excludes proprietors, self-employed, unpaid family members and domestics in private households. All data are revised to March 2005 benchmarks. Individual series may not add to sector or supersector totals because not all sector/supersector components are published.
2. "Other Services" include: Repair and maintenance; Personal and laundry services; Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional and similar organizations.
3. The total number of state employees reported under this heading is determined on the basis of a definition developed by the US Bureau of Labor Statistics which is standardized throughout the nation. The definition includes both full- and part-time workers in the executive departments, the legislature, and the judiciary, as well as all employees of authorities, commissions, the state universities and colleges, and other agencies not included on the central payroll.
4. This sub-category of state government employment is limited to full-time employees of the executive departments, the legislature and the judiciary. The figures are based on the central payroll and are provided by the Department of Treasury.

Employment Data

New Jersey Nonfarm Payroll Employment (000)

(not seasonally adjusted)

NAICS Industry	2005						2006						
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul
Total Nonfarm (1)	4,070.8	4,053.5	4,056.7	4,076.3	4,092.7	4,101.5	3,997.3	3,999.3	4,027.5	4,063.3	4,097.2	4,144.1	4,099.9
Total Private Sector	3,453.1	3,446.2	3,429.3	3,425.8	3,437.3	3,446.9	3,352.8	3,343.7	3,370.3	3,404.6	3,441.8	3,487.6	3,477.8
Goods Producing	504.6	506.2	507.1	503.9	502.7	499.3	482.1	478.0	482.2	490.4	495.6	501.2	497.2
Natural Resources and Mining	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.9
Construction	175.5	176.7	177.0	174.7	174.5	172.6	160.9	157.1	160.5	168.9	174.1	177.5	178.8
Construction of Buildings	42.7	43.1	42.6	42.4	42.2	41.9	41.0	40.5	41.0	41.9	42.5	43.3	43.7
<i>Residential Building Construction</i>	29.3	29.6	29.4	29.0	29.1	28.7	28.7	28.6	29.0	29.6	30.5	31.3	31.5
Heavy and Civil Engineering	18.1	18.4	18.8	18.1	18.3	17.2	14.6	13.9	14.8	16.4	17.9	18.3	18.2
Specialty Trade Contractors	114.7	115.2	115.6	114.2	114.0	113.5	105.3	102.7	104.7	110.6	113.7	115.9	116.9
<i>Building Equipment Contractors</i>	54.3	54.8	55.1	54.6	54.6	55.1	53.8	53.4	53.4	54.2	54.2	54.9	55.2
Manufacturing	327.3	327.7	328.3	327.4	326.4	324.9	319.4	319.1	319.9	319.7	319.6	321.8	316.5
Durable Goods	148.0	147.6	148.7	149.0	148.2	147.9	145.7	146.0	146.4	147.0	146.9	147.9	145.0
Nonmetallic Mineral Product	14.5	14.4	14.4	14.3	14.1	13.7	13.5	13.2	13.3	13.4	13.3	13.5	13.4
Fabricated Metal Product	27.6	27.5	28.0	27.7	28.0	27.9	27.5	27.6	27.5	27.6	27.5	27.6	26.5
Machinery Manufacturing	17.2	17.1	17.1	17.1	17.3	17.3	17.0	17.0	16.9	17.1	17.0	17.0	17.1
Computer and Electronic Products	31.7	31.6	31.4	31.4	31.5	31.2	31.3	31.5	31.5	31.7	31.6	31.9	31.7
<i>Navigational, Measuring, Electromedical and Control Instruments</i>	16.0	16.0	15.9	15.8	15.9	15.8	16.0	16.1	16.0	16.2	16.3	16.3	16.2
Transportation Equipment Mfg.	6.9	6.9	7.0	7.1	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.4	7.3	7.4	7.4
Miscellaneous Mfg.	22.6	22.7	22.9	22.8	22.8	22.9	22.4	22.7	22.8	22.6	22.8	22.9	22.5
Non-Durable Goods	179.3	180.1	179.6	178.4	178.2	177.0	173.7	173.1	173.5	172.7	172.7	173.9	171.5
Food Manufacturing	30.6	30.7	30.6	30.4	30.8	30.9	30.3	30.0	29.9	29.7	29.9	30.4	29.9
Paper Manufacturing	14.1	14.3	14.4	14.1	14.1	14.2	14.1	14.2	14.3	14.4	14.5	14.4	14.2
Printing and Related Support	23.2	23.3	23.1	23.2	23.3	23.2	22.8	22.7	22.6	22.4	22.1	22.4	22.4
Chemical Manufacturing	69.6	69.7	69.1	68.7	68.7	68.1	67.5	68.2	68.3	67.6	67.6	68.2	68.5
<i>Basic Chemical Mfg.</i>	9.1	9.1	9.0	9.0	9.1	9.1	9.2	9.1	9.2	9.1	8.9	9.0	9.0
<i>Pharmaceutical & Medicine Soap, Cleaning Compound, and Toilet Preparation</i>	39.5	39.6	39.2	39.0	38.8	38.6	38.1	38.4	38.6	37.8	37.8	38.2	38.7
<i>Plastics and Rubber Products</i>	11.1	11.1	11.0	11.0	11.0	10.9	10.8	10.9	10.7	10.8	10.8	11.0	11.1
Plastics and Rubber Products	20.1	20.4	20.5	20.3	20.2	19.9	19.9	19.7	19.7	19.9	19.8	20.0	19.4
Service-Providing	3,566.2	3,547.3	3,549.6	3,572.4	3,590.0	3,602.2	3,515.2	3,521.3	3,545.3	3,572.9	3,601.6	3,642.9	3,602.7
Private Service-Providing	2,948.5	2,940.0	2,922.2	2,921.9	2,934.6	2,947.6	2,870.7	2,865.7	2,888.1	2,914.2	2,946.2	2,986.4	2,980.6
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	882.4	879.5	881.9	888.8	899.6	910.6	874.7	866.1	869.4	872.9	881.2	891.0	881.7
Wholesale Trade	237.2	237.4	237.0	237.5	237.2	237.8	236.3	236.2	237.3	239.1	239.4	239.8	238.3
Wholesalers, Durable Goods	115.5	115.3	115.2	115.4	115.0	115.5	114.4	114.2	114.9	115.2	115.0	115.2	113.8
<i>Professional and Commercial Equipment</i>	30.9	30.9	30.7	30.7	30.9	31.0	31.1	31.1	31.4	31.5	31.5	31.4	31.1
<i>Electrical & Electronic Goods</i>	15.7	15.6	15.5	15.4	15.2	15.5	15.7	15.5	15.9	16.0	15.9	16.0	15.8
<i>Drugs and Druggist Sundries</i>	13.4	13.4	13.2	13.2	13.4	13.4	13.5	13.7	13.9	13.8	13.9	14.0	14.1
<i>Grocery and Related Products</i>	30.4	30.4	30.4	30.3	30.3	30.1	29.7	29.7	29.9	30.3	30.6	30.8	31.3
Wholesale Electronic Markets, Agents & Brokers	32.7	33.3	33.2	33.5	33.8	34.2	33.3	33.2	33.0	33.3	33.5	34.1	33.8

See notes on page S-23. Shaded rows on pp. 24-27 indicate employment at the NAICS supersector level.

Employment Data

New Jersey Nonfarm Payroll Employment (000)

(not seasonally adjusted)

NAICS Industry	2005						2006						
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul
Retail Trade	476.2	474.9	469.7	473.3	483.9	494.9	466.2	457.3	458.7	461.8	467.7	475.8	475.7
Motor Vehicle & Parts Dealers	48.9	48.9	48.8	48.5	48.3	48.1	48.0	48.1	48.0	48.4	48.6	49.0	48.7
Automobile Dealers	35.8	35.8	35.9	35.7	35.6	35.5	35.5	35.4	35.4	35.4	35.3	35.4	35.0
Furniture and Home													
Furnishing Stores	22.0	22.2	22.3	22.0	22.4	22.6	21.5	21.3	21.0	20.8	21.0	21.1	20.8
Building Material & Supplies	16.5	16.5	16.5	16.4	16.8	17.4	16.3	15.8	16.0	15.7	15.9	16.3	16.3
Electronic & Appliance Stores	39.6	38.7	38.2	38.1	38.0	38.2	36.8	36.7	37.6	39.6	40.6	40.6	40.3
Food and Beverage Stores	115.5	114.7	112.6	112.0	113.0	113.9	112.0	111.1	111.8	112.6	113.6	115.8	116.0
Health & Personal Care Stores	38.4	38.3	37.8	38.2	38.7	39.2	38.2	38.2	38.2	38.1	38.6	39.5	39.3
Gasoline Stations	14.8	14.5	14.5	14.5	14.3	14.5	14.3	14.4	14.6	14.5	14.7	14.7	14.6
Clothing and Clothing													
Accessories Stores	58.2	58.7	57.5	57.7	61.0	63.6	57.2	54.2	53.8	54.6	55.5	57.0	57.2
Clothing Stores	45.3	45.7	44.6	44.7	47.3	49.2	43.6	40.9	40.5	41.1	42.0	43.4	43.6
Sporting Goods, Hobby, Book, and Music Stores	21.6	21.7	22.0	22.6	24.7	26.7	23.0	21.6	21.7	22.0	22.0	22.3	22.7
General Merchandise Stores	66.8	67.0	66.4	67.6	72.6	76.2	66.3	62.9	63.0	63.3	64.2	65.7	65.2
Department Stores	51.2	51.7	51.1	52.0	56.4	59.6	51.3	48.5	48.6	49.0	49.8	51.1	50.7
Other General Merchandise Stores	15.6	15.3	15.3	15.6	16.2	16.6	15.0	14.4	14.4	14.3	14.4	14.6	14.5
Transportation, Warehousing and Utilities	169.0	167.2	175.2	178.0	178.5	177.9	172.2	172.6	173.4	172.0	174.1	175.4	167.7
Utilities	14.5	14.5	14.2	14.4	14.3	14.2	14.3	14.3	14.3	14.2	14.2	14.4	14.1
Electric Power Generation, Transmission & Distribution	8.5	8.5	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.2
Natural Gas Distribution	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.2	4.1
Transportation & Warehousing	154.5	152.7	161.0	163.6	164.2	163.7	157.9	158.3	159.1	157.8	159.9	161.0	153.6
Air Transportation	16.5	16.4	16.4	16.4	16.5	16.7	16.5	16.5	16.8	16.7	16.9	17.3	17.5
Truck Transportation	40.4	40.3	40.6	40.6	40.7	40.8	39.5	39.4	39.7	40.0	40.3	40.8	40.8
General Freight Trucking	30.5	30.3	30.7	30.8	31.0	31.0	30.4	30.4	30.4	30.5	30.7	30.9	31.1
Transit & Ground Passenger Transportation	24.3	22.6	30.6	32.3	32.2	31.9	30.9	31.0	31.3	30.3	31.4	31.5	24.2
Support Activities for Transportation	21.5	21.6	21.4	21.6	21.9	21.8	21.0	21.4	21.5	21.5	21.6	22.2	21.9
Couriers and Messengers	22.2	22.1	22.5	23.3	23.6	23.6	22.1	21.7	21.5	21.5	21.5	21.5	21.5
Warehousing and Storage	23.8	24.0	24.0	24.3	24.8	24.4	23.8	24.1	24.0	23.5	23.6	23.8	23.2
Information	97.8	97.6	97.0	97.1	97.8	97.4	96.3	95.9	96.5	95.1	95.2	95.5	95.2
Publishing Industries (Except Internet)	31.8	31.6	31.6	31.2	31.4	31.5	30.7	30.7	30.8	30.8	30.8	30.8	30.7
Telecommunications	38.8	38.8	38.6	39.1	39.2	39.1	38.8	38.6	39.1	38.4	38.3	38.7	38.4
Wired Telecommunications Carriers	24.1	24.1	23.8	24.2	24.6	24.5	23.7	23.4	23.8	23.0	23.0	23.3	22.8
Internet Service Providers, Web Search Portals, and Data Processing Services	13.3	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.7	13.3	13.2	13.3	13.0	13.0	13.0	12.9
Financial Activities	284.1	284.3	281.8	281.8	282.5	283.8	282.2	281.3	281.3	282.6	283.8	285.9	286.0
Finance and Insurance	223.7	224.0	222.4	223.0	223.7	224.7	224.2	223.2	223.0	223.6	223.9	224.8	224.4
Credit Intermediation and Related Activities	81.8	82.2	81.6	81.9	82.8	84.3	85.4	85.3	85.2	85.4	85.4	86.0	85.8
Depository Credit Intermediation	50.4	50.7	50.1	50.2	50.4	50.6	50.7	50.5	50.4	50.5	50.5	50.8	50.7
Nondepository Credit Intermediation	22.6	22.7	22.6	22.7	23.5	23.8	23.7	23.6	23.7	23.8	24.0	24.2	24.2

See notes on page S-23. Shaded rows on pp. 24-27 indicate employment at the NAICS supersector level.

Employment Data

New Jersey Nonfarm Payroll Employment (000)

(not seasonally adjusted)

NAICS Industry	2005			2006									
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul
<i>Securities, Commodity Contracts, and Other Financial Investments & Rel. Activities</i>	52.6	52.4	52.0	51.6	51.4	51.4	51.5	51.3	51.4	51.4	51.7	52.1	51.8
<i>Securities and Commodity Contracts Intermediation and Brokerage</i>	39.7	39.6	39.3	39.1	39.1	39.0	39.1	38.9	39.0	38.9	39.2	39.5	39.5
Insurance Carriers and Related Activities	87.4	87.5	86.9	87.3	87.3	87.4	86.6	85.8	85.7	86.4	86.4	86.5	86.3
<i>Insurance Carriers</i>	56.6	56.7	56.4	56.6	56.6	56.5	56.0	55.4	55.5	55.7	55.8	55.8	55.7
<i>Agencies, Brokerages, and Other Insurance Rel. Activities</i>	30.8	30.8	30.5	30.7	30.7	30.9	30.6	30.4	30.2	30.7	30.6	30.7	30.6
Real Estate and Rental/Leasing	60.4	60.3	59.4	58.8	58.8	59.1	58.0	58.1	58.3	59.0	59.9	61.1	61.6
<i>Real Estate</i>	41.6	41.5	40.8	40.4	40.5	40.8	40.4	40.6	40.6	41.1	41.6	42.3	42.9
<i>Rental and Leasing Services</i>	18.5	18.4	18.2	17.8	17.9	17.9	17.5	17.5	17.4	17.7	18.1	18.6	18.7
Professional and Business Services	602.3	603.6	601.9	598.7	600.2	597.9	578.8	580.8	589.2	598.9	601.6	608.5	609.7
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	268.6	269.6	266.7	266.3	268.1	268.5	264.7	266.3	267.7	269.3	267.0	269.9	270.3
<i>Legal Services</i>	42.3	41.9	41.4	41.5	41.4	41.4	41.2	41.4	41.6	41.8	41.9	42.5	42.5
<i>Accounting, Tax Preparation, Bookkeeping, & Payroll Svcs.</i>	31.6	31.6	31.8	31.8	31.8	32.2	32.5	33.5	33.4	33.3	30.1	30.4	30.3
<i>Architectural, Engineering, and Related Services</i>	44.3	45.0	43.6	43.4	43.6	44.4	43.2	43.1	43.2	43.8	44.2	44.9	45.0
<i>Computer Systems Design and Related Services</i>	51.4	52.3	51.4	51.4	51.6	51.2	50.0	50.3	50.5	50.8	50.9	50.9	51.0
<i>Management, Scientific, and Technical Consulting Services</i>	31.9	31.9	31.9	32.0	32.1	32.2	31.8	32.0	31.9	31.8	31.9	32.1	32.0
<i>Scientific Research and Development Services</i>	28.6	28.5	28.2	28.2	28.0	27.8	27.3	27.3	27.4	27.1	27.0	27.2	27.1
<i>Advertising and Rel. Services</i>	16.2	16.1	16.1	16.0	16.1	16.2	16.1	16.2	16.6	16.9	17.1	17.2	17.2
Management of Companies and Enterprises	68.7	68.1	67.7	67.4	67.8	68.4	68.1	68.0	68.3	68.4	68.8	69.4	69.5
Administrative and Support and Waste Management and Remediation Services	265.0	265.9	267.5	265.0	264.3	261.0	246.0	246.5	253.2	261.2	265.8	269.2	269.9
<i>Employment Services</i>	102.8	104.5	106.2	105.5	105.6	104.2	96.9	97.2	99.9	100.1	101.3	102.3	103.5
<i>Business Support Services</i>	17.0	16.9	16.8	16.9	16.9	17.2	16.6	16.7	16.9	17.0	17.1	17.0	16.7
<i>Investigation and Security Services</i>	25.5	25.6	26.7	26.9	27.1	26.8	26.4	26.4	26.6	26.5	26.5	26.8	26.6
<i>Services to Buildings and Dwellings</i>	69.9	69.4	68.3	68.1	66.4	63.2	56.5	56.2	59.5	67.7	70.7	72.1	71.9
Educational and Health Services	555.1	552.3	557.5	562.7	566.7	569.3	564.5	567.1	570.6	571.6	574.3	574.7	568.9
Educational Services	80.8	79.7	83.6	87.2	89.0	88.6	84.5	87.1	88.4	88.1	88.8	86.4	81.8
<i>Elementary and Secondary Schools</i>	34.5	34.4	38.0	39.1	39.8	39.8	39.9	40.0	40.3	40.1	40.5	40.4	37.0
<i>Colleges, Universities, and Professional Schools</i>	23.2	22.9	24.8	26.1	26.6	26.4	23.6	25.3	25.8	26.2	26.0	24.0	23.1
Health Care and Social Assistance	474.3	472.6	473.9	475.5	477.7	480.7	480.0	480.0	482.2	483.5	485.5	488.3	487.1
<i>Ambulatory Health Care Services</i>	169.5	169.3	169.6	169.4	170.4	171.6	171.0	171.4	172.8	173.5	174.6	175.8	175.4
<i>Offices of Physicians</i>	66.1	66.0	65.6	66.1	66.1	66.4	65.8	65.9	66.2	66.6	67.0	67.5	67.5
<i>Offices of Dentists</i>	26.9	26.9	26.9	27.0	27.2	27.3	27.4	27.3	27.6	27.6	27.8	27.9	27.8
<i>Home Health Care Services</i>	27.5	27.3	27.9	28.0	28.1	28.1	27.8	28.0	28.5	28.7	28.9	29.2	29.2

See notes on page S-23. Shaded rows on pp. 24-27 indicate employment at the NAICS supersector level.

Employment Data

New Jersey Nonfarm Payroll Employment (000)

(not seasonally adjusted)

NAICS Industry	2005						2006						
	Jul	Jul	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul
Hospitals	155.2	154.9	155.1	155.5	155.6	156.5	156.2	155.7	155.9	155.7	156.0	156.9	156.9
Nursing and Residential Care Facilities	80.4	80.3	80.6	81.0	81.5	82.4	83.1	82.6	82.9	83.3	83.4	84.0	84.2
Nursing Care Facilities	46.5	46.5	46.7	46.9	47.6	47.9	48.3	47.9	47.9	48.2	48.5	48.7	48.7
Community Care Facilities for the Elderly	17.9	17.9	18.0	18.1	18.2	18.5	18.5	18.3	18.7	18.7	18.6	18.9	19.2
Social Assistance	69.2	68.1	68.6	69.6	70.2	70.2	69.7	70.3	70.6	71.0	71.5	71.6	70.6
Child Day Care Services	32.8	32.1	33.9	34.4	34.9	34.8	34.5	34.7	34.8	34.7	35.1	35.3	33.3
Leisure and Hospitality	365.4	362.2	345.1	335.2	329.9	329.9	317.7	317.5	323.3	333.7	349.4	367.9	375.6
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	65.9	64.6	54.1	51.2	47.8	46.7	42.3	42.3	44.6	50.1	54.4	61.9	68.0
Amusement, Gambling, and Recreation Industries	55.2	53.9	43.9	40.0	36.7	35.4	32.3	32.7	34.2	39.3	43.5	50.6	56.4
Accommodation and Food Services	299.5	297.6	291.0	284.0	282.1	283.2	275.4	275.2	278.7	283.6	295.0	306.0	307.6
Accommodation	78.1	78.3	73.4	71.7	69.8	69.5	67.9	67.6	68.0	69.2	71.5	74.2	78.7
Casino Hotels	45.4	45.5	44.1	43.2	42.4	42.0	41.5	41.3	41.3	41.8	42.8	43.9	45.5
Food Services and Drinking Places	221.4	219.3	217.6	212.3	212.3	213.7	207.5	207.6	210.7	214.4	223.5	231.8	228.9
Full-Service Restaurants	100.9	100.2	96.2	93.5	93.6	94.2	91.8	91.8	93.5	94.7	98.3	102.9	103.0
Limited-Service Eating Places	84.3	83.5	80.0	78.2	78.5	79.2	78.0	77.6	78.5	81.2	84.5	87.1	88.8
Special Food Services	23.6	23.1	29.7	29.1	28.9	29.0	26.5	26.7	27.2	26.9	28.6	28.9	24.0
Drinking Places (Alcoholic Beverages)	12.6	12.5	11.7	11.5	11.3	11.3	11.2	11.5	11.5	11.6	12.1	12.9	13.1
Other Services	161.4	160.5	157.0	157.6	157.9	158.7	156.5	157.0	157.8	159.4	160.7	162.9	163.5
Repair and Maintenance	35.9	35.7	35.8	35.7	35.7	35.7	35.0	35.2	35.4	35.5	35.6	35.7	35.6
Automotive Repair and Maintenance	25.7	25.6	25.7	26.0	25.9	25.9	25.7	26.0	26.1	26.1	26.1	26.2	26.1
Personal and Laundry Services	47.2	47.2	46.8	46.8	46.7	46.6	45.8	45.9	46.2	46.6	47.4	47.6	47.2
Personal Care Services	26.5	26.5	26.5	26.8	26.9	26.9	26.8	26.9	27.2	27.3	27.6	27.6	27.3
Religious, Grantmaking, Civic, Professional, and Similar Organizations	78.3	77.6	74.4	75.1	75.5	76.4	75.7	75.9	76.2	77.3	77.7	79.6	80.7
Government	617.7	607.3	627.4	650.5	655.4	654.6	644.5	655.6	657.2	658.7	655.4	656.5	622.1
Federal Government	62.2	62.2	61.5	61.0	61.1	61.6	60.8	60.3	60.1	60.2	60.2	60.7	61.1
Department of Defense	13.8	13.8	13.6	13.4	13.5	13.7	13.7	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.9	14.1
U.S. Postal Service	30.3	30.4	30.2	30.0	30.1	30.6	29.8	29.4	29.4	29.3	29.3	29.4	29.5
Other Federal Government	18.1	18.0	17.7	17.6	17.5	17.3	17.3	17.3	17.1	17.3	17.3	17.4	17.5
State Government (3)	145.4	144.8	149.0	153.9	154.8	154.1	149.3	154.7	155.2	155.6	152.4	148.8	147.7
State Government Education	40.0	39.2	43.8	49.0	49.6	48.8	43.8	49.2	49.6	50.0	46.3	42.2	41.6
State Government Hospitals	11.7	11.7	11.6	11.7	11.8	11.8	11.9	11.9	11.9	11.8	11.9	11.9	11.9
Other State Government	93.7	93.9	93.6	93.2	93.4	93.5	93.6	93.6	93.7	93.8	94.2	94.7	94.2
Exec./Leg./Judicial (4)	80.4	80.2	80.0	80.2	80.3	80.8	80.8	80.9	81.0	80.8	80.8	80.7	80.2
Local Government	410.1	400.3	416.9	435.6	439.5	438.9	434.4	440.6	441.9	442.9	442.8	447.0	413.3
Local Government Education	226.8	217.3	245.8	267.5	272.0	271.5	267.9	273.9	274.7	275.2	273.5	272.6	228.1
Other Local Government	183.3	183.0	171.1	168.1	167.5	167.4	166.5	166.7	167.2	167.7	169.3	174.4	185.2

See notes on page S-23. Shaded rows on pp. 24-27 indicate employment at the NAICS supersector level.

Hours and Earnings Data

Production/Nonsupervisory Workers in New Jersey

NAICS Industry	2005					2006							
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul
Average Weekly Hours of Production / Non-supervisory Workers¹													
Manufacturing (production)	41.7	42.3	42.7	42.5	42.8	42.5	42.0	41.7	42.0	41.8	42.0	41.8	42.2
Durable Goods	41.7	42.1	42.2	42.5	42.1	42.3	42.5	41.9	41.8	41.7	41.8	41.6	41.9
Fabricated Metal	40.8	41.3	41.8	41.6	41.5	42.0	42.3	41.6	40.6	40.7	40.4	40.2	40.5
Machinery Manufacturing	42.3	41.9	42.2	41.4	41.5	41.8	41.7	42.2	42.6	42.7	42.1	41.9	42.8
Computer and Electr. Prod.	41.4	41.5	41.1	41.8	43.7	42.4	42.8	42.6	42.6	42.1	42.4	41.9	42.3
Misc. Manufacturing	38.4	38.7	38.8	40.2	39.7	40.3	39.8	39.0	38.9	39.2	38.9	39.0	39.5
Nondurable Goods	41.7	42.5	43.0	42.5	43.3	42.6	41.7	41.5	42.1	41.8	42.1	42.0	42.4
Food Manufacturing	43.2	45.7	45.3	44.2	43.6	43.3	42.6	42.0	42.5	42.1	42.5	42.2	42.9
Paper Manufacturing	42.3	43.0	43.8	42.8	42.6	42.0	41.1	41.5	42.8	42.3	42.4	42.6	41.7
Printing & Related Support	38.2	38.6	39.3	39.0	40.0	39.4	38.5	38.2	38.5	38.7	38.9	39.3	40.2
Chemical Manufacturing	41.1	40.6	41.2	41.1	41.5	41.0	40.7	41.2	41.5	41.5	41.5	41.6	41.9
Plastics and Rubber Prods.	42.8	42.7	42.5	43.1	43.6	43.4	42.0	42.4	42.1	41.8	41.9	42.5	42.8
Information⁴	36.5	37.1	37.6	37.7	37.6	36.8	37.3	35.3	35.2	35.2	35.5	35.9	35.3
Average Hourly Gross Dollar Earnings²													
Manufacturing (production)	16.30	16.40	16.51	16.41	16.48	16.44	16.36	16.30	16.45	16.50	16.61	16.61	16.56
Durable Goods	17.29	17.43	17.52	17.60	17.50	17.60	17.68	17.56	17.63	17.68	17.81	17.95	17.79
Fabricated Metal	16.57	16.73	16.84	16.80	16.78	16.96	17.03	16.80	16.67	16.76	16.84	16.94	16.44
Machinery Manufacturing	16.36	16.16	16.33	16.24	16.25	16.35	16.31	16.48	16.68	16.77	16.85	16.98	16.35
Computer and Electr. Prod.	21.83	21.93	21.69	22.02	22.65	22.17	22.47	22.32	22.48	22.50	22.77	22.78	22.81
Misc. Manufacturing	15.91	16.25	16.40	16.72	16.67	16.92	16.78	16.49	16.43	16.56	16.50	16.81	16.48
Nondurable Goods	15.55	15.64	15.76	15.49	15.73	15.55	15.33	15.32	15.54	15.58	15.67	15.56	15.58
Food Manufacturing	13.18	13.73	13.55	13.34	13.13	13.15	13.08	12.99	13.17	13.19	13.16	13.09	13.54
Paper Manufacturing	15.03	15.37	15.58	15.46	15.39	15.16	14.99	15.10	15.32	15.27	15.19	15.39	15.55
Printing & Related Support	14.53	14.72	14.88	14.91	15.03	14.96	14.75	14.68	14.84	14.94	15.03	14.73	14.28
Chemical Manufacturing	20.92	20.44	20.62	20.29	20.77	20.40	20.21	20.47	20.81	20.97	21.02	21.07	21.24
Plastics and Rubber Prods.	15.43	15.40	15.26	15.69	15.91	15.86	15.63	15.76	15.57	15.56	15.63	15.83	15.71
Information⁴	29.03	29.38	30.22	30.67	30.65	30.37	31.07	33.27	33.00	32.92	32.49	32.63	31.85
Average Weekly Gross Dollar Earnings³													
Manufacturing (production)	679.71	693.72	704.98	697.43	705.34	698.70	687.12	679.71	690.90	689.70	697.62	694.30	698.83
Durable Goods	720.99	733.80	739.34	748.00	736.75	744.48	751.40	735.76	736.93	737.26	744.46	746.72	745.40
Fabricated Metal	676.06	690.95	703.91	698.88	696.37	712.32	720.37	698.88	676.80	682.13	680.34	680.99	665.82
Machinery Manufacturing	692.03	677.10	689.13	672.34	674.38	683.43	680.13	695.46	710.57	716.08	709.39	711.46	699.78
Computer and Electr. Prod.	903.76	910.10	891.46	920.44	989.81	940.01	961.72	950.83	957.65	947.25	965.45	954.48	964.86
Misc. Manufacturing	610.94	628.88	636.32	672.14	661.80	681.88	667.84	643.11	639.13	649.15	641.85	655.59	650.96
Nondurable Goods	648.44	664.70	677.68	658.33	681.11	662.43	639.26	635.78	654.23	651.24	659.71	653.52	660.59
Food Manufacturing	569.38	627.46	613.82	589.63	572.47	569.40	557.21	545.58	559.73	555.30	559.30	552.40	580.87
Paper Manufacturing	635.77	660.91	682.40	661.69	655.61	636.72	616.09	626.65	655.70	645.92	644.06	655.61	648.44
Printing & Related Support	555.05	568.19	584.78	581.49	601.20	589.42	567.88	560.78	571.34	578.18	584.67	578.89	574.06
Chemical Manufacturing	859.81	829.86	849.54	833.92	861.96	836.40	822.55	843.36	863.62	870.26	872.33	876.51	889.96
Plastics and Rubber Prods.	660.40	657.58	648.55	676.24	693.68	688.32	656.46	668.22	655.50	650.41	654.90	672.78	672.39
Information⁴	1,059.60	1,090.00	1,136.27	1,156.26	1,152.44	1,117.62	1,158.91	1,174.43	1,161.60	1,158.78	1,153.40	1,171.42	1,124.31

(1) Average hours worked or paid are affected by labor turnover, changes in overtime hours and part-time employment.

(2) Hourly earnings include paid holidays, vacation and sick leave. They are affected by changes in workforce composition and in wage rates.

(3) Weekly earnings are affected by premium pay, shift differentials, piecework and incentive payments, length of workweek and other factors.

(4) Non-supervisory workers. The Information Supersector includes the Publishing Industries, Telecommunications, and Internet Service Providers, Web Search Portal, and Data Processing Services Sectors.

Comparative Trends

US and New Jersey Civilian Labor Force Trends 1980-2006 (000)

Date	Labor Force		Employment		Unemployment Volume		Unemployment Rate (%)	
	U S	N J	U S	N J	U S	N J	U S	N J
Annual Averages 1980-2005								
1980	106,940	3,590.9	99,303	3,329.8	7,637	261.0	7.1	7.3
1981	108,670	3,611.2	100,397	3,341.4	8,273	269.8	7.6	7.5
1982	110,204	3,629.2	99,526	3,314.5	10,678	314.7	9.7	8.7
1983	111,550	3,688.8	100,834	3,392.6	10,717	296.2	9.6	8.0
1984	113,544	3,795.1	105,005	3,560.9	8,539	234.2	7.5	6.2
1985	115,461	3,839.5	107,150	3,624.4	8,312	215.1	7.2	5.6
1986	117,834	3,903.5	109,597	3,706.5	8,237	197.0	7.0	5.0
1987	119,865	3,959.8	112,440	3,798.5	7,425	161.3	6.2	4.1
1988	121,669	3,973.5	114,968	3,821.8	6,701	151.6	5.5	3.8
1989	123,869	4,000.0	117,342	3,835.3	6,528	164.7	5.3	4.1
1990	125,840	4,072.5	118,793	3,865.0	7,047	207.5	5.6	5.1
1991	126,346	4,050.4	117,718	3,776.6	8,628	273.7	6.8	6.8
1992	128,105	4,051.9	118,492	3,709.5	9,613	342.4	7.5	8.4
1993	129,200	4,034.6	120,259	3,727.3	8,940	307.3	6.9	7.6
1994	131,056	4,067.5	123,060	3,790.0	7,996	277.5	6.1	6.8
1995	132,304	4,111.8	124,900	3,846.3	7,404	265.5	5.6	6.5
1996	133,943	4,184.1	126,708	3,925.8	7,236	258.3	5.4	6.2
1997	136,297	4,257.4	129,558	4,031.0	6,739	226.4	4.9	5.3
1998	137,673	4,242.4	131,463	4,047.1	6,210	195.3	4.5	4.6
1999	139,368	4,284.6	133,488	4,092.7	5,880	191.8	4.2	4.5
2000	142,583	4,286.7	136,891	4,129.1	5,692	157.6		3.7
2001	143,734	4,302.3	136,933	4,117.5	6,801	184.8	4.7	4.3
2002	144,863	4,365.0	136,485	4,112.0	8,378	253.0	5.8	5.8
2003	146,510	4,374.7	137,736	4,119.1	8,774	255.6	6.0	5.8
2004	147,401	4,379.7	139,252	4,164.4	8,149	215.3	5.5	4.9
2005	149,320	4,430.4	141,730	4,235.9	7,591	194.4	5.1	4.4
Monthly Data 2005-2006 (Seasonally Adjusted) *								
2005								
Jan	147,956	4,390.6	140,234	4,198.8	7,723	191.7	5.2	4.4
Feb	148,271	4,399.5	140,285	4,203.7	7,986	195.8	5.4	4.5
Mar	148,217	4,404.6	140,601	4,210.4	7,616	194.1	5.1	4.4
Apr	148,839	4,408.7	141,196	4,220.5	7,644	188.2	5.1	4.3
May	149,201	4,415.4	141,571	4,228.0	7,629	187.4	5.1	4.2
Jun	149,243	4,428.2	141,750	4,237.8	7,493	190.3	5.0	4.3
Jul	149,605	4,437.2	142,111	4,243.8	7,494	193.5	5.0	4.4
Aug	149,792	4,444.7	142,425	4,247.9	7,367	196.8	4.9	4.4
Sep	150,083	4,448.8	142,625	4,253.7	7,458	195.1	5.1	4.4
Oct	150,043	4,456.5	142,611	4,261.0	7,418	195.5	4.9	4.4
Nov	150,183	4,463.3	142,779	4,262.3	7,572	201.1	5.0	4.5
Dec	150,153	4,467.0	142,779	4,263.2	7,375	203.8	4.9	4.6
2006								
Jan	150,114	4,481.8	143,074	4,280.0	7,040	201.8	4.7	4.5
Feb	150,449	4,479.1	143,257	4,270.4	7,193	208.7	4.8	4.7
Mar	150,652	4,496.7	143,641	4,293.7	7,011	203.0	4.7	4.5
Apr	150,811	4,501.8	143,688	4,270.5	7,123	231.3	4.7	5.1
May	150,991	4,478.5	143,976	4,255.5	7,015	223.0	4.6	5.0
Jun	151,321	4,466.7	144,363	4,248.2	6,957	218.5	4.6	4.9
Jul	151,534	4,474.1	144,329	4,246.8	7,205	227.3	4.8	5.1
Aug								
Sep								
Oct								
Nov								
Dec								

* New Jersey monthly data are based on a different estimating procedure. Monthly data have been revised to incorporate updated seasonal adjustment factors which reflect the 2005 experience.

Unemployment Insurance Program

Characteristics of New Jersey's Insured Unemployed¹ (000)

	July 2006	June 2006	July 2005	Percent Change From Month Ago	Year Ago
Total Insured Unemployed *	112.9	93.2	115.8	21.1	-2.4
Total Insured Unemployed	107.6	105.1	110.3	2.4	-2.5
By Gender					
Male	58.2	56.2	60.5	3.4	-3.8
Female	48.7	47.1	49.4	3.3	-1.5
By Race*					
White	67.3	54.3	68.9	23.9	-2.4
Black	25.3	21.1	25.8	20.1	-1.9
Asian	3.4	3.0	3.7	13.9	-8.7
Other	1.1	0.9	1.1	18.3	2.0
Chose Not To Answer	15.9	14.0	16.2	13.5	-2.3
By Ethnicity*					
Hispanic	20.8	17.5	22.1	19.2	-5.6
Not Hispanic	83.4	68.4	86.2	22.0	-3.2
Chose Not To Answer	8.6	7.3	7.5	17.7	15.0
By Age of Claimant					
Under 25 years	9.7	9.5	9.9	2.4	-1.7
25 through 34 years	24.8	24.1	25.3	3.0	-2.1
35 through 44 years	26.7	26.4	28.3	1.0	-5.8
45 through 54 years	25.1	24.1	25.3	4.2	-0.9
55 through 64 years	15.2	14.5	15.5	5.2	-1.9
65 years and over	6.0	5.9	5.9	1.7	1.4
By Duration of Unemployment					
1 to 2 weeks	18.3	18.4	17.9	-0.9	2.2
3 to 4 weeks	14.2	12.9	25.3	10.7	-43.8
5 through 14 weeks	44.2	43.4	46.1	1.9	-4.2
15 weeks and over	30.4	29.6	31.9	2.6	-4.9
By Industry					
Goods Producing	21.2	20.2	23.0	5.2	-7.6
Construction	12.3	11.2	11.7	9.4	4.6
Manufacturing	8.5	8.5	10.7	-0.1	-21.1
Service Providing	86.2	83.6	87.4	3.1	-1.3
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	22.4	21.7	23.3	2.9	-4.2
Wholesale Trade	5.5	5.2	6.0	4.6	-9.0
Retail Trade	11.2	11.0	11.7	2.4	-3.9
Transportation & Warehousing	5.5	5.3	5.3	2.8	3.6
Financial Activities	5.6	5.3	5.5	5.7	2.3
Professional & Business Services	17.0	16.4	17.5	4.0	-2.8
Educational and Health Services	12.4	11.3	11.5	9.7	7.3
Leisure and Hospitality	10.5	10.3	10.0	2.0	5.6
Other Services	2.6	2.4	2.6	7.4	0.5
Government	1.8	1.7	1.8	5.1	1.7

Notes: (1) Insured unemployed is the number of employed workers covered by unemployment insurance.

Totals may not add due to seasonal adjustment, rounding and differences in the availability of data.

* Not seasonally adjusted

Statistical Section Notes

Adjustment of Data

Seasonal Adjustment. All tables/charts, unless otherwise specified, contain data that are seasonally adjusted using the **X-11 ARIMA** (Auto-Regressive Integrated Moving Average) method of seasonal adjustment developed by Statistics Canada.

Both the **X-12** version of the **ARIMA** procedure and the "**two step**" process to produce seasonal factors were used for nonfarm wage and salary employment Series 7-16. For the two-step process, factors from the benchmarked estimates were used through June 2005.

Trading Day Adjustment. Trading day effects that were detected were statistically removed in the process of seasonal adjustment for data series that may have been affected by the number of each particular day of the week during the course of a month in a given year.

Annual Revision and Internet Access

Annual revisions of the data series in *Economic Indicators* normally incorporate:

- (1) the latest benchmark — 2005 for the Resident Labor Force Indicators (Series 1-6) and 2005 for Establishment Employment Indicators (Series 7-16).
- (2) new seasonal adjustment factors, which usually affect at least five years of seasonally adjusted data, or the period from January 2001 forward.

Internet Access: Available on the Labor Planning & Analysis (LPA) Web site, <http://www.nj.gov/labor/lra>, are:

- (1) the current month's *Economic Indicators* issue. **NOTE:** McGraw-Hill's monthly construction contract data (Series 19-21) **ARE PROHIBITED BY LAW FROM ELECTRONIC DISTRIBUTION** and, therefore, are not available via the LPA Web site.
- (2) historical series when available, January 1976 to December 2005. This includes the latest annual revisions to unadjusted nonfarm data (January 2004 to December 2005) and seasonal adjustment revisions (January 2001 to December 2005). Because revisions can affect various multi-year periods of original and seasonally adjusted data, it would be incorrect to generate a historic time series for *Economic Indicators* data by tying together series from old issues. For example, seasonally adjusted data from January 2002 to December 2006 are subject to change during the next annual revision cycle.

General Notes

Annual Averages. On p. S-22 are the annual averages of the data series for recent years to be used as a benchmark for evaluating current monthly data.

Charts. Unless otherwise noted, all graphs were developed with seasonally adjusted data.

Moving Averages. Series where the monthly data vary erratically have been plotted with moving averages (thick line) and nonaveraged data (thin line) superimposed.

Scales. The scale of each series is determined by the volume and trend of the data series. Caution should be exercised in making comparisons among charts with different scales.

Shaded Columns. Shaded areas indicate periods of general national contraction as identified by the National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER). The July 1990-March 1991 and the March 2001-November 2001 national recessions are shown in the graphs for Series 1-30.

Tables. Revised data are indicated by an "R" after the entry.

Statistical Section Notes (cont.)

Data Sources for Economic Time Series 1-30

No.	Title	Data Source
1	Civilian Labor Force	NJ Department of Labor and Workforce Development, Division of Labor Market and Demographic Research
2	Resident Employment	
3	Unemployment	
4	Labor Force Participation Rate	
5	Employment/Population Ratio	
6	Unemployment Rate	
7	Nonfarm Payroll Employment	
8	Private Sector Nonfarm Payroll Employment	
9	Construction Payroll Employment	
10	Manufacturing Payroll Employment	
11	Trade, Transportation and Utilities Payroll Employment	
12	Information Payroll Employment	
13	Financial Activities Payroll Employment	
14	Professional and Business Services Payroll Employment	
15	Education and Health Services Payroll Employment	
16	Leisure & Hospitality Payroll Employment	
17	CPI for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U)	US Bureau of Labor Statistics
18	Consumer Confidence Index for Middle Atlantic Region	The Conference Board
19	Total Construction Contracts Awarded	McGraw-Hill Construction
20	Residential Construction Contracts Awarded	
21	Nonresidential Construction Contracts Awarded	
22	Total Private Dwelling Units Auth. by Bldg. Permits	US Bureau of the Census, Manufacturing and Construction Division
23	Priv. Single-Fam. Dwelling Units Auth. by Bldg. Permits	
24	Priv. Multi-Fam. Dwelling Units Auth. by Bldg. Permits	
25	Total New Vehicle Registrations	R.L. Polk and Company
26	New Passenger Car Registrations	
27	New Light Truck/Van Registrations	
28	Weeks Claimed & Insured Unemployment Rate	NJ Department of Labor and Workforce Development, Division of Program Planning, Analysis & Evaluation
29	Initial Claims - Weekly Average	
30	Unemployment Insurance Exhaustions	

Notes on Economic Time Series 1-30

- 1-6 **Resident Labor Force Indicators** are produced using a modeling procedure based on regression techniques, that allows for the construction of error ranges. This procedure includes data variables from the NJ Department of Labor & Workforce Development's monthly Current Employment Statistics (CES) survey, unemployment insurance claims data and responses from the US Bureau of Labor Statistics' Current Population Survey (CPS) of 1,500 households in New Jersey. A new method was introduced effective with January 2005 estimates. Data are available monthly back to 1976.
- Beginning with 1990, data incorporate 2000 census-based population controls as well as improved estimates of immigration, emigration, births and deaths for the state and are not directly comparable to earlier figures.
- The **Labor Force Participation Rate** and the **Employment/Population Ratio** (Series 4 and 5) are expressed as percentages of the civilian noninstitutional population aged 16 years and over.
- 7-16 The **Establishment Employment Indicators** are generated from the monthly CES survey of employers on the number of persons who worked or received pay for any part of the pay period including the 12th of the month.
- Data reflect March 2005 benchmarks.

Statistical Section Notes (cont.)

Seasonally adjusted data for Series 7-16 have been revised back to January 2001. Not seasonally adjusted data have been revised back to 2004.

Private Sector Nonfarm Payroll Employment (Series 8) is computed by subtracting government employment from total nonfarm employment.

Standard errors have been computed to estimate the variance of total private sector employment and for all supersector series statewide, as well as for total private sector employment for Metropolitan Statistical Areas. More detailed information is available at www.nj.gov/labor/lra under "New Jersey's Economy." Please see the technical note on sample variance.

Due to the conversion of nonfarm employment from the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) to North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), data before 1990 are not available at the supersector/sector level.

- 17 The **Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U)** is a measure of the average change over time in the prices paid by all urban consumers (excluding military personnel and persons in institutions) for a fixed market basket of consumer goods and services. The month-to-month change in the CPI is a measure of inflation.

The **CPI-U** represents approximately 87% of the total population. The **US CPI-U** is the US City Average. The **US CPI-U** and **Metro Area CPI-U** (see definitions below) are not seasonally adjusted.

The CPI does not measure the relative cost of living between areas. There is no "New Jersey CPI." The division of New Jersey's 21 counties between two metropolitan areas for which CPIs are calculated is defined below.

Internet: US Bureau of Labor Statistics Web site may be accessed at <http://www.bls.gov/data/top20.htm> for all regional and national CPI data.

Metro Area definitions:

"**NY**" designates the *New York-Northern New Jersey - Long Island, NY-NJ-CT-PA area*. In New Jersey this includes Bergen, Essex, Hudson, Hunterdon, Mercer, Middlesex, Monmouth, Morris, Ocean, Passaic, Somerset, Sussex, Union and Warren counties. In New York, it includes New York City (5 counties.), Dutchess, Nassau, Orange, Putnam, Rockland, Suffolk and Westchester counties. In Connecticut, it includes Fairfield and New Haven counties, plus parts of Litchfield and Middlesex counties. In Pennsylvania, it includes Pike County. Data are published monthly.

"**PA**" designates the *Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD area*. In New Jersey this includes Atlantic, Burlington, Camden, Cape May, Cumberland, Gloucester and Salem counties. In Pennsylvania, it includes Bucks, Chester, Delaware, Montgomery and Philadelphia counties. In Delaware, it includes New Castle County, and in Maryland, Cecil County. Data are published bi-monthly.

- 18 **Consumer Confidence Index (CCI), Middle Atlantic Region (US 1985=100)** is based on a representative, random sample of 750 (15%) of a total of 5,000 US households surveyed monthly by NFO Research for The Conference Board. The index represents consumers' perceptions of the present general economy, their own financial conditions as well as their short-term (six months) outlook. Economists use the CCI as a leading indicator for consumer spending. The Middle Atlantic Region consists of New Jersey, New York and Pennsylvania. Regional data are not seasonally adjusted.
- 19-21 **Construction Contracts** monthly data for current and prior year are subject to revision. Construction contracts unadjusted data revisions are published by special contract with The McGraw-Hill Construction. **PROHIBITED BY LAW ARE (1) REPRINTING AND (2) ELECTRONIC DISSEMINATION OF THE MONTHLY DATA.**

Statistical Section Notes (cont.)

Total Construction Contracts Awarded (Series 19) is the sum of not seasonally adjusted residential, nonresidential and nonbuilding construction contract awards. The nonbuilding series is not published in the *New Jersey Economic Indicators*; however, current month, prior-month, year-ago nonbuilding data as well as cumulative over-the-year change may be found in the **New Jersey's Economy by the Numbers** chart. (These data are not included on the Internet version of the chart.)

Beginning October 1993, dormitories and hotels were no longer categorized as residential (Series 20); they were included in nonresidential construction contract awards (Series 21).

- 22-24 The **Residential Building Permits Indicators** are compiled by the US Bureau of the Census, Manufacturing and Construction Division as of the thirteenth workday of the following month. Data are collected for all permit-issuing places in the state through a monthly survey of local construction officials. If data are not received for a particular place for that month, the data are imputed. The Census Bureau conducts an annual follow-up to obtain as much data as possible for places for which the data were imputed during the year; these data are then considered to be **FINAL MONTHLY FIGURES**. (Final statewide totals used to produce the annual averages on p. S-22 also include "undistributed" units.) Data beginning January 1998 contain revisions allocated back to prior months and are directly comparable to over-the-year changes shown on the **New Jersey's Economy by the Numbers** chart.

Total Private Dwelling Units Authorized by Building Permits (Series 22) data are the sum of single-family, two-family, three-or-four family and five-or-more-family dwelling units. Public housing units are not included in the series and represent a tiny fraction of the total.

Private Multi-Family (5+ units) Authorized by Building Permits (Series 24) include all multi-family structures with five or more units, except those in public housing. Data do not exhibit a stable seasonal pattern and are, therefore, not appropriate for seasonal adjustment.

- 25-27 These series on **New Passenger Car & New Light Truck/Van Registrations** present data only on total new passenger cars and total light trucks/vans (in the gross vehicle weight class 0-10,000 lbs.) registered in New Jersey, regardless of the state in which the sales occur. Included are both domestically produced and imported vehicles. Excluded are all federal government registrations. Monthly data for current and prior-year are subject to revision.

Because of unemployment insurance (UI) coverage and other law changes affecting eligibility for benefits, data on unemployment insurance claims (Series 28-30) may not be directly comparable between years.

- 28 **Weeks Claimed (Weekly Average)** is computed by dividing the total number of weeks claimed (intrastate and interstate agent under the Regular State UI Program only) in the month by the number of weeks in the month.

The **Insured Unemployment Rate (IUR)** is the seasonally adjusted weekly average of weeks claimed (intrastate and interstate agent claims under the Regular State UI Program only), which is a proxy for a count of claimants, as a percent of employment covered by unemployment insurance.

- 29 The **Initial Claims Weekly Average** represents intrastate and interstate agent claims under the Regular State UI program only.

- 30 **Unemployment Insurance Exhaustions** are for the Regular State UI Program only.