

REPORT

OF THE

STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION

AND THE

STATE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,

FOR THE SCHOOL YEAR ENDING AUG 31,

1878.



MEMBERS OF THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

1878.

GEORGE B. McCLELLAN, Governor, Trenton.
JOHN P. STOCKTON, Attorney-General, Trenton.
ROBERT F. STOCKTON, Comptroller, Trenton.
HENRY C. KELSEY, Secretary of State, Trenton.
GEORGE C. LUDLOW, President of the Senate, New Brunswick.
JOHN EGAN, Speaker of the Assembly, Elizabeth.
CHARLES E. ELMER, Bridgeton.
RICHARD M. ACTON, Salem.
JOHN MACLEAN, D. D., LL. D., Princeton.
JAMES. BINGHAM WOODWARD, Bordentown.
BENJAMIN WILLIAMSON, Elizabeth.
GILBERT COMBS, Freehold.
THOMAS LAWRENCE, Hamburg.
RYNIER H. VEGHTE, Somerville.
JOHN M. HOWE, M. D., Passaic.
RODMAN M. PRICE, Oakland.
WILLIAM A. WHITEHEAD, Newark.
WILLIAM H. STEELE, D. D., Newark.
BENNINGTON F. RANDOLPH, Jersey City.
CHARLES K. IMBRIE, D. D., Jersey City.
ELIAS COOK, Treasurer of the State Normal School, Trenton.

Trustees of the

State

Normal School. .

OFFICERS.

President—GEORGE B. McCLELLAN. Vice President—WILLIAM A. WHITEHEAD. State Superintendent and (ex officio) Secretary—ELLIS A. APGAR.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

JOHN MACLEAN, D. D. LL. D., CHARLES E. ELMER, WILLIAM A. WHITEHEAD, HENRY C. KELSEY, ROBERT F. STOCKTON,

COMMITTEE ON GROUNDS AND BUILDINGS.

ELIAS COOK,

HENRY C. KELSEY, JAMES BINGHAM WOODWARD.



REPORT OF THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

December, 1878.

To the Honorable the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

In submitting for your consideration the various subordinate reports as to the workings of the system of Public Instruction, the State Board of Education is gratified to be able to record some im-

provement in the results attained during the past year.

In consequence of the general shrinkage of valuations there has been a decrease of \$61,076 in the product of the two-mill tax. Nevertheless, the amount from all sources, for the benefit of the Public Schools, reached very nearly \$2,000,000; that is something more than \$6 for each child on the school census, or more than \$9.60 for each child actually enrolled in the Public Schools.

The total number of school-houses has increased by 5, while there is a decrease of 12 in those marked "poor," showing a better

condition of affairs.

There has been an increase of 119 in the number of teachers, making the total number 3,429, of whom 271 have attended the Normal School. While there has been an increase of 3,788 in the school census, the number enrolled in the schools has increased by 3,925, and what is more gratifying is that there has been much more than this increase in the numbers attending for long periods. For example:

| The | increase | in | the | number | atten | ding | 10 | months | is | | | | 2,370 |
|-----|----------|------|-------|----------|-------|------|----|--------|----|---|---|---|-------|
| | " | | | | | | | | | - | | - | 4,482 |
| 66 | " | " | 66 | " | 66 | 6 to | 8 | " | " | | - | | 1,652 |
| " | " | 66 | 66 | " | " | 4 to | 6 | " | " | - | | - | 311 |
| 66 | decrease | , le | ss tl | nan 4 mo | nths, | - | | | - | | - | | 4,999 |

The average time during which the schools have been kept open during the year is ten days longer than in the preceding year.

All necessary details in regard to the applications of the school funds, and the statistics as to the operation of the system, will be found in the appended report of the Superintendent of Public Instruction.

The board respectfully commend to your favorable consideration the Superintendent's recommendation that the time for the election of school trustees, in all the districts, may be changed from the first Monday in September to the first Monday in June, in order that the new boards may have time to arrange for the following school year. They also concur in his recommendation that the provision in the law giving all districts having 45 children or over a minimum of \$350, be changed so that the limit shall be \$300. Under present circumstances, the existing law works an inequality and injustice, which is fully explained in the State Superintendent's report, and which ought to be corrected.

The board regard with favor the idea of introducing Industrial Drawing in the Normal and Model Schools, with a view of extending instruction in that branch to the Public Schools as rapidly as

competent teachers can be found.

They also favor the establishment of technical schools, separate from the Public Schools and partly aided by the State, as rapidly

as their organization can be perfected.

In conclusion, the board take great pleasure in inviting your attention to the very high commendation bestowed upon the New Jersey Centennial Exhibit of the Public School system by the Centennial judges in the Department of Education and Science. The report of the judges will be found in that of the State Superintendent of Education. It is couched in very flattering terms, and should be a source of just pride to all connected with the school system.

The duties devolved upon the board by the laws of the State,

have been regularly and promptly performed.

By order of the board,

GEO. B. McCLELLAN, President.

REPORT OF THE STATE SUPERINTENDENT.

DEPARTMENT OF Public Instruction, Trenton, N. J., November 7th, 1878.

To the Honorable the Members of the State Board of Education:

Gentlemen—In obedience to the requirements of the school law, I have the honor to present to you the following report of the workings of the Public School system of the State of New Jersey, for the school year ending August 31st, 1878.

The following is a brief summary of the amount of money received from the various sources named, and appropriated to the

support of Public Schools:

| Amount of two-mill tax appropriated by the State, Additional State appropriation, 100,000 00 Township school tax, 24,387 00 Interest of surplus revenue, 33,306 81 District and city school tax for teachers' salaries, 302,630 59 | |
|--|---|
| District and city school tax for building and repairing school-houses, 379,806 66 | |
| Total amount appropriated for all school purposes, \$1,972,632 44 | |
| Total valuation of school property in the State, - \$6,300,398 00 | |
| Total census of children between five and eighteen vears of age 322,166 | , |

In the following table, a general summary of statistics for this year is given, and compared with similar statistics last year:

SUMMARY OF STATISTICS.

| | 1877. | 1878. | INGREASE |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| | | | DECREASE. |
| | | | |
| REVENUE. | | | |
| Two-mill tax appropriated by the State. Additional State appropriation | \$1193677 42 100000 00 | \$1132501 38 100000 00 | \$61176 04 decrease |
| Township school tax | 30052 00 | 24387 00 33306 81 | 5665 00 decrease |
| Interest of surplus revenue. District and city tax for teachers' salaries. | 33891 20 301524 56 | 302630 59 | 584 39 decrease 1106 03 increase 11947 17 decrease |
| District and city tax for building school-houses | 391753 83 1659145 18 | 379806 66 1592825 78 | 66319 40 Oecresse |
| Total amount, including that raised for building | 2050899 01 6518504 00 | 1972632 44 6300398 00 | 78266 57 decrease • 218106 00 decrease |
| Value 02 000000 pt 0 pc. 1, | 0010001 00 | | |
| DISTRICT SCHOOL TAX. | | | |
| Number of districts that raise tax to pay teachers' salaries | 273 | 246 | 27 decrease |
| Number of districts that raise tax to build school-houses Number of districts that raise no tax | 373 878 | 337 93 6 | 36 decrease 58 increase |
| | | | |
| COST OF EDUCATION. | | | |
| Average cost per pupil, calculated on total school census Average cost per pupil, calculated on average attendance | \$ 5 39 14 61 | \$ 5 14 13 19 | \$ 25 decrease 1 42 decrease |
| Artinge cost per pupil, calculated on average attendance | 14 01 | 10 10 | 1 32 (0010400 |
| NUMBER OF TEACHERS. | | | |
| Males | 954 | 993 | 39 Increase |
| Females | 2356 | 2436 | 80 increase |
| SALARY. | | | |
| Average salary per month paid to male teachers | \$63 78 | \$60 50 | \$3 28 decrease |
| Average salary per month paid to female teachers | 37 04 | 36 14 | 90 decrease |
| TEACHERS' CERTIFICATES GRANTED. | | | |
| First Grade, Number granted to males. | 83 | 99 | 16 Increase |
| (Number granted to remales | 34 124 | 48 110 | 14 increase 14 decrease |
| | 131 548 | 114 653 | 17 decrease |
| Number granted to males. Total number granted to females. | 1092 755 | 1129 862 | 105 Increase 37 increase 107 increase |
| Total number granted to finales. | 1257 | 1291 | 34 increase |
| Total number granted | 2012 915 | 2153 1250 | 141 increase 335 increase |
| | | | |
| SCHOOL DISTRICTS, HOUSES, &c. | | | |
| Number of townships and cities | 263 1367 | 265 1367 | 2 Increase |
| Number of school districts Number of school buildings. Number of school departments. | 1546 3081 | 1551 3182 | 5 increase 101 increase |
| Number of unsectarian private schools. Number of sectarian private schools. | 198 | 227 98 | 29 increase 10 increase |
| Number of sectarian private schools | 88 3318 | 3269 | 49 decrease |
| | | | |
| CONDITION OF SCHOOL PROPERTY. | | | |
| Number of districts in which the school-houses are very poor | 77 | 69 97 | 8 decrease 4 decrease |
| Number in which they are poor. Number in which they are medlum. Number in which they are good. Number in which they are yery good. Number of new houses erected. | 252 | 274 | 22 increase 13 decrease |
| Number in which they are good | 464 469 | 451 469 | |
| Number of school-nouses refurilished or remodeled | 26 35 | 24 39 | '2 decrease 4 increase |
| Number of districts without school-houses | 4 | 7 | 3 increase |

SUMMARY OF STATISTICS-(CONTINUED).

| | 1877. | 1878. | INOREASE OR DEOREASE. |
|---|---|---|---|
| VALUATION OF SCHOOL PROPERTY. | | | |
| Number of buildings valued at \$100 or less. Number valued between \$100 and \$500. Number valued between \$100 and \$1000. Number valued between \$1000 and \$5000. Number valued between \$1000 and \$5000. Number valued between \$5000 and \$10,000. Number valued between \$10,000 and \$20,000. Number valued above \$20,000. Average value af school-houses outside the cities. Average value, including those in the cities. | 28 341 409 557 87 57 67 \$2691 5099 | 84 337 408 542 94 51 82 \$2548 4967 | 6 increase 4 decrease 1 decrease 15 decrease 7 increase 6 decrease 15 increase 143 decrease 132 decrease |
| ATTENDANCE, | | | |
| Total school census between 5 and 18 years of age. Total enrollment in the public schools. Number attending public school 10 months. Number attending between 8 and 10 months. Number attending between 6 and 8 months. Number attending between 4 and 6 months. Number attending between 4 and 6 months. Number attending less than 4 months. Average attendance upon the public schools. Number of children the public schools will seat. Number in attendance upon private schools Number attending no school | 12868* 40725 37084 35835 72197 | 322166 202634 15247 45207 38736 36146 67298 113604 181746 42017 72067 | 3783 increase 3253 increase 2379 increase 4482 increase 1652 increase 311 increase 4899 decrease 5643 increase 566 decrease 191 decrease 322 decrease |
| PERCENTAGE OF ATTENDANCE. | | | |
| Percentage attending 10 months. Percentage attending between 8 and 10 months. Percentage attending between 6 and 8 months. Percentage attending between 4 and 6 months. Percentage attending less than 4 months. Percentage attending less than 4 months. Percentage attending the public schools. Percentage attending the public schools. Percentage attending no school. Percentage of census the schools will accommodate. | .06 .20 .19 .18 .37 .57 .63 .14 .23 | .07 .20 .20 .19 .34 .55 .71 .10 .19 | .01 Increase .01 increase .01 increase .03 decrease .02 decrease .08 Increase .04 decrease .04 decrease .02 decrease |
| SCHOOL TERMS. | | | |
| Number of districts that maintained school less than 6 months Number that maintained school 6 months but less than 9 months Number that maintained school 9 months or more | 13 80 1275 9 mos. 4 d y s | 11 84 1271 9 mos. 14 d. | 2 decrease 4 increase 4 decrease 10 days increase |
| DISTRICT SCHOOL CENSUS. | | | |
| Number of districts with less than 45 children Number having between 45 and 80 children Number having between 80 and 120 children Number having between 120 and 200 children Number having between 120 and 500 children Number baving more than 500 children Number in the districts, excluding the cities Average number in the districts, including the cities. | 77 568 364 203 95 61 149 233 | 81 563 372 164 103 64 147 | 4 increase 5 decrease 8 increase 19 decrease 8 increase 3 increase 2 decrease 2 increase |

REVENUE.

The total amount appropriated to the support of Public Schools this year, exclusive of that raised for building and repairing purposes, is \$1,592,825.78, against \$1,659,145.18 last year—being a decrease of \$66,319.40. There is a decrease of \$61,176.04 in the amount received from the two-mill State tax, a decrease of \$5,665 in the township tax, a decrease of \$584.39 in the amount derived from the surplus revenue, and an increase of \$1,106.03 in the amount of district and city tax voted to pay teachers' salaries and

fuel bills. The amount appropriated to the purpose of building and repairing school-houses this year is \$379,806.66, against \$391,753.83 used for these purposes last year—being a decrease of \$11,947.17. The total amount set apart for all school purposes this year is \$1,972,632.44—being a decrease of \$78,266.57 from the total amount of last year.

The per capitâ apportionment shows a decrease again this year, being \$3.87, against \$4.11 last year. Since 1875 the decrease has been 74 cents per child. This reduction affects only the large districts, and those having less than 45 children. The amount appor-

tioned to these districts is over \$1 less than it was in 1875.

LOCAL TAXATION.

In 246 districts the schools have been supported in part by district tax. This is a decrease from last year of 27. The number of districts that raised money last year for building and repairing school-houses was 337, being a decrease of 36. 936 districts raise no district tax, an increase of 58.

TEACHERS AND SALARIES.

The number of male teachers employed during the year has been 993, and the number of female teachers 2,436, an increase of 39 males and 80 females. The average monthly salary paid to male teachers was \$60.50, a decrease of \$3.28 on the average amount paid last year; the female teachers received an average monthly salary of \$36.14, a decrease of 90 cents. The salaries in Essex county average higher than in any other county in the State; Hudson ranks next, and then Union. The lowest average for male teachers is paid in Salem county, and the lowest for females in Hunterdon.

TEACHERS' CERTIFICATES.

Of first-grade county certificates, 99 were issued to males, and 114 to females; of the second-grade, 110 were issued to males, and 114 to females; of the third-grade, 653 to males, and 1,129 to females. There is an increase of 16 in the number of first-grade certificates granted to males, and an increase of 14 to females, being an increase of 30 first-grade certificates over the number issued last year. There is a decrease of 31 second-grade certificates from last year—14 males and 17 females. The number of applicants for county certificates who failed to pass the required examination, was 1,250, an increase of 335 over last year. The percentage of rejections in the several counties ranges from nineteen-hundredths to sixty-one hundredths, the lowest being in Cape May and the highest in Essex. In Camden, the rejections were fifty-eight hun-

dredths; in Sussex, forty-two hundredths; and in Atlantic, Cumberland and Somerset, forty-one hundredths. Two certificates were revoked in Atlantic county, one in Essex and one in Hudson.

The following table gives the number of teachers in the counties,

respectively, holding each grade, both State and county:

TABLE.

| • | Stat | e Certifica | ites. | County Certificates. | | | |
|--|--|---|---|--|---|---|--|
| COUNTIES. | 1st Grade. | 2d Grade. | 3d Grade. | 1st Grade. | 2d Grade. | 8d Grade. | |
| itlantic lergen. surington lamden lame May lumberland loucester. ludson lunterdon lercer liddlesex lonmouth lorris locean lassalc ladem lomerset lussex lonion lunterdon lererer liddlesex lonmouth lorris locean lassalc ladem lomerset lussex lulon lunterdon lererer liddlesex lonion lunterdon lererer liddlesex lonion lunterdon lererer lunterdon lererer lunterdon lererer lunterdon lunter | 4 4 5 5 2 3 3 2 2 1 4 1 | 4 2 4 4 4 2 5 5 1 0 2 1 1 4 9 9 4 2 1 1 3 3 4 4 4 2 2 2 2 | 7 3 2 1 4 4 14 6 4 3 3 5 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 | 23 23 17 24 8 25 75 12 22 25 14 23 14 7 25 15 16 16 16 16 | * 10 21 48 67 9 36 119 16 187 49 36 17 32 19 8 9 22 24 29 47 27 | 32 522 102 80 16 74 202 73 199 94 107 112 122 41 176 86 57 121 63 94 | |
| Total | 38 | 72 | 84 | 476 | 862 | 1897 | |

The total number of State certificates held is 194, of which, as appears by the above table, 38 are of the first grade, 72 of the second, and 84 of the third. The total number of county certificates is 3,235, of which 476 are of the first grade, 862 of the second, and 1,897 of the third. 1 per cent. of the total number held are first-grade State, 2 per cent. are second-grade, and 3 per cent. third-grade, being a decrease in third grade State certificates of 1 per cent from last year. 14 per cent. are of the first-grade county, an increase of 1 per cent.; 25 per cent. are of the second grade, an increase of 5 per cent.; and 55 per cent. are of the third grade, a decrease of 5 per cent.

SCHOOL DISTRICTS, SCHOOL HOUSES, &C.

The number of school districts in the State is 1,367, the same as last year; the number of school buildings, 1,551, an increase of 5; and the number of school departments, 3,182, an increase of 101. The number of unsectarian private schools is 227, an increase of 29; the number of sectarian private schools 98, an increase of 10.

CONDITION OF SCHOOL PROPERTY.

During the year 24 new school-houses have been erected, a decrease of 2; and 39 old buildings have been repaired, an increase of 4. The amount of money expended for building and repairing has been \$391,753.83, and the amount ordered to be raised for the same purpose next year is \$379,806.66. The total valuation of the school property is \$6,300,398, a decrease of \$218,106 from that of last year. The number of school-houses denominated "very poor" shows a decrease this year of 8, being 69 as against 77 last year; those denominated "poor," 97, a decrease of 4; "medium," 274, an increase of 22; "good," 451, a decrease of 13; and "very good," 469, the same as last year.

The school-houses denominated "very poor" are distributed

throughout the State as follows:

| Eleven " I Two " (Three " (Two " (Four " (| Bergen "Burlington "Camden "Cape May "Cumberland "Gloucester " | Two One Six One Two Four Fifteen | 40 40 40 40 | Monmouth Morris Ocean Passaic Salem Somerset Sussex | county. |
|---|--|----------------------------------|----------------------|---|---------|
| Four " | | Fifteen One | " | | |
| | Middlesex " | Three | | Warren | " |

The number of school-houses valued at \$100, or less, has increased 6 during the year, being now 34 in the State: 8 in Atlantic county, 1 in Bergen, 1 in Burlington, 1 in Cape May, 2 in Gloucester, 1 in Hunterdon, 1 in Morris, 2 in Passaic, 3 in Salem, 11 in Sussex, and 3 in Warren.

337 are valued between \$100 and \$500, four less than last year; 408 between \$500 and \$1,000, a decrease of 1; 542 between \$1,000 and \$5,000, a decrease of 15; 94 between \$5,000 and \$10,000, an increase of 7; 51 between \$10,000 and \$20,000, a decrease of 6; and 82 above \$20,000, an increase of 15.

Of the schools valued at \$500, or less-

```
Seventeen are in Atlantic county, being .36 of the whole number.
Five
                  Bergen
                                            .07
             66
                                "
                                       44
Fifty-three
                  Burlington
                                            .43
             66
                                                  66
Twelve
                                46
                                       66
                  Camden
                                            .17
             66
                                66
                                       66
Six
                  Cape May
                                            .22
             66
                                       66
                                                             66
                · Cumberland "
                                            .15
Twelve
            66
                                "
                                                             66
                                       66
Three
                  Essex
                                            .04
            66
                                66
                                       66
                                            .19
                  Gloucester
Thirteen
Thirty-nine "
                                                              66
                                66
                                       66
                  Hunterdon
                                            .36
             66
                                66
                                       66
                                                  66
                                                              66
                                            .15
Ten
                  Mercer
                                66
                                                  66
                                                              66
             66
                                       "
                                            .21
Sixteen
                  Middlesex
             66
                                66
                                       66
                                                  66
                                                              46
Fourteen
                  Monmouth
                                            .11
```

| Twenty-two | are in | Morris | county, | being | .20 | of the | whole number. |
|-------------|--------|----------|---------|-------|-----|--------|---------------|
| Fourteen | " | Ocean | " | " | .30 | " | " |
| Four | " | Passaic | " | 46 | .09 | " | " |
| Twenty-six | " | Salem | " | " | .35 | " | " |
| Sixteen | " | Somerset | 46 | " | .22 | " | · · · |
| Fifty-four | " | Sussex | " | 66 | .50 | 66 | " |
| One | | Union | " | " | .03 | " | ш |
| Thirty-four | are in | Warren | " | " | .37 | " | " |

Hudson has none valued as low as \$500. Of the buildings valued at \$20,000, and upwards, 23 are in Essex, 21 in Hudson, 8 in Passaic, 7 in Camden, 6 in Union, 5 in Middlesex, 3 each in Mercer, Monmouth and Warren, and 1 each in Bergen, Burlington and Cumberland. The average value of school-houses in the State is \$4,967, a decrease of \$132. The average value of those outside the cities is \$2,548, a decrease of \$143. The lowest average is in Ocean county, and the highest in Hudson.

1,178 of the school-houses are constructed of wood, 298 of brick, and 75 of stone. The buildings in the small districts contain but one room each, and are known as "ungraded schools." The total number of such buildings is 1,052. The number of buildings having two rooms is 239. In these buildings there are two grades, the primary and advanced. 270 buildings have more than two

rooms, and admit of a better classification.

There are still 477 houses in the State that retain the old style desks. The number of buildings furnished with modern desks is 1,074. 630 of our schools are without maps or charts; 868 without globes; 319 without dictionaries or gazetteers, and 3 without blackboards. Of the last, 2 are in Warren county, and 1 is in Sussex. 137 districts provide the children with text-books. 119 schools are reported as not presenting a tidy appearance when visited by the County Superintendents.

ATTENDANCE.

The total census this year is 322,166, an increase since last year of 3,788. The attendance during the year has been as follows:

| Total en | rollm | ent in tl | ne Public Schools, | 202,634 |
|----------|-------|-----------|-------------------------------|---------|
| Number | that | attende | l ten months, | 15,247 |
| 66 | 46 | 66 | between eight and ten months, | 5,207 |
| 6.6 | 66 | | " six and eight months, - | 38,736 |
| 66 | •• | " | " four and six months, | 36,146 |
| " | 46 | " | less than four months, | 67,298 |
| Average | atter | idance t | ipon the Public Schools, | 113,607 |
| Number | | | d private schools, | 42,017 |
| 66 | 66 | 66 | no school, | 72,067 |

The percentage of attendance is given in the following table:

PERCENTAGE OF ATTENDANCE.

| Percentage | of total census attending the Public Schools, - | .71 |
|------------|--|-----|
| " | attending the private schools, | .10 |
| 66 | " no school, | .19 |
| 66 | of total enrollment attending ten months, - | .07 |
| 66 | " " between eight and | |
| | ten months, | .20 |
| 66 | of total enrollment attending between six and eight | |
| | months, | .20 |
| 46 | of total enrollment attending between four and six | |
| | months, | .19 |
| 44 | of total enrollment attending less than four months, | .34 |
| 66 | " average attendance, | .55 |
| 66 | " census the schools will accommodate, | .67 |
| 66 | " " " in the cities will accommo- | |
| | date, | .41 |
| 66 | of census the schools outside the cities will accom- | |
| | date, | .76 |

The percentage of total enrollment has increased 8 per cent. over last year; the attendance for ten months increased 1 per cent.; the attendance between four and six months increased 1 per cent.; the attendance less than four months decreased 3 per cent., and the attendance between eight and ten months remains the same as last year. The attendance upon the public and private schools is 81 per cent. of the total school census, an increase over last year of 4 per cent.

SCHOOL TERMS.

The average length of time the schools have been kept open has increased this year, being nine months and fourteen days, or ten days more than last year. 1,271 districts have kept their schools open the time required by law—a decrease of 4. Only 95 were open less than 9 months. In only 11 districts were the schools open less than 6 months, a decrease of 2 from last year.

DISTRICT SCHOOL CENSUS.

The total number of districts having less than 45 children each is 81, an increase of 4 over last year; the number having between 45 and 80 is 563, a decrease of 5; the number having between 80 and 120 is 372, an increase of 8; the number having between 120 and 200 is 184, a decrease of 19; the number having between 200

and 500 is 103, an increase of 8; and the number having over 500 is 64, an increase of 3. The average number in the districts throughout the State is 235, an increase of 2; the average number in the districts, excluding the cities, is 147, a decrease of 2.

CERTIFICATES TO NORMAL SCHOOL GRADUATES.

ADVANCED COURSE.

| NAME. | RESIDENCE. | DAT ISS | E O | F | DATE OF EXPIRATION | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|-----------------|------------|-------|-----------------------|------------|------|
| GENTLEMEN. | • | | | | | | |
| Charles G. JoslynAlfred Cuthbert | May's Landing, Atlantic Augusta, Georgia Trenton, Mercer | January June | 31, 27, | 1878. | January June | 31, 27, | 1885 |
| Jeremiah E. Sayre | | 66 | | 66 | 66 | | 66 |
| LADIES. | | | | | | | |
| Mary AshtonEmily F. Betts | Trenton, Mercer | January | 31, | " | January | 31, | " |
| Addie Cubberley | Trenton, Mercer | 66 | | 66 | " | | 66 |
| Nary F. Ford | | 66 | | 66 | 66 | | 46 |
| Mary E. Humphreys Frances B. Munn | Port Richmond, New York Montclair. Essex | 46 | | 66 | 66 | | 66 |
| Hattie A. Morehouse | Pompton Plains, Morris | 66 | | 66 | 66 | | 66 |
| Elizabeth L. Newbold | Federalsburg, Maryland | 66 | | " | 66 | | 66 |
| Clara A. Pierson | Woodbury, Gloucester | 66 | | 66 1 | 44 | | 66 |
| Mary L. Armstrong | Salem, Salem | June " | 27, | 66 | June " | 27, | 66 |
| Harriet M. Bailey Cora M. Boyd | Trenton, Mercer | 46 | | 66 | ** | | 66 |
| Clara Edgar | Metuchen, Middlesex | 66 | | 66 | 66 | | 66 |
| Kate E. Wentz | Blackwoodtown, Camden | ** | | 46 | 66 | | 66 |

ELEMENTARY COURSE.

| NAME. | RESIDENCE. | | E OF UE. | DATE OF EXPIRATION. | | |
|---|---|----------------------------|---|---------------------|---|--|
| GENTLEMEN. Edward Miller | Perrineville, Monmouth | June " | 27, 1878. | June " | 27, 1883 | |
| Mary B. Connett. Laura F. Hall. Laura Hanes Ellen M. Kean. Meribah Roe. Lulu P. Tappey. Mary E. Wallace. Jane Wilson. Harriet P. Boyle. Lillie F. Ewing. Olive M. Ewing. Maria Filinn. Mary Irene Lamson. Mary E. Rellly. Lettita A. White. | Beverly, Burlington. Woodstown, Salem. Oxford, Warren. Branchville, Sussex. Petersburg, Virginia. Recklesstown, Burlington Everittstown, Hunterdon. Liberty Corner, Somerset. New York, New York. Shiloh, Cumberland. Beverly, Burlington. Bordentown, Burlington Branchville, Sussex. Lambertville, Hunterdon. | 66 66 66 66 66 | 31, " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " | January | 31, " | |

DISTRICT SCHOOL LIBRARIES.

The following schools have established or added to their free school libraries during the year:

Atlantic county, 3d application, Nos. 1 and 22; 6th application,

No. 50.

Bergen county, 1st application, No. 12; 2d application, Nos. 7. 27 and 62; 4th application, No. 37.

Burlington county, 2d application, No. 63; 3d application, No. 24; 6th application, No. 67; 7th application, No. 45.

Camden county, 1st application, No. 14; 3d application, No. 30.

Cape May county, 1st application, No. 11.

Cumberland county, 1st application, No. 56; 4th application, No. 44 (school No. 6); 5th application, No. 44 (schools Nos. 5 and 7); 6th application, No. 44 (schools Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4) and 43.

Essex county, 1st application, Nos. 12, 27 and 43 (High School and Webster street school); 2d application, No. 28; 3d application, Nos. 4, 8 and 21; 5th application, No. 11; 6th application, No. 20.

Gloucester county, 1st application, Nos. 27, 29, 52 and 64; 3d

application, Nos. 1 and 45.

Hunterdon county, 1st application, Nos. 26, 43 and 78.

Mercer county, 1st application, No. 38.

Middlesex county, 2d application, Nos. 23 and 73 (Livingston street, Carman street, French street, Guldin street and Hale street schools); 3d application, No. 73 (Bayard street school); 5th application, Nos. 15 and 38.

Monmouth county, 1st application, Nos. 7 and 33; 2d applica-

tion, No. 75.

Morris county, 1st application, Nos. 86 and 90; 2d application, Nos. 33\frac{1}{2} and 69; 4th application, Nos. 79 and 84; 6th application, Nos. 72 and 82.

Passaic county, 3d application, No. 18; 4th application, No. 13. Sussex county, 1st application, Nos. 10, 35 and 72; 2d application, No. 93; 3d application, No. 106.

Union county, 1st application, Nos. 1, 2 and 20; 2d application,

No. 14; 3d application, No. 18; 4th application, No. 19.

Warren county, 2d application, No. 42; 3d application, No. 58. The number of 1st applications made during the year is twentysix; of 2d applications, seventeen; of 3d, fourteen; of 4th, six; of 5th, five; of 6th, ten; of 7th, one. The total number for the year is seventy-nine.

Three hundred and ninety-five schools have established libraries; seventy have made the second application; fifty the third; twentytwo the fourth; twelve the fifth; ten the sixth; two the seventh.

The following table shows the total number of payments to each county:

| COUNTIES. | 1st Payment. | 2d Payment. | 3d Payment. | 4th Payment. | 5th Payment. | 6th Payment. | 7th Payment. | Total. |
|--|---|------------------|---|---|---------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|--|
| Atlantic. Bergen. Burlington Camden Cape May. Cumberland Essex. Gloucester Hudson. Hunterdon Mercer Middlesex Monris Ocean. Passaic. Salem. Somerset Sussex. Union. Warren. | 12 3 6 15 7 9 11 16 8 11 16 28 23 10 4 6 10 | 1831155422219562 | 10 mm m m 1 (6 mm) m 01 (10 mm) m 4 m 01 (10 mm) | 3 2 2 1 1 2 1 1 3 | 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 | 1 1 5 1 1 | 1 | 22 17 15 20 15 23 25 23 25 23 14 10 30 34 37 7 8 15 19 13 |
| Total, | 229 | 70 | 50 | 22 | 12 | 10 | 2 | 395 |

TEACHERS' INSTITUTES.

During the year institutes have been held in the counties of Atlantic, Burlington, Camden, Cape May, Cumberland, Middlesex, Monmouth and Warren. The instruction given by Prof. A. V. De Graff, of Albany, N. Y., on the branches commonly taught in the schools, gave marked satisfaction, and proved to be of great benefit to all the teachers present.

The following table shows the length of time teachers had been in the schools in which they were engaged last year:

| COUNTIES. | Average time in months. | No who had been in the school over five years. | No. who had been in the school less than one year. | Longest time by any one teacher. |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Atlantic. Bergen. Burlington. | 15 25 28 21 23 | 2 10 27 | 41 27 70 | 6.7 y'rs. 10 " 29 " |
| Camden. Cape May. Cumberland. | 21 23 10 | 17 4 2 128 | 37 16 75 | 11 " 7 " 5 " 17 " |
| Essex Gloucester Hudson Hunterdon | 10 35 19 52 19 | 128 4 151 10 | 27 39 15 46 | 25 " 30 " 8.4 " |
| Hunterdon. Mercer. Middlesex Monmouth | 16 27 27 27 14 | 5 16 12 | 19 39 54 | 9 " |
| Morris- Ocean Passaic | No report | | 67 | , 8 " |
| Salem Somerset | 7 26 16 | 11 7 | -23 65 25 68 | 12 " 3 " 12 " 8 " 5 " |
| Union Warren | 15 22 | 6 11 | 16 56 | 12 " |
| Total | 22.4 | 446 | 825 | |

From the above table it appears that 13 per cent. of the teachers remain in the schools more than 5 years, and that 1 year is the limit for 25 per cent. The average time ranges in the several counties from 7 months in Salem to 52 months, or $4\frac{1}{3}$ years, in Hudson.

CLASSIFICATION OF SCHOOLS.

The schools of the several counties are graded by the County Superintendents. In some of the counties the number of grades is 3, in others 5. The County Superintendent, at the time of his visit, takes into account all that goes to determine the character of the school, and assigns a grade such as, in his judgment, best expresses the condition of that school, as compared with the rest of the county.

In the following table is given the number of schools of each of

the grades in the counties, respectively:

| COUNTIES. | No. of 1st Grade. | No. of 2d Grade. | No. of 3d Grade. | No. of 4th Grade. | No. of 5th Grade. |
|--|--|--|--|---|-------------------|
| Atlantic Bergen Burlington Camden Cape May Cumberland Essex Gloucester Hudson Hunterdon Mercer Middlesex Monmouth Morris | 5 6 14 8 10 19 14 5 31 14 8 9 7 8 No report. | 14 18 22 9 7 38 18 7 8 23 43 30 24 16 | 16 18 86 46 8 24 32 21 5 71 15 38 73 62 | 12 22 6 13 22 22 22 22 | 20 |
| Passaic. Salem Somerset. Susex Union. Warran | 18 10 5 | 13 16 20 17 6 24 | 15 44 48 49 23 51 | 23 12 | 12 |
| Total | 208 | 373 | 745 .50 | 139 | 39 |

Good order, as reported by the County Superintendents, is maintained in 989 schools.

The average number of organized classes in the schools of the counties, respectively, ranges from 6 to 29, the lowest number being in Union, and the highest in Gloucester.

Of the 3.429 teachers in the State, 602 are reported as confined

to text-books during recitations.

NORMAL TEACHERS.

In the following table is given the number of graduates that were found teaching in the several counties during the past school year. The table also gives the number of undergraduates in each

county. By undergraduates is meant those who have been pupils at the Normal School, but who left before graduation:

| COUNTIES. | GRADUATES. | UNDER- GRADUATES | |
|--|--|---|--|
| Atlantic. Bergen Bergen Burlington Camden Cape May. Cumberland Essex Gloucester. Hudson Hunterdon Mercer. Middlesex Monmouth Morris. Ocean Passaic Salem Somerset Sussex Union | 7 11 18 5 4 10 10 11 9 3 5 14 6 12 2 4 4 2 5 No report. | 6 12 10 4 5 3 14 1 1 8 11 4 7 7 10 6 | |
| Total | 144 | 127 | |

ELECTION OF TRUSTEES.

School trustees, according to law, are elected on the first Monday in September. This is probably the most unfavorable time that could be selected in the whole year. At this time all the schools re-open after the long summer vacation. It is the commencement of the school year. Whatever changes have been agreed upon in school matters now go into effect. These changes, it will be observed, must be determined by the Board of Trustees before its new organization. The new board finds that the school policy for the period of its administration was determined before it came into existence. The teachers who remain have been re-engaged, and new ones to fill vacancies have been employed. The result is, that the teachers in many of our schools are not the choice of the trustees in office, and there is a total lack of harmony between them. This want of harmony necessarily weakens the efficiency of the schools. The teacher works at a great disadvantage if he has not the co operation of his Board of Trustees, and this co-operation he is not likely to secure if he is not the choice of that board.

It frequently happens that, by the election of a single trustee, the majority for the teacher is changed to a majority against him. This is the case where the teacher is engaged by the consent of but two of the trustees, and the place of one of these is filled by a per-

son opposed to the teacher.

These difficulties could be obviated by a change in the law, fixing an earlier date for the election of trustees. If they could be elected on the first Monday in June, ample time would be afforded them after their organization to engage the teachers needed for the fol-

lowing year, and to determine all other matters affecting the schools. This change in the school law is respectfully recommended.

\$350 DISTRICTS.

The school law provides that, in the apportionment of school moneys, certain small districts having 45 children, or more, shall receive not less than \$350. Accordingly, all districts with a school census ranging from 45 to about 90, receive this fixed sum. This provision is right in principle. The same amount of money is needed to maintain a school in a district with 45 children as in one with 90. In each case a school-house must be provided and kept comfortable. One teacher is required in the smaller districts, and one is sufficient in the larger. Every item of expense involved in maintaining the one school must be incurred in the support of the other.

This provision was incorporated in the school law in the year 1871, and at that time it was not only right in principle, but the amount was just. The money derived from the two-mill tax was then sufficient to allow of this apportionment, without much loss to the other districts. In consequence of the yearly increase in the ratables of the State, the receipts from the two-mill tax continued to increase till the year 1875, when they reached the maximum. Since then there has been an annual decrease in the ratables, and a corresponding decrease in the amount of money received.

In 1875 the two-mill tax amounted to \$1,238,115.80; this year it is but \$1,132,501.38, being a decrease of \$105,614.42. This, however, does not represent the extent to which the districts have been affected. The census, in the meantime, has increased from 298,000 to 322,166, being an increase of 24,166. These two causes combined have reduced the *per capitâ* apportionment of the two-mill tax to the counties from \$4.16 to \$3.56, being a decrease of 60 cents

per child in the amount received by the counties.

In consequence of the provision of law referred to remaining unchanged, the \$350 districts receive the same as heretofore, and the entire loss falls upon the remaining districts. These now receive about 30 per cent. less money than they did in 1875. This is manifestly unjust. The loss should be equitably adjusted between the two classes of districts. By reducing the amount apportioned to the weak districts to \$3.0, the loss will be equalized. Those of each class will then receive 14 per cent. less than they did in 1875.

In the following table I have taken five counties as samples, and have shown the comparative statistics for 1875 and 1879 in the total, and in the *per capitâ* apportionment of the State appropriation to the counties; in the number of districts receiving \$350; in the maximum census in \$350 districts, and in the *per capitâ* apportionments to the remaining districts. I have also shown what will

be the result in these counties if the reduction recommended is made.

| | | | The effect of the decrease in the two-mill tax, with the law unchanged. | | | | The effect of reducing the \$350 to \$300. | | |
|------------|--------------|--------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|------------------------------------|--|
| COUNTIES. | Year, | Total apportionment. | Per capita apportionment from State appropriation. | Number of districts receiving \$350. | Maximum census in \$350 districts. | Amount received per child from State appropriation and surplus revenue, except in \$350 districts. | Number of districts receiving \$300. | Maximum census in \$300 districts. | Amount received per child from State appropriation and surplus revenue, except in \$300 districts. |
| Burlington | 1875 1879 | \$76,570 43 63,930 64 | \$4 49 3 82 | 44 59 | 76 94 75 | \$4 57 3 71 | 42 | 76 | \$3 90 |
| Monmouth | 1875 1879 | 73,981 54 67,832 55 | 4 49 3 82 | 59 23 39 42 | 75 90 76 | 4 65 3 83 | 23 | 76 | 3 93 |
| Morris | 1875 1879 | 66,963 73 56,554 19 | 4 49 3 82 | 42 62 55 | 76 98 87 | 4 56 3 53 | 45 | 78 | 3 81 |
| Sussex | 1875 1879 | 36,639 75 30,226 29 | 4 49 3 82 | 75 | 195 | 4 00 1 80 | 60 | 78 | 3 80 |
| Warren | 1875 1879 | 49,195 00 42,392 47 | 4 49 3 82 | 49 77 | 86 151 | 4 06 2 32 | 62 | 91 | 3 29 |

Take the county of Burlington, for instance. By inspecting the above table, it will be seen that there has been a falling off of 67 cents per capitâ in the amount received, or of \$12,639.79 in the aggregate. In 1875 the number of \$350 districts in this county was 44; now there are 59. The per capitâ apportionment, including the surplus revenue, to the remaining districts, in 1875 amounted to \$4.57; now it is but \$3.71. If the law is changed as proposed, these districts will receive \$3.90 per child.

The loss in the per capita apportionment to the large districts since 1875, and the increase in that apportionment that will result from a change in the law, is seen more conspicuously in the case of Sussex county. Here the number of \$350 districts has increased from 55 to 75, and the maximum census in the same from 87 to 195. The reduction in the apportionments for the remaining districts is remarkable. In 1875 it was \$4.00 per child, and now it is but \$1.80. By the change this latter amount will be increased to \$3.80.

The extent of loss to the large districts, and the effect of the proposed change, in the counties of Monmouth, Morris and Warren, may be seen in the table. The remaining counties of the State are

similarly affected.

There is a growing discontent in the large districts throughout the State in consequence of this unequal apportionment, and while the small districts would naturally prefer that the law shall remain as it is, they cannot but admit the justice of the change. Another important fact is worthy of notice. There has been a general reduction in teachers' salaries, and \$300 at present will go as far in maintaining a school as \$350 would in 1875. Some of these \$350 districts have balances to their credit that have accumu-

lated during the past two years.

It is a singular fact that by making the reduction some of the districts now getting \$350 will receive an increase. In Burlington county, a district with 94 children, now gets but \$350. If the change is made that same district will receive \$366. In Morris county, a district with 98 children, which now gets \$350, will receive \$373. In Warren county, a district with 151 children, which is now entitled to but \$350, will get \$497. The most remarkable increase, however, would be in Sussex county. At present the maximum census in the \$350 districts is 195. If the change is made all those having between 92 and 195 will be benefited. A district with the maximum of 195 children will receive \$741, instead of \$350, the amount it now receives. It therefore appears that not only are the large districts and those with less than 45 children interested in this reduction, but many of the \$350 districts will also be benefited.

TWO-MILL STATE TAX.

The prosperity of a community is measured by the intelligence of the people. Every business enterprise is successful in proportion as the masses are educated. The ignorant have few wants, and they purchase but little beyond the barest necessities of life. Education creates wants. Every man, in whatever business he may engage, finds that his best customers are among the educated. Capital is thus benefited by a general diffusion of intelligence. It is for this reason that capital is taxed to support a system of Public Schools. Not only is there a common interest in general prosperity, but in general morality likewise. Education promotes both. An educated man may become thriftless and vicious, but the fact that such cases excite surprise is proof that such results are unnatural. If 2,000 persons start life together under similar circumstances, except that one-half are educated and the other half are ignorant, no one doubts which class will furnish the greater number of enterprising, prosperous and influential citizens.

The people of this State constitute a commonwealth, and in the prosperity of this commonwealth all the citizens have an equal interest. The State possesses all the various branches that go to make a complete government. It has its executive, its legislative and its judicial departments. The State is thus a complete unit. It has power to enact laws, and it can insure their enforcement. It institutes measures of reform. It establishes prisons, asylums, hospitals, etc. It suppresses outbreaks, and does whatever is thought

to be for the general good of the people. The citizens of the State have a common interest in all these measures, and thus they are bound together into a commonwealth. Whatever there is of good that results from the exercise of these powers of the State, belongs to the whole people, and whatever expense is involved is paid by a uniform rate of taxation.

A general diffusion of intelligence is for the general good. It promotes all industries; it tends to secure the enactment of wise laws, and by it only can they be enforced with justice and impartiality. It being for the common good that all the citizens, so far as possible, shall be educated, it becomes a wise policy, on the part of the State, to place within the reach of all the opportunity of acquiring this education, and it is simply a matter of equity that the expenses incurred in maintaining the schools needed to impart

this education, shall be borne by all alike.

New Jersey recognizes the wisdom of this in assessing a uniform rate of tax upon each citizen for the support of her schools, in proportion to the amount of property he possesses, and in apportioning the amount thus raised to the several school districts on the basis of their school census. If it were possible, every man would pay his tax directly to the State Treasurer, and the apportionment would be made directly to the districts. In practice, however, it is found necessary to have county and township officials to transmit the money, in its collection, from the tax-payer to the State, and to transmit it back again in its distribution from the State to the districts. It is only a matter of convenience that the counties and townships are known in the transaction. In this double transmission it is found that certain counties and townships pay more than they receive, and that the reverse is true in certain other counties and townships. For this reason, many think the schools should be supported by county tax, or, in other words, that each county should retain and use for the support of its own schools the money raised within its own bounds.

The objections to such a system are many. The county is not a complete political organization. It is but a part, of which the State is the whole. It has no power of legislation. It can only exercise the powers given it by the State. The property of the State is unequally distributed among the several counties; some are much more wealthy than others. If the State should legislate that each county should support its own schools, there would be an unfair discrimination in favor of those that are wealthy, and against those that are poor. Instead of there being one uniform rate of taxation throughout the State, for the support of that in which we all have an equal interest, there would be 21 diverse rates. What would render this still more unfair is that the poorer the county the heavier would be the rate of taxation to insure equal benefits. It costs about \$5 per child to support Public Schools. To raise this

sum as proposed, the rate of taxation in some of the counties, because of their poverty, would be three times as great as in others,

because of their wealth.

If our schools were supported by county tax, the objection against a section paying more than it receives is not removed. The wealth of a county is unequally distributed among the several townships, and some would pay more and others less than they received, and the same reason that is now urged in favor of a county tax would still exist in favor of a township tax. If we disjoint the system still more, and provide that each township shall retain what it raises, then those districts that are wealthy will begrudge that portion of their money which goes to help those that are poor, and in order to be consistent we must say to each district, "support your own schools." But we find that we still have failed in our efforts to please all, or the wealthy, rather, for it is from this class alone that these objections come. The question of "giving and receiving" is still further discussed between two neighbors. One is blessed with children only, and the other with property only. The logic of the argument brings us to but one conclusion: our Public School system must be abolished, and every man must educate his own children.

Every true man, every man actuated by noble impulses, should be proud of his State, and glad to do all in his power to advance its interests. He should rejoice to see all her children receive an education, whether they live in counties made wealthy by cities and by concentrated manufacturing industries, or in those still poor, with their primitive forests. If he has wealth, he should willingly give his share for the education of the children of the poor, and if he is truly loyal to his State, it will be perfectly immaterial to him whether those children belong to a poor neighbor in his own county, or to one who may be just as close a neighbor, across an imaginary line in an adjoining county, or to a family in a county most remote

from his own.
Without do

Without doubt there are counties in the State where the people have just reason to complain. Some of them pay a larger surplus over and above the amount they receive than can justly be claimed, and others receive a greater sum over the amount paid than they are fairly entitled to. These evils, which grow out of the practical workings of the law, are due to the want of uniformity in rating the value of property for taxation in the different counties. In some counties it becomes necessary to place a high valuation upon property, in order to secure the tax needed for local purposes; in others, this necessity does not exist, and the valuation is made much lower-If, in the wisdom of the Legislature, some method can be devised that will secure uniformity in rating the value of property throughout all the counties for State taxation, the real cause of complaint will be removed.

METRIC SYSTEM.

The action of our Legislature, as an initiatory step toward supplying the schools of the State with metric apparatus, has received high commendations by school journals and friends of education throughout the country. In view of this action, I deem it important to note briefly the progress that has been made during the year looking toward a general adoption of the system.

Since the commencement of the present school year the schools of Boston and Cincinnati have been supplied with the apparatus, and the teachers are required to give instruction in the subject. An "International Metric Congress" has lately been held in Europe. The delegates from this country have returned, and confidence is expressed by them that the new system must soon receive universal adoption.

In our own Congress there is a special committee on this subject. Their report, which consists of several hundred pages, is already printed, and will be presented at the opening of the new session, and many are of the opinion that some favorable action will be taken. The interest throughout the country is constantly increasing.

The Boston and Providence Railroad has erected kilometer posts along the entire length of its lines, and metric charts have been placed in all the depots. The intention is to substitute the term kilometer for the mile in all computations of distance.

The metric system is used exclusively in writing prescriptions by the medical men of Boston, and is partially employed by phy-

sicians in many other cities in the United States.

The subject has been generally discussed by the various district,

county, State and American Medical Associations.

The National Congress has been memorialized by our State Medical Society on the subject of metric weights and measures as being more exact, uniform and simple. The system is used exclusively by the United States Coast Survey, and its use is more or less extensive among scientific men, in scientific works, in the United States postal service, and among professors in laboratories and colleges. It is in use by almost all who have dealings with foreign countries, and is beginning to be adopted by large manufacturers.

Surgeon General Woodworth, of the United States Marine Hospital Service, has issued a circular, with the approval of Secretary Sherman, requiring medical officers of the Marine Hospital Service to make use of the system hereafter, for all official, medical and pharmaceutical purposes, and the weights and graduated measures, as well as the glass-ware hereafter furnished the medical officers,

will be in accordance therewith.

The distribution of apparatus to the Public Schools of the State, as provided by the act of the legislature, will be made during the coming year.

NEW JERSEY AT THE CENTENNIAL.

The following extracts are taken from the report made by the judges on the Department of Education and Science at the Centennial, which has recently been issued. The teachers, school officers, and pupils of the State, who made contributions of school work for the New Jersey exhibit, will be gratified to know the estimation that was placed upon their efforts by those whose judgment must

be valued above that coming from any other source:

"In at least one important respect the New Jersey educational exhibit was unique. It surpassed all others in fullness and in completeness of organization. Every county in the State, every class and grade of Public Schools, every High School, all the higher institutions of the State, every important private institution, 95 per cent. of all teachers, and 14,000 pupils were represented. Besides this, there were 400 photographs of school houses. Nothing like this has been done by any other State or country since the inauguration of such exhibitions. It was enough to kindle the admiration of judges and public. The whole State appeared to have been worked over as a garden is worked by an ambitious cultivator, to make the very utmost of soil and seed. We said to ourselves instantly, here is organization, with zeal, thoroughness, efficiency of work. The whole body of school officers and teachers must have felt a common touch of inspiration, and moved with a unity of purpose, as an army of disciplined men is moved by a common patriotic sentiment, under the direction of a leader whom they have learned to love. New Jersey is a small State, to be sure, but that does not account for the completeness of the exhibit.

"But the New Jersey exhibit was also remarkable for the excellence of the pupil's work, and for the uniformity of that excellence. The work done in the smaller towns, and even in the country neighborhoods, compared well with that done in the city schools—a splendid comment on the efficiency of the State Normal School, as

well as on the thoroughness of supervision.

"Nor does this complete the statement of New Jersey's great merit. The classification and arrangement of her exhibit were so admirable, and the catalogue so complete, that the work of each county, city, village, school or pupil, could be referred to at will.

"Examined in detail, the work in penmanship and drawing challenged especial attention. The map-drawing, which was nearly or quite all from memory, showed unusually good training in geography as well as in the use of the pencil or pen; and the proportion of time bestowed upon spelling, writing, arithmetic, and the other elementary branches, furnished gratifying evidence that proficiency in these studies, so much neglected in many schools, is there highly appreciated.

"The large and attractive display of class-work, shown by the 33

private institutions, was also without parallel in the American section of the exhibition. Drawing, spelling, penmanship, composition, grammar, mathematics, history, geography, book-keeping, the natural sciences, and the Latin, French and German languages, were very satisfactorily represented by practical exercises—not in the exhibits of all, of course, but of a considerable number, while in no case was there a lack of representation by exercises in the

elementary branches.

"Add to the foregoing the carefully-prepared histories of the several counties of the State, the numerous statistical charts showing the present condition of education in the State at large, with the pecuniary basis on which it rests, and finally some remarkable independent exhibitions made by young persons zealously devoted to various branches of the sciences and of art, and the reader will gain some idea of the very able and thorough manner in which New Jersey did her part in Group XXVIII of the Centennial exhibition. She has made rapid progress within recent years, and is really among the most progressive of the States in respect to education."

SCHOOLS ABROAD.

For many years I have had an earnest desire to visit Europe. Through your kindness, gentlemen and members of the State Board of Education, this desire has been gratified. For this leave of absence, voted so cheerfully, I shall never cease to feel grateful. Before starting I was honored with a nomination by Governor McClellan and an appointment by President Hayes as United States Commissioner to the Paris Exposition. I was also favored by General Eaton, Chief of the Bureau of Education at Washington, with letters of introduction to prominent educators and school officers in various countries. I thus enjoyed peculiar advantages in studying school systems abroad. My absence extended over a period of nearly four months, three months of which constitute the ordinary vacation, during which nearly all the schools of the State are closed. The work of the office during this period consists largely in the distribution of blanks and in the gathering of statistics for the annual report. This, I am happy to say, has all been performed in a manner entirely satisfactory by the clerk of the department, Mr. Betts.

My tour extended through England, France, Belgium, Holland, the Rhine district, Switzerland and Italy. I traveled in all about twelve thousand miles. I felt the same anxiety common to all travelers the first time they visit Europe, to see everything. Historical monuments, church architecture, picture galleries, sculpture, antiquities, museums, natural scenery, the Paris Exposition, etc., etc., all made demands upon my time. I, however, gave special attention to European systems and methods of instruction, and seldom

left a city without either visiting some of the schools or ascertaining something of what was being done for the education of the children. It was pleasant to see the little boys and girls in Italy, Switzerland and other countries, sitting at their little desks, and it was a great delight to me to hear them read and spell and recite their little lessons in geography, arithmetic, grammar and other branches. I loved to compare these groups of children with similar groups, gathered for a similar purpose, so familiar to me in my own State. In some respects their schools resemble ours, and in others the contrast is quite striking.

Buildings.—The buildings, as a rule, are not so good as those in this country. Most of them have either been rented or purchased and awkwardly adapted to the uses of the school. Even in Paris the schools I visited were held in buildings which had not originally

been erected for school purposes.

Furniture.—Not in a single school, from London to Naples, did I find the school furniture equal to ours. The pupils usually sit on long benches capable of accommodating from four to six. Some of the forms are for two only; in their construction, however, no attention is paid to beauty, and but little to comfort. In general, I am justified in saying that the seats and desks for pupils and teachers in the schools of Europe are no better than those which were in use in ours twenty-five years ago. I saw many schools where there were evidences of as free a use of the jack-knife as the Yankee boy was ever guilty of in the days when his natural propensity in this direction was unrestrained. The black-boards I saw were quite inferior, and what seemed most remarkable was that only one, large enough for the teacher's use, was to be seen in each room. Only the teacher makes use of the black-board. In this respect our mode of teaching, which requires much black-board work by the pupils, is superior to foreign methods. The rooms are usually well supplied with maps and charts. Metric charts and apparatus are to be found in all the schools outside of England, and in all departments. Small natural history collections are occasionally seen, but usually there is a large museum in the city, which the classes, accompanied by their teachers, visit, and thus some knowledge is gained of familiar objects in natural history. In this respect we in this country are sadly deficient.

Salute.—The military spirit which prevails in Europe is manifest in the schools. On every occasion when I entered a room all the children rose and gave a military salute. This consists in gracefully raising the right arm, and placing the right hand, with the two fore-fingers extended, at the side of the forehead. It is a simultaneous and graceful movement, and constitutes a beautiful sight. It causes a serious interruption in the exercises of the school, however, and for this reason I should dislike to see the custom introduced into our schools. It is to be preferred, however, to the idle stare of a

hundred eyes with which a visitor is too often greeted. Those pupils are best trained who continue their studying, and give no evidence of being conscious of the presence of a stranger. A visitor will, of course, be saluted by the teacher, but beyond that his entrance into the room should cause no interruption, either in the teacher's or the pupil's work.

Holidays.—The schools ontside of England are closed on Thursday instead of Saturday, as with us. There are numerous other holidays, called festal days, which sadly interrupt the work of education. Some are prescribed by the church, others by the state. In Italy scarcely a week passes without one or two interruptions of

this nature.

Studies.—The studies pursued are much the same as here. In all the girls' departments instruction is given in needle and crochet work, in embroidery, and in the making of lace. Usually one afternoon of each week is devoted to hand-work of this nature. Much attention is given to composition writing, far more than with us. The teachers all seem to take special pride in showing the compositions which the pupils have written. Drawing is more generally taught there than in our schools. It is begun in the lowest rooms and continued throughout the course. Copy is used to some extent in the primary departments, but frequently in the lower grades, and generally in the higher, objects take the place of copy. In this branch I consider their method of teaching superior to ours, and better results are accomplished.

Co-education.—In our schools, except in the higher departments, the girls and boys are generally taught together. In Europe this co-education of the sexes is unknown. In all the departments, from the lowest to the highest, they are separated. In Paris I found a custom prevailing which I did not observe elsewhere: the boys are

all taught by men, and the girls by women.

In general, we have as good work done by the teachers of our country as can be seen in the schools of Europe, and in some par-

ticulars our methods of teaching are superior to theirs.

Tuition Fees.—Free schools for children of all classes, such as we have in this country, are unknown in Europe. The terms "public" and "free" are both applied to their schools, but with a meaning quite different from that which belongs to them as used here. A "public school" is one subject to governmental control, and a "free school" is one which, in a measure, is free from such restrictions and regulations as have been prescribed by the government. Both classes receive assistance from the public treasury, but not sufficient to meet all the expenses. Tuition fees are charged in both. Those known as "public schools" receive more aid from the government than those called "free," and hence the latter are more expensive to the patrons than the former. The proportion of expense paid as tuition varies in different countries. In London and Paris about

four-fifths of the entire expense of maintaining the schools is paid by the government, and the balance is assessed upon the parents of the children who attend. Last year the fees in London ranged from four to eighteen cents for each pupil. This is about the average in other countries; in some the percentage paid as tuition is lower, and in some it is higher. In several of the countries the governments have prescribed the maximum and the minimum for the charges that can be made, and the local authorities determine the varying amounts between these extremes that shall be paid by the school patrons, according to their varying financial conditions. I found in some cases there was an ascending scale of fees charged, the expense being very slight in the lowest departments, and gradually increasing through the advancing grades.

In all of the countries provision is made for the free education of those who are unable to pay. Such children, however, are looked upon as pauper pupils. Sometimes all such are gathered together, and the school is known as a pauper school. The rule is, those who can pay, must. The distinction between the rich, or those in moderate circumstances, and the very poor, is thus made unpleasantly

prominent.

Public schools which, from the lowest to the highest grades, are free to all alike, both rich and poor, thus giving to all equal chances for success in life, can only be found in this country, and this fact, more than any other I learned abroad, impressed me with the superiority of our public educational systems over those in Europe.

Technical School, Paris.—I spent a day in visiting one of the technical public schools of Paris, and was much pleased to observe the admirable system to which all the exercises and operations were reduced. The number of pupils in this school is 180. They enter at the age of thirteen, and remain three years. The mechanical operations taught consist of—

1. Forging.

2. Iron Turning.

3. Adjusting.

Pattern Making.
 Wood Turning.

6. Joining.

There are five permanent instructors and three temporary ones. Each pupil, the first year of his course, receives instruction in all the operations; the remaining two years the course is specialized and adapted, so far as possible, to the future requirements of the pupils, as determined by the particular trades they propose to follow. Every pupil must be present each day at seven o'clock

A. M., and he remains in the school till seven P. M. During the first and second years the daily programme is as follows:

From 7 to 8, study.

" 8 " 11, shop-work.
" 11 " 12, breakfast.
" 12 " 2½, shop-work.

" 2½ " 3, lunch and play.

" 3" 7, study and recitation.

During the third year it is slightly changed. From 7 A. M. to 3 P. M., it is the same as during the first and second years; from 3 to

5, it is shop-work, and from 5 to 7, study and recitation.

One hour every day during the entire course, is given to drawing. For every article, whether of wood or iron, made by the pupils, a drawing must first be executed, and this drawing is the pupils' only guide. In the forging-room were four forges, with three boys at each. The turning-room contained twelve machines, each managed by one pupil. In the adjusting department the pupils were taught to use the file, and much skill was shown by some of them in handling this important tool. In the pattern-room were twelve benches. It requires a skillful workman to make a good pattern, and yet I here saw pupils fifteen years of age, who had been under instruction but two years, who could make almost any pattern required, however complex. Such results can only be secured by the constant supervision of the most skillful technical instructors. Wood turning is an interesting operation. In this room were twelve lathes, with one pupil at each. In the joiningroom the pupils were taught the various modes of joining pieces of wood by tenoning and mortising, by dove-tailing, etc.

The results secured in training workmen in a school of this character, are such as are absolutely impossible by the apprentice

system.

EXPOSITION.

I studied the great Exposition with all the care my stay in Paris permitted. The arrangement of the exhibits into sections and groups was according to a systematic classification which far surpassed ours at Philadelphia. I followed this order of classification in my daily visits, and thus, with the additional advantage of my familiarity with the Centennial Exposition, I was able to make much better use of my time than would otherwise have been possible. My observations here must be limited to the educational exhibits, and these must necessarily be described with exceeding brevity.

Switzerland.—The exhibit made by Switzerland consisted of Kindergarten material and work; some beautifully printed wall

maps, a series of their text-books, a large number of finely executed drawings, mostly from casts, and a large collection of pupils' work in writing, composition, book-keeping, etc. This exhibit included a great variety of geometrical forms, plaster casts, models for drawing, etc. A large herbarium was shown, also woods, seeds, grains, nuts, cones, minerals, and shells arranged in little cabinets. This exhibit, as a whole, presented about the same features as characterized the one made at Philadelphia.

I visited the schools in Berne, and found small natural history collections, resembling those exhibited, in actual use, thus showing that the exhibit made honestly represented the schools as they exist. Not only have the children of this city the advantage of these school collections, many of which were prepared by the children themselves, but there is a natural history museum in the city which ranks with the best in Europe, and to which the classes have access.

Switzerland is divided into twenty-five independent cantons, each of which manages its own system of public instruction, according to its own views. Small tuition fees are usually charged. The salaries of teachers range from \$200 to \$400 per annum, and frequently a house and garden are provided. Pensions are granted

to worn-out teachers.

Much attention is given to technical education. Schools for teaching watch-making, wood-carving and other industries are found in most of the large cities. Sewing and knitting are taught in all the girls' schools, and in some of them dress-making also. In Zurich I visited what is considered one of the largest and best equipped Polytechnic schools in Europe. It has eight separate departments, and is the only educational institution in Switzerland under the exclusive control of the confederation.

Gymnastic and military exercises receive prominent attention in all the schools. The apparatus used in light gymnastics is much

the same as that in this country.

Duchy of Luxemburg.—This exhibit represented a school room with all its furniture and apparatus properly arranged. The scholars' work consisted of writing, composition, translation, dictated lessons

and needle work.

Portugal.—The exhibit by Portugal was also arranged to represent a school room. The display of drawings, mostly from the industrial schools, showed the results of excellent teaching. The "Real School" at Lisbon made an exhibit, systematically arranged, to show the work of the pupils of each year of a course of study extending over six years.

Holland.—In the educational exhibit made by Holland was a complete model, on a reduced scale, of a primary commercial school, with the teacher's house attached, located at The Hague. Seated at the desks were little dolls, representing children in the act of studying. Combined with this was a gymnasium, with all

necessary appliances. Metric apparatus, kindergarten work, and material, knitting, crochet and needle work, were also exhibited. There was a limited amount of wood and iron work done by pupils in the professional school at Amsterdam. This work was quite inferior to that produced in similar schools in Russia and France. Holland has enjoyed the advantage of an excellent system of education since the year 1806. This system is probably as efficient as any now in operation in Europe. It is characterized by two important features: First, a thorough examination of teachers; second, an efficient system of school supervision. No better rules for the guidance of our County Superintendents in their work of school inspection can be prescribed than those found in the school code of Holland. Because of their application to our own system, I made the following extracts:

"The inspectors of schools shall take the greatest possible care that the instruction of youth be put upon a uniform footing, improved and rendered of the most general and direct utility; that the teachers are really capable of giving such instruction; that their zeal be encouraged, their merits rewarded, their positions

improved."

"He shall make it his special business to excite and maintain the zeal of the teachers, and for that purpose he shall, at appointed times, assemble a certain number of them, either at his own house, or in other parts of his district, and that as often as possible. He shall then confer with them on the important end and attributes of the functions confided to them, and upon the best manner of discharging them faithfully and usefully in behalf of youth."

"The inspector shall visit twice a year all the schools of his district which are subject to his supervision. He is exhorted to repeat his visits, either in case of necessity or for the general good, as often

as he can without burdening himself too much."

"In visiting schools, he shall request the master to teach in his presence the pupils of the different classes, and who are in different stages of progress, in order that he may judge of the manner in which instruction is regulated and given. He shall also note whether the regulations concerning primary instruction, and also whether the interior order of the schools are duly observed and executed; he shall, in fine, attend to whatever he may think of any importance. At the conclusion of his visit the inspector shall have a private conversation with the master or mistress of the school upon all that he has remarked during his visit, and, according to the exigency of the case, he shall praise, advise, admonish or censure, according to what he has seen or heard. Each inspector shall keep notes of the remarks and observations which he shall have made in the course of his visits, for future use."

From these extracts it appears that an inspector is in many respects a normal school instructor of every teacher under his

charge. The regulations pertaining to the examination of teachers

are equally full and explicit.

Canada.—Ontario, it will be remembered, made an educational exhibit at Philadelphia which, in extent and character, was a marvel to all who saw it. It consisted almost entirely of school material furnished by the Pedagogical Museum at Toronto. At Paris the exhibit made was much the same in character, but not so large. One important feature, however, was added—there was a good selection of scholars' work shown. The exhibit at Philadelphia was contributed entirely by Ontario. The Province of Quebec also sent to Paris a creditable amount of school material and work.

Sweden.—Among the foreign educational exhibits at Philadelphia none attracted more attention or received more praise than the neat Swedish school-house, filled with all manner of school appliances. Naturally my surprise was great, therefore, in finding the Swedish educational exhibit at Paris limited to a few specimens of scholars'

work.

In the schools of Sweden a small tuition fee is charged for all children over ten years of age. The people generally are educated. According to a peculiar law, no person is permitted to marry until he is confirmed, and he is not admitted to confirmation unless he

can satisfy the curate that he is able to read.

Japan.—The exhibit made by Japan in education resembles that she made at Philadelphia. It consisted of reading, mathematical, botanical and zoölogical charts; kindergarten material and work; cabinets of minerals; photographs of school buildings; models of schools; text-books; school desks; and school work in composition, mathematics, drawing and designs.

It is interesting to note the evidence here presented of the rapid strides this oriental country is making in the matter of education. Everything pertaining to Japan possesses peculiar interest, and she has the good wishes of every American citizen for the success of her efforts to bring Japan in harmony with other nations in the

important matter of education.

Italy.—Italy made a small exhibit, consisting of kindergarten work and material, lace and needle-work, text-books, metric, geographical and philosophical apparatus. The collection was hardly sufficient to enable one to form an estimate of the present condition

of the school system.

Italy has thirteen universities, several of which enjoy a high reputation. Her efforts to provide Public Schools for the masses have been of comparative recent date. As late as 1860, the people, except in the large cities, were entirely without the means of giving to their children a common school education. Since that date, and especially since the unification, the efforts made to raise Italy to the educational level of other countries have been most praiseworthy. She probably has greater obstacles to contend with than any other nation. Her endeavor is to organize a system of schools

which shall be entirely free from church control. The church influence, however, is so great that many years must elapse before the object sought is accomplished. The schools I visited were very unsatisfactory. The ignorance of the masses is appalling. Seventy five per cent, are unable to read and write. In some of the

provinces the percentage of illiteracy is eighty-three.

Belgium.—This educational exhibit ranked next to the French in size, and in its organization and comprehensiveness it was the best. It was not so full as the French in technical work, but in all other departments, and especially in ordinary scholars' work, it was the most instructive and satisfactory of any at the Exposition. Many considered the Belgian educational exhibit at Philadelphia the finest made by the foreign countries, and in the estimation of others, it was outranked only by Sweden. The Belgian school room in the Main building, with its excellent system of ventilation illustrated, will long be remembered by Centennial visitors. Some idea may be formed of the exhibit this country made at Paris by knowing that it was fully ten times as extensive as that at Philadelphia. The same school room was there, with all its appliances, its gymnasium and its system of ventilation, but there was added an enormous amount of scholars' work from all grades of schools, including kindergartens, primary, secondary and superior schools, professional and technical institutions. A most excellent map of the kingdom was shown, on which was represented the location of every educational institution in the country. In the following tabulated statement is given the number of schools of the respective kinds mentioned, and the number of pupils taught:

| | œ | |
|--|---------|-----------|
| | Schools | Pupils. |
| DOMESTIC OF THE PROPERTY OF TH | ch | in, |
| SCHOOLS. | | |
| | Jo . | o, |
| • | No | No. |
| | - 1 | |
| rimary | 9,932 | 1,000,572 |
| ntermediate | 198 | 36,316 |
| perior | 14 | 2,386 |
| eligious | 7 | 915 |
| ormal | 43 | 2,460 |
| ilitary | 110 | 13,141 |
| idustrial | 36 | 8,592 |
| ommercial | 4 | 207 |
| grieultural | 184 | 18,861 |
| rt and Design | 319 | 19,856 |
| Total | 10,847 | 1,113,660 |

From the above table it appears that Belgium, with a population of only one-tenth of the United States, has 36 industrial schools, and the surprising number of 319 schools of art and design.

Primary education in this exhibit was represented by plans and models of school-houses, desks for teachers and pupils, documents and statistics. Pupils' work in all the branches pursued were shown. Kindergarten work and material were beautifully displayed.

All the higher institutions of learning, and special training-schools found a place in this comprehensive exhibit. Maps, charts, apparatus of all kinds, and ingenious educational contrivances were shown in great profusion.

A complete school gymnasium was represented by a beautiful model. In Belgium every school must be provided with a gymna-

sium of the character shown.

It is a common custom for the teacher in Belgium to take short excursions in the country with his pupils. The results of these excursions are seen in the little collections of plants, seeds, nuts, acorns, cones, insects, minerals that have been made on these occasions. Here is a useful suggestion for many of our teachers, who, instead of complaining that their trustees do not furnish apparatus, might prepare similar collections, without expense to any one, that would prove of immense value to the children. I was particularly interested in a set of cards to be hung upon the walls, on which were fastened dried specimens of plants arranged according to their classification or use. In the classified arrangement, all the species belonging to a particular genus were upon a single card. In the arrangement according to some particular quality or use, they were separated into plants known as useful, poisonous, medicinal, etc. Such cards are infinitely more valuable than the best chromo-lithographic botanical charts. Both pupils and teacher are benefited in the work of seeking, preparing and arranging these specimens, and a practical importance is given to the study by thus placing constantly before the eyes of the children, and thus familiarizing them with the names, classification and use of the plants which grow and blossom about them. On some of the charts the different forms of leaves were shown; on others, collections of petals, sepals, stamens, pistils, etc. Comparisons are thus shown and impressions made which are impossible by the use of printed charts. On one card were all the different acorns the children had found in the district, and the teacher had supplied the specific names of the oaks to which they belonged. Another card contained the cones from the coniferæ.

Industrial cards, such as are used to instruct the children in the processes of manufacture, were exhibited. One, for instance, was devoted to linen. A specimen of flax in flower, was shown; also, the seeds, the broken flax, the fibre after separation, the linen thread and the woven fabric. Another similar card was devoted to cotton.

The Industrial School and the School of Design at Brussels, and the Institute of Fine Arts at Malines exhibited many excellent drawings and various articles of wood and iron. Several of the

Normal Schools made interesting displays.

Russia.—The exhibit made at Philadelphia by the technical schools of Russia suggested the establishment of the Institute of Technology at Boston, which has met with such marked success. The exhibit at Paris was much of the same character. It was far

more extensive, however, and many of the articles manifested a

higher degree of workmanship.

The Institute of Technology at St. Petersburg made an exhibit of students' work in wood and iron that was truly marvelous. The workmanship shown in the production of some of the articles was of the highest order. This school was founded in 1828. It has at present about 600 pupils. The course of instruction extends over five years. In the mechanical workshops the students commence with the trade they have chosen. They first learn the uses of the various tools, and are taught certain test operations; they then proceed to the modeling of various machines and mechanical apparatus from given designs. In constructing an engine, or any other complicated machine, each student makes but a single part. Any one will readily understand how accurate must be the workmanship, and how closely the furnished designs must be followed in each case, to insure a perfect agreement when those parts are brought together. I saw a beautiful machine for turning iron, which had been thus constructed. It was made wholly of iron, and the fitting of the parts and all its movements were as perfect as if it had been made by a single skillful workman. Pupils who have passed through the course of previous training required, which will be explained in the following paragraph, may enter this school at the age of fifteen. The course covers five years. After graduation at the age of twenty, the student must work two years in some manufacturing establishment. He then passes his final examination, and if he is successful, he receives a diploma, and is then eligible to a position as an engineer in the employ of the government.

The School of Metiers at St. Petersburg serves as a preparatory school for the Institute of Technology already described. Pupils thirteen years of age, who have completed a three years' course in a gymnasium, may enter this school. The course covers two years. Two hours each day are given to work in wood, two hours to work in iron, and four hours to study. The exhibit was made in two large cases; in one was shown the results of the first year's instruction, and in the second some of the work done by the students at the comple-

tion of their course. The difference was quite striking.

An exhibit was made by the Imperial School of Technology, located at Moscow, an institution similar to the Institute of Technology at St. Petersburg. In addition to a large display of work in wood and iron done by the pupils, this exhibit included a systematic collection of instruments, tools, and models for instruction for the carpenter, the modeler, the turner, the locksmith and the blacksmith. It also comprised numerous drawings and plans of sections of machines and gearings, all of which had been made by the pupils. Children in this school enter at the age of ten, and the course covers six years.

The Central School of Technical Drawing, at Moscow, made a

fine exhibit of designs, drawn by the pupils, for painting and weaving and for ornamental purposes; also landscapes from nature, sketches of animals from nature, copies from originals in plaster, linear drawings from copies and from dictation; perspective drawings, etc. This school was established in 1860. Its aim is to give the highest order of instruction in the art of designing and ornamenting, and generally to promote artistic knowledge and taste among working classes and manufacturers. The course of study extends over five years.

The various exhibits of articles made by the technical schools of Russia displayed more systematic training, and a higher order of workmanship than were shown in those of any other country.

The exhibit made by the St. Petersburg Pedagogic Museum at Philadelphia will be remembered by Centennial visitors. The same display was made at Paris. It consisted of a remarkably large, instructive and valuable collection of educational appliances,

adapted to all grades of educational institutions.

United States.—Of the educational exhibit made by the United States but little need be said. The space occupied was about the same as that covered by the New Jersey exhibit at Philadelphia, and much less, therefore, than was accorded either to Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, Indiana, Ohio, or Illinois. It was unfortunate that the space was so limited; at least twice the amount was needed to make a proper display of the material contributed. Hon. John D. Philbrick was appointed by Commissioner-General McCormick to organize and superintend this exhibit. This appointment was wise, for considering the three-fold embarrassment to which he was subject in limitations of time, space and money, the results accomplished by this gentleman were truly gratifying. The exhibit attracted a large share of attention, and received many words of commendation. The material sent to represent New Jersey consisted of some excellent examination papers from the schools of Vineland, and some fine work from the schools of Camden county. I also sent ten volumes of scholars' work, selected from the Centennial exhibit. Permanent pedagogical museums are about to be established in the cities of London and Paris, and also in some city in Japan, and requests for a donation of the American exhibit have been made by the educational authorities interested in each of these projects. The material will probably be divided between the three. I have given consent to have all the contributions from New Jersey remain in Paris.

FRANCE.

France has probably done more than any other country in fostering technical instruction. Special schools for educating workmen and artisans are found in every city throughout the Republic. These are so conducted that anyone, at a trifling expense, may

pursue that course of training which will fit him for any trade or profession he may desire to pursue. These schools are divided as follows:

(1) Normal Schools.—In France there are eighty-six departments. In each of these there are two normal schools for the training of teachers. One is for young ladies and the other for young men.

(2) Professional Schools.—In these schools pupils from twelve to sixteen years of age are taught to work in wood, iron and brass. They are also instructed in mechanical and architectural drawing. A portion of the time is given to mental studies, and especially to such as are in some wise related to the trades taught.

(3) Industrial Schools.—Pupils are here taught the art of making textile fabrics. Different materials are used, such as silk, wool, cotton, hemp and flax. Much attention is paid to chemistry, because of its importance in the art of dyeing. The most thorough instruc-

tion is given in the art of designing.

(4) Schools of Fine Arts.—Here every facility is afforded for obtaining a knowledge of drawing, designing and modeling. In this class of schools the instruction is limited to art as applied to industry, or to what is known as industrial drawing.

(5) Trade Schools.—These are sometimes called Apprentice

Schools. In them the ordinary trades are taught.

These special or technical schools are supported in various ways. A few receive government aid direct. Some are supported by the departments. The trade schools are generally established and maintained by capitalists and manufacturers. Those interested in any particular line of business will contribute the funds necessary to support a school where instruction in their trade can be given, and thus many large manufacturing firms educate their own workmen. These trade schools frequently receive some assistance from the cities in which they respectively are located. But few of the schools are entirely free. The pupils generally pay a small tuition fee. The amount thus paid, however, is trifling.

The exhibits made by these industrial schools constituted the chief attraction in the French educational exhibit. These institutions in France may be divided, according to the manner of their

support, into —

Government Professional Schools.
 Department Professional Schools.

(3) City Professional or Trade Schools.

(4) Society Trade Schools.(5) Private Trade Schools.

GOVERNMENT PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS.—Of this class of schools the most noted are the Central School of Arts and Manufactures, located at Paris; the School of Arts and Trades, located at Cha-

lons; and another School of Arts and Trades at Aix. There is also a School of Arts and Trades located at Angers. This, how-

ever, does not rank quite as high as those mentioned.

These institutions are all under the direct control of the Minister of Agriculture and Commerce. No one can enter them without having completed a course in one of the department or municipal schools. The graduates occupy the most important places as engineers of public works, in the employ of the government, and those having charge of large manufacturing interests have usually received their industrial education in these schools.

The exhibits made by them were much alike, and consisted entirely of articles made by the students, such as machines of wood and iron, working drawings, patterns, samples of wood turning and joining, iron tools, etc. These all showed evidence of superior workmanship. Several good-sized steam engines were included in

these exhibits.

Department Schools.—There were three of these that made exhibits:

1st. School of Apprentices at Havre.—This is a renowned institution, and has an attendance of 600 pupils. The exhibit consisted of some excellent specimens of iron and wood work. It included two beautiful patterns for an iron fence, which were original with the students.

2d. Academic and Professional School at Douai.—This is an institution of high standing. The exhibit included original designs, drawings from casts and some superior work in wood and iron.

3d. The Martiniere School at Lyons.—This is established in the interest of the silk trade. The instruction consists principally in art, as applied to the manufacture of silk goods. It is one of the most renowned industrial schools in France. The exhibit consisted principally of elegant designs in silk fabrics, executed by the students. A good-sized model of one of the circular rooms in which art is taught was shown.

CITY PROFESSIONAL OR TRADE SCHOOLS.—There were ten institu-

tions of this class that made exhibits:

1st. School of Fine Arts at Limoges.—This place is noted for the manufacture of a kind of enamel known as Limoges ware. The school receives its support from the city, and is established to educate workmen and artisans for the business of enameling. The exhibit consisted of exquisite drawings, paintings and models.

2d. Professional School at Avignon.—This school is established to educate architects. It is supported by the city. The exhibit comprised a beautiful collection of plans and designs for various

kinds of buildings.

3d. School for Curpenters and Builders of Stone Structures.— This is a renowned institution. The exhibit included drawings, machines and models for various kinds of wood and stone work re-

quired in great engineering projects.

4th. National School for Instruction in the Manufacture of Clocks at Cluses.—This is a trade school, but receives its support from the government, and is under the superintendence of the Minister of Agriculture and Commerce. It ranks very high. Cluses is the principal centre of the clock interest, and all the instruction and practical work needed to made skilled workmen in this branch of business are here given. The exhibit consisted of clocks and clock-movements. Many improvements in clock machinery were shown which had been invented by graduates of this institution.

5th. Professional School at Reims.—This is supported by the city. The exhibit consisted of a steam-engine, complete in all its parts, and patterns. Pupils are taught to work in wood and iron.

6th. School for Painting and Drawing at Rouen.—This receives its support from the city. The exhibit consisted largely of work in art, including original designs, and drawings from models.

7th. Professional School at Rouen.—This is supported by the city, and possesses a high reputation. The exhibit consisted of

machines and tools of steel.

8th. Industrial School at Flers.—This is supported by the city, and affords instruction in the art of weaving cotton and woolen goods. Specimens of work and also a large collection of designs for these fabrics were shown.

9th. Professional School at Nevers.—This is under the control of the city. The instruction is principally in art. Original plans and designs were shown for buildings, bridges, clocks, chandeliers,

furniture, etc., also small articles made of iron.

10th Superior School of Commerce and Industry at Rouen.— This is supported by the city, and is a school of extended reputation. The exhibit consisted of a collection of magnificent works in manuscript used in the school, containing almost an unlimited variety of designs, and full instructions how they are wrought, in textile fabrics.

SOCIETY TRADE SCHOOLS.—There were eight of these schools which

made exhibits:

1st. Jewelers' School, located in Paris. This is supported by the leading proprietors of the great jewelry houses of Paris. Instruction is given in this branch of trade. A beautiful exhibit was made of pupils' work, consisting of jewelry and a great variety of original

designs and forms for gold and silver ware.

2d. Union Central School of Art, as applied to Industry.—This is located at Paris, and is under the control of a large and well-organized society of wealthy individuals. Its object is to promote the industrial arts. This society has established branch schools in most of the large cities of France. These schools are supported

mainly by the society. A small annual appropriation toward their support is generally made by the cities in which they respectively are located. The exhibit consisted largely of drawings, some of

which were original, and some from models in plaster.

3d. Artistic School of the Society of Agriculture at Hôte Vienne.—Its object is to promote the interests of agriculture, and also to foster those trades which make use of material supplied by the farmer. Much attention is given to drawing and designing. The exhibit consisted of a large variety of work executed by the pupils.

4th. School for Watch Making at Besançon.—Nearly half a million watches are annually made in this city, and this school for giving instruction in this branch of business is one of the most important in France. The exhibit consisted of pupils' work in

watch-making.

5th. Industrial Society at Elbeuf.—This is under the control of manufacturers of linen fabrics. The manuscript books used in giving instruction, containing descriptions of the various modes of

weaving to produce the intended designs, were shown.

6th. Industrial School at St. Quentin.—This is supported by a society interested in the manufacture of textile fabrics. Designs for embroidering, crocheting, lace and textile fabrics, and also the manuscript books used in the school, were exhibited. This school

made a fine exhibit at Philadelphia.

7th. Industrial Society at Amiens.—This is established and supported by manufacturers of woolen fabrics. It is a very large and flourishing institution. A most interesting exhibit was made, consisting of manuscript books, containing an immense number of samples, with descriptions of the mode of manufacture. Many ingenious contrivances were also shown for executing different figures and patterns in the class before the pupils.

8th. Superior School of Commerce and Tissue at Lyons.—This is a school of extended reputation. Instruction is given in the art of dyeing and manufacturing silk, and also in art as applied to this industry. Many elegant specimens and designs executed by the

pupils were shown.

Several private trade schools, located at Paris, Lyons, Evereux and Ligny, made exhibits of pupils' work, consisting mostly of drawings and designs.

ENGLAND.

England has done less than the Continental nations in the establishment of trade schools. In fostering schools of industrial art, however, no nation has done more. At the London Exposition of 1851 it was revealed that England was far behind her great rival nations upon the continent in the production of articles requiring skilled labor and taste. This was acknowledged by judges of her own appointment. Convinced of her inferiority, she went vigor-

ously at work to recover what she had lost. Her first act was the establishment of the South Kensington School. So rapidly was instruction in art, as applied to industry, provided for and diffused among the laboring classes, that within ten years after the founding of this noble institution there were in successful operation no less than 125 branch schools in different parts of the kingdom, in which instruction in industrial art was given to many thousand pupils. The results of this effort to give to England's artisans and workmen the same educational advantages those upon the Continent received were manifest at the next great World's Exposition, held in Paris in 1867. Instead of being next to the bottom in artistic productions, she took an honorable rank among the nations which had hitherto so far surpassed her. This marvelous advance, made since 1851, stimulated France, Germany and other nations to improve and increase their already renowned art and trade schools. But England was not yet satisfied. She sent a commission of workmen to the Exposition of 1867, and the reports made, although admitting that their country took a much higher rank in artistic productions than she did at the Exposition of 1851, showed that she was not yet fully abreast with other nations. Mr. John Randall, one of the commissioners, says: "When we come to highclass ornamentation in iron, earthenware, china or glass, the superiority of French art is obvious. As long as we confine ourselves to geometrical forms in hammering, pressing, turning on the lathes, or printing on the surface, we have no difficulty in holding our own; but where an intellectualism is concerned, or a free, educated hand is required in decoration, our deficiencies become apparent."

With characteristic energy she founded more schools of technical art, increased her appropriations for their support, and enlarged her museums. Upon the South Kensington School of Art and Science she has expended \$6,000,000, and \$500,000 are annually appropriated for the support of this institution and its branch schools and classes. The wisdom of this liberal policy was manifest at the late Paris Exposition. Here England, in her industrial arts, was again brought into comparison with other nations of the world, and the showing made was one of which she has reason to feel proud. The exhibit of stoneware made by Doulton & Co. was as artistic as the best produced in Germany. Bohemian or Parisian glassware are not more elegant in form, more varied in ornamentation, or more artistic in the cutting than were exhibited by several English firms.

The English porcelain made by the Wedgwoods, Mintons, etc., is not surpassed either by Dresden or Paris. Thus in stoneware, china and glass, three industries in which, according to the report already quoted, England was behind other nations in 1867, she is now fully equal to the most advanced, and in some varieties of these wares she is superior. The effect of her art schools was seen in other departments of fine artistic work. These results are so di-

rectly attributable to the South Kensington School, that I deem it important to describe somewhat in detail the workings of this world-renowned institution.

South Kensington School of Art.

The School of Art at South Kensington is a grand centre for the education of the people in art, as applied to industry. This noble institution, together with its branch schools located in all parts of England, constitutes the most comprehensive and best organized system of Art Schools in the world.

There is also, in connection with this institution, a system of Science Schools, but as these are not so closely related to technical education as the Art Schools, I will confine myself in my descrip-

tions to the latter.

The object of the department of art is to promote instruction in drawing, painting, modeling and designing for architecture, manufactures and decorations, especially among the industrial classes. To effect this object there are connected with the department—First, a Museum; second, a National Art Training School; aid is granted; third, toward the training of art teachers; fourth, toward instruction of art in Art Schools; fifth, toward teaching drawing in art classes; and sixth, toward the teaching of elementary drawing in elementary day-schools.

(1.) The Museum contains objects collected with a view to illustrate the history, theory and practical application of decorative art. This Museum, which is the largest of its kind in the world, includes

objects classed as follows:

| Division | I. | Marble and stone-work. |
|----------|-------|--------------------------------------|
| 66 | | Mosaics. |
| 46 | | Carvings in bone, ivory, &c. |
| 44 | | Wood-work. |
| 46 | V. | Metal-work. |
| 66 | VI. | Coins and medals. |
| 66 | | Arms and armor. |
| 46 | | Silversmiths' work. |
| 66 | | Jewelry. |
| 44 | | Enamels on metal. |
| 46 | XI. | Earthenware and stoneware. |
| 44 | XII. | Porcelain. |
| 46 | XIII. | Glass vessels. |
| 44 | XIV. | Stained glass. |
| 44 | | Leather-work, including bookbinding. |
| 46 | | Textiles. |
| 66 | XVII. | Lace. |
| 44 | | Musical instruments. |
| 46 | | Decorative painting. |

Arrangements are made whereby the benefits of this museum may be enjoyed by the branch schools—1st. Collections suitable for exhibition are formed and loaned to local schools of art. 2d. Selections are made according to the special requirements of any locality, and donated under certain conditions to the local schools.

(2) The National Art School is at South Kensington. Its object is to train art instructors, and to educate students in drawing, designing and modeling, as applied to the requirements of trade and manufactures. The instruction given is of the highest order, and all departments of industrial art are included in the course. Certificates are granted, which give to the graduates authority to teach in any of the art schools of the kingdom.

(3) Training Colleges for Teachers.—These are schools of art, located in different parts of the kingdom, for the convenience of those who desire to become art instructors. They receive aid from the department at Kersington. The amount of aid received is determined in each case by an examination. \$2.50 are paid for each exercise of a specified grade successfully worked by the

students.

(4) Schools of Art.—These schools are devoted entirely to instruction in art. There are 143 such schools already established. Aid is granted according to specified conditions, as follows:

(a) \$2.50 for every accepted exercise in second-grade examinations.

(b) \$3.75 on account of every student who shall submit satis-

factory works of the third-grade, elementary section.

(c) \$10.00 on account of every student who shall submit satisfactory works of the third-grade examination, advanced section.

(d) \$5.00 for each exercise passed satisfactorily; \$10.00 for each exercise marked good; and \$15.00 for each marked excellent, produced at an advanced local examination.

(e) \$15.00 for every artisan who shall have been two years in

the school, and who shall submit satisfactory works.

(f) \$75.00 for an art pupil-teacher in schools in which twenty students are satisfactorily taught; and \$150.00 for two art pupil-teachers in schools where fifty students are satisfactorily taught.

(g) \$25.00 for every student intending to become a designer, who shall obtain a scholarship in the National Art Training

School.

- (h) \$50.00 for every certificate of the third grade, taken at the annual examination in London.
- (5) Art Classes.—The instruction given to the pupils of art classes is more elementary in its character than that given in regu-

larly established art schools. The number of such classes now in operation is 724. Aid is given under specified conditions, as follows:

(a) \$2.50 for every accepted exercise in second-grade examinations.

(b) \$3.75 on account of every student who shall submit satisfactory works in third-grade examinations, elementary section.

(c) \$5.00 on account of every student who shall submit satisfactory works in third-grade examinations, advanced section.

- (d) \$5.00 for each exercise passed satisfactorily; \$10.00 for each marked good; and \$15.00 for each marked excellent, at an advanced local examination.
- (6) Elementary Day Schools.—The art department encourages the teaching of drawing in elementary day schools, by granting aid according to a scheme similar to those already explained.

Examination.—The amount of aid granted is determined by the

results of examinations.

First or Lowest Grade Examinations.—The subjects are—

1. Freehand drawing from flat examples.

2. Freehand drawing from models.

3. Practical geometry.

Second-Grade Examinations.—The subjects are—

1. Freehand drawing from flat examples.

2. Freeland drawing from models.

3. Practical geometry.

4. Perspective.

The second grade examinations are of a considerably higher standard than those of the first grade, though still elementary.

Third-Grade Examinations, Elementary Section.—The subjects

are-

1. Drawing from flat examples.

2. Mechanical or architectural drawing.

3. Drawing from geometric models, objects of general utility, or casts of ornaments.

4. Outline drawings of the head, or the details of the figure, from the round.

5. Drawing flowers and foliage from nature.

Third-Grade Examinations, Advanced Section.—The subjects are—drawing, painting, modeling, or designing, for architecture, manufactures, and decoration belonging to stages not included for third-grade elementary.

ART CERTIFICATES.—To enable schools and classes to obtain the payments which the art department is authorized to make, it is necessary that the instruction in drawing be given by a teacher holding a certificate of one of the following grades:

First Grade.—This certificate has not yet been provided for.

Second Grade Certificate for Elementary Instruction.—The holder of this certificate is qualified to give instruction in drawing

in art classes and elementary schools.

Third Grade or Art Master's Certificate for Advanced Instruction.—This ranks above a second-grade certificate. The holder of this certificate is qualified to give instruction in schools of art, art classes and elementary schools.

These certificates are granted to such as pass the prescribed

examinations held annually at Kensington.

Medals are awarded to those students who execute the most meritorious works among those sent to the department at Kensington for examination. This is a national competition between the works of all the schools of art in the kingdom. There are annually distributed among those whose works are deemed of sufficient merit at this examination:

12 Gold medals, 30 Silver medals,

60 Bronze medals.

Prizes are granted to successful students at art schools, art classes and elementary schools.

First-grade prize is granted to students whose drawings, belonging to the first grade examinations, reach the standard of *excellence*.

Second-grade prize is granted to students who excel in second-

grade examinations.

Third-grade prize is granted to students who execute highly meritorious works belonging to the third-grade examinations.

Hanley School of Art.

I will now take one of the 143 branch schools of art, and describe its operations. Art, as applied to industry, is taught in all of them, but the instruction given is so specialized in each as to adapt it to the special needs of the locality, as determined by the prevailing manufacturing interest. For instance, in the art schools located in the silk districts the instruction given is such as is most important to manufacturers and decorators of silk. In the pottery districts more prominence is given to the study of such class of decorations as are required in this line of trade.

The school I will select in my description is one located at Hanley, where the principal industry is the manufacture of pottery. In

organizing this school the first step was the formation of a committee composed of the manufacturers and men of position in Hanley. This local committee appoints the master, prescribes such rules and regulations as are deemed necessary for the government of the school, prepares and publishes the report, and, in fact, assumes all the responsibility of its existence. A government grant is secured to aid in the erection of the necessary building, and further assistance is rendered by South Kensington according to the results of the government examinations. The number of students at this school is about 300. The ordinary fee for each pupil is fifty cents per month. There is a head master and two assistant masters. One of these assistants gives instruction in modeling, and the other in china painting. Four afternoons each week, from 2 to 4 p. m., instruction is given to classes composed of artisans, apprentices and pupil-teachers. Evening classes are also formed and taught from 7 to 9 o'clock.

The subjects taught to all the students are elementary drawing, or drawing from the copy in outline; shading from the copy; outline drawing from the cast in plaster, and shading in chalk from the cast in plaster. After these are completed they confine themselves principally to that branch of art which is required in the particular branch of the trade which the students propose to follow respectively. For instance, a china painter will study water-color painting from nature; a modeler will study figure-drawing, etc. Instruction is given to advanced students in geometry, perspective modeling, drawing from nature or still life, designing and anatomy.

An elementary examination is held every year in four subjects, viz.: Elementary drawing, elementary geometry, elementary model-drawing, and elementary perspective. This is conducted by a person sent from South Kensington. A second grade prize is awarded for works marked excellent, and a certificate for those marked good. After a student has passed in all four subjects, a full certificate is given him, authorizing him to act as assistant master. There is also a third-grade examination for those who have obtained full certificates, and whose works have been awarded a third-grade prize at the national competition. The time allowed in this exam-

ination is two and a-half hours.

The works executed by the students during the year are sent to South Kensington every March or April for examination and competition. The awards given at this examination are four, viz.: gold medal, silver medal, bronze medal and a book prize. All the students in the kingdom can compete for these prizes.

The examiner sent to the local school makes a report as to its general character, and if the condition reported is not satisfactory,

further aid is withheld.

A free scholarship, good for twelve months, is awarded to stu-

dents whose works give satisfaction. Hanley School obtained eight such scholarships last year; a free scholarship of two years' duration at South Kensington, and \$250 a year for maintenance is also given to a student whose works are considered of sufficient merit.

The attendance of both apprentices and masters at these schools is required. The firm of Minton & Co. include in their indentures a promise on the part of the persons employed to attend the art school at least eight nights during each month, or, in default, to pay a fine of fifty cents. Four hours are allowed to each apprentice each week to attend the afternoon classes.

Local prizes paid for by local subscriptions are given in certain subjects. There is also in connection with this school a library

of works of art, and also a museum.

The annual expense of maintaining this school is about \$2,700. Of this sum about one-third is contributed by the Department at Kensington, one-third is raised by subscription, and the remaining third is paid as fees by the students.

Technical Education.

Skilled labor must be educated. There are instances where ignorant persons have become skilled workmen, but they are rare. The rule is, that the ignorant constitute our rude workmen, while those whose minds have been disciplined and trained, as well as the hands, become skillful. The latter class are generally selected to superintend the former. The rude laborer does the hardest work and receives the poorest pay, while he who is skilled, and whose training has been such that there is an exercise of good judgment in all that he does, has a more pleasant position, at better wages. The demand for uneducated labor is becoming less and less, in pro-

portion to the increased use of machinery.

While the machine supplants rude, unintelligent labor, it increases the demand for that which is skilled and educated. A machine may be constructed to remove an embankment of dirt, and the services of the laborers, who possess no more intelligence and skill than was barely necessary to handle the pick-ax and shovel, are no longer required. It has become necessary, however, to employ one who possesses a higher degree of intelligence—one who has sufficient skill to manage the machine and to regulate its movements. A man totally ignorant may be able to use a drill in making holes for blasting rocks, but if a machine is substituted to do this work, this man's services are no longer needed, and a place is created for one of a higher range of intelligence.

The introduction of machinery is producing a revolution in all the ordinary trades. Whatever can be done without brains is being done by the brainless machine. For all kinds of work, so uniform in its character that there is no occasion for the exercise of discrimi-

nation and judgment, the machine can do much better than man. It is uniform in its movements and the results are uniform. machine does not lessen the demand for labor; it only changes the character of that labor. It makes labor more dignified and respectable. It does that which requires simply brute force to accomplish, and leaves for man only that which calls for the exercise of his superior mind. One machine may be made to do the work of several men. If these men are grossly ignorant, the chances are they will be unable to adapt themselves to this change of circumstances by doing some other kind of work, and thus, because of their ignorance, they are thrown out of employment. That machine, however, has created a demand for at least an equal number of workmen, but they must possess more intelligence and more skill. It came into existence through the inventive genius of a superior mind; it was made by skillful workmen; it requires intelligence to tend it and to keep it in repair; some one must prepare the work for it, and some one must come after to finish, care for, and to dispose of the product of its movements. All these men, whose services are now required, receive better wages than those who did that which is now done by the machine. The work is easier, and the workmen are more respected. A machine is constructed to carry brick and mortar to the top of a building in the course of construction. The inventor, the builder and the superintendent of that machine regard themselves as superior to him who, because of his low order of intelligence, is doomed to spend his earthly existence in ascending and descending ladders with the hod of bricks or mortar upon his shoulders.

The use of machinery must increase until every species of labor which requires simply physical strength, without intelligence, will be done by some combination of the mechanical forces. The better portion of the laboring class, instead of regretting this change, should rejoice to see it brought about. It is only rude, uneducated labor which has anything to fear, and if we can convert this into that which is skilled and educated, we have taken from labor that which degrades, and given to it that which dignifies. The laborer who shows you in the article he produces the stamp and evidence of his own intelligence; if that which he has made is the result, in some measure, of his own thoughts and genius, he commands your What he has made has been a source of pleasure to him, and he takes pride in the thought that it will be a source of gratification to others. The rude laborer has but little prospect of promotion, while advancement awaits the skilled. When business is dull, the rude laborer is the first to be dismissed, for his place can be filled at any time, while the skilled, if possible, is retained, for his services are too valuable to be dispensed with, and it is difficult to find another to take his place.

That system of education is best which trains the hand to some

useful employment, and the mind to intelligent activity. Headwork and hand-work should go together. We need scholarly workmen as well as expert scholars. When the fingers become obedient to the will of a presiding intelligence, they are the interpreters of thought. It is essential to the highest prosperity of the country that the workmen shall advance in intelligence with all other classes in the community. In this connection the important question arises, how shall we supply the demand for skilled labor?

Apprenticeship as it was known in this country twenty years ago now scarcely exists. The American youth are not learning trades. The decay of apprenticeship is undoubtedly due to the fact that, as a system, it alone is not calculated to furnish skilled workmen. The

principal reasons are the following:

First. The young man seeking to learn a trade may be apprenticed to an inferior workman, and the pupil, like the teacher, becomes a bungler. If the master is not a skillful workman, it is scarcely within the range of possibilities that those placed in his

charge will become such.

Second. The employer is frequently too much engrossed in the general management of his business to give much attention to the training of the apprentice, and the journeyman frequently entertains a feeling of jealousy. He does not consider that he is under any obligations to teach his own peculiar methods, and thus increase competition against himself. Thus the apprentice is left too much to himself. He acquires bungling ways of doing his work, and these ways not being corrected, become habits. The best way of using any particular tool should first be carefully and intelligently described to the apprentice. The master should then show how it can be used most skillfully; then the apprentice, taking the tool in his own hands, should be under careful and intelligent supervision, and every error he makes should be corrected at once. The apprentice, instead of learning the best ways of his master, is left to himself, and, through a long series of mistakes, acquires unfortunate habits which remain with him during life. The loss of time to the apprentice becomes enormous.

Third. If the apprentice becomes skillful in doing any particular kind of work belonging to the trade he is learning, the master is likely to keep him busy at this, because he finds it more profitable,

and thus other operations are neglected.

Fourth. The apprentice receives no mental training. As has already been observed, to make a skillful workman the mind must be educated as well as the hands. The educated workman requires little supervision; he readily comprehends instruction; he reads valuable works pertaining to his line of business; he adopts new methods with ease; he knows the nature of the material with which he works; he has a clear comprehension of the results he desires to accomplish, and his efforts are directed by intelligent judgment.

Apprenticeship is almost as much a thing of the past in Europe as in this country. There, however, something better has taken its place. Schools are everywhere established where the trades are taught. These schools are adapted to the industrial wants of the localities where they are situated. There is scarcely a city or town in Europe, in which there is one prevailing industry, that has not its school where that special industry is taught. There are schools for weaving; for glass making; for pottery making; for carpenters; for machinists; for cabinetmakers; for clock and watchmakers; for lace making; for jewelers, etc., through the entire range of industries. In these schools a portion of the time is given to labor, under the constant supervision of skilled workmen, and a portion to the study of those subjects which are closely allied to the industry taught. Drawing occupies a prominent place in all of them.

While the apprenticeship system as the sole means of learning a trade is rapidly disappearing in Europe, a modification of that system, to include technical instruction, is common. Both in Germany and Austria employers in all large centers of industry contribute toward the support of technical schools, and they offer inducements to their apprentices to attend. It is quite common in Germany for the masters to stipulate in the indentures of their apprentices that they shall attend these schools a certain number of hours every week. An important law prevails there, which makes it necessary for a workman to receive a master's certificate before he can take an apprentice. In Austria the law is such that every apprentice is obliged to attend an evening school for technical instruction at least one year during his term of indenture. A similar division of the time of the apprentice between the school

and the shop is also quite common in France and England.

The demand for skilled labor has increased wonderfully in this country within the past few years. Until recently our manufacturers have had no higher ambition than to produce plain goods, such as could be sold for the smallest sum of money, and such as necessarily left to the manufacturer the smallest margin of profit. The greatest demand has been for goods of this class, and the producer has done but little to create a desire for anything better. The necessity for goods which are intended for service only, will always continue, but there is a rapidly-increasing number of our people, who require not only that an article purchased shall be serviceable, but that it shall be an object of beauty also. Their houses must be elegant as well as comfortable. The furniture must be in style; the carpets, curtains, upholstering, etc., must all be in harmony. The porcelain, the glass and the silverware must be graceful in form and rich in ornamentation. Men are willing to pay for that which affords pleasure to any one of the five senses. They will pay the most, however, for that which pleases the eye. Addison observes, in one of his essays, "Our sight is the most perfect and delightful

of all the senses." "There is nothing," he remarks in another essay, "which makes its way more directly to the soul than beauty." The commercial value of beauty is without limit. The value of raw material is increased in exact proportion as skilled labor is expended upon it in the production of articles of use and beauty. This increased demand for artistic work is seen in all branches of industry, and it is evidence of a higher culture of the American people, and of an increased appreciation of the beautiful.

The present demand for novelty and variety in design and ornamentation is so great that every nation and every age are placed under contribution. The style of ornament peculiar to the Chinese and Japanese is eagerly sought for. The enormous number of articles brought by the Prince of Wales from India furnish almost an endless variety of forms and figures for ornament. The late discoveries made by Dr. Schliemann at Mycenæ have furnished designs of great value. Egypt and Persia contribute styles two thousand years old. Etruscan vases are copied. To adapt all these various styles of ornamentation to modern uses requires ingenious artisans.

How shall this demand be satisfied? What is our true policy? Shall our manufacturers continue to limit their productions to ordinary goods, and allow foreign countries the entire monopoly of the market for wares which possess the artistic element? Our workmen continue too much in their accustomed grooves, and for want of sufficient breadth of knowledge are continually making mistakes, wasting material and losing opportunities of trade. Goods of high artistic merit are being imported which should be made in this country; designs are secured abroad which ought to be produced here, and to a degree which is humiliating we have become a nation of copyists; designers come from Europe, and occupy places in our manufacturing establishments at good wages which ought to be filled by our own people. With rare exceptions the skilled workmen and artisans in this country are foreigners. What we need is a style of ornamentation for the goods we produce, which shall be original, and which shall have characteristics peculiar to this country. This we cannot hope for till we give our workmen an opportunity to acquire a technical education. The importance of establishing technical schools in this country, similar to those in Europe, must be apparent to all who have given any attention to the subject. It is impossible for us to enter into successful competition with other nations of the world without them. We have the enterprise and capital necessary to produce goods as fine as can be made in any country. What was said of England fifteen years ago as to her inferiority to other nations in artistic productions is true of America to-day. If we, however, are as wise as England has been in establishing schools of art and industry, we can make equally rapid strides, and what is said of England to-day, may fifteen years hence be equally true of our own country.

The end sought in the establishment of schools of design and trade which shall develop and utilize the artistic faculty of our workmen; to unite in the same person the artist and the tradesman, so that not only the expensive articles intended for the few, but ordinary objects for the many, may possess, in some degree, the element of beauty calculated to please. We should have schools that will give us workmen who can produce articles graceful in form, beautiful in decoration, elegant in finish and adapted to what-

ever uses they are intended.

Let us commence by establishing a few such schools; one, probably in each of the three or four most important manufacturing centers of the State. Others will soon follow, and before many years the supply of skilled workmen will be equal to the demand. At this time, when there is such an increase in the demand for fine pottery ware, our manufacturers in Trenton possess an immense advantage in having their extensive works already established. Competition, however, is so great that to preserve this vantage ground a constant supply of educated workmen and artists must be furnished. A school to train designers and decorators in pottery ought, by all means, to be established in Trenton. In Paterson a school to give instruction in the art of manufacturing textile fabrics, if rightly conducted, should find support. Technical and art schools of a more general character might be located in Jersey City and in Newark. In the southern part of the State the manufacturing of glass is an interest of such importance that a special school to teach this art would undoubtedly lead to the production of ware of a much more artistic character than has yet been made. Our State has already taken a wise step in the direction of special instruction in the aid it affords in maintaining our most worthy Agricultural College, located at New Brnnswick.

Museums serve a valuable purpose in technical education. These may be made to represent the dominant industries of the sections in which they are located. Every workman, if he has talent and ambition, is benefited by seeing the products of other workmen in his own department. If he finds he is inferior, he is stimulated to improvement; if he sees articles more artistic than he is making, his ambition prompts him not only to equal, but to excel. Errors are thus corrected; new ideas are infused; a higher degree of taste is cultivated, and the whole man is improved. Thus museums, or collections of articles of any department of industry which are so located as to be accessible by those engaged in that department, are of immense value. Manufacturers, designers and decorators thus have their memories refreshed, their ideas enlarged and their stock of knowledge increased. What is true of the individual, is equally true of nations whose products are brought in competition with those of other nations. The world's expositions, which are becoming comparatively common, are thus productive of great good.

Technical Education in the Public Schools.—No attempt, in my judgment, should be made to ingraft a course of technical instruction upon the Public School curriculum. Technical instruction requires the workshop, and the introduction of manual labor into our Public Schools would be exceedingly unwise. The period children usually attend Public School is between the ages of six and sixteen. Here are ten years given to the Public School to accomplish its mission, and there is quite enough for it to do without enlarging its sphere. The studies comprehended in the ordinary school course are fundamental and important, and should be mastered by all. A thorough training in the elements of knowledge, such as we have a right to expect of the Public School, is necessary as a foundation for professional training, and equally so as a preparation for technical instruction. The mind is susceptible of training sooner than the hands. The child has learned a language before he is five years old, and at the age of ten he may become a good reader. At the age of twelve, if properly taught, he is quite expert in figures; he can describe much of the surface of the earth, and has considerable knowledge of other subjects. But little could be done during this period in teaching the child the skillful use of any of the tools required in shaping wood and iron. The attempt to teach the child a trade during the years belonging to the ordinary Public School course, must prove a failure. His mental training is greatly interfered with, and nothing is accomplished in technical instruction that could not be done with far better results after the Public School course is completed. The child who expects to commence a course of technical training at the age of sixteen, needs all the mental culture in the fundamental branches of knowledge which the Public School can give him before he arrives at that age.

A child, after leaving the Public School, is better able to choose the trade he proposes to follow than before. While in school he may be taught the printer's trade, and after he leaves it, he concludes to learn the art of manufacturing silk goods, which he desires to follow as his business of life. It would have been much better for that young man if the time given to setting type in school had been spent in acquiring a more thorough knowledge of arithmetic, geography and grammar, for they all are more closely related to the business he has selected for himself than the art of printing. Let the Public School, therefore, fulfill its mission; let all the children gathered therein receive the best mental training the most competent teachers can give them, and then let them have the advantages of such technical instruction as will best prepare them for

some useful occupation in life.

Drawing. — Although technical instruction requires special schools, there is one branch of study which underlies all the mechanic arts, and which can and should constitute a part of Public School education. This is drawing. A knowledge of drawing is

important for every one, including professional men as well as mechanics. Its practical uses cannot be enumerated. Little children are usually fond of the exercise, and nature seems thus to suggest early instruction in this branch. It should be continued as a daily study, if possible, throughout the child's entire Public School course. No better preparation can be given for technical training. The pupil, even with such a preparation, will find it necessary, when he enters a trade school, to continue his drawing, but he need then pursue only that department of the subject which is most nearly related to the business of life for which he is preparing. This subject receives much more attention in the schools of Europe than in those of this country. In all technical instruction it holds an important place, and those who intend to be artisans devote onefourth of their time to this branch. No class of special schools in Europe is so numerous as those in which art, as applied to industry, is taught. In Belgium, a country with a population about equal to that of the State of New York, there are, as we have already seen, no less than 319 such schools. In France the number reaches nearly 1,000. In Paris there are several hundred. I had the pleasure of visiting a few of these, and was exceedingly pleased with their admirable arrangements. The seats are placed in semi-circles, each row toward the outer circumference being elevated above the next row within. The object to be drawn, generally a cast, is placed in the common centre of all the circular rows of seats. Forty or fifty pupils are thus seated so that each one obtains a view and produces a drawing different from all of the others.

Nearly everything in the mechanic arts is made from a drawing. The building, the bridge, the machine, etc., must be drawn upon paper before their construction begins. Not only is a knowledge of drawing necessary for the draughtsman, but the workman must understand the art, otherwise he is unable to interpret the drawings

which are placed in his hands.

The artist, by the use of lines, produces a drawing of an object which has no existence, except in his own mind; now, unless the workman has a knowledge of the same art, that drawing is not likely to bring to his mind a reproduction of the artist's mental conception. A mechanic who lacks this knowledge must work under

supervision, and at a great disadvantage.

The artist who produces an original design or ornament, one which pleases the eye, is a producer. He has given us something which before had no existence. That something has its value. A piece of carpet or a lace window curtain, with rich designs interwoven, will command ten times the price of others which, although just as serviceable, are without ornament. Bohemian glassware is not more useful than that made in the factories of South Jersey. The difference in price is entirely due to the difference in artistic merit. It is the artist who has created the furor which now exists

in the matter of ceramics. The Minton and the Wedgwood pottery of England, or the Sevres ware of France will break as readily as that made in Trenton. The high prices which the foreign ware commands is paid for the pleasure which their beautiful forms and exquisite designs afford the artistic eye. The silks from the looms of Paterson will wear as well as that made in Lyons, but they are not equal in finish and design.

Not only is the artist needed to furnish designs for expensive wares, but even in the manufacture of the cheapest goods there is a

constant demand for new patterns and figures.

The lady in humble circumstances, who buys calico for her dress, and pays five cents a yard, selects that which in color and design best pleases her eye. The same discrimination is made in purchas-

ing wall paper, which costs ten cents a roll.

That which is recommended as an important branch of study in our Public Schools is what is known as industrial drawing, or art applied to industry. It is quite different from the kind of drawing too frequently taught, which consists simply in picture making. A printed picture is placed before the child, and he is required to copy While it is possible that some benefit may result from this practice, it is extremely doubtful if the good accomplished is a fair return There should be some practical object in for the time expended. view in all instruction. If the training one receives enables him to design original ornaments, or to draw beautiful forms, he may find employment as an artisan in a manufacturing establishment; if he has learned to draw designs of buildings, he may become an architect; if he can sketch a landscape, even though he should never merit the title of artist, he will find infinite satisfaction in being able to preserve in his portfolio sketches of choice bits of scenery which greet him at times in his travels.

To draw a picture on paper like another picture on paper is a sad waste of time. It is simply doing that which the printing machine can do much better. No knowledge of perspective is required, and after the pupil has made the copy he is no better prepared to produce an original drawing from the round than he was before. If a child is able to draw a chair, or any ordinary piece of furniture, in correct perspective, he has a better foundation for future training, and he possesses a knowledge of drawing far more valuable than if he is able to produce an accurate copy of an elaborate steel engrav-

ing.

It may be thought that objects cannot be made sufficiently simple for the little child to commence with. The simplest copy consists of straight lines, and nothing is easier than to represent them by bits of thread stretched across a frame. With this contrivance to begin with a series of objects, including the most difficult, may be constructed, which shall be as evenly graded as the consecutive copies in any of our drawing books. A single lesson, as indicated,

affords an exercise which differs not in kind, but only in degree, from that required in drawing any object, however complicated. The eye of the child should be so trained that when he looks upon an object he has a clearly-defined mental impression of that object, the best test of which will be his ability to represent it upon paper. In the art schools of Europe preference is generally given to that system of drawing which makes use of the real objects instead of printed copies.

A commission recently appointed in France to inquire into the system of art instruction pursued in the schools of Germany and

and Switzerland, reported as follows:

"As for the method followed in art instruction, that which—without exception, from the High School of Nuremberg to the humblest village classes in Wurtemburg—has always and everywhere been most successful, is the one proposed by the late M. Dupuis, which has been too much neglected in France. It consists, as everybody knows, in making the pupils, either at the very outset, or after a few attempts at copying model drawings, (to give freedom to the hand, and accustom it to act in accord with the eye,) draw from subjects in relief; at first very simple, then combined and varied in position; rising gradually from subjects of ornaments in relief to drawing from the round or from nature. With a few unimportant modifications, this system is found in nearly all the schools of Germany."

This same committee made a similar examination in the methods pursued in the schools of Austria, and in their report they say:

"Drawing is taught in the earliest classes from models in relief; and no copying is allowed, except for the purpose of teaching pupils to handle the pencil at the very outset. In the first year the pupils of the first class, eleven years of age, practice free-hand and elementary geometrical drawing, and make sketches of solid bodies, and of geometrical forms, after models like those used in the Dupuis method."

Influenced, probably, by this report, the school authorities of Paris, as I was informed by the Superintendent, lately revised the system of art instruction in their schools, and now in all of them, as I was assured, the object was substituted for the printed copy. I visited several of these schools, and, without exception, I found the pupils drawing either from geometrical forms, from plaster models in relief, or from the round. At the Exposition extensive exhibits were made of pupils' work in drawing by the different countries of Europe, and the specimens all bore evidence of having been drawn from the objects.

Among all branches of instruction, which in any way contribute to technical education, drawing in its varied forms and applications must be regarded as the most important, and the one that should

be made common.

Support.—The parties benefited by the establishment of techni-

cal schools should contribute toward their support. The State is interested in the development of its industries, and in making as many of its citizens producers of wealth as possible. Its true policy, therefore, is to encourage the formation of such schools by liberal appropriations. Manufacturers derive benefit from the labor of skilled workmen, and they can well afford to contribute toward the support of the schools required to furnish them. Such schools need not be free; tuition fees may be charged, and thus the pupils, in return for the benefit they receive, may bear a portion of

the expense.

burdens to society.

Conclusion.—I am satisfied that we in this country have the best Public School system in the world. We furnish better facilities to the whole people for acquiring a fundamental education than any other country. There is no excuse for any of our children growing up in ignorance of the common or ordinary branches of knowledge. We have good colleges and professional schools also. after completing his Public School course, can avail himself of the advantages of these higher institutions of learning, and thus prepare himself for any of the learned professions. The class unprovided for are those who should become tradesmen in some department of industry, and this class includes a large percentage of the boys attending our Public Schools. Their school course terminates probably at the age of fifteen. Between that age and manhood, the trade must be learned, if at all. They are unable to find places as apprentices, and without trade schools to attend, they are left helpless. The consequence is they are led astray by the temptations to evil ways which naturally beset the idle during this most

In Europe the educational work had its beginning at the top, in the founding of the higher institutions of learning, and the progress has been downwards. The establishment of Public Schools in some of the countries is quite recent. In this country we began at the bottom by first establishing the lower schools for the public, and our progress must be upwards. In this, we derive an important advantage. I heard it frequently remarked, while abroad, that the chief difficulty they had to contend with in technical schools was the fact that the pupils too frequently came without sufficient preparation in the fundamental branches of knowledge. In this country our Public Schools will render important and valuable service in

critical period of their existence, and thus they frequently become

preparing the young for industrial training.

With the establishment of technical schools, we prepare this large and important class for useful and honorable employment, and we supply the trades with skilled workmen. Thus the circle of our educational institutions will be made complete, and the obligations of the State to the whole people will be fulfilled.

Natural History Collections.

In every city of any considerable size in Europe there is a museum of Natural History. Some are local in their character, containing the specimens of the province or state only; others are more general, and include within their scope the natural history of These collections exercise an immense educational influence. With rare exceptions, admission is free, and whatever desire any one may have to make himself familiar with natural history, in any of its departments, can be gratified. The attendance of children at these museums is very large. They have a natural curiosity to see collections of beasts, birds, insects, etc., and by frequent visits they become more or less familiar with their names and classification. The plants and flowers these children are accustomed to see; the birds that fly over their heads; the animals they meet in their rambles; the insects that flit through the air; the fish they love to catch upon the hook, can all be seen and their names learned in these museums. Such opportunities are invaluable. Simply a knowledge of the names of these objects we so frequently meet, affords immense satisfaction, and if, in addition to this, we have made some acquaintance with their history, use and classification, the satisfaction is greatly increased. Such knowledge is frequently of great practical importance. The farmer is continually annoyed by insects destructive to vegetation. In these museums such insects can be seen in all stages of their growth and development. The period of their existence is likely to be given, and also the results of their ravages. The farmer can thus recognize his enemy in its first appearance, or in any of its changes of form, and he can intelligently apply whatever remedies are prescribed for its extermination. I was much interested, while abroad, to see what was being done to secure the destruction of our potato bug, whenever and wherever it should make its appearance. cheap print, showing the bug in all its stages of growth from the egg to its perfect condition, is placed in all the schools and in the railroad depots throughout the countries I visited, and the people, including the children, were instructed to destroy every specimen seen.

Having all such noxious insects placed in museums where the people can become familiar with them, is a wise precautionary measure, calculated either to secure their extermination or to pre-

vent their dangerous increase.

Such museums should be far more common than they are in this country. Each State, at least, should have one, representing her own natural history. Several of the States have such collections, and a few have instituted such measures as will, in time, result in the establishment of others. As yet, New Jersey has done but little in this direction. She has a creditable collection of minerals

and woods, but beyond this her natural history, which is peculiarly rich and varied, is unrepresented. Collections, as complete as practicable, should be made of her quadrupeds, her birds, her fish,

her insects, her crustaceans, her mollusks and her flora.

In my report last year I urged the formation of small local museums for the schools. Many of the teachers, with the assistance of their pupils, are able to make a fair collection of specimens, but the great difficulty incurred is in naming and arranging them properly. This difficulty might be overcome if small collections, suitable for the schools, could be furnished by the State in return for specimens collected and donated by the teachers and pupils of the districts. In this way a mutual advantage would be gained. The State Museum would be in receipt of specimens from all parts of the State at a trifling expense, and the districts contributing would obtain sets properly named and arranged for their own use. Every teacher who felt a desire for a small natural history collection for his school could thus readily obtain it, without cost. Sets of various sizes, adapted to schools of different grades, might be formed, and a price fixed for each size. A schedule of prices could then be determined upon for specimens received in good condition. Each preserved specimen of plant, each insect, each mineral, etc., would have its value. Children make excellent collectors, and a teacher feeling an interest himself in the subject, and exciting the interest of his pupils, might obtain enough specimens to secure for his school such a collection as would prove of immense value. If the entire cost of a set should not be made up in specimens, the balance might be paid in money.

Such a plan, or one similar to it, would involve but little expense, and, if properly managed, it, in a few years, would result in the establishment of a State museum, and of many local school museums.

ELLIS A. APGAR,

State Superintendent of Public Instruction.



STATISTICAL TABLES

ACCOMPANYING THE

STATE SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT.

TABLE I.

Statistical Report, by Counties, for the State of

| | | | FI | NANOIAL | STATEMEN | VT. | | |
|--|--|---|---|--|--|---|---|--|
| COUNTIES. | Amount of apportionment from State Appropria- tion. | Amount of apportionment from township tax. | Amount of apportionment from surplus revenue. | Amount of district tax voted for payment of teachers' salaries. | Amount of district school tax voted to be used for building, purchasing, hirling, repairing or furnishing public school-bouses. | Total amount of district school tax ordered to be raised. | Total amount received from all sources for pub- lic school purposes. | Balacce in the hands of the collector, exclusive of money for building and repairing purposes. |
| Atlantic Bergen Burlington. Camden. Camden. Cape May. Cumberland. Essex Gloucester. Hudson Hunterdon Mercer Middlesex. Monmouth. Morris. Ocean. Passaic Salem. Somerset. Sussex Union. Warren. | \$19251 44 40%0 424 40%0 424 40%0 424 40%0 427 67463 19 10088 83 40288 04 194758 49 29440 40 22567 65155 96 62325 53 64034 07 17985 57 70847 29 27740 96 30787 58 28770 70 55323 73 41324 96 | \$5049 00 3103 00 7340 00 308 00 8100 00 487 00 | \$1795 08 5091 24 1641 24 1641 36 637 58 1766 13 1534 66 3297 43 1080 62 3766 29 4148 87 904 10 2300 00 3022 14 2321 34 | 83750 00 3125 00 3125 00 1998 94 1400 00 14274 79 62976 02 1512 50 76830 87 7433 04 218 00 6304 18 2905 77 7433 78 2945 78 244 20 60 4752 76 26673 58 10434 82 | \$8212 07 37206 00 15245 54 17483 72 1385 00 12718 54 49963 10 16074 34 83517 00 10271 39 11025 00 17580 82 7620 40 92 750 40 92 750 40 1938 14 1948 00 5670 92 | \$11962 07 55022 00 55022 00 18370 54 37472 66 27755 00 26893 33 112439 12 17586 84 160197 87 17704 43 11243 00 21188 02 15555 18 2921 55 6019 14 6903 00 9116 03 60617 58 16105 74 | \$86262 51 97677 50 84254 95 106577 18 16613 91 69027 50 315038 61 48869 90 376171 35 62644 25 77479 61 83040 65 473738 12 21511 17 21511 17 21516 49 38060 10 39712 72 48308 97 113880 31 57917 70 | \$4049 30 14652 50 14652 50 14652 50 14652 50 4944 13 1182 18 6945 76 11936 79 7321 92 13233 71 2339 53 5819 43 7714 94 17185 19 17185 19 17185 19 1712 90 4787 28 4787 28 4787 28 4787 18 19774 15 8840 49 |
| Total | 1232501 38 | 24387 00 | 33306 81 | 302630 59 | 379806 66 | 682437 25 | 1972632 44 | 183395 86 |

TABLE I—(CONTINUED.)

New Jersey, for the School Year ending August 31, 1878.

| | уенгв | neen | | | | ENDA | | | | om- | private | l no | | | | 20 |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|---|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|---|--|
| Present value of school property. | Whole number of children between 5 and 18 y of age. | Average number of months the schools have been kept open. | Number of children between 5 and 18 years of age enrolled in the school register during the year. | Number who have attended 10 months or more during the year. | Number who have attended 8 months but less than 10. | Number who have attended 6 months but less than 8. | Number who have attended 4 months but less than 6. | Number who have attended less than 4 months. | Average number who have attended school dur- ing the time it has been kept open. | Number of children the school house will sent comfortably. | Estimated number of children attending pri- school. | Estimated number of children who have attended no school during the year. | Number of male teachers employed. | Number of femule teachers employed. | Averuge salary per month paid to male teachers. | Average salary per month paid to female teachers. |
| 893675 225250 2201200 565950 49550 1275450 110680 1128643 150240 208250 378550 878550 878550 878550 878550 878550 878550 87850 87850 87850 87850 87850 87850 87850 87850 87850 87850 | 15573 17244 2550 10573 50762 7637 5×898 10721 15507 4556 17772 7160 7943 7342 | 8.8 10.3 9.6 9.6 8.8 9.1 10.4 9.6 10.4 9.6 10.3 9.6 9.6 9.6 10.3 10.3 10.3 10.3 10.3 10.3 10.3 10.3 | 8650 6474 10612 11766 2239 8666 25602 5581 81154 8670 8737 8543 10314 3533 10382 5618 5618 5610 6182 7951 | 2 577 137 73 198 1988 128 5686 177 890 1270 156 182 29 2106 248 254 161 779 229 | 621 1395 1383 4650 456 2043 9076 1174 6330 1561 1733 1778 1637 1768 453 1974 922 1010 2499 1782 | 977 1267 2117 1757 685 2460 4211 1235 4957 1936 1679 2617 2212 719 1585 1168 1119 1202 1408 | 848 1114 22165 49.9 1585 3184 1198 459.9 1793 144.9 2717 215-9 1514 1179 1105 1264 1070 1695 | 1202 2121 4763 3081 599 2476 7143 2146 9552 32*67 2703 4*17 2203 3172 2143 2214 3172 2143 3172 2143 3172 3172 3172 3172 | 2093 3695 5200 6690 1440 5089 16305 3075 4420 4760 5233 5247 1694 6234 2767 3228 4914 | 4401 6780 10706 10074 2617 8409 20684 6045 21400 8091 6316 8217 12952 3312 9574 5183 6221 7317 8183 | 146 1260 1614 1855 7 364 8622 399 13293 595 4151 1781 700 829 67 1936 3037 596 116 3037 596 | 1227 2822 3268 3568 302 1244 16538 1115 14361 1350 1041 4433 41*5 1×32 944 5454 878 819 3183 1761 | 33 41 57 24 23 52 51 41 46 78 96 64 39 83 47 32 82 83 70 | 40 61 126 156 14 99 359 420 95 149 122 82 98 21 114 80 65 89 108 | \$51 82 67 65 43 92 71 42 50 34 49 14 125 00 53 72 115 44 95 44 95 44 25 49 80 44 25 49 80 40 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 | \$36 223 39 76 39 76 33 37 42 17 31 55 36 55 49 76 33 96 41 44 29 45 37 65 31 74 47 00 29 85 30 30 30 30 |

TABLE II.

Statistical Report, by Cities, for the State of

| Bridgeton 7812 13 \$480 50 500 00 500 00 13292 Canden 42344 76 1072 08 16479 16 12000 00 28479 16 23292 Elizabeth 2864 16 3018 94 7850 00 10868 84 37650 Gioneester Cty 6622 56 152 10 800 00 880 00 8871 Hobsten 33854 17 151c0 71 17707 00 32887 71 6684 Jersey City 145499 84 42900 16 55550 00 12436 16 24751 Millwille 7347 62 451 92 4602 01 3899 05 8801 06 16400 New Runswick 14560 84 31194 00 1865 00 5000 00 189640 New Brunswick 19587 21 3089 18 2875 82 12825 00 3227 Orange 13541 14 5554 02 365 81 9217 12 22758 Patersob 5049 51 2000 00 1290 00 82499 Perth Ambey 4030 78 2000 00 1200 00 2014 44 <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> | | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|---|
| Atlantic City. \$2466 20 \$2000 00 \$1500 00 \$3500 00 \$5966 Bridgeton. 7812 13 \$480 50 5000 00 5000 00 5000 00 13292 Canden. 42448 76 1072 68 16479 16 12000 00 24379 16 72000 Elizabeth. 28681 06 3018 94 7850 00 10868 94 37650 Elizabeth. 28681 06 3018 94 7850 00 10868 94 37650 Glionester City. 602 56 152 10 1870 17 17707 00 32887 71 66841 10 1870 10 18 | | | 1 | FINANOIAL (| STATEMENT | | |
| $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | CITIES. | Amount of apportionment from State Appropria- tion. | Amount of apportionment from surplus revenue. | of school tax voted for payment rs' salaries. | Amount of school tax voted to be used for build- ing, purchashig, furing, repairing or furnish- ing public school-houses. | Total amount of school tax ordered to be raised. | Total amount received from all sources for pub- ile school purposes. |
| Trenton | Bridgeton Canden Elizabeth Gionesster City Hobeken Jersey City Milwille Morristown Newark New Brunswick Orange Passac City Paterson. Perth Amboy Phillipsburg Plamfield Rahway Salem. | 7812 13 4244 76 2664 1 06 6122 56 83994 17 145699 44 7347 42 5527 44 142640 ×1 195-7 21 13541 14 5967 40 50149 51 4030 78 4030 78 6526 22 6914 25 | \$480 50 1072 (8 152 10 451 92 | 5000 00 16479 16 3018 94 15180 71 42900 16 4602 01 4672 56 31194 00 3089 18 5054 02 2705 60 20000 00 5250 00 6844 64 4859 00 | 12000 06 7950 00 800 00 17707 00 59550 00 4327 44 12805 00 9655 82 3663 10 1050 00 1050 00 5200 00 3324 00 | 5000 00 28479 16 10968 94 800 00 32887 71 102450 16 8001 00 9000 00 12825 00 9217 12 10719 35 32000 00 1250 00 1050 00 1260 00 | 193640 81 32212 21 22758 26 16686 75 82049 51 50 80 75 12878 20 18940 86 15097 76 |

TABLE II—(CONTINUED.)

New Jersey, for the School Year ending August 31, 1878.

| | | - | | | | | 9_ | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|---|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|---|--|--|---|---|--|
| | s of | been | | | ATT | ENDAN | OE. | | | com- | private | ou l | | | | |
| Present value of the school property. | Whole number of children between 5 and 18 years of age. | Average number of months the schools have been topen. | Number of children between 5 and 18 years of age enrolled in the school registers during the year. | Number who have attended 10 months or more during the year. | Number who have attended 8 months but less than 10. | Number who have attended 6 months but less than 8. | Number who have attended 4 months but less than 6. | Number who have attended less than 4 months. | Average number who have attended the schools during the time they have been kept open. | Number of children the school-house will seat c fortably. | Estimated number of children attending pringedhools. | Estimated number of children who have attended no school during the year. | Number of male teachers employed. | Number of female teachers employed. | Average salary per month paid to male teachers. | Average salary per month paid to female teachers. |
| \$20000 30000 40503 100000 152000 764581 34000 50000 150000 150000 35000 247500 30000 67500 80000 14000 | 1375 37345 5727 3680 1641 12480 851 2721 2034 1778 1195 | 10.5 10.5 10 10 10 10 10 10.5 10 10 10 | 596 1753 7668 3406 783 5088 20585 1971 893 17846 2555 1426 945 7157 574 1721 1296 1335 7769 | 63 11 418 56 587 4502 120 56 1657 1089 34 149 1892 230 91 236 675 | 138 457 4070 1133 205 1259 3811 653 318 675 493 140' 573 443 209 819 | 169 378 969 558 127 858 3222 773 178 2756 241 202 181 996 82 417 177 79 421 | 127 290 1251 371 135 643 3034 253 2138 230 177 128 973 254 150 221 88 919 | 162 565 1367 926 260 1741 6016 167 219 5108 5.02 33* 1973 273 322 284 306 164 935 | 367 992 4653 2118 435 2899 11860 562 11235 1852 1071 592 4542 285 1181 850 822 558 2312 | 500 1600 6000 2300 720 3650 12958 1760 13000 2370 1185 800 400 1432 1500 700 2275 | 8 150 1513 2000 80 1475 9809 500 250 6481 958 650 301 1400 272 263 200 150 2100 | 222 300 1953 1718 2166 9810 115 232 13018 2214 1604 335 3923 77 728 475 243 260 2602 | 1 6 8 8 3 1 5 5 17 6 6 1 2 3 3 2 2 1 9 6 3 5 2 2 3 3 | 8 23 102 44 10 68 293 25 15 242 41 28 16 92 7 24 22 18 17 63 | \$90 00 76 00 130 00 150 00 155 00 137 00 139 20 57 50 225 00 151 50 166 60 102 00 177 83 140 00 57 50 88 50 | \$44 70 36 66 43 25 50 00 46 00 47 90 40 21 34 85 51 00 42 63 51 00 40 00 43 00 50 71 30 64 50 00 38 13 46 50 |
| 3412081 | 154087 | 10.2 | 82143 | 12027 | 23653 | 13058 | 11582 | 21823 | 50466 | 63050 | 28310 | 43758 | 105 | 1158 | 114 33 | 43 91 |

TABLE III.

Statistical Report, by Cities, for the State of

| | Build | iings ted. | Numb pub scho | lic | Numb priv scho | | | Valu | ation | ofs | choc | ol pro | perty. | E | venl | ng is. |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|---|---|--|
| CITIES. | Number of school-bouses erected during the year. | Number enlarged, refurnished or remodeled. | Number of school buildings. | Number of school departments. | Number of unsectarian private schools. | Number of sectarian private schools. | Number of school-houses valued at \$1,000 or less. | Number valued between \$1,000 and \$5,000. | Number valued between \$5,000 and \$10,000. | Number valued between \$10,000 and \$29,000. | Number valued between \$20,000 and \$40,000. | Number valued above \$40,000. | Average value. | Number of months the evening schools have been kept open. | Number in attendance upon the evening schools. | Average attendance upon the evening schools. |
| Hohoken. Jersey City. Miliville. Morristown Newark New Brunswick. Orange Passalc City. Paterson. | 1 | i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i | 16 12 6 4 4 20 11 2 28 6 4 3 10 11 5 5 5 12 | 9 29 110 46 11 63 280 33 14 243 26 17 101 6 17 21 23 19 66 | 4 7 11 6 13 15 7 6 1 1 1 1 1 2 9 | 24 55 13 4 11 15 22 11 16 1 | 1 1 2 2 | 6 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 | 31233 42111 1 2 5 | 1 1 3 3 5 2 1 1 2 1 | 63 66 11 11 15 1 | 1 6 1 10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | \$20000 5000 36709 16565 12500 38729 3090 30944 25000 11666 24755 30000 10000 2800 2800 10000 | 4 | 617 454 371 359 1161 157 1707 | 323 163 176 278 650 90 564 |
| Total | 3 | 4 | 148 | 1182 | 115 | 45 | 7 | 20 | 38 | 21 | 39 | 23 | 20060 | 31 | 5576 | 2599 |

TABLE III—(CONTINUED.)

New Jersey, for the School Year ending August 31, 1878.

| | | Perc | entage o | f attend | ance upo | on the puh | lic schools. | | | Cost of ed | lucation. |
|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|---|--|---|---|--|
| Percentage of enrollment n attendance 10 months. | Percentage in attendance between 8 and 10 months. | Percentage in attendance between 6 and 8 inontils. | Percentage in attendance between 4 and 6 mouths. | Percentage in attendance less than 4 months. | Percentage of average attendance. | Percentage of census in attendance at the public schools. | Percentage in attendance at private schools. | Percentage attending no school. | Percentage of the city school census the schools Will accommodate. | Average cost per pupil for tuition, based npon the average register number. | Average cost, based on the entire school census. |
| .04 .12 .07 .12 .22 .06 .06 .09 .42 .03 .15 .26 .01 .09 .17 .07 .30 .18 | .23 .26 .53 .33 .26 .29 .33 .36 .35 .19 .47 .31 .19 .24 .23 .35 .35 .35 .35 .27 .27 | .28 .21 .13 .16 .17 .15 .39 .20 .15 .14 .19 .14 .15 .22 .23 .24 .20 .10 .11 | .21 .16 .16 .11 .17 .13 .15 .13 .14 .12 .09 .12 .14 .13 .12 .15 .12 .12 .14 .15 .17 .17 .17 .17 .17 .17 .17 .17 .17 .17 | .28 .33 .18 .28 .33 .35 .29 .09 .24 .20 .24 .21 .28 .48 .18 .22 .23 .23 .25 | .61 .57 .62 .55 .59 .55 .66 .63 .72 .72 .63 .64 .49 .66 .64 .49 .66 | .73 .79 .68 .48 .50 .52 .65 .65 .45 .39 .57 .67 .63 .75 .64 | .07 .14 .28 .05 .17 .24 .03 .18 .17 .17 .17 .18 .11 .24 .10 .13 .11 .12 .25 | .27 .14 .24 .24 .25 .24 .25 .17 .35 .38 .44 .32 .27 .27 .27 .23 | .60 .72 .54 .32 .46 .41 .33 .80 .51 .35 .41 .35 .49 .64 .47 .53 .73 .67 .59 | \$12 17 13 38 12 89 13 12 14 19 16 95 15 55 15 56 12 24 17 83 14 65 15 41 14 14 9 50 16 12 14 29 13 74 15 16 | \$ 6 4 0 2 3 3 5 6 6 5 3 3 5 6 6 5 5 3 5 6 6 5 5 5 5 |
| .14 | .28 | .18 | .14 | .26 | .63 | .60 | .15 | .25 | .41 | 14 25 | 5 2 |

TABLE IV.

School Districts and School Census.

| Number of sectorian private schools. Number of districts with less than 45 children. Number of districts with less than 45 children. Number having hetween 45 and 80 children. Number having hetween 120 and 200 children. Number having hetween 120 and 200 children. Number having hetween 120 and 500 children. Number | COUNTIES. |
|--|---|
| Burlington. 25 111 122 183 10 10 32 2.9 4 44 34 17 7 Camden. 9 43 63 180 9 8 119 2.8 2.8 18 9 6 6 Cape May. 5 28 27 38 6 2.6 2 12 10 3 Cumberland. 11 58 x 151 5 3 28 3.9 5 27 11 9 Essex. 13 38 70 376 18 8 107 3.8 8 10 4 6 Gloucester 13 36 66 86 4 3 173 2.7 3 29 21 7 4 | |
| $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | Bergen Burlington. Camden. Cane May. Cumberland Essex. Gloucester Hudson. Hunterdon Mercer. Middlesex. Monmonth |

TABLE V.

School Terms and Attendance.

| | schoo | h of the | been | | | Perc | entag | ge of | Atte | enda | nce. | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|---|---|--|---|--|---|
| COUNTIES. | Number of districts in which the schools have been kept open less than 6 months. | Number in which they have been open 6 months but less than 9. | Number in which they have been open 9 months or more. | Percentage of enrollment in attendance 10 months. | £ | Percentage in attendance between 6 and 8 months. | Percentage in attendance between 4 and 6 months. | Percentage in attendance less than 4 months. | Percentage of average attendance upon the public schools. | Percentage of the census in the public schools. | Percentage in attendance at private schools. | Percentage attending no school. | Percentage of the school census the schools will accommodate, |
| Atlantic Bergen Burlington. Camden. Cape May Cumberland. Essex Gloucester. Hudson Hunterdon Mercer Middlesex. Monmouth Morris Ocean. Passaic Salem Somerset Sussex Union Total. | 2 1 1 | 10 77 33 32 16 6 4 14 14 15 | 36 666 102 39 24 55 37 60 16 100 55 61 101 103 33 37 64 68 94 46 80 | .09 .03 .07 .02 .07 .02 .10 .14 .01 .02 .04 .05 .03 .09 .62 | .177 .222 .133 .39 .200 .244 .355 .200 .18 .200 .14 .177 .13 .199 .166 .177 .311 .21 | .27 .19 .16 .31 .28 .17 .21 .16 .23 .16 .19 .21 .20 .15 .21 .20 .15 .21 .20 .21 .20 .21 .20 .21 .20 .21 .20 .20 .20 .20 .20 .20 .20 .20 .20 .20 | .23 .17 .21 .18 .22 .18 .23 .15 .19 .22 .16 .23 .21 .26 .15 .21 .26 .15 .21 .20 .21 .20 .21 .20 .21 .20 .21 .20 .21 .20 .21 .21 .20 .20 .20 .20 .20 .20 .20 .20 .20 .20 | .33 .34 .44 .27 .28 .28 .37 .31 .40 .39 .41 .39 .41 .29 .35 | .577 .499 .644 .583 .644 .551 .544 .600 .533 .499 .622 .555 | .73 .61 .68 .88 .84 .50 .81 .53 .81 .63 .59 .77 .77 .58 .87 .77 .77 .77 | .03 .122 .111 .11 .04 .177 .04 .23 .06 .30 .12 .04 .06 .02 .11 .05 .07 .02 .22 .05 | .24 .27 .21 .12 .33 .15 .24 .13 .25 .15 .21 .31 .12 .21 .31 .12 .21 .31 .31 .31 .31 .32 .31 .31 .32 .31 .32 .32 .32 .32 .32 .32 .32 .32 .32 .32 | .88 .63 .63 .59 1.02 .41 .79 .36 .77 .54 .77 .69 .72 .65 .84 .74 |

TABLE VI.

Valuation of School Property.

| | | | | | | | | _ | | |
|---|--|--|---|--|---|--|---|-------------------------------|---|---|
| COUNTIES. | Number of districts without school-houses. | Number of buildings valued at \$100 or less. | Number valued between \$100 and \$500. | Number valuet between \$500 and \$1000. | Number valued between \$1000 and \$5000. | Number valued between \$5000 and \$10,000. | Number valued between \$10,000 and \$20,000. | Number valued above \$20,000. | Average value of school-houses, excluding those in the cines. | Average value, including those in the cities. |
| Atlantic Bergen Bergen Burlington. Canden. Caye May. Cumberland Essex. Glouesster Hudson. Hunterdon Mercer Monmouth Morris. Ocean. Passac. Salem Somerset. Sussex. Union. Warren. | 1 | 2 1 | 9 4 52 12 12 3 11 38 10 16 14 21 14 21 23 16 43 11 31 | 6 15 30 11 7 21 8 19 1 22 15 47 31 11 13 22 23 24 25 25 | 20 38 22 13 34 28 6 36 33 59 59 13 16 23 21 15 28 | 387751 1285825461243214 | 1 2 3 5 1 10 7 2 2 4 1 1 1 3 1 2 1 5 | 1 1 7 7 1 23 3 5 3 388 | \$1601 1815 1649 1211 1738 2022 8117 1668 10303 1391 1449 2276 1583 1148 1055 1315 1315 1315 1651 | \$1993 1815 1649 8999 1738 2388 18220 1668 27787 1391 3155 4410 2076 2013 1148 7256 1175 10648 2288 |
| Total | 7 | 34 | 337 | 408 | 542 | 94 | 51 | 82 | 2548 | 4967 |

TABLE VII.

Condition of School Property.

| | | | S | chool | houses | la. | | |
|--|--|--|--|---|--------------------------------|---|---|-------------------------------------|
| · COUNTIES. | Number of new school-bonses erected during the year. | Number enlarged, refurnished, or remodeled. | Number of districts without school-houses. | Number in which the school build- ings are very poor. | Number in which they are poor. | Number in which they are medium. | Number in which they are good. | Number in which they are very good. |
| tlantic ergen invangton amden app May. umberland sser loncester londson unterdon tercer tiddlesex onmouth orrs. ccan assate alem omerset uses wises loncester tiddlesex loncester tiddlesex loncester loncester tiddlesex loncester loncester loncester loncester liddlesex loncester lonceste | 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 1 1 1 2 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 8 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 1 1 1 6 6 1 1 1 1 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 15 | 177 300 55 24 166 9 4 4 25 8 187 177 15 233 6 28 | 17 15 42 13 8 14 14 14 11 11 11 15 5 5 17 25 25 | |
| Total | 24 | 3.1 | 7 | 63 | 97 | 274 | 451 | -4 |

TABLE VIII. School Tax and Cost of Public Instruction.

| | Cost of E | incation. | Distric | et School | Tax. |
|--|--|--|---|--|---|
| COUNTIES. | Average cost of education per pupil, for nine months, calculated on the average attendance. | Average cost per pupil, for nine months, calcula- lated on the total school census. | Number of districts that raised district tax to pay tenchers' salaries. | Number of districts that raised district tax to build or repair school-houses. | Number that raised no school tax. |
| Atlantic Bergen Bergen Bergington Danden Dan | \$13 40 16 37 13 27 13 31 10 57 11 06 16 25 10 66 16 35 11 85 12 55 11 78 12 60 12 32 15 29 11 32 13 61 16 64 | \$5 59 69 4 43 5 17 6 32 6 21 4 229 4 83 6 5 14 76 4 76 5 36 4 76 5 5 6 6 39 4 6 6 39 4 6 6 39 6 6 6 2 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 | 9 33 5 13 5 17 24 12 9 9 21 17 7 7 12 8 9 9 9 9 10 7 | 21 37 31 19 5 14 24 30 8 8 18 7 19 19 17 7 7 7 8 12 12 10 | 26 22 77 20 33 5 75 75 94 94 95 97 97 97 98 98 99 99 99 99 99 |
| | 13 19 | 5 14 | 246 | 337 | 936 |

TABLE IX.

Certificates Granted by the County Superintendents.

| | Fi Gra | rst ide. | Sec. Gra | | Thi Gra | | | | | | | number ex- |
|--|--|--|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|---------------------------------|---|
| COUNTIES. | To males. | To females. | To males. | To females. | To males. | To females. | Total to males. | Total to females. | Total number granted. | Total number of applications rejected. | Number of certificates revoked. | Per cent. of rejections out of the whole nun amined. |
| Atlantic Bergen Burlington. Camden Cape May. Cumberland. Essex Gloncester. Hudson Hunterdon Mercer. Middlesex Monmouth Morris. Ocean. Passalc. Saiem Somerset Sussex. Ution. Warren. | 75 57 54 77 31 115 22 26 92 25 21 58 3 | 31 55 1 32 1 5 32 1 5 33 22 1 5 22 6 6 22 6 22 6 22 6 22 6 22 6 | 3557 2885 77 44 14 1064 44 57 211 9 | 2 8 13 7 5 3 5 5 3 10 5 5 3 9 7 7 7 2 2 2 9 18 | 17 20 40 17 17 43 15 20 3 63 63 21 14 61 79 47 15 27 20 57 | 29 48 98 35 20 46 34 56 60 68 97 41 56 62 28 50 | 27 30 54 19 30 52 29 27 72 24 21 77 94 34 28 64 60 | 34 57 116 43 25 52 41 60 65 89 65 83 80 99 46 11 59 64 43 70 | 61 87 170 62 55 104 70 87 80 161 89 104 157 193 99 92 92 92 92 123 130 | 43 30 777 83 12 72 113 37 32 68 46 33 79 81 51 113 23 612 23 1157 | | .41 .26 .31 .58 .19 .41 .61 .29 .29 .34 .24 .33 .29 .34 .27 .20 .41 |
| Total | 99 | 48 | 110 | 114 | 653 | 1129 | 862 | 1291 | 2153 | 1250 | 4 | .34 |

TABLE X.

Condition of School Libraries in Atlantic and Bergen Counties.

| COUNTY AND NUMBER OF DISTRICT. | Amount raised during the State fiscal year for library. | Amount previously raised. | Amount of orders issued on the State for fiscal year ending October 31st, 1878. | Amount of orders previously issued. | Number of books purchased during the year. | Number of books previously purchased. | Amount expended for appara- tus during the year. | Amount previously expended for apparatus. | Number of books now consti- tuting the library. | Number of books taken out during the year. |
|---|--|---|---|--|--|--|---|---|--|--|
| ATLANTIC. 1. 3. 4. 7. 8. 8. 9. 11. 12. 12. 13. 14. 14. 15. 15. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 23. 23. 26. 44. 49. 50. 50. | 10 00 | 20 00 62 00 40 00 20 00 50 00 50 00 40 00 50 00 | \$10 00 | 20 00 50 00 40 00 20 00 50 00 50 00 40 00 20 00 20 00 20 00 20 00 20 00 20 00 30 00 50 | 24 | 104 38 38 64 181 44 38 95 65 118 157 | | \$200 00 10 00 5 00 32 00 2 70 15 00 42 00 5 00 20 00 | 725 40 36 30 165 25 70 30 140 110 80 88 26 64 200 38 28 28 91 50 100 155 | 450 36 42 25 240 15 26 25 22 223 203 203 41 163 563 563 563 563 563 563 563 5 |
| BERGEN. 6 | 120 00 11 00 20 00 25 66 10 00 10 00 76 66 | 20 00 52 00 40 00 78 00 71 06 30 00 75 00 30 00 81 00 20 00 | 10 00 20 00 10 00 10 00 10 00 60 00 | 30 00 40 00 20 00 40 00 40 00 20 00 40 00 30 00 50 00 | 24 49 69 32 | 286 50 73 73 61 141 140 184 111 116 87 87 87 87 40 41 | 8 32 | 14 00 28 00 30 00 30 00 | 286 74 78 78 110 141 140 250 111 | 3167 175 74 50 73 110 141 140 250 40 87 41 1293 |

Condition of School Libraries in Burlington, Camden and Cape May Counties.

| COUNTY AND NUMBER OF DISTRICT, See | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------------|-----------|---------|----------------|----------|------|--------------|---|---------|---|---|
| BURLINGTON. 3. \$20.00 \$20.00 \$175 \$18.00 \$60 \$18.10 \$60 \$11 \$11 \$40.00 \$10.00 | | e e | | 5 20 | , A | To a | 7 | in in | Ta a | ÷ | nt |
| BURLINGTON. 3. \$20.00 \$20.00 \$175 \$18.00 \$60 \$18.10 \$60 \$11 \$11 \$40.00 \$10.00 | | 30 | | T T T | 311 | 3.8 | 300 | par | pu | 8110 | |
| BURLINGTON. 3. \$20.00 \$20.00 \$175 \$18.00 \$60 \$18.10 \$60 \$11 \$11 \$40.00 \$10.00 | | g . | ÷ | ○ 5 | N N | ch. | Ī | <u>a</u> | De | 5 | cn |
| BURLINGTON. 3. \$20.00 \$20.00 \$175 \$18.00 \$60 \$18.10 \$60 \$11 \$11 \$40.00 \$10.00 | | 2.5 | IBE | it d | 210 | 100 | re | See See | ex | > 1 | H H |
| BURLINGTON. 3. \$20.00 \$20.00 \$175 \$18.00 \$60 \$18.10 \$60 \$11 \$11 \$40.00 \$10.00 | | ng r.a | T.ST | E 2 20 | _ | ~ . | 24 | ್ತಿ ಕ | _ | e . | -3 |
| BURLINGTON. 3. \$20.00 \$20.00 \$175 \$18.00 \$60 \$18.10 \$60 \$11 \$11 \$40.00 \$10.00 | OOTTENT LATE | ±2 | > | X - X | 20 | KR | × × | 72 | 813 | 8 77 | E L |
| BURLINGTON. 3. \$20.00 \$20.00 \$175 \$18.00 \$60 \$100 \$11. \$40.00 \$12. \$20.00 \$10.00 \$30.00 \$12. \$20.00 \$10.00 \$30.00 \$10.00 | COUNTY AND | 5 5 | 92 | 2 2 2 | de | ye | loc | de he | 011 | bra bra | ye |
| BURLINGTON. 3. \$20.00 \$20.00 \$175 \$18.00 \$60 \$100 \$11. \$40.00 \$12. \$20.00 \$10.00 \$30.00 \$12. \$20.00 \$10.00 \$30.00 \$10.00 | NUMBER OF DISTRICT. | 74 | 10 | E E E | 2 | ي م | ě, | ren . | 7.3 | og er | ă |
| BURLINGTON. 3. \$20.00 \$20.00 \$175 \$18.00 \$60 \$100 \$11. \$40.00 \$12. \$20.00 \$10.00 \$30.00 \$12. \$20.00 \$10.00 \$30.00 \$10.00 | TO STORE OF PROPERTY | 1 Per | 5 | 2 7 2 | 9.00 | 75 | ق ب <u>ب</u> | C A | L'E | _ e _ | ್ಕ ಕೆ |
| BURLINGTON. 3. \$20.00 \$20.00 \$175 \$18.00 \$60 \$100 \$11. \$40.00 \$12. \$20.00 \$10.00 \$30.00 \$12. \$20.00 \$10.00 \$30.00 \$10.00 | | ye | pr | 200 | ٠.: | 20 | 0 81 | 2 E | - a | 0.3 | 50 |
| BURLINGTON. 3. \$20.00 \$20.00 \$175 \$18.00 \$60 \$100 \$11. \$40.00 \$12. \$20.00 \$10.00 \$30.00 \$12. \$20.00 \$10.00 \$30.00 \$10.00 | | E | n t | nt te to | 100 | 5 8 | 55 | 55 | 3 2 | r a | 73 |
| BURLINGTON. 3. \$20.00 \$20.00 \$175 \$18.00 \$60 \$100 \$11. \$40.00 \$12. \$20.00 \$10.00 \$30.00 \$12. \$20.00 \$10.00 \$30.00 \$10.00 | | 180 | 0.00 | Set of | 381 | of a | da | us us | or | en de la | e i |
| BURLINGTON. 3. \$20.00 \$20.00 \$175 \$18.00 \$60 \$100 \$11. \$40.00 \$12. \$20.00 \$10.00 \$30.00 \$12. \$20.00 \$10.00 \$30.00 \$10.00 | | E CE | Ē | £22 | E 2 | 20 | and d | E 3 | 8 54 | = 3 | 22 |
| \$\frac{\$\frac{\$\frac{\$\frac{\$\frac{\$\frac{20}{00}}{}}}{} \frac{\$\frac{{\frac{\$\frac{\$\frac{\$\frac{\$\frac{{\frac{\$\frac{\$\frac{\$\frac{\$\frac{{\frac{\$\frac{{\frac{\$\frac{{\frac{\$\frac{{\frac{\$\frac{{\frac{{\frac{\$\frac{{\frac{{\frac{\$\frac{{\frack}}}{\frac{{\frac{{\frac{{\frac{{\frac{{\frac{{\frack}}}}{\frac{{\frac{{\frac{{\frac{{\frac{{\frack}}}{\frac{{\frac{{\frac{{\frack}}}}}}}}}}}}} 20000} \te | | < | < | 4 | V. | Z | Z | 4 | 4 | Z | Z |
| \$\frac{\$\frac{\$\frac{\$\frac{\$\frac{\$\frac{20}{00}}{}}}{} \frac{\$\frac{{\frac{\$\frac{\$\frac{\$\frac{\$\frac{{\frac{\$\frac{\$\frac{\$\frac{\$\frac{{\frac{\$\frac{{\frac{\$\frac{{\frac{\$\frac{{\frac{\$\frac{{\frac{{\frac{\$\frac{{\frac{{\frac{\$\frac{{\frack}}}{\frac{{\frac{{\frac{{\frac{{\frac{{\frac{{\frack}}}}{\frac{{\frac{{\frac{{\frac{{\frac{{\frack}}}{\frac{{\frac{{\frac{{\frack}}}}}}}}}}}}} 20000} \te | | | | | | | | | 1 | | |
| \$\frac{\$\frac{\$\frac{\$\frac{\$\frac{\$\frac{20}{00}}{}}}{} \frac{\$\frac{{\frac{\$\frac{\$\frac{\$\frac{\$\frac{{\frac{\$\frac{\$\frac{\$\frac{\$\frac{{\frac{\$\frac{{\frac{\$\frac{{\frac{\$\frac{{\frac{\$\frac{{\frac{{\frac{\$\frac{{\frac{{\frac{\$\frac{{\frack}}}{\frac{{\frac{{\frac{{\frac{{\frac{{\frac{{\frack}}}}{\frac{{\frac{{\frac{{\frac{{\frac{{\frack}}}{\frac{{\frac{{\frac{{\frack}}}}}}}}}}}}} 20000} \te | DEDLINGTON | | | | | | | | | | |
| 35 | BURLLMATOM | | | | | | | | | | |
| 35 | 3 | | \$20 00 | | \$20 00 | | 175 | | | 200 | |
| 35 | 5 | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | 60 | | \$18 00 | 60 | 60 |
| 35 | 11 | | 20 00 | | 40 00 | | | | | • | |
| 35 | 94 | \$10.00 | 20 00 | \$10.00 | 20 00 | | | | | • | |
| 35 | 25 | .510 00 | 20 60 | Ф10 со | 20 00 | | | | | | |
| CAMDEN. 1 | 29 | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | | | | | |
| CAMDEN. 1 | 35 | 10.00 | 30 00 | | 30 00 | | | • • • • • • • • • | | ******** | |
| CAMDEN. 1 | 40 | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | 16 | 300 | | | 316 | |
| CAMDEN. 1 | 45 | 10.00 | 70.00 | 10.00 | 70.00 | | 129 | | 23 50 | 111 | 111 |
| CAMDEN. 1 | 63 | 10 00 | 20 00 | 10 00 | 20 00 | | | | _0 00 | **** | |
| CAMDEN. 1 | 67 | 10 00 | 60 00 | 10 00 | 60 00 | | | | | | |
| CAMDEN. 1 | 95 | | 60 00 | | 60 00 | | 94 | • | | | |
| CAMDEN. 4. | 110 | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | ••••• | • | | | |
| CAMDEN. 4. | | 53 60 | 534 00 | 40.00 | 500 00 | 16 | 758 | | 41 50 | 781 | 223 |
| 4. | | | | | ••• | | | | () | | |
| 353. 20 00 20 00 1 32 00 1 32 00 1 44 1 20 00 20 00 20 00 50 40 00 50 40 40 40 50 50 40 40 40 50 50 40 40 40 40 50 50 40 40 40 40 50 50 40 40 40 40 50 50 40 40 40 40 50 50 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 | CAMDEN. | | | | | | | | | | |
| 35. 20 00 20 00 1 32 00 1 32 00 1 40 00 76 10 00 76 35 41 1 22 00 0 20 00 50 40 00 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 | 4 | | 90.00 | | 00.00 | | | | 40.00 | | |
| 35. 20 00 20 00 1 32 00 1 32 00 1 40 00 76 10 00 76 35 41 1 22 00 0 20 00 50 40 00 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 | 7 | ****** | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | 50 | | 35 00 | 50 | |
| 35. 20 00 20 00 1 32 00 1 32 00 1 40 00 76 10 00 76 35 41 1 22 00 0 20 00 50 40 00 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 | 8 | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | 36 | | 12 25 | 36 | 12 |
| 35. 20 00 20 00 1 32 00 1 32 00 1 40 00 76 10 00 76 35 41 1 22 00 0 20 00 50 40 00 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 | 10 | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | 40 | | | 40 | 26 |
| 35. 20 00 20 00 1 32 00 1 32 00 1 40 00 76 10 00 76 35 41 1 22 00 0 20 00 50 40 00 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 | 11 | | 33 00 | | 20 00 | | 70 | | 20 00 | 70 | 54 |
| 35. 20 00 20 00 1 32 00 1 32 00 1 40 00 76 10 00 76 35 41 1 22 00 0 20 00 50 40 00 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 | 12 | 20.00 | 170 00 | 90.00 | 20 00 | | 14 | • | | 14 | • |
| 35. 20 00 20 00 1 32 00 1 32 00 1 40 00 76 10 00 76 35 41 1 22 00 0 20 00 50 40 00 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 | 17 | 20 00 | 33.00 | 20 00 | 30.00 | | | | 35.00 | | |
| 35. 20 00 20 00 1 32 00 1 32 00 1 40 00 76 10 00 76 35 41 1 22 00 0 20 00 50 40 00 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 | 19 | | 40 00 | | 40 00 | | 2 | | 32 00 | 2 | |
| 35. 20 00 20 00 1 32 00 1 32 00 1 40 00 76 10 00 76 35 41 1 22 00 0 20 00 50 40 00 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 | 21 | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | | | | | |
| 35. 20 00 20 00 1 32 00 1 32 00 1 40 00 76 10 00 76 35 41 1 22 00 0 20 00 50 40 00 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 | 24 | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | | | 40 00 | | |
| 35. 20 00 20 00 1 32 00 1 32 00 1 40 00 76 10 00 76 35 41 1 22 00 0 20 00 50 40 00 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 | 22 | | 60 00 | | 20 00 | | 111 | • | 31 90 | 111 | |
| 35. 20 00 20 00 1 32 00 1 32 00 1 40 00 76 10 00 76 35 41 1 22 00 0 20 00 50 40 00 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 | 27 | | 20.00 | | 20.00 | | 111 | | | 111 | |
| 35. 20 00 20 00 1 32 00 1 32 00 1 40 00 76 10 00 76 35 41 1 22 00 0 20 00 50 40 00 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 | 30 | 10 00 | 30 00 | 10 00 | 30 00 | 27 | 48 | | 12 00 | 73 | 71 |
| 39 | 31 | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | | | | | |
| CAPE MAY. 1 | 35 | | 90.00 | | | | 1 | | 32 00 | 1 | |
| CAPE MAY. 1 | 41 | | 20 00 | | 20.00 | | 10 | | 40 00 | 10 | 99 |
| CAPE MAY. 1 | 42 | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | 50 | | | 50 | |
| CAPE MAY. 1 | | | | | - | | | | | | |
| 1. | | 30 00 | 666 00 | 30 00 | 480 00 | 27 | 499 | | 495 75 | 524 | 193 |
| 1. | CAPE WAY | | | | | | | | | | |
| 20 00 487 45 20 00 410 00 25 600 10 00 134 75 626 379 CUMBERLAND. | CALL MALL | | | | | | | | | | |
| 20 00 487 45 20 00 410 00 25 600 10 00 134 75 626 379 CUMBERLAND. | 1 | | 30 00 | | 30 00 | | 57 | | | 57 | 28 |
| 20 00 487 45 20 00 410 00 25 600 10 00 134 75 626 379 CUMBERLAND. | 2 | | 30 00 | | 20 00 | | 40 | | 6 00 | 40 | 36 |
| 20 00 487 45 20 00 410 00 25 600 10 00 134 75 626 379 CUMBERLAND. | 4 | | 20 00 | | 20.00 | | 39 | | 10.00 | 139 | 40 |
| 20 00 487 45 20 00 410 00 25 600 10 00 134 75 626 379 CUMBERLAND. | 5 | | 40 04 | | 40 00 | | 149 | | 10 00 | 75 | 54 |
| 20 00 487 45 20 00 410 00 25 600 10 00 134 75 626 379 CUMBERLAND. | 11 | 20 00 | | 20 00 | 11111111 | 26 | | \$10.00 | | 26 | 23 |
| 20 00 487 45 20 00 410 00 25 600 10 00 134 75 626 379 CUMBERLAND. | 13 | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | | | | | |
| 20 00 487 45 20 00 410 00 25 600 10 00 134 75 626 379 CUMBERLAND. | 16 | | 30 25 | | 20 00 | | 26 | | 10 00 | 25 | 20 |
| 20 00 487 45 20 00 410 00 25 600 10 00 134 75 626 379 CUMBERLAND. | 18 | | 30 (0) | | 30 00 | | 95 | | 50,00 | 95 | 95 |
| 20 00 487 45 20 00 410 00 25 600 10 00 134 75 626 379 CUMBERLAND. | 19 | | 43 00 | | 20 00 | | 20 | | 14 00 | 20 | 15 |
| 20 00 487 45 20 00 410 00 25 600 10 00 134 75 626 379 CUMBERLAND. | 20 | | 69 70 | | 40 00 | | 20 | | 24 75 | 20 | |
| 20 00 487 45 20 00 410 00 25 600 10 00 134 75 626 379 CUMBERLAND. | 05 | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | | | | | |
| 20 00 487 45 20 00 410 00 25 600 10 00 134 75 626 379 CUMBERLAND. | 27 | | 30 06 | | 30 00 | | 63 | | 20.00 | 63 | 31 |
| 20 00 487 45 20 00 410 00 25 600 10 00 134 75 626 379 CUMBERLAND. | | | | | 30 00 | | 40 | | | | |
| CUMBERLAND. | | 20 00 | 487 48 | 20 00 | 410 00 | 26 | 600 | 10 00 | 134 75 | 626 | 379 |
| | CHAIREDT AND | | | | | | | | | | |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | CUMBERLAND. | | | | | | 1 | | | | l. |
| 25. 21 00 20 00 15 35 31. 20 00 20 00 42 42 39. 20 00 20 00 37 37 | 19 | | 20.00 |) | 20.00 |) | 16 | | | 16 | |
| 31. 20 00 20 00 42 42 42 39. 20 00 20 00 37 37 37 | 28 | | 20 00 |) | 20 00 |) | 16 | | | 3 | |
| 37 37 | 31 | | 20 0 | | 20 00 | | 43 | | | 42 | |
| | 93 | | 20 0 | | 20 0 | , | 37 | 1 | | 37 | |

Condition of School Libraries in Cumberland, Essex and Gloucester Counties.

| COUNTY AND NUMBER OF DISTRICT. \$30 00 \$30 00 \$30 00 \$30 00 \$30 00 \$41 (1 | Number of books taken out |
|--|---|
| COUNTY AND NUMBER OF DISTRICT. 10 00 50 00 10 00 60 0 | taken |
| COUNTY AND NUMBER OF DISTRICT. 10 00 50 00 10 00 60 0 | Number of books taken during the year. |
| Cumberland (Con.) 41 (1 | Number of books tal |
| Cumberland (Con.) 41 (1 | Number of books during the year. |
| Cumberland (Con.) 41 (1 | Number of book during the yes |
| Cumberland (Con.) 41 (1 | Number of be |
| Cumberland (Con.) 41 (1 | Number of during th |
| Cumberland (Con.) 41 (1 | Number of during |
| Cumberland (Con.) 41 (1 | Number |
| Cumberland (Con.) 41 (1 | Num |
| Cumberland (Con.) 41 (1 | × - |
| ESSEX. 100 00 800 00 100 00 800 00 21 474 | |
| ESSEX. 100 00 800 00 100 00 800 00 21 474 | |
| ESSEX. 100 00 800 00 100 00 800 00 21 474 | |
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| 26. 120 00 20 00 10 00 20 00 20 10 13 00 39 39 36. 120 00 20 00 10 11 145 00 10 | |
| 37 20 00 150 150 150 | |
| 37. 20 00 20 00 150 150 150 38. 40 00 40 00 298 298 39. 60 00 60 00 298 298 40. 20 00 20 00 50 75 | 750 |
| $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 45 |
| 40. | |
| 44 | |
| 154 92 1871 15 140 00 680 00 151 2388 40 00 772 00 26 15 | |
| | 3689 |
| GLOUCESTER. | 3682 |
| 1 15 00 45 00 20 00 30 00 59 15 00 60 00 59 | 3682 |
| 20 00 20 00 | 3682 259 |
| $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | |
| 14. 20 00 20 00 40 00 | |
| | 259 |
| 19 90 00 50 00 68 1 25 65 25 30 00 30 00 47 35 | 259 |
| 27 | |
| | 259 |
| 25 | 259 203 203 |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 259 |
| 32 | 259 203 203 |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 259 203 203 |

Condition of School Libraries in Hudson, Hunterdon, Mercer and Middlesex Counties.

| | Amount raised during the State fiscal year for library. | | 1 20 | l'A | - 60 | 2 | é | - Da | ÷ | out |
|---------------------|--|---|---|---|---|--|--|----------------------------------|--|---|
| | St. | | Amount of orders issued on the State for fiscal year ending October 31st, 1878. | Amount of orders previously issued. | purchased | Number of books previously purchased. | нррига. | expended | consti- | |
| | ٥. | - ÷ | 0 2 | ΔĬΑ | cp cp | rtc | id. | e | CO | Number of books taken during the year. |
| | nount raised during the | Amount previously raised. | 2 4 | Te le | E C | ē | π. | × | > = | ķ |
| | ಹಿತ | 72 | GH. | Ē. | Ď, | 2 | 0 1 | | 6 . | 2,2 |
| | 1, 10 | - | nount of orders iss State for fiscal ye October 31st, 1878. | 90 | Number of books during the year. | œ | Amount expended for tus during the year. | Amount previously for apparatus. | books now library. | 00 10 |
| COUNTY AND | 35 | 80 | 8 ± 55 | er | mber of books during the year. | ş | D Y | 2 · · | Number of books r tuting the library. | mber of books during the year. |
| | 2.5 | 20 | 3 × 1 | rd | S 50 | og G | 5.5 | nount previou for apparatus. | 2.5 | 3 6 |
| NUMBER OF DISTRICT. | J. J. | - A | 2 2 | 0 | l e | . 4 | er se | Ty e | 2 = | ~ 0 |
| | 2 a | re- | 7.0.7 | 91 | 22 | e of | X.C | Pag | he | F 5 |
| | 5 5 | | 2 2 2 | ್ಷ ಕ | 5.0 | , 3 | E e | | , 50 | 1.00 |
| | E 8 | Ē | E # 2 | nount Issued | 2 - | e e | 2.5 | 5 × | E E | 9 = 0 |
| | 5.5 | 5 | 25.5 | 28 | 72 | # 5 | 108 | 0.5 | = = = | 123 |
| | E. | a | £ 01 0 | 5- | ,5 ° | _ = " | 5 2 | 8- | 5.2 | E S |
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| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Gloucester (Con.) | | | | | | | | | | |
| 51 | | \$20 00 | | \$20 00 | | | | Ø 10 00 | | |
| 50 | \$20 00 | \$20 00 | \$20 00 | | | | | \$40 00 | | |
| 5.1 | Φ20 00 | 20 00 | \$20.00 | 20 00 | | | | 40 00 | | |
| 57 | | 40.00 | | 40 00 20 00 20 00 | | 21 | | 70 50 | 2i | |
| 57 59 | | 20 00 20 00 | | 20 00 | | | | | | |
| 61 | | 20 00 | 20 00 | 20 00 | | | | 40 00 | | |
| 64 | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | | | | | | |
| | | P10 T0 | | E00. cc | | | 015.65 | 950.05 | | FOI |
| | 131 50 | 610 50 | 100 00 | 520 00 | 101 | 540 | \$15 00 | 358 65 | 608 | 593 |
| HUDSON. | | | | | | | | | | |
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| *2 3 7 | • | 20 00 | | 20 00 30 00 20 00 40 00 40 00 | | | | | | |
| 3 | ••••• | 50 00 | | 30 00 | : | 109 | | | 98 307 279 279 279 140 | 90 511 |
| 7., | • | 20 00 60 00 60 00 60 00 | • • • • • • • • | 20 00 | • • • • • • • • • | 307 220 220 | • | 41 66 41 66 41 66 | 307 | 511 |
| 12 \ 2 | ••••• | 60 00 | | 40 00 | • | 220 | ••••• | 41 66 | 279 | 2435 2430 2439 |
| 12 / 2 | ••••• | 60.00 | | 40 00 | | 220 220 | | 41 00 | 970 | 9430 |
| } | ••••• | 100 00 | | 90 00 | | 160 | | 41 00 | 130 | 2400 |
| 3 | | 70 60 | | 20 00 | | 200 | | | 175 | |
| 7 | | 100 00 70 00 135 00 68 00 50 00 | | 20 00 20 00 20 00 50 00 50 00 30 00 20 00 | | 198 | | | 198 | |
| 8 | | 68 00 | | 20 00 | | | | 88 00 | | |
| 13 { 10 | | 50 00 | | 50 00 | | 145 | | | 136 | 170 |
| 111 | • • • • • • • • • | 44 00 73 00 20 00 | | 30 00 | | 16 | | | 16 | 349 |
| 12 | • | 73 00 | • | 20 00 | | 105 | ••••• | •••• | 105 | 349 |
| 13 | • | 30 00 30 00 | ••••• | 20 00 20 00 | ••••• | 80 | | ••••• | 25 65 | 10 678 |
| (19 | ••••• | 30 00 | | 20 00 | | | | | | |
| | | 860 00 | | 440.00 | | 1980 | | 212 98 | 2102 | 9109 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| HUNTERDON. | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11 | | 50 00 | | 50 00 | | 75 | | | 65 | 80 |
| 13 | | 30 00 | | 30 00 | | 75 60 | | 40 00 | 65 60 | 80 |
| 26 | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | | | | | | |
| 29 | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | | | | | |
| 33 | | 20 00 | | 20 00 20 00 | | | | ******* | | |
| 35 | 20 00 | 20 00 | ******** | 20 00 | | | 40.00 | 20 00 | | |
| 45 | 20 00 | 00.00 | 20 00 | 80.00 | | ••••• | 40 00 | •••• | | |
| 68 | | 20 00 20 00 20 00 20 00 20 00 | 20 00 | 20 00 20 00 20 00 | 35 | | 40 00 | ••••• | | ******* |
| 75 | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | 48 | | | 48 | |
| 78 | 20 00 | 20 00 | 20,00 | 20 00 | 35 | 70 | | | 48 35 20 75 | |
| 81 | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | 30 | | 10 00 | 20 | 60 |
| 87 | | | | | | 30 80 | | 15 00 | 75 | 150 |
| 98 | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | | | 20 00 | | |
| | - CO C | 007 | 20.00 | 050 | | 900 | 40.00 | 105.00 | 900 | 380 |
| | 60 00 | 275 00 | 60 00 | 270 00 | 35 | 293 | 40 00 | 105 00 | 303 | 580 |
| MERCER. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | | | | | |
| 6 | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | | | | | |
| 10 | ••••• | 20 00 | | 20 00 | • | • | ••••• | | ******** | • |
| 90 | | 20 00 20 00 30 00 | 20 00 | 20 00 20 00 20 00 20 00 30 00 | | | | | | |
| 30 | | 40 00 | | 40 00 | | | | | | |
| 37 | | 20 00 | ****** | 20 00 | | | | | | |
| 38 | 40 00 | ***** | 20.00 | 20 00 | 48 | | 7 50 | | 48 | 48 |
| 40 | | 40 00 | | 40 00 | | | | | | |
| 52 | | 40 00 | | 40 00 | | | | | | |
| | 40.00 | | | | | | | | | 48 |
| | 40 00 | 250 00 | 20 00 | 250 00 | 48 | ••••• | 7 50 | ••••• | 48 | 45 |
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| MIDDLESEX. | | | | | | | | | | |
| MIDDLESEX. | | | | | | | | | | |
| MIDDLESEX. | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | | | | | |
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| MIDDLESEX. 1 | | 20 00 20 00 20 00 20 00 | | 20 00 20 00 20 00 20 00 | | | | | | |

Condition of School Libraries in Middlesex, Monmouth and Morris Counties.

| | State | | lig High | 21.5 | ed | - T | expended for appa- during the year. | ed | = = | out |
|--|---|----------------------------------|---|---|---|------------------|---|---|---------------------------|---|
| | Sta | | Amount of orders issued on the State for fiscal year ending October 31st, 1878. | orders previously | purchased | books previously | <u>a</u> . | expended | consti- | |
| | e . | 7 | 0.2 | A. | 5 | V. | 22 | pe | Ö | en |
| | Amount raised during the fiscal year for library. | Amount previously raised. | nount of orders issued State for fiscal year October 31st, 1878. | ore. | ind. | ore | ye | ex | of books now the library. | taken |
| | ng | ra L | x x x | | | - | le f | Þ | of books no | |
| COUNTY AND | EE | 313 | 18. 18. | 813 | Number of books during the year. | Jk 8 | tt tt | Amount previously for apparatus. | 828 | Number of books during the year. |
| | or or | <u> </u> | sc. | rd | , A | 000 | nd | 10 Sus | [6] | ye |
| NUMBER OF DISTRICT. | r 1 | T. | orc fi | 0 | 100 | Number of b | P P | rail | e p | le l |
| | ea | re | T.C. | Amount of issued. | 20.77 | of | d d | pa | , John | t of |
| | 7 7 | t p | p t | t å | r | r g | onot | t G | imber c | r og |
| • | Ca | u n | ate | sount Issued | be | be | Amount | 8.5 | Number | be |
| | no fis | 0 u | 8220 | no is | E F | _ B g _ | no ri | FC FC | Et | d d |
| | Ar | Αī | Y. | Ar | ž | ž | A1 | A | ž | ž |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Middlesex (Con.) | | | | | | | | | | |
| 218 1411 151 151 | | | | | | | | | 1 | |
| 8 | | \$40 00 | | \$40 00 | | | | | | |
| 11 | | 90 00 | | 20 00 | | | | | | |
| 14 | | 20 00 20 00 20 00 | | 20 00 20 00 20 00 50 00 | | | | | | |
| 15 | \$10 00 | 50 00 | \$10 00 | 50 00 | | | | | | |
| 17 | | 20 00 | \$10 00 | 20 00 | | | | | ••••• | |
| 20 | 10 00 | 30 00 20 00 30 00 | 10.00 | 20.00 | | 49 | \$20 00 | | 49 | 92 |
| 25 | 10 00 | 30 00 | 10 00 | 30 00 | | | Φω0 00 | | | |
| 37 | | 30 00 | | 30 00 | | 186 | | | 186 | |
| 38 | 10 00 | 50 00 | 10 00 | 50 00 | • | | | | 40 | 25 |
| 41 | ••••• | 20 00 | | 20 00 | ******* | 50 | | ******* | 40 | 25 |
| 55 | | 20 00 | 10 00 | 20 00 | | | | | | |
| δñ | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | | | | | |
| 57 | | 20 00 | | 20 60 | | | • | • • • • • • • • • | | • |
| 60 | ••••• | 20 00 20 00 | | 20 00 | | | | | | |
| 69 | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | | | | | |
| 72 | | 20 00 50 00 | 10 00 | 50 00 | | 250 | | | 250 | |
| 73 Bayard Street. Livingston Avenue. Carman Street. Guidin Street. Franch Street | 10 00 | 30 00 20 00 20 00 | 10 00 | .30 00 | | | | | | |
| Livingston Avenue | 10 00 10 00 | 20 00 | 10 00 10 00 | 20 00 | ••••• | | | | | |
| 73 Carman Street | 10 00 | 20 00 | 10 00 | 20 00 | | | | | | |
| French Street | 10 00 | 20 00 | 10 00 | 20 00 20 00 | | | | | | |
| [Ilale Street | 10 00 | 20 00 20 00 20 00 20 00 | 10 00 | 20 00 | | | | | | |
| • | 90 00 | 750 00 | 90 00 | 750.00 | | 535 | 20 00 | | 525 | 117 |
| MONMOUTH. | 90 00 | 190 00 | 30 00 | 190 00 | | 999 | 20 00 | | 920 | 111 |
| MI OTHER C. L. III. | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | | 38 00 | | 20 00 20 00 | | 39 50 | | | 36 50 | 15 80 |
| 8 | | 20.00 | | 20 00 | | 50 | | ****** | 50 | 00 |
| 7 | 20 00 | 20 00 | 20 00 | | | | | | | |
| 9 | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | | | | | |
| 15 | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | 40 | | • | 40 | 60 |
| 16 | | 20 00 | | 90.00 | | 30 | | \$16 00 | 30 | 36 |
| 27 | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | 45 | | | 40 | |
| 30 | 20 00 | 40 00 | 20 00 | 20 00 | 100 | 45 160 | | 16 00 | 12 | 12 |
| 33 | 20 00 | | 20 00 | 90.00 | | | | 45 00 | 4 | |
| 34 | ******* | 30.00 | | 30 00 | | 45 | | 49 00 | 40 | 60 |
| [9] | | 46 66 | | 20 00 | | | | | 83 83 | |
| 49 *2 | | 46 66 | | 20 00 | | | | | 83 | |
| 53 | | 46 66 | | 20 00 | | 99 | | | 84 36 | 60 |
| 54 | | 28 00 | | 20 00 | | 50 | | 5 00 | 50 | 45 |
| 56 | | 30 00 | | 20 00 | | 28 127 | | | | 78 |
| 59 | | 106 50 | | 30 00 | | 127 | | 20 00 | 100 | 90 |
| 62 | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | 36 | | 30 00 | · 33 | 45 78 90 60 95 |
| 65 | ******* | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | 28 | | 3 00 | 28 | 20 |
| 69 | | 30 00 | , | 20 00 | | 28 48 42 | | 15 00 | 28 48 | 20 |
| 72 | 20 00 | 20 00 | 10 00 | 20 00 | | 43 | | 75 00 | 33 | 20 200 |
| 472 | 20 00 | 64 00 | 10 00 | 20 00 | 100 | 259 44 | | 75 00 | 359 | 200 |
| 83 | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | 47 | | | 37 | |
| 84 | ******* | 50 00 | | 50 00 | | 128 | | | 121 | 61 |
| . 85 | | 40 00 | | 20 00 | | 200 | | 20 00 | 200 | 60 40 |
| 87 | ••••• | 20 00 20 00 | | 20 00 50 00 20 00 20 00 20 00 | | 50 41 | | 5 00 | 41 | 140 |
| 101 | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | 54 | | 3 00 | 22 41 38 | 90 |
| 106 | | 30 00 | | 30 00 | | 66 | | 6 50 5 00 3 00 3 00 | 56 | 183 |
| | 40.00 | | | | | | | | 1797 | 1505 |
| | 60 00 | 1020 98 | 50 00 | 710 00 | 100 | 1759 | ******* | 269 50 | 1797 | 1909 |
| Mappie | | | | | | | | | | |
| Morris. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Morris. | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | 97 | | | 97 | 323 |
| 1 | | 20 00 20 00 | | 20 00 20 00 | | 97 | | | 97 | 323 |
| 41 | | 20 00 20 00 | | 20 00 20 00 | | 97 | | | 97 | 323 |

Condition of School Libraries in Morris, Ocean and Passaic Counties.

| | 0 | | 0 00 | > | . 7 | , h | 1 2 | P | 1 | ont |
|--------------------|--|---|---|---|--|----------------|---------------------|---|---|-------------------------------------|
| | Amount raised during the State fiscal year for library. | | Amount of orders issued on the State for liscal year ending October 31st, 1878. | Amount of orders previously issued. | Number of books purchased during the year. | previously | appara- | expended | consti- | 0 |
| | 02 | -i | 0 0 0 | 9 | shs. | 10 | dd | er | [0] | g g |
| | y. | Amount previously raised. | 20 | e.e. | ıre | ev | ₹. | d'x | b | taken |
| | H. C. | ais | ue eau | pr | nd | pr | Or | | 6. | 133 |
| | nount raised during the fiscal year for library. | Si. | nount of orders issued State for liscal year October 31st, 1878. | 00 | 00 Si | oc | Amount expended for | Amount previously for apparatus. | Number of books now tuting the library. | |
| COUNTY AND | 233 | 18 | 188 | er | mber of books during the year. | books. | ed. | 3.8 | ra ra | Number of books during the year. |
| | or | n | Bc. | rg. | 00 % | 00 | th | O B | 000 |) OO |
| NUMBER OF DISTRICT | r f | N V | ils ils | 0 | e L | d. | 1 Se | nount previou for apparatus | 0 0 | 6 |
| | rie Sal | re | r 3 | J.C | 0. 1. | Number of P | X-2 | Pr | of th | the Chi |
| | 4.5 | Ci 1 | o r | nount (issued. | 20 | 2.5 | 73 | 3 id | 2 20 | 100 |
| | l ri g | g | tott | ne | rh | re | in a | 200 | be: | rii |
| | 100 | 10 | Sta | 101 | G E | E E | . 0 m | 0.0 | [EE | du du |
| | € 3 | E | 5 | 2 4 | E ~ | 37 | 87 | 8,4 | E* | 1.3 |
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| Morris (Con.) | 1 | | | | | | | | | |
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| 29 | | 40 00 | | 40 00 | | | | | | |
| 33 | | 30 00 20 00 20 00 | \$10 00 | \$20 00 30 00 20 00 20 00 40 00 30 00 20 00 | | | , | | | |
| 33½ | \$10 00 | 20 00 | \$10 00 | 20 00 | ******* | | | | ****** | |
| 43. 52. | | 20 00 40 00 30 00 20 00 20 00 20 00 20 00 20 00 43 00 20 00 20 00 20 00 20 00 20 00 20 00 20 00 20 00 | | 20 00 50 00 20 00 20 00 20 00 20 00 20 00 20 00 20 00 50 00 20 00 60 00 40 00 | | 93 43 | | \$2 70 | 93 43 | 190 |
| 5.1 | ******* | 50 00 20 00 20 00 | 10 00 10 00 | 50 00 20 00 20 00 | | 43 | | Φ4 10 | 43 | 120 257 |
| 55 | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | | | | | 201 |
| 63 | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | 72 | | | | |
| 65 | | 43 00 20 00 | | 30 00 | | 72 | | | 72 | |
| 66 | | 20 00 | | 20 00 20 00 | | | ****** | • | | |
| 67 | 10 00 13 87 | 20 00 20 00 87 00 | ******* | 20 00 | | | ****** | | • | |
| 69 | 10 00 | 20 00 | 10 00 | 50.00 | 27 | 171 | ******** | 50 00 | 198 | 500 |
| 72 | 19 81 | 20 00 | 10 00 | 50 00 20 00 | 21 | 111 | ******* | 30 00 | 130 | 300 |
| 74 | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | | | | | |
| 76 | | 20 00 60 00 | | 60 00 20 00 | | | | | | |
| 78 | 10 00 | 20 00 | 10 00 | 20 00 | | | | | | |
| 79 | 10 00 | 40 00 | 10 00 | 40 00 | | | | | | |
| 80 | | 20 00 60 00 20 00 40 00 40 00 20 00 70 00 | 10 00 | 40 00 40 00 20 00 70 00 20 00 40 00 20 00 | | | | | | |
| 81 | 10 00 | 70.00 | 10.00 | 70.00 | 19 | 173 52 | | | 192 | 417 |
| 82 | | 10 00 | 10 00 | 20 00 | 10 | 52 | | | 40 | 25 |
| 84 | 10 00 | 40 00 | 10 00 | 40 00 | | | | | | |
| 85 | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | 45 | | | 155 | 100 |
| 86 | 20 00 34 39 | 40 00 20 00 | 20 00 20 00 | | | | | | | |
| 90 | 34 39 | | 20 00 | ******* | 81 | ********* | | | 81 47 | 302 344 |
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| 102 | ••••• | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | 53 | | 8 55 | 53 | 43 |
| 104 | | 21 75 30 00 20 00 20 00 | | 20 00 30 00 20 00 20 00 | | | | | | |
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| | 118 26 | 1001 75 | 100 00 | 970 00 | 127 | 846 | | 61 25 | 1071 | 2431 |
| 0.000.44 | | | | | | | | | | |
| OCEAN. | | | | | | | | | | |
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| 11 | | 20 00 | | 30 00 20 00 | | 40 | | 10 00 | 35 | |
| 17 | | 40 00 | | 40 00 | | | | | | |
| 18 | | 20 00 40 00 68 00 | | 20 00 | | 41 | | 12 50 | 41 | 131 |
| 99 | | 201 (10) | | 40 00 20 00 | | | | | | |
| 23 | • • • • • • • • • | 20 00 20 00 | • • • • • • • • • | 20 00 | ••••• | | | | | |
| 26 | | 20 00 20 00 | | 20 00 | ******* | | ••••• | | ******* | |
| 37 | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | | | | ******** | |
| 38 | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | | | | | |
| 42 | | 30 00 | | 30 00 | | | | | | |
| 43 | | 20.00 | | 20 00 | | 50 | | | | |
| 44 | | 40 00 20 00 | | 40 00 20 00 | | 50 | | • • • • • • • • | 30 32 | ····ii3 |
| 45 | • | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | 35 | ••••• | | 52 | 113 |
| | | 388 00 | | 340 00 | | 166 | | 22 50 | 138 | 244 |
| | | 500 00 | ****** | 040 00 | | 100 | | 22 00 | 100 | 211 |
| PASSAIC. | | | | | | | | | | |
| 417 | | 20 00 | | 20.00 | | | | | | |
| *3 | | 40.00 | | 40 00 | | | | | | |
| 6 | | 40 00 50 00 | | 20 00 | ******* | | | 9 37 | 13 | |
| 13 | 12 00 | 43 00 | 10 00 | 40 00 | 23 22 | 88 | | | 111 | 97 |
| 18 | 12 00 11 95 | 43 00 30 00 20 00 20 00 | 10 00 10 00 | 20 00 40 00 20 00 40 00 30 00 20 00 20 00 | 22 | 88 88 50 | | 10 00 | 107 | 97 325 28 |
| 26 | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | 50 | | 10 00 | 45 | 28 |
| 32 | ••••• | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | | ••••• | ****** | | |
| | 23 95 | 223 00 | 20 00 | 190 00 | 45 | 226 | | 19 37 | 276 | * 450 |
| | 20 30 | 100 Ou | 20 00 | 100 00 | 10 | a a U | | 10 01. | 2.0 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

^{*} Library stolen.

Condition of School Libraries in Salem, Somerset, Sussex and Union Counties.

| COUNTY AND NUMBER OF DISTRICT. | Amount raised during the State fiscal year for library. | Amount previously raised. | Amount of orders issued on the State for fiscal year ending October 31st, 1878. | orders previously | purchased | previously | Amount expended for apparatus during the year. | expended | Number of books now consti- tuting the library. | taken out |
|---|--|--|---|--|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| | during the Sta or Hbrary. | ly raised. | lssued on the year ending 78. | previous | purchas | previous | | expend | ow cons | taken |
| | during the S | ly raised. | lasued or year en 78. | previo | purch | previo | | expe | OW CO | taken |
| | during the | ly raise | year 78. | pre | pur | pre | | ex] | WO! | tak |
| | during r libra | ly rai | yea 78. | <u>a</u> | = | ā | or ar. | 0 | 0. | <u>~~</u> |
| | durin r libi | ly I | 18 V 78 V | | | | | | | |
| | r I | | | 00 | 00 g | 00 | e I | aly. | 1,5 | 8 5 |
| | | 00 | 18 18 | er | ok 3a1 | ok N | o y | 2 | rak | mber of books during the year. |
| NUMBER OF DISTRICT. | 1 22 1 | no | del sc | rd | ye | 00 | the | 13. | 000 | N V |
| | r ee | Ž. | orc fi | 0 | e e | ੂ ਰ | 90 50 | rt. | ا و م | je . |
| | ea | re | ror | JC | of EI | of | x iii | pr Fr8 | 유명 | to |
| | N L | 24 | o te | ್ಷಕ | 500 | r g | nr | pa | _ b0 | 500 |
| | 3g | <u> </u> | to | nount issued. | ri- | re | a d | ap | thu | T Se |
| | 100 | 10 | Str | 10 | and du | la nd | ion in | 10 2 | EE | da |
| | 1 87 | 8 | 5 | Amount of issued. | Number of books during the year. | Number of books purchased. | 'u | Amount previously for apparatus. | z Z | Number of books during the year. |
| | 1 4 1 | 424 | 4 | 4 | 4 | | -4 | 4 | - | |
| SAT DM | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | | | | | |
| SALEM. | | | | | | | | | | |
| *2 | | \$20 00 | | \$20 00 | | | | | | |
| 7 | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | 39 | | | 37 | 15 |
| 8 | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | 104 | | | 104 38 | 104 |
| 16 | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | 40 40 | | | 40 | 27 40 |
| 44 | | 50 00 | | 50 00 | | 65 | | | 45 | |
| 66 | | 90 00 | | 20 00 | | 46 | | | 42 | 20 |
| 68 | | \$20 00 20 00 20 00 20 00 20 00 50 00 20 00 30 00 | | \$20 00 20 00 20 00 20 00 20 00 50 00 20 00 30 00 | | 89 | | \$20 00 | 89 | 388 |
| VV | | | | | | | | | | |
| | , | 200 00 | | 200 00 | | 423 | | 20 00 | 395 | 594 |
| . 165 05 13 15 61 13 19 | | | | | | | | | | |
| SOMERSET. | 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | | 20 00 30 00 | | 20 00 30 00 | | | | | | |
| 7 | | 30 00 | | 30 00 | | | | | | |
| 12 | | 40 00 | | 40 00 | • • • • • • • • | | • • • • • • • • | 20 00 | | |
| 17 | | 20 00 20 00 30 00 20 00 40 00 | | 20 00 20 00 | | | | 20 00 | | |
| 18 | | 20 00 | • • • • • • • • • | 20 00 | | | | | | |
| 20 | | 30 UU, | | 30 00 20 00 | ******* | ******** | | | | |
| 21 | | 40.00 | | 40.00 | | | | | | |
| 27 | | 40 00 30 00 70 00 | | 40 00 30 00 70 00 20 00 20 00 | | | | | | |
| 22 | | 40 00 30 00 70 00 20 00 20 00 20 00 20 00 | | 30 00 | | | | | | |
| 28 | | 70 00 | | 70 00 | | | | | | |
| 50 | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | 50 | | | 50 | |
| 51 | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | | | | | |
| 55 | | 20 00 20 00 | | 20 00 | | | | | | |
| 66 | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | | | | | |
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| SUSSEX. | | 440 00 | | 110 00 | | | | 2000 | | |
| | '00 00 | | 50.00 | | | | | | | |
| 10 | 20 00 | 20 00 25 15 35 00 20 00 20 00 40 00 73 20 | 20 00 | 20.00 | | ******* | | | ******* | |
| 23 | 10 00 | 20 00 | | 20 00 20 00 | | 44 | | 8 00 | 27 | 13 |
| 24 | 20 00 | 20 10 | 20, 00 | 20 00 | | | | | | |
| 50 | 40 00 | 35 00 | 20 00 | 20 00 | | 70 | | | 70 | 650 |
| 20 | | 20 υ0 | | 20 00 | | 40 | | 8 60 | 24 | 54 |
| 46 | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | 54 125 | | | 70 24 54 75 | 54 |
| 48 | | 40 00 | | 40 00 | | 125 | | 6ò 50 4 00 | 75 | 325 |
| 50 | | 73 20 | | 20 00 | | 50 42 | | 60 50 | 40 | |
| 71 | 20 00 | 30 00 | 20 00 | 20 00 | | 9.5 | | 4 00 | 42 | |
| 72 | . 20 00 | 00.00 | 20 00 | 90.00 | | 80 | | | 80 | |
| 92 | 20 00 | 20 00 20 00 | 10 00 | 20 00 20 00 40 00 20 00 40 00 | | 40 | | | 80 36 | 20 |
| 00 | 20 00 | 40 00 | 10 00 | 40 00 | | | | | | |
| 101 | | 90.00 | | 20 00 | | 53 73 72 20 | | | 53 | |
| 103 | | 41 65 | | 40 00 | | 73 | | | 72 | 200 |
| 106 | 10 00 | 41 65 40 00 | 10 00 | 30 00 | | 72 | | | 90 | 200 |
| 106 115 | | 20 00 20 00 | | 30 00 20 00 20 00 | | 20 64 | | | 53 72 90 20 31 | 6 |
| 116 | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | | ******* | ******* | | |
| | 140 00 | 485 00 | 80 00 | 390 00 | | 827 | , | 87 10 | 714 | 1268 |
| UNION. | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | . 51 10 | | 20 00 20 00 | | | | | | | |
| 2 | . 51 10 20 00 | | 20 00 | | | 121 | | 52 00 | 121 | |
| 4 | | 110 00 | | | | 121 | | 52 00 | 121 | |
| 10 | | 114 72 | | 40 00 | | 143 | | 100 00 | | |
| 13 | | 20 00 | 10 00 | 20 00 | 45 | 50 | ****** | 50 00 | 95 | ***** |
| | 30 00 | 55 10 | 10 00 | 20 00 | 45 | 90 | | | | |
| 14 | | 20 00 | 10 00 | 20 00 | | 78 | | 42 00 | 78 | |
| 14 15 | . 10.00 | | | | | 10 | | | | |
| 14 | 10 00 | 95.00 | 10.00 | 40.00 | | | | | | |
| 14 | 10 00 10 00 20 00 | 110 00 114 72 20 00 55 10 20 00 20 00 95 00 | 10 00 | 40 00 | | | | 9 00 | 36 | |
| 14 | 10 00 10 00 20 00 | | 10 00 20 00 | 40 00 | | 60 | | 9 00 53 00 | 36 32 | 28 |
| 14 | 10 00 10 00 20 00 | 52 00 130 00 | | 30 00 | 36 | 60 |) | 9 00 53 00 15 00 | 36 32 180 | 28 |
| 14. 15. 18. 19. 20. 22. 27. | 10 00 10 00 20 00 7 50 | 52 00 130 00 | | 30 00 50 00 20 00 | 36 | 60 180 20 |) | 9 00 53 00 15 00 60 00 | 36 32 180 20 | 28 |
| 14. 15 | 7 50 | 52 00 130 00 50 00 | | 30 00 50 00 20 00 | 36 | 180 20 | | 9 00 53 00 15 00 60 00 | 20 | |

^{*}Library burnt.

Condition of School Libraries in Warren County, with Summary.

| | | | | | _ | | | | | |
|---------------------|---|---------------------------|---|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|---|-----------------------|--------------------------------|
| | State | | Amount of orders Issued on the State for fiscal year ending October 31st, 1878. | orders previously | purchased | books previously | E | expended | - its | out |
| | 7. | | 12 | 200 | 188 | 110 | аррага | ă | constl | , |
| | £ : | Amount previously raised. | o 5 | N. | 25. | 7 | G m | D. | | taken |
| | Amount ralased during the flacal year for library. | 8 | 22. | r. | = |) I C | | ê | books now library. | 12 |
| | 211 | Ē | 2 726 | _ | | | it expended for | > | Ja. | |
| COUNTY AND | E= | J. | 875 | 61.8 | unber of books during the year. | ×8 | pa n | previously paratus. | of books no | mber of books during the year. |
| COUNTI AND | - | ž | 100 | ğ - | 3,00 | 00 | the the | To a | br | ye. |
| NUMBER OF DISTRICT. | 37 | 7. | 553 | | و ۾ | 2 | 5 5g | nount previous for apparatus | 9 = | - e |
| | 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2 | Ę. | 2 2 2 2 | Jo . | ~ ± | of | 8.9 | P. Date | of | 55 |
| | E In | = | 343 | ್ಷಕ | 20 | 3 | | | | |
| | == | Ξ | 223 | === | 54 | 5.5 | === | Ē. | 2 2 | E E |
| | 10mml Hscal | 101 | Stro | nount 18811ed | 34 | mber of purchased. | tus | [52 | unber tuting | E G |
| | 5 | 5 | 5 | Amount 1884ed | Number | Number | Amount tus du | Amount for a | Number | Number |
| | | | - | _ | _ | | | | | |
| WADDEN | | | | | | | | | | |
| WARREN. | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | | \$20 00 | | \$20 00 | | | | | | |
| 7 | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | | | | | |
| 9 | | 20 00 30 00 | | \$20 00 20 00 20 00 30 00 | | | | | | ****** |
| 10 2 | | 30 00 | | 30 00 | | | | | | ******* |
| 12 (3 | | 30 00 | | 30 00 | | | | | | |
| 4 | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | | | | | |
| 17 | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | | | • • • • • • • • | ******** | |
| 20 | | 20 00 20 00 | | 20 00 20 00 | | 44 | | • | 27 | 24 |
| 26 | | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | | | | | ******** |
| 39 | | 30 00 | | 30 00 | | | | | | |
| 42 | \$10 00 | 20 00 | \$10 00 | 20 00 | | | | | | |
| 50 | | 40 00 | | 40 00 | | 65 | | | 65 | |
| 57 | 10.00 | 30 00 | 10.00 | 30 00 | | 72 | | 20 50 | 50 70 | 70 |
| 54 | 10 00 | 30 00 24 00 | 10 00 | 30 00 20 00 | 21 | 50 36 | | \$2 50 2 70 | 15 | 10 |
| 11 | ******* | 20 00 | | 20 00 | | 50 | | 2 10 | 10 | |
| Q-7 | | 37 20 | | 30 00 | | 81 | | 2 35 | 81 | 93 |
| | | | | | | | | | | *** |
| | 20 00 | 481 20 | 20 00 | 470 00 | 21 | 348 | | 7 55 | 308 | 187 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| SUMMARY. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Atlantic | 120 00 | 1026 00 | 30 00 | 660 00 | 89 | 2061 | \$25 00 | 331 70 | 2271 | 3167 |
| Bergen | 76 66 | 699 06 | 60 00 | 520 00 | 174 | 1497 | 54 97 | 134 50 | 1655 | 1293 223 |
| B irlington | 52 60 | 534 00 | 40 00 | 500 00 | 16 | 758 | | 41 50 | 781 524 | 223 198 |
| Camden | 20 00 | 666 00 487 45 | 30 00 20 00 | 480 00 410 00 | 27 26 | 499 600 | 10 00 | 495 75 134 75 | 626 | 379 |
| Cape May | 100 00 | 800 00 | 100 00 | 800 00 | 20 | 474 | 10 00 | 101 10 | 517 | 010 |
| Essex | 154 92 | 1871 15 | 140 00 | 6:0 00 | 21 151 | 2388 | 40 00 | 772 00 | 2615 | 3682 |
| Gioncester | 131 50 | 610 50 | 100 00 | 520 00 | 101 | 540 | 15 00 | 358 65 | 608 | 595 |
| H 14s)n | 20.00 | 860 00 | ******** | 440 00 | | 1980 | 40.00 | 212 98 | 2102 303 | 9109 |
| Hunterdon Mercer | 60 00 40 00 | 275 00 250 00 | 60 00 20 00 | 270 00 250 00 | 35 43 | 293 | 40 00 7 50 | 105 00 | 303 48 | 380 48 |
| M.ddlesex | 90.00 | 750 00 | 90 00 | 750 00 | 40 | 535 | 20 00 | | 325 | 117 |
| Monmouth | 60 00 | 1020 98 | 50 00 | 710 00 | 100 | 1759 | | 267 50 | 1797 | 1505 |
| Morris | 118 26 | 1001 75 | 100 00 | 970 00 | 127 | 846 | | 61 25 | 1071 | 2431 |
| Ocean | 23 95 | 3×8 00 223 00 | 20.00 | 340 00 190 00 | | 166 226 | | 22 50 19 37 | 138 276 | 244 450 |
| Passaic | 23 80 | 223 00 200 00 | 20 00 | 200 00 | 45 | 423 | | 20 00 | 395 | 594 |
| Somerset | | 440 00 | | 440 00 | | 50 | | 20 00 | 50 | |
| Sussex | 140 00 | 445 00 | 80 00 | 390 00 | | 827 | | 87 10 | 714 | 1268 |
| Union | 148 60 | 666 82 | 90 00 | 320 00 | 81 | 652 | | 381 00 | 705 | 28 187 |
| Warren | 20 00 | 451 20 | 20 00 | 470 00 | 21 | 348 | | 7 55 | 308 | 187 |
| Total | 1386.49 | 13735 91 | 1050 00 | 10310 00 | 1062 | 16922 | 212 47 | 3173 10 | 18029 | 25898 |
| | 200.0 30 | .0190 01 | 2000 00 | 23020 00 | 2002 | | | | | |

TABLE XI.

Apportionment of the State School Moneys, for the School Year commencing September 1, 1878, and ending August 31, 1879.

| COUNTIES. | Number of children according to school census of 1877. | Apportlonment from State appropriation of \$100,000. | Apportionment from two-mill tax. | Total apportionment. |
|--|---|--|---|---|
| lantic Prigen trington unden upe Nay unberland ssex sox oucester udson unterdon errer ddiesex onmouth orris ean ussalc leim unerset ussex leim unerset ussex lein unerset ussex lein unerset unerset ussex loon arren | 4973 10555 15704 17427 2553 10455 50310 7605 55790 10757 16831 15291 13958 4646 18627 77166 7953 7432 13751 | \$1561 98 3315 25 4982 51 5473 69 801 88 3253 74 15801 97 2888 67 17523 20 3378 69 4799 65 5097 40 4384 10 4384 10 4384 10 4384 10 4384 30 4384 | \$1769 46 37546 16 6198 50 66 6198 50 9081 29 37189 46 17889 55 27051 73 38263 70 54956 50 54956 50 549 | \$19251 44 40860 42 60793 17 67463 18 9883 17 40473 22 194759 22 440 40 215973 48 41642 38 65155 95 55155 66 62825 53 54034 07 17985 57 70447 29 27740 96 30787 58 28770 70 53232 73 41324 96 |

TABLE XII.

COUNTY SUPERINTENDENTS.

| Counties. | NAMES. | P. O. Address. | SALARY. |
|------------|----------------------|----------------|------------|
| Atlantic | S. R. MORSE | Atlantic City | \$500 00 |
| Bergen | JOHN A. DEMAREST | River Edge | 838 90 |
| Burlington | EDGAR HAAS | Bordentown | I200 00 |
| Camden | F. R. BRACE | Blackwoodtown | 776 50 |
| Cape May | MAURICE BEASLEY | Dennisville | 500 00 |
| Cumberland | R. L. HOWELL | Millville | 577 70 |
| Essex | CHARLES M. DAVIS | Bloomfield | 779 80 |
| Gloucester | WILLIAM MILLIGAN | Woodbury | 734 70 |
| IIudson | WILLIAM L. DICKINSON | Jersey City | 1200 00 |
| Hunterdon | R. S. SWACKHAMER | White House | 1083 70 |
| Mercer | WILLIAM J. GIBBY | Princeton | 682 00 |
| Middlesex | RALPH WILLIS | Spotswood | 840 70 |
| Monmouth | SAMUEL LOCKWOOD | Freehold | 1200 00 |
| Morris | LEWIS W. THURBER | Dover | 1200 00 |
| Ocean | EDWARD M. LONAN | Forked River | 500 00 |
| | J. C. CRUIKSHANK | | 500 00 |
| | R. HENRY HOLME | | 640 00 |
| | JOHN S. HAYNES | | 691 90 |
| | LUTHER HILL | | 783 60 |
| | N. W. PEASE | | 500 00 |
| | JOSEPH S. SMITH | | 1036 80 |
| | | | \$16766 30 |

TABLE XIII.

CITY SUPERINTENDENTS.

| CITIES. | Names. |
|-----------------|--------------------|
| Atlantic City | THOS. K. REED |
| Bridgeton | J. MOORE |
| Camden | HENRY L. BONSALL |
| Elizabeth | E. S. ATWATER |
| Gioucester City | B. M. STILES |
| Hoboken | L. M. DREW |
| Jersey City | . WM. L. DICKINSON |
| Millville | J. W. NEWLIN |
| | W. L. R. HAVENS |
| Newark | . WM. H. BARRINGER |
| New Brunswick | HENRY B. PIERCE |
| | . W. W. CUTTS |
| | SAMUEL W. RICE |
| | WM. J. ROGERS |
| | HENRY FARMER |
| | . J. H. BRENSINGER |
| | . C. H. STILLMAN |
| | . C. W. TUTTLE |
| | G. W. TIMLOW |
| | . WM. S. LALOR |





APPENDIX.



REPORTS OF CITY SUPERINTENDENTS.

ATLANTIC CITY.

S. R. Morse, Superintendent.

To E. A. Apgar, State Superintendent:

I herewith submit to you the annual report of the condition of the public schools of Atlantic City for the year ending August 31st, 1878.

I am happy to say that our schools have been successful during the last year, although the Board of Education has been obliged to rent rooms in order to accommodate the children who wish to attend. I trust we shall soon have a new house of ample dimensions.

The city council has made an appropriation for the erection of a

new house, which will, no doubt, be commenced at once.

The following table, in addition to the statistical report required by law, will show the rapid increase in the schools of our prosperous "City by the Sea."

Growth of the schools from 1868 to 1878:

| Number of school departments August 31st, 1868 | 3 |
|---|-----|
| """"""1878 | 9 |
| Number of school departments August 31st, 1868 | 3 |
| " " " " 1878 | 9 |
| Whole number of children in school census August 31st, 1868 | 286 |
| """""""""""""1878" | 826 |
| Number of pupils in the schools in 1868 | 262 |
| " " " " " " " 1878 | 596 |
| Average attendance of pupils in 1868 | 188 |
| " " " 1878 | 367 |
| Amount of money received from all sources in 1868\$2,878 | 69 |
| Amount of money received from all sources in 1868\$2,878 | 86 |
| Gain in number of departments and teachers | 6 |
| " " pupils | 540 |
| " " attending school | 334 |
| " average attendance of pupils | 179 |
| | |

It will be seen by the above that the gain in the school census during the last ten years has been 540, or 205 per cent.

The increase in our school census during the last year is 89, which

is the largest gain in any one year.

We have 46 colored children. The Board of Education expect to open soon a separate school for those in the Lower Departments.

There is a large number of children who attend no school—and the very class that should be educated—yet we are unable to get them into the schools. There should be some means provided to make them attend. I have recommended council to appoint a truant officer

to look up such children and take them to the schools.

Our schools are graded as follows: The High School, First, Second and Third Grammar Schools; two Intermediate; two Primary, and one Intermediate and Primary combined. The High School, Grammar Schools, one Intermediate and one Primary School are in the Central School-house; one Intermediate and one Primary are in rented rooms in the lower part of the city, and the combined Intermediate and Primary School is in a rented room in the upper part of the city. These are all under the supervision of one Principal, who has immediate charge of the High School. The children of the outer schools are promoted to the Central School as soon as they are able to enter the Third Grammar Department. We have a general examination of the schools, near the close of the last term of the school year. and from this examination make the regular promotions at the commencement of the next year. Special promotions are made whenever, in the judgment of the Superintendent and Principal, the pupil is sufficiently advanced to enter a higher class or department.

There should be a prescribed course of study in the High School, so that pupils can be graduated, and receive a certificate of graduation. This would be an inducement for the elder pupils to remain

in school a much longer time.

We have the same number of teachers as last year. Seven of them hold first-grade certificates, and two of them second-grade certificates. We find it best for our schools to make as few changes in teachers as possible. The most of our teachers have been with us some years; thus becoming acquainted with parents and children, they know the different dispositions of their pupils, can govern them much easier and maintain better the same system of order and instruction throughout the different departments of the school.

Our High School, under the instruction of the Principal, Mr. J. F. Hall, has made good advancement. Mr. Hall has put his whole energy into the work, and the result is apparent in the regular attendance and examinations of the pupils. The most of his assistants are prompt and willing to enforce his rules and carry out his suggestions,

as well as those of the Superintendent and Board of Education.

In conclusion, I return my grateful acknowledgments for the kindness and courtesy shown me by the members of the Board of Education, teachers and all friends of education in the city.

CAMDEN.

HENRY L. BONSALL, SUPERINTENDENT.

To E. A. Apgar, State Superintendent:

In transmitting my fifth annual report, I am gratified to be enabled to show a healthful increase in all the elements of substantial growth commensurate with the educational activities of the age. Whilst abating little or nothing of the essentials of a well-tested system, it is our purpose, in accordance with the theory, and in compliance with the recommendation of the memorial of the Legislative Centennial Educational Commission, to supplement the existing curriculum with a more practical and thorough adaptation of means to ends in the securing of a better training of pupils in at least the vital elements of a more general industrial education. It is impossible, under existing or proposed experiments in this direction, to convey a clear conception of the utility of an innovation not yet fully incorporated with the system, especially as the term "Industrial Education," with its alphabet of Object Teaching and Kindergarten, is so often misapplied and so little understood, even Professor Huxley giving a no broader definition to a supposed new theory of teaching than has long obtained in practice in many of the best public as well as private schools of the country. Experience is the only fair test of the feasibility of radical change, and as it is always more easy to tear down than build up, we purpose making haste slowly, and will report, as soon as practicable, the results.

The Normal School, after a successful operation of one year, graduated, at a public commencement, those already holding teachers' certificates, and great good is anticipated from its further exercises, a separate school being more flexible and readily adapted to approved

modifications than the entire body of graded divisions.

The number of schools owned by the board-eleven-has been increased by renting one additional building, the law prohibiting

the borrowing of money, and consequent increase of debt preventing the erection of a new building. Part of a fund reserved for that purpose, has been used in the remodeling and renovating, ventilating and fencing of several of the schools, which are now believed to be equal to those of the better class elsewhere.

The school census has fallen off somewhat, through causes that cannot be correctly ascertained, one reason, however, being the earlier exodus of families from the city for the heated term, suggesting that July is not the best season for taking an absolutely accurate enumeration.

ELIZABETH.

EDWARD S. ATWATER, SUPERINTENDENT.

To E. A. Apgar, State Superintendent:

In submitting my annual statistical report, I also address you briefly in regard to the progress of school work in the city of Elizabeth during the past year. There has been no attempt to introduce radical changes or fancied improvements. The effort has been to perfect and strengthen what we have. My opinion is that in this respect the year has been a successful one with us. I note a better condition of order in the schools at the close of the year than at the beginning, also more thoroughness in the work of teaching. To these points my attention, as Superintendent, has been specially directed, with the co-operation of the Principals and their assistants. A Principal, as head of the school, is largely responsible for its proper working. Our Principals have warmly seconded the suggestions I have made, and I think the results have been, in the main, satisfactory.

I believe, also, there is an increasing interest on the part of the public in the schools. By comparing my statistical reports for the year just closed and the previous year, you will note an increase in the attendance on the public schools during the past year of about 3

per cent.

GLOUCESTER CITY.

B. M. STILES, SUPERINTENDENT.

To E. A. Appar, State Superintendent:

In connection with the statistical report, herewith is submitted a brief written statement concerning the Public Schools of this city. The system inaugurated by the former Superintendent has been continned through the present year with fair results. The same system.

with slight change, will be followed during the ensuing year.

The general progress made by the pupils is satisfactory; and if more regular attendance had been secured much more could have been accomplished. This being largely a manufacturing town, a large percentage of the children leave school at an early age (8 to 12 years) to work in the mills. Not more than five per cent. of the number enrolled on the school register ever reach the most advanced classes. Consequently the shools are of a lower grade than they would otherwise be. It will be seen by the statistical report that a very large number do not attend school anywhere; but this is unfortunately true of many other schools throughout the State. Much of this is due to the indifference of parents.

The school register shows an increased enrollment of 102 pupils, and the average attendance is also better than last year. As so many leave school before reaching the higher Divisions, an effort will be made the coming year to advance the grade of the Primary and Sec-

ondary Schools.

HOBOKEN.

L. M. DREW, SUPERINTENDENT.

To E. A. Appar, State Superintendent:

It gives me pleasure to report that the school year ending August 31st, 1878, has been a year of growth and progress.

GROWTH.

One school building has been erected and completed, with the exception of furniture. The furniture will be placed in it in September, and it will be ready for occupancy by the first of October.

Seating capacity of new school-house is 1250. Interior arrangements are modern and convenient. Cost of building and grounds is

something over \$50,000.

| Increase | in | number of teachers | 7 |
|----------|----|--------------------------|-----|
| | | departments | |
| 66 | " | children enrolled | 366 |
| 66 | " | average number attending | 235 |

PROGRESS.

One criterion of progress is the number of pupils admitted to the High School from the several Grammar Departments, on due examination. The number thus admitted exceeds that of the previous year, by about 30. The examination for this year was also more difficult than that of the previous year.

The graduating class this year numbered 19.

The number now remaining in the High School (including accessions) is 135. The examination for graduation and promotion was held in June, and gave satisfaction to the Board of Education and to patrons of the school.

An entertainment of a literary and musical character was given by the school during the year, at which \$130 were raised for the pur-

chase of apparatus.

The commencement exercises were held in July, and approvingly listened to by a large and intelligent audience. The High School has exerted a highly beneficial influence upon the Grammar Schools, by awakening in them greater ambition, emulation and higher aspirations.

SATURDAY NORMAL SCHOOL.

This school continues to increase in numbers and usefulness. The number of graduates for the year is 15. A majority of our teachers are graduates of this school. It now numbers about 70 pupils, composed of young ladies, who are desirous of becoming teachers.

SALARIES.

It gives me pleasure to report that teachers' salaries have remained intact during the year.

JERSEY CITY.

WILLIAM L. DICKINSON, SUPERINTENDENT.

To E. A. Apgar, State Superintendent:

I have the honor to submit the following report for the year ending August 31st, 1878:

The entire number of schools which have been under my supervision during the past year is 22, which may be properly classified and subdivided into the following schools and departments:

| Saturday Normal School | |
|--|--|
| Saturday Normal School | |
| Training School for Teachers attached to High School 1 | |
| Grammar School for Girls 1 | |
| " Boys 1 | |
| " Both Sexes 13 | |
| Primary Schools for " in same buildings with Gram- | |
| mar Departments 14 | |
| Primary Schools in separate buildings 5 | |
| " and Grammar School for Colored Children 1 | |
| Annex of School No. 3, Primary 1 | |
| - | |
| 39 | |

The number of buildings in which these schools are conducted is 20. Of these, 17 belong to the city and three are rented premises.

One of those belonging to the city was originally built and used for an enginc-house, for the use of the fire department, but is turned into a school-house, although affording few of the accommodations for such a use.

NUMBER AND CLASSIFICATION OF TEACHERS.

| Male | Principals in Grammar Schools | 11 |
|------|------------------------------------|----|
| 66 | "Training and High Schools | 1 |
| " | Vice-Principal " " | 1 |
| | Professor of German in High School | 1 |

| Male P | rofessor of 1 | Latin and Gre | ek, High l | School | 1 |
|--------|---------------|-----------------|------------|---|---------------|
| " | | French, | ່ ິ " | * | 1 |
| " A | ssistants. | , | " | ********** | 1 |
| | Principal, | | " | * | |
| " | Assistants, | | " | *********** | 1 3 |
| 66 | Teacher of | Drawing | " | | - |
| " | | | Denartmen | ts | $\frac{1}{2}$ |
| " | " | Primary | " | *************************************** | 18 |
| 6. | Assistants | " | 66 | | 165 |
| 46 | " | Grammar | " | | 102 |
| T_0 | otal number | of different pe | ersons emp | ployed as Teachers | 309 |
| Male P | rincipal in S | Saturday Nort | nal Schoo |] | 1 |
| | ssistants | " | " | | 3 2 |
| Female | " | " | " | | 2 |

All the teachers of the Saturday Normal School are also teachers in the High School or some of the Grammar Schools.

The saddest thing in each year's report of the condition of the schools, is the large number of applicants refused admission for want of room, which, during the past year, has amounted to 1,784.

It is sad to see teachers struggling with classes twice as large as can be taught or managed by one person, but we have witnessed such things so many times, for so many years, that hardly now does the

oppressed teacher moan under her load.

It is sad to see both teacher and pupils crowded into so small a space that pure air is an impossibility, with seats so few in number and scanty in dimension, that steps of platforms, teachers' chairs, even the bare floors, are crowded with the unfortunate urchins, so that the ordinary passing about the room, in the necessary performance of school duties, is dangerous to both teacher and pupils; but the saddest and wickedest thing of all is to drive away from our schools the 1,700 or 1,800 who implore constantly for an opportunity to obtain but the most ordinary acquaintance with the most necessary branches of knowledge.

ATTENDANCE OF PUPILS.

The average attendance of pupils in all the schools for the year was 11,860.

The entire enrollment during the year, by which is meant the total number of different pupils taught for some portion of the year, was 20,585.

This shows a gain upon the average attendance of last year of 961, and upon the enrollment of 1,909.

The average attendance, the average register, the total enrollment, and the per cent. of average attendance, for each school for the last five years, show a constant gain every year.

The gain for this year would have been at least 1,500 greater if all

who desired admission to the schools could have been admitted.

The average attendance is 53^7_{10} per cent. of the total enrollment.

It is impossible to state the proper deduction to be made for those who have been enrolled more than once, by reason of removals of parents from one part of the city to another, or changes of pupils from one school to another, not caused by removals of parents.

Were this known, the percentage would no doubt be increased to

at least 60 per cent.

TEACHERS.

There are now in the employment of the board 309 teachers, of whom 17 are males and 292 are females, 127 are engaged in the Grammar Departments and 181 in the Primary Departments. One teacher is employed as a special teacher of Drawing.

The average number of pupils to a class in the Primary Departments is 54; in the Grammar Departments, 37; in all departments,

47.

The amount of time lost by absence of teachers is less than $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. of the whole number of days' service required of them in a year. Very few teachers are ever absent from school except from the best of reasons. Cases are common of teachers who refuse to leave their classes even when the physician positively orders it. There is no doubt that both pupils and teachers frequently contract disease from the foul air of over-crowded rooms or from draughts of cold air to which they are exposed in efforts to ventilate by opening windows and doors.

COURSE OF INSTRUCTION.

The course of instruction now in use has been obligatory less than two years. It was adopted in the latter part of the year 1875, but was not made obligatory upon the schools until January, 1876. The

principal changes made are in the matter of oral instruction.

The text-books in ordinary use upon Arithmetic, Geography, Grammar, &c., are sufficient in detail and specific in method to meet the needs of the average teacher. A live, ambitious teacher will desire at times to go beyond the text-book and talk to the pupils upon some of the numberless subjects not mentioned in the books which are properly expected to occupy most of their time at school.

She may sometimes stir up the indolent and excite the dull by telling them of the histories, differences and similitudes of animals, all of which pertain to the science of zoölogy. She may sometimes rouse

the pupils to enthusiasm upon the subject of minerals and plants, objects which every day meet the bodily eye, but are never or rarely seen with the eye of the child's mind until it is taught thus to see by the teacher.

From such conversations with the teacher the pupils not only acquire useful and important knowledge, but they resume the drier subjects of their ordinary studies with quickened brains and make more

rapid progress.

It is not expected or desired that much time should be devoted to such subjects included under the head of Oral Instruction. The best time to take them up is when the children are wearied with the ordinary work of the school room. An average of ten or fifteen minutes per day is all the time that need be given to such work. To aid the teachers in doing such work, to direct them to proper subjects and proper branches of the subjects, and so systemize the whole matter as to make it as profitable as possible, is the purpose of oral teaching as it is laid down and explained in the Manual of Instruction. The course of instruction for the Grammar Department has been modified by dividing the work assigned to the fifth grade into two parts, so that there are six grades in the Grammar Department instead of five as at first ordered.

The review of Geography has also been added to the second grade. Difficulties in the way of carrying out the course of instruction will gradually disappear as it becomes better known, and teachers are ac-

customed to a higher and wider range of topics.

There has been much discussion concerning the advantages to be derived from High Schools, and the propriety of making them a part of the Public School System. It is my opinion that we have already begun, in Jersey City, to gather a rich harvest from seed sown by the High School, and shall gather yet more abundantly as years roll on.

We are expending upon the public schools between \$200,000 and \$300,000 per year. The sole purpose of all this expense is the education of the children of the city. By far the largest portion of this is

paid to teachers.

Have not the people of the city a right to demand that this money shall not be wasted on incompetent teachers? May they not energetically urge that the best means shall be used to secure the greatest skill and culture within reach? If the people submit to such heavy taxation for the benefit of their children, there can be no honest avoiding of the duty belonging to those in power to provide able and competent teachers. Common sense and experience show that we cannot depend on private sources for a supply of competent teachers. Teaching is a profession, and professional training is as needful therefor as for the profession of law or medicine.

The right to have any school, even of Primary grade, implies the duty to provide competent teachers therefor, just as certainly as the

right of the nation to have an army implies the need of a military school at West Point, or elsewhere, to educate officers. The High School is educating teachers for our schools of a higher order of intelligence, skill and culture than we can obtain from any other source in sufficient numbers to supply our needs. If it is the duty of the city to educate its children and spend the people's money therefor, it should do this work thoroughly, and waste no money in needless blunders. The High School is a more valuable and efficient aid to the city in the performance of this duty than any other means within our reach. Only good teachers make good schools; great honor, then, be to the High School that trains and educates the teachers.

The High School being the head of our system is the goal towards which the ambition of all pupils is directed. A desire to be promoted from class to class, and eventually enter the High School, imparts a healthy stimulus to every class in the schools. At the late examination to enter the High School, 324 applicants presented themselves, of whom only 5 were from private schools, thus proving how closely and exclusively the influence of this school is connected with our

system of schools.

I believe that the nearly unanimous opinion of all those whose position or leisure gives them opportunities to know the working of the Public School system is that by the influence of the High School the exertions of all are quickened, good resolutions are strengthened, and the whole machinery of the educational department moves with more ease, force and success. Great honor is due to the Grammar and Primary Schools for their work; they have exceeded expectations, and their teachers, as a body, are a noble, self-denying and ill-paid but faithful band of workers, but they cannot do the work of the High School, neither can the High School do their work.

Each gives help and sympathy to the other; every part depends upon every other part; if one suffers all suffer, and if one rejoices all rejoice. Surely, Jersey City, the second city in the prosperous State of New Jersey, can afford to have the advantages which result from a well-ordered High School—nay, more, it cannot afford to do without

them.

"The positive argument in favor of High Schools is that they are needed to complete a system of public instruction; that the beneficial influence they exert upon lower schools is worth all they cost, and that a State has no more need of citizens who can simply read and write, than it has of citizens who have some learning, some culture, some weight of character. There is no purpose that is answered by a lower school, that is not better answered by a higher one, and the right policy, in regard to a common school system, is to lay a strong foundation, and then build upon it as high as is practically possible."

MORRISTOWN.

W. L. R. HAVEN, SUPERINTENDENT.

To E. A. Apgar, State Superintendent:

I herewith forward to you the statistical report of the schools of this city for the year ending August 31st, 1878. The school census, taken in August, shows a decrease of nearly 100 children, of legal school age, from the number reported in 1877; while the average number in attendance has been 45 greater than last year.

The people have given evidence of the deep interest they feel in the public schools by their liberal appropriations for its support and their attendance in so large numbers upon all the public exercises of the school.

I may state, in this connection, that I notice an error in our financial report of last year. The amount raised by tax was \$10,000, instead of \$15,000, of which \$5,200 was for payment of teachers'

salaries, and \$4,800 for other expenses.

Extensive changes have been made in the buildings, during the summer vacation, in the heating and ventilation. Additional furnaces have been put in and heated flues connected with each class-room, to secure constant change of air. The Board of Education believe they have made the system as complete as possible. If it is found sufficient to furnish a supply of pure air it will certainly prove a profitable expenditure of money, for I know of no greater hindrance to effective work in the school-room than impure air.

With the close of the year we lose the services of a valuable teacher, Miss Clare Greene, who leaves us to assume the duties of Vice-Principal of the Newark High School. We have a corps of teachers who are faithful and conscientious. Some of them have been in the

school since its organization, nine years ago.

In reviewing the work of the past year, I believe I can say that what has been accomplished is creditable to both teachers and pupils.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

HENRY B. PIERCE, SUPERINTENDENT.

To E. A. Apgar, State Superintendent:

I herewith send you the statistical report of the schools of this city

for the year ending August 31st, 1878.

The census just taken shows an increase of 231 children of school age, above last year. There was an increase in the enrollment of 44, and in the average attendance of 93 pupils. The average roll during the year was 1,925, and the average attendance 1,852; this gaye the percentage of attendance, based upon the average roll, 96.2 per cent., which exceeds that of any previous year's record in the history of the schools.

Believing that regularity of attendance is essential to good scholarship, and eventually to good citizenship, every effort has been put forth by the teachers to secure the attendance of as many pupils as possible every day. Monthly records were prepared at the close of each month, which the daily papers kindly published, showing the average roll, the average attendance in each department, the number that were present every session, the number of cases of tardiness and the percentage of attendance. The records obtained last year were unusually good. At the close of the school year, the names of 385 pupils were published that had not missed a day during the year. Of this number, Miss Lillie Sedam had not missed a day in nine years; Mary Taylor, Bella Wilson, Bella Woolcocks and Elwood Wilson, in eight years; John Grover, George Forman, Fred Johnson, Clarence Taylor, Abram Brower and Cecilia Boudinot, in seven years. Four pupils did not miss a day for six years; eight pupils, five years; eighteen, four years; twenty-one, three years; seventyfive, two years, and two hundred and forty-eight, one year.

Wishing to excite a spirit of emulation in competition with the other cities of the State, I had the following circular prepared with the "Electric Pen," which I sent to every City Superintendent in the

State.

CIRCULAR.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Jan. 2d, 1878.

DEAR SIR—I take pleasure in sending you the record of the New Brunswick Public Schools for the month of December, 1877:

| | Average Boll. | Average Attendance. | Present every Session. | Tardiness. | Per cent. of Attendance. |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|
| High School Grammar School. Intermediate School. Primary School. | 130 215 412 1220 | 129 211 398 1168 | 114 170 287 761 | 4 1 65 244 | |
| Total | 1977 | 1906 | 1332 | 314 | .964 |

Every pupil is marked tardy who is not in his room at 9 A. M. and 2 P. M. No case of tardiness can exceed five minutes. Please exchange.

HENRY B. PIERCE, Supt.

I intended to send a circular similar to the above monthly, but after two months' trial, and receiving only one response, I gave up the experiment, though I believe some such competitive plan would produce excellent results in regard to promoting punctuality and

regularity in the attendance of pupils.

One who observes the workings of the schools in our city from year to year, must notice an attempt at improvement each year in methods of instruction and discipline on the part of those who manage the schools, and an increased interest in the schools by the citizens. The completion and occupation of the new High School building have done more than all other helps combined to change an unfavorable sentiment in reference to the public schools to one most favorable. Parents of all classes now urge their children to complete the full course of study in all the departments of the school. A certificate of graduation from the High School is almost as eagerly sought after as is a diploma by the collegian, and one who obtains it does not consider himself educated above his sphere. Girls enter the school-room as teachers, or engage in other active duties of life, while

boys eagerly seek any business that promises the means of securing an honorable livelihood.

A community is judged by the standard of education in its schools; if the standard is high, the community will be intelligent, refined and law-abiding; if low, the ignorant, the vicious, and the law-breaking will form the society. Let the State act wisely in determining the qualifications of its future citizens.

ORANGE.

U. W. CUTTS, SUPERINTENDENT.

To E. A. Apgar, State Superintendent:

I have the honor of presenting the report of the Orange public

schools for the year 1877–8.

The statistics show that the total number of pupils enrolled exceeds that of the year previous by 13. The school buildings owned by the city have been inadequate to the accommodation of the pupils, and, in one of the Primary Departments, four rooms have been hired throughout the year to meet the increased demand. In addition to this, it has been necessary to make use of the half-time system in several classes of the lowest primary grade. This arrangement, though adopted as a temporary one to meet an emergency, I do not consider as a disadvantage, so far as the children themselves are concerned. It has not been liked by some of the parents, who cannot understand why their children do not remain in school as long as older pupils. But it has been proved in other cities where the plan has been tried, and by our own experience, that the progress of young pupils is as great with one short session of three hours as with two sessions comprising five hours; and the best medical authorities consider a confinement in the school-room of more than three hours a day, in the case of children of five or six years of age, a positive injury. If it is asserted that many children will be obliged to leave school at an early age, and that on this account they should be in the school-room five hours a day, making the most of their time, it is answered that they can learn all they are capable of learning and retaining at the age mentioned above, in a three hours' session. Of course the application is

limited to the youngest grades.

The progress in study of the various schools during the year has been commendable. The teachers have worked faithfully and successfully. In many cases they have not confined themselves to such knowledge of the subject taught as is given in the text-book, but have regarded the latter as suggestive, rather than comprehensive. They have tried to persuade their pupils to think—to investigate for themselves. The necessity of this is obvious. Education, in the true meaning of the term, is a leading-out, and not, as too often regarded, a mere pouring-in process. Much of so-called knowledge is worthless for either practical use or discipline. The formation of good habits of study, thorough instruction in the useful and practical, rather than the merely ornamental, with the cultivation of the imagination to such an extent as to render the mental powers pliable and efficient, are the needs of the present day. No doubt much of what has been taught in Arithmetic, Grammar, and perhaps Geography, can be omitted, and the time better spent in teaching Reading and Composition. The remark may be considered more pertinent when one reflects that a large proportion of the pupils in the public schools withdraw early in the course, for the sake of earning their own livelihood.

The number of pupils in the High School was nearly doubled at the beginning of the year, by the promotion of some 40 pupils from the highest grade of the Grammar Schools, and it was found necessary to provide an additional room, as well as another teacher. The whole time of the Assistant Principal and two lady teachers has been given to the school throughout the year, and a portion of the time of the Superintendent has been regularly devoted to instruction in this department. At the closing exercises in June, 9 pupils received diplomas, 8 having completed the full course of four years, and 1 that of three years. The assertion is sometimes made that no High School is needed in the public schools, and that the people ought not to be taxed for its support. Even if there were no other argument in favor of a High School, the following would seem to be a conclusive one: the State gives each pupil the privilege of attending school between the ages of five and eighteen years. Our schools are so graded that pupils entering in the Primary Department, and satisfactorily completing the successive grades, will finish the High School course at or before the age of eighteen. If, then, there were no High School, the pupil would be obliged to go over and over again studies already pursued, or leave school long before he has attained the age of eighteen.

With a good working corps of teachers, an active and liberal Board of Education, and an enlightened public sentiment, I think the success

of our schools is assured.

PASSAIC CITY.

SAMUEL W. RICE, SUPERINTENDENT.

To E. A. Apgar, State Superintendent:

Enclosed find statistical report for the year ending August 31st, 1878.

The schools have been kept open ten months. Total number attending school, 945; average attendance, 592. The new school-house spoken of in my last report was finished and occupied last January. It was built according to Plan 14 of School Report for 1874, and will accommodate 100 pupils. We still need another building in the Third Ward.

The popularity of the schools is manifested by the increased attendance upon the regular monthly "General Exercises" of the High School, as well as the interest shown in any public discussion on school management or supervision.

Our city charter makes the trustees a Board of Education, but

does not sufficiently define its duties.

Members are also elected for one year, thus making it possible to change the entire membership annually, and as it requires at least one year to fully understand the working of any school system, this change is liable to impair the efficiency of our schools.

The metric system of weights and measures has been taught in the High School. We are anxious to secure the apparatus donated by

the State for the use of public schools.

No additions have been made to the library, except some valuable

works for reference.

No changes have been made in text books. We are now using Monroe's Series of Readers; Warren's Series of Geography; Robinson's Series of Mathematics; Kerl's Series of Grammars; Kiddle's Astronomy; Steele's Natural Philosophy; Steele's Chemistry; Swinton's United States History; Cathcart's English Literature; Payson, Dunton & Scribner's Penmanship.

There were 11 graduates from the High School.

PERTH AMBOY.

HENRY FARMER, SUPERINTENDENT.

To E. A. Apgar, State Superintendent:

The Public School of this city has been maintained with the usual regularity during the past year, and in the six departments constituting it, we think a commendable efficiency has been exhibited by the principal and teachers, most of whom have been in the school long enough to understand the dispositions of the pupils under their charge, and to know how to secure good discipline without using harshness. The rules by which the minor details of deportment are regulated, are sometimes the subject of complaint by parents who do not appreciate how essential it is to maintain sound discipline in a school numbering so many pupils. These cases, I am glad to say, are less numerous than formerly, and parents, generally, are showing more willingness to co-operate with the teacher in securing obedience to the regulations.

The course of study remains about the same as stated in previous reports; the only important change being the withdrawal of the study of Drawing for the purpose of affording more time for Penmanship. Progress in all the branches of study have been as satisfactory as

could be desired.

The attendance during the ten months the school was open steadily increased, but the average attendance was not in proportion to the number enrolled. Public interest in the school has been very encouraging. In May last the County Teachers' Institute was held in our school building—the first event of the kind in the history of Perth Amboy. Our citizens were attracted in large numbers, and were deeply attentive to the practical teachings and discussions of Prof. De Graff, Dr. E. M. Hunt, Miss Minnie Swayze and Miss Julia Thomas. At the evening meetings in the City Hall, hundreds of persons were unable to gain admittance. These sessions of the Institute produced an excellent effect, showing that the new and more simple methods of teaching were calculated to reach the mind and understanding of the pupil better than some of the old-fashioned ways in which the parents and grand-parents of the rising generation were taught.

The attendance of parents and friends of public education, at the

closing exercises in June, was also unusually large, showing an increased interest.

The statistical report will be found to vary in some important points from that of last year. In the census of children between the ages of 5 and 18 years, a decrease of 280 is shown, which it is difficult to account for satisfactorily. Our population has doubtless decreased to some extent, owing to the scarcity of employment for laborers who have made this place their homes for two or three years past, but this decrease is not sufficient to make this great difference in the school census. The assessor's returns reached me too late to allow time for a thorough examination and correction, else I have no doubt the list would have been considerably lengthened.

During the winters of 1876 and 1877 no effort was made to open an evening school. The last attempt was made in 1875, when the average attendance was only 19, and the school was closed after a session of two months, so little interest being taken in the school by the class for whose benefit it was specially designed, namely, apprentices, or boys who worked during the daytime for a livelihood.

We have had a female principal and 6 female teachers for two years past, and it is generally conceded that the school is as well conducted as it could be with a male principal.

Our Primary Classes threaten to overcrowd the school-rooms, although by the rules of the Board of Education no child under 6 years of age is admitted. It will not be long before the serious question of finding more school accommodations will present itself to our tax-payers.

PHILLIPSBURG.

JOSEPH H. BRENSINGER, SUPERINTENDENT.

To E. A. Apgar, State Superintendent:

As everything around us is in motion, if we remain still we seem to retard; but I am happy to say that during the past year we have not remained in the same place, but have made a perceptible advancement.

According to a resolution of our board the examinations of the Intermediate, Secondary and Primary Schools shall be semi-annual,

instead at the end of each term as heretofore. This change, you will observe, will necessitate an entire change in the diagram of studies

for these three departments.

The Grammar Schools have now been working the second year on the diagram prepared for them, and their labors have been rewarded with the largest graduating classes from these departments that we have yet had, there being 47 to enter the High School next year. The teachers in the Grammar Schools are all veterans in the cause of education, and are enabled to show forth the results which experience alone can give. Our Primary Schools are very much crowded. There has been such an increase in these departments as to necessitate the employment of additional teachers. The increase in Primary children alone having exceeded 300, whilst last year our whole number enrolled in all the schools exceeded the enrollment of the previous year by 300. I attribute these increases in a measure to the influx of new families, or the return of former residents, in consequence of the starting up of the foundries and furnaces in our town.

COMMISSIONERS.

We have four new commissioners in our board, but as we have always been fortunate, since the organization of our board, to secure men of intelligence and judgment, I am pleased to state that the present accession will make no exception to the rule.

They have always been economical in their expenditures, assiduous in the performance of every duty, and always having in view the accomplishment of the greatest good in the education of the rising

generation.

They have greatly assisted the Superintendent and teachers in the performance of their duties by sustaining them in all rightful acts, and by this fearless and proper course, they have almost entirely overcome those little bickerings which some dissatisfied parents have shown towards the teacher.

TEACHERS.

The teachers remain very nearly the same as last year. The places of retiring ones have, as a general thing, been filled by graduates of our High School, who have proved themselves valuable accessions to

our corns

It is with feelings of profoundest sorrow that I am compelled to again announce that death has again entered our ranks by taking from our corps our much esteemed friend and fellow-laborer, Mrs. L. K. Brown. Her whole life, I may say, (nineteen years) has been devoted to the cause of education, and her close application to her duties, and her assiduity to every trust, no doubt were the means

which ultimately led to the contraction of the incipient stages of the pulmonary disease which sent her spirit to its final resting place, and ended her earthly labors.

CLASSIFICATION.

There has been very little change in the classification of the schools during the past year. More attention was given to the working of the different diagrams of studies which I prepared at the beginning of the school year. Under the present régime, everything has worked well, and no changes have had to be made except a few which judgment and experience would naturally suggest. I have, during the past year, been carefully watching the workings of the diagram for the Intermediate Schools, and, at the same time, have paid special attention to the Secondary Schools, with a view to the formation of a schedule of studies for them, which I have prepared and will incorporate at the end of my report. The general attendance of pupils in every department has been marked by a great improvement in regularity and punctuality as well as in number, which I have noticed above.

HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATION.

The class which graduated from our High School consisted of 21 members; 18 in the regular course, viz.: John G. Deckert, Daniel E. Koch, Elwood M. Nixon, Louis G. Schultz, Samuel M. Sprowl, Herbert S. Stocker, Howard L. Teel, Minnie B. Abel, Ida V. Bowers, Linnie M. Burwell, Gertrude C. Correll, Annie R. Hulshizer, Lillian E. Jones, Cora C. Metzgar, C. Josie Sleker, Susie K. Stocker, Emma Thomas, and Lizzie M. Trelvar; and 3 in the partial course, viz.: Edward L. Leager, Edwin S. Tolles, and Maggie A. Cole.

The commencement exercises were held in the Main Street M. E. Church. An admission fee of ten cents was charged to obviate the immense crowds that we were troubled with the preceding years. The plan was generally approved by the people, the majority of whom admitted that it was the best thing we could do under the circumstances.

The graduates acquitted themselves with credit, and, of course, reflected honor on their teachers. Our High School gains in favor with the masses, and is accomplishing a good work in giving a first-class education to children whose parents could not otherwise afford it.

HIGH SCHOOL.

E. C. Beers, A. B., Principal. Mrs. C. W. Couch, Assistant.

D CLASS-FIRST TERM.

Arithmetic; English Grammar (to Verb); Physiology; Physical Geography; Reading; Spelling; History of England.

D CLASS—SECOND TERM.

Arithmetic; English Grammar (Verb); Physiology (completed); Physical Geography; Reading; Spelling; History of England.

D CLASS-THIRD TERM.

Arithmetic; English Grammar (to Syntax); Physical Geography; Reading; Spelling; History of Rome; Latin (Harkness' Introductory.)

C CLASS—FIRST TERM.

Arithmetic; English Grammar (Syntax); Latin (Harkness' Introductory—completed); Algebra (Robinson's Elementary); Roman History; Reading; Spelling.

C CLASS—SECOND TERM.

English Grammar (to Prosody); Arithmetic; Latin Reader (commenced), Etymology; Algebra (Robinson's Elementary); Grecian History; Reading; Spelling.

C CLASS—THIRD TERM.

English Grammar (completed); Arithmetic (Robinson's, to Art. 330); Latin Reader (completed); Algebra (Robinson's Elementary—completed); Grecian History; Reading; Spelling; Harkness' Greek Reader.

B CLASS-FIRST TERM.

Arithmetic (to Art. 555); Algebra (Loomis's, to Simple Equations); Latin (Cæsar, 1st book); Syntax; Geology; Book-keeping; Reading; Spelling; Greek Testament (Matthew.)

B CLASS—SECOND TERM.

Arithmetic (completed); Algebra (through Radicals); Virgil (Buc.

10 Ecl.); Geology; Book-keeping; Reading; Spelling; Greek Testament (Luke and John.)

B CLASS—THIRD TERM.

Algebra (completed); Virgil (1st and 2d books); Geology; Natural Philosophy; Reading; Spelling; Book-keeping; Anabasis (1st book.)

A CLASS—FIRST TERM.

Virgil (3d and 4th books,) and Versification; Geometry (four books); Syntax; Biblical Geography; Botany; Reading; Spelling; Anabasis (2d, 3d and 4th books.)

GRAMMAR SCHOOLS.

No. 1—M. M. FISK, Principal. No. 2—J. C. BUTLER, Principal; LAURA BOWERS, Assistant. No. 3—E. LOMMASON, Principal; S. WOODWARD, Assistant.

C CLASS—FIRST TERM.

Arithmetic (to Fractions); Grammar (to the Participle); Geography (to United States); Spelling; Reading.

C CLASS—SECOND TERM.

Arithmetic (to Multiplication of Fractions); Grammar (to Interrogative Pronoun); Geography (to South Atlantic States); Spelling; Reading.

C CLASS—THIRD TERM.

Arithmetic (to Decimals); Grammar (to Syntax); Geography (through Gulf States); Spelling; Reading.

B CLASS—FIRST TERM.

Arithmetic (through Common Fractions); Grammar (to Syntax); Geography (to Middle Atlantic States); History U. S. (to French and Indian Wars); Spelling; Reading.

B CLASS—SECOND TERM.

Arithmetic (through Decimal Fractions); Grammar (to Relative Pronoun); Geography (to Territories); History U. S. (to Battle of Trenton); Spelling; Reading.

B CLASS—THIRD TERM.

Arithmetic (to Compound Numbers); Grammar (to Verb and Review); Geography (to South America); History U. S. (through Revolution); Spelling; Reading.

A CLASS—FIRST TERM.

Arithmetic (to Denominate Numbers); Grammar (to Irregular Verbs); Geography (to South America); History U. S. (Review to Mexican War); Spelling; Reading.

A CLASS—SECOND TERM.

Arithmetic (to Duodecimals); Grammar (to Simple and Compound Sentences); Geography (to Africa); History U. S. (to Territorial Growth of U. S.); Spelling; Reading.

A CLASS-THIRD TERM.

Arithmetic (to Simple Interest); Grammar (completed and reviewed); History U. S. (completed and reviewed); Spelling; Reading.

INTERMEDIATE SCHOOLS.

TEACHERS.

No. 1, A—Mrs. E. Pursell. No. 1, B—John Sheppard. No. 2, A—Mary Caffrey. No. 2, B—M. Fogarty, Principal; Kate Leidy, Assistant. No. 3, B—M. S. Walters, Principal; Phebe Dinsmore, Assistant.

A CLASS—FIRST TERM.

Arithmetic (Quackenbos, to Subtraction of Fractions); Geography (Comprehensive, to North America); Reading (New American Fourth, 44 lessons); Spelling (New American Pronouncing, 219 lessons).

SECOND TERM.

Arithmetic (to Decimals); Geography (to New England States); Reading (63 lessons); Spelling (226 lessons).

B CLASS—FIRST TERM.

Arithmetic (Robinson's, to Fractions); Geography (Elementary

Geography completed); Reading (New American Fourth, 40 lessons); Spelling (New American Pronouncing, 163 lessons).

SECOND TERM.

Arithmetic (to Addition of Fractions); Geography (Comprehensive Geography commenced); Reading (50 lessons); Spelling (182 lessons).

C CLASS-FIRST TERM.

Arithmetic (to Greatest Common Divisor); Geography (to South America); Reading (25 lessons), Spelling (145 lessons).

SECOND TERM.

Arithmetic (to Fractions); Geography (to Asia); Reading (45 lessons); Spelling (151 lessons).

SECONDARY SCHOOLS.

TEACHERS.

Secondary No. 1—LIZZIE HOFF. Secondary No. 2—KATE WAMSLEY. Secondary No. 3—HELEN GALLAGHER, Principal; EMILY MILLER, Assistant.

A CLASS—FIRST TERM.

Arithmetic (through Division); Reading (Fourth Reader, 12 lessons); Geography (to Middle Atlantic States); Spelling (119 lessons).

SECOND TERM.

Arithmetic (to Least Common Multiple); Geography (to Lake States); Reading (Fourth Reader, 24 lessons); Spelling (140 lessons).

B CLASS—FIRST TERM.

Arithmetic (to Subtraction); Geography (to North America); Reading (Third Reader, 50 lessons); Spelling (60 lessons).

SECOND TERM.

Arithmetic (to Division); Geography (to New England States); Reading (Third Reader completed); Spelling (90 lessons).

C CLASS—FIRST TERM.

Arithmetic (to Addition, oral); Reading (20 lessons); Spelling (15 lessons).

SECOND TERM.

Arithmetic (to Subtraction, oral); Reading (40 lessons); Spelling (31 lessons).

REPORTS OF COUNTY SUPERINTENDENTS.

ATLANTIC COUNTY.

S. R. Morse, Superintendent.

To E. A. Apgar, State Superintendent:

I herewith conclose my annual report of the condition of the

Public Schools in Atlantic county.

I was appointed Superintendent, by the State Board of Education, the 28th day of June, 1877, and the appointment was unanimously approved by the Board of Chosen Freeholders. I appreciate the honor and confidence placed in me by both boards, and extend my thanks to them, as also to the many friends who spoke so many kind words in my behalf.

I assure them it is my intention to devote my time and energy to

the interest of the Public Schools in our county.

FINANCES.

The amount of money voted to be raised this year, by township tax, for teachers' salaries, &c., is \$5,049, by the cities and towns, \$3,450, and by district tax, \$300.

Total raised for teachers' salaries, &c., \$8,799, being \$740 less than

last year.

Galloway township raises \$200 township tax and \$235 district tax less this year for teachers' salaries, &c., than last year.

Buena Vista township raises \$50 less township tax this year than

last.

Mullica township raises \$100 less township tax and \$100 more district tax.

Egg Harbor township raises \$10.50 more township tax and \$235.50 less district tax for teachers' salaries, &c.

Absecon town raises the same amount for schools, \$500, all of which last year was placed to the credit of teachers' salaries; this

29

year only \$400 is thus placed, the other \$100 being placed to the credit of building, repairing, &c., which accounts for the \$100 loss.

Egg Harbor City raises \$500 for schools, being \$50 less than last year. \$400 of this is credited to teachers' salaries, and \$100 to building, repairing, &c.

Hammonton raises \$340 less district tax than last year.

The whole amount voted for building, repairing, &c., in the county, is \$8,212.07, being \$48.75 more than last year. The balances due the districts, exclusive of money for building purposes, is \$4,049.30. This gives a total of \$17,011.07 raised this year in the county for school purposes; if we add to this the balance due the districts, \$4,049.30, we have \$21,060.37 of county money for schools; adding the State money, \$19,251.44, we have \$40,311.81 from all sources. It will be seen that we have of money raised in the county \$1,808.93 more than the amount received from the State. The amount received from the State is this year \$817.67 less than last year, while the number of children in the county is 57 more. This decrease in the State tax is caused by the shrinkage in the State valuation.

The amount from all sources last year was \$38,689.17, which shows it to be \$1,622.64 less than this year, but this balance would be more than overcome if the balances due the townships of Galloway, Weymouth and Mullica, had been given in the Superintendent's report of last year, which balances could not be included, owing to the neglect of the collectors to send in their reports in time.

TEACHERS.

The number of male teachers employed in the county during the year was 33, being an increase of 2, at an average salary of \$51.82

per month, a decrease of \$5.80.

The number of female teachers was 40, being an increase of 3, at an average salary of \$36.23 per month, a decrease of \$3.27. The average monthly salary of female teachers would be larger if we did not include the salary of four assistant teachers, who were paid less than \$14 per month for assistance during the year when the schools were crowded.

EXAMINATIONS, &C.

Four regular examinations, and one at the time of the Teachers' Institute, have been held. 104 applicants have been examined. 61 received certificates: 10 of the first grade, 5 of the second grade, and 46 of the third grade; 43 were rejected, being over 42 per cent. of the whole.

Two of the certificates were revoked, because I learned that the persons holding them had seen the questions the day previous, at an

examination in an adjacent county; that being held on Friday and ours on Saturday.

The preceding year there were 58 applicants. 41 certificates were granted, 14 being of the first grade, 7 of the second grade, and 30 of

the third grade; 17 were rejected.

Desiring to raise the standard of scholarship among the teachers, I have decided to renew no certificates, to give no private examinations and to grant no certificates without a thorough written examination. This I consider just to those good teachers in our county who constantly endeavor to better educate themselves for their responsible profession, and a protection from the many incompetent persons who seek to obtain the schools by offering their services at reduced wages.

Of those teaching in the county during the past year, four held first-grade State certificates; five held second-grade State certificates; twenty-three held first-grade county or city certificates; ten held second-grade county certificates, and thirty-two third-grade county certificates. Eight of the teachers were graduates of Trenton Normal School, five had attended that school and two were graduates of other Normal Schools.

The following teachers obtained first-grade certificates:

| Mr. C. E. Morse, Weymouth, general a | verage. | | .90 |
|--------------------------------------|---------|----|------------------|
| Mr. Tascus Atwood, Hammonton, " | | | .87 |
| Miss W. A. Shipman, " " | | | |
| Mr. Eugene F. Sherman, not teaching, | | | |
| Mr. John English, Bargaintown, | 66 | " | $.82\frac{2}{3}$ |
| Mr. W. B. Matthews, Port Republic, | 66 | " | .80골 |
| Mr. Wm. Pollard, "" | 46 | | $.80\frac{3}{4}$ |
| Miss Lizzie English, Absecon, | " | | $.77_{5}^{1}$ |
| Mr. A. F. Pollard, Somers' Point, | 66 | 66 | |
| Miss Anna Adams, Smith's Landing, | 66 | | $.73\frac{1}{2}$ |

In two districts I was obliged to stop the pay of the teachers; one, because he held no certificate; and the other, because he neglected his duty. In two or three other districts it would have been better had there been no schools.

My associate examiners were Mr. S. H. D. Hoffman and Mr. C. J. Adams, who have proven themselves able and impartial examiners, and have rendered me valuable assistance.

COLLECTORS AND TRUSTEES.

I have found all the collectors to be men willing to do their duty and prompt in obeying the laws. I received the report of each promptly, and well made out. I found most of the trustees earnestly endeavoring to advance the cause, many devoting much of their time to the school work without remuneration, and often to the detriment of their own private business. I have had some trouble in keeping the trustees within the law—in spending only \$20 for incidentals. When there were two or more schools in the district they supposed \$20 could be used for each.

SCHOOL HOUSES.

The school property in the county this year is valued at \$93,675, being an increase of \$675. This is a small increase, but I have reduced the valuation on some property which I think was overvalued, else the increase would be over \$3,000. No new houses have been built this year. The house in No. 44, Elwood, has been re-built, and a new room added, making it now an honor to the village and the county. The houses in No. 11, North Absecon, and No. 10, Ocean-ville, have been repaired and re-seated, being very much improved. Egg Harbor City has re-furnished two rooms with modern desks.

The school-house in Port Republic, No. 5, has been much improved by new desks and the addition of a new room. It is a good improvement. Several slight improvements have been made to other

houses in the county.

Districts No. 23, English Creek, and No. 42, New Columbia, have voted to build new houses; the present buildings being among the poorest in the county. There are a few more houses not fit to be called school-houses, which, I hope, will soon be razed and new ones erected, that we may have none to report very poor.

VISITATIONS.

I have made 172 visits to the schools in the county during the year, visiting all the schools in the county excepting No. 2, Brigantine. I did not visit this school through the winter because it is so difficult to get to it, having to row or sail six miles, and for safety, only when wind and tide are right. The school was closed much earlier in the spring than was expected, on account of death in the family of the teacher.

All other schools I visited twice, the greater number three times, and many four or five times. I found most of the schools in a fair,

many in an excellent and some in a decidedly poor condition.

The methods of teaching, courses of study, classification, and series of text-books, differed very much. I think it impossible to attain success until a course of study and a uniformity of text-books and of teaching are thoroughly established throughout our schools.

I find frequent visits a great benefit to the schools.

TEXT-BOOKS.

One of the worst features in our county schools is the entire dependence upon the text-book; many teachers confining themselves exclusively to the text, repeating the questions and requiring merely a recitation of the answers given, verbatim et literatim. I have endeavored to make a reform in this method. In your last report you well said, "No good work can be done by a teacher who is obliged to have the text-book before him in order to know whether the pupils are reciting the lesson correctly or not."

The objection that it requires too much time to post one's self on all the lessons, and that only six hours of work are required by law, are frequently made. I say to such teachers, the sooner you abandon teaching, the better it will be for the children in your schools.

In many schools the text-books are purchased by the district, which is by far more beneficial to the children, as well as being much cheaper. Atlantic City has furnished, for fifteen years, all supplies for its schools, including books, charts, slates, writing-books, book-keeping blanks, pencils, pens, ink, paper, crayons, &c., and the cost per pupil for those attending school is now about forty cents a year.

The advantage in forming classes, and placing pupils in such classes as they are fitted for, without awaiting the slow motion of many parents in procuring the required books, can be appreciated by all teachers and school officers.

CHANGING TEACHERS.

In some districts there seems to be a disposition on the part of trustees and parents to continually change teachers. This is not right. The trustees should use a great deal of care in the selection of a teacher, then visit the school often, make such suggestions as are needed, and encourage the teacher in his work. They should not listen to every child's stories, or store gossip, but go to the school, see for themselves, and if, after a fair trial, they find the teacher is not qualified, let him go and get one who is; although they may be obliged to pay more for a good teacher than a poor one.

Six months of good school is better than nine months of one merely passable. We should have as good teachers for our primary as for our more advanced pupils.

COURSE OF STUDY.

In order to advance the cause of education, and bring the schools to a higher standard, I called all the trustees together, and submitted a plan for a course of instruction similar to that in Camden and Burlington counties. The trustees all heartily endorsed it. I then called

the teachers together, who as heartily endorsed the plan, and a course was adopted. This course embraces Reading, Spelling, Writing, Arithmetic, Geography, Grammar, History, Book-keeping, Physi-

ology, and Algebra, and will consist of four divisions.

The books to be used in the course are those recommended to the trustees by the County Superintendent. A written examination in the last three divisions will be made in April, and all those getting above a certain average will have their names and standing published in the county papers, while all those who pass the examination in all the studies of the highest grade, will receive a county certificate, to be presented at a public commencement to be held in some central place in the county. I believe this plan will be of great benefit to our schools in many respects. The teachers and pupils have an incentive to work. It will induce pupils to commence school earlier in the year, attend more regularly, and continue there longer. Parents will take more interest in the education of their children; and if moving from one district to another, the pupils can enter the same grade they have left.

TEACHERS' ASSOCIATIONS.

One of the first acts in my work as County Superintendent was to call together the teachers, at Absecon, and form a Teachers' Association. We have since held meetings monthly, excepting the three summer months, and teachers and schools have been greatly benefited by them.

Those who attend regularly are generally our best teachers, while those who do not attend at all, or irregularly, are the ones who most need instruction and counsel. The trustees in the county generally understand which teachers are desirous of improving themselves and

their schools.

We have now about 65 members. I have been able to make arrangements with the Camden and Atlantic Railroad Company to sell tickets at half fare to all teachers who wish to attend any of the

meetings.

The Philadelphia and Atlantic City Railroad Company very kindly offered to supply each member of the association with a ticket, which entitles him to ride over their road, at any time during the year, at half fare.

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

The annual Teachers' Institute was held at Hammonton in March,

commencing the 18th, and continuing five days.

All of the teachers were present except two, one being sick and the other having permission to attend an Institute in another county.

The session was one of the best ever held in the county. Much

credit for its success is due to Mr. E. V. De Graff, who was pronounced by all of the teachers to be one of the best conductors we ever had. His instruction and lectures were both interesting and practical. We were also indebted to Hon. G. B. Northrop and Superintendent Edgar Haas for valuable aid. Much regret was expressed that the State Superintendent could not be present. To the intelligent people of Hammonton we owe a debt of gratitude for the cordial welcome they gave us, and their interest in our success. May it be our pleasure to meet them again on such another happy occasion.

I believe it would be much better to have our institute earlier in the school year, that the teachers may have this instruction when they commence their labors. I do not think it best to grind the ax after the work is nearly done, but at the commencement, then we are fully

benefited by it.

NEEDED CHANGES.

1st. We should get the two-mill tax earlier.

2d. The \$350 clause should be changed to \$300, or more money raised.

3d. The annual election of trustees should be held in June, or

before the teachers are engaged for the ensuing year.

In conclusion, I desire to acknowledge my many obligations to the collectors, school officers, teachers, friends of education, and especially to my predecessor, Rev. G. B. Wight, for their aid and co-operation in my first year's work.

I am under great obligations to our worthy State Superintendent,

E. A. Apgar, for much valuable information and help.

BERGEN COUNTY.

JOHN A. DEMAREST, SUPERINTENDENT.

10 E. A. Apgar, State Superintendent:

In obedience to law, I herewith submit my third annual report of the condition of the schools in Bergen county, for the year ending August 31st, 1878.

The statistical report accompanying this is submitted without

comment—allowing each to draw his own conclusions by comparisons

with former years.

A greater number of school visitations have been made this, than in former years, and with more gratifying results. I am pleased to state that teachers are becoming more active, manifest more interest, and appear to feel more the importance of their work—as a consequence better and more thereough work is being done.

quence, better and more thorough work is being done.

Township meetings of trustees are becoming quite popular, and their frequency is urged in many cases. The exchange of sentiment indulged in at these meetings, on school matters and school work, is proving very beneficial, and has caused, in many instances, these officers to become real helps to the Superintendent. They have been

held regularly with marked results for good.

The necessity of a School Library has been urged and agitated in nearly every school district, and I think the coming year many will avail themselves of the opportunity offered by the State to secure one. My desire is to have this cheap, flashy, sensational trash which assumes such prominence in many localities, and which has poisoned, ruined and destroyed so many noble minds, removed from the homes of our children through the influence of choice reading matter calculated to form and produce the noble man or woman.

Many changes have been made in the shape of new buildings, repairs, refurnishing, &c. Six new school buildings, with a seating capacity for over 2,000 children, and at an expense of nearly \$60,000, have been completed—three more are in the course of erection, and the one now marked "very poor," we have the assurance, in our next report can be marked "very good." Thus is the good work moving onward, and the health and comfort of our children considered in the

manner stated above.

The predictions made in former reports in reference to the schools and school buildings in the village of Hackensack, are wholly verified. The building in District No. 31 has been completed, and been in use since February last; and the building in District No. 32 is nearly finished, and will be ready for use about the first of November. They are substantial brick edifices abounding in architectural beauty, capable of accommodating 1,500 children, and furnished with

all the modern improvements known to the school-room.

These good people have not only erected buildings to adorn and beautify their town, but have supplied them with superior talent, and adopted a mode of instruction that cannot be excelled by any of the best schools in the State. Thus with honest pride they can look back upon the work done the past year, and rest content when they know their children are within their walls. Nay, more than this! They can look upon these schools, and thank God for what has been done for humanity, the perpetuity of freedom, and the great cause of education.

Englewood District, No. 7, has entered into a project which I heartily approve. Colored children are numerous in this district, still but few of them, comparatively speaking, could be seen in her school. Hence, instead of being educated to usefulness, under careful instructors, a large majority of them were running at will through her streets, learning all the vices found on her streets and street-corners, being rapidly prepared to become inmates of our alms-houses and State Prisons. A meeting of the legal voters of the district was called, their condition discussed, and the trustees, for the good of the colored race, were directed to fit up a building specially for their use, and force them to attend the school. The trustees have complied with this request; rented a building adjoining their own, placed over it a competent instructor, and now everything bids fair for success. Thus I am able to report the first colored school in this county.

The quarterly examinations have been held regularly, with an iucreased attendance over the previous year. 117 applications have been made for teachers' certificates, but only 87 succeeded in obtaining them—30 having failed in the required examination. Of the 87 certificates granted, 6 were for first grade, 13 for second grade and

68 for third grade.

The Teachers' Association of this county has held its sessions regularly, and demonstrated plainly to my mind its worth and usefulness. Still, one evil exists which materially hinders its workings, viz., the non-attendance of teachers, the reason given "because it is held on Saturday," a day belonging to them. To remedy this evil is my earnest desire, and only by curing the evil can we make it a perfect success. In those cities of the State where Boards of Education exist, Saturday Normal Schools are established and teachers are obliged to attend, while in the rural districts, where they are most needed, the Superintendent is powerless and left at the will of the teachers. This should not be!

A "Manual of Discipline and Instruction," containing full and explicit directions in each grade for the intellectual and moral training of the young, has been prepared the past year for the use of the public schools in the county, and is now in the hands of every teacher.

In its preparation it was arranged into nine grades, which can readily be divided into departments to suit the wants of any school. The uinth, eighth and seventh grades representing the Primary; the sixth, fifth and fourth the Grammar; the third, second and first the Higher, and the whole to cover the time allowed pupils in our public schools.

While all of our schools may not be able to comply strictly with the outlines laid down, still we think its directions and suggestions can be followed and grades arranged to comply with most of its provisions. It is not doubted that the efficiency of our schools will be

much increased by its use, for no teacher can follow its directions and fail to do better work.

Thus amid the din of financial trouble hovering around us and still sounding in our ears, we can review the campaign of active service just completed, with honest pride. While many things deserve to be entombed in the grave of the past, still there are influences that have been created which, we trust and know, will live beyond the confines of time and come up as a memorial at the great final day. While we acknowledge that many evils still exist, and perfection has not been reached, still, even though discouragements and disappointments have met us in every turn of the way, inroads have been made upon the territory of our common foe, ignorance; our schools have been elevated and improved, and the cause of education has become more sacred in the hearts of the people. The subject of "new schoolhouses" is being discussed everywhere; the health of the child is receiving serious consideration, and the truth "the weal or woe of communities, states and our common country is in the hands of those who are attending our schools," is being impressed upon the minds of the people; not only this, but they are beginning to realize that the welfare of their children here and hereafter, depends upon the teaching in the common school. These are the feelings that are beginning to pervade the breasts of many of our people, and with such feelings actuating them we can reasonably expect success.

BURLINGTON COUNTY.

EDGAR HAAS, SUPERINTENDENT.

To E. A. Apgar, State Superintendent:

In compliance with the law, I respectfully submit the following as my third annual report of the condition of the public schools of

Burlington county, for the year ending August 31st, 1878.

The year through which we have just passed has been one of unusual gain to the schools of the county, resulting, doubtless, from the great interest taken in the prescribed course of study for the county, the County Teachers' Association and the County Teachers' Institute.

It is a noticeable fact that wherever we find schools that have not

been classified, and that have not followed the prescribed course of study for the county, (and I am glad to say that their number is becoming less and less day by day), we also find that they have, in a great measure, failed to make that progress and give that satisfaction rightfully demanded by an interested community. While on the other hand, those that have been classified, and that have closely followed the prescribed course of study, show highly meritorious and satisfactory work. The most marked results are those attained by thirteen schools in completing the course of study, and attested by a general examination by the County Superintendent, upon the following list of questions prepared by him.

Out of the forty-eight pupils examined, there were but three that failed to reach the necessary average, seventy per cent. The other forty-five successful ones, whose names will appear below, were graduated as the "Class of 1878," the first of the public schools of Burlington county, on the 29th day of June, in the Concert Hall at Mount

Holly, in the presence of about 600 people.

After the "introductory remarks" by the County Superintendent, the exercises by the graduates, and a stirring address on "The Relation of the Public Schools to the cause of Education," by Prof. J. B. Maugham, Principal of the Tuckerton schools, all enlivened with music, the County Superintendent conferred upon the graduates the very neat Burlington county diploma.

Although the graduates had not been brought together for preparation, yet they acquitted themselves most nobly and creditably through the whole of the exercises. No one present could fail to see the great interest manifested in the cause. And who, in after years, as interest increases, will be able to measure the inspiring and encouraging influence of these yearly commencements upon our schools?

Immediately after this examination upon the course of study, eight of the successful ones, who intend to follow teaching as a profession, passed the May examination for teachers' certificates—all standing high and receiving the third-grade certificates, the highest the law permits them now to hold.

Questions for the examination of the pupils of the Public Schools of Burlington County, who have completed the prescribed course of study.

ELOCUTION.

1. What is accent, emphasis?

2. What is orthoppy?

- 3. What is an oral element? Name the three classes.
- 4. What is articulation?
- 5. How are words divided?
- 6. What is a labial, a dental? Give an example of each.

7. What are the chief errors in articulation?

8. Give some rules with respect to inflection.

9. Name the organs of speech.

10. What is elecution?

ORTHOGRAPHY AND ETYMOLOGY.

1. Of what does orthography treat?

2. What is a diphthong, a triphthong, a syllable?

3. Give four rules for spelling, and examples under each.

4. What is a mute, a vowel, a semi-vowel?

5. What is a prefix, a suffix, a root?

6. Derive and define the words education, conflagration, prejudice,

concomitant, etymology.

7. Spell the following words, making the necessary corrections, and show the application of the rules—infering, lovelyness, whiping, committed, wholely.

8. What forms does the prefix con assume?

9. Into what two classes are words divided with respect to their formation? Give examples.

10. Separate the following words into syllables—union, extraordinary, photographer, picture.

ARITHMETIC.

1. What is the difference between a common and a decimal fraction?

2. Simplify four-fifths of 364.125 divided by .0004.

3. What is ratio, proportion, per cent.?

4. What is the value of the compound ratio of 2 to 3 and 4 to 5?

5. Solve by proportion the following problem—If 18 men mow 250 acres of grass in 12 days when the days are 12 hours long, how many days will it take 6 men to mow 130 acres when the days are 14 hours long?

6. If by selling a horse for \$180 I lose 10 per cent., what per

cent, would I have gained by selling him for \$250?

7. What is the compound interest of \$640 for 3 years, 5 months, and 11 days, at 7 per cent. per annum?

8. What is the value of 9 tons, 3 qrs., 27 lbs., of hay, at £5 17s.

10d. 3 far. per ton, the hundred-weight consisting of 112 lbs.?

9. What sum of money must be named in a note drawn for 60 days, in order to realize as proceeds \$500, discount being at 7 per cent. per annum?

10. Extract the square root of 274.648, and the cube root of

64764.2741 to two decimal places.

GRAMMAR AND COMPOSITION.

1. Name and define the parts of speech.

2. When is a verb in the active, and when in the passive voice?

Give examples.

3. Name and define the moods and tenses.

- 4. When are do, be, have and will auxiliary, and when principal verbs?
- 5. Give the principal parts of the verbs lie, (to lie down,) lie, (to tell a lie,) lay, see, sit, set, saw and bear, (to bring forth.)

6. What are impersonal and defective verbs?

7. Correct the following sentences, and give the rules for your corrections—

Him descending, the ladder fell.

That's him.

He feels badly.

8. Give four rules for the use of capitals.

9. Write a complex sentence, and parse the verbs which it contains.

10. Give four rules for punctuation.

MENSURATION.

What is the altitude of a triangle? Define area and solid.
 The diagonal of a square is 37.25 perches; what is the area?

3. The area of a rectangular field is 75 acres, 2 roods and 27.342 perches, and the length 112.5 perches; what is the breadth, and what will it cost to fence it at 85 cents a panel, the rails being 13 feet in length and to lap 6 inches?

4. The area of a rectangular field is 1 acre, and the length is to

the breadth as 8 is to 5; required, the sides.

5. What is the area of a triangular meadow whose sides are 26, 28 and 30 chains?

6. A ladder 35 feet long, placed near the middle of a street, reached the buildings at one side 28 feet from the ground, and the opposite side, without moving the foot, 21 feet; what was the breadth of the street?

7. What will it cost to dig a well 4 feet in diameter and 30 feet deep, at the rate of \$.6275 per cubic yard for the earth removed.

8. What is the convex surface of a cylinder whose height is 20.3

feet, and diameter of base 4.7 feet?

9. What are the diagonal and solidity of a rectangular room whose length is 80 feet, breadth 48 feet and height 36 feet?

10. Draw the figure for the last example in perspective, representing the unseen edges and diagonal by dotted lines.

ALGEBRA.

1. What is an exponent, a co-efficient, a term?

2. What is a monomial, a residual, a negative term?

3. To what is the square of the sum of two quantities equal? lustrate by example.

4. By what is the difference of the squares of two quantities

divisible? Illustrate by example.

5. Develope the sixth power of the difference of two quantities by

means of the binomial theorem, and give the work.

6. Three times the sum of two quantities is 15, and the difference between five times the greater and four times the less is 7; what are the numbers? Solve by means of two unknown quantities.

- 7. A man having a lease for 85 years was asked how much of it had already expired; he answered, that two-fifths of the time past was equal to one-sixth of the time to come. Required the time past and the time to come.
- 8. What is a pure quadratic equation, an affected quadratic equation? Give examples.

9. The square of a certain number plus 3 is 39; what is the num-

ber? Give two answers.

10. Give the rule for solving affected quadratic equations, and by it solve the following example. The square of a number added to four times the number is 32; what is the number? Give both answers.

GEOMETRY.

1. What is a line, a surface, a solid, an angle?

2. What is the classification of angles with respect to magnitude?

3. What is the classification of triangles with respect to the lengths of their sides?

4. What is the perimeter, the base and the altitude of a polygon?

5. What is the difference between equal and equivalent magnitudes? 6. Illustrate the axiom, "When equals are taken from unequals the remainders are unequal."

7. When are two angles said to be complements of each other;

when supplements?

8. How is an angle generally designated?

9. Prove that "if two straight lines intersect each other, the opposite or vertical angles must be equal to each other."

10. Prove that the sum of the three angles of a triangle is equal

to two right angles.

PHYSIOLOGY.

1. What is physiology?

2. What is anatomy?

3. What is hygiene?

4. How many bones in the body? Number and name those of the upper extremities.

5. Name the different kinds of teeth, and how many are there in

a full set?

6. Describe the circulation of the blood.

7. Describe the process of digestion.

8. Of what is the great mass of the body composed?

9. What is the difference between arterial and venous blood?

10. What are the uses of perspiration?

PHILOSOPHY.

- 1. What are the essential properties of matter? Briefly define-
 - 2. What is the difference between chemical and mechanical action?
 - 3. Upon what do the three states of matter depend?

4. Name and define the different kinds of attraction.

5. What is the pressure of the atmosphere at the level of the seaon a surface three feet square?

6. What is the pressure of water on a square inch of the bottom of a cistern, the depth of the water being 8 feet and the water weighing 1000 ounces to the cubic foot?

7. How far will a body fall in nine seconds, supposing it to fall

16 feet and 1 inch in the first second of time?

8. Illustrate the three kinds of levers.

- 9. Name and briefly describe the mechanical powers. If a power of 10 lbs. act upon the long arm of a lever, a distance from the fulcrum of 12 feet, what weight would it balance at a distance of 2 feet on the other side of the fulcrum?
 - 10. What is the general law of the reflection of light?

CONSTITUTION OF U. S.

1. What are the three distinctive branches of our government, and in what is each vested?

2. Of what is the Senate composed and what are the conditions of eligibility of its members?

3. What is a bill of attainder?4. What is an ex-post-facto law?

5. Who shall have the sole power to try all impeachments?

6. When does the Senate elect a Vice President of the United States?

7. How many articles of amendment have been made to the Constitution of the United States, and what is the last?

8. What are the conditions of eligibility to the House of Representatives?

9. By whom are representatives elected?

10. Where shall all bills for raising revenue originate?

BOOK KEEPING.

1. What is the difference between single and double entry book-keeping?

2. Write a promissory note.

3. Write a receipt.

4. Write a check.

5. What are bills payable, bills receivable?

6. Why cannot the credit side of the cash account be greater than the debit side?

7. What is the rule for journalizing?

8. What are the usual books for double entry?

9. Bought a ham for \$5, paid cash \$3 and the balance in four bushels of potatoes at 50 cents. Journalize it and then post it into the ledger.

The questions on Geography having been omitted in framing the general list of questions, were afterwards added as a supplement by the teachers.

Graduates of the Class of 1878, of the Public Schools of Burlington County.

| Names of Graduates. | Names of Schools. | No. Dist. | Names of Teachers. |
|---------------------|-------------------|--------------|----------------------|
| Wm S. Aldrich | Burlington. | 1 | Wilbur Watts. |
| Elmer Wilson | " | 1 | " " |
| Samuel H. Burr | " | 1 | " 45 |
| James Woolman | " | 1 | " " |
| Frank J. Cutta | 66 | 1 | " " |
| William E. Hall | | 1 | |
| Susie Sutvan | " | 1 | Martha Watts. |
| Ella F. Horn | " | 1 | " " |
| Maggie M. Marrs | 66 | 1 | |
| Linda Stockton | u | 1 | " " |
| Lizzie L. Shedaker | " | 1 | " |
| Emma H. Cherry | " | 1 | " " |
| Florence Ferguson | " | 1 | " |
| Viola Wilson | Georgetown. | 10 | George Gilbert. |
| Charles C. Thorn | Bordentown. | 15 | George H. Voorhis. |
| Harry Vanatta | " | 15 | |
| Samuel Chancellor | Beverly. | 16 | Herman A. Stees. |
| Hallie R. Johnson | Delanco. | 18 | Samuel D. Quigg. |
| Lizzie F. Stults | " | 18 | " " |
| Mary R. Wilson | Moorestown. | 29 | Ella M. M. Carr. |
| James M. Southwick | Juliustown. | 41 | Wm. E. Gaskill. |
| Noah N. Gaskill | " | 41 | " " |
| Alfred Cox | " | 41 | " " |
| Mary Page | Jobstown. | 42 | S. Biddle Shreve. |
| Clara Allen | Vincentown. | 63 | Joseph H. Ware. |
| Thomas Fitzgerald | " | 63 | " |
| Janie Jamison | Mount Holly. | 73 | Dr. J. P. Burnett. |
| Dillie H. Spence | " " | 73 | " " |
| Florence Conklin | " | 73 | |
| Clara Scott | " | 73 | " |
| Nellie T. Deacon | 66 66 | 73 | " |
| Mary B. Carr | " | 73 | " |
| Anna M. Shinn | " | 73 | " |
| Laura Schuyler | " | 73 | " " |
| Lizzie E. Kings | " | 73 | .6 .6 |
| Ella H. Schwab | Marlton. | 82 | Lizzie Hall. |
| C. Walter Higgins | Medford. | 87 | Milton H. Allen. |
| Amanda Mathis | " | 87 | " " |
| Ella C. Snyder | " | 87 | " " |
| Susie J. Downs | Tuckerton. | 112 | Prof. J. B. Maugham. |
| Jessie C. Maugham | " | 112 | " " |
| Stella A. Brown | " | 112 | 66 66 |
| Mary M. Mathis | " | 112 | 66 66 |
| Clara V. Mathis. | " | 112 | 66 66 |
| Mary L. Austin | " | 112 | 66 66 |
| 2.2 | · | | |

The County Teachers' Associations, one at Mount Holly, and the other at Tuckerton, are still growing in favor with most of our teachers, yet I am sorry to say that there are some who cannot be induced to attend these monthly meetings. Why is it? Can it be that they have become apathetic in their profession, or is it that they are merely making teaching a step-stone to something else claiming and engrossing their best powers? If the latter, the sooner they give up the better. If the former, and they are not conscious of it, they have but to attend one meeting of the association to be convinced of the fact, where they will see enthusiasm blazing wild and high, firing up, with the incandescent secret of success, not only the ambitious and active, but even the dull and lethargic ones that otherwise would slumber and die out as embers in their own ashes. The amount of good thus done is incalculable, and those teachers that will not thus put themselves under such influences, to become inspired in their work, should be denied the profession as not being worthy a place

Demanding, expecting and paying for good, solid, efficient work on the part of the teacher, at the instance of the statute, common law contemplates every means to be put into requisition to enable him to furnish it. But when there is a manifest repugnance to the employment of means in the fulfilling of his contract, then statute law herself should step to the front, and, under the penalty of forfeiture of position, declare it obligatory upon him. This would be nothing more than justice. Why should it be left to the teacher himself to pronounce upon the performance of his contract, whether it be faith-

ful or not?

The association at Mount Holly is still under the charge of the County Superintendent, as teacher, assisted by Milton H. Allen and Miss Rose A. Stewart. At the last meeting, the regular studies were laid aside to give time to Prof. Smith, of New York City, to teach the principles of Industrial Drawing, a study that should by all means be introduced into all our common or public schools. He showed that every pupil, however young, could easily and successfully pursue this needed but much neglected study. He made so great an impression upon the teachers present, about eighty in number, that they, one and all, feel like teaching it as one of their daily exercises. The association at Tuckerton is under the charge of Prof. J. B. Maugham, a thorough and efficient worker. The course of study there pursued is virtually the same as that in the one at Mount Holly.

It is still felt that, for these associations to continue successful, they must remain under the charge of a few teachers of acknowledged ability. The practice of frequently changing teachers and subjects is highly detrimental to consecutive study, in which, and in which only, results that intellectual strength, that power of system-

atic application, so necessary in the genuine up-building of an instructor.

The Teachers' Annual Institute was held at the Court Honse, Mount Holly, February 27th and 28th, and March 1st. The exercises were various, interesting and instructive, consisting of "Music, and how taught;" "Botany;" "History, and how taught;" "Teaching Grammar;" "Religious Teaching;" "Geometry;" "Double-entry Book-keeping;" "Physiology, and how taught;" "March of Intellect;" "Practical Arithmetic;" "Natural Philosophy;" and "Algebra;" by the prominent teachers of the county. "The Evils of Turning Back," by the County Superintendent. "Astronomical Geography," by Henry Whitall. "School Museums," by Prof. A. C. Apgar, of the State Normal School. "Teaching Reading," by Miss Minnie Swayze. "School Hygiene," by Ezra M. Hunt, M. D., of the Sanitary Bureau of New Jersey. "Select Readings," by Miss Minnie Swayze; and the "Metric System," by the Hon. E. A. Apgar, State Superintendent.

The evenings were occupied by Dr. Hunt and Miss Minnie

Swayze, who never fail to please and instruct.

To speak of the occasion in particular, giving due praise to all participating in it, would be to lengthen the report beyond the bounds of propriety, but to speak of it in general is to truthfully pronounce

it a grand success.

So popular have these institutes become in our county, that the people would in nowise have them abolished. And so great was the interest manifested at this our last one, that from the time of the "opening," on the first day, until that of the close, on the third, the Court House was filled to overflowing with an attentive and appreciative audience. In the evenings the throng was so great, that to accommodate the people it was necessary to repair to the Concert Hall.

As the polygonal forces in dynamics give for their resultant a force as simple and as easily applied as any one of the component ones, so the various instructive efforts of the teachers at our institute combine to form one grand resultant principle, to be axiomatically appreciated and applied. And the body of teachers in attendance upon such instruction receive not only new truth and principle in the way of subject matter, but new and original methods in their impartation, and correct ideas of government and discipline, which carried to their schools must necessarily have the effect of better classification and instruction.

There is a disposition on the part of a few trustees to reduce the salaries of their teachers, even below that which the State money warrants. This is unwise, for its tendency is to lower the efficiency of our schools by driving out our best teachers, and bringing in and employing others of inferior qualifications in their stead. Why withhold the money that can be used in no other way, and thus defeat

the very object for which it was intended? I hope that every Board of Trustees will see it to the advantage of their district to employ the very best teacher that their money will afford, and from time to time give him such encouragement as will induce him to make him-

self the one indispensable man to the district.

In three or four instances the trustees engaged for their schools the services of persons of so poor ability that they could not pass the examination for even a third-grade certificate, and when they were notified of their teacher's inability to do so they seemed hurt, and were somewhat disposed to lay blame upon my examiners. In their defense I must acknowledge that they have done no more nor less than it was their duty to do, that of giving a strict and impartial examination to every applicant for a certificate; and so conscientious are they in the matter, that fearing they might err in marking the examination papers too low, they go over them again and again, always giving the applicant the benefit of any doubt as to the meaning of his ambiguous expressions. The truth is, the trouble is not with the examiners, but with the complaining applicants.

As usual we have devoted two days to our regular examinations for teachers' certificates. Of the 247 applicants, 170 passed, and 77 were rejected; 12 received first grade certificates, 20 second grade, and 138 third grade. In comparing these numbers with those of last year, we see that the whole number of applicants for this year is one less than that for last year; the per cent. of rejection this year is thirty-one, being two greater than that of last. During the year five of our teachers, Wilbur Watts, Martha Watts, Dr. J. P. Burnett, Milton H. Allen and Prof. J. B. Maugham, passed the State

examination, and received first-grade State certificates.

I have been over the county nearly five times, two of which were devoted to meeting the Township Boards of Trustees, and laying before them such matters as required their action. On one of these trips I presented to the township boards the Metric System, and requested the trustees of each district to consider the propriety of availing themselves of the Library Act, to enable them to purchase a more complete set of apparatus illustrating the said sample measures than would otherwise be secured. From the opinion generally expressed at the time, I presume that more of the districts will act upon this suggestion.

The number of school visits and addresses made in the year is 322. Each school, with the exception of one, was visited once; all with the exception of six, twice; and many three, four and five times. The omissions in the one and the six were on account of the schools

being closed when I called.

During the year there have been ordered and approved, changes in the boundaries of Districts Nos. 17, 25, 31, 58, 59, 64 and 96. Theone between 64 and 96 was, in consequence of the trustees of District. No 96, building a new house at Johnson Place, believing it to be within their boundaries, but being really beyond theirs and within those of District No. 64, which already having two houses, willingly ceded to District No. 96 that part of her territory, including said Johnson Place.

We have some poor districts, numbering less than 45 children, that find it very difficult to keep their schools open more than six months in the year, and to do even this they have to employ the lowest grade teachers they can find. To abolish them, and divide their territory and attach it to that of the adjacent ones, would, in most cases, be impossible, on account of the great distance that the children would have to walk to and from school. I sincerely hope that something may be done for their relief. In some cases abolition would be of advantage, but it is difficult to get the people in general to see it.

The District Clerk of No. 61 has failed to send in his annual report, and hence I am compelled to make up his report from the last published report of the State Superintendent, by deducting one-fifth

from the school census.

Four new school-houses have been erected in Districts Nos. 52, 61, 71 and 82, each a credit to its respective districts; the one at Wrightstown, No. 52, at a cost of \$1,200; the one at Lane, No. 61, \$600; the one at Hainesport, No. 71, \$2,100; and the one at Marlton, No. 82, \$5,500.

The four buildings at Three Tuns, No. 12; Town House, No. 31; Juliustown, No. 41, and Eastern, No. 86, have been repaired and re-

furnished.

The number of buildings designated as "poor" is 16, and as "very poor" 11. The present value of the school property is \$201,200, being an increase over that of last year of \$4,975.

The average number of months for which the schools have been kept open during the year, is 9\frac{2}{3}. 3 schools have been kept open for

12 months; 9 for 11 months, and 47 for 10 months.

The whole number of children between the ages of 5 and 18 years, is 15,565, being 139 less than the number for last year. The number of children enrolled in the school register is 10,451, being 67 per cent. of the school census. The average attendance, on the basis of the enrollment in the register, is 48 per cent. The number of children attending no school is 20 per cent. of the census. The scating capacity of the school buildings is 68 per cent. of the census.

The whole amount of district tax ordered to be raised is \$18,370.54, of which \$3,125 is for teachers' salaries, and \$15,245.54 for building, repairing, &c. The total amount of State appropriation, two-mill tax, surplus revenue and district tax is \$84,254.95, and the total amount of unexpended money, or balance of State funds, in the hands

of the Township Collectors, is \$15,586.76.

In two districts there is a difference between the financial reports

of the District Clerks and that of the Township Collector, amounting, respectively, to \$112.14 and \$141.63. My statistical report shows

the amounts given by the collector.

There are four districts that have used State money, for repairs, &c., over and above the \$20 dollars for incidentals. I sincerely hope that hereafter all District Clerks will be particularly careful not to use the State money for anything beyond what the law specifies, and thus relieve me of the unpleasant duty of applying the penalty as instructed by the State Superintendent. The penalty is double the amount illegitimately used, and being applied the next year, it is equivalent to the districts borrowing money at 100 per cent. interest.

On the 27th day of June, 1878, I was re-appointed Superintendent of Public Instruction for Burlington county, by the Hon. the State Board of Education; and on the 14th day of August following, my re-appointment was unanimously approved by the Board of Chosen Freeholders. In thus honoring me with their confidence, both boards

have my most sincere acknowledgments.

In conclusion, permit me to return thanks for the aid and courtesy extended me by all with whom I have had official and friendly relations.

CAMDEN COUNTY.

F. R. BRACE, SUPERINTENDENT.

To E. A. Apgar, State Superintendent:

Herewith I present to you the report of the condition of the public schools in Camden county for the year ending August 31st, 1878.

FINANCES.

The amount of district tax voted for teachers' salaries is, according to the reports received, \$21,061.02, being \$3,077.82 more than last year. The amount voted for building, repairing, &c., is \$17,483.72, being \$26,876.58 less than last year. The total amount of district tax is \$38,544.74, being \$23,798.76 less than last year. The total amount of State school moneys, surplus revenue and district tax for

the ensuing year is \$105,649.27, a decrease of \$28,825.40. The

amount of State school money is \$2,026.64 less than last year.

The total amount paid for teachers' salaries is \$79,608.96. The average salary of male teachers per month was \$71.42—a decrease of \$3.20; of female teachers, \$42.17—a decrease of 53 cents.

The financial reports of collectors and trustees have been received.

In nearly every instance they were found to agree.

SCHOOL DISTRICTS.

A slight alteration has been made in the boundary line between Blackwoodtown District, No. 21, and Spring Mills, No. 22.

SCHOOL HOUSES.

A new school-house has been erected in Wrightsville District, No. 43. It is very neat, and furnished with good school furniture. The old school-house in Cheesman District has been torn down and put up in a more convenient part of the district. This was greatly needed, as the building was in the woods, half a mile from any public road. It is now a new building and well adapted for its purpose.

School buildings have been enlarged, refurnished or repaired in Nos. 1, 2, 5, 7 and 13. In the districts outside of Camden and Gloucester cities all the accommodations necessary for the children that attend school are provided, except in Nos. 8, 16, 20 and the

house for white children in No. 15.

We have still three school-houses that are poor or very poor.

SCHOOLS.

The past year has been one of fair progress. The regular course of study marked out for the schools has been steadily pursued. The number passing the final examination was less than the previous year. The questions sent to the schools were more difficult. The branches in which the pupils were examined were Reading, Spelling, Writing, Geography, Praetical Arithmetic, English Grammar, History of the United States, Constitution of the United States, Book-keeping, Algebra, Drawing, Physiology and Natural Philosophy. In the circular prepared for the guidance of teachers and pupils, at the examination, it was stated that the pupils who should pass in the first six branches would be deemed meritorious; in the first nine, honorable, and those who should pass in all would receive a diploma.

The districts in which there were successful candidates for the diploma were Rosendale, No. 4; Horner, No. 9; Haddonfield, No. 12; Blackwoodtown, No. 21; Glendale, No. 26, and Berlin, No. 30. Eleven candidates passed. The districts in which pupils passed in the first nine branches were Hillman, No. 8; Mechanicsville, No.

20; Atco, No. 31; Bates' Mill, No. 38, and Pine Grove, No. 40. The districts in which pupils passed in the first six branches were Greenland, No. 15; Somerville, No. 17; Clementon, No. 24; Cheesman, No. 25; Glendale, No. 26; Atco, No. 31, and Sicklerville, No. 35.

Some of the schools in the county, notwithstanding all efforts to stimulate teachers to increased exertions, remain only primary schools. After taking into consideration all the difficulties and obstacles in these cases, arising from the irregular attendance of pupils, the indifference of parents and trustees, (some of whom never visit their schools,) I am obliged to reiterate the conclusion arrived at last year, that the fault rests mainly with the teachers. While I can say that progress has been made through the county, and great progress in some of the schools, I must also say that in a few of our schools there is no progress at all.

Sixty-eight per cent. of the school census attended the Public Schools during the year—3 per cent. more than last year; 39 per cent. attended every day—5 per cent more than last year; 79 per cent. attended either public or private school—3 per cent. more than last year. The average attendance, based on the enrollment in the school register, was 57 per cent., an increase over last year of 5 per cent. These figures must be gratifying to all the friends of education.

The highest and the lowest average attendance based upon the

enrollment was in the following districts:

Highest average attendance.

Horner, No. 9, - - - - .61 Blackwoodtown, No. 21, .61 Camden, No. 1, - - - - .60 Tansboro', No. 36, - - - .60 Haddonfield, No. 12, - - .58 Parkdale, No. 42, - - - .58 Berlin, No. 30, - - - .57 Bates Mill, No. 38, - - .57

Lowest average attendance.

| O CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR |
|--|
| Pump Branch, No. 37,32 |
| Davisville, No. 23,34 |
| Thorn, No. 29,34 |
| Champion, No. 10,37 |
| Winslow, No. 41,38 |
| Union, No. 3,39 |
| Greenland, No. 15,40 |
| Jackson, No. 32,40 |
| |

The highest and lowest average attendance, based on the school census, was in the following districts:

| Highest | average | attendance. |
|---------|---------|-------------|
|---------|---------|-------------|

Horner, No. 9, - - - - .56 Tansboro', North, No. 34, - .56 Blackwoodtown, No. 21, - .51 Laurel, No. 19, - - - .47 Glendale, No. 26, - - - .47 Spring Mills, No. 22, - - .46 Merchantville, No. 5, - - .45 Westville, No. 14, - - .45

Lowest average attendance.

|) - | Davisville, No. 23,17 | |
|-----|------------------------|--|
|) | Champion, No. 10,18 | |
| . ! | Pump Branch, No. 37,20 | |
| 7 | Rowandtown, No. 11,24 | |
| 7 | Gibbsboro', No. 27,24 | |
| ; | Greenville, No. 6,25 | |
|) | Parkdale, No. 42,25 | |
| | Winslow, No. 41,25 | |

TEACHERS.

Outside of Camden and Gloucester cities there were 59 teachers, 15 gentlemen and 44 ladies. Five were graduates of the State Normal School, 4 had attended the Normal School, 3 held State certificates, 3 first-grade county certificates, 16 second-grade, and 31 third-

grade.

Nearly all of the teachers have done their duty faithfully. A few have been real failures. Some have been teaching for seven or eight years, or more, shifting from school to school, never working one up to anything like a fair grade. They can possibly have their advanced classes read fairly, spell well out of a spelling-book, write tolerably, have a fair knowledge of the fundamental rules in Arithmetic, a little smattering of Geography, and that is all-just about what might be expected of children from eight to ten years of age. True, some of the advanced classes are pretending to read in the Fourth or Fifth Reader; to work out problems in fractions or interest; to be studying in a Higher Geography, and to be parsing and analyzing in Grammar, but they know almost nothing of what they are doing. There are about six such schools in this county, and the trouble is the trustees in those districts are willing to have things so. Three teachers were so slovenly and lazy in their work that I had to remonstrate with them.

The Teachers' Institute was held at Berlin, and was one of the most successful ever held in the county. The teachers felt themselves greatly helped. The conductor of the institute was Prof. De Graff, of New York State. Very valuable lectures were delivered by Dr. Northrop, of Connecticut, and Dr. E. M. Hunt, of Metuchen, N. J. 145 persons presented themselves as applicants for teachers' certificates, of whom 62 received certificates, and 83, or 57 per cent., failed. One first-grade certificate was granted to Emily S. Sayre. 9 second-grade certificates were granted; 2 to gentlemen, and 7 to ladies. 52 third-grade certificates were granted; 17 to gentlemen, and 35 to ladies. Of the 145 applicants, 48 were gentlemen and 97 ladies. 29 gentlemen and 54 ladies failed to pass.

Mrs. R. H. Strong continues to assist me in the work of examina-

tion.

TRUSTEES.

As a rule, the trustees look well after the interests of their schools. In eight districts the trustees made ten or more visits to their different schools during the year. The District Clerk of Haddonfield District, No. 12, Mr. J. P. Browning, made 40 visits. In five districts the trustees did not visit the school once during the year. In a few districts they are allowing their outbuildings to get into a dilapidated condition.

CONCLUSION.

119 visits have been made to schools during the year. Meetings of township boards of trustees have been regularly held. I have attended all the teachers' meetings but one. 1,781 pages of teachers' examination papers, legal cap, have been carefully examined, and about 2,500 pages of scholars' papers.

The office work has been much greater than in former years.

CAPE MAY COUNTY.

MAURICE BEESLEY, SUPERINTENDENT.

To E. A. Apgar, State Superintendent:

The time having arrived and the statistical material at hand to make up my annual report, I will make some incidental remarks to go with it, in reference to the condition of our work and the progress

of education for the past year in our county.

The efficiency and working status of our schools depend altogether upon the teacher, whose duty it is to apply the most approved methods of instruction by proper diligence and application in a manner to insure success. The trustees of a district are alone accountable, however, for employing such as are incompetent and fail to preserve that efficiency upon which the great work of educational advancement depends. Let them exercise, then, the utmost vigilance and care in making their selection of a teacher, that no one without the proper recommendations of character and competency be employed, and it will always aid them very much to know that he carries with him a certificate of examination showing his grade and qualifications, which he must have in possession before he can be employed as a teacher. When trustees can throw all favoritism aside and employ teachers only and solely upon their record, their merit and attainments, then we may venture to predict that education will assume a higher standard and our schools a corresponding progress and influence in dispensing knowledge to the rising generation.

In making the above remarks in reference to the duties of trustees, I do not wish it understood that I have any fault to find with the

teachers, as a body, for the past year, as they have come up to the work with their accustomed alacrity.

In visiting the schools during the year, all of which I have called upon twice and some three times, as I deemed it necessary, I have ever

found them vigilant and attentive to their duties.

Many changes of teachers have been made from one district to another, and some few have been employed in adjoining counties. In Nos. 1, 5, 6, 7, 23 and 25, the teachers of last year have held over; in all the other districts, for the most part, they have only changed

positions.

New teachers must at times be employed, but we look upon it, when a district has a tried and faithful teacher, one who has worked hard to organize and discipline a school and bring it up to a successful standard, that a change under those circumstances is universally detrimental to the progress of the school. Trustees should consider well the great responsibility that rests upon them in changing teachers where it can be avoided, unless some good cause exists for so doing, and duty calls upon them to exercise great precaution in making changes, unless they are entirely satisfied the change is necessary to promote the best interests of the school. It frequently happens, however, that when a teacher has gained a good reputation in his profession that he is induced to accept of offers of a higher salary from other districts, when a change may be unavoidable and a new incumbent must then be sought.

The condition of our school-houses remains in statu quo, as no new ones have been built during the year, and no additions or improve-

ments made; we report them the same as last year.

The Teachers' Institute came off in March last at Cape May Court House; it was well attended by the teachers of the county, and able lecturers, Miss M. Swayze, Prof. E. V. De Graff, of Albany, Dr. Ezra M. Hunt, of N. J., and others, were present to entertain and instruct them. The interest taken by the people generally was manifest by large and attentive andiences. It was resolved at the institute to appoint a committee to draft a constitution and by-laws, in order to organize a County Teachers' Association, and Messrs. P. H. Applebaugh, H. W. Hand and D. C. Vanaman were appointed for that purpose, and they were empowered to call the teachers together on the 27th of April last. As Teachers' Associations have done much good in other counties, it is to be hoped the teachers here will exert themselves to make the movement successful; as the benefits will accrue to them, they can well afford to do so, and not be content with an organization alone without following up the details of the work to make it a success. The embryo is formed; the fruit, if perfected, is in the future, awaiting developement.

The following is the constitution as proposed for the guidance of this association:

PREAMBLE.

We, the undersigned, declare ourselves an association for mutual improvement, and have adopted for our government the following constitution and by-laws:

CONSTITUTION.

ART. 1. This association shall be known as the "Cape May County Teachers' Association."

ART. 2. The object of this association shall be mutual literary

improvement.

ART. 3. The teachers of Cape May county shall be considered members of this association after signing the constitution; all other persons of good character shall be eligible to membership on election by the association.

ART. 4. This association shall be governed by the following officers, elected quarterly: President, Vice-president, Secretary and Treasurer, whose duties shall be such as are usually performed by such officers.

ART. 5. Programme Committee—This committee shall be appointed by the president for a term of three months.

BY-LAWS.

Five members shall constitute a quorum. This association shall meet quarterly, third Saturday in Sept., Dec., March and June of each year, at such place as may be designated by the association.

P. H. APPLEBAUGH,
D. C. VANAMAN,
HENRY W. HAND,
Committee.

The township boards of trustees in all the townships have been called together during the year, and such matters of interest to the schools as deemed necessary were duly considered. A failure of a quorum in the upper township prevented any action there, yet this has not hindred the introduction of new and uniform books in this township, as well as in the others, and a goodly proportion of the schools in all the townships have availed themselves of the recommendations of the boards of trustees, and furnished their schools with uniform books, although not always following the advisatory action of the trustee boards as to this or that particular system.

We have public libraries in Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 14, 16, 18, 19, 20,

25 and 27, leaving 16 schools yet unprovided for. Those libraries furnish the means for dispensing useful and practical knowledge, when in charge of teachers who take the time and trouble to keep up an interest in them, by inducing the children to apply for and receive them at their hands; they then accomplish the end for which they were intended.

I regret to say, however, that the reports show that too many of them remain closed most of the year, consequently the good intentions of the Legislature and benevolent contributors are neutralized

by incompetent and unworthy conductors.

It will be a matter for the Legislature to consider, whether the benefits arising from the law giving all districts with 45 children and over the sum of \$350, are not absorbed and counter-balanced by the injury and loss sustained by the larger districts in compelling them to reduce the salaries as well as the number of their teachers. It will be perceived that this leveling process has swept the whole county, with the exception of two districts—Cape May City and Cape May Court House—into the vortex, and the amount of money to them has been signally reduced, as it has been in all the larger districts.

In a careful analysis of the financial condition of the county, it will be seen there has been a falling off in the amount of State money since last year. As all the districts with 45 children and upwards received \$350, consequently this deficiency, together with four more such schools to provide for this year than we had last, comes directly off the amount as apportioned formerly to the larger schools, and if much further shrinkage has to be endured, there will not be enough money to supply \$350 to each school district, as now legally ordained, a state of things that will require a remedy of some kind, either to reduce the amount to each school district, or increase the State tax to meet this exigency.

| Last year the State fund amounted to | \$10,400 5,250 | |
|--|-------------------|------------|
| Amount to distribute among 11 small and large districts, | \$5,150 | 28 |
| This year the State fund is | \$10,088 8,750 | |
| Amount to distribute to 3 districts | \$1,338 | 33 |
| Of which Steelmantown, No. 7, with 22 children, gets | \$1,338 | 3 3 |

The financial report will be found in full under the proper head. It will be seen that Upper and Dennis townships continue to raise the usual amount of township money, the former \$1.50 and the latter \$1 on the scholar, and a few of the districts have raised district taxes to meet the dilemma of a deficiency of money, brought about by circumstances already adverted to. And Cape May City, No. 27, where there is a falling off of \$561.75 State money since last year, has had \$1800 appropriated for school purposes by the city council, being \$450 less than last year, making a deficit altogether in that district of \$1,011.75.

The examinations for teachers have been held regularly every three months, as required by law, at different places in the county, in order

to accommodate the fraternity generally.

Mr. S. B. Jarman has continued to act as County Examiner, and by taking more time to mark up than formerly, has given good satisfaction by an intelligent and impartial decision as to the grades of the

applicants.

The Webster Unabridged Dictionaries and Lippincott's Pronouncing Gazetteers, provided by the State for the schools in existence more than twenty years ago, are for the most part in a dilapidated and unserviceable condition. The dictionaries having been most used, and badly bound, have suffered the most, and have disappeared from the desks of some of our schools altogether. Some few, owing to especial care, remain in a good or fair condition, and, to the credit of a very few districts, new gazetteers have been provided. As Webster's Unabridged Dictionary is large and ponderous, perhaps it might be a matter of economy, and answer all the ends intended, to substitute the abridged edition, which can be obtained for about one-third the price of the unabridged. The importance of having a dictionary as well as a gazetteer in every public school needs no comment, and we regret the necessity of exposing the facts of the case as here related. If teachers will take the hint, and get up during the winter or spring an exhibition of some kind, and raise money to supply these books, so requisite and necessary, where needed, they would receive the homage due them from the district; and the gratitude of the scholars alone would amply reward them for all the exertion and work it would require at their hands, besides dispensing a self-satisfaction of having done their duty. Will they do it?

A large majority of the District Clerks have reported on time, some few were tardy, and one from Green Creek, No. 20, failed to report altogether, or even respond to inquiries made to ascertain the cause of delay. I had, consequently, to take last year's report of this district to finish up mine to you. A delinquency like this not only puts the Superintendent to great inconvenience, but interferes seriously with the correctness of his financial report to the State Super-

intendent.

It is worthy of note that the teachers are becoming sensible of the necessity and benefit of aiming for higher grades. We find the record this year, as passed the board of examiners, 5 of the first, 13 of the second, and 37 of the third grade; a decided improvement over last year.

Notwithstanding the fact that an addition was made last winter of a district from Cumberland county with 52 children, there has been a falling off of 5 in the county on the census since last year, and an

increase of 28 on the enrollment.

All the duties pertaining to the office of Superintendent have been attended to with care and circumspection, and nothing has been neglected to insure success as far as practicable, in attending to the work in all its departments.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

R. L. HOWELL, SUPERINTENDENT.

To E. A. Apgar, State Superintendent:

In making my report to you I must first apologize for not having it ready, as you request, by the 15th inst., and yet I do not exactly feel that this apology implies a fault on my part; for I have been prevented from making up my financial report by the failure of several of the District Clerks to send in their reports, until about the time when you asked me to send you mine.

You may ask here—Why not impose the penalty? Why wait for them? They know the law, and ought to be taught promptness.

I answer, because the penalty imposed by law does not punish; that is, it does not punish the guilty, while it does punish the innocent. For instance, one of my tardy districts last year reported 67 scholars. This year a new clerk fails to report by September 1st, or even by September 10th. I deduct 20 per cent. from last year's report, and report the number of children as 52. The district will still receive \$350, just as it would had the clerk reported. No punishment has been imposed either upon the negligent clerk or upon the district that has chosen him to transact their business; but the larger districts of the county (those that receive over \$350,) are punished, since the

quota of the county is reduced by the reduction in its true number of children of school age. I find that these failures to report are invariably in those districts that will lose nothing by such failure. In one case 90 scholars were reported one year; next year no report; hence reduced, returned by me, 72; next year same thing, my return, 58; third year same thing, my return, 46. Then I watched to see if the clerk would still neglect to report; but, no, he was too smart for that, and came up promptly with a report of 103 children. Now as 94 children drew \$350 last year, the district may have lost a trifle, but the probabilities are that it did not, but that the increase belonged to the last year—the one in which the report was made.

It would seem that some provision should be made in cases of non-reporting promptly and fully, so that the penalty might fall upon that district and not upon the innocent. As the *intent* of the law is to decrease the receipts of the district 20 per cent. for failure to report, would it not be better to do this directly instead of indirectly, leaving the number of children as reported the previous year? No injustice would be wrought to other counties by this, as the average of our

districts shows a small yearly increase.

I did not intend to commence my report by fault-finding, but as the foregoing has, almost before I knew it, got itself written, I may as well finish my "growling" before proceeding to pleasanter themes; and the subject of which I wish to speak is the financial report of the District Clerks. The theory of this report is that it shall be a check upon the Township Collector; that the District Clerk shall keep a correct account of all receipts and expenditures, and shall at all times know just how much money belonging to the district is in the hands of the collector. This I say is the theory—but the fact is that a large proportion of the Di-trict Clerks do not know how much money of theirs the collector has; in fact they go to him to make out their report, and to ascertain how much their balance is, and even how much he has paid for them. The greatest difficulty I have each year is in getting the financial reports made out in any intelligible shape. I am compelled to return, and often to re-return them before they are made satisfactory. To the ordinary business man it would seem that the blanks are drawn up so plainly that no one of ordinary intelligence and education could fail to fill them up correctly, and yet the most fearful mixing of figures is constantly made in them.

In some cases I have failed to get the returns by writing, and have been compelled to drive many miles to ascertain the actual financial condition of a district. This is a severe tax upon the Superintendent, but I am at a loss to suggest any remedy, since, in most cases, the trouble arises not from neglect or from any desire to avoid a full statement of the expenditures, but from want of sufficient skill in keeping accounts to render the clerk able to make out a correct report.

To the suggestion that men of better education or greater ability

should be appointed, the patent reply is, that in some districts it is impossible to get such men who will act as trustees.

I see no remedy except the adoption of the township system.

This is an important matter. The District Clerk should be an effective check upon the collector; he should know just how much money belonging to the district the collector has in hand, and should be able to prove his accounts correct, and, when necessary, demand the payment of the amount due by the collector.

The general condition of our schools has improved during the last year, and though no striking advance has been made, there are every-

where indications of healthy growth.

Although we have lost one school district by its being set over to Cape May county, the number of children has increased from 10,243 to 10,573.

There has been one new school-house completed since my last report, Dutch Neck; and one re-built in District No. 9, Newport Neck.

Millville has nearly completed a neat brick school-house, capable of

seating 100 scholars.

We have now but 2 very poor houses in the county, and in both of these districts they are talking strongly of building, or at least repairing, and I hope in my next report to be able to leave out the disgraceful letters V. P. I heartily wish that I had a reasonable hope of being able to do the same in my visiting-book, in regard to teachers, but that would be too much to expect, though "a consummation devoutly to be wished." Yet I can truly say that our teachers, as a body, are every year becoming better—doing better work—and, consequently, producing better results.

If parents could realize how much actual difference there is in the improvement made by their children under different teachers, then would the question of how to secure the very best teachers become

one of easy solution.

But it is just because parents do not see this that so many indifferent teachers can remain indifferent, and yet secure positions from year

to year.

I saw, during the past year in my visiting, a case that showed in the clearest and most striking manner the difference between an earnest, active, conscientious teacher, and a careless, inefficient, indolent one.

At the commencement of the school year a class of five started with a teacher whom we will call Miss A. None of them knew a single letter.

I saw them frequently during the next four months, and was much interested in their rapid progress. In fact, they were one of the brightest little classes that I ever saw.

By the middle of the second term they were reading—and reading

well—in the Second Reader, (Harper's).

About this time two of them (and they were two of the best in the class) moved out of the district, and commenced going to the school

kept (for it was not taught) by Miss B.

About the close of the year, I happened to visit the school of Miss A on the same day with these two children, who had come to their old home on a visit. They wanted to read with their old class, and Miss A allowed them to do so.

But alas, the class had gone straight ahead, while they had stood still. The class was now in the Third Reader, while they actually could not read as well as when they left Miss A. They hesitated, stumbled, and finally gave up the attempt to read with their old class, and burst into tears—tears of vexation and mortification—as they realized that their little companions had left them far behind in the race.

It was pitiful to hear them say to the teacher, at recess, with their little throats full of sobs, "Oh, Miss A, if we could only stay here with you, we would catch up with the rest of them yet."

Poor little ones! Bright, ambitious, eager to learn, and yet your

precious school hours wasted by a worthless teacher!

And yet Miss B was considered a "pretty good" teacher, and would have been re-employed by the trustees had not a few individuals earnestly protested, for did she not board with the District Clerk?

I think there is nothing so arouses my indignation as the persistence of some trustees in hiring teachers that they know, or ought to know, are worthless: men whom they would not employ on their farms to dig a ditch, because they know them to be too indolent to do a fair day's work; because, forsooth, they are poor and seem to be unable to get a living in any other way, making our schools charitable institutions, and robbing not only the school fund of the wages paid, but what is infinitely worse—the children of their priceless time. Wherever I can, I strain my authority to its utmost limit to prevent such outrages, and I am glad to say that in most cases I have been successful.

I think that the average ability of our teachers has risen during the past year at least 10 per cent., and I hope we shall do still better

the coming year.

The steady appreciation in the quality of our teachers is best seen in our yearly Teachers' Institutes, and it was a pleasure to look over our last year's gathering and compare the carnestness, the interest and the intelligence of that meeting with those of years gone by. And while speaking of institutes, I should do Prof. De Graff injustice, were I to omit mention of the thorough and effective work he did before our institute.

He was emphatically the right man in the right place, and his magnificent work went far to remove my prejudices against profes-

sional institute workers, who, in the past, have too often been theorists

and hobbyists without much, if any, practical experience.

Our institute was well attended, and was, I have reason to know, of much direct and practical benefit to our teachers, for I saw in the schools afterward, much that was there suggested put into successful practice.

A marked feature was the amount of class work before the institute. A primary class in Arithmetic under Miss Vandenburgh, of Vineland, deserves especial mention, since it presented a new and original method of objective, not object, teaching of addition and subtraction, and since it was a visible proof to our teachers that a teacher interested thoroughly in her work, though without experience (it was Miss V.'s first year of teaching) could, if she diligently sought for it, find something new wherewith to interest her pupils and incite them to active thought, and consequently to rapid acquisition of what are usually dull and dry, and too often meaningless tables.

This, I consider, the crowning excellence of our institute work this year; that its whole tendency was not in the direction of showing our teachers a particular way of doing a particular thing, but to show them that they could, and to encourage them to strike out for themselves and accomplish any desired end in their own way; to put individuality into their work in the place of routine; to make them independent and self-reliant; in short, to make them teachers, not

copyists; masters, not apprentices.

There has been, during the year, a general tendency to lower salaries, and its effect has been to drive from our county several of the best teachers, those whose places it will be difficult to fill. It has not driven from us any of the poor ones; it never does have that effect;

like the poor, we "have them always with us."

As I look over the county and consider the changes made by this economical wave, I cannot but feel saddened as I see so clearly that every dollar saved in this way to the taxpayers will cost our children ten, aye, possibly many times ten, in decreased advancement. I do not wish to be understood that this follows in every case, for here and there a school, from peculiar circumstances, has been able to secure a teacher for the lower salary equally as good as the one lost; but I say, and say it after careful review of the field, that in nine cases out of ten the loss is immeasurably greater than the saving effected. In some cases, of course, good teachers have been compelled to accept reductions of their salaries, because they were unable to secure other positions, or because they were so bound by family ties that they could not leave; but their employers must understand that another year will find their best teachers leaving them if the reduced salaries be continued.

If employers could only understand that it is idle to argue as to what ought to be paid to teachers; could understand that, in the

teacher's, as in all other professions, there is always "room up-stairs;" that there is always a demand for the best, though there may be comparatively none for even the good; that the best, in consequence of this, will always command a price that may even seem exorbitant; and that, especially in teaching, the best is always the cheapest—this question of teachers' salaries would be much simplified.

Our examinations have been held at the regular times during the year. The applicants have numbered 176. Seven first-grade certificates have been granted, 8 second and 89 third, and there have been

72 rejected.

The percentage of rejections (41) has decreased somewhat, not that our standards of examination have been lowered in the slightest, but because the candidates understand that their preparation must be

thorough if they hope to pass.

I have lost not only a valued friend, but an active coadjutor, and an educator of superior and unusual ability, by the return of Prof. Holbrook, of Vineland, to his life-work in Ohio. He will be missed not only by the schools of Vineland, in which he succeeded so wonderfully, and which he so thoroughly organized, but his loss will be felt deeply by our teachers in our county institutes, where he was an able and efficient instructor. His place will be exceedingly difficult to fill.

His reasons for coming to Vineland seem to be of sufficient interest to teachers to merit notice in this report. He has for years been employed in the Ohio Normal School, at Lebanon, which is a private school owned by his father. As he had made the training of teachers his life-work, and as, in the natural course of events, the time must come, if he lives, when he must assume the management of that institution, he, in thinking the matter over, came to the conclusion that no man had the right to set up as a trainer of common school teachers who had not taught in public schools and learned from experience the difficulties they had to contend with; and adhering to this view, he, for two years, put it in practice, at considerable pecuniary loss. All honor to such conscientious school-workers. It should be a source of pride to us, as Jerseymen, to know that he selected New Jersey as the scene of his experience-gaining, because he considered that she had the best school system of any State in the Union, and desired to become personally familiar with its workings.

My school work for the year has presented nothing out of the usual course. School visiting has occupied considerable of my time, and there have been about the usual number of difficulties to settle, such as demands for the change of district lines, &c., but nothing that demands especial notice in this report. It is probable that application will be made to the next Legislature, by mutual consent of all parties, to set off a new district from the territory of Bridgeton,

being that part thereof known as Gouldtown.

The schools of one of our townships (Commercial) will lose a considerable sum by the defalcation of the Township Collector, as, through the negligence of somebody, his bond cannot be found, it having been returned to him at the beginning of the year for correction, and no one seems to have made it his business to get it back from him.

He can't recollect what became of it, and his bondsmen can't remember whether they ever signed it or not. Comment is needless, and we cease to wonder at the carelessness and want of business ability of District Clerks, if this be a sample of the business shrewdness of township committees, which are supposed to be composed of the best business men in the township. On the whole, I am sure the year has been one of substantial progress, and can see indications that this progress will continue in the future.

We are anticipating much pleasure, as well as profit, from our next institute, for we are expecting that our loved Superintendent, and our genial friend and co-laborer, Dr. Lockwood, will by that time have returned from their Parisian trip, full freighted with the latest ideas in the educational world, and eager to communicate them to such

willing listeners as they will surely find us to be.

ESSEX COUNTY.

CHARLES M. DAVIS, SUPERINTENDENT.

To E. A. Apgar, State Superintendent:

In obedience to law, I have the honor to make the following

report:

The schools of this county have been kept open the number of months required, with one exception, No. 2, in Belleville township, being open but 8 months; the reasons for this, however, were satisfactory. The average of all the districts is 10^2_5 months, and this would be higher if it were made according to the number of departments in a township, or county, instead of the number of schools. Thus: in Belleville township there are two districts; one has 42 scholars enrolled, with one teacher; the other has 239 scholars and 4 teachers. The former was open 8 months, the latter $10\frac{1}{2}$. The average for the township is 9^4_5 . If the average were taken according to the number

of teachers, it would be 10; if according to the children, 10.1, instead of $9\frac{1}{5}$. Many of our schools are large, having from 4 or 5 to 20 teachers each. These are open about $10\frac{1}{2}$ months, and also have good attendance. The small district schools, which are the deficient ones in time and attendance, (when there is any deficiency), if counted as equal, reduce averages very seriously.

There has been an increase of 452 in the number of children on the census list; 870 in the enrollment, and 462 in the average attend-

ance.

The district tax voted was \$15,734.74 less than last year. The following statement will show the amounts received from the State, and those raised by districts, since the free-school act of 1871 went into operation:

| | | | | | | State. | | Distric | t. | Total. | |
|-------|-----|---|---|---|---|-------------|----|-------------|----|-------------|------|
| 1872, | | _ | | _ | | \$181,598 | 02 | \$231,292 | 23 | \$412,890 | 25 |
| 1873, | | | | | | 188,033 | 42 | 330,796 | 80 | 518,830 | 22 |
| 1874, | | - | | - | | 190,334 | 88 | 169,697 | 38 | 360,032 | 26 |
| 1875, | - | | - | | - | 194,664 | 38 | 176,147 | 00 | 370,811 | . 38 |
| 1876, | | - | | - | | 201,307 | 09 | 132,850 | 00 | 334,157 | 09 |
| 1877, | - | | - | | - | 204,713 | 71 | 132,296 | 29 | 337,010 | 00 |
| 1878, | | - | | - | | 194,759 | 49 | 120,279 | 12 | 315,038 | 61 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tota | ıl, | | - | | 6 | \$1,355,410 | 99 | \$1,293,358 | 82 | \$2,648,769 | 81 |

The census and enrollment during the same years were as follows:

| | | | | | | | | | Census. | Enrollment. |
|-------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---------|-------------|
| 1872, | | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | - | - | 40,150 | 20,714 |
| 1873, | _ | | | - | - | _ | - | - | 41,129 | 21,565 |
| 1874, | | _ | _ | _ | - | _ | | | | 23,092 |
| 1875, | _ | | - | _ | - | - | _ | - | 47,491 | 23,500 |
| 1876, | | _ | - | - | - | - | - | - | 49,819 | 24,419 |
| 1877, | _ | | - | _ | - | _ | - | - | 50,310 | 24,832 |
| 1878, | | - | - | - | _ | - | - | - | 50,762 | 25,602 |
| 10.0, | | | | | | | | | , | |

From which it will be noticed that there has been a steady increase in the number of children in the county, and also in the attendance at school. The amount of money received from all sources has varied; sometimes increasing, sometimes decreasing. During the last year, however, it was smaller than at any other time during the seven years.

No new school buildings have been erected, although there is pressing need of more accommodations. Our rooms are crowded, and some children are kept at home, who would attend if there were room. The people know this, but do not feel able to build. In most dis-

tricts the amounts raised for teachers' salaries and current expenses, have been reduced to the smallest sums that will carry on the work without seriously affecting its efficiency. The buildings are kept in good repair, and in some cases improvements have been made in or around them.

There have been 183 applicants for certificates, of which 113 were rejected. This increase of rejections is not due to a decrease in scholarship on the part of teachers. Although the standard continually rises, and the examinations are becoming more strict, the teachers keep pace with the requirements and pass with even higher averages. But there has been an unusually large number of candidates who have not chosen teaching as their profession, but wish to make it a temporary resort in the "hard times." Most of these find the requirements more severe than they supposed.

There are, also, pupils in some of our schools who intend to teach, and wish to hold a certificate, whenever an opening occurs. These, at their first examination, often fail in one or more subjects, or do not have time to finish them all. They are marked as failing, although

they may pass at a subsequent trial.

But buildings, furniture and grounds, and teachers of good scholarship are not all that is required. As these have improved during the last ten years, another matter of higher importance has assumed a prominent place in the education of children in the public school. The ignorant teachers are becoming gradually weeded out, and their places supplied by those possessing at least fair scholarship. Our strict examinations and rigid rules, requiring every applicant for a position to be a holder of a certificate, keep out the ignoramuses. But something more is required. If scholarship is important, character is more important. If there is to be any comparison between them, the preference should be given to character. In our graded schools there is so much machinery, so many "methods," that the teacher's individuality is becoming lost to view. Is there any way by which it can be brought into greater prominence? The State board, by its wise regulations, has elevated the standard of intellectual attainments. Can it not devise some method by which character and aptness to teach may be tested? There are in the public schools of this county many teachers who are "ensamples to the flock;" intelligent, self-controlled, well qualified for their work, and enthusiastic in its performance. We hope for the day when all will be such, and when the school arrangements and methods will bring the teacher's individual influence more to the front.

To secure this in its highest sense, less prominence must be given to text-books, and more to the subjects themselves. I find comparatively few teachers who are not more or less fettered by books. I do not advocate the abolition of these from our schools, or from any department, but it is certain that "The letter killeth; the spirit maketh

alive." Fewer books and rules, and more principles, will produce better scholars and better thinkers.

As to the subjects taught, Arithmetic occupies the first place; more time is given to it than to any other study, except in primary classes. Geography receives as much time (I do not say attention) as is its due. There has been great improvement in the teaching of Reading and Spelling in most schools, but the writing and speaking of our mother tongue receives but little attention anywhere. In our graded schools a nominal place is generally assigned it, but the results are very discouraging. Hardly a graduate from our High School departments can write an essay or oration that shows any merit in the arrangement of its parts, or in its diction, to say nothing of its conception. If we judge by fruits, and there is no other just way of judging, there is great lack of attention to this subject, or else great lack of ability in our teachers. I believe it is the former. Our teachers. if they will, can succeed in this as well as in Arithmetic, but they do not appreciate its importance; and when they do, their efforts are not as well supported by the trustees as they should be. Every child on leaving school should be able to write a friendly or business letter, and the older ones should be able to describe easily and clearly any ordinary events of their daily life. This is seldom the case, and when so, is more likely the result of natural taste or home training than of

Other subjects are well taught, with the exception, perhaps, of penmanship. There are complaints from parents in many parts of the county, that their children are not taught to write well; but such great improvement has been made in this respect within a few years, and such attention is now given to it, that it is hoped there will soon be no ground for such complaints.

To sum up this report, this county is holding its own in public school education, and in many respects advancing. It is ready, as soon as business prosperity returns, to make as rapid progress in the

future as it has done in the past.

school work.

GLOUCESTER COUNTY.

WILLIAM MILLIGAN, SUPERINTENDENT.

To E. A. Apgar, State Superintendent:

In the condition of its educational affairs, Gloucester county has cause for congratulation.

The present state of things contrasted with the past, is due to the efforts put forth by the friends of education, and is a noble victory.

With the exception of two districts, harmony in counsel and action.

prevails.

This year the county receives from the State \$29,440.40, against \$30,757 last year—being a decrease of \$1.317.60; from surplus revenue, \$1,534.66; from district taxes, \$17,586.84—being an increase of \$3,969.58, as compared with the amount raised last year.

Owing to the change in the law respecting the apportionment of the poll tax assessed in Greenwich, Deptford and West Deptford townships, the collector of the last-named township was the only one who rendered his account in time for this report. The annual reports of the District Clerks were all received by the 1st of September.

The financial reports of the Township Collectors have not all been received; only 7 out of 13 have arrived. We find every year that the District Clerks' and the collectors' reports do not agree. Considerable trouble is caused thereby. Teachers and others holding orders on the collectors are obliged to travel eight or ten miles, to find that the district has no money, while the trustees contend that their books show a balance.

The schools have been regularly visited—some as many as five times—and in most of them considerable advancement has been made. We think more improvement would be noticeable if the trustees

would visit their schools oftener.

In taking a retrospective view of the condition of the school-houses, we see a marked improvement. Many of the districts have built new houses; some have been remodeled and otherwise improved. Although so much has been done, there is still room for improvement.

Woodbury, Mantua Grove, Gibbstown and Malaga Districts need more accommodations. The trustees of the last-named district have made some arrangements towards building an additional room. The school-house belonging to Small Gloucester District is too small, and it is in a very poor condition. This is a colored school, and the people do not feel able to build at present. Something will

be done ere another report is due.

At Wenonah, a flourishing village a short distance from the county seat, the "Land Improvement Company" have donated a fine lot, 75 by 150, for school purposes. On this has been erected a substantial building, two stories in height, 28 by 42, at a cost of \$2,500. A neat fence has been built, and doubtless other improvements will be made.

The school-house in Hopewell District having been condemned, arrangements have been made to build one in New Denmark. The trustees have rented a room for the purpose of accommodating the school during the winter. The lower room in the Paulsboro school-house has been divided, and they now have two good school rooms.

Night-schools were open, during the winter months, at Glassboro and Clayton, for the purpose of giving the boys that work in the glass-works the opportunity of improving themselves in the elemen-

tary branches.

Four regular sessions of the County Board of Examiners have been held since the last report. At these 87 certificates have been granted; 4 first grade, 7 second grade and 76 third grade. No special exami-

nations were held and no permits were granted.

Among the names of those receiving first-grade certificates, as published last year, appears the name of John H. Sharp, which should have been John H. Tharp. Those receiving the first grade this year are Annie E. Fries, Lorenzo Newkirk, A. I. E. Romans and John Tonkin.

Our Normal Class has been very successful, and the attendance and interest have been beyond our expectations. The work done at these meetings has produced good results in the schools. A large number of the teachers has attended the class, as well as the meetings of the association, in all kinds of weather, often at a considerable ex-

pense.

Miss Bella Crater, a graduate of the Normal School, has given us much valuable assistance, and her labor has been appreciated by the class. Our "County Association" has met regularly every two months, and these meetings have proved that there is no better way of improving our schools than for teachers to meet together for the purpose of becoming better acquainted, comparing notes, engaging in discussions and listening to those who have had considerable experience in school work. The meetings of the association are crowded, and the teachers who are interested in their work are seldom absent.

IN MEMORIAM.

For the third time death has entered our teaching corps and taken another. The first was Miss Kirby, of Williamstown; the second, Miss Corson, of Clayton; and now Mrs. Emily Bostwick, of Franklinville, has been called. They were beloved by all who knew them. Mrs. Bostwick was a woman of unusual attainments, a faithful teacher and a valuable assistant at our county conventions. Although ill-health frequently prevented her from attending the exercises, she invariably contributed material.

We have carefully compiled from local returns of the school officers, and from records in our office, our statistical report, which will give

all information required, and to which we direct attention.

With thanks for the courteous reception and hospitalities that have been extended to us by trustees, teachers and pupils, we cheerfully submit this our report.

HUDSON COUNTY.

WILLIAM L. DICKINSON, SUPERINTENDENT.

To E. A. Apgar, State Superintendent:

In compliance with the law, I make this my twelfth annual report concerning the schools in this county.

Notwithstanding the long continued depression in the commercial and manufacturing interests of this county, the progress of the schools

has been constant.

The school census just taken shows that we have 58,808 children of school age, 3,018 more than last year. The number enrolled during the year was 31,154, an increase of 2,766 over that of last year. The average attendance has risen from 16,454 to 17,799, and the number of teachers from 426 to 466.

To meet the expense of this increase in the number of pupils and teachers, the people have decided to add, by taxation, to the appropriation of \$215,973.48 derived from the State, a further sum of \$160,198, making a total of \$376,171 for public school purposes. The increase thus in the district or township tax is nearly \$35,000.

The seating capacity of the schools has risen from 19,562 to 21,-

400, an increase of 1,838.

In almost every respect the schools have made progress. In the number of children taught and in the thoroughness of the work done, I can see a constant improvement. There is something very encouraging in the evidences seen among the teachers, more frequently than ever, of desires for professional and general intellectual improvement. The teachers of Jersey City have formed a society, which meets monthly, to discuss topics germane to their duties, and to aid each other in their work.

But in this generally satisfactory condition of the schools, there are two things which do much to discourage all friends of education.

The first is the lack of school accommodations sufficient for the number of children who apply for admission to the schools. This has been for many years a prominent want in Jersey City. The authorities have determined to erect one school-house in that city next year. There is great need of three.

In the town of Union a bitter struggle has been going on for more than a year between the friends and enemies of the erection of a new

school-house.

Those who desire a new building for school purposes thought, a year ago, that they had won the battle, but such legal obstacles were thrown in their way, and vexatious delays interposed that it became necessary to fight the battle over again. This was done, and such a majority of votes east in favor of progress as I believe secures a new school during the next year.

Hoboken has built one school-house in the past year. The rest of

the county has done nothing in that direction.

I hope, as prosperity returns to the country, to see school-houses

built in every place that needs them.

The second and more discouraging outlook is the reduction of teachers' salaries. The average salary per month for female teachers is this year \$41.44; last year it was \$45.20. For male teachers this year \$115.48; last year \$125.31. In Jersey City the Principals' salaries were reduced about 23 per cent.; the assistant teachers from 8 to 16 per cent. It is bitterly felt that so large a deduction was unnecessary.

It is poor policy to treat the most important factors in the well-being of the community with such severity as to injure the efficiency of their labor. When teachers are insufficiently paid, so much of their attention and time is diverted from their peculiar work to other ways and means of eking out a livelihood that the schools always

suffer.

I might mention that another serious trouble for teachers arises from the difficulties with which taxes are collected. Often, when a month's salary is due, the poor teachers are told that no money is in the collector's or treasurer's hands; that they must wait till the taxes

are paid.

In the township of Union the teachers have received no pay for more than five months. If the taxes were promptly paid every teacher would receive his salary promptly.

How much longer the schools can be carried on without money, in

that township, is not very doubtful. They must soon be closed.

In all parts of the county there is great delay and difficulty in collecting the taxes, and as in many places there is a disposition to pay the teachers' claims last, the result to the schools is disheartening.

HUNTERDON COUNTY.

R. S. SWACKHAMER, SUPERINTENDENT.

To E. A. Apgar, State Superintendent:

I have the honor to present my second annual report of the public schools of Hunterdon county.

It will only be possible in a statement of this kind, which must necessarily be brief, to embrace some of the most important facts,

leaving much to be gathered from the accompanying statistics.

During the year that has passed something has been done calculated to improve the schools and to advance the cause of education. But progress in any important work is not of rapid growth. There must be labor and patient waiting before corresponding results will be realized. The soil must be prepared and the seed sown before the harvest can be gathered.

Three school-houses have been erected during the year, or are in course of construction; one in No. 52, New Stone; one in No. 5, Mount Airy, and a third in the city of Lambertville. In the first two the buildings had been very poor for a number of years, and scarcely fit for school purposes. Those taking their places will be neat and convenient, and well suited to their respective districts.

Much of the work is being done free of charge, so that the cash ex-

pense will be comparatively moderate.

The School Board of Lambertville has, for a number of years, been compelled to rent an additional building. The necessity for

more room has, consequently, been felt not only by the City Board of Education, but by the people generally, and in July last the sum of \$3,000 was appropriated by the city council for building purposes. The house, when completed, will be the third belonging to the city, and thus abundant room will be afforded for the accommodation of all the children.

In District No. 62, Fairmount, the school-house has undergone repairs, and in No. 72, White House, the building is being painted at a cost of about \$100, while in District No. 83, Reaville, the house is being furnished with modern seats and desks. In certain other districts repairs and improvements have, to a limited extent, been made. There are at the present time no school-houses marked very poor in this county, and only four below medium.

It is proper to add in this connection that a balance of debt amounting to something more than one hundred dollars for building purposes in District No. 78, Three Bridges, has been paid from the proceeds of a festival held in the interest of the school. The necessary provisions were furnished almost exclusively by the people of the district, and the whole affair was a credit, not only to the managers, but also

to all who contributed to the entertainment.

SCHOOL FUNDS.

The apportionment from the State funds to this county for the coming year is \$41,642.39, against \$43,803.54 for the year which has just closed, a decrease of \$2,161.15. Without embracing any local funds, 87 schools, numbering, respectively, between 45 and 137 children, receive \$350 each, while the remaining 17 receive \$2.54 per scholar. As by the census of 1877 but 2 schools fall below 45 children between the required ages, only 15 of the 104 would receive, respectively, more than \$350, were no other funds provided.

This decrease is felt mainly by the larger districts, and especially by those requiring more than one teacher. The deficiency must be met by local taxes, and while in some cases the people promptly respond to the requirements, in others the means of relief are not provided, and too many schools lack either in the number or the

efficiency of teachers, or in both these essentials.

Could the wisdom of the Hon. the State Board of Education, aided by the practical knowledge and experience of the State Superintendent, devise any measures calculated to relieve this class of schools from their embarrassment, the result would be most salutary, and would contribute in no small degree to the advancement of the cause.

SURPLUS REVENUE.

The Surplus Revenue, (\$54,957.19), which in 1836 this county

received from the State, under bonds, or other approved security, (the interest of which for a long time was paid to the schools), has been mostly expended, and as a consequence but little has recently been received from this source.

The Revised Statutes of 1874, assuming that the counties are responsible to the State, explicitly require the County Superintendent of each county to apportion the interest of the surplus revenue to the schools of his county. I accordingly made the apportionment for the year beginning Sept. 1st, 1877, but the necessary funds were not provided by the county. Payment, however, was made to the schools by local authority in the townships of Kingwood, Franklin, and East Amwell, and in the borough of Frenchtown.

At a recent meeting of the Board of Chosen Freeholders another opportunity was afforded of presenting the matter, and with more favorable results than had met my efforts on former occasions. By a vote almost unanimous the interest on the original amount was ordered to be raised by a county tax and paid to the schools for the year which

has just commenced.

SCHOOL VISITATIONS.

With the exception of three or four schools which closed before the first of July, or were not in session at the time, all have been visited twice, and in a number of instances, three times during the year. These occasions have enabled the Superintendent to learn the wants of the schools, to observe defects in school management, to make suggestions, and, above all, to encourage trustees, teachers, and pupils in their respective work.

TRUSTEES.

The trustees have generally been faithful to the trust placed in their hands, and with a few exceptions, have labored to promote the best interests of the schools.

The "Township Boards of Trustees" were all convened in July and August, and at the meetings nearly all the schools were represented. Matters of general interest were discussed and such suggestions made as the circumstances seemed to require.

EXAMINATIONS.

The regular quarterly examinations have been held at the county seat. 229 persons have been before the Examining Board. Of these, 161 received certificates, and 68, or nearly 30 per centum of the whole number, failed. The certificates granted were as follows: 5 of the first, 9 of the second, and 147 of the third grade.

Many persons present themselves for examination before they are in any just sense qualified, and others more for the purpose of testing their attainments than with the hope of securing a license. A "permit" is seldom granted, and only in peculiar cases, where the attending circumstances seem clearly to justify such a course.

I am indebted to Messrs. Geo. Fleming and Edward M. Heath for

continued faithful services in the capacity of assistant examiners.

TEACHERS.

Due care has been exercised to exclude from the schools persons who are not properly qualified, and it is believed that the great body of teachers have filled their respective positions with credit to themselves and with a marked degree of success. They have labored faithfully to advance the schools under their charge. Much time is spent in special preparation in order that the most favorable results may be realized. The importance and necessity of varied and extended knowledge is duly appreciated, and the mind is stored with important facts and principles to be used as circumstances and occasions require. Teachers of this class are students from choice, and the more they acquire, the more they feel the necessity of still higher attainments. "No excellence without labor" is their motto. Under their instructions parents feel a greater interest, pupils are encouraged, and good results follow. A considerable addition has recently been made to this class from persons who, feeling their lack of qualifications, gave up teaching for a time and applied themselves to study under competent instructors. Such have returned to the work much improved.

There is, however, another class, but as those composing it are too well known to need description, it is only necessary to say, that at the examinations the greatest care is required to prevent their securing certificates on borrowed capital, and when rejected they are bitter against the State Superintendent for furnishing such difficult questions, and his subordinates are charged with unfairness and partiality.

While the examinations are regarded as settling the question of qualifications in respect to a proper knowledge of the required branches, yet there are other important considerations which should not be ignored. The manners and general deportment of the pupils, not only in the school-room, but on all other occasions, demand the greatest vigilance and a high degree of moral influence on the part of the teacher. The morals of the school should be a matter of as much solicitude as due progress in study or correctness in recitation, and no teacher is fitted for the work whose habits, practices, manners, general deportment and morals are not of such a character as to influence in the right direction. Our schools fail in accomplishing their legitimate results if persons cannot pass the play grounds in the absence of teachers without being subjected to jeers and taunts from

the scholars, or if the morals and general character of the children must be corrupted by repeated expressions of obscenity or profanity or other pernicious practices, instead of being improved by the surrounding influences.

SCHOOL LIBRARIES.

Two school libraries have been founded during the year, one in District No. 78, Three Bridges, under Miss Bessie Thompson, the other in No. 102, Unionville, under Mrs. B. D. Sched, while in No. 43, Quakertown, under Mr. Samuel Manness, a complete set of Geographic Models of the several States and Territories, with Dictionary, Gazetteer, &c., has been provided. In the first, the funds furnished by the district were raised by subscription, and in the others by school exhibitions. It is to be hoped that an example so worthy of imitation will stimulate others to a similar course of action.

SENTIMENTS OF THE PEOPLE.

From another year's experience and from the abundant means afforded for learning the sentiments of the people, I am convinced that the more intelligent are in favor of a thorough and efficient system of public instruction, and that the necessary provisions should be made by the State. The friends of education feel that it would be unsafe to leave the matter in the hands of parents or guardians or even to local authority, and that while such modifications and improvements as an enlightened public sentiment and a just discrimination suggest, should from time to time be made, yet the main features of the present system should be left untouched; that the means being provided for the education of all classes and conditions, those who allow their children to grow up without a proper elementary training should be held responsible for their indifference, neglect, or refusal, and that the law in regard to this matter should not remain a dead letter upon the statute-books.

It must be conceded that a degree of opposition is sometimes mani-

fested against the main features of the system.

The opposition, however, generally arises from wrong conceptions of the matter, or it grows out of an indifference in regard to education itself on the part of those who have not enjoyed a full share of its benefits. But with persons duly qualified to form a just estimate there is a strong feeling in favor of sustaining the present free school system, subject to such changes as wisdom and experience may suggest.

CONCLUSION.

In bringing these remarks to a close, a word of thanks is rendered

to teachers, trustees, and to the people for their kindness and hospitality, and an expression of deep obligation to the friends of education generally; and especially to members of the learned professions, whose appreciation of the work is generally measured by its importance, should not be withheld. The hope is entertained that by renewed efforts of teachers, the exercise of prudence and discretion by trustees, and a due solicitude on the part of all who would build up and not tear down, together with that aid and assistance always promptly extended by the Hon. State Superintendent, the results of the year upon which we have entered may be such as the friends of education have a right to expect and the importance of the cause demands.

MERCER COUNTY.

WILLIAM J. GIBBY, SUPERINTENDENT.

To E. A. Apgar, State Superintendent:

Herewith is presented the annual report and statistics for Mercer county. They tell the story of our labors and progress. To appreciative minds they will picture what would require pages of text to

unfold. They must be read and studied to be understood.

It is to be regretted that the amount received from all sources for school purposes shows a still further decrease this year. For the preceding two years the amount per scholar has been decreasing with a rapidity that has caused much inquiry on the part of the trustees as to the cause. This year the decrease has been so much more rapid that one stands aghast, and wonders to what we are coming. Not long since, and what bright dreams educational friends were wont to indulge: soon riparian income would make free our schools, with the possible abandonment of the two-mill tax; soon we should, by one means and another, lift from our shoulders the burden that had caused much discontent, and had afforded the enemies of free schools so powerful a weapon of offense. So much of taxation obtains that a prospective release from its weight was so delightsome a thing, that we gladly hugged the delusion. Now, however, we come face to face with the stern reality, and with fear and trembling we behold that many of our schools that had previously drawn a sufficient amount to conduct them with liberality, are reduced to the lowest standard cou-

templated by the school law. There are 55 districts in the county, and if we exclude from consideration the borough of Princeton, the borough of Hightstown, Pennington, the city of Trenton and its suburbs, Chambersburg and Millham, which are the only centres largely populated, there remain 49 districts, of which 29 receive but \$350 each, the smallest sum for districts whose population gives a school census of 45 or more children; 7 districts of those remaining get less than \$400 each; 12 between \$400 and \$500, and the remaining one \$689. Thus it will be seen two-thirds of our schools receive less than \$400 per annum, out of which to pay the teachers' salaries, provide fuel and use \$20 for incidental expenses. Such a condition of things needs no comment. Already we are burdened with all the tax we can well bear, and it only remains to make the best use of the small sum in hand, and to get the best talent our means will afford us.

This state of the case propounds a problem which it is feared will prove a troublesome one-difficult of solution and fraught with peril to our system. Could we escape the incubis that prejudice constantly imposes, or the weightier pressure of these critical times, our way out would seem brighter. That there will be a way out and through is undoubted. To find and pursue that way must be the work of the

friends of free public schools.

This financial aspect is the only one that darkens the educational horizon of our State. In every instance a fit doom has been the fate of every attempt to destroy the efficiency of a system, the wisdom of whose enactment has been verified by the experience of so many years. The internal workings are such as to merit the approbation of every

intelligent friend or patron.

The system of examination is so rigidly observed by the Board of Examiners, that every one who passes successfully the scrutiny of its members, must appreciate the certificate which he thus secures. Many candidates are thus necessarily rejected, a duty the most unpleasant of any that falls to the lot of the examiners; but this only renders more valuable the licenses granted to those who satisfactorily pass the ordeal.

First-grade certificates have been issued to Miss Lillian N. Couch, Harborton; Miss Sarah E. Reeve, Trenton; Mr. P. V. D. Schenck, Pennington; Mr. David Davis, Ewing; Mr. William Gillingham,

Chambersburg.

Second-grade certificates to Miss S. Lizzie Hageman, Ewingville; Miss Lydia Bottom, Chambersburg; Miss Anna H. Hibbs, Cham-

bersburg; Mr. John W. Long, Allentown.

The large proportion of the teachers who are striving to provide themselves with the higher grades, lessens the number of certificates issued each year. The very commendable desire of the teachers to take a high rank in the estimate of their fellow-teachers and the public generally, must find its greatest benefits in their increased efficiency and the consequent improvement of the scholars under their care.

The various duties required by the school law have all been performed.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY.

RALPH WILLIS, SUPERINTENDENT.

To E. A. Apgar, State Superintendent:

I have the honor to transmit herewith my tenth annual report. A glance at the work accomplished within this period, is encouraging and hopeful. 23 new school-houses have been erected, at an aggregate cost of \$200,000. These new buildings, necessitated in nearly every instance by the dilapidated condition of those displaced by them, are of suitable dimensions, well designed, and furnished, for the most part, with modern desks. Of the older buildings, 11 have been remodeled, or extensively repaired; 20 supplied with patent desks, and nearly all have undergone improvements, from time to time, of more or less expense. The internal condition of the schools bespeaks also a gratifying progress: better attendance, better classification of pupils, better modes of teaching and better government. The training which some of our best teachers have received in the Normal School; the system of examinations pursued; the benefits resulting from Teachers' Institutes, together with school supervision and the disuse of the rod, have wrought important changes in the qualifications of teachers, and in the standard of school attainment. We are by no means satisfied with the measure of success attained, and it were easy to speak of defects, of hindrances and partial failures; but having made these substantial advances, we thank God, and take courage.

THE STATISTICAL SUMMARY

in this year's report shows some increase in the amount voted for teachers' salaries, and in the items of attendance, and a decrease in the amount voted for building and repairing. A noticeable feature in the present report is a decrease in the number of children of school age. Each year's census commonly shows an increase over that of

the year immediately preceding, and the variation in the present case is a little remarkable.

EXAMINATIONS.

Six of these have been held—four quarterly and two special. The number of candidates examined was 137, and the number of failures 33. Of the successful candidates, 7 obtained the first; 14 the second, and 83 the third grade. The large percentage of failures is due, in great part, to the eagerness of young females to become teachers—a laudable ambition, but unsustained, in numerous instances, by the necessary training. Having now a superabundance of teachers throughout the state, it were to be wished that hereafter those who desire to engage in the work of teaching should be required, by law, to spend at least one year under Normal instruction. This would be an effectual check upon the inroad of incompetents; offer a needed protection to teachers of experience and professional standing, and do more to elevate the standard of teaching than any other measure that could be devised.

SCHOOL VISITATIONS.

All the schools of the county have been visited twice during the year, with the exception of one school, which received but a single visit. In a few instances, however, the school-house has been closed in consequence of sickness or a funeral, or for other reasons.

At these meetings modes of teaching are observed, classes examined, the stage of progress in the various studies ascertained, suggestions offered to the teacher in charge and brief addresses made to the pupils. It gives me pleasure to say that, with rare exceptions, teachers, while differing greatly in qualifications and efficiency, are earnest and faithful.

SCHOOL LIBRARIES.

These, in a majority of cases, if found at all, are found only in part, and in a condition very unsatisfactory.

ANNUAL INSTITUTE.

This was held at Perth Amboy, in May last, and continued its sessions through three days. Nearly 100 teachers responded to their names at each roll-call, and the exercises throughout were eminently practical and instructive. Essays were read, classes from neighboring schools examined, valuable addresses delivered and a series of very interesting and useful lessons given by Prof. De Graff, of Albany.

Two evening sessions were held in the city hall, the use of which was generously tendered by the city council. The first evening was

occupied by Prof De Graff and Miss Minnie Swayze; the former having for his subject "The Elements of Personal Power," and the latter, "The Æsthetics of Education." Each of these addresses was a masterpiece, both in the treatment of its theme and in its effective

and graceful delivery.

The second evening was divided between Dr. Hunt, of Metuchen, and Miss Julia Thomas, of New York. Dr. Hunt told us, in his scholarly and admirable way, "What there is in a child to Educate," and Miss Thomas offered a few timely suggestions to teachers, followed by felicitous readings. The sessions, throughout, were largely attended by visitors, but chiefly those held in the evening, when the spacious hall was far too small for their accommodation.

Our special acknowledgments are due to Mr. H. Farmer, City Superintendent, and Miss Prentiss, lady Principal, for their numerous attentions, and especially for the excellent music provided by their

agency.

TOWNSHIP BOARDS OF TRUSTEES.

These were held at a time suitable for receiving the district reports, most of which were collected, examined and verified at these meetings. Particular attention was given to the financial statements and to their correspondence with the collector's accounts. In this way errors are easily detected, and discrepancies, often only apparent, are explained. Could we secure all the district reports at these meetings, and the attendance of each Township Collector, according to notification, we might rectify mistakes which now unavoidably creep into our statistics, and put some of our districts in a much better financial condition.

In conclusion, I have only to say that my time has been chiefly devoted to the duties of my office, and that my work, though often perplexing and laborious, has been greatly relieved by the kindness and respect of all with whom I am associated.

MONMOUTH COUNTY.

SAMUEL LOCKWOOD, SUPERINTENDENT.

To E. A. Apgar, State Superintendent:

Contrary to our custom, we venture to introduce the following statistics, in the apportioning of the moneys of the school year now entered upon:

| Interest from Surplus Revenue | \$3,766 29 |
|--|-------------------------|
| State Appropriation from the \$100,000 | 5,097 40 |
| State Appropriation from Two-Mill Tax | 57,728 13 |
| Number of children in the county, according to census | |
| of 1877 | 16,229 |
| Number of districts receiving each \$350 | 40 |
| Number of children in the \$350 districts | 2,732 |
| Amount drawn by the \$350 districts | \$14,000 00 |
| Number of children in the remaining districts | 13,499 |
| Amount to each child from the Surplus Revenue Interest | .23207 |
| Amount to each child from the State Appropriation | .31409 |
| Two-Mill Tax to each child in the districts numbering | |
| more than 88 children and less than 45 | 3 .3503 9 |

A proper understanding of the above must show the necessity for legislative action to meet this condition of our school finances. Nothing could be more clearly beneficent than the intention of the law in the matter of the so-called \$350 districts; and until recently nothing could be more satisfactory than the working of this provision. It was a wise conserving of the weak as against the absorbing tendencies of the strong. But an unforeseen result has come about. With the steady decrease of the general school income comes a rapid increase of these privileged districts. Four years aga Monmouth county had but twelve of these specially favored districts; this year it has forty. Then our income was \$9,000 more than it is now. So, to-day, we see these once weak districts able to pay better salaries to their teachers than are received by some of the teachers doing the hard, special work, in the Primaries and the Intermediates of our graded schools.

Nor should we go backward to find the remedy. It will not do to set those privileged districts back on the old status of an equal

division to each child all round. The State should face this matter in the light of necessity, when it must appear that the weak shall be more generously dealt with than the strong. Thus the remedy must come from the State, not from the District. As a rule these feeble districts are weak in every important respect, their population and their means are small; hence, the proposition for a local tax is the signal for a bitter commotion. The employed voter follows the lead of his employer, the contingency asked is voted down, the hands of the trustees are tied; the meeting is a failure, and the district is in this way annually demoralized, for the affair becomes a neighborhood brawl, bitter, disgraceful, and more is the pity, long enduring, as the enmity thus engendered is stored up until the time of the trustee election, when these faithful officers find themselves reserved for punishment.

I regret that my report should show one of these privileged districts giving less schooling than the law enjoins. To me, it seems that ten months should be given by these districts, for the sake of

the little ones who cannot go to school in the winter.

Some facts of the year just closed confirm the views expressed in our last report, respecting the necessity of a clear and settled definition of the respective rank and remuneration attachable to the several grades of license. While some of our lady graduates of the State Normal School have taught with praiseworthy ability for the inadequate pay of \$30 a month, the case exists of a teacher in a rural school receiving \$67 a month, who only held a third grade county license, with the very meager general average of 73. It would further seem, that in order to effect this, the school was run for the minimum time allowed by the law, and this, that the gentleman might get at another business for the rest of the year. unprofessional practices are surely suggestive of existing wrongs, and it may be feared, excitive also to attempt supposable remedies, which may not be either practical or wise; as when we heard hinted the necessity of a Teachers' Guild of Protection. Nor is this limited to places of profit, but positions of honor are thus occupied.

I feel it my duty again to notice the custom of young men of talent, but indigence, using teaching as a simple means of attaining to a preparation in the direction of some other profession. I am ready to admit that teachers of great merit have followed this double course. But it is capable of proof, that as a rule, the schools suffer from this source, and I have been much impressed by the fact so patent at the examinations, that this class of candidates, even though passing fairly at their first examination, fail badly at the next. And why not? Is it not bearing a double burden? A young man who had run well, and had afterwards failed, was tendered a school, which he expressed himself as willing to take if they would induce the Superintendent to excuse him from attend-

ing the examination, "as he could not permit his medical studies to

be interrupted."

A comparison of the candidate list of this year with that of the preceding is instructive and encouraging. This year has yielded more candidates for the higher grades, and the percentage of failures is less. In the year 1877 there were 191 candidates with a percentage of failures of 38. The present year has had 236 candidates and the failure percentage is 33. The summer examination is the one yielding the poorest results. At this time the number of neophytes is large. Especially is this true of the ladies who have graduated from their respective schools. The examiner's duty is painful. Very few succeed in getting a license. They have underrated the character of the ordeal, and some have erred in entertaining motives not wholly professional. Teaching simply in order to earn a wedding outfit; or, as in an actual case, teaching one quarter in order to get a little furniture to begin house-keeping with, can hardly secure commendable results.

We may not be too sentimental, but this much must be sustained in the saying: The teacher's calling is a mission and a work. For the latter, he should get a living; for the former, his reward should

come when "living" is over.

As to the time of the summer examination—is it well timed? Some teachers obtain schools; the examination is at the extreme end of the month; the next Monday the school is opened, but the examiners have not yet decided on the license; it may fail to be deserved; the teacher is stopped in his work; disgrace follows; the trustees are again put afloat. Could not this examination be held earlier?

It is but a few years ago and Monmouth county had not one graded school. We have now six, and the pupils graduating attain a high standard of scholarship. So great is the difference that it seems to the writer, when contrasting the present with the past, like a golden dream. And the spirit of improvement is so great that it has hitherto been impossible to map the results. But eight years ago, when adjusting the boundaries of a certain district, I found it impossible to get the facts pertaining to a certain part of it, being answered that it was of no consequence, not even paying taxes, and that the people living in it only numbered 20, including adults and children, and that the children did not attend school. The region now is known as Asbury Park and Ocean Grove. Now an elegant graded school building adorns the place, with 6 teachers and a roll of attendance of nearly 400 children. Ocean Beach, too, has its new school-house, and so the tide of progress rolls along.

Because of the increasing number of graduates from our graded schools, and the high scholarship attained by many of them, there is a large increase of local applicants for positions as teachers. In the schools of Long Branch this condition of things has greatly em-

barrassed the efficient Board of Education. The supply of places is so largely below the demand that unpleasant friction is met with from the disappointed candidates and their friends. To relieve this the board has taken a new departure of so ingenious a character that the working of the plan will be watched with considerable interest, if it do not even awake hostile criticism. The action alluded to is contained in the following extracts from the minutes of the board:

Resolved. That the system of Competitive Examinations, as recommended by the Principal, be adopted under the following requirements:

1st. That all new applicants shall make known their determination to stand such examination at least one week before the time for such examination.

2d. That they be graduates of our own or other schools of equal

grade.

3d. That they be not less than 18 years of age. 4th. That they hold a State or county license.

5th. That, if successful, they accept the position only on trial, with the understanding that if successful as teachers, they will be promoted as vacancies occur.

Orders are given monthly, and the board reserve the right to close their contract with any teacher at the end of any one month.

Our Teachers' Institute was in every repect all that could be wished. With all due regard to the old favorites, Miss Swayze and Dr. Hunt, Prof. De Graff was a host in himself. The attendance was very large, there being present 160 teachers, and, after careful inquiry, I believe of the five absent not one but had an honest reason for the same. The proceedings were held in the beautiful graded school of Asbury Park. The attentions paid to the teachers were unremitting, and in this connection, the names of Mr. James A. Bradley, and the District Clerk, Mr. David H. Wyckoff, will long be held in pleasant memory.

Should the following allusion to self appear unseemly in closing an educational report, it is hoped that it will be forgiven, as being unavoidable. The winter's work was seriously interrupted by a severe illness brought about by exposure. My physician advised a little relaxation in the summer. To obtain this, it was necessary to clear off the annual report, with its associated labor. This, I am grateful at being able to say, was rendered possible by the generous response made to my appeal by the school officers of the county. Of our fifteen townships, the District Clerks of fourteen responded promptly and fully. Of the other township, three officers failing to grant the favor asked, unfortunately protracted my work. Believing that the gentlemen who failed to answer my appeal, did

not fully understand its nature, I am fain to accept these acts as pleasant evidence of the unanimity of feeling between the school officers of the county and their Superintendent; an understanding which is surely full of promise, as regards these co-laborers in a field so fruitful and honorable.

MORRIS COUNTY.

L. W. THURBER, SUPERINTENDENT.

To E. A. Apgar, State Superintendent:

I herewith submit my annual report for the year ending August 31st, 1878:

The accompanying statistics have been as carefully tabulated as opportunity has permitted. More or less delay on the part of Township Collectors and District Clerks has prevented my giving such a statement as I would desire. Between the financial accounts of the above-named officers, there are some discrepancies which have not been fully reconciled. Verifying these accounts is sometimes a very puzzling duty. The law requires that Collectors shall submit their reports of school moneys to the County Superintendent within ten days after the meeting of the Township Committees; but, since there is no penalty for the omission of this duty, some are very indifferent in the matter, and either fail to report at the specified time, or delay the returns till it is too late for the corrections to appear in the annual report. Thus mistakes in unexpended balances not unfrequently occur.

In 6 districts more than the \$20 allowed by law have been used for "incidentals." The word "tax" has become so odious that trustees have expended, contrary to law, small amounts to meet some necessary ontlay. Of course, in all such cases, the prescribed penalty will be enforced. To prevent the occurrence of similar instances, I see no better way than to have a suitable book provided, and let the County Superintendent keep an account with each school district, crediting each with its respective balance (if any) on hand, together with the amount of apportionment, and, whenever an order is signed by the trustees, countersigning it and returning it if found to be correct, at the same time charging it to the district

that issued it. In this manner an exact account could be kept by the County Superintendent, and the balances ascertained at any time. By this plan the misappropriation of school funds would be extremely rare.

Two districts have failed to make their returns; I, therefore, send their reports as given last year. I have, also, deducted one-fifth

from their census as by law required.

Our census is 83 less than that of last year, a much better show-

ing than I had expected.

The number of districts receiving \$350 is increasing, 55, or over one-half, being in this class. The lessened apportionments from the State, will, in many of our districts, tend to the hiring of cheaper (poorer) teachers. To meet this issue, and to secure a greater uniformity in our schools, I have urged upon the several Township Boards of Trustees the necessity of a uniform course of study to be pursued in all of our ungraded schools, thus, practically grading those which are ungraded. This plan has received the hearty approval of our trustees; at their solicitations, I shall send out a printed circular containing a year's (nine months') work in the branches of the third grade studies. Thus a large majority of our teachers will be required to perform the same amount of labor, and the fact that they will be held responsible for definite results, will, in my judgment, tend greatly to make them thorough and efficient instructors.

All that has been said in my former reports concerning our teachers might here be reiterated. Reduced salaries have caused a change of teachers in many districts. Unless more liberal provision be made for the payment of teachers, many worthy instructors will be driven from the ranks, to be succeeded by those whose inexperience will stand out in marked contrast to the success of their predecessors.

The condition of our school buildings is the same as reported for last year. I am unable to report any new school-houses as having been erected during the past year. District No. 72 is waiting only for the decision of the courts to affirm its title to land, in order to build such a house as the needs of the district require. Madison District, No. 81, after a full canvass, has decided to erect a building worthy of its beautiful village and of our free school system.

Our summary shows but two gains, an increase of 226 in the enrollment in school registers, and 2 per cent. gain in the number of months that schools have been kept open. The footings of the

other columns are against us.

In conclusion, to those whose co-operation has been so kindly and cheerfully given in the carrying out of many perplexing details of my work, I wish to express my sincere gratitude and heartfelt appreciation.

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OCEAN COUNTY.

E. M. Lonan, Superintendent.

To E. A. Apgar, State Superintendent:

Again, in obedience to law, I have the honor to make the following report:

The census reports, with two exceptions, have come safe to hand. I find a lack of teachers' reports. In districts where they are constantly changing teachers it is a very hard matter to get the report.

During the year we have erected two new school-houses; one at Silverton and the other at Staffordville. Extensive repairs have also been made to the school-house in Osborns District. The beautiful and thickly populated village of Barnegat is much in want of more school room. Their school district has 263 children and only 2 teachers. One of our most amiable and accomplished teachers (Miss Mary B. Foster) has opened a private school, which has a tendency to relieve in a measure the public school, but it is still overcrowded. I have suggested to the trustees that they should rent a room and procure an assistant teacher. As there are plenty of wealthy men in the village, I have no doubt that the requisite funds for its support could be easily raised.

It is with great sorrow I regret to say that death has entered our corps of teachers and taken two of their number. First, Miss Ella A Bryant left us. As a teacher she was inferior to none. time of her death she was in possession of a second-grade county certificate—general average, 944. Besides her scholarly attainments she was a lovely and attractive girl. Lately Mrs. Rebecca O. Price suddenly left us. Words are inadequate to express my sorrow and regret when the sad news reached me. She was a very lovely and accomplished lady, who, when she visited my family, "brought sunshine" and had the happy faculty of being agreeable

to all.

In my last report I made a suggestion that teachers be limited in the time of holding third-grade certificates, and that after a certain specified time of holding such certificates, they be required to apply for those of the higher grades. The greatness of the evils which this course might do much to remove, and the general importance of the subject of teachers' examinations, induce me to add a few words to what I have already said on this matter. I hope

that my suggestion may be the means of calling forth the opinions

of brother Superintendents.

I recognize the fact that it would be impossible to form a system for the examination of teachers that would be complete in all its workings. To know whether a person would be successful as a teacher, we must know not only what his education is, but also his personal qualities; his powers of self-control and of guarding others; his ability to impart knowledge; to maintain order, and, in short, the many qualifications that make up the teacher. of these things can be known only after intimate acquaintance and careful observation. Hence, in examining teachers we are necessarily confined to their educational qualifications and the results of our examinations. Probably the system employed in this State is as good in its principles as any in use anywhere, or, perhaps, as any that could be devised; but in its details I think that one or two changes might be made that would be of immense benefit to both teacher and school. We have some teachers who are exceedingly careless, and perhaps I might say indolent, who are desirous to have certificates, but care little for grade or marking, and who would be glad if they could do so to obtain certificates without going through the preliminary examination. In fact, these examiners are regarded as something terrible—something, if possible, to be avoided—and it is quite evident that not a few teachers are unwilling to study and prepare themselves to pass these examinations easily and quickly.

There is something lacking when teachers (and we have cases at every meeting we hold) sit and puzzle over third-grade questions in Arithmetic or Grammar for perhaps three or four hours, to obtain an average of 70 or less. I don't think I need argue long with any intelligent person to prove that no person can meet with eminent success in teaching a science he knows nothing about. I think every good teacher will agree with me in saying that the more we know of any branch of learning, the better fitted we are for teaching even its rudiments, and yet we have plenty of teachers who seem to think that if they know more than their pupils, that is

learning in abundance.

It is no unusual thing for a school that has been for a time under the charge of a thorough teacher to fall into the hands of a teacher who actually knows less than his scholars, and who, if the law of "the survival of the fittest" prevailed, would have to step down and out to make room for his most able pupil, while he himself retired into the obscurity of one of the back seats. Some are careless by nature, some become careless.

At our last examination 31 candidates were present. Of these, 24 were rejected. Among the rejected ones were old teachers. What was the trouble? Negligence. A teacher might fail at his first examination, but if he has "snap" he should succeed at the

next, and if he should fail again, he ought to leave the corps. But as we have to accept as teachers those who will teach, and as it is probable that the majority of even those who have sufficient learning are not fitted by nature in other respects, something should be done to stimulate them to at least keep good their stock of knowledge. Their situations depend upon their possession of certificates, and now the question arises, would it not be wise to make possession of certificates depend somewhat upon diligence? I don't propose to offer a plan for accomplishing this thing as the best possible, but I would like to suggest one for some one to consider and improve. Suppose the number of grades in certificates be increased to five, the fifth corresponding to the present third; or, if desirable, made, in the questions propounded, rather easier, dealing more in general or fundamental principles. Let the fourth grade be the fifth, with one or two branches of study added, and the third correspond to the present second. The first grade should be about the same as the present first, with perhaps one branch added. Holders of first-grade certificates might be required to pass in some branch or division of a branch in addition to the regular course; on second application, some other branch, on a third. This course might extend over a term of years, eight or ten if necessary, but giving sufficient time for any person of ordinary ability to keep along with it. By the way, no teacher should be allowed to hold a certificate only a certain specified time before being required to apply for one of at least the next higher grade.

I think it would be a good idea to furnish each school district with a set of text-books upon the various subjects on which examinations are made, for the use of teachers. I have great faith that the plan I have proposed, or one similar to it, would be effective of great good. Under this system, teachers would be obliged to study, forming habits that could not do otherwise than result in

good to the schools under their charge.

Those who lack the energy or ability to keep up with the prescribed course would drop out, and we should in this way get rid of some who, under the everlasting third-grade arrangement, have to be retained in the corps of teachers, no great credit to themselves or the profession.

I suppose some of my brother Superintendents will think I am "luny" on this subject; still I would like to get their views. I am sure it pains me to tell a candidate that he or she is rejected.

I am much pleased with my associate examiners; they are the

"right men in the right place."

I wish to render my sincere thanks to the Board of Freeholders for paying the bill of printing. In fact, they have always done it, and I owe them thanks.

My expenses for the year have been \$432, not including incidentals, \$132 more than allowed to me by law.

In conclusion, I wish to return my sincere thanks to our worthy and efficient State Superintendent, also to his assistant, Mr. Betts, for valuable aid and advice freely given.

PASSAIC COUNTY.

J. C. CRUIKSHANK, SUPERINTENDENT.

To E. A. Apgar, State Superintendent:

The public schools in the county of Passaic were opened Sept., 1877, and continued 10 months. There are 35 teachers in the county (not including the teachers of the cities), and of those, only one changed position during the school year. In the commencement of the present school year only ten changes of teachers have been made. The teachers in charge, with few exceptions, have retained their positions from year to year. Vacancies have not been made for outside applicants, however high their percentage or strong their recommendation. In their disappointment, surmises have been made and inferences drawn, unfounded in fact and unjust in import. It is not to be said, the county is indifferent to the State educational institutions, or withholds due regard to the worthy youth graduated by them, but the county schools are filled by teachers who are up to the progress of the cause, tried and faithful in the work. They are retained by their trustees in preference to problematical changes. Teachers who are often changing, enter the school-room to fill in time, awaiting an opportunity to reach, in their estimation, something better, having no idea of teachers' responsible duties, no determinate plan of action, and their employment is often a detriment.

The registers of the county schools show an enrollment of 10,382, about the same number of school children as recorded in 1877, while the monthly average attendance has largely increased. Still there is a seating capacity unoccupied, capable of admitting 500 more. The county has school property estimated at \$433,800, including the cities; 33 male teachers, 114 female, 151 school departments. Parents, guardians and teachers, should be interested in a cause involving such great benefits, to make the school-room, with its surroundings, pleasant, cheerful, and attractive, and bring every

child under good educational influences, and employ all the facili-

ties of instruction provided.

The remuneration of teachers has diminished; nevertheless, the number of applicants for positions has increased. In circumstances straitened, they accept of almost any position to meet and relieve their wants. Assessments have been lowered, the income from the two-mill tax has correspondingly diminished, and the teaching

profession is more than full.

A new school building has been constructed at Midvale, No. 37, and the Clinton, No. 32, repaired. 17 of the 35 county school-houses are marked "very good." They so appear to the casual observer, but only three, the Haledon, Haledon Village, and Clifton, are constructed on sanitary principles, elevated with basements or play rooms. I sometimes find children sitting in a blaze of light, others in the shades of obscurity. Arrangements for heating,

lighting and ventilating are frequently imperfect.

The county examinations have been held as required. 35 certificates have been granted, 5 of the first, 4 of the second, 26 of the third grade, and 13 applicants failed or withdrew. In instances in which my sympathies for a time have been enlisted in behalf of the unfortunate failures, they have finally become apathetic by constant applications, frequent persistence from friends, or trustees, to grant special permits or private examinations. The plea, "examinations only show differing qualifications, and although the examination may have been defective according to State regulations, tact to communicate instruction, joined to industry and ability to govern, are sufficient to make up the successful and acceptable teacher," is contrary to experience. Can deficiency impart a knowledge of the elementary branches of education? In addition to other good qualifications, every teacher should have a knowledge of the Geography of the State, counties, &c., and teach accordingly.

The County Teachers' Association, organized in 1877, has been sustained; found to be advantgeous and beneficial; the meetings are quarterly; teachers in remote parts of the county attend.

Perfection is not, but the year has been one of progress and harmony, elevating the standard of education, encouraging to the cause, stimulating the teachers to the accomplishment of better and greater work.

I tender my acknowledgments to the teachers of the county, who have, without exception, cheerfully extended their friendship and

faithfully supported me in the duties of my office.

SALEM COUNTY.

WILLIAM H. REED, SUPERINTENDENT.

To E. A. Appar, State Superintendent:

This, the twelfth report concerning the public schools of Salem county, is respectfully submitted:

The reports from clerks and collectors have, with few exceptions,

been faithfully made.

Additional effort, on the part of teachers, in the discharge of their duty in making out yearly reports, would add to the completeness of returns for the county.

There has been, of late, decided improvement in reporting, by District Clerks. The necessity of correctness in each item is regarded, and efforts are made to render full and complete returns.

It is due the collectors of the several townships of the county, to say of them, that since the adoption of the regulation requiring them to report the condition of school finances for the districts of their respective townships, they have shown a determination to exhibit a true and correct account of receipts and expenditures for each district. Being the depositaries of important funds, their object has been to exhibit a clear and satisfactory statement of receipts and expenditures, the several items of each, and the balance due each district at the close of the year.

The schools have, with few exceptions, been conducted in the interest of the several districts, as far as circumstances would admit. Scantiness of funds in some cases interferes. This occurs in those districts drawing more than \$350, but not enough, considering the number of children to be taught, to procure the required teaching force. It is to the advantage of those districts to provide for the children of the schools all that is needed for their benefit as pupils.

Alterations in school buildings, so that trustees will not be required to place in charge of one teacher and governor an excessive number of pupils, and a discrimination in the selection of teachers, would conduce to the welfare of some schools. The crowding of children in a school-room is an inconvenience that operates to the disadvantage of both pupil and teacher. As regards the pupil, health is involved; temper and disposition cannot but be concerned, and plainly, intellectual progress is interfered with.

It is proper to acknowledge earnest and conscientious labor on

the part of a majority of the teachers in the schools. Though to them it may seem that their work is wrought unnoticed except by their pupils, they may be assured their efforts are recognized in their effects.

The subject of economical management of schools continues to elicit discussion. Economy, in the sense of a proper and judicious use of moneys, applies to school as well as private affairs, and in the one case, as in the other, differs from parsimony or an improper saving of expense. One class insists upon and secures an economical administration, according to their view; the course pursued is not satisfactory to others; both are advocates of economy. It is noticeable that the two classes, both of whom are actuated by a desire to promote the best interests of the school, differ in their views of the actual needs of school. Could they agree as to the object to be attained in the establishment and maintenance of a school, and the conditions needful to secure this, there would be but one opinion as to the use of financial means.

Adequate school-room accommodations, with suitable appliances, and teachers of character and ability are admitted to be necessary to the maintenance of a good school, and it is to secure these that

school moneys, either district or State, are to be applied.

While in a very large proportion of the school districts of the county marked improvement have been made in school buildings within the past 11 years, yet, in several districts, little or no improvement has been made. The cause of this, it is unnecessary to conjecture. Suffice it that while in other districts citizens have laid aside minor differences, and, united in the conviction that improvement was needed, that to defer was no gain, have voted the means and applied it to supply themselves with better schoolhouses; in a few districts citizens have failed to reach the point of unanimity needful for the required vote.

Improvements in school buildings, within the year past, have been limited. Slight additions in the nature of a vestibule to a school-house, repairs to injured parts of buildings, constitute the sum of what has been done. A meeting was held near the close of the school year, in one district, to consider the subject of building. A majority vote decided to build a new house, which will take the

place of one that can be better used for other purposes.

Apportionments of school moneys for the ensuing year have been made and reported, showing the amount of two mill tax and State appropriation due each district, also the amount of surplus revenue, on the basis of \$2300 as the extent of the latter funds. Should the sum to be reported prove greater than that named, the amount due each district will vary accordingly.

Examinations have been held according to requirement, and have been fully attended. Teachers grade higher in some branches than

formerly.

The work performed during the year just concluded, has been no

less than during the average of previous years.

The bounds of school districts, which it has been difficult to obtain with desirable accuracy, have, in some instances, been revised. Further information has been obtained, that renders them more accurate and consequently more useful.

As to the sentiment of the people upon the subject of public schools, it is no less favorable than formerly. The object had in view in the establishment and maintenance of the public school system, is plainly of such a character, that even those who oppose its progress, with few exceptions, admit its importance. The design of the founders and defenders of the system, is the establishment of an institution capable of dispensing continued benefits. It is with citizens to so use it that it may be productive of the good contemplated.

Cosing this, my report, also the period of my official labor, I desire to express my acknowledgment of confidence bestowed, courtesy extended, and assistance rendered, to all with whom, in

various relations, I have been called to act.

SOMERSET COUNTY.

E. W. RARICK, SUPERINTENDENT.

To E. A. Apgar, State Superintendent:

About one-third of the schools in this county are in excellent condition, with competent teachers, docile, respectful pupils and appreciative patrons. They have the tone of the best private institutions without their exclusiveness. It is gratifying to note the pleasant surroundings, the neat buildings, the quiet, orderly air of the cleanly rooms, and the beautiful harmony of spirit and purpose that seems to pervade the daily exercises and to animate both teachers and pupils to do their best. To such a place apply the words of the poet:

"The Public School! O, let its light Shine through our country's story. Here lies her wealth, her strength, her might; Here rests her future glory." But the other two-thirds are scarcely fit subjects for extended comment except in charity. Visions of dingy and battered walls, hacked, scarred and broken furniture, dirty floors and foul air, disorderly assemblages, and general dilapidation and neglect, within and without, float over the memory and sadden the heart of the observer. The average attendance in some of these rural districts ranges from 12 to 20, at a cost per capitâ far exceeding that in the towns, and entirely out of proportion to the results. The inadequate results are to be attributed partly to the neglect of parents to provide suitable books for their children, and partly to that lack of fertility of resource so common among incompetent and inex-

perienced teachers.

That portion of the school law which provides that every district numbering 45 children shall receive \$350 a year, is extremely liberal to the small schools, but is every year becoming more and more oppressive to the large ones. Within ten years the number required in a district census, to enable that district to draw anything at all over \$350, has steadily increased from 73 up to 100 names. For this year Somerville and Raritan each draw, as shown by the apportionment lists, about \$500 less than they did last year, and the difference at North Plainfield is nearly as great. when a provision of the State law, so liberal to the rural districts, is met by an economy so exacting as to compel two or three boys to read from the same piece of a Second Reader, it becomes a question whether those districts are fulfilling their obligations either to their own children or to the State, and whether there might not properly be added to the law a supplement witholding their share of the public funds until, by special district tax or otherwise, they had provided a reasonable quantity of books and other essential appliances, to be the common property of the district, and to be kept at the school building for the use of its pupils.

Somerset presents the anomalous spectacle of large schools doing more and better work for \$1 of the State money than some of the small schools do for \$3. No wonder the residents of the towns complain that they must carry special taxes to furnish increased accommodations, while the law discriminates so greatly in favor of the many small schools whose special taxes are never raised. If the \$350 provision of the law is essential to the existence of the small districts, it seems no more than fair that the inhabitants of those districts should meet the State's liberality with something better and more becoming than one old book for three bright boys.

But while the negligence of such parents and school officials is to be deplored, the palpable indifference of some teachers to "the eternal fitness of things" is not to be excused. No person, unwilling to submit to drudgery, should aspire to be a teacher, for success is dug out of the drudgery and the little details, far more frequently than aspiring young ladies and gentlemen are apt to imagine.

"As is the teacher, so is the school" is more than half true of many of these inferior schools to-day, and this condition of affairs will probably continue until young men and women preparing to teach become fully sensible of the truth that "there is no real excellence without great labor." The requisites for a good teacher should include nerves of iron, sinews of steel, an eye that never quails, and a personal magnetism that conquers whatever it meets; a mental stamina and discipline so solid, broad and honest as to carry the applicant with graceful, easy assurance through the ordeal of examining boards and the numberless puzzles and problems incident to his daily life; and, finally, a heart filled with the noblest aspirations, patience exhaustless, and a love for human kind as boundless as the sea.

SUSSEX COUNTY.

LUTHER HILL, SUPERINTENDENT.

To E. A. Apgar, State Superintendent:

In accordance with your instructions, in submitting the accompanying statistical report of schools in Sussex county for the school year ending August 31st, 1878, I present the following brief statements:

Fearing that the yearly decline in our census was partially owing to a failure of the District Clerks to properly enumerate the children, I mailed a circular to each clerk, in July last, calling their attention to the matter, and requesting them to use special care in taking the census. We have reason to believe that accuracy has been obtained, but while the decrease in numbers is less than in former years, it is still sufficient to show that we are laboring against a declining census. Nevertheless, we have gained, in the enrollment of pupils, forty-four over last year, and one hundred and eighty-one in the average attendance, with a hopeful decline in the non-attendance.

At the expense of teachers' salaries, our trustees have made the best use of their limited finances, and have succeeded in making the same average time in which the schools were kept open, as last year. Two new school-houses are in course of construction, and a number of others have undergone repairs. As labor is plenty and building material cheap, it would appear to be a proper time for this work.

With a view of increasing the efficiency of teachers, our Board of Examiners, as heretofore, have taken much pains in grading the examination papers. In exercising charity for the teacher, we do not forget the little ones who are to come under his instruction.

Of two hundred and sixty-five applicants for certificates for the year, one hundred and twelve have been rejected. The disappointed candidate usually bears his misfortune with fortitude, prepares himself better by diligent study, and is finally triumphant.

The co-operation and support extended to us by the teachers, in the discharge of our duties, are very encouraging. They have been prompt to adopt such advice as seemed best to give, and, with rare exceptions, have not failed to sacrifice personal interests for the good of their schools and the harmony of the districts.

To save expense to remote and poorly-paid teachers, and for other reasons, with the consent of the State Superintendent, our

Teachers' Institute for the year was omitted.

Where proper representation was made, our townships, without an exception, have voted the necessary township tax to assist in maintaining free schools. There has been some complaint from misanthropes and disappointed politicians, but the better class of our citizens, recognizing the necessity of public schools, are willing to give them their active support.

Our meetings of Township Boards of Trustees have generally

been well attended.

District Clerks have been prompt in forwarding their annual reports, and faithful in performing the labors incident to their offices. Boards of Trustees are growing more particular in the selection of teachers, and a brisk demand exists for good talent at such wages as we are able to offer.

In visiting schools, an improvement is manifest in cleanliness and tidiness of school-rooms, and in the addition of more branches of education, with the adoption of newer and better methods of

instruction.

UNION COUNTY.

N. W. Pease, Superintendent.

To E. A. Apgar, State Superintendent:

The statistical and financial reports herewith submitted tell the story of the year's work in this county in their own terse way. Still, in compliance with custom and rule, this additional outline is furnished; although where the field of labor is so wide, the interests and needs so many and so diversified, little can be said in detail.

The attendance upon our schools has steadily increased. Constant attention and effort have been given to this part of the work, because it is believed that prompt, regular attendance is one potent element of prosperity. Under equal conditions in other respects, those schools where the attendance is the best, evince the greatest degree of advancement. All hints, suggestions and instructions given to teachers and school officers have been faithfully observed. The census, in 1877, showed there were 13,751 children of school age in the county; this year there are 14,174—increase, 423. The entire enrollment in all the schools for that year was 7,808; this year it is 7,954—increase, 146. The number attending ten months or more last year was 470; this year it is 779—increase, 309. The number last year attending eight months, but less than ten, was 2,399; this year it is 2,499—increase, 100. The whole average attendance last year was 4,687; this year it is 4,914—increase, 227. The number attending less than four months has decreased nearly 150. These are all encouraging facts. The schools enrolling the largest proportion of the census are those in Districts 1, 6, 10, 11, 14, 17, 22, 23, 25, and the city of Rahway. Those securing the best average attendance are in Districts 1, 10, 14, 23, 25, and the city of Elizabeth—the last named far excelling all others in this respect. In some districts the attendance was not satisfactory, among which should be mentioned those in 2, 11, 19, 20, 27 and During the first part of the year the attendance in No. 21 was poor, but during the last seven months, under the excellent management of Mr. J. Townsend, the attendance not only improved greatly, but the progress of the pupils was yet more marked.

The school at Linden, Mr. F. W. Fort, Principal, has made most rapid and substantial progress in every particular. Through his

zeal and energy a large and excellent library has been established. At Cranford, Mr. A. F. Campbell, assisted by a corps of three experienced teachers, has brought the school to a higher degree of excellence than it has ever before attained. Mr. S. M. Blazier, at Westfield, with five assistants, has secured the best results. In point of gradation, classification, course of study, and thoroughness of instruction, it ranks first among the district schools. Mr. S. S. Day, Scotch Plains, richly merits the commendation so unanimously awarded him. Two years since, when he took charge of that school, it was but little superior to an ordinary ungraded school. Now, with two competent assistants, he is doing a good work. From the first his ability and devotion have been manifest, and he may justly be proud of what has been accomplished, and of the rank his school now holds. The school at Berkley Heights, Miss L. J. Conklin, teacher, is one of the best of the ungraded class in the county. The same is true of that at Unionville, Mr. J. G. Brown, teacher; also, of that at Lyons Farms, Mr. E. W. Merritt, teacher. Mr. E. H. Schuyler, at New Providence, though not allowed an assistant, has done a good year's work. At Springfield, Mr. E. T. Dunham, with one assistant, has kept his school fully up to its former standard. Mr. Carpenter, at Conn. Farms, though an able instructor, was unfortunate in some respects, and the school did not prosper as it otherwise would have done. All difficulties. however, are now happily adjusted. Mr. R. A. Dunham took charge of the school at North Roselle, last November, under peculiarly unfavorable conditions, but by wise, careful management, he has brought order and system out of chaos, and put the school in good working condition. Now, with two assistants for the coming year, he will doubtless perfect the work so well begun.

The trustees in this district believe in supporting public schools to the fullest extent. In proof of this, they have adopted the wise policy of furnishing all text-books and school supplies to pupils free of cost, and find it to be an economical measure. Were every district in the county to do likewise, much valuable time would be put to good use, much money actually saved and more complaint and ill-feeling prevented. Probably one of the most fruitful sources of annoyance to teachers and trustees is the unwillingness of parents to supply needed books. Every imaginable excuse for delay, or for the purpose of saving a few cents, is made. The pupil suffers, the class suffers, and the teacher is worried till he becomes dyspeptic, or worse. Other districts are discussing the question of supplying text-books, and there is hope that ere long the poor teacher will not be obliged to tell any pupil his father must buy him a new book. Indeed, tax-payers must soon see that on the ground

of economy alone, books should be furnished to pupils.

Three changes of teachers were made again during the year. This is unfortunate. Such changes are especially displeasing as

they are usually attended with great loss to the pupils. The school in District No. 11, is often made to suffer in this way. It was the

case this year.

The school-house in No. 21 has been enlarged, repaired and refurnished. It is now in good condition, neat, comfortable and convenient. At Summit, a fine brick edifice has been erected, nearly \$150 raised for a library, and Mr. T. T. Collard, late of Hacketts. town, appointed Principal, with Miss M. E. Tappan, the popular teacher from District No. 6, as assistant. The outlook for this school is flattering in the highest degree. The only very poor school-houses in the county now are at Feltville and Berkley Heights. Both buildings are hired. The last named is the better of the two-tolerably comfortable. The first named, however, is absolutely unfit for school purposes. As a measure of economy, a new building should be erected at once. A rent of \$60 per year is paid by the district, which sum would more than suffice to pay the interest, at six per cent., on a loan for building. The people in District No. 6 have devised and executed liberal things. Improvements have been made from year to year, until a really neat, attractive building has taken the place of the old, dilapidated one. The only improvement now to be desired there is the enlargement of the play-ground.

Boards of Trustees and District Clerks have performed their duties faithfully and intelligently. The people of Union county select their best men for trustees and keep them in office from year to year. Indeed, there are those in office now who have served for ten consecutive years. This year, as was the case last, the District Clerks rendered their annual reports promptly, and every report was correct, perfect in every detail. More need not be said. Prompt, obliging, capable, courteous, they honor the positions they

hold. The census returns were eminently satisfactory.

Financially, some schools have not prospered as in former years. Although special taxes were raised in all the districts save four, yet in some instances the allowance was insufficient to supply the needs. A false economy won the day and crippled the schools. For the year 1878-9 larger amounts have been ordered raised, and prospects are improved, except in Nos. 11, 15 and 20. This year complaints are again made in the townships of Linden, Springfield and New Providence that teachers were forced to wait for their pay. Why this should be the case in three townships only, does not appear. In Union township especially, funds are always on hand and teachers are paid each month as soon as they present their orders. There are no complaints from the other five townships, Summit, Fanwood, Westfield, Cranford and Clark. District No. 4, Linden township, reports illegal expenditure of money, appropriation overdrawn, the only instance in the county. All other districts, save those in the new township of Fanwood, report balances on hand, and those districts will have funds to their credit soon as final settlements are

made with adjoining townships.

The formation of Fanwood township justly occasioned much disaffection in one district. It became necessary to abolish District No. 13 and attach one part of it to No. 14, the other part to No. 11. In the part annexed to No. 11 the people are practically deprived of school privileges, some of them living at least three miles from school. There seems to be no remedy, unless a large tract adjoining, now held as a part of a district in a neighboring county, is allowed to unite with that part of old No. 13. It is said the people earnestly desire this. Were such an arrangement practicable the needs and interests of those parties would be unet, a new school-house would be built and a school liberally maintained.

There are now 21 districts in the county, exclusive of the three cities, Elizabeth, Plainfield and Rahway. The number of classes,

or departments, including those of cities, is 139.

The average time schools have been kept open is a little more

than ten months.

Forty-three visits were made to the district schools during the year; classes critically examined, in most instances, and a complete record of each visit made. The schools were generally found in good condition. Teachers are evidently faithful and efficient, as is shown by references already made.

is shown by references already made.

Examinations were held regularly at Westfield. The County Examiners, B. Holmes, of Elizabeth, and S. M. Blazier, of Westfield, performed their duties faithfully and impartially. Ninety-four candidates appeared for examination, of whom fourteen received First Grade certificates, twenty Second Grade, thirty-seven Third Grade, and twenty-three failed to reach the standard required.

The Union County Teachers' Association, under the able management of its President, Mr. B. Holmes, of Elizabeth, is in a flourishing condition, having upon its roll of membership about two thirds of all the teachers employed in the county, and having an average attendance of about seventy per cent. of its membership at regular meetings. It is a source of great pleasure and profit to teachers; they justly regard it as one of the most valuable helps; those who are the most cultured and successful prize it most. The few who were so unprofessional as to speak ill of such auxiliaries, or were jealous of those who took part successfully in them, have fortunately found employment elsewhere. Professional courtesy among teachers should be perfect—unfailing.

In reviewing the year and comparing results, we find cause for gratulation and encouragement. While all is not as we could wish, we discover much for which to be glad and grateful. Doubtless teachers and school officers will enter upon the new year with higher aims, with a more complete fitness for their duties, and with the ability to bring another year's work to a yet more successful

issue. That with hope, faith, courage and intelligent effort they may more than succeed, is the sincere wish of their co-worker.

In conclusion, I would tender my grateful acknowledgments to teachers, associates and school officers of all grades for the unvarying kindness, courtesy and consideration which have ever been extended to me.

WARREN COUNTY.

Jos. S. SMITH, SUPERINTENDENT.

To E. A. Apgar, State Superintendent:

I herewith submit my statistical report, together with the following brief account of the condition and progress of our public schools:

The reports of the District Clerks, I am pleased to say, were

promptly rendered, except in a very few instances.

This promptness was stimulated, or facilitated largely, by the meetings of the Township Boards of Trustees, which I held in the month of August, when an opportunity was afforded to the clerks to hand in their reports and have them corrected, if necessary. may also state that at these meetings I defined and described the boundaries of the districts, so that a permanent record of the same might be made. This was a work that had never been done in this county; but the necessity and importance of which need not here be enlarged upon. The average length of time that the schools were kept open is a trifle less than last year-9.3 as against 9.4 months. There is an increase, however, in the whole number enrolled, of 90, and though this fact by itself may not be considered of any special significance, yet when it is observed that the number attending four months or more is larger by 621 than for the previous year, I think there is some room for congratulation that we are making progress in this matter of school attendance, which subject I had occasion to refer to more at length in my last report. financial difficulties which have so largely prostrated the industrial interests of our country, of necessity affect our schools, in many ways, unfavorably. The building and repairing of school-houses, and kindred improvements, are, by common consent, postponed to more prosperous times, of which, happily, we seem to have the

harbinger even now. Material improvements, however, have been made in the houses in three districts, Nos. 10, 33 and 39.

The salaries paid have been somewhat reduced; for male teachers the reduction on the average being \$1.53, and for female teachers \$2.01 per month. This reduction may seem small, but in numerous cases, no doubt, it represents the difference between a barely comfortable support and an insufficient one. Teachers, of all toilers in the community, should, for various reasons, be well paid. One very often hears the remark, "I would not want to be a teacher," and yet perhaps that very person has no scruples in grinding the teacher down to a starvation salary. The diminished appropriations of money and the great number of young persons crowding into the ranks of the profession, together with those who, having been thrown out of other employment, resort to teaching temporarily for a living, are the natural causes of this reduction of salaries. Still, the fact has been developed that the competent, successful teacher will, nevertheless, command his price in the market. Mr. E. F. Way, principal of the Belvidere public schools, has been called to take charge of the Liberty Street Grammar School, in Camden, at a salary of \$1600, and Mr. T. T. Collard, principal of the Hackettstown public schools, has gone to Summit at a salary of \$1000. These gentlemen are teachers in the highest and best sense of the word, and while we regret to lose them we are glad that their eminent abilities have met with deserved recognition and appreciation elsewhere.

In our examinations we have aimed to carry out the law and regulations in regard to this matter with impartiality, causing applicants for certificates to stand or fall upon their own merits or demerits. This course should be pursued not only because it is more free from difficulties to the Superintendent than any other, but also because there is an implied contract on our part with those who have qualified themselves for their work, that we shall not admit any unworthy or unqualified persons to come into competition with them, to lower the profession of teaching and the just

remuneration they should receive.

The Institute—held at Hackettstown in May last—gave very great satisfaction to all who attended. There were only two teachers whose absence was not satisfactorily accounted for. Prof. E. V. De Graff was the principal instructor, and to those who know him it is not necessary to say that with a body of inquiring teachers before him, a successful and profitable Institute is not only a logical but a necessary result. The teachers were thoroughly aroused by his enthusiasm, and fairly charmed with the practical methods which he presented for an improved teaching of the common branches of study. A unanimous request was made for his return to this county to conduct the next Institute.

I would not omit to mention that Dr. Whitney, President of the

Centenary Collegiate Institute, at Hackettstown, extended an invitation to the members of the institute to visit that beautiful temple of learning, which was gladly accepted, and an hour very pleasantly spent in speeches by Dr. Whitney, Prof. De Graff, and the writer, together with songs and recitations by the students. Dr. Whitney, by this welcome given to the teachers, has afforded a fresh proof of

his sympathy with the work of the public schools.

The examinations and institutes are having their natural effect in stimulating our teachers to more thorough preparation and increased zeal and activity in their work. A county teachers' organization has been effected, with branches in the townships, and meetings will be held soon after the schools shall have commenced, from which good results are anticipated. I am certain that the order in the schools is improving, and that there is a less slavish adherence to text-books in recitations; in other words, more teaching and less lesson hearing.

We are unmistakably on the advance in educational matters in this county, although the progress made each year may not easily be defined. "Revolutions never go backward," it has been said, and the people of this county have good reason to give public

school education a greater prominence than ever before.

It seems to me that the recent revelations of rascality and robbery perpetrated in this county ought to furnish the strongest possible arguments in favor of the liberal support of our public schools, for if all the people had been educated they would never have yielded such a blind obedience to their political leaders, who, under professions of party zeal and loyalty to party interests, were using their

official opportunities for plundering the people.

Education is, indeed, the cheapest defense of a nation, and the church and the school house are the fortresses of the State. No money is spent to so good an advantage as that which is used to enlighten the masses, so that they will grow up to be intelligent and virtuous and really capable of governing themselves. The political demagogue finds it to his interest, of course, to oppose these beneficent results.

STATISTICAL REPORTS.

Statistical Report, by Districts, for the County of ATLANTIC,

| | | | | FI. | NANGIAL | STATEMEN | T. | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|---|---|--|---|
| TOWNSHIPS AND DISTRICTS OR CITIES. | 13 | Amount of Apportionment from State Appropriation. | Amount of Apportlenment from Town-ship Tax. | Amount of Apportionment from Surplus Revenue. | Amount of District School Tax voted for Payment of Teachers' Salaries. | Amount of District School Tax voted to be used for building, purchashig, hiring, reparing or furnishing Public School Honses. | Total amount of District School Tax ordered to be raised. | Total amount received from all sources for Public School purposes. | Balance in the hands of 'the Collector, exclusive of money for building and repairing purposes. |
| ATLANTIC. Atlantic City. GALLOWAY TWP. | . 1 | \$2466 20 | | | \$2000 00 | \$1500 00 | \$3500 0 0 | \$ 5966 20 | \$600 0 |
| GALLÓWAY TWP. Brigantine, Leeds Point, Smithville, Port Republic, Bermania, Centerville, Locanville, North Absecon, Pomona, | 2 3 4 5 7 8 9 10 11 13 | 93 71 350 00 350 00 398 22 350 00 675 95 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 | \$42 86 120 93 107 14 182 09 119 40 309 18 136 23 70 42 76 54 35 21 | | 50 00 | 400 00 400 00 195 00 | \$3500 00 50 00 400 00 400 00 195 00 1045 00 | 186 57 870 93 457 14 980 31 469 40 1180 13 486 23 420 42 426 54 385 21 | 18 6 13 7 21 5 21 5 197 6 6 4 76 3 32 8 185 6 |
| | ı | 3617 88 | 1200 00 | | 50 00 | 995 00 | 1045 00 | 5862 88 | 615 |
| ABSECON TOWN. EGG HARBOR. Pomons, South Absecon, Pleasantville, Smith's Landing, Bakersville, Bargaintown, Leedsville, Somer's Point, Sieelmanville. English Creek, Upper English Creek, Gravelly Run, | 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 39 | \$58 75 \$50 00 \$91 53 \$26 53 \$26 53 \$21 74 \$50 00 \$50 00 \$50 00 \$50 00 \$50 00 \$50 00 \$50 00 | | | 50 00 100 00 | | 50 00 475 00 305 00 740 00 450 00 | 31 50 487 00 1042 03 1502 03 610 74 1284 00 915 50 485 00 774 00 1469 80 12 00 | 23 8 34 1 175 4 219 6 19 1 12 5 46 5 19 8 50 6 2 42 6 |
| WEYMOUTH. | | 4375 59 | 1749 00 | | 150 00 | 3047 07 | 3197 07 | 9321 66 | 649 |
| Estellville, Hawkinsville. Tuckahoe, Head of River, | 24 25 26 27 | 350 00 137 20 378 11 110 44 | 25 00 132 50 210 00 132 50 | | | | | 375 00 269 70 588 11 242 94 | 18 12 12 107 |
| BUENA VISTA. East Vineland, Oak Road, Buena Vista, Newtownville, New Germany, | 28 29 32 33 34 | 975 75 113 78 350 00 350 00 66 92 350 00 | 500 00 150 00 50 00 75 00 40 00 85 00 | | | 50 00 25 00 | | 1475 75 313 78 425 00 425 00 106 92 435 00 | 152 23 8 195 246 56 |
| HAMILTON. | | 1230 70 | 400 00 | | | 75 00 | 75 00 | 1705 70 | 530 |
| Tarkiln Neck, Weymouth, Mays Landing, Gravelly Run, Carmantown, | 35 36 38 39 40 | 97 05 350 00 766 30 350 00 83 64 | 85 13 192 17 430 34 92 46 | | | 70 00 | 70 00 135 00 | 252 18 542 17 1331 54 350 00 176 10 | 36 79 79 100 |
| MULLICA. New Columbia, Pleasant Milis, Elwood, Agricultural, Weekstown, Tarklin, | 42 43 44 45 46 35 | 1646 99 120 46 350 00 435 01 120 46 113 81 | 100 00 25 00 130 00 | | 100 00 | 205 00 500 00 1525 00 | 500 00 | 2651 99 720 466 875 00 2190 01 220 46 148 81 10 00 | 295 12 17 290 69 398 |

State of New Jersey, for the School Year ending August 31, 1878.

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|--|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|---|---|--|---|---|-------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|--|
| No. of District. | Present value of school property. | Whole number of children between 5 and years of age residing in the district. | Average number of months the schools h | Number of children between 5 and 18 years of age enrolled in the school register during the year. | Number who have attended 10 months or more during the year. | Number who have attended 8 months, but less than 10. | Number who have attended 6 months, but less than 8. | Number who have attended 4 months, but less than 6. | Number who have attended less than 4 months. | Average number who have attended school during the time it has been kept open. | Number of children the school-house will comfortably. | ings. | of children in the School. | Estimated number of children in the distribution who have attended no school during year. | Number of male teachers employed. | Number of female teachers employed. | Average salary per month paid to male te- ers. | ¿Average salary per month paid to female teachers. |
| 1 | \$20000 00 | 826 | 9.5 | 596 | | 138 | 169 | 127 | 162 | 367 | 500 | v. g. | 8 | 222 | 1 | 8 | \$90 00 | \$44 70 |
| 2 3 4 5 7 8 9 10 11 13 | 100 00 2000 00 1200 00 1600 00 1500 00 2500 00 325 00 no house. 850 00 75 00 | 29 95 70 130 84 198 85 44 58 | 6.8 9 9 9 9.7 9 9.7 9 8.5 | 20 66 50 100 65 93 58 29 38 22 | | 27 4 40 40 2 20 9 | 11 14 11 42 6 11 18 9 4 | 6 | 2 12 22 13 8 47 11 10 11 14 | 17 42 26 57 44 40 33 18 19 | 30 70 70 100 100 160 40 24 40 45 | p. v. g. v. g. v. g. v. g. v. p. v. p. p. p. | 2 3 25 | 9 29 18 30 16 80 27 15 20 48 | 1 1 1 1 2 1 | 1 1 1 1 1 | 50 00 48 00 50 00 50 00 63 88 52 50 45 00 | 26 66 12 00 8 00 36 66 33 33 |
| | 10150 00 | 863 | 8.8 | 541 | | 143 | 127 | 121 | 150 | 303 | 679 | | 30 | 292 | -8 | 5 | 52 90 | 23 33 |
| 12 | 1000 00 | 148 | 9 | 122 | •••• | 16 | 48 | 25 | 33 | 76 | 134 | p. | 2 | 24 | •••• | 2 | •••••• | 48 25 |
| 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 89 | 400 00 5000 00 7000 00 3000 00 3500 00 2500 00 800 00 1600 00 5500 00 75 00 | 58 124 236 118 101 82 82 62 183 71 | 999899 | 67 113 184 114 76 70 73 54 174 44 | | 11 10 5 3 6 36 6 | 15 30 54 40 17 28 14 11 58 23 | 10 19 14 10 | 13 45 74 30 43 23 42 27 42 6 | 33 59 97 73 37 41 32 27 99 28 | 50 180 240 150 124 50 70 80 250 40 | p. v. g. v. g. v. g. v. g. v. g. v. g. v. g. v. g. v. g. | 1 | 11 52 3 25 12 9 8 9 27 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 1 2 4 1 1 2 | 64 00 55 00 60 00 50 00 50 00 66 66 50 66 | 55 00 40 00 35 25 11 00 16 66 |
| | 29375 00 | 1117 | 8.9 | 969 | | 86 | 290 | 248 | 345 | 526 | 1234 | | 3 | 156 | 7 | 11 | 56 62 | 35 24 |
| 24 25 26 27 | 100 00 350 00 1800 00 300 00 | 53 39 102 31 | 9 9 7 | 49 33 82 26 | | 3 4 22 | 9 8 19 | 19 15 14 20 | 18 6 27 6 | 27 24 58 15 | 40 60 80 30 | v. p. p. v. g. p. | | 4 6 20 5 | 1 ; 1 | i | 40 00 61 12 40 00 | 40 00 |
| | 2550 00 | 225 | | 190 | | 29 | 36 | | 57 | 124 | 210 | | | 35 | 3 | 1 | 47 04 | 40 00 |
| 28 29 82 83 84 | 1100 00 600 00 800 00 650 00 800 00 | 36 48 59 18 74 | 7 9 9 7 7 | 26 35 41 8 54 | | 1 | 4 7 2 2 2 | 9 19 9 2 17 | 13 9 29 4 35 | 17 14 5 | 40 60 75 40 64 | g. p. g. g. | | 10 13 17 10 20 | 1 1 1 | 1 | 30 00 30 00 40 00 44 85 | 30 00 |
| | 3850 00 | 235 | | 164 | | 1 | 17 | | 90 | 1 | 279 | | | 70 | 4 | 1 | 36 21 | 30 00 |
| 85 86 88 89 40 | 300 00 1400 00 4000 00 250 00 75 00 | 29 104 225 49 81 | | 32 62 148 25 23 | | 16 12 14 7 | 9 15 30 4 3 | 4 | | 6 | 30 60 200 35 30 | v. p. v. p. | 6 | | 1 1 | 1 1 1 1 | 55 55 70 00 | 17 95 40 00 33 33 85 00 |
| | 6025 00 | 438 | 8.9 | 290 | 1 | 49 | 1 | | + | | 355 | | 6 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 62 78 | 31 57 |
| 42 43 44 45 46 85 | 25 00 1500 00 2500 00 800 00 100 00 | 34 41 | • • • • • | | | 19 2 | 2 | 19 8 9 | | 23 | 25 56 120 30 25 | ▼. g. ∇. p. ∇. p. | 3 | 26 10 | 1 1 1 2 2 | | 30 00 36 00 | 40 00 87 50 |

Statistical Report, by Districts, for the County of BERGEN,

| | | | | FI | NANOIAL | STATEMEN | T. | | |
|---|--|--|--|---|--|--|---|---|---|
| TOWNSHIPS AND DISTRICTS OR CITIES. | State Anniouriation | | Township Tax. | Surplus Revenue. | District School Tax voted for payment of teachers' salaries. | District School Tax voted to be used for building, purchasing, hiring, repairing, &c. | District School Tax to be raised. | Total amount from all sources. | Balance in the hands of the collector, exclusive of money for building and repairing purposes. |
| Atlantic (continued.) EGG HARBOR CITY, No. HAMMONTON. Magnolia, Central, Oak Dale, Lake, | 48 3 49 4 50 5 | 59 30 50 00 81 86 18 68 50 00 | | | \$400 00 350 00 300 00 | \$100 00 100 00 65 00 | \$500 00 450 00 365 00 | \$2059 30 350 00 931 86 883 68 350 00 | \$227 94 32 78 8 80 117 23 7 57 |
| Summary. Atlantic City. Galloway. Absecon. Egg Harbor. Weymouth Buena Vista. Hamilton. Mullica. Egg Harbor City. Hammonton. | 24 36 5 43 9 12 16 11 15 | 66 20 17 88 38 75 75 59 75 75 30 70 46 99 39 74 59 30 00 54 | \$1200 00 1749 00 500 00 400 00 800 00 400 00 | | 650 00 2000 00 50 00 400 00 150 00 100 00 400 00 650 00 | 165 00 1500 00 995 00 100 00 3047 07 75 00 205 00 2025 00 100 00 165 00 | 815 00 3500 00 1045 00 500 00 3197 07 75 00 205 00 2125 00 500 00 815 00 | 2515 54 5966 20 5862 88 1038 75 9321 66 1475 75 1705 70 2651 99 3664 42 2059 30 2515 54 | 600 00 615 31 23 50 649 75 152 40 530 70 295 08 783 24 227 94 166 38 |
| BERGEN. RIDGEFIELD. Edgewater, No. Fort Lee, Coytesville, Fairview. | 192 1 5 2 13 3 8 4 5 3 5 | 51 44 62 69 76 71 32 78 73 95 50 00 75 13 84 02 | ************ | \$25 51 62 42 37 76 26 02 10 03 17 01 35 54 | 3750 00 41 00 300 00 200 00 100 00 350 00 25 00 100 00 | 8212 07 359 00 200 00 200 00 600 00 850 00 75 00 200 00 | 400 00 500 00 400 00 700 00 1200 00 100 00 300 00 | 988 20 1939 13 1270 54 1299 97 1560 C3 492 14 1119 56 | 83 87 803 66 642 20 146 25 240 78 121 61 79 99 |
| ENGLEWOOD. Englewood, Highland, Upper Teaneck, New Bridge, | 7 26 8 4 9 6 | 55 28 03 38 38 90 18 96 35 25 | | 214 29 118 03 19 90 28 06 33 33 | 1116 00 500 00 400 00 150 00 | 2484 00 2250 00 100 00 150 00 | 3600 00 2750 00 500 00 300 00 | 8669 57 5471 41 458 80 1147 02 1068 58 | 2118 36 101 96 275 74 92 27 |
| PALISADE. Schraalenburgh, Tenafly, Cresskill, | 11 6 12 7 13 5 | 96 49 37 71 80 26 10 18 | | 199 32 28 91 35 38 23 13 | | 2500 00 200 00 800 00 100 00 | 3550 00 700 00 1500 00 100 00 | 8145 81 1366 62 2315 94 633 31 | 121 92 |
| HARRINGTON. Demarest, Closter City, Alpine, Old Closter, Norwood, Old Tappan, | 14 3 15 8 16 4 17 4 18 5 | 28 15 50 00 29 03 46 40 23 89 96 45 50 00 | | 87 42 10 20 37 58 20 24 19 22 27 04 15 31 | 1200 00 100 00 400 00 150 00 250 00 | 150 00 50 00 50 00 | 2300 00 100 00 550 00 200 00 300 00 | 4315 57 460 20 1416 61 666 64 743 11 623 49 565 31 | 697 80 113 99 235 51 157 11 3 69 91 69 72 55 |
| WASHINGTON. River Vale, Westwood, Hillsdale, Pascack, Chestnut Ridge, Saddle River Valley, | 20 5 21 5 22 4 23 6 24 3 | 95 77 62 69 62 69 80 17 15 20 50 00 78 87 | | 129 59 25 51 25 51 21 77 27 89 13 60 17 18 | 1100 00 | 250 00 500 00 | 1350 00 | 4475 36 588 20 1088 20 501 94 643 09 363 60 396 05 | 674 54 12 83 17 06 8 32 688 92 31 90 95 66 |
| MIDLAND. Paramus, Arcola, Spring Valley, Oradell, Biver Edge, | 26 3 27 4 28 3 29 6 | 49 62 56 37 08 89 75 13 86 48 16 39 | | 131 46 16 16 18 54 17 00 31 12 18 88 | 300 00 300 00 300 00 200 00 | 500 00 100 00 2000 00 600 00 100 00 50 00 | 500 00 100 00 2300 00 900 00 400 00 250 00 | 3581 08 472 53 2727 43 1292 13 1117 60 685 27 | 854 69 68 17 126 16 183 29 85 70 162 65 |

State of New Jersey, for the School Year ending August 31, 1878.

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|----------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------|--|---|--|
| | 70 | ns si | | ATTENDA | NOE. | | seat | | who I. | who | 818 | per ers. | F 6 |
| | f the school | No. of children between 5 and 18 years of age. Average number of months school kept open. | ng 10 | veen | s. ng less | attendance. | will | the public ings. | of children w private school. | ren | Number of male teachers employed. Number of female teachers employed. | paid | Average salary paid per month to female teachers, |
| ict. | Je O | hildren be years of a number of kept open | attendin or more | og b | onth end | end | hotoly. | f th | ch | | male | salary to male | riar; ema |
| of District | vali | children 8 years o genumbe of kept op | en] | o. attending bety 8 and 10 months. o. attending bety 6 and 8 months. | o. attending bet 4 and 6 months. umber attendin than 4 months. | att | umber the ho | ondition of the school buildings | | or 1 | umber of employed. umber of f employed. | 1 10 | to fo |
| I Jo | resent va property | o. of cand 18 | umber months | atte und atte | o. atte | rage | mfo | dittic | umber | umber | oldi plo plo plo | rage | rage |
| No. | Present value of property. | No. an Aven | Number enrolled. Number attendin | No. So. | No. | Average | Number the honse comfortably. | Condition of sebool build | Number | Number | Number employ Number c employ | Average month | Ave |
| 47 | \$10000 00 | 448 9.3 | 235 | 54 88 | 41 52 | 158 | 420 | v. g. | 90 | 123 | 2 2 | \$70 55 | \$42 77 |
| 48 49 50 51 | 1200 00 3000 00 2000 00 100 00 | 82 9 139 9 154 9 58 9 | 43 129 96 50 | 5 12 45 31 13 20 18 16 | 5 21 11 42 32 31 10 6 | 21 80 58 24 | 54 130 120 40 | g. v. g. g. v. g. | 2 | 39 10 56 8 | $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 35 00 75 00 40 00 | 40 00 35 00 |
| 1 | 6300 00 | 433 9 | 318 | 81 79 | 58 100 | 183 | 344 | | | 113 | 3 3 | 50 00 | 36 66 |
| | 20000 00 10150 00 1000 00 29375 00 | 826 9.5 863 8.8 148 9 1117 8.9 225 8.5 235 7.8 438 8.9 277 8.6 448 9.3 433 9 | 596 541 122 969 190 | 138 169 143 127 16 48 86 290 29 36 | 127 162 121 150 25 33 248 345 68 57 | 367 303 76 526 124 | 500 679 124 1234 | | 8 30 2 3 | 222 292 24 156 | 1 8 8 5 2 | 90 00 52 90 56 62 | 44 70 23 33 48 25 35 24 40 00 30 00 31 57 38 33 42 77 36 66 |
| | 2550 00 3850 00 | 225 8.5 235 7.8 | 164 | 1 17 | 56 90 | 81 | 1234 210 279 | | | 35 70 | $\begin{array}{cccc} 3 & 1 \\ 4 & 1 \\ 2 & 4 \end{array}$ | 47 04 36 21 | 40 00 30 00 |
| | 6025 00 4425 00 | 438 8.9 277 8.6 448 9.3 | 225 | 49 61 24 62 | 53 125 51 88 41 52 | 140 135 158 | 355 256 | | 6 5 | 145 47 123 | 2 4 3 3 2 2 3 3 | 36 21 62 78 32 00 70 55 50 00 | 31 57 38 33 |
| | 10000 00 6300 00 | 448 9.3 433 9 | 235 318 | 54 88 81 79 | 41 52 58 100 | 158 183 | 420 344 | | 90 | 123 113 | 3 3 2 2 3 3 | 70 55 50 00 | 42 77 36 66 |
| | 93675 00 | 5010 8.8 | 3650 2 | 621 977 | 848 1202 | 2093 | 4401 | | 146 | 1227 | 33 40 | 51 82 | 36 23 |
| 1 | 3000 00 | 163 10¾ 399 10¾ | 46 9 172 10 | 6 7 | 5 19 | 25 101 | 45 220 | g. | 70° 110 | 47 117 | 1 | 59 90 | 50 00 |
| 3 4 | 3500 00 1500 00 | 208 10 133 9.4 65 11 | 113 10 | 59 26 21 17 7 13 | 29 48 18 47 12 29 5 11 9 13 | 56 | 125 | g. v. g. g. v. g. med. | 15 25 9 | 80 | 2 î 1 1 | 58 30 58 34 58 33 54 54 | 20 83 29 17 |
| 41% | 4600 00 1500 00 | 208 10 133 9.4 65 11 104 11 202 10 | 61 45 7 48 | 7 13 13 9 16 10 | 12 29 5 11 9 13 | 29 29 | 60 68 40 75 | v. g. | 9 | 80 47 11 36 35 | 1 1 1 | 54 54 | |
| 6 | 1000 00 | 202 10 | 115 | 40 32 | 14 29 | 29 56 | 75 | p. | 20 52 | 35 | î i | 45 46 66 00 | 8 25 |
| | 23100 00 | 1274 10.4 | 600 36 | 162 114 | 92 196 | 325 | 633 | | 301 | 273 | 7 4 | 48 71 | 27 06 |
| 7 8 9 | 20000 00 1000 00 4000 00 | 728 10.4 111 9 155 10 | 311 38 49 4 90 2 | $\begin{array}{ccc} 102 & 60 \\ 7 & 9 \\ 24 & 15 \end{array}$ | 34 77 10 19 | 198 24 64 | 400 48 70 | v. g. med. | 280 37 | 137 25 | 1 4 | 112 50 | 50 00 55 55 |
| 10 | 4000 00 1500 00 | 155 10 208 11 | 49 4 90 2 100 14 | 24 15 19 13 | 10 19 9 40 18 36 | 64 47 | 70 125 | v. g. med. | 40 15 | 137 25 25 93 | ii | 66 66 63 00 | 18 00 |
| | 26500 00 | 1202 10.1 | 550 58 | 152 97 | 71 172 | 333 | 643 | | 372 | 280 | 3 -6 | 80 72 | 41 18 |
| 11 | 1000 00 10000 00 | 181 10 208 1014 | 121 8 134 5 | 29 17 45 25 | 30 37 21 38 14 30 | 68 80 | 84 | med. | 7 | 53 | 1 1 | 80 00 83 33 | 40 00 37 50 45 87 |
| 11 12 13 | 2000 00 | 130 10% | 121 8 134 5 72 | 29 17 45 25 10 18 | 14 30 | 32 | 84 125 50 | v. g. g. | 28 | · 50 | 1 | 85 55 | 45 87 |
| | 13000 00 | 519 10.3 | 327 13 | 84 60 | 65 105 | 180 | 259 | | 43 | 149 | 2 3 | 81 67 | 41 12 |
| 14 | 1500 00 7500 00 | 56 11½ 221 10¾ 114 9.15 110 12 162 11.5 | 33 2 128 23 | $\begin{array}{ccc} 10 & 5 \\ 34 & 12 \end{array}$ | 8 8 12 47 | 18 | 50 150 | med. | 5 | 18 78 | 1 | 74 18 | 40 00 27 39 |
| 16 | 1500 00 | 114 9.15 | | 10 5 34 12 12 19 4 24 13 | 13 34 | 110 32 37 | 68 | v. g. med. | 14 | 41 32 55 | 1 | 74 18 49 00 50 00 | |
| 14 15 16 17 18 19 | 3000 00 1800 00 2000 00 | 162 11.5 92 11.5 | 33 2 128 23 59 65 12 87 2 75 5 | 24 13 11 11 | 8 8 12 47 13 34 4 26 15 33 21 27 | 44 39 | 68 50 70 75 | g. g. med. | 15 14 13 20 2 | 55 15 | | 50 00 63 50 | |
| 1.5 | 17300 00 | 755 11.3 | 447 44 | 98 157 | 73 175 | 280 | 463 | meu. | 69 | 239 | 5 2 | 57 34 | 33 70 |
| 20 | 1000 00 | 149 11 149 9.5 | 65 95 | 13 9 | 11 32 | 30 | 50 | g. | 5 | 79 | 1 | 50 00 | |
| 20 21 22 23 24 25 | 1500 00 1000 00 | 119 11 | 94 7 | 13 9 1 18 18 26 14 27 | 26 50 26 17 | 38 40 58 | 60 60 112 42 60 | g. g. | 5 9 6 | 45 19 | $\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & \dots & 1 \\ & 1 & 2 \end{array}$ | 58 00 | 43 19 |
| 23 24 | 2000 00, 1000 00 | 184 10.5 84 9 98 9.5 | 126 3 43 | 14 27 | 26 56 6 24 | 19 | 112 42 | g. g. p. | 12 1 21 | 46 40 | i | 38 75 46 66 | 39 59 |
| 25 | 600 00 | | | 29 14 | | 45 | | p. | | 12 | | | |
| | 7100 00 | 783 10 | 488 10 | 75 107 | 103 194 | 230 | 384 | ••••• | 54 | 241 | 4 3 | 48 35 | 41 89 |
| 26 27 | 2600 00 2500 00 | 90 10.5 103 10.5 | 69 2 74 5 56 4 | 14 8 10 16 | 12 33 10 33 14 15 25 48 | 35 35 | 56 80 | v. g. v. g. v. g. | 5 3 | 16 26 | i | 50 00 | 33 33 |
| 26 27 28 29 80 | 2000 00 1000 00 | 90 10.5 103 10.5 118 11 182.11.5 | 142 17 | 10 16 18 5 24 28 8 17 | 10 33 14 15 25 48 | 35 35 36 67 37 | GG | p. 1 | 5 3 18 3 | 44 37 27 | i i | 62 50 47 92 | 50 91 25 00 |
| 80 | 800 00 | 116 11.5 | | 8 17 | 16 38 | | 45 | med. | | | 1 | | |
| | 8900 00 | 609 11 | 423 31 | 74 74 | 77 167 | 210 | 338 | | 36 | 150 | 3 3 | 53 47 | 36 41 |

Statistical Report, by Districts, for the County of BERGEN,

| | | | FIN | | TATEMEN | r. | = | 00000 |
|---|--------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| TOWNSHIPS AND | State Appropriation. | | ne. | thool Tax payment of salarles. | istrict School Tax voted to be used for building, purchasing, hirling, repairing, &c. | Тах | from all | Balance in the hands of the collector, exclusive of money for building and repairing purposes. |
| DISTRICTS OR | oprí | ax. | ven | School for payi | School to be u g, pure repairi | pood | ant | olle f m an |
| CITIES. | opre | L di | Re | Score | Sc to ng, | rict Sch raised. | mon es. | Salance in the of the of the collecto crusive of mone building and ring purposes. |
| 0.2.2.2. | Į, | nsh | lus | rict ted | rict red ildi | rict | sources | th th isiv ilidi |
| | tate | Township Tax. | Surplus Revenue. | District voted f | District voted i buildin biring, | District School be raised. | Total amount sources. | Sale of the property of the pr |
| Rergen (continued.) | 502 | | - 02 | | | | | |
| Bergen (continued.) NEW BARBADOES. State Street, Main Street, Hudson Street, 33 | \$1785 61 1763 09 829 04 | | \$80 95 79 93 37 59 | \$1500 00 2000 00 | \$15000 00 500 00 1700 00 | \$16500 00 2500 00 1700 00 | \$18366 56 4343 02 2566 63 | \$695 71 531 87 103 24 |
| | 4377 74 | | 198 47 | 3500 00 | 17200 00 | 20700 00 | 25276 21 | 1330 82 |
| LODI. Little Ferry, 334 Momochie, 34 | 350 00 | | 15 31 | | 762 00 | 762 00 | 1127 31 | ********* |
| Lodi 35 | 1260.45 | | 57 14 | | 250 00 | 250 00 | 365 65 1567 56 | 386 60 201 67 |
| Woodridge, 36 | 1012 84 | | 45 92 59 01 | 500 00 1550 00 | 100 00 1425 00 | 600 00 2975 00 | 1658 76 4335 70 | 74 13 683 92 |
| Carlstadt, 37 | | | 193 03 | 2050 00 | 2537 00 | 4587 00 | 9054 98 | 1346 32 |
| UNION. | | | 15 65 | 100 00 | 300 00 | 400 00 | 765 65 | |
| Kingaland, 38 North Bellville Bridge, 39 | 350 00 701 48 |) | 31.80 | 1000 00 | | 1000 00 | 1722 92 | 204 73 497 53 |
| Rutherford. 40 | 769 0 | | 46 26 34 86 18 71 | 3000 00 1500 00 | 250 00 | 3500 00 1750 00 | 4566 60 2553 87 1431 35 | 1437 58 581 49 |
| North Rutherford, 40% East Passalc, 41 | 412 6 | 1 | 18 71 | 200 00 | 800 00 | 1000 00 | 1431 35 | |
| CADDIT DIVER | 3253 4 | 7 | 147 28 | 5800 00 | 1850 00 | 7650 00 | 11050 75 | 2990 93 |
| Dundee, 42 | 532 69 350 0 | 3 | 24 15 13 78 | 50 00 | | 50 00 | 556 83 413 78 | 44 63 |
| Dundee Lake, 42k Small Lota, 43k | 350 0 | 0 | 24 15 13 78 13 77 | 150 00 | | 1950 00 | 2313 77 | 157 24 |
| | 1232 6 | 8 | 51 70 | 200 00 | 1800 00 | 2000 00 | 3284 38 | 201 87 |
| RIDGEWOOD. Ridgewood Grove, 44 | 423 8 | 9 | 19 22 | | | | 443 11 | 30 94 |
| Paramus Church, 4 | 495 1 | 7 | 19 22 22 45 23 98 | 700 00 | 635 00 1000 00 | 635 00 1700 00 | 1152 62 2252 91 | 45 86 369 19 |
| Ridgewood, 6 | 1447 9 | | 65 65 | | | 2335 00 | 3848 64 | |
| FRANKLIN. | 1 | | | | | | | |
| Godwinville, 40 | 795 2 7 350 0 | 7 | 11 91 10 54 | | 2500 00 | 2500 00 | 361 91 | 50 83 |
| Wyckoff, 4 Sicomack, 4 | 8 350 0 9 350 0 | 7 0 0 | | | | | 360 54 360 37 | 30 84 |
| Western, 5 Franklin Lake, 5 | U 066 (| U | 10 37 12 25 11 29 | | | | 362 25 361 22 | 188 77 50 83 30 84 30 34 71 62 152 75 3 33 87 4 31 |
| Oakland, 5 | 2 356 3 | 7 | 16 16 | | | | 361 22 372 53 363 10 | 33 87 |
| Campgaw, 5 | | 0 | | | | | | |
| нонокиз. | | 4 | |) | | | | 1 |
| Hohokua, 5 Allendale, 5 | 4 510 1 5 678 9 | 7 | 23 13 30 78 | 3 | | | 533 30 709 76 | 589 65 |
| Ramsevs. 5 | 6 543 9 |)8)3)1)0 | 24 66 | | | | 568 59 | 206.66 |
| Mahway, D | 8 468 9 | 1 | 21 26 | | | | 419 59 490 17 362 59 | 454 31 7 552 12 61 34 |
| Upper Saddle River, 5 Masonicas, 6 | 0 350 (| N | 10 7 | ! | | | 360 71 362 24 | 1 155 93 4 178 58 |
| Riverdale, 6 | | | 12 2 | | | ********** | 003 2 | |
| Summary. | 3653 3 | | 153 5 | | • | | 3806 98 | |
| Ridgefield | . 4855 5 4396 4 | 28 | 214 29 199 39 | 9 1116 0 2 1050 0 | 0 2484 00 0 2500 00 | 3550 00 | 8145 8 | 7 2118 36 1 469 97 |
| Palisade | 1928 2995 2949 | 15 | 87 43 | 2 - 1200 0 | 0 1100 0 | 2300 00 | 4315 5 | 1 469 97 7 697 80 6 674 54 |
| Washington | 2949 | 52 | 131 4 | 8 | 500 0 | 500 00 | 3581 0 | 8 854 69 |
| New Barbadoes | 2243 5 | 26 | 101 70 198 4 | 7 3500 0 | $0 - 17200 \ 0$ | 3950 00 20700 00 | 25276 2 | 1 1330 82 |
| Lodi | 4274 3253 | 95 47 | | 8 5800 0 | $0 	 2537 	 0 \ 0 	 1850 	 0$ | 3 4587 00 3 7650 00 | 11050 7 | 5 9000 03 |
| Saddle River | 1232 | 68 | 51.7 | n 200.0 | 0 1800 0 0 1635 0 |). 2000 O | 3284 3 | 8 201 87 4 445 99 |
| Franklin | 3251 | 99 64 | 65 6 121 6 | 0 | 2500 0 | | 5873 2 3806 9 | 4 563 32 5 2331 92 |
| Summary. Ridgefield. Engle wood. Palisade. Harrington. Washington. Midland. New Barbadoes. Lodl. Union. Raddle River. Ridgewood. Franklin. Hohokus. | 3653 | 38 | 153 5 | | | FE000 | - | |
| | 40860 | 42 | 1795 0 | 8 17816 0 | 0 37206 0 | 55022 0 | 97677 5 | 0 14652 50 |

State of New Jersey, for the School Year ending August 31, 1878.

| | loc | ı 5 ths | | ATTEND | ANCE | | | seat | | who I. | who | 8 11 | ers | per ers. | rs. |
|--|--|---|--|--|---|---|--|---|---|---|---|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|
| No. of District. | Present value of the school property. | No. of children between 5 and 18 years of age. Average number of months school kept open. | Number enrolled. Number attending 10 months of nore. | No. attending between 8 and 10 months. No. attending between | No. attending hetween 4 and 6 months. | Number attending less than 4 months. | Average attendance. | Number the house will sconfortably. | Condition of the public school buildings. | Number of children wattend private school. | children school. | Number of male teachers employed. | Number of female teachers employed. | Average satary paid per month to male teachers. | Average salary paid per month to female teachers. |
| 31 32 83 | \$25000 00 500 00 6000 00 | 477 10 488 1034 219 11 | 340 318 47 146 4 | 56 8 95 5 30 3 | 5 36 | 103 85 43 | 250 263 77 | 500 225 140 | v. g. p v. g. | 50 60 3 | 87 110 70 | 1 1 2 | 5 3 | \$100 00 140 00 42 00 | \$51 00 42 00 |
| | 31500 00 | 1184 10.5 | 804 51 | 181 16 | | 236 | 590 | 865 | | 113 | 267 | 4 | 8 | 94 00 | 46 50 |
| 33 1/3 34 35 36 87 | 2500 00 1500 00 3500 00 8000 00 16000 00 | 92 10 91 10 327 11 262 10 368 111/4 | 70 2 47 228 30 169 10 268 84 | 20 4 56 5 51 3 43 5 | 9 14 6 4 6 71 3 23 5 24 | 25 33 15 52 62 | 39 22 136 100 185 | 56 50 275 272 400 | v. g. g. med. v. g. v. g. | 1 12 4 2 | 21 44 87 89 93 | 1 1 2 | 1 1 1 2 2 | 66 67 100 00 83 33 | 36 36 30 00 37 50 39 00 35 25 |
| | 31500 00 | 1140 10.4 | 782 126 | 174 15 | 9 136 | 187 | 482 | 1053 | | 19 | 339 | -4 | 7 | 83 33 | 35 62 |
| 88 89 40 40 40 41 | 3500 00 2500 00 10000 00 10000 00 4000 00 | 104 11 198 10 282 10 180 10 101 10 | 60 1 140 242 71 148 55 55 | 15 1 12 4 42 4 26 2 22 1 | 8 17 6 31 1 20 | 16 63 52 26 7 | 32 67 133 90 37 | 80 150 240 288 50 | g. v. g. v. g. v. g. v. g. | 10 6 24 | 34 52 16 32 8 | i 1 | 1 1 3 3 1 | 75 00 120 00 | 55 00 60 00 55 00 63 33 41 67 |
| - 1 | 30000 00 | 865 10.2 | 645 127 | 117 14 | 4 93 | 164 | 359 | 808 | | 78 | 142 | | 9 | 97 50 | 55 00 |
| 42 42 43 | 1000 00 1600 00 3000 00 | 148 10 66 10 74 10.5 | 84 8 41 20 35 5 | 15 1 7 8 1 | 5 15 5 4 0 5 | 31 5 7 | 40 26 17 | 60 60 60 | med. v. g. v. g. | 15 2 16 | 49 23 23 | | 1 1 | 50 00 | 40 00 33 34 |
| | 5600 00 | 288 10.2 | 160 33 | 30 3 | | 43 | 83 | 180 | ••••• | 33 | 95 | 1 | 2 | 50 00 | 36 67 |
| 44 45 61 | 1500 00 4500 00 6000 00 | 110 9.5 121 10 157 10 | 75 75 95 | 22 2 22 2 17 2 | 3 20 3 10 1 11 | 10 20 46 | 36 43 67 | 60 70 90 | y. g. v. g. | 12 20 30 | 23 26 32 | i 1 | i | 60 00 80 00 | 40 00 |
| | 12000 00, | 388 9.7 | 245 | 61 6 | 7 41 | 76 | 146 | 220 | ••••• | 62 | 81 | 2 | 2 | 70 00 | 40 00 |
| 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 | 500 00 800 00 800 00 1000 00 1200 00 100 00 1000 00 1500 00 | 225 1034 81 9 52 10.3 55 10.5 81 9 56 914 99 10.5 69 10.5 | 92 43 35 40 63 86 59 | 27 2 7 1 6 9 4 1 1 1 23 1 | 4 12 7 7 8 9 3 13 1 1 | 16 10 15 14 33 29 54 12 | 37 25 18 20 37 11 30 34 | 54 50 50 38 75 35 50 60 | med. med. v. g. v. g. v. p. med. med. | 12 3 8 1 | 9 15 17 25 13 | | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | | 60 00 33 33 30 00 33 33 33 33 33 89 28 33 33 33 |
| | 6900 00 | 718 10 | 449 | 87 8 | 9 90 | 153 | 212 | 412 | | 24 | 245 | | 8 | | 35 69 |
| 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 62 | 1500 00 1000 00 5000 00 1200 00 350 00 1200 00 450 00 1200 00 | 149 11 175 10.5 144 11.5 110 10 116 10 71 9 59 9 68 9 | 77 6 119 10 120 25 60 7 46 45 41 | 2 1 2 1 | 1 10 1 14 4 12 3 2 | 33 51 8 40 19 18 35 19 | 37 53 55 32 21 24 30 23 | 50 50 160 60 40 60 48 54 | g. med. v. g. g. p med. p. v. g. | 30 13 4 3 4 1 | 42 43 20 47 66 25 13 26 | i i i 1 | 1 i 1 | 70 00 50 00 36 67 30 00 | 50 00 55 00 44 90 34 00 |
| 1 | 11850 00 | 892 10 | 554 49 | 100 10 | 1 82 | 223 | 265 | 522 | | 56 | 282 | 4 | 4 | 46 67 | 45 98 |
| | 23100 00 26500 00 13000 00 17300 00 7100 00 8900 00 31500 00 31500 00 5600 00 12700 00 1850 00 11850 00 | 1274 10.4 1202 10.1 519 10.3 755 11 783 10 609 11 1184 10.5 1140 10.4 865 10.2 238 10.2 388 9.7 718 10 892 10 | 600 26 550 58 327 13 447 44 488 10 423 31 804 51 782 126 645 127 160 33 245 449 554 48 | 162 11 152 9 84 6 98 5 75 10 74 7 181 16 174 15 117 14 30 3 61 6 87 8 100 10 | 65 7 73 7 102 4 77 8 168 9 136 4 93 0 24 7 41 9 90 1 82 | 196 172 105 175 194 167 236 187 164 43 76 183 223 | 325 333 180 280 230 210 590 482 359 83 146 212 265 | | | 301 372 43 69 54 36 113 19 78 33 62 24 56 | 373 280 149 239 241 150 267 339 142 95 81 245 282 | 7 3 2 5 4 3 4 4 2 1 2 4 41 | 46323387922884 | 48 71 80 72 81 67 57 34 48 35 53 47 94 00 83 33 97 50 50 00 70 00 46 67 67 65 | 27 06 41 18 41 12 33 70 41 89 36 41 46 50 35 62 55 00 36 67 40 00 35 69 45 98 |

Statistical Report, by Districts, for the County of BURLINGTON,

| | | | | FI | NANOIAL | STATEMEN | NT. | | |
|---|--|--|---------------|--|--|--|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| TOWNSHIPS AND DISTRICTS OR CITIES. | | State Appropriation. | Township Tax. | Surplus Revenue. | District School Tax voted for payment of teachers' salaries. | District School Tax voted to be used for building, purchasing, hiring, repairing, &c. | District School Tax to be raised. | Total amount from all sources. | Balance in the hands of the collector, exclusive of money for building and repair- |
| BURLINGTON, BURLINGTON, Union, No. Irick, Mit hell, Oakland, | 1 2 3 4 | \$5969 79 384 46 323 09 330 55 | | \$543 68 35 01 26 91 19 45 | | | | \$6513 47 419 47 350 00 350 00 | \$2489 66 31 08 54 00 |
| FLORENCE. Florence, Ivins, Lower Mansfield, | 567 | 1000 31 333 14 | | 91 10 16 86 | | | | 7632 94 1091 41 350 00 350 00 | 2574 76 154 38 |
| MANSFIELD. Grove, Columbus, Georgetown, Mansfield, Three Tuns, | 8 9 10 11 12 | 1656 54 327 96 676 36 326 98 332 82 326 98 | | 134 87 22 04 61 60 23 02 17 18 23 02 | | \$250 00 | \$250 00 | 350 00 737 96 350 00 350 00 350 00 600 00 | 73 29 |
| BORDENTOWN. Mansfield Square, Fieldsboro', Bordentown, | 13 14 15 | 1991 10 333 47 662 12 | | 146 86 16 53 60 30 | | 250 00 | 250 00 | 2387 96 350 00 1022 42 5970 49 | 94 34 |
| BEVERLY. Beverly, River, Delanco, | 16 17 15 | 324 71 455 65 | | 178 63 25 29 41 50 | | 1800 00 650 00 75 00 100 00 | 1800 00 650 00 75 00 100 00 | 7342 91 2790 09 425 00 597 15 3812 24 | 2628 11 114 53 5 00 119 53 |
| CINNAMINSON. Riverside, West Chester, New Albany, Riverton, Clunaminson, Westfield, Bridgeboro, Chesterville, | 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 | 783 16 395 13 320 82 462 77 555 33 633 64 | | 71 32 35 99 | | 157 00 | 157 00 | 3812 24 1011 48 431 12 350 00 504 92 905 90 691 35 590 37 350 00 | 107 45 143 86 121 05 156 35 229 91 |
| CHESTER. Chesterford, Chester Brick, Moorestown, Poplar Grove, | 27 28 29 30 | 326 66 335 41 1676 67 | | 23 34 14 59 152 70 | | 457 00 1700 00 | | 4835 14 350 00 350 00 3529 37 350 00 | 1055 24 62 64 37 40 403 97 67 03 |
| WILLINGBORO'. Town House, Rancocas, | 31 32 | 322 44 665 68 | | | | 1700 00 | 1700 00 | 4579 37 350 00 726 31 1076 31 | 571 03 268 21 150 84 419 05 |
| WESTAMPTON. Timbuctoo, Union, Smithville, Ewan, | 33 34 35 36 | 145 95 345 31 321 80 334 44 | | 13 29 31 45 28 20 15 56 | \$375 00 | | | 159 24 376 76 725 00 350 00 | 7 39 18 18 |
| SPRINGFIELD. Scott, Willow Grove, Old Springfield, Mount, Juliastown, Jobstown, Springfield, | 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 | 338 19 335 41 327 53 334 63 551 77 480 57 329 58 | | 88 50 30 80 14 59 29 83 30 4× 50 25 43 77 20 42 | | 200 00 2000 00 | 200 00 2000 00 | 368 99 350 00 357 36 365 11 802 02 2524 34 350 00 | 79 83 223 45 252 35 |

State of New Jersey, for the School Year ending August 31, 1878.

| - | | | | | | | | | | | | | - | - | - | - | | |
|--|--|---|--|------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|----------------------------|---|---|---|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| | Present value of the school property. | n 5 | Average number of months school kept open. | | , | ATTE | NDA | NOE. | | | Number the house will seat comfortably. | | who l. | wbo | Number of male teachers employed. | Number of female teachers employed. | paid per teachers. | Average salary paid per month to female teachers. |
| | sch | between f age. | TOT | | 10 | en | E a | en | 90 90 | | II s | lic | 7.5 | | tch | tch | | che |
| | je i | o. of children between and 18 years of age. | fur | | b.0 . | No. attending between 8 and 10 months. | No. attending between 6 and 8 months. | No. attending between 4 and 6 months. | Number attending less than 4 months. | ce. | × | Condition of the public school buildings. | umber of children attend private school | of children no school. | tes | tes | paid teach | ea ea |
| | 2 | be of | To | ģ. | vamber attending mouths or more. | o. attending betw 8 and 10 months. | 18. | et. | | Average attendance | 186 | ondition of the p school buildings. | as s | of childr | e e | ale: | , D | le le |
| ct: | 0 | No. of children and 18 years o | ole | Number enrolled. | PDC | g p | o, attending bet 6 and 8 months. | o. attending ber | umber attendition 4 months. | nd | y. | 35 | are or | ch ch | ED3 | ũ | salary to made | ar |
| Ē | ğ. | ldr | ande | nrc | att | # E | iii ii | Iln | tte | tte | e le | of | of priv | S O | g. | fe d. | sal n | fer |
|)18 | va rty | 1 5 E | E N | 5 | | 100 | s r | bind 6 r | z Z | et 4: | ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## | a d | 0 3 | ° ± | ye | ye. | t to | . 3 |
| Ę | pe pe | űñ. | 00 | pe | he | nd | nd | nd | D C | ರ್ಷ ಜ | pe of c | 5 5 | bei | be. | E E | Pel | age nuth | ath |
| No. of District. | resent va property | 0.0 | er | Ē | Number | ್ಷ ಜ | 5.8 | - 2 | ba | 'e r | umber the ho | nd | Number | Number | number of employed. | umber of f employed. | 100 | Ter |
| × | T. | ž. | Ź. | ž | Z. | z | Z | z | Z | ¥ | ž | 5 | ž" | ž" | ž | ž | Average month t | Y a |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | |
| 1 | \$24000 00 | 1732 | 10 | 937 | 3 | 178 | 232 | 207 | 317 | 469 | 750 | v. g. | 350 | 445 | 1 | 13 | \$100 00 | \$25 50 |
| 2 | 1000 00 2500 00 | 136 | 10 | 66 | | 3 | 14 13 | 11 12 | 317 39 | 24 20 | 70 | g. | 18 | 44 | 1 | ···i | 40 00 | 35 00 |
| 1 2 3 4 | 800 00 | 1732 136 75 62 | 10 | 48 60 | | 6 | 9 | 13 | 20 32 | 21 | 70 60 60 | v. g. | 1 | 26 2 | ···i | | 31 33 | 50 00 |
| | | | | | | 7.30 | | 0.40 | | | | | | | | - | | 011.05 |
| | 28300 00 | 2005 | 10 | 1111 | 3 | 189 | 268 | 243 | 408 | 534 | 940 | | 369 | 517 | 3 | 14 | 57 11 | 30 25 |
| 5 | 8000 00 | 245 | 11 | 256 37 79 | 3 | 7 | 10 | 60 | 176 | 80 | 300 | g. med. | | 25 11 | 1 | 1 | 45 30 | 40 00 |
| 5 6 7 | 400 00 1800 00 | 54 87 | 10 | 37 | | 7 2 2 | 10 | 11 13 | 16 54 | 17 27 | 44 56 | med. | 6 3 | 11 5 | 1 | ····i | 30 00 | 33 00 |
| - 4 | 1800 00 | - 87 | 10 | | _ | | | | | | 90 | g. | | | •••• | | | |
| | 10200 00 | 386 | 10.3 | 472 | 3 | 11 | 28 | 84 | 246 | 124 | 400 | | 9 | 41 | 2 | 2 | 37 50 | 36 50 |
| 8 | 450 00 | 65 | 10 | 45 | | | 6 | 7 | 32 | 19 | 36 | n | 2 | 18 | | 1 | | 31 00 |
| 8 9 10 11 12 | 400 00 | 65 176 | 9.5 11 11 | 124 | 3 | 10 | 23 5 5 8 | 24 | 64 32 37 | 19 52 17 20 28 | 85 40 80 | p. | 20 | 18 32 | 2 | 1 | 35 00 | 20 83 |
| 10 | 500 00 600 00 | 64 | 11 | 53 58 | | 6 | 5 | 11 | 32 | 17 | 40 | p. | | 18 | | ···i | 30 00 | 27 27 |
| 12 | 500 00 | 64 55 61 | 10.7 | 45 124 53 58 53 | | 5 7 | 8 | 14 | 24 | 28 | 60 | med. | 3 | 18 2 7 | | i | | 27 27 28 52 |
| | | | | | - | 28 | 47 | 65 | 189 | 190 | | | | | 3 | | 20 50 | 26 90 |
| | 2450 00 | 421 | 10.4 | 333 | 4 | | | | | 136 | 301 | | 28 | 77 | 3 | 4 | 32 50 | |
| 13 14 15 | 150 00 3000 00 14000 00 | 54 172 1155 | 9 | 27 119 | | 1 | 1 | 18 | 21 50 | 8 57 | _60 | p. | 2 | 25 | | 1 | | 25 00 33 33 34 75 |
| 14 | 3000 00 | 172 | 10.5 | 613 | | 23 155 | 28 155 | 122 | 181 | 57 356 | 200 700 | g. | 14 282 | $\frac{45}{256}$ | ····ż | 10 | 75 00 | 33 33 |
| 10 | | | | | | li | | | | | | v. g. | | | | | | |
| | 17150 00 | 1381 | 9.8 | 759 | | 179 | 184 | 144 | 252 | 421 | 960 | | 298 | 326 | 2 | 13 | 75 00 | 31 02 |
| 16 | 20000 00 | 558 | 9 | 210 | | 22 12 | 84 | 42 | 62 7 | 131 | 600 | v.g. | 200 | 148 | 1 | 5 | 75 00 | 37 00 |
| 16 17 18 | 600 00 1500 00 | 69 138 | 9 | 61 96 | | 12 | 84 24 33 | 18 | 7 | 31 56 | 600 52 90 | med | 3 | 8 29 | i | 1 | | 30 00 |
| 18 | 1500 00 | 138 | 9 | 96 | •••• | 3 | 33 | 29 | 31 | - 56 | 90 | g. | 3 | 29 | 1 | 1 | 42 00 | |
| | 22100 00 | 765 | 9 | 367 | | 37 | 141 | 89 | 100 | 218 | 742 | | 203 | 185 | 2 | 7 | 58 50 | 32 33 |
| 10 | 2000 00 | 99.4 | 0 | 106 | | 2 | 21 | 97 | 56 | 58 | 900 | | 90 | 20 | 9 | | 45 00 | |
| 20 | 1000 00 | 224 119 | 9 | 57 | | | 20 | 10 | 56 27 38 | 30 31 | 75 | g. med. | 32 | 20 22 | 2 1 1 | | 40 40 | |
| 21 | 1800 00 2500 00 | 98 | 8 | 67 | | | 10 | 27 10 19 37 | 38 | 31 | 200 75 60 | g | 32 7 | 16 | 1 | | 40 40 | |
| 23 | 3000 001 | 172 | 10 | 106 57 67 68 130 | | 25 | 21 20 10 15 50 | 12 | 16 43 | 43 72 | 80 200 | g. | 35 10 | 12 16 27 30 | | 2 2 | | 28 00 36 25 47 50 25 00 |
| 24 | 4000 00 1200 00 | 167 | 9.5 | 114 117 | | 3 | 28 | 27 | 56 | 32 55 | 104 | g. | 26 | 27 | | 2 | | 47 50 |
| 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 | 1200 00 2000 00 | 98 127 172 167 164 84 | 10 10 9.5 9 | 117 61 | | 25 3 3 7 | 28 27 18 | 12 27 33 12 | 54 24 | 55 33 | 90 44 | g g g g g g g g g g g g g g g g g g g | 5 8 | 30 15 | "i | 1 | 55 55 38 00 | 25 00 |
| -340 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 17500 00 | 1155 | 9.2 | 720 | | 40 | 189 | 177 | 314 | 354 | 853 | | 213 | 158 | 6 | 7 | 43 71 | 34 19 |
| 27 | 1000 00 | 65 | 9.7 | 47 | | 10 | 8 | 8 | 21 11 | 25 13 | 50 | g. | 3 | 15 | | 1 | | 33 33 |
| 28 | 1000 00 500 00 | 65 45 | 9.7 8.5 9.5 | 47 22 337 | | 1 3 | 8 | 8 5 68 | | | 50 40 | med. | 13 | 15 10 | | 1 5 | | 32 00 38 50 |
| 27 28 29 30 | 10000 00 400 00 | 510 69 | 9.5 | 337 46 | | 22 | 85 15 | 12 | 162 19 | 166 21 | 244 40 | v. g. med. | 43 | 91 17 | ···i | 1 | 40 00 | 38 50 35 00 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | III Cu. | | | | | | |
| | 11900 00 | 689 | 9.3 | 452 | | 32 | 114 | 93 | 213 | 225 | 374 | | 65 | 133 | 1 | 8 | 40 00 | 34 73 |
| 31 -32 | 500 00 | 90 175 | 10 | 66 | | 3 11 | 12 | 8 | 43 | 28 | $\frac{44}{200}$ | med. | 6 | 14 | | 1 | | 30 00 32 50 |
| -32 | 6000 00' | 175 | 10 | 66 113 | | 11 | 19 | 26 | 57 | 50 | 200 | v. g. | 50 | 14 12 | | 2 | | 32 50 |
| | 6500 00 | 265 | 10 | 179 | | 14 | 31 | 34 | 100 | 78 | 244 | | 56 | 26 | | 3 | | 31 25 |
| 00 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Ŭ | | 01 10 |
| 33 34 35 36 | 200 00 1500 00 | 41 75 63 | 5 10.5 | 29 78 66 34 | | 5 | 10 | 10 21 | 19 42 | 15 33 | 40 50 | p. | 2 4 | 10 10 | 1 | ···i | 24 00 | 34 28 |
| 35 | priv. prop. | 63 | 10 | 66 | ···i | 14 | 10 13 | 8 2 | 30 | 60 | 40 | g. g. | 1 | | ···i | 1 7 | 40 00 | |
| 36 | 300 00 | 51 | 10 | 34 | | 10 | 5 | 2 | 17 | 21 | 40 | v. p. | 3 | 14 | | ···i | | 32 00 |
| | 2000 00 | 230 | 8.9 | 207 | 1 | 29 | 28 | 41 | 108 | 129 | 170 | | 10 | 34 | 2 | 2 | 32 00 | 33 14 |
| 97 | | | | | | | | | 99 | | | | 1 | | | | | 25 00 |
| 38 | 700 00 | 85 50 | 3 10 0 10 0 11 0 10.5 | 51 36 | | 7 2 | 2 | 19 14 | 23 18 38 34 42 45 | 33 17 | 70 | v. p. | 1 | 43 | | 1 | 40 00 | 35 00 |
| 39 | 200 00 250 00 | 89 | 11 | 72 | | 7 | 13 | 14 14 17 | 38 | 24 | 60 | med. | 3 | 9 17 | 1 | i | 33 33 | 33 33 |
| 40 | 900 00 1400 00 | 89 | 10.5 | 36 72 66 112 105 | ···i | 20 | 27 | 17 | 34 | 17 24 27 60 52 | 48 | med. | 9 | 14 | | 1 | 60.00 | 33 33 |
| 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 | 500 00 | 154 128 63 | 10.3 10.3 10 | 105 | | 20 16 | 2 13 14 27 22 14 | 22 22 23 | | 52 | 70 32 60 48 70 55 | v. p. | 16 | 42 7 7 | 1 1 | | 60 00 50 30 | |
| 43 | 500 00 | 63 | 3 11 | 48 | i | 6 | 14 | 23 | 4 | 18 | 40 | med. | 8 | 7 | | ···i | | 30 00 |
| | 4450 00 | 661 | 10.4 | 490 | 2 | 59 | 94 | 131 | 204 | 221 | 375 | | 37 | 139 | 4 | 3 | 48 16 | 32 77 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Statistical Report, by Districts, for the County of BURLINGTON,

| | | | | FI | NANGIAL | STATEMEN | T. | | |
|--|----------------------------------|---|---------------|---|--|---|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| TOWNSHIPS AND DISTRICTS OR | | State Appropriation. | Tax. | tevenue. | District School Tax voted for payment of teachers' salaries. | District School Tax voted to be used for building, purchasing, hiring, repairing, &c. | School Tax to | Fotal amount from all sources. | Balance in the hands of the collector, exclusive of money for building and repairing purposes. |
| CITIES. | | State App | Township Tax. | Surplus Revenue. | District S voted for teacher | District S voted t building hiring, | District School be raised. | Total amo | Balance of the clusive building |
| Burlington (Continued CHESTERFIELD, Plattsburg, No Reckle stown, Black's Bridge, Crosswicks, Extonville, | .) 44 45 46 47 48 | \$359 54 501 93 334 11 829 43 384 46 | | 10 04 | | \$50 00 275 00 | \$50 00 275 00 | \$392 28 547 64 400 00 1179 97 419 47 | \$213 37 3 66 99 19 129 01 |
| NEW HANOVER, Harrison, Jacobstown, Cookstown, Cranberry, Wrightstown, | 49 50 51 51 52 | 2409 47 331 52 459 22 523 29 405 82 462 77 484 14 | | 18 48 41 82 47 66 | | 325 00 | | 2939 36 350 00 501 04 570 95 442 78 1804 92 | 119 70 191 39 50 10 |
| Pemberton, PEMBERTON. New Hanover, Brown's Mills, New Lisbon, Coates, Pemberton, | 53 54 55 56 57 58 | 2666 76 135 27 352 42 | | 231 16 12 32 32 10 | | | 1300 00 | 528 23 4197 92 147 59 384 52 388 40 457 82 1059 35 | 317 69 769 44 2 19 352 27 94 16 21 91 |
| Magnolla, Birmingham, SOUTHAMPTON. *Lane, | 60 | 380 90 430 73 2908 35 320 82 | | 264 88 | | 150 00 | 150 00 | 415 59 469 96 3323 23 350 00 | 349 43 27 25 54 91 902 12 140 65 |
| Buddtown, Vincentown, Retreat, Beaver Dam, Freedom, | 62 63 64 65 66 | 363 10 978 94 405 82 324 06 333 79 2726 53 | | 33 07 89 16 36 96 25 94 16 21 230 52 | | | | 396 17 1068 10 442 78 350 00 350 00 2957 05 | 47 30 41 64 14 01 115 80 359 40 |
| LUMBERTON. Eayrestown, Lumberton, Fostertown, Hamesport, Easton, | 67 69 70 71 72 | 332 49 437 85 330 22 427 18 321 47 | | 17.51 | | | 150 00 500 00 | 350 00 627 73 350 00 966 08 350 00 | 2 01 84 30 199 59 |
| NORTHAMPTON. Mount Holly, MOUNT LAUREL. | 73 | 4207 70 | | 144 60 383 20 | \$2300 00 | 650 00 | 650 00 2300 00 | 2643 81 6890 90 | 456 96 |
| Centreton, Hartford, Green Grove, Fellowship, Mount Laurei, | 74 76 77 78 80 | 321 80 324 71 324 06 321 15 341 74 | | 28 20 25 29 25 94 28 85 31 12 | 100 00 | 50 00 | | 350 00 350 00 350 00 450 00 422 86 | 61 65 2 62 20 43 7 97 39 23 |
| EVESHAM. London Grove, Pine Grove, Mariton, Jacques' Bridge, Miford, | 79 81 82 83 84 | 1633 46 352 42 405 82 637 21 334 44 398 70 | | 139 40 32 10 36 96 58 03 15 56 36 31 | 100 00 | | 200 00 1644 71 150 00 30 00 | 1922 86 384 52 642 78 2339 95 500 00 465 01 | 65 48 981 53 190 34 84 45 71 92 |
| MEDFORD. Cross Roads, Eastern, Medford, Charville, Oak Grove, | 85 86 87 88 89 | 324 39 327 31 1156 94 | | 0.0 | | 2024 71 150 00 2000 00 18 83 | 2024 71 150 00 2000 00 18 83 | 4332 26 350 00 500 00 3262 30 368 83 407 82 | |
| SHAMONG. Tabernacle, Free Soil, * No report. | 90 91 | 2516 21 341 74 335 09 | | | | | 2168 83 | 4888 95 372 86 350 00 | 902 84 644 04 171 38 |

State of New Jersey, for the School Year ending August 31, 1878.

| _ | | - G | | | | | | | 0 20 0 | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|---|--|---|---|---|--|--|
| No. of District. | Present value of the school property. | No. of children between 5 and 18 years of age. Average number of mouths school kept open. | Number enrolled. Number attending 10 months or more. | 8 and 10 months. No. attending between No. attending between No. 6 and 8 months. | No. attending between 27 4 and 6 months. Wumber attending less than 4 months. | Average attendance. | Number the house will seat comfortably. Condition of the public | school buildings. Number of children who attend private school. | Number of children who attend no school. Number of male teachers employed. | employed. Average salary paid per month to male teachers. | Average salary paid per month to femaie teachers. |
| Z | | z < | ZZ | ZZ | ZZ | < | Z O | Z | ZZZ | < | <u> </u> |
| 44 45 46 47 48 | \$300 00 1000 00 300 00 priv. prop. 300 00 | 93 11 125 12 46 10 248 11 104 10.5 | 75 3 113 6 28 186 6 79 | 7 11 15 8 2 40 22 3 12 | 11 43 20 64 8 18 35 83 21 43 | 26 44 10 113 28 | 56 p 80 g 50 p 90 g 45 p | 3 3 5. 3 6. 1 6. 30 5. 5 | 23 1 17 17 1 26 23 1 | \$33 33 1 33 33 3 37 00 | \$50 00 39 81 |
| | 1900 00 | 619 10.9 | 481 15 | 65 55 | 95 251 | 221 | 321 | 43 | 106 3 | 4 34 55 | 44 90 |
| 49 50 51 51 51 52 53 | priv. prop. 200 00 500 00 1000 00 1200 00 200 00 | 51 11.3 118 10.5 143 12 97 9 127 10 150 11 | 43 6 73 132 18 59 88 1 125 | 2 5 14 12 28 29 1 8 10 12 1 13 | 7 23 16 31 26 31 8 42 12 53 33 78 | 44 34 56 20 46 38 | 80 v. | p. 4 p. 25 ed. 1 g g. 3 p | 4 18 14 1 38 39 1 11 1 | 1 50 00 1 50 00 60 00 | 28 33 31 66 47 00 |
| | 3100 00 | 636 10.6 | 520 25 | 56 79 | 102 258 | 238 | 375 | 33 | 124 3 | 3 53 33 | 35 66 |
| 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 | 200 00 500 00 400 00 200 00 3100 00 1000 00 priv. prop. | 53 4.5 94 10 104 10.5 103 10 262 10 102 9 109 9.5 | 49 81 63 167 80 63 | 2 6 9 21 14 5 15 34 1 4 7 13 | 19 33 10 39 50 68 6 69 | 23 24 37 28 81 15 30 | 90 p 60 m 40 p 200 g 50 m | ed. 2 | 4 1 18 1 16 37 60 1 22 1 27 | 30 00 40 00 1 | 40 00 40 00 40 00 40 00 40 00 40 00 |
| | 5400 00 | 827 9.1 | 590 | 48 83 | 121 338 | 238 | 510 | 37 | 184 4 | 5 46 25 | 40 00 |
| 61 62 63 64 65 66 | 800 00 500 00 5000 00 400 00 1100 00 1200 00 | 80 11 116 10.5 274 10 124 12 93 9.5 51 10 | 60 93 195 15 69 53 | 4 6 3 15 24 39 6 2 8 4 6 | 18 57 44 73 | 22 35 33 24 22 17 | 5() g | 7. I | 10 14 64 2 54 27 13 | 1 1 40 00 1 1 | 30 00 40 00 30 00 28 75 30 00 28 00 |
| | 9000 00 | 738 10.5 | 505 15 | 37 80 | 102 271 | 153 | 529 | 47 | 182 2 | 6 40 00 | 31 35 |
| 67 69 70 71 72 | 800 00 2000 00 1000 00 2100 00 200 00 | 65 10 153 10 51 9 119 10.5 74 10 | 57 1 117 1 50 82 51 | 4 7 19 16 15 6 18 6 11 | 16 29 22 59 9 26 18 40 11 23 | 21 58 23 32 28 | 50 g 160 g 60 g 80 v. | g. 2 g. 6 | 8 18 1 5 1 38 37 | 1 1 40 00 35 00 2 | 24 00 20 00 46 19 30 00 |
| | 6100 00 | 452 9.9 | 357 2 | 35 67 | 76 177 | 162 | 410 | 8 | 106 2 | 5 37 50 | 30 48 |
| 73 | 12000 00 | 1108 10.5 | 678 61 | 248 123 | 95 151 | 540 | 600 g | g. 100 | 404 1 | 12 100 00 | 30 91 |
| 74 76 77 78 80 | 1250 00 15 0 00 500 00 1200 00 priv. prop. | 75 9 74 9 68 10 90 9.8 119 10 | 69 62 76 78 | 6 11 3 7 3 8 43 17 23 5 | 13 39 13 39 11 34 9 7 18 32 | 30 25 23 56 40 | 90 m | g. 4 g. 15 ed. 5 g. 9 g. 1 | 8 6 1 17 | 1 1 40 00 | 33 33 30 00 30 00 35 00 |
| | 4450 00 | 426 9.5 | 341 | 78 48 | 61 151 | 174 | 292 | 34 | 33 1 | 4 40 00 | 32 83 |
| 79 81 82 83 84 | 500 00 1000 00 5500 00 550 00 600 00 | 104 10 116 10 183 10 46 9 104 9 | 78 79 171 27 87 | 8 11 4 20 40 2 5 2 21 | 40 71 7 13 | 35 29 .79 . 8 47 | 55 m 136 v. 40 g | g. 3 ed. 10 g. 1 | 18 27 7 19 25 2 | 1 2 1 31 50 | 45 00 36 50 37 50 30 00 |
| | 8150 00 | 553 9.6 | 442 | 32 81 | 101 228 | 198 | | 14 | 96 2 | 5 31 50 | 37 25 |
| 85 86 87 88 89 | 1400 00 400 00 6000 00 300 00 550 00 | 79 10.8 61 10.5 298 10 55 9.5 107 10 | 66 3 59 3 275 45 | 8 11 6 14 44 55 10 12 | 8 28 48 128 4 39 | 28 28 132 20 35 | 48 m 225 v 40 v. | g. 10 g. 10 p | 4 70 1 70 1 49 1 . | 1 2 75 00 1 44 00 | 32 09 30 00 30 00 30 00 |
| | 8650 00 | 600 10.1 | 501 6 | 68 94 | | 243 | 435 | 20 | 131 2 | 5 59 50 | 30 53 |
| -90 -91 | 400 00 500 00 | 86 10 46 9 | 70 43 | 2 9 | 8 51 11 25 | 22 18 | | ed | ²⁶ 1 . | 35 00 | 34 40 |

Statistical Report, by Districts, for the County of BURLINGTON,

| | | | | | | - | | | |
|---|----------------------------|---|---------|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| | | | | FI | NANOIAL | STATEMEN | T. | | |
| TOWNSHIPS AND DISTRICTS OR CITIES. | | State Appropriation. | | Surplus Revenue. | District School Tax voted for payment of teachers' salaries. | District School Tax voted to be used for building, purchasing, hiring, reputring, &c. | District School Tax to be raised. | Total amount from all sources. | Balance in the hands of the collector, ex- clusive of money for building and repair- ing purposes. |
| Union, | 92 93 94 | \$323 09 322 44 330 87 | | \$26 91 27 56 19 13 | | | | \$350 00 350 00 350 00 | \$59 67 89 29 62 34 |
| Atslon, | 2°44 . | 1653 23 | | 119 63 | | | | 1772 86 | 1026 73 |
| | 95 96 | 333 14 328 28 | | 16 86 21 72 | \$150 00 | \$50 00 200 00 | \$50 00 350 00 | 400 00 700 00 | 162 31 68 99 |
| THE CATALON CAN | | 661 42 | | 38 58 | 150 00 | 250 00 | 400 00 | 1100 00 | 231 30 |
| Crowlevtown, | 97 98 99 | 78 32 334 11 329 25 | | 7 13 15 89 20 75 | | 20 00 | 20 00 | 105 45 350 00 350 00 | 55 27 10 82 |
| RANDOLPH. | | 741 68 | | 43 77 | | 20 00 | 20 00 | 805 45 | 66 09 |
| Bridgeport, 1 Lower Bank, 1 | 00 01 03 | 335 09 334 44 128 15 | | 14 91 15 56 11 67 | | | | 350 00 350 00 139 82 | 265 24 24 41 76 88 |
| BASS RIVER. | | 797 68 | | 42 14 | | | | 839 82 | 366 53- |
| Harrisville, I Union Hill, I Bass River, I New Gretna, I | 04 05 06 07 08 | 335 09 332 82 330 22 324 71 320 82 | | 14 91 17 18 19 78 25 29 29 18 | | | | 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 | 11 36 42 99 37 04 3 51 |
| | - 1 | 1643 66 | | 106 34 | | | | 1750 00 | 94 90 |
| Gifford, I West Tuckerton, I Tuckerton, I | 09 10 11 12 13 | 335 41 377 33 459 22 747 56 326 01 | | 14 59 34 37 41 82 68 08 23 99 | 200 00 | 275 00 800 00 | 475 00 800 00 | 350 00 411 70 976 04 1615 64 350 00 | 7 08 23 60 114 64 21 82 |
| | | | | 182 85 | | | | 3703 38 | 167 14 |
| SHIBBURY, Florence. Mansfield. Bordentown Beverly. Cinnaminson. Chester Willingboro. Westampton Springfield. Chesterfield New Hanover Pemberton. Northampton Northampton Larrel Evesham. Medford. Shamong. Woodland Washington Randolph Bass River Little Egg Harbor. | | 7007 89 1656 54 1991 10 5092 93 2741 82 4014 06 2866 06 988 12 1147 50 2409 47 2908 55 2409 47 2908 55 1849 27 1449 21 1653 46 4207 70 1633 46 2516 21 1653 23 661 42 797 68 | | 213 32 88 19 88 50 | 2300 00 100 00 | 250 00 825 00 427 00 1700 00 2200 00 325 00 1300 00 650 00 50 00 2024 71 2168 83 250 00 20 00 | 1800 00 825 00 457 00 1700 00 375 00 2200 00 325 00 1300 00 150 00 2300 00 2024 71 2168 83 400 00 20 00 | 7632 94 1791 41 2887 94 2887 94 3812 24 4579 37 1076 31 1611 00 5117 82 2933 36 4197 23 2633 23 2757 05 2643 81 680 90 1772 86 1100 00 805 45 889 82 | 2574 76 168 09 94 34 2828 11 119 53 1065 24 57 19 05 56 45 56 45 56 45 57 87 446 29 129 12 339 40 436 96 1343 72 902 84 102 67 2 902 84 102 66 69 366 53 94 90 36 53 |
| Little Egg Harbor | | 2245 53 | | 182 85 | 200 00 | | 1275 00 | 3703 38 | 167 14 |
| CAMDEN. | | | • • • • | 5091 24 | 3125 00 | 15245 54 | 18370 54 | 84254 95 | 15586 76 |
| Camden, No | | 42448 76 | | 1072 08 | 16479 16 | | | 72000 00 | |
| Gloucester City, | 2 | 6022 56, | • • • • | 152 10 | | 800 00 | 800 00 | 6974 66 | |

State of New Jersey, for the School Year ending August 31, 1878.

| No. of District. | Present value of the school property. | No. of children between 5 and 18 years of age. Average number of months school kept open. | Number enrolled. Number attending 10 months or more. | No. attending between T 8 and 10 months. No. attending between Z 6 and 8 months. | No. attending between Z 4 and 6 months. | than 4 months. Average attendance. | Number the house will seat comfortably. | Condition of the public school buildings. | Number of children who attend private school. | Number of children who attend no school. | Number of male teachers employed. | Number of female teachers employed. | Average salary paid per month to male teachers. | Average salary paid per month to female teachers. |
|---------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|---|--|---|---|---|--|--|---|--|
| 92 93 94 | \$500 00 150 00 200 00 | 79 8 83 8.1 60 8 | 57 38 48 | 3 | 16 9 10 | 38 21 20 19 21 26 | 50 40 40 | med. med. v. p. | | 22 11 | 1 1 | i | \$40 00 45 00 | \$40 00 |
| | 1750 00 | 354 8.6 | 255 | 2 4 | 54 1 | 55 106 | 235 | ••••• | | 53 | 3 | 2 | 40 00 | 37 20 |
| 95 96 | 800 00 1800 00 | 47 9 58 12 | 29 24 | 1 2 | 5 11 | 21 11 13 14 | 50 60 | g. g. | | 21 | 1 | ···i | 33 33 | 34 00 |
| | 2600 00 | 105 10.5 | 53 | 1 5 | | 34 25 | 110 | | •••• | 21 | . 1 | 1 | 33 33 | 34 00 |
| 97 98 99 | 500 00 500 00 400 00 | 18 6 48 9 53 9 | 19 41 34 | I 11 10 | 10 | 12 13 24 17 6 24 | 50 50 60 | p. g. med. | | 2 7 19 | i | 1 | 35 07 | 28 33 40 00 |
| | 1400 00 | 119 8 | 94 | 12 1 | | 42 54 | 160 | | | 28 | 1 | 2 | 35 07 | 34 17 |
| 100 101 103 | 300 00 500 00 250 00 | 45 9 45 8.5 32 9 | 34 45 25 | 3 13 2 13 2 13 | 11 | $\begin{array}{ccc} 11 & 20 \\ 18 & 26 \\ 8 & 13 \end{array}$ | 45 60 40 | med. med. med. | | 9 ii | i 1 | 1 | 33 33 42 23 | 33 33 |
| | 1050 00 | 122 8.8 | 104 | 7 3 | 29 | 37 59 | 145 | | | 20 | 2 | 1 | 37 78 | 33 33 |
| 104 105 106 107 108 | priv. prop. 200 00 400 00 1000 00 500 00 | 39 9 49 9 62 9 82 9 89 9 | 23 39 55 76 62 | 1 5 2 10 12 11 12 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 | 11 6 6 22 | 8 12 17 18 31 26 23 35 29 | 100 50 100 64 49 | med. p. med. g. med. | | 16 10 6 6 28 | 1 | 1 1 1 1 | 36 67 | 35 00 35 00 35 00 35 00 38 35 |
| | 2100 00 | 321 9 | 255 | 20 6 | 57 | 114 85 | 363 | | | 66 | 1 | 4 | 36 67 | 35 84 |
| 109 110 111 112 113 | 500 00 200 00 3500 00 6000 00 800 00 | 48 9 115 9 124 9 219 9 69 9 | 27 70 96 191 62 | 1 10 11 12 19 6 15 | 3 3 17 7 23 2 41 3 10 | 16 19 27 39 35 55 69 117 24 34 | 16 60 140 210 50 | r. g. | 9 2 | 12 36 14 19 7 | 1 1 1 1 | 1 1 2 | 50 00 60 00 50 00 33 33 | 20 00 20 00 27 00 |
| | 11000 00 | 575 9 | 446 | 56 12 | 94 | 171 264 | 476 | | 11 | 88 | 4 | 4 | 48 33 | 22 33 |
| | 95/00 00 10200 00 10200 00 17150 00 17150 00 17760 00 17760 00 14550 01 12660 00 4455 01 12660 00 4460 00 4460 00 4460 00 4460 00 4460 00 1260 00 1376 00 1260 00 1460 | 2005 10 386 10 3 421 10 4 1281 9 8 765 9 9 1 155 9 2 2 689 9 3 256 10 9 681 10 4 619 10 9 686 10 6 827 9 1 10 10 10 5 426 9 3 10 1 | 1111 3 372 3 372 3 372 3 372 3 373 3 4 753 3 752 | 28 4' 179 18- 37 14 40 18- 32 11- 14 3 29 9- 65 5- 66 8- 37 80 37 80 248 12- 78 49 | 8 84 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 | 108 534 | 940 400 301 960 742 853 374 244 170 375 510 600 292 386 435 235 110 160 145 363 476 10706 | | 369 9 9 288 2988 2133 655 566 556 65 37 422 333 37 447 47 420 20 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 | 517 411 77 326 185 1183 26 34 1184 1184 1184 1184 1184 1184 1184 1 | 32 22 23 66 11 24 4 22 21 11 12 22 21 14 4 7 7 | 8 3 2 | 75 00 58 50 43 71 40 00 | 30 25 56 50 31 02 32 33 34 19 34 73 31 25 33 14 32 77 44 90 40 10 35 66 40 10 35 66 40 20 36 47 30 91 32 83 30 91 32 83 30 91 32 83 33 47 30 91 32 83 33 48 30 91 32 83 33 34 34 72 35 66 36 66 40 20 37 20 38 14 20 |
| 1 | 440500 00 | 11134 10.5 | , | | | 867 4653 | 6000 | F . | 1513 | 1953 | 8 | 102 | 130 00 | 43 25 |
| 2 | 50000 00 | 1576 10.7 | 783 56 | | | 260 435 | 720 | v. g. | 80 | 713 | 1 | 102 | 105 00 | 46 00 |

Statistical Report, by Districts, for the County of CAMDEN,

| | | | | F | NANOIAL | STATEME | NT. | | |
|---|--|---|---------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| TOWNSHIPS AND DISTRICTS OR CITIES. | | State Appropriation. | Township Tax. | Surplus Revenue. | District School Tax voted for payment of teachers' salaries. | District School Tax voted to be used for building, purchasting, biring, ke. | District School Tax to be raised. | Total amount from all sources. | Balance in the hands of the collector, exclusive of money for hullding and repairing purposes. |
| Camden (Continued.) STOCKTON. Union, Rosendale, Merchantsville, Greenville, Wrightsville, | No. 3 4 5 6 43 | 768 20 805 49 436 31 | | \$22 41 19 40 20 34 11 02 9 13 | \$1200 00 | \$200 00 | 100 00 | \$909 94 787 60 2225 83 547 33 | \$406 68 277 29 |
| DELAWARE, Ellisburg, Hillman, Horner, | 7 8 9 | 548 18 344 35 345 10 | | 82 30 13 84 5 65 4 90 | | | 250 00 | 5441 56 812 02 350 00 350 00 | 289 14 335 33 73 91 |
| HADDON. Champion, Rowandtown, Haddonfield, | 10 11 12 | 342 09 537 00 1506 57 | | 24 39 7 91 13 56 38 05 59 52 | 1000 00 | | 250 00 2500 00 2500 00 | 350 00 550 56 4044 62 4945 18 | 698 38 53 36 584 15 198 63 836 14 |
| CENTRE. Mount Ephraim, Westville, Greenland, Irish Hill, | 13 14 15 16 | 342 37 417 67 1029 23 343 22 | | 7 63 10 55 25 99 | 100 00 171 78 | 178 22 | 100 00 350 00 450 00 | 450 00 778 22 1055 22 350 00 2633 44 | |
| GLOUCESTER. Somerville, Chew's Landing, Laurel, Mechanicsville, Blackwoodtown, Spring Mills, Davisville, Clementon, Cheesman, | 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 | 391 56 342 28 343 03 344 26 540 73 345 58 345 67 361 73 | | | | 200 00 112 50 | 30 00 | 401 45 380 00 350 00 350 00 954 37 462 50 350 00 4×0 86 972 08 | 129 64 60 59 3 87 226 90 22 19 63 57 56 27 361 15 |
| WATERFORD. Glendale. Glendale. Glibbsboro', Milford, Thorn, Berlin, Atco, Jackson, Waterford, Farkdale, | 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 42 | 343 79 343 32 345 57 345 10 626 50 342 47 344 44 342 56 | | 4 90 15 82 7 53 5 56 7 44 | 100 00 | 717 00 120 00 75 00 150 00 | 1085 50 200 00 717 00 220 00 75 00 150 00 | 4701 26 350 00 550 00 350 00 350 00 1359 32 570 00 350 00 425 00 500 00 | 924 18 27 88 58 28 82 03 92 49 48 14 |
| WINSLOW. Tansboro' North, Sicklerville, Tansboro', Punp Branch, Bates' Mill, Ancora, Pine Grove, Winslow, | 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 | 3378 38 344 35 344 54 357 99 345 49 344 54 67 13 343 88 | | 63 94 5 65 5 46 9 04 4 52 5 46 1 69 6 12 | 96 00 10 00 100 00 | 90 00 | 1362 00 150 00 96 00 100 00 100 00 | 4804 32 500 00 350 00 463 03 350 00 450 00 168 82 350 00 932 89 | 308 82 64 95 21 17 119 10 103 49 180 80 268 18 |
| Sninmary, Gamden | | 3057 82 42448 76 6022 56 3259 26 1237 63 2385 66 2132 49 3540 63 | | 60 92 1072 08 152 10 82 30 24 39 59 52 50 95 75 13 63 94 | 206 00 16479 16 1200 00 250 00 1000 00 271 78 482 00 100 00 | 240 00 12000 00 800 00 900 00 1500 00 178 22 603 50 1282 00 | 446 00 28479 16 800 00 2100 00 250 00 2500 00 450 00 1085 50 1362 00 446 00 | 3564 74 72000 00 6974 66 5441 56 1512 02 4945 18 2633 44 4701 26 4×04 32 | 757 69 683 97 698 39 836 14 734 95 924 18 308 82 757 69 |

State of New Jersey, for the School Year ending August 31, 1878.

| = | 10 | 10 | 80 | | | 4 MM E | 10170.0 | N. O.P. | | | # J | | 19 | 9 | 00 | 00 | S. r. | Li si |
|--|---|--|--|--|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| No. of District. | Present value of the school | No. of children between and 18 years of age. | Average number of months school kept open. | Number enrolled. | Number attending 10 months or more. | No. attending between 28 and 10 months. | No. attending between 6 and 8 months. | No. attending between 4 and 6 months. | Number attending less than 4 months. | Average attendance. | Number the house will seat comfortably. | Condition of the public school buildings | Number of children who attend private school. | Number of children who attend no school. | Number of male teachers employed. | Number of female teachers employed. | Average salary paid per month to male teachers. | Average salary paid per month to female teachers. |
| 3 4 5 6 43 | \$3500 00 2500 00 5000 00 2500 00 1500 00 | 224 225 222 117 141 | 9 10.7 10.3 9.5 6 | 156 211 184 63 101 | i | 24 23 6 | 20 33 54 8 | 42 43 54 24 28 | 90 111 52 25 73 | 48 86 100 30 49 | 160 135 200 64 80 | v. g. v. g. v. g. v. g. v. g. | 6 16 6 5 | 68 10 22 37 35 | 1 1 | 2 3 2 1 | \$28 00 25 00 | \$37 50 35 25 37 50 45 00 35 00 |
| 7 8 9 | 15000 00 4000 00 400 00 2000 00 | 929 147 57 51 | 9.1 9.3 10 9 | 715 85 42 47 | 1 | 57 11 4 7 | 115 13 10 18 | 191 15 11 6 | 351 46 17 16 | 313 54 20 29 | 639 112 48 60 | v. g. g. v. g. | 33 40 | 172 22 9 4 | 2 | 9 2 1 1 | 26 50 | 37 31 40 50 40 00 40 00 |
| 10 | 6400 00 2000 00 | 255 | 9.5 10.3 | 174 | | 22 | 4I 10 | 32 10 | 79 | 93 | 220 | | 40 14 | 35 27 | | 4 | | 40 25 |
| 10 11 12 | 3000 00 12000 00 | 143 439 | 10.5 | 43 74 303 | | 81 | 21 86 | 13 54 | 22 31 82 | 35 177 | 100 300 | v. g. v. g. v. g. | 80 — | 27 20 53 | | _ | | 40 00 |
| 13 | 17000 00 . 1200 00 3000 00 | 85 | 10.1 10 | 420 66 93 | | 91 7 12 | 117 15 | 77 13 | 135 31 39 | 228 32 | 444 50 | v. g. | 101 | 100 10 | | 7 | 40 00 | 43 00 |
| 13 14 15 16 | 3000 00 2500 00 300 00 | 102 271 75 | 10 9 9 | 93 228 51 | •••• | 12 18 13 | 15 19 27 7 | 13 23 48 17 | 39 135 14 | 46 91 28 | 100 215 40 | v. g. g. v. p. | 10 2 10 | 9 46 14 | <u>2</u> | 2 1 1 | 42 50 | 30 00 36 66 |
| 3 | 7000 00 | 533 | 9.5 | 438 | •••• | 50 | 63 | 101 | 219 | 197 | 405 | | 28 | 79 | 3 | 4 | 42 33 | 39 16 |
| 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 | 500 60 1700 00 600 00 200 00 4000 00 1200 00 300 00 600 00 2000 00 | 104 86 78 74 138 47 45 97 145 | 9 10 9 10 10 9 8 10 9 | 67 79 74 58 115 45 23 73 113 | ····2 | 8 9 28 7 24 1 7 | 16 13 16 6 30 13 1 15 15 | 16 30 9 16 28 10 5 20 23 | 27 27 21 29 33 19 17 33 68 | 31 35 37 24 71 22 8 37 46 | 60 70 60 50 125 50 40 52 125 | g. v. g. v. g. v. p. v. g. v. g. med. g. v. g. | | 34 7 2 16 28 3 22 24 30 | 1 1 1 | 1 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 | 40 00 40 00 35 00 35 00 | 35 00 35 00 40 00 35 00 35 83 |
| 1 | 11100 00 | 814 | 9.3 | 647 | | 89 | 125 | 157 | 274 | 311 | 632 | | 10 | 165 | 4 | 7 | 37 50 | 35 95 |
| 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 42 | church. 600 00 200 00 1000 00 7000 00 1500 00 400 00 500 00 800 00 | 65 69 46 49 182 74 36 106 56 | 9 9 9.3 9.5 9 9.8 | 55 38 27 36 136 60 37 59 24 | | 24 4 8 | 17 8 8 13 38 11 4 8 8 | 14 9 9 5 28 16 11 11 8 | 24 20 10 18 46 29 22 32 8 | 31 17 15 17 78 29 15 29 14 | 75 55 40 48 170 56 60 50 32 | g. med. g. v. g. g. med. g. v. g | 6 8 8 3 3 4 13 | 25 11 13 46 11 43 20 | ···i | 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 | 35 00 | 36 66 40 00 35 00 47 50 40 00 29 00 40 00 40 00 |
| | 12000 00 | 683 | 9 | 472 | | 37 | 115 | 111 | 209 | 245 | 586 | | 45 | 173 | 1 | 9 | 35 00 | 39 53 |
| 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 | 450 00 1200 00 500 00 1000 00 1000 00 1000 00 1200 00 1600 00 | | 9 9 9 9 5.3 12 | 40 20 44 158 | 3 | 8 5 1 3 16 | 20 21 19 4 13 6 27 | 15 15 8 6 12 11 11 32 | 15 9 16 20 12 9 26 80 | 32 26 29 10 23 15 19 61 | 60 56 64 40 45 35 70 200 | med. g. med. v. g. g. g. g. | i ; i | 14 38 17 16 3 10 80 | 1 1 i 1 | i i i | 40 00 40 66 40 00 40 00 43 33 | 35 00 40 00 30 00 40 00 |
| | 7950 00 440500 00 | 650 | 9 | 449 | 3 | 39 | 110 | 110 | 187 | 215 | 560 | ••••• | 1512 | 178 | 5 | 100 | 40 80 | 36 25 43 25 |
| | 440500 00 50000 00 15000 00 6400 00 17000 00 7000 00 1100 00 12000 00 7950 00 | 11134 1576 929 255 670 533 814 683 650 | 10.5 10.7 9.1 9.5 10.1 9.3 9.3 | 7668 783 715 174 420 438 647 472 449 | 11 56 1 2 3 | 4070 205 57 22 91 50 89 37 39 | 969 127 115 41 117 68 125 115 110 | 1251 135 191 32 77 101 157 111 110 | 1367 260 351 79 135 219 274 209 187 | 4653 435 313 93 228 197 311 245 215 | 6000 720 639 220 444 405 632 554 560 | | 1513 80 33 40 101 28 10 45 5 | 1953 713 172 35 100 79 165 173 178 | 8 1 2 3 4 1 5 | 102 10 9 4 7 4 7 9 4 | 130 00 105 00 26 80 | 46 00 37 31 40 25 43 00 39 16 35 95 39 52 36 25 |
| | 566950 00 | 17244 | 9.6 | 11766 | 73 | 4660 | 1787 | 2165 | 3081 | 6690 | 10074 | | 1855 | 3568 | 24 | 156 | 71 42 | 42 17 |

Statistical Report, by Districts, for the County of CAPE MAY,

| | FINANCIAL STATEMENT, | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|--|--|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| TOWNSHIPS AND DISTRICTS OR CITIES. | State Appropriation. | Township Tax. | Surplus Revenue. | District School Tax voted for payment of teachers' salarles. | District School Tax voted to be used for building, purchashig, hiring, repairing, &c. | District School Tax to be raised. | Total amount from all sources. | Balance in the hands of the collector, exclusive of money for building and repairing purposes. | | | | | |
| CAPE MAY. UPPER. Beesley's Point, No. 1 Palermo, 2 Seaville, 3 Petersburgh, 4 Petersburgh, 5 Marshallvile, 5 Keelmantown, 7 | | \$97 50 91 50 88 50 133 50 199 50 79 50 33 00 | • | | | | \$447 50 441 50 438 50 483 50 607 16 429 50 94 78 | \$135 89 159 92 103 86 100 00 | | | | | |
| DENNIS. | 2151 75 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 | 723 00 53 00 46 00 93 00 83 00 105 00 112 00 88 00 | 67 69 15 89 9 11 40 95 42 20 | \$100 00 | | \$100 00 | 2942 44 403 00 411 89 443 00 542 11 495 95 504 20 438 00 | 58 54 34 20 22 16 | | | | | |
| MIDDLE. Gravelly Run, Cape May Court House, Swaln's, If Instern, If Green Creek, Rio Grande, 21 | 2450 00 350 00 437 48 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 | 580 00 | | 600 00 80 00 200 00 | 500 00 | 775 00 | 3238 15 398 39 1282 26 430 00 616 44 890 95 370 89 350 00 | 13 52 59 13 62 41 24 32 44 66 7 30 | | | | | |
| LOWER. Swalntown, 92 Fishing Creek, 23 Academy, 24 Cold Spring, 25 Cape, 26 Sea Grove, 28 | 350 00 | | 9 11 71 87 | 420 00 | | 600 00 500 00 | 4338 93 950 51 350 00 359 11 350 00 921 87 350 00 | 28 22 1 21 29 62 68 74 | | | | | |
| Cape May City, 27 | | 1800 00 | 81 49 163 80 | 420 00 | 680 00 | 1100 00 | 3281 49 2812 90 | 127 79 | | | | | |
| Upper Dennis Midde Lower Cape May City | 2151 75 2450 50 2537 48 2100 00 849 10 | 723 00 580 00 1800 00 | 67 69 108 15 216 45 81 49 163 80 | 100 00 880 00 420 00 | 705 00 680 00 | 100 00 1585 00 1100 00 | 2942 44 3238 15 4338 93 3281 49 2812 90 | 288 64 211 34 127 79 | | | | | |
| CUMBERLAND. DEERFIELD. Centre, No. 1 Union, 2 Friendship, 3 Woodruff's, 4 | 10088 33 136 24 350 00 350 00 350 00 | 3103 00 | | | | 2785 00 | 16613 91 144 61 350 00 350 00 350 00 | 207 70 | | | | | |
| Jackson, 5 Cohansey, 6 Rosenhayn, 7 Northville, 8 | 350 00 350 00 350 00 146 72 | | 9 02 | | | 270 00 | 350 00 620 00 350 00 155 74 | 37 79 100 00 66 83 5 19 | | | | | |
| Newport Neck, 9 Newport, 10 Turkey Point, 11 Dividing Creek, 12 Toms Bridge, 13 | 915 33 350 00 350 00 | | 56 29 | 100 00 25 00 | 240 00 300 00 | 240 00 100 00 325 00 | 590 00 1071 62 675 00 350 00 350 00 | | | | | | |
| COMMERCIAL. Port Norris, 14 Haleyville, 15 * New District. | 350 00 | | 56 29 31 14 | 125 00 250 00 200 00 | 540 00 200 00 | 665 00 250 00 400 00 | 3036 62 600 00 937 10 | 93 75 | | | | | |

State of New Jersey, for the School Year ending August 31, 1878.

| No. of District. | Present value of the school property. | No. of children between 5 and 18 years of age. | Average number of months school kept open. | Number enrolled. | No. attending between 2 8 and 10 months. | | nding between months. | Number attending less than 4 months. | Average attendance. | Number the house will seat comfortably. | Condition of the public sehool buildings. | Number of children who attend private school. | Number of children who attend no school. | Number of maie teachers employed. | Aumber of Temale teachers employed. | Average salary paid per month to male teachers. | Average salary paid per mouth to female teachers. |
|--|--|--|--|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|---|---|--|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 | \$600 00 1500 00 700 00 2500 00 3000 00 800 00 50 00 | 77 60 59 85 145 52 21 | 9999996 | 76 54 54 62 127 44 14 | 30 15 35 11 56 12 | 8 15 7 16 40 26 | 15 12 7 19 23 5 3 | 23 12 5 16 8 1 11 | 44 31 37 53 103 29 7 | 70 60 60 80 140 60 30 | med. g. y. g. v. g. v. g. | | 6 5 23 18 8 7 | 1 1 1 1 | 1 1 1 | \$46 66 35 00 63 33 15 00 | \$47 75 41 66 25 00 33 33 |
| 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 | 9150 00 1000 00 500 00 1200 00 3000 00 400 00 1200 00 600 00 | 499 48 34 95 74 108 119 86 | 9 | 431 41 34 61 64 91 96 80 | 159 10 9 4 26 33 | 112 14 19 22 25 21 23 38 | 84 13 7 6 10 17 18 19 | 76 4 8 24 25 27 22 23 | 304 37 24 36 35 58 64 45 | 500 70 50 80 150 80 65 68 | g. g. v. g. v. g. v. g. p. | 1 1 1 | 67 6 34 10 16 23 5 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 4 | 40 00 41 62 22 00 50 00 50 00 48 33 50 00 41 66 | 36 93 |
| 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 | 7900 00 300 00 5000 00 2500 00 4000 00 2000 00 2600 00 800 00 | 564 45 181 80 131 93 104 51 | 9 | 467 31 159 62 131 83 98 51 | 82 6 49 14 30 14 4 | 162 4 31 16 70 50 28 17 | 90 3 50 28 20 20 19 12 | 18 29 4 11 13 37 18 | 299 18 96 40 112 37 57 34 | 563 200 90 170 80 150 50 | p. v. g. v. g. v. g. v. g. v. g. | 3 1 1 1 | 94 13 21 17 10 4 | 7 ; 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 1 2 | 43 27 89 00 43 33 53 00 42 50 45 00 40 75 | 26 66 22 00 21 00 |
| 22 23 24 25 26 28 | 2000 00 2000 00 200 00 private. 500 00 1800 00 private. | 685 83 51 86 78 118 59 | 99999 | 615 57 42 64 61 118 59 | 117 10 7 3 20 | 216 8 14 17 12 24 10 | 152 12 6 24 12 30 16 | 130 37 12 16 34 44 33 | 394 26 27 34 53 82 28 | 775 84 50 50 75 150 | v. g. v. p. v. p. med. g. none. | 3 | 65 26 9 22 17 | 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 | -4 :::: i::: | 52 26 38 00 37 00 31 00 40 00 60 00 | 23 22 |
| 27 | 4500 00 10000 00 9150 00 7900 00 17100 00 | 475 327 499 564 | 9 | 401 325 431 467 615 | 58 159 82 117 | 85 110 112 162 216 | 100 73 84 90 152 | 176 84 76 133 130 | 250 193 304 299 394 250 | 409 370 500 563 | v. g. | 1 3 3 | 74 2 67 94 65 | 5 1 4 7 6 | 5 | 41 20 75 00 40 00 43 27 52 26 | 30 00 38 00 36 93 23 22 |
| 1 | 4500 00 10000 00 48650 00 800 00 | 564 685 475 327 2550 | 8.8 | 2239 401 325 | 40 58 456 | 85 110 685 | 100 73 499 | 176 84 599 | 250 193 1440 | 563 775 409 370 2617 | med. | 7 | 74 2 302 | 23 | 5 | 41 20 75 00 50 34 | 30 00 38 00 31 53 |
| 123345678 | 1000 00 600 00 600 00 1150 00 500 00 2000 00 900 00 | 105 65 65 46 61 65 45 | 9 9 9 9 9 9 6 | 83 65 50 49 38 43 40 | 5 12 6 1 6 5 | 30 18 24 22 7 9 | 7 23 16 12 10 7 10 14 | 18 25 13 17 18 19 26 | 20 27 15 22 20 | 50 72 60 50 60 40 80 60 | med. med. v. g. p. g. g. | | 1 4 5 20 10 2 | 1 1 | 1 | 40 00 33 33 26 87 26 87 31 50 30 00 | 26 66 30 00 22 50 |
| 9 10 11 12 13 | 300 00 1500 00 200 00 3000 00 1000 00 | 497 237 55 76 64 | 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 | 47 187 53 76 53 | 35 24 7 16 | 118 12 59 8 30 13 122 | 99 12 41 18 11 16 | 20 63 20 19 24 | 205 24 108 25 50 28 | 472 40 175 40 140 70 | med. med. v. p. v. g. | 12 3 1 | 46 75 7 12 12 | 1 1 1 | 1 2 1 | 32 86 66 00 36 66 48 00 | 26 04 30 45 23 00 33 33 27 44 |
| 14 15 | 300 00 3000 00 | 489 98 156 | 9 | 80 112 | 50 7 24 | 10 28 | 98 23 23 | 40 37 | 235 35 67 | 465 50 156 | med. | | 112 19 29 | 1 | | 45 00 54 00 | |

Statistical Report, by Districts, for the County of CUMBERLAND,

| | | | | FI | NANGIAL | STATEME | NT. | | |
|--|--|---|---------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| TOWNSHIPS AND DISTRICTS OR CITIES. | | State Appropriation. | Township Tax. | Surplus Revenue. | District School Tax voted for payment of teachers' salaries. | District School Tax voted to be used for hulidiog, purchasing, hirling, repairing, &c. | District School Tax to be raised. | Total amount from all sources. | Balance in the hands of the collector, exclusive of money for building and repairing purposes. |
| Cumberland (Continue COMMERCIAL (Con. Mauricetown, No Buckshutem, Robbinstown, | ed.)) 0. 16 17 18 | \$670 77 350 00 611 38 | | 37 59 | | | \$700 00 | \$1412 02 350 00 648 97 | \$21 73 86 01 |
| FAIRFIELD. Fairton, Back Neck, Central, Cedarville, Herring Row, Centre Grove, Sayre's Neck, Jones' Island, | 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 | 350 00 946 77 350 00 150 22 350 00 | | 58 22 9 23 | 400 00 | 428 00 200 00 400 00 | 828 00 125 00 600 00 400 00 | 3948 70 1454 72 350 00 475 00 1604 99 750 00 159 45 500 00 255 75 | 116 10 5 88 50 15 |
| GREENWICH. Greenwich, Bacon's Neck, Head of Greenwich, Springtown, | 27 28 29 30 | 3234 14 429 71 338 88 350 00 426 22 | | 26 42 20 84 26 21 | 1025 00 200 00 48 00 | | 200 00 48 00 200 00 | 5549 91 656 13 407 72 550 00 602 43 | 203 71 11 89 46 01 176 89 103 69 |
| HOPEWELL. Dutch Neck. Lower Hopewell, Bowentown, Roadstown, Siloh, Beebee Run, Harmony, West Branch, | 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 | 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 464 64 350 00 350 00 | | 73 47 28 56 | 248 00 | 550.00 | 550 00 50 00 | 2216 28 900 00 350 00 350 00 400 00 493 20 350 00 350 00 350 00 | 113 19 6 15 61 57 32 19 |
| LANDIS. Pleasantville, Spring Road, South Vineland, Vineland, Fuller, Vine Road, Souder's Mill, Kingman, North Vineland, | 40 41 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 | 350 00 436 69 551 99 3374 88 76 85 350 00 350 00 | | 26 85 33 94 207 55 4 73 | 1500 00 | 595 22 | | 3543 20 350 00 1263 54 585 93 9832 43 81 58 350 00 350 00 350 00 856 27 | 213 10 64 20 31 66 3412 31 346 15 260 63 140 69 27 23 |
| MAURICE RIVER. Budds, Port Elizabeth, Leesburg, Maurice River, Ewing's Neck, West Creek, Belle Plain, | 50 51 52 53 54 55 57 | 6190 41 350 00 607 88 843 96 387 78 331 92 104 80 | | 273 07 37 38 52 20 23 84 20 41 6 44 | 1704 78 | | 150 00 | 14019 75 350 00 795 26 901 16 411 62 352 33 111 24 350 00 | 4282 87 89 25 38 51 38 77 31 61 113 28 106 22 59 42 |
| STOE CREEK. Buttonwood, Union. Town Hall, | 58 59 60 | 355 54 350 00 350 00 | | | | | | 3271 61 378 45 350 00 350 00 1078 45 | 820 06 267 98 19 23 |
| Bridgeton, Millville, | | | | 480 50 451 92 | 5000 00 4602 01 | 3999 05 | 5000 00 8601 06 | | |
| Deerfield Downe Commercial. Fairfield Greenwich | | 2332 96 2315 33 2488 72 3234 14 1544 81 | | 17 39 56 29 109 98 112 77 73 47 | 270 00 125 00 1150 00 1025 00 248 00 | 540 00 200 00 1178 00 350 00 | 270 00 665 00 1350 00 2203 00 598 00 | 2670 35 3036 62 3948 70 5349 91 2216 28 | 598 84 93 75 107 74 203 71 338 48 |

State of New Jersey, for the School Year ending August 31, 1878.

| - | loc | 10 | h8 | | | ATTE | ENDA | NOE | | | sat | | who 1. | who | 50 | - E | re. | rer rs. |
|--|---|---|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|---|---|--|--|---|---|--|---|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|--|
| No. of District. | Present value of the school property. | No. of children between and 18 years of age. | Average number of months school kept open. | Number enrolled. | Number attending 10 months or more. | No. attending between 8 and 10 months. | No. attending between 6 and 8 months. | No. attending between 4 and 6 months. | Number attending less than 4 months. | Average attendance. | Number the house will seat confortably. | Condition of the public school buildings. | Number of children wattend private school. | Number of children wattend no school. | Number of male teachers employed. | Number of female teachers employed. | Average salary paid per month to male teachers. | Average salary paid per month to female teachers. |
| 16 17 18 | \$3000 00 1200 00 1500 00 | 172 62 184 | 9 9 | 171 59 172 | | 52 1 | 49 12 41 | 35 19 41 | 35 27 90 | 115 31 70 | 200 60 120 | g. med. med. | 2 | 35 10 3 | 2 2 | 2 | \$56 66 30 00 | \$25 00° |
| | 9000 00 | 672 | 9 | 594 | | 84 | 140 | 141 | 229 | 318 | 586 | | 4 | 96 | 6 | 4 | 45 39 | 30 57 |
| 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 | 4500 00 600 00 3000 00 6000 00 1200 00 1200 00 500 00 600 00 | 184 71 82 292 43 45 55 42 | 9 10 9 8 9 7 | 158 51 85 219 52 32 48 40 | 7 | 45 16 90 4 | 44 3 24 73 11 15 12 28 | 27 14 17 25 8 7 17 10 | 42 34 21 31 29 10 18 2 | 86 20 36 160 23 14 14 28 | 156 50 72 240 90 60 50 40 | v. g. p. v. g. v. g. v. g. v. g. v. g. v. p. med. | i | 5 9 36 15 6 2 | i i :::: | 3 1 3 1 1 1 | 36 11 66 66 | 48 88 46 00 28 33- 34 00 30 00 30 00 |
| | 17600 00 | 814 | 8.7 | 685 | 7 | 156 | 210 | 125 | 187 | 381 | 752 | | 1 | 73 | 3 | 10 | 44 03 | 35 64 |
| 27 29 29 30 | 3500 00 800 00 1000 00 600 00 | 117 87 79 127 | 10 9 9 9 | 100 80 55 66 | | 34 2 1 6 | 40 17 21 7 | 13 14 12 17 | 10 47 21 36 | 78 38 32 31 | 80 60 75 60 | v. g. g. med. med. | 11 2 3 | 8 5 12 48 | i | 2 1 1 | 45 33 | 60 00 38 88 33 33. |
| | 5900 00 | 410 | 9.3 | 311 | 3 | 43 | 85 | 56 | 114 | 179 | 275 | | 16 | 73 | 1 | 4 | 45 33 | 48 05 |
| 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 | 1500 00 1500 00 2000 00 1500 00 3000 00 1500 00 1500 00 750 00 | 78 60 91 84 138 46 77 54 | G | 64 51 76 51 97 38 66 45 | | 5 9 8 7 5 1 8 6 | 15 12 10 9 35 11 9 26 | 16 8 24 12 25 8 15 | 28 22 34 23 32 18 34 5 | 22 28 34 27 60 22 30 25 | 64 64 72 50 110 60 58 45 | v. g. g. v. g. v. g. v. g. g. g. med. | 4 4 20 | 10 9 11 10 21 5 | 1 ; i 1 1 1 | i i i i i | 34 44 40 00 30 00 28 33 35 55 31 11 | 33 33 33 33 20 00 25 00 |
| ľ | 13250 00 | 628 | 8.9 | 488 | | 49 | 127 | 116 | 196 | 248 | 523 | | 32 | 66 | 6 | 4 | 33 24 | 27 91 |
| 40 41 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 | 300 00 8000 00 4600 00 44000 00 500 00 1500 00 1450 00 1200 00 | 80 125 163 980 19 68 57 58 61 | 9 9 | 64 126 104 746 10 40 32 61 54 | | 7 17 12 385 10 | 8 41 35 145 10 5 17 20 | 13 36 15 94 6 20 15 14 | 36 32 42 122 4 10 12 20 16 | 25 93 61 573 5 20 15 30 28 | 48 204 200 975 40 40 72 64 48 | p. v. g. v. g. v. g. med. v. g. | 2 25 55 2 | 8 12 34 177 5 18 7 10 5 | 1 i i | 1 2 2 13 1 | 40 00 40 00 166 66 38 00 32 50 36 00 | 26 66 27 50 41 66 42 66 20 00 |
| | 62450 00 | 1611 | 8.4 | 1237 | | 438 | 281 | 224 | 294 | 850 | 1691 | | 93 | 276 | 6 | 20 | 58 86 | 39 70 |
| 50 51 52 53 54 55 57 | 300 00 1800 00 1000 00 700 00 500 00 400 00 1200 00 | 47 158 236 121 87 28 39 | 9 | 37 142 191 106 65 32 28 | | 1 19 24 10 3 5 6 | 6 46 96 28 10 8 5 | 6 25 42 21 17 4 7 | 24 52 29 47 35 15 | 14 41 119 85 22 16 15 | 40 184 175 70 50 40 50 | g. g. g. med. med. | 1 | 12 60 5 25 | 1 1 2 1 | 1 1 1 1 | 26 66 61 00 66 66 42 14 | 30 00- 25 00 35 00 35 00 29 00 |
| | 5900 00 | 716 | 9 | 601 | | 68 | 199 | 102 | 212 | 312 | €09 | | 3 | 112 | 6 | 5 | 49 68 | 30 80 |
| 58 59 60 | 1800 00 1000 00 1000 00 | 105 75 107 | 9 10 9 | 86 6° 58 | | 8 1 1 | 23 5 8 | 17 11 28 | 38 51 21 | 45 22 22 | 60 60 56 | v. g. g. g. | | 20° 5 5 | 1 1 | i i | 42 22 31 10 | 30 00 |
| | 3800 00 | 287 | 9.3 | 212 | | 10 | 36 | 56 | 110 | 89 | 176 | ••••• | | 30 | 2 | 1 | 36 65 | 30 00- |
| | 30000 00 | 2210 | 10 | 1753 | 63 | 457 | 378 | 290 | 565 | 992 | 1600 | v. g. | 150 | 300 | 6 | 23 | 76 00 | 36 66 |
| | 34000 00 | 2236 | 10 | 1971 | 120 | 653 | 773 | 258 | 167 | 1280 | 1760 | v. g. | 50 | 115 | 6 | 25 | 57 50 | 34 85 |
| | 5550 00 6000 00 9000 00 17500 00 5900 00 | 497 489 672 814 410 | 9 9 8.7 | 408 416 594 685 301 | 7 3 | 35 50 84 156 43 | 118 122 140 210 85 | 99 98 141 125 56 | 156 146 229 187 114 | 205 235 318 381 179 | 472 465 586 752 275 | | 12 4 4 1 16 | 46 112 96 73 73 | 7 3 6 3 1 | 4 4 10 4 | 32 86 50 11 45 39 44 03 45 33 | 26 04 27 44 80 57 35 64 48 05 |

Statistical Report, by Districts, for the County of ESSEX,

| | | | | FI | NANGIAL | STATEMEN | T. | | |
|--|----------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|--|---|---|---|---|--|
| | | | | | Garage . | | 2 | all | 18 r- r- |
| TOWNSHIPS AND DISTRICTS OR CITIES. | | State Appropriation. | Township Tax. | Surplus Revenue. | District School Tax voted for payment o teuchers' salarles. | District School Tax voted to be used for building, purchasing, hiring, repairing, &c. | District School Tax to be raised. | Total amount from a sources. | Balance in the hands of the collector, exclusive of money for building and repairing purposes. |
| | - 1 | St | T ₂ | Su | <u>a</u> | ā | <u>a</u> _ | To | m |
| Cumberland (Contine SUMMARY (Con.) Hopewell. Landis. Maurice River Stoe Creek. Bridgeton Millville | | 6190 41 2981 34 1056 54 7812 13 7347 02 | | \$28 56 273 07 140 27 21 91 480 50 451 92 | \$1704 78 150 00 5000 00 4602 01 | \$600 00 5851 49 | \$600 00 7556 27 150 00 5000 00 8601 06 | \$3543 20 14019 75 3271 61 1078 45 13292 63 16400 00 | \$213 10 4282 87 820 06 287 21 |
| ESSEX. | | 40268 04 | ••••• | 1766 13 | 14274 79 | 12718 54 | 26993 33 | 69027 50 | 6945 76 |
| ESSEX. BELLEVILLE. Montgomery, Second River, | 3 | 493 39 2173 98 | | | 500 00 | 1600 00 | 2100 00 | 493 39 4273 98 | 360 84 171 84 |
| FRANKLIN. | | 2667 37 | ••••• | ••••• | 500 00 | 1600 00 | 2100 00 | 4767 37 | 532 68 |
| East Franklin, West Franklin, | 4 5 | 1098 55 975 21 | | | 324 00 | 176 00 500 00 | 500 00 500 00 | 1598 55 1475 21 | 113 09 261 30 |
| ev country D | | 2073 76 | | | 324 00 | 676 00 | 1000 00 | 3073 76 | 374 39 |
| BLOOMFIELD. Stone House Plains, Central Union, | 6 | 358 48 5377 14 | | | 6700 00 | 3300 00 | 10000 00 | 358 48 15377 14 | 231 56 |
| MONTCLAIR. | | 5735 62 | ••••• | ••••• | 6700 00 | 3300 00 | 10000 00 | 15735 62 | 231 56 |
| Montclair, Washington, Upper Montclair, | 8 9 10 | 2898 64 1160 23 350 00 | | | 8000 00 | 11000 00 | 19000 00 | 21898 64 1160 23 650 00 | 3388 00 83 14 8 37 |
| CALDWELL. | | 4408 87 | | | 8150 00 | 11150 00 | 19300 00 | 23708 87 | 3479 51 |
| Cedar Grove, Verona, Caldwell, North Caldwell, Falriield, Clinton, | 11 12 13 14 15 16 | 485 67 420 15 1148 66 350 00 350 00 350 00 | | | 250 00 50 00 1800 00 100 00 100 00 174 00 | 1830 00 | 300 00 125 00 3630 00 100 00 150 00 174 00 | 785 67 545 15 4778 66 450 00 500 00 524 00 | 214 87 334 20 104 71 5 68 23 81 64 00 |
| | | 3104 48 | | | 2474 00 | 2005 00 | 4479 00 | 7583 48 | 747 27 |
| LIVINGSTON. Roseland, Livingston, Squiertown, Northfield, Washington Place, | 19 20 21 22 23 | 508 80 435 57 350 00 350 00 350 00 | | | 180 00 | 20 00 23 00 50 00 | 200 00 23 00 50 00 | 708 80 435 57 373 00 400 00 350 00 | 130 18 574 48 166 04 98 78 |
| MILLDIDE | | 1994 37 | | | 180 00 | 93 00 | 273 00 | 2267 37 | 969 49 |
| MILLBURN. White Oak Ridge, Short Hills, Washington, | 24 25 26 | 138 77 350 00 1137 10 | | | | 150 00 | 150 00 | 138 77 350 00 1287 10 | 354 43 381 71 |
| SOUTH OF LYCE | | 1625 87 | | | | 150 00 | 150 00 | 1775 87 | 736 14 |
| SOUTH ORANGE. Maplewood, Columbia, Middleville, | 27 28 30 | 566 62 2389 84 404 73 | | | 600 00 800 00 | | 600 00 800 00 | 1166 62 2389 84 1204 73 | 30 83 2149 58 432 98 |
| OF TANDOM | | 3361 19 | | | 1400 00 | | 1400 00 | 4761 19 | 2603 39 |
| CLINTON. Irvington, Lyon's Farms, Waverley, | 31 33 34 | 1746 12 350 00 350 00 | | | 1250 00 100 00 220 00 | | 4290 00 100 00 350 00 | 6035 12 450 00 600 00 | 99 41 40 00 |
| n.on on wan | | 2446 12 | | | 1600 00 | 3040 00 | 4640 00 | 7086 12 | 139 41 |
| EAST ORANGE. Eastern, Ashland, Franklin, | 36 37 38 | 2605 70 3118 35 1349 10 | \$2704 00 3236 00 1400 00 | | 1300 00 3000 00 | | 3000 00 3800 00 1730 00 | 8309 70 10154 35 4479 10 | 214 31 633 08 211 18 |
| riansiin, | 90 | 7073 15 | | | 4300 00 | | 8530 00 | 22943 15 | |

State of New Jersey, for the School Year ending August 31, 1878.

| _ | 10 | - C | x. | | - | | | | | # | | 0 | 0 | 90 | 90 | b .i | 5 4 |
|----------------------------|---|----------------------------|--------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|--|---|---|
| | the school | ween ge. | | ng 10 | veen | ween z | een | 688 | nce. | e will sea | public 3. | of children who private school. | children who | teachers | Number of female teachers employed. | pald per teachers. | Average salary paid per month to female teachers. |
| lct. | e of 1 | -0 | kept open | umber attending | o. attending bety 8 and 10 months. | No. attending between 6 and 8 months. | No. attending betw | attending months. | attendance | Number the house comfortably. | ondition of the sebool buildings. | chilo | | male | emal | salary to male | lary |
| No. of District | Present value of property. | children 18 years o | l kep | υ, | ns on endir 10 m | andir 8 mc | endir 6 mc | r atte | e atte | umber the comfortabl | on of 1 build | | of no | r of | r of f | 883 | e sa to fe |
| of] | resent va property | o. of and I | school b | Number | atte | o. atte | atte | Number than 4 | verage | mbe | Condition school b | Number | Number | Number of employed | umber of employed | Average | erag |
| No | Pr _d | No. | 8 2 | a Z | Z | o'N' | No. | Z | A | Nu | Co | N R | Nu R | Nu | Nu | Av | Av |
| | \$13250 00 | 628 | 8.9 | 488 237 | . 49 | 127 | 116 | 196 | 248 | 523 | | 32 | 66 | 6 | 4 | \$33 24 | \$27 91 |
| | 62450 00 5900 00 3800 00 | 1611 716 287 | 8.9 8.4 9 9.3 | 601 | . 68 | 281 199 36 | 224 122 56 | 294 212 110 | 850 312 89 | 1691 609 176 | | 92 | 271 112 30 | 666266 | 19 5 1 | 58 86 49 68 36 65 76 00 | \$27 91 39 70 30 80 30 00 |
| | 30000 00 34000 00 | 2210 1 2236 1 | 0 1 | $\begin{array}{cccc} 212 & \cdots \\ 753 & 6 \\ 971 & 12 \end{array}$ | 3 457 | 36 378 773 | 56 290 258 | 565 167 | 89 992 1280 | 1600 1760 | | 150 50 | 300 115 | 6 | 23 25 | 76 00 57 50 | 30 80 30 00 36 66 34 85 |
| | 193450 00 | 10573 | 9.1 8 | 666 19 | 3 2043 | 2469 | 1585 | 2376 | 5089 | 8909 | ••••• | 364 | 1294 | 52 | 99 | 49 14 | 36 55 |
| 2 3 | 1000 00 15000 00 | 112 577 1 | 8 0.5 | 42 239 | i 94 | 12 48 | 20 28 | 10 68 | 21 150 | $\frac{60}{225}$ | med. | 20 200 | 50 138 | 1 | 3 | 50 00 100 00 | 52 00 |
| | 16000 00 | 689 | 9.2 | 281 | 94 | 60 | 48 | 78 | 171 | 285 | | 220 | 188 | 2 | 3 | 75 00 | 52 00 |
| 4 5 | 4800 00 8000 00 | 279 10 224 10 | 0.5 0.5 | 182 132 | . 98 . 11 | 52 24 | 23 22 | · 75 | 92 53 | 192 200 | v. g. | 13 4 | 84 88 | 1 | 2 1 | 100 00 60 00 | 33 00 30 00 |
| } | 12800 00 | 503 10 | 0.5 | 314 | 109 | 76 | 45 | 84 | 145 | 392 | | 17 | 172 | _2 | 3 | 80 00 | 32 00 |
| 6 | 1500 00 50000 00 | 89 13 1414 10 | 0.6 10 | 63 034 5 | 7 3 435 | 12 179 | 13 107 | $\frac{31}{260}$ | 28 673 | 60 855 | med. v. g. | 5 82 | $\frac{21}{298}$ | ···· ₂ | 1 18 | 150 00 | 35 00 51 66 |
| į | 51500 00 | 1503 10 | 0.8 | 097 5 | 3 442 | 191 | 120 | 291 | 701 | 915 | | 87 | 319 | 2 | 19 | 150 00 | 50 78 |
| 8 9 10 | $\begin{array}{c} 36800 \ 00 \\ 1200 \ 00 \\ 2000 \ 00 \end{array}$ | 821 10 274 10 68 10 | 0.5 0.5 0.5 | 638 136 235 48 | 218 71 29 | 100 41 9 | 60 38 4 | 130 85 6 | 478 132 28 | 600 140 50 | v. g. p. g. | 90 6 3 | 93 33 17 | $\frac{2}{2}$ | i | 200 00 57 50 | 60 00 |
| | 40000 00 | 1163 16 | 0.5 | 921 130 | 318 | 150 | 102 | 221 | 638 | 790 | | 99 | 143 | 4 | 11 | 128 75 | 59 18 |
| 11 12 | 4500 00 1800 00 | 126 10 116 10 319 11 | 0.5 | 90 87 278 1 | 25 | $\frac{17}{20}$ | 15 14 | $\frac{26}{28}$ | 44 50 | 175 90 250 | g. med. | 10 8 | 26 21 | 1 | 1 | 60 00 60 00 | 22 00 24 00 38 69 30 00 |
| 11 12 13 14 15 | 20000 00 1600 00 1500 00 | 78 10 | 0.8 | 278 1- 65 59 | 130 11 7 | 45 20 11 | 23 18 19 | 66 | 186 41 29 | 250 60 40 | v. g. g. med. | 5 1 | 41 8 14 | i | 1 | 95 24 40 00 | 38 69 30 00 |
| 16 | 650 00 | | | 66 | 22 | 15 | | 22 17 | 41 | 55 | med. | | 16 | _1 | | 55 00 | |
| 19 | 30050 00 | 795 10 | | 645 18 | 44 | 128 20 | 101 | 185 | 391 | 670 100 | ····· | 24 10 | 126 34 | 5 1 | 7 | 62 00 40 00 | 33 00 |
| 20 21 22 | 1200 00 700 00 1000 00 | 144 10 121 10 53 9 | 0.5 0.5 9.5 0.5 | 78 36 47 | 6 | 17 9 7 | 12 22 9 17 | 24 33 17 17 17 | 65 34 19 | 63 40 80 | g. g. v. g. | •••• | 43 17 | | i | | 20 00 50 00 30 00 35 00 |
| 22 23 | 2000 00 500 00 | 53 9 80 10 47 10 | 0.5 0.8 | 47 | 6 | 7 | 17 9 | 17 | 19 24 24 | 80 40 | v. g. med. | | 30 6 | | 1 | | 35 00 35 00 |
| | 5400 00 | | | 302 8 | 69 | 57 | 69 | 104 | 166 | 328 | | 13 | 130 | 1 | 5 | 40 00 | 34 00 |
| 24 25 26 | 500 00 200 00 2000 00 | 49 10 85 9 816 10 | 0.5 9.5 0.5 | 26 : 33 | 10 7 41 | 8 4 38 | 4 7 13 | 15 50 | 15 14 78 | 40 40 128 | р. р. g. | 40 100 | 23 12 74 | _i | 1 1 1 | 80 00 | 34 00 30 00 35 00 |
| | 2700 00 | 450 10 | 0.2 2 | 201 2 | 58 | 50 | 24 | 67 | 107 | 208 | | 140 | 109 | 1 | 3 | 80 00 | 33 00 |
| 27 28 30 | 6500 00 7500 00 1800 00 | 149 10 650 10 107 10 | 0.5 2 | 95 3 211 24 81 3 | 29 88 30 | 21 23 25 | 8 18 9 | 34 45 14 | 55 136 55 | 400 200 70 | v. g. med. g. | 29 300 3 | 25 139 23 | 1 1 | * 3 | 90 00 100 00 80 00 | 20 00 38 50 |
| | 15800 00 | 906 10 | | 387 30 | 147 | 69 | 48 | 93 | 246 | 670 | | 332 | 187 | 3 | 4 | 90 00 | 33 87 |
| 31 33 34 | 17000 00 1000 00 3500 00 | 528 10 82 10 56 11 | 0.8 4 0.5 1.2 | 101 21 42 1 37 8 | 130 10 14 | 75 8 7 | 57 9 8 | 118 14 5 | $\frac{240}{17}$ $\frac{26}{26}$ | 370 56 50 | v. g. med. v. g. | 60 | 67 39 19 | | 5 1 1 | 120 00 | 46 50 40 00 35 00 |
| - | 6200 00 | 666 10 | 0.8 4 | 180 28 | 154 | 90 | 74 | 137 | 283 | 476 | | 61 | 125 | 1 | 7 | 120 00 | 46 78 |
| 36 37 38 | 40000 00 40000 00 25000 00 | 632 10 812 10 360 10 | 0.5 4 0.5 5 0.5 2 | 186 7 553 21 259 8 | 188 | 84 142 44 | 51 79 40 | 119 123 73 | 335 415 161 | 600 500 225 | v. g. v. g. v. g. | 46 139 50 | 100 120 51 | † 1 1 | 8 10 3 | $\begin{array}{c} 160 \ 00 \\ 220 \ 00 \\ 120 \ 00 \end{array}$ | 55 00 53 50 45 00 |
| 1 | 105000 00 | 1804 10 | | 298 36 | 507 | 270 | 170 | 315 | 911 | 1325 | | 235 | 271 | 3 | 21 | 167 00 | 52 86 |
| | * Also one | Drawin | o Teac | her at | \$26 n | er m | onth | | | | | | | | | | |

^{*} Also one Drawing Teacher at \$26 per month. † Also one Music Teacher and one Writing Teacher twice a week.

Statistical Report, by Districts, for the County of GLOUCESTER,

| | | | F | | STATEME | | | |
|---|--|------------------|-------------------------|--|---|---|--|--|
| TOWNSHIPS AND DISTRICTS OR CITIES. | State Appropriation. | Township Tax. | Surplus Revenue. | District School Tax voted for payment of teachers' salarles. | District School Tax voted to be used for building, purchasing, hirling, repairing, &c. | District School Tax to be raised. | Total amount from all sources. | Balance in the hands of the collector, ex- clusive of money for building and repair- ing purposes. |
| Essex (Continued.) | | | | | | | | |
| Essex (Continued.) WEST ORANGE. St Mark's. No. 3 Pleasant Valley, West Orange, South Mountain, 4 | \$1938 85 350 00 424 00 373 89 | | | \$300 00 150 00 | 50 00 | \$1100 00 200 00 250 00 300 00 | \$3038 85 550 00 674 00 673 89 | 66 70 |
| | 3086 74 | | | 600 00 | 1250 00 | 1850 00 | 4936 74 | 1064 38 |
| Newark, | 143640 81 | | | 31194 00 | 18806 00 | 50000 00 | 193640 81 | |
| Orange, | 13541 14 | | | 5554 02 | 3363 10 | 9217 12 | 22758 26 | |
| Sammary. | | | | | | | | |
| Belleville Franklin Bloomfield Montclair Caldwell Livingston Millburn South Orange Clinton East Orange West Orange Newars | 2267 37 2073 76 5735 63 4408 87 3104 48 1994 37 1625 87 3361 19 2446 12 7073 15 3086 74 143640 81 | \$7340 00 | | 500 00 324 00 6700 00 8150 00 2474 00 180 00 1600 00 4300 00 600 00 31194 00 5554 02 | 676 00 3300 00 11150 00 2005 00 93 00 150 00 | 2100 00 1000 00 11000 00 19300 00 4479 00 273 00 1400 00 4640 00 8530 00 1850 00 6000 00 9217 12 | 4767 37 3073 76 15735 62 23708 87 7583 48 2267 37 1775 87 4761 12 22943 15 4936 74 122758 26 | 532 63 374 39 231 56 3479 51 747 27 969 49 736 14 2603 39 139 41 1058 57 1064 38 |
| Viauge | 194759 49 | | | 62976 02 | | 112939 12 | 315038 61 | 11936 79 |
| GLOUCESTER. City of Woodbury, No. | | 7540 00 | | 02970 02 | 49963 10 2500 00 | 2500 00 | 5274 41 | 46 02 |
| DEPTFORD. Almonesson, Monongabela, Wenonah, 5 | 2 420 28 350 00 350 00 | | 101 58 | 300 00 | 100 00 2500 00 | 100 00 2800 00 | 521 86 450 00 3150 00 | 429 64 86 51 7 36 |
| | 1120 28 | | 101 58 | 300 00 | 2600 00 | 2900 00 | 4121 86 | 523 51 |
| WEST DEPTFORD. Mantua Grove, Thoroughfare, Red Bank, | 397 81 | 142 00 | 37 98 43 60 34 12 | 50 00 | 655 00 | 705 00 | 465 47 1288 41 425 31 | 134 66 232 99 |
| 31 4 3 77 7 4 | 1055 49 | 303 00 | 115 70 | 50 00 | 655 00 | 705 00 | 2179 19 | 367 65 |
| Mantua. Knight's Run, li Emin. li Barnsboro', li | 350 00 350 00 | | 124 51 | | 420 00 300 00 250 00 | 420 00 300 00 250 00 | 1171 90 650 00 600 00 350 00 | 120 00 40 63 17 33 |
| TI - D D T G O 37 | 1672 39 | 5 00 | 124 51 | | 970 00 | 970 00 | 2771 90 | 178 01 |
| HARRISON. Washington, 15 Ciem's Run, 20 Fairview, 21 Five Points, 7 Lawrence ville, 5 | 320 44 | | 40.40 | 200 00 75 00 | ****::::::: | 138 97 200 00 | 154 85 350 00 488 97 570 93 | 247 10 271 35 107 42 |
| Lawrenceville, Oak Grove, Cedar Grove, Harrisonville, Columbia, Union, Harmony, Good Will. | 336 ×6 350 00 350 00 320 ×2 350 00 | | 39 31 | 25 00 | 315 87 40 00 | 155 00 315 87 65 00 | 533 15 350 00 350 00 676 00 415 00 | 58 13 131 37 191 86 24 14 41 10 |
| Union, 27 Harmony, 26 Good Will, 28 | | | 44 83 | 300 00 | 50 00 175 00 | 350 00 175 00 | 760 57 525 00 367 35 | 3 72 105 16 149 28 |
| GREENWICH. | 3919 05 | | 222 93 | 600 00 | 799 84 | 1399 84 | 5541 82 | 1330 63 |
| Berkiey. 13 Greenwich, 14 Gibbstown, 15 Paulsboro', 16 Clarksboro', 17 | 420 28 317 61 808 48 | | 00 00 | | 800 00 50 00 375 00 | 809 00 50 00 375 00 | 350 00 1256 12 394 70 1252 43 379 52 | 6 96 24 11 107 61 115 81 206 98 |
| | 2246 06 | | 161 71 | | 1225 00 | 1225 00 | 3632 77 | 481 47 |

APPENDIX TO SCHOOL REPORT. 129

State of New Jersey, for the School Year ending August 31, 1878.

| | 10 | ıQ | 80 | - | | ATTE | N.T. | NOE | | | at . | ic | 01 | 0 | 80 | 120 | L | Li si |
|--|--|---|---|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|---|---|--|--|--|---|---|--|
| No. of District. | Present value of the school property. | No. of children between and 18 years of age. | Average number of months school kept open. | Number enrolled. | Number attending 10 months or more. | | No. attending between 6 and 8 months. | ееп | Number attending less than 4 months. | Average attendance. | Number the house will seat comfortably. | Condition of the public school buildings. | Number of children who attend private school. | Number of children who attend no school. | Number of male teachers employed. | Number of female teachers employed. | Average salary paid per month to male teachers. | Average salary paid per month to female teachers. |
| | | | | | | | | 10 | 000 | 1.00 | 200 | | 704 | 0.0 | | | # 100 00 | 240.00 |
| 39 40 41 42 | \$15000 00 2000 00 5000 00 1000 00 | 540 71 108 94 | 10.5 | 253 50 61 40 | 2 | 53 25 22 | 74 12 14 12 | 40 5 4 19 | 86 8 19 9 | 160 30 36 14 | 220 100 90 40 | v. g. | 194 30 39 | 93 21 17 15 | 1 i | 1 1 | \$100 00 55 00 | \$40 00 50 00 50 00 |
| | 23000 00 | 813 | 10.3 | 404 | 2 | 100 | 112 | 68 | 122 | 240 | 450 | | 263 | 146 | 2 | 6 | 77 50 | 43 67 |
| | 867000 00 | 37345 | 10.5 | 17846 | 1657 | 6187 | 2756 | 2138 | 5108 | 11235 | 13000 | v. g. | 6481 | 13018 | 23 | 242 | 151 50 | 51 00 |
| | 100000 00 | 3680 | 10.5 | 1426 | 34 | 675 | 202 | 177 | 338 | 1071 | 1185 | v. g. | 650 | 1604 | 2 | 28 | 145 00 | 50 50 |
| | 16000 00 12800 00 51500 00 40000 00 30050 00 5400 00 2700 00 15800 00 15800 00 15900 00 23000 00 867000 00 100000 00 | 689 503 1503 1163 795 445 450 906 666 1804 813 37345 3680 | 10.6 10.4 10.2 10.6 | 281 314 1097 921 645 302 201 387 480 1298 404 17846 1426 | 1 53 130 15 3 2 30 25 36 2 1657 34 | 94 109 442 318 216 69 58 147 154 507 100 6187 675 | 60 76 191 150 128 57 50 69 90 270 112 2756 202 | 48 45 120 102 101 69 24 48 74 170 68 2138 | 78 84 291 221 185 104 67 93 137 315 122 5108 338 | 171 145 701 638 391 166 107 246 283 911 240 11235 1071 | 285 392 915 790 670 328 208 670 476 1325 450 13000 1185 | | 220 17 87 99 24 13 140 332 61 235 263 6481 650 | 188 172 319 143 126 130 109 187 125 271 146 13018 1604 | 2 2 2 4 5 1 1 3 1 3 2 2 3 2 | 3 3 19 11 7 5 3 4 7 21 6 242 28 | 75 00 80 00 150 00 128 75 62 00 40 00 90 00 120 00 167 00 151 50 145 00 | 52 00 32 00 50 78 59 18 33 00 33 00 33 87 46 50 52 66 43 67 51 00 50 50 |
| | 1275450 00 | 50762 | 10.4 | 25602 | 1988 | 9076 | 4211 | 3184 | 7143 | 16305 | 20684 | | 8622 | 16538 | 51 | 359 | 125 00 | 49 76 |
| 1 | 4000 00 | 855 | 10.5 | 481 | 25 | 147 | 99 | 81 | 129 | 271 | 450 | p. | 100 | 246 | 1 | 8 | 80 00 | 40 00 |
| 2 3 54 | 2200 00 2000 00 3000 00 | 149 63 55 | 10 10 9 | 82 46 48 | | 20 9 9 | 21 8 12 | 19 13 4 | 22 16 23 | 44 25 25 | 80 50 100 | v. g. v. g. v. g. | 4 2 4 | 45 15 | | 1 1 | 60 30 | 35 00 35 00 |
| | 7200 00 | 267 | 9.6 | 176 | | 38 | 41 | 36 | 61 | 94 | 230 | | 10 | 60 | 2 | 2 | 60 30 | 35 00 |
| 4 5 6 | 1500 00 3000 00 1200 00 | 106 115 95 | 10 10 10 | 101 114 60 | | 19 4 | 18 19 8 | 17 21 14 | 46 70 38 | 47 46 21 | 76 116 50 | g. v. g. g. | 3 6 | 9 2 | i ···· | 2 1 1 | 50 00 | 34 00 25 00 45 00 |
| | 5700 00 | 316 | 10 | 275 | 1 | 23 | 45 | 52 | 154 | 114 | 232 | | 9 | 11 | 1 | 4 | 50 00 | 34 67 |
| 9 10 11 12 | 6500 00 1000 00 1000 00 650 00 | 185 86 45 84 | 9 9 9.5 | 147 74 40 74 | 14 | 28 6 4 20 | 35 16 15 14 | 29 14 10 15 | 41 38 11 25 | 79 37 30 40 | 200 72 60 50 | v. g. v. g. v. g. g. | 3 1 | 42 16 6 11 | i | 1 1 | 48 00 | 37 50 36 63 31 67 |
| | 9150 00 | 400 | 9.6 | 335 | 14 | 58 | 80 | 68 | 115 | 186 | 382 | | 4 | 75 | 2 | 4 | 47 68 | 35 27 |
| 18 20 21 7 8 22 23 24 26 27 28 29 | 500 00 800 00 1200 00 2500 00 1350 00 600 00 1250 00 2000 00 2500 00 600 00 900 00 | 70 93 55 106 61 107 | 9.7 9.5 10 9.2 10 10.5 10 | 62 86 | | 16 16 50 6 20 9 28 30 19 | 26 12 15 15 11 12 20 8 25 20 11 | 6 12 11 20 4 11 15 32 9 23 10 17 | 18 10 37 41 11 31 9 30 46 25 2 | 16 24 37 46 33 28 26 50 25 60 42 39 | 50 60 72 112 80 60 56 100 45 100 45 85 | p. p. v. g. v. g. p. med. v. g. g. p. g. y. p. g. v. p. | 4 4 2 1 10 3 2 3 1 1 | 8 9 7 9 24 4 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 40 00 35 00 42 00 25 00 30 00 35 00 50 00 60 00 | 45 00 40 00 27 00 25 00 32 40 25 00 40 00 20 00 |
| | 14600 00 | 929 | 9.5 | 838 | •••• | 194 | 175 | 170 | 299 | 426 | 865 | | 31 | 68 | 9 | 8 | 39 66 | 31 80 |
| 13 14 15 16 17 | 1300 00 1800 00 1000 00 3009 00 1000 00 | 89 121 97 264 97 | - | 81 83 60 233 88 | 5 1 | 15 10 9 45 20 | 19 15 14 58 19 | 13 28 16 40 18 | 29 30 20 90 31 | 42 35 32 133 47 | 60 80 54 260 64 | g. g. g. g. | 25 11 20 5 | 20 10 10 | ; 1 1 1 | 2 1 3 | 38 50 50 00 65 00 45 00 | 35 00 35 70 33 33 |
| | 8100 00 | 668 | 9.9 | 545 | 6 | 99. | 125 | 115 | 200 | 289 | 518 | | 65 | 44 | 4 | 6 | 49 62 | 34 67 |

Statistical Report, by Districts, for the County of GLOUCESTER,

| | | | FI | | STATEMEN | | | |
|---|--|------------------|---|--|---|---|---|--|
| TOWNSHIPS AND DISTRICTS OR CITIES. | State Appropriation. | Township Tax. | Surplus Revenue. | District School Tax voted for payment of teachers' salaries. | District School Tax voted to be used for building, purchasing, hiring, repairing, &c. | District School Tax to be raised. | Total amount from all gources. | Baiance in the bands of the collector, exclusive of money for building and repair- |
| Gloucester (Continued.) | 1 | | | | | | | |
| Glassboro', No. 4 | \$1892 86 | | \$94 89 | | \$2242 00 | \$2242 00 | \$4229 75 | |
| CLAYTON. Unionville, 4 Clayton, 4 Hardingville, 4 Fries' Mill, 5 | 350 0 | | • | | 1600 00 | | 550 36 2847 60 350 00 350 00 | \$994 81 60 75 98 60 |
| FRANKLIN. | 2316 9 | | 81 01 | | | | 4097 96 | 1154 16 |
| Franklinville, Malaga, Lake, Downstown, Chewsville, Hopewell, Forest Grore, Newfield, Bellevue, | 5 548 66 6 442 73 7 350 00 8 350 00 9 350 00 2 350 00 2 350 00 350 00 350 00 | 3 | 45 12 37 06 | | 1500 00 100 00 | 1500 00 100 00 | 553 74 479 79 350 00 350 00 350 00 1850 00 450 00 350 00 350 00 | 13 11 81 88 4 05 229 11 39 74 85 94 5 39 105 64 12 21 |
| MONDOD | | | 82 18 | | 1600 00 | | 5123 53 | 577 07 |
| MONROE. Cross Keys, Williamstown, New Brooklyn, Washington Grove, Coles' Mill, Whitneyville, | 6 350 00 7 994 50 8 350 00 9 350 00 3 350 00 3 137 90 |) | 60 18 8 35 | 100 00 | | 100 00 450 00 120 00 | 450 00 1504 74 350 00 350 00 350 00 266 30 | 83 08 |
| WASHINGTON. | 2532 5 | | 68 53 | 200 00 | 470 00 | 670 00 | 3271 04 | 1070 60 |
| Bethel, 6 Bunker Hill, 6 Chestnut Ridge, 6 Deptford, 6 Mount Pieasant, 6 | 5 350 00 6 350 00 7 330 4 | 2)) ! | 38 80 | | 400 00 600 00 | | 930 59 350 00 350 00 369 24 950 00 | 157 13 110 67 123 80 47 48 53 34 |
| WOOLWICH. | 1855 20 | | 94 57 | | 1000 00 | 1000 00 | 2949 83 | 492 42 |
| Poplar Grove, 1 Clover Dale, 2 Battentown, 3 Swedesboro', 3 Small Gloucester, 3 | 0 350 00 1 683 50 |) | 138 72 | | | 200 00 | 350 00 350 00 400 00 1022 07 350 00 | 272 96 113 09 37 02 95 54 51 54 |
| LOGAN. | 2083 3 | | | | 250 00 | 250 00 | 2472 07 | 570 15 |
| Repaupo, Bridgeport, Madison, Centre Square, Jackson, Lincoln, Nortonville, Cooper, 4 | 352 96 3 489 53 4 350 00 5 350 00 6 109 03 7 350 00 9 350 00 | 3 | 62 05 | 50 00 100 00 12 50 | 50 00 12 50 | | 502 72 651 57 450 00 350 00 124 48 350 00 400 00 375 00 | 38 66 47 47 78 70 11 08 146 33 |
| Commen | | | 127 27 | 162 50 | | 425 00 | 3203 77 | 530 23 |
| Summary. City of Woodbury. Deptford West Deptford Mantua. Harrison Greenwich. Glassboro'. Clayton. Franklin. Monroe. Washington. Woolwich. Logan. | 2653 34 1120 22 1055 44 1672 33 8919 04 2246 04 1892 89 2316 93 3441 53 2532 5 1855 24 2083 35 2651 56 | \$303.00 | 81 01 | 300 00 50 00 600 00 200 00 200 00 | 2560 00 2600 00 655 00 970 00 799 84 1225 00 2242 00 1500 00 470 00 470 00 250 00 262 50 | 2500 00, 2900 00 705 00 970 00 1399 84 1225 00 2242 00 1700 00 670 00 1000 00, 250 00 425 00 | 5274 41 4121 86 2179 19 2271 90 5541 82 3632 77 4229 75 4097 96 5123 53 3271 04 2949 83 2472 07 3203 77 | 46 02 523 51 367 65 178 01 1330 63 481 47 1154 16 577 07 1070 60 492 42 570 15 530 23 |
| | 29440 4 | 308 00 | | | 16074 34 | 17586 84 | 48869 30 | 7321 92 |

State of New Jersey, for the School Year ending August 31, 1878.

| | 100 | 1 2 | .hs | | | ATTI | ENDA | NOE | | | Beat | | who | who | ers | ers | paid per teachers. | Jer Irs. |
|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|-----------------------|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|--------------------|---------------------|--|---|---|
| | the school | children between 8 years of age. | Average number of months school kept open. | | 10 | en | en. | en | less | | 1118 | public | ool. | | male teachers | Number of female teachers employed. | d) | Average salary paid per month to female teachers. |
| | pe | etwe | of n | | 80 . | No. attending between 8 and 10 months. | No. attending between 6 and 8 months. | No. attending between 4 and 6 months. | gle | oce. | Number the house will comfortably. | pu | umber of children vatiend private school. | children chool. | te | ete | pald | paid |
| | of t | of of | er | led. | attending or more. | bet | bet hs. | bet. | din | dan | Buc. | the lings. | hilc te g | of child | ale | aale | salary to male | ry |
| riet | ne | are | mb pt c | roll | rer r m | ngu | ng | ng | attendi | en | bly. | of t | LAB | SC. | | fen. | m | ala |
| lsti | ty. | hille | nn | en | | India India | ndi 8 m | ndi S m | ati | ati | the | ng o | of | of no s | of | of | to to | tof |
| of District. | resent va propert y | | age | ber | umber | nd | od 8 | od (| umber than 4 | age | umber the ho | ltrio 000 | ber | umber | ber | umber of i | age | age |
| No. 0 | Present value of property. | No. of children b and 18 years of | ver | Number enrolled. | Number | 8.8 | 6.8 6.8 | fo. attending bet 4 and 6 months. | Number attending than 4 months. | Average attendance | COL | Condition of the school buildings | Number | Number | Number of employed. | um | Average month | ver |
| Z | 4 | Z | 4 | Z | Z | Z | Z | Z | Z | ≺ | Z | Ö | Z | | z | Z | _ < | 4" |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1. | İ | | 1 | | |
| 41 | \$7000 00 | 582 | 10.7 | 448 | 52 | 126 | 93 | 69 | 108 | 261 | 450 | g. | 13 | | 1 | 6 | \$85 00 | \$27 00 |
| 49 | 2500 00 | 109 | 9.5 | 77 | | 15 | 17 | 18 | 27 | 41 | 64 | 77 07 | | 20 | | 1 | | 45 00 |
| 42 43 | 6500 00 400 00 | 102 415 65 | 10.7 | 334 | 27 | 15 80 | 67 | 60 | 100 | 189 | 340 50 | v. g. g. p. | ii | 20 | i | 4 | 85 00 | 36 00 35 00 |
| 44 51 | 800 00 | 46 | 9.5 10.7 8 9 | 56 35 | | 8 | 67 13 10 | 10 | 36 7 | 189 25 20 | 56 56 | p. g. | | 14 15 | ····i | 1 | 35 55 | 35 00 |
| | 10200 00 | 628 | 9.3 | 502 | 27 | 103 | 107 | 95 | 170 | 275 | 510 | | 11 | 69 | | <u></u> | 60 27 | 38 66 |
| 47 | 3000 00 | 181 | 10 | | | 6 | | 19 | 60 | 44 | 150 | | 1 | 1 | | | | |
| 45 46 | 2550 00 | 144 | 10 | 104 122 | 1 | 62 | 18 10 11 6 2 16 7 | 11 | 39 | 100 | 80 | v. g. v. g. | 5 | 60 16 | 1 1 1 1 | 1 | 60 00 50 00 | 30 00 |
| 47 | 400 00 600 00 | 144 59 46 | 99799 | 44 40 | | | 11 | 11 9 11 | 39 24 23 | 100 27 16 | 80 56 40 | p. | | 5 12 | 1 | • • • • | 50 00 33 33 37 50 | ••••• |
| 49 | 250 00 | 47 | 7 | 33 53 45 | | 15 | 2 | 8 | 23 | 15 22 | 50 | n. | | 9 | | 1 1 1 | | 30 00 31 00 |
| 52 | 2000 00 | 47 75 51 75 | 9 | 45 | | 20 | 7 | 8 12 8 14 | 10 | 30 | 26 70 | v. p. | | 15 | | i | | 40 00 |
| 46 47 48 49 50 52 53 55 | 1000 00 400 00 | 75 59 | 8 9 | 56 40 | •••• | ···· 4 | 12 | 14 | 30 | 29 16 | 60 32 | g. g. | 4 | 7 19 | 1 1 | | 36 00 35 67 | |
| | 10230 00 | 737 | 8.8 | 537 | 1 | 107 | 92 | 111 | 226 | 299 | 564 | | 9 | 143 | 6 | 4 | 42 08 | 32 75 |
| 5.0 | | 60 | | | - | | | | 220 | | | | 3 | | U | -1 | 924 00 | |
| 56 57 58 59 60 63 | 500 00 6000 00 | 343 90 | 9 9.5 10 | 41 226 | 1 1 | 18 3 5 | 16 52 9 14 7 | 7 59 | 79 | 26 109 | 75 200 | med. | 3 | 19 81 | ···i | 3 | 88 90 | 33 33 33 00 41 67 |
| 58 50 | rent house 1900 00 | 90 96 | 10 | 49 73 42 30 | 1 | 35 6 27 | 9 | 6 12 7 5 | 79 27 20 | 29 35 21 12 | 50 | | | 40. | i | 1 | | 41 67 |
| 60 | 800 00 500 00 | 63 42 | 9 7.7 | 42 | | 9 | Î | 7 | 19 | 21 | 50 45 | g g g. | | 23 12 15 | î | _i | 40 00 36 67 | 30 00 |
| 63 | | | _ | | | | _ | | 24 | | 80 | g. | | | | | | |
| | 9700 00 | 694 | 9.2 | _ 461 | 2 | 95 | 99 | 96 | 169 | 232 | 470 | • • • • • • • | 3 | 190 | 3 | 6 | 5 5 19 | 34 50 |
| 64 65 66 67 68 | 500 00 1700 00 | 135 51 74 105 | 10 9 | 123 51 | | 30 8 | 34 | 21 | 38 29 | 70 20 | 125 60 | p. v. g. | | 12 | 1 | 1 | 52 50 33 33 33 33 | 28 00 |
| 66 | 1400 00 300 00 | 74 | 9 9 | 50 | | 1 2 3 | 18 17 | 10 17 14 | 14 25 40 | 28 39 | 56 | v. g. | | | i | _i | 33 33 | ******** |
| 68 | 1000 00 | 74 | 10 | 58 65 | | 3 | 11 | 11 | 40. | 24 | 125 60 56 70 50 | v. g. v. g. v. g. | | 45 12 | | 1 | | 33 33 33 00 |
| | 4900 00 | 439 | 9.5 | 347 | | 44 | 84 | 73 | 146 | 181 | 361 | | | 69 | 3 | 3 | 39 72 | 31 44 |
| 19 | 600 00 | 57 | 10 | 49 | | 3 | 5 | 18 | 23 | 22 | 50 | ø. | 4 | 7 | | 1 | | 30 00 |
| 19 25 30 31 | 1200 00 700 00 | 63 92 204 | 9 | 38 70 | | | 5 7 | 7 | 24 | 16 | 50 50 75 | g. p. | 2 4 | 13 16 | | 1 | | 30 00 30 00 38 33 30 00 |
| 31 | 6000 00 | 204 | 10 | 155 155 | | 71 71 2 | 21 21 | 18 36 | 23 24 31 27 22 | 22 16 37 57 13 | 210 | med. ▼. g. ▼. p. | 32 | 26 | ···i | 1 | 60 00 | 30 00 |
| 3 8 | | 64 | 9 | 52 | •••• | | 2 | 26 | | 13 | | v. p. | •••• | 12 | 1 | | 35 00 | |
| | 8500 60 | 480 | 9.5 | 366 | •••• | 78 | 56 | 105 | 127 | 145 | 385 | ••••• | 42 | 74 | 2 | 4 | 47 50 | 32 08 |
| 32 | 2000 00 3300 00 | 110 | 9 | 87 127 72 76 32 | •••• | 3 | 19 | 22 | 43 | 50 | 108 120 | g. | 10 | 22 8 | 2 | | 37 50 55 00 | 25.00 |
| 32 33 34 35 36 37 39 | 2000 00 | 121 82 79 | 10 | 72 | | 21 14 | 19 33 8 18 | 22 30 15 17 | 43 35 35 18 12 26 30 | 50 73 35 35 16 35 | 80 60 | g. g. v. g. med. | ···i | 2 | | 1 | | 25 00 36 00 |
| 35 | 800 00 200 00 | | 7.7 | 76 32 | • • • • • | 6 | 18 | 8 | 18 | 35 16 | 60 50 | V. D. | | 2 2 | 1 | | 37 78 35 00 | |
| 37 | 1400 00 500 00 | 76 75 59 | 9 7.7 9 9 | 60 70 | • • • • • | 87 | 6 30 22 3 | 10 15 | 12 | 35 40 | 50 80 80 | v. g. p. | _i | 2 6 13 | •••• | 1 | | 31 11 40 00 |
| 40 | 600 00 | 59 | 10 | 46 | | 3 | 3 | 10 | 30 | 18 | 50 | g. | | 13 | | 1 | | 36 00 |
| | 10800 00 | 642 | 9.2 | 570 | | 62 | 139 | 127 | 242 | 302 | 628 | | 12 | 66 | 5 | 5 | 41 32 | 33 62 |
| | 4000 00 | 855 | 10.5 | 481 | 25 | 147 | 99 | 81 | 129 | 271 | 450 | | 100 | 246 | 1 | 8 | 80 00 | 40 00 |
| | 7200 00 5700 00 | 267 | 9.6 | 481 176 275 335 838 545 | i | 147 38 23 58 | 41 | 81 36 52 | 61 154 | 94 114 | 230 232 | | 10 | 60 | 2 | 8 2 4 | 60 30 | 35 00 |
| | 9150 00 | 400 | 9.6 | 335 | 14 | 58 | 45 80 175 | 68 | 115 299 | 186 | 382 | | 9 | 11 75 68 | 1 2 | 4 | 47 68 | 35 27 |
| | 14600 00 8100 00 | 929 668 | 9.5 | 838 545 | 6 | 194 | 125 | 68 170 115 | 200 | 186 426 289 261 | 865 578 | | 31 65 | 68 44 | 9 | 8 6 | 39 66 49 62 | 31 80 34 67 |
| | 8100 00 7000 00 10200 00 | 668 582 628 | 10.7 | 448 502 | 52 27 | 126 103 | 93 107 | 69 95 | 108 170 226 169 | 261 275 | 450 510 | | 13 | 69 | 1 | 6 | 85 00 | 34 67 35 27 31 80 34 67 27 00 38 66 32 75 34 50 |
| | 10230 00 | 737 | 8.8 | 537 | 1 2 | 107 | 92 99 | 111 | 226 | 299 | 564 | | 11 9 3 | 143 | 6 | 4 | 42 08 | 32 75 |
| | 9700 00 4900 00 | 737 694 439 | 9.2 | 461 347 | 2 | 95 44 | 99 84 | 111 96 73 | 146 | 299 232 181 | 470 361 | | | 190 69 | 3 | 6 3 | 39 66 49 62 85 00 60 27 42 08 55 19 39 72 47 50 | 34 50 31 44 |
| | 8500 00 10800 00 | 480 642 | 9.9 10.7 9.3 8.8 9.5 9.5 9.5 | 366 570 | | 44 78 62 | 56 139 | 105 127 | 127 242 | 145 302 | 385 | | 42 12 | 69 74 66 | 29412633515 | 5 | 50 00 47 68 39 66 49 62 85 00 60 27 42 08 55 19 39 72 47 50 41 32 | 40 00 35 00 34 67 35 27 31 80 34 67 27 00 38 66 32 75 34 50 31 44 32 08 33 62 |
| | | | | | **** | | | | | | 628 | | | | | | | |
| | 110080 00 | 7637 | 9.6 | 5881 | 128 | 1174 | 1235 | 1198 | 2146 | 3075 | 6045 | ••••• | 309 | 1115 | 41 | 66 | 53 72 | 33 96 |

Statistical Report, by Districts, for the County of HUDSON,

| | | | FI | NANOIAL | | | | . m ! b ! |
|---|--|---------------|--|--|--|---|---|--|
| TOWNSHIPS AND DISTRICTS OR CITIES. | State Appropriation. | Township Tax. | Surplus Revenue. | District School Tax voted for payment of teachers' salaries. | District School Tax voted to be used for building, purchasing, hiring, repairing, &c. | District School Tax to be raised. | Total amount from all sources. | Balance in the hands of the collector, exclusive of money for building and repairing purposes. |
| HUDSON, NORTH BERGEN. District No. 1 " 2 " 4 " 4 | 487 78 | | | \$600 00 | \$260 00 200 00 460 00 | \$260 00 600 00 200 00 | \$1115 53 1320 04 1504 59 487 78 631 00 5058 94 | \$195 63 9 11 878 98 316 87 |
| Town of Union, 6 | | | | 3000 00 | | 3000 00 | 9426 16 | |
| Weehawken, 7 | | | | 700 00 | 800 00 | | 2274 24 | |
| UNION. District No. 8 | 1726 55 712 30 1037 47 | | | 300 00 | 300 00 | 600 00 | 1726 55 712 30 1637 47 | 395 24 457 12 278 29 |
| | 3476 32 | | | 300 00 | 300 00 | 600 00 | 4076 32 | 1130 65 |
| West Hoboken, 11 | | | | 3000 00 | | 3000 00 | 10436 55 | 642 85 |
| Hoboken, 12 | | | | 15180 71 | 17707 00 | 32887 71 | 66841 88 | |
| Jersey City, 13 | | | | 42900 16 | 59550 00 | 102450 16 | 247550 00 | |
| Bayonne, 15 | 6821 02 | | | 10000 00 | 4100 00 | 14100 00 | 20921 02 | |
| Harrison, 16 | | | | ******** | | | 5984 84 | 3593 93 |
| Kearney, 17 | 2001 40 | | | 1000 00 | 600 00 | 1600 00 | 3601 40 | |
| Summary. North Bergen. Town of Union. Weehawken. Union. West Hoboken. Hoboken. Jersey City Bayonne. Harrison. Kearney. | 3998 94 6426 16 774 24 3476 32 7436 55 33954 17 145099 84 6821 02 5984 84 2001 40 | | | 600 00 3000 00 700 00 300 00 3000 00 15180 71 42900 16 10000 00 -1000 00 | 460 00 800 00 300 00 17707 00 59550 00 4100 00 600 00 83517 00 | 1060 00 3000 00 1500 00 600 00 3000 00 32887 71 102450 16 14100 00 1600 00 160197 87 | 5058 94 9426 16 2274 24 4076 32 10436 55 66841 88 247550 00 20921 02 5984 84 3601 40 | 1130 65 642 85 |
| HUNTER DON. LEBANON. Mount Lebanon, No. 1 Little Brook, 2 Lower Valley, 3 Changewater, 4 Mount All, 5 Syruce Rull, 7 New Hampton, 7 Mew Hampton, 9 Clarksville, 10 Mondaila, 11 | | | \$22 68 15 02 36 17 30 96 17 17 17 23 60 8 89 29 12 101 16 20 23 61 92 | | 300 00 | 50 00 300 00 250 00 816 66 350 00 | 372 68 365 02 386 17 430 96 667 17 373 60 82 67 629 12 1757 44 370 23 925 87 | 84 03 104 82 8 99 |
| BETHLEHEM. Bloomsbury, 12 Bethlehem, 13 South Asbury, 14 Charlestown, 16 Mountain View, 17 Hickory, 18 | 350 00 350 00 350 00 | | 366 92 70 81 41 38 30 35 16 86 15 33 23 91 | 800 00 179 00 32 37 150 00 | 966 66 50 00 | 1766 66 229 00 32 37 150 00 | 6360 93 887 54 423 75 530 35 366 86 365 33 373 91 | 224 93 43 94 70 27 15 72 2 54 |
| ALEXANDRIA. | 2337 73 | •••••• | 198 64 | 361 37 | 50 00 | 411 37 | 2947 74 | 132 47 |
| Little York, 24 Everlitstown, 28 Winchel's Grove, 29 Pittstown, 30 | 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 | | 21 46 22 07 16 55 21 46 | | 25 00 | 25 00 | 396 46 372 07 366 55 371 46 | 20 00 |

State of New Jersey, for the School Year ending August 31, 1878.

| | looi | D D | ths | | 4 | ATTE | NDA | NOE | | | eat | | who I. | мро | teachers | Number of female teachers employed. | paid per teachers. | per ers. |
|---|--|---|--|---|----------------------|---|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|---|--|-------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|--|
| | Present value of the school property. | No. of children between and 18 years of age. | Average number of months school kept open. | | 10 | een | een | No. attending between 4 and 6 months. | less | a [*] | Number the house will seat comfortably. | the public | noot | | eacl | eacl | paíd teach | Average salary paid per month to female teachers. |
| | r tb | o. of children between and 18 years of age. | rof pen. | d. | attending or more. | etw ba. | etw | etw | ing. | апс | ise v | e pr | of children private school | children chool. | | alet | D 0 | Je te |
| ict. | le ol | ren | ape of ol | olle | umber attendin | o. attending bety 8 and 10 months. | o. attending bet 6 and 8 months. | o. attending bet 4 and 6 months. | attend! | end | hot | ondition of the p school buildings. | cb | | rnale | ema | salary to male | lar |
| istr | valu ty. | bild | nur | enr | | ndfr 10 m | adir me | indfr i me | att | att | the | n of buf | | of no | of ved. | of f | | 88 to fe |
| of District | resentva | of cl | age | ber | ber | nd] | nd 8 | atte nd 6 | umber than 4 | 200 | umber the ho | litto | umber | ber | umber of employed | umber of f | verage month | age |
| No. | res | and | Ach | Number enrolled | Number | No. attending between 8 and 10 months. | No. attending between 6 and 8 months. | 40.1 | Number attending than 4 months. | Average attendance. | cor | Condition of school build | Number | Number | Number of employed. | van en | Average month | Ave mo |
| 4 | phq | 4 | 4 | | <u></u> | - | F4 | F4 | F-4 | 1 | | | 4 | <u>~4</u> | F4 | A | | |
| 1 | \$2000 00 | 215 | 10.5 | 80 | | 9 | 18 | 13 | 40 | 35 | 120 | g. | 60 | 75 | | 1 | ************************************** | \$50 00 30 00 |
| 2 3 | 1600 00 7000 00 | 181 335 | 11 11.7 10.5 | 129 101 | 7 | 34 15 | 18 22 18 9 | 20 24 | 46 31 39 | 69 52 | 80 130 80 | g. g. | 107 | 50 127 | 1 | 1 | \$70 00 81 82 45 85 65 00 | 30 00 38 68 |
| 5 | 1500 00 2350 00 | 106 151 | 10.5 | 66 76 | 1 3 | 11 11 | 10 | 6 17 | 35 | 52 25 33 | 150 | med. | 30 10 | 10 65 | 1 | | 65 00 | |
| ĺ | 14450 00 | 988 | 10.9 | 452 | 24 | 80 | 77 | 80 | 191 | 214 | 560 | | 209 | 327 | 4 | 3 | 65 66 | 39 56 |
| 6 | 10000 00 | 1834 | 11 | 1201 | 416 | 221 | 141 | 129 | 294 | 699 | 500 | v. p. | 160 | 473 | 6 | 7 | 79 16 | 32 15 |
| 7 | 450 0 00 | 167 | 10.5 | 94 | 6 | 22 | 12 | 14 | 40 | 49 | 150 | v. g. | 58 | 15 | | 2 | | 56 25 |
| 8 | 15000 00 | 405 | 11 | 297 | 27 | 71 | 64 | 40 | 95 | 163 | 280 | g. | 47 | 61 | 1 | 3 | 90 00 | 30 00 |
| 10 | 3000 00 | 405 182 258 | 10 11.5 | 104 180 | 14 | 12 52 | 24 30 | 20 27 | 48 57 | 48 99 | 60 150 | med. | 10 | 68 7 3 | 1 | ····i | 83 33 70 00 | 25 00 |
| | 18000 00 | 845 | | 581 | 41 | 135 | 118 | 87 | 200 | 310 | 490 | | 62 | 202 | 3 | 4 | 81 11 | 28 75 |
| 11 | 30000 00 | 1999 | | 970 | 96 | 260 | 154 | 209 | 251 | 618 | 800 | g. | 396 | 633 | 2 | 14 | 117 37 | 34 70 |
| 12 | 152000 00 | 8729 | 1 | 5088 | 587 | 1259 | 858 | 643 | 1741 | 2899 | 3650 | g. | 1475 | 2166 | 5 | 68 | 137 00 | 47 90 |
| 13 | 764581 00 | 40204 | 10.5 | 20585 | 4502 | 3811 | 3222 | 3034 | 6016 | 11860 | 12958 | g. | 9809 | 9810 | 17 | 293 | 139 20 | 40 21 |
| 15 | 102669 00 | 1930 | 10 | 1421 | 9 | 351 | 270 | 208 | 583 | 734 | 1442 | v. g. | 309 | 200 | 5 | 22 | 140 00 | 44 09 |
| 16 | 20443 00 | 1520 | 10 | 402 | | 90 | 76 | 139 | 97 | 225 | 450 | g. | 700 | 418 | 2 | 4 | 125 00 | 50 83 |
| 17 | 6000 00 | 592 | 10 | 360 | 5 | 101 | 59 | 56 | 139 | 191 | 400 | med. | 115 | 117 | 2 | 3 | 77 50 | 45 00 |
| | 14450 00 | 988 | 10.5 | 452 | 24 | 80 | 77 | 80 | 191 | 214 | 560 | | 209 | 327 | 4 | 3 | 65 66 | 39 56 |
| | 10000 00 4500 00 | 1834 167 845 1999 8729 | 10.5 10.8 10.5 10.5 | 1201 94 581 970 5088 | 416 | 221 22 135 | 141 | 129 | 294 | 699 | 500 150 | | 160 58 | 327 473 15 | 6 | 7 2 | 79 16 | 32 15 56 25 28 75 34 70 |
| 1 | 18000 00 30000 00 | 845 | 10.8 | 581 970 | 6 41 96 587 | 135 | 12 118 154 | 14 87 209 643 | 200 251 1741 | 310 618 | 490 800 | | 62 396 | 2012 | 3 2 | 4 14 | 81 11 117 37 | 28 75 34 70 |
| | 152000 00 | 8729 | 10.5 | 5088 20585 | 587 4502 | 260 1259 | 154 858 2000 | 643 | 6016 | 2899 11860 | 3650 12958 | | 1475 | 633 2166 9810 | 3 2 5 17 5 2 2 | 68 2 93 | 81 11 117 37 137 00 139 20 140 00 | 39 56 32 15 56 25 28 75 34 70 47 90 40 21 44 09 50 83 45 00 |
| | 764581 00 102669 00 20443 00 | 40204 1930 1520 | 10 | 20585 1421 409 | 9 | 351 351 90 | 3222 270 | 3034 208 139 | 583 97 | 734 225 | 1442 450 | | 9809 309 700 | 9810 200 418 117 | 5 2 | 22 | 140 00 | 44 09 50 83 |
| | 6000 00 | 592 | 10 | 402 360 | 5 | 101 | 76 59 | 56 | 139 | 191 | 400 | | 700 | 117 | 2 | 3 | 125 00 77 50 | |
| | 1122643 00 | 58808 | 10.4 | 31154 | 5686 | 6330 | 4987 | 4599 | 9552 | 17799 | 21400 | | 13293 | 14361 | 46 | 420 | 115 48 | 41 44 |
| 1 | 1600 00 500 00 | 75 | 9.5 | 68 | | 2 | 9 | 7 9 | 50 | 22 | 60 | ▼. g. g. | 2 | 5 | 2 1 1 | 1 | 35 00 37 61 38 33 | 30 00 |
| 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 | 600 00 | 75 48 105 | 9.5 9 9.5 | 40 86 70 41 68 23 78 267 | | 4 | 19 | 21 13 | 22 43 | 17 37 30 24 32 16 37 180 35 | 60 50 | gr. | | 8 19 23 | 1 | | 37 61 38 33 40 00 36 66 | |
| 5 | 1000 00 500 00 | 93 52 | 10 8 9.5 | 70 41 | | 8 10 | 12 16 | 9 | 37 6 | 24 | 50 50 | v. g. med. | | 10 | 1 | ~~i | 40 00 36 66 | 26 6 6 |
| 7 | 300 00 500 00 | 93 52 72 29 100 | 9.5 | 68 23 | | 5 | | 9 12 15 | 45 8 36 | 16 | 50 40 66 | V O. | 7 7 7 1 | | ; | 2 | 33 66 | 16 40 |
| 8 9 | 2500 00 6000 00 | 100 315 | 10 10 10 | 267 | | 11 114 | 16 58 | 47 | 48 | 180 | 250 75 | v. g. | 40 | 21 8 3 | 1 1 | 2 1 1 | 60 00 50 00 | 30 00 |
| 10 11 | 2500 00 2000 00 | 315 69 201 | 10 10 | 63 188 | 15 | 20 63 | 58 7 37 | 5 45 | 16 43 | 35 92 | 75 160 | g. v. g. v. g. v. g. | 2 3 | 10 | ···i | 1 | 50 00 | 30 00 25 00 |
| | 18000 00 | 1159 | 9.2 | 992 | 15 | 238 | 188 | 198 | 353 | 522 | 911 | | 62 | 107 | 10 | 8 | 42 36 | 26 34 |
| 12 | 700 00 1200 00 | 234 | 9.8 | 197 | | 52 9 | 41 22 15 | 31 17 11 | 73 50 | 100 | 138 | med. | 3 | 31 32 | 1 1 1 | 1 | 47 50 55 00 | 25 00 |
| 14 | 1200 00 1200 00 600 00 200 00 500 00 | 99 | 10 9.5 12 | 85 | | 11 | 15 | 11 | | 41 38 16 | 52 50 | g. | | 32 14 2 7 | | ···i | 45 00 | 26 87 28 2 5 |
| 12 13 14 16 17 18 | 500 00 2000 00 | 234 130 99 45 51 | 12 | 197 98 85 38 42 51 | i | 11 3 6 2 | 5 9 18 | 6 3 17 | 24 | 16 27 | 60 52 50 50 75 | g. g. p. v. g. v. g. | _i | 7 27 | 2 | ī | 32 22 | 28 25 |
| | 5200 00 | 632 | | 511 | 1 | 83 | 110 | 84 | 233 | 238 | 425 | | 4 | 113 | 5 | 3 | 44 93 | 26 71 |
| 24 | 850 00 | 67 | 10 | 59 | | 7 | 11 | 20 | 21 | 32 30 21 | 50 50 | med. | 5 | 8 | 2 | _i | 33 00 40 00 | 30 00 |
| 24 28 29 30 | 850 00 1100 00 450 00 400 00 | 67 75 52 81 | 10 10 9.3 | 59 70 41 72 | ···i | 5 8 2 | 11 25 6 15 | 19 9 16 | 21 21 17 39 | 30 21 29 | 40 50 | med. med. | | 10 | 1 1 1 | 2 | 33 00 40 00 32 50 33 33 | 30 00 |
| 50 | 1 100 00 | (8) | ii ∌. ∂ | 12 | | , 4 | 10 | . 10 | . 58 | 49 | 50 | ineu. | 1 0 | ' | , | , | | 55.03 |

Statistical Report, by Districts, for the County of HUNTERDON,

| | | | | Tri | IN A NOTAT | STATEME | NIT | | |
|---|--|--|---------------|--|--|--|---|--|--|
| TOWNSHIPS AND DISTRICTS OR CITIES. | | State Appropriation. | Township Tax. | Surplus Revenue. | District School Tax voted for payment of teachers' salaries. | District School Tax voted to be used for building, purchasing, hiring, repairing, &c. | District School Tax to be raised. | Fotal amount from all sources. | Balance in the hands of the collector, exclusive of money for building and repairing purposes. |
| Hunterdon (Continue ALEXANDRIA (Con. Old Church, No. Holiand, Holiand, Spring Mills, Millerville, Hawk's, Mount Pleasant, Milford, | 20 21 22 23 25 26 | \$350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 478 33 | | \$15 33 32 80 22 38 18 39 15 02 16 24 25 44 57 63 | \$53 04 300 00 | \$150 00 | \$53 04 450 00 | \$365 33 435 84 372 38 368 39 365 02 366 24 375 44 985 96 | \$12 35 166 94 11 52 |
| Frenchtown Borough, | 32 | 4328 33 854 89 | | 284 77 103 00 | | | | 5141 14 | 326 31 |
| KINGWOOD. Oak Summit, Baptisttown, Union, Independence, Spring Hill, Scott's, Rock Ridge, Warsaw, | 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 | 350 00 350 00 43 25 350 00 350 00 | | | | | 500 00 | 364 10 368 39 48 46 367 47 365 33 376 67 368 70 364 10 | 59 67 61 01 16 51 125 49 112 73 21 47 41 |
| | | 2493 25 | | 129 97 | | | | 2623 22 | |
| FRANKLIN. Franklin, Quakertown, Sunnyside, Cherryville, Sidney, | 42 43 44 45 46 | 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 | | 15 94 29 43 14 71 17 78 15 33 | | | 100 00 | 365 94 379 43 364 71 367 78 465 33 | 79 36 62 59 35 |
| UNION. The Union, Yantuchurg, Yantuchurg, Meching's, Cook's Roads, New Stone, | 47 48 49 50 51 52 | 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 | | 93 19 19 93 17 78 36 17 19 01 14 10 15 63 | | 600 00 | 100 00 600 00 600 00 | 1943 19 369 93 367 78 386 17 369 01 364 10 965 63 | 142 30 10 75 12 04 63 78 86 57 |
| Clinton Borough, | 53 | 666 61 | | 80 31 | 600 00 | 751 00 | 1351 00 | 2097 92 | |
| CLINTON. Annandale, Bray's Hill, Lebanon, Round Valley, Hamden, | 54 55 56 57 58 | | | 55 18 16 86 38 01 31 27 22 68 | 257 50 150 00 500 00 200 00 | 42 50 | 300 00 150 00 500 00 200 00 68 00 | 813 15 516 86 888 01 581 27 440 68 | 30 00 69 86 25 00 39 45 |
| HIGH BRIDGE. | | 1857 97 | | 164 00 | 1107 50 | 110 50 | 1218 00 | 3239 97 | 164 31 |
| Rocky Run, Silverthorn, High Bridge, | 59 60 61 | 350 00 391 82 595 37 | | 23 00 47 20 71 73 | | 175 00 50 00 | 175 00 50 00 | 548 00 439 02 717 10 | 28 75 144 96 |
| TEWKSBURY. Fair Mount, Farmersville, Mountainville, Cokesburg, Mount Pleasant, New Germantown, The Centre, | 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 | 1337 19 363 84 350 00 350 00 379 10 350 00 350 00 350 00 | | 141 93 43 84 16 55 28 51 45 67 19 31 37 09 14 10 | | 225 00 | 225 00 30 00 100 00 | 1704 12 437 68 366 55 378 51 424 77 369 31 487 09 464 10 | 173 71 13 16 20 11 12 50 |
| READINGTON. | 00 | 2492 94 | | 205 07 | 100 00 | 30 00 | 130 00 | 2828 01 | 45 77 |
| Stanton, Three Corners, The Station, White House, | 69 70 71 72 | 350 00 350 00 366 38 350 00 | | 31 88 22 38 44 14 36 48 | | 1200 00 | 1200 00 | 381 88 372 38 1610 52 386 48 | 69 71 |

State of New Jersey, for the School Year ending August 31, 1878.

| _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|---|--|---|---------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|---|--|---------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|---|
| | Present value of the school property. | en 5 | Average number of months school kept open. | | | ATTE | | | | | Number the house will seat comfortably. | lc | who | who | Number of male teachers employed. | teachers | paid per teachers. | Iverage salary paid per monthte female teachers. |
| | he sc | No. of children between and 18 years of age. | if mo | | ng 10 | No. attending between 8 and 10 months. | No. attending between 6 and 8 months. | No. attending between 4 and 6 months. | g less | ce. | will w | Condition of the public school buildings. | umber of children attend private school. | en | teac | teac | paid | pald |
| ct. | e of t | o. of children between 18 years of age. | verage number of school kept open | lled. | umber attending months or more. | o. attending betv 8 and 10 months. | o. attending het 6 and 8 montbs. | g het | Number attending than 4 months. | Average attendance. | onee y. | ondition of the p school buildings. | child ate s | of childr | nale | Number of temule employed. | ary | ary |
| No. of District. | value ty. | year | num | Number enrolled. | atte | our 0 | nding | o. attending bet 4 and 6 months. | umber attendin | atte | umber the ho | n of build | of priva | of no s | of 1 | of te | Average salary month to male | gai |
| of D | resent va property | of cl | age | ther | Number | atter | atter nd 8 | atter | nher nn 4 | age | nfor | litio | Number | umber | umber of employed | umber of f | age | Average month to |
| No. | Preg | No. | Aver | Nun | Nun | No. 88 | No. 6 a | No. | Num | Ave | Num | Con | Nun | Nun | Num | Nun | Ave | Ave |
| 91 | \$350 00 | 50 | 0 | 47 | | 9 | 2 | 15 | 07 | 10 | 40 | m a d | | | 1 | | DOE 45 | } |
| 31 19 20 21 22 23 25 26, | 800 00 | 109 81 66 | 9 9 | 47 94 75 | | 18 15 6 | 31 18 | 10 17 10 | 27 35 25 32 10 | 18 55 44 | 40 90 70 | med. g. g. | 5 4 | 3 7 2 1 | 1 | ¨i | \$35 45 38*00 36 00 35 00 25 00 30 00 36 12 | \$15 00 |
| 21 22 | 2500 00 600 00 | 66 48 45 | 9 | 57 30 | | 6 | 18 9 15 | 5 | 32 10 | 44 21 15 | 70 64 60 30 | v. g. | | 1 10 | 1 | 3 1 | 35 00 25 00 | 22 25 |
| 25 25 | 300 00 1000 00 3500 00 | 45 80 194 | 9 9 9 9.5 9.5 9.5 | 94 75 57 30 35 54 188 | | 5 2 31 | 6 18 60 | 14 14 58 | 10 40 39 | 18 36 106 | 30 65 240 | g. v. g. | 8 1 2 6 | 9 | 1 1 1 | 1 2 | 30 00 36 12 40 00 | 30 00 25 00 |
| - | 12950 00 | 948 | 9.3 | 842 | <u>1</u> | 101 | 217 | 207 | 316 | 425 | 849 | 7. 6. | 34 | 61 | 13 | 10 | 34 53 | 25 37 |
| 32 | 3000 00 | 325 | 9 | 254 | | 16 | 76 | 52 | 110 | 136 | 280 | g. | 19 | 50 | 2 | 2 | 45 00 | 27 50 |
| 34 | 300 00 600 00 | 46 | 9 10 | 35 56 15 | | 5 | 47 | 6 10 | 20 | 21 27 8 | 45 60 | g. | 3 | 6 4 | 1 2 | _i | 35 00 31 75 | 29 22 |
| 34 35 36 37 38 39 | 400 00 | 60 15 68 | 6 9 | 15 49 | | 12 2 3 | | 3 | 20 27 12 32 25 45 | 20 | 40 36 | v. g. v. g. med. | | | ·i | 1 | 22 22 | 33 33 12 50 |
| 38 | 350 00 400 00 | 68 51 85 | 10 | 49 50 67 46 | | | 9 7 9 7 8 | 15 13 | 25 45 | 20 20 24 18 | 40 36 30 50 30 | med. | | 12 2 14 12 | 1 | i | 30 00 35 00 | 26 50 |
| 40 | 300 00 800 00 | 59 32 | 10 6 9 10 9 9 9.5 | 30 | •••• | 1 2 | 8 | 9 15 | 29 5 | 18 | 30 44 | med. | | 12 2 | 1 | i | 36 11 23 33 | 21 66 |
| | 3550 00 | 416 | 9 | 348 | • • • • • | 25 | 51 | 77 | 195 | 151 | 335 | | 10 | 52 | 8 | 4 | 32 07 | 23 50 |
| 42 43 44 45 | 1050 00 1000 00 500 00 500 00 | 55 88 49 | 9.8 10 | 55 84 49 | | 8 23 40 | 21 | 20 10 | 14 45 2 6 | 25 38 31 30 | 48 70 60 60 | v. g. g. | 1 3 | i | ···i | ; | 36 00 | 30 00 |
| 45 46 | 500 00 1200 00 | 58 49 | 10 8 | 58 41 | 5 | 40 | 21 21 18 5 | 10 6 2 13 | 6 21 | 30 20 | 60 40 | g. g. g. | 2 | 8 | | 1 1 | | 30 00 33 25 30 00 |
| - | 4250 00 | 299 | 9.5 | 287 | -5 | 71 | 72 | 51 | 88 | 144 | 278 | | 6 | 9 | 1 | -4 | 36 00 | 30 81 |
| 47 | 500 00 1500 00 1000 00 | 78 56 | 10 10 9 | 60 41 | | 3 10 | 10 | 14 | 33 21 | 23 26 45 | 46 50 60 | med. v. g. | 4 2 | 6 12 | 1 | 2 | 30 00 | 30 00 |
| 47 48 49 50 51 52 | 1000 00 250 00 300 00 | 78 56 87 63 47 53 | 10 | 41 97 56 45 | | 11 9 3 2 | 10 8 16 16 8 10 | 14 2 17 8 10 | 33 21 53 23 24 17 | 45 29 | 60 40 50 | g. p. | | 12 12 5 | 1 1 1 2 | | 40 00 30 00 | |
| 52 | 700 00 | 53 | 9 | 44 | | 2 | 10 | 15 | 17 | • 29 • 20 25 | 45 | med. | 3 | 6 | 2 | i | 26 60 28 33 | 30 00 |
| | 4250 00 | 384 | 9.5 | 343 | | 38 | 68 | 66 | 171 | 168 | 291 | | 9 | 41 | 6 | 4 | 30 98 | 30 00 |
| 53 | 10000 00 | 262 | | 191 | •••• | 44 | 53 | 36 | 58 | 111 | 200 | v. g. | 35 | 36 | 1 | 3 | 80 00 | 30 00 |
| 54 55 | 2000 00 400 00 | 180 50 | 10 9 9.5 10 10.3 | 158 44 103 | | 32 4 | 43 7 | 38 7 | 45 26 30 | 83 20 64 | 120 60 120 | g. med. | 8 | 14 5 | 1 | 1 | 50 00 | 23 33 44 45 25 00 |
| 54 55 56 57 58 | 400 00 3000 00 3500 00 250 00 | 124 84 | 9.5 | 103 71 63 | | 14 17 | 34 5 11 | 25 24 | 30 42 19 | 64 29 36 | 120 65 40 | v. g. v. g. | 5 6 | 10 7 | 1 | 1 ; | 50 00 47 00 | 25 00 30 00 |
| 98 | 9150 00 | 504 | 9.8 | 439 | | 67 | 100 | 16 | 162 | 232 | 405 | g. | 19 | 39 | 3 | $-\frac{1}{4}$ | 49 00 | 30 69 |
| 59 | 400 00 1200 00 | 60 159 | | 54 131 | | 3 40 | | 17 | 22 3 | 34 65 | 40 75 | g. v. g. | 1 10 | 13 | | | | |
| 59 60 61 | 1200 00 2500 00 | 261 | 10 11 9.8 | 211 | 58 | 22 | 12 22 50 | 46 | 93 | 106 | 120 | v. g. | 12 | 30 | 2 1 1 | ···i | 31 70 40 00 50 00 | 30 00 |
| | 4100 00 | 480 | | 396 | | 65 | 84 | 71 | 118 | 205 | 235 | | 23 | 43 | 4 | 1 | 40 57 | 30 00 |
| 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 | 1100 00 300 00 600 00 | 142 45 | 9.5 | 99 40 64 140 59 | | 1 | 28 2 17 29 8 16 1 | 20 8 | 49 29 | 42 13 28 60 21 52 | 85 40 75 90 50 | v. g. g. | 14 | 29 1 | 1 i | i 1 | 40 70 | 28 89 36 00 |
| 65 | 600 00 340 00 | 150 62 | 9 | 140 | i | 20 11 5 | 29 | 8 17 25 8 19 | 29 7 75 37 | 60 21 | 90 50 | med. | 7 2 | 14 8 3 | 1 | 1 | 28 33 30 00 | 20 00 28 34 |
| 67 68 | 1800 00 1200 00 | 132 45 | 9.5 9 11 9 11.8 10.5 | 102 27 | | 25 6 | 16 1 | 19 6 | 42 14 | 52 11 | 150 40 | med. | i | 29 18 | i | ···i | 45 00 | 30 00 |
| | 5940 00 | 661 | 10.1 | 531 | 4 | 70 | 101 | 103 | 253 | 227 | 530 | | 24 | 102 | 4 | 5 | 36 00 | 28 66 |
| 69 70 71 72 | 500 00 1800 00 3000 00 | 92 71 144 109 | 10.5 | 81 70 94 | | 16 | 17 14 24 | 14 15 22 28 | 34 40 28 | 37 31 42 | 60 60 80 | g. g. v. g. v. g. | 1 1 | 11 | | 2 | 40 00 | 36 45 35 00 |
| 72 | 3500 00 | 109 | 9 | 100 | | 20 | 48 | 28 | 28 20 | 54 54 | 125 | v. g. v. g. | 14 | 49 | 1 1 | ···i | 40 00 | 40 00 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Statistical Report, by Districts, for the County of HUNTERDON,

| | - | | | TOT | NANGTAT | QT ATEMEN | arm. | | |
|--|--|---|---------------|--|--|--|---|---|---|
| | | | 1 | FI | j o | STATEMEN | NT. | all | de x- or r- |
| TOWNSHIPS AND DISTRICTS OR CITIES. | | State Appropriation. | Township Tax. | Surplus Revenue. | District School Tax voted for payment (teachers' salaries. | District School Tax voted to be used for building, purchasing, hiring, repairing, &c. | District School Tax the raised. | Total amount from a sources. | Balance in the hands of the collector, exclusive of money for building and repairing purposes. |
| Hunterdon (Continued READINGTON (Con. Cold Brook, No Pleasant Run, The Ridge, ReadIngton, Centreville, Three Bridges, The Grove, | d.)) 73 74 75 76 77 78 | \$350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 | | \$21 76 25 14 17 78 28 51 20 84 26 36 19 93 | \$80 00 | *********** | \$80 00 | 456 36 | \$51 53 27 50 5 27 |
| RARITAN. Klinesville, Oak Grove, Voorhees, Reaville, Pleasant Ridge, Neshanle, Flemington, Wagoner's, Harmony, Summit, | 80 81 82 83 84 86 87 88 89 90 | 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 | | 295 20 21 46 23 30 14 71 26 67 15 00 14 71 125 07 16 86 16 24 18 70 | 1075 00 | 200 00 | 200 00 | 5441 58 371 46 373 30 364 71 576 67 365 02 364 71 3913 15 366 86 366 24 368 70 | 64 21 37 28 96 |
| DELAWARE. Higgins', Locktown, Croton, Sand Brook, Moore's, Sergeant's, Vandolah's Reading's, Stockton, | 85 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 | 350 00 | | 19 99 | | | | 7430 82 366 24 379 43 370 23 369 62 368 39 513 93 370 23 376 97 844 30 | 7 48 |
| EAST AMWELL. Westville, Mountain Grove, Unionville, Ringoes, | 100 101 102 103 | 3375 01 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 | | 259 33 25 44 21 77 24 52 27 90 | | • 125 00 | 325 00 | 3959 34 375 44 371 77 374 52 377 90 | 96 53 18 50 38 78 |
| WEST AMWELL. Rocktown, Mount Airy, High Valley, Mount Range, | 104 105 106 107 | 1400 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 | | 99 68 20 84 34 03 18 09 29 73 | | | | 1499 63 370 84 384 03 368 09 379 73 | 153 81 15 00 77 50 77 83 |
| | | 1400 00 | | 102 69 | | ••••• | | 1502 69 | 100 33 |
| Lambertville, Summary. | | | | 357 42 | 2638 36 | 3821 00 | | 9783 44 | 004 00 |
| Summary. Lebanoman Alexandria. Alexandria. Alexandria. Frenchtown Borough. Kingwood. Franklin. Union. Clinton Borough. Clinton Borough. Clinton. High Bridge. Tewksbury. Readington. Raritan. Delaware. East Amwell. West Amwell. Lambertvilie. | | 854 89 2493 25 1750 00 2100 00 666 61 1857 97 1337 19 2492 94 3866 38 4188 08 3375 01 1400 00 2966 66 | | 366 92, 198 64 284 77 103 00 129 97 93 19 122 62 80 31 164 00 141 93 205 07 295 20 292 74 259 33 99 63 102 69 357 42 | 800 00 361 37 353 04 17 77 100 00 600 00 1107 50 100 00 80 00 1075 00 200 00 2638 36 7433 04 | 966 66 50 00 175 00 342 23 600 00 110 50 225 00 1206 00 1875 00 125 00 3821 00 | 1766 66 411 37 528 04 360 00 100 00 600 00 1351 00 1218 00 225 00 1280 00 2950 00 325 00 | 6360 93 2947 74 5141 14 1317 89 2623 22 1943 19 2822 62 2097 92 3239 97 1704 12 2828 01 5441 58 7430 82 3959 34 1499 63 1502 69 9783 44 | 224 93 132 47 326 31 513 63 142 30 86 57 164 31 173 71 45 77 178 40 93 54 163 81 100 33 |

State of New Jersey, for the School Year ending August 31, 1878.

| | | ro a | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------------|---|---|--|---|------------------------------------|--|---|--|------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|---|--|
| | the school | | | ATTEN | | | | Number the house will seat comfortably. | | who | wbo | male teachers | teachers | pald per teachers. | verage salary paid per month to female teachers. |
| | B 8 | between f age. r of month | 10 | No. attending between 8 and 10 months. No. attending between | 6 and 8 months. No. attending between 4 and 6 months. | less | ນໍ | will | Condition of the public school buildings. | | | евс | eac | pald | aid |
| | | rof en. | d. fng re. | atw as. | strv etrv 8. | ng. | ınc | 8e 1 | gs. | children ate schoo | ldr. | e | let | b te | e te |
| ct. | e of | rs o rbed r op | attending or more. | g be | nth g b | ndi | nds | hou ly. | the | chl | of children no school. | mal | ına | salary to male | lary |
| stri | ahu y. | ehildren 18 years o 3e numbe 51 kept op | att | din din | din | non | itte | he l | Jo 1 | of | of 10 8 | of ed. | f fe | sal o n | 88 o fer |
| No. of District. | Present value property. | No. of children betwoen and 18 years of age. Average number of me school kept open. | | No. attending bety 8 and 10 months. No. attending bety | 6 and 8 months. o. attending bet 4 and 6 months. | Number attending than 4 months. | Average attendance. | umber the ho | ondition of the p school buildings. | er nd j | umber of child | Number of employed. | Number of female employed. | Average month t | h to |
| , of | esei | No. of and l Average school | Number Number months | an an | an an | han | era | dm | cho | Number | Number | du | unb | era | verage month t |
| ž | T. | No No | N N | z z | N A | Z | AV | N o | Co | Z E | N B | Z e | N e | Av | Av |
| | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | |
| 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 | \$1400 00 | 72 10 72 10 57 9 80 9.3 78 9.5 73 10 | 56 | 15 | 3 4 | 34 | 28 25 24 37 38 30 25 | 50 60 | g. p. g. | 4 | 12 | ····i | 1 1 1 | 934 17 | \$31 76 31 67 30 00 |
| 75 | 300 00 600 00 | 57 9 | 50 | 30 | 8 18 15 2 18 15 | 42 3 38 | 24 | 60 75 | g. | 5 | 4 2 3 | 1 | | 33 33 | 30 00 |
| 77 | 800 00 600 00 | 72 10 57 9 80 9.3 78 9.5 73 10 | 68 50 77 77 53 | 6 | 14 14 | 40 | 38 | 120 70 48 | med. g. v. g. | 5 1 2 5 | | 1 | i | \$34 17 33 33 41 67 35 40 | 30 00 33 33 |
| 78 79 | 1800 00 1000 00 | 73 10 62 11 | 58 56 | 8 | 11 24 14 10 | 18 | 30 25 | 48 40 | v. g. | 5 | 15 6 | | 1 | | 30 00 33 33 30 00 |
| | 15300 00 | 910 9.7 | 782 | | 186 166 | 321 | 371 | 788 | | 33 | 102 | -6 | 10 | 37 43 | 33 13 |
| 80 | 1000 00 600 00 | 64 10 | 60 6 54 1 | 11 | 20 13 11 11 | 10 24 | 40 | 60 | g. g. | | 4 | | 1 | | 30 00 30 00 |
| 82 | 500 00 | 66 10 46 11 87 11 | 35 4 | 11 7 5 10 | 8 8 20 20 | 13 | 25 19 29 | 40 40 | med. | 6 | 5 | _i | 1 | | 30 00 |
| 81 82 83 84 86 87 88 89 90 | 500 00 1200 00 700 00 | 49 11 | 65 34 | 2 | 2 4 | 25 | 15 | 60 34 | v.g. | 12 6 1 3 6 | 20 10 | 1 | ···i | 38 00 | 25 00 |
| 86 87 | 700 00 14000 00 | 47 10 | 411 | 4 92 25 | 7 11 76 38 | 19 | 18 | 60 325 | g. v. g. | 6 45 | | i | 1 5 | 90 00 | 25 00 30 00 37 40 30 00 |
| 88 | 1200 00 300 00 | 446 10 56 9.5 50 11.8 74 11.5 | 50 | 25 2 | 12 6 11 12 14 15 | 102 | 25 | 60 325 60 35 | g. med. | 4 | 96 | | 1 1 5 1 2 2 | | 37 40 30 00 25 00 |
| 90 | 1000 00 | 74 11.5 | 46 54 | | 14 15 | 21 25 | 18 179 25 16 20 | 40 | g. | 6 | 12 | ···i | 2 | 28 51 | 29 16 |
| | 21000 00 | 985 10.5 | 744 11 | 159 1 | 81 132 | | 386 | 754 | | 83 | 153 | 3 | 15 | 52 17 | 29 62 |
| 85 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 | 1200 00 1500 00 | 56.11 94.11 | 47 86 15 | 21 2 | 6 12 35 13 | 29 3 37 25 36 | 15 42 | 36 70 70 | g. v. g. | 7 | 3 | i | 1 | 30 00 | 28 33 |
| 92 | 1000.00 | 64 9.5 | 86 15 52 67 5 61 | 2 | 4 5 | 37 | 19 35 | 70 50 | v. g. | 6 | 8 6 1 | 1 | | 30 00 25 00 30 00 | |
| 94 | 400 00 1200 00 | 67 11.5 65 11.2 | 61 99 11 | 14 2 18 | 11 12 7 16 | 36 | 18 | 40 60 | g. med. | 2 2 3 16 | | 1 | | 50 00 | |
| 95 96 | 300 00 400 00 | 118 10.5 74 10.5 | 99 11 58 | 18 | 21 23 | 32 | 37 25 | 50 50 60 | med. | 3 | 15 13 | 1 | 2 | 36 66 | 30 00 |
| 97 98 | 1000 00 3500 00 | 74 10.5 104 10 220 10 | 58 74 183 | 36 | 16 10 39 30 | 26 32 46 78 | 18 37 25 26 91 | $\frac{60}{120}$ | g. v. g. | 16 | 13 14 27 | " 1 | ···i | 30 00 45 00 | 30 00 |
| | 10500 00 | 862 10.5 | 727 31 | | 48 133 | 312 | 308 | 556 | | 46 | 87 | 7 | 4 | 32 38 | 29 44 |
| 100 101 | 1500 00 400 00 | 86 10 | 57 | 27 | 13 6 2 10 | | 28 14 | 60 | g. | 1 | 25 28 | 1 | ; | 40 00 | 25.00 |
| 102 | 1200 00 | 67 10.5 75 11 | 39 58 | 10 | 12 11 | 25 | 32 | 50 50 | g. med. | 4 | 14 | | 1 | | 35 00 33 33 |
| 103 | 3600 00 | 110 10.5 338 10.5 | $\frac{70}{224} \frac{12}{12}$ | | 22 10 49 37 | _ | 112 | 210 | med. | 15 | 92 | $-\frac{1}{2}$ | $-\frac{1}{3}$ | 31,66 | 32 00 |
| 104 | 650 00 | 67 11 | | | 13 9 | 14 | 30 | 44 | med. | 2 | 10 | 9 | 1 | | 25 90 |
| 104 105 106 | 1800 00 500 00 | 109 10 61 10.5 90 10.5 | 76 2 | 3 | 13 9 11 7 8 7 10 7 | 47 | 34 13 | 60 | v. g. | 10 | 10 23 14 | 1 | • • • • | 40 00 30 00 | |
| 107 | 500 00 | 90, 10.5 | 40 ···· i | 6 | 10 7 | 22 17 | 22 | 40 50 | g. g. | 6 | 49 | | 2 | 30 00 | 29 86 |
| | 3450 00 | 327 10.5 | 210 5 | 33 | 42 30 | 100 | 99 | 194 | | 18 | 96 | 2 | 3 | 35 00 | 27 88 |
| 108 | 16000 00 | 1232 10 | 849 34 | 279 2 | 167 | 169 | 585 | 850 | v. g. | 150 | 167 | 1 | 13 | 100 00 | 37 50 |
| | 18000 00 | 1159 9.2 | 992 15 | 238 1 | 88 198 | 353 | 522 | 911 | | 62 | 107 | 10 | 8 | 42 36 | 26 34 |
| | 5200 00 12950 00 | 932 10 | 992 15 511 1 842 1 | 83 1 101 2 | 10 84 | 233 316 | 522 238 425 136 | 425 849 | | 62 4 34 | 107 113 | 10 5 13 2 | 8 3 | 44 93 34 53 | 26 34 26 71 25 37 27 50 |
| | 3000 00 | 325 9 | 254 | 16. | 76 52 | 110 | 136 | 280 | | 19 | 61 50 | 2 | 2 | 45 00 | 27 50 |
| | 3550 00 4250 00 | 416 9 299 9.5 384 9.5 | 348 287 5 343 | 25 71 38 | 10 84 17 207 76 52 51 77 72 51 | 195 88 171 | 151 144 168 | 335 278 | | 10 6 9 | 52 9 | 1 | 10 2 4 4 | 45 00 32 07 36 00 | 23 50 30 81 30 00 |
| | 4250 00 10000 00 | 384 9.5 262 10 | 191 | | 68 66 53 36 | 171 58 | 168 111 | 291 200 | | 35 | 41 36 | 8 1 6 1 3 4 | 4 2 | 44 93 34 53 45 00 32 07 36 00 30 98 80 00 49 00 40 57 | 30 00 30 00 |
| | 9150 00 4100 00 | 504 9.8 480 10.3 | 439 396 58 | 67 1 | 00 110 84 71 | 58 162 118 | 232 | 405 235 | | 35 19 | 36 39 43 | 3 | 4 | 49 00 40 57 | 30 00 30 69 30 00 |
| | 5940 U0 15300 00 | 948 9.3 325 9 416 9 299 9.5 384 9.5 262 10 504 9.8 480 10.3 681 10.1 910 9.7 985 10.5 | 531 4 | 70 1 | 01 103 | 253 321 | 232 205 227 371 386 | 530 | | 23 24 33 83 | 102 | 4 | 5 | 36 00 | 28 65 |
| | 21000 00 | 985 10.5 | 531 4 782 744 11 727 31 224 12 | 159 1 | 86 166 81 132 48 133 | 261 312 | 386 | 788 754 | | 83 | 153 | 3 | 10 15 | 52 17 | 29 62 |
| | 10500 00 3600 00 | 862 10.5 338 10.5 | 727 31 224 12 | 60 | 49 37 | 312 66 | 308 | 556 210 | | 46 20 | 102 102 153 87 92 96 | 2 | 3 | 36 00 37 43 52 17 32 38 35 83 35 00 | 29 44 33 44 |
| | 3450 00 16000 00 | 327 10.5 1232 10 | 744 11 727 31 224 12 210 5 849 34 | 33 279 2 | 42 30 00 167 | 100 169 | 99 585 | 194 850 | | 18 150 | 96 167 | 4 6 3 7 2 2 1 | 3 3 13 | 35 00 100 00 | 26 71 25 37 27 50 23 50 80 81 30 00 30 00 30 69 30 00 28 65 33 13 29 65 33 44 27 84 33 44 27 85 |
| | 150240 00 | 10724 9.8 | | 1561 19 | | _ | 4420 | 8091 | | 595 | 1350 | 78 | 95 | 44 95 | |
| | | ,, | , 200 | , | ,,_,, | | | | | . 000 | 2000 | | | | |

Statistical Report, by Districts, for the County of MERCER,

| | | | FI | | STATEMEN | T. | | |
|---|--|--|---|--|--|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| TOWNSHIPS AND DISTRICTS OR CITIES. | State Appropriation. | Townsblp Tax. | Surplus Revenue. | District School Tax voted for payment of teachers' salaries. | District School Tax voted to be used for building, purchasing, hirling, repairing, &c. | District School Tax to be raised. | Total amount from all sources. | Balance in the bands of the collector, exclusive of money for building and repairing purposes. |
| Pennington, | 1 \$350 (22 \$50 (35 (44) 44) (45 (45) (4 | 00 00 9.9 9.3 83 80 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 | | *\$218 00 | | \$100 00 100 00 75 00 50 00 | \$350 00 450 00 393 19 441 88 350 00 689 03 350 00 350 00 1139 21 350 00 350 00 350 00 | \$6 7: 97 17 40 56 13 86 21 5: 138 05 110 5: 77 2: 157 7: |
| Birmingham, Ewingville, | 5945 3 4 381 9 5 426 8 6 430 9 7 393 9 8 350 | 31 97 39 54 20 | | 218 00 | 225 00 | 225 00 | 6170 31 381 97 426 89 430 64 393 20 350 00 | 125 6 |
| * | 1982 | 70 | | | | | 1982 70 41035 81 | 625 0 |
| Central. | 20 1546 21 393 22 323 23 322 24 456 25 335 | 58 20 28 28 99 36 53 | \$118 67 30 17 26 72 27 01 35 06 14 37 | | 100 00 | 100 00 | 1765 25 423 27 350 00 350 00 491 92 350 00 | 25 73 74 94 48 7 |
| Edge Brook, Groveville, Yardville, White Horse, Friendship. | 3378 | 54 | 252 00 | | 100 00 | 100 00 | 3730 54 350 00 456 86 419 41 350 00 453 12 483 07 396 94 350 00 350 00 | 13 5 474 5 91 3 6 6 91 3 31 6 177 9 |
| CHAMBERSBURG. | 3609 | | | | | | 3609 40 9452 08 | |
| Mount Lucas. | 39 3029 | | | | | | | 1 9 84 1 |
| Parsonage. | 305 41 397 42 301 43 313 | 84 89 48 | 44 05 53 32 48 11 36 52 | | | | 4488 62 350 00 397 84 350 00 350 00 | 5 2 518 6 27 8 |
| Union, Page's Corner, | | 18 | | | | | 1447 84 | 108 1 120 9 151 0 |

^{*}Received from Abby Moore's Fund.

State of New Jersey, for the School Year ending August 31, 1878.

| = | loo | 20 | he | | | ATTE | NDA | NOE | | | at | | who | who | 910 | Fig | re. | rs. |
|--|--|--|---|--|---------------------------------------|---|---|---|--|---|--|---|---|---|--------------------------------------|--|--|---|
| No. of District. | Present value of the school property. | No. of children between and 18 years of age. | Average number of months school kept open. | Number enrolled. | | | ween | No. attending between 4 and 6 months. | Number attending less than 4 months. | Average attendance. | Number the bouse will sear comfortably. | Condition of the public school buildings. | Number of children wattend private school. | Number of children wattend no school. | Number of male teachers employed. | Number of female teachers employed. | Average salary paid per month to male teachers. | Average salary paid per month to female teachers. |
| 1 2 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 10 11 11 11 12 12 13 | \$90 00 1100 00 800 00 1000 00 800 00 2000 00 800 00 500 00 500 00 1800 00 1200 00 | 69 192 91 40 53 240 50 51 90 78 | 10 10 11.7 10 10.3 9 11 10 11 9.3 9.7 10.5 | 52 70 70 80 57 114 61 35 42 114 41 50 59 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 1 10 5 5 9 25 11 8 32 10 | 4 12 18 12 7 24 7 3 11 33 5 19 10 | 7 16 13 13 14 21 14 21 17 7 9 32 14 14 15 15 | 40 32 34 50 27 52 29 17 22 10 24 21 25 33 | 444 388 287 222 559 21 500 177 200 166 30 | 50 44 50 52 40 120 60 40 40 120 30 48 45 50 | g. v. g. v. g. v. g. v. g. v. g. v. g. v. g. v. g. v. g. | 4 222 111 7 2 66 6 6 1 2 | 9 37 16 1 29 2 | 1iiiii | 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 3 | 30 00 | \$30 63 33 33 30 00 33 40 30 00 36 66 80 00 32 20 32 20 |
| 14 | 17300 00 | 1313 | | 926 | 9 | 129 | 168 | 204 | 416 | 414 | 789 | | 121 | 238 | 8 | 13 | 35 98 | 37 55 |
| 14 15 16 17 18 | 1000 00 800 00 700 00 1200 00 350 00 | 111 | 10 10 10.5 10.4 10.5 | 59 80 84 80 53 | 8 | 2 4 7 16 5 | 15 34 15 9 12 | 19 23 21 12 20 | 23 11 41 43 9 | 27 37 36 35 26 | 75 60 60 56 40 | v. g. v. g. g. v. g. g. | 10 17 11 10 4 | 10 20 20 15 14 | i | 1 1 | 52 00 | 36 50 36 66 36 19 30 00 |
| | 4050 00 | 518 | 10.3 | 346 | 15 | 34 | 85 | 95 | 117 | 124 | 291 | | 52 | 79 | 1 | 4 | 52 00 | 34 84 |
| 19 | 13000 00 | 9221 | 10 | 3769 | 675 | 819 | 421 | 919 | 935 | 2312 | 2275 | v. g. | 2100 | 2602 | 3 | 63 | 88 50 | 46 50 |
| 20 21 22 23 24 25 | 4000 00 500 00 600 00 800 00 2000 00 600 00 | 449 114 88 126 126 59 | 11 | 257 65 68 58 70 40 | 5 1 8 30 | 40 8 6 20 11 4 | 50 10 13 20 17 6 | 52 8 10 4 24 | 104 39 38 14 10 | 162 40 26 28 36 30 | 200 44 60 46 60 30 | g. g. g. v. g. v. g. med. | 5 1 20 | 35 10 38 32 20 | 1 1 1 1 | 2 1 1 1 1 | 45 00 44 00 36 00 30 00 | 35 00 39 00 26 00 30 00 44 54 30 00 |
| | 8500 00 | 962 | 10.3 | 558 | 44 | 95 | 116 | 98 | 205 | 322 | 440 | | 26 | 135 | 4 | 7 | 38 75 | 34 09 |
| 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 35 | 600 00 800 00 1200 00 1050 00 1200 00 800 00 1800 00 850 00 2000 00 | 58 112 110 66 107 114 118 75 97 | 11 10.7 10 11 10.5 | 42 85 85 56 90 77 76 43 38 | 22 11 12 | 4 8 10 11 40 15 23 7 5 | 7 16 19 16 12 17 15 8 | 7 18 15 7 9 20 16 12 4 | 24 42 42 22 7 14 10 16 19 | 17 34 35 25 65 41 20 20 18 | 50 60 80 60 66 50 62 50 | g. v. g. v. g. v. g. v. g. v. g. v. g. v. g. | 3 12 9 15 20 10 | 6 37 15 16 17 50 25 12 45 | 1 1 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 41 60 36 28 | 32 30 30 00 47 50 30 00 35 00 32 50 35 00 |
| | 10300 00 | 857 | 10.3 | 592 | 47 | 123 | 120 | 106 | 196 | 275 | 468 | | 69 | 223 | 2 | 7 | 38 94 | 34 61 |
| 34 | 17000 00 | 1304 | 10.5 | 773 | 72 | 284 | 148 | 152 | 117 | 487 | 710 | v. g. | 211 | 310 | 2 | 10 | 77 50 | 41 60 |
| 36 37 38 39 | 1000 00 1000 00 1000 00 15000 00 | 95 104 103 904 | 10.5 10 11 10 | 60 72 50 521 | 3 15 | 13 11 5 91 | 11 27 8 131 | 7 18 20 86 | 29 16 14 198 | 25 36 19 300 | 40 60 60 450 | v. g. v. g. v. g. v. g. | 15 1 9 136 | 20 27 4 247 | 1 1 1 | 1 18 | 40 00 33 33 120 00 | 33 33 40 00 37 50 |
| | 18000 00 | 1206 | 10.4 | 703 | 18 | 120 | 177 | 131 | 247 | 380 | 610 | | 161 | 298 | 3 | 10 | 64 44 | 36 63 |
| 40 41 42 43 | 1200 00 800 00 200 00 400 00 | 84 100 76 62 | 9.5 12 10.7 10.5 | 57 80 65 63 | 6 | 4 22 8 7 | 11 25 10 6 | 9 16 25 6 | 33 11 22 44 | 23 31 22 19 | 40 40 44 40 | med. med. med. | 2 i | 13 10 10 2 | i 1 | 1 1 1 1 | 38 33 40 00 | 33 33 37 50 34 00 29 76 |
| | 2600 00 | 322 | 10.7 | 265 | 6 | 41 | 52 | 56 | 110 | 95 | 164 | | 3 | 35 | 2 | 4 | 39 16 | 33 52 |
| 44 45 46 47 | 200 00 1000 00 1000 00 300 00 | 95 80 57 63 | 11 10.3 10 10.5 | 76 62 57 49 | | 3 6 3 6 | 7 12 7 7 | 10 17 10 5 | 56 27 37 31 | 22 30 19 18 | 60 60 60 45 | med v. g. v. g. g. | 2 | 35 10 13 | 1 1 | 1 1 1 | 40 00 34 50 | 28 33 30 00 34 50 |

Statistical Report, by Districts, for the County of MIDDLESEX,

| | | | | FI | | STATEMEN | | | m |
|--|--|---|---------------|---|--|--|--|---|--|
| TOWNSHIPS AND DISTRICTS OR CITIES. | | State Appropriation. | Township Tax. | Surplus Revenue. | District School Tax voted for payment of teachers' salaries. | District School Tax voted to be used for building, purchasing, hirling, repairing, &c. | District School Tax to be raised. | Total amount from all sources. | Balance in the hands of the collector, exclusive of money for building and repairing purposes. |
| Mercer (Continued.) WASHINGTON (Con.) Allen, No. Windsor, | 48 49 | \$329 60 423 16 | | \$20 40 32 47 | | | | \$350 00 455 63 | \$185 31 155 00 |
| Tiom Trivingon | | 2149 74 | | 145 39 | | | | 2295 13 | 720 42 |
| EAST WINDSOR. Hickory Corner, Locust Corner, Hightstown, Millford, Cedarville, | 50 51 52 53 54 | 335 05 332 46 1531 61 328 73 333 33 | | 14 95 17 54 117 57 21 27 16 67 | | | | 350 00 350 00 1649 18 350 00 350 00 | 55 37 34 70 249 89 157 29 20 08 |
| | | 2861 18 | | 188 00 | | | | 3049 18 | 517 33 |
| Hopewell. Ewing. Trenton. Lawrence. Hamilton. Chambersburg. Princeton. West Windsor. Washington. East Windsor. | | 5945 31 1982 70 35035 81 3378 54 3609 40 4752 08 4175 39 1265 84 2449 74 2861 18 | | \$252 00 \$13 23 182 00 145 39 188 09 | \$218 00 | \$225 00 6000 00 100 00 4700 00 | \$443 00 6000 00 100 00 4700 00 | 6388 31 1982 70 41035 81 3730 54 3606 40 8875 38 4488 62 1447 84 2295 13 3049 18 | 695 81 625 05 1600 73 963 40 26 56 127 74 552 39 720 42 517 33 |
| | | 65155 99 | | 1080 62 | 218 00 | 11025 00 | 11243 00 | 77479 61 | 5819 43 |
| MIDDLESEX. PISCATAWAY. Harris Lane, Dunellen, New Market, Samptown, New Brooklyn, Fieldville, Newtown, Union, Raritan Landing, | . 1234561-89 | 350 00 812 57 438 32 350 00 463 28 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 | | | 1450 00 40 00 | 150 00 150 00 110 00 50 00 | 150 00 1600 00 150 00 50 00 | 500 00 2412 57 588 32 350 00 463 28 400 00 350 00 350 00 | 180 63 35 29 36 31 115 75 |
| D . D (M . 1) | | 3814 17 | | | 1490 00 | 460 00 | | 5764 17 | 463 41 |
| RARITAN. Friendship, Mt. Pleasant, New Dover, *Oak Tree, New Durham, Metuchen, Laf. Union, Piscataway, Bonhamtown, | 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 | 377 72 350 00 99 80 350 00 350 00 350 00 570 21 350 00 | | | | 75 00 200 00 | 75 00 75 00 1000 00 | 377 72 425 00 99 80 350 00 425 00 2307 92 350 00 570 21 350 00 | 8 13 82 46 137 34 25 50 |
| | | 4105 65 | | | 875 00 | 275 00 | 1150 00 | 5255 65 | 312 23 |
| WOODBRIDGE. Locust Grove, Washington, Rahway Neck, Blazing Star, Uniontown, Woodbridge, Fairfield Union, | 19 20 21 22 23 24 26 | 350 00 124 75 350 00 350 00 350 00 2829 71 702 06 | | | | 75 00 3680 00 | 75 00 3680 00 | 350 00 199 75 350 00 350 00 350 00 6509 71 702 06 | 109 43 36 36 686 32 |
| | | 5056 52 | | | | 3755 00 | | 8811 52 | |
| NORTH BRUNSWICK Oak Hill, Milltown, Red Lion, | 27 28 29 | 350 00 669 96 | | | 300 00 | 300 00 | 600 00 | 350 00 1269 96 350 00 | 5 86 31 19 113 00 |
| EAST BRUNSWICK. | | 1369 96 | | | | | | 1969 96 | |
| Brick S. H., Washington, Lawrence Brook, | 30 31 32 33 | 350 00 858 90 350 00 |) | | | | | 350 00 858 90 350 00 250 00 | 45 38 |
| Summer Hill, Dunham's Corner, | 34 | 470 39 | | | | 1 | | 470 39 | 218 68 |

State of New Jersey, for the School Year ending August 31, 1878.

| - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|---|--|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Present value of the school property. | n 5 | Average number of months school kept open. | | | ATTE | | NOE | | | Number the house will seat comfortably. | 0 | who l. | who | ers | егв | paid per teachers. | Average salary paid per month to female teachers. |
| | sc] | children between 8 years of age. | moi | | 10 | No. attending between 8 and 10 months. | No. attending between 6 and 8 months. | No. attending between 4 and 6 months. | less | | ĮĮ. | the public | | | male teachers | Number of female teachers employed. | paid | paid |
| | the | pet f ag | of en. | -i | attending or more. | etw | Etw. | etwe | | nce | Be v | pd s | children ate schoo | chool. | e 2 | le te | pa | pa |
| ů, | Jo a | en 8 o | op | olle | end | g be | g be | g be | ndli the | nda | y. | the | chi | childr school. | nal | ma | salary to male | ary |
| ET. | alu, | lldr | ept | bre | att | din | din | din | tte | tte | he l abl | Jolin | of | of no s | of 1 | f fe | sal o n | gal; fen |
| ā | ert. | ch 18 y | ge n | er e | er | ten d 10 | ten d 8 | d 6 | er a | ge a | ort | lou of b | er o | er o | er c | er o | se ch t | o to |
| No. of District. | resent va property | No. of children between and 18 years of age. | era | Number enrolled. | Number attendin months or more. | o. attending bety 8 and 10 months. | an an | o. attending bet 4 and 6 months. | Number attending than 4 months. | Average attendance. | omo | Condition of the school buildings | Number | Number | dua | umber of i | Average month | era onti |
| No. | Pre | No B | AV | N | Na | Z 0 8 | o N O | oN 4 | N C | Av | Nu | Col | Nu | Nu | Number of penployed. | Ne | Ave | Ave |
| | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | ļ | | | | | | |
| 48 49 | \$1000 00 1200 00 | 73 110 | 10.5 10 | 51 79 | 2 | 15 | 6 10 | 11 15 | 30 37 | 18 38 | 50 60 | v. g. v. g. | 5 6 | 23 20 | | 1 | | \$27 00 50 00 |
| - | 4700 00 | | 10.4 | 374 | 2 | 37 | 49 | 68 | 218 | 145 | 335 | ** 8. | 13 | 101 | 2 | | 097.05 | 33 97 |
| =0 | | | | | ~ | | | | | | | | 1 | | | 9 | \$37 25 | 33 97 |
| 50 51 52 53 54 | 400 00 1000 00 | 57 54 401 74 49 | 10.5 10 10 | 41 43 | | 4 | 3 62 12 16 | 10 | 26 27 | 15 14 | 40 50 | med. | 2 | 6 10 | 1 | ···i | 30 00 | 33 33 33 33 |
| 52 53 | 2000 00 400 00 2000 00 | 401 74 | 10 10 9 | 258 59 40 | 2 | 35 8 4 | 62 12 | 10 59 14 12 | 100 25 | 14 127 25 25 | 176 56 50 | g. med. | 74 7 8 | 100 4 | 1 | 3 | 72 50 | 33 33 33 33 30 00 32 20 |
| 54 | 2000 00 | 49 | 9 | 40 | •••• | 4 | 16 | 12 | - 8 | 25 | 50 | med. | - 8 | 10 | | 1 | ••••• | 30 00 32 20 |
| - | 5800 00 | | 10 | 441 | 2 | 51 | 99 | 103 | 186 | 206 | 372 | | 91 | 130 | 2 | 6 | 51 25 | 32 21 |
| | 17300 00 4050 00 | 1313 518 9221 962 857 | 10.3 10.3 10 10.3 10.3 | 926 346 | 9 | 129 | 168 | 204 95 | 416 117 | 414 | 741 291 2275 440 | | 121 | 238 79 2602 | 8 | 13 | 35 98 | 37 55 |
| | 130000 00 | 9221 | 10.3 | 3769 | 9 15 675 44 47 72 18 6 2 | 129 34 819 95 123 284 120 | 168 85 421 116 120 | 919 | 935 205 | 414 124 2312 322 275 487 380 95 | $\frac{291}{2275}$ | | 52 2100 | $\frac{79}{2602}$ | 3 | 63 | 35 98 52 00 88 50 38 75 38 94 77 50 64 44 39 16 37 25 51 25 | 37 55 34 84 46 50 34 09 34 61 41 60 36 63 33 52 33 97 32 21 |
| | 10300 00 | 962 857 | $10.3 \\ 10.3$ | 558 5 92 | 44 | 95 123 | $\frac{116}{120}$ | 919 98 106 | 196 | 322 275 | 468 | | 26 69 | 135 223 | 4 2 | 63 7 7 | 38 75 38 94 | 34 09 34 61 |
| | 17000 001 | | าน.ล | 3769 558 5 92 773 693 265 374 | 72 18 | 284 120 | 148 177 52 49 99 | 152 131 56 68 103 | 117 247 110 218 | 487 380 | 710 610 | | 26 69 211 161 3 13 91 | 310 298 35 101 130 | 4 2 2 3 2 2 2 2 | 10 10 | 77 50 64 44 | 41 60 |
| i | 2600 001 | 1206 322 478 635 | 10.4 10.7 10.4 | 265 | 6 | 41 37 51 | 52 | 56 | 110 | 95 145 | 164 | | 3 | 35 | 2 | 4 | 39 16 | 33 52 |
| | 4700 00 580 00 | 635 | 10.4 | 441 | 2 | 51 | 99 | 103 | 186 | 206 | 164 335 372 | | 91 | 130 | 2 | 4 5 6 | 51 25 | 32 21 |
| | 208250 00 | 16816 | 10.3 | 8737 | 890 | 1733 | 1435 | 1932 | 2747 | 4760 | 6316 | | 4151 | 1041 | 29 | 149 | 52 37 | 36 55 |
| 1 | 1200 00 | 66 239 | 9.5 | 44 | | 10 | 20 | 5 | 9 | 25 | 60 | g. | | 20 | | 1 | | 40 00 |
| 23456789 | 10000 00 2000 00 | 239 116 | 10 10 | 204 70 22 87 33 30 35 23 | 62 18 | 42 14 | 20 29 12 6 16 | 5 27 7 5 | 44 19 11 | 148 38 12 | 300 75 30 | v. g. g. v. g. | 15 10 | 16 35 | ···i | 1 3 1 1 | 90 00 | 45 00 52 50 33 33 44 00 33 33 30 00 |
| 4 5 | 800 00 1500 00 | 116 58 111 | 9.3 | 22 87 | | 14 | 6 16 | 5 14 | 11 43 | | 30 80 | g. | 10 12 | 35 23 20 | | 1 | | 33 33 |
| 6 | 400 00 1000 00 | 46 | 9.9 | 33 | | 6 5 | 8 5 | 6 | 43 17 10 | 15 17 16 | 80 40 40 40 | | 4 1 6 6 | 12 25 22 | | 1 1 1 | | 33 33 |
| 8 | 400 00 | 46 61 63 48 | 9.3 10 9.9 10.3 10.7 | 35 | | 5 | 5 | 6 6 9 10 | 16 | 16 | 40 | v. g. med. | 6 | 22 | ₁ | i | | 40 00 |
| 9 | 20300 00 | 808 | 9.6 | 548 | 80 | 95 | 110 | 89 | 5 174 | 324 | 435 | v. g. | 10 64 | 12 | $-\frac{1}{2}$ | 10 | 40 00 65 00 | 39 77 |
| 10 | 2000 00 | 101 | 10.5 | 45 | 9 | 2 3 | 6 | 7 | | 40 | 75 | v. g. | 30 | 26 | | 1 | | 41 66 |
| 11 12 | 600 00 1000 00 | 84 32 | 9 | 551 | | | 19 | 7 9 5 | 24 | 28 | 40 35 | v. g. v. g. med. | 10 | 20 8 | ï | ···i | 38 33 | 20 00 |
| 13 | 2000 00 500 00 | 57 | 10 | 19 37 45 | | 8 12 | | 14 | 15 | 28 9 18 27 | 40 35 40 40 280 | med. | 3 | 31 | ···i | | 30 00 | |
| 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 | 9000 00 | 326 | 6 10 10.3 10.5 10 | 210 | ₂ | 42 | 14 40 6 17 16 | 41 | 24 14 15 11 80 5 | 106 | 280 | med. | 5 3 50 10 | 22 60 7 | \ddot{i} | 1 2 1 2 1 | 75 00 | 40 00 43 75 30 00 33 33 31 00 |
| 17 | 1000 00 3000 00 | 159 | 10 | 210 35 81 55 | 12 | 42 10 20 | 17 | 4Ĭ 2 13 | 31 21 | 106 15 65 | 45 84 35 | v. g. v. g. v. g. | 10 5 1 | $70 \\ 24$ | | $\frac{1}{2}$ | | 30 00 33 33 31 00 |
| 18 | 1000 00 | | 10 | | | 10 | _ | 8 | | 29 | | g. | | | •••• | | | 31 00 |
| | 20100 00 | 969 | 9.6 | 582 | 30 | 128 | 118 | 105 | 201 | 337 | 674 | | 117 | 268 | 3 | 9 | 47 77 | 34 25 |
| 19 | 1500 00 1500 00 | 48 46 | 9 9 | 23 15 | •••• | 9 | 5 | | 9 | 14 | 45 | ₹. g. | 20 | 13 12 | • • • • | 1 | | 33 33 33 33 35 00 |
| 19 20 21 22 23 24 26 | 800 00 2000 00 | 50 | 10 9 | 38 42 43 | 3 | 10 | 14 | 8 7 12 | 9 8 3 14 3 65 49 | 24 27 30 | 45 36 40 40 | v. g. | 6 | 6 5 15 | _i | î | 33 33 | 35 00 |
| 23 | 1500 (0) | 73 | 11 | 43 | ···i | 7 | 20 | 12 | 3 | 30 | 40 | v. g. v. g. | 15 | 15 | | 1 6 | | 30 00 31 78 |
| $\frac{24}{26}$ | 30000 00 2000 00 | 50 56 73 767 207 | 10 10 | 526 118 | | 159 13 | 5 14 21 20 172 26 | 130 | 65 49 | 358 60 | 400 80 | V. g. V. g. V. g. V. g. V. g. V. g. | 16 6 7 15 15 12 | 226 68 | 1 1 | 6 1 | 100 00 60 00 | 31 78 20 00 |
| | 39300 00 | 1247 | 9.7 | 805 | 4 | 199 | 260 | 191 | 151 | 520 | 681 | | 91 | 345 | -3 | 11 | 64 45 | 30 59 |
| 27 28 29 | 2000 00 3500 00 800 00 | 97 185 | 10 10 | 39 110 | | 8 33 | 7 | 6 37 11 | 13 | 17 | 50 150 | v. g. | 593 | 46 | _i | 1 | | 33 33 |
| 29 | | 82 | 10 | 53 | ···· | 9 | 14 | | 41 19 | 59 27 | 40 | v. g. v. g. g. | | 76 26 | | 1 | 60 00 | 33 33 30 00 31 50 |
| | 6300 00 | 364 | 10 | 202 | •••• | 50 | 40 | 78 | 103 | 103 | . 240 | ••••• | 10 | 148 | 7 | 3 | 60 00 | 31 61 |
| 30 31 32 33 | 1000 00 1500 00 | 50 252 | 9 9.3 9 | 36 142 43 31 | | 96 1 4 | 27 10 5 9 | 10 11 6 10 | 23 8 26 12 | 15 92 | 44 140 | v. g. med. med. | 7 40 4 | 5 70 | _i | 1 | 61 50 | 31 67 35 00 33 33 |
| 32 33 | 1000 00 1200 00 | 252 83 52 | 9 | 43 31 | | 1 | 10 | 10 | 26 | 92 18 19 | 140 60 50 | med. | 4 | 70 28 10 | i | î | | 33 33 |
| 34 | 1150 00 | 104 | 10 | 67 | •••• | | 9, | 20 | 38 | 34 | 75 | v. g. v. g. | | 40 | î | | 33 33 44 00 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Statistical Report, by Districts, for the County of MIDDLESEX,

| | - 1 | | | FI | NANOIAL | STATEMEN | т. | | |
|--|--|---|---------------|------------------|---|---|---|---|--|
| TOWNSHIPS AND DISTRICTS OR CITIES. | | State Appropriation. | Township Tax. | Surplus Revenue. | District School Tax voted for payment of teachers's salarles. | District School Tax voted to be used for building, purchasing, hirling, repairing, &c. | District School Tax to be raised. | Total amount from all sources. | Bajance in the hands of the collector, exclusive of money for building and repair-ing purposes. |
| Middlesex (Continue EAST BRUNSWICK (C Old Bridge, Spotswood, | ed.) Con.) 35 36 | \$350 00 552 39 | | | | | | \$350 00 552 39 | \$62.28 |
| SAYERSVILLE. Brickland, | 37 | 3281 68 848 22 | | | | \$150 00 | \$150 00 | 3281 68 998 22 | 593 62 525 26 |
| SOUTH AMBOY. Park S. H., Raritan, | 38 39 | 2551 75 1610 88 | | | \$550 00 | - | 750 00 960 00 | 3301 75 2570 88 | 1856 23 381 05 |
| SOUTH BRUNSWIC Six Mile Run, Sand Hills, George's Road, Fresh Ponds, Ridge, Dayton, Rhode Hall, Mapleton, Little Rocky Hill, Scot's Corner, Pleasant Hill, Kingston, | 40 | 4162 63 350 00 359 00 523 86 350 00 350 00 445 46 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 42 | | | 550 00 | 160 00 | 1710 00 160 00 60 00 | 5872 63 350 00 350 00 523 86 350 00 510 00 445 46 350 00 350 00 410 00 350 00 805 42 | 84 74 33 77 36 58 4 27 7 61 61 11 112 23 64 27 45 25 13 49 |
| CRANBURY. Plainsboro', Cranbury Neck, N. Cranbury, S. Craobury, Wyckoff's Mills, | 49 52 53 54 61 | 4924 74 | | | | 175 00 350 00 | 220 00 | 5144 74 356 39 350 00 698 50 534 95 700 00 | 513 32 114 72 45 52 164 74 56 70 11 28 |
| MONROE. Jamesburg, Machiponix, Prospect Plains, Monroe, Gravel Hill, Old Church, Grove, Pleasant Grove | 56 57 68 59 60 62 63 64 | 2114 84 | | | | 525 00 | 525 00 | 2639 84 766 24 350 00 481 12 370 64 350 00 374 21 350 00 350 00 | 392 96 151 84 12 48 205 00 140 67 17 84 200 45 52 57 47 48 |
| MADISON. Jacksonville, Morristown, Old Bridge, Browntown, Cedar Grove, Millbridge, Hillsboro', | 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 | 3392 21 | | | | 150 00 | | 3392 21 367 04 500 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 | 828 33 485 97 37 36 40 00 49 69 26 99 |
| Perth Amboy, | 72 | 0407.04 | | | | 150 00 1050 00 | 150 00 1050 00 12625 00 | 2617 04 | 640 01 |
| Perth Amboy, New Brunswick, Summary. Piscataway. Raritan. Woodbridge, North Brunswick. Last Brunswick. Sayersville. South Amboy. South Brunswick. Cranbury. Monroe. Madison. Perth Amboy. New Brunswick. | 73 | 3814 17 4105 65 5056 52 1369 96 3281 68 848 22 4162 63 4924 74 2114 84 3392 21 2467 04 4003 78 | | | 3089 18 1490 00 875 00 300 00 550 00 | 9535 82 460 00 275 00 3755 00 300 00 150 00 1160 00 220 00 525 00 150 00 1650 00 9535 82 | 12625 00 1950 00 1150 00 3735 00 600 00 1710 00 220 00 525 00 1650 00 12625 00 | 32212 21 5764 17 5255 65 8811 52 1969 96 3281 68 988 22 5872 63 5144 74 2639 21 2617 04 5080 78 3221 2 21 | 463 41 312 23 1058 47 150 05 593 62 525 26 2237 28 513 32 592 96 828 33 640 01 |

State of New Jersey, for the School Year ending August 31, 1878.

| | 101 | | hs | | | TTE | NDA | NOE. | | | at | | who l. | who | 17.8 | re | l s. | re. |
|--|--|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|---|--|---|---|---|--|--|---|--|---------------------------------------|--|--|---|
| No. of District. | Present value of the school property. | No. of children between and 18 years of age. | Average number of months school kept open. | Number enrolled. | Number attending 10 months or more. | No. attending between 8 and 10 months. | No. attending between 6 and 8 months. | No. attending between 4 and 6 months. | Number attending less than 4 months. | Average attendance. | Number the house will seat comfortably. | Condition of the public school buildings. | Number of children wattend private school. | children school. | Number of male teachers employed. | Number of female teachers employed. | Average salary paid per month to male teachers. | Average salary pald per month to female teachers. |
| 35 36 | \$200 00 3000 00 | 85 143 | 7 10.3 | 44 98 | | 30 | 8 24 | 10 12 | 26 32 | 25 50 | 50 100 | v. p. v. g. | 22 6 | 20 50 | •••• | 1 | | \$33 33 50 00 |
| | 9050 00 | 769 | 9.1 | 461 | | 133 | 84 | 79 | 165 | 253 | 519 | | 79 | 223 | 3 | 5 | \$44 95 | 36 66 |
| 37 | 1200 00 | 231 | 10 | 158 | | 12 | 49 | 24 | 73 | 73 | 125 | med. | 7 | 70 | 1 | 1 | 80 00 | 30 00 |
| 38 39 | 13000 00 12000 00 | 656 496 | 11 10.7 | 456 324 | 39 14 | 108 72 | 111 80 | 83 38 | 115 120 | 247 169 | 400 250 | v. g. v. g. | 76 75 | 175 90 | 1 | 4 4 | 109 00 | 46 60 52 90 |
| | 25000 00 | 1152 | 10.9 | 780 | 53 | 180 | 191 | 121 | 325 | 416 | 650 | | 151 | 265 | 1 | 8 | 109 00 | 49 75 |
| 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 50 51 | 2000 00 200 00 1500 00 400 00 2000 00 2000 00 1500 00 400 00 900 00 300 00 5000 00 | 94 84 143 53 73 134 78 56 50 93 52 233 | 10.5 10.5 10.3 10 10.5 9.3 40 9 9 9 10 | 64 80 119 42 63 114 71 38 39 64 46 154 | | 11 4 24 8 20 7 4 1 2 10 8 30 | 13 11 29 7 23 26 12 2 8 16 5 33 | 12 19 26 12 6 25 8 4 9 17 8 31 | 28 45 39 15 8 56 47 31 20 21 25 60 | 29 25 75 25 40 52 29 11 20 27 20 79 | 75 30 75 40 50 80 80 50 30 40 40 | v. g. v. p. v. g. med. v. g. v. g. v. g. v. g. med. g. p. v. g. | 5 1 3 15 | 23 4 38 17 10 20 9 15 7 20 9 | i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i | 1 | 33 00 33 33 55 00 | 33 33 33 33 40 00 30 00 33 33 31 00 33 33 26 26 33 33 21 26 |
| | 17200 00 | 1143 | 9.8 | 894 | - 8 | 129 | 185 | 177 | 395 | 432 | 690 | | 24 | 217 | 3 | 11 | 40 45 | 31 72 |
| 49 52 53 54 61 | 1500 00 1200 00 1800 00 1500 00 600 00 | 85 55 185 87 70 | 9 | 70 41 123 76 51 | | 10 5 17 6 | 12 7 33 16 19 | 18 19 36 14 23 | 30 10 37 40 9 | 34 16 60 34 25 | 75 60 150 60 38 | v. g. v. g. g. v. g. | 3 25 7 3 | 15 12 38 13 16 | | 1 1 2 1 1 | | 36 66 33 33 65 00 33 33 33 33 |
| 1 | 6600 00 | 482 | 9.5 | 361 | •••• | 38 | 87 | 110 | 126 | 169 | 383 | | 38 | 94 | | 6 | | 40 33 |
| 56 57 58 59 60 62 63 64 | 3500 00 600 00 1500 00 500 00 400 00 500 00 500 00 | 209 69 115 108 79 107 60 50 | 9 10 10 9 | 139 57 95 71 49 77 44 42 | | 23 3 40 2 8 5 2 | 19 17 30 12 18 11 2 | 28 13 13 11 14 19 10 14 | 69 24 12 46 9 42 30 6 | 61 30 42 25 20 26 20 23 | 250 60 75 60 40 45 60 50 | v.g. med. v.g. med. med. med. med. | | 62 7 16 29 25 28 20 10 | :::: i i 1 1 | 1 1 | 34 52 33 33 39 33 | 40 91 33 33 35 00 30 25 32 23 |
| 1 | 8000 00 | 797 | 9.6 | 574 | | 85 | 129 | 122 | 238 | 247 | 640 | | 20 | 197 | 3 | | 35 73 | 34 35 |
| 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 | 1200 00 400 00 1500 00 2000 00 400 00 600 00 400 00 | 125 62 85 87 69 50 | 9999999 | 80 58 47 64 57 38 47 | | 15 3 18 21 6 34 | 14 18 6 33 20 2 10 | 15 27 9 7 21 1 | 36 10 14 3 10 1 23 | 41 25 29 36 24 25 22 | 80 40 50 70 60 50 | g. med. v. g. v. g. med. g. med. | 10 4 4 2 1 | 35 10 32 19 9 15 | 1 1 1 | 1 1 1 | 36 66 36 64 33 33 | 50 00 33 33 33 33 33 33 |
| Ī | 6500 00 | 538 | 9 | 391 | | 97 | 103 | 94 | 97 | 202 | 410 | | 22 | 130 | 3 | 4 | 35 55 | 37 40 |
| 72 73 | 30000 00 150000 00 | 851 5727 | 30 10.5 | 574 52555 | 1089 | 140 493 | 82 241 | 73 230 | 273 502 | 285 1852 | 400 2370 | | 200 958 | 77 2214 | 3 | 41 | 156 60 | 50 71 42 68 |
| | 20300 00 20100 00 39300 00 6300 00 9050 00 1200 00 25000 00 17200 00 8000 00 8000 00 30000 00 150000 00 | 969 1247 364 769 231 1159 1148 489 797 538 851 5727 | 9.6 9.7 10 9.1 30 10.9 8 9.8 9.5 7 9.6 7 10.5 | 2555 | 53 | 128 199 50 133 12 180 129 38 | 260 40 84 49 191 185 87 129 103 82 241 | 121 177 110 122 94 73 230 | 502 | 324 337 520 103 253 73 416 432 169 247 202 285 1852 | 2370 | | 64 117 91 10 79 7 151 24 38 20 22 200 958 | 185 268 345 148 223 70 265 217 94 197 130 72214 | 31133 | 3 55 1 8 1 1 6 6 6 6 4 7 7 4 1 | 47 77 64 45 60 00 41 95 80 00 109 00 40 45 35 73 35 55 | 39 77 34 25 30 59 31 61 36 66 30 00 49 75 40 33 34 35 50 71 42 68 |

Statistical Report, by Districts, for the County of MONMOUTH,

| | | | | FI | NANOIAL | STATEME! | NT. | | |
|---|---|---|---------------|---|--|---|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| TOWNSHIPS ANI DISTRICTS OR CITIES. | | State Appropriation. | Township Tax. | Surplus Revenue. | District School Tax voted for payment of teachers' salaries. | District School Tax voted to be used for building, purchasing, hiring, repairing, &c. | District School Tax to be raised. | Total amount from all sources. | Balance in the bands of the collector, exclusive of money for building and repairing purposes. |
| MONMOUTH. ATLANTIC. Colt's Neck, Edinburg, Scobeyville, Hillsdule, Montrose, Atlantic, | No. 1 2 3 4 5 5 | \$557 00 458 66 384 77 331 20 421 41 336 54 | | \$35 27 29 01 24 37 18 80 26 69 13 46 | | \$100 00 | | 487 07 409 14 350 00 448 10 350 00 | \$354 82 536 72 608 96 25 06 96 45 149 57 |
| FREEHOLD. E. Freehold, Freehold, Lockerson, Georgia, Siloam, W. Freehold, Thompson, Aumack, | 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 | 331 43 333 53 329 81 395 76 329 58 | | | | | 1500 00 | { | 7 54 74 19 60 56 48 5 90 234 55 39 49 |
| UPPER FREEHOL Allentown, Center, East Branch, Imlaystown, Cowart, Cream Ridge, Pleasant, Eliisdale, Mari Ridge, Ameytown, | D. 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 | 5060 07 897 81 359 12 355 469 05 331 66 406 75 338 40 333 458 06 373 78 | | 309 81 56 86 22 74 22 97 18 34 25 76 11 60 16 00 16 00 17 29 01 23 68 | | 1500 00 1945 88 | 1500 00 1945 88 | 6869 88 2900 55 381 86 387 97 498 75 350 00 432 61 350 00 487 07 397 47 | 436 63 61 62 21 18 77 13 |
| MILLSTONE. Fair Play, Church, Manalapanville, Sweetman, Grove, Die Bow, Charksburg, Union, | 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 | 334 22 567 99 417 75 351 78 330 04 331 66 366 45 | | 256 67 15 78 35 97 26 46 22 28 .19 96 18 34 23 20 17 40 | | 1945 88 | 50 00 | 6526 18 350 00 603 96 494 21 374 06 350 00 350 00 389 65 350 00 | 180 58 190 35 83 45 |
| MANALAPAN, Lafayette, Session, Englishtown, Manalapan, Black's Mills, Mount Vernon, | 32 33 34 35 36 37 | 334 92 410 41 527 69 | | 179 39 15 08 25 99 33 42 21 82 22 75 23 90 142 96 | | 50 00 384 00 50 00 434 00 | 384 00 | 381 87 451 34 | 1695 07 43 73 |
| MARLBORO'. Pleasant Valley, Morganville, Robertsville, Woolley's, Marlboro', Brick Church, Strong's, | 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 | 388 43 | | | | | | 413 03 459 80 350 00 350 00 681 90 596 18 350 00 | 231 27 249 84 197 04 128 68 5 30 133 70 |
| MATAWAN. Matawan, Mount Pleasant, Point, Lower Point, | 45 46 47 48 | 542 35 | | 34 34 39 22 43 40 52 68 | \$100 00 | | | 576 69 658 51 928 66 884 52 3048 38 | 354 24 316 50 237 68 483 47 1391 89 |
| RARITAN. Keyport, Union, | 49 50 | 2942 59 | | 186 36 17 40 | | | 200 00 | 3128 95 350 00 | 317 37 |

State of New Jersey, for the School Year ending August 31, 1878.

| _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | - m | | |
|--|--|---|---|--|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|---|---|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|--|
| | hool | en 5 | nthe | | | ATT | | | | | Beat | public | who l. | who | here | here | per ers. | per lers. |
| istrict. | Present value of the school property. | o. of children between and 18 years of age. | Average number of months school kept open. | Number enrolled. | Tumber attending 10 months or more. | No. attending between 8 and 10 months. | No. attending between 6 and 8 months. | No. attending between 4 and 6 months. | Number attending less than 4 months. | attendance. | Numberthe house will seat confortably. | of the nildings. | of children private schoo | of children no school. | of male teachers | Number of female teachers employed. | salary paid per to male teachers. | Average salary paid per month to female teachers. |
| No. of_District. | Present va property | No. of cland 18 | Average | Number | Number | No. atter | No. atter | No. atter | Number than 4 | Average | Numberthe he confortably. | Condition school bu | Number | Number | Number of employed. | Number of 1 | Average month t | Average |
| 1 2 3 4 5 5 5 | \$2000 00 1400 00 1600 00 2000 00 1000 00 1000 00 | 104 | 11 10.6 10 10.2 10 9 | 110 93 65 63 68 43 | | 8 11 11 8 5 | 21 25 12 15 23 3 | 32 22 8 12 23 10 | 49 35 34 28 17 28 | 52 45 30 30 34 16 | 85 60 70 60 70 60 | g. g. v. g. v. g. | 15 3 6 2 4 1 | 31 35 33 18 27 13 | 1 1 1 1 | 1 1 | \$47 73 46 66 40 00 43 33 35 00 | \$16 67 32 35 |
| | 9000 00 | 630 | 1 | 442 | | 45 | 99 | 107 | 191 | 207 | 405 | | 31 | 157 | 5 | 2 | 42 54 | 24 51 |
| 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 | 1000 00 21000 00 700 00 1200 00 1200 00 1500 00 1800 00 1000 00 | 118 709 76 65 83 104 89 70 | 10.4 9.8 10 10 9 10.5 10 10.5 | 67 530 73 56 45 59 62 58 | 2 | 89 2 4 3 12 9 5 | 10 146 13 9 3 16 7 6 | 13 114 18 13 12 14 10 15 | 44 181 40 30 27 17 36 30 | 20 300, 25 29 17 33 26 25 | 500 60 60 50 100 100 60 | g. v. g. med. g. v. g. g. v. g. | 4 45 6 17 2 4 | 47 134 3 9 32 28 25 8 | 1 2 1 1 1 | 1 1 1 | 40 00 67 50 33 88 36 66 35 67 | 35 41 30 00 31 00 33 33 |
| 1 | 29400 00 | 1314 | 10 | 950 | | 124 | 210 | 209 | 405 | 475 | 990 | | 78 | 286 | -6 | 7 | 42 74 | 32 43 |
| 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 | 6000 00 1200 00 1000 00 2400 00 600 00 1400 00 500 00 500 00 3000 00 800 00 | 245 98 97 124 79 111 50 71 126 104 | 10.5 10.8 9 10.5 12 10 10 10.3 | 197 67 87 119 70 61 33 59 89 75 | 2 7 1 | 53 8 17 14 1 1 1 | 48 7 13 16 17 2 2 7 18 14 | 38 9 26 32 23 12 6 16 24 12 | 56 48 33 54 16 45 24 36 46 38 | 112 20 36 51 29 22 11 31 34 32 | 300 55 60 72 50 60 40 60 128 50 | v. g. g. v. g. v. g. med. g. med. v. g. g. | 4 2 3 1 7 5 5 | 44 29 7 5 8 43 17 10 32 24 | 1 1 1 1 1 | 1 1 1 1 1 | 70 00 50 00 51 37 33 33 57 66 35 00 50 00 | 30 00 33 33 29 5 6 33 35 |
| 1 | 17300 00 | 1105 | 10.3 | . 857 | 10 | 109 | 144 | 198 | 396 | 378 | 875 | | 29 | 219 | 7 | 5 | 49 62 | 31 54 |
| 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 | 600 00 1000 00 1490 00 800 00 1400 00 600 00 600 00 600 00 | 62 143 131 92 90 96 107 | 11 9 | 44 102 120 72 87 68 75 51 | 11 | 4 4 26 1 1 5 5 | 10 22 28 11 13 11 35 | 19 20 28 20 14 15 25 11 | 11 54 27 40 59 37 10 30 | 20 42 61 30 22 27 41 19 | 70 125 70 60 65 70 70 75 | g. med. v. g. med. v. g. g. g. | 2 8 4 1 5 4 | 16 33 7 19 3 28 22 22 | 1 1 1 1 1 | 1 1 1 1 2 | 33 33 50 00 33 33 38 33 45 00 36 70 | 27 50 28 16 43 33 35 00 25 80 |
| - | 7000 00 | 798 | | 619 | 13 | 49 | 137 | 152 | 268 | 262 | 605 | | 24 | 155 | 6 | 6 | 39 45 | 31 96 |
| 32 33 34 35 36 37 | 800 00 1500 00 4000 00 500 00 1000 00 500 00 | 71 116 150 94 95 92 | 10.8 10 9 | 49 82 103 57 62 75 | 8 | 3 4 11 8 10 | 11 10 20 10 13 16 | 14 11 28 16 13 18 | 21 57 44 15 26 41 | 25 27 47 27 34 38 | 50 80 144 32 70 65 | g. g. v. g. g. v. g. | 4 5 3 4 | 22 30 42 34 30 13 | 1 1 | 1 1 1 | 41 66 56 25 50 00 | 33 83 33 33 33 33 |
| | 8300 00 | 618 | 9.3 | 428 | 8 | 36 | 80 | 100 | 204 | 198 | 441 | | 19 | 171 | 3 | 3 | 49 30 | 33 33 |
| 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 | $\begin{array}{c} 1200\ 00 \\ 1200\ 00 \\ 800\ 00 \\ 600\ 00 \\ 2500\ 00 \\ 1200\ 00 \\ 800\ 00 \end{array}$ | 92 122 58 49 173 159 68 | 9 9 10.3 | 64 99 45 42 124 121 49 | | 10 26 4 | 29 24 15 6 26 50 10 | 16 19 9 11 28 24 18 | 13 53 21 25 60 21 17 | 17 47 24 16 56 58 24 | 70 60 70 60 140 120 60 | v. g. v. g. g. g. g. | 2i 3 | 28 19 11 7 28 35 | 1 1 2 1 | 1 1 1 1 1 | 36 66 43 00 30 00 | 43 33 20 00 30 00 33 33 25 60 |
| | 8300 00 | 721 | 9.7 | 544 | | 49 | 160 | 125 | 210 | 242 | 580 | | 30 | 147 | 5 | 5 | 39 91 | 30 45 |
| 45 46 47 48 | $\begin{array}{c} 1200\ 00 \\ 3500\ 00 \\ 1500\ 00 \\ 1800\ 00 \end{array}$ | 146 172 207 236 | 9.8 10 10 10 | 120 119 118 133 | | 8 9 17 19 | 21 30 28 29 | 31 28 27 36 | 60 52 46 49 | 52 58 67 74 | 150 106 150 150 | g. v. g. med. v. g. | 3 19 34 25 | 23 34 55 78 | 1 1 1 | 1 1 1 | 25 00 50 00 60 00 65 00 | 36 66 15 00 40 00 33 33 |
| | 8000 00 | 761 | 9.9 | 490 | | 53 | 108 | 122 | 207 | 251 | 556 | | 81 | 190 | 4 | 4 | 50 00 | 31 25 |
| 49 50 | 26500 00 800 00 | 771 77 | 10.5 | 528 60 | 10 | 85 11 | 128 18 | 99 10 | 216 21 | 247 28 | 900 60 | v. g. g. | 40 | 193 16 | 1 | 5 | 100 00 33 33 | 33 33 |

Statistical Report, by Districts, for the County of MONMOUTH,

| | | | | FIN | ANGIAL S | STATEMEN | т. | | |
|---|--|--------------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| TOWNSHIPS AND DISTRICTS OR CITIES. | | State Appropriation. | rownship Tax. | Surplus Revenue. | District School Tax voted for payment of teachers' salarles. | District School Tax voted to be used for building, purchasing, hirling, repairing, &c. | District School Tax to be raised. | Total amount from all sources. | Balance in the hands of the collector, exclusive of money for building and repairing purposes. |
| Monmonth (Continued RARITAN (Con.) Bethany, No. Franville, | .) | | | | | | -00.00 | | |
| Bethany, No. Franville, | 51 52 | \$520 36 414 07 | | \$32 96 26 22 | | \$30 00 | \$30.00 | \$583 32 440 29 | \$180 74 507 98 |
| HOLMDEL. | | 4269 62 | | 262 94 | | 30 00 | 30 00 | 4502 56 | 1041 38 |
| Holmbel, Holland, Irawford's, Centerville, Horrisville, Oak Grove, | 53 54 55 56 57 58 | 338 16 388 43 414 07 417 74 | | | | 50 00 | 250 00 | 576 69 350 00 663 03 440 29 444 19 450 00 | 101 34 17 16 231 80 151 72 16 07 |
| MIDDLETOWN. | 1 | | | 141 79 | 300 00 | 50 00 | 350 00 | 2924 20 | 518 09 |
| Navesink, Chanceville, Harmony, Middletown, | 59 60 61 62 | | | 38 29 21 36 19 03 29 01 | 50 00 | | 80 00 50 00 | 722 93 358 49 350 00 537 07 | |
| Hedden's, Leedsville, Vut Swamp, Chapel Hill, | 63 64 65 66 | 200 D0 | | 26 45 27 38 16 47 16 47 | | | | 444 19 459 80 350 00 350 00 | 8 8 19 3 |
| Highlands, Port Monmouth, Bay Shore, Brown's Dock, | 67 68 69 | 421 41 333 47 348 13 | | 26 69 21 12 22 05 10 45 | | 2528 14 30 00 | 2528 14 30 00 | 2976 54 354 59 390 18 330 00 | 28 8 55 0 280 6 |
| Sea Brook, | 70 71 | 229 81 | | | | | | 350 00 | |
| SHREWSBURY. | F9. | | | 00.05 | 50 00 | | 2688 14 | 8003 49 518 25 | |
| Oceanic, Fair Haven, Parkerville, Red Bank, Little Silver, | 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 | 2708 08 | | | 355 77 | 620 00 1244 23 | 620 00 1600 00 | 1494 14 596 18 4479 55 350 00 | 204 8 116 2 4 (|
| Shrewsbury, Tinton Falls, Woodlands, | 77 78 79 | 476 38 791 53 336 08 | | 13 92 | | ••••• | | 506 55 841 65 350 06 | 7 (|
| OCEAN. | | | 9' | | | 1894 23 | 2250 00 | | |
| Shark River, Poplar, Long Branch, Deal, | 80 81 85 87 88 | 527 69 331 43 6662 07 604 6 | 3 | 33 45 18 57 421 90 38 29 | 1500 00 | 7500 00 | | 561 11 350 00 1683 93 642 93 713 03 | 5 920 B |
| Whiteville, Green Grove, Ashnry Park, | 90 % | 337 28 982 09 | 9 | 12 77 62 20 | 600 0 | 1200 00 | 1800 00 | | 61 |
| | | | 5 | 629 62 | | 8700 00 | 10800 00 | | 2571 |
| EATONTOWN. Locust Grove, Eatonfown, Wolf Hill, Mechanicsville, Pine Grove, | 82 83 84 86 | 337 93 703 53 685 23 340 80 | 3 9 5 | 12 07 44 56 43 39 21 59 | | | | | 85 |
| Pine Grove, | 89 | | | 102.00 | | | | 350 00 | |
| WALL. Old Bridge, Squan, Chajel, | 91 92 93 | 330 9 425 0 417 7 | 5 7 8 | 136 23 19 03 26 93 26 43 | | 40 00 200 00 | 40 00 | 2539 18 350 00 492 00 444 19 576 68 | 229 |
| Manasquan, Hurley, Allaire, | 94 94½ 95 96 97 | 381 1 383 5 389 5 | 1 | 25 55 24 11 16 4 10 45 | | 200 00 | 200 00 | 628 65 405 24 350 00 350 00 | 34 16 118 118 |
| New Bedford, Blansingburg, Center, | 98 99 100 | 458 00 340 80 333 00 | () | 29 01 21 59 | | | | 487 07 362 39 350 00 | 27 |

State of New Jersey, for the School Year ending August 31, 1878.

| Second 142 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1 | - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------|---------------------|------------|------------|-----------|-----------|----------|------------|------------|-------------|-----------|------------|----------------|---|-------------|---------|---------|----------------|---|
| The color of the | | ool | n 5 | ths | | 1 | ATTE | NDA | NOE | | | eat | | vho | vho | ers | 8.121 | per ers. | per ars. |
| The color of the | | sch | ree 3. | non | | 07 | en | en | en | 88 | | illa | blic | nool. | | ach | яср | rep | che |
| \$\frac{51}{52}\$\$\frac{82500}{1500}\$\text{00}\$\$\text{110}\$\text{19}\$\text{3}\$\text{9}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\$\text{3}\$\text{9}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{3}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{1}\$\text{10} | | he | age | D. 10 | | £0 . | we. | We | We | 2 16 | ce. | M 9 | nd , | fre | lre | | te | pa tes | pai |
| \$\frac{51}{52}\$\$\frac{82500}{1500}\$\text{00}\$\$\text{110}\$\text{19}\$\text{3}\$\text{9}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\$\text{3}\$\text{9}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{3}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{1}\$\text{10} | | | of of | er (| ed. | ore | the | bet hs. | bet hs. | ling 18. | lan | Sa. | he | hile se s | htte 100 | яІв | ale | P.G | y the |
| \$\frac{51}{52}\$\$\frac{82500}{1500}\$\text{00}\$\$\text{110}\$\text{19}\$\text{3}\$\text{9}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\$\text{3}\$\text{9}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{3}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{1}\$\text{10} | lct. | ie c | rer | up o | пол | E E | le l | ng l | lg l | oth | enc | ho V | f t | car | clsscl | ã. | em | clan | lar sm: |
| \$\frac{51}{52}\$\$\frac{82500}{1500}\$\text{00}\$\$\text{110}\$\text{19}\$\text{3}\$\text{9}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\$\text{3}\$\text{9}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{3}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{1}\$\text{10} | Rtr | y. | rea | unu | enr | at | din (| 100 | dh m | non | att | the | o d | of | ou | of | of f | | B88 Oft |
| \$\frac{51}{52}\$\$\frac{82500}{1500}\$\text{00}\$\$\text{110}\$\text{19}\$\text{3}\$\text{9}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\$\text{3}\$\text{9}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{3}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{1}\$\text{10} | ā | ntveri | | gel | er | er | ten 1 | ten d 8 | ten d 6 | to the | ge | for | tion | er | er | loy | loy | ge th | p ge |
| \$\frac{51}{52}\$\$\frac{82500}{1500}\$\text{00}\$\$\text{110}\$\text{19}\$\text{3}\$\text{9}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\$\text{3}\$\text{9}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{3}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{1}\$\text{10} | of | rop | of | sra sho | mp | unp | at En | ar ar | an | dub | sra | quo | otho | unp | mb | dan | dun | era | era |
| \$\frac{51}{52}\$\$\frac{82500}{1500}\$\text{00}\$\$\text{110}\$\text{19}\$\text{3}\$\text{9}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\$\text{3}\$\text{9}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{3}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{9}\text{1}\$\text{1}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{10}\$\text{1}\$\text{10} | No. | Pre | No. | A Ve | E N | E E | Z C∞ | 50. | S.A. | 32 | Ave | SE | Con | ND | Na | Na e | N | Ave | P A |
| 1500 00 | 1 | | | } | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | |
| 1500 00 | 51 | \$2500.00 | 149 | 10 | 110 | | 5 | 25 | 25 | 55 | 46 | 125 | V. Ø. | | 32 | 1 | | \$60 00 | 1 |
| \$\frac{53}{64}\$ 2000 00 \$\frac{157}{10}\$ 10 \$\frac{114}{4}\$ \$\frac{1}{4}\$ 00 \$\frac{25}{65}\$ 25 \$\frac{55}{65}\$ 24 \$\frac{45}{120}\$ 0g \$\frac{1}{65}\$ \frac{11}{11}\$ 1 \$\frac{1}{1}\$ 50 00 \$\frac{816}{86}\$ 66 \$\frac{56}{64}\$ 500 00 \$\frac{110}{110}\$ 10 \$\frac{82}{64}\$ 61 \$\frac{12}{65}\$ \frac{12}{600}\$ 00 \$\frac{110}{110}\$ 10 \$\frac{82}{64}\$ 61 \$\frac{12}{65}\$ \frac{12}{600}\$ 00 \$\frac{12}{12}\$ 9 \$\frac{1}{64}\$ \frac{1}{6}\$ 60 \$\frac{15}{65}\$ \frac{15}{650}\$ 00 \$\frac{17}{120}\$ 9 \$\frac{1}{6}\$ \frac{1}{6}\$ \frac{11}{6}\$ 10 \$\frac{15}{65}\$ \frac{15}{650}\$ 00 \$\frac{17}{120}\$ 9 \$\frac{1}{6}\$ \frac{1}{6}\$ \frac{15}{65}\$ \frac{15}{650}\$ \frac{15}{650}\$ \frac{15}{650}\$ \frac{15}{650}\$ \frac{15}{650}\$ \frac{15}{65}\$ 15 | 52 | 1500 00 | 110 | 9.3 | 93 | | 2 | 30 | 31 | 30 | 40 | 100 | v. g. | 1 | 16 | 1 | | 47 49 | |
| 56 | 1 | 31300 00 | 1100 | 9.7 | 801 | 10 | 103 | 201 | 165 | 322 | 361 | 1185 | | 42 | 257 | 4 | 5 | 60 20 | 33 33 |
| 56 | 53 | 2000 00 | 157 | 10 | 114 | | 10 | 26 | 26 | 52 | 46 | 120 | g. | | 43 | 1 | 1 | 50 00 | \$16 66 |
| 56 | 54 | 500 00 | 59 | 9.2 | 47 | | 4 | 10 | 9 | 24 | 20 | 40 | g. | 1 | 11 | ; | 1 | 60.00 | 33 33 |
| The color The | 56 | 600 00 | 110 | 9 | 71 71 | | 10 | 13 | 12 | 46 | 35 | 50 50 | med. | 5 | 34 | | i | | 36 66 |
| T100 00 | 57 | 2200 00 | 120 | 9 | 90 | • • • • • | | 16 | 17 | 57 | 36 | 75 60 | v. g. | • | | | | 42 00 | • |
| 1400 00 | - | | | | | | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 622 2000 00 119 9 | | 7100 00 | 634 | 9.3 | 471 | 6 | | | 101 | | 212 | 410 | ••••• | | | | 3 | | |
| 622 2000 00 119 9 | 59 | 1400 00 | 173 | 10 | 124 | | 23 | 31 | 10 | 21 | 59 | 140 | g. | 10 | 39 | 1 | 1 | 60 00 | 30 00 |
| 63 1400 00 119 9 | 61 | 600 00 | 82 | 9 | 56 | | | 12 | 21 | 23 | 30 | 65 | g. | 6 | 20 | | î | ****** | 30 00 |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 63 | 2000 00 1450 00 | 119 106 | 9 | 0.1 | •••• | 5 | 16 | 21 30 | 49 | 41 | 90 80 | g. | 17 | | 1 | | 45 00 | |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 64 | 2000 00 | 118 | 9 | 81 | | 4 | 11 | 19 | 47 | 51 | 120 | g. | 3 | 34 | 1 | | 53 88 | |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 66 | 1000 00 500 00 | 65 76 | 9 | 50 | | 4 | 10 | 19 | 19 | 25 | 60 | g. med. | | 24 | ···i | | 33 33 | 33 33 |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 67 | 2000 00 | 138 | 9 | 83 | | | 20 | 29 | 34 | 40 | 75 | g. | | 45 | 1 | | 45 45 | |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 69 | 1000 00 | 88 | 10 | 75 | | 14 | 9 | 13 | 39 | 34 | 75 | g. | 9 | 4 | i | | 35 00 | |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 70 | 500 00 | 37 | 6 | 17 | | | | 19 | 13 | 7 21 | 50 75 | g. | 6 | 14 | · · · i | 1 | 40.00 | 28 33 |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | '- | | | | | | | | | | | | p. | | | | | | 21 66 |
| Section Sect | 79 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 31 00 |
| Section Sect | 73 | 600 00 | 276 | 11.3 | 198 | 1 | 51 | 41 | 33 | 72 | 115 | 160 | med | 12 | 66 | | 2 | 53 33 | 23 33 |
| Section Sect | 74 | 2500 00 17500 00 | 138 781 | 10 8 | 85 594 | | 128 | 127 | 29 84 | 250 | 34 333 | 150 520 | v. g. | 23 80 | 107 | 2 | 6 | 70 00 | 31 66 |
| Section Sect | 76 | 500 00 | 51 | 8 | 50 | | 11 | 9 | 10 | 20 | 27 | 50 | med. | 1 | | 1 | 1 | 41 22 | |
| \$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c | 78 | 2500 00 | 232 | | 129 | 17 | 20 25 | 10 22 | 28 | 37 | 50 51 | 150 | v. g. v. g. | 27 | 101 | 2 | ···i | 46 33 | 25 00 |
| 80 600 00 155 10 100 24 27 21 28 40 75 med 25 1 40 50 81 800 00 78 8.5 58 2 17 13 26 31 70 v.g. 2 181 8 45 00 87 2000 10 155 10.5 103 6 29 30 38 44 110 v.g. 14 38 1 1 50 00 20 00 151 100 167 9 119 15 13 44 77 52 75 v.g 48 1 46 75 90 1100 10 60 9 45 18 10 10 167 9 12 31 10 22 75 v.g 48 1 46 75 33 33 33 90 | 79 | 650 00 | 63 | 9 | 54 | | 8 | 7 | 12 | 27 | 33 | 60 | g. | • • • • • | 9 | 1 | •••• | 38 33 | |
| Second Columbia | | | | | | 29 | 1 | | | | | | ••••• | 146 | | | 1 | | 27 08 |
| Second Columbia | 80 | 600 00 | 135 | 10 | 100 | • • • • • | 24 | 27 | 21 | 28 | 40 | 75 | med. | | 35 18 | 1 | • • • • | 40 50 | |
| Second Columbia | 85 | 56000 00 | 1976 | 10.8 | 1163 | 63 | 366 | 233 | 180 | 321 | 604 | 1500 | v. g. | 2 | 811 | 8 | 8 | 71 50 | 50 50 |
| 99½ 15000 00 540 9 283 18 107 94 64 202 500 v.g. 30 227 1 4 60 00 20 00 65000 00 3111 9.5 1871 63 439 440 395 534 995 2405 48 1192 13 14 52 30 35 78 82 1000 00 53 9 42 12 5 7 18 20 65 g 11 1 23 33 4500 00 185 10 129 5 42 42 40 60 160 v.g. 26 30 1 1 5500 20 60 84 4000 00 176 10 120 9 17 34 23 37 65 200 v.g 56 1 1 58 35 30 00 86 2500 00 112 10 86 20 19 12 35 45 100 v.g. 9 17 1 4 400 00 89 300 00 77 9 45 9 5 16 15 27 27 p. 16 16 1 23 33 33 123 100 100 120 9.7 89 6 19 78 56 42 100 v.g. 9 17 1 40 00 33 33 100 100 120 9.7 89 6 19 78 56 42 45 45 100 g 15 1 36 66 33 11 44 44 44 41 | 871 88 | 2000 00 | 155 167 | 10.5 | 103 | | 6 | 29 13 | 30 | 38 47 | 44 52 | 110 75 | V. g. | | 38 48 | i | 1 | 90.00 | |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 90 | 1100 00 | 60 | 9 | 45 | | 8 | 14 | 13 | 10 | 22 | 75 | g. | | 15 | ; | | | |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 903/2 | | | | | | | _ | | | | | v. g. | _ | | | | | |
| 84 4000 00 176 10 120 9 17 33 23 37 65 200 v. g. 9 16 1 38 25 30 00 v. g. 9 17 1 4 40 00 v. g. 9 17 1 4 40 00 v. g. 9 17 1 4 40 00 v. g. 9 17 1 4 40 00 18 9 5 16 15 27 27 p. 16 16 1 4 11 1 20 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 11 13 3 3 10 10 10 10 | | 65000 00 | | | | | 439 | 440 | 395 | 534 | | | ••••• | 48 | | 13 | 14 | 52 30 | |
| 84 4000 00 176 10 120 9 17 33 23 37 65 200 v. g. 9 16 1 38 25 30 00 v. g. 9 17 1 4 40 00 v. g. 9 17 1 4 40 00 v. g. 9 17 1 4 40 00 v. g. 9 17 1 4 40 00 18 9 5 16 15 27 27 p. 16 16 1 4 11 1 20 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 11 13 3 3 10 10 10 10 | 82 | 1000 00 | 53 | 9 | 42 | | 12 | 5 | 7 | 18 | 20 | 65 | g. | | 11 | | 1 | 55.00 | 33 33 |
| 89 300 00 77 9 45 . 9 5 16 15 27 27 p. 16 16 16 . 1 | 84 | 4000 00 | 176 | 10 | 120 | 9 | 17 | 34 | 23 | 37 | 65 | 200 | v. g. | | 56 | 1 | | 58 35 | 30 00 |
| 12300 00 603 9.6 422 9 63 105 100 145 220 552 51 130 3 4 51 11 29 16 | 86 | 2500 00 | 112 | :10 | 86 | • • • • • | 20 | 19 | 12 | 35 15 | 49 | 100 | v.g. | | 17 | | ····i | 40 00 | 33 33 |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | | | | | | | | _ | | | | | | | | | 61 11 | |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 01 | | | 1 | | 9 | | | | | | | | 31 | | | 1 | | 20 10 |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 91 | 1000 00 | 154 | 9 | 111 | | 11 | 13 | 25 25 | 62 | 45 | 90 | g. p. | 12 | 31 | | | 44 44 | |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 93 | 1000 00 | 120 | 9.7 | 99 | | 6 | 19 | 78 | 56 | 46 | 100 | g. | 4 | 17 | 1 | | 50 00 58 00 | ******* |
| | 941/ | 2000 00 | 117 | 9 | 96 | | 5 | 22 | 15 | 54 | 40 | 90 | g. | | 21 | i | | 40 00 | ******* |
| | 95 96 | 375 00 | 118 74 | 9 | 95 56 | | | 40 | 45 6 | 10 | 27 | 64 | g. | 4 | 23 14 | 1 | 1 | | 33 33 |
| | 97 | 400 00 | 45 | 9 | 38 | | 9 | 6 | 6 | 17 | 23 | 45 | med. | | 3 | 1 | | 33 33 | |
| | 991 | 800 00 | 105 | 9 | 92 | | 27 | 18 | 16 | 31 | 55 | 75 | med. | 5 | 8 | _ | 1 | | 33 33 |
| 11175 00 1146 9.1 927 92 197 221 417 156 759 29 188 9 4 45 45 34 16 | 100 | 1000 00 | 62 | _ | | | | | 15 | 11 | 33 | | | | | | 1 | | |
| |] | 11175 00 | 1146 | 9.1 | 927 | | 92 | 197 | 221 | 417 | 156 | 759 | | 29 | 188 | 9 | 4 | 45 45 | 34 16 |

Statistical Report, by Districts, for the County of MORRIS,

| | | | FI | NANCIAL | STATEME | NT. | | |
|--|--|---------------|---|--|---|--|---|--|
| TOWNSHIPS AND DISTRICTS OR CITIES. | State Appropriation. | Township Tax. | Surplus Revenue. | District School Tax voted for payment of teachers' salaries. | District School Tax voted to be used for building, purchasing, hirling, repairing, &c. | District School Tax to be raised. | Total amount from all sources. | Balance in the hands of the collector, exclusive of money for building and repair ing purposes. |
| Monmonth (Continued.) HOWELL | 392 10 795 19 337 93 337 13 | | \$24 13 25 08 24 53 50 36 12 07 21 36 22 05 21 36 23 90 15 55 12 30 | | \$600 00 | \$600 00 | \$405 24 471 48 416 93 845 55 350 00 358 49 970 18 358 49 401 34 350 00 350 00 | \$102 25 288 99 21 18 915 49 93 05 44 76 211 98 364 51 247 64 232 80 101 75 |
| Summary. Atlantic Freehold. Upper Freehold Milistone Manalapan Marlboro'. Matawan Rarltan. Holmdel Middletown. Shrewsbury Ocean Eatontown. Wall Howell | | | 269 21 147 60 309 81 256 67 179 39 | \$100 00 300 00 50 00 355 77 2100 00 | 100 00 1500 00 1945 88 50 00 | 100 00 1500 00 1500 00 1945 88 50 00 434 00 200 00 350 00 2688 14 2250 00 10800 00 240 00 600 00 | 2736 58 6869 88 6526 18 3261 88 2931 01 3200 91 3048 38 2924 20 8003 49 9266 32 21545 37 2539 18 4796 20 5627 70 | 2624 40 1771 58 364 30 1003 27 1695 07 164 83 1391 89 1041 38 518 09 666 06 661 88 2571 01 475 86 1290 21 2624 40 |
| MORRIS. RANDOLPH. Dover, Mine Hill, Succasunna, Wolfe, Walnut Grove, Mill Brook, Centre Grove, Shongum, Port Oram, Ironla, 171 | 62825 53 2957 48 12×6 85 718 68 350 00 350 00 350 00 79 13 12×3 09 350 00 | | | | | | 87779 84 4468 39 1436 85 943 63 350 00 350 00 350 00 79 13 1403 09 350 00 | 62 24 217 79 31 66 195 01 305 51 |
| ROCKAWAY. Union, Jenville, Rockaway, Mt. Fleasant, Mt. Hope, Jeach Glea, Rockaway Valley, Lynswille, Hibernia, Greenville, Zigreen, Zi | 8075 23 350 00 658 48 1192 78 1275 56 1900 17 594 50 161 80 350 00 861 66 350 00 | | | 1355 CO 300 OO 600 OO | 250 00 250 00 120 00 682 64 | 2005 90 250 00 300 00 600 00 120 00 682 64 | 10081 13 600 00 658 48 1492 78 1275 76 1900 161 80 350 00 470 00 1544 30 350 00 | 94 20 284 23 80 94 385 96 434 23 488 82 118 45 258 85 141 66 624 60 |
| JEFFERSON. Union Valley, 22 *Russia, 22 *Milton, 2- *Weldon, 22 *Longwood, 2- *Lurdtown, 2- *Lurdtow | 4 050 00 | | | | | 1952 64 | 350 00 131 70 350 00 350 00 350 00 609 56 350 00 350 00 350 00 | 11 10 27 25 17 96 116 48 39 51 490 08 |

^{*}From last year's report.

State of New Jersey, for the School Year ending August 31, 1878.

| _ | | 2 | GC | == | - | mar vi | | NOT NOT | | | 2 | | 0 | 0 | 90 | 90 | | h ; |
|---|--|--|---|--|--|---|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|--------------------------------------|--|--|---|
| No. of District. | Present value of the school property. | No. of children between and 18 years of age. | Average number of months school kept open. | Number enrolled. | | No. attending between 8 and 10 months. | | neen | Number attending less than 4 months. | Average attendance. | Number the house will seat confortably. | Condition of the public school bufidings. | Number of children who attend private school. | Number of children who attend no school. | Number of male teachers employed. | Number of female teachers employed. | Average salary paid per month to male teachers. | Average salary paid per month to female teachers. |
| 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 109 110 111 | \$700 00 \$00 00 1500 00 5000 00 800 00 1250 00 400 00 1000 00 1000 00 200 00 600 60 | 104 132 100 248 55 98 83 95 96 60 72 51 | 9 9.9 9.5 9 9.5 9.5 7.4 | 74 84 95 173 37 86 75 76 47 46 49 | 6 | 7 12 25 1 26 7 21 4 1 | 23 18 23 36 12 33 13 27 11 11 5 9 | 21 32 37 48 12 15 16 10 12 13 10 15 | 23 34 85 98 19 72 34 32 20 23 26 | 46 34 85 98 19 72 34 32 30 23 20 26 | 70 60 50 200 60 100 40 75 60 50 60 | p. med. g. v. g. g. v. p. g. g. med. v. p. g. | | 30 47 53 73 18 6 8 22 22 12 26 | 1 1 1 1 1 | 1 1 1 1 | \$41 66 47 95 58 33 45 00 47 33 40 00 35 00 40 09 | \$43 33 33 33 34 44 40 00 |
| | 9000 00 94400 00 17300 00 7000 00 8300 00 8300 00 8300 00 9100 00 15750 00 65600 00 12300 00 11750 00 12300 00 11750 00 | 1109 798 618 721 761 1100 634 1272 1517 3111 603 1146 1199 | 9 10.1 10 10.3 10 9.3 9.7 9.7 9.3 9.1 10 9.5 9.6 9.1 | 918 442 950 857 619 428 544 490 801 471 936 1268 1871 422 927 918 | 10 13 8 10 6 6 29 63 9 | 109 45 124 109 49 36 49 53 103 35 64 267 489 63 109 | 99 210 144 137 80 160 108 201 93 175 247 440 105 197 221 | 107 209 198 152 100 125 101 261 220 395 100 221 241 | 519 191 405 396 268 204 210 207 322 236 436 505 534 417 341 | 519 207 475 378 262 19* 2451 361 212 450 673 995 220 456 519 | 556 1185 410 1070 1244 2405 552 759 875 | | 31 78 29 24 19 30 146 48 51 29 | 271 157 256 219 155 171 140 257 151 266 403 1192 130 190 271 | 5676354449 103398 | 5 27 5 6 3 5 4 5 3 5 10 14 4 4 4 5 5 | 44 41 42 54 42 74 49 62 39 45 60 20 60 20 49 25 45 40 52 65 52 30 51 11 45 45 44 41 | 24 51 32 43 31 54 31 96 33 33 30 45 31 25 33 33 28 88 31 66 27 08 35 78 29 16 34 16 38 10 |
| 1234566789971 | 261625 09 9000 00 3500 00 1500 00 1200 00 900 00 400 00 200 00 1500 00 | 827 350 217 49 74 105 65 27 339 69 | 9.8 10 10 8 | 579 261 204 42 75 84 35 27 269 74 | 156 | 139 18 34 2 5 12 6 | 2617 106 34 42 9 14 23 7 5 60 5 | 2717 84 49 53 15 15 28 9 10 47 20 | 246 159 75 16 41 21 13 12 27 49 | 305 164 84 19 30 42 14 15 125 24 | 12952 400 175 150 45 100 70 60 40 140 70 | v.g. g. g. g. p. | 700 80 72 1 | 4185 168 | 96 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 82 6 3 1 1 1 1 | 100 00 60 00 34 44 33 33 30 00 90 00 | 31 57 39 15 43 33 35 00 30 00 20 00 40 00 27 25 |
| 10 11 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 | 20000 00 800 00 1200 00 2000 00 400 00 \$100 00 \$100 00 \$100 00 \$200 00 200 00 | 218 51 63 60 248 | 9 10.2 10 10 11 10.5 9.5 | 1650 70 86 245 300 376 251 42 57 46 216 55 | 6 | 9 11 16 60 83 22 | 70 71 89 26 | 330 20 17 41 42 64 60 9 7 16 47 | 659 35 39 117 127 140 137 26 26 16 107 25 | 822 32 4 105 123 192 99 19 29 25 88 25 | 1250 76 80 239 275 450 135 60 50 60 150 31 | g. g | 153 39 26 6 | 184 50 46 67 148 10 15 25 32 | 6 | 1 | 60 00 47 50 66 90 43 73 60 00 27 50 35 00 60 00 35 00 | 33 53 32 00 35 00 40 25 26 79 33 00 40 00 32 50 |
| 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 | 16550 00 300 00 200 00 750 00 1000 00 400 00 600 00 600 00 | 35 35 36 31 31 45 45 | 9 9 10 9.4 10 9.4 7.3 | 1744 41 22 38 61 31 116 42 400 | | 2 | 7 5 5 2 2 12 8 12 | 9 7 11 20 13 10 | 19 20 | 741 177 400 166 19 35 222 13 | 1606 50 50 50 150 150 75 48 | g. g. g. g. med med med med | | 393 10 17 8 25 17 5 | 12 1 1 1 | 1 1 1 1 1 | 48 40 35 00 27 50 60 00 40 83 | 34 23 30 00 25 00 20 00 36 47 28 00 33 33 33 33 29 45 |

Statistical Report, by Districts, for the County of MORRIS,

| | | | | FI | NANGIAL | STATEMEN | NT. | | |
|--|--|---|---------------|------------------|--|---|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| TOWNSHIPS AND DISTRICTS OR CITIES. | | State Appropriation. | Township Tax. | Surplus Revenue. | District School Tax voted for payment of teachers' salaries. | District School Tax voted to be used for building, purchasing, biring, repairing, &c. | District School Tax to be raised. | Total amount from all sources. | Balance in the hands of the collector, exclusive of money for building and repairing purposes. |
| Morris (Continued.) ROXBURY. Spencer's, McCainsville, Succasonna Plains, Drakeville, Port Morris, Hitts, Alpangh, | 30 31 32 33 33 33 34 34 | \$158 04 575 69 440 24 444 00 383 80 350 00 350 00 | | | | | \$75 00 | \$158 04 575 69 440 24 519 00 383 80 350 00 350 00 | \$205 80 45 72 248 33 69 69 3 92 36 05 |
| MOUNT OLIVE. Flanders, South Stauhope, Cross Roads, Mt. Olive, Bartleyville, Draketown, | 36 37 33 39 40 41 | 2701 77 421 42 530 54 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 | | | 75 00 | | 75 00 | 2776 77 421 42 530 54 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 | 609 51 8 53 39 45 6 00 2 22 46 22 |
| WASHINGTON. Flock, Naughright, German Valley, Schooley's Mountain, Stephensburg, Pleasant Grove, Middle Valley, Philhower, Unionville, | 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 | 2351 96 350 00 425 19 492 91 425 19 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 357 56 | | | | | | 2351 96 350 00 425 19 492 91 425 19 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 387 56 | 102 44 38 12 4 74 14 72 83 5 37 32 17 |
| CHESTER. Hacklebarney, Peapack Valley, Masonic, Militown, Chester, Woodhull, Forest Hill, Chester Cross Roads, | 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 96 | 3480 85 350 00 350 00 146 75 489 15 579 47 350 00 350 00 350 00 | | | | | | 3480 85 350 00 350 00 146 75 489 15 579 47 350 00 350 00 350 00 | 95 95 86 97 110 00 23 13 95 47 336 76 |
| MENDHAM. Ralstonville, Union, Nendham, Mountain, Brookside, Washington Corners, | 58 59 60 61 62 63 | 2965 37 350 00 350 00 466 57 350 00 455 29 350 00 | | | | | | 2965 37 350 00 350 00 466 57 350 00 455 29 350 00 2321 86 | 652 33 49 62 13 95 163 67 50 78 81 86 |
| MORRIS. Union Hill, Washington Valley, Morris Plains, Morristown, Mountain, | 64 65 66 67 68 | 2821 86 165 56 350 00 553 12 5527 44 350 00 | | | 4672 56 | \$4327 44 | 9000 00 | 165 56 350 00 553 12 14527 44 350 00 | 15 82 47 82 19 57 |
| PASSAIC. New Vernon, Logansville, Green Village, Pleasant Plains, Millington, Long Hill, | 69 70 72 73 74 75 | 380 04 350 00 477 86 350 00 550 00 387 56 | | | 4672 56 125 00 | 50 00 | | 15946 12 555 04 350 00 477 86 350 00 350 00 387 56 | 117 28 167 08 270 25 81 00 26 64 |
| CHATHAM. Loantaka, Solon, Mount Vernon, Chatham, Union Hill, | 76 77 78 79 80 | 2295 46 515 49 112 88 387 56 714 92 364 98 | | | 125 00 407 22 400 00 | | 407 22 600 00 | 2470 46 515 49 112 88 794 78 1314 92 546 84 | 544 97 51 34 62 76 |

State of New Jersey, for the School Year ending August 31, 1878.

| - | | (a) (g) | | | | | | | | ٠. | | _ | - | 00 | 00 | 4 . | h i |
|--|---|--|---|-----------------------|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|-----------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|--|---|---|
| 1 | choo | en | _ | 10 | ATTE | | | ac | | lsen | 9 | who | who | teachers | cher | pe | pe |
| No. of District. | Present value of the school property. | No. of children between and 18 years of age. Average number of month | school kept open. Number enrolled, | attending or more. | No. attending between 8 and 10 months. | No. attending between 6 and 8 months. | No. attending between 4 and 6 months. | Number attending less than 4 months. | Average attendance. | Number the house will sent comfortably. | ondition of the public school buildings. | er of children and private school | unber of children attend no school. | Number of male teac employed. | Number of female teachers employed. | ge salary paid per th to male teachers. | Average salary paid per month to female teachers. |
| No. 0 | Prese | No. o and | sehe Numl | Number | No. B | No. a 6 au | No. 24 | Chan | Avera | Numb | Condition school by | Number | Number | Numb | Numl | Average month t | Avera |
| 1 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 30 31 32 33 33 34 34 35 | \$500 00 4500 00 1500 00 1000 00 5000 00 500 00 | 179 10 141 10 128 10 91 9 46 9 | 8.5 4 9.5 11 9.8 8 9.5 9 9.3 3 | 3 3 | 14 16 30 7 3 16 | 14 24 22 20 31 4 14 | 8 34 20 19 12 9 8 | 18 14 52 15 45 13 | 18 49 48 59 47 16 21 | 50 54 90 60 150 34 | v. g. v. g. med. med. v. g. med. | i | 38 8 10 17 | 1 1 1 1 | i 1 i | \$30 00 50 00 40 00 50 00 | \$40 00 25 00 37 17 30 00 |
| 20 | 13900 00 | | 9.9 48 | | 86 | 129 | 110 | 158 | 258 | 498 | g. | ···· | 73 | -6 | -4 | 40 09 | 33 04 |
| 36 | 2500 00 1500 00 | 112 10 | 9 | 3 5 1 | 20 13 | 15 25 14 | 22 26 | 41 | 41 | 55 75 60 | g. v. g. | 1 2 | 13 | | | 46 00 | |
| 36 37 38 39 40 41 | 600 00 1600 00 300 00 500 00 | 143 10 71 10 87 9 80 9 50 9 | 9 0 14 0 9.8 5 9.8 7 7 | 2 | 19 2 | 14 19 18 9 | 6 15 20 15 | 80 29 15 20 25 | 41 56 29 34 38 34 | 60 60 70 70 | med. g. g. med. | 3 1 | 31 26 5 | 1 1 1 | i i | 48 50 35 36 31 25 33 33 | 37 33 33 33 |
| - | 7000 00 | 543 9 | 9.7 48 | | 65 | 100 | 104 | 210 | 232 | 390 | | 7 | 75 | -5 | 2 | 38 88 | 33 33 |
| 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 | 500 00 2700 00 1500 00 1200 00 1500 00 700 00 700 00 300 00 1500 00 | 66 10 96 3 116 10 128 10 66 3 46 9 91 10 89 1 | 0 6 9 7 10 10 0,3 9 9 6 9 4 0 5 0,2 6 1.5 7 | 5 | 3 5 25 6 25 3 10 6 1 | 12 16 20 13 20 20 11 14 5 | 11 14 16 24 14 8 10 13 | 38 44 45 53 5 9 24 28 57 | 24 36 52 33 40 25 26 27 24 | 75 75 106 50 107 40 56 58 90 | g. v. g. g. g. g. g. v. g. | ₂ 9 5 3 | 4 32 15 12 2 6 10 29 | 1 1 1 1 1 | 1 1 2 1 1 | 31 71 45 00 36 66 35 00 35 00 33 33 36 00 | 30 00 38 89 30 00 36 66 35 90 30 00 25 00 |
| - | 10900 00 | | 9.9 64 | | - 84 | 131 | 119 | 303 | 287 | 657 | | 19 | 120 | 7 | | 36 10 | 32 22 |
| 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 96 | 1000 00 1200 00 900 00 2000 00 1000 00 600 00 700 00 1500 00 | 46 16 53 3 30 3 132 9 154 16 49 16 60 9 74 9 | 9 5 9 2 9 10 | 3 | 1 6 1 15 9 10 3 1 | 8 4 4 20 12 5 11 11 | 2 16 11 22 22 14 5 | 30 25 7 51 42 8 34 33 | 14 15 12 51 38 32 22 20 | 75 58 50 100 60 45 50 44 | v. g. v. g. v. g. v. g. med. g. g. | 5 7 | 4 11 5 22 | 1 I 1 1 | 1 1 1 i | 36 00 60 00 30 00 33 33 | 30 00 33 33 33 33 48 00 25 00 30 00 |
| | 8900 00 | | 9.4 44 | 9 | 46 | 75 | 93 | 230 | 214 | 482 | | 13 | 63 | 4 | 6 | 39 83 | 34 11 |
| 58 59 60 61 62 63 | 1200 00 1000 00 2500 00 500 00 2000 00 1000 00 | 47 9 116 16 46 16 118 16 71 16 | 9 5 1 6 0 9 0 4 0 10 0 5 | 6 7 7 3 | 23 23 9 16 10 | 16 16 16 3 13 6 | 8 10 14 7 23 11 | 26 17 38 21 51 28 | 21 34 47 20 47 26 | 40 40 80 50 80 50 | med. g. g. g. | 1 8 15 2 2 | 12 10 7 3 | 1 1 1 | 1 | 31 00 30 00 37 00 31 00 | 30 00 50 00 25 00 |
| | 8200 00 | 494 [| | | 81 | 70 | 73 | 181 | 195 | 340 | | 28 | 36 | 4 | 3 | 32 40 | 35 00 |
| 64 65 66 67 68 | 6500 00 3000 00 3400 00 50000 00 1000 00 | 48 9 75 10 133 10 1375 10 65 10 | $\begin{array}{ccc} 0.8 & 12 \\ 0 & 89 \end{array}$ | 0 3 56 | 2 9 6 318 7 | 10 13 12 178 7 | 15 7 46 122 8 | 12 12 56 219 30 | 18 23 45 562 23 | 50 76 70 700 50 | g. v. g. v. g. v. g. med. | 16 8 250 3 | 19 232 | | 1 | 35 00 225 00 | 33 00 |
| | 60900 00 | | 9.9 114 | | 342 | 220 | 198 | 329 | 671 | 946 | | 277 | 269 | 2 | 19 | 130 00 | 39 59 |
| 69 70 72 73 74 75 | 2000 00 1000 00 100 00 800 00 1200 00 1000 00 | 104 47 126 66 64 118 1 | 9.8 7 9 8 9.7 6 9 5 9 5 | ā 5 | 9 11 3 15 15 | 23 8 15 4 19 18 | 20 12 13 11 9 20 | 24 17 25 37 12 16 | 42 21 39 20 34 30 | 56 50 49 40 60 70 | g. p. v. p. v. g. v. g. med. | 10 | 8 | | 1 | 45 00 45 00 | 26 11 |
| | 6000 00 | | 9.4 35 | | 55 | 87 | 85 | 131 | 186 | 325 | | 12 | | | 2 | | |
| 76 77 78 79 80 | 2000 00 350 00 2000 00 8000 00 2500 00 | 151 10 23 98 1 203 10 120 10 | 0.5 11 | 1 1 9 0 14 9 | 26 14 47 1 20 | 29 3 9 24 8 | 11 5 14 17 21 | 15 11 29 31 17 | 42 14 60 77 34 | 50 40 100 114 56 | g. | 50 12 15 5 | 7 | .] | i | 49 56 25 00 63 63 65 00 | |

Statistical Report, by Districts, for the County of OCEAN,

| | | | - | 70.5 | NANGEAR | OM L MEME | | | |
|--|--|--|---|--|--|---|---|--|---|
| | | | | Fi | NANOIAL | BIAIEME | | - | 00 1 54 3 |
| TOWNSHIPS AND DISTRICTS OR CITIES. | | State Appropriation. | Township Tax. | Surplus Revenue. | District School Tax voted for payment of teachers' salaries. | District School Tax voted to be used for building, purchasing, hiring, repairing, &c. | District School Tax to be raised. | Total amount from all sources. | Balance in the hands of the collector, exclusive of money for building and repairing purposes. |
| Morris (Continued.) MADISON (Con.) Madison, No East Madison, Columbia, | . 81 82 83 | \$1584 10 350 00 350 00 | | | | | | \$1584 10 350 00 350 00 | \$77 64 25 64 |
| HANOVER | | 4379 93 | | | | | | 5569 01 | 217 38 |
| HANOVER. Monroe, Littleton, Malapardls, Whippany, Hanover, Hanover Neck, Troy, Parsippany, North Parsippany, Old Boonton, Powerville, | 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 | 421 42 402 61 350 00 481 63 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 88 | | | | | | 421 42 402 61 350 00 481 63 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 | 43 80 1 70 15 84 |
| | | 4154 50 | • | ••••• | | | | 4154 50 | 436 39 |
| Boonton, | 95 | 3495 57 | | | | 1057 56 | 1057 56 | 4553 13 | 278 60 |
| MONTVILLE. Hook Mountain, Lower Montville, Montville, Waughaw, Taylortown, | 97 98 99 100 101 | 250 00 | | | 100 00 | | 100 00 | 372 51 491 32 383 80 350 00 350 00 | 25 51 52 23 2 21 193 67 |
| PEQUANNOCK. | | 1847 63 | | | 100 00 | | 100 00 | 1947 63 | 273 62 |
| Jacksonville, Beavertown, | 102 103 104 105 106 107 | 350 00 350 00 489 16 391 32 350 00 350 00 | | | 100 00 | 100 00 | 200 00 | 350 00 350 00 489 16 591 32 350 00 350 00 | 63 53 44 77 96 63 13 25 108 25 5 00 |
| | | 2280 48 | | | 100 00 | 100 00 | 200 00 | 2480 48 | 231 43 |
| Summary. Randolph. Rockaway Jefferson. Roxbury. Mount Olive Washington. Chester. Mendham. Morris Passaic. Chatham. Hanover. Boonton. Montville Pequannock. | | 3232 63 2755 63 2156 29 6450 81 21367 61 3858 25 3246 29 1715 88 2117 86 | | \$576 82 573 68 203 23 192 66 167 73 248 22 209 74 165 57 495 31 163 69 312 32 296 25 249 28 131 75 162 62 | 4672 56 125 00 807 22 100 00 100 00 100 00 | 4327 44 50 00 381 86 1057 56 100 00 | 9000 00 175 00 175 00 175 00 1189 08 1067 56 100 00 200 00 | 10081 13 10007 59 2841 26 2776 77 2351 96 3480 85 2965 37 2321 86 15946 12 2470 46 5569 01 4154 50 4553 13 1947 63 2480 48 | 4372 62 2938 92 702 38 609 51 102 44 95 95 652 33 359 88 117 28 544 97 217 38 436 39 278 60 273 62 231 43 |
| OCEAN. | | | | 4148 87 | 7934 78 | 7620 40 | 15555 18 | 73738 12 | 11933 70 |
| PLUMSTEAD. New Egypt, Archertown, Collier's Mills, | 0. 1 2 3 | 328 59 329 76 | | 20 24 | | | | 982 10 350 00 350 00 | 377 75 384 71 |
| JACKSON. | | | | | ••••• | | | 1682 10 | 762 46 |
| Medwood, Prospertown, Cassville, Leesville, Holmansville, New Prospect, Jackson's Mills, | 4 5 6 7 8 9 | 337 93 | | 8 37 23 55 11 68 14 40 12 07 16 54 13 23 | | | | 145 62 409 78 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 | 10 52 392 33 6 43 42 21 49 81 18 60 30 31 |

State of New Jersey, for the School Year ending August 31, 1878.

| _ | - | -Q | 90 | | | | | | | | +- | | 0 | 0 | 00 | 20 1 | H | H |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|--|---|---|--|--|--|
| No. of District. | Present value of the school property. | No. of children between and 18 years of age. | Average number of months school kept open. | Number enrolled. | | No. attending between 28 and 10 months. | ween | nding between months. | Number attending less than 4 months. | Average attendance. | Number the house will seat comfortably. | Condition of the public school buildings. | Number of children who attend private school. | Number of children who attend no school. | Number of male teachers employed. | Number of female teachers employed. | Average salary paid per month to male teachers. | Average salary paid per month to female teachers |
| 81 82 83 | \$4000 00 3200 00 2500 00 | 394 74 92 | 10 10 12 | 134 38 64 | 5 | 41 2 10 | 39 12 10 | 37 9 13 | 17 15 26 | 174 19 25 | 140 50 52 | 8. 8. s. | 28 12 | 8 12 | I i | 7 | \$100 00 28 33 | \$45 00 37 16 23 33 |
| I | 24550 00 | 1155 | | 601 | 20 | 160 | 133 | 127 | 161 | 445 | 502 | | 122 | 113 | 6 | 5 | 51 92 | 38 10 |
| 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 | 775 00 1200 00 650 00 1000 00 1200 00 700 00 500 00 2500 00 400 00 800 00 1400 00 | 90 107 72 107 52 47 92 57 47 45 110 | 9 9 9 10 10 10 9.8 | 56 73 35 63 45 36 71 43 26 37 88 | | 3 9 5 10 15 6 7 8 | 8 6 12 14 5 12 16 11 9 10 44 | 19 28 3 25 16 12 18 10 3 8 29 | 26 39 11 24 9 22 22 16 7 11 | 25 23 21 34 26 23 39 22 16 20 48 | 50 75 50 75 50 75 40 60 50 50 | 20 20 20 20 20 20 | 35 | 20 10 20 7 15 24 10 8 | i | 1 | 35 00 35 00 35 00 | 42 00 33 33 32 50 47 23 35 00 33 33 40 00 33 33 36 66 |
| ĺ | 10925 00 | 826 | 9.2 | 573 | | 73 | 147 | 171 | 182 | 297 | 675 | | 61 | 114 | 3 | 9 | 40 00 | 37 04 |
| 95 | 1500 00 | 826 | 9 | 657 | | 129 | 244 | 136 | 148 | 403 | 525 | v. g. | •••• | 167 | 3 | 6 | 68 52 | 33 75 |
| 97 98 99 100 101 | 600 00 1500 00 2000 00 1200 00 400 00 | 94 101 104 71 56 | 10.3 10 | 88 80 96 65 43 | 3 2 | 15 32 32 5 5 | 20 25 22 18 9 | 28 13 26 14 16 | 25 7 14 28 16 | 51 45 55 31 22 | 70 90 65 72 75 | g. v. g. v. g. v. g. med. | 1 4 10 | 12 4 20 | 1 1 1 1 | i | 45 00 50 00 45 00 33 33 33 33 | 40 00 |
| - 9 | 5700 00 | 426 | 9.7 | 372 | 5 | 86 | 94 | 97 | 90 | 204 | 372 | | 15 | 36 | 5 | 1 | 41 32 | 40 00 |
| 102 103 104 105 106 107 | 500 00 700 00 1500 00 1500 00 650 00 1800 00 | 92 54 122 119 59 115 | 10 10 10 9 | 57 34 77 77 41 53 | | 1 2 6 3 | 13 2 19 19 10 13 | 14 12 20 20 11 14 | 29 18 38 38 14 23 | 25 19 33 33 20 27 | 70 56 80 80 48 70 | V 97. | 16 20 3 | 25 15 | 1 1 1 1 1 | 1 1 | 33 33 40 00 43 00 32 00 36 11 | 36 66 33 33 35 00 |
| | 6650 00 | 561 | 9.5 | 339 | | 12 | 76 | 91 | 160 | 157 | 404 | | 39 | 40 | 5 | 3 | 37 52 | 35 00 |
| | 20000 00 16550 00 4250 00 13900 00 10900 00 8900 00 8900 00 60900 00 60900 00 10925 00 15000 00 5700 00 6650 00 | 2122 2205 449 687 598 494 1696 525 1155 826 426 561 | 9 9.9 9.7 9.9 9.4 10 9.9 | 1650 1744 400 487 482 645 449 412 1145 358 601 573 657 372 339 | 72 7 4 3 8 7 56 • 20 5 | 284 249 16 86 65 84 46 81 342 55 160 73 129 86 12 | 305 358 53 129 100 131 75 70 220 87 133 147 244 94 76 | 330 335 76 110 104 119 98 73 198 85 127 171 136 97 | 659 795 255 158 210 303 230 181 329 131 161 182 148 90 160 | 822 741 135 258 232 287 214 195 671 186 445 297 403 204 157 | 1250 1606 623 498 390 657 482 340 946 325 502 675 523 372 404 | | 153 72 1 1 7 19 12 28 277 12 122 61 | 184 393 82 73 75 120 63 36 269 67 113 114 167 36 | 6 12 3 6 5 7 4 4 2 4 6 3 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 | 97 4 2 8 6 3 19 2 | 57 96 48 40 40 83 40 09 38 83 36 10 39 83 32 40 130 00 44 58 51 92 40 00 68 52 41 32 37 52 | 33 53 34 222 29 45 33 04 35 33 32 22 34 11 35 00 39 59 35 28 38 10 37 04 33 75 40 00 35 00 |
| | 219425 00 | 13875 | 9.6 | 10314 | 182 | 1768 | 2222 | 2150 | 3992 | 5247 | 9595 | | 829 | 1832 | 65 | 98 | 49 89 | 34 38 |
| 1 2 3 | 10000 00 600 00 1500 00 | 297 119 90 | 10 11.3 10.5 | 224 78 69 | | 37 7 9 | 35 11 15 | 46 16 26 | 106 44 19 | 109 27 27 | 340 40 100 | v. g. med. v. g. | 1 1 | 72 40 21 | 1 1 1 | 3 | 75 00 27 50 42 50 | 33 33 |
| | 12100 00 | 506 | 10.7 | 371 | | 53 | 61 | 88 | 169 | 163 | 480 | | 2 | 133 | 3 | 3 | 48 33 | 33 33 |
| 4 5 6 7 8 9 | 400 00 300 00 700 00 150 00 1200 00 200 00 700 00 | 40 114 66 78 63 71 74 | 699999999 | 25 72 54 60 56 72 63 | | ************************************** | 21 21 8 6 14 37 | 9 26 16 12 24 20 16 | 15 18 9 40 19 31 3 | 15 33 36 19 27 32 32 | 50 40 65 60 60 40 50 | g. v. p. v. g. v. p. v. g. v. p. | | 17 39 12 18 7 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 | i, | 41 66 36 00 28 88 33 33 33 30 | 26 66 |

Statistical Report, by Districts, for the County of OCEAN,

| | | | | F | INANOIAL | STATEME | NT. | | |
|---|--|---|---------------|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| TOWNSHIPS AND DISTRICTS OR CITIES. | | State Appropriation. | Township Tax. | Surplus Revenue. | District School Tax voted for payment of teachers' salaries. | District School Tax voted to be used for building, purchasing, birling, repairing, &c. | District School Tax to be raised. | Total amount from all sources. | Balance in the hands of the collector, exclusive of money for building and repairing purposes. |
| Ocean (Continued,) JACKSON (Con.) Whitesville, No Pleasant Grove, Cranberry, | 0. 11 12 13 | | | | | | | | \$48 00 |
| BRICK. Bricksburg, Herbertsville, Point Pleasant Bay, Burrsville, Metedeconk, Oaborn's, Gedar Ridge, Runyon's, Seven Stars, | 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 46 47 | 3015 41 791 60 335 02 330 15 440 49 334 04 340 27 335 79 332 10 337 93 341 05 | | | | \$218 50 170 00 75 00 | \$218 50 170 00 75 00 | 3144 25 1058 36 350 00 350 00 637 34 350 00 850 00 350 00 350 00 425 00 | 236 53 115 64 10 00 126 32 22 57 120 06 282 79 56 96 |
| MANCHESTER. Horicon, Manchester, Ridgeway, Whiting, Red Oak Grove, | 22 23 24 25 36 | | | 1 56 | \$100 00 | 400 00 | 214 00 | 4570 70 241 10 997 63 168 21 700 00 350 00 | 1204 49 50 01 179 03 18 49 107 49 100 62 |
| DOVER. Kettle Creek, Cedar Grove, Cold Spring, White Oak Bottom, Gowdy's, Toms River, Union, | 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 | 1449 76 334 63 332 10 340 66 338 91 337 35 1155 49 | | 73 18 15 37 17 90 9 34 | 720 00 | 214 00 | 934 00 | 2456 94 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 1975 93 550 00 | 455 64 146 34 42 54 134 85 170 28 28 39 797 62 147 50 |
| BERKELEY. Dover Chapel, Bayville, | 33 34 | 3172 99 333 46 | | 152 94 | | 150 00 | 950 00 | 4275 93 350 00 450 00 | 1467 52 1 12 55 72 |
| LACEY. Ferago, Cedar Creek, Forked River, | 35 37 38 | 86 18 335 60 414 95 | | 34 05 | 224 00 | 100 00 | 224 00 | 800 00 91 43 350 00 664 25 | 56 86 7 55 3 98 |
| OCEAN. Waretown, Millville, | 39 40 | 328 60 | | 44 95 21 40 10 31 | | | | 1105 68 350 00 350 00 | 11 53 136 28 |
| UNION. Cedar Grove, Barnegat, | 41 42 | 340 66 | | | | | 1 | 700 00 350 00 1140 66 | 136 28 |
| STAFFORD. Mannahawkin, Cedar Run, | 43 44 | 1180 14 587 32 405 38 | | 60 52 35 81 24 71 | | | 250 00 | 1490 66 623 13 430 09 | 42 16 37 44 70 |
| EAGLEWOOD. West Creek, | 45 | 992 70 | | 60 52 | • | | ••••• | 1053 22 531 69 | 61 07 32 80 |
| Plumstead. Jackson. Brick. Manchester. Dover. Berkeley. Lacey. | | 1449 76 3173 99 | | 98 08 128 84 188 76 73 18 152 94 34 05 44 95 | 720 00 800 00 224 00 | 463 50 214 00 150 00 100 00 | 463 50 931 00 950 00 100 00 224 00 | 1682 10 3144 25 4570 70 2456 94 4275 93 800 00 1105 68 | 762 46 598 21 1204 49 455 64 1467 52 56 86 11 53 |

State of New Jersey, for the School Year ending August 31, 1878.

| _ | | | | | | | _ | - | _ | | | | - | | | | | |
|--|---|---|--|---|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|-----------------------|---|--|---|
| | The school | between 5 f age. | of months | d. | g 10 | | мееп | No. attending between Z 4 and 6 months. | lens. | mce. | ке will веш | e publie | umber of children who attend private school. | ldren who | e teachers | Number of Tennale teachers employed. | puld per teachers. | Average salary paid per month to l'emaie teachers. |
| strict. | Present value of property. | No. of children between helwe | Average number of school kept open. | Number enrolled | umber attending mouths or more. | o, attending bety 8 and 10 months. | o. attending bet 6 and 8 months. | o, attending her | Number attending than 4 months. | Average attendance. | Number the bouse comfortably. | andition of the pseriool buildings. | of chi | of children no school. | of male | flenm d. | sulary to onde | galary Temale |
| No. of District. | resent va property | of elli | rage n | uper e | Number | and 10 | atten | atten | nber n | гавел | umber the be | Condition school b | Number attend p | Number attend n | Number of employed | umber of 1 | Average month t | rage inth to |
| No. | - 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- | No. | AVE | N | N E | N S | S. S. | No.4 | 2 3 2 3 | Ave | N. S. | Con | Nur | N THE | N E | E E | Ave | Ave |
| 11 11 13 | \$1200 00 *00 00 300 00 | 46 49 62 | 9 6 9 | 38 29 32 | | 4 4 | 5 | 12 24 6 | 14 5 17 | 22 15 20 | 50 48 60 | g. med. | | 8 20 26 | 1 1 | | \$33 33 33 33 33 33 | |
| 1 | 5950 00 | 663 | 8.4 | 501 | | 44 | 121 | 165 | 171 | 251 | 523 | | 4 | 158 | 7 | | 34 39 | \$29 99 |
| 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 46 47 | 3000 00 800 00 1200 00 500 00 1500 00 350 00 | 188 79 102 122 78 50 74 94 | 8.5 11 8 9 9 | 183 76 74 86 67 46 | ``i | 58 10 16 9 2 | 36 14 8 17 17 12 | 30 15 15 18 12 12 | 59 36 51 35 29 20 | 106 33 30 30 30 30 18 35 | 250 75 74 80 64 60 50 | v. g. g. v. g. g. v. g. | 6 | 5 3 22 36 11 4 | 1 1 1 1 1 | 2 | 62 12 38 19 46 00 55 00 40 00 35 55 33 33 50 00 | 33 71 |
| 20 21 46 47 | 400 00 600 00 600 00 500 00 | 74 94 60 47 | 99998.8 | 79 45 | | 16922823 | 28 13 5 4 | 12 12 32 15 13 8 | 9 43 25 17 | 35 37 19 15 | 50 50 70 35 | y. g. med. p. | | 15 15 15 15 | 1 1 | i | 35 55 33 33 50 00 33 33 | 35 56 |
| - (| 9450 00 | 894 | 9 | 759 | 1 | 110 | 154 | 170 | 324 | 350 | 803 | | 6 | 129 | 9 | 3 | 43 72 | 34 63 |
| 22 23 24 25 36 | 800 00 1500 00. 600 60 2000 60 600 00 | 203 25 82 51 | 6 9 6.7 7 8 | 156 | | ····2 | 11 9 | 55 7 36 9 | 5 85 18 11 11 | 5 66 10 40 16 | 32 130 60 80 | g. g. g. med. | 10 | 37 26 28 | ₂ | 1 1 1 1 | 45 00 35 00 35 00 | 25 00 25 00 20 00 35 00 |
| | 5800 00 | 372 | 7.3 | 267 | | 2 | 23 | 109 | 133 | 137 | 362 | | 10 | 95 | 4 | 4 | 38 33 | 26 25 |
| 26 27 28 29 30 31 | 700 00 600 00 100 00 800 00 1200 00 8000 00 | 73 100 47 51 53 373 | 8.7 9 9 9 9 10.5 | 33 47 38 279 | | 3 9 133 | 8 30 5 7 16 51 | 12 14 9 6 50 12 | 53 15 19 28 7 32 30 | 26 16 12 19 22 157 27 | 60 70 42 50 60 300 | v. g. g. v. g. med. v. g. v. g. | 26 | 41 14 4 15 68 17 | 1 i i | 1 1 3 | 35 00 36 00 30 00 | 30 00 30 00 32 50 |
| - 5 <u>2</u> | 12500 00 | 774 | 9 9.1 | 559 | 8 | 160 | 125 | 112 | 184 | 279 | 85 397 | v. g | 26 | 159 | -1 5 | 5 | 40 00 | 31 83 |
| 33 34 | 200 00 1500 00 | 84 84 | 8 8 | 63 | | 2 | 4 9 | 13 | 44 35 | 24 27 | 30 | v. p. g. | | 21 24 | i | 1 | 49 00 | 39 37 |
| ľ | 1700 00 | 168 | 8 | 123 | | 2 | 13 | - - 29 | 79 | 51 | 110 | | | 45 | 1 | 1 | 49 00 | 39 37 |
| 35 37 38 | 200 00 1400 00 | | 7 9 10 | 25 62 109 | | 1 6 | 4 22 | 11 17 35 | 10 37 46 | 201 25, 35. | 25 60 60 | med. p. v. g. | | 15 12 10 | i | | 47 00 50 00 | |
| | 1600 00 | 247 | 8.7 | 196 | •••• | 7 | 33 | 63 | 93 | 83 | 145 | ••••• | 2 | 37 | 2 | •••• | 48 50 | |
| 39 40 | 600 00 300 00 | 116 | 9 8.3 | 93 47 | •••• | | 13 13 | 23 | 57 26 | 78 26 | 60 40 | g. v. p. | | 23 3 | 2 | | 45 00 20 28 | |
| - 7 | 900 00 | 166 | 8.6 | 140 | | | 26 | 31 | 83 | 104 | 100 | | | 26 | 3 | | 32 64 | |
| 41 42 | 150 00 2000 00 | | 9 10 | | | 38 | 9 81 | 69 —— | 10 22 | 14 94 | 50 112 | v. p. g. | ··:: | 18 36 | 1 | _i | 36 00 80 00 | 35 00 |
| | 2150 00 | 310 | 9.5 | 239 | •••• | 42 | 90 | 75 | 32 | 108 | 162 | | 17 | 54 | 2 | 1 | 58 00 | 35 00 |
| 43 44 | 600 to | 126 | 9 | 149 94 | | 23 | 31 13 | 29 14 | 67 | 67 37 | 100 50 | med. | | 29 32 | 1 | 1 | 30 00 50 00 | 35 00 12 00 |
| | 1200 00 | 304 | 9.9 | | •••• | 23 | 41 | 43 | 133 | 114 | 150 | | | 61 | 2 | 2 | 40 00 | 23 50 |
| 45 | 600 00 | 152 | 10 | 105 | •••• | 10 | 29 | 35 | 31 | 58 | 75 | g. | •••• | 47 | 1 | •••• | 53 00 | |
| | 12100 00 5950 00 9450 00 5900 00 12500 00 1760 00 1600 00 | 506 663 894 372 774 165 247 | 10.7 8.4 9 7.3 9.1 8.7 | 371 501 759 267 559 123 196 | i | 53 44 110 2 160 2 7 | 61 121 154 23 125 13 33 | 88 165 170 109 112 29 63 | 169 171 324 133 194 79 93 | 160 251 350 137 279 51 83 | 480 523 808 362 397 110 145 ₄ | | 2 4 6 10 26 2 | 133 153 129 95 159 45 37 | 379.45 | 3 2 3 4 5 1 | 48 33 34 05 43 72 38 33 44 20 49 00 43 50, | 33 33 29 99 34 63 26 25 31 83 39 37 |

Statistical Report, by Districts, for the County of PASSAIC,

| | 1 | | Fin | ANOIAL 6 | STATEMEN | т. | | |
|--|--|----------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|---|--|
| TOWNSHIPS AND DISTRICTS OR CITIES. | State Appropriation. | Township Tax. | Surplus Revenue. | District School Tax voted for payment of teachers' salaries. | District School Tax voted to be used for hullding, purchasing, hiring, reparting, &c. | District School Tax to be raised. | Total amount from all sources. | Balance in the hands of the collector, exclusive of money for building and repairing purposes. |
| Ocean (Continued.) SUMMARY (Con.) Ocean Unlon Stafford. Eaglewood | 1180 | 29 14 70 14 | \$ 31 71 60 52 60 52 30 55 | \$250 00 | | \$250 00 | \$700 00 1490 66 1053 22 531 69 | \$136 28 42 61 07 32 80 |
| PASSAIC. ACQUACKANONK. S. Acquackanonk, No. Centerville, Clifton, N. Acquackanonk, | 17985 1 470 2 792 3 527 4 350 | 43 | 904 10 | 1994 00 | \$927 50 709 85 810 00 | 2921 50 709 85 810 00 | 21811 17 1180 28 792 88 1337 29 350 00 | 4787 28 212 19 477 44 29 45 115 92 |
| City of Passaic, | 2140 5 5967 | 4 | | 2705 60 | 1519 85 8013 75 | 1519 85 10719 35 | 3660 45 16686 75 | 835 00 |
| LITTLE FALLS. Little Falls, Southwest, Passaic Valley, | 6 523 7 561 8 553 | 47 | | | | | 523 54 561 47 553 85 | 78 34 168 49 97 00 |
| MANCHESTER. Totowa, Morrow's Mills, Goffle, Haledon, Haledon Village, | 9 350 10 350 11 350 12 390 36 565 | 00 00 00 75 | | 140 00 250 00 450 00 300 00 | 75 00 50 00 325 00 50 00 200 00 | 215 00 300 00 325 00 500 00 500 00 | 1638 86 565 00 650 00 675 00 890 75 1065 24 | 50 00 16 16 |
| WAYNE. Franklin, Jefferson, Preakness, Washington, Lalayette, | 14 394 15 413 | 67 | | 1140 00 150 00 200 00 225 00 | 700 00 50 00 125 00 500 00 125 00 | 1840 00 200 00 125 00 700 00 350 00 | 3845 99 628 67 519 55 1113 52 706 14 350 00 | 44 67 |
| POMPTON. Pompton Church, Wanaque Midvaie, Stonetown, Boardville, Ringwood, Bloomingdale, | 22 443 | 88 | | | | 800 00 500 00 | 3317 88 350 00 350 00 1150 00 350 00 352 28 943 86 606 95 | 83 70 227 69 157 41 4 25 |
| WEST MILFORD. Charlotteburg, L. Mackopin, U. Mackopin, Postvile, West Milford, Hanfield, Greenwood, Newfoundland, Clinton. | 2803 24 350 25 557 26 451 27 350 28 538 29 386 30 350 31 364 32 350 | 00 | | | 1300 00 | | 4103 11 350 00 557 6' 451 4' 350 00 538 6' 386 90 350 00 364 11 350 00 | 473 05 55 35 4 88 18 162 03 6 62 02 42 73 44 08 |
| Carthage, Stockholm, | 4398 | 94 | | 20000 00 | 12000 00 | 65 00 65 00 32000 00 | 350 0 415 0 4463 9 82049 1 | 4 636 44 |
| City of Paterson, Snimmary. Acquackanonk City of Passaic. Little Fails. Manchester Wayne | 2140 5967 1638 2005 | 60 40 86 | | 2705 60 1140 00 575 00 | 1519 85 8013 75 700 00 | 1519 85 10719 35 | 3660 4 16686 7 1638 8 3845 9 | 835 00 5 |

State of New Jersey, for the School Year ending August 31, 1878.

| | looi | n 5 | ths | | | ATTE | NDA | NOE. | | | seat | 0 | who | who | iers | негв | per ers. | per ers. |
|--|--|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|---|---|---|---|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| No. of District. | Present value of the school property. | o, of children between and 18 years of age. | Average number of months school kept open. | enrolled. | Number attending 10 months or more. | No. attending between 8 and 10 months. | No. attending between 6 and 8 months. | A and 6 months. | Number attending less than 4 months. | Average attendance. | Number the house will seat comfortably. | Candition of the public school buildings. | Number of children who attend private school. | Number of children vattend no school. | Number of male teachers employed. | Number of female teachers employed. | Average salary paid per month to male teachers. | Average salary paid per month to female teachers. |
| No. | Pre pr | No. of and 1 | Ave | Nuz | NE | Z S S | 20° | N A | 2 3 | Ave | NEZ | Car | N E | N at | E E | NEI | Ave | Ave |
| | \$900 00 2150 00 1200 00 600 00 | | 8.6 9.5 9.9 10 | 140 239 243 105 | | 42 23 10 | 26 90 44 29 | 31 75 43 35 | 83 32 133 31 | 104 108 114 58 | 75 | | 17 | 26 54 61 47 | 3 3 2 1 | 1 2 | \$32 64 58 00 40 00 55 00 | \$35 00 23 50 |
| 1 | 53950 00 | 4556 | 9 | 3533 | 9 | 453 | 719 | 920 | 432 | 1691 | 3312 | • • • • • • | 67 | 944 | 39 | 21 | 44 71 | 31 74 |
| 1 2 3 4 | 3000 00 3000 00 3600 00 1200 00 | | 10 11 10 11 | 79 130 78 28 | 9 | 3 26 13 6 | 23 30 12 5 | 13 20 14 3 | 40 45 39 11 | 36 68 36 14 | 80 100 104 60 | v. g. v. g. v. g. v. g. | 25 34 27 | 46 61 47 30 | 1 1 | 2 | 50 00 60 00 46 00 | 70 00 |
| | 10800 00 | 589 | 10.5 | 315 | 12 | 48 | 70 | 50 | 135 | 154 | 344 | | 90 | 184 | 3 | 2 | 52 00 | 35 00 |
| 5 | 35000 00 | 1641 | 10 | 945 | 149 | 292 | 181 | 128 | 195 | 592 | 800 | v. g. | 301 | 395 | 1 | 16 | 166 00 | 40 00 |
| 6 7 8 | 3500 00 1000 00 2500 00 | 134 143 137 | 10 10 10 | 79 98 71 | | 18 58 14 | 8 16 18 | 13 11 17 | 26 13 22 | 45 66 33 | 100 120 90 | v. g. v. g. v. g. | 10 20 | 55 35 46 | i | 1 | 60 00 60 00 | 50 00 |
| | 7000 00 | 414 | | 248 | 14 | 80 | 42 | 41 | 61 | 144 | 310 | ••••• | 30 | 136 | 2 | 1 | 60 00 | 50 00 |
| 9 10 11 12 36 | 700 00 800 00 100 00 2000 00 4500 00 | 78 59 58 94 149 | 10 10 10 10 10 | 45 42 44 56 84 | 15 | 11 6 12 8 19 | 5 2 10 18 14 | 6 5 6 9 17 | 23 14 16 21 34 | 21 23 29 29 45 | 50 50 100 120 | med. med. p. v. g. v. g. | 5 3 4 20 | 28 14 14 34 45 | 1 1 1 1 1 | | 40 00 55 00 40 00 40 00 100 00 | |
| 1 | 8100 00 | 438 | 10 | 271 | 15 | 56 | 49 | 43 | 108 | 147 | 380 | | 32 | 135 | 5 | | 55 00 | |
| 13 14 15 16 17 | 2000 00 1200 00 4000 00 1000 00 1200 00 | 115 111 92 | 10 10 10 10 10 | 78 55 79 49 83 | 3 6 | 7 6 16 8 13 | 13 14 13 16 9 | 17 7 6 5 15 | 38 28 44 20 40 | 31 24 36 24 36 | 90 100 100 80 80 | v. g. med. v. g. v. g. v. g. | 6 15 6 25 3 | 20 45 26 18 27 | 1 1 1 | i | 50 00 60 00 54 00 40 00 | 40 00 |
| | 9400 00 | 535 | | 344 | 9 | 50 | 65 | 50 | 170 | 151 | 450 | | 55 | 136 | 4 | 1 | 51 00 | 40 00 |
| 18 19 37 20 21 22 23 | 1000 00 100 00 1200 00 800 00 1000 00 3000 00 2000 00 | 75 74 80 51 106 132 217 | 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 | 29 60 56 51 48 77 103 | | | 5 12 25 9 12 30 | 4 20 23 10 9 19 14 | 16 28 33 5 30 31 27 | 13 35 56 21 18 34 64 | 60 60 60 60 . 60 100 | v. p. v. g. med. med. v. g. med. | 10 4 | 36 10 24 48 51 114 | 1 1 1 1 | 1 | 30 00 30 00 40 00 60 00 60 00 | 30 00 34 00 32 00 |
| 1 | 9100 00 | 735 | 10 | 424 | 6 | 56 | 93 | 99 | 170 | 241 | 500 | | 28 | 283 | 5 | 2 | 44 00 | 32 00 |
| 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 | 800 00 800 00 800 00 800 00 500 00 5000 00 600 00 1000 00 500 00 | 146 114 62 141 82 57 108 67 46 | 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 | 51 101 64 34 94 55 50 88 53 38 | 3 | 13 4 5 6 | 11 17 8 | 9 26 9 10 34 14 15 19 6 10 5 | 37 48 43 16 34 28 19 40 31 19 45 | 16 33 22 14 40 23 24 38 19 17 | 70 100 90 60 90 80 60 60 60 60 | med. med. med. med. v. g. | | 144 45 50 28 47 27 20 14 | | 1 | 50 00 55 00 45 00 35 00 35 00 | 38 00 30 00 |
| | 6900 00 | 940 | 10 | 678 | 3 9 | 63 | 89 | 157 | 360 | 263 | 790 | | | 265 | 3 | 4 | 40 00 | 32 00 |
| 35 | 247500 00 | | | | | 2 1323 | | | | 4542 | | 0 | 1400 | | | | 1 | |
| | 10800 00 35000 00 7000 00 8100 00 9400 00 |) 414) 438 | 10.5 10 10 10 10 10 | 313 943 248 271 34 | 5 15 5 149 8 14 1 19 | 2 48 9 292 4 90 5 56 9 50 | 70 181 181 42 49 65 | 50 128 41 43 50 | 108 | 147 | 800 310 380 | , | 90 301 30 30 301 301 | 18- 1 393 1 130 2 13- 5 13 | 9 | 3 16 1 16 2 1 5 | 52 00 56 00 60 00 55 00 51 00 | 35 00 40 00 50 00 40 00 |

Statistical Report, by Districts, for the County of SALEM,

| | 7 | | | FI | NANCIAL | STATEMEN | T. | | |
|--|--|---|---------------|---|--|---|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| TOWNSHIPS AND DISTRICTS OR CITIES. | | State Appropriation. | Township Tax. | Surplus Revenue. | District School Tax voted for payment of teachers' saluries. | District School Tax voted to be used for building, purchasing, hirling, repairing, &c. | District School Tax to be raised. | Total amount from all sources. | Balance in the hands of the collector, exclusive of money for building and repairing purposes. |
| Passaic (Continued.) SUMMARY (Con.) Pompton West Milford City of Paterson | | \$2803 11 4398 94 50049 51 | •••••• | | \$20000 00 | \$1300 00 65 00 12000 00 | \$1300 00 65 00 32000 00 | \$4103 11 4463 94 82049 51 | \$473 05 636 44 |
| SALEM. No | . 1 | 70947 29 3515 99 | | \$371 67 | 24420 60 3780 00 | 24398 60 1000 00 | 48819 20 4780 00 | 119766 49 8667 66 | 3259 10 |
| ELSINBORO'. Union, Elsinboro', | 213 | 316 94 467 59 | ********** | 33 06 49 43 | | 150 00 | 150 00 | 350 00 667 02 | 66 32 461 48 |
| L. A. CREEK. Franklin, Harmersville, Canton, Frlendship, Cross Roads, | 46789 | 784 53 333 99 329 14 324 96 334 91 334 59 | | 82 49 35 31 20 86 25 04 15 09 15 41 | | 150 00 | 150 00 | 369 30 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 | 527 80 173 78 309 53 269 26 169 64 |
| L. PENN'S NECK. Harrisonville, Finn's Point, Centre, Pennsville, Church, | 10 11 12 13 14 | 1657 59 324 88 318 86 319 18 382 58 333 31 | | 111 71 34 35 31 14 30 82 40 45 16 69 | | | | 1769 30 359 23 350 00 350 00 423 03 350 00 | 922 21 91 68 237 57 130 11 272 11 489 70 |
| MANNINGTON. Claysville, Wyncoop, Red School, Haine's Neck, Halltown, Concord, Centreton, Swedesbridge, Mount Zlou, | 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 | 1678 81 385 61 330 74 321 43 343 10 326 89 334 91 382 35 384 27 321 75 | | 153 45 40 77 19 26 28 57 36 27 23 11 15 09 17 65 15 73 28 25 | | 149 59 | 149 59 | 1832 26 426 38 350 00 499 59 379 37 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 | 1221 17 71 91 51 48 11 45 29 24 47 03 121 24 312 77 |
| PILESGROVE. Laurel Hill, Sharptown, Woodstown, Eldridge Hill, Friendship, Union Grove, Morgan, | 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 | 3031 05 333 63 406 87 1578 86 330 42 335 23 329 78 406 87 | | 224 70 16 37 43 01 166 90 19 58 14 77 20 22 43 01 | | 149 59 | | 3405 34 350 00 449 88 1745 76 350 00 350 00 449 88 | 645 12 117 80 126 10 364 31 244 13 59 32 108 83 38 85 |
| U. A. CREEK. Horse Branch, Friesburg, Frankin, Washington, Allowaystown, Pentonville, Fisher, | 32 33 34 35 37 38 39 | 3721 66 323 36 332 35 328 81 330 74 689 23 329 78 334 91 | | 323 86 26 64 17 65 21 19 19 26 72 86 20 22 15 09 | | | | 4045 52 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 762 09 350 00 350 00 | 1059 34 187 10 162 56 389 11 294 69 204 50 534 87 |
| QUINTON. Independent, Harmony, Union, Quinton, | 40 41 42 43 | 2669 18 326 89 324 32 332 99 370 43 | | 192 91 23 11 25 68 17 01 39 16 | | | | 2862 09 350 00 350 00 350 00 409 59 1459 59 | 1772 83 427 07 405 26 207 65 176 46 1216 44 |
| U. PENN'S NECK. Anburn, Pedricktown, Literary, Brick, Nos. 31 and 36 merged | 44 45 46 47 | 991 90 | | | | | | 547 24 392 80 350 00 350 00 | 135 54 73 30 |

State of New Jersey, for the School Year ending August 31, 1878.

| | Present value of the school property. | n 5 | Average number of months schoolfkept open. | | | ATTE | NDA | NOE | | | eat | 45 | children who | wbo | Number of male teachers employed. | ers | paid per teachers. | per ers. |
|--|--|-----------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|--|---|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| | sch | between f age. | non | | 10 | en | en | No. attending between 4 and 6 months. | less | | Number the house will seat comfortably. | the public | umber of children vatiend private school. | | ach | Number of femule teachers employed. | paid | |
| | he | age. | of n | | EC . | No. attending between 8 and 10 months. | No. attending between 6 and 8 months. | we | 5 1 | Average attendance. | 2 | ad . | lre | of children no school. | 3 | te | pal | pald |
| | of t | o P | er. | ed. | ore | het | bet hs. | bet ha. | lin 18. | lan | 1186 | he | E S | childrachool | ule | ale | Þ. D | rle Fle |
| ·let | ne | lre) | d a | ro II | attending or more. | ng 103 | ng | ng | en | enc | ody. | of t | VE | [5] | ã . | em | salary to male | salary female |
| lsti | 4 kg | yes | ke | en | | 30 | E E | 見品 | ntt | ntt. | the tar | a d | of prly | ou mo | of | of f | 88 | BB o fe |
| No. of District. | resent va property. | No. of children bund 18 years of | ege Jof | Number enrolled. | Number attendin months or more. | o. attending betw 8 and 10 months. | fo, attending bet 6 and 8 months. | fo. attending bet 4 and 6 months. | Number attending than 4 months. | eg. | umber the he | Condition of the package school buildings. | Number | Number | Number of employed | umber of f | ge | Average month to |
| 5 | roj | o. | chi | mr | 101 | H . | . a | . a | han | era | om | cbc | inte | umber | H H | din | lon | era |
| Z | 7 - | No | AV | ž | ž" | ž | ž | ž | ž i | ΑV | N o | °, | ž | Z | ž e | N S | Average month | Av |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | |
| | \$9100 00 6900 00 | 735 940 | 10 | 424 | 6 9 1892 | 56 | 93 | 99 | 170 360 | 241 263 4542 | 500 | | 28 | 283 | 5 | 2 | \$44 00 | \$32 00 |
| | 6900 00 247500 00 | 940 12480 | 10 | 678 7157 | 1893 | 63 1323 | 996 | 99 157 973 | 360 1973 | 263 4543 | 790 8000 | | 1400 | 267 3923 | 4 9 | 92 | 40 00 102 00 | \$32 00 32 00 43 00 |
| | | 17772 | | 10382 | 2106 | | 15%5 | 1541 | 3172 | 6234 | 9574 | | 1936 | | | | | |
| | 333800 00 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 5454 | 33 | 114 | 71 25 | 47 00 |
| 1 | 14000 00 | 1195 | 10 | 776 | 236 | 209 | 79 | 88 | 164 | 558 | 700 | v. g. | 150 | 260 | 2 | 17 | 57 50 | 38 12 |
| | 1000.00 | 01 | 10 | co | | 11 | 10 | 1- | 0.5 | 0.00 | 20 | | | | | | | |
| 2 3 | 1800 00 500 00 | 150 | 10 10 | 69 120 | | 11 40 | 16 50 | 15 20 | 27 | 37 51 | 60 80 | g. med. | 10 | 20 | 2 | 2 | 23 33 | 21 77 30 00 |
| 1 | 2300 00 | 241 | 10 | 189 | - | 51 | 66 | 35 | 37 | 83 | 140 | | 10 | 20 | | -3 | 23 33 | 25 88 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 10 | 20 | - | | 20 00 | |
| 6 7 8 9 | 1800 00 1500 00 | 110 66 | 9.7 | 106 60 | | 44 5 | 19 14 13 | 12 10 20 10 | 31 31 | 53 30 30 | 60 60 | v. g. | ····i | | • • • • | 2 2 | | 55 44 30 00 |
| 7 | 600 00 800 00 | 66 83 50 | 9.2 | 60 78 48 29 | | | 13 | 20 | 45 | 30 20 | 50 | n.ed. | 2 | 5 | ···i | 2 | 30 00 | 30 00 33 33 26 66 |
| 9 | 1000 00 | 47 | 9.7 9.5 9.2 9.3 | 29 | | | 12 7 | 4 | 6 | 18 | 54 50 | g. g. | | | | 1 | 50 00 | 30 00 |
| 1 | 5700 00 | 356 | | 321 | | 68 | 65 | 56 | 132 | 151 | 274 | | 3 | | 1 | 8 | 30 00 | 35 08 |
| 10 | 1000 00 | | | | 2 | 8 | | | 48 | | | | 7 | | | , | | |
| 10 11 12 13 14 | 100 00 | 89 | 10.5 10 10 10 | 82 61 | | | 9 27 6 | 15 22 10 | 12 47 | 32 16 23 | 60 50 50 | v. p. v. g. med. | 5 2 | 23 16 37 | | i | | 45 23 30 50 33 33 50 00 |
| 12 13 | 1200 00 200 00 | 78 124 | 10 | 66 87 31 | | 3 5 | 32 | 10 32 12 | 47 18 | 23 61 | 50 100 | v.g. | 1 | 16 37 | | 1 | • | 33 33 50 00 |
| 14 | 50 00 | 45 | 10 8.2 | 31 | | | 32 12 | 12 | 18 | 13 | 40 | v. p. | i | 4 | 1 | | 40 00 | ******** |
| | 2550 00 | 436 | 934 | 327 | 2 | 16 | 86 | 91 | 132 | 145 | 300 | | 15 | 80 | 1 | 4 | 40 00 | 39 76 |
| 15 | 1800 60 | 130 | 10 | 77 | | 7 | 10 | 10 | 50 | 30 | 100 | g. | 32 | 21 | 1 | | 42 50 | |
| 15 16 17 18 19 | 500 00 800 00 | 5 5 | 10 | 64 | | 7 6 9 | 14 | 20 16 | 24 34 | 30 35 30 | 30 | med. | 10 | • • • • • • | | 1 | | 30 00 |
| 18 | 500 00 | 109 | 9.5 | 95 | | 14 | 8 18 | 15 | 48. | 44 | 70 | g. med. | | 18 | i | 1 | 19 44 | 28 92 |
| 20 | 1800 00 100 00 | 70 51 | 10 9.5 9 9.5 | 77 64 67 95 70 31 | ····i | 30 | 19 | 11 | 10 15 | 35 14 | 30 60 70 60 30 | g. p. | 1 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 41 66 | 36 00 28 50 |
| 20 21 22 23 | 300 00 | 52 | 9 | 41 42 | | 30 7 6 2 12 | 19 3 8 14 15 | 7 | 20 | 35 14 20 19 | 40 | g. | ī | 6 9 3 7 | | 1 2 2 2 | | 30 00 32 73 28 92 36 00 28 50 30 00 |
| 23 | 300 00 200 00 200 00 | 52 53 105 | 10.1 | 80 | 5 | 12 | 15 | 7 8 23 | 20 18 25 | 23 | 30 55 | med. | 4 | 7 | ····i | 1 | 40 00 | 31 44 25 00 |
| 1 | 6200 00 | 714 | 9.6 | 567 | 6 | 93 | 109 | 115 | 244 | 250 | 475 | | 48 | 64 | -4 | 10 | 35 90 | 30 32 |
| 24 | 800 00 | 52 | 9 | 53 | | 4 | 15 | 19 | 99 | 26 | 56 | g. | | | | | | |
| 24 25 26 27 29 29 30 | 5500 00 | 52 129 504 | 10 9.7 10 | 102 344 | | 11 | 15 17 126 | 12 27 53 | 22 47 | 36 50 | 56 160 | g. | i | 18 | 1 | 2 1 3 | 50 00 | 25 00 16 00 30 00 |
| 26 | 4400 00 500 00 | 55 55 | 10 | 344 47 38 | | 106 | 126 | 11 | 59 22 6 | 236 21 | 250 30 | g. g. n.ed. | 70 | 90 | 2 | | 42 00 | 30 00 30 83 |
| 28 | 600 00 400 00 | 48 | 10.2 | 38 | | 15 6 | 8 2 11 | 11 15 3 29 | 6 36 | 236 21 32 24 55 | 48 65 | g. med. | 1 | 5 9 1 | | 1 | | 30 00 |
| 30 | 2200 00 | 55 48 71 121 | 9 | 56 120 | | 4 | 18 | 29 | 69 | 55 | 100 | g. | | 15 | ···i | 1 | 35 00 | 30 83 30 00 31 00 30 00 |
| | 14400 00 | 980 | | 760 | | 152 | 197 | 150 | 261 | 454 | 709 | | 77 | 138 | -4 | 10 | 42 33 | 27 54 |
| 32 | 700 00 | 83 | 10 | 68 | | 6 | 20 | 98 | 14 | 26 | | CT. | | | | | | |
| 32 33 34 35 37 38 | 1600 00 | 83 52 67 63 247 59 | 9 9 9.5 | 48 | | 6583 | 11 | 28 11 13 | 21 19 35. 63 34 29 | 26 25 | 70 60 64 | g. g. | 4 | | 1 | | 31 66 | |
| 35 | 400 00 1100 00 | 63 | 9.5 | 60 58 | | 3 | 20 | 11 | 35. | 31 26 | 60 | CF. | | | 1 | i | 32 55 | 26 66 |
| 37 38 | 4000 (+0 400 00 | 247 | 10 | 200 52 41 | | 25 5 3 | 48 7 3 | 64 | 63 | 138 | 180 | g. g. | | 26 | ···i | 1 2 | 60 00 36 66 | 20 66 |
| 39 | 400 00 | 54 | 9 | 41 | | 3 | 3 | 6 | 29 | 138 21 14 | 180 52 35 | med. | i | | 1 | 2 | 41 66 | 26 66 20 66 31 11 23 33 |
| | 8600 00 | 625 | 9.3 | 527 | | 55 | 118 | 139 | 215 | 281 | 521 | | 5 | 26 | -6 | -6 | 39 42 | 25 44 |
| 40 | 400 00 | 72 | 9 | 61 | | | 15 | 20 | 26 | | | med. | 5 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 31 83 | 25 00 |
| 40 41 42 | 300 00 | 72 74 | 9.5 | 46 38 | 2 | 14 | 6 3 | 6 | 34 | 20 22 17 73 | 35 | p. | | 14 | 1 | 1 | 41 66 | 26 66 |
| 43 | 200 00 250 00 | 46 143 | 10 | 122 | 2 | 42 | 21 | 15 13 | 4 46 | 17 73 | 44 35 35 120 | med. | | 8 | 1 | ···i | 32 00 37 50 | 13 33 |
| | 3400 00 | 335 | | 267 | 2 | 56 | 45 | 54 | 110 | 132 | 234 | | 5 | 26 | 5 | 3 | 35 74 | 21 66 |
| 41 | 2500 00 | 138 | 10 | | | | | | | | 120 | g. | 1 | 27 | | | 75 00 | |
| 44 45 46 | 2000 C0 1400 00 | 138 118 78 | 9 9 9 . 7 | 131 105 | | 20 28 | 36 20 | 45 25 | 30 32 | 60 60 22 | 100 | med. | | 16 | 1 | 1 | 50 00 | 31 28 30 00 |
| 47. | 1000 00 | 64 | 9.7 | 63 65 | | 4 | 6 12 | 23 | 49 26 | 22 25 | 66 52 | g. g. | | 6 | i | 1 | 32 22 | 34 45 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Statistical Report, by Districts, for the County of SOMERSET,

| | | | | FI | NANOIAL | STATEME | NT. | | |
|--|----------------|----------------------------|---------------|------------------------------------|---|--|---|----------------------------|--|
| | | | | FI | Jo | District School Tax voted to be used for building, purchasing, hiring, repairing, &c. | 0, | afi | Balance in the hands of the collector, exclusive of money for building and repairing purposes. |
| TOWNSHIPS AND | | tfon | | ů | Tax nent ries. | Tax sed hasi ng, | Тах | mo. | har or, ney repa |
| DISTRICTS OR | | pría | ix. | enn | ooi nayr mlm | ool e u ure | 100 | nt fr | the lect mon nd |
| CITIES. | | pro] | o Ta | sev | Sch or. p | Sch o b g, p | Schoed. | noni. | fin for soft soft soft soft soft soft soft soft |
| CITIES. | | Δħ | shíj | us I | et S | ng, | let s | am | ice lhe drn dfn pur |
| | | State Appropriation | fownship Tax. | Surpins Revenue. | District School Tax voted for payment teachers' salaries. | vote buil | District School be raised. | Total amount from sources. | of of clust bull the |
| Salem (Continued.) U. PENN'S NECK (Co | | - 02 | | - 02 | <u> </u> | - | - | | <u> </u> |
| Central, NECK (Co | o. 48 | \$324 32 | | \$25 68 29 85 17 01 17 01 | | | | \$350 00 | \$294 50 |
| Cove, Wright, Wiley, | 50 | 320 14 332 99 | | 29 85 17 01 | | | | 350 00 350 00 | 135 46 95 74 188 14 |
| Wiley, Pennsgrove, | 51 52 | 332 99 904 80 333 31 | | 17 01 95 65 | 8300 00 | \$300 00 | \$600 00 | 350 00 1600 45 | |
| Perkintown, | 53 | | | 16 69 | | ********** | | 350 00 | 172 07 |
| U. PITTSGROVE. | - | 4056 35 | | 334 14 | | | | 1 | |
| Whig Lane, Centre, | 54 55 | 319 18 327 53 | | 30 82 23 47 | | | | 350 00 350 00 | 124 77 114 91 |
| Independence, Washington, | 56 57 | 109.31 | | 28 25 11 56 | | | | 350 00 120 87 | 21 46 |
| Tofforenn | 59 | 118 42 327 53 | | 12 52 22 47 | | 49 55 | 49 55 | 130 94 399 55 | 16 40 |
| Friendship, New Freedom, Walnut Grove, | 60 | 335 23 333 63 | | 14 77 | | | | 350 00 350 00 | 265 20 |
| Monroe, Union, | 62 63 | 361 32 335 56 | | 38 20 | | 90 00 | 90 00 | 489 52 350 00 | 574 40 64 15 |
| Chion, | 00 | 2889 46 | | 211 87 | | 139 55 | 139 55 | 3240 88 | 1341 32 |
| PITTSGROVE. | 64 65 | 425 01 | | 44 94 | | | | 669 95 | E0 15 |
| Greenville, Centreton. | 65 66 | 331 70 329 14 | | 18 30 20 86 | | | 200 00 | 350 00 350 00 | 174 36 65 19 134 12 165 37 172 57 37 67 |
| Centreton, Upper Neck, Lower Neck, | 66 67 68 | 324 00 317 58 | | 26 00 | | | | 350 00 | 134 12 165 37 |
| Charity, Good Hope, | 68 69 70 | 329 00 | | 21 00 | | | | 350 00 350 00 350 00 | 172 57 |
| Good Hope, | 70 | | | | | | | 2769 95 | 801 43 |
| Summary. | | | | 100 21 | | | | | |
| Salem City | | 3515 99 784 53 | | 371 67 82 49 | 3780 00 | 1000 00 150 00 | 4780 00 150 00 | 8667 66 1017 02 | 527 80 |
| Lower Penn's Nack | | 1657 59 | | 111 71 | | | *************************************** | 1769 30 1832 26 | 527 80 922 21 1221 17 |
| Mannington | | 3031 05 | | 224 70 | 3780 00 | 149 59 | 149 59 | 3405 34 | 645 12 1059 34 |
| Upper Alloways Creek | | 2669 18 | | 192 91 | | | | 4045 52 2862 09 | 1772 83 |
| Upper Penn's Neck | | 1354 63 4056 35 | | 104 96 334 14 | 300 00 | 300 00 | 600 00 | 1459 59 4990 49 | 1772 83 1216 44 1205 24 1341 32 801 43 |
| Salem City. Elsinboro Lower Alloways Creek. Lower Penn's Neck. Mannington Pilesgrove. Upper Alloways Creek. Upper Penn's Neck. Upper Pilusgrove. Pitusgrove. Pitusgrove. Pitusgrove. | | 2889 46 2381 71 | | 211 87 188 24 | | 139 55 200 00 | 139 55 | 3240 88 2769 95 | 1341 32 801 43 |
| | | 27740 96 | | 2300 00, | 4080 00 | 1939 14 | 6019 14 | 36060 10 | 10712 90 |
| SOMERSET. BEDMINSTER. Peapack, | 1 | 425 59 | | 52 06 | 175 00 | | 175 00 | 652 65 350 00 | 62 56 |
| Union Grove, Lesser Cross Roads | 2 4 | 328 34 325 63 | | 21 66 24 32 | | | | 350 00 350 00 | 1 19 1 60 |
| Larger Cross Roads, Foot of Lane, | 5 | 331 38 | | 18 62 | | | | 350 00 350 00 | 1 60 22 65 |
| Pottersville, Lamingt in, | 24564-8 | 388 32 | | 47 50 | | | | 435 82 350 00 | |
| Pluckamin, Central Burnt Mills, | 9 | 312 76 | | 37 24 | | | | 350 00 | 30 47 136 77 69 03 |
| Central Burnt Mills, | 10 | | | 17 86 266 76 | | | 175 00 | 350 00 3538 47 | 324 27 |
| BERNARDS. Bernardsville, | 11 | 001 40 | | | | | | 376 53 | |
| Basking Ridge | 12 | 590 24 | | 72 20 | 400 00 | 950.00 | 400 00 | 1062 44 600 00 | 5 85 183 78 49 87 85 14 |
| Mine Mount, Mine Brook, | 14 | 322 26 | | 27 74 | | 200 00 | 200 00 | 350 00 | 85 14 69 12 |
| Franklin, Union, | 16 | 318 84 | | 21 28 31 16 | | | 400 00 250 00 | 350 00 350 00 | 27 31 |
| Liberty Corner, Pleasant Valley, | 17 | 315 04 329 48 | | | | | | 350 00 350 00 | 27 31 159 03 |
| BRANCHBURG. | | 2869 55 | | 269 42 | 400 00 | 250 00 | 650 00 | 3788 97 | 580 10 |
| North Branch, Cedar Grove, | 19 20 | 531 11 | | 64 98 37 24 | | 200 00 45 00 | | 796 09 395 00 | 21 93 17 42 |
| 010101 | 20 | 917 10 | | 57 24 | | 40 00 | 49 00 | 939 00 | 11 20 |

State of New Jersey, for the School Year ending August 31, 1878.

| | loor | en 5 | ths | | | ATTE | | | | | seat | public | who l. | who | ers | ers | per ers. | per ers. |
|--|---|---|--|---|-------------------------------------|---|---|---|--|--|---|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|---|---|
| No. of District. | Present value of the school property. | o. of children between and 18 years of age. | Average number of months school kept open. | Number enrolled. | fumber attending 10 months or more. | No. attending between 8 and 10 months. | No. attending between 6 and 8 months. | No. attending between 4 and 6 months. | Number attending less than 4 months. | Average attendance. | Number the bouse will seemfortably. | of the uildings. | of children private schoo | of children no school. | Number of male teachers employed. | Number of female teachers employed. | ge salary paid per th to male teachers. | Average salary paid per monthtofemaleteachers. |
|). of | eser | No. of and 1 | rera | ump | Number | San | o at | at and | han | rera | ump | Condition school b | Number | Number | umb | umbe | Average | erag |
| Z | _ H | ž" | Av | ž | ž_ | ž | z | Z | ž | Av | Z | တိ | Na | Z Z | Z e | N o | AV | Ay III |
| 48 49 50 51 52 53 | \$1000 00 500 00 900 00 300 00 6000 00 1200 00 | 81 79 69 57 302 61 | 9 9.8 9.7 9.5 8 | 68 64 67 54 244 56 | | 7 5 2 4 4 2 | 13 5 8 2 62 5 | 22 15 17 6 78 11 | 26 39 40 42 100 38 | 35 23 23 19 134 22 | 60 50 60 50 225 70 | med | 1 14 2 | 11 2 3 41 4 | 1 2 1 1 2 1 | 1 3 1 | \$41 00 30 00 40 00 31 11 48 00 35 00 | \$30 00 30 00 26 00 27 00 |
| | 16800 00 | 1047 | 9.3 | 917 | •••• | 76 | 169 | 250 | 422 | 423 | 853 | | 18 | 116 | 11 | 9 | 42 48 | 28 96 |
| 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 | 1000 00 700 00 1400 00 600 00 800 00 800 00 300 00 600 00 1400 00 1000 00 | 84 66 91 45 45 67 52 52 120 34 | 10 9.7 6 | 82 54 73 42 37 65 34 43 87 29 | | 12 11 16 6 2 12 9 13 | 23 13 18 7 25 16 11 11 6 | 12 14 13 5 10 26 5 6 14 3 | 35 16 26 24 27 14 11 14 53 | 44 23 39 20 23 31 20 24 43 26 | 50 50 64 48 40 44 86 40 76 42 | med. g. med. g. | 3 | 13 1 4 2 2 12 5 32 2 | 1 1 1 | | 30 00 40 00 40 00 50 00 33 33 | 33 98 33 33 25 83 21 66 33 33 30 00 |
| ľ | 8400 00 | 656 | 9.1 | 546 | | 81 | 130 | 108 | 227 | 293 | 540 | | 6 | 73 | 5 | 7 | 38 66 | 29 25 |
| 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 | 1200 00 1200 00 1800 00 400 00 300 00 600 00 1200 00 | 142 54 60 68 104 65 82 | 9 9 9.5 9 | 93 48 61 77 79 57 66 | 2 | 60 9 3 16 2 | 20 7 20 12 14 15 11 | 4 14 11 23 20 13 8 | 9 27 21 39 29 25 47 | 52 18 37 32 44 30 24 | 90 52 90 50 60 50 60 | med. | | 22 | 1 2 1 1 1 1 | i | 45 00 33 00 33 00 37 50 47 22 | 20 00 |
| 1 | 6700 00 | 575 | 9 | 481 | 2 | 90 | 99 | 93 | 197 | 237 | 452 | | | 70 | 7 | 3 | 39 20 | 25 00 |
| | 14000 00 2300 00 5700 00 2550 00 6200 00 14400 00 8600 00 16800 00 8400 00 6700 00 | 1195 241 356 436 714 980 625 335 1047 656 575 | 9.7 9.6 9.5 9.3 9.6 9.3 9.1 | 776 189 321 327 567 760 527 267 917 546 481 | 6 2 | 51 68 16 | 79 66 65 86 109 197 118 45 169 130 99 | 88 35 56 91 115 150 139 54 250 108 93 | 164 37 132 132 244 261 215 110 422 227 197 | 558 88 151 145 250 454 281 132 423 293 237 | 700 140 274 300 475 709 521 234 853 540 452 | | 150 10 3 15 48 77 5 5 18 6 | 260 20 5 80 64 138 26 26 116 73 70 | 2 2 1 1 4 4 6 5 11 5 7 | 17 3 8 4 10 10 6 3 9 7 3 | 57 50 23 33 30 00 40 00 35 90 42 33 39 42 35 74 42 48 38 33 39 14 | 38 13 25 88 35 03 39 76 30 32 27 54 25 44 21 66 28 96 30 60 25 00 |
| | 89050 00 | 7160 | 9.5 | 5678 | 248 | 947 | 1163 | 1179 | 2141 | 3012 | 5189 | | 337 | 878 | 48 | 80 | 38 56 | 29 85 |
| 1 2 4 5 6 7 8 9 | 800 00 1000 00 500 00 900 00 850 00 600 00 500 00 1500 00 200 00 | 129 62 76 52 63 120 65 110 53 | 11 10 9.6 10 9 10 10 11.5 | 110 40 67 36 36 93 57 87 41 | | 30 3 9 4 18 3 15 4 | 7 9 13 5 6 19 21 10 8 | 15 11 12 11 6 22 6 14 | 36 17 33 16 24 29 27 46 22 | 68 20 28 18 14 56 27 36 | 65 65 50 75 50 80 50 80 43 | 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 | 2 4 3 4 | 30 22 3 13 17 27 8 19 | 1 1 1 1 | 1 1 1 1 | 50 00 30 30 33 33 33 33 30 00 40 00 | 30 83 30 00 33 33 45 00 |
| | 6850 00 | 730 | 10.1 | 567 | 29 | 86 | 98 | 104 | 250 | 284 | 560 | | 13 | 151 | 6 | 5 | 36 16 | 33 83 |
| 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 | 300 00 3000 00 1000 00 1000 00 2500 00 1000 00 1200 00 2000 00 | 64 65 | 10.5 10.5 10 10 10.5 10.5 | 94 124 59 54 55 65 65 46 | 20 | 20 32 25 17 | 31 19 10 15 10 5 13 | 25 22 16 13 16 10 10 18 | 34 49 33 6 26 25 5 28 | 43 67 23 28 19 24 33 23 | 50 80 60 60 80 75 66 40 | med. g. v. g. g. v. g. med. g. v. g. | 25 1 3 | 11 5 10 4 21 15 7 | i | 1 i i | 66 67 30 00 29 33 | 40 00 28 57 26 66 30 00 34 25 26 67 |
| | 12000 00 | 658 | | 562 | 22 | 101 | 103 | 130 | 206 | 260 | 511 | | 29 | 73 | 3 | -6 | 42 00 | 31 02 |
| 19 20 | 600 00 300 00 | 200 92 | | 129 64 | 1 | 18 | 30 8 | 27 20 | 53 34 | 53 20 | 72 56 | g. g. | 13 | 69 15 | 1 | ···i | 65 00 33 33 | 30 00 |

Statistical Report, by Districts, for the County of SOMERSET,

| | | | | F | | STATEME | | | |
|--|--|--|---------------|--|--|--|---|---|--|
| TOWNSHIPS AND DISTRICTS OR CITIES. | | State Appropriation. | Township Tax. | Surplus Revenue. | District School Tax voted for payment of teachers' salaries. | District School Tax voted to be used for bullding, purchasing, hiring, repairing, &c. | District School Tax to be raised. | Total amount from all sources, | Balance in the hands of the collector, exclusive of money for building and repairing purposes. |
| Somerset (Continued.) BRANCHBURG (Con. South Branch, No Fairview, | 22 23 | \$351 04 322 64 | | \$42 94 27 3t | | | *************************************** | \$393 98 350 00 | |
| BRIDGEWATER. Washington Valley, Martinville, Adamsville, Harriott's, Somerville, Raritan, Willow Grove, Bound Brook, | 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 | 312 00 363 47 323 78 332 52 3681 03 | | 38 00 44 46 26 23 17 48 397 94 | | | 1000 00 | 1935 07 350 00 407 13 350 00 350 00 3008 96 3538 29 350 00 853 07 | 23 25 31 26 44 01 634 23 |
| | 32 33 34 35 35 35 35 | 996 ng | | 834 10 | | | | 9208 25 350 00 350 00 350 00 477 65 432 32 | 1226 70 1 65 137 65 110 04 |
| NORTH PLAINFIELI Washingtonville, Green Brook, North Plainfield, | 36 37 38 | 315 42 321 50 | | | 100 00 1200 00 | | | 1959 97 350 00 450 00 3253 62 4053 62 | 249 34 126 63 210 56 725 85 1063 04 |
| HILLSBOROUGH. Woodville, Harmony, New Centre, Liberty, Bloomingdale, Millstone, Cross Roads, Blackwell's, Pleasant View, Mountain, Flaggtown, Flaggtown Station, Neshanic, Pleasant Valley, Clover Hill, | 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 | 331 76 319 98 332 90 324 54 329 48 312 38 323 78 326 44 331 00 318 08 332 52 | | 18 24 30 02 17 10 25 46 20 54 37 62 28 23 56 19 00 11 92 17 48 20 90 34 96 | 200 00 | 85 00 8 00 | 200 00 | 350 00 550 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 435 00 350 00 350 00 488 00 400 00 | 59 67 113 27 4 54 60 00 9 90 30 00 17 71 35 43 22 70 6 99 |
| MONTGOMERY. Harlingen. Blawenburgh, Rocky Hill, Griggstown, Mountain, Unionville, | 54 55 56 57 58 59 | 4874 94 313 90 314 28 441 12 326 82 327 96 327 96 | | 375 06 36 10 35 72 53 96 23 18 23 04 22 04 | 430 00 | 93 00 | 110 00 | 5773 00 350 00 460 00 495 08 350 00 350 00 350 00 2355 08 | 436 02 3 72 44 58 112 00 53 160 83 |
| FRANKLIN. Clinton Bd, Brook, Bound Brook, Cedar Dale, Raritan, Middlebnsh, South Middlebnsh, Yleasant Phains, Union, Three Mile Run, Ten Mile Run, Lyper Ten Mile Run, East Milistone, Weston, Griggstown, | 60 61 62 63 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 73 74 75 | 334 16 332 52 344 51 332 52 328 34 327 20 319 60 332 90 321 88 602 65 320 74 321 50 | | 34 96 58 52 25 84 17 48 42 18 17 48 21 66 22 80 30 40 17 10 28 12 73 72 29 26 28 50 448 02 | | 110 00 | | 350 00 2036 93 350 00 386 99 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 | 173 03 33 82 40 00 5 51 111 16 5 51 2 36 3 43 53 32 29 11 90 90 |

State of New Jersey, for the School Year ending August 31, 1878.

| | lon | a 6 ths | | ATTI | NDA | NOE | | | Tar. | | who l. | who | 20.00 | FL | FB. | rs. |
|--|--|--|---------------------------|--|--|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|---|
| | Present value of the school property. | No. of children between 5 and 18 years of age. Average number of months school kept open. | enrolled. attending 10 | Haas | Ween | naa. | It.RB | attendance. | se will sent | the public | of chlidren w private school. | E . | e teachers | Number of tennile teachers employed. | paid per tenchers. | erage salury paid per month to femule teachers. |
| let. | e of | o, of children be- and 18 years of a verage number of school kept open. | Number enrolled | months of more. o. attending bety 8 and 10 months. | o. attending bet 6 and 8 months. | o, attending bet 4 and 6 months. | Number attending than 4 months. | nel n | Number the house comfortably. | ondition of the school buildings | chi | of childi | male | THE P | galary to male | female |
| No. of District | ghu . | children S years og numbe | enra | months or o, attending 8 and 10 ma | E E | nibe nibe | ntte | atte | tabl | Sondition of school build | of | jo i | | ed. | Ral to n | gal o fer |
| £ | resent va property | Tet Ber | Number | tten nd 1 | the state of the s | tter bl 6 | 14 | 381 | for | Hor | | | Number of employed | umber of i | rke ith | rh to |
| 0.0 | Prop | No. of cand 18 Average | | 20. H | 6 nr | - HIL | umber than 4 | Avernge | nun | ond | Number | umber | mil em) | uni | Аустиде | Average nionth t |
| Z, | = | Z | 7. 2 | 4 | Z | 4_ | Z | < | Z | <u> </u> | Z | Z | Z_ | Z | _< | < "_ |
| 99 | 83000 00 | 717 11 | 93 | 0 01 | 0 | 10 | 9.0 | 40 | ra. | | | 20 | , | | 0.45 45 | |
| 22 23 | 1000 00 | 115 11 77 10 | 82 65 | 2 24 17 14 | 9 18 | 12 | 37 | 40 27 | 72 70 | v. g. v. g. | ····6 | 3 3 | 1 | ```i | \$45 45 | \$31 00 |
| | 4900 00 | 464 10.8 | 343 | 20 58 | 65 | 69 | 131 | 140 | 270 | | 21 | 70 | 3 | 2 | 47 93 | 30 50 |
| 24 | 1200 00 | 111 10.5 | 63 54 | 19 17 | 10 | 13 | 4 | 35 | 42 | v. g. | | 38 | | 1 | | 33 33 |
| 24 25 26 27 28 29 80 31 | 1200 00 1200 00 | 111 10.5 106 9.2 60 10.2 45 10 | 63 | ·. 1 5 | 11 12 | 12 20 | 34 24 29 | 26 29 13 | 42 72 70 | V. g. V. g. V. g. V. g. V. g. | | 48 | 1 | ····i | 40 00 | 30 00 |
| 27 28 | 1000 00 | 60 10.2 45 10 898 11 | 34 | | 84 95 19 | 5 78 87 | 29 | 13 272 | 40 500 | V. g. | 250 | 7 140 | I 1 | 1 2 5 4 | 97 25 | 30 00 29 33 37 00 32 36 47 60 41 66 |
| 29 80 | 12000 00 500 00 | 898 11 750 11 86 8.8 162 9 | | | 95 | 87 18 | 186 193 32 | 272 241 34 75 | 350 65 | v. g. med. | 30 | 219 11 | i | 4 | 100 00 | 32 36 |
| 31 | 1200 00 | 86 8.8 162 9 | 127 | 16 | 50 | 23 | 38 | 75 | 100 | g. | 20 | 16 | ···i | 1 | 58 33 | 41 66 |
| | 33300 00 | 2218 10 | 1432 1 | 31 220 | 285 | 256 | 540 | 725 | 1239 | | 303 | 479 | 4 | 15 | 73 92 | 35 90 |
| 32 | 500 00 | 64 9 | 38 | 1 | 1 | 6 | 30 | 8 | 30 | v. p. v. g. | | 26 | i | 1 | 33 33 | 30 00 |
| 34 | 1100 00 500 00 | 64 9 57 10 83 10 129 10.2 | | "3 | 14 15 20 | 6 17 9 22 23 | 25 51 33 | 8 25 29 36 | 48 40 | med. | | 11 | | ···i | 33 33 | 31 65 |
| 32 33 34 35 35 35 | 800 00 750 00 | 129 10.2 104 10 | | 3 7 5 | 20 15 | 22 | 33 25 | 36 32 | 80 63 | ⊽. g. ⊽. g. | | 42 37 | 1 | | 45 00 36 00 | |
| | 3650 00 | 443 9.8 | 326 | 16 | 65 | 76 | 169 | 130 | 260 | | | 117 | 3 | 2 | 38 11 | 30 83 |
| 36 | 12:0 00 | | | | | 14 | 32 | | | V 0 | | 44 | | | | 36 23 |
| 36 37 38 | 1000 00 3500 00 | 106 10 *2 10.9 657 10.5 | 62 35 428 | 8 3 18 144 | 8 8 93 | 6 77 | 18 | 28 26 272 | 50 3± 250 | v. g. v. g. v. g. | 9 100 | 35 129 | 1 1 | 1 1 6 | 30 00 116 66 | 30 00 |
| | 4700 00 | 855 10.5 | | | 109 | 97 | 156 | 326 | 332 | v. g. | _ | | 2 | | | 32 00 |
| 39 | | | | | | | | 23 | | | 109 | 211 | 3 | 8 | 73 33 | |
| 40 | 800 00 1500 00 | 57 10 88 10 45 6 67 9 51 10 80 9 73 9.5 54 9.8 | 46 59 30 | 20 22 | 13 | 17 | 21 | 45 | 56 68 45 | v. g. v. g. v. g. | 5 | 9 24 15 | | 1 | | 33 33 50 00 26 67 |
| 40 41 42 | 600 00 1200 00 700 00 | 45 6 67 9 | 51 | 8 | 12 | 11 | 20 | 19 30 | 48 | ST. | 3 | 15 13 21 | | 1 | | 26 67 33 33 33 33 |
| 43 44 | 700 00 1000 00 | 51 10 80 9 | | 11 | 30 | 14 | 15 | 15 34 | 40 75 | v. g. | 6 1 | 21 21 | ···i | 1 | 40 00 | 33 33 |
| 45 46 47 | 1150 00 1000 00 | 80 9 73 9.5 54 9.8 46 9 | 54 | 4 | 11 | 14 12 | 25 26 | 34 22 18 | 40 | v. g. v. g. v. g. v. g. | 1 | 18 | | 1 | | 31 67 |
| 47 48 | 800 00 200 00 | 46 0 | 37 | 19 | õ | 1 | 12 | 20 17 | , 60 | mea. | | 8 | | î | 95.00 | 31 66 |
| 49 50 | 600 00 | 83 9 64 8 53 11 | 33 | i | 3 | 15 2 10 | 43 27 41 25 | 11 | 40 60 | v p. v. g. v. g. v. p. | | 20 31 | 1 1 | 1 | 35 00 28 00 | 40 00 31 67 30 00 31 66 33 33 25 00 30 00 |
| 51 | 1500 00 200 00 700 00 | 57 9 51 9 | 69 67 | 10 | 20 10 | 10 | 25 | 20 35 | 70 50 60 | v. g. v. p. | 10 | 10 5 | ···i | 1 | 40 00 | |
| 51 52 53 | 700 00 800 00 | 51 9 84 11.8 | 46 63 | i 12 | 10 | 9 8 11 | 16 28 | 26 28 | ກູ່ປີ ວູ້ປ | v. g. g. | | 5 19 | | 1 | | 29 50 33 33 |
| | 12750 00 | 983 9.3 | | 21 114 | 135 | 145 | 325 | 356 | 802 | | 30 | 320 | <u>-</u> 4 | 14 | 36 00 | 32 94 |
| 54 | 1200 00 | | | | | 20 | | | 75 | g. | | 3 | 1 | | | |
| 54 55 57 58 | 1200 00 800 00 | 88 10 91 9.8 140 10.5 | 85 56 120 | 8 7 25 | 14 28 34 | 16 | 43 11 32 | 34 35 62 | 100 | 50 50 50 50 50 50 | 2 | 33 20 | 1 | ···i | 38 00 36 67 61 00 | 31 67 |
| 57 58 | 500 00 400 00 | 53 9 64 9.5 51 10 | 24 | 1 | 6 19 | 22 7 12 | 10 | 12 25 | 60 60 | g. | 5 | 14 12 | i | 1 1 | | 30 00 33 33 |
| 59 | 700 00 | 51 10 | 50 | 3 | ā | 8 | 34 | 15 | 60 | v. g. g. | | 11 | 2 | | 33 33 | 00 00 |
| - | 4800 00 | 487 9.8 | 387 | 7 45 | 106 | 85 | 141 | 186 | 403 | | 7 | 83 | 5 | 3 | 42 25 | 31 67 |
| 60 | 1000 00 | 80 9 150 11 | 38 100 | · 5 27 | 11 | 8 | 15 31 | 22 49 | 80 | g. | 14 | 28 50 | _i | 1 | 50 00 | 35 00 |
| 61 62 | 2000 00 800 00 | 64 9 46 9 | 100 35 | | 21 | 16 5 2 | 9.5 | 11 | 80 80 70 25 | v.g. g. | | 94 | | i | 50 00 | 31 66 |
| 63 65 | 400 00 3000 00 1200 00 | 45 9 95 10 47 10 | | | 10 | 16 | 14 32 9 | 6 32 | 60 | g. | 6 10 | 21 18 | | 1 | | 31 66 30 00 36 00 |
| 66 67 | 1200 00 400 00 | 47 10 54 11.5 | 27 31 | 1 5 1 3 | 5 10 | 16 | 11 | 14 13 | 36 50 | v. g. v. g. med. | i | 20 | | 1 | | 25 67 28 33 30 52 30 00 33 33 |
| 6% | 700 00 600 00 | 59 10 | 43 | 2 | 14 | 16 7 4 | 11 | 19 | 75 50 | V. 2. | 7 | 11 29 | | î | | 30 52 |
| 76 | 500 00 | 59 10 72 9 50 10.2 65 10 | 34 | 1 10 | 6 17 19 | 4 | 14 | 16 18 | 40 | v. g. | 13 | 16 | | 1 | | 33 33 |
| 60 61 62 65 66 67 71 73 74 | 550 00 600 00 | 149 10 | 60 106 | 8 40 | 19 | 12 15 16 13 | 13 23 32 24 | 30 63 | 55 75 | g. v. g. v. g. v. p. | 30 | 13 | ····i | 1 | 75 00 | 30 00 |
| 74 | 500 00 800 00 | 73 9 75 9 | 55 | 5 5 | 10 | 16 | 24 36 | 63 27 30 | 5 0 | g. g. | 1 | 16 7 | | | | 33 00 33 33 |
| | 13050 00 | 1085 9.8 | 715 | 8 124 | 150 | 143 | 290. | 350 | 786 | | 84 | 288 | | 10 | 62 50 | 31 49 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Statistical Report, by Districts, for the County of SUSSEX,

| | | | | FI | NANOIAL 6 | STATEMEN | т. | | |
|---|--|---|------------------------------------|--|--|--|---|---|--|
| TOWNSHIPS AND DISTRICTS OR CITIES. | | State Appropriation. | Township Tax. | Surplus Revenue. | District School Tax voted for payment of teachers' salarles. | District School Tax voted to be used for building, purchasing, hirling, vepairing, &c. | District School Tax to be raised. | Total amount from all sources. | Balance in the hands of the collector, exclusive of money for building and repairing purposes. |
| Somerset (Continued.) Summary. Bedmidset. Bernards. Branchburch. Bridgewster. North Philofield. Hillsborough. Montgomery. Franklin. | | \$3096 71 2869 55 1517 55 7124 15 1783 65 2466 72 4874 94 2052 04 5002 27 | | \$266 76 269 42 172 52 834 10 176 32 286 90 375 06 193 04 448 02 | \$175 00 400 00 1300 00 430 00 1650 00 | | \$175 00 650 00 245 00 1250 00 1300 00 523 00 110 00 1650 00 | \$3528 47 3788 97 1935 07 9208 25 1959 97 4053 62 5773 00 2255 08 7100 29 | \$324 27 580 10 51 28 1226 70 249 34 1063 04 436 02 160 83 548 18 |
| SUSSEX. MONTAGUE. |). 1 3 4 5 6 | 30787 58 75 36 323 86 323 86 86 13 34 45 | 75 00 100 00 100 00 75 00 | 3022 14 6 07 26 14 26 14 6 94 2 78 | 3955 00 75 00 | 17 33 100 00 | 5903 00 17 33 100 00 | 39712 72 173 76 550 00 350 00 193 07 187 23 | 100 62 |
| SANDYSTON. Union, Peters Valley, Centreville, Hainesville, Tuttle's Corner, Washington, Shaytown, Fliatbrook Valley, | 9 10 11 12 14 15 16 17 | 323 86 1167 52 323 86 323 86 323 86 323 86 323 86 323 86 323 86 | 350 00 | 94 21 | | 117 33 | 192 33 | 350 00 1804 06 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 | 578 24 6 46 2 05 18 30 95 35 118 27 97 50 |
| WALLPACK. Flatbrookville, Central, Wallpack Center, | 18 19 20 | 2590 88 323 86 323 86 323 86 | | 209 12 26 14 26 14 26 14 78 42 | | | | 2800 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 | 458 85 95 105 0 105 98 |
| STILLWATER. Yellow Frame, Fredon, Stillwater, Mt. Pleasant, Mt Holly, Middleville, Swartswood, Mt. Benevolence, Keene's Corner, Emmans, | 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 | 323 %6 328 86 83 98 323 86 323 86 323 %6 71 06 323 %6 | 75 00 50 00 75 00 | 26 14 26 14 26 14 26 14 26 14 26 14 26 14 26 14 26 14 | | 90 00 | 90 00 | 440 00 350 00 525 00 90 75 425 00 350 00 400 00 151 79 350 00 350 00 | 127 36 3 57 69 05 40 00 32 93 |
| GREEN. Tranquility, Greensville, Huntsville, Washington, | 33 34 35 36 | 2745 92 323 86 323 86 323 86 323 86 | 375 00 | 221 62 26 14 26 14 26 14 | | 90 00 | 90 00 | 3432 54 1150 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 | 52 6 |
| BYRAM. Stanhope, Waterloo, Roseville, Brooklyn, Amity, Lockwood, | 37 38 39 40 41 42 | 323 86 323 86 | 825 00 100 00 | 31 06 26 14 26 14 26 14 26 14 | | | 800 00 | 2200 00 1241 48 450 00 350 00 350 00 375 00 202 38 | 66 25 4 50 19 50 17 60 41 60 |
| ANDOVER. Andover, Springdale, Clinton, Germany, | 43 41 45 46 | 323 86 71 06 | 400 00 50 00 100 00 | 143 26 27 24 26 1 5 73 26 1 | | | | 2968 86 765 30 400 00 176 79 400 00 | 15 7 54 4 10 0 |

State of New Jersey, for the School Year ending August 31, 1878.

| | the school | n 5 | school'kept open. | | | ATTE | NDA | NOE | | | willscat | 0 | who L | who | ers | Number of female teachers employed. | per ers. | Average salary paid per month to female teachers. |
|--|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|---|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|---|--|
| | sel | between I age. | | | 10 | No. attending between 8 and 10 months. | No. attending between 6 and 8 months. | No. attending between 4 and 6 months. | less | | III. | the public | | | male teachers | ach | paid per teachers. | paid teach |
| | the | Pet Tag | į. | | attending or more. | twe | 1 1 | tive. | 18 | nee | se w | 38. | children | children school. | 91 | e te | | e te |
| +30 | Jo e | en 8 ol | 6 | llec | nor | b be | the state | the the | the the | nda | one. | the | chil | childr | nale | mal | ury | nale |
| strie | Jan. | children 18 years o | ept | n re | atte or 1 | H | Hng | Hng | tter | ttei | abl | of | of | Jo H OH | | d. | salary to male | fer |
| ã | it v | ch 18 y | <u></u> | | rha | 1 10 T | 181 | 1 9 t | 4 H | 3.e | ort | don of h | r bu | | ar o | oye | e d | p 50 |
| Jo . | Present value of property. | No. of children betwee and 18 years of age. | eho | Number enrolled | Number attending months or more. | o. attending betv 8 and 10 months. | o. attending bet 6 and 8 months. | o. attending bet 4 and 6 months. | Number attending than 4 months. | Average attendance. | Number the house comfortably. | Condition of the packed second buildings. | Number | Number | Number of employed. | umber of employed | Average month | rag |
| No. of District. | Pr | No. | æ | ž | z z | No. | No. | No | Z Z | AV | N C | Con | Nu | N H | N e | Nun | Ave | Ave |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | \$6850 00 12000 00 | 730 10 | 0.1 | 567 562 343 | 29 22 20 131 | 86 101 | 98 103 | 104 | 250 206 | 284 | 560 | | 13 29 21 | 151 73 70 479 | 6 | 5 | \$36 16 | \$33 83 |
| | 4900 00 | 484 10 | 9.9).8 | 343 | 20 | 58 220 | ก็จั | 69 | 131 | 260 140 | 511 270 1239 | | 21 | 70 | 3 | 4 2 | 42 00 47 93 | 30 50 |
| | 3650 00 | 2218 10 443 9 | 9.8 | 1432 326 | 18 | | 285 65 | 130 69 256 76 97 | 540 169 | 725 130 | 260 260 | | 303 | 117 211 | 3 | 15 2 8 | 73 92 38 II | 30 82 |
| 1 | 4700 00 12750 00 | 658 9 484 10 2218 10 443 9 855 10 953 9 | 6.0 8.6 | 535 743 | 18 21 7 | 155 114 | 109 138 106 | 145 | 156 325 141 | 326 366 | 260 332 802 | | 109 30 7 | $\frac{211}{220}$ | 6334324 | 8 14 | \$36 16 42 00 47 93 73 92 38 11 73 33 36 00 | \$33 83 31 02 30 50 35 90 30 82 32 74 32 94 31 67 |
| | 4800 00 13050 00 | 487 9 1085 9 | 9.8 9.3 9.8 9.8 | 326 535 743 387 715 | 8 | 48 124 | 106 150 | 85 143 | 141 290 | 185 350 | 403 786 | ••••• | 84 | 220 83 288 | 50 | 14 3 12 | 42 25 62 50 | 31 02 30 50 35 90 30 82 32 74 32 94 31 67 31 49 |
| | 96000 00 | 7943 10 | | 5610 | 256 | 9.12 | | | 2208. | 2767 | 5163 | | 596 | 1693 | 32 | 65 | 50 24 | 32 32 |
| 1 | 300 00 | 27 8 | 3 | 18 | | 21 | 3 | 14 | 15 | 8 | 25 | p. | 1 | 8 | | 1 | | 20 00 |
| 134565 | 3000 00 500 00 200 00 | 27 8 81 9 52 9 34 5 27 9 | , | 33 | | 4 | 12 4 | 10 | 34 20 22 14 32 | 49 20 | 80 100 | v. g. g. | 1 | | ¨i | 1 | 38 00 | 30 00 |
| 5 | 200 00 100 00 | 34 5 27 9 | | 28 | | • • • • | | 6 | 22 | 16: | 30 25 60 | v. p. v. p. | | 6.9 | i | | 21 00 27 50 25 00 | 18 00 |
| 7 | 1500 00 | 62 10 | (| 49 | | 5 | ā | 7 | 32 | 18 | 60 | v. g. | i | 12 | 1 | ···i | 25 00 | 25 00 |
| ^ | 5600 00 | | 3.3 | 232 | | 30 | 24 | 41 | 137 | 119 | 320 | | 3 | 36 | 4 | 5 | 28 00 | 23 25 |
| 9 10 | 300 00 800 00 | 46 12 59 10 |) | 50 | | 13 | 6 | 6 9 6 | 14 22 10 24 | 12 22 37 31 19 22 25 | 30 60 | g. g. v. g. | | i | i | 1 | 31 00 | 25 00 |
| 12 | 1200 00 | 55 IC |) | 56 61 | | 30 13 | 10 13 | 11 | 10 24 | 37 | 50 72 40 | v. g. g. | | 9 | 1 | | 33 33 23 33 | |
| 10 11 12 14 15 | 50 00 100 00 | 50 9 | | 40 | | 3 4 | 10 | 10 | 18 26 39 | 19 | 40 36 | V. D. | | | 1 1 1 | 2 | 31 00 33 33 23 33 30 58 30 00 | 24 72 30 00 |
| 16 17 | 100 00 300 00 | 49 9 65 10 51 10 |) | 6I | | 4 | 12 | 12 | 39 25 | 25 16 | 50 35 | v. p. v. p. | | 2 2 | 1 2 | 1 | 27 50 30 00 | 30 00 25 00 |
| • - | 3850 00 | 426 10 | | 383 | | 71 | 71 | 65 | 178 | 184 | 373 | med. | | 18 | 8 | $\frac{1}{5}$ | 30 82 | $-\frac{26\ 00}{26\ 18}$ |
| 18 | 1500 00 | 72 9 50 9 | | 71 | | 22 | 5 | 14 | 30 | 42 | 75 60 | v. g. | | 5 | 1 | | 33 33 33 61 | |
| 18 19 20 | 1200 00 300 00 | 72 9 50 9 61 10 |) | 71 51 55 | | 11 | 11 | 12 20 | 17 19 | 26 25 | 60 50 | v. g. v. g. med. | | 6 | 1 3 1 | | 33 33 33 61 32 50 | |
| 1 | 3000 00 | | .3 | 177 | | 39 | 26 | 46 | 66 | 93 | 185 | | | 11 | 5 | | 33 15 | |
| 23 24 | 600 00 800 00 | 50 10 75 9 125 9 | .5 | | | 6 | 10 14 | 12 13 20 | 10 | 17 | 40 50 | med. | 2 | | 1 | | 35 00 35 00 | |
| 25 | 1000 00 | 125 9 | | 110 | | 6388 | 25 | 20 | 42 57 | 17 31 56 20 35 | 125 | med. | | 10 | 1 | ···i | 45 50 | 28 00 |
| 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 | 250 00 500 00 400 00 | 104 3 | , | 35 84 | | 8 | 6 22 20 | 10 21 | 11 33 | 35 35 | 30 40 | med. med. med. | 5 | 2 | | 1 | | 28 00 27 00 36 00 25 00 |
| 28 29 | 1200 00 | 92 10 | | 40 74 27 | | ··:: | 20 10 | 10 18 5 8 | 12 37 | 19 36 | 40 45 | med. v. g. v. p. | 2 | ····i8 | 2 | 2 | 30 00 38 60 | |
| 30 31 | 300 00 | 19 6 45 10 | | 27 41 | | ···· 4 | 8 | 18 | 9 24 | 36 11 15 | 45 40 50 | v. p. med. | | 1 4 | 1 | ···i | 38 60 25 00 30 00 | 18 00 |
| -32 | 400 00 | 45 10 45 9 | | 38 | | 8 | 8 | 8 | 14 | 32 | 40 | med. | | 9 | | ¨i | | 32 00 |
| 1 | 5550 00 | | .2 | 5 59 | | 62 | 123 | 125 | 249 | 272 | 500 | | 9 | 44 | 8 | 7 | 34 19 | 27 67 |
| 33 34 35 36 | 50 00 1200 00 | 64 9 47 9 66 9 | | 61 . | | 3 | 12 | 17 | 28 | 24 19 | 50 50 60 | v.p. | | 2 | 1 | 1 1 | 38 22 31 67 | 30 00 35 00 |
| 35 36 | 2500 00 2000 00 | 66 9 57 9 | l.ā | 40 76 63 | | 18 ê | 8 10 17 | 8 13 9 | 35 32 | 19 35 31 | 60 50 | v. g. | 2 | $\bar{6}$ | <u>i</u> | î | 30 00 | 35 00 |
| - | 5750 00 | | 1.1 | | | 30 | 47 | 47 | 116 | 109 | 210 | v. g. | -2 | 8 | 3 | | 33 30 | 32 50 |
| 37 | 3000 00 | 179 10 | | 179 | | 49 | 29 | 38 | 63 | 94 | 136 | g. | | 15 | 1 | | 90 00 | 37 00 |
| 37 33 39 | 400 00 400 00 | 179 10 94 9 45 9 | .5 | 179 62 41 | | 49 5 3 3 2 3 | 15 | 38 17 12 | 63 23 21 15 | 94 25 18 25 | 136 60 40 | med. | | | | 1 | | 40 00 |
| 40 41 | 400 00 400 00 | 45 8 60 I0 | .5 | 4.4 | | 3 | 6 | 18 | 15 34 | 25 20 | 50 | med. | | 5 8 16 | 1 2 2 1 | _i | 38 33 35 00 35 00 | 30 00 |
| 42 | 400 00 | 45 9 | | 50 31 | | 3 | 5 | 3 | 16 | 14 | 50 40 | p. p. | | | ī | | 35 00 | |
| | 5000 00 | | .2 | 405 | | 67 | 71 | 95 | 172 | 196 | 376 | | | 44 | 7 | 3 | 46 67 | 35 67 |
| 43 44 45 | 800 00 300 00 | 172 10 72 9 31 9 | 1.8 | 147 . 65 . | | 23 5 | 35 13 | 37 16 | 51 31 | 77 29 | 130 45 | med. med. | :::: | 14 | 1 3 | 1 | 65 00 32 00 | 30 00 27 33 20 00 |
| 45 46 | 350 00 150 00 | 3Î 9 76 9 | 5 | 65 21 45 | | 2 | 2 | 6 8 | 13 21 | 9 27 | 40 50 | med. | | | ĭ | 1 | 20 00 | 20 00 35 00 |
| - | 1600 00 | | -6. | | - | | | | | | | p. | | | | | 00.00 | |
| | 1000 00 | 991 9 | .01 | 278 . | | 30 | 65 | 67 | 116 | 142 | 265 | ••••• | | 14, | 5 | 4 | 39 00 | 28 08 |

Statistical Report, by Districts, for the County of SUSSEX,

| | | | | FI | NANOIAL | STATEME | NT. | | |
|--|--|--|--|---|--|---|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| TOWNSHIPS AND DISTRICTS OR CITIES. | | State Appropriation. | Township Tax. | Sarplus Revenue. | District School Tax voted for payment of teachers' salaries. | District School Tax voted to be used for building, purchasing, hirling, repairing, &c. | District School Tax to be raised. | Total amount from all sources. | Balance in the hands of the collector, exclusive of money for building and repairing purposes. |
| SHISEX (Continued.) SPARTA. SPARTA. No Hopewell, Ogdensburg, Sparta, West Mt., House's Corner, New Prospect, Pulls, Ogden Mine, | 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 | \$323 86 323 86 4*6 63 323 86 323 86 323 86 66 75 323 86 | 500 00 375 00 50 00 | 26 14 26 14 5 38 26 14 | \$137 70 | \$1531 00 | | \$350 00 400 00 2556 84 725 00 350 00 400 00 350 00 197 13 487 70 | 35 08 63 50 37 96 |
| HARDYSTON. Rudeville, Hardystonville, Hardystonville, North Church, Hamburgh, Snufflown, Monroe, Pranklin, Willistine, | 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 | 2820 40 323 86 79 67 323 86 323 86 323 86 323 86 633 06 79 67 | 1100 00 67 28 27 20 303 67 534 57 67 28 | 6.49 | 450 00 250 00 | 1531 00 235 00 150 00 | 235 00 450 00 | 5816 67 350 00 153 37 377 20 585 00 1142 22 350 00 350 00 1618 64 153 37 | 52 06 290 19 |
| VERNON. Seims, Cherry Ridge, Canisteer, Williams, Vernon, Price. Longwell, North Vernon, Independence, Milton, Sprague, Pullice, Parker, | 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 | 2771 2× 58 13 51 65 323 86 92 59 323 86 90 45 71 05 323 86 323 86 323 86 323 86 323 86 323 86 323 86 323 86 323 86 323 86 | 1000 00 100 00 100 00 125 00 125 00 125 00 125 00 100 00 100 00 100 00 50 00 | 223 52 4 68 4 17 26 14 7 47 26 14 7 29 5 73 26 14 26 14 26 14 4 63 3 12 4 51 1 56 | 700 00 | 385 00 | 1085 00 | 5079 80 162 81 155 85 350 00 225 06 350 00 222 74 201 78 350 00 850 00 215 75 162 81 161 88 70 93 | 6 78 117 78 10 00 128 56 67 88 2 88 15 39 |
| Wawayanda, WANTAGE. Dunning, Dunning, Woltpit, Mt. Salem, Jacksonville, Coleville, Clove, Rosencrance, Libertyville, Deckertown, Central, Vansyckle, Woodbourne, Lewisburg, Pond, Blooming Grove, | 82 83 84 85 87 88 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 96 96 | 2239 42 323 86 66 75 323 86 88 28 323 86 92 59 60 28 79 67 350 86 83 86 83 86 83 86 83 86 83 86 83 86 83 88 | 1050 00 25 00 86 73 25 00 114 71 25 00 85 57 120 29 7* 34 103 51 456 00 25 00 109 10 75 55 25 00 | 180 68 26 14 5 38 26 14 7 11 26 14 26 14 7 486 6 42 28 26 14 6 77 4 66 6 77 4 66 6 77 | 605 00 | 500 00 | 50 00 | 3970 10 375 00 158 86 375 00 210 10 375 00 435 57 270 35 143 48 189 60 1590 67 199 85 128 36 275 00 375 00 | 258 00 231 32 55 65 168 90 184 78 34 05 49 04 128 11 17 18 87 30 234 04 10 31 |
| Union, Beemerville, FRANKFORD. Madison, Long Bridge, Branchville, Augusta, Frankford Plains, Harmony, Wykertown, | 101 102 103 105 106 107 110 | 323 86 323 86 4119 26 88 28 323 86 348 82 323 86 323 86 79 67 92 59 | | 26 14 26 14 332 38 7 11 26 14 28 11 26 14 26 14 26 42 7 47 127 53 | 605 00 | 800 00 | | 375 00 1020 20 | 216 88 19 77 2628 50 22 51 17 05 |

State of New Jersey, for the School Year ending August 31, 1878.

| = | lo | تو ه د | ATTENDA | NOP | ı, | 2 | 0 % % | L di L di |
|--|--|---|--|---|---|---|--|---|
| No. of District. | Present value of the school property. | No. of children between 5 and 18 years of age. Average number of months school kept open. | | No. attending between 24 and 6 months. Number attending less than 4 months. Average attendance | Number the house will seat comfortably. | Condition of the public school buildings. Number of children who attend private school. | Number of children who attend no school. Number of male teachers employed. | Average salary paid per month to male teachers. Average salary paid per month to femaie leachers. |
| 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 | \$100 00 1325 00 8000 00 1500 00 500 00 500 00 500 00 1000 00 | 56 9 55 9 226 10 116 9.2 50 10 69 10 47 10 30 8 55 10.9 | 42 9 53 1 1 196 30 43 110 13 31 39 3 3 10 72 10 12 28 6 14 21 3 44 5 7 | 12 21 14 37 38 85 21 45 9 14 12 38 5 3 9 9 13 19 | 22 45 34 60 16 36 12 30 | p v. g v. g g g g g | 12 1 40 2 1 14 1 1 3 1 1 5 2 10 1 | \$40 00 47 33 38 75 \$27 53 44 50 30 00 35 00 32 00 30 00 40 00 22 50 |
| 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 | 13675 00 500 00 300 00 500 00 700 00 2500 00 200 00 600 00 5000 00 30 00 | 704 9.6 60 11 33 5.5 87 9 61 10 166 10 92 10 47 10 299 10 39 5.5 | 605 3 68 130 52 1 8 15 17 68 24 56 4 3 124 3 37 26 67 9 12 39 5 247 71 58 31 | 14 14 12 5 13 31 12 37 18 40 14 32 28 6 37 81 10 21 | 11 40 1 32 45 18 50 1 75 125 3 35 50 1 23 35 143 150 1 15 27 | med 15 p 15 v. g 1 med 15 v. g 1 med g v. g v. p | 94 7 6 8 1 2 30 1 46 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 | 40 93 28 40 30 00 24 00 43 00 30 00 67 50 42 50 35 00 30 00 115 00 40 00 30 00 |
| 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 | 10330 00 125 00 300 00 100 00 400 00 1060 00 700 00 900 00 350 00 600 00 400 00 50 00 | 884 9 25 8 24 9 56 10 46 10 48 9 49 9 33 10 66 9 54 10 38 10 26 9.5 30 10.1 25 9 11 3 | 701 4 129 143 12 | 4 4 4 10 | 11 40 40 121 40 121 40 125 46 117 36 120 36 120 86 40 116 50 9 25 10 10 25 10 10 25 10 10 25 10 10 25 10 10 25 10 10 25 10 10 25 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 | v. p | 118 8 6 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 50 07 33 33 23 00 26 78 27 00 27 00 25 00 32 50 25 00 38 00 28 00 40 00 25 00 30 00 30 00 20 00 00 00 30 00 00 |
| 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 94 | 5925 00 1200 00 600 00 800 00 450 00 450 00 600 00 600 00 800 00 150 00 200 300 400 00 240 00 250 00 3000 00 | 585 8.8 42 8.7 29 6 69 10.3 47 10 50 10 75 9 42 9 21 10 36 9 179 10 63 11 34 9 26 9 56 9 49 10.5 38 11 80 10 | 462 77 75 43 1 12 29 4 10 35 3 9 43 1 8 8 70 18 20 35 6 24 2 10 31 3 179 10 56 37 53 4 25 7 53 4 25 7 53 4 25 7 54 1 3 22 5 57 4 12 8 37 2 5 6 46 18 10 5 | 82 225 12 18 7 22 12 14 6 17 18 9 11 21 14 15 4 8 8 20 32 44 5 26 5 12 3 27 7 26 4 22 6 7 | 17 40 1 20 20 35 1 44 60 16 45 14 35 14 24 102 200 15 50 11 40 1 15 40 121 35 14 30 11 24 11 24 11 | 7. 11 7. g 7. g 7. g. 4 7. g. 3 7. | S6 | 31 00 29 40 32 00 20 00 25 00 22 00 19 30 22 00 19 30 25 00 20 00 |
| 101 102 103 105 106 107 110 | 14750 00 500 00 50 00 6000 00 600 00 500 00 500 00 700 00 | 985 9.6 38 10 54 10.5 154 9 46 9 50 9.5 30 9 47 10 419 9.6 | 560 40 160 157 38 5 5 5 40 17 10 130 20 60 34 5 8 40 11 7 34 12 12 43 4 9 359 62 111 | 171 332 10 18 8 5 31 19 10 11 6 16 8 14 9 21 82 104 | 20 30 | med v. p v. g. 12 v. g g g g 12 | 78 17 12 8 1 10 1 1 12 1 2 1 3 1 2 39 3 8 | 35 60 25 26 25 00 35 00 30 00 60 00 30 00 35 00 35 00 26 33 27 00 26 33 27 00 40 44 29 83 |

Statistical Report, by Districts, for the County of UNION,

| | | 1 | | Tr: | INANOLAL | STATEME: | × m | | |
|---|--------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|---|---|--|
| | | | | | | 5 mil | 9 | = | 8777 |
| TOWNSHIPS AN DISTRICTS OR CITIES. | | State Appropriation. | Township Tax. | Surplus Revenue. | District School Tax voted for payment of teachers' salaries. | District School Tax voted to be used for huffding, purchasting, hiring, repairing, &c. | District School Tax t be raised. | Total amount from all gources. | Balance in the hands of the collector, exclusive of money for building and repairing purposes. |
| Myers, Laurel Grove, Washingtonville, Myrtle Grove, | 111 112 113 114 | \$58 13 323 86 323 86 323 86 323 86 | \$75 00 | \$4 68 26 14 26 14 26 14 | | | | \$137 81 350 00 350 00 350 00 | \$48 58 17 17 |
| | | 1029 71 | 75 00 | 83 10 | | | | 1187 81 | 65 75 |
| Newton, | 115 | 1634 33 | | 131 70 | \$3000 00 | | \$3000 00 | 4766 03 | |
| LAFAYETTE. Lafayette, Statesville, Harmonyvale, | 116 117 118 | 323 86 323 86 323 86 | | 26 14 26 14 26 14 | 235 00 | \$140 00 | 375 00 | 725 00 350 00 350 00 | 48 |
| Summary. | | 971 58 | | 78 42 | 235 00 | 140 00 | 375 00 | 1425 00 | 48 |
| Montague | | 1167 52 2590 88 971 58 2745 92 1295 44 1775 60 | 350 00 375 00 1050 00 | 94 21 209 12 78 42 221 62 104 56 143 26 | | 90 00 800 00 | 90 00 800 00 | 1804 06 2800 00 1050 00 3432 54 2200 00 2968 86 | 578 24 458 83 211 92 434 65 143 03 197 98 |
| Summary Montague. Sandyston Wallpack Stillwater. Green Byram Andover Sparta Hardyston Wenton Wantage. Frankford Hampton Newton Lufayette. | | 1056 84 2820 40 2771 28 2239 42 4119 26 1580 94 1029 71 1634 33 | 600 00 1100 00 1000 00 1050 00 1500 00 | 85 25 227 57 223 52 180 68 332 38 127 53 83 10 | 137 70 700 00 605 00 | 1531 00 385 00 500 00 800 00 | 1668 70 1085 00 500 00 1405 00 | 1742 09 5816 67 5079 80 3970 10 7356 64 2708 47 1187 81 | 197 98 165 87 146 63 382 01 667 74 2628 50 395 74 65 75 |
| Lafayette | • • • • • • • | 1634 33 971 58 | | 131 70 78 42 | 3000 00 235 00 | 140 00 | 3000 00 375 00 | 4766 03 1425 00 | 48 |
| | | 28770 70 | 8100 00 | 2321 34 | 4752 70 | 4363 33 | 9116 03 | 48308 07 | 6476 37 |
| UNION. LINDEN. Linden, E. Linden, S. Roselle, | No. 1 | 699 11 350 00 779 33 | | | 1150 00 300 00 1900 00 | 1200 00 50 00 1300 00 | 2350 00 350 00 3200 00 | 3049 11 700 00 3979 33 | 381 40 94 08 |
| | | 1728 44 | | | 3350 00 | 2550 00 | 5900 00 | 7728 44 | 475 48 |
| Elizabeth, CLARK. Scudder. | 5 | 26681 06 | | | 3018 94 | 7950 00 | 10968 94 | 37650 00 | 16860 53 |
| Scudder, | 6 | 350 00 | | | | 200 00 | 200 00 | 550 00 | 138 59 |
| Rahway, | 7 | 6914 76 | | | 4859 00 | 3324 00 | 8183 00 | 15097 76 | |
| Cranford, | 9 | 1211 04 | | | 1800 00 | 1100 00 | 2900 00 | 4111 04 | 278 51 |
| WESTFIELD. Westfield, Locust Grove, | 10 15 | 1692 36 350 00 | | | 2000 00 | 1400 00 | 3400 00 | 5092 39 350 00 | 181 74 68 21 |
| FANWOOD. | | 2042 39 | | | 2000 00 | 1400 00 | 3400 00 | 5442 39 | 249 95 |
| Willow Grove, Scotch Plains, | 11 14 | 350 00 921 36 | | | 800 00 | 300 00 | 1100 00 | 350 00 1921 36 | |
| Doorest Landby | - 1 | | | | 800 00 | 300 00 | 1100 00 | 2271 36 | |
| Plainfield, | 12 | | | | 6814 64 | 5200 00 | 12014 64 | | ••••• |
| NEW PROVIDENCE Feltville, Solon, New Providence, | JE. 16 17 18 | 350 00 350 00 416 41 | | | 300 00 156 00 375 00 | 300 00 | 300 00 156 00 675 00 | 650 00 506 00 1091 41 | 1 60 145 30 155 15 |
| | | | | | 831 00 | 300 00 | 1131 00 | 2247 41 | 302 05 |
| SUMMIT. Summit, E. Summit, | 19 20 | 1000 91 | | | | 10000 00 | 10000 00 | 11000 91 615 07 | 105 75 344 37 |
| | | 1615 98 | | | | 10000 00 | 10000 00 | 11615 98 | 450 12 |
| | | | | | | | | | |

State of New Jersey, for the School Year ending August 31, 1878.

| 113 | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------------|---------------------|-------------|--------------------|------------|------------|-----------|--------------|------------|--------------|------------|---------------------------|----------------|----------|-------------|---------|--------|----------------|----------------|
| 111 | | loot | | the | | | ATT | END | ANGI | Ε. | | last | - | rho | vho | 8.10 | el's | per rs. | T'B. |
| 111 | | each | wee | mor | | | naa | nen | een | 200 | 1 4 | E . | ablic | | a a | nch | nch | ld | re he |
| 111 | | f th | Pet | rot | 4 | llug | etw. | etw. | etw. | 50 | unec | 1 98 | e pu | ldre | ldre od. | le tr | le te | E E | e ten |
| 111 | let. | ne o | ren | nbe | olle | tend | d gr | ng b | ng b | rnd | pua | bou 'y | 35 | chl | chl | mm | - ma | nule | hury |
| 111 | Jisti | rty. | hlld yea | kel | em | | 100 | ndin Suga | ndin 6 | ntt mon | ntte | the | 0 12 | of | go | of red. | of p | to 1 | |
| 111 | J Jo | sent | of 188 | rage | ıher | ther | atte | atte | ntte. | iber in 4 | rage | nber | HELO | ber | pher | per | . per | uge | urge ath t |
| 111 | No. | Pre | No. | Ave | Nun | NuN Tun | o°∞ Z | No. | No. 4 | NED | Ave | Nun | Sel | Nun | Num | E 5 | N CON | Ver | Lver |
| 115 35000 00 204 8.8 146 7 18 26 95 56 195 46 2 2 31 00 36 00 115 35000 00 767 10.2 540 113 137 82 64 144 413 450 v.g. 44 172 1 9 100 00 30 00 116 2000 00 117 9.5 104 21 19 13 46 54 130 v.g. 2 2 8 2 24 00 117 140 00 73 10 65 1 20 13 16 13 44 45 v.g. 1 3 1 33 33 42 00 118 150 00 66 8 8 8 22 23 11 27 30 00 v.g. 1 3 1 33 33 42 00 490 00 256 9.5 230 1 41 55 59 70 122 225 3 11 1 4 33 33 40 16 5500 00 233 8.3 233 30 24 41 137 119 320 3 11 8 5 50 22 25 5500 00 439 10 3 37 30 26 64 55 50 70 122 225 3 11 1 4 33 33 40 16 5500 00 533 9.2 536 62 125 125 240 272 500 9 14 5 7 7 31 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | 1 | | - |
| 115 35000 00 204 8.8 146 7 18 26 95 56 195 46 2 2 31 00 36 00 115 35000 00 767 10.2 540 113 137 82 64 144 413 450 v.g. 44 172 1 9 100 00 30 00 116 2000 00 117 9.5 104 21 19 13 46 54 130 v.g. 2 2 8 2 24 00 117 140 00 73 10 65 1 20 13 16 13 44 45 v.g. 1 3 1 33 33 42 00 118 150 00 66 8 8 8 22 23 11 27 30 00 v.g. 1 3 1 33 33 42 00 490 00 256 9.5 230 1 41 55 59 70 122 225 3 11 1 4 33 33 40 16 5500 00 233 8.3 233 30 24 41 137 119 320 3 11 8 5 50 22 25 5500 00 439 10 3 37 30 26 64 55 50 70 122 225 3 11 1 4 33 33 40 16 5500 00 533 9.2 536 62 125 125 240 272 500 9 14 5 7 7 31 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 | 111 112 | \$100 00 1200 00 | 4I 47 | 6 9.5 | 23 | | 3 | | 6 | 17 26 | 9 | 40 | v. p. | | | 1 1 | 1 | 200 (0 | \$42 00 |
| 115 35000 00 204 8.8 146 7 18 26 95 56 195 46 2 2 31 00 36 00 115 35000 00 767 10.2 540 113 137 82 64 144 413 450 v.g. 44 172 1 9 100 00 30 00 116 2000 00 117 9.5 104 21 19 13 46 54 130 v.g. 2 2 8 2 24 00 117 140 00 73 10 65 1 20 13 16 13 44 45 v.g. 1 3 1 33 33 42 00 118 150 00 66 8 8 8 22 23 11 27 30 00 v.g. 1 3 1 33 33 42 00 490 00 256 9.5 230 1 41 55 59 70 122 225 3 11 1 4 33 33 40 16 5500 00 233 8.3 233 30 24 41 137 119 320 3 11 8 5 50 22 25 5500 00 439 10 3 37 30 26 64 55 50 70 122 225 3 11 1 4 33 33 40 16 5500 00 533 9.2 536 62 125 125 240 272 500 9 14 5 7 7 31 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 | 113 114 | 600 00 | 56 60 | 10 | 37 48 | | | 7 | 5 9 | 21 31 | 16 | 45 60 | g. | | 19 | | 1 | | 30 00 |
| 116 | | | | | _ | | | | | | | | | | | - | | | 36.00 |
| 116 | 115 | 35000 00 | | | | | 137 | | | | | | | | | | | | 30 00 |
| 118 | 110 | 9000.00 | 115 | 0 - | 704 | | 01 | 10 | 10 | 4.7 | | | | | | | | | |
| 4900 00 | 117 | 1400 00 | 73 | 10 | 68 | ···i | 20 | 18 | 16 | 13 | 54 41 | 130 45 | v. g. v. g. | 2 | | | 2 | | 34 00 44 49 |
| 5600 00 283 8.3 232 30 24 41 137 119 320 3 36 4 5 23 00 23 25 350 00 426 10 893 71 71 68 175 184 373 18 8 5 30 39 26 18 3000 00 184 9.3 177 39 26 46 66 93 185 11 5 33 15 18 5 550 11 5 5 33 15 18 5 550 11 5 5 33 15 18 5 550 11 5 5 33 15 18 5 550 11 5 5 33 15 18 5 550 11 5 5 33 15 18 5 550 11 5 5 33 15 18 5 550 11 5 5 33 15 18 5 550 11 5 5 33 15 18 5 550 11 5 5 33 15 18 5 550 11 5 5 33 15 18 5 30 63 17 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 | 110 | | | _ | | 1 | 41 | | | | | | v. g. | | | | | | |
| \$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c | | 5800.00 | 983 | 8 3 | 923 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| \$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c | | 3850 00 3000 00 | 426 183 | 10 | 383 | | 71 39 | 71 | 68 46 | 178 | 184 | 373 1×5 | | | 18 | 9 9 | ō | 30 82 | |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | 5550 00 5750 00 | 633 | 9.2 | 230 | | 62 | 123 | 125 | 249 | 272 | 500 | | 9 | 41 | 8 | | 34 19 | 27 57 |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | 5000 00 | 468 351 | 9.2 | 405 278 | | | 71 65 | 95 67 | 172 | 140 | 376 | | | 44 | 7 | 3 | 46 67 | 35 67 |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | 13675 00 | 704 884 | 9.6 | 605 701 | 3 | 68 129 | 130 | 133 158 | 271 267 | 289 | 670 | | 16 | 94 | 370 | 6 | 40 93 | 25 40 |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | 5925 00 14750 00 | 535 985 | 8.8 | 462 860 | | 160 | 75 157 | 82 171 | 228 332 | 152 | 539 914 | | 71 | 86 78 | 4 | 16 | 31 00 | 29 40 |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | 9000 00 | 419 204 | 9.6 | 359 146 | | 62 7 | | 82 26 | 95 | 186 | 377 195 | | 12 | 39 | 3 | 89 | 40 44 | 29 83 |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | 35000 00 4900 00 | 767 256 | 9.5 | 540 230 | 113 | 137 41 | 82 59 | 64 59 | 144 70 | 413 122 | 400 | | 44 | 173 | ĩ | 9 | 100 00 | 30 00 |
| $\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 2 \\ 2000 00 \\ 3800 00 \\ 217 10 \\ 217 $ | | 126830 00 | | 9.3 | | 161 | | | 1264 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 38000 00 453 10.3 282 8 73 63 44 89 164 292 85 115 2 4 65 00 51 00 5 100 00 7124 10.5 3406 418 1133 553 371 926 2118 2300 v.g. 2000 1718 3 44 150 00 50 00 6 1500 00 77 10.5 41 3 17 8 13 25 42 g. 4 32 1 37 00 7 50000 00 1778 10 1335 91 443 274 221 306 822 1200 g. 200 243 5 18 92 00 39 00 9 1300 00 303 10 176 64 44 26 42 112 160 v.g. 50 77 1 3 100 00 50 00 15 1500 00 86 10 48 2 7 6 10 23 25 40 g. 16 22 1 3 100 00 40 00 15 1500 00 86 10 48 2 7 6 10 23 25 40 g. 16 22 1 3 30 00 215 00 86 10 23 35 11 120 67 62 125 225 540 65 107 1 6 120 00 35 00 14 8000 00 230 10.5 153 9 41 34 21 48 88 200 g. 30 47 1 2 70 00 25 00 12 8000 00 2034 10.5 1296 230 455 177 150 281 850 1500 v.g. 263 475 3 22 140 00 50 00 18 600 00 2034 10.5 1296 230 455 177 150 281 850 1500 v.g. 263 475 3 22 140 00 50 00 18 600 00 19 10 53 3 4 6 11 4 8 6 15 21 45 v.g. 6 15 1 1 50 00 17 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | , | 19000 00 | 917 | 10 | 104 | , | 90 | 47 | 02 | 95 | 0.1 | 100 | | | | | | | |
| 38000 00 453 10.3 282 8 73 63 44 89 164 292 85 115 2 4 65 00 51 00 5 100 00 7124 10.5 3406 418 1133 553 371 926 2118 2300 v.g. 2000 1718 3 44 150 00 50 00 6 1500 00 77 10.5 41 3 17 8 13 25 42 g. 4 32 1 37 00 7 50000 00 1778 10 1335 91 443 274 221 306 822 1200 g. 200 243 5 18 92 00 39 00 9 1300 00 303 10 176 64 44 26 42 112 160 v.g. 50 77 1 3 100 00 50 00 15 1500 00 86 10 48 2 7 6 10 23 25 40 g. 16 22 1 3 100 00 40 00 15 1500 00 86 10 48 2 7 6 10 23 25 40 g. 16 22 1 3 30 00 215 00 86 10 23 35 11 120 67 62 125 225 540 65 107 1 6 120 00 35 00 14 8000 00 230 10.5 153 9 41 34 21 48 88 200 g. 30 47 1 2 70 00 25 00 12 8000 00 2034 10.5 1296 230 455 177 150 281 850 1500 v.g. 263 475 3 22 140 00 50 00 18 600 00 2034 10.5 1296 230 455 177 150 281 850 1500 v.g. 263 475 3 22 140 00 50 00 18 600 00 19 10 53 3 4 6 11 4 8 6 15 21 45 v.g. 6 15 1 1 50 00 17 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 2 | 2000 00 | 49 | 10.5 | 24 193 | | | 4 | 25 5 | 15 20 | 10 | 36 | g. | 9 | 64 16 | 1 | | 80 00 50 00 | |
| 5 100000 00 7124 10.5 3406 418 1133 553 371 926 2118 2300 v. g. 2000 1718 3 44 150 00 50 00 6 1500 00 77 10.5 41 3 17 8 13 25 42 g. 4 32 1 37 00 70 7 50000 00 1718 13 44 150 00 39 00 243 5 18 92 00 39 00 90 90 243 5 18 92 00 39 00 90 90 243 5 18 92 00 39 00 90 90 90 243 5 18 92 00 39 00 90 90 90 243 5 18 92 00 39 00 90 90 90 243 5 18 92 00 39 00 90 90 90 243 5 18 92 00 39 00 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 | * | | | | | _ | | | | | | | v. g. | | | | | | |
| 6 1500 00 77 10.5 41 3 17 8 13 25 42 g. 4 32 1 37 00 7 5000 00 1778 10 1335 91 443 274 221 306 822 1200 g. 200 243 5 18 92 00 39 00 9 1300 00 303 10 176 64 44 26 42 112 160 v.g. 50 77 1 3 100 00 50 00 10 15 1500 00 86 10 48 2 7 6 10 23 25 40 g. 16 22 1 30 00 215 1500 00 560 10.2 385 11 120 67 62 125 225 540 65 107 1 6 120 00 35 00 14 8000 00 230 10.5 153 9 41 34 21 45 82 200 g. 30 47 1 2 70 00 35 00 12 8000 00 2034 10.5 1296 230 455 177 150 281 850 1500 v.g. 263 475 3 22 140 00 50 03 10 10 00 12 8000 00 12 8000 00 2034 10.5 1296 230 455 177 150 281 850 1500 v.g. 263 475 3 22 140 00 50 00 18 600 00 19 10 48 11 14 8 15 21 45 v.p. 6 15 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | 77 (7 | | | | | | |
| 7 50000 00 1778 10 1335 91 443 274 221 306 822 1200 g. 200 243 5 18 92 00 39 00 9 1300 00 303 10 176 64 44 26 42 112 160 v.g. 50 77 1 3 100 00 50 00 10 20000 00 474 10.5 337 9 113 61 52 102 200 500 v.g. 52 85 1 5 120 00 40 00 15 1500 00 86 10 48 2 7 6 10 23 25 40 g. 16 22 1 1 30 00 2150 00 560 10.2 385 11 120 67 62 125 225 540 65 107 1 6 120 00 35 00 14 8000 00 230 10.5 153 9 41 34 21 44 88 200 g. 30 47 1 2 70 00 250 00 12 8000 00 2034 10.5 1296 230 455 177 150 281 850 1500 v.g. 263 475 3 22 140 00 50 00 18 600 00 2034 10.5 1296 230 455 177 150 281 850 1500 v.g. 263 475 3 22 140 00 50 00 18 600 00 19 10 48 11 14 8 15 21 45 v.p. 6 15 1 1 50 00 17 1 10 00 00 18 600 00 19 10 48 11 14 8 15 21 45 v.p. 6 15 1 1 50 00 17 150 00 61 10 53 3 4 6 14 26 23 30 p 8 1 1 50 00 17 10 00 00 18 600 00 19 10 48 11 14 8 15 21 45 v.p. 6 15 1 50 00 17 150 00 61 10 53 3 4 6 14 26 23 30 p 8 1 70 00 50 00 18 600 00 13 10.2 73 1 17 11 11 33 35 72 v.g. 14 46 1 70 00 50 00 18 600 00 13 10.2 73 1 17 11 11 13 3 36 72 v.g. 14 46 1 70 00 50 00 19 1400 00 271 10.5 63 25 20 8 15 30 150 v.g. 53 46 1 55 00 19 1400 00 146 8.5 47 16 31 25 86 v.g. 53 46 1 55 00 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 3 | | 190 00 | |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 7 | | | | | 91 | 443 | | | | | | | | | 5 | | 92.00 | |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 9 | 1300 00 | 303 | 10 | 176 | | 64 | 44 | 26 | 42 | | | | | | | | | |
| $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 10 | 90000 00 | 4-4 | 10.5 | 222 | | 110 | 61 | =0 | 100 | 200 | | | | | | | | |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 15 | 1500 00 | 86 | 10.5 | | 2 | 7 | | 10 | 23 | 200 25 | 5 00 4 0 | | 52 16 | 85 22 | | | 120 00 | |
| 10000 00 293 10.2 203 13 53 45 33 59 119 275 36 54 2 3 53 00 34 00 12 80000 00 2034 10.5 1296 230 455 177 150 281 850 1500 v.g. 263 475 3 22 140 00 50 00 16 200 00 69 10 48 11 14 8 15 21 45 v.p. 6 15 1 50 00 17 1500 00 61 10 53 3 4 6 14 26 23 30 p 14 46 1 50 00 18 6000 00 133 10.2 73 1 17 111 11 33 35 72 v.g. 14 46 1 70 00 7700 00 263 10.1 174 4 32 31 33 74 50 147 20 69 2 1 60 60 50 00 19 14000 00 271 10.5 68 25 20 8 15 30 150 v.g. 53 46 1 55 00 20 3500 00 146 8.5 47 16 31 25 86 v.g. 53 46 1 55 00 | | 21500 00 | | | 385 | 11 | 120 | 67 | 62 | 125 | 225 | 540 | | 65 | 107 | 1 | 6 | 120 00 | 35 00 |
| 10000 00 293 10.2 203 13 53 45 33 59 119 275 36 54 2 3 53 00 34 00 12 80000 00 2034 10.5 1296 230 455 177 150 281 850 1500 v.g. 253 475 3 22 140 00 50 00 16 200 00 69 10 48 11 14 8 15 21 45 v.p. 6 15 1 50 00 17 1500 00 61 10 53 3 4 6 14 26 23 30 p 1 1 14 46 1 50 00 18 6000 00 133 10.2 73 1 17 11 11 13 3 36 72 v.g. 14 46 1 70 00 7700 00 263 10.1 174 4 32 31 33 74 50 147 20 69 2 1 60 60 50 00 19 14000 00 271 10.5 68 25 20 8 15 30 150 v.g. 53 46 1 55 00 20 3500 00 146 8.5 47 16 31 25 86 v.g. 53 46 1 55 00 | 11 | 2000 00 8000 00 | 63 230 | 10 10. 5 | 50 153 | 4 9 | 12 41 | 11 34 | 12 21 | 11 | | 75 200 | g. | 6 | 7 47 | 1 | 1 | 36 00 | 33 00 |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 1- | 10000 00 | 293 | 10.2 | 203 | | 53 | 45 | | 59 | | | | | | | | | |
| 7700 00 263 10.1 174 4 32 31 33 74 80 147 20 63 2 1 60 60 50 00 19 14000 00 271 10.5 63 25 20 8 15 30 150 v. g. 150 53 1 84 00 20 3500 00 146 8.5 47 16 31 25 86 v. g. 53 46 1 55 00 | 12 | 80000 00 | 2034 1 | 0.5 | 1296 | 230 | 455 | 177 | 150 | 281 | 850 | 1500 | v.g. | 263 | 475 | 3 | | | |
| 7700 00 263 10.1 174 4 32 31 33 74 80 147 20 63 2 1 60 60 50 00 19 14000 00 271 10.5 63 25 20 8 15 30 150 v. g. 150 53 1 84 00 20 3500 00 146 8.5 47 16 31 25 86 v. g. 53 46 1 55 00 | 10 | 900.00 | co. 1 | 10 | 40 | | ,, | 1.1 | - | 1- | 1 | | | | | | | | |
| 7700 00 263 10.1 174 4 32 31 33 74 80 147 20 63 2 1 60 60 50 00 19 14000 00 271 10.5 63 25 20 8 15 30 150 v. g. 150 53 1 84 00 20 3500 00 146 8.5 47 16 31 25 86 v. g. 53 46 1 55 00 | 17 | 1500 00 | 61 1 | 0 2 | 53 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 14 | 26 | 21 | 30 | p. | | 8. | | ···i . | | 50 00 |
| 19 14000 00 271 10.5 68 25 20 8 15 30 150 v. g. 150 53 1 84 00 20 3500 00 146 8.5 47 16 31 25 86 v. g. 53 46 1 55 00 | - | | | | | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 20 19 10 1 90 00 | 19 | 14000 00 | 271 1 | 0.5 | | | | | 8 | 15 | 30 | | | | | | 1 | | 90 00 |
| 17500 00 417 9.5 115 25 20 24 46 55 236 203 99 2, 70 00 | 20 _ | 3500 00 | 146 | 8.5 | | | | | 16 | 31 | 25 | 86 | v. g. | 53 | 46 | 1 . | | | |
| | | 17500 00 | 417 | 9.5 | 115 . | •••• | 25 | 20 | 24 | 46 | 55 | 236 | | 203 | 99 | 2 . | , | 70 00 . | |

Statistical Report, by Districts, for the County of WARREN,

| | | | | FIR | NANCIAL E | STATEMEN' | г. | | |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------|---|---------------------------------------|--|--|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| | | - 7 | | | jo | District School Tax voted to be used for building, purchasing, hirling, repairing, &c. | 3 | 7 | Balance in the hands of the collector, exclusive of money for building and repairing purposes. |
| | | ou. | | | nt of | d for sin | Тах | Fotal amount from all sources. | y for |
| TOWNSHIPS AND | | State Appropriation. | | ne. | istrict School Tax voted for payment teachers' salaries. | use cha | Ë | fro | stor one re |
| DISTRICTS OR | | pri | ax. | Surplus Revenue. | District School voted for payn teachers' sala | ool our oair | District School be raised. | nt | alance in the of the collections of the collections of me building and ing purposes. |
| CITIES. | | pro | T d | 3ev | Sch or I | Sch o l g. l rej | sch ed. | non. | oco ob b oco oco oco oco oco oco oco oco |
| CITIES. | | Αp | sh1 _j | 18 1 | d f | et t | als | an ces | ce tve dfn pur |
| | | te | Fownship Tax. | rph | stri ote enc | ote of the strike of the strik | istrict Sch be raised. | sources. | lan f t fus dus |
| | | Sta | To | Su | Div | Day | D P | To | E C C D |
| Union (Continued.) SPRINGFIELD. Branch Mills, N | | | | | | | | | |
| Branch Mills, N | o. 21 | \$350 00 786 97 | | | | \$400 00 | \$400 00 | \$750 00 1486 97 | \$162 74 182 08 |
| Springfield, | 23 | | | ••••• | \$700 00 | | 700 00 | | |
| UNION. | | 1136 97 | | | 700 00 | 400 00 | 1100 00 | 2236 97 | 344 82 |
| Unionville. | 23 | 350 00 | | | 300 00 | | 300 00 | 650 00 | 89 81 3 13 263 42 |
| N. Roselle, | 23 25 27 28 29 | 637 98 350 00 | | | 900 00 300 00 | 850 00 | 1750 00 300 00 | 2387 98 650 00 | 263 42 |
| Conn. Farms, Lyon's Farms, | 28 | 350 00 | | | 300 00 | 500 00 | 800 00 | 1150 00 | 139 33 178 41 |
| Salem, | 29 | 550 12 | | | 600 00 | •••••• | 600 00 | 1150 12 | |
| | | 2238 10 | • | ••••• | 2400 00 | 1350 00 | 3750 00 | 5988 10 | 674 10 |
| Linden Summary. | | 1990 41 | | | 3350 00 | 2550 00 | 5900 00 | 7728 44 | 475 48 |
| Summary. Linden. Elizabeth Clark. Rahway Cranford. Westfield Fanwood. Plamfield New Providence. Summit. Springfield. Union. | | 26681 06 | | | 3018 94 | 7950 00. | 10968 94 | 37650 00 | 16860 53 |
| Clark | | 350 00 6914 76 | | ••••• | 4859 00 | 200 00 3324 00 | 200 00 8183 00 | 550 00 15097 76 | 138 59 |
| Cranford | | 1211 04 | | | 1800 00 | 1100 00 | 2900 00 | 4111 04 | 278 51 |
| Fanwood | | 2042 39 1171 36 | | | 2000 00 800 00 | 1400 00 300 00 | 3400 00 1100 00 | 5442 39 2271 36 | 249 95 |
| Plainfield | | 6926 22 | | | 800 00 6814 64 831 00 | 5200 00 300 00 | 12014 64 1131 60 | 18940 86 2247 41 | 302 05 |
| Summit | | 1615 98 | | | | 10000 00 | 10000 00 | 11615 98 | 450 12 |
| Springfield | • • • • • | 1136 97 | • | ********* | 700 00 2400 00 | 400 00 1350 00 | 1100 00 3750 00 | 2236 97 5988 10 | 344 82 674 10 |
| V 2 | | 53232 73 | | | 26673 58 | 33974 00 | 60647 58 | 113880 31 | 19774 15 |
| WARREN. GREENWICH. | | 99797 (9 | | | 20010 00 | 99714 00 | 00011 00 | 110000 51 | 15114 10 |
| Finesville. | No. 1 | 350 00 | | | | | | 350 00 | |
| Hughesville, Carpenterville, | 2 3 | 350 00 | | | | | | 350 00 350 00 | • |
| Springtown. | 4 | 350 00 | | | 38 30 | 90 00 | 128 30 | 478 30 350 00 | 20 91 |
| Kennedyville, Still Valley, | 4 5 6 7 | 350 00 350 00 | | | | | | 350 00 | 7 84 67 76 |
| Stewartville, | 7 | 540 49 | | | | | | 540 49 | 67 76 |
| T.O.D., MOONIG | 1 | | | | 38 30 | 90 00 | 128 30 | 2768 79 | 96 51 |
| LOPATCONG. Uniontown, | 8 | 350 00 | | | | | | 350 00 | 54 48 |
| Lopatcong, Firth's, | 9 | 383 67 | | | | 398 00 450 00 | 3.98 00 | 383 67 748 00 | 49 12 |
| Furnace, | 1016 | 350 00 | | | | 450 00 | 450 00 | 800 00 | 10 00 |
| Marble Hill, | 11 | 350 00 | | | ••••• | | | 350 00 | |
| | | 1783 67 | | | | 848 00 | 848 00 | 2631 67 | 198 03 |
| Phillipsburgh, | 12 | 5878 20 | | | 5350 00 | 1650 00 | 7000 00 | 12878 20 | 2660 13 |
| HARMONY. | | | | | | | | 000 00 | 15.00 |
| Buttonwood, | 13 14 | 350 00 350 00 |) | | | | | 350 00 350 00 | 88 17 |
| Lower Harmony, Upper Harmony, | 15 | 350 00 | | | | | | 350 00 350 00 | 54 06 |
| Pleasant Grove, Roxburg, | 16 17 | 350 00 350 00 |), | | | | | 350 00 | 8 28 |
| Montana, Pleasant Hollow, | 18 19 | 350 00 | | | | | | 350 00 350 00 | 8 56 |
| Tleasant Honow, | 10 | | | | | | | 2450 00 | |
| FRANKLIN. | | 2450 0 | | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | |
| New Village, Broadway, | 20 21 | 250 0 |) | | | | | 350 00 350 00 | |
| Hicks' | 22 | 350 0 | | | | | | 350 00 | 139 8 |
| Good Springs, Franklin, | .23 24 | 350 O | 0 | | | 100 00 | , | 350 00 350 00 |) 60 7 |
| Asbury, | 25 | 350 0 | 0 | | . 100 00 | 100 00 | 200 00 | 550 00 | |
| TF + CTT1+1 CM CT | | 2100 0 | 00 | | . 100 00 | 100 00 | 200 00 | 2300 00 | 487 4 |
| WASHINGTON. | | D*0 0 | 0 | | | | | 350 00 | 90 0 |
| Pleasant Valley, Brass Castle, | 26 27 | 350 0 | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | 350 00 | 33 0 |

State of New Jersey, for the School Year ending August 31, 1878.

| _ | | φ <u>κ</u> | | | | _ | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---|---|--|--|---|----------------------|-------------------------------|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|---|
| | resent value of the school property. | | | ATTENDA | | | Bent | | who | who | teachers | teachers | puld per teachers. | verage salary paid per month to female teachers. |
| | e BC | brtween f agn. r of montl | 10 | No. attending between 8 and 10 months. No. attending between 6 and 8 months. | hetween hs. ding less | ei. | will | Condition of the public school buildings. | | | енс | eac | puld | ach |
| | £ | children betwee 18 years of ago, ge number of mool kept open. | Number enrolled. Number attending months or more. | Park Park Park Park | in | attendanee | Be. | pu ge. | children ate schoo | children ehool. | e t | le t | re te | pa e te |
| ct. | 0 0 | children 8 years of properties | olle end mo | g b | g b nth | anda | houly. | the | chl | of child no sehool | male | -tma | salary to male | ary |
| stri | alu V. | yea yea | att or | 42 44 | atte non | atte | he | o c | of | ou no e | of in | of fe | Ral 10 0 | Ra fel |
| ā | ntv | 18 58 | er iths | at at a | de de la companya de | ge | for | thor | | | loy | loy | 84E | n re |
| No. of District | resent val | No. of chand 18 Average Average Rehool 1 | Number enrolled, Number attendin months or more. | 6. attending bety 8 and 10 months. 10. attending bety 6 and 8 months. | No. attending betw 4 and 6 months. Number attending than 4 months. | Average | Number the house comfortably. | ndl | Number | Number | Number of employed. | Number of female employed. | verage month | era |
| Z | | No. | ž ž | ž ž | X Z | * | ž | ပ္မ | z ~ | ž | ž | N o | A | Av |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 21 22 | \$1000 00 6000 00 | 80 9 185 10 | 55 142 | 13 19 34 | 18 24 30 59 | 28 70 | 60 110 | g. g. | 7 16 | 18 27 | 1 | ···i | \$35 00 65 00 | \$40 00 |
| | 7000 00 | 265 9.5 | 197 | 19 47 | 48 83 | 158 | 170 | | 23 | 45 | | | 50 00 | 40 00 |
| 23 | 2500 00 | 72 10 189 10 105 11 84 10.2 127 10 | 54 2 | 20 7 | 4 21 | 30 | 50 | g. | 2 | 16 | 1 | | 60 00 | |
| 25 27 | 12000 00 34(ii) 00 | 189 10 | 54 2 117 52 | 18 26 12 7 19 7 | 15 58 6 27 8 13 | 68 24 30 | 100 60 | v. g. | 14 13 25 | 58 40 | 1 | 2 | 60 00 50 00 | 38 00 40 00 |
| 23 25 27 28 29 | 5000 00 4000 00 | 84 10.2 | 49 2 72 | 19 7 10 13 | 8 13 17 32 | 30 34 | 160 75 | v. g. v. g. v. g. v. g. | 25 30 | 10 25 | 1 | 1 | 65 00 70 00 | 30 00 |
| | | 577 10.2 | 344 4 | | | - | | _ | _ | | | 1 | | 30 00 |
| | 26500 00 | 511 10.2 | 344 4 | 79 60 | 50 151 | 186 | 445 | ••••• | 84 | 149 | 5 | ð | 61 00 | 34 00 |
| | 38000 00 | 483 10.3 | 282 8 3046 418 | 73 68 | 44 89 371 926 | 164 | 202 | | 86 | 115 1718 | 2 | 4 | 65 00 | 51 00 |
| | 100000 00 1500 00 | 483 10.3 7124 10.5 77 10.5 1778 10 | 4.1 | 3 17 | 8 13 | 2118 25 822 | 2300 42 | | 4 | 30 | 3 | 44 | 150 00 | 50 00 37 00 |
| | 5000 00 13000 00 | 303 10 | 1335 91 | 443 274 | 221 306 | 822 112 | 1200 160 | | 200 50 | 243 77 107 | 5 | 18 | 92 00 100 00 | 39 00 50 00 |
| | 21500 00 10000 00 | 560 10 2 | 176 385 11 203 13 | 120 67 53 45 | 62 125 33 59 150 284 | 112 225 119 | 540 275 | | 68 36 | 107 54 | 1 | 6 | 120 00 53 00 | 35 00 34 00 |
| | 80000 00 7700 00 | 293 10.2 2034 10.5 263 10.1 | 203 13 1296 230 174 4 | 64 44 120 67 53 45 455 177 32 31 25 20 | 150 284 33 74 | 850 | 1500 147 | | 263 20 | 475 | 2 3 2 | 22 | 140 00 | 50 00 |
| | 17500 00 | 417 9.5 265 9.5 | 115 | 25 20 | 91 46 | 80 55 158 | 236 170 | | 203 | 69 99 | 2 | | 60 00 70 00 | 50 00 |
| | 7000 00 26500 00 | 417 9.5 265 9.5 577 10.2 | 197 344 4 | 19 47 79 60 | 48 83 50 151 | 158 156 | 170 445 | | 203 23 84 | 45 149 | 5 | 1 5 | 50 00 61 00 | 40 00 34 00 |
| | 372700 00 | 14174 10.1 | 7954 779 | 2499 1408 | 1070 2198 | 4914 | 7317 | | 3037 | 3183 | 28 | 108 | 88 00 | 43 00 |
| | 2000 00 | #0.10 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 | 3000 00 800 00 | 79 10 88 9.5 109 10 | 79 75 78 | 17 17 12 18 6 17 | 13 32 16 29 18 37 | 41 36 | 85 50 | v.g. g. g. p. | | 13 29 | 1 1 1 | | 32 00 32 84 40 00 | |
| 3 | 1200 00 500 00 | 99 10 | 78 ···· 86 1 | 6 17 7 12 | 18 37 26 40 | 34 37 | 60 80 | g. | 2 | 29 13 | 1 | | 40 00 34 00 | |
| 5 | 500 00 1200 00 | 60 10.5 64 10 | 86 1 60 | 8 8 14 18 | 6 38 9 23 | 25 34 | 60 75 | med. | | | ···i | i | 27 00 | 30 00 |
| ř | 2000 00 | 215 10 | 157 | 69 32 | 17 39 | 150 | 150 | v. g. med. | 3 | 4 | | | 37 22 40 00 | 25 00 |
| | 9200 00 | 714 10 | 599 1 | 133 122 | 105 238 | 357 | 560 | | ð | 59 | 6 | 1 | 36 01 | 27 50 |
| 8 9 10 10 10 11 | 1000 00 - 1200 00 | 56 10 | 57 | 6 6 | 17 28 | 26 | 70 | med. | 2 | | 1 | | 30 00 | |
| 10 | 1000 00 | 129 9 107 9 113 10.5 | 111 114 117 | 14 21 12 31 38 12 5 16 | 17 28 29 47 29 42 30 37 | 26 57 53 64 | 70 80 120 100 | med. | 4 | 14 | 1 | | | |
| 10% | 2500 00 250 00 | 113 10.5 77 9.5 | 47 | 38 12 5 16 | 30 37 13 13 | 64 25 | 100 38 | g. p. | 2 2 | 28 | 1 | _i | 50 00 | 30 00 |
| 1 | 5950 00 | 482 9.6 | 446 | 75 86 | 118 167 | 225 | 408 | | 10 | 42 | -4 | <u>-</u> | 39 37 | 30 00 |
| 12 | 67500 00 | 2721 10 | 1721 155 | 573 417 | 254 322 | 1181 | 1432 | v. g. | 272 | 728 | 6 | 24 | 77 83 | 30 64 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 13 14 | 400 00 200 00 | 50 10 | 41 51 | 10 24 5 | 12 19 13 9 | 18 | 70 60 50 | med. | | 9 10 | _i | 1 | 20.00 | 23 33 |
| 15 | 980 00 200 00 | 61 9.5 48 9.5 48 10 | 35 | 19 | 2 14 | 28 20 | 50 50 | p. med. med. | ···i | 12 | 1 | | 30 00 30 00 30 00 | |
| 16 17 | 2000 00 | 106 9.5 | 85 84 3 | 6 24 | 2 14 3 31 18 37 15 37 | 17 43 | 80 60 | v. g. | | 4 21 | 1 | i | 50 00 | 33 33 |
| 18 19 | 200 00 150 00 | 106 9.5 82 10.5 73 9 | 67 | 8 21 4 10 | 15 37 12 41 | 36 42 | 60 40 | p. p. | | 6 | ···i | 1 | 35 00 | 33 33 |
| | 4130 00 | 468 9.7 | 407 3 | 47 94 | 75 188 | 204 | 410 | | 1 | 62 | ŏ | | 33 00 | 28 33 |
| 20 | 1000 00 | 75 11 116 10.7 | 56 | 15 20 32 27 | 13 8 | 254 | 80 | v. g. | | 19 | | 1 | | 30 00 |
| 20 21 22 23 | 500 00 500 00 | | 96 16 56 | 1 8 | 11 10 11 36 | 28 72 18 | 60 50 | med. | 2 | 18 10 | 1 | | 45 00 | 30 00 |
| 24 | 300 00 1000 00 | 65 11 47 10 68 10 | 56 66 2 33 | 8 7 3 10 | 11 36 14 35 4 16 | 28 16 | 60 | med. | 1 | iż | 1 | | 30 00 | |
| 25 | 2000 00 | 68 10 | 47 | 16 9 | 5 17 | 27 | 50 70 | v. g. v. g. | 26 | 13 | í | | 50 00 | |
| | 5600 00 | 431 10.4 | 354 18 | 75 81 | 58 122 | 189 | 370 | | 11 | 72 | 4 | 2 | 38 75 | £30 00 |
| 26 27 28 | 700 00 1000 00 | 48 10 79 10 | 49 76 | 8 14 | 6 21 26 15 | 23 32 | 75 70 | med. | | 3 | | 1 | | 30 00 30 75 |
| 28 | 500 00 | 58 10 | 76 54 | 20 15 8 18 | 26 15 9 19 | 32 25 | 70 | med. | | 3 | | 1 | | 30 75 29 00 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Statistical Report, by Districts, for the County of WARREN,

| | | | | F1 | NANOIAL | STATEME | | | |
|---|--|---|------------------------------------|------------------|--|---|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| TOWNSHIPS AND DISTRICTS OR CITIES. | | State Appropriation. | Fownship Tax. | Surplus Revenue. | District School Tax voted for payment of teachers' salaries. | District School Tax voted to be used for building, purchasing, biring, repairing, &c. | District School Tax to be raised. | Total amount from all sources. | Balance in the hands of the collector, exclusive of money for building and repairing purposes. |
| Warren (Continued.) WASHINGTON (Con. | ` | | | | | | | | 1 |
| Jackson Valley, Port Colden, | 29 30 | \$350 00 355 68 | | | | | | \$350 00 355 68 | \$71 33 55 68 |
| | | 1755 68 | | | | \$85 00 | \$85 00 | 1840 68 | 333 49 |
| Washington Borough, OXFORD. | | ••••• | | | \$650 00 | | 2750 00 | 4444 32 | 2182 66 |
| Oxford Furoace, Pittengerville, Little York, Mt. Pleasant, Oxford Church, Bridgeville, Sarepta, Buttaville, Pace's, | 32 33 34 35 36 37 33 39 40 | 1599 07 548 89 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 | | | 524 00 100 00 | 150 00 | 524 00 100 00 | 2123 07 648 49 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 500 00 350 00 | 351 24 19 30 47 17 51 62 132 78 80 09 74 72 128 33 |
| 1 400 5, | 20 | 4597 96 | | | 624 00 | 150 00 | 774 00 | 5371 96 | 885 25 |
| Belvidere Borough, | 41 | | | | 800 00 | 600 00 | 1400 00 | 3041 09 | 171 77 |
| MANSFIELD. Rarrville, Port Murray, Anderson, Egbert's, Rockport, Beatiystown, | 42 43 44 45 46 47 | 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 | | | 202 00 250 00 150 00 | | | 552 00 600 00 500 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 | 48 02 25 18 8 78 11 47 28 04 |
| | | 2100 00 | | | 602 00 | | 602 00 | 2702 00 | 121 49 |
| Hackettstown Borough, | 48 | 1797 90 | | | 1500 00 | | 1500 00 | 3297 90 | 90 33 |
| INDEPENDENCE. Vienna, Danville, Petersburg, | 50 51 53 | 350 00 350 00 350 06 | | | | | 200 00 | 550 00 350 00 350 00 | 10 33 58 59 |
| ALLAMUCHY. | | 1050 00 | | | 200 00 | | 200 00 | 1250 00 | 68 92 |
| Meadville, Saxton Falls, Allamuchy, Quaker Settlement, | 52 55 56 57 | 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 | \$16 00 53 00 68 00 69 00 | | 81 00 | 47 92 | 81 00 47 92 | 396 00 403 00 499 00 466 92 | 50 01 34 99 3 36 |
| FRELINGHUYSEN. | | 1400 00 | 236 00 | | 81 00 | 47 92 | 128 92 | 1764 92 | 88 36 |
| Johnsonburg, Marksboro', Paulina, Ebenezer, Southtown, Howard's, | 58 59 60 61 62 63 | 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 | | | 274 12 55 40 | | 274 12 55 40 | 624 12 405 40 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 | 97 00 4 50 6 28 224 32 |
| HOPE. | | 2100 00 | | | 329 52 | | 329 52 | 2429 52 | 332 10 |
| Hope, Hoagland's, Free Union, Townsbury, Hazen's, Mt. Herman, | 64 65 66 67 68 69 | 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 *109 22 | | | | | | 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 109 22 | 97 94 40 00 23 87 6 49 |
| BLAIRSTOWN. | | 1859 22 | | | | | | 1859 22 | 177 54 |
| Centerville, Kalarama, Union Brick, Blairstown, Walnut Valley, | 70 71 72 73 74 | 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 | | | 30 00 | | 30 00 | 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 | 18 35 4 98 32 73 15 06 |

^{*}This district receives an annual donation of \$200 from the trustees of Honeywell Academy.

State of New Jersey, for the School Year ending August 31, 1878.

| | | - | -0 | | | | | | | | -, | | | | 90 | 00 | L . | |
|--|--|---|--|--|-------------------------------------|--|---|---|---|--|--|---|---|---|--------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| | 1000 | o u | oths | | | TTE | | | | | seat | 9 | wbo | who | here | here | per pers. | per lers. |
| No. of District. | resent value of the school property. | if children between 118 years of age. | Average number of months school kept open. | Number enrolled. | Number attending 10 months or more. | No. attending between 8 and 10 months | No. attending between 6 and 8 months. | No. attending between 4 and 6 months. | Number attending less than 4 months. | Average attendance. | Numher the house will seat comfortably. | Condition of the public school buildings | Number of children attend private school | ren I. | Number of male teachers employed. | Number of female teachers employed. | Average salary paid per month to male teachers. | Average salary paid per month to female teachers. |
| 0.0 | rese | No. of and | sch | um | oni | 8 8 B | 6 a | 4 a | tha | ver | cor | Sch | att | att | lum em | lum em | mo | non |
| Z | <u> </u> | Z | 4 | _Z_ | Z | Z | 2 | Z | 2 | < | Z | 0 | Z | | 4 | 4 | ۲ . | ~ |
| 29 30 | \$500 00 5000 00 | 59 117 | 10 9 | 42 95 | | 4 28 | 8 20 | 4 33 | 26 14 | 16 52 | 50- 120 | g. v. g. | •••• | 17 32 | | 1 | | \$30 00 40 00 |
| | 7700 00 | 361 | 9.8 | 316 | | 68 | 75 | 78 | 95 | 151 | 390 | ••••• | •••• | 56 | •••• | 5 | ••••• | 31 95 |
| 31 | 25000 00 | 605 | 10 | 496 | | 125 | 88 | 75 | 208 | 267 | 500 | v. g. | 30 | 79 | 1 | 6 | \$90 60 | 31 92 |
| 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 | 8000 00 4500 00 800 00 400 00 * 1000 00 1300 00 1000 00 | 585 207 67 51 82 54 100 74 | 9 10 7 9.5 10 10 9 | 407 172 59 36 57 55 86 71 | | 44 55 9 9 9 6 3 | 62 41 16 8 11 9 16 19 5 | 176 20 8 10 13 16 22 15 9 | 125 56 26 18 24 21 42 34 36 | 183 109 29 19 31 28 36 32 15 | 200 140 50 40 45 50 80 50 30 | v. g. v. g. v. g. p. med. g. v. g. g. v. g. | 80 2 5 1 2 | 18 29 8 15 20 7 6 9 | 1 1 1 1 | 3 1 1 | 92 00 65 00 35 00 25 00 36 00 41 22 33 33 | 31 66 30 00 32 00 35 00 |
| 1 | 17000 00 | 1277 | 9.4 | 994 | | 136 | 187 | 289 | 382 | 482 | 685 | | 90 | 118 | 7 | <u></u> | 46 51 | 32 17 |
| 41 | 4000 00 | 579 | 10 | 437 | 18 | 153 | 98 | 55 | 113 | 277 | 350 | g. | 35 | 115 | 1 | 6 | 100 00 | 24 28 |
| 42 43 44 45 46 47 | 1800 00 1500 00 500 00 800 00 2500 00 1650 00 | 106 | 9 11 10 9.7 | 90 73 76 56 32 99 | 3 26 2 31 | 14 10 5 7 5 16 | 15 9 21 10 7 26 | 5 7 8 11 5 14 ——————————————————————————————— | 43 21 42 26 15 43 | 38 35 36 26 16 50 | 80 65 75 52 70 72 | v. g. v. g. med. g. v. g. g. | 7 1 1 -9 | 28 1 9 14 14 ————————————————————————————— | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | | 50 00 50 00 40 00 35 00 35 00 40 00 | |
| 48 | 25000 00 | 642 | | 502 | | 70 | 185 | 103 | 144 | 311 | 600 | v. g. | 13 | 120 | 1 | 8 | 100 00 | 31 25 |
| 50 51 53 | 1000 00 1700 00 1200 00 | 127 64 51 | 10 | 103 64 42 | 3 | 22 4 2 | 24 17 7 | 14 16 2 | 40 27 31 | 56 33 16 | 80 75 60 | v. g. v. g. med, | 5 | 19 | 1 | i | 60 00 | 35 00 28 00 |
| | 3900 00 | 242 | | 209 | 3 | 28 | 48 | 32 | 98 | 105 | 215 | ••••• | 5 | 19 | 1 | 2 | 60 00 | 31 50 |
| 52 55 56 57 | 400 00 700 00 500 00 1000 00 | 40 47 81 58 | 8.7 10 9 10 | 39 45 61 63 | | 23 6 | 6 2 18 27 | 7 2 14 15 | 26 39 6 15 | 17 11 28 33 | 40 40 50 48 | med. g. med. g. | i | 7 4 10 | 1 i | i | 32 00 33 50 35 00 | 33 88 |
| ł | 2600 00 | 226 | | 208 | | 31 | 53 | 38 | 86 | 89 | 178 | | 1 | 21 | 3 | 1 | 33 50 | 33 88 |
| 58 59 60 61 62 63 | 1500 00 1100 00 500 00 500 00 1000 00 1000 00 | 78 74 46 46 62 56 | 9 6 10 | 88 72 39 32 44 55 | | 20 10 4 7 4 | 16 19 13 7 | 16 12 10 13 7 | 36 31 12 19 23 30 | 46 40 22 18 19 26 | 80 60 50 40 50 40 | v. g. g. p. med. med. g. | i | 10 13 18 5 | 1 1 1 1 | i i 1 | 51 00 45 00 25 00 35 00 | 35 00 30 00 |
| | 5600 00 | 362 | 8.8 | 330 | | 45 | 69 | 65 | 151 | 171 | 320 | | 1 | 46 | 4 | 2 | 39 00 | 32 50 |
| 64 65 66 67 68 69 | 4500 00 300 00 500 00 1000 00 1000 00 † | 112 74 464 58 48 39 | 8.5 9.5 9.5 9 | 76 58 62 57 42 30 | | 16 19 2 3 | 26 12 15 12 2 9 | 14 10 30 13 8 4 | 20 17 17 30 29 17 | 51 35 27 21 16 18 | 100 45 40 40 48 60 | med. | 9 | 28 7 16 | | i i i | 55 00 35 00 33 33 | 33 33 32 42 |
| | 7300 00 | 392 | | 325 | | 40 | 76 | 79 | 130 | 168 | 333 | | 9 | 62 | 4 | | 39 58 | 32 87 |
| 70 71 72 73 74 | 1000 00 1000 00 800 00 2000 00 1200 00 | 49 56 48 66 53 | 10 9 9.5 | 34 57 44 58 43 | | 1 2 8 7 | 5 8 7 9 10 | 11 10 8 9 17 | 18 38 27 32 9 | 17 22 19 28 24 | 50 50 45 60 75 | v. g. g. g. g. | i 3 | 10 2 7 | 1 | 1 | 32 50 39 00 30 00 | 36 00 |

*House not owned by district. †Honeywell Academy. ‡No report from District Clerk; census reduced one-fifth.

Statistical Report, by Districts, for the County of WARREN,

| | _ | | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|------------------|--|--|---|--|---|
| | | | FI | NANGIAL | STATEMEN | YT. | | |
| TOWNSHIPS AND DISTRICTS OR CITIES. | State Appropriation. | Township Tax. | Surplus Revenue. | District School Tax voted for payment of teachers' salaries. | District School Tax voted to be used for building, purchasing, hiring, repairing, &c. | District School Tax to be raised. | Total amount from all sources. | Bahmee in the hands of the collector, exclusive of money for building and repairing purposes. |
| | 76 350 00 | | | | | | \$98 01 350 00 350 00 | \$41 22 26 23 |
| | 2548 01 78 350 00 79 350 00 | | | | | | 2578 01 350 00 350 00 | 138 57 3 31 48 64 |
| PAHAQUARRY. Millbrook, Caluo, Brotzmanville, | 700 00 32 350 00 33 350 00 34 78 42 | | | | | | 700 00 350 00 350 00 78 42 | |
| KNOWLTON. Water Gap, Halnesburg, Mt. Pleasant, Walnut Corner, Columbia. Chapel Hill, | 778 42 35 350 00 350 00 38 350 00 39 350 00 30 350 00 31 350 00 | \$25 50 43 00 24 50 36 00 42 00 23 00 | | 130 00 | | 130 00 | 778 42 375 50 523 00 374 50 386 00 392 00 373 00 | 198 36 21 89 1 28 70 42 38 23 |
| Summary. | | 251 00 | | 130 00 | \$90 00 | 130 00 | 2831 00 2768 79 | 16 10 147 93 96 51 |
| Lopateong. Phillipsburg. Harmony Franklin. Washington. Washington Borough. Oxford. | 5878 20 2450 00 2100 00 1755 68 1694 32 | | | 5350 00 100 00 650 00 624 00 | 848 00 1650 00 100 00 85 00 2100 00 150 00 | 848 00 7000 00 200 00 85 00 2750 00 774 00 | 2631 67 12878 20 2450 00 2300 00 1*40 68 4444 32 5371 96 | 198 03 2660 13 409 67 487 44 333 49 2182 66 885 25 |
| Mansield Hackettstown Independence Allamuchy Frelinghuysen | . 1641 09 2100 00 1797 90 1050 00 1400 00 | | | 800 00 602 00 1500 00 200 00 81 00 329 52 | 600 00 | 1400 00 602 00 1500 00 200 00 128 92 | 3041 09 2702 00 3297 90 1250 00 1764 92 2429 52 | 171 77 121 49 90 33 68 92 88 36 332 10 |
| Hope. Blairstown. Hardwick Pahaquarry. Knowlton. | 1859 22 2548 01 700 00 778 42 | | | 30 00 | | 30 00 | 1859 22 2578 01 700 00 778 42 2831 00 | 177 54 138 57 51 95 198 36 147 92 |
| | 41324 96 | 487 00 | | 10434 82 | 5670 92 | 16105 74 | 57917 70 | 8840 49 |

State of New Jersey, for the School Year ending August 31, 1878.

| - | | | | | | | | | | | | 0,0 | | | | |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|---|
| | the school | o. of children between 5 and 18 years of age. verage number of months | 3 | | END. | | less | | ll seat | public | who | w.po | male teachers | Number of Female teachers employed. | pald per teachers. | Average salary paid per month to female teachers |
| | | children between 8 years of age. enumber of mout | d. | ling re. rtwee | etwee | etwee | gu. | ance. | ise wi | the put | children vate school. | chool. | le tea | rle tes | pald e teacl | paid le teach |
| riet. | Present value of property. | o. of children b and 18 years of verage number | ipt op | nmber attending months or more. o. attending betwe 8 and 10 months. | ing b | and 6 months. | attending months. | tenda | e hou bly. | ondition of the school buildings | of chil | of childh | | Fema 1. | galary to male | mlary fema] |
| r Dist | resent va property | Cchill 18 ye | ool ke | nionths co. attend | ttend id 8 m | ttend id 6 n | | r ag | umber the he | tion ool bu | | nd no | umber of employed | umber of l | | ige s |
| No. of District | Prese | No. of and J | school kept ope Number enrolled | Number attending 10 months or more. No. attending between 8 and 10 months. | No. attending between 6 and 8 months. | No. attending between 4 and 6 months. | Number than 4 | Average attendance. | Number the house will confortably. | Condition school br | Number attend | Number | Number | Numb | Average month | Avera |
| 75 | \$100 00 | 28 3 | 24 | | | | 24 | 16 | 30 | v. p. | | 11 | | | \$26 56 | |
| 76 77 | | 50 10 46 9 | 40 . | | 8 7 | 10 6 | 15 27 | 20 15 | 40 50 | | 5 1 | 2 | 1 | i | 30 00 | \$26 00 |
| | 6900 00 | | | 25 | 54 | 71 | 190 | 161 | 400 | | 10 | 42 | ő | 3 | 31 61 | 26 66 |
| 78 79 | 100 00 300 00 | 45 5 65 9 | .7 41 | | | 5 10 | 32 23 | 16 16 | 30 40 | v. p. p. | | 2 14 | 1 | | 22 50 34 81 | |
| 3 | 400 00 | | | 1 | | 15 | 55 | 32 | 70 | | | 16 | 2 | | 28 65 | |
| 82 83 84 | 400 00 700 00 400 00 | 46 9 46 9 34 5 | 44 . 42 . 27 . | 10 | 15 5 | 6 12 10 | 22 15 17 | 19 19 17 | 56 50 30 | p. g. g. | | 4 | 1 1 1 | :::: | 33 00 35 00 20 00 | |
| | 1500 00 | 124 7 | .6 113 . | 11 | 20 | 28 | 54 | 55 | 136 | | | 4 | 3 | | 29 33 | |
| 85 86 | 400 00 1000 00 | 62 9 75 9 | 72 . | 2 | 12 12 | 11 10 | 19 | 23 32 | 72 60 | med. g. g. | | 3 | 1 | | 41 60 40 00 | |
| 88 89 90 | 400 00 200 00 400 00 | 45 6 81 9 72 9 | .2 35 . 67 . .7 62 . | 6 | | 25 9 14 | 10 38 22 | 19 34 35 | 50 50 40 | g. p. p. | | 23 | 1 1 | | 35 00 40 00 39 60 | |
| 91 92 | 1200 00 1200 00 | 55 10 85 9 | .2 50. | 17 | | 10 28 | 31 | 18 43 | 50 90 | v. g. g. | | 4 5 | 1 | | 35 00 42 00 | |
| | 4800 00 | 475 9 | 410 . | 89 | 78 | 107 | 136 | 204 | 412 | | | 34 | 7 | | 39 03 | |
| | 9200 00 5950 00 | 714 10 482 9 | | 1 133 75 | 122 86 | 105 118 | 238 167 | 357 225 | 560 405 | | 5 10 | 59 42 | 6 | 2 | 36 01 36 66 77 83 | 27 50 30 00 |
| | 67500 00 4130 00 5600 00 | 2721 10 468 9 431 10 | .7 407 | 155 573 3 47 18 75 | 417 94 | 254 75 58 | 322 188 122 | 1181 204 189 | 1432 410 370 | | 272 1 | 728 62 72 | 4 6 5 4 | 24 2 2 5 | 77 83 35 00 38 75 | 30 64 28 33 30 00 |
| | 7700 00 25000 00 | 361 9 605 10 | .8 316 . 496 . | 68 | 81 75 88 | 78 75 | 95 208 | 151 267 | 390 500 | | 30 | 56 79 | | 5 | 90 00 | 31 95 31 92 |
| | 17000 00 4000 00 | 1277 9 579 10 | 437 | 18 153 | 187 98 | 289 55 | 382 113 | 482 277 | | | 90 35 | 118 115 | 1 7 1 | 6 | 46 51 100 00 | 32 17 24 28 |
| | 8750 001 25000 001 3900 001 | 479 10 642 9 242 9 | | 31 57 70 3 28 | 88 185 48 | 50 103 32 | 190 144 98 | 201 311 | | | 9 13 5 | 120 19 | 6 1 | | 41 66 100 00 60 00 | 31 25 31 50 |
| | 2600 00 5600 00 | 226 9 362 8 | 4 208 . | 3 28 31 45 | 53 69 | 38 65 | 86 151 | 105 89 171 | 178 320 | | 1 | 21. | 3 | 2 1 2 | 33 50 39 00 | 33 88 32 50 |
| | 7300 00 6900 00 | 392 9 393 8 | 325 . 6 340 . | 40 | 76 54 | 79 71 | 130 190 | 168 | 333 400 | | 10 | 62 42 | 5 | 2 3 | 39 58 31 61 | 32 87 26 66 |
| | 400 00 1500 0 0 | 110 7. 124 7. | 3 78 . 6 113 . | 11 | 20 | 15 28 | 55 54 | 32 55 | 70 136 | | | 16 4 | 3 | | 28 65 29 33 | |
| | 4800 00 212830 00 | 475 9 | 410 . | 89 | 78 | 107 | 136 | 204 | 412 | | 700 | 34 | 7 | | 39 03 50 17 | 30 36 |
| - | 212539 001 | 11083 9. | 3 8701 | 229 1782 | 1926 | 1639 | 311)9 | 4830 | 8183 | | 502 | 1761 | 70 | 72 | 50 17 | 30 30 |













