

## CHAPTER 95

## SECURITY AND CONTROL

## Authority

N.J.S.A. 2A:4A-60, 2C:39-6a(9), 47:1A-2, 52:17B-170e(14) and (22), 52:17B-174 and Executive Order No. 9(1963).

## Source and Effective Date

R.2000 d.329, effective August 7, 2000.  
See: 32 N.J.R. 1744(a), 32 N.J.R. 2909(c).

## Executive Order No. 66(1978) Expiration Date

Chapter 95, Security and Control, expires on August 7, 2005.

## Chapter Historical Note

Chapter 95, Security and Control, was adopted as R.2000 d.329, effective August 7, 2000. See: Source and Effective Date.

## CHAPTER TABLE OF CONTENTS

## SUBCHAPTER 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

- 13:95-1.1 Purpose and scope
- 13:95-1.2 Definitions
- 13:95-1.3 Oath of office form
- 13:95-1.4 Confidentiality of information

## SUBCHAPTER 2. USE OF FORCE WHILE ON DUTY

- 13:95-2.1 Juvenile corrections officers authorized to carry firearms while on duty
- 13:95-2.2 Firearms training, qualification and requalification
- 13:95-2.3 On-duty firearm
- 13:95-2.4 Use of force
- 13:95-2.5 Non-deadly force; when justified
- 13:95-2.6 Deadly force; when justified
- 13:95-2.7 Use of force against persons other than juvenile inmates; duties outside security perimeter
- 13:95-2.8 Reports
- 13:95-2.9 Use of mechanical restraints
- 13:95-2.10 Use of chemical agents; storage
- 13:95-2.11 Training
- 13:95-2.12 Penalties for violation
- 13:95-2.13 Secure facility, secure facility satellite unit and boot camp post orders and procedures

## SUBCHAPTER 3. USE OF PERSONAL FIREARMS AND USE OF FORCE WHILE OFF DUTY

- 13:95-3.1 Personnel authorized to carry firearms while off duty
- 13:95-3.2 Authorized off-duty firearms, ammunition and holsters
- 13:95-3.3 Off-duty firearm
- 13:95-3.4 Firearm instructors
- 13:95-3.5 Firearms training, qualification and requalification
- 13:95-3.6 Storage of personal firearms while on duty
- 13:95-3.7 Use of force while off duty
- 13:95-3.8 Use of non-deadly force while off duty
- 13:95-3.9 Use of deadly force while off duty
- 13:95-3.10 Unauthorized use of personal weapons while off duty
- 13:95-3.11 Possession of firearms within a casino or casino simulcasting facility
- 13:95-3.12 Reporting incidents
- 13:95-3.13 Penalties for violation
- 13:95-3.14 Post orders and procedures

## SUBCHAPTER 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

## 13:95-1.1 Purpose and scope

(a) The purpose of this chapter is to establish policies and procedures regarding the use of force by juvenile corrections officers employed in the New Jersey Juvenile Justice Commission's secure facilities, secure facility satellite units and Stabilization and Reintegration Program (Boot Camp), both on duty and off duty. Policies and procedures regarding the use of force by juvenile corrections officers in juvenile parole officer and Internal Affairs' investigator titles are set forth in N.J.A.C. 13:96 and 97, respectively.

(b) This chapter shall be applicable to juvenile corrections officers employed in the New Jersey Juvenile Justice Commission's secure facilities, secure facility satellite units and Stabilization and Reintegration Program (Boot Camp), in the following titles: Director of Custody Operations 1, Juvenile Justice Commission; Director of Custody Operations 2, Juvenile Justice Commission; Correction Captain, Juvenile Justice; Correction Lieutenant, Juvenile Justice; Correction Sergeant, Juvenile Justice; Senior Correction Officer, Juvenile Justice; and Correction Officer Recruit, Juvenile Justice.

## 13:95-1.2 Definitions

The following words and terms, when used in this chapter, shall have the following meanings unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

"Center Control" means the unit which coordinates the security and communication functions within a secure juvenile facility.

"Chemical agent" means an aerosol spray which may be used to gain control of individuals who resist arrest or for the purpose of self-defense against an attack.

"Commission" means the New Jersey Juvenile Justice Commission.

"Deadly force" means force which is intended to cause, or is likely to cause, death or serious bodily harm.

"Deputy Executive Director" means the Deputy Executive Director of the New Jersey Juvenile Justice Commission.

"Director of Custody Operations" means the Director of Custody Operations employed at each secure facility of the New Jersey Juvenile Justice Commission responsible for supervising the custody work force.

"Director of Operations" means the Director of Operations responsible for the overall operation and supervision of the secure and non-secure facilities of the New Jersey Juvenile Justice Commission.

“Executive Director” means the Executive Director of the New Jersey Juvenile Justice Commission.

“Internal Affairs Unit” means the unit responsible for conducting investigations within the Commission at the direction of the Executive Director.

“Juvenile corrections officer” means, for purposes of this chapter only, persons employed in the following titles utilized by the Commission, who have been sworn as peace officers:

1. Director of Custody Operations 1, Juvenile Justice Commission;
2. Director of Custody Operations 2, Juvenile Justice Commission;
3. Correction Captain, Juvenile Justice;
4. Correction Lieutenant, Juvenile Justice;
5. Correction Sergeant, Juvenile Justice;
6. Senior Correction Officer, Juvenile Justice; and
7. Correction Officer Recruit, Juvenile Justice.

“Juvenile inmate” means an individual who has been adjudicated delinquent and sentenced to a term of incarceration to be served under the custody of the New Jersey Juvenile Justice Commission. For the purpose of this chapter, “juvenile inmate” shall only refer to those individuals residing in a New Jersey Juvenile Justice Commission facility.

“Mechanical restraints” means restraining devices such as, but not limited to, handcuffs, flex cuffs, leg irons and belly chains.

“Non-lethal force” means force which is not likely to cause death or serious bodily harm.

“Police Training Commission” or “PTC” means the agency established in the Department of Law and Public Safety by the provisions of N.J.S.A. 52:17B-70 et seq., to, among other things, review and approve the development of an educational and training curriculum, including firearms instruction, for law enforcement officers.

“Roving patrol” means observation of a facility by making rounds, on foot or in a vehicle, of the outer perimeter at specific intervals.

“Secure facility satellite unit” means a Juvenile Justice Commission secure unit located apart from the main secure facility and administered by Superintendent of the main secure facility.

“Shift supervisor” means the juvenile corrections officer responsible for the maintenance of security during a tour of duty in a secure juvenile facility, secure facility satellite unit or boot camp.

“Superintendent” means the chief executive officer of any State secure juvenile facility in the New Jersey Juvenile Justice Commission.

### 13:95-1.3 Oath of office form

An oath of office form shall be reproduced by each facility from originals that are available by contacting the Juvenile Justice Commission’s Office of Training.

### 13:95-1.4 Confidentiality of information

All information contained in the master lists or reports maintained or submitted by employees of the Commission pursuant to the requirements of this chapter shall be confidential and such master lists and reports shall not be subject to public inspection or copying pursuant to the “Right to Know Law,” N.J.S.A. 47:1A-1 et seq.

## SUBCHAPTER 2. USE OF FORCE WHILE ON DUTY

### 13:95-2.1 Juvenile corrections officers authorized to carry firearms while on duty

(a) Prior to being permitted to carry a firearm on duty, juvenile corrections officers shall:

1. Pursuant to N.J.S.A. 52:17B-66 et seq., have taken and successfully completed the PTC-approved Basic Course for State Juvenile Corrections Officers, or have taken and completed an equivalent PTC-approved course for State or county corrections officers to substitute for this requirement;
2. Have taken and successfully completed the basic firearms training course approved by the PTC; and
3. Have been sworn as a peace officer by taking the oath of office and completing the Commission’s oath of office form.

### 13:95-2.2 Firearms training, qualification and requalification

(a) As required by N.J.S.A. 2C:39-1 et seq., all juvenile corrections officers shall be initially trained and shall qualify in the use and handling of approved on-duty firearms.

(b) A juvenile corrections officer shall requalify in accordance with the New Jersey Attorney General’s Semi Annual Qualification and Requalification Standards for New Jersey Law Enforcement.

(c) Only those juvenile corrections officers who achieve and maintain the required level of proficiency during range qualification and requalification shall be authorized to possess firearms while on duty.