

NEW-JERSEY GAZETTE.

MONDAY, MAY 29, 1786.

TRENTON: Printed by ISAAC COLLINS, Printer to the State.

The full-blooded bay horse
BAJAZET,
 WILL cover mares this season at Mr. Joseph Smith's in Trenton, for three pounds the season. He is fifteen hands and a half high, and was got by Mr. Welstenholme's Tanner, his dam by Bajazet, son of the Godolphin Arabian, his grandam by Babraham, his great grandam by Sedbury, and his great great grandam by Childers, which was called Lord Portmore's Ebony.

BAJAZET is the sire of Selim, Kouli-Khan, the late general Cadwalader's mare Maria that won with ease the sweep stakes at Chester-Town in Maryland last fall. In short, the stock from this horse is equal to that from any horse in America, which induced the present proprietor to purchase him. It is a well-known fact, that general Cadwalader bred out of him with great success for eight years—producing from him a number of fine carriage-horses besides racers.

May 8, 1786. 3w

Blank Books,
 Ruled and unruled, of several sizes and forms, to be sold at the Printing-Office, in Trenton.

Gloucester county, state of New-Jersey, May 1, Anno Domini 1786.

Publick notice is hereby given to all persons whom it may concern,

THAT the subscriber John Porch, of the county of Gloucester, in pursuance of an act of the legislature of the state of New-Jersey, made and passed at Trenton, in the county of Hunterdon, on the eighth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, intituled, 'an act for the relief of persons who have lost their deeds and other instruments of writing containing the title of their lands;' intends to apply to the supreme court of judicature, of the state of New-Jersey, to be held at Trenton aforesaid, on the first Tuesday in September next, or where-ever the same court shall at that time be held, to remedy the loss of the following deeds or instruments in writing, concerning his title to a tract or tracts of lands, containing by estimation two hundred and fifty acres of land, lying and being in the township of Deptford, in the county of Gloucester aforesaid, one hundred acres of which were formerly surveyed unto Thomas Langley, deceased, on or about the 16th February, Anno Domini 1714, or thereabouts, and is recorded or supposed to be recorded in the surveyor general's office at Burlington, in a book called Bull's Book, folio 22; the remaining one hundred and fifty acres whereof, were surveyed unto a certain William Arrell, on or about 17th March, Anno Domini 1737, and recorded in the same office, in book M. folio 343, that is to say,

1. A deed from Andrew Jones to his son John Jones, in fee for one hundred acres, part of the tract so surveyed as aforesaid, unto Thomas Langley.
2. A deed from Richard Arrell, son of the aforesaid William Arrell, for fifty acres (part of the aforesaid lands so surveyed to the said William) unto John Jones in fee.
3. A deed from John Jones, for the one hundred and fifty acres aforesaid, unto John Porch in fee.
4. A deed from the said Richard Arrell, for one hundred acres (residue of the one hundred and fifty acres so surveyed as aforesaid, unto William Arrell) unto Jonathan Williams in fee-simple.
5. A deed from the said Jonathan Williams, unto William Kidd, for the same one hundred acres in fee.
6. A deed from the said William Kidd, for the same one hundred acres to John Porch. All which said deeds have been lost by the devastation of the enemy, or other unavoidable accident.

3m* JOHN PORCH.

T O B E S O L D,
 Wholesale and retail by the subscriber, at his manufactory, in Mount-Holly, a quantity of grags and cradling
S C Y T H E S.

HAVING been regularly bred to this business in Philadelphia, and wishing only to succeed in his sales by the goodness of his metal and workmanship, he flatters himself he shall give satisfaction to all persons who will oblige him with their custom. Retailers, to whom it may be more convenient to get them at Trenton, may be supplied by the dozen, by applying to Conrad Kotts, with whom a number will be left for that purpose.

JOHN DOBBINS.
 May 13, 1786. 7w*

Notes and proceedings of the tenth general assembly of the state of New-Jersey.

BEING THE SECOND SITTING:

(Continued from our last.)

Monday, March 20, 1786.

The house met.

Mr. Cook, from the committee to whom was referred the petition of Adam Green and John Hull, together with the papers relative to the same, reported as follows:

THAT they have examined the accounts of confiscated property in the county of Suffex, and find that the estate of William Green, mentioned in the said petition, has been confiscated, and the proceeds thereof amounting, on the 16th December 1779, to £. 3992 2 6, in the hands of William Hankinson and Thomas Anderson, commissioners of forfeited estates, which has been paid into the treasury.

That it appears to your committee, that the bond given by William Green and Adam Green, mentioned in the said petition, has been paid by the said Adam Green in the year 1784.

That, as to the other bond given by the said William Green and John Hull, it does not appear by any voucher that the same is discharged.

That admitting the matters stated in the said petition to be true, it was out of the power of the said petitioners to exhibit their demands against the estate of the said William Green within the time limited by law.

ELLIS COOK,
 THOMAS SINICKSON.

A motion was made by Mr. Beardlee, seconded by Mr. Burgin, that the petitioners have leave to present a bill to answer the prayer of their petition at the next sitting; to which the house agreed.

Mr. R. S. Smith, from the committee to whom was committed the bill, intituled, 'an act for the relief of certain persons holding loan-office certificates,' reported the same with sundry amendments and the following title: 'an act directing the treasurer to pay interest upon loan-office certificates that have been registered and endorsed without further attestation.'

Ordered, That the further consideration of the said bill be postponed.

Mr. Bunn, from the committee appointed to examine and report such publick accounts as might be referred to them this sitting of the legislature, reported that there are due to the several persons under named the sums annexed to their several names:

1. To Daniel Marsh, esquire, for the administrators of David Craig, deceased, for medicines and attendance for the men under the command of captain Matthew Freeman, when on duty at Woodbridge in the months of August, September and November in the year 1780, £. 12 17 0
2. To Elizabeth Smith, widow of Robert Smith, for his signing one hundred five thousand eighty-eight pounds ten shillings, in pursuance of the loan-office act, passed 1774, wherein he was authorized to receive £. 60 for signing £. 125,000 of the said loan-office bills, £. 50 0 0.

The house having considered the said report,
 Resolved, That the treasurer be authorized to pay to the persons above-named the sums annexed to their respective names.

Ordered, That Mr. Marsh do carry the above report and resolution to the council for concurrence.

Mr. Sinnickson and Mr. R. S. Smith, the committee to whom was referred the message from his excellency the governor of the 14th instant, reported as follows:

That the matter recommended in his excellency's letter, and the several papers accompanying the same, requires the attention of the legislature, and thereupon submit the following resolution:

Resolved, That the legislature, in a joint-meeting of both houses, will appoint commissioners who, or any one of whom, shall meet such commissioners as may be appointed by the other states in the union at a time and place to be agreed on, to take into consideration the trade of the United States; to examine the relative situation and trade of the said states; to consider how far an uniform system in their commercial regulations and other important matters may be necessary to their common interest and permanent harmony; and to report to the several states such an act relative to this great object, as when unanimously ratified by them will enable the United States in Congress assembled effectually to provide for the exigencies of the union, which was read, and unanimously agreed to.

Ordered, That Mr. Marsh do carry the said resolution to the council for concurrence.

A message from the council by Mr. Martin.
 Council-chamber, March 20, 1786.

THE council having taken into consideration the following warrants, with the papers accompanying the same, sent from the house of assembly for concurrence:

- 'A warrant in favour of Mary Cade in lieu of one given to her dated March 16, 1780:
- 'A warrant in favour of Elizabeth Ten Eyck, late widow of lieutenant Jacob Ten Eyck:
- 'A warrant in favour of Lydia Whitlock in lieu of one given to her dated September 29, 1780:
- 'A warrant in favour of Mary Hays, late Mary Ross, widow of Eliakim Ross:
- 'And a warrant in favour of Mary Badcock, late Mary Jewel, widow of Hubbard Jewel; entitling them severally to receive the amount of their late husbands' half-pay;

Resolved, That the house do concur therein.
 Two petitions from sundry inhabitants of the county of Middlesex, praying that an impost may be laid upon all goods imported into this state through the neighbouring states, were read, and ordered a second reading, with the bill, intituled, 'an act to promote the commerce of New-Jersey by imposing duties on all foreign goods,' &c.

The re-engrossed bill, intituled, 'an act to revive and continue an act, intituled, an act to erect and establish courts in the several counties in this colony for the trial of small causes, and to repeal the former act for that purpose,' was read and compared:

Ordered, That the speaker do sign the same.
 Ordered, That Mr. Combs do carry the said bill to the council, and acquaint them that the said bill is passed by this house with their amendments.

Two messages from the council by Mr. Clark.
 Council-chamber, March 20, 1786.

THE council having taken into consideration the accounts reported by the auditor, and also the resolutions accompanying the same;

Resolved, That the house do approve of the statement of the said accounts, and concur in the resolutions accompanying the same.

THE council having taken into consideration the resolution from the house of assembly relative to directing the treasurer to forbear paying any money on notes belonging to the estate of Lord Stirling, until a bond given by said Lord Stirling in his lifetime to this state is discharged, &c.

Resolved, That the house do concur therein.
 A petition from Samuel Hunt and Ralph Hunt, praying that bonds and obligations may have the priority of book-accounts in the discharge of debts due from the estates of fugitives and offenders, was read, and ordered a second reading.

A message from the council by Mr. Mayhew.

Ordered, Council-chamber, March 20, 1786.
 THAT Mr. Mayhew do carry to the house of assembly the bill, intituled, 'an act for erecting Paulus Hook, in the county of Bergen, into a free port,' and request their concurrence therein.

Which bill was read, and ordered a second reading.
 Mr. Combs reported, that he had obeyed the order of the house.

Mr. Marsh reported, that he had obeyed the order of the house.

Three messages from the council by Mr. Eldredge.
 Council-chamber, March 20, 1786.

THE council having taken into consideration the resolution from the house of assembly relative to requesting the treasurer to make payment of the compensation allowed by an act of the legislature to no other persons than John Blair and John Peck, agents to the regiments of this state;

Resolved, That the house do concur therein.

THE council having taken into consideration the resolution from the house of assembly relative to directing the treasurer to charge the county of Bergen with £. 48,000 continental money, and the county of Essex with £. 51 12 1, having been credited to them twice;

Resolved, That the house do concur therein.

THE council having taken into consideration the resolution from the house of assembly relative to crediting the sum of eighteen pounds six shillings and four-pence to Benjamin Fenimore, late paymaster of the militia in the county of Burlington;

Resolved, That the house do concur therein.

The engrossed bill, intituled, 'an act to direct the mode and proceedings on writs of fieri facias, and for transferring of lands and chattels for the payment of debts,' was read and compared; on the question, whether the same do pass? It was carried in the affirmative, as follows:

Yeas. Messrs. Terhune, Blauvelt, Nicoll, Garriffe, A. Clark, Marsh, Combs, Bonney, Stillwell, Bunn, Blair, Kelley, Biddle, Cooper, Houghton, Cook, Starke, Arnold, Hankinson, Beardlee, Longstreet.

Nays. Messrs. Schuurman, Walton, Schenck, R. S. Smith, J. Smith, T. Clark, Davis, Sinnickson, Hall, Baker, Swain, Whilden, Lambert, Burgin, Bowen, Sheppard.

Ordered, That the speaker do sign the same.

Ordered, That Mr. Garritte do carry the said bill to the council for concurrence.

The house resumed the consideration of the bill, intitled, 'an act to raise a revenue from practitioners of the law, proprietors of stages, and keepers of ferries and taverns within the state.'

An amendment was moved to the title and agreed to, that the same read as follows: 'an act to raise a revenue from certain professions, offices, occupations, and from proprietors of stages and keepers of ferries and taverns, within the state of New-Jersey;' and, after some time spent thereon,

Ordered, That the further consideration of the said bill be postponed.

The house adjourned till to-morrow morning nine of the clock.

Tuesday, March 21, 1786.

The house met.

A motion was made by Mr. Sinnickson, seconded by Mr. Swain, that a committee be appointed to consider of ways and means to enable this state to comply with the requisition of Congress of the 27th September 1785, and make provision for the payment of one year's interest on the state debt, and to report the same to this house; on which the previous question was moved by Mr. A. Clark, seconded by Mr. Starke; on the question, whether the house agree to the previous question? It was carried in the affirmative, as follows:

Yeas. Messrs. Terhune, Nicoll, Garritte, A. Clark, Marsh, Combs, Bonney, Walton, Schenck, Stillwell, Bunn, Blair, Kelley, Baker, Houghton, Cook, Starke, Arnold, Hankinson, Beardlee, Longstreet.

Nays. Messrs. Blauvelt, Schuurman, R. S. Smith, Biddle, J. Smith, Cooper, T. Clark, Davis, Sinnickson, Hall, Swain, Whilden, Lambert, Burgin, Sheppard.

Mr. Garritte reported, that he had obeyed the order of the house.

A petition from Ebenezer Cowell, accompanied with an account against the state, and praying an allowance, was read, and ordered to lie on the table.

The bill, intitled, 'an act to explain and amend an act, intitled, an act to pass estates in fee by certain devises in wills and testaments, and to limit estates in tail,' was read a second time, debated, and ordered to be engrossed.

A message from the council by Mr. Kitchel.

Council-chamber, March 21, 1786.

Ordered, THAT Mr. Kitchel do carry to the house of assembly, the bill, intitled, 'an act for establishing a coinage of copper in this state,' and to request their concurrence therein.

Which bill was read, and ordered a second reading. The engrossed bill, intitled, 'an act to explain and amend an act, intitled, an act to pass estates in fee by certain devises in wills and testaments, and to limit estates in tail,' was read and compared; on the question, whether the said bill do pass? It was carried in the affirmative, as follows:

Yeas. Messrs. Terhune, Blauvelt, Nicoll, Garritte, A. Clark, Marsh, Combs, Schuurman, Bonney, Walton, Schenck, Stillwell, Bunn, Blair, Kelley, R. S. Smith, Biddle, J. Smith, Cooper, T. Clark, Davis, Hall, Baker, Lambert, Houghton, Cook, Starke, Arnold, Bowen, Burgin, Sheppard, Hankinson, Beardlee, Longstreet.

Nays. Messrs. Sinnickson, Swain, Whilden.

Ordered, That the speaker do sign the same.

Ordered, That Mr. Schuurman do carry the said bill to council for concurrence.

A certificate of half-pay, adjudged by the court of quarter-sessions in the county of Morris, in favour of Deborah Minthorn, widow of William Minthorn, who was killed in the service of the United States while a soldier in the first regiment of this state, was read and approved;

Ordered, That a warrant do issue in favour of the said Deborah Minthorn for the sum of twenty-five shillings per month, from the first day of November 1781, for and during her widowhood.

The bill, intitled, 'an act for the relief of Benjamin Williams, Daniel Pierson, Mercellus Post and Jonas Ward, insolvent debtors now confined in the gaol of the county of Essex,' was read a second time, and the title amended to read as follows: 'an act for the relief of insolvent debtors confined in gaol in the several counties of this state upon the conditions therein mentioned;' and, being further amended in the house, was ordered to be engrossed.

A certificate of half-pay, adjudged by the court of quarter-sessions in the county of Morris, in favour of Sarah Hathaway, the widow of Joseph Hathaway, who died while in the service of the United States, was read, and ordered to lie on the table.

The house adjourned to three o'clock, P. M.

The house met.

The engrossed bill, intitled, 'an act for the relief of insolvent debtors confined in gaol in the several counties of this state upon the conditions therein mentioned,' was read and compared; on the question, whether the same do pass? It was carried in the affirmative, as follows:

Yeas. Messrs. Terhune, Blauvelt, Garritte, A. Clark, Marsh, Combs, Schuurman, Bonney, Walton, Schenck, Stillwell, Bunn, Kelley, R. S. Smith, J. Smith, Cooper, Davis, Sinnickson, Hall, Baker, Swain, Whilden, Lambert, Houghton, Cook, Burgin, Sheppard, Hankinson.

Nays. Messrs. Biddle, Starke, Arnold, Beardlee, Longstreet.

Ordered, That the speaker do sign the same.

Ordered, That Mr. Bonney do carry the said bill to the council for concurrence.

A message from the council by Mr. S. Ogden.

Council-chamber, March 21, 1786.

THE council having taken into consideration the resolution from the house of assembly, relative to appointing commissioners to meet commissioners to be appointed by the other states to examine the relative situation and trade of the said states, &c.

Resolved, That the house do concur therein.

Mr. Bonney reported, that he had obeyed the order of the house.

Mr. Schuurman reported, that he had obeyed the order of the house.

Mr. Combs, from the committee appointed for that purpose, reported the draught of a bill, intitled, 'an act for defraying certain incidental charges,' which was read, and ordered a second reading.

A motion was made by Mr. Marsh, seconded by Mr. A. Clark, that a committee may be appointed to devise ways and means for discharging the principal and interest of the state debt, and to report their opinion thereon to the house; to which the house agreed; whereupon,

Ordered, That Messrs. A. Clark, Schuurman and R. S. Smith, be the committee.

The house taking into consideration, that when they passed the act for the support of government, from November 1784 to November 1785, it was the expectation of the legislature, that the Congress of the United States would have continued at Trenton, and that in consideration thereof they allowed the delegates of this state three dollars per day; but that honourable body having, on the day after the passing of that act, resolved, that they would remove to New-York, where our delegates were obliged to attend at a much greater expence than was expected; therefore,

Resolved, That each of them be allowed the additional sum of one dollar per day for each day they attended in Congress during their appointment, which the treasurer is hereby directed to pay; and their order or receipt for the same shall be a sufficient voucher in the settlement of his accounts with this state.

Ordered, That Mr. Walton do carry the said resolution to the council for concurrence.

Whereas the mode for contractors to transmit certificates in their possession into the treasury, directed by a resolution of this house of the 20th ultimo, and concurred in by council, will probably be attended with difficulty and delay, and it being necessary that the state should be possessed of the same; therefore,

Resolved, That the auditor be, and he is hereby directed to procure the said certificates from the several contractors by sending a person or persons duly authorized to demand the same; and the respective contractors are hereby required to deliver the certificates aforesaid to the person thus authorized to draw from the treasury any sum not exceeding thirty pounds to defray the expence thereof, whose receipt shall be a sufficient voucher to the treasurer for the expenditure of so much money in the settlement of his accounts.

Ordered, That Mr. Walton do carry the said resolution to the council for concurrence.

The memorial of John Sparks was read the second time, and it appearing that said Sparks stands charged in the auditor's office with a balance due to this state in the sum of £. 42 0 8; and it also appearing that said Sparks, encouraged thereto by the house of assembly at that time, had expended part of the publick money, then in his hands, in purchasing forage for the army at the time they were in great distress for want of the same, for which expenditure the said Sparks received publick securities; whereupon,

Resolved, That the treasurer be directed to receive of said John Sparks publick securities to the amount of the above balance, upon his paying the costs accrued on a prosecution against him at the suit of the state; and that said Sparks, upon such payment, be discharged of the above-said balance against him.

Ordered, That Mr. Walton do carry the said resolution to the council for their concurrence.

The bill, intitled, 'an act for erecting Paulus-Hook, in the county of Bergen, into a free port,' was read a second time, and ordered a third reading.

The bill, intitled, 'an act for establishing a coinage of copper in this state,' was read a second time, and ordered a third reading.

The members withdrew to attend a joint-meeting; and, being returned, the speaker resumed the chair, and then the house adjourned till to-morrow morning nine of the clock.

Wednesday, March 22, 1786.

The house met.

A warrant in favour of Martha Hathaway, in lieu of one given to her dated June 17, 1780, and a warrant in favour of Deborah Minthorn, widow of William Minthorn, entitling her to receive the amount of her late husband's half-pay, were read, approved, and ordered to be signed.

Ordered, That Mr. Bunn do carry the said warrants to council for concurrence.

Mr. Bunn reported, that he had obeyed the order of the house.

Whereas a warrant, of the 16th of March 1780, was granted to Elizabeth Horton, widow of doctor Jonathan Horton, deceased, for her said husband's half-pay; and a warrant of the 21st December 1781, was granted to Catharine Piatt, widow of major Daniel Piatt, deceased, for her said husband's half-pay; and also a warrant of the 6th of December 1781, was granted to Rachel Shores, widow of Peleg Shores, deceased, a late soldier in colonel Wind's regiment, for her said husband's half-pay; upon which warrants, especially the first, large sums of money from time to time have been paid; and it now appearing that the said Horton, Piatt and Shores died by sickness and not

in consequence of any wounds they received in the service or otherwise, in such a manner as to entitle their widows, or either of them, to half-pay of their deceased husbands; whereupon,

Resolved, That the aforesaid warrants to Elizabeth Horton, Catharine Piatt and Rachel Shores, be, and they and each of them are hereby revoked and made void.

Ordered, That Mr. Blair do carry the said resolution to the council for concurrence.

Mr. A. Clark, from the committee appointed to devise ways and means for discharging the principal and interest of the state debt, reported as follows:

THAT they find the state debt may be ranked in five classes, viz.

Notes given for depreciation of pay to the officers and soldiers of the Jersey line.

Notes given to the militia.

Contractors' certificates.

Surplus certificates.

And a few certificates given by commissioners appointed to loan money.

That the two first are already liquidated, and the three last are now under liquidation by a commissioner, and will not be completed before October: that it is necessary that the creditors of the state should be on a perfect equality, and that when provision shall be made for any one species of debts, the like provision should be made for all, and this cannot be done until the whole are liquidated; at which time it is the opinion of the committee, that all the confiscated estates and publick barracks in this state should be sold, and that the state debts of every kind should be received in payment: that the remaining debts of the state should be then discharged by taxes, in which the state securities should be taken in payment.

By order of the committee,

ABRAHAM CLARK.

To which report the house agreed.

The bill, intitled, 'an act for establishing a coinage of copper in this state,' was read a third time; on the question, whether the said bill do pass? It was carried in the negative, as follows:

Yeas. Messrs. Blauvelt, Schuurman, Bunn, Blair, R. S. Smith, Biddle, J. Smith, Davis, Swain, Lambert, Starke, Arnold, Hankinson, Beardlee.

Nays. Messrs. Terhune, Nicoll, Garritte, A. Clark, Marsh, Combs, Bonney, Schenck, Kelley, Cooper, T. Clark, Sinnickson, Hall, Baker, Whilden, Houghton, Cook, Burgin, Bowen, Sheppard.

Ordered, That Mr. Blair do wait on the council, and acquaint them that the said bill is rejected by this house.

Mr. Blair reported, that he had obeyed the order of the house.

A motion was made by Mr. Marsh, seconded by Mr. Walton, for leave to present a bill with the following title: 'an act for striking and making current one hundred thousand pounds in bills of credit, to be let out on loan, and directing the mode of sinking the same;' on the question, whether the house agree thereto? It was carried in the affirmative, as follows:

Yeas. Messrs. Garritte, A. Clark, Marsh, Combs, Bonney, Walton, Schenck, Stillwell, Bunn, Blair, Kelley, Baker, Lambert, Houghton, Cook, Starke, Arnold, Hankinson, Beardlee, Longstreet.

Nays. Messrs. Terhune, Blauvelt, Nicoll, Schuurman, R. S. Smith, Biddle, J. Smith, Cooper, T. Clark, Davis, Sinnickson, Hall, Swain, Whilden, Burgin, Bowen, Sheppard.

Which being read,

Ordered, That the said bill be read a second time.

(To be concluded in our next.)

Foreign Intelligence.

VIENNA, Feb. 18.

THE ambassadors extraordinary from the states of Holland, having been admitted to their audience of leave on the fifth instant, Myneer Van Walfenaar informed the emperor, "that as the mission they had the honour of performing at the Imperial Court being fulfilled by the so much wished for restoration of peace and union between his Imperial majesty and the republick, their high mightinesses had thought proper to recal them."

His Imperial majesty assured their high mightinesses "that he was equally pleased the disputes that had arisen were finally settled."

LONDON, March 10.

Yesterday lord Howe attended on the king at St. James's, and delivered to the king some despatches lately received from Herbert Sawyer, esquire, naval commander in chief on the American station, which were brought over in the Brisk sloop of war arrived at Falmouth.

Mr. Adams, the American minister, was sent on Wednesday evening, and yesterday he had a conference with the two secretaries of state, on occasion of some late advices received from America.

Governor Penn is soon to go out to America in the character of ambassador and plenipotentiary from the British court.—It is supposed that his appointment to this great office is to be attributed to the influence of lord Londale, between whom and the governor there has long subsisted the strictest and most intimate friendship.

A report is prevalent, that the king of Prussia means the ensuing summer to restore the Stadtholder to all his rights of sovereignty over the states of Holland, in which, however, he will be certainly opposed by the arms of France, who wish to render the United States a pure democracy, as in that case France can always command the Belgic power with equal effect, as if the states were her own colonies.

March 16. By letters from the Hague it appears,

that dissention still reigns there with all the violence of party-spirit. The partisans of the stadtholder, or rather some wretches under that specious pretence, have been so ungovernable of late, that orders were given to double the patrols night and day. Pasquinades and other satirical prints have been posted up at every corner of the streets, reflecting on persons of the first abilities in the administration; and a few days ago some of the rioters took their opportunity to chalk out a gibbet on the gates of the French ambassador, and thereon, after the manner of his country, to hang his excellency in effigy.

A gold coinage in guineas and half guineas, from new dies, the date of the present year, is just commencing at the mint in the tower, which will be ready for delivery in April.

Extract of a letter from Madrid, February 6.

"The marquis de Fuentes, who is said to be appointed to the office of representing the Catholic king at the court of London, is just arrived here, and has had several audiences of his majesty, the prince of Asturias, and the minister. This young nobleman, who about four years ago succeeded to the title and estates of his ancestors, is said to be a man of very rare virtues and shining talents, which have recommended him to the prince, who is prime minister, and transacts all public affairs, both foreign and domestic; and such is the attention of this heir to the crown of Spain and the Indies, that he is literally at the head and transacting of all public matters whatever. A minister, as envoy from England, is daily expected, the hotel so long prepared for the earl of Chesterfield being now putting into such condition as if his arrival was certain. There has lately been published a state of the forces of this kingdom, and the dominions thereof, which places the marine at sixty-three ships of the line, and one hundred and eleven others, and the military at sixty-seven thousand men, of which forty thousand are the household guards of the crown, five thousand two hundred dragoons, six thousand cavalry, and the rest infantry, including the garrisons in Europe."

April 11. A letter from Tunis, February 29, says, "It is expected that we shall soon hear of a final accommodation between this regency and the republic of Venice: An English sloop was entrusted with the despatches relative to the treaty, to carry them to the commander in chief of the Venetian squadron, which is still at anchor at Malta. Four voyages have been made from Tunis to Malta on this subject with the propositions of the Bey, and the answer of the Chevalier Emo."

Extract of a letter from Paris, April 4.

"Great preparations are making at the hotel of the comte de Mercei, the Imperial ambassador, for the accommodation of an illustrious visitor who is looked for to arrive some time next week. We expect this great personage to be the emperor, who is coming to visit the Low Countries, and in his way will pass a few days in this capital."

According to the latest advices from Amsterdam, it now is fully apparent that the late war had shook the credit of Holland to its very centre. The East-India company at Amsterdam, notwithstanding the assistance afforded them by the States-General, have not re-established themselves; as a proof of which, five ships, which had been fitting for several months, remain at Amsterdam without a single package on board. Their West-India company are in but little better plight. These and their internal disputes make Holland but in an indifferent situation.

They write from Lisbon, of the 17th ult. that a galley of 16 guns and 40 men, which was cruising off Teneriff, and bore the Moorish flag, was brought in there by the Portuguese frigate Santa Isabella, of 20 guns. As the vessel had taken several Portuguese ships, and was the first under the emperor of Morocco's colours, that had been found making depredations on the Portuguese trade, an account was sent to the Portuguese consul at Mogadore, to lay the matter before the emperor of Morocco, as there is no war between the two powers.

The poor and upright governor Hastings has certainly purchased the Huntingdonshire estate, of Mr. Piggot, for the trifling sum of fifty-five thousand pounds.

American Intelligence.

NEW-YORK, May 18.

A gentleman lately arrived in this city from Europe, has favoured the Printers with a copy of a letter from an American in captivity in Algiers, to Messrs. Dohrman and Co. of Lisbon. The most material part of this letter is contained in the following extract:—

Algiers, 26th January, 1786.

"GENTLEMEN,
"YOUR kind favour, dated the 5th of November, and one dated the 27th of September, came to hand the 7th and 22d instant, and return you our thanks for your favours. When I first wrote to you, our situation was as I represented; but I now have the satisfaction to inform you, that we are all well provided for by the Count D'Espilly, through the intercession of Mr. William Carmichael at Madrid, and Mr. Jefferson at Versailles. The French consul told us, that he had orders to consider the Americans as his own countrymen.—The particular attention of the Count D'Espilly, the French consul, to us, deserves our greatest acknowledgments, also the Swedish consul; so that in reality, we are the esteemed nation at Algiers.—Consul Logie, treated us with indifference, which, I assure you, is much to his discredit; and I was happy when relieved from a dependence so humiliating to Americans.—We live at the house of a French merchant, Mr. Ford; and have letters from our ambassadors giving us comfort, and have reason to think, that we shall soon see one of our countrymen negotiating the peace here. It is known by every consul here,

and is the common talk, that the Americans intend to sue for a peace: it is, however, a very uncertain and important affair, and am afraid that our friends will be very high, as the Spaniards gave a great sum for their peace. It is thought when the Spanish affairs are settled, that those people will break with the northern powers. Should any Americans be so unfortunate as to be taken, you may be assured, it will be detrimental to the peace, and should wish some proposal to be made before the cruizers go out; which, it is supposed, will be about the first of April; and have reason to think they will watch close off your port: I am sure there will be a great risque all over the Atlantic.—We are twenty-one Americans here, and all that are in the marine are allowed about nine shillings sterling a month, &c.

"I remain your most obedient humble servant,

"RICHARD O'BRYAN.

"Messrs. Dohrman and Co. LISBON."

An extract from an eminent character in France, who has served in the armies of the United States during the late war, to his friend in this city, dated Paris, February 1786.

"I visited Cassel, Brunswick, Berlin, Prince Henry's country seat, Potsdam, Silesia, Moravia, Bohemia, Saxony, Magdebourg, &c. I saw people of every description, troops of every kind, and fields of battle. The Prussian troops are indeed admirable. Their infantry is handsome, well exercised and manœuvres in a line better than I conceived to be possible. I have seen twenty thousand men in one line at Breslaw. There was also seventy-five squadrons of an hundred men each, of the best cavalry in the world. Although their horses are indifferent, habit and discipline give them a boldness and a rapidity which is surprising. In Silesia, at Potsdam and Magdebourg, I saw sham battles, where I admired the instruction, and that military routine, which rendered the whole a wonderful piece of machinery.

"The Imperial army is more substantial and more numerous than that of Prussia, but not nearly so well exercised.—The Baron de Steuben was often mentioned—while I had the opportunity of doing justice to his services among us, I was happy to know that he is esteemed in his own country as he deserves."

A letter from Cadiz, dated February 18, says, "Our coasts, as well as those of Portugal, are very much infested by Algerine cruizers; they are exceedingly troublesome, and plunder the ships of all nations that fall in their way, except the British, which pass without interruption. The latter end of last month, an Algerine xebec of twenty-two guns, took a large ship, richly laden, under Russian colours at the Straights mouth, after a sharp contest, and sent her to Algiers. The captain and crew, with several passengers, are all sent into slavery, except one English gentleman, whom the Barbarians sent on shore at Gibraltar."

May 20. Yesterday a countryman in the Fly-Market, for a trifling wager, eat fifty boil'd eggs, shells and all; he performed the task in about fifteen minutes, being elevated on a butcher's block during the operation.

ELIZABETH-TOWN, May 24.

The stock of the bank, lately annihilated in Philadelphia, amounted to 870,400 dollars, in 2176 shares of 400 dollars—285 shares of which belonged to foreigners, chiefly Hollanders—606 shares to inhabitants of New-Hampshire, Massachusetts, Connecticut, New-York, New-Jersey, Delaware and Virginia—1285 to inhabitants of Pennsylvania, of which number 1235 belonged to citizens of Philadelphia.

Great animosities continue in Holland, between the partisans of the states and those of the Stadtholder. A dreadful massacre was expected on the 17th of March;—a company of cavalry rushed upon a few of those termed the Orange party, sword in hand, seized one, and dispersed the remainder. Further outrages were expected the ensuing night, centinels were placed in different parts, and a triple guard ordered upon duty.

CHARLESTON, May 2—8.

Last night, a man (named O'Blain) who has for some time past been employed as a labourer about the city, being much intoxicated, went on board a schooner at Scott's wharf;—the master of which finding him on the deck, seized him, and tying a rope about his neck, ordered one of his men to hoist him up the mast, which was immediately done in so serious a manner, as to put a period to his existence.—The perpetrators of this horrid transaction are properly secured, and it is hoped will meet with that punishment which it justly merits.

A gentleman lately arrived from Jamaica, brings information that it was currently reported, and generally believed, that orders were arrived from England, forbidding in most unequivocal peremptory terms, any intercourse or trade whatever with the United States of America. The lieutenant-governor has not as yet put those ill-judged orders into full force, from an apprehension that an insurrection would be the consequence.

A correspondent observes, that as nothing cements mankind together firmly so much as mutual interest; that it would be proper, in case Great-Britain should enter into a commercial treaty with the United States of America, to let each vessel that may be employed in transporting merchandize from one country to the other, be one half owned by the British, and the other half by the Americans. This would tend to unite the two countries together in a firmer bond of friendship, than they ever were; for then, the power that injured one country would injure the other, which would make it the mutual interest of both countries to punish any nation or people that dared to molest them in their trade; and would, in all human probability, keep them united in the bonds of friendship to the

end of time.—A contract of this kind might also induce Great-Britain to permit the United States to trade to her West-India islands, in vessels in which her own subjects were half concerned.—The interest of the inhabitants of both countries would then be exerted on both sides the Atlantic, &c. to get such vessels fully loaded, by which there would be the greatest probability of their making money.

RICHMOND, May 10.

A gold medal was voted to Mr. John Leigh, of Virginia, on the first of February, by the Harveyan Society of Edinburgh, for having written the best dissertation on the properties of opium, and its effects on living subjects.

Extract of a letter from Berkley, (Charles City County)

May 7, 1786.

"On Saturday the 29th of April, a man was taken up floating in the river in a sailor's dress, that is, a very good blue waistcoat or sea jacket, under it a brown waistcoat, double breasted, and a pair of brown overalls, good shoes, stockings and buckles, a black cravat, and silver stone sleeve buttons in his sleeves, in his pockets was silver to the amount of four pounds seven shillings and eight-pence, a cambric stock, and silver stock-buckle, and several other trifles. He was a well set man, full faced, dark hair, and about five feet six or seven inches high. There appeared to me and several other persons who were present when he was first brought on shore, evident marks of violence on him, and this information is given to the publick, that his friends may enquire into the cause of his death, and apply for the above articles."

PHILADELPHIA, May 17.

Extract of a letter from Osend, February 2.

"Two ships are fitting here by some merchants, under the auspices and with the emperor's particular privilege, for the Newfoundland fishery; they are of 400 tons each. We understand that his Imperial majesty has procured permission from France for his ships to exercise within the French limits; and that two will sail annually from this port. They are, however, constantly to use the Austrian flag. The present ships are well provided in every respect."

Extract of a letter from London, March 1.

"The new prophet, who has appeared in the Turkish dominions, increases the number of his followers every day. One very strong inducement is, no doubt, that he has permitted them to drink wine, which was expressly forbidden by Mahomet. Sacrificing to the appetites of the mob, is the surest way to gain their favour, and this maxim will hold truth from the mob at Constantinople to the independent electors of a borough in England."

May 24. A letter from a gentleman at Port M'Intosh, dated May 4, says, "This day I am to set off with captain Ziegler's company for the Miami, to reinforce major Finney, who is likely to suffer there by the savages. Another company is to reinforce major Doughty at Muckingham; so that you will readily perceive we do not think ourselves so perfectly secure as is generally imagined."

By the Eagle, captain Blane, arrived from Glasgow at New-York, a letter dated Greenock, April 1, 1786, advises, that the ship Friendship, captain M'Adam, was to sail with passengers from Belfast for Philadelphia, about the first of May, wind and weather permitting: also, that the ship Alexander, captain Ritchie, arrived safe at Galway in Ireland, from New-York; and that she was expected to sail from Greenock for Philadelphia in May.

The sloop Clinton, Stewart, from New-York, arrived at Amsterdam, after a passage of five weeks.

TRENTON, May 29.

Friday last, an act for emitting 100,000 pounds in bills of credit, was passed by the legislature of this state, making these bills a legal tender in all cases whatsoever.

At the supreme court on the twenty-third instant, JOHN-YOUNG NOEL, Esquire, was sworn and admitted a counsellor at law, having been previously examined agreeably to the rules of court, and received his excellency the governor's license.

TO BE SOLD, AT PUBLICK VENDUE,

ON Monday the tenth day of July next, at three o'clock in the afternoon, at the sign of the college in Princeton, two lots of ground, situate in said town, on the north side of the main street, as follows:—
No. 1. Containing in front, on said street, sixty-one feet or thereabouts, and in depth five hundred and forty-three feet, more or less.

No. 2. Adjoining of same dimensions, No. 1, with a two story frame house and small kitchen thereon, late the estate of Alexander Gaa, deceased. The conditions of sale, one third of the money down, one third in a year after, the other third in two years with interest and security on the premises. By order of the orphan's court.

ROBERT M'GEE, Admr.

Princeton, May 22, 1786.

6w*

To the Publick.

WHEREAS Joseph Disbury, on the 20th of April, 1786, broke out of Easton gaol with David Cock, who have since been taken up, and are confined in Trenton gaol. Joseph Disbury is about twenty-seven years of age, five feet ten inches high, black hair. If any person or persons have any demands against the said Disbury, they are desired to come and take him away, or he will be discharged from his confinement in three weeks from the date hereof.

DAVID WRIGHTER, Gaoler.

Trenton, May 27, 1786.

3w*

American Blistered Steel,
Warranted equal in quality to the best steel imported
from Europe, and to be sold by
John Nancarrow and White Matlack,
Under the FIRM of
NANCARROW and MATLACK,

AT the stores of John Helling's on Stamper's
wharf, and in Second-street, between Race and
Vine-streets; at Greenfield and Humphreys' store on
Chefnut-street wharf, at Baker, Potts and Co's. store
in Third-street, at Michael Gunckle's store, the north
east corner of Race-street, at Casper Singer and Sons
in Market-street, and at Benjamin Davis's store in
Arch-street, between Front and Second-streets; and
also by most of the merchants in Trenton.

The great encouragement given the said John Nan-
carrow, by the rapid sale of the steel he has made,
previous to and during the late war, has induced the
said Nancarrow and Matlack to assure the publick,
that as they intend to carry on the steel manufactory
in an extensive and spirited manner, they are deter-
mined to spare no pains to render their steel worthy
the character given it.

Trenton, Jan. 3, 1786. t. f.

Three Pounds Reward.

STOLEN out of the stable of the subscriber, on the
night of the tenth instant, a sorrel mare, near fif-
teen hands high, nine years old, trots and canters,
grey mane, has lost her near eye, and has a rupture
on one side scarcely perceivable. Whoever secures said
mare, and returns her to the owner, shall be intitled
to the above reward if taken above forty miles from
home, if within that distance, one guinea, and all
reasonable charges, paid by **ISRAEL CLARKE.**
Stony-Brook, April 12, 1786. 4w* t. f.

Four Dollars Reward.

STRAYED from the subscriber, in Lower-Freehold,
Monmouth county, in May 1785, an iron grey
mare, rising three years old, about fourteen hands
high, natural trotter, and not docked nor broken.
Whoever takes up said mare, and returns her to the sub-
scriber, shall have the above reward, and all reasona-
ble charges, paid by **JOHN COVENHOVEN.**
May 12, 1786. 5w*

THE partnership of **COLLINS AND EWING** be-
ing dissolved, their remaining stock in trade, con-
sisting of a very general assortment of goods, suitable
for the season, will be sold in quantities, or the whole
together, on very reasonable terms.
Cash, country produce, or Thompson's notes, will
be received in payment.

T O B E S O L D,

A valuable Tract of LAND,
CONTAINING 300 acres, situate within three miles
of Trenton, in the county of Burlington, and
township of Nottingham, and within 2 miles of Lam-
berton, where it is expected the federal town will be
erected. On said tract there is clay and wood suffi-
cient to make brick for the building, it being all woodland,
except twelve acres; one hundred of it may be made
good meadow, which may be laid from six inches to
one foot under water, or kept dry all winter, as the
purchaser shall please; and contiguous to it there is
great range for cattle. Paper money, notes given to the
officers and soldiers of the Jersey line, and final settle-
ment of their pay, loan-office certificates, and notes
given by Benjamin Thompson, Esq, will be taken in
payment. For further particulars enquire of Robert
Pearson, in Nottingham, Joseph Milnor or the sub-
scriber in Trenton. **JOSEPH HIGBEE.**
N. B. The meadow-land is a deep rich soil, and not
subject to be flooded.
May 28, 1785. t f

Fifty Dollars Reward.

STOLEN out of the stables of the subscribers, on
the night of the 14th ult. in Amwell township,
Hunterdon county, state of New-Jersey, a sorrel horse,
about seven years old, fourteen hands and one inch
high, his near eye out, has a star and snip, his tail
not docked, trots and canters; also a chefnut
sorrel mare, about eight years old, fourteen hands
and three inches high, her hind feet white near to the
hams, bald faced, not docked, natural trotter; also
stolen out of the stable of Abraham Funk, in Spring-
field township, Bucks county, state of Pennsylvania,
a dark brown horse, five years old, fourteen hands
three inches high, with a small star and snip, and
a scar on his near hind foot between the pasture joint
and hoof, naturally trots and canters. Whoever ap-
prehends said thief or thieves, so that he or they may be
brought to justice, and the owners get their horses again,
shall have the above reward, or three pounds for either
of the horses, and reasonable charges.

**JEDIAH HIGGINS,
SAMUEL HILLS,
ABRAHAM FUNK.**
3w*

May 19, 1786.

TRENTON: Printed by ISAAC COLLINS. Subscriptions for this Gazette are taken in by the Printer hereof, at TEN SHILLINGS per Annum: Adver-
tisements of a moderate Length inserted at 3/9 each the first Week, and 1/3 for every Continuance, and long Ones in Proportion; and by whom Essays and Arti-
cles of Intelligence are thankfully received—And all Manner of printing Work performed with Care, Fidelity and Expedition

**T O B E S O L D,
By PUBLICK VENDUE,**

AT the house of the subscriber, in Greenwich
township, county of Suffex, state of New-Jersey,
on Saturday the 17th day of June next, a valuable
plantation, containing 320 acres of excellent wheat
land, about 200 acres of said plantation are cleared, and
under good fence, the remainder excellent timber land.
There is an excellent pump of good water at the door,
with a small log dwellinghouse, barn and stable, and a
young orchard of about 100 apple-trees on said place,
it lies within one mile of Delaware river, by which
they may export their produce to Trenton or Phila-
delphia at a very small expence. The vendue to be-
gin precisely at ten o'clock of said day, when due at-
tendance with conditions of sale and an indisputable
title will be given, by **JOHN CALHOON.**
April 7, 1786. 10w*

SOLDIERS WANTED.

THEY will be furnished with every necessary article
of clothing, arms and accoutrements. Thirty
shillings per month and two dollars advance; apply
as follows, at New-Brunswick to captain John Mer-
cer, at Morris-Town to Mahlon Ford, lieutenant,
and at Suffex to Francis Luse, ensign. Sober prudent
young men, who have no farms of their own, will, by
entering into the service, have the best opportunity of
seeing the interior parts of the country, and choosing
farms where it will best suit them, and their pay will
be sufficient to purchase as good a farm as any in New-
Jersey. t. f.

Sixty Dollars Reward.

BROKE out of Trenton gaol last night, John Fisher
and John Anderson, the persons who were lately
committed for offering to sell sundry counterfeit certi-
ficates. John Fisher is a likely smooth faced man,
about 28 years of age, 5 feet 8 inches high, long hair,
which, on the top of his head, combs back and ties;
he is dressed in a light blue coat, black jacket, and
royal rib breeches. John Anderson is a likely looking
man, about 23 years of age, 6 feet high, long dark
hair, brown coat, striped silk shag jacket, and royal
rib breeches. Also a mulatto man named Charles, be-
longing to John Anderson, esq. late sheriff of Hun-
terdon county, about 6 feet high, and well set: had
on a bearskin coat and jacket, leather breeches and
blue stockings. Whoever takes up said runaways, and
delivers them to the subscriber, shall have the above re-
ward, or twenty dollars for either, and reasonable
charges, paid by **DAVID RIGHTER, Gaoler.**
Trenton, March 30, 1786. t. f.

A GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

UNDER the direction of the Rev. Andrew Hunter,
is now opened at Woodbury, nine miles from
the city of Philadelphia, where the Greek, Latin and
English languages are taught with great attention to
quantity and pronunciation; also several other useful
branches of science.
An examination of the scholars will be holden every
three months, when gentlemen who choose to attend
may judge of their improvement, and the method of
teaching. Convenient accommodations may be had in
the town, in families where regularity and good mor-
als prevail.
May 1, 1786. 3m

Notice is hereby given,

New-Jersey, } TO all the creditors of John
Middlesex county, } Jonson, an insolvent debtor,
confined in the gaol of said county for debt, that they be
and appear before two of the judges of the inferior court
of common-pleas for said county, on Thursday the 11th
day of May next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at
the house of major Thomas Egbert, in the city of
New-Brunswick, then and there to shew cause, if any
they have, why an assignment of the said debtor's
estate should not be made for the benefit of all his cre-
ditors, and said prisoner be thereupon discharged from
his confinement, pursuant to an act of the legislature
of this state, intitled, 'an act for the relief of insol-
vent debtors. **JOHN JONSON.**
April 13, 1786. 4w*

Publick notice is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber intends to make application
to the supreme court of the state of New-Jersey,
in the term of September next, to be then held at Tren-
ton, to supply the loss of the deeds for a tract or tracts
of one hundred and three acres of land and swamp, or
thereabouts, in the township of Woolwich, in Glou-
cester county, one hundred acres of which were sur-
veyed for Samuel Shevers, of Gloucester county, de-
ceased, on or about the 24th February 1737-8, and are
bounded, and supposed to be bounding, on lands of
Hendrickson-John Ladd, Isaac Helm, and others, and
which same one hundred acres were conveyed unto
William Watson, the father of the subscriber, in fee
by the same Shevers, and now belongs to
WILLIAM WATSON,
of Woolwich, Gloucester county.
May 15, 1786. 3m*

WRITING-PAPER,

To be sold, wholesale and retail, by the Printer.

Notice is hereby given,

TO the creditors of John Reynolds and John Eaton,
insolvent debtors, now confined in the common
gaol of the county of Monmouth, to appear before
two of the judges of the inferior court of common-
pleas for said county, at the house of mr. John Long-
street, innkeeper, at Freehold, on Saturday the tenth
day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of
the same day, and shew cause, if any they have, why
an assignment of the said John Reynolds's and John
Eaton's estates should not be made, and they discharg-
ed agreeably to an act of the legislature of New-Jersey,
in such case made and provided.

**JOHN REYNOLDS,
JOHN EATON.**

Monmouth gaol, April 27, 1786. 3w*

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Michael
Johnston, deceased, by purchase at vendue, bonds,
bills, notes or book debts, or any other way, are re-
quested to discharge the same, on the twenty-fifth
and twenty-sixth of this instant, at the house of the
widow Taylor, called the Burnt Tavern, where atten-
dance will be given by the subscriber. And all
those that will not comply, may depend on having the
same put in suit; and all those that have any demands
against said estate, to bring in their accounts properly
attested to be settled.

PETER JOHNSTON, Admrs.

Freehold, May 5, 1786. 4w*

**By the United States in Con-
gress assembled,**

NOVEMBER 2, 1785.

ON a report of the board of treasury,
to whom was referred a letter of the
24th October, from J. Pierce, commissi-
oner of army accounts:

RESOLVED, That all persons having
claims for services performed in the mili-
tary department, be directed to exhibit
the same for liquidation, to the commissi-
oner of army accounts, on or before the
first day of August ensuing the date here-
of; and that all claims under the descripti-
on above-mentioned, which may be exhi-
bited after that period, shall forever there-
after be precluded from adjustment or al-
lowance; and that the commissioner of
army accounts, give publick notice of
this resolve, in all the states, for the space
of six months.

6m **CHA. THOMSON, Sec'ry.**

A number of **JOCELIN'S
SINGING-BOOKS**
To be had at the Printing-Office in Trenton.

PURSUANT to the directi-

ons contained in the act, intitled, 'An act to
call in all contractors and surplus certificates, to issue
state notes to the holders, and to procure a more ac-
curate estimate of the state debt.'

Notice is hereby given,

That the subscriber will open an office for the li-
quidation and settlement of such of the above describ-
ed certificates as shall be presented to him for that
purpose, at Daniel Halsey's, in Morristown, on the third
day of May next, and continue ten days; at major
Egbert's, in Brunswick, on the fifteenth, and conti-
nue two weeks; at John Anderson's, in Rahway, the
twenty-ninth; and at William Scudder's, in West-
Field, the fifth of June, and continue one week at
each place; at Samuel Mun's, Newark Mountains, the
twelfth of June, and continue two weeks; at Adam
Boyd's, in Hackensack, the twenty-sixth of June; at
Garret Hopper's, in Paramus, the third of July; at
in Pompton, the tenth; at Phineas
Randolph's, in Suckasunna, the seventeenth; at Hoag-
land's, in Suffex, the twenty-fourth; at Willis's, at
Suffex Courthouse, the thirty-first; at the widow Swa-
zey's, in Oxford, the seventh of August; at David
M'Pheron's in Quaker-Town, the fourteenth; at Tho-
mas Bulman's, in Pennington, the twenty-first; at
Skilman's, in Somerset, the twenty-eighth;
at Samuel Annin's, the fourth of September, and con-
tinue in each of these places one week; and at Daniel
Halsey's, in Morristown, the eleventh of September,
and continue until the first day of October, at which
time his office will be closed. At the above times and
places he will settle and adjust all such certificates as
shall be presented to him, which have been given by
the superintendent of purchases, contractors, collectors,
agents, and commissioners, for the payment of which
the state is accountable. All persons holding such
certificates are therefore requested to take particular
notice of the above times and places, as the law li-
mits the time for transacting this business to the
first of October aforesaid, and all those will be
finally excluded which are not brought in before that
time. **SILAS CONDUCT, Commissioner.**
March 15, 1786. t. f.