

**CHAPTER 70**  
**AGRICULTURAL LIMING MATERIALS**

**Authority**

N.J.S.A. 4:9-21.1 et seq., specifically 4:9-21.11.

**Source and Effective Date**

R.2011 d.036, effective December 22, 2010.  
See: 42 N.J.R. 1936(a), 43 N.J.R. 173(c).

**Chapter Expiration Date**

Chapter 70, Agricultural Liming Materials, expires on December 22, 2015.

**Chapter Historical Note**

Chapter 70, Agricultural Liming Materials, was filed and became effective prior to September 1, 1969.

Pursuant to Executive Order No. 66(1978), Chapter 70, Agricultural Liming Materials, was readopted as R.1985 d.265, effective May 7, 1985. See: 17 N.J.R. 765(a), 17 N.J.R. 1407(c). Pursuant to Executive Order No. 66(1978), Chapter 70 expired on May 7, 1990.

Chapter 70, Agricultural Liming Materials, was adopted as new rules by R.1990 d.414, effective August 20, 1990. See: 22 N.J.R. 1411(a), 22 N.J.R. 2503(a).

Chapter 70, Agricultural Liming Materials, was readopted as R.1995 d.455, effective July 28, 1995. See: 27 N.J.R. 2034(a), 27 N.J.R. 3155(c).

Pursuant to Executive Order No. 66(1978), Chapter 70, Agricultural Liming Materials, was readopted as R.2000 d.228, effective May 5, 2000. See: 32 N.J.R. 736(a), 32 N.J.R. 2046(c).

Chapter 70, Agricultural Liming Materials, was readopted as R.2005 d.328, effective August 26, 2005. See: 37 N.J.R. 1915(a), 37 N.J.R. 3809(b).

Chapter 70, Agricultural Liming Materials, was readopted as R.2011 d.036, effective December 22, 2010. See: Source and Effective Date.

**CHAPTER TABLE OF CONTENTS**

**SUBCHAPTER 1. PHYSICAL CLASSIFICATION (FINENESS)**

- 2:70-1.1 Limestone classified “pulverized”
- 2:70-1.2 Limestone labeled “ground”
- 2:70-1.3 Limestone labeled “granular”
- 2:70-1.4 Limestone failing to meet standards
- 2:70-1.5 Burnt limes
- 2:70-1.6 Hydrated limes
- 2:70-1.7 Inspection fee
- 2:70-1.8 Slurries and suspensions

**2:70-1.1 Limestone classified “pulverized”**

Limestone shall be classified as “pulverized” when at least 98 percent passes through a number 20 sieve, 70 percent through a number 60 sieve and 55 percent through a number 100 sieve.

As amended, R.1980 d.239, eff. June 2, 1980.  
See: 12 N.J.R. 248(a), 12 N.J.R. 378(b).

**2:70-1.2 Limestone labeled “ground”**

Limestone shall be labeled as “ground” when it fails to meet the standards set forth in N.J.A.C. 2:70-1.1, but when at least 98 percent passes through a number 20 sieve, 60 percent through a number 60 sieve and 40 percent through a number 100 sieve.

**2:70-1.3 Limestone labeled “granular”**

Limestone shall be labeled as “granular” when it fails to meet either of the standards set forth in N.J.A.C. 2:70-1.1 and 1.2, but when at least 98 percent passes through a number 20 sieve, 55 percent through a number 60 sieve and 30 percent through a number 100 sieve.

**2:70-1.4 Limestone failing to meet standards**

Materials failing to meet any of the standards set forth in N.J.A.C. 2:70-1.1, 1.2 and 1.3 may not be sold as agricultural limestone.

**2:70-1.5 Burnt limes**

All burnt limes shall be of such fineness that 75 percent will pass through a number 20 sieve, 50 percent through a number 60 sieve and 30 percent through a number 100 sieve.

**2:70-1.6 Hydrated limes**

All hydrated limes shall be of such fineness that 98 percent will pass through a number 20 sieve, 95 percent through a number 60 sieve and 80 percent through a number 100 sieve.

**2:70-1.7 Inspection fee**

(a) In assessing the inspection fee for any licensee pursuant to N.J.S.A. 4:9-21.8, the department shall collect payment only from the producer for any liming material sold for use in New Jersey.

(b) Producers of any liming material who pay the inspection fee should advise purchasers and inform the Department of Agriculture to avoid double assessment.

R.1976 d.206, eff. July 1, 1976.  
See: 8 N.J.R. 267(b), 8 N.J.R. 369(c).

**2:70-1.8 Slurries and suspensions**

Agricultural liming materials when offered for sale in slurry or suspension form shall be derived from agricultural liming materials whose composition meets the requirements of the act and must be additionally labeled so as to disclose the composition (calcium oxide and magnesium oxide) of the slurry. The minimum total oxide content of the slurry that may be offered for sale is 15 percent total oxides.

R.1978 d.81, eff. March 6, 1978.  
See: 10 N.J.R. 54(a), 10 N.J.R. 135(a).  
As amended, R.1980 d.239, eff. June 2, 1980.  
See: 12 N.J.R. 248(a), 12 N.J.R. 378(b).