APPENDIX

EXHIBIT A

[Carrier] **PLAN A**

SMALL GROUP HEALTH BENEFITS BASIC POLICY

POLICYHOLDER: [ABC Company]

GROUP POLICY NUMBER: [G-12345]

GOVERNING JURISDICTION: New Jersey

EFFECTIVE DATE OF POLICY: [January 1, 2004]

POLICY ANNIVERSARIES: [January 1st of each year beginning in 2005.]

PREMIUM DUE DATES: [Effective Date, and the first day of the month beginning with February, 2004.]

AFFILIATED COMPANIES: [DEF Company]

[Carrier] in consideration of the application for this Policy and of the payment of premiums as stated herein, agrees to pay benefits in accordance with and subject to the terms of this Policy. This Policy is delivered in the jurisdiction specified above and is governed by the laws thereof.

The provisions set forth on the following pages constitute this Policy.

The Effective Date is specified above.

This Policy takes effect on the Effective Date, if it is duly attested below. It continues as long as the required premiums are paid, unless it ends as described in the **General Provisions** section.

[Secretary President]

[Dividends are apportioned each year.]

[Include legal name, trade name, phone, fax and e-mail numbers by which consumers may contact the carrier, including at least one toll-free number for Covered Persons]]

POLICY INDEX

SECTION PAGE(S)
Schedule of Insurance and Premium Rates
General Provisions
Claims Provisions
[Planholders]
Definitions
Employee Coverage
[Dependent Coverage]
[Preferred Provider Organizations Provisions]
[Point of Service Provisions]
[Appeals Procedure]
[Continuation of Care]
Health Benefits Insurance
[Utilization Review Features]
[Specialty Case Management]
[Centers of Excellence Features]
Exclusions
Continuation Rights
[Conversion Rights for Divorced Spouses]
[Effect of Interaction with a Health Maintenance Organization Plan]
Coordination of Benefits and Services
Benefits for Automobile Related Injuries
Medicare as Secondary Payor

New Jersey State Library

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE AND PREMIUM RATES PLAN A

This Policy's classifications, and the insurance coverages and amounts which apply to each class are shown below:

CLASS(ES)
[All eligible employees]

EMPLOYEE [AND DEPENDENT] HEALTH BENEFITS

Calendar Year Cash Deductible:

•for Hospital Confinement	None (Note: See Hospital Confinement Copayment)
•for Preventive Care	None
•for immunizations and lead screening for children	None
•for All Other Charges	
-per Covered Person	$250
[-per Covered Family	[$500] [Note: Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]] [$750]

Hospital Confinement Copayment

-per day	$ 250
-maximum Copayment per Period of Confinement	$1,250
-maximum Copayment per Covered Person per Calendar Year	$2,500

Coinsurance
Coinsurance is the percentage of a Covered Charge that must be paid by a Covered Person. However, [Carrier] will waive the Coinsurance requirement once the Coinsurance Cap has been reached. This Policy's Coinsurance, as shown below, does not include Cash Deductibles, Copayments, penalties incurred under this Policy's Utilization Review provisions, or any other Non-Covered Charge.

The **Coinsurance** for this Policy is as follows:

•for Preventive Care	None
•for Facility charges made by:	
-a Hospital	20%
-an Ambulatory Surgical Center	20%
-a Birthing Center	20%
-an Extended Care Center or Rehabilitation Center	20%
-a Hospice	20%
•for the following Covered Charges incurred while the Covered Person is an Inpatient in a Hospital:	
-Prescription Drugs	20%
-Blood Transfusions	20%
-Infusion Therapy	20%
-Chemotherapy	20%
-Radiation Therapy	20%
• for all other Covered Charges	50%

Maximum Out of Pocket per Covered Person per each Calendar Year $7,750

Daily Room and Board Limits

•During a Period of Hospital Confinement

For semi-private room and board accommodations, [Carrier] will cover charges up to the Hospital's actual daily semi- private room and board rate.

For private room and board accommodation, [Carrier] will cover charges up to the Hospital's average daily semi- private room and board rate, or if the Hospital does not have semi-private accommodations, 80% of its lowest daily room and board rate. However, if the Covered Person is being isolated in a private room because the Covered Person has a communicable Illness, [Carrier] will cover charges up to the Hospital's actual private room charge.

For Special Care Units, [Carrier] will cover charges up to the Hospital's actual daily room and board charge for the Special Care Unit.

•During a Confinement In An Extended Care Center Or Rehabilitation Center

[Carrier] will cover the lesser of:
a) the center's actual daily room and board charge; or
b) 50% of the covered daily room and board charge made by the Hospital during the Covered Person's preceding Hospital confinement, for semi-private accommodations.

Pre-Approval is required for charges incurred in connection with:
- Extended Care and Rehabilitation
- Home Health Care
- Hospice Care

[Carrier] will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for treatment, services and supplies which are not Pre-Approved by [Carrier] provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under this Policy.

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE AND PREMIUM RATES EXAMPLE: PLAN A PPO with common Deductible and Maximum Out of Pocket

This Policy's classifications, and the insurance coverages and amounts which apply to each class are shown below:

CLASS(ES)
[All eligible employees]

EMPLOYEE [AND DEPENDENT] HEALTH BENEFITS

Calendar Year Cash Deductible:	
•for Hospital Confinement	None (Note: See Hospital Confinement Copayment)
•for Preventive Care	None
•for immunizations and lead screening for children	None
•for All Other Charges	
-per Covered Person	$250
[-per Covered Family	[$500] [Note: Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]] [$750]

Hospital Confinement Copayment	
-per day	$ 250
-maximum Copayment per Period of Confinement	$1,250
-maximum Copayment per Covered Person per Calendar Year	$2,500

Coinsurance
Coinsurance is the percentage of a Covered Charge that must be paid by a Covered Person. However, [Carrier] will waive the Coinsurance requirement once Coinsured Charge Limit has been reached. This Policy's Coinsurance, as shown below, does not Cash Deductibles, Copayments. penalties incurred under this Policy's Utilization Review provisions, or any other Non-Covered Charge.

	If treatment, services or supplies are given by: a Network Provider	a Non-Network Provider
The Coinsurance for this Policy is as follows:		
•for Preventive Care	None	None
•for Facility charges made by:		
-a Hospital	None	20%
-An Ambulatory Surgical Center	None	20%
-A Birthing Center	None	20%
-an Extended Care Center or Rehabilitation Center	None	20%
-a Hospice	None	20%
•for the following Covered Charges incurred while the Covered Person is an Inpatient in a Hospital:		
-Prescription Drugs	None	20%
-Blood Transfusions	None	20%
-Infusion Therapy	None	20%
-Chemotherapy	None	20%
-Radiation Therapy	None	20%
•for all other Covered Charges	70%	50%
Maximum Out of Pocket:		$5,000

Daily Room and Board Limits

• **During a Period of Hospital Confinement**
For semi-private room and board accommodations, [Carrier] will cover charges up to the Hospital's actual daily semi-private room and board rate.

For private room and board accommodations, [Carrier] will cover charges up to the Hospital's average daily semi- private room and board rate, or if the Hospital does not have semi-private accommodations, 80% of its lowest daily room and board rate. However, if the Covered Person is being isolated in a private room because the Covered Person has a communicable Illness, [Carrier] will cover charges up to the Hospital's actual private room charge.

For Special Care Units, [Carrier] will cover charges up to the Hospital's actual daily room and board charge for the Special Care Unit.

•During a Confinement In An Extended Care Center Or Rehabilitation Center
[Carrier] will cover the lesser of:
a) the center's actual daily room and board charge; or
b) 50% of the covered daily room and board charge made by the Hospital during the Covered Person's preceding Hospital confinement, for semi-private accommodations.

Pre-Approval is required for charges incurred in connection with:
- Extended Care and Rehabilitation
- Home Health Care
- Hospice Care

[Carrier] will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for treatment, services and supplies which are not Pre-Approved by [Carrier] provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under this Policy.

Payment Limits: For Illness or Injury, [Carrier] will pay up to the payment limit shown below:

Charges for Inpatient Hospital confinement	30 days
Charges for Home Health Care	exchange basis * for Hospital days
Charges for Extended Care or Rehabilitation Center Care	exchange basis * for Hospital days
Charges for Hospice Care	exchange basis * for Hospital days

*See the **Covered Charges** section for a description of the exchange rules.

Charges for Preventive Care per Calendar Year (Not subject to Cash Deductible or Coinsurance)	
-per Covered Person	$100
[-per Covered Family	$300]
Per Lifetime Maximum Benefit (for all Illnesses and Injuries)	$1,000.000

PREMIUM RATES
[The initial monthly premium rates, in U.S. dollars, for the insurance provided under this Policy are as follows:

Coverage	**Premium Rate**
Health Benefits	
-per Employee	$9999.99]
[-per Employee and spouse	$9999.99
-per Employee and child(ren)	$9999.99
-per Employee, spouse and child(ren)	$9999.99]

[Carrier] has the right to prospectively change any premium rate(s) set forth above at the times and in the manner established by the provision **Premium Rate Changes** section of this Policy.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

THE POLICY
The entire Policy consists of:
[a) the forms shown in the Policy Index as of the Effective Date;
b)] the Policyholder's application, a copy of which is attached to this Policy;
[c)] any riders, [endorsements] or amendments to this Policy and
[d)] the individual applications, if any, of the persons covered.

STATEMENTS
No statement will avoid the insurance under this Policy, or be used in defense of a claim hereunder unless:
a) in the case of the Policyholder, it is contained in the application signed by the Policyholder; or
b) in the case of a Covered Person, it is contained in a written instrument signed by the Covered Person, and a copy of which is furnished to the Covered Person.
All statements will be deemed representations and not warranties.

INCONTESTABILITY OF THIS POLICY
There will be no contest of the validity of this Policy, except for not paying premiums, after it has been in force for 2 years from the Effective Date.

No statement in any application, except a fraudulent statement, made by the Policyholder or by a person insured under this Policy shall be used in contesting the validity of his or her insurance or in denying a claim for a loss incurred after such insurance has been in force for two years during the person's lifetime. Note: There is no time limit with respect to a contest in connection with fraudulent statements.

AMENDMENT
This Policy may be amended, at any time, without the consent of the Covered Persons or of anyone else with a beneficial interest in it. This can be done through written request made by the Policyholder and agreed to by [Carrier]. [Carrier] may also make amendments to this Policy, as provided in b. and c. below. [Carrier] will give the Policyholder 30 days advance written notice. An amendment will not affect benefits for a service or supply furnished before the date of change.

Only an officer of [Carrier] has authority to waive any conditions or restrictions of this Policy; or to extend the time in which a premium may be paid; or to make or change a Policy; or to bind [Carrier] by a promise or representation or by information given or received.

No change in this Policy is valid unless the change is shown in one of the following ways:

[a) It is shown in an endorsement on it signed by an officer of [Carrier].]
[b)] In the case of a change in this Policy that has been automatically made to satisfy the requirements of any state or federal law that applies to this Policy, as provided in the **Conformity With Law** section, it is shown in an amendment to it that is signed by an officer of [Carrier].
[c)] In the case of a change required by [Carrier], it is shown in an amendment to it that:
- is signed by an officer of [Carrier]; and
- is accepted by the Policyholder as evidenced by payment of a premium becoming due under this Policy on or after the Effective Date of such change.

[d)] In the case of a written request by the Policyholder for a change, it is shown in an amendment to it signed by the Policyholder and by an officer of [Carrier].

AFFILIATED COMPANIES
If the Policyholder asks [Carrier] in writing to include an Affiliated Company under this Policy, and [Carrier] gives written approval for the inclusion, [Carrier] will treat Employees of that company like the Policyholder's Employees. [Carrier's] written approval will include the starting date of the company's coverage under this Policy. But each eligible Employee of that company must still meet all the terms and conditions of this Policy before becoming covered.

An Employee of the Policyholder and one or more Affiliated Companies will be considered an Employee of only one of those Employers for the purpose of this Policy. That Employee's service with multiple Employers will be treated as service with that one.

The Policyholder must notify [Carrier] in writing when a company stops being an Affiliated Company. As of this date, this Policy will be considered to end for Employees of that Employer. This applies to all of those Employees except those who, on the next day, are employed by the Policyholder or another Affiliated Company as eligible Employees.

PREMIUM AMOUNTS
The premium due on each premium due date is the sum of the premium charges for the coverage then provided. Those charges are determined from the premium rates then in effect and the Employees [and Dependents] then covered.

If one or more of the premiums paid include charges for an Employee [and or Dependent] whose coverage has ended before the due date of that premium, [Carrier] will not be required to refund more than the premiums paid for the two months prior to the date [Carrier] receives written notice from the Policyholder that the Employee's [and or Dependent's] coverage has ended, provided no claims have been incurred during that period. If claims have been incurred during the period prior to [Carrier's] receipt of written notice that the Employee [and Dependent's] coverage has ended, [Carrier] shall not be required to refund premium to the Policyholder.

PAYMENT OF PREMIUMS - GRACE PERIOD
Premiums are to be paid by the Policyholder to [Carrier]. Each may be paid at a [Carrier's] office [or to one of its authorized agents.] A premium payment is due on each premium due date stated on the first page of this Policy. The Policyholder may pay each premium other than the first within 31 days of the premium due date without being charged interest. Those days are known as the grace period. The Policyholder is liable to pay premiums to [Carrier] for the time this Policy is in force.

[REINSTATEMENT
If the premium has not been paid before the end of the grace period, this Policy automatically terminates as of the last day of the grace period. The Policyholder may make written request to the [Carrier] that the Policy be reinstated. If the [Carrier] accepts the request for reinstatement, the Policyholder must pay all unpaid premiums back to the date premium was last paid. Such payment is subject to the premium rate then in effect and to [the payment of the reinstatement fee as established by the [Carrier.] [an interest charge, determined as a percentage of the unpaid amount.] The percentage will be determined by the [Carrier] but will not be more than the maximum percentage allowed by law.]

PREMIUM RATE CHANGES
The premium rates in effect on the Effective Date are shown in this Policy's Schedule. [Carrier] has the right to prospectively change premium rates as of any of these dates:

a) Any premium due date.
b) Any date that an Employer becomes, or ceases to be, an Affiliated Company.
c) Any date that the extent or nature of the risk under this Policy is changed:
- by amendment of this Policy; or
- by reason of any provision of law or any government program or regulation; or
- if this Policy supplements or coordinates with benefits provided by an other insurer, non-profit hospital or medical service plan, or health maintenance organization, on any date [Carrier's] obligation under this Policy is changed because of a change in such other benefits.

d) At the discovery of a clerical error or misstatement as described below.

[Carrier] will give the Policyholder 60 days advance written notice when a change in the premium rates is made.

PARTICIPATION REQUIREMENTS
At least [75%] of the Employees eligible for insurance must be enrolled for coverage. (If an eligible Employee is not covered by this Policy because:
a. the Employee is covered as a Dependent under a spouse's coverage, other than individual coverage;
b. the Employee is covered under any fully-insured Health Benefits Plan offered by the Policyholder.
c. the Employee is covered under Medicare;
d. the Employee is covered under Medicaid or NJ FamilyCare; or
e. the Employee is covered under another group health benefits plan.

[Carrier] will count this person as being covered by this Policy for the purposes of satisfying participation requirements.)

CLERICAL ERROR - MISSTATEMENTS
Neither clerical error nor programming or systems error by the Policyholder, nor the [Carrier] in keeping any records pertaining to coverage under this Policy, nor delays in making entries thereon, will invalidate coverage which would otherwise be in force, or continue coverage which would otherwise be validly terminated. However, upon discovery of such error or delay, an equitable adjustment of premiums will be made.

Except as described in the **Premium Amounts** section, premium adjustments involving return of unearned premium to the Policyholder will be limited to the period of 12 months preceding the date of [Carrier's] receipt of satisfactory evidence that such adjustments should be made.

If the age of an Employee, or any other relevant facts, are found to have been misstated, and the premiums are thereby affected, an equitable adjustment of premiums will be made. If such misstatement involves whether or not the person's coverage would have been accepted by [Carrier], subject to this Policy's **Incontestability** section, the true facts will be used in determining whether coverage is in force under the terms of this Policy.

TERM OF THE POLICY - RENEWAL PRIVILEGE – TERMINATION

This Policy is issued for a term of one (1) year from the Effective Date shown on the first page of this Policy. All Policy Years and Policy Months will be calculated from the Effective Date. Plan Years will be measured as stated in the definition of Plan Year. All periods of insurance hereunder will begin and end at 12:01 am. Eastern Standard Time at the Policyholder's place of business.

The Policyholder may renew this Policy for a further term of one (1) year, on the first and each subsequent Policy Anniversary. All renewals are subject to the payment of premiums then due, computed as provided in this Policy's **Premium Amounts** section and to the provisions stated below.

[Carrier] has the right to non-renew this Policy on the Policy Anniversary following the date the Policyholder no longer meets the requirements of a Small Employer as defined in this Policy. The Policyholder must certify to [Carrier] the Policyholder's status as a Small Employer every year. Certification must be given to [Carrier] within 10 days of the date [Carrier] requests it. If the Policyholder fails to do this, [Carrier] retains the right to non-renew this Policy as of the Policyholder's Policy Anniversary.

[Carrier] has the right to non-renew this Policy on the Policy Anniversary date following 180 days advance written notice to the Policyholder for the following reasons:
a) subject to the statutory notification requirements, [Carrier] ceases to do business in the small group market;
b) subject to the statutory notification requirements, [Carrier] ceases offering and non-renews a particular type of Health Benefits Plan in the small group market; or
c) the Board terminates a standard plan or a standard plan option.

[Carrier] has the right to non-renew this Policy on the Policy Anniversary Date subject to 60 days advance written notice to the Policyholder for the following reasons:
a) the Policyholder moves outside the state of New Jersey;
b) less than [75%] of the Policyholder's eligible Employees are covered by this Policy. If an eligible Employee is not covered by this Policy because:
   1. the Employee is covered as a Dependent under a spouse's coverage, other than individual coverage; or
   2. the Employee is covered under any other Health Benefits Plan offered by the Policyholder,
   3. The Employee is covered under Medicare;
   4. The Employee is covered under Medicaid or NJ FamilyCare; or
   5. The Employee is covered under another group health benefits plan,
   [Carrier] will count that Employee as being covered by this Policy for purposes of satisfying participation requirements;

c) the Policyholder does not contribute at least 10% of the annual cost of the Policy; or
d) the Policyholder ceases membership in an association or multiple employer trust, but only if coverage is terminated uniformly, without regard to any Health Status-Related Factor relating to any Covered Person

If any premium is not paid by the end of its grace period, this Policy will automatically end when that period ends. The Policyholder may write to [Carrier], in advance, to ask that this Policy be ended at the end of the period for which premiums have been paid or at any time during the grace period. [Carrier] is not required to honor a request for a retroactive termination of this Policy. For prospective termination requests, this Policy will end on the date requested. The Policyholder is liable to pay premiums to [Carrier] for the time this Policy is in force. [Carrier] shall give notice of the date of termination to the Policyholder no more than 30 days following the date of the termination.

Immediate cancellation will occur if the Policyholder has performed an act or practice that constitutes fraud, or made an intentional misrepresentation of material fact under the terms of this Policy.

[DIVIDENDS
[Carrier] will determine the share, if any, of its divisible surplus allocable to this Policy as of each Policy Anniversary, if this Policy stays in force by the payment of all premiums to that date. The share will be credited to this Policy as a dividend as of that date.

Each dividend will be paid to the Policyholder in cash unless the Policyholder asks that it be applied toward the premium then due or future premiums due.

[Carrier's] sole liability as to any dividend is as set forth above.

If the aggregate dividends under this Policy and any other policy(ies) of the Policyholder exceed the aggregate payments towards their cost made from the Policyholder's own funds, the Policyholder will see that an amount equal to the excess is applied for the benefit of Covered Persons.]

EMPLOYEE'S CERTIFICATE
[Carrier] will give the Policyholder an individual certificate of coverage to give each covered Employee. It will describe the Employee's coverage under this Policy. It will include:

a) to whom [Carrier] pays benefits,
b) any protection and rights when the coverage ends, and
c) claim rights and requirements.

In the event this Policy is amended, and such amendment affects the material contained in the certificate of coverage, a rider or revised certificate reflecting such amendment will be issued to the Policyholder for delivery to affected Employees.

OFFSET

[Carrier] reserves the right, before paying benefits to a Covered Person, to use the amount of payment due to offset a claims payment previously made in error.

CONTINUING RIGHTS
[Carrier's] failure to apply terms or conditions does not mean that [Carrier] waives or gives up any future rights under this Policy.

ASSIGNMENT BY POLICYHOLDER
Assignment or transfer of the interest of the Policyholder under this Policy will not bind [Carrier] without [Carrier's] written consent thereto.

CONFORMITY WITH LAW
Any provision of this Policy which is in conflict with the laws of the state in which the Policy is issued, or with Federal law, shall be construed and applied as if it were in full compliance with the minimum requirements of such State law or Federal law.

LIMITATION OF ACTIONS
No action at law or in equity shall be brought to recover on this Policy until 60 days after a Covered Person files written proof of loss. No such action shall be brought more than three years after the end of the time within which proof of loss is required.

WORKERS' COMPENSATION
The health benefits provided under this Policy are not in place of, and do not affect requirements for, coverage by Workers' Compensation.

NOTICES AND OTHER INFORMATION
Any notices, documents, or other information under this Policy may be sent by United States mail, postage prepaid, addressed as follows:

If to [Carrier]: To the last address on record with the Policyholder.

If to a Covered Person: To the last address provided by the Covered Person on an enrollment or change of address form actually delivered to [Carrier].

If to the Policyholder: To the last address of the Policyholder on record with [Carrier].

RECORDS - INFORMATION TO BE FURNISHED
[Carrier] will keep a record of the Covered Persons. It will contain key facts about their coverage.

At the times set by [Carrier], the Policyholder will send the data required by [Carrier] to perform its duties under this Policy, and to determine the premium rates and certify status as a Small Employer. All records of the Policyholder which bear on this Policy must be open to [Carrier] for its inspection at any reasonable time.

[Carrier] will not have to perform any duty that depends on such data before it is received in a form that satisfies [Carrier]. The Policyholder may correct incorrect data given to [Carrier], if [Carrier] has not been harmed by acting on it. A person's coverage under this Policy will not be made invalid by failure of the Policyholder, due to clerical error, to record or report the Employee for coverage.

The Policyholder will furnish [Carrier] the Employee [and Dependents] eligibility requirements of this Policy that apply on the Effective Date. Subject to [Carrier's] approval, those requirements will apply to the Employee [and Dependent] coverage under this Policy. The Policyholder will notify [Carrier] of any change in the eligibility requirements of this Policy, but no such change will apply to the Employee [or Dependent] coverage under this Policy unless approved in advance by [Carrier].

The Policyholder will notify [Carrier] of any event, including a change in eligibility, that causes termination of a Covered Person's coverage immediately, or in no event later than the last day of the month in which the event occurs. The liability of [Carrier] to arrange or provide benefits for a person ceases when the person's coverage ends under this Policy. [If the Policyholder fails to notify [Carrier] as provided above, [Carrier] will be entitled to reimbursement from the Policyholder of any benefits paid to any person after the person's coverage should have ended.]

CLAIMS PROVISIONS
A claimant's right to make a claim for any benefits provided by this Policy is governed as follows:

[NOTICE OF LOSS
A claimant should send a written notice of claim to [Carrier] within 20 days of a loss. No special form is required to do this. The notice need only identify the claimant and the Policyholder.

When [Carrier] receives the notice, it will send a proof of claim form to the claimant. The claimant should receive the proof of claim form within 15 days of the date [Carrier] received the notice of claim. If the form is received within such time, it should be completed, as instructed, by all persons required to do so. Additional proof, if required, should be attached to the form. If the form is not received within such time, the claimant may provide

written proof of claim to [Carrier] on any reasonable form. Such proof must state the date the Injury or Illness began and the nature and extent of the loss.]

PROOF OF LOSS
Proof of loss must be sent to [Carrier] within 90 days of the loss.

If a notice or proof is sent later than 90 days of the loss, [Carrier] will not deny or reduce a claim if the notice or proof was sent as soon as possible.

PAYMENT OF CLAIMS
[Carrier] will pay all benefits to which the claimant is entitled as soon as [Carrier] receives written proof of loss. All benefits will be paid as they accrue. Any benefits unpaid at the Covered Person's death will be paid as soon as [Carrier] receives due proof of the death to one of the following:
a) his or her estate;
b) his or her spouse;
c) his or her parents;
d) his or her children;
e) his or her brothers and sisters; or
f) any unpaid provider of health care services.

When an Employee files proof of loss, he or she may direct [Carrier], in writing, to pay health care benefits to the recognized provider of health care who provided the covered service for which benefits became payable. [[Carrier] may honor such direction at [Carrier's] option.] [For covered services from an eligible Facility or Practitioner, [Carrier] will determine to pay either the Covered Person or the Facility or the Practitioner.] The Employee may not assign his or her right to take legal action under this Policy to such provider.

PHYSICAL EXAMS
[Carrier], at its expense, has the right to examine the insured. This may be done as often as reasonably needed to process a claim. [Carrier] also has the right to have an autopsy performed, at its expense.

[PLANHOLDERS

The Policyholder is the Trustee named by a trust agreement. This agreement permits certain Employers to insure their Employees for the benefits provided by this Policy. Employers who do so are Planholders.

The Policyholder acts for the Planholders in all matters of this Policy. Such actions bind all Planholders.

How an Employer becomes a Planholder

An Employer must submit a signed application in which he:

a) agrees to participate in the trust, and
b) applies for the insurance provided by this Policy for his Employees.

When an Employer becomes a Planholder

The Policyholder and [Carrier] will agree on the date an Employer becomes a Planholder. This date will be stated in writing by [Carrier].

When an Employer ceases to be a Planholder

The Policyholder can end an Employer's status as a Planholder. To do so, he or she must give [Carrier] 30 days advance written notice.

[Carrier] can end insurance for a Planholder. To do so, it must give the Policyholder 30 days advance written notice.

Data needed
The Policyholder must provide [Carrier] with all the data needed to compute premiums and carry out the terms of this Policy. [Carrier] can examine the records of the Policyholder and each Planholder at any reasonable time.]

[Note: This text, which may be modified by each carrier in order to accommodate various trust agreements, is only to be used if coverage is to be issued through a Multiple Employer Trust (MET)]

DEFINITIONS

The words shown below have special meanings when used in this Policy. Please read these definitions carefully. [Throughout this Policy, these defined terms appear with their initial letter capitalized.]

Accredited School means a school accredited by a nationally recognized accrediting association, such as one of the following regional accrediting agencies: Middle States Association of Colleges and Schools, New England Association of Schools and Colleges, North Central Association of Colleges and Schools, Northwest Association of Schools and Colleges, Southern Association of Colleges and Schools, or Western Association of Schools and Colleges. An accredited school also includes a proprietary institution approved by an agency responsible for issuing certificates or licenses to graduates of such an institution.

[Actively at Work or **Active Work** means performing, doing, participating or similarly functioning in a manner usual for the task for full pay, at the Policyholder's place of business, or at any other place that the Policyholder's business requires the Employee to go.]

Affiliated Company means a company as defined in subsections (b), (c), (m) or (o) of section 414 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. All entities that meet the criteria set forth in the Internal Revenue Code shall be treated as one employer.

Alcohol Abuse means abuse of or addiction to alcohol. Alcohol Abuse does not include abuse of or addiction to drugs. Please see the definition of Substance Abuse.

Ambulance means a certified transportation vehicle for transporting Ill or Injured people that contains all life-saving equipment and staff as required by state and local law.

Ambulatory Surgical Center means a Facility mainly engaged in performing Outpatient Surgery. It must:
a) be staffed by Practitioners and Nurses, under the supervision of a Practitioner;
b) have permanent operating and recovery rooms;
c) be staffed and equipped to give emergency care; and
d) have written back-up arrangements with a local Hospital for emergency care.

[Carrier] will recognize it if it carries out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it is either:
a) accredited for its stated purpose by either the Joint Commission or the Accreditation Association for Ambulatory Care; or
b) approved for its stated purpose by Medicare.

[Carrier] does not recognize a Facility as an Ambulatory Surgical Center if it is part of a Hospital.

Anniversary Date means the date which is one year from the Effective Date of this Policy and each succeeding yearly date thereafter.

Birthing Center means a Facility which mainly provides care and treatment for women during uncomplicated pregnancy, routine full-term delivery, and the immediate post-partum period. It must:
a) provide full-time Skilled Nursing Care by or under the supervision of Nurses;
b) be staffed and equipped to give emergency care; and
c) have written back-up arrangements with a local Hospital for emergency care.

[Carrier] will recognize it if:
a) it carries out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws; or
b) it is approved for its stated purpose by the Accreditation Association for Ambulatory Care; or
c) it is approved for its stated purpose by Medicare.

[Carrier] does not recognize a Facility as a Birthing Center if it is part of a Hospital.

Board means the Board of Directors of the New Jersey Small Employer Health Benefits Program.

Calendar Year means each successive 12-month period which starts on January 1 and ends on December 31.

Cash Deductible means the amount of Covered Charges that a Covered Person must pay before this Policy pays any benefits for such charges. Cash Deductible does not include Coinsurance, Copayments and Non-Covered Charges. See the **Cash Deductible** section of this Policy for details.

Church Plan has the same meaning given that term under Title I, section 3 of Pub.L.93-406, the "Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974"

Coinsurance means the percentage of a Covered Charge that must be paid by a Covered Person. Coinsurance does not include Cash Deductibles, Copayments or Non-Covered Charges.

Copayment means a specified dollar amount a Covered Person must pay for specified Covered Charges.

Cosmetic Surgery or Procedure means any surgery or procedure which involves physical appearance, but which does not correct or materially improve a physiological function and is not Medically Necessary and Appropriate.

Covered Charges are Reasonable and Customary charges for the types of services and supplies described in the **Covered Charges** and **Covered Charges with Special Limitations** section of this Policy. The services and supplies must be:
a) furnished or ordered by a recognized health care Provider; and
b) Medically Necessary and Appropriate to diagnose or treat an Illness or Injury.

A Covered Charge is incurred on the date the service or supply is furnished. Subject to all of the terms of this Policy, [Carrier] pays benefits for Covered Charges incurred by a Covered Person while he or she is insured by this Policy. Read this entire Policy to find out what [Carrier] limits or excludes.

Covered Person means an eligible Employee or [a Dependent] who is insured under this Policy.

Creditable Coverage means, with respect to an Employee [or Dependent], coverage of the Employee [or Dependent] under any of the following: a Group Health Plan; a group or individual Health Benefits Plan; Part A or Part B of Title XVIII of the federal Social Security Act (Medicare); Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act (Medicaid), other than coverage consisting solely of benefits under section 1928 of Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act (the program for distribution of pediatric vaccines); Title XXI of the Social Security Act (State Children's Health Insurance Program), chapter 55 of Title 10, United States Code (medical and dental care for members and certain former members of the uniformed services and their dependents); a medical care program of the Indian Health Service or of a tribal organization; a state health benefits risk pool; a health plan offered under chapter 89 of Title 5, United States Code; a Public Health Plan as defined by federal regulation; a health benefits plan under section 5(e) of the "Peace Corps Act"; or coverage under any other type of plan as set forth by the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance by regulation.

Creditable Coverage does not include coverage which consists solely of the following: coverage only for accident or disability income insurance, or any combination thereof; coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance; liability insurance, including general liability insurance and automobile liability insurance; workers' compensation or similar insurance; automobile medical payment insurance; credit only insurance; coverage for on-site medical clinics; coverage as specified in federal regulation, under which benefits for medical care are secondary or incidental to the insurance benefits; and other coverage expressly excluded from the definition of Health Benefits Plan.

Current Procedural Terminology (C.P.T.) means the most recent edition of an annually revised listing published by the American Medical Association which assigns numerical codes to procedures and categories of medical care.

Custodial Care means any service or supply, including room and board, which:
a) is furnished mainly to help a person meet his or her routine daily needs; or
b) can be furnished by someone who has no professional health care training or skills.

Even if a Covered Person is in a Hospital or other recognized Facility, [Carrier] does not pay for that part of the care which is mainly custodial.

[**Dependent** means an Employee's:
a) legal spouse which shall include a civil union partner pursuant to P.L. 2006, c. 103 as well as same sex relationships legally recognized in other jurisdictions when such relationships provide substantially all of the rights and benefits of marriage. [and domestic partner pursuant to P.L. 2003, c. 246]; except that legal spouse shall be limited to spouses of a marriage as marriage is defined in the Federal Defense of Marriage Act, 1 U.S.C.A. 7, with respect to the provisions of the Policy regarding continuation rights required by the Federal Consolidated Omnibus Reconciliation Act of 1886 (COBRA), Pub. L. 99-272, as subsequently amended. (Civil union partners do not have COBRA rights in the event of dissolution of the civil union.)
b) unmarried Dependent child who is under age 19; and
c) unmarried Dependent child from age 19 until his or her 23rd birthday, who is enrolled as a full-time student at an Accredited School. Full-time student status will be as defined by the Accredited School. [Carrier] can require periodic proof of a Dependent child's status as a full-time student.

A Dependent is not a person who is:
a) on active duty in the armed forces of any country; or
b) eligible for coverage under this Policy as an Employee.

Under certain circumstances, an incapacitated child is also a Dependent. See the **Dependent Coverage** section of this Policy.

An Employee's "unmarried Dependent child" includes:

a) his or her legally adopted children,
b) his or her step-child if such step-child depend on the Employee for most of his or her support and maintenance, [and]
c) the child of his or her civil union partner if the child depends on the employee for most of his or her support and maintenance, [and]
d) [the child of his or her domestic partner if the child depends on the Employee for most of his or her support and maintenance, and]
e) children under a court appointed guardianship.

[Carrier] treats a child as legally adopted from the time the child is placed in the home for purpose of adoption. [Carrier] treats such a child this way whether or not a final adoption order is ever issued.]

[**Dependent's Eligibility Date** means the later of:
a) the Employee's Eligibility Date; or
b) the date the person first becomes a Dependent.]

Developmental Disability or **Developmentally Disabled** means a severe, chronic disability that:
a) is attributable to a mental or physical impairment or a combination of mental and physical impairments;
b) is manifested before the [Covered Person] attains age 19;
c) is likely to continue indefinitely;
d) results in substantial functional limitations in three or more of the following areas of major life activity: self-care; receptive and expressive language; learning; mobility; self-direction; capacity for independent living; economic self-sufficiency;
e) reflects the [Covered Person's] need for a combination and sequence of special interdisciplinary or generic services, individualized support, and other forms of assistance that are lifelong or of extended duration and are individually planned and coordinated.

Diagnostic Services means procedures ordered by a recognized Provider because of specific symptoms to diagnose a specific condition or disease. Some examples are:
a) radiology, ultrasound and nuclear medicine;
b) laboratory and pathology; and
c) EKGs, EEGs and other electronic diagnostic tests.

Except as allowed under the Preventive Care Covered Charge, Diagnostic Services are not covered under this Policy if the procedures ordered as part of a routine or periodic physical examination or screening examination.

Discretion/Determination/Determine means the [Carrier's] sole right to make a decision or determination. The decision will be applied in a reasonable and non-discriminatory manner.

Durable Medical Equipment is equipment which is:
a) designed and able to withstand repeated use;
b) primarily and customarily used to serve a medical purpose;
c) generally not useful to a Covered Person in the absence of an Illness or Injury; and
d) suitable for use in the home.

Some examples are walkers, wheelchairs, hospital-type beds, breathing equipment and apnea monitors.

Among other things, Durable Medical Equipment does not include adjustments made to vehicles, air conditioners, air purifiers, humidifiers, dehumidifiers, elevators, ramps, stair glides, Emergency Alert equipment, handrails, heat appliances, improvements made to the home or place of business, waterbeds, whirlpool baths and exercise and massage equipment.

Effective Date means the date on which coverage begins under this Policy for the Policyholder, or the date coverage begins under this Policy for an Employee [or Dependent], as the context in which the term is used suggests.

Emergency means a medical condition manifesting itself by acute symptoms of sufficient severity including, but not limited to, severe pain, psychiatric disturbances and/or symptoms of Substance Abuse such that a prudent layperson, who possesses an average knowledge of health and medicine, could expect the absence of immediate medical attention to result in: placing the health of the individual (or with respect to a pregnant woman, the health of the woman or her unborn child) in serious jeopardy; serious impairment to bodily functions; or serious dysfunction of a bodily organ or part. With respect to a pregnant woman who is having contractions, an emergency exists where: there is inadequate time to effect a safe transfer to another Hospital before delivery; or the transfer may pose a threat to the health or safety of the woman or unborn child.

Employee means a Full-Time bona-fide Employee (25 hours per week) of the Policyholder. Partners, Proprietors, and independent contractors will be treated like Employees, if they meet all of this Policy's conditions of eligibility. Employees who work on a temporary or substitute basis or who are participating in an employee welfare arrangement established pursuant to a collective bargaining agreement are not considered to be Employees for the purpose of this Policy.

Employee's Eligibility Date means the later of:
a) the date of employment; or
b) [the day] after any applicable waiting period ends.

Employer means [ABC Company].

Enrollment Date means, with respect to a Covered Person, the Effective Date or, if earlier, the first day of any applicable waiting period. If an Employee changes plans or if the Employer transfers coverage to another carrier, the Covered Person's Enrollment Date does not change.

Experimental or Investigational means [Carrier] determines a service or supply is:

a) not of proven benefit for the particular diagnosis or treatment of a particular condition; or
b) not generally recognized by the medical community as effective or appropriate for the particular diagnosis or treatment of a particular condition; or
c) provided or performed in special settings for research purposes or under a controlled environment or clinical protocol.

Unless otherwise required by law with respect to drugs which have been prescribed for treatment for which the drug has not been approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA), [Carrier] will not cover any services or supplies, including treatment, procedures, drugs, biological products or medical devices or any hospitalizations in connection with Experimental or Investigational services or supplies.

[Carrier] will also not cover any technology or any hospitalization primarily to receive such technology if such technology is obsolete or ineffective and is not used generally by the medical community for the particular diagnosis or treatment of a particular condition.

Governmental approval of technology is not necessarily sufficient to render it of proven benefit or appropriate or effective for a particular diagnosis or treatment of a particular condition, as explained below.

[Carrier] will apply the following five criteria in determining whether services or supplies are Experimental or Investigational:

a) Any medical device, drug, or biological product must have received final approval to market by the FDA for the particular diagnosis or condition. Any other approval granted as an interim step in the FDA regulatory process, e.g., an Investigational Device Exemption or an Investigational New Drug Exemption, is not sufficient. Once FDA approval has been granted for a particular diagnosis or condition, use of the medical device, drug or biological product for another diagnosis or condition will require that one or more of the following established reference compendia:
1. The American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information; or
2. The United States Pharmacopoeia Drug Information

recognize the usage as appropriate medical treatment. As an alternative to such recognition in one or more of the compendia, the usage of the drug will be recognized as appropriate if it is recommended by a clinical study or recommended by a review article in a major peer-reviewed professional journal. A medical device, drug, or biological product that meets the above tests will not be considered Experimental or Investigational.

In any event, any drug which the Food and Drug Administration has determined to be contraindicated for the specific treatment for which the drug has been prescribed will be considered Experimental or Investigational.

b) Conclusive evidence from the published peer-reviewed medical literature must exist that the technology has a definite positive effect on health outcomes; such evidence must include well-designed investigations that have been reproduced by non affiliated authoritative sources, with measurable results, backed up by the positive endorsements of national medical bodies or panels regarding scientific efficacy and rationale;
c) demonstrated evidence as reflected in the published peer-reviewed medical literature must exist that over time the technology leads to improvement in health outcomes, i.e., the beneficial effects outweigh any harmful effects;
d) Proof as reflected in the published peer-reviewed medical literature must exist that the technology is at least as effective in improving health outcomes as established technology, or is usable in appropriate clinical contexts in which established technology is not employable; and
e) Proof as reflected in the published peer-reviewed medical literature must exist that improvements in health outcomes; as defined item c. above, is possible in standard conditions of medical practice, outside clinical investigatory settings.

Extended Care Center means a Facility which mainly provides full-time Skilled Nursing Care for Ill or Injured people who do not need to be in a Hospital. [Carrier] will recognize it if it carries out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it is either:
a) accredited for its stated purpose by the Joint Commission; or
b) approved for its stated purpose by Medicare. In some places, an "Extended Care Center" may be called a "Skilled Nursing Facility."

Facility means a place [Carrier] is required by law to recognize which:
a) is properly licensed, certified, or accredited to provide health care under the laws of the state in which it operates; and
b) provides health care services which are within the scope of its license, certificate or accreditation.

Full-Time means a normal work week of 25 or more hours. Work must be at the Policyholder's regular place of business or at another place to which an Employee must travel to perform his or her regular duties for his or her full and normal work hours.

Government Hospital means a Hospital operated by a government or any of its subdivisions or agencies, including but not limited to a Federal, military, state, county or city Hospital.

Group Health Plan means an employee welfare benefit plan, as defined in Title I of section 3 of Pub.L.93-406, the "Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974" (ERISA) (29 U.S.C. § 1002(1)) to the extent that the plan provides medical care and includes items and services paid for as medical care to employees or their dependents directly or through insurance, reimbursement or otherwise.

Health Benefits Plan means any hospital and medical expense insurance policy or certificate; health, hospital, or medical service corporation contract or certificate; or health maintenance organization subscriber contract or certificate delivered or issued for delivery in New Jersey by any carrier to a Small Employer group pursuant to section 3 of P.L. 1992. c. 162 (C. 17B: 27A-19) or any other similar contract, policy, or plan issued to a Small Employer, not explicitly excluded from the definition of a health benefits plan. Health Benefits Plan does not include one or more, or any combination of the following: coverage only for accident or disability income insurance, or any combination thereof; coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance; liability insurance, including general liability insurance and automobile liability insurance; workers' compensation or similar insurance; automobile medical payment insurance; credit-only insurance; coverage for on-site medical clinics; and other similar insurance coverage, as specified in federal regulations, under which benefits for medical care are secondary or incidental to other insurance benefits. Health Benefits Plans shall not include the following benefits if they are provided under a separate policy, certificate or contract of insurance or are otherwise not an integral part of the plan: limited scope dental or vision benefits; benefits for long term care, nursing home care, home health care, community based care, or any combination thereof; and such other similar, limited benefits as are specified in federal regulations. Health Benefits Plan shall not include hospital confinement indemnity coverage if the benefits are provided under a separate policy, certificate or contract of insurance, there is no coordination between the provision of the benefits and any exclusion of benefits under any group Health Benefits Plan maintained by the same Plan Sponsor, and those benefits are paid with respect to an event without regard to whether benefits are provided with respect to such an event under any Group Health Plan maintained by the same Plan Sponsor. Health Benefits Plan shall not include the following if it is offered as a separate policy, certificate or contract of insurance: Medicare supplemental health insurance as defined under section 1882(g)(1) of the federal Social Security Act; and coverage supplemental to the coverage provided under chapter 55 of Title 10, United States Code; and similar supplemental coverage provided to coverage under a Group Health Plan.

Health Status-Related Factor means any of the following factors: health status; medical condition, including both physical and mental Illness; claims experience; receipt of health care; medical history; genetic information; evidence of insurability, including conditions arising out of acts of domestic violence; and disability.

Home Health Agency means a Provider which provides Skilled Nursing Care for Ill or Injured people in their home under a home health care program designed to eliminate Hospital stays. [Carrier] will recognize it if it is licensed by the state in which it operates, or it is certified to participate in Medicare as a Home Health Agency.

Hospice means a Provider which provides palliative and supportive care for terminally Ill or terminally Injured people under a hospice care program. [Carrier] will recognize a hospice if it carries out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it is either:
a) approved for its stated purpose by Medicare; or
b) it is accredited for its stated purpose by either the Joint Commission or the National Hospice Organization.

Hospital means a Facility which mainly provides Inpatient care for Ill or Injured people. [Carrier] will recognize it if it carries out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it is either:
a) accredited as a Hospital by the Joint Commission; or
b) approved as a Hospital by Medicare.
Among other things, a Hospital is not a convalescent home, rest or nursing Facility, or a Facility, or part of it, which mainly provides Custodial Care, educational care or rehabilitative care. A Facility for the aged or substance abusers is also not a Hospital.

Illness or Ill means a sickness or disease suffered by a Covered Person or a description of a Covered person suffering from a sickness or disease.

[**Initial Dependent** means those eligible Dependents an Employee has at the time he or she first becomes eligible for Employee coverage. If at the time the Employee does not have any eligible Dependents, but later acquires them, the first eligible Dependents he or she acquires are his or her Initial Dependents.]

Injury or Injured means all damage to a Covered Person's body, and all complications arising from that damage or a description of a Covered Person suffering from such damage.

Inpatient means a Covered Person who is physically confined as a registered bed patient in a Hospital or other recognized health care Facility or services and supplies provided in such settings.

Joint Commission means the Joint Commission on the Accreditation of Health Care Organizations.

Late Enrollee means an eligible Employee [or Dependent] who requests enrollment under this Policy more than [30] days after first becoming eligible. However, an eligible Employee [or Dependent] will not be considered a Late Enrollee under certain circumstances. See the **Employee Coverage** [and **Dependent Coverage**] section[s] of this Policy.

Medically Necessary and Appropriate means that a service or supply is provided by a recognized health care Provider, and [Carrier] determines at its Discretion, that it is:

a) necessary for the symptoms and diagnosis or treatment of the condition, Illness or Injury;
b) provided for the diagnosis, or the direct care and treatment, of the condition, Illness or Injury;
c) in accordance with generally accepted medical practice;
d) not for the convenience of a Covered Person;
e) the most appropriate level of medical care the Covered Person needs;
f) furnished within the framework of generally accepted methods of medical management currently used in the United States.

The fact that an attending Practitioner prescribes, orders, recommends or approves the care, the level of care, or the length of time care is to be received, does not make the services Medically Necessary and Appropriate.

Medicaid means the health care program for the needy provided by Title XIX of the United States Social Security Act, as amended from time to time.

Medicare means Parts A and B of the health care program for the aged and disabled provided by Title XVIII of the United States Social Security Act, as amended from time to time.

Mental or Nervous Condition means a condition which manifests symptoms which are primarily mental or nervous, for which the primary treatment is psychotherapy or psychotherapeutic methods or psychotropic medication, regardless of any underlying physical cause. A Mental or Nervous Condition includes, but is not limited to, psychoses, neurotic and anxiety disorders, schizophrenic disorders, affective disorders, personality disorders, and psychological or behavioral abnormalities associated with transient or permanent dysfunction of the brain or related neurohormonal systems.

In determining whether or not a particular condition is a Mental or Nervous Condition, [Carrier] may refer to the current edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical manual of Mental Disorders of the American Psychiatric Association.

[Newly Acquired Dependent means an eligible Dependent an Employee acquires after he or she already has coverage in force for Initial Dependents.]

Nicotine Dependence Treatment means "Behavioral Therapy," as defined below, and Prescription Drugs which have been approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration for the management of nicotine dependence.

For the purpose of this definition, covered "Behavioral Therapy" means motivation and behavior change techniques which have been demonstrated to be effective in promoting nicotine abstinence and long term recovery from nicotine addiction.

Non-Covered Charges are charges which do not meet this Policy's definition of Covered Charges, or which exceed any of the benefit limits shown in this Policy, or which are specifically identified as Non-Covered Charges or are otherwise not covered by this Policy.

Nurse means a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse, including a nursing specialist such as a nurse mid-wife or nurse anesthetist, who:
a) is properly licensed or certified to provide medical care under the laws of the state where he or she practices; and
b) provides medical services which are within the scope of his or her license or certificate and are covered by this Policy.

Outpatient means a Covered Person who is **not** confined as a registered bed patient in a Hospital or recognized health care Facility and is not an Inpatient; or services and supplies provided in such Outpatient settings.

Period of Confinement means consecutive days of Inpatient services provided to an Inpatient or successive Inpatient confinements due to the same or related causes, when discharge and re-admission to a recognized Facility occurs within 90 days or less. [Carrier] determines if the cause(s) of the confinements are the same or related.

Plan means the [Carrier's] group health benefit plan purchased by the Employer. [Note: If the "Planholder" definition is employed, references in this Policy to "Policy" should be changed to read "Plan"]

Planholder means the Employer who purchased this group health benefit plan. [Note: If the "Planholder" definition is employed, references in this Policy to "Policyholder" should be changed to read "Planholder"]

Plan Sponsor has the meaning given that term under Title I, section 3 of Pub.L.93-406, the "Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974" (ERISA) (29 U.S.C. § 1002(16)(B)). That is:
a) the Small Employer in the case of an employee benefit plan established or maintained by a single employer;
b) the employee organization in the case of a plan established or maintained by an employee organization; or
c) in the case of a plan established or maintained by two or more employers or jointly by one or more employers and one or more employee organizations, the association, committee, joint board of trustees, or other similar group of representatives of the parties who establish or maintain the plan.

Plan Year means the year that is designated as the plan year in the plan document of a Group Health Plan, except if the plan document does not designate a plan year or if there is no plan document, the Plan Year is a Calendar Year.

Podiatric Care means treatment of Illness or deformity below the ankle, but does not include dislocations or fractures of the foot.

Policy means this group policy, including the application and any riders, amendments, or endorsements, between the Employer and [Carrier].

Policyholder means the Employer who purchased this Policy.

Practitioner means a person [Carrier] is required by law to recognize who:
a) is properly licensed or certified to provide medical care under the laws of the state where he or she practices; and
b) provides medical services which are within the scope of his or her license or certificate.

Pre-Approval or Pre-Approved means the [Carrier's] approval using paper or electronic means for specified services and supplies prior to the date charges are incurred. [Carrier] will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for treatment, services and supplies which require Pre-Approval and are not Pre-Approved by [Carrier] provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under this Policy.

Pre-Existing Condition means an Illness or Injury which manifests itself in the six months before a Covered Person's Enrollment Date, and for which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received during the six months immediately preceding the Enrollment Date.

Pre-Existing Condition Limitation means, with respect to coverage, a limitation or exclusion of benefits relating to a condition based on the fact that the condition was present before the Enrollment Date, whether or not any medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received before that date. Genetic information will not be treated as a Pre-Existing Condition in the absence of a diagnosis of the condition related to that information. Pregnancy will not be treated as a Pre-Existing Condition

Prescription Drugs are drugs, biologicals and compound prescriptions which are sold only by prescription and which are required to show on the manufacturer's label the words: "Caution-Federal Law Prohibits Dispensing Without a Prescription" or other drugs and devices as determined by [Carrier], such as insulin.

Preventive Care means charges for routine physical examinations, including related laboratory tests and x-rays, immunizations and vaccines, well baby care, pap smears, mammography, screening tests, bone density tests and Nicotine Dependence Treatment.

Private Duty Nursing means Skilled Nursing Care for Covered Persons who require individualized continuous Skilled Nursing Care provided by a registered nurse or a licensed practical nurse.

Public Health Plan means any plan established or maintained by a State, the U.S. government, a foreign country, or any political subdivision of a State, the U.S. government, or a foreign country that provides health coverage to individuals who are enrolled in the plan.

Provider means a recognized Facility or Practitioner of health care in accordance with the terms of this Policy.

Reasonable and Customary means an amount that is not more than the [lesser of:
• the] usual or customary charge for the service or supply as determined by [Carrier], based on a standard approved by the Board[; or
[• the negotiated fee schedule.]

The Board will decide a standard for what is Reasonable and Customary under this Policy. The chosen standard is an amount which is most often charged for a given service by a Provider within the same geographic area. For charges that are not determined by a negotiated fee schedule, the [Covered Person] may be billed for the difference between the Reasonable and Customary charge and the charge billed by the Provider.

Please note: The Coordination of Benefits and Services provision includes a distinct definition of Reasonable and Customary.

[**Referral** means specific direction or instructions from a Covered Person's Primary Care Physician [or care manager] in conformance with [Carrier's] policies and procedures that directs a Covered Person to a Facility or Practitioner for health care.]

Rehabilitation Center means a Facility which mainly provides therapeutic and restorative services to Ill or Injured people. [Carrier] will recognize it if it carries out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it is either:
a) accredited for its stated purpose by either the Joint Commission or the Commission on Accreditation for Rehabilitation Facilities; or
b) approved for its stated purpose by Medicare.

In some places a Rehabilitation Center is called a "rehabilitation hospital."

Routine Foot Care means the cutting, debridement, trimming, reduction, removal or other care of corns, calluses, flat feet, fallen arches, weak feet, chronic foot strain, dystrophic nails, excrescences, helomas, hyperkeratosis, hypertrophic nails, non-infected ingrown nails, deratomas, keratosis, onychauxis, onychocryptosis, tylomas or symptomatic complaints of the feet. Routine Foot Care also includes orthopedic shoes, foot orthotics and supportive devices for the foot.

Routine Nursing Care means the appropriate nursing care customarily furnished by a recognized Facility for the benefit of its Inpatients.

Schedule means the **Schedule of Insurance and Premium Rates** contained in this Policy.

Skilled Nursing Care means services which are more intensive than Custodial Care, are provided by a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse, and require the technical skills and professional training of a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse.

Skilled Nursing Facility (see Extended Care Center.)

Small Employer means, in connection with a Group Health Plan with respect to a Calendar Year and a Plan Year, any person, firm, corporation, partnership, or political subdivision that is actively engaged in business that employed an average of at least two but not more than 50 eligible Employees on business days during the preceding Calendar Year and who employs at least two eligible Employees on the first day of the Plan Year, and the majority of the eligible Employees are employed in New Jersey. All persons treated as a single employer under subsection (b), (c), (m) or (o) of section 414 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 shall be treated as one employer. In the case of an employer that was not in existence during the preceding Calendar Year, the determination of whether the employer is a small or large employer shall be based on the average number of eligible Employees that it is expected that the employer will employ on business days in the current Calendar Year.

Special Care Unit means a part of a Hospital set up for very ill patients who must be observed constantly. The unit must have a specially trained staff. And it must have special equipment and supplies on hand at all times. Some types of Special Care Units are:

a) intensive care units;
b) cardiac care units;
c) neonatal care units; and
d) burn units.

Substance Abuse means abuse of or addiction to drugs.

Supplemental Limited Benefit Insurance means insurance that is provided in addition to a Health Benefits Plan on an_indemnity non-expense incurred basis.

Surgery means:
a) the performance of generally accepted operative and cutting procedures, including surgical diagnostic procedures, specialized instrumentations, endoscopic examinations, and other invasive procedures;
b) the correction of fractures and dislocations;
c) Reasonable and Customary pre-operative and post-operative care; or
d) any of the procedures designated by Current Procedural Terminology codes as Surgery.

Therapeutic Manipulation means the treatment of the articulations of the spine and musculoskeletal structures for the purpose of relieving certain abnormal clinical conditions resulting from the impingement upon associated nerves causing discomfort. Some examples are manipulation or adjustment of the spine, hot or cold packs, electrical muscle stimulation, diathermy, skeletal adjustments, massage, adjunctive, ultra-sound, Doppler, whirlpool or hydro therapy or other treatment of similar nature.

Total Disability or Totally Disabled means, except as otherwise specified in this Policy, that an Employee who, due to Illness or Injury, cannot perform any duty of his or her occupation or any occupation for which he or she is, or may be, suited by education, training and experience, and is not, in fact, engaged in any occupation for wage or profit. [A Dependent is totally disabled if he or she cannot engage in the normal activities of a person in good health and of like age and sex.] The Employee [or Dependent] must be under the regular care of a Practitioner.

Urgent Care means care for a non-life threatening condition that requires care by a Provider within 24 hours.

[Waiting Period means, with respect to a Group Health Plan and an individual who is a potential participant or beneficiary in the Group Health Plan, the period that must pass with respect to the individual before the individual is eligible to be covered for benefits under the terms of the Group Health Plan.]

[We, Us, Our and **[Carrier]** mean [Carrier].]

[You, Your and Yours mean the Employer.]

EMPLOYEE COVERAGE

Eligible Employees
Subject to the **Conditions of Eligibility** set forth below, and to all of the other conditions of this Policy, all of the Policyholder's Employees who are in an eligible class will be eligible if the Employees are [Actively at Work] Full-Time Employees.[In certain situations, the Actively at Work requirement will not apply. If an Employee is not Actively at Work due to a Health Status-Related Factor, the Employee will nevertheless be considered an Eligible Employee. In addition, refer to the Exception below.]

For purposes of this Policy, [Carrier] will treat partners, proprietors and independent contractors like Employees if they meet this Policy's **Conditions of Eligibility.**

Conditions of Eligibility

Full-Time Requirement
[Except where an Employee is not Actively at Work due to a Health Status-Related Factor, and except as stated below,] [Carrier] will not insure an Employee unless the Employee is [an Actively at Work] [a] Full-Time Employee.

Enrollment Requirement
[Carrier] will not insure the Employee until the Employee enrolls and agrees to make the required payments, if any. If the Employee does this within [30] days of the Employee's Eligibility Date, coverage is scheduled to start on the Employee's Eligibility Date.

If the Employee enrolls and agrees to make the required payments, if any:
a) more than [30] days after the Employee's Eligibility Date; or
b) after the Employee previously had coverage which ended because the Employee failed to make a required payment.

[Carrier] will consider the Employee to be a Late Enrollee. Late Enrollees are subject to this Policy's Pre-Existing Conditions limitation, if any applies.

When an Employee initially waives coverage under this Policy, the Plan Sponsor [or [Carrier]] should notify the Employee of the requirement for the Employee to make a statement that waiver was because he or she was covered under another group plan, if such other coverage was in fact the reason for the waiver, and the consequences of that requirement. If an Employee initially waived coverage under this Policy and the Employee stated at that time that such waiver was because he or she was covered under another group plan, and Employee now elects to enroll under this Policy, [Carrier] will not consider the Employee [and his or her Dependents] to be [a] Late Enrollee[s], provided the coverage under the other plan ends due to one of the following events:

a) **termination of employment** or eligibility;
b) reduction in the number of hours of employment;
c) involuntary termination;
d) divorce or legal separation or dissolution of the civil union [or termination of the domestic partnership];
e) death of the Employee's spouse;
f) termination of the Employer's contribution toward coverage; or
g) termination of the other plan's coverage.

But, the Employee must enroll under this Policy within 90 days of the date that any of the events described above occur. Coverage will take effect as of the date the applicable event occurs.

If an Employee initially waived coverage under this Policy because he or she had coverage under a Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA) continuation provision and the Employee requests coverage under this Policy within 30 days of the date the COBRA continuation ended, [Carrier] will not consider the Employee to be a Late Enrollee. Coverage will take effect as of the date the COBRA continuation ended.

In addition, an Employee [and any Dependents] will not be considered [a] Late Enrollee[s] if the Employee is employed by an employer which offers multiple Health Benefits Plans and the Employee elects a different plan during the open enrollment period.

[Further, an Employee and his or her Dependent spouse, if any, will not be considered Late Enrollees because the Employee initially waived coverage under this Policy for himself or herself and any then existing Dependents provided the Employee enrolls to cover himself or herself and his or her existing Dependent spouse, if any, under this Policy within 30 days of the marriage, birth, adoption or placement for adoption of a Newly Acquired Dependent.]

[The Waiting Period
This Policy has the following waiting periods:

Employees in an eligible class on the Effective Date, who have completed at least [6 months] of continuous Full-Time service with the Policyholder by that date, are eligible for insurance under this Policy from the Effective Date.

Employees in an eligible class on the Effective Date, who have not completed at least [6 months] of continuous Full-Time service with the Policyholder by that date, are eligible for insurance under this Policy from the day after Employees complete [6 months] of continuous Full-Time service.

Employees who enter an eligible class after the Effective Date are eligible for insurance under this Policy from the day after Employees complete [6 months] of continuous Full-Time service with the Policyholder.]

Any lapse in continuous service due to an absence which results from a Health Status-Related Factor will reduce the days of Full-Time service by the number of days of absence. Such lapse in continuous Full-Time service will not require that the period of continuous Full-Time service begin anew.

Multiple Employment
If an Employee works for both the Policyholder and a covered Affiliated Company, or for more than one covered Affiliated Company, [Carrier] will treat the Employee as if only one entity employs the Employee. And such an Employee will not have multiple coverage under this Policy. But, if this Policy uses the amount of an Employee's earnings or number of work hours to determine class, or for any other reason, such Employee's earnings or work hours will be figured as the sum of his or her earnings or work hours from all Affiliated Companies.

When Employee Coverage Starts
[Except where an Employee is not Actively at Work due to a Health Status-Related Factor, and except as stated below, an] **[An]** Employee must be [Actively at Work, and] working his or her regular number of hours, on the date his or her coverage is scheduled to start. And he or she must have met all the conditions of eligibility which apply to him or her. **[**If an Employee is not Actively at Work on the scheduled Effective Date, and does not qualify for the Exception to the Actively at Work Requirement, [Carrier] will postpone the start of his or her coverage until he or she returns to Active Work.]

[Sometimes, a scheduled Effective Date is not a regularly scheduled work day. But an Employee's coverage will start on that date if he or she was Actively at Work, and working his or her regular number of hours, on his or her last regularly scheduled work day.]

The Employee must elect to enroll and agree to make the required payments, if any, within [30] days of the Employee's Eligibility Date. If he or she does this within [30] days of the Employee's Eligibility Date, his or her coverage is scheduled to start on the Employee's Eligibility Date. Such Employee's Eligibility Date is the Effective Date of an Employee's coverage.

If the Employee does this more than [30] days after the Employee's Eligibility Date, [Carrier] will consider the Employee a Late Enrollee. Coverage is scheduled to start on the date the [Carrier] or [Carrier's] authorized representative or agent receives the signed enrollment form.

[EXCEPTION to the Actively at Work Requirement
The Exception applies if the Policyholder who purchased this Policy purchased it to replace a plan the Policyholder had with some other carrier. An Employee who is not Actively at Work due to Total Disability on the date this Policy takes effect will initially be eligible for limited coverage under this Policy if:

a) the Employee was validly covered under the Policyholder's old plan on the date the Policyholder's old plan ended; and
b) this Policy takes effect immediately upon termination of the prior plan.

Except as stated below, the coverage under this Policy will be limited to coverage for services or supplies for conditions other than the disabling condition. Such limited coverage under this Policy will end one year from the date the person's coverage under this Policy begins. Coverage for services or supplies for the disabling condition will be provided as stated in an extended health benefits, or like provision, contained in the

Policyholder's old plan. Thereafter, coverage will not be limited as described in this provision, but will be subject to the terms and conditions of this Policy.]
Exception: If the coverage under this Policy is richer than the coverage under the Policyholder's old plan, this Policy will provide coverage for services and supplies related to the disabling condition. This Policy will coordinate with the Policyholder's old plan, with this Policy providing secondary coverage, as described in the Coordination of Benefits and Services provision.

When Employee Coverage Ends
An Employee's insurance under this Policy will end on the first of the following dates:

a) [the date] an Employee ceases to be [an Actively at Work] [a] Full-Time Employee for any reason. Such reasons include, death, retirement, lay-off, leave of absence, and the end of employment.
b) [the date] an Employee stops being an eligible Employee under this Policy.
c) the date this Policy ends, or is discontinued for a class of Employees to which the Employee belongs.
d) the last day of the period for which required payments are made for the Employee, subject to the **Payment of Premiums - Grace Period** section.

[DEPENDENT COVERAGE

Eligible Dependents for Dependent Health Benefits
An Employee's eligible Dependents are the Employee's:
a) legal spouse which shall include a civil union partner pursuant to P.L. 2006, c. 103 as well as same sex relationships legally recognized in other jurisdictions when such relationships provide substantially all of the rights and benefits of marriage. [and domestic partner pursuant to P.L. 2003, c. 246]; except that legal spouse shall be limited to spouses of a marriage as marriage is defined in the Federal Defense of Marriage Act, 1 U.S.C.A. 7, with respect to the provisions of the Policy regarding continuation rights required by the Federal Consolidated Omnibus Reconciliation Act of 1886 (COBRA), Pub. L. 99-272, as subsequently amended) (Civil union partners do not have COBRA rights in the event of dissolution of the civil union.)
b) unmarried Dependent children who are under age 19; and
c) unmarried Dependent children, from age 19 until their 23rd birthday, who are enrolled as full-time students at Accredited Schools. Full-time students will be, as defined by the Accredited School.

A Dependent is not a person who is:
a) on active duty in the armed forces of any country; or
b) eligible for coverage under this Policy as an Employee.

Under certain circumstances, an incapacitated child is also a Dependent. See the **Incapacitated Children** section of this Policy.

An Employee's "unmarried Dependent child" includes:
Your "unmarried Dependent child" includes:
a) Your legally adopted children,
b) Your step-children if such step children depend on You for most of their support and maintenance, [and]
c) the child of his or her civil union partner if the child depends on the employee for most of his or her support and maintenance, [and]
d) [the child of his or her domestic partner if the child depends on the Employee for most of his or her support and maintenance, and]
e) children under a court appointed guardianship.

[Carrier] treats a child as legally adopted from the time the child is placed in the home for purpose of adoption. [Carrier] treats such a child this way whether or not a final adoption order is ever issued.

Incapacitated Children
An Employee may have an unmarried child with a mental or physical incapacity, or developmental disability, who is incapable of earning a living. Subject to all of the terms of this section and this Policy, such a child may stay eligible for Dependent health benefits past this Policy's age limit for eligible Dependents.

The child will stay eligible as long as the child stays unmarried and incapable of earning a living, if:
a) the child's condition started before he or she reached this Policy's age limit;
b) the child became insured by this Policy or any other policy before the child reached the age limit and stayed continuously insured after reaching such limit; and
c) the child depends on the Employee for most of his or her support and maintenance.

But, for the child to stay eligible, the Employee must send [Carrier] written proof that the child is incapacitated or developmentally disabled and depends on the Employee for most of his or her support and maintenance. The Employee has 31 days from the date the child reaches the age limit to do this. [Carrier] can ask for periodic proof that the child's condition continues. But, after two years, [Carrier] cannot ask for this more than once a year.

The child's coverage ends when the Employee's coverage ends.

Enrollment Requirement
An Employee must enroll his or her eligible Dependents in order for them to be covered under this Policy. [Carrier] considers an eligible Dependent to be a Late Enrollee, if the Employee:
a) enrolls a Dependent and agrees to make the required payments more than [30] days after the Dependent's Eligibility Date;
b) in the case of a Newly Acquired Dependent, has other eligible Dependents whose coverage previously ended because the Employee failed to make the required contributions, or otherwise chose to end such coverage.

Late Enrollees are subject to this Policy's Pre-Existing Conditions limitations section, if any applies.

If the Employee's dependent coverage ends for any reason, including failure to make the required payments, his or her Dependents will be considered Late Enrollees when their coverage begins again.

When an Employee initially waives coverage for a spouse and/or eligible Dependent children under this Policy, the Plan Sponsor [or [Carrier]] should notify the Employee of the requirement for the Employee to make a statement that waiver was because the spouse and/or eligible Dependent children were covered under another group plan, if such other coverage was in fact the reason for the waiver, and the consequences of that requirement. If the Employee previously waived coverage for the Employee's spouse or eligible Dependent children under this Policy and stated at that time that such waiver was because they were covered under another group plan, and the Employee now elects to enroll them in this Policy, the Dependent will not be considered a Late Enrollee, provided the Dependent's coverage under the other plan ends due to one of the following events:

a) termination of employment or eligibility;
b) reduction in the number of hours of employment;
c) involuntary termination;
d) divorce or legal separation or dissolution of the civil union [or termination of the domestic partnership];
e) death of the Employee's spouse;
f) termination of the contribution toward coverage that was being made by the employer that offered the group plan under which the Dependent was covered; or
g) termination of the other plan's coverage.

But, the Employee's spouse or eligible Dependent children must be enrolled by the Employee within 90 days of the date that any of the events described above occur. Coverage will take effect as of the date the applicable event occurs.

And, [Carrier] will not consider an Employee's spouse or eligible Dependent children for which the Employee initially waived coverage under this Policy, to be a Late Enrollee, if:

a) the Employee is under legal obligation to provide coverage due to a court order; and
b) the Employee's spouse or eligible Dependent children are enrolled by the Employee within 30 days of the issuance of the court order.

Coverage will take effect as of the date required pursuant to a court order.

In addition, if an Employee initially waived coverage under this Policy for the Employee's spouse or eligible Dependent children because the spouse and/or Dependent children had coverage under a Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA) continuation provision and the Employee requests coverage for the spouse and/or Dependent children under this Policy within 30 days of the date the COBRA continuation ended, [Carrier] will not consider the spouse and/or Dependent children to be Late Enrollees. Coverage will take effect as of the date the COBRA continuation ended.

When Dependent Coverage Starts

In order for an Employee's dependent coverage to begin the Employee must already be insured for Employee coverage or enroll for Employee and Dependent coverage at the same time. Subject to all of the terms of this Policy, the date an Employee's dependent coverage starts depends on when the Employee elects to enroll the Employee's Initial Dependents and agrees to make any required payments.

If the Employee does this within [30] days of the Dependent's Eligibility Date, the Dependent's Coverage is scheduled to start on the later of:

a) the Dependent's Eligibility Date, or
b) the date the Employee becomes insured for Employee coverage.

If the Employee does this more than [30] days after the Dependent's Eligibility Date, [Carrier] will consider the Dependent a Late Enrollee. Coverage is scheduled to start on the later of:

a) the date the [Carrier] or [Carrier's] authorized representative or agent receive the signed enrollment form; or
b) the date the Employee becomes insured for Employee coverage.

Once an Employee has dependent coverage for Initial Dependents, the Employee must notify [Carrier] of a Newly Acquired Dependent within [30] days after the Newly Acquired Dependent's Eligibility Date. If the Employee does not, the Newly Acquired Dependent is a Late Enrollee.

A Newly Acquired Dependent other than a newborn child or newly adopted child, including a child placed for adoption, will be covered from the later of:

a) the date the Employee notifies [Carrier] and agrees to make any additional payments, or
b) the Dependent's Eligibility Date for the Newly Acquired Dependent.

If the Policyholder who purchased this Policy purchased it to replace a plan the Policyholder had with some other carrier, a Dependent who is Totally Disabled on the date this Policy takes effect will initially be eligible for limited coverage under this Policy if:

a) the Dependent was validly covered under the Policyholder's old plan on the date the Policyholder's old plan ended; and
b) this Policy takes effect immediately upon termination of the prior plan.

The coverage under this Policy will be limited to coverage for services or supplies for conditions other than the disabling condition. Such limited coverage under this Policy will end one year from the date the person's coverage under this Policy begins. Coverage for services or supplies for the disabling condition will be provided as stated in an extended health benefits, or like provision, contained in the Policyholder's old plan. Thereafter, coverage will not be limited as described in this provision, but will be subject to the terms and conditions of this Policy.

Newborn Children

[Carrier] will cover an Employee's newborn child for 31 days from the date of birth without additional premium. Health benefits may be continued beyond such 31-day period as stated below:

a) If the Employee is already covered for Dependent child coverage on the date the child is born, coverage automatically continues beyond the initial 31 days, provided the premium required for Dependent child coverage continues to be paid. The Employee must notify [Carrier] of the birth of the newborn child as soon as possible in order that [Carrier] may properly provide benefits under this Policy.
b) If the Employee is not covered for Dependent child coverage on the date the child is born, the Employee must:
- give written notice to enroll the newborn child; and
- pay the premium required for Dependent child coverage within 31 days after the date of birth.

If the notice is not given and the premium is not paid within such 31-day period, the newborn child's coverage will end at the end of such 31-day period. If the notice is given and the premium paid after that 31-day period, the child will be a Late Enrollee.

When Dependent Coverage Ends:
A Dependent's insurance under this Policy will end on the first of the following dates:

a) [the date] Employee coverage ends;
b) the date the Employee stops being a member of a class of Employees eligible for such coverage;
c) the date this Policy ends;
d) the date Dependent coverage is terminated from this Policy for all Employees or for an Employee's class;
e) the date an Employee fails to pay any required part of the cost of Dependent coverage. It ends on the last day of the period for which the Employee made the required payments, unless coverage ends earlier for other reasons;
f) at 12:01 am [on the last day of the calendar month] [on] the date the Dependent stops being an eligible Dependent.

PREFERRED PROVIDER ORGANIZATION PROVISIONS

The Employer, XYZ Health Care Network, and the [Carrier]

This Policy encourages a Covered Person to use services provided by members of [XYZ Health Care Network a Preferred Provider Organization (PPO).] A PPO is a network of health care providers located in the Covered Person's geographical area. In addition to an identification card, the Covered Person will periodically be given up-to-date lists of [XYZ Health Care Network] preferred providers. The up-to date lists will be furnished automatically, without charge.

Use of the network is strictly voluntary, but [Carrier] generally pays a higher level of benefits for most covered services and supplies furnished to a Covered Person by [XYZ Health Care Network]. Conversely, [Carrier] generally pays a lower level of benefits when covered services and supplies are not furnished by [XYZ Health Care Network] (even if an [XYZ Health Care Network] Practitioner orders the services and supplies). Of course, a Covered Person is always free to be treated by any Practitioner or Facility. And, he or she is free to change Practitioners or Facilities at any time.

In the case of Urgent Care or an Emergency, a Covered Person may go to a [XYZ Health Care Network] provider or a non-[XYZ Health Care Network] provider. If a Covered Person receives Urgent Care or care and treatment for an Emergency from a non-[XYZ Health Care Network] provider, and the Covered Person calls [Carrier] within 48 hours, or as soon as reasonably possible, [Carrier] will provide benefits for the Urgent Care or Emergency care and treatment to the same extent as would have been provided if care and treatment were provide by a [XYZ Health Care Network] provider. However, follow-up care or treatment by a non-[XYZ Health Care Network] provider will be treated as Network benefits only to the extent it is Medically Necessary and Appropriate care or treatment rendered before the Covered Person can return to the [XYZ Health Care Network] service area.

A Covered Person may use any [XYZ Health Care Network] Provider. He or she just presents his or her [XYZ Health Care Network] identification card to the [XYZ Health Care Network] Practitioner or Facility furnishing covered services or supplies. Most [XYZ Health Care Network] Practitioners and Facilities will prepare any necessary claim forms for him or her, and submit the forms to [Carrier]. The Covered Person will receive an explanation of any insurance payments made by this Policy. And if there is any balance due, the [XYZ Health Care Network] Practitioner or Facility will bill him or her directly.

This Policy also has utilization review features. See the **Utilization Review Features** section for details.

What [Carrier] pays is subject to all the terms of this Policy. The Employee should read his or her certificate carefully and keep it available when consulting a Practitioner.

See the Schedule for specific benefit levels, payment rates and payment limits.

If an Employee has any questions after reading his or her certificate, he or she should call [Carrier] [Group Claim Office at the number shown on his or her identification card.]

[[Different] providers in [Carrier's] Network have agreed to be paid [in different ways by [Carrier]. A Provider may be paid] [each time he or she treats a Covered Person ("fee for service"] [, or may be paid] [a set fee for each month for each Covered Person whether or not the Covered Person actually receives services ("capitation")] [, or may receive] [a salary]. [These payment methods may include financial incentive agreements to pay some providers more ("bonuses") or less ("withholds") based on many factors: Covered Person satisfaction, quality of care, and control of costs and use of services among them.] If a Covered Person desires additional information about how [Carrier's] primary care physicians or any other Provider in [Carrier's] Network are compensated, please call [Carrier] at [telephone number] or write [address].

The laws of the state of New Jersey, at N.J.S.A. 45:9-22.4 et seq., mandate that a physician, chiropractor or podiatrist who is permitted to make Referrals to other health care Providers in which he or she has a significant financial interest inform his or her patients of any significant financial interest he or she may have in a health care Provider or Facility when making a Referral to that health care Provider or Facility. If A Covered Person wants more information about this, contact the Covered Person's physician, chiropractor or podiatrist. If a Covered Person believes he or she is not receiving the information to which he or she is entitled, contact the Division of Consumer Affairs in the New Jersey Department of Law and Public Safety at (973) 504-6200 OR (800) 242-5846.]

[Note: Used only if coverage is offered as a PPO.]

POINT OF SERVICE PROVISIONS

Definitions

a) ***Primary Care Practitioner*** (PCP) means the Practitioner the Covered Person selects to supervise and coordinate his or her health care in the [XYZ] Provider Organization. [Carrier] will supply the Covered Person with a list of PCPs who are members of the [XYZ] Provider Organization.
b) ***Provider Organization*** (PO) means a network of health care Providers located in a Covered Person's Service Area.
c) ***Network Benefits*** mean the benefits shown in the Schedule which are provided if the Primary Care Practitioner provides care, treatment, services, and supplies to the Covered Person or if the Primary Care Practitioner refers the Covered Person to another Provider for such care, treatment, services, and supplies.
d) ***Non-Network Benefits*** mean the benefits shown in the Schedule which are provided if the Primary Care Practitioner does not authorize the care, treatment, services, and supplies.
e) ***Service Area*** means the geographical area which is served by the Practitioners in the [XYZ] Provider Organization.

Provider Organization (PO)

The Provider Organization for this Policy is the [XYZ] Provider Organization. This Policy requires that the Covered Person use the services of a PCP, or be referred for services by a PCP, in order to receive Network Benefits. The Covered Person will periodically be given up-to date lists of [XYZ] PO Providers. The up-to date lists will be furnished automatically, without charge.

The Primary Care Practitioner (PCP)

The PCP will supervise and coordinate the Covered Person's health care in the [XYZ] PO. The PCP must authorize all services and supplies. In addition, he or she will refer the Covered Person to the appropriate Practitioner and Facility when Medically Necessary and Appropriate. The Covered Person must obtain an authorized Referral from his or her PCP before he or she visits another Practitioner or Facility. Except in case of Urgent Care or an Emergency, if the Covered Person does not comply with these requirements, he or she may only be eligible for Non-Network Benefits.

[Carrier] provides Network Benefits for covered services and supplies furnished to a Covered Person when authorized by his or her PCP. [Carrier] pays Non-Network Benefits when covered services and supplies are not authorized by the PCP. However, if the PCP refers a Covered Person to a Non-Network Provider for a service or supply, the service or supply shall be covered as a Network service or supply and [Carrier] is fully responsible for payment to the Provider and the Covered Person is only responsible for any applicable Network level Copayment, Coinsurance or Deductible for the service or supply.

If services or supplies are obtained from [XYZ] Providers, even though they are not authorized by the PCP, the Covered Person will be eligible for Non-Network Benefits where the [XYZ] provider's charges and the Covered Person's liability are limited to the negotiated fee for the service or supply.

A Covered Person may change his or her PCP to another PCP [once per month]. He or she may select another PCP from the list of Practitioners, and notify [XYZ] PO by [phone or in writing]. For a discretionary change, the new PCP selection will take effect no more than 14 days following the date of the request. For a change necessitated by termination of the prior PCP from the Network, the new PCP selection will take effect immediately.

When a Covered Person uses the services of a PCP, he or she must present his or her ID card and pay the Copayment. When a Covered Person's PCP refers him or her to another [XYZ] PO Provider, the Covered Person must pay the Copayment to such Provider. [Most [XYZ] PO Practitioners will prepare any necessary claim forms and submit them to [Carrier].]

A female Covered Person may use the services of a [XYZ] PO gynecologist for non-surgical gynecological care and routine pregnancy care without Referral from her PCP. She must obtain authorization from her PCP for other services.

Non-Network Services

If a Covered Person uses the services of a Provider without having been referred by his or her PCP, he or she will not be eligible for Network Benefits. Except as stated below, for services which have not been referred by the Covered Person's PCP, whether provided by an [XYZ] PO Provider or otherwise, the Covered Person may only be eligible for Non-Network Benefits. Exception: If a [Covered Person] is admitted to a Network facility by a Non-Network Provider, the network facility will nevertheless be paid Network benefits.

Emergency Services

If a Covered Person requires services for Urgent Care or an Emergency which occurs inside the PO Service Area, he or she must notify his or her PCP within 48 hours or as soon as reasonably possible thereafter.

Emergency room visits to PO Facilities are subject to a Copayment, and such visits must be retrospectively reviewed [by the PCP]. [Carrier] will waive the emergency room Copayment if the Covered Person is hospitalized within 24 hours of the visit.

In the case of Urgent Care or an Emergency, a Covered Person may go to a [XYZ Health Care Network] provider or a non-[XYZ Health Care Network] provider. If a Covered Person receives Urgent Care or care and treatment for an Emergency from a non-[XYZ Health Care Network] provider, and the Covered Person calls [Carrier] within 48 hours, or as soon as reasonably possible, [Carrier] will provide benefits for the Urgent Care or Emergency care and treatment to the same extent as would have been provided if care and treatment were provide by a [XYZ Health Care Network] provider. However, follow-up care or treatment by a non-[XYZ Health Care Network] provider will be treated as Network Benefits only to the extent it is Medically Necessary and Appropriate care or treatment rendered before the Covered Person can return to the [XYZ Health Care Network] service area.

Utilization Review

This Policy has utilization features. See the **Utilization Review Features** section of this Policy.

Benefits

The Schedule shows Network Benefits, Non-Network Benefits, and Copayments applicable to the Point of Service arrangement.

What [Carrier] pays is subject to all the terms of this Policy.

Service Area
[Carrier must include a description of the Service Area, as required by N.J.A.C. 8:38-17.3(a)11]

[[Different] providers in [Carrier's] Network have agreed to be paid [in different ways by [Carrier]. A Provider may be paid] [each time he or she treats a Covered Person ("fee for service"] [, or may be paid] [a set fee for each month for each Covered Person whether or not the Covered Person actually receives services ("capitation")] [, or may receive] [a salary]. [These payment methods may include financial incentive agreements to pay some providers more ("bonuses") or less ("withholds") based on many factors: Covered Person satisfaction, quality of care, and control of costs and use of services among them.] If a Covered Person desires additional information about how [Carrier's] primary care physicians or any other Provider in [Carrier's] Network are compensated, please call [Carrier] at [telephone number] or write [address].

The laws of the state of New Jersey, at N.J.S.A. 45:9-22.4 et seq., mandate that a physician, chiropractor or podiatrist who is permitted to make Referrals to other health care Providers in which he or she has a significant financial interest inform his or her patients of any significant financial interest he or she may have in a health care Provider or Facility when making a Referral to that health care Provider or Facility. If a Covered Person wants more information about this, contact the Covered Person's physician, chiropractor or podiatrist. If a Covered Person believes he or she is not receiving the information to which he or she is entitled, contact the Division of Consumer Affairs in the New Jersey Department of Law and Public Safety at (973) 504-6200 OR (800) 242-5846.]

[**Note:** Used only if coverage is issued as POS.]

[APPEALS PROCEDURE

The Appeal Procedure text must satisfy the requirements of N.J.A.C. 8:38-8.5 et seq. or N.J.A.C. 8:38A-3.4 et seq., as appropriate. The text must include specific information regarding the Stage 1, Stage 2 and External Appeals process.

In addition, Carriers are reminded that 29 CFR Part 2560 addresses claims procedures. It is expected that the text included in this Appeals Procedure section will include information the Carrier deems necessary to comply with the requirements of 29 CFR Part 2560.

[CONTINUATION OF CARE

[Carrier] shall provide written notice to each Covered Person at least 30 business days prior to the termination or withdrawal from [Carrier's] Provider network of a Covered Person's PCP and any other Provider from which the Covered Person is currently receiving a course of treatment, as reported to [Carrier]. The 30-day prior notice may be waived in cases of immediate termination of a health care professional based on a breach of contract by the health care professional, a determination of fraud, or where [Carrier's] medical director is of the opinion that the health care professional is an imminent danger to the patient or the public health, safety or welfare.

[Carrier] shall assure continued coverage of covered services at the contract rate by a terminated health care professional for up to four months in cases where it is Medically Necessary and Appropriate for the Covered Person to continue treatment with the terminated health care professional. In case of pregnancy of a Covered Person, coverage of services for the terminated health care professional shall continue to the postpartum evaluation of the Covered Person, up to six weeks after the delivery. With respect to pregnancy, Medical Necessity and Appropriateness shall be deemed to have been demonstrated.

For a Covered Person who is receiving post-operative follow-up care, [Carrier] shall continue to cover the services rendered by the health care professional for the duration of the treatment or for up to six months, whichever occurs first.

For a Covered Person who is receiving oncological treatment or psychiatric treatment, [Carrier] shall continue to cover services rendered by the health care professional for the duration of the treatment or for up to 12 months, whichever occurs first.

For a Covered Person receiving the above services in an acute care Facility, [carrier] will continue to provide coverage for services rendered by the health care professional regardless of whether the acute care Facility is under contract or agreement with [Carrier].

Services shall be provided to the same extent as provided while the health care professional was employed by or under contact with [Carrier]. Reimbursement for services shall be pursuant to the same schedule used to reimburse the health care professional while the health care professional was employed by or under contract with [Carrier].

If a Covered Person is admitted to a health care Facility on the date this Policy is terminated, [Carrier] shall continue to provide benefits for the Covered Person until the date the Covered Person is discharged from the facility or exhaustion of the Covered Person's benefits under this Policy, whichever occurs first.

[Carrier] shall not continue services in those instance in which the health care professional has been terminated based upon the opinion of [Carrier's] medical director that the health care professional is an imminent danger to a patient or to the public health, safety and welfare, a determination of fraud or a breach of contract by a health care professional. The determination of the Medical Necessity and Appropriateness of a Covered Person's continued treatment with a health care professional shall be subject to the appeal procedures set forth in this Policy. [Carrier] shall not be liable for any inappropriate treatment provided to a Covered Person by a health care professional who is no longer employed by or under contract with [Carrier].

If [Carrier] refers a Covered Person to a Non-Network provider, the service or supply shall be covered as a network service or supply. [Carrier] is fully responsible for payment to the health care professional and the Covered Person's liability shall be limited to any applicable Network Copayment, Coinsurance or Deductible for the service or supply.]

HEALTH BENEFITS INSURANCE

This health benefits insurance will pay many of the medical expenses incurred by a Covered Person.

Note: [Carrier] payments will be reduced if a Covered Person does not comply with the Utilization Review and Pre-Approval requirements contained in this Policy.

BENEFIT PROVISION

The Cash Deductible
Each Calendar Year, each Covered Person must have Covered Charges that exceed the Cash Deductible before [Carrier] pays any benefits to that person. The Cash Deductible is shown in the Schedule. The Cash Deductible cannot be met with Non-Covered Charges. Only Covered Charges incurred by the Covered Person while insured by this Policy can be used to meet this Cash Deductible.

Once the Cash Deductible is met, [Carrier] pays benefits for other Covered Charges above the Cash Deductible incurred by that Covered Person, less any applicable Coinsurance or Copayments, for the rest of that Calendar Year. But all charges must be incurred while that Covered Person is insured by this Policy. And what [Carrier] pays is based on all the terms of this Policy.

[Family Deductible Limit
This Policy has a family deductible limit of two Cash Deductibles for each Calendar Year. Once two Covered Persons in a family meet their individual Cash Deductibles in a Calendar Year, [Carrier] pays benefits for other Covered Charges incurred by any member of the covered family, less any applicable Coinsurance or Copayments, for the rest of that Calendar Year. What [Carrier] pays is based on all the terms of this Policy.]

[Per Covered Family
The Per Covered Family Calendar Year Cash Deductible is shown in the Schedule. Once three or more Covered Persons in a family have incurred a combined total of Covered Charges toward their Per Covered Person Cash Deductible equal to the per Covered Family Cash Deductible, each Covered Person in that family will be considered to have met his or her Per Covered Person Cash Deductible for the rest of that Calendar Year. The Covered Charges that each Covered Person in a family may use toward the Per Covered Family Cash Deductible may not exceed the amount of the Per Covered Person Cash Deductible.]

[Maximum Out of Pocket
Maximum out of pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Covered Person must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Covered Person has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.]

[Note to Carriers: Use this Maximum Out of Pocket text for a pure indemnity plan]

[Network Maximum Out of Pocket
Network Maximum Out of Pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Covered Person must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all Network covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Network Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Covered Person has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for Network covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.]

[Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket
Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Covered Person must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all Non-Network covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Covered Person has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for Non-Network covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.]

[Note to Carriers: Use these paragraphs if the Maximum Out of Pocket is separate for Network and Non-Network]

[Network Maximum Out of Pocket
Network Maximum Out of Pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Covered Person must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all Network **and** Non-Network covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Network Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Covered Person has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for Network or Non-Network covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.]

[Note to Carriers: Use this text if the Maximum Out of Pocket is common to both Network and Non-Network services and supplies.]

Payment Limits
[Carrier] limits what [Carrier] will pay for certain types of charges. [Carrier] also limits what [Carrier] will pay for all Illnesses or Injuries for each Covered Person's Per Lifetime. See the Schedule for these limits.

Benefits From Other Plans
The benefits [Carrier] will pay may be affected by a Covered Person being covered by 2 or more plans or policies. Read the provision **Coordination of Benefits and Services** to see how this works.

The benefits [Carrier] will pay may also be affected by Medicare. Read the **Medicare as Secondary Payor** section for an explanation of how this works.

If This Plan Replaces Another Plan
The Employer who purchased this Policy may have purchased it to replace a plan the Employer had with some other carrier.

The Covered Person may have incurred charges for covered expenses under the Employer's old plan before it ended. If so, these charges will be used to meet this Policy's Cash Deductible if:
a) the charges were incurred during the Calendar Year in which this Policy starts;
b) this Policy would have paid benefits for the charges, if this Policy had been in effect;

c) the Covered Person was covered by the old plan when it ended and enrolled in this Policy on its Effective Date; and
d) this Policy takes effect immediately upon termination of the prior plan.

Please note: Although Deductible credit is given, there is no credit for Coinsurance.

The Covered Person may have satisfied part of the eligibility Waiting Period under the Policyholder's old plan before it ended. If so, the time satisfied will be used to satisfy this Policy's eligibility waiting period if:
a) the Employee was employed by the Policyholder on the date the Policyholder's old plan ended; and
b) this Policy takes effect immediately upon termination of the prior plan.

Extended Health Benefits
If this Policy ends, and a Covered Person is Totally Disabled on such date, and under a Practitioner's care, [Carrier] will extend health benefits for that person under this Policy as explained below. This is done at no cost to the Covered Person.

[Carrier] will only extend benefits for Covered Charges due to the disabling condition. The charges must be incurred before the extension ends. And what [Carrier] will pay is based on all the terms of this Policy.

[Carrier] does not pay for charges due to other conditions. And [Carrier] does not pay for charges incurred by other covered family members.

The extension ends on the earliest of:
a) the date the Total Disability ends; or
b) one year from the date the person's insurance under this Policy ends; or
c) the date the person has reached the payment limit for his or her disabling condition.

The Employee must submit evidence to [Carrier] that he or she [or his or her Dependent] is Totally Disabled, if [Carrier] requests it.

COVERED CHARGES

This section lists the types of charges [Carrier] will consider as Covered Charges. But what [Carrier] will pay is subject to all the terms of this Policy. Read the entire Policy to find out what [Carrier] limits or excludes.

Charges while Hospitalized
[Carrier] covers charges incurred while a Covered Person is an Inpatient in a Hospital up to 30 days per Covered Person per Calendar Year. Covered Charges are as follows:

a) Hospital room and board
b) Routine Nursing Care
c) Prescription Drugs
d) Blood transfusions
e) Infusion Therapy
f) Chemotherapy
g) Radiation Therapy
h) Medically Necessary and Appropriate Hospital services and supplies provided to the Covered Person during the Inpatient confinement.

[Carrier] limits what it pays for each day to the room and board limit shown in the Schedule.

If a Covered Person incurs charges as an Inpatient in a Special Care Unit, [Carrier] covers the charges up to the daily room and board limit for a Special Care Unit shown in the Schedule.

Except as stated below, [Carrier] covers charges for Inpatient care for:
a) a minimum of 72 hours following a modified radical mastectomy; and
b) a minimum of 48 hours following a simple mastectomy.
Exception: The minimum 72 or 48 hours, as appropriate, of Inpatient care will not be covered if the Covered Person, in consultation with the Practitioner, determines that a shorter length of stay is medically necessary and appropriate.

As an **exception** to the Medically Necessary and Appropriate requirement of this Policy, [Carrier] also provides coverage for the mother and newly born child for:
a) a minimum of 48 hours of Inpatient care in a Hospital following a vaginal delivery; and
b) a minimum of 96 hours of Inpatient Hospital care following a Cesarean Section.

[Carrier] provides such coverage subject to the following:
a) the attending Practitioner must determine that Inpatient care is medically necessary; or
b) the mother must request the Inpatient care.
[As an alternative to the minimum level of care described above, the mother may elect to participate in a home care program provided by [Carrier].]
[Carrier] will also cover Outpatient Hospital services.

Any charges in excess of the Hospital semi-private daily room and board limit are a Non-Covered Charge. This Policy's utilization review features have penalties for non-compliance that may reduce what [Carrier] pays for Hospital charges.

Note: [Carrier] covers charges for Inpatient Hospital care up to 30 days per Covered Person per Calendar Year. Such 30 Inpatient days may be exchanged for other types of care, as explained in the **Extended Care or Rehabilitation Charges, Home Health Care Charges** and **Hospice Charges** sections.

Hospital Copayment Requirement
Each time a Covered Person is confined in a Hospital, he or she must pay a $250 Copayment for each day of confinement, up to a maximum of $1,250 per Period of Confinement, subject to a maximum $2,500 Copayment per Calendar Year.

Emergency and Urgent Care Services
Coverage for Emergency and Urgent Care include coverage of trauma services at any designated level I or II trauma center as Medically Necessary and Appropriate, which shall be continued at least until, in the judgement of the attending physician, the Covered Person is medically stable, no longer requires critical care, and can be safely transferred to another Facility. [Carrier] also provides coverage for a medical screening examination provided upon a Covered Person's arrival in a Hospital, as required to be performed by the Hospital in accordance with Federal law, but only as necessary to determine whether an emergency medical condition exists. [Please note that the "911" emergency response system may be used whenever a Covered person has a potentially life-threatening condition. Information on the use of the "911" system is included on the identification card.]

Testing Charges
[Carrier] covers x-ray and laboratory tests needed for a planned Hospital admission or Surgery. [Carrier] only covers these tests if, the tests are done on an Outpatient basis within seven days of the planned admission or Surgery.

However, [Carrier] will not cover tests that are repeated after admission or before Surgery, unless the admission or Surgery is deferred solely due to a change in the Covered Person's health.

X-ray and laboratory tests which are not performed in connection with a planned Hospital admission or Surgery are Non-Covered Charges.

Extended Care or Rehabilitation Charges
Subject to [Carrier's] Pre-Approval, when Extended Care and Rehabilitation care can take the place of Inpatient Hospital care, [Carrier] covers such care provided to a Covered Person on an Inpatient basis in an Extended Care Center or Rehabilitation Center. Each 2 days of Extended Care and Rehabilitation Charges will reduce the number of Inpatient Hospital days available to a Covered Person by 1 day. Charges above the daily room and board limit are a Non-Covered Charge.

And [Carrier] covers all other Medically Necessary and Appropriate services and supplies provided to a Covered Person during the confinement. But the confinement must:

a) start within 14 days of a Hospital stay; and
b) be due to the same or a related condition that necessitated the Hospital stay.

[Carrier] will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for treatment, services and supplies for Extended Care or Rehabilitation which are not Pre-Approved by [Carrier] provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under this Policy.

Home Health Care Charges
Subject to [Carrier's] Pre-Approval, when Home Health Care can take the place of Inpatient Hospital care, [Carrier] covers such care furnished to a Covered Person under a written home health care plan. Each 2 days of Home Health Care will reduce the number of Inpatient Hospital days available to a Covered Person by 1 day. [Carrier] covers all Medically Necessary and Appropriate services or supplies, such as:

a) Nursing Care furnished by or under the supervision of a registered Nurse;
b) physical therapy;
c) occupational therapy;
d) medical social work;
e) nutrition services;
f) speech therapy;
g) home health aide services;
h) medical appliances and equipment, drugs and medications, laboratory services and special meals to the extent such items and services would have been covered under this policy if the Covered person had been in a Hospital; and
i) any Diagnostic or therapeutic service, including surgical services performed in a Hospital Outpatient department, a Practitioner's office or any other licensed health care Facility, provided such service would have been covered under the Policy if performed as Inpatient Hospital services.

Payment is subject to all of the terms of this Policy and to the following conditions:
a) The Covered Person's Practitioner must certify that home health care is needed in place of Inpatient care in a recognized Facility. Home health care is covered only in situations where continuing hospitalization or confinement in a Skilled Nursing Facility or Rehabilitation Center would otherwise have been required if Home Health Care were not provided.
b) The services and supplies must be:
    1) ordered by the Covered Person's Practitioner;
    2) included in the home health care plan; and
    3) furnished by, or coordinated by, a Home Health Agency according to the written home health care plan.

The services and supplies must be furnished by recognized health care professionals on a part-time or intermittent basis, except when full-time or 24 hour service is needed on a short-term (no more than three day) basis.
c) The home health care plan must be set up in writing by the Covered Person's Practitioner within 14 days after home health care starts. And it must be reviewed by the Covered Person's Practitioner at least once every 60 days.
d) [Carrier] does not pay for:
    1) services furnished to family members, other than the patient; or
    2) services and supplies not included in the home health care plan.

Any visit by a member of a home health care team on any day shall be considered as one home health care visit.

[Carrier] will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for treatment, services and supplies for Home Health Care which are not Pre-Approved by [Carrier] provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under this Policy.

Food and Food Products for Inherited Metabolic Diseases
[Carrier] covers charges incurred for the therapeutic treatment of inherited metabolic diseases, including the purchase of medical foods (enteral formula) and low protein modified food products as determined to be medically necessary by the Covered Person's Practitioner.

For the purpose of this benefit:
"inherited metabolic disease" means a disease caused by an inherited abnormality of body chemistry for which testing is mandated by law;
"low protein modified food product" means a food product that is specially formulated to have less than one gram of protein per serving and is intended to be used under the direction of a Practitioner for the dietary treatment of an inherited metabolic disease, but does not include a natural food that is naturally low in protein; and
"medical food" means a food that is intended for the dietary treatment of a disease or condition for which nutritional requirements are established by medical evaluation and is formulated to be consumed or administered enterally under the direction of a Practitioner.

Practitioner's Charges for Non-Surgical Care and Treatment
[Carrier] covers Practitioner's charges for the Medically Necessary and Appropriate non-surgical care and treatment of an Illness or Injury which are incurred while the Covered Person is an Inpatient in a Hospital.

Practitioner's Charges for Surgery
[Carrier] covers Practitioner's charges for Medically Necessary and Appropriate Surgery.

[Carrier] does not pay for Cosmetic Surgery unless it is required as a result of an Illness or Injury or to correct a functional defect resulting from a congenital abnormality or developmental anomaly.

[Carrier] covers reconstructive breast Surgery, Surgery to restore and achieve symmetry between the two breasts and the cost of prostheses following a mastectomy on one breast or both breasts. [Carrier] also covers treatment of the physical complications of mastectomy, including lymphedemas.

Second Opinion Charges
[Carrier] covers Practitioner's charges for a second opinion and charges for related x-rays and tests when a Covered Person is advised to have Surgery or enter a Hospital. If the second opinion differs from the first, [Carrier] covers charges for a third opinion. [Carrier] covers such charges if the Practitioners who give the opinions:

a) are board certified and qualified, by reason of their specialty, to give an opinion on the proposed Surgery or Hospital admission;
b) are not business associates of the Practitioner who recommended the Surgery; and
c) in the case of a second surgical opinion, they do not perform the Surgery if it is needed.

Ambulatory Surgical Center Charges
[Carrier] covers charges made by an Ambulatory Surgical Center in connection with covered Surgery.

Hospice Care Charges
Subject to [Carrier] Pre-Approval, when Hospice Care can take the place of Inpatient Hospital Care, [Carrier] covers charges made by a Hospice for palliative and supportive care furnished to a terminally Ill or terminally Injured Covered Person under a Hospice care program. Each 2 days of Hospice Care will reduce the number of Inpatient Hospital days available to a Covered Person by 1 day.

"Palliative and supportive care" means care and support aimed mainly at lessening or controlling pain or symptoms; it makes no attempt to cure the Covered Person's terminal Illness or terminal Injury.

"Terminally ill" or "terminally injured" means that the Covered Person's Practitioner has certified in writing that the Covered Person's life expectancy is six months or less.

Hospice care must be furnished according to a written "hospice care program". A "hospice care program" is a coordinated program with an interdisciplinary team for meeting the special needs of the terminally Ill or terminally Injured Covered Person. It must be set up and reviewed periodically by the Covered Person's Practitioner.

Under a Hospice care program, subject to all the terms of this Policy, [Carrier] covers any services and supplies including Prescription Drugs, to the extent they are otherwise covered by this Policy. Services and supplies may be furnished on an Inpatient or Outpatient basis.

The services and supplies must be:

a) needed for palliative and supportive care;
b) ordered by the Covered Person's Practitioner;
c) included in the Hospice care program; and
d) furnished by, or coordinated by a Hospice.

[Carrier] does not pay for:

a) services and supplies provided by volunteers or others who do not regularly charge for their services;
b) funeral services and arrangements;
c) legal or financial counseling or services; or
d) treatment not included in the Hospice care plan.

[Carrier] will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for treatment, services and supplies for Hospice Care which are not Pre-Approved by [Carrier] provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under this Policy.

Pregnancy
This Policy pays for pregnancies the same way [Carrier] would cover an Illness. The charges [Carrier] covers for a newborn child are explained [on the next page.]

Birthing Center Charges
[Carrier] covers Birthing Center charges made by a Practitioner for prenatal care, delivery, and post partum care in connection with a Covered Person's pregnancy. [Carrier] covers charges up to the daily room and board limit for room and board shown in the Schedule when Inpatient care is provided to a Covered Person by a Birthing Center. But charges above the daily room and board limit are a Non-Covered Charge.

[Carrier] covers all other Medically Necessary and Appropriate services and supplies during the confinement.

[Benefits for a Covered Newborn Child
[Carrier] covers charges for the child's routine nursery care while he or she is in the Hospital or a Birthing Center. Charges are covered up to a maximum of 7 days following the date of birth. This includes:
a) nursery charges;
b) charges for routine Practitioner's examinations and tests; and
c) charges for routine procedures, like circumcision.

Subject to all of the terms of this Policy, [Carrier] covers the care and treatment of a covered newborn child if he or she is Ill, Injured, premature, or born with a congenital birth defect.]

Anesthetics
[Carrier] covers anesthetics and their administration.

COVERED CHARGES WITH SPECIAL LIMITATIONS

The following "Pre-Existing Conditions Limitation" and "Continuity of Coverage" provisions only apply to Policies issued to Policyholders of at least two but not more than five eligible Employees. These provisions also apply to "Late Enrollees" under the Policies issued to any Small Employer. However, this provision does not apply to Late Enrollees if 10 or more Late Enrollees request enrollment during any [30] day enrollment period provided for in this Policy. See this Policy's EMPLOYEE COVERAGE and [DEPENDENT COVERAGE] section[s] to determine if a Covered Person is a Late Enrollee. [The "Pre-Existing Conditions Limitation" provision does not apply to a Dependent who is an adopted child or who is a child placed for adoption or to a newborn child if the Employee enrolls the Dependent and agrees to make the required payments within [31] days after the Dependent's Eligibility Date.]

Pre-Existing Conditions Limitation
A Pre-Existing Condition is an Illness or Injury which manifests itself in the six months before a Covered Person's Enrollment Date, and for which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received during the six months immediately preceding the Enrollment Date.

[Carrier] does not pay benefits for charges for Pre-Existing Conditions for 180 days measured from the Enrollment Date. This 180 day period may be reduced by the length of time the Covered Person was covered under any Creditable Coverage if, without application of any Waiting Period, the Creditable Coverage was continuous to a date not more than 90 days prior to becoming a Covered Person. Refer to the Continuity of Coverage section below.

This limitation does not affect benefits for other unrelated conditions [or] pregnancy [, or birth defects in a covered Dependent child]. Genetic information will not be treated as a Pre-Existing Condition in the absence of a diagnosis of the condition related to that information. And [Carrier] waives this limitation for a Covered Person's Pre-Existing Condition if the condition was payable under Creditable Coverage which insured the Covered Person right before the Covered Person's coverage under this Policy started. The next section shows other exceptions.

Continuity of Coverage
[NOTE: COVERAGE UNDER THIS POLICY IS SUBJECT TO THE ALTERNATIVE METHOD FOR COUNTING CREDITABLE COVERAGE]
If a new Covered Person was covered under Creditable Coverage prior to enrollment under this Policy and the Creditable Coverage was continuous to a date not more than 90 days prior to the Enrollment Date under this Policy, [Carrier] will provide credit as follows. [Standard method] [[Carrier] gives credit for the time the Covered Person was covered under the Creditable Coverage without regard to the specific benefits included in the Creditable Coverage.] [Alternative method] [[Carrier] gives credit for the time the Covered Person was covered under the Creditable Coverage based on coverage for the following [category] [categories] of benefits: [mental health;] [substance abuse treatment;] [prescription drugs;] [dental care;] [or] [vision care]. [Carrier] will count a period of Creditable Coverage with respect to a category of benefits if any level of benefits is covered within that category. For all other benefits, [Carrier] gives credit for the time the Covered Person was covered under the Creditable Coverage without regard to the specific benefits included in the Creditable Coverage.] [Carrier] counts the days the Covered Person was covered under Creditable Coverage, except that days that occur before any lapse in coverage of more than 90 days are not counted. [Carrier] applies these days to reduce the duration of the Pre-Existing Condition limitation under this Policy. The person must sign and complete his or her enrollment form within 30 days of the date the Employee's [active] Full-Time service begins. Any condition arising between the date his or her coverage under the Creditable Coverage ends and the Enrollment Date is Pre-Existing. [Carrier] does not cover any charges actually incurred before the person's coverage under this Policy starts. If the Employer has included an eligibility waiting period in this Policy, an Employee must still meet it, before becoming insured.

Private Duty Nursing Care
[Carrier] **only** covers charges by a Nurse for Medically Necessary and Appropriate private duty nursing care if such care is authorized as part of a home health care plan, coordinated by a Home Health Agency, and covered under the **Home Health Care Charges** section. Any other charges for private duty nursing care are a Non-Covered Charge.

Therapy Services
Therapy Services mean the following services or supplies, ordered by a Practitioner and used to treat, or promote recovery from, an Injury or Illness:

[Carrier] covers the Therapy Services listed below when provided on either an Inpatient or on an Outpatient basis.

a) *Chemotherapy* - the treatment of malignant disease by chemical or biological antineoplastic agents.
b) *Radiation Therapy* - the treatment of disease by x-ray, radium, cobalt, or high energy particle sources. Radiation therapy includes rental or cost of radioactive materials. Diagnostic Services requiring the use of radioactive materials are not radiation therapy.

[Carrier covers the therapy Services listed below but only when provided on an Inpatient basis.

c) *Chelation Therapy* - means the administration of drugs or chemicals to remove toxic concentrations of metals from the body.
d) *Respiration Therapy* - the introduction of dry or moist gases into the lungs.
e) *Cognitive Rehabilitation Therapy* - the retraining of the brain to perform intellectual skills which it was able to perform prior to disease, trauma. Surgery or previous therapeutic process; or the training of the brain to perform intellectual skills it should have been able to perform if there were not a congenital anomaly.
f) *Speech Therapy* - treatment for the correction of a speech impairment resulting from Illness, Surgery, Injury, congenital anomaly, or previous therapeutic processes.

Coverage for Cognitive Rehabilitation Therapy and Speech Therapy, combined, is limited to 30 visits per Calendar Year.

g) *Occupational Therapy* - treatment to restore a physically disabled person's ability to perform the ordinary tasks of daily living.
h) *Physical Therapy* - the treatment by physical means to relieve pain, restore maximum function, and prevent disability following disease, Injury or loss or limb.

Coverage for Occupational Therapy and Physical Therapy, combined, is limited to 30 visits per Calendar Year.

i) *Infusion Therapy* - the administration of antibiotic, nutrients, or other therapeutic agents by direct infusion.

Note: The limitations on Therapy Services contained in this Therapy Services provision do not apply to any therapy services that are received under the Home Health Care provision.

Preventive Care
[Carrier] covers charges for routine physical examinations including related laboratory tests and x-rays. [Carrier] also covers charges for immunizations and vaccines, well baby care, pap smears, mammography, bone density testing, screening tests and Nicotine Dependence Treatment. But [Carrier] limits what [Carrier] pays each Calendar Year to $100 per Covered Person[, $300 per Covered Family].

Immunizations and Lead Screening
[Carrier] will cover charges for:
a) screening by blood measurement for lead poisoning for children, including confirmatory blood lead testing and medical evaluation as specified by the New Jersey Department of Health and Senior Services and any necessary medical follow-up and treatment for lead poisoned children; and
b) all childhood immunizations as recommended by the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices of the United States Public Health Services and New Jersey Department of Health and Senior Services.

[Transplant Benefits
[Carrier] covers charges for:

a) [Autologous Bone Marrow transplant and Associated Dose-Intensive Chemotherapy, but only if performed by institutions approved by the National Cancer Institute, or pursuant to protocols consistent with the guidelines of the American Society of Clinical Oncologists:
b) Peripheral Blood Stem Cell transplants, but only if performed by institutions approved by the National Cancer Institute, or pursuant to protocols consistent with the guidelines of the American Society of Clinical Oncologists.]

IMPORTANT NOTICE

[This Policy has utilization review features. Under these features, [ABC - Systems, a health care review organization] reviews Hospital admissions and Surgery performed outside of a Practitioner's office [for Carrier]. These features must be complied with if a Covered Person:

a) is admitted as an Inpatient to a Hospital, or
b) is advised to enter a Hospital or have Surgery performed outside of a Practitioner's office. If a Covered Person does not comply with these utilization review features, he or she will not be eligible for full benefits under this Policy. See the **Utilization Review Features** section for details.]

[This Policy has Specialty Case Management. Under these features, [DEF, a Case Coordinator] reviews a Covered Person's medical needs in clinical situations with the potential for catastrophic claims to determine whether alternative treatment may be available and appropriate. See the **Specialty Case Management** section for details.]

[This Policy has centers of excellence features. Under these features, a Covered Person may obtain necessary care and treatment from Providers with whom [Carrier] has entered into agreements. See the **Centers of Excellence Features** section for details.]

[What [Carrier] pays is subject to all of the terms of this Policy. Read this Policy carefully and keep it available when consulting a Practitioner.

If an Employee has any questions after reading this Policy he or she should [call The Group Claim Office at the number shown on his or her identification card.]

This Policy is not responsible for medical or other results arising directly or indirectly from the Covered Person's participation in these Utilization Review, Specialty Case Management or Centers of Excellence Features.]

[UTILIZATION REVIEW FEATURES

Important Notice: If a Covered Person does not comply with this Policy's utilization review features, he or she will not be eligible for full benefits under this Policy.

Compliance with this Policy's utilization review features does not guarantee what [Carrier] will pay for Covered Charges. What [Carrier] pays is based on:
a) the Covered Charges actually incurred;
b) the Covered Person being eligible for coverage under this Policy at the time the Covered Charges are incurred; and
c) the Cash Deductible, Copayment and Coinsurance provisions, and all of the other terms of this Policy.

Definitions
"Hospital admission" means admission of a Covered Person to a Hospital as an Inpatient for Medically Necessary and Appropriate care and treatment of a Illness or Injury.

By "covered professional charges for Surgery" [Carrier] means Covered Charges that are made by a Practitioner for performing Surgery. Any surgical charge which is not a Covered Charge under the terms of this Policy is not payable under this Policy.

"Regular working day" means [Monday through Friday from 9 a.m. to 9 p.m. Eastern Time,] not including legal holidays.

Grievance Procedure
Carriers must include the disclosure requirements set forth in N.J.A.C. 8:38A-3.2.

[REQUIRED HOSPITAL STAY REVIEW

Important Notice: If a Covered Person does not comply with these Hospital stay review features, he or she will not be eligible for full benefits under this Policy.

Notice of Hospital Admission Required
[Carrier] requires notice of all Hospital admissions. The times and manner in which the notice must be given is described below. When a Covered Person does not comply with the requirements of this section [Carrier] reduces what it pays for covered Hospital charges as a penalty.

Pre-Hospital Review
All non-Emergency Hospital admissions must be reviewed by [ABC] before they occur. The Covered Person or the Covered Person's Practitioner must notify [ABC] and request a pre-hospital review. [ABC] must receive the notice and request as soon as possible before the admission is scheduled to occur. For a maternity admission, a Covered Person or his or her Practitioner must notify [ABC] and request a pre-hospital review at least [60 days] before the expected date of delivery, or as soon as reasonably possible.

When [ABC] receives the notice and request, [they] evaluate:
a) the Medical Necessity and Appropriateness of the Hospital admission
b) the anticipated length of stay and
c) the appropriateness of health care alternatives, like home health care or other out-patient care.

[ABC] notifies the Covered Person's Practitioner, [by phone, of the outcome of their review. And [they] confirm the outcome of [their] review in writing.]

If [ABC] authorizes a Hospital admission, the authorization is valid for:
a) the specified Hospital;
b) the named attending Practitioner; and
c) the authorized length of stay.

The authorization becomes invalid and the Covered Person's admission must be reviewed by [ABC] again if:
a) he or she enters a Facility other than the specified Facility;
b) he or she changes attending Practitioners; or
c) more than [60 days] elapse between the time he or she obtains authorization and the time he or she enters the Hospital, except in the case of a maternity admission.

Emergency Admission
[ABC] must be notified of all Emergency admission by phone. This must be done by the Covered Person or the Covered Person's Practitioner no later than the end of the next regular working day, or as soon as possible after the admission occurs.

When [ABC] is notified [by phone,] they require the following information:

a) the Covered Person's name, social security number and date of birth;
b) the Covered Person group plan number;
c) the reason for the admission;
d) the name and location of the Hospital;
e) when the admission occurred; and
f) the name of the Covered Person's Practitioner.

Continued Stay Review
The Covered Person or his or her Practitioner, must request a continued stay review for any Emergency admission. This must be done at the time [ABC] is notified of such admission.

The Covered Person, or his or her Practitioner, must also initiate a continued stay review whenever it is Medically Necessary and Appropriate to change the authorized length of a Hospital stay. This must be done before the end of the previously authorized length of stay.

[ABC] also has the right to initiate a continued stay review of any Hospital admission. And [ABC] may contact the Covered Person's Practitioner or Hospital by phone or in writing.

In the case of an Emergency admission, the continued stay review evaluates:
a) the Medical Necessity and Appropriateness of the Hospital admission;
b) the anticipated length of stay; and
c) the appropriateness of health care alternatives.

In all other cases, the continued stay review evaluates:
a) the Medical Necessity and Appropriateness of extending the authorized length of stay; and
b) the appropriateness of health care alternatives.

[ABC] notifies the Covered Person's Practitioner [by phone, of the outcome of the review. And [ABC] confirms the out-come of the review in writing.] The notice always includes any newly authorized length of stay.

Penalties for Non-Compliance
In the case of a non-Emergency Hospital admission, as a penalty for non-compliance, [[Carrier] reduces what it pays for covered Hospital charges, **by 50%**] if:
a) the Covered Person does not request a pre-hospital review; or
b) the Covered Person does not request a pre-hospital review as soon as reasonably possible before the Hospital admission is scheduled to occur; or
c) [ABC's] authorization becomes invalid and the Covered Person does not obtain a new one; or
d) [ABC] does not authorize the Hospital admission.

In the case of an Emergency admission, as a penalty for non-compliance, [[Carrier] reduces what it pays for covered Hospital charges **by 50%**], if:
a) [ABC] is not notified of the admission at the times and in the manner described above;
b) the Covered Person does not request a continued stay review; or
c) the Covered Person does not receive authorization for such continued stay.

The penalty applies to covered Hospital charges incurred after the applicable time limit allowed for giving notice ends.

For any Hospital admission, if a Covered Person stays in the Hospital longer than [ABC] authorizes, [Carrier] reduces what it pays for covered Hospital charges incurred after the authorized length of stay ends by 50% as a penalty for non-compliance.

Penalties cannot be used to meet this Policy's Maximum Out of Pocket or Cash Deductible.

[REQUIRED PRE-SURGICAL REVIEW

Important Notice: If a Covered Person does not comply with these pre-surgical review features, he or she will not be eligible for full benefits under this Policy.

[Carrier] requires a Covered Person to get a pre-surgical review for any non-Emergency procedure performed outside of a Practitioner's office. When a Covered Person does not comply with the requirements of this section [Carrier] reduces what it pays for covered professional charges for Surgery, as a penalty.

The Covered Person or his or her Practitioner, must request a pre-surgical review from [ABC]. [ABC] must receive the request at least 24 hours before the Surgery is scheduled to occur. If the Surgery is being done in a Hospital, on an Inpatient basis, the pre-surgical review request should be made at the same time as the request for a pre-hospital review.
When [ABC] receives the request, they evaluate the Medical Necessity and Appropriateness of the Surgery and they either:
a) approve the proposed Surgery; or
b) require a second surgical opinion regarding the need for the Surgery.

[ABC] notifies the Covered Person's Practitioner, [by phone, of the outcome of the review. [ABC] also confirms the outcome of the review in writing.]

Second Surgical Opinion
If [ABC's] review does not confirm the Medical Necessity and Appropriateness of the Surgery, the Covered Person may obtain a second surgical opinion. If the second opinion does not confirm the medical necessity of the Surgery, the Covered Person may obtain a third opinion, although he or she is not required to do so.

[[ABC] will give the Covered Person a list of Practitioners in his or her area who will give a second opinion.] The Covered Person may get the second opinion from [a Practitioner on the list, or from] a Practitioner of his or her own choosing, if the Practitioner:
a) is board certified and qualified, by reason of his or her specialty, to give an opinion on the proposed Surgery;
b) is not a business associate of the Covered Person's Practitioner; and
c) does not perform the Surgery if it is needed.

[[ABC] gives second opinion forms to the Covered Person. The Practitioner he or she chooses fills them out, and then returns them to [ABC].]

[Carrier] covers charges for additional surgical opinions, including charges for related x-ray and tests. But what [Carrier] pays is based on all the terms of this Policy, except, these charges are not subject to the Cash Deductible or Coinsurance.

Pre-Hospital Review
If the proposed Surgery is to be done on an Inpatient basis, the Required Pre-Hospital Review section must be complied with. See the **Required Pre-Hospital Review** section for details.

Penalties for Non-Compliance
As a penalty for non-compliance, [[Carrier] reduces what it pays for covered professional charges, for Surgery **by 50%] if:**
a) the Covered Person does not request a pre-surgical review; or
b) [ABC] is not given at least 24 hours to review and evaluate the proposed Surgery; or
c) [ABC] requires additional surgical opinions and the Covered Person does not get those opinions before the Surgery is done;
d) [ABC] does not confirm the need for Surgery.

Penalties cannot be used to meet this Policy's Maximum Out of Pocket or Cash Deductible.

[SPECIALTY CASE MANAGEMENT
Important Notice: No Covered Person is required, in any way, to accept a Specialty Case Management Plan recommended by [DEF].

Definitions
"Specialty Case Management" means those services and supplies which meet both of the following tests:
a) They are determined, in advance, by [Carrier] to be Medically Necessary and Appropriate and cost effective in meeting the long term or intensive care needs of a Covered Person in connection with a Catastrophic Illness or Injury.
b) While there are other covered services and supplies available under this Policy for the Covered Person's condition, the services and supplies the [Carrier] offers to make available under the terms of this provision would not otherwise be payable under this Policy.

Please note: [Carrier] has sole Discretion to determine whether to consider Specialty Case Management for a Covered Person.

"Catastrophic Illness or Injury" means one of the following:
a) head injury requiring an Inpatient stay
b) spinal cord Injury
c) severe burns over 20% or more of the body
d) multiple injuries due to an accident
e) premature birth
f) CVA or stroke
g) congenital defect which severely impairs a bodily function
h) brain damage due to either an accident or cardiac arrest or resulting from a surgical procedure
i) terminal Illness, with a prognosis of death within 6 months
j) Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS)
k) chemical dependency
l) mental, nervous and psychoneurotic disorders
m) any other Illness or Injury determined by [DEF] or (Carrier] to be catastrophic.

Specialty Case Management Plan
[DEF] will identify cases of Catastrophic Illness or Injury. The appropriateness of the level of patient care given to a Covered Person as well as the setting in which it is received will be evaluated. In order to maintain or enhance the quality of patient care for the Covered Person, [DEF] will develop a Specialty Case Management Plan.

A Specialty Case Management Plan is a specific written document, developed by [DEF] through discussion and agreement with:
a) the Covered Person, or his or her legal guardian, if necessary;
b) the Covered Person's attending Practitioner; and
c) [Carrier].

The Specialty Case Management Plan includes:
a) treatment plan objectives;
b) course of treatment to accomplish the stated objectives;
c) the responsibility of each of the following parties in implementing the plan:
- [DEF]
- attending Practitioner
- Covered Person
- Covered Person's family, if any; and

d) estimated cost and savings.

If [Carrier], [DEF], the attending Practitioner, and the Covered Person agree [in writing,] on a Specialty Case Management Plan, the services and supplies required in connection with such Specialty Case Management Plan will be considered as Covered Charges under the terms of this Policy.

The agreed upon Specialty Case Management treatment must be ordered by the Covered Person's Practitioner.

Benefits payable under the Specialty Case Management Plan will be considered in the accumulation of any Calendar Year and Per Lifetime maximums.

Exclusion
Specialty Case Management does not include services and supplies that [Carrier] determines to be Experimental or Investigational.]

[CENTERS OF EXCELLENCE FEATURES

Important Notice: No Covered Person is required, in any way, to receive medical care and treatment at a Center of Excellence.

Definitions

"Center of Excellence" means a Provider that has entered into an agreement with [Carrier] to provide health benefit services for specific procedures. The Centers of Excellence are [identified in the Listing of Centers of Excellence.]

"Pre-Treatment Screening Evaluation" means the review of past and present medical records and current x-ray and laboratory results by the Center of Excellence to determine whether the Covered Person is an appropriate candidate for the Procedure.

"Procedure" means one or more surgical procedures or medical therapy performed in a Center of Excellence.

Covered Charges
In order for charges to be Covered Charges, the Center of Excellence must:
a) perform a Pre-Treatment Screening Evaluation; and
b) determine that the Procedure is Medically Necessary and Appropriate for the treatment of the Covered Person.

Benefits for services and supplies at a Center of Excellence will be [subject to the terms and conditions of this Policy. However, the Utilization Review Features will not apply.]]

EXCLUSIONS

Payment will not be made for any charges incurred for or in connection with:

Care or treatment by means of ***acupuncture*** except when used as a substitute for other forms of anesthesia.

Care or treatment of ***alcohol abuse.***

Services for ***ambulance*** for transportation.

Blood or blood plasma which is replaced by or for a Covered Person.

Care and/or treatment by a ***Christian Science*** Practitioner.

Completion of claim forms.

Services or supplies related to ***Cosmetic Surgery*** except as otherwise stated in this Policy; complications of Cosmetic Surgery; drugs prescribed for cosmetic purposes.

Services related to ***custodial*** or ***domiciliary*** care.

Dental care or treatment, including appliances and dental implants.

Charges made by a ***dialysis center*** for dialysis services.

Care or treatment by means of ***dose-intensive chemotherapy***[, except as otherwise stated in this Policy.]

Durable Medical Equipment

Services or supplies, the primary purpose of which is ***educational*** providing the Covered Person with any of the following: training in the activities of daily living; instruction in scholastic skills such as reading and writing; preparation for an occupation; or treatment for learning disabilities.

Care or treatment in an ***emergency room*** unless the Covered Person is admitted within 24 hours.

Experimental or Investigational treatments, procedures, hospitalizations, drugs, biological products or medical devices, except as otherwise stated in this Policy.

Extraction of teeth, except for bony impacted teeth.

Services or supplies for or in connection with:

a. exams to determine the need for (or changes of) ***eyeglasses*** or lenses of any type;
b. eyeglasses or lenses of any type except initial replacements for loss of the natural lens; or
c. eye surgery such as radial keratotomy or lasik surgery, when the primary purpose is to correct myopia (nearsightedness), hyperopia (farsightedness) or astigmatism (blurring).

Services or supplies provided by one of the following members of the Employee's ***family:*** spouse, child, parent, in-law, brother, sister or grandparent.

Services or supplies furnished in connection with any procedures to enhance ***fertility.***

Services or supplies related ***to hearing aids and hearing exams*** to determine the need for hearing aids or the need to adjust them.

Services or supplies related to ***herbal medicine.***

Services or supplies related to ***hypnotism.***

Services or supplies necessary because the Covered Person engaged, or tried to engage, in an ***illegal occupation*** or committed or tried to commit an indictable offense in the jurisdiction in which it is committed, or a felony. ***Exception***: As required by 29 CFR 2590.702(b)(2)(iii) this exclusion does not apply to injuries that result from an act of domestic violence or to injuries that result from a medical condition.

Except as stated below, Illness or ***Injury,*** including a condition which is the result of disease or bodily infirmity, which occurred on the job and which is covered or could have been covered for benefits provided under workers' compensation, employer's liability, occupational disease or similar law. ***Exception***: This exclusion does not apply to the following persons for whom coverage under workers' compensation is optional unless such persons are actually covered for workers' compensation: a self-employed person or a partner of a limited liability partnership, members of a limited liability company or partners of a partnership who actively perform services on behalf of the self-employed business, the limited liability partnership, limited liability company or the partnership.

Local anesthesia charges billed separately if such charges are included in the fee for the Surgery.

Care and treatment for ***Mental or Nervous Conditions and Substance Abuse.***

Membership costs for health clubs, weight loss clinics and similar programs.

Services and supplies related to ***marriage, career or financial counseling, sex therapy or family therapy, nutritional counseling and related services.***

Nicotine Dependence Treatment, except as otherwise stated in the Preventive Care section of this Policy.

Any charge identified as a ***Non-Covered Charge*** or which are specifically limited or excluded elsewhere in this Policy, or which are not Medically Necessary and Appropriate, except as otherwise stated in this Policy.

Non-prescription drugs or supplies, except
a) insulin needles and syringes an glucose test strips and lancets;
b) colostomy bags, belts and irrigators; and
c) as stated in this Policy for food and food products for inherited metabolic diseases.

Services provided by a ***pastoral counselor*** *in* the course of his or her normal duties as a religious person.

Personal convenience or comfort items including, but not limited to, such items as TV's, telephones, first aid kits, exercise equipment, air conditioners, humidifiers, saunas, hot tubs.

Podiatric care

Practitioner visits, except as otherwise stated in this Policy.

Prescription Drugs obtained while not confined in a Hospital on an Inpatient basis.

Services or supplies that are not furnished by an eligible **Provider.**

Services related to ***Private Duty Nursing*** care, except as provided in the Home Health Care section of this Policy.

Prosthetic Devices

The amount of any charge which is greater than a ***Reasonable and Customary Charge.***

Services or supplies related to ***rest or convalescent cures.***

Room and board charges for a Covered Person in any Facility for any period of time during which he or she was not physically present overnight in the Facility.

Except as stated in the Preventive Care section, ***Routine examinations*** or preventive care, including related x-rays and laboratory tests, except where a specific Illness or Injury is revealed or where a definite symptomatic condition is present; pre-marital or similar examinations or tests not required to diagnose or treat Illness or Injury.

Services or supplies related to ***Routine Foot Care.***

Self-administered services such as: biofeedback, patient-controlled analgesia on an Outpatient basis, related diagnostic testing, self-care and self-help training.

Services provided by a ***social worker,*** except as otherwise stated in this Policy.

Services or supplies:
a) eligible for payment under either federal or state programs (except Medicaid and Medicare). This provision applies whether or not the Covered Person asserts his or her rights to obtain this coverage or payment for these services;
b) for which a charge is not usually made, such as a Practitioner treating a professional or business associate, or services at a public health fair;
c) for which a Covered Person would not have been charged if he or she did not have health care coverage;
d) provided by or in a government Hospital except as stated below, or unless the services are for treatment:

- of a non-service Emergency; or
- by a Veterans' Administration Hospital of a non-service related Illness or Injury;

Exception: This exclusion does not apply to military retirees, their Dependents and the Dependents of active duty military personnel who are covered under both this Policy and under military health coverage and who receive care in facilities of the Uniformed Services.

e) provided outside the United States unless the Covered person is outside the United States for one of the following reasons:

- travel, provided the travel is for a reason other than securing health care diagnosis and/or treatment, and travel is for a period of 6 months or less;
- business assignment, provided the Covered Person is temporarily outside the United States for a period of 6 months or less; or
- Subject to [Carrier] Pre-Approval, eligibility for full-time student status, provided the Covered person is either enrolled and attending an Accredited School in a foreign country; or is participating in an academic program in a foreign country, for which the institution of higher learning a which the student matriculates in the United States, grants academic credit. **Charges in connection with full-time students in a foreign country for which eligibility as a full-time student has not been Pre-Approved by [Carrier] are Non-Covered Charges.**

Stand-by services required by a Provider.

Sterilization reversal - services and supplies rendered for reversal of sterilization.

Surgery, sex hormones, and related medical, psychological and psychiatric services to change a Covered Person's sex; services and supplies arising from complications of sex transformation.

Telephone consultations.

Therapeutic Manipulation.

Transplants [, except as otherwise stated in this Policy.].

Transportation; travel.

Vision therapy.

Vitamins and dietary supplements.

Services or supplies received as a result of a ***war,*** declared or undeclared; police actions; services in the armed forces or units auxiliary thereto.

Weight reduction or control, unless there is a diagnosis of morbid obesity; special foods, food supplements, liquid diets, diet plans or any related products and except as provided in the Food Products for Inherited Metabolic Diseases provision.

Wigs, toupees, hair transplants, hair weaving or any drug if such drug is used in connection with baldness.

CONTINUATION RIGHTS

COORDINATION AMONG CONTINUATION RIGHTS SECTIONS

As used in this section, COBRA means the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 as enacted, and later amended.

A Covered Person may be eligible to continue his or her group health benefits under this Policy's **COBRA CONTINUATION RIGHTS** (CCR) section and under other continuation sections of this Policy at the same time.

Continuation Under CCR and **NEW JERSEY GROUP CONTINUATION RIGHTS** (NJGCR): A Covered Person who is eligible to continue his or her group health benefits under CCR is not eligible to continue under NJGCR.

Continuation under CCR and NJGCR and **NEW JERSEY CONTINUATION RIGHTS FOR OVER-AGE DEPENDENTS** (NJCROD): A Dependent who has elected to continue his or her coverage under the group policy under which his or her parent is currently covered pursuant to NJCROD shall not be entitled to further continue coverage under CCR or NJGCR when continuation pursuant to NJCROD ends.

Continuation Under CCR and any other continuation section of this Policy:

If a Covered Person elects to continue his or her group health benefits under this Policy's CCR or NJGCR, as applicable, and any other continuation other than NJCROD, the continuations:

a) start at the same time;
b) run concurrently; and
c) end independently on their own terms.

While covered under more than one continuation section, the Covered Person:

a) will not be entitled to duplicate benefits; and
b) will not be subject to the premium requirements of more than one section at the same time.

AN IMPORTANT NOTICE ABOUT CONTINUATION RIGHTS

The following COBRA CONTINUATION RIGHTS section may not apply to the Employer's Policy. The Employee must contact his or her Employer to find out if:

a) the Employer is subject to the COBRA CONTINUATION RIGHTS section in which case;
b) the section applies to the Employee.

COBRA CONTINUATION RIGHTS (Generally applies to employer groups with 20 or more employees)

Important Notice
Under this section, "Qualified Continuee" means any person who, on the day before any event which would qualify him or her for continuation under this section, is covered for group health benefits under this Policy as:
a) an active, covered Employee;
b) the spouse of an active, covered Employee; or
c) the Dependent child of an active, covered Employee. Except as stated below, any person who becomes covered under this Policy during a continuation provided by this section is not a Qualified Continuee.

Exception: A child who is born to the covered Employee, or who is placed for adoption with the covered Employee during the continuation provided by this section is a Qualified Continuee.

If An Employee's Group Health Benefits Ends
If an Employee's group health benefits end due to his or her termination of employment or reduction of work hours, he or she may elect to continue such benefits for up to 18 months, unless he or she was terminated due to gross misconduct.
A Qualified Continuee may elect to continue coverage under COBRA even if the Qualified Continuee:
a) is covered under another group plan on or before the date of the COBRA election; or
b) is entitled to Medicare on or before the date of the COBRA election.

The continuation:
a) may cover the Employee and any other Qualified Continuee; and
b) is subject to the **When Continuation Ends** section.

Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuees
If a Qualified Continuee is determined to be disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the United States Social Security Act on the date his or her group health benefits would otherwise end due to the Employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours or during the first 60 days of continuation coverage, he or she and any Qualified Continuee who is not disabled may elect to extend his or her 18 month continuation period above for up to an extra 11 months.

To elect the extra 11 months of continuation, the Qualified Continuee must give the Employer written proof of Social Security's determination of his or her disability before the earlier of:
a) the end of the 18 month continuation period; and
b) 60 days after the date the Qualified Continuee is determined to be disabled.

If, during this extra 11 month continuation period, the Qualified Continuee is determined to be no longer disabled under the Social Security Act, he or she must notify the Employer within 30 days of such determination, and continuation will end, as explained in the **When Continuation Ends** section.

An additional 50% of the total premium charge also may be required from the Qualified Continuee by the Employer during this extra 11 month continuation period.

If An Employee Dies While Insured
If an Employee dies while insured, any Qualified Continuee whose group health benefits would otherwise end may elect to continue such benefits. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to the **When Continuation Ends** section.

If An Employee's Marriage [or Domestic Partnership] Ends
If an Employee's marriage ends due to legal divorce or legal separation [or termination of a domestic partnership], any Qualified Continuee whose group health benefits would otherwise end may elect to continue such benefits. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to the **When Continuation Ends** section.

If A Dependent Loses Eligibility
If a Dependent child's group health benefits end due to his or her loss of dependent eligibility as defined in this Policy, other than the Employee's coverage ending, he or she may elect to continue such benefits. However, such Dependent child must be a Qualified Continuee. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to **When Continuation Ends.**

Concurrent Continuations
If a Dependent elects to continue his or her group health benefits due to the Employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours, the Dependent may elect to extend his or her 18 month continuation period to up to 36 months, if during the 18 month continuation period, either:
a) the Dependent becomes eligible for 36 months of group health benefits due to any of the reasons stated above; or
b) the Employee becomes entitled to Medicare.

The 36 month continuation period starts on the date the 18 month continuation period started, and the two continuation periods will be deemed to have run concurrently.

Special Medicare Rule
Except as stated below, the "special rule" applies to Dependents of an Employee when the Employee becomes entitled to Medicare prior to termination of employment or reduction in work hours. The continuation period for a Dependent upon the Employee's subsequent termination of employment or reduction in work hours will be the longer of the following:
a) 18 months from the date of the Employee's termination of employment or reduction in work hours; or
b) 36 months from the date of the Employee's earlier entitlement to Medicare.

Exception: If the Employee becomes entitled to Medicare more than 18 months prior to termination of employment or reduction in work hours, this "special rule" will not apply.

The Qualified Continuee's Responsibilities
A person eligible for continuation under this section must notify the Employer, in writing, of:

a) the legal divorce or legal separation [or termination of the domestic partnership] of the Employee from his or her spouse; or
b) the loss of dependent eligibility, as defined in this Policy, of an insured Dependent child.

Such notice must be given to the Employer within 60 days of either of these events.

The Employer's Responsibilities
The Employer must notify the Qualified Continuee, in writing, of:
a) his or her right to continue this Policy's group health benefits;
b) the monthly premium he or she must pay to continue such benefits; and
c) the times and manner in which such monthly payments must be made.

Such written notice must be given to the Qualified Continuee within 44 days of:
a) the date a Qualified Continuee's group health benefits would otherwise end due to the Employee's death or the Employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours; or
b) the date a Qualified Continuee notifies the Employer, in writing, of the Employee's legal divorce or legal separation [or termination of the domestic partnership] from his or her spouse, or the loss of dependent eligibility of an insured Dependent child.

The Employer's Liability
The Employer will be liable for the Qualified Continuee's continued group health benefits to the same extent as, and in place of, [Carrier], if:
a) the Employer fails to remit a Qualified Continuee's timely premium payment to [Carrier] on time, thereby causing the Qualified Continuee's continued group health benefits to end; or
b) the Employer fails to notify the Qualified Continuee of his or her continuation rights, as described above.

Election of Continuation
To continue his or her group health benefits, the Qualified Continuee must give the Employer written notice that he or she elects to continue. An election by a minor Dependent Child can be made by the Dependent Child's parent or legal guardian. This must be done within 60 days of the date a Qualified Continuee receives notice of his or her continuation rights from the Employer as described above. And the Qualified Continuee must pay the first month's premium in a timely manner.

The subsequent premiums must be paid to the Employer, by the Qualified Continuee, in advance, at the times and in the manner specified by the Employer. No further notice of when premiums are due will be given.

The monthly premium will be the total rate which would have been charged for the group health benefits had the Qualified Continuee stayed insured under this Policy on a regular basis. It includes any amount that would have been paid by the Employer. Except as explained in the **Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuees** section, an additional charge of two percent of the total premium charge may also be required by the Employer.

If the Qualified Continuee fails to give the Employer notice of his or her intent to continue, or fails to pay any required premiums in a timely manner, he or she waives his or her continuation rights.

Grace in Payment of Premiums
A Qualified Continuee's premium payment is timely if, with respect to the first payment after the Qualified Continuee elects to continue, such payment is made no later than 45 days after such election. In all other cases, such premium payment is timely if it is made within 31 days of the specified date.

If timely payment is made to the plan in an amount that is not significantly less than the amount the Employer requires to be paid for the period of coverage, then the amount paid is deemed to satisfy the Employer's requirement for the amount that must be paid, unless the plan notifies the Qualified Continuee of the amount of the deficiency and grants an additional 30 days for payment of the deficiency to be made. An amount is not significantly less than the amount the Employer requires to be paid for a period of coverage if and only if the shortfall is no greater than the lesser of the following two amounts:
a) Fifty dollars (or such other amount as the Commissioner may provide in a revenue ruling, notice, or other guidance published in the Internal Revenue Code Bulletin); or
b) Ten percent of the amount the plan requires to be paid.

Payment is considered as made on the date on which it is sent to the Employer.

When Continuation Ends
A Qualified Continuee's continued group health benefits end on the first of the following:
a) with respect to continuation upon the Employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours, the end of the 18 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;
b) with respect to a Qualified Continuee who has elected an additional 11 months of continuation due to his or her own disability or the disability of a family member, the earlier of:
- the end of the 29 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end; or
- the first day of the month which coincides with or next follows the date which is 30 days after the date on which a final determination is made that a disabled Qualified Continuee is no longer disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the United States Social Security Act;

c) with respect to continuation upon the Employee's death, the Employee's legal divorce or legal separation [or termination of the domestic partnership] or the end of an insured Dependent's eligibility, the end of the 36 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;
d) with respect to a Dependent whose continuation is extended due to the Employee's entitlement to Medicare, the end of the 36 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;
e) the date this Policy ends;
f) the end of the period for which the last premium payment is made;
g) the date he or she becomes covered under any other group health plan which contains no limitation or exclusion with respect to any Pre-Existing Condition of the Qualified Continuee or contains a pre-existing conditions limitation or exclusion that is eliminated through the Qualified Continuee's total period of Creditable Coverage;

h) the date he or she becomes entitled to Medicare;
i) termination of a Qualified Continuee for cause (e.g. submission of a fraudulent claim) on the same basis that the Employer terminates coverage of an active employee for cause.

NEW JERSEY GROUP CONTINUATION RIGHTS (NJGCR)

Important Notice
Except as stated below, under this section, "Qualified Continuee" means any person who, on the day before any event which would qualify him or her for continuation under this section, is covered for group health benefits under this Policy as:
a) a full-time covered Employee;
b) the spouse of a full-time covered Employee; or
c) the Dependent child of a full-time covered Employee.
Exception: A Newly Acquired Dependent, where birth, adoption, or marriage occurs after the Qualifying Event is also a "Qualified Continuee" for purposes of being included under the Employee's continuation coverage.

If An Employee's Group Health Benefits Ends
If an Employee's group health benefits end due to his or her termination of employment or reduction of work hours to fewer than 25 hours per week, he or she may elect to continue such benefits for up to 18 months, unless he or she was terminated for cause. The Employee's spouse and Dependent children may elect to continue benefits even if the Employee does not elect continuation for himself or herself.

A Qualified Continuee may elect to continue coverage under NJGCR even if the Qualified Continuee:
a) is covered under another group plan on or before the date of the NJGCR election; or
b) is entitled to Medicare on or before the date of the NJGCR election.

The continuation:
a) may cover the Employee and/or any other Qualified Continuee; and
b) is subject to the When Continuation Ends section.

Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuees
If a former Employee who is a Qualified Continuee is determined to be disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the United States Social Security Act on the date his or her group health benefits would otherwise end due to the termination of employment or reduction of work hours to fewer than 25 hours per week or during the first 60 days of continuation coverage, he or she may elect to extend his or her 18-month continuation period for himself or herself and any Dependents who are Qualified Continuees for up to an extra 11 months.

To elect the extra 11 months of continuation, the Qualified Continuee must give the [Carrier] written proof of Social Security's determination of his or her disability before the earlier of:
a) the end of the 18 month continuation period; and
b) 60 days after the date the Qualified Continuee is determined to be disabled.

If, during this extra 11 month continuation period, the Qualified Continuee is determined to be no longer disabled under the Social Security Act, he or she must notify the [Carrier] within 31 days of such determination, and continuation will end, as explained in the When Continuation Ends section.

An additional 50% of the total premium charge also may be required from the Qualified Continuee by the Employer during this extra 11 month continuation period.

If An Employee Dies While Insured
If an Employee dies while insured, any Qualified Continuee whose group health benefits would otherwise end may elect to continue such benefits. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to the When Continuation Ends section.

If An Employee's Marriage or Civil Union [or Domestic Partnership] Ends
If an Employee's marriage ends due to legal divorce or legal separation or dissolution of the civil union [or termination of a domestic partnership], any Qualified Continuee whose group health benefits would otherwise end may elect to continue such benefits. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to the When Continuation Ends section.

If A Dependent Loses Eligibility
If a Dependent child's group health benefits end due to his or her loss of dependent eligibility as defined in this Policy, other than the Employee's coverage ending, he or she may elect to continue such benefits for up to 36 months, subject to When Continuation Ends.

The Employer's Responsibilities
Upon loss of coverage due to termination of employment or reduction in work hours, the Employer must notify the former employee in writing, of:
a) his or her right to continue this Policy's group health benefits;
b) the monthly premium he or she must pay to continue such benefits; and
c) the times and manner in which such monthly payments must be made.

Upon being advised of the death of the Employee, divorce, dissolution of the civil union [termination of domestic partnership] or Dependent child's loss of eligibility, the Employer should notify the Qualified Continuee in writing, of:
a) his or her right to continue this Policy's group health benefits;
b) the monthly premium he or she must pay to continue such benefits; and
c) the times and manner in which such monthly payments must be made.

Election of Continuation
To continue his or her group health benefits, the Qualified Continuee must give the Employer written notice that he or she elects to continue. An election by a minor Dependent Child can be made by the Dependent Child's parent or legal guardian. This must be done within 30 days of the date coverage ends. The first month's premium must be paid within 30 days of the date the Qualified Continuee elects continued coverage.

The subsequent premiums must be paid to the Employer, by the Qualified Continuee, in advance, at the times and in the manner specified by the Employer.

The monthly premium will be the total rate which would have been charged for the group health benefits had the Qualified Continuee stayed insured under this Policy on a regular basis. It includes any amount that would have been paid by the Employer. Except as explained in the Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuees section, an additional charge of two percent of the total premium charge may also be required by the Employer.

If the Qualified Continuee does not give the Employer notice of his or her intent to continue coverage, or fails to pay any required premiums in a timely manner, he or she waives his or her continuation rights.

Grace in Payment of Premiums
A Qualified Continuee's premium payment is timely if, with respect to the first payment after the Qualified Continuee elects to continue, such payment is made no later than 30 days after such election. In all other cases, such premium payment is timely if it is made within 31 days of the date it is due.

The Continued Coverage
The continued coverage shall be identical to the coverage provided to similarly situated active Employees and their Dependents under the Employer's plan. If coverage is modified for any group of similarly situated active Employees and their Dependents, the coverage for Qualified Continuees shall also be modified in the same manner. Evidence of insurability is not required for the continued coverage.

When Continuation Ends
A Qualified Continuee's continued group health benefits end on the first of the following:

a) with respect to continuation upon the Employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours, the end of the 18 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;
b) with respect to a Qualified Continuee who has elected an additional 11 months of continuation due to his or her own disability, the end of the 29 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end. However, if the Qualified Continuee is no longer disabled, coverage ends on the later of:
   - the end of the 18-month period; or
   - the first day of the month that begins more than 31 days after the date on which a final determination is made that a disabled Qualified Continuee is no longer disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the United States Social Security Act;
c) with respect to continuation upon the Employee's death, the Employee's legal divorce or legal separation, dissolution of the civil union, [or termination of the domestic partnership] or the end of an insured Dependent's eligibility, the end of the 36 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;
d) the date the Employer ceases to provide any health benefits plan to any active Employee or Qualified Continuee;
e) the end of the period for which the last premium payment is made;
f) the date he or she first becomes covered under any other group health benefits plan, as an employee or otherwise, which contains no limitation or exclusion with respect to any Pre-Existing Condition of the Qualified Continuee; or
g) the date he or she first becomes entitled to Medicare.

NEW JERSEY CONTINUATION RIGHTS FOR OVER-AGE DEPENDENTS (Applies to all size groups):

As used in this provision, "Over-Age Dependent" means an Employee's child by blood or law who:
a) has reached the limiting age under the group plan, but is less than 30 years of age;
b) is not married or in a civil union partnership;
c) has no Dependents of his or her own;
d) is either a resident of New Jersey or is enrolled as a full-time student at an Accredited School; and
e) is not covered under any other group or individual health benefits plan, group health plan, church plan or health benefits plan, and is not entitled to Medicare.

If A Dependent Loses Eligibility
If a Dependent child's group health benefits end or have ended due to his or her attainment of the limiting age, he or she may elect to continue such benefits until his or her 30th birthday, subject to the Conditions for Election, Election of Continuation and When Continuation Ends sections below.

Conditions for Election
An Over-Age Dependent is only entitled to make an election for continued coverage if all of the following conditions are met.
a) The group policy under which the Dependent child was covered immediately prior to reaching the limiting age must have been a fully-insured group policy issued in New Jersey.
b) The Dependent child must actually have been covered under the group policy on the date he or she reached the limiting age under such group policy.
c) A parent of an Over-Age Dependent must be enrolled as having elected Dependent coverage at the time the Over-Age Dependent elects continued coverage. Except, if the Employee has no other Dependents, the Over-Age Dependent may nevertheless elect continued coverage.

Election of Continuation
To continue group health benefits, the Over-Age Dependent must make written election to [the Carrier]. The effective date of the continued coverage will be the later of:
a) the date the Over-Age Dependent gives written notice to [the Carrier]; or
b) the date the Over-Age Dependent pays the first premium; or
c) the date the Dependent would otherwise lose coverage due to attainment of the limiting age.

For a Dependent whose coverage has not yet terminated due to the attainment of the limiting age, the written election must be made within 30 days prior to termination of coverage due to the attainment of the limiting age.

For a person who did not qualify as an Over-Age Dependent because he or she fails to meet all the requirements of an Over-Age Dependent, but who subsequently meets all of the requirements for an Over-Age Dependent, written election must be made within 30 days after the person first subsequently meets all of the requirements for an Over-Age Dependent.

This election opportunity is explained in greater detail as follows:
a) If a person did not qualify because he or she was married, the notice must be given within 30 days of the date he or she is no longer married.
b) If a person did not qualify because he or she had a Dependent of his or her own, the election must be made within 30 days of the date he or she no longer has a Dependent.
c) If a person did not qualify because he or she either was not a resident of New Jersey or was not a full-time student at an Accredited school, the election must be made within 30 days of the date he or she becomes a resident of New Jersey, or becomes a full-time student at an accredited school.
d) If a person did not qualify because he or she was covered under any other group or individual health benefits plan, group health plan, church plan or health benefits plan, or was entitled to Medicare, the election must be made within 30 days of the date he or she is no longer covered under any other group or individual health benefits plan, group health plan, church plan or health benefits plan, or is no longer entitled to Medicare.

An Over-Age Dependent may make written election to continue coverage during a 30 day period beginning on each anniversary date of the date the dependent lost coverage due to attaining the limiting age, provided he or she meets the definition of an "Over-Age Dependent" during that 30-day period.

[Special Enrollment Period: May 12, 2006 – May 11, 2007
A person who qualifies as an Over-Age Dependent as of May 12, 2006, having reached the limiting age under a group plan and lost coverage under such group plan prior to May 12, 2006, may give written notice of an election for continued coverage at any time beginning May 12, 2006 and continuing until May 11, 2007.]
Note to carriers: This Special Enrollment Period text may be deleted for plans issued after May 11, 2007.

Application of a Pre-Existing Conditions Exclusion
An Over-Age Dependent who was covered under prior Creditable Coverage that terminated no more than 90 days prior to making an election for continuation under this section will be given credit for the time he or she was covered under the Creditable Coverage toward the application of the Pre-Existing Conditions Exclusion under the Policy.

Payment of Premium
The first month's premium must be paid within 30 days of the date the Over-Age Dependent elects continued coverage.

The Over-Age Dependent must pay subsequent premiums monthly, in advance, [at the times and in the manner specified by [the Carrier]] [and will be remitted by the Employer]. The monthly premium will be set by the Carrier, and must be consistent with the requirements of P.L. 2005, c. 375.

Grace in Payment of Premiums
An Over-Age Dependent's premium payment is timely if, with respect to the first payment after the Over-Age Dependent elects to continue, such payment is made no later than 30 days after such election. In all other cases, such premium payment is timely if it is made within 30 days of the date it is due.

The Continued Coverage
The continued coverage shall be identical to the coverage provided to the Over-Age Dependent's parent who is covered as an Employee under the Policy [and will be evidenced by a separate [Certificate] and ID card being issued to the Over-Age Dependent.]. If coverage is modified for Dependents who are under the limiting age, the coverage for Over-Age Dependents shall also be modified in the same manner. Evidence of insurability is not required for the continued coverage.

When Continuation Ends
An Over-Age Dependent's continued group health benefits end on the first of the following:
a) the date the Over-Age Dependent:
   1. attains age 30
   2. marries or enters into a civil union partnership;
   3. acquires a Dependent;
   4. is no longer either a resident of New Jersey or enrolled as a full-time student at an Accredited School; or
   5. becomes covered under any other group or individual health benefits plan, group health plan, church plan or health benefits plan, or becomes entitled to Medicare
b) the end of the period for which premium has been paid for the Over-Age Dependent, subject to the Grace Period for such payment;
c) the date the Policy ceases to provide coverage to the Over-Age Dependent's parent who is the Employee under the Policy.
d) The date the Policy under which the Over-Age Dependent elected to continue coverage is amended to delete coverage for Dependents.
e) The date the Over-Age Dependent's parent who is covered as an Employee under the Policy waives Dependent coverage. Except, if the Employee has no other Dependents, the Over-Age Dependent's coverage will not end as a result of the Employee waiving Dependent coverage.

A TOTALLY DISABLED EMPLOYEE'S RIGHT TO CONTINUE GROUP HEALTH BENEFITS
If An Employee is Totally Disabled
An Employee who is Totally Disabled and whose group health benefits end because his or her active employment or membership in an eligible class ends due to that disability, can elect to continue his or her group health benefits. But he or she must have been insured by this Policy for at least three months immediately prior to the date his or her group health benefits ends. The continuation can cover the Employee, and at his or her option, his or her then insured Dependents.

How And When To Continue Coverage
To continue group health benefits, the Employee must give the Employer written notice that he or she elects to continue such benefits. And he or she must pay the first month's premium. This must be done within 31 days of the date his or her coverage under this Policy would otherwise end.

Subsequent premiums must be paid to the Employer monthly, in advance, at the times and in the manner specified by the Employer. The monthly premium the Employee must pay will be the total rate charged for an active Full-Time Employee, insured under this Policy on a regular basis, on the date each payment is due. It includes any amount which would have been paid by the Employer.

[Carrier] will consider the Employee's failure to give notice or to pay any required premium as a waiver of the Employee's continuation rights.

If the Employer fails, after the timely receipt of the Employee's payment, to pay [Carrier] on behalf of such Employee, thereby causing the Employee's coverage to end; then such Employer will be liable for the Employee's benefits, to the same extent as, and in place of, [Carrier].

When This Continuation Ends
These continued group health benefits end on the first of the following:
a) the end of the period for which the last payment is made, if the Employee stops paying;
b) the date the Covered Person becomes employed and eligible or covered for similar benefits by another group plan, whether it be an insured or uninsured plan;
c) the date this Policy ends or is amended to end for the class of Employees to which the Employee belonged; or
d) with respect to a Dependent, the date he or she stops being an eligible Dependent as defined in this Policy.

AN EMPLOYEE'S RIGHT TO CONTINUE GROUP HEALTH BENEFITS DURING A FAMILY LEAVE OF ABSENCE

Important Notice

This section may not apply to an Employer's Policy. The Employee must contact his or her Employer to find out if:
a) the Employer must allow for a leave of absence under Federal law in which case;
b) the section applies to the Employee.

If An Employee's Group Health Coverage Ends
Group health coverage may end for an Employee because he or she ceases Full-Time work due to an approved leave of absence. Such leave of absence must have been granted to allow the Employee to care for a sick family member or after the birth or adoption of a child. If so, his or her group health benefits insurance will be continued. Dependents' insurance may also be continued. The Employee will be required to pay the same share of premium as before the leave of absence.

When Continuation Ends
Insurance may continue until the earliest of:
a) the date the Employee returns to Full-Time work;
b) the end of a total leave period of 12 weeks in any 12 month period;
c) the date on which the Employee's coverage would have ended had the Employee not been on leave; or
d) the end of the period for which the premium has been paid.

[A DEPENDENT'S RIGHT TO CONTINUE GROUP HEALTH BENEFITS

If an Employee dies, any of his or her Dependents who were insured under this Policy may elect to continue coverage. Subject to the payment of the required premium, coverage may be continued until the earlier of:
a) 180 days following the date of the Employee's death; or
b) the date the Dependent is no longer eligible under the terms of this Policy.]

[CONVERSION RIGHTS FOR DIVORCED SPOUSES

IF AN EMPLOYEE'S MARRIAGE OR CIVIL UNION [OR DOMESTIC PARTNERSHIP] ENDS

If an Employee's marriage ends by legal divorce or annulment, or the employee's civil union is dissolved [or termination of the domestic partnership] the group health benefits for his or her former spouse ends. The former spouse may convert to an individual major medical policy during the conversion period. The former spouse may insure under his or her individual policy any of his or her Dependent children who were insured under this Policy on the date the group health benefits ends. See **exceptions** below.

Exceptions
No former spouse may use this conversion right:
a) if he or she is eligible for Medicare; or
b) if it would cause him or her to be overinsured.

This may happen if the spouse is covered or eligible for coverage providing similar benefits provided by any other plan, insured or not insured. [Carrier] will determine if overinsurance exists using its standards for overinsurance.

HOW AND WHEN TO CONVERT

The conversion period means the 31 days after the date group health benefits ends. The former spouse must apply for the individual policy in writing and pay the first premium for such policy during the conversion period. Evidence of insurability will not be required.

THE CONVERTED POLICY

The individual policy will provide the medical benefits that [Carrier] is required to offer in the state where the Employer is located.

The individual policy will take effect on the day after group health benefits under this Policy ends.

After group health benefits under this Policy ends, the former spouse and any children covered under the individual policy may still be paid benefits under this Policy. If so, benefits to be paid under the individual policy will be reduced by the amount paid under this Policy.]

EFFECT OF INTERACTION WITH A HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION PLAN
HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION ("HMO") means a prepaid alternative health care delivery system.

A Policyholder may offer its Employees HMO membership in lieu of the group health benefits insurance provided by this Policy. If the Employer does, the following provisions apply.

IF AN INSURED EMPLOYEE ELECTS HMO MEMBERSHIP

Date Group Health Benefits Insurance Ends
Insurance for an Employee and his or her Dependents will end on the date the Employee becomes an HMO member.

Benefits After Group Health Benefits Insurance Ends
When an Employee becomes an HMO member, the **Extended Health Benefits** section of this Policy will not apply to him or her and his or her Dependents.

Exception:
IF, on the date membership takes effect, the HMO does not provide benefits due to:
a) an HMO waiting period
b) an HMO Pre-Existing Conditions limit, or
c) a confinement in a Hospital not affiliated with the HMO

AND the HMO provides benefits for Total Disability when membership ends

THEN group health benefits will be paid until the first of the following occurs:
a) 30 days expire from the date membership takes effect
b) the HMO's waiting period ends
c) the HMO's Pre-Existing Conditions limit expires, or
d) hospitalization ends.

IF AN HMO MEMBER ELECTS GROUP HEALTH BENEFITS INSURANCE PROVIDED BY THIS POLICY
Date Transfer To Such Insurance Takes Effect
Each Employee who is an HMO member may transfer to such insurance by written request. If he or she elects to do so, any Dependents who are HMO members must also be included in such request. The date such persons are to be insured depends on when and why the transfer request is made.

Request made during an open enrollment period
[Carrier] and the Policyholder will agree when this period will be. If an Employee requests insurance during this period, he or she and his or her Dependents will be insured on the date such period ends.

Request made because:
a) an HMO ends its operations
b) the Employee [moves outside] [no longer lives, works or resides in] the HMO service area

If an Employee requests insurance because membership ends for these reasons, the date he or she and his or her Dependents are to be insured depends on the date the request is made.

If it is made:
a) on or before the date membership ends, they will be insured on the date such membership ends
b) within 31 days after the date membership ends, they will be insured on the date the request is made
c) more than 31 days after the date membership ends, the Employee and his or her Dependents will be Late Enrollees.

Request made because an HMO becomes insolvent
If an Employee requests insurance because membership ends for this reason, the date he- or she and his or her Dependents are to be insured depends on the date the request is made.

If it is made:
a) within 31 days after the date membership ends, they will be insured on the date the request is made
b) more than 31 days after the date membership ends, the Employee and his or her Dependents will be Late Enrollees.

Request made at any other time
An Employee may request insurance at any time other than that described above. In this case, he or she and his or her Dependents will be Late Enrollees.

Other Provisions Affected By A Transfer
If a person makes a transfer, the following provisions, if required by this Policy for such insurance, will not apply on the transfer date:
a) [an Actively at Work requirement]
b) a waiting period, to the extent it has already been satisfied, or
c) Pre-Existing Conditions Limitation provisions to the extent it has already been satisfied.

Charges not covered
Charges incurred before a person becomes insured will be considered Non-Covered Charges.

Maximum benefit
The total amount of benefits to be paid for each person will be the maximum benefit specified in this Policy, regardless of any interruption in such person's insurance under this Policy.

Right to change premium rates
[Carrier] has the right to change premium rates when, in its opinion, its liability under this Policy is changed by interaction with an HMO plan.

COORDINATION OF BENEFITS AND SERVICES

Purpose Of This Provision
A [Covered Person] may be covered for health benefits or services by more than one Plan. For instance, he or she may be covered by this [Policy] as an Employee and by another plan as a Dependent of his or her spouse. If he or she is covered by more than one Plan, this provision allows [Carrier] to coordinate what [Carrier] pays or provides with what another Plan pays or provides. This provision sets forth the rules for determining which is the Primary Plan and which is the Secondary Plan. Coordination of benefits is intended to avoid duplication of benefits while at the same time preserving certain rights to coverage under all Plans under which the [Covered Person] is covered.

DEFINITIONS
The words shown below have special meanings when used in this provision. Please read these definitions carefully. [Throughout this provision, these defined terms appear with their initial letter capitalized.]

Allowable Expense: The charge for any health care service, supply or other item of expense for which the [Covered Person] is liable when the health care service, supply or other item of expense is covered at least in part under any of the Plans involved, except where a statute requires another definition, or as otherwise stated below.

When this [Policy] is coordinating benefits with a Plan that provides benefits only for dental care, vision care, prescription drugs or hearing aids. Allowable Expense is limited to like items of expense.

[Carrier] will not consider the difference between the cost of a private hospital room and that of a semi-private hospital room as an Allowable Expense unless the stay in a private room is Medically Necessary and Appropriate.

When this [Policy] is coordinating benefits with a Plan that restricts coordination of benefits to a specific coverage, [Carrier] will only consider corresponding services, supplies or items of expense to which coordination of benefits applies as an Allowable Expense.

Claim Determination Period: A Calendar Year, or portion of a Calendar Year, during which a [Covered Person] is covered by this [Policy] and at least one other Plan and incurs one or more Allowable Expense(s) under such plans.

Plan: Coverage with which coordination of benefits is allowed. Plan includes:
a) Group insurance and group subscriber contracts, including insurance continued pursuant to a Federal or State continuation law;
b) Self-funded arrangements of group or group-type coverage, including insurance continued pursuant to a Federal or State continuation law;
c) Group or group-type coverage through a health maintenance organization (HMO) or other prepayment, group practice and individual practice plans, including insurance continued pursuant to a Federal or State continuation law;
d) Group hospital indemnity benefit amounts that exceed $150 per day;
e) Medicare or other governmental benefits, except when, pursuant to law, the benefits must be treated as in excess of those of any private insurance plan or non-governmental plan.

Plan does not include:
a) Individual or family insurance contracts or subscriber contracts;
b) Individual or family coverage through a health maintenance organization or under any other prepayment, group practice and individual practice plans;
c) Group or group-type coverage where the cost of coverage is paid solely by the [Covered Person] except that coverage being continued pursuant to a Federal or State continuation law shall be considered a Plan;
d) Group hospital indemnity benefit amounts of $150 per day or less;
e) School accident –type coverage;
f) A State plan under Medicaid.

Primary Plan: A Plan whose benefits for a [Covered Person's] health care coverage must be determined without taking into consideration the existence of any other Plan. There may be more than one Primary Plan. A Plan will be the Primary Plan if either "a" or "b" below exist:
a) The Plan has no order of benefit determination rules, or it has rules that differ from those contained in this Coordination of Benefits and Services provision; or
b) All Plans which cover the [Covered Person] use order of benefit determination rules consistent with those contained in the Coordination of Benefits and Services provision and under those rules, the plan determines its benefits first.

Reasonable and Customary: An amount that is not more than the usual or customary charge for the service or supply as determined by [Carrier], based on a standard which is most often charged for a given service by a Provider within the same geographic area.

Secondary Plan: A Plan which is not a Primary Plan. If a [Covered Person] is covered by more than one Secondary Plan, the order of benefit determination rules of this Coordination of Benefits and Services provision shall be used to determine the order in which the benefits payable under the multiple Secondary Plans are paid in relation to each other. The benefits of each Secondary Plan may take into consideration the benefits of the Primary Plan or Plans and the benefits of any other Plan which, under this Coordination of Benefits and Services provision, has its benefits determined before those of that Secondary Plan.

PRIMARY AND SECONDARY PLAN
[Carrier] considers each plan separately when coordinating payments.

The Primary Plan pays or provides services or supplies first, without taking into consideration the existence of a Secondary Plan. If a Plan has no coordination of benefits provision, or if the order of benefit determination rules differ from those set forth in these provisions, it is the Primary Plan.

A Secondary Plan takes into consideration the benefits provided by a Primary Plan when, according to the rules set forth below, the plan is the Secondary Plan. If there is more than one Secondary Plan, the order of benefit determination rules determine the order among the Secondary Plans. The Secondary Plan(s) will pay up to the remaining unpaid allowable expenses, but no Secondary Plan will pay more than it would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan. The method the Secondary Plan uses to determine the amount to pay is set forth below in the **"Procedures to be Followed by the Secondary Plan to Calculate Benefits"** section of this provision.

The Secondary Plan shall not reduce Allowable Expenses for medically necessary and appropriate services or supplies on the basis that precertification, preapproval, notification or second surgical opinion procedures were not followed.

RULES FOR THE ORDER OF BENEFIT DETERMINATION

The benefits of the Plan that covers the [Covered Person] as an employee, member, subscriber or retiree shall be determined before those of the Plan that covers the [Covered Person] as a Dependent. The coverage as an employee, member, subscriber or retiree is the Primary Plan.

The benefits of the Plan that covers the [Covered Person] as an employee who is neither laid off nor retired, or as a dependent of such person, shall be determined before those for the Plan that covers the [Covered Person] as a laid off or retired employee, or as such a person's Dependent. If the other Plan does not contain this rule, and as a result the Plans do not agree on the order of benefit determination, this portion of this provision shall be ignored.

The benefits of the Plan that covers the [Covered Person] as an employee, member, subscriber or retiree, or Dependent of such person, shall be determined before those of the Plan that covers the [Covered Person] under a right of continuation pursuant to Federal or State law. If the other Plan does not contain this rule, and as a result the Plans do not agree on the order of benefit determination, this portion of this provision shall be ignored.

If a child is covered as a Dependent under Plans through both parents, and the parents are neither separated nor divorced, the following rules apply:
a) The benefits of the Plan of the parent whose birthday falls earlier in the Calendar Year shall be determined before those of the parent whose birthday falls later in the Calendar Year.
b) If both parents have the same birthday, the benefits of the Plan which covered the parent for a longer period of time shall be determined before those of plan which covered the other parent for a shorter period of time.
c) Birthday, as used above, refers only to month and day in a calendar year, not the year in which the parent was born.
d) If the other plan contains a provision that determines the order of benefits based on the gender of the parent, the birthday rule in this provision shall be ignored.

If a child is covered as a Dependent under Plans through both parents, and the parents are separated or divorced, the following rules apply:
a) The benefits of the Plan of the parent with custody of the child shall be determined first.
b) The benefits of the Plan of the spouse of the parent with custody shall be determined second.
c) The benefits of the Plan of the parent without custody shall be determined last.
d) If the terms of a court decree state that one of the parents is responsible for the health care expenses for the child, and if the entity providing coverage under that Plan has actual knowledge of the terms of the court decree, then the benefits of that plan shall be determined first. The benefits of the plan of the other parent shall be considered as secondary. Until the entity providing coverage under the plan has knowledge of the terms of the court decree regarding health care expenses, this portion of this provision shall be ignored.

If the above order of benefits does not establish which plan is the Primary Plan, the benefits of the Plan that covers the employee, member or subscriber for a longer period of time shall be determined before the benefits of the Plan(s) that covered the person for a shorter period of time.

Procedures to be Followed by the Secondary Plan to Calculate Benefits

In order to determine which procedure to follow it is necessary to consider:
a) the basis on which the Primary Plan and the Secondary Plan pay benefits; and
b) whether the provider who provides or arranges the services and supplies is in the network of either the Primary Plan or the Secondary Plan.

Benefits may be based on the Reasonable and Customary Charge (R&C), or some similar term. This means that the provider bills a charge and the [Covered Person] may be held liable for the full amount of the billed charge. In this section, a Plan that bases benefits on a reasonable and customary charge is called an "R&C Plan."

Benefits may be based on a contractual fee schedule, sometimes called a negotiated fee schedule, or some similar term. This means that although a provider, called a network provider, bills a charge, the [Covered Person] may be held liable only for an amount up to the negotiated fee. In this section, a Plan that bases benefits on a negotiated fee schedule is called a "Fee Schedule Plan." If the [Covered Person] uses the services of a non-network provider, the plan will be treated as an R&C Plan even though the plan under which he or she is covered allows for a fee schedule.

Payment to the provider may be based on a "capitation". This means that then HMO pays the provider a fixed amount per [Covered Person]. The [Covered Person] is liable only for the applicable deductible, coinsurance or copayment. If the [Covered Person] uses the services of a non-network provider, the HMO will only pay benefits in the event of emergency care or urgent care. In this section, a Plan that pays providers based upon capitation is called a "Capitation Plan."

In the rules below, "provider" refers to the provider who provides or arranges the services or supplies and "HMO" refers to a health maintenance organization plan.

Primary Plan is R&C Plan and Secondary Plan is R&C Plan
The Secondary Plan shall pay the lesser of:
a) the difference between the amount of the billed charges and the amount paid by the Primary Plan; or
b) the amount the Secondary Plan would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan.

When the benefits of the Secondary Plan are reduced as a result of this calculation, each benefit shall be reduced in proportion, and the amount paid shall be charged against any applicable benefit limit of the plan.

Primary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan and Secondary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan
If the provider is a network provider in both the Primary Plan and the Secondary Plan, the Allowable Expense shall be the fee schedule of the Primary Plan. The Secondary Plan shall pay the lesser of:
a) The amount of any deductible, coinsurance or copayment required by the Primary Plan; or
b) the amount the Secondary Plan would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan.
The total amount the provider receives from the Primary plan, the Secondary plan and the [Covered Person] shall not exceed the fee schedule of the Primary Plan. In no event shall the [Covered Person] be responsible for any payment in excess of the copayment, coinsurance or deductible of the Secondary Plan.

Primary Plan is R&C Plan and Secondary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan
If the provider is a network provider in the Secondary Plan, the Secondary Plan shall pay the lesser of:
a) the difference between the amount of the billed charges for the Allowable Expenses and the amount paid by the Primary Plan; or
b) the amount the Secondary Plan would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan.
The [Covered Person] shall only be liable for the copayment, deductible or coinsurance under the Secondary Plan if the [Covered Person] has no liability for copayment, deductible or coinsurance under the Primary Plan and the total payments by both the primary and Secondary Plans are less than the provider's billed charges. In no event shall the [Covered Person] be responsible for any payment in excess of the copayment, coinsurance or deductible of the Secondary Plan.

Primary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan and Secondary Plan is R&C Plan
If the provider is a network provider in the Primary Plan, the Allowable Expense considered by the Secondary Plan shall be the fee schedule of the Primary Plan. The Secondary Plan shall pay the lesser of:
a) The amount of any deductible, coinsurance or copayment required by the Primary Plan; or
b) the amount the Secondary Plan would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan.

Primary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan and Secondary Plan is R&C Plan or Fee Schedule Plan
If the Primary Plan is an HMO plan that does not allow for the use of non-network providers except in the event of urgent care or emergency care and the service or supply the [Covered Person] receives from a non-network provider is not considered as urgent care or emergency care, the Secondary Plan shall pay benefits as if it were the Primary Plan.

Primary Plan is Capitation Plan and Secondary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan or R&C Plan
If the [Covered Person] receives services or supplies from a provider who is in the network of both the Primary Plan and the Secondary Plan, the Secondary Plan shall pay the lesser of:
a) The amount of any deductible, coinsurance or copayment required by the Primary Plan; or
b) the amount the Secondary Plan would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan.

Primary Plan is Capitation Plan or Fee Schedule Plan or R&C Plan and Secondary Plan is Capitation Plan
If the [Covered Person] receives services or supplies from a provider who is in the network of the Secondary Plan, the Secondary Plan shall be liable to pay the capitation to the provider and shall not be liable to pay the deductible, coinsurance or copayment imposed by the Primary Plan. The [Covered Person] shall not be liable to pay any deductible, coinsurance or copayments of either the Primary Plan or the Secondary Plan.

Primary Plan is an HMO and Secondary Plan is an HMO
If the Primary Plan is an HMO plan that does not allow for the use of non-network providers except in the event of urgent care or emergency care and the service or supply the [Covered Person] receives from a non-network provider is not considered as urgent care or emergency care, but the provider is in the network of the Secondary Plan, the Secondary Plan shall pay benefits as if it were the Primary Plan. Except that the Primary Plan shall pay out-of-Network services, if any, authorized by the Primary Plan.

BENEFITS FOR AUTOMOBILE RELATED INJURIES

This section will be used to determine a person's benefits under this Policy when expenses are incurred as a result of an automobile related Injury.

Definitions
"Automobile Related Injury" means bodily Injury sustained by a Covered Person as a result of an accident:
a) while occupying, entering, leaving or using an automobile; or
b) as a pedestrian;

caused by an automobile or by an object propelled by or from an automobile.

"Allowable Expense" means a medically necessary, reasonable and customary item of expense covered at least in part as an eligible expense by:
a) this Policy;
b) PIP; or
c) OSAIC.

"Eligible Expense" means that portion of expense incurred for treatment of an Injury which is covered under this Policy without application of Cash Deductibles and Copayments, if any or Coinsurance.

"Out-of-State Automobile Insurance Coverage" or "OSAIC" means any coverage for medical expenses under an automobile insurance policy other than PIP. OSAIC includes automobile insurance policies issued in another state or jurisdiction.

"PIP" means personal injury protection coverage provided as part of an automobile insurance policy issued in New Jersey. PIP refers specifically to provisions for medical expense coverage.

Determination of primary or secondary coverage.
This Policy provides secondary coverage to PIP unless health coverage has been elected as primary coverage by or for the Covered Person under this Policy. This election is made by the named insured under a PIP policy. Such election affects that person's family members who are not themselves named insureds under another automobile policy. This Policy may be primary for one Covered Person, but not for another if the person has separate automobile policies and has made different selections regarding primacy of health coverage.

This Policy is secondary to OSAIC, unless the OSAIC contains provisions which make it secondary or excess to the policyholder's plan. In that case this Policy will be primary.

If there is a dispute as to which policy is primary, this Policy will pay benefits as if it were primary.

Benefits this Policy will pay if it is primary to PIP or OSAIC.
If this Policy is primary to PIP or OSAIC it will pay benefits for eligible expenses in accordance with its terms.

The rules of the **COORDINATION OF BENEFITS AND SERVICES** section of this Policy will apply if:
a) the Covered Person is insured under more than one insurance plan; and
b) such insurance plans are primary to automobile insurance coverage.

Benefits this Policy will pay if it is secondary to PIP or OSAIC.
If this Policy is secondary to PIP or OSAIC the actual benefits payable will be the lesser of:
a) the allowable expenses left uncovered after PIP or OSAIC has provided coverage after applying Cash Deductibles and Copayments, or
b) the benefits that would have been paid if this Policy had been primary.

Medicare
If this Policy supplements coverage under Medicare it can be primary to automobile insurance only to the extent that Medicare is primary to automobile insurance.

MEDICARE AS SECONDARY PAYOR

IMPORTANT NOTICE

The following sections regarding Medicare may not apply to the Employer's Policy. The Employee must contact his or her Employer to find out if the Employer is subject to Medicare as Secondary Payor rules.

If the Employer is subject to such rules, this Medicare as Secondary Payor section applies to the Employee.

If the Employer is NOT subject to such rules, this Medicare as Secondary Payor section does not apply to the Employee, in which case, Medicare will be the primary health plan and this Policy will be the secondary health plan for Covered Persons who are eligible for Medicare.

The following provisions explain how this Policy's group health benefits interact with the benefits available under Medicare as Secondary Payor rules. A Covered Person may be eligible for Medicare by reason of age, disability, or End Stage Renal Disease. Different rules apply to each type of Medicare eligibility, as explained below.

With respect to the following provisions:
a) "Medicare" when used above, means Part A and B of the health care program for the aged and disabled provided by Title XVI of the United States Social Security Act, as amended from time to time.
b) A Covered Person is considered to be eligible for Medicare by reason of age from the first day of the month during which he or she reaches age 65. However, if the Covered Person is born on the first day of a month, he or she is considered to be eligible for Medicare from the first day of the month which is immediately prior to his or her 65th birthday.
c) A "primary" health plan pays benefits for a Covered Person's Covered Charge first, ignoring what the Covered Person's "secondary" plan pays. A "secondary" health plan then pays the remaining unpaid allowable expenses. See the **Coordination of Benefits and Services** section for a definition of "allowable expense".
d) ["We" means Carrier]

MEDICARE ELIGIBILITY BY REASON OF AGE (Generally applies to employer groups with 20 or more employees)

Applicability
This section applies to an Employee or his or her insured spouse who is eligible for Medicare by reason of age.

Under this section, such an Employee or insured spouse is referred to as a "Medicare eligible".

This section does not apply to:
a) a Covered Person, other than an Employee or insured spouse
b) an Employee or insured spouse who is under age 65, or
c) a Covered Person who is eligible for Medicare solely on the basis of End Stage Renal Disease.

When An Employee or Insured Spouse Becomes Eligible For Medicare
When an Employee or insured spouse becomes eligible for Medicare by reason of age, he or she must choose one of the two options below.

Option (A) - The Medicare eligible may choose this Policy as his or her primary health plan. If he or she does, Medicare will be his or her secondary health plan. See the **When This Policy is Primary** section below, for details.

Option (B) - The Medicare eligible may choose Medicare as his or her primary health plan. If he or she does, group health benefits under this Policy will end. See the **When Medicare is Primary** section below, for details.

If the Medicare eligible fails to choose either option when he or she becomes eligible for Medicare by reason of age, [Carrier] will pay benefits as if he or she had chosen Option (A).

When this Policy is primary
When a Medicare eligible chooses this Policy as his or her primary health plan, if he or she incurs a Covered Charge for which benefits are payable under both this Policy and Medicare, this Policy is considered primary. This Policy pays first, ignoring Medicare. Medicare is considered the secondary plan.

When Medicare is primary
If a Medicare eligible chooses Medicare as his or her primary health plan, he or she will no longer be covered for such benefits by this Policy. Coverage under this Policy will end on the date the Medicare eligible elects Medicare as his or her primary health plan.

A Medicare eligible who elects Medicare as his or her primary health plan, may later change such election, and choose this Policy as his or her primary health plan.

MEDICARE ELIGIBILITY BY REASON OF DISABILITY (Generally applies to employer groups with 100 or more employees)

Applicability
This section applies to a Covered Person who is:
a) under age 65; and
b) eligible for Medicare by reason of disability.

Under this section, such Covered Person is referred to as a "disabled Medicare eligible".

This section does not apply to:
a) a Covered Person who is eligible for Medicare by reason of age; or
b) a Covered Person who is eligible for Medicare solely on the basis of End Stage Renal Disease.

When A Covered Person Becomes Eligible For Medicare
When a Covered Person becomes eligible for Medicare by reason of disability, this Policy is the primary plan. Medicare is the secondary plan.

If a Covered Person is eligible for Medicare by reason of disability, he or she must be covered by both Parts A and B. Benefits will be payable as specified in the **COORDINATION OF BENEFITS AND SERVICES** section of this Policy.

MEDICARE ELIGIBILITY BY REASON OF END STAGE RENAL DISEASE (Applies to all employer groups)

Applicability
This section applies to a Covered Person who is eligible for Medicare on the basis of End Stage Renal Disease (ESRD).

Under this section such Covered Person is referred to as a "ESRD Medicare eligible".

This section does not apply to a Covered Person who is eligible for Medicare by reason of disability.

When A Covered Person Becomes Eligible For Medicare Due to ESRD
When a Covered Person becomes eligible for Medicare solely on the basis of ESRD, for a period of up to 30 consecutive months, if he or she incurs a charge for the treatment of ESRD for which benefits are payable under both this Policy and Medicare, this Policy is considered primary. This Policy pays first, ignoring Medicare. Medicare is considered the secondary plan.

This 30-month period begins on the earlier of:
a) the first day of the month during which a regular course of renal dialysis starts; and
b) with respect to a ESRD Medicare eligible who receives a kidney transplant, the first day of the month during which such Covered Person becomes eligible for Medicare.

After the 30-month period described above ends, if an ESRD Medicare eligible incurs a charge for which benefits are payable under both this Policy and Medicare, Medicare is the primary plan. This Policy is the secondary plan. If a Covered Person is eligible for Medicare on the basis of ESRD, he or she must be covered by both Parts A and B. Benefits will be payable as specified in the **COORDINATION OF BENEFITS AND SERVICES** section of this Policy.

Amended by R.1994 d.47, effective December 22, 1993.
See: 25 N.J.R. 5017(a), 26 N.J.R. 400(a).
Amended by R.1994 d.498, effective September 2, 1994.
See: 26 N.J.R. 2843(a), 26 N.J.R. 3867(a), 26 N.J.R. 4066(a).
Petition for Rulemaking.
See: 26 N.J.R. 5120(c).
Amended by R.1995 d.580, effective November 6, 1995 (operative January 1, 1996).
See: 27 N.J.R. 3051(a), 27 N.J.R. 4371(a).
Amended by R.1997 d.280, effective July 7, 1997 (operative September 1, 1997).
See: 29 N.J.R. 1090(a), 29 N.J.R. 2931(a).
Amended by R.1997 d.501, effective January 1, 1998.
See: 29 N.J.R. 4620(a), 29 N.J.R. 5069(a).
Amended by R.1998 d.512, effective September 25, 1998.
See: 30 N.J.R. 2815(a), 30 N.J.R. 3840(a).
Amended by R.1999 d.376, effective October 6, 1999 (operative November 1, 1999).
See: 31 N.J.R. 2442(a), 31 N.J.R. 3340(a).
Amended by R.2004 d.107, effective March 15, 2004 (operative October 1, 2004).
See: 35 N.J.R. 5011(a), 36 N.J.R. 1594(a).
Amended by R.2005 d.335, effective September 6, 2005.
See: 37 N.J.R. 3218(a), 37 N.J.R. 3834(a).
Amended by R.2006 d.145, effective April 17, 2006 (operative June 1, 2006).
See: 37 N.J.R. 4869(a), 38 N.J.R. 1751(a).
Amended by R.2006 d.377, effective September 22, 2006.
See: 38 N.J.R. 3484(a), 38 N.J.R. 4719(b).
Amended by R.2008 d.132, effective April 24, 2008.
See: 40 N.J.R 1746(a), 40 N.J.R. 2476(a).

EXHIBIT E

(RESERVED)

Petition for Rulemaking.
See: 26 N.J.R. 5120(c).
Amended by R.1995 d.580, effective November 6, 1995 (operative January 1, 1996).
See: 27 N.J.R. 3051(a), 27 N.J.R. 4371(a).
Amended by R.1997 d.280, effective July 7, 1997 (operative September 1, 1997).
See: 29 N.J.R. 1090(a), 29 N.J.R. 2931(a).
Amended by R.1997 d.280, effective July 7, 1997 (operative September 1, 1997).
See: 29 N.J.R. 1090(a), 29 N.J.R. 2931(a).
Recodified as a part of Exhibit F by R.1997 d.501, effective January 1, 1998.
See: 29 N.J.R. 4620(a), 29 N.J.R. 5069(a).
Was "Schedule of Insurance and Premium Rates [Plan E]".

EXHIBIT F

[Carrier] **PLANS B, C, D, E**

SMALL GROUP HEALTH BENEFITS POLICY

POLICYHOLDER: [ABC Company]

GROUP POLICY NUMBER: [G-12345]

GOVERNING JURISDICTION: New Jersey

EFFECTIVE DATE OF POLICY: [January 1, 2004]

POLICY ANNIVERSARIES: [January 1st of each year beginning in 2005.]

PREMIUM DUE DATES: [Effective Date, and the first day of the month beginning with February, 2004.]

AFFILIATED COMPANIES: [DEF Company]

[Carrier] in consideration of the application for this Policy and of the payment of premiums as stated herein, agrees to pay benefits in accordance with and subject to the terms of this Policy. This Policy is delivered in the jurisdiction specified above and is governed by the laws thereof.

The provisions set forth on the following pages constitute this Policy.

The Effective Date is specified above.

This Policy takes effect on the Effective Date, if it is duly attested below. It continues as long as the required premiums are paid, unless it ends as described in the **General Provisions** section.

[Secretary President]

[Dividends are apportioned each year.]
SEH B,C,D,E
["DC" THIS SMALL GROUP HEALTH BENEFITS POLICY (INDEMNITY PLAN), ISSUED BY [CARRIER] IS ISSUED IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE SMALL GROUP HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION CONTRACT (HMO PLAN) ISSUED BY [CARRIER]. TOGETHER, THIS INDEMNITY PLAN AND THE HMO PLAN ISSUED BY [CARRIER] PROVIDE POINT OF SERVICE COVERAGE.]
[Include legal name, trade name, phone, fax and e-mail numbers by which consumers may contact the carrier, including at least one toll-free number for Covered Persons]]

POLICY INDEX

SECTION PAGE(S)
["DC" Overview of Point of Service Plan]
Schedule of Insurance and Premium Rates
General Provisions
Claims Provisions
[Planholders]
Definitions
Employee Coverage
[Dependent Coverage]
[Preferred Provider Organization Provisions]
[Point of Service Provisions]
[Appeals Procedure]
[Continuation of Care]
Health Benefits Insurance
[Utilization Review Features]
[Specialty Case Management]
[Centers of Excellence Features]
Exclusions
Continuation Rights
[Conversion Rights for Divorced Spouses]
[Effect of Interaction with a Health Maintenance Organization Plan]
Coordination of Benefits and Services
Benefits for Automobile Related Injuries
Medicare as Secondary Payor

["DC" OVERVIEW OF POINT OF SERVICE PLAN (Copayment, Deductibles, and Coinsurance)

[NETWORK] (Provided under the HMO Plan)	
Copayment	$[15], unless otherwise stated
Emergency Room Copayment	[$50], credited toward Inpatient admission if admitted within 24 hours
Coinsurance	0% [except as stated on the HMO Plan's Schedule of Services and Supplies for Prescription Drugs]
[NON-NETWORK] (Provided under this Indemnity Plan)	
Cash Deductible (calendar year, all cause)	[$2,500] per person [$5,000 per family] [Note: Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate [Members]] [$7,500]
Emergency Room Copayment (waived if admitted within 24 hours)	[$50]
Coinsurance	[30%, 20%] **[except as stated below]**
Network Maximum Out of Pocket	$5,000

MAXIMUM LIFETIME BENEFITS Unlimited, **except** as otherwise stated]

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE AND PREMIUM RATES **[PLAN B]**
This Policy's classifications, and the insurance coverages and amounts which apply to each class are shown below:

CLASS(ES)
[All eligible employees]

EMPLOYEE [AND DEPENDENT] HEALTH BENEFITS

Calendar Year Cash Deductible	
for Preventive Care	NONE
for immunizations and lead screening for children	NONE
For all other Covered Charges	
Per Covered Person	[$250 to $5,000]
[Per Covered Family	[Dollar amount which is two times the individual Deductible. [**Note**: Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]] [Dollar amount which is three times the individual Deductible]]

Hospital Confinement Copayment	
- per day	$200
- maximum Copayment per Period of Confinement	$1,000
- maximum Copayment per Covered Person per Calendar Year	$2,000

Note: The Hospital Confinement Copayment is payable in addition to the applicable Deductible and Coinsurance and Copayment, if any.

Emergency Room Copayment (waived if admitted within 24 hours) [at the option of the Carrier, $50, $75, or $100]
Note: The Emergency Room Copayment is payable in addition to the applicable Deductible and Coinsurance.

Coinsurance

Coinsurance is the percentage of a Covered Charge that must be paid by a Covered Person. However, [Carrier] will waive the Coinsurance requirement once the Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached. This Policy's Coinsurance, as shown below, does not include Cash Deductibles, Copayments, penalties incurred under this Policy's Utilization Review provisions, or any other Non-Covered Charge.

The **Coinsurance** for this Policy is as follows: 40%

Maximum Out of Pocket
Maximum Out of Pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Covered Person must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Covered Person has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.
The **Maximum Out of Pocket** for this Policy is as follows:

Per Covered Person per Calendar Year	[An amount equal to [$2,000 - $10,000] plus the Deductible]
[Per Covered Family per Calendar Year	[Dollar amount equal to two times the per Covered Person maximum. [**Note:** Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]]

[Dollar amount equal to three
times the per Covered Person maximum]]

Note: The Maximum Out of Pocket cannot be met with Non-Covered Charges.

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE AND PREMIUM RATES **[PLAN C]**
This Policy's classifications, and the insurance coverages and amounts which apply to each class are shown below:

CLASS(ES)
[All eligible employees]

EMPLOYEE [AND DEPENDENT] HEALTH BENEFITS

Calendar Year Cash Deductible

for Preventive Care	NONE
for immunizations and lead screening for children	NONE
For all other Covered Charges	
Per Covered Person	[$250 to $5,000]
[Per Covered Family	[Dollar amount which is two times the individual Deductible. [**Note**: Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]] [Dollar amount which is three times the individual Deductible]]

Emergency Room Copayment (waived if admitted within 24 hours) [at the option of the carrier, $50, $75 or $100]
Note: The Emergency Room Copayment is payable in addition to the applicable Deductible and Coinsurance.

Coinsurance

Coinsurance is the percentage of a Covered Charge that must be paid by a Covered Person. However, [Carrier] will waive the Coinsurance requirement once the Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached. This Policy's Coinsurance, as shown below, does not include Cash Deductibles, Copayments, penalties incurred under this Policy's Utilization Review provisions, or any other Non-Covered Charge.

The **Coinsurance** for this Policy is as follows: 30%

Maximum Out of Pocket
Maximum Out of Pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Covered Person must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Covered Person has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.
The **Maximum Out of Pocket** for this Policy is as follows:

Per Covered Person per Calendar Year	[An amount equal to [$2,000 - $10,000] plus the Deductible]
[Per Covered Family per Calendar Year	[Dollar amount equal to two times the per Covered Person maximum. [Note: Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]] [Dollar amount equal to three times the per Covered Person maximum]

Note: The Maximum Out of Pocket cannot be met with Non-Covered Charges.

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE AND PREMIUM RATES **[PLAN D]**
This Policy's classifications, and the insurance coverages and amounts which apply to each class are shown below:

CLASS(ES)
[All eligible employees]

EMPLOYEE [AND DEPENDENT] HEALTH BENEFITS

Calendar Year Cash Deductible

for Preventive Care	NONE
for immunizations and lead screening for children	NONE
For all other Covered Charges	
Per Covered Person	[$250 to $5,000]
[Per Covered Family	[Dollar amount which is two times the individual Deductible. [**Note**: Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]] [Dollar amount which is three times the individual Deductible]]

Emergency Room Copayment (waived if admitted within 24 hours) [at the option of the carrier, $50, $75 or $100]
Note: The Emergency Room Copayment is payable in addition to the applicable Deductible and Coinsurance.

Coinsurance

Coinsurance is the percentage of a Covered Charge that must be paid by a Covered Person. However, [Carrier] will waive the Coinsurance requirement once the Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached. This Policy's Coinsurance, as shown below, does not include Cash Deductibles, Copayments, penalties incurred under this Policy's Utilization Review provisions, or any other Non-Covered Charge.

The **Coinsurance** for this Policy is as follows: 20%

Maximum Out of Pocket
Maximum Out of Pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Covered Person must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Covered Person has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.
The **Maximum Out of Pocket** for this Policy is as follows:

Per Covered Person per Calendar Year	[An amount equal to [$2,000 - $10,000] plus the Deductible]
[Per Covered Family per Calendar Year	[Dollar amount equal to two times the per Covered Person maximum. [**Note:** Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]]
	[Dollar amount equal to three times the per Covered Person maximum]]

Note: The Maximum Out of Pocket cannot be met with Non-Covered Charges.

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE AND PREMIUM RATES **[PLAN E]**
This Policy's classifications, and the insurance coverages and amounts which apply to each class are shown below:

CLASS(ES)
[All eligible employees]

EMPLOYEE [AND DEPENDENT] HEALTH BENEFITS

Calendar Year Cash Deductible

for Preventive Care	NONE
for immunizations and lead screening for children	NONE
For all other Covered Charges	
Per Covered Person	$150
[Per Covered Family	[$300
	Note: [Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]]
	[$450]

Emergency Room Copayment (waived if admitted within 24 hours) [at the option of the carrier, $50, $75 or $100]
Note: The Emergency Room Copayment is payable in addition to the applicable Deductible and Coinsurance.

Coinsurance

Coinsurance is the percentage of a Covered Charge that must be paid by a Covered Person. However, [Carrier] will waive the Coinsurance requirement once the Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached. This Policy's Coinsurance, as shown below, does not include Cash Deductibles, Copayments, penalties incurred under this Policy's Utilization Review provisions, or any other Non-Covered Charge.

The **Coinsurance** for this Policy is as follows: 10%

Maximum Out of Pocket
Maximum Out of Pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Covered Person must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Covered Person has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.
The **Maximum Out of Pocket** for this Policy is as follows:

Per Covered Person per Calendar Year	$1650
[Per Covered Family per Calendar Year	[$3,300
	[**Note:** Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]]
	[$4,950]]

Note: The Maximum Out of Pocket cannot be met with Non-Covered Charges.

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE AND PREMIUM RATES EXAMPLE PPO (using Plan C, without Copayment, separate Network and Non-Network Deductibles and Maximum Out of Pockets)
This Policy's classifications, and the insurance coverages and amounts which apply to each class are shown below:

CLASS(ES)
[All eligible employees]

EMPLOYEE [AND DEPENDENT] HEALTH BENEFITS

Calendar Year Cash Deductibles
For treatment, services and supplies given by a **Network** Provider, except for Prescription Drugs

for Preventive Care	NONE
for immunizations and lead screening for children	NONE
for all other Covered Charges	
Per Covered Person	[$250 to $2,500]
[Per Covered Family	[Dollar amount which is two times the individual Deductible.] [**Note**: Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]]

For treatment, services and supplies given by a **Non-Network** Provider, and for Prescription Drugs

for Preventive Care	NONE
for immunizations and lead screening for children	NONE
for all other Covered Charges	
Per Covered Person	[Dollar amount not to exceed three times the Network Deductible]
[Per Covered Family	[Dollar amount equal to two times the Non-Network Deductible] **Note**: Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons

Emergency Room Copayment (waived if admitted within 24 hours) [at the option of the carrier, $50, $75 or 100]
Note: The Emergency Room Copayment is payable in addition to the applicable Deductible and Coinsurance.

Coinsurance
Coinsurance is the percentage of a Covered Charge that must be paid by a Covered Person. However, [Carrier] will waive the Coinsurance requirement once the Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached with respect to Network services and supplies, and [Carrier] will waive the Coinsurance requirement once the Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached with respect to Non-Network services and supplies. This Policy's Coinsurance, as shown below, does not include Cash Deductibles, Copayments, penalties incurred under this Policy's Utilization Review provisions, or any other Non-Covered Charge.

The **Coinsurance** for this Policy is as follows:

• if treatment, services or supplies are given by a Network Provider	10%, **except as stated below**
• if treatment, services or supplies are given by a Non-Network Provider	30%, **except as stated below**
Exception: The Coinsurance for Prescription Drugs does not vary according to use of a Network Provider or a Non-Network Provider. The Coinsurance for Prescription Drugs is:	30%

Network Maximum Out of Pocket
Network Maximum Out of Pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Covered Person must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all Network covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Network Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Covered Person has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for Network covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.
The **Network Maximum Out of Pocket** for this Policy is as follows:

Per Covered Person per Calendar Year	[An amount not to exceed $5,000]
[Per Covered Family per Calendar Year	[Dollar amount equal to two times the per Covered Person maximum.] [**Note:** Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]]

Note: The Network Maximum Out of Pocket cannot be met with Non-Covered Charges.

Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket
Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Covered Person must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all Non-Network covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Covered Person has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for Non-Network covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.
The **Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket** for this Policy is as follows:

Per Covered Person per Calendar Year	[An amount not to exceed three times the Network Maximum]
[Per Covered Family per Calendar Year	[Dollar amount equal to two times the per Covered Person Maximum.] [**Note:** Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]]

Note: The Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket cannot be met with Non-Covered Charges.

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE AND PREMIUM RATES **EXAMPLE PPO**
(using Plan C, with Copayment on specified services, separate Network and Non-Network Deductibles and Maximum Out of Pockets)
This Policy's classifications, and the insurance coverages and amounts which apply to each class are shown below:

CLASS(ES)
[All eligible employees]

EMPLOYEE [AND DEPENDENT] HEALTH BENEFITS

Copayment
For treatment, services and supplies given by a **Network** Provider
Physician Visits [$5, $10, $15, $20, $30, $40 or $50]

Calendar Year Cash Deductibles
For treatment, services and supplies given by a **Network** Provider, except for Physician Visits and Prescription Drugs
Per Covered Person [$250 to $2,500]
[Per Covered Family [Dollar amount which is two times the individual Deductible.] [**Note**: Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]]

For Treatment, services and supplies given by a **Non-Network** Provider, and for Prescription Drugs
for Preventive Care NONE
for immunizations and
lead screening for children NONE
for all other Covered Charges

Per Covered Person [Dollar amount not to exceed three times the Network Deductible]
[Per Covered Family [Dollar amount equal to two times the Non-Network Deductible] [**Note**: Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]]

Emergency Room Copayment (waived if admitted within 24 hours) [at the option of the carrier, $50, $75, $100]
Note: The Emergency Room Copayment is payable in addition to the applicable Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance.

Coinsurance
Coinsurance is the percentage of a Covered Charge that must be paid by a Covered Person. However, [Carrier] will waive the Coinsurance requirement once the Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached with respect to Network services and supplies, and [Carrier] will waive the Coinsurance requirement once the Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached with respect to Non-Network services and supplies. This Policy's Coinsurance, as shown below, does not include Cash Deductibles, Copayments, penalties incurred under this Policy's Utilization Review provisions, or any other Non-Covered Charge.

The **Coinsurance** for this Policy is as follows:
• if treatment, services or supplies are given by a Network Provider 10%, **except as stated below**
• if treatment, services or supplies are given by a Non-Network Provider 30%, **except as stated below**
Exception: The Coinsurance for Prescription Drugs does not vary according to use of a Network Provider or a Non-Network Provider. The Coinsurance for Prescription Drugs is: 30%

Network Maximum Out of Pocket
Network Maximum Out of Pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Covered Person must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all Network covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Network Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Covered Person has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for Network covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.
The **Network Maximum Out of Pocket** for this Policy is as follows:
Per Covered Person per Calendar Year [An amount not to exceed $5,000]
[Per Covered Family per Calendar Year [Dollar amount equal to two times the per Covered Person maximum.] [**Note:** Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]]
Note: The Network Maximum Out of Pocket cannot be met with Non-Covered Charges.

Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket
Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Covered Person must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all Non-Network covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Covered Person has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for Non-Network covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.
The **Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket** for this Policy is as follows:
Per Covered Person per Calendar Year [An amount not to exceed three times the Network Maximum]

[Per Covered Family per Calendar Year	[Dollar amount equal to two times the per Covered Person Maximum.] [**Note:** Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]]

Note: The Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket cannot be met with Non-Covered Charges.

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE AND PREMIUM RATES **EXAMPLE PPO**
(using Plan C, with Copayment on specified services, common Deductible and Maximum Out of Pocket)
This Policy's classifications, and the insurance coverages and amounts which apply to each class are shown below:

CLASS(ES)
[All eligible employees]

EMPLOYEE [AND DEPENDENT] HEALTH BENEFITS

Copayment
For treatment, services and supplies given by a **Network** Provider

Physician Visits	[$5, $10, $15, $20, $30, $40 or $50]

Calendar Year Cash Deductible
For treatment, services and supplies given by a **Network** or **Non-Network** Providers, except for Network Physician Visits

Per Covered Person	[$250 to $2,500]
[Per Covered Family	[Dollar amount which is two times the individual Deductible.] [**Note**: Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]]

Emergency Room Copayment (waived if admitted within 24 hours)	[at the option of the carrier, $50, $75 or $100]

Note: The Emergency Room Copayment is payable in addition to the applicable Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance.

Coinsurance
Coinsurance is the percentage of a Covered Charge that must be paid by a Covered Person. However, [Carrier] will waive the Coinsurance requirement once the Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached with respect to any combination of Network and Non-Network services and supplies. This Policy's Coinsurance, as shown below, does not include Cash Deductibles, Copayments, penalties incurred under this Policy's Utilization Review provisions, or any other Non-Covered Charge.

The **Coinsurance** for this Policy is as follows:

• if treatment, services or supplies are given by a Network Provider	10%, **except as stated below**
• if treatment, services or supplies are given by a Non-Network Provider	30%, **except as stated below**
Exception: The Coinsurance for Prescription Drugs does not vary according to use of a Network Provider or a Non-Network Provider. The Coinsurance for Prescription Drugs is:	30%

Network Maximum Out of Pocket
Network Maximum Out of Pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Covered Person must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all Network **and** Non-Network covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Network Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Covered Person has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for Network or Non-Network covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.
The **Network Maximum Out of Pocket** for this Policy is as follows:

Per Covered Person per Calendar Year	[An amount not to exceed $5,000]
[Per Covered Family per Calendar Year	[Dollar amount equal to two times the per Covered Person maximum.] [**Note:** Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]]

Note: The Network Maximum Out of Pocket cannot be met with Non-Covered Charges.

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE AND PREMIUM RATES **EXAMPLE INDEMNITY POS**
(using Plan D, with Copayment on specified services, separate Network and Non-Network Deductibles and Maximum Out of Pockets)
This Policy's classifications, and the insurance coverages and amounts which apply to each class are shown below:

CLASS(ES)
[All eligible employees]

EMPLOYEE [AND DEPENDENT] HEALTH BENEFITS

Copayment
For treatment, services and supplies given by a **Network** Provider

Physician Visits	[$5, $10, $15, $20, $30, $40 or $50]
Hospital Confinement	[$300 per day, up to $1500 per confinement, $3,000 per Calendar Year]

Exception: If the Hospital is a Network facility, the Hospital will be paid as a Network Facility regardless of whether the admitting Practitioner is a Network Practitioner.

Calendar Year Cash Deductibles
For treatment, services and supplies given by a **Network** Provider, except for Physician Visits, Hospital Confinement and Prescription Drugs

Per Covered Person	[$250 to $2,500]
[Per Covered Family	[Dollar amount which is two times the individual Deductible.] [**Note**: Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]]

Calendar Year Cash Deductible
For Treatment, services and supplies given by a **Non-Network** Provider, and for Prescription Drugs

for Preventive Care for immunizations and lead screening for children for all other Covered Charges	NONE
	NONE
Per Covered Person	[Dollar amount not to exceed three times the Network Deductible]
[Per Covered Family	[Dollar amount equal to two times the Non-Network Deductible] [**Note**: Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]]

Emergency Room Copayment (waived if admitted within 24 hours) [at the option of the carrier, $50, $75, $100]
Note: The Emergency Room Copayment is payable in addition to the applicable Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance.

Coinsurance
Coinsurance is the percentage of a Covered Charge that must be paid by a Covered Person. However, [Carrier] will waive the Coinsurance requirement once the Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached with respect to Network services and supplies, and [Carrier] will waive the Coinsurance requirement once the Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached with respect to Non-Network services and supplies. This Policy's Coinsurance, as shown below, does not include Cash Deductibles, Copayments, penalties incurred under this Policy's Utilization Review provisions, or any other Non-Covered Charge.

The **Coinsurance** for this Policy is as follows:

• if treatment, services or supplies are given by a Network Provider	0%, **except as stated below**
• if treatment, services or supplies are given by a Non-Network Provider	20%, **except as stated below**
Exception: The Coinsurance for Prescription Drugs does not vary according to use of a Network Provider or a Non-Network Provider. The Coinsurance for Prescription Drugs is:	20%

Network Maximum Out of Pocket
Network Maximum Out of Pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Covered Person must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all Network covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Network Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Covered Person has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for Network covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.
The **Network Maximum Out of Pocket** for this Policy is as follows:

Per Covered Person per Calendar Year	[An amount not to exceed $5,000]
[Per Covered Family per Calendar Year	[Dollar amount equal to two times the per Covered Person maximum.] [**Note:** Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]]

Note: The Network Maximum Out of Pocket cannot be met with Non-Covered Charges.

Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket
Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Covered Person must pay as Deductible and Coinsurance for all Non-Network covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Covered Person has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Deductible and Coinsurance for Non-Network covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.
The **Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket** for this Policy is as follows:

Per Covered Person per Calendar Year	[An amount not to exceed three times the Network Maximum]
[Per Covered Family per Calendar Year	[Dollar amount equal to two times the per Covered Person Maximum.] [**Note:** Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]]

Note: The Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket cannot be met with Non-Covered Charges.

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE AND PREMIUM RATES (Continued) **[PLAN B]**
Daily Room and Board Limits

During a Period of Hospital Confinement

For semi-private room and board accommodations, [Carrier] will cover charges up to the Hospital's actual daily semi-private room and board rate.

For private room and board accommodations, [Carrier] will cover charges up to the Hospital's average daily semi-private room and board rate, or if the Hospital does not have semi-private accommodations, 80% of its lowest daily room and board rate. However, if the Covered Person is being isolated in a private room because the Covered Person has a communicable Illness, [Carrier] will cover charges up to the Hospital's actual private room charge.

For Special Care Units, [Carrier] will cover charges up to the Hospital's actual daily room and board charge for the Special Care Unit.

During a Confinement In An Extended Care Center Or Rehabilitation Center
[Carrier] will cover the lesser of:
a. the center's actual daily room and board charge; or
b. 50% of the covered daily room and board charge made by the Hospital during the Covered Person's preceding Hospital confinement, for semi-private accommodations.

Pre-Approval is required for charges incurred in connection with:
- Durable Medical Equipment
- Extended Care and Rehabilitation
- Home Health Care
- Hospice Care
- Infusion Therapy
- [Speech, Cognitive Rehabilitation, Occupational and Physical Therapies]
- Prosthetic Devices
- [Autologous Bone Marrow Transplant and Associated Dose Intensive Chemotherapy for treatment of breast cancer]
- Fertility Services
- Nutritional Counseling
- [Certain Prescription Drugs]
- Exchange of unused Inpatient days for additional Outpatient visits for the treatment of a Non-Biologically –Based Mental Illness

[Carrier] will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for treatment, services and supplies which are not Pre-Approved by [Carrier] provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under this Policy.

Payment Limits: For Illness or Injury, [Carrier] will pay up to the payment limit shown below:

Charges for Inpatient confinement in an Extended Care or Rehabilitation Center, per Calendar Year (Combined benefits)	120 days
Charges for therapeutic manipulation per Calendar Year	30 visits
Charges for speech and cognitive therapy per Calendar Year (combined benefits)	30 visits
Charges for physical or occupational therapy per Calendar Year (combined benefits)	30 visits
Charges for Preventive Care per Calendar Year as follows: (Not subject to Cash Deductible or Coinsurance)	
[• for a Covered Person who is a Dependent child from birth until the end of the Calendar Year in which the Dependent child attains age 1	$750 per Covered Person]
• for all [other] Covered Persons	$500 per Covered Person
Charges for all treatment of Non-Biologically-based Mental Illnesses and Substance Abuse, per Calendar Year	
Inpatient Confinement	30 days *
Outpatient Care	20 visits
Per Lifetime Maximum Benefit (for all Illnesses and Injuries)	UNLIMITED

* Subject to Carrier Pre-Approval, Unused Inpatient days may be exchanged for additional Outpatient visits, where each Inpatient day may be exchanged for two Outpatient visits.

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE AND PREMIUM RATES (Continued) **[PLANS C, D, E]**
Daily Room and Board Limits

During a Period of Hospital Confinement

For semi-private room and board accommodations, [Carrier] will cover charges up to the Hospital's actual daily semi private room and board rate.

[Plans C, D, E (Continued)]

For private room and board accommodations. [Carrier] will cover charges up to the Hospital's average daily semi-private room and board rate, or if the Hospital does not have semi-private accommodations, 80% of its lowest daily room and board rate. However, if the Covered Person is being isolated in a private room because the Covered Person has a communicable Illness, [Carrier] will cover charges up to the Hospital's actual private room charge.

For Special Care Units, [Carrier] will cover charges up to the Hospital's actual daily room and board charge for the Special Care Unit.

During a Confinement In An Extended Care Center Or Rehabilitation Center

[Carrier] will cover the lesser of:
a. the center's actual daily room and board charge; or
b. 50% of the covered daily room and board charge made by the Hospital during the Covered Person's preceding Hospital confinement, for semi-private accommodations.

Pre-Approval is required for charges incurred in connection with:
- Durable Medical Equipment
- Extended Care and Rehabilitation
- Home Health Care
- Hospice Care
- Infusion Therapy
- [Speech, Cognitive Rehabilitation, Occupational and Physical Therapies]
- Prosthetic Devices
- [Autologous Bone Marrow Transplant and Associated Dose Intensive Chemotherapy for treatment of breast cancer]
- Fertility Services
- Nutritional Counseling
- [Certain Prescription Drugs]
- [Exchange of unused Inpatient days for additional Outpatient visits to treat a Non-Biologically Based Mental Illness

[Carrier] will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for treatment, services and supplies which are not Pre-Approved by [Carrier] provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under this Policy.

Payment Limits: For Illness or Injury, [Carrier] will pay up to the payment limit shown below:

Charges for Inpatient confinement in an Extended Care or Rehabilitation Center, per Calendar Year (combined benefits)	120 days
Charges for therapeutic manipulation per Calendar Year	30 visits
Charges for speech and cognitive therapy per Calendar Year (combined benefits)	30 visits
Charges for physical or occupational therapy per Calendar Year (combined benefits)	30 visits
Charges for Preventive Care per Calendar Year as follows: (Not subject to Cash Deductible or Coinsurance)	
[• for a Covered Person who is a Dependent child from birth until the end of the Calendar Year in which the Dependent child attains age 1	$750 per Covered Person]
• for all [other] Covered Persons	$500 per Covered Person
Charges for all treatment of Non-Biologically-based Mental Illnesses and Substance Abuse, per Calendar Year	
Inpatient Confinement	30 days *
Outpatient Care	20 visits

* [Subject to [Carrier] Pre-Approval,] Unused Inpatient days may be exchanged for additional Outpatient visits, where each Inpatient day may be exchanged for two Outpatient visits.

Per Lifetime Maximum Benefit (for all Illnesses and Injuries)	Unlimited

["DC" THIS INDEMNITY PLAN AND THE ASSOCIATED HMO PLAN MAY BOTH PROVIDE BENEFITS, SERVICES OR SUPPLIES FOR THE SAME SERVICE OR SUPPLY. TO THE EXTENT THAT BENEFITS ARE PROVIDED UNDER THIS INDEMNITY PLAN, THE SERVICE OR SUPPLY WILL NOT BE COVERED BY THE HMO PLAN SIMILARLY, TO THE EXTENT THAT SERVICES OR SUPPLIES ARE PROVIDED UNDER THE HMO PLAN, BENEFITS WILL NOT BE PROVIDED UNDER THIS INDEMNITY PLAN.]

[FOR ANY SPECIFIC [NETWORK] SERVICES AND SUPPLIES PROVIDED UNDER THE HMO PLAN WHICH ARE SUBJECT TO LIMITATION, ANY SUCH SERVICES OR SUPPLIES THE COVERED PERSON RECEIVES UNDER THE HMO PLAN WILL REDUCE THE CORRESPONDING BENEFIT PROVIDED UNDER THIS INDEMNITY PLAN FOR THAT SERVICE OR SUPPLY. SIMILARLY, FOR ANY SPECIFIC BENEFITS PROVIDED UNDER THIS INDEMNITY PLAN WHICH ARE SUBJECT TO LIMITATION, ANY SUCH BENEFITS THE COVERED PERSON RECEIVES AS INDEMNITY PLAN COVERED CHARGES WILL REDUCE THE CORRESPONDING HMO PLAN SERVICES AND SUPPLIES AVAILABLE FOR THAT SERVICE OR SUPPLY. THE SERVICES AND

SUPPLIES SECTION OF THE HMO PLAN AND THE COVERED CHARGES SECTION OF THIS INDEMNITY PLAN CLEARLY IDENTIFY WHICH SERVICES AND SUPPLIES AND COVERED CHARGES ARE AFFECTED BY THIS REDUCTION RULE.]

PREMIUM RATES

[The initial monthly premium rates, in U.S. dollars, for the insurance provided under this Policy are as follows:

Coverage	**Premium Rate**
Health Benefits	
- per Employee	$9999.99]
[- per Employee and spouse	$9999.99
- per Employee and child(ren)	$9999.99
- per Employee, spouse and child(ren)	$9999.99]

[Carrier] has the right to prospectively change any premium rate(s) set forth above at the times and in the manner established by the provision **Premium Rate Changes** section of this Policy.

["DC" Note: The premium rates set forth above are for coverage under this Indemnity Plan only. Refer to the HMO Plan issued in conjunction with this Indemnity Plan for information on the premium rates applicable to the HMO Plan coverage.]

GENERAL PROVISIONS

THE POLICY
The entire Policy consists of:
[a. the forms shown in the Policy Index as of the Effective Date:
b.] the Policyholder's application, a copy of which is attached to this Policy;
[c.] any riders, [endorsements] or amendments to this Policy; ["DC" and]
[d.] the individual applications, if any, of the persons covered[.] ["DC" and
e. the associated HMO Plan.]

STATEMENTS
No statement will void the insurance under this Policy, or be used in defense of a claim hereunder unless:
a. in the case of the Policyholder, it is contained in the application signed by the Policyholder; or
b. in the case of a Covered Person, it is contained in a written instrument signed by the Covered Person, and a copy of which is furnished to the Covered Person.
All statements will be deemed representations and not warranties.

INCONTESTABILITY OF THIS POLICY
There will be no contest of the validity of this Policy, except for not paying premiums, after it has been in force for 2 years from the Effective Date.

No statement in any application, except a fraudulent statement, made by the Policyholder or by a person insured under this Policy shall be used in contesting the validity of his or her insurance or in denying a claim for a loss incurred after such insurance has been in force for two years during the person's lifetime. Note: There is no time limit with respect to a contest in connection with fraudulent statements.

AMENDMENT
This Policy may be amended, at any time, without the consent of the Covered Persons or of anyone else with a beneficial interest in it. This can be done through written request made by the Policyholder and agreed to by [Carrier]. [Carrier] may also make amendments to this Policy, as provided in b. and c. below. [Carrier] will give the Policyholder 30 days advance written notice. An amendment will not affect benefits for a service or supply furnished before the date of change.

Only an officer of [Carrier] has authority: to waive any conditions or restrictions of this Policy; or to extend the time in which a premium may be paid; or to make or change a Policy; or to bind [Carrier] by a promise or representation or by information given or received.

No change in this Policy is valid unless the change is shown in one of the following ways:
[a. It is shown in an endorsement on it signed by an officer of [Carrier].]
[b.] In the case of a change in this Policy that has been automatically made to satisfy the requirements of any state or federal law that applies to this Policy, as provided in the **Conformity With Law** section, it is shown in an amendment to it that is signed by an officer of [Carrier].
[c.] In the case of a change required by [Carrier], it is shown in an amendment to it that:
• is signed by an officer of [Carrier]; and
• is accepted by the Policyholder as evidenced by payment of a premium becoming due under this Policy on or after the Effective Date of such change.
[d.] In the case of a written request by the Policyholder for a change, it is shown in an amendment to it signed by the Policyholder and by an officer of [Carrier].

AFFILIATED COMPANIES
If the Policyholder asks [Carrier] in writing to include an Affiliated Company under this Policy, and [Carrier] gives written approval for the inclusion, [Carrier] will treat Employees of that company like the Policyholder's Employees. [Carrier's] written approval will include the starting date of the company's coverage under this Policy. But each eligible Employee of that company must still meet all the terms and conditions of this Policy before becoming covered.

An Employee of the Policyholder and one or more Affiliated Companies will be considered an Employee of only one of those Employers for the purpose of this Policy. That Employee's service with multiple Employers will be treated as service with that one.

The Policyholder must notify [Carrier] in writing when a company stops being an Affiliated Company. As of this date, this Policy will be considered to end for Employees of that Employer. This applies to all of those Employees except those who, on the next day, are employed by the Policyholder or another Affiliated Company as eligible Employees.

PREMIUM AMOUNTS
The premium due on each premium due date is the sum of the premium charges for the coverage then provided. Those charges are determined from the premium rates then in effect and the Employees [and Dependents] then covered.

If one or more of the premiums paid include charges for an Employee [and or Dependent] whose coverage has ended before the due date of that premium, [Carrier] will not be required to refund more than the premiums paid for the two months prior to the date [Carrier] receives written notice from the Policyholder that the Employee's [and or Dependent's] coverage has ended, provided no claims have been incurred during that period. If claims have been incurred during the period prior to [Carrier's] receipt of written notice that the Employee [and Dependent's] coverage has ended, [Carrier] shall not be required to refund premium to the Policyholder.

PAYMENT OF PREMIUMS - GRACE PERIOD
Premiums are to be paid by the Policyholder to [Carrier]. Each may be paid at a [Carrier's] office [or to one of its authorized agents.] A premium payment is due on each premium due date stated on the first page of this Policy. The Policyholder may pay each premium other than the first within 31 days of the premium due date without being charged interest. Those days are known as the grace period. The Policyholder is liable to pay premiums to [Carrier] for the time this Policy is in force.

[REINSTATEMENT
If the premium has not been paid before the end of the grace period, this Policy automatically terminates as of the last day of the grace period. The Policyholder may make written request to the [Carrier] that the Policy be reinstated. If the [Carrier] accepts the request for reinstatement, the Policyholder must pay all unpaid premiums back to the date premium was last paid. Such payment is subject to the premium rate then in effect and to [the payment of the reinstatement fee as established by the [Carrier.] [an interest charge, determined as a percentage of the unpaid amount.] The percentage will be determined by the [Carrier] but will not be more than the maximum percentage allowed by law.]]

PREMIUM RATE CHANGES
The premium rates in effect on the Effective Date are shown in this Policy's Schedule. [Carrier] has the right to prospectively change premium rates as of any of these dates:

a. Any premium due date.
b. Any date that an Employer becomes, or ceases to be, an Affiliated Company.
c. Any date that the extent or nature of the risk under this Policy is changed:
- by amendment of this Policy; or
- by reason of any provision of law or any government program or regulation; or
- If this Policy supplements or coordinates with benefits provided by an other insurer, non-profit hospital or medical service plan, or health maintenance organization, on any date [Carrier's] obligation under this Policy is changed because of a change in such other benefits.

d. At the discovery of a clerical error or misstatement as described below.

[Carrier] will give the Policyholder 60 days advance written notice when a change in the premium rates is made.

PARTICIPATION REQUIREMENTS
At least [75%] of the Employees eligible for insurance must be enrolled for coverage. If an eligible Employee is not covered by this Policy because:

a. the Employee is covered as a Dependent under a spouse's coverage, other than individual coverage;
b. the Employee is covered under any fully-insured Health Benefits Plan offered by the Policyholder;
c. the Employee is covered under Medicare;
d. the Employee is covered under Medicaid or NJ FamilyCare; or
e. the Employee is covered under another group health benefits plan.

[Carrier] will count this person as being covered by this Policy for the purposes of satisfying participation requirements.

CLERICAL ERROR - MISSTATEMENTS
Neither clerical error nor programming or systems error by the Policyholder, nor the [Carrier] in keeping any records pertaining to coverage under this Policy, nor delays in making entries thereon, will invalidate coverage which would otherwise be in force, or continue coverage which would otherwise be validly terminated. However, upon discovery of such error or delay, an equitable adjustment of premiums will be made.

Except as described in the **Premium Amounts** section, premium adjustments involving return of unearned premium to the Policyholder will be limited to the period of 12 months preceding the date of [Carrier's] receipt of satisfactory evidence that such adjustments should be made.

If the age of an Employee, or any other relevant facts, are found to have been misstated, and the premiums are thereby affected, an equitable adjustment of premiums will be made. If such misstatement involves whether or not the person's coverage would have been accepted by [Carrier], subject to this Policy's **Incontestability** section, the true facts will be used in determining whether coverage is in force under the terms of this Policy.

TERM OF THE POLICY - RENEWAL PRIVILEGE – TERMINATION

This Policy is issued for a term of one (1) year from the Effective Date shown on the first page of this Policy. All Policy Years and Policy Months will be calculated from the Effective Date. Plan Years will be measured as stated in the definition of Plan Year. All periods of insurance hereunder will begin and end at 12:01 am. Eastern Standard Time at the Policyholder's place of business.

The Policyholder may renew this Policy for a further term of one (1) year, on the first and each subsequent Policy Anniversary. All renewals are subject to the payment of premiums then due, computed as provided in this Policy's **Premium Amounts** section and to the provisions stated below.

[Carrier] has the right to non-renew this Policy on the Policy Anniversary following the date the Policyholder no longer meets the requirements of a Small Employer as defined in this Policy. The Policyholder must certify to [Carrier] the Policyholder's status as a Small Employer every year. Certification must be given to [Carrier] within 10 days of the date [Carrier] requests it. If the Policyholder fails to do this, [Carrier] retains the right to non-renew this Policy as of the Policyholder's Policy Anniversary.

[Carrier] has the right to non-renew this Policy on the Policy Anniversary Date subject to 180 days advance written notice to the Policyholder for the following reasons:

a) subject to the statutory notification requirements, [Carrier] ceases to do business in the small group market;
b) subject to the statutory notification requirements, [Carrier] ceases offering and non-renews a particular type of Health Benefits Plan in the small group market; or
c) the Board terminates a standard plan or a standard plan option.

[Carrier] has the right to non-renew this Policy on the Policy Anniversary Date subject to 60 days advance written notice to the Policyholder for the following reasons:

a) the Policyholder moves outside the state of New Jersey;
b) less than [75%] of the Policyholder's eligible Employees are covered by this Policy. If an eligible Employee is not covered by this Policy because:
    1. the Employee is covered as a Dependent under a spouse's coverage, other than individual coverage;
    2. the Employee is covered under any fully-insured Health Benefits Plan offered by the Policyholder.
    3. The Employee is covered under Medicare;
    4. The Employee is covered under Medicaid or NJ FamilyCare; or
    5. The Employee is covered under another group health benefits plan,

    [Carrier] will count that Employee as being covered by this Policy for purposes of satisfying participation requirements;
c) the Policyholder does not contribute at least 10% of the annual cost of the Policy; or
d) the Policyholder ceases membership in an association or multiple employer trust, but only if coverage is terminated uniformly, without regard to any Health Status-Related Factor relating to any Covered Person

If any premium is not paid by the end of its grace period, this Policy will automatically end when that period ends. The Policyholder may write to [Carrier], in advance, to ask that this Policy be ended at the end of the period for which premiums have been paid or at any time during the grace period. [Carrier] is not required to honor a request for a retroactive termination of this Policy. For prospective termination requests, this Policy will end on the date requested. The Policyholder is liable to pay premiums to [Carrier] for the time this Policy is in force. [Carrier] shall give notice of the date of termination to the Policyholder no more than 30 days following the date of the termination.

Immediate cancellation will occur if the Policyholder has performed an act or practice that constitutes fraud, or made an intentional misrepresentation of material fact under the terms of this Policy.

[DIVIDENDS

[Carrier] will determine the share, if any, of its divisible surplus allocable to this Policy as of each Policy Anniversary, if this Policy stays in force by the payment of all premiums to that date. The share will be credited to this Policy as a dividend as of that date.

Each dividend will be paid to the Policyholder in cash unless the Policyholder asks that it be applied toward the premium then due or future premiums due.

[Carrier's] sole liability as to any dividend is as set forth above.

If the aggregate dividends under this Policy and any other policy(ies) of the Policyholder exceed the aggregate payments towards their cost made from the Policyholder's own funds, the Policyholder will see that an amount equal to the excess is applied for the benefit of Covered Persons.]

EMPLOYEE'S CERTIFICATE

[Carrier] will give the Policyholder an individual certificate of coverage to give each covered Employee. It will describe the Employee's coverage under this Policy. It will include:

a. to whom [Carrier] pays benefits;
b. any protection and rights when the coverage ends; and
c. claim rights and requirements.

In the event this Policy is amended, and such amendment affects the material contained in the certificate of coverage, a rider or revised certificate reflecting such amendment will be issued to the Policyholder for delivery to affected Employees.

OFFSET

[Carrier] reserves the right, before paying benefits to a Covered Person, to use the amount of payment due to offset a claims payment previously made in error.

CONTINUING RIGHTS

[Carrier's] failure to apply terms or conditions does not mean that [Carrier] waives or gives up any future rights under this Policy.

ASSIGNMENT BY POLICYHOLDER

Assignment or transfer of the interest of the Policyholder under this Policy will not bind [Carrier] without [Carrier's] written consent thereto.

CONFORMITY WITH LAW

Any provision of this Policy which is in conflict with the laws of the state in which the Policy is issued, or with Federal law, shall be construed and applied as if it were in full compliance with the minimum requirements of such State law or Federal law.

LIMITATION OF ACTIONS
No action at law or in equity shall be brought to recover on this Policy until 60 days after a Covered Person files written proof of loss. No such action shall be brought more than three years after the end of the time within which proof of loss is required.

WORKERS' COMPENSATION
The health benefits provided under this Policy are not in place of, and do not affect requirements for, coverage by Workers' Compensation.

NOTICES AND OTHER INFORMATION
Any notices, documents, or other information under this Policy may be sent by United States mail, postage prepaid addressed as follows:

If to [Carrier]: To the last address on record with the Policyholder.

If to a Covered Person: To the last address provided by the Covered Person on an enrollment or change of address form actually delivered to [Carrier].

If to the Policyholder: To the last address of the Policyholder on record with [Carrier].

RECORDS - INFORMATION TO BE FURNISHED
[Carrier] will keep a record of the Covered Persons. It will contain key facts about their coverage.

At the times set by [Carrier], the Policyholder will send the data required by [Carrier] to perform its duties under this Policy, and to determine the premium rates and certify status as a Small Employer. All records of the Policyholder which bear on this Policy must be open to [Carrier] for its inspection at any reasonable time.

[Carrier] will not have to perform any duty that depends on such data before it is received in a form that satisfies [Carrier]. The Policyholder may correct incorrect data given to [Carrier], if [Carrier] has not been harmed by acting on it. A person's coverage under this Policy will not be made invalid by failure of the Policyholder, due to clerical error, to record or report the Employee for coverage.

The Policyholder will furnish [Carrier] the Employee [and Dependents] eligibility requirements of this Policy that apply on the Effective Date. Subject to [Carrier's] approval, those requirements will apply to the Employee [and Dependent] coverage under this Policy. The Policyholder will notify [Carrier] of any change in the eligibility requirements of this Policy, but no such change will apply to the Employee [or Dependent] coverage under this Policy unless approved in advance by [Carrier].

The Policyholder will notify [Carrier] of any event, including a change in eligibility, that causes termination of a Covered Person's coverage immediately, or in no event later than the last day of the month in which the event occurs. The liability of [Carrier] to arrange or provide benefits for a person ceases when the person's coverage ends under this Policy. [If the Policyholder fails to notify [Carrier] as provided above, [Carrier] will be entitled to reimbursement from the Policyholder of any benefits paid to any person after the person's coverage should have ended.]

CLAIMS PROVISIONS
A claimant's right to make a claim for any benefits provided by this Policy is governed as follows:

[NOTICE OF LOSS
A claimant should send a written notice of claim to [Carrier] within 20 days of a loss. No special form is required to do this. The notice need only identify the claimant and the Policyholder.

When [Carrier] receives the notice, it will send a proof of claim form to the claimant. The claimant should receive the proof of claim form within 15 days of the date [Carrier] received the notice of claim. If the form is received within such time, it should be completed, as instructed, by all persons required to do so. Additional proof, if required, should be attached to the form. If the form is not received within such time, the claimant may provide written proof of claim to [Carrier] on any reasonable form. Such proof must state the date the Injury or Illness began and the nature and extent of the loss.]

PROOF OF LOSS
Proof of loss must be sent to [Carrier] within 90 days of the loss. If a notice or proof is sent later than 90 days of the loss, [Carrier] will not deny or reduce a claim if the notice or proof was sent as soon as possible.

PAYMENT OF CLAIMS
[Carrier] will pay all benefits to which the claimant is entitled as soon as [Carrier] receives written proof of loss. All benefits will be paid as they accrue. Any benefits unpaid at the Covered Person's death will be paid as soon as [Carrier] receives due proof of the death to one of the following:
a) his or her estate;
b) his or her spouse;
c) his or her parents;
d) his or her children;
e) his or her brothers and sisters; or
f) any unpaid provider of health care services.

When an Employee files proof of loss, he or she may direct [Carrier], in writing, to pay health care benefits to the recognized provider of health care who provided the covered service for which benefits became payable. [For covered services from an eligible Facility or Practitioner, [Carrier] will determine to pay either the Covered Person or the Facility or the Practitioner.] The Employee may not assign his or her right to take legal action under this Policy to such provider.

PHYSICAL EXAMS
[Carrier], at its expense, has the right to examine the insured. This may be done as often as reasonably needed to process a claim. [Carrier] also has the right to have an autopsy performed, at its expense.

[PLANHOLDERS
The Policyholder is the Trustee named by a trust agreement. This agreement permits certain Employers to insure their Employees for the benefits provided by this Policy. Employers who do so are Planholders.

The Policyholder acts for the Planholders in all matters of this Policy. Such actions bind all Planholders.

How an Employer becomes a Planholder
An Employer must submit a signed application in which he:
a. agrees to participate in the trust; and
b. applies for the insurance provided by this Policy for his Employees.

When an Employer becomes a Planholder
The Policyholder and [Carrier] will agree on the date an Employer becomes a Planholder. This date will be stated in writing by [Carrier].

When an Employer ceases to be a Planholder
The Policyholder can end an Employer's status as a Planholder. To do so, he or she must give [Carrier] 30 days advance written notice.

[Carrier] can end insurance for a Planholder. To do so, it must give the Policyholder 30 days advance written notice.

Data needed
The Policyholder must provide [Carrier] with all the data needed to compute premiums and carry out the terms of this Policy. [Carrier] can examine the records of the Policyholder and each Planholder at any reasonable time.]

[**Note:** This text, which may be modified by each carrier in order to accommodate various trust agreements. It is only to be used if coverage is to be issued through a Multiple Employer Trust (MET)]

DEFINITIONS

The words shown below have special meanings when used in this Policy. Please read these definitions carefully. [Throughout this Policy, these defined terms appear with their initial letter capitalized.]

Accredited School means a school accredited by a nationally recognized accrediting association, such as one of the following regional accrediting agencies: Middle States Association of Colleges and Schools, New England Association of Schools and Colleges, North Central Association of Colleges and Schools, Northwest Association of Schools and Colleges, Southern Association of Colleges and Schools, or Western Association of Schools and Colleges. An accredited school also includes a proprietary institution approved by an agency responsible for issuing certificates or licenses to graduates of such an institution.

[**Actively at Work** or **Active Work** means performing, doing, participating or similarly functioning in a manner usual for the task for full pay, at the Policyholder's place of business, or at any other place that the Policyholder's business requires the Employee to go.]

Affiliated Company means a company as defined in subsections (b), (c), (m) or (o) of section 414 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. All entities that meet the criteria set forth in the Internal Revenue Code shall be treated as one employer.

Alcohol Abuse means abuse of or addiction to alcohol. Alcohol Abuse does not include abuse of or addiction to drugs. Please see the definition of Substance Abuse.

Ambulance means a certified transportation vehicle for transporting Ill or Injured people that contains all life-saving equipment and staff as required by state and local law.

Ambulatory Surgical Center means a Facility mainly engaged in performing Outpatient Surgery. It must:
a) be staffed by Practitioners and Nurses, under the supervision of a Practitioner;
b) have permanent operating and recovery rooms;
c) be staffed and equipped to give emergency care; and
d) have written back-up arrangements with a local Hospital for emergency care.

[Carrier] will recognize it if it carries out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it is either:
a) accredited for its stated purpose by either the Joint Commission or the Accreditation Association for Ambulatory Care; or
b) approved for its stated purpose by Medicare.

[Carrier] does not recognize a Facility as an Ambulatory Surgical Center if it is part of a Hospital.

Anniversary Date means the date which is one year from the Effective Date of this Policy and each succeeding yearly date thereafter.

[**Approved Cancer Clinical Trial** means a scientific study of a new therapy or intervention for the treatment, palliation, or prevention of cancer in human beings that meets the following requirements:
a) The treatment or intervention is provided pursuant to an approved cancer clinical trial that has been authorized or approved by one of the following: 1) The National Institutes of Health (Phase I, II and III); (2) the United States Food and Drug Administration, in the form of an investigational new drug (IND) exemption (Phase I, II and III); 3) The United States Department of Defense; or 4) The United States Department of Veteran Affairs.
b) The proposed therapy has been reviewed and approved by the applicable qualified Institutional Review Board.
c) The available clinical or pre-clinical data to indicate that the treatment or intervention provided pursuant to the Approved Cancer Clinical Trial will be at least as effective as standard therapy, if such therapy exists, and is expected to constitute an improvement in effectiveness for treatment, prevention and palliation of cancer.

d) The Facility and personnel providing the treatment are capable of doing so by virtue of their experience and training.
e) The trial consists of a scientific plan of treatment that includes specified goals, a rationale and background for the plan, criteria for patient selection, specific directions for administering therapy and monitoring patients, a definition of quantitative measures for determining treatment response and methods for documenting and treating adverse reactions. All such trials must have undergone a review for scientific content and validity, as evidenced by approval by one of the federal entities identified in item a. A cost-benefit analysis of clinical trials will be performed when such an evaluation can be included with a reasonable expectation of sound assessment.]

Biologically-based Mental Illness means a mental or nervous condition that is caused by a biological disorder of the brain and results in a clinically significant or psychological syndrome or pattern that substantially limits the functioning of the person with the illness, including but not limited to: schizophrenia; schizoaffective disorder; major depressive disorder; bipolar disorder; paranoia and other psychotic disorders; obsessive-compulsive disorder; panic disorder and pervasive developmental disorder or autism.

Birthing Center means a Facility which mainly provides care and treatment for women during uncomplicated pregnancy, routine full-term delivery, and the immediate post-partum period. It must:
a) provide full-time Skilled Nursing Care by or under the supervision of Nurses;
b) be staffed and equipped to give emergency care; and
c) have written back-up arrangements with a local Hospital for emergency care.

[Carrier] will recognize it if:
a) it carries out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws; or
b) it is approved for its stated purpose by the Accreditation Association for Ambulatory Care; or
c) it is approved for its stated purpose by Medicare.

[Carrier] does not recognize a Facility as a Birthing Center if it is part of a Hospital.

Board means the Board of Directors of the New Jersey Small Employer Health Benefits Program.

Calendar Year means each successive 12 month period which starts on January 1 and ends on December 31.

Cash Deductible means the amount of Covered Charges that a Covered Person must pay before this Policy pays any benefits for such charges. Cash Deductible does not include Coinsurance, Copayments and Non-Covered Charges. See the **Cash Deductible** section of this Policy for details.

Church Plan has the same meaning given that term under Title I, section 3 of Pub.L.93-406, the "Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974"

Coinsurance means the percentage of a Covered Charge that must be paid by a Covered Person. Coinsurance does **not** include Cash Deductibles, Copayments or Non-Covered Charges.

Copayment means a specified dollar amount a Covered Person must pay for specified Covered Charges. **Note**: The Emergency Room Copayment, if applicable, must be paid in addition to the Cash Deductible, any other Copayments, and Coinsurance.

Cosmetic Surgery or Procedure means any surgery or procedure which involves physical appearance, but which does not correct or materially improve a physiological function and is not Medically Necessary and Appropriate.

Covered Charges are Reasonable and Customary charges for the types of services and supplies described in the **Covered Charges** and **Covered Charges with Special Limitations** section of this Policy. The services and supplies must be:
a) furnished or ordered by a recognized health care Provider; and
b) Medically Necessary and Appropriate to diagnose or treat an Illness or Injury.

A Covered Charge is incurred on the date the service or supply is furnished. Subject to all of the terms of this Policy, [Carrier] pays benefits for Covered Charges incurred by a Covered Person while he or she is insured by this Policy. Read the entire Policy to find out what [Carrier] limits or excludes.

Covered Person means an eligible Employee [or a Dependent] who is insured under this Policy.

Creditable Coverage means, with respect to an Employee [or Dependent], coverage of the Employee [or Dependent] under any of the following: a Group Health Plan; a group or individual Health Benefits Plan; Part A or Part B of Title XVIII of the federal Social Security Act (Medicare); Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act (Medicaid), other than coverage consisting solely of benefits under section 1928 of Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act (the program for distribution of pediatric vaccines); Title XXI of the Social Security Act (State Children's Health Insurance Program), chapter 55 of Title 10, United States Code (medical and dental care for members and certain former members of the uniformed services and their dependents); a medical care program of the Indian Health Service or of a tribal organization; a state health benefits risk pool; a health plan offered under chapter 89 of Title 5, United States Code; a Public Health Plan as defined by federal regulation; a health benefits plan under section 5(e) of the "Peace Corps Act"; or coverage under any other type of plan as set forth by the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance by regulation.

Creditable Coverage does not include coverage which consists solely of the following: coverage only for accident or disability income insurance, or any combination thereof; coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance; liability insurance, including general liability insurance and automobile liability insurance; workers' compensation or similar insurance; automobile medical payment insurance; credit only insurance; coverage for on-site medical clinics; coverage as specified in federal regulation, under which benefits for medical care are secondary or incidental to the insurance benefits; and other coverage expressly excluded from the definition of Health Benefits Plan.

Current Procedural Terminology (C.P.T.) means the most recent edition of an annually revised listing published by the American Medical Association which assigns numerical codes to procedures and categories of medical care.

Custodial Care means any service or supply, including room and board, which:
a) is furnished mainly to help a person meet his or her routine daily needs; or

b) can be furnished by someone who has no professional health care training or skills.

Even if a Covered Person is in a Hospital or other recognized Facility, [Carrier] does not pay for that part of the care which is mainly custodial.

[**Dependent** means an Employee's:
a) legal spouse which shall include a civil union partner pursuant to P.L. 2006, c. 103 as well as same sex relationships legally recognized in other jurisdictions when such relationships provide substantially all of the rights and benefits of marriage. [and domestic partner pursuant to P.L. 2003, c. 246]; except that legal spouse shall be limited to spouses of a marriage as marriage is defined in the Federal Defense of Marriage Act, 1 U.S.C.A. 7, with respect to the provisions of the Policy regarding continuation rights required by the Federal Consolidated Omnibus Reconciliation Act of 1886 (COBRA), Pub. L. 99-272, as subsequently amended. (Civil union partners do not have COBRA rights in the event of dissolution of the civil union.)
b) unmarried Dependent child who is under age 19; and
c) unmarried Dependent child from age 19 until his or her 23rd birthday, who is enrolled as a full-time student at an Accredited School. Full-time student status will be as defined by the Accredited School. [Carrier] can require periodic proof of a Dependent child's status as a full-time student.
A Dependent is not a person who is:
a) on active duty in the armed forces of any country; or
b) eligible for coverage under this Policy as an Employee.

Under certain circumstances, an incapacitated child is also a Dependent. See the **Dependent Coverage** section of this Policy.

An Employee's "unmarried Dependent child" includes:
a) his or her legally adopted children,
b) his or her step-child if such step-child depends on the Employee for most of his or her support and maintenance,
c) the child of his or her civil union partner if the child depends on the employee for most of his or her support and maintenance, [and]
d) [the child of his or her domestic partner if the child depends on the employee for most of his or her support and maintenance, and] [
e)]children under a court appointed guardianship.
[Carrier] treats a child as legally adopted from the time the child is placed in the home for purpose of adoption. [Carrier] treats such a child this way whether or not a final adoption order is ever issued.]

[**Dependent's Eligibility Date** means the later of:
a) the Employee's Eligibility Date; or
b) the date the person first becomes a Dependent.]

Developmental Disability or Developmentally Disabled means a severe, chronic disability that:
a) is attributable to a mental or physical impairment or a combination of mental and physical impairments;
b) is manifested before the [Covered Person] attains age 19;
c) is likely to continue indefinitely;
d) results in substantial functional limitations in three or more of the following areas of major life activity: self-care; receptive and expressive language; learning; mobility; self-direction; capacity for independent living; economic self-sufficiency;
e) reflects the [Covered Person's] need for a combination and sequence of special interdisciplinary or generic services, individualized support, and other forms of assistance that are lifelong or of extended duration and are individually planned and coordinated.

Diagnostic Services means procedures ordered by a recognized Provider because of specific symptoms to diagnose a specific condition or disease. Some examples are:
a) radiology, ultrasound and nuclear medicine;
b) laboratory and pathology; and
c) EKGs, EEGs and other electronic diagnostic tests.

Except as allowed under the Preventive Care Covered Charge, Diagnostic Services are not covered under this Policy if the procedures are ordered as part of a routine or periodic physical examination or screening examination.

Discretion/Determination/Determine means the [Carrier's] sole right to make a decision or determination. The decision will be applied in a reasonable and non-discriminatory manner.

Durable Medical Equipment is equipment which is:
a) designed and able to withstand repeated use;
b) primarily and customarily used to serve a medical purpose;
c) generally not useful to a Covered Person in the absence of an Illness or Injury; and
d) suitable for use in the home.

Some examples are walkers, wheelchairs, hospital-type beds, breathing equipment and apnea monitors.

Among other things, Durable Medical Equipment does not include adjustments made to vehicles, air conditioners, air purifiers, humidifiers, dehumidifiers, elevators, ramps, stair glides, Emergency Alert equipment, handrails, heat appliances, improvements made to the home or place of business, waterbeds, whirlpool baths and exercise and massage equipment.

Effective Date means the date on which coverage begins under this Policy for the Policyholder, or the date coverage begins under this Policy for an Employee [or Dependent], as the context in which the term is used suggests.

Emergency means a medical condition manifesting itself by acute symptoms of sufficient severity including, but not limited to, severe pain, psychiatric disturbances and/or symptoms of Substance Abuse such that a prudent layperson, who possesses an average knowledge of health and medicine, could expect the absence of immediate medical attention to result in: placing the health of the individual (or with respect to a pregnant woman, the health of the woman or her unborn child) in serious jeopardy; serious impairment to bodily functions; or serious dysfunction of a bodily

organ or part. With respect to a pregnant woman who is having contractions, an emergency exists where: there is inadequate time to effect a safe transfer to another Hospital before delivery; or the transfer may pose a threat to the health or safety of the woman or unborn child.

Employee means a Full-Time bona fide Employee (25 hours per week) of the Policyholder. Partners, proprietors, and independent contractors will be treated like Employees, if they meet all of this Policy's conditions of eligibility. Employees who work on a temporary or substitute basis or who are participating in an employee welfare arrangement established pursuant to a collective bargaining agreement are not considered to be Employees for the purpose of this Policy.

Employee's Eligibility Date means the later of:
a) the date of employment; or
b) [the day] after any applicable waiting period ends.

Employer means [ABC Company].

Enrollment Date means, with respect to a Covered Person, the Effective Date or, if earlier, the first day of any applicable waiting period. If an Employee changes plans or if the Employer transfers coverage to another carrier, the Covered Person's Enrollment Date does not change.

Experimental or Investigational means [Carrier] determines a service or supply is:
a) not of proven benefit for the particular diagnosis or treatment of a particular condition; or
b) not generally recognized by the medical community as effective or appropriate for the particular diagnosis or treatment of a particular condition; or
c) provided or performed in special settings for research purposes or under a controlled environment or clinical protocol.

Unless otherwise required by law with respect to drugs which have been prescribed for treatment for which the drug has not been approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA), [Carrier] will not cover any services or supplies, including treatment, procedures, drugs, biological products or medical devices or any hospitalizations in connection with Experimental or Investigational services or supplies.

[Carrier] will also not cover any technology or any hospitalization primarily to receive such technology if such technology is obsolete or ineffective and is not used generally by the medical community for the particular diagnosis or treatment of a particular condition.

Governmental approval of technology is not necessarily sufficient to render it of proven benefit or appropriate or effective for a particular diagnosis or treatment of a particular condition, as explained below.

[Carrier] will apply the following five criteria in determining whether services or supplies are Experimental or Investigational:

a. Any medical device, drug, or biological product must have received final approval to market by the FDA for the particular diagnosis or condition. Any other approval granted as an interim step in the FDA regulatory process, e.g., an Investigational Device Exemption or an Investigational New Drug Exemption, is not sufficient. Once FDA approval has been granted for a particular diagnosis or condition, use of the medical device, drug or biological product for another diagnosis or condition will require that one or more of the following established reference compendia:

    1. The American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information; or
    2. The United States Pharmacopeia Drug Information

recognize the usage as appropriate medical treatment. As an alternative to such recognition in one or more of the compendia, the usage of the drug will be recognized as appropriate if it is recommended by a clinical study or recommended by a review article in a major peer reviewed professional journal. A medical device, drug, or biological product that meets the above tests will not be considered Experimental or Investigational.

In any event, any drug which the Food and Drug Administration has determined to be contraindicated for the specific treatment for which the drug has been prescribed will be considered Experimental or Investigational.

b. Conclusive evidence from the published peer-reviewed medical literature must exist that the technology has a definite positive effect on health outcomes; such evidence must include well designed investigations that have been reproduced by non affiliated authoritative sources, with measurable results, backed up by the positive endorsements of national medical bodies or panels regarding scientific efficacy and rationale;

c. Demonstrated evidence as reflected in the published peer-reviewed medical literature must exist that over time the technology leads to improvement in health outcomes, i.e., the beneficial effects outweigh any harmful effects;

d. Proof as reflected in the published peer-reviewed medical literature must exist that the technology is at least as effective in improving health outcomes as established technology, or is usable in appropriate clinical contexts in which established technology is not employable; and

e. Proof as reflected in the published peer reviewed medical literature must exist that improvements in health outcomes; as defined item c. above, is possible in standard conditions of medical practice, outside clinical investigatory settings.

Extended Care Center means a Facility which mainly provides full-time Skilled Nursing Care for Ill or Injured people who do not need to be in a Hospital. [Carrier] will recognize it if it carries out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it is either:
a) accredited for its stated purpose by the Joint Commission; or
b) approved for its stated purpose by Medicare. In some places, an "Extended Care Center" may be called a "Skilled Nursing Facility."

Facility means a place [Carrier] is required by law to recognize which:
a) is properly licensed, certified, or accredited to provide health care under the laws of the state in which it operates; and
b) provides health care services which are within the scope of its license, certificate or accreditation.

Full-Time means a normal work week of 25 or more hours. Work must be at the Policyholder's regular place of business or at another place to which an Employee must travel to perform his or her regular duties for his or her full and normal work hours.

Government Hospital means a Hospital operated by a government or any of its subdivisions or agencies, including but not limited to a Federal, military, state, county or city Hospital.

Group Health Plan means an employee welfare benefit plan, as defined in Title I of section 3 of Pub.L.93-406, the "Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974" (ERISA) (29 U.S.C. §1002(1)) to the extent that the plan provides medical care and includes items and services paid for as medical care to employees or their dependents directly or through insurance, reimbursement or otherwise.

Health Benefits Plan means any hospital and medical expense insurance policy or certificate; health, hospital, or medical service corporation contract or certificate; or health maintenance organization subscriber contract or certificate delivered or issued for delivery in New Jersey by any carrier to a Small Employer group pursuant to section 3 of P.L. 1992. c. 162 (C. 17B: 27A-19) or any other similar contract, policy, or plan issued to a Small Employer, not explicitly excluded from the definition of a health benefits plan. Health Benefits Plan does not include one or more, or any combination of the following: coverage only for accident or disability income insurance, or any combination thereof; coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance; liability insurance, including general liability insurance and automobile liability insurance; workers' compensation or similar insurance; automobile medical payment insurance; credit-only insurance; coverage for on-site medical clinics; and other similar insurance coverage, as specified in federal regulations, under which benefits for medical care are secondary or incidental to other insurance benefits. Health Benefits Plans shall not include the following benefits if they are provided under a separate policy, certificate or contract of insurance or are otherwise not an integral part of the plan: limited scope dental or vision benefits; benefits for long term care, nursing home care, home health care, community based care, or any combination thereof; and such other similar, limited benefits as are specified in federal regulations. Health Benefits Plan shall not include hospital confinement indemnity coverage if the benefits are provided under a separate policy, certificate or contract of insurance, there is no coordination between the provision of the benefits and any exclusion of benefits under any group Health Benefits Plan maintained by the same Plan Sponsor, and those benefits are paid with respect to an event without regard to whether benefits are provided with respect to such an event under any Group Health Plan maintained by the same Plan Sponsor. Health Benefits Plan shall not include the following if it is offered as a separate policy, certificate or contract of insurance: Medicare supplemental health insurance as defined under section 1882(g)(1) of the federal Social Security Act; and coverage supplemental to the coverage provided under chapter 55 of Title 10, United States Code; and similar supplemental coverage provided to coverage under a Group Health Plan.

Health Status-Related Factor means any of the following factors: health status; medical condition, including both physical and mental Illness; claims experience; receipt of health care; medical history; genetic information; evidence of insurability, including conditions arising out of acts of domestic violence; and disability.

["DC" HMO Plan means the Small Employer Health Benefits Health Maintenance Organization Contract issued by [Carrier] in conjunction with this Indemnity Plan.]

Home Health Agency means a Provider which provides Skilled Nursing Care for Ill or Injured people in their home under a home health care program designed to eliminate Hospital stays. [Carrier] will recognize it if it is licensed by the state in which it operates, or it is certified to participate in Medicare as a Home Health Agency.

Hospice means a Provider which provides palliative and supportive care for terminally Ill or terminally Injured people under a hospice care program. [Carrier] will recognize a hospice if it carries out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it is either:
a) approved for its stated purpose by Medicare; or
b) it is accredited for its stated purpose by either the Joint Commission or the National Hospice Organization.

Hospital means a Facility which mainly provides Inpatient care for Ill or Injured people. [Carrier] will recognize it if it carries out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it is either:
a) accredited as a Hospital by the Joint Commission; or
b) approved as a Hospital by Medicare.

Among other things, a Hospital is not a convalescent home, rest or nursing Facility, or a Facility, or part of it which mainly provides Custodial Care, educational care or rehabilitative care. A Facility for the aged or substance abusers is also not a Hospital.

Illness or Ill means a sickness or disease suffered by a Covered Person or a description of a Covered Person suffering from a sickness or disease.

["DC" Indemnity Plan means the Small Employer Health Benefits Policy issued by [Carrier].]

[Initial Dependent means those eligible Dependents an Employee has at the time he or she first becomes eligible for Employee coverage. If at the time the Employee does not have any eligible Dependents, but later acquires them, the first eligible Dependents he or she acquires are his or her Initial Dependents.]

Injury or Injured means all damage to a Covered Person's body and all complications arising from that damage, or a description of a Covered Person suffering from such damage.

Inpatient means a Covered Person who is physically confined as a registered bed patient in a Hospital or other recognized health care Facility; or services and supplies provided in such settings.

Joint Commission means the Joint Commission on the Accreditation of Health Care Organizations.

Late Enrollee means an eligible Employee [or Dependent] who requests enrollment under this Policy more than [30] days after first becoming eligible. However, an eligible Employee [or Dependent] will not be considered a Late Enrollee under certain circumstances. See the **Employee Coverage [**and **Dependent Coverage]** section[s] of this Policy.

Medically Necessary and Appropriate means that a service or supply is provided by a recognized health care Provider, and [Carrier] determines at its Discretion, that it is:
a) necessary for the symptoms and diagnosis or treatment of the condition, Illness or Injury;
b) provided for the diagnosis, or the direct care and treatment, of the condition, Illness or Injury;
c) in accordance with generally accepted medical practice;
d) not for the convenience of a Covered Person;
e) the most appropriate level of medical care the Covered Person needs; and
f) furnished within the framework of generally accepted methods of medical management currently used in the United States.

The fact that an attending Practitioner prescribes, orders, recommends or approves the care, the level of care, or the length of time care is to be received, does not make the services Medically Necessary and Appropriate.

Medicaid means the health care program for the needy provided by Title XIX of the United States Social Security Act, as amended from time to time.

Medicare means Parts A and B of the health care program for the aged and disabled provided by Title XVIII of the United States Social Security Act, as amended from time to time.

Mental Health Center means a Facility which mainly provides treatment for people with mental health problems. [Carrier] will recognize such a place if it carries out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it is either:
a) accredited for its stated purpose by the Joint Commission;
b) approved for its stated purpose by Medicare; or
c) accredited or licensed by the state of New Jersey to provide mental health services.

[Newly Acquired Dependent means an eligible Dependent an Employee acquires after he or she already has coverage in force for Initial Dependents.]

Nicotine Dependence Treatment means "Behavioral Therapy," as defined below, and Prescription Drugs which have been approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration for the management of nicotine dependence.

For the purpose of this definition, covered "Behavioral Therapy" means motivation and behavior change techniques which have been demonstrated to be effective in promoting nicotine abstinence and long term recovery from nicotine addiction.

Non-Biologically-based Mental Illness means an Illness which manifests symptoms which are primarily mental or nervous for which the primary treatment is psychotherapy or psychotropic medication where the Illness is not biologically-based.

In determining whether or not a particular condition is a Non-Biologically-based Mental Illness, [Carrier] may refer to the current edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Conditions of the American Psychiatric Association.

Non-Covered Charges are charges which do not meet this Policy's definition of Covered Charges or which exceed any of the benefit limits shown in this Policy, or which are specifically identified as Non-Covered Charges or are otherwise not covered by this Policy.

Nurse means a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse, including a nursing specialist such as a nurse mid-wife or nurse anesthetist, who:
a) is properly licensed or certified to provide medical care under the laws of the state where he or she practices; and
b) provides medical services which are within the scope of his or her license or certificate.

Outpatient means a Covered Person who is **not** confined as a registered bed patient in a Hospital or recognized health care Facility and is not an Inpatient; or services and supplies provided in such Outpatient settings.

Period of Confinement means consecutive days of Inpatient services provided to an Inpatient or successive Inpatient confinements due to the same or related causes, when discharge and re-admission to a recognized Facility occurs within 90 days or less. [Carrier] determines if the cause(s) of the confinements are the same or related.

Plan means the [Carrier's] group health benefit plan purchased by the Employer. [Note: If the "Plan" definition is employed, references in this Policy to "Policy" should be changed to read "Plan"]

Planholder means the Employer who purchased group health benefit plan. [Note: If the "Planholder" definition is employed, references in this Policy to "Policyholder" should be changed to read "Planholder"]

Plan Sponsor has the meaning given that term under Title I, section 3 of Pub.L.93-406, the ERISA (29 U.S.C. §1002(16)(B)). That is:
a) the Small Employer in the case of an employee benefit plan established or maintained by a single employer;
b) the employee organization in the case of a plan established or maintained by an employee organization; or
c) in the case of a plan established or maintained by two or more employers or jointly by one or more employers and one or more employee organizations, the association, committee, joint board of trustees, or other similar group of representatives of the parties who establish or maintain the plan.

Plan Year means the year that is designated as the plan year in the plan document of a Group Health Plan, except if the plan document does not designate a plan year or if there is no plan document, the Plan Year is a Calendar Year.

["DC" Point of Service Plan (Often referred to as a POS plan) means a plan that provides coverage for the services of [Network] Providers under an HMO plan as well as the services of [Non-Network] providers under an Indemnity Plan. Whenever a person covered under a POS plan needs to access health care, he or she has the option to use the services of either a [Network] provider (subject to any necessary authorization from his or her Primary Care Physician) or those of a [Non-Network] provider. [Non-Network] charges are usually greater than the [Network] charges, and are subject to a Deductible and Coinsurance. In addition, the [Member] may be liable to pay charges that exceed the amount the Indemnity Plan carrier Determines to be the Reasonable and Customary Charge for a service or supply.]

Policy means this group policy, including the application and any riders, amendments, or endorsements, between the Employer and [Carrier].

Policyholder means the Employer who purchased this Policy.

Practitioner means a person [Carrier] is required by law to recognize who:
a) is properly licensed or certified to provide medical care under the laws of the state where he or she practices; and
b) provides medical services which are within the scope of his or her license or certificate.

Pre-Approval or Pre-Approved means the [Carrier's] approval using paper or electronic means for specified services and supplies prior to the date charges are incurred. [Carrier] will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for treatment, services and supplies which require Pre-Approval and are not Pre-Approved by [Carrier] provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under this Policy.

Pre-Existing Condition means an Illness or Injury which manifests itself in the six months before a Covered Person's Enrollment Date, and for which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received during the six months immediately preceding the Enrollment Date.

Pre-Existing Condition Limitation means, with respect to coverage, a limitation or exclusion of benefits relating to a condition based on the fact that the condition was present before the Enrollment Date, whether or not any medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received before that date. Genetic information will not be treated as a Pre-Existing Condition in the absence of a diagnosis of the condition related to that information. Pregnancy will not be treated as a Pre-Existing Condition.

Prescription Drugs are drugs, biologicals and compound prescriptions which are sold only by prescription and which are required to show on the manufacturer's label the words: "Caution-Federal Law Prohibits Dispensing Without a Prescription" or other drugs and devices as determined by [Carrier], such as insulin.

Preventive Care means charges for routine physical examinations, including related laboratory tests and x-rays, immunizations and vaccines, well baby care, pap smears, mammography, screening tests, bone density tests, colorectal cancer screening, and Nicotine Dependence Treatment.

Private Duty Nursing means Skilled Nursing Care for Covered Persons who require individualized continuous Skilled Nursing Care provided by a registered nurse or a licensed practical nurse.

Provider means a recognized Facility or Practitioner of health care in accordance with the terms of this Policy

Public Health Plan means any plan established or maintained by a State, the U.S. government, a foreign country, or any political subdivision of a State, the U.S. government, or a foreign country that provides health coverage to individuals who are enrolled in the plan.

Reasonable and Customary means an amount that is not more than the [lesser of:
• the] usual or customary charge for the service or supply as determined by [Carrier], based on a standard approved by the Board[; or
[• the negotiated fee schedule.]

The Board will decide a standard for what is Reasonable and Customary under this Policy. The chosen standard is an amount which is most often charged for a given service by a Provider within the same geographic area. For charges that are not determined by a negotiated fee schedule, the [Covered Person] may be billed for the difference between the Reasonable and Customary charge and the charge billed by the Provider.

Please note: The Coordination of Benefits and Services provision includes a distinct definition of Reasonable and Customary.
[**Referral** means specific direction or instructions from a Covered Person's Primary Care Physician [or care manager] in conformance with [Carrier's] policies and procedures that directs a Covered Person to a Facility or Practitioner for health care.]

Rehabilitation Center means a Facility which mainly provides therapeutic and restorative services to Ill or Injured people. [Carrier] will recognize it if it carries out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it is either:
a) accredited for its stated purpose by either the Joint Commission or the Commission on Accreditation for Rehabilitation Facilities; or
b) approved for its stated purpose by Medicare.

In some places a Rehabilitation Center is called a "rehabilitation hospital."

Routine Foot Care means the cutting, debridement, trimming, reduction, removal or other care of corns, calluses, flat feet, fallen arches, weak feet, chronic foot strain, dystrophic nails, excrescences, helomas, hyperkeratosis, hypertrophic nails, non-infected ingrown nails, deratomas, keratosis, onychauxis, onychocryptosis tylomas or symptomatic complaints of the feet. Routine Foot Care also includes orthopedic shoes, foot orthotics and supportive devices for the foot.

Routine Nursing Care means the appropriate nursing care customarily furnished by a recognized Facility for the benefit of its Inpatients.

Schedule means the **Schedule of Insurance and Premium Rates** contained in this Policy.

Skilled Nursing Care means services which are more intensive than Custodial Care, are provided by a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse, and require the technical skills and professional training of a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse

Skilled Nursing Facility (see Extended Care Center.)

Small Employer means, in connection with a Group Health Plan with respect to a Calendar Year and a Plan Year, any person, firm, corporation, partnership, or political subdivision that is actively engaged in business that employed an average of at least two but not more than 50 eligible Employees on business days during the preceding Calendar Year and who employs at least two eligible Employees on the first day of the Plan Year, and the majority of the eligible Employees are employed in New Jersey. All persons treated as a single employer under subsection (b), (c), (m) or (o) of section 414 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 shall be treated as one employer. In the case of an employer that was not in existence during the

preceding Calendar Year, the determination of whether the employer is a small or large employer shall be based on the average number of eligible Employees that it is expected that the employer will employ on business days in the current Calendar Year.

Special Care Unit means a part of a Hospital set up for very ill patients who must be observed constantly. The unit must have a specially trained staff. And it must have special equipment and supplies on hand at all times. Some types of Special Care Units are:
a) intensive care units;
b) cardiac care units;
c) neonatal care units; and
d) burn units.

Substance Abuse means abuse of or addiction to drugs. Substance Abuse does not include abuse of or addiction to alcohol. Please see the definition of Alcohol Abuse.

Substance Abuse Centers are Facilities that mainly provide treatment for people with substance abuse problems. [Carrier] will recognize such a place if it carries out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it is either:
a) accredited for its stated purpose by the Joint Commission; or
b) approved for its stated purpose by Medicare.

Supplemental Limited Benefit Insurance means insurance that is provided in addition to a Health Benefits Plan on an indemnity non-expense incurred basis.

Surgery means:
a) the performance of generally accepted operative and cutting procedures, including surgical diagnostic procedures, specialized instrumentations, endoscopic examinations, and other invasive procedures;
b) the correction of fractures and dislocations;
c) Reasonable and Customary preoperative and post-operative care; or
d) any of the procedures designated by Current Procedural Terminology codes as Surgery.

Therapeutic Manipulation means the treatment of the articulations of the spine and musculoskeletal structures for the purpose of relieving certain abnormal clinical conditions resulting from the impingement upon associated nerves causing discomfort. Some examples are manipulation or adjustment of the spine, hot or cold packs, electrical muscle stimulation, diathermy, skeletal adjustments, massage, adjunctive, ultra-sound, doppler, whirlpool, hydro therapy or other treatment of similar nature.

Total Disability or Totally Disabled means, except as otherwise specified in this Policy, that an Employee who, due to Illness or Injury, cannot perform any duty of his or her occupation or any occupation for which he or she is, or may be, suited by education, training and experience, and is not, in fact, engaged in any occupation for wage or profit. [A Dependent is totally disabled if he or she cannot engage in the normal activities of a person in good health and of like age and sex.] The Employee [or Dependent] must be under the regular care of a Practitioner.

Urgent Care means care for a non-life threatening condition that requires care by a Provider within 24 hours.

[Waiting Period means, with respect to a Group Health Plan and an individual who is a potential participant or beneficiary in the Group Health Plan, the period that must pass with respect to the individual before the individual is eligible to be covered for benefits under the terms of the Group Health Plan.]

[We, Us, Our and **[Carrier]** mean [Carrier].]

[You, Your and **Yours** mean the Employer.]

EMPLOYEE COVERAGE

Eligible Employees
Subject to the **Conditions of Eligibility** set forth below, and to all of the other conditions of this Policy, all of the Policyholder's Employees who are in an eligible class will be eligible if ["DC"
a)] the Employees are [Actively at Work] Full-Time Employees[.] ["DC" and;
b) the Employees enroll under the associated HMO Plan.]
[In certain situations, the Actively at Work requirement will not apply. If an Employee is not Actively at Work due to a Health Status-Related Factor, the Employee will nevertheless be considered an Eligible Employee. In addition, refer to the Exception below.]

For purposes of this Policy, [Carrier] will treat partners, proprietors and independent contractors like Employees if they meet this Policy's **Conditions of Eligibility.**

Conditions of Eligibility

Full-Time Requirement
[Except where an Employee is not Actively at Work due to a Health Status-Related Factor, and except as stated below,] [Carrier] will not insure an Employee unless the Employee is [an Actively at Work] [a] Full-Time Employee.

Enrollment Requirement
[Carrier] will not insure the Employee until the Employee enrolls and agrees to make the required payments, if any. If the Employee does this within [30] days of the Employee's Eligibility Date, coverage is scheduled to start on the Employee's Eligibility Date.

If the Employee enrolls and agrees to make the required payments, if any:
a) more than [30] days after the Employee's Eligibility Date; or

b) after the Employee previously had coverage which ended because the Employee failed to make a required payment,

[Carrier] will consider the Employee to be a Late Enrollee. Late Enrollees are subject to this Policy's Pre-Existing Conditions limitation, if any applies.

When an Employee initially waives coverage under this Policy, the Plan Sponsor [or [Carrier]] should notify the Employee of the requirement for the Employee to make a statement that waiver was because he or she was covered under another group plan, if such other coverage was in fact the reason for the waiver, and the consequences of that requirement. If an Employee initially waived coverage under this Policy and the Employee stated at that time that such waiver was because he or she was covered under another group plan, and Employee now elects to enroll under this Policy, [Carrier] will not consider the Employee [and his or her Dependents] to be [a] Late Enrollee[s], provided the coverage under the other plan ends due to one of the following events:
a) termination of employment or eligibility;
b) reduction in the number of hours of employment;
c) involuntary termination;
d) divorce or legal separation or dissolution of the civil union [or termination of the domestic partnership];
e) death of the Employee's spouse;
f) termination of the Employer's contribution toward coverage; or
g) termination of the other plan's coverage.
But, the Employee must enroll under this Policy within 90 days of the date that any of the events described above occur. Coverage will take effect as of the date the applicable event occurs.

If an Employee initially waived coverage under this Policy because he or she had coverage under a Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA) continuation provision and the Employee requests coverage under this Policy within 30 days of the date the COBRA continuation ended, [Carrier] will not consider the Employee to be a Late Enrollee. Coverage will take effect as of the date the COBRA continuation ended.

In addition, an Employee [and any Dependents] will not be considered [a] Late Enrollee[s] if the Employee is employed by an employer which offers multiple Health Benefits Plans and the Employee elects a different plan during the open enrollment period.

[Further, an Employee and his or her Dependent spouse, if any, will not be considered Late Enrollees because the Employee initially waived coverage under this Policy for himself or herself and any then existing Dependents provided the Employee enrolls to cover himself or herself and his or her existing Dependent spouse, if any, under this Policy within 30 days of the marriage, birth, adoption or placement for adoption of a Newly Acquired Dependent.]

[**The Waiting Period**
This Policy has the following waiting periods:

Employees in an eligible class on the Effective Date, who have completed at least [6 months] of continuous Full-Time service with the Policyholder by that date, are eligible for insurance under this Policy from the Effective Date.

Employees in an eligible class on the Effective Date, who have not completed at least [6 months] of continuous Full-Time service with the Policyholder by that date, are eligible for insurance under this Policy from the day after Employees complete [6 months] of continuous Full-Time service.

Employees who enter an eligible class after the Effective Date are eligible for insurance under this Policy from the day after Employees complete [6 months] of continuous Full-Time service with the Policyholder.]

Any lapse in continuous service due to an absence which results from a Health Status-Related Factor will reduce the days of Full-Time service by the number of days of absence. Such lapse in continuous Full-Time service will not require that the period of continuous Full-Time service begin anew.

Multiple Employment
If an Employee works for both the Policyholder and a covered Affiliated Company, or for more than one covered Affiliated Company, [Carrier] will treat the Employee as if only one entity employs the Employee. And such an Employee will not have multiple coverage under this Policy. But, if this Policy uses the amount of an Employee's earnings or number of work hours to determine class, or for any other reason, such Employee's earnings or number of work hours will be figured as the sum of his or her earnings or work hours from all Affiliated Companies.

When Employee Coverage Starts
[Except where an Employee is not Actively at Work due to a Health Status-Related Factor, and except as stated below, an] [An] Employee must be [Actively at Work, and] working his or her regular number of hours, on the date his or her coverage is scheduled to start. And he or she must have met all the conditions of eligibility which apply to him or her. [If an Employee is not Actively at Work on the scheduled Effective Date, and does not qualify for the exception to the Actively at Work requirement, [Carrier] will postpone the start of his or her coverage until he or she returns to Active Work.]

[Sometimes, a scheduled Effective Date is not a regularly scheduled work day. But an Employee's coverage will start on that date if he or she was Actively at Work, and working his or her regular number of hours, on his or her last regularly scheduled work day.]

The Employee must elect to enroll and agree to make the required payments, if any, within [30] days of the Employee's Eligibility Date. If he or she does this within [30] days of the Employee's Eligibility Date, his or her coverage is scheduled to start on the Employee's Eligibility Date. Such Employee's Eligibility Date is the Effective Date of an Employee's coverage.

If the Employee does this more than [30] days after the Employee's Eligibility Date, [Carrier] will consider the Employee a Late Enrollee. Coverage is scheduled to start on the date the [Carrier] or [Carrier's] authorized representative or agent receives the signed enrollment form.

[EXCEPTION to the Actively at Work Requirement
The Exception applies if the Policyholder who purchased this Policy purchased it to replace a plan the Policyholder had with some other carrier. An Employee who is not Actively at Work due to Total Disability on the date this Policy takes effect will initially be eligible for limited coverage under this Policy if:
a) the Employee was validly covered under the Policyholder's old plan on the date the Policyholder's old plan ended; and
b) this Policy takes effect immediately upon termination of the prior plan.

Except as stated below, the coverage under this Policy will be limited to coverage for services or supplies for conditions other than the disabling condition. Such limited coverage under this Policy will end one year from the date the person's coverage under this Policy begins. Coverage for services or supplies for the disabling condition will be provided as stated in an extended health benefits, or like provision, contained in the Policyholder's old plan. Thereafter, coverage will not be limited as described in this provision, but will be subject to the terms and conditions of this Policy.]
Exception: If the coverage under this Policy is richer than the coverage under the Policyholder's old plan, this Policy will provide coverage for services and supplies related to the disabling condition. This Policy will coordinate with the Policyholder's old plan, with this Policy providing secondary coverage, as described in the Coordination of Benefits and Services provision.

When Employee Coverage Ends
An Employee's insurance under this Policy will end on the first of the following dates:
a) [the date] an Employee ceases to be [an Actively at Work] [a] Full-Time Employee for any reason. Such reasons include death, retirement, lay-off, leave of absence, and the end of employment.
b) [the date] an Employee stops being an eligible Employee under this Policy.
c) the date this Policy ends, or is discontinued for a class of Employees to which the Employee belongs.
d) the last day of the period for which required payments are made for the Employee, subject to the **Payment of Premiums - Grace Period** section.
["DC" e) [the date] an Employee ceases to be covered under the associated HMO Plan.]

[DEPENDENT COVERAGE

Eligible Dependents for Dependent Health Benefits
An Employee's eligible Dependents are the Employee's:
a) legal spouse which shall include a civil union partner pursuant to P.L. 2006, c. 103 as well as same sex relationships legally recognized in other jurisdictions when such relationships provide substantially all of the rights and benefits of marriage. [and domestic partner pursuant to P.L. 2003, c. 246]; except that legal spouse shall be limited to spouses of a marriage as marriage is defined in the Federal Defense of Marriage Act, 1 U.S.C.A. 7, with respect to the provisions of the Policy regarding continuation rights required by the Federal Consolidated Omnibus Reconciliation Act of 1886 (COBRA), Pub. L. 99-272, as subsequently amended) (Civil union partners do not have COBRA rights in the event of dissolution of the civil union.)
b) unmarried Dependent children who are under age 19; and
c) unmarried Dependent children, from age 19 until their 23rd birthday, who are enrolled as full-time students at Accredited Schools. Full-Time students will be as defined by the Accredited School.

A Dependent is not a person who is:
a) on active duty in the armed forces of any country; or
b) insured for coverage under this Policy as an Employee.

Under certain circumstances, an incapacitated child is also a Dependent. See the **Incapacitated Children** section of this Policy.

An Employee's "unmarried Dependent child" includes:
a) his or her legally adopted children.
b) his or her step-child if such step-child depends on the Employee for most of his or her support and maintenance,
c) the child of his or her civil union partner if the child depends on the employee for most of his or her support and maintenance. [and]
d) [the child of his or her domestic partner if the child depends on the employee for most of his or her support and maintenance. and]
e) children under a court appointed guardianship.
[Carrier] treats a child as legally adopted from the time the child is placed in the home for purpose of adoption. [Carrier] treats such a child this way whether or not a final adoption order is ever issued.]

[Carrier] treats a child as legally adopted from the time the child is placed in the home for purpose of adoption. [Carrier] treats such a child this way whether or not a final adoption order is ever issued.

Incapacitated Children
An Employee may have an unmarried child with a mental or physical incapacity, or Developmental Disability, who is incapable of earning a living. Subject to all of the terms of this section and this Policy, such a child may stay eligible for Dependent health benefits past this Policy's age limit for eligible Dependents.

The child will stay eligible as long as the child stays unmarried and incapable of earning a living, if:
a) the child's condition started before he or she reached this Policy's age limit;
b) the child became insured by this Policy or any other policy before the child reached the age limit and stayed continuously insured after reaching such limit; and
c) the child depends on the Employee for most of his or her support and maintenance.

But, for the child to stay eligible, the Employee must send [Carrier] written proof that the child is incapacitated or Developmentally Disabled and depends on the Employee for most of his or her support and maintenance. The Employee has 31 days from the date the child reaches the age limit to do this. [Carrier] can ask for periodic proof that the child's condition continues. But, after two years, [Carrier] cannot ask for this more than once a year.

The child's coverage ends when the Employee's coverage ends.

Enrollment Requirement
An Employee must enroll his or her eligible Dependents in order for them to be covered under this Policy. ["DC" Only eligible Dependents who the Employee includes for coverage under the associated HMO Plan may be enrolled under this Indemnity Plan.] [Carrier] considers an eligible Dependent to be a Late Enrollee, if the Employee:
a) enrolls a Dependent and agrees to make the required payments more than [30] days after the Dependent's Eligibility Date;
b) in the case of a Newly Acquired Dependent, has other eligible Dependents whose coverage previously ended because the Employee failed to make the required contributions, or otherwise chose to end such coverage.

Late Enrollees are subject to this Policy's Pre-Existing Conditions limitations section, if any applies.

If the Employee's dependent coverage ends for any reason, including failure to make the required payments, his or her Dependents will be considered Late Enrollees when their coverage begins again.

When an Employee initially waives coverage for a spouse and/or eligible Dependent children under this Policy, the Plan Sponsor [or [Carrier]] should notify the Employee of the requirement for the Employee to make a statement that waiver was because the spouse and/or eligible Dependent children were covered under another group plan, if such other coverage was in fact the reason for the waiver, and the consequences of that requirement. If the Employee previously waived coverage for the Employee's spouse or eligible Dependent children under this Policy and stated at that time that, such waiver was because they were covered under another group plan and the Employee now elects to enroll them in this Policy, the Dependent will not be considered a Late Enrollee, provided the Dependent's coverage under the other plan ends due to one of the following events:
a) termination of employment or eligibility;
b) reduction in the number of hours of employment;
c) involuntary termination;
d) divorce or legal separation or dissolution of the civil union [or termination of the domestic partnership];
e) death of the Employee's spouse;
f) termination of the contribution toward coverage that was being made by the employer that offered the group plan under which the Dependent was covered; or
g) termination of the other plan's coverage.

But, the Employee's spouse or eligible Dependent children must be enrolled by the Employee within 90 days of the date that any of the events described above occur. Coverage will take effect as of the date the applicable event occurs.

And, [Carrier] will not consider an Employee's spouse or eligible Dependent children for which the Employee initially waived coverage under this Policy, to be a Late Enrollee, if:
a) the Employee is under legal obligation to provide coverage due to a court order; and
b) the Employee's spouse or eligible Dependent children are enrolled by the Employee within 30 days of the issuance of the court order.

Coverage will take effect as of the date required pursuant to a court order.

In addition, if an Employee initially waived coverage under this Policy for the Employee's spouse or eligible Dependent children because the spouse and/or Dependent children had coverage under a Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA) continuation provision and the Employee requests coverage for the spouse and/or Dependent children under this Policy within 30 days of the date the COBRA continuation ended, [Carrier] will not consider the spouse and/or Dependent children to be Late Enrollees. Coverage will take effect as of the date the COBRA continuation ended.

When Dependent Coverage Starts
In order for an Employee's dependent coverage to begin the Employee must already be insured for Employee coverage or enroll for Employee and Dependent coverage at the same time. Subject to all of the terms of this Policy, the date an Employee's dependent coverage starts depends on when the Employee elects to enroll the Employee's Initial Dependents and agrees to make any required payments.

If the Employee does this within [30] days of the Dependent's Eligibility Date, the Dependent's Coverage is scheduled to start on the later of:
a) the Dependent's Eligibility Date, or
b) the date the Employee becomes insured for Employee coverage.

If the Employee does this more than [30] days after the Dependent's Eligibility Date, [Carrier] will consider the Dependent a Late Enrollee. Coverage is scheduled to start on the later of:
a) the date the [Carrier] or [Carrier's] authorized representative or agent receive the signed enrollment form.
; or
b) the date the Employee becomes insured for Employee coverage.

Once an Employee has dependent coverage for Initial Dependents the Employee must notify [Carrier] of a Newly Acquired Dependent within [30] days after the Newly Acquired Dependent's Eligibility Date. If the Employee does not, the Newly Acquired Dependent is a Late Enrollee.

A Newly Acquired Dependent other than a newborn child or newly adopted child, including a child placed for adoption, will be covered from the later of:
a) the date the Employee notifies [Carrier] and agrees to make any additional payments, or
b) the Dependent's Eligibility Date for the Newly Acquired Dependent.

If the Policyholder who purchased this Policy purchased it to replace a plan the Policyholder had with some other carrier, a Dependent who is Totally Disabled on the date this Policy takes effect will initially be eligible for limited coverage under this Policy if:

a) the Dependent was validly covered under the Policyholder's old plan on the date the Policyholder's old plan ended; and
b) this Policy takes effect immediately upon termination of the prior plan.

The coverage under this Policy will be limited to coverage for services or supplies for conditions other than the disabling condition. Such limited coverage under this Policy will end one year from the date the person's coverage under this Policy begins. Coverage for services or supplies for the disabling condition will be provided as stated in an extended health benefits, or like provision, contained in the Policyholder's old plan. Thereafter coverage will not be limited as described in this provision, but will be subject to the terms and conditions of this Policy.

Newborn Children
[Carrier] will cover an Employee's newborn child for 31 days from the date of birth without additional premium. Health benefits may be continued beyond such 31-day period as stated below:
a) If the Employee is already covered for Dependent child coverage on the date the child is born, coverage automatically continues beyond the initial 31 days, provided the premium required for Dependent child coverage continues to be paid. The Employee must notify [Carrier] of the birth of the newborn child as soon as possible in order that [Carrier] may properly provide benefits under this Policy.
b) If the Employee is not covered for Dependent child coverage on the date the child is born, the Employee must:
- give written notice to enroll the newborn child; and
- pay the premium required for Dependent child coverage within 31 days after the date of birth.

If the notice is not given and the premium is not paid within such 31-day period, the newborn child's coverage will end at the end of such 31-day period. If the notice is given and the premium paid after that 31-day period, the child will be a Late Enrollee

When Dependent Coverage Ends
A Dependent's insurance under this Policy will end on the first of the following dates:
a) [the date] Employee coverage ends;
b) the date the Employee stops being a member of a class of Employees eligible for such coverage;
c) the date this Policy ends;
d) the date Dependent coverage is terminated from this Policy for all Employees or for an Employee's class.
e) the date an Employee fails to pay any required part of the cost of Dependent coverage. It ends on the last day of the period for which the Employee made the required payments, unless coverage ends earlier for other reasons.
f) at 12:01 a. m. [on the last day of the calendar month following] [on] the date the Dependent stops being an eligible Dependent.
["DC" g) the date the Dependent ceases to be covered under the associated HMO Plan.]

PREFERRED PROVIDER ORGANIZATION PROVISIONS

The Employer XYZ Health Care Network, and the [Carrier]

This Policy encourages a Covered Person to use services provided by members of [XYZ Health Care Network a Preferred Provider Organization (PPO).] A PPO is a network of health care providers located in the Covered Person's geographical area. In addition to an identification card, the Covered Person will periodically be given up-to date lists of [XYZ Health Care Network] preferred providers. The up-to date lists will be furnished automatically, without charge.

Use of the network is strictly voluntary, but [Carrier] generally pays a higher level of benefits for most covered services and supplies furnished to a Covered Person by [XYZ Health Care Network]. Conversely, [Carrier] generally pays a lower level of benefits when covered services and supplies are not furnished by [XYZ Health Care Network] (even if an [XYZ Health Care Network] Practitioner orders the services and supplies). Of course, a Covered Person is always free to be treated by any Practitioner or Facility. And, he or she is free to change Practitioners or Facilities at any time.

In the case of Urgent Care or an Emergency, a Covered Person may go to a [XYZ Health Care Network] provider or a non-[XYZ Health Care Network] provider. If a Covered Person receives Urgent Care or care and treatment for an Emergency from a non-[XYZ Health Care Network] provider, and the Covered Person calls [Carrier] within 48 hours, or as soon as reasonably possible, [Carrier] will provide benefits for the Urgent Care or Emergency care and treatment to the same extent as would have been provided if care and treatment were provide by a [XYZ Health Care Network] provider. However, follow-up care or treatment by a non-[XYZ Health Care Network] provider will be treated as Network benefits only to the extent it is Medically Necessary and Appropriate care or treatment rendered before the Covered Person can return to the [XYZ Health Care Network] service area.

A Covered Person may use any [XYZ Health Care Network] Provider. He or she just presents his or her [XYZ Health Care Network] identification card to the [XYZ Health Care Network] Practitioner or Facility furnishing covered services or supplies. Most [XYZ Health Care Network] Practitioners and Facilities will prepare any necessary claim forms for him or her, and submit the forms to [Carrier]. The Covered Person will receive an explanation of any insurance payments made by this Policy. And if there is any balance due, the [XYZ Health Care Network] Practitioner or Facility will bill him or her directly.

This Policy also has utilization review features. See the **Utilization Review Features** section for details.

What [Carrier] pays is subject to all the terms of this Policy. The Employee should read his or her certificate carefully and keep it available when consulting a Practitioner.

See the Schedule for specific benefit levels, payment rates and payment limits.

If an Employee has any questions after reading his or her certificate, he or she should call [Carrier] [Group Claim Office at the number shown on his or her identification card.]

[[Different] providers in [Carrier's] Network have agreed to be paid [in different ways by [Carrier]. A Provider may be paid] [each time he or she treats a Covered Person ("fee for service"] [, or may be paid] [a set fee for each month for each Covered Person whether or not the Covered Person actually receives services ("capitation")] [, or may receive] [a salary]. [These payment methods may include financial incentive agreements to pay some providers more ("bonuses") or less ("withholds") based on many factors: Covered Person satisfaction, quality of care, and control of costs and use of services among them.] If a Covered Person desires additional information about how [Carrier's] primary care physicians or any other Provider in [Carrier's] Network are compensated, please call [Carrier] at [telephone number] or write [address].

The laws of the state of New Jersey, at N.J.S.A. 45:9-22.4 et seq., mandate that a physician, chiropractor or podiatrist who is permitted to make Referrals to other health care Providers in which he or she has a significant financial interest inform his or her patients of any significant financial interest he or she may have in a health care Provider or Facility when making a Referral to that health care Provider or Facility. If A Covered Person wants more information about this, contact the Covered Person's physician, chiropractor or podiatrist. If a Covered Person believes he or she is not receiving the information to which he or she is entitled, contact the Division of Consumer Affairs in the New Jersey Department of Law and Public Safety at (973) 504-6200 OR (800) 242-5846.]
[**Note**: Used only if coverage is offered as a PPO.]

POINT OF SERVICE PROVISIONS

Definitions
a) ***Primary Care Practitioner*** (PCP) means the Practitioner the Covered Person selects to supervise and coordinate his or her health care in the [XYZ] Provider Organization. [Carrier] will supply the Covered Person with a list of PCPs who are members of the [XYZ] Provider Organization.
b) ***Provider Organization*** (PO) means a network of health care Providers located in a Covered Person's Service Area.
c) ***Network Benefits*** mean the benefits shown in the Schedule which are provided if the Primary Care Practitioner provides care, treatment, services, and supplies to the Covered Person or if the Primary Care Practitioner refers the Covered Person to another Provider for such care, treatment, services, and supplies.
d) ***Non-Network Benefits*** mean the benefits shown in the Schedule which are provided if the Primary Care Practitioner does not authorize the care, treatment, services, and supplies.
e) ***Service Area*** means the geographical area which is served by the Practitioners in the [XYZ] Provider Organization.

Provider Organization (PO)
The Provider Organization for this Policy is the [XYZ] Provider Organization. This Policy requires that the Covered Person use the services of a PCP, or be referred for services by a PCP, in order to receive Network Benefits. The Covered Person will periodically be given up-to date lists of [XYZ] PO Providers. The up-to date lists will be furnished automatically, without charge.

The Primary Care Practitioner (PCP)
The PCP will supervise and coordinate the Covered Person's health care in the [XYZ] PO. The PCP must authorize all services and supplies. In addition, he or she will refer the Covered Person to the appropriate Practitioner and Facility when Medically Necessary and Appropriate. The Covered Person must obtain an authorized Referral from his or her PCP before he or she visits another Practitioner or Facility. Except in case of Urgent Care or an Emergency, if the Covered Person does not comply with these requirements, he or she may only be eligible for Non-Network Benefits.

[Carrier] provides Network Benefits for covered services and supplies furnished to a Covered Person when authorized by his or her PCP. [Carrier] pays Non-Network Benefits when covered services and supplies are not authorized by the PCP. However, if the PCP refers a Covered Person to a Non-Network Provider for a service or supply, the service or supply shall be covered as a Network service or supply and [Carrier] is fully responsible for payment to the Provider and the Covered Person is only responsible for any applicable Network level Copayment, Coinsurance or Deductible for the service or supply.

If services or supplies are obtained from [XYZ] Providers even though they are not authorized by the PCP, the Covered Person will be eligible for Non-Network Benefits where the [XYZ] provider's charges and the Covered Person's liability are limited to the negotiated fee for the service or supply.]

A Covered Person may change his or her PCP to another PCP [once per month]. He or she may select another PCP from the list of Practitioners, and notify [XYZ] PO by [phone or in writing]. For a discretionary change, the new PCP selection will take effect no more than 14 days following the date of the request. For a change necessitated by termination of the prior PCP from the Network, the new PCP selection will take effect immediately.

When a Covered Person uses the services of a PCP, he or she must present his or her ID card and pay the Copayment. When a Covered Person's PCP refers him or her to another [XYZ] PO Provider, the Covered Person must pay the Copayment to such Provider. [Most [XYZ] PO Practitioners will prepare any necessary claim forms and submit them to [Carrier].]

A female Covered Person may use the services of a [XYZ] PO gynecologist for non-surgical gynecological care and routine pregnancy care without Referral from her PCP. She must obtain authorization from her PCP for other services.

Non-Network Services
If a Covered Person uses the services of a Provider without having been referred by his or her PCP, he or she will not be eligible for Network Benefits. Except as stated below, for services which have not been referred by the Covered Person's PCP, whether provided by an [XYZ] PO Provider or otherwise, the Covered Person may only be eligible for Non-Network Benefits. Exception: If a [Covered Person] is admitted to a Network Facility by a Non-Network Provider, the Network Facility will nevertheless be paid Network benefits.

Emergency Services
If a Covered Person requires services for Urgent Care or an Emergency which occurs inside the PO Service Area, he or she must notify his or her PCP within 48 hours or as soon as reasonably possible thereafter.

Emergency room visits to PO Facilities are subject to a Copayment, and such visits must be retrospectively reviewed [by the PCP]. [Carrier] will waive the emergency room Copayment if the Covered Person is hospitalized within 24 hours of the visit.

In the case of Urgent Care or an Emergency, a Covered Person may go to a [XYZ Health Care Network] provider or a non-[XYZ Health Care Network] provider. If a Covered Person receives Urgent Care or care and treatment for an Emergency from a non-[XYZ Health Care Network] provider, and the Covered Person calls [Carrier] within 48 hours, or as soon as reasonably possible, [Carrier] will provide benefits for the Urgent Care or Emergency care and treatment to the same extent as would have been provided if care and treatment were provided by a [XYZ Health Care Network] provider. However, follow-up care or treatment by a non-[XYZ Health Care Network] provider will be treated as Network Benefits only to the extent it is Medically Necessary and Appropriate care or treatment rendered before the Covered Person can return to the [XYZ Health Care Network] service area.

Utilization Review
This Policy has utilization features. See the **Utilization Review Features** section of this Policy.

Benefits
The Schedule shows Network Benefits, Non-Network Benefits, and Copayments applicable to the Point of Service arrangement. What [Carrier] pays is subject to all the terms of this Policy.

Service Area
[Carrier must include a description of the Service Area, as required by N.J.A.C. 8:38-17.3(a)11]

[[Different] providers in [Carrier's] Network have agreed to be paid [in different ways by [Carrier]. A Provider may be paid] [each time he or she treats a Covered Person ("fee for service"] [, or may be paid] [a set fee for each month for each Covered Person whether or not the Covered Person actually receives services ("capitation")] [, or may receive] [a salary]. [These payment methods may include financial incentive agreements to pay some providers more ("bonuses") or less ("withholds") based on many factors: Covered Person satisfaction, quality of care, and control of costs and use of services among them.] If a Covered Person desires additional information about how [Carrier's] primary care physicians or any other Provider in [Carrier's] Network are compensated, please call [Carrier] at [telephone number] or write [address].

The laws of the state of New Jersey, at N.J.S.A. 45:9-22.4 et seq., mandate that a physician, chiropractor or podiatrist who is permitted to make Referrals to other health care Providers in which he or she has a significant financial interest inform his or her patients of any significant financial interest he or she may have in a health care Provider or Facility when making a Referral to that health care Provider or Facility. If a Covered Person wants more information about this, contact the Covered Person's physician, chiropractor or podiatrist. If a Covered Person believes he or she is not receiving the information to which he or she is entitled, contact the Division of Consumer Affairs in the New Jersey Department of Law and Public Safety at (973) 504-6200 OR (800) 242-5846.]
[**Note:** Used only if coverage is offered as Indemnity POS.]

[APPEALS PROCEDURE

The Appeal Procedure text must satisfy the requirements of N.J.A.C. 8:38-8.5 et seq. or N.J.A.C. 8:38A-3.4 et seq., as appropriate. The text must include specific information regarding the Stage 1, Stage 2 and External Appeals process.

In addition, Carriers are reminded that 29 CFR Part 2560 addresses claims procedures. It is expected that the text included in this Appeals Procedure section will include information the Carrier deems necessary to comply with the requirements of 29 CFR Part 2560.

[CONTINUATION OF CARE

[Carrier] shall provide written notice to each Covered Person at least 30 business days prior to the termination or withdrawal from [Carrier's] Provider network of a Covered Person's PCP and any other Provider from which the Covered Person is currently receiving a course of treatment, as reported to [Carrier]. The 30-day prior notice may be waived in cases of immediate termination of a health care professional based on a breach of contract by the health care professional, a determination of fraud, or where [Carrier's] medical director is of the opinion that the health care professional is an imminent danger to the patient or the public health, safety or welfare.

[Carrier] shall assure continued coverage of covered services at the contract rate by a terminated health care professional for up to four months in cases where it is Medically Necessary and Appropriate for the Covered Person to continue treatment with the terminated health care professional. In case of pregnancy of a Covered Person, coverage of services for the terminated health care professional shall continue to the postpartum evaluation of the Covered Person, up to six weeks after the delivery. With respect to pregnancy, Medical Necessity and Appropriateness shall be deemed to have been demonstrated.

For a Covered Person who is receiving post-operative follow-up care, [Carrier] shall continue to cover the services rendered by the health care professional for the duration of the treatment or for up to six months, whichever occurs first.

For a Covered Person who is receiving oncological treatment or psychiatric treatment, [Carrier] shall continue to cover services rendered by the health care professional for the duration of the treatment or for up to 12 months, whichever occurs first.

For a Covered Person receiving the above services in an acute care Facility, [carrier] will continue to provide coverage for services rendered by the health care professional regardless of whether the acute care Facility is under contract or agreement with [Carrier].

Services shall be provided to the same extent as provided while the health care professional was employed by or under contact with [Carrier]. Reimbursement for services shall be pursuant to the same schedule used to reimburse the health care professional while the health care professional was employed by or under contract with [Carrier].

If a Covered Person is admitted to a health care Facility on the date this Policy is terminated, [Carrier] shall continue to provide benefits for the Covered Person until the date the Covered Person is discharged from the facility or exhaustion of the Covered Person's benefits under this Policy, whichever occurs first.

[Carrier] shall not continue services in those instances in which the health care professional has been terminated based upon the opinion of [Carrier's] medical director that the health care professional is an imminent danger to a patient or to the public health, safety and welfare, a determination of fraud or a breach of contract by a health care professional. The determination of the Medical Necessity and Appropriateness of a Covered Person's continued treatment with a health care professional shall be subject to the appeal procedures set forth in this Policy. [Carrier] shall not be liable for any inappropriate treatment provided to a Covered Person by a health care professional who is no longer employed by or under contract with [Carrier].

If [Carrier] refers a Covered Person to a Non-Network provider, the service or supply shall be covered as a network service or supply. [Carrier] is fully responsible for payment to the health care professional and the Covered Person's liability shall be limited to any applicable Network Copayment, Coinsurance or Deductible for the service or supply.]

HEALTH BENEFITS INSURANCE

This health benefits insurance will pay many of the medical expenses incurred by a Covered Person.

Note: [Carrier] payments will be reduced if a Covered Person does not comply with the Utilization Review and Pre-Approval requirements contained in this Policy.

BENEFIT PROVISION

The Cash Deductible
[Each Calendar Year, each Covered Person must have Covered Charges that exceed the Cash Deductible before [Carrier] pays any benefits to that person. The Cash Deductible is shown in the Schedule. The Cash Deductible cannot be met with Non-Covered Charges Only Covered Charges incurred by the Covered Person while insured by this Policy can be used to meet this Cash Deductible.

Once the Cash Deductible is met, [Carrier] pays benefits for other Covered Charges above the Cash Deductible incurred by that Covered Person, less any applicable Coinsurance or Copayments, for the rest of that Calendar Year. But all charges must be incurred while that Covered Person is insured by this Policy. And what [Carrier] pays is based on all the terms of this Policy.]

[This Policy has two different Cash Deductibles. One is for treatment, services or supplies given by a Network Provider. The other is for treatment, services or supplies given by a Non-Network Provider. Each Cash Deductible is shown in the Schedule.

Each Calendar Year, each Covered Person must have Covered Charges for treatment, services or supplies from a Network Provider that exceed the Cash Deductible before [Carrier] pays benefits for those types of Covered Charges to that Covered Person. Only Covered Charges incurred by the Covered Person for treatment, services or supplies from a Network Provider, while insured by this Policy, can be used to meet this Cash Deductible. Once the Cash Deductible is met, [Carrier] pays benefits for other such Covered Charges above the Cash Deductible incurred by that Covered Person, less any applicable Coinsurance or Copayments, for the rest of that Calendar Year.

Each Calendar Year, each Covered Person must have Covered Charges for treatment, services or supplies from a Non-Network Provider that exceed the Cash Deductible before [Carrier] pays benefits for those types of Covered Charges to that Covered Person. Only Covered Charges incurred by the Covered Person for treatment, services or supplies from a Non-Network Provider, while insured by this Policy, can be used to meet this Cash Deductible. Once the Cash Deductible is met, [Carrier] pays benefits for other such Covered Charges above the Cash Deductible incurred by that Covered Person, less any applicable Coinsurance or Copayments, for the rest of that Calendar Year.

Neither Cash Deductible can be met with Non-Covered Charges. Only Covered Charges incurred by the Covered Person while insured by this Policy can be used to meet either Cash Deductible. What [Carrier] pays is based on all the terms of this Policy.]

[Family Deductible Limit
This Policy has a family deductible limit of two Cash Deductibles for each Calendar Year. Once two Covered Persons in a family meet their individual Cash Deductibles in a Calendar Year, [Carrier] pays benefits for other Covered Charges incurred by any member of the covered family, less any applicable Coinsurance or Copayments, for the rest of that Calendar Year. What [Carrier] pays is based on all the terms of this Policy.]

[Family Deductible Limit
This Policy has two different family deductible limits. One is for treatment, services or supplies given by a Network Provider. The other is for treatment services or supplies given by a Non-Network Provider.

There is a family deductible limit of two Cash Deductibles for Covered Charges for treatment, services or supplies given by a Network Provider for each Calendar Year. Once [two] Covered Persons in a family meet [their individual] [two times the] Cash Deductible for treatment, services or supplies given by a Network Provider, [Carrier] pays benefits for other such Covered Charges incurred by any member of that covered family, less any applicable Coinsurance, or Copayments, for the rest of that Calendar Year.

There is a family deductible limit of two Cash Deductibles for Covered Charges for treatment, services or supplies given by a Non-Network Provider for each Calendar Year. Once [two] Covered Persons in a family meet [their individual] [two times the] Cash Deductible for treatment, services or supplies given by a Non-Network Provider, [Carrier] pays benefits for other such Covered Charges incurred by any member of that covered family, less any applicable Coinsurance, or Copayments, for the rest of that Calendar Year.

What [Carrier] pays is based on all the terms of this Policy.

[Per Covered Family
The Per Covered Family Calendar Year Cash Deductible is shown in the Schedule. Once three or more Covered Persons in a family have incurred a combined total of Covered Charges toward their Per Covered Person Cash Deductible equal to the per Covered Family Cash Deductible, each Covered Person in that family will be considered to have met his or her Per Covered Person Cash Deductible for the rest of that Calendar Year. The Covered Charges that each Covered Person in a family may use toward the Per Covered Family Cash Deductible may not exceed the amount of the Per Covered Person Cash Deductible.]

[Maximum Out of Pocket
Maximum out of pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Covered Person must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Covered Person has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.]

[Once two Covered Persons in a family meet their individual Maximum Out of Pocket, no other Covered Person in that family will be required to pay any amounts as Copayments, Deductible or Coinsurance for covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.]

[Once any combination of Covered Persons in a family meet an amount equal to [three] times the individual Maximum Out of Pocket, no Covered Person in that family will be required to pay any amounts as Copayments, Deductible or Coinsurance for covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.]]

[Note to Carriers: Use this Maximum Out of Pocket text for a pure indemnity plan]

[Network Maximum Out of Pocket
Network Maximum Out of Pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Covered Person must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all Network covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Network Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Covered Person has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for Network covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.

[Once two Covered Persons in a family meet their individual Maximum Out of Pocket, no other Covered Person in that family will be required to pay any amounts as Copayments, Deductible or Coinsurance for covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.]]

[Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket
Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Covered Person must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all Non-Network covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Covered Person has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for Non-Network covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.

[Once two Covered Persons in a family meet their individual Maximum Out of Pocket, no other Covered Person in that family will be required to pay any amounts as Copayments, Deductible or Coinsurance for covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.]

[Once any combination of Covered Persons in a family meet an amount equal to [three] times the individual Maximum Out of Pocket, no Covered Person in that family will be required to pay any amounts as Copayments, Deductible or Coinsurance for covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.]]

[Note to Carriers: Use these paragraphs if the Maximum Out of Pocket is separate for Network and Non-Network]

[Network Maximum Out of Pocket
Network Maximum Out of Pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Covered Person must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all Network **and** Non-Network covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Network Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Covered Person has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for Network or Non-Network covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.

[Once two Covered Persons in a family meet their individual Maximum Out of Pocket, no other Covered Person in that family will be required to pay any amounts as Copayments, Deductible or Coinsurance for covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.]]

[Note to Carriers: Use this text if the Maximum Out of Pocket is common to both Network and Non-Network services and supplies.]

Payment Limits
[Carrier] limits what [Carrier] will pay for certain types of charges. [Carrier] also limits what [Carrier] will pay for all Illnesses or Injuries for each Covered Person's Per Lifetime. See the Schedule for these limits.

Benefits From Other Plans
The benefits [Carrier] will pay may be affected by a Covered Person's being covered by 2 or more plans or policies. Read the provision **Coordination of Benefits** to see how this works.

The benefits [Carrier] will pay may also be affected by Medicare. Read the **Medicare as Secondary Payor** section for an explanation of how this works.

If This Plan Replaces Another Plan
The Policyholder who purchased this Policy may have purchased it to replace a plan the Policyholder had with some other carrier.

The Covered Person may have incurred charges for covered expenses under the Policyholder's old plan before it ended. If so, these charges will be used to meet this Policy's Cash Deductible if:
a) the charges were incurred during the Calendar Year in which this Policy starts;
b) this Policy would have paid benefits for the charges if this Policy had been in effect:
c) the Covered Person was covered by the old plan when it ended and enrolled in this Policy on its Effective Date; and
d) this Policy takes effect immediately upon termination of the prior plan.

Please note: Although Deductible credit is given, there is no credit for Coinsurance.

The Covered Person may have satisfied part of the eligibility Waiting Period under the Policyholder's old plan before it ended. If so, the time satisfied will be used to satisfy this Policy's eligibility waiting period if:
a) the Employee was employed by the Policyholder on the date the Policyholder's old plan ended: and
b) this Policy takes effect immediately upon termination of the prior plan.

Extended Health Benefits
If this Policy ends, and a Covered Person is Totally Disabled on such date, and under a Practitioner's care, [Carrier] will extend health benefits for that person under this Policy as explained below. This is done at no cost to the Covered Person.

[Carrier] will only extend benefits for Covered Charges due to the disabling condition. The charges must be incurred before the extension ends. And what [Carrier] will pay is based on all the terms of this Policy.

[Carrier] does not pay for charges due to other conditions. [And [Carrier] does not pay for charges incurred by other covered family members.]

The extension ends on the earliest of:
a) the date the Total Disability ends;
b) one year from the date the person's insurance under this Policy ends; or
c) the date the person has reached the payment limit for his or her disabling condition.

The Employee must submit evidence to [Carrier] that he or she [or his or her Dependent] is Totally Disabled, if [Carrier] requests it.

[PLAN B]

COVERED CHARGES

This section lists the types of charges [Carrier] will consider as Covered Charges. But what [Carrier] will pay is subject to all the terms of this Policy. Read the entire Policy to find out what [Carrier] limits or excludes.

Hospital Charges
[Carrier] covers charges for Hospital room and board and Routine Nursing Care when it is provided to a Covered Person by a Hospital on an Inpatient basis. But [Carrier] limits what [Carrier] pays each day to the room and board limit shown in the Schedule. And [Carrier] covers other Medically Necessary and Appropriate Hospital services and supplies provided to a Covered Person during the Inpatient confinement.

Except as stated below, [Carrier] covers charges for Inpatient care for:
a) a minimum of 72 hours following a modified radical mastectomy; and
b) a minimum of 48 hours following a simple mastectomy.
Exception: The minimum 72 or 48 hours, as appropriate, of Inpatient care will not be covered if the Covered Person, in consultation with the Practitioner, determines that a shorter length of stay is medically necessary and appropriate.

As an **exception** to the Medically Necessary and Appropriate requirement of this Policy, [Carrier] also provides coverage for the mother and newly born child for:
a) a minimum of 48 hours of Inpatient care in a Hospital following a vaginal delivery; and
b) a minimum of 96 hours of Inpatient Hospital care following a cesarean section.

[Carrier] provides such coverage subject to the following:
a) the attending Practitioner must determine that Inpatient care is medically necessary; or
b) the mother must request the Inpatient care.
[As an alternative to the minimum level of Inpatient care described above, the mother may elect to participate in a home care program provided by [Carrier].]

If a Covered Person incurs charges as an Inpatient in a Special Care Unit, [Carrier] covers the charges up to the daily room and board limit for a Special Care Unit shown in the Schedule.

[Carrier] will also cover Outpatient Hospital services, including services provided by a Hospital Outpatient clinic. And [Carrier] covers emergency room treatment, subject to this Policy's **Emergency Room Copayment Requirement** section.

Any charges in excess of the Hospital semi-private daily room and board limit are a Non-Covered Charge. This Policy's utilization review features have penalties for non-compliance that may reduce what [Carrier] pays for Hospital charges.

[Carrier] limits what [Carrier] pays for the treatment of Non-Biologically-based Mental Illnesses and Substance Abuse. See the **Charges Covered with Special Limitations** section of this Policy.

Hospital Copayment Requirement
Each time a Covered Person is confined in a Hospital, he or she must pay a $200 Copayment for each day of confinement, up to a maximum of $1,000 per Period of Confinement, subject to a maximum $2,000 Copayment per Calendar Year.

[PLANS C,D,E]

COVERED CHARGES
This section lists the types of charges [Carrier] will consider as Covered Charges. But what [Carrier] will pay is subject to all the terms of this Policy. Read the entire Policy to find out what [Carrier] limits or excludes.

Hospital Charges
[Carrier] covers charges for Hospital room and board and Routine Nursing Care when it is provided to a Covered Person by a Hospital on an Inpatient basis. But [Carrier] limits what [Carrier] pays each day to the room and board limit shown in the Schedule. And [Carrier] covers other Medically Necessary and Appropriate Hospital services and supplies provided to a Covered Person during the Inpatient confinement.

Except as stated below, [Carrier] covers charges for Inpatient care for:
a) a minimum of 72 hours following a modified radical mastectomy; and
b) a minimum of 48 hours following a simple mastectomy.

Exception: The minimum 72 or 48 hours, as appropriate, of Inpatient care will not be covered if the Covered Person, in consultation with the Practitioner, determines that a shorter length of stay is medically necessary and appropriate.

As an **exception** to the Medically Necessary and Appropriate requirement of this Policy, [Carrier] also provides coverage for the mother and newly born child for:
a) a minimum of 48 hours of Inpatient care in a Hospital following a vaginal delivery; and
b) a minimum of 96 hours of Inpatient Hospital care following a cesarean section.

[Carrier] provides such coverage subject to the following:
a) the attending Practitioner must determine that Inpatient care is medically necessary; or
b) the mother must request the in-patient care.
[As an alternative to the minimum level of Inpatient care described above, the mother may elect to participate in a home care program provided by [Carrier].]

If a Covered Person incurs charges as an Inpatient in a Special Care Unit, [Carrier] covers the charges up to the daily room and board limit for a Special care Unit shown in the Schedule.

[Carrier] will also cover Outpatient Hospital services, including services provided by a Hospital Outpatient clinic. And [Carrier] covers emergency room treatment, subject to this Policy's **Emergency Room Copayment Requirement** section.

Any charges in excess of the Hospital semi-private daily room and board limit are a Non-Covered Charge. This Policy's utilization review features have penalties for non-compliance that may reduce what [Carrier] pays for Hospital charges.

[Carrier] limits what [Carrier] pays for the treatment of Non-Biologically-based Mental Illnesses and Substance Abuse. See the **Charges Covered with Special Limitations** section of this Policy.

[PLANS B,C,D,E]

Emergency Room Copayment Requirement
Each time a Covered Person uses the services of a Hospital emergency room, he or she must pay a [$50.00] Copayment, in addition to the Cash Deductible, any other Copayments, and Coinsurance, if he or she is not admitted within 24 hours.

Emergency and Urgent Care Services
Coverage for Emergency and Urgent Care includes coverage of trauma services at any designated level I or II trauma center as Medically Necessary and Appropriate, which shall be continued at least until, in the judgement of the attending physician, the Covered Person is medically stable, no longer requires critical care, and can be safely transferred to another Facility. [Carrier] also provides coverage for a medical screening examination provided upon a Covered Person's arrival in a Hospital, as required to be performed by the Hospital in accordance with Federal law, but only as necessary to determine whether an emergency medical condition exists. [Please note that the "911" emergency response system may be used whenever a Covered Person has a potentially life-threatening condition. Information on the use of the "911" system is included on the identification card.]
Pre-Admission Testing Charges
[Carrier] covers pre-admission x-ray and laboratory tests needed for a planned Hospital admission or Surgery. [Carrier] only covers these tests if, the tests are done on an Outpatient basis within seven days of the planned admission or Surgery.

However, [Carrier] will not cover tests that are repeated after admission or before Surgery, unless the admission or Surgery is deferred solely due to a change in the Covered Person's health.

Extended Care or Rehabilitation Charges
Subject to [Carrier's] Pre-Approval [Carrier] covers charges up to the daily room and board limit for room and board and Routine Nursing Care shown in the Schedule, provided to a Covered Person on an Inpatient basis in an Extended Care Center or Rehabilitation Center. Charges above the daily room and board limit are a Non-Covered Charge.

And [Carrier] covers all other Medically Necessary and Appropriate services and supplies provided to a Covered Person during the confinement. But the confinement must:
a) start within 14 days of a Hospital stay; and
b) be due to the same or a related condition that necessitated the Hospital stay.

Coverage for Extended Care and Rehabilitation, combined, is limited to the first 120 days of confinement in each Calendar Year. Charges for any additional days are a Non-Covered Charge.

But [Carrier] limits what [Carrier] will pay for the treatment of Non-Biologically-based Mental Illnesses and Substance Abuse. See the **Charges Covered With Special Limitations** section of this Policy.

[Carrier] will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for treatment, services and supplies for Extended Care or Rehabilitation which are not Pre-Approved by [Carrier] provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under this Policy.
["DC" NOTE: ANY EXTENDED CARE OR REHABILITATION SERVICES OR SUPPLIES A COVERED PERSON RECEIVES UNDER THE ASSOCIATED HMO PLAN WILL REDUCE THE EXTENDED CARE OR REHABILITATION BENEFIT AVAILABLE UNDER THIS INDEMNITY PLAN.]

Home Health Care Charges
Subject to [Carrier's] Pre-Approval, when home health care can take the place of Inpatient care, [Carrier] covers such care furnished to a Covered Person under a written home health care plan. [Carrier] covers all Medically Necessary and Appropriate services or supplies, such as:
a) Routine Nursing care furnished by or under the supervision of a registered Nurse;
b) physical therapy;
c) occupational therapy;
d) medical social work;

e) nutrition services;
f) speech therapy;
g) home health aide services;
h) medical appliances and equipment, drugs and medications, laboratory services and special meals to the extent such items and services would have been covered under this Policy if the Covered Person had been in a Hospital; and
i) any Diagnostic or therapeutic service, including surgical services performed in a Hospital Outpatient department, a Practitioner's office or any other licensed health care Facility, provided such service would have been covered under the Policy if performed as Inpatient Hospital services.

Payment is subject to all of the terms of this Policy and to the following conditions:

a. The Covered Person's Practitioner must certify that home health care is needed in place of Inpatient care in a recognized Facility. Home health care is covered **only** in situations where continuing hospitalization or confinement in a Skilled Nursing Facility or Rehabilitation Center would otherwise have been required if Home Health Care were not provided.
b. The services and supplies must be:
   1. ordered by the Covered Person's Practitioner;
   2. included in the home health care plan: and
   3. furnished by, or coordinated by, a Home Health Agency according to the written home health care plan.

   The services and supplies must be furnished by recognized health care professionals on a part-time or intermittent basis, except when full-time or 24 hour service is needed on a short-term (no more than three-day) basis.
c. The home health care plan must be set up in writing by the Covered Person's Practitioner within 14 days after home health care starts. And it must be reviewed by the Covered Person's Practitioner at least once every 60 days.
d. [Carrier] does not pay for:
   1. services furnished to family members, other than the patient; or
   2. services and supplies not included in the home health care plan.

Any visit by a member of a home health care team on any day shall be considered as one home health care visit.

[Carrier] will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for treatment, services and supplies for Home Health Care which are not Pre-Approved by [Carrier] provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under this Policy.

Practitioner's Charges for Non-Surgical Care and Treatment
[Carrier] covers Practitioner's charges for the Medically Necessary and Appropriate non-surgical care and treatment of an Illness or Injury. But [Carrier] limits what [Carrier] will pay for the treatment of Non-Biologically-based Mental Illnesses and Substance Abuse. See the **Charges Covered With Special Limitations** section of this Policy.

Practitioner's Charges for Surgery
[Carrier] covers Practitioner's charges for Medically Necessary and Appropriate Surgery.

[Carrier] does not pay for Cosmetic Surgery unless it is required as a result of an Illness or Injury or to correct a functional defect resulting from a congenital abnormality or developmental anomaly.

[Carrier] covers reconstructive breast Surgery, Surgery to restore and achieve symmetry between the two breasts and the cost of prostheses following a mastectomy on one breast or both breasts. [Carrier] also covers treatment of the physical complications of mastectomy, including lymphedemas.

Second Opinion Charges
[Carrier] covers Practitioner's charges for a second opinion and charges for related x-rays and tests when a Covered Person is advised to have Surgery or enter a Hospital. If the second opinion differs from the first, [Carrier] covers charges for a third opinion. [Carrier] covers such charges if the Practitioners who give the opinions:
a) are board certified and qualified, by reason of their specialty, to give an opinion on the proposed Surgery or Hospital admission;
b) are not business associates of the Practitioner who recommended the Surgery; and
c) in the case of a second surgical opinion, they do not perform the Surgery if it is needed.

Dialysis Center Charges
[Carrier] covers charges made by a dialysis center for covered dialysis services.

Ambulatory Surgical Center Charges
[Carrier] covers charges made by an Ambulatory Surgical Center in connection with covered Surgery.

Hospice Care Charges
Subject to [Carrier] Pre-Approval, [Carrier] covers charges made by a Hospice for palliative and supportive care furnished to a terminally Ill or terminally Injured Covered Person under a Hospice care program.

"Palliative and supportive care" means care and support aimed mainly at lessening or controlling pain or symptoms; it makes no attempt to cure the Covered Person's terminal Illness or terminal Injury.
"Terminally Ill" or "terminally Injured" means that the Covered Person's Practitioner has certified in writing that the Covered Person's life expectancy is six months or less.

Hospice care must be furnished according to a written "hospice care program". A "hospice care program" is a coordinated program with an interdisciplinary team for meeting the special needs of the terminally Ill or terminally Injured Covered Person. It must be set up and reviewed periodically by the Covered Person's Practitioner.

Under a Hospice care program, subject to all the terms of this Policy, [Carrier] covers any services and supplies including Prescription Drugs, to the extent they are otherwise covered by this Policy. Services and supplies may be furnished on an Inpatient or Outpatient basis.

The services and supplies must be:
a) needed for palliative and supportive care;
b) ordered by the Covered Person's Practitioner;
c) included in the Hospice care program; and
d) furnished by, or coordinated by a Hospice.

[Carrier] does not pay for:
a) services and supplies provided by volunteers or others who do not regularly charge for their services;
b) funeral services and arrangements;
c) legal or financial counseling or services; or
d) treatment not included in the Hospice care plan.

[Carrier] will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for treatment, services and supplies for Hospice Care which are not Pre-Approved by [Carrier] provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under this Policy.

Alcohol Abuse
[Carrier] pays benefits for the Covered Charges a Covered Person incurs for the treatment of Alcohol Abuse the same way [Carrier] would for any other Illness, if such treatment is prescribed by a Practitioner. But [Carrier] does not pay for Custodial Care, education, or training.

Treatment may be furnished by:
a) a Hospital
b) a detoxification Facility licensed under New Jersey P.L. 1975, Chapter 305; or
c) a licensed, certified or state approved residential treatment Facility under a program which meets the minimum standards of care of the Joint Commission.

Treatment for Biologically-based Mental Illness
[Carrier] pays benefits for the Covered Charges a Covered Person incurs for the treatment of Biologically-based Mental Illness the same way [Carrier] would for any other Illness, if such treatment is prescribed by a Practitioner. [Carrier] does not pay for Custodial Care, education, or training.

Pregnancy
This Policy pays for pregnancies the same way [Carrier] would cover an Illness. The charges [Carrier] covers for a newborn child are explained [on the next page.]

Birthing Center Charges
[Carrier] covers Birthing Center charges made by a Practitioner for pre-natal care, delivery, and post partum care in connection with a Covered Person's pregnancy. [Carrier] covers charges up to the daily room and board limit for room and board shown in the Schedule when Inpatient care is provided to a Covered Person by a Birthing Center. But charges above the daily room and board limit are a Non-Covered Charge.

[Carrier] covers all other Medically Necessary and Appropriate services and supplies during the confinement.

[Benefits for a Covered Newborn Child
[Carrier] covers charges for the child's routine nursery care while he or she is in the Hospital or a Birthing Center. Charges are covered up to a maximum of 7 days following the date of birth. This includes:
a) nursery charges;
b) charges for routine Practitioner's examinations and tests; and
c) charges for routine procedures, like circumcision.
Subject to all of the terms of this Policy, [Carrier] covers the care and treatment of a covered newborn child if he or she is Ill, Injured, premature, or born with a congenital birth defect.]
["DC" NOTE: ANY NEWBORN CHILD SERVICES OR SUPPLIES A COVERED PERSON RECEIVES UNDER THE ASSOCIATED HMO PLAN WILL REDUCE THE NEWBORN CHILD BENEFIT AVAILABLE UNDER THIS INDEMNITY PLAN.]

Anesthetics and Other Services and Supplies
[Carrier] covers anesthetics and their administration; hemodialysis, casts; splints; and surgical dressings. [Carrier] covers the initial fitting and purchase of braces, trusses, orthopedic footwear and crutches [Carrier] covers Medically Necessary and Appropriate replacements or repairs for braces, trusses, orthopedic footwear and crutches.

Blood
Unless otherwise provided in the **Charges for the Treatment of Hemophilia** section below, [Carrier] covers blood, blood products, blood transfusions and the cost of testing and processing blood. But [Carrier] does not pay for blood which has been donated or replaced on behalf of the Covered Person.

Charges for the Treatment of Hemophilia
[Carrier] covers Medically Necessary and Appropriate home treatment services for bleeding episodes associated with hemophilia including the purchase of blood products and blood infusion equipment.

[[Carrier] will cover the services of a clinical laboratory at a Hospital with a state-designated outpatient regional care center regardless of whether the Hospital's clinical laboratory is a Network Provider if the Covered Person's Practitioner determines that the Hospital's clinical laboratory is necessary because: a) the results of laboratory tests are medically necessary immediately or sooner than the normal return time for the [Carrier's] network clinical laboratory; or b) accurate test results need to be determined by closely supervised procedures in venipuncture and laboratory techniques in controlled environments that cannot be achieved by [Carrier's] network clinical laboratory.

[Carrier] will pay the Hospital's clinical laboratory for the laboratory services at the same rate [Carrier] would pay a Network clinical laboratory for comparable services.]

Ambulance Charges
[Carrier] covers Medically Necessary and Appropriate charges for transporting a Covered Person to:
a) a local Hospital if needed care and treatment can be provided by a local Hospital;
b) the nearest Hospital where needed care and treatment can be given, if a local Hospital cannot provide such care and treatment. But it must be connected with an Inpatient confinement; or
c) transporting a Covered Person to another Inpatient health care Facility.

It can be by professional Ambulance service, train or plane. But [Carrier] does not pay for chartered air flights. And [Carrier] will not pay for other travel or communication expenses of patients, Practitioners, Nurses or family members.

Durable Medical Equipment
Subject to [Carrier's] Pre-Approval. [Carrier] covers charges for the rental of Durable Medical Equipment needed for therapeutic use. At [Carrier's] option, and with [Carrier's] Pre-Approval, [Carrier] may cover the purchase of such items when it is less costly and more practical than rental. But [Carrier] does not pay for:
a) replacements or repairs; or
b) the rental or purchase of items such as air conditioners, exercise equipment, saunas and air humidifiers which do not fully meet the definition of Durable Medical Equipment.

[Carrier] will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for Durable Medical Equipment which are not Pre-Approved by [Carrier] provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under this Policy.

Treatment of Wilm's Tumor
[Carrier] pays benefits for Covered Charges incurred for the treatment of Wilm's tumor in a Covered Person. [Carrier] treats such charges the same way [Carrier] treats Covered Charges for any other Illness. Treatment can include, but is not limited to, autologous bone marrow transplants when standard chemotherapy treatment is unsuccessful. [Carrier] pays benefits for this treatment even if it is deemed Experimental or Investigational. What [Carrier] pays is based on all of the terms of this Policy.

Nutritional Counseling
Subject to [Carrier] Pre-Approval, [Carrier] covers charges for nutritional counseling for the management of disease entities which have a specific diagnostic criteria that can be verified. The nutritional counseling must be prescribed by a Practitioner, and provided by a Practitioner.

[Carrier] will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for Nutritional Counseling which are not Pre-Approved by [Carrier] provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under this Policy.

Food and Food Products for Inherited Metabolic Diseases
[Carrier] covers charges incurred for the therapeutic treatment of inherited metabolic diseases, including the purchase of medical foods (enteral formula) and low protein modified food products as determined to be medically necessary by the Covered Person's Practitioner.

For the purpose of this benefit:
"inherited metabolic disease" means a disease caused by an inherited abnormality of body chemistry for which testing is mandated by law;
"low protein modified food product" means a food product that is specially formulated to have less than one gram of protein per serving and is intended to be used under the direction of a Practitioner for the dietary treatment of an inherited metabolic disease, but does not include a natural food that is naturally low in protein; and
"medical food" means a food that is intended for the dietary treatment of a disease or condition for which nutritional requirements are established by medical evaluation and is formulated to be consumed or administered enterally under the direction of a Practitioner.

Specialized Infant Formulas
[Carrier] covers specialized non-standard infant formulas to the same extent and subject to the same terms and conditions as coverage is provided under this [Policy] for Prescription Drugs. [Carrier] covers specialized non-standard infant formulas provided:
a) The Child's Practitioner has diagnosed the Child as having multiple food protein intolerance and has determined the formula to be medically necessary; and
b) The Child has not been responsive to trials of standard non-cow milk-based formulas, including soybean and goat milk.
[Carrier] may review continued Medical Necessity and Appropriateness of the specialized infant formula.

X-Rays and Laboratory Tests
[Carrier] covers x-rays and laboratory tests which are Medically Necessary and Appropriate to treat an Illness or Injury. But, except as covered under this Policy's Preventive Care section, [Carrier] does not pay for x-rays and tests done as part of routine physical checkups.

Prescription Drugs
[Subject to [Carrier] Pre-Approval, for certain Prescription Drugs] [Carrier] covers drugs to treat an Illness or Injury and contraceptive drugs which require a Practitioner's prescription. But [Carrier] only covers drugs which are:
a. approved for treatment of the Covered Person's Illness or Injury by the Food and Drug Administration;
b. approved by the Food and Drug Administration for the treatment of a particular diagnosis or condition other than the Covered Person's and recognized as appropriate medical treatment for the Covered Person's diagnosis or condition in one or more of the following established reference compendia:
    1. The American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information;
    2. The United States Pharmacopeia Drug Information; or
c. recommended by a clinical study or recommended by a review article in a major peer-reviewed professional journal.
Coverage for the above drugs also includes medically necessary services associated with the administration of the drugs.

In no event will [Carrier] pay for:
a. drugs labeled: "Caution - Limited by Federal Law to Investigational Use"; or

b. any drug which the Food and Drug Administration has determined to be contraindicated for the specific treatment for which the drug has been prescribed, except as stated above.

And [Carrier] excludes drugs that can be bought without a prescription, even if a Practitioner orders them.

[[Carrier] has identified certain Prescription Drugs for which Pre-Approval is required. [Carrier] will provide the list of Prescription Drugs for which Pre-Approval is required to each Employee prior to enforcing the Pre-Approval requirement. [Carrier] will give at least 30 days advance written notice to the Employee before adding a Prescription Drug to the list.

[If a Covered Person brings a prescription for a Prescription Drug for which [Carrier] requires Pre-Approval to a Pharmacy and Pre-Approval has not yet been secured, [the Covered Person must contact [Carrier] to request Pre-Approval.] [the Pharmacy will contact the Practitioner to request that the Practitioner contact [Carrier] to secure Pre-Approval.] The Pharmacy will dispense a 96-hour supply of the Prescription Drug. [Carrier] will review the Pre-Approval request within the time period allowed by law. If [Carrier] gives Pre-Approval, [Carrier] will notify the Pharmacy and the balance of the Prescription Drug will be dispensed with benefits for the Prescription Drug being paid subject to the terms of this Policy. If [Carrier] does not give Pre-Approval, the Covered Person may ask that the Pharmacy dispense the balance of the Prescription Drug, with the Covered Person paying for the Prescription Drug. The Covered Person may submit a claim for the Prescription Drug, subject to the terms of this Policy. The Covered Person may appeal the decision by following the Appeals Procedure process set forth in this Policy.] (Note to Carriers: For use if the plan is a PPO or a POS)

[If a Covered Person brings a prescription for a Prescription Drug for which [Carrier] requires Pre-Approval to a Pharmacy and Pre-Approval has not yet been secured, the Covered Person must contact [Carrier] to request Pre-Approval. The Covered Person may choose to delay purchasing the Prescription Drug until after [Carrier] makes a decision regarding Pre-Approval or may choose to purchase the Prescription Drug prior to the decision being made. In either case, the Covered Person must pay for the Prescription Drug when it is dispensed. The Covered Person may submit a claim for the Prescription Drug, subject to the terms of this Policy. If [Carrier] does not give Pre-Approval, the Covered Person may appeal the decision by following the Appeals Procedure process set forth in this Policy.] (Note to Carriers: For use if the plan is an indemnity plan)

Supplies to Administer Prescription Drugs
[Carrier] covers Medically Necessary and Appropriate supplies which require a prescription, are prescribed by a Practitioner, and are essential to the administration of the Prescription Drug.

COVERED CHARGES WITH SPECIAL LIMITATIONS

[Cancer Clinical Trial
[Carrier] covers practitioner fees, laboratory expenses and expenses associated with Hospitalization, administering of treatment and evaluation of the Covered Person during the course of treatment or a condition associated with a complication of the underlying disease or treatment, which are consistent with usual and customary patterns and standards of care incurred whenever a Covered Person receives medical care associated with an Approved Cancer Clinical Trial. [Carrier] will cover charges for such items and services only if they would be covered for care and treatment in a situation other than an Approved Cancer Clinical Trial.

[Carrier] does not cover the cost of investigational drugs or devices themselves, the cost of any non-health services that might be required for a Covered Person to receive the treatment or intervention, or the costs of managing the research, or any costs which would not be covered under this Policy for treatments that are not Experimental or Investigational.]

Dental Care and Treatment
[Carrier] covers:
a) the diagnosis and treatment of oral tumors and cysts; and
b) the surgical removal of bony impacted teeth.

[Carrier] also covers treatment of an Injury to natural teeth or the jaw, but only if:
a) the Injury was not caused, directly or indirectly by biting or chewing; and
b) all treatment is finished within 6 months of the date of the Injury.

Treatment includes replacing natural teeth lost due to such Injury. But in no event does [Carrier] cover orthodontic treatment.

For a Covered Person who is severely disabled or who is a Child under age 6, [Carrier] covers:
a) general anesthesia and Hospitalization for dental services; and
b) dental services rendered by a dentist regardless of where the dental services are provided for a medical condition covered by this Policy which requires Hospitalization or general anesthesia.

Treatment for Temporomandibular Joint Disorder (TMJ)
[Carrier] covers charges for the Medically Necessary and Appropriate surgical and non-surgical treatment of TMJ in a Covered Person. However, [Carrier] does not cover any charges for orthodontia, crowns or bridgework.

Prosthetic Devices
[Carrier] limits what [Carrier] pays for prosthetic devices. Subject to [Carrier] Pre-Approval, [Carrier] covers only the initial fitting and purchase of artificial limbs and eyes, and other prosthetic devices. And they must take the place of a natural part of a Covered Person's body, or be needed due to a functional birth defect in a covered Dependent child. [Carrier] does not pay for replacements, unless they are Medically Necessary and Appropriate. [Carrier] does not pay for repairs, or wigs. [Carrier] does not cover dental prosthetics or devices other than as a replacement for natural teeth lost due to Injury, as stated in the Dental Care and Treatment provision of this Policy.

[Carrier] will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for Prosthetic Devices which are not Pre-Approved by [Carrier] provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under this Policy.

Mammogram Charges
[Carrier] covers charges made for mammograms provided to a female Covered Person according to the schedule given below. Benefits will be paid, subject to all the terms of this Policy, and the following limitations:

[Carrier] will cover charges for:
a) one baseline mammogram for a female Covered Person, age 35 - 39
b) one mammogram, every year, for a female Covered Person age 40 and older.
c)
Please note that mammograms are included under the Preventive Care provision. A female Covered Person may elect to apply any unused Preventive Care allowance for a mammogram. If a Covered Person has exhausted the available annual Preventive Care benefit, the mammogram may be covered subject to the terms of this Mammogram Charges provision.

Colorectal Cancer Screening Charges
[Carrier] covers charges made for colorectal cancer screening provided to a Covered Person age 50 or over and to younger [Covered Persons] who are considered to be high risk for colorectal cancer. Benefits will be paid, subject to all the terms of this Policy, and the following limitations:

Subject to the American Cancer Society guidelines, and medical necessity as determined by the [Covered Person's] Practitioner in consultation with the [Covered Person] regarding methods to use, [Carrier] will cover charges for:
a) a screening fecal occult blood test;
b) flexible sigmoidoscopy,
c) colonoscopy;
d) barium enema;
e) any combination of the services listed in items a – d above; or
f) the most reliable medically recognized screening test available.
[Carrier] will cover the above methods at the frequency recommended by the most recent published guidelines of the American Cancer Society and as determined to be medically necessary by the [Covered Person's] practitioner in consultation with the [Covered Person.]

High risk for colorectal cancer means a [Covered Person] has:
a) A family history of: familial adenomatous polyposis, heriditary non-polyposis colon cancer; or breast, ovarian, endometrial or colon cancer or polyps;
b) Chronic inflammatory bowel disease; or
c) A background, ethnicity or lifestyle that the practitioner believes puts the person at elevated risk for colorectal cancer.

Please note that since colorectal cancer screening is included under the Preventive Care provision, a [Covered Person] may elect to apply any unused Preventive Care allowance for colorectal cancer screening. If a Covered Person has exhausted the available annual Preventive Care benefit, or elects not to use any available Preventive Care benefit to cover the colorectal cancer screening, the colorectal cancer screening may be covered subject to the terms of this Colorectal Cancer Screening Charges provision.

The following "Pre-Existing Conditions Limitation" and "Continuity of Coverage" provisions only apply to Policies issued to Policyholders of at least two but not more than five eligible Employees. These provisions also apply to "Late Enrollees" under the Policies issued to any Small Employer. However, this provision does not apply to Late Enrollees if 10 or more Late Enrollees request enrollment during any [30] day enrollment period provided for in this Policy. See this Policy's EMPLOYEE COVERAGE [and DEPENDENT COVERAGE] section[s] to determine if a Covered Person is a Late Enrollee. [The "Pre-Existing Conditions Limitation provision does not apply to a Dependent who is an adopted child or who is a child placed for adoption or to a newborn child if the Employee enrolls the Dependent and agrees to make the required payments within [31] days after the Dependent's Eligibility Date.]

Pre-Existing Conditions Limitation
A Pre-Existing Condition is an Illness or Injury which manifests itself in the six months before a Covered Person's Enrollment Date, and for which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received during the six months immediately preceding the Enrollment Date.

[Carrier] does not pay benefits for charges for Pre-Existing Conditions for 180 days measured from the Enrollment Date. This 180 day period may be reduced by the length of time the Covered Person was covered under any Creditable Coverage if, without application of any Waiting Period, the Creditable Coverage was continuous to a date not more than 90 days prior to becoming a Covered Person. Refer to the Continuity of Coverage section below.

This limitation does not affect benefits for other unrelated conditions, [or] pregnancy [, or birth defects in a covered Dependent child]. Genetic information will not be treated as a Pre-Existing Condition in the absence of a diagnosis of the condition related to that information. And [Carrier] waives this limitation for a Covered Person's Pre-Existing Condition if the condition was payable under Creditable Coverage which insured the Covered Person right before the Covered Person's coverage under this Policy started. The next section shows other exceptions.

Continuity of Coverage
[NOTE: COVERAGE UNDER THIS POLICY IS SUBJECT TO THE ALTERNATIVE METHOD FOR COUNTING CREDITABLE COVERAGE]
If a new Covered Person was covered under Creditable Coverage prior to enrollment under this Policy and the Creditable Coverage was continuous to a date not more than 90 days prior to the Enrollment Date under this Policy, [Carrier] will provide credit as follows. [Standard method] [[Carrier] gives credit for the time the Covered Person was covered under the Creditable Coverage without regard to the specific benefits included in the Creditable Coverage.] [Alternative method] [[Carrier] gives credit for the time the Covered Person was covered under the Creditable Coverage based on coverage for the following [category] [categories] of benefits: [mental health;] [substance abuse treatment;] [prescription drugs;] [dental care;] [or] [vision care]. [[Carrier] will count a period of Creditable Coverage with respect to a category of benefits if any level of benefits is covered within that category. For all other benefits,] [Carrier] gives credit for the time the Covered Person was covered under the Creditable Coverage without regard to the specific benefits included in the Creditable Coverage.] [Carrier] counts the days the Covered Person was covered under Creditable Coverage, except that days that occur before any lapse in coverage of more than 90 days are not counted. [Carrier] applies these days to reduce the duration of the Pre-Existing Condition limitation under this Policy. The person must sign and complete his or her enrollment form within 30 days of the date the Employee's [active] Full-Time service begins. Any condition arising between the date his or her coverage under the Creditable Coverage ends and the Enrollment Date is a Pre-Existing condition. [Carrier] does not cover any charges actually incurred before the person's coverage under this Policy starts. If the Policyholder has included an eligibility waiting period in this Policy, an Employee must still meet it, before becoming insured.

Private Duty Nursing Care
[Carrier] **only** covers charges by a Nurse for Medically Necessary and Appropriate private duty nursing care if such care is authorized as part of a home health care plan, coordinated by a Home Health Agency, and covered under the **Home Health Care Charges** section. Any other charges for private duty nursing care are a Non-Covered Charge.

Therapy Services
Therapy Services mean services or supplies, ordered by a Practitioner and used to treat, or promote recovery from, an Injury or Illness:

Subject to the stated limits, [Carrier] covers the Therapy Services listed below when such services are provided to a Covered Person as an Outpatient [Carrier] covers other types of Therapy Services provided they are performed by a licensed Provider, are Medically Necessary and Appropriate and are not Experimental or Investigational.

a. *Chelation Therapy* - the administration of drugs or chemicals to remove toxic concentrations of metals from the body.
b. *Chemotherapy* - the treatment of malignant disease by chemical or biological antineoplastic agents.
c. *Dialysis Treatment* - the treatment of an acute renal failure or a chronic irreversible renal insufficiency by removing waste products from the body. This includes hemodialysis and peritoneal dialysis.
d. *Radiation Therapy* - the treatment of disease by x-ray, radium, cobalt, or high energy particle sources. Radiation therapy includes rental or cost of radioactive materials. Diagnostic Services requiring the use of radioactive materials are not radiation therapy.
e. *Respiration Therapy* - the introduction of dry or moist gases into the lungs.

[Subject to [Carrier] Pre-Approval,] [Carrier] covers the Therapy Services listed below, subject to stated limitations:

f. *Cognitive Rehabilitation Therapy* - the retraining of the brain to perform intellectual skills which it was able to perform prior to disease, trauma, Surgery, or previous therapeutic process; or the training of the brain to perform intellectual skills it should have been able to perform if there were not a congenital anomaly.
g. *Speech Therapy* -except as stated below, treatment for the correction of a speech impairment resulting from Illness, Surgery, Injury, congenital anomaly, or previous therapeutic processes. Exception: For a [Covered Person] who has been diagnosed with a biologically-based mental illness, speech therapy means treatment of a speech impairment.

Coverage for Cognitive Rehabilitation Therapy and Speech Therapy, **combined,** is limited to 30 visits per Calendar Year.

h. *Occupational Therapy* - except as stated below, treatment to restore a physically disabled person's ability to perform the ordinary tasks of daily living. Exception: For a [Covered Person] who has been diagnosed with a biologically-based mental illness, occupational therapy means treatment to develop a [Covered Person's] ability to perform the ordinary tasks of daily living.
i. *Physical Therapy* - except as stated below, the treatment by physical means to relieve pain, restore maximum function, and prevent disability following disease, Injury or loss of limb. Exception: For a [Covered Person] who has been diagnosed with a biologically-based mental illness, physical therapy means treatment to develop a [Covered Person's] physical function.

Coverage for Occupational Therapy and Physical Therapy, **combined**, is limited to 30 visits per Calendar Year.

[Carrier] will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for Cognitive Rehabilitation Therapy, Speech Therapy, Occupational Therapy or Physical Therapy which are not Pre-Approved by [Carrier] provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under this Policy.

j. *Infusion Therapy* - subject to [Carrier] Pre-Approval, the administration of antibiotic, nutrients, or other therapeutic agents by direct infusion. [Carrier] will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for Infusion Therapy which are not Pre-Approved by [Carrier] provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under this Policy.

Note: The limitations on Therapy Services contained in this Therapy Services provision do not apply to any therapy services that are received under the Home Health Care provision, or to services provided while a [Covered Person] is confined in a Facility.

["DC" NOTE: ANY THERAPY SERVICES AND SUPPLIES A COVERED PERSON RECEIVES UNDER THE ASSOCIATED HMO PLAN WILL REDUCE THE THERAPY BENEFITS AVAILABLE UNDER THIS INDEMNITY PLAN.]

Fertility Services
Subject to [Carrier] Pre-Approval [Carrier] covers charges for procedures and Prescription Drugs to enhance fertility, except where specifically excluded in this Policy. [Carrier] covers charges for: artificial insemination; and standard dosages, lengths of treatment and cycles of therapy of Prescription Drugs. The Prescription Drugs noted in this section are subject to the terms and conditions of the Prescription Drugs section of this Policy.

[Carrier] will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for Fertility Services which are not Pre-Approved by [Carrier] provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under this Policy.

Preventive Care
[Carrier] covers charges for routine physical examinations including related laboratory tests and x-rays. [Carrier] also covers charges for immunizations and vaccines, well baby care, pap smears, mammography, screening tests, bone density testing, colorectal cancer screening, and Nicotine Dependence Treatment. But [Carrier] limits what [Carrier] pays each Calendar Year to:
a) $750 per Covered Person for a Dependent child from birth until the end of the Calendar Year in which the Dependent child attains age 1;
b) $500 per Covered Person for all other Covered Persons.

These charges are not subject to the Cash Deductible or Coinsurance.
["DC" NOTE: ANY PREVENTIVE CARE SERVICES OR SUPPLIES A COVERED PERSON RECEIVES UNDER THE ASSOCIATED HMO PLAN WILL REDUCE THE PREVENTIVE CARE BENEFIT AVAILABLE UNDER THE INDEMNITY PLAN.]

Immunizations and Lead Screening
[Carrier] will cover charges for:

a) screening by blood measurement for lead poisoning for children, including confirmatory blood lead testing and medical evaluation as specified by the New Jersey Department of Health and Senior Services and any necessary medical follow-up and treatment for lead poisoned children; and
b) all childhood immunizations as recommended by the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices of the United States Public Health Services and New Jersey Department of Health and Senior Services.

Newborn Hearing Screening
[Carrier] covers charges up to a maximum of 28 days following the date of birth for screening for newborn hearing loss by appropriate electrophysiologic screening measures. In addition, [Carrier] covers charges between age 29 days and 36 months for the periodic monitoring of infants for delayed onset hearing loss.

Vision Screening
[Carrier] covers vision screening for Dependent children, through age 17, to determine the need for vision correction. The vision screening is generally performed by the pediatrician during the course of a routine physical examination. The vision screening may suggest that the Covered Person should undergo a vision examination. Such vision examination is not covered under this Policy.

Therapeutic Manipulation
[Carrier] limits what [Carrier] covers for therapeutic manipulation to 30 visits per Calendar Year. And [Carrier] covers no more than two modalities per visit. Charges for such treatment above these limits are a Non-Covered Charge.
["DC" NOTE: ANY THERAPEUTIC MANIPULATION SERVICES AND SUPPLIES A COVERED PERSON RECEIVES UNDER THE ASSOCIATED HMO PLAN WILL REDUCE THE THERAPEUTIC MANIPULATION BENEFITS AVAILABLE UNDER THIS INDEMNITY PLAN.]

Non-Biologically-based Mental Illnesses and Substance Abuse
[Carrier] limits what [Carrier] pays for the treatment of Non-Biologically-based Mental Illnesses and Substance Abuse as those terms are defined in this Policy.

A Covered Person may receive treatment as an Inpatient in a Hospital or a Substance Abuse Center. He or she may also receive treatment as an Outpatient from a Hospital, Substance Abuse Center, or any properly licensed or certified Practitioner, psychologist or social worker.

The Covered Person must pay the Coinsurance shown on the Schedule for Covered Charges for such treatment. [Carrier] limits coverage for all treatment of Non-Biologically-based Mental Illnesses and Substance Abuse per Calendar Year to:
a) thirty (30) days of Inpatient confinement; and
b) twenty (20) Outpatient visits.
Subject to [Carrier] Pre-Approval, one or more of any unused Inpatient days may be exchanged for additional Outpatient visits, where each Inpatient day may be exchanged for two Outpatient visits. **[Carrier] will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for Outpatient visits beyond the initial 20 visits which are not Pre-Approved by [Carrier] provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under this Policy.**

[Carrier] does not pay for Custodial Care, education, or training.
["DC" NOTE: ANY NON-BIOLOGICALLY-BASED MENTAL ILLNESSES AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE SERVICES AND SUPPLIES A COVERED PERSON RECEIVES UNDER THE ASSOCIATED HMO PLAN WILL REDUCE THE NON-BIOLOGICALLY-BASED MENTAL ILLNESSES AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE BENEFITS AVAILABLE UNDER THIS INDEMNITY PLAN.]

Transplant Benefits
[Carrier] covers Medically Necessary and Appropriate services and supplies for the following types of transplants:
a) Cornea
b) Kidney
c) Lung
d) Liver
e) Heart
f) Pancreas
g) Intestine
h) Allogeneic Bone Marrow
i) [Autologous Bone Marrow and Associated Dose Intensive Chemotherapy **only** for treatment of:
- Leukemia
- Lymphoma
- Neuroblastoma
- Aplastic Anemia
- Genetic Disorders
- SCID
- WISCOT Aldrich

Subject to [Carrier] Pre-Approval, breast cancer, if the Covered Person is participating in a National Cancer Institute sponsored clinical trial. **[Carrier] will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for such treatment of breast cancer which are not Pre-Approved by [Carrier] provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under this Policy.**
• j) [Autologous Bone Marrow transplant and Associated Dose-Intensive Chemotherapy, but only if performed by institutions approved by the National Cancer Institute, or pursuant to protocols consistent with the guidelines of the American Society of Clinical Oncologists;
k) Peripheral Blood Stem Cell transplants, but only if performed by institutions approved by the National Cancer Institute, or pursuant to protocols consistent with the guidelines of the American Society of Clinical Oncologists.]

If the donor does not have health coverage that would cover the costs associated with his or her role as donor, this Policy will cover the donor's medical costs associated with the donation. [Carrier] does not cover costs for travel, accommodations or comfort items.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

[This Policy has utilization review features. Under these features, [ABC - Systems, a health care review organization] reviews Hospital admissions and Surgery performed outside of a Practitioner's office [for Carrier]. These features must be complied with if a Covered Person:
a) is admitted as an Inpatient to a Hospital, or
b) is advised to enter a Hospital or have Surgery performed outside of a Practitioner's office. If a Covered Person does not comply with these utilization review features, he or she will not be eligible for full benefits under this Policy. See the **Utilization Review Features** section for details.]

[This Policy has Specialty Case Management. Under this provision, [DEF, a Case Coordinator] reviews a Covered Person's medical needs in clinical situations with the potential for catastrophic claims to determine whether case management may be available and appropriate. See the **Specialty Case Management** section for details.]

[This Policy has centers of excellence features. Under these features, a Covered Person may obtain necessary care and treatment from Providers with whom [Carrier] has entered into agreements. See the **Centers of Excellence Features** section for details.]

[What [Carrier] pays is subject to all of the terms of this Policy. Read this Policy carefully and keep it available when consulting a Practitioner.

If an Employee has any questions after reading this Policy he or she should [call The Group Claim Office at the number shown on his or her identification card.]

This Policy is not responsible for medical or other results arising directly or indirectly from the Covered Person's participation in these Utilization Review, Specialty Case Management or Centers of Excellence Features.]

[UTILIZATION REVIEW FEATURES

Important Notice: If a Covered Person does not comply with this Policy's utilization review features, he or she will not be eligible for full benefits under this Policy.

Compliance with this Policy's utilization review features does not guarantee what [Carrier] will pay for Covered Charges. What [Carrier] pays is based on:

a) the Covered Charges actually incurred;
b) the Covered Person being eligible for coverage under this Policy at the time the Covered Charges are incurred; and
c) the Cash Deductible, Copayment and Coinsurance provisions, and all of the other terms of this Policy.

Definitions
"Hospital admission" means admission of a Covered Person to a Hospital as an Inpatient for Medically Necessary and Appropriate care and treatment of an Illness or Injury.

By "covered professional charges for Surgery" [Carrier] means Covered Charges that are made by a Practitioner for performing Surgery. Any surgical charge which is not a Covered Charge under the terms of this Policy is not payable under this Policy.

"Regular working day" means [Monday through Friday from 9 am. to 9 pm. Eastern Time,] not including legal holidays.

Grievance Procedure
[Carriers must include the disclosure requirements set forth in N.J.A.C. 8:38A-3.2

[REQUIRED HOSPITAL STAY REVIEW

Important Notice: If a Covered Person does not comply with these Hospital stay review features, he or she will not be eligible for full benefits under this Policy.

Notice of Hospital Admission Required
[Carrier] requires notice of all Hospital admissions. The times and manner in which the notice must be given is described below. When a Covered Person does not comply with the requirements of this section [Carrier] reduces what it pays for covered Hospital charges as a penalty.

Pre-Hospital Review
All non-Emergency Hospital admissions must be reviewed by [ABC] before they occur. The Covered Person or the Covered Person's Practitioner must notify [ABC] and request a pre-hospital review. [ABC] must receive the notice and request as soon as possible before the admission is scheduled to occur. For a maternity admission, a Covered Person or his or her Practitioner must notify [ABC] and request a pre-hospital review at least [60 days] before the expected date of delivery, or as soon as reasonably possible.

When [ABC] receives the notice and request, [they] evaluate:
a) the Medical Necessity and Appropriateness of the Hospital admission
b) the anticipated length of stay and
c) the appropriateness of health care alternatives, like home health care or other out-patient care.

[ABC] notifies the Covered Person's Practitioner [by phone, of the outcome of their review. And [they] confirm the outcome of [their] review in writing.]

If [ABC] authorizes a Hospital admission, the authorization is valid for:
a) the specified Hospital;
b) the named attending Practitioner; and

c) the authorized length of stay.

The authorization becomes invalid and the Covered Person's admission must be reviewed by [ABC] again if:
a) he or she enters a Facility other than the specified Facility
b) he or she changes attending Practitioners; or
c) more than [60 days] elapse between the time he or she obtains authorization and the time he or she enters the Hospital, except in the case of a maternity admission.

Emergency Admission
[ABC] must be notified of all Emergency admissions by phone. This must be done by the Covered Person or the Covered Person's Practitioner no later than the end of the next regular working day or as soon as possible after the admission occurs.
When [ABC] is notified [by phone,] they require the following information:
a) the Covered Person's name, social security number and date of birth;
b) the Covered Person group plan number;
c) the reason for the admission
d) the name and location of the Hospital
e) when the admission occurred; and
f) the name of the Covered Person's Practitioner.

Continued Stay Review
The Covered Person or his or her Practitioner, must request a continued stay review for any Emergency admission. This must be done at the time [ABC] is notified of such admission.

The Covered Person, or his or her Practitioner, must also initiate a continued stay review whenever it is Medically Necessary and Appropriate to change the authorized length of a Hospital stay. This must be done before the end of the previously authorized length of stay.

[ABC] also has the right to initiate a continued stay review of any Hospital admission. And [ABC] may contact the Covered Person's Practitioner or Hospital by phone or in writing.

In the case of an Emergency admission, the continued stay review evaluates:
a) the Medical Necessity and Appropriateness of the Hospital admission;
b) the anticipated length of stay; and
c) the appropriateness of health care alternatives.

In all other cases, the continued stay review evaluates:
a) the Medical Necessity and Appropriateness of extending the authorized length of stay; and
b) the appropriateness of health care alternatives.

[ABC] notifies the Covered Person's Practitioner [by phone, of the outcome of the review. And [ABC] confirms the outcome of the review in writing.] The notice always includes any newly authorized length of stay.

Penalties for Non-Compliance
In the case of a non-Emergency Hospital admission, as a penalty for non-compliance. [[Carrier] reduces what it pays for covered Hospital charges, **by 50%]** if**:**
a) the Covered Person does not request a pre-hospital review; or
b) the Covered Person does not request a pre-hospital review as soon as reasonably possible before the Hospital admission is scheduled to occur; or
c) [ABC's] authorization becomes invalid and the Covered Person does not obtain a new one; or
d) [ABC] does not authorize the Hospital admission.

In the case of an Emergency admission, as a penalty for non-compliance, [[Carrier] reduces what it pays for covered Hospital charges by 50%], if:
a) [ABC] is not notified of the admission at the times and in the manner described above;
b) the Covered Person does not request a continued stay review; or
c) the Covered Person does not receive authorization for such continued stay.

The penalty applies to covered Hospital charges incurred after the applicable time limit allowed for giving notice ends.

For any Hospital admission, if a Covered Person stays in the Hospital longer than [ABC] authorizes, [Carrier] reduces what it pays for covered Hospital charges incurred after the authorized length of stay ends [by 50%] as a penalty for non-compliance.

Penalties cannot be used to meet this Policy's Maximum Out of Pocket or Cash Deductible.

[REQUIRED PRE-SURGICAL REVIEW

Important Notice: If a Covered Person does not comply with these pre-surgical review features, he or she will not be eligible for full benefits under this Policy.

[Carrier] requires a Covered Person to get a pre-surgical review for any non-Emergency procedure performed outside of a Practitioner's office. When a Covered Person does not comply with the requirements of this section [Carrier] reduces what it pays for covered professional charges for Surgery, as a penalty.

The Covered Person or his or her Practitioner, must request a pre-surgical review from [ABC]. [ABC] must receive the request at least 24 hours before the Surgery is scheduled to occur. If the Surgery is being done in a Hospital, on an Inpatient basis, the pre-surgical review request should be made at the same time as the request for a pre-hospital review.

When [ABC] receives the request, they evaluate the Medical Necessity and Appropriateness of the Surgery and they either:
a) approve the proposed Surgery, or
b) require a second surgical opinion regarding the need for the Surgery.

[ABC] notifies the Covered Person's Practitioner, [by phone, of the outcome of the review. [ABC] also confirms the outcome of the review in writing.]

Second Surgical Opinion
If [ABC's] review does not confirm the Medical Necessity and Appropriateness of the Surgery, the Covered Person may obtain a second surgical opinion. If the second opinion does not confirm the medical necessity of the Surgery, the Covered Person may obtain a third opinion, although he or she is not required to do so.

[ABC] will give the Covered Person a list of Practitioners in his or her area who will give a second opinion. The Covered Person may get the second opinion from [a Practitioner on the list, or from] a Practitioner of his or her own choosing, if the Practitioner:
a) is board certified and qualified, by reason of his or her specialty, to give an opinion on the proposed Surgery;
b) is not a business associate of the Covered Person's Practitioner; and
c) does not perform the Surgery if it is needed.

[ABC] gives second opinion forms to the Covered Person. The Practitioner he or she chooses fills them out, and then returns them to [ABC].

[Carrier] covers charges for additional surgical opinions, including charges for related x-ray and tests. But what [Carrier] pays is based on all the terms of this Policy, except, these charges are not subject to the Cash Deductible or Coinsurance.

Pre-Hospital Review
If the proposed Surgery is to be done on an Inpatient basis, the Required Pre-Hospital Review section must be complied with. See the **Required Pre-Hospital Review** section for details.

Penalties for Non-Compliance
As a penalty for non-compliance, [[Carrier] reduces what it pays for covered professional charges for Surgery by 50%] if:
a) the Covered Person does not request a pre-surgical review; or
b) [ABC] is not given at least 24 hours to review and evaluate the proposed Surgery; or
c) [ABC] requires additional surgical opinions and the Covered Person does not get those opinions before the Surgery is done;
d) [ABC] does not confirm the need for Surgery.

Penalties cannot be used to meet this Policy's Maximum Out of Pocket or Cash Deductible.

[SPECIALTY CASE MANAGEMENT

Important Notice: No Covered Person is required, in any way, to accept a Specialty Case Management Plan recommended by [DEF].

Definitions
"Specialty Case Management" means those services and supplies which meet both of the following tests:
a) They are determined, in advance, by [Carrier] to be Medically Necessary and Appropriate and cost effective in meeting the long term or intensive care needs of a Covered Person in connection with a Catastrophic Illness or Injury.
b) While there are other covered services and supplies available under this Policy for the Covered Person's condition, the services and supplies the [Carrier] offers to make available under the terms of this provision would not otherwise be payable under this Policy.

Please note: [Carrier] has sole Discretion to determine whether to consider Specialty Case Management for a Covered Person.

"Catastrophic Illness or Injury" means one of the following:
a) head injury requiring an Inpatient stay
b) spinal cord Injury
c) severe burns over 20% or more of the body
d) multiple injuries due to an accident
e) premature birth
f) CVA or stroke
g) congenital defect which severely impairs a bodily function
h) brain damage due to either an accident or cardiac arrest or resulting from a surgical procedure
i) terminal Illness, with a prognosis of death within 6 months
j) Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS)
k) chemical dependency
l) mental, nervous and psychoneurotic disorders
m) any other Illness or Injury determined by [DEF] or [Carrier] to be catastrophic.

Specialty Case Management Plan
[DEF] will identify cases of Catastrophic Illness or Injury. The appropriateness of the level of patient care given to a Covered Person as well as the setting in which it is received will be evaluated. In order to maintain or enhance the quality of patient care for the Covered Person, [DEF] will develop a Specialty Case Management Plan.

A Specialty Case Management Plan is a specific written document, developed by [DEF] through discussion and agreement with:
a) the Covered Person, or his or her legal guardian, if necessary;
b) the Covered Person's attending Practitioner; and
c) [Carrier].

The Specialty Case Management Plan includes:
a) treatment plan objectives;
b) course of treatment to accomplish the stated objectives;
c) the responsibility of each of the following parties in implementing the plan: [DEF]; attending Practitioner; Covered Person; Covered Person's family, if any; and
d) estimated cost and savings.

If [Carrier], [DEF], the attending Practitioner, and the Covered Person agree [in writing,] on a Specialty Case Management Plan, the services and supplies required in connection with such Specialty Case Management Plan will be considered as Covered Charges under the terms of this Policy.

The agreed upon Specialty Case Management treatment must be ordered by the Covered Person's Practitioner.

Benefits payable under the Specialty Case Management Plan will be considered in the accumulation of any Calendar Year and Per Lifetime maximums.

Exclusion
Specialty Case Management does not include services and supplies that [Carrier] determines to be Experimental or Investigational.]

[CENTERS OF EXCELLENCE FEATURES

Important Notice: No Covered Person is required, in any way, to receive medical care and treatment at a Center of Excellence.

Definitions
"Center of Excellence" means a Provider that has entered into an agreement with [Carrier] to provide health benefit services for specific procedures. The Centers of Excellence are [identified in the Listing of Centers of Excellence.]

"Pre-Treatment Screening Evaluation" means the review of past and present medical records and current x-ray and laboratory results by the Center of Excellence to determine whether the Covered Person is an appropriate candidate for the Procedure.

"Procedure" means one or more surgical procedures or medical therapy performed in a Center of Excellence.

Covered Charges
In order for charges to be Covered Charges, the Center of Excellence must:
a) perform a Pre-Treatment Screening Evaluation; and
b) determine that the Procedure is Medically Necessary and Appropriate for the treatment of the Covered Person.

Benefits for services and supplies at a Center of Excellence will be [subject to the terms and conditions of this Policy. However, the Utilization Review Features will not apply.]]

EXCLUSIONS

Payment will not be made for any charges incurred for or in connection with:

Care or treatment by means of ***acupuncture*** except when used as a substitute for other forms of anesthesia.

Services for ***ambulance*** for transportation from a Hospital or other health care Facility, unless the Covered Person is being transferred to another Inpatient health care Facility.

Blood or blood plasma which is replaced by or for a Covered Person.

Care and or treatment by a ***Christian Science*** Practitioner.

Completion of claim forms.

Services or supplies related to ***Cosmetic Surgery*** except as otherwise stated in this Policy; complications of Cosmetic Surgery; drugs prescribed for cosmetic purposes.

Services related to ***custodial*** or ***domiciliary*** care.

Dental care or treatment, including appliances and dental implants, except as otherwise stated in this Policy.

Care or treatment by means of ***dose intensive chemotherapy***, except as otherwise stated in this Policy.

Services or supplies, the primary purpose of which is ***educational*** providing the Covered Person with any of the following: training in the activities of daily living; instruction in scholastic skills such as reading and writing; preparation for an occupation; or treatment for learning disabilities.

Experimental or Investigational treatments, procedures, hospitalizations, drugs, biological products or medical devices, except as otherwise stated in this Policy.

Extraction of teeth, except for bony impacted teeth.

Services or supplies for or in connection with:
a) except as otherwise stated in this Policy, exams to determine the need for (or changes of) ***eyeglasses*** or lenses of any type;

b) eyeglasses or lenses of any type except initial replacements for loss of the natural lens; or
c) eye surgery such as radial keratotomy or lasik surgery, when the primary purpose is to correct myopia (nearsightedness), hyperopia (farsightedness) or astigmatism (blurring).

Services or supplies provided by one of the following members of the Employee's ***family***: spouse, child, parent, in-law, brother, sister or grandparent.

Services or supplies furnished in connection with any procedures to enhance ***fertility*** which involve harvesting, storage and/or manipulation of eggs and sperm. This includes, but is not limited to the following: a) procedures: invitro fertilization; embryo transfer; embryo freezing; and Gamete Intra-fallopian Transfer (GIFT) and Zygote Intra-fallopian Transfer (ZIFT); donor sperm, surrogate motherhood and b) Prescription Drugs not eligible under the Prescription Drugs section of the Policy.

Except as stated in the Newborn Hearing Screening provision, Services or supplies related to ***hearing aids and hearing exams*** to determine the need for hearing aids or the need to adjust them.

Services or supplies related to ***herbal medicine***.

["DC" Services or supplies provided under the associated ***HMO Plan***.]

Services or supplies related to ***hypnotism***.

Services or supplies necessary because the Covered Person engaged, or tried to engage, in an ***illegal occupation*** or committed or tried to commit an indictable offense in the jurisdiction in which it is committed, or a felony. ***Exception***: As required by 29 CFR 2590.702(b)(2)(iii) this exclusion does not apply to injuries that result from an act of domestic violence or to injuries that result from a medical condition.

Except as stated below, ***Illness*** **or** ***Injury***, including a condition which is the result of disease or bodily infirmity, which occurred on the job and which is covered or could have been covered for benefits provided under workers' compensation, employer's liability, occupational disease or similar law. ***Exception***: This exclusion does not apply to the following persons for whom coverage under workers' compensation is optional unless such persons are actually covered for workers' compensation: a self-employed person or a partner of a limited liability partnership, members of a limited liability company or partners of a partnership who actively perform services on behalf of the self-employed business, the limited liability partnership, limited liability company or the partnership.

Local anesthesia charges billed separately if such charges are included in the fee for the Surgery.

Membership costs for health clubs, weight loss clinics and similar programs.

Services and supplies related to ***marriage, career or financial counseling, sex therapy or family therapy, nutritional counseling and related services***, except as otherwise stated in this Policy.

Nicotine Dependence Treatment, except as otherwise stated in the Preventive Care section of this Policy.

Any charge identified as a ***Non-Covered Charge*** or which are specifically limited or excluded elsewhere in this Policy, or which are not Medically Necessary and Appropriate, except as otherwise stated in this Policy.

Non-prescription drugs or supplies, except
a) insulin needles and syringes and glucose test strips and lancets;
b) colostomy bags, belts and irrigators; and
c) as stated in this Policy for food and food products for inherited metabolic diseases.

Services provided by a ***pastoral counselor*** in the course of his or her normal duties as a religious person.

Personal convenience or comfort items including, but not limited to, such items as TV's, telephones, first aid kits, exercise equipment, air conditioners, humidifiers, saunas, hot tubs.

Services or supplies that are not furnished by an eligible ***Provider.***

Services related to ***Private Duty Nursing care***, except as provided under the Home Health Care section of this Policy.

The amount of any charge which is greater than a ***Reasonable and Customary Charge***.

Services or supplies related to ***rest or convalescent cures***.

Room and board charges for a Covered Person in any Facility for any period of time during which he or she was not physically present overnight in the Facility.

Except as stated in the Preventive Care section, ***Routine examinations*** or preventive care, including related x-rays and laboratory tests, except where a specific Illness or Injury is revealed or where a definite symptomatic condition is present; premarital or similar examinations or tests not required to diagnose or treat Illness or Injury.

Services or supplies related to ***Routine Foot Care*** except:
a) an open cutting operation to treat weak, strained, flat, unstable or unbalanced feet, metatarsalgia or bunions;
b) the removal of nail roots; and
c) treatment or removal of corns, calluses or toenails in conjunction with the treatment of metabolic or peripheral vascular disease.

Self-administered services such as: biofeedback, patient-controlled analgesia on an Outpatient basis, related diagnostic testing, self-care and self-help training.

Services provided by a ***social worker***, except as otherwise stated in this Policy.

Services or supplies:
a) eligible for payment under either federal or state programs (except Medicaid and Medicare). This provision applies whether or not the Covered Person asserts his or her rights to obtain this coverage or payment for these services;
b) for which a charge is not usually made, such as a Practitioner treating a professional or business associate, or services at a public health fair;
c) for which a Covered Person would not have been charged if he or she did not have health care coverage;
d) provided by or in a government Hospital except as stated below, or unless the services are for treatment:
- of a non-service Emergency; or
- by a Veterans' Administration Hospital of a non-service related Illness or Injury;
  Exception: This exclusion does not apply to military retirees, their Dependents and the Dependents of active duty military personnel who are covered under both this Policy and under military health coverage and who receive care in facilities of the Uniformed Services.

e) provided outside the United States unless the Covered Person is outside the United States for one of the following reasons:
- travel, provided the travel is for a reason other than securing health care diagnosis and/or treatment, and travel is for a period of 6 months or less;
- business assignment, provided the Covered Person is temporarily outside the United States for a period of 6 months or less; or

Subject to [Carrier] Pre-Approval, eligibility for full-time student status, provided the Covered Person is either enrolled and attending an Accredited School in a foreign country; or is participating in an academic program in a foreign country, for which the institution of higher learning at which the student matriculates in the United States, grants academic credit. Charges in connection with full-time students in a foreign country for which eligibility as a full-time student has not been Pre-Approved by [Carrier] are Non-Covered Charges.

Stand-by services required by a Provider.

Sterilization reversal - services and supplies rendered for reversal of sterilization.

Surgery, sex hormones, and related medical, psychological and psychiatric services to change a Covered Person's sex; services and supplies arising from complications of sex transformation.

Telephone consultations.

Transplants, except as otherwise listed in this Policy.

Transportation, travel.

Vision therapy.

Vitamins and dietary supplements.

Services or supplies received as a result of a ***war***, declared or undeclared: police actions; services in the armed forces or units auxiliary thereto.

Weight reduction or control, unless there is a diagnosis of morbid obesity; special foods, food supplements, liquid diets, diet plans or any related products and except as provided in the Nutritional Counseling and Food and Food Products for Inherited Metabolic Diseases provisions.

Wigs, toupees, hair transplants, hair weaving or any drug if such drug is used in connection with baldness.

CONTINUATION RIGHTS

COORDINATION AMONG CONTINUATION RIGHTS SECTIONS

As used in this section, COBRA means the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 as enacted, and later amended.

A Covered Person may be eligible to continue his or her group health benefits under this Policy's **COBRA CONTINUATION RIGHTS** (CCR) section and under other continuation sections of this Policy at the same time.

Continuation Under CCR and **NEW JERSEY GROUP CONTINUATION RIGHTS** (NJGCR): A Covered Person who is eligible to continue his or her group health benefits under CCR is not eligible to continue under NJGCR.

Continuation under CCR and NJGCR and **NEW JERSEY CONTINUATION RIGHTS FOR OVER-AGE DEPENDENTS** (NJCROD): A Dependent who has elected to continue his or her coverage under the group policy under which his or her parent is currently covered pursuant to NJCROD shall not be entitled to further continue coverage under CCR or NJGCR when continuation pursuant to NJCROD ends.

Continuation Under CCR and any other continuation section of this Policy:

If a Covered Person elects to continue his or her group health benefits under this Policy's CCR or NJGCR, as applicable, and any other continuation other than NJCROD, the continuations:
a) start at the same time;
b) run concurrently; and
c) end independently on their own terms.

While covered under more than one continuation section, the Covered Person:
a) will not be entitled to duplicate benefits; and
b) will not be subject to the premium requirements of more than one section at the same time.

AN IMPORTANT NOTICE ABOUT CONTINUATION RIGHTS

The following COBRA CONTINUATION RIGHTS section may not apply to the Employer's Policy. The Employee must contact his or her Employer to find out if:
a) the Employer is subject to the COBRA CONTINUATION RIGHTS section in which case;
b) the section applies to the Employee.

COBRA CONTINUATION RIGHTS (Generally applies to employer groups with 20 or more employees)

Important Notice
Under this section, "Qualified Continuee" means any person who, on the day before any event which would qualify him or her for continuation under this section, is covered for group health benefits under this Policy as:
a) an active, covered Employee;
b) the spouse of an active, covered Employee; or
c) the Dependent child of an active, covered Employee. Except as stated below, any person who becomes covered under this Policy during a continuation provided by this section is not a Qualified Continuee.

Exception: A child who is born to the covered Employee, or who is placed for adoption with the covered Employee during the continuation provided by this section is a Qualified Continuee.

If An Employee's Group Health Benefits Ends
If an Employee's group health benefits end due to his or her termination of employment or reduction of work hours, he or she may elect to continue such benefits for up to 18 months, unless he or she was terminated due to gross misconduct.
A Qualified Continuee may elect to continue coverage under COBRA even if the Qualified Continuee:
a) is covered under another group plan on or before the date of the COBRA election; or
b) is entitled to Medicare on or before the date of the COBRA election.

The continuation:
a) may cover the Employee and any other Qualified Continuee; and
b) is subject to the **When Continuation Ends** section.

Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuees
If a Qualified Continuee is determined to be disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the United States Social Security Act on the date his or her group health benefits would otherwise end due to the Employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours or during the first 60 days of continuation coverage, he or she and any Qualified Continuee who is not disabled may elect to extend his or her 18 month continuation period above for up to an extra 11 months.

To elect the extra 11 months of continuation, the Qualified Continuee must give the Employer written proof of Social Security's determination of his or her disability before the earlier of:
a) the end of the 18 month continuation period; and
b) 60 days after the date the Qualified Continuee is determined to be disabled.

If, during this extra 11 month continuation period, the Qualified Continuee is determined to be no longer disabled under the Social Security Act, he or she must notify the Employer within 30 days of such determination, and continuation will end, as explained in the **When Continuation Ends** section.

An additional 50% of the total premium charge also may be required from the Qualified Continuee by the Employer during this extra 11 month continuation period.

If An Employee Dies While Insured
If an Employee dies while insured, any Qualified Continuee whose group health benefits would otherwise end may elect to continue such benefits. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to the **When Continuation Ends** section.

If An Employee's Marriage [or Domestic Partnership] Ends
If an Employee's marriage ends due to legal divorce or legal separation [or termination of a domestic partnership], any Qualified Continuee whose group health benefits would otherwise end may elect to continue such benefits. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to the **When Continuation Ends** section.

If A Dependent Loses Eligibility
If a Dependent child's group health benefits end due to his or her loss of dependent eligibility as defined in this Policy, other than the Employee's coverage ending, he or she may elect to continue such benefits. However, such Dependent child must be a Qualified Continuee. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to **When Continuation Ends.**

Concurrent Continuations
If a Dependent elects to continue his or her group health benefits due to the Employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours, the Dependent may elect to extend his or her 18 month continuation period to up to 36 months, if during the 18 month continuation period, either:
a) the Dependent becomes eligible for 36 months of group health benefits due to any of the reasons stated above; or
b) the Employee becomes entitled to Medicare.

The 36 month continuation period starts on the date the 18 month continuation period started, and the two continuation periods will be deemed to have run concurrently.

Special Medicare Rule
Except as stated below, the "special rule" applies to Dependents of an Employee when the Employee becomes entitled to Medicare prior to termination of employment or reduction in work hours. The continuation period for a Dependent upon the Employee's subsequent termination of employment or reduction in work hours will be the longer of the following:

a) 18 months from the date of the Employee's termination of employment or reduction in work hours; or
b) 36 months from the date of the Employee's earlier entitlement to Medicare.

Exception: If the Employee becomes entitled to Medicare more than 18 months prior to termination of employment or reduction in work hours, this "special rule" will not apply.

The Qualified Continuee's Responsibilities
A person eligible for continuation under this section must notify the Employer, in writing, of:
a) the legal divorce or legal separation [or termination of the domestic partnership] of the Employee from his or her spouse; or
b) the loss of dependent eligibility, as defined in this Policy, of an insured Dependent child.

Such notice must be given to the Employer within 60 days of either of these events.

The Employer's Responsibilities
The Employer must notify the Qualified Continuee, in writing, of:
a) his or her right to continue this Policy's group health benefits;
b) the monthly premium he or she must pay to continue such benefits; and
c) the times and manner in which such monthly payments must be made.

Such written notice must be given to the Qualified Continuee within 44 days of:
a) the date a Qualified Continuee's group health benefits would otherwise end due to the Employee's death or the Employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours; or
b) the date a Qualified Continuee notifies the Employer, in writing, of the Employee's legal divorce or legal separation [or termination of the domestic partnership] from his or her spouse, or the loss of dependent eligibility of an insured Dependent child.

The Employer's Liability
The Employer will be liable for the Qualified Continuee's continued group health benefits to the same extent as, and in place of, [Carrier], if:
a) the Employer fails to remit a Qualified Continuee's timely premium payment to [Carrier] on time, thereby causing the Qualified Continuee's continued group health benefits to end; or
b) the Employer fails to notify the Qualified Continuee of his or her continuation rights, as described above.

Election of Continuation
To continue his or her group health benefits, the Qualified Continuee must give the Employer written notice that he or she elects to continue. An election by a minor Dependent Child can be made by the Dependent Child's parent or legal guardian. This must be done within 60 days of the date a Qualified Continuee receives notice of his or her continuation rights from the Employer as described above. And the Qualified Continuee must pay the first month's premium in a timely manner.

The subsequent premiums must be paid to the Employer, by the Qualified Continuee, in advance, at the times and in the manner specified by the Employer. No further notice of when premiums are due will be given.

The monthly premium will be the total rate which would have been charged for the group health benefits had the Qualified Continuee stayed insured under this Policy on a regular basis. It includes any amount that would have been paid by the Employer. Except as explained in the **Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuees** section, an additional charge of two percent of the total premium charge may also be required by the Employer.

If the Qualified Continuee fails to give the Employer notice of his or her intent to continue, or fails to pay any required premiums in a timely manner, he or she waives his or her continuation rights.

Grace in Payment of Premiums
A Qualified Continuee's premium payment is timely if, with respect to the first payment after the Qualified Continuee elects to continue, such payment is made no later than 45 days after such election. In all other cases, such premium payment is timely if it is made within 31 days of the specified date.

If timely payment is made to the plan in an amount that is not significantly less than the amount the Employer requires to be paid for the period of coverage, then the amount paid is deemed to satisfy the Employer's requirement for the amount that must be paid, unless the plan notifies the Qualified Continuee of the amount of the deficiency and grants an additional 30 days for payment of the deficiency to be made. An amount is not significantly less than the amount the Employer requires to be paid for a period of coverage if and only if the shortfall is no greater than the lesser of the following two amounts:
a) Fifty dollars (or such other amount as the Commissioner may provide in a revenue ruling, notice, or other guidance published in the Internal Revenue Code Bulletin); or
b) Ten percent of the amount the plan requires to be paid.

Payment is considered as made on the date on which it is sent to the Employer.

When Continuation Ends
A Qualified Continuee's continued group health benefits end on the first of the following:
a) with respect to continuation upon the Employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours, the end of the 18 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;
b) with respect to a Qualified Continuee who has elected an additional 11 months of continuation due to his or her own disability or the disability of a family member, the earlier of:
   - the end of the 29 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end; or
   - the first day of the month which coincides with or next follows the date which is 30 days after the date on which a final determination is made that a disabled Qualified Continuee is no longer disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the United States Social Security Act;

c) with respect to continuation upon the Employee's death, the Employee's legal divorce or legal separation [or termination of the domestic partnership] or the end of an insured Dependent's eligibility, the end of the 36 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;
d) with respect to a Dependent whose continuation is extended due to the Employee's entitlement to Medicare, the end of the 36 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;
e) the date this Policy ends;
f) the end of the period for which the last premium payment is made;
g) the date he or she becomes covered under any other group health plan which contains no limitation or exclusion with respect to any Pre-Existing Condition of the Qualified Continuee or contains a pre-existing conditions limitation or exclusion that is eliminated through the Qualified Continuee's total period of Creditable Coverage;
h) the date he or she becomes entitled to Medicare;
i) termination of a Qualified Continuee for cause (e.g. submission of a fraudulent claim) on the same basis that the Employer terminates coverage of an active employee for cause.

NEW JERSEY GROUP CONTINUATION RIGHTS (NJGCR)

Important Notice
Except as stated below, under this section, "Qualified Continuee" means any person who, on the day before any event which would qualify him or her for continuation under this section, is covered for group health benefits under this Policy as:
a) a full-time covered Employee;
b) the spouse of a full-time covered Employee; or
c) the Dependent child of a full-time covered Employee.
Exception: A Newly Acquired Dependent, where birth, adoption, or marriage occurs after the Qualifying Event is also a "Qualified Continuee" for purposes of being included under the Employee's continuation coverage.

If An Employee's Group Health Benefits Ends
If an Employee's group health benefits end due to his or her termination of employment or reduction of work hours to fewer than 25 hours per week, he or she may elect to continue such benefits for up to 18 months, unless he or she was terminated for cause. The Employee's spouse and Dependent children may elect to continue benefits even if the Employee does not elect continuation for himself or herself.

A Qualified Continuee may elect to continue coverage under NJGCR even if the Qualified Continuee:
a) is covered under another group plan on or before the date of the NJGCR election; or
b) is entitled to Medicare on or before the date of the NJGCR election.

The continuation:
a) may cover the Employee and/or any other Qualified Continuee; and
b) is subject to the When Continuation Ends section.

Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuees
If a former Employee who is a Qualified Continuee is determined to be disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the United States Social Security Act on the date his or her group health benefits would otherwise end due to the termination of employment or reduction of work hours to fewer than 25 hours per week or during the first 60 days of continuation coverage, he or she may elect to extend his or her 18-month continuation period for himself or herself and any Dependents who are Qualified Continuees for up to an extra 11 months.

To elect the extra 11 months of continuation, the Qualified Continuee must give the [Carrier] written proof of Social Security's determination of his or her disability before the earlier of:
a) the end of the 18 month continuation period; and
b) 60 days after the date the Qualified Continuee is determined to be disabled.

If, during this extra 11 month continuation period, the Qualified Continuee is determined to be no longer disabled under the Social Security Act, he or she must notify the [Carrier] within 31 days of such determination, and continuation will end, as explained in the When Continuation Ends section.

An additional 50% of the total premium charge also may be required from the Qualified Continuee by the Employer during this extra 11 month continuation period.

If An Employee Dies While Insured
If an Employee dies while insured, any Qualified Continuee whose group health benefits would otherwise end may elect to continue such benefits. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to the When Continuation Ends section.

If An Employee's Marriage or Civil Union [or Domestic Partnership] Ends
If an Employee's marriage ends due to legal divorce or legal separation or dissolution of the civil union [or termination of a domestic partnership], any Qualified Continuee whose group health benefits would otherwise end may elect to continue such benefits. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to the When Continuation Ends section.

If A Dependent Loses Eligibility
If a Dependent child's group health benefits end due to his or her loss of dependent eligibility as defined in this Policy, other than the Employee's coverage ending, he or she may elect to continue such benefits for up to 36 months, subject to When Continuation Ends.

The Employer's Responsibilities
Upon loss of coverage due to termination of employment or reduction in work hours, the Employer must notify the former employee in writing, of:
a) his or her right to continue this Policy's group health benefits;
b) the monthly premium he or she must pay to continue such benefits; and
c) the times and manner in which such monthly payments must be made.

Upon being advised of the death of the Employee, divorce, dissolution of the civil union [termination of domestic partnership] or Dependent child's loss of eligibility, the Employer should notify the Qualified Continuee in writing, of:
a) his or her right to continue this Policy's group health benefits;
b) the monthly premium he or she must pay to continue such benefits; and
c) the times and manner in which such monthly payments must be made.

Election of Continuation
To continue his or her group health benefits, the Qualified Continuee must give the Employer written notice that he or she elects to continue. An election by a minor Dependent Child can be made by the Dependent Child's parent or legal guardian. This must be done within 30 days of the date coverage ends. The first month's premium must be paid within 30 days of the date the Qualified Continuee elects continued coverage.

The subsequent premiums must be paid to the Employer, by the Qualified Continuee, in advance, at the times and in the manner specified by the Employer.

The monthly premium will be the total rate which would have been charged for the group health benefits had the Qualified Continuee stayed insured under this Policy on a regular basis. It includes any amount that would have been paid by the Employer. Except as explained in the Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuees section, an additional charge of two percent of the total premium charge may also be required by the Employer.

If the Qualified Continuee does not give the Employer notice of his or her intent to continue coverage, or fails to pay any required premiums in a timely manner, he or she waives his or her continuation rights.

Grace in Payment of Premiums
A Qualified Continuee's premium payment is timely if, with respect to the first payment after the Qualified Continuee elects to continue, such payment is made no later than 30 days after such election. In all other cases, such premium payment is timely if it is made within 31 days of the date it is due.

The Continued Coverage
The continued coverage shall be identical to the coverage provided to similarly situated active Employees and their Dependents under the Employer's plan. If coverage is modified for any group of similarly situated active Employees and their Dependents, the coverage for Qualified Continuees shall also be modified in the same manner. Evidence of insurability is not required for the continued coverage.

When Continuation Ends
A Qualified Continuee's continued group health benefits end on the first of the following:
a) with respect to continuation upon the Employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours, the end of the 18 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;
b) with respect to a Qualified Continuee who has elected an additional 11 months of continuation due to his or her own disability, the end of the 29 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end. However, if the Qualified Continuee is no longer disabled, coverage ends on the later of:
   - the end of the 18-month period; or
   - the first day of the month that begins more than 31 days after the date on which a final determination is made that a disabled Qualified Continuee is no longer disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the United States Social Security Act;
c) with respect to continuation upon the Employee's death, the Employee's legal divorce or legal separation, dissolution of the civil union, [or termination of the domestic partnership] or the end of an insured Dependent's eligibility, the end of the 36 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;
d) the date the Employer ceases to provide any health benefits plan to any active Employee or Qualified Continuee;
e) the end of the period for which the last premium payment is made;
f) the date he or she first becomes covered under any other group health benefits plan, as an employee or otherwise, which contains no limitation or exclusion with respect to any Pre-Existing Condition of the Qualified Continuee; or
g) the date he or she first becomes entitled to Medicare.

NEW JERSEY CONTINUATION RIGHTS FOR OVER-AGE DEPENDENTS (Applies to all size groups):

As used in this provision, "Over-Age Dependent" means an Employee's child by blood or law who:
a) has reached the limiting age under the group plan, but is less than 30 years of age;
b) is not married or in a civil union partnership;
c) has no Dependents of his or her own;
d) is either a resident of New Jersey or is enrolled as a full-time student at an Accredited School; and
e) is not covered under any other group or individual health benefits plan, group health plan, church plan or health benefits plan, and is not entitled to Medicare.

If A Dependent Loses Eligibility
If a Dependent child's group health benefits end or have ended due to his or her attainment of the limiting age, he or she may elect to continue such benefits until his or her 30th birthday, subject to the Conditions for Election, Election of Continuation and When Continuation Ends sections below.

Conditions for Election
An Over-Age Dependent is only entitled to make an election for continued coverage if all of the following conditions are met.
a) The group policy under which the Dependent child was covered immediately prior to reaching the limiting age must have been a fully-insured group policy issued in New Jersey.
b) The Dependent child must actually have been covered under the group policy on the date he or she reached the limiting age under such group policy.
c) A parent of an Over-Age Dependent must be enrolled as having elected Dependent coverage at the time the Over-Age Dependent elects continued coverage. Except, if the Employee has no other Dependents, the Over-Age Dependent may nevertheless select continued coverage.

Election of Continuation
To continue group health benefits, the Over-Age Dependent must make written election to [the Carrier]. The effective date of the continued coverage will be the later of:
a) the date the Over-Age Dependent gives written notice to [the Carrier]; or
b) the date the Over-Age Dependent pays the first premium; or
c) the date the Dependent would otherwise lose coverage due to attainment of the limiting age.

For a Dependent whose coverage has not yet terminated due to the attainment of the limiting age, the written election must be made within 30 days prior to termination of coverage due to the attainment of the limiting age.

For a person who did not qualify as an Over-Age Dependent because he or she fails to meet all the requirements of an Over-Age Dependent, but who subsequently meets all of the requirements for an Over-Age Dependent, written election must be made within 30 days after the person first subsequently meets all of the requirements for an Over-Age Dependent.

This election opportunity is explained in greater detail as follows:
a) If a person did not qualify because he or she was married, the notice must be given within 30 days of the date he or she is no longer married.
b) If a person did not qualify because he or she had a Dependent of his or her own, the election must be made within 30 days of the date he or she no longer has a Dependent.
c) If a person did not qualify because he or she either was not a resident of New Jersey or was not a full-time student at an Accredited school, the election must be made within 30 days of the date he or she becomes a resident of New Jersey, or becomes a full-time student at an accredited school.
d) If a person did not qualify because he or she was covered under any other group or individual health benefits plan, group health plan, church plan or health benefits plan, or was entitled to Medicare, the election must be made within 30 days of the date he or she is no longer covered under any other group or individual health benefits plan, group health plan, church plan or health benefits plan, or is no longer entitled to Medicare.

An Over-Age Dependent may make written election to continue coverage during a 30 day period beginning on each anniversary date of the date the dependent lost coverage due to attaining the limiting age, provided he or she meets the definition of an "Over-Age Dependent" during that 30-day period.

[Special Enrollment Period: May 12, 2006 – May 11, 2007
A person who qualifies as an Over-Age Dependent as of May 12, 2006, having reached the limiting age under a group plan and lost coverage under such group plan prior to May 12, 2006, may give written notice of an election for continued coverage at any time beginning May 12, 2006 and continuing until May 11, 2007.]
Note to carriers: This Special Enrollment Period text may be deleted for plans issued after May 11, 2007.

Application of a Pre-Existing Conditions Exclusion
An Over-Age Dependent who was covered under prior Creditable Coverage that terminated no more than 90 days prior to making an election for continuation under this section will be given credit for the time he or she was covered under the Creditable Coverage toward the application of the Pre-Existing Conditions Exclusion under the Policy.

Payment of Premium
The first month's premium must be paid within 30 days of the date the Over-Age Dependent elects continued coverage.

The Over-Age Dependent must pay subsequent premiums monthly, in advance, [at the times and in the manner specified by [the Carrier]] [and will be remitted by the Employer]. The monthly premium will be set by the Carrier, and must be consistent with the requirements of P.L. 2005, c. 375.

Grace in Payment of Premiums
An Over-Age Dependent's premium payment is timely if, with respect to the first payment after the Over-Age Dependent elects to continue, such payment is made no later than 30 days after such election. In all other cases, such premium payment is timely if it is made within 30 days of the date it is due.

The Continued Coverage
The continued coverage shall be identical to the coverage provided to the Over-Age Dependent's parent who is covered as an Employee under the Policy [and will be evidenced by a separate [Certificate] and ID card being issued to the Over-Age Dependent.]. If coverage is modified for Dependents who are under the limiting age, the coverage for Over-Age Dependents shall also be modified in the same manner. Evidence of insurability is not required for the continued coverage.

When Continuation Ends
An Over-Age Dependent's continued group health benefits end on the first of the following:
a) the date the Over-Age Dependent:
    1. attains age 30
    2. marries or enters into a civil union partnership;
    3. acquires a Dependent;
    4. is no longer either a resident of New Jersey or enrolled as a full-time student at an Accredited School; or
    5. becomes covered under any other group or individual health benefits plan, group health plan, church plan or health benefits plan, or becomes entitled to Medicare
b) the end of the period for which premium has been paid for the Over-Age Dependent, subject to the Grace Period for such payment;
c) the date the Policy ceases to provide coverage to the Over-Age Dependent's parent who is the Employee under the Policy.
d) The date the Policy under which the Over-Age Dependent elected to continue coverage is amended to delete coverage for Dependents.
e) The date the Over-Age Dependent's parent who is covered as an Employee under the Policy waives Dependent coverage. Except, if the Employee has no other Dependents, the Over-Age Dependent's coverage will not end as a result of the Employee waiving Dependent coverage.

A TOTALLY DISABLED EMPLOYEE'S RIGHT TO CONTINUE GROUP HEALTH BENEFITS

If An Employee is Totally Disabled
An Employee who is Totally Disabled and whose group health benefits end because his or her active employment or membership in an eligible class ends due to that disability, can elect to continue his or her group health benefits. But he or she must have been insured by this Policy for at least three months immediately prior to the date his or her group health benefits ends. The continuation can cover the Employee, and at his or her option, his or her then insured Dependents.

How And When To Continue Coverage
To continue group health benefits, the Employee must give the Employer written notice that he or she elects to continue such benefits. And he or she must pay the first month's premium. This must be done within 31 days of the date his or her coverage under this Policy would otherwise end.

Subsequent premiums must be paid to the Employer monthly, in advance, at the times and in the manner specified by the Employer. The monthly premium the Employee must pay will be the total rate charged for an active Full-Time Employee, insured under this Policy on a regular basis, on the date each payment is due. It includes any amount which would have been paid by the Employer.

[Carrier] will consider the Employee's failure to give notice or to pay any required premium as a waiver of the Employee's continuation rights.

If the Employer fails, after the timely receipt of the Employee's payment, to pay [Carrier] on behalf of such Employee, thereby causing the Employee's coverage to end; then such Employer will be liable for the Employee's benefits, to the same extent as, and in place of, [Carrier].

When This Continuation Ends
These continued group health benefits end on the first of the following:
a) the end of the period for which the last payment is made, if the Employee stops paying.
b) the date the Covered Person becomes employed and eligible or covered for similar benefits by another group plan, whether it be an insured or uninsured plan;
c) the date this Policy ends or is amended to end for the class of Employees to which the Employee belonged; or
d) with respect to a Dependent, the date he or she stops being an eligible Dependent as defined in this Policy.

AN EMPLOYEE'S RIGHT TO CONTINUE GROUP HEALTH BENEFITS DURING A FAMILY LEAVE OF ABSENCE

Important Notice
This section may not apply to an Employer's Policy. The Employee must contact his or her Employer to find out if:
a) the Employer must allow for a leave of absence under Federal law in which case;
b) the section applies to the Employee.

If An Employee's Group Health Coverage Ends
Group health coverage may end for an Employee because he or she ceases Full-Time work due to an approved leave of absence. Such leave of absence must have been granted to allow the Employee to care for a sick family member or after the birth or adoption of a child. If so, his or her group health benefits insurance will be continued. Dependents' insurance may also be continued. The Employee will be required to pay the same share of premium as before the leave of absence.

When Continuation Ends
Insurance may continue until the earliest of:
a) the date the Employee returns to Full-Time work;
b) the end of a total leave period of 12 weeks in any 12 month period;
c) the date on which the Employee's coverage would have ended had the Employee not been on leave; or
d) the end of the period for which the premium has been paid.

[A DEPENDENT'S RIGHT TO CONTINUE GROUP HEALTH BENEFITS

If an Employee dies, any of his or her Dependents who were insured under this Policy may elect to continue coverage. Subject to the payment of the required premium, coverage may be continued until the earlier of:
a) 180 days following the date of the Employee's death; or
b) the date the Dependent is no longer eligible under the terms of this Policy.]

[CONVERSION RIGHTS FOR DIVORCED SPOUSES

IF AN EMPLOYEE'S MARRIAGE OR CIVIL UNION [OR DOMESTIC PARTNERSHIP] ENDS

If an Employee's marriage ends by legal divorce or annulment or the employee's civil union is dissolved [or termination of the domestic partnership], the group health benefits for his or her former spouse ends. The former spouse may convert to an individual major medical policy during the conversion period. The former spouse may insure under his or her individual policy any of his or her Dependent children who were insured under this Policy on the date the group health benefits ends. See **exceptions** below.

Exceptions
No former spouse may use this conversion right:
a) if he or she is eligible for Medicare; or
b) if it would cause him or her to be overinsured.

This may happen if the spouse is covered or eligible for coverage providing similar benefits provided by any other plan, insured or not insured. [Carrier] will determine if overinsurance exists using its standards for overinsurance.

HOW AND WHEN TO CONVERT

The conversion period means the 31 days after the date group health benefits ends. The former spouse must apply for the individual policy in writing and pay the first premium for such policy during the conversion period. Evidence of insurability will not be required.

THE CONVERTED POLICY

The individual policy will provide the medical benefits that [Carrier] is required to offer in the state where the Employer is located.

The individual policy will take effect on the day after group health benefits under this Policy ends.

After group health benefits under this Policy ends, the former spouse and any children covered under the individual policy may still be paid benefits under this Policy. If so, benefits to be paid under the individual policy will be reduced by the amount paid under this Policy.]

EFFECT OF INTERACTION WITH A HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION PLAN
HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION ("HMO") means a prepaid alternative health care delivery system.

A Policyholder may offer its Employees HMO membership in lieu of the group health benefits insurance provided by this Policy ["DC" ,where this Indemnity Plan is issued in conjunction with an HMO Plan. This Effect of Interaction with a Health Maintenance Organization Plan provision does **not** apply to Employees and their Dependents who are HMO members due to coverage under this Indemnity Plan and the associated HMO Plan.] If the Employer does ["DC" offer HMO membership under an HMO plan *other than* the associated HMO Plan], the following provisions apply.

IF AN INSURED EMPLOYEE ELECTS HMO MEMBERSHIP

Date Group Health Benefits Insurance Ends
Insurance for an Employee and his or her Dependents will end on the date the Employee becomes an HMO member.

Benefits After Group Health Benefits Insurance Ends
When an Employee becomes an HMO member, the **Extended Health Benefits** section of this Policy will not apply to him or her and his or her Dependents.

Exception:
IF, on the date membership takes effect, the HMO does not provide benefits due to:
a) an HMO waiting period
b) an HMO Pre-Existing Conditions limit, or
c) a confinement in a Hospital not affiliated with the HMO

AND the HMO provides benefits for Total Disability when membership ends

THEN group health benefits will be paid until the first of the following occurs:
a) 30 days expire from the date membership takes effect
b) the HMO's waiting period ends
c) the HMO's Pre-Existing Conditions limit expires, or
d) hospitalization ends.

IF AN HMO MEMBER ELECTS GROUP HEALTH BENEFITS INSURANCE PROVIDED BY THIS POLICY
Date Transfer To Such Insurance Takes Effect
Each Employee who is an HMO member may transfer to such insurance by written request. If he or she elects to do so, any Dependents who are HMO members must also be included in such request. The date such persons are to be insured depends on when and why the transfer request is made.

request made during an open enrollment period
[Carrier] and the Policyholder will agree when this period will be. If an Employee requests insurance during this period, he or she and his or her Dependents will be insured on the date such period ends.

Request made because:
a) an HMO ends its operations
b) the Employee [moves outside] [no longer lives, works or resides in] the HMO service area

If an Employee requests insurance because membership ends for these reasons, the date he or she and his or her Dependents are to be insured depends on the date the request is made.

If it is made:
a) on or before the date membership ends, they will be insured on the date such membership ends
b) within 31 days after the date membership ends, they will be insured on the date the request is made
c) more than 31 days after the date membership ends, the Employee and his or her Dependents will be Late Enrollees.

Request made because an HMO becomes insolvent
If an Employee requests insurance because membership ends for this reason, the date he- or she and his or her Dependents are to be insured depends on the date the request is made.

If it is made:
a) within 31 days after the date membership ends, they will be insured on the date the request is made
b) more than 31 days after the date membership ends, the Employee and his or her Dependents will be Late Enrollees.

Request made at any other time
An Employee may request insurance at any time other than that described above. In this case, he or she and his or her Dependents will be Late Enrollees.

Other Provisions Affected By A Transfer
If a person makes a transfer, the following provisions, if required by this Policy for such insurance, will not apply on the transfer date:
a) [an Actively at Work requirement]
b) a waiting period to the extent it has already been satisfied, or
c) Pre-Existing Conditions Limitation provisions to the extent it has already been satisfied.

Charges not covered
Charges incurred before a person becomes insured will be considered Non-Covered Charges.

Right to change premium rates
[Carrier] has the right to change premium rates when, in its opinion, its liability under this Policy is changed by interaction with an HMO plan.

COORDINATION OF BENEFITS AND SERVICES

Purpose Of This Provision
A [Covered Person] may be covered for health benefits or services by more than one Plan. For instance, he or she may be covered by this [Policy] as an Employee and by another plan as a Dependent of his or her spouse. If he or she is covered by more than one Plan, this provision allows [Carrier] to coordinate what [Carrier] pays or provides with what another Plan pays or provides. This provision sets forth the rules for determining which is the Primary Plan and which is the Secondary Plan. Coordination of benefits is intended to avoid duplication of benefits while at the same time preserving certain rights to coverage under all Plans under which the [Covered Person] is covered.

DEFINITIONS
The words shown below have special meanings when used in this provision. Please read these definitions carefully. [Throughout this provision, these defined terms appear with their initial letter capitalized.]

Allowable Expense: The charge for any health care service, supply or other item of expense for which the [Covered Person] is liable when the health care service, supply or other item of expense is covered at least in part under any of the Plans involved, except where a statute requires another definition, or as otherwise stated below.

When this [Policy] is coordinating benefits with a Plan that provides benefits only for dental care, vision care, prescription drugs or hearing aids, Allowable Expense is limited to like items of expense.

[Carrier] will not consider the difference between the cost of a private hospital room and that of a semi-private hospital room as an Allowable Expense unless the stay in a private room is Medically Necessary and Appropriate.

When this [Policy] is coordinating benefits with a Plan that restricts coordination of benefits to a specific coverage, [Carrier] will only consider corresponding services, supplies or items of expense to which coordination of benefits applies as an Allowable Expense.

Claim Determination Period: A Calendar Year, or portion of a Calendar Year, during which a [Covered Person] is covered by this [Policy] and at least one other Plan and incurs one or more Allowable Expense(s) under such plans.

Plan: Coverage with which coordination of benefits is allowed. Plan includes:
a) Group insurance and group subscriber contracts, including insurance continued pursuant to a Federal or State continuation law;
b) Self-funded arrangements of group or group-type coverage, including insurance continued pursuant to a Federal or State continuation law;
c) Group or group-type coverage through a health maintenance organization (HMO) or other prepayment, group practice and individual practice plans, including insurance continued pursuant to a Federal or State continuation law;
d) Group hospital indemnity benefit amounts that exceed $150 per day;
e) Medicare or other governmental benefits, except when, pursuant to law, the benefits must be treated as in excess of those of any private insurance plan or non-governmental plan.

Plan does not include:
a) Individual or family insurance contracts or subscriber contracts;
b) Individual or family coverage through a health maintenance organization or under any other prepayment, group practice and individual practice plans;
c) Group or group-type coverage where the cost of coverage is paid solely by the [Covered Person] except that coverage being continued pursuant to a Federal or State continuation law shall be considered a Plan;
d) Group hospital indemnity benefit amounts of $150 per day or less;
e) School accident –type coverage;
f) A State plan under Medicaid.

Primary Plan: A Plan whose benefits for a [Covered Person's] health care coverage must be determined without taking into consideration the existence of any other Plan. There may be more than one Primary Plan. A Plan will be the Primary Plan if either "a" or "b" below exist:
a) The Plan has no order of benefit determination rules, or it has rules that differ from those contained in this Coordination of Benefits and Services provision; or
b) All Plans which cover the [Covered Person] use order of benefit determination rules consistent with those contained in the Coordination of Benefits and Services provision and under those rules, the plan determines its benefits first.

Reasonable and Customary: An amount that is not more than the usual or customary charge for the service or supply as determined by [Carrier], based on a standard which is most often charged for a given service by a Provider within the same geographic area.

Secondary Plan: A Plan which is not a Primary Plan. If a [Covered Person] is covered by more than one Secondary Plan, the order of benefit determination rules of this Coordination of Benefits and Services provision shall be used to determine the order in which the benefits payable under the multiple Secondary Plans are paid in relation to each other. The benefits of each Secondary Plan may take into consideration the benefits of the Primary Plan or Plans and the benefits of any other Plan which, under this Coordination of Benefits and Services provision, has its benefits determined before those of that Secondary Plan.

PRIMARY AND SECONDARY PLAN
[Carrier] considers each plan separately when coordinating payments.

The Primary Plan pays or provides services or supplies first, without taking into consideration the existence of a Secondary Plan. If a Plan has no coordination of benefits provision, or if the order of benefit determination rules differ from those set forth in these provisions, it is the Primary Plan.

A Secondary Plan takes into consideration the benefits provided by a Primary Plan when, according to the rules set forth below, the plan is the Secondary Plan. If there is more than one Secondary Plan, the order of benefit determination rules determine the order among the Secondary Plans. During each Claim Determination Period the Secondary Plan(s) will pay up to the remaining unpaid allowable expenses, but no Secondary Plan will pay more than it would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan. The method the Secondary Plan uses to determine the amount to pay is set forth below in the "**Procedures to be Followed by the Secondary Plan to Calculate Benefits**" section of this provision.

The Secondary Plan shall not reduce Allowable Expenses for medically necessary and appropriate services or supplies on the basis that precertification, preapproval, notification or second surgical opinion procedures were not followed.

RULES FOR THE ORDER OF BENEFIT DETERMINATION

The benefits of the Plan that covers the [Covered Person] as an employee, member, subscriber or retiree shall be determined before those of the Plan that covers the [Covered Person] as a Dependent. The coverage as an employee, member, subscriber or retiree is the Primary Plan.

The benefits of the Plan that covers the [Covered Person] as an employee who is neither laid off nor retired, or as a dependent of such person, shall be determined before those for the Plan that covers the [Covered Person] as a laid off or retired employee, or as such a person's Dependent. If the other Plan does not contain this rule, and as a result the Plans do not agree on the order of benefit determination, this portion of this provision shall be ignored.

The benefits of the Plan that covers the [Covered Person] as an employee, member, subscriber or retiree, or Dependent of such person, shall be determined before those of the Plan that covers the [Covered Person] under a right of continuation pursuant to Federal or State law. If the other Plan does not contain this rule, and as a result the Plans do not agree on the order of benefit determination, this portion of this provision shall be ignored.

If a child is covered as a Dependent under Plans through both parents, and the parents are neither separated nor divorced, the following rules apply:
a) The benefits of the Plan of the parent whose birthday falls earlier in the Calendar Year shall be determined before those of the parent whose birthday falls later in the Calendar Year.
b) If both parents have the same birthday, the benefits of the Plan which covered the parent for a longer period of time shall be determined before those of plan which covered the other parent for a shorter period of time.
c) Birthday, as used above, refers only to month and day in a calendar year, not the year in which the parent was born.
d) If the other plan contains a provision that determines the order of benefits based on the gender of the parent, the birthday rule in this provision shall be ignored.

If a child is covered as a Dependent under Plans through both parents, and the parents are separated or divorced, the following rules apply:
a) The benefits of the Plan of the parent with custody of the child shall be determined first.
b) The benefits of the Plan of the spouse of the parent with custody shall be determined second.
c) The benefits of the Plan of the parent without custody shall be determined last.
d) If the terms of a court decree state that one of the parents is responsible for the health care expenses for the child, and if the entity providing coverage under that Plan has actual knowledge of the terms of the court decree, then the benefits of that plan shall be determined first. The benefits of the plan of the other parent shall be considered as secondary. Until the entity providing coverage under the plan has knowledge of the terms of the court decree regarding health care expenses, this portion of this provision shall be ignored.

If the above order of benefits does not establish which plan is the Primary Plan, the benefits of the Plan that covers the employee, member or subscriber for a longer period of time shall be determined before the benefits of the Plan(s) that covered the person for a shorter period of time.

Procedures to be Followed by the Secondary Plan to Calculate Benefits

In order to determine which procedure to follow it is necessary to consider:
a) the basis on which the Primary Plan and the Secondary Plan pay benefits; and
b) whether the provider who provides or arranges the services and supplies is in the network of either the Primary Plan or the Secondary Plan.

Benefits may be based on the Reasonable and Customary Charge (R&C), or some similar term. This means that the provider bills a charge and the [Covered Person] may be held liable for the full amount of the billed charge. In this section, a Plan that bases benefits on a reasonable and customary charge is called an "R&C Plan."

Benefits may be based on a contractual fee schedule, sometimes called a negotiated fee schedule, or some similar term. This means that although a provider, called a network provider, bills a charge, the [Covered Person] may be held liable only for an amount up to the negotiated fee. In this section, a Plan that bases benefits on a negotiated fee schedule is called a "Fee Schedule Plan." If the [Covered Person] uses the services of a non-network provider, the plan will be treated as an R&C Plan even though the plan under which he or she is covered allows for a fee schedule.

Payment to the provider may be based on a "capitation". This means that then HMO or other plans pays the provider a fixed amount per [Covered Person]. The [Covered Person] is liable only for the applicable deductible, coinsurance or copayment. If the [Covered Person] uses the services of a

non-network provider, the HMO or other plans will only pay benefits in the event of emergency care or urgent care. In this section, a Plan that pays providers based upon capitation is called a "Capitation Plan."

In the rules below, "provider" refers to the provider who provides or arranges the services or supplies and "HMO" refers to a health maintenance organization plan.

Primary Plan is R&C Plan and Secondary Plan is R&C Plan
The Secondary Plan shall pay the lesser of:
a) the difference between the amount of the billed charges and the amount paid by the Primary Plan; or
b) the amount the Secondary Plan would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan.
When the benefits of the Secondary Plan are reduced as a result of this calculation, each benefit shall be reduced in proportion, and the amount paid shall be charged against any applicable benefit limit of the plan.

Primary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan and Secondary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan
If the provider is a network provider in both the Primary Plan and the Secondary Plan, the Allowable Expense shall be the fee schedule of the Primary Plan. The Secondary Plan shall pay the lesser of:
a) The amount of any deductible, coinsurance or copayment required by the Primary Plan; or
b) the amount the Secondary Plan would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan.
The total amount the provider receives from the Primary plan, the Secondary plan and the [Covered Person] shall not exceed the fee schedule of the Primary Plan. In no event shall the [Covered Person] be responsible for any payment in excess of the copayment, coinsurance or deductible of the Secondary Plan.

Primary Plan is R&C Plan and Secondary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan
If the provider is a network provider in the Secondary Plan, the Secondary Plan shall pay the lesser of:
a) the difference between the amount of the billed charges for the Allowable Expenses and the amount paid by the Primary Plan; or
b) the amount the Secondary Plan would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan.
The [Covered Person] shall only be liable for the copayment, deductible or coinsurance under the Secondary Plan if the [Covered Person] has no liability for copayment, deductible or coinsurance under the Primary Plan and the total payments by both the primary and Secondary Plans are less than the provider's billed charges. In no event shall the [Covered Person] be responsible for any payment in excess of the copayment, coinsurance or deductible of the Secondary Plan.

Primary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan and Secondary Plan is R&C Plan
If the provider is a network provider in the Primary Plan, the Allowable Expense considered by the Secondary Plan shall be the fee schedule of the Primary Plan. The Secondary Plan shall pay the lesser of:
a) The amount of any deductible, coinsurance or copayment required by the Primary Plan; or
b) the amount the Secondary Plan would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan.

Primary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan and Secondary Plan is R&C Plan or Fee Schedule Plan
If the Primary Plan is an HMO plan that does not allow for the use of non-network providers except in the event of urgent care or emergency care and the service or supply the [Covered Person] receives from a non-network provider is not considered as urgent care or emergency care, the Secondary Plan shall pay benefits as if it were the Primary Plan.

Primary Plan is Capitation Plan and Secondary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan or R&C Plan
If the [Covered Person] receives services or supplies from a provider who is in the network of both the Primary Plan and the Secondary Plan, the Secondary Plan shall pay the lesser of:
a) The amount of any deductible, coinsurance or copayment required by the Primary Plan; or
b) the amount the Secondary Plan would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan.

Primary Plan is Capitation Plan or Fee Schedule Plan or R&C Plan and Secondary Plan is Capitation Plan
If the [Covered Person] receives services or supplies from a provider who is in the network of the Secondary Plan, the Secondary Plan shall be liable to pay the capitation to the provider and shall not be liable to pay the deductible, coinsurance or copayment imposed by the Primary Plan. The [Covered Person] shall not be liable to pay any deductible, coinsurance or copayments of either the Primary Plan or the Secondary Plan.

Primary Plan is an HMO and Secondary Plan is an HMO
If the Primary Plan is an HMO plan that does not allow for the use of non-network providers except in the event of urgent care or emergency care and the service or supply the [Covered Person] receives from a non-network provider is not considered as urgent care or emergency care, but the provider is in the network of the Secondary Plan, the Secondary Plan shall pay benefits as if it were the Primary Plan. Except that the Primary Plan shall pay out-of-Network services, if any, authorized by the Primary Plan.

BENEFITS FOR AUTOMOBILE RELATED INJURIES

This section will be used to determine a person's benefits under this Policy when expenses are incurred as a result of an automobile related Injury.

Definitions
"Automobile Related Injury" means bodily Injury sustained by a Covered Person as a result of an accident:
a) while occupying, entering, leaving or using an automobile; or
b) as a pedestrian;

caused by an automobile or by an object propelled by or from an automobile.

"Allowable Expense" means a medically necessary, reasonable and customary item of expense covered at least in part as an eligible expense by:
a) this Policy;
b) PIP; or
c) OSAIC.

"Eligible Expense" means that portion of expense incurred for treatment of an Injury which is covered under this Policy without application of Cash Deductibles and Copayments, if any or Coinsurance.

"Out-of-State Automobile Insurance Coverage" or "OSAIC" means any coverage for medical expenses under an automobile insurance policy other than PIP. OSAIC includes automobile insurance policies issued in another state or jurisdiction.

"PIP" means personal injury protection coverage provided as part of an automobile insurance policy issued in New Jersey. PIP refers specifically to provisions for medical expense coverage.

Determination of primary or secondary coverage.
This Policy provides secondary coverage to PIP unless health coverage has been elected as primary coverage by or for the Covered Person under this Policy. This election is made by the named insured under a PIP policy. Such election affects that person's family members who are not themselves named insureds under another automobile policy. This Policy may be primary for one Covered Person, but not for another if the person has separate automobile policies and has made different selections regarding primacy of health coverage.

This Policy is secondary to OSAIC, unless the OSAIC contains provisions which make it secondary or excess to the policyholder's plan. In that case this Policy will be primary.

If there is a dispute as to which policy is primary, this Policy will pay benefits as if it were primary.

Benefits this Policy will pay if it is primary to PIP or OSAIC.
If this Policy is primary to PIP or OSAIC it will pay benefits for eligible expenses in accordance with its terms.

The rules of the **COORDINATION OF BENEFITS AND SERVICES** section of this Policy will apply if:
a) the Covered Person is insured under more than one insurance plan; and
b) such insurance plans are primary to automobile insurance coverage.

Benefits this Policy will pay if it is secondary to PIP or OSAIC.
If this Policy is secondary to PIP or OSAIC the actual benefits payable will be the lesser of:
a) the allowable expenses left uncovered after PIP or OSAIC has provided coverage after applying Cash Deductibles and Copayments, or
b) the benefits that would have been paid if this Policy had been primary.

Medicare
If this Policy supplements coverage under Medicare it can be primary to automobile insurance only to the extent that Medicare is primary to automobile insurance.

MEDICARE AS SECONDARY PAYOR

IMPORTANT NOTICE

The following sections regarding Medicare may not apply to the Employer's Policy. The Employee must contact his or her Employer to find out if the Employer is subject to Medicare as Secondary Payor rules.

If the Employer is subject to such rules, this Medicare as Secondary Payor section applies to the Employee.

If the Employer is NOT subject to such rules, this Medicare as Secondary Payor section does not apply to the Employee, in which case, Medicare will be the primary health plan and this Policy will be the secondary health plan for Covered Persons who are eligible for Medicare.

The following provisions explain how this Policy's group health benefits interact with the benefits available under Medicare as Secondary Payor rules. A Covered Person may be eligible for Medicare by reason of age, disability, or End Stage Renal Disease. Different rules apply to each type of Medicare eligibility, as explained below.

With respect to the following provisions:
a) "Medicare" when used above, means Part A and B of the health care program for the aged and disabled provided by Title XVIII of the United States Social Security Act, as amended from time to time.
b) A Covered Person is considered to be eligible for Medicare by reason of age from the first day of the month during which he or she reaches age 65. However, if the Covered Person is born on the first day of a month, he or she is considered to be eligible for Medicare from the first day of the month which is immediately prior to his or her 65th birthday.
c) A "primary" health plan pays benefits for a Covered Person's Covered Charge first, ignoring what the Covered Person's "secondary" plan pays. A "secondary" health plan then pays the remaining unpaid allowable expenses. See the **Coordination of Benefits** section for a definition of "allowable expense".
d) ["We" means Carrier]

MEDICARE ELIGIBILITY BY REASON OF AGE (Generally applies to employer groups with 20 or more employees)

Applicability
This section applies to an Employee or his or her insured spouse who is eligible for Medicare by reason of age.

Under this section, such an Employee or insured spouse is referred to as a "Medicare eligible".

This section does not apply to:
a) a Covered Person, other than an Employee or insured spouse

b) an Employee or insured spouse who is under age 65, or
c) a Covered Person who is eligible for Medicare solely on the basis of End Stage Renal Disease.

When An Employee or Insured Spouse Becomes Eligible For Medicare
When an Employee or insured spouse becomes eligible for Medicare by reason of age, he or she must choose one of the two options below.

Option (A) - The Medicare eligible may choose this Policy as his or her primary health plan. If he or she does, Medicare will be his or her secondary health plan. See the **When This Policy is Primary** section below, for details.

Option (B) - The Medicare eligible may choose Medicare as his or her primary health plan. If he or she does, group health benefits under this Policy will end. See the **When Medicare is Primary** section below, for details.

If the Medicare eligible fails to choose either option when he or she becomes eligible for Medicare by reason of age, [Carrier] will pay benefits as if he or she had chosen Option (A).

When this Policy is primary
When a Medicare eligible chooses this Policy as his or her primary health plan, if he or she incurs a Covered Charge for which benefits are payable under both this Policy and Medicare, this Policy is considered primary. This Policy pays first, ignoring Medicare. Medicare is considered the secondary plan.

When Medicare is primary
If a Medicare eligible chooses Medicare as his or her primary health plan, he or she will no longer be covered for such benefits by this Policy. Coverage under this Policy will end on the date the Medicare eligible elects Medicare as his or her primary health plan.

A Medicare eligible who elects Medicare as his or her primary health plan, may later change such election, and choose this Policy as his or her primary health plan.

MEDICARE ELIGIBILITY BY REASON OF DISABILITY (Generally applies to employer groups with 100 or more employees)

Applicability
This section applies to a Covered Person who is:
a) under age 65; and
b) eligible for Medicare by reason of disability.

Under this section, such Covered Person is referred to as a "disabled Medicare eligible".

This section does not apply to:
a) a Covered Person who is eligible for Medicare by reason of age; or
b) a Covered Person who is eligible for Medicare solely on the basis of End Stage Renal Disease.

When A Covered Person Becomes Eligible For Medicare
When a Covered Person becomes eligible for Medicare by reason of disability, this Policy is the primary plan. Medicare is the secondary plan.

If a Covered Person is eligible for Medicare by reason of disability, he or she must be covered by both Parts A and B. Benefits will be payable as specified in the **COORDINATION OF BENEFITS AND SERVICES** section of this Policy.

MEDICARE ELIGIBILITY BY REASON OF END STAGE RENAL DISEASE (Applies to all employer groups)

Applicability
This section applies to a Covered Person who is eligible for Medicare on the basis of End Stage Renal Disease (ESRD).

Under this section such Covered Person is referred to as a "ESRD Medicare eligible".

This section does not apply to a Covered Person who is eligible for Medicare by reason of disability.

When A Covered Person Becomes Eligible For Medicare Due to ESRD
When a Covered Person becomes eligible for Medicare solely on the basis of ESRD, for a period of up to 30 consecutive months, if he or she incurs a charge for the treatment of ESRD for which benefits are payable under both this Policy and Medicare, this Policy is considered primary. This Policy pays first, ignoring Medicare. Medicare is considered the secondary plan.

This 30 month period begins on the earlier of:
a) the first day of the month during which a regular course of renal dialysis starts; and
b) with respect to a ESRD Medicare eligible who receives a kidney transplant, the first day of the month during which such Covered Person becomes eligible for Medicare.

After the 30 month period described above ends, if an ESRD Medicare eligible incurs a charge for which benefits are payable under both this Policy and Medicare, Medicare is the primary Plan. This Policy is the secondary Plan. If a Covered Person is eligible for Medicare on the basis of ESRD, he or she must be covered by both Parts A and B. Benefits will be payable as specified in the **COORDINATION OF BENEFITS** section of this Policy.

Amended by R.1994 d.47, effective December 22, 1993.
See: 25 N.J.R. 5017(a), 26 N.J.R. 400(a).
Amended by R.1994 d.498, effective September 2, 1994.
See: 26 N.J.R. 2843(a), 26 N.J.R. 3867(a), 26 N.J.R. 4066(a).
Petition for Rulemaking.
See: 26 N.J.R. 5120(c).
Amended by R.1995 d.580, effective November 6, 1995 (operative January 1, 1996).
See: 27 N.J.R. 3051(a), 27 N.J.R. 4371(a).

Amended by R.1997 d.280, effective July 7, 1997 (operative September 1, 1997).
See: 29 N.J.R. 1090(a), 29 N.J.R. 2931(a).
Amended by R.1997 d.501, effective January 1, 1998.
See: 29 N.J.R. 4620(a), 29 N.J.R. 5069(a).
Amended by R.1998 d.299, effective September 1, 1998.
See: 30 N.J.R. 1883(a), 30 N.J.R. 2223(a).
Amended by R.1998 d.512, effective September 25, 1998.
See: 30 N.J.R. 2815(a), 30 N.J.R. 3840(a).
Amended by R.1999 d.376, effective October 6, 1999 (operative November 1, 1999).
See: 31 N.J.R. 2442(a), 31 N.J.R. 3340(a).
Amended by R.2000 d.304, effective June 23, 2000.
See: 32 N.J.R. 2210(a), 32 N.J.R. 2592(a).
Amended by R.2004 d.107, effective March 15, 2004 (operative October 1, 2004).
See: 35 N.J.R. 5011(a), 36 N.J.R. 1594(a).
Amended by R.2005 d.335, effective September 6, 2005.
See: 37 N.J.R. 3218(a), 37 N.J.R. 3834(a).
Amended by R.2006 d.145, effective April 17, 2006 (operative June 1, 2006).
See: 37 N.J.R. 4869(a), 38 N.J.R. 1751(a).
Amended by R.2006 d.377, effective September 22, 2006.
See: 38 N.J.R. 3484(a), 38 N.J.R. 4719(b).
Amended by R.2008 d.132, effective April 24, 2008.
See: 40 N.J.R. 1746(a), 40 N.J.R. 2476(a).

EXHIBIT G

[Carrier] HMO PLAN

SMALL GROUP HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION (HMO)CONTRACT

CONTRACTHOLDER: [ABC Company]

GROUP CONTRACT NUMBER [G-12345]

GOVERNING JURISDICTION NEW JERSEY

EFFECTIVE DATE OF CONTRACT: [January 1, 2004]

CONTRACT ANNIVERSARIES: [January 1st of each year, beginning in 2005]

PREMIUM DUE DATES: [Effective Date, and the first day of the month beginning with February, 2004.]

AFFILIATED COMPANIES: [DEF Company]

[Carrier], in consideration of the application for this Contract and the payment of premiums as stated herein, agrees to arrange [or provide] services and supplies in accordance with and subject to the terms of this Contract. This Contract is delivered in the jurisdiction specified above and is governed by the laws thereof.

The provisions set forth on the following pages constitute this Contract.

The Effective Date is specified above.

This Contract takes effect on the Effective Date, if it is duly attested below. It continues as long as the required premiums are paid, unless it ends as described in its General Provisions.

[Secretary President]

["DC" THIS SMALL GROUP HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION CONTRACT (HMO PLAN), ISSUED BY [CARRIER] IS ISSUED IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE SMALL GROUP HEALTH BENEFITS POLICY (INDEMNITY PLAN) ISSUED BY [CARRIER]. TOGETHER, THIS HMO PLAN AND THE INDEMNITY PLAN ISSUED BY [CARRIER] PROVIDE POINT OF SERVICE COVERAGE.]

[Include legal name, trade name, phone, fax and e-mail numbers by which consumers may contact the carrier, including at least one toll-free number for Members]

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Section **Page**
SCHEDULE OF PREMIUM RATES AND CLASSIFICATION
["DC" OVERVIEW OF POINT OF SERVICE PLAN]
SCHEDULE OF SERVICES AND SUPPLIES
DEFINITIONS
ELIGIBILITY
[MEMBER] PROVISIONS
[COVERAGE PROVISION]
COVERED SERVICES AND SUPPLIES
NON-COVERED SERVICES AND SUPPLIES
COORDINATION OF BENEFITS AND SERVICES
GENERAL PROVISIONS
CONTINUATION RIGHTS
MEDICARE AS SECONDARY PAYOR
SCHEDULE OF PREMIUM RATES AND CLASSIFICATION

[The monthly premium rates, in U.S. dollars, for the coverage provided under this Contract are:
Covered Employee Only ..... $]

[Covered Employee and Spouse..... $

Covered Employee and Child(ren)..... $

Covered Employee and Family ..... $
(including Covered Employee, spouse and one or more eligible dependents)]

We have the right to prospectively change any Premium rate(s) set forth above at the times and in the manner established by the provision of this Contract entitled "General Provisions."

["DC" Note: The premium rates set forth above are for coverage under this HMO Plan only. Refer to the Indemnity Plan issued in conjunction with this HMO Plan, for information on the premium rates applicable to the Indemnity Plan coverage.]

This Contract's classifications, and the coverages and amounts which apply to each class are shown below:

CLASS(ES)
[All eligible employees]

["DC" OVERVIEW OF POINT OF SERVICE PLAN (Copayment, Deductibles, and Coinsurance)

[NETWORK] (Provided under this HMO Plan)	
Copayment	$[15], unless otherwise stated
Emergency Room Copayment	$50, credited toward Inpatient admission if admitted within 24 hours
Coinsurance	0% [except as stated on the Schedule of Services and Supplies for Prescription Drugs]

[NON-NETWORK] (Provided under the Indemnity Plan)	
Cash Deductible (calendar year, all cause)	[$2,500] per person [$5,000 per family] [Note: Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate [Members]] [$7,500]
Emergency Room Copayment (waived if admitted within 24 hours)	[$50]
Coinsurance	[30%, 20%]
Maximum Out of Pocket	$5,000

MAXIMUM LIFETIME BENEFITS Unlimited, **except** as otherwise stated]
SCHEDULE OF SERVICES AND SUPPLIES [Using Copayment]

THE SERVICES OR SUPPLIES COVERED UNDER THIS CONTRACT ARE SUBJECT TO ALL COPAYMENTS [AND COINSURANCE] AND ARE DETERMINED PER CALENDAR YEAR PER [MEMBER], UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED. MAXIMUMS ONLY APPLY TO THE SPECIFIC SERVICES PROVIDED.

[SERVICES	**COPAYMENTS[/COINSURANCE]:**
HOSPITAL SERVICES:	
INPATIENT	[$75, $100, $150, $200, $300, $400, $500] Copayment/day for a maximum of 5 days/admission. Maximum Copayment [$750, $1000, $1,500, $2,500, $3,000, $4,000, $5,000]/Calendar Year. Unlimited days.
OUTPATIENT	[$5, $10, $15, $20, $30, $40, $50] Copayment/visit
PRACTITIONER SERVICES RECEIVED AT A HOSPITAL:	
INPATIENT VISIT	$0 Copayment
OUTPATIENT VISIT	[$5, $10, $15, $20, $30, $40, $50] Copayment/visit; no Copayment if any other Copayment applies.
EMERGENCY ROOM	[at the option of the carrier, $50, $75 or $100] Copayment/visit/Member (credited toward Inpatient Admission if Admission occurs within 24 hours)

Note: The Emergency Room Copayment is payable in addition to the applicable Copayment and Coinsurance, if any.

SURGERY:.	
INPATIENT	$0 Copayment
OUTPATIENT	[$5, $10, $15, $20, $30, $40, $50] Copayment/visit
HOME HEALTH CARE	Unlimited days, if Pre-Approved; $0 Copayment.
HOSPICE SERVICES	Unlimited days, if Pre-Approved; $0 Copayment.
MATERNITY (PRE-NATAL CARE)	[at the option of the carrier, $25 or same amount as primary care physician copayment] Copayment for initial visit only; $0 Copayment thereafter.
NON-BIOLOGICALLY BASED MENTAL ILLNESS AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE:	
OUTPATIENT	$15 Copayment/visit maximum 20 visits/Calendar Year.
INPATIENT	$150 Copayment/day for a maximum of 5 days per admission. Maximum Copayment: $1,500/Calendar Year.

Maximum of 30 days inpatient care/Calendar Year. Subject to Pre-Approval, unused Inpatient days may be exchanged for additional Outpatient visits, where each Inpatient day may be exchanged for two Outpatient visits.

THERAPEUTIC MANIPULATION	[$5, $10, $15, $20, $30, $40, $50] Copayment/visit; maximum 30 visits/Calendar Year
PRE-ADMISSION TESTING	[$5, $10, $15, $20, $30, $40, $50] Copayment/visit.
PRESCRIPTION DRUG	50% Coinsurance [May be substituted by Carrier with $15 Copayment.]
PRIMARY CARE PHYSICIAN [OR CARE MANAGER] SERVICES (OUTSIDE HOSPITAL)	[$5, $10, $15, $20, $30, $40, $50] Copayment/visit.
PRIMARY CARE SERVICES	[$5, $10, $15, $20, $30, $40, $50] Copayment/visit.
REHABILITATION SERVICES	Subject to the Inpatient Hospital Services Copayment above. The Copayment does not apply if Admission is immediately preceded by a Hospital Inpatient Stay.
SECOND SURGICAL OPINION	[$5, $10, $15, $20, $30, $40, $50] Copayment/visit.
SPECIALIST SERVICES	[$5, $10, $15, $20, $30, $40, $50] Copayment/visit.
SKILLED NURSING FACILITY/EXTENDED CARE CENTER	Unlimited days, if Pre-Approved; $0 Copayment.
THERAPY SERVICES Speech and Cognitive Therapy (Combined), maximum 30 visits per Calendar Year Physical and Occupational Therapy (Combined) maximum 30 visits per Calendar Year	[$5, $10, $15, $20, $30, $40, $50] Copayment/visit.
DIAGNOSTIC SERVICES **INPATIENT** **(OUTPATIENT)**	 $0 Copayment [$5, $10, $15, $20, $30, $40, $50] Copayment/visit
SCHEDULE OF SERVICES AND SUPPLIES	[Example Using Deductible, Coinsurance]

The services or supplies covered under this Contract are subject to the Copayments Deductible and Coinsurance set forth below and are determined per Calendar Year per [Member], unless otherwise stated. Maximums only apply to the specific services provided.

COPAYMENT	
For Primary Care Physician Visits	[$5, $10, $15, $20, $30, $40, $50] per visit
Maternity (pre-natal care)	[at the option of the carrier, $25 or same amount as primary care physician copayment] Copayment/initial visit.
For all other services and supplies	Copayment Not Applicable; Refer to the Deductible and Coinsurance sections
DEDUCTIBLE PER CALENDAR YEAR	
•For Primary Care Physician Visits including Preventive Care and immunizations and lead screening for children	NONE
•Maternity (pre-natal care)	NONE.
•for all other Covered Services and Supplies	
•Per Covered Person	[$250 to $2,500]
•[Per Covered Family	[Dollar amount which is two times the individual Deductible.] **Note**: Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Members
COINSURANCE	
Prescription Drugs	50%
For all services and supplies to which a Copayment does not apply	[10% - 50%, in 5% increments]
For all services and supplies to which a Copayment applies	None
EMERGENCY ROOM COPAYMENT	[at the option of the carrier, $50, $75, $100] Copayment/visit/Member (credited toward Inpatient admission if admission occurs within 24 hours as the result of the emergency).

Note: The Emergency Room Copayment is payable in addition to the applicable Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance.

MAXIMUM OUT OF POCKET

Maximum Out of Pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Member Person must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Member has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.

The **Maximum Out of Pocket** for this Contract is as follows:

•Per Member per Calendar Year	[An amount not to exceed $5,000]
•[Per Member per Calendar Year	[Dollar amount equal to two times the per Member Maximum.]

[**Note:** Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Members]]
Note: The Maximum Out of Pocket cannot be met with Non-Covered Charges.

LIMITATIONS ON SERVICES AND SUPPLIES

Home Health Care Unlimited days, subject to Pre-Approval.

Hospice Services Unlimited days, subject to Pre-Approval.

Non-Biologically-Based Mental Illness and Substance Abuse
- •Outpatient Visits 20 visits per Calendar Year.
- •Inpatient Confinement 30 days per calendar year

Subject to Pre-Approval, unused Inpatient days may be exchanged for additional Outpatient visits, where each Inpatient day may be exchanged for two Outpatient visits.

Speech and Cognitive Therapy (Combined) 30 visits per Calendar Year

Physical and Occupational Therapy (Combined) 30 visits per Calendar Year

Therapeutic Manipulation 30 visits per Calendar Year

Skilled Nursing Facility/
Extended Care Center Unlimited days, subject to Pre-Approval

NOTE: NO SERVICES OR SUPPLIES WILL BE PROVIDED IF A [MEMBER] FAILS TO OBTAIN A REFERRAL FOR CARE THROUGH HIS OR HER PRIMARY CARE PHYSICIAN [OR HEALTH CENTER] [OR THE CARE MANAGER]. READ THE [MEMBER] PROVISIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE OBTAINING MEDICAL CARE, SERVICES OR SUPPLIES.

REFER TO THE SECTION OF THIS CONTRACT CALLED "NON-COVERED SERVICES AND SUPPLIES" FOR A LIST OF THE SERVICES AND SUPPLIES FOR WHICH A [MEMBER] IS NOT ELIGIBLE FOR COVERAGE UNDER THIS CONTRACT.

["DC" THIS HMO PLAN AND THE ASSOCIATED INDEMNITY PLAN MAY BOTH PROVIDE BENEFITS, SERVICES OR SUPPLIES FOR THE SAME SERVICE OR SUPPLY. TO THE EXTENT THAT BENEFITS ARE PROVIDED UNDER THE INDEMNITY PLAN, THE SERVICE OR SUPPLY WILL NOT BE COVERED BY THIS HMO PLAN. SIMILARLY, TO THE EXTENT THAT SERVICES OR SUPPLIES ARE PROVIDED UNDER THIS HMO PLAN, BENEFITS WILL NOT BE PROVIDED UNDER THE INDEMNITY PLAN.

FOR ANY SPECIFIC [NETWORK] SERVICES AND SUPPLIES PROVIDED UNDER THIS CONTRACT WHICH ARE SUBJECT TO LIMITATION, ANY SUCH SERVICES OR SUPPLIES THE [MEMBER] RECEIVES UNDER THIS HMO PLAN WILL REDUCE THE CORRESPONDING BENEFIT PROVIDED UNDER THE INDEMNITY PLAN FOR THAT SERVICE OR SUPPLY. SIMILARLY, FOR ANY SPECIFIC BENEFITS PROVIDED UNDER THE INDEMNITY PLAN WHICH ARE SUBJECT TO LIMITATION, ANY SUCH BENEFITS THE [MEMBER] RECEIVES AS INDEMNITY PLAN COVERED CHARGES WILL REDUCE THE CORRESPONDING HMO PLAN SERVICES AND SUPPLIES AVAILABLE FOR THAT SERVICE OR SUPPLY. THE SERVICES AND SUPPLIES SECTION OF THIS HMO PLAN AND THE COVERED CHARGES SECTION OF THE INDEMNITY PLAN CLEARLY IDENTIFY WHICH SERVICES AND SUPPLIES AND COVERED CHARGES ARE AFFECTED BY THIS REDUCTION RULE.]

DEFINITIONS

The words shown below have specific meanings when used in this Contract. Please read these definitions carefully. Throughout the Contract, these defined terms appear with their initial letters capitalized. They will help [Members] understand what services and supplies are provided.

ACCREDITED SCHOOL. A school accredited by a nationally recognized accrediting association, such as one of the following regional accrediting agencies: Middle States Association of Colleges and Schools, New England Association of Schools and Colleges, North Central Association of Colleges and Schools, Northwest Association of Schools and Colleges, Southern Association of Colleges and Schools, or Western Association of Schools and Colleges. An accredited school also includes a proprietary institution approved by an agency responsible for issuing certificates or licenses to graduates of such an institution.

[ACTIVELY AT WORK or ACTIVE WORK. Performing, doing, participating or similarly functioning in a manner usual for the task for full pay, at the Contractholder's place of business, or at any other place that the Contractholder's business requires the Employee to go.]

AFFILIATED COMPANY. A company defined in subsections (b), (c), (m) or (o) of section 414 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. All entities that meet the criteria set forth in the Internal Revenue Code shall be treated as one employer.

ALCOHOL ABUSE. Abuse of or addiction to alcohol. Alcohol Abuse does not include abuse of or addiction to drugs. Please see the definition of Substance Abuse.

AMBULANCE. A certified transportation vehicle for transporting Ill or Injured people that contains all life-saving equipment and staff as required by applicable state and local law.

AMBULATORY SURGICAL CENTER. A Facility mainly engaged in performing Outpatient Surgery. It must:
a) be staffed by Practitioners and Nurses, under the supervision of a Practitioner;
b) have operating and recovery rooms;
c) be staffed and equipped to give emergency care; and
d) have written back-up arrangements with a local Hospital for emergency care.

It must carry out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws and be either:
a) accredited for its stated purpose by either the Joint Commission or the Accreditation Association for ambulatory care; or
b) approved for its stated purpose by Medicare.

A Facility is not an Ambulatory Surgical Center, for the purpose of this Contract, if it is part of a Hospital.

ANNIVERSARY DATE. The date which is one year from the Effective Date of this Contract and each succeeding yearly date thereafter.

[APPROVED CANCER CLINICAL TRIAL. A scientific study of a new therapy or intervention for the treatment, palliation, or prevention of cancer in human beings that meets the following requirements:
a) The treatment or intervention is provided pursuant to an approved cancer clinical trial that has been authorized or approved by one of the following: 1) The National Institutes of Health (Phase I, II and III); (2) the United States Food and Drug Administration, in the form of an investigational new drug (IND) exemption (Phase I, II and III); 3) The United States Department of Defense; or 4) The United States Department of Veteran Affairs.
b) The proposed therapy has been reviewed and approved by the applicable qualified Institutional Review Board.
c) The available clinical or pre-clinical data to indicate that the treatment or intervention provided pursuant to the Approved Cancer Clinical Trial will be at least as effective as standard therapy, if such therapy exists, and is expected to constitute an improvement in effectiveness for treatment, prevention and palliation of cancer.
d) The Facility and personnel providing the treatment are capable of doing so by virtue of their experience and training
e) The trial consists of a scientific plan of treatment that includes specified goals, a rationale and background for the plan, criteria for patient selection, specific directions for administering therapy and monitoring patients, a definition of quantitative measures for determining treatment response and methods for documenting and treating adverse reactions. All such trials must have undergone a review for scientific content and validity, as evidenced by approval by one of the federal entities identified in item a. A cost-benefit analysis of clinical trials will be performed when such an evaluation can be included with a reasonable expectation of sound assessment.]

BIOLOGICALLY BASED MENTAL ILLNESS. A mental or nervous condition that is caused by a biological disorder of the brain and results in a clinically significant or psychological syndrome or pattern that substantially limits the functioning of the person with the illness, including but not limited to: schizophrenia; schizoaffective disorder; major depressive disorder; bipolar disorder; paranoia and other psychotic disorders; obsessive-compulsive disorder; panic disorder and pervasive developmental disorder or autism.

BIRTHING CENTER. A Facility which mainly provides care and treatment for women during uncomplicated pregnancy, routine full-term delivery, and the immediate post-partum period. It must:
a) provide full-time Skilled Nursing Care by or under the supervision of Nurses;
b) be staffed and equipped to give emergency care; and
c) have written back-up arrangements with a local Hospital for emergency care.

It must:
a) carry out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws; or
b) be approved for its stated purpose by the Accreditation Association for Ambulatory Care; or
c) be approved for its stated purpose by Medicare.

A Facility is not a Birthing Center, for the purpose of this Contract, if it is part of a Hospital.

BOARD. The Board of Directors of the New Jersey Small Employer Health Benefits Program.

CALENDAR YEAR. Each successive twelve-month period starting on January 1 and ending on December 31.

[CARE MANAGER. An entity designated by Us to manage, assess, coordinate, direct and authorize the appropriate level of health care treatment.]

[CASH DEDUCTIBLE. A fixed dollar amount that a Member must pay before [Carrier] provides the Member with coverage for Covered Services or Supplies.]

CHURCH PLAN. Has the same meaning given that term under Title I, section 3 of Pub.L.93-406, the "Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974"

[COINSURANCE. The percentage of Covered Services or Supplies that must be paid by a [Member]. Coinsurance does not include Copayments [or Cash Deductible].]

CONTRACT. This contract, including the application and any riders, amendments or endorsements, between the Contractholder and [Carrier].

CONTRACTHOLDER. Employer or organization which purchased this Contract.

COPAYMENT. A specified dollar amount which [Member] must pay for certain Covered Services or Supplies. **NOTE:** The Emergency Room Copayment, if applicable, must be paid in addition to any other Copayments, Coinsurance or Cash Deductible.

COSMETIC SURGERY OR PROCEDURE. Any surgery or procedure which involves physical appearance, but which does not correct or materially improve a physiological function and is not Medically Necessary and Appropriate.

COVERED EMPLOYEE. A person who meets all applicable eligibility requirements, enrolls hereunder by making application, and for whom premium has been received.

COVERED SERVICES OR SUPPLIES. The types of services and supplies described in the **Covered Services and Supplies** section of this Contract.

Read the entire Contract to find out what We limit or exclude.

CREDITABLE COVERAGE. With respect to an Employee [or Dependent], coverage of the Employee [or Dependent] under any of the following: a Group Health Plan; a group or individual Health Benefits Plan; Part A or Part B of Title XVIII of the federal Social Security Act (Medicare); Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act (Medicaid), other than coverage consisting solely of benefits under section 1928 of Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act (the program for distribution of pediatric vaccines); Title XXI of the Social Security Act (State Children's Health Insurance Program), chapter 55 of Title 10, United States Code (medical and dental care for members and certain former members of the uniformed services and their dependents); a medical care program of the Indian Health Service or of a tribal organization; a state health benefits risk pool; a health plan offered under chapter 89 of Title 5, United States Code; a Public Health Plan as defined by federal regulation; a health benefits plan under section 5(e) of the "Peace Corps Act"; or coverage under any other type of plan as set forth by the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance by regulation.

Creditable Coverage does not include coverage which consists solely of the following: coverage only for accident or disability income insurance, or any combination thereof; coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance; liability insurance, including general liability insurance and automobile liability insurance; workers' compensation or similar insurance; automobile medical payment insurance; credit only insurance; coverage for on-site medical clinics; coverage as specified in federal regulation, under which benefits for medical care are secondary or incidental to the insurance benefits; and other coverage expressly excluded from the definition of Health Benefits Plan.

CURRENT PROCEDURAL TERMINOLOGY (C.P.T.) The most recent edition of an annually revised listing published by the American Medical Association which assigns numerical codes to procedures and categories of medical care.

CUSTODIAL CARE. Any service or supply, including room and board, which:
a) is furnished mainly to help [Member] meet [Member]'s routine daily needs; or
b) can be furnished by someone who has no professional health care training or skills.

Even if a Covered Person is in a Hospital or other recognized Facility, We do not provide for that part of the care which is mainly custodial.

[DEPENDENT.
An Employee's:
a) legal spouse which shall include a civil union partner pursuant to P.L. 2006, c. 103 as well as same sex relationships legally recognized in other jurisdictions when such relationships provide substantially all of the rights and benefits of marriage. [and domestic partner pursuant to P.L. 2003, c. 246]; except that legal spouse shall be limited to spouses of a marriage as marriage is defined in the Federal Defense of Marriage Act, 1 U.S.C.A. 7, with respect to the provisions of the Policy regarding continuation rights required by the Federal Consolidated Omnibus Reconciliation Act of 1886 (COBRA), Pub. L. 99-272, as subsequently amended. (Civil union partners do not have COBRA rights in the event of dissolution of the civil union.)
b) unmarried Dependent child who is under age 19; and
c) unmarried Dependent child from age 19 until his or her 23rd birthday, who is enrolled as a full-time student at an Accredited School. Full-time student status will be as defined by the Accredited School. We can require periodic proof of a Dependent child's status as a full-time student.

Under certain circumstances, an incapacitated child is also a Dependent. See the **Eligibility** section of this Contract.

An Employee's "unmarried Dependent child" includes his or her legally adopted child, his or her step-child if such step-child depends on the Employee for most of his or her support and maintenance, the child of his or her civil union partner if the child depends on the employee for most of his or her support and maintenance, [and] [,the child of his or her domestic partner if the child depends on the Employee for most of his or her support and maintenance, and] children under a court appointed guardianship. We treat a child as legally adopted from the time the child is placed in the home for purpose of adoption. We treat such a child this way whether or not a final adoption order is ever issued.

A Dependent is not a person who is on active duty in the armed forces of any country.

A Dependent is not a person who is covered by this Contract as an Employee.

At Our discretion, We can require proof that a person meets the definition of a Dependent.]

[DEPENDENT'S ELIGIBILITY DATE.
The later of:
a) the Employee's Eligibility Date; or
b) the date the person first becomes a Dependent.]

DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITY or DEVELOPMENTALLY DISABLED. A severe, chronic disability that:
a) is attributable to a mental or physical impairment or a combination of mental and physical impairments;
b) is manifested before the [Member] attains age 19;
c) is likely to continue indefinitely;
d) results in substantial functional limitations in three or more of the following areas of major life activity: self-care; receptive and expressive language; learning; mobility; self-direction; capacity for independent living; economic self-sufficiency;
e) reflects the [Member's] need for a combination and sequence of special interdisciplinary or generic services, individualized support, and other forms of assistance that are lifelong or of extended duration and are individually planned and coordinated.

DIAGNOSTIC SERVICES. Procedures ordered by a recognized Provider because of specific symptoms to diagnose a specific condition or disease. Some examples include, but are not limited to:
a) radiology, ultrasound, and nuclear medicine;
b) laboratory and pathology; and
c) EKG's, EEG's, and other electronic diagnostic tests.

DISCRETION/DETERMINATION/DETERMINE. Our sole right to make a decision or determination. The decision will be applied in a reasonable and non-discriminatory manner.

DURABLE MEDICAL EQUIPMENT. Equipment We Determine to be:
a) designed and able to withstand repeated use;
b) used primarily and customarily for a medical purpose;
c) is generally not useful to a [Member] in the absence of an Illness or Injury; and
d) suitable for use in the home.

Durable Medical Equipment includes, but is not limited to, apnea monitors, breathing equipment, hospital-type beds, walkers, and wheelchairs.

Among other things, Durable Medical Equipment does not include: adjustments made to vehicles, air conditioners, air purifiers, humidifiers, dehumidifiers, elevators, ramps, stair glides, Emergency Alert equipment, handrails, heat appliances, improvements made to a [Member]'s home or place of business, waterbeds, whirlpool baths, exercise and massage equipment.

EFFECTIVE DATE. The date on which coverage begins under this Contract for the Contractholder, or the date coverage begins under this Contract for a [Member], as the context in which the term is used suggests.

EMERGENCY. A medical condition manifesting itself by acute symptoms of sufficient severity including, but not limited to, severe pain, psychiatric disturbances and/or symptoms of Substance Abuse such that a prudent layperson, who possesses an average knowledge of health and medicine, could expect the absence of immediate medical attention to result in: placing the health of the individual (or with respect to a pregnant woman, the health of the woman or her unborn child) in serious jeopardy; serious impairment to bodily functions; or serious dysfunction of a bodily organ or part. With respect to a pregnant woman who is having contractions, an Emergency exists where: there is inadequate time to effect a safe transfer to another Hospital before delivery; or the transfer may pose a threat to the health or safety of the woman or unborn child.

EMPLOYEE. A Full-Time bona-fide Employee (25 hours per week) of the Contractholder. Employees who work on a temporary or substitute basis or who are participating in an employee welfare arrangement established pursuant to a collective bargaining agreement are not considered to be Employees for the purpose of this Contract. Partners, proprietors, and independent contractors will be treated like Employees, if they meet all of this Contract's conditions of eligibility.

EMPLOYEE'S ELIGIBILITY DATE.
a) the date of employment; or
b) [the day] after any applicable waiting period ends.

EMPLOYER. [ABC Company].

ENROLLMENT DATE. With respect to a [Member], the Effective Date or, if earlier, the first day of any applicable waiting period. If an Employee changes plans or if the Employer transfers coverage to another carrier, the [Member's] Enrollment Date does not change.

EXPERIMENTAL or INVESTIGATIONAL.
Services or supplies which We Determine are:

a) not of proven benefit for the particular diagnosis or treatment of a [Member]'s particular condition; or
b) not generally recognized by the medical community as effective or appropriate for the particular diagnosis or treatment of a [Member]'s particular condition; or
c) provided or performed in special settings for research purposes or under a controlled environment or clinical protocol.

Unless otherwise required by law with respect to drugs which have been prescribed for treatment for which the drug has not been approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA), We will not cover any services or supplies, including treatment, procedures, drugs, biological products or medical devices or any hospitalizations in connection with Experimental or Investigational services or supplies.

We will also not cover any technology or any hospitalization in connection with such technology if such technology is obsolete or ineffective and is not used generally by the medical community for the particular diagnosis or treatment of a [Member]'s particular condition.

Governmental approval of a technology is not necessarily sufficient to render it of proven benefit or appropriate or effective for a particular diagnosis or treatment of a [Member]'s particular condition, as explained below.

We will apply the following five criteria in Determining whether services or supplies are Experimental or Investigational:

1. Any medical device, drug, or biological product must have received final approval to market by the FDA for the particular diagnosis or condition. Any other approval granted as an interim step in the FDA regulatory process, e.g., an Investigational Device Exemption or an Investigational New Drug Exemption, is not sufficient. Once FDA approval has been granted for a particular diagnosis or condition, use of the medical device, drug or biological product for another diagnosis or condition will require that one or more of the following established reference compendia:

I. The American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information; or
II. The United States Pharmacopeia Drug Information.

recognize the usage as appropriate medical treatment. As an alternative to such recognition in one or more of the compendia, the usage of the drug will be recognized as appropriate if it is recommended by a clinical study or recommended by a review article in a major peer-reviewed professional journal. A medical device, drug, or biological product that meets the above tests will not be considered Experimental or Investigational.

In any event, any drug which the Food and Drug Administration has determined to be contraindicated for the specific treatment for which the drug has been prescribed will be considered Experimental or Investigational.

2. Conclusive evidence from the published peer-reviewed medical literature must exist that the technology has a definite positive effect on health outcomes; such evidence must include well-designed investigations that have been reproduced by nonaffiliated authoritative sources, with measurable results, backed up by the positive endorsements of national medical bodies or panels regarding scientific efficacy and rationale;

3. Demonstrated evidence as reflected in the published peer-reviewed medical literature must exist that over time the technology leads to improvement in health outcomes, i.e., the beneficial effects outweigh any harmful effects;

4. Proof as reflected in the published peer-reviewed medical literature must exist that the technology is at least as effective in improving health outcomes as established technology, or is usable in appropriate clinical contexts in which established technology is not employable; and

5. Proof as reflected in the published peer-reviewed medical literature must exist that improvements in health outcomes, as defined in paragraph 3, is possible in standard conditions of medical practice, outside clinical investigatory settings.

EXTENDED CARE CENTER. See Skilled Nursing Facility.

FACILITY. A place which:
a) is properly licensed, certified, or accredited to provide health care under the laws of the state in which it operates; and
b) provides health care services which are within the scope of its license, certificate or accreditation.

FULL-TIME. A normal work week of 25 or more hours. Work must be at the Contractholder's regular place of business or at another place to which an Employee must travel to perform his or her regular duties for his or her full and normal work hours.

GOVERNMENT HOSPITAL. A Hospital operated by a government or any of its subdivisions or agencies, including, but not limited to, a Federal, military, state, county or city Hospital.

GROUP HEALTH PLAN. An employee welfare benefit plan, as defined in Title I of section 3 of Pub.L.93-406, the "Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974" (ERISA) (29 U.S.C. § 1002(1)) to the extent that the plan provides medical care and includes items and services paid for as medical care to employees or their dependents directly or through insurance, reimbursement or otherwise.

HEALTH BENEFITS PLAN. Any hospital and medical expense insurance policy or certificate; health, hospital, or medical service corporation contract or certificate; or health maintenance organization subscriber contract or certificate delivered or issued for delivery in New Jersey by any carrier to a Small Employer group pursuant to section 3 of P.L. 1992. c. 162 (C. 17B: 27A-19) or any other similar contract, policy, or plan issued to a Small Employer, not explicitly excluded from the definition of a health benefits plan. Health Benefits Plan does not include one or more, or any combination of the following: coverage only for accident or disability income insurance, or any combination thereof; coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance; liability insurance, including general liability insurance and automobile liability insurance; workers' compensation or similar insurance; automobile medical payment insurance; credit-only insurance; coverage for on-site medical clinics; and other similar insurance coverage, as specified in federal regulations, under which benefits for medical care are secondary or incidental to other insurance benefits. Health Benefits Plans shall not include the following benefits if they are provided under a separate policy, certificate or contract of insurance or are otherwise not an integral part of the plan: limited scope dental or vision benefits; benefits for long term care, nursing home care, home health care, community based care, or any combination thereof; and such other similar, limited benefits as are specified in federal regulations. Health Benefits Plan shall not include hospital confinement indemnity coverage if the benefits are provided under a separate policy, certificate or contract of insurance, there is no coordination between the provision of the benefits and any exclusion of benefits under any group Health Benefits Plan maintained by the same Plan Sponsor, and those benefits are paid with respect to an event without regard to whether benefits are provided with respect to such an event under any Group Health Plan maintained by the same Plan Sponsor. Health Benefits Plan shall not include the following if it is offered as a separate policy, certificate or contract of insurance: Medicare supplemental health insurance as defined under section 1882(g)(1) of the federal Social Security Act; and coverage supplemental to the coverage provided under chapter 55 of Title 10, United States Code; and similar supplemental coverage provided to coverage under a Group Health plan.

[HEALTH CARE CENTER OR HEALTH CENTER. A place operated by or on behalf of an HMO where [Network] Providers provide Covered Services and Supplies to [Members].]

HEALTH STATUS-RELATED FACTOR. Any of the following factors: health status; medical condition, including both physical and mental Illness; claims experience; receipt of health care; medical history; genetic information; evidence of insurability, including conditions arising out of acts of domestic violence; and disability.

["DC" HMO PLAN. The Small Group Health Maintenance Organization Contract issued by [Carrier].]

HOME HEALTH AGENCY. A Provider which provides Skilled Nursing Care for Ill or Injured people in their home under a home health care program designed to eliminate Hospital stays. It must be licensed by the state in which it operates, or it must be certified to participate in Medicare as a Home Health Agency.

HOSPICE. A Provider which provides palliative and supportive care for terminally Ill or terminally Injured people. It must carry out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it must either:
a) be approved for its stated purpose by Medicare; or
b) be accredited for its stated purpose by either the Joint Commission or the National Hospice Organization.

HOSPITAL. A Facility which mainly provides Inpatient care for Ill or Injured people. It must carry out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it must either:
a) be accredited as a Hospital by the Joint Commission, or
b) be approved as a Hospital by Medicare.

Among other things, a Hospital is not a convalescent, rest or nursing home or Facility, or a Facility, or part of it, which mainly provides Custodial Care, educational care or rehabilitative care. A Facility for the aged or substance abusers is not a Hospital.

ILLNESS or ILL. A sickness or disease suffered by a [Member] or a description of a [Member] suffering from a sickness or a disease.

["DC" INDEMNITY PLAN. The Small Employer Health Benefits Policy issued by [Carrier] in conjunction with this HMO Plan.]

[INITIAL DEPENDENT. Those eligible Dependents an Employee has at the time he or she first becomes eligible for Employee coverage. If at the time the Employee does not have any eligible Dependents, but later acquires them, the first eligible Dependents he or she acquires are his or her Initial Dependents.]

INJURY or INJURED. Damage to a [Member]'s body, and all complications arising from that damage or a description of a [Member] suffering from such damage.

INPATIENT. [Member] if physically confined as a registered bed patient in a Hospital or other recognized health care Facility; or services and supplies provided in such a setting.

JOINT COMMISSION. The Joint Commission on the Accreditation of Health Care Organizations.

LATE ENROLLEE. An eligible Employee [or Dependent] who requests enrollment under this Contract more than [30] days after first becoming eligible. However, an eligible Employee [or Dependent] will not be considered a Late Enrollee under certain circumstances. See the **Employee Coverage** [and **Dependent Coverage]** subsection[s] of the **Eligibility** section of this Contract.

MEDICALLY NECESSARY AND APPROPRIATE. Services or supplies provided by a recognized health care Provider that We [or the Care Manager] Determine to be:
a) necessary for the symptoms and diagnosis or treatment of the condition, Illness or Injury;
b) provided for the diagnosis or the direct care and treatment of the condition, Illness or Injury;
c) in accordance with generally accepted medical practice;
d) not for a [Member]'s convenience;
e) the most appropriate level of medical care that a [Member] needs; and
f) furnished within the framework of generally accepted methods of medical management currently used in the United States.

In the instance of an Emergency, the fact that a Non-Network Provider prescribes, orders, recommends or approves the care, the level of care, or the length of time care is to be received, does not make the services Medically Necessary and Appropriate.

MEDICAID. The health care program for the needy provided by Title XIX of the United States Social Security Act, as amended from time to time.

MEDICARE. Parts A and B of the health care program for the aged and disabled provided by Title XVIII of the United States Social Security Act, as amended from time to time.

[MEMBER]. An eligible person who is covered under this Contract (includes Covered Employee [and covered Dependents, if any)].

MENTAL HEALTH CENTER. A Facility that mainly provides treatment for people with mental health problems. It will be considered such a place if it carries out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it is either:
a) accredited for its stated purpose by the Joint Commission;
b) approved for its stated purpose by Medicare or
c) accredited or licensed by the State of New Jersey to provide mental health services.

[NETWORK] PROVIDER. A Provider which has an agreement [directly or indirectly] with Us [or Our associated medical groups] to provide Covered Services or Supplies. The Employee will periodically be given up-to-date lists of [Network] Providers. The up-to date lists will be furnished automatically, without charge.

[NEWLY ACQUIRED DEPENDENT. An eligible Dependent an Employee acquires after he or she already has coverage in force for Initial Dependents.]

NON-BIOLOGICALLY-BASED MENTAL ILLNESS. An Illness which manifests symptoms which are primarily mental or nervous for which the primary treatment is psychotherapy or psychotropic medication where the Illness is not biologically-based.

In determining whether or not a particular condition is a Non-Biologically-based Mental Illness, We may refer to the current edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Conditions of the American Psychiatric Association.

NON-COVERED SERVICES. Services or supplies which are not included within Our definition of Covered Services or Supplies, are included in the list of Non-Covered Services and Supplies, or which exceed any of the limitations shown in this Contract.

NON-[NETWORK] PROVIDER. A Provider which is not a [Network] Provider.

NURSE. A registered nurse or licensed practical nurse, including a nursing specialist such as a nurse mid-wife or nurse anesthetist, who:
a) is properly licensed or certified to provide medical care under the laws of the state where the nurse practices; and
b) provides medical services which are within the scope of the nurse's license or certificate.

OUTPATIENT. [Member], if **not** confined as a registered bed patient in a Hospital or recognized health care Facility and is not an Inpatient; or services and supplies provided in such Outpatient settings.

PERIOD OF CONFINEMENT. Consecutive days of Inpatient services provided to an Inpatient, or successive Inpatient confinements due to the same or related causes, when discharge and re-admission to a recognized Facility occurs within 90 days or less. We [or the Care Manager] Determine if the cause(s) of the confinements are the same or related.

PLAN SPONSOR.
Has the meaning given that term under Title I, section 3 of Pub.L.93-406, the ERISA (29 U.S.C. § 1002(16)(B)). That is:
a) the Small Employer in the case of an employee benefit plan established or maintained by a single employer;
b) the employee organization in the case of a plan established or maintained by an employee organization; or
c) in the case of a plan established or maintained by two or more employers or jointly by one or more employers and one or more employee organizations, the association, committee, joint board of trustees, or other similar group of representatives of the parties who establish or maintain the plan.

PLAN YEAR. The year that is designated as the plan year in the plan document of a Group Health Plan, except if the plan document does not designate a plan year or if there is no plan document, the Plan Year is a Calendar Year.

["DC" POINT OF SERVICE PLAN. Often referred to as a POS plan, a Point of Service Plan provides coverage for the services of [Network] Providers under an HMO plan as well as the services of [Non-Network] Providers under an Indemnity Plan. Whenever a person covered under a POS plan needs to access health care, he or she has the option to use the services of either a [Network] Provider (subject to any necessary authorization from his or her Primary Care Physician) or those of an [Non-Network] Provider. [Non-Network] charges are usually greater than the [Network] charges, and are subject to a Deductible and Coinsurance. In addition, the [Member] may be liable to pay charges that exceed the amount the Indemnity Plan carrier Determines to be the Reasonable and Customary Charge for a service or supply.]

PRACTITIONER. A medical practitioner who:
a) is properly licensed or certified to provide medical care under the laws of the state where the practitioner practices; and
b) provides medical services which are within the scope of the practitioner's license or certificate.

PRE-APPROVAL or PRE-APPROVED. Specific direction or instruction from a Network Practitioner or from Us in conformance with Our policies and procedures that authorizes a [Member] to use a Provider for health care services or supplies.

PRE-EXISTING CONDITION. An Illness or Injury which manifests itself in the six months before a Member's Enrollment Date, and for which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received during the six months immediately preceding the Enrollment Date.

[PRE-EXISTING CONDITION LIMITATION. With respect to coverage, a limitation or exclusion of benefits relating to a condition based on the fact that the condition was present before the Enrollment Date, whether or not any medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received before that date. Genetic information will not be treated as a Pre-Existing Condition in the absence of a diagnosis of the condition related to that information. Pregnancy will not be treated as a Pre-Existing Condition. See the **Non-Covered Services and Supplies** section of this Contract for details on how this Contract limits the services for Pre-Existing Conditions.]

PRESCRIPTION DRUGS. Drugs, biologicals and compound prescriptions which are sold only by prescription and which are required to show on the manufacturer's label the words: "Caution - Federal Law Prohibits Dispensing Without a Prescription" or other drugs and devices as Determined by Us, such as insulin. But We only cover drugs which are:
a) approved for treatment of the [Member's] Illness or Injury by the Food and Drug Administration;
b) approved by the Food and Drug Administration for the treatment of a particular diagnosis or condition other than the [Member's] and recognized as appropriate medical treatment for the [Member's] diagnosis or condition in one or more of the following established reference compendia:
   - The American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information;
   - The United States Pharmacopeia Drug Information; or
c) recommended by a clinical study or recommended by a review article in a major peer-reviewed professional journal.

Coverage for the above drugs also includes Medically Necessary and Appropriate services associated with the administration of the drugs.
In no event will We pay for:
a) drugs labeled: "Caution - Limited by Federal Law to Investigational Use"; or
b) any drug which the Food and Drug Administration has determined to be contraindicated for the specific treatment for which the drug has been prescribed.

PRIMARY CARE PHYSICIAN (PCP). A [Network] Provider who is a doctor specializing in family practice, general practice, internal medicine, [obstetrics/gynecology (for pre and post-natal care, birth and treatment of the diseases and hygiene of females,] or pediatrics who supervises, coordinates, arranges and provides initial care and basic medical services to a [Member]; initiates a [Member]'s Referral for Specialist Services; and is responsible for maintaining continuity of patient care.

PRIVATE DUTY NURSING. Skilled Nursing Care for Covered Persons who require individualized continuous Skilled Nursing Care provided by a registered nurse or a licensed practical nurse.

PROVIDER. A recognized Facility or Practitioner of health care.

PUBLIC HEALTH PLAN. Any plan established or maintained by a State, the U.S. government, a foreign country, or any political subdivision of a State, the U.S. government, or a foreign country that provides health coverage to individuals who are enrolled in the plan.

REASONABLE AND CUSTOMARY. An amount that is not more than the [lesser of:
• the] usual or customary charge for the service or supply as determined by Us, based on a standard approved by the Board[; or
[• the negotiated fee schedule.]

The Board will decide a standard for what is Reasonable and Customary under this Policy. The chosen standard is an amount which is most often charged for a given service by a Provider within the same geographic area.

Please note: The Coordination of Benefits and Services provision includes a distinct definition of Reasonable and Customary.

REFERRAL. Specific direction or instruction from a [Member]'s Primary Care Physician [or Health Center] [or Care Manager] in conformance with our policies and procedures that directs a [Member] to a Facility or Practitioner for health care.

REHABILITATION CENTER. A Facility which mainly provides therapeutic and restorative services to Ill or Injured people. It must carry out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it must either:
a) be accredited for its stated purpose by either the Joint Commission or the Commission on Accreditation for Rehabilitation Facilities; or
b) be approved for its stated purpose by Medicare.
In some places a Rehabilitation Center is called a "rehabilitation hospital."

ROUTINE FOOT CARE. The cutting, debridement, trimming, reduction, removal or other care of corns, calluses, flat feet, fallen arches, weak feet, chronic foot strain, dystrophic nails, excrescences, helomas, hyperkeratosis, hypertrophic nails, non-infected ingrown nails, deratomas, keratosis, onychauxis, onychocryptosis, tylomas or symptomatic complaints of the feet. Routine Foot Care also includes orthopedic shoes, foot orthotics and supportive devices for the foot.

SERVICE AREA. A geographic area We define by [ZIP codes] [county].

SKILLED NURSING CARE. Services which are more intensive than Custodial Care, are provided by a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse, and require the technical skills and professional training of a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse

SKILLED NURSING FACILITY. A Facility which mainly provides full-time Skilled Nursing Care for Ill or Injured people who do not need to be in a Hospital. It must carry out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it must either:
a) be accredited for its stated purpose by the Joint Commission; or
b) be approved for its stated purpose by Medicare.

SMALL EMPLOYER. In connection with a Group Health Plan with respect to a Calendar Year and a Plan Year, any person, firm, corporation, partnership, or political subdivision that is actively engaged in business that employed an average of at least two but not more than 50 eligible Employees on business days during the preceding Calendar Year and who employs at least two eligible Employees on the first day of the Plan Year, and the majority of the eligible Employees are employed in New Jersey. All persons treated as a single employer under subsection (b), (c), (m) or (o) of section 414 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 shall be treated as one employer. In the case of an employer that was not in existence during the preceding Calendar Year, the determination of whether the employer is a small or large employer shall be based on the average number of eligible Employees that it is expected that the employer will employ on business days in the current Calendar Year.

SPECIALIST DOCTOR. A doctor who provides medical care in any generally accepted medical or surgical specialty or sub-specialty.

SPECIALIST SERVICES. Medical care in specialties other than family practice, general practice, internal medicine [or pediatrics] [or obstetrics/gynecology (for routine pre and post-natal care, birth and treatment of the diseases and hygiene of females)].

SUBSTANCE ABUSE. Abuse of or addiction to drugs. Substance Abuse does not include abuse of or addiction to alcohol. Please see the definition of Alcohol Abuse.

SUBSTANCE ABUSE CENTER. A Facility that mainly provides treatment for people with Substance Abuse problems. It must carry out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it must either:
a) be accredited for its stated purpose by the Joint Commission; or
b) be approved for its stated purpose by Medicare.

SUPPLEMENTAL LIMITED BENEFIT INSURANCE. Insurance that is provided in addition to a Health Benefits Plan on an indemnity non-expense incurred basis.

SURGERY.
a) The performance of generally accepted operative and cutting procedures, including surgical diagnostic procedures, specialized instrumentations, endoscopic examinations, and other procedures;
b) the correction of fractures and dislocations;
c) pre-operative and post-operative care;
d) any of the procedures designated by the Current Procedural Terminology Codes as surgery.

THERAPEUTIC MANIPULATION. Treatment of the articulations of the spine and musculoskeletal structures for the purpose of relieving certain abnormal clinical conditions resulting from the impingement upon associated nerves causing discomfort. Some examples are manipulation or adjustment of the spine, hot or cold packs, electrical muscle stimulation, diathermy, skeletal adjustments, massage, adjunctive, ultra-sound, doppler, whirlpool, hydrotherapy or other treatment of similar nature.

TOTAL DISABILITY OR TOTALLY DISABLED. Except as otherwise specified in this Contract, an Employee who, due to Illness or Injury, cannot perform any duty of his or her occupation or any occupation for which he or she is, or may be, suited by education, training and experience, and is not, in fact, engaged in any occupation for wage or profit. [A Dependent is totally disabled if he or she cannot engage in the normal activities of a person in good health and of like age and sex.] The Employee [or Dependent] must be under the regular care of a Practitioner.

URGENT CARE. Care for a non-life threatening condition that requires care by a Provider within 24 hours.

[WAITING PERIOD. With respect to a Group Health Plan and an individual who is a potential participant or beneficiary in the Group Health Plan, the period that must pass with respect to the individual before the individual is eligible to be covered for benefits under the terms of the Group Health Plan.]

[WE, US, OUR. [Carrier].

YOU, YOUR, AND YOURS. The Contractholder.]

ELIGIBILITY

EMPLOYEE COVERAGE

Eligible Employees
Subject to the Conditions of Eligibility set forth below, and to all of the other conditions of the Contract, all of the Contractholder's Employees [who are in an eligible class and] who reside in the Service Area will be eligible if ["DC"
a)] the Employees are [Actively at Work] Full-Time Employees[.] ["DC" and;
b) the Employees enroll under the associated Indemnity Plan.]
[In certain situations, the Actively at Work requirement will not apply. If an Employee is not Actively at Work due to a Health Status-Related Factor, the Employee will nevertheless be considered an Eligible Employee. In addition, refer to the Exception below.]

For purposes of this Contract, We will treat partners, proprietors and independent contractors like Employees if they meet the Contract's **Conditions of Eligibility**.

Conditions of Eligibility

Full-Time Requirement
[Except where an Employee is not Actively at Work due to a Health Status-Related Factor, and except as stated below,] We will not cover an Employee unless the Employee is [an Actively at Work] [a] Full-Time Employee.

Enrollment Requirement
We will not cover the Employee until the Employee enrolls and agrees to make the required payments, if any. If the Employee does this within [30] days of the Employee's Eligibility Date, coverage will start on the Employee's Eligibility Date.

If the Employee enrolls and agrees to make the required payments, if any:
a) more than [30] days after the Employee's Eligibility Date; or
b) after the Employee previously had coverage which ended because the Employee failed to make a required payment,

We will consider the Employee to be a Late Enrollee. Late Enrollees are subject to this Contract's Pre-Existing Conditions limitation, if any applies.

When an Employee initially waives coverage under this Contract, the Plan Sponsor [or We] should notify the Employee of the requirement for the Employee to make a statement that waiver was because he or she was covered under another group plan, if such other coverage was in fact the reason for the waiver, and the consequences of that requirement. If an Employee initially waived coverage under this Contract and the Employee stated at that time that such waiver was because he or she was covered under another group plan, and Employee now elects to enroll under this Contract, We will not consider the Employee [and his or her Dependents] to be [a] Late Enrollee[s], provided the coverage under the other plan ends due to one of the following events:
a) termination of employment or eligibility;
b) reduction in the number of hours of employment;
c) involuntary termination;
d) divorce or legal separation or dissolution of the civil union [or termination of the domestic partnership];
e) death of the Employee's spouse;
f) termination of the Employer's contribution toward coverage; or
g) termination of the other plan's coverage.

But, the Employee must enroll under this Contract within 90 days of the date that any of the events described above occur. Coverage will take effect as of the date the applicable event occurs.

If an Employee initially waived coverage under this Contract because he or she had coverage under a Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA) continuation provision and the Employee requests coverage under this Contract within 30 days of the date the COBRA continuation ended, We will not consider the Employee to be a Late Enrollee. Coverage will take effect as of the date the COBRA continuation ended.

In addition, an Employee [and any Dependents] will not be considered [a] Late Enrollee[s] if the Employee is employed by an employer which offers multiple Health Benefits Plans and the Employee elects a different plan during the open enrollment period.

[Further, an Employee and his or her Dependent spouse, if any, will not be considered Late Enrollees because the Employee initially waived coverage under this Contract for himself or herself and any then existing Dependents provided the Employee enrolls to cover himself or herself and his or her existing Dependent spouse, if any, under this Contract within 30 days of the marriage, birth, adoption or placement for adoption of a Newly Acquired Dependent.]

[The Waiting Period
This Contract has the following waiting periods:

Employees in an eligible class on the Effective Date, who have completed at least [6 months] of continuous Full-Time service with the Contractholder by that date, are eligible for coverage under this Contract from the Effective Date.

Employees in an Eligible Class on the Effective Date, who have not completed at least [6 months] of continuous Full-Time service with the Contractholder by that date, are eligible for coverage under this Contract from the day after Employees complete [6 months] of continuous Full-Time service.

Employees who enter an eligible class after the Effective Date are eligible for coverage under this Contract from the day after Employees complete [6 months] of continuous Full-Time service with the Contractholder.]

The Contractholder who purchased this Contract may have purchased it to replace a plan the Contractholder had with some other carrier. An Employee may have satisfied part of the eligibility waiting period under the Contractholder's old plan before it ended. If so, the time satisfied will be used to satisfy this Contract's eligibility waiting period if:
a) the Employee was employed by the Contractholder on the date the Contractholder's old plan ended; and
b) this Contract takes effect immediately upon termination of the prior plan.

Any lapse in continuous service due to an absence which results from a Health Status-Related Factor will reduce the days of Full-Time service by the number of days of absence. Such lapse in continuous Full-Time service will not require that the period of continuous Full-Time service begin anew.

Multiple Employment
If an Employee works for both the Contractholder and a covered Affiliated Company, or for more than one covered Affiliated Company, We will treat the Employee as if only one entity employs the Employee. And such an Employee will not have multiple coverage under this Contract. But, if this Contract uses the amount of an Employee's earnings or number of work hours to determine class, or for any other reason, such Employee's earnings or number of work hours will be figured as the sum of his or her earnings or number of work hours from all Affiliated Companies.

When Employee Coverage Starts
[Except where an Employee is not Actively at Work due to a Health Status-Related Factor, and except as stated below, an] [An] Employee must be [Actively at Work, and] working his or her regular number of hours, on the date his or her coverage is scheduled to start. And he or she must have met all the conditions of eligibility which apply to him or her. [If an Employee is not Actively at Work on the scheduled Effective Date, and does not qualify for the exception to the Actively at Work requirement, We will postpone the start of his or her coverage until he or she returns to Active Work.]

[Sometimes, a scheduled Effective Date is not a regularly scheduled work day. But an Employee's coverage will start on that date if he or she was Actively at Work, and working his or her regular number of hours, on his or her last regularly scheduled work day.]

The Employee must elect to enroll and agree to make the required payments if any, within [30] days of the Employee's Eligibility Date. If he or she does this within [30] days of the Employee's Eligibility Date, his or her coverage is scheduled to start on the Employee's Eligibility Date. Such Employee's Eligibility Date is the Effective Date of an Employee's coverage.

If the Employee does this more than [30] days after the Employee's Eligibility Date, We will consider the Employee a Late Enrollee. Coverage is scheduled to start on the date We or Our authorized representative or agent receive the signed enrollment form.

[EXCEPTION to the Actively at Work Requirement
The Exception applies if the Contractholder who purchased this Contract purchased it to replace a plan the Contractholder had with some other carrier. An Employee who is not Actively at Work due to Total Disability on the date this Contract takes effect will initially be eligible for limited coverage under this Contract if:
a) the Employee was validly covered under the Contractholder's old plan on the date the Contractholder's old plan ended; and
b) this Contract takes effect immediately upon termination of the prior plan.

Except as stated below, the coverage under this Contract will be limited to coverage for services or supplies for conditions other than the disabling condition. Such limited coverage under this Contract will end one year from the date the person's coverage under this Contract begins. Coverage for services or supplies for the disabling condition will be provided as stated in an extended health benefits, or like provision, contained in the Contractholder's old plan. Thereafter, coverage will not be limited as described in this provision, but will be subject to the terms and conditions of this Contract.]
Exception: If the coverage under this Contract is richer than the coverage under the Contractholder's old plan, this Contract will provide coverage for services and supplies related to the disabling condition. This Contract will coordinate with the Contractholder's old plan, with this Contract providing secondary coverage, as described in the Coordination of Benefits and Services provision.

When Employee Coverage Ends
An Employee's coverage under this Contract will end on the first of the following dates:

a) [the date] an Employee ceases to be [an Actively at Work] [a] Full-Time Employee for any reason. Such reasons include death, retirement, lay-off, leave of absence, and the end of employment.
b) [the date] an Employee stops being an eligible Employee under this Contract.
c) the date this Contract ends,[or is discontinued for a class of Employees to which the Employee belongs.]
d) [the date] for which required payments are not made for the Employee, subject to the **Payment of Premiums - Grace Period** section.
e) [the date] an Employee moves his or her permanent residence outside the Service Area.]
["DC" f) [the date] an Employee ceases to be insured under the associated Indemnity Plan.]

[DEPENDENT COVERAGE

Eligible Dependents for Dependent Health Benefits
[Except as stated below, an] [An] Employee's eligible Dependents are:
a) The Employee's legal spouse which shall include a civil union partner pursuant to P.L. 2006, c. 103 as well as same sex relationships legally recognized in other jurisdictions when such relationships provide substantially all of the rights and benefits of marriage. [and domestic partner pursuant to P.L. 2003, c. 246]; except that legal spouse shall be limited to spouses of a marriage as marriage is defined in the Federal Defense of Marriage Act, 1 U.S.C.A. 7, with respect to the provisions of the Policy regarding continuation rights required by the Federal Consolidated Omnibus Reconciliation Act of 1886 (COBRA), Pub. L. 99-272, as subsequently amended) (Civil union partners do not have COBRA rights in the event of dissolution of the civil union.)
b) the Employee's unmarried Dependent children who are under age 19; and
c) the Employee's unmarried Dependent children, from age 19 until their 23rd birthday, who are enrolled as full-time students at Accredited Schools. Full-time students will be defined by the Accredited School. We can require periodic proof of a Dependent child's status as a full-time student.

[Exception: Any dependent who does not reside in the Service Area is not an eligible Dependent.]

Eligible Dependents will not include any Dependent who is:
a) covered by this Contract as an Employee or
b) on active duty in the armed forces of any country.

Adopted Children and Step-Children
An Employee's "unmarried Dependent children" include the Employee's legally adopted children, his or her step-children if they depend on the Employee for most of their support and maintenance, the child of his or her civil union partner if the child depends on the employee for most of his or her support and maintenance, [and] [,the child of his or her domestic partner if the child depends on the Employee for most of his or her support and maintenance, and] children under a court appointed guardianship. [Carrier] will treat a child as legally adopted from the time the child is placed in the home for the purpose of adoption. [Carrier] will treat such a child this way whether or not a final adoption order is ever issued.

Incapacitated Children
An Employee may have an unmarried child with a mental or physical handicap, or developmental disability, who is incapable of earning a living. Subject to all of the terms of this section and the plan, such a child may stay eligible for Dependent health benefits past this Contract's age limit for eligible Dependents.

The child will stay eligible as long as the child stays unmarried and incapable of earning a living, if:

a) the child's condition started before he or she reached this Contract's age limit;
b) the child depends on the Employee for most of his or her support and maintenance; and
c) the child became covered by this Contract or any other policy or contract before the child reached the age limit and stayed continuously covered after reaching such limit.

But, for the child to stay eligible, the Employee must send Us written proof that the child is handicapped or developmentally disabled and depends on the Employee for most of his or her support and maintenance. The Employee has 31 days from the date the child reaches the age limit to do this. We can ask for periodic proof that the child's condition continues. But, after two years, We cannot ask for this more than once a year.

The child's coverage ends when the Employee's coverage does.

Enrollment Requirement
An Employee must enroll his or her eligible Dependents in order for them to be covered under this Contract. ["DC" Only eligible Dependents who the Employee includes for coverage under the associated Indemnity Plan may be enrolled under this HMO Plan.] [Carrier] considers an eligible Dependent to be a Late Enrollee, if the Employee:
a) enrolls a Dependent [and agrees to make the required payments] more than [30] days after the Dependent's Eligibility Date;
b) in the case of a Newly Acquired Dependent, has other eligible Dependents whose coverage previously ended because the Employee failed to make the required contributions, or otherwise chose to end such coverage.

Late Enrollees are subject to this Contract's Pre-Existing Conditions limitations section, if any applies.

If the Employee's dependent coverage ends for any reason, including failure to make the required payments, his or her Dependents will be considered Late Enrollees when their coverage begins again.

When an Employee initially waives coverage for a spouse and/or eligible Dependent children under this Contract, the Plan Sponsor [or We] should notify the Employee of the requirement for the Employee to make a statement that waiver was because the spouse and/or eligible Dependent children were covered under another group plan, if such other coverage was in fact the reason for the waiver, and the consequences of that requirement. If the Employee previously waived coverage for the Employee's spouse or eligible Dependent children under this Contract and stated at that time that such waiver was because they were covered under another group plan, and the Employee now elects to enroll them in this Contract, the Dependent will not be considered a Late Enrollee, provided the Dependent's coverage under the other plan ends due to one of the following events:
a) termination of employment or eligibility;
b) reduction in the number of hours of employment;
c) involuntary termination;
d) divorce or legal separation [or termination of the domestic partnership];
e) death of the Employee's spouse;
f) termination of the contribution toward coverage that was being made by the employer that offered the group plan under which the Dependent was covered; or
g) termination of the other plan's coverage.

But, the Employee's spouse or eligible Dependent children must be enrolled by the Employee within 90 days of the date that any of the events described above occur. Coverage will take effect as of the date the applicable event occurs.

And, We will not consider an Employee's spouse or eligible Dependent children for which the Employee initially waived coverage under this Contract, to be a Late Enrollee, if:
a) the Employee is under legal obligation to provide coverage due to a court order; and
b) the Employee's spouse or eligible Dependent children are enrolled by the Employee within 30 days of the issuance of the court order.
Coverage will take effect as of the date required pursuant to the court order.

In addition, if an Employee initially waived coverage under this Contract for the Employee's spouse or eligible Dependent children because the spouse and/or Dependent children had coverage under a Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA) continuation provision and the Employee requests coverage for the spouse and/or Dependent children under this Contract within 30 days of the date the COBRA continuation ended. We will not consider the spouse and/or Dependent children to be Late Enrollees. Coverage will take effect as of the date the COBRA continuation ended.

When Dependent Coverage Starts
In order for an Employee's dependent coverage to begin the Employee must already be covered for Employee coverage or enroll for Employee and Dependent coverage at the same time. Subject to all of the terms of this Contract, the date an Employee's dependent coverage starts depends on when the Employee elects to enroll the Employee's Initial Dependents [and agrees to make any required payments].

If the Employee does this within [30] days of the Dependent's Eligibility Date, the Dependent's Coverage is scheduled to start on the later of:
a) the Dependent's Eligibility Date, or
b) the date the Employee becomes covered for Employee coverage.

If the Employee does this more than [30] days after the Dependent's Eligibility Date, We will consider the Dependent a Late Enrollee. Coverage is scheduled to start on the later of:
a) the date We or Our authorized representative or agent receive the signed enrollment form; or
b) the date the Employee becomes covered for Employee coverage.

Once an Employee has dependent coverage for Initial Dependents, the Employee must notify Us of a Newly Acquired Dependent within the [30] days after the Newly Acquired Dependent's Eligibility Date. If the Employee does not, the Newly Acquired Dependent is a Late Enrollee.

A Newly Acquired Dependent other than a newborn child or newly adopted child, including a child placed for adoption, will be covered from the later of:
a) the date the Employee notifies Us [and agrees to make any additional payments], or
b) the Dependent's Eligibility Date for the Newly Acquired Dependent.

If the Contractholder who purchased this Contract purchased it to replace a plan the Contractholder had with some other carrier, a Dependent who is Totally Disabled on the date this Contract takes effect will initially be eligible for limited coverage under this Contract if:
a) the Dependent was validly covered under the Contractholder's old plan on the date the Contractholder's old plan ended; and
b) this Contract takes effect immediately upon termination of the prior plan.

The coverage under this Contract will be limited to coverage for services or supplies for conditions other than the disabling condition. Such limited coverage under this Contract will end one year from the date the person's coverage under this Contract begins. Coverage for services or supplies for the disabling condition will be provided as stated in an extended health benefits, or like provision, contained in the Contractholder's old plan. Thereafter, coverage will not be limited as described in this provision, but will be subject to the terms and conditions of this Contract.

Newborn Children
We will cover an Employee's newborn child for 31 days from the date of birth without additional premium. Coverage may be continued beyond such 31-day period as stated below:
a) If the Employee is already covered for Dependent child coverage on the date the child is born, coverage automatically continues beyond the initial 31 days, provided the premium required for Dependent child coverage continues to be paid. The Employee must notify Us of the birth of the newborn child as soon as possible in order that We may properly provide coverage under this Contract.
b) If the Employee is not covered for Dependent child coverage on the date the child is born, the Employee must:

1) give written notice to enroll the newborn child[; and
2) pay the premium required for Dependent child coverage within 31 days after the date of birth.]

If the notice is not given and the premium is not paid within such 31-day period, the newborn child's coverage will end at the end of such 31-day period. If the notice is given and the premium paid after that 31-day period, the child will be a Late Enrollee

When Dependent Coverage Ends:
A Dependent's coverage under this Contract will end on the first of the following dates:
a) [the date] Employee coverage ends;
[b) the date the Employee stops being a member of a class of Employees eligible for such coverage;]
[c)]. the date this Contract ends;
[d)]. the date Dependent coverage is dropped from this Contract for all Employees eligible for such coverage;
[e). the date an Employee fails to pay any required part of the cost of Dependent coverage. It ends on the last day of the period for which the Employee made the required payments, unless coverage ends earlier for other reasons.]
[f)]. at 12:01 a.m. [on the last day of the calendar month following] [on] the date the Dependent stops being an eligible Dependent.
[g)]. with respect to a Dependent spouse, the date the spouse moves his or her permanent residence outside the Service Area.]
["DC" h) the date the Dependent ceases to be insured under the associated Indemnity Plan.]]

EXTENDED HEALTH BENEFITS
If this Contract ends and a [Member] is Totally Disabled and under a Practitioner's care, We will extend health benefits for that person under this Contract as explained below. This is done at no cost to the [Member].

We will only extend benefits for a [Member] due to the disabling condition. Any services and supplies must be provided before the extension ends. And what We cover is based on all the terms of this Contract.

We do not cover services, supplies or charges due to other conditions. And, We do not cover services, supplies or charges incurred by other family members.

The extension ends on the earliest of:
a) the date the Total Disability ends;
b) one year from the date the person's coverage under this Contract ends; or
c) the date the person has reached the payment limit, if any, for his or her disabling condition.

The Employee must submit evidence to Us that he or she or his or her Dependent is Totally Disabled, if We request it.

TERMINATION FOR CAUSE
If any of the following conditions exist, We may give written notice to the [Member] that the person is no longer covered under this Contract:

a) **Untenable Relationship:** After reasonable efforts, We and/or [Network] Providers are unable to establish and maintain a satisfactory relationship with the [Member] or the [Member] fails to abide by our rules and regulations, or the [Member] acts in a manner which is verbally or physically abusive.
b) **Misuse of Identification Card:** The [Member] permits any other person who is not authorized by Us to use any identification card We issue to the [Member].
c) **Furnishing Incorrect or Incomplete Information:** The [Member] furnishes material information that is either incorrect or incomplete in a statement made for the purpose of effecting coverage under this Contract. This condition is subject to the provisions of the **Incontestability of the Contract** section.
d) **Nonpayment:** The [Member] fails to pay any Copayment [or Coinsurance] or to make any reimbursement to Us required under this Contract.
e) **Misconduct:** The [Member] abuses the system, including but not limited to; theft, damage to [Our] [Network Provider's] property, forgery of drug prescriptions, and consistent failure to keep scheduled appointments.
f) **Failure to Cooperate:** The [Member] fails to assist Us in coordinating benefits as described in the **Coordination of Benefits and Services** Section.

If We give the [Member] such written notice:

a) that person will cease to be a [Member] for the coverage under this Contract immediately if termination is occurring due to **Misuse of Identification Card** (b above) or **Misconduct** (e above), otherwise, on the date 31 days after such written notice is given by Us; and
b) no benefits will be provided to the [Member] under the coverage after that date.

Any action by Us under these provisions is subject to review in accordance with the Appeal Procedures We establish.

[MEMBER] PROVISIONS

THE ROLE OF A [MEMBER'S] PRIMARY CARE PHYSICIAN
A [Member's] Primary Care Physician provides basic health maintenance services and coordinates a [Member's] overall health care. Anytime a [Member] needs medical care, the [Member] should contact his or her Primary Care Physician [or the Care Manager] and identify himself or herself as a [Member] of this program.

In an Emergency, a [Member] may go directly to the emergency room. If a [Member] does, then the [Member] must call his or her Primary Care Physician [or the Care Manager] and [Member] Services within 48 hours. If a [Member] does not call within 48 hours, We will provide services ["DC" under this HMO Plan] only if We [or the Care Manager] Determine that notice was given as soon as was reasonably possible.

["DC" Note: Under the terms of the associated Indemnity Plan, there is no requirement that the Member contact a Primary Care Physician to access services or supplies, but all benefits are subject to the terms and conditions of the associated Indemnity Plan.]

[THE ROLE OF THE CARE MANAGER. The Care Manager will manage a [Member's] treatment for [a Biologically-based Mental Illness, a Non-Biologically-based Mental Illness, Substance Abuse, or Alcohol Abuse]. A [Member] must contact the Care Manager or the [Member's] Primary Care Physician when a [Member] needs treatment for one of these conditions.]

SELECTING OR CHANGING A PRIMARY CARE PHYSICIAN [OR HEALTH CENTER]
When an Employee first obtains this coverage, the Employee and each of the Employee's covered Dependents must select a Primary Care Physician [or Health Center].

[Members] select a Primary Care Physician [or Health Center] from Our [Physician or Practitioners Directory]; this choice is solely a [Member's]. However, We cannot guarantee the availability of a particular Practitioner. If the Primary Care Physician initially selected cannot accept additional patients, a [Member] will be notified and given an opportunity to make another Primary Care Physician selection. [If a [Member] fails to select a Primary Care Physician [or Health Center], We will make a selection on behalf of the [Member].]

[After initially selecting a Primary Care Physician, [Members] can transfer to different Primary Care Physicians if the physician-patient relationship becomes unacceptable. The [[Member] can select another Primary Care Physician from Our [Physician or Practitioners] Directory].

[For a discretionary change of PCP, the new PCP selection will take effect no more than 14 days following the date of the request. For a change necessitated by termination of the prior PCP from the Network, the new PCP selection will take effect immediately.

IDENTIFICATION CARD
The Identification Card issued by Us to [Members] pursuant to this Contract is for identification purposes only. Possession of an Identification Card confers no right to services or benefits under this Contract, and misuse of such Identification Card constitutes grounds for termination of [Member's] coverage. If the [Member] who misuses the card is the Employee, coverage may be terminated for the Employee as well as any of the Employee's Dependents who are [Members]. To be eligible for services or benefits under this Contract, the holder of the card must be a [Member] on whose behalf all applicable premium charges under this Contract have been paid. Any person receiving services or benefits which he or she is not entitled to receive pursuant to the provisions of this Contract shall be charged for such services or benefits at prevailing rates.

If any [Member] permits the use of his or her Identification Card by any other person, such card may be retained by Us, and all rights of such [Member] and his or her Dependents, if any, pursuant to this Contract shall be terminated immediately, subject to the Appeals Procedures.

CONFIDENTIALITY
Information contained in the medical records of [Members] and information received from physicians, surgeons, hospitals or other health professionals incident to the physician-patient relationship or hospital-patient relationship shall be kept confidential by Us; and except for use incident to bona fide medical research and education as may be permitted by law, or reasonably necessary in connection with the administration of this Contract or in the compiling of aggregate statistical data, or with respect to arbitration proceedings or litigation initiated by [Member] against Us, may not be disclosed without the [Member's] written consent, except as required or authorized by law.

INABILITY TO PROVIDE [NETWORK] SERVICES AND SUPPLIES
In the event that due to circumstances not within Our reasonable control, including but not limited to major disaster, epidemic, complete or partial destruction of facilities, riot, civil insurrection, disability of a significant part of Our [Network] Providers or entities with whom We have arranged for services under this Contract, or similar causes, the rendition of medical or hospital benefits or other services provided under this Contract is delayed or rendered impractical, We shall not have any liability or obligation on account of such delay or failure to provide services. We are required only to make a good faith effort to provide or arrange for the provision of services, taking into account the impact of the event.

REFERRAL FORMS
A [Member] can be Referred for Specialist Services by a [Member's] Primary Care Physician.

Except in the case of an Emergency, a [Member] will not be eligible for any services ["DC" under this HMO Plan] provided by anyone other than a [Member's] Primary Care Physician (including but not limited to Specialist Services) if a [Member] has not been Referred by his or her Primary Care Physician. Referrals must be obtained prior to receiving services and supplies from any Practitioner other than the [Member's] Primary Care Physician.

NON-COMPLIANCE WITH MEDICALLY NECESSARY AND APPROPRIATE TREATMENT
A [Member] has the right under New Jersey law to refuse procedures, medicines, or courses of treatment. A [Member] has the right to participate in decision-making regarding the [Member's] care. Further, a [Member] may, for personal, religious or cultural reasons disagree or not comply with procedures, medicines, or courses of treatment deemed Medically Necessary and Appropriate by a [Network] Practitioner. A [Member] who refuses procedures, medicines or courses of treatment has the right to seek a second opinion from another [Network] Practitioner. If such [Network] Practitioner(s) believe(s) that the recommended procedures, medicines, or courses of treatment are Medically Necessary and Appropriate, the [Network] Practitioner shall inform the [Member] of the consequences of not complying with the recommended procedures, medicines, or courses of treatment and seek to resolve the disagreement with the [Member] and or the [Member's] family or other person acting on the [Member's] behalf. If the [Member] refuses to comply with recommended procedures, medicines, or courses of treatment, We will notify the [Member] in writing that We will not provide further benefits or services for the particular condition or its consequences ["DC" under this HMO Plan]. The [Member's] decision to reject Medically Necessary and Appropriate procedures, medicines, or courses of treatment is subject to the Appeals Procedure and We will continue to provide all benefits covered by the Contract during the pendency of the Appeals Procedure. We reserve the right to expedite the Appeals Procedure. If the Appeals Procedure results in a decision upholding the position of the [Network] Practitioner(s) and the dispute is unresolved, We will have no further responsibility to provide any of the benefits available under this Contract for treatment of such condition or its consequences unless the [Member] asks, in writing and within 7 days of being informed of the result of the Appeals Procedure, to terminate his or her coverage under this Contract. In such event, We will continue to provide all benefits covered by this Contract for 30 days or until the date of termination, whichever comes first, and We and the [Network] Practitioner will cooperate with the [Member] in facilitating a transfer of care.

REFUSAL OF LIFE-SUSTAINING TREATMENT
A [Member] has the right under New Jersey law to refuse life sustaining treatment. A [Member] who refuses life sustaining treatment remains eligible for all benefits including Home Health and Hospice benefits in accordance with this Contract. We will follow a [Member's] properly executed advance directive or other valid indication of refusal of life sustaining treatment.

REPORTS AND RECORDS
We are entitled to receive from any Provider of services to a [Member], such information We deem is necessary to administer this Contract, subject to all applicable confidentiality requirements as defined in this Contract. By accepting coverage under this Contract, the Employee, for himself or herself, and for all Dependents covered hereunder, authorizes each and every Provider who renders services to the [Member] hereunder to disclose to Us all facts and information pertaining to the care, treatment and physical condition of the [Member] and render reports pertaining to same to Us, upon request, and to permit copying of a [Member's] records by Us.

MEDICAL NECESSITY
[Members] will receive designated benefits under the Contract only when Medically Necessary and Appropriate. We [or the Care Manager] may Determine whether any benefit provided under the Contract was Medically Necessary and Appropriate, and We have the option to select the appropriate [Network] Hospital to render services if hospitalization is necessary. Decisions as to what is Medically Necessary and Appropriate are subject to review by [Our quality assessment committee or its physician designee]. We will not, however, seek reimbursement from an eligible [Member] for the cost of any covered benefit provided under the Contract that is later Determined to have been medically unnecessary and inappropriate, when such service is rendered by a Primary Care Physician or a Provider referred in writing by the Primary Care Physician without notifying the [Member] that such benefit would not be covered under this Contract.

LIMITATION ON SERVICES
Except in cases of Emergency, services ["DC" under this HMO Plan] are available only from Network Providers. We shall have no liability or obligation whatsoever on account of any service or benefit sought or received by a [Member] from any Provider or other person, entity, institution or organization unless prior arrangements are made by Us.

PROVIDER PAYMENT
[[Different] providers in Our Network have agreed to be paid [in different ways by Us. A Member's Provider may be paid] [each time he or she treats the Member ("fee for service"] [, or may be paid] [a set fee for each month for each Member whether or not the Member actually receives services ("capitation")] [, or may receive] [a salary]. [These payment methods may include financial incentive agreements to pay some providers more ("bonuses") or less ("withholds") based on many factors: Member satisfaction, quality of care, and control of costs and use of services among them.] If a Member desires additional information about how Our Primary Care Physicians or any other Provider in Our Network are compensated, please call Us at [telephone number] or write [address].

The laws of the state of New Jersey, at N.J.S.A. 45:9-22.4 et seq., mandate that a physician, chiropractor or podiatrist who is permitted to make Referrals to other health care Providers in which he or she has a significant financial interest inform his or her patients of any significant financial interest he or she may have in a health care Provider or Facility when making a Referral to that health care Provider or Facility. If a Member wants more information about this the [Member], the [Member] should contact his or her physician, chiropractor or podiatrist. If a Member believes he or she is not receiving the information to which the Member is entitled, contact the Division of Consumer Affairs in the New Jersey Department of Law and Public Safety at (973) 504-6200 OR (800) 242-5846.]

APPEAL PROCEDURE
NOTE TO CARRIERS: Insert Appeals Procedure text here. The Appeal Procedure text must satisfy the requirements of N.J.A.C. 8:38-8.5 et seq. The text must include specific information regarding the Stage 1, Stage 2 and External Appeals process.

In addition, Carriers are reminded that 29 CFR Part 2560 addresses claims procedures. It is expected that the text included in this Appeals Procedure section will include information the Carrier deems necessary to comply with the requirements of 29 CFR Part 2560.

[CONTINUATION OF CARE

We shall provide written notice to each [Member] at least 30 business days prior to the termination or withdrawal from Our Provider Network of a [Member's] PCP and any other Provider from which the [Member] is currently receiving a course of treatment, as reported to Us. The 30-day prior notice may be waived in cases of immediate termination of a health care professional based on a breach of contract by the health care professional, a determination of fraud, or where Our medical director is of the opinion that the health care professional is an imminent danger to the patient or the public health, safety or welfare.

We shall assure continued coverage of covered services at the contract rate by a terminated health care professional for up to four months in cases where it is Medically Necessary and Appropriate for the [Member] to continue treatment with the terminated health care professional.

In case of pregnancy of a [Member], coverage of services for the terminated health care professional shall continue to the postpartum evaluation of the [Member], up to six weeks after the delivery. With respect to pregnancy, Medical Necessity and Appropriateness shall be deemed to have been demonstrated.

For a [Member] who is receiving post-operative follow-up care, We shall continue to cover the services rendered by the health care professional for the duration of the treatment or for up to six months, whichever occurs first.

For a [Member] who is receiving oncological treatment or psychiatric treatment, We shall continue to cover services rendered by the health care professional for the duration of the treatment or for up to 12 months, whichever occurs first.

For a [Member] receiving the above services in an acute care Facility, We will continue to provide coverage for services rendered by the health care professional regardless of whether the acute care Facility is under contract or agreement with Us.

Services shall be provided to the same extent as provided while the health care professional was employed by or under contact with Us. Reimbursement for services shall be pursuant to the same schedule used to reimburse the health care professional while the health care professional was employed by or under contract with Us.

If a [Member] is admitted to a health care Facility on the date this Contract is terminated, We shall continue to provide benefits for the [Member] until the date the [Member] is discharged from the Facility or exhaustion of the [Member's] benefits under this Contract, whichever occurs first.

We shall not continue services in those instance in which the health care professional has been terminated based upon the opinion of Our medical director that the health care professional is an imminent danger to a patient or to the public health, safety and welfare, a determination of fraud or a breach of contract by a health care professional. The Determination of the Medical Necessity and Appropriateness of a [Member's] continued treatment with a health care professional shall be subject to the appeal procedures set forth in this Contract. We shall not be liable for any inappropriate treatment provided to a [Member] by a health care professional who is no longer employed by or under contract with Us

If We refer a [Member] to a [Non-Network] provider, the service or supply shall be covered as a [Network] service or supply. We are fully responsible for payment to the health care professional and the [Member's] liability shall be limited to any applicable [Network] Copayment, or Coinsurance for the service or supply.]

[COVERAGE PROVISION

The Cash Deductible
Each Calendar Year, each Member must incur charges for Covered Services or Supplies that exceed the Cash Deductible before We provide coverage for Covered Services or Supplies to that person. The Cash Deductible is shown in the Schedule. The Cash Deductible cannot be met with Non-Covered Services or Supplies. Only charges for Covered Services or Supplies incurred by the Member while covered by this Contract can be used to meet this Cash Deductible.

Once the Cash Deductible is met, We provide coverage for other Covered Services or Supplies above the Cash Deductible incurred by that Member, less any applicable Coinsurance or Copayments, for the rest of that Calendar Year. But all charges must be incurred while that Member is covered by this Contract. What We cover is based on all the terms of this Contract.]

[Family Deductible Limit
This Policy has a family deductible limit of two Cash Deductibles for each Calendar Year. Once two Covered Persons in a family meet their individual Cash Deductibles in a Calendar Year, We provide coverage for Covered Services and Supplies for all Members who are part of the covered family, less any applicable Coinsurance or Copayments, for the rest of that Calendar Year. What We pay is based on all the terms of this Contract.]

[Maximum Out of Pocket
Maximum out of pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Member must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all Covered Services or Supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Member has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for Covered Services or Supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.]

[Once two Members in a family meet their individual Maximum Out of Pocket, no other Member in that family will be required to pay any amounts as Copayments, Deductible or Coinsurance for covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.]

If This Plan Replaces Another Plan
The Contractholder who purchased this Contract may have purchased it to replace a plan the Contractholder had with some other carrier.

The Member may have incurred charges for covered services and supplies under the Contractholder's old plan before it ended. If so, these charges will be used to meet this Contract's Cash Deductible if:
a) the charges were incurred during the Calendar Year in which this Contract starts;
b) this Contract would have provided coverage for the charges if this Contract had been in effect:
c) the Member was covered by the old plan when it ended and enrolled in this Contract on its Effective Date; and
d) this Contract takes effect immediately upon termination of the prior plan.

Please note: Although Deductible credit is given, there is no credit for Coinsurance.]

Note to carriers: The Coverage Provision section is only to be included in plans where coverage is subject to deductible and coinsurance.]

COVERED SERVICES & SUPPLIES

["DC" Under this HMO Plan,] [Members] are entitled to receive the benefits in the following sections when Medically Necessary and Appropriate, subject to the payment by [Members] of applicable copayments [Cash Deductible,] [or Coinsurance] as stated in the applicable Schedule of Services and Supplies and subject to the terms, conditions and limitations of this Contract. Read the entire Contract to determine what treatment, services and supplies are limited or excluded.

(a) **OUTPATIENT SERVICES.** The following services are covered only at the Primary Care Physician's office [or Health Center] selected by a [Member], or elsewhere upon prior written Referral by a [Member]'s Primary Care Physician [or Health Center] [or the Care Manager]:
1. **Office visits** during office hours, and during non-office hours when Medically Necessary and Appropriate.
2. **Home visits** by a [Member]'s Primary Care Physician.
3. **Periodic health examinations** to include:
   a. Well child care from birth including immunizations;
   b. Routine physical examinations, including eye examinations;
   c. Routine gynecologic exams and related services;
   d. Routine ear and hearing examination; and
   e. Routine allergy injections and immunizations (but not if solely for the purpose of travel or as a requirement of a [Member]'s employment).
4. **Diagnostic Services.**
5. **Casts and dressings.**
6. **Ambulance service** when certified in writing as Medically Necessary and Appropriate by a [Member]'s Primary Care Physician and Pre-Approved by Us.
7. **Procedures and Prescription Drugs to enhance fertility,** except where specifically excluded in this Contract. We cover charges for: artificial insemination; and standard dosages, lengths of treatment and cycles of therapy of Prescription Drugs. The Prescription Drugs noted in this section are subject to the terms and conditions of the Prescription Drugs section of this Contract.
8. **Prosthetic Devices** when We arrange for them. We cover only the initial fitting and purchase of artificial limbs and eyes, and other prosthetic devices. And they must take the place of a natural part of a Member's body, or be needed due to a functional birth defect in a covered Dependent Child. We do not provide for replacements (unless Medically Necessary and Appropriate), repairs, or wigs. We do not cover dental prosthetics or devices other than as a replacement for natural teeth lost due to Injury, as stated in the Dental Care and Treatment provision of this Contract.
9. **Durable Medical Equipment** when ordered by a [Member]'s Primary Care Physician and arranged through Us.
10. [Subject to Our Pre-Approval, as applicable,] **Prescription Drugs** including **contraceptives which require a Practitioner's prescription**, and insulin syringes and insulin needles, glucose test strips and lancets, colostomy bags, belts and irrigators when obtained through a Network Provider.
    [A prescription or refill will not include a prescription or refill that is more than:
    a) the greater of a 30 day supply or 100 unit doses for each prescription or refill; or
    b) the amount usually prescribed by the [Member's] Network Provider.
    A supply will be considered to be furnished at the time the Prescription Drug is received.]

[We have identified certain Prescription Drugs for which Pre-Approval is required. We will provide the list of Prescription Drugs for which Pre-Approval is required to each Employee. We will give at least 30 days advance written notice to the Employee before revising the list of Prescription Drugs to add a Prescription Drug to the list.

[If a Member brings a prescription for a Prescription Drug for which We require Pre-Approval to a Pharmacy and Pre-Approval has not yet been secured, [the Member must contact Us to request Pre-Approval.] [the Pharmacy will contact the Practitioner to request that the Practitioner contact Us to secure Pre-Approval.] The Pharmacy will dispense a 96-hour supply of the Prescription Drug. We will review the Pre-Approval request within the time period allowed by law. If We give Pre-Approval, We will notify the Pharmacy and the balance of the Prescription Drug will be dispensed with benefits for the Prescription Drug being paid subject to the terms of this Contract. If We do not give Pre-Approval, the Member may ask that the Pharmacy dispense the balance of the Prescription Drug, with the Member paying for the Prescription Drug. The Member may submit a claim for the Prescription Drug, subject to the terms of this Contract. The Member may appeal the decision by following the Appeals Procedure process set forth in this Contract.]

We cover Medically Necessary and Appropriate supplies which require a prescription, are prescribed by a Practitioner, and are essential to the administration of the prescription drug.

11. **Nutritional Counseling** for the management of disease entities which have a specific diagnostic criteria that can be verified. The nutritional counseling must be prescribed by a [Member]'s Primary Care Physician and Pre-Approved by Us.
12. **Dental x-rays** when related to Covered Services.
13. **Oral surgery** in connection with bone fractures, removal of tumors and orthodontogenic cysts, and other surgical procedures, as We approve.
14. **Food and Food Products for Inherited Metabolic Diseases**: We cover charges incurred for the therapeutic treatment of inherited metabolic diseases, including the purchase of medical foods (enteral formula) and low protein modified food products as determined to be medically necessary by a [Member's] Practitioner.

For the purpose of this benefit:
"inherited metabolic disease" means a disease caused by an inherited abnormality of body chemistry for which testing is mandated by law;
"low protein modified food product" means a food product that is specially formulated to have less than one gram of protein per serving and is intended to be used under the direction of a Practitioner for the dietary treatment of an inherited metabolic disease, but does not include a natural food that is naturally low in protein; and
"medical food" means a food that is intended for the dietary treatment of a disease or condition for which nutritional requirements are established by medical evaluation and is formulated to be consumed or administered enterally under the direction of a Practitioner.

15. **Specialized non-standard infant formulas** are covered to the same extent and subject to the same terms and conditions as coverage is provided under this [Contract] for Prescription Drugs. We cover specialized non-standard infant formulas provided:

a) The Child's Practitioner has diagnosed the Child as having multiple food protein intolerance and has determined the formula to be medically necessary; and
b) The Child has not been responsive to trials of standard non-cow milk-based formulas, including soybean and goat milk.

We may review continued Medical Necessity and Appropriateness of the specialized infant formula.

16. Unless otherwise provided in the Charges for the Treatment of Hemophilia section below, **Blood, blood products, blood transfusions** and the cost of testing and processing blood. But We do not cover blood which has been donated or replaced on behalf of the Member.
17. **Charges for the Treatment of Hemophilia.** The Providers in Our Network providing Medically Necessary and Appropriate home treatment services for bleeding episodes associated with hemophilia shall comply with standards adopted by the Department of Health and Senior Services in consultation with the Hemophilia Association of New Jersey.

We will cover the services of a clinical laboratory at a Hospital with a state-designated outpatient regional care center regardless of whether the Hospital's clinical laboratory is a [Network] Provider if the Member's Practitioner determines that the Hospital's clinical laboratory is necessary because: a) the results of laboratory tests are medically necessary immediately or sooner than the normal return time for Our network clinical laboratory; or b) accurate test results need to be determined by closely supervised procedures in venipuncture and laboratory techniques in controlled environments that cannot be achieved by Our Network clinical laboratory.

We will pay the Hospital's clinical laboratory for the laboratory services at the same rate We would pay a Network clinical laboratory for comparable services.

18. **Colorectal Cancer Screening** We provide coverage for colorectal cancer screening provided to a Member age 50 or over and to younger [Members] who are considered to be high risk for colorectal cancer. Coverage will be provided, subject to all the terms of this Contract, and the following limitations:

Subject to the American Cancer Society guidelines, and medical necessity as determined by the [Member's] Practitioner in consultation with the [Member] regarding methods to use, We will cover:

a) a screening fecal occult blood test;
b) flexible sigmoidoscopy,
c) colonoscopy;
d) barium enema;
e) any combination of the services listed in items a – d above; or
f) the most reliable medically recognized screening test available.

We will provide coverage for the above methods at the frequency recommended by the most recent published guidelines of the American Cancer Society and as determined to be medically necessary by the [Member's] practitioner in consultation with the [Member].

High risk for colorectal cancer means a [Member] has:

a) A family history of: familial adenomatous polyposis, heriditary non-polyposis colon cancer; or breast, ovarian, endometrial or colon cancer or polyps;
b) Chronic inflammatory bowel disease; or
c) A background, ethnicity or lifestyle that the practitioner believes puts the person at elevated risk for colorectal cancer.

19) **Newborn Hearing Screening** We provide coverage up to a maximum of 28 days following the date of birth for screening for newborn hearing loss by appropriate electrophysiologic screening measures. In addition, We provide coverage between age 29 days and 36 months for the periodic monitoring of infants for delayed onset hearing loss.

(b) **SPECIALIST DOCTOR BENEFITS.** Services are covered when rendered by a Network specialist doctor at the doctor's office [, or Health Center,] or any other [Network] Facility or a [Network] Hospital outpatient department during office or business hours upon prior written Referral by a [Member]'s Primary Care Physician.

(c) **INPATIENT HOSPICE, HOSPITAL, REHABILITATION CENTER & SKILLED NURSING CENTER BENEFITS.** The following services are covered when hospitalized by a Network Provider upon prior written referral from a [Member]'s Primary Care Physician, only at Network Hospitals and Network Providers (or at Non-Network facilities subject to Our Pre-Approval); however, Network Skilled Nursing Facility services and supplies are limited to those which constitute Skilled Nursing Care and Hospice services are subject to Our Pre-Approval:

1. Semi-private room and board accommodations

Except as stated below, We provide coverage for Inpatient care for:

a) a minimum of 72 hours following a modified radical mastectomy; and
b) a minimum of 48 hours following a simple mastectomy.

Exception: The minimum 72 or 48 hours, as appropriate, of Inpatient care will not be covered if the [Member], in consultation with the Network Provider, determine that a shorter length of stay is Medically Necessary and Appropriate.

As an exception to the Medically Necessary and Appropriate requirement of this Contract, We also provide coverage for the mother and newly born child for:
a) up to 48 hours of inpatient care in a Network Hospital following a vaginal delivery; and
b) a minimum of 96 hours of Inpatient care in a Network Hospital following a cesarean section.
We provide such coverage subject to the following:
a) the attending Practitioner must determine that Inpatient care is medically necessary; or
b) the mother must request the Inpatient care.
[As an alternative to the minimum level of Inpatient care described above, the mother may elect to participate in a home care program provided by Us.]

2. Private accommodations [will be provided only when Pre-Approved by Us]. If a [Member] occupies a private room without [such] certification [Member] shall be directly liable to the Hospice, Hospital, Rehabilitation Center or Skilled Nursing Facility for the difference between payment by Us to the Hospice, Hospital, Rehabilitation Center or Skilled Nursing Facility of the per diem or other agreed upon rate for semi-private accommodation established between Us and the Network Hospice, Network Hospital, Network Rehabilitation Center or Network Skilled Nursing Facility and the private room rate.
3. General nursing care
4. Use of intensive or special care facilities
5. X-ray examinations including CAT scans but not dental x-rays
6. Use of operating room and related facilities
7. Magnetic resonance imaging "MRI"
8. Drugs, medications, biologicals
9. Cardiography/Encephalography
10. Laboratory testing and services
11. Pre- and post-operative care
12. Special tests
13. Nuclear medicine
14. Therapy Services
15. Oxygen and oxygen therapy
16. Anesthesia and anesthesia services
17. Blood, blood products and blood processing
18. Intravenous injections and solutions
19. Surgical, medical and obstetrical services; We also cover reconstructive breast Surgery, Surgery to restore and achieve symmetry between the two breasts and the cost of prostheses following a mastectomy on one breast or both breasts. We also cover treatment of the physical complications of mastectomy, including lymphedemas.

21. The following transplants: Cornea, Kidney, Lung, Liver, Heart, Pancreas and Intestines.
22. Allogeneic bone marrow transplants.
[23. Autologous bone marrow transplants and associated dose intensive chemotherapy: only for treatment of Leukemia, Lymphoma, Neuroblastoma, Aplastic Anemia, Genetic Disorders (SCID and WISCOT Alldrich) and Breast Cancer, when Pre-Approved by Us, if the [Member] is participating in a National Cancer Institute sponsored clinical trial.]
[23. Autologous Bone Marrow Transplant and Associated Dose-Intensive Chemotherapy, but only if performed by institutions approved by the National Cancer Institute, or pursuant to protocols consistent with the guidelines of the American Society of Clinical Oncologists;
24. Peripheral Blood Stem Cell Transplants, but only if performed by institutions approved by the National Cancer Institute, or pursuant to protocols consistent with the guidelines of the American Society of Clinical Oncologists.]
25. Donor's costs associated with transplants if the donor does not have health coverage that would cover the medical costs associated with his or her role as a donor. We do not cover costs for travel, accommodations, or comfort items.

(d) **BENEFITS FOR SUBSTANCE ABUSE AND NON-BIOLOGICALLY-BASED MENTAL ILLNESSES.** The following Services are covered when rendered by a Network Provider at Provider's office or at a Network Substance Abuse Center [or Health Center] upon prior written referral by a [Member]'s Primary Care Physician [or the Care Manager]. This section does *not* address coverage for a Biologically-based Mental Illness.

1. **Outpatient.** [Members] are entitled to receive up to twenty (20) outpatient visits per Calendar Year. Benefits include diagnosis, medical, psychiatric and psychological treatment and medical referral services by a [Member]'s Primary Care Physician [or the Care Manager] for the abuse of or addiction to drugs and Non-Biologically-based Mental Illnesses. Payment for non-medical ancillary services (such as vocational rehabilitation or employment counseling) is not provided, but information regarding appropriate agencies will be provided if available. [Members] are additionally eligible, upon referral by a [Member]'s Primary Care Physician [or the Care Manager], for up to sixty (60) more outpatient visits by exchanging one or more of the inpatient hospital days described in paragraph 2 below where each exchanged inpatient day provides two outpatient visits.

2. **Inpatient Hospital Care.** [Members] are entitled to receive up to thirty (30) days of inpatient care benefits for detoxification, medical treatment for medical conditions resulting from the Substance Abuse, referral services for Substance Abuse, and Non-Biologically-based Mental Illnesses. The following services shall be covered under inpatient treatment: (1) lodging and dietary services; (2) physician, psychologist, nurse, certified addictions counselor and trained staff services; (3) diagnostic x-ray; (4) psychiatric, psychological and medical laboratory testing; (5) drugs, medicines, equipment use and supplies.

3. **Chemical Dependency Admissions.** Repeated detoxification treatment for chronic Substance Abuse will not be covered unless in Our sole Discretion it is Determined that [Members] have been cooperative with an on-going treatment plan developed by a Network Provider. Failure to comply with treatment shall constitute cause for non-coverage of Substance Abuse services. Court-ordered chemical dependency admissions are not covered unless Medically Necessary and Appropriate and only to the extent of the covered benefit as defined above.

["DC" NOTE: ANY NON-BIOLOGICALLY-BASED MENTAL ILLNESSES AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE BENEFITS A [MEMBER] RECEIVES UNDER THE ASSOCIATED INDEMNITY PLAN WILL REDUCE THE NON-BIOLOGICALLY-BASED MENTAL ILLNESSES AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE SERVICES AND SUPPLIES AVAILABLE UNDER THIS HMO PLAN.]

(e) **BENEFITS FOR BIOLOGICALLY-BASED MENTAL ILLNESS OR ALCOHOL ABUSE.** We cover treatment of a Biologically-based Mental Illness or Alcohol Abuse the same way We would for any other illness, if such treatment is prescribed by a Network Provider upon prior written referral by a [Member]'s Primary Care Physician [or the Care Manager]. We do not pay for Custodial care, education or training.

(f) **EMERGENCY CARE BENEFITS - WITHIN AND OUTSIDE OUR SERVICE AREA.** The following services are covered ["DC" under this HMO Plan] without prior written Referral by a [Member]'s Primary Care Physician in the event of an Emergency as Determined by Us.

1. A [Member]'s Primary Care Physician is required to provide or arrange for on-call coverage twenty-four (24) hours a day, seven (7) days a week. Unless a delay would be detrimental to a [Member]'s health, [Member] shall call a [Member]'s Primary Care Physician [or Health Center] [or Us] [or the Care Manager] prior to seeking Emergency treatment.
2. We will cover the cost of Emergency medical and hospital services performed within or outside our service area without a prior written Referral only if:

a. Our review Determines that a [Member]'s symptoms were severe and delay of treatment would have been detrimental to a [Member]'s health, the symptoms occurred suddenly, and [Member] sought immediate medical attention.
b. The service rendered is provided as a Covered Service or Supply under this Contract and is not a service or supply which is normally treated on a non-Emergency basis; and
c. We and the [Member]'s Primary Care Physician are notified within 48 hours of the Emergency service and/or admission and We are furnished with written proof of the occurrence, nature and extent of the Emergency services within 30 days. A [Member] shall be responsible for payment for services received unless We Determine that a [Member]'s failure to do so was reasonable under the circumstances. In no event shall reimbursement be made until We receive proper written proof.

3. In the event a [Member] is Hospitalized in a Non-Network Facility, coverage will only be provided until the [Member] is medically able to travel or to be transported to a Network Facility. If the [Member] elects to continue treatment with Non-Network Providers, We shall have no responsibility for payment beyond the date the [Member] is Determined to be medically able to be transported.

In the event that transportation is Medically Necessary and Appropriate, We will cover the amount We Determine to be the Reasonable and Customary cost. Reimbursement may be subject to payment by [Members] of all Copayments which would have been required had similar benefits been provided upon prior written Referral to a Network Provider.

4. Coverage for Emergency services includes only such treatment necessary to treat the Emergency. Any elective procedures performed after a [Member] has been admitted to a Facility as the result of an Emergency shall require prior written Referral or the [Member] shall be responsible for payment.

The Copayment for an emergency room visit will be credited toward the Hospital Inpatient Copayment if a [Member] is admitted as an Inpatient to the Hospital as a result of the Emergency.

6. Coverage for Emergency and Urgent Care include coverage of trauma services at any designated level I or II trauma center as Medically Necessary and Appropriate, which shall be continued at least until, in the judgement of the attending physician, the Member is medically stable, no longer requires critical care, and can be safely transferred to another Facility. We also provides coverage for a medical screening examination provided upon a Member's arrival in a Hospital, as required to be performed by the Hospital in accordance with Federal law, but only as necessary to determine whether an Emergency medical condition exists. [Please note that the "911" Emergency response system may be used whenever a Covered person has a potentially life-threatening condition. Information on the use of the "911" system is included on the identification card.]

(g) **THERAPY SERVICES.** The following Services are covered when rendered by a Network Provider upon prior written Referral by a [Member]'s Primary Care Physician [or the Care Manager]. Subject to the stated limits, We cover the Therapy Services listed below. We cover other types of Therapy Services provided they are performed by a licensed Provider, are Medically Necessary and Appropriate and are not Experimental or Investigational.

a. *Chelation Therapy* - means the administration of drugs or chemicals to remove toxic concentrations of metals from the body.
b. *Chemotherapy* - the treatment of malignant disease by chemical or biological antineoplastic agents.
c. *Dialysis Treatment* - the treatment of an acute renal failure or a chronic irreversible renal insufficiency by removing waste products from the body. This includes hemodialysis and peritoneal dialysis.
d. *Radiation Therapy* - the treatment of disease by x-ray, radium, cobalt, or high energy particle sources. Radiation therapy includes rental or cost of radioactive materials. Diagnostic Services requiring the use of radioactive materials are not radiation therapy.
e. *Respiration Therapy* - the introduction of dry or moist gases into the lungs.
f. *Cognitive Rehabilitation Therapy* - the retraining of the brain to perform intellectual skills which it was able to perform prior to disease, trauma, Surgery, or previous therapeutic process; or the training of the brain to perform intellectual skills it should have been able to perform if there were not a congenital anomaly.
g. *Speech Therapy* -except as stated below, treatment for the correction of a speech impairment resulting from Illness, Surgery, Injury, congenital anomaly, or previous therapeutic processes. Exception: For a [Covered Person] who has been diagnosed with a biologically-based mental illness, speech therapy means treatment of a speech impairment.

Coverage for Cognitive Rehabilitation Therapy and Speech Therapy, **combined,** is limited to 30 visits per Calendar Year.

h. *Occupational Therapy* - except as stated below, treatment to restore a physically disabled person's ability to perform the ordinary tasks of daily living. Exception: For a [Covered Person] who has been diagnosed with a biologically-based mental illness, occupational therapy means treatment to develop a [Covered Person's] ability to perform the ordinary tasks of daily living.
i. *Physical Therapy* - except as stated below, the treatment by physical means to relieve pain, restore maximum function, and prevent disability following disease, Injury or loss of limb. Exception: For a [Covered Person] who has been diagnosed with a biologically-based mental illness, physical therapy means treatment to develop a [Covered Person's] physical function.

Coverage for Occupational Therapy and Physical Therapy, **combined**, is limited to 30 visits per Calendar Year.

j. *Infusion Therapy* - the administration of antibiotic, nutrients, or other therapeutic agents by direct infusion.

Note: The limitations on Therapy Services contained in this Therapy Services provision do not apply to any Therapy Services that are received under the Home Health Care provision.

["DC" NOTE: ANY THERAPY BENEFITS A [MEMBER] RECEIVES UNDER THE ASSOCIATED INDEMNITY PLAN WILL REDUCE THE THERAPY SERVICES AND SUPPLIES AVAILABLE UNDER THIS HMO PLAN.]

(h) **HOME HEALTH CARE.** The following Services are covered upon prior written referral from a [Member]'s Primary Care Physician. When home health care can take the place of Inpatient care, We cover such care furnished to a [Member] under a written home health care plan. We cover all Medically Necessary and Appropriate services or supplies, such as:
1) Routine Nursing Care furnished by or under the supervision of a registered Nurse;
2) physical therapy;
3) occupational therapy;
4) medical social work;
5) nutrition services;
6) speech therapy;
7) home health aide services;
8) medical appliances and equipment, drugs and medications, laboratory services and special meals to the extent such items and services would have been covered under this Contract if the [Member] had been in a Hospital; and
9) any Diagnostic or therapeutic service, including surgical services performed in a Hospital Outpatient department, a Practitioner's office or any other licensed health care Facility, provided such service would have been covered under the Contract if performed as Inpatient Hospital services.

Payment is subject to all of the terms of this Contract and to the following conditions:

a. The [Member's] Practitioner must certify that home health care is needed in place of Inpatient care in a recognized Facility. Home health care is covered **only** in situations where continuing hospitalization or confinement in a Skilled Nursing Facility or Rehabilitation Center would otherwise have been required if home health care were not provided.
b. The services and supplies must be:
1. ordered by the [Member's] Practitioner;
2. included in the home health care plan: and
3. furnished by, or coordinated by, a Home Health Agency according to the written home health care plan.
The services and supplies must be furnished by recognized health care professionals on a part-time or intermittent basis, except when full-time or 24 hour service is needed on a short-term (no more than three-day) basis.
c. The home health care plan must be set up in writing by the [Member's] Practitioner within 14 days after home health care starts. And it must be reviewed by the [Member's] Practitioner at least once every 60 days.
e. We do not pay for:
1. services furnished to family members, other than the patient; or
2. services and supplies not included in the home health care plan.

Any visit by a member of a home health care team on any day shall be considered as one home health care visit.

["DC" NOTE: ANY NURSING CARE BENEFITS A [MEMBER] RECEIVES UNDER THE ASSOCIATED INDEMNITY PLAN WILL REDUCE THE NURSING CARE SERVICES AND SUPPLIES AVAILABLE UNDER THIS HMO PLAN.]

(j) **Hospice Care** if [Members] are terminally Ill or terminally Injured with life expectancy of six months or less, as certified by the [Member]'s Primary Care Physician. Services may include home and Hospital visits by nurses and social workers; pain management and symptom control; instruction and supervision of family members, inpatient care; counseling and emotional support; and other home health care benefits listed above.

(k) **DENTAL CARE AND TREATMENT.** The following services are covered when rendered by a [Network] Practitioner upon prior Referral by a [Member's] Primary Care Physician. We cover:
1) the diagnosis and treatment of oral tumors and cysts; and
2) the surgical removal of bony impacted teeth.

We also cover treatment of an Injury to natural teeth or the jaw, but only if:
1) the Injury was not caused, directly or indirectly by biting or chewing; and
2) all treatment is finished within 6 months of the date of the Injury.
Treatment includes replacing natural teeth lost due to such Injury. But in no event do We cover orthodontic treatment.

For a [Member] who is severely disabled or who is a Child under age 6, We cover:
a) general anesthesia and Hospitalization for dental services; and
b) dental services rendered by a dentist regardless of where the dental services are provided for a medical condition covered by this Contract which requires Hospitalization or general anesthesia.

(l) **TREATMENT FOR TEMPOROMANDIBULAR JOINT DISORDER (TMJ)** The following services are covered when rendered by a [Network] Practitioner upon prior Referral by a [Member's] Primary Care Physician. We cover services and supplies for the Medically Necessary and Appropriate surgical and non-surgical treatment of TMJ in a [Member]. However, We do not cover any services or supplies for orthodontia, crowns or bridgework.

(m) **THERAPEUTIC MANIPULATION** The following services are covered when rendered by a [Network] Practitioner upon prior Referral by a [Member's] Primary Care Physician [or the Care Manager]. We limit what We cover for therapeutic manipulation to 30 visits per Calendar Year. And We cover no more than two modalities per visit. Services and supplies beyond 30 visits are not covered.

["DC" NOTE: ANY THERAPEUTIC MANIPULATION BENEFITS A [MEMBER] RECEIVES UNDER THE ASSOCIATED INDEMNITY PLAN WILL REDUCE THE THERAPEUTIC MANIPULATION SERVICES AND SUPPLIES AVAILABLE UNDER THIS HMO PLAN.]

(n) [Cancer Clinical Trial We cover practitioner fees, laboratory expenses and expenses associated with Hospitalization, administering of treatment and evaluation of the Member during the course of treatment or a condition associated with a complication of the underlying disease or treatment, with are consistent with usual and customary patterns and standards of care incurred whenever a Member receives medical care associated with an Approved Cancer Clinical Trial. We will cover charges for such items and services only if they would be covered for care and treatment in a situation other than an Approved Cancer Clinical Trial.

We do not cover the cost of investigational drugs or devices themselves, the cost of any non-health services that might be required for a Member to receive the treatment or intervention, or the costs of managing the research, or any costs which would not be covered under this Contract for treatments that are not Experimental or Investigational.]

NON-COVERED SERVICES AND SUPPLIES

THE FOLLOWING ARE NOT COVERED SERVICES UNDER THIS CONTRACT.

Care or treatment by means of **acupuncture** except when used as a substitute for other forms of anesthesia.

Services for **ambulance** for transportation from a Hospital or other health care Facility, unless [Member] is being transferred to another Inpatient health care Facility.

[Broken Appointments.]

Blood or blood plasma which is replaced by or for a [Member].

Care and/or treatment by a **Christian Science Practitioner**.

Completion of claim forms.

Services or supplies related to **Cosmetic Surgery**, except as otherwise stated in this Contract; complications of Cosmetic Surgery; drugs prescribed for cosmetic purposes

Services related to **Custodial** or **domiciliary** care.

Dental care or treatment, including appliances and dental implants, except as otherwise stated in this Contract.

Care or treatment by means of **dose intensive chemotherapy**, except as otherwise stated in this Contract.

Services or supplies, the primary purpose of which is **educational** providing the [Member] with any of the following: training in the activities of daily living; instruction in scholastic skills such as reading and writing; preparation for an occupation; or treatment for learning disabilities.

Experimental or Investigational treatments, procedures, hospitalizations, drugs, biological products or medical devices, except as otherwise stated in this Contract.

Extraction of teeth, except for bony impacted teeth.

Services or supplies for or in connection with:
a) except as otherwise stated in this Contract, exams to determine the need for (or changes of) **eyeglasses** or lenses of any type;
b) eyeglasses or lenses of any type except initial replacements for loss of the natural lens; or
c) eye surgery such as radial keratotomy or lasik surgery, when the primary purpose is to correct myopia (nearsightedness), hyperopia (farsightedness) or astigmatism (blurring).

Services or supplies provided by one of the following members of the Employee's **family**: spouse, child, parent, in-law, brother, sister or grandparent.

Services or supplies furnished in connection with any procedures to enhance **fertility** which involve harvesting, storage and/or manipulation of eggs and sperm. This includes, but is not limited to the following: a) procedures: in vitro fertilization; embryo transfer; embryo freezing; and Gamete intrafallopian Transfer (GIFT) and Zygote Intrafallopian Transfer (ZIFT), donor sperm, surrogate motherhood; and b) Prescription Drugs not eligible under the Prescription Drugs section of the Policy.

Except as otherwise stated in this Contract, services or supplies related to **hearing aids and hearing examinations** to determine the need for hearing aids or the need to adjust them.

Services or supplies related to **herbal medicine**.

Services or supplies related to **hypnotism**.

Services or supplies necessary because the [Member] engaged, or tried to engage, in an **illegal occupation** or committed or tried to commit an indictable offense in the jurisdiction in which it is committed, or a felony. ***Exception***: If the coverage under this Policy is richer than the coverage under the Policyholder's old plan, this Policy will provide coverage for services and supplies related to the disabling condition. This Policy will coordinate with the Policyholder's old plan, with this Policy providing secondary coverage, as described in the Coordination of Benefits and Services provision.

Except as stated below, Illness or Injury, including a condition which is the result of disease or bodily infirmity, which occurred on the job and which is covered or could have been covered for benefits provided under workers' compensation, employer's liability, occupational disease or similar law;
Exception: This exclusion does not apply to the following persons for whom coverage under workers' compensation is optional unless such persons are actually covered for workers' compensation: a self-employed person or a partner of a limited liability partnership, members of a limited liability company or partners of a partnership who actively perform services on behalf of the self-employed business, the limited liability partnership, limited liability company or the partnership.

["DC" [Services or supplies for which benefits are paid under the associated **Indemnity Plan.]**

Local anesthesia charges billed separately if such charges are included in the fee for the Surgery.

Membership costs for health clubs, weight loss clinics and similar programs.

Services and supplies related to **marriage, career or financial counseling, sex therapy or family therapy, and related services.**

Any **Non-Covered Service or Supply** specifically limited or not covered elsewhere in this Contract, or which is not Medically Necessary and Appropriate.

Non-prescription drugs or supplies, except;
a) insulin needles and insulin syringes and glucose test strips and lancets;
b) colostomy bags, belts, and irrigators; and
c) as stated in this Contract for food and food products for inherited metabolic diseases.

Services provided by a **pastoral counselor** in the course of his or her normal duties as a religious official or practitioner.
Personal convenience or comfort items including, but not limited to, such items as TV's, telephones, first aid kits, exercise equipment, air conditioners, humidifiers, saunas, hot tubs.

[Pre-Existing Condition Limitations:
The following "Pre-Existing Conditions" and "Continuity of Coverage" provisions only apply to Contracts issued to Contractholders of at least two but not more than five eligible Employees. These provisions also apply to "Late Enrollees" under the Contracts issued to any Small Employer. However, this provision does not apply to Late Enrollees if 10 or more Late Enrollees request enrollment during any [30] day enrollment period provided for in this Contract. See this Contract's EMPLOYEE COVERAGE [and DEPENDENT COVERAGE] subsection[s] of the ELIGIBILITY section to determine if a [Member] is a Late Enrollee. [The "Pre-Existing Conditions" provision does not apply to a Dependent who is an adopted child or who is a child placed for adoption or to a newborn child if the Employee enrolls the Dependent and agrees to make the required payments within [31] days after the Dependent's Eligibility Date.]

A Pre-Existing Condition is an Illness or Injury which manifests itself in the six months before a [Member's] Enrollment Date, and for which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received during the six months immediately preceding the Enrollment Date.
We do not pay benefits for charges for Pre-Existing Conditions for 180 days measured from the Enrollment Date. This 180 day period may be reduced by the length of time the [Member] was covered under any Creditable Coverage if, without application of any Waiting Period, the Creditable Coverage was continuous to a date not more than 90 days prior to becoming a [Member]. Refer to the Continuity of Coverage section below.

This limitation does not affect benefits for other unrelated conditions, [or] pregnancy [, or birth defects in a covered Dependent child]. Genetic information will not be treated as a Pre-Existing Condition in the absence of a diagnosis of the condition related to that information. And We waive this limitation for a [Member's] Pre-Existing Condition if the condition was payable under Creditable Coverage which covered the [Member] right before the [Member's] coverage under this Contract started. The next section shows other exceptions.

Continuity of Coverage
[NOTE: COVERAGE UNDER THIS CONTRACT IS SUBJECT TO THE ALTERNATIVE METHOD FOR COUNTING CREDITABLE COVERAGE]
If a new [Member] was covered under Creditable Coverage prior to enrollment under this Contract and the Creditable Coverage was continuous to a date not more than 90 days prior to the Enrollment Date under this Contract, We will provide credit as follows. [Standard method] [We give credit for the time the [Member] was covered under the Creditable Coverage without regard to the specific benefits included in the Creditable Coverage.] [Alternative method] [We give credit for the time the [Member] was covered under the Creditable Coverage based on coverage for the following [category] [categories] of benefits: [mental health;] [substance abuse treatment;] [prescription drugs;] [dental care;] [or] [vision care]. [We will count a period of Creditable Coverage with respect to a category of benefits if any level of benefits is covered within that category. For all other benefits,] We give credit for the time the [Member] was covered under the Creditable Coverage without regard to the specific benefits included in the Creditable Coverage.] We count the days the [Member] was covered under Creditable Coverage, except that days that occur before any lapse in coverage of more than 90 days are not counted. We apply these days to reduce the duration of the Pre-Existing Condition limitation under this Contract. The person must sign and complete his or her enrollment form within 30 days of the date the Employee's [active] Full-Time service begins. Any condition arising between the date his or her coverage under the Creditable Coverage ends and the Enrollment Date is a Pre-Existing Condition. We do not cover any charges actually incurred before the person's coverage under this Contract starts. If the Contractholder has included an eligibility waiting period in this Contract, an Employee must still meet it, before becoming covered.]

Any service provided without prior written Referral by the [Member]'s **Primary Care Physician,** except as specified in this Contract.

Services related to **Private Duty Nursing**, except as provided under the Home Health Care section of this Contract.

In the event of an Emergency, the amount of any charge which is greater than the amount We Determine to be the **reasonable and customary charge**.

Services or supplies related to **rest or convalescent cures**.

Room and board charges for a [Member] in any Facility for any period of time during which he or she was not physically present overnight in the Facility.

Services or supplies related to **Routine Foot Care, except:**
a) an open cutting operation to treat weak, strained, flat, unstable or unbalanced feet, metatarsalgia or bunions;
b) the removal of nail roots; and
c) treatment or removal of corns, calluses or toenails in conjunction with the treatment of metabolic or peripheral vascular disease.

Self-administered services such as: biofeedback, patient-controlled analgesia on an Outpatient basis, related diagnostic testing, self-care and self-help training.

Services or supplies:
a) eligible for payment under either federal or state programs (except Medicaid and Medicare). This provision applies whether or not the [Member] asserts his or her rights to obtain this coverage or payment for these services;
b) for which a charge is not usually made, such as a Practitioner treating a professional or business associate, or services at a public health fair;
c) for which a [Member] would not have been charged if he or she did not have health care coverage;
d) provided by or in a Government Hospital except as stated below, or unless the services are for treatment:
   - of a non-service Emergency; or
   - by a Veterans' Administration Hospital of a non-service related Illness or Injury;

Exception: This exclusion does not apply to military retirees, their Dependents and the Dependents of active duty military personnel who are covered under both this Contract and under military health coverage and who receive care in facilities of the Uniformed Services.

Sterilization reversal - services and supplies rendered for reversal of sterilization.

Surgery, sex hormones, and related medical, psychological and psychiatric services to change a [Member]'s sex; services and supplies arising from complications of sex transformation.

Telephone consultations.

Transplants, except as otherwise listed in the Contract.

Transportation; travel.

Vision therapy.

Vitamins and dietary supplements.

Services or supplies received as a result of a **war**, declared or undeclared; police actions; services in the armed forces or units auxiliary thereto.

Weight reduction or control, unless there is a diagnosis of morbid obesity; special foods, food supplements, liquid diets, diet plans or any related products except as provided in the Nutritional Counseling and Food and Food Products for Inherited Metabolic Diseases items of this Contract.

Wigs, toupees, hair transplants, hair weaving or any drug if such drug is used in connection with baldness.

COORDINATION OF BENEFITS AND SERVICES

Purpose Of This Provision
A [Member] may be covered for health benefits or services by more than one Plan. For instance, he or she may be covered by this [Contract] as an Employee and by another plan as a Dependent of his or her spouse. If he or she is covered by more than one Plan, this provision allows Us to coordinate what We pay or provides with what another Plan pays or provides. This provision sets forth the rules for determining which is the Primary Plan and which is the Secondary Plan. Coordination of benefits is intended to avoid duplication of benefits while at the same time preserving certain rights to coverage under all Plans under which the [Member] is covered.

DEFINITIONS
The words shown below have special meanings when used in this provision. Please read these definitions carefully. [Throughout this provision, these defined terms appear with their initial letter capitalized.]

Allowable Expense: The charge for any health care service, supply or other item of expense for which the [Member] is liable when the health care service, supply or other item of expense is covered at least in part under any of the Plans involved, except where a statute requires another definition, or as otherwise stated below.

When this [Contract] is coordinating benefits with a Plan that provides benefits only for dental care, vision care, prescription drugs or hearing aids, Allowable Expense is limited to like items of expense.

[Carrier] will not consider the difference between the cost of a private hospital room and that of a semi-private hospital room as an Allowable Expense unless the stay in a private room is Medically Necessary and Appropriate.

When this [Contract] is coordinating benefits with a Plan that restricts coordination of benefits to a specific coverage, We will only consider corresponding services, supplies or items of expense to which coordination of benefits applies as an Allowable Expense.

Claim Determination Period: A Calendar Year, or portion of a Calendar Year, during which a [Member] is covered by this [Contract] and at least one other Plan and incurs one or more Allowable Expense(s) under such plans.

Plan: Coverage with which coordination of benefits is allowed. Plan includes:
a) Group insurance and group subscriber contracts, including insurance continued pursuant to a Federal or State continuation law;
b) Self-funded arrangements of group or group-type coverage, including insurance continued pursuant to a Federal or State continuation law;
c) Group or group-type coverage through a health maintenance organization (HMO) or other prepayment, group practice and individual practice plans, including insurance continued pursuant to a Federal or State continuation law;
d) Group hospital indemnity benefit amounts that exceed $150 per day;
e) Medicare or other governmental benefits, except when, pursuant to law, the benefits must be treated as in excess of those of any private insurance plan or non-governmental plan.

Plan does not include:
a) Individual or family insurance contracts or subscriber contracts;
b) Individual or family coverage through a health maintenance organization or under any other prepayment, group practice and individual practice plans;
c) Group or group-type coverage where the cost of coverage is paid solely by the [Member] except that coverage being continued pursuant to a Federal or State continuation law shall be considered a Plan;
d) Group hospital indemnity benefit amounts of $150 per day or less;
e) School accident –type coverage;
f) A State plan under Medicaid.

Primary Plan: A Plan whose benefits for a [Member's] health care coverage must be determined without taking into consideration the existence of any other Plan. There may be more than one Primary Plan. A Plan will be the Primary Plan if either "a" or "b" below exist:
a) The Plan has no order of benefit determination rules, or it has rules that differ from those contained in this Coordination of Benefits and Services provision; or
b) All Plans which cover the [Member] use order of benefit determination rules consistent with those contained in the Coordination of Benefits and Services provision and under those rules, the plan determines its benefits first.

Reasonable and Customary: An amount that is not more than the usual or customary charge for the service or supply as determined by Us, based on a standard which is most often charged for a given service by a Provider within the same geographic area.

Secondary Plan: A Plan which is not a Primary Plan. If a [Member] is covered by more than one Secondary Plan, the order of benefit determination rules of this Coordination of Benefits and Services provision shall be used to determine the order in which the benefits payable under the multiple Secondary Plans are paid in relation to each other. The benefits of each Secondary Plan may take into consideration the benefits of the Primary Plan or Plans and the benefits of any other Plan which, under this Coordination of Benefits and Services provision, has its benefits determined before those of that Secondary Plan.

PRIMARY AND SECONDARY PLAN

We consider each plan separately when coordinating payments.

The Primary Plan pays or provides services or supplies first, without taking into consideration the existence of a Secondary Plan. If a Plan has no coordination of benefits provision, or if the order of benefit determination rules differ from those set forth in these provisions, it is the Primary Plan.

A Secondary Plan takes into consideration the benefits provided by a Primary Plan when, according to the rules set forth below, the plan is the Secondary Plan. If there is more than one Secondary Plan, the order of benefit determination rules determine the order among the Secondary Plans. During each Claim Determination Period, the Secondary Plan(s) will pay up to the remaining unpaid allowable expenses, but no Secondary Plan will pay more than it would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan. The method the Secondary Plan uses to determine the amount to pay is set forth below in the **"Procedures to be Followed by the Secondary Plan to Calculate Benefits"** section of this provision.

The Secondary Plan shall not reduce Allowable Expenses for medically necessary and appropriate services or supplies on the basis that precertification, preapproval, notification or second surgical opinion procedures were not followed.

RULES FOR THE ORDER OF BENEFIT DETERMINATION

The benefits of the Plan that covers the [Member] as an employee, member, subscriber or retiree shall be determined before those of the Plan that covers the [Member] as a Dependent. The coverage as an employee, member, subscriber or retiree is the Primary Plan.

The benefits of the Plan that covers the [Member] as an employee who is neither laid off nor retired, or as a dependent of such person, shall be determined before those for the Plan that covers the [Member] as a laid off or retired employee, or as such a person's Dependent. If the other Plan does not contain this rule, and as a result the Plans do not agree on the order of benefit determination, this portion of this provision shall be ignored.

The benefits of the Plan that covers the [Member] as an employee, member, subscriber or retiree, or Dependent of such person, shall be determined before those of the Plan that covers the [Member] under a right of continuation pursuant to Federal or State law. If the other Plan does not contain this rule, and as a result the Plans do not agree on the order of benefit determination, this portion of this provision shall be ignored.

If a child is covered as a Dependent under Plans through both parents, and the parents are neither separated nor divorced, the following rules apply:
a) The benefits of the Plan of the parent whose birthday falls earlier in the Calendar Year shall be determined before those of the parent whose birthday falls later in the Calendar Year.
b) If both parents have the same birthday, the benefits of the Plan which covered the parent for a longer period of time shall be determined before those of plan which covered the other parent for a shorter period of time.
c) Birthday, as used above, refers only to month and day in a calendar year, not the year in which the parent was born.
d) If the other plan contains a provision that determines the order of benefits based on the gender of the parent, the birthday rule in this provision shall be ignored.

If a child is covered as a Dependent under Plans through both parents, and the parents are separated or divorced, the following rules apply:
a) The benefits of the Plan of the parent with custody of the child shall be determined first.
b) The benefits of the Plan of the spouse of the parent with custody shall be determined second.
c) The benefits of the Plan of the parent without custody shall be determined last.
d) If the terms of a court decree state that one of the parents is responsible for the health care expenses for the child, and if the entity providing coverage under that Plan has actual knowledge of the terms of the court decree, then the benefits of that plan shall be determined first. The benefits of the plan of the other parent shall be considered as secondary. Until the entity providing coverage under the plan has knowledge of the terms of the court decree regarding health care expenses, this portion of this provision shall be ignored.

If the above order of benefits does not establish which plan is the Primary Plan, the benefits of the Plan that covers the employee, member or subscriber for a longer period of time shall be determined before the benefits of the Plan(s) that covered the person for a shorter period of time.

Procedures to be Followed by the Secondary Plan to Calculate Benefits

In order to determine which procedure to follow it is necessary to consider:
a) the basis on which the Primary Plan and the Secondary Plan pay benefits; and
b) whether the provider who provides or arranges the services and supplies is in the network of either the Primary Plan or the Secondary Plan.

Benefits may be based on the Reasonable and Customary Charge (R&C), or some similar term. This means that the provider bills a charge and the [Member] may be held liable for the full amount of the billed charge. In this section, a Plan that bases benefits on a reasonable and customary charge is called an "R&C Plan."

Benefits may be based on a contractual fee schedule, sometimes called a negotiated fee schedule, or some similar term. This means that although a provider, called a network provider, bills a charge, the [Member] may be held liable only for an amount up to the negotiated fee. In this section, a Plan that bases benefits on a negotiated fee schedule is called a "Fee Schedule Plan." If the [Member] uses the services of a non-network provider, the plan will be treated as an R&C Plan even though the plan under which he or she is covered allows for a fee schedule.

Payment to the provider may be based on a "capitation". This means that then HMO or other plans pays the provider a fixed amount per [Member]. The [Member] is liable only for the applicable deductible, coinsurance or copayment. If the [Member] uses the services of a non-network provider, the HMO or other plans will only pay benefits in the event of emergency care or urgent care. In this section, a Plan that pays providers based upon capitation is called a "Capitation Plan."

In the rules below, "provider" refers to the provider who provides or arranges the services or supplies and "HMO" refers to a health maintenance organization plan.

Primary Plan is R&C Plan and Secondary Plan is R&C Plan
The Secondary Plan shall pay the lesser of:
a) the difference between the amount of the billed charges and the amount paid by the Primary Plan; or
b) the amount the Secondary Plan would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan.
When the benefits of the Secondary Plan are reduced as a result of this calculation, each benefit shall be reduced in proportion, and the amount paid shall be charged against any applicable benefit limit of the plan.

Primary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan and Secondary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan
If the provider is a network provider in both the Primary Plan and the Secondary Plan, the Allowable Expense shall be the fee schedule of the Primary Plan. The Secondary Plan shall pay the lesser of:
a) The amount of any deductible, coinsurance or copayment required by the Primary Plan; or
b) the amount the Secondary Plan would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan.
The total amount the provider receives from the Primary plan, the Secondary plan and the [Member] shall not exceed the fee schedule of the Primary Plan. In no event shall the [Member] be responsible for any payment in excess of the copayment, coinsurance or deductible of the Secondary Plan.

Primary Plan is R&C Plan and Secondary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan
If the provider is a network provider in the Secondary Plan, the Secondary Plan shall pay the lesser of:
a) the difference between the amount of the billed charges for the Allowable Expenses and the amount paid by the Primary Plan; or
b) the amount the Secondary Plan would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan.
The [Member] shall only be liable for the copayment, deductible or coinsurance under the Secondary Plan if the [Member] has no liability for copayment, deductible or coinsurance under the Primary Plan and the total payments by both the primary and Secondary Plans are less than the provider's billed charges. In no event shall the [Member] be responsible for any payment in excess of the copayment, coinsurance or deductible of the Secondary Plan.

Primary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan and Secondary Plan is R&C Plan
If the provider is a network provider in the Primary Plan, the Allowable Expense considered by the Secondary Plan shall be the fee schedule of the Primary Plan. The Secondary Plan shall pay the lesser of:
a) The amount of any deductible, coinsurance or copayment required by the Primary Plan; or
b) the amount the Secondary Plan would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan.

Primary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan and Secondary Plan is R&C Plan or Fee Schedule Plan
If the Primary Plan is an HMO plan that does not allow for the use of non-network providers except in the event of urgent care or emergency care and the service or supply the [Member] receives from a non-network provider is not considered as urgent care or emergency care, the Secondary Plan shall pay benefits as if it were the Primary Plan.

Primary Plan is Capitation Plan and Secondary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan or R&C Plan
If the [Member] receives services or supplies from a provider who is in the network of both the Primary Plan and the Secondary Plan, the Secondary Plan shall pay the lesser of:
a) The amount of any deductible, coinsurance or copayment required by the Primary Plan; or
b) the amount the Secondary Plan would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan.

Primary Plan is Capitation Plan or Fee Schedule Plan or R&C Plan and Secondary Plan is Capitation Plan
If the [Member] receives services or supplies from a provider who is in the network of the Secondary Plan, the Secondary Plan shall be liable to pay the capitation to the provider and shall not be liable to pay the deductible, coinsurance or copayment imposed by the Primary Plan. The [Member] shall not be liable to pay any deductible, coinsurance or copayments of either the Primary Plan or the Secondary Plan.

Primary Plan is an HMO and Secondary Plan is an HMO
If the Primary Plan is an HMO plan that does not allow for the use of non-network providers except in the event of urgent care or emergency care and the service or supply the [Member] receives from a non-network provider is not considered as urgent care or emergency care, but the provider is in the network of the Secondary Plan, the Secondary Plan shall pay benefits as if it were the Primary Plan. Except that the Primary Plan shall pay out-of-Network services, if any, authorized by the Primary Plan.

SERVICES FOR AUTOMOBILE RELATED INJURIES

This section will be used to determine a [Member's] coverage under this Contract when services are provided as a result of an automobile related Injury.

Definitions
"Automobile Related Injury" means bodily Injury sustained by a [Member] as a result of an accident:
a) while occupying, entering, leaving or using an automobile; or
b) as a pedestrian;

caused by an automobile or by an object propelled by or from an automobile.

"Allowable Expense" means a medically necessary, reasonable and customary item of expense covered at least in part as an eligible expense or eligible services by:
a) this Contract;
b) PIP; or
c) OSAIC.

"Eligible Services" means services provided for treatment of an Injury which is covered under this Contract without application of Cash Deductibles and Copayments, if any or Coinsurance.

"Out-of-State Automobile Insurance Coverage" or "OSAIC" means any coverage for medical expenses under an automobile insurance policy other than PIP. OSAIC includes automobile insurance policies issued in another state or jurisdiction.

"PIP" means personal injury protection coverage provided as part of an automobile insurance policy issued in New Jersey. PIP refers specifically to provisions for medical expense coverage.

Determination of primary or secondary coverage.
This Contract provides secondary coverage to PIP unless health coverage has been elected as primary coverage by or for the [Member] under this Contract. This election is made by the named insured under a PIP policy. Such election affects that person's family members who are not themselves named insureds under another automobile policy. This Contract may be primary for one [Member], but not for another if the person has a separate automobile policy and has made different selection regarding primacy of health coverage.

This Contract is secondary to OSAIC, unless the OSAIC contains provisions which make it secondary or excess to the Contractholder's plan. In that case this Contract will be primary.

If there is a dispute as to which policy is primary, this Contract will pay benefits or provide services as if it were primary.

Services this Contract will provide if it is primary to PIP or OSAIC.
If this Contract is primary to PIP or OSAIC it will provide benefits for eligible expenses in accordance with its terms.

The rules of the **COORDINATION OF BENEFITS AND SERVICES** section of this Contract will apply if:
a) the [Member] is insured or covered for services under more than one insurance plan; and
b) such insurance plans or HMO Contracts are primary to automobile insurance coverage.

Benefits this Contract will pay if it is secondary to PIP or OSAIC.
If this Contract is secondary to PIP or OSAIC the actual benefits payable will be the lesser of:
a) the Allowable Expenses left uncovered after PIP or OSAIC has provided coverage after applying Cash Deductibles and Copayments, or
b) the equivalent value of services if this Contract had been primary.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

AFFILIATED COMPANIES
If the Contractholder asks Us in writing to include an Affiliated Company under this Contract, and We give written approval for the inclusion, We will treat Employees of that company like the Contractholder's Employees. Our written approval will include the starting date of the company's coverage under this Contract. But each eligible Employee of that company must still meet all the terms and conditions of this Contract before becoming covered.

An Employee of the Contractholder and one or more Affiliated Companies will be considered an Employee of only one of those Employers for the purpose of this Contract. That Employee's service with multiple Employers will be treated as service with that one.

The Contractholder must notify Us in writing when a company stops being an Affiliated Company. As of this date, this Contract will be considered to end for Employees of that Employer. This applies to all of those Employees except those who, on the next day, are employed by the Contractholder or another Affiliated Company as eligible Employees.

AMENDMENT
The Contract may be amended, at any time, without a [Member]'s consent or that of anyone else with a beneficial interest in it. The Contractholder may change the type of coverage under this Contract at any time by notifying Us in writing.

We may make amendments to the Contract upon 30 days' notice to the Contractholder, and as provided in (b) and (c) below. An amendment will not affect benefits for a service or supply furnished before the date of change; and no change to the benefits under this Contract will be made without the approval of the Board.

Only Our officers have authority: to waive any conditions or restrictions of the Contract, to extend the time in which a Premium may be paid, to make or change a Contract, or to bind Us by a promise or representation or by information given or received.

No change in the Contract is valid unless the change is shown in one of the following ways:
a) it is shown in an endorsement on it signed by one of Our officers.
b) if a change has been automatically made to satisfy the requirements of any state or federal law that applies to the Contract, as provided in the section of this Contract called **Conformity With Law**, it is shown in an amendment to it that is signed by one of Our officers.
c) if a change is required by Us, it is accepted by the Contractholder, as evidenced by payment of a Premium on or after the effective date of such change.
d) if a written request for a change is made by the Contractholder, it is shown in an amendment to it signed by the Contractholder and by one of Our officers.

ASSIGNMENT
No assignment or transfer by the Contractholder of any of the Contractholder's interest under this Contract or by a [Member] of any of his or her interest under this Contract is valid unless We consent thereto.

CLERICAL ERROR - MISSTATEMENTS
No clerical error nor programming or systems error by the Contractholder or by Us in keeping any records pertaining to coverage under this Contract will reduce a [Member]'s Coverage. Neither will delays in making entries on those records reduce it. However, if We discover such an error or delay, a fair adjustment of Premiums will be made.

Except as described in the **Premium Amounts** section, premium adjustments involving return of unearned premium to the Contractholder will be limited to the period of 12 months preceding the date of Our receipt of satisfactory evidence that such adjustments should be made.

If the age of an Employee, or any other relevant facts, are found to have been misstated, and the premiums are thereby affected, an equitable adjustment of premiums will be made. If such misstatement involves whether or not the person's coverage would have been accepted by Us, subject to this Contract's **Incontestability** section, the true facts will be used in determining whether coverage is in force under the terms of this Contract.

CONFORMITY WITH LAW
Any provision of this Contract which, is in conflict with the laws of the State of New Jersey, or with Federal law, shall be construed and applied as if it were in full compliance with the minimum requirements of such State law or Federal law.

CONTINUING RIGHTS
Our failure to apply terms or conditions does not mean that We waive or give up any future rights under this Contract.

EMPLOYEE'S EVIDENCE OF COVERAGE
We will give the Contractholder an individual evidence of coverage to give each covered Employee. It will describe the Employee's coverage under this Contract. It will include:
a. to whom We provide services and supplies or pay benefits;
b. any protection and rights when the coverage ends; and
c. claim rights and requirements.

In the event this Contract is amended, and such amendment affects the material contained in the evidence of coverage, a rider or revised evidence of coverage reflecting such amendment will be issued to the Contractholder for delivery to affected Employees.

GOVERNING LAW
This entire Contract is governed by the laws of the State of New Jersey.

INCONTESTABILITY OF THE CONTRACT
There will be no contest of the validity of the Contract, except for not paying premiums, after it has been in force for two years.

No statement in any application, except a fraudulent statement, made by the Contractholder or by a [Member] covered under this Contract shall be used in contesting the validity of his or her coverage or in denying benefits after such coverage has been in force for two years during the person's lifetime. Note: There is no time limit with respect to a contest in connection with fraudulent statements.

LIMITATION ON ACTIONS
No action at law or in equity shall be brought to recover on the Contract until 60 days after a [Member] files written proof of loss. No such action shall be brought more than three years after the end of the time within which proof of loss is required.

NOTICES AND OTHER INFORMATION
Any notices, documents, or other information under the Contract may be sent by United States Mail, postage prepaid, addressed as follows:

If to Us: To Our last address on record with the Contractholder.

If to the Contractholder: To the last address provided by the Contractholder on an enrollment or change of address form actually delivered to Us.

If to a [Member]: To the last address provided by the [Member] on an enrollment or change of address form actually delivered to Us.

OTHER RIGHTS
We are only required to provide benefits to the extent stated in this Contract, its riders and attachments. We have no other liability.

Services and supplies are to be provided in the most cost-effective manner practicable as Determined by Us.

We reserve the right to use Our subsidiaries or appropriate employees or companies in administering this Contract.

We reserve the right to modify or replace an erroneously issued Contract.

Information in a Contractholder's application may not be used by Us to void this Contract or in any legal action unless the application or a duplicate of it is attached to this Contract or has been furnished to the Contractholder for attachment to this Contract.

Information in a [Member's] application may not be used by Us to void his or her coverage under this Contract or in any legal action unless the application or a duplicate of it is attached to the Evidence of Coverage issued to a [Member], or has been mailed to a [Member] for attachment to his or her Evidence of Coverage.

PARTICIPATION REQUIREMENTS
At least [75%] of the Employees eligible for insurance must be enrolled for coverage. If an eligible Employee is not covered by this Contract because:
a. the Employee is covered as a Dependent under a spouse's coverage, other than individual coverage; or
b. the Employee is covered under any fully-insured Health Benefits Plan offered by the Contractholder;
c. the Employee is covered under Medicare;
d. the Employee is covered under Medicaid or NJ FamilyCare; or
e. the Employee is covered under another group health benefits plan.

We will count this person as being covered by this Contract for the purposes of satisfying participation requirements.

PREMIUM AMOUNTS
The Premium due on each Premium Due Date is the sum of the Premium charges for the coverage You have. Those charges are Determined from the Premium rates then in effect and the Employees and Dependents then covered.

If one or more of the premiums paid include charges for a [Member] [and or Dependent] whose coverage has ended before the date of that premium, We will not be required to refund more than the premiums paid for the two months prior to the date We receive written notice from the Contractholder that the Employee's [and or Dependent's] coverage has ended, provided no claims have been incurred during that period. . If services or supplies were provided during the period prior to Our receipt of written notice that the Employee [and Dependent's] coverage has ended, We shall not be required to refund premium to the Contractholder.

PAYMENT OF PREMIUMS - GRACE PERIOD
Premiums are to be paid by the Contractholder to Us. They are due on each Premium Due Date stated on the first page of the Contract. The Contractholder may pay each Premium other than the first within 31 days of the Premium Due Date. Those days are known as the grace period. The Contractholder is liable to pay Premiums to Us from the first day the Contract is in force.

[REINSTATEMENT
If the premium has not been paid before the end of the grace period, this Contract automatically terminates as of the last day of the grace period. The Contractholder may make written request to Us that the Contract be reinstated. If We accept the request for reinstatement, the Contractholder must pay all unpaid premiums back to the date premium was last paid. Such payment is subject to [the payment of the reinstatement fee as established by Us.] [an interest charge, determined as a percentage of the unpaid amount. The percentage will be determined by Us but will not be more than the maximum percentage allowed by law.]]

PREMIUM RATE CHANGES
The Premium rates in effect on the Effective Date are shown in the Premium Rates and Provisions section of the Contract. We have the right to prospectively change Premium rates as of any of these dates:
a) any Premium Due Date;
b) any date that an Employer becomes, or ceases to be, an Affiliated Company.
c) any date that the extent or nature of the risk under the Contract is changed:
   1) by amendment of the Contract; or
   2) by reason of any provision of law or any government program or regulation;
d) at the discovery of a clerical error or misstatement as described below.

We will give You 60 days written notice when a change in the Premium rates is made.

RECORDS - INFORMATION TO BE FURNISHED
We will keep a record of the [Members]. It will contain key facts about their coverage.

At the times set by Us, the Contractholder will send the data required by Us to perform its duties under this Contract, and to Determine the premium rates and certify status as a Small Employer. All records of the Contractholder which bear on this Contract must be open to Us for Our inspection at any reasonable time.

We will not have to perform any duty that depends on such data before it is received in a form that satisfies Us. The Contractholder may correct incorrect data given to Us, if We have not been harmed by acting on it. A person's coverage under this Contract will not be made invalid by failure of the Contractholder, due to clerical error, to record or report the Employee for coverage.

The Contractholder will furnish Us the Employee [and Dependents] eligibility requirements of this Contract that apply on the Effective Date. Subject to Our approval, those requirements will apply to the Employee [and Dependent] coverage under this Contract. The Contractholder will notify Us of

any change in the eligibility requirements of this Contract, but no such change will apply to the Employee [or Dependent] coverage under this Contract unless Pre-Approved by Us.

The Contractholder will notify Us of any event, including a change in eligibility, that causes termination of a [Member's] coverage immediately, or in no event later than the last day of the month in which the event occurs. Our liability to arrange or provide benefits for a person ceases when the person's coverage ends under this Contract. [If the Contractholder fails to notify Us as provided above, We will be entitled to reimbursement from the Contractholder of any benefits paid to any person after the person's coverage should have ended.]

STATEMENTS
No statement will void the coverage, or be used in defense of a claim under this Contract, unless it is contained in a writing signed by a [Member], and We furnish a copy to the [Member].

All statements will be deemed representations and not warranties.

TERM OF THE CONTRACT - RENEWAL PRIVILEGE – TERMINATION

This Contract is issued for a term of one (1) year from the Effective Date shown on the first page of this Contract. All Contract Years and Contract Months will be calculated from the Effective Date. Plan Years will be measured as stated in the definition of Plan Year. All periods of insurance hereunder will begin and end at 12:01 am. Eastern Standard Time at the Contractholder's place of business.

The Contractholder may renew this Contract for a further term of one (1) year, on the first and each subsequent Contract Anniversary. All renewals are subject to the payment of premiums then due, computed as provided in this Contract's **Premium Amounts** section and to the provisions stated below.

We have the right to non-renew this Contract on the Contract Anniversary following the date the Contractholder no longer meets the requirements of a Small Employer as defined in this Contract. The Contractholder must certify to Us the Contractholder's status as a Small Employer every year. Certification must be given to Us within 10 days of the date We request it. If the Contractholder fails to do this, We retain the right to non-renew this Contract as of the Contractholder's Contract Anniversary.

We have the right to non-renew this Contract on the Contract Anniversary date following 180 days advance written notice to the Contractholder for the following reasons:
a) subject to the statutory notification requirements, We cease to do business in the small group market;
b) subject to the statutory notification requirements, We cease offering and non-renew a particular type of Health Benefits Plan in the small group market; or
c) the Board terminates a standard plan or a standard plan option.

We have the right to non-renew this Contract on the Contract Anniversary Date subject to 60 days advance written notice to the Contractholder for the following reasons:
a) the Contractholder moves outside the state of New Jersey;
b) less than [75%] of the Contractholder's eligible Employees are covered by this Contract. If an eligible Employee is not covered by this Contract because:
    1. the Employee is covered as a Dependent under a spouse's coverage, other than individual coverage; or
    2. the Employee is covered under any fully-insured Health Benefits Plan offered by the Contractholder;
    3. the Employee is covered under Medicare;
    4. the Employee is covered under Medicaid or NJ FamilyCare; or
    5. The Employee is covered under another group health benefits plan,

    We will count that Employee as being covered by this Contract for purposes of satisfying participation requirements;
c) the Contractholder does not contribute at least 10% of the annual cost of the Contract; or
d) the Contractholder ceases membership in an association or multiple employer trust, but only if coverage is terminated uniformly, without regard to any Health Status-Related Factor relating to any Member

If any premium is not paid by the end of its grace period, this Contract will automatically end when that period ends. The Contractholder may write to Us, in advance, to ask that this Contract be ended at the end of the period for which premiums have been paid or at any time during the grace period. We are not required to honor a request for a retroactive termination of this Contract. For prospective termination requests, this Contract will end on the date requested. The Contractholder is liable to pay premiums to Us for the time this Contract is in force. We shall give notice of the date of termination to the Contractholder no more than 30 days following the date of the termination.

Immediate cancellation will occur if the Contractholder has performed an act or practice that constitutes fraud, or made an intentional misrepresentation of material fact under the terms of this Contract.

THE CONTRACT
The entire Contract consists of:
[a the forms shown in the Table of Contents as of the Effective Date;
b)] the Contractholder's application, a copy of which is attached to the Contract;
[c)] any riders, [endorsements] or amendments to the Contract; ["DC" and]
[d)] the individual applications, if any, of all [Members][.] ["DC" and
e) the associated Indemnity plan.]

WORKERS' COMPENSATION
The health benefits provided under this Contract are not in place of, and do not affect requirements for coverage by Workers' Compensation.

CONTINUATION RIGHTS

COORDINATION AMONG CONTINUATION RIGHTS SECTIONS

As used in this section, COBRA means the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 as enacted, and later amended.

A [Member] may be eligible to continue his or her group health benefits under this Contract's **COBRA CONTINUATION RIGHTS** (CCR) section and under other continuation sections of this Contract at the same time.

Continuation Under CCR and **NEW JERSEY GROUP CONTINUATION RIGHTS** (NJGCR): A [Member] who is eligible to continue his or her group health benefits under CCR is not eligible to continue under NJGCR.

Continuation under CCR and NJGCR and **NEW JERSEY CONTINUATION RIGHTS FOR OVER-AGE DEPENDENTS** (NJCROD): A Dependent who has elected to continue his or her coverage under the group policy under which his or her parent is currently covered pursuant to NJCROD shall not be entitled to further continue coverage under CCR or NJGCR when continuation pursuant to NJCROD ends.

Continuation Under CCR and any other continuation section of this Contract:

If a [Member] elects to continue his or her group health benefits under this Contract's CCR or NJGCR, as applicable, and any other continuation other than NJCROD, the continuations:
a) start at the same time;
b) run concurrently; and
c) end independently on their own terms.

While covered under more than one continuation section, the [Member]:
a) will not be entitled to duplicate benefits; and
b) will not be subject to the premium requirements of more than one section at the same time.

AN IMPORTANT NOTICE ABOUT CONTINUATION RIGHTS

The following COBRA CONTINUATION RIGHTS section may not apply to the Employer's Contract. The Employee must contact his or her Employer to find out if:
a) the Employer is subject to the COBRA CONTINUATION RIGHTS section in which case;
b) the section applies to the Employee.

COBRA CONTINUATION RIGHTS (Generally applies to employer groups with 20 or more employees)

Important Notice
Under this section, "Qualified Continuee" means any person who, on the day before any event which would qualify him or her for continuation under this section, is covered for group health benefits under this Contract as:
a) an active, covered Employee;
b) the spouse of an active, covered Employee; or
c) the Dependent child of an active, covered Employee. Except as stated below, any person who becomes covered under this Contract during a continuation provided by this section is not a Qualified Continuee.

Exception: A child who is born to the covered Employee, or who is placed for adoption with the covered Employee during the continuation provided by this section is a Qualified Continuee.

If An Employee's Group Health Benefits Ends
If an Employee's group health benefits end due to his or her termination of employment or reduction of work hours, he or she may elect to continue such benefits for up to 18 months, unless he or she was terminated due to gross misconduct.
A Qualified Continuee may elect to continue coverage under COBRA even if the Qualified Continuee:
a) is covered under another group plan on or before the date of the COBRA election; or
b) is entitled to Medicare on or before the date of the COBRA election.

The continuation:
a) may cover the Employee and any other Qualified Continuee; and
b) is subject to the **When Continuation Ends** section.

Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuees
If a Qualified Continuee is determined to be disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the United States Social Security Act on the date his or her group health benefits would otherwise end due to the Employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours or during the first 60 days of continuation coverage, he or she and any Qualified Continuee who is not disabled may elect to extend his or her 18 month continuation period above for up to an extra 11 months.

To elect the extra 11 months of continuation, the Qualified Continuee must give the Employer written proof of Social Security's determination of his or her disability before the earlier of:
a) the end of the 18 month continuation period; and
b) 60 days after the date the Qualified Continuee is determined to be disabled.

If, during this extra 11 month continuation period, the Qualified Continuee is determined to be no longer disabled under the Social Security Act, he or she must notify the Employer within 30 days of such determination, and continuation will end, as explained in the **When Continuation Ends** section.

An additional 50% of the total premium charge also may be required from the Qualified Continuee by the Employer during this extra 11 month continuation period.

If An Employee Dies While Insured
If an Employee dies while insured, any Qualified Continuee whose group health benefits would otherwise end may elect to continue such benefits. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to the **When Continuation Ends** section.

If An Employee's Marriage [or Domestic Partnership] Ends
If an Employee's marriage ends due to legal divorce or legal separation [or termination of a domestic partnership], any Qualified Continuee whose group health benefits would otherwise end may elect to continue such benefits. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to the **When Continuation Ends** section.

If A Dependent Loses Eligibility
If a Dependent child's group health benefits end due to his or her loss of dependent eligibility as defined in this Contract, other than the Employee's coverage ending, he or she may elect to continue such benefits. However, such Dependent child must be a Qualified Continuee. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to **When Continuation Ends.**

Concurrent Continuations
If a Dependent elects to continue his or her group health benefits due to the Employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours, the Dependent may elect to extend his or her 18 month continuation period to up to 36 months, if during the 18 month continuation period, either:
a) the Dependent becomes eligible for 36 months of group health benefits due to any of the reasons stated above; or
b) the Employee becomes entitled to Medicare.

The 36 month continuation period starts on the date the 18 month continuation period started, and the two continuation periods will be deemed to have run concurrently.

Special Medicare Rule
Except as stated below, the "special rule" applies to Dependents of an Employee when the Employee becomes entitled to Medicare prior to termination of employment or reduction in work hours. The continuation period for a Dependent upon the Employee's subsequent termination of employment or reduction in work hours will be the longer of the following:
a) 18 months from the date of the Employee's termination of employment or reduction in work hours; or
b) 36 months from the date of the Employee's earlier entitlement to Medicare.

Exception: If the Employee becomes entitled to Medicare more than 18 months prior to termination of employment or reduction in work hours, this "special rule" will not apply.

The Qualified Continuee's Responsibilities
A person eligible for continuation under this section must notify the Employer, in writing, of:
a) the legal divorce or legal separation [or termination of the domestic partnership] of the Employee from his or her spouse; or
b) the loss of dependent eligibility, as defined in this Contract, of an insured Dependent child.

Such notice must be given to the Employer within 60 days of either of these events.

The Employer's Responsibilities
The Employer must notify the Qualified Continuee, in writing, of:
a) his or her right to continue this Contract's group health benefits;
b) the monthly premium he or she must pay to continue such benefits; and
c) the times and manner in which such monthly payments must be made.

Such written notice must be given to the Qualified Continuee within 44 days of:
a) the date a Qualified Continuee's group health benefits would otherwise end due to the Employee's death or the Employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours; or
b) the date a Qualified Continuee notifies the Employer, in writing, of the Employee's legal divorce or legal separation [or termination of the domestic partnership] from his or her spouse, or the loss of dependent eligibility of an insured Dependent child.

The Employer's Liability
The Employer will be liable for the Qualified Continuee's continued group health benefits to the same extent as, and in place of, [Carrier], if:
a) the Employer fails to remit a Qualified Continuee's timely premium payment to [Carrier] on time, thereby causing the Qualified Continuee's continued group health benefits to end; or
b) the Employer fails to notify the Qualified Continuee of his or her continuation rights, as described above.

Election of Continuation
To continue his or her group health benefits, the Qualified Continuee must give the Employer written notice that he or she elects to continue. An election by a minor Dependent Child can be made by the Dependent Child's parent or legal guardian. This must be done within 60 days of the date a Qualified Continuee receives notice of his or her continuation rights from the Employer as described above. And the Qualified Continuee must pay the first month's premium in a timely manner.

The subsequent premiums must be paid to the Employer, by the Qualified Continuee, in advance, at the times and in the manner specified by the Employer. No further notice of when premiums are due will be given.

The monthly premium will be the total rate which would have been charged for the group health benefits had the Qualified Continuee stayed insured under this Contract on a regular basis. It includes any amount that would have been paid by the Employer. Except as explained in the **Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuees** section, an additional charge of two percent of the total premium charge may also be required by the Employer.

If the Qualified Continuee fails to give the Employer notice of his or her intent to continue, or fails to pay any required premiums in a timely manner, he or she waives his or her continuation rights.

Grace in Payment of Premiums
A Qualified Continuee's premium payment is timely if, with respect to the first payment after the Qualified Continuee elects to continue, such payment is made no later than 45 days after such election. In all other cases, such premium payment is timely if it is made within 31 days of the specified date.

If timely payment is made to the plan in an amount that is not significantly less than the amount the Employer requires to be paid for the period of coverage, then the amount paid is deemed to satisfy the Employer's requirement for the amount that must be paid, unless the plan notifies the Qualified Continuee of the amount of the deficiency and grants an additional 30 days for payment of the deficiency to be made. An amount is not significantly less than the amount the Employer requires to be paid for a period of coverage if and only if the shortfall is no greater than the lesser of the following two amounts:
a) Fifty dollars (or such other amount as the Commissioner may provide in a revenue ruling, notice, or other guidance published in the Internal Revenue Code Bulletin); or
b) Ten percent of the amount the plan requires to be paid.

Payment is considered as made on the date on which it is sent to the Employer.

When Continuation Ends
A Qualified Continuee's continued group health benefits end on the first of the following:
a) with respect to continuation upon the Employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours, the end of the 18 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;
b) with respect to a Qualified Continuee who has elected an additional 11 months of continuation due to his or her own disability or the disability of a family member, the earlier of:
   - the end of the 29 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end; or
   - the first day of the month which coincides with or next follows the date which is 30 days after the date on which a final determination is made that a disabled Qualified Continuee is no longer disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the United States Social Security Act;
c) with respect to continuation upon the Employee's death, the Employee's legal divorce or legal separation [or termination of the domestic partnership] or the end of an insured Dependent's eligibility, the end of the 36 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;
d) with respect to a Dependent whose continuation is extended due to the Employee's entitlement to Medicare, the end of the 36 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;
e) the date this Contract ends;
f) the end of the period for which the last premium payment is made;
g) the date he or she becomes covered under any other group health plan which contains no limitation or exclusion with respect to any Pre-Existing Condition of the Qualified Continuee or contains a pre-existing conditions limitation or exclusion that is eliminated through the Qualified Continuee's total period of Creditable Coverage;
h) the date he or she becomes entitled to Medicare;
i) termination of a Qualified Continuee for cause (e.g. submission of a fraudulent claim) on the same basis that the Employer terminates coverage of an active employee for cause.

NEW JERSEY GROUP CONTINUATION RIGHTS (NJGCR)

Important Notice
Except as stated below, under this section, "Qualified Continuee" means any person who, on the day before any event which would qualify him or her for continuation under this section, is covered for group health benefits under this Contract as:
a) a full-time covered Employee;
b) the spouse of a full-time covered Employee; or
c) the Dependent child of a full-time covered Employee.

Exception: A Newly Acquired Dependent, where birth, adoption, or marriage occurs after the Qualifying Event is also a "Qualified Continuee" for purposes of being included under the Employee's continuation coverage.

If An Employee's Group Health Benefits Ends
If an Employee's group health benefits end due to his or her termination of employment or reduction of work hours to fewer than 25 hours per week, he or she may elect to continue such benefits for up to 18 months, unless he or she was terminated for cause. The Employee's spouse and Dependent children may elect to continue benefits even if the Employee does not elect continuation for himself or herself.

A Qualified Continuee may elect to continue coverage under NJGCR even if the Qualified Continuee:
a) is covered under another group plan on or before the date of the NJGCR election; or
b) is entitled to Medicare on or before the date of the NJGCR election.

The continuation:
a) may cover the Employee and/or any other Qualified Continuee; and
b) is subject to the When Continuation Ends section.

Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuees
If a former Employee who is a Qualified Continuee is determined to be disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the United States Social Security Act on the date his or her group health benefits would otherwise end due to the termination of employment or reduction of work hours to fewer than 25 hours per week or during the first 60 days of continuation coverage, he or she may elect to extend his or her 18-month continuation period for himself or herself and any Dependents who are Qualified Continuees for up to an extra 11 months.

To elect the extra 11 months of continuation, the Qualified Continuee must give the [Carrier] written proof of Social Security's determination of his or her disability before the earlier of:
a) the end of the 18 month continuation period; and
b) 60 days after the date the Qualified Continuee is determined to be disabled.

If, during this extra 11 month continuation period, the Qualified Continuee is determined to be no longer disabled under the Social Security Act, he or she must notify the [Carrier] within 31 days of such determination, and continuation will end, as explained in the When Continuation Ends section.

An additional 50% of the total premium charge also may be required from the Qualified Continuee by the Employer during this extra 11 month continuation period.

If An Employee Dies While Insured
If an Employee dies while insured, any Qualified Continuee whose group health benefits would otherwise end may elect to continue such benefits. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to the When Continuation Ends section.

If An Employee's Marriage or Civil Union [or Domestic Partnership] Ends
If an Employee's marriage ends due to legal divorce or legal separation or dissolution of the civil union [or termination of a domestic partnership], any Qualified Continuee whose group health benefits would otherwise end may elect to continue such benefits. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to the When Continuation Ends section.

If A Dependent Loses Eligibility
If a Dependent child's group health benefits end due to his or her loss of dependent eligibility as defined in this Contract, other than the Employee's coverage ending, he or she may elect to continue such benefits for up to 36 months, subject to When Continuation Ends.

The Employer's Responsibilities
Upon loss of coverage due to termination of employment or reduction in work hours, the Employer must notify the former employee in writing, of:
a) his or her right to continue this Contract's group health benefits;
b) the monthly premium he or she must pay to continue such benefits; and
c) the times and manner in which such monthly payments must be made.

Upon being advised of the death of the Employee, divorce, dissolution of the civil union, [termination of domestic partnership] or Dependent child's loss of eligibility, the Employer should notify the Qualified Continuee in writing, of:
a) his or her right to continue this Contract's group health benefits;
b) the monthly premium he or she must pay to continue such benefits; and
c) the times and manner in which such monthly payments must be made.

Election of Continuation
To continue his or her group health benefits, the Qualified Continuee must give the Employer written notice that he or she elects to continue. An election by a minor Dependent Child can be made by the Dependent Child's parent or legal guardian. This must be done within 30 days of the date coverage ends. The first month's premium must be paid within 30 days of the date the Qualified Continuee elects continued coverage.

The subsequent premiums must be paid to the Employer, by the Qualified Continuee, in advance, at the times and in the manner specified by the Employer.

The monthly premium will be the total rate which would have been charged for the group health benefits had the Qualified Continuee stayed insured under this Contract on a regular basis. It includes any amount that would have been paid by the Employer. Except as explained in the Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuees section, an additional charge of two percent of the total premium charge may also be required by the Employer.

If the Qualified Continuee does not give the Employer notice of his or her intent to continue coverage, or fails to pay any required premiums in a timely manner, he or she waives his or her continuation rights.

Grace in Payment of Premiums
A Qualified Continuee's premium payment is timely if, with respect to the first payment after the Qualified Continuee elects to continue, such payment is made no later than 30 days after such election. In all other cases, such premium payment is timely if it is made within 31 days of the date it is due.

The Continued Coverage
The continued coverage shall be identical to the coverage provided to similarly situated active Employees and their Dependents under the Employer's plan. If coverage is modified for any group of similarly situated active Employees and their Dependents, the coverage for Qualified Continuees shall also be modified in the same manner. Evidence of insurability is not required for the continued coverage.

When Continuation Ends
A Qualified Continuee's continued group health benefits end on the first of the following:
a) with respect to continuation upon the Employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours, the end of the 18 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;
b) with respect to a Qualified Continuee who has elected an additional 11 months of continuation due to his or her own disability, the end of the 29 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end. However, if the Qualified Continuee is no longer disabled, coverage ends on the later of:
   - the end of the 18-month period; or
   - the first day of the month that begins more than 31 days after the date on which a final determination is made that a disabled Qualified Continuee is no longer disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the United States Social Security Act;
c) with respect to continuation upon the Employee's death, the Employee's legal divorce or legal separation, dissolution of the civil union, [or termination of the domestic partnership] or the end of an insured Dependent's eligibility, the end of the 36 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;
d) the date the Employer ceases to provide any health benefits plan to any active Employee or Qualified Continuee;
e) the end of the period for which the last premium payment is made;
f) the date he or she first becomes covered under any other group health benefits plan, as an employee or otherwise, which contains no limitation or exclusion with respect to any Pre-Existing Condition of the Qualified Continuee; or
g) the date he or she first becomes entitled to Medicare.

NEW JERSEY CONTINUATION RIGHTS FOR OVER-AGE DEPENDENTS (Applies to all size groups):

As used in this provision, "Over-Age Dependent" means an Employee's child by blood or law who:
a) has reached the limiting age under the group plan, but is less than 30 years of age;
b) is not married or in a civil union partnership;
c) has no Dependents of his or her own;
d) is either a resident of New Jersey or is enrolled as a full-time student at an Accredited School; and
e) is not covered under any other group or individual health benefits plan, group health plan, church plan or health benefits plan, and is not entitled to Medicare.

If A Dependent Loses Eligibility
If a Dependent child's group health benefits end or have ended due to his or her attainment of the limiting age, he or she may elect to continue such benefits until his or her 30th birthday, subject to the Conditions for Election, Election of Continuation and When Continuation Ends sections below.

Conditions for Election
An Over-Age Dependent is only entitled to make an election for continued coverage if all of the following conditions are met.
a) The group policy under which the Dependent child was covered immediately prior to reaching the limiting age must have been a fully-insured group policy issued in New Jersey.
b) The Dependent child must actually have been covered under the group policy on the date he or she reached the limiting age under such group policy.
c) A parent of an Over-Age Dependent must be enrolled as having elected Dependent coverage at the time the Over-Age Dependent elects continued coverage. Except, if the Employee has no other Dependents, the Over-Age Dependent may nevertheless elect continued coverage.

Election of Continuation
To continue group health benefits, the Over-Age Dependent must make written election to [the Carrier]. The effective date of the continued coverage will be the later of:
a) the date the Over-Age Dependent gives written notice to [the Carrier]; or
b) the date the Over-Age Dependent pays the first premium; or
c) the date the Dependent would otherwise lose coverage due to attainment of the limiting age.

For a Dependent whose coverage has not yet terminated due to the attainment of the limiting age, the written election must be made within 30 days prior to termination of coverage due to the attainment of the limiting age.

For a person who did not qualify as an Over-Age Dependent because he or she fails to meet all the requirements of an Over-Age Dependent, but who subsequently meets all of the requirements for an Over-Age Dependent, written election must be made within 30 days after the person first subsequently meets all of the requirements for an Over-Age Dependent.

This election opportunity is explained in greater detail as follows:
a) If a person did not qualify because he or she was married, the notice must be given within 30 days of the date he or she is no longer married.
b) If a person did not qualify because he or she had a Dependent of his or her own, the election must be made within 30 days of the date he or she no longer has a Dependent.
c) If a person did not qualify because he or she either was not a resident of New Jersey or was not a full-time student at an Accredited school, the election must be made within 30 days of the date he or she becomes a resident of New Jersey, or becomes a full-time student at an accredited school.
d) If a person did not qualify because he or she was covered under any other group or individual health benefits plan, group health plan, church plan or health benefits plan, or was entitled to Medicare, the election must be made within 30 days of the date he or she is no longer covered under any other group or individual health benefits plan, group health plan, church plan or health benefits plan, or is no longer entitled to Medicare.

An Over-Age Dependent may make written election to continue coverage during a 30 day period beginning on each anniversary date of the date the dependent lost coverage due to attaining the limiting age, provided he or she meets the definition of an "Over-Age Dependent" during that 30-day period.

[Special Enrollment Period: May 12, 2006 – May 11, 2007
A person who qualifies as an Over-Age Dependent as of May 12, 2006, having reached the limiting age under a group plan and lost coverage under such group plan prior to May 12, 2006, may give written notice of an election for continued coverage at any time beginning May 12, 2006 and continuing until May 11, 2007.]
Note to carriers: This Special Enrollment Period text may be deleted for plans issued after May 11, 2007.

Application of a Pre-Existing Conditions Exclusion
An Over-Age Dependent who was covered under prior Creditable Coverage that terminated no more than 90 days prior to making an election for continuation under this section will be given credit for the time he or she was covered under the Creditable Coverage toward the application of the Pre-Existing Conditions Exclusion under the Contract.

Payment of Premium
The first month's premium must be paid within 30 days of the date the Over-Age Dependent elects continued coverage.

The Over-Age Dependent must pay subsequent premiums monthly, in advance, [at the times and in the manner specified by [the Carrier]] [and will be remitted by the Employer]. The monthly premium will be set by the Carrier, and must be consistent with the requirements of P.L. 2005, c. 375.

Grace in Payment of Premiums
An Over-Age Dependent's premium payment is timely if, with respect to the first payment after the Over-Age Dependent elects to continue, such payment is made no later than 30 days after such election. In all other cases, such premium payment is timely if it is made within 30 days of the date it is due.

The Continued Coverage
The continued coverage shall be identical to the coverage provided to the Over-Age Dependent's parent who is covered as an Employee under the Contract [and will be evidenced by a separate [Certificate] and ID card being issued to the Over-Age Dependent.]. If coverage is modified for Dependents who are under the limiting age, the coverage for Over-Age Dependents shall also be modified in the same manner. Evidence of insurability is not required for the continued coverage.

When Continuation Ends
An Over-Age Dependent's continued group health benefits end on the first of the following:
a) the date the Over-Age Dependent:
   1. attains age 30
   2. marries or enters into a civil union partnership;
   3. acquires a Dependent;
   4. is no longer either a resident of New Jersey or enrolled as a full-time student at an Accredited School; or
   5. becomes covered under any other group or individual health benefits plan, group health plan, church plan or health benefits plan, or becomes entitled to Medicare
b) the end of the period for which premium has been paid for the Over-Age Dependent, subject to the Grace Period for such payment;
c) the date the Contract ceases to provide coverage to the Over-Age Dependent's parent who is the Employee under the Contract.
d) The date the Contract under which the Over-Age Dependent elected to continue coverage is amended to delete coverage for Dependents.
e) The date the Over-Age Dependent's parent who is covered as an Employee under the Contract waives Dependent coverage. Except, if the Employee has no other Dependents, the Over-Age Dependent's coverage will not end as a result of the Employee waiving Dependent coverage.

A TOTALLY DISABLED EMPLOYEE'S RIGHT TO CONTINUE GROUP HEALTH BENEFITS

If An Employee is Totally Disabled
An Employee who is Totally Disabled and whose group health benefits end because his or her active employment or membership in an eligible class ends due to that disability, can elect to continue his or her group health benefits. But he or she must have been covered by this Contract for at least three months immediately prior to the date his or her group health benefits ends. The continuation can cover the Employee, and at his or her option, his or her then covered Dependents.

How And When To Continue Coverage
To continue group health benefits, the Employee must give the Employer written notice that he or she elects to continue such benefits. And he or she must pay the first month's premium. This must be done within 31 days of the date his or her coverage under this Contract would otherwise end.

Subsequent premiums must be paid to the Employer monthly, in advance, at the times and in the manner specified by the Employer. The monthly premium the Employee must pay will be the total rate charged for an active Full-Time Employee, covered under this Contract on a regular basis, on the date each payment is due. It includes any amount which would have been paid by the Employer.

We will consider the Employee's failure to give notice or to pay any required premium as a waiver of the Employee's continuation rights.

If the Employer fails, after the timely receipt of the Employee's payment, to pay Us on behalf of such Employee, thereby causing the Employee's coverage to end; then such Employer will be liable for the Employee's benefits, to the same extent as, and in place of, Us.

When This Continuation Ends
These continued group health benefits end on the first of the following:

a) the end of the period for which the last payment is made, if the Employee stops paying.
b) the date the [Member] becomes employed and eligible or covered for similar benefits by another group plan, whether it be an insured or uninsured plan;
c) the date this Contract ends or is amended to end for the class of Employees to which the Employee belonged; or
d) with respect to a Dependent, the date he or she stops being an eligible Dependent as defined in this Contract.

AN EMPLOYEE'S RIGHT TO CONTINUE GROUP HEALTH BENEFITS DURING A FAMILY LEAVE OF ABSENCE

Important Notice
This section may not apply to an Employer's plan. The Employee must contact his or her Employer to find out if:
a) the Employer must allow for a leave of absence under Federal law in which case;
b) the section applies to the Employee.

If An Employee's Group Health Coverage Ends
Group health coverage may end for an Employee because he or she ceases Full-Time work due to an approved leave of absence. Such leave of absence must have been granted to allow the Employee to care for a sick family member or after the birth or adoption of a child. If so, his or her medical care coverage will be continued. Dependents' coverage may also be continued. The Employee will be required to pay the same share of premium as before the leave of absence.

When Continuation Ends
Coverage may continue until the earliest of:
a) the date the Employee returns to Full-Time work;
b) the end of a total period of 12 weeks in any 12 month period;
c) the date on which the Employee's coverage would have ended had the Employee not been on leave; or
d) the end of the period for which the premium has been paid.

[A DEPENDENT'S RIGHT TO CONTINUE GROUP HEALTH BENEFITS

If an Employee dies, any of his or her Dependents who were covered under this Contract may elect to continue coverage. Subject to the payment of the required premium, coverage may be continued until the earlier of:
a) 180 days following the date of the Employee's death; or
b) the date the Dependent is no longer eligible under the terms of this Contract.]

[CONVERSION RIGHTS FOR DIVORCED SPOUSES

IF AN EMPLOYEE'S MARRIAGE OR CIVIL UNION [OR DOMESTIC PARTNERSHIP] ENDS
If an Employee's marriage ends by legal divorce or annulment, or the employee's civil union is dissolved [or termination of the domestic partnership], the group health coverage for his or her former spouse ends. The former spouse may convert to an individual contract during the conversion period. The former spouse may cover under his or her individual contract any of his or her Dependent children who were covered under this Contract on the date the group health coverage ends. See **Exceptions** below.

Exceptions
No former spouse may use this conversion right:
a) if he or she is eligible for Medicare;
b) if it would cause him or her to be excessively covered; This may happen if the spouse is covered or eligible for coverage providing similar benefits provided by any other plan, insured or not insured. We will Determine if excessive coverage exists using Our standards for excessive coverage. or
c) [if he or she permanently relocates outside the Service Area.]

HOW AND WHEN TO CONVERT
The conversion period means the 31 days after the date group health coverage ends. The former spouse must apply for the individual contract in writing and pay the first premium for such contract during the conversion period. Evidence of good health will not be required.

THE CONVERTED CONTRACT
The individual contract will provide the medical benefits that We are required to offer. The individual contract will take effect on the day after group health coverage under this Contract ends.

After group health coverage under this Contract ends, the former spouse and any children covered under the individual contract may still receive benefits under this Contract. If so, benefits to be paid under the individual contract, if any, will be reduced by the amount paid or the reasonable cash value of services provided under this Contract.]

MEDICARE AS SECONDARY PAYOR

IMPORTANT NOTICE

The following sections regarding Medicare may not apply to the Employer's Contract. The Employee must contact his or her Employer to find out if the Employer is subject to Medicare as Secondary Payor rules.

If the Employer is subject to such rules, this Medicare as Secondary Payor section applies to the Employee.

If the Employer is NOT subject to such rules, this Medicare as Secondary Payor section does not apply to the Employee, in which case, Medicare will be the primary health plan and this Contract will be the secondary health plan for [Members] who are eligible for Medicare. Benefits will be payable as specified in the COORDINATION OF BENEFITS AND SERVICES section of this Contract.

The following provisions explain how this Contract's group health benefits interact with the benefits available under Medicare as Secondary Payor rules. A [Member] may be eligible for Medicare by reason of age, disability, or End Stage Renal Disease. Different rules apply to each type of Medicare eligibility, as explained below.

With respect to the following provisions:
a) "Medicare" when used above, means Part A and B of the health care program for the aged and disabled provided by Title XVIII of the United States Social Security Act, as amended from time to time.
b) A [Member] is considered to be eligible for Medicare by reason of age from the first day of the month during which he or she reaches age 65. However, if the [Member] is born on the first day of a month, he or she is considered to be eligible for Medicare from the first day of the month which is immediately prior to his or her 65th birthday.
c) A "primary" health plan pays benefits for a [Member's] Covered Service or Supply or Covered Charge first, ignoring what the [Member's] "secondary" plan pays. A "secondary" health plan then pays the remaining unpaid allowable expenses. See the **COORDINATION OF BENEFITS AND SERVICES** section for a definition of "allowable expense".

MEDICARE ELIGIBILITY BY REASON OF AGE (Generally applies to employer groups with 20 or more employees)

Applicability
This section applies to an Employee or his or her covered spouse who is eligible for Medicare by reason of age.

Under this section, such an Employee or covered spouse is referred to as a "Medicare eligible".

This section does not apply to:
a) a [Member], other than an Employee or covered spouse
b) an Employee or covered spouse who is under age 65, or
c) a [Member] who is eligible for Medicare solely on the basis of End Stage Renal Disease.

When An Employee or Covered Spouse Becomes Eligible For Medicare
When an Employee or covered spouse becomes eligible for Medicare by reason of age, he or she must choose one of the two options below.

Option (A) - The Medicare eligible may choose this Contract as his or her primary health plan. If he or she does, Medicare will be his or her secondary health plan. See the **When This Contract is Primary** section below, for details.

Option (B) - The Medicare eligible may choose Medicare as his or her primary health plan. If he or she does, group health benefits under this Contract will end. See the **When Medicare is Primary** section below, for details.

If the Medicare eligible fails to choose either option when he or she becomes eligible for Medicare by reason of age, We will provide services and supplies and pay benefits as if he or she had' chosen Option (A).

When this Contract is primary
When a Medicare eligible chooses this Contract as his or her primary health plan, if he or she incurs a Covered Service and Supply or Covered Charge for which benefits are payable under both this Contract and Medicare, this Contract is considered primary. This Contract provides services and supplies and pays first, ignoring Medicare. Medicare is considered the secondary plan.

When Medicare is primary
If a Medicare eligible chooses Medicare as his or her primary health plan, he or she will no longer be covered for such benefits by this Contract. Coverage under this Contact will end on the date the Medicare eligible elects Medicare as his or her primary health plan.

A Medicare eligible who elects Medicare as his or her primary health plan, may later change such election, and choose this Contract as his or her primary health plan.

MEDICARE ELIGIBILITY BY REASON OF DISABILITY (Generally applies to employer groups with 100 or more employees)

Applicability
This section applies to a [Member] who is:
a) under age 65; and
b) eligible for Medicare by reason of disability.

Under this section, such [Member] is referred to as a "disabled Medicare eligible".

This section does not apply to:
a) a [Member] who is eligible for Medicare by reason of age; or
b) a [Member] who is eligible for Medicare solely on the basis of End Stage Renal Disease.

When A [Member] Becomes Eligible For Medicare
When a [Member] becomes eligible for Medicare by reason of disability, this Contract is the primary plan. This Contract is the secondary plan.

If a [Member] is eligible for Medicare by reason of disability, he or she must be covered by both Parts A and B. Benefits will be payable as specified in the **COORDINATION OF BENEFITS AND SERVICES** section of this Contract.

MEDICARE ELIGIBILITY BY REASON OF END STAGE RENAL DISEASE (Applies to all employer groups)

Applicability
This section applies to a [Member] who is eligible for Medicare on the basis of End Stage Renal Disease (ESRD).

Under this section such [Member] is referred to as a "ESRD Medicare eligible".

This section does not apply to a [Member] who is eligible for Medicare by reason of disability.

When A [Member] Becomes Eligible For Medicare Due to ESRD
When a [Member] becomes eligible for Medicare solely on the basis of ESRD, for a period of up to 30 consecutive months, if he or she incurs a charge for the treatment of ESRD for which services and supplies are provided or benefits are payable under both this Contract and Medicare, this Contract is considered primary. This Contract provides services and supplies and pays first, ignoring Medicare. Medicare is considered the secondary plan.

This 30 month period begins on the earlier of:
a) the first day of the month during which a regular course of renal dialysis starts; and
b) with respect to a ESRD Medicare eligible who receives a kidney transplant, the first day of the month during which such [Member] becomes eligible for Medicare.

After the 30 month period described above ends, if a ESRD Medicare eligible incurs a charge for which services and supplies are provided and benefits are payable under both this Contract and Medicare, Medicare is the primary plan. This Contract is the secondary plan. If a [Member] is eligible for Medicare on the basis of ESRD, he or she must be covered by both Parts A and B. Benefits will be payable as specified in the **COORDINATION OF BENEFITS AND SERVICES** section of this Contract.

Amended by R.1994 d.47, effective December 22, 1993.
See: 25 N.J.R. 5017(a), 26 N.J.R. 400(a).
Amended by R.1994 d.498, effective September 2, 1994.
See: 26 N.J.R. 2843(a), 26 N.J.R. 3867(a), 26 N.J.R. 4066(a).
Petition for Rulemaking.
See: 26 N.J.R. 5120(c).
Amended by R.1995 d.580, effective November 6, 1995 (operative January 1, 1996).
See: 27 N.J.R. 3051(a), 27 N.J.R. 4371(a).
Amended by R.1997 d.280, effective July 7, 1997 (operative September 1, 1997).
See: 29 N.J.R. 1090(a), 29 N.J.R. 2931(a).
Amended by R.1997 d.501, effective January 1, 1998.

See: 29 N.J.R. 4620(a), 29 N.J.R. 5069(a).
Amended by R.1998 d.512, effective September 25, 1998.
See: 30 N.J.R. 2815(a), 30 N.J.R. 3840(a).
Amended by R.1999 d.376, effective October 6, 1999 (operative November 1, 1999).
See: 31 N.J.R. 2442(a), 31 N.J.R. 3340(a).
Amended by R.2000 d.304, effective June 23, 2000.
See: 32 N.J.R. 2210(a), 32 N.J.R. 2592(a).
Amended by R.2004 d.107, effective March 15, 2004 (operative October 1, 2004).
See: 35 N.J.R. 5011(a), 36 N.J.R. 1594(a).
Amended by R.2005 d.335, effective September 6, 2005.
See: 37 N.J.R. 3218(a), 37 N.J.R. 3834(a).
Amended by R.2006 d.145, effective April 17, 2006 (operative June 1, 2006).
See: 37 N.J.R. 4869(a), 38 N.J.R. 1751(a).
Amended by R.2006 d.377, effective September 22, 2006.
See: 38 N.J.R. 3484(a), 38 N.J.R. 4719(b).
Amended by R.2008 d.132, effective April 24, 2008.
See: 40 N.J.R. 1746(a), 40 N.J.R. 2476(a).

EXHIBIT U

PART 1

(Reserved)

Amended by R.1994 d.55, effective December 30, 1993.
See: 26 N.J.R. 328(b), 26 N.J.R. 809(a).
Amended by R.1994 d.580, effective November 21, 1994.
See: 26 N.J.R. 3118(a), 26 N.J.R. 4620(a).

Repealed by R.1997 d.126, effective March 17, 1997.
See: 28 N.J.R. 4364(a), 29 N.J.R. 887(b).
Part was "Reinsuring Carrier Declaration".

PART 2

(Reserved)

Amended by R.1994 d.55, effective December 30, 1993.
See: 26 N.J.R. 328(b), 26 N.J.R. 809(a).
Repealed by R.1997 d.126, effective March 17, 1997.

See: 28 N.J.R. 4364(a), 29 N.J.R. 887(b).
Part was "Risk-Assuming Carrier Declaration".

PART 3

(Reserved)

Amended by R.1994 d.580, effective November 21, 1994.
See: 26 N.J.R. 3118(a), 26 N.J.R. 4620(a).
Repealed by R.1997 d.126, effective March 17, 1997.

See: 28 N.J.R. 4364(a), 29 N.J.R. 887(b).
Part was "Risk-Assuming Carrier Application".

EXHIBIT V

[Carrier] **PLAN A**

SMALL GROUP HEALTH BENEFITS [CERTIFICATE]

[[Carrier] certifies that the Employee named [below] is entitled to the benefits described in this [Certificate], as of the effective date shown [below], subject to the eligibility and effective date requirements of the Policy.

This [Certificate] replaces any and all [Certificates] previously issued to the Employee under any group policies issued by [Carrier] providing the types of benefits described in this [Certificate].

The Policy is a contract between [Carrier] and the Policyholder. This [Certificate] is a summary of the Policy provisions that affect your insurance. All benefits and exclusions are subject to the terms of the Policy.

POLICYHOLDER:	[ABC Company]
GROUP POLICY NUMBER:	[G-12345]
EMPLOYEE:	[JOHN DOE]
CERTIFICATE NUMBER:	[C-1234567]
EFFECTIVE DATE:	01-01-04]

[Include legal name, trade name, phone, fax and e-mail numbers by which consumers may contact the carrier, including at least one toll-free number for Covered Persons]]

CERTIFICATE INDEX

SECTION	PAGE(S)
Schedule of Insurance	
General Provisions	
Claims Provisions	
[Planholders]	
Definitions	
Employee Coverage	
[Dependent Coverage]	
[Preferred Provider Organizations Provisions]	
[Point of Service Provisions]	
[Appeals Procedure]	
[Continuation of Care]	
Health Benefits Insurance	
[Utilization Review Features]	
[Specialty Case Management]	
[Centers of Excellence Features]	
Exclusions	
Continuation Rights	
[Conversion Rights for Divorced Spouses]	
[Effect of Interaction with a Health Maintenance Organization Plan]	
Coordination of Benefits and Services	
Benefits for Automobile Related Injuries	
Medicare as Secondary Payor	
Statement of ERISA Rights	
Claims Procedures	

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE **PLAN A**

EMPLOYEE [AND DEPENDENT] HEALTH BENEFITS

Calendar Year Cash Deductible:

•for Hospital Confinement	None (Note: See Hospital Confinement Copayment)
•for Preventive Care	None
•for immunizations and lead screening for children	None
•for All Other Charges	
-per Covered Person	$250
[-per Covered Family	[$500] [Note: Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]] [$750]

Hospital Confinement Copayment

-per day	$ 250
-maximum Copayment per Period of Confinement	$1,250
-maximum Copayment per Covered Person per Calendar Year	$2,500

Coinsurance

Coinsurance is the percentage of a Covered Charge that must be paid by a Covered Person. However, [Carrier] will waive the Coinsurance requirement once the Coinsurance Cap has been reached. This Policy's Coinsurance, as shown below, does not include Cash Deductibles, Copayments, penalties incurred under this Policy's Utilization Review provisions, or any other Non-Covered Charge.

The **Coinsurance** for this Policy is as follows:

•for Preventive Care	None
•for Facility charges made by:	
-a Hospital	20%
-an Ambulatory Surgical Center	20%
-a Birthing Center	20%
-an Extended Care Center or Rehabilitation Center	20%
-a Hospice	20%
•for the following Covered Charges incurred while the Covered Person is an Inpatient in a Hospital:	
-Prescription Drugs	20%
-Blood Transfusions	20%
-Infusion Therapy	20%
-Chemotherapy	20%
-Radiation Therapy	20%
•for all other Covered Charges	50%
Maximum Out of Pocket per Covered Person per each Calendar Year	$7,750

Daily Room and Board Limits

•During a Period of Hospital Confinement

For semi-private room and board accommodations, [Carrier] will cover charges up to the Hospital's actual daily semi-private room and board rate.

For private room and board accommodation, [Carrier] will cover charges up to the Hospital's average daily semi-private room and board rate, or if the Hospital does not have semi-private accommodations, 80% of its lowest daily room and board rate. However, if the Covered Person is being isolated in a private room because the Covered Person has a communicable Illness, [Carrier] will cover charges up to the Hospital's actual private room charge.

For Special Care Units, [Carrier] will cover charges up to the Hospital's actual daily room and board charge for the Special Care Unit.

•During a Confinement In An Extended Care Center Or Rehabilitation Center

[Carrier] will cover the lesser of:

a) the center's actual daily room and board charge; or
b) 50% of the covered daily room and board charge made by the Hospital during the Covered Person's preceding Hospital confinement, for semi-private accommodations.

Pre-Approval is required for charges incurred in connection with:

- Extended Care and Rehabilitation
- Home Health Care
- Hospice Care

[Carrier] will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for treatment, services and supplies which are not Pre-Approved by [Carrier] provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under this Policy.

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE AND PREMIUM RATES EXAMPLE: PLAN A PPO with common Deductible and Maximum Out of Pocket

EMPLOYEE [AND DEPENDENT] HEALTH BENEFITS

Calendar Year Cash Deductible:	
•for Hospital Confinement	None (Note: See Hospital Confinement Copayment)
•for Preventive Care	None
•for immunizations and lead screening for children	None
•for All Other Charges	
-per Covered Person	$250
[-per Covered Family	[$500] [Note: Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]]
	[$750]

Hospital Confinement Copayment

-per day	$ 250
-maximum Copayment per Period of Confinement	$1,250
-maximum Copayment per Covered Person per Calendar Year	$2,500

Coinsurance

Coinsurance is the percentage of a Covered Charge that must be paid by a Covered Person. However, [Carrier] will waive the Coinsurance requirement once Coinsured Charge Limit has been reached. The Policy's Coinsurance, as shown below, does not Cash Deductibles, Copayments, penalties incurred under the Policy's Utilization Review provisions, or any other Non-Covered Charge.

	If treatment, services or supplies are given by: a Network Provider	a Non-Network Provider
The Coinsurance for the Policy is as follows:		
•for Preventive Care	None	None
•for Facility charges made by:		
-a Hospital	None	20%
-An Ambulatory Surgical Center	None	20%
-A Birthing Center	None	20%
-an Extended Care Center or Rehabilitation Center	None	20%
-a Hospice	None	20%
•for the following Covered Charges incurred while the Covered Person is an Inpatient in a Hospital:		
-Prescription Drugs	None	20%
-Blood Transfusions	None	20%
-Infusion Therapy	None	20%
-Chemotherapy	None	20%
-Radiation Therapy	None	20%
•for all other Covered Charges	70%	50%
Maximum Out of Pocket:	$5,000	

Daily Room and Board Limits

• During a Period of Hospital Confinement

For semi-private room and board accommodations, [Carrier] will cover charges up to the Hospital's actual daily semi-private room and board rate.

For private room and board accommodations, [Carrier] will cover charges up to the Hospital's average daily semi- private room and board rate, or if the Hospital does not have semi-private accommodations, 80% of its lowest daily room and board rate. However, if the Covered Person is being isolated in a private room because the Covered Person has a communicable Illness, [Carrier] will cover charges up to the Hospital's actual private room charge.

For Special Care Units, [Carrier] will cover charges up to the Hospital's actual daily room and board charge for the Special Care Unit.

•During a Confinement In An Extended Care Center Or Rehabilitation Center

[Carrier] will cover the lesser of:

a) the center's actual daily room and board charge; or
b) 50% of the covered daily room and board charge made by the Hospital during the Covered Person's preceding Hospital confinement, for semi-private accommodations.

Pre-Approval is required for charges incurred in connection with:

- Extended Care and Rehabilitation
- Home Health Care
- Hospice Care

[Carrier] will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for treatment, services and supplies which are not Pre-Approved by [Carrier] provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under the Policy.

Payment Limits: For Illness or Injury, [Carrier] will pay up to the payment limit shown below:

Charges for Inpatient Hospital confinement	30 days
Charges for Home Health Care	exchange basis * for Hospital days
Charges for Extended Care or Rehabilitation Center Care	exchange basis * for Hospital days
Charges for Hospice Care	exchange basis * for Hospital days

*See the **Covered Charges** section for a description of the exchange rules.

Charges for Preventive Care per Calendar Year (Not subject to Cash Deductible or Coinsurance)	
-per Covered Person	$100
[-per Covered Family	$300]

Per Lifetime Maximum Benefit (for all Illnesses and Injuries) $1,000,000

PREMIUM RATES
[The initial monthly premium rates, in U.S. dollars, for the insurance provided under the Policy are as follows:

GENERAL PROVISIONS

INCONTESTABILITY OF THE POLICY
There will be no contest of the validity of the Policy, except for not paying premiums, after it has been in force for 2 years from the Effective Date.

No statement in any application, except a fraudulent statement, made by the Policyholder or by a person insured under the Policy shall be used in contesting the validity of his or her insurance or in denying a claim for a loss incurred after such insurance has been in force for two years during the person's lifetime. Note: There is no time limit with respect to a contest in connection with fraudulent statements.

PAYMENT OF PREMIUMS - GRACE PERIOD
Premiums are to be paid by the Policyholder to [Carrier]. Each may be paid at a [Carrier's] office [or to one of its authorized agents.] A premium payment is due on each premium due date stated on the first page of the Policy. The Policyholder may pay each premium other than the first within 31 days of the premium due date without being charged interest. Those days are known as the grace period. The Policyholder is liable to pay premiums to [Carrier] for the time the Policy is in force.

CLERICAL ERROR - MISSTATEMENTS
Neither clerical error nor programming or systems error by the Policyholder, nor the [Carrier] in keeping any records pertaining to coverage under the Policy, nor delays in making entries thereon, will invalidate coverage which would otherwise be in force, or continue coverage which would otherwise be validly terminated. However, upon discovery of such error or delay, an equitable adjustment of premiums will be made.

If the age of an Employee, or any other relevant facts, are found to have been misstated, and the premiums are thereby affected, an equitable adjustment of premiums will be made. If such misstatement involves whether or not the person's coverage would have been accepted by [Carrier], subject to the Policy's **Incontestability** section, the true facts will be used in determining whether coverage is in force under the terms of the Policy.

[DIVIDENDS
[Carrier] will determine the share, if any, of its divisible surplus allocable to the Policy as of each Policy Anniversary, if the Policy stays in force by the payment of all premiums to that date. The share will be credited to the Policy as a dividend as of that date.

Each dividend will be paid to the Policyholder in cash unless the Policyholder asks that it be applied toward the premium then due or future premiums due.

[Carrier's] sole liability as to any dividend is as set forth above.

If the aggregate dividends under the Policy and any other policy(ies) of the Policyholder exceed the aggregate payments towards their cost made from the Policyholder's own funds, the Policyholder will see that an amount equal to the excess is applied for the benefit of Covered Persons.]

OFFSET
[Carrier] reserves the right, before paying benefits to a Covered Person, to use the amount of payment due to offset a claims payment previously made in error.

CONTINUING RIGHTS
[Carrier's] failure to apply terms or conditions does not mean that [Carrier] waives or gives up any future rights under the Policy.

CONFORMITY WITH LAW
Any provision of the Policy which is in conflict with the laws of the state in which the Policy is issued, or with Federal law, shall be construed and applied as if it were in full compliance with the minimum requirements of such State law or Federal law.

LIMITATION OF ACTIONS
No action at law or in equity shall be brought to recover on the Policy until 60 days after a Covered Person files written proof of loss. No such action shall be brought more than three years after the end of the time within which proof of loss is required.

WORKERS' COMPENSATION
The health benefits provided under the Policy are not in place of, and do not affect requirements for, coverage by Workers' Compensation.

CLAIMS PROVISIONS
A claimant's right to make a claim for any benefits provided by the Policy is governed as follows:

[NOTICE OF LOSS
A claimant should send a written notice of claim to [Carrier] within 20 days of a loss. No special form is required to do this. The notice need only identify the claimant and the Policyholder.

When [Carrier] receives the notice, it will send a proof of claim form to the claimant. The claimant should receive the proof of claim form within 15 days of the date [Carrier] received the notice of claim. If the form is received within such time, it should be completed, as instructed, by all persons required to do so. Additional proof, if required, should be attached to the form. If the form is not received within such time, the claimant may provide written proof of claim to [Carrier] on any reasonable form. Such proof must state the date the Injury or Illness began and the nature and extent of the loss.]

PROOF OF LOSS
Proof of loss must be sent to [Carrier] within 90 days of the loss.

If a notice or proof is sent later than 90 days of the loss, [Carrier] will not deny or reduce a claim if the notice or proof was sent as soon as possible.

PAYMENT OF CLAIMS
[Carrier] will pay all benefits to which the claimant is entitled as soon as [Carrier] receives written proof of loss. All benefits will be paid as they accrue. Any benefits unpaid at the Covered Person's death will be paid as soon as [Carrier] receives due proof of the death to one of the following:
a) his or her estate;
b) his or her spouse;
c) his or her parents;
d) his or her children;
e) his or her brothers and sisters; or
f) any unpaid provider of health care services.

When an Employee files proof of loss, he or she may direct [Carrier], in writing, to pay health care benefits to the recognized provider of health care who provided the covered service for which benefits became payable. [For covered services from an eligible Facility or Practitioner, [Carrier] will determine to pay either the Covered Person or the Facility or the Practitioner.] The Employee may not assign his or her right to take legal action under the Policy to such provider.

PHYSICAL EXAMS
[Carrier], at its expense, has the right to examine the insured. This may be done as often as reasonably needed to process a claim. [Carrier] also has the right to have an autopsy performed, at its expense.

DEFINITIONS

The words shown below have special meanings when used in the Policy and this [Certificate]. Please read these definitions carefully. [Throughout this [Certificate], these defined terms appear with their initial letter capitalized.]

Accredited School means a school accredited by a nationally recognized accrediting association, such as one of the following regional accrediting agencies: Middle States Association of Colleges and Schools, New England Association of Schools and Colleges, North Central Association of Colleges and Schools, Northwest Association of Schools and Colleges, Southern Association of Colleges and Schools, or Western Association of Schools and Colleges. An accredited school also includes a proprietary institution approved by an agency responsible for issuing certificates or licenses to graduates of such an institution.

[**Actively at Work** or **Active Work** means performing, doing, participating or similarly functioning in a manner usual for the task for full pay, at the Policyholder's place of business, or at any other place that the Policyholder's business requires the Employee to go.]

Affiliated Company means a company as defined in subsections (b), (c), (m) or (o) of section 414 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. All entities that meet the criteria set forth in the Internal Revenue Code shall be treated as one employer.

Alcohol Abuse means abuse of or addiction to alcohol. Alcohol Abuse does not include abuse of or addiction to drugs. Please see the definition of Substance Abuse.

Ambulance means a certified transportation vehicle for transporting Ill or Injured people that contains all life-saving equipment and staff as required by state and local law.

Ambulatory Surgical Center means a Facility mainly engaged in performing Outpatient Surgery. It must:
a) be staffed by Practitioners and Nurses, under the supervision of a Practitioner;
b) have permanent operating and recovery rooms;
c) be staffed and equipped to give emergency care; and
d) have written back-up arrangements with a local Hospital for emergency care.

[Carrier] will recognize it if it carries out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it is either:
a) accredited for its stated purpose by either the Joint Commission or the Accreditation Association for Ambulatory Care; or
b) approved for its stated purpose by Medicare.

[Carrier] does not recognize a Facility as an Ambulatory Surgical Center if it is part of a Hospital.

Anniversary Date means the date which is one year from the Effective Date of the Policy and each succeeding yearly date thereafter.

Birthing Center means a Facility which mainly provides care and treatment for women during uncomplicated pregnancy, routine full-term delivery, and the immediate post-partum period. It must:
a) provide full-time Skilled Nursing Care by or under the supervision of Nurses;
b) be staffed and equipped to give emergency care; and
c) have written back-up arrangements with a local Hospital for emergency care.

[Carrier] will recognize it if:
a) it carries out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws; or
b) it is approved for its stated purpose by the Accreditation Association for Ambulatory Care; or
c) it is approved for its stated purpose by Medicare.

[Carrier] does not recognize a Facility as a Birthing Center if it is part of a Hospital.

Board means the Board of Directors of the New Jersey Small Employer Health Benefits Program.

Calendar Year means each successive 12 month period which starts on January 1 and ends on December 31.

Cash Deductible means the amount of Covered Charges that a Covered Person must pay before the Policy pays any benefits for such charges. Cash Deductible does not include Coinsurance, Copayments and Non-Covered Charges. See the **Cash Deductible** section of the Policy for details.

Church Plan has the same meaning given that term under Title I, section 3 of Pub.L.93-406, the "Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974"

Coinsurance means the percentage of a Covered Charge that must be paid by a Covered Person. Coinsurance does not include Cash Deductibles, Copayments or Non-Covered Charges.

Copayment means a specified dollar amount a Covered Person must pay for specified Covered Charges.

Cosmetic Surgery or Procedure means any surgery or procedure which involves physical appearance, but which does not correct or materially improve a physiological function and is not Medically Necessary and Appropriate.

Covered Charges are Reasonable and Customary charges for the types of services and supplies described in the **Covered Charges** and **Covered Charges with Special Limitations** section of the Policy. The services and supplies must be:
a) furnished or ordered by a recognized health care Provider; and
b) Medically Necessary and Appropriate to diagnose or treat an Illness or Injury.

A Covered Charge is incurred on the date the service or supply is furnished. Subject to all of the terms of the Policy, [Carrier] pays benefits for Covered Charges incurred by a Covered Person while he or she is insured by the Policy. Read this entire Policy to find out what [Carrier] limits or excludes.

Covered Person means an eligible Employee or [a Dependent] who is insured under the Policy.

Creditable Coverage means, with respect to an Employee [or Dependent], coverage of the Employee [or Dependent] under any of the following: a Group Health Plan; a group or individual Health Benefits Plan; Part A or Part B of Title XVIII of the federal Social Security Act (Medicare); Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act (Medicaid), other than coverage consisting solely of benefits under section 1928 of Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act (the program for distribution of pediatric vaccines); Title XXI of the Social Security Act (State Children's Health Insurance Program), chapter 55 of Title 10, United States Code (medical and dental care for members and certain former members of the uniformed services and their dependents); a medical care program of the Indian Health Service or of a tribal organization; a state health benefits risk pool; a health plan offered under chapter 89 of Title 5, United States Code; a Public Health Plan as defined by federal regulation; a health benefits plan under section 5(e) of the "Peace Corps Act"; or coverage under any other type of plan as set forth by the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance by regulation.

Creditable Coverage does not include coverage which consists solely of the following: coverage only for accident or disability income insurance, or any combination thereof; coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance; liability insurance, including general liability insurance and automobile liability insurance; workers' compensation or similar insurance; automobile medical payment insurance; credit only insurance; coverage for on-site medical clinics; coverage as specified in federal regulation, under which benefits for medical care are secondary or incidental to the insurance benefits; and other coverage expressly excluded from the definition of Health Benefits Plan.

Current Procedural Terminology (C.P.T.) means the most recent edition of an annually revised listing published by the American Medical Association which assigns numerical codes to procedures and categories of medical care.

Custodial Care means any service or supply, including room and board, which:
a) is furnished mainly to help a person meet his or her routine daily needs; or
b) can be furnished by someone who has no professional health care training or skills.

Even if a Covered Person is in a Hospital or other recognized Facility, [Carrier] does not pay for that part of the care which is mainly custodial.

[Dependent means an Employee's:
a) legal spouse which shall include a civil union partner pursuant to P.L. 2006, c. 103 as well as same sex relationships legally recognized in other jurisdictions when such relationships provide substantially all of the rights and benefits of marriage. [and domestic partner pursuant to P.L. 2003, c. 246]; except that legal spouse shall be limited to spouses of a marriage as marriage is defined in the Federal Defense of Marriage Act, 1 U.S.C.A. 7, with respect to the provisions of the Policy regarding continuation rights required by the Federal Consolidated Omnibus Reconciliation Act of 1886 (COBRA), Pub. L. 99-272, as subsequently amended. (Civil union partners do not have COBRA rights in the event of dissolution of the civil union.)
b) unmarried Dependent child who is under age 19; and
c) unmarried Dependent child from age 19 until his or her 23rd birthday, who is enrolled as a full-time student at an Accredited School. Full-time student status will be as defined by the Accredited School. [Carrier] can require periodic proof of a Dependent child's status as a full-time student.

A Dependent is not a person who is:
a) on active duty in any armed forces of any country; or
b) eligible for coverage under the Policy as an Employee.

Under certain circumstances, an incapacitated child is also a Dependent. See the **Dependent Coverage** section of the Policy.

An Employee's "unmarried Dependent child" includes:
a) his or her legally adopted children,
b) his or her step-child if such step-child depend on the Employee for most of his or her support and maintenance, [and]
c) the child of his or her civil union partner if the child depends on the employee for most of his or her support and maintenance, [and]

d) [the child of his or her domestic partner if the child depends on the Employee for most of his or her support and maintenance, and]
e) children under a court appointed guardianship.

[Carrier] treats a child as legally adopted from the time the child is placed in the home for purpose of adoption. [Carrier] treats such a child this way whether or not a final adoption order is ever issued.]

[**Dependent's Eligibility Date** means the later of:
a) the Employee's Eligibility Date; or
b) the date the person first becomes a Dependent.]

Developmental Disability or **Developmentally Disabled** means a severe, chronic disability that:
a) is attributable to a mental or physical impairment or a combination of mental and physical impairments;
b) is manifested before the [Covered Person] attains age 19;
c) is likely to continue indefinitely;
d) results in substantial functional limitations in three or more of the following areas of major life activity: self-care; receptive and expressive language; learning; mobility; self-direction; capacity for independent living; economic self-sufficiency;
e) reflects the [Covered Person's] need for a combination and sequence of special interdisciplinary or generic services, individualized support, and other forms of assistance that are lifelong or of extended duration and are individually planned and coordinated.

Diagnostic Services means procedures ordered by a recognized Provider because of specific symptoms to diagnose a specific condition or disease. Some examples are:
a) radiology, ultrasound and nuclear medicine;
b) laboratory and pathology; and
c) EKGs, EEGs and other electronic diagnostic tests.

Except as allowed under the Preventive Care Covered Charge, Diagnostic Services are not covered under the Policy if the procedures ordered as part of a routine or periodic physical examination or screening examination.

Discretion/Determination/Determine means the [Carrier's] sole right to make a decision or determination. The decision will be applied in a reasonable and non-discriminatory manner.

Durable Medical Equipment is equipment which is:
a) designed and able to withstand repeated use;
b) primarily and customarily used to serve a medical purpose;
c) generally not useful to a Covered Person in the absence of an Illness or Injury; and
d) suitable for use in the home.

Some examples are walkers, wheelchairs, hospital-type beds, breathing equipment and apnea monitors.

Among other things, Durable Medical Equipment does not include adjustments made to vehicles, air conditioners, air purifiers, humidifiers, dehumidifiers, elevators, ramps, stair glides, Emergency Alert equipment, handrails, heat appliances, improvements made to the home or place of business, waterbeds, whirlpool baths and exercise and massage equipment.

Effective Date means the date on which coverage begins under the Policy for the Policyholder, or the date coverage begins under the Policy for an Employee [or Dependent], as the context in which the term is used suggests.

Emergency means a medical condition manifesting itself by acute symptoms of sufficient severity including, but not limited to, severe pain, psychiatric disturbances and/or symptoms of Substance Abuse such that a prudent layperson, who possesses an average knowledge of health and medicine, could expect the absence of immediate medical attention to result in: placing the health of the individual (or with respect to a pregnant woman, the health of the woman or her unborn child) in serious jeopardy; serious impairment to bodily functions; or serious dysfunction of a bodily organ or part. With respect to a pregnant woman who is having contractions, an emergency exists where: there is inadequate time to effect a safe transfer to another Hospital before delivery; or the transfer may pose a threat to the health or safety of the woman or unborn child.

Employee means a Full-Time bona-fide Employee (25 hours per week) of the Policyholder. Partners, Proprietors, and independent contractors will be treated like Employees, if they meet all of the Policy's conditions of eligibility. Employees who work on a temporary or substitute basis or who are participating in an employee welfare arrangement established pursuant to a collective bargaining agreement are not considered to be Employees for the purpose of the Policy.

Employee's Eligibility Date means the later of:
a) the date of employment; or
b) [the day] after any applicable waiting period ends.

Employer means [ABC Company].

Enrollment Date means, with respect to a Covered Person, the Effective Date or, if earlier, the first day of any applicable waiting period. If an Employee changes plans or if the Employer transfers coverage to another carrier, the Covered Person's Enrollment Date does not change.

Experimental or Investigational means [Carrier] determines a service or supply is:

a) not of proven benefit for the particular diagnosis or treatment of a particular condition; or
b) not generally recognized by the medical community as effective or appropriate for the particular diagnosis or treatment of a particular condition; or
c) provided or performed in special settings for research purposes or under a controlled environment or clinical protocol.

Unless otherwise required by law with respect to drugs which have been prescribed for treatment for which the drug has not been approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA), [Carrier] will not cover any services or supplies, including treatment, procedures, drugs, biological products or medical devices or any hospitalizations in connection with Experimental or Investigational services or supplies.

[Carrier] will also not cover any technology or any hospitalization primarily to receive such technology if such technology is obsolete or ineffective and is not used generally by the medical community for the particular diagnosis or treatment of a particular condition.

Governmental approval of technology is not necessarily sufficient to render it of proven benefit or appropriate or effective for a particular diagnosis or treatment of a particular condition, as explained below.

[Carrier] will apply the following five criteria in determining whether services or supplies are Experimental or Investigational:

a) Any medical device, drug, or biological product must have received final approval to market by the FDA for the particular diagnosis or condition. Any other approval granted as an interim step in the FDA regulatory process, e.g., an Investigational Device Exemption or an Investigational New Drug Exemption, is not sufficient. Once FDA approval has been granted for a particular diagnosis or condition, use of the medical device, drug or biological product for another diagnosis or condition will require that one or more of the following established reference compendia:
1. The American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information; or
2. The United States Pharmacopoeia Drug Information

recognize the usage as appropriate medical treatment. As an alternative to such recognition in one or more of the compendia, the usage of the drug will be recognized as appropriate if it is recommended by a clinical study or recommended by a review article in a major peer-reviewed professional journal. A medical device, drug, or biological product that meets the above tests will not be considered Experimental or Investigational.

In any event, any drug which the Food and Drug Administration has determined to be contraindicated for the specific treatment for which the drug has been prescribed will be considered Experimental or Investigational.

b) Conclusive evidence from the published peer-reviewed medical literature must exist that the technology has a definite positive effect on health outcomes; such evidence must include well-designed investigations that have been reproduced by non affiliated authoritative sources, with measurable results, backed up by the positive endorsements of national medical bodies or panels regarding scientific efficacy and rationale;
c) demonstrated evidence as reflected in the published peer-reviewed medical literature must exist that over time the technology leads to improvement in health outcomes, i.e., the beneficial effects outweigh any harmful effects;
d) Proof as reflected in the published peer-reviewed medical literature must exist that the technology is at least as effective in improving health outcomes as established technology, or is usable in appropriate clinical contexts in which established technology is not employable; and
e) Proof as reflected in the published peer-reviewed medical literature must exist that improvements in health outcomes; as defined item c. above, is possible in standard conditions of medical practice, outside clinical investigatory settings.

Extended Care Center means a Facility which mainly provides full-time Skilled Nursing Care for Ill or Injured people who do not need to be in a Hospital. [Carrier] will recognize it if it carries out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it is either:
a) accredited for its stated purpose by the Joint Commission; or
b) approved for its stated purpose by Medicare. In some places, an "Extended Care Center" may be called a "Skilled Nursing Facility."

Facility means a place [Carrier] is required by law to recognize which:
a) is properly licensed, certified, or accredited to provide health care under the laws of the state in which it operates; and
b) provides health care services which are within the scope of its license, certificate or accreditation.

Full-Time means a normal work week of 25 or more hours. Work must be at the Policyholder's regular place of business or at another place to which an Employee must travel to perform his or her regular duties for his or her full and normal work hours.

Government Hospital means a Hospital operated by a government or any of its subdivisions or agencies, including but not limited to a Federal, military, state, county or city Hospital.

Group Health Plan means an employee welfare benefit plan, as defined in Title I of section 3 of Pub.L.93-406, the "Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974" (ERISA) (29 U.S.C. § 1002(1)) to the extent that the plan provides medical care and includes items and services paid for as medical care to employees or their dependents directly or through insurance, reimbursement or otherwise.

Health Benefits Plan means any hospital and medical expense insurance policy or certificate; health, hospital, or medical service corporation contract or certificate; or health maintenance organization subscriber contract or certificate delivered or issued for delivery in New Jersey by any carrier to a Small Employer group pursuant to section 3 of P.L. 1992. c. 162 (C. 17B: 27A-19) or any other similar contract, policy, or plan issued to a Small Employer, not explicitly excluded from the definition of a health benefits plan. Health Benefits Plan does not include one or more, or any combination of the following: coverage only for accident or disability income insurance, or any combination thereof; coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance; liability insurance, including general liability insurance and automobile liability insurance; workers' compensation or similar insurance; automobile medical payment insurance; credit-only insurance; coverage for on-site medical clinics; and other similar insurance coverage, as specified in federal regulations, under which benefits for medical care are secondary or incidental to other insurance benefits. Health Benefits Plans shall not include the following benefits if they are provided under a separate policy, certificate or contract of insurance or are otherwise not an integral part of the plan: limited scope dental or vision benefits; benefits for long term care, nursing home care, home health care, community based care, or any combination thereof; and such other similar, limited benefits as are specified in federal regulations. Health Benefits Plan shall not include hospital confinement indemnity coverage if the benefits are provided under a separate policy, certificate or contract of insurance, there is no coordination between the provision of the benefits and any exclusion of benefits under any group Health Benefits Plan maintained by the same Plan Sponsor, and those benefits are paid with respect to an event without regard to whether benefits are provided with respect to such an event under any Group Health Plan maintained by the same Plan Sponsor. Health Benefits Plan shall not include the following if it is offered as a separate policy, certificate or contract of insurance: Medicare supplemental health insurance as defined under section 1882(g)(1) of the federal Social Security Act; and coverage supplemental to the coverage provided under chapter 55 of Title 10, United States Code; and similar supplemental coverage provided to coverage under a Group Health Plan.

Health Status-Related Factor means any of the following factors: health status; medical condition, including both physical and mental Illness; claims experience; receipt of health care; medical history; genetic information; evidence of insurability, including conditions arising out of acts of domestic violence; and disability.

Home Health Agency means a Provider which provides Skilled Nursing Care for Ill or Injured people in their home under a home health care program designed to eliminate Hospital stays. [Carrier] will recognize it if it is licensed by the state in which it operates, or it is certified to participate in Medicare as a Home Health Agency.

Hospice means a Provider which provides palliative and supportive care for terminally Ill or terminally Injured people under a hospice care program. [Carrier] will recognize a hospice if it carries out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it is either:
a) approved for its stated purpose by Medicare; or
b) it is accredited for its stated purpose by either the Joint Commission or the National Hospice Organization.

Hospital means a Facility which mainly provides Inpatient care for Ill or Injured people. [Carrier] will recognize it if it carries out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it is either:
a) accredited as a Hospital by the Joint Commission; or
b) approved as a Hospital by Medicare.
Among other things, a Hospital is not a convalescent home, rest or nursing Facility, or a Facility, or part of it, which mainly provides Custodial Care, educational care or rehabilitative care. A Facility for the aged or substance abusers is also not a Hospital.

Illness or Ill means a sickness or disease suffered by a Covered Person or a description of a Covered person suffering from a sickness or disease.

[Initial Dependent means those eligible Dependents an Employee has at the time he or she first becomes eligible for Employee coverage. If at the time the Employee does not have any eligible Dependents, but later acquires them, the first eligible Dependents he or she acquires are his or her Initial Dependents.]

Injury or Injured means all damage to a Covered Person's body, and all complications arising from that damage or a description of a Covered Person suffering from such damage.

Inpatient means a Covered Person who is physically confined as a registered bed patient in a Hospital or other recognized health care Facility or services and supplies provided in such settings.

Joint Commission means the Joint Commission on the Accreditation of Health Care Organizations.

Late Enrollee means an eligible Employee [or Dependent] who requests enrollment under the Policy more than [30] days after first becoming eligible. However, an eligible Employee [or Dependent] will not be considered a Late Enrollee under certain circumstances. See the **Employee Coverage [**and **Dependent Coverage]** section[s] of the Policy.

Medically Necessary and Appropriate means that a service or supply is provided by a recognized health care Provider, and [Carrier] determines at its Discretion, that it is:
a) necessary for the symptoms and diagnosis or treatment of the condition, Illness or Injury;
b) provided for the diagnosis, or the direct care and treatment, of the condition, Illness or Injury;
c) in accordance with generally accepted medical practice;
d) not for the convenience of a Covered Person;
e) the most appropriate level of medical care the Covered Person needs;
f) furnished within the framework of generally accepted methods of medical management currently used in the United States.
The fact that an attending Practitioner prescribes, orders, recommends or approves the care, the level of care, or the length of time care is to be received, does not make the services Medically Necessary and Appropriate.

Medicaid means the health care program for the needy provided by Title XIX of the United States Social Security Act, as amended from time to time.

Medicare means Parts A and B of the health care program for the aged and disabled provided by Title XVIII of the United States Social Security Act, as amended from time to time.

Mental or Nervous Condition means a condition which manifests symptoms which are primarily mental or nervous, for which the primary treatment is psychotherapy or psychotherapeutic methods or psychotropic medication, regardless of any underlying physical cause. A Mental or Nervous Condition includes, but is not limited to, psychoses, neurotic and anxiety disorders, schizophrenic disorders, affective disorders, personality disorders, and psychological or behavioral abnormalities associated with transient or permanent dysfunction of the brain or related neurohormonal systems.

In determining whether or not a particular condition is a Mental or Nervous Condition, [Carrier] may refer to the current edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical manual of Mental Disorders of the American Psychiatric Association.

[Newly Acquired Dependent means an eligible Dependent an Employee acquires after he or she already has coverage in force for Initial Dependents.]

Nicotine Dependence Treatment means "Behavioral Therapy," as defined below, and Prescription Drugs which have been approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration for the management of nicotine dependence.

For the purpose of this definition, covered "Behavioral Therapy" means motivation and behavior change techniques which have been demonstrated to be effective in promoting nicotine abstinence and long term recovery from nicotine addiction.

Non-Covered Charges are charges which do not meet the Policy's definition of Covered Charges, or which exceed any of the benefit limits shown in the Policy, or which are specifically identified as Non-Covered Charges or are otherwise not covered by the Policy.

Nurse means a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse, including a nursing specialist such as a nurse mid-wife or nurse anesthetist, who:
a) is properly licensed or certified to provide medical care under the laws of the state where he or she practices; and
b) provides medical services which are within the scope of his or her license or certificate and are covered by the Policy.

Outpatient means a Covered Person who is **not** confined as a registered bed patient in a Hospital or recognized health care Facility and is not an Inpatient; or services and supplies provided in such Outpatient settings.

Period of Confinement means consecutive days of Inpatient services provided to an Inpatient or successive Inpatient confinements due to the same or related causes, when discharge and re-admission to a recognized Facility occurs within 90 days or less. [Carrier] determines if the cause(s) of the confinements are the same or related.

Plan means the [Carrier's] group health benefit plan purchased by the Employer. [Note: If the "Planholder" definition is employed, references in the Policy to "Policy" should be changed to read "Plan"]

Planholder means the Employer who purchased this group health benefit plan. [Note: If the "Planholder" definition is employed, references in the Policy to "Policyholder" should be changed to read "Planholder"]

Plan Sponsor has the meaning given that term under Title I, section 3 of Pub.L.93-406, the "Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974" (ERISA) (29 U.S.C. § 1002(16)(B)). That is:
a) the Small Employer in the case of an employee benefit plan established or maintained by a single employer;
b) the employee organization in the case of a plan established or maintained by an employee organization; or
c) in the case of a plan established or maintained by two or more employers or jointly by one or more employers and one or more employee organizations, the association, committee, joint board of trustees, or other similar group of representatives of the parties who establish or maintain the plan.

Plan Year means the year that is designated as the plan year in the plan document of a Group Health Plan, except if the plan document does not designate a plan year or if there is no plan document, the Plan Year is a Calendar Year.

Podiatric Care means treatment of Illness or deformity below the ankle, but does not include dislocations or fractures of the foot.

Policy means this group policy, including the application and any riders, amendments, or endorsements, between the Employer and [Carrier].

Policyholder means the Employer who purchased the Policy.

Practitioner means a person [Carrier] is required by law to recognize who:
a) is properly licensed or certified to provide medical care under the laws of the state where he or she practices; and
b) provides medical services which are within the scope of his or her license or certificate.

Pre-Approval or Pre-Approved means the [Carrier's] approval using paper or electronic means for specified services and supplies prior to the date charges are incurred. [Carrier] will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for treatment, services and supplies which require Pre-Approval and are not Pre-Approved by [Carrier] provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under the Policy.

Pre-Existing Condition means an Illness or Injury which manifests itself in the six months before a Covered Person's Enrollment Date, and for which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received during the six months immediately preceding the Enrollment Date.

Pre-Existing Condition Limitation means, with respect to coverage, a limitation or exclusion of benefits relating to a condition based on the fact that the condition was present before the Enrollment Date, whether or not any medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received before that date. Genetic information will not be treated as a Pre-Existing Condition in the absence of a diagnosis of the condition related to that information. Pregnancy will not be treated as a Pre-Existing Condition

Prescription Drugs are drugs, biologicals and compound prescriptions which are sold only by prescription and which are required to show on the manufacturer's label the words: "Caution-Federal Law Prohibits Dispensing Without a Prescription" or other drugs and devices as determined by [Carrier], such as insulin.

Preventive Care means charges for routine physical examinations, including related laboratory tests and x-rays, immunizations and vaccines, well baby care, pap smears, mammography, screening tests, bone density tests and Nicotine Dependence Treatment.

Private Duty Nursing means Skilled Nursing Care for Covered Persons who require individualized continuous Skilled Nursing Care provided by a registered nurse or a licensed practical nurse.

Provider means a recognized Facility or Practitioner of health care in accordance with the terms of the Policy.

Public Health Plan means any plan established or maintained by a State, the U.S. government, a foreign country, or any political subdivision of a State, the U.S. government, or a foreign country that provides health coverage to individuals who are enrolled in the plan.

Reasonable and Customary means an amount that is not more than the [lesser of:
• the] usual or customary charge for the service or supply as determined by [Carrier], based on a standard approved by the Board[; or
[• the negotiated fee schedule.]

The Board will decide a standard for what is Reasonable and Customary under the Policy. The chosen standard is an amount which is most often charged for a given service by a Provider within the same geographic area. For charges that are not determined by a negotiated fee schedule, the [Covered Person] may be billed for the difference between the Reasonable and Customary charge and the charge billed by the Provider.

Please note: The Coordination of Benefits and Services provision includes a distinct definition of Reasonable and Customary.

[**Referral** means specific direction or instructions from a Covered Person's Primary Care Physician [or care manager] in conformance with [Carrier's] policies and procedures that directs a Covered Person to a Facility or Practitioner for health care.]

Rehabilitation Center means a Facility which mainly provides therapeutic and restorative services to Ill or Injured people. [Carrier] will recognize it if it carries out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it is either:
a) accredited for its stated purpose by either the Joint Commission or the Commission on Accreditation for Rehabilitation Facilities; or
b) approved for its stated purpose by Medicare.

In some places a Rehabilitation Center is called a "rehabilitation hospital."

Routine Foot Care means the cutting, debridement, trimming, reduction, removal or other care of corns, calluses, flat feet, fallen arches, weak feet, chronic foot strain, dystrophic nails, excrescences, helomas, hyperkeratosis, hypertrophic nails, non-infected ingrown nails, deratomas, keratosis, onychauxis, onychocryptosis, tylomas or symptomatic complaints of the feet. Routine Foot Care also includes orthopedic shoes, foot orthotics and supportive devices for the foot.

Routine Nursing Care means the appropriate nursing care customarily furnished by a recognized Facility for the benefit of its Inpatients.

Schedule means the **Schedule of Insurance and Premium Rates** contained in the Policy.

Skilled Nursing Care means services which are more intensive than Custodial Care, are provided by a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse, and require the technical skills and professional training of a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse.

Skilled Nursing Facility (see Extended Care Center.)

Small Employer means, in connection with a Group Health Plan with respect to a Calendar Year and a Plan Year, any person, firm, corporation, partnership, or political subdivision that is actively engaged in business that employed an average of at least two but not more than 50 eligible Employees on business days during the preceding Calendar Year and who employs at least eligible two Employees on the first day of the Plan Year, and the majority of the eligible Employees are employed in New Jersey. All persons treated as a single employer under subsection (b), (c), (m) or (o) of section 414 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 shall be treated as one employer. In the case of an employer that was not in existence during the preceding Calendar Year, the determination of whether the employer is a small or large employer shall be based on the average number of eligible Employees that it is expected that the employer will employ on business days in the current Calendar Year.

Special Care Unit means a part of a Hospital set up for very ill patients who must be observed constantly. The unit must have a specially trained staff. And it must have special equipment and supplies on hand at all times. Some types of Special Care Units are:
a) intensive care units;
b) cardiac care units;
c) neonatal care units; and
d) burn units.

Substance Abuse means abuse of or addiction to drugs.

Supplemental Limited Benefit Insurance means insurance that is provided in addition to a Health Benefits Plan on an_indemnity non-expense incurred basis.

Surgery means:
a) the performance of generally accepted operative and cutting procedures, including surgical diagnostic procedures, specialized instrumentations, endoscopic examinations, and other invasive procedures;
b) the correction of fractures and dislocations;
c) Reasonable and Customary pre-operative and post-operative care.

Therapeutic Manipulation means the treatment of the articulations of the spine and musculoskeletal structures for the purpose of relieving certain abnormal clinical conditions resulting from the impingement upon associated nerves causing discomfort. Some examples are manipulation or adjustment of the spine, hot or cold packs, electrical muscle stimulation, diathermy, skeletal adjustments, massage, adjunctive, ultra-sound, Doppler, whirlpool or hydro therapy or other treatment of similar nature.

Total Disability or Totally Disabled means, except as otherwise specified in the Policy, that an Employee who, due to Illness or Injury, cannot perform any duty of his or her occupation or any occupation for which he or she is, or may be, suited by education, training and experience, and is not, in fact, engaged in any occupation for wage or profit. [A Dependent is totally disabled if he or she cannot engage in the normal activities of a person in good health and of like age and sex.] The Employee [or Dependent] must be under the regular care of a Practitioner.

Urgent Care means care for a non-life threatening condition that requires care by a Provider within 24 hours.

[**Waiting Period** means, with respect to a Group Health Plan and an individual who is a potential participant or beneficiary in the Group Health Plan, the period that must pass with respect to the individual before the individual is eligible to be covered for benefits under the terms of the Group Health Plan.]

[**We, Us, Our** and **[Carrier]** mean [Carrier].]

[**You, Your and Yours** mean an Employee who is insured under the Policy.]

EMPLOYEE COVERAGE

Eligible Employees
Subject to the **Conditions of Eligibility** set forth below, and to all of the other conditions of the Policy, all of the Policyholder's Employees who are in an eligible class will be eligible if the Employees are [Actively at Work] Full-Time Employees.[In certain situations, the Actively at Work requirement will not apply. If an Employee is not Actively at Work due to a Health Status-Related Factor, the Employee will nevertheless be considered an Eligible Employee. In addition, refer to the Exception below.]

For purposes of the Policy, [Carrier] will treat partners, proprietors and independent contractors like Employees if they meet the Policy's **Conditions of Eligibility.**

Conditions of Eligibility

Full-Time Requirement
[Except where an Employee is not Actively at Work due to a Health Status-Related Factor, and except as stated below,] [Carrier] will not insure an Employee unless the Employee is [an Actively at Work] [a] Full-Time Employee.

Enrollment Requirement
[Carrier] will not insure the Employee until the Employee enrolls and agrees to make the required payments, if any. If the Employee does this within [30] days of the Employee's Eligibility Date, coverage is scheduled to start on the Employee's Eligibility Date.

If the Employee enrolls and agrees to make the required payments, if any:
a) more than [30] days after the Employee's Eligibility Date; or
b) after the Employee previously had coverage which ended because the Employee failed to make a required payment.

[Carrier] will consider the Employee to be a Late Enrollee. Late Enrollees are subject to the Policy's Pre-Existing Conditions limitation, if any applies.

When an Employee initially waives coverage under the Policy, the Plan Sponsor [or [Carrier]] should notify the Employee of the requirement for the Employee to make a statement that waiver was because he or she was covered under another group plan, if such other coverage was in fact the reason for the waiver, and the consequences of that requirement. If an Employee initially waived coverage under the Policy and the Employee stated at that time that such waiver was because he or she was covered under another group plan, and Employee now elects to enroll under the Policy, [Carrier] will not consider the Employee [and his or her Dependents] to be [a] Late Enrollee[s], provided the coverage under the other plan ends due to one of the following events:
a) **termination of employment** or eligibility;
b) reduction in the number of hours of employment;
c) involuntary termination;
d) divorce or legal separation or dissolution of the civil union [or termination of the domestic partnership];
e) death of the Employee's spouse;
f) termination of the Employer's contribution toward coverage; or
g) termination of the other plan's coverage.

But, the Employee must enroll under the Policy within 90 days of the date that any of the events described above occur. Coverage will take effect as of the date the applicable event occurs.

If an Employee initially waived coverage under the Policy because he or she had coverage under a Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA) continuation provision and the Employee requests coverage under the Policy within 30 days of the date the COBRA continuation ended, [Carrier] will not consider the Employee to be a Late Enrollee. Coverage will take effect as of the date the COBRA continuation ended.

In addition, an Employee [and any Dependents] will not be considered [a] Late Enrollee[s] if the Employee is employed by an employer which offers multiple Health Benefits Plans and the Employee elects a different plan during the open enrollment period.

[Further, an Employee and his or her Dependent spouse, if any, will not be considered Late Enrollees because the Employee initially waived coverage under the Policy for himself or herself and any then existing Dependents provided the Employee enrolls to cover himself or herself and his or her existing Dependent spouse, if any, under the Policy within 30 days of the marriage, birth, adoption or placement for adoption of a Newly Acquired Dependent.]

[The Waiting Period
The Policy has the following waiting periods:

Employees in an eligible class on the Effective Date, who have completed at least [6 months] of continuous Full-Time service with the Policyholder by that date, are eligible for insurance under the Policy from the Effective Date.

Employees in an eligible class on the Effective Date, who have not completed at least [6 months] of continuous Full-Time service with the Policyholder by that date, are eligible for insurance under the Policy from the day after Employees complete [6 months] of continuous Full-Time service.

Employees who enter an eligible class after the Effective Date are eligible for insurance under the Policy from the day after Employees complete [6 months] of continuous Full-Time service with the Policyholder.]

Any lapse in continuous service due to an absence which results from a Health Status-Related Factor will reduce the days of Full-Time service by the number of days of absence. Such lapse in continuous Full-Time service will not require that the period of continuous Full-Time service begin anew.

Multiple Employment
If an Employee works for both the Policyholder and a covered Affiliated Company, or for more than one covered Affiliated Company, [Carrier] will treat the Employee as if only one entity employs the Employee. And such an Employee will not have multiple coverage under the Policy. But, if the Policy uses the amount of an Employee's earnings or number of work hours to determine class, or for any other reason, such Employee's earnings or work hours will be figured as the sum of his or her earnings or work hours from all Affiliated Companies.

When Employee Coverage Starts

[Except where You are not Actively at Work due to a Health Status-Related Factor, and except as stated below, an][You must be [Actively at Work, and]working Your regular number of hours, on the date Your coverage is scheduled to start. And You must have met all the conditions of eligibility which apply to You. [If You are not Actively at Work on the scheduled Effective Date, and do not qualify for the Exception to the Actively at Work Requirement, [Carrier] will postpone the start of Your coverage until You return to Active Work.]

[Sometimes, a scheduled Effective Date is not a regularly scheduled work day. But Your coverage will start on that date if You were Actively at Work, and working Your regular number of hours, on Your last regularly scheduled work day.]

The Employee must elect to enroll and agree to make the required payments, if any, within [30] days of the Employee's Eligibility Date. If he or she does this within [30] days of the Employee's Eligibility Date, his or her coverage is scheduled to start on the Employee's Eligibility Date. Such Employee's Eligibility Date is the Effective Date of an Employee's coverage.

If the Employee does this more than [30] days after the Employee's Eligibility Date, [Carrier] will consider the Employee a Late Enrollee. Coverage is scheduled to start on the date the [Carrier] or [Carrier's] authorized representative or agent receives the signed enrollment form.

[EXCEPTION to the Actively at Work Requirement
The Exception applies if the Policyholder who purchased the Policy purchased it to replace a plan the Policyholder had with some other carrier. An Employee who is not Actively at Work due to Total Disability on the date the Policy takes effect will initially be eligible for limited coverage under the Policy if:
a) the Employee was validly covered under the Policyholder's old plan on the date the Policyholder's old plan ended; and
b) the Policy takes effect immediately upon termination of the prior plan.

Except as stated below, the coverage under the Policy will be limited to coverage for services or supplies for conditions other than the disabling condition. Such limited coverage under the Policy will end one year from the date the person's coverage under the Policy begins. Coverage for services or supplies for the disabling condition will be provided as stated in an extended health benefits, or like provision, contained in the Policyholder's old plan. Thereafter, coverage will not be limited as described in this provision, but will be subject to the terms and conditions of the Policy.]
Exception: If the coverage under the Policy is richer than the coverage under the Policyholder's old plan, the Policy will provide coverage for services and supplies related to the disabling condition. The Policy will coordinate with the Policyholder's old plan, with the Policy providing secondary coverage, as described in the Coordination of Benefits and Services provision.

When Employee Coverage Ends
An Employee's insurance under the Policy will end on the first of the following dates:

a) [the date] an Employee ceases to be [an Actively at Work] [a]Full-Time Employee for any reason. Such reasons include, death, retirement, lay-off, leave of absence, and the end of employment.
b) [the date] an Employee stops being an eligible Employee under the Policy.
c) the date the Policy ends, or is discontinued for a class of Employees to which the Employee belongs.
d) the last day of the period for which required payments are made for the Employee, subject to the **Payment of Premiums - Grace Period** section.

[DEPENDENT COVERAGE

Eligible Dependents for Dependent Health Benefits
Your eligible Dependents are Your:
a) legal spouse which shall include a civil union partner pursuant to P.L. 2006, c. 103 as well as same sex relationships legally recognized in other jurisdictions when such relationships provide substantially all of the rights and benefits of marriage. [and domestic partner pursuant to P.L. 2003, c. 246]; except that legal spouse shall be limited to spouses of a marriage as marriage is defined in the Federal Defense of Marriage Act, 1 U.S.C.A. 7, with respect to the provisions of the Policy regarding continuation rights required by the Federal Consolidated Omnibus Reconciliation Act of 1886 (COBRA), Pub. L. 99-272, as subsequently amended) (Civil union partners do not have COBRA rights in the event of dissolution of the civil union.)
b) unmarried Dependent children who are under age 19; and
c) unmarried Dependent children, from age 19 until their 23rd birthday, who are enrolled as full-time students at Accredited Schools. Full-time students will be, as defined by the Accredited School.

A Dependent is not a person who is:
a) on active duty in the armed forces of any country; or
b) eligible for coverage under the Policy as an Employee.

Under certain circumstances, an incapacitated child is also a Dependent. See the **Incapacitated Children** section of the Policy.

Your "unmarried Dependent child" includes:
a) Your legally adopted children,
b) Your step-children if such step children depend on You for most of their support and maintenance, [and]
c) the child of his or her civil union partner if the child depends on the employee for most of his or her support and maintenance, [and]
d) [the child of his or her domestic partner if the child depends on the Employee for most of his or her support and maintenance, and]
e) children under a court appointed guardianship.

[Carrier] treats a child as legally adopted from the time the child is placed in the home for purpose of adoption. [Carrier] treats such a child this way whether or not a final adoption order is ever issued.

Incapacitated Children
An Employee may have an unmarried child with a mental or physical incapacity, or developmental disability, who is incapable of earning a living. Subject to all of the terms of this section and the Policy, such a child may stay eligible for Dependent health benefits past the Policy's age limit for eligible Dependents.

The child will stay eligible as long as the child stays unmarried and incapable of earning a living, if:
a) the child's condition started before he or she reached the Policy's age limit;
b) the child became insured by the Policy or any other policy before the child reached the age limit and stayed continuously insured after reaching such limit; and
c) the child depends on the Employee for most of his or her support and maintenance.

But, for the child to stay eligible, the Employee must send [Carrier] written proof that the child is incapacitated or developmentally disabled and depends on the Employee for most of his or her support and maintenance. The Employee has 31 days from the date the child reaches the age limit to do this. [Carrier] can ask for periodic proof that the child's condition continues. But, after two years, [Carrier] cannot ask for this more than once a year.

The child's coverage ends when the Employee's coverage ends.

Enrollment Requirement
You must enroll Your eligible Dependents in order for them to be covered under the Policy. [Carrier] considers an eligible Dependent to be a Late Enrollee, if You:
a) enroll a Dependent and agree to make the required payments more than [30] days after the Dependent's Eligibility Date;
b) in the case of a Newly Acquired Dependent, have other eligible Dependents whose coverage previously ended because You failed to make the required contributions, or otherwise chose to end such coverage.

Late Enrollees are subject to the Policy's Pre-Existing Conditions limitations section, if any applies.

If the Employee's dependent coverage ends for any reason, including failure to make the required payments, his or her Dependents will be considered Late Enrollees when their coverage begins again.

When an Employee initially waives coverage for a spouse and/or eligible Dependent children under the Policy, the Plan Sponsor [or [Carrier]] should notify the Employee of the requirement for the Employee to make a statement that waiver was because the spouse and/or eligible Dependent children were covered under another group plan, if such other coverage was in fact the reason for the waiver, and the consequences of that requirement. If the Employee previously waived coverage for the Employee's spouse or eligible Dependent children under the Policy and stated at that time that such waiver was because they were covered under another group plan, and the Employee now elects to enroll them in the Policy, the Dependent will not be considered a Late Enrollee, provided the Dependent's coverage under the other plan ends due to one of the following events:
a) termination of employment or eligibility;
b) reduction in the number of hours of employment;
c) involuntary termination;
d) divorce or legal separation or dissolution of the civil union [or termination of the domestic partnership];
e) death of the Employee's spouse;
f) termination of the contribution toward coverage that was being made by the employer that offered the group plan under which the Dependent was covered; or
g) termination of the other plan's coverage.

But, the Employee's spouse or eligible Dependent children must be enrolled by the Employee within 90 days of the date that any of the events described above occur. Coverage will take effect as of the date the applicable event occurs.

And, [Carrier] will not consider an Employee's spouse or eligible Dependent children for which the Employee initially waived coverage under the Policy, to be a Late Enrollee, if:
a) the Employee is under legal obligation to provide coverage due to a court order; and
b) the Employee's spouse or eligible Dependent children are enrolled by the Employee within 30 days of the issuance of the court order.

Coverage will take effect as of the date required pursuant to a court order.

In addition, if an Employee initially waived coverage under the Policy for the Employee's spouse or eligible Dependent children because the spouse and/or Dependent children had coverage under a Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA) continuation provision and the Employee requests coverage for the spouse and/or Dependent children under the Policy within 30 days of the date the COBRA continuation ended, [Carrier] will not consider the spouse and/or Dependent children to be Late Enrollees. Coverage will take effect as of the date the COBRA continuation ended.

When Dependent Coverage Starts
In order for an Employee's dependent coverage to begin the Employee must already be insured for Employee coverage or enroll for Employee and Dependent coverage at the same time. Subject to all of the terms of the Policy, the date an Employee's dependent coverage starts depends on when the Employee elects to enroll the Employee's Initial Dependents and agrees to make any required payments.

If the Employee does this within [30] days of the Dependent's Eligibility Date, the Dependent's Coverage is scheduled to start on the later of:

a) the Dependent's Eligibility Date, or
b) the date the Employee becomes insured for Employee coverage.

If the Employee does this more than [30] days after the Dependent's Eligibility Date, [Carrier] will consider the Dependent a Late Enrollee. Coverage is scheduled to start on the later of:

a) the date the [Carrier] or [Carrier's] authorized representative or agent receive the signed enrollment form; or
b) the date the Employee becomes insured for Employee coverage.

Once an Employee has dependent coverage for Initial Dependents, the Employee must notify [Carrier] of a Newly Acquired Dependent within [30] days after the Newly Acquired Dependent's Eligibility Date. If the Employee does not, the Newly Acquired Dependent is a Late Enrollee.

A Newly Acquired Dependent other than a newborn child or newly adopted child, including a child placed for adoption, will be covered from the later of:
a) the date the Employee notifies [Carrier] and agrees to make any additional payments, or
b) the Dependent's Eligibility Date for the Newly Acquired Dependent.

If the Policyholder who purchased the Policy purchased it to replace a plan the Policyholder had with some other carrier, a Dependent who is Totally Disabled on the date the Policy takes effect will initially be eligible for limited coverage under the Policy if:

a) the Dependent was validly covered under the Policyholder's old plan on the date the Policyholder's old plan ended; and
b) the Policy takes effect immediately upon termination of the prior plan.

The coverage under the Policy will be limited to coverage for services or supplies for conditions other than the disabling condition. Such limited coverage under the Policy will end one year from the date the person's coverage under the Policy begins. Coverage for services or supplies for the disabling condition will be provided as stated in an extended health benefits, or like provision, contained in the Policyholder's old plan. Thereafter, coverage will not be limited as described in this provision, but will be subject to the terms and conditions of the Policy.

Newborn Children
[Carrier] will cover an Employee's newborn child for 31 days from the date of birth without additional premium. Health benefits may be continued beyond such 31-day period as stated below:
a) If the Employee is already covered for Dependent child coverage on the date the child is born, coverage automatically continues beyond the initial 31 days, provided the premium required for Dependent child coverage continues to be paid. The Employee must notify [Carrier] of the birth of the newborn child as soon as possible in order that [Carrier] may properly provide benefits under the Policy.
b) If the Employee is not covered for Dependent child coverage on the date the child is born, the Employee must:
- give written notice to enroll the newborn child; and
- pay the premium required for Dependent child coverage within 31 days after the date of birth.

If the notice is not given and the premium is not paid within such 31-day period, the newborn child's coverage will end at the end of such 31-day period. If the notice is given and the premium paid after that 31-day period, the child will be a Late Enrollee.

When Dependent Coverage Ends:
A Dependent's insurance under the Policy will end on the first of the following dates:

a) [the date] Employee coverage ends;
b) the date the Employee stops being a member of a class of Employees eligible for such coverage;
c) the date the Policy ends;
d) the date Dependent coverage is terminated from the Policy for all Employees or for an Employee's class;
e) the date an Employee fails to pay any required part of the cost of Dependent coverage. It ends on the last day of the period for which the Employee made the required payments, unless coverage ends earlier for other reasons;
f) at 12:01 am [on the last day of the calendar month] [on] the date the Dependent stops being an eligible Dependent.

PREFERRED PROVIDER ORGANIZATION PROVISIONS

The Employer, XYZ Health Care Network, and the [Carrier]

The Policy encourages a Covered Person to use services provided by members of [XYZ Health Care Network a Preferred Provider Organization (PPO).] A PPO is a network of health care providers located in the Covered Person's geographical area. In addition to an identification card, the Covered Person will periodically be given up-to-date lists of [XYZ Health Care Network] preferred providers. The up-to date lists will be furnished automatically, without charge.

Use of the network is strictly voluntary, but [Carrier] generally pays a higher level of benefits for most covered services and supplies furnished to a Covered Person by [XYZ Health Care Network]. Conversely, [Carrier] generally pays a lower level of benefits when covered services and supplies are not furnished by [XYZ Health Care Network] (even if an [XYZ Health Care Network] Practitioner orders the services and supplies). Of course, a Covered Person is always free to be treated by any Practitioner or Facility. And, he or she is free to change Practitioners or Facilities at any time.

In the case of Urgent Care or an Emergency, a Covered Person may go to a [XYZ Health Care Network] provider or a non-[XYZ Health Care Network] provider. If a Covered Person receives Urgent Care or care and treatment for an Emergency from a non-[XYZ Health Care Network] provider, and the Covered Person calls [Carrier] within 48 hours, or as soon as reasonably possible, [Carrier] will provide benefits for the Urgent Care or Emergency care and treatment to the same extent as would have been provided if care and treatment were provide by a [XYZ Health Care Network] provider. However, follow-up care or treatment by a non-[XYZ Health Care Network] provider will be treated as Network benefits only to the extent it is Medically Necessary and Appropriate care or treatment rendered before the Covered Person can return to the [XYZ Health Care Network] service area.

A Covered Person may use any [XYZ Health Care Network] Provider. He or she just presents his or her [XYZ Health Care Network] identification card to the [XYZ Health Care Network] Practitioner or Facility furnishing covered services or supplies. Most [XYZ Health Care Network] Practitioners and Facilities will prepare any necessary claim forms for him or her, and submit the forms to [Carrier]. The Covered Person will receive

an explanation of any insurance payments made by the Policy. And if there is any balance due, the [XYZ Health Care Network] Practitioner or Facility will bill him or her directly.

The Policy also has utilization review features. See the **Utilization Review Features** section for details.

What [Carrier] pays is subject to all the terms of the Policy. The Employee should read his or her certificate carefully and keep it available when consulting a Practitioner.

See the Schedule for specific benefit levels, payment rates and payment limits.

If an Employee has any questions after reading his or her certificate, he or she should call [Carrier] [Group Claim Office at the number shown on his or her identification card.]

[[Different] providers in [Carrier's] Network have agreed to be paid [in different ways by [Carrier]. A Provider may be paid] [each time he or she treats a Covered Person ("fee for service")] [, or may be paid] [a set fee for each month for each Covered Person whether or not the Covered Person actually receives services ("capitation")] [, or may receive] [a salary]. [These payment methods may include financial incentive agreements to pay some providers more ("bonuses") or less ("withholds") based on many factors: Covered Person satisfaction, quality of care, and control of costs and use of services among them.] If a Covered Person desires additional information about how [Carrier's] primary care physicians or any other Provider in [Carrier's] Network are compensated, please call [Carrier] at [telephone number] or write [address].

The laws of the state of New Jersey, at N.J.S.A. 45:9-22.4 et seq., mandate that a physician, chiropractor or podiatrist who is permitted to make Referrals to other health care Providers in which he or she has a significant financial interest inform his or her patients of any significant financial interest he or she may have in a health care Provider or Facility when making a Referral to that health care Provider or Facility. If A Covered Person wants more information about this, contact the Covered Person's physician, chiropractor or podiatrist. If a Covered Person believes he or she is not receiving the information to which he or she is entitled, contact the Division of Consumer Affairs in the New Jersey Department of Law and Public Safety at (973) 504-6200 OR (800) 242-5846.]

[Note: Used only if coverage is offered as a PPO.]

POINT OF SERVICE PROVISIONS

Definitions

a) ***Primary Care Practitioner*** (PCP) means the Practitioner the Covered Person selects to supervise and coordinate his or her health care in the [XYZ] Provider Organization. [Carrier] will supply the Covered Person with a list of PCPs who are members of the [XYZ] Provider Organization.
b) ***Provider Organization*** (PO) means a network of health care Providers located in a Covered Person's Service Area.
c) ***Network Benefits*** mean the benefits shown in the Schedule which are provided if the Primary Care Practitioner provides care, treatment, services, and supplies to the Covered Person or if the Primary Care Practitioner refers the Covered Person to another Provider for such care, treatment, services, and supplies.
d) ***Non-Network Benefits*** mean the benefits shown in the Schedule which are provided if the Primary Care Practitioner does not authorize the care, treatment, services, and supplies.
e) ***Service Area*** means the geographical area which is served by the Practitioners in the [XYZ] Provider Organization.

Provider Organization (PO)

The Provider Organization for the Policy is the [XYZ] Provider Organization. The Policy requires that the Covered Person use the services of a PCP, or be referred for services by a PCP, in order to receive Network Benefits. The Covered Person will periodically be given up-to date lists of [XYZ] PO Providers. The up-to date lists will be furnished automatically, without charge.

The Primary Care Practitioner (PCP)

The PCP will supervise and coordinate the Covered Person's health care in the [XYZ] PO. The PCP must authorize all services and supplies. In addition, he or she will refer the Covered Person to the appropriate Practitioner and Facility when Medically Necessary and Appropriate. The Covered Person must obtain an authorized Referral from his or her PCP before he or she visits another Practitioner or Facility. Except in case of Urgent Care or an Emergency, if the Covered Person does not comply with these requirements, he or she may only be eligible for Non-Network Benefits.

[Carrier] provides Network Benefits for covered services and supplies furnished to a Covered Person when authorized by his or her PCP. [Carrier] pays Non-Network Benefits when covered services and supplies are not authorized by the PCP. However, if the PCP refers a Covered Person to a Non-Network Provider for a service or supply, the service or supply shall be covered as a Network service or supply and [Carrier] is fully responsible for payment to the Provider and the Covered Person is only responsible for any applicable Network level Copayment, Coinsurance or Deductible for the service or supply.

If services or supplies are obtained from [XYZ] Providers, even though they are not authorized by the PCP, the Covered Person will be eligible for Non-Network Benefits where the [XYZ] provider's charges and the Covered Person's liability are limited to the negotiated fee for the service or supply.

A Covered Person may change his or her PCP to another PCP [once per month]. He or she may select another PCP from the list of Practitioners, and notify [XYZ] PO by [phone or in writing]. For a discretionary change, the new PCP selection will take effect no more than 14 days following the date of the request. For a change necessitated by termination of the prior PCP from the Network, the new PCP selection will take effect immediately.

When a Covered Person uses the services of a PCP, he or she must present his or her ID card and pay the Copayment. When a Covered Person's PCP refers him or her to another [XYZ] PO Provider, the Covered Person must pay the Copayment to such Provider. [Most [XYZ] PO Practitioners will prepare any necessary claim forms and submit them to [Carrier].]

A female Covered Person may use the services of a [XYZ] PO gynecologist for non-surgical gynecological care and routine pregnancy care without Referral from her PCP. She must obtain authorization from her PCP for other services.

Non-Network Services
If a Covered Person uses the services of a Provider without having been referred by his or her PCP, he or she will not be eligible for Network Benefits. Except as stated below, for services which have not been referred by the Covered Person's PCP, whether provided by an [XYZ] PO Provider or otherwise, the Covered Person may only be eligible for Non-Network Benefits. Exception: If a [Covered Person] is admitted to a Network facility by a Non-Network Provider, the network facility will nevertheless be paid Network benefits.

Emergency Services
If a Covered Person requires services for Urgent Care or an Emergency which occurs inside the PO Service Area, he or she must notify his or her PCP within 48 hours or as soon as reasonably possible thereafter.

Emergency room visits to PO Facilities are subject to a Copayment, and such visits must be retrospectively reviewed [by the PCP]. [Carrier] will waive the emergency room Copayment if the Covered Person is hospitalized within 24 hours of the visit.

In the case of Urgent Care or an Emergency, a Covered Person may go to a [XYZ Health Care Network] provider or a non-[XYZ Health Care Network] provider. If a Covered Person receives Urgent Care or care and treatment for an Emergency from a non-[XYZ Health Care Network] provider, and the Covered Person calls [Carrier] within 48 hours, or as soon as reasonably possible, [Carrier] will provide benefits for the Urgent Care or Emergency care and treatment to the same extent as would have been provided if care and treatment were provide by a [XYZ Health Care Network] provider. However, follow-up care or treatment by a non-[XYZ Health Care Network] provider will be treated as Network Benefits only to the extent it is Medically Necessary and Appropriate care or treatment rendered before the Covered Person can return to the [XYZ Health Care Network] service area.

Utilization Review
The Policy has utilization features. See the **Utilization Review Features** section of the Policy.

Benefits
The Schedule shows Network Benefits, Non-Network Benefits, and Copayments applicable to the Point of Service arrangement.

What [Carrier] pays is subject to all the terms of the Policy.

Service Area
[Carrier must include a description of the Service Area, as required by N.J.A.C. 8:38-17.3(a)11]

[[Different] providers in [Carrier's] Network have agreed to be paid [in different ways by [Carrier]. A Provider may be paid] [each time he or she treats a Covered Person ("fee for service")] [, or may be paid] [a set fee for each month for each Covered Person whether or not the Covered Person actually receives services ("capitation")] [, or may receive] [a salary]. [These payment methods may include financial incentive agreements to pay some providers more ("bonuses") or less ("withholds") based on many factors: Covered Person satisfaction, quality of care, and control of costs and use of services among them.] If a Covered Person desires additional information about how [Carrier's] primary care physicians or any other Provider in [Carrier's] Network are compensated, please call [Carrier] at [telephone number] or write [address].

The laws of the state of New Jersey, at N.J.S.A. 45:9-22.4 et seq., mandate that a physician, chiropractor or podiatrist who is permitted to make Referrals to other health care Providers in which he or she has a significant financial interest inform his or her patients of any significant financial interest he or she may have in a health care Provider or Facility when making a Referral to that health care Provider or Facility. If a Covered Person wants more information about this, contact the Covered Person's physician, chiropractor or podiatrist. If a Covered Person believes he or she is not receiving the information to which he or she is entitled, contact the Division of Consumer Affairs in the New Jersey Department of Law and Public Safety at (973) 504-6200 OR (800) 242-5846.]

[**Note:** Used only if coverage is issued as POS.]

[APPEALS PROCEDURE

The Appeal Procedure text must satisfy the requirements of N.J.A.C. 8:38-8.5 et seq. or N.J.A.C. 8:38A-3.4 et seq., as appropriate. The text must include specific information regarding the Stage 1, Stage 2 and External Appeals process.

In addition, Carriers are reminded that 29 CFR Part 2560 addresses claims procedures. It is expected that the text included in this Appeals Procedure section will include information the Carrier deems necessary to comply with the requirements of 29 CFR Part 2560.

[CONTINUATION OF CARE

[Carrier] shall provide written notice to each Covered Person at least 30 business days prior to the termination or withdrawal from [Carrier's] Provider network of a Covered Person's PCP and any other Provider from which the Covered Person is currently receiving a course of treatment, as reported to [Carrier]. The 30-day prior notice may be waived in cases of immediate termination of a health care professional based on a breach of contract by the health care professional, a determination of fraud, or where [Carrier's] medical director is of the opinion that the health care professional is an imminent danger to the patient or the public health, safety or welfare.

[Carrier] shall assure continued coverage of covered services at the contract rate by a terminated health care professional for up to four months in cases where it is Medically Necessary and Appropriate for the Covered Person to continue treatment with the terminated health care professional. In case of pregnancy of a Covered Person, coverage of services for the terminated health care professional shall continue to the postpartum evaluation of the Covered Person, up to six weeks after the delivery. With respect to pregnancy, Medical Necessity and Appropriateness shall be deemed to have been demonstrated.

For a Covered Person who is receiving post-operative follow-up care, [Carrier] shall continue to cover the services rendered by the health care professional for the duration of the treatment or for up to six months, whichever occurs first.

For a Covered Person who is receiving oncological treatment or psychiatric treatment, [Carrier] shall continue to cover services rendered by the health care professional for the duration of the treatment or for up to 12 months, whichever occurs first.

For a Covered Person receiving the above services in an acute care Facility, [carrier] will continue to provide coverage for services rendered by the health care professional regardless of whether the acute care Facility is under contract or agreement with [Carrier].

Services shall be provided to the same extent as provided while the health care professional was employed by or under contact with [Carrier]. Reimbursement for services shall be pursuant to the same schedule used to reimburse the health care professional while the health care professional was employed by or under contract with [Carrier].

If a Covered Person is admitted to a health care Facility on the date the Policy is terminated, [Carrier] shall continue to provide benefits for the Covered Person until the date the Covered Person is discharged from the facility or exhaustion of the Covered Person's benefits under the Policy, whichever occurs first.

[Carrier] shall not continue services in those instance in which the health care professional has been terminated based upon the opinion of [Carrier's] medical director that the health care professional is an imminent danger to a patient or to the public health, safety and welfare, a determination of fraud or a breach of contract by a health care professional. The determination of the Medical Necessity and Appropriateness of a Covered Person's continued treatment with a health care professional shall be subject to the appeal procedures set forth in the Policy. [Carrier] shall not be liable for any inappropriate treatment provided to a Covered Person by a health care professional who is no longer employed by or under contract with [Carrier].

If [Carrier] refers a Covered Person to a Non-Network provider, the service or supply shall be covered as a network service or supply. [Carrier] is fully responsible for payment to the health care professional and the Covered Person's liability shall be limited to any applicable Network Copayment, Coinsurance or Deductible for the service or supply.]

HEALTH BENEFITS INSURANCE

This health benefits insurance will pay many of the medical expenses incurred by a Covered Person.

Note: [Carrier] payments will be reduced if a Covered Person does not comply with the Utilization Review and Pre-Approval requirements contained in the Policy.

BENEFIT PROVISION

The Cash Deductible
Each Calendar Year, each Covered Person must have Covered Charges that exceed the Cash Deductible before [Carrier] pays any benefits to that person. The Cash Deductible is shown in the Schedule. The Cash Deductible cannot be met with Non-Covered Charges. Only Covered Charges incurred by the Covered Person while insured by the Policy can be used to meet this Cash Deductible.

Once the Cash Deductible is met, [Carrier] pays benefits for other Covered Charges above the Cash Deductible incurred by that Covered Person, less any applicable Coinsurance or Copayments, for the rest of that Calendar Year. But all charges must be incurred while that Covered Person is insured by the Policy. And what [Carrier] pays is based on all the terms of the Policy.

[Family Deductible Limit
The Policy has a family deductible limit of two Cash Deductibles for each Calendar Year. Once two Covered Persons in a family meet their individual Cash Deductibles in a Calendar Year, [Carrier] pays benefits for other Covered Charges incurred by any member of the covered family, less any applicable Coinsurance or Copayments, for the rest of that Calendar Year. What [Carrier] pays is based on all the terms of the Policy.]

[Per Covered Family
The Per Covered Family Calendar Year Cash Deductible is shown in the Schedule. Once three or more Covered Persons in a family have incurred a combined total of Covered Charges toward their Per Covered Person Cash Deductible equal to the per Covered Family Cash Deductible, each Covered Person in that family will be considered to have met his or her Per Covered Person Cash Deductible for the rest of that Calendar Year. The Covered Charges that each Covered Person in a family may use toward the Per Covered Family Cash Deductible may not exceed the amount of the Per Covered Person Cash Deductible.]

[Maximum Out of Pocket
Maximum out of pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Covered Person must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Covered Person has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.]

[Note to Carriers: Use this Maximum Out of Pocket text for a pure indemnity plan]

[Network Maximum Out of Pocket
Network Maximum Out of Pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Covered Person must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all Network covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Network Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Covered Person has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for Network covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.]

[Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket
Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Covered Person must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all Non-Network covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Covered Person has

no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for Non-Network covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.]

[Note to Carriers: Use these paragraphs if the Maximum Out of Pocket is separate for Network and Non-Network]

[Network Maximum Out of Pocket
Network Maximum Out of Pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Covered Person must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all Network **and** Non-Network covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Network Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Covered Person has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for Network or Non-Network covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.]

[Note to Carriers: Use this text if the Maximum Out of Pocket is common to both Network and Non-Network services and supplies.]

Payment Limits
[Carrier] limits what [Carrier] will pay for certain types of charges. [Carrier] also limits what [Carrier] will pay for all Illnesses or Injuries for each Covered Person's Per Lifetime. See the Schedule for these limits.

Benefits From Other Plans
The benefits [Carrier] will pay may be affected by a Covered Person being covered by 2 or more plans or policies. Read the provision **Coordination of Benefits** to see how this works.

The benefits [Carrier] will pay may also be affected by Medicare. Read the **Medicare as Secondary Payor** section for an explanation of how this works.

If This Plan Replaces Another Plan

The Employer who purchased the Policy may have purchased it to replace a plan the Employer had with some other carrier.

The Covered Person may have incurred charges for covered expenses under the Employer's old plan before it ended. If so, these charges will be used to meet the Policy's Cash Deductible if:
a) the charges were incurred during the Calendar Year in which the Policy starts;
b) the Policy would have paid benefits for the charges, if the Policy had been in effect;
c) the Covered Person was covered by the old plan when it ended and enrolled in the Policy on its Effective Date; and
d) the Policy takes effect immediately upon termination of the prior plan.

Please note: Although Deductible credit is given, there is no credit for Coinsurance.

The Covered Person may have satisfied part of the eligibility Waiting Period under the Policyholder's old plan before it ended. If so, the time satisfied will be used to satisfy the Policy's eligibility waiting period if:
a) the Employee was employed by the Policyholder on the date the Policyholder's old plan ended; and
b) the Policy takes effect immediately upon termination of the prior plan.

Extended Health Benefits
If the Policy ends, and a Covered Person is Totally Disabled on such date, and under a Practitioner's care, [Carrier] will extend health benefits for that person under the Policy as explained below. This is done at no cost to the Covered Person.

[Carrier] will only extend benefits for Covered Charges due to the disabling condition. The charges must be incurred before the extension ends. And what [Carrier] will pay is based on all the terms of the Policy.

[Carrier] does not pay for charges due to other conditions. And [Carrier] does not pay for charges incurred by other covered family members.

The extension ends on the earliest of:
a) the date the Total Disability ends; or
b) one year from the date the person's insurance under the Policy ends; or
c) the date the person has reached the payment limit for his or her disabling condition.

The Employee must submit evidence to [Carrier] that he or she [or his or her Dependent] is Totally Disabled, if [Carrier] requests it.

COVERED CHARGES

This section lists the types of charges [Carrier] will consider as Covered Charges. But what [Carrier] will pay is subject to all the terms of the Policy. Read the entire Policy to find out what [Carrier] limits or excludes.

Charges while Hospitalized
[Carrier] covers charges incurred while a Covered Person is an Inpatient in a Hospital up to 30 days per Covered Person per Calendar Year. Covered Charges are as follows:
a) Hospital room and board
b) Routine Nursing Care
c) Prescription Drugs
d) Blood transfusions
e) Infusion Therapy
f) Chemotherapy
g) Radiation Therapy

h) Medically Necessary and Appropriate Hospital services and supplies provided to the Covered Person during the Inpatient confinement.

[Carrier] limits what it pays for each day to the room and board limit shown in the Schedule.

If a Covered Person incurs charges as an Inpatient in a Special Care Unit, [Carrier] covers the charges up to the daily room and board limit for a Special Care Unit shown in the Schedule.

Except as stated below, [Carrier] covers charges for Inpatient care for:
a) a minimum of 72 hours following a modified radical mastectomy; and
b) a minimum of 48 hours following a simple mastectomy.
Exception: The minimum 72 or 48 hours, as appropriate, of Inpatient care will not be covered if the Covered Person, in consultation with the Practitioner, determines that a shorter length of stay is medically necessary and appropriate.

As an **exception** to the Medically Necessary and Appropriate requirement of the Policy, [Carrier] also provides coverage for the mother and newly born child for:
a) a minimum of 48 hours of Inpatient care in a Hospital following a vaginal delivery; and
b) a minimum of 96 hours of Inpatient Hospital care following a Cesarean Section.

[Carrier] provides such coverage subject to the following:
a) the attending Practitioner must determine that Inpatient care is medically necessary; or
b) the mother must request the Inpatient care.
[As an alternative to the minimum level of care described above, the mother may elect to participate in a home care program provided by [Carrier].]
[Carrier] will also cover Outpatient Hospital services.

Any charges in excess of the Hospital semi-private daily room and board limit are a Non-Covered Charge. The Policy's utilization review features have penalties for non-compliance that may reduce what [Carrier] pays for Hospital charges.

Note: [Carrier] covers charges for Inpatient Hospital care up to 30 days per Covered Person per Calendar Year. Such 30 Inpatient days may be exchanged for other types of care, as explained in the **Extended Care or Rehabilitation Charges, Home Health Care Charges** and **Hospice Charges** sections.

Hospital Copayment Requirement
Each time a Covered Person is confined in a Hospital, he or she must pay a $250 Copayment for each day of confinement, up to a maximum of $1,250 per Period of Confinement, subject to a maximum $2,500 Copayment per Calendar Year.

Emergency and Urgent Care Services
Coverage for Emergency and Urgent Care include coverage of trauma services at any designated level I or II trauma center as Medically Necessary and Appropriate, which shall be continued at least until, in the judgement of the attending physician, the Covered Person is medically stable. no longer requires critical care, and can be safely transferred to another Facility. [Carrier] also provides coverage for a medical screening examination provided upon a Covered Person's arrival in a Hospital, as required to be performed by the Hospital in accordance with Federal law, but only as necessary to determine whether an emergency medical condition exists. [Please note that the "911" emergency response system may be used whenever a Covered person has a potentially life-threatening condition. Information on the use of the "911" system is included on the identification card.]

Testing Charges
[Carrier] covers x-ray and laboratory tests needed for a planned Hospital admission or Surgery. [Carrier] only covers these tests if, the tests are done on an Outpatient basis within seven days of the planned admission or Surgery.

However, [Carrier] will not cover tests that are repeated after admission or before Surgery, unless the admission or Surgery is deferred solely due to a change in the Covered Person's health.

X-ray and laboratory tests which are not performed in connection with a planned Hospital admission or Surgery are Non-Covered Charges.

Extended Care or Rehabilitation Charges
Subject to [Carrier's] Pre-Approval, when Extended Care and Rehabilitation care can take the place of Inpatient Hospital care, [Carrier] covers such care provided to a Covered Person on an Inpatient basis in an Extended Care Center or Rehabilitation Center. Each 2 days of Extended Care and Rehabilitation Charges will reduce the number of Inpatient Hospital days available to a Covered Person by 1 day. Charges above the daily room and board limit are a Non-Covered Charge.

And [Carrier] covers all other Medically Necessary and Appropriate services and supplies provided to a Covered Person during the confinement. But the confinement must:

a) start within 14 days of a Hospital stay; and
b) be due to the same or a related condition that necessitated the Hospital stay.

[Carrier] will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for treatment, services and supplies for Extended Care or Rehabilitation which are not Pre-Approved by [Carrier] provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under the Policy.

Home Health Care Charges
Subject to [Carrier's] Pre-Approval, when Home Health Care can take the place of Inpatient Hospital care, [Carrier] covers such care furnished to a Covered Person under a written home health care plan. Each 2 days of Home Health Care will reduce the number of Inpatient Hospital days available to a Covered Person by 1 day. [Carrier] covers all Medically Necessary and Appropriate services or supplies, such as:

a) Nursing Care furnished by or under the supervision of a registered Nurse;
b) physical therapy;

c) occupational therapy;
d) medical social work;
e) nutrition services;
f) speech therapy;
g) home health aide services;
h) medical appliances and equipment, drugs and medications, laboratory services and special meals to the extent such items and services would have been covered under this policy if the Covered person had been in a Hospital; and
i) any Diagnostic or therapeutic service, including surgical services performed in a Hospital Outpatient department, a Practitioner's office or any other licensed health care Facility, provided such service would have been covered under the Policy if performed as Inpatient Hospital services.

Payment is subject to all of the terms of the Policy and to the following conditions:
a. The Covered Person's Practitioner must certify that home health care is needed in place of Inpatient care in a recognized Facility. Home health care is covered **only** in situations where continuing hospitalization or confinement in a Skilled Nursing Facility or Rehabilitation Center would otherwise have been required if Home Health Care were not provided.
b. The services and supplies must be:
   1. ordered by the Covered Person's Practitioner;
   2. included in the home health care plan: and
   3. furnished by, or coordinated by, a Home Health Agency according to the written home health care plan.

   The services and supplies must be furnished by recognized health care professionals on a part-time or intermittent basis, except when full-time or 24 hour service is needed on a short-term (no more than three-day) basis.
c. The home health care plan must be set up in writing by the Covered Person's Practitioner within 14 days after home health care starts. And it must be reviewed by the Covered Person's Practitioner at least once every 60 days.
d. [Carrier] does not pay for:
   1. services furnished to family members, other than the patient; or
   2. services and supplies not included in the home health care plan.

Any visit by a member of a home health care team on any day shall be considered as one home health care visit.

[Carrier] will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for treatment, services and supplies for Home Health Care which are not Pre-Approved by [Carrier] provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under the Policy.

Food and Food Products for Inherited Metabolic Diseases
[Carrier] covers charges incurred for the therapeutic treatment of inherited metabolic diseases, including the purchase of medical foods (enteral formula) and low protein modified food products as determined to be medically necessary by the Covered Person's Practitioner.

For the purpose of this benefit:
"inherited metabolic disease" means a disease caused by an inherited abnormality of body chemistry for which testing is mandated by law;
"low protein modified food product" means a food product that is specially formulated to have less than one gram of protein per serving and is intended to be used under the direction of a Practitioner for the dietary treatment of an inherited metabolic disease, but does not include a natural food that is naturally low in protein; and
"medical food" means a food that is intended for the dietary treatment of a disease or condition for which nutritional requirements are established by medical evaluation and is formulated to be consumed or administered enterally under the direction of a Practitioner.

Practitioner's Charges for Non-Surgical Care and Treatment
[Carrier] covers Practitioner's charges for the Medically Necessary and Appropriate non-surgical care and treatment of an Illness or Injury which are incurred while the Covered Person is an Inpatient in a Hospital.

Practitioner's Charges for Surgery
[Carrier] covers Practitioner's charges for Medically Necessary and Appropriate Surgery.

[Carrier] does not pay for Cosmetic Surgery unless it is required as a result of an Illness or Injury or to correct a functional defect resulting from a congenital abnormality or developmental anomaly.

[Carrier] covers reconstructive breast Surgery, Surgery to restore and achieve symmetry between the two breasts and the cost of prostheses following a mastectomy on one breast or both breasts. [Carrier] also covers treatment of the physical complications of mastectomy, including lymphedemas.

Second Opinion Charges
[Carrier] covers Practitioner's charges for a second opinion and charges for related x-rays and tests when a Covered Person is advised to have Surgery or enter a Hospital. If the second opinion differs from the first, [Carrier] covers charges for a third opinion. [Carrier] covers such charges if the Practitioners who give the opinions:

a) are board certified and qualified, by reason of their specialty, to give an opinion on the proposed Surgery or Hospital admission;
b) are not business associates of the Practitioner who recommended the Surgery; and
c) in the case of a second surgical opinion, they do not perform the Surgery if it is needed.

Ambulatory Surgical Center Charges
[Carrier] covers charges made by an Ambulatory Surgical Center in connection with covered Surgery.

Hospice Care Charges
Subject to [Carrier] Pre-Approval, when Hospice Care can take the place of Inpatient Hospital Care, [Carrier] covers charges made by a Hospice for palliative and supportive care furnished to a terminally Ill or terminally Injured Covered Person under a Hospice care program. Each 2 days of Hospice Care will reduce the number of Inpatient Hospital days available to a Covered Person by 1 day.

"Palliative and supportive care" means care and support aimed mainly at lessening or controlling pain or symptoms; it makes no attempt to cure the Covered Person's terminal Illness or terminal Injury.

"Terminally ill" or "terminally injured" means that the Covered Person's Practitioner has certified in writing that the Covered Person's life expectancy is six months or less.

Hospice care must be furnished according to a written "hospice care program". A "hospice care program" is a coordinated program with an interdisciplinary team for meeting the special needs of the terminally Ill or terminally Injured Covered Person. It must be set up and reviewed periodically by the Covered Person's Practitioner.

Under a Hospice care program, subject to all the terms of the Policy, [Carrier] covers any services and supplies including Prescription Drugs, to the extent they are otherwise covered by the Policy. Services and supplies may be furnished on an Inpatient or Outpatient basis.

The services and supplies must be:

a) needed for palliative and supportive care;
b) ordered by the Covered Person's Practitioner;
c) included in the Hospice care program; and
d) furnished by, or coordinated by a Hospice.

[Carrier] does not pay for:

a) services and supplies provided by volunteers or others who do not regularly charge for their services;
b) funeral services and arrangements;
c) legal or financial counseling or services; or
d) treatment not included in the Hospice care plan.

[Carrier] will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for treatment, services and supplies for Hospice Care which are not Pre-Approved by [Carrier] provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under the Policy.

Pregnancy
The Policy pays for pregnancies the same way [Carrier] would cover an Illness. The charges [Carrier] covers for a newborn child are explained [on the next page.]

Birthing Center Charges
[Carrier] covers Birthing Center charges made by a Practitioner for prenatal care, delivery, and post partum care in connection with a Covered Person's pregnancy. [Carrier] covers charges up to the daily room and board limit for room and board shown in the Schedule when Inpatient care is provided to a Covered Person by a Birthing Center. But charges above the daily room and board limit are a Non-Covered Charge.

[Carrier] covers all other Medically Necessary and Appropriate services and supplies during the confinement.

[Benefits for a Covered Newborn Child
[Carrier] covers charges for the child's routine nursery care while he or she is in the Hospital or a Birthing Center. Charges are covered up to a maximum of 7 days following the date of birth. This includes:
a) nursery charges;
b) charges for routine Practitioner's examinations and tests; and
c) charges for routine procedures, like circumcision.

Subject to all of the terms of the Policy, [Carrier] covers the care and treatment of a covered newborn child if he or she is Ill, Injured, premature, or born with a congenital birth defect.]

Anesthetics
[Carrier] covers anesthetics and their administration.

COVERED CHARGES WITH SPECIAL LIMITATIONS

The following "Pre-Existing Conditions Limitation" and "Continuity of Coverage" provisions only apply to Policies issued to Policyholders of at least two but not more than five eligible Employees. These provisions also apply to "Late Enrollees" under the Policies issued to any Small Employer. However, this provision does not apply to Late Enrollees if 10 or more Late Enrollees request enrollment during any [30] day enrollment period provided for in the Policy. See the Policy's EMPLOYEE COVERAGE and [DEPENDENT COVERAGE] section[s] to determine if a Covered Person is a Late Enrollee. [The "Pre-Existing Conditions Limitation" provision does not apply to a Dependent who is an adopted child or who is a child placed for adoption or to a newborn child if the Employee enrolls the Dependent and agrees to make the required payments within [31] days after the Dependent's Eligibility Date.]

Pre-Existing Conditions Limitation
A Pre-Existing Condition is an Illness or Injury which manifests itself in the six months before a Covered Person's Enrollment Date, and for which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received during the six months immediately preceding the Enrollment Date.

[Carrier] does not pay benefits for charges for Pre-Existing Conditions for 180 days measured from the Enrollment Date. This 180 day period may be reduced by the length of time the Covered Person was covered under any Creditable Coverage if, without application of any Waiting Period, the Creditable Coverage was continuous to a date not more than 90 days prior to becoming a Covered Person. Refer to the Continuity of Coverage section below.

This limitation does not affect benefits for other unrelated conditions [or] pregnancy [, or birth defects in a covered Dependent child]. Genetic information will not be treated as a Pre-Existing Condition in the absence of a diagnosis of the condition related to that information. And [Carrier] waives this limitation for a Covered Person's Pre-Existing Condition if the condition was payable under Creditable Coverage which insured the Covered Person right before the Covered Person's coverage under the Policy started. The next section shows other exceptions.

Continuity of Coverage
[NOTE: COVERAGE UNDER THE POLICY IS SUBJECT TO THE ALTERNATIVE METHOD FOR COUNTING CREDITABLE COVERAGE]
If a new Covered Person was covered under Creditable Coverage prior to enrollment under the Policy and the Creditable Coverage was continuous to a date not more than 90 days prior to the Enrollment Date under the Policy, [Carrier] will provide credit as follows. [Standard method] [[Carrier] gives credit for the time the Covered Person was covered under the Creditable Coverage without regard to the specific benefits included in the Creditable Coverage.] [Alternative method] [[Carrier] gives credit for the time the Covered Person was covered under the Creditable Coverage based on coverage for the following [category] [categories]of benefits: [mental health;] [substance abuse treatment;] [prescription drugs;] [dental care;] [or] [vision care]. [Carrier] will count a period of Creditable Coverage with respect to a category of benefits if any level of benefits is covered within that category. For all other benefits, [Carrier] gives credit for the time the Covered Person was covered under the Creditable Coverage without regard to the specific benefits included in the Creditable Coverage.] [Carrier] counts the days the Covered Person was covered under Creditable Coverage, except that days that occur before any lapse in coverage of more than 90 days are not counted. [Carrier] applies these days to reduce the duration of the Pre-Existing Condition limitation under the Policy. The person must sign and complete his or her enrollment form within 30 days of the date the Employee's [active] Full-Time service begins. Any condition arising between the date his or her coverage under the Creditable Coverage ends and the Enrollment Date is Pre-Existing. [Carrier] does not cover any charges actually incurred before the person's coverage under the Policy starts. If the Employer has included an eligibility waiting period in the Policy, an Employee must still meet it, before becoming insured.

Private Duty Nursing Care
[Carrier] **only** covers charges by a Nurse for Medically Necessary and Appropriate private duty nursing care if such care is authorized as part of a home health care plan, coordinated by a Home Health Agency, and covered under the **Home Health Care Charges** section. Any other charges for private duty nursing care are a Non-Covered Charge.

Therapy Services
Therapy Services mean the following services or supplies, ordered by a Practitioner and used to treat, or promote recovery from, an Injury or Illness:

[Carrier] covers the Therapy Services listed below when provided on either an Inpatient or on an Outpatient basis.

a) *Chemotherapy* - the treatment of malignant disease by chemical or biological antineoplastic agents.
b) *Radiation Therapy* - the treatment of disease by x-ray, radium, cobalt, or high energy particle sources. Radiation therapy includes rental or cost of radioactive materials. Diagnostic Services requiring the use of radioactive materials are not radiation therapy.

[Carrier covers the therapy Services listed below but only when provided on an Inpatient basis.

c) *Chelation Therapy* - means the administration of drugs or chemicals to remove toxic concentrations of metals from the body.
d) *Respiration Therapy* - the introduction of dry or moist gases into the lungs.
e) *Cognitive Rehabilitation Therapy* - the retraining of the brain to perform intellectual skills which it was able to perform prior to disease, trauma, Surgery or previous therapeutic process; or the training of the brain to perform intellectual skills it should have been able to perform if there were not a congenital anomaly.
f) *Speech Therapy* - treatment for the correction of a speech impairment resulting from Illness, Surgery, Injury, congenital anomaly, or previous therapeutic processes.

Coverage for Cognitive Rehabilitation Therapy and Speech Therapy, combined, is limited to 30 visits per Calendar Year.

g) *Occupational Therapy* - treatment to restore a physically disabled person's ability to perform the ordinary tasks of daily living.
h) *Physical Therapy* - the treatment by physical means to relieve pain, restore maximum function, and prevent disability following disease, Injury or loss or limb.

Coverage for Occupational Therapy and Physical Therapy, combined, is limited to 30 visits per Calendar Year.

i) *Infusion Therapy* - the administration of antibiotic, nutrients, or other therapeutic agents by direct infusion.

Note: The limitations on Therapy Services contained in this Therapy Services provision do not apply to any therapy services that are received under the Home Health Care provision.

Preventive Care
[Carrier] covers charges for routine physical examinations including related laboratory tests and x-rays. [Carrier] also covers charges for immunizations and vaccines, well baby care, pap smears, mammography, bone density testing, screening tests and Nicotine Dependence Treatment. But [Carrier] limits what [Carrier] pays each Calendar Year to $100 per Covered Person[, $300 per Covered Family].

Immunizations and Lead Screening
[Carrier] will cover charges for:
a) screening by blood measurement for lead poisoning for children, including confirmatory blood lead testing and medical evaluation as specified by the New Jersey Department of Health and Senior Services and any necessary medical follow-up and treatment for lead poisoned children; and
b) all childhood immunizations as recommended by the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices of the United States Public Health Services and New Jersey Department of Health and Senior Services.

[Transplant Benefits
[Carrier] covers charges for:

a) [Autologous Bone Marrow transplant and Associated Dose-Intensive Chemotherapy, but only if performed by institutions approved by the National Cancer Institute, or pursuant to protocols consistent with the guidelines of the American Society of Clinical Oncologists:
b) Peripheral Blood Stem Cell transplants, but only if performed by institutions approved by the National Cancer Institute, or pursuant to protocols consistent with the guidelines of the American Society of Clinical Oncologists.]

IMPORTANT NOTICE

[The Policy has utilization review features. Under these features, [ABC - Systems, a health care review organization] reviews Hospital admissions and Surgery performed outside of a Practitioner's office [for Carrier]. These features must be complied with if a Covered Person:

a) is admitted as an Inpatient to a Hospital, or
b) is advised to enter a Hospital or have Surgery performed outside of a Practitioner's office. If a Covered Person does not comply with these utilization review features, he or she will not be eligible for full benefits under the Policy. See the **Utilization Review Features** section for details.]

[The Policy has Specialty Case Management. Under these features, [DEF, a Case Coordinator] reviews a Covered Person's medical needs in clinical situations with the potential for catastrophic claims to determine whether alternative treatment may be available and appropriate. See the **Specialty Case Management** section for details.]

[The Policy has centers of excellence features. Under these features, a Covered Person may obtain necessary care and treatment from Providers with whom [Carrier] has entered into agreements. See the **Centers of Excellence Features** section for details.]

[What [Carrier] pays is subject to all of the terms of the Policy. Read the Policy carefully and keep it available when consulting a Practitioner.

If an Employee has any questions after reading the Policy he or she should [call The Group Claim Office at the number shown on his or her identification card.]

The Policy is not responsible for medical or other results arising directly or indirectly from the Covered Person's participation in these Utilization Review, Specialty Case Management or Centers of Excellence Features.]

[UTILIZATION REVIEW FEATURES

Important Notice: If a Covered Person does not comply with the Policy's utilization review features, he or she will not be eligible for full benefits under the Policy.

Compliance with the Policy's utilization review features does not guarantee what [Carrier] will pay for Covered Charges. What [Carrier] pays is based on:
a) the Covered Charges actually incurred;
b) the Covered Person being eligible for coverage under the Policy at the time the Covered Charges are incurred: and
c) the Cash Deductible, Copayment and Coinsurance provisions, and all of the other terms of the Policy.

Definitions
"Hospital admission" means admission of a Covered Person to a Hospital as an Inpatient for Medically Necessary and Appropriate care and treatment of a Illness or Injury.

By "covered professional charges for Surgery" [Carrier] means Covered Charges that are made by a Practitioner for performing Surgery. Any surgical charge which is not a Covered Charge under the terms of the Policy is not payable under the Policy.

"Regular working day" means [Monday through Friday from 9 a.m. to 9 p.m. Eastern Time,] not including legal holidays.

Grievance Procedure
Carriers must include the disclosure requirements set forth in N.J.A.C. 8:38A-3.2.

[REQUIRED HOSPITAL STAY REVIEW

Important Notice: If a Covered Person does not comply with these Hospital stay review features, he or she will not be eligible for full benefits under the Policy.

Notice of Hospital Admission Required
[Carrier] requires notice of all Hospital admissions. The times and manner in which the notice must be given is described below. When a Covered Person does not comply with the requirements of this section [Carrier] reduces what it pays for covered Hospital charges as a penalty.

Pre-Hospital Review
All non-Emergency Hospital admissions must be reviewed by [ABC] before they occur. The Covered Person or the Covered Person's Practitioner must notify [ABC] and request a pre-hospital review. [ABC] must receive the notice and request as soon as possible before the admission is scheduled to occur. For a maternity admission, a Covered Person or his or her Practitioner must notify [ABC] and request a pre-hospital review at least [60 days] before the expected date of delivery, or as soon as reasonably possible.

When [ABC] receives the notice and request, [they] evaluate:
a) the Medical Necessity and Appropriateness of the Hospital admission
b) the anticipated length of stay and
c) the appropriateness of health care alternatives, like home health care or other out-patient care.

[ABC] notifies the Covered Person's Practitioner, [by phone, of the outcome of their review. And [they] confirm the outcome of [their] review in writing.]

If [ABC] authorizes a Hospital admission, the authorization is valid for:
a) the specified Hospital;
b) the named attending Practitioner; and
c) the authorized length of stay.

The authorization becomes invalid and the Covered Person's admission must be reviewed by [ABC] again if:
a) he or she enters a Facility other than the specified Facility;
b) he or she changes attending Practitioners; or
c) more than [60 days] elapse between the time he or she obtains authorization and the time he or she enters the Hospital, except in the case of a maternity admission.

Emergency Admission
[ABC] must be notified of all Emergency admission by phone. This must be done by the Covered Person or the Covered Person's Practitioner no later than the end of the next regular working day, or as soon as possible after the admission occurs.

When [ABC] is notified [by phone,] they require the following information:

a) the Covered Person's name, social security number and date of birth;
b) the Covered Person group plan number;
c) the reason for the admission;
d) the name and location of the Hospital;
e) when the admission occurred; and
f) the name of the Covered Person's Practitioner.

Continued Stay Review
The Covered Person or his or her Practitioner, must request a continued stay review for any Emergency admission. This must be done at the time [ABC] is notified of such admission.

The Covered Person, or his or her Practitioner, must also initiate a continued stay review whenever it is Medically Necessary and Appropriate to change the authorized length of a Hospital stay. This must be done before the end of the previously authorized length of stay.

[ABC] also has the right to initiate a continued stay review of any Hospital admission. And [ABC] may contact the Covered Person's Practitioner or Hospital by phone or in writing.

In the case of an Emergency admission, the continued stay review evaluates:
a) the Medical Necessity and Appropriateness of the Hospital admission;
b) the anticipated length of stay; and
c) the appropriateness of health care alternatives.

In all other cases, the continued stay review evaluates:
a) the Medical Necessity and Appropriateness of extending the authorized length of stay; and
b) the appropriateness of health care alternatives.

[ABC] notifies the Covered Person's Practitioner [by phone, of the outcome of the review. And [ABC] confirms the out-come of the review in writing.] The notice always includes any newly authorized length of stay.

Penalties for Non-Compliance
In the case of a non-Emergency Hospital admission, as a penalty for non-compliance, [[Carrier] reduces what it pays for covered Hospital charges, **by 50%**] if:
a) the Covered Person does not request a pre-hospital review; or
b) the Covered Person does not request a pre-hospital review as soon as reasonably possible before the Hospital admission is scheduled to occur; or
c) [ABC's] authorization becomes invalid and the Covered Person does not obtain a new one; or
d) [ABC] does not authorize the Hospital admission.

In the case of an Emergency admission, as a penalty for non-compliance, [[Carrier] reduces what it pays for covered Hospital charges **by 50%],** if:
a) [ABC] is not notified of the admission at the times and in the manner described above;
b) the Covered Person does not request a continued stay review; or
c) the Covered Person does not receive authorization for such continued stay.

The penalty applies to covered Hospital charges incurred after the applicable time limit allowed for giving notice ends.

For any Hospital admission, if a Covered Person stays in the Hospital longer than [ABC] authorizes, [Carrier] reduces what it pays for covered Hospital charges incurred after the authorized length of stay ends by 50% as a penalty for non-compliance.

Penalties cannot be used to meet the Policy's Maximum Out of Pocket or Cash Deductible.

[REQUIRED PRE-SURGICAL REVIEW

Important Notice: If a Covered Person does not comply with these pre-surgical review features, he or she will not be eligible for full benefits under the Policy.

[Carrier] requires a Covered Person to get a pre-surgical review for any non-Emergency procedure performed outside of a Practitioner's office. When a Covered Person does not comply with the requirements of this section [Carrier] reduces what it pays for covered professional charges for Surgery, as a penalty.

The Covered Person or his or her Practitioner, must request a pre-surgical review from [ABC]. [ABC] must receive the request at least 24 hours before the Surgery is scheduled to occur. If the Surgery is being done in a Hospital, on an Inpatient basis, the pre-surgical review request should be made at the same time as the request for a pre-hospital review.
When [ABC] receives the request, they evaluate the Medical Necessity and Appropriateness of the Surgery and they either:
a) approve the proposed Surgery; or
b) require a second surgical opinion regarding the need for the Surgery.

[ABC] notifies the Covered Person's Practitioner, [by phone, of the outcome of the review. [ABC] also confirms the outcome of the review in writing.]

Second Surgical Opinion
If [ABC's] review does not confirm the Medical Necessity and Appropriateness of the Surgery, the Covered Person may obtain a second surgical opinion. If the second opinion does not confirm the medical necessity of the Surgery, the Covered Person may obtain a third opinion, although he or she is not required to do so.

[[ABC] will give the Covered Person a list of Practitioners in his or her area who will give a second opinion.] The Covered Person may get the second opinion from [a Practitioner on the list, or from] a Practitioner of his or her own choosing, if the Practitioner:
a) is board certified and qualified, by reason of his or her specialty, to give an opinion on the proposed Surgery;
b) is not a business associate of the Covered Person's Practitioner; and
c) does not perform the Surgery if it is needed.

[[ABC] gives second opinion forms to the Covered Person. The Practitioner he or she chooses fills them out, and then returns them to [ABC].]

[Carrier] covers charges for additional surgical opinions, including charges for related x-ray and tests. But what [Carrier] pays is based on all the terms of the Policy, except, these charges are not subject to the Cash Deductible or Coinsurance.

Pre-Hospital Review
If the proposed Surgery is to be done on an Inpatient basis, the Required Pre-Hospital Review section must be complied with. See the **Required Pre-Hospital Review** section for details.

Penalties for Non-Compliance
As a penalty for non-compliance, [[Carrier] reduces what it pays for covered professional charges, for Surgery **by 50%] if:**
a) the Covered Person does not request a pre-surgical review; or
b) [ABC] is not given at least 24 hours to review and evaluate the proposed Surgery: or
c) [ABC] requires additional surgical opinions and the Covered Person does not get those opinions before the Surgery is done;
d) [ABC] does not confirm the need for Surgery.

Penalties cannot be used to meet the Policy's Maximum Out of Pocket or Cash Deductible.

[SPECIALTY CASE MANAGEMENT
Important Notice: No Covered Person is required, in any way, to accept a Specialty Case Management Plan recommended by [DEF].

Definitions
"Specialty Case Management" means those services and supplies which meet both of the following tests:
a) They are determined, in advance, by [Carrier] to be Medically Necessary and Appropriate and cost effective in meeting the long term or intensive care needs of a Covered Person in connection with a Catastrophic Illness or Injury.
b) While there are other covered services and supplies available under the Policy for the Covered Person's condition, the services and supplies the [Carrier] offers to make available under the terms of this provision would not otherwise be payable under the Policy.

Please note: [Carrier] has sole Discretion to determine whether to consider Specialty Case Management for a Covered Person.

"Catastrophic Illness or Injury" means one of the following:
a) head injury requiring an Inpatient stay
b) spinal cord Injury
c) severe burns over 20% or more of the body
d) multiple injuries due to an accident
e) premature birth
f) CVA or stroke
g) congenital defect which severely impairs a bodily function
h) brain damage due to either an accident or cardiac arrest or resulting from a surgical procedure
i) terminal Illness, with a prognosis of death within 6 months
j) Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS)
k) chemical dependency
l) mental, nervous and psychoneurotic disorders
m) any other Illness or Injury determined by [DEF] or (Carrier] to be catastrophic.

Specialty Case Management Plan
[DEF] will identify cases of Catastrophic Illness or Injury. The appropriateness of the level of patient care given to a Covered Person as well as the setting in which it is received will be evaluated. In order to maintain or enhance the quality of patient care for the Covered Person, [DEF] will develop a Specialty Case Management Plan.

A Specialty Case Management Plan is a specific written document, developed by [DEF] through discussion and agreement with:
a) the Covered Person, or his or her legal guardian, if necessary;
b) the Covered Person's attending Practitioner; and
c) [Carrier].

The Specialty Case Management Plan includes:
a) treatment plan objectives;
b) course of treatment to accomplish the stated objectives;
c) the responsibility of each of the following parties in implementing the plan:
- [DEF]
- attending Practitioner
- Covered Person
- Covered Person's family, if any; and

d) estimated cost and savings.

If [Carrier], [DEF], the attending Practitioner, and the Covered Person agree [in writing,] on a Specialty Case Management Plan, the services and supplies required in connection with such Specialty Case Management Plan will be considered as Covered Charges under the terms of the Policy.

The agreed upon Specialty Case Management treatment must be ordered by the Covered Person's Practitioner.

Benefits payable under the Specialty Case Management Plan will be considered in the accumulation of any Calendar Year and Per Lifetime maximums.

Exclusion
Specialty Case Management does not include services and supplies that [Carrier] determines to be Experimental or Investigational.]

[CENTERS OF EXCELLENCE FEATURES

Important Notice: No Covered Person is required, in any way, to receive medical care and treatment at a Center of Excellence.
Definitions

"Center of Excellence" means a Provider that has entered into an agreement with [Carrier] to provide health benefit services for specific procedures. The Centers of Excellence are [identified in the Listing of Centers of Excellence.]

"Pre-Treatment Screening Evaluation" means the review of past and present medical records and current x-ray and laboratory results by the Center of Excellence to determine whether the Covered Person is an appropriate candidate for the Procedure.

"Procedure" means one or more surgical procedures or medical therapy performed in a Center of Excellence.

Covered Charges
In order for charges to be Covered Charges, the Center of Excellence must:
a) perform a Pre-Treatment Screening Evaluation; and
b) determine that the Procedure is Medically Necessary and Appropriate for the treatment of the Covered Person.

Benefits for services and supplies at a Center of Excellence will be [subject to the terms and conditions of the Policy. However, the Utilization Review Features will not apply.]]

EXCLUSIONS

Payment will not be made for any charges incurred for or in connection with:

Care or treatment by means of ***acupuncture*** except when used as a substitute for other forms of anesthesia.

Care or treatment of ***alcohol abuse.***

Services for ***ambulance*** for transportation.

Blood or blood plasma which is replaced by or for a Covered Person.

Care and/or treatment by a ***Christian Science*** Practitioner.

Completion of claim forms.

Services or supplies related to ***Cosmetic Surgery*** except as otherwise stated in the Policy; complications of Cosmetic Surgery; drugs prescribed for cosmetic purposes.

Services related to ***custodial*** or ***domiciliary*** care.

Dental care or treatment, including appliances and dental implants.

Charges made by a ***dialysis center*** for dialysis services.

Care or treatment by means of ***dose-intensive chemotherapy***[, except as otherwise stated in the Policy.]

Durable Medical Equipment

Services or supplies, the primary purpose of which is ***educational*** providing the Covered Person with any of the following: training in the activities of daily living; instruction in scholastic skills such as reading and writing; preparation for an occupation; or treatment for learning disabilities.

Care or treatment in an ***emergency room*** unless the Covered Person is admitted within 24 hours.

Experimental or Investigational treatments, procedures, hospitalizations, drugs, biological products or medical devices, except as otherwise stated in the Policy.

Extraction of teeth, except for bony impacted teeth.

Services or supplies for or in connection with:

a. exams to determine the need for (or changes of) ***eyeglasses*** or lenses of any type;
b. eyeglasses or lenses of any type except initial replacements for loss of the natural lens; or
c. eye surgery such as radial keratotomy or lasik surgery, when the primary purpose is to correct myopia (nearsightedness), hyperopia (farsightedness) or astigmatism (blurring).

Services or supplies provided by one of the following members of the Employee's ***family:*** spouse, child, parent, in-law, brother, sister or grandparent.

Services or supplies furnished in connection with any procedures to enhance ***fertility.***

Services or supplies related ***to hearing aids and hearing exams*** to determine the need for hearing aids or the need to adjust them.

Services or supplies related to ***herbal medicine.***

Services or supplies related to ***hypnotism.***

Services or supplies necessary because the Covered Person engaged, or tried to engage, in an ***illegal occupation*** or committed or tried to commit an indictable offense in the jurisdiction in which it is committed, or a felony. ***Exception***: As required by 29 CFR 2590.702(b)(2)(iii) this exclusion does not apply to injuries that result from an act of domestic violence or to injuries that result from a medical condition.

Except as stated below, Illness or ***Injury,*** including a condition which is the result of disease or bodily infirmity, which occurred on the job and which is covered or could have been covered for benefits provided under workers' compensation, employer's liability, occupational disease or similar law. ***Exception***: This exclusion does not apply to the following persons for whom coverage under workers' compensation is optional unless such persons are actually covered for workers' compensation: a self-employed person or a partner of a limited liability partnership, members of a limited liability company or partners of a partnership who actively perform services on behalf of the self-employed business, the limited liability partnership, limited liability company or the partnership.

Local anesthesia charges billed separately if such charges are included in the fee for the Surgery.

Care and treatment for ***Mental or Nervous Conditions and Substance Abuse.***

Membership costs for health clubs, weight loss clinics and similar programs.

Services and supplies related to ***marriage, career or financial counseling, sex therapy or family therapy, nutritional counseling and related services.***

Nicotine Dependence Treatment, except as otherwise stated in the Preventive Care section of the Policy.

Any charge identified as a ***Non-Covered Charge*** or which are specifically limited or excluded elsewhere in the Policy, or which are not Medically Necessary and Appropriate, except as otherwise stated in the Policy.

Non-prescription drugs or supplies, except
a) insulin needles and syringes an glucose test strips and lancets;
b) colostomy bags, belts and irrigators; and
c) as stated in the Policy for food and food products for inherited metabolic diseases.

Services provided by a ***pastoral counselor*** *in* the course of his or her normal duties as a religious person.

Personal convenience or comfort items including, but not limited to, such items as TV's, telephones, first aid kits, exercise equipment, air conditioners, humidifiers, saunas, hot tubs.

Podiatric care

Practitioner visits, except as otherwise stated in the Policy.

Prescription Drugs obtained while not confined in a Hospital on an Inpatient basis.

Services or supplies that are not furnished by an eligible **Provider.**

Services related to ***Private Duty Nursing*** care, except as provided in the Home Health Care section of the Policy.

Prosthetic Devices

The amount of any charge which is greater than a ***Reasonable and Customary Charge.***

Services or supplies related to ***rest or convalescent cures.***

Room and board charges for a Covered Person in any Facility for any period of time during which he or she was not physically present overnight in the Facility.

Except as stated in the Preventive Care section, ***Routine examinations*** or preventive care, including related x-rays and laboratory tests, except where a specific Illness or Injury is revealed or where a definite symptomatic condition is present; pre-marital or similar examinations or tests not required to diagnose or treat Illness or Injury.

Services or supplies related to ***Routine Foot Care.***

Self-administered services such as: biofeedback, patient-controlled analgesia on an Outpatient basis, related diagnostic testing, self-care and self-help training.

Services provided by a ***social worker***, except as otherwise stated in the Policy.

Services or supplies:
a) eligible for payment under either federal or state programs (except Medicaid and Medicare). This provision applies whether or not the Covered Person asserts his or her rights to obtain this coverage or payment for these services;
b) for which a charge is not usually made, such as a Practitioner treating a professional or business associate, or services at a public health fair;
c) for which a Covered Person would not have been charged if he or she did not have health care coverage;
d) provided by or in a government Hospital except as stated below, or unless the services are for treatment:
- of a non-service Emergency; or
- by a Veterans' Administration Hospital of a non-service related Illness or Injury;

Exception: This exclusion does not apply to military retirees, their Dependents and the Dependents of active duty military personnel who are covered under both the Policy and under military health coverage and who receive care in facilities of the Uniformed Services.

e) provided outside the United States unless the Covered person is outside the United States for one of the following reasons:
- travel, provided the travel is for a reason other than securing health care diagnosis and/or treatment, and travel is for a period of 6 months or less;
- business assignment, provided the Covered Person is temporarily outside the United States for a period of 6 months or less; or
- Subject to [Carrier] Pre-Approval, eligibility for full-time student status, provided the Covered person is either enrolled and attending an Accredited School in a foreign country; or is participating in an academic program in a foreign country, for which the institution of higher learning a which the student matriculates in the United States, grants academic credit. **Charges in connection with full-time students in a foreign country for which eligibility as a full-time student has not been Pre-Approved by [Carrier] are Non-Covered Charges.**

Stand-by services required by a Provider.

Sterilization reversal - services and supplies rendered for reversal of sterilization.

Surgery, sex hormones, and related medical, psychological and psychiatric services to change a Covered Person's sex; services and supplies arising from complications of sex transformation.

Telephone consultations.

Therapeutic Manipulation.

Transplants [, except as otherwise stated in the Policy.].

Transportation; travel.

Vision therapy.

Vitamins and dietary supplements.

Services or supplies received as a result of a ***war,*** declared or undeclared; police actions; services in the armed forces or units auxiliary thereto.

Weight reduction or control, unless there is a diagnosis of morbid obesity; special foods, food supplements, liquid diets, diet plans or any related products and except as provided in the Food Products for Inherited Metabolic Diseases provision.

Wigs, toupees, hair transplants, hair weaving or any drug if such drug is used in connection with baldness.

CONTINUATION RIGHTS

COORDINATION AMONG CONTINUATION RIGHTS SECTIONS

As used in this section, COBRA means the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 as enacted, and later amended.

A Covered Person may be eligible to continue his or her group health benefits under this Policy's **COBRA CONTINUATION RIGHTS** (CCR) section and under other continuation sections of this Policy at the same time.

Continuation Under CCR and **NEW JERSEY GROUP CONTINUATION RIGHTS** (NJGCR): A Covered Person who is eligible to continue his or her group health benefits under CCR is not eligible to continue under NJGCR.

Continuation under CCR and NJGCR and **NEW JERSEY CONTINUATION RIGHTS FOR OVER-AGE DEPENDENTS** (NJCROD): A Dependent who has elected to continue his or her coverage under the group policy under which his or her parent is currently covered pursuant to NJCROD shall not be entitled to further continue coverage under CCR or NJGCR when continuation pursuant to NJCROD ends.

Continuation Under CCR and any other continuation section of this Policy:

If a Covered Person elects to continue his or her group health benefits under this Policy's CCR or NJGCR, as applicable, and any other continuation other than NJCROD, the continuations:
a) start at the same time;
b) run concurrently; and
c) end independently on their own terms.

While covered under more than one continuation section, the Covered Person:
a) will not be entitled to duplicate benefits; and
b) will not be subject to the premium requirements of more than one section at the same time.

AN IMPORTANT NOTICE ABOUT CONTINUATION RIGHTS

The following COBRA CONTINUATION RIGHTS section may not apply to the Employer's Policy. The Employee must contact his or her Employer to find out if:
a) the Employer is subject to the COBRA CONTINUATION RIGHTS section in which case;
b) the section applies to the Employee.

COBRA CONTINUATION RIGHTS (Generally applies to employer groups with 20 or more employees)

Important Notice
Under this section, "Qualified Continuee" means any person who, on the day before any event which would qualify him or her for continuation under this section, is covered for group health benefits under this Policy as:
a) an active, covered Employee;
b) the spouse of an active, covered Employee; or
c) the Dependent child of an active, covered Employee. Except as stated below, any person who becomes covered under this Policy during a continuation provided by this section is not a Qualified Continuee.

Exception: A child who is born to the covered Employee, or who is placed for adoption with the covered Employee during the continuation provided by this section is a Qualified Continuee.

If An Employee's Group Health Benefits Ends
If an Employee's group health benefits end due to his or her termination of employment or reduction of work hours, he or she may elect to continue such benefits for up to 18 months, unless he or she was terminated due to gross misconduct.
A Qualified Continuee may elect to continue coverage under COBRA even if the Qualified Continuee:
a) is covered under another group plan on or before the date of the COBRA election; or
b) is entitled to Medicare on or before the date of the COBRA election.

The continuation:
a) may cover the Employee and any other Qualified Continuee; and
b) is subject to the **When Continuation Ends** section.

Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuees
If a Qualified Continuee is determined to be disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the United States Social Security Act on the date his or her group health benefits would otherwise end due to the Employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours or during the first 60 days of continuation coverage, he or she and any Qualified Continuee who is not disabled may elect to extend his or her 18 month continuation period above for up to an extra 11 months.

To elect the extra 11 months of continuation, the Qualified Continuee must give the Employer written proof of Social Security's determination of his or her disability before the earlier of:
a) the end of the 18 month continuation period; and
b) 60 days after the date the Qualified Continuee is determined to be disabled.

If, during this extra 11 month continuation period, the Qualified Continuee is determined to be no longer disabled under the Social Security Act, he or she must notify the Employer within 30 days of such determination, and continuation will end, as explained in the **When Continuation Ends** section.

An additional 50% of the total premium charge also may be required from the Qualified Continuee by the Employer during this extra 11 month continuation period.

If An Employee Dies While Insured
If an Employee dies while insured, any Qualified Continuee whose group health benefits would otherwise end may elect to continue such benefits. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to the **When Continuation Ends** section.

If An Employee's Marriage [or Domestic Partnership] Ends
If an Employee's marriage ends due to legal divorce or legal separation [or termination of a domestic partnership], any Qualified Continuee whose group health benefits would otherwise end may elect to continue such benefits. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to the **When Continuation Ends** section.

If A Dependent Loses Eligibility
If a Dependent child's group health benefits end due to his or her loss of dependent eligibility as defined in this Policy, other than the Employee's coverage ending, he or she may elect to continue such benefits. However, such Dependent child must be a Qualified Continuee. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to **When Continuation Ends.**

Concurrent Continuations
If a Dependent elects to continue his or her group health benefits due to the Employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours, the Dependent may elect to extend his or her 18 month continuation period to up to 36 months, if during the 18 month continuation period, either:
a) the Dependent becomes eligible for 36 months of group health benefits due to any of the reasons stated above; or
b) the Employee becomes entitled to Medicare.

The 36 month continuation period starts on the date the 18 month continuation period started, and the two continuation periods will be deemed to have run concurrently.

Special Medicare Rule
Except as stated below, the "special rule" applies to Dependents of an Employee when the Employee becomes entitled to Medicare prior to termination of employment or reduction in work hours. The continuation period for a Dependent upon the Employee's subsequent termination of employment or reduction in work hours will be the longer of the following:
a) 18 months from the date of the Employee's termination of employment or reduction in work hours; or
b) 36 months from the date of the Employee's earlier entitlement to Medicare.

Exception: If the Employee becomes entitled to Medicare more than 18 months prior to termination of employment or reduction in work hours, this "special rule" will not apply.

The Qualified Continuee's Responsibilities
A person eligible for continuation under this section must notify the Employer, in writing, of:
a) the legal divorce or legal separation [or termination of the domestic partnership] of the Employee from his or her spouse; or
b) the loss of dependent eligibility, as defined in this Policy, of an insured Dependent child.

Such notice must be given to the Employer within 60 days of either of these events.

The Employer's Responsibilities
The Employer must notify the Qualified Continuee, in writing, of:
a) his or her right to continue this Policy's group health benefits;
b) the monthly premium he or she must pay to continue such benefits; and
c) the times and manner in which such monthly payments must be made.

Such written notice must be given to the Qualified Continuee within 44 days of:
a) the date a Qualified Continuee's group health benefits would otherwise end due to the Employee's death or the Employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours; or
b) the date a Qualified Continuee notifies the Employer, in writing, of the Employee's legal divorce or legal separation [or termination of the domestic partnership] from his or her spouse, or the loss of dependent eligibility of an insured Dependent child.

The Employer's Liability
The Employer will be liable for the Qualified Continuee's continued group health benefits to the same extent as, and in place of, [Carrier], if:
a) the Employer fails to remit a Qualified Continuee's timely premium payment to [Carrier] on time, thereby causing the Qualified Continuee's continued group health benefits to end; or
b) the Employer fails to notify the Qualified Continuee of his or her continuation rights, as described above.

Election of Continuation
To continue his or her group health benefits, the Qualified Continuee must give the Employer written notice that he or she elects to continue. An election by a minor Dependent Child can be made by the Dependent Child's parent or legal guardian. This must be done within 60 days of the date a Qualified Continuee receives notice of his or her continuation rights from the Employer as described above. And the Qualified Continuee must pay the first month's premium in a timely manner.

The subsequent premiums must be paid to the Employer, by the Qualified Continuee, in advance, at the times and in the manner specified by the Employer. No further notice of when premiums are due will be given.

The monthly premium will be the total rate which would have been charged for the group health benefits had the Qualified Continuee stayed insured under this Policy on a regular basis. It includes any amount that would have been paid by the Employer. Except as explained in the **Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuees** section, an additional charge of two percent of the total premium charge may also be required by the Employer.

If the Qualified Continuee fails to give the Employer notice of his or her intent to continue, or fails to pay any required premiums in a timely manner, he or she waives his or her continuation rights.

Grace in Payment of Premiums
A Qualified Continuee's premium payment is timely if, with respect to the first payment after the Qualified Continuee elects to continue, such payment is made no later than 45 days after such election. In all other cases, such premium payment is timely if it is made within 31 days of the specified date.

If timely payment is made to the plan in an amount that is not significantly less than the amount the Employer requires to be paid for the period of coverage, then the amount paid is deemed to satisfy the Employer's requirement for the amount that must be paid, unless the plan notifies the Qualified Continuee of the amount of the deficiency and grants an additional 30 days for payment of the deficiency to be made. An amount is not significantly

less than the amount the Employer requires to be paid for a period of coverage if and only if the shortfall is no greater than the lesser of the following two amounts:
a) Fifty dollars (or such other amount as the Commissioner may provide in a revenue ruling, notice, or other guidance published in the Internal Revenue Code Bulletin); or
b) Ten percent of the amount the plan requires to be paid.

Payment is considered as made on the date on which it is sent to the Employer.

When Continuation Ends
A Qualified Continuee's continued group health benefits end on the first of the following:
a) with respect to continuation upon the Employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours, the end of the 18 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;
b) with respect to a Qualified Continuee who has elected an additional 11 months of continuation due to his or her own disability or the disability of a family member, the earlier of:
   - the end of the 29 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end; or
   - the first day of the month which coincides with or next follows the date which is 30 days after the date on which a final determination is made that a disabled Qualified Continuee is no longer disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the United States Social Security Act;
c) with respect to continuation upon the Employee's death, the Employee's legal divorce or legal separation [or termination of the domestic partnership] or the end of an insured Dependent's eligibility, the end of the 36 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;
d) with respect to a Dependent whose continuation is extended due to the Employee's entitlement to Medicare, the end of the 36 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;
e) the date this Policy ends;
f) the end of the period for which the last premium payment is made;
g) the date he or she becomes covered under any other group health plan which contains no limitation or exclusion with respect to any Pre-Existing Condition of the Qualified Continuee or contains a pre-existing conditions limitation or exclusion that is eliminated through the Qualified Continuee's total period of Creditable Coverage;
h) the date he or she becomes entitled to Medicare;
i) termination of a Qualified Continuee for cause (e.g. submission of a fraudulent claim) on the same basis that the Employer terminates coverage of an active employee for cause.

NEW JERSEY GROUP CONTINUATION RIGHTS (NJGCR)

Important Notice
Except as stated below, under this section, "Qualified Continuee" means any person who, on the day before any event which would qualify him or her for continuation under this section, is covered for group health benefits under this Policy as:
a) a full-time covered Employee;
b) the spouse of a full-time covered Employee; or
c) the Dependent child of a full-time covered Employee.

Exception: A Newly Acquired Dependent, where birth, adoption, or marriage occurs after the Qualifying Event is also a "Qualified Continuee" for purposes of being included under the Employee's continuation coverage.

If An Employee's Group Health Benefits Ends
If an Employee's group health benefits end due to his or her termination of employment or reduction of work hours to fewer than 25 hours per week, he or she may elect to continue such benefits for up to 18 months, unless he or she was terminated for cause. The Employee's spouse and Dependent children may elect to continue benefits even if the Employee does not elect continuation for himself or herself.

A Qualified Continuee may elect to continue coverage under NJGCR even if the Qualified Continuee:
a) is covered under another group plan on or before the date of the NJGCR election; or
b) is entitled to Medicare on or before the date of the NJGCR election.

The continuation:
a) may cover the Employee and/or any other Qualified Continuee; and
b) is subject to the When Continuation Ends section.

Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuees
If a former Employee who is a Qualified Continuee is determined to be disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the United States Social Security Act on the date his or her group health benefits would otherwise end due to the termination of employment or reduction of work hours to fewer than 25 hours per week or during the first 60 days of continuation coverage, he or she may elect to extend his or her 18-month continuation period for himself or herself and any Dependents who are Qualified Continuees for up to an extra 11 months.

To elect the extra 11 months of continuation, the Qualified Continuee must give the [Carrier] written proof of Social Security's determination of his or her disability before the earlier of:
a) the end of the 18 month continuation period; and
b) 60 days after the date the Qualified Continuee is determined to be disabled.

If, during this extra 11 month continuation period, the Qualified Continuee is determined to be no longer disabled under the Social Security Act, he or she must notify the [Carrier] within 31 days of such determination, and continuation will end, as explained in the When Continuation Ends section.

An additional 50% of the total premium charge also may be required from the Qualified Continuee by the Employer during this extra 11 month continuation period.

If An Employee Dies While Insured
If an Employee dies while insured, any Qualified Continuee whose group health benefits would otherwise end may elect to continue such benefits. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to the When Continuation Ends section.

If An Employee's Marriage or Civil Union [or Domestic Partnership] Ends
If an Employee's marriage ends due to legal divorce or legal separation or dissolution of the civil union [or termination of a domestic partnership], any Qualified Continuee whose group health benefits would otherwise end may elect to continue such benefits. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to the When Continuation Ends section.

If A Dependent Loses Eligibility
If a Dependent child's group health benefits end due to his or her loss of dependent eligibility as defined in this Policy, other than the Employee's coverage ending, he or she may elect to continue such benefits for up to 36 months, subject to When Continuation Ends.

The Employer's Responsibilities
Upon loss of coverage due to termination of employment or reduction in work hours, the Employer must notify the former employee in writing, of:
a) his or her right to continue this Policy's group health benefits;
b) the monthly premium he or she must pay to continue such benefits; and
c) the times and manner in which such monthly payments must be made.

Upon being advised of the death of the Employee, divorce, dissolution of the civil union [termination of domestic partnership] or Dependent child's loss of eligibility, the Employer should notify the Qualified Continuee in writing, of:
a) his or her right to continue this Policy's group health benefits;
b) the monthly premium he or she must pay to continue such benefits; and
c) the times and manner in which such monthly payments must be made.

Election of Continuation
To continue his or her group health benefits, the Qualified Continuee must give the Employer written notice that he or she elects to continue. An election by a minor Dependent Child can be made by the Dependent Child's parent or legal guardian. This must be done within 30 days of the date coverage ends. The first month's premium must be paid within 30 days of the date the Qualified Continuee elects continued coverage.

The subsequent premiums must be paid to the Employer, by the Qualified Continuee, in advance, at the times and in the manner specified by the Employer.

The monthly premium will be the total rate which would have been charged for the group health benefits had the Qualified Continuee stayed insured under this Policy on a regular basis. It includes any amount that would have been paid by the Employer. Except as explained in the Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuees section, an additional charge of two percent of the total premium charge may also be required by the Employer.

If the Qualified Continuee does not give the Employer notice of his or her intent to continue coverage, or fails to pay any required premiums in a timely manner, he or she waives his or her continuation rights.

Grace in Payment of Premiums
A Qualified Continuee's premium payment is timely if, with respect to the first payment after the Qualified Continuee elects to continue, such payment is made no later than 30 days after such election. In all other cases, such premium payment is timely if it is made within 31 days of the date it is due.

The Continued Coverage
The continued coverage shall be identical to the coverage provided to similarly situated active Employees and their Dependents under the Employer's plan. If coverage is modified for any group of similarly situated active Employees and their Dependents, the coverage for Qualified Continuees shall also be modified in the same manner. Evidence of insurability is not required for the continued coverage.

When Continuation Ends
A Qualified Continuee's continued group health benefits end on the first of the following:
a) with respect to continuation upon the Employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours, the end of the 18 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;
b) with respect to a Qualified Continuee who has elected an additional 11 months of continuation due to his or her own disability, the end of the 29 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end. However, if the Qualified Continuee is no longer disabled, coverage ends on the later of:
   - the end of the 18-month period; or
   - the first day of the month that begins more than 31 days after the date on which a final determination is made that a disabled Qualified Continuee is no longer disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the United States Social Security Act;
c) with respect to continuation upon the Employee's death, the Employee's legal divorce or legal separation, dissolution of the civil union, [or termination of the domestic partnership] or the end of an insured Dependent's eligibility, the end of the 36 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;
d) the date the Employer ceases to provide any health benefits plan to any active Employee or Qualified Continuee;
e) the end of the period for which the last premium payment is made;
f) the date he or she first becomes covered under any other group health benefits plan, as an employee or otherwise, which contains no limitation or exclusion with respect to any Pre-Existing Condition of the Qualified Continuee; or
g) the date he or she first becomes entitled to Medicare.

NEW JERSEY CONTINUATION RIGHTS FOR OVER-AGE DEPENDENTS (Applies to all size groups):

As used in this provision, "Over-Age Dependent" means an Employee's child by blood or law who:
a) has reached the limiting age under the group plan, but is less than 30 years of age;
b) is not married or in a civil union partnership;
c) has no Dependents of his or her own;

d) is either a resident of New Jersey or is enrolled as a full-time student at an Accredited School; and
e) is not covered under any other group or individual health benefits plan, group health plan, church plan or health benefits plan, and is not entitled to Medicare.

If A Dependent Loses Eligibility
If a Dependent child's group health benefits end or have ended due to his or her attainment of the limiting age, he or she may elect to continue such benefits until his or her 30th birthday, subject to the Conditions for Election, Election of Continuation and When Continuation Ends sections below.

Conditions for Election
An Over-Age Dependent is only entitled to make an election for continued coverage if all of the following conditions are met.
a) The group policy under which the Dependent child was covered immediately prior to reaching the limiting age must have been a fully-insured group policy issued in New Jersey.
b) The Dependent child must actually have been covered under the group policy on the date he or she reached the limiting age under such group policy.
c) A parent of an Over-Age Dependent must be enrolled as having elected Dependent coverage at the time the Over-Age Dependent elects continued coverage. Except, if the Employee has no other Dependents, the Over-Age Dependent may nevertheless elect continued coverage.

Election of Continuation
To continue group health benefits, the Over-Age Dependent must make written election to [the Carrier]. The effective date of the continued coverage will be the later of:
a) the date the Over-Age Dependent gives written notice to [the Carrier]; or
b) the date the Over-Age Dependent pays the first premium; or
c) the date the Dependent would otherwise lose coverage due to attainment of the limiting age.

For a Dependent whose coverage has not yet terminated due to the attainment of the limiting age, the written election must be made within 30 days prior to termination of coverage due to the attainment of the limiting age.

For a person who did not qualify as an Over-Age Dependent because he or she fails to meet all the requirements of an Over-Age Dependent, but who subsequently meets all of the requirements for an Over-Age Dependent, written election must be made within 30 days after the person first subsequently meets all of the requirements for an Over-Age Dependent.

This election opportunity is explained in greater detail as follows:
a) If a person did not qualify because he or she was married, the notice must be given within 30 days of the date he or she is no longer married.
b) If a person did not qualify because he or she had a Dependent of his or her own, the election must be made within 30 days of the date he or she no longer has a Dependent.
c) If a person did not qualify because he or she either was not a resident of New Jersey or was not a full-time student at an Accredited school, the election must be made within 30 days of the date he or she becomes a resident of New Jersey, or becomes a full-time student at an accredited school.
d) If a person did not qualify because he or she was covered under any other group or individual health benefits plan, group health plan, church plan or health benefits plan, or was entitled to Medicare, the election must be made within 30 days of the date he or she is no longer covered under any other group or individual health benefits plan, group health plan, church plan or health benefits plan, or is no longer entitled to Medicare.

An Over-Age Dependent may make written election to continue coverage during a 30 day period beginning on each anniversary date of the date the dependent lost coverage due to attaining the limiting age, provided he or she meets the definition of an "Over-Age Dependent" during that 30-day period.

[Special Enrollment Period: May 12, 2006 – May 11, 2007
A person who qualifies as an Over-Age Dependent as of May 12, 2006, having reached the limiting age under a group plan and lost coverage under such group plan prior to May 12, 2006, may give written notice of an election for continued coverage at any time beginning May 12, 2006 and continuing until May 11, 2007.]
Note to carriers: This Special Enrollment period text may be deleted for plans issued after May 11, 2007.

Application of a Pre-Existing Conditions Exclusion
An Over-Age Dependent who was covered under prior Creditable Coverage that terminated no more than 90 days prior to making an election for continuation under this section will be given credit for the time he or she was covered under the Creditable Coverage toward the application of the Pre-Existing Conditions Exclusion under the Policy.

Payment of Premium
The first month's premium must be paid within 30 days of the date the Over-Age Dependent elects continued coverage.

The Over-Age Dependent must pay subsequent premiums monthly, in advance, [at the times and in the manner specified by [the Carrier]] [and will be remitted by the Employer]. The monthly premium will be set by the Carrier, and must be consistent with the requirements of P.L. 2005, c. 375.

Grace in Payment of Premiums
An Over-Age Dependent's premium payment is timely if, with respect to the first payment after the Over-Age Dependent elects to continue, such payment is made no later than 30 days after such election. In all other cases, such premium payment is timely if it is made within 30 days of the date it is due.

The Continued Coverage
The continued coverage shall be identical to the coverage provided to the Over-Age Dependent's parent who is covered as an Employee under the Policy [and will be evidenced by a separate [Certificate] and ID card being issued to the Over-Age Dependent.]. If coverage is modified for Dependents who are under the limiting age, the coverage for Over-Age Dependents shall also be modified in the same manner. Evidence of insurability is not required for the continued coverage.

When Continuation Ends
An Over-Age Dependent's continued group health benefits end on the first of the following:
a) the date the Over-Age Dependent:
   1. attains age 30
   2. marries or enters into a civil union partnership;
   3. acquires a Dependent;
   4. is no longer either a resident of New Jersey or enrolled as a full-time student at an Accredited School; or
   5. becomes covered under any other group or individual health benefits plan, group health plan, church plan or health benefits plan, or becomes entitled to Medicare
b) the end of the period for which premium has been paid for the Over-Age Dependent, subject to the Grace Period for such payment;
c) the date the Policy ceases to provide coverage to the Over-Age Dependent's parent who is the Employee under the Policy.
d) The date the Policy under which the Over-Age Dependent elected to continue coverage is amended to delete coverage for Dependents.
e) The date the Over-Age Dependent's parent who is covered as an Employee under the Policy waives Dependent coverage. Except, if the Employee has no other Dependents, the Over-Age Dependent's coverage will not end as a result of the Employee waiving Dependent coverage.

A TOTALLY DISABLED EMPLOYEE'S RIGHT TO CONTINUE GROUP HEALTH BENEFITS
If An Employee is Totally Disabled
An Employee who is Totally Disabled and whose group health benefits end because his or her active employment or membership in an eligible class ends due to that disability, can elect to continue his or her group health benefits. But he or she must have been insured by the Policy for at least three months immediately prior to the date his or her group health benefits ends. The continuation can cover the Employee, and at his or her option, his or her then insured Dependents.

How And When To Continue Coverage
To continue group health benefits, the Employee must give the Employer written notice that he or she elects to continue such benefits. And he or she must pay the first month's premium. This must be done within 31 days of the date his or her coverage under the Policy would otherwise end.

Subsequent premiums must be paid to the Employer monthly, in advance, at the times and in the manner specified by the Employer. The monthly premium the Employee must pay will be the total rate charged for an active Full-Time Employee, insured under the Policy on a regular basis, on the date each payment is due. It includes any amount which would have been paid by the Employer.

[Carrier] will consider the Employee's failure to give notice or to pay any required premium as a waiver of the Employee's continuation rights.

If the Employer fails, after the timely receipt of the Employee's payment, to pay [Carrier] on behalf of such Employee, thereby causing the Employee's coverage to end; then such Employer will be liable for the Employee's benefits, to the same extent as, and in place of, [Carrier].

When This Continuation Ends
These continued group health benefits end on the first of the following:
a) the end of the period for which the last payment is made, if the Employee stops paying;
b) the date the Covered Person becomes employed and eligible or covered for similar benefits by another group plan, whether it be an insured or uninsured plan;
c) the date the Policy ends or is amended to end for the class of Employees to which the Employee belonged; or
d) with respect to a Dependent, the date he or she stops being an eligible Dependent as defined in the Policy.

AN EMPLOYEE'S RIGHT TO CONTINUE GROUP HEALTH BENEFITS DURING A FAMILY LEAVE OF ABSENCE

Important Notice

This section may not apply to an Employer's Policy. The Employee must contact his or her Employer to find out if:
a) the Employer must allow for a leave of absence under Federal law in which case;
b) the section applies to the Employee.

If An Employee's Group Health Coverage Ends
Group health coverage may end for an Employee because he or she ceases Full-Time work due to an approved leave of absence. Such leave of absence must have been granted to allow the Employee to care for a sick family member or after the birth or adoption of a child. If so, his or her group health benefits insurance will be continued. Dependents' insurance may also be continued. The Employee will be required to pay the same share of premium as before the leave of absence.

When Continuation Ends
Insurance may continue until the earliest of:
a) the date the Employee returns to Full-Time work;
b) the end of a total leave period of 12 weeks in any 12 month period;
c) the date on which the Employee's coverage would have ended had the Employee not been on leave; or
d) the end of the period for which the premium has been paid.

[A DEPENDENT'S RIGHT TO CONTINUE GROUP HEALTH BENEFITS

If an Employee dies, any of his or her Dependents who were insured under the Policy may elect to continue coverage. Subject to the payment of the required premium, coverage may be continued until the earlier of:
a) 180 days following the date of the Employee's death; or
b) the date the Dependent is no longer eligible under the terms of the Policy.]

[CONVERSION RIGHTS FOR DIVORCED SPOUSES

IF AN EMPLOYEE'S MARRIAGE OR CIVIL UNION [OR DOMESTIC PARTNERSHIP] ENDS

If an Employee's marriage ends by legal divorce or annulment or the employee's civil union is dissolved [or if the domestic partnership terminates], the group health benefits for his or her former spouse ends. The former spouse may convert to an individual major medical policy during the conversion period. The former spouse may insure under his or her individual policy any of his or her Dependent children who were insured under the Policy on the date the group health benefits ends. See **exceptions** below.

Exceptions
No former spouse may use this conversion right:
a) if he or she is eligible for Medicare; or
b) if it would cause him or her to be overinsured.

This may happen if the spouse is covered or eligible for coverage providing similar benefits provided by any other plan, insured or not insured. [Carrier] will determine if overinsurance exists using its standards for overinsurance.

HOW AND WHEN TO CONVERT

The conversion period means the 31 days after the date group health benefits ends. The former spouse must apply for the individual policy in writing and pay the first premium for such policy during the conversion period. Evidence of insurability will not be required.

THE CONVERTED POLICY

The individual policy will provide the medical benefits that [Carrier] is required to offer in the state where the Employer is located.

The individual policy will take effect on the day after group health benefits under the Policy ends.

After group health benefits under the Policy ends, the former spouse and any children covered under the individual policy may still be paid benefits under the Policy. If so, benefits to be paid under the individual policy will be reduced by the amount paid under the Policy.]

EFFECT OF INTERACTION WITH A HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION PLAN
HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION ("HMO") means a prepaid alternative health care delivery system.

A Policyholder may offer its Employees HMO membership in lieu of the group health benefits insurance provided by the Policy. If the Employer does, the following provisions apply.

IF AN INSURED EMPLOYEE ELECTS HMO MEMBERSHIP

Date Group Health Benefits Insurance Ends
Insurance for an Employee and his or her Dependents will end on the date the Employee becomes an HMO member.

Benefits After Group Health Benefits Insurance Ends
When an Employee becomes an HMO member, the **Extended Health Benefits** section of the Policy will not apply to him or her and his or her Dependents.

Exception:
IF, on the date membership takes effect, the HMO does not provide benefits due to:
a) an HMO waiting period
b) an HMO Pre-Existing Conditions limit, or
c) a confinement in a Hospital not affiliated with the HMO

AND the HMO provides benefits for Total Disability when membership ends

THEN group health benefits will be paid until the first of the following occurs:
a) 30 days expire from the date membership takes effect
b) the HMO's waiting period ends
c) the HMO's Pre-Existing Conditions limit expires, or
d) hospitalization ends.

IF AN HMO MEMBER ELECTS GROUP HEALTH BENEFITS INSURANCE PROVIDED BY THE POLICY
Date Transfer To Such Insurance Takes Effect
Each Employee who is an HMO member may transfer to such insurance by written request. If he or she elects to do so, any Dependents who are HMO members must also be included in such request. The date such persons are to be insured depends on when and why the transfer request is made.

request made during an open enrollment period
[Carrier] and the Policyholder will agree when this period will be. If an Employee requests insurance during this period, he or she and his or her Dependents will be insured on the date such period ends.

request made because:
a) an HMO ends its operations
b) the Employee [moves outside] [no longer lives, works or resides in] the HMO service area

If an Employee requests insurance because membership ends for these reasons, the date he or she and his or her Dependents are to be insured depends on the date the request is made.

If it is made:
a) on or before the date membership ends, they will be insured on the date such membership ends
b) within 31 days after the date membership ends, they will be insured on the date the request is made
c) more than 31 days after the date membership ends, the Employee and his or her Dependents will be Late Enrollees.

request made because an HMO becomes insolvent
If an Employee requests insurance because membership ends for this reason, the date he- or she and his or her Dependents are to be insured depends on the date the request is made.

If it is made:
a) within 31 days after the date membership ends, they will be insured on the date the request is made
b) more than 31 days after the date membership ends, the Employee and his or her Dependents will be Late Enrollees.

request made at any other time
An Employee may request insurance at any time other than that described above. In this case, he or she and his or her Dependents will be Late Enrollees.

Other Provisions Affected By A Transfer
If a person makes a transfer, the following provisions, if required by the Policy for such insurance, will not apply on the transfer date:
a) [an Actively at Work requirement]
b) a waiting period, to the extent it has already been satisfied, or
c) Pre-Existing Conditions Limitation provisions to the extent it has already been satisfied.

Charges not covered
Charges incurred before a person becomes insured will be considered Non-Covered Charges.

Maximum benefit
The total amount of benefits to be paid for each person will be the maximum benefit specified in the Policy, regardless of any interruption in such person's insurance under the Policy.

Right to change premium rates
[Carrier] has the right to change premium rates when, in its opinion, its liability under the Policy is changed by interaction with an HMO plan.

COORDINATION OF BENEFITS AND SERVICES

Purpose Of This Provision
A [Covered Person] may be covered for health benefits or services by more than one Plan. For instance, he or she may be covered by this [Policy] as an Employee and by another plan as a Dependent of his or her spouse. If he or she is covered by more than one Plan, this provision allows [Carrier] to coordinate what [Carrier] pays or provides with what another Plan pays or provides. This provision sets forth the rules for determining which is the Primary Plan and which is the Secondary Plan. Coordination of benefits is intended to avoid duplication of benefits while at the same time preserving certain rights to coverage under all Plans under which the [Covered Person] is covered.

DEFINITIONS
The words shown below have special meanings when used in this provision. Please read these definitions carefully. [Throughout this provision, these defined terms appear with their initial letter capitalized.]

Allowable Expense: The charge for any health care service, supply or other item of expense for which the [Covered Person] is liable when the health care service, supply or other item of expense is covered at least in part under any of the Plans involved, except where a statute requires another definition, or as otherwise stated below.

When this [Policy] is coordinating benefits with a Plan that provides benefits only for dental care, vision care, prescription drugs or hearing aids, Allowable Expense is limited to like items of expense.

[Carrier] will not consider the difference between the cost of a private hospital room and that of a semi-private hospital room as an Allowable Expense unless the stay in a private room is Medically Necessary and Appropriate.

When this [Policy] is coordinating benefits with a Plan that restricts coordination of benefits to a specific coverage, [Carrier] will only consider corresponding services, supplies or items of expense to which coordination of benefits applies as an Allowable Expense.

Claim Determination Period: A Calendar Year, or portion of a Calendar Year, during which a [Covered Person] is covered by this [Policy] and at least one other Plan and incurs one or more Allowable Expense(s) under such plans.

Plan: Coverage with which coordination of benefits is allowed. Plan includes:
a) Group insurance and group subscriber contracts, including insurance continued pursuant to a Federal or State continuation law;
b) Self-funded arrangements of group or group-type coverage, including insurance continued pursuant to a Federal or State continuation law;
c) Group or group-type coverage through a health maintenance organization (HMO) or other prepayment, group practice and individual practice plans, including insurance continued pursuant to a Federal or State continuation law;
d) Group hospital indemnity benefit amounts that exceed $150 per day;
e) Medicare or other governmental benefits, except when, pursuant to law, the benefits must be treated as in excess of those of any private insurance plan or non-governmental plan.

Plan does not include:
a) Individual or family insurance contracts or subscriber contracts;
b) Individual or family coverage through a health maintenance organization or under any other prepayment, group practice and individual practice plans;
c) Group or group-type coverage where the cost of coverage is paid solely by the [Covered Person] except that coverage being continued pursuant to a Federal or State continuation law shall be considered a Plan;
d) Group hospital indemnity benefit amounts of $150 per day or less;
e) School accident –type coverage;
f) A State plan under Medicaid.

Primary Plan: A Plan whose benefits for a [Covered Person's] health care coverage must be determined without taking into consideration the existence of any other Plan. There may be more than one Primary Plan. A Plan will be the Primary Plan if either "a" or "b" below exist:
a) The Plan has no order of benefit determination rules, or it has rules that differ from those contained in this Coordination of Benefits and Services provision; or
b) All Plans which cover the [Covered Person] use order of benefit determination rules consistent with those contained in the Coordination of Benefits and Services provision and under those rules, the plan determines its benefits first.

Reasonable and Customary: An amount that is not more than the usual or customary charge for the service or supply as determined by [Carrier], based on a standard which is most often charged for a given service by a Provider within the same geographic area.

Secondary Plan: A Plan which is not a Primary Plan. If a [Covered Person] is covered by more than one Secondary Plan, the order of benefit determination rules of this Coordination of Benefits and Services provision shall be used to determine the order in which the benefits payable under the multiple Secondary Plans are paid in relation to each other. The benefits of each Secondary Plan may take into consideration the benefits of the Primary Plan or Plans and the benefits of any other Plan which, under this Coordination of Benefits and Services provision, has its benefits determined before those of that Secondary Plan.

PRIMARY AND SECONDARY PLAN
[Carrier] considers each plan separately when coordinating payments.

The Primary Plan pays or provides services or supplies first, without taking into consideration the existence of a Secondary Plan. If a Plan has no coordination of benefits provision, or if the order of benefit determination rules differ from those set forth in these provisions, it is the Primary Plan.

A Secondary Plan takes into consideration the benefits provided by a Primary Plan when, according to the rules set forth below, the plan is the Secondary Plan. If there is more than one Secondary Plan, the order of benefit determination rules determine the order among the Secondary Plans. During each Claim Determination Period, the Secondary Plan(s) will pay up to the remaining unpaid allowable expenses, but no Secondary Plan will pay more than it would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan. The method the Secondary Plan uses to determine the amount to pay is set forth below in the "**Procedures to be Followed by the Secondary Plan to Calculate Benefits"** section of this provision.

The Secondary Plan shall not reduce Allowable Expenses for medically necessary and appropriate services or supplies on the basis that precertification, preapproval, notification or second surgical opinion procedures were not followed.

RULES FOR THE ORDER OF BENEFIT DETERMINATION

The benefits of the Plan that covers the [Covered Person] as an employee, member, subscriber or retiree shall be determined before those of the Plan that covers the [Covered Person] as a Dependent. The coverage as an employee, member, subscriber or retiree is the Primary Plan.

The benefits of the Plan that covers the [Covered Person] as an employee who is neither laid off nor retired, or as a dependent of such person, shall be determined before those for the Plan that covers the [Covered Person] as a laid off or retired employee, or as such a person's Dependent. If the other Plan does not contain this rule, and as a result the Plans do not agree on the order of benefit determination, this portion of this provision shall be ignored.

The benefits of the Plan that covers the [Covered Person] as an employee, member, subscriber or retiree, or Dependent of such person, shall be determined before those of the Plan that covers the [Covered Person] under a right of continuation pursuant to Federal or State law. If the other Plan does not contain this rule, and as a result the Plans do not agree on the order of benefit determination, this portion of this provision shall be ignored.

If a child is covered as a Dependent under Plans through both parents, and the parents are neither separated nor divorced, the following rules apply:
a) The benefits of the Plan of the parent whose birthday falls earlier in the Calendar Year shall be determined before those of the parent whose birthday falls later in the Calendar Year.
b) If both parents have the same birthday, the benefits of the Plan which covered the parent for a longer period of time shall be determined before those of plan which covered the other parent for a shorter period of time.
c) Birthday, as used above, refers only to month and day in a calendar year, not the year in which the parent was born.
d) If the other plan contains a provision that determines the order of benefits based on the gender of the parent, the birthday rule in this provision shall be ignored.

If a child is covered as a Dependent under Plans through both parents, and the parents are separated or divorced, the following rules apply:
a) The benefits of the Plan of the parent with custody of the child shall be determined first.
b) The benefits of the Plan of the spouse of the parent with custody shall be determined second.
c) The benefits of the Plan of the parent without custody shall be determined last.
d) If the terms of a court decree state that one of the parents is responsible for the health care expenses for the child, and if the entity providing coverage under that Plan has actual knowledge of the terms of the court decree, then the benefits of that plan shall be determined first. The benefits of the plan of the other parent shall be considered as secondary. Until the entity providing coverage under the plan has knowledge of the terms of the court decree regarding health care expenses, this portion of this provision shall be ignored.

If the above order of benefits does not establish which plan is the Primary Plan, the benefits of the Plan that covers the employee, member or subscriber for a longer period of time shall be determined before the benefits of the Plan(s) that covered the person for a shorter period of time.

Procedures to be Followed by the Secondary Plan to Calculate Benefits

In order to determine which procedure to follow it is necessary to consider:
a) the basis on which the Primary Plan and the Secondary Plan pay benefits; and
b) whether the provider who provides or arranges the services and supplies is in the network of either the Primary Plan or the Secondary Plan.

Benefits may be based on the Reasonable and Customary Charge (R&C), or some similar term. This means that the provider bills a charge and the [Covered Person] may be held liable for the full amount of the billed charge. In this section, a Plan that bases benefits on a reasonable and customary charge is called an "R&C Plan."

Benefits may be based on a contractual fee schedule, sometimes called a negotiated fee schedule, or some similar term. This means that although a provider, called a network provider, bills a charge, the [Covered Person] may be held liable only for an amount up to the negotiated fee. In this section, a Plan that bases benefits on a negotiated fee schedule is called a "Fee Schedule Plan." If the [Covered Person] uses the services of a non-network provider, the plan will be treated as an R&C Plan even though the plan under which he or she is covered allows for a fee schedule.

Payment to the provider may be based on a "capitation". This means that then HMO or other plans pays the provider a fixed amount per [Covered Person]. The [Covered Person] is liable only for the applicable deductible, coinsurance or copayment. If the [Covered Person] uses the services of a non-network provider, the HMO or other plans will only pay benefits in the event of emergency care or urgent care. In this section, a Plan that pays providers based upon capitation is called a "Capitation Plan."

In the rules below, "provider" refers to the provider who provides or arranges the services or supplies and "HMO" refers to a health maintenance organization plan.

Primary Plan is R&C Plan and Secondary Plan is R&C Plan
The Secondary Plan shall pay the lesser of:
a) the difference between the amount of the billed charges and the amount paid by the Primary Plan; or
b) the amount the Secondary Plan would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan.
When the benefits of the Secondary Plan are reduced as a result of this calculation, each benefit shall be reduced in proportion, and the amount paid shall be charged against any applicable benefit limit of the plan.

Primary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan and Secondary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan
If the provider is a network provider in both the Primary Plan and the Secondary Plan, the Allowable Expense shall be the fee schedule of the Primary Plan. The Secondary Plan shall pay the lesser of:
a) The amount of any deductible, coinsurance or copayment required by the Primary Plan; or
b) the amount the Secondary Plan would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan.
The total amount the provider receives from the Primary plan, the Secondary plan and the [Covered Person] shall not exceed the fee schedule of the Primary Plan. In no event shall the [Covered Person] be responsible for any payment in excess of the copayment, coinsurance or deductible of the Secondary Plan.

Primary Plan is R&C Plan and Secondary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan
If the provider is a network provider in the Secondary Plan, the Secondary Plan shall pay the lesser of:
a) the difference between the amount of the billed charges for the Allowable Expenses and the amount paid by the Primary Plan; or
b) the amount the Secondary Plan would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan.
The [Covered Person] shall only be liable for the copayment, deductible or coinsurance under the Secondary Plan if the [Covered Person] has no liability for copayment, deductible or coinsurance under the Primary Plan and the total payments by both the primary and Secondary Plans are less than the provider's billed charges. In no event shall the [Covered Person] be responsible for any payment in excess of the copayment, coinsurance or deductible of the Secondary Plan.

Primary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan and Secondary Plan is R&C Plan
If the provider is a network provider in the Primary Plan, the Allowable Expense considered by the Secondary Plan shall be the fee schedule of the Primary Plan. The Secondary Plan shall pay the lesser of:
a) The amount of any deductible, coinsurance or copayment required by the Primary Plan; or
b) the amount the Secondary Plan would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan.

Primary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan and Secondary Plan is R&C Plan or Fee Schedule Plan
If the Primary Plan is an HMO plan that does not allow for the use of non-network providers except in the event of urgent care or emergency care and the service or supply the [Covered Person] receives from a non-network provider is not considered as urgent care or emergency care, the Secondary Plan shall pay benefits as if it were the Primary Plan.

Primary Plan is Capitation Plan and Secondary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan or R&C Plan
If the [Covered Person] receives services or supplies from a provider who is in the network of both the Primary Plan and the Secondary Plan, the Secondary Plan shall pay the lesser of:
a) The amount of any deductible, coinsurance or copayment required by the Primary Plan; or
b) the amount the Secondary Plan would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan.

Primary Plan is Capitation Plan or Fee Schedule Plan or R&C Plan and Secondary Plan is Capitation Plan
If the [Covered Person] receives services or supplies from a provider who is in the network of the Secondary Plan, the Secondary Plan shall be liable to pay the capitation to the provider and shall not be liable to pay the deductible, coinsurance or copayment imposed by the Primary Plan. The [Covered Person] shall not be liable to pay any deductible, coinsurance or copayments of either the Primary Plan or the Secondary Plan.

Primary Plan is an HMO and Secondary Plan is an HMO
If the Primary Plan is an HMO plan that does not allow for the use of non-network providers except in the event of urgent care or emergency care and the service or supply the [Covered Person] receives from a non-network provider is not considered as urgent care or emergency care, but the provider is in the network of the Secondary Plan, the Secondary Plan shall pay benefits as if it were the Primary Plan. Except that the Primary Plan shall pay out-of-Network services, if any, authorized by the Primary Plan.

BENEFITS FOR AUTOMOBILE RELATED INJURIES

This section will be used to determine a person's benefits under the Policy when expenses are incurred as a result of an automobile related Injury.

Definitions
"Automobile Related Injury" means bodily Injury sustained by a Covered Person as a result of an accident:
a) while occupying, entering, leaving or using an automobile; or
b) as a pedestrian;

caused by an automobile or by an object propelled by or from an automobile.

"Allowable Expense" means a medically necessary, reasonable and customary item of expense covered at least in part as an eligible expense by:
a) the Policy;
b) PIP; or
c) OSAIC.

"Eligible Expense" means that portion of expense incurred for treatment of an Injury which is covered under the Policy without application of Cash Deductibles and Copayments, if any or Coinsurance.

"Out-of-State Automobile Insurance Coverage" or "OSAIC" means any coverage for medical expenses under an automobile insurance policy other than PIP. OSAIC includes automobile insurance policies issued in another state or jurisdiction.

"PIP" means personal injury protection coverage provided as part of an automobile insurance policy issued in New Jersey. PIP refers specifically to provisions for medical expense coverage.

Determination of primary or secondary coverage.
The Policy provides secondary coverage to PIP unless health coverage has been elected as primary coverage by or for the Covered Person under the Policy. This election is made by the named insured under a PIP policy. Such election affects that person's family members who are not themselves named insureds under another automobile policy. The Policy may be primary for one Covered Person, but not for another if the person has separate automobile policies and has made different selections regarding primacy of health coverage.

The Policy is secondary to OSAIC, unless the OSAIC contains provisions which make it secondary or excess to the policyholder's plan. In that case the Policy will be primary.

If there is a dispute as to which policy is primary, the Policy will pay benefits as if it were primary.

Benefits the Policy will pay if it is primary to PIP or OSAIC.
If the Policy is primary to PIP or OSAIC it will pay benefits for eligible expenses in accordance with its terms.

The rules of the **COORDINATION OF BENEFITS** section of the Policy will apply if:
a) the Covered Person is insured under more than one insurance plan; and
b) such insurance plans are primary to automobile insurance coverage.

Benefits the Policy will pay if it is secondary to PIP or OSAIC.
If the Policy is secondary to PIP or OSAIC the actual benefits payable will be the lesser of:
a) the allowable expenses left uncovered after PIP or OSAIC has provided coverage after applying Cash Deductibles and Copayments, or
b) the benefits that would have been paid if the Policy had been primary.

Medicare
If the Policy supplements coverage under Medicare it can be primary to automobile insurance only to the extent that Medicare is primary to automobile insurance.

MEDICARE AS SECONDARY PAYOR

IMPORTANT NOTICE

The following sections regarding Medicare may not apply to the Employer's Policy. The Employee must contact his or her Employer to find out if the Employer is subject to Medicare as Secondary Payor rules.

If the Employer is subject to such rules, this Medicare as Secondary Payor section applies to the Employee.

If the Employer is NOT subject to such rules, this Medicare as Secondary Payor section does not apply to the Employee, in which case, Medicare will be the primary health plan and the Policy will be the secondary health plan for Covered Persons who are eligible for Medicare.

The following provisions explain how the Policy's group health benefits interact with the benefits available under Medicare as Secondary Payor rules. A Covered Person may be eligible for Medicare by reason of age, disability, or End Stage Renal Disease. Different rules apply to each type of Medicare eligibility, as explained below.

With respect to the following provisions:
a) "Medicare" when used above, means Part A and B of the health care program for the aged and disabled provided by Title XVI of the United States Social Security Act, as amended from time to time.
b) A Covered Person is considered to be eligible for Medicare by reason of age from the first day of the month during which he or she reaches age 65. However, if the Covered Person is born on the first day of a month, he or she is considered to be eligible for Medicare from the first day of the month which is immediately prior to his or her 65th birthday.
c) A "primary" health plan pays benefits for a Covered Person's Covered Charge first, ignoring what the Covered Person's "secondary" plan pays. A "secondary" health plan then pays the remaining unpaid allowable expenses. See the **Coordination of Benefits** section for a definition of "allowable expense".
d) ["We" means Carrier]

MEDICARE ELIGIBILITY BY REASON OF AGE (Generally applies to employer groups with 20 or more employees)

Applicability
This section applies to an Employee or his or her insured spouse who is eligible for Medicare by reason of age.

Under this section, such an Employee or insured spouse is referred to as a "Medicare eligible".

This section does not apply to:
a) a Covered Person, other than an Employee or insured spouse
b) an Employee or insured spouse who is under age 65, or
c) a Covered Person who is eligible for Medicare solely on the basis of End Stage Renal Disease.

When An Employee or Insured Spouse Becomes Eligible For Medicare
When an Employee or insured spouse becomes eligible for Medicare by reason of age, he or she must choose one of the two options below.

Option (A) - The Medicare eligible may choose the Policy as his or her primary health plan. If he or she does, Medicare will be his or her secondary health plan. See the **When The Policy is Primary** section below, for details.

Option (B) - The Medicare eligible may choose Medicare as his or her primary health plan. If he or she does, group health benefits under the Policy will end. See the **When Medicare is Primary** section below, for details.

If the Medicare eligible fails to choose either option when he or she becomes eligible for Medicare by reason of age, [Carrier] will pay benefits as if he or she had chosen Option (A).

When the Policy is primary
When a Medicare eligible chooses the Policy as his or her primary health plan, if he or she incurs a Covered Charge for which benefits are payable under both the Policy and Medicare, the Policy is considered primary. The Policy pays first, ignoring Medicare. Medicare is considered the secondary plan.

When Medicare is primary
If a Medicare eligible chooses Medicare as his or her primary health plan, he or she will no longer be covered for such benefits by the Policy. Coverage under the Policy will end on the date the Medicare eligible elects Medicare as his or her primary health plan.

A Medicare eligible who elects Medicare as his or her primary health plan, may later change such election, and choose the Policy as his or her primary health plan.

MEDICARE ELIGIBILITY BY REASON OF DISABILITY (Generally applies to employer groups with 100 or more employees)

Applicability
This section applies to a Covered Person who is:
a) under age 65; and
b) eligible for Medicare by reason of disability.

Under this section, such Covered Person is referred to as a "disabled Medicare eligible".

This section does not apply to:
a) a Covered Person who is eligible for Medicare by reason of age; or
b) a Covered Person who is eligible for Medicare solely on the basis of End Stage Renal Disease.

When A Covered Person Becomes Eligible For Medicare
When a Covered Person becomes eligible for Medicare by reason of disability, the Policy is the primary plan. Medicare is the secondary plan.

If a Covered Person is eligible for Medicare by reason of disability, he or she must be covered by both Parts A and B. Benefits will be payable as specified in the **COORDINATION OF BENEFITS** section of the Policy.

MEDICARE ELIGIBILITY BY REASON OF END STAGE RENAL DISEASE (Applies to all employer groups)

Applicability
This section applies to a Covered Person who is eligible for Medicare on the basis of End Stage Renal Disease (ESRD).

Under this section such Covered Person is referred to as a "ESRD Medicare eligible".

This section does not apply to a Covered Person who is eligible for Medicare by reason of disability.

When A Covered Person Becomes Eligible For Medicare Due to ESRD
When a Covered Person becomes eligible for Medicare solely on the basis of ESRD, for a period of up to 30 consecutive months, if he or she incurs a charge for the treatment of ESRD for which benefits are payable under both the Policy and Medicare, the Policy is considered primary. The Policy pays first, ignoring Medicare. Medicare is considered the secondary plan.

This 30 month period begins on the earlier of:
a) the first day of the month during which a regular course of renal dialysis starts; and
b) with respect to a ESRD Medicare eligible who receives a kidney transplant, the first day of the month during which such Covered Person becomes eligible for Medicare.

After the 30 month period described above ends, if an ESRD Medicare eligible incurs a charge for which benefits are payable under both the Policy and Medicare, Medicare is the primary plan. The Policy is the secondary plan. If a Covered Person is eligible for Medicare on the basis of ESRD, he or she must be covered by both Parts A and B. Benefits will be payable as specified in the **COORDINATION OF BENEFITS** section of the Policy.

STATEMENT OF ERISA RIGHTS
The following Statement may not apply to the Employer's Policy. The Employee must contact his or her Employer to find out if the Employer is subject to these ERISA requirements

As a plan participant, you are entitled to certain rights and protections under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA). ERISA provides that all plan participants shall be entitled to:

Receive Information About Your Plan and Benefits
Examine, without charge, at the plan administrator's office and at other specified locations, such as worksites and union halls, all documents governing the plan, including insurance contracts and collective bargaining agreements, and a copy of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) filed by the plan with the U.S. Department of Labor and available at the Public Disclosure Room of the Pension and Welfare Benefit Administration.

Obtain, upon written request to the plan administrator, copies of documents governing the operation of the plan, including insurance contracts and collective bargaining agreements, and copies of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) and updated summary plan description. The administrator may make a reasonable charge for the copies.

Receive a summary of the plan's annual financial report. The plan administrator is required by law to furnish each participant with a copy of this summary annual report.

Continue Group Health Plan Coverage
Continue health care coverage for yourself, spouse or dependents if there is a loss of coverage under the plan as a result of a qualifying event. You or your dependents may have to pay for such coverage. Review the summary plan description and the documents governing the plan on the rules governing your COBRA continuation coverage rights, if COBRA is applicable to your plan.

Reduction or elimination of exclusionary periods of coverage for preexisting conditions under your group health plan, if you have creditable coverage from another plan. You should be provided a certificate of creditable coverage, free of charge, from your group health plan or health insurance issuer when you lose coverage under the plan, when you become entitled to elect COBRA continuation coverage, when your COBRA continuation coverage ceases, if you request it before losing coverage, or if you request it up to 24 months after losing coverage. Without evidence of creditable coverage, you may be subject to a preexisting conditions exclusion for 6 months after your enrollment date in your coverage.

Prudent Actions by Plan Fiduciaries
In addition to creating rights for plan participants ERISA imposes duties upon the people who are responsible for the operation of the employee benefit plan. The people who operate your plan, called "fiduciaries" of the plan, have a duty to do so prudently and in the interest of you and other plan participants and beneficiaries. No one, including your employer, your union, or any other person, may fire you or otherwise discriminate against you in any way to prevent you from obtaining a benefit or exercising your rights under ERISA.

Enforce Your Rights
If your claim for a benefit is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you have a right to know why this was done, to obtain copies of documents relating to the decision without charge, and to appeal any denial, all within certain time schedules.

Under ERISA, there are steps you can take to enforce the above rights. For instance, if you request a copy of plan documents or the latest annual report from the plan and do not receive them within 30 days, you may file suit in a Federal court. In such a case, the court may require the plan administrator to provide the materials and pay you up to $110 a day until you receive the materials, unless the materials were not sent because of reasons beyond the control of the administrator. If you have a claims for benefits which is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you may file suit in a state or Federal court. In addition, if you disagree with the plan's decision or lack thereof concerning the qualified status of a domestic relations order or medical support order, you may file suit in Federal court. If it should happen that plan fiduciaries misuse the plan's money, or if you are discriminated against for asserting your rights, you may seek assistance from the U.S. Department of Labor, or you may file suit in a Federal court. The court will decide who should pay court costs and legal fees. If you are successful the court may order the person you have sued to pay these costs and fees. If you lose, the court may order you to pay these costs and fees, for example, if it finds your claim is frivolous.

Assistance With Your Questions
If you have any questions about your plan, you should contact the plan administrator. If you have any questions about this statement or about your rights under ERISA, or if you need assistance in obtaining documents from the plan administrator, you should contact the nearest office of the Pension and Welfare Benefits Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, listed in your telephone directory or the Division of Technical Assistance and Inquiries, Pension and Welfare Benefits Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20210. You may also obtain certain publications about your rights and responsibilities under ERISA by calling the publications hotline of the Pension and Welfare Benefits Administration.

[CLAIMS PROCEDURE
Carriers should include claims procedures consistent with the requirements of ERISA.]

New Rule, R.1994 d.47, effective December 22, 1993.
See: 25 N.J.R. 5017(a), 26 N.J.R. 400(a).
Amended by R.1994 d.498, effective September 2, 1994.
See: 26 N.J.R. 2843(a), 26 N.J.R. 3867(a), 26 N.J.R. 4066(a).
Amended by R.1995 d.580, effective November 6, 1995 (operative January 1, 1996).
See: 27 N.J.R. 3051(a), 27 N.J.R. 4371(a).
Amended by R.1997 d.280, effective July 7, 1997 (operative September 1, 1997).
See: 29 N.J.R. 1090(a), 29 N.J.R. 2931(a).
Amended by R.1997 d.501, effective January 1, 1998.
See: 29 N.J.R. 4620(a), 29 N.J.R. 5069(a).
Amended by R.1998 d.512, effective September 25, 1998.
See: 30 N.J.R. 2815(a), 30 N.J.R. 3840(a).
Amended by R.1999 d.376, effective October 6, 1999 (operative November 1, 1999).
See: 31 N.J.R. 2442(a), 31 N.J.R. 3340(a).
Repeal and New Rule, R.2004 d.107, effective March 15, 2004 (operative October 1, 2004).
See: 35 N.J.R. 5011(a), 36 N.J.R. 1594(a).
Amended by R.2005 d.335, effective September 6, 2005.
See: 37 N.J.R. 3218(a), 37 N.J.R. 3834(a).
Amended by R.2006 d.145, effective April 17, 2006 (operative June 1, 2006).
See: 37 N.J.R. 4869(a), 38 N.J.R. 1751(a).
Amended by R.2006 d.377, effective September 22, 2006.
See: 38 N.J.R. 3484(a), 38 N.J.R. 4719(b).
Amended by R.2008 d.132, effective April 24, 2008.
See: 40 N.J.R. 1746(a), 40 N.J.R. 2476(a).

EXHIBIT W

[Carrier] **PLANS B, C, D, E**

SMALL GROUP HEALTH BENEFITS [CERTIFICATE]

[Carrier] certifies that the Employee named [below] is entitled to the benefits described in this [certificate], as of the effective date shown [below], subject to the eligibility and effective date requirements of the Policy.

This [certificate] replaces any and all [certificates] previously issued to the Employee under any group policies issued by [Carrier] providing the types of benefits described in this [certificate].

The Policy is a contract between [Carrier] and the Policyholder. This [certificate] is a summary of the Policy provisions that affect Your insurance. All benefits and exclusions are subject to the terms of the Policy.

POLICYHOLDER:	[ABC Company]
GROUP POLICY NUMBER:	[G-12345]
EMPLOYEE:	[JOHN DOE]
CERTIFICATE NUMBER:	[C-1234567]
EFFECTIVE DATE;	01-01-04
CALENDAR YEAR CASH DEDUCTIBLE	
PER COVERED PERSON:	$1,000
PER COVERED FAMILY:	$2,000
COINSURANCE:	20%
MAXIMUM OUT OF POCKET	
PER COVERED PERSON:	$3,000
PER COVERED FAMILY:	$6,000]

[Secretary President]

[Dividends are apportioned each year.]

["DC" THE SMALL GROUP HEALTH BENEFITS POLICY (INDEMNITY PLAN), ISSUED BY [CARRIER] IS ISSUED IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE SMALL GROUP HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION CONTRACT (HMO PLAN) ISSUED BY [CARRIER]. TOGETHER, THIS INDEMNITY PLAN AND THE HMO PLAN ISSUED BY [CARRIER] PROVIDE POINT OF SERVICE COVERAGE.]

[Include legal name, trade name, phone, fax and e-mail numbers by which consumers may contact the carrier, including at least one toll-free number for Covered Persons]]

CERTIFICATE INDEX

SECTION	PAGE(S)
["DC" Overview of Point of Service Plan]	
Schedule of Insurance	
General Provisions	
Claims Provisions	
Definitions	
Employee Coverage	
[Dependent Coverage]	
[Preferred Provider Organization Provisions]	
[Point of Service Provisions]	
[Appeals Procedure]	
[Continuation of Care]	
Health Benefits Insurance	
[Utilization Review Features]	
[Specialty Case Management]	
[Centers of Excellence Features]	
Exclusions	
Continuation Rights	
[Conversion Rights for Divorced Spouses]	
[Effect of Interaction with a Health Maintenance Organization Plan]	
Coordination of Benefits and Services	
Benefits for Automobile Related Injuries	
Medicare as Secondary Payor	
Statement of ERISA Rights	
Claims Procedure	

["DC" OVERVIEW OF POINT OF SERVICE PLAN (Copayment, Deductibles, and Coinsurance)

[NETWORK] (Provided under the HMO Plan)	
Copayment	$15, unless otherwise stated
Emergency Room Copayment	$50, credited toward Inpatient admission if admitted within 24 hours
Coinsurance	0% [except as stated on the HMO Plan's Schedule of Services and Supplies for Prescription Drugs]
[NON-NETWORK] (Provided under this Indemnity Plan)	
Cash Deductible (calendar year, all cause)	$2,500 per person $5,000 per family Note: Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Members $7,500
Emergency Room Copayment (waived if admitted within 24 hours)	$50
Coinsurance	20% **except as stated below**
Network Maximum Out of Pocket	$5,000

MAXIMUM LIFETIME BENEFITS Unlimited, **except** as otherwise stated]

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE **[PLAN B]**

EMPLOYEE [AND DEPENDENT] HEALTH BENEFITS

Calendar Year Cash Deductible

for Preventive Care	NONE
for immunizations and lead screening for children	NONE
For all other Covered Charges	
Per Covered Person	[$250 to $5,000]
[Per Covered Family	[Dollar amount which is two times the individual Deductible. [**Note**: Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]] [Dollar amount which is three times the individual Deductible]]

Hospital Confinement Copayment

- per day	$200
- maximum Copayment per Period of Confinement	$1,000
- maximum Copayment per Covered Person per Calendar Year	$2,000

Note: The Hospital Confinement Copayment is payable in addition to the applicable Deductible and Coinsurance and Copayment, if any.

Emergency Room Copayment (waived if admitted within 24 hours) [at the option of the Carrier, $50, $75, or $100]

Note: The Emergency Room Copayment is payable in addition to the applicable Deductible and Coinsurance.

Coinsurance

Coinsurance is the percentage of a Covered Charge that must be paid by a Covered Person. However, [Carrier] will waive the Coinsurance requirement once the Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached. The Policy's Coinsurance, as shown below, does not include Cash Deductibles, Copayments, penalties incurred under the Policy's Utilization Review provisions, or any other Non-Covered Charge.

The **Coinsurance** for the Policy is as follows: 40%

Maximum Out of Pocket

Maximum Out of Pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Covered Person must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Covered Person has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.

The **Maximum Out of Pocket** for the Policy is as follows:

Per Covered Person per Calendar Year	[An amount equal to [$2,000 – $10,000] plus the Deductible]
[Per Covered Family per Calendar Year	[Dollar amount equal to two times the per Covered person maximum. [**Note:** Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]]

[Dollar amount equal to three times the per Covered person maximum]]

Note: The Maximum Out of Pocket cannot be met with Non-Covered Charges.

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE **[PLAN C]**

EMPLOYEE [AND DEPENDENT] HEALTH BENEFITS

Calendar Year Cash Deductible	
for Preventive Care	NONE
for immunizations and lead screening for children	NONE
For all other Covered Charges	
Per Covered Person	[$250 to $5,000]
[Per Covered Family	[Dollar amount which is two times the individual Deductible. [**Note**: Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]] [Dollar amount which is three times the individual Deductible]]

Emergency Room Copayment (waived if admitted within 24 hours) [at the option of the carrier, $50, $75 or $100]
Note: The Emergency Room Copayment is payable in addition to the applicable Deductible and Coinsurance.

Coinsurance

Coinsurance is the percentage of a Covered Charge that must be paid by a Covered Person. However, [Carrier] will waive the Coinsurance requirement once the Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached. The Policy's Coinsurance, as shown below, does not include Cash Deductibles, Copayments, penalties incurred under the Policy's Utilization Review provisions, or any other Non-Covered Charge.

The **Coinsurance** for the Policy is as follows: 30%

Maximum Out of Pocket
Maximum Out of Pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Covered Person must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Covered Person has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.
The **Maximum Out of Pocket** for the Policy is as follows:

Per Covered Person per Calendar Year	[An amount equal to [$2,000 - $10,000] plus the Deductible]
[Per Covered Family per Calendar Year	[Dollar amount equal to two times the per Covered Person maximum. [**Note:** Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]] [Dollar amount equal to three times the per Covered Person maximum]

Note: The Maximum Out of Pocket cannot be met with Non-Covered Charges.

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE **[PLAN D]**

EMPLOYEE [AND DEPENDENT] HEALTH BENEFITS

Calendar Year Cash Deductible	
for Preventive Care	NONE
for immunizations and lead screening for children	NONE
For all other Covered Charges	
Per Covered Person	[$250 to $5,000]
[Per Covered Family	[Dollar amount which is two times the individual Deductible. [**Note**: Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]] [Dollar amount which is three times the individual Deductible]]

Emergency Room Copayment (waived if admitted within 24 hours) [at the option of the carrier, $50, $75 or $100]
Note: The Emergency Room Copayment is payable in addition to the applicable Deductible and Coinsurance.

Coinsurance

Coinsurance is the percentage of a Covered Charge that must be paid by a Covered Person. However, [Carrier] will waive the Coinsurance requirement once the Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached. The Policy's Coinsurance, as shown below, does not include Cash Deductibles, Copayments, penalties incurred under the Policy's Utilization Review provisions, or any other Non-Covered Charge.

The **Coinsurance** for the Policy is as follows: 20%

Maximum Out of Pocket
Maximum Out of Pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Covered Person must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Covered Person has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.
The **Maximum Out of Pocket** for the Policy is as follows:

Per Covered Person per Calendar Year	[An amount equal to [$2,000 – $10,000] plus the Deductible]
[Per Covered Family per Calendar Year	[Dollar amount equal to two times the per Covered person maximum. [**Note:** Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]] [Dollar amount equal to three times the per Covered Person maximum]]

Note: The Maximum Out of Pocket cannot be met with Non-Covered Charges.

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE **[PLAN E]**

EMPLOYEE [AND DEPENDENT] HEALTH BENEFITS

Calendar Year Cash Deductible

for Preventive Care	NONE
for immunizations and lead screening for children	NONE
For all other Covered Charges	
Per Covered Person	$150
[Per Covered Family	[$300 **Note**: [Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]] [$450]

Emergency Room Copayment (waived if admitted within 24 hours) [at the option of the carrier, $50, $75 or $100]
Note: The Emergency Room Copayment is payable in addition to the applicable Deductible and Coinsurance.

Coinsurance

Coinsurance is the percentage of a Covered Charge that must be paid by a Covered Person. However, [Carrier] will waive the Coinsurance requirement once the Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached. The Policy's Coinsurance, as shown below, does not include Cash Deductibles, Copayments, penalties incurred under the Policy's Utilization Review provisions, or any other Non-Covered Charge.

The **Coinsurance** for the Policy is as follows: 10%

Maximum Out of Pocket
Maximum Out of Pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Covered Person must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Covered Person has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.
The **Maximum Out of Pocket** for the Policy is as follows:

Per Covered Person per Calendar Year	$1650
[Per Covered Family per Calendar Year	[$3,300 [**Note:** Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]] [$4,950]]

Note: The Maximum Out of Pocket cannot be met with Non-Covered Charges.

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE **EXAMPLE PPO**
(using Plan C, without Copayment, separate Network and Non-Network Deductibles and Maximum Out of Pockets)

EMPLOYEE [AND DEPENDENT] HEALTH BENEFITS

Calendar Year Cash Deductibles
For treatment, services and supplies given by a **Network** Provider, except for Prescription Drugs

for Preventive Care	NONE
for immunizations and	

lead screening for children for all other Covered Charges	NONE
Per Covered Person	[$250 to $2,500]
[Per Covered Family	[Dollar amount which is two times the individual Deductible.] [**Note**: Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]]

For treatment, services and supplies given by a **Non-Network** Provider, and for Prescription Drugs

for Preventive Care for immunizations and lead screening for children for all other Covered Charges	NONE
Per Covered Person	[Dollar amount not to exceed three times the Network Deductible]
[Per Covered Family	[Dollar amount equal to two times the Non-Network Deductible] **Note**: Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons

Emergency Room Copayment (waived if admitted within 24 hours) [at the option of the carrier, $50, $75 or 100]
Note: The Emergency Room Copayment is payable in addition to the applicable Deductible and Coinsurance.

Coinsurance
Coinsurance is the percentage of a Covered Charge that must be paid by a Covered Person. However, [Carrier] will waive the Coinsurance requirement once the Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached with respect to Network services and supplies, and [Carrier] will waive the Coinsurance requirement once the Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached with respect to Non-Network services and supplies. The Policy's Coinsurance, as shown below, does not include Cash Deductibles, Copayments, penalties incurred under the Policy's Utilization Review provisions, or any other Non-Covered Charge.

The **Coinsurance** for the Policy is as follows:

• if treatment, services or supplies are given by a Network Provider	10%, **except as stated below**
• if treatment, services or supplies are given by a Non-Network Provider	30%, **except as stated below**
Exception: The Coinsurance for Prescription Drugs does not vary according to use of a Network Provider or a Non-Network Provider. The Coinsurance for Prescription Drugs is:	30%

Network Maximum Out of Pocket
Network Maximum Out of Pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Covered Person must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all Network covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Network Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Covered Person has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for Network covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.
The **Network Maximum Out of Pocket** for the Policy is as follows:

Per Covered Person per Calendar Year	[An amount not to exceed $5,000]
[Per Covered Family per Calendar Year	[Dollar amount equal to two times the per Covered Person maximum.] [**Note:** Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]]

Note: The Network Maximum Out of Pocket cannot be met with Non-Covered Charges.

Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket
Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Covered Person must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all Non-Network covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Covered Person has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for Non-Network covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.
The Non-**Network Maximum Out of Pocket** for the Policy is as follows:

Per Covered Person per Calendar Year	[An amount not to exceed three times the Network Maximum]
[Per Covered Family per Calendar Year	[Dollar amount equal to two times the per Covered Person Maximum.] [**Note:** Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]]

Note: The Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket cannot be met with Non-Covered Charges.

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE **EXAMPLE PPO**
(using Plan C, with Copayment on specified services, separate Network and Non-Network Deductibles and Maximum Out of Pockets)

EMPLOYEE [AND DEPENDENT] HEALTH BENEFITS

Copayment
For treatment, services and supplies given by a **Network** Provider
Physician Visits [$5, $10, $15, $20, $30, $40 or $50]

Calendar Year Cash Deductibles
For treatment, services and supplies given by a **Network** Provider, except for Physician Visits and Prescription Drugs
Per Covered Person [$250 to $2,500]
[Per Covered Family [Dollar amount which is two times the individual Deductible.] [**Note**: Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]]

For Treatment, services and supplies given by a **Non-Network** Provider, and for Prescription Drugs
for Preventive Care NONE
for immunizations and
lead screening for children NONE
for all other Covered Charges

Per Covered Person [Dollar amount not to exceed three times the Network Deductible]
[Per Covered Family [Dollar amount equal to two times the Non-Network Deductible] [**Note**: Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]]

Emergency Room Copayment (waived if admitted within 24 hours) [at the option of the carrier, $50, $75, $100]
Note: The Emergency Room Copayment is payable in addition to the applicable Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance.

Coinsurance
Coinsurance is the percentage of a Covered Charge that must be paid by a Covered Person. However, [Carrier] will waive the Coinsurance requirement once the Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached with respect to Network services and supplies, and [Carrier] will waive the Coinsurance requirement once the Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached with respect to Non-Network services and supplies. The Policy's Coinsurance, as shown below, does not include Cash Deductibles, Copayments, penalties incurred under the Policy's Utilization Review provisions, or any other Non-Covered Charge.

The **Coinsurance** for the Policy is as follows:
• if treatment, services or supplies are given by a Network Provider 10%, **except as stated below**
• if treatment, services or supplies are given by a Non-Network Provider 30%, **except as stated below**
Exception: The Coinsurance for Prescription Drugs does not vary according to use of a Network Provider or a Non-Network Provider. The Coinsurance for Prescription Drugs is: 30%

Network Maximum Out of Pocket
Network Maximum Out of Pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Covered Person must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all Network covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Network Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Covered Person has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for Network covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.
The **Network Maximum Out of Pocket** for the Policy is as follows:
Per Covered Person per Calendar Year [An amount not to exceed $5,000]
[Per Covered Family per Calendar Year [Dollar amount equal to two times the per Covered Person maximum.] [**Note:** Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]]
Note: The Network Maximum Out of Pocket cannot be met with Non-Covered Charges.

Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket
Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Covered Person must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all Non-Network covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Covered Person has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for Non-Network covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.
The **Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket** for the Policy is as follows:
Per Covered Person per Calendar Year [An amount not to exceed three times the Network Maximum]
[Per Covered Family per Calendar Year [Dollar amount equal to two times the per Covered Person Maximum.] [**Note:** Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]]
Note: The Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket cannot be met with Non-Covered Charges.

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE **EXAMPLE PPO**
(using Plan C, with Copayment on specified services, common Deductible and Maximum Out of Pocket)

EMPLOYEE [AND DEPENDENT] HEALTH BENEFITS

Copayment
For treatment, services and supplies given by a **Network** Provider
Physician Visits [$5, $10, $15, $20, $30, $40 or $50]

Calendar Year Cash Deductible
For treatment, services and supplies given by a **Network** or **Non-Network** Providers, except for Network Physician Visits
Per Covered Person [$250 to $2,500]
[Per Covered Family [Dollar amount which is two times the individual Deductible.] [**Note**: Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]]

Emergency Room Copayment (waived if admitted within 24 hours) [at the option of the carrier, $50, $75 or $100]
Note: The Emergency Room Copayment is payable in addition to the applicable Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance.

Coinsurance
Coinsurance is the percentage of a Covered Charge that must be paid by a Covered Person. However, [Carrier] will waive the Coinsurance requirement once the Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached with respect to any combination of Network and Non-Network services and supplies. The Policy's Coinsurance, as shown below, does not include Cash Deductibles, Copayments, penalties incurred under the Policy's Utilization Review provisions, or any other Non-Covered Charge.

The **Coinsurance** for the Policy is as follows:
• if treatment, services or supplies are given by a Network Provider 10%, **except as stated below**
• if treatment, services or supplies are given by a Non-Network Provider 30%, **except as stated below**
Exception: The Coinsurance for Prescription Drugs does not vary according to use of a Network Provider or a Non-Network Provider. The Coinsurance for Prescription Drugs is: 30%

Network Maximum Out of Pocket
Network Maximum Out of Pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Covered Person must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all Network **and** Non-Network covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Network Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Covered Person has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for Network or Non-Network covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.
The **Network Maximum Out of Pocket** for the Policy is as follows:
Per Covered Person per Calendar Year [An amount not to exceed $5,000]
[Per Covered Family per Calendar Year [Dollar amount equal to two times the per Covered Person maximum.] [**Note:** Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]]
Note: The Network Maximum Out of Pocket cannot be met with Non-Covered Charges.

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE **EXAMPLE INDEMNITY POS**
(using Plan D, with Copayment on specified services, separate Network and Non-Network Deductibles and Maximum Out of Pockets)

EMPLOYEE [AND DEPENDENT] HEALTH BENEFITS

Copayment
For treatment, services and supplies given by a **Network** Provider
Physician Visits [$5, $10, $15, $20, $30, $40 or $50]
Hospital Confinement [$300 per day, up to $1500 per confinement, $3,000 per Calendar Year]
Exception: If the Hospital is a Network facility, the Hospital will be paid as a Network Facility regardless of whether the admitting Practitioner is a Network Practitioner.

Calendar Year Cash Deductibles
For treatment, services and supplies given by a **Network** Provider, except for Physician Visits, Hospital Confinement and Prescription Drugs
Per Covered Person [$250 to $2,500]
[Per Covered Family [Dollar amount which is two times the individual Deductible.] [**Note**: Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]]

Calendar Year Cash Deductible
For Treatment, services and supplies given by a **Non-Network** Provider, and for Prescription Drugs
for Preventive Care NONE
for immunizations and lead screening for children NONE
for all other Covered Charges

Per Covered Person	[Dollar amount not to exceed three times the Network Deductible]
[Per Covered Family	[Dollar amount equal to two times the Non-Network Deductible] **[Note**: Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]]
Emergency Room Copayment (waived if admitted within 24 hours)	[at the option of the carrier, $50, $75, $100]

Note: The Emergency Room Copayment is payable in addition to the applicable Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance.

Coinsurance
Coinsurance is the percentage of a Covered Charge that must be paid by a Covered Person. However, [Carrier] will waive the Coinsurance requirement once the Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached with respect to Network services and supplies, and [Carrier] will waive the Coinsurance requirement once the Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached with respect to Non-Network services and supplies. The Policy's Coinsurance, as shown below, does not include Cash Deductibles, Copayments, penalties incurred under the Policy's Utilization Review provisions, or any other Non-Covered Charge.

The **Coinsurance** for the Policy is as follows:

• if treatment, services or supplies are given by a Network Provider	0%, **except as stated below**
• if treatment, services or supplies are given by a Non-Network Provider	20%, **except as stated below**
Exception: The Coinsurance for Prescription Drugs does not vary according to use of a Network Provider or a Non-Network Provider. The Coinsurance for Prescription Drugs is:	20%

Network Maximum Out of Pocket
Network Maximum Out of Pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Covered Person must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all Network covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Network Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Covered Person has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for Network covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.
The **Network Maximum Out of Pocket** for the Policy is as follows:

Per Covered Person per Calendar Year	[An amount not to exceed $5,000]
[Per Covered Family per Calendar Year	[Dollar amount equal to two times the per Covered Person maximum.] **[Note:** Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]]

Note: The Network Maximum Out of Pocket cannot be met with Non-Covered Charges.

Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket
Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Covered Person must pay as Deductible and Coinsurance for all Non-Network covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Covered Person has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Deductible and Coinsurance for Non-Network covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.
The Non-**Network Maximum Out of Pocket** for the Policy is as follows:

Per Covered Person per Calendar Year	[An amount not to exceed three times the Network Maximum]
[Per Covered Family per Calendar Year	[Dollar amount equal to two times the per Covered Person Maximum.] **[Note:** Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]]

Note: The Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket cannot be met with Non-Covered Charges.

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE (Continued) **[PLAN B]**
Daily Room and Board Limits

During a Period of Hospital Confinement

For semi-private room and board accommodations, [Carrier] will cover charges up to the Hospital's actual daily semi-private room and board rate.

For private room and board accommodations, [Carrier] will cover charges up to the Hospital's average daily semi-private room and board rate, or if the Hospital does not have semi-private accommodations, 80% of its lowest daily room and board rate. However, if the Covered Person is being isolated in a private room because the Covered Person has a communicable Illness, [Carrier] will cover charges up to the Hospital's actual private room charge.

For Special Care Units, [Carrier] will cover charges up to the Hospital's actual daily room and board charge for the Special Care Unit.

During a Confinement In An Extended Care Center Or Rehabilitation Center
[Carrier] will cover the lesser of:
a. the center's actual daily room and board charge; or
b. 50% of the covered daily room and board charge made by the Hospital during the Covered Person's preceding Hospital confinement, for semi-private accommodations.

[Plan B (Continued)]

Pre-Approval is required for charges incurred in connection with:
- Durable Medical Equipment
- Extended Care and Rehabilitation
- Home Health Care
- Hospice Care
- Infusion Therapy
- [Speech, Cognitive Rehabilitation, Occupational and Physical Therapies]
- Prosthetic Devices
- [Autologous Bone Marrow Transplant and Associated Dose Intensive Chemotherapy for treatment of breast cancer]
- Fertility Services
- Nutritional Counseling
- [Certain Prescription Drugs]
- Exchange of unused Inpatient days for additional Outpatient visits for the treatment of a Non-Biologically –Based Mental Illness

[Carrier] will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for treatment, services and supplies which are not Pre-Approved by [Carrier] provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under the Policy.

Payment Limits: For Illness or Injury, [Carrier] will pay up to the payment limit shown below:

Charges for Inpatient confinement in an Extended Care or Rehabilitation Center, per Calendar Year (Combined benefits)	120 days
Charges for therapeutic manipulation per Calendar Year	30 visits
Charges for speech and cognitive therapy per Calendar Year (combined benefits)	30 visits
Charges for physical or occupational therapy per Calendar Year (combined benefits)	30 visits
Charges for Preventive Care per Calendar Year as follows: (Not subject to Cash Deductible or Coinsurance)	
[• for a Covered Person who is a Dependent child from birth until the end of the Calendar Year in which the Dependent child attains age 1	$750 per Covered Person]
• for all [other] Covered Persons	$500 per Covered Person
Charges for all treatment of Non-Biologically-based Mental Illnesses and Substance Abuse, per Calendar Year	
Inpatient Confinement	30 days *
Outpatient Care	20 visits

* Subject to Carrier Pre-Approval, Unused Inpatient days may be exchanged for additional Outpatient visits, where each Inpatient day may be exchanged for two Outpatient visits.

Per Lifetime Maximum Benefit (for all Illnesses and Injuries)	UNLIMITED

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE (Continued) **[PLANS C, D, E]**
Daily Room and Board Limits

During a Period of Hospital Confinement

For semi-private room and board accommodations, [Carrier] will cover charges up to the Hospital's actual daily semi private room and board rate.

For private room and board accommodations. [Carrier] will cover charges up to the Hospital's average daily semi-private room and board rate, or if the Hospital does not have semi-private accommodations, 80% of its lowest daily room and board rate. However, if the Covered Person is being isolated in a private room because the Covered Person has a communicable Illness, [Carrier] will cover charges up to the Hospital's actual private room charge.

For Special Care Units, [Carrier] will cover charges up to the Hospital's actual daily room and board charge for the Special Care Unit.

During a Confinement In An Extended Care Center Or Rehabilitation Center

[Carrier] will cover the lesser of:
a. the center's actual daily room and board charge; or
b. 50% of the covered daily room and board charge made by the Hospital during the Covered Person's preceding Hospital confinement, for semi-private accommodations.

Pre-Approval is required for charges incurred in connection with:
- Durable Medical Equipment
- Extended Care and Rehabilitation
- Home Health Care
- Hospice Care
- Infusion Therapy

[Plans C, D, E (Continued)]

- [Speech, Cognitive Rehabilitation, Occupational and Physical Therapies]
- Prosthetic Devices
- [Autologous Bone Marrow Transplant and Associated Dose Intensive Chemotherapy for treatment of breast cancer]
- Fertility Services
- Nutritional Counseling
- [Certain Prescription Drugs]
- [Exchange of unused Inpatient days for additional Outpatient visits to treat a Non-Biologically Based Mental Illness

[Carrier] will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for treatment, services and supplies which are not Pre-Approved by [Carrier] provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under the Policy.

Payment Limits: For Illness or Injury, [Carrier] will pay up to the payment limit shown below:

Charges for Inpatient confinement in an Extended Care or Rehabilitation Center, per Calendar Year (combined benefits)	120 days
Charges for therapeutic manipulation per Calendar Year	30 visits
Charges for speech and cognitive therapy per Calendar Year (combined benefits)	30 visits
Charges for physical or occupational therapy per Calendar Year (combined benefits)	30 visits
Charges for Preventive Care per Calendar Year as follows: (Not subject to Cash Deductible or Coinsurance)	
[• for a Covered Person who is a Dependent child from birth until the end of the Calendar Year in which the Dependent child attains age 1	$750 per Covered Person]
• for all [other] Covered Persons	$500 per Covered Person
Charges for all treatment of Non-Biologically-based Mental Illnesses and Substance Abuse, per Calendar Year	
Inpatient Confinement	30 days *
Outpatient Care	20 visits
Per Lifetime Maximum Benefit (for all Illnesses and Injuries)	Unlimited

* [Subject to [Carrier] Pre-Approval,] Unused Inpatient days may be exchanged for additional Outpatient visits, where each Inpatient day may be exchanged for two Outpatient visits.

["DC" THIS INDEMNITY PLAN AND THE ASSOCIATED HMO PLAN MAY BOTH PROVIDE BENEFITS, SERVICES OR SUPPLIES FOR THE SAME SERVICE OR SUPPLY. TO THE EXTENT THAT BENEFITS ARE PROVIDED UNDER THIS INDEMNITY PLAN, THE SERVICE OR SUPPLY WILL NOT BE COVERED BY THE HMO PLAN SIMILARLY, TO THE EXTENT THAT SERVICES OR SUPPLIES ARE PROVIDED UNDER THE HMO PLAN, BENEFITS WILL NOT BE PROVIDED UNDER THIS INDEMNITY PLAN.]

[FOR ANY SPECIFIC [NETWORK] SERVICES AND SUPPLIES PROVIDED UNDER THE HMO PLAN WHICH ARE SUBJECT TO LIMITATION, ANY SUCH SERVICES OR SUPPLIES THE COVERED PERSON RECEIVES UNDER THE HMO PLAN WILL REDUCE THE CORRESPONDING BENEFIT PROVIDED UNDER THIS INDEMNITY PLAN FOR THAT SERVICE OR SUPPLY. SIMILARLY, FOR ANY SPECIFIC BENEFITS PROVIDED UNDER THIS INDEMNITY PLAN WHICH ARE SUBJECT TO LIMITATION, ANY SUCH BENEFITS THE COVERED PERSON RECEIVES AS INDEMNITY PLAN COVERED CHARGES WILL REDUCE THE CORRESPONDING HMO PLAN SERVICES AND SUPPLIES AVAILABLE FOR THAT SERVICE OR SUPPLY. THE SERVICES AND SUPPLIES SECTION OF THE HMO PLAN AND THE COVERED CHARGES SECTION OF THIS INDEMNITY PLAN CLEARLY IDENTIFY WHICH SERVICES AND SUPPLIES AND COVERED CHARGES ARE AFFECTED BY THIS REDUCTION RULE.]

GENERAL PROVISIONS

INCONTESTABILITY OF THE POLICY

There will be no contest of the validity of the Policy, except for not paying premiums, after it has been in force for 2 years from the Effective Date.

No statement in any application, except a fraudulent statement, made by the Policyholder or by a person insured under the Policy shall be used in contesting the validity of his or her insurance or in denying a claim for a loss incurred after such insurance has been in force for two years during the person's lifetime. Note: There is no time limit with respect to a contest in connection with fraudulent statements.

PAYMENT OF PREMIUMS - GRACE PERIOD

Premiums are to be paid by the Policyholder to [Carrier]. Each may be paid at a [Carrier's] office [or to one of its authorized agents.] A premium payment is due on each premium due date stated on the first page of the Policy. The Policyholder may pay each premium other than the first within 31 days of the premium due date without being charged interest. Those days are known as the grace period. The Policyholder is liable to pay premiums to [Carrier] for the time the Policy is in force.

CLERICAL ERROR - MISSTATEMENTS
Neither clerical error nor programming or systems error by the Policyholder, nor the [Carrier] in keeping any records pertaining to coverage under the Policy, nor delays in making entries thereon, will invalidate coverage which would otherwise be in force, or continue coverage which would otherwise be validly terminated. However, upon discovery of such error or delay, an equitable adjustment of premiums will be made.

If the age of an Employee, or any other relevant facts, are found to have been misstated, and the premiums are thereby affected, an equitable adjustment of premiums will be made. If such misstatement involves whether or not the person's coverage would have been accepted by [Carrier], subject to the Policy's **Incontestability** section, the true facts will be used in determining whether coverage is in force under the terms of the Policy.

[DIVIDENDS
[Carrier] will determine the share, if any, of its divisible surplus allocable to the Policy as of each Policy Anniversary, if the Policy stays in force by the payment of all premiums to that date. The share will be credited to the Policy as a dividend as of that date.

Each dividend will be paid to the Policyholder in cash unless the Policyholder asks that it be applied toward the premium then due or future premiums due.

[Carrier's] sole liability as to any dividend is as set forth above.

If the aggregate dividends under the Policy and any other policy(ies) of the Policyholder exceed the aggregate payments towards their cost made from the Policyholder's own funds, the Policyholder will see that an amount equal to the excess is applied for the benefit of Covered Persons.]

OFFSET
[Carrier] reserves the right, before paying benefits to a Covered Person, to use the amount of payment due to offset a claims payment previously made in error.

CONTINUING RIGHTS
[Carrier's] failure to apply terms or conditions does not mean that [Carrier] waives or gives up any future rights under the Policy.

CONFORMITY WITH LAW
Any provision of the Policy which is in conflict with the laws of the state in which the the Policy is issued, or with Federal law, shall be construed and applied as if it were in full compliance with the minimum requirements of such State law or Federal law.

LIMITATION OF ACTIONS
No action at law or in equity shall be brought to recover on the Policy until 60 days after a Covered Person files written proof of loss. No such action shall be brought more than three years after the end of the time within which proof of loss is required.

WORKERS' COMPENSATION
The health benefits provided under the Policy are not in place of, and do not affect requirements for, coverage by Workers' Compensation.

CLAIMS PROVISIONS

A claimant's right to make a claim for any benefits provided by the Policy is governed as follows:

[NOTICE OF LOSS
A claimant should send a written notice of claim to [Carrier] within 20 days of a loss. No special form is required to do this. The notice need only identify the claimant and the Policyholder.

When [Carrier] receives the notice, it will send a proof of claim form to the claimant. The claimant should receive the proof of claim form within 15 days of the date [Carrier] received the notice of claim. If the form is received within such time, it should be completed, as instructed, by all persons required to do so. Additional proof, if required, should be attached to the form. If the form is not received within such time, the claimant may provide written proof of claim to [Carrier] on any reasonable form. Such proof must state the date the Injury or Illness began and the nature and extent of the loss.]

PROOF OF LOSS
Proof of loss must be sent to [Carrier] within 90 days of the loss.

If a notice or proof is sent later than 90 days of the loss, [Carrier] will not deny or reduce a claim if the notice or proof was sent as soon as possible.

PAYMENT OF CLAIMS
[Carrier] will pay all benefits to which the claimant is entitled as soon as [Carrier] receives written proof of loss. All benefits will be paid as they accrue. Any benefits unpaid at the Covered Person's death will be paid as soon as [Carrier] receives due proof of the death to one of the following:
a) his or her estate;
b) his or her spouse;
c) his or her parents;
d) his or her children;
e) his or her brothers and sisters; or
f) any unpaid provider of health care services.

When an Employee files proof of loss, he or she may direct [Carrier], in writing, to pay health care benefits to the recognized provider of health care who provided the covered service for which benefits became payable. [For covered services from an eligible Facility or Practitioner, [Carrier] will determine to pay either the Covered Person or the Facility or the Practitioner.] The Employee may not assign his or her right to take legal action under the Policy to such provider.

PHYSICAL EXAMS
[Carrier], at its expense, has the right to examine the insured. This may be done as often as reasonably needed to process a claim. [Carrier] also has the right to have an autopsy performed, at its expense.

DEFINITIONS

The words shown below have special meanings when used in the Policy and this [Certificate]. Please read these definitions carefully. [Throughout this [Certificate], these defined terms appear with their initial letter capitalized.]

Accredited School means a school accredited by a nationally recognized accrediting association, such as one of the following regional accrediting agencies: Middle States Association of Colleges and Schools, New England Association of Schools and Colleges, North Central Association of Colleges and Schools, Northwest Association of Schools and Colleges, Southern Association of Colleges and Schools, or Western Association of Schools and Colleges. An accredited school also includes a proprietary institution approved by an agency responsible for issuing certificates or licenses to graduates of such an institution.

[**Actively at Work** or **Active Work** means performing, doing, participating or similarly functioning in a manner usual for the task for full pay, at the Policyholder's place of business, or at any other place that the Policyholder's business requires the Employee to go.]

Affiliated Company means a company as defined in subsections (b), (c), (m) or (o) of section 414 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. All entities that meet the criteria set forth in the Internal Revenue Code shall be treated as one employer.

Alcohol Abuse means abuse of or addiction to alcohol. Alcohol Abuse does not include abuse of or addiction to drugs. Please see the definition of Substance Abuse.

Ambulance means a certified transportation vehicle for transporting Ill or Injured people that contains all life-saving equipment and staff as required by state and local law.

Ambulatory Surgical Center means a Facility mainly engaged in performing Outpatient Surgery. It must:
a) be staffed by Practitioners and Nurses, under the supervision of a Practitioner;
b) have permanent operating and recovery rooms;
c) be staffed and equipped to give emergency care; and
d) have written back-up arrangements with a local Hospital for emergency care.

[Carrier] will recognize it if it carries out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it is either:
a) accredited for its stated purpose by either the Joint Commission or the Accreditation Association for Ambulatory Care; or
b) approved for its stated purpose by Medicare.

[Carrier] does not recognize a Facility as an Ambulatory Surgical Center if it is part of a Hospital.

Anniversary Date means the date which is one year from the Effective Date of the Policy and each succeeding yearly date thereafter.

[**Approved Cancer Clinical Trial** means a scientific study of a new therapy or intervention for the treatment, palliation, or prevention of cancer in human beings that meets the following requirements:
a) The treatment or intervention is provided pursuant to an approved cancer clinical trial that has been authorized or approved by one of the following: 1) The National Institutes of Health (Phase I, II and III); (2) the United States Food and Drug Administration, in the form of an investigational new drug (IND) exemption (Phase I, II and III); 3) The United States Department of Defense; or 4) The United States Department of Veteran Affairs.
b) The proposed therapy has been reviewed and approved by the applicable qualified Institutional Review Board.
c) The available clinical or pre-clinical data to indicate that the treatment or intervention provided pursuant to the Approved Cancer Clinical Trial will be at least as effective as standard therapy, if such therapy exists, and is expected to constitute an improvement in effectiveness for treatment, prevention and palliation of cancer.
d) The Facility and personnel providing the treatment are capable of doing so by virtue of their experience and training.
e) The trial consists of a scientific plan of treatment that includes specified goals, a rationale and background for the plan, criteria for patient selection, specific directions for administering therapy and monitoring patients, a definition of quantitative measures for determining treatment response and methods for documenting and treating adverse reactions. All such trials must have undergone a review for scientific content and validity, as evidenced by approval by one of the federal entities identified in item a. A cost-benefit analysis of clinical trials will be performed when such an evaluation can be included with a reasonable expectation of sound assessment.]

Biologically-based Mental Illness means a mental or nervous condition that is caused by a biological disorder of the brain and results in a clinically significant or psychological syndrome or pattern that substantially limits the functioning of the person with the illness, including but not limited to: schizophrenia; schizoaffective disorder; major depressive disorder; bipolar disorder; paranoia and other psychotic disorders; obsessive-compulsive disorder; panic disorder and pervasive developmental disorder or autism.

Birthing Center means a Facility which mainly provides care and treatment for women during uncomplicated pregnancy, routine full-term delivery, and the immediate post-partum period. It must:
a) provide full-time Skilled Nursing Care by or under the supervision of Nurses;
b) be staffed and equipped to give emergency care; and
c) have written back-up arrangements with a local Hospital for emergency care.

[Carrier] will recognize it if:
a) it carries out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws; or
b) it is approved for its stated purpose by the Accreditation Association for Ambulatory Care; or
c) it is approved for its stated purpose by Medicare.

[Carrier] does not recognize a Facility as a Birthing Center if it is part of a Hospital.

Board means the Board of Directors of the New Jersey Small Employer Health Benefits Program.

Calendar Year means each successive 12 month period which starts on January 1 and ends on December 31.

Cash Deductible means the amount of Covered Charges that a Covered Person must pay before the Policy pays any benefits for such charges. Cash Deductible does not include Coinsurance, Copayments and Non-Covered Charges. See the **Cash Deductible** section of the Policy for details.

Church Plan has the same meaning given that term under Title I, section 3 of Pub.L.93-406, the "Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974"

Coinsurance means the percentage of a Covered Charge that must be paid by a Covered Person. Coinsurance does **not** include Cash Deductibles, Copayments or Non-Covered Charges.

Copayment means a specified dollar amount a Covered Person must pay for specified Covered Charges. **Note**: The Emergency Room Copayment, if applicable, must be paid in addition to the Cash Deductible, any other Copayments, and Coinsurance.

Cosmetic Surgery or Procedure means any surgery or procedure which involves physical appearance, but which does not correct or materially improve a physiological function and is not Medically Necessary and Appropriate.

Covered Charges are Reasonable and Customary charges for the types of services and supplies described in the **Covered Charges** and **Covered Charges with Special Limitations** section of the Policy. The services and supplies must be:
a) furnished or ordered by a recognized health care Provider; and
b) Medically Necessary and Appropriate to diagnose or treat an Illness or Injury.

A Covered Charge is incurred on the date the service or supply is furnished. Subject to all of the terms of the Policy, [Carrier] pays benefits for Covered Charges incurred by a Covered Person while he or she is insured by the Policy. Read the entire [Certificate] to find out what [Carrier] limits or excludes.

Covered Person means an eligible Employee [or a Dependent] who is insured under the Policy.

Creditable Coverage means, with respect to an Employee [or Dependent], coverage of the Employee [or Dependent] under any of the following: a Group Health Plan; a group or individual Health Benefits Plan; Part A or Part B of Title XVIII of the federal Social Security Act (Medicare); Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act (Medicaid), other than coverage consisting solely of benefits under section 1928 of Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act (the program for distribution of pediatric vaccines); Title XXI of the Social Security Act (State Children's Health Insurance Program), chapter 55 of Title 10, United States Code (medical and dental care for members and certain former members of the uniformed services and their dependents); a medical care program of the Indian Health Service or of a tribal organization; a state health benefits risk pool; a health plan offered under chapter 89 of Title 5, United States Code; a Public Health Plan as defined by federal regulation; a health benefits plan under section 5(e) of the "Peace Corps Act"; or coverage under any other type of plan as set forth by the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance by regulation.

Creditable Coverage does not include coverage which consists solely of the following: coverage only for accident or disability income insurance, or any combination thereof; coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance; liability insurance, including general liability insurance and automobile liability insurance; workers' compensation or similar insurance; automobile medical payment insurance; credit only insurance; coverage for on-site medical clinics; coverage as specified in federal regulation, under which benefits for medical care are secondary or incidental to the insurance benefits; and other coverage expressly excluded from the definition of Health Benefits Plan.

Current Procedural Terminology (C.P.T.) means the most recent edition of an annually revised listing published by the American Medical Association which assigns numerical codes to procedures and categories of medical care.

Custodial Care means any service or supply, including room and board, which:
a) is furnished mainly to help a person meet his or her routine daily needs; or
b) can be furnished by someone who has no professional health care training or skills.

Even if a Covered Person is in a Hospital or other recognized Facility, [Carrier] does not pay for that part of the care which is mainly custodial.

[**Dependent** means Your:
a) legal spouse which shall include a civil union partner pursuant to P.L. 2006, c. 103 as well as same sex relationships legally recognized in other jurisdictions when such relationships provide substantially all of the rights and benefits of marriage. [and domestic partner pursuant to P.L. 2003, c. 246]; except that legal spouse shall be limited to spouses of a marriage as marriage is defined in the Federal Defense of Marriage Act, 1 U.S.C.A. 7, with respect to the provisions of the Policy regarding continuation rights required by the Federal Consolidated Omnibus Reconciliation Act of 1886 (COBRA), Pub. L. 99-272, as subsequently amended. (Civil union partners do not have COBRA rights in the event of dissolution of the civil union.)
b) unmarried Dependent child who is under age 19; and
c) unmarried Dependent child from age 19 until his or her 23rd birthday, who is enrolled as a full-time student at an Accredited School. Full-time student status will be as defined by the Accredited School. [Carrier] can require periodic proof of a Dependent child's status as a full-time student.

A Dependent is not a person who is:
a) on active duty in the armed forces of any country; or
b) eligible for coverage under the Policy as an Employee.

Under certain circumstances, an incapacitated child is also a Dependent. See the **Dependent Coverage** section of the [Certificate].

Your "unmarried Dependent child" includes:
a) Your legally adopted children,
b) Your step-child if such step-child depends on You for most of his or her support and maintenance, [and]

c) the child of his or her civil union partner if the child depends on the employee for most of his or her support and maintenance, [and]
d) [the child of his or her domestic partner if the child depends on the Employee for most of his or her support and maintenance, and]
e) children under a court appointed guardianship.
[Carrier] treats a child as legally adopted from the time the child is placed in the home for purpose of adoption. [Carrier] treats such a child this way whether or not a final adoption order is ever issued.]

[Dependent's Eligibility Date means the later of:
a) the Employee's Eligibility Date; or
b) the date the person first becomes a Dependent.]
Developmental Disability or **Developmentally Disabled** means a severe, chronic disability that:
a) is attributable to a mental or physical impairment or a combination of mental and physical impairments;
b) is manifested before the [Covered Person] attains age 19;
c) is likely to continue indefinitely;
d) results in substantial functional limitations in three or more of the following areas of major life activity: self-care; receptive and expressive language; learning; mobility; self-direction; capacity for independent living; economic self-sufficiency;
e) reflects the [Covered Person's] need for a combination and sequence of special interdisciplinary or generic services, individualized support, and other forms of assistance that are lifelong or of extended duration and are individually planned and coordinated.

Diagnostic Services means procedures ordered by a recognized Provider because of specific symptoms to diagnose a specific condition or disease. Some examples are:
a) radiology, ultrasound and nuclear medicine;
b) laboratory and pathology; and
c) EKGs, EEGs and other electronic diagnostic tests.

Except as allowed under the Preventive Care Covered Charge, Diagnostic Services are not covered under the Policy if the procedures are ordered as part of a routine or periodic physical examination or screening examination.

Discretion/Determination/Determine means the [Carrier's] sole right to make a decision or determination. The decision will be applied in a reasonable and non-discriminatory manner.

Durable Medical Equipment is equipment which is:
a) designed and able to withstand repeated use;
b) primarily and customarily used to serve a medical purpose;
c) generally not useful to a Covered Person in the absence of an Illness or Injury; and
d) suitable for use in the home.

Some examples are walkers, wheelchairs, hospital-type beds, breathing equipment and apnea monitors.

Among other things, Durable Medical Equipment does not include adjustments made to vehicles, air conditioners, air purifiers, humidifiers, dehumidifiers, elevators, ramps, stair glides, Emergency Alert equipment, handrails, heat appliances, improvements made to the home or place of business, waterbeds, whirlpool baths and exercise and massage equipment.

Effective Date means the date on which coverage begins under the Policy for the Policyholder, or the date coverage begins under the Policy for an Employee [or Dependent], as the context in which the term is used suggests.

Emergency means a medical condition manifesting itself by acute symptoms of sufficient severity including, but not limited to, severe pain, psychiatric disturbances and/or symptoms of Substance Abuse such that a prudent layperson, who possesses an average knowledge of health and medicine, could expect the absence of immediate medical attention to result in: placing the health of the individual (or with respect to a pregnant woman, the health of the woman or her unborn child) in serious jeopardy; serious impairment to bodily functions; or serious dysfunction of a bodily organ or part. With respect to a pregnant woman who is having contractions, an emergency exists where: there is inadequate time to effect a safe transfer to another Hospital before delivery; or the transfer may pose a threat to the health or safety of the woman or unborn child.

Employee means a Full-Time bona fide Employee (25 hours per week) of the Policyholder. Partners, proprietors, and independent contractors will be treated like Employees, if they meet all of the Policy's conditions of eligibility. Employees who work on a temporary or substitute basis or who are participating in an employee welfare arrangement established pursuant to a collective bargaining agreement are not considered to be Employees for the purpose of the Policy.

Employee's Eligibility Date means the later of:
a) the date of employment; or
b) [the day] after any applicable waiting period ends.

Employer means [ABC Company].

Enrollment Date means, with respect to a Covered Person, the Effective Date or, if earlier, the first day of any applicable waiting period. If an Employee changes plans or if the Employer transfers coverage to another carrier, the Covered Person's Enrollment Date does not change.

Experimental or Investigational means [Carrier] determines a service or supply is:
a) not of proven benefit for the particular diagnosis or treatment of a particular condition; or
b) not generally recognized by the medical community as effective or appropriate for the particular diagnosis or treatment of a particular condition; or
c) provided or performed in special settings for research purposes or under a controlled environment or clinical protocol.

Unless otherwise required by law with respect to drugs which have been prescribed for treatment for which the drug has not been approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA), [Carrier] will not cover any services or supplies, including treatment, procedures, drugs, biological products or medical devices or any hospitalizations in connection with Experimental or Investigational services or supplies.

[Carrier] will also not cover any technology or any hospitalization primarily to receive such technology if such technology is obsolete or ineffective and is not used generally by the medical community for the particular diagnosis or treatment of a particular condition.

Governmental approval of technology is not necessarily sufficient to render it of proven benefit or appropriate or effective for a particular diagnosis or treatment of a particular condition, as explained below.

[Carrier] will apply the following five criteria in determining whether services or supplies are Experimental or Investigational:

a. Any medical device, drug, or biological product must have received final approval to market by the FDA for the particular diagnosis or condition. Any other approval granted as an interim step in the FDA regulatory process, e.g., an Investigational Device Exemption or an Investigational New Drug Exemption, is not sufficient. Once FDA approval has been granted for a particular diagnosis or condition, use of the medical device, drug or biological product for another diagnosis or condition will require that one or more of the following established reference compendia:

1. The American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information; or
2. The United States Pharmacopeia Drug Information

recognize the usage as appropriate medical treatment. As an alternative to such recognition in one or more of the compendia, the usage of the drug will be recognized as appropriate if it is recommended by a clinical study or recommended by a review article in a major peer reviewed professional journal. A medical device, drug, or biological product that meets the above tests will not be considered Experimental or Investigational.

In any event, any drug which the Food and Drug Administration has determined to be contraindicated for the specific treatment for which the drug has been prescribed will be considered Experimental or Investigational.

b. Conclusive evidence from the published peer-reviewed medical literature must exist that the technology has a definite positive effect on health outcomes; such evidence must include well designed investigations that have been reproduced by non affiliated authoritative sources, with measurable results, backed up by the positive endorsements of national medical bodies or panels regarding scientific efficacy and rationale;

c. Demonstrated evidence as reflected in the published peer-reviewed medical literature must exist that over time the technology leads to improvement in health outcomes, i.e., the beneficial effects outweigh any harmful effects;

d. Proof as reflected in the published peer-reviewed medical literature must exist that the technology is at least as effective in improving health outcomes as established technology, or is usable in appropriate clinical contexts in which established technology is not employable: and

e. Proof as reflected in the published peer reviewed medical literature must exist that improvements in health outcomes; as defined item c. above, is possible in standard conditions of medical practice, outside clinical investigatory settings.

Extended Care Center means a Facility which mainly provides full-time Skilled Nursing Care for Ill or Injured people who do not need to be in a Hospital. [Carrier] will recognize it if it carries out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it is either:

a) accredited for its stated purpose by the Joint Commission; or
b) approved for its stated purpose by Medicare. In some places, an "Extended Care Center" may be called a "Skilled Nursing Facility."

Facility means a place [Carrier] is required by law to recognize which:

a) is properly licensed, certified, or accredited to provide health care under the laws of the state in which it operates; and
b) provides health care services which are within the scope of its license, certificate or accreditation.

Full-Time means a normal work week of 25 or more hours. Work must be at the Policyholder's regular place of business or at another place to which an Employee must travel to perform his or her regular duties for his or her full and normal work hours.

Government Hospital means a Hospital operated by a government or any of its subdivisions or agencies, including but not limited to a Federal, military, state, county or city Hospital.

Group Health Plan means an employee welfare benefit plan, as defined in Title I of section 3 of Pub.L.93-406, the "Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974" (ERISA) (29 U.S.C. §1002(1)) to the extent that the plan provides medical care and includes items and services paid for as medical care to employees or their dependents directly or through insurance, reimbursement or otherwise.

Health Benefits Plan means any hospital and medical expense insurance policy or certificate; health, hospital, or medical service corporation contract or certificate; or health maintenance organization subscriber contract or certificate delivered or issued for delivery in New Jersey by any carrier to a Small Employer group pursuant to section 3 of P.L. 1992. c. 162 (C. 17B: 27A-19) or any other similar contract, policy, or plan issued to a Small Employer, not explicitly excluded from the definition of a health benefits plan. Health Benefits Plan does not include one or more, or any combination of the following: coverage only for accident or disability income insurance, or any combination thereof; coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance; liability insurance, including general liability insurance and automobile liability insurance; workers' compensation or similar insurance; automobile medical payment insurance; credit-only insurance; coverage for on-site medical clinics; and other similar insurance coverage, as specified in federal regulations, under which benefits for medical care are secondary or incidental to other insurance benefits. Health Benefits Plans shall not include the following benefits if they are provided under a separate policy, certificate or contract of insurance or are otherwise not an integral part of the plan: limited scope dental or vision benefits; benefits for long term care, nursing home care, home health care, community based care, or any combination thereof; and such other similar, limited benefits as are specified in federal regulations. Health Benefits Plan shall not include hospital confinement indemnity coverage if the benefits are provided under a separate policy, certificate or contract of insurance, there is no coordination between the provision of the benefits and any exclusion of benefits under any group Health Benefits Plan maintained by the same Plan Sponsor, and those benefits are paid with respect to an event without regard to whether benefits are provided with respect to such an event under any Group Health Plan maintained by the same Plan Sponsor. Health Benefits Plan shall not include the following if it is offered as a separate policy, certificate or contract of insurance: Medicare supplemental health insurance as defined under section 1882(g)(1) of the federal Social Security Act; and coverage

supplemental to the coverage provided under chapter 55 of Title 10, United States Code; and similar supplemental coverage provided to coverage under a Group Health Plan.

Health Status-Related Factor means any of the following factors: health status; medical condition, including both physical and mental Illness; claims experience; receipt of health care; medical history; genetic information; evidence of insurability, including conditions arising out of acts of domestic violence; and disability.

["DC" HMO Plan means the Small Employer Health Benefits Health Maintenance Organization Contract issued by [Carrier] in conjunction with this Indemnity Plan.]

Home Health Agency means a Provider which provides Skilled Nursing Care for Ill or Injured people in their home under a home health care program designed to eliminate Hospital stays. [Carrier] will recognize it if it is licensed by the state in which it operates, or it is certified to participate in Medicare as a Home Health Agency.

Hospice means a Provider which provides palliative and supportive care for terminally Ill or terminally Injured people under a hospice care program. [Carrier] will recognize a hospice if it carries out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it is either:
a) approved for its stated purpose by Medicare; or
b) it is accredited for its stated purpose by either the Joint Commission or the National Hospice Organization.

Hospital means a Facility which mainly provides Inpatient care for Ill or Injured people. [Carrier] will recognize it if it carries out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it is either:
a) accredited as a Hospital by the Joint Commission; or
b) approved as a Hospital by Medicare.

Among other things, a Hospital is not a convalescent home, rest or nursing Facility, or a Facility, or part of it which mainly provides Custodial Care, educational care or rehabilitative care. A Facility for the aged or substance abusers is also not a Hospital.

Illness or Ill means a sickness or disease suffered by a Covered Person or a description of a Covered Person suffering from a sickness or disease.

["DC" Indemnity Plan means the Small Employer Health Benefits Policy issued by [Carrier].]

[Initial Dependent means those eligible Dependents an Employee has at the time he or she first becomes eligible for Employee coverage. If at the time the Employee does not have any eligible Dependents, but later acquires them, the first eligible Dependents he or she acquires are his or her Initial Dependents.]

Injury or Injured means all damage to a Covered Person's body and all complications arising from that damage, or a description of a Covered Person suffering from such damage.

Inpatient means a Covered Person who is physically confined as a registered bed patient in a Hospital or other recognized health care Facility; or services and supplies provided in such settings.

Joint Commission means the Joint Commission on the Accreditation of Health Care Organizations.

Late Enrollee means an eligible Employee [or Dependent] who requests enrollment under the Policy more than [30] days after first becoming eligible. However, an eligible Employee [or Dependent] will not be considered a Late Enrollee under certain circumstances. See the **Employee Coverage [**and **Dependent Coverage]** section[s] of the Policy.

Medically Necessary and Appropriate means that a service or supply is provided by a recognized health care Provider, and [Carrier] determines at its Discretion, that it is:
a) necessary for the symptoms and diagnosis or treatment of the condition, Illness or Injury;
b) provided for the diagnosis, or the direct care and treatment, of the condition, Illness or Injury;
c) in accordance with generally accepted medical practice;
d) not for the convenience of a Covered Person;
e) the most appropriate level of medical care the Covered Person needs; and
f) furnished within the framework of generally accepted methods of medical management currently used in the United States.

The fact that an attending Practitioner prescribes, orders, recommends or approves the care, the level of care, or the length of time care is to be received, does not make the services Medically Necessary and Appropriate.

Medicaid means the health care program for the needy provided by Title XIX of the United States Social Security Act, as amended from time to time.

Medicare means Parts A and B of the health care program for the aged and disabled provided by Title **XVIII** of the United States Social Security Act, as amended from time to time.

Mental Health Center means a Facility which mainly provides treatment for people with mental health problems. [Carrier] will recognize such a place if it carries out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it is either:
a) accredited for its stated purpose by the Joint Commission;
b) approved for its stated purpose by Medicare; or
c) accredited or licensed by the state of New Jersey to provide mental health services.

[Newly Acquired Dependent means an eligible Dependent an Employee acquires after he or she already has coverage in force for Initial Dependents.]

Nicotine Dependence Treatment means "Behavioral Therapy," as defined below, and Prescription Drugs which have been approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration for the management of nicotine dependence.

For the purpose of this definition, covered "Behavioral Therapy" means motivation and behavior change techniques which have been demonstrated to be effective in promoting nicotine abstinence and long term recovery from nicotine addiction.

Non-Biologically-based Mental Illness means an Illness which manifests symptoms which are primarily mental or nervous for which the primary treatment is psychotherapy or psychotropic medication where the Illness is not biologically-based.

In determining whether or not a particular condition is a Non-Biologically-based Mental Illness, [Carrier] may refer to the current edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Conditions of the American Psychiatric Association.

Non-Covered Charges are charges which do not meet the Policy's definition of Covered Charges or which exceed any of the benefit limits shown in the Policy, or which are specifically identified as Non-Covered Charges or are otherwise not covered by the Policy.

Nurse means a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse, including a nursing specialist such as a nurse mid-wife or nurse anesthetist, who:
a) is properly licensed or certified to provide medical care under the laws of the state where he or she practices; and
b) provides medical services which are within the scope of his or her license or certificate.

Outpatient means a Covered Person who is **not** confined as a registered bed patient in a Hospital or recognized health care Facility and is not an Inpatient; or services and supplies provided in such Outpatient settings.

Period of Confinement means consecutive days of Inpatient services provided to an Inpatient or successive Inpatient confinements due to the same or related causes, when discharge and re-admission to a recognized Facility occurs within 90 days or less. [Carrier] determines if the cause(s) of the confinements are the same or related.

Plan means the [Carrier's] group health benefit plan purchased by the Employer. [Note: If the "Plan" definition is employed, references in the Policy to "Policy" should be changed to read "Plan"]

Planholder means the Employer who purchased group health benefit plan. [Note: If the "Planholder" definition is employed, references in the Policy to "Policyholder" should be changed to read "Planholder"]

Plan Sponsor has the meaning given that term under Title I, section 3 of Pub.L.93-406, the ERISA (29 U.S.C. §1002(16)(B)). That is:
a) the Small Employer in the case of an employee benefit plan established or maintained by a single employer;
b) the employee organization in the case of a plan established or maintained by an employee organization; or
c) in the case of a plan established or maintained by two or more employers or jointly by one or more employers and one or more employee organizations, the association, committee, joint board of trustees, or other similar group of representatives of the parties who establish or maintain the plan.

Plan Year means the year that is designated as the plan year in the plan document of a Group Health Plan, except if the plan document does not designate a plan year or if there is no plan document, the Plan Year is a Calendar Year.

["DC" Point of Service Plan (Often referred to as a POS plan) means a plan that provides coverage for the services of [Network] Providers under an HMO plan as well as the services of [Non-Network] providers under an Indemnity Plan. Whenever a person covered under a POS plan needs to access health care, he or she has the option to use the services of either a [Network] provider (subject to any necessary authorization from his or her Primary Care Physician) or those of a [Non-Network] provider. [Non-Network] charges are usually greater than the [Network] charges, and are subject to a Deductible and Coinsurance. In addition, the [Member] may be liable to pay charges that exceed the amount the Indemnity Plan carrier Determines to be the Reasonable and Customary Charge for a service or supply.]

Policy means this group policy, including the application and any riders, amendments, or endorsements, between the Employer and [Carrier].

Policyholder means the Employer who purchased the Policy.

Practitioner means a person [Carrier] is required by law to recognize who:
a) is properly licensed or certified to provide medical care under the laws of the state where he or she practices; and
b) provides medical services which are within the scope of his or her license or certificate.

Pre-Approval or Pre-Approved means the [Carrier's] approval using paper or electronic means for specified services and supplies prior to the date charges are incurred. [Carrier] will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for treatment, services and supplies which require Pre-Approval and are not Pre-Approved by [Carrier] provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under the Policy.

Pre-Existing Condition means an Illness or Injury which manifests itself in the six months before a Covered Person's Enrollment Date, and for which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received during the six months immediately preceding the Enrollment Date.

Pre-Existing Condition Limitation means, with respect to coverage, a limitation or exclusion of benefits relating to a condition based on the fact that the condition was present before the Enrollment Date, whether or not any medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received before that date. Genetic information will not be treated as a Pre-Existing Condition in the absence of a diagnosis of the condition related to that information. Pregnancy will not be treated as a Pre-Existing Condition.

Prescription Drugs are drugs, biologicals and compound prescriptions which are sold only by prescription and which are required to show on the manufacturer's label the words: "Caution-Federal Law Prohibits Dispensing Without a Prescription" or other drugs and devices as determined by [Carrier], such as insulin.

Preventive Care means charges for routine physical examinations, including related laboratory tests and x-rays, immunizations and vaccines, well baby care, pap smears, mammography, screening tests, bone density tests, colorectal cancer screening and Nicotine Dependence Treatment.

Private Duty Nursing means Skilled Nursing Care for Covered Persons who require individualized continuous Skilled Nursing Care provided by a registered nurse or a licensed practical nurse.

Provider means a recognized Facility or Practitioner of health care in accordance with the terms of the Policy

Public Health Plan means any plan established or maintained by a State, the U.S. government, a foreign country, or any political subdivision of a State, the U.S. government, or a foreign country that provides health coverage to individuals who are enrolled in the plan.

Reasonable and Customary means an amount that is not more than the [lesser of:
• the] usual or customary charge for the service or supply as determined by [Carrier], based on a standard approved by the Board[; or
[• the negotiated fee schedule.]

The Board will decide a standard for what is Reasonable and Customary under the Policy. The chosen standard is an amount which is most often charged for a given service by a Provider within the same geographic area. For charges that are not determined by a negotiated fee schedule, the [Covered Person] may be billed for the difference between the Reasonable and Customary charge and the charge billed by the Provider.

Please note: The Coordination of Benefits and Services provision includes a distinct definition of Reasonable and Customary.

[**Referral** means specific direction or instructions from a Covered Person's Primary Care Physician [or care manager] in conformance with [Carrier's] policies and procedures that directs a Covered Person to a Facility or Practitioner for health care.]

Rehabilitation Center means a Facility which mainly provides therapeutic and restorative services to Ill or Injured people. [Carrier] will recognize it if it carries out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it is either:
a) accredited for its stated purpose by either the Joint Commission or the Commission on Accreditation for Rehabilitation Facilities; or
b) approved for its stated purpose by Medicare.

In some places a Rehabilitation Center is called a "rehabilitation hospital."

Routine Foot Care means the cutting, debridement, trimming, reduction, removal or other care of corns, calluses, flat feet, fallen arches, weak feet, chronic foot strain, dystrophic nails, excrescences, helomas, hyperkeratosis, hypertrophic nails, non-infected ingrown nails, deratomas, keratosis, onychauxis, onychocryptosis tylomas or symptomatic complaints of the feet. Routine Foot Care also includes orthopedic shoes, foot orthotics and supportive devices for the foot.

Routine Nursing Care means the appropriate nursing care customarily furnished by a recognized Facility for the benefit of its Inpatients.

Schedule means the **Schedule of Insurance and Premium Rates** contained in the Policy.

Skilled Nursing Care means services which are more intensive than Custodial Care, are provided by a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse, and require the technical skills and professional training of a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse.

Skilled Nursing Facility (see Extended Care Center.)

Small Employer means, in connection with a Group Health Plan with respect to a Calendar Year and a Plan Year, any person, firm, corporation, partnership, or political subdivision that is actively engaged in business that employed an average of at least two but not more than 50 eligible Employees on business days during the preceding Calendar Year and who employs at least two eligible Employees on the first day of the Plan Year, and the majority of the eligible Employees are employed in New Jersey. All persons treated as a single employer under subsection (b), (c), (m) or (o) of section 414 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 shall be treated as one employer. In the case of an employer that was not in existence during the preceding Calendar Year, the determination of whether the employer is a small or large employer shall be based on the average number of eligible Employees that it is expected that the employer will employ on business days in the current Calendar Year.

Special Care Unit means a part of a Hospital set up for very ill patients who must be observed constantly. The unit must have a specially trained staff. And it must have special equipment and supplies on hand at all times. Some types of Special Care Units are:
a) intensive care units;
b) cardiac care units;
c) neonatal care units; and
d) burn units.

Substance Abuse means abuse of or addiction to drugs. Substance Abuse does not include abuse of or addiction to alcohol. Please see the definition of Alcohol Abuse.

Substance Abuse Centers are Facilities that mainly provide treatment for people with substance abuse problems. [Carrier] will recognize such a place if it carries out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it is either:
a) accredited for its stated purpose by the Joint Commission; or
b) approved for its stated purpose by Medicare.

Supplemental Limited Benefit Insurance means insurance that is provided in addition to a Health Benefits Plan on an indemnity non-expense incurred basis.

Surgery means:
a) the performance of generally accepted operative and cutting procedures, including surgical diagnostic procedures, specialized instrumentations, endoscopic examinations, and other invasive procedures;
b) the correction of fractures and dislocations;
c) Reasonable and Customary preoperative and post-operative care; or
d) any of the procedures designated by Current Procedural Terminology codes as Surgery.

Therapeutic Manipulation means the treatment of the articulations of the spine and musculoskeletal structures for the purpose of relieving certain abnormal clinical conditions resulting from the impingement upon associated nerves causing discomfort. Some examples are manipulation or adjustment of the spine, hot or cold packs, electrical muscle stimulation, diathermy, skeletal adjustments, massage, adjunctive, ultra-sound, doppler, whirlpool, hydro therapy or other treatment of similar nature.

Total Disability or Totally Disabled means, except as otherwise specified in the Policy, that an Employee who, due to Illness or Injury, cannot perform any duty of his or her occupation or any occupation for which he or she is, or may be, suited by education, training and experience, and is not, in fact, engaged in any occupation for wage or profit. [A Dependent is totally disabled if he or she cannot engage in the normal activities of a person in good health and of like age and sex.] The Employee [or Dependent] must be under the regular care of a Practitioner.
Urgent Care means care for a non-life threatening condition that requires care by a Provider within 24 hours.

[Waiting Period means, with respect to a Group Health Plan and an individual who is a potential participant or beneficiary in the Group Health Plan, the period that must pass with respect to the individual before the individual is eligible to be covered for benefits under the terms of the Group Health Plan.]

[We, Us, Our and **[Carrier]** mean [Carrier].]

[You, Your and Yours mean an Employee who is insured under the Policy.]

EMPLOYEE COVERAGE

Eligible Employees
Subject to the **Conditions of Eligibility** set forth below, and to all of the other conditions of the Policy, all of the Policyholder's Employees who are in an eligible class will be eligible if ["DC"
a)] the Employees are [Actively at Work] Full-Time Employees[.] ["DC" and;
b) the Employees enroll under the associated HMO Plan.]
[In certain situations, the Actively at Work requirement will not apply. If an Employee is not Actively at Work due to a Health Status-Related Factor, the Employee will nevertheless be considered an Eligible Employee. In addition, refer to the Exception below.]

For purposes of the Policy, [Carrier] will treat partners, proprietors and independent contractors like Employees if they meet the Policy's **Conditions of Eligibility.**

Conditions of Eligibility

Full-Time Requirement
[Except where an Employee is not Actively at Work due to a Health Status-Related Factor, and except as stated below,][Carrier] will not insure an Employee unless the Employee is [an Actively at Work] [a] Full-Time Employee.

Enrollment Requirement
[Carrier] will not insure the Employee until the Employee enrolls and agrees to make the required payments, if any. If the Employee does this within [30] days of the Employee's Eligibility Date, coverage is scheduled to start on the Employee's Eligibility Date.

If the Employee enrolls and agrees to make the required payments, if any:
a) more than [30] days after the Employee's Eligibility Date; or
b) after the Employee previously had coverage which ended because the Employee failed to make a required payment,

[Carrier] will consider the Employee to be a Late Enrollee. Late Enrollees are subject to the Policy's Pre-Existing Conditions limitation, if any applies.

When an Employee initially waives coverage under the Policy, the Plan Sponsor [or [Carrier]] should notify the Employee of the requirement for the Employee to make a statement that waiver was because he or she was covered under another group plan, if such other coverage was in fact the reason for the waiver, and the consequences of that requirement. If an Employee initially waived coverage under the Policy and the Employee stated at that time that such waiver was because he or she was covered under another group plan, and Employee now elects to enroll under the Policy, [Carrier] will not consider the Employee [and his or her Dependents] to be [a] Late Enrollee[s], provided the coverage under the other plan ends due to one of the following events:
a) termination of employment or eligibility;
b) reduction in the number of hours of employment;
c) involuntary termination;
d) divorce or legal separation or dissolution of the civil union [or termination of the domestic partnership];
e) death of the Employee's spouse;
f) termination of the Employer's contribution toward coverage; or
g) termination of the other plan's coverage.
But, the Employee must enroll under the Policy within 90 days of the date that any of the events described above occur. Coverage will take effect as of the date the applicable event occurs.

If an Employee initially waived coverage under the Policy because he or she had coverage under a Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA) continuation provision and the Employee requests coverage under the Policy within 30 days of the date the COBRA continuation ended, [Carrier] will not consider the Employee to be a Late Enrollee. Coverage will take effect as of the date the COBRA continuation ended.

In addition, an Employee [and any Dependents] will not be considered [a] Late Enrollee[s] if the Employee is employed by an employer which offers multiple Health Benefits Plans and the Employee elects a different plan during the open enrollment period.

[Further, an Employee and his or her Dependent spouse, if any, will not be considered Late Enrollees because the Employee initially waived coverage under the Policy for himself or herself and any then existing Dependents provided the Employee enrolls to cover himself or herself and his or her

existing Dependent spouse, if any, under the Policy within 30 days of the marriage, birth, adoption or placement for adoption of a Newly Acquired Dependent.]

[The Waiting Period
The Policy has the following waiting periods:

Employees in an eligible class on the Effective Date, who have completed at least [6 months] of continuous Full-Time service with the Policyholder by that date, are eligible for insurance under the Policy from the Effective Date.

Employees in an eligible class on the Effective Date, who have not completed at least [6 months] of continuous Full-Time service with the Policyholder by that date, are eligible for insurance under the Policy from the day after Employees complete [6 months] of continuous Full-Time service.

Employees who enter an eligible class after the Effective Date are eligible for insurance under the Policy from the day after Employees complete [6 months] of continuous Full-Time service with the Policyholder.]

Any lapse in continuous service due to an absence which results from a Health Status-Related Factor will reduce the days of Full-Time service by the number of days of absence. Such lapse in continuous Full-Time service will not require that the period of continuous Full-Time service begin anew.

Multiple Employment
If an Employee works for both the Policyholder and a covered Affiliated Company, or for more than one covered Affiliated Company, [Carrier] will treat the Employee as if only one entity employs the Employee. And such an Employee will not have multiple coverage under the Policy. But, if the Policy uses the amount of an Employee's earnings or number of work hours to determine class, or for any other reason, such Employee's earnings or number of work hours will be figured as the sum of his or her earnings or work hours from all Affiliated Companies.

When Employee Coverage Starts
[Except where an Employee is not Actively at Work due to a Health Status-Related Factor, and except as stated below, an] [An] Employee must be [Actively at Work, and] working his or her regular number of hours, on the date his or her coverage is scheduled to start. And he or she must have met all the conditions of eligibility which apply to him or her. [If an Employee is not Actively at Work on the scheduled Effective Date, and does not qualify for the exception to the Actively at Work requirement, [Carrier] will postpone the start of his or her coverage until he or she returns to Active Work.]

[Sometimes, a scheduled Effective Date is not a regularly scheduled work day. But an Employee's coverage will start on that date if he or she was Actively at Work, and working his or her regular number of hours, on his or her last regularly scheduled work day.]

The Employee must elect to enroll and agree to make the required payments, if any, within [30] days of the Employee's Eligibility Date. If he or she does this within [30] days of the Employee's Eligibility Date, his or her coverage is scheduled to start on the Employee's Eligibility Date. Such Employee's Eligibility Date is the Effective Date of an Employee's coverage.

If the Employee does this more than [30] days after the Employee's Eligibility Date, [Carrier] will consider the Employee a Late Enrollee. Coverage is scheduled to start on the date the [Carrier] or [Carrier's] authorized representative or agent receives the signed enrollment form.

[EXCEPTION to the Actively at Work Requirement
The Exception applies if the Policyholder who purchased the Policy purchased it to replace a plan the Policyholder had with some other carrier. An Employee who is not Actively at Work due to Total Disability on the date the Policy takes effect will initially be eligible for limited coverage under the Policy if:

a) the Employee was validly covered under the Policyholder's old plan on the date the Policyholder's old plan ended; and
b) the Policy takes effect immediately upon termination of the prior plan.

Except as stated below, the coverage under the Policy will be limited to coverage for services or supplies for conditions other than the disabling condition. Such limited coverage under the Policy will end one year from the date the person's coverage under the Policy begins. Coverage for services or supplies for the disabling condition will be provided as stated in an extended health benefits, or like provision, contained in the Policyholder's old plan. Thereafter, coverage will not be limited as described in this provision, but will be subject to the terms and conditions of the Policy.]
Exception: If the coverage under the Policy is richer than the coverage under the Policyholder's old plan, the Policy will provide coverage for services and supplies related to the disabling condition. The Policy will coordinate with the Policyholder's old plan, with the Policy providing secondary coverage, as described in the Coordination of Benefits and Services provision.

When Employee Coverage Ends
An Employee's insurance under the Policy will end on the first of the following dates:

a) [the date] an Employee ceases to be [an Actively at Work] [a] Full-Time Employee for any reason. Such reasons include death, retirement, lay-off, leave of absence, and the end of employment.
b) [the date] an Employee stops being an eligible Employee under the Policy.
c) the date the Policy ends, or is discontinued for a class of Employees to which the Employee belongs.
d) the last day of the period for which required payments are made for the Employee, subject to the **Payment of Premiums - Grace Period** section.
["DC" e) [the date] an Employee ceases to be covered under the associated HMO Plan.]

[DEPENDENT COVERAGE

Eligible Dependents for Dependent Health Benefits
Your eligible Dependents are Your:
a) legal spouse which shall include a civil union partner pursuant to P.L. 2006, c. 103 as well as same sex relationships legally recognized in other jurisdictions when such relationships provide substantially all of the rights and benefits of marriage. [and domestic partner pursuant to P.L. 2003, c.

246]; except that legal spouse shall be limited to spouses of a marriage as marriage is defined in the Federal Defense of Marriage Act, 1 U.S.C.A. 7. with respect to the provisions of the Policy regarding continuation rights required by the Federal Consolidated Omnibus Reconciliation Act of 1886 (COBRA), Pub. L. 99-272, as subsequently amended) (Civil union partners do not have COBRA rights in the event of dissolution of the civil union.)
b) unmarried Dependent children who are under age 19; and
c) unmarried Dependent children, from age 19 until their 23rd birthday, who are enrolled as full-time students at Accredited Schools. Full-Time students will be as defined by the Accredited School.

A Dependent is not a person who is:
a) on active duty in the armed forces of any country; or
b) insured for coverage under the Policy as an Employee.

Under certain circumstances, an incapacitated child is also a Dependent. See the **Incapacitated Children** section of the [Certificate].

Your "unmarried Dependent child" includes:
a) your legally adopted children,
b) your step-children if such step-children depend on You for most of their support and maintenance, [and]
c) the child of his or her civil union partner if the child depends on the employee for most of his or her support and maintenance, [and]
d) [the child of his or her domestic partner if the child depends on the Employee for most of his or her support and maintenance, and]
e) children under a court appointed guardianship.

[Carrier] treats a child as legally adopted from the time the child is placed in the home for purpose of adoption. [Carrier] treats such a child this way whether or not a final adoption order is ever issued.

Incapacitated Children
You may have an unmarried child with a mental or physical incapacity, or Developmental Disability, who is incapable of earning a living. Subject to all of the terms of this section and the Policy, such a child may stay eligible for Dependent health benefits past the Policy's age limit for eligible Dependents.

The child will stay eligible as long as the child stays unmarried and incapable of earning a living, if:
a) the child's condition started before he or she reached the Policy's age limit;
b) the child became insured by the Policy or any other policy before the child reached the age limit and stayed continuously insured after reaching such limit; and
c) the child depends on You for most of his or her support and maintenance.

But, for the child to stay eligible, You must send [Carrier] written proof that the child is incapacitated or Developmentally Disabled and depends on You for most of his or her support and maintenance. You have 31 days from the date the child reaches the age limit to do this. [Carrier] can ask for periodic proof that the child's condition continues. But, after two years, [Carrier] cannot ask for this more than once a year.

The child's coverage ends when Your coverage ends.

Enrollment Requirement
You must enroll Your eligible Dependents in order for them to be covered under the Policy. ["DC" Only eligible Dependents who You include for coverage under the associated HMO Plan may be enrolled under this Indemnity Plan.] [Carrier] considers an eligible Dependent to be a Late Enrollee, if You:
a) enroll a Dependent and agree to make the required payments more than [30] days after the Dependent's Eligibility Date;
b) in the case of a Newly Acquired Dependent, have other eligible Dependents whose coverage previously ended because You failed to make the required contributions, or otherwise chose to end such coverage.

Late Enrollees are subject to the Policy's Pre-Existing Conditions limitations section, if any applies.

If Your dependent coverage ends for any reason, including failure to make the required payments, Your Dependents will be considered Late Enrollees when their coverage begins again.

When an Employee initially waives coverage for a spouse and/or eligible Dependent children under the Policy, the Plan Sponsor [or [Carrier]] should notify the Employee of the requirement for the Employee to make a statement that waiver was because the spouse and/or eligible Dependent children were covered under another group plan, if such other coverage was in fact the reason for the waiver, and the consequences of that requirement. If the Employee previously waived coverage for the Employee's spouse or eligible Dependent children under the Policy and stated at that time that, such waiver was because they were covered under another group plan and the Employee now elects to enroll them in the Policy, the Dependent will not be considered a Late Enrollee, provided the Dependent's coverage under the other plan ends due to one of the following events:
a) termination of employment or eligibility;
b) reduction in the number of hours of employment;
c) involuntary termination;
d) divorce or legal separation or dissolution of the civil union [or termination of the domestic partnership];
e) death of the Employee's spouse;
f) termination of the contribution toward coverage that was being made by the employer that offered the group plan under which the Dependent was covered; or
g) termination of the other plan's coverage.

But, the Employee's spouse or eligible Dependent children must be enrolled by the Employee within 90 days of the date that any of the events described above occur. Coverage will take effect as of the date the applicable event occurs.

And, [Carrier] will not consider an Employee's spouse or eligible Dependent children for which the Employee initially waived coverage under the Policy, to be a Late Enrollee, if:
a) the Employee is under legal obligation to provide coverage due to a court order; and

b) the Employee's spouse or eligible Dependent children are enrolled by the Employee within 30 days of the issuance of the court order.

Coverage will take effect as of the date required pursuant to a court order.

In addition, if an Employee initially waived coverage under the Policy for the Employee's spouse or eligible Dependent children because the spouse and/or Dependent children had coverage under a Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA) continuation provision and the Employee requests coverage for the spouse and/or Dependent children under the Policy within 30 days of the date the COBRA continuation ended, [Carrier] will not consider the spouse and/or Dependent children to be Late Enrollees. Coverage will take effect as of the date the COBRA continuation ended.

When Dependent Coverage Starts
In order for Your dependent coverage to begin You must already be insured for Employee coverage or enroll for Employee and Dependent coverage at the same time. Subject to all of the terms of the Policy, the date Your dependent coverage starts depends on when You elect to enroll Your Initial Dependents and agree to make any required payments.

If You do this within [30] days of the Dependent's Eligibility Date, the Dependent's Coverage is scheduled to start on the later of:
a) the Dependent's Eligibility Date, or
b) the date You become insured for Employee coverage.

If You do this more than [30] days after the Dependent's Eligibility Date, [Carrier] will consider the Dependent a Late Enrollee. Coverage is scheduled to start on the later of:
a) the date the [Carrier] or [Carrier's] authorized representative or agent receive the signed enrollment form; or
b) the date You become insured for Employee coverage.

Once an Employee has dependent coverage for Initial Dependents the Employee must notify [Carrier] of a Newly Acquired Dependent within [30] days after the Newly Acquired Dependent's Eligibility Date. If the Employee does not, the Newly Acquired Dependent is a Late Enrollee.

A Newly Acquired Dependent other than a newborn child or newly adopted child, including a child placed for adoption, will be covered from the later of:
a) the date the Employee notifies [Carrier] and agrees to make any additional payments, or
b) the Dependent's Eligibility Date for the Newly Acquired Dependent.

If the Policyholder who purchased the Policy purchased it to replace a plan the Policyholder had with some other carrier, a Dependent who is Totally Disabled on the date the Policy takes effect will initially be eligible for limited coverage under the Policy if:

a) the Dependent was validly covered under the Policyholder's old plan on the date the Policyholder's old plan ended; and
b) the Policy takes effect immediately upon termination of the prior plan.

The coverage under the Policy will be limited to coverage for services or supplies for conditions other than the disabling condition. Such limited coverage under the Policy will end one year from the date the person's coverage under the Policy begins. Coverage for services or supplies for the disabling condition will be provided as stated in an extended health benefits, or like provision, contained in the Policyholder's old plan. Thereafter coverage will not be limited as described in this provision, but will be subject to the terms and conditions of the Policy.

Newborn Children
[Carrier] will cover an Employee's newborn child for 31 days from the date of birth without additional premium. Health benefits may be continued beyond such 31-day period as stated below:
a) If the Employee is already covered for Dependent child coverage on the date the child is born, coverage automatically continues beyond the initial 31 days, provided the premium required for Dependent child coverage continues to be paid. The Employee must notify [Carrier] of the birth of the newborn child as soon as possible in order that [Carrier] may properly provide benefits under the Policy.
b) If the Employee is not covered for Dependent child coverage on the date the child is born, the Employee must:
- give written notice to enroll the newborn child; and
- pay the premium required for Dependent child coverage within 31 days after the date of birth.

If the notice is not given and the premium is not paid within such 31-day period, the newborn child's coverage will end at the end of such 31-day period. If the notice is given and the premium paid after that 31-day period, the child will be a Late Enrollee.

When Dependent Coverage Ends
A Dependent's insurance under the Policy will end on the first of the following dates:
a) [the date] Employee coverage ends;
b) the date the Employee stops being a member of a class of Employees eligible for such coverage;
c) the date the Policy ends;
d) the date Dependent coverage is terminated from the Policy for all Employees or for an Employee's class.
e) the date an Employee fails to pay any required part of the cost of Dependent coverage. It ends on the last day of the period for which the Employee made the required payments, unless coverage ends earlier for other reasons.
f) at 12:01 a. m. [on the last day of the calendar month following] [on] the date the Dependent stops being an eligible Dependent.
["DC" g) the date the Dependent ceases to be covered under the associated HMO Plan.]

PREFERRED PROVIDER ORGANIZATION PROVISIONS

The Employer XYZ Health Care Network, and the [Carrier]

The Policy encourages a Covered Person to use services provided by members of [XYZ Health Care Network a Preferred Provider Organization (PPO).] A PPO is a network of health care providers located in the Covered Person's geographical area. In addition to an identification card, the

Covered Person will periodically be given up-to date lists of [XYZ Health Care Network] preferred providers. The up-to date lists will be furnished automatically, without charge.

Use of the network is strictly voluntary, but [Carrier] generally pays a higher level of benefits for most covered services and supplies furnished to a Covered Person by [XYZ Health Care Network]. Conversely, [Carrier] generally pays a lower level of benefits when covered services and supplies are not furnished by [XYZ Health Care Network] (even if an [XYZ Health Care Network] Practitioner orders the services and supplies). Of course, a Covered Person is always free to be treated by any Practitioner or Facility. And, he or she is free to change Practitioners or Facilities at any time.

In the case of Urgent Care or an Emergency, a Covered Person may go to a [XYZ Health Care Network] provider or a non-[XYZ Health Care Network] provider. If a Covered Person receives Urgent Care or care and treatment for an Emergency from a non-[XYZ Health Care Network] provider, and the Covered Person calls [Carrier] within 48 hours, or as soon as reasonably possible, [Carrier] will provide benefits for the Urgent Care or Emergency care and treatment to the same extent as would have been provided if care and treatment were provide by a [XYZ Health Care Network] provider. However, follow-up care or treatment by a non-[XYZ Health Care Network] provider will be treated as Network benefits only to the extent it is Medically Necessary and Appropriate care or treatment rendered before the Covered Person can return to the [XYZ Health Care Network] service area.

A Covered Person may use any [XYZ Health Care Network] Provider. He or she just presents his or her [XYZ Health Care Network] identification card to the [XYZ Health Care Network] Practitioner or Facility furnishing covered services or supplies. Most [XYZ Health Care Network] Practitioners and Facilities will prepare any necessary claim forms for him or her, and submit the forms to [Carrier]. The Covered Person will receive an explanation of any insurance payments made by the Policy. And if there is any balance due, the [XYZ Health Care Network] Practitioner or Facility will bill him or her directly.

The Policy also has utilization review features. See the **Utilization Review Features** section for details.

What [Carrier] pays is subject to all the terms of the Policy. The Employee should read his or her [Certificate] carefully and keep it available when consulting a Practitioner.

See the Schedule for specific benefit levels, payment rates and payment limits.

If an Employee has any questions after reading his or her [Certificate], he or she should call [Carrier] [Group Claim Office at the number shown on his or her identification card.]

[[Different] providers in [Carrier's] Network have agreed to be paid [in different ways by [Carrier]. A Provider may be paid] [each time he or she treats a Covered Person ("fee for service")] [, or may be paid] [a set fee for each month for each Covered Person whether or not the Covered Person actually receives services ("capitation")] [, or may receive] [a salary]. [These payment methods may include financial incentive agreements to pay some providers more ("bonuses") or less ("withholds") based on many factors: Covered Person satisfaction, quality of care, and control of costs and use of services among them.] If a Covered Person desires additional information about how [Carrier's] primary care physicians or any other Provider in [Carrier's] Network are compensated, please call [Carrier] at [telephone number] or write [address].

The laws of the state of New Jersey, at N.J.S.A. 45:9-22.4 et seq., mandate that a physician, chiropractor or podiatrist who is permitted to make Referrals to other health care Providers in which he or she has a significant financial interest inform his or her patients of any significant financial interest he or she may have in a health care Provider or Facility when making a Referral to that health care Provider or Facility. If A Covered Person wants more information about this, contact the Covered Person's physician, chiropractor or podiatrist. If a Covered Person believes he or she is not receiving the information to which he or she is entitled, contact the Division of Consumer Affairs in the New Jersey Department of Law and Public Safety at (973) 504-6200 OR (800) 242-5846.]

[**Note**: Used only if coverage is offered as a PPO.]

POINT OF SERVICE PROVISIONS

Definitions

a) ***Primary Care Practitioner*** (PCP) means the Practitioner the Covered Person selects to supervise and coordinate his or her health care in the [XYZ] Provider Organization. [Carrier] will supply the Covered Person with a list of PCPs who are members of the [XYZ] Provider Organization.
b) ***Provider Organization*** (PO) means a network of health care Providers located in a Covered Person's Service Area.
c) ***Network Benefits*** mean the benefits shown in the Schedule which are provided if the Primary Care Practitioner provides care, treatment, services, and supplies to the Covered Person or if the Primary Care Practitioner refers the Covered Person to another Provider for such care, treatment, services, and supplies.
d) ***Non-Network Benefits*** mean the benefits shown in the Schedule which are provided if the Primary Care Practitioner does not authorize the care, treatment, services, and supplies.
e) ***Service Area*** means the geographical area which is served by the Practitioners in the [XYZ] Provider Organization.

Provider Organization (PO)

The Provider Organization for the Policy is the [XYZ] Provider Organization. The Policy requires that the Covered Person use the services of a PCP, or be referred for services by a PCP, in order to receive Network Benefits. The Covered Person will periodically be given up-to date lists of [XYZ] PO Providers. The up-to date lists will be furnished automatically, without charge.

The Primary Care Practitioner (PCP)

The PCP will supervise and coordinate the Covered Person's health care in the [XYZ] PO. The PCP must authorize all services and supplies. In addition, he or she will refer the Covered Person to the appropriate Practitioner and Facility when Medically Necessary and Appropriate. The Covered Person must obtain an authorized Referral from his or her PCP before he or she visits another Practitioner or Facility. Except in case of Urgent Care or an Emergency, if the Covered Person does not comply with these requirements, he or she may only be eligible for Non-Network Benefits.

[Carrier] provides Network Benefits for covered services and supplies furnished to a Covered Person when authorized by his or her PCP. [Carrier] pays Non-Network Benefits when covered services and supplies are not authorized by the PCP. However, if the PCP refers a Covered Person to a Non-Network Provider for a service or supply, the service or supply shall be covered as a Network service or supply and [Carrier] is fully responsible for payment to the Provider and the Covered Person is only responsible for any applicable Network level Copayment, Coinsurance or Deductible for the service or supply.

If services or supplies are obtained from [XYZ] Providers even though they are not authorized by the PCP, the Covered Person will be eligible for Non-Network Benefits where the [XYZ] provider's charges and the Covered Person's liability are limited to the negotiated fee for the service or supply.]

A Covered Person may change his or her PCP to another PCP [once per month]. He or she may select another PCP from the list of Practitioners, and notify [XYZ] PO by [phone or in writing]. For a discretionary change, the new PCP selection will take effect no more than 14 days following the date of the request. For a change necessitated by termination of the prior PCP from the Network, the new PCP selection will take effect immediately.

When a Covered Person uses the services of a PCP, he or she must present his or her ID card and pay the Copayment. When a Covered Person's PCP refers him or her to another [XYZ] PO Provider, the Covered Person must pay the Copayment to such Provider. [Most [XYZ] PO Practitioners will prepare any necessary claim forms and submit them to [Carrier].]

A female Covered Person may use the services of a [XYZ] PO gynecologist for non-surgical gynecological care and routine pregnancy care without Referral from her PCP. She must obtain authorization from her PCP for other services.

Non-Network Services
If a Covered Person uses the services of a Provider without having been referred by his or her PCP, he or she will not be eligible for Network Benefits. Except as stated below, for services which have not been referred by the Covered Person's PCP, whether provided by an [XYZ] PO Provider or otherwise, the Covered Person may only be eligible for Non-Network Benefits. Exception: If a [Covered Person] is admitted to a Network Facility by a Non-Network Provider, the Network Facility will nevertheless be paid Network benefits.

Emergency Services
If a Covered Person requires services for Urgent care or an Emergency which occurs inside the PO Service Area, he or she must notify his or her PCP within 48 hours or as soon as reasonably possible thereafter.

Emergency room visits to PO Facilities are subject to a Copayment, and such visits must be retrospectively reviewed [by the PCP]. [Carrier] will waive the emergency room Copayment if the Covered Person is hospitalized within 24 hours of the visit.

In the case of Urgent Care or an Emergency, a Covered Person may go to a [XYZ Health Care Network] provider or a non-[XYZ Health Care Network] provider. If a Covered Person receives Urgent Care or care and treatment for an Emergency from a non-[XYZ Health Care Network] provider, and the Covered Person calls [Carrier] within 48 hours, or as soon as reasonably possible, [Carrier] will provide benefits for the Urgent Care or Emergency care and treatment to the same extent as would have been provided if care and treatment were provided by a [XYZ Health Care Network] provider. However, follow-up care or treatment by a non-[XYZ Health Care Network] provider will be treated as Network Benefits only to the extent it is Medically Necessary and Appropriate care or treatment rendered before the Covered Person can return to the [XYZ Health Care Network] service area.

Utilization Review
The Policy has utilization features. See the **Utilization Review Features** section of the Policy.

Benefits
The Schedule shows Network Benefits, Non-Network Benefits, and Copayments applicable to the Point of Service arrangement. What [Carrier] pays is subject to all the terms of the Policy.

Service Area
[Carrier must include a description of the Service Area, as required by N.J.A.C. 8:38-17.3(a)11]

[[Different] providers in [Carrier's] Network have agreed to be paid [in different ways by [Carrier]. A Provider may be paid] [each time he or she treats a Covered Person ("fee for service"] [, or may be paid] [a set fee for each month for each Covered Person whether or not the Covered Person actually receives services ("capitation")] [, or may receive] [a salary]. [These payment methods may include financial incentive agreements to pay some providers more ("bonuses") or less ("withholds") based on many factors: Covered Person satisfaction, quality of care, and control of costs and use of services among them.] If a Covered Person desires additional information about how [Carrier's] primary care physicians or any other Provider in [Carrier's] Network are compensated, please call [Carrier] at [telephone number] or write [address].

The laws of the state of New Jersey, at N.J.S.A. 45:9-22.4 et seq., mandate that a physician, chiropractor or podiatrist who is permitted to make Referrals to other health care Providers in which he or she has a significant financial interest inform his or her patients of any significant financial interest he or she may have in a health care Provider or Facility when making a Referral to that health care Provider or Facility. If a Covered Person wants more information about this, contact the Covered Person's physician, chiropractor or podiatrist. If a Covered Person believes he or she is not receiving the information to which he or she is entitled, contact the Division of Consumer Affairs in the New Jersey Department of Law and Public Safety at (973) 504-6200 OR (800) 242-5846.]

[**Note:** Used only if coverage is offered as Indemnity POS.]

[APPEALS PROCEDURE

The Appeal Procedure text must satisfy the requirements of N.J.A.C. 8:38-8.5 et seq. or N.J.A.C. 8:38A-3.4 et seq., as appropriate. The text must include specific information regarding the Stage 1, Stage 2 and External Appeals process.

In addition, Carriers are reminded that 29 CFR Part 2560 addresses claims procedures. It is expected that the text included in this Appeals Procedure section will include information the Carrier deems necessary to comply with the requirements of 29 CFR Part 2560.

[CONTINUATION OF CARE

[Carrier] shall provide written notice to each Covered Person at least 30 business days prior to the termination or withdrawal from [Carrier's] Provider network of a Covered Person's PCP and any other Provider from which the Covered Person is currently receiving a course of treatment, as reported to [Carrier]. The 30-day prior notice may be waived in cases of immediate termination of a health care professional based on a breach of contract by the health care professional, a determination of fraud, or where [Carrier's] medical director is of the opinion that the health care professional is an imminent danger to the patient or the public health, safety or welfare.

[Carrier] shall assure continued coverage of covered services at the contract rate by a terminated health care professional for up to four months in cases where it is Medically Necessary and Appropriate for the Covered Person to continue treatment with the terminated health care professional. In case of pregnancy of a Covered Person, coverage of services for the terminated health care professional shall continue to the postpartum evaluation of the Covered Person, up to six weeks after the delivery. With respect to pregnancy, Medical Necessity and Appropriateness shall be deemed to have been demonstrated.

For a Covered Person who is receiving post-operative follow-up care, [Carrier] shall continue to cover the services rendered by the health care professional for the duration of the treatment or for up to six months, whichever occurs first.

For a Covered Person who is receiving oncological treatment or psychiatric treatment, [Carrier] shall continue to cover services rendered by the health care professional for the duration of the treatment or for up to 12 months, whichever occurs first.

For a Covered Person receiving the above services in an acute care Facility, [carrier] will continue to provide coverage for services rendered by the health care professional regardless of whether the acute care Facility is under contract or agreement with [Carrier].

Services shall be provided to the same extent as provided while the health care professional was employed by or under contact with [Carrier]. Reimbursement for services shall be pursuant to the same schedule used to reimburse the health care professional while the health care professional was employed by or under contract with [Carrier].

If a Covered Person is admitted to a health care Facility on the date the Policy is terminated, [Carrier] shall continue to provide benefits for the Covered Person until the date the Covered Person is discharged from the facility or exhaustion of the Covered Person's benefits under the Policy, whichever occurs first.

[Carrier] shall not continue services in those instance in which the health care professional has been terminated based upon the opinion of [Carrier's] medical director that the health care professional is an imminent danger to a patient or to the public health, safety and welfare, a determination of fraud or a breach of contract by a health care professional. The determination of the Medical Necessity and Appropriateness of a Covered Person's continued treatment with a health care professional shall be subject to the appeal procedures set forth in the Policy. [Carrier] shall not be liable for any inappropriate treatment provided to a Covered Person by a health care professional who is no longer employed by or under contract with [Carrier].

If [Carrier] refers a Covered Person to a Non-Network provider, the service or supply shall be covered as a network service or supply. [Carrier] is fully responsible for payment to the health care professional and the Covered Person's liability shall be limited to any applicable Network Copayment, Coinsurance or Deductible for the service or supply.]

HEALTH BENEFITS INSURANCE

This health benefits insurance will pay many of the medical expenses incurred by a Covered Person.

Note: [Carrier] payments will be reduced if a Covered Person does not comply with the Utilization Review and Pre-Approval requirements contained in the Policy.

BENEFIT PROVISION

The Cash Deductible
[Each Calendar Year, each Covered Person must have Covered Charges that exceed the Cash Deductible before [Carrier] pays any benefits to that person. The Cash Deductible is shown in the Schedule. The Cash Deductible cannot be met with Non-Covered Charges Only Covered Charges incurred by the Covered Person while insured by the Policy can be used to meet this Cash Deductible.

Once the Cash Deductible is met, [Carrier] pays benefits for other Covered Charges above the Cash Deductible incurred by that Covered Person, less any applicable Coinsurance or Copayments, for the rest of that Calendar Year. But all charges must be incurred while that Covered Person is insured by the Policy. And what [Carrier] pays is based on all the terms of the Policy.]

[The Policy has two different Cash Deductibles. One is for treatment, services or supplies given by a Network Provider. The other is for treatment, services or supplies given by a Non-Network Provider. Each Cash Deductible is shown in the Schedule.

Each Calendar Year, each Covered Person must have Covered Charges for treatment, services or supplies from a Network Provider that exceed the Cash Deductible before [Carrier] pays benefits for those types of Covered Charges to that Covered Person. Only Covered Charges incurred by the Covered Person for treatment, services or supplies from a Network Provider, while insured by the Policy, can be used to meet this Cash Deductible. Once the Cash Deductible is met, [Carrier] pays benefits for other such Covered Charges above the Cash Deductible incurred by that Covered Person, less any applicable Coinsurance or Copayments, for the rest of that Calendar Year.

Each Calendar Year, each Covered Person must have Covered Charges for treatment, services or supplies from a Non-Network Provider that exceed the Cash Deductible before [Carrier] pays benefits for those types of Covered Charges to that Covered Person. Only Covered Charges incurred by the Covered Person for treatment, services or supplies from a Non-Network Provider, while insured by the Policy, can be used to meet this Cash

Deductible. Once the Cash Deductible is met, [Carrier] pays benefits for other such Covered Charges above the Cash Deductible incurred by that Covered Person, less any applicable Coinsurance or Copayments, for the rest of that Calendar Year.

Neither Cash Deductible can be met with Non-Covered Charges. Only Covered Charges incurred by the Covered Person while insured by the Policy can be used to meet either Cash Deductible. What [Carrier] pays is based on all the terms of the Policy.]

[Family Deductible Limit
The Policy has a family deductible limit of two Cash Deductibles for each Calendar Year. Once two Covered Persons in a family meet their individual Cash Deductibles in a Calendar Year, [Carrier] pays benefits for other Covered Charges incurred by any member of the covered family, less any applicable Coinsurance or Copayments, for the rest of that Calendar Year. What [Carrier] pays is based on all the terms of the Policy.]

[Family Deductible Limit
The Policy has two different family deductible limits. One is for treatment, services or supplies given by a Network Provider. The other is for treatment services or supplies given by a Non-Network Provider.

There is a family deductible limit of two Cash Deductibles for Covered Charges for treatment, services or supplies given by a Network Provider for each Calendar Year. Once [two] Covered Persons in a family meet [their individual] [two times the] Cash Deductible for treatment, services or supplies given by a Network Provider, [Carrier] pays benefits for other such Covered Charges incurred by any member of that covered family, less any applicable Coinsurance, or Copayments, for the rest of that Calendar Year.

There is a family deductible limit of two Cash Deductibles for Covered Charges for treatment, services or supplies given by a Non-Network Provider for each Calendar Year. Once [two] Covered Persons in a family meet [their individual] [two times the] Cash Deductible for treatment, services or supplies given by a Non-Network Provider, [Carrier] pays benefits for other such Covered Charges incurred by any member of that covered family, less any applicable Coinsurance, or Copayments, for the rest of that Calendar Year.

What [Carrier] pays is based on all the terms of the Policy.

[Per Covered Family
The Per Covered Family Calendar Year Cash Deductible is shown in the Schedule. Once three or more Covered Persons in a family have incurred a combined total of Covered Charges toward their Per Covered Person Cash Deductible equal to the per Covered Family Cash Deductible, each Covered Person in that family will be considered to have met his or her Per Covered Person Cash Deductible for the rest of that Calendar Year. The Covered Charges that each Covered Person in a family may use toward the Per Covered Family Cash Deductible may not exceed the amount of the Per Covered Person Cash Deductible.]

[Maximum Out of Pocket
Maximum out of pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Covered Person must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Covered Person has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.]

[Once two Covered Persons in a family meet their individual Maximum Out of Pocket, no other Covered Person in that family will be required to pay any amounts as Copayments, Deductible or Coinsurance for covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.]

[Once any combination of Covered Persons in a family meet an amount equal to [three] times the individual Maximum Out of Pocket, no Covered Person in that family will be required to pay any amounts as Copayments, Deductible or Coinsurance for covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.]

[Note to Carriers: Use this Maximum Out of Pocket text for a pure indemnity plan]

[Network Maximum Out of Pocket
Network Maximum Out of Pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Covered Person must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all Network covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Network Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Covered Person has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for Network covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.

[Once two Covered Persons in a family meet their individual Maximum Out of Pocket, no other Covered Person in that family will be required to pay any amounts as Copayments, Deductible or Coinsurance for covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.]]

[Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket
Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Covered Person must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all Non-Network covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Covered Person has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for Non-Network covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.

[Once two Covered Persons in a family meet their individual Maximum Out of Pocket, no other Covered Person in that family will be required to pay any amounts as Copayments, Deductible or Coinsurance for covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.]

[Once any combination of Covered Persons in a family meet an amount equal to [three] times the individual Maximum Out of Pocket, no Covered Person in that family will be required to pay any amounts as Copayments, Deductible or Coinsurance for covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.]]

[Note to Carriers: Use these paragraphs if the Maximum Out of Pocket is separate for Network and Non-Network]

[Network Maximum Out of Pocket
Network Maximum Out of Pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Covered Person must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all Network **and** Non-Network covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Network Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Covered Person has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for Network or Non-Network covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.

[Once two Covered Persons in a family meet their individual Maximum Out of Pocket, no other Covered Person in that family will be required to pay any amounts as Copayments, Deductible or Coinsurance for covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.]]

[Note to Carriers: Use this text if the Maximum Out of Pocket is common to both Network and Non-Network services and supplies.]

Payment Limits
[Carrier] limits what [Carrier] will pay for certain types of charges. [Carrier] also limits what [Carrier] will pay for all Illnesses or Injuries for each Covered Person's Per Lifetime. See the Schedule for these limits.

Benefits From Other Plans
The benefits [Carrier] will pay may be affected by a Covered Person's being covered by 2 or more plans or policies. Read the provision **Coordination of Benefits** to see how this works.

The benefits [Carrier] will pay may also be affected by Medicare. Read the **Medicare as Secondary Payor** section for an explanation of how this works.

If This Plan Replaces Another Plan
The Policyholder who purchased the Policy may have purchased it to replace a plan the Policyholder had with some other carrier.

The Covered Person may have incurred charges for covered expenses under the Policyholder's old plan before it ended. If so, these charges will be used to meet the Policy's Cash Deductible if:
a) the charges were incurred during the Calendar Year in which the Policy starts;
b) the Policy would have paid benefits for the charges if the Policy had been in effect:
c) the Covered Person was covered by the old plan when it ended and enrolled in the Policy on its Effective Date; and
d) the Policy takes effect immediately upon termination of the prior plan.

Please note: Although Deductible credit is given, there is no credit for Coinsurance.

The Covered Person may have satisfied part of the eligibility Waiting Period under the Policyholder's old plan before it ended. If so, the time satisfied will be used to satisfy the Policy's eligibility Waiting Period if:
a) the Employee was employed by the Policyholder on the date the Policyholder's old plan ended: and
b) the Policy takes effect immediately upon termination of the prior plan.

Extended Health Benefits
If the Policy ends, and a Covered Person is Totally Disabled on such date, and under a Practitioner's care, [Carrier] will extend health benefits for that person under the Policy as explained below. This is done at no cost to the Covered Person.

[Carrier] will only extend benefits for Covered Charges due to the disabling condition. The charges must be incurred before the extension ends. And what [Carrier] will pay is based on all the terms of the Policy.

[Carrier] does not pay for charges due to other conditions. [And [Carrier] does not pay for charges incurred by other covered family members.]

The extension ends on the earliest of:
a) the date the Total Disability ends;
b) one year from the date the person's insurance under the Policy ends; or
c) the date the person has reached the payment limit for his or her disabling condition.

The Employee must submit evidence to [Carrier] that he or she [or his or her Dependent] is Totally Disabled, if [Carrier] requests it.

[PLAN B]

COVERED CHARGES

This section lists the types of charges [Carrier] will consider as Covered Charges. But what [Carrier] will pay is subject to all the terms of the Policy. Read the entire [Certificate] to find out what [Carrier] limits or excludes.

Hospital Charges
[Carrier] covers charges for Hospital room and board and Routine Nursing Care when it is provided to a Covered Person by a Hospital on an Inpatient basis. But [Carrier] limits what [Carrier] pays each day to the room and board limit shown in the Schedule. And [Carrier] covers other Medically Necessary and Appropriate Hospital services and supplies provided to a Covered Person during the Inpatient confinement.

Except as stated below, [Carrier] covers charges for Inpatient care for:
a) a minimum of 72 hours following a modified radical mastectomy; and
b) a minimum of 48 hours following a simple mastectomy.
Exception: The minimum 72 or 48 hours, as appropriate, of Inpatient care will not be covered if the Covered Person, in consultation with the Practitioner, determines that a shorter length of stay is medically necessary and appropriate.

As an **exception** to the Medically Necessary and Appropriate requirement of the Policy, [Carrier] also provides coverage for the mother and newly born child for:
a) a minimum of 48 hours of Inpatient care in a Hospital following a vaginal delivery; and
b) a minimum of 96 hours of Inpatient Hospital care following a cesarean section.

[Carrier] provides such coverage subject to the following:
a) the attending Practitioner must determine that Inpatient care is medically necessary; or
b) the mother must request the Inpatient care.
[As an alternative to the minimum level of Inpatient care described above, the mother may elect to participate in a home care program provided by [Carrier].]

If a Covered Person incurs charges as an Inpatient in a Special Care Unit, [Carrier] covers the charges up to the daily room and board limit for a Special Care Unit shown in the Schedule.

[Carrier] will also cover Outpatient Hospital services, including services provided by a Hospital Outpatient clinic. And [Carrier] covers emergency room treatment, subject to the Policy's **Emergency Room Copayment Requirement** section.

Any charges in excess of the Hospital semi-private daily room and board limit are a Non-Covered Charge. The Policy's utilization review features have penalties for non-compliance that may reduce what [Carrier] pays for Hospital charges.

[Carrier] limits what [Carrier] pays for the treatment of Non-Biologically-based Mental Illnesses and Substance Abuse. See the **Charges Covered with Special Limitations** section of the Policy.

Hospital Copayment Requirement
Each time a Covered Person is confined in a Hospital, he or she must pay a $200 Copayment for each day of confinement, up to a maximum of $1,000 per Period of Confinement, subject to a maximum $2,000 Copayment per Calendar Year.

[PLANS C,D,E]

COVERED CHARGES
This section lists the types of charges [Carrier] will consider as Covered Charges. But what [Carrier] will pay is subject to all the terms of the Policy. Read the entire [Certificate] to find out what [Carrier] limits or excludes.

Hospital Charges
[Carrier] covers charges for Hospital room and board and Routine Nursing Care when it is provided to a Covered Person by a Hospital on an Inpatient basis. But [Carrier] limits what [Carrier] pays each day to the room and board limit shown in the Schedule. And [Carrier] covers other Medically Necessary and Appropriate Hospital services and supplies provided to a Covered Person during the Inpatient confinement.

Except as stated below, [Carrier] covers charges for Inpatient care for:
a) a minimum of 72 hours following a modified radical mastectomy; and
b) a minimum of 48 hours following a simple mastectomy.
Exception: The minimum 72 or 48 hours, as appropriate, of Inpatient care will not be covered if the Covered Person, in consultation with the Practitioner, determines that a shorter length of stay is medically necessary and appropriate.

As an **exception** to the Medically Necessary and Appropriate requirement of the Policy, [Carrier] also provides coverage for the mother and newly born child for:
a) a minimum of 48 hours of Inpatient care in a Hospital following a vaginal delivery; and
b) a minimum of 96 hours of Inpatient Hospital care following a cesarean section.

[Carrier] provides such coverage subject to the following:
a) the attending Practitioner must determine that Inpatient care is medically necessary; or
b) the mother must request the Inpatient care.
[As an alternative to the minimum level of Inpatient care described above, the mother may elect to participate in a home care program provided by [Carrier].]

If a Covered Person incurs charges as an Inpatient in a Special Care Unit, [Carrier] covers the charges up to the daily room and board limit for a Special care Unit shown in the Schedule.

[Carrier] will also cover Outpatient Hospital services, including services provided by a Hospital Outpatient clinic. And [Carrier] covers emergency room treatment, subject to the Policy's **Emergency Room Copayment Requirement** section.

Any charges in excess of the Hospital semi-private daily room and board limit are a Non-Covered Charge. The Policy's utilization review features have penalties for non-compliance that may reduce what [Carrier] pays for Hospital charges.

[Carrier] limits what [Carrier] pays for the treatment of Non-Biologically-based Mental Illnesses and Substance Abuse. See the **Charges Covered with Special Limitations** section of the Policy.

[PLANS B,C,D,E]

Emergency Room Copayment Requirement
Each time a Covered Person uses the services of a Hospital emergency room, he or she must pay a [$50.00] Copayment, in addition to the Cash Deductible, any other Copayments, and Coinsurance, if he or she is not admitted within 24 hours.

Emergency and Urgent Care Services
Coverage for Emergency and Urgent Care include coverage of trauma services at any designated level I or II trauma center as Medically Necessary and Appropriate, which shall be continued at least until, in the judgement of the attending physician, the Covered Person is medically stable, no longer requires critical care, and can be safely transferred to another Facility. [Carrier] also provides coverage for a medical screening examination provided

upon a Covered Person's arrival in a Hospital, as required to be performed by the Hospital in accordance with Federal law, but only as necessary to determine whether an emergency medical condition exists. [Please note that the "911" emergency response system may be used whenever a Covered person has a potentially life-threatening condition. Information on the use of the "911" system is included on the identification card.]

Pre-Admission Testing Charges
[Carrier] covers pre-admission x-ray and laboratory tests needed for a planned Hospital admission or Surgery. [Carrier] only covers these tests if, the tests are done on an Outpatient basis within seven days of the planned admission or Surgery.

However, [Carrier] will not cover tests that are repeated after admission or before Surgery, unless the admission or Surgery is deferred solely due to a change in the Covered Person's health.

Extended Care or Rehabilitation Charges
Subject to [Carrier's] Pre-Approval [Carrier] covers charges up to the daily room and board limit for room and board and Routine Nursing Care shown in the Schedule, provided to a Covered Person on an Inpatient basis in an Extended Care Center or Rehabilitation Center. Charges above the daily room and board limit are a Non-Covered Charge.

And [Carrier] covers all other Medically Necessary and Appropriate services and supplies provided to a Covered Person during the confinement. But the confinement must:
a) start within 14 days of a Hospital stay; and
b) be due to the same or a related condition that necessitated the Hospital stay.

Coverage for Extended Care and Rehabilitation, combined, is limited to the first 120 days of confinement in each Calendar Year. Charges for any additional days are a Non-Covered Charge.

But [Carrier] limits what [Carrier] will pay for the treatment of Non-Biologically-based Mental Illnesses and Substance Abuse. See the **Charges Covered With Special Limitations** section of the [Certificate].

[Carrier] will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for treatment, services and supplies for Extended Care or Rehabilitation which are not Pre-Approved by [Carrier] provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under the Policy.
["DC" NOTE: ANY EXTENDED CARE OR REHABILITATION SERVICES OR SUPPLIES A COVERED PERSON RECEIVES UNDER THE ASSOCIATED HMO PLAN WILL REDUCE THE EXTENDED CARE OR REHABILITATION BENEFIT AVAILABLE UNDER THIS INDEMNITY PLAN.]

Home Health Care Charges
Subject to [Carrier's] Pre-Approval, when home health care can take the place of Inpatient care, [Carrier] covers such care furnished to a Covered Person under a written home health care plan. [Carrier] covers all Medically Necessary and Appropriate services or supplies, such as:
a) Routine Nursing care furnished by or under the supervision of a registered Nurse;
b) physical therapy;
c) occupational therapy;
d) medical social work;
e) nutrition services;
f) speech therapy;
g) home health aide services;
h) medical appliances and equipment, drugs and medications, laboratory services and special meals to the extent such items and services would have been covered under the Policy if the Covered Person had been in a Hospital; and
i) any Diagnostic or therapeutic service, including surgical services performed in a Hospital Outpatient department, a Practitioner's office or any other licensed health care Facility, provided such service would have been covered under the Policy if performed as Inpatient Hospital services.

Payment is subject to all of the terms of this Policy and to the following conditions:

a. The Covered Person's Practitioner must certify that home health care is needed in place of Inpatient care in a recognized Facility. Home health care is covered **only** in situations where continuing hospitalization or confinement in a Skilled Nursing Facility or Rehabilitation Center would otherwise have been required if Home Health Care were not provided.
b. The services and supplies must be:
   1. ordered by the Covered Person's Practitioner;
   2. included in the home health care plan: and
   3. furnished by, or coordinated by, a Home Health Agency according to the written home health care plan.

   The services and supplies must be furnished by recognized health care professionals on a part-time or intermittent basis, except when full-time or 24 hour service is needed on a short-term (no more than three-day) basis.
c. The home health care plan must be set up in writing by the Covered Person's Practitioner within 14 days after home health care starts. And it must be reviewed by the Covered Person's Practitioner at least once every 60 days.
d. [Carrier] does not pay for:
   1. services furnished to family members, other than the patient; or
   2. services and supplies not included in the home health care plan.

Any visit by a member of a home health care team on any day shall be considered as one home health care visit.

[Carrier] will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for treatment, services and supplies for Home Health Care which are not Pre-Approved by [Carrier] provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under this Policy.

Practitioner's Charges for Non-Surgical Care and Treatment
[Carrier] covers Practitioner's charges for the Medically Necessary and Appropriate non-surgical care and treatment of an Illness or Injury. But [Carrier] limits what [Carrier] will pay for the treatment of Non-Biologically-based Mental Illnesses and Substance Abuse. See the **Charges Covered With Special Limitations** section of the Policy.

Practitioner's Charges for Surgery
[Carrier] covers Practitioner's charges for Medically Necessary and Appropriate Surgery.

[Carrier] does not pay for Cosmetic Surgery unless it is required as a result of an Illness or Injury or to correct a functional defect resulting from a congenital abnormality or developmental anomaly.

[Carrier] covers reconstructive breast Surgery, Surgery to restore and achieve symmetry between the two breasts and the cost of prostheses following a mastectomy on one breast or both breasts. [Carrier] also covers treatment of the physical complications of mastectomy, including lymphedemas.

Second Opinion Charges
[Carrier] covers Practitioner's charges for a second opinion and charges for related x-rays and tests when a Covered Person is advised to have Surgery or enter a Hospital. If the second opinion differs from the first, [Carrier] covers charges for a third opinion. [Carrier] covers such charges if the Practitioners who give the opinions:
a) are board certified and qualified, by reason of their specialty, to give an opinion on the proposed Surgery or Hospital admission;
b) are not business associates of the Practitioner who recommended the Surgery; and
c) in the case of a second surgical opinion, they do not perform the Surgery if it is needed.

Dialysis Center Charges
[Carrier] covers charges made by a dialysis center for covered dialysis services.

Ambulatory Surgical Center Charges
[Carrier] covers charges made by an Ambulatory Surgical Center in connection with covered Surgery.

Hospice Care Charges
Subject to [Carrier] Pre-Approval, [Carrier] covers charges made by a Hospice for palliative and supportive care furnished to a terminally Ill or terminally Injured Covered Person under a Hospice care program.

"Palliative and supportive care" means care and support aimed mainly at lessening or controlling pain or symptoms; it makes no attempt to cure the Covered Person's terminal Illness or terminal Injury.
"Terminally Ill" or "terminally Injured" means that the Covered Person's Practitioner has certified in writing that the Covered Person's life expectancy is six months or less.

Hospice care must be furnished according to a written "hospice care program". A "hospice care program" is a coordinated program with an interdisciplinary team for meeting the special needs of the terminally Ill or terminally Injured Covered Person. It must be set up and reviewed periodically by the Covered Person's Practitioner.

Under a Hospice care program, subject to all the terms of the Policy, [Carrier] covers any services and supplies including Prescription Drugs, to the extent they are otherwise covered by the Policy. Services and supplies may be furnished on an Inpatient or Outpatient basis.

The services and supplies must be:
a) needed for palliative and supportive care;
b) ordered by the Covered Person's Practitioner;
c) included in the Hospice care program; and
d) furnished by, or coordinated by a Hospice.

[Carrier] does not pay for:
a) services and supplies provided by volunteers or others who do not regularly charge for their services;
b) funeral services and arrangements;
c) legal or financial counseling or services; or
d) treatment not included in the Hospice care plan.

[Carrier] will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for treatment, services and supplies for Hospice Care which are not Pre-Approved by [Carrier] provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under the Policy.

Alcohol Abuse
[Carrier] pays benefits for the Covered Charges a Covered Person incurs for the treatment of Alcohol Abuse the same way [Carrier] would for any other Illness, if such treatment is prescribed by a Practitioner. But [Carrier] does not pay for Custodial Care, education, or training.

Treatment may be furnished by:
a) a Hospital
b) a detoxification Facility licensed under New Jersey P.L. 1975, Chapter 305; or
c) a licensed, certified or state approved residential treatment Facility under a program which meets the minimum standards of care of the Joint Commission.

Treatment for Biologically-based Mental Illness
[Carrier] pays benefits for the Covered Charges a Covered Person incurs for the treatment of Biologically-based Mental Illness the same way [Carrier] would for any other Illness, if such treatment is prescribed by a Practitioner. [Carrier] does not pay for Custodial Care, education, or training.

Pregnancy
The Policy pays for pregnancies the same way [Carrier] would cover an Illness. The charges [Carrier] covers for a newborn child are explained [on the next page.]

Birthing Center Charges
[Carrier] covers Birthing Center charges made by a Practitioner for pre-natal care, delivery, and post partum care in connection with a Covered Person's pregnancy. [Carrier] covers charges up to the daily room and board limit for room and board shown in the Schedule when Inpatient care is provided to a Covered Person by a Birthing Center. But charges above the daily room and board limit are a Non-Covered Charge.

[Carrier] covers all other Medically Necessary and Appropriate services and supplies during the confinement.

[Benefits for a Covered Newborn Child
[Carrier] covers charges for the child's routine nursery care while he or she is in the Hospital or a Birthing Center. Charges are covered up to a maximum of 7 days following the date of birth. This includes:
a) nursery charges;
b) charges for routine Practitioner's examinations and tests; and
c) charges for routine procedures, like circumcision.

Subject to all of the terms of the Policy, [Carrier] covers the care and treatment of a covered newborn child if he or she is Ill, Injured, premature, or born with a congenital birth defect.]
["DC" NOTE: ANY NEWBORN CHILD SERVICES OR SUPPLIES A COVERED PERSON RECEIVES UNDER THE ASSOCIATED HMO PLAN WILL REDUCE THE NEWBORN CHILD BENEFIT AVAILABLE UNDER THIS INDEMNITY PLAN.]

Anesthetics and Other Services and Supplies
[Carrier] covers anesthetics and their administration; hemodialysis, casts; splints; and surgical dressings. [Carrier] covers the initial fitting and purchase of braces, trusses, orthopedic footwear and crutches [Carrier] covers Medically Necessary and Appropriate replacements or repairs for braces, trusses, orthopedic footwear and crutches.

Blood
Unless otherwise provided in the **Charges for the Treatment of Hemophilia** section below, [Carrier] covers blood, blood products, blood transfusions and the cost of testing and processing blood. But [Carrier] does not pay for blood which has been donated or replaced on behalf of the Covered Person.

Charges for the Treatment of Hemophilia
[Carrier] covers Medically Necessary and Appropriate home treatment services for bleeding episodes associated with hemophilia including the purchase of blood products and blood infusion equipment.

[[Carrier] will cover the services of a clinical laboratory at a Hospital with a state-designated outpatient regional care center regardless of whether the Hospital's clinical laboratory is a Network Provider if the Covered Person's Practitioner determines that the Hospital's clinical laboratory is necessary because: a) the results of laboratory tests are medically necessary immediately or sooner than the normal return time for the [Carrier's] network clinical laboratory; or b) accurate test results need to be determined by closely supervised procedures in venipuncture and laboratory techniques in controlled environments that cannot be achieved by [Carrier's] network clinical laboratory.

[Carrier] will pay the Hospital's clinical laboratory for the laboratory services at the same rate [Carrier] would pay a Network clinical laboratory for comparable services.]

Ambulance Charges
[Carrier] covers Medically Necessary and Appropriate charges for transporting a Covered Person to:
a) a local Hospital if needed care and treatment can be provided by a local Hospital;
b) the nearest Hospital where needed care and treatment can be given, if a local Hospital cannot provide such care and treatment. But it must be connected with an Inpatient confinement; or
c) transporting a Covered Person to another Inpatient health care Facility.

It can be by professional Ambulance service, train or plane. But [Carrier] does not pay for chartered air flights. And [Carrier] will not pay for other travel or communication expenses of patients, Practitioners, Nurses or family members.

Durable Medical Equipment
Subject to [Carrier's] Pre-Approval, [Carrier] covers charges for the rental of Durable Medical Equipment needed for therapeutic use. At [Carrier's] option, and with [Carrier's] Pre-Approval, [Carrier] may cover the purchase of such items when it is less costly and more practical than rental. But [Carrier] does not pay for:
a) replacements or repairs; or
b) the rental or purchase of items such as air conditioners, exercise equipment, saunas and air humidifiers which do not fully meet the definition of Durable Medical Equipment.

[Carrier] will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for Durable Medical Equipment which are not Pre-Approved by [Carrier] provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under the Policy.

Treatment of Wilm's Tumor
[Carrier] pays benefits for Covered Charges incurred for the treatment of Wilm's tumor in a Covered Person. [Carrier] treats such charges the same way [Carrier] treats Covered Charges for any other Illness. Treatment can include, but is not limited to, autologous bone marrow transplants when standard chemotherapy treatment is unsuccessful. [Carrier] pays benefits for this treatment even if it is deemed Experimental or Investigational. What [Carrier] pays is based on all of the terms of the Policy.

Nutritional Counseling
Subject to [Carrier] Pre-Approval, [Carrier] covers charges for nutritional counseling for the management of disease entities which have a specific diagnostic criteria that can be verified. The nutritional counseling must be prescribed by a Practitioner, and provided by a Practitioner.

[Carrier] will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for Nutritional Counseling which are not Pre-Approved by [Carrier] provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under the Policy.

Food and Food Products for Inherited Metabolic Diseases
[Carrier] covers charges incurred for the therapeutic treatment of inherited metabolic diseases, including the purchase of medical foods (enteral formula) and low protein modified food products as determined to be medically necessary by the Covered Person's Practitioner.

For the purpose of this benefit:
"inherited metabolic disease" means a disease caused by an inherited abnormality of body chemistry for which testing is mandated by law;
"low protein modified food product" means a food product that is specially formulated to have less than one gram of protein per serving and is intended to be used under the direction of a Practitioner for the dietary treatment of an inherited metabolic disease, but does not include a natural food that is naturally low in protein; and
"medical food" means a food that is intended for the dietary treatment of a disease or condition for which nutritional requirements are established by medical evaluation and is formulated to be consumed or administered enterally under the direction of a Practitioner.

Specialized Infant Formulas
[Carrier] covers specialized non-standard infant formulas to the same extent and subject to the same terms and conditions as coverage is provided under the [Policy] for Prescription Drugs. [Carrier] covers specialized non-standard infant formulas provided:
a) The Child's Practitioner has diagnosed the Child as having multiple food protein intolerance and has determined the formula to be medically necessary; and
b) The Child has not been responsive to trials of standard non-cow milk-based formulas, including soybean and goat milk.
[Carrier] may review continued Medical Necessity and Appropriateness of the specialized infant formula.

X-Rays and Laboratory Tests
[Carrier] covers x-rays and laboratory tests which are Medically Necessary and Appropriate to treat an Illness or Injury. But, except as covered under the Policy's Preventive Care section, [Carrier] does not pay for x-rays and tests done as part of routine physical checkups.

Prescription Drugs
[Subject to [Carrier] Pre-Approval, for certain Prescription Drugs] [Carrier] covers drugs to treat an Illness or Injury and contraceptive drugs which require a Practitioner's prescription. But [Carrier] only covers drugs which are:
a. approved for treatment of the Covered Person's Illness or Injury by the Food and Drug Administration;
b. approved by the Food and Drug Administration for the treatment of a particular diagnosis or condition other than the Covered Person's and recognized as appropriate medical treatment for the Covered Person's diagnosis or condition in one or more of the following established reference compendia:
    1. The American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information;
    2. The United States Pharmacopeia Drug Information; or
c. recommended by a clinical study or recommended by a review article in a major peer-reviewed professional journal.
Coverage for the above drugs also includes medically necessary services associated with the administration of the drugs.

In no event will [Carrier] pay for:
a. drugs labeled: "Caution - Limited by Federal Law to Investigational Use"; or
b. any drug which the Food and Drug Administration has determined to be contraindicated for the specific treatment for which the drug has been prescribed, except as stated above.
And [Carrier] excludes drugs that can be bought without a prescription, even if a Practitioner orders them.

[[Carrier] has identified certain Prescription Drugs for which Pre-Approval is required. [Carrier] will provide the list of Prescription Drugs for which Pre-Approval is required to each Employee prior to enforcing the Pre-Approval requirement. [Carrier] will give at least 30 days advance written notice to the Employee before adding a Prescription Drug to the list.

[If a Covered Person brings a prescription for a Prescription Drug for which [Carrier] requires Pre-Approval to a Pharmacy and Pre-Approval has not yet been secured, [the Covered Person must contact [Carrier] to request Pre-Approval.] [the Pharmacy will contact the Practitioner to request that the Practitioner contact [Carrier] to secure Pre-Approval.] The Pharmacy will dispense a 96-hour supply of the Prescription Drug. [Carrier] will review the Pre-Approval request within the time period allowed by law. If [Carrier] gives Pre-Approval, [Carrier] will notify the Pharmacy and the balance of the Prescription Drug will be dispensed with benefits for the Prescription Drug being paid subject to the terms of the Policy. If [Carrier] does not give Pre-Approval, the Covered Person may ask that the Pharmacy dispense the balance of the Prescription Drug, with the Covered Person paying for the Prescription Drug. The Covered Person may submit a claim for the Prescription Drug, subject to the terms of the Policy. The Covered Person may appeal the decision by following the Appeals Procedure process set forth in the Policy.] (Note to Carriers: For use if the plan is a PPO or a POS)

[If a Covered Person brings a prescription for a Prescription Drug for which [Carrier] requires Pre-Approval to a Pharmacy and Pre-Approval has not yet been secured, the Covered Person must contact [Carrier] to request Pre-Approval. The Covered Person may choose to delay purchasing the Prescription Drug until after [Carrier] makes a decision regarding Pre-Approval or may choose to purchase the Prescription Drug prior to the decision being made. In either case, the Covered Person must pay for the Prescription Drug when it is dispensed. The Covered Person may submit a claim for the Prescription Drug, subject to the terms of the Policy. If [Carrier] does not give Pre-Approval, the Covered Person may appeal the decision by following the Appeals Procedure process set forth in the Policy.] (Note to Carriers: For use if the plan is an indemnity plan)

Supplies to Administer Prescription Drugs
[Carrier] covers Medically Necessary and Appropriate supplies which require a prescription, are prescribed by a Practitioner, and are essential to the administration of the prescription drug.

COVERED CHARGES WITH SPECIAL LIMITATIONS

[Cancer Clinical Trial
[Carrier] covers practitioner fees, laboratory expenses and expenses associated with Hospitalization, administering of treatment and evaluation of the Covered Person during the course of treatment or a condition associated with a complication of the underlying disease or treatment, which are

consistent with usual and customary patterns and standards of care incurred whenever a Covered Person receives medical care associated with an Approved Cancer Clinical Trial. [Carrier] will cover charges for such items and services only if they would be covered for care and treatment in a situation other than an Approved Cancer Clinical Trial.

[Carrier] does not cover the cost of investigational drugs or devices themselves, the cost of any non-health services that might be required for a Covered Person to receive the treatment or intervention, or the costs of managing the research, or any costs which would not be covered under the Policy for treatments that are not Experimental or Investigational.]

Dental Care and Treatment
[Carrier] covers:
a) the diagnosis and treatment of oral tumors and cysts; and
b) the surgical removal of bony impacted teeth.

[Carrier] also covers treatment of an Injury to natural teeth or the jaw, but only if:
a) the Injury was not caused, directly or indirectly by biting or chewing; and
b) all treatment is finished within 6 months of the date of the Injury.
Treatment includes replacing natural teeth lost due to such Injury. But in no event does [Carrier] cover orthodontic treatment.

For a Covered Person who is severely disabled or who is a Child under age 6, [Carrier] covers:
a) general anesthesia and Hospitalization for dental services; and
b) dental services rendered by a dentist regardless of where the dental services are provided for a medical condition covered by the Policy which requires Hospitalization or general anesthesia.

Treatment for Temporomandibular Joint Disorder (TMJ)
[Carrier] covers charges for the Medically Necessary and Appropriate surgical and non-surgical treatment of TMJ in a Covered Person. However, [Carrier] does not cover any charges for orthodontia, crowns or bridgework.

Prosthetic Devices
[Carrier] limits what [Carrier] pays for prosthetic devices. Subject to [Carrier] Pre-Approval, [Carrier] covers only the initial fitting and purchase of artificial limbs and eyes, and other prosthetic devices. And they must take the place of a natural part of a Covered Person's body, or be needed due to a functional birth defect in a covered Dependent child. [Carrier] does not pay for replacements, unless they are Medically Necessary and Appropriate. [Carrier] does not pay for repairs, or wigs. [Carrier] does not cover dental prosthetics or devices other than as a replacement for natural teeth lost due to Injury, as stated in the Dental Care and Treatment provision of the Policy.

[Carrier] will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for Prosthetic Devices which are not Pre-Approved by [Carrier] provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under the Policy.

Mammogram Charges
[Carrier] covers charges made for mammograms provided to a female Covered Person according to the schedule given below. Benefits will be paid. subject to all the terms of the Policy, and the following limitations:

[Carrier] will cover charges for:
a) one baseline mammogram for a female Covered Person, age 35 - 39
b) one mammogram, every year, for a female Covered Person age 40 and older.

Please note that mammograms are included under the Preventive Care provision. A female Covered Person may elect to apply any unused Preventive Care allowance for a mammogram. If a Covered Person has exhausted the available annual Preventive Care benefit, the mammogram may be covered subject to the terms of this Mammogram Charges provision.

Colorectal Cancer Screening Charges
[Carrier] covers charges made for colorectal cancer screening provided to a Covered Person age 50 or over and to younger [Covered Persons] who are considered to be high risk for colorectal cancer. Benefits will be paid, subject to all the terms of this Policy, and the following limitations:

Subject to the American Cancer Society guidelines, and medical necessity as determined by the [Covered Person's] Practitioner in consultation with the [Covered Person] regarding methods to use, [Carrier] will cover charges for:
a) a screening fecal occult blood test;
b) flexible sigmoidoscopy,
c) colonoscopy;
d) barium enema;
e) any combination of the services listed in items a – d above; or
f) the most reliable medically recognized screening test available.

[Carrier] will cover the above methods at the frequency recommended by the most recent published guidelines of the American Cancer Society and as determined to be medically necessary by the [Covered Person's] practitioner in consultation with the [Covered Person.]

High risk for colorectal cancer means a [Covered Person] has:
a) A family history of: familial adenomatous polyposis, heriditary non-polyposis colon cancer; or breast, ovarian, endometrial or colon cancer or polyps;
b) Chronic inflammatory bowel disease; or
c) A background, ethnicity or lifestyle that the practitioner believes puts the person at elevated risk for colorectal cancer.

Please note that since colorectal cancer screening is included under the Preventive Care provision, a Covered Person may elect to apply any unused Preventive Care allowance for colorectal cancer screening. If a Covered Person has exhausted the available annual Preventive Care benefit, or elects

not to use any available preventive Care benefit to cover the colorectal cancer screening, the colorectal cancer screening may be covered subject to the terms of this Colorectal Cancer Screening Charges provision.

The following "Pre-Existing Conditions Limitation" and "Continuity of Coverage" provisions only apply to Policies issued to Policyholders of at least two but not more than five eligible Employees. These provisions also apply to "Late Enrollees" under the Policies issued to any Small Employer. However, this provision does not apply to Late Enrollees if 10 or more Late Enrollees request enrollment during any [30] day enrollment period provided for in the Policy. See the Policy's EMPLOYEE COVERAGE [and DEPENDENT COVERAGE] section[s] to determine if a Covered Person is a Late Enrollee. [The "Pre-Existing Conditions Limitation provision does not apply to a Dependent who is an adopted child or who is a child placed for adoption or to a newborn child if the Employee enrolls the Dependent and agrees to make the required payments within [31] days after the Dependent's Eligibility Date.]

Pre-Existing Conditions Limitation
A Pre-Existing Condition is an Illness or Injury which manifests itself in the six months before a Covered Person's Enrollment Date, and for which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received during the six months immediately preceding the Enrollment Date.

[Carrier] does not pay benefits for charges for Pre-Existing Conditions for 180 days measured from the Enrollment Date. This 180 day period may be reduced by the length of time the Covered Person was covered under any Creditable Coverage if, without application of any Waiting Period, the Creditable Coverage was continuous to a date not more than 90 days prior to becoming a Covered Person. Refer to the Continuity of Coverage section below.

This limitation does not affect benefits for other unrelated conditions, [or] pregnancy [, or birth defects in a covered Dependent child]. Genetic information will not be treated as a Pre-Existing Condition in the absence of a diagnosis of the condition related to that information. And [Carrier] waives this limitation for a Covered Person's Pre-Existing Condition if the condition was payable under Creditable Coverage which insured the Covered Person right before the Covered Person's coverage under the Policy started. The next section shows other exceptions.

Continuity of Coverage
[NOTE: COVERAGE UNDER THE POLICY IS SUBJECT TO THE ALTERNATIVE METHOD FOR COUNTING CREDITABLE COVERAGE]
If a new Covered Person was covered under Creditable Coverage prior to enrollment under the Policy and the Creditable Coverage was continuous to a date not more than 90 days prior to the Enrollment Date under the Policy, [Carrier] will provide credit as follows. [Standard method] [[Carrier] gives credit for the time the Covered Person was covered under the Creditable Coverage without regard to the specific benefits included in the Creditable Coverage.] [Alternative method] [[Carrier] gives credit for the time the Covered Person was covered under the Creditable Coverage based on coverage for the following [category] [categories] of benefits: [mental health;] [substance abuse treatment;] [prescription drugs;] [dental care;] [or] [vision care]. [[Carrier] will count a period of Creditable Coverage with respect to a category of benefits if any level of benefits is covered within that category. For all other benefits,][Carrier] gives credit for the time the Covered Person was covered under the Creditable Coverage without regard to the specific benefits included in the Creditable Coverage.] [Carrier] counts the days the Covered Person was covered under Creditable Coverage, except that days that occur before any lapse in coverage of more than 90 days are not counted. [Carrier] applies these days to reduce the duration of the Pre-Existing Condition limitation under the Policy. The person must sign and complete his or her enrollment form within 30 days of the date the Employee's [active] Full-Time service begins. Any condition arising between the date his or her coverage under the Creditable Coverage ends and the Enrollment Date is a Pre-Existing condition. [Carrier] does not cover any charges actually incurred before the person's coverage under the Policy starts. If the Policyholder has included an eligibility waiting period in the Policy, an Employee must still meet it, before becoming insured.

Private Duty Nursing Care
[Carrier] **only** covers charges by a Nurse for Medically Necessary and Appropriate private duty nursing care if such care is authorized as part of a home health care plan, coordinated by a Home Health Agency, and covered under the **Home Health Care Charges** section. Any other charges for private duty nursing care are a Non-Covered Charge.

Therapy Services
Therapy Services mean services or supplies, ordered by a Practitioner and used to treat, or promote recovery from, an Injury or Illness:

Subject to the stated limits, [Carrier] covers the Therapy Services listed below when such services are provided to a Covered Person as an Outpatient [Carrier] covers other types of Therapy Services provided they are performed by a licensed Provider, are Medically Necessary and Appropriate and are not Experimental or Investigational.

a. *Chelation Therapy* - means the administration of drugs or chemicals to remove toxic concentrations of metals from the body.
b. *Chemotherapy* - the treatment of malignant disease by chemical or biological antineoplastic agents.
c. *Dialysis Treatment* - the treatment of an acute renal failure or a chronic irreversible renal insufficiency by removing waste products from the body. This includes hemodialysis and peritoneal dialysis.
d. *Radiation Therapy* - the treatment of disease by x-ray, radium, cobalt, or high energy particle sources. Radiation therapy includes rental or cost of radioactive materials. Diagnostic Services requiring the use of radioactive materials are not radiation therapy.
e. *Respiration Therapy* - the introduction of dry or moist gases into the lungs.

[Subject to [Carrier] Pre-Approval,] [Carrier] covers the Therapy Services listed below, subject to stated limitations:

f. *Cognitive Rehabilitation Therapy* - the retraining of the brain to perform intellectual skills which it was able to perform prior to disease, trauma, Surgery, or previous therapeutic process; or the training of the brain to perform intellectual skills it should have been able to perform if there were not a congenital anomaly.
g. *Speech Therapy* -except as stated below, treatment for the correction of a speech impairment resulting from Illness, Surgery, Injury, congenital anomaly, or previous therapeutic processes. Exception: For a [Covered Person] who has been diagnosed with a biologically-based mental illness, speech therapy means treatment of a speech impairment.

Coverage for Cognitive Rehabilitation Therapy and Speech Therapy, **combined,** is limited to 30 visits per Calendar Year.

h. *Occupational Therapy* - except as stated below, treatment to restore a physically disabled person's ability to perform the ordinary tasks of daily living. Exception: For a [Covered Person] who has been diagnosed with a biologically-based mental illness, occupational therapy means treatment to develop a [Covered Person's] ability to perform the ordinary tasks of daily living.
i. *Physical Therapy* - except as stated below, the treatment by physical means to relieve pain, restore maximum function, and prevent disability following disease, Injury or loss of limb. Exception: For a [Covered Person] who has been diagnosed with a biologically-based mental illness, physical therapy means treatment to develop a [Covered Person's] physical function.

Coverage for Occupational Therapy and Physical Therapy, **combined**, is limited to 30 visits per Calendar Year.

[Carrier] will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for Cognitive Rehabilitation Therapy, Speech Therapy, Occupational Therapy or Physical Therapy which are not Pre-Approved by [Carrier] provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under the Policy.

j. *Infusion Therapy* - subject to [Carrier] Pre-Approval, the administration of antibiotic, nutrients, or other therapeutic agents by direct infusion. [Carrier] will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for Infusion Therapy which are not Pre-Approved by [Carrier] provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under the Policy.

Note: The limitations on Therapy Services contained in this Therapy Services provision do not apply to any therapy services that are received under the Home Health Care provision.

["DC" NOTE: ANY THERAPY SERVICES AND SUPPLIES A COVERED PERSON RECEIVES UNDER THE ASSOCIATED HMO PLAN WILL REDUCE THE THERAPY BENEFITS AVAILABLE UNDER THIS INDEMNITY PLAN.]

Fertility Services
Subject to [Carrier] Pre-Approval [Carrier] covers charges for procedures and Prescription Drugs to enhance fertility, except where specifically excluded in the Policy. [Carrier] covers charges for: artificial insemination; and standard dosages, lengths of treatment and cycles of therapy of Prescription Drugs. The Prescription Drugs noted in this section are subject to the terms and conditions of the Prescription Drugs section of the Policy.

[Carrier] will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for Fertility Services which are not Pre-Approved by [Carrier] provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under the Policy.

Preventive Care
[Carrier] covers charges for routine physical examinations including related laboratory tests and x-rays. [Carrier] also covers charges for immunizations and vaccines, well baby care, pap smears, mammography, screening tests, bone density testing, colorectal cancer screening, and Nicotine Dependence Treatment. But [Carrier] limits what [Carrier] pays each Calendar Year to:
a) $750 per Covered Person for a Dependent child from birth until the end of the Calendar Year in which the Dependent child attains age 1.
b) $500 per Covered Person for all other Covered Persons.

These charges are not subject to the Cash Deductible or Coinsurance.
["DC" NOTE: ANY PREVENTIVE CARE SERVICES OR SUPPLIES A COVERED PERSON RECEIVES UNDER THE ASSOCIATED HMO PLAN WILL REDUCE THE PREVENTIVE CARE BENEFIT AVAILABLE UNDER THE INDEMNITY PLAN.]

Immunizations and Lead Screening
[Carrier] will cover charges for:
a) screening by blood measurement for lead poisoning for children, including confirmatory blood lead testing and medical evaluation as specified by the New Jersey Department of Health and Senior Services and any necessary medical follow-up and treatment for lead poisoned children; and
b) all childhood immunizations as recommended by the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices of the United States Public Health Services and New Jersey Department of Health and Senior Services.

Newborn Hearing Screening
[Carrier] covers charges up to a maximum of 28 days following the date of birth for screening for newborn hearing loss by appropriate electrophysiologic screening measures. In addition, [Carrier] covers charges between age 29 days and 36 months for the periodic monitoring of infants for delayed onset hearing loss.

Vision Screening
[Carrier] covers vision screening for Dependent children, through age 17, to determine the need for vision correction. The vision screening is generally performed by the pediatrician during the course of a routine physical examination. The vision screening may suggest that the Covered Person should undergo a vision examination. Such vision examination is not covered under the Policy.

Therapeutic Manipulation
[Carrier] limits what [Carrier] covers for therapeutic manipulation to 30 visits per Calendar Year. And [Carrier] covers no more than two modalities per visit. Charges for such treatment above these limits are a Non-Covered Charge.
["DC" NOTE: ANY THERAPEUTIC MANIPULATION SERVICES AND SUPPLIES A COVERED PERSON RECEIVES UNDER THE ASSOCIATED HMO PLAN WILL REDUCE THE THERAPEUTIC MANIPULATION BENEFITS AVAILABLE UNDER THIS INDEMNITY PLAN.]

Non-Biologically-based Mental Illnesses and Substance Abuse
[Carrier] limits what [Carrier] pays for the treatment of Non-Biologically-based Mental Illnesses and Substance Abuse as those terms are defined in the Policy.

A Covered Person may receive treatment as an Inpatient in a Hospital or a Substance Abuse Center. He or she may also receive treatment as an Outpatient from a Hospital, Substance Abuse Center, or any properly licensed or certified Practitioner, psychologist or social worker.

The Covered Person must pay the Coinsurance shown on the Schedule for Covered Charges for such treatment. [Carrier] limits coverage for all treatment of Non-Biologically-based Mental Illnesses and Substance Abuse per Calendar Year to:

a) thirty (30) days of Inpatient confinement; and
b) twenty (20) Outpatient visits.
One or more of any unused Inpatient days may be exchanged for additional Outpatient visits, where each Inpatient day may be exchanged for two Outpatient visits.
Subject to [Carrier] Pre-Approval, one or more of any unused Inpatient days may be exchanged for additional Outpatient visits, where each Inpatient day may be exchanged for two Outpatient visits. **[Carrier] will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for Outpatient visits beyond the initial 20 visits which are not Pre-Approved by [Carrier] provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under the Policy.**

[Carrier] does not pay for Custodial Care, education, or training.
["DC" NOTE: ANY NON-BIOLOGICALLY-BASED MENTAL ILLNESSES AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE SERVICES AND SUPPLIES A COVERED PERSON RECEIVES UNDER THE ASSOCIATED HMO PLAN WILL REDUCE THE NON-BIOLOGICALLY-BASED MENTAL ILLNESSES AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE BENEFITS AVAILABLE UNDER THIS INDEMNITY PLAN.]

Transplant Benefits
[Carrier] covers Medically Necessary and Appropriate services and supplies for the following types of transplants:
a) Cornea
b) Kidney
c) Lung
d) Liver
e) Heart
f) Pancreas
g) Intestine
h) Allogeneic Bone Marrow
i) [Autologous Bone Marrow and Associated Dose Intensive Chemotherapy **only** for treatment of:
- Leukemia
- Lymphoma
- Neuroblastoma
- Aplastic Anemia
- Genetic Disorders
- SCID
- WISCOT Aldrich

Subject to [Carrier] Pre-Approval, breast cancer, if the Covered Person is participating in a National Cancer Institute sponsored clinical trial. **[Carrier] will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for such treatment of breast cancer which are not Pre-Approved by [Carrier] provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under the Policy.**
- j) [Autologous Bone Marrow transplant and Associated Dose-Intensive Chemotherapy, but only if performed by institutions approved by the National Cancer Institute, or pursuant to protocols consistent with the guidelines of the American Society of Clinical Oncologists;

k) Peripheral Blood Stem Cell transplants, but only if performed by institutions approved by the National Cancer Institute, or pursuant to protocols consistent with the guidelines of the American Society of Clinical Oncologists.]

If the donor does not have health coverage that would cover the costs associated with his or her role as donor, the Policy will cover the donor's medical costs associated with the donation. [Carrier] does not cover costs for travel, accommodations or comfort items.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

[The Policy has utilization review features. Under these features, [ABC - Systems, a health care review organization] reviews Hospital admissions and Surgery performed outside of a Practitioner's office [for Carrier]. These features must be complied with if a Covered Person:
a) is admitted as an Inpatient to a Hospital, or
b) is advised to enter a Hospital or have Surgery performed outside of a Practitioner's office. If a Covered Person does not comply with these utilization review features, he or she will not be eligible for full benefits under the Policy. See the **Utilization Review Features** section for details.]

[The Policy has Specialty Case Management. Under this provision, [DEF, a Case Coordinator] reviews a Covered Person's medical needs in clinical situations with the potential for catastrophic claims to determine whether case management may be available and appropriate. See the **Specialty Case Management** section for details.]

[The Policy has centers of excellence features. Under these features, a Covered Person may obtain necessary care and treatment from Providers with whom [Carrier] has entered into agreements. See the **Centers of Excellence Features** section for details.]

[What [Carrier] pays is subject to all of the terms of the Policy. Read the [Certificate] carefully and keep it available when consulting a Practitioner.

If an Employee has any questions after reading the [Certificate] he or she should [call The Group Claim Office at the number shown on his or her identification card.]

The Policy is not responsible for medical or other results arising directly or indirectly from the Covered Person's participation in these Utilization Review, Specialty Case Management or Centers of Excellence Features.]

[UTILIZATION REVIEW FEATURES

Important Notice: If a Covered Person does not comply with the Policy's utilization review features, he or she will not be eligible for full benefits under the Policy.

Compliance with the Policy's utilization review features does not guarantee what [Carrier] will pay for Covered Charges. What [Carrier] pays is based on:

a) the Covered Charges actually incurred;
b) the Covered Person being eligible for coverage under the Policy at the time the Covered Charges are incurred; and
c) the Cash Deductible, Copayment and Coinsurance provisions, and all of the other terms of the Policy.

Definitions
"Hospital admission" means admission of a Covered Person to a Hospital as an Inpatient for Medically Necessary and Appropriate care and treatment of an Illness or Injury.

By "covered professional charges for Surgery" [Carrier] means Covered Charges that are made by a Practitioner for performing Surgery. Any surgical charge which is not a Covered Charge under the terms of the Policy is not payable under the Policy.

"Regular working day" means [Monday through Friday from 9 am. to 9 pm. Eastern Time,] not including legal holidays.

Grievance Procedure
[Carriers must include the disclosure requirements set forth in N.J.A.C. 8:38A-3.2

[REQUIRED HOSPITAL STAY REVIEW

Important Notice: If a Covered Person does not comply with these Hospital stay review features, he or she will not be eligible for full benefits under the Policy.

Notice of Hospital Admission Required
[Carrier] requires notice of all Hospital admissions. The times and manner in which the notice must be given is described below. When a Covered Person does not comply with the requirements of this section [Carrier] reduces what it pays for covered Hospital charges as a penalty.

Pre-Hospital Review
All non-Emergency Hospital admissions must be reviewed by [ABC] before they occur. The Covered Person or the Covered Person's Practitioner must notify [ABC] and request a pre-hospital review. [ABC] must receive the notice and request as soon as possible before the admission is scheduled to occur. For a maternity admission, a Covered Person or his or her Practitioner must notify [ABC] and request a pre-hospital review at least [60 days] before the expected date of delivery, or as soon as reasonably possible.

When [ABC] receives the notice and request, [they] evaluate:
a) the Medical Necessity and Appropriateness of the Hospital admission
b) the anticipated length of stay and
c) the appropriateness of health care alternatives, like home health care or other out-patient care.

[ABC] notifies the Covered Person's Practitioner [by phone, of the outcome of their review. And [they] confirm the outcome of [their] review in writing.]

If [ABC] authorizes a Hospital admission, the authorization is valid for:
a) the specified Hospital;
b) the named attending Practitioner; and
c) the authorized length of stay.

The authorization becomes invalid and the Covered Person's admission must be reviewed by [ABC] again if:
a) he or she enters a Facility other than the specified Facility
b) he or she changes attending Practitioners; or
c) more than [60 days] elapse between the time he or she obtains authorization and the time he or she enters the Hospital, except in the case of a maternity admission.

Emergency Admission
[ABC] must be notified of all Emergency admissions by phone. This must be done by the Covered Person or the Covered Person's Practitioner no later than the end of the next regular working day or as soon as possible after the admission occurs.
When [ABC] is notified [by phone,] they require the following information:
a) the Covered Person's name, social security number and date of birth;
b) the Covered Person group plan number;
c) the reason for the admission
d) the name and location of the Hospital
e) when the admission occurred; and
f) the name of the Covered Person's Practitioner.

Continued Stay Review
The Covered Person or his or her Practitioner, must request a continued stay review for any Emergency admission. This must be done at the time [ABC] is notified of such admission.

The Covered Person, or his or her Practitioner, must also initiate a continued stay review whenever it is Medically Necessary and Appropriate to change the authorized length of a Hospital stay. This must be done before the end of the previously authorized length of stay.

[ABC] also has the right to initiate a continued stay review of any Hospital admission. And [ABC] may contact the Covered Person's Practitioner or Hospital by phone or in writing.

In the case of an Emergency admission, the continued stay review evaluates:
a) the Medical Necessity and Appropriateness of the Hospital admission;
b) the anticipated length of stay; and

c) the appropriateness of health care alternatives.

In all other cases, the continued stay review evaluates:
a) the Medical Necessity and Appropriateness of extending the authorized length of stay; and
b) the appropriateness of health care alternatives.

[ABC] notifies the Covered Person's Practitioner [by phone, of the outcome of the review. And [ABC] confirms the outcome of the review in writing.] The notice always includes any newly authorized length of stay.

Penalties for Non-Compliance
In the case of a non-Emergency Hospital admission, as a penalty for non-compliance. [[Carrier] reduces what it pays for covered Hospital charges, **by 50%]** if:
a) the Covered Person does not request a pre-hospital review; or
b) the Covered Person does not request a pre-hospital review as soon as reasonably possible before the Hospital admission is scheduled to occur; or
c) [ABC's] authorization becomes invalid and the Covered Person does not obtain a new one; or
d) [ABC] does not authorize the Hospital admission.

In the case of an Emergency admission, as a penalty for non-compliance, [[Carrier] reduces what it pays for covered Hospital charges by 50%], if:
a) [ABC] is not notified of the admission at the times and in the manner described above;
b) the Covered Person does not request a continued stay review; or
c) the Covered Person does not receive authorization for such continued stay.

The penalty applies to covered Hospital charges incurred after the applicable time limit allowed for giving notice ends.

For any Hospital admission, if a Covered Person stays in the Hospital longer than [ABC] authorizes, [Carrier] reduces what it pays for covered Hospital charges incurred after the authorized length of stay ends [by 50%] as a penalty for non-compliance.

Penalties cannot be used to meet the Policy's Maximum Out of Pocket or Cash Deductible.

[REQUIRED PRE-SURGICAL REVIEW

Important Notice: If a Covered Person does not comply with these pre-surgical review features, he or she will not be eligible for full benefits under the Policy.

[Carrier] requires a Covered Person to get a pre-surgical review for any non-Emergency procedure performed outside of a Practitioner's office. When a Covered Person does not comply with the requirements of this section [Carrier] reduces what it pays for covered professional charges for Surgery, as a penalty.

The Covered Person or his or her Practitioner, must request a pre-surgical review from [ABC]. [ABC] must receive the request at least 24 hours before the Surgery is scheduled to occur. If the Surgery is being done in a Hospital, on an Inpatient basis, the pre-surgical review request should be made at the same time as the request for a pre-hospital review.

When [ABC] receives the request, they evaluate the Medical Necessity and Appropriateness of the Surgery and they either:
a) approve the proposed Surgery, or
b) require a second surgical opinion regarding the need for the Surgery.

[ABC] notifies the Covered Person's Practitioner, [by phone, of the outcome of the review. [ABC] also confirms the outcome of the review in writing.]

Second Surgical Opinion
If [ABC's] review does not confirm the Medical Necessity and Appropriateness of the Surgery, the Covered Person may obtain a second surgical opinion. If the second opinion does not confirm the medical necessity of the Surgery, the Covered Person may obtain a third opinion, although he or she is not required to do so.

[ABC] will give the Covered Person a list of Practitioners in his or her area who will give a second opinion. The Covered Person may get the second opinion from [a Practitioner on the list, or from] a Practitioner of his or her own choosing, if the Practitioner:
a) is board certified and qualified, by reason of his or her specialty, to give an opinion on the proposed Surgery;
b) is not a business associate of the Covered Person's Practitioner; and
c) does not perform the Surgery if it is needed.

[ABC] gives second opinion forms to the Covered Person. The Practitioner he or she chooses fills them out, and then returns them to [ABC].

[Carrier] covers charges for additional surgical opinions, including charges for related x-ray and tests. But what [Carrier] pays is based on all the terms of the Policy, except, these charges are not subject to the Cash Deductible or Coinsurance.

Pre-Hospital Review
If the proposed Surgery is to be done on an Inpatient basis, the Required Pre-Hospital Review section must be complied with. See the **Required Pre-Hospital Review** section for details.

Penalties for Non-Compliance
As a penalty for non-compliance, [[Carrier] reduces what it pays for covered professional charges for Surgery by 50%] if:
a) the Covered Person does not request a pre-surgical review; or
b) [ABC] is not given at least 24 hours to review and evaluate the proposed Surgery; or
c) [ABC] requires additional surgical opinions and the Covered Person does not get those opinions before the Surgery is done;
d) [ABC] does not confirm the need for Surgery.

Penalties cannot be used to meet the Policy's Maximum Out of Pocket or Cash Deductible.

[SPECIALTY CASE MANAGEMENT

Important Notice: No Covered Person is required, in any way, to accept a Specialty Case Management Plan recommended by [DEF].

Definitions
"Specialty Case Management" means those services and supplies which meet both of the following tests:
a) They are determined, in advance, by [Carrier] to be Medically Necessary and Appropriate and cost effective in meeting the long term or intensive care needs of a Covered Person in connection with a Catastrophic Illness or Injury.
b) While there are other covered services and supplies available under the Policy for the Covered Person's condition, the services and supplies the [Carrier] offers to make available under the terms of this provision would not otherwise be payable under the Policy.

Please note: [Carrier] has sole Discretion to determine whether to consider Specialty Case Management for a Covered Person.

"Catastrophic Illness or Injury" means one of the following:
a) head injury requiring an Inpatient stay
b) spinal cord Injury
c) severe burns over 20% or more of the body
d) multiple injuries due to an accident
e) premature birth
f) CVA or stroke
g) congenital defect which severely impairs a bodily function
h) brain damage due to either an accident or cardiac arrest or resulting from a surgical procedure
i) terminal Illness, with a prognosis of death within 6 months
j) Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS)
k) chemical dependency
l) mental, nervous and psychoneurotic disorders
m) any other Illness or Injury determined by [DEF] or [Carrier] to be catastrophic.

Specialty Case Management Plan
[DEF] will identify cases of Catastrophic Illness or Injury. The appropriateness of the level of patient care given to a Covered Person as well as the setting in which it is received will be evaluated. In order to maintain or enhance the quality of patient care for the Covered Person, [DEF] will develop a Specialty Case Management Plan.

A Specialty Case Management Plan is a specific written document, developed by [DEF] through discussion and agreement with:
a) the Covered Person, or his or her legal guardian, if necessary;
b) the Covered Person's attending Practitioner; and
c) [Carrier].

The Specialty Case Management Plan includes:
a) treatment plan objectives;
b) course of treatment to accomplish the stated objectives;
c) the responsibility of each of the following parties in implementing the plan: [DEF]; attending Practitioner; Covered Person; Covered Person's family, if any; and
d) estimated cost and savings.

If [Carrier], [DEF], the attending Practitioner, and the Covered Person agree [in writing,] on a Specialty Case Management Plan, the services and supplies required in connection with such Specialty Case Management Plan will be considered as Covered Charges under the terms of the Policy.

The agreed upon Specialty Case Management treatment must be ordered by the Covered Person's Practitioner.

Benefits payable under the Specialty Case Management Plan will be considered in the accumulation of any Calendar Year and Per Lifetime maximums.

Exclusion
Specialty Case Management does not include services and supplies that [Carrier] determines to be Experimental or Investigational.]

[CENTERS OF EXCELLENCE FEATURES

Important Notice: No Covered Person is required, in any way, to receive medical care and treatment at a Center of Excellence.

Definitions
"Center of Excellence" means a Provider that has entered into an agreement with [Carrier] to provide health benefit services for specific procedures. The Centers of Excellence are [identified in the Listing of Centers of Excellence.]

"Pre-Treatment Screening Evaluation" means the review of past and present medical records and current x-ray and laboratory results by the Center of Excellence to determine whether the Covered Person is an appropriate candidate for the Procedure.

"Procedure" means one or more surgical procedures or medical therapy performed in a Center of Excellence.

Covered Charges
In order for charges to be Covered Charges, the Center of Excellence must:
a) perform a Pre-Treatment Screening Evaluation; and

b) determine that the Procedure is Medically Necessary and Appropriate for the treatment of the Covered Person.

Benefits for services and supplies at a Center of Excellence will be [subject to the terms and conditions of the Policy. However, the Utilization Review Features will not apply.]]

EXCLUSIONS

Payment will not be made for any charges incurred for or in connection with:

Care or treatment by means of ***acupuncture*** except when used as a substitute for other forms of anesthesia.

Services for ***ambulance*** for transportation from a Hospital or other health care Facility, unless the Covered Person is being transferred to another Inpatient health care Facility.

Blood or blood plasma which is replaced by or for a Covered Person.

Care and or treatment by a ***Christian Science*** Practitioner.

Completion of claim forms.

Services or supplies related to ***Cosmetic Surgery*** except as otherwise stated in the Policy; complications of Cosmetic Surgery; drugs prescribed for cosmetic purposes.

Services related to ***custodial*** or ***domiciliary*** care.

Dental care or treatment, including appliances and dental implants, except as otherwise stated in the Policy.

Care or treatment by means of ***dose intensive chemotherapy***, except as otherwise stated in the Policy.

Services or supplies, the primary purpose of which is ***educational*** providing the Covered Person with any of the following: training in the activities of daily living; instruction in scholastic skills such as reading and writing; preparation for an occupation; or treatment for learning disabilities.

Experimental or Investigational treatments, procedures, hospitalizations, drugs, biological products or medical devices, except as otherwise stated in the Policy.

Extraction of teeth, except for bony impacted teeth.

Services or supplies for or in connection with:
a) except as otherwise stated in the Policy, exams to determine the need for (or changes of) ***eyeglasses*** or lenses of any type;
b) eyeglasses or lenses of any type except initial replacements for loss of the natural lens; or
c) eye surgery such as radial keratotomy or lasik surgery, when the primary purpose is to correct myopia (nearsightedness), hyperopia (farsightedness) or astigmatism (blurring).

Services or supplies provided by one of the following members of the Employee's ***family:*** spouse, child, parent, in-law, brother, sister or grandparent.

Services or supplies furnished in connection with any procedures to enhance ***fertility*** which involve harvesting, storage and/or manipulation of eggs and sperm. This includes, but is not limited to the following: a) procedures: invitro fertilization; embryo transfer; embryo freezing; and Gamete Intra-fallopian Transfer (GIFT) and Zygote Intra-fallopian Transfer (ZIFT); donor sperm, surrogate motherhood and b) Prescription Drugs not eligible under the Prescription Drugs section of the Policy.

Except as stated in the Newborn Hearing Screening provision, services or supplies related to ***hearing aids and hearing exams*** to determine the need for hearing aids or the need to adjust them.

Services or supplies related to ***herbal medicine.***

["DC" Services or supplies provided under the associated ***HMO Plan.***]

Services or supplies related to ***hypnotism.***

Services or supplies necessary because the Covered Person engaged, or tried to engage, in an ***illegal occupation*** or committed or tried to commit an indictable offense in the jurisdiction in which it is committed, or a felony. ***Exception***: As required by 29 CFR 2590.702(b)(2)(iii) this exclusion does not apply to injuries that result from an act of domestic violence or to injuries that result from a medical condition.

Except as stated below, ***Illness*** **or** ***Injury,*** including a condition which is the result of disease or bodily infirmity, which occurred on the job and which is covered or could have been covered for benefits provided under workers' compensation, employer's liability, occupational disease or similar law. ***Exception***: This exclusion does not apply to the following persons for whom coverage under workers' compensation is optional unless such persons are actually covered for workers' compensation: a self-employed person or a partner of a limited liability partnership, members of a limited liability company or partners of a partnership who actively perform services on behalf of the self-employed business, the limited liability partnership, limited liability company or the partnership.

Local anesthesia charges billed separately if such charges are included in the fee for the Surgery.

Membership costs for health clubs, weight loss clinics and similar programs.

Services and supplies related to ***marriage, career or financial counseling, sex therapy or family therapy, nutritional counseling and related services***, except as otherwise stated in the Policy.

Nicotine Dependence Treatment, except as otherwise stated in the Preventive Care section of the Policy.

Any charge identified as a ***Non-Covered Charge*** or which are specifically limited or excluded elsewhere in the Policy, or which are not Medically Necessary and Appropriate, except as otherwise stated in the Policy.

Non-prescription drugs or supplies, except
a) insulin needles and syringes and glucose test strips and lancets;
b) colostomy bags, belts and irrigators; and
c) as stated in the Policy for food and food products for inherited metabolic diseases.

Services provided by a ***pastoral counselor*** in the course of his or her normal duties as a religious person.

Personal convenience or comfort items including, but not limited to, such items as TV's, telephones, first aid kits, exercise equipment, air conditioners, humidifiers, saunas, hot tubs.

Services or supplies that are not furnished by an eligible ***Provider.***

Services related to ***Private Duty Nursing care,*** except as provided under the Private Duty Nursing section of the Policy.

The amount of any charge which is greater than a ***Reasonable and Customary Charge.***

Services or supplies related to ***rest or convalescent cures.***

Room and board charges for a Covered Person in any Facility for any period of time during which he or she was not physically present overnight in the Facility.

Except as stated in the Preventive Care section, ***Routine examinations*** or preventive care, including related x-rays and laboratory tests, except where a specific Illness or Injury is revealed or where a definite symptomatic condition is present; premarital or similar examinations or tests not required to diagnose or treat Illness or Injury.

Services or supplies related to ***Routine Foot Care*** except:
a) an open cutting operation to treat weak, strained, flat, unstable or unbalanced feet, metatarsalgia or bunions;
b) the removal of nail roots; and
c) treatment or removal of corns, calluses or toenails in conjunction with the treatment of metabolic or peripheral vascular disease.

Self-administered services such as: biofeedback, patient-controlled analgesia on an Outpatient basis, related diagnostic testing, self-care and self-help training.

Services provided by a ***social worker,*** except as otherwise stated in the Policy.

Services or supplies:
a) eligible for payment under either federal or state programs (except Medicaid and Medicare). This provision applies whether or not the Covered Person asserts his or her rights to obtain this coverage or payment for these services;
b) for which a charge is not usually made, such as a Practitioner treating a professional or business associate, or services at a public health fair;
c) for which a Covered Person would not have been charged if he or she did not have health care coverage;
d) provided by or in a government Hospital except as stated below, or unless the services are for treatment:
- of a non-service Emergency; or
- by a Veterans' Administration Hospital of a non-service related Illness or Injury;

Exception: This exclusion does not apply to military retirees, their Dependents and the Dependents of active duty military personnel who are covered under both the Policy and under military health coverage and who receive care in facilities of the Uniformed Services.
e) provided outside the United States unless the Covered Person is outside the United States for one of the following reasons:
- travel, provided the travel is for a reason other than securing health care diagnosis and/or treatment, and travel is for a period of 6 months or less;
- business assignment, provided the Covered Person is temporarily outside the United States for a period of 6 months or less; or

Subject to [Carrier] Pre-Approval, eligibility for full-time student status, provided the Covered Person is either enrolled and attending an Accredited School in a foreign country; or is participating in an academic program in a foreign country, for which the institution of higher learning at which the student matriculates in the United States, grants academic credit. Charges in connection with full-time students in a foreign country for which eligibility as a full-time student has not been Pre-Approved by [Carrier] are Non-Covered Charges.

Stand-by services required by a Provider.

Sterilization reversal - services and supplies rendered for reversal of sterilization.

Surgery, sex hormones, and related medical, psychological and psychiatric services to change a Covered Person's sex; services and supplies arising from complications of sex transformation.

Telephone consultations.

Transplants, except as otherwise listed in the Policy.

Transportation, travel.

Vision therapy.

Vitamins and dietary supplements.

Services or supplies received as a result of a ***war***, declared or undeclared: police actions; services in the armed forces or units auxiliary thereto.

Weight reduction or control, unless there is a diagnosis of morbid obesity; special foods, food supplements, liquid diets, diet plans or any related products and except as provided in the Nutritional Counseling and Food and Food Products for Inherited Metabolic Diseases provisions.

Wigs, toupees, hair transplants, hair weaving or any drug if such drug is used in connection with baldness.

CONTINUATION RIGHTS

COORDINATION AMONG CONTINUATION RIGHTS SECTIONS

As used in this section, COBRA means the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 as enacted, and later amended.

A Covered Person may be eligible to continue his or her group health benefits under this Policy's **COBRA CONTINUATION RIGHTS** (CCR) section and under other continuation sections of this Policy at the same time.

Continuation Under CCR and **NEW JERSEY GROUP CONTINUATION RIGHTS** (NJGCR): A Covered Person who is eligible to continue his or her group health benefits under CCR is not eligible to continue under NJGCR.

Continuation under CCR and NJGCR and **NEW JERSEY CONTINUATION RIGHTS FOR OVER-AGE DEPENDENTS** (NJCROD): A Dependent who has elected to continue his or her coverage under the group policy under which his or her parent is currently covered pursuant to NJCROD shall not be entitled to further continue coverage under CCR or NJGCR when continuation pursuant to NJCROD ends.

Continuation Under CCR and any other continuation section of this Policy:

If a Covered Person elects to continue his or her group health benefits under this Policy's CCR or NJGCR, as applicable, and any other continuation other than NJCROD, the continuations:
a) start at the same time;
b) run concurrently; and
c) end independently on their own terms.

While covered under more than one continuation section, the Covered Person:
a) will not be entitled to duplicate benefits; and
b) will not be subject to the premium requirements of more than one section at the same time.

AN IMPORTANT NOTICE ABOUT CONTINUATION RIGHTS

The following COBRA CONTINUATION RIGHTS section may not apply to the Employer's Policy. The Employee must contact his or her Employer to find out if:
a) the Employer is subject to the COBRA CONTINUATION RIGHTS section in which case;
b) the section applies to the Employee.

COBRA CONTINUATION RIGHTS (Generally applies to employer groups with 20 or more employees)

Important Notice
Under this section, "Qualified Continuee" means any person who, on the day before any event which would qualify him or her for continuation under this section, is covered for group health benefits under this Policy as:
a) an active, covered Employee;
b) the spouse of an active, covered Employee; or
c) the Dependent child of an active, covered Employee. Except as stated below, any person who becomes covered under this Policy during a continuation provided by this section is not a Qualified Continuee.

Exception: A child who is born to the covered Employee, or who is placed for adoption with the covered Employee during the continuation provided by this section is a Qualified Continuee.

If An Employee's Group Health Benefits Ends
If an Employee's group health benefits end due to his or her termination of employment or reduction of work hours, he or she may elect to continue such benefits for up to 18 months, unless he or she was terminated due to gross misconduct.
A Qualified Continuee may elect to continue coverage under COBRA even if the Qualified Continuee:
a) is covered under another group plan on or before the date of the COBRA election; or
b) is entitled to Medicare on or before the date of the COBRA election.

The continuation:
a) may cover the Employee and any other Qualified Continuee; and
b) is subject to the **When Continuation Ends** section.

Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuees
If a Qualified Continuee is determined to be disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the United States Social Security Act on the date his or her group health benefits would otherwise end due to the Employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours or during the first 60 days of continuation coverage, he or she and any Qualified Continuee who is not disabled may elect to extend his or her 18 month continuation period above for up to an extra 11 months.

To elect the extra 11 months of continuation, the Qualified Continuee must give the Employer written proof of Social Security's determination of his or her disability before the earlier of:
a) the end of the 18 month continuation period; and
b) 60 days after the date the Qualified Continuee is determined to be disabled.

If, during this extra 11 month continuation period, the Qualified Continuee is determined to be no longer disabled under the Social Security Act, he or she must notify the Employer within 30 days of such determination, and continuation will end, as explained in the **When Continuation Ends** section.

An additional 50% of the total premium charge also may be required from the Qualified Continuee by the Employer during this extra 11 month continuation period.

If An Employee Dies While Insured
If an Employee dies while insured, any Qualified Continuee whose group health benefits would otherwise end may elect to continue such benefits. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to the **When Continuation Ends** section.

If An Employee's Marriage [or Domestic Partnership] Ends
If an Employee's marriage ends due to legal divorce or legal separation [or termination of a domestic partnership], any Qualified Continuee whose group health benefits would otherwise end may elect to continue such benefits. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to the **When Continuation Ends** section.

If A Dependent Loses Eligibility
If a Dependent child's group health benefits end due to his or her loss of dependent eligibility as defined in this Policy, other than the Employee's coverage ending, he or she may elect to continue such benefits. However, such Dependent child must be a Qualified Continuee. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to **When Continuation Ends.**

Concurrent Continuations
If a Dependent elects to continue his or her group health benefits due to the Employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours, the Dependent may elect to extend his or her 18 month continuation period to up to 36 months, if during the 18 month continuation period, either:
a) the Dependent becomes eligible for 36 months of group health benefits due to any of the reasons stated above; or
b) the Employee becomes entitled to Medicare.

The 36 month continuation period starts on the date the 18 month continuation period started, and the two continuation periods will be deemed to have run concurrently.

Special Medicare Rule
Except as stated below, the "special rule" applies to Dependents of an Employee when the Employee becomes entitled to Medicare prior to termination of employment or reduction in work hours. The continuation period for a Dependent upon the Employee's subsequent termination of employment or reduction in work hours will be the longer of the following:
a) 18 months from the date of the Employee's termination of employment or reduction in work hours; or
b) 36 months from the date of the Employee's earlier entitlement to Medicare.

Exception: If the Employee becomes entitled to Medicare more than 18 months prior to termination of employment or reduction in work hours, this "special rule" will not apply.

The Qualified Continuee's Responsibilities
A person eligible for continuation under this section must notify the Employer, in writing, of:
a) the legal divorce or legal separation [or termination of the domestic partnership] of the Employee from his or her spouse; or
b) the loss of dependent eligibility, as defined in this Policy, of an insured Dependent child.

Such notice must be given to the Employer within 60 days of either of these events.

The Employer's Responsibilities
The Employer must notify the Qualified Continuee, in writing, of:
a) his or her right to continue this Policy's group health benefits;
b) the monthly premium he or she must pay to continue such benefits; and
c) the times and manner in which such monthly payments must be made.

Such written notice must be given to the Qualified Continuee within 44 days of:
a) the date a Qualified Continuee's group health benefits would otherwise end due to the Employee's death or the Employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours; or
b) the date a Qualified Continuee notifies the Employer, in writing, of the Employee's legal divorce or legal separation [or termination of the domestic partnership] from his or her spouse, or the loss of dependent eligibility of an insured Dependent child.

The Employer's Liability
The Employer will be liable for the Qualified Continuee's continued group health benefits to the same extent as, and in place of, [Carrier], if:
a) the Employer fails to remit a Qualified Continuee's timely premium payment to [Carrier] on time, thereby causing the Qualified Continuee's continued group health benefits to end; or
b) the Employer fails to notify the Qualified Continuee of his or her continuation rights, as described above.

Election of Continuation
To continue his or her group health benefits, the Qualified Continuee must give the Employer written notice that he or she elects to continue. An election by a minor Dependent Child can be made by the Dependent Child's parent or legal guardian. This must be done within 60 days of the date a Qualified Continuee receives notice of his or her continuation rights from the Employer as described above. And the Qualified Continuee must pay the first month's premium in a timely manner.

The subsequent premiums must be paid to the Employer, by the Qualified Continuee, in advance, at the times and in the manner specified by the Employer. No further notice of when premiums are due will be given.

The monthly premium will be the total rate which would have been charged for the group health benefits had the Qualified Continuee stayed insured under this Policy on a regular basis. It includes any amount that would have been paid by the Employer. Except as explained in the **Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuees** section, an additional charge of two percent of the total premium charge may also be required by the Employer.

If the Qualified Continuee fails to give the Employer notice of his or her intent to continue, or fails to pay any required premiums in a timely manner, he or she waives his or her continuation rights.

Grace in Payment of Premiums
A Qualified Continuee's premium payment is timely if, with respect to the first payment after the Qualified Continuee elects to continue, such payment is made no later than 45 days after such election. In all other cases, such premium payment is timely if it is made within 31 days of the specified date.

If timely payment is made to the plan in an amount that is not significantly less than the amount the Employer requires to be paid for the period of coverage, then the amount paid is deemed to satisfy the Employer's requirement for the amount that must be paid, unless the plan notifies the Qualified Continuee of the amount of the deficiency and grants an additional 30 days for payment of the deficiency to be made. An amount is not significantly less than the amount the Employer requires to be paid for a period of coverage if and only if the shortfall is no greater than the lesser of the following two amounts:
a) Fifty dollars (or such other amount as the Commissioner may provide in a revenue ruling, notice, or other guidance published in the Internal Revenue Code Bulletin); or
b) Ten percent of the amount the plan requires to be paid.

Payment is considered as made on the date on which it is sent to the Employer.

When Continuation Ends
A Qualified Continuee's continued group health benefits end on the first of the following:
a) with respect to continuation upon the Employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours, the end of the 18 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;
b) with respect to a Qualified Continuee who has elected an additional 11 months of continuation due to his or her own disability or the disability of a family member, the earlier of:
- the end of the 29 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end; or
- the first day of the month which coincides with or next follows the date which is 30 days after the date on which a final determination is made that a disabled Qualified Continuee is no longer disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the United States Social Security Act;

c) with respect to continuation upon the Employee's death, the Employee's legal divorce or legal separation [or termination of the domestic partnership] or the end of an insured Dependent's eligibility, the end of the 36 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;
d) with respect to a Dependent whose continuation is extended due to the Employee's entitlement to Medicare, the end of the 36 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;
e) the date this Policy ends;
f) the end of the period for which the last premium payment is made;
g) the date he or she becomes covered under any other group health plan which contains no limitation or exclusion with respect to any Pre-Existing Condition of the Qualified Continuee or contains a pre-existing conditions limitation or exclusion that is eliminated through the Qualified Continuee's total period of Creditable Coverage;
h) the date he or she becomes entitled to Medicare;
i) termination of a Qualified Continuee for cause (e.g. submission of a fraudulent claim) on the same basis that the Employer terminates coverage of an active employee for cause.

NEW JERSEY GROUP CONTINUATION RIGHTS (NJGCR)

Important Notice
Except as stated below, under this section, "Qualified Continuee" means any person who, on the day before any event which would qualify him or her for continuation under this section, is covered for group health benefits under this Policy as:
a) a full-time covered Employee;
b) the spouse of a full-time covered Employee; or
c) the Dependent child of a full-time covered Employee.
Exception: A Newly Acquired Dependent, where birth, adoption, or marriage occurs after the Qualifying Event is also a "Qualified Continuee" for purposes of being included under the Employee's continuation coverage.

If An Employee's Group Health Benefits Ends
If an Employee's group health benefits end due to his or her termination of employment or reduction of work hours to fewer than 25 hours per week, he or she may elect to continue such benefits for up to 18 months, unless he or she was terminated for cause. The Employee's spouse and Dependent children may elect to continue benefits even if the Employee does not elect continuation for himself or herself.

A Qualified Continuee may elect to continue coverage under NJGCR even if the Qualified Continuee:
a) is covered under another group plan on or before the date of the NJGCR election; or
b) is entitled to Medicare on or before the date of the NJGCR election.

The continuation:
a) may cover the Employee and/or any other Qualified Continuee; and
b) is subject to the When Continuation Ends section.

Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuees
If a former Employee who is a Qualified Continuee is determined to be disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the United States Social Security Act on the date his or her group health benefits would otherwise end due to the termination of employment or reduction of work hours to fewer than 25 hours per week or during the first 60 days of continuation coverage, he or she may elect to extend his or her 18-month continuation period for himself or herself and any Dependents who are Qualified Continuees for up to an extra 11 months.

To elect the extra 11 months of continuation, the Qualified Continuee must give the [Carrier] written proof of Social Security's determination of his or her disability before the earlier of:
a) the end of the 18 month continuation period; and
b) 60 days after the date the Qualified Continuee is determined to be disabled.

If, during this extra 11 month continuation period, the Qualified Continuee is determined to be no longer disabled under the Social Security Act, he or she must notify the [Carrier] within 31 days of such determination, and continuation will end, as explained in the When Continuation Ends section.

An additional 50% of the total premium charge also may be required from the Qualified Continuee by the Employer during this extra 11 month continuation period.

If An Employee Dies While Insured
If an Employee dies while insured, any Qualified Continuee whose group health benefits would otherwise end may elect to continue such benefits. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to the When Continuation Ends section.

If An Employee's Marriage or Civil Union [or Domestic Partnership] Ends
If an Employee's marriage ends due to legal divorce or legal separation or dissolution of the civil union [or termination of a domestic partnership], any Qualified Continuee whose group health benefits would otherwise end may elect to continue such benefits. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to the When Continuation Ends section.

If A Dependent Loses Eligibility
If a Dependent child's group health benefits end due to his or her loss of dependent eligibility as defined in this Policy, other than the Employee's coverage ending, he or she may elect to continue such benefits for up to 36 months, subject to When Continuation Ends.

The Employer's Responsibilities
Upon loss of coverage due to termination of employment or reduction in work hours, the Employer must notify the former employee in writing, of:
a) his or her right to continue this Policy's group health benefits;
b) the monthly premium he or she must pay to continue such benefits; and
c) the times and manner in which such monthly payments must be made.

Upon being advised of the death of the Employee, divorce, dissolution of the civil union [termination of domestic partnership] or Dependent child's loss of eligibility, the Employer should notify the Qualified Continuee in writing, of:
a) his or her right to continue this Policy's group health benefits;
b) the monthly premium he or she must pay to continue such benefits; and
c) the times and manner in which such monthly payments must be made.

Election of Continuation
To continue his or her group health benefits, the Qualified Continuee must give the Employer written notice that he or she elects to continue. An election by a minor Dependent Child can be made by the Dependent Child's parent or legal guardian. This must be done within 30 days of the date coverage ends. The first month's premium must be paid within 30 days of the date the Qualified Continuee elects continued coverage.

The subsequent premiums must be paid to the Employer, by the Qualified Continuee, in advance, at the times and in the manner specified by the Employer.

The monthly premium will be the total rate which would have been charged for the group health benefits had the Qualified Continuee stayed insured under this Policy on a regular basis. It includes any amount that would have been paid by the Employer. Except as explained in the Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuees section, an additional charge of two percent of the total premium charge may also be required by the Employer.

If the Qualified Continuee does not give the Employer notice of his or her intent to continue coverage, or fails to pay any required premiums in a timely manner, he or she waives his or her continuation rights.

Grace in Payment of Premiums
A Qualified Continuee's premium payment is timely if, with respect to the first payment after the Qualified Continuee elects to continue, such payment is made no later than 30 days after such election. In all other cases, such premium payment is timely if it is made within 31 days of the date it is due.

The Continued Coverage
The continued coverage shall be identical to the coverage provided to similarly situated active Employees and their Dependents under the Employer's plan. If coverage is modified for any group of similarly situated active Employees and their Dependents, the coverage for Qualified Continuees shall also be modified in the same manner. Evidence of insurability is not required for the continued coverage.

When Continuation Ends
A Qualified Continuee's continued group health benefits end on the first of the following:
a) with respect to continuation upon the Employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours, the end of the 18 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;
b) with respect to a Qualified Continuee who has elected an additional 11 months of continuation due to his or her own disability, the end of the 29 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end. However, if the Qualified Continuee is no longer disabled, coverage ends on the later of:
    - the end of the 18-month period; or

- the first day of the month that begins more than 31 days after the date on which a final determination is made that a disabled Qualified Continuee is no longer disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the United States Social Security Act;

c) with respect to continuation upon the Employee's death, the Employee's legal divorce or legal separation, dissolution of the civil union, [or termination of the domestic partnership] or the end of an insured Dependent's eligibility, the end of the 36 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;
d) the date the Employer ceases to provide any health benefits plan to any active Employee or Qualified Continuee;
e) the end of the period for which the last premium payment is made;
f) the date he or she first becomes covered under any other group health benefits plan, as an employee or otherwise, which contains no limitation or exclusion with respect to any Pre-Existing Condition of the Qualified Continuee; or
g) the date he or she first becomes entitled to Medicare.

NEW JERSEY CONTINUATION RIGHTS FOR OVER-AGE DEPENDENTS (Applies to all size groups):

As used in this provision, "Over-Age Dependent" means an Employee's child by blood or law who:
a) has reached the limiting age under the group plan, but is less than 30 years of age;
b) is not married or in a civil union partnership;
c) has no Dependents of his or her own;
d) is either a resident of New Jersey or is enrolled as a full-time student at an Accredited School; and
e) is not covered under any other group or individual health benefits plan, group health plan, church plan or health benefits plan, and is not entitled to Medicare.

If A Dependent Loses Eligibility
If a Dependent child's group health benefits end or have ended due to his or her attainment of the limiting age, he or she may elect to continue such benefits until his or her 30th birthday, subject to the Conditions for Election, Election of Continuation and When Continuation Ends sections below.

Conditions for Election
An Over-Age Dependent is only entitled to make an election for continued coverage if all of the following conditions are met.
a) The group policy under which the Dependent child was covered immediately prior to reaching the limiting age must have been a fully-insured group policy issued in New Jersey.
b) The Dependent child must actually have been covered under the group policy on the date he or she reached the limiting age under such group policy.
c) A parent of an Over-Age Dependent must be enrolled as having elected Dependent coverage at the time the Over-Age Dependent elects continued coverage. Except, if the Employee has no other Dependents, the Over-Age Dependent may nevertheless elect continued coverage.

Election of Continuation
To continue group health benefits, the Over-Age Dependent must make written election to [the Carrier]. The effective date of the continued coverage will be the later of:
a) the date the Over-Age Dependent gives written notice to [the Carrier]; or
b) the date the Over-Age Dependent pays the first premium; or
c) the date the Dependent would otherwise lose coverage due to attainment of the limiting age.

For a Dependent whose coverage has not yet terminated due to the attainment of the limiting age, the written election must be made within 30 days prior to termination of coverage due to the attainment of the limiting age.

For a person who did not qualify as an Over-Age Dependent because he or she fails to meet all the requirements of an Over-Age Dependent, but who subsequently meets all of the requirements for an Over-Age Dependent, written election must be made within 30 days after the person first subsequently meets all of the requirements for an Over-Age Dependent.

This election opportunity is explained in greater detail as follows:
a) If a person did not qualify because he or she was married, the notice must be given within 30 days of the date he or she is no longer married.
b) If a person did not qualify because he or she had a Dependent of his or her own, the election must be made within 30 days of the date he or she no longer has a Dependent.
c) If a person did not qualify because he or she either was not a resident of New Jersey or was not a full-time student at an Accredited school, the election must be made within 30 days of the date he or she becomes a resident of New Jersey, or becomes a full-time student at an accredited school.
d) If a person did not qualify because he or she was covered under any other group or individual health benefits plan, group health plan, church plan or health benefits plan, or was entitled to Medicare, the election must be made within 30 days of the date he or she is no longer covered under any other group or individual health benefits plan, group health plan, church plan or health benefits plan, or is no longer entitled to Medicare.

An Over-Age Dependent may make written election to continue coverage during a 30 day period beginning on each anniversary date of the date the dependent lost coverage due to attaining the limiting age, provided he or she meets the definition of an "Over-Age Dependent" during that 30-day period.

[Special Enrollment Period: May 12, 2006 – May 11, 2007
A person who qualifies as an Over-Age Dependent as of May 12, 2006, having reached the limiting age under a group plan and lost coverage under such group plan prior to May 12, 2006, may give written notice of an election for continued coverage at any time beginning May 12, 2006 and continuing until May 11, 2007.]
Note to carriers: This Special Enrollment Period text may be deleted for plans issued after May 11, 2007.

Application of a Pre-Existing Conditions Exclusion
An Over-Age Dependent who was covered under prior Creditable Coverage that terminated no more than 90 days prior to making an election for continuation under this section will be given credit for the time he or she was covered under the Creditable Coverage toward the application of the Pre-Existing Conditions Exclusion under the Policy.

Payment of Premium
The first month's premium must be paid within 30 days of the date the Over-Age Dependent elects continued coverage.

The Over-Age Dependent must pay subsequent premiums monthly, in advance, [at the times and in the manner specified by [the Carrier]] [and will be remitted by the Employer]. The monthly premium will be set by the Carrier, and must be consistent with the requirements of P.L. 2005, c. 375.

Grace in Payment of Premiums
An Over-Age Dependent's premium payment is timely if, with respect to the first payment after the Over-Age Dependent elects to continue, such payment is made no later than 30 days after such election. In all other cases, such premium payment is timely if it is made within 30 days of the date it is due.

The Continued Coverage
The continued coverage shall be identical to the coverage provided to the Over-Age Dependent's parent who is covered as an Employee under the Policy [and will be evidenced by a separate [Certificate] and ID card being issued to the Over-Age Dependent.]. If coverage is modified for Dependents who are under the limiting age, the coverage for Over-Age Dependents shall also be modified in the same manner. Evidence of insurability is not required for the continued coverage.

When Continuation Ends
An Over-Age Dependent's continued group health benefits end on the first of the following:
a) the date the Over-Age Dependent:
   1. attains age 30
   2. marries or enters into a civil union partnership;
   3. acquires a Dependent;
   4. is no longer either a resident of New Jersey or enrolled as a full-time student at an Accredited School; or
   5. becomes covered under any other group or individual health benefits plan, group health plan, church plan or health benefits plan, or becomes entitled to Medicare
b) the end of the period for which premium has been paid for the Over-Age Dependent, subject to the Grace Period for such payment;
c) the date the Policy ceases to provide coverage to the Over-Age Dependent's parent who is the Employee under the Policy.
d) The date the Policy under which the Over-Age Dependent elected to continue coverage is amended to delete coverage for Dependents.
e) The date the Over-Age Dependent's parent who is covered as an Employee under the Policy waives Dependent coverage. Except, if the Employee has no other Dependents, the Over-Age Dependent's coverage will not end as a result of the Employee waiving Dependent coverage.

A TOTALLY DISABLED EMPLOYEE'S RIGHT TO CONTINUE GROUP HEALTH BENEFITS

If An Employee is Totally Disabled
An Employee who is Totally Disabled and whose group health benefits end because his or her active employment or membership in an eligible class ends due to that disability, can elect to continue his or her group health benefits. But he or she must have been insured by the Policy for at least three months immediately prior to the date his or her group health benefits ends. The continuation can cover the Employee, and at his or her option, his or her then insured Dependents.

How And When To Continue Coverage
To continue group health benefits, the Employee must give the Employer written notice that he or she elects to continue such benefits. And he or she must pay the first month's premium. This must be done within 31 days of the date his or her coverage under the Policy would otherwise end.

Subsequent premiums must be paid to the Employer monthly, in advance, at the times and in the manner specified by the Employer. The monthly premium the Employee must pay will be the total rate charged for an active Full-Time Employee, insured under the Policy on a regular basis, on the date each payment is due. It includes any amount which would have been paid by the Employer.

[Carrier] will consider the Employee's failure to give notice or to pay any required premium as a waiver of the Employee's continuation rights.

If the Employer fails, after the timely receipt of the Employee's payment, to pay [Carrier] on behalf of such Employee, thereby causing the Employee's coverage to end; then such Employer will be liable for the Employee's benefits, to the same extent as, and in place of, [Carrier].

When This Continuation Ends
These continued group health benefits end on the first of the following:
a) the end of the period for which the last payment is made, if the Employee stops paying.
b) the date the Covered Person becomes employed and eligible or covered for similar benefits by another group plan, whether it be an insured or uninsured plan;
c) the date the Policy ends or is amended to end for the class of Employees to which the Employee belonged; or
d) with respect to a Dependent, the date he or she stops being an eligible Dependent as defined in the Policy.

AN EMPLOYEE'S RIGHT TO CONTINUE GROUP HEALTH BENEFITS DURING A FAMILY LEAVE OF ABSENCE

Important Notice
This section may not apply to an Employer's Policy. The Employee must contact his or her Employer to find out if:
a) the Employer must allow for a leave of absence under Federal law in which case;
b) the section applies to the Employee.

If An Employee's Group Health Coverage Ends
Group health coverage may end for an Employee because he or she ceases Full-Time work due to an approved leave of absence. Such leave of absence must have been granted to allow the Employee to care for a sick family member or after the birth or adoption of a child. If so, his or her group health benefits insurance will be continued. Dependents' insurance may also be continued. The Employee will be required to pay the same share of premium as before the leave of absence.

When Continuation Ends
Insurance may continue until the earliest of:
a) the date the Employee returns to Full-Time work;
b) the end of a total leave period of 12 weeks in any 12 month period;
c) the date on which the Employee's coverage would have ended had the Employee not been on leave; or
d) the end of the period for which the premium has been paid.

[A DEPENDENT'S RIGHT TO CONTINUE GROUP HEALTH BENEFITS

If an Employee dies, any of his or her Dependents who were insured under the Policy may elect to continue coverage. Subject to the payment of the required premium, coverage may be continued until the earlier of:
a) 180 days following the date of the Employee's death; or
b) the date the Dependent is no longer eligible under the terms of the Policy.]

[CONVERSION RIGHTS FOR DIVORCED SPOUSES

IF AN EMPLOYEE'S MARRIAGE OR CIVIL UNION [OR DOMESTIC PARTNERSHIP] ENDS

If an Employee's marriage ends by legal divorce or annulment or the employee's civil union is dissolved [or if the domestic partnership terminates], the group health benefits for his or her former spouse ends. The former spouse may convert to an individual major medical policy during the conversion period. The former spouse may insure under his or her individual policy any of his or her Dependent children who were insured under the Policy on the date the group health benefits ends. See **exceptions** below.

Exceptions
No former spouse may use this conversion right:
a) if he or she is eligible for Medicare; or
b) if it would cause him or her to be overinsured.

This may happen if the spouse is covered or eligible for coverage providing similar benefits provided by any other plan, insured or not insured. [Carrier] will determine if overinsurance exists using its standards for overinsurance.

HOW AND WHEN TO CONVERT

The conversion period means the 31 days after the date group health benefits ends. The former spouse must apply for the individual policy in writing and pay the first premium for such policy during the conversion period. Evidence of insurability will not be required.

THE CONVERTED POLICY

The individual policy will provide the medical benefits that [Carrier] is required to offer in the state where the Employer is located.

The individual policy will take effect on the day after group health benefits under the Policy ends.

After group health benefits under the Policy ends, the former spouse and any children covered under the individual policy may still be paid benefits under the Policy. If so, benefits to be paid under the individual policy will be reduced by the amount paid under the Policy.]

EFFECT OF INTERACTION WITH A HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION PLAN
HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION ("HMO") means a prepaid alternative health care delivery system.

A Policyholder may offer its Employees HMO membership in lieu of the group health benefits insurance provided by the Policy ["DC" ,where this Indemnity Plan is issued in conjunction with an HMO Plan. This Effect of Interaction with a Health Maintenance Organization Plan provision does **not** apply to Employees and their Dependents who are HMO members due to coverage under this Indemnity Plan and the associated HMO Plan.] If the Employer does ["DC" offer HMO membership under an HMO plan *other than* the associated HMO Plan], the following provisions apply.

IF AN INSURED EMPLOYEE ELECTS HMO MEMBERSHIP
Date Group Health Benefits Insurance Ends
Insurance for an Employee and his or her Dependents will end on the date the Employee becomes an HMO member.

Benefits After Group Health Benefits Insurance Ends
When an Employee becomes an HMO member, the **Extended Health Benefits** section of the Policy will not apply to him or her and his or her Dependents.

Exception:
IF, on the date membership takes effect, the HMO does not provide benefits due to:
a) an HMO waiting period
b) an HMO Pre-Existing Conditions limit, or
c) a confinement in a Hospital not affiliated with the HMO

AND the HMO provides benefits for Total Disability when membership ends

THEN group health benefits will be paid until the first of the following occurs:
a) 30 days expire from the date membership takes effect
b) the HMO's waiting period ends
c) the HMO's Pre-Existing Conditions limit expires, or
d) hospitalization ends.

IF AN HMO MEMBER ELECTS GROUP HEALTH BENEFITS INSURANCE PROVIDED BY THE POLICY

Date Transfer To Such Insurance Takes Effect

Each Employee who is an HMO member may transfer to such insurance by written request. If he or she elects to do so, any Dependents who are HMO members must also be included in such request. The date such persons are to be insured depends on when and why the transfer request is made.

request made during an open enrollment period

[Carrier] and the Policyholder will agree when this period will be. If an Employee requests insurance during this period, he or she and his or her Dependents will be insured on the date such period ends.

Request made because:

a) an HMO ends its operations
b) the Employee [moves outside] [no longer lives, works or resides in] the HMO service area

If an Employee requests insurance because membership ends for these reasons, the date he or she and his or her Dependents are to be insured depends on the date the request is made.

If it is made:

a) on or before the date membership ends, they will be insured on the date such membership ends
b) within 31 days after the date membership ends, they will be insured on the date the request is made
c) more than 31 days after the date membership ends, the Employee and his or her Dependents will be Late Enrollees.

Request made because an HMO becomes insolvent

If an Employee requests insurance because membership ends for this reason, the date he- or she and his or her Dependents are to be insured depends on the date the request is made.

If it is made:

a) within 31 days after the date membership ends, they will be insured on the date the request is made
b) more than 31 days after the date membership ends, the Employee and his or her Dependents will be Late Enrollees.

Request made at any other time

An Employee may request insurance at any time other than that described above. In this case, he or she and his or her Dependents will be Late Enrollees.

Other Provisions Affected By A Transfer

If a person makes a transfer, the following provisions, if required by the Policy for such insurance, will not apply on the transfer date:

a) [an Actively at Work requirement]
b) a waiting period to the extent it has already been satisfied, or
c) Pre-Existing Conditions Limitation provisions to the extent it has already been satisfied.

Charges not covered

Charges incurred before a person becomes insured will be considered Non-Covered Charges.

Right to change premium rates

[Carrier] has the right to change premium rates when, in its opinion, its liability under the Policy is changed by interaction with an HMO plan.

COORDINATION OF BENEFITS AND SERVICES

Purpose Of This Provision

A [Covered Person] may be covered for health benefits or services by more than one Plan. For instance, he or she may be covered by this [Policy] as an Employee and by another plan as a Dependent of his or her spouse. If he or she is covered by more than one Plan, this provision allows [Carrier] to coordinate what [Carrier] pays or provides with what another Plan pays or provides. This provision sets forth the rules for determining which is the Primary Plan and which is the Secondary Plan. Coordination of benefits is intended to avoid duplication of benefits while at the same time preserving certain rights to coverage under all Plans under which the [Covered Person] is covered.

DEFINITIONS

The words shown below have special meanings when used in this provision. Please read these definitions carefully. [Throughout this provision, these defined terms appear with their initial letter capitalized.]

Allowable Expense: The charge for any health care service, supply or other item of expense for which the [Covered Person] is liable when the health care service, supply or other item of expense is covered at least in part under any of the Plans involved, except where a statute requires another definition, or as otherwise stated below.

When this [Policy] is coordinating benefits with a Plan that provides benefits only for dental care, vision care, prescription drugs or hearing aids, Allowable Expense is limited to like items of expense.

[Carrier] will not consider the difference between the cost of a private hospital room and that of a semi-private hospital room as an Allowable Expense unless the stay in a private room is Medically Necessary and Appropriate.

When this [Policy] is coordinating benefits with a Plan that restricts coordination of benefits to a specific coverage, [Carrier] will only consider corresponding services, supplies or items of expense to which coordination of benefits applies as an Allowable Expense.

Claim Determination Period: A Calendar Year, or portion of a Calendar Year, during which a [Covered Person] is covered by this [Policy] and at least one other Plan and incurs one or more Allowable Expense(s) under such plans.

Plan: Coverage with which coordination of benefits is allowed. Plan includes:
a) Group insurance and group subscriber contracts, including insurance continued pursuant to a Federal or State continuation law;
b) Self-funded arrangements of group or group-type coverage, including insurance continued pursuant to a Federal or State continuation law;
c) Group or group-type coverage through a health maintenance organization (HMO) or other prepayment, group practice and individual practice plans, including insurance continued pursuant to a Federal or State continuation law;
d) Group hospital indemnity benefit amounts that exceed $150 per day;
e) Medicare or other governmental benefits, except when, pursuant to law, the benefits must be treated as in excess of those of any private insurance plan or non-governmental plan.

Plan does not include:
a) Individual or family insurance contracts or subscriber contracts;
b) Individual or family coverage through a health maintenance organization or under any other prepayment, group practice and individual practice plans;
c) Group or group-type coverage where the cost of coverage is paid solely by the [Covered Person] except that coverage being continued pursuant to a Federal or State continuation law shall be considered a Plan;
d) Group hospital indemnity benefit amounts of $150 per day or less;
e) School accident –type coverage;
f) A State plan under Medicaid.

Primary Plan: A Plan whose benefits for a [Covered Person's] health care coverage must be determined without taking into consideration the existence of any other Plan. There may be more than one Primary Plan. A Plan will be the Primary Plan if either "a" or "b" below exist:
a) The Plan has no order of benefit determination rules, or it has rules that differ from those contained in this Coordination of Benefits and Services provision; or
b) All Plans which cover the [Covered Person] use order of benefit determination rules consistent with those contained in the Coordination of Benefits and Services provision and under those rules, the plan determines its benefits first.

Reasonable and Customary: An amount that is not more than the usual or customary charge for the service or supply as determined by [Carrier], based on a standard which is most often charged for a given service by a Provider within the same geographic area.

Secondary Plan: A Plan which is not a Primary Plan. If a [Covered Person] is covered by more than one Secondary Plan, the order of benefit determination rules of this Coordination of Benefits and Services provision shall be used to determine the order in which the benefits payable under the multiple Secondary Plans are paid in relation to each other. The benefits of each Secondary Plan may take into consideration the benefits of the Primary Plan or Plans and the benefits of any other Plan which, under this Coordination of Benefits and Services provision, has its benefits determined before those of that Secondary Plan.

PRIMARY AND SECONDARY PLAN

[Carrier] considers each plan separately when coordinating payments.

The Primary Plan pays or provides services or supplies first, without taking into consideration the existence of a Secondary Plan. If a Plan has no coordination of benefits provision, or if the order of benefit determination rules differ from those set forth in these provisions, it is the Primary Plan.

A Secondary Plan takes into consideration the benefits provided by a Primary Plan when, according to the rules set forth below, the plan is the Secondary Plan. If there is more than one Secondary Plan, the order of benefit determination rules determine the order among the Secondary Plans. During each Claim Determination Period the Secondary Plan(s) will pay up to the remaining unpaid allowable expenses, but no Secondary Plan will pay more than it would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan. The method the Secondary Plan uses to determine the amount to pay is set forth below in the "**Procedures to be Followed by the Secondary Plan to Calculate Benefits"** section of this provision.

The Secondary Plan shall not reduce Allowable Expenses for medically necessary and appropriate services or supplies on the basis that precertification, preapproval, notification or second surgical opinion procedures were not followed.

RULES FOR THE ORDER OF BENEFIT DETERMINATION

The benefits of the Plan that covers the [Covered Person] as an employee, member, subscriber or retiree shall be determined before those of the Plan that covers the [Covered Person] as a Dependent. The coverage as an employee, member, subscriber or retiree is the Primary Plan.

The benefits of the Plan that covers the [Covered Person] as an employee who is neither laid off nor retired, or as a dependent of such person, shall be determined before those for the Plan that covers the [Covered Person] as a laid off or retired employee, or as such a person's Dependent. If the other Plan does not contain this rule, and as a result the Plans do not agree on the order of benefit determination, this portion of this provision shall be ignored.

The benefits of the Plan that covers the [Covered Person] as an employee, member, subscriber or retiree, or Dependent of such person, shall be determined before those of the Plan that covers the [Covered Person] under a right of continuation pursuant to Federal or State law. If the other Plan does not contain this rule, and as a result the Plans do not agree on the order of benefit determination, this portion of this provision shall be ignored.

If a child is covered as a Dependent under Plans through both parents, and the parents are neither separated nor divorced, the following rules apply:
a) The benefits of the Plan of the parent whose birthday falls earlier in the Calendar Year shall be determined before those of the parent whose birthday falls later in the Calendar Year.
b) If both parents have the same birthday, the benefits of the Plan which covered the parent for a longer period of time shall be determined before those of plan which covered the other parent for a shorter period of time.
c) Birthday, as used above, refers only to month and day in a calendar year, not the year in which the parent was born.
d) If the other plan contains a provision that determines the order of benefits based on the gender of the parent, the birthday rule in this provision shall be ignored.

If a child is covered as a Dependent under Plans through both parents, and the parents are separated or divorced, the following rules apply:
a) The benefits of the Plan of the parent with custody of the child shall be determined first.
b) The benefits of the Plan of the spouse of the parent with custody shall be determined second.
c) The benefits of the Plan of the parent without custody shall be determined last.
d) If the terms of a court decree state that one of the parents is responsible for the health care expenses for the child, and if the entity providing coverage under that Plan has actual knowledge of the terms of the court decree, then the benefits of that plan shall be determined first. The benefits of the plan of the other parent shall be considered as secondary. Until the entity providing coverage under the plan has knowledge of the terms of the court decree regarding health care expenses, this portion of this provision shall be ignored.

If the above order of benefits does not establish which plan is the Primary Plan, the benefits of the Plan that covers the employee, member or subscriber for a longer period of time shall be determined before the benefits of the Plan(s) that covered the person for a shorter period of time.

Procedures to be Followed by the Secondary Plan to Calculate Benefits

In order to determine which procedure to follow it is necessary to consider:
a) the basis on which the Primary Plan and the Secondary Plan pay benefits; and
b) whether the provider who provides or arranges the services and supplies is in the network of either the Primary Plan or the Secondary Plan.

Benefits may be based on the Reasonable and Customary Charge (R&C), or some similar term. This means that the provider bills a charge and the [Covered Person] may be held liable for the full amount of the billed charge. In this section, a Plan that bases benefits on a reasonable and customary charge is called an "R&C Plan."

Benefits may be based on a contractual fee schedule, sometimes called a negotiated fee schedule, or some similar term. This means that although a provider, called a network provider, bills a charge, the [Covered Person] may be held liable only for an amount up to the negotiated fee. In this section, a Plan that bases benefits on a negotiated fee schedule is called a "Fee Schedule Plan." If the [Covered Person] uses the services of a non-network provider, the plan will be treated as an R&C Plan even though the plan under which he or she is covered allows for a fee schedule.

Payment to the provider may be based on a "capitation". This means that then HMO or other plans pays the provider a fixed amount per [Covered Person]. The [Covered Person] is liable only for the applicable deductible, coinsurance or copayment. If the [Covered Person] uses the services of a non-network provider, the HMO or other plans will only pay benefits in the event of emergency care or urgent care. In this section, a Plan that pays providers based upon capitation is called a "Capitation Plan."

In the rules below, "provider" refers to the provider who provides or arranges the services or supplies and "HMO" refers to a health maintenance organization plan.

Primary Plan is R&C Plan and Secondary Plan is R&C Plan
The Secondary Plan shall pay the lesser of:
a) the difference between the amount of the billed charges and the amount paid by the Primary Plan; or
b) the amount the Secondary Plan would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan.
When the benefits of the Secondary Plan are reduced as a result of this calculation, each benefit shall be reduced in proportion, and the amount paid shall be charged against any applicable benefit limit of the plan.

Primary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan and Secondary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan
If the provider is a network provider in both the Primary Plan and the Secondary Plan, the Allowable Expense shall be the fee schedule of the Primary Plan. The Secondary Plan shall pay the lesser of:
a) The amount of any deductible, coinsurance or copayment required by the Primary Plan; or
b) the amount the Secondary Plan would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan.
The total amount the provider receives from the Primary plan, the Secondary plan and the [Covered Person] shall not exceed the fee schedule of the Primary Plan. In no event shall the [Covered Person] be responsible for any payment in excess of the copayment, coinsurance or deductible of the Secondary Plan.

Primary Plan is R&C Plan and Secondary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan
If the provider is a network provider in the Secondary Plan, the Secondary Plan shall pay the lesser of:
a) the difference between the amount of the billed charges for the Allowable Expenses and the amount paid by the Primary Plan; or
b) the amount the Secondary Plan would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan.
The [Covered Person] shall only be liable for the copayment, deductible or coinsurance under the Secondary Plan if the [Covered Person] has no liability for copayment, deductible or coinsurance under the Primary Plan and the total payments by both the primary and Secondary Plans are less than the provider's billed charges. In no event shall the [Covered Person] be responsible for any payment in excess of the copayment, coinsurance or deductible of the Secondary Plan.

Primary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan and Secondary Plan is R&C Plan
If the provider is a network provider in the Primary Plan, the Allowable Expense considered by the Secondary Plan shall be the fee schedule of the Primary Plan. The Secondary Plan shall pay the lesser of:
a) The amount of any deductible, coinsurance or copayment required by the Primary Plan; or
b) the amount the Secondary Plan would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan.

Primary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan and Secondary Plan is R&C Plan or Fee Schedule Plan
If the Primary Plan is an HMO plan that does not allow for the use of non-network providers except in the event of urgent care or emergency care and the service or supply the [Covered Person] receives from a non-network provider is not considered as urgent care or emergency care, the Secondary Plan shall pay benefits as if it were the Primary Plan.

Primary Plan is Capitation Plan and Secondary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan or R&C Plan
If the [Covered Person] receives services or supplies from a provider who is in the network of both the Primary Plan and the Secondary Plan, the Secondary Plan shall pay the lesser of:

a) The amount of any deductible, coinsurance or copayment required by the Primary Plan; or
b) the amount the Secondary Plan would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan.

Primary Plan is Capitation Plan or Fee Schedule Plan or R&C Plan and Secondary Plan is Capitation Plan
If the [Covered Person] receives services or supplies from a provider who is in the network of the Secondary Plan, the Secondary Plan shall be liable to pay the capitation to the provider and shall not be liable to pay the deductible, coinsurance or copayment imposed by the Primary Plan. The [Covered Person] shall not be liable to pay any deductible, coinsurance or copayments of either the Primary Plan or the Secondary Plan.

Primary Plan is an HMO and Secondary Plan is an HMO
If the Primary Plan is an HMO plan that does not allow for the use of non-network providers except in the event of urgent care or emergency care and the service or supply the [Covered Person] receives from a non-network provider is not considered as urgent care or emergency care, but the provider is in the network of the Secondary Plan, the Secondary Plan shall pay benefits as if it were the Primary Plan. Except that the Primary Plan shall pay out-of-Network services, if any, authorized by the Primary Plan.

BENEFITS FOR AUTOMOBILE RELATED INJURIES

This section will be used to determine a person's benefits under the Policy when expenses are incurred as a result of an automobile related Injury.

Definitions
"Automobile Related Injury" means bodily Injury sustained by a Covered Person as a result of an accident:
a) while occupying, entering, leaving or using an automobile; or
b) as a pedestrian;

caused by an automobile or by an object propelled by or from an automobile.

"Allowable Expense" means a medically necessary, reasonable and customary item of expense covered at least in part as an eligible expense by:
a) the Policy;
b) PIP; or
c) OSAIC.

"Eligible Expense" means that portion of expense incurred for treatment of an Injury which is covered under the Policy without application of Cash Deductibles and Copayments, if any or Coinsurance.

"Out-of-State Automobile Insurance Coverage" or "OSAIC" means any coverage for medical expenses under an automobile insurance policy other than PIP. OSAIC includes automobile insurance policies issued in another state or jurisdiction.

"PIP" means personal injury protection coverage provided as part of an automobile insurance policy issued in New Jersey. PIP refers specifically to provisions for medical expense coverage.

Determination of primary or secondary coverage.
The Policy provides secondary coverage to PIP unless health coverage has been elected as primary coverage by or for the Covered Person under the Policy. This election is made by the named insured under a PIP policy. Such election affects that person's family members who are not themselves named insureds under another automobile policy. The Policy may be primary for one Covered Person, but not for another if the person has separate automobile policies and has made different selections regarding primacy of health coverage.

The Policy is secondary to OSAIC, unless the OSAIC contains provisions which make it secondary or excess to the policyholder's plan. In that case the Policy will be primary.

If there is a dispute as to which policy is primary, the Policy will pay benefits as if it were primary.

Benefits the Policy will pay if it is primary to PIP or OSAIC.
If the Policy is primary to PIP or OSAIC it will pay benefits for eligible expenses in accordance with its terms.

The rules of the **COORDINATION OF BENEFITS AND SERVICES** section of the Policy will apply if:
a) the Covered Person is insured under more than one insurance plan; and
b) such insurance plans are primary to automobile insurance coverage.

Benefits the Policy will pay if it is secondary to PIP or OSAIC.
If the Policy is secondary to PIP or OSAIC the actual benefits payable will be the lesser of:
a) the allowable expenses left uncovered after PIP or OSAIC has provided coverage after applying Cash Deductibles and Copayments, or
b) the benefits that would have been paid if the Policy had been primary.

Medicare
If the Policy supplements coverage under Medicare it can be primary to automobile insurance only to the extent that Medicare is primary to automobile insurance.

MEDICARE AS SECONDARY PAYOR

IMPORTANT NOTICE

The following sections regarding Medicare may not apply to the Employer's Policy. The Employee must contact his or her Employer to find out if the Employer is subject to Medicare as Secondary Payor rules.

If the Employer is subject to such rules, this Medicare as Secondary Payor section applies to the Employee.

If the Employer is NOT subject to such rules, this Medicare as Secondary Payor section does not apply to the Employee, in which case, Medicare will be the primary health plan and the Policy will be the secondary health plan for Covered Persons who are eligible for Medicare.

The following provisions explain how the Policy's group health benefits interact with the benefits available under Medicare as Secondary Payor rules. A Covered Person may be eligible for Medicare by reason of age, disability, or End Stage Renal Disease. Different rules apply to each type of Medicare eligibility, as explained below.

With respect to the following provisions:
a) "Medicare" when used above, means Part A and B of the health care program for the aged and disabled provided by Title XVIII of the United States Social Security Act, as amended from time to time.
b) A Covered Person is considered to be eligible for Medicare by reason of age from the first day of the month during which he or she reaches age 65. However, if the Covered Person is born on the first day of a month, he or she is considered to be eligible for Medicare from the first day of the month which is immediately prior to his or her 65th birthday.
c) A "primary" health plan pays benefits for a Covered Person's Covered Charge first, ignoring what the Covered Person's "secondary" plan pays. A "secondary" health plan then pays the remaining unpaid allowable expenses. See the **Coordination of Benefits** section for a definition of "allowable expense".
d) ["We" means Carrier]

MEDICARE ELIGIBILITY BY REASON OF AGE (Generally applies to employer groups with 20 or more employees)

Applicability
This section applies to an Employee or his or her insured spouse who is eligible for Medicare by reason of age.

Under this section, such an Employee or insured spouse is referred to as a "Medicare eligible".

This section does not apply to:
a) a Covered Person, other than an Employee or insured spouse
b) an Employee or insured spouse who is under age 65, or
c) a Covered Person who is eligible for Medicare solely on the basis of End Stage Renal Disease.

When An Employee or Insured Spouse Becomes Eligible For Medicare
When an Employee or insured spouse becomes eligible for Medicare by reason of age, he or she must choose one of the two options below.

Option (A) - The Medicare eligible may choose the Policy as his or her primary health plan. If he or she does, Medicare will be his or her secondary health plan. See the **When The Policy is Primary** section below, for details.

Option (B) - The Medicare eligible may choose Medicare as his or her primary health plan. If he or she does, group health benefits under the Policy will end. See the **When Medicare is Primary** section below, for details.

If the Medicare eligible fails to choose either option when he or she becomes eligible for Medicare by reason of age, [Carrier] will pay benefits as if he or she had chosen Option (A).

When the Policy is primary
When a Medicare eligible chooses the Policy as his or her primary health plan, if he or she incurs a Covered Charge for which benefits are payable under both the Policy and Medicare, the Policy is considered primary. The Policy pays first, ignoring Medicare. Medicare is considered the secondary plan.

When Medicare is primary
If a Medicare eligible chooses Medicare as his or her primary health plan, he or she will no longer be covered for such benefits by the Policy. Coverage under the Policy will end on the date the Medicare eligible elects Medicare as his or her primary health plan.

A Medicare eligible who elects Medicare as his or her primary health plan, may later change such election, and choose the Policy as his or her primary health plan.

MEDICARE ELIGIBILITY BY REASON OF DISABILITY (Generally applies to employer groups with 100 or more employees)

Applicability
This section applies to a Covered Person who is:
a) under age 65; and
b) eligible for Medicare by reason of disability.

Under this section, such Covered Person is referred to as a "disabled Medicare eligible".

This section does not apply to:
a) a Covered Person who is eligible for Medicare by reason of age; or
b) a Covered Person who is eligible for Medicare solely on the basis of End Stage Renal Disease.

When A Covered Person Becomes Eligible For Medicare
When a Covered Person becomes eligible for Medicare by reason of disability, the Policy is the primary plan. Medicare is the secondary plan.

If a Covered Person is eligible for Medicare by reason of disability, he or she must be covered by both Parts A and B. Benefits will be payable as specified in the **COORDINATION OF BENEFITS** section of the Policy.

MEDICARE ELIGIBILITY BY REASON OF END STAGE RENAL DISEASE (Applies to all employer groups)

Applicability
This section applies to a Covered Person who is eligible for Medicare on the basis of End Stage Renal Disease (ESRD).

Under this section such Covered Person is referred to as a "ESRD Medicare eligible".

This section does not apply to a Covered Person who is eligible for Medicare by reason of disability.

When A Covered Person Becomes Eligible For Medicare Due to ESRD
When a Covered Person becomes eligible for Medicare solely on the basis of ESRD, for a period of up to 30 consecutive months, if he or she incurs a charge for the treatment of ESRD for which benefits are payable under both the Policy and Medicare, the Policy is considered primary. The Policy pays first, ignoring Medicare. Medicare is considered the secondary plan.

This 30 month period begins on the earlier of:
a) the first day of the month during which a regular course of renal dialysis starts; and
b) with respect to a ESRD Medicare eligible who receives a kidney transplant, the first day of the month during which such Covered Person becomes eligible for Medicare.

After the 30 month period described above ends, if an ESRD Medicare eligible incurs a charge for which benefits are payable under both the Policy and Medicare, Medicare is the primary plan. The Policy is the secondary plan. If a Covered Person is eligible for Medicare on the basis of ESRD, he or she must be covered by both Parts A and B. Benefits will be payable as specified in the **COORDINATION OF BENEFITS** section of the Policy.

STATEMENT OF ERISA RIGHTS
The following Statement may not apply to the Employer's Policy. The Employee must contact his or her Employer to find out if the Employer is subject to these ERISA requirements

As a plan participant, you are entitled to certain rights and protections under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA). ERISA provides that all plan participants shall be entitled to:

Receive Information About Your Plan and Benefits
Examine, without charge, at the plan administrator's office and at other specified locations, such as worksites and union halls, all documents governing the plan, including insurance contracts and collective bargaining agreements, and a copy of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) filed by the plan with the U.S. Department of Labor and available at the Public Disclosure Room of the Pension and Welfare Benefit Administration.

Obtain, upon written request to the plan administrator, copies of documents governing the operation of the plan, including insurance contracts and collective bargaining agreements, and copies of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) and updated summary plan description. The administrator may make a reasonable charge for the copies.

Receive a summary of the plan's annual financial report. The plan administrator is required by law to furnish each participant with a copy of this summary annual report.

Continue Group Health Plan Coverage
Continue health care coverage for yourself, spouse or dependents if there is a loss of coverage under the plan as a result of a qualifying event. You or your dependents may have to pay for such coverage. Review the summary plan description and the documents governing the plan on the rules governing your COBRA continuation coverage rights, if COBRA is applicable to your plan.

Reduction or elimination of exclusionary periods of coverage for preexisting conditions under your group health plan, if you have creditable coverage from another plan. You should be provided a certificate of creditable coverage, free of charge, from your group health plan or health insurance issuer when you lose coverage under the plan, when you become entitled to elect COBRA continuation coverage, when your COBRA continuation coverage ceases, if you request it before losing coverage, or if you request it up to 24 months after losing coverage. Without evidence of creditable coverage, you may be subject to a preexisting conditions exclusion for 6 months after your enrollment date in your coverage.

Prudent Actions by Plan Fiduciaries
In addition to creating rights for plan participants ERISA imposes duties upon the people who are responsible for the operation of the employee benefit plan. The people who operate your plan, called "fiduciaries" of the plan, have a duty to do so prudently and in the interest of you and other plan participants and beneficiaries. No one, including your employer, your union, or any other person, may fire you or otherwise discriminate against you in any way to prevent you from obtaining a benefit or exercising your rights under ERISA.

Enforce Your Rights
If your claim for a benefit is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you have a right to know why this was done, to obtain copies of documents relating to the decision without charge, and to appeal any denial, all within certain time schedules.

Under ERISA, there are steps you can take to enforce the above rights. For instance, if you request a copy of plan documents or the latest annual report from the plan and do not receive them within 30 days, you may file suit in a Federal court. In such a case, the court may require the plan administrator to provide the materials and pay you up to $110 a day until you receive the materials, unless the materials were not sent because of reasons beyond the control of the administrator. If you have a claims for benefits which is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you may file suit in a state or Federal court. In addition, if you disagree with the plan's decision or lack thereof concerning the qualified status of a domestic relations order or medical support order, you may file suit in Federal court. If it should happen that plan fiduciaries misuse the plan's money, or if you are discriminated against for asserting your rights, you may seek assistance from the U.S. Department of Labor, or you may file suit in a Federal court. The court will decide who should pay court costs and legal fees. If you are successful the court may order the person you have sued to pay these costs and fees. If you lose, the court may order you to pay these costs and fees, for example, if it finds your claim is frivolous.

Assistance With Your Questions

If you have any questions about your plan, you should contact the plan administrator. If you have any questions about this statement or about your rights under ERISA, or if you need assistance in obtaining documents from the plan administrator, you should contact the nearest office of the Pension and Welfare Benefits Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, listed in your telephone directory or the Division of Technical Assistance and Inquiries, Pension and Welfare Benefits Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20210. You may also obtain certain publications about your rights and responsibilities under ERISA by calling the publications hotline of the Pension and Welfare Benefits Administration.

[CLAIMS PROCEDURE

Carriers should include claims procedures consistent with the requirements of ERISA.]

New Rule, R.1994 d.47, effective December 22, 1993.
See: 25 N.J.R. 5017(a), 26 N.J.R. 400(a).
Amended by R.1994 d.498, effective September 2, 1994.
See: 26 N.J.R. 2843(a), 26 N.J.R. 3867(a), 26 N.J.R. 4066(a).
Amended by R.1995 d.580, effective November 6, 1995 (operative January 1, 1996).
See: 27 N.J.R. 3051(a), 27 N.J.R. 4371(a).
Amended by R.1997 d.280, effective July 7, 1997 (operative September 1, 1997).
See: 29 N.J.R. 1090(a), 29 N.J.R. 2931(a).
Amended by R.1997 d.501, effective January 1, 1998.
See: 29 N.J.R. 4620(a), 29 N.J.R. 5069(a).
Amended by R.1998 d.299, effective September 1, 1998.
See: 30 N.J.R. 1883(a), 30 N.J.R. 2223(a).
Amended by R.1998 d.512, effective September 25, 1998.
See: 30 N.J.R. 2815(a), 30 N.J.R. 3840(a).
Amended by R.1999 d.376, effective October 6, 1999 (operative November 1, 1999).
See: 31 N.J.R. 2442(a), 31 N.J.R. 3340(a).
Amended by R.2000 d.304, effective June 23, 2000.
See: 32 N.J.R. 2210(a), 32 N.J.R. 2592(a).
Amended by R.2004 d.107, effective March 15, 2004 (operative October 1, 2004).
See: 35 N.J.R. 5011(a), 36 N.J.R. 1594(a).
Amended by R.2005 d.335, effective September 6, 2005.
See: 37 N.J.R. 3218(a), 37 N.J.R. 3834(a).
Amended by R.2006 d.145, effective April 17, 2006 (operative June 1, 2006).
See: 37 N.J.R. 4869(a), 38 N.J.R. 1751(a).
Amended by R.2006 d.377, effective September 22, 2006.
See: 38 N.J.R. 3484(a), 38 N.J.R. 4719(b).
Amended by R.2008 d.132, effective April 24, 2008.
See: 40 N.J.R. 1746(a), 40 N.J.R. 2476(a).

EXHIBIT X

(RESERVED)

New Rule, R.1994 d.47, effective December 22, 1993.
See: 25 N.J.R. 5017(a), 26 N.J.R. 400(a).
Amended by R.1995 d.580, effective November 6, 1995 (operative January 1, 1996).
See: 27 N.J.R. 3051(a), 27 N.J.R. 4371(a).
Repealed by R.1997 d.280, effective July 7, 1997 (operative September 1, 1997).
See: 29 N.J.R. 1090(a), 29 N.J.R. 2931(a).

New Rule, R.1994 d.47, effective December 22, 1993.
See: 25 N.J.R. 5017(a), 26 N.J.R. 400(a).
Amended by R.1995 d.580, effective November 6, 1995 (operative January 1, 1996).
See: 27 N.J.R. 3051(a), 27 N.J.R. 4371(a).
Repealed by R.1997 d.280, effective July 7, 1997 (operative September 1, 1997).
See: 29 N.J.R. 1090(a), 29 N.J.R. 2931(a).

EXHIBIT Y

[Carrier]

HMO PLAN

SMALL GROUP HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION

EVIDENCE OF COVERAGE

[[Carrier] certifies that the Employee named below is entitled to Covered Services and Supplies described in this Evidence of Coverage, as of the effective date shown below, subject to the eligibility and effective date requirements of the Contract.]

[The Contract is an agreement between [Carrier] and the Contractholder. This Evidence of Coverage is a summary of the Contract Provisions that affect Your Coverage. All Covered Services and Supplies and Non-Covered Services and Supplies are subject to the terms of the Contract.]

CONTRACTHOLDER: [ABC Company]
GROUP CONTRACT NUMBER: [G-12345]
[EMPLOYEE: [John Doe]]
[CERTIFICATE NUMBER: [C-123456]]
EFFECTIVE DATE OF EVIDENCE OF COVERAGE: [January 1, 2004]

[COVERED CLASSES:
[All Employees of the Contractholder (and its Associated Companies) who permanently reside in the Service Area and are eligible or covered under the Group Care Health Plan.]]

SERVICE AREA: [The State of New Jersey]
AFFILIATED COMPANIES: [DEF Company]
COST OF THE COVERAGE:
[The coverage in this Evidence of Coverage is Contributory Coverage. You will be informed of the amount of Your contribution when You enroll.]

[HMO's Address: [400 Main Street
Chester, New Jersey 00000]

This Evidence of Coverage replaces any older Evidence of Coverage issued to You for the Group Health Care Plan.

[Secretary President]

["DC" THIS SMALL GROUP HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION CONTRACT (HMO PLAN), ISSUED BY [CARRIER] IS ISSUED IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE SMALL GROUP HEALTH BENEFITS POLICY (INDEMNITY PLAN) ISSUED BY [CARRIER]. TOGETHER, THIS HMO PLAN AND THE INDEMNITY PLAN ISSUED BY [CARRIER] PROVIDE POINT OF SERVICE COVERAGE.]

[Include legal name, trade name, phone, fax and e-mail numbers by which consumers may contact the carrier, including at least one toll-free number for Members]

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Section **Page**
["DC" OVERVIEW OF POINT OF SERVICE PLAN]
SCHEDULE OF SERVICES AND SUPPLIES
DEFINITIONS
ELIGIBILITY
[MEMBER] PROVISIONS
[COVERAGE PROVISION]
COVERED SERVICES AND SUPPLIES
NON-COVERED SERVICES AND SUPPLIES
COORDINATION OF BENEFITS AND SERVICES
GENERAL PROVISIONS
CONTINUATION RIGHTS
MEDICARE AS SECONDARY PAYOR
[STATEMENT OF ERISA RIGHTS]

["DC" OVERVIEW OF POINT OF SERVICE PLAN (Copayment, Deductibles, and Coinsurance)

[NETWORK] (Provided under this HMO Plan)	
Copayment	$[15], unless otherwise stated
Emergency Room Copayment	$50, credited toward Inpatient admission if admitted within 24 hours
Coinsurance	0% [except as stated on the Schedule of Services and Supplies for Prescription Drugs]

[NON-NETWORK] (Provided under the Indemnity Plan)	
Cash Deductible (calendar year, all cause)	$2,500 per person [$5,000 per family Note: Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Members] [$7,500]
Emergency Room Copayment (waived if admitted within 24 hours)	$50
Coinsurance	[30%, 20%]
Maximum Out of Pocket	$5,000

MAXIMUM LIFETIME BENEFITS Unlimited, **except** as otherwise stated]

SCHEDULE OF SERVICES AND SUPPLIES [Using Copayment]

THE SERVICES OR SUPPLIES COVERED UNDER THE CONTRACT ARE SUBJECT TO ALL COPAYMENTS [AND COINSURANCE] AND ARE DETERMINED PER CALENDAR YEAR PER [MEMBER], UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED. MAXIMUMS ONLY APPLY TO THE SPECIFIC SERVICES PROVIDED.

[SERVICES **COPAYMENTS]/COINSURANCE]:**

HOSPITAL SERVICES:

INPATIENT [$75, $100, $150, $200, $300, $400, $500] Copayment/day for a maximum of 5 days/admission. Maximum Copayment [$750, $1000, $1,500, $2,500, $3,000, $4,000, $5,000]/Calendar Year. Unlimited days.

OUTPATIENT [$5, $10, $15, $20, $30, $40, $50] Copayment/visit

PRACTITIONER SERVICES RECEIVED AT A HOSPITAL:
INPATIENT VISIT $0 Copayment
OUTPATIENT VISIT [$5, $10, $15, $20, $30, $40, $50] Copayment/visit; no Copayment if any other Copayment applies.

EMERGENCY ROOM [at the option of the carrier, $50, $75 or $100] Copayment/visit/Member (credited toward Inpatient Admission if Admission occurs within 24 hours)

Note: The Emergency Room Copayment is payable in addition to the applicable Copayment and Coinsurance, if any.

SURGERY:.
INPATIENT $0 Copayment
OUTPATIENT [$5, $10, $15, $20, $30, $40, $50] Copayment/visit

HOME HEALTH CARE Unlimited days, if Pre-Approved; $0 Copayment.

HOSPICE SERVICES Unlimited days, if Pre-Approved; $0 Copayment.

MATERNITY (PRE-NATAL CARE) [at the option of the carrier, $25 or same amount as primary care physician copayment] Copayment for initial visit only; $0 Copayment thereafter.

NON-BIOLOGICALLY BASED MENTAL ILLNESS AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE:
OUTPATIENT $15 Copayment/visit maximum 20 visits/Calendar Year.
INPATIENT $150 Copayment/day for a maximum of 5 days per admission. Maximum Copayment: $1,500/Calendar Year.

Maximum of 30 days inpatient care/Calendar Year. Subject to Pre-Approval, unused Inpatient days may be exchanged for additional Outpatient visits, where each Inpatient day may be exchanged for two Outpatient visits.

THERAPEUTIC MANIPULATION [$5, $10, $15, $20, $30, $40, $50] Copayment/visit; maximum 30 visits/Calendar Year

PRE-ADMISSION TESTING [$5, $10, $15, $20, $30, $40, $50] Copayment/visit.

PRESCRIPTION DRUG 50% Coinsurance [May be substituted by Carrier with $15 Copayment.]

PRIMARY CARE PHYSICIAN [OR CARE MANAGER] SERVICES (OUTSIDE HOSPITAL)	[$5, $10, $15, $20, $30, $40, $50] Copayment/visit.
PRIMARY CARE SERVICES	[$5, $10, $15, $20, $30, $40, $50] Copayment/visit.
REHABILITATION SERVICES	Subject to the Inpatient Hospital Services Copayment above. The Copayment does not apply if Admission is immediately preceded by a Hospital Inpatient Stay.
SECOND SURGICAL OPINION	[$5, $10, $15, $20, $30, $40, $50] Copayment/visit.
SPECIALIST SERVICES	[$5, $10, $15, $20, $30, $40, $50] Copayment/visit.
SKILLED NURSING FACILITY/EXTENDED CARE CENTER	Unlimited days, if Pre-Approved; $0 Copayment.
THERAPY SERVICES Speech and Cognitive Therapy (Combined), maximum 30 visits per Calendar Year Physical and Occupational Therapy (Combined) maximum 30 visits per Calendar Year	[$5, $10, $15, $20, $30, $40, $50] Copayment/visit.
DIAGNOSTIC SERVICES **INPATIENT** **(OUTPATIENT)**	 $0 Copayment [$5, $10, $15, $20, $30, $40, $50] Copayment/visit
SCHEDULE OF SERVICES AND SUPPLIES	[Example Using Deductible, Coinsurance]

The services or supplies covered under this Contract are subject to the Copayments Deductible and Coinsurance set forth below and are determined per Calendar Year per [Member], unless otherwise stated. Maximums only apply to the specific services provided.

COPAYMENT	
For Primary Care Physician Visits	[$5, $10, $15, $20, $30, $0, $50] per visit
Maternity (pre-natal care)	[at the option of the carrier, $25 or same amount as primary care physician copayment] Copayment/initial visit.
For all other services and supplies	**Copayment Not Applicable; Refer to the Deductible and Coinsurance sections**
DEDUCTIBLE PER CALENDAR YEAR	
•For Primary Care Physician Visits including Preventive Care and immunizations and lead screening for children	NONE
•Maternity (pre-natal care)	NONE.
•for all other Covered Services and Supplies	
•Per Covered Person	[$250 to $2,500]
•[Per Covered Family	[Dollar amount which is two times the individual Deductible.] **Note**: Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Members
COINSURANCE	
Prescription Drugs	50%
For all services and supplies to which a Copayment does not apply	[10% - 50%, in 5% increments]
For all services and supplies to which a Copayment applies	None
EMERGENCY ROOM COPAYMENT	[at the option of the carrier, $50, $75, $100] Copayment/visit/Member (credited toward Inpatient admission if admission occurs within 24 hours as the result of the emergency).

Note: The Emergency Room Copayment is payable in addition to the applicable Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance.

MAXIMUM OUT OF POCKET

Maximum Out of Pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Member Person must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Member has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.

The **Maximum Out of Pocket** for the Contract is as follows:

• Per Member per Calendar Year	[An amount not to exceed $5,000]
• [Per Member per Calendar Year	[Dollar amount equal to two times the per Member Maximum.] **[Note:** Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Members]]

Note: The Maximum Out of Pocket cannot be met with Non-Covered Charges.

LIMITATIONS ON SERVICES AND SUPPLIES

Home Health Care	Unlimited days, subject to Pre-Approval.
Hospice Services	Unlimited days, subject to Pre-Approval.

Non-Biologically-Based Mental Illness and Substance Abuse

- Outpatient Visits — 20 visits per Calendar Year.
- Inpatient Confinement — 30 days per calendar year

Subject to Pre-Approval, unused Inpatient days may be exchanged for additional Outpatient visits, where each Inpatient day may be exchanged for two Outpatient visits.

Speech and Cognitive Therapy (Combined)	30 visits per Calendar Year
Physical and Occupational Therapy (Combined)	30 visits per Calendar Year
Therapeutic Manipulation	30 visits per Calendar Year
Skilled Nursing Facility/ Extended Care Center	Unlimited days, subject to Pre-Approval

NOTE: NO SERVICES OR SUPPLIES WILL BE PROVIDED IF A [MEMBER] FAILS TO OBTAIN A REFERRAL FOR CARE THROUGH HIS OR HER PRIMARY CARE PHYSICIAN [OR HEALTH CENTER] [OR THE CARE MANAGER]. READ THE [MEMBER] PROVISIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE OBTAINING MEDICAL CARE, SERVICES OR SUPPLIES.

REFER TO THE SECTION OF THE CONTRACT CALLED "NON-COVERED SERVICES AND SUPPLIES" FOR A LIST OF THE SERVICES AND SUPPLIES FOR WHICH A [MEMBER] IS NOT ELIGIBLE FOR COVERAGE UNDER THE CONTRACT.

["DC" THIS HMO PLAN AND THE ASSOCIATED INDEMNITY PLAN MAY BOTH PROVIDE BENEFITS, SERVICES OR SUPPLIES FOR THE SAME SERVICE OR SUPPLY. TO THE EXTENT THAT BENEFITS ARE PROVIDED UNDER THE INDEMNITY PLAN, THE SERVICE OR SUPPLY WILL NOT BE COVERED BY THIS HMO PLAN. SIMILARLY, TO THE EXTENT THAT SERVICES OR SUPPLIES ARE PROVIDED UNDER THIS HMO PLAN, BENEFITS WILL NOT BE PROVIDED UNDER THE INDEMNITY PLAN.

FOR ANY SPECIFIC [NETWORK] SERVICES AND SUPPLIES PROVIDED UNDER THE CONTRACT WHICH ARE SUBJECT TO LIMITATION, ANY SUCH SERVICES OR SUPPLIES THE [MEMBER] RECEIVES UNDER THIS HMO PLAN WILL REDUCE THE CORRESPONDING BENEFIT PROVIDED UNDER THE INDEMNITY PLAN FOR THAT SERVICE OR SUPPLY. SIMILARLY, FOR ANY SPECIFIC BENEFITS PROVIDED UNDER THE INDEMNITY PLAN WHICH ARE SUBJECT TO LIMITATION, ANY SUCH BENEFITS THE [MEMBER] RECEIVES AS INDEMNITY PLAN COVERED CHARGES WILL REDUCE THE CORRESPONDING HMO PLAN SERVICES AND SUPPLIES AVAILABLE FOR THAT SERVICE OR SUPPLY. THE SERVICES AND SUPPLIES SECTION OF THIS HMO PLAN AND THE COVERED CHARGES SECTION OF THE INDEMNITY PLAN CLEARLY IDENTIFY WHICH SERVICES AND SUPPLIES AND COVERED CHARGES ARE AFFECTED BY THIS REDUCTION RULE.]

DEFINITIONS

The words shown below have specific meanings when used in the Contract. Please read these definitions carefully. Throughout the Contract, these defined terms appear with their initial letters capitalized. They will help [Members] understand what services and supplies are provided.

ACCREDITED SCHOOL. A school accredited by a nationally recognized accrediting association, such as one of the following regional accrediting agencies: Middle States Association of Colleges and Schools, New England Association of Schools and Colleges, North Central Association of Colleges and Schools, Northwest Association of Schools and Colleges, Southern Association of Colleges and Schools, or Western Association of Schools and Colleges. An accredited school also includes a proprietary institution approved by an agency responsible for issuing certificates or licenses to graduates of such an institution.

[ACTIVELY AT WORK or ACTIVE WORK. Performing, doing, participating or similarly functioning in a manner usual for the task for full pay, at the Contractholder's place of business, or at any other place that the Contractholder's business requires the Employee to go.]

AFFILIATED COMPANY. A company defined in subsections (b), (c), (m) or (o) of section 414 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. All entities that meet the criteria set forth in the Internal Revenue Code shall be treated as one employer.

ALCOHOL ABUSE. Abuse of or addiction to alcohol. Alcohol Abuse does not include abuse of or addiction to drugs. Please see the definition of Substance Abuse.

AMBULANCE. A certified transportation vehicle for transporting Ill or Injured people that contains all life-saving equipment and staff as required by applicable state and local law.

AMBULATORY SURGICAL CENTER. A Facility mainly engaged in performing Outpatient Surgery. It must:

a) be staffed by Practitioners and Nurses, under the supervision of a Practitioner;
b) have operating and recovery rooms;
c) be staffed and equipped to give emergency care; and
d) have written back-up arrangements with a local Hospital for emergency care.

It must carry out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws and be either:

a) accredited for its stated purpose by either the Joint Commission or the Accreditation Association for ambulatory care; or
b) approved for its stated purpose by Medicare.

A Facility is not an Ambulatory Surgical Center, for the purpose of the Contract, if it is part of a Hospital.

ANNIVERSARY DATE. The date which is one year from the Effective Date of the Contract and each succeeding yearly date thereafter.

[APPROVED CANCER CLINICAL TRIAL. A scientific study of a new therapy or intervention for the treatment, palliation, or prevention of cancer in human beings that meets the following requirements:

a) The treatment or intervention is provided pursuant to an approved cancer clinical trial that has been authorized or approved by one of the following: 1) The National Institutes of Health (Phase I, II and III); (2) the United States Food and Drug Administration, in the form of an investigational new drug (IND) exemption (Phase I, II and III); 3) The United States Department of Defense; or 4) The United States Department of Veteran Affairs.
b) The proposed therapy has been reviewed and approved by the applicable qualified Institutional Review Board.
c) The available clinical or pre-clinical data to indicate that the treatment or intervention provided pursuant to the Approved Cancer Clinical Trial will be at least as effective as standard therapy, if such therapy exists, and is expected to constitute an improvement in effectiveness for treatment, prevention and palliation of cancer.
d) The Facility and personnel providing the treatment are capable of doing so by virtue of their experience and training
e) The trial consists of a scientific plan of treatment that includes specified goals, a rationale and background for the plan, criteria for patient selection, specific directions for administering therapy and monitoring patients, a definition of quantitative measures for determining treatment response and methods for documenting and treating adverse reactions. All such trials must have undergone a review for scientific content and validity, as evidenced by approval by one of the federal entities identified in item a. A cost-benefit analysis of clinical trials will be performed when such an evaluation can be included with a reasonable expectation of sound assessment.]

BIOLOGICALLY BASED MENTAL ILLNESS. A mental or nervous condition that is caused by a biological disorder of the brain and results in a clinically significant or psychological syndrome or pattern that substantially limits the functioning of the person with the illness, including but not limited to: schizophrenia; schizoaffective disorder; major depressive disorder; bipolar disorder; paranoia and other psychotic disorders; obsessive-compulsive disorder; panic disorder and pervasive developmental disorder or autism.

BIRTHING CENTER. A Facility which mainly provides care and treatment for women during uncomplicated pregnancy, routine full-term delivery, and the immediate post-partum period. It must:

a) provide full-time Skilled Nursing Care by or under the supervision of Nurses;
b) be staffed and equipped to give emergency care; and
c) have written back-up arrangements with a local Hospital for emergency care.

It must:

a) carry out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws; or
b) be approved for its stated purpose by the Accreditation Association for Ambulatory Care; or
c) be approved for its stated purpose by Medicare.

A Facility is not a Birthing Center, for the purpose of the Contract, if it is part of a Hospital.

BOARD. The Board of Directors of the New Jersey Small Employer Health Benefits Program.

CALENDAR YEAR. Each successive twelve-month period starting on January 1 and ending on December 31.

[CARE MANAGER. An entity designated by Us to manage, assess, coordinate, direct and authorize the appropriate level of health care treatment.]

CHURCH PLAN. Has the same meaning given that term under Title I, section 3 of Pub.L.93-406, the "Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974"

[COINSURANCE. The percentage of Covered Services or Supplies that must be paid by a [Member]. Coinsurance does not include Copayments.]

CONTRACT. The Contract, including the application and any riders, amendments or endorsements, between the Contractholder and [Carrier].

CONTRACTHOLDER. Employer or organization which purchased the Contract.

COPAYMENT. A specified dollar amount which [Member] must pay for certain Covered Services or Supplies. ***NOTE:*** *The Emergency Room Copayment, if applicable, must be paid in addition to any other Copayments.*

COSMETIC SURGERY OR PROCEDURE. Any surgery or procedure which involves physical appearance, but which does not correct or materially improve a physiological function and is not Medically Necessary and Appropriate.

COVERED EMPLOYEE. A person who meets all applicable eligibility requirements, enrolls hereunder by making application, and for whom premium has been received.

COVERED SERVICES OR SUPPLIES. The types of services and supplies described in the **Covered Services and Supplies** section of the Contract.

Read the entire Contract to find out what We limit or exclude.

CREDITABLE COVERAGE. With respect to an Employee [or Dependent], coverage of the Employee [or Dependent] under any of the following: a Group Health Plan; a group or individual Health Benefits Plan; Part A or Part B of Title XVIII of the federal Social Security Act (Medicare); Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act (Medicaid), other than coverage consisting solely of benefits under section 1928 of Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act (the program for distribution of pediatric vaccines); Title XXI of the Social Security Act (State Children's Health Insurance Program), chapter 55 of Title 10, United States Code (medical and dental care for members and certain former members of the uniformed services and their dependents); a medical care program of the Indian Health Service or of a tribal organization; a state health benefits risk pool; a health plan offered

under chapter 89 of Title 5, United States Code; a Public Health Plan as defined by federal regulation; a health benefits plan under section 5(e) of the "Peace Corps Act"; or coverage under any other type of plan as set forth by the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance by regulation.

Creditable Coverage does not include coverage which consists solely of the following: coverage only for accident or disability income insurance, or any combination thereof; coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance; liability insurance, including general liability insurance and automobile liability insurance; workers' compensation or similar insurance; automobile medical payment insurance; credit only insurance; coverage for on-site medical clinics; coverage as specified in federal regulation, under which benefits for medical care are secondary or incidental to the insurance benefits; and other coverage expressly excluded from the definition of Health Benefits Plan.

CURRENT PROCEDURAL TERMINOLOGY (C.P.T.) The most recent edition of an annually revised listing published by the American Medical Association which assigns numerical codes to procedures and categories of medical care.

CUSTODIAL CARE. Any service or supply, including room and board, which:
a) is furnished mainly to help [Member] meet [Member]'s routine daily needs; or
b) can be furnished by someone who has no professional health care training or skills.

Even if a Covered Person is in a Hospital or other recognized Facility, We do not provide for that part of the care which is mainly custodial.

[DEPENDENT.
Your:
a) legal spouse which shall include a civil union partner pursuant to P.L. 2006, c. 103 as well as same sex relationships legally recognized in other jurisdictions when such relationships provide substantially all of the rights and benefits of marriage. [and domestic partner pursuant to P.L. 2003, c. 246]; except that legal spouse shall be limited to spouses of a marriage as marriage is defined in the Federal Defense of Marriage Act, 1 U.S.C.A. 7, with respect to the provisions of the Policy regarding continuation rights required by the Federal Consolidated Omnibus Reconciliation Act of 1886 (COBRA), Pub. L. 99-272, as subsequently amended. (Civil union partners do not have COBRA rights in the event of dissolution of the civil union.)
b) unmarried Dependent child who is under age 19; and
c) unmarried Dependent child from age 19 until his or her 23rd birthday, who is enrolled as a full-time student at an Accredited School. Full-time student status will be as defined by the Accredited School. We can require periodic proof of a Dependent child's status as a full-time student.

Under certain circumstances, an incapacitated child is also a Dependent. See the **Eligibility** section of the Contract.

Your "unmarried Dependent child" includes Your legally adopted child, Your step-child if such step-child depends on the Employee for most of his or her support and maintenance, the child of his or her civil union partner if the child depends on the employee for most of his or her support and maintenance, [and] [,the child of his or her domestic partner if the child depends on the Employee for most of his or her support and maintenance, and] children under a court appointed guardianship. We treat a child as legally adopted from the time the child is placed in the home for purpose of adoption. We treat such a child this way whether or not a final adoption order is ever issued.

A Dependent is not a person who is on active duty in the armed forces of any country.

A Dependent is not a person who is covered by the Contract as an Employee.

At Our discretion, We can require proof that a person meets the definition of a Dependent.]

[DEPENDENT'S ELIGIBILITY DATE.
The later of:
a) the Employee's Eligibility Date; or
b) the date the person first becomes a Dependent.]

DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITY or DEVELOPMENTALLY DISABLED. A severe, chronic disability that:
a) is attributable to a mental or physical impairment or a combination of mental and physical impairments;
b) is manifested before the [Member] attains age 19;
c) is likely to continue indefinitely;
d) results in substantial functional limitations in three or more of the following areas of major life activity: self-care; receptive and expressive language; learning; mobility; self-direction; capacity for independent living; economic self-sufficiency;
e) reflects the [Member's] need for a combination and sequence of special interdisciplinary or generic services, individualized support, and other forms of assistance that are lifelong or of extended duration and are individually planned and coordinated.

DIAGNOSTIC SERVICES. Procedures ordered by a recognized Provider because of specific symptoms to diagnose a specific condition or disease. Some examples include, but are not limited to:
a) radiology, ultrasound, and nuclear medicine;
b) laboratory and pathology; and
c) EKG's, EEG's, and other electronic diagnostic tests.

DISCRETION/DETERMINATION/DETERMINE. Our sole right to make a decision or determination. The decision will be applied in a reasonable and non-discriminatory manner.

DURABLE MEDICAL EQUIPMENT. Equipment We Determine to be:
a) designed and able to withstand repeated use;
b) used primarily and customarily for a medical purpose;
c) is generally not useful to a [Member] in the absence of an Illness or Injury; and
d) suitable for use in the home.

Durable Medical Equipment includes, but is not limited to, apnea monitors, breathing equipment, hospital-type beds, walkers, and wheelchairs.

Among other things, Durable Medical Equipment does not include: adjustments made to vehicles, air conditioners, air purifiers, humidifiers, dehumidifiers, elevators, ramps, stair glides, Emergency Alert equipment, handrails, heat appliances, improvements made to a [Member]'s home or place of business, waterbeds, whirlpool baths, exercise and massage equipment.

EFFECTIVE DATE. The date on which coverage begins under the Contract for the Contractholder, or the date coverage begins under the Contract for a [Member], as the context in which the term is used suggests.

EMERGENCY. A medical condition manifesting itself by acute symptoms of sufficient severity including, but not limited to, severe pain, psychiatric disturbances and/or symptoms of Substance Abuse such that a prudent layperson, who possesses an average knowledge of health and medicine, could expect the absence of immediate medical attention to result in: placing the health of the individual (or with respect to a pregnant woman, the health of the woman or her unborn child) in serious jeopardy; serious impairment to bodily functions; or serious dysfunction of a bodily organ or part. With respect to a pregnant woman who is having contractions, an Emergency exists where: there is inadequate time to effect a safe transfer to another Hospital before delivery; or the transfer may pose a threat to the health or safety of the woman or unborn child.

EMPLOYEE. A Full-Time bona-fide Employee (25 hours per week) of the Contractholder. Employees who work on a temporary or substitute basis or who are participating in an employee welfare arrangement established pursuant to a collective bargaining agreement are not considered to be Employees for the purpose of the Contract. Partners, proprietors, and independent contractors will be treated like Employees, if they meet all of the Contract's conditions of eligibility.

EMPLOYEE'S ELIGIBILITY DATE.
a) the date of employment; or
b) [the day] after any applicable waiting period ends.

EMPLOYER. [ABC Company].

ENROLLMENT DATE. With respect to a [Member], the Effective Date or, if earlier, the first day of any applicable waiting period. If an Employee changes plans or if the Employer transfers coverage to another carrier, the [Member's] Enrollment Date does not change.

EXPERIMENTAL or INVESTIGATIONAL.
Services or supplies which We Determine are:
a) not of proven benefit for the particular diagnosis or treatment of a [Member]'s particular condition; or
b) not generally recognized by the medical community as effective or appropriate for the particular diagnosis or treatment of a [Member]'s particular condition; or
c) provided or performed in special settings for research purposes or under a controlled environment or clinical protocol.

Unless otherwise required by law with respect to drugs which have been prescribed for treatment for which the drug has not been approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA), We will not cover any services or supplies, including treatment, procedures, drugs, biological products or medical devices or any hospitalizations in connection with Experimental or Investigational services or supplies.

We will also not cover any technology or any hospitalization in connection with such technology if such technology is obsolete or ineffective and is not used generally by the medical community for the particular diagnosis or treatment of a [Member]'s particular condition.

Governmental approval of a technology is not necessarily sufficient to render it of proven benefit or appropriate or effective for a particular diagnosis or treatment of a [Member]'s particular condition, as explained below.

We will apply the following five criteria in Determining whether services or supplies are Experimental or Investigational:

1. Any medical device, drug, or biological product must have received final approval to market by the FDA for the particular diagnosis or condition. Any other approval granted as an interim step in the FDA regulatory process, e.g., an Investigational Device Exemption or an Investigational New Drug Exemption, is not sufficient. Once FDA approval has been granted for a particular diagnosis or condition, use of the medical device, drug or biological product for another diagnosis or condition will require that one or more of the following established reference compendia:

   I. The American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information; or
   II. The United States Pharmacopeia Drug Information.

   recognize the usage as appropriate medical treatment. As an alternative to such recognition in one or more of the compendia, the usage of the drug will be recognized as appropriate if it is recommended by a clinical study or recommended by a review article in a major peer-reviewed professional journal. A medical device, drug, or biological product that meets the above tests will not be considered Experimental or Investigational.

   In any event, any drug which the Food and Drug Administration has determined to be contraindicated for the specific treatment for which the drug has been prescribed will be considered Experimental or Investigational.

2. Conclusive evidence from the published peer-reviewed medical literature must exist that the technology has a definite positive effect on health outcomes; such evidence must include well-designed investigations that have been reproduced by nonaffiliated authoritative sources, with measurable results, backed up by the positive endorsements of national medical bodies or panels regarding scientific efficacy and rationale;

3. Demonstrated evidence as reflected in the published peer-reviewed medical literature must exist that over time the technology leads to improvement in health outcomes, i.e., the beneficial effects outweigh any harmful effects;

4. Proof as reflected in the published peer-reviewed medical literature must exist that the technology is at least as effective in improving health outcomes as established technology, or is usable in appropriate clinical contexts in which established technology is not employable; and

5. Proof as reflected in the published peer-reviewed medical literature must exist that improvements in health outcomes, as defined in paragraph 3, is possible in standard conditions of medical practice, outside clinical investigatory settings.

EXTENDED CARE CENTER. See Skilled Nursing Facility.

FACILITY. A place which:
a) is properly licensed, certified, or accredited to provide health care under the laws of the state in which it operates; and
b) provides health care services which are within the scope of its license, certificate or accreditation.

FULL-TIME. A normal work week of 25 or more hours. Work must be at the Contractholder's regular place of business or at another place to which an Employee must travel to perform his or her regular duties for his or her full and normal work hours.

GOVERNMENT HOSPITAL. A Hospital operated by a government or any of its subdivisions or agencies, including, but not limited to, a Federal, military, state, county or city Hospital.

GROUP HEALTH PLAN. An employee welfare benefit plan, as defined in Title I of section 3 of Pub.L.93-406, the "Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974" (ERISA) (29 U.S.C. § 1002(1)) to the extent that the plan provides medical care and includes items and services paid for as medical care to employees or their dependents directly or through insurance, reimbursement or otherwise.

HEALTH BENEFITS PLAN. Any hospital and medical expense insurance policy or certificate; health, hospital, or medical service corporation contract or certificate; or health maintenance organization subscriber contract or certificate delivered or issued for delivery in New Jersey by any carrier to a Small Employer group pursuant to section 3 of P.L. 1992. c. 162 (C. 17B: 27A-19) or any other similar contract, policy, or plan issued to a Small Employer, not explicitly excluded from the definition of a health benefits plan. Health Benefits Plan does not include one or more, or any combination of the following: coverage only for accident or disability income insurance, or any combination thereof; coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance; liability insurance, including general liability insurance and automobile liability insurance; workers' compensation or similar insurance; automobile medical payment insurance; credit-only insurance; coverage for on-site medical clinics; and other similar insurance coverage, as specified in federal regulations, under which benefits for medical care are secondary or incidental to other insurance benefits. Health Benefits Plans shall not include the following benefits if they are provided under a separate policy, certificate or contract of insurance or are otherwise not an integral part of the plan: limited scope dental or vision benefits; benefits for long term care, nursing home care, home health care, community based care, or any combination thereof; and such other similar, limited benefits as are specified in federal regulations. Health Benefits Plan shall not include hospital confinement indemnity coverage if the benefits are provided under a separate policy, certificate or contract of insurance, there is no coordination between the provision of the benefits and any exclusion of benefits under any group Health Benefits Plan maintained by the same Plan Sponsor, and those benefits are paid with respect to an event without regard to whether benefits are provided with respect to such an event under any Group Health Plan maintained by the same Plan Sponsor. Health Benefits Plan shall not include the following if it is offered as a separate policy, certificate or contract of insurance: Medicare supplemental health insurance as defined under section 1882(g)(1) of the federal Social Security Act; and coverage supplemental to the coverage provided under chapter 55 of Title 10, United States Code; and similar supplemental coverage provided to coverage under a Group Health plan.

[**HEALTH CARE CENTER OR HEALTH CENTER.** A place operated by or on behalf of an HMO where [Network] Providers provide Covered Services and Supplies to[Members].]

HEALTH STATUS-RELATED FACTOR. Any of the following factors: health status; medical condition, including both physical and mental Illness; claims experience; receipt of health care; medical history; genetic information; evidence of insurability, including conditions arising out of acts of domestic violence; and disability.

[**"DC" HMO PLAN**. The Small Group Health Maintenance Organization Contract issued by [Carrier].]

HOME HEALTH AGENCY. A Provider which provides Skilled Nursing Care for Ill or Injured people in their home under a home health care program designed to eliminate Hospital stays. It must be licensed by the state in which it operates, or it must be certified to participate in Medicare as a Home Health Agency.

HOSPICE. A Provider which provides palliative and supportive care for terminally Ill or terminally Injured people. It must carry out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it must either:
a) be approved for its stated purpose by Medicare; or
b) be accredited for its stated purpose by either the Joint Commission or the National Hospice Organization.

HOSPITAL. A Facility which mainly provides Inpatient care for Ill or Injured people. It must carry out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it must either:
a) be accredited as a Hospital by the Joint Commission, or
b) be approved as a Hospital by Medicare.

Among other things, a Hospital is not a convalescent, rest or nursing home or Facility, or a Facility, or part of it, which mainly provides Custodial Care, educational care or rehabilitative care. A Facility for the aged or substance abusers is not a Hospital.

ILLNESS or ILL. A sickness or disease suffered by a [Member] or a description of a [Member] suffering from a sickness or a disease.

[**"DC" INDEMNITY PLAN.** The Small Employer Health Benefits Policy issued by [Carrier] in conjunction with this HMO Plan.]

[**INITIAL DEPENDENT.** Those eligible Dependents an Employee has at the time he or she first becomes eligible for Employee coverage. If at the time the Employee does not have any eligible Dependents, but later acquires them, the first eligible Dependents he or she acquires are his or her Initial Dependents.]

INJURY or INJURED. Damage to a [Member]'s body, and all complications arising from that damage or a description of a [Member] suffering from such damage.

INPATIENT. [Member] if physically confined as a registered bed patient in a Hospital or other recognized health care Facility; or services and supplies provided in such a setting.

JOINT COMMISSION. The Joint Commission on the Accreditation of Health Care Organizations.

LATE ENROLLEE. An eligible Employee [or Dependent] who requests enrollment under the Contract more than [30] days after first becoming eligible. However, an eligible Employee [or Dependent] will not be considered a Late Enrollee under certain circumstances. See the **Employee Coverage** [and **Dependent Coverage]** subsection[s] of the **Eligibility** section of the Contract.

MEDICALLY NECESSARY AND APPROPRIATE. Services or supplies provided by a recognized health care Provider that We [or the Care Manager] Determine to be:
a) necessary for the symptoms and diagnosis or treatment of the condition, Illness or Injury;
b) provided for the diagnosis or the direct care and treatment of the condition, Illness or Injury;
c) in accordance with generally accepted medical practice;
d) not for a [Member]'s convenience;
e) the most appropriate level of medical care that a [Member] needs; and
f) furnished within the framework of generally accepted methods of medical management currently used in the United States.

In the instance of an Emergency, the fact that a Non-Network Provider prescribes, orders, recommends or approves the care, the level of care, or the length of time care is to be received, does not make the services Medically Necessary and Appropriate.

MEDICAID. The health care program for the needy provided by Title XIX of the United States Social Security Act, as amended from time to time.

MEDICARE. Parts A and B of the health care program for the aged and disabled provided by Title XVIII of the United States Social Security Act, as amended from time to time.

[MEMBER]. An eligible person who is covered under the Contract (includes Covered Employee [and covered Dependents, if any)].

MENTAL HEALTH CENTER. A Facility that mainly provides treatment for people with mental health problems. It will be considered such a place if it carries out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it is either:
a) accredited for its stated purpose by the Joint Commission;
b) approved for its stated purpose by Medicare or
c) accredited or licensed by the State of New Jersey to provide mental health services.

[NETWORK] PROVIDER. A Provider which has an agreement [directly or indirectly] with Us [or Our associated medical groups] to provide Covered Services or Supplies. The Employee will periodically be given up-to date lists of [Network] Providers. The up-to date lists will be furnished automatically, without charge.

[NEWLY ACQUIRED DEPENDENT. An eligible Dependent an Employee acquires after he or she already has coverage in force for Initial Dependents.]

NON-BIOLOGICALLY-BASED MENTAL ILLNESS. An Illness which manifests symptoms which are primarily mental or nervous for which the primary treatment is psychotherapy or psychotropic medication where the Illness is not biologically-based.

In determining whether or not a particular condition is a Non-Biologically-based Mental Illness, We may refer to the current edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Conditions of the American Psychiatric Association.

NON-COVERED SERVICES. Services or supplies which are not included within Our definition of Covered Services or Supplies, are included in the list of Non-Covered Services and Supplies, or which exceed any of the limitations shown in the Contract.

NON- [NETWORK] PROVIDER. A Provider which is not a [Network] Provider.

NURSE. A registered nurse or licensed practical nurse, including a nursing specialist such as a nurse mid-wife or nurse anesthetist, who:
a) is properly licensed or certified to provide medical care under the laws of the state where the nurse practices; and
b) provides medical services which are within the scope of the nurse's license or certificate.

OUTPATIENT. [Member], if **not** confined as a registered bed patient in a Hospital or recognized health care Facility and not an Inpatient; or services and supplies provided in such Outpatient settings.

PERIOD OF CONFINEMENT. Consecutive days of Inpatient services provided to an Inpatient, or successive Inpatient confinements due to the same or related causes, when discharge and re-admission to a recognized Facility occurs within 90 days or less. We [or the Care Manager] Determine if the cause(s) of the confinements are the same or related.

PLAN SPONSOR.
Has the meaning given that term under Title I, section 3 of Pub.L.93-406, the ERISA (29 U.S.C. § 1002(16)(B)). That is:
a) the Small Employer in the case of an employee benefit plan established or maintained by a single employer;
b) the employee organization in the case of a plan established or maintained by an employee organization; or
c) in the case of a plan established or maintained by two or more employers or jointly by one or more employers and one or more employee organizations, the association, committee, joint board of trustees, or other similar group of representatives of the parties who establish or maintain the plan.

PLAN YEAR. The year that is designated as the plan year in the plan document of a Group Health Plan, except if the plan document does not designate a plan year or if there is no plan document, the Plan Year is a Calendar Year.

[**"DC" POINT OF SERVICE PLAN**. Often referred to as a POS plan, a Point of Service Plan provides coverage for the services of [Network] Providers under an HMO plan as well as the services of [Non-Network] Providers under an Indemnity Plan. Whenever a person covered under a POS plan needs to access health care, he or she has the option to use the services of either a [Network] Provider (subject to any necessary authorization from his or her Primary Care Physician) or those of an [Non-Network] Provider. [Non-Network] charges are usually greater than the [Network] charges, and are subject to a Deductible and Coinsurance. In addition, the [Member] may be liable to pay charges that exceed the amount the Indemnity Plan carrier Determines to be the Reasonable and Customary Charge for a service or supply.]

PRACTITIONER. A medical practitioner who:
a) is properly licensed or certified to provide medical care under the laws of the state where the practitioner practices; and
b) provides medical services which are within the scope of the practitioner's license or certificate.

PRE-APPROVAL or PRE-APPROVED. Specific direction or instruction from a Network Practitioner or from Us in conformance with Our policies and procedures that authorizes a [Member] to use a Provider for health care services or supplies.

PRE-EXISTING CONDITION. An Illness or Injury which manifests itself in the six months before a Member's Enrollment Date, and for which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received during the six months immediately preceding the Enrollment Date.

[**PRE-EXISTING CONDITION LIMITATION.** With respect to coverage, a limitation or exclusion of benefits relating to a condition based on the fact that the condition was present before the Enrollment Date, whether or not any medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received before that date. Genetic information will not be treated as a Pre-Existing Condition in the absence of a diagnosis of the condition related to that information. Pregnancy will not be treated as a Pre-Existing Condition. See the **Non-Covered Services and Supplies** section of the Contract for details on how the Contract limits the services for Pre-Existing Conditions.]

PRESCRIPTION DRUGS. Drugs, biologicals and compound prescriptions which are sold only by prescription and which are required to show on the manufacturer's label the words: "Caution - Federal Law Prohibits Dispensing Without a Prescription" or other drugs and devices as Determined by Us, such as insulin. But We only cover drugs which are:
a) approved for treatment of the [Member's] Illness or Injury by the Food and Drug Administration;
b) approved by the Food and Drug Administration for the treatment of a particular diagnosis or condition other than the [Member's] and recognized as appropriate medical treatment for the [Member's] diagnosis or condition in one or more of the following established reference compendia:
- The American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information;
- The United States Pharmacopeia Drug Information; or
c) recommended by a clinical study or recommended by a review article in a major peer-reviewed professional journal.

Coverage for the above drugs also includes Medically Necessary and Appropriate services associated with the administration of the drugs.
In no event will We pay for:
a) drugs labeled: "Caution - Limited by Federal Law to Investigational Use"; or
b) any drug which the Food and Drug Administration has determined to be contraindicated for the specific treatment for which the drug has been prescribed.

PRIMARY CARE PHYSICIAN (PCP). A [Network] Provider who is a doctor specializing in family practice, general practice, internal medicine, [obstetrics/gynecology (for pre and post-natal care, birth and treatment of the diseases and hygiene of females,] or pediatrics who supervises, coordinates, arranges and provides initial care and basic medical services to a [Member]; initiates a [Member]'s Referral for Specialist Services; and is responsible for maintaining continuity of patient care.

PRIVATE DUTY NURSING. Skilled Nursing Care for Covered Persons who require individualized continuous Skilled Nursing Care provided by a registered nurse or a licensed practical nurse.

PROVIDER. A recognized Facility or Practitioner of health care.

PUBLIC HEALTH PLAN. Any plan established or maintained by a State, the U.S. government, a foreign country, or any political subdivision of a State, the U.S. government, or a foreign country that provides health coverage to individuals who are enrolled in the plan.

REASONABLE AND CUSTOMARY. An amount that is not more than the [lesser of:
• the] usual or customary charge for the service or supply as determined by Us, based on a standard approved by the Board[; or
[• the negotiated fee schedule.]

The Board will decide a standard for what is Reasonable and Customary under this Policy. The chosen standard is an amount which is most often charged for a given service by a Provider within the same geographic area.

Please note: The Coordination of Benefits and Services provision includes a distinct definition of Reasonable and Customary.

REFERRAL. Specific direction or instruction from a [Member]'s Primary Care Physician [or Health Center] [or Care Manager] in conformance with our policies and procedures that directs a [Member] to a Facility or Practitioner for health care.

REHABILITATION CENTER. A Facility which mainly provides therapeutic and restorative services to Ill or Injured people. It must carry out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it must either:
a) be accredited for its stated purpose by either the Joint Commission or the Commission on Accreditation for Rehabilitation Facilities; or
b) be approved for its stated purpose by Medicare.
In some places a Rehabilitation Center is called a "rehabilitation hospital."

ROUTINE FOOT CARE. The cutting, debridement, trimming, reduction, removal or other care of corns, calluses, flat feet, fallen arches, weak feet, chronic foot strain, dystrophic nails, excrescences, helomas, hyperkeratosis, hypertrophic nails, non-infected ingrown nails, deratomas, keratosis, onychauxis, onychocryptosis, tylomas or symptomatic complaints of the feet. Routine Foot Care also includes orthopedic shoes, foot orthotics and supportive devices for the foot.

SERVICE AREA. A geographic area We define by [ZIP codes] [county].

SKILLED NURSING CARE. Services which are more intensive than Custodial Care, are provided by a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse. and require the technical skills and professional training of a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse.

SKILLED NURSING FACILITY. A Facility which mainly provides full-time Skilled Nursing Care for Ill or Injured people who do not need to be in a Hospital. It must carry out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it must either:
a) be accredited for its stated purpose by the Joint Commission; or
b) be approved for its stated purpose by Medicare.

SMALL EMPLOYER. In connection with a Group Health Plan with respect to a Calendar Year and a Plan Year, any person, firm, corporation, partnership, or political subdivision that is actively engaged in business that employed an average of at least two but not more than 50 eligible Employees on business days during the preceding Calendar Year and who employs at least two eligible Employees on the first day of the Plan Year, and the majority of the eligible Employees are employed in New Jersey. All persons treated as a single employer under subsection (b), (c), (m) or (o) of section 414 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 shall be treated as one employer. In the case of an employer that was not in existence during the preceding Calendar Year, the determination of whether the employer is a small or large employer shall be based on the average number of eligible Employees that it is expected that the employer will employ on business days in the current Calendar Year.

SPECIALIST DOCTOR. A doctor who provides medical care in any generally accepted medical or surgical specialty or sub-specialty.

SPECIALIST SERVICES. Medical care in specialties other than family practice, general practice, internal medicine [or pediatrics] [or obstetrics/gynecology (for routine pre and post-natal care, birth and treatment of the diseases and hygiene of females)].

SUBSTANCE ABUSE. Abuse of or addiction to drugs. Substance Abuse does not include abuse of or addiction to alcohol. Please see the definition of Alcohol Abuse.

SUBSTANCE ABUSE CENTER. A Facility that mainly provides treatment for people with Substance Abuse problems. It must carry out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it must either:
a) be accredited for its stated purpose by the Joint Commission; or
b) be approved for its stated purpose by Medicare.

SUPPLEMENTAL LIMITED BENEFIT INSURANCE. Insurance that is provided in addition to a Health Benefits Plan on an indemnity non-expense incurred basis.

SURGERY.
a) The performance of generally accepted operative and cutting procedures, including surgical diagnostic procedures, specialized instrumentations, endoscopic examinations, and other procedures;
b) the correction of fractures and dislocations;
c) pre-operative and post-operative care;
d) any of the procedures designated by the Current Procedural Terminology Codes as surgery.

THERAPEUTIC MANIPULATION. Treatment of the articulations of the spine and musculoskeletal structures for the purpose of relieving certain abnormal clinical conditions resulting from the impingement upon associated nerves causing discomfort. Some examples are manipulation or adjustment of the spine, hot or cold packs, electrical muscle stimulation, diathermy, skeletal adjustments, massage, adjunctive, ultra-sound, doppler, whirlpool , hydrotherapy or other treatment of similar nature.

TOTAL DISABILITY OR TOTALLY DISABLED. Except as otherwise specified in the Contract, an Employee who, due to Illness or Injury, cannot perform any duty of his or her occupation or any occupation for which he or she is, or may be, suited by education, training and experience, and is not, in fact, engaged in any occupation for wage or profit. [A Dependent is totally disabled if he or she cannot engage in the normal activities of a person in good health and of like age and sex.] The Employee [or Dependent] must be under the regular care of a Practitioner.

URGENT CARE. Care for a non-life threatening condition that requires care by a Provider within 24 hours.

[WAITING PERIOD. With respect to a Group Health Plan and an individual who is a potential participant or beneficiary in the Group Health Plan, the period that must pass with respect to the individual before the individual is eligible to be covered for benefits under the terms of the Group Health Plan.]

[WE, US, OUR. [Carrier].]

[YOU, YOUR, YOURS. An Employee who is covered under the Contract.]

ELIGIBILITY

EMPLOYEE COVERAGE

Eligible Employees
Subject to the Conditions of Eligibility set forth below, and to all of the other conditions of the Contract, all of the Contractholder's Employees [who are in an eligible class and] who reside in the Service Area will be eligible if ["DC"
a)] the Employees are [Actively at Work] Full-Time Employees[.] ["DC" and;
b) the Employees enroll under the associated Indemnity Plan.]
[In certain situations, the Actively at Work requirement will not apply. If an Employee is not Actively at Work due to a Health Status-Related Factor, the Employee will nevertheless be considered an Eligible Employee. In addition, refer to the Exception below.]

For purposes of the Contract, We will treat partners, proprietors and independent contractors like Employees if they meet the Contract's **Conditions of Eligibility**.

Conditions of Eligibility

Full-Time Requirement
[Except where an Employee is not Actively at Work due to a Health Status-Related Factor, and except as stated below,] We will not cover an Employee unless the Employee is [an Actively at Work] [a] Full-Time Employee.

Enrollment Requirement
We will not cover the Employee until the Employee enrolls and agrees to make the required payments, if any. If the Employee does this within [30] days of the Employee's Eligibility Date, coverage will start on the Employee's Eligibility Date.

If the Employee enrolls and agrees to make the required payments, if any:
a) more than [30] days after the Employee's Eligibility Date; or
b) after the Employee previously had coverage which ended because the Employee failed to make a required payment,

We will consider the Employee to be a Late Enrollee. Late Enrollees are subject to the Contract's Pre-Existing Conditions limitation, if any applies.

When an Employee initially waives coverage under the Contract, the Plan Sponsor [or We] should notify the Employee of the requirement for the Employee to make a statement that waiver was because he or she was covered under another group plan, if such other coverage was in fact the reason for the waiver, and the consequences of that requirement. If an Employee initially waived coverage under the Contract and the Employee stated at that time that such waiver was because he or she was covered under another group plan, and Employee now elects to enroll under the Contract, We will not consider the Employee [and his or her Dependents] to be [a] Late Enrollee[s], provided the coverage under the other plan ends due to one of the following events:
a) termination of employment or eligibility;
b) reduction in the number of hours of employment;
c) involuntary termination;
d) divorce or legal separation or dissolution of the civil union [or termination of the domestic partnership];
e) death of the Employee's spouse;
f) termination of the Employer's contribution toward coverage; or
g) termination of the other plan's coverage.

But, the Employee must enroll under the Contract within 90 days of the date that any of the events described above occur. Coverage will take effect as of the date the applicable event occurs.

If an Employee initially waived coverage under the Contract because he or she had coverage under a Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA) continuation provision and the Employee requests coverage under the Contract within 30 days of the date the COBRA continuation ended, We will not consider the Employee to be a Late Enrollee. Coverage will take effect as of the date the COBRA continuation ended.

In addition, an Employee [and any Dependents] will not be considered [a] Late Enrollee[s] if the Employee is employed by an employer which offers multiple Health Benefits Plans and the Employee elects a different plan during the open enrollment period.

[Further, an Employee and his or her Dependent spouse, if any, will not be considered Late Enrollees because the Employee initially waived coverage under the Contract for himself or herself and any then existing Dependents provided the Employee enrolls to cover himself or herself and his or her existing Dependent spouse, if any, under the Contract within 30 days of the marriage, birth, adoption or placement for adoption of a Newly Acquired Dependent.]

[The Waiting Period
The Contract has the following waiting periods:

Employees in an eligible class on the Effective Date, who have completed at least [6 months] of continuous Full-Time service with the Contractholder by that date, are eligible for coverage under the Contract from the Effective Date.

Employees in an Eligible Class on the Effective Date, who have not completed at least [6 months] of continuous Full-Time service with the Contractholder by that date, are eligible for coverage under the Contract from the day after Employees complete [6 months] of continuous Full-Time service.

Employees who enter an eligible class after the Effective Date are eligible for coverage under the Contract from the day after Employees complete [6 months] of continuous Full-Time service with the Contractholder.]

The Contractholder who purchased the Contract may have purchased it to replace a plan the Contractholder had with some other carrier. An Employee may have satisfied part of the eligibility waiting period under the Contractholder's old plan before it ended. If so, the time satisfied will be used to satisfy the Contract's eligibility waiting period if:
a) the Employee was employed by the Contractholder on the date the Contractholder's old plan ended; and
b) the Contract takes effect immediately upon termination of the prior plan.

Any lapse in continuous service due to an absence which results from a Health Status-Related Factor will reduce the days of Full-Time service by the number of days of absence. Such lapse in continuous Full-Time service will not require that the period of continuous Full-Time service begin anew.

Multiple Employment
If an Employee works for both the Contractholder and a covered Affiliated Company, or for more than one covered Affiliated Company, We will treat the Employee as if only one entity employs the Employee. And such an Employee will not have multiple coverage under the Contract. But, if the

Contract uses the amount of an Employee's earnings or number of work hours to determine class, or for any other reason, such Employee's earnings or number of work hours will be figured as the sum of his or her earnings or number of work hours from all Affiliated Companies.

When Employee Coverage Starts
[Except where an Employee is not Actively at Work due to a Health Status-Related Factor, and except as stated below, an] [An] Employee must be [Actively at Work, and] working his or her regular number of hours, on the date his or her coverage is scheduled to start. And he or she must have met all the conditions of eligibility which apply to him or her. [If an Employee is not Actively at Work on the scheduled Effective Date, and does not qualify for the exception to the Actively at Work requirement, We will postpone the start of his or her coverage until he or she returns to Active Work.]

[Sometimes, a scheduled Effective Date is not a regularly scheduled work day. But an Employee's coverage will start on that date if he or she was Actively at Work, and working his or her regular number of hours, on his or her last regularly scheduled work day.]

The Employee must elect to enroll and agree to make the required payments if any, within [30] days of the Employee's Eligibility Date. If he or she does this within [30] days of the Employee's Eligibility Date, his or her coverage is scheduled to start on the Employee's Eligibility Date. Such Employee's Eligibility Date is the Effective Date of an Employee's coverage.

If the Employee does this more than [30] days after the Employee's Eligibility Date, We will consider the Employee a Late Enrollee. Coverage is scheduled to start on the date We or Our authorized representative or agent receive the signed enrollment form.

[EXCEPTION to the Actively at Work Requirement
The Exception applies if the Contractholder who purchased the Contract purchased it to replace a plan the Contractholder had with some other carrier. An Employee who is not Actively at Work due to Total Disability on the date the Contract takes effect will initially be eligible for limited coverage under the Contract if:
a) the Employee was validly covered under the Contractholder's old plan on the date the Contractholder's old plan ended; and
b) the Contract takes effect immediately upon termination of the prior plan.

Except as stated below, the coverage under the Contract will be limited to coverage for services or supplies for conditions other than the disabling condition. Such limited coverage under the Contract will end one year from the date the person's coverage under the Contract begins. Coverage for services or supplies for the disabling condition will be provided as stated in an extended health benefits, or like provision, contained in the Contractholder's old plan. Thereafter, coverage will not be limited as described in this provision, but will be subject to the terms and conditions of the Contract.]
Exception: If the coverage under the Contract is richer than the coverage under the Contractholder's old plan, the Contract will provide coverage for services and supplies related to the disabling condition. The Contract will coordinate with the Contractholder's old plan, with the Contract providing secondary coverage, as described in the Coordination of Benefits and Services provision.

When Employee Coverage Ends
An Employee's coverage under the Contract will end on the first of the following dates:

a) [the date] an Employee ceases to be [an Actively at Work] [a] Full-Time Employee for any reason. Such reasons include death, retirement, lay-off, leave of absence, and the end of employment.
b) [the date] an Employee stops being an eligible Employee under the Contract.
c) the date the Contract ends,[or is discontinued for a class of Employees to which the Employee belongs.]
d) [the date] for which required payments are not made for the Employee, subject to the **Payment of Premiums - Grace Period** section.
e) [the date] an Employee moves his or her permanent residence outside the Service Area.]
["DC" f) [the date] an Employee ceases to be insured under the associated Indemnity Plan.]

[DEPENDENT COVERAGE

Eligible Dependents for Dependent Health Benefits
[Except as stated below, Your] [Your] eligible Dependents are:
a) Your legal spouse which shall include a civil union partner pursuant to P.L. 2006, c. 103 as well as same sex relationships legally recognized in other jurisdictions when such relationships provide substantially all of the rights and benefits of marriage. [and domestic partner pursuant to P.L. 2003, c. 246]; except that legal spouse shall be limited to spouses of a marriage as marriage is defined in the Federal Defense of Marriage Act, 1 U.S.C.A. 7, with respect to the provisions of the Policy regarding continuation rights required by the Federal Consolidated Omnibus Reconciliation Act of 1886 (COBRA), Pub. L. 99-272, as subsequently amended) (Civil union partners do not have COBRA rights in the event of dissolution of the civil union.)
b) Your unmarried Dependent children who are under age 19; and
c) the Employee's unmarried Dependent children, from age 19 until their 23rd birthday, who are enrolled as full-time students at Accredited Schools. Full-time students will be defined by the Accredited School. We can require periodic proof of a Dependent child's status as a full-time student.

[Exception: Any dependent who does not reside in the Service Area is not an eligible Dependent.]

Eligible Dependents will not include any Dependent who is:
a) covered by the Contract as an Employee or
b) on active duty in the armed forces of any country.

Adopted Children and Step-Children
Your "unmarried Dependent children" include Your legally adopted children, Your step-children if they depend on You for most of their support and maintenance, the child of his or her civil union partner if the child depends on the employee for most of his or her support and maintenance, [and] [, the child of his or her domestic partner if the child depends on the Employee for most of his or her support and maintenance, and] children under a court appointed guardianship. [Carrier] will treat a child as legally adopted from the time the child is placed in the home for the purpose of adoption. [Carrier] will treat such a child this way whether or not a final adoption order is ever issued.

Incapacitated Children
An Employee may have an unmarried child with a mental or physical handicap, or developmental disability, who is incapable of earning a living. Subject to all of the terms of this section and the plan, such a child may stay eligible for Dependent health benefits past the Contract's age limit for eligible Dependents.

The child will stay eligible as long as the child stays unmarried and incapable of earning a living, if:

a) the child's condition started before he or she reached the Contract's age limit;
b) the child depends on the Employee for most of his or her support and maintenance; and
c) the child became covered by the Contract or any other policy or contract before the child reached the age limit and stayed continuously covered after reaching such limit.

But, for the child to stay eligible, the Employee must send Us written proof that the child is handicapped or developmentally disabled and depends on the Employee for most of his or her support and maintenance. The Employee has 31 days from the date the child reaches the age limit to do this. We can ask for periodic proof that the child's condition continues. But, after two years, We cannot ask for this more than once a year.

The child's coverage ends when the Employee's coverage does.

Enrollment Requirement
You must enroll Your eligible Dependents in order for them to be covered under the Contract. ["DC" Only eligible Dependents who You include for coverage under the associated Indemnity Plan may be enrolled under this HMO Plan.] [Carrier] considers an eligible Dependent to be a Late Enrollee, if You:
a) enroll a Dependent [and agrees to make the required payments] more than [30] days after the Dependent's Eligibility Date;
b) in the case of a Newly Acquired Dependent, have other eligible Dependents whose coverage previously ended because You failed to make the required contributions, or otherwise chose to end such coverage.

Late Enrollees are subject to the Contract's Pre-Existing Conditions limitations section, if any applies.

If Your dependent coverage ends for any reason, including failure to make the required payments, Your Dependents will be considered Late Enrollees when their coverage begins again.

When an Employee initially waives coverage for a spouse and/or eligible Dependent children under the Contract, the Plan Sponsor [or We] should notify the Employee of the requirement for the Employee to make a statement that waiver was because the spouse and/or eligible Dependent children were covered under another group plan, if such other coverage was in fact the reason for the waiver, and the consequences of that requirement. If the Employee previously waived coverage for the Employee's spouse or eligible Dependent children under the Contract and stated at that time that such waiver was because they were covered under another group plan, and the Employee now elects to enroll them in the Contract, the Dependent will not be considered a Late Enrollee, provided the Dependent's coverage under the other plan ends due to one of the following events:
a) termination of employment or eligibility;
b) reduction in the number of hours of employment;
c) involuntary termination;
d) divorce or legal separation or dissolution of the civil union [or termination of the domestic partnership];
e) death of the Employee's spouse;
f) termination of the employer's contribution toward coverage that was made by the employer that offered the group plan under which the Dependent was covered; or
g) termination of the other plan's coverage.

But, the Employee's spouse or eligible Dependent children must be enrolled by the Employee within 90 days of the date that any of the events described above occur. Coverage will take effect as of the date the applicable event occurs.

And, We will not consider an Employee's spouse or eligible Dependent children for which the Employee initially waived coverage under the Contract, to be a Late Enrollee, if:
a) the Employee is under legal obligation to provide coverage due to a court order; and
b) the Employee's spouse or eligible Dependent children are enrolled by the Employee within 30 days of the issuance of the court order.
Coverage will take effect as of the date required pursuant to the court order.

In addition, if an Employee initially waived coverage under the Contract for the Employee's spouse or eligible Dependent children because the spouse and/or Dependent children had coverage under a Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA) continuation provision and the Employee requests coverage for the spouse and/or Dependent children under the Contract within 30 days of the date the COBRA continuation ended, We will not consider the spouse and/or Dependent children to be Late Enrollees. Coverage will take effect as of the date the COBRA continuation ended.

When Dependent Coverage Starts
In order for an Employee's dependent coverage to begin the Employee must already be covered for Employee coverage or enroll for Employee and Dependent coverage at the same time. Subject to all of the terms of the Contract, the date an Employee's dependent coverage starts depends on when the Employee elects to enroll the Employee's Initial Dependents[and agrees to make any required payments].

If the Employee does this within [30] days of the Dependent's Eligibility Date, the Dependent's Coverage is scheduled to start on the later of:
a) the Dependent's Eligibility Date, or
b) the date the Employee becomes covered for Employee coverage.

If the Employee does this more than [30] days after the Dependent's Eligibility Date, We will consider the Dependent a Late Enrollee. Coverage is scheduled to start on the later of:
a) the date We or Our authorized representative or agent receive the enrollment form; or
b) the date the Employee becomes covered for Employee coverage.

Once an Employee has dependent coverage for Initial Dependents, the Employee must notify Us of a Newly Acquired Dependent within the [30] days after the Newly Acquired Dependent's Eligibility Date. If the Employee does not, the Newly Acquired Dependent is a Late Enrollee.

A Newly Acquired Dependent other than a newborn child or newly adopted child, including a child placed for adoption, will be covered from the later of:
a) the date the Employee notifies Us [and agrees to make any additional payments], or
b) the Dependent's Eligibility Date for the Newly Acquired Dependent.

If the Contractholder who purchased the Contract purchased it to replace a plan the Contractholder had with some other carrier, a Dependent who is Totally Disabled on the date the Contract takes effect will initially be eligible for limited coverage under the Contract if:
a) the Dependent was validly covered under the Contractholder's old plan on the date the Contractholder's old plan ended; and
b) the Contract takes effect immediately upon termination of the prior plan.

The coverage under the Contract will be limited to coverage for services or supplies for conditions other than the disabling condition. Such limited coverage under the Contract will end one year from the date the person's coverage under the Contract begins. Coverage for services or supplies for the disabling condition will be provided as stated in an extended health benefits, or like provision, contained in the Contractholder's old plan. Thereafter, coverage will not be limited as described in this provision, but will be subject to the terms and conditions of the Contract.

Newborn Children
We will cover an Employee's newborn child for 31 days from the date of birth without additional premium. Coverage may be continued beyond such 31 day period as stated below:
a) If the Employee is already covered for Dependent child coverage on the date the child is born, coverage automatically continues beyond the initial 31 days, provided the premium required for Dependent child coverage continues to be paid. The Employee must notify Us of the birth of the newborn child as soon as possible in order that We may properly provide coverage under the Contract.
b) If the Employee is not covered for Dependent child coverage on the date the child is born, the Employee must:

1) give written notice to enroll the newborn child[; and
2) pay the premium required for Dependent child coverage within 31 days after the date of birth.]

If the notice is not given and the premium is not paid within such 31-day period, the newborn child's coverage will end at the end of such 31-day period. If the notice is given and the premium paid after that 31-day period, the child will be a Late Enrollee.

When Dependent Coverage Ends:
A Dependent's coverage under the Contract will end on the first of the following dates:
a) [the date]Employee coverage ends;
[b) the date the Employee stops being a member of a class of Employees eligible for such coverage;]
[c)]. the date the Contract ends;
[d)]. the date Dependent coverage is dropped from the Contract for all Employees eligible for such coverage;
[e). the date an Employee fails to pay any required part of the cost of Dependent coverage. It ends on the last day of the period for which the Employee made the required payments, unless coverage ends earlier for other reasons.]
[f)]. at 12:01 a.m. [on the last day of the calendar month following] [on] the date the Dependent stops being an eligible Dependent.
[g)]. with respect to a Dependent spouse, the date the spouse moves his or her permanent residence outside the Service Area.]
["DC" h) the date the Dependent ceases to be insured under the associated Indemnity Plan.]]

EXTENDED HEALTH BENEFITS
If the Contract ends and a [Member] is Totally Disabled and under a Practitioner's care, We will extend health benefits for that person under the Contract as explained below. This is done at no cost to the [Member].

We will only extend benefits for a [Member] due to the disabling condition. Any services and supplies must be provided before the extension ends. And what We cover is based on all the terms of the Contract.

We do not cover services, supplies or charges due to other conditions. And, We do not cover services, supplies or charges incurred by other family members.

The extension ends on the earliest of:
a) the date the Total Disability ends;
b) one year from the date the person's coverage under the Contract ends; or
c) the date the person has reached the payment limit, if any, for his or her disabling condition.

The Employee must submit evidence to Us that he or she or his or her Dependent is Totally Disabled, if We request it.

TERMINATION FOR CAUSE If any of the following conditions exist, We may give written notice to the [Member] that the person is no longer covered under the Contract:
a) **Untenable Relationship:** After reasonable efforts, We and/or [Network] Providers are unable to establish and maintain a satisfactory relationship with the [Member] or the [Member] fails to abide by our rules and regulations, or the [Member] acts in a manner which is verbally or physically abusive.
b) **Misuse of Identification Card:** The [Member] permits any other person who is not authorized by Us to use any identification card We issue to the [Member].
c) **Furnishing Incorrect or Incomplete Information:** The [Member] furnishes material information that is either incorrect or incomplete in a statement made for the purpose of effecting coverage under the Contract. This condition is subject to the provisions of the **Incontestability of the Contract** section.
d) **Nonpayment:** The [Member] fails to pay any Copayment [or Coinsurance] or to make any reimbursement to Us required under the Contract.
e) **Misconduct:** The [Member] abuses the system, including but not limited to: theft, damage to [Our] [Network Provider's] property, forgery of drug prescriptions, and consistent failure to keep scheduled appointments.

f) **Failure to Cooperate:** The [Member] fails to assist Us in coordinating benefits as described in the **Coordination of Benefits and Services** Section.

If We give the [Member] such written notice:

a) that person will cease to be a [Member] for the coverage under the Contract immediately if termination is occurring due to **Misuse of Identification Card** (b above) or **Misconduct** (e above), otherwise, on the date 31 days after such written notice is given by Us; and
b) no benefits will be provided to the [Member] under the coverage after that date.

Any action by Us under these provisions is subject to review in accordance with the Appeal Procedures We establish.

[MEMBER] PROVISIONS

THE ROLE OF A [MEMBER'S] PRIMARY CARE PHYSICIAN
A [Member's] Primary Care Physician provides basic health maintenance services and coordinates a [Member's] overall health care. Anytime a [Member] needs medical care, the [Member] should contact his or her Primary Care Physician [or the Care Manager] and identify himself or herself as a [Member] of this program.

In an Emergency, a [Member] may go directly to the emergency room. If a [Member] does, then the [Member] must call his or her Primary Care Physician [or the Care Manager] and [Member] Services within 48 hours. If a [Member] does not call within 48 hours, We will provide services ["DC" under this HMO Plan] only if We [or the Care Manager] Determine that notice was given as soon as was reasonably possible.

["DC" Note: Under the terms of the associated Indemnity Plan, there is no requirement that the Member contact a Primary Care Physician to access services or supplies, but all benefits are subject to the terms and conditions of the associated Indemnity Plan.]

[THE ROLE OF THE CARE MANAGER. The Care Manager will manage a [Member's] treatment for [a Biologically-based Mental Illness, a Non-Biologically-based Mental Illness, Substance Abuse, or Alcohol Abuse]. A [Member] must contact the Care Manager or the [Member's] Primary Care Physician when a [Member] needs treatment for one of these conditions.]

SELECTING OR CHANGING A PRIMARY CARE PHYSICIAN [OR HEALTH CENTER]
When an Employee first obtains this coverage, the Employee and each of the Employee's covered Dependents must select a Primary Care Physician [or Health Center].

[Members] select a Primary Care Physician [or Health Center] from Our [Physician or Practitioners Directory]; this choice is solely a [Member's]. However, We cannot guarantee the availability of a particular Practitioner. If the Primary Care Physician initially selected cannot accept additional patients, a [Member] will be notified and given an opportunity to make another Primary Care Physician selection. [If a [Member] fails to select a Primary Care Physician [or Health Center], We will make a selection on behalf of the [Member].]

[After initially selecting a Primary Care Physician, [Members] can transfer to different Primary Care Physicians if the physician-patient relationship becomes unacceptable. The [[Member] can select another Primary Care Physician from Our [Physician or Practitioners] Directory].

[For a discretionary change of PCP, the new PCP selection will take effect no more than 14 days following the date of the request. For a change necessitated by termination of the prior PCP from the Network, the new PCP selection will take effect immediately.

IDENTIFICATION CARD
The Identification Card issued by Us to [Members] pursuant to the Contract is for identification purposes only. Possession of an Identification Card confers no right to services or benefits under the Contract, and misuse of such Identification Card constitutes grounds for termination of [Member's] coverage. If the [Member] who misuses the card is the Employee, coverage may be terminated for the Employee as well as any of the Employee's Dependents who are [Members]. To be eligible for services or benefits under the Contract, the holder of the card must be a [Member] on whose behalf all applicable premium charges under the Contract have been paid. Any person receiving services or benefits which he or she is not entitled to receive pursuant to the provisions of the Contract shall be charged for such services or benefits at prevailing rates.

If any [Member] permits the use of his or her Identification Card by any other person, such card may be retained by Us, and all rights of such [Member] and his or her Dependents, if any, pursuant to the Contract shall be terminated immediately, subject to the Appeals Procedures.

CONFIDENTIALITY
Information contained in the medical records of [Members] and information received from physicians, surgeons, hospitals or other health professionals incident to the physician-patient relationship or hospital-patient relationship shall be kept confidential by Us; and except for use incident to bona fide medical research and education as may be permitted by law, or reasonably necessary in connection with the administration of the Contract or in the compiling of aggregate statistical data, or with respect to arbitration proceedings or litigation initiated by [Member] against Us, may not be disclosed without the [Member's] written consent, except as required or authorized by law.

INABILITY TO PROVIDE [NETWORK] SERVICES AND SUPPLIES
In the event that due to circumstances not within Our reasonable control, including but not limited to major disaster, epidemic, complete or partial destruction of facilities, riot, civil insurrection, disability of a significant part of Our [Network] Providers or entities with whom We have arranged for services under the Contract, or similar causes, the rendition of medical or hospital benefits or other services provided under the Contract is delayed or rendered impractical, We shall not have any liability or obligation on account of such delay or failure to provide services. We are required only to make a good faith effort to provide or arrange for the provision of services, taking into account the impact of the event.

REFERRAL FORMS
A [Member] can be Referred for Specialist Services by a [Member's] Primary Care Physician.

Except in the case of an Emergency, a [Member] will not be eligible for any services ["DC" under this HMO Plan] provided by anyone other than a [Member's] Primary Care Physician (including but not limited to Specialist Services) if a [Member] has not been Referred by his or

her Primary Care Physician. Referrals must be obtained prior to receiving services and supplies from any Practitioner other than the [Member's] Primary Care Physician.

NON-COMPLIANCE WITH MEDICALLY NECESSARY AND APPROPRIATE TREATMENT
A [Member] has the right under New Jersey law to refuse procedures, medicines, or courses of treatment. A [Member] has the right to participate in decision-making regarding the [Member's] care. Further, a [Member] may, for personal, religious or cultural reasons disagree or not comply with procedures, medicines, or courses of treatment deemed Medically Necessary and Appropriate by a [Network] Practitioner. A [Member] who refuses procedures, medicines or courses of treatment has the right to seek a second opinion from another [Network] Practitioner. If such [Network] Practitioner(s) believe(s) that the recommended procedures, medicines, or courses of treatment are Medically Necessary and Appropriate, the [Network] Practitioner shall inform the [Member] of the consequences of not complying with the recommended procedures, medicines, or courses of treatment and seek to resolve the disagreement with the [Member] and or the [Member's] family or other person acting on the [Member's] behalf. If the [Member] refuses to comply with recommended procedures, medicines, or courses of treatment, We will notify the [Member] in writing that We will not provide further benefits or services for the particular condition or its consequences ["DC" under this HMO Plan]. The [Member's] decision to reject Medically Necessary and Appropriate procedures, medicines, or courses of treatment is subject to the Appeals Procedure and We will continue to provide all benefits covered by the Contract during the pendency of the Appeals Procedure. We reserve the right to expedite the Appeals Procedure. If the Appeals Procedure results in a decision upholding the position of the [Network] Practitioner(s) and the dispute is unresolved, We will have no further responsibility to provide any of the benefits available under the Contract for treatment of such condition or its consequences unless the [Member] asks, in writing and within 7 days of being informed of the result of the Appeals Procedure, to terminate his or her coverage under the Contract. In such event, We will continue to provide all benefits covered by the Contract for 30 days or until the date of termination, whichever comes first, and We and the [Network] Practitioner will cooperate with the [Member] in facilitating a transfer of care.

REFUSAL OF LIFE-SUSTAINING TREATMENT
A [Member] has the right under New Jersey law to refuse life sustaining treatment. A [Member] who refuses life sustaining treatment remains eligible for all benefits including Home Health and Hospice benefits in accordance with the Contract. We will follow a [Member's] properly executed advance directive or other valid indication of refusal of life sustaining treatment.

REPORTS AND RECORDS
We are entitled to receive from any Provider of services to a [Member], such information We deem is necessary to administer the Contract, subject to all applicable confidentiality requirements as defined in the Contract. By accepting coverage under the Contract, the Employee, for himself or herself, and for all Dependents covered hereunder, authorizes each and every Provider who renders services to the [Member] hereunder to disclose to Us all facts and information pertaining to the care, treatment and physical condition the [Member] and render reports pertaining to same to Us, upon request, and to permit copying of a [Member's] records by Us.

MEDICAL NECESSITY
[Members] will receive designated benefits under the Contract only when Medically Necessary and Appropriate. We [or the Care Manager] may Determine whether any benefit provided under the Contract was Medically Necessary and Appropriate, and We have the option to select the appropriate [Network] Hospital to render services if hospitalization is necessary. Decisions as to what is Medically Necessary and Appropriate are subject to review by [Our quality assessment committee or its physician designee]. We will not, however, seek reimbursement from an eligible [Member] for the cost of any covered benefit provided under the Contract that is later Determined to have been medically unnecessary and inappropriate, when such service is rendered by a Primary Care Physician or a Provider referred in writing by the Primary Care Physician without notifying the [Member] that such benefit would not be covered under the Contract.

LIMITATION ON SERVICES
Except in cases of Emergency, services ["DC" under this HMO Plan] are available only from Network Providers. We shall have no liability or obligation whatsoever on account of any service or benefit sought or received by a [Member] from any Provider or other person, entity, institution or organization unless prior arrangements are made by Us.

PROVIDER PAYMENT
[[Different] providers in Our Network have agreed to be paid [in different ways by Us. A Member's Provider may be paid] [each time he or she treats the Member ("fee for service"] [, or may be paid] [a set fee for each month for each Member whether or not the Member actually receives services ("capitation")] [, or may receive] [a salary]. [These payment methods may include financial incentive agreements to pay some providers more ("bonuses") or less ("withholds") based on many factors: Member satisfaction, quality of care, and control of costs and use of services among them.] If a Member desires additional information about how Our Primary Care Physicians or any other Provider in Our Network are compensated, please call Us at [telephone number] or write [address].

The laws of the state of New Jersey, at N.J.S.A. 45:9-22.4 et seq., mandate that a physician, chiropractor or podiatrist who is permitted to make Referrals to other health care Providers in which he or she has a significant financial interest inform his or her patients of any significant financial interest he or she may have in a health care Provider or Facility when making a Referral to that health care Provider or Facility. If a Member wants more information about this the [Member], the [Member] should contact his or her physician, chiropractor or podiatrist. If a Member believes he or she is not receiving the information to which the Member is entitled, contact the Division of Consumer Affairs in the New Jersey Department of Law and Public Safety at (973) 504-6200 OR (800) 242-5846.]

APPEAL PROCEDURE
NOTE TO CARRIERS: Insert Appeals Procedure text here. The Appeal Procedure text must satisfy the requirements of N.J.A.C. 8:38-8.5 et seq. The text must include specific information regarding the Stage 1, Stage 2 and External Appeals process.

In addition, Carriers are reminded that 29 CFR Part 2560 addresses claims procedures. It is expected that the text included in this Appeals Procedure section will include information the Carrier deems necessary to comply with the requirements of 29 CFR Part 2560.

[CONTINUATION OF CARE

We shall provide written notice to each [Member] at least 30 business days prior to the termination or withdrawal from Our Provider Network of a [Member's] PCP and any other Provider from which the [Member] is currently receiving a course of treatment, as reported to Us. The 30-day prior notice may be waived in cases of immediate termination of a health care professional based on a breach of contract by the health care professional, a

determination of fraud, or where Our medical director is of the opinion that the health care professional is an imminent danger to the patient or the public health, safety or welfare.

We shall assure continued coverage of covered services at the contract rate by a terminated health care professional for up to four months in cases where it is Medically Necessary and Appropriate for the [Member] to continue treatment with the terminated health care professional.

In case of pregnancy of a [Member], coverage of services for the terminated health care professional shall continue to the postpartum evaluation of the [Member], up to six weeks after the delivery. With respect to pregnancy, Medical Necessity and Appropriateness shall be deemed to have been demonstrated.

For a [Member] who is receiving post-operative follow-up care, We shall continue to cover the services rendered by the health care professional for the duration of the treatment or for up to six months, whichever occurs first.

For a [Member] who is receiving oncological treatment or psychiatric treatment, We shall continue to cover services rendered by the health care professional for the duration of the treatment or for up to 12 months, whichever occurs first.

For a [Member] receiving the above services in an acute care Facility, We will continue to provide coverage for services rendered by the health care professional regardless of whether the acute care Facility is under contract or agreement with Us.

Services shall be provided to the same extent as provided while the health care professional was employed by or under contact with Us. Reimbursement for services shall be pursuant to the same schedule used to reimburse the health care professional while the health care professional was employed by or under contract with Us.

If a [Member] is admitted to a health care Facility on the date the Contract is terminated, We shall continue to provide benefits for the [Member] until the date the [Member] is discharged from the Facility or exhaustion of the [Member's] benefits under the Contract, whichever occurs first.

We shall not continue services in those instance in which the health care professional has been terminated based upon the opinion of Our medical director that the health care professional is an imminent danger to a patient or to the public health, safety and welfare, a determination of fraud or a breach of contract by a health care professional. The Determination of the Medical Necessity and Appropriateness of a [Member's] continued treatment with a health care professional shall be subject to the appeal procedures set forth in the Contract. We shall not be liable for any inappropriate treatment provided to a [Member] by a health care professional who is no longer employed by or under contract with Us.

If We refer a [Member] to a [Non-Network] provider, the service or supply shall be covered as a [Network] service or supply. We are fully responsible for payment to the health care professional and the [Member's] liability shall be limited to any applicable [Network] Copayment, or Coinsurance for the service or supply.]

[COVERAGE PROVISION

The Cash Deductible
Each Calendar Year, each Member must incur charges for Covered Services or Supplies that exceed the Cash Deductible before We provide coverage for Covered Services or Supplies to that person. The Cash Deductible is shown in the Schedule. The Cash Deductible cannot be met with Non-Covered Services or Supplies. Only charges for Covered Services or Supplies incurred by the Member while covered by this Contract can be used to meet this Cash Deductible.

Once the Cash Deductible is met, We provide coverage for other Covered Services or Supplies above the Cash Deductible incurred by that Member, less any applicable Coinsurance or Copayments, for the rest of that Calendar Year. But all charges must be incurred while that Member is covered by the Contract. What We cover is based on all the terms of the Contract.]

[Family Deductible Limit
This Policy has a family deductible limit of two Cash Deductibles for each Calendar Year. Once two Covered Persons in a family meet their individual Cash Deductibles in a Calendar Year, We provide coverage for Covered Services and Supplies for all Members who are part of the covered family, less any applicable Coinsurance or Copayments, for the rest of that Calendar Year. What We pay is based on all the terms of the Contract.]

[Maximum Out of Pocket
Maximum out of pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Member must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all Covered Services or Supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Member has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for Covered Services or Supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.]

[Once two Members in a family meet their individual Maximum Out of Pocket, no other Member in that family will be required to pay any amounts as Copayments, Deductible or Coinsurance for covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.]

If This Plan Replaces Another Plan
The Contractholder who purchased this Contract may have purchased it to replace a plan the Contractholder had with some other carrier.

The Member may have incurred charges for covered services and supplies under the Contractholder's old plan before it ended. If so, these charges will be used to meet the Contract's Cash Deductible if:

a) the charges were incurred during the Calendar Year in which the Contract starts;
b) this Contract would have provided coverage for the charges if the Contract had been in effect;
c) the Member was covered by the old plan when it ended and enrolled in the Contract on its Effective Date; and
d) the Contract takes effect immediately upon termination of the prior plan.

Please note: Although Deductible credit is given, there is no credit for Coinsurance.]
Note to carriers: The Coverage Provision section is only to be included in plans where coverage is subject to deductible and coinsurance.]

COVERED SERVICES & SUPPLIES

["DC" Under this HMO Plan,] [Members] are entitled to receive the benefits in the following sections when Medically Necessary and Appropriate, subject to the payment by [Members] of applicable copayments [or Coinsurance] as stated in the applicable Schedule of Services and Supplies and subject to the terms, conditions and limitations of the Contract. Read the entire Contract to determine what treatment, services and supplies are limited or excluded.

(a) **OUTPATIENT SERVICES.** The following services are covered only at the Primary Care Physician's office [or Health Center] selected by a [Member], or elsewhere upon prior written Referral by a [Member]'s Primary Care Physician [or Health Center] [or the Care Manager]:

1. **Office visits** during office hours, and during non-office hours when Medically Necessary and Appropriate.
2. **Home visits** by a [Member]'s Primary Care Physician.
3. **Periodic health examinations** to include:
   a. Well child care from birth including immunizations;
   b. Routine physical examinations, including eye examinations;
   c. Routine gynecologic exams and related services;
   d. Routine ear and hearing examination; and
   e. Routine allergy injections and immunizations (but not if solely for the purpose of travel or as a requirement of a [Member]'s employment).
4. **Diagnostic Services**.
5. **Casts and dressings.**
6. **Ambulance service** when certified in writing as Medically Necessary and Appropriate by a [Member]'s Primary Care Physician and Pre-Approved by Us.
7. **Procedures and Prescription Drugs to enhance fertility,** except where specifically excluded in the Contract. We cover charges for: artificial insemination; and standard dosages, lengths of treatment and cycles of therapy of Prescription Drugs. The Prescription Drugs noted in this section are subject to the terms and conditions of the Prescription Drugs section of the Contract.
8. **Prosthetic Devices** when We arrange for them. We cover only the initial fitting and purchase of artificial limbs and eyes, and other prosthetic devices. And they must take the place of a natural part of a Member's body, or be needed due to a functional birth defect in a covered Dependent Child. We do not provide for replacements (unless Medically Necessary and Appropriate), repairs, or wigs. We do not cover dental prosthetics or devices other than as a replacement for natural teeth lost due to Injury, as stated in the Dental Care and Treatment provision of the Contract.
9. **Durable Medical Equipment** when ordered by a [Member]'s Primary Care Physician and arranged through Us.
10. [Subject to Our Pre-Approval, as applicable,]**Prescription Drugs** including **contraceptives which require a Practitioner's prescription**, and insulin syringes and insulin needles, glucose test strips and lancets, colostomy bags, belts and irrigators when obtained through a Network Provider.

    [A prescription or refill will not include a prescription or refill that is more than:
    a) the greater of a 30 day supply or 100 unit doses for each prescription or refill; or
    b) the amount usually prescribed by the [Member's] Network Provider.

    A supply will be considered to be furnished at the time the Prescription Drug is received.]

    [We have identified certain Prescription Drugs for which Pre-Approval is required.We will provide the list of Prescription Drugs for which Pre-Approval is required to each Employee. We will give at least 30 days advance written notice to the Employee before revising the list of Prescription Drugs to add a Prescription Drug to the list.

    [If a Member brings a prescription for a Prescription Drug for which We require Pre-Approval to a Pharmacy and Pre-Approval has not yet been secured, [the Member must contact Us to request Pre-Approval.] [the Pharmacy will contact the Practitioner to request that the Practitioner contact Us to secure Pre-Approval.] The Pharmacy will dispense a 96-hour supply of the Prescription Drug. We will review the Pre-Approval request within the time period allowed by law. If We give Pre-Approval, We will notify the Pharmacy and the balance of the Prescription Drug will be dispensed with benefits for the Prescription Drug being paid subject to the terms of the Contract. If We do not give Pre-Approval, the Member may ask that the Pharmacy dispense the balance of the Prescription Drug, with the Member paying for the Prescription Drug. The Member may submit a claim for the Prescription Drug, subject to the terms of the Contract. The Member may appeal the decision by following the Appeals Procedure process set forth in the Contract.]

    We cover Medically Necessary and Appropriate supplies which require a prescription, are prescribed by a Practitioner, and are essential to the administration of the prescription drug.

11. **Nutritional Counseling** for the management of disease entities which have a specific diagnostic criteria that can be verified. The nutritional counseling must be prescribed by a [Member]'s Primary Care Physician and Pre-Approved by Us.
12. **Dental x-rays** when related to Covered Services.
13. **Oral surgery** in connection with bone fractures, removal of tumors and orthodontogenic cysts, and other surgical procedures, as We approve.
14. **Food and Food Products for Inherited Metabolic Diseases**: We cover charges incurred for the therapeutic treatment of inherited metabolic diseases, including the purchase of medical foods (enteral formula) and low protein modified food products as determined to be medically necessary by a [Member's] Practitioner.

    For the purpose of this benefit:
    "inherited metabolic disease" means a disease caused by an inherited abnormality of body chemistry for which testing is mandated by law;
    "low protein modified food product" means a food product that is specially formulated to have less than one gram of protein per serving and is intended to be used under the direction of a Practitioner for the dietary treatment of an inherited metabolic disease, but does not include a natural food that is naturally low in protein; and
    "medical food" means a food that is intended for the dietary treatment of a disease or condition for which nutritional requirements are established by medical evaluation and is formulated to be consumed or administered enterally under the direction of a Practitioner.
15. **Specialized non-standard infant formulas** are covered to the same extent and subject to the same terms and conditions as coverage is provided under this [Contract] for Prescription Drugs. We cover specialized non-standard infant formulas provided:
    a) The Child's Practitioner has diagnosed the Child as having multiple food protein intolerance and has determined the formula to be medically necessary; and

b) The Child has not been responsive to trials of standard non-cow milk-based formulas, including soybean and goat milk.
We may review continued Medical Necessity and Appropriateness of the specialized infant formula.

16. Unless otherwise provided in the Charges for the Treatment of Hemophilia section below, **Blood, blood products, blood transfusions** and the cost of testing and processing blood. But We do not cover blood which has been donated or replaced on behalf of the Member.
17. **Charges for the Treatment of Hemophilia.** The Providers in Our Network providing Medically Necessary and Appropriate home treatment services for bleeding episodes associated with hemophilia shall comply with standards adopted by the Department of Health and Senior Services in consultation with the Hemophilia Association of New Jersey.

    We will cover the services of a clinical laboratory at a Hospital with a state-designated outpatient regional care center regardless of whether the Hospital's clinical laboratory is a [Network] Provider if the Member's Practitioner determines that the Hospital's clinical laboratory is necessary because: a) the results of laboratory tests are medically necessary immediately or sooner than the normal return time for Our network clinical laboratory; or b) accurate test results need to be determined by closely supervised procedures in venipuncture and laboratory techniques in controlled environments that cannot be achieved by Our Network clinical laboratory.

    We will pay the Hospital's clinical laboratory for the laboratory services at the same rate We would pay a Network clinical laboratory for comparable services.
18. **Colorectal Cancer Screening** We provide coverage for colorectal cancer screening provided to a Member age 50 or over and to younger [Members] who are considered to be high risk for colorectal cancer. Coverage will be provided, subject to all the terms of this Contract, and the following limitations:

    Subject to the American Cancer Society guidelines, and medical necessity as determined by the [Member's] Practitioner in consultation with the [Member] regarding methods to use, We will cover:
    a) a screening fecal occult blood test;
    b) flexible sigmoidoscopy,
    c) colonoscopy;
    d) barium enema;
    e) any combination of the services listed in items a – d above; or
    f) the most reliable medically recognized screening test available.

    We will provide coverage for the above methods at the frequency recommended by the most recent published guidelines of the American Cancer Society and as determined to be medically necessary by the [Member's] practitioner in consultation with the [Member].

    High risk for colorectal cancer means a [Member] has:
    a) A family history of: familial adenomatous polyposis, heriditary non-polyposis colon cancer; or breast, ovarian, endometrial or colon cancer or polyps;
    b) Chronic inflammatory bowel disease; or
    c) A background, ethnicity or lifestyle that the practitioner believes puts the person at elevated risk for colorectal cancer.
19. **Newborn Hearing Screening** We provide coverage up to a maximum of 28 days following the date of birth for screening for newborn hearing loss by appropriate electrophysiologic screening measures. In addition, We provide coverage between age 29 days and 36 months for the periodic monitoring of infants for delayed onset hearing loss.

(b) **SPECIALIST DOCTOR BENEFITS.** Services are covered when rendered by a Network specialist doctor at the doctor's office [, or Health Center,] or any other [Network] Facility or a [Network] Hospital outpatient department during office or business hours upon prior written Referral by a [Member]'s Primary Care Physician.

(c) **INPATIENT HOSPICE, HOSPITAL, REHABILITATION CENTER & SKILLED NURSING CENTER BENEFITS.** The following services are covered when hospitalized by a Network Provider upon prior written referral from a [Member]'s Primary Care Physician, only at Network Hospitals and Network Providers (or at Non-Network facilities subject to Our Pre-Approval); however, Network Skilled Nursing Facility services and supplies are limited to those which constitute Skilled Nursing Care and Hospice services are subject to Our Pre-Approval:

1. Semi-private room and board accommodations
   Except as stated below, We provide coverage for Inpatient care for:
   a) a minimum of 72 hours following a modified radical mastectomy; and
   b) a minimum of 48 hours following a simple mastectomy.
   Exception: The minimum 72 or 48 hours, as appropriate, of Inpatient care will not be covered if the [Member], in consultation with the Network Provider, determine that a shorter length of stay is Medically Necessary and Appropriate.

   As an exception to the Medically Necessary and Appropriate requirement of the Contract, We also provide coverage for the mother and newly born child for:
   a) up to 48 hours of inpatient care in a Network Hospital following a vaginal delivery; and
   b) a minimum of 96 hours of Inpatient care in a Network Hospital following a cesarean section.
   We provide such coverage subject to the following:
   a) the attending Practitioner must determine that Inpatient care is medically necessary; or
   b) the mother must request the Inpatient care.
   [As an alternative to the minimum level of Inpatient care described above, the mother may elect to participate in a home care program provided by Us.]
2. Private accommodations [will be provided only when Pre-Approved by Us]. If a [Member] occupies a private room without [such] certification [Member] shall be directly liable to the Hospice, Hospital, Rehabilitation Center or Skilled Nursing Facility for the difference between payment by Us to the Hospice, Hospital, Rehabilitation Center or Skilled Nursing Facility of the per diem or other agreed upon rate for semi-private accommodation established between Us and the Network Hospice, Network Hospital, Network Rehabilitation Center or Network Skilled Nursing Facility and the private room rate.
3. General nursing care
4. Use of intensive or special care facilities
5. X-ray examinations including CAT scans but not dental x-rays
6. Use of operating room and related facilities

7. Magnetic resonance imaging "MRI"
8. Drugs, medications, biologicals
9. Cardiography/Encephalography
10. Laboratory testing and services
11. Pre- and post-operative care
12. Special tests
13. Nuclear medicine
14. Therapy Services
15. Oxygen and oxygen therapy
16. Anesthesia and anesthesia services
17. Blood, blood products and blood processing
18. Intravenous injections and solutions
19. Surgical, medical and obstetrical services; We also cover reconstructive breast Surgery, Surgery to restore and achieve symmetry between the two breasts and the cost of prostheses following a mastectomy on one breast or both breasts. We also cover treatment of the physical complications of mastectomy, including lymphedemas.
21. The following transplants: Cornea, Kidney, Lung, Liver, Heart, Pancreas and Intestines.
22. Allogeneic bone marrow transplants.

[23. Autologous bone marrow transplants and associated dose intensive chemotherapy: only for treatment of Leukemia, Lymphoma, Neuroblastoma, Aplastic Anemia, Genetic Disorders (SCID and WISCOT Alldrich) and Breast Cancer, when Pre-Approved by Us, if the [Member] is participating in a National Cancer Institute sponsored clinical trial.]

[23. Autologous Bone Marrow Transplant and Associated Dose-Intensive Chemotherapy, but only if performed by institutions approved by the National Cancer Institute, or pursuant to protocols consistent with the guidelines of the American Society of Clinical Oncologists:

24. Peripheral Blood Stem Cell Transplants, but only if performed by institutions approved by the National Cancer Institute, or pursuant to protocols consistent with the guidelines of the American Society of Clinical Oncologists.]
25. Donor's costs associated with transplants if the donor does not have health coverage that would cover the medical costs associated with his or her role as a donor. We do not cover costs for travel, accommodations or comfort items.

(d) **BENEFITS FOR SUBSTANCE ABUSE AND NON-BIOLOGICALLY-BASED MENTAL ILLNESSES.** The following Services are covered when rendered by a Network Provider at Provider's office or at a Network Substance Abuse Center [or Health Center] upon prior written referral by a [Member]'s Primary Care Physician [or the Care Manager]. This section does *not* address coverage for a Biologically-based Mental Illness.

1. **Outpatient.** [Members] are entitled to receive up to twenty (20) outpatient visits per Calendar Year. Benefits include diagnosis, medical, psychiatric and psychological treatment and medical referral services by a [Member]'s Primary Care Physician [or the Care Manager] for the abuse of or addiction to drugs and Non-Biologically-based Mental Illnesses. Payment for non-medical ancillary services (such as vocational rehabilitation or employment counseling) is not provided, but information regarding appropriate agencies will be provided if available. [Members] are additionally eligible, upon referral by a [Member]'s Primary Care Physician [or the Care Manager], for up to sixty (60) more outpatient visits by exchanging one or more of the inpatient hospital days described in paragraph 2 below where each exchanged inpatient day provides two outpatient visits.

2. **Inpatient Hospital Care.** [Members] are entitled to receive up to thirty (30) days of inpatient care benefits for detoxification, medical treatment for medical conditions resulting from the Substance Abuse, referral services for Substance Abuse, and Non-Biologically-based Mental Illnesses. The following services shall be covered under inpatient treatment: (1) lodging and dietary services; (2) physician, psychologist, nurse, certified addictions counselor and trained staff services; (3) diagnostic x-ray; (4) psychiatric, psychological and medical laboratory testing; (5) drugs, medicines, equipment use and supplies.

3. **Chemical Dependency Admissions.** Repeated detoxification treatment for chronic Substance Abuse will not be covered unless in Our sole Discretion it is Determined that [Members] have been cooperative with an on-going treatment plan developed by a Network Provider. Failure to comply with treatment shall constitute cause for non-coverage of Substance Abuse services. Court-ordered chemical dependency admissions are not covered unless Medically Necessary and Appropriate and only to the extent of the covered benefit as defined above.

["DC" NOTE: ANY NON-BIOLOGICALLY-BASED MENTAL ILLNESSES AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE BENEFITS A [MEMBER] RECEIVES UNDER THE ASSOCIATED INDEMNITY PLAN WILL REDUCE THE NON-BIOLOGICALLY-BASED MENTAL ILLNESSES AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE SERVICES AND SUPPLIES AVAILABLE UNDER THIS HMO PLAN.]

(e) **BENEFITS FOR BIOLOGICALLY-BASED MENTAL ILLNESS OR ALCOHOL ABUSE.** We cover treatment of a Biologically-based Mental Illness or Alcohol Abuse the same way We would for any other illness, if such treatment is prescribed by a Network Provider upon prior written referral by a [Member]'s Primary Care Physician [or the Care Manager]. We do not pay for Custodial care, education or training.

(f) **EMERGENCY CARE BENEFITS - WITHIN AND OUTSIDE OUR SERVICE AREA.** The following services are covered ["DC" under this HMO Plan] without prior written Referral by a [Member]'s Primary Care Physician in the event of an Emergency as Determined by Us.

1. A [Member]'s Primary Care Physician is required to provide or arrange for on-call coverage twenty-four (24) hours a day, seven (7) days a week. Unless a delay would be detrimental to a [Member]'s health, [Member] shall call a [Member]'s Primary Care Physician [or Health Center] [or Us] [or the Care Manager] prior to seeking Emergency treatment.
2. We will cover the cost of Emergency medical and hospital services performed within or outside our service area without a prior written Referral only if:
   a. Our review Determines that a [Member]'s symptoms were severe and delay of treatment would have been detrimental to a [Member]'s health, the symptoms occurred suddenly, and [Member] sought immediate medical attention.
   b. The service rendered is provided as a Covered Service or Supply under the Contract and is not a service or supply which is normally treated on a non-Emergency basis; and
   c. We and the [Member]'s Primary Care Physician are notified within 48 hours of the Emergency service and/or admission and We are furnished with written proof of the occurrence, nature and extent of the Emergency services within 30 days. A [Member] shall be responsible for payment for services received unless We Determine that a [Member]'s failure to do so was reasonable under the circumstances. In no event shall reimbursement be made until We receive proper written proof.

3. In the event a [Member] is Hospitalized in a Non-Network Facility, coverage will only be provided until the [Member] is medically able to travel or to be transported to a Network Facility. If the [Member] elects to continue treatment with Non-Network Providers, We shall have no responsibility for payment beyond the date the [Member] is Determined to be medically able to be transported.
   In the event that transportation is Medically Necessary and Appropriate, We will cover the amount We Determine to be the Reasonable and Customary cost. Reimbursement may be subject to payment by [Members] of all Copayments which would have been required had similar benefits been provided upon prior written Referral to a Network Provider.
4. Coverage for Emergency services includes only such treatment necessary to treat the Emergency. Any elective procedures performed after a [Member] has been admitted to a Facility as the result of an Emergency shall require prior written Referral or the [Member] shall be responsible for payment.
   The Copayment for an emergency room visit will be credited toward the Hospital Inpatient Copayment if a [Member] is admitted as an Inpatient to the Hospital as a result of the Emergency.
5. Coverage for Emergency and Urgent Care include coverage of trauma services at any designated level I or II trauma center as Medically Necessary and Appropriate, which shall be continued at least until, in the judgement of the attending physician, the Member is medically stable, no longer requires critical care, and can be safely transferred to another Facility. We also provides coverage for a medical screening examination provided upon a Member's arrival in a Hospital, as required to be performed by the Hospital in accordance with Federal law, but only as necessary to determine whether an Emergency medical condition exists. [Please note that the "911" Emergency response system may be used whenever a Covered person has a potentially life-threatening condition. Information on the use of the "911" system is included on the identification card.]

(g) **THERAPY SERVICES.** The following Services are covered when rendered by a Network Provider upon prior written Referral by a [Member]'s Primary Care Physician [or the Care Manager]. Subject to the stated limits, We cover the Therapy Services listed below. We cover other types of Therapy Services provided they are performed by a licensed Provider, are Medically Necessary and Appropriate and are not Experimental or Investigational.

a. *Chelation Therapy* - means the administration of drugs or chemicals to remove toxic concentrations of metals from the body.
b. *Chemotherapy* - the treatment of malignant disease by chemical or biological antineoplastic agents.
c. *Dialysis Treatment* - the treatment of an acute renal failure or a chronic irreversible renal insufficiency by removing waste products from the body. This includes hemodialysis and peritoneal dialysis.
d. *Radiation Therapy* - the treatment of disease by x-ray, radium, cobalt, or high energy particle sources. Radiation therapy includes rental or cost of radioactive materials. Diagnostic Services requiring the use of radioactive materials are not radiation therapy.
e. *Respiration Therapy* - the introduction of dry or moist gases into the lungs.

f. *Cognitive Rehabilitation Therapy* - the retraining of the brain to perform intellectual skills which it was able to perform prior to disease, trauma, Surgery, or previous therapeutic process; or the training of the brain to perform intellectual skills it should have been able to perform if there were not a congenital anomaly.
g. *Speech Therapy* -except as stated below, treatment for the correction of a speech impairment resulting from Illness, Surgery, Injury, congenital anomaly, or previous therapeutic processes. Exception: For a [Covered Person] who has been diagnosed with a biologically-based mental illness, speech therapy means treatment of a speech impairment.

Coverage for Cognitive Rehabilitation Therapy and Speech Therapy, **combined,** is limited to 30 visits per Calendar Year.

h. *Occupational Therapy* - except as stated below, treatment to restore a physically disabled person's ability to perform the ordinary tasks of daily living. Exception: For a [Covered Person] who has been diagnosed with a biologically-based mental illness, occupational therapy means treatment to develop a [Covered Person's] ability to perform the ordinary tasks of daily living.
i. *Physical Therapy* - except as stated below, the treatment by physical means to relieve pain, restore maximum function, and prevent disability following disease, Injury or loss of limb. Exception: For a [Covered Person] who has been diagnosed with a biologically-based mental illness, physical therapy means treatment to develop a [Covered Person's] physical function.

Coverage for Occupational Therapy and Physical Therapy, **combined**, is limited to 30 visits per Calendar Year.

j. *Infusion Therapy* - the administration of antibiotic, nutrients, or other therapeutic agents by direct infusion.

Note: The limitations on Therapy Services contained in this Therapy Services provision do not apply to any Therapy Services that are received under the Home Health Care provision.
["DC" NOTE: ANY THERAPY BENEFITS A [MEMBER] RECEIVES UNDER THE ASSOCIATED INDEMNITY PLAN WILL REDUCE THE THERAPY SERVICES AND SUPPLIES AVAILABLE UNDER THIS HMO PLAN.]

(h) **HOME HEALTH CARE.** The following Services are covered upon prior written referral from a [Member]'s Primary Care Physician. When home health care can take the place of Inpatient care, We cover such care furnished to a [Member] under a written home health care plan. We cover all Medically Necessary and Appropriate services or supplies, such as:
1) Routine Nursing Care furnished by or under the supervision of a registered Nurse;
2) physical therapy;
3) occupational therapy;
4) medical social work;
5) nutrition services;
6) speech therapy;
7) home health aide services;
8) medical appliances and equipment, drugs and medications, laboratory services and special meals to the extent such items and services would have been covered under this Contract if the [Member] had been in a Hospital; and
9) any Diagnostic or therapeutic service, including surgical services performed in a Hospital Outpatient department, a Practitioner's office or any other licensed health care Facility, provided such service would have been covered under the Contract if performed as Inpatient Hospital services.

Payment is subject to all of the terms of this Contract and to the following conditions:

a. The [Member's] Practitioner must certify that home health care is needed in place of Inpatient care in a recognized Facility. Home health care is covered **only** in situations where continuing hospitalization or confinement in a Skilled Nursing Facility or Rehabilitation Center would otherwise have been required if home health care were not provided.
b. The services and supplies must be:
   1. ordered by the [Member's] Practitioner;
   2. included in the home health care plan; and
   3. furnished by, or coordinated by, a Home Health Agency according to the written home health care plan.

The services and supplies must be furnished by recognized health care professionals on a part-time or intermittent basis, except when full-time or 24 hour service is needed on a short-term (no more than three-day) basis.
c. The home health care plan must be set up in writing by the [Member's] Practitioner within 14 days after home health care starts. And it must be reviewed by the [Member's] Practitioner at least once every 60 days.
e. We do not pay for:
   1. services furnished to family members, other than the patient; or
   2. services and supplies not included in the home health care plan.

Any visit by a member of a home health care team on any day shall be considered as one home health care visit.

["DC" NOTE: ANY NURSING CARE BENEFITS A [MEMBER] RECEIVES UNDER THE ASSOCIATED INDEMNITY PLAN WILL REDUCE THE NURSING CARE SERVICES AND SUPPLIES AVAILABLE UNDER THIS HMO PLAN.]

(i) **Hospice Care** if [Members] are terminally Ill or terminally Injured with life expectancy of six months or less, as certified by the [Member]'s Primary Care Physician. Services may include home and Hospital visits by nurses and social workers; pain management and symptom control; instruction and supervision of family members, inpatient care; counseling and emotional support; and other home health care benefits listed above.

(j) **DENTAL CARE AND TREATMENT.** The following services are covered when rendered by a [Network] Practitioner upon prior Referral by a [Member's] Primary Care Physician. We cover:
1) the diagnosis and treatment of oral tumors and cysts; and
2) the surgical removal of bony impacted teeth.

We also cover treatment of an Injury to natural teeth or the jaw, but only if:
1) the Injury was not caused, directly or indirectly by biting or chewing; and
2) all treatment is finished within 6 months of the date of the Injury.

Treatment includes replacing natural teeth lost due to such Injury. But in no event do We cover orthodontic treatment.

For a [Member] who is severely disabled or who is a Child under age 6, We cover:
a) general anesthesia and Hospitalization for dental services; and
b) dental services rendered by a dentist regardless of where the dental services are provided for a medical condition covered by the Contract which requires Hospitalization or general anesthesia.

(k) **TREATMENT FOR TEMPOROMANDIBULAR JOINT DISORDER (TMJ)** The following services are covered when rendered by a [Network] Practitioner upon prior Referral by a [Member's] Primary Care Physician. We cover services and supplies for the Medically Necessary and Appropriate surgical and non-surgical treatment of TMJ in a [Member]. However, We do not cover any services or supplies for orthodontia, crowns or bridgework.

(l) **THERAPEUTIC MANIPULATION** The following services are covered when rendered by a [Network] Practitioner upon prior Referral by a [Member's] Primary Care Physician [or the Care Manager]. We limit what We cover for therapeutic manipulation to 30 visits per Calendar Year. And We cover no more than two modalities per visit. Services and supplies beyond 30 visits are not covered.
["DC" NOTE: ANY THERAPEUTIC MANIPULATION BENEFITS A [MEMBER] RECEIVES UNDER THE ASSOCIATED INDEMNITY PLAN WILL REDUCE THE THERAPEUTIC MANIPULATION SERVICES AND SUPPLIES AVAILABLE UNDER THIS HMO PLAN.]

(m) **[Cancer Clinical Trial** We cover practitioner fees, laboratory expenses and expenses associated with Hospitalization, administering of treatment and evaluation of the Member during the course of treatment or a condition associated with a complication of the underlying disease or treatment, with are consistent with usual and customary patterns and standards of care incurred whenever a Member receives medical care associated with an Approved Cancer Clinical Trial. We will cover charges for such items and services only if they would be covered for care and treatment in a situation other than an Approved Cancer Clinical Trial.

We do not cover the cost of investigational drugs or devices themselves, the cost of any non-health services that might be required for a Member to receive the treatment or intervention, or the costs of managing the research, or any costs which would not be covered under the Contract for treatments that are not Experimental or Investigational.]

NON-COVERED SERVICES AND SUPPLIES

THE FOLLOWING ARE NOT COVERED SERVICES UNDER THE CONTRACT.

Care or treatment by means of **acupuncture** except when used as a substitute for other forms of anesthesia.

Services for **ambulance** for transportation from a Hospital or other health care Facility, unless [Member] is being transferred to another Inpatient health care Facility.

[Broken Appointments.]

Blood or blood plasma which is replaced by or for a [Member].

Care and/or treatment by a **Christian Science Practitioner**.

Completion of claim forms.

Services or supplies related to **Cosmetic Surgery**, except as otherwise stated in the Contract; complications of Cosmetic Surgery; drugs prescribed for cosmetic purposes.

Services related to **Custodial** or **domiciliary** care.

Dental care or treatment, including appliances and dental implants, except as otherwise stated in the Contract.

Care or treatment by means of **dose intensive chemotherapy**, except as otherwise stated in the Contract.

Services or supplies, the primary purpose of which is **educational** providing the [Member] with any of the following: training in the activities of daily living; instruction in scholastic skills such as reading and writing; preparation for an occupation; or treatment for learning disabilities.

Experimental or Investigational treatments, procedures, hospitalizations, drugs, biological products or medical devices, except as otherwise stated in the Contract.

Extraction of teeth, except for bony impacted teeth.

Services or supplies for or in connection with:
a) except as otherwise stated in the Contract, exams to determine the need for (or changes of) **eyeglasses** or lenses of any type;
b) eyeglasses or lenses of any type except initial replacements for loss of the natural lens; or
c) eye surgery such as radial keratotomy or lasik surgery, when the primary purpose is to correct myopia (nearsightedness), hyperopia (farsightedness) or astigmatism (blurring).

Services or supplies provided by one of the following members of the Employee's **family**: spouse, child, parent, in-law, brother, sister or grandparent.

Services or supplies furnished in connection with any procedures to enhance **fertility** which involve harvesting, storage and/or manipulation of eggs and sperm. This includes, but is not limited to the following: a) procedures: in vitro fertilization; embryo transfer; embryo freezing; and Gamete intrafallopian Transfer (GIFT) and Zygote Intrafallopian Transfer (ZIFT), donor sperm, surrogate motherhood; and b) Prescription Drugs not eligible under the Prescription Drugs section of the Policy.

Except as otherwise stated in the Contract, services or supplies related to **hearing aids and hearing examinations** to determine the need for hearing aids or the need to adjust them.

Services or supplies related to **herbal medicine**.

Services or supplies related to **hypnotism**.

Services or supplies necessary because the [Member] engaged, or tried to engage, in an **illegal occupation** or committed or tried to commit an indictable offense in the jurisdiction in which it is committed, or a felony. ***Exception***: As required by 29 CFR 2590.702(b)(2)(iii) this exclusion does not apply to injuries that result from an act of domestic violence or to injuries that result from a medical condition.

Except as stated below, Illness or Injury, including a condition which is the result of disease or bodily infirmity, which occurred on the job and which is covered or could have been covered for benefits provided under workers' compensation, employer's liability, occupational disease or similar law;
Exception: This exclusion does not apply to the following persons for whom coverage under workers' compensation is optional unless such persons are actually covered for workers' compensation: a self-employed person or a partner of a limited liability partnership, members of a limited liability company or partners of a partnership who actively perform services on behalf of the self-employed business, the limited liability partnership, limited liability company or the partnership.

["DC"[Services or supplies for which benefits are paid under the associated **Indemnity Plan.]**

Local anesthesia charges billed separately if such charges are included in the fee for the Surgery.

Membership costs for health clubs, weight loss clinics and similar programs.

Services and supplies related to **marriage, career or financial counseling, sex therapy or family therapy, and related services.**

Any **Non-Covered Service or Supply** specifically limited or not covered elsewhere in the Contract, or which is not Medically Necessary and Appropriate.

Non-prescription drugs or supplies, except;
a) insulin needles and insulin syringes and glucose test strips and lancets;
b) colostomy bags, belts, and irrigators; and
c) as stated in the Contract for food and food products for inherited metabolic diseases.

Services provided by a **pastoral counselor** in the course of his or her normal duties as a religious official or practitioner.

Personal convenience or comfort items including, but not limited to, such items as TV's, telephones, first aid kits, exercise equipment, air conditioners, humidifiers, saunas, hot tubs.

[Pre-Existing Condition Limitations:
The following "Pre-Existing Conditions" and "Continuity of Coverage" provisions only apply to Contracts issued to Contractholders of at least two but not more than five eligible Employees. These provisions also apply to "Late Enrollees" under the Contracts issued to any Small Employer. However, this provision does not apply to Late Enrollees if 10 or more Late Enrollees request enrollment during any [30] day enrollment period provided for in the Contract. See the Contract's EMPLOYEE COVERAGE [and DEPENDENT COVERAGE] subsection[s] of the ELIGIBILITY section to determine if a [Member] is a Late Enrollee. [The "Pre-Existing Conditions" provision does not apply to a Dependent who is an adopted child or who is a child placed for adoption or to a newborn child if the Employee enrolls the Dependent and agrees to make the required payments within [31] days after the Dependent's Eligibility Date.]

A Pre-Existing Condition is an Illness or Injury which manifests itself in the six months before a [Member's] Enrollment Date, and for which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received during the six months immediately preceding the Enrollment Date.
We do not pay benefits for charges for Pre-Existing Conditions for 180 days measured from the Enrollment Date. This 180 day period may be reduced by the length of time the [Member] was covered under any Creditable Coverage if, without application of any Waiting Period, the Creditable Coverage was continuous to a date not more than 90 days prior to becoming a [Member]. Refer to the Continuity of Coverage section below.

This limitation does not affect benefits for other unrelated conditions, [or] pregnancy [, or birth defects in a covered Dependent child]. Genetic information will not be treated as a Pre-Existing Condition in the absence of a diagnosis of the condition related to that information. And We waive this limitation for a [Member's] Pre-Existing Condition if the condition was payable under Creditable Coverage which covered the [Member] right before the [Member's] coverage under the Contract started. The next section shows other exceptions.

Continuity of Coverage
[NOTE: COVERAGE UNDER THE CONTRACT IS SUBJECT TO THE ALTERNATIVE METHOD FOR COUNTING CREDITABLE COVERAGE]
If a new [Member] was covered under Creditable Coverage prior to enrollment under the Contract and the Creditable Coverage was continuous to a date not more than 90 days prior to the Enrollment Date under the Contract, We will provide credit as follows. [Standard method] [We give credit for the time the [Member] was covered under the Creditable Coverage without regard to the specific benefits included in the Creditable Coverage.] [Alternative method] [We give credit for the time the [Member] was covered under the Creditable Coverage based on coverage for the following [category] [categories] of benefits: [mental health;] [substance abuse treatment;] [prescription drugs;] [dental care;] [or] [vision care]. [We will count a period of Creditable Coverage with respect to a category of benefits if any level of benefits is covered within that category. For all other benefits,] We give credit for the time the [Member] was covered under the Creditable Coverage without regard to the specific benefits included in the Creditable Coverage.] We count the days the [Member] was covered under Creditable Coverage, except that days that occur before any lapse in coverage of more than 90 days are not counted. We apply these days to reduce the duration of the Pre-Existing Condition limitation under the Contract. The person must sign and complete his or her enrollment form within 30 days of the date the Employee's [active] Full-Time service begins. Any condition arising between the date his or her coverage under the Creditable Coverage ends and the Enrollment Date is a Pre-Existing Condition. We do not cover any charges actually incurred before the person's coverage under the Contract starts. If the Contractholder has included an eligibility waiting period in the Contract, an Employee must still meet it, before becoming covered.]

Any service provided without prior written Referral by the [Member]'s **Primary Care Physician,** except as specified in the Contract.

Services related to **Private Duty Nursing**, except as provided under the Private Duty Nursing section of the Contract.

In the event of an Emergency, the amount of any charge which is greater than the amount We Determine to be the **reasonable and customary charge**.

Services or supplies related to **rest or convalescent cures**.

Room and board charges for a [Member] in any Facility for any period of time during which he or she was not physically present overnight in the Facility.

Services or supplies related to **Routine Foot Care, except:**
a) an open cutting operation to treat weak, strained, flat, unstable or unbalanced feet, metatarsalgia or bunions;
b) the removal of nail roots; and
c) treatment or removal of corns, calluses or toenails in conjunction with the treatment of metabolic or peripheral vascular disease.

Self-administered services such as: biofeedback, patient-controlled analgesia on an Outpatient basis, related diagnostic testing, self-care and self-help training.

Services or supplies:
a) eligible for payment under either federal or state programs (except Medicaid and Medicare). This provision applies whether or not the [Member] asserts his or her rights to obtain this coverage or payment for these services;
b) for which a charge is not usually made, such as a Practitioner treating a professional or business associate, or services at a public health fair;
c) for which a [Member] would not have been charged if he or she did not have health care coverage;
d) provided by or in a Government Hospital except as stated below, or unless the services are for treatment:
   - of a non-service Emergency; or
   - by a Veterans' Administration Hospital of a non-service related Illness or Injury;

Exception: This exclusion does not apply to military retirees, their Dependents and the Dependents of active duty military personnel who are covered under both the Contract and under military health coverage and who receive care in facilities of the Uniformed Services.

Sterilization reversal - services and supplies rendered for reversal of sterilization.

Surgery, sex hormones, and related medical, psychological and psychiatric services to change a [Member]'s sex; services and supplies arising from complications of sex transformation.

Telephone consultations.

Transplants, except as otherwise listed in the Contract.

Transportation; travel.

Vision therapy.

Vitamins and dietary supplements.

Services or supplies received as a result of a **war**, declared or undeclared; police actions; services in the armed forces or units auxiliary thereto.

Weight reduction or control, unless there is a diagnosis of morbid obesity; special foods, food supplements, liquid diets, diet plans or any related products except as provided in the Nutritional Counseling and Food and Food Products for Inherited Metabolic Diseases items of the Contract.

Wigs, toupees, hair transplants, hair weaving or any drug if such drug is used in connection with baldness.

COORDINATION OF BENEFITS AND SERVICES

Purpose Of This Provision
A [Member] may be covered for health benefits or services by more than one Plan. For instance, he or she may be covered by this [Contract] as an Employee and by another plan as a Dependent of his or her spouse. If he or she is covered by more than one Plan, this provision allows Us to coordinate what We pay or provides with what another Plan pays or provides. This provision sets forth the rules for determining which is the Primary Plan and which is the Secondary Plan. Coordination of benefits is intended to avoid duplication of benefits while at the same time preserving certain rights to coverage under all Plans under which the [Member] is covered.

DEFINITIONS
The words shown below have special meanings when used in this provision. Please read these definitions carefully. [Throughout this provision, these defined terms appear with their initial letter capitalized.]

Allowable Expense: The charge for any health care service, supply or other item of expense for which the [Member] is liable when the health care service, supply or other item of expense is covered at least in part under any of the Plans involved, except where a statute requires another definition, or as otherwise stated below.

When this [Contract] is coordinating benefits with a Plan that provides benefits only for dental care, vision care, prescription drugs or hearing aids, Allowable Expense is limited to like items of expense.

[Carrier] will not consider the difference between the cost of a private hospital room and that of a semi-private hospital room as an Allowable Expense unless the stay in a private room is Medically Necessary and Appropriate.

When this [Contract] is coordinating benefits with a Plan that restricts coordination of benefits to a specific coverage, We will only consider corresponding services, supplies or items of expense to which coordination of benefits applies as an Allowable Expense.

Claim Determination Period: A Calendar Year, or portion of a Calendar Year, during which a [Member] is covered by this [Contract] and at least one other Plan and incurs one or more Allowable Expense(s) under such plans.

Plan: Coverage with which coordination of benefits is allowed. Plan includes:
a) Group insurance and group subscriber contracts, including insurance continued pursuant to a Federal or State continuation law;
b) Self-funded arrangements of group or group-type coverage, including insurance continued pursuant to a Federal or State continuation law;
c) Group or group-type coverage through a health maintenance organization (HMO) or other prepayment, group practice and individual practice plans, including insurance continued pursuant to a Federal or State continuation law;
d) Group hospital indemnity benefit amounts that exceed $150 per day;
e) Medicare or other governmental benefits, except when, pursuant to law, the benefits must be treated as in excess of those of any private insurance plan or non-governmental plan.

Plan does not include:
a) Individual or family insurance contracts or subscriber contracts;
b) Individual or family coverage through a health maintenance organization or under any other prepayment, group practice and individual practice plans;
c) Group or group-type coverage where the cost of coverage is paid solely by the [Member] except that coverage being continued pursuant to a Federal or State continuation law shall be considered a Plan;
d) Group hospital indemnity benefit amounts of $150 per day or less;
e) School accident –type coverage;
f) A State plan under Medicaid.

Primary Plan: A Plan whose benefits for a [Member's] health care coverage must be determined without taking into consideration the existence of any other Plan. There may be more than one Primary Plan. A Plan will be the Primary Plan if either "a" or "b" below exist:
a) The Plan has no order of benefit determination rules, or it has rules that differ from those contained in this Coordination of Benefits and Services provision; or
b) All Plans which cover the [Member] use order of benefit determination rules consistent with those contained in the Coordination of Benefits and Services provision and under those rules, the plan determines its benefits first.

Reasonable and Customary: An amount that is not more than the usual or customary charge for the service or supply as determined by Us, based on a standard which is most often charged for a given service by a Provider within the same geographic area.

Secondary Plan: A Plan which is not a Primary Plan. If a [Member] is covered by more than one Secondary Plan, the order of benefit determination rules of this Coordination of Benefits and Services provision shall be used to determine the order in which the benefits payable under the multiple Secondary Plans are paid in relation to each other. The benefits of each Secondary Plan may take into consideration the benefits of the Primary Plan or Plans and the benefits of any other Plan which, under this Coordination of Benefits and Services provision, has its benefits determined before those of that Secondary Plan.

PRIMARY AND SECONDARY PLAN

We consider each plan separately when coordinating payments.

The Primary Plan pays or provides services or supplies first, without taking into consideration the existence of a Secondary Plan. If a Plan has no coordination of benefits provision, or if the order of benefit determination rules differ from those set forth in these provisions, it is the Primary Plan.

A Secondary Plan takes into consideration the benefits provided by a Primary Plan when, according to the rules set forth below, the plan is the Secondary Plan. If there is more than one Secondary Plan, the order of benefit determination rules determine the order among the Secondary Plans. During each Claim Determination Period, the Secondary Plan(s) will pay up to the remaining unpaid allowable expenses, but no Secondary Plan will pay more than it would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan. The method the Secondary Plan uses to determine the amount to pay is set forth below in the "**Procedures to be Followed by the Secondary Plan to Calculate Benefits**" section of this provision.

The Secondary Plan shall not reduce Allowable Expenses for medically necessary and appropriate services or supplies on the basis that precertification, preapproval, notification or second surgical opinion procedures were not followed.

RULES FOR THE ORDER OF BENEFIT DETERMINATION

The benefits of the Plan that covers the [Member] as an employee, member, subscriber or retiree shall be determined before those of the Plan that covers the [Member] as a Dependent. The coverage as an employee, member, subscriber or retiree is the Primary Plan.

The benefits of the Plan that covers the [Member] as an employee who is neither laid off nor retired, or as a dependent of such person, shall be determined before those for the Plan that covers the [Member] as a laid off or retired employee, or as such a person's Dependent. If the other Plan does not contain this rule, and as a result the Plans do not agree on the order of benefit determination, this portion of this provision shall be ignored.

The benefits of the Plan that covers the [Member] as an employee, member, subscriber or retiree, or Dependent of such person, shall be determined before those of the Plan that covers the [Member] under a right of continuation pursuant to Federal or State law. If the other Plan does not contain this rule, and as a result the Plans do not agree on the order of benefit determination, this portion of this provision shall be ignored.

If a child is covered as a Dependent under Plans through both parents, and the parents are neither separated nor divorced, the following rules apply:
a) The benefits of the Plan of the parent whose birthday falls earlier in the Calendar Year shall be determined before those of the parent whose birthday falls later in the Calendar Year.
b) If both parents have the same birthday, the benefits of the Plan which covered the parent for a longer period of time shall be determined before those of plan which covered the other parent for a shorter period of time.
c) Birthday, as used above, refers only to month and day in a calendar year, not the year in which the parent was born.
d) If the other plan contains a provision that determines the order of benefits based on the gender of the parent, the birthday rule in this provision shall be ignored.

If a child is covered as a Dependent under Plans through both parents, and the parents are separated or divorced, the following rules apply:
a) The benefits of the Plan of the parent with custody of the child shall be determined first.
b) The benefits of the Plan of the spouse of the parent with custody shall be determined second.
c) The benefits of the Plan of the parent without custody shall be determined last.
d) If the terms of a court decree state that one of the parents is responsible for the health care expenses for the child, and if the entity providing coverage under that Plan has actual knowledge of the terms of the court decree, then the benefits of that plan shall be determined first. The benefits of the plan of the other parent shall be considered as secondary. Until the entity providing coverage under the plan has knowledge of the terms of the court decree regarding health care expenses, this portion of this provision shall be ignored.

If the above order of benefits does not establish which plan is the Primary Plan, the benefits of the Plan that covers the employee, member or subscriber for a longer period of time shall be determined before the benefits of the Plan(s) that covered the person for a shorter period of time.

Procedures to be Followed by the Secondary Plan to Calculate Benefits

In order to determine which procedure to follow it is necessary to consider:
a) the basis on which the Primary Plan and the Secondary Plan pay benefits; and
b) whether the provider who provides or arranges the services and supplies is in the network of either the Primary Plan or the Secondary Plan.

Benefits may be based on the Reasonable and Customary Charge (R&C), or some similar term. This means that the provider bills a charge and the [Member] may be held liable for the full amount of the billed charge. In this section, a Plan that bases benefits on a reasonable and customary charge is called an "R&C Plan."

Benefits may be based on a contractual fee schedule, sometimes called a negotiated fee schedule, or some similar term. This means that although a provider, called a network provider, bills a charge, the [Member] may be held liable only for an amount up to the negotiated fee. In this section, a Plan that bases benefits on a negotiated fee schedule is called a "Fee Schedule Plan." If the [Member] uses the services of a non-network provider, the plan will be treated as an R&C Plan even though the plan under which he or she is covered allows for a fee schedule.

Payment to the provider may be based on a "capitation". This means that then HMO or other plans pays the provider a fixed amount per [Member]. The [Member] is liable only for the applicable deductible, coinsurance or copayment. If the [Member] uses the services of a non-network provider, the

HMO or other plans will only pay benefits in the event of emergency care or urgent care. In this section, a Plan that pays providers based upon capitation is called a "Capitation Plan."

In the rules below, "provider" refers to the provider who provides or arranges the services or supplies and "HMO" refers to a health maintenance organization plan.

Primary Plan is R&C Plan and Secondary Plan is R&C Plan
The Secondary Plan shall pay the lesser of:
a) the difference between the amount of the billed charges and the amount paid by the Primary Plan; or
b) the amount the Secondary Plan would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan.
When the benefits of the Secondary Plan are reduced as a result of this calculation, each benefit shall be reduced in proportion, and the amount paid shall be charged against any applicable benefit limit of the plan.

Primary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan and Secondary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan
If the provider is a network provider in both the Primary Plan and the Secondary Plan, the Allowable Expense shall be the fee schedule of the Primary Plan. The Secondary Plan shall pay the lesser of:
a) The amount of any deductible, coinsurance or copayment required by the Primary Plan; or
b) the amount the Secondary Plan would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan.
The total amount the provider receives from the Primary plan, the Secondary plan and the [Member] shall not exceed the fee schedule of the Primary Plan. In no event shall the [Member] be responsible for any payment in excess of the copayment, coinsurance or deductible of the Secondary Plan.

Primary Plan is R&C Plan and Secondary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan
If the provider is a network provider in the Secondary Plan, the Secondary Plan shall pay the lesser of:
a) the difference between the amount of the billed charges for the Allowable Expenses and the amount paid by the Primary Plan; or
b) the amount the Secondary Plan would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan.
The [Member] shall only be liable for the copayment, deductible or coinsurance under the Secondary Plan if the [Member] has no liability for copayment, deductible or coinsurance under the Primary Plan and the total payments by both the primary and Secondary Plans are less than the provider's billed charges. In no event shall the [Member] be responsible for any payment in excess of the copayment, coinsurance or deductible of the Secondary Plan.

Primary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan and Secondary Plan is R&C Plan
If the provider is a network provider in the Primary Plan, the Allowable Expense considered by the Secondary Plan shall be the fee schedule of the Primary Plan. The Secondary Plan shall pay the lesser of:
a) The amount of any deductible, coinsurance or copayment required by the Primary Plan; or
b) the amount the Secondary Plan would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan.

Primary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan and Secondary Plan is R&C Plan or Fee Schedule Plan
If the Primary Plan is an HMO plan that does not allow for the use of non-network providers except in the event of urgent care or emergency care and the service or supply the [Member] receives from a non-network provider is not considered as urgent care or emergency care, the Secondary Plan shall pay benefits as if it were the Primary Plan.

Primary Plan is Capitation Plan and Secondary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan or R&C Plan
If the [Member] receives services or supplies from a provider who is in the network of both the Primary Plan and the Secondary Plan, the Secondary Plan shall pay the lesser of:
a) The amount of any deductible, coinsurance or copayment required by the Primary Plan; or
b) the amount the Secondary Plan would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan.

Primary Plan is Capitation Plan or Fee Schedule Plan or R&C Plan and Secondary Plan is Capitation Plan
If the [Member] receives services or supplies from a provider who is in the network of the Secondary Plan, the Secondary Plan shall be liable to pay the capitation to the provider and shall not be liable to pay the deductible, coinsurance or copayment imposed by the Primary Plan. The [Member] shall not be liable to pay any deductible, coinsurance or copayments of either the Primary Plan or the Secondary Plan.

Primary Plan is an HMO and Secondary Plan is an HMO
If the Primary Plan is an HMO plan that does not allow for the use of non-network providers except in the event of urgent care or emergency care and the service or supply the [Member] receives from a non-network provider is not considered as urgent care or emergency care, but the provider is in the network of the Secondary Plan, the Secondary Plan shall pay benefits as if it were the Primary Plan. Except that the Primary Plan shall pay out-of-Network services, if any, authorized by the Primary Plan.

SERVICES FOR AUTOMOBILE RELATED INJURIES

This section will be used to determine a [Member's] coverage under the Contract when services are provided as a result of an automobile related Injury.

Definitions
"Automobile Related Injury" means bodily Injury sustained by a [Member] as a result of an accident:
a) while occupying, entering, leaving or using an automobile; or
b) as a pedestrian;

caused by an automobile or by an object propelled by or from an automobile.

"Allowable Expense" means a medically necessary, reasonable and customary item of expense covered at least in part as an eligible expense or eligible services by:
a) the Contract;

b) PIP; or
c) OSAIC.

"Eligible Services" means services provided for treatment of an Injury which is covered under the Contract without application of Cash Deductibles and Copayments, if any or Coinsurance.

"Out-of-State Automobile Insurance Coverage" or "OSAIC" means any coverage for medical expenses under an automobile insurance policy other than PIP. OSAIC includes automobile insurance policies issued in another state or jurisdiction.

"PIP" means personal injury protection coverage provided as part of an automobile insurance policy issued in New Jersey. PIP refers specifically to provisions for medical expense coverage.

Determination of primary or secondary coverage.
The Contract provides secondary coverage to PIP unless health coverage has been elected as primary coverage by or for the [Member] under the Contract. This election is made by the named insured under a PIP policy. Such election affects that person's family members who are not themselves named insureds under another automobile policy. The Contract may be primary for one [Member], but not for another if the person has a separate automobile policy and has made different selection regarding primacy of health coverage.

The Contract is secondary to OSAIC, unless the OSAIC contains provisions which make it secondary or excess to the Contractholder's plan. In that case the Contract will be primary.

If there is a dispute as to which policy is primary, the Contract will pay benefits or provide services as if it were primary.

Services the Contract will provide if it is primary to PIP or OSAIC.
If the Contract is primary to PIP or OSAIC it will provide benefits for eligible expenses in accordance with its terms.

The rules of the **COORDINATION OF BENEFITS AND SERVICES** section of the Contract will apply if:
a) the[Member] is insured or covered for services under more than one insurance plan; and
b) such insurance plans or HMO Contracts are primary to automobile insurance coverage.

Benefits the Contract will pay if it is secondary to PIP or OSAIC.
If the Contract is secondary to PIP or OSAIC the actual benefits payable will be the lesser of:
a) the Allowable Expenses left uncovered after PIP or OSAIC has provided coverage after applying Cash Deductibles and Copayments, or
b) the equivalent value of services if the Contract had been primary.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

CLERICAL ERROR - MISSTATEMENTS
No clerical error nor programming or systems error by the Contractholder or by Us in keeping any records pertaining to coverage under the Contract will reduce a [Member]'s Coverage. Neither will delays in making entries on those records reduce it. However, if We discover such an error or delay, a fair adjustment of Premiums will be made.

If the age of an Employee, or any other relevant facts, are found to have been misstated, and the premiums are thereby affected, an equitable adjustment of premiums will be made. If such misstatement involves whether or not the person's coverage would have been accepted by Us, subject to the Contract's **Incontestability** section, the true facts will be used in determining whether coverage is in force under the terms of the Contract.

CONFORMITY WITH LAW
Any provision of the Contract which, is in conflict with the laws of the State of New Jersey, or with Federal law, shall be construed and applied as if it were in full compliance with the minimum requirements of such State law or Federal law.

CONTINUING RIGHTS
Our failure to apply terms or conditions does not mean that We waive or give up any future rights under the Contract.

INCONTESTABILITY OF THE CONTRACT
There will be no contest of the validity of the Contract, except for not paying premiums, after it has been in force for two years.

No statement in any application, except a fraudulent statement, made by the Contractholder or by a [Member] covered under the Contract shall be used in contesting the validity of his or her coverage or in denying benefits after such coverage has been in force for two years during the person's lifetime. Note: There is no time limit with respect to a contest in connection with fraudulent statements.

LIMITATION ON ACTIONS
No action at law or in equity shall be brought to recover on the Contract until 60 days after a [Member] files written proof of loss. No such action shall be brought more than three years after the end of the time within which proof of loss is required.

OTHER RIGHTS
We are only required to provide benefits to the extent stated in the Contract, its riders and attachments. We have no other liability.

Services and supplies are to be provided in the most cost-effective manner practicable as Determined by Us.

We reserve the right to use Our subsidiaries or appropriate employees or companies in administering the Contract.

We reserve the right to modify or replace an erroneously issued Contract.

Information in a Contractholder's application may not be used by Us to void the Contract or in any legal action unless the application or a duplicate of it is attached to the Contract or has been furnished to the Contractholder for attachment to the Contract.

Information in a [Member's] application may not be used by Us to void his or her coverage under the Contract or in any legal action unless the application or a duplicate of it is attached to the Evidence of Coverage issued to a [Member], or has been mailed to a [Member] for attachment to his or her Evidence of Coverage.

PAYMENT OF PREMIUMS - GRACE PERIOD
Premiums are to be paid by the Contractholder to Us. They are due on each Premium Due Date stated on the first page of the Contract. The Contractholder may pay each Premium other than the first within 31 days of the Premium Due Date. Those days are known as the grace period. The Contractholder is liable to pay Premiums to Us from the first day the Contract is in force.

WORKERS' COMPENSATION
The health benefits provided under the Contract are not in place of, and do not affect requirements for coverage by Workers' Compensation.

CONTINUATION RIGHTS

COORDINATION AMONG CONTINUATION RIGHTS SECTIONS

As used in this section, COBRA means the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 as enacted, and later amended.

A [Member] may be eligible to continue his or her group health benefits under this Contract's **COBRA CONTINUATION RIGHTS** (CCR) section and under other continuation sections of this Contract at the same time.

Continuation Under CCR and **NEW JERSEY GROUP CONTINUATION RIGHTS** (NJGCR): A [Member] who is eligible to continue his or her group health benefits under CCR is not eligible to continue under NJGCR.

Continuation under CCR and NJGCR and **NEW JERSEY CONTINUATION RIGHTS FOR OVER-AGE DEPENDENTS** (NJCROD): A Dependent who has elected to continue his or her coverage under the group policy under which his or her parent is currently covered pursuant to NJCROD shall not be entitled to further continue coverage under CCR or NJGCR when continuation pursuant to NJCROD ends.

Continuation Under CCR and any other continuation section of this Contract:

If a [Member] elects to continue his or her group health benefits under this Contract's CCR or NJGCR, as applicable, and any other continuation other than NJCROD, the continuations:
a) start at the same time;
b) run concurrently; and
c) end independently on their own terms.

While covered under more than one continuation section, the [Member]:
a) will not be entitled to duplicate benefits; and
b) will not be subject to the premium requirements of more than one section at the same time.

AN IMPORTANT NOTICE ABOUT CONTINUATION RIGHTS

The following COBRA CONTINUATION RIGHTS section may not apply to the Employer's Contract. The Employee must contact his or her Employer to find out if:
a) the Employer is subject to the COBRA CONTINUATION RIGHTS section in which case;
b) the section applies to the Employee.

COBRA CONTINUATION RIGHTS (Generally applies to employer groups with 20 or more employees)

Important Notice
Under this section, "Qualified Continuee" means any person who, on the day before any event which would qualify him or her for continuation under this section, is covered for group health benefits under this Contract as:
a) an active, covered Employee;
b) the spouse of an active, covered Employee; or
c) the Dependent child of an active, covered Employee. Except as stated below, any person who becomes covered under this Contract during a continuation provided by this section is not a Qualified Continuee.

Exception: A child who is born to the covered Employee, or who is placed for adoption with the covered Employee during the continuation provided by this section is a Qualified Continuee.

If An Employee's Group Health Benefits Ends
If an Employee's group health benefits end due to his or her termination of employment or reduction of work hours, he or she may elect to continue such benefits for up to 18 months, unless he or she was terminated due to gross misconduct.
A Qualified Continuee may elect to continue coverage under COBRA even if the Qualified Continuee:
a) is covered under another group plan on or before the date of the COBRA election; or
b) is entitled to Medicare on or before the date of the COBRA election.

The continuation:
a) may cover the Employee and any other Qualified Continuee; and
b) is subject to the **When Continuation Ends** section.

Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuees
If a Qualified Continuee is determined to be disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the United States Social Security Act on the date his or her group health benefits would otherwise end due to the Employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours or during the first 60 days of continuation coverage, he or she and any Qualified Continuee who is not disabled may elect to extend his or her 18 month continuation period above for up to an extra 11 months.

To elect the extra 11 months of continuation, the Qualified Continuee must give the Employer written proof of Social Security's determination of his or her disability before the earlier of:
a) the end of the 18 month continuation period; and
b) 60 days after the date the Qualified Continuee is determined to be disabled.

If, during this extra 11 month continuation period, the Qualified Continuee is determined to be no longer disabled under the Social Security Act, he or she must notify the Employer within 30 days of such determination, and continuation will end, as explained in the **When Continuation Ends** section.

An additional 50% of the total premium charge also may be required from the Qualified Continuee by the Employer during this extra 11 month continuation period.

If An Employee Dies While Insured
If an Employee dies while insured, any Qualified Continuee whose group health benefits would otherwise end may elect to continue such benefits. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to the **When Continuation Ends** section.

If An Employee's Marriage [or Domestic Partnership] Ends
If an Employee's marriage ends due to legal divorce or legal separation [or termination of a domestic partnership], any Qualified Continuee whose group health benefits would otherwise end may elect to continue such benefits. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to the **When Continuation Ends** section.

If A Dependent Loses Eligibility
If a Dependent child's group health benefits end due to his or her loss of dependent eligibility as defined in this Contract, other than the Employee's coverage ending, he or she may elect to continue such benefits. However, such Dependent child must be a Qualified Continuee. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to **When Continuation Ends.**

Concurrent Continuations
If a Dependent elects to continue his or her group health benefits due to the Employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours, the Dependent may elect to extend his or her 18 month continuation period to up to 36 months, if during the 18 month continuation period, either:
a) the Dependent becomes eligible for 36 months of group health benefits due to any of the reasons stated above; or
b) the Employee becomes entitled to Medicare.

The 36 month continuation period starts on the date the 18 month continuation period started, and the two continuation periods will be deemed to have run concurrently.

Special Medicare Rule
Except as stated below, the "special rule" applies to Dependents of an Employee when the Employee becomes entitled to Medicare prior to termination of employment or reduction in work hours. The continuation period for a Dependent upon the Employee's subsequent termination of employment or reduction in work hours will be the longer of the following:
a) 18 months from the date of the Employee's termination of employment or reduction in work hours; or
b) 36 months from the date of the Employee's earlier entitlement to Medicare.

Exception: If the Employee becomes entitled to Medicare more than 18 months prior to termination of employment or reduction in work hours, this "special rule" will not apply.

The Qualified Continuee's Responsibilities
A person eligible for continuation under this section must notify the Employer, in writing, of:
a) the legal divorce or legal separation [or termination of the domestic partnership] of the Employee from his or her spouse; or
b) the loss of dependent eligibility, as defined in this Contract, of an insured Dependent child.

Such notice must be given to the Employer within 60 days of either of these events.

The Employer's Responsibilities
The Employer must notify the Qualified Continuee, in writing, of:
a) his or her right to continue this Contract's group health benefits;
b) the monthly premium he or she must pay to continue such benefits; and
c) the times and manner in which such monthly payments must be made.

Such written notice must be given to the Qualified Continuee within 44 days of:
a) the date a Qualified Continuee's group health benefits would otherwise end due to the Employee's death or the Employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours; or
b) the date a Qualified Continuee notifies the Employer, in writing, of the Employee's legal divorce or legal separation [or termination of the domestic partnership] from his or her spouse, or the loss of dependent eligibility of an insured Dependent child.

The Employer's Liability
The Employer will be liable for the Qualified Continuee's continued group health benefits to the same extent as, and in place of, [Carrier], if:
a) the Employer fails to remit a Qualified Continuee's timely premium payment to [Carrier] on time, thereby causing the Qualified Continuee's continued group health benefits to end; or
b) the Employer fails to notify the Qualified Continuee of his or her continuation rights, as described above.

Election of Continuation
To continue his or her group health benefits, the Qualified Continuee must give the Employer written notice that he or she elects to continue. An election by a minor Dependent Child can be made by the Dependent Child's parent or legal guardian. This must be done within 60 days of the date a Qualified Continuee receives notice of his or her continuation rights from the Employer as described above. And the Qualified Continuee must pay the first month's premium in a timely manner.

The subsequent premiums must be paid to the Employer, by the Qualified Continuee, in advance, at the times and in the manner specified by the Employer. No further notice of when premiums are due will be given.

The monthly premium will be the total rate which would have been charged for the group health benefits had the Qualified Continuee stayed insured under this Contract on a regular basis. It includes any amount that would have been paid by the Employer. Except as explained in the **Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuees** section, an additional charge of two percent of the total premium charge may also be required by the Employer.

If the Qualified Continuee fails to give the Employer notice of his or her intent to continue, or fails to pay any required premiums in a timely manner, he or she waives his or her continuation rights.

Grace in Payment of Premiums
A Qualified Continuee's premium payment is timely if, with respect to the first payment after the Qualified Continuee elects to continue, such payment is made no later than 45 days after such election. In all other cases, such premium payment is timely if it is made within 31 days of the specified date.

If timely payment is made to the plan in an amount that is not significantly less than the amount the Employer requires to be paid for the period of coverage, then the amount paid is deemed to satisfy the Employer's requirement for the amount that must be paid, unless the plan notifies the Qualified Continuee of the amount of the deficiency and grants an additional 30 days for payment of the deficiency to be made. An amount is not significantly less than the amount the Employer requires to be paid for a period of coverage if and only if the shortfall is no greater than the lesser of the following two amounts:
a) Fifty dollars (or such other amount as the Commissioner may provide in a revenue ruling, notice, or other guidance published in the Internal Revenue Code Bulletin); or
b) Ten percent of the amount the plan requires to be paid.

Payment is considered as made on the date on which it is sent to the Employer.

When Continuation Ends
A Qualified Continuee's continued group health benefits end on the first of the following:
a) with respect to continuation upon the Employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours, the end of the 18 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;
b) with respect to a Qualified Continuee who has elected an additional 11 months of continuation due to his or her own disability or the disability of a family member, the earlier of:
   - the end of the 29 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end; or
   - the first day of the month which coincides with or next follows the date which is 30 days after the date on which a final determination is made that a disabled Qualified Continuee is no longer disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the United States Social Security Act;
c) with respect to continuation upon the Employee's death, the Employee's legal divorce or legal separation [or termination of the domestic partnership] or the end of an insured Dependent's eligibility, the end of the 36 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;
d) with respect to a Dependent whose continuation is extended due to the Employee's entitlement to Medicare, the end of the 36 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;
e) the date this Contract ends;
f) the end of the period for which the last premium payment is made;
g) the date he or she becomes covered under any other group health plan which contains no limitation or exclusion with respect to any Pre-Existing Condition of the Qualified Continuee or contains a pre-existing conditions limitation or exclusion that is eliminated through the Qualified Continuee's total period of Creditable Coverage;
h) the date he or she becomes entitled to Medicare;
i) termination of a Qualified Continuee for cause (e.g. submission of a fraudulent claim) on the same basis that the Employer terminates coverage of an active employee for cause.

NEW JERSEY GROUP CONTINUATION RIGHTS (NJGCR)

Important Notice
Except as stated below, under this section, "Qualified Continuee" means any person who, on the day before any event which would qualify him or her for continuation under this section, is covered for group health benefits under this Contract as:
a) a full-time covered Employee;
b) the spouse of a full-time covered Employee; or
c) the Dependent child of a full-time covered Employee.
Exception: A Newly Acquired Dependent, where birth, adoption, or marriage occurs after the Qualifying Event is also a "Qualified Continuee" for purposes of being included under the Employee's continuation coverage.

If An Employee's Group Health Benefits Ends
If an Employee's group health benefits end due to his or her termination of employment or reduction of work hours to fewer than 25 hours per week, he or she may elect to continue such benefits for up to 18 months, unless he or she was terminated for cause. The Employee's spouse and Dependent children may elect to continue benefits even if the Employee does not elect continuation for himself or herself.

A Qualified Continuee may elect to continue coverage under NJGCR even if the Qualified Continuee:
a) is covered under another group plan on or before the date of the NJGCR election; or
b) is entitled to Medicare on or before the date of the NJGCR election.

The continuation:
a) may cover the Employee and/or any other Qualified Continuee; and
b) is subject to the When Continuation Ends section.

Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuees
If a former Employee who is a Qualified Continuee is determined to be disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the United States Social Security Act on the date his or her group health benefits would otherwise end due to the termination of employment or reduction of work hours to fewer than 25 hours per week or during the first 60 days of continuation coverage, he or she may elect to extend his or her 18-month continuation period for himself or herself and any Dependents who are Qualified Continuees for up to an extra 11 months.

To elect the extra 11 months of continuation, the Qualified Continuee must give the [Carrier] written proof of Social Security's determination of his or her disability before the earlier of:
a) the end of the 18 month continuation period; and
b) 60 days after the date the Qualified Continuee is determined to be disabled.

If, during this extra 11 month continuation period, the Qualified Continuee is determined to be no longer disabled under the Social Security Act, he or she must notify the [Carrier] within 31 days of such determination, and continuation will end, as explained in the When Continuation Ends section.

An additional 50% of the total premium charge also may be required from the Qualified Continuee by the Employer during this extra 11 month continuation period.

If An Employee Dies While Insured
If an Employee dies while insured, any Qualified Continuee whose group health benefits would otherwise end may elect to continue such benefits. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to the When Continuation Ends section.

If An Employee's Marriage or Civil Union [or Domestic Partnership] Ends
If an Employee's marriage ends due to legal divorce or legal separation or dissolution of the civil union [or termination of a domestic partnership], any Qualified Continuee whose group health benefits would otherwise end may elect to continue such benefits. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to the When Continuation Ends section.

If A Dependent Loses Eligibility
If a Dependent child's group health benefits end due to his or her loss of dependent eligibility as defined in this Contract, other than the Employee's coverage ending, he or she may elect to continue such benefits for up to 36 months, subject to When Continuation Ends.

The Employer's Responsibilities
Upon loss of coverage due to termination of employment or reduction in work hours, the Employer must notify the former employee in writing, of:
a) his or her right to continue this Contract's group health benefits;
b) the monthly premium he or she must pay to continue such benefits; and
c) the times and manner in which such monthly payments must be made.

Upon being advised of the death of the Employee, divorce, dissolution of the civil union, [termination of domestic partnership] or Dependent child's loss of eligibility, the Employer should notify the Qualified Continuee in writing, of:
a) his or her right to continue this Contract's group health benefits;
b) the monthly premium he or she must pay to continue such benefits; and
c) the times and manner in which such monthly payments must be made.

Election of Continuation
To continue his or her group health benefits, the Qualified Continuee must give the Employer written notice that he or she elects to continue. An election by a minor Dependent Child can be made by the Dependent Child's parent or legal guardian. This must be done within 30 days of the date coverage ends. The first month's premium must be paid within 30 days of the date the Qualified Continuee elects continued coverage.

The subsequent premiums must be paid to the Employer, by the Qualified Continuee, in advance, at the times and in the manner specified by the Employer.

The monthly premium will be the total rate which would have been charged for the group health benefits had the Qualified Continuee stayed insured under this Contract on a regular basis. It includes any amount that would have been paid by the Employer. Except as explained in the Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuees section, an additional charge of two percent of the total premium charge may also be required by the Employer.

If the Qualified Continuee does not give the Employer notice of his or her intent to continue coverage, or fails to pay any required premiums in a timely manner, he or she waives his or her continuation rights.

Grace in Payment of Premiums
A Qualified Continuee's premium payment is timely if, with respect to the first payment after the Qualified Continuee elects to continue, such payment is made no later than 30 days after such election. In all other cases, such premium payment is timely if it is made within 31 days of the date it is due.

The Continued Coverage
The continued coverage shall be identical to the coverage provided to similarly situated active Employees and their Dependents under the Employer's plan. If coverage is modified for any group of similarly situated active Employees and their Dependents, the coverage for Qualified Continuees shall also be modified in the same manner. Evidence of insurability is not required for the continued coverage.

When Continuation Ends
A Qualified Continuee's continued group health benefits end on the first of the following:

a) with respect to continuation upon the Employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours, the end of the 18 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;
b) with respect to a Qualified Continuee who has elected an additional 11 months of continuation due to his or her own disability, the end of the 29 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end. However, if the Qualified Continuee is no longer disabled, coverage ends on the later of:
   - the end of the 18-month period; or
   - the first day of the month that begins more than 31 days after the date on which a final determination is made that a disabled Qualified Continuee is no longer disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the United States Social Security Act;
c) with respect to continuation upon the Employee's death, the Employee's legal divorce or legal separation, dissolution of the civil union [or termination of the domestic partnership] or the end of an insured Dependent's eligibility, the end of the 36 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;
d) the date the Employer ceases to provide any health benefits plan to any active Employee or Qualified Continuee;
e) the end of the period for which the last premium payment is made;
f) the date he or she first becomes covered under any other group health benefits plan, as an employee or otherwise, which contains no limitation or exclusion with respect to any Pre-Existing Condition of the Qualified Continuee; or
g) the date he or she first becomes entitled to Medicare.

NEW JERSEY CONTINUATION RIGHTS FOR OVER-AGE DEPENDENTS (Applies to all size groups):

As used in this provision, "Over-Age Dependent" means an Employee's child by blood or law who:
a) has reached the limiting age under the group plan, but is less than 30 years of age;
b) is not married or in a civil union partnership;
c) has no Dependents of his or her own;
d) is either a resident of New Jersey or is enrolled as a full-time student at an Accredited School; and
e) is not covered under any other group or individual health benefits plan, group health plan, church plan or health benefits plan, and is not entitled to Medicare.

If A Dependent Loses Eligibility
If a Dependent child's group health benefits end or have ended due to his or her attainment of the limiting age, he or she may elect to continue such benefits until his or her 30th birthday, subject to the Conditions for Election, Election of Continuation and When Continuation Ends sections below.

Conditions for Election
An Over-Age Dependent is only entitled to make an election for continued coverage if all of the following conditions are met.
a) The group policy under which the Dependent child was covered immediately prior to reaching the limiting age must have been a fully-insured group policy issued in New Jersey.
b) The Dependent child must actually have been covered under the group policy on the date he or she reached the limiting age under such group policy.
c) A parent of an Over-Age Dependent must be enrolled as having elected Dependent coverage at the time the Over-Age Dependent elects continued coverage. Except, if the Employee has no other Dependents, the Over-Age Dependent may nevertheless elect continued coverage.

Election of Continuation
To continue group health benefits, the Over-Age Dependent must make written election to [the Carrier]. The effective date of the continued coverage will be the later of:
a) the date the Over-Age Dependent gives written notice to [the Carrier]; or
b) the date the Over-Age Dependent pays the first premium; or
c) the date the Dependent would otherwise lose coverage due to attainment of the limiting age.

For a Dependent whose coverage has not yet terminated due to the attainment of the limiting age, the written election must be made within 30 days prior to termination of coverage due to the attainment of the limiting age.

For a person who did not qualify as an Over-Age Dependent because he or she fails to meet all the requirements of an Over-Age Dependent, but who subsequently meets all of the requirements for an Over-Age Dependent, written election must be made within 30 days after the person first subsequently meets all of the requirements for an Over-Age Dependent.

This election opportunity is explained in greater detail as follows:
a) If a person did not qualify because he or she was married, the notice must be given within 30 days of the date he or she is no longer married.
b) If a person did not qualify because he or she had a Dependent of his or her own, the election must be made within 30 days of the date he or she no longer has a Dependent.
c) If a person did not qualify because he or she either was not a resident of New Jersey or was not a full-time student at an Accredited school, the election must be made within 30 days of the date he or she becomes a resident of New Jersey, or becomes a full-time student at an accredited school.
d) If a person did not qualify because he or she was covered under any other group or individual health benefits plan, group health plan, church plan or health benefits plan, or was entitled to Medicare, the election must be made within 30 days of the date he or she is no longer covered under any other group or individual health benefits plan, group health plan, church plan or health benefits plan, or is no longer entitled to Medicare.

An Over-Age Dependent may make written election to continue coverage during a 30 day period beginning on each anniversary date of the date the dependent lost coverage due to attaining the limiting age, provided he or she meets the definition of an "Over-Age Dependent" during that 30-day period.

[Special Enrollment Period: May 12, 2006 – May 11, 2007
A person who qualifies as an Over-Age Dependent as of May 12, 2006, having reached the limiting age under a group plan and lost coverage under such group plan prior to May 12, 2006, may give written notice of an election for continued coverage at any time beginning May 12, 2006 and continuing until May 11, 2007.]
Note to carriers: This Special Enrollment Period text may be deleted for plans issued after May 11, 2007.

Application of a Pre-Existing Conditions Exclusion
An Over-Age Dependent who was covered under prior Creditable Coverage that terminated no more than 90 days prior to making an election for continuation under this section will be given credit for the time he or she was covered under the Creditable Coverage toward the application of the Pre-Existing Conditions Exclusion under the Contract.

Payment of Premium
The first month's premium must be paid within 30 days of the date the Over-Age Dependent elects continued coverage.

The Over-Age Dependent must pay subsequent premiums monthly, in advance, [at the times and in the manner specified by [the Carrier]] [and will be remitted by the Employer]. The monthly premium will be set by the Carrier, and must be consistent with the requirements of P.L. 2005, c. 375.

Grace in Payment of Premiums
An Over-Age Dependent's premium payment is timely if, with respect to the first payment after the Over-Age Dependent elects to continue, such payment is made no later than 30 days after such election. In all other cases, such premium payment is timely if it is made within 30 days of the date it is due.

The Continued Coverage
The continued coverage shall be identical to the coverage provided to the Over-Age Dependent's parent who is covered as an Employee under the Contract [and will be evidenced by a separate [Certificate] and ID card being issued to the Over-Age Dependent.]. If coverage is modified for Dependents who are under the limiting age, the coverage for Over-Age Dependents shall also be modified in the same manner. Evidence of insurability is not required for the continued coverage.

When Continuation Ends
An Over-Age Dependent's continued group health benefits end on the first of the following:
a) the date the Over-Age Dependent:
   1. attains age 30
   2. marries or enters into a civil union partnership;
   3. acquires a Dependent;
   4. is no longer either a resident of New Jersey or enrolled as a full-time student at an Accredited School; or
   5. becomes covered under any other group or individual health benefits plan, group health plan, church plan or health benefits plan, or becomes entitled to Medicare
b) the end of the period for which premium has been paid for the Over-Age Dependent, subject to the Grace Period for such payment;
c) the date the Contract ceases to provide coverage to the Over-Age Dependent's parent who is the Employee under the Contract.
d) The date the Contract under which the Over-Age Dependent elected to continue coverage is amended to delete coverage for Dependents.
e) The date the Over-Age Dependent's parent who is covered as an Employee under the Contract waives Dependent coverage. Except, if the Employee has no other Dependents, the Over-Age Dependent's coverage will not end as a result of the Employee waiving Dependent coverage.

A TOTALLY DISABLED EMPLOYEE'S RIGHT TO CONTINUE GROUP HEALTH BENEFITS

If An Employee is Totally Disabled
An Employee who is Totally Disabled and whose group health benefits end because his or her active employment or membership in an eligible class ends due to that disability, can elect to continue his or her group health benefits. But he or she must have been covered by the Contract for at least three months immediately prior to the date his or her group health benefits ends. The continuation can cover the Employee, and at his or her option, his or her then covered Dependents.

How And When To Continue Coverage
To continue group health benefits, the Employee must give the Employer written notice that he or she elects to continue such benefits. And he or she must pay the first month's premium. This must be done within 31 days of the date his or her coverage under the Contract would otherwise end.

Subsequent premiums must be paid to the Employer monthly, in advance, at the times and in the manner specified by the Employer. The monthly premium the Employee must pay will be the total rate charged for an active Full-Time Employee, covered under the Contract on a regular basis, on the date each payment is due. It includes any amount which would have been paid by the Employer.

We will consider the Employee's failure to give notice or to pay any required premium as a waiver of the Employee's continuation rights.

If the Employer fails, after the timely receipt of the Employee's payment, to pay Us on behalf of such Employee, thereby causing the Employee's coverage to end; then such Employer will be liable for the Employee's benefits, to the same extent as, and in place of, Us.

When This Continuation Ends
These continued group health benefits end on the first of the following:

a) the end of the period for which the last payment is made, if the Employee stops paying.
b) the date the [Member] becomes employed and eligible or covered for similar benefits by another group plan, whether it be an insured or uninsured plan;
c) the date the Contract ends or is amended to end for the class of Employees to which the Employee belonged; or
d) with respect to a Dependent, the date he or she stops being an eligible Dependent as defined in the Contract.

AN EMPLOYEE'S RIGHT TO CONTINUE GROUP HEALTH BENEFITS DURING A FAMILY LEAVE OF ABSENCE

Important Notice
This section may not apply to an Employer's plan. The Employee must contact his or her Employer to find out if:
a) the Employer must allow for a leave of absence under Federal law in which case;
b) the section applies to the Employee.

If An Employee's Group Health Coverage Ends
Group health coverage may end for an Employee because he or she ceases Full-Time work due to an approved leave of absence. Such leave of absence must have been granted to allow the Employee to care for a sick family member or after the birth or adoption of a child. If so, his or her medical care coverage will be continued. Dependents' coverage may also be continued. The Employee will be required to pay the same share of premium as before the leave of absence.

When Continuation Ends
Coverage may continue until the earliest of:
a) the date the Employee returns to Full-Time work;
b) the end of a total period of 12 weeks in any 12 month period;
c) the date on which the Employee's coverage would have ended had the Employee not been on leave; or
d) the end of the period for which the premium has been paid.

[A DEPENDENT'S RIGHT TO CONTINUE GROUP HEALTH BENEFITS

If an Employee dies, any of his or her Dependents who were covered under the Contract may elect to continue coverage. Subject to the payment of the required premium, coverage may be continued until the earlier of:
a) 180 days following the date of the Employee's death; or
b) the date the Dependent is no longer eligible under the terms of the Contract.]

[CONVERSION RIGHTS FOR DIVORCED SPOUSES

IF AN EMPLOYEE'S MARRIAGE OR CIVIL UNION [OR DOMESTIC PARTNERSHIP] ENDS
If an Employee's marriage ends by legal divorce or annulment or the employee's civil union is dissolved [or termination of the domestic partnership], the group health coverage for his or her former spouse ends. The former spouse may convert to an individual contract during the conversion period. The former spouse may cover under his or her individual contract any of his or her Dependent children who were covered under the Contract on the date the group health coverage ends. See **Exceptions** below.

Exceptions
No former spouse may use this conversion right:
a) if he or she is eligible for Medicare;
b) if it would cause him or her to be excessively covered; This may happen if the spouse is covered or eligible for coverage providing similar benefits provided by any other plan, insured or not insured. We will Determine if excessive coverage exists using Our standards for excessive coverage; or
c) [if he or she permanently relocates outside the Service Area.]

HOW AND WHEN TO CONVERT
The conversion period means the 31 days after the date group health coverage ends. The former spouse must apply for the individual contract in writing and pay the first premium for such contract during the conversion period. Evidence of good health will not be required.

THE CONVERTED CONTRACT
The individual contract will provide the medical benefits that We are required to offer. The individual contract will take effect on the day after group health coverage under the Contract ends.

After group health coverage under the Contract ends, the former spouse and any children covered under the individual contract may still receive benefits under the Contract. If so, benefits to be paid under the individual contract, if any, will be reduced by the amount paid or the reasonable cash value of services provided under the Contract.]

MEDICARE AS SECONDARY PAYOR

IMPORTANT NOTICE

The following sections regarding Medicare may not apply to the Employer's Contract. The Employee must contact his or her Employer to find out if the Employer is subject to Medicare as Secondary Payor rules.

If the Employer is subject to such rules, this Medicare as Secondary Payor section applies to the Employee.

If the Employer is NOT subject to such rules, this Medicare as Secondary Payor section does not apply to the Employee, in which case, Medicare will be the primary health plan and the Contract will be the secondary health plan for [Members] who are eligible for Medicare. Benefits will be payable as specified in the COORDINATION OF BENEFITS AND SERVICES section of the Contract.

The following provisions explain how the Contract's group health benefits interact with the benefits available under Medicare as Secondary Payor rules. A [Member] may be eligible for Medicare by reason of age, disability, or End Stage Renal Disease. Different rules apply to each type of Medicare eligibility, as explained below.

With respect to the following provisions:
a) "Medicare" when used above, means Part A and B of the health care program for the aged and disabled provided by Title XVIII of the United States Social Security Act, as amended from time to time.
b) A [Member] is considered to be eligible for Medicare by reason of age from the first day of the month during which he or she reaches age 65. However, if the [Member] is born on the first day of a month, he or she is considered to be eligible for Medicare from the first day of the month which is immediately prior to his or her 65th birthday.
c) A "primary" health plan pays benefits for a [Member's] Covered Service or Supply or Covered Charge first, ignoring what the [Member's] "secondary" plan pays. A "secondary" health plan then pays the remaining unpaid allowable expenses. See the **COORDINATION OF BENEFITS AND SERVICES** section for a definition of "allowable expense".

MEDICARE ELIGIBILITY BY REASON OF AGE (Generally applies to employer groups with 20 or more employees)

Applicability
This section applies to an Employee or his or her covered spouse who is eligible for Medicare by reason of age.

Under this section, such an Employee or covered spouse is referred to as a "Medicare eligible".

This section does not apply to:
a) a [Member], other than an Employee or covered spouse
b) an Employee or covered spouse who is under age 65, or
c) a [Member] who is eligible for Medicare solely on the basis of End Stage Renal Disease.

When An Employee or Covered Spouse Becomes Eligible For Medicare
When an Employee or covered spouse becomes eligible for Medicare by reason of age, he or she must choose one of the two options below.

Option (A) - The Medicare eligible may choose the Contract as his or her primary health plan. If he or she does, Medicare will be his or her secondary health plan. See the **When The Contract is Primary** section below, for details.

Option (B) - The Medicare eligible may choose Medicare as his or her primary health plan. If he or she does, group health benefits under the Contract will end. See the **When Medicare is Primary** section below, for details.

If the Medicare eligible fails to choose either option when he or she becomes eligible for Medicare by reason of age, We will provide services and supplies and pay benefits as if he or she had chosen Option (A).

When the Contract is primary
When a Medicare eligible chooses the Contract as his or her primary health plan, if he or she incurs a Covered Service and Supply or Covered Charge for which benefits are payable under both the Contract and Medicare, the Contract is considered primary. The Contract provides services and supplies and pays first, ignoring Medicare. Medicare is considered the secondary plan.

When Medicare is primary
If a Medicare eligible chooses Medicare as his or her primary health plan, he or she will no longer be covered for such benefits by the Contract. Coverage under this Contact will end on the date the Medicare eligible elects Medicare as his or her primary health plan.

A Medicare eligible who elects Medicare as his or her primary health plan, may later change such election, and choose the Contract as his or her primary health plan.

MEDICARE ELIGIBILITY BY REASON OF DISABILITY (Generally applies to employer groups with 100 or more employees)

Applicability
This section applies to a [Member] who is:
a) under age 65; and
b) eligible for Medicare by reason of disability.

Under this section, such [Member] is referred to as a "disabled Medicare eligible".

This section does not apply to:
a) a [Member] who is eligible for Medicare by reason of age; or
b) a [Member] who is eligible for Medicare solely on the basis of End Stage Renal Disease.

When A [Member] Becomes Eligible For Medicare
When a [Member] becomes eligible for Medicare by reason of disability, the Contract is the primary plan. The Contract is the secondary plan.

If a [Member] is eligible for Medicare by reason of disability, he or she must be covered by both Parts A and B. Benefits will be payable as specified in the **COORDINATION OF BENEFITS AND SERVICES** section of the Contract.

MEDICARE ELIGIBILITY BY REASON OF END STAGE RENAL DISEASE (Applies to all employer groups)

Applicability
This section applies to a [Member] who is eligible for Medicare on the basis of End Stage Renal Disease (ESRD).

Under this section such [Member] is referred to as a "ESRD Medicare eligible".

This section does not apply to a [Member] who is eligible for Medicare by reason of disability.

When A [Member] Becomes Eligible For Medicare Due to ESRD
When a [Member] becomes eligible for Medicare solely on the basis of ESRD, for a period of up to 30 consecutive months, if he or she incurs a charge for the treatment of ESRD for which services and supplies are provided or benefits are payable under both the Contract and Medicare, the Contract is considered primary. The Contract provides services and supplies and pays first, ignoring Medicare. Medicare is considered the secondary plan.

This 30 month period begins on the earlier of:
a) the first day of the month during which a regular course of renal dialysis starts; and
b) with respect to a ESRD Medicare eligible who receives a kidney transplant, the first day of the month during which such [Member] becomes eligible for Medicare.

After the 30 month period described above ends, if a ESRD Medicare eligible incurs a charge for which services and supplies are provided and benefits are payable under both the Contract and Medicare, Medicare is the primary plan. The Contract is the secondary plan. If a [Member] is eligible for Medicare on the basis of ESRD, he or she must be covered by both Parts A and B. Benefits will be payable as specified in the **COORDINATION OF BENEFITS AND SERVICES** section of the Contract.

[STATEMENT OF ERISA RIGHTS
The following Statement may not apply to the Employer's Contract. The Employee must contact his or her Employer to find out if the Employer is subject to these ERISA requirements

As a plan participant, you are entitled to certain rights and protections under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA). ERISA provides that all plan participants shall be entitled to:

Receive Information About Your Plan and Benefits
Examine, without charge, at the plan administrator's office and at other specified locations, such as worksites and union halls, all documents governing the plan, including insurance contracts and collective bargaining agreements, and a copy of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) filed by the plan with the U.S. Department of Labor and available at the Public Disclosure Room of the Pension and Welfare Benefit Administration.

Obtain, upon written request to the plan administrator, copies of documents governing the operation of the plan, including insurance contracts and collective bargaining agreements, and copies of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) and updated summary plan description. The administrator may make a reasonable charge for the copies.

Receive a summary of the plan's annual financial report. The plan administrator is required by law to furnish each participant with a copy of this summary annual report.

Continue Group Health Plan Coverage
Continue health care coverage for yourself, spouse or dependents if there is a loss of coverage under the plan as a result of a qualifying event. You or your dependents may have to pay for such coverage. Review the summary plan description and the documents governing the plan on the rules governing your COBRA continuation coverage rights, if COBRA is applicable to your plan.

Reduction or elimination of exclusionary periods of coverage for preexisting conditions under your group health plan, if you have creditable coverage from another plan. You should be provided a certificate of creditable coverage, free of charge, from your group health plan or health insurance issuer when you lose coverage under the plan, when you become entitled to elect COBRA continuation coverage, when your COBRA continuation coverage ceases, if you request it before losing coverage, or if you request it up to 24 months after losing coverage. Without evidence of creditable coverage, you may be subject to a preexisting conditions exclusion for 6 months after your enrollment date in your coverage.

Prudent Actions by Plan Fiduciaries
In addition to creating rights for plan participants ERISA imposes duties upon the people who are responsible for the operation of the employee benefit plan. The people who operate your plan, called "fiduciaries" of the plan, have a duty to do so prudently and in the interest of you and other plan participants and beneficiaries. No one, including your employer, your union, or any other person, may fire you or otherwise discriminate against you in any way to prevent you from obtaining a benefit or exercising your rights under ERISA.

Enforce Your Rights
If your claim for a benefit is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you have a right to know why this was done, to obtain copies of documents relating to the decision without charge, and to appeal any denial, all within certain time schedules.

Under ERISA, there are steps you can take to enforce the above rights. For instance, if you request a copy of plan documents or the latest annual report from the plan and do not receive them within 30 days, you may file suit in a Federal court. In such a case, the court may require the plan administrator to provide the materials and pay you up to $110 a day until you receive the materials, unless the materials were not sent because of reasons beyond the control of the administrator. If you have a claims for benefits which is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you may file suit in a state or Federal court. In addition, if you disagree with the plan's decision or lack thereof concerning the qualified status of a domestic relations order or medical support order, you may file suit in Federal court. If it should happen that plan fiduciaries misuse the plan's money, or if you are discriminated against for asserting your rights, you may seek assistance from the U.S. Department of Labor, or you may file suit in a Federal court. The court will decide who should pay court costs and legal fees. If you are successful the court may order the person you have sued to pay these costs and fees. If you lose, the court may order you to pay these costs and fees, for example, if it finds your claim is frivolous.

Assistance With Your Questions
If you have any questions about your plan, you should contact the plan administrator. If you have any questions about this statement or about your rights under ERISA, or if you need assistance in obtaining documents from the plan administrator, you should contact the nearest office of the Pension and Welfare Benefits Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, listed in your telephone directory or the Division of Technical Assistance and Inquiries, Pension and Welfare Benefits Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20210. You may also obtain certain publications about your rights and responsibilities under ERISA by calling the publications hotline of the Pension and Welfare Benefits Administration.

New Rule, R.1994 d.47, effective December 22, 1993.
See: 25 N.J.R. 5017(a), 26 N.J.R. 400(a).
Amended by R.1994 d.498, effective September 2, 1994.
See: 26 N.J.R. 2843(a), 26 N.J.R. 3867(a), 26 N.J.R. 4066(a).
Amended by R.1995 d.580, effective November 6, 1995 (operative January 1, 1996).
See: 27 N.J.R. 3051(a), 27 N.J.R. 4371(a).
Amended by R.1997 d.280, effective July 7, 1997 (operative September 1, 1997).
See: 29 N.J.R. 1090(a), 29 N.J.R. 2931(a).
Amended by R.1997 d.501, effective January 1, 1998.
See: 29 N.J.R. 4620(a), 29 N.J.R. 5069(a).
Amended by R.1998 d.512, effective September 25, 1998.
See: 30 N.J.R. 2815(a), 30 N.J.R. 3840(a).
Amended by R.1999 d.376, effective October 6, 1999 (operative November 1, 1999).
See: 31 N.J.R. 2442(a), 31 N.J.R. 3340(a).
Amended by R.2000 d.304, effective June 23, 2000.
See: 32 N.J.R. 2210(a), 32 N.J.R. 2592(a).
Repeal and New Rule, R.2004 d.107, effective March 15, 2004 (operative October 1, 2004).
See: 35 N.J.R. 5011(a), 36 N.J.R. 1594(a).

Amended by R.2005 d.335, effective September 6, 2005.
See: 37 N.J.R. 3218(a), 37 N.J.R. 3834(a).
Amended by R.2006 d.145, effective April 17, 2006 (operative June 1, 2006).
See: 37 N.J.R. 4869(a), 38 N.J.R. 1751(a).
Amended by R.2006 d.377, effective September 22, 2006.
See: 38 N.J.R. 3484(a), 38 N.J.R. 4719(b).
Amended by R.2008 d.132, effective April 24, 2008.
See: 40 N.J.R. 1746(a), 40 N.J.R. 2476(a).

EXHIBIT Z

(RESERVED)

New Rule, R.1994 d.47, effective December 22, 1993.
See: 25 N.J.R. 5017(a), 26 N.J.R. 400(a).
Amended by R.1994 d.498, effective September 2, 1994.
See: 26 N.J.R. 2843(a), 26 N.J.R. 3867(a), 26 N.J.R. 4066(a).
Amended by R.1997 d.280, effective July 7, 1997 (operative September 1, 1997).
See: 29 N.J.R. 1090(a), 29 N.J.R. 2931(a).
Amended by R.1998 d.512, effective September 25, 1998.
See: 30 N.J.R. 2815(a), 30 N.J.R. 3840(a).
Amended by R.1999 d.376, effective October 6, 1999 (operative November 1, 1999).
See: 31 N.J.R. 2442(a), 31 N.J.R. 3340(a).
Repealed by R.2004 d.107, effective March 15, 2004.
See: 35 N.J.R. 5011(a), 36 N.J.R. 1594(a).
Section was "Exhibit Z: Rider for Prescription Drug Insurance".

EXHIBIT HH

[Carrier] **HMO - POS PLAN**

SMALL GROUP HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION (HMO)
POINT OF SERVICE (POS) CONTRACT

CONTRACTHOLDER: [ABC Company]

GROUP CONTRACT NUMBER
[G-12345]

GOVERNING JURISDICTION
NEW JERSEY

EFFECTIVE DATE OF CONTRACT: [January 1, 2004]

CONTRACT ANNIVERSARIES: [January 1st of each year, beginning in 2005.]

PREMIUM DUE DATES: [Effective Date, and the first day of the month beginning with February 2004.]

AFFILIATED COMPANIES: [DEF Company]

In consideration of the application for this Contract and the payment of premiums as stated herein, We agree to arrange [or provide] services and supplies and pay benefits in accordance with and subject to the terms of this Contract. This Contract is delivered in the jurisdiction specified above and is governed by the laws thereof.

The provisions set forth on the following pages constitute this Contract.

The Effective Date is specified above.

This Contract takes effect on the Effective Date, if it is duly attested below. It continues as long as the required premiums are paid, unless it ends as described in its **General Provisions.**

[Secretary President]

[Include legal name, trade name, phone, fax and e-mail numbers by which consumers may contact the carrier, including at least one toll-free number for [Members]]

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION PAGE

SCHEDULE OF PREMIUM RATES AND CLASSIFICATION
OVERVIEW OF THE PLAN
SCHEDULE OF COVERED SERVICES AND SUPPLIES AND COVERED CHARGES
DEFINITIONS
ELIGIBILITY
[MEMBER] PROVISIONS: Applicable to [Network] Services and Supplies
[COVERAGE PROVISION]
COVERED SERVICES AND SUPPLIES Applicable to [Network] Services and Supplies
[NON-NETWORK] BENEFIT PROVISION Applicable to [Non-Network] Benefits
COVERED CHARGES Applicable to [Non-Network] Benefits
COVERED CHARGES WITH SPECIAL LIMITATIONS Applicable to [Non-Network] Benefits
NON-COVERED SERVICES AND SUPPLIES AND NON-COVERED CHARGES
IMPORTANT NOTICE Applicable only to [Non-Network] Benefits
[Non-Network] Utilization Review Features
Specialty Case Management
Centers of Excellence Features
COORDINATION OF BENEFITS AND SERVICES
SERVICES OR BENEFITS FOR AUTOMOBILE RELATED INJURIES
GENERAL PROVISIONS
CLAIMS PROVISIONS Applicable to [Non-Network] Benefits
CONTINUATION RIGHTS
CONVERSION RIGHTS FOR DIVORCED SPOUSES
MEDICARE AS SECONDARY PAYOR

SCHEDULE OF PREMIUM RATES AND CLASSIFICATION

[The monthly premium rates, in U.S. dollars, for the coverage provided under this Contract are:

Covered Employee Only ..... $]

[Covered Employee and Spouse..... $

Covered Employee and Child(ren) ..... $

Covered Employee and Family ..... $
(including Covered Employee, spouse and one or more eligible dependents)]

We have the right to prospectively change any Premium rate(s) set forth above at the times and in the manner established by the provision of this Contract entitled **General Provisions**.

This Contract's classifications, and the coverages and amounts which apply to each class are shown below:

CLASS(ES)
[All eligible employees]

OVERVIEW OF THE PLAN (Copayment, Deductibles, and Coinsurance)

[NETWORK]	
Copayment	$[15], unless otherwise stated
Emergency Room Copayment	$50, credited toward Inpatient admission if admitted within 24 hours
Coinsurance	0% [except as stated on the Schedule of Covered Services and Covered Supplies]

[NON-NETWORK]	
Calendar year Cash Deductible (All Cause)	
for Preventive Care	NONE
for immunizations and lead screening for children	NONE
for all other Covered Charges	
Per Covered Person	$2,500]
Per Covered Family	$5,000 NOTE: Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate [Members]] [$7,500]
Emergency Room Copayment (waived if admitted within 24 hours)	$50
Coinsurance	[30%, 20%]
Network Maximum Out of Pocket	$5,000

MAXIMUM LIFETIME BENEFITS

[NETWORK]	Unlimited, **except** as otherwise stated
[NON-NETWORK]	$5,000,000 per [Member], **except** as otherwise stated

SCHEDULE OF COVERED SERVICES AND SUPPLIES AND COVERED CHARGES (using copayment for network services)

THE SERVICES, SUPPLIES AND BENEFITS COVERED UNDER THIS CONTRACT ARE SUBJECT TO THE PAYMENT OF THE APPLICABLE COPAYMENTS, DEDUCTIBLE AND COINSURANCE.

SERVICES	**[NETWORK]**	**[NON-NETWORK]**
Hospital		
Inpatient (unlimited days)	[$150] Copayment/day; maximum/ admission [$750]; maximum/cal. year [$1500]	Deductible/Coinsurance
Outpatient Visit	[$15] Copayment/visit	Deductible/Coinsurance
Practitioner services provided at a Hospital		
Inpatient Visit	$0 Copayment/visit	Deductible/Coinsurance
Outpatient Visit	[$15] Copayment/visit; waived if another Copayment applies	Deductible/Coinsurance
Emergency Room	[$50] Copayment/visit; credited toward Inpatient Copayment if admission occurs within 24 hours	[$50] Copayment; waived if admission occurs within 24 hours; Deductible/Coinsurance
Maternity	[$25] Copayment for initial visit only; $0 Copayment thereafter	Deductible/Coinsurance

SCHEDULE OF COVERED SERVICES AND SUPPLIES AND COVERED CHARGES (Continued)

SERVICES	[NETWORK]	[NON-NETWORK]
Practitioner Services	[$15] Copayment/visit	Deductible/Coinsurance
Preventive Care; NOTE: [Non-Network] benefits LIMITED; Refer to the Covered Charges section	[$15] Copayment/visit	See the Covered Charges Section
Surgery Inpatient Outpatient Visit	 $0 Copayment [$15] Copayment	 Deductible/Coinsurance Deductible/Coinsurance
Pre-Admission Testing	[$15] Copayment	Deductible/Coinsurance
Second Surgical Opinion	[$15] Copayment	Deductible/Coinsurance
Specialist Services	[$15] Copayment	Deductible/Coinsurance
Therapy Services NOTE: Limited Benefits. Refer to the Covered Services and Supplies and Covered Charges sections	[$15] Copayment	Deductible/Coinsurance
Diagnostic Services Inpatient Outpatient Visit	 $0 Copayment [$15] Copayment	 Deductible/Coinsurance Deductible/Coinsurance
Rehabilitation Services NOTE: [Non-Network] benefits LIMITED. Refer to the Covered Charges section	Subject to the Hospital Inpatient Copayment; waived if admission immediately preceded by inpatient hospitalization	Deductible/Coinsurance
Skilled Nursing Center NOTE: [Non-Network] benefits LIMITED. Refer to the Covered Charges section	$0 Copayment	Deductible/Coinsurance
Non-Biologically-based Mental Illnesses and Substance Abuse	**Inpatient**: [$150] Copayment/day; maximum/admission [$750]; maximum/cal. year [$1500]; Maximum 30 days/calendar year **Outpatient**: [$15] Copayment/visit; Maximum 20 visits/calendar year. Refer to the Covered Services and Supplies section for an explanation of the rules for exchange	Deductible/Coinsurance **Inpatient**: Maximum 30 days/Calendar Year **Outpatient**: Maximum 20 visits/Calendar Year Refer to the Covered Charges with Special Limitations Applicable to [Non-Network] Benefits section for an explanation of the rules for exchange
Therapeutic Manipulation: Limited Benefit. Refer to the Covered Services and Supplies and Covered Charges sections	[$15] Copayment/visit	Deductible/Coinsurance
Prescription Drugs	[Non-Network] Deductible/Coinsurance	Deductible/Coinsurance
Home Health Care	Covered; $0 Copayment	Deductible/Coinsurance; Subject to Pre-Approval
Hospice Care	Covered; $0 Copayment	Deductible/Coinsurance; Subject to Pre-Approval

SCHEDULE OF COVERED SERVICES AND SUPPLIES AND COVERED CHARGES (using separate deductible/coinsurance and maximum out of pocket for network and non-network services)

THE SERVICES, SUPPLIES AND BENEFITS COVERED UNDER THIS CONTRACT ARE SUBJECT TO THE PAYMENT OF THE APPLICABLE COPAYMENTS, DEDUCTIBLE AND COINSURANCE.

SERVICES	[NETWORK]	[NON-NETWORK]
Primary Care Physician Visits	[$15] Copayment/visit	Deductible/Coinsurance
Maternity	[$25] Copayment for initial visit only; $0 Copayment thereafter	Deductible/Coinsurance

Emergency Room	[$50] Copayment/visit; credited toward Inpatient Copayment if admission occurs within 24 hours	[$50] Copayment; waived if admission occurs within 24 hours; Deductible/Coinsurance
Immunizations and lead screening for children	Coinsurance	Coinsurance
Preventive Care	If provided by primary care physician, [$15] copayment/visit, if provided by another provider, no Deductible or Coinsurance	No Deductible or Coinsurance
Prescription Drugs	Non-Network Deductible/Coinsurance	Deductible/Coinsurance
All other services and supplies	Deductible/Coinsurance	Deductible/Coinsurance

Cash Deductible per Calendar Year

Network
Per Covered Person [$250 to $2,500]
[Per Covered Family [Dollar amount which is two times the individual Deductible.] [**Note**: Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]]

Non-Network
Per Covered Person [Dollar amount not to exceed three times the Network Deductible]
[Per Covered Family [Dollar amount equal to two times the Non-Network Deductible] **Note**: Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons

Coinsurance
Network [50% - 10%, in 5% increments]
Non-Network [50% - 10%, in 5% increments]

Network Maximum Out of Pocket
Network Maximum Out of Pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Member must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all Network covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Network Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Member has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for Network covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.
The **Network Maximum Out of Pocket** for this Contract is as follows:
Per member per Calendar Year [An amount not to exceed $5,000]
[Per Covered Family per Calendar Year [Dollar amount equal to two times the per Member maximum.] [**Note:** Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Members]]
Note: The Network Maximum Out of Pocket cannot be met with Non-Covered Charges.

Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket
Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Member must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all Non-Network covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Member has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for Non-Network covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.
The Non-**Network Maximum Out of Pocket** for this Policy is as follows:
Per Member per Calendar Year [An amount not to exceed three times the Network Maximum]
[Per Covered Family per Calendar Year [Dollar amount equal to two times the per Member Maximum.] [**Note:** Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Member]]
Note: The Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket cannot be met with Non-Covered Charges.

SCHEDULE OF COVERED SERVICES AND SUPPLIES AND COVERED CHARGES (using common deductible and maximum out of pocket for network and non-network services but separate coinsurance)

THE SERVICES, SUPPLIES AND BENEFITS COVERED UNDER THIS CONTRACT ARE SUBJECT TO THE PAYMENT OF THE APPLICABLE COPAYMENTS, DEDUCTIBLE AND COINSURANCE.

SERVICES	**[NETWORK]**	**[NON-NETWORK]**
Primary Care Physician Visits	[$15] Copayment/visit	Deductible/Coinsurance
Maternity	[$25] Copayment for initial visit only; $0 Copayment thereafter	Deductible/Coinsurance
Emergency Room	[$50] Copayment/visit; credited toward Inpatient Copayment if admission occurs within 24 hours	[$50] Copayment; waived if admission occurs within 24 hours; Deductible/Coinsurance
Immunizations and lead screening for children	Coinsurance	Coinsurance

Preventive Care	If provided by primary care physician, [$15] copayment/visit, if provided by another provider, no Deductible or Coinsurance	No Deductible or Coinsurance
Prescription Drugs	Non-Network Deductible/Coinsurance	Deductible/Coinsurance
All other services and supplies	Deductible/Coinsurance	Deductible/Coinsurance

Cash Deductible per Calendar Year

Network and Non-Network
Per Covered Person [$250 to $2,500]
[Per Covered Family [Dollar amount which is two times the individual Deductible.] [**Note**: Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]]

Coinsurance
Network [50% - 10%, in 5% increments]
Non-Network [50% - 10%, in 5% increments]

Network Maximum Out of Pocket
Network Maximum Out of Pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Member must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all Network **and** Non-Network covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Network Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Member has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for Network or Non-Network covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.
The **Network Maximum Out of Pocket** for this Policy is as follows:
Per Member per Calendar Year [An amount not to exceed $5,000]
[Per Covered Family per Calendar Year [Dollar amount equal to two times the per Member maximum.] [**Note:** Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Members]]
Note: The Network Maximum Out of Pocket cannot be met with Non-Covered Charges.

LIMITATIONS ON SERVICES AND SUPPLIES
Unless otherwise stated, the following limitations represent the maximum number of days or visits for use of any combination of Network and Non-Network Providers.

Charges for Inpatient confinement in an Extended Care or Rehabilitation Center, per Calendar Year (combined)
Network: Unlimited
Non-Network: 120 days

Charges for therapeutic manipulation per Calendar Year 30 visits

Charges for speech and cognitive therapy per Calendar Year (combined) 30 visits

Charges for physical or occupational therapy per Calendar Year (combined) 30 visits

Charges for Preventive Care per Calendar Year as follows:

Network: Unlimited

Non-Network: (Not subject to Cash Deductible or Coinsurance)
[• for a Covered Person who is a Dependent child from birth until the end of the Calendar Year in which the Dependent child attains age 1 $750 per Member]
• for all [other] Members $500 per Member

Charges for all treatment of Non-Biologically-based Mental Illnesses and Substance Abuse, per Calendar Year
Inpatient Confinement 30 days *
Outpatient Care 20 visits
* [Subject to Pre-Approval,] unused Inpatient days may be exchanged for additional Outpatient visits, where each Inpatient day may be exchanged for two Outpatient visits.

Per Lifetime Maximum Benefit (for all Illnesses and Injuries)
Network: Unlimited
Non-Network: $5,000,000.00

NOTE: NO [NETWORK] SERVICES OR SUPPLIES WILL BE PROVIDED IF A [MEMBER] FAILS TO OBTAIN A REFERRAL FOR CARE THROUGH HIS OR HER PRIMARY CARE PHYSICIAN [OR HEALTH CENTER] [OR THE CARE MANAGER]. READ THE [MEMBER] PROVISIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE OBTAINING MEDICAL CARE, SERVICES OR SUPPLIES. [NON-NETWORK] BENEFITS MAY BE PROVIDED, SUBJECT TO THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THIS CONTRACT CONCERNING [NON-NETWORK] BENEFITS. [PLEASE READ THE UTILIZATION REVIEW FEATURES SECTION CAREFULLY. THE UTILIZATION REVIEW FEATURES SECTION CONTAINS A PENALTY FOR NON-COMPLIANCE.]

REFER TO THE SECTION OF THIS CONTRACT CALLED "NON-COVERED SERVICES AND SUPPLIES AND NON-COVERED CHARGES" FOR A LIST OF THE SERVICES AND SUPPLIES AND CHARGES FOR WHICH A [MEMBER] IS NOT ELIGIBLE.

FOR ANY SPECIFIC [NETWORK] SERVICES AND SUPPLIES WHICH ARE SUBJECT TO LIMITATION, ANY SUCH [NETWORK] SERVICES OR SUPPLIES THE [MEMBER] RECEIVES AS A [NETWORK] SERVICE OR SUPPLY WILL REDUCE THE CORRESPONDING [NON-NETWORK] BENEFIT FOR THAT SERVICE OR SUPPLY. SIMILARLY, FOR ANY SPECIFIC [NON-NETWORK] BENEFITS WHICH ARE SUBJECT TO LIMITATION, ANY SUCH BENEFITS THE [MEMBER] RECEIVES AS [NON-NETWORK] COVERED CHARGES WILL REDUCE THE CORRESPONDING [NETWORK] SERVICES AND SUPPLIES AVAILABLE FOR THAT SERVICE OR SUPPLY. THE [NETWORK] SERVICES AND SUPPLIES SECTION AND THE [NON-NETWORK] COVERED CHARGES SECTION CLEARLY IDENTIFY WHICH SERVICES AND SUPPLIES AND COVERED CHARGES ARE AFFECTED BY THIS REDUCTION RULE.

Daily Room and Board Limits ***Applicable to [Non-Network] Benefits***

During a Period of Hospital Confinement
For semi-private room and board accommodations, We will cover charges up to the Hospital's actual daily semi-private room and board rate.

For private room and board accommodations, We will cover charges up to the Hospital's average semi-private room and board rate, or if the Hospital does not have semi-private accommodations, 80% of its lowest daily room and board rate. However, if the [Member] is being isolated in a private room because the [Member] has a communicable Illness, We will cover charges up to the Hospital's actual private room charge.

For Special Care Units, We will cover charges up to the Hospital's actual daily room and board charge for the Special Care Unit.

During a Confinement in an Extended Care Center or Rehabilitation Center
We will cover the lesser of:
a) the center's actual daily room and board charge; or
b) 50% of the covered daily room and board charge made by the hospital during the [Member's] preceding Hospital confinement, for semi-private accommodations.

DEFINITIONS

The words shown below have specific meanings when used in this Contract. Please read these definitions carefully. Throughout the Contract, these defined terms appear with their initial letters capitalized. They will help [Members] understand what services and supplies and benefits are provided.

ACCREDITED SCHOOL. A school accredited by a nationally recognized accrediting association, such as one of the following regional accrediting agencies: Middle States Association of Colleges and Schools, New England Association of Schools and Colleges, North Central Association of Colleges and Schools, Northwest Association of Schools and Colleges, Southern Association of Colleges and Schools, or Western Association of Schools and Colleges. An accredited school also includes a proprietary institution approved by an agency responsible for issuing certificates or licenses to graduates of such an institution.

[ACTIVELY AT WORK or ACTIVE WORK. Performing, doing, participating or similarly functioning in a manner usual for the task for full pay, at the Contractholder's place of business, or at any other place that the Contractholder's business requires the Employee to go.]

AFFILIATED COMPANY. A company defined in subsections (b), (c), (m) or (o) of section 414 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. All entities that meet the criteria set forth in the Internal Revenue Code shall be treated as one employer.

ALCOHOL ABUSE. Abuse of or addiction to alcohol. Alcohol Abuse does not include abuse of or addiction to drugs. Please see the definition of Substance Abuse.

AMBULANCE. A certified transportation vehicle for transporting Ill or Injured people that contains all life-saving equipment and staff as required by applicable state and local law.

AMBULATORY SURGICAL CENTER. A Facility mainly engaged in performing Outpatient Surgery. It must:
a) be staffed by Practitioners and Nurses, under the supervision of a Practitioner;
b) have operating and recovery rooms;
c) be staffed and equipped to give emergency care; and
d) have written back-up arrangements with a local Hospital for emergency care.

It must carry out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws and be either:
a) accredited for its stated purpose by either the Joint Commission or the Accreditation Association for ambulatory care; or
b) approved for its stated purpose by Medicare.

A Facility is not an Ambulatory Surgical Center, for the purpose of this Contract, if it is part of a Hospital.

ANNIVERSARY DATE. The date which is one year from the Effective Date of this Contract and each succeeding yearly date thereafter.

[**APPROVED CANCER CLINICAL TRIAL.** A scientific study of a new therapy or intervention for the treatment, palliation, or prevention of cancer in human beings that meets the following requirements:

a) The treatment or intervention is provided pursuant to an approved cancer clinical trial that has been authorized or approved by one of the following: 1) The National Institutes of Health (Phase I, II and III); (2) the United States Food and Drug Administration, in the form of an investigational new drug (IND) exemption (Phase I, II and III); 3) The United States Department of Defense; or 4) The United States Department of Veteran Affairs.
b) The proposed therapy has been reviewed and approved by the applicable qualified Institutional Review Board.
c) The available clinical or pre-clinical data to indicate that the treatment or intervention provided pursuant to the Approved Cancer Clinical Trial will be at least as effective as standard therapy, if such therapy exists, and is expected to constitute an improvement in effectiveness for treatment, prevention and palliation of cancer.
d) The Facility and personnel providing the treatment are capable of doing so by virtue of their experience and training
e) The trial consists of a scientific plan of treatment that includes specified goals, a rationale and background for the plan, criteria for patient selection, specific directions for administering therapy and monitoring patients, a definition of quantitative measures for determining treatment response and methods for documenting and treating adverse reactions. All such trials must have undergone a review for scientific content and validity, as evidenced by approval by one of the federal entities identified in item a. A cost-benefit analysis of clinical trials will be performed when such an evaluation can be included with a reasonable expectation of sound assessment.]

BIOLOGICALLY-BASED MENTAL ILLNESS. A mental or nervous condition that is caused by a biological disorder of the brain and results in a clinically significant or psychological syndrome or pattern that substantially limits the functioning of the person with the illness, including but not limited to: schizophrenia; schizoaffective disorder; major depressive disorder; bipolar disorder; paranoia and other psychotic disorders; obsessive-compulsive disorder; panic disorder and pervasive developmental disorder or autism.

BIRTHING CENTER. A Facility which mainly provides care and treatment for women during uncomplicated pregnancy, routine full-term delivery, and the immediate post-partum period. It must:
a)provide full-time Skilled Nursing Care by or under the supervision of Nurses;
b)be staffed and equipped to give emergency care; and
c)have written back-up arrangements with a local Hospital for emergency care.

It must:
a)carry out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws; or
b)be approved for its stated purpose by the Accreditation Association for Ambulatory Care; or
c)be approved for its stated purpose by Medicare.

A Facility is not a Birthing Center, for the purpose of this Contract, if it is part of a Hospital.

BOARD. The Board of Directors of the New Jersey Small Employer Health Benefits Program.

CALENDAR YEAR. Each successive twelve-month period starting on January 1 and ending on December 31.

[**CARE MANAGER.** An entity designated by Us to manage, assess, coordinate, direct and authorize the appropriate level of health care treatment.]

CASH DEDUCTIBLE or DEDUCTIBLE. The amount of Covered Charges that a [Member] must pay before this Contract pays any benefits for such charges. Cash Deductible does not include Coinsurance, Copayments, and Non-Covered Services and Supplies and Non-Covered Charges. See the **Cash Deductible** section of this Contract for details.

CHURCH PLAN. Has the same meaning given that term under Title I, section 3 of Pub.L.93-406, the "Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974"

COINSURANCE. The percentage of Covered Services or Supplies or the percentage of Covered Charges, as applicable, that must be paid by a [Member]. Coinsurance does **not** include the Cash Deductible, Copayments, or Non-Covered Services and Supplies and Non-Covered Charges.

CONTRACT. This contract, including the application and any riders, amendments or endorsements, between the Contractholder and Us.

CONTRACTHOLDER. Employer or organization which purchased this Contract.

COPAYMENT. A specified dollar amount which [Member] must pay for certain Covered Services or Supplies or Covered Charges. ***NOTE:*** *The Emergency Room Copayment, if applicable, must be paid in addition to any other Copayments, Cash Deductible, and Coinsurance.*

COSMETIC SURGERY OR PROCEDURE. Any surgery or procedure which involves physical appearance, but which does not correct or materially improve a physiological function and is not Medically Necessary and Appropriate.

COVERED CHARGES. Reasonable and Customary charges for the types of services and supplies described in the **Covered Charges** and **Covered Charges with Special Limitations** section of this Contract, as applicable to [Non-Network] benefits. The services and supplies must be:
a) furnished or ordered by a health care Provider; and
b) Medically Necessary and Appropriate to diagnose or treat an Illness or Injury.
A Covered Charge is incurred on the date the service or supply is furnished. Subject to all of the terms of this Contract, We pay benefits for Covered Charges incurred by a [Member] while he or she is covered by this Contract. Read the entire Contract to find out what We limit or exclude.

COVERED EMPLOYEE. A person who meets all applicable eligibility requirements, enrolls hereunder by making application, and for whom premium has been received.

COVERED SERVICES OR SUPPLIES. The types of services and supplies described in the **Covered Services and Supplies** section of this Contract, as applicable to [Network] benefits.
Read the entire Contract to find out what We limit or exclude.

CREDITABLE COVERAGE. With respect to an Employee [or Dependent], coverage of the Employee [or Dependent] under any of the following: a Group Health Plan; a group or individual Health Benefits Plan; Part A or Part B of Title XVIII of the federal Social Security Act (Medicare); Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act (Medicaid), other than coverage consisting solely of benefits under section 1928 of Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act (the program for distribution of pediatric vaccines); Title XXI of the Social Security Act (State Children's Health Insurance Program), chapter 55 of Title 10, United States Code (medical and dental care for members and certain former members of the uniformed services and their dependents); a medical care program of the Indian Health Service or of a tribal organization; a state health benefits risk pool; a health plan offered under chapter 89 of Title 5, United States Code; a public health plan as defined by federal regulation; a health benefits plan under section 5(e) of the "Peace Corps Act"; or coverage under any other type of plan as set forth by the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance by regulation.

Creditable Coverage does not include coverage which consists solely of the following: coverage only for accident or disability income insurance, or any combination thereof; coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance; liability insurance, including general liability insurance and automobile liability insurance; workers' compensation or similar insurance; automobile medical payment insurance; credit only insurance; coverage for on-site medical clinics; coverage as specified in federal regulation, under which benefits for medical care are secondary or incidental to the insurance benefits; and other coverage expressly excluded from the definition of Health Benefits Plan.

CURRENT PROCEDURAL TERMINOLOGY (C.P.T.) The most recent edition of an annually revised listing published by the American Medical Association which assigns numerical codes to procedures and categories of medical care.

CUSTODIAL CARE. Any service or supply, including room and board, which:
a) is furnished mainly to help a [Member] meet a [Member's] routine daily needs; or
b) can be furnished by someone who has no professional health care training or skills.

Even if a [Member] is in a Hospital or other Facility, We do not provide for that part of the care which is mainly custodial.

[DEPENDENT. An Employee's:
a) legal spouse which shall include a civil union partner pursuant to P.L. 2006, c. 103 as well as same sex relationships legally recognized in other jurisdictions when such relationships provide substantially all of the rights and benefits of marriage. [and domestic partner pursuant to P.L. 2003, c. 246]; except that legal spouse shall be limited to spouses of a marriage as marriage is defined in the Federal Defense of Marriage Act, 1 U.S.C.A. 7, with respect to the provisions of the Policy regarding continuation rights required by the Federal Consolidated Omnibus Reconciliation Act of 1886 (COBRA), Pub. L. 99-272, as subsequently amended. (Civil union partners do not have COBRA rights in the event of dissolution of the civil union.)
b) unmarried Dependent child who is under age 19; and
c) unmarried Dependent child from age 19 until his or her 23rd birthday, who is enrolled as a full-time student at an Accredited School. Full-time status will be as defined by the Accredited School. We can require periodic proof of a Dependent child's status as a full-time student.

Under certain circumstances, an incapacitated child is also a Dependent. See the **Eligibility** section of this Contract.

An Employee's "unmarried Dependent child" includes his or her legally adopted child, his or her step-child if such step-child depends on the Employee for most of his or her support and maintenance, the child of his or her civil union partner if the child depends on the employee for most of his or her support and maintenance, [and] [, the child of his or her domestic partner if the child depends on the Employee for most of his or her support and maintenance, and] children under a court appointed guardianship. We treat a child as legally adopted from the time the child is placed in the home for purposes of adoption. We treat such a child this way whether or not a final adoption order is ever issued.

A Dependent is not a person who is on active duty in the armed forces of any country.

A Dependent is not a person who is covered by this Contract as an Employee.

At Our Discretion, We can require proof that a person meets the definition of a Dependent.]

[DEPENDENT'S ELIGIBILITY DATE.
The later of:
a) the Employee's Eligibility Date; or
b) the date the person first becomes a Dependent.]

DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITY or DEVELOPMENTALLY DISABLED. A severe, chronic disability that:
a) is attributable to a mental or physical impairment or a combination of mental and physical impairments;
b) is manifested before the [Member] attains age 19;
c) is likely to continue indefinitely;
d) results in substantial functional limitations in three or more of the following areas of major life activity: self-care; receptive and expressive language; learning; mobility; self-direction; capacity for independent living; economic self-sufficiency;
e) reflects the [Member's] need for a combination and sequence of special interdisciplinary or generic services, individualized support, and other forms of assistance that are lifelong or of extended duration and are individually planned and coordinated.

DIAGNOSTIC SERVICES. Procedures ordered by a Provider because of specific symptoms to diagnose a specific condition or disease. Some examples include, but are not limited to:
a) radiology, ultrasound, and nuclear medicine;
b) laboratory and pathology; and
c) EKGs, EEGs, and other electronic diagnostic tests.

With respect to [Non-Network] benefits, **except** as allowed under the Preventive Care Covered Charge, Diagnostic Services are not covered under this Contract if the procedures are ordered as part of a routine or periodic physical examination or screening examination.

DISCRETION/DETERMINATION/DETERMINE. Our sole right to make a decision or determination. The decision will be applied in a reasonable and non-discriminatory manner.

DURABLE MEDICAL EQUIPMENT. Equipment We [or the Care Manager] Determine to be:
a) designed and able to withstand repeated use;
b) used primarily and customarily for a medical purpose;
c) is generally not useful to a [Member] in the absence of an Illness or Injury; and
d) suitable for use in the home.

Durable Medical Equipment includes, but is not limited to, apnea monitors, breathing equipment, hospital-type beds, walkers, and wheelchairs.

Among other things, Durable Medical Equipment does not include: adjustments made to vehicles, air conditioners, air purifiers, humidifiers, dehumidifiers, elevators, ramps, stair glides, Emergency Alert equipment, handrails, heat appliances, improvements made to a [Member's] home or place of business, waterbeds, whirlpool baths, exercise and massage equipment.

EFFECTIVE DATE. The date on which coverage begins under this Contract for the Contractholder, or the date coverage begins under this Contract for a [Member], as the context in which the term is used suggests.

EMERGENCY. A medical condition manifesting itself by acute symptoms of sufficient severity including, but not limited to, severe pain, psychiatric disturbances and/or symptoms of Substance Abuse such that a prudent layperson, who possesses an average knowledge of health and medicine, could expect the absence of immediate medical attention to result in: placing the health of the individual (or with respect to a pregnant woman, the health of the woman or her unborn child) in serious jeopardy; serious impairment to bodily functions; or serious dysfunction of a bodily organ or part. With respect to a pregnant woman who is having contractions, an Emergency exists where: there is inadequate time to effect a safe transfer to another Hospital before delivery; or the transfer may pose a threat to the health or safety of the woman or unborn child.

EMPLOYEE. A Full-Time bona-fide Employee (25 hours per week) of the Contractholder. Employees who work on a temporary or substitute basis or who are participating in an employee welfare arrangement established pursuant to a collective bargaining agreement are not considered to be Employees for the purpose of this Contract. Partners, proprietors, and independent contractors will be treated like Employees, if they meet all of this Contract's conditions of eligibility.

EMPLOYEE'S ELIGIBILITY DATE.

a) the date of employment; or
b) [the day] after any applicable waiting period ends.

EMPLOYER. [ABC Company].

ENROLLMENT DATE. With respect to a [Member], the Effective Date or, if earlier, the first day of any applicable waiting period. If an Employee changes plans or if the Employer transfers coverage to another carrier, the [Member's] Enrollment Date does not change.

EXPERIMENTAL or INVESTIGATIONAL.

Services or supplies which We [or the Care Manager] Determine are:
a) not of proven benefit for the particular diagnosis or treatment of a [Member's] particular condition; or
b) not generally recognized by the medical community as effective or appropriate for the particular diagnosis or treatment of a [Member's] particular condition; or
c) provided or performed in special settings for research purposes or under a controlled environment or clinical protocol.

Unless otherwise required by law with respect to drugs which have been prescribed for treatment for which the drug has not been approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA), We will not cover any services or supplies, including treatment, procedures, drugs, biological products or medical devices or any hospitalizations in connection with Experimental or Investigational services or supplies.
We will also not cover any technology or any hospitalization in connection with such technology if such technology is obsolete or ineffective and is not used generally by the medical community for the particular diagnosis or treatment of a [Member's] particular condition.

Governmental approval of a technology is not necessarily sufficient to render it of proven benefit or appropriate or effective for a particular diagnosis or treatment of a [Member's] particular condition, as explained below.

We [or the Care Manager] will apply the following five criteria in Determining whether services or supplies are Experimental or Investigational:

1. Any medical device, drug, or biological product must have received final approval to market by the FDA for the particular diagnosis or condition. Any other approval granted as an interim step in the FDA regulatory process, e.g., an Investigational Device Exemption or an Investigational New Drug Exemption, is not sufficient. Once FDA approval has been granted for a particular diagnosis or condition, use of the medical device, drug or biological product for another diagnosis or condition will require that one or more of the following established reference compendia:
a) The American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information; or
b) The United States Pharmacopeia Drug Information

recognize the usage as appropriate medical treatment. As an alternative to such recognition in one or more of the compendia, the usage of the drug will be recognized as appropriate if it is recommended by a clinical study or recommended by a review article in a major peer-reviewed professional journal. A medical device, drug, or biological product that meets the above tests will not be considered Experimental or Investigational.

In any event, any drug which the Food and Drug Administration has determined to be contraindicated for the specific treatment for which the drug has been prescribed will be considered Experimental or Investigational.

2. Conclusive evidence from the published peer-reviewed medical literature must exist that the technology has a definite positive effect on health outcomes; such evidence must include well-designed investigations that have been reproduced by non-affiliated authoritative sources, with measurable results, backed up by the positive endorsements of national medical bodies or panels regarding scientific efficacy and rationale;

3. Demonstrated evidence as reflected in the published peer-reviewed medical literature must exist that over time the technology leads to improvement in health outcomes, i.e., the beneficial effects outweigh any harmful effects;

4. Proof as reflected in the published peer-reviewed medical literature must exist that the technology is at least as effective in improving health outcomes as established technology, or is usable in appropriate clinical contexts in which established technology is not employable; and

5. Proof as reflected in the published peer-reviewed medical literature must exist that improvements in health outcomes, as defined in paragraph 3, is possible in standard conditions of medical practice, outside clinical investigatory settings.

EXTENDED CARE CENTER. See Skilled Nursing Facility.

FACILITY. A place which:
a) is properly licensed, certified, or accredited to provide health care under the laws of the state in which it operates; and
b) provides health care services which are within the scope of its license, certificate or accreditation.

FULL-TIME. A normal work week of 25 or more hours. Work must be at the Contractholder's regular place of business or at another place to which an Employee must travel to perform his or her regular duties for his or her full and normal work hours.

GOVERNMENT HOSPITAL. A Hospital operated by a government or any of its subdivisions or agencies, including, but not limited to, a Federal, military, state, county or city Hospital.

GROUP HEALTH PLAN. An employee welfare benefit plan, as defined in Title I of section 3 of Pub.L.93-406, the "Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974" ERISA) (29 U.S.C. § 1002(1)) to the extent that the plan provides medical care and includes items and services paid for as medical care to employees or their dependents directly or through insurance, reimbursement or otherwise.

HEALTH BENEFITS PLAN. Any hospital and medical expense insurance policy or certificate; health, hospital, or medical service corporation contract or certificate; or health maintenance organization subscriber contract or certificate delivered or issued for delivery in New Jersey by any carrier to a Small Employer group pursuant to section 3 of P.L. 1992, c. 162 (C. 17B: 27A-19) or any other similar contract, policy, or plan issued to a Small Employer, not explicitly excluded from the definition of a health benefits plan. Health Benefits Plan does not include one or more, or any combination of the following: coverage only for accident or disability income insurance, or any combination thereof; coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance; liability insurance, including general liability insurance and automobile liability insurance; workers' compensation or similar insurance; automobile medical payment insurance; credit-only insurance; coverage for on-site medical clinics; and other similar insurance coverage, as specified in federal regulations, under which benefits for medical care are secondary or incidental to other insurance benefits. Health Benefits Plans shall not include the following benefits if they are provided under a separate policy, certificate or contract of insurance or are otherwise not an integral part of the plan: limited scope dental or vision benefits; benefits for long term care, nursing home care, home health care, community based care, or any combination thereof; and such other similar, limited benefits as are specified in federal regulations. Health Benefits Plan shall not include hospital confinement indemnity coverage if the benefits are provided under a separate policy, certificate or contract of insurance, there is no coordination between the provision of the benefits and any exclusion of benefits under any group Health Benefits Plan maintained by the same Plan Sponsor, and those benefits are paid with respect to an event without regard to whether benefits are provided with respect to such an event under any Group Health Plan maintained by the same Plan Sponsor. Health Benefits Plan shall not include the following if it is offered as a separate policy, certificate or contract of insurance: Medicare supplemental health insurance as defined under section 1882(g)(1) of the federal Social Security Act; and coverage supplemental to the coverage provided under chapter 55 of Title 10, United States Code; and similar supplemental coverage provided to coverage under a Group Health plan.

[HEALTH CARE CENTER OR HEALTH CENTER. A place operated by or on behalf of an HMO where [Network] Providers provide Covered Services and Supplies to [Members].]

HEALTH STATUS-RELATED FACTOR. Any of the following factors: health status; medical condition, including both physical and mental Illness; claims experience; receipt of health care; medical history; genetic information; evidence of insurability, including conditions arising out of acts of domestic violence; and disability.

HOME HEALTH AGENCY. A Provider which provides Skilled Nursing Care for Ill or Injured people in their home under a home health care program designed to eliminate Hospital stays. It must be licensed by the state in which it operates, or it must be certified to participate in Medicare as a Home Health Agency.

HOSPICE. A Provider which provides palliative and supportive care for terminally Ill or terminally Injured people. It must carry out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it must either:
a) be approved for its stated purpose by Medicare; or
b) be accredited for its stated purpose by either the Joint Commission or the National Hospice Organization.

HOSPITAL. A Facility which mainly provides Inpatient care for Ill or Injured people. It must carry out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it must either:
a) be accredited as a Hospital by the Joint Commission; or
b) be approved as a Hospital by Medicare.

Among other things, a Hospital is not a convalescent, rest or nursing home or Facility, or a Facility, or part of it, which mainly provides Custodial Care, educational care or rehabilitative care. A Facility for the aged or substance abusers is not a Hospital.

ILLNESS or ILL. A sickness or disease suffered by a [Member] or a description of a [Member] suffering from a sickness or disease.

[INITIAL DEPENDENT. Those eligible Dependents an Employee has at the time he or she first becomes eligible for Employee coverage. If at the time the Employee does not have any eligible Dependents, but later acquires them, the first eligible Dependents he or she acquires are his or her Initial Dependents.]

INJURY or INJURED. Damage to a [Member's] body, and all complications arising from that damage, or a description of a [Member] suffering from such damage.

INPATIENT. [Member], if physically confined as a registered bed patient in a Hospital or other health care Facility; or services and supplies provided in such a setting.

JOINT COMMISSION. The Joint Commission on the Accreditation of Health Care Organizations.

LATE ENROLLEE. An eligible Employee [or Dependent] who requests enrollment under this Contract more than [30] days after first becoming eligible. However, an eligible Employee [or Dependent] will not be considered a Late Enrollee under certain circumstances. See the Employee Coverage [and Dependent Coverage] subsection[s] of the **Eligibility** section of this Contract.

MEDICALLY NECESSARY AND APPROPRIATE. Services or supplies provided by a health care Provider that We [or the Care Manager] Determine to be:
a)necessary for the symptoms and diagnosis or treatment of the condition, Illness or Injury;
b)provided for the diagnosis or the direct care and treatment of the condition, Illness or Injury;
c)in accordance with generally accepted medical practice;
d)not for a [Member's] convenience;
e)the most appropriate level of medical care that a [Member] needs; and
f) furnished within the framework of generally accepted methods of medical management currently used in the United States.

In the instance of an Emergency, with respect to [Network] services and supplies, and in all instances with respect to [Non-Network] benefits, the fact that an attending Practitioner prescribes, orders, recommends or approves the care, the level of care, or the length of time care is to be received, does not make the services Medically Necessary and Appropriate.

MEDICAID. The health care program for the needy provided by Title XIX of the United States Social Security Act, as amended from time to time.

MEDICARE. Parts A and B of the health care program for the aged and disabled provided by Title XVIII of the United States Social Security Act, as amended from time to time.

[MEMBER]. An eligible person who is covered under this Contract (includes Covered Employee [and covered Dependents, if any)].

[[MEMBER] SERVICES. Carrier has the option to include a definition of such services in the Contract.]

MENTAL HEALTH CENTER. A Facility that mainly provides treatment for people with mental health problems. It will be considered such a place if it carries out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws. and it is either:
a) accredited for its stated purpose by the Joint Commission;
b) approved for its stated purpose by Medicare; or
c) accredited or licensed by the State of New Jersey to provide mental health services.

[NETWORK] PROVIDER. A Provider which has an agreement [directly or indirectly] with Us [or Our associated medical groups] to provide Covered Services or Supplies. The Employee will periodically be given up-to date lists of [Network] Providers. The up-to date lists will be furnished automatically, without charge.

[NEWLY ACQUIRED DEPENDENT. An eligible Dependent an Employee acquires after he or she already has coverage in force for Initial Dependents.]

NICOTINE DEPENDENCE TREATMENT. "Behavioral Therapy," as defined below, and Prescription Drugs which have been approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration for the management of nicotine dependence.

For the purpose of this definition, covered "Behavioral Therapy" means motivation and behavior change techniques which have been demonstrated to be effective in promoting nicotine abstinence and long term recovery from nicotine addiction.

NON-BIOLOGICALLY-BASED MENTAL ILLNESS. An Illness which manifests symptoms which are primarily mental or nervous for which the primary treatment is psychotherapy or psychotropic medication where the Illness is not biologically-based.

In determining whether or not a particular condition is a Non-Biologically-based Mental Illness, We may refer to the current edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Conditions of the American Psychiatric Association.

NON-COVERED CHARGES. Charges which do not meet this Contract's definition of Covered Charges or which exceed any of the benefit limits shown in this Contract, or which are specifically identified as Non-Covered Services and Supplies and Non-Covered Charges or are otherwise not covered by this Contract.

NON-COVERED SERVICES. Services or supplies which are not included within Our definition of Covered Services or Supplies, are included in the list of Non-Covered Services and Supplies and Non-Covered Charges, or which exceed any of the limitations shown in this Contract.

[NON-NETWORK] PROVIDER. A Provider which is not a [Network] Provider.

NURSE. A registered nurse or licensed practical nurse, including a nursing specialist such as a nurse mid-wife or nurse anesthetist, who:
a)is properly licensed or certified to provide medical care under the laws of the state where the nurse practices; and
b)provides medical services which are within the scope of the nurse's license or certificate.

OUTPATIENT. [Member], if **not** confined as a registered bed patient in a Hospital or recognized health care Facility and is not an Inpatient; or services and supplies provided in such Outpatient settings.

PERIOD OF CONFINEMENT. Consecutive days of Inpatient services provided to an Inpatient, or successive Inpatient confinements due to the same or related causes, when discharge and re-admission to a Facility occurs within 90 days or less. We [or the Care Manager] Determine if the cause(s) of the confinements are the same or related.

PLAN SPONSOR.
Has the meaning given that term under Title I, section 3 of Pub.L.93-406, the ERISA (29 U.S.C. § 1002(16)(B)). That is:
a) the Small Employer in the case of an employee benefit plan established or maintained by a single employer;
b) the employee organization in the case of a plan established or maintained by an employee organization; or
c) in the case of a plan established or maintained by two or more employers or jointly by one or more employers and one or more employee organizations, the association, committee, joint board of trustees, or other similar group of representatives of the parties who establish or maintain the plan.

PLAN YEAR. The year that is designated as the plan year in the plan document of a Group Health Plan, except if the plan document does not designate a plan year or if there is no plan document, the Plan Year is a Calendar Year.

PRACTITIONER. A medical practitioner who:
a)is properly licensed or certified to provide medical care under the laws of the state where the practitioner practices; and
b)provides medical services which are within the scope of the practitioner's license or certificate.

PRE-APPROVAL or PRE-APPROVED. Our approval using paper or electronic means for specified services and supplies prior to the date the charges are incurred. We will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for treatment, services and supplies which require Pre-Approval and are not Pre-Approved by Us provided that benefits would otherwise by payable under the Contract.

PRE-EXISTING CONDITION. An Illness or Injury which manifests itself in the six months before a Member's Enrollment Date, and for which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received during the six months immediately preceding the Enrollment Date.

[PRE-EXISTING CONDITION LIMITATION. With respect to coverage, a limitation or exclusion of benefits relating to a condition based on the fact that the condition was present before the Enrollment Date, whether or not any medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received before that date. Genetic information will not be treated as a Pre-Existing Condition in the absence of a diagnosis of the condition related to that information. Pregnancy will not be treated as a Pre-Existing Condition.

See the **Non-Covered Services and Supplies and Non-Covered Charges** section of this Contract for details on how this Contract limits the services and benefits for Pre-Existing Conditions.]

PRESCRIPTION DRUGS. Drugs, biologicals and compound prescriptions which are sold only by prescription and which are required to show on the manufacturer's label the words: "Caution - Federal Law Prohibits Dispensing Without a Prescription" or other drugs and devices as Determined by Us, such as insulin. But We only cover drugs which are:
a) approved for treatment of the [Member's] Illness or Injury by the Food and Drug Administration;
b) approved by the Food and Drug Administration for the treatment of a particular diagnosis or condition other than the [Member's] and recognized as appropriate medical treatment for the [Member's] diagnosis or condition in one or more of the following established reference compendia:
- The American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information;
- The United States Pharmacopeia Drug Information; or

c) recommended by a clinical study or recommended by a review article in a major peer-reviewed professional journal.
Coverage for the above drugs also includes Medically Necessary and Appropriate services associated with the administration of the drugs.
In no event will We pay for:
a) drugs labeled: "Caution - Limited by Federal Law to Investigational Use"; or
b) any drug which the Food and Drug Administration has determined to be contraindicated for the specific treatment for which the drug has been prescribed.

PREVENTIVE CARE. Services and supplies in connection with routine physical examinations, including laboratory tests and x-rays, immunizations and vaccines, well baby care, pap smears, mammography, screening tests, bone density tests, colorectal cancer screening and Nicotine Dependence Treatment.

PRIMARY CARE PHYSICIAN (PCP). A [Network] Practitioner who is a doctor specializing in family practice, general practice, internal medicine, [obstetrics/gynecology for pre and post-natal care, birth and treatment of the diseases and hygiene of females,] or pediatrics who supervises, coordinates, arranges and provides initial care and basic medical services to a [Member]; initiates a [Member's] Referral for Specialist Services; and is responsible for maintaining continuity of patient care.

PRIVATE DUTY NURSING. Skilled Nursing Care for Covered Persons who require individualized continuous Skilled Nursing Care provided by a registered nurse or a licensed practical nurse.

PROVIDER. A recognized Facility or Practitioner of health care.

PUBLIC HEALTH PLAN. Any plan established or maintained by a State, the U.S. government, a foreign country, or any political subdivision of a State, the U.S. government, or a foreign country that provides health coverage to individuals who are enrolled in the plan.

REASONABLE and CUSTOMARY. With respect to [Network] services and supplies, the negotiated arrangement.

With respect to [Non-Network] benefits, an amount that is not more than the usual or customary charge for the service or supply as We Determine, based on a standard approved by the Board. The Board will decide a standard for what is Reasonable and Customary for the [Non-Network] benefits under this Contract. The chosen standard is an amount which is most often charged for a given service by a Provider within the same geographic area.

For charges that are not determined by a negotiated fee schedule, the [Member] may be billed for the difference between the Reasonable and Customary charge and the charge billed by the Provider.

Please note: The Coordination of Benefits and Services provision includes a distinct definition of Reasonable and Customary.

REFERRAL. With respect to [Network] services or supplies, specific direction or instruction from a [Member's] Primary Care Physician [or Health Center] [or the Care Manager] in conformance with Our policies and procedures that directs a [Member] to a Facility or Practitioner for health care.

REHABILITATION CENTER. A Facility which mainly provides therapeutic and restorative services to Ill or Injured people. It must carry out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it must either:
a) be accredited for its stated purpose by either the Joint Commission or the Commission on Accreditation for Rehabilitation Facilities; or
b) be approved for its stated purpose by Medicare.
In some places a Rehabilitation Center is called a "rehabilitation hospital."

ROUTINE FOOT CARE. The cutting, debridement, trimming, reduction, removal or other care of corns, calluses, flat feet, fallen arches, weak feet, chronic foot strain, dystrophic nails, excrescences, helomas, hyperkeratosis, hypertrophic nails, non-infected ingrown nails, deratomas, keratosis, onychauxis, onychocryptosis, tylomas or symptomatic complaints of the feet. Routine Foot Care also includes orthopedic shoes, foot orthotics and supportive devices for the foot.

ROUTINE NURSING CARE. The appropriate nursing care customarily furnished by a recognized Facility for the benefit of its Inpatients.

SCHEDULE. The **Schedule of Covered Services and Supplies and Covered Charges**.

SERVICE AREA. As applicable to [Network] services and supplies, the geographic area We define by [ZIP codes] [county].

SKILLED NURSING CARE. Services which are more intensive than Custodial Care, are provided by a Registered Nurse (R.N.) or Licensed Practical Nurse (L.P.N.), and require the technical skills and professional training of a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse.

SKILLED NURSING FACILITY. A Facility which mainly provides full-time Skilled Nursing Care for Ill or Injured people who do not need to be in a Hospital. It must carry out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it must either:
a) be accredited for its stated purpose by the Joint Commission; or
b) be approved for its stated purpose by Medicare.
In some places, a "Skilled Nursing Center" may be called an Extended Care Center.

SMALL EMPLOYER. In connection with a Group Health Plan with respect to a Calendar Year and a Plan Year, any person, firm, corporation, partnership, or political subdivision that is actively engaged in business that employed an average of at least two but not more than 50 eligible Employees on business days during the preceding Calendar Year and who employs at least eligible two Employees on the first day of the Plan Year, and the majority of the eligible Employees are employed in New Jersey. All persons treated as a single employer under subsection (b), (c), (m) or (o) of section 414 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 shall be treated as one employer. In the case of an employer that was not in existence during the preceding Calendar Year, the determination of whether the employer is a small or large employer shall be based on the average number of eligible Employees that it is expected that the employer will employ on business days in the current Calendar Year.

SPECIAL CARE UNIT. A part of a Hospital set up for very ill patients who must be observed constantly. The unit must have a specially trained staff. And it must have special equipment and supplies on hand at all times. Some types of Special Care Units are:
a) intensive care units;
b) cardiac care units;
c) neonatal care units; and
d) burn units.

SPECIALIST DOCTOR. A Practitioner who provides medical care in any generally accepted medical or surgical specialty or sub-specialty.

SPECIALIST SERVICES. Medical care in specialties other than family practice, general practice, internal medicine [or pediatrics] [or obstetrics/gynecology (for routine pre and post-natal care, birth and treatment of the diseases and hygiene of females].

SUBSTANCE ABUSE. Abuse of or addiction to drugs. Substance Abuse does not include abuse of or addiction to alcohol. Please see the definition of Alcohol Abuse.

SUBSTANCE ABUSE CENTER. A Facility that mainly provides treatment for people with Substance Abuse problems. It must carry out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it must either:
a)be accredited for its stated purpose by the Joint Commission; or
b)be approved for its stated purpose by Medicare.

SUPPLEMENTAL LIMITED BENEFIT INSURANCE. Insurance that is provided in addition to a Health Benefits Plan on an indemnity non-expense incurred basis.

SURGERY.
a) The performance of generally accepted operative and cutting procedures, including surgical diagnostic procedures, specialized instrumentations, endoscopic examinations, and other invasive procedures;
b) the correction of fractures and dislocations;
c) pre-operative and post-operative care; or
d) any of the procedures designated by Current Procedural Code Terminology as Surgery.

THERAPEUTIC MANIPULATION. Treatment of the articulations of the spine and musculoskeletal structures for the purpose of relieving certain abnormal clinical conditions resulting from the impingement upon associated nerves causing discomfort. Some examples are manipulation or

adjustment of the spine, hot or cold packs, electrical muscle stimulation, diathermy, skeletal adjustments, massage, adjunctive, ultra-sound. doppler. whirlpool, hydrotherapy or other treatment of similar nature.

TOTAL DISABILITY OR TOTALLY DISABLED. Except as otherwise specified in this Contract, an Employee who, due to Illness or Injury. cannot perform any duty of his or her occupation or any occupation for which he or she is, or may be, suited by education, training and experience, and is not, in fact, engaged in any occupation for wage or profit. [A Dependent is totally disabled if he or she cannot engage in the normal activities of a person in good health and of like age and sex.] The Employee [or Dependent] must be under the regular care of a Practitioner.

URGENT CARE. Care for a non-life threatening condition that requires care by a Provider within 24 hours.

[WAITING PERIOD. With respect to a Group Health Plan and an individual who is a potential participant or beneficiary in the Group Health Plan. the period that must pass with respect to the individual before the individual is eligible to be covered for benefits under the terms of the Group Health Plan.]

[WE, US, OUR. [Carrier].]

YOU, YOUR, AND YOURS. The Contractholder.]

ELIGIBILITY

EMPLOYEE COVERAGE

Eligible Employees

Subject to the **Conditions of Eligibility** set forth below, and to all of the other conditions of the Contract, all of the Contractholder's Employees [who are in an eligible class] [and] [who reside in the Service Area] will be eligible if the Employees are [Actively at Work] Full-Time Employees. [In certain situations, the Actively at Work requirement will not apply. If an Employee is not Actively at Work due to a Health Status-Related Factor. the Employee will nevertheless be considered an Eligible Employee. In addition, refer to the Exception below.]

For purposes of this Contract, We will treat partners, proprietors and independent contractors like Employees if they meet the Contract's **Conditions of Eligibility**.

Conditions of Eligibility

Full-Time Requirement

[Except where an Employee is not Actively at Work due to a Health Status-Related Factor, and except as stated below,] We will not cover an Employee unless the Employee is [an Actively at Work] [a] Full-Time Employee.

Enrollment Requirement

We will not cover the Employee until the Employee enrolls and agrees to make the required payments, if any. If the Employee does this within [30] days of the Employee's Eligibility Date, coverage will start on the Employee's Eligibility Date.

If the Employee enrolls and agrees to make the required payments, if any:

a) more than [30] days after the Employee's Eligibility Date; or
b) after the Employee previously had coverage which ended because the Employee failed to make a required payment;

We will consider the Employee to be a Late Enrollee. Late Enrollees are subject to this Contract's Pre-Existing Conditions limitation, if any applies.

When an Employee initially waives coverage under this Contract, the Plan Sponsor [or We] should notify the Employee of the requirement for the Employee to make a statement that waiver was because he or she was covered under another group plan, if such other coverage was in fact the reason for the waiver, and the consequences of that requirement. If an Employee initially waived coverage under this Contract and the Employee stated at that time that such waiver was because he or she was covered under another group plan, and Employee now elects to enroll under this Contract. We will not consider the Employee [and his or her Dependents] to be [a] Late Enrollee[s], provided the coverage under the other plan ends due to one of the following events:

a) termination of employment or eligibility;
b) reduction in the number of hours of employment;
c) involuntary termination;
d) divorce or legal separation or dissolution of the civil union [or termination of the domestic partnership];
e) death of the Employee's spouse;
f) termination of the Employer's contribution toward coverage; or
g) termination of the other plan's coverage.

But, the Employee must enroll under this Contract and pay the appropriate premium within 90 days of the date that any of the events described above occur. Coverage will take effect as of the date the applicable event occurs.

If an Employee initially waived coverage under this Contract because he or she had coverage under a Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA) continuation provision and the Employee requests coverage under this Contract within 30 days of the date the COBRA continuation ended, We will not consider the Employee to be a Late Enrollee. Coverage will take effect as of the date the COBRA continuation ended.

In addition, an Employee [and any Dependents] will not be considered [a] Late Enrollee[s] if the Employee is employed by an employer which offers multiple Health Benefits Plans and the Employee elects a different plan during the open enrollment period.

[Further, an Employee and his or her Dependent spouse, if any, will not be considered Late Enrollees because the Employee initially waived coverage under this Contract for himself or herself and any then existing Dependents provided the Employee enrolls to cover himself or herself and his or her existing Dependent spouse, if any, under this Contract within 30 days of the marriage, birth, adoption or placement for adoption of a Newly Acquired Dependent.]

[The Waiting Period
This Contract has the following waiting periods:

Employees in an eligible class on the Effective Date, who have completed at least [6 months] of continuous Full-Time service with the Contractholder by that date, are eligible for coverage under this Contract from the Effective Date.

Employees in an Eligible Class on the Effective Date, who have not completed at least [6 months] of continuous Full-Time service with the Contractholder by that date, are eligible for coverage under this Contract from the day after Employees complete [6 months] of continuous Full-Time service.

Employees who enter an eligible class after the Effective Date are eligible for coverage under this Contract from the day after Employees complete [6 months] of continuous Full-Time service with the Contractholder.]

The Contractholder who purchased this Contract may have purchased it to replace a plan the Contractholder had with some other carrier. An Employee may have satisfied part of the eligibility waiting period under the Contractholder's old plan before it ended. If so, the time satisfied will be used to satisfy this Contract's eligibility waiting period if:
a)the Employee was employed by the Contractholder on the date the Contractholder's old plan ended; and
b)this Contract takes effect immediately upon termination of the prior plan.

Any lapse in continuous service due to an absence which results from a Health Status-Related Factor will reduce the days of Full-Time service by the number of days of absence. Such lapse in continuous Full-Time service will not require that the period of continuous Full-Time service begin anew.

Multiple Employment
If an Employee works for both the Contractholder and a covered Affiliated Company, or for more than one covered Affiliated Company, We will treat the Employee as if only one entity employs the Employee. And such an Employee will not have multiple coverage under this Contract. But, if this Contract uses the amount of an Employee's earnings or number of work hours to determine class, or for any other reason, such Employee's earnings or number of work hours will be figured as the sum of his or her earnings or work hours from all Affiliated Companies.

When Employee Coverage Starts
[Except where an Employee is not Actively at Work due to a Health Status-Related Factor, and except as stated below, an] [An] Employee must be [Actively at Work, and] working his or her regular number of hours, on the date his or her coverage is scheduled to start. And he or she must have met all the conditions of eligibility which apply to him or her. [If an Employee is not Actively at Work on the scheduled Effective Date, and does not qualify for the exception to the Actively at Work requirement, We will postpone the start of his or her coverage until he or she returns to Active Work.]

[Sometimes, a scheduled Effective Date is not a regularly scheduled work day. But an Employee's coverage will start on that date if he or she was Actively at Work, and working his or her regular number of hours, on his or her last regularly scheduled work day.]

The Employee must elect to enroll and agree to make the required payments if any, within [30] days of the Employee's Eligibility Date. If he or she does this within [30] days of the Employee's Eligibility Date, his or her coverage is scheduled to start on the Employee's Eligibility Date. Such Employee's Eligibility Date is Effective Date of an Employee's coverage.

If the Employee does this more than [30] days after the Employee's Eligibility Date, We will consider the Employee a Late Enrollee. Coverage is scheduled to start on the date the We or Our authorized representative or agent receives the signed enrollment form.

[EXCEPTION to the Actively at Work Requirement
The Exception applies if the Contractholder who purchased this Contract purchased it to replace a plan the Contractholder had with some other carrier. An Employee who is not Actively at Work due to Total Disability on the date this Contract takes effect will initially be eligible for limited coverage under this Contract if:
a) the Employee was validly covered under the Contractholder's old plan on the date the Contractholder's old plan ended; and
b) this Contract takes effect immediately upon termination of the prior plan.

Except as stated below, the coverage under this Contract will be limited to coverage for services or supplies for conditions other than the disabling condition. Such limited coverage under this Contract will end one year from the date the person's coverage under this Contract begins. Coverage for services or supplies for the disabling condition will be provided as stated in an extended health benefits, or like provision, contained in the Contractholder's old plan. Thereafter, coverage will not be limited as described in this provision, but will be subject to the terms and conditions of this Contract.]
Exception: If the coverage under this Contract is richer than the coverage under the Contractholder's old plan, this Contract will provide coverage for services and supplies related to the disabling condition. This Contract will coordinate with the Contractholder's old plan, with this Contract providing secondary coverage, as described in the Coordination of Benefits and Services provision.

When Employee Coverage Ends
An Employee's coverage under this Contract will end on the first of the following dates:
a) [the date] an Employee ceases to be [an Actively at Work] [a] Full-Time Employee for any reason. Such reasons include, death, retirement, lay-off, leave of absence, and the end of employment.
b) [the date] an Employee stops being an eligible Employee under this Contract.
c) the date this Contract ends,[or is discontinued for a class of Employees to which the Employee belongs.]
d) the last day of the period for which required payments have been made for the Employee, subject to the **Payment of Premium - Grace Period** section.

[DEPENDENT COVERAGE

Eligible Dependents for Dependent Health Benefits
An Employee's eligible Dependents are:

a) the Employee's legal spouse which shall include a civil union partner pursuant to P.L. 2006, c. 103 as well as same sex relationships legally recognized in other jurisdictions when such relationships provide substantially all of the rights and benefits of marriage. [and domestic partner pursuant to P.L. 2003, c. 246]; except that legal spouse shall be limited to spouses of a marriage as marriage is defined in the Federal Defense of Marriage Act, 1 U.S.C.A. 7, with respect to the provisions of the Policy regarding continuation rights required by the Federal Consolidated Omnibus Reconciliation Act of 1886 (COBRA), Pub. L. 99-272, as subsequently amended) (Civil union partners do not have COBRA rights in the event of dissolution of the civil union.)
b) the Employee's unmarried Dependent children who are under age 19; and
c) the Employee's unmarried Dependent children, from age 19 until their 23rd birthday, who are enrolled as full-time students at Accredited Schools. Full-time students will be as defined by the Accredited School. We can require periodic proof of a Dependent child's status as a full-time student.

[Exception: Any Dependent who does not reside in the Service Area is not an eligible Dependent.]

Eligible Dependents will not include any Dependent who is:
a) covered by this Contract as an Employee or
b) on active duty in the armed forces of any country.

Adopted Children and Step-Children
An Employee's "unmarried Dependent children" include the Employee's legally adopted children, his or her step-children if they depend on the Employee for most of their support and maintenance, the child of his or her civil union partner if the child depends on the employee for most of his or her support and maintenance, [and] [,the child of his or her domestic partner if the child depends on the Employee for most of his or her support and maintenance, and] children under a court appointed guardianship. We will treat a child as legally adopted from the time the child is placed in the home for the purpose of adoption. We will treat such a child this way whether or not a final adoption order is ever issued.

Incapacitated Children
An Employee may have an unmarried child with a mental or physical handicap, or developmental disability, who is incapable of earning a living. Subject to all of the terms of this section and the plan, such a child may stay eligible for Dependent health benefits past this Contract's age limit for eligible Dependents.

The child will stay eligible as long as the child stays unmarried and incapable of earning a living, if:
a) the child's condition started before he or she reached this Contract's age limit;
b) the child became covered under this Contract or any other policy or contract before the child reached the age limit and stayed continuously covered or covered after reaching such limit; and
c) the child depends on the Employee for most of his or her support and maintenance.

But, for the child to stay eligible, the Employee must send Us written proof that the child is incapacitated or developmentally disabled and depends on the Employee for most of his or her support and maintenance. The Employee has 31 days from the date the child reaches the age limit to do this. We can ask for periodic proof that the child's condition continues. But, after two years, We cannot ask for proof more than once a year.

The child's coverage ends when the Employee's coverage ends.

Enrollment Requirement
An Employee must enroll his or her eligible Dependents in order for them to be covered under this Contract. We consider an eligible Dependent to be a Late Enrollee, if the Employee:
a) enrolls a Dependent [and agrees to make the required payments] more than [30] days after the Dependent's Eligibility Date;
b) in the case of a Newly Acquired Dependent, has other eligible Dependents whose coverage previously ended because the Employee failed to make the required contributions, or otherwise chose to end such coverage.

Late Enrollees are subject to this Contract's Pre-Existing Conditions limitations section, if any applies.

If the Employee's dependent coverage ends for any reason, including failure to make the required payments, his or her Dependents will be considered Late Enrollees when their coverage begins again.

When an Employee initially waives coverage for a spouse and/or eligible Dependent children under this Contract, the Plan Sponsor [or We] should notify the Employee of the requirement for the Employee to make a statement that waiver was because the spouse and/or eligible Dependent children were covered under another group plan, if such other coverage was in fact the reason for the waiver, and the consequences of that requirement. If the Employee previously waived coverage for the Employee's spouse or eligible Dependent children under this Contract and stated at that time that such waiver was because they were covered under another group plan, and the Employee now elects to enroll them in this Contract, the Dependent will not be considered a Late Enrollee, provided the Dependent's coverage under the other plan ends due to one of the following events:
a) termination of employment or eligibility;
b) reduction in the number of hours of employment;
c) involuntary termination;
d) divorce or legal separation or dissolution of the civil union [or termination of the domestic partnership];
e) death of the Employee's spouse;
f) termination of the contribution toward coverage that was being made by the employer that offered the group plan under which the Dependent was covered; or
g) termination of the other plan's coverage.

But, the Employee's spouse or eligible Dependent children must be enrolled by the Employee, and the appropriate premium must be paid, within 90 days of the date that any of the events described above occur. Coverage will take effect as of the date the applicable event occurs.

And, We will not consider an Employee's spouse or eligible Dependent children for which the Employee initially waived coverage under this Contract, to be a Late Enrollee, if:
a) the Employee is under legal obligation to provide coverage due to a court order; and

b) the Employee's spouse or eligible Dependent children are enrolled by the Employee, and the appropriate premium must be paid, within 30 days of the issuance of the court order.

Coverage will take effect as of the date required pursuant to the court order.

In addition, if an Employee initially waived coverage under this Contract for the Employee's spouse or eligible Dependent children because the spouse and/or Dependent children had coverage under a Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA) continuation provision and the Employee requests coverage for the spouse and/or Dependent children under this Contract within 30 days of the date the COBRA continuation ended, We will not consider the spouse and/or Dependent children to be Late Enrollees. Coverage will take effect as of the date the COBRA continuation ended.

When Dependent Coverage Starts
In order for an Employee's Dependent coverage to begin, the Employee must already be covered for Employee coverage or enroll for Employee and Dependent coverage at the same time. Subject to all of the terms of this Contract, the date an Employee's Dependent coverage starts depends on when the Employee elects to enroll the Employee's Initial Dependents and agrees to make any required payments.

If the Employee does this within 30 days of the Dependent's Eligibility Date, the Dependent's Coverage is scheduled to start on the later of:
a) the Dependent's Eligibility Date, or
b) the date the Employee becomes covered for Employee coverage.

If the Employee does this more than [30] days after the Dependent's Eligibility Date, We will consider the Dependent a Late Enrollee. Coverage is scheduled to start on the later of:
a) the date We or Our authorized representative receive the signed enrollment form; or
b) the date the Employee becomes covered for Employee coverage.

Once an Employee has dependent coverage for Initial Dependents, the Employee must notify Us of a Newly Acquired Dependent within the [30] days after the Newly Acquired Dependent's Eligibility Date. If the Employee does not, the Newly Acquired Dependent is a Late Enrollee.

A Newly Acquired Dependent other than a newborn child or newly adopted child, including a child placed for adoption, will be covered from the later of:
a) the date the Employee notifies Us [and agrees to make any additional payments], or
b) the Dependent's Eligibility Date for the Newly Acquired Dependent.

If the Contractholder who purchased this Contract purchased it to replace a plan the Contractholder had with some other carrier, a Dependent who is Totally Disabled on the date this Contract takes effect will initially be eligible for limited coverage under this Contract if:
a) the Dependent was validly covered under the Contractholder's old plan on the date the Contractholder's old plan ended; and
b) this Contract takes effect immediately upon termination of the prior plan.

The coverage under this Contract will be limited to coverage for services or supplies for conditions other than the disabling condition. Such limited coverage under this Contract will end one year from the date the person's coverage under this Contract begins. Coverage for services or supplies for the disabling condition will be provided as stated in an extended health benefits, or like provision, contained in the Contractholder's old plan. Thereafter, coverage will not be limited as described in this provision, but will be subject to the terms and conditions of this Contract.

Newborn Children
We will cover an Employee's newborn child for 31 days from the date of birth without additional premium. Coverage may be continued beyond such 31-day period as stated below:
a) If the Employee is already covered for Dependent child coverage on the date the child is born, coverage automatically continues beyond the initial 31 days, provided the premium required for Dependent child coverage continues to be paid. The Employee must notify Us of the birth of the newborn child as soon as possible in order that We may properly provide coverage under this Contract.
b) If the Employee is not covered for Dependent child coverage on the date the child is born, the Employee must:
1) give written notice to enroll the newborn child[; and
2) pay the premium required for Dependent child coverage within 31 days after the date of birth for coverage to continue beyond the initial 31 days.]

If the notice is not given [and the premium is not paid] within such 31-day period, the newborn child's coverage will end at the end of such 31-day period. If the notice is given and the premium paid after that 31-day period, the child will be a Late Enrollee.

When Dependent Coverage Ends
A Dependent's coverage under this Contract will end on the first of the following dates:
a) [the date] Employee coverage ends;
[b) the date the Employee stops being a member of a class of Employees eligible for such coverage;]
[c)]. the date this Contract ends;
[d)]. the date Dependent coverage is dropped from this Contract for all Employees eligible for such coverage;
[e). the date an Employee fails to pay any required part of the cost of Dependent coverage. It ends on the last day of the period for which the Employee made the required payments, unless coverage ends earlier for other reasons.]
[f)]. At 12:01 a.m. [on the last day of the calendar month following] [on] the date the Dependent stops being an eligible Dependent.
[g)]. with respect to a Dependent spouse, the date the spouse moves his or her permanent residence outside the Service Area.]

EXTENDED HEALTH BENEFITS

If this Contract ends and a [Member] is Totally Disabled and under a Practitioner's care, We will extend health benefits for that person under this Contract as explained below. This is done at no cost to the [Member].

We will only extend benefits for a [Member] due to the disabling condition. Any services and supplies must be provided before the extension ends. And what We cover is based on all the terms of this Contract.

We do not cover services, supplies, or charges due to other conditions. And, We do not cover services, supplies or charges incurred by other family members.

The extension ends on the earliest of:
a) the date the Total Disability ends;
b) one year from the date the person's coverage under this Contract ends; or
c) the date the person has reached the payment limit, if any, for his or her disabling condition.

The Employee must submit evidence to Us that he or she or his or her Dependent is Totally Disabled, if We request it.

TERMINATION FOR CAUSE
If any of the following conditions exist, We may give written notice to the [Member] that the person is no longer covered under this Contract:

a) **Untenable Relationship:** After reasonable efforts, We and/or [Network] Providers are unable to establish and maintain a satisfactory relationship with the [Member] or the [Member] fails to abide by our rules and regulations, or the [Member] acts in a manner which is verbally or physically abusive.
b) **Misuse of Identification Card:** The [Member] permits any other person who is not authorized by Us to use any Identification Card We issue to the [Member].
c) **Furnishing Incorrect or Incomplete Information:** The [Member] furnishes material information that is either incorrect or incomplete in a statement made for the purpose of effecting coverage under this Contract. This condition is subject to the provisions of the **Incontestability of the Contract** section.
d) **Nonpayment:** The [Member] fails to pay any Copayment [or Coinsurance] or to make any reimbursement to Us required under this Contract.
e) **Misconduct:** The [Member] abuses the system, including but not limited to; theft, damage to [Our] [[Network] Provider's] property, forgery of drug prescriptions, and consistent failure to keep scheduled appointments.
f) **Failure to Cooperate:** The [Member] fails to assist Us in coordinating benefits as described in the **Coordination of Benefits and Services** section.

If We give the [Member] such written notice:
a) that person will cease to be a [Member] for the coverage under this Contract immediately if termination is occurring due to **Misuse of Identification Card** (b above) or **Misconduct** (e above), otherwise, on the date 31 days after such written notice is given by Us; and
b) no benefits will be provided to the [Member] under the Contract after that date.

Any action by Us under these provisions is subject to review in accordance with the Appeals Procedures We establish.

[MEMBER] PROVISIONS: APPLICABLE TO [NETWORK] SERVICES AND SUPPLIES

THE ROLE OF A [MEMBER'S] PRIMARY CARE PHYSICIAN
A [Member's] Primary Care Physician provides basic health maintenance services and coordinates a [Member's] overall health care. Anytime a [Member] needs medical care, the [Member] should contact his or her Primary Care Physician [or the Care Manager] and identify himself or herself as a [Member] of this program.

In an Emergency, a [Member] may go directly to the emergency room. If a [Member] does, then the [Member] must call his or her Primary Care Physician [or the Care Manager] and [Member] Services within 48 hours. If a [Member] does not call within 48 hours, We will provide services only if We [or the Care Manager] Determine that notice was given as soon as was reasonably possible.

[THE ROLE OF THE CARE MANAGER. The Care Manager will manage a [Member's] treatment for [a Biologically-based Mental Illness, a Non-Biologically-based Mental Illness, Substance Abuse, or Alcohol Abuse]. A [Member] must contact the Care Manager or the [Member's] Primary Care Physician when a [Member] needs treatment for one of these conditions.]

SELECTING OR CHANGING A PRIMARY CARE PHYSICIAN [OR HEALTH CENTER]
When an Employee first obtains this coverage, the Employee and each of the Employee's covered Dependents must select a Primary Care Physician [or Health Center].

[Members] select a Primary Care Physician [or Health Center] from Our [Physician or Practitioners Directory]; this choice is solely a [Member's]. However, We cannot guarantee the availability of a particular Practitioner. If the Primary Care Physician initially selected cannot accept additional patients, a [Member] will be notified and given an opportunity to make another Primary Care Physician selection. [If a [Member] fails to select a Primary Care Physician [or Health Center], We will make a selection on behalf of the [Member].]

[After initially selecting a Primary Care Physician, [Members] can transfer to different Primary Care Physicians if the physician-patient relationship becomes unacceptable. The [[Member] can select another Primary Care Physician from Our [Physician or Practitioners] Directory].

For a discretionary change of PCP, the new PCP selection will take effect no more than 14 days following the date of the request. For a change necessitated by termination of the prior PCP from the Network, the new PCP selection will take effect immediately.

IDENTIFICATION CARD
The Identification Card issued by Us to [Members] pursuant to this Contract is for identification purposes only. Possession of an Identification Card confers no right to services or benefits under this Contract, and misuse of such Identification Card constitutes grounds for termination of [Member's] coverage. If the [Member] who misuses the card is the Employee, coverage may be terminated for the Employee as well as any of the Employee's Dependents who are [Members]. To be eligible for services or benefits under this Contract, the holder of the card must be a [Member] on whose behalf all applicable premium charges under this Contract have been paid. Any person receiving services or benefits which he or she is not entitled to receive pursuant to the provisions of this Contract shall be charged for such services or benefits at prevailing rates.

If any [Member] permits the use of his or her Identification Card by any other person, such card may be retained by Us, and all rights of such [Member] and his or her Dependents, if any, pursuant to this Contract shall be terminated immediately, subject to the Appeals Procedures.

CONFIDENTIALITY
Information contained in the medical records of [Members] and information received from physicians, surgeons, hospitals or other health professionals incident to the physician-patient relationship or hospital-patient relationship shall be kept confidential by Us; and except for use incident to bona fide medical research and education as may be permitted by law, or reasonably necessary in connection with the administration of this Contract or in the compiling of aggregate statistical data, or with respect to arbitration proceedings or litigation initiated by [Member] against Us, may not be disclosed without the [Member's] written consent, except as required or authorized by law.

INABILITY TO PROVIDE [NETWORK] SERVICES AND SUPPLIES
In the event that due to circumstances not within our reasonable control, including but not limited to major disaster, epidemic, complete or partial destruction of facilities, riot, civil insurrection, disability of a significant part of our [Network] Providers or entities with whom We have arranged for services under this Contract, or similar causes, the rendition of medical or hospital benefits or other services provided under this Contract is delayed or rendered impractical, We shall not have any liability or obligation on account of such delay or failure to provide services. We are required only to make a good faith effort to provide or arrange for the provision of services, taking into account the impact of the event.

REFERRAL FORMS
A [Member] can be Referred for Specialist Services by a [Member's] Primary Care Physician.

Except in the case of an Emergency, a [Member] will not be eligible for any [Network] services provided by anyone other than a [Member's] Primary Care Physician (including but not limited to Specialist Services) if a [Member] has not been Referred by his or her Primary Care Physician. Referrals must be obtained prior to receiving services and supplies from any Practitioner other than the [Member's] Primary Care Physician.

NON-COMPLIANCE WITH MEDICALLY NECESSARY AND APPROPRIATE TREATMENT
A [Member] has the right under New Jersey law to refuse procedures, medicines, or courses of treatment. A [Member] has the right to participate in decision-making regarding the [Member's] care. Further, a [Member] may, for personal, religious or cultural reasons disagree or not comply with procedures, medicines, or courses of treatment deemed Medically Necessary and Appropriate by a [Network] Practitioner. A [Member] who refuses procedures, medicines or courses of treatment has the right to seek a second opinion from another [Network] Practitioner. If such [Network] Practitioner(s) believe(s) that the recommended procedures, medicines, or courses of treatment are Medically Necessary and Appropriate, the [Network] Practitioner shall inform the [Member] of the consequences of not complying with the recommended procedures, medicines, or courses of treatment and seek to resolve the disagreement with the [Member] and or the [Member's] family or other person acting on the [Member's] behalf. If the [Member] refuses to comply with recommended procedures, medicines, or courses of treatment, We will notify the [Member] in writing that We will not provide further benefits or services for the particular condition or its consequences. The [Member's] decision to reject Medically Necessary and Appropriate procedures, medicines, or courses of treatment is subject to the Appeals Procedure and We will continue to provide all benefits covered by the Contract during the pendency of the Appeals Procedure. We reserve the right to expedite the Appeals Procedure. If the Appeals Procedure results in a decision upholding position of the [Network] Practitioner(s) and the dispute is unresolved, We will have no further responsibility to provide any of the benefits available under this Contract for treatment of such condition or its consequences unless the [Member] asks, in writing and within 7 days of being informed of the result of the Appeals Procedure, to terminate his or her coverage under this Contract. In such event, We will continue to provide all benefits covered by this Contract for 30 days or until the date of termination, whichever comes first, and We and the [Network] Practitioner will cooperate with the [Member] in facilitating a transfer of care.

REFUSAL OF LIFE-SUSTAINING TREATMENT
A [Member] has the right under New Jersey law to refuse life sustaining treatment. A [Member] who refuses life sustaining treatment remains eligible for all benefits including Home Health and Hospice benefits in accordance with this Contract. We will follow a [Member's] properly executed advance directive or other valid indication of refusal of life sustaining treatment.

REPORTS AND RECORDS
We are entitled to receive from any Provider of services to a [Member], such information We deem is necessary to administer this Contract, subject to all applicable confidentiality requirements as defined in this Contract. By accepting coverage under this Contract, Employee, for himself or herself, and for all Dependents covered hereunder, authorizes each and every Provider who renders services to the [Member] hereunder to disclose to Us all facts and information pertaining to the care, treatment and physical condition of the [Member] and render reports pertaining to same to Us, upon request, and to permit copying of a [Member's] records by Us.

MEDICAL NECESSITY
[Members] will receive designated benefits under the Contract only when Medically Necessary and Appropriate. We [or the Care Manager] may Determine whether any benefit provided under the Contract was Medically Necessary and Appropriate, and in connection with [Network] benefits, We have the option to select the appropriate [Network] Hospital to render services if hospitalization is necessary. Decisions as to what is Medically Necessary and Appropriate are subject to review by [Our quality assessment committee or its physician designee]. We will not, however, seek reimbursement from an eligible [Member] for the cost of any covered benefit provided under the Contract that is later Determined to have been medically unnecessary and inappropriate, when such service is rendered by a Primary Care Physician or a Provider referred in writing by the Primary Care Physician without notifying the [Member] that such benefit would not be covered under this Contract.

PROVIDER PAYMENT
[[Different] providers in Our Network have agreed to be paid [in different ways by Us. A Member's Provider may be paid] [each time he or she treats the Member ("fee for service"] [, or may be paid] [a set fee for each month for each Member whether or not the Member actually receives services ("capitation")] [, or may receive] [a salary]. [These payment methods may include financial incentive agreements to pay some providers more ("bonuses") or less ("withholds") based on many factors: Member satisfaction, quality of care, and control of costs and use of services among them.] If a Member desires additional information about how Our Primary Care Physicians or any other Provider in Our Network are compensated, please call Us at [telephone number] or write [address].

The laws of the state of New Jersey, at N.J.S.A. 45:9-22.4 et seq., mandate that a physician, chiropractor or podiatrist who is permitted to make Referrals to other health care Providers in which he or she has a significant financial interest inform his or her patients of any significant financial interest he or she may have in a health care Provider or Facility when making a Referral to that health care Provider or Facility. If a Member wants more information about this the [Member], the [Member] should contact his or her physician, chiropractor or podiatrist. If a Member believes he or she

is not receiving the information to which the Member is entitled, contact the Division of Consumer Affairs in the New Jersey Department of Law and Public Safety at (973) 504-6200 OR (800) 242-5846.]

APPEAL PROCEDURE

NOTE TO CARRIERS: Insert Appeals Procedure text here. The Appeal Procedure text must satisfy the requirements of N.J.A.C. 8:38-8.5 et seq. The text must include specific information regarding the Stage 1, Stage 2 and External Appeals process.

In addition, Carriers are reminded that 29 CFR Part 2560 addresses claims procedures. It is expected that the text included in this Appeals Procedure section will include information the Carrier deems necessary to comply with the requirements of 29 CFR Part 2560.

[CONTINUATION OF CARE

We shall provide written notice to each [Member] at least 30 business days prior to the termination or withdrawal from Our Provider Network of a [Member's] PCP and any other Provider from which the [Member] is currently receiving a course of treatment, as reported to Us. The 30-day prior notice may be waived in cases of immediate termination of a health care professional based on a breach of contract by the health care professional, a determination of fraud, or where Our medical director is of the opinion that the health care professional is an imminent danger to the patient or the public health, safety or welfare.

We shall assure continued coverage of covered services at the contract rate by a terminated health care professional for up to four months in cases where it is Medically Necessary and Appropriate for the [Member] to continue treatment with the terminated health care professional.

In case of pregnancy of a [Member], coverage of services for the terminated health care professional shall continue to the postpartum evaluation of the [Member], up to six weeks after the delivery. With respect to pregnancy, Medical Necessity and Appropriateness shall be deemed to have been demonstrated.

For a [Member] who is receiving post-operative follow-up care, We shall continue to cover the services rendered by the health care professional for the duration of the treatment or for up to six months, whichever occurs first.

For a [Member] who is receiving oncological treatment or psychiatric treatment, We shall continue to cover services rendered by the health care professional for the duration of the treatment or for up to 12 months, whichever occurs first.

For a [Member] receiving the above services in an acute care Facility, We will continue to provide coverage for services rendered by the health care professional regardless of whether the acute care Facility is under contract or agreement with Us.

Services shall be provided to the same extent as provided while the health care professional was employed by or under contact with Us. Reimbursement for services shall be pursuant to the same schedule used to reimburse the health care professional while the health care professional was employed by or under contract with Us.

If a [Member] is admitted to a health care Facility on the date this Contract is terminated, We shall continue to provide benefits for the [Member] until the date the [Member] is discharged from the Facility or exhaustion of the [Member's] benefits under this Contract, whichever occurs first.

We shall not continue services in those instance in which the health care professional has been terminated based upon the opinion of Our medical director that the health care professional is an imminent danger to a patient or to the public health, safety and welfare, a determination of fraud or a breach of contract by a health care professional. The Determination of the Medical Necessity and Appropriateness of a [Member's] continued treatment with a health care professional shall be subject to the appeal procedures set forth in this Contract. We shall not be liable for any inappropriate treatment provided to a [Member] by a health care professional who is no longer employed by or under contract with Us

If We Refer a [Member] to a [Non-Network] provider, the service or supply shall be covered as a [Network] service or supply. We are fully responsible for payment to the health care professional and the [Member's] liability shall be limited to any applicable [Network] Copayment, or Coinsurance for the service or supply.]

COVERED SERVICES AND SUPPLIES *APPLICABLE TO [NETWORK] SERVICES AND SUPPLIES*

[Members] are entitled to receive the services and supplies in the following sections when Medically Necessary and Appropriate, subject to the payment by [Members] of applicable Copayments [Cash Deductible,] [or Coinsurance] as stated in the applicable Schedule and subject to the terms, conditions and limitations of this Contract. Read the entire Contract to determine what treatment, services and supplies are limited or excluded.

*Please read the **COVERED SERVICES AND SUPPLIES** section carefully.*

[COVERAGE PROVISION

The Cash Deductible
Each Calendar Year, each Member must incur charges for Covered Services or Supplies that exceed the Cash Deductible before We provide coverage for Covered Services or Supplies to that person. The Cash Deductible is shown in the Schedule. The Cash Deductible cannot be met with Non-Covered Services or Supplies. Only charges for Covered Services or Supplies incurred by the Member while covered by this Contract can be used to meet this Cash Deductible.

Once the Cash Deductible is met, We provide coverage for other Covered Services or Supplies above the Cash Deductible incurred by that Member, less any applicable Coinsurance or Copayments, for the rest of that Calendar Year. But all charges must be incurred while that Member is covered by this Contract. What We cover is based on all the terms of this Contract.]

[Family Deductible Limit
This Policy has a family deductible limit of two Cash Deductibles for each Calendar Year. Once two Covered Persons in a family meet their individual Cash Deductibles in a Calendar Year, We provide coverage for Covered Services and Supplies for all Members who are part of the covered family, less any applicable Coinsurance or Copayments, for the rest of that Calendar Year. What We pay is based on all the terms of this Contract.]

[Maximum Out of Pocket
Maximum out of pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Member must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all Covered Services or Supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Member has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for Covered Services or Supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.]

[Once two Members in a family meet their individual Maximum Out of Pocket, no other Member in that family will be required to pay any amounts as Copayments, Deductible or Coinsurance for covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.]

If This Plan Replaces Another Plan
The Contractholder who purchased this Contract may have purchased it to replace a plan the Contractholder had with some other carrier.

The Member may have incurred charges for covered services and supplies under the Contractholder's old plan before it ended. If so, these charges will be used to meet this Contract's Cash Deductible if:
a) the charges were incurred during the Calendar Year in which this Contract starts;
b) this Contract would have provided coverage for the charges if this Contract had been in effect:
c) the Member was covered by the old plan when it ended and enrolled in this Contract on its Effective Date; and
d) this Contract takes effect immediately upon termination of the prior plan.

Please note: Although Deductible credit is given, there is no credit for Coinsurance.]

Note to carriers: The Coverage Provision section is only to be included in plans where Network coverage is subject to deductible and coinsurance.]

(a) **OUTPATIENT SERVICES.** The following services are covered only at the Primary Care Physician's office [or Health Center] selected by a [Member], or elsewhere upon prior Referral by a [Member's] Primary Care Physician [or Health Center] [or the Care Manager].

1) **Office visits** during office hours, and during non-office hours when Medically Necessary and Appropriate.
2) **Home visits** by a [Member's] Primary Care Physician.
3) **Periodic health examinations** to include:
a) Well child care from birth including immunizations;
b) Routine physical examinations, including eye examinations;
c) Routine gynecological exams and related services;
d) Routine ear and hearing examination; and
e) Routine allergy injections and immunizations (but not if solely for the purpose of travel or as a requirement of a [Member's] employment).
4) **Diagnostic Services.**
5) **Casts and dressings.**
6) **Ambulance service** when certified in writing as Medically Necessary and Appropriate by a [Member's] Primary Care Physician and Pre-Approved by Us.
7) **Procedures and Prescription Drugs to enhance fertility**, except where specifically excluded in this Contract. We cover charges for: artificial insemination; and standard dosages, lengths of treatment and cycles of therapy of Prescription Drugs. The Prescription Drugs noted in this section are subject to the terms and conditions of the Prescription Drugs section of this Contract.
8) **Prosthetic Devices** when We arrange for them. We cover only the initial fitting and purchase of artificial limbs and eyes, and other prosthetic devices. And they must take the place of a natural part of a [Member's] body, or be needed due to a functional birth defect in a covered Dependent Child. We do not provide for replacements (unless Medically Necessary and Appropriate), repairs, or wigs. We do not cover dental prosthetics or devices other than as a replacement for natural teeth lost due to Injury, as stated in the Dental Care and Treatment provision of this Contract.
9) **Durable Medical Equipment** when ordered by a [Member's] Primary Care Physician and arranged through Us.
10) [Subject to Our Pre-Approval, as applicable,]**Prescription Drugs** including **contraceptives which require a Practitioner's prescription** and insulin needles and insulin syringes and glucose test strips and lancets; and colostomy bags, belts, and irrigators when obtained through a [Network] Provider.

[A prescription or refill will not include a prescription or refill that is more than:
a) the greater of a 30 day supply or 100 unit doses for each prescription or refill; or
b) the amount usually prescribed by the [Member's] [Network] Provider.
A supply will be considered to be furnished at the time the Prescription Drug is received.]
[We have identified certain Prescription Drugs for which Pre-Approval is required. We will provide the list of Prescription Drugs for which Pre-Approval is required to each Employee. We will give at least 30 days advance written notice to the Employee before revising the list of Prescription Drugs to add a Prescription Drug to the list.

[If a Member brings a prescription for a Prescription Drug for which We require Pre-Approval to a Pharmacy and Pre-Approval has not yet been secured, [the Member must contact Us to request Pre-Approval.] [the Pharmacy will contact the Practitioner to request that the Practitioner contact Us to secure Pre-Approval.] The Pharmacy will dispense a 96-hour supply of the Prescription Drug. We will review the Pre-Approval request within the time period allowed by law. If We give Pre-Approval, We will notify the Pharmacy and the balance of the Prescription Drug will be dispensed with benefits for the Prescription Drug being paid subject to the terms of this Contract. If We do not give Pre-Approval, the Member may ask that the Pharmacy dispense the balance of the Prescription Drug, with the Member paying for the Prescription Drug. The Member may submit a claim for the Prescription Drug, subject to the terms of this Contract. The Member may appeal the decision by following the Appeals Procedure process set forth in this Contract.]

We cover Medically Necessary and Appropriate supplies which require a prescription, are prescribed by a Practitioner, and are essential to the administration of the prescription drug.

11) **Nutritional Counseling** for the management of disease entities which have a specific diagnostic criteria that can be verified. The nutritional counseling must be prescribed by a [Member's] Primary Care Physician and Pre-Approved by Us.
12) **Dental x-rays** when related to Covered Services.
13) **Oral Surgery** in connection with bone fractures, removal of tumors and orthodontogenic cysts, and other surgical procedures, as We approve.
14) **Food and Food Products for Inherited Metabolic Diseases**: We cover charges incurred for the therapeutic treatment of inherited metabolic diseases, including the purchase of medical foods (enteral formula) and low protein modified food products as determined to be medically necessary by a [Member's] Practitioner.

For the purpose of this benefit:
"inherited metabolic disease" means a disease caused by an inherited abnormality of body chemistry for which testing is mandated by law;
"low protein modified food product" means a food product that is specially formulated to have less than one gram of protein per serving and is intended to be used under the direction of a Practitioner for the dietary treatment of an inherited metabolic disease, but does not include a natural food that is naturally low in protein; and
"medical food" means a food that is intended for the dietary treatment of a disease or condition for which nutritional requirements are established by medical evaluation and is formulated to be consumed or administered enterally under the direction of a Practitioner.
15) **Specialized non-standard infant formulas** are covered to the same extent and subject to the same terms and conditions as coverage is provided under this [Contract] for Prescription Drugs. We cover specialized non-standard infant formulas provided:
a) The Child's Practitioner has diagnosed the Child as having multiple food protein intolerance and has determined the formula to be medically necessary; and
b) The Child has not been responsive to trials of standard non-cow milk-based formulas, including soybean and goat milk.
We may review continued Medical Necessity and Appropriateness of the specialized infant formula.
16) Unless otherwise provided in the Charges for the Treatment of Hemophilia section below, **Blood, blood products, blood transfusions** and the cost of testing and processing blood. But We do not cover blood which has been donated or replaced on behalf of the Member.
17) **Charges for the Treatment of Hemophilia.** The Providers in Our Network providing Medically Necessary and Appropriate home treatment services for bleeding episodes associated with hemophilia shall comply with standards adopted by the Department of Health and Senior Services in consultation with the Hemophilia Association of New Jersey.

We will cover the services of a clinical laboratory at a Hospital with a state-designated outpatient regional care center regardless of whether the Hospital's clinical laboratory is a [Network] Provider if the Member's Practitioner determines that the Hospital's clinical laboratory is necessary because: a) the results of laboratory tests are medically necessary immediately or sooner than the normal return time for Our network clinical laboratory; or b) accurate test results need to be determined by closely supervised procedures in venipuncture and laboratory techniques in controlled environments that cannot be achieved by Our Network clinical laboratory.

We will pay the Hospital's clinical laboratory for the laboratory services at the same rate We would pay a Network clinical laboratory for comparable services.
18) **Colorectal Cancer Screening** We provide coverage for colorectal cancer screening provided to a Member age 50 or over and to younger [Members] who are considered to be high risk for colorectal cancer. Coverage will be provided, subject to all the terms of this Contract, and the following limitations:

Subject to the American Cancer Society guidelines, and medical necessity as determined by the [Member's] Practitioner in consultation with the [Member] regarding methods to use, We will cover:
a) a screening fecal occult blood test;
b) flexible sigmoidoscopy,
c) colonoscopy;
d) barium enema;
e) any combination of the services listed in items a – d above; or
f) the most reliable medically recognized screening test available.

We will provide coverage for the above methods at the frequency recommended by the most recent published guidelines of the American Cancer Society and as determined to be medically necessary by the [Member's] practitioner in consultation with the [Member].

High risk for colorectal cancer means a [Member] has:
a) A family history of: familial adenomatous polyposis, heriditary non-polyposis colon cancer; or breast, ovarian, endometrial or colon cancer or polyps;
b) Chronic inflammatory bowel disease; or
c) A background, ethnicity or lifestyle that the practitioner believes puts the person at elevated risk for colorectal cancer.
19) **Newborn Hearing Screening** We provide coverage up to a maximum of 28 days following the date of birth for screening for newborn hearing loss by appropriate electrophysiologic screening measures. In addition, We provide coverage between age 29 days and 36 months for the periodic monitoring of infants for delayed onset hearing loss.

(b) **SPECIALIST DOCTOR BENEFITS** Services are covered when rendered by a [Network] Specialist Doctor at the Practitioner's office [, or Health Center,] or any other [Network] Facility or a [Network] Hospital outpatient department during office or business hours upon prior Referral by a [Member's] Primary Care Physician.

(c) **INPATIENT HOSPICE, HOSPITAL, REHABILITATION CENTER & SKILLED NURSING CENTER BENEFITS.** Except as stated below, the following Services are covered when hospitalized by a [Network] Provider upon prior Referral from a [Member's] Primary Care Physician, only at [Network] Hospitals and [Network] Facilities (or at [Non-Network] Facilities subject to Our Pre-Approval); however, [Network] Skilled Nursing Facility Services and Supplies are limited to those which constitute Skilled Nursing Care and Hospice services are subject to Our Pre-Approval.
Exception: If a [Member] is admitted to a Network Facility by a Non-Network Provider, the Network Facility will nevertheless be paid Network benefits.

1. Semi-private room and board accommodations
Except as stated below, We provide coverage for Inpatient care for:

a) a minimum of 72 hours following a modified radical mastectomy; and
b) a minimum of 48 hours following a simple mastectomy.

Exception: The minimum 72 or 48 hours, as appropriate, of Inpatient care will not be covered if the [Member], in consultation with the [Network] Provider, determine that a shorter length of stay is Medically Necessary and Appropriate.

- As an exception to the Medically Necessary and Appropriate requirement of this Contract, We also provide coverage for the mother and newly born child for:

⇒ a minimum of 48 hours of Inpatient care in a [Network] Hospital following a vaginal delivery; and
⇒ a minimum of 96 hours of Inpatient care in a [Network] Hospital following a cesarean section.

- We provide such coverage subject to the following:

⇒ the attending Practitioner must determine that Inpatient care is medically necessary; or
⇒ the mother must request the Inpatient care.

- [As an alternative to the minimum level of Inpatient care described above, the mother may elect to participate in a home care program provided by Us.]

2. Private accommodations [will be provided only when approved in advance by Us]. If a [Member] occupies a private room without such approval [Member] shall be directly liable to the Hospice, Hospital, Rehabilitation Center or Skilled Nursing Facility for the difference between payment by Us to the Hospice, Hospital, Rehabilitation Center or Skilled Nursing Facility of the per diem or other agreed upon rate for semi-private accommodation established between Us and the [Network] Hospice, [Network] Hospital, [Network] Rehabilitation Center or [Network] Skilled Nursing Center and the private room rate.
3. General nursing care
4. Use of intensive or special care facilities
5. X-ray examinations including CAT scans but not dental x-rays
6. Use of operating room and related facilities
7. Magnetic resonance imaging "MRI"
8. Drugs, medications, biologicals
9. Cardiography/Encephalography
10. Laboratory testing and services
11. Pre- and post-operative care
12. Special tests
13. Nuclear medicine
14. Therapy Services
15. Oxygen and oxygen therapy
16. Anesthesia and anesthesia services
17. Blood, blood products and blood processing
18. Intravenous injections and solutions

Surgical, medical and obstetrical services; We also cover reconstructive breast Surgery, Surgery to restore and achieve symmetry between the two breasts and the cost of prostheses following a mastectomy on one breast or both breasts. We also cover treatment of the physical complications of mastectomy, including lymphedemas.

19. The following transplants: Cornea, Kidney, Lung, Liver, Heart Pancreas and Intestines.
20. Allogeneic bone marrow transplants.

[23. Autologous bone marrow transplants and associated dose intensive chemotherapy: only for treatment of Leukemia, Lymphoma, Neuroblastoma, Aplastic Anemia, Genetic Disorders (SCID and WISCOT Alldrich) and Breast Cancer, when Pre-Approved by Us, if the [Member] is participating in a National Cancer Institute sponsored clinical trial.]

[23. Autologous Bone Marrow Transplant and Associated Dose-Intensive Chemotherapy, but only if performed by institutions approved by the National Cancer Institute, or pursuant to protocols consistent with the guidelines of the American Society of Clinical Oncologists;

21. Peripheral Blood Stem Cell Transplants, but only if performed by institutions approved by the National Cancer Institute, or pursuant to protocols consistent with the guidelines of the American Society of Clinical Oncologists.]
24. Donor's costs associated with transplants if the donor does not have health coverage that would cover the medical costs associated with his or her role as a donor. We do not cover costs for travel, accommodations, or comfort items.

(d) **BENEFITS FOR SUBSTANCE ABUSE AND NON-BIOLOGICALLY-BASED MENTAL ILLNESSES.** The following Services are covered when rendered by a [Network] Provider at Provider's office or at a [Network] Substance Abuse Center [or Health Center] [upon prior Referral by a [Member's] Primary Care Physician] [or the Care Manager]. This section does *not* address coverage for a Biologically-based Mental Illness.

1. **Outpatient.** [Members] are entitled to receive up to twenty (20) outpatient visits per Calendar Year. Benefits include diagnosis, medical, psychiatric and psychological treatment and medical Referral services by a [Member's] Primary Care Physician [or the Care Manager] for the abuse of or addiction to drugs and Non-Biologically-based Mental Illnesses. Payment for non-medical ancillary services (such as vocational rehabilitation or employment counseling) is not provided, but information regarding appropriate agencies will be provided if available. [Members] are additionally eligible, upon Referral by a [Member's] Primary Care Physician, for up to sixty (60) more outpatient visits by exchanging one or more of the inpatient hospital days described in paragraph 2 below where each exchanged inpatient day provides two outpatient visits.
1. **Inpatient Hospital Care.** [Members] are entitled to receive up to thirty (30) days of inpatient care benefits for detoxification, medical treatment for medical conditions resulting from the Substance Abuse, Referral services for Substance Abuse , and Non-Biologically-based Mental Illnesses. The following services shall be covered under inpatient treatment: (1) lodging and dietary services; (2) physician, psychologist, nurse, certified addictions counselor and trained staff services; (3) diagnostic x-ray; (4) psychiatric, psychological and medical laboratory testing; (5) drugs, medicines, equipment use and supplies.
2. **Chemical Dependency Admissions.** Repeated detoxification treatment for chronic Substance Abuse will not be covered unless in Our sole Discretion it is Determined that [Members] have been cooperative with an on-going treatment plan developed by a [Network] Provider. Failure to comply with treatment shall constitute cause for non-coverage of Substance Abuse services. Court-ordered chemical dependency admissions are not covered unless Medically Necessary and Appropriate, and only to the extent of the covered benefit as defined above.

NOTE: ANY SUBSTANCE ABUSE AND NON-BIOLOGICALLY-BASED MENTAL ILLNESSES BENEFITS A [MEMBER] RECEIVES AS [NON-NETWORK] BENEFITS WILL REDUCE THE BENEFITS AVAILABLE AS [NETWORK] NON-BIOLOGICALLY-BASED MENTAL ILLNESSES AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE SERVICES AND SUPPLIES.

(e) **BENEFITS FOR BIOLOGICALLY-BASED MENTAL ILLNESS OR ALCOHOL ABUSE.** We cover treatment of a Biologically-based Mental Illness or Alcohol Abuse the same way We would for any other Illness, if such treatment is prescribed by a [Network] Provider upon prior written Referral by a [Member]'s Primary Care Physician [or the Care Manager]. We do not pay for Custodial care, education or training.

(f) **EMERGENCY CARE BENEFITS - WITHIN AND OUTSIDE OUR SERVICE AREA.** The following services are covered without prior Referral by a [Member's] Primary Care Physician in the event of an Emergency as Determined by Us.

I. A [Member's] Primary Care Physician is required to provide or arrange for on-call coverage twenty-four (24) hours a day, seven (7) days a week. Unless a delay would be detrimental to a [Member's] health, [Member] shall call a [Member's] Primary Care Physician [or Health Center] [or Us] [or the Care Manager] prior to seeking Emergency treatment.
II. We will cover the cost of services and supplies in connection with an Emergency provided within or outside our service area without a prior Referral only if:
A. Our review Determines that a [Member's] symptoms were severe and delay of treatment would have been detrimental to a [Member's] health, the symptoms occurred suddenly, and [Member] sought immediate medical attention.
B. The service rendered is provided as a Covered Service or Supply under this Contract and is not a service or supply which is normally treated on a non-Emergency basis; and
C. We and a [Member's] Primary Care Physician are notified within 48 hours of the Emergency service and/or admission and We are furnished with written proof of the occurrence, nature and extent of the Emergency services within 30 days. [Member] shall be responsible for payment for services received unless We [or the Care Manager] Determine that a [Member's] failure to do so was reasonable under the circumstances. In no event shall reimbursement be made until We receive proper written proof.
III. In the event a [Member] is hospitalized in a [Non-Network] Facility, [Network] coverage will only be provided until [Members] are medically able to travel or to be transported to a [Network] Facility. If [Members] elect to continue treatment with [Non-Network] Providers, We shall have no responsibility to continue to provide coverage on a [Network] basis for services and supplies beyond the date [Members] are Determined to be medically able to be transported. The [Member] may be eligible for [Non-Network] benefits, subject to the terms and conditions of this Contract.

In the event that transportation is Medically Necessary and Appropriate, We will cover the Reasonable and Customary cost. Reimbursement may be subject to payment by [Members] of all Copayments which would have been required had similar benefits been provided upon prior Referral to a [Network] Provider.

4) Coverage for Emergency services includes only such treatment necessary to treat the Emergency. Any elective procedures performed after a [Member] has been admitted to a Facility as the result of an Emergency shall require prior Referral or the [Member] shall be responsible for payment.
5) The Copayment for an emergency room visit will be credited toward the Hospital Inpatient Copayment if a [Member] is admitted as an Inpatient to the Hospital as a result of the Emergency.
6) Coverage for Emergency and Urgent Care include coverage of trauma services at any designated level I or II trauma center as Medically Necessary and Appropriate, which shall be continued at least until, in the judgement of the attending physician, the Member is medically stable, no longer requires critical care, and can be safely transferred to another Facility. We also provides coverage for a medical screening examination provided upon a Member's arrival in a Hospital, as required to be performed by the Hospital in accordance with Federal law, but only as necessary to determine whether an Emergency medical condition exists. [Please note that the "911" Emergency response system may be used whenever a Covered person has a potentially life-threatening condition. Information on the use of the "911" system is included on the identification card.]

(g) **THERAPY SERVICES.** The following Services are covered when rendered by a [Network] Practitioner upon prior Referral by a [Member's] Primary Care Physician [or the Care Manager]. Subject to the stated limits, We cover the Therapy Services listed below. We cover other types of Therapy Services provided they are performed by a licensed Provider, are Medically Necessary and Appropriate and are not Experimental or Investigational.

a. *Chelation Therapy* - means the administration of drugs or chemicals to remove toxic concentrations of metals from the body.
b. *Chemotherapy* - the treatment of malignant disease by chemical or biological antineoplastic agents.
c. *Dialysis Treatment* - the treatment of an acute renal failure or a chronic irreversible renal insufficiency by removing waste products from the body. This includes hemodialysis and peritoneal dialysis.
d. *Radiation Therapy* - the treatment of disease by x-ray, radium, cobalt, or high energy particle sources. Radiation therapy includes rental or cost of radioactive materials. Diagnostic Services requiring the use of radioactive materials are not radiation therapy.
e. *Respiration Therapy* - the introduction of dry or moist gases into the lungs.
f. *Cognitive Rehabilitation Therapy* - the retraining of the brain to perform intellectual skills which it was able to perform prior to disease, trauma, Surgery, or previous therapeutic process; or the training of the brain to perform intellectual skills it should have been able to perform if there were not a congenital anomaly.
g. *Speech Therapy* - except as stated below, treatment for the correction of a speech impairment resulting from Illness, Surgery, Injury, congenital anomaly, or previous therapeutic processes. Exception: For a [Covered Person] who has been diagnosed with a biologically-based mental illness, speech therapy means treatment of a speech impairment.

Coverage for Cognitive Rehabilitation Therapy and Speech Therapy, **combined,** is limited to 30 visits per Calendar Year.

h. *Occupational Therapy* - except as stated below, treatment to restore a physically disabled person's ability to perform the ordinary tasks of daily living. Exception: For a [Covered Person] who has been diagnosed with a biologically-based mental illness, occupational therapy means treatment to develop a [Covered Person's] ability to perform the ordinary tasks of daily living.
i. *Physical Therapy* - except as stated below, the treatment by physical means to relieve pain, restore maximum function, and prevent disability following disease, Injury or loss of limb. Exception: For a [Covered Person] who has been diagnosed with a biologically-based mental illness, physical therapy means treatment to develop a [Covered Person's] physical function.

Coverage for Occupational Therapy and Physical Therapy, **combined**, is limited to 30 visits per Calendar Year.

j. *Infusion Therapy* - the administration of antibiotic, nutrients, or other therapeutic agents by direct infusion.

Note: The limitations on Therapy Services contained in this Therapy Services provision do not apply to any Therapy Services that are received under the Home Health Care provision.

NOTE: ANY THERAPY BENEFITS A [MEMBER] RECEIVES AS A [NON-NETWORK] COVERED CHARGE WILL REDUCE THE SERVICES AND SUPPLIES AVAILABLE AS [NETWORK] THERAPY SERVICES AND SUPPLIES.

(h) **HOME HEALTH CARE.** The following Services are covered upon prior written referral from a [Member]'s Primary Care Physician. When home health care can take the place of Inpatient care, We cover such care furnished to a [Member] under a written home health care plan. We cover all Medically Necessary and Appropriate services or supplies, such as:
1) Routine Nursing Care furnished by or under the supervision of a registered Nurse;
2) physical therapy;
3) occupational therapy;
4) medical social work;
5) nutrition services;
6) speech therapy;
7) home health aide services;
8) medical appliances and equipment, drugs and medications, laboratory services and special meals to the extent such items and services would have been covered under this Contract if the [Member] had been in a Hospital; and
9) any Diagnostic or therapeutic service, including surgical services performed in a Hospital Outpatient department, a Practitioner's office or any other licensed health care Facility, provided such service would have been covered under the Contract if performed as Inpatient Hospital services.

Payment is subject to all of the terms of this Contract and to the following conditions:

a. The [Member's] Practitioner must certify that home health care is needed in place of Inpatient care in a recognized Facility. Home health care is covered **only** in situations where continuing hospitalization or confinement in a Skilled Nursing Facility or Rehabilitation Center would otherwise have been required if home health care were not provided.
b. The services and supplies must be:
1. ordered by the [Member's] Practitioner;
2. included in the home health care plan: and
3. furnished by, or coordinated by, a Home Health Agency according to the written home health care plan.
The services and supplies must be furnished by recognized health care professionals on a part-time or intermittent basis, except when full-time or 24 hour service is needed on a short-term (no more than three-day) basis.
c. The home health care plan must be set up in writing by the [Member's] Practitioner within 14 days after home health care starts. And it must be reviewed by the [Member's] Practitioner at least once every 60 days.
e. We do not pay for:
1. services furnished to family members, other than the patient; or
2. services and supplies not included in the home health care plan.

Any visit by a member of a home health care team on any day shall be considered as one home health care visit.

i.) **Hospice Care** if [Members] are terminally Ill or terminally Injured with life expectancy of six months or less, as certified by the [Member's] Primary Care Physician. Services may include home and hospital visits by nurses and social workers; pain management and symptom control; instruction and supervision of family members, inpatient care; counseling and emotional support; and other home health care benefits listed above.

(j) **DENTAL CARE AND TREATMENT.** The following services are covered when rendered by a [Network] Practitioner upon prior Referral by a [Member's] Primary Care Physician. We cover:
1) the diagnosis and treatment of oral tumors and cysts; and
2) the surgical removal of bony impacted teeth.

We also cover treatment of an Injury to natural teeth or the jaw, but only if:
1) the Injury was not caused, directly or indirectly by biting or chewing; and
2) all treatment is finished within 6 months of the date of the Injury.
Treatment includes replacing natural teeth lost due to such Injury. But in no event do We cover orthodontic treatment.

For a [Member] who is severely disabled or who is a Child under age 6, We cover:
a) general anesthesia and Hospitalization for dental services; and
b) dental services rendered by a dentist regardless of where the dental services are provided for a medical condition covered by this Contract which requires Hospitalization or general anesthesia.

(k) **TREATMENT FOR TEMPOROMANDIBULAR JOINT DISORDER (TMJ)** The following services are covered when rendered by a [Network] Practitioner upon prior Referral by a [Member's] Primary Care Physician. We cover services and supplies for the Medically Necessary and Appropriate surgical and non-surgical treatment of TMJ in a [Member]. However, We do not cover any services or supplies for orthodontia, crowns or bridgework.

(l) **THERAPEUTIC MANIPULATION** The following services are covered when rendered by a [Network] Practitioner upon prior Referral by a [Member's] Primary Care Physician [or the Care Manager]. We limit what We cover for therapeutic manipulation to 30 visits per Calendar Year. And We cover no more than two modalities per visit. Services and supplies beyond 30 visits are not covered.

NOTE: ANY THERAPEUTIC MANIPULATION BENEFITS [MEMBER] RECEIVES AS [NON-NETWORK] COVERED CHARGES WILL REDUCE THE SERVICES AND SUPPLIES AVAILABLE AS [NETWORK] THERAPEUTIC MANIPULATION SERVICES AND SUPPLIES.

(m) **[Cancer Clinical Trial** We cover practitioner fees, laboratory expenses and expenses associated with Hospitalization, administering of treatment and evaluation of the Member during the course of treatment or a condition associated with a complication of the underlying disease or treatment, with are consistent with usual and customary patterns and standards of care incurred whenever a Member receives medical care associated with an Approved Cancer Clinical Trial. We will cover charges for such items and services only if they would be covered for care and treatment in a situation other than an Approved Cancer Clinical Trial.

We do not cover the cost of investigational drugs or devices themselves, the cost of any non-health services that might be required for a Member to receive the treatment or intervention, or the costs of managing the research, or any costs which would not be covered under this Contract for treatments that are not Experimental or Investigational.]

[NON-NETWORK] BENEFIT PROVISION ***APPLICABLE TO [NON-NETWORK] BENEFITS***

The Cash Deductible
Each Calendar Year, each [Member] must have Covered Charges that exceed the Cash Deductible before We pay any [Non-Network] benefits to that person. The Cash Deductible is shown in the Schedule. The Cash Deductible cannot be met with Copayments, or with Non-Covered Services and Supplies and Non-Covered Charges. Only Covered Charges incurred by the [Member] while covered by this Contract can be used to meet this Cash Deductible.

Once the Cash Deductible is met, We pay benefits for other Covered Charges above the Cash Deductible incurred by that [Member], less any applicable Coinsurance or Copayments, for the rest of that Calendar Year. But all charges must be incurred while that [Member] is covered by this Contract. And what We pay is based on all the terms of this Contract.

The Contractholder who purchased this Contract may have purchased it to replace a plan the Contractholder had with some other carrier.

The [Member] may have incurred charges for covered expenses under the Contractholder's old plan before it ended. If so, these charges will be used to meet this Contract's Cash Deductible if:
a) the charges were incurred and applied toward the satisfaction of the Cash Deductible under the Contractholder's old plan during the Calendar Year in which this Contract starts;
b) the charges would have been considered Covered Charges under this Contract if this Contract had been in effect:
c) the [Member] was covered by the old plan when it ended and enrolled in this Contract on its Effective Date; and
d) this Contract takes effect immediately upon termination of the prior plan.

[Family Deductible Limit
This Contract has a family deductible limit of two Cash Deductibles for each Calendar Year. Once two [Members] in a family meet their individual Cash Deductibles in a Calendar Year, We pay benefits for other Covered Charges incurred by any member of the covered family, less any applicable Coinsurance or Copayments, for the rest of that Calendar Year. What We pay is based on all the terms of this Contract.]

[Per Covered Family

The Per Covered Family Calendar Year Cash Deductible is shown in the Schedule. Once three or more [Members] in a family have incurred a combined total of Covered Charges toward their Per Person Cash Deductible equal to the per Covered Family Cash Deductible, each [Member] in that family will be considered to have met his or her Per Person Cash Deductible for the rest of that Calendar Year. The Charges that each [Member] in a family may use toward the Per Covered Family Cash Deductible may not exceed the amount of the Per Person Cash Deductible.]

[Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket
Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Covered Person must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all Non-Network covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Covered Person has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for Non-Network covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.

[Once two Covered Persons in a family meet their individual Maximum Out of Pocket, no other Covered Person in that family will be required to pay any amounts as Copayments, Deductible or Coinsurance for covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.]

[Once any combination of Covered Persons in a family meet an amount equal to [three] times the individual Maximum Out of Pocket, no Covered Person in that family will be required to pay any amounts as Copayments, Deductible or Coinsurance for covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.]]

[Note to Carriers: Use these paragraphs if the Maximum Out of Pocket is separate for Network and Non-Network]

[Network Maximum Out of Pocket
Network Maximum Out of Pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Covered Person must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all Network **and** Non-Network covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Network Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Covered Person has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for Network or Non-Network covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.

[Once two Covered Persons in a family meet their individual Maximum Out of Pocket, no other Covered Person in that family will be required to pay any amounts as Copayments, Deductible or Coinsurance for covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.]]

[Note to Carriers: Use this text if the Maximum Out of Pocket is common to both Network and Non-Network services and supplies.]

COVERED CHARGES *APPLICABLE TO [NON-NETWORK] BENEFITS*

This section lists the types of charges We will consider as Covered Charges and the limits which apply to such Covered Charges. But what We will pay is subject to all the terms of this Contract. Read the entire Contract to find out what We limit or exclude.

Note: Our payments will be reduced if a [Member] does not comply with the Utilization Review and Pre-Approval requirements contained in this Contract.

Hospital Charges
We cover charges for Hospital room and board and Routine Nursing Care when it is provided to [Member] by a Hospital on an Inpatient basis. But We limit what We pay each day to the room and board limit shown in the Schedule. And We cover other Medically Necessary and Appropriate Hospital services and supplies provided to a [Member] during the Inpatient confinement. If a [Member] is admitted to a Network Facility by a Non-Network Provider, the Network Facility will nevertheless be paid Network benefits.

Except as stated below, We provide coverage for Inpatient care for:
a) a minimum of 72 hours following a modified radical mastectomy; and
b) a minimum of 48 hours following a simple mastectomy.
Exception: The minimum 72 or 48 hours, as appropriate, of Inpatient care will not be covered if the [Member], in consultation with the Provider, determine that a shorter length of stay is medically necessary and appropriate.

As an **exception** to the Medically Necessary and Appropriate requirement of this Contract, We also provide coverage for the mother and newly born child for:
a) a minimum of 48 hours of Inpatient care in a Hospital following a vaginal delivery; and
b) a minimum of 96 hours of Inpatient Hospital care following a cesarean section.

We provide such coverage subject to the following:
a) the attending Practitioner must determine that Inpatient care is medically necessary; or
b) the mother must request the Inpatient care.
[As an alternative to the minimum level of inpatient care described above, the mother may elect to participate in a home care program provided by Us.]

If a [Member] incurs charges as an Inpatient in a Special Care Unit, We cover the charges up to the daily room and board limit for a Special Care Unit shown in the Schedule.

We will also cover Outpatient Hospital services, including services provided by a Hospital Outpatient clinic. And We cover emergency room treatment, subject to this Contract's **Emergency Room Copayment Requirement** section.

Any charges in excess of the Hospital semi-private daily room and board limit are not covered. This Contract's utilization review features have penalties for non-compliance that may reduce what We pay for Hospital charges.

We limit what We pay for the treatment of Non-Biologically-based Mental Illnesses and Substance Abuse. See the **Charges Covered with Special Limitations** section of this Contract.

Emergency Room Copayment Requirement
Each time a [Member] uses the services of a Hospital emergency room, he or she must pay a [$50.00] Copayment, in addition to the Cash Deductible, any other Copayments, and Coinsurance, if he or she is not admitted within 24 hours.

Emergency and Urgent Care Services
Coverage for Emergency and Urgent Care include coverage of trauma services at any designated level I or II trauma center as Medically Necessary and Appropriate, which shall be continued at least until, in the judgement of the attending physician, the Covered Person is medically stable, no longer requires critical care, and can be safely transferred to another Facility. [Carrier] also provides coverage for a medical screening examination provided upon a Covered Person's arrival in a Hospital, as required to be performed by the Hospital in accordance with Federal law, but only as necessary to determine whether an emergency medical condition exists. [Please note that the "911" emergency response system may be used whenever a Covered person has a potentially life-threatening condition. Information on the use of the "911" system is included in the identification card.]

Pre-Admission Testing Charges
We cover pre-admission x-ray and laboratory tests needed for a planned Hospital admission or Surgery. We only cover these tests if, the tests are done on an Outpatient basis within seven days of the planned admission or Surgery.

However. We will not cover tests that are repeated after admission or before Surgery, unless the admission or Surgery is deferred solely due to a change in the [Member's] health.

Extended Care or Rehabilitation Charges
Subject to Our Pre-Approval We cover charges up to the daily room and board limit for room and board and Routine Nursing Care shown in the Schedule, provided to a [Member] on an Inpatient basis in an Extended Care Center or Rehabilitation Center. Charges above the daily room and board limit are not covered.

And We cover all other Medically Necessary and Appropriate services and supplies provided to a [Member] during the confinement. But the confinement must:
a) start within 14 days of a Hospital stay; and
b) be due to the same or a related condition that necessitated the Hospital stay.

Coverage for Extended Care and Rehabilitation, combined, is limited to the first 120 days of confinement in each Calendar Year. Charges for any additional days are not covered.

But We limit what We will pay for the treatment of Non-Biologically-based Mental Illnesses and Substance Abuse. See the **Charges Covered With Special Limitations** section of this Contract.

We will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for treatment, services and supplies for Extended Care or Rehabilitation which are not Pre-Approved by Us provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under this Contract.

ANY EXTENDED CARE OR REHABILITATION SERVICES OR SUPPLIES A [MEMBER] RECEIVES AS A [NETWORK] SERVICE OR SUPPLY WILL REDUCE THE EXTENDED CARE OR REHABILITATION BENEFIT AVAILABLE AS A [NON-NETWORK] COVERED CHARGE.

Home Health Care Charges:
Subject to Our Pre-Approval, when home health care can take the place of Inpatient care, We cover such care furnished to a [Member] under a written home health care plan. We cover all Medically Necessary and Appropriate services or supplies, such as:
a) Routine Nursing care furnished by or under the supervision of a registered Nurse;
b) physical therapy;
c) occupational therapy;
d) medical social work;
e) nutrition services;
f) speech therapy;
g) home health aide services;
h) medical appliances and equipment- drugs and medications, laboratory services and special meals to the extent such items and services would have been covered under this Policy if the Covered Person had been in a Hospital; and
i) any Diagnostic or therapeutic service, including surgical services performed in a Hospital Outpatient department, a Practitioner's office or any other licensed health care Facility, provided such service would have been covered under the Contract if performed as Inpatient Hospital services.

Payment is subject to all of the terms of this Contract and to the following conditions:

a) The [Member's] Practitioner must certify that home health care is needed in place of Inpatient care in a recognized Facility. Home health care is covered **only** in situations where continuing hospitalization or confinement in a Skilled Nursing Facility or Rehabilitation Center would otherwise have been required if Home Health Care were not provided.
b) The services and supplies must be:
1. ordered by the [Member's] Practitioner;
2. included in the home health care plan: and
3. furnished by, or coordinated by, a Home Health Agency according to the written home health care plan.

The services and supplies must be furnished by recognized health care professionals on a part-time or intermittent basis, except when full-time or 24 hour service is needed on a short-term (no more than three-day) basis.
The home health care plan must be set up in writing by the [Member's] Practitioner within 14 days after home health care starts. And it must be reviewed by the [Member's] Practitioner at least once every 60 days.
We do not pay for:
A. services furnished to family members, other than the patient; or
B. services and supplies not included in the home health care plan.

Any visit by a member of a home health care team on any day shall be considered as one home health care visit.

We will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for treatment, services and supplies for Home Health Care which are not Pre-Approved by Us provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under this Contract.

Practitioner's Charges for Non-Surgical Care and Treatment
We cover Practitioner's charges for the Medically Necessary and Appropriate non-surgical care and treatment of an Illness or Injury. But We limit what We will pay for the treatment of Non-Biologically-based Mental Illnesses and Substance Abuse. See the **Charges Covered With Special Limitations** section of this Contract.

Practitioner's Charges for Surgery
We cover Practitioner's charges for Medically Necessary and Appropriate Surgery.

[Carrier] does not pay for Cosmetic Surgery unless it is required as a result of an Illness or Injury or to correct a functional defect resulting from a congenital abnormality or developmental anomaly.

[Carrier] covers reconstructive breast Surgery, Surgery to restore and achieve symmetry between the two breasts and the cost of prostheses following a mastectomy on one breast or both breasts. We also cover treatment of the physical complications of mastectomy, including lymphedemas.

Second Opinion Charges
We cover Practitioner's charges for a second opinion and charges for related x-rays and tests when a [Member] is advised to have Surgery or enter a Hospital. If the second opinion differs from the first, We cover charges for a third opinion. We cover such charges if the Practitioners who give the opinions:
a) are board certified and qualified, by reason of their specialty, to give an opinion on the proposed Surgery or Hospital admission;
b) are not business associates of the Practitioner who recommended the Surgery; and
c) in the case of a second surgical opinion, they do not perform the Surgery if it is needed.

Dialysis Center Charges
We cover charges made by a dialysis center for covered dialysis services.

Ambulatory Surgical Center Charges
We cover charges made by an Ambulatory Surgical Center in connection with covered Surgery.

Hospice Care Charges
Subject to Our Pre-Approval, We cover charges made by a Hospice for palliative and supportive care furnished to a terminally Ill or terminally Injured [Member] under a Hospice care program.

a) "Palliative and supportive care" means care and support aimed mainly at lessening or controlling pain or symptoms; it makes no attempt to cure the [Member's] terminal Illness or terminal Injury.
b) "Terminally Ill" or "terminally Injured" means that the [Member's] Practitioner has certified in writing that the [Member's] life expectancy is six months or less.

Hospice care must be furnished according to a written "hospice care program". A "hospice care program" is a coordinated program with an interdisciplinary team for meeting the special needs of the terminally Ill or terminally Injured [Member]. It must be set up and reviewed periodically by the [Member's] Practitioner.

Under a Hospice care program, subject to all the terms of this Contract, We cover any services and supplies including Prescription Drugs, to the extent they are otherwise covered by this Contract. Services and supplies may be furnished on an Inpatient or Outpatient basis.

The services and supplies must be:
a) needed for palliative and supportive care;
b) ordered by the [Member's] Practitioner;
c) included in the Hospice care program; and
d) furnished by, or coordinated by a Hospice.

We do not pay for:
a) services and supplies provided by volunteers or others who do not regularly charge for their services;
b) funeral services and arrangements;
c) legal or financial counseling or services; or
d) treatment not included in the Hospice care plan.

We will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for treatment, services and supplies for Hospice Care which are not Pre-Approved by Us provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under this Contract.

Alcohol Abuse
We pay benefits for the Covered Charges a [Member] incurs for the treatment of Alcohol Abuse the same way We would for any other Illness, if such treatment is prescribed by a Practitioner. But We do not pay for Custodial Care, education, or training.

Treatment may be furnished by:
a) **a** Hospital
b) **a** detoxification **Facility licensed under New Jersey P.L. 1975, Chapter 305; or**
c) a licensed, certified or state approved residential treatment Facility under a program which meets the minimum standards of care of the Joint Commission.

Treatment for Biologically-based Mental Illness
We pay benefits for the Covered Charges a [Member] incurs for the treatment of Biologically-based Mental Illness the same way We would for any other Illness, if such treatment is prescribed by a Practitioner. We do not pay for Custodial Care, education, or training.

Pregnancy
This Contract pays for pregnancies the same way We would cover an Illness. The charges We cover for a newborn child are explained [on the next page.]

Birthing Center Charges
We cover Birthing Center charges made by a Practitioner for pre-natal care, delivery, and post partum care in connection with a [Member's] pregnancy. We cover charges up to the daily room and board limit for room and board shown in the Schedule when Inpatient care is provided to a [Member] by a Birthing Center. But charges above the daily room and board limit are not covered.

We cover all other Medically Necessary and Appropriate services and supplies during the confinement.

Benefits for a Covered Newborn Child
We cover charges for the child's routine nursery care while he or she is in the Hospital or a Birthing Center. Charges are covered up to a maximum of 7 days following the date of birth. This includes:
a) nursery charges;
b) charges for routine Practitioner's examinations and tests; and
c) charges for routine procedures, like circumcision.

Subject to all of the terms of this Contract, We cover the care and treatment of a covered newborn child if he or she is Ill, Injured, premature, or born with a congenital birth defect.

ANY NEWBORN CHILD SERVICES OR SUPPLIES A [MEMBER] RECEIVES AS A [NETWORK] SERVICE OR SUPPLY WILL REDUCE THE NEWBORN CHILD BENEFIT AVAILABLE AS A [NON-NETWORK] COVERED CHARGE.

Anesthetics and Other Services and Supplies
We cover anesthetics and their administration; hemodialysis, casts; splints; and surgical dressings. We cover the initial fitting and purchase of braces, trusses, orthopedic footwear and crutches. We cover Medically Necessary and Appropriate replacements or repairs for braces, trusses, orthopedic footwear and crutches.

Blood
Unless otherwise provided in the **Charges for the Treatment of Hemophilia** section below, We cover blood, blood products, blood transfusions and the cost of testing and processing blood. But We do not pay for blood which has been donated or replaced on behalf of the [Member].

Charges for the Treatment of Hemophilia
We cover Medically Necessary and Appropriate home treatment services for bleeding episodes associated with hemophilia including the purchase of blood products and blood infusion equipment.

We will cover the services of a clinical laboratory at a Hospital with a state-designated outpatient regional care center regardless of whether the Hospital's clinical laboratory is a Network Provider if the Member's Practitioner determines that the Hospital's clinical laboratory is necessary because: a) the results of laboratory tests are medically necessary immediately or sooner than the normal return time for Our network clinical laboratory; or b) accurate test results need to be determined by closely supervised procedures in venipuncture and laboratory techniques in controlled environments that cannot be achieved by Our network clinical laboratory.

We will pay the Hospital's clinical laboratory for the laboratory services at the same rate We would pay a Network clinical laboratory for comparable services.]

Ambulance Charges
We cover Medically Necessary and Appropriate charges for transporting a [Member] to:
a) a local Hospital if needed care and treatment can be provided by a local Hospital;
b) the nearest Hospital where needed care and treatment can be given, if a local Hospital cannot provide such care and treatment. But it must be connected with an Inpatient confinement; or
c) transporting a [Member] to another Inpatient health care Facility.

It can be by professional Ambulance service, train or plane. But We do not pay for chartered air flights. And We will not pay for other travel or communication expenses of patients, Practitioners, Nurses or family members.

Durable Medical Equipment
Subject to Our Pre-Approval, We cover charges for the rental of Durable Medical Equipment needed for therapeutic use. At Our option, and with Our Pre-Approval, We may cover the purchase of such items when it is less costly and more practical than rental. But We do not pay for:
a) replacements or repairs; or
b) the rental or purchase of items such as air conditioners, exercise equipment, saunas and air humidifiers which do not fully meet the definition of Durable Medical Equipment.

We will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for Durable Medical Equipment which are not Pre-Approved by Us provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under this Contract.

Treatment of Wilm's Tumor
We pay benefits for Covered Charges incurred for the treatment of Wilm's tumor in a [Member]. We treat such charges the same way We treat Covered Charges for any other Illness. Treatment can include, but is not limited to, autologous bone marrow transplants when standard chemotherapy treatment is unsuccessful. We pay benefits for this treatment even if it is deemed Experimental or Investigational. What We pay is based on all of the terms of this Contract.

Nutritional Counseling
Subject to Our Pre-Approval, We cover charges for nutritional counseling for the management of disease entities which have a specific diagnostic criteria that can be verified. The nutritional counseling must be prescribed by a Practitioner, and provided by a Practitioner.

We will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for Nutritional Counseling which are not Pre-Approved by Us provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under this Contract.

Food and Food Products for Inherited Metabolic Diseases
We cover charges incurred for the therapeutic treatment of inherited metabolic diseases, including the purchase of medical foods (enteral formula) and low protein modified food products as determined to be medically necessary by the [Member's] Practitioner.

For the purpose of this benefit:
"inherited metabolic disease" means a disease caused by an inherited abnormality of body chemistry for which testing is mandated by law;
"low protein modified food product" means a food product that is specially formulated to have less than one gram of protein per serving and is intended to be used under the direction of a Practitioner for the dietary treatment of an inherited metabolic disease, but does not include a natural food that is naturally low in protein; and
"medical food" means a food that is intended for the dietary treatment of a disease or condition for which nutritional requirements are established by medical evaluation and is formulated to be consumed or administered enterally under the direction of a Practitioner.

Specialized Infant Formulas
We cover specialized non-standard infant formulas to the same extent and subject to the same terms and conditions as coverage is provided under this [Contract] for Prescription Drugs. We cover specialized non-standard infant formulas provided:
c) The Child's Practitioner has diagnosed the Child as having multiple food protein intolerance and has determined the formula to be medically necessary; and
d) The Child has not been responsive to trials of standard non-cow milk-based formulas, including soybean and goat milk.
We may review continued Medical Necessity and Appropriateness of the specialized infant formula.

X-Rays and Laboratory Tests
We cover x-rays and laboratory tests which are Medically Necessary and Appropriate to treat an Illness or Injury. But, except as covered under this Contract's Preventive Care section, We do not pay for x-rays and tests done as part of routine physical checkups.

Prescription Drugs
[Subject to Our pre-Approval for certain Prescription Drugs,] We cover drugs to treat an Illness or Injury and contraceptive drugs which require a Practitioner's prescription. And We exclude drugs that can be bought without a prescription, even if a Practitioner orders them.
[We have identified certain Prescription Drugs for which Pre-Approval is required. We will provide the list of Prescription Drugs for which Pre-Approval is required to each Employee prior to enforcing the Pre-Approval requirement. We will give at least 30 days advance written notice to the Employee before adding a Prescription Drug to the list.

[If a [Member] brings a prescription for a Prescription Drug for which We require Pre-Approval to a Pharmacy and Pre-Approval has not yet been secured, [the [Member] must contact Us to request Pre-Approval.] [the Pharmacy will contact the Practitioner to request that the Practitioner contact Us to secure Pre-Approval.] The Pharmacy will dispense a 96-hour supply of the Prescription Drug. We will review the Pre-Approval request within the time period allowed by law. If We give Pre-Approval, We will notify the Pharmacy and the balance of the Prescription Drug will be dispensed with benefits for the Prescription Drug being paid subject to the terms of this Contract. If We do not give Pre-Approval, the [Member] may ask that the Pharmacy dispense the balance of the Prescription Drug, with the [Member] paying for the Prescription Drug. The [Member] may submit a claim for the Prescription Drug, subject to the terms of this Contract. The [Member] may appeal the decision by following the Appeals Procedure process set forth in this Contract.]

Supplies to Administer Prescription Drugs
We cover Medically Necessary and Appropriate supplies which require a prescription, are prescribed by a Practitioner, and are essential to the administration of the Prescription Drug.

COVERED CHARGES WITH SPECIAL LIMITATIONS ***APPLICABLE TO [NON-NETWORK] BENEFITS***

Cancer Clinical Trial
We cover practitioner fees, laboratory expenses and expenses associated with Hospitalization, administering of treatment and evaluation of the [Member] during the course of treatment or a condition associated with a complication of the underlying disease or treatment, which are consistent with usual and customary patterns and standards of care incurred whenever a [Member] receives medical care associated with an Approved Cancer Clinical Trial. We will cover charges for such items and services only if they would be covered for care and treatment in a situation other than an Approved Cancer Clinical Trial.

We do not cover the cost of investigational drugs or devices themselves, the cost of any non-health services that might be required for a [Member] to receive the treatment or intervention, or the costs of managing the research, or any costs which would not be covered under this Contract for treatments that are not Experimental or Investigational.]

Dental Care and Treatment
We cover:
a) the diagnosis and treatment of oral tumors and cysts; and
b) the surgical removal of bony impacted teeth.

We also cover treatment of an Injury to natural teeth or the jaw, but only if:
a) the Injury was not caused, directly or indirectly by biting or chewing; and
b) all treatment is finished within 6 months of the date of the Injury.
Treatment includes replacing natural teeth lost due to such Injury. But in no event do We cover orthodontic treatment.

For a [Member] who is severely disabled or who is a Child under age 6, We cover:
c) general anesthesia and Hospitalization for dental services; and
d) dental services rendered by a dentist regardless of where the dental services are provided for a medical condition covered by this Policy which requires Hospitalization or general anesthesia.

Treatment for Temporomandibular Joint Disorder (TMJ)
We cover charges for the Medically Necessary and Appropriate surgical and non-surgical treatment of TMJ in a [Member]. However, We do not cover any charges for orthodontia, crowns or bridgework.

Prosthetic Devices
We limit what We pay for prosthetic devices. Subject to Our Pre-Approval, We cover only the initial fitting and purchase of artificial limbs and eyes, and other prosthetic devices. And they must take the place of a natural part of a [Member's] body, or be needed due to a functional birth defect in a covered Dependent child. We do not pay for replacements, unless they are Medically Necessary and Appropriate. We do not pay for repairs, or wigs. We do not cover dental prosthetics or devices other than as a replacement for natural teeth lost due to Injury, as stated in the Dental Care and Treatment provision of this Contract.

We will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for Prosthetic Devices which are not Pre-Approved by Us provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under this Contract.

Mammogram Charges
We cover charges made for mammograms provided to a female [Member] according to the schedule given below. Benefits will be paid, subject to all the terms of this Contract, and the following limitations:

We will cover charges for:
a) one baseline mammogram for a female [Member], ages 35 - 39
b) one mammogram, every year, for a female [Member] ages 40 and older.

Please note that mammograms are included under the Preventive Care provision. A female [Member] may elect to apply any unused Preventive Care allowance for a mammogram. If a [Member] has exhausted the available annual Preventive Care benefit, the mammogram may be covered subject to the terms of this Mammogram Charges provision.

Colorectal Cancer Screening Charges
We cover charges made for colorectal cancer screening provided to a Member age 50 or over and to younger [Members] who are considered to be high risk for colorectal cancer. Benefits will be paid, subject to all the terms of this Contract, and the following limitations:

Subject to the American Cancer Society guidelines, and medical necessity as determined by the [Member's] Practitioner in consultation with the [Member] regarding methods to use, We will cover charges for:
a) a screening fecal occult blood test;
b) flexible sigmoidoscopy,
c) colonoscopy;
d) barium enema;
e) any combination of the services listed in items a – d above; or
f) the most reliable medically recognized screening test available.

We will cover the above methods at the frequency recommended by the most recent published guidelines of the American Cancer Society and as determined to be medically necessary by the [Member's] practitioner in consultation with the [Member.]

High risk for colorectal cancer means a [Member] has:
a) A family history of: familial adenomatous polyposis, heriditary non-polyposis colon cancer; or breast, ovarian, endometrial or colon cancer or polyps;
b) Chronic inflammatory bowel disease; or
c) A background, ethnicity or lifestyle that the practitioner believes puts the person at elevated risk for colorectal cancer.

Please note that since colorectal cancer screening is included under the Preventive Care provision, a [Member] may elect to apply any unused Preventive Care allowance for colorectal cancer screening. If a Member has exhausted the available annual Preventive Care benefit, or elects not to use any available Preventive Care benefit to cover the colorectal cancer screening, the colorectal cancer screening may be covered subject to the terms of this Colorectal Cancer Screening Charges provision.

Private Duty Nursing Care
We **only** cover charges by a Nurse for Medically Necessary and Appropriate private duty nursing care if such care is authorized as part of a home health care plan, coordinated by a Home Health Agency, and covered under the **Home Health Care Charges** section. Any other charges for private duty nursing care are not covered.

Therapy Services
Therapy Services mean the following services or supplies, ordered by a Practitioner and used to treat, or promote recovery from, an Injury or Illness:

Subject to the stated limits, We cover the Therapy Services listed below. We cover other types of Therapy Services provided they are performed by a licensed Provider, are Medically Necessary and Appropriate and are not Experimental or Investigational.

a. *Chelation Therapy* - means the administration of drugs or chemicals to remove toxic concentrations of metals from the body.
b. *Chemotherapy* - the treatment of malignant disease by chemical or biological antineoplastic agents.
c. *Dialysis Treatment* - the treatment of an acute renal failure or a chronic irreversible renal insufficiency by removing waste products from the body. This includes hemodialysis and peritoneal dialysis.
d. *Radiation Therapy* - the treatment of disease by x-ray, radium, cobalt, or high energy particle sources. Radiation therapy includes rental or cost of radioactive materials. Diagnostic Services requiring the use of radioactive materials are not radiation therapy.
e. *Respiration Therapy* - the introduction of dry or moist gases into the lungs.

[Subject to Our Pre-Approval,] We cover the Therapy Services listed below, subject to stated limitations:

f. *Cognitive Rehabilitation Therapy* - the retraining of the brain to perform intellectual skills which it was able to perform prior to disease, trauma, Surgery, or previous therapeutic process; or the training of the brain to perform intellectual skills it should have been able to perform if there were not a congenital anomaly.
g. *Speech Therapy* -except as stated below, treatment for the correction of a speech impairment resulting from Illness, Surgery, Injury, congenital anomaly, or previous therapeutic processes. Exception: For a [Covered Person] who has been diagnosed with a biologically-based mental illness, speech therapy means treatment of a speech impairment.

Coverage for Cognitive Rehabilitation Therapy and Speech Therapy, **combined,** is limited to 30 visits per Calendar Year.

h. *Occupational Therapy* - except as stated below, treatment to restore a physically disabled person's ability to perform the ordinary tasks of daily living. Exception: For a [Covered Person] who has been diagnosed with a biologically-based mental illness, occupational therapy means treatment to develop a [Covered Person's] ability to perform the ordinary tasks of daily living.
i. *Physical Therapy* - except as stated below, the treatment by physical means to relieve pain, restore maximum function, and prevent disability following disease, Injury or loss of limb. Exception: For a [Covered Person] who has been diagnosed with a biologically-based mental illness, physical therapy means treatment to develop a [Covered Person's] physical function.

Coverage for Occupational Therapy and Physical Therapy, **combined**, is limited to 30 visits per Calendar Year.

We will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for Cognitive Rehabilitation Therapy, Speech Therapy, Occupational Therapy or Physical Therapy which are not Pre-Approved by Us provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under this Contract.

j. *Infusion Therapy* - subject to Our Pre-Approval, the administration of antibiotic, nutrients, or other therapeutic agents by direct infusion.

We will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for Infusion Therapy which are not Pre-Approved by Us provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under this Contract.

Note: The limitations on Therapy Services contained in this Therapy Services provision do not apply to any therapy services that are received under the Home Health Care provision.

NOTE: ANY THERAPY SERVICES AND SUPPLIES A [MEMBER] RECEIVES AS [NETWORK] THERAPY SERVICES AND SUPPLIES WILL REDUCE THE THERAPY BENEFITS AVAILABLE AS A [NON-NETWORK] COVERED CHARGE.

Fertility Services
Subject to Our Pre-Approval We cover charges for procedures and Prescription Drugs to enhance fertility, except where specifically excluded in this Contract. We cover charges for: artificial insemination; and standard dosages, lengths of treatment and cycles of therapy of Prescription Drugs. The Prescription Drugs noted in this section are subject to the terms and conditions of the Prescription Drugs section of this Contract.

We will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for Fertility Services which are not Pre-Approved by Us provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under this Contract.

Preventive Care
We cover charges for routine physical examinations including related laboratory tests and x-rays. We also cover charges for immunizations and vaccines, well baby care, pap smears, mammography , screening tests, bone density testing and Nicotine Dependence Treatment. But We limit what We pay each Calendar Year to:
a) $750 per [Member] for a Dependent child from birth until the end of the Calendar Year in which the Dependent child attains age 1, and
b) $500 per [Member] for all other [Member]s.

These charges are not subject to the Cash Deductible or Coinsurance.

ANY PREVENTIVE CARE SERVICES OR SUPPLIES A [MEMBER] RECEIVES AS A [NETWORK] SERVICE OR SUPPLY WILL REDUCE THE PREVENTIVE CARE BENEFIT AVAILABLE AS A [NON-NETWORK] COVERED CHARGE.

Immunizations and Lead Screening
We will cover charges for:
a) screening by blood measurement for lead poisoning for children, including confirmatory blood lead testing and medical evaluation as specified by the New Jersey Department of Health and Senior Services and any necessary medical follow-up and treatment for lead poisoned children; and
b) all childhood immunizations as recommended by the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices of the United States Public Health Services and New Jersey Department of Health and Senior Services.

Newborn Hearing Screening
We cover charges up to a maximum of 28 days following the date of birth for screening for newborn hearing loss by appropriate electrophysiologic screening measures. In addition, We cover charges between age 29 days and 36 months for the periodic monitoring of infants for delayed onset hearing loss.

Vision Screening
We cover vision screening for Dependent children, through age 17, to determine the need for vision correction. The vision screening is generally performed by the pediatrician during the course of a routine physical examination. The vision screening may suggest that the [Member] should undergo a vision examination. Such vision examination is not covered under this Contract.

Therapeutic Manipulation
We limit what We cover for therapeutic manipulation to 30 visits per Calendar Year. And We cover no more than two modalities per visit. Charges for such treatment above these limits are not covered.

NOTE: ANY THERAPEUTIC MANIPULATION SERVICES AND SUPPLIES A MEMBER RECEIVES AS [NETWORK] SERVICES AND SUPPLIES WILL REDUCE THE BENEFITS AVAILABLE AS A [NON-NETWORK] COVERED CHARGE.

Non-Biologically-based Mental Illnesses and Substance Abuse
We limit what We pay for the treatment of Non-Biologically-based Mental Illnesses and Substance Abuse as those terms are defined in this Contract.

A Member may receive treatment as an Inpatient in a Hospital or a Substance Abuse Center. He or she may also receive treatment as an Outpatient from a Hospital, Substance Abuse Center, or any properly licensed or certified Practitioner, psychologist or social worker.

The Member must pay the Coinsurance shown on the Schedule for such treatment. We limit coverage for all treatment of Non-Biologically-based Mental Illnesses and Substance Abuse per Calendar Year to:
a) thirty (30) days of Inpatient confinement; and
b) twenty (20) Outpatient visits.
Subject to Pre-Approval, one or more of any unused Inpatient days may be exchanged for additional Outpatient visits, where each Inpatient day may be exchanged for two Outpatient visits. **We will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for Outpatient visits beyond the initial 20 visits which are not Pre-Approved by [Carrier] provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under this Contract.**

We do not pay for Custodial Care, education, or training.
NOTE: ANY SUBSTANCE ABUSE AND NON-BIOLOGICALLY-BASED MENTAL ILLNESSES SERVICES AND SUPPLIES A [MEMBER] RECEIVES AS [NETWORK] SERVICES AND SUPPLIES WILL REDUCE THE BENEFITS AVAILABLE AS A [NON-NETWORK] COVERED CHARGE.

Transplant Benefits
We cover Medically Necessary and Appropriate services and supplies for the following types of transplants:
a) Cornea
b) Kidney
c) Lung

d) Liver
e) Heart
f) Pancreas
g) Intestine
h) Allogeneic Bone Marrow
i) [Autologous Bone Marrow and Associated High Dose Chemotherapy **only** for treatment of:
- Leukemia
- Lymphoma
- Neuroblastoma
- Aplastic Anemia
- Genetic Disorders
- SCID
- WISCOT Aldrich

Subject to Our Pre-Approval, breast cancer, if the [Member] is participating in a National Cancer Institute sponsored clinical trial. **We will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for such treatment of breast cancer which are not Pre-Approved by Us provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under this Contract.**

[h) Autologous Bone Marrow Transplant and Associated Dose-Intensive Chemotherapy, but only if performed by institutions approved by the National Cancer Institute, or pursuant to protocols consistent with the guidelines of the American Society of Clinical Oncologists;
i) Peripheral Blood Stem Cell transplants, but only if performed by institutions approved by the National Cancer Institute, or pursuant to protocols consistent with the guidelines of the American Society of Clinical Oncologists.]

If the donor does not have health coverage that would cover the costs associated with his or her role as donor, this Contract will cover the donor's medical costs associated with the donation. We do not cover costs for travel, accommodations or comfort items.

NON-COVERED SERVICES AND SUPPLIES AND NON-COVERED CHARGES

THE FOLLOWING ARE NOT COVERED SERVICES AND SUPPLIES WITH RESPECT TO [NETWORK] SERVICES AND SUPPLIES, AND ARE NOT COVERED CHARGES WITH RESPECT TO [NON-NETWORK] BENEFITS UNDER THIS CONTRACT.

Care or treatment by means of **acupuncture** except when used as a substitute for other forms of anesthesia.

Services for **ambulance** for transportation from a Hospital or other health care Facility, unless [Member] is being transferred to another Inpatient health care Facility.

[Broken Appointments.]

Blood or blood plasma which is replaced by or for a [Member].

Care and/or treatment by a **Christian Science Practitioner**.

Completion of claim forms.

Services or supplies related to **Cosmetic Surgery**, except as otherwise stated in this Contract; complications of Cosmetic Surgery; drugs prescribed for cosmetic purposes.

Services related to **custodial** or **domiciliary** care.

Dental care or treatment, including appliances and dental implants, except as otherwise stated in this Contract.

Care or treatment by means of **dose intensive chemotherapy**, except as otherwise stated in this Contract.

Services or supplies, the primary purpose of which is **educational** providing the [Member] with any of the following: training in the activities of daily living; instruction in scholastic skills such as reading and writing; preparation for an occupation; or treatment for learning disabilities.

Experimental or Investigational treatments, procedures, hospitalizations, drugs, biological products or medical devices, except as otherwise stated in this Contract.

Extraction of teeth, except for bony impacted teeth.

Services or supplies for or in connection with:

a. except as otherwise stated in this Contract, exams to determine the need for (or changes of) **eyeglasses** or lenses of any type;
b. eyeglasses or lenses of any type except initial replacements for loss of the natural lens; or
c. eye surgery such as radial keratotomy or lasik surgery, when the primary purpose is to correct myopia (nearsightedness), hyperopia (farsightedness) or astigmatism (blurring).

Services or supplies provided by one of the following [members] of the Employee's **family**: spouse, child, parent, in-law, brother, sister or grandparent.

Services or supplies furnished in connection with any procedures to enhance **fertility** which involve harvesting, storage and/or manipulation of eggs and sperm. This includes, but is not limited to the following: a) procedures: in vitro fertilization; embryo transfer; embryo freezing; and Gamete intrafallopian Transfer (GIFT) and Zygote Intrafallopian Transfer (ZIFT); donor sperm, surrogate motherhood and b) Prescription Drugs not eligible under the Prescription Drugs section of the Policy.

Except as otherwise stated in this Contract, services or supplies related to **hearing aids and hearing examinations** to determine the need for hearing aids or the need to adjust them.

Services or supplies related to **herbal medicine**.

Services or supplies related to **hypnotism**.

Services or supplies necessary because the [Member] engaged, or tried to engage, in an **illegal occupation** or committed or tried to commit an indictable offense in the jurisdiction in which it is committed, or a felony. ***Exception***: As required by 29 CFR 2590.702(b)(2)(iii) this exclusion does not apply to injuries that result from an act of domestic violence or to injuries that result from a medical condition.

Except as stated below, **Illness or Injury**, including a condition which is the result of disease or bodily infirmity, which occurred on the job and which is covered or could have been covered for benefits provided under workers' compensation, employer's liability, occupational disease or similar law. ***Exception***: This exclusion does not apply to the following persons for whom coverage under workers' compensation is optional unless such persons are actually covered for workers' compensation: a self-employed person or a partner of a limited liability partnership, members of a limited liability company or partners of a partnership who actively perform services on behalf of the self-employed business, the limited liability partnership, limited liability company or the partnership.

Local anesthesia charges billed separately if such charges are included in the fee for the Surgery.

Membership costs for health clubs, weight loss clinics and similar programs.

Services and supplies related to **marriage, career or financial counseling, sex therapy or family therapy, and related services.**

With respect to [Non-Network] benefits, **Nicotine Dependence Treatment**, except as otherwise stated in the Preventive Care section of this Contract.

Any **Non-Covered Service or Supply and Non-Covered Charge** specifically limited or not covered elsewhere in this Contract, or which is not Medically Necessary and Appropriate.

Non-prescription drugs or supplies, except;
a) insulin needles and insulin syringes and glucose test strips and lancets;
b) colostomy bags, belts, and irrigators; and
c) as stated in this Contract for food and food products for inherited metabolic diseases.

Services provided by a **pastoral counselor** in the course of his or her normal duties as a religious official or practitioner.

Personal convenience or comfort items including, but not limited to, such items as TV's, telephones, first aid kits, exercise equipment, air conditioners, humidifiers, saunas, hot tubs.

[Pre-Existing Condition Limitations:

The following "Pre-Existing Conditions" and "Continuity of Coverage" provisions only apply to Contracts issued to Contractholders of at least two but not more than five eligible Employees. These provisions also apply to "Late Enrollees" under the Contracts issued to any Small Employer. However, this provision does not apply to Late Enrollees if 10 or more Late Enrollees request enrollment during any [30] day enrollment period provided for in this Contract. See this Contract's EMPLOYEE COVERAGE [and DEPENDENT COVERAGE] subsection[s] of the ELIGIBILITY section to determine if a [Member] is a Late Enrollee. [The "Pre-Existing Conditions" provision does not apply to a Dependent who is an adopted child or-who is a child placed for adoption or to a newborn child if the Employee enrolls the Dependent and agrees to make the required payments within [30] days after the Dependent's Eligibility Date.]

A Pre-Existing Condition is an Illness or Injury which manifests itself in the six months before a [Member's] Enrollment Date, and for which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received during the six months immediately preceding the Enrollment Date.

We do not pay benefits for charges for Pre-Existing Conditions for 180 days measured from the Enrollment Date. This 180 day period may be reduced by the length of time the [Member] was covered under any Creditable Coverage if, without application of any Waiting Period, the Creditable Coverage was continuous to a date not more than 90 days prior to becoming a [Member]. Refer to the Continuity of Coverage section below.

This limitation does not affect benefits for other unrelated conditions [or] pregnancy [, or birth defects in a covered Dependent child]. Genetic information will not be treated as a Pre-Existing Condition in the absence of a diagnosis of the condition related to that information. And We waive this limitation for a [Member's] Pre-Existing Condition if the condition was payable under Creditable Coverage which covered the [Member] right before the [Member's] coverage under this Contract started. The next section shows other exceptions.

Continuity of Coverage
[NOTE: COVERAGE UNDER THIS CONTRACT IS SUBJECT TO THE ALTERNATIVE METHOD FOR COUNTING CREDITABLE COVERAGE]
If a new [Member] was covered under Creditable Coverage prior to enrollment under this Contract and the Creditable Coverage was continuous to a date not more than 90 days prior to the Enrollment Date under this Contract, We will provide credit as follows. [Standard method] [We give credit for the time the [Member] was covered under the Creditable Coverage without regard to the specific benefits included in the Creditable Coverage.] [Alternative method] [We give credit for the time the [Member] was covered under the Creditable Coverage based on coverage for the following [category] [categories] of benefits: [mental health;] [substance abuse treatment;] [prescription drugs;] [dental care;] [or] [vision care]. We will count a period of Creditable Coverage with respect to a category of benefits if any level of benefits is covered within that category. For all other benefits, We give credit for the time the [Member] was covered under the Creditable Coverage without regard to the specific benefits included in the Creditable Coverage.] We count the days the [Member] was covered under Creditable Coverage, except that days that occur before any lapse in coverage of more than 90 days are not counted. We apply these days to reduce the duration of the Pre-Existing Condition limitation under this Contract. The person must sign and complete his or her enrollment form within 30 days of the date the Employee's [active] Full-Time service begins. Any condition arising

between the date his or her coverage under the Creditable Coverage ends and the Enrollment Date is a Pre-Existing condition. We do not cover any charges actually incurred before the person's coverage under this Contract starts. If the Contractholder has included an eligibility waiting period in this Contract, an Employee must still meet it, before becoming covered.

With respect to [Network] services and supplies, any service provided without prior Referral by the [Member's] **Primary Care Physician** except as specified in this Contract.

Services related to **Private Duty Nursing**, except as provided in the Home Health Care sections of this Contract.

Services or supplies that are not furnished by an eligible **Provider**.

The amount of any charge which is greater than a **Reasonable and Customary Charge** with respect to [Network] services and supplies provided in the event of an Emergency, and with respect to all [Non-Network] benefits.

Services or supplies related to **rest or convalescent cures**.

Room and board charges for a [Member] in any Facility for any period of time during which he or she was not physically present overnight in the Facility.

With respect to [Non-Network] benefits, except as stated in the Preventive Care section of this Contract, **Routine Examinations** or preventive care, including related x-rays and laboratory tests, except where a specific Illness or Injury is revealed or where a definite symptomatic condition is present; or pre-marital or similar examinations or tests not required to diagnose or treat Illness or Injury.

Services or supplies related to **Routine Foot Care, except:**
a) an open cutting operation to treat weak, strained, flat, unstable or unbalanced feet, metatarsalgia or bunions;
b) the removal of nail roots; and
c) treatment or removal of corns, calluses or toenails in conjunction with the treatment of metabolic or peripheral vascular disease.

Self-administered services such as: biofeedback, patient-controlled analgesia on an Outpatient basis, related diagnostic testing, self-care and self-help training.

Services or supplies:
a) eligible for payment under either federal or state programs (except Medicaid and Medicare). This provision applies whether or not the [Member] asserts his or her rights to obtain this coverage or payment for these services;
b) for which a charge is not usually made, such as a Practitioner treating a professional or business associate, or services at a public health fair;
c) for which a [Member] would not have been charged if he or she did not have health care coverage;
d) provided by or in a Government Hospital except as stated below, or unless the services are for treatment:
- of a non-service Emergency; or
- by a Veterans' Administration Hospital of a non-service related Illness or Injury;

Exception: This exclusion does not apply to military retirees, their Dependents and the Dependents of active duty military personnel who are covered under both this Contract and under military health coverage and who receive care in facilities of the Uniformed Services.
e) provided outside the United States unless the [Member] is outside the United States for one of the following reasons:
- travel, provided the travel is for a reason other than securing health care diagnosis and/or treatment, and travel is for a period of 6 months or less;
- business assignment, provided the [Member] is temporarily outside the United States for a period of 6 months or less; and
- Subject to Our Pre-Approval, eligibility for full-time student status, provided the [Member] is either enrolled and attending an Accredited School in a foreign country; or is participating in an academic program in a foreign country, for which the institution of higher learning a which the student matriculates in the United States, grants academic credit. **Charges in connection with full-time students in a foreign country for which eligibility as a full-time student has not been Pre-Approved by Us are Non-Covered Charges.**

Services provided by a **Social Worker**, except as otherwise stated in this Contract.

Stand-by services required by a Provider.

Sterilization reversal - services and supplies rendered for reversal of sterilization.

Surgery, sex hormones, and related medical, psychological and psychiatric services to change a [Member's] sex; services and supplies arising from complications of sex transformation.

Telephone consultations.

Transplants, except as otherwise listed in the Contract.

Transportation; travel.

Vision therapy.

Vitamins and dietary supplements.

Services or supplies received as a result of a **war**, declared or undeclared; police actions; services in the armed forces or units auxiliary thereto.

Weight reduction or control, unless there is a diagnosis of morbid obesity; special foods, food supplements, liquid diets, diet plans or any related products and except as provided in the Nutritional Counseling and Food and Food Products for Inherited Metabolic Diseases provisions.

Wigs, toupees, hair transplants, hair weaving or any drug if such drug is used in connection with baldness.

[IMPORTANT NOTICE *APPLICABLE ONLY TO [NON-NETWORK] BENEFITS*

[This Contract has utilization review features which are applicable to **[Non-Network]** benefits. Under these features, [ABC - Systems, a health care review organization] reviews Hospital admissions and Surgery performed outside of a Practitioner's office [for Us]. These features must be complied with if a [Member]:
a) is admitted as an Inpatient to a Hospital, or
b) is advised to enter a Hospital or have Surgery performed outside of a Practitioner's office. If a [Member] does not comply with these utilization review features, he or she will not be eligible for full benefits under this Contract. See the **Utilization Review Features** section for details.]

[This Contract has Specialty Case Management. Under this provision, [DEF, a Case Coordinator] reviews a [Member's] medical needs in clinical situations with the potential for catastrophic claims to Determine whether case management may be available and appropriate. See the **Specialty Case Management** section for details.]

[This Contract has centers of excellence features. Under these features, a [Member] may obtain necessary care and treatment from Providers with whom We have entered into agreements. See the **Centers of Excellence Features** section for details.]

What We pay is subject to all of the terms of this Contract. Read this Contract carefully and keep it available when consulting a Practitioner.

If an Employee has any questions after reading this Contract he or she should [call The Group Claim Office at the number shown on his or her Identification Card.]

We are not responsible for medical or other results arising directly or indirectly from the [Member's] participation in these Utilization Review Features.]

[[NON-NETWORK] UTILIZATION REVIEW FEATURES

Important Notice: If a [Member] does not comply with this Contract's utilization review features, he or she will not be eligible for full benefits under this Contract.

Compliance with this Contract's utilization review features does not guarantee what We will pay for Covered Charges. What We pay is based on:

a) the charges for the Covered Charges actually incurred;
b) the [Member] being eligible for coverage under this Contract at the time such charges are incurred; and
c) the Cash Deductible, Copayment and Coinsurance provisions, and all of the other terms of this Contract.

Definitions

"Hospital admission" means admission of a [Member] to a Hospital as an Inpatient for Medically Necessary and Appropriate care and treatment of a Illness or Injury.

By "covered professional charges for Surgery" We mean charges for Covered Charges that are made by a Practitioner for performing Surgery. Any surgical charge which is not a Covered Charge under the terms of this Contract is not payable under this Contract.

"Regular working day" means [Monday through Friday from 9 a.m. to 9 p.m. Eastern Time,] not including legal holidays.

Grievance Procedure
Carriers must include the disclosure requirements set forth in N.J.A.C. 8:38-3.2.

[REQUIRED HOSPITAL STAY REVIEW

Important Notice: If a [Member] does not comply with these Hospital stay review features, he or she will not be eligible for full benefits under this Contract.

Notice of Hospital Admission Required
We require notice of all Hospital admissions. The times and manner in which the notice must be given is described below. When a [Member] does not comply with the requirements of this section We reduce what We pay for covered Hospital charges as a penalty.

Pre-Hospital Review
All non-Emergency Hospital admissions must be reviewed by [ABC] before they occur. The [Member] or the [Member's] Practitioner must notify [ABC] and request a pre-hospital review. [ABC] must receive the notice and request as soon as possible before the admission is scheduled to occur. For a maternity admission, a [Member] or his or her Practitioner must notify [ABC] and request a pre-hospital review at least [60 days] before the expected date of delivery, or as soon as reasonably possible.

When [ABC] receives the notice and request, [they] evaluate:
a) the Medical Necessity and Appropriateness of the Hospital admission;
b) the anticipated length of stay; and
c) the appropriateness of health care alternatives, like home health care or other out-patient care.

[ABC] notifies the [Member's] Practitioner [by phone, of the outcome of their review. And [they] confirm the outcome of [their] review in writing.]

If [ABC] authorizes a Hospital admission, the authorization is valid for:
a) the specified Hospital;
b) the named attending Practitioner; and
c) the authorized length of stay.

The authorization becomes invalid and the [Member's] admission must be reviewed by [ABC] again if:
a) he or she enters a Facility other than the specified Facility;
b) he or she changes attending Practitioners; or
c) more than [60 days] elapse between the time he or she obtains authorization and the time he or she enters the Hospital, except in the case of a maternity admission.

Emergency Admission
[ABC] must be notified of all Emergency admissions by phone. This must be done by the [Member] or the [Member's] Practitioner no later than the end of the next regular working days or as soon as possible after the admission occurs.

When [ABC] is notified [by phone,] they require the following information:
a) the [Member's] name, social security number and date of birth;
b) the [Member's] group plan number;
c) the reason for the admission
d) the name and location of the Hospital
e) when the admission occurred; and
f) the name of the [Member's] Practitioner.

Continued Stay Review
The [Member] or his or her Practitioner, must request a continued stay review for any Emergency admission. This must be done at the time [ABC] is notified of such admission.

The [Member], or his or her Practitioner, must also initiate a continued stay review whenever it is Medically Necessary and Appropriate to change the authorized length of a Hospital stay. This must be done before the end of the previously authorized length of stay.

[ABC] also has the right to initiate a continued stay review of any Hospital admission. And [ABC] may contact the [Member's] Practitioner or Hospital by phone or in writing.

In the case of an Emergency admission, the continued stay review evaluates:
a) the Medical Necessity and Appropriateness of the Hospital admission;
b) the anticipated length of stay; and
c) the appropriateness of health care alternatives.

In all other cases, the continued stay review evaluates:
a) the Medical Necessity and Appropriateness of extending the authorized length of stay; and
b) the appropriateness of health care alternatives.

[ABC] notifies the [Member's] Practitioner [by phone, of the outcome of the review. And [ABC] confirms the out come of the review in writing.] The notice always includes any newly authorized length of stay.

Penalties for Non-Compliance
In the case of a non-Emergency Hospital admission, as a penalty for non-compliance. [We reduce what We pay for covered Hospital charges, **by 50%]** if:
a) the [Member] does not request a pre-hospital review; or
b) the [Member] does not request a pre-hospital review as soon as reasonably possible before the Hospital admission is scheduled to occur; or
c) [ABC's] authorization becomes invalid and the [Member] does not obtain a new one; or
d) [ABC] does not authorize the Hospital admission.

In the case of an Emergency admission, as a penalty for non-compliance, [We reduce what We pay for covered Hospital charges **by 50%],** if:
a) [ABC] is not notified of the admission at the times and in the manner described above;
b) the [Member] does not request a continued stay review; or
c) the [Member] does not receive authorization for such continued stay.

The penalty applies to covered Hospital charges incurred after the applicable time limit allowed for giving notice ends.

For any Hospital admission, if a [Member] stays in the Hospital longer than [ABC] authorizes, We reduce what We pay for covered Hospital charges incurred after the authorized length of stay ends [by 50%] as a penalty for non-compliance.

Penalties cannot be used to meet this Contract's Maximum Out of Pocket or Cash Deductible.

[REQUIRED PRE-SURGICAL REVIEW

Important Notice: If a [Member] does not comply with these pre-surgical review features, he or she will not be eligible for full benefits under this Contract.

We require a [Member] to get a pre-surgical review for any non-Emergency procedure performed outside of a Practitioner's office. When a [Member] does not comply with the requirements of this section We reduce what We pay for covered professional charges for Surgery, as a penalty.

The [Member] or his or her Practitioner, must request a pre-surgical review from [ABC]. [ABC] must receive the request at least 24 hours before the Surgery is scheduled to occur. If the Surgery is being done in a Hospital, on an Inpatient basis, the pre-surgical review request should be made at the same time as the request for a pre-hospital review.

When [ABC] receives the request, they evaluate the Medical Necessity and Appropriateness of the Surgery and they either:

a) approve the proposed Surgery, or
b) require a second surgical opinion regarding the need for the Surgery.

[ABC] notifies the [Member's] Practitioner, [by phone, of the outcome of the review. [ABC] also confirms the outcome of the review in writing.]

Required Second Surgical Opinion
If [ABC's] review does not confirm the Medical Necessity and Appropriateness of the Surgery, the [Member] may obtain a second surgical opinion. If the second opinion does not confirm that the Surgery is Medically Necessary and Appropriate, the [Member] may obtain a third opinion, although he or she is not required to do so.

[ABC] will give the [Member] a list of Practitioners in his or her area who will give a second opinion. The [Member] may get the second opinion from [a Practitioner on the list, or from] a Practitioner of his or her own choosing, if the Practitioner:
a) is board certified and qualified by reason of his or her specialty to give an opinion on the proposed Surgery;
b) is not a business associate of the [Member's] Practitioner; and
c) does not perform the Surgery if it is needed.

[ABC] gives second opinion forms to the [Member]. The Practitioner he or she chooses fills them out. and then returns them to [ABC].

We cover charges for additional surgical opinions, including charges for related x-ray and tests. But what We pay is based on all the terms of this Contract, except, these charges are not subject to the Cash Deductible or Coinsurance.

Pre-Hospital Review
If the proposed Surgery is to be done on an Inpatient basis, the Required Pre-Hospital Review section must be complied with. See the **Required Pre-Hospital Review** section for details.

Penalties for Non-Compliance
As a penalty for non-compliance, [We reduce what We pay for covered professional charges for Surgery by 50%] if:
a) the [Member] does not request a pre-surgical review; or
b) [ABC] is not given at least 24 hours to review and evaluate the proposed Surgery; or
c) [ABC] requires additional surgical opinions and the [Member] does not get those opinions before the Surgery is done
d) [ABC] does not confirm the need for Surgery.

Penalties cannot be used to meet this Contract's Maximum Out of Pocket or Cash Deductible.

[SPECIALTY CASE MANAGEMENT

Important Notice: No [Member] is required, in any way, to accept a Specialty Case Management Plan recommended by [DEF].

Definitions
"Specialty Case Management" means those services and supplies which meet both of the following tests:
a) They are Determined, in advance, by Us to be Medically Necessary and Appropriate and cost effective in meeting the long term or intensive care needs of a [Member] in connection with a Catastrophic Illness or Injury.
b) While there are other covered services and supplies available under this Contract for the [Member's] condition, the services and supplies We offer to make available under the terms of this provision would not otherwise be payable under this Contract.

Please note: We have sole Discretion to determine whether to consider Specialty case Management for a [Member.]

"Catastrophic Illness or Injury" means one of the following:

a) head injury requiring an Inpatient stay
b) spinal cord Injury
c) severe burn over 20% or more of the body
d) multiple injuries due to an accident
e) premature birth
f) CVA or stroke
g) congenital defect which severely impairs a bodily function
h) brain damage due to either an accident or cardiac arrest or resulting from a surgical procedure
i) terminal Illness, with a prognosis of death within 6 months
j) Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS)
k) chemical dependency
l) mental, nervous and psychoneurotic disorders
m) any other Illness or Injury Determined by [DEF] or Us to be catastrophic.

Specialty Case Management Plan
[DEF] will identify cases of Catastrophic Illness or Injury. The appropriateness of the level of patient care given to a [Member] as well as the setting in which it is received will be evaluated. In order to maintain or enhance the quality of patient care for the [Member], [DEF] will develop a Specialty Case Management Plan.

A Specialty Case Management Plan is a specific written document, developed by [DEF] through discussion and agreement with:
a) the [Member], or his or her legal guardian, if necessary;
b) the [Member's] attending Practitioner; and
c) Us.

The Specialty Case Management Plan includes:
a) treatment plan objectives;
b) course of treatment to accomplish the stated objectives;
c) the responsibility of each of the following parties in implementing the plan: [DEF]; attending Practitioner; [Member]; [Member's] family, if any; and
d) estimated cost and savings.

If We, [DEF], the attending Practitioner, and the [Member] agree [in writing,] on a Specialty Case Management Plan, the services and supplies required in connection with such Specialty Case Management Plan will be considered as Covered Charges or Covered Services and Supplies, as appropriate, under the terms of this Contract.

The agreed upon Specialty Case Management treatment must be ordered by the [Member's] Practitioner.

Benefits payable under the Specialty Case Management Plan will be considered in the accumulation of any Calendar Year and Per Lifetime maximums.

Exclusion
Specialty Case Management does not include services and supplies that We [or the Care Manager] Determine to be Experimental or Investigational.]

[CENTERS OF EXCELLENCE FEATURES

Important Notice: No [Member] is required, in any way, to receive medical care and treatment at a Center of Excellence.

Definitions
"Center of Excellence" means a Provider that has entered into an agreement with Us to provide health benefit services for specific procedures. The Centers of Excellence are [identified in the Listing of Centers of Excellence.]

"Pre-Treatment Screening Evaluation" means the review of past and present medical records and current x-ray and laboratory results by the Center of Excellence to Determine whether the [Member] is an appropriate candidate for the Procedure.

"Procedure" means one or more surgical procedures or medical therapy performed in a Center of Excellence.

Covered Charges
In order for charges to be considered as Covered Charges, the Center of Excellence must:
a) perform a Pre-Treatment Screening Evaluation; and
b) Determine that the Procedure is Medically Necessary and Appropriate for the treatment of the [Member].

Benefits for services and supplies at a Center of Excellence will be [subject to the terms and conditions of this Contract. However, the Utilization Review Features will not apply.]]

COORDINATION OF BENEFITS AND SERVICES

Purpose Of This Provision
A [Member] may be covered for health benefits or services by more than one Plan. For instance, he or she may be covered by this [Contract] as an Employee and by another plan as a Dependent of his or her spouse. If he or she is covered by more than one Plan, this provision allows Us to coordinate what We pay or provides with what another Plan pays or provides. This provision sets forth the rules for determining which is the Primary Plan and which is the Secondary Plan. Coordination of benefits is intended to avoid duplication of benefits while at the same time preserving certain rights to coverage under all Plans under which the [Member] is covered.

DEFINITIONS
The words shown below have special meanings when used in this provision. Please read these definitions carefully. [Throughout this provision, these defined terms appear with their initial letter capitalized.]

Allowable Expense: The charge for any health care service, supply or other item of expense for which the [Member] is liable when the health care service, supply or other item of expense is covered at least in part under any of the Plans involved, except where a statute requires another definition, or as otherwise stated below.

When this [Contract] is coordinating benefits with a Plan that provides benefits only for dental care, vision care, prescription drugs or hearing aids, Allowable Expense is limited to like items of expense.

[Carrier] will not consider the difference between the cost of a private hospital room and that of a semi-private hospital room as an Allowable Expense unless the stay in a private room is Medically Necessary and Appropriate.

When this [Contract] is coordinating benefits with a Plan that restricts coordination of benefits to a specific coverage, We will only consider corresponding services, supplies or items of expense to which coordination of benefits applies as an Allowable Expense.

Claim Determination Period: A Calendar Year, or portion of a Calendar Year, during which a [Member] is covered by this [Contract] and at least one other Plan and incurs one or more Allowable Expense(s) under such plans.

Plan: Coverage with which coordination of benefits is allowed. Plan includes:
a) Group insurance and group subscriber contracts, including insurance continued pursuant to a Federal or State continuation law;
b) Self-funded arrangements of group or group-type coverage, including insurance continued pursuant to a Federal or State continuation law;
c) Group or group-type coverage through a health maintenance organization (HMO) or other prepayment, group practice and individual practice plans, including insurance continued pursuant to a Federal or State continuation law;

d) Group hospital indemnity benefit amounts that exceed $150 per day;
e) Medicare or other governmental benefits, except when, pursuant to law, the benefits must be treated as in excess of those of any private insurance plan or non-governmental plan.

Plan does not include:
a) Individual or family insurance contracts or subscriber contracts;
b) Individual or family coverage through a health maintenance organization or under any other prepayment, group practice and individual practice plans;
c) Group or group-type coverage where the cost of coverage is paid solely by the [Member] except that coverage being continued pursuant to a Federal or State continuation law shall be considered a Plan;
d) Group hospital indemnity benefit amounts of $150 per day or less;
e) School accident –type coverage;
f) A State plan under Medicaid.

Primary Plan: A Plan whose benefits for a [Member's] health care coverage must be determined without taking into consideration the existence of any other Plan. There may be more than one Primary Plan. A Plan will be the Primary Plan if either either "a" or "b" below exist:
a) The Plan has no order of benefit determination rules, or it has rules that differ from those contained in this Coordination of Benefits and Services provision; or
b) All Plans which cover the [Member] use order of benefit determination rules consistent with those contained in the Coordination of Benefits and Services provision and under those rules, the plan determines its benefits first.

Reasonable and Customary: An amount that is not more than the usual or customary charge for the service or supply as determined by Us, based on a standard which is most often charged for a given service by a Provider within the same geographic area.

Secondary Plan: A Plan which is not a Primary Plan. If a [Member] is covered by more than one Secondary Plan, the order of benefit determination rules of this Coordination of Benefits and Services provision shall be used to determine the order in which the benefits payable under the multiple Secondary Plans are paid in relation to each other. The benefits of each Secondary Plan may take into consideration the benefits of the Primary Plan or Plans and the benefits of any other Plan which, under this Coordination of Benefits and Services provision, has its benefits determined before those of that Secondary Plan.

PRIMARY AND SECONDARY PLAN

We consider each plan separately when coordinating payments.

The Primary Plan pays or provides services or supplies first, without taking into consideration the existence of a Secondary Plan. If a Plan has no coordination of benefits provision, or if the order of benefit determination rules differ from those set forth in these provisions, it is the Primary Plan.

A Secondary Plan takes into consideration the benefits provided by a Primary Plan when, according to the rules set forth below, the plan is the Secondary Plan. If there is more than one Secondary Plan, the order of benefit determination rules determine the order among the Secondary Plans. During each Claim Determination Period, the Secondary Plan(s) will pay up to the remaining unpaid allowable expenses, but no Secondary Plan will pay more than it would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan. The method the Secondary Plan uses to determine the amount to pay is set forth below in the "**Procedures to be Followed by the Secondary Plan to Calculate Benefits"** section of this provision.

The Secondary Plan shall not reduce Allowable Expenses for medically necessary and appropriate services or supplies on the basis that precertification, preapproval, notification or second surgical opinion procedures were not followed.

RULES FOR THE ORDER OF BENEFIT DETERMINATION

The benefits of the Plan that covers the [Member] as an employee, member, subscriber or retiree shall be determined before those of the Plan that covers the [Member] as a Dependent. The coverage as an employee, member, subscriber or retiree is the Primary Plan.

The benefits of the Plan that covers the [Member] as an employee who is neither laid off nor retired, or as a dependent of such person, shall be determined before those for the Plan that covers the [Member] as a laid off or retired employee, or as such a person's Dependent. If the other Plan does not contain this rule, and as a result the Plans do not agree on the order of benefit determination, this portion of this provision shall be ignored.

The benefits of the Plan that covers the [Member] as an employee, member, subscriber or retiree, or Dependent of such person, shall be determined before those of the Plan that covers the [Member] under a right of continuation pursuant to Federal or State law. If the other Plan does not contain this rule, and as a result the Plans do not agree on the order of benefit determination, this portion of this provision shall be ignored.

If a child is covered as a Dependent under Plans through both parents, and the parents are neither separated nor divorced, the following rules apply:
a) The benefits of the Plan of the parent whose birthday falls earlier in the Calendar Year shall be determined before those of the parent whose birthday falls later in the Calendar Year.
b) If both parents have the same birthday, the benefits of the Plan which covered the parent for a longer period of time shall be determined before those of plan which covered the other parent for a shorter period of time.
c) Birthday, as used above, refers only to month and day in a calendar year, not the year in which the parent was born.
d) If the other plan contains a provision that determines the order of benefits based on the gender of the parent, the birthday rule in this provision shall be ignored.

If a child is covered as a Dependent under Plans through both parents, and the parents are separated or divorced, the following rules apply:
a) The benefits of the Plan of the parent with custody of the child shall be determined first.
b) The benefits of the Plan of the spouse of the parent with custody shall be determined second.
c) The benefits of the Plan of the parent without custody shall be determined last.
d) If the terms of a court decree state that one of the parents is responsible for the health care expenses for the child, and if the entity providing coverage under that Plan has actual knowledge of the terms of the court decree, then the benefits of that plan shall be determined first. The

benefits of the plan of the other parent shall be considered as secondary. Until the entity providing coverage under the plan has knowledge of the terms of the court decree regarding health care expenses, this portion of this provision shall be ignored.

If the above order of benefits does not establish which plan is the Primary Plan, the benefits of the Plan that covers the employee, member or subscriber for a longer period of time shall be determined before the benefits of the Plan(s) that covered the person for a shorter period of time.

Procedures to be Followed by the Secondary Plan to Calculate Benefits

In order to determine which procedure to follow it is necessary to consider:
a) the basis on which the Primary Plan and the Secondary Plan pay benefits; and
b) whether the provider who provides or arranges the services and supplies is in the network of either the Primary Plan or the Secondary Plan.

Benefits may be based on the Reasonable and Customary Charge (R&C), or some similar term. This means that the provider bills a charge and the [Member] may be held liable for the full amount of the billed charge. In this section, a Plan that bases benefits on a reasonable and customary charge is called an "R&C Plan."

Benefits may be based on a contractual fee schedule, sometimes called a negotiated fee schedule, or some similar term. This means that although a provider, called a network provider, bills a charge, the [Member] may be held liable only for an amount up to the negotiated fee. In this section, a Plan that bases benefits on a negotiated fee schedule is called a "Fee Schedule Plan." If the [Member] uses the services of a non-network provider, the plan will be treated as an R&C Plan even though the plan under which he or she is covered allows for a fee schedule.

Payment to the provider may be based on a "capitation". This means that then HMO or other plans pays the provider a fixed amount per [Member]. The [Member] is liable only for the applicable deductible, coinsurance or copayment. If the [Member] uses the services of a non-network provider, the HMO or other plans will only pay benefits in the event of emergency care or urgent care. In this section, a Plan that pays providers based upon capitation is called a "Capitation Plan."

In the rules below, "provider" refers to the provider who provides or arranges the services or supplies and "HMO" refers to a health maintenance organization plan.

Primary Plan is R&C Plan and Secondary Plan is R&C Plan
The Secondary Plan shall pay the lesser of:
a) the difference between the amount of the billed charges and the amount paid by the Primary Plan; or
b) the amount the Secondary Plan would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan.
When the benefits of the Secondary Plan are reduced as a result of this calculation, each benefit shall be reduced in proportion, and the amount paid shall be charged against any applicable benefit limit of the plan.

Primary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan and Secondary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan
If the provider is a network provider in both the Primary Plan and the Secondary Plan, the Allowable Expense shall be the fee schedule of the Primary Plan. The Secondary Plan shall pay the lesser of:
a) The amount of any deductible, coinsurance or copayment required by the Primary Plan; or
b) the amount the Secondary Plan would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan.
The total amount the provider receives from the Primary plan, the Secondary plan and the [Member] shall not exceed the fee schedule of the Primary Plan. In no event shall the [Member] be responsible for any payment in excess of the copayment, coinsurance or deductible of the Secondary Plan.

Primary Plan is R&C Plan and Secondary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan
If the provider is a network provider in the Secondary Plan, the Secondary Plan shall pay the lesser of:
a) the difference between the amount of the billed charges for the Allowable Expenses and the amount paid by the Primary Plan; or
b) the amount the Secondary Plan would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan.
The [Member] shall only be liable for the copayment, deductible or coinsurance under the Secondary Plan if the [Member] has no liability for copayment, deductible or coinsurance under the Primary Plan and the total payments by both the primary and Secondary Plans are less than the provider's billed charges. In no event shall the [Member] be responsible for any payment in excess of the copayment, coinsurance or deductible of the Secondary Plan.

Primary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan and Secondary Plan is R&C Plan
If the provider is a network provider in the Primary Plan, the Allowable Expense considered by the Secondary Plan shall be the fee schedule of the Primary Plan. The Secondary Plan shall pay the lesser of:
a) The amount of any deductible, coinsurance or copayment required by the Primary Plan; or
b) the amount the Secondary Plan would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan.

Primary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan and Secondary Plan is R&C Plan or Fee Schedule Plan
If the Primary Plan is an HMO plan that does not allow for the use of non-network providers except in the event of urgent care or emergency care and the service or supply the [Member] receives from a non-network provider is not considered as urgent care or emergency care, the Secondary Plan shall pay benefits as if it were the Primary Plan.

Primary Plan is Capitation Plan and Secondary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan or R&C Plan
If the [Member] receives services or supplies from a provider who is in the network of both the Primary Plan and the Secondary Plan, the Secondary Plan shall pay the lesser of:
a) The amount of any deductible, coinsurance or copayment required by the Primary Plan; or
b) the amount the Secondary Plan would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan.

Primary Plan is Capitation Plan or Fee Schedule Plan or R&C Plan and Secondary Plan is Capitation Plan
If the [Member] receives services or supplies from a provider who is in the network of the Secondary Plan, the Secondary Plan shall be liable to pay the capitation to the provider and shall not be liable to pay the deductible, coinsurance or copayment imposed by the Primary Plan. The [Member] shall not be liable to pay any deductible, coinsurance or copayments of either the Primary Plan or the Secondary Plan.

Primary Plan is an HMO and Secondary Plan is an HMO
If the Primary Plan is an HMO plan that does not allow for the use of non-network providers except in the event of urgent care or emergency care and the service or supply the [Member] receives from a non-network provider is not considered as urgent care or emergency care, but the provider is in the network of the Secondary Plan, the Secondary Plan shall pay benefits as if it were the Primary Plan. Except that the Primary Plan shall pay out-of-Network services, if any, authorized by the Primary Plan.

SERVICES OR BENEFITS FOR AUTOMOBILE RELATED INJURIES

This section will be used to determine a [Member's] coverage under this Contract when services are provided or expenses are incurred as a result of an automobile related Injury.

Definitions
"Automobile Related Injury" means bodily Injury sustained by a [Member] as a result of an accident:
a) while occupying, entering, leaving or using an automobile; or
b) as a pedestrian;

caused by an automobile or by an object propelled by or from an automobile.

"Allowable Expense" means a medically necessary, reasonable and customary item of expense covered at least in part as an eligible expense or eligible services by:
a) this Contract;
b) PIP; or
c) OSAIC.

"Eligible Services or Expenses" means services or expenses provided for treatment of an Injury which is covered under this Contract without application of Cash Deductibles and Copayments, if any or Coinsurance.

"Out-of-State Automobile Insurance Coverage" or "OSAIC" means any coverage for medical expenses under an automobile insurance policy other than PIP. OSAIC includes automobile insurance policies issued in another state or jurisdiction.

"PIP" means personal injury protection coverage provided as part of an automobile insurance policy issued in New Jersey. PIP refers specifically to provisions for medical expense coverage.

Determination of primary or secondary coverage.
This Contract provides secondary coverage to PIP unless health coverage has been elected as primary coverage by or for the [Member] under this Contract. This election is made by the named insured under a PIP policy. Such election affects that person's family members who are not themselves named insureds under another automobile policy. This Contract may be primary for one [Member], but not for another if the person has a separate automobile policy and has made different selection regarding primacy of health coverage.

This Contract is secondary to OSAIC, unless the OSAIC contains provisions which make it secondary or excess to the Contractholder's plan. In that case this Contract will be primary.

If there is a dispute as to which policy is primary, this Contract will pay benefits or provide services as if it were primary.

Services and Benefits this Contract will provide if it is primary to PIP or OSAIC.
If this Contract is primary to PIP or OSAIC it will provide **services and** benefits for eligible expenses in accordance with its terms.

The rules of the **COORDINATION OF BENEFITS AND SERVICES** section of this Contract will apply if:
a) the [Member] is insured or covered for services or benefits under more than one insurance plan; and
b) such insurance plans or HMO Contracts are primary to automobile insurance coverage.

Benefits this Contract will pay if it is secondary to PIP or OSAIC.
If this Contract is secondary to PIP or OSAIC the actual benefits payable will be the lesser of:
a) the allowable expenses left uncovered after PIP or OSAIC has provided coverage after applying Cash Deductibles and Copayments, or
b) the equivalent value of services if this Contract had been primary.

Medicare
If the [Non-Network] benefits under this Contract supplement coverage under Medicare it can be primary to automobile insurance only to the extent that Medicare is primary to automobile insurance.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

AFFILIATED COMPANIES
If the Contractholder asks Us in writing to include an Affiliated Company under this Contract, and We give written approval for the inclusion, We will treat Employees of that company like the Contractholder's Employees. Our written approval will include the starting date of the company's coverage under this Contract. But each eligible Employee of that company must still meet all the terms and conditions of this Contract before becoming covered.

An Employee of the Contractholder and one or more Affiliated Companies will be considered an Employee of only one of those Employers for the purpose of this Contract. That Employee's service with multiple Employers will be treated as service with that one.

The Contractholder must notify Us in writing when a company stops being an Affiliated Company. As of this date, this Contract will be considered to end for Employees of that Employer. This applies to all of those Employees except those who, on the next day, are employed by the Contractholder or another Affiliated Company as eligible Employees.

AMENDMENT
The Contract may be amended, at any time, without a [Member's] consent or that of anyone else with a beneficial interest in it. The Contractholder may change the type of coverage under this Contract at any time by notifying Us in writing.

We may make amendments to the Contract upon 30 days' notice to the Contractholder, and as provided in (b) and (c) below. An amendment will not affect benefits for a service or supply furnished before the date of change; and no change to the benefits under this Contract will be made without the approval of the Board.

Only Our officers have authority: to waive any conditions or restrictions of the Contract, to extend the time in which a Premium may be paid, to make or change a Contract, or to bind Us by a promise or representation or by information given or received.

No change in the Contract is valid unless the change is shown in one of the following ways:
a) it is shown in an endorsement on it signed by one of Our officers.
b) if a change has been automatically made to satisfy the requirements of any state or federal law that applies to the Contract, as provided in the section of this Contract called **Conformity With Law**, it is shown in an amendment to it that is signed by one of Our officers.
c) if a change is required by Us, it is accepted by the Contractholder, as evidenced by payment of a Premium on or after the effective date of such change.
d) if a written request for a change is made by the Contractholder, it is shown in an amendment to it signed by the Contractholder and by one of Our officers.

ASSIGNMENT
No assignment or transfer by the Contractholder or [Member] of any of the Contractholder's or [Member's] interest, as appropriate, under this Contract is valid unless We consent thereto.

CLERICAL ERROR - MISSTATEMENTS
No clerical error nor programming or systems error by the Contractholder or by Us in keeping any records pertaining to coverage under this Contract will reduce a [Member's] Coverage. Neither will delays in making entries on those records reduce it. However, if We discover such an error or delay, a fair adjustment of Premiums will be made.

Except as described in the **Premium Amounts** section, premium adjustments involving return of unearned premium to the Contractholder will be limited to the period of 12 months preceding the date of Our receipt of satisfactory evidence that such adjustments should be made.

If the age of an Employee, or any other relevant facts, are found to have been misstated, and the premiums are thereby affected, an equitable adjustment of premiums will be made. If such misstatement involves whether or not the person's coverage would have been accepted by Us, subject to this Contract's **Incontestability** section, the true facts will be used in determining whether coverage is in force under the terms of this Contract.

CONFORMITY WITH LAW
Any provision of this Contract which, is in conflict with the laws of the State of New Jersey, or with Federal law, shall be construed and applied as if it were in full compliance with the minimum requirements of such State law or Federal law.

CONTINUING RIGHTS
Our failure to apply terms or conditions does not mean that We waive or give up any future rights under this Contract.

EMPLOYEE'S EVIDENCE OF COVERAGE
We will give the Contractholder an individual evidence of coverage to give each covered Employee. It will describe the Employee's coverage under this Contract. It will include:
a. to whom We provide services and supplies or pay benefits;
b. any protection and rights when the coverage ends; and
c. claim rights and requirements.

In the event this Contract is amended, and such amendment affects the material contained in the evidence of coverage, a rider or revised evidence of coverage reflecting such amendment will be issued to the Contractholder for delivery to affected Employees.

GOVERNING LAW
This entire Contract is governed by the laws of the State of New Jersey.

INCONTESTABILITY OF THE CONTRACT
There will be no contest of the validity of the Contract, except for not paying premiums, after it has been in force for two years.

No statement in any application, except a fraudulent statement, made by the Contractholder or by a [Member] covered under this Contract shall be used in contesting the validity of his or her coverage or in denying benefits after such coverage has been in force for two years during the person's lifetime. Note: There is no time limit with respect to a contest in connection with fraudulent statements.

LIMITATION ON ACTIONS
No action at law or in equity shall be brought to recover on the Contract until 60 days after a [Member] files written proof of loss. No such action shall be brought more than three years after the end of the time within which proof of loss is required.

NOTICES AND OTHER INFORMATION
Any notices, documents, or other information under the Contract may be sent by United States Mail, postage prepaid, addressed as follows:

If to Us: To Our last address on record with the Contractholder.

If to the Contractholder: To the last address provided by the Contractholder on an enrollment or change of address form actually delivered to Us.

If to a [Member]: To the last address provided by the [Member] on an enrollment or change of address form actually delivered to Us.

OFFSET
We reserve the right, before paying [Non-Network] benefits to a [Member], to use the amount of payment due to offset a [Non-Network] claims payment previously made in error.

OTHER RIGHTS
We are only required to provide benefits to the extent stated in this Contract, its riders and attachments. We have no other liability.

[Network] Services and supplies are to be provided in the most cost-effective manner practicable as Determined by Us.

We reserve the right to use Our subsidiaries, affiliates, or appropriate employees or companies in administering this Contract.

We reserve the right to modify or replace an erroneously issued Contract.

Information in a [Member's] application may not be used by Us to void his or her coverage under this Contract or in any legal action unless the application or a duplicate of it is attached to the Evidence of Coverage issued to a [Member], or has been mailed to a [Member] for attachment to his or her Evidence of Coverage.

PARTICIPATION REQUIREMENTS
At least [75%] of the Employees eligible for insurance must be enrolled for coverage. If an eligible Employee is not covered by this Contract because:
a. the Employee is covered as a Dependent under a spouse's coverage, other than individual coverage;
b. the Employee is covered under any fully-insured Health Benefits Plan offered by the Contractholder;
c. the Employee is covered under Medicare;
d. the Employee is covered under Medicaid or NJ FamilyCare; or
e. the Employee is covered under another group health benefits plan.

We will count this person as being covered by this Contract for the purposes of satisfying participation requirements.

PREMIUM AMOUNTS
The Premium due on each Premium Due Date is the sum of the Premium charges for the coverage provided under this Contract. Those charges are Determined from the Premium rates then in effect and the Employees and Dependents then covered.

If one or more of the premiums paid include charges for an Employee [and or Dependent] whose coverage has ended before the due date of that premium, We will not be required to refund more than the premiums paid for the two months prior to the date We receive written notice from the Contractholder that the Employee's [and or Dependent's] coverage has ended, provided no claims have been incurred during that period. If claims have been incurred during the period prior to Our receipt of written notice that the Employee [and Dependent's] coverage has ended, We shall not be required to refund premium to the Policyholder.

PAYMENT OF PREMIUMS - GRACE PERIOD
Premiums are to be paid by the Contractholder to Us. They are due on each Premium Due Date stated on the first page of the Contract. The Contractholder may pay each Premium other than the first within 31 days of the Premium Due Date. Those days are known as the grace period. The Contractholder is liable to pay Premiums to Us from the first day the Contract is in force.

[REINSTATEMENT
If the premium has not been paid before the end of the grace period, this Contract automatically terminates as of the last day of the grace period. The Contractholder may make written request to Us that the Contract be reinstated. If We accept the request for reinstatement, the Contractholder must pay all unpaid premiums back to the date premium was last paid. Such payment is subject to the premium rate then in effect and to [the payment of the reinstatement fee as established by Us.] [an interest charge, determined as a percentage of the unpaid amount.] The percentage will be determined by Us but will not be more than the maximum percentage allowed by law.]

PREMIUM RATE CHANGES
The Premium rates in effect on the Effective Date are shown in the **Schedule of Premium Rates and Classification** section of the Contract. We have the right to prospectively change Premium rates as of any of these dates:
a) any Premium Due Date;
b) any date that an Employer becomes, or ceases to be, an Affiliated Company.
c) any date that the extent or nature of the risk under the Contract is changed:
- by amendment of the Contract; or
- by reason of any provision of law or any government program or regulation;

d) at the discovery of a clerical error or misstatement as described below.

We will give You 60 days written notice when a change in the Premium rates is made.

RECORDS - INFORMATION TO BE FURNISHED
We will keep a record of the [Members]. It will contain key facts about their coverage.

At the times set by Us, the Contractholder will send the data required by Us to perform its duties under this Contract, and to Determine the premium rates and certify status as a Small Employer. All records of the Contractholder which bear on this Contract must be open to Us for Our inspection at any reasonable time.

We will not have to perform any duty that depends on such data before it is received in a form that satisfies Us. The Contractholder may correct incorrect data given to Us, if We have not been harmed by acting on it. A person's coverage under this Contract will not be made invalid by failure of the Contractholder, due to clerical error, to record or report the Employee for coverage.

The Contractholder will furnish Us the Employee [and Dependents] eligibility requirements of this Contract that apply on the Effective Date. Subject to Our approval, those requirements will apply to the Employee [and Dependent] coverage under this Contract. The Contractholder will notify Us of any change in the eligibility requirements of this Contract, but no such change will apply to the Employee [or Dependent] coverage under this Contract unless approved in advance by Us.

The Contractholder will notify Us of any event, including a change in eligibility, that causes termination of a [Member's] coverage immediately, or in no event later than the last day of the month in which the event occurs. Our liability to arrange or provide benefits for a person ceases when the person's coverage ends under this Contract. [If the Contractholder fails to notify Us as provided above, We will be entitled to reimbursement from the Contractholder of any benefits paid to any person after the person's coverage should have ended.]

TERM OF THE CONTRACT - RENEWAL PRIVILEGE – TERMINATION

This Contract is issued for a term of one (1) year from the Effective Date shown on the first page of this Contract. All Contract Years and Contract Months will be calculated from the Effective Date. Plan Years will be measured as stated in the definition of Plan Year. All periods of insurance hereunder will begin and end at 12:01 am. Eastern Standard Time at the Contractholder's place of business.

The Contractholder may renew this Contract for a further term of one (1) year, on the first and each subsequent Contract Anniversary. All renewals are subject to the payment of premiums then due, computed as provided in this Contract's **Premium Amounts** section and to the provisions stated below.

We have the right to non-renew this Contract on the Contract Anniversary following the date the Contractholder no longer meets the requirements of a Small Employer as defined in this Contract. The Contractholder must certify to Us the Contractholder's status as a Small Employer every year. Certification must be given to Us within 10 days of the date We request it. If the Contractholder fails to do this, We retain the right to non-renew this Contract as of the Contractholder's Contract Anniversary.

We have the right to non-renew this Contract on the Contract Anniversary date following 180 days advance written notice to the Contractholder for the following reasons:

a) subject to the statutory notification requirements, We cease to do business in the small group market;
b) subject to the statutory notification requirements, We cease offering and non-renew a particular type of Health Benefits Plan in the small group market; or
c) the Board terminates a standard plan or a standard plan option.

We have the right to non-renew this Contract on the Contract Anniversary Date subject to 60 days advance written notice to the Contractholder for the following reasons:

a) the Contractholder moves outside the state of New Jersey;
b) less than [75%] of the Contractholder's eligible Employees are covered by this Contract. If an eligible Employee is not covered by this Contract because:
    1. the Employee is covered as a Dependent under a spouse's coverage, other than individual coverage; or
    2. the Employee is covered under any fully-insured Health Benefits Plan offered by the Contractholder;
    3. the Employee is covered under Medicare;
    4. the Employee is covered under Medicaid or NJ FamilyCare; or
    5. The employee is covered under another group health benefits plan,

    We will count that Employee as being covered by this Contract for purposes of satisfying participation requirements;
c) the Contractholder does not contribute at least 10% of the annual cost of the Contract; or
d) the Contractholder ceases membership in an association or multiple employer trust, but only if coverage is terminated uniformly, without regard to any Health Status-Related Factor relating to any Member

If any premium is not paid by the end of its grace period, this Contract will automatically end when that period ends. The Contractholder may write to Us, in advance, to ask that this Contract be ended at the end of the period for which premiums have been paid or at any time during the grace period. We are not required to honor a request for a retroactive termination of this Contract. For prospective termination requests, this Contract will end on the date requested. The Contractholder is liable to pay premiums to Us for the time this Contract is in force. We shall give notice of the date of termination to the Contractholder no more than 30 days following the date of the termination.

Immediate cancellation will occur if the Contractholder has performed an act or practice that constitutes fraud, or made an intentional misrepresentation of material fact under the terms of this Contract.

THE CONTRACT

The entire Contract consists of:
[a) the forms shown in the Table of Contents as of the Effective Date;
b)] the Contractholder's application, a copy of which is attached to the Contract;
[c)] any riders, [endorsements] or amendments to the Contract; and
[d)] the individual applications, if any, of all [Members].

Information in a Contractholder's application may not be used by Us to void this Contract or in any legal action unless the application or a duplicate of it is attached to this Contract or has been furnished to the Contractholder for attachment to this Contract.

No statement will void the coverage, or be used in defense of a claim under this Contract, unless it is contained in a writing signed by a [Member], and We furnish a copy to the [Member].

All statements will be deemed representations and not warranties.

WORKERS' COMPENSATION

The health benefits provided under this Contract are not in place of, and do not affect requirements for coverage by Workers' Compensation.

CLAIMS PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO [NON-NETWORK] BENEFITS

A claimant's right to make a claim for any benefits provided by this Contract is governed as follows:

[NOTICE OF LOSS
A claimant should send a written notice of claim to Us within 20 days of a loss. No special form is required to do this. The notice need only identify the claimant and the Contractholder.

When We receive the notice, We will send a proof of claim form to the claimant. The claimant should receive the proof of claim form within 15 days of the date We received the notice of claim. If the form is received within such time, it should be completed, as instructed, by all persons required to do so. Additional proof, if required, should be attached to the form. If the form is not received within such time, the claimant may provide written proof of claim to Us on any reasonable form. Such proof must state the date the Injury or Illness began and the nature and extent of the loss.]

PROOF OF LOSS
Proof of loss must be sent to Us within 90 days of the loss.

If a notice or proof is sent later than 90 day of the loss, We will not deny or reduce a claim if the notice or proof was sent as soon as possible.

PAYMENT OF CLAIMS
We will pay all benefits to which the claimant is entitled as soon as We receive written proof of loss. All benefits will be paid as they accrue. Any benefits unpaid at the [Member's] death will be paid as soon as We receive due proof of the death to one of the following:
a) his or her estate;
b) his or her spouse;
c) his or her parents;
d) his or her children;
e) his or her brothers and sisters; or
f) any unpaid provider of health care services.

When an Employee files proof of loss, he or she may direct Us, in writing, to pay health care benefits to the recognized provider of health care who provided the covered service for which benefits became payable. [For covered services from an eligible Facility or Practitioner, We will Determine to pay either the [Member] or the Facility or the Practitioner.] The Employee may not assign his or her right to take legal action under this Contract to such provider.

PHYSICAL EXAMS
We, at Our expense have the right to examine the [Member]. This may be done as often as reasonably needed to process a claim. We also have the right to have an autopsy performed, at Our expense.

CONTINUATION RIGHTS

COORDINATION AMONG CONTINUATION RIGHTS SECTIONS

As used in this section, COBRA means the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 as enacted, and later amended.

A [Member] may be eligible to continue his or her group health benefits under this Contract's **COBRA CONTINUATION RIGHTS** (CCR) section and under other continuation sections of this Contract at the same time.

Continuation Under CCR and **NEW JERSEY GROUP CONTINUATION RIGHTS** (NJGCR): A [Member] who is eligible to continue his or her group health benefits under CCR is not eligible to continue under NJGCR.

Continuation under CCR and NJGCR and **NEW JERSEY CONTINUATION RIGHTS FOR OVER-AGE DEPENDENTS** (NJCROD): A Dependent who has elected to continue his or her coverage under the group policy under which his or her parent is currently covered pursuant to NJCROD shall not be entitled to further continue coverage under CCR or NJGCR when continuation pursuant to NJCROD ends.

Continuation Under CCR and any other continuation section of this Contract:

If a [Member] elects to continue his or her group health benefits under this Contract's CCR or NJGCR, as applicable, and any other continuation other than NJCROD, the continuations:
a) start at the same time;
b) run concurrently; and
c) end independently on their own terms.

While covered under more than one continuation section, the [Member]:
a) will not be entitled to duplicate benefits; and
b) will not be subject to the premium requirements of more than one section at the same time.

AN IMPORTANT NOTICE ABOUT CONTINUATION RIGHTS

The following COBRA CONTINUATION RIGHTS section may not apply to the Employer's Contract. The Employee must contact his or her Employer to find out if:
a) the Employer is subject to the COBRA CONTINUATION RIGHTS section in which case;
b) the section applies to the Employee.

COBRA CONTINUATION RIGHTS (Generally applies to employer groups with 20 or more employees)

Important Notice
Under this section, "Qualified Continuee" means any person who, on the day before any event which would qualify him or her for continuation under this section, is covered for group health benefits under this Contract as:
a) an active, covered Employee;
b) the spouse of an active, covered Employee; or
c) the Dependent child of an active, covered Employee. Except as stated below, any person who becomes covered under this Contract during a continuation provided by this section is not a Qualified Continuee.

Exception: A child who is born to the covered Employee, or who is placed for adoption with the covered Employee during the continuation provided by this section is a Qualified Continuee.

If An Employee's Group Health Benefits Ends
If an Employee's group health benefits end due to his or her termination of employment or reduction of work hours, he or she may elect to continue such benefits for up to 18 months, unless he or she was terminated due to gross misconduct.
A Qualified Continuee may elect to continue coverage under COBRA even if the Qualified Continuee:
a) is covered under another group plan on or before the date of the COBRA election; or
b) is entitled to Medicare on or before the date of the COBRA election.

The continuation:
a) may cover the Employee and any other Qualified Continuee; and
b) is subject to the **When Continuation Ends** section.

Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuees
If a Qualified Continuee is determined to be disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the United States Social Security Act on the date his or her group health benefits would otherwise end due to the Employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours or during the first 60 days of continuation coverage, he or she and any Qualified Continuee who is not disabled may elect to extend his or her 18 month continuation period above for up to an extra 11 months.

To elect the extra 11 months of continuation, the Qualified Continuee must give the Employer written proof of Social Security's determination of his or her disability before the earlier of:
a) the end of the 18 month continuation period; and
b) 60 days after the date the Qualified Continuee is determined to be disabled.

If, during this extra 11 month continuation period, the Qualified Continuee is determined to be no longer disabled under the Social Security Act, he or she must notify the Employer within 30 days of such determination, and continuation will end, as explained in the **When Continuation Ends** section.

An additional 50% of the total premium charge also may be required from the Qualified Continuee by the Employer during this extra 11 month continuation period.

If An Employee Dies While Insured
If an Employee dies while insured, any Qualified Continuee whose group health benefits would otherwise end may elect to continue such benefits. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to the **When Continuation Ends** section.

If An Employee's Marriage [or Domestic Partnership] Ends
If an Employee's marriage ends due to legal divorce or legal separation [or termination of a domestic partnership], any Qualified Continuee whose group health benefits would otherwise end may elect to continue such benefits. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to the **When Continuation Ends** section.

If A Dependent Loses Eligibility
If a Dependent child's group health benefits end due to his or her loss of dependent eligibility as defined in this Contract, other than the Employee's coverage ending, he or she may elect to continue such benefits. However, such Dependent child must be a Qualified Continuee. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to **When Continuation Ends.**

Concurrent Continuations
If a Dependent elects to continue his or her group health benefits due to the Employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours, the Dependent may elect to extend his or her 18 month continuation period to up to 36 months, if during the 18 month continuation period, either:
a) the Dependent becomes eligible for 36 months of group health benefits due to any of the reasons stated above; or
b) the Employee becomes entitled to Medicare.

The 36 month continuation period starts on the date the 18 month continuation period started, and the two continuation periods will be deemed to have run concurrently.

Special Medicare Rule
Except as stated below, the "special rule" applies to Dependents of an Employee when the Employee becomes entitled to Medicare prior to termination of employment or reduction in work hours. The continuation period for a Dependent upon the Employee's subsequent termination of employment or reduction in work hours will be the longer of the following:
a) 18 months from the date of the Employee's termination of employment or reduction in work hours; or
b) 36 months from the date of the Employee's earlier entitlement to Medicare.

Exception: If the Employee becomes entitled to Medicare more than 18 months prior to termination of employment or reduction in work hours, this "special rule" will not apply.

The Qualified Continuee's Responsibilities
A person eligible for continuation under this section must notify the Employer, in writing, of:
a) the legal divorce or legal separation [or termination of the domestic partnership] of the Employee from his or her spouse; or
b) the loss of dependent eligibility, as defined in this Contract, of an insured Dependent child.

Such notice must be given to the Employer within 60 days of either of these events.

The Employer's Responsibilities
The Employer must notify the Qualified Continuee, in writing, of:
a) his or her right to continue this Contract's group health benefits;
b) the monthly premium he or she must pay to continue such benefits; and
c) the times and manner in which such monthly payments must be made.

Such written notice must be given to the Qualified Continuee within 44 days of:
a) the date a Qualified Continuee's group health benefits would otherwise end due to the Employee's death or the Employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours; or
b) the date a Qualified Continuee notifies the Employer, in writing, of the Employee's legal divorce or legal separation [or termination of the domestic partnership] from his or her spouse, or the loss of dependent eligibility of an insured Dependent child.

The Employer's Liability
The Employer will be liable for the Qualified Continuee's continued group health benefits to the same extent as, and in place of, [Carrier], if:
a) the Employer fails to remit a Qualified Continuee's timely premium payment to [Carrier] on time, thereby causing the Qualified Continuee's continued group health benefits to end; or
b) the Employer fails to notify the Qualified Continuee of his or her continuation rights, as described above.

Election of Continuation
To continue his or her group health benefits, the Qualified Continuee must give the Employer written notice that he or she elects to continue. An election by a minor Dependent Child can be made by the Dependent Child's parent or legal guardian. This must be done within 60 days of the date a Qualified Continuee receives notice of his or her continuation rights from the Employer as described above. And the Qualified Continuee must pay the first month's premium in a timely manner.

The subsequent premiums must be paid to the Employer, by the Qualified Continuee, in advance, at the times and in the manner specified by the Employer. No further notice of when premiums are due will be given.

The monthly premium will be the total rate which would have been charged for the group health benefits had the Qualified Continuee stayed insured under this Contract on a regular basis. It includes any amount that would have been paid by the Employer. Except as explained in the **Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuees** section, an additional charge of two percent of the total premium charge may also be required by the Employer.

If the Qualified Continuee fails to give the Employer notice of his or her intent to continue, or fails to pay any required premiums in a timely manner, he or she waives his or her continuation rights.

Grace in Payment of Premiums
A Qualified Continuee's premium payment is timely if, with respect to the first payment after the Qualified Continuee elects to continue, such payment is made no later than 45 days after such election. In all other cases, such premium payment is timely if it is made within 31 days of the specified date.

If timely payment is made to the plan in an amount that is not significantly less than the amount the Employer requires to be paid for the period of coverage, then the amount paid is deemed to satisfy the Employer's requirement for the amount that must be paid, unless the plan notifies the Qualified Continuee of the amount of the deficiency and grants an additional 30 days for payment of the deficiency to be made. An amount is not significantly less than the amount the Employer requires to be paid for a period of coverage if and only if the shortfall is no greater than the lesser of the following two amounts:
a) Fifty dollars (or such other amount as the Commissioner may provide in a revenue ruling, notice, or other guidance published in the Internal Revenue Code Bulletin); or
b) Ten percent of the amount the plan requires to be paid.

Payment is considered as made on the date on which it is sent to the Employer.

When Continuation Ends
A Qualified Continuee's continued group health benefits end on the first of the following:
a) with respect to continuation upon the Employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours, the end of the 18 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;
b) with respect to a Qualified Continuee who has elected an additional 11 months of continuation due to his or her own disability or the disability of a family member, the earlier of:
- the end of the 29 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end; or
- the first day of the month which coincides with or next follows the date which is 30 days after the date on which a final determination is made that a disabled Qualified Continuee is no longer disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the United States Social Security Act;

c) with respect to continuation upon the Employee's death, the Employee's legal divorce or legal separation [or termination of the domestic partnership] or the end of an insured Dependent's eligibility, the end of the 36 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;
d) with respect to a Dependent whose continuation is extended due to the Employee's entitlement to Medicare, the end of the 36 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;
e) the date this Contract ends;
f) the end of the period for which the last premium payment is made;

g) the date he or she becomes covered under any other group health plan which contains no limitation or exclusion with respect to any Pre-Existing Condition of the Qualified Continuee or contains a pre-existing conditions limitation or exclusion that is eliminated through the Qualified Continuee's total period of Creditable Coverage;
h) the date he or she becomes entitled to Medicare;
i) termination of a Qualified Continuee for cause (e.g. submission of a fraudulent claim) on the same basis that the Employer terminates coverage of an active employee for cause.

NEW JERSEY GROUP CONTINUATION RIGHTS (NJGCR)

Important Notice
Except as stated below, under this section, "Qualified Continuee" means any person who, on the day before any event which would qualify him or her for continuation under this section, is covered for group health benefits under this Contract as:
a) a full-time covered Employee;
b) the spouse of a full-time covered Employee; or
c) the Dependent child of a full-time covered Employee.
Exception: A Newly Acquired Dependent, where birth, adoption, or marriage occurs after the Qualifying Event is also a "Qualified Continuee" for purposes of being included under the Employee's continuation coverage.

If An Employee's Group Health Benefits Ends
If an Employee's group health benefits end due to his or her termination of employment or reduction of work hours to fewer than 25 hours per week, he or she may elect to continue such benefits for up to 18 months, unless he or she was terminated for cause. The Employee's spouse and Dependent children may elect to continue benefits even if the Employee does not elect continuation for himself or herself.

A Qualified Continuee may elect to continue coverage under NJGCR even if the Qualified Continuee:
a) is covered under another group plan on or before the date of the NJGCR election; or
b) is entitled to Medicare on or before the date of the NJGCR election.

The continuation:
a) may cover the Employee and/or any other Qualified Continuee; and
b) is subject to the When Continuation Ends section.

Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuees
If a former Employee who is a Qualified Continuee is determined to be disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the United States Social Security Act on the date his or her group health benefits would otherwise end due to the termination of employment or reduction of work hours to fewer than 25 hours per week or during the first 60 days of continuation coverage, he or she may elect to extend his or her 18-month continuation period for himself or herself and any Dependents who are Qualified Continuees for up to an extra 11 months.

To elect the extra 11 months of continuation, the Qualified Continuee must give the [Carrier] written proof of Social Security's determination of his or her disability before the earlier of:
a) the end of the 18 month continuation period; and
b) 60 days after the date the Qualified Continuee is determined to be disabled.

If, during this extra 11 month continuation period, the Qualified Continuee is determined to be no longer disabled under the Social Security Act, he or she must notify the [Carrier] within 31 days of such determination, and continuation will end, as explained in the When Continuation Ends section.

An additional 50% of the total premium charge also may be required from the Qualified Continuee by the Employer during this extra 11 month continuation period.

If An Employee Dies While Insured
If an Employee dies while insured, any Qualified Continuee whose group health benefits would otherwise end may elect to continue such benefits. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to the When Continuation Ends section.

If An Employee's Marriage or Civil Union [or Domestic Partnership] Ends
If an Employee's marriage ends due to legal divorce or legal separation or dissolution of the civil union [or termination of a domestic partnership], any Qualified Continuee whose group health benefits would otherwise end may elect to continue such benefits. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to the When Continuation Ends section.

If A Dependent Loses Eligibility
If a Dependent child's group health benefits end due to his or her loss of dependent eligibility as defined in this Contract, other than the Employee's coverage ending, he or she may elect to continue such benefits for up to 36 months, subject to When Continuation Ends.

The Employer's Responsibilities
Upon loss of coverage due to termination of employment or reduction in work hours, the Employer must notify the former employee in writing, of:
a) his or her right to continue this Contract's group health benefits;
b) the monthly premium he or she must pay to continue such benefits; and
c) the times and manner in which such monthly payments must be made.

Upon being advised of the death of the Employee, divorce, dissolution of the civil union, [termination of domestic partnership] or Dependent child's loss of eligibility, the Employer should notify the Qualified Continuee in writing, of:
a) his or her right to continue this Contract's group health benefits;
b) the monthly premium he or she must pay to continue such benefits; and
c) the times and manner in which such monthly payments must be made.

Election of Continuation
To continue his or her group health benefits, the Qualified Continuee must give the Employer written notice that he or she elects to continue. An election by a minor Dependent Child can be made by the Dependent Child's parent or legal guardian. This must be done within 30 days of the date coverage ends. The first month's premium must be paid within 30 days of the date the Qualified Continuee elects continued coverage.

The subsequent premiums must be paid to the Employer, by the Qualified Continuee, in advance, at the times and in the manner specified by the Employer.

The monthly premium will be the total rate which would have been charged for the group health benefits had the Qualified Continuee stayed insured under this Contract on a regular basis. It includes any amount that would have been paid by the Employer. Except as explained in the Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuees section, an additional charge of two percent of the total premium charge may also be required by the Employer.

If the Qualified Continuee does not give the Employer notice of his or her intent to continue coverage, or fails to pay any required premiums in a timely manner, he or she waives his or her continuation rights.

Grace in Payment of Premiums
A Qualified Continuee's premium payment is timely if, with respect to the first payment after the Qualified Continuee elects to continue, such payment is made no later than 30 days after such election. In all other cases, such premium payment is timely if it is made within 31 days of the date it is due.

The Continued Coverage
The continued coverage shall be identical to the coverage provided to similarly situated active Employees and their Dependents under the Employer's plan. If coverage is modified for any group of similarly situated active Employees and their Dependents, the coverage for Qualified Continuees shall also be modified in the same manner. Evidence of insurability is not required for the continued coverage.

When Continuation Ends
A Qualified Continuee's continued group health benefits end on the first of the following:
a) with respect to continuation upon the Employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours, the end of the 18 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;
b) with respect to a Qualified Continuee who has elected an additional 11 months of continuation due to his or her own disability, the end of the 29 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end. However, if the Qualified Continuee is no longer disabled, coverage ends on the later of:
   - the end of the 18-month period; or
   - the first day of the month that begins more than 31 days after the date on which a final determination is made that a disabled Qualified Continuee is no longer disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the United States Social Security Act;
c) with respect to continuation upon the Employee's death, the Employee's legal divorce or legal separation, dissolution of the civil union, [or termination of the domestic partnership] or the end of an insured Dependent's eligibility, the end of the 36 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;
d) the date the Employer ceases to provide any health benefits plan to any active Employee or Qualified Continuee;
e) the end of the period for which the last premium payment is made;
f) the date he or she first becomes covered under any other group health benefits plan, as an employee or otherwise, which contains no limitation or exclusion with respect to any Pre-Existing Condition of the Qualified Continuee; or
g) the date he or she first becomes entitled to Medicare.

NEW JERSEY CONTINUATION RIGHTS FOR OVER-AGE DEPENDENTS (Applies to all size groups):

As used in this provision, "Over-Age Dependent" means an Employee's child by blood or law who:
a) has reached the limiting age under the group plan, but is less than 30 years of age;
b) is not married or in a civil union partnership;
c) has no Dependents of his or her own;
d) is either a resident of New Jersey or is enrolled as a full-time student at an Accredited School; and
e) is not covered under any other group or individual health benefits plan, group health plan, church plan or health benefits plan, and is not entitled to Medicare.

If A Dependent Loses Eligibility
If a Dependent child's group health benefits end or have ended due to his or her attainment of the limiting age, he or she may elect to continue such benefits until his or her 30th birthday, subject to the Conditions for Election, Election of Continuation and When Continuation Ends sections below.

Conditions for Election
An Over-Age Dependent is only entitled to make an election for continued coverage if all of the following conditions are met.
a) The group policy under which the Dependent child was covered immediately prior to reaching the limiting age must have been a fully-insured group policy issued in New Jersey.
b) The Dependent child must actually have been covered under the group policy on the date he or she reached the limiting age under such group policy.
c) A parent of an Over-Age Dependent must be enrolled as having elected Dependent coverage at the time the Over-Age Dependent elects continued coverage. Except, if the Employee has no other Dependents, the Over-Age Dependent may nevertheless elect continued coverage.

Election of Continuation
To continue group health benefits, the Over-Age Dependent must make written election to [the Carrier]. The effective date of the continued coverage will be the later of:
a) the date the Over-Age Dependent gives written notice to [the Carrier]; or
b) the date the Over-Age Dependent pays the first premium; or
c) the date the Dependent would otherwise lose coverage due to attainment of the limiting age.

For a Dependent whose coverage has not yet terminated due to the attainment of the limiting age, the written election must be made within 30 days prior to termination of coverage due to the attainment of the limiting age.

For a person who did not qualify as an Over-Age Dependent because he or she fails to meet all the requirements of an Over-Age Dependent, but who subsequently meets all of the requirements for an Over-Age Dependent, written election must be made within 30 days after the person first subsequently meets all of the requirements for an Over-Age Dependent.

This election opportunity is explained in greater detail as follows:
a) If a person did not qualify because he or she was married, the notice must be given within 30 days of the date he or she is no longer married.
b) If a person did not qualify because he or she had a Dependent of his or her own, the election must be made within 30 days of the date he or she no longer has a Dependent.
c) If a person did not qualify because he or she either was not a resident of New Jersey or was not a full-time student at an Accredited school, the election must be made within 30 days of the date he or she becomes a resident of New Jersey, or becomes a full-time student at an accredited school.
d) If a person did not qualify because he or she was covered under any other group or individual health benefits plan, group health plan, church plan or health benefits plan, or was entitled to Medicare, the election must be made within 30 days of the date he or she is no longer covered under any other group or individual health benefits plan, group health plan, church plan or health benefits plan, or is no longer entitled to Medicare.

An Over-Age Dependent may make written election to continue coverage during a 30 day period beginning on each anniversary date of the date the dependent lost coverage due to attaining the limiting age, provided he or she meets the definition of an "Over-Age Dependent" during that 30-day period.

[Special Enrollment Period: May 12, 2006 – May 11, 2007
A person who qualifies as an Over-Age Dependent as of May 12, 2006, having reached the limiting age under a group plan and lost coverage under such group plan prior to May 12, 2006, may give written notice of an election for continued coverage at any time beginning May 12, 2006 and continuing until May 11, 2007.]
Note to carriers: This Special Enrollment Period text may be deleted for plans issued after May 11, 2007.

Application of a Pre-Existing Conditions Exclusion
An Over-Age Dependent who was covered under prior Creditable Coverage that terminated no more than 90 days prior to making an election for continuation under this section will be given credit for the time he or she was covered under the Creditable Coverage toward the application of the Pre-Existing Conditions Exclusion under the Contract.

Payment of Premium
The first month's premium must be paid within 30 days of the date the Over-Age Dependent elects continued coverage.

The Over-Age Dependent must pay subsequent premiums monthly, in advance, [at the times and in the manner specified by [the Carrier]] [and will be remitted by the Employer]. The monthly premium will be set by the Carrier, and must be consistent with the requirements of P.L. 2005, c. 375.

Grace in Payment of Premiums
An Over-Age Dependent's premium payment is timely if, with respect to the first payment after the Over-Age Dependent elects to continue, such payment is made no later than 30 days after such election. In all other cases, such premium payment is timely if it is made within 30 days of the date it is due.

The Continued Coverage
The continued coverage shall be identical to the coverage provided to the Over-Age Dependent's parent who is covered as an Employee under the Contract [and will be evidenced by a separate [Certificate] and ID card being issued to the Over-Age Dependent.]. If coverage is modified for Dependents who are under the limiting age, the coverage for Over-Age Dependents shall also be modified in the same manner. Evidence of insurability is not required for the continued coverage.

When Continuation Ends
An Over-Age Dependent's continued group health benefits end on the first of the following:
a) the date the Over-Age Dependent:
   1. attains age 30
   2. marries or enters into a civil union partnership;
   3. acquires a Dependent;
   4. is no longer either a resident of New Jersey or enrolled as a full-time student at an Accredited School; or
   5. becomes covered under any other group or individual health benefits plan, group health plan, church plan or health benefits plan, or becomes entitled to Medicare
b) the end of the period for which premium has been paid for the Over-Age Dependent, subject to the Grace Period for such payment;
c) the date the Contract ceases to provide coverage to the Over-Age Dependent's parent who is the Employee under the Contract.
d) The date the Contract under which the Over-Age Dependent elected to continue coverage is amended to delete coverage for Dependents.
e) The date the Over-Age Dependent's parent who is covered as an Employee under the Contract waives Dependent coverage. Except, if the Employee has no other Dependents, the Over-Age Dependent's coverage will not end as a result of the Employee waiving Dependent coverage.

A TOTALLY DISABLED EMPLOYEE'S RIGHT TO CONTINUE GROUP HEALTH BENEFITS

If An Employee is Totally Disabled
An Employee who is Totally Disabled and whose group health benefits end because his or her active employment or membership in an eligible class ends due to that disability, can elect to continue his or her group health benefits. But he or she must have been covered by this Contract for at least three months immediately prior to the date his or her group health benefits ends. The continuation can cover the Employee, and at his or her option, his or her then covered Dependents.

How And When To Continue Coverage
To continue group health benefits, the Employee must give the Employer written notice that he or she elects to continue such benefits. And he or she must pay the first month's premium. This must be done within 31 days of the date his or her coverage under this Contract would otherwise end.

Subsequent premiums must be paid to the Employer monthly, in advance, at the times and in the manner specified by the Employer. The monthly premium the Employee must pay will be the total rate charged for an active Full-Time Employee, covered under this Contract on a regular basis, on the date each payment is due. It includes any amount which would have been paid by the Employer.

We will consider the Employee's failure to give notice or to pay any required premium as a waiver of the Employee's continuation rights.

If the Employer fails, after the timely receipt of the Employee's payment, to pay Us on behalf of such Employee, thereby causing the Employee's coverage to end; then such Employer will be liable for the Employee's benefits, to the same extent as, and in place of, Us.

When This Continuation Ends
These continued group health benefits end on the first of the following:
a) the end of the period for which the last payment is made, if the Employee stops paying.
b) the date the [Member] becomes employed and eligible or covered for similar benefits by another group plan, whether it be an insured or uninsured plan;
c) the date this Contract ends or is amended to end for the class of Employees to which the Employee belonged; or
d) with respect to a Dependent, the date he or she stops being an eligible Dependent as defined in this Contract.

AN EMPLOYEE'S RIGHT TO CONTINUE GROUP HEALTH BENEFITS DURING A FAMILY LEAVE OF ABSENCE

Important Notice
This section may not apply to an Employer's plan. The Employee must contact his or her Employer to find out if:
a) the Employer must allow for a leave of absence under Federal law in which case;
b) the section applies to the Employee.

If An Employee's Group Health Coverage Ends
Group health coverage may end for an Employee because he or she ceases Full-Time work due to an approved leave of absence. Such leave of absence must have been granted to allow the Employee to care for a sick family member or after the birth or adoption of a child. If so, his or her medical care coverage will be continued. Dependents' coverage may also be continued. The Employee will be required to pay the same share of premium as before the leave of absence.

When Continuation Ends
Coverage may continue until the earliest of:
a) the date the Employee returns to Full-Time work;
b) the end of a total period of 12 weeks in any 12 month period,
c) the date on which the Employee's coverage would have ended had the Employee not been on leave; or
d) the end of the period for which the premium has been paid.

[A DEPENDENT'S RIGHT TO CONTINUE GROUP HEALTH BENEFITS

If an Employee dies, any of his or her Dependents who were covered under this Contract may elect to continue coverage. Subject to the payment of the required premium, coverage may be continued until the earlier of:
a) 180 days following the date of the Employee's death; or
b) the date the Dependent is no longer eligible under the terms of this Contract.]

[CONVERSION RIGHTS FOR DIVORCED SPOUSES

IF AN EMPLOYEE'S MARRIAGE OR CIVIL UNION [OR DOMESTIC PARTNERSHIP] ENDS

If an Employee's marriage ends by legal divorce or annulment or the employee's civil union is dissolved [or termination of the domestic partnership], the group health coverage for his or her former spouse ends. The former spouse may convert to an individual contract during the conversion period. The former spouse may cover under his or her individual contract any of his or her Dependent children who were covered under this Contract on the date the group health coverage ends. See **Exceptions** below.

Exceptions
No former spouse may use this conversion right:
a) if he or she is eligible for Medicare;
b) if it would cause him or her to be excessively covered; This may happen if the spouse is covered or eligible for coverage providing similar benefits provided by any other plan, insured or not insured. We will Determine if excessive coverage exists using Our standards for excessive coverage; or
c) [•if he or she permanently relocates outside the Service Area.]

HOW AND WHEN TO CONVERT
The conversion period means the 31 days after the date group health coverage ends. The former spouse must apply for the individual contract in writing and pay the first premium for such contract during the conversion period. Evidence of good health will not be required.

THE CONVERTED CONTRACT
The individual contract will provide the medical benefits that We are required to offer. The individual contract will take effect on the day after group health coverage under this Contract ends.

After group health coverage under this Contract ends, the former spouse and any children covered under the individual contract may still receive benefits under this Contract. If so, benefits to be paid under the individual contract, if any, will be reduced by the amount paid or the reasonable cash value of services provided under this Contract.]

MEDICARE AS SECONDARY PAYOR

IMPORTANT NOTICE

The following sections regarding Medicare may not apply to the Employer's Contract. The Employee must contact his or her Employer to find out if the Employer is subject to Medicare as Secondary Payor rules.

If the Employer is subject to such rules, this Medicare as Secondary Payor section applies to the Employee.

If the Employer is NOT subject to such rules, this Medicare as Secondary Payor section does not apply to the Employee, in which case, Medicare will be the primary health plan and this Contract will be the secondary health plan for [Members] who are eligible for Medicare.

The following provisions explain how this Contract's group health benefits interact with the benefits available under Medicare as Secondary Payor rules. A [Member] may be eligible for Medicare by reason of age, disability, or End Stage Renal Disease. Different rules apply to each type of Medicare eligibility, as explained below.

With respect to the following provisions:

a) "Medicare" when used above, means Part A and B of the health care program for the aged and disabled provided by Title XVIII of the United States Social Security Act, as amended from time to time.
b) A [Member] is considered to be eligible for Medicare by reason of age from the first day of the month during which he or she reaches age 65. However, if the [Member] is born on the first day of a month, he or she is considered to be eligible for Medicare from the first day of the month which is immediately prior to his or her 65th birthday.
c) A "primary" health plan pays benefits for a [Member's] Covered Service or Supply or Covered Charge first, ignoring what the [Member's] "secondary" plan pays. A "secondary" health plan then pays the remaining unpaid allowable expenses. See the **Coordination of Benefits and Services** section for a definition of "allowable expense".

MEDICARE ELIGIBILITY BY REASON OF AGE (Generally applies to employer groups with 20 or more employees)

Applicability
This section applies to an Employee or his or her covered spouse who is eligible for Medicare by reason of age.

Under this section, such an Employee or covered spouse is referred to as a "Medicare eligible".

This section does not apply to:
a) a [Member], other than an Employee or covered spouse
b) an Employee or covered spouse who is under age 65, or
c) a [Member] who is eligible for Medicare solely on the basis of End Stage Renal Disease.

When An Employee or Covered Spouse Becomes Eligible For Medicare
When an Employee or covered spouse becomes eligible for Medicare by reason of age, he or she must choose one of the two options below.

Option (A) - The Medicare eligible may choose this Contract as his or her primary health plan. If he or she does, Medicare will be his or her secondary health plan. See the **When This Contract is Primary** section below, for details.

Option (B) - The Medicare eligible may choose Medicare as his or her primary health plan. If he or she does, group health benefits under this Contract will end. See the **When Medicare is Primary** section below, for details.

If the Medicare eligible fails to choose either option when he or she becomes eligible for Medicare by reason of age, We will provide services and supplies and pay benefits as if he or she had chosen Option (A).

When this Contract is primary
When a Medicare eligible chooses this Contract as his or her primary health plan, if he or she incurs a Covered Service and Supply or Covered Charge for which benefits are payable under both this Contract and Medicare, this Contract is considered primary. This Contract provides services and supplies and pays first, ignoring Medicare. Medicare is considered the secondary plan.

When Medicare is primary
If a Medicare eligible chooses Medicare as his or her primary health plan, he or she will no longer be covered for such benefits by this Contract. Coverage under this Contact will end on the date the Medicare eligible elects Medicare as his or her primary health plan.

A Medicare eligible who elects Medicare as his or her primary health plan, may later change such election, and choose this Contract as his or her primary health plan.

MEDICARE AS SECONDARY PAYOR (Continued)

MEDICARE ELIGIBILITY BY REASON OF DISABILITY (Generally applies to employer groups with 100 or more employees)

Applicability
This section applies to a [Member] who is:
a) under age 65; and
b) eligible for Medicare by reason of disability.

Under this section, such [Member] is referred to as a "disabled Medicare eligible".

This section does not apply to:
a) a [Member] who is eligible for Medicare by reason of age; or
b) a [Member] who is eligible for Medicare solely on the basis of End Stage Renal Disease.

When A [Member] Becomes Eligible For Medicare
When a [Member] becomes eligible for Medicare by reason of disability, this Contract is the primary plan. Medicare is the secondary plan.

If a [Member] is eligible for Medicare by reason of disability, he or she must be covered by both Parts A and B. Benefits will be payable as specified in the **Coordination of Benefits and Services** section of this Contract.

MEDICARE ELIGIBILITY BY REASON OF END STAGE RENAL DISEASE (Applies to all employer groups)

Applicability
This section applies to a [Member] who is eligible for Medicare on the basis of End Stage Renal Disease (ESRD).

Under this section such [Member] is referred to as a "ESRD Medicare eligible".

This section does not apply to a [Member] who is eligible for Medicare by reason of disability.

When A [Member] Becomes Eligible For Medicare Due to ESRD
When a [Member] becomes eligible for Medicare solely on the basis of ESRD, for a period of up to 30 consecutive months, if he or she incurs a charge for the treatment of ESRD for which services and supplies are provided or benefits are payable under both this Contract and Medicare, this Contract is considered primary. This Contract provides services and supplies and pays first, ignoring Medicare. Medicare is considered the secondary plan.

This 30 month period begins on the earlier of:
a) the first day of the month during which a regular course of renal dialysis starts; and
b) with respect to a ESRD Medicare eligible who receives a kidney transplant, the first day of the month during which such [Member] becomes eligible for Medicare.

After the 30 month period described above ends, if an ESRD Medicare eligible incurs a charge for which services and supplies are provided and benefits are payable under both this Contract and Medicare, Medicare is the primary plan. This Contract is the secondary plan. If a [Member] is eligible for Medicare on the basis of ESRD, he or she must be covered by both Parts A and B. Benefits will be payable as specified in the **Coordination of Benefits and Services** section of this Contract.

New Rule, R.1996 d.200, effective April 15, 1996.
See: 28 N.J.R. 27(a), 28 N.J.R. 2042(a).
Amended by R.1997 d.280, effective July 7, 1997 (operative September 1, 1997).
See: 29 N.J.R. 1090(a), 29 N.J.R. 2931(a).
Amended by R.1997 d.501, effective January 1, 1998.
See: 29 N.J.R. 4620(a), 29 N.J.R. 5069(a).
Amended by R.1998 d.299, effective September 1, 1998.
See: 30 N.J.R. 1883(a), 30 N.J.R. 2223(a).
Amended by R.1998 d.512, effective September 25, 1998.
See: 30 N.J.R. 2815(a), 30 N.J.R. 3840(a).
Amended by R.1999 d.376, effective October 6, 1999 (operative November 1, 1999).
See: 31 N.J.R. 2442(a), 31 N.J.R. 3340(a).
Amended by R.2000 d.304, effective June 23, 2000.
See: 32 N.J.R. 2210(a), 32 N.J.R. 2592(a).
Amended by R.2004 d.107, effective March 15, 2004 (operative October 1, 2004).
See: 35 N.J.R. 5011(a), 36 N.J.R. 1594(a).
Amended by R.2005 d.335, effective September 6, 2005.
See: 37 N.J.R. 3218(a), 37 N.J.R. 3834(a).
Amended by R.2006 d.145, effective April 17, 2006 (operative June 1, 2006).
See: 37 N.J.R. 4869(a), 38 N.J.R. 1751(a).
Amended by R.2006 d.377, effective September 22, 2006.
See: 38 N.J.R. 3484(a), 38 N.J.R. 4719(b).
Amended by R.2008 d.132, effective April 24, 2008.
See: 40 N.J.R. 1746(a), 40 N.J.R. 2476(a).

EXHIBIT II

[INTRODUCTION]

What is a Point of Service Plan?
A Point of Service Plan, often referred to as a POS plan, provides coverage for the services of ***Network Providers*** as well as the services of ***Non-Network Providers***. Whenever a person covered under a POS plan needs to access health care, he or she has the option to use the services of either a ***Network Provider*** (subject to any necessary authorization from his or her Primary Care Physician) or those of a ***Non-Network Provider***.

What is the difference between a Network Provider and a non-Network Provider?
A ***Network Provider*** is a doctor, other practitioner or facility that has an agreement with [Carrier] to provide or arrange for covered services and supplies for the benefit of persons covered under the POS plan. A ***Non-Network Provider*** is any licensed or certified provider that does not have a specific agreement with [Carrier].

Generally, the out-of-pocket cost to a person covered under a POS plan will be less if the person uses the services of a ***Network provider*** rather than the services of a ***Non- Network Provider***.

How does the POS plan describe Network and Non-Network coverage?
The POS plan contains a section which describes Network coverage and sections which describe Non-Network coverage. The POS plan also contains many sections which apply to both the use of the services of ***Network Providers*** or the services of ***Non-Network Providers***.

- **SCHEDULE.** Located in the beginning of the POS plan, the SCHEDULE identifies many of the covered services and supplies and specifies the applicable copayment [deductible and coinsurance] for use of a ***Network Provider*** as well as the deductible and coinsurance requirement for the use of a ***Non-Network Provider***. The **SCHEDULE** also identifies some limitations to coverage.

- **COVERED SERVICES AND SUPPLIES**. This section contains a general description of the coverage a person would be entitled to if he or she were to use the services of a ***Network Provider***.

- **COVERED CHARGES** and **COVERED CHARGES WITH SPECIAL LIMITATIONS.** These sections contain descriptions of the coverage a person would be entitled to if her or she were to use the services of a ***Non-Network Provider***.

How does a person access Network Providers?
[Carrier] will provide a [directory] listing all the Primary Care Physicians and facilities that have an agreement with [Carrier]. Each person must select a physician from that [directory] to be his or her Primary Care Physician, also called a PCP. The PCP supervises, coordinates, arranges or provides care, and refers a person for specialist services, as appropriate. The person may name a new PCP by notifying [Carrier].

Except in case of an Emergency or Urgent Care, Network services and supplies can **only** be provided by a ***Network Provider*** (subject to any necessary authorization from his or her Primary Care Physician). [While certain routine OB/GYN care may be secured without going through the PCP, all other Network services and supplies require the authorization of the PCP.]

How much will it cost for services and supplies if a person uses Network Providers?
[The Identification Card will specify the amount of the copayment, the ***Network provider*** will collect for [most] [some] services and supplies.] For [many] [some] services, after a person pays a copayment for the PCP visit, further services and supplies require no additional payment. Home Health Care and Durable Medical Equipment are examples of such services and supplies. [The plan may provide for deductible and coinsurance on services other than primary care physician and pre-natal care services.]

For example, if the POS plan required a $15 physician visit copayment, this amount would be collected from the patient, regardless of the reason for the visit and the actual cost of the services provided during the visit.

Are there restrictions on the use of a Non-Network Provider?
Persons covered under a POS plan may use the services of a Non-Network Provider as often as they like, subject to applicable benefit limitations. Referral from a PCP is not required, but certain services and supplies do require Pre-Approval from [Carrier], as outlined in the Contract and Evidence of Coverage.

How much will it cost for services and supplies if a person uses Non-Network Providers?
After the payment of the applicable calendar year cash deductible, the person would be responsible for payment of the plan's coinsurance.

For example, assume a POS plan with out-of network benefits subject to a $250 deductible and 20% coinsurance. A person may go to a physician for a sick visit with total charges equal to $350. If the physician visit were the first Non-Network charge for the year, the person would first be required to pay $250 to satisfy the deductible. Then, [Carrier] would pay 80% of the remaining $100 charges, or $80. The person's coinsurance share would be 20% of $100, or $20. Thus, the total cost to the person would be $270. After the deductible has been satisfied during a calendar year, further charges are only subject to the applicable coinsurance. **Note**: [Carrier] pays the applicable coinsurance with respect to the lesser of: a) the amount charged; or b) the Reasonable and Customary Charge, as defined in the Contract and the Evidence of coverage.

Does the POS plan cover the same services and supplies whether a person uses in-Network providers or Non-Network providers?
The POS plan was designed to include the same services and supplies whether the person uses ***Network*** or ***Non-Network Providers***. However, the **extent** of coverage differs for some services and supplies. For example, if a person elects to use a ***Network Provider*** for extended care services (skilled nursing care), coverage is unlimited as to number of days. If a person uses a ***Non-Network provider***, extended care services are limited to 120 days.

Since in-network services and supplies must be coordinated by a PCP, and ***Network Providers*** are familiar with in-network covered services and supplies, the list of in-Network covered services and supplies in a POS plan does not generally include as much detail as the list of out-of network covered charges. In addition, [Carrier] is able to offer more details as to the nature and extent of the Network coverage.

For services and supplies that are subject to limitations, can a person receive both Network and Non-Network services and supplies?
The POS plan allows a person to receive any combination of in-network and out-of network services and supplies. However, for services and supplies subject to limitations, the POS plan includes offset provisions to coordinate the **total** services and supplies a person may receive.

PLEASE REFER TO THE CONTRACT [AND EVIDENCE OF COVERAGE] FOR COMPLETE INFORMATION CONCERNING THE POS PLAN AND USE OF NETWORK AND NON-NETWORK PROVIDERS.

[Carrier] **HMO - POS PLAN**

SMALL GROUP HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION (HMO)
POINT OF SERVICE (POS) EVIDENCE OF COVERAGE

[Carrier] certifies that the Employee named below is entitled to the services, supplies and benefits described in this Evidence of Coverage, as of the Effective Date shown below, subject to the eligibility and effective date requirements of the Contract.

The Contract is an agreement between [Carrier] and the Contractholder. This Evidence of Coverage is a summary of the Contract provisions that affect Your coverage. All coverage is subject to the terms and conditions of the Contract.

CONTRACTHOLDER: [ABC Company]

GROUP CONTRACT NUMBER [G-12345]

[EMPLOYEE John Doe]

EVIDENCE OF COVERAGE NUMBER C-123456]

EFFECTIVE DATE OF EVIDENCE OF COVERAGE: [July 1, 2004]

SERVICE AREA [State of New Jersey]

AFFILIATED COMPANIES: [DEF Company]

[COST OF COVERAGE
The coverage described in this Evidence of Coverage is Contributory Coverage. You will be advised of the amount of Your contribution when You enroll.]

[Carrier's address
100 Main Street, Any Town, NJ 00000-0000]

HMO/POS-EOC
[Include legal name, trade name, phone, fax and e-mail numbers by which consumers may contact the carrier, including at least one toll-free number for [Members]]

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION PAGE

OVERVIEW OF THE PLAN
SCHEDULE OF COVERED SERVICES AND SUPPLIES AND COVERED CHARGES
DEFINITIONS
ELIGIBILITY
[MEMBER] PROVISIONS: Applicable to [Network] Services and Supplies
[COVERAGE PROVISION]
COVERED SERVICES AND SUPPLIES Applicable to [Network] Services and Supplies
[NON-NETWORK] BENEFIT PROVISION Applicable to [Non-Network] Benefits
COVERED CHARGES Applicable to [Non-Network] Benefits
COVERED CHARGES WITH SPECIAL LIMITATIONS Applicable to [Non-Network] Benefits
NON-COVERED SERVICES AND SUPPLIES AND NON-COVERED CHARGES
IMPORTANT NOTICE Applicable only to [Non-Network] Benefits
[Non-Network] Utilization Review Features
Specialty Case Management
Centers of Excellence Features
COORDINATION OF BENEFITS AND SERVICES
SERVICES OR BENEFITS FOR AUTOMOBILE RELATED INJURIES
GENERAL PROVISIONS
CLAIMS PROVISIONS Applicable to [Non-Network] Benefits
CONTINUATION RIGHTS
CONVERSION RIGHTS FOR DIVORCED SPOUSES
MEDICARE AS SECONDARY PAYOR
STATEMENT OF ERISA RIGHTS
CLAIMS PROCEDURE FOR [NON-NETWORK] BENEFITS

OVERVIEW OF THE PLAN (Copayment, Deductibles, and Coinsurance)

[NETWORK]	
Copayment	$[15], unless otherwise stated
Emergency Room Copayment	[$50], credited toward Inpatient admission if admitted within 24 hours
Coinsurance	0% [except as stated on the Schedule of Covered Services and Covered Supplies]

[NON-NETWORK]	
Calendar year Cash Deductible (All Cause)	
for Preventive Care	NONE
for immunizations and lead screening for children	NONE
for all other Covered Charges	
Per Covered Person	$2,500]
Per Covered Family	[$5,000 NOTE: Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate [Members]] [$7,500]
Emergency Room Copayment (waived if admitted within 24 hours)	$50
Coinsurance	[30%, 20%]
Network Maximum Out of Pocket	$5,000

MAXIMUM LIFETIME BENEFITS

[NETWORK]	Unlimited, **except** as otherwise stated
[NON-NETWORK]	$5,000,000 per [Member], **except** as otherwise stated

SCHEDULE OF COVERED SERVICES AND SUPPLIES AND COVERED CHARGES (using copayment for network services)

THE SERVICES, SUPPLIES AND BENEFITS COVERED UNDER THIS CONTRACT ARE SUBJECT TO THE PAYMENT OF THE APPLICABLE COPAYMENTS, DEDUCTIBLE AND COINSURANCE.

SERVICES	**[NETWORK]**	**[NON-NETWORK]**
Hospital		
Inpatient (unlimited days)	[$150] Copayment/day; maximum/admission [$750]; maximum/cal. year [$1500]	Deductible/Coinsurance
Outpatient Visit	[$15] Copayment/visit	Deductible/Coinsurance
Practitioner services provided at a Hospital		
Inpatient Visit	$0 Copayment/visit	Deductible/Coinsurance
Outpatient Visit	[$15] Copayment/visit; waived if another Copayment applies	Deductible/Coinsurance
Emergency Room	[$50] Copayment/visit; credited toward Inpatient Copayment if admission occurs within 24 hours	[$50] Copayment; waived if admission occurs within 24 hours; Deductible/Coinsurance
Maternity	[$25] Copayment for initial visit only; $0 Copayment thereafter	Deductible/Coinsurance
Practitioner Services	[$15] Copayment/visit	Deductible/Coinsurance
Preventive Care; NOTE: [Non-Network] benefits LIMITED; Refer to the Covered Charges section	[$15] Copayment/visit	See the Covered Charges Section
Surgery		
Inpatient	$0 Copayment	Deductible/Coinsurance
Outpatient Visit	[$15] Copayment	Deductible/Coinsurance
Pre-Admission Testing	[$15] Copayment	Deductible/Coinsurance
Second Surgical Opinion	[$15] Copayment	Deductible/Coinsurance
Specialist Services	[$15] Copayment	Deductible/Coinsurance

SCHEDULE OF COVERED SERVICES AND SUPPLIES AND COVERED CHARGES (Continued)

SERVICES	[NETWORK]	[NON-NETWORK]
Therapy Services NOTE: Limited Benefits. Refer to the Covered Services and Supplies and Covered Charges sections	[$15] Copayment	Deductible/Coinsurance
Diagnostic Services		
Inpatient	$0 Copayment	Deductible/Coinsurance
Outpatient Visit	[$15] Copayment	Deductible/Coinsurance
Rehabilitation Services NOTE: [Non-Network] benefits LIMITED. Refer to the Covered Charges section	Subject to the Hospital Inpatient Copayment; waived if admission immediately preceded by inpatient hospitalization	Deductible/Coinsurance
Skilled Nursing Center NOTE: [Non-Network] benefits LIMITED. Refer to the Covered Charges section	$0 Copayment	Deductible/Coinsurance
Non-Biologically-based Mental Illnesses and Substance Abuse	**Inpatient**: [$150] Copayment/day; maximum/admission [$750]; maximum/cal. year [$1500]; Maximum 30 days/calendar year **Outpatient**: [$15] Copayment/visit; Maximum 20 visits/calendar year. Refer to the Covered Services and Supplies section for an explanation of the rules for exchange	Deductible/Coinsurance **Inpatient**: Maximum 30 days/Calendar Year **Outpatient**: Maximum 20 visits/Calendar Year Refer to the Covered Charges with Special Limitations Applicable to [Non-Network] Benefits section for an explanation of the rules for exchange
Therapeutic Manipulation: Limited Benefit. Refer to the Covered Services and Supplies and Covered Charges sections	[$15] Copayment/visit	Deductible/Coinsurance
Prescription Drugs	[Non-Network] Deductible/Coinsurance	Deductible/Coinsurance
Home Health Care	Covered; $0 Copayment	Deductible/Coinsurance; Subject to Pre-Approval
Hospice Care	Covered; $0 Copayment	Deductible/Coinsurance; Subject to Pre-Approval

SCHEDULE OF COVERED SERVICES AND SUPPLIES AND COVERED CHARGES (using separate deductible/coinsurance and maximum out of pocket for network and non-network services)

THE SERVICES, SUPPLIES AND BENEFITS COVERED UNDER THIS CONTRACT ARE SUBJECT TO THE PAYMENT OF THE APPLICABLE COPAYMENTS, DEDUCTIBLE AND COINSURANCE.

SERVICES	[NETWORK]	[NON-NETWORK]
Primary Care Physician Visits	[$15] Copayment/visit	Deductible/Coinsurance
Maternity	[$25] Copayment for initial visit only; $0 Copayment thereafter	Deductible/Coinsurance
Emergency Room	[$50] Copayment/visit; credited toward Inpatient Copayment if admission occurs within 24 hours	[$50] Copayment; waived if admission occurs within 24 hours; Deductible/Coinsurance
Immunizations and lead screening for children	Coinsurance	Coinsurance
Preventive Care	If provided by primary care physician, [$15] copayment/visit, if provided by another provider, no Deductible or Coinsurance	No Deductible or Coinsurance
Prescription Drugs	Non-Network Deductible/Coinsurance	Deductible/Coinsurance
All other services and supplies	Deductible/Coinsurance	Deductible/Coinsurance

Cash Deductible per Calendar Year

Network	
Per Covered Person	[$250 to $2,500]
[Per Covered Family	[Dollar amount which is two times the individual Deductible.] [**Note**: Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]]
Non-Network	
Per Covered Person	[Dollar amount not to exceed three times the Network Deductible]
[Per Covered Family	[Dollar amount equal to two times the Non-Network Deductible] **Note**: Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons

Coinsurance	
Network	[50% - 10%, in 5% increments]
Non-Network	[50% - 10%, in 5% increments]

Network Maximum Out of Pocket

Network Maximum Out of Pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Member must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all Network covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Network Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Member has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for Network covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.

The **Network Maximum Out of Pocket** for this Contract is as follows:

Per member per Calendar Year	[An amount not to exceed $5,000]
[Per Covered Family per Calendar Year	[Dollar amount equal to two times the per Member maximum.] [**Note:** Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Members]]

Note: The Network Maximum Out of Pocket cannot be met with Non-Covered Charges.

Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket

Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Member must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all Non-Network covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Member has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for Non-Network covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.

The Non-**Network Maximum Out of Pocket** for this Policy is as follows:

Per Member per Calendar Year	[An amount not to exceed three times the Network Maximum]
[Per Covered Family per Calendar Year	[Dollar amount equal to two times the per Member Maximum.] [**Note:** Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Member]]

Note: The Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket cannot be met with Non-Covered Charges.

SCHEDULE OF COVERED SERVICES AND SUPPLIES AND COVERED CHARGES (using common deductible and maximum out of pocket for network and non-network services but separate coinsurance)

THE SERVICES, SUPPLIES AND BENEFITS COVERED UNDER THIS CONTRACT ARE SUBJECT TO THE PAYMENT OF THE APPLICABLE COPAYMENTS, DEDUCTIBLE AND COINSURANCE.

SERVICES	**[NETWORK]**	**[NON-NETWORK]**
Primary Care Physician Visits	[$15] Copayment/visit	Deductible/Coinsurance
Maternity	[$25] Copayment for initial visit only; $0 Copayment thereafter	Deductible/Coinsurance
Emergency Room	[$50] Copayment/visit; credited toward Inpatient Copayment if admission occurs within 24 hours	[$50] Copayment; waived if admission occurs within 24 hours; Deductible/Coinsurance
Immunizations and lead screening for children	Coinsurance	Coinsurance
Preventive Care	If provided by primary care physician, [$15] copayment/visit, if provided by another provider, no Deductible or Coinsurance	No Deductible or Coinsurance
Prescription Drugs	Non-Network Deductible/Coinsurance	Deductible/Coinsurance
All other services and supplies	Deductible/Coinsurance	Deductible/Coinsurance

Cash Deductible per Calendar Year

Network and Non-Network	
Per Covered Person	[$250 to $2,500]
[Per Covered Family	[Dollar amount which is two times the individual Deductible.] [**Note**: Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Covered Persons]]

Coinsurance

Network	[50% - 10%, in 5% increments]
Non-Network	[50% - 10%, in 5% increments]

Network Maximum Out of Pocket

Network Maximum Out of Pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Member must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all Network **and** Non-Network covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Network Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Member has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for Network or Non-Network covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.

The **Network Maximum Out of Pocket** for this Policy is as follows:

Per Member per Calendar Year	[An amount not to exceed $5,000]
[Per Covered Family per Calendar Year	[Dollar amount equal to two times the per Member maximum.] [**Note:** Must be individually satisfied by 2 separate Members]]

Note: The Network Maximum Out of Pocket cannot be met with Non-Covered Charges.

LIMITATIONS ON SERVICES AND SUPPLIES

Unless otherwise stated, the following limitations represent the maximum number of days or visits for use of any combination of Network and Non-Network Providers.

Charges for Inpatient confinement in an Extended Care or Rehabilitation Center, per Calendar Year (combined)	
Network:	Unlimited
Non-Network:	120 days
Charges for therapeutic manipulation per Calendar Year	30 visits
Charges for speech and cognitive therapy per Calendar Year (combined)	30 visits
Charges for physical or occupational therapy per Calendar Year (combined)	30 visits
Charges for Preventive Care per Calendar Year as follows:	
Network:	Unlimited
Non-Network: (Not subject to Cash Deductible or Coinsurance)	
[• for a Covered Person who is a Dependent child from birth until the end of the Calendar Year in which the Dependent child attains age 1	$750 per Member]
• for all [other] Members	$500 per Member
Charges for all treatment of Non-Biologically-based Mental Illnesses and Substance Abuse, per Calendar Year	
Inpatient Confinement	30 days *
Outpatient Care	20 visits

* [Subject to Pre-Approval,] unused Inpatient days may be exchanged for additional Outpatient visits, where each Inpatient day may be exchanged for two Outpatient visits.

Per Lifetime Maximum Benefit (for all Illnesses and Injuries)	
Network:	Unlimited
Non-Network:	$5,000,000.00

NOTE: NO [NETWORK] SERVICES OR SUPPLIES WILL BE PROVIDED IF A [MEMBER] FAILS TO OBTAIN A REFERRAL FOR CARE THROUGH HIS OR HER PRIMARY CARE PHYSICIAN [OR HEALTH CENTER] [OR THE CARE MANAGER]. READ THE [MEMBER] PROVISIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE OBTAINING MEDICAL CARE, SERVICES OR SUPPLIES. [NON-NETWORK] BENEFITS MAY BE PROVIDED, SUBJECT TO THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE CONTRACT CONCERNING [NON-NETWORK] BENEFITS. [PLEASE READ THE UTILIZATION REVIEW FEATURES SECTION CAREFULLY. THE UTILIZATION REVIEW FEATURES SECTION CONTAINS A PENALTY FOR NON-COMPLIANCE.]

REFER TO THE SECTION OF THE CONTRACT CALLED "NON-COVERED SERVICES AND SUPPLIES AND NON-COVERED CHARGES" FOR A LIST OF THE SERVICES AND SUPPLIES AND CHARGES FOR WHICH A [MEMBER] IS NOT ELIGIBLE.

FOR ANY SPECIFIC [NETWORK] SERVICES AND SUPPLIES WHICH ARE SUBJECT TO LIMITATION, ANY SUCH [NETWORK] SERVICES OR SUPPLIES THE [MEMBER] RECEIVES AS A [NETWORK] SERVICE OR SUPPLY WILL REDUCE THE CORRESPONDING [NON-NETWORK] BENEFIT FOR THAT SERVICE OR SUPPLY. SIMILARLY, FOR ANY SPECIFIC [NON-NETWORK] BENEFITS WHICH ARE SUBJECT TO LIMITATION, ANY SUCH BENEFITS THE [MEMBER] RECEIVES AS [NON-NETWORK] COVERED CHARGES WILL REDUCE THE CORRESPONDING [NETWORK] SERVICES AND SUPPLIES AVAILABLE FOR THAT SERVICE OR SUPPLY. THE [NETWORK] SERVICES AND SUPPLIES SECTION AND THE [NON-NETWORK] COVERED CHARGES SECTION CLEARLY IDENTIFY WHICH SERVICES AND SUPPLIES AND COVERED CHARGES ARE AFFECTED BY THIS REDUCTION RULE.

Daily Room and Board Limits ***Applicable to [Non-Network] Benefits***

During a Period of Hospital Confinement
For semi-private room and board accommodations, We will cover charges up to the Hospital's actual daily semi-private room and board rate.

For private room and board accommodations, We will cover charges up to the Hospital's average semi-private room and board rate, or if the Hospital does not have semi-private accommodations, 80% of its lowest daily room and board rate. However, if the [Member] is being isolated in a private room because the [Member] has a communicable Illness, We will cover charges up to the Hospital's actual private room charge.

For Special Care Units, We will cover charges up to the Hospital's actual daily room and board charge for the Special Care Unit.

During a Confinement in an Extended Care Center or Rehabilitation Center
We will cover the lesser of:
a) the center's actual daily room and board charge; or
b) 50% of the covered daily room and board charge made by the hospital during the [Member's] preceding Hospital confinement, for semi-private accommodations.

DEFINITIONS

The words shown below have specific meanings when used in the Contract. Please read these definitions carefully. Throughout the Contract, these defined terms appear with their initial letters capitalized. They will help [Members] understand what services and supplies and benefits are provided.

ACCREDITED SCHOOL. A school accredited by a nationally recognized accrediting association, such as one of the following regional accrediting agencies: Middle States Association of Colleges and Schools, New England Association of Schools and Colleges, North Central Association of Colleges and Schools, Northwest Association of Schools and Colleges, Southern Association of Colleges and Schools, or Western Association of Schools and Colleges. An accredited school also includes a proprietary institution approved by an agency responsible for issuing certificates or licenses to graduates of such an institution.

[ACTIVELY AT WORK or ACTIVE WORK. Performing, doing, participating or similarly functioning in a manner usual for the task for full pay, at the Contractholder's place of business, or at any other place that the Contractholder's business requires the Employee to go.]

AFFILIATED COMPANY. A company defined in subsections (b), (c), (m) or (o) of section 414 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. All entities that meet the criteria set forth in the Internal Revenue Code shall be treated as one employer.

ALCOHOL ABUSE. Abuse of or addiction to alcohol. Alcohol Abuse does not include abuse of or addiction to drugs. Please see the definition of Substance Abuse.

AMBULANCE. A certified transportation vehicle for transporting Ill or Injured people that contains all life-saving equipment and staff as required by applicable state and local law.

AMBULATORY SURGICAL CENTER. A Facility mainly engaged in performing Outpatient Surgery. It must:
a) be staffed by Practitioners and Nurses, under the supervision of a Practitioner;
b) have operating and recovery rooms;
c) be staffed and equipped to give emergency care; and
d) have written back-up arrangements with a local Hospital for emergency care.

It must carry out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws and be either:
a) accredited for its stated purpose by either the Joint Commission or the Accreditation Association for ambulatory care; or
b) approved for its stated purpose by Medicare.

A Facility is not an Ambulatory Surgical Center, for the purpose of the Contract, if it is part of a Hospital.

ANNIVERSARY DATE. The date which is one year from the Effective Date of the Contract and each succeeding yearly date thereafter.

[APPROVED CANCER CLINICAL TRIAL. A scientific study of a new therapy or intervention for the treatment, palliation, or prevention of cancer in human beings that meets the following requirements:
a) The treatment or intervention is provided pursuant to an approved cancer clinical trial that has been authorized or approved by one of the following: 1) The National Institutes of Health (Phase I, II and III); (2) the United States Food and Drug Administration, in the form of an investigational new drug (IND) exemption (Phase I, II and III); 3) The United States Department of Defense; or 4) The United States Department of Veteran Affairs.
b) The proposed therapy has been reviewed and approved by the applicable qualified Institutional Review Board.
c) The available clinical or pre-clinical data to indicate that the treatment or intervention provided pursuant to the Approved Cancer Clinical Trial will be at least as effective as standard therapy, if such therapy exists, and is expected to constitute an improvement in effectiveness for treatment, prevention and palliation of cancer.
d) The Facility and personnel providing the treatment are capable of doing so by virtue of their experience and training.
e) The trial consists of a scientific plan of treatment that includes specified goals, a rationale and background for the plan, criteria for patient selection, specific directions for administering therapy and monitoring patients, a definition of quantitative measures for determining treatment response and methods for documenting and treating adverse reactions. All such trials must have undergone a review for scientific content and validity, as evidenced by approval by one of the federal entities identified in item a. A cost-benefit analysis of clinical trials will be performed when such an evaluation can be included with a reasonable expectation of sound assessment.]

BIOLOGICALLY-BASED MENTAL ILLNESS. A mental or nervous condition that is caused by a biological disorder of the brain and results in a clinically significant or psychological syndrome or pattern that substantially limits the functioning of the person with the illness, including but not

limited to: schizophrenia; schizoaffective disorder; major depressive disorder; bipolar disorder; paranoia and other psychotic disorders; obsessive-compulsive disorder; panic disorder and pervasive developmental disorder or autism.

BIRTHING CENTER. A Facility which mainly provides care and treatment for women during uncomplicated pregnancy, routine full-term delivery, and the immediate post-partum period. It must:
a) provide full-time Skilled Nursing Care by or under the supervision of Nurses;
b) be staffed and equipped to give emergency care; and
c) have written back-up arrangements with a local Hospital for emergency care.

It must:
a) carry out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws; or
b) be approved for its stated purpose by the Accreditation Association for Ambulatory Care; or
c) be approved for its stated purpose by Medicare.

A Facility is not a Birthing Center, for the purpose of the Contract, if it is part of a Hospital.

BOARD. The Board of Directors of the New Jersey Small Employer Health Benefits Program.

CALENDAR YEAR. Each successive twelve-month period starting on January 1 and ending on December 31.

[CARE MANAGER. An entity designated by Us to manage, assess, coordinate, direct and authorize the appropriate level of health care treatment.]

CASH DEDUCTIBLE or DEDUCTIBLE. The amount of Covered Charges that a [Member] must pay before the Contract pays any benefits for such charges. Cash Deductible does not include Coinsurance, Copayments, and Non-Covered Services and Supplies and Non-Covered Charges. See the **Cash Deductible** section of the Contract for details.

CHURCH PLAN. Has the same meaning given that term under Title I, section 3 of Pub.L.93-406, the "Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974".

COINSURANCE. The percentage of Covered Services or Supplies or the percentage of Covered Charges, as applicable, that must be paid by a [Member]. Coinsurance does **not** include the Cash Deductible, Copayments, or Non-Covered Services and Supplies and Non-Covered Charges.

CONTRACT. The Contract, including the application and any riders, amendments or endorsements, between the Contractholder and Us.

CONTRACTHOLDER. Employer or organization which purchased the Contract.

COPAYMENT. A specified dollar amount which [Member] must pay for certain Covered Services or Supplies or Covered Charges. ***NOTE:*** *The Emergency Room Copayment, if applicable, must be paid in addition to any other Copayments, Cash Deductible, and Coinsurance.*

COSMETIC SURGERY OR PROCEDURE. Any surgery or procedure which involves physical appearance, but which does not correct or materially improve a physiological function and is not Medically Necessary and Appropriate.

COVERED CHARGES. Reasonable and Customary charges for the types of services and supplies described in the **Covered Charges** and **Covered Charges with Special Limitations** section of the Contract, as applicable to [Non-Network] benefits. The services and supplies must be:
a) furnished or ordered by a health care Provider; and
b) Medically Necessary and Appropriate to diagnose or treat an Illness or Injury.

A Covered Charge is incurred on the date the service or supply is furnished. Subject to all of the terms of the Contract, We pay benefits for Covered Charges incurred by a [Member] while he or she is covered by the Contract. Read the entire Contract to find out what We limit or exclude.

COVERED EMPLOYEE. A person who meets all applicable eligibility requirements, enrolls hereunder by making application, and for whom premium has been received.

COVERED SERVICES OR SUPPLIES. The types of services and supplies described in the **Covered Services and Supplies** section of the Contract, as applicable to [Network] benefits.

Read the entire Contract to find out what We limit or exclude.

CREDITABLE COVERAGE. With respect to an Employee [or Dependent], coverage of the Employee [or Dependent] under any of the following: a Group Health Plan; a group or individual Health Benefits Plan; Part A or Part B of Title XVIII of the federal Social Security Act (Medicare); Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act (Medicaid), other than coverage consisting solely of benefits under section 1928 of Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act (the program for distribution of pediatric vaccines); Title XXI of the Social Security Act (State Children's Health Insurance Program), chapter 55 of Title 10, United States Code (medical and dental care for members and certain former members of the uniformed services and their dependents); a medical care program of the Indian Health Service or of a tribal organization; a state health benefits risk pool; a health plan offered under chapter 89 of Title 5, United States Code; a Public Health Plan as defined by federal regulation; a health benefits plan under section 5(e) of the "Peace Corps Act"; or coverage under any other type of plan as set forth by the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance by regulation.

Creditable Coverage does not include coverage which consists solely of the following: coverage only for accident or disability income insurance, or any combination thereof; coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance; liability insurance, including general liability insurance and automobile liability insurance; workers' compensation or similar insurance; automobile medical payment insurance; credit only insurance; coverage for on-site medical clinics; coverage as specified in federal regulation, under which benefits for medical care are secondary or incidental to the insurance benefits; and other coverage expressly excluded from the definition of Health Benefits Plan.

CURRENT PROCEDURAL TERMINOLOGY (C.P.T.) The most recent edition of an annually revised listing published by the American Medical Association which assigns numerical codes to procedures and categories of medical care.

CUSTODIAL CARE. Any service or supply, including room and board, which:
a) is furnished mainly to help a [Member] meet a [Member's] routine daily needs; or
b) can be furnished by someone who has no professional health care training or skills.

Even if a [Member] is in a Hospital or other Facility, We do not provide for care if it is mainly custodial.

[DEPENDENT. Your:
a) legal spouse which shall include a civil union partner pursuant to P.L. 2006, c. 103 as well as same sex relationships legally recognized in other jurisdictions when such relationships provide substantially all of the rights and benefits of marriage. [and domestic partner pursuant to P.L. 2003. c. 246]; except that legal spouse shall be limited to spouses of a marriage as marriage is defined in the Federal Defense of Marriage Act. 1 U.S.C.A. 7, with respect to the provisions of the Policy regarding continuation rights required by the Federal Consolidated Omnibus Reconciliation Act of 1886 (COBRA), Pub. L. 99-272, as subsequently amended. (Civil union partners do not have COBRA rights in the event of dissolution of the civil union.)
b) unmarried Dependent child who is under age 19; and
c) unmarried Dependent child from age 19 until his or her 23rd birthday, who is enrolled as a full-time student at an Accredited School. Full-time status will be as defined by the Accredited School. We can require periodic proof of a Dependent child's status as a full-time student.

Under certain circumstances, an incapacitated child is also a Dependent. See the **Eligibility** section of the Contract.

Your "unmarried Dependent child" includes Your legally adopted child, Your step-child if such step-child depends on You for most of his or her support and maintenance, the child of his or her civil union partner if the child depends on the employee for most of his or her support and maintenance, [and] [, the child of his or her domestic partner if the child depends on the Employee for most of his or her support and maintenance. and] children under a court appointed guardianship. We treat a child as legally adopted from the time the child is placed in the home for purposes of adoption. We treat such a child this way whether or not a final adoption order is ever issued.

A Dependent is not a person who is on active duty in the armed forces of any country.

A Dependent is not a person who is covered by the Contract as an Employee.

At Our Discretion, We can require proof that a person meets the definition of a Dependent.]

[DEPENDENT'S ELIGIBILITY DATE.
The later of:
a) the Employee's Eligibility Date; or
b) the date the person first becomes a Dependent.]

DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITY or DEVELOPMENTALLY DISABLED. A severe, chronic disability that:
a) is attributable to a mental or physical impairment or a combination of mental and physical impairments;
b) is manifested before the [Member] attains age 19;
c) is likely to continue indefinitely;
d) results in substantial functional limitations in three or more of the following areas of major life activity: self-care; receptive and expressive language; learning; mobility; self-direction; capacity for independent living; economic self-sufficiency;
e) reflects the [Member's] need for a combination and sequence of special interdisciplinary or generic services, individualized support, and other forms of assistance that are lifelong or of extended duration and are individually planned and coordinated.

DIAGNOSTIC SERVICES. Procedures ordered by a Provider because of specific symptoms to diagnose a specific condition or disease. Some examples include, but are not limited to:
a) radiology, ultrasound, and nuclear medicine;
b) laboratory and pathology; and
c) EKGs, EEGs, and other electronic diagnostic tests.

With respect to [Non-Network] benefits, **except** as allowed under the Preventive Care Covered Charge, Diagnostic Services are not covered under the Contract if the procedures are ordered as part of a routine or periodic physical examination or screening examination.

DISCRETION/DETERMINATION/DETERMINE. Our sole right to make a decision or determination. The decision will be applied in a reasonable and non-discriminatory manner.

DURABLE MEDICAL EQUIPMENT. Equipment We [or the Care Manager] Determine to be:
a) designed and able to withstand repeated use;
b) used primarily and customarily for a medical purpose;
c) is generally not useful to a [Member] in the absence of an Illness or Injury; and
d) suitable for use in the home.

Durable Medical Equipment includes, but is not limited to, apnea monitors, breathing equipment, hospital-type beds, walkers, and wheelchairs.

Among other things, Durable Medical Equipment does not include: adjustments made to vehicles, air conditioners, air purifiers, humidifiers, dehumidifiers, elevators, ramps, stair glides, Emergency Alert equipment, handrails, heat appliances, improvements made to a [Member's] home or place of business, waterbeds, whirlpool baths, exercise and massage equipment.

EFFECTIVE DATE. The date on which coverage begins under the Contract for the Contractholder, or the date coverage begins under the Contract for a [Member], as the context in which the term is used suggests.

EMERGENCY. A medical condition manifesting itself by acute symptoms of sufficient severity including, but not limited to, severe pain, psychiatric disturbances and/or symptoms of Substance Abuse such that a prudent layperson, who possesses an average knowledge of health and medicine, could expect the absence of immediate medical attention to result in: placing the health of the individual (or with respect to a pregnant woman, the health of the woman or her unborn child) in serious jeopardy; serious impairment to bodily functions; or serious dysfunction of a bodily organ or part. With respect to a pregnant woman who is having Contractions, an Emergency exists where: there is inadequate time to effect a safe transfer to another Hospital before delivery; or the transfer may pose a threat to the health or safety of the woman or unborn child.

EMPLOYEE. A Full-Time bona-fide Employee (25 hours per week) of the Contractholder. Employees who work on a temporary or substitute basis or who are participating in an employee welfare arrangement established pursuant to a collective bargaining agreement are not considered to be Employees for the purpose of the Contract. Partners, proprietors, and independent Contractors will be treated like Employees, if they meet all of the Contract's conditions of eligibility.

EMPLOYEE'S ELIGIBILITY DATE.

a)the date of employment; or
b)[the day] after any applicable waiting period ends.

EMPLOYER. [ABC Company].

ENROLLMENT DATE. With respect to a [Member], the Effective Date or, if earlier, the first day of any applicable waiting period. If an Employee changes plans or if the Employer transfers coverage to another carrier, the [Member's] Enrollment Date does not change.

EXPERIMENTAL or INVESTIGATIONAL.

Services or supplies which We [or the Care Manager] Determine are:
a) not of proven benefit for the particular diagnosis or treatment of a [Member's] particular condition; or
b) not generally recognized by the medical community as effective or appropriate for the particular diagnosis or treatment of a [Member's] particular condition; or
c) provided or performed in special settings for research purposes or under a controlled environment or clinical protocol.

Unless otherwise required by law with respect to drugs which have been prescribed for treatment for which the drug has not been approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA), We will not cover any services or supplies, including treatment, procedures, drugs, biological products or medical devices or any hospitalizations in connection with Experimental or Investigational services or supplies.
We will also not cover any technology or any hospitalization in connection with such technology if such technology is obsolete or ineffective and is not used generally by the medical community for the particular diagnosis or treatment of a [Member's] particular condition.

Governmental approval of a technology is not necessarily sufficient to render it of proven benefit or appropriate or effective for a particular diagnosis or treatment of a [Member's] particular condition, as explained below.

We [or the Care Manager] will apply the following five criteria in Determining whether services or supplies are Experimental or Investigational:

1. Any medical device, drug, or biological product must have received final approval to market by the FDA for the particular diagnosis or condition. Any other approval granted as an interim step in the FDA regulatory process, e.g., an Investigational Device Exemption or an Investigational New Drug Exemption, is not sufficient. Once FDA approval has been granted for a particular diagnosis or condition, use of the medical device, drug or biological product for another diagnosis or condition will require that one or more of the following established reference compendia:
a) The American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information; or
b) The United States Pharmacopeia Drug Information

recognize the usage as appropriate medical treatment. As an alternative to such recognition in one or more of the compendia, the usage of the drug will be recognized as appropriate if it is recommended by a clinical study or recommended by a review article in a major peer-reviewed professional journal. A medical device, drug, or biological product that meets the above tests will not be considered Experimental or Investigational.

In any event, any drug which the Food and Drug Administration has determined to be contraindicated for the specific treatment for which the drug has been prescribed will be considered Experimental or Investigational.

2. Conclusive evidence from the published peer-reviewed medical literature must exist that the technology has a definite positive effect on health outcomes; such evidence must include well-designed investigations that have been reproduced by non-affiliated authoritative sources, with measurable results, backed up by the positive endorsements of national medical bodies or panels regarding scientific efficacy and rationale;

3. Demonstrated evidence as reflected in the published peer-reviewed medical literature must exist that over time the technology leads to improvement in health outcomes, i.e., the beneficial effects outweigh any harmful effects;

4. Proof as reflected in the published peer-reviewed medical literature must exist that the technology is at least as effective in improving health outcomes as established technology, or is usable in appropriate clinical contexts in which established technology is not employable; and

5. Proof as reflected in the published peer-reviewed medical literature must exist that improvements in health outcomes, as defined in paragraph 3, is possible in standard conditions of medical practice, outside clinical investigatory settings.

EXTENDED CARE CENTER. See Skilled Nursing Facility.

FACILITY. A place which:
a) is properly licensed, certified, or accredited to provide health care under the laws of the state in which it operates; and
b) provides health care services which are within the scope of its license, certificate or accreditation.

FULL-TIME. A normal work week of 25 or more hours. Work must be at the Contractholder's regular place of business or at another place to which an Employee must travel to perform his or her regular duties for his or her full and normal work hours.

GOVERNMENT HOSPITAL. A Hospital operated by a government or any of its subdivisions or agencies, including, but not limited to, a Federal, military, state, county or city Hospital.

GROUP HEALTH PLAN. An employee welfare benefit plan, as defined in Title I of section 3 of Pub.L.93-406, the "Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974" ERISA) (29 U.S.C. § 1002(1)) to the extent that the plan provides medical care and includes items and services paid for as medical care to employees or their dependents directly or through insurance, reimbursement or otherwise.

HEALTH BENEFITS PLAN. Any hospital and medical expense insurance policy or certificate; health, hospital, or medical service corporation Contract or certificate; or health maintenance organization subscriber Contract or certificate delivered or issued for delivery in New Jersey by any carrier to a Small Employer group pursuant to section 3 of P.L. 1992, c. 162 (C. 17B: 27A-19) or any other similar Contract, policy, or plan issued to a Small Employer, not explicitly excluded from the definition of a health benefits plan. Health Benefits Plan does not include one or more, or any combination of the following: coverage only for accident or disability income insurance, or any combination thereof; coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance; liability insurance, including general liability insurance and automobile liability insurance; workers' compensation or similar insurance; automobile medical payment insurance; credit-only insurance; coverage for on-site medical clinics; and other similar insurance coverage, as specified in federal regulations, under which benefits for medical care are secondary or incidental to other insurance benefits. Health Benefits Plans shall not include the following benefits if they are provided under a separate policy, certificate or Contract of insurance or are otherwise not an integral part of the plan: limited scope dental or vision benefits; benefits for long term care, nursing home care, home health care, community based care, or any combination thereof; and such other similar, limited benefits as are specified in federal regulations. Health Benefits Plan shall not include hospital confinement indemnity coverage if the benefits are provided under a separate policy, certificate or Contract of insurance, there is no coordination between the provision of the benefits and any exclusion of benefits under any group Health Benefits Plan maintained by the same Plan Sponsor, and those benefits are paid with respect to an event without regard to whether benefits are provided with respect to such an event under any Group Health Plan maintained by the same Plan Sponsor. Health Benefits Plan shall not include the following if it is offered as a separate policy, certificate or Contract of insurance: Medicare supplemental health insurance as defined under section 1882(g)(1) of the federal Social Security Act; and coverage supplemental to the coverage provided under chapter 55 of Title 10, United States Code; and similar supplemental coverage provided to coverage under a Group Health plan.

[**HEALTH CARE CENTER OR HEALTH CENTER.** A place operated by or on behalf of an HMO where [Network] Providers provide Covered Services and Supplies to [Members].]

HEALTH STATUS-RELATED FACTOR. Any of the following factors: health status; medical condition, including both physical and mental Illness; claims experience; receipt of health care; medical history; genetic information; evidence of insurability, including conditions arising out of acts of domestic violence; and disability.

HOME HEALTH AGENCY. A Provider which provides Skilled Nursing Care for Ill or Injured people in their home under a home health care program designed to eliminate Hospital stays. It must be licensed by the state in which it operates, or it must be certified to participate in Medicare as a Home Health Agency.

HOSPICE. A Provider which provides palliative and supportive care for terminally Ill or terminally Injured people. It must carry out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it must either:
a) be approved for its stated purpose by Medicare; or
b) be accredited for its stated purpose by either the Joint Commission or the National Hospice Organization.

HOSPITAL. A Facility which mainly provides Inpatient care for Ill or Injured people. It must carry out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it must either:
a) be accredited as a Hospital by the Joint Commission; or
b) be approved as a Hospital by Medicare.

Among other things, a Hospital is not a convalescent, rest or nursing home or Facility, or a Facility, or part of it, which mainly provides Custodial Care, educational care or rehabilitative care. A Facility for the aged or substance abusers is not a Hospital.

ILLNESS or ILL. A sickness or disease suffered by a [Member] or a description of a [Member] suffering from a sickness or disease.

[**INITIAL DEPENDENT.** Those eligible Dependents an Employee has at the time he or she first becomes eligible for Employee coverage. If at the time the Employee does not have any eligible Dependents, but later acquires them, the first eligible Dependents he or she acquires are his or her Initial Dependents.]

INJURY or INJURED. Damage to a [Member's] body, and all complications arising from that damage, or a description of a [Member] suffering from such damage.

INPATIENT. [Member], if physically confined as a registered bed patient in a Hospital or other health care Facility; or services and supplies provided in such a setting.

JOINT COMMISSION. The Joint Commission on the Accreditation of Health Care Organizations.

LATE ENROLLEE. An eligible Employee [or Dependent] who requests enrollment under the Contract more than [30] days after first becoming eligible. However, an eligible Employee [or Dependent] will not be considered a Late Enrollee under certain circumstances. See the Employee Coverage [and Dependent Coverage] subsection[s] of the **Eligibility** section of the Contract.

MEDICALLY NECESSARY AND APPROPRIATE. Services or supplies provided by a health care Provider that We [or the Care Manager] Determine to be:

a) necessary for the symptoms and diagnosis or treatment of the condition, Illness or Injury;
b) provided for the diagnosis or the direct care and treatment of the condition, Illness or Injury;
c) in accordance with generally accepted medical practice;
d) not for a [Member's] convenience;
e) the most appropriate level of medical care that a [Member] needs; and
f) furnished within the framework of generally accepted methods of medical management currently used in the United States.

In the instance of an Emergency, with respect to [Network] services and supplies, and in all instances with respect to [Non-Network] benefits, the fact that an attending Practitioner prescribes, orders, recommends or approves the care, the level of care, or the length of time care is to be received, does not make the services Medically Necessary and Appropriate.

MEDICAID. The health care program for the needy provided by Title XIX of the United States Social Security Act, as amended from time to time.

MEDICARE. Parts A and B of the health care program for the aged and disabled provided by Title XVIII of the United States Social Security Act, as amended from time to time.

[MEMBER]. An eligible person who is covered under the Contract (includes Covered Employee [and covered Dependents, if any)].

[**[MEMBER] SERVICES**. Carrier has the option to include a definition of such services in the Contract.]

MENTAL HEALTH CENTER. A Facility that mainly provides treatment for people with mental health problems. It will be considered such a place if it carries out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it is either:
a) accredited for its stated purpose by the Joint Commission;
b) approved for its stated purpose by Medicare; or
c) accredited or licensed by the State of New Jersey to provide mental health services.

[NETWORK] PROVIDER. A Provider which has an agreement [directly or indirectly] with Us [or Our associated medical groups] to provide Covered Services or Supplies. The Employee will periodically be given up-to date lists of [Network] Providers. The up-to date lists will be furnished automatically, without charge.

[NEWLY ACQUIRED DEPENDENT. An eligible Dependent an Employee acquires after he or she already has coverage in force for Initial Dependents.]

NICOTINE DEPENDENCE TREATMENT. "Behavioral Therapy," as defined below, and Prescription Drugs which have been approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration for the management of nicotine dependence.

For the purpose of this definition, covered "Behavioral Therapy" means motivation and behavior change techniques which have been demonstrated to be effective in promoting nicotine abstinence and long term recovery from nicotine addiction.

NON-BIOLOGICALLY-BASED MENTAL ILLNESS. An Illness which manifests symptoms which are primarily mental or nervous for which the primary treatment is psychotherapy or psychotropic medication where the Illness is not biologically-based.

In determining whether or not a particular condition is a Non-Biologically-based Mental Illness, We may refer to the current edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Conditions of the American Psychiatric Association.

NON-COVERED CHARGES. Charges which do not meet the Contract's definition of Covered Charges or which exceed any of the benefit limits shown in the Contract, or which are specifically identified as Non-Covered Services and Supplies and Non-Covered Charges or are otherwise not covered by the Contract.

NON-COVERED SERVICES. Services or supplies which are not included within Our definition of Covered Services or Supplies, are included in the list of Non-Covered Services and Supplies and Non-Covered Charges, or which exceed any of the limitations shown in the Contract.

[NON-NETWORK] PROVIDER. A Provider which is not a [Network] Provider.

NURSE. A registered nurse or licensed practical nurse, including a nursing specialist such as a nurse mid-wife or nurse anesthetist, who:
a)is properly licensed or certified to provide medical care under the laws of the state where the nurse practices; and
b)provides medical services which are within the scope of the nurse's license or certificate.

OUTPATIENT. [Member], if **not** confined as a registered bed patient in a Hospital or recognized health care Facility and is not an Inpatient; or services and supplies provided in such Outpatient settings.

PERIOD OF CONFINEMENT. Consecutive days of Inpatient services provided to an Inpatient, or successive Inpatient confinements due to the same or related causes, when discharge and re-admission to a Facility occurs within 90 days or less. We [or the Care Manager] Determine if the cause(s) of the confinements are the same or related.

PLAN SPONSOR.
Has the meaning given that term under Title I, section 3 of Pub.L.93-406, the ERISA (29 U.S.C. § 1002(16)(B)). That is:
a) the Small Employer in the case of an employee benefit plan established or maintained by a single employer;
b) the employee organization in the case of a plan established or maintained by an employee organization; or
c) in the case of a plan established or maintained by two or more employers or jointly by one or more employers and one or more employee organizations, the association, committee, joint board of trustees, or other similar group of representatives of the parties who establish or maintain the plan.

PLAN YEAR. The year that is designated as the plan year in the plan document of a Group Health Plan, except if the plan document does not designate a plan year or if there is no plan document, the Plan Year is a Calendar Year.

PRACTITIONER. A medical practitioner who:
a)is properly licensed or certified to provide medical care under the laws of the state where the practitioner practices; and
b)provides medical services which are within the scope of the practitioner's license or certificate.

PRE-APPROVAL or PRE-APPROVED. Our approval using paper or electronic means for specified services and supplies prior to the date the charges are incurred. We will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for treatment, services and supplies which require Pre-Approval and are not Pre-Approved by Us provided that benefits would otherwise by payable under the Contract.

PRE-EXISTING CONDITION. An Illness or Injury which manifests itself in the six months before a Member's Enrollment Date, and for which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received during the six months immediately preceding the Enrollment Date.

[PRE-EXISTING CONDITION LIMITATION. With respect to coverage, a limitation or exclusion of benefits relating to a condition based on the fact that the condition was present before the Enrollment Date, whether or not any medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received before that date. Genetic information will not be treated as a Pre-Existing Condition in the absence of a diagnosis of the condition related to that information. Pregnancy will not be treated as a Pre-Existing Condition.

See the **Non-Covered Services and Supplies and Non-Covered Charges** section of the Contract for details on how the Contract limits the services and benefits for Pre-Existing Conditions.]

PRESCRIPTION DRUGS. Drugs, biologicals and compound prescriptions which are sold only by prescription and which are required to show on the manufacturer's label the words: "Caution - Federal Law Prohibits Dispensing Without a Prescription" or other drugs and devices as Determined by Us. such as insulin. But We only cover drugs which are:
a) approved for treatment of the [Member's] Illness or Injury by the Food and Drug Administration;
b) approved by the Food and Drug Administration for the treatment of a particular diagnosis or condition other than the [Member's] and recognized as appropriate medical treatment for the [Member's] diagnosis or condition in one or more of the following established reference compendia:
- The American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information;
- The United States Pharmacopeia Drug Information; or

c) recommended by a clinical study or recommended by a review article in a major peer-reviewed professional journal.

Coverage for the above drugs also includes Medically Necessary and Appropriate services associated with the administration of the drugs.
In no event will We pay for:
a) drugs labeled: "Caution - Limited by Federal Law to Investigational Use"; or
b) any drug which the Food and Drug Administration has determined to be contraindicated for the specific treatment for which the drug has been prescribed.

PREVENTIVE CARE. Services and supplies in connection with routine physical examinations, including laboratory tests and x-rays, immunizations and vaccines, well baby care, pap smears, mammography, screening tests, bone density tests, colorectal cancer screening and Nicotine Dependence Treatment.

PRIMARY CARE PHYSICIAN (PCP). A [Network] Practitioner who is a doctor specializing in family practice, general practice, internal medicine. [obstetrics/gynecology for pre and post-natal care, birth and treatment of the diseases and hygiene of females,] or pediatrics who supervises. coordinates, arranges and provides initial care and basic medical services to a [Member]; initiates a [Member's] Referral for Specialist Services; and is responsible for maintaining continuity of patient care.

PRIVATE DUTY NURSING. Skilled Nursing Care for Covered Persons who require individualized continuous Skilled Nursing Care provided by a registered nurse or a licensed practical nurse.

PROVIDER. A recognized Facility or Practitioner of health care.

PUBLIC HEALTH PLAN. Any plan established or maintained by a State, the U.S. government, a foreign country, or any political subdivision of a State, the U.S. government, or a foreign country that provides health coverage to individuals who are enrolled in the plan.

REASONABLE and CUSTOMARY. With respect to [Network] services and supplies, the negotiated arrangement.

With respect to [Non-Network] benefits, an amount that is not more than the usual or customary charge for the service or supply as We Determine. based on a standard approved by the Board. The Board will decide a standard for what is Reasonable and Customary for the [Non-Network] benefits under the Contract. The chosen standard is an amount which is most often charged for a given service by a Provider within the same geographic area. For charges that are not determined by a negotiated fee schedule, the [Member] may be billed for the difference between the Reasonable and Customary charge and the charge billed by the Provider.

Please note: The Coordination of Benefits and Services provision includes a distinct definition of Reasonable and Customary.

REFERRAL. With respect to [Network] services or supplies, specific direction or instruction from a [Member's] Primary Care Physician [or Health Center] [or the Care Manager] in conformance with Our policies and procedures that directs a [Member] to a Facility or Practitioner for health care.

REHABILITATION CENTER. A Facility which mainly provides therapeutic and restorative services to Ill or Injured people. It must carry out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it must either:
a) be accredited for its stated purpose by either the Joint Commission or the Commission on Accreditation for Rehabilitation Facilities; or
b) be approved for its stated purpose by Medicare.

In some places a Rehabilitation Center is called a "rehabilitation hospital."

ROUTINE FOOT CARE. The cutting, debridement, trimming, reduction, removal or other care of corns, calluses, flat feet, fallen arches. weak feet. chronic foot strain, dystrophic nails, excrescences, helomas, hyperkeratosis, hypertrophic nails, non-infected ingrown nails, deratomas. keratosis. onychauxis, onychocryptosis, tylomas or symptomatic complaints of the feet. Routine Foot Care also includes orthopedic shoes, foot orthotics and supportive devices for the foot.

ROUTINE NURSING CARE. The appropriate nursing care customarily furnished by a recognized Facility for the benefit of its Inpatients.

SCHEDULE. The **Schedule of Covered Services and Supplies and Covered Charges**.

SERVICE AREA. As applicable to [Network] services and supplies, the geographic area We define by [ZIP codes] [county].

SKILLED NURSING CARE. Services which are more intensive than Custodial Care, are provided by a Registered Nurse (R.N.) or Licensed Practical Nurse (L.P.N.), and require the technical skills and professional training of a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse.

SKILLED NURSING FACILITY. A Facility which mainly provides full-time Skilled Nursing Care for Ill or Injured people who do not need to be in a Hospital. It must carry out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it must either:
a) be accredited for its stated purpose by the Joint Commission; or
b) be approved for its stated purpose by Medicare.
In some places, a "Skilled Nursing Center" may be called an Extended Care Center.

SMALL EMPLOYER. In connection with a Group Health Plan with respect to a Calendar Year and a Plan Year, any person, firm, corporation, partnership, or political subdivision that is actively engaged in business that employed an average of at least two but not more than 50 eligible Employees on business days during the preceding Calendar Year and who employs at least eligible two Employees on the first day of the Plan Year, and the majority of the eligible Employees are employed in New Jersey. All persons treated as a single employer under subsection (b), (c), (m) or (o) of section 414 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 shall be treated as one employer. In the case of an employer that was not in existence during the preceding Calendar Year, the determination of whether the employer is a small or large employer shall be based on the average number of eligible Employees that it is expected that the employer will employ on business days in the current Calendar Year.

SPECIAL CARE UNIT. A part of a Hospital set up for very ill patients who must be observed constantly. The unit must have a specially trained staff. And it must have special equipment and supplies on hand at all times. Some types of Special Care Units are:
a) intensive care units;
b) cardiac care units;
c) neonatal care units; and
d) burn units.

SPECIALIST DOCTOR. A Practitioner who provides medical care in any generally accepted medical or surgical specialty or sub-specialty.

SPECIALIST SERVICES. Medical care in specialties other than family practice, general practice, internal medicine [or pediatrics] [or obstetrics/gynecology (for routine pre and post-natal care, birth and treatment of the diseases and hygiene of females].

SUBSTANCE ABUSE. Abuse of or addiction to drugs. Substance Abuse does not include abuse of or addiction to alcohol. Please see the definition of Alcohol Abuse.

SUBSTANCE ABUSE CENTER. A Facility that mainly provides treatment for people with Substance Abuse problems. It must carry out its stated purpose under all relevant state and local laws, and it must either:
a) be accredited for its stated purpose by the Joint Commission; or
b) be approved for its stated purpose by Medicare.

SUPPLEMENTAL LIMITED BENEFIT INSURANCE. Insurance that is provided in addition to a Health Benefits Plan on an indemnity non-expense incurred basis.

SURGERY.
a) The performance of generally accepted operative and cutting procedures, including surgical diagnostic procedures, specialized instrumentations, endoscopic examinations, and other invasive procedures;
b) the correction of fractures and dislocations;
c) pre-operative and post-operative care; or
d) any of the procedures designated by Current Procedural Code Terminology as Surgery.

THERAPEUTIC MANIPULATION. Treatment of the articulations of the spine and musculoskeletal structures for the purpose of relieving certain abnormal clinical conditions resulting from the impingement upon associated nerves causing discomfort. Some examples are manipulation or adjustment of the spine, hot or cold packs, electrical muscle stimulation, diathermy, skeletal adjustments, massage, adjunctive, ultra-sound, doppler, whirlpool or hydrotherapy or other treatment of similar nature.

TOTAL DISABILITY OR TOTALLY DISABLED. Except as otherwise specified in the Contract, an Employee who, due to Illness or Injury, cannot perform any duty of his or her occupation or any occupation for which he or she is, or may be, suited by education, training and experience, and is not, in fact, engaged in any occupation for wage or profit. [A Dependent is totally disabled if he or she cannot engage in the normal activities of a person in good health and of like age and sex.] The Employee [or Dependent] must be under the regular care of a Practitioner.

URGENT CARE. Care for a non-life threatening condition that requires care by a Provider within 24 hours.

[WAITING PERIOD. With respect to a Group Health Plan and an individual who is a potential participant or beneficiary in the Group Health Plan, the period that must pass with respect to the individual before the individual is eligible to be covered for benefits under the terms of the Group Health Plan.]

[WE, US, OUR. [Carrier].

YOU, YOUR, AND YOURS. An Employee who is covered under the Contract.]

ELIGIBILITY

EMPLOYEE COVERAGE

Eligible Employees
Subject to the **Conditions of Eligibility** set forth below, and to all of the other conditions of the Contract, all of the Contractholder's Employees [who are in an eligible class] [and] [who reside in the Service Area] will be eligible if the Employees are [Actively at Work] Full-Time Employees. [In certain situations, the Actively at Work requirement will not apply. If an Employee is not Actively at Work due to a Health Status-Related Factor, the Employee will nevertheless be considered an Eligible Employee. In addition, refer to the Exception below.]

For purposes of the Contract, We will treat partners, proprietors and independent Contractors like Employees if they meet the Contract's **Conditions of Eligibility**.

Conditions of Eligibility

Full-Time Requirement
[Except where an Employee is not Actively at Work due to a Health Status-Related Factor, and except as stated below,]We will not cover an Employee unless the Employee is [an Actively at Work] [a] Full-Time Employee.

Enrollment Requirement
We will not cover the Employee until the Employee enrolls and agrees to make the required payments, if any. If the Employee does this within [30] days of the Employee's Eligibility Date, coverage will start on the Employee's Eligibility Date.

If the Employee enrolls and agrees to make the required payments, if any:
a)more than [30] days after the Employee's Eligibility Date; or
b)after the Employee previously had coverage which ended because the Employee failed to make a required payment;
We will consider the Employee to be a Late Enrollee. Late Enrollees are subject to the Contract's Pre-Existing Conditions limitation, if any applies.

When an Employee initially waives coverage under the Contract, the Plan Sponsor [or We] should notify the Employee of the requirement for the Employee to make a statement that waiver was because he or she was covered under another group plan, if such other coverage was in fact the reason for the waiver, and the consequences of that requirement. If an Employee initially waived coverage under the Contract and the Employee stated at that time that such waiver was because he or she was covered under another group plan, and Employee now elects to enroll under the Contract, We will not consider the Employee [and his or her Dependents] to be [a] Late Enrollee[s], provided the coverage under the other plan ends due to one of the following events:
a) termination of employment or eligibility;
b) reduction in the number of hours of employment;
c) involuntary termination;
d) divorce or legal separation or dissolution of the civil union [or termination of the domestic partnership];
e) death of the Employee's spouse;
f) termination of the Employer's contribution toward coverage; or
g) termination of the other plan's coverage.

But, the Employee must enroll under the Contract and pay the appropriate premium within 90 days of the date that any of the events described above occur. Coverage will take effect as of the date the applicable event occurs.

If an Employee initially waived coverage under the Contract because he or she had coverage under a Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA) continuation provision and the Employee requests coverage under the Contract within 30 days of the date the COBRA continuation ended, We will not consider the Employee to be a Late Enrollee. Coverage will take effect as of the date the COBRA continuation ended.

In addition, an Employee [and any Dependents] will not be considered [a] Late Enrollee[s] if the Employee is employed by an employer which offers multiple Health Benefits Plans and the Employee elects a different plan during the open enrollment period.

[Further, an Employee and his or her Dependent spouse, if any, will not be considered Late Enrollees because the Employee initially waived coverage under the Contract for himself or herself and any then existing Dependents provided the Employee enrolls to cover himself or herself and his or her existing Dependent spouse, if any, under the Contract within 30 days of the marriage, birth, adoption or placement for adoption of a Newly Acquired Dependent.]

[The Waiting Period
The Contract has the following waiting periods:

Employees in an eligible class on the Effective Date, who have completed at least [6 months] of continuous Full-Time service with the Contractholder by that date, are eligible for coverage under the Contract from the Effective Date.

Employees in an Eligible Class on the Effective Date, who have not completed at least [6 months] of continuous Full-Time service with the Contractholder by that date, are eligible for coverage under the Contract from the day after Employees complete [6 months] of continuous Full-Time service.

Employees who enter an eligible class after the Effective Date are eligible for coverage under the Contract from the day after Employees complete [6 months] of continuous Full-Time service with the Contractholder.]

The Contractholder who purchased the Contract may have purchased it to replace a plan the Contractholder had with some other carrier. An Employee may have satisfied part of the eligibility waiting period under the Contractholder's old plan before it ended. If so, the time satisfied will be used to satisfy the Contract's eligibility waiting period if:

a) the Employee was employed by the Contractholder on the date the Contractholder's old plan ended; and
b) the Contract takes effect immediately upon termination of the prior plan.

Any lapse in continuous service due to an absence which results from a Health Status-Related Factor will reduce the days of Full-Time service by the number of days of absence. Such lapse in continuous Full-Time service will not require that the period of continuous Full-Time service begin anew.

Multiple Employment
If an Employee works for both the Contractholder and a covered Affiliated Company, or for more than one covered Affiliated Company, We will treat the Employee as if only one entity employs the Employee. And such an Employee will not have multiple coverage under the Contract. But, if the Contract uses the amount of an Employee's earnings or number of work hours to determine class, or for any other reason, such Employee's earnings or number of work hours will be figured as the sum of his or her earnings or work hours from all Affiliated Companies.

When Employee Coverage Starts
[Except where an Employee is not Actively at Work due to a Health Status-Related Factor, and except as stated below, an] [An] Employee must be [Actively at Work, and] working his or her regular number of hours, on the date his or her coverage is scheduled to start. And he or she must have met all the conditions of eligibility which apply to him or her. [If an Employee is not Actively at Work on the scheduled Effective Date, and does not qualify for the exception to the Actively at Work requirement, We will postpone the start of his or her coverage until he or she returns to Active Work.]

[Sometimes, a scheduled Effective Date is not a regularly scheduled work day. But an Employee's coverage will start on that date if he or she was Actively at Work, and working his or her regular number of hours, on his or her last regularly scheduled work day.]

The Employee must elect to enroll and agree to make the required payments if any, within [30] days of the Employee's Eligibility Date. If he or she does this within [30] days of the Employee's Eligibility Date, his or her coverage is scheduled to start on the Employee's Eligibility Date. Such Employee's Eligibility Date is Effective Date of an Employee's coverage.

If the Employee does this more than [30] days after the Employee's Eligibility Date, We will consider the Employee a Late Enrollee. Coverage is scheduled to start on the date the We or Our authorized representative or agent receives the signed enrollment form.

[EXCEPTION to the Actively at Work Requirement
The Exception applies if the Contractholder who purchased the Contract purchased it to replace a plan the Contractholder had with some other carrier. An Employee who is not Actively at Work due to Total Disability on the date the Contract takes effect will initially be eligible for limited coverage under the Contract if:
a) the Employee was validly covered under the Contractholder's old plan on the date the Contractholder's old plan ended; and
b) the Contract takes effect immediately upon termination of the prior plan.

Except as stated below, the coverage under the Contract will be limited to coverage for services or supplies for conditions other than the disabling condition. Such limited coverage under the Contract will end one year from the date the person's coverage under the Contract begins. Coverage for services or supplies for the disabling condition will be provided as stated in an extended health benefits, or like provision, contained in the Contractholder's old plan. Thereafter, coverage will not be limited as described in this provision, but will be subject to the terms and conditions of the Contract.]
Exception: If the coverage under the Contract is richer than the coverage under the Contractholder's old plan, the Contract will provide coverage for services and supplies related to the disabling condition. The Contract will coordinate with the Contractholder's old plan, with the Contract providing secondary coverage, as described in the Coordination of Benefits and Services provision.

When Employee Coverage Ends
An Employee's coverage under the Contract will end on the first of the following dates:
a) [the date] an Employee ceases to be [an Actively at Work] [a] Full-Time Employee for any reason. Such reasons include, death, retirement, lay-off, leave of absence, and the end of employment.
b) [the date] an Employee stops being an eligible Employee under the Contract.
c) the date the Contract ends, [or is discontinued for a class of Employees to which the Employee belongs.]
d) the last day of the period for which required payments have been made for the Employee, subject to the Payment of Premium - Grace Period section.

[DEPENDENT COVERAGE

Eligible Dependents for Dependent Health Benefits
Your eligible Dependents are:
a) Your legal spouse which shall include a civil union partner pursuant to P.L. 2006, c. 103 as well as same sex relationships legally recognized in other jurisdictions when such relationships provide substantially all of the rights and benefits of marriage. [and domestic partner pursuant to P.L. 2003, c. 246]; except that legal spouse shall be limited to spouses of a marriage as marriage is defined in the Federal Defense of Marriage Act, 1 U.S.C.A. 7, with respect to the provisions of the Policy regarding continuation rights required by the Federal Consolidated Omnibus Reconciliation Act of 1886 (COBRA), Pub. L. 99-272, as subsequently amended) (Civil union partners do not have COBRA rights in the event of dissolution of the civil union.)
b) Your unmarried Dependent children who are under age 19; and
c) Your unmarried Dependent children, from age 19 until their 23rd birthday, who are enrolled as full-time students at Accredited Schools. Full-time students will be as defined by the Accredited School. We can require periodic proof of a Dependent child's status as a full-time student.

[Exception: Any Dependent who does not reside in the Service Area is not an eligible Dependent.]

Eligible Dependents will not include any Dependent who is:
a) covered by the Contract as an Employee or
b) on active duty in the armed forces of any country.

Adopted Children and Step-Children
Your "unmarried Dependent children" include Your legally adopted children, Your step-children if they depend on You for most of their support and maintenance, the child of his or her civil union partner if the child depends on the employee for most of his or her support and maintenance. [and] [, the child of his or her domestic partner if the child depends on the Employee for most of his or her support and maintenance, and] children under a court appointed guardianship. We will treat a child as legally adopted from the time the child is placed in the home for the purpose of adoption. We will treat such a child this way whether or not a final adoption order is ever issued.

Incapacitated Children
An Employee may have an unmarried child with a mental or physical handicap, or developmental disability, who is incapable of earning a living. Subject to all of the terms of this section and the plan, such a child may stay eligible for Dependent health benefits past the Contract's age limit for eligible Dependents.

The child will stay eligible as long as the child stays unmarried and incapable of earning a living, if:
a) the child's condition started before he or she reached the Contract's age limit;
b) the child became covered under the Contract or any other policy or Contract before the child reached the age limit and stayed continuously covered or covered after reaching such limit; and
c) the child depends on the Employee for most of his or her support and maintenance.

But, for the child to stay eligible, the Employee must send Us written proof that the child is incapacitated or developmentally disabled and depends on the Employee for most of his or her support and maintenance. The Employee has 31 days from the date the child reaches the age limit to do this. We can ask for periodic proof that the child's condition continues. But, after two years, We cannot ask for proof more than once a year.

The child's coverage ends when the Employee's coverage ends.

Enrollment Requirement
An Employee must enroll his or her eligible Dependents in order for them to be covered under the Contract. We consider an eligible Dependent to be a Late Enrollee, if the Employee:
a) enrolls a Dependent [and agrees to make the required payments] more than [30] days after the Dependent's Eligibility Date;
b) in the case of a Newly Acquired Dependent, has other eligible Dependents whose coverage previously ended because the Employee failed to make the required contributions, or otherwise chose to end such coverage.

Late Enrollees are subject to the Contract's Pre-Existing Conditions limitations section, if any applies.

If the Employee's dependent coverage ends for any reason, including failure to make the required payments, his or her Dependents will be considered Late Enrollees when their coverage begins again.

When an Employee initially waives coverage for a spouse and/or eligible Dependent children under the Contract, the Plan Sponsor [or We] should notify the Employee of the requirement for the Employee to make a statement that waiver was because the spouse and/or eligible Dependent children were covered under another group plan, if such other coverage was in fact the reason for the waiver, and the consequences of that requirement. If the Employee previously waived coverage for the Employee's spouse or eligible Dependent children under the Contract and stated at that time that such waiver was because they were covered under another group plan, and the Employee now elects to enroll them in the Contract, the Dependent will not be considered a Late Enrollee, provided the Dependent's coverage under the other plan ends due to one of the following events:
a) termination of employment or eligibility;
b) reduction in the number of hours of employment;
c) involuntary termination;
d) divorce or legal separation or dissolution of the civil union [or termination of the domestic partnership];
e) death of the Employee's spouse;
f) termination of the contribution toward coverage that was being made by the employer that offered the group plan under which the Dependent was covered; or
g) termination of the other plan's coverage.

But, the Employee's spouse or eligible Dependent children must be enrolled by the Employee, and the appropriate premium must be paid, within 90 days of the date that any of the events described above occur. Coverage will take effect as of the date the applicable event occurs.

And, We will not consider an Employee's spouse or eligible Dependent children for which the Employee initially waived coverage under the Contract, to be a Late Enrollee, if:
a) the Employee is under legal obligation to provide coverage due to a court order; and
b) the Employee's spouse or eligible Dependent children are enrolled by the Employee, and the appropriate premium must be paid, within 30 days of the issuance of the court order.

Coverage will take effect as of the date required pursuant to the court order.

In addition, if an Employee initially waived coverage under the Contract for the Employee's spouse or eligible Dependent children because the spouse and/or Dependent children had coverage under a Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA) continuation provision and the Employee requests coverage for the spouse and/or Dependent children under the Contract within 30 days of the date the COBRA continuation ended, We will not consider the spouse and/or Dependent children to be Late Enrollees. Coverage will take effect as of the date the COBRA continuation ended.

When Dependent Coverage Starts
In order for an Employee's Dependent coverage to begin, the Employee must already be covered for Employee coverage or enroll for Employee and Dependent coverage at the same time. Subject to all of the terms of the Contract, the date an Employee's Dependent coverage starts depends on when the Employee elects to enroll the Employee's Initial Dependents and agrees to make any required payments.

If the Employee does this within 30 days of the Dependent's Eligibility Date, the Dependent's Coverage is scheduled to start on the later of:

a) the Dependent's Eligibility Date, or
b) the date the Employee becomes covered for Employee coverage.

If the Employee does this more than [30] days after the Dependent's Eligibility Date, We will consider the Dependent a Late Enrollee. Coverage is scheduled to start on the later of:
a) the date We or Our authorized representative receive the signed enrollment form; or
b) the date the Employee becomes covered for Employee coverage.
Once an Employee has dependent coverage for Initial Dependents, the Employee must notify Us of a Newly Acquired Dependent within the [30] days after the Newly Acquired Dependent's Eligibility Date. If the Employee does not, the Newly Acquired Dependent is a Late Enrollee.

A Newly Acquired Dependent other than a newborn child or newly adopted child, including a child placed for adoption, will be covered from the later of:
a) the date the Employee notifies Us [and agrees to make any additional payments], or
b) the Dependent's Eligibility Date for the Newly Acquired Dependent.

If the Contractholder who purchased the Contract purchased it to replace a plan the Contractholder had with some other carrier, a Dependent who is Totally Disabled on the date the Contract takes effect will initially be eligible for limited coverage under the Contract if:
a) the Dependent was validly covered under the Contractholder's old plan on the date the Contractholder's old plan ended; and
b) the Contract takes effect immediately upon termination of the prior plan.

The coverage under the Contract will be limited to coverage for services or supplies for conditions other than the disabling condition. Such limited coverage under the Contract will end one year from the date the person's coverage under the Contract begins. Coverage for services or supplies for the disabling condition will be provided as stated in an extended health benefits, or like provision, contained in the Contractholder's old plan. Thereafter, coverage will not be limited as described in this provision, but will be subject to the terms and conditions of the Contract.

Newborn Children
We will cover an Employee's newborn child for 31 days from the date of birth without additional premium. Coverage may be continued beyond such 31-day period as stated below:
a) If the Employee is already covered for Dependent child coverage on the date the child is born, coverage automatically continues beyond the initial 31 days, provided the premium required for Dependent child coverage continues to be paid. The Employee must notify Us of the birth of the newborn child as soon as possible in order that We may properly provide coverage under the Contract.
b) If the Employee is not covered for Dependent child coverage on the date the child is born, the Employee must:
1) give written notice to enroll the newborn child[; and
2) pay the premium required for Dependent child coverage within 31 days after the date of birth for coverage to continue beyond the initial 31 days.]

If the notice is not given [and the premium is not paid] within such 31-day period, the newborn child's coverage will end at the end of such 31-day period. If the notice is given and the premium paid after that 31-day period, the child will be a Late Enrollee.

When Dependent Coverage Ends
A Dependent's coverage under the Contract will end on the first of the following dates:
a) [the date] Employee coverage ends;
[b) the date the Employee stops being a member of a class of Employees eligible for such coverage;]
[c)]. the date the Contract ends;
[d)]. the date Dependent coverage is dropped from the Contract for all Employees eligible for such coverage;
[e). the date an Employee fails to pay any required part of the cost of Dependent coverage. It ends on the last day of the period for which the Employee made the required payments, unless coverage ends earlier for other reasons.]
[f)]. At 12:01 a.m. [on the last day of the calendar month following] [on] the date the Dependent stops being an eligible Dependent.
[g)]. with respect to a Dependent spouse, the date the spouse moves his or her permanent residence outside the Service Area.]

EXTENDED HEALTH BENEFITS

If the Contract ends and a [Member] is Totally Disabled and under a Practitioner's care, We will extend health benefits for that person under the Contract as explained below. This is done at no cost to the [Member].

We will only extend benefits for a [Member] due to the disabling condition. Any services and supplies must be provided before the extension ends. And what We cover is based on all the terms of the Contract.

We do not cover services, supplies, or charges due to other conditions. And, We do not cover services, supplies or charges incurred by other family members.

The extension ends on the earliest of:
a) the date the Total Disability ends;
b) one year from the date the person's coverage under the Contract ends; or
c) the date the person has reached the payment limit, if any, for his or her disabling condition.

The Employee must submit evidence to Us that he or she or his or her Dependent is Totally Disabled, if We request it.

TERMINATION FOR CAUSE
If any of the following conditions exist, We may give written notice to the [Member] that the person is no longer covered under the Contract:

a) **Untenable Relationship:** After reasonable efforts, We and/or [Network] Providers are unable to establish and maintain a satisfactory relationship with the [Member] or the [Member] fails to abide by our rules and regulations, or the [Member] acts in a manner which is verbally or physically abusive.

b) **Misuse of Identification Card:** The [Member] permits any other person who is not authorized by Us to use any Identification Card We issue to the [Member].
c) **Furnishing Incorrect or Incomplete Information:** The [Member] furnishes material information that is either incorrect or incomplete in a statement made for the purpose of effecting coverage under the Contract. This condition is subject to the provisions of the **Incontestability of the Contract** section.
d) **Nonpayment:** The [Member] fails to pay any Copayment [or Coinsurance] or to make any reimbursement to Us required under the Contract.
e) **Misconduct:** The [Member] abuses the system, including but not limited to; theft, damage to [Our] [[Network] Provider's] property, forgery of drug prescriptions, and consistent failure to keep scheduled appointments.
f) **Failure to Cooperate:** The [Member] fails to assist Us in coordinating benefits as described in the **Coordination of Benefits and Services** section.

If We give the [Member] such written notice:
a) that person will cease to be a [Member] for the coverage under the Contract immediately if termination is occurring due to **Misuse of Identification Card** (b above) or **Misconduct** (e above), otherwise, on the date 31 days after such written notice is given by Us; and
b) no benefits will be provided to the [Member] under the Contract after that date.

Any action by Us under these provisions is subject to review in accordance with the Appeals Procedures We establish.

[MEMBER] PROVISIONS: APPLICABLE TO [NETWORK] SERVICES AND SUPPLIES

THE ROLE OF A [MEMBER'S] PRIMARY CARE PHYSICIAN
A [Member's] Primary Care Physician provides basic health maintenance services and coordinates a [Member's] overall health care. Anytime a [Member] needs medical care, the [Member] should contact his or her Primary Care Physician [or the Care Manager] and identify himself or herself as a [Member] of this program.

In an Emergency, a [Member] may go directly to the emergency room. If a [Member] does, then the [Member] must call his or her Primary Care Physician [or the Care Manager] and [Member] Services within 48 hours. If a [Member] does not call within 48 hours, We will provide services only if We [or the Care Manager] Determine that notice was given as soon as was reasonably possible.

[THE ROLE OF THE CARE MANAGER. The Care Manager will manage a [Member's] treatment for [a Biologically-based Mental Illness, a Non-Biologically-based Mental Illness, Substance Abuse, or Alcohol Abuse]. A [Member] must contact the Care Manager or the [Member's] Primary Care Physician when a [Member] needs treatment for one of these conditions.]

SELECTING OR CHANGING A PRIMARY CARE PHYSICIAN [OR HEALTH CENTER]
When an Employee first obtains this coverage, the Employee and each of the Employee's covered Dependents must select a Primary Care Physician [or Health Center].

[Members] select a Primary Care Physician [or Health Center] from Our [Physician or Practitioners Directory]; this choice is solely a [Member's]. However, We cannot guarantee the availability of a particular Practitioner. If the Primary Care Physician initially selected cannot accept additional patients, a [Member] will be notified and given an opportunity to make another Primary Care Physician selection. [If a [Member] fails to select a Primary Care Physician [or Health Center], We will make a selection on behalf of the [Member].]

[After initially selecting a Primary Care Physician, [Members] can transfer to different Primary Care Physicians if the physician-patient relationship becomes unacceptable. The [[Member] can select another Primary Care Physician from Our [Physician or Practitioners] Directory].

For a discretionary change of PCP, the new PCP selection will take effect no more than 14 days following the date of the request. For a change necessitated by termination of the prior PCP from the Network, the new PCP selection will take effect immediately.

IDENTIFICATION CARD
The Identification Card issued by Us to [Members] pursuant to the Contract is for identification purposes only. Possession of an Identification Card confers no right to services or benefits under the Contract, and misuse of such Identification Card constitutes grounds for termination of [Member's] coverage. If the [Member] who misuses the card is the Employee, coverage may be terminated for the Employee as well as any of the Employee's Dependents who are [Members]. To be eligible for services or benefits under the Contract, the holder of the card must be a [Member] on whose behalf all applicable premium charges under the Contract have been paid. Any person receiving services or benefits which he or she is not entitled to receive pursuant to the provisions of the Contract shall be charged for such services or benefits at prevailing rates.

If any [Member] permits the use of his or her Identification Card by any other person, such card may be retained by Us, and all rights of such [Member] and his or her Dependents, if any, pursuant to the Contract shall be terminated immediately, subject to the Appeals Procedures.

CONFIDENTIALITY
Information contained in the medical records of [Members] and information received from physicians, surgeons, hospitals or other health professionals incident to the physician-patient relationship or hospital-patient relationship shall be kept confidential by Us; and except for use incident to bona fide medical research and education as may be permitted by law, or reasonably necessary in connection with the administration of the Contract or in the compiling of aggregate statistical data, or with respect to arbitration proceedings or litigation initiated by [Member] against Us, may not be disclosed without the [Member's] written consent, except as required or authorized by law.

INABILITY TO PROVIDE [NETWORK] SERVICES AND SUPPLIES
In the event that due to circumstances not within our reasonable control, including but not limited to major disaster, epidemic, complete or partial destruction of facilities, riot, civil insurrection, disability of a significant part of our [Network] Providers or entities with whom We have arranged for services under the Contract, or similar causes, the rendition of medical or hospital benefits or other services provided under the Contract is delayed or rendered impractical, We shall not have any liability or obligation on account of such delay or failure to provide services. We are required only to make a good faith effort to provide or arrange for the provision of services, taking into account the impact of the event.

REFERRAL FORMS
A [Member] can be Referred for Specialist Services by a [Member's] Primary Care Physician.

Except in the case of an Emergency, a [Member] will not be eligible for any [Network] services provided by anyone other than a [Member's] Primary Care Physician (including but not limited to Specialist Services) if a [Member] has not been Referred by his or her Primary Care Physician. Referrals must be obtained prior to receiving services and supplies from any Practitioner other than the [Member's] Primary Care Physician.

NON-COMPLIANCE WITH MEDICALLY NECESSARY AND APPROPRIATE TREATMENT
A [Member] has the right under New Jersey law to refuse procedures, medicines, or courses of treatment. A [Member] has the right to participate in decision-making regarding the [Member's] care. Further, a [Member] may, for personal, religious or cultural reasons disagree or not comply with procedures, medicines, or courses of treatment deemed Medically Necessary and Appropriate by a [Network] Practitioner. A [Member] who refuses procedures, medicines or courses of treatment has the right to seek a second opinion from another [Network] Practitioner. If such [Network] Practitioner(s) believe(s) that the recommended procedures, medicines, or courses of treatment are Medically Necessary and Appropriate, the [Network] Practitioner shall inform the [Member] of the consequences of not complying with the recommended procedures, medicines, or courses of treatment and seek to resolve the disagreement with the [Member] and or the [Member's] family or other person acting on the [Member's] behalf. If the [Member] refuses to comply with recommended procedures, medicines, or courses of treatment, We will notify the [Member] in writing that We will not provide further benefits or services for the particular condition or its consequences. The [Member's] decision to reject Medically Necessary and Appropriate procedures, medicines, or courses of treatment is subject to the Appeals Procedure and We will continue to provide all benefits covered by the Contract during the pendency of the Appeals Procedure. We reserve the right to expedite the Appeals Procedure. If the Appeals Procedure results in a decision upholding position of the [Network] Practitioner(s) and the dispute is unresolved, We will have no further responsibility to provide any of the benefits available under the Contract for treatment of such condition or its consequences unless the [Member] asks, in writing and within 7 days of being informed of the result of the Appeals Procedure, to terminate his or her coverage under the Contract. In such event, We will continue to provide all benefits covered by the Contract for 30 days or until the date of termination, whichever comes first, and We and the [Network] Practitioner will cooperate with the [Member] in facilitating a transfer of care.

REFUSAL OF LIFE-SUSTAINING TREATMENT
A [Member] has the right under New Jersey law to refuse life sustaining treatment. A [Member] who refuses life sustaining treatment remains eligible for all benefits including Home Health and Hospice benefits in accordance with the Contract. We will follow a [Member's] properly executed advance directive or other valid indication of refusal of life sustaining treatment.

REPORTS AND RECORDS
We are entitled to receive from any Provider of services to a [Member], such information We deem is necessary to administer the Contract, subject to all applicable confidentiality requirements as defined in the Contract. By accepting coverage under the Contract, Employee, for himself or herself, and for all Dependents covered hereunder, authorizes each and every Provider who renders services to the [Member] hereunder to disclose to Us all facts and information pertaining to the care, treatment and physical condition of the [Member] and render reports pertaining to same to Us, upon request, and to permit copying of a [Member's] records by Us.

MEDICAL NECESSITY
[Members] will receive designated benefits under the Contract only when Medically Necessary and Appropriate. We [or the Care Manager] may Determine whether any benefit provided under the Contract was Medically Necessary and Appropriate, and in connection with [Network] benefits, We have the option to select the appropriate [Network] Hospital to render services if hospitalization is necessary. Decisions as to what is Medically Necessary and Appropriate are subject to review by [Our quality assessment committee or its physician designee]. We will not, however, seek reimbursement from an eligible [Member] for the cost of any covered benefit provided under the Contract that is later Determined to have been medically unnecessary and inappropriate, when such service is rendered by a Primary Care Physician or a Provider referred in writing by the Primary Care Physician without notifying the [Member] that such benefit would not be covered under the Contract.

PROVIDER PAYMENT
[[Different] providers in Our Network have agreed to be paid [in different ways by Us. A Member's Provider may be paid] [each time he or she treats the Member ("fee for service"] [, or may be paid] [a set fee for each month for each Member whether or not the Member actually receives services ("capitation")] [, or may receive] [a salary]. [These payment methods may include financial incentive agreements to pay some providers more ("bonuses") or less ("withholds") based on many factors: Member satisfaction, quality of care, and control of costs and use of services among them.] If a Member desires additional information about how Our Primary Care Physicians or any other Provider in Our Network are compensated, please call Us at [telephone number] or write [address].

The laws of the state of New Jersey, at N.J.S.A. 45:9-22.4 et seq., mandate that a physician, chiropractor or podiatrist who is permitted to make Referrals to other health care Providers in which he or she has a significant financial interest inform his or her patients of any significant financial interest he or she may have in a health care Provider or Facility when making a Referral to that health care Provider or Facility. If a Member wants more information about this the [Member], the [Member] should contact his or her physician, chiropractor or podiatrist. If a Member believes he or she is not receiving the information to which the Member is entitled, contact the Division of Consumer Affairs in the New Jersey Department of Law and Public Safety at (973) 504-6200 OR (800) 242-5846.]

APPEAL PROCEDURE
NOTE TO CARRIERS: Insert Appeals Procedure text here. The Appeal Procedure text must satisfy the requirements of N.J.A.C. 8:38-8.5 et seq. The text must include specific information regarding the Stage 1, Stage 2 and External Appeals process.

In addition, Carriers are reminded that 29 CFR Part 2560 addresses claims procedures. It is expected that the text included in this Appeals Procedure section will include information the Carrier deems necessary to comply with the requirements of 29 CFR Part 2560.

[CONTINUATION OF CARE

We shall provide written notice to each [Member] at least 30 business days prior to the termination or withdrawal from Our Provider Network of a [Member's] PCP and any other Provider from which the [Member] is currently receiving a course of treatment, as reported to Us. The 30-day prior notice may be waived in cases of immediate termination of a health care professional based on a breach of Contract by the health care professional, a

determination of fraud, or where Our medical director is of the opinion that the health care professional is an imminent danger to the patient or the public health, safety or welfare.

We shall assure continued coverage of covered services at the Contract rate by a terminated health care professional for up to four months in cases where it is Medically Necessary and Appropriate for the [Member] to continue treatment with the terminated health care professional.

In case of pregnancy of a [Member], coverage of services for the terminated health care professional shall continue to the postpartum evaluation of the [Member], up to six weeks after the delivery. With respect to pregnancy, Medical Necessity and Appropriateness shall be deemed to have been demonstrated.

For a [Member] who is receiving post-operative follow-up care, We shall continue to cover the services rendered by the health care professional for the duration of the treatment or for up to six months, whichever occurs first.

For a [Member] who is receiving oncological treatment or psychiatric treatment, We shall continue to cover services rendered by the health care professional for the duration of the treatment or for up to 12 months, whichever occurs first.

For a [Member] receiving the above services in an acute care Facility, We will continue to provide coverage for services rendered by the health care professional regardless of whether the acute care Facility is under Contract or agreement with Us.

Services shall be provided to the same extent as provided while the health care professional was employed by or under contact with Us. Reimbursement for services shall be pursuant to the same schedule used to reimburse the health care professional while the health care professional was employed by or under Contract with Us.

If a [Member] is admitted to a health care Facility on the date the Contract is terminated, We shall continue to provide benefits for the [Member] until the date the [Member] is discharged from the Facility or exhaustion of the [Member's] benefits under the Contract, whichever occurs first.

We shall not continue services in those instance in which the health care professional has been terminated based upon the opinion of Our medical director that the health care professional is an imminent danger to a patient or to the public health, safety and welfare, a determination of fraud or a breach of Contract by a health care professional. The Determination of the Medical Necessity and Appropriateness of a [Member's] continued treatment with a health care professional shall be subject to the appeal procedures set forth in the Contract. We shall not be liable for any inappropriate treatment provided to a [Member] by a health care professional who is no longer employed by or under Contract with Us.

If We Refer a [Member] to a [Non-Network] provider, the service or supply shall be covered as a [Network] service or supply. We are fully responsible for payment to the health care professional and the [Member's] liability shall be limited to any applicable [Network] Copayment, or Coinsurance for the service or supply.]

COVERED SERVICES AND SUPPLIES *APPLICABLE TO [NETWORK] SERVICES AND SUPPLIES*

[Members] are entitled to receive the services and supplies in the following sections when Medically Necessary and Appropriate, subject to the payment by [Members] of applicable Copayments [Cash Deductible] [or Coinsurance] as stated in the applicable Schedule and subject to the terms, conditions and limitations of the Contract. Read the entire Contract to determine what treatment, services and supplies are limited or excluded.

[COVERAGE PROVISION

The Cash Deductible
Each Calendar Year, each Member must incur charges for Covered Services or Supplies that exceed the Cash Deductible before We provide coverage for Covered Services or Supplies to that person. The Cash Deductible is shown in the Schedule. The Cash Deductible cannot be met with Non-Covered Services or Supplies. Only charges for Covered Services or Supplies incurred by the Member while covered by this Contract can be used to meet this Cash Deductible.

Once the Cash Deductible is met, We provide coverage for other Covered Services or Supplies above the Cash Deductible incurred by that Member, less any applicable Coinsurance or Copayments, for the rest of that Calendar Year. But all charges must be incurred while that Member is covered by this Contract. What We cover is based on all the terms of this Contract.]

[Family Deductible Limit
This Policy has a family deductible limit of two Cash Deductibles for each Calendar Year. Once two Covered Persons in a family meet their individual Cash Deductibles in a Calendar Year, We provide coverage for Covered Services and Supplies for all Members who are part of the covered family, less any applicable Coinsurance or Copayments, for the rest of that Calendar Year. What We pay is based on all the terms of this Contract.]

[Maximum Out of Pocket
Maximum out of pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Member must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all Covered Services or Supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Member has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for Covered Services or Supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.]

[Once two Members in a family meet their individual Maximum Out of Pocket, no other Member in that family will be required to pay any amounts as Copayments, Deductible or Coinsurance for covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.]

If This Plan Replaces Another Plan
The Contractholder who purchased this Contract may have purchased it to replace a plan the Contractholder had with some other carrier.

The Member may have incurred charges for covered services and supplies under the Contractholder's old plan before it ended. If so, these charges will be used to meet this Contract's Cash Deductible if:

a) the charges were incurred during the Calendar Year in which this Contract starts;
b) this Contract would have provided coverage for the charges if this Contract had been in effect:
c) the Member was covered by the old plan when it ended and enrolled in this Contract on its Effective Date; and
d) this Contract takes effect immediately upon termination of the prior plan.

Please note: Although Deductible credit is given, there is no credit for Coinsurance.]

Note to carriers: The Coverage Provision section is only to be included in plans where Network coverage is subject to deductible and coinsurance.]

*Please read the **COVERED SERVICES AND SUPPLIES** section carefully.*

(a) **OUTPATIENT SERVICES.** The following services are covered only at the Primary Care Physician's office [or Health Center] selected by a [Member], or elsewhere upon prior Referral by a [Member's] Primary Care Physician [or Health Center] [or the Care Manager].

1) **Office visits** during office hours, and during non-office hours when Medically Necessary and Appropriate.
2) **Home visits** by a [Member's] Primary Care Physician.
3) **Periodic health examinations** to include:
a) Well child care from birth including immunizations;
b) Routine physical examinations, including eye examinations;
c) Routine gynecological exams and related services;
d) Routine ear and hearing examination; and
e) Routine allergy injections and immunizations (but not if solely for the purpose of travel or as a requirement of a [Member's] employment).
4) **Diagnostic Services.**
5) **Casts and dressings.**
6) **Ambulance service** when certified in writing as Medically Necessary and Appropriate by a [Member's] Primary Care Physician and Pre-Approved by Us.
7) **Procedures and Prescription Drugs to enhance fertility**, except where specifically excluded in the Contract. We cover charges for: artificial insemination; and standard dosages, lengths of treatment and cycles of therapy of Prescription Drugs. The Prescription Drugs noted in this section are subject to the terms and conditions of the Prescription Drugs section of this Contract.
8) **Prosthetic Devices** when We arrange for them. We cover only the initial fitting and purchase of artificial limbs and eyes, and other prosthetic devices. And they must take the place of a natural part of a [Member's] body, or be needed due to a functional birth defect in a covered Dependent Child. We do not provide for replacements (unless Medically Necessary and Appropriate), repairs, or wigs. We do not cover dental prosthetics or devices other than as a replacement for natural teeth lost due to Injury, as stated in the Dental Care and Treatment provision of the Contract.
9) **Durable Medical Equipment** when ordered by a [Member's] Primary Care Physician and arranged through Us.
10) [Subject to Our Pre-Approval, as applicable,]**Prescription Drugs** including **contraceptives which require a Practitioner's prescription** and insulin needles and insulin syringes and glucose test strips and lancets; and colostomy bags, belts, and irrigators when obtained through a [Network] Provider.

[A prescription or refill will not include a prescription or refill that is more than:
a) the greater of a 30 day supply or 100 unit doses for each prescription or refill; or
b) the amount usually prescribed by the [Member's] [Network] Provider.
A supply will be considered to be furnished at the time the Prescription Drug is received.]

[We have identified certain Prescription Drugs for which Pre-Approval is required. We will provide the list of Prescription Drugs for which Pre-Approval is required to each Employee. We will give at least 30 days advance written notice to the Employee before revising the list of Prescription Drugs to add a Prescription Drug to the list.

[If a Member brings a prescription for a Prescription Drug for which We require Pre-Approval to a Pharmacy and Pre-Approval has not yet been secured, [the Member must contact Us to request Pre-Approval.] [the Pharmacy will contact the Practitioner to request that the Practitioner contact Us to secure Pre-Approval.] The Pharmacy will dispense a 96-hour supply of the Prescription Drug. We will review the Pre-Approval request within the time period allowed by law. If We give Pre-Approval, We will notify the Pharmacy and the balance of the Prescription Drug will be dispensed with benefits for the Prescription Drug being paid subject to the terms of the Contract. If We do not give Pre-Approval, the Member may ask that the Pharmacy dispense the balance of the Prescription Drug, with the Member paying for the Prescription Drug. The Member may submit a claim for the Prescription Drug, subject to the terms of the Contract. The Member may appeal the decision by following the Appeals Procedure process set forth in the Contract.]

We cover Medically Necessary and Appropriate supplies which require a prescription, are prescribed by a Practitioner, and are essential to the administration of the prescription drug.

11) **Nutritional Counseling** for the management of disease entities which have a specific diagnostic criteria that can be verified. The nutritional counseling must be prescribed by a [Member's] Primary Care Physician and approved in advance by Us.
12) **Dental x-rays** when related to Covered Services.
13) **Oral Surgery** in connection with bone fractures, removal of tumors and orthodontogenic cysts, and other surgical procedures, as We approve.
14. **Food and Food Products for Inherited Metabolic Diseases**: We cover charges incurred for the therapeutic treatment of inherited metabolic diseases, including the purchase of medical foods (enteral formula) and low protein modified food products as determined to be medically necessary by a [Member's] Practitioner.

For the purpose of this benefit:
"inherited metabolic disease" means a disease caused by an inherited abnormality of body chemistry for which testing is mandated by law;
"low protein modified food product" means a food product that is specially formulated to have less than one gram of protein per serving and is intended to be used under the direction of a Practitioner for the dietary treatment of an inherited metabolic disease, but does not include a natural food that is naturally low in protein; and
"medical food" means a food that is intended for the dietary treatment of a disease or condition for which nutritional requirements are established by medical evaluation and is formulated to be consumed or administered enterally under the direction of a Practitioner.

15. Specialized non-standard infant formulas are covered to the same extent and subject to the same terms and conditions as coverage is provided under this [Contract] for Prescription Drugs. We cover specialized non-standard infant formulas provided:

a) The Child's Practitioner has diagnosed the Child as having multiple food protein intolerance and has determined the formula to be medically necessary; and
b) The Child has not been responsive to trials of standard non-cow milk-based formulas, including soybean and goat milk.

We may review continued Medical Necessity and Appropriateness of the specialized infant formula.

16. Unless otherwise provided in the Charges for the Treatment of Hemophilia section below, **Blood, blood products, blood transfusions** and the cost of testing and processing blood. But We do not cover blood which has been donated or replaced on behalf of the Member.
17. **Charges for the Treatment of Hemophilia.** The Providers in Our Network providing Medically Necessary and Appropriate home treatment services for bleeding episodes associated with hemophilia shall comply with standards adopted by the Department of Health and Senior Services in consultation with the Hemophilia Association of New Jersey.

We will cover the services of a clinical laboratory at a Hospital with a state-designated outpatient regional care center regardless of whether the Hospital's clinical laboratory is a [Network] Provider if the Member's Practitioner determines that the Hospital's clinical laboratory is necessary because: a) the results of laboratory tests are medically necessary immediately or sooner than the normal return time for Our network clinical laboratory; or b) accurate test results need to be determined by closely supervised procedures in venipuncture and laboratory techniques in controlled environments that cannot be achieved by Our Network clinical laboratory.

We will pay the Hospital's clinical laboratory for the laboratory services at the same rate We would pay a Network clinical laboratory for comparable services.

18. **Colorectal Cancer Screening** We provide coverage for colorectal cancer screening provided to a Member age 50 or over and to younger [Members] who are considered to be high risk for colorectal cancer. Coverage will be provided, subject to all the terms of this Contract, and the following limitations:

Subject to the American Cancer Society guidelines, and medical necessity as determined by the [Member's] Practitioner in consultation with the [Member] regarding methods to use, We will cover:
a) a screening fecal occult blood test;
b) flexible sigmoidoscopy,
c) colonoscopy;
d) barium enema;
e) any combination of the services listed in items a – d above; or
f) the most reliable medically recognized screening test available.

We will provide coverage for the above methods at the frequency recommended by the most recent published guidelines of the American Cancer Society and as determined to be medically necessary by the [Member's] practitioner in consultation with the [Member].

High risk for colorectal cancer means a [Member] has:
a) A family history of: familial adenomatous polyposis, heriditary non-polyposis colon cancer; or breast, ovarian, endometrial or colon cancer or polyps;
b) Chronic inflammatory bowel disease; or
c) A background, ethnicity or lifestyle that the practitioner believes puts the person at elevated risk for colorectal cancer.

19. **Newborn Hearing Screening** We provide coverage up to a maximum of 28 days following the date of birth for screening for newborn hearing loss by appropriate electrophysiologic screening measures. In addition, We provide coverage between age 29 days and 36 months for the periodic monitoring of infants for delayed onset hearing loss.

(b) **SPECIALIST DOCTOR BENEFITS** Services are covered when rendered by a [Network] Specialist Doctor at the Practitioner's office [, or Health Center,] or any other [Network] Facility or a [Network] Hospital outpatient department during office or business hours upon prior Referral by a [Member's] Primary Care Physician.

(c) **INPATIENT HOSPICE, HOSPITAL, REHABILITATION CENTER & SKILLED NURSING CENTER BENEFITS**. Except as stated below, the following Services are covered when hospitalized by a [Network] Provider upon prior Referral from a [Member's] Primary Care Physician, only at [Network] Hospitals and [Network] Facilities (or at [Non-Network] Facilities subject to Our Pre-Approval): however, [Network] Skilled Nursing Facility Services and Supplies are limited to those which constitute Skilled Nursing Care and Hospice services are subject to Our Pre-Approval.

Exception: If a [Member] is admitted to a Network Facility by a Non-Network Provider, the Network Facility will nevertheless be paid Network benefits.

1. Semi-private room and board accommodations

Except as stated below, We provide coverage for Inpatient care for:
a) a minimum of 72 hours following a modified radical mastectomy; and
b) a minimum of 48 hours following a simple mastectomy.

Exception: The minimum 72 or 48 hours, as appropriate, of Inpatient care will not be covered if the [Member], in consultation with the [Network] Provider, determine that a shorter length of stay is Medically Necessary and Appropriate.

- As an exception to the Medically Necessary and Appropriate requirement of the Contract, We also provide coverage for the mother and newly born child for:

⇒ a minimum of 48 hours of Inpatient care in a [Network] Hospital following a vaginal delivery; and
⇒ a minimum of 96 hours of Inpatient care in a [Network] Hospital following a cesarean section.

- We provide such coverage subject to the following:

⇒ the attending Practitioner must determine that Inpatient care is medically necessary; or
⇒ the mother must request the Inpatient care.

- [As an alternative to the minimum level of Inpatient care described above, the mother may elect to participate in a home care program provided by Us.]

2. Private accommodations [will be provided only when approved in advance by Us]. If a [Member] occupies a private room without such approval [Member] shall be directly liable to the Hospice, Hospital, Rehabilitation Center or Skilled Nursing Facility for the difference between payment by Us to the Hospice, Hospital, Rehabilitation Center or Skilled Nursing Facility of the per diem or other agreed upon rate for semi-private

accommodation established between Us and the [Network] Hospice, [Network] Hospital, [Network] Rehabilitation Center or [Network] Skilled Nursing Center and the private room rate.
3. General nursing care
4. Use of intensive or special care facilities
5. X-ray examinations including CAT scans but not dental x-rays
6. Use of operating room and related facilities
7. Magnetic resonance imaging "MRI"
8. Drugs, medications, biologicals
9. Cardiography/Encephalography
10. Laboratory testing and services
11. Pre- and post-operative care
12. Special tests
13. Nuclear medicine
14. Therapy Services
15. Oxygen and oxygen therapy
16. Anesthesia and anesthesia services
17. Blood, blood products and blood processing
18. Intravenous injections and solutions

Surgical, medical and obstetrical services; We also cover reconstructive breast Surgery, Surgery to restore and achieve symmetry between the two breasts and the cost of prostheses following a mastectomy on one breast or both breasts. We also cover treatment of the physical complications of mastectomy, including lymphedemas.

19. The following transplants: Cornea, Kidney, Lung, Liver, Heart Pancreas and Intestines.
20. Allogeneic bone marrow transplants.

[23. Autologous bone marrow transplants and associated dose intensive chemotherapy: only for treatment of Leukemia, Lymphoma, Neuroblastoma, Aplastic Anemia, Genetic Disorders (SCID and WISCOT Alldrich) and Breast Cancer, when Pre-Approved by Us, if the [Member] is participating in a National Cancer Institute sponsored clinical trial.]

[23. Autologous Bone Marrow Transplant and Associated Dose-Intensive Chemotherapy, but only if performed by institutions approved by the National Cancer Institute, or pursuant to protocols consistent with the guidelines of the American Society of Clinical Oncologists;

21. Peripheral Blood Stem Cell Transplants, but only if performed by institutions approved by the National Cancer Institute, or pursuant to protocols consistent with the guidelines of the American Society of Clinical Oncologists.]
24. Donor's costs associated with transplants if the donor does not have health coverage that would cover the medical costs associated with his or her role as a donor. We do not cover costs for travel, accommodations, or comfort items.

(d) **BENEFITS FOR SUBSTANCE ABUSE AND NON-BIOLOGICALLY-BASED MENTAL ILLNESSES.** The following Services are covered when rendered by a [Network] Provider at Provider's office or at a [Network] Substance Abuse Center [or Health Center] [upon prior Referral by a [Member's] Primary Care Physician] [or the Care Manager]. This section does *not* address coverage for a Biologically-based Mental Illness.

1. **Outpatient.** [Members] are entitled to receive up to twenty (20) outpatient visits per Calendar Year. Benefits include diagnosis, medical, psychiatric and psychological treatment and medical Referral services by a [Member's] Primary Care Physician [or the Care Manager] for the abuse of or addiction to drugs and Non-Biologically-based Mental Illnesses. Payment for non-medical ancillary services (such as vocational rehabilitation or employment counseling) is not provided, but information regarding appropriate agencies will be provided if available. [Members] are additionally eligible, upon Referral by a [Member's] Primary Care Physician, for up to sixty (60) more outpatient visits by exchanging one or more of the inpatient hospital days described in paragraph 2 below where each exchanged inpatient day provides two outpatient visits.

1. **Inpatient Hospital Care.** [Members] are entitled to receive up to thirty (30) days of inpatient care benefits for detoxification, medical treatment for medical conditions resulting from the Substance Abuse, Referral services for Substance Abuse , and Non-Biologically-based Mental Illnesses. The following services shall be covered under inpatient treatment: (1) lodging and dietary services; (2) physician, psychologist, nurse, certified addictions counselor and trained staff services; (3) diagnostic x-ray; (4) psychiatric, psychological and medical laboratory testing; (5) drugs, medicines, equipment use and supplies.
2. **Chemical Dependency Admissions.** Repeated detoxification treatment for chronic Substance Abuse will not be covered unless in Our sole Discretion it is Determined that [Members] have been cooperative with an on-going treatment plan developed by a [Network] Provider. Failure to comply with treatment shall constitute cause for non-coverage of Substance Abuse services. Court-ordered chemical dependency admissions are not covered unless Medically Necessary and Appropriate, and only to the extent of the covered benefit as defined above.

NOTE: ANY SUBSTANCE ABUSE AND NON-BIOLOGICALLY-BASED MENTAL ILLNESSES BENEFITS A [MEMBER] RECEIVES AS [NON-NETWORK] BENEFITS WILL REDUCE THE BENEFITS AVAILABLE AS [NETWORK] NON-BIOLOGICALLY-BASED MENTAL ILLNESSES AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE SERVICES AND SUPPLIES.

(e) **BENEFITS FOR BIOLOGICALLY-BASED MENTAL ILLNESS OR ALCOHOL ABUSE.** We cover treatment of a Biologically-based Mental Illness or Alcohol Abuse the same way We would for any other Illness, if such treatment is prescribed by a [Network] Provider upon prior written Referral by a [Member]'s Primary Care Physician [or the Care Manager]. We do not pay for Custodial care, education or training.

(f) **EMERGENCY CARE BENEFITS - WITHIN AND OUTSIDE OUR SERVICE AREA.** The following services are covered without prior Referral by a [Member's] Primary Care Physician in the event of an Emergency as Determined by Us.

I. A [Member's] Primary Care Physician is required to provide or arrange for on-call coverage twenty-four (24) hours a day, seven (7) days a week. Unless a delay would be detrimental to a [Member's] health, [Member] shall call a [Member's] Primary Care Physician [or Health Center] [or Us] [or the Care Manager] prior to seeking Emergency treatment.
II. We will cover the cost of services and supplies in connection with an Emergency provided within or outside our service area without a prior Referral only if:
A. Our review Determines that a [Member's] symptoms were severe and delay of treatment would have been detrimental to a [Member's] health, the symptoms occurred suddenly, and [Member] sought immediate medical attention.

B. The service rendered is provided as a Covered Service or Supply under the Contract and is not a service or supply which is normally treated on a non-Emergency basis; and
C. We and a [Member's] Primary Care Physician are notified within 48 hours of the Emergency service and/or admission and We are furnished with written proof of the occurrence, nature and extent of the Emergency services within 30 days. [Member] shall be responsible for payment for services received unless We [or the Care Manager] Determine that a [Member's] failure to do so was reasonable under the circumstances. In no event shall reimbursement be made until We receive proper written proof.

III. In the event a [Member] is hospitalized in a [Non-Network] Facility, [Network] coverage will only be provided until [Members] are medically able to travel or to be transported to a [Network] Facility. If [Members] elect to continue treatment with [Non-Network] Providers, We shall have no responsibility to continue to provide coverage on a [Network] basis for services and supplies beyond the date [Members] are Determined to be medically able to be transported. The [Member] may be eligible for [Non-Network] benefits, subject to the terms and conditions of the Contract.

In the event that transportation is Medically Necessary and Appropriate, We will cover the Reasonable and Customary cost. Reimbursement may be subject to payment by [Members] of all Copayments which would have been required had similar benefits been provided upon prior Referral to a [Network] Provider.

4) Coverage for Emergency services includes only such treatment necessary to treat the Emergency. Any elective procedures performed after a [Member] has been admitted to a Facility as the result of an Emergency shall require prior Referral or the [Member] shall be responsible for payment.
5) The Copayment for an emergency room visit will be credited toward the Hospital Inpatient Copayment if a [Member] is admitted as an Inpatient to the Hospital as a result of the Emergency.
6) Coverage for Emergency and Urgent Care include coverage of trauma services at any designated level I or II trauma center as Medically Necessary and Appropriate, which shall be continued at least until, in the judgement of the attending physician, the Member is medically stable, no longer requires critical care, and can be safely transferred to another Facility. We also provides coverage for a medical screening examination provided upon a Member's arrival in a Hospital, as required to be performed by the Hospital in accordance with Federal law, but only as necessary to determine whether an Emergency medical condition exists. [Please note that the "911" Emergency response system may be used whenever a Covered person has a potentially life-threatening condition. Information on the use of the "911" system is included in the identification card.]

(g) **THERAPY SERVICES.** The following Services are covered when rendered by a [Network] Practitioner upon prior Referral by a [Member's] Primary Care Physician [or the Care Manager]. Subject to the stated limits, We cover the Therapy Services listed below. We cover other types of Therapy Services provided they are performed by a licensed Provider, are Medically Necessary and Appropriate and are not Experimental or Investigational.

a. *Chelation Therapy* - means the administration of drugs or chemicals to remove toxic concentrations of metals from the body.
b. *Chemotherapy* - the treatment of malignant disease by chemical or biological antineoplastic agents.
c. *Dialysis Treatment* - the treatment of an acute renal failure or a chronic irreversible renal insufficiency by removing waste products from the body. This includes hemodialysis and peritoneal dialysis.
d. *Radiation Therapy* - the treatment of disease by x-ray, radium, cobalt, or high energy particle sources. Radiation therapy includes rental or cost of radioactive materials. Diagnostic Services requiring the use of radioactive materials are not radiation therapy.
e. *Respiration Therapy* - the introduction of dry or moist gases into the lungs.

f. *Cognitive Rehabilitation Therapy* - the retraining of the brain to perform intellectual skills which it was able to perform prior to disease, trauma, Surgery, or previous therapeutic process; or the training of the brain to perform intellectual skills it should have been able to perform if there were not a congenital anomaly.
g. *Speech Therapy* -except as stated below, treatment for the correction of a speech impairment resulting from Illness, Surgery, Injury, congenital anomaly, or previous therapeutic processes. Exception: For a [Covered Person] who has been diagnosed with a biologically-based mental illness, speech therapy means treatment of a speech impairment.

Coverage for Cognitive Rehabilitation Therapy and Speech Therapy, **combined,** is limited to 30 visits per Calendar Year.

h. *Occupational Therapy* - except as stated below, treatment to restore a physically disabled person's ability to perform the ordinary tasks of daily living. Exception: For a [Covered Person] who has been diagnosed with a biologically-based mental illness, occupational therapy means treatment to develop a [Covered Person's] ability to perform the ordinary tasks of daily living.
i. *Physical Therapy* - except as stated below, the treatment by physical means to relieve pain, restore maximum function, and prevent disability following disease, Injury or loss of limb. Exception: For a [Covered Person] who has been diagnosed with a biologically-based mental illness, physical therapy means treatment to develop a [Covered Person's] physical function.

Coverage for Occupational Therapy and Physical Therapy, **combined**, is limited to 30 visits per Calendar Year.

j. *Infusion Therapy* - the administration of antibiotic, nutrients, or other therapeutic agents by direct infusion.

Note: The limitations on Therapy Services contained in this Therapy Services provision do not apply to any Therapy Services that are received under the Home Health Care provision.

NOTE: ANY THERAPY BENEFITS A [MEMBER] RECEIVES AS A [NON-NETWORK] COVERED CHARGE WILL REDUCE THE SERVICES AND SUPPLIES AVAILABLE AS [NETWORK] THERAPY SERVICES AND SUPPLIES.

(h) **HOME HEALTH CARE.** The following Services are covered upon prior written referral from a [Member]'s Primary Care Physician. When home health care can take the place of Inpatient care, We cover such care furnished to a [Member] under a written home health care plan. We cover all Medically Necessary and Appropriate services or supplies, such as:
1) Routine Nursing Care furnished by or under the supervision of a registered Nurse;
2) physical therapy;
3) occupational therapy;
4) medical social work;
5) nutrition services;

6) speech therapy;
7) home health aide services;
8) medical appliances and equipment, drugs and medications, laboratory services and special meals to the extent such items and services would have been covered under this Contract if the [Member] had been in a Hospital; and
9) any Diagnostic or therapeutic service, including surgical services performed in a Hospital Outpatient department, a Practitioner's office or any other licensed health care Facility, provided such service would have been covered under the Contract if performed as Inpatient Hospital services.

Payment is subject to all of the terms of this Contract and to the following conditions:
a. The [Member's] Practitioner must certify that home health care is needed in place of Inpatient care in a recognized Facility. Home health care is covered **only** in situations where continuing hospitalization or confinement in a Skilled Nursing Facility or Rehabilitation Center would otherwise have been required if home health care were not provided.
b. The services and supplies must be:
1. ordered by the [Member's] Practitioner;
2. included in the home health care plan: and
3. furnished by, or coordinated by, a Home Health Agency according to the written home health care plan.
The services and supplies must be furnished by recognized health care professionals on a part-time or intermittent basis, except when full-time or 24 hour service is needed on a short-term (no more than three-day) basis.
c. The home health care plan must be set up in writing by the [Member's] Practitioner within 14 days after home health care starts. And it must be reviewed by the [Member's] Practitioner at least once every 60 days.
e. We do not pay for:
1. services furnished to family members, other than the patient; or
2. services and supplies not included in the home health care plan.

Any visit by a member of a home health care team on any day shall be considered as one home health care visit.

i.) **Hospice Care** if [Members] are terminally Ill or terminally Injured with life expectancy of six months or less, as certified by the [Member's] Primary Care Physician. Services may include home and hospital visits by nurses and social workers; pain management and symptom control; instruction and supervision of family members, inpatient care; counseling and emotional support; and other home health care benefits listed above.

(j) **DENTAL CARE AND TREATMENT.** The following services are covered when rendered by a [Network] Practitioner upon prior Referral by a [Member's] Primary Care Physician. We cover:
1) the diagnosis and treatment of oral tumors and cysts; and
2) the surgical removal of bony impacted teeth.

We also cover treatment of an Injury to natural teeth or the jaw, but only if:
1) the Injury was not caused, directly or indirectly by biting or chewing; and
2) all treatment is finished within 6 months of the date of the Injury.
Treatment includes replacing natural teeth lost due to such Injury. But in no event do We cover orthodontic treatment.

For a [Member] who is severely disabled or who is a Child under age 6, We cover:
a) general anesthesia and Hospitalization for dental services; and
b) dental services rendered by a dentist regardless of where the dental services are provided for a medical condition covered by the Contract which requires Hospitalization or general anesthesia.

(k) **TREATMENT FOR TEMPOROMANDIBULAR JOINT DISORDER (TMJ)** The following services are covered when rendered by a [Network] Practitioner upon prior Referral by a [Member's] Primary Care Physician. We cover services and supplies for the Medically Necessary and Appropriate surgical and non-surgical treatment of TMJ in a [Member]. However, We do not cover any services or supplies for orthodontia, crowns or bridgework.

(l) **THERAPEUTIC MANIPULATION** The following services are covered when rendered by a [Network] Practitioner upon prior Referral by a [Member's] Primary Care Physician [or the Care Manager]. We limit what We cover for therapeutic manipulation to 30 visits per Calendar Year. And We cover no more than two modalities per visit. Services and supplies beyond 30 visits are not covered.

NOTE: ANY THERAPEUTIC MANIPULATION BENEFITS [MEMBER] RECEIVES AS [NON-NETWORK] COVERED CHARGES WILL REDUCE THE SERVICES AND SUPPLIES AVAILABLE AS [NETWORK] THERAPEUTIC MANIPULATION SERVICES AND SUPPLIES.

(m) **[Cancer Clinical Trial** We cover practitioner fees, laboratory expenses and expenses associated with Hospitalization, administering of treatment and evaluation of the Member during the course of treatment or a condition associated with a complication of the underlying disease or treatment, with are consistent with usual and customary patterns and standards of care incurred whenever a Member receives medical care associated with an Approved Cancer Clinical Trial. We will cover charges for such items and services only if they would be covered for care and treatment in a situation other than an Approved Cancer Clinical Trial.

We do not cover the cost of investigational drugs or devices themselves, the cost of any non-health services that might be required for a Member to receive the treatment or intervention, or the costs of managing the research, or any costs which would not be covered under the Contract for treatments that are not Experimental or Investigational.]

[NON-NETWORK] BENEFIT PROVISION ***APPLICABLE TO [NON-NETWORK] BENEFITS***

The Cash Deductible
Each Calendar Year, each [Member] must have Covered Charges that exceed the Cash Deductible before We pay any [Non-Network] benefits to that person. The Cash Deductible is shown in the Schedule. The Cash Deductible cannot be met with Copayments, or with Non-Covered Services and

Supplies and Non-Covered Charges. Only Covered Charges incurred by the [Member] while covered by the Contract can be used to meet this Cash Deductible.

Once the Cash Deductible is met, We pay benefits for other Covered Charges above the Cash Deductible incurred by that [Member], less any applicable Coinsurance or Copayments, for the rest of that Calendar Year. But all charges must be incurred while that [Member] is covered by the Contract. And what We pay is based on all the terms of the Contract.

The Contractholder who purchased the Contract may have purchased it to replace a plan the Contractholder had with some other carrier.

The [Member] may have incurred charges for covered expenses under the Contractholder's old plan before it ended. If so, these charges will be used to meet the Contract's Cash Deductible if:
a) the charges were incurred and applied toward the satisfaction of the Cash Deductible under the Contractholder's old plan during the Calendar Year in which the Contract starts;
b) the charges would have been considered Covered Charges under the Contract if the Contract had been in effect;
c) the [Member] was covered by the old plan when it ended and enrolled in the Contract on its Effective Date; and
d) the Contract takes effect immediately upon termination of the prior plan.

[Family Deductible Limit
The Contract has a family deductible limit of two Cash Deductibles for each Calendar Year. Once two [Members] in a family meet their individual Cash Deductibles in a Calendar Year, We pay benefits for other Covered Charges incurred by any member of the covered family, less any applicable Coinsurance or Copayments, for the rest of that Calendar Year. What We pay is based on all the terms of the Contract.]

[Per Covered Family

The Per Covered Family Calendar Year Cash Deductible is shown in the Schedule. Once three or more [Members] in a family have incurred a combined total of Covered Charges toward their Per Person Cash Deductible equal to the per Covered Family Cash Deductible, each [Member] in that family will be considered to have met his or her Per Person Cash Deductible for the rest of that Calendar Year. The Charges that each [Member] in a family may use toward the Per Covered Family Cash Deductible may not exceed the amount of the Per Person Cash Deductible.]

[Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket
Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Covered Person must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all Non-Network covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Non-Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Covered Person has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for Non-Network covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.

[Once two Covered Persons in a family meet their individual Maximum Out of Pocket, no other Covered Person in that family will be required to pay any amounts as Copayments, Deductible or Coinsurance for covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.]

[Once any combination of Covered Persons in a family meet an amount equal to [three] times the individual Maximum Out of Pocket, no Covered Person in that family will be required to pay any amounts as Copayments, Deductible or Coinsurance for covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.]]

[Note to Carriers: Use these paragraphs if the Maximum Out of Pocket is separate for Network and Non-Network]

[Network Maximum Out of Pocket
Network Maximum Out of Pocket means the annual maximum dollar amount that a Covered Person must pay as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for all Network **and** Non-Network covered services and supplies in a Calendar Year. All amounts paid as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance shall count toward the Network Maximum Out of Pocket. Once the Network Maximum Out of Pocket has been reached, the Covered Person has no further obligation to pay any amounts as Copayment, Deductible and Coinsurance for Network or Non-Network covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.

[Once two Covered Persons in a family meet their individual Maximum Out of Pocket, no other Covered Person in that family will be required to pay any amounts as Copayments, Deductible or Coinsurance for covered services and supplies for the remainder of the Calendar Year.]]

[Note to Carriers: Use this text if the Maximum Out of Pocket is common to both Network and Non-Network services and supplies.]

COVERED CHARGES *APPLICABLE TO [NON-NETWORK] BENEFITS*

This section lists the types of charges We will consider as Covered Charges and the limits which apply to such Covered Charges. But what We will pay is subject to all the terms of the Contract. Read the entire Contract to find out what We limit or exclude.

Note: Our payments will be reduced if a [Member] does not comply with the Utilization Review and Pre-Approval requirements contained in the Contract.

Hospital Charges
We cover charges for Hospital room and board and Routine Nursing Care when it is provided to [Member] by a Hospital on an Inpatient basis. But We limit what We pay each day to the room and board limit shown in the Schedule. And We cover other Medically Necessary and Appropriate Hospital services and supplies provided to a [Member] during the Inpatient confinement. If a [Member] is admitted to a Network Facility by a Non-Network Provider, the Network Facility will nevertheless be paid Network benefits.

Except as stated below, We provide coverage for Inpatient care for:
a) a minimum of 72 hours following a modified radical mastectomy; and
b) a minimum of 48 hours following a simple mastectomy.

Exception: The minimum 72 or 48 hours, as appropriate, of Inpatient care will not be covered if the [Member], in consultation with the Provider, determine that a shorter length of stay is medically necessary and appropriate.

As an **exception** to the Medically Necessary and Appropriate requirement of the Contract, We also provide coverage for the mother and newly born child for:
a) a minimum of 48 hours of Inpatient care in a Hospital following a vaginal delivery; and
b) a minimum of 96 hours of Inpatient Hospital care following a cesarean section.

We provide such coverage subject to the following:
a) the attending Practitioner must determine that Inpatient care is medically necessary; or
b) the mother must request the Inpatient care.
[As an alternative to the minimum level of inpatient care described above, the mother may elect to participate in a home care program provided by Us.]

If a [Member] incurs charges as an Inpatient in a Special Care Unit, We cover the charges up to the daily room and board limit for a Special Care Unit shown in the Schedule.

We will also cover Outpatient Hospital services, including services provided by a Hospital Outpatient clinic. And We cover emergency room treatment, subject to the Contract's **Emergency Room Copayment Requirement** section.

Any charges in excess of the Hospital semi-private daily room and board limit are not covered. The Contract's utilization review features have penalties for non-compliance that may reduce what We pay for Hospital charges.

We limit what We pay for the treatment of Non-Biologically-based Mental Illnesses and Substance Abuse. See the **Charges Covered with Special Limitations** section of the Contract.

Emergency Room Copayment Requirement
Each time a [Member] uses the services of a Hospital emergency room, he or she must pay a [$50.00] Copayment, in addition to the Cash Deductible, any other Copayments, and Coinsurance, if he or she is not admitted within 24 hours.

Emergency and Urgent Care Services
Coverage for Emergency and Urgent Care include coverage of trauma services at any designated level I or II trauma center as Medically Necessary and Appropriate, which shall be continued at least until, in the judgement of the attending physician, the Covered Person is medically stable, no longer requires critical care, and can be safely transferred to another Facility. [Carrier] also provides coverage for a medical screening examination provided upon a Covered Person's arrival in a Hospital, as required to be performed by the Hospital in accordance with Federal law, but only as necessary to determine whether an emergency medical condition exists. [Please note that the "911" emergency response system may be used whenever a Covered person has a potentially life-threatening condition. Information on the use of the "911" system is included on the identification card.]

Pre-Admission Testing Charges
We cover pre-admission x-ray and laboratory tests needed for a planned Hospital admission or Surgery. We only cover these tests if, the tests are done on an Outpatient basis within seven days of the planned admission or Surgery.

However, We will not cover tests that are repeated after admission or before Surgery, unless the admission or Surgery is deferred solely due to a change in the [Member's] health.

Extended Care or Rehabilitation Charges
Subject to Our Pre-Approval We cover charges up to the daily room and board limit for room and board and Routine Nursing Care shown in the Schedule, provided to a [Member] on an Inpatient basis in an Extended Care Center or Rehabilitation Center. Charges above the daily room and board limit are not covered.

And We cover all other Medically Necessary and Appropriate services and supplies provided to a [Member] during the confinement. But the confinement must:
a) start within 14 days of a Hospital stay; and
b) be due to the same or a related condition that necessitated the Hospital stay.

Coverage for Extended Care and Rehabilitation, combined, is limited to the first 120 days of confinement in each Calendar Year. Charges for any additional days are not covered.

But We limit what We will pay for the treatment of Non-Biologically-based Mental Illnesses and Substance Abuse. See the **Charges Covered With Special Limitations** section of the Contract.

We will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for treatment, services and supplies for Extended Care or Rehabilitation which are not Pre-Approved by Us provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under the Contract.

ANY EXTENDED CARE OR REHABILITATION SERVICES OR SUPPLIES A [MEMBER] RECEIVES AS A [NETWORK] SERVICE OR SUPPLY WILL REDUCE THE EXTENDED CARE OR REHABILITATION BENEFIT AVAILABLE AS A [NON-NETWORK] COVERED CHARGE.

Home Health Care Charges:
Subject to Our Pre-Approval, when home health care can take the place of Inpatient care, We cover such care furnished to a [Member] under a written home health care plan. We cover all Medically Necessary and Appropriate services or supplies, such as:
a) Routine Nursing care furnished by or under the supervision of a registered Nurse;
b) physical therapy;
c) occupational therapy;
d) medical social work;

e) nutrition services;
f) speech therapy;
g) home health aide services;
h) medical appliances and equipment- drugs and medications, laboratory services and special meals to the extent such items and services would have been covered under this Policy if the Covered Person had been in a Hospital; and
i) any Diagnostic or therapeutic service, including surgical services performed in a Hospital Outpatient department, a Practitioner's office or any other licensed health care Facility, provided such service would have been covered under the Contract if performed as Inpatient Hospital services.

Payment is subject to all of the terms of this Contract and to the following conditions:
a) The [Member's] **Practitioner** must certify that home health care is needed in place of Inpatient care in a recognized Facility. Home health care is covered only in situations where continuing hospitalization or confinement in a Skilled Nursing Facility or Rehabilitation Center would otherwise have been required if Home Health Care were not provided.
b) The services and supplies must be:
1. ordered by the [Member's] Practitioner;
2. included in the home health care plan: and
3. furnished by, or coordinated by, a Home Health Agency according to the written home health care plan.

The services and supplies must be furnished by recognized health care professionals on a part-time or intermittent basis, except when full-time or 24 hour service is needed on a short-term (no more than three-day) basis.
The home health care plan must be set up in writing by the [Member's] Practitioner within 14 days after home health care starts. And it must be reviewed by the [Member's] Practitioner at least once every 60 days.
We do not pay for:
A. services furnished to family members, other than the patient; or
B. services and supplies not included in the home health care plan.

Any visit by a member of a home health care team on any day shall be considered as one home health care visit.

We will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for treatment, services and supplies for Home Health Care which are not Pre-Approved by Us provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under this Contract.

Practitioner's Charges for Non-Surgical Care and Treatment
We cover Practitioner's charges for the Medically Necessary and Appropriate non-surgical care and treatment of an Illness or Injury. But We limit what We will pay for the treatment of Non-Biologically-based Mental Illnesses and Substance Abuse. See the **Charges Covered With Special Limitations** section of the Contract.

Practitioner's Charges for Surgery
We cover Practitioner's charges for Medically Necessary and Appropriate Surgery.

[Carrier] does not pay for Cosmetic Surgery unless it is required as a result of an Illness or Injury or to correct a functional defect resulting from a congenital abnormality or developmental anomaly.

[Carrier] covers reconstructive breast Surgery, Surgery to restore and achieve symmetry between the two breasts and the cost of prostheses following a mastectomy on one breast or both breasts. We also cover treatment of the physical complications of mastectomy, including lymphedemas.

Second Opinion Charges
We cover Practitioner's charges for a second opinion and charges for related x-rays and tests when a [Member] is advised to have Surgery or enter a Hospital. If the second opinion differs from the first, We cover charges for a third opinion. We cover such charges if the Practitioners who give the opinions:
a) are board certified and qualified, by reason of their specialty, to give an opinion on the proposed Surgery or Hospital admission;
b) are not business associates of the Practitioner who recommended the Surgery; and
c) in the case of a second surgical opinion, they do not perform the Surgery if it is needed.

Dialysis Center Charges
We cover charges made by a dialysis center for covered dialysis services.

Ambulatory Surgical Center Charges
We cover charges made by an Ambulatory Surgical Center in connection with covered Surgery.

Hospice Care Charges
Subject to Our Pre-Approval, We cover charges made by a Hospice for palliative and supportive care furnished to a terminally Ill or terminally Injured [Member] under a Hospice care program.

a) "Palliative and supportive care" means care and support aimed mainly at lessening or controlling pain or symptoms; it makes no attempt to cure the [Member's] terminal Illness or terminal Injury.
b) "Terminally Ill" or "terminally Injured" means that the [Member's] Practitioner has certified in writing that the [Member's] life expectancy is six months or less.

Hospice care must be furnished according to a written "hospice care program". A "hospice care program" is a coordinated program with an interdisciplinary team for meeting the special needs of the terminally Ill or terminally Injured [Member]. It must be set up and reviewed periodically by the [Member's] Practitioner.

Under a Hospice care program, subject to all the terms of the Contract, We cover any services and supplies including Prescription Drugs, to the extent they are otherwise covered by the Contract. Services and supplies may be furnished on an Inpatient or Outpatient basis.

The services and supplies must be:
a) needed for palliative and supportive care;
b) ordered by the [Member's] Practitioner;
c) included in the Hospice care program; and
d) furnished by, or coordinated by a Hospice.

We do not pay for:
a) services and supplies provided by volunteers or others who do not regularly charge for their services;
b) funeral services and arrangements;
c) legal or financial counseling or services; or
d) treatment not included in the Hospice care plan.

We will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for treatment, services and supplies for Hospice Care which are not Pre-Approved by Us provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under the Contract.

Alcohol Abuse
We pay benefits for the Covered Charges a [Member] incurs for the treatment of Alcohol Abuse the same way We would for any other Illness, if such treatment is prescribed by a Practitioner. But We do not pay for Custodial Care, education, or training.

Treatment may be furnished by:
a) a Hospital
b) a detoxification Facility licensed under New Jersey P.L. 1975, Chapter 305; or
c) a licensed, certified or state approved residential treatment Facility under a program which meets the minimum standards of care of the Joint Commission.

Treatment for Biologically-based Mental Illness
We pay benefits for the Covered Charges a [Member] incurs for the treatment of Biologically-based Mental Illness the same way We would for any other Illness, if such treatment is prescribed by a Practitioner. We do not pay for Custodial Care, education, or training.

Pregnancy
The Contract pays for pregnancies the same way We would cover an Illness. The charges We cover for a newborn child are explained [on the next page.]

Birthing Center Charges
We cover Birthing Center charges made by a Practitioner for pre-natal care, delivery, and post partum care in connection with a [Member's] pregnancy. We cover charges up to the daily room and board limit for room and board shown in the Schedule when Inpatient care is provided to a [Member] by a Birthing Center. But charges above the daily room and board limit are not covered.

We cover all other Medically Necessary and Appropriate services and supplies during the confinement.

Benefits for a Covered Newborn Child
We cover charges for the child's routine nursery care while he or she is in the Hospital or a Birthing Center. Charges are covered up to a maximum of 7 days following the date of birth. This includes:
a) nursery charges;
b) charges for routine Practitioner's examinations and tests; and
c) charges for routine procedures, like circumcision.

Subject to all of the terms of the Contract, We cover the care and treatment of a covered newborn child if he or she is Ill, Injured, premature, or born with a congenital birth defect.

ANY NEWBORN CHILD SERVICES OR SUPPLIES A [MEMBER] RECEIVES AS A [NETWORK] SERVICE OR SUPPLY WILL REDUCE THE NEWBORN CHILD BENEFIT AVAILABLE AS A [NON-NETWORK] COVERED CHARGE.

Anesthetics and Other Services and Supplies
We cover anesthetics and their administration; hemodialysis, casts; splints; and surgical dressings. We cover the initial fitting and purchase of braces, trusses, orthopedic footwear and crutches. We cover Medically Necessary and Appropriate replacements or repairs for braces, trusses, orthopedic footwear and crutches.

Blood
Unless otherwise provided in the **Charges for the Treatment of Hemophilia** section below, We cover blood, blood products, blood transfusions and the cost of testing and processing blood. But We do not pay for blood which has been donated or replaced on behalf of the [Member].

Charges for the Treatment of Hemophilia
[Carrier] covers Medically Necessary and Appropriate home treatment services for bleeding episodes associated with hemophilia including the purchase of blood products and blood infusion equipment.

[[Carrier] will cover the services of a clinical laboratory at a Hospital with a state-designated outpatient regional care center regardless of whether the Hospital's clinical laboratory is a Network Provider if the Covered Person's Practitioner determines that the Hospital's clinical laboratory is necessary because: a) the results of laboratory tests are medically necessary immediately or sooner than the normal return time for the [Carrier's] network clinical laboratory; or b) accurate test results need to be determined by closely supervised procedures in venipuncture and laboratory techniques in controlled environments that cannot be achieved by [Carrier's] network clinical laboratory.

[Carrier] will pay the Hospital's clinical laboratory for the laboratory services at the same rate [Carrier] would pay a Network clinical laboratory for comparable services.]

Ambulance Charges
We cover Medically Necessary and Appropriate charges for transporting a [Member] to:
a) a local Hospital if needed care and treatment can be provided by a local Hospital;
b) the nearest Hospital where needed care and treatment can be given, if a local Hospital cannot provide such care and treatment. But it must be connected with an Inpatient confinement; or
c) transporting a [Member] to another Inpatient health care Facility.

It can be by professional Ambulance service, train or plane. But We do not pay for chartered air flights. And We will not pay for other travel or communication expenses of patients, Practitioners, Nurses or family members.

Durable Medical Equipment
Subject to Our Pre-Approval, We cover charges for the rental of Durable Medical Equipment needed for therapeutic use. At Our option, and with Our Pre-Approval, We may cover the purchase of such items when it is less costly and more practical than rental. But We do not pay for:
a) replacements or repairs; or
b) the rental or purchase of items such as air conditioners, exercise equipment, saunas and air humidifiers which do not fully meet the definition of Durable Medical Equipment.

We will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for Durable Medical Equipment which are not Pre-Approved by Us provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under the Contract.

Treatment of Wilm's Tumor
We pay benefits for Covered Charges incurred for the treatment of Wilm's tumor in a [Member]. We treat such charges the same way We treat Covered Charges for any other Illness. Treatment can include, but is not limited to, autologous bone marrow transplants when standard chemotherapy treatment is unsuccessful. We pay benefits for this treatment even if it is deemed Experimental or Investigational. What We pay is based on all of the terms of the Contract.

Nutritional Counseling
Subject to Our Pre-Approval, We cover charges for nutritional counseling for the management of disease entities which have a specific diagnostic criteria that can be verified. The nutritional counseling must be prescribed by a Practitioner, and provided by a Practitioner.

We will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for Nutritional Counseling which are not Pre-Approved by Us provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under the Contract.

Food and Food Products for Inherited Metabolic Diseases
We cover charges incurred for the therapeutic treatment of inherited metabolic diseases, including the purchase of medical foods (enteral formula) and low protein modified food products as determined to be medically necessary by the [Member's] Practitioner.

For the purpose of this benefit:
"inherited metabolic disease" means a disease caused by an inherited abnormality of body chemistry for which testing is mandated by law;
"low protein modified food product" means a food product that is specially formulated to have less than one gram of protein per serving and is intended to be used under the direction of a Practitioner for the dietary treatment of an inherited metabolic disease, but does not include a natural food that is naturally low in protein; and
"medical food" means a food that is intended for the dietary treatment of a disease or condition for which nutritional requirements are established by medical evaluation and is formulated to be consumed or administered enterally under the direction of a Practitioner.

Specialized Infant Formulas
We cover specialized non-standard infant formulas to the same extent and subject to the same terms and conditions as coverage is provided under this [Contract] for Prescription Drugs. We cover specialized non-standard infant formulas provided:
c) The Child's Practitioner has diagnosed the Child as having multiple food protein intolerance and has determined the formula to be medically necessary; and
d) The Child has not been responsive to trials of standard non-cow milk-based formulas, including soybean and goat milk.
We may review continued Medical Necessity and Appropriateness of the specialized infant formula.

X-Rays and Laboratory Tests
We cover x-rays and laboratory tests which are Medically Necessary and Appropriate to treat an Illness or Injury. But, except as covered under the Contract's Preventive Care section, We do not pay for x-rays and tests done as part of routine physical checkups.

Prescription Drugs
[Subject to Our pre-Approval for certain prescription Drugs,]We cover drugs to treat an Illness or Injury and contraceptive drugs which require a Practitioner's prescription. And We exclude drugs that can be bought without a prescription, even if a Practitioner orders them.
[We have identified certain Prescription Drugs for which Pre-Approval is required. We will provide the list of Prescription Drugs for which Pre-Approval is required to each Employee prior to enforcing the Pre-Approval requirement. We will give at least 30 days advance written notice to the Employee before adding a Prescription Drug to the list.

[If a [Member] brings a prescription for a Prescription Drug for which We require Pre-Approval to a Pharmacy and Pre-Approval has not yet been secured, [the [Member] must contact Us to request Pre-Approval.] [the Pharmacy will contact the Practitioner to request that the Practitioner contact Us to secure Pre-Approval.] The Pharmacy will dispense a 96-hour supply of the Prescription Drug. We will review the Pre-Approval request within the time period allowed by law. If We give Pre-Approval, We will notify the Pharmacy and the balance of the Prescription Drug will be dispensed with benefits for the Prescription Drug being paid subject to the terms of the Contract. If We do not give Pre-Approval, the [Member] may ask that the Pharmacy dispense the balance of the Prescription Drug, with the [Member] paying for the Prescription Drug. The [Member] may submit a claim for the Prescription Drug, subject to the terms of the Contract. The [Member] may appeal the decision by following the Appeals Procedure process set forth in the Contract.]

Supplies to Administer Prescription Drugs
We cover Medically Necessary and Appropriate supplies which require a prescription, are prescribed by a Practitioner, and are essential to the administration of the Prescription Drug.

COVERED CHARGES WITH SPECIAL LIMITATIONS *APPLICABLE TO [NON-NETWORK] BENEFITS*

Cancer Clinical Trial
We cover practitioner fees, laboratory expenses and expenses associated with Hospitalization, administering of treatment and evaluation of the [Member] during the course of treatment or a condition associated with a complication of the underlying disease or treatment, which are consistent with usual and customary patterns and standards of care incurred whenever a [Member] receives medical care associated with an Approved Cancer Clinical Trial. We will cover charges for such items and services only if they would be covered for care and treatment in a situation other than an Approved Cancer Clinical Trial.

We do not cover the cost of investigational drugs or devices themselves, the cost of any non-health services that might be required for a [Member] to receive the treatment or intervention, or the costs of managing the research, or any costs which would not be covered under the Contract for treatments that are not Experimental or Investigational.]

Dental Care and Treatment
We cover:
a) the diagnosis and treatment of oral tumors and cysts; and
b) the surgical removal of bony impacted teeth.

We also cover treatment of an Injury to natural teeth or the jaw, but only if:
a) the Injury occurs while the [Member] is covered under any health benefit plan;
b) the Injury was not caused, directly or indirectly by biting or chewing; and
c) all treatment is finished within 6 months of the date of the Injury.
Treatment includes replacing natural teeth lost due to such Injury. But in no event do We cover orthodontic treatment.

For a [Member] who is severely disabled or who is a Child under age 6, We cover:
c) general anesthesia and Hospitalization for dental services; and
d) dental services rendered by a dentist regardless of where the dental services are provided for a medical condition covered by this Policy which requires Hospitalization or general anesthesia.

Treatment for Temporomandibular Joint Disorder (TMJ)
We cover charges for the Medically Necessary and Appropriate surgical and non-surgical treatment of TMJ in a [Member]. However, We do not cover any charges for orthodontia, crowns or bridgework.

Prosthetic Devices
We limit what We pay for prosthetic devices. Subject to Our Pre-Approval, We cover only the initial fitting and purchase of artificial limbs and eyes, and other prosthetic devices. And they must take the place of a natural part of a [Member's] body, or be needed due to a functional birth defect in a covered Dependent child. We do not pay for replacements, unless they are Medically Necessary and Appropriate. We do not pay for repairs, or wigs. We do not cover dental prosthetics or devices other than as a replacement for natural teeth lost due to Injury, as stated in the Dental Care and Treatment provision of the Contract.

We will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for Prosthetic Devices which are not Pre-Approved by Us provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under the Contract.

Mammogram Charges
We cover charges made for mammograms provided to a female [Member] according to the schedule given below. Benefits will be paid, subject to all the terms of the Contract, and the following limitations:

We will cover charges for:
a) one baseline mammogram for a female [Member], ages 35 - 39
b) one mammogram, every year, for a female [Member] ages 40 and older.

Please note that mammograms are included under the Preventive Care provision. A female [Member] may elect to apply any unused Preventive Care allowance for a mammogram. If a [Member] has exhausted the available annual Preventive Care benefit, the mammogram may be covered subject to the terms of this Mammogram Charges provision.

Colorectal Cancer Screening Charges
We cover charges made for colorectal cancer screening provided to a Member age 50 or over and to younger [Members] who are considered to be high risk for colorectal cancer. Benefits will be paid, subject to all the terms of this Contract, and the following limitations:

Subject to the American Cancer Society guidelines, and medical necessity as determined by the [Member's] Practitioner in consultation with the [Member] regarding methods to use, We will cover charges for:
a) a screening fecal occult blood test;
b) flexible sigmoidoscopy,
c) colonoscopy;
d) barium enema;
e) any combination of the services listed in items a – d above; or
f) the most reliable medically recognized screening test available.

We will cover the above methods at the frequency recommended by the most recent published guidelines of the American Cancer Society and as determined to be medically necessary by the [Member's] practitioner in consultation with the [Member.]

High risk for colorectal cancer means a [Member] has:
a) A family history of: familial adenomatous polyposis, heriditary non-polyposis colon cancer; or breast, ovarian, endometrial or colon cancer or polyps;
b) Chronic inflammatory bowel disease; or
c) A background, ethnicity or lifestyle that the practitioner believes puts the person at elevated risk for colorectal cancer.

Please note that since colorectal cancer screening is included under the Preventive Care provision, a [Member] may elect to apply any unused Preventive Care allowance for colorectal cancer screening. If a Member has exhausted the available annual Preventive Care benefit, or elects not to use any available Preventive Care benefit to cover the colorectal cancer screening, the colorectal cancer screening may be covered subject to the terms of this Colorectal Cancer Screening Charges provision.

Private Duty Nursing Care
We **only** cover charges by a Nurse for Medically Necessary and Appropriate private duty nursing care if such care is authorized as part of a home health care plan, coordinated by a Home Health Agency, and covered under the **Home Health Care Charges** section. Any other charges for private duty nursing care are not covered.

Therapy Services
Therapy Services mean the following services or supplies, ordered by a Practitioner and used to treat, or promote recovery from, an Injury or Illness:

Subject to the stated limits, We cover the Therapy Services listed below. We cover other types of Therapy Services provided they are performed by a licensed Provider, are Medically Necessary and Appropriate and are not Experimental or Investigational.

a. *Chelation Therapy* - means the administration of drugs or chemicals to remove toxic concentrations of metals from the body.
b. *Chemotherapy* - the treatment of malignant disease by chemical or biological antineoplastic agents.
c. *Dialysis Treatment* - the treatment of an acute renal failure or a chronic irreversible renal insufficiency by removing waste products from the body. This includes hemodialysis and peritoneal dialysis.
d. *Radiation Therapy* - the treatment of disease by x-ray, radium, cobalt, or high energy particle sources. Radiation therapy includes rental or cost of radioactive materials. Diagnostic Services requiring the use of radioactive materials are not radiation therapy.
e. *Respiration Therapy* - the introduction of dry or moist gases into the lungs.

[Subject to Our Pre-Approval,] We cover the Therapy Services listed below, subject to stated limitations:

f. *Cognitive Rehabilitation Therapy* - the retraining of the brain to perform intellectual skills which it was able to perform prior to disease, trauma, Surgery, or previous therapeutic process; or the training of the brain to perform intellectual skills it should have been able to perform if there were not a congenital anomaly.
g. *Speech Therapy* -except as stated below, treatment for the correction of a speech impairment resulting from Illness, Surgery, Injury, congenital anomaly, or previous therapeutic processes. Exception: For a [Covered Person] who has been diagnosed with a biologically-based mental illness, speech therapy means treatment of a speech impairment.

Coverage for Cognitive Rehabilitation Therapy and Speech Therapy, **combined,** is limited to 30 visits per Calendar Year.

h. *Occupational Therapy* - except as stated below, treatment to restore a physically disabled person's ability to perform the ordinary tasks of daily living. Exception: For a [Covered Person] who has been diagnosed with a biologically-based mental illness, occupational therapy means treatment to develop a [Covered Person's] ability to perform the ordinary tasks of daily living.
i. *Physical Therapy* - except as stated below, the treatment by physical means to relieve pain, restore maximum function, and prevent disability following disease, Injury or loss of limb. Exception: For a [Covered Person] who has been diagnosed with a biologically-based mental illness, physical therapy means treatment to develop a [Covered Person's] physical function.

Coverage for Occupational Therapy and Physical Therapy, **combined**, is limited to 30 visits per Calendar Year.

We will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for Cognitive Rehabilitation Therapy, Speech Therapy, Occupational Therapy or Physical Therapy which are not Pre-Approved by Us provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under the Contract.

j. *Infusion Therapy* - **subject to Our Pre-Approval, the administration of antibiotic, nutrients, or other therapeutic agents by direct infusion. We will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for Infusion Therapy which are not Pre-Approved by Us provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under the Contract.**

Note: The limitations on Therapy Services contained in this Therapy Services provision do not apply to any therapy services that are received under the Home Health Care provision.

NOTE: ANY THERAPY SERVICES AND SUPPLIES A [MEMBER] RECEIVES AS [NETWORK] THERAPY SERVICES AND SUPPLIES WILL REDUCE THE THERAPY BENEFITS AVAILABLE AS A [NON-NETWORK] COVERED CHARGE.

Fertility Services
Subject to Our Pre-Approval We cover charges for procedures and Prescription Drugs to enhance fertility, except where specifically excluded in the Contract. We cover charges for: artificial insemination; and standard dosages, lengths of treatment and cycles of therapy of Prescription Drugs. The Prescription Drugs noted in this section are subject to the terms and conditions of the Prescription Drugs section of the Contract.

We will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for Fertility Services which are not Pre-Approved by Us provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under the Contract.

Preventive Care
We cover charges for routine physical examinations including related laboratory tests and x-rays. We also cover charges for immunizations and vaccines, well baby care, pap smears, mammography , screening tests, bone density testing and Nicotine Dependence Treatment. But We limit what We pay each Calendar Year to:

a) $750 per [Member] for a Dependent child from birth until the end of the Calendar Year in which the Dependent child attains age 1, and
b) $500 per [Member] for all other [Member]s.

These charges are not subject to the Cash Deductible or Coinsurance.

ANY PREVENTIVE CARE SERVICES OR SUPPLIES A [MEMBER] RECEIVES AS A [NETWORK] SERVICE OR SUPPLY WILL REDUCE THE PREVENTIVE CARE BENEFIT AVAILABLE AS A [NON-NETWORK] COVERED CHARGE.

Immunizations and Lead Screening
We will cover charges for:
a) screening by blood measurement for lead poisoning for children, including confirmatory blood lead testing and medical evaluation as specified by the New Jersey Department of Health and Senior Services and any necessary medical follow-up and treatment for lead poisoned children; and
b) all childhood immunizations as recommended by the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices of the United States Public Health Services and New Jersey Department of Health and Senior Services.

Newborn Hearing Screening
We cover charges up to a maximum of 28 days following the date of birth for screening for newborn hearing loss by appropriate electrophysiologic screening measures. In addition, We cover charges between age 29 days and 36 months for the periodic monitoring of infants for delayed onset hearing loss.

Vision Screening
We cover vision screening for Dependent children, through age 17, to determine the need for vision correction. The vision screening is generally performed by the pediatrician during the course of a routine physical examination. The vision screening may suggest that the [Member] should undergo a vision examination. Such vision examination is not covered under the Contract.

Therapeutic Manipulation
We limit what We cover for therapeutic manipulation to 30 visits per Calendar Year. And We cover no more than two modalities per visit. Charges for such treatment above these limits are not covered.

NOTE: ANY THERAPEUTIC MANIPULATION SERVICES AND SUPPLIES A MEMBER RECEIVES AS [NETWORK] SERVICES AND SUPPLIES WILL REDUCE THE BENEFITS AVAILABLE AS A [NON-NETWORK] COVERED CHARGE.

Non-Biologically-based Mental Illnesses and Substance Abuse
We limit what We pay for the treatment of Non-Biologically-based Mental Illnesses and Substance Abuse as those terms are defined in the Contract.

A Member may receive treatment as an Inpatient in a Hospital or a Substance Abuse Center. He or she may also receive treatment as an Outpatient from a Hospital, Substance Abuse Center, or any properly licensed or certified Practitioner, psychologist or social worker.

The Member must pay the Coinsurance shown on the Schedule for such treatment. We limit coverage for all treatment of Non-Biologically-based Mental Illnesses and Substance Abuse per Calendar Year to:
a) thirty (30) days of Inpatient confinement; and
b) twenty (20) Outpatient visits.
Subject to Pre-Approval, one or more of any unused Inpatient days may be exchanged for additional Outpatient visits, where each Inpatient day may be exchanged for two Outpatient visits. **We will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for Outpatient visits beyond the initial 20 visits which are not Pre-Approved by [Carrier] provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under this Contract.**

We do not pay for Custodial Care, education, or training.
NOTE: ANY SUBSTANCE ABUSE AND NON-BIOLOGICALLY-BASED MENTAL ILLNESSES SERVICES AND SUPPLIES A [MEMBER] RECEIVES AS [NETWORK] SERVICES AND SUPPLIES WILL REDUCE THE BENEFITS AVAILABLE AS A [NON-NETWORK] COVERED CHARGE.

Transplant Benefits
We cover Medically Necessary and Appropriate services and supplies for the following types of transplants:
a) Cornea
b) Kidney
c) Lung
d) Liver
e) Heart
f) Pancreas
g) Intestine
h) Allogeneic Bone Marrow
i) [Autologous Bone Marrow and Associated High Dose Chemotherapy **only** for treatment of:
- Leukemia
- Lymphoma
- Neuroblastoma
- Aplastic Anemia
- Genetic Disorders
- SCID
- WISCOT Aldrich

Subject to Our Pre-Approval, breast cancer, if the [Member] is participating in a National Cancer Institute sponsored clinical trial. **We will reduce benefits by 50% with respect to charges for such treatment of breast cancer which are not Pre-Approved by Us provided that benefits would otherwise be payable under the Contract.**

[h) Autologous Bone Marrow Transplant and Associated Dose-Intensive Chemotherapy, but only if performed by institutions approved by the National Cancer Institute, or pursuant to protocols consistent with the guidelines of the American Society of Clinical Oncologists;

i) Peripheral Blood Stem Cell transplants, but only if performed by institutions approved by the National Cancer Institute, or pursuant to protocols consistent with the guidelines of the American Society of Clinical Oncologists.]

If the donor does not have health coverage that would cover the costs associated with his or her role as donor, the Contract will cover the donor's costs associated with the donation. We do not cover costs for travel, accommodations or comfort items.

NON-COVERED SERVICES AND SUPPLIES AND NON-COVERED CHARGES

THE FOLLOWING ARE NOT COVERED SERVICES AND SUPPLIES WITH RESPECT TO [NETWORK] SERVICES AND SUPPLIES, AND ARE NOT COVERED CHARGES WITH RESPECT TO [NON-NETWORK] BENEFITS UNDER THE CONTRACT.

Care or treatment by means of **acupuncture** except when used as a substitute for other forms of anesthesia.

Services for **ambulance** for transportation from a Hospital or other health care Facility, unless [Member] is being transferred to another Inpatient health care Facility.

[Broken Appointments.]

Blood or blood plasma which is replaced by or for a [Member].

Care and/or treatment by a **Christian Science Practitioner**.

Completion of claim forms.

Services or supplies related to **Cosmetic Surgery**, except as otherwise stated in the Contract; complications of Cosmetic Surgery; drugs prescribed for cosmetic purposes.

Services related to **custodial** or **domiciliary** care.

Dental care or treatment, including appliances and dental implants, except as otherwise stated in the Contract.

Care or treatment by means of **dose intensive chemotherapy**, except as otherwise stated in the Contract.

Services or supplies, the primary purpose of which is **educational** providing the [Member] with any of the following: training in the activities of daily living; instruction in scholastic skills such as reading and writing; preparation for an occupation; or treatment for learning disabilities.

Experimental or Investigational treatments, procedures, hospitalizations, drugs, biological products or medical devices, except as otherwise stated in the Contract.

Extraction of teeth, except for bony impacted teeth.

Services or supplies for or in connection with:

a. except as otherwise stated in the Contract, exams to determine the need for (or changes of) **eyeglasses** or lenses of any type;
b. eyeglasses or lenses of any type except initial replacements for loss of the natural lens; or
c. eye surgery such as radial keratotomy or lasik surgery, when the primary purpose is to correct myopia (nearsightedness), hyperopia (farsightedness) or astigmatism (blurring).

Services or supplies provided by one of the following [members] of the Employee's **family**: spouse, child, parent, in-law, brother, sister or grandparent.

Services or supplies furnished in connection with any procedures to enhance **fertility** which involve harvesting, storage and/or manipulation of eggs and sperm. This includes, but is not limited to the following: a) procedures: in vitro fertilization; embryo transfer; embryo freezing; and Gamete intrafallopian Transfer (GIFT) and Zygote Intrafallopian Transfer (ZIFT); donor sperm, surrogate motherhood and b) Prescription Drugs not eligible under the Prescription Drugs section of the Policy.

Except as otherwise stated in the Contract, services or supplies related to **hearing aids and hearing examinations** to determine the need for hearing aids or the need to adjust them.

Services or supplies related to **herbal medicine**.

Services or supplies related to **hypnotism**.

Services or supplies necessary because the [Member] engaged, or tried to engage, in an **illegal occupation** or committed or tried to commit an indictable offense in the jurisdiction in which it is committed, or a felony. ***Exception***: As required by 29 CFR 2590.702(b)(2)(iii) this exclusion does not apply to injuries that result from an act of domestic violence or to injuries that result from a medical condition.

Except as stated below, **Illness or Injury**, including a condition which is the result of disease or bodily infirmity, which occurred on the job and which is covered or could have been covered for benefits provided under workers' compensation, employer's liability, occupational disease or similar law.

Exception: This exclusion does not apply to the following persons for whom coverage under workers' compensation is optional unless such persons are actually covered for workers' compensation: a self-employed person or a partner of a limited liability partnership, members of a limited liability company or partners of a partnership who actively perform services on behalf of the self-employed business, the limited liability partnership, limited liability company or the partnership.

Local anesthesia charges billed separately if such charges are included in the fee for the Surgery.
Membership costs for health clubs, weight loss clinics and similar programs.

Services and supplies related to **marriage, career or financial counseling, sex therapy or family therapy, and related services.**

With respect to [Non-Network] benefits, **Nicotine Dependence Treatment**, except as otherwise stated in the Preventive Care section of the Contract.

Any **Non-Covered Service or Supply and Non-Covered Charge** specifically limited or not covered elsewhere in the Contract, or which is not Medically Necessary and Appropriate.

Non-prescription drugs or supplies, except;
a) insulin needles and insulin syringes and glucose test strips and lancets;
b) colostomy bags, belts, and irrigators; and
c) as stated in the Contract for food and food products for inherited metabolic diseases.

Services provided by a **pastoral counselor** in the course of his or her normal duties as a religious official or practitioner.

Personal convenience or comfort items including, but not limited to, such items as TV's, telephones, first aid kits, exercise equipment, air conditioners, humidifiers, saunas, hot tubs.

[Pre-Existing Condition Limitations:

The following "Pre-Existing Conditions" and "Continuity of Coverage" provisions only apply to Contracts issued to Contractholders of at least two but not more than five eligible Employees. These provisions also apply to "Late Enrollees" under the Contracts issued to any Small Employer. However, this provision does not apply to Late Enrollees if 10 or more Late Enrollees request enrollment during any [30] day enrollment period provided for in the Contract. See the Contract's EMPLOYEE COVERAGE [and DEPENDENT COVERAGE] subsection[s] of the ELIGIBILITY section to determine if a [Member] is a Late Enrollee. [The "Pre-Existing Conditions" provision does not apply to a Dependent who is an adopted child or-who is a child placed for adoption or to a newborn child if the Employee enrolls the Dependent and agrees to make the required payments within [30] days after the Dependent's Eligibility Date.]

A Pre-Existing Condition is an Illness or Injury which manifests itself in the six months before a [Member's] Enrollment Date, and for which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received during the six months immediately preceding the Enrollment Date.

We do not pay benefits for charges for Pre-Existing Conditions for 180 days measured from the Enrollment Date. This 180 day period may be reduced by the length of time the [Member] was covered under any Creditable Coverage if, without application of any Waiting Period, the Creditable Coverage was continuous to a date not more than 90 days prior to becoming a [Member]. Refer to the Continuity of Coverage section below.

This limitation does not affect benefits for other unrelated conditions [or] pregnancy [, or birth defects in a covered Dependent child]. Genetic information will not be treated as a Pre-Existing Condition in the absence of a diagnosis of the condition related to that information. And We waive this limitation for a [Member's] Pre-Existing Condition if the condition was payable under Creditable Coverage which covered the [Member] right before the [Member's] coverage under the Contract started. The next section shows other exceptions.

Continuity of Coverage
[NOTE: COVERAGE UNDER THE CONTRACT IS SUBJECT TO THE ALTERNATIVE METHOD FOR COUNTING CREDITABLE COVERAGE]
If a new [Member] was covered under Creditable Coverage prior to enrollment under the Contract and the Creditable Coverage was continuous to a date not more than 90 days prior to the Enrollment Date under the Contract, We will provide credit as follows. [Standard method] [We give credit for the time the [Member] was covered under the Creditable Coverage without regard to the specific benefits included in the Creditable Coverage.] [Alternative method] [We give credit for the time the [Member] was covered under the Creditable Coverage based on coverage for the following [category] [categories] of benefits: [mental health;] [substance abuse treatment;] [prescription drugs;] [dental care;] [or] [vision care]. We will count a period of Creditable Coverage with respect to a category of benefits if any level of benefits is covered within that category. For all other benefits, We give credit for the time the [Member] was covered under the Creditable Coverage without regard to the specific benefits included in the Creditable Coverage.] We count the days the [Member] was covered under Creditable Coverage, except that days that occur before any lapse in coverage of more than 90 days are not counted. We apply these days to reduce the duration of the Pre-Existing Condition limitation under the Contract. The person must sign and complete his or her enrollment form within 30 days of the date the Employee's [active] Full-Time service begins. Any condition arising between the date his or her coverage under the Creditable Coverage ends and the Enrollment Date is a Pre-Existing condition. We do not cover any charges actually incurred before the person's coverage under the Contract starts. If the Policyholder has included an eligibility waiting period in the Contract, an Employee must still meet it, before becoming covered.

With respect to [Network] services and supplies, any service provided without prior Referral by the [Member's] **Primary Care Physician** except as specified in the Contract.

Services related to **Private Duty Nursing** care, except as provided in the Home Health Care sections of the Contract.

Services or supplies that are not furnished by an eligible **Provider**.

The amount of any charge which is greater than a **Reasonable and Customary Charge** with respect to [Network] services and supplies provided in the event of an Emergency, and with respect to all [Non-Network] benefits.

Services or supplies related to **rest or convalescent cures**.

Room and board charges for a [Member] in any Facility for any period of time during which he or she was not physically present overnight in the Facility.

With respect to [Non-Network] benefits, except as stated in the Preventive Care section of the Contract, **Routine Examinations** or preventive care, including related x-rays and laboratory tests, except where a specific Illness or Injury is revealed or where a definite symptomatic condition is present; or pre-marital or similar examinations or tests not required to diagnose or treat Illness or Injury.

Services or supplies related to **Routine Foot Care, except:**
a) an open cutting operation to treat weak, strained, flat, unstable or unbalanced feet, metatarsalgia or bunions;
b) the removal of nail roots; and
c) treatment or removal of corns, calluses or toenails in conjunction with the treatment of metabolic or peripheral vascular disease.

Self-administered services such as: biofeedback, patient-controlled analgesia on an Outpatient basis, related diagnostic testing, self-care and self-help training.

Services or supplies:
a) eligible for payment under either federal or state programs (except Medicaid and Medicare). This provision applies whether or not the [Member] asserts his or her rights to obtain this coverage or payment for these services;
b) for which a charge is not usually made, such as a Practitioner treating a professional or business associate, or services at a public health fair;
c) for which a [Member] would not have been charged if he or she did not have health care coverage;
d) provided by or in a Government Hospital except as stated below, or unless the services are for treatment:
- of a non-service Emergency; or
- by a Veterans' Administration Hospital of a non-service related Illness or Injury;

Exception: This exclusion does not apply to military retirees, their Dependents and the Dependents of active duty military personnel who are covered under both this Contract and under military health coverage and who receive care in facilities of the Uniformed Services.

e) provided outside the United States unless the [Member] is outside the United States for one of the following reasons:
- travel, provided the travel is for a reason other than securing health care diagnosis and/or treatment, and travel is for a period of 6 months or less;
- business assignment, provided the [Member] is temporarily outside the United States for a period of 6 months or less; and
- Subject to Our Pre-Approval, eligibility for full-time student status, provided the [Member] is either enrolled and attending an Accredited School in a foreign country; or is participating in an academic program in a foreign country, for which the institution of higher learning a which the student matriculates in the United States, grants academic credit. **Charges in connection with full-time students in a foreign country for which eligibility as a full-time student has not been Pre-Approved by [Carrier] are Non-Covered Charges.**

Services provided by a **Social Worker**, except as otherwise stated in the Contract.

Stand-by services required by a Provider.

Sterilization reversal - services and supplies rendered for reversal of sterilization.

Surgery, sex hormones, and related medical, psychological and psychiatric services to change a [Member's] sex; services and supplies arising from complications of sex transformation.

Telephone consultations.

Transplants, except as otherwise listed in the Contract.

Transportation; travel.

Vision therapy.

Vitamins and dietary supplements.

Services or supplies received as a result of a **war**, declared or undeclared; police actions; services in the armed forces or units auxiliary thereto.

Weight reduction or control, unless there is a diagnosis of morbid obesity; special foods, food supplements, liquid diets, diet plans or any related products and except as provided in the Nutritional Counseling and Food and Food Products for Inherited Metabolic Diseases provisions.

Wigs, toupees, hair transplants, hair weaving or any drug if such drug is used in connection with baldness.

[IMPORTANT NOTICE ***APPLICABLE ONLY TO [NON-NETWORK] BENEFITS***

[The Contract has utilization review features which are applicable to **[Non-Network]** benefits. Under these features, [ABC - Systems, a health care review organization] reviews Hospital admissions and Surgery performed outside of a Practitioner's office [for Us]. These features must be complied with if a [Member]:
a) is admitted as an Inpatient to a Hospital, or
b) is advised to enter a Hospital or have Surgery performed outside of a Practitioner's office. If a [Member] does not comply with these utilization review features, he or she will not be eligible for full benefits under the Contract. See the **Utilization Review Features** section for details.]

[The Contract has Specialty Case Management. Under this provision, [DEF, a Case Coordinator] reviews a [Member's] medical needs in clinical situations with the potential for catastrophic claims to Determine whether case management may be available and appropriate. See the **Specialty Case Management** section for details.]

[The Contract has centers of excellence features. Under these features, a [Member] may obtain necessary care and treatment from Providers with whom We have entered into agreements. See the **Centers of Excellence Features** section for details.]

What We pay is subject to all of the terms of the Contract. Read the Contract carefully and keep it available when consulting a Practitioner.

If an Employee has any questions after reading the Contract he or she should [call The Group Claim Office at the number shown on his or her Identification Card.]

We are not responsible for medical or other results arising directly or indirectly from the [Member's] participation in these Utilization Review Features.]

[[NON-NETWORK] UTILIZATION REVIEW FEATURES

Important Notice: If a [Member] does not comply with the Contract's utilization review features, he or she will not be eligible for full benefits under the Contract.

Compliance with the Contract's utilization review features does not guarantee what We will pay for Covered Charges. What We pay is based on:

a) the charges for the Covered Charges actually incurred;
b) the [Member] being eligible for coverage under the Contract at the time such charges are incurred; and
c) the Cash Deductible, Copayment and Coinsurance provisions, and all of the other terms of the Contract.

Definitions

"Hospital admission" means admission of a [Member] to a Hospital as an Inpatient for Medically Necessary and Appropriate care and treatment of a Illness or Injury.

By "covered professional charges for Surgery" We mean charges for Covered Charges that are made by a Practitioner for performing Surgery. Any surgical charge which is not a Covered Charge under the terms of the Contract is not payable under the Contract.

"Regular working day" means [Monday through Friday from 9 a.m. to 9 p.m. Eastern Time,] not including legal holidays.

Grievance Procedure
Carriers must include the disclosure requirements set forth in N.J.A.C. 8:38-3.2.

[REQUIRED HOSPITAL STAY REVIEW

Important Notice: If a [Member] does not comply with these Hospital stay review features, he or she will not be eligible for full benefits under the Contract.

Notice of Hospital Admission Required
We require notice of all Hospital admissions. The times and manner in which the notice must be given is described below. When a [Member] does not comply with the requirements of this section We reduce what We pay for covered Hospital charges as a penalty.

Pre-Hospital Review
All non-Emergency Hospital admissions must be reviewed by [ABC] before they occur. The [Member] or the [Member's] Practitioner must notify [ABC] and request a pre-hospital review. [ABC] must receive the notice and request as soon as possible before the admission is scheduled to occur. For a maternity admission, a [Member] or his or her Practitioner must notify [ABC] and request a pre-hospital review at least [60 days] before the expected date of delivery, or as soon as reasonably possible.

When [ABC] receives the notice and request, [they] evaluate:
a) the Medical Necessity and Appropriateness of the Hospital admission;
b) the anticipated length of stay; and
c) the appropriateness of health care alternatives, like home health care or other out-patient care.

[ABC] notifies the [Member's] Practitioner [by phone, of the outcome of their review. And [they] confirm the outcome of [their] review in writing.]

If [ABC] authorizes a Hospital admission, the authorization is valid for:
a) the specified Hospital;
b) the named attending Practitioner; and
c) the authorized length of stay.

The authorization becomes invalid and the [Member's] admission must be reviewed by [ABC] again if:
a) he or she enters a Facility other than the specified Facility;
b) he or she changes attending Practitioners; or
c) more than [60 days] elapse between the time he or she obtains authorization and the time he or she enters the Hospital, except in the case of a maternity admission.

Emergency Admission
[ABC] must be notified of all Emergency admissions by phone. This must be done by the [Member] or the [Member's] Practitioner no later than the end of the next regular working days or as soon as possible after the admission occurs.

When [ABC] is notified [by phone,] they require the following information:

a) the [Member's] name, social security number and date of birth;
b) the [Member's] group plan number;
c) the reason for the admission
d) the name and location of the Hospital
e) when the admission occurred; and
f) the name of the [Member's] Practitioner.

Continued Stay Review
The [Member] or his or her Practitioner, must request a continued stay review for any Emergency admission. This must be done at the time [ABC] is notified of such admission.

The [Member], or his or her Practitioner, must also initiate a continued stay review whenever it is Medically Necessary and Appropriate to change the authorized length of a Hospital stay. This must be done before the end of the previously authorized length of stay.

[ABC] also has the right to initiate a continued stay review of any Hospital admission. And [ABC] may contact the [Member's] Practitioner or Hospital by phone or in writing.

In the case of an Emergency admission, the continued stay review evaluates:
a) the Medical Necessity and Appropriateness of the Hospital admission;
b) the anticipated length of stay; and
c) the appropriateness of health care alternatives.

In all other cases, the continued stay review evaluates:
a) the Medical Necessity and Appropriateness of extending the authorized length of stay; and
b) the appropriateness of health care alternatives.

[ABC] notifies the [Member's] Practitioner [by phone, of the outcome of the review. And [ABC] confirms the out come of the review in writing.] The notice always includes any newly authorized length of stay.

Penalties for Non-Compliance
In the case of a non-Emergency Hospital admission, as a penalty for non-compliance. [We reduce what We pay for covered Hospital charges, **by 50%]** if:
a) the [Member] does not request a pre-hospital review; or
b) the [Member] does not request a pre-hospital review as soon as reasonably possible before the Hospital admission is scheduled to occur; or
c) [ABC's] authorization becomes invalid and the [Member] does not obtain a new one; or
d) [ABC] does not authorize the Hospital admission.

In the case of an Emergency admission, as a penalty for non-compliance, [We reduce what We pay for covered Hospital charges **by 50%],** if:
a) [ABC] is not notified of the admission at the times and in the manner described above;
b) the [Member] does not request a continued stay review; or
c) the [Member] does not receive authorization for such continued stay.

The penalty applies to covered Hospital charges incurred after the applicable time limit allowed for giving notice ends.

For any Hospital admission, if a [Member] stays in the Hospital longer than [ABC] authorizes, We reduce what We pay for covered Hospital charges incurred after the authorized length of stay ends [by 50%] as a penalty for non-compliance.

Penalties cannot be used to meet the Contract's Maximum Out of Pocket or Cash Deductible.

[REQUIRED PRE-SURGICAL REVIEW

Important Notice: If a [Member] does not comply with these pre-surgical review features, he or she will not be eligible for full benefits under the Contract.

We require a [Member] to get a pre-surgical review for any non-Emergency procedure performed outside of a Practitioner's office. When a [Member] does not comply with the requirements of this section We reduce what We pay for covered professional charges for Surgery, as a penalty.

The [Member] or his or her Practitioner, must request a pre-surgical review from [ABC]. [ABC] must receive the request at least 24 hours before the Surgery is scheduled to occur. If the Surgery is being done in a Hospital, on an Inpatient basis, the pre-surgical review request should be made at the same time as the request for a pre-hospital review.

When [ABC] receives the request, they evaluate the Medical Necessity and Appropriateness of the Surgery and they either:
a) approve the proposed Surgery, or
b) require a second surgical opinion regarding the need for the Surgery.

[ABC] notifies the [Member's] Practitioner, [by phone, of the outcome of the review. [ABC] also confirms the outcome of the review in writing.]

Required Second Surgical Opinion
If [ABC's] review does not confirm the Medical Necessity and Appropriateness of the Surgery, the [Member] may obtain a second surgical opinion. If the second opinion does not confirm that the Surgery is Medically Necessary and Appropriate, the [Member] may obtain a third opinion, although he or she is not required to do so.

[ABC] will give the [Member] a list of Practitioners in his or her area who will give a second opinion. The [Member] may get the second opinion from [a Practitioner on the list, or from] a Practitioner of his or her own choosing, if the Practitioner:

a) is board certified and qualified by reason of his or her specialty to give an opinion on the proposed Surgery;
b) is not a business associate of the [Member's] Practitioner; and
c) does not perform the Surgery if it is needed.

[ABC] gives second opinion forms to the [Member]. The Practitioner he or she chooses fills them out. and then returns them to [ABC].

We cover charges for additional surgical opinions, including charges for related x-ray and tests. But what We pay is based on all the terms of the Contract, except, these charges are not subject to the Cash Deductible or Coinsurance.

Pre-Hospital Review
If the proposed Surgery is to be done on an Inpatient basis, the Required Pre-Hospital Review section must be complied with. See the **Required Pre-Hospital Review** section for details.

Penalties for Non-Compliance
As a penalty for non-compliance, [We reduce what We pay for covered professional charges for Surgery by 50%] if:
a) the [Member] does not request a pre-surgical review; or
b) [ABC] is not given at least 24 hours to review and evaluate the proposed Surgery; or
c) [ABC] requires additional surgical opinions and the [Member] does not get those opinions before the Surgery is done
d) [ABC] does not confirm the need for Surgery.

Penalties cannot be used to meet the Contract's Maximum Out of Pocket or Cash Deductible.

[SPECIALTY CASE MANAGEMENT

Important Notice: No [Member] is required, in any way, to accept a Specialty Case Management Plan recommended by [DEF].

Definitions
"Specialty Case Management" means those services and supplies which meet both of the following tests:
a) They are Determined, in advance, by Us to be Medically Necessary and Appropriate and cost effective in meeting the long term or intensive care needs of a [Member] in connection with a Catastrophic Illness or Injury.
b) While there are other covered services and supplies available under the Contract for the [Member's] condition, the services and supplies We offer to make available under the terms of this provision would not otherwise be payable under the Contract.

Please note: We have sole Discretion to determine whether to consider Specialty case Management for a [Member.]

"Catastrophic Illness or Injury" means one of the following:

a) head injury requiring an Inpatient stay
b) spinal cord Injury
c) severe burn over 20% or more of the body
d) multiple injuries due to an accident
e) premature birth
f) CVA or stroke
g) congenital defect which severely impairs a bodily function
h) brain damage due to either an accident or cardiac arrest or resulting from a surgical procedure
i) terminal Illness, with a prognosis of death within 6 months
j) Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS)
k) chemical dependency
l) mental, nervous and psychoneurotic disorders
m) any other Illness or Injury Determined by [DEF] or Us to be catastrophic.

Specialty Case Management Plan
[DEF] will identify cases of Catastrophic Illness or Injury. The appropriateness of the level of patient care given to a [Member] as well as the setting in which it is received will be evaluated. In order to maintain or enhance the quality of patient care for the [Member], [DEF] will develop a Specialty Case Management Plan.

A Specialty Case Management Plan is a specific written document, developed by [DEF] through discussion and agreement with:
a) the [Member], or his or her legal guardian, if necessary;
b) the [Member's] attending Practitioner; and
c) Us.

The Specialty Case Management Plan includes:
a) treatment plan objectives;
b) course of treatment to accomplish the stated objectives;
c) the responsibility of each of the following parties in implementing the plan: [DEF]; attending Practitioner; [Member]; [Member's] family, if any; and
d) estimated cost and savings.

If We, [DEF], the attending Practitioner, and the [Member] agree [in writing,] on a Specialty Case Management Plan, the services and supplies required in connection with such Specialty Case Management Plan will be considered as Covered Charges or Covered Services and Supplies, as appropriate, under the terms of the Contract.

The agreed upon Specialty Case Management treatment must be ordered by the [Member's] Practitioner.

Benefits payable under the Specialty Case Management Plan will be considered in the accumulation of any Calendar Year and Per Lifetime maximums.

Exclusion
Specialty Case Management does not include services and supplies that We [or the Care Manager] Determine to be Experimental or Investigational.]

[CENTERS OF EXCELLENCE FEATURES

Important Notice: No [Member] is required, in any way, to receive medical care and treatment at a Center of Excellence.

Definitions
"Center of Excellence" means a Provider that has entered into an agreement with Us to provide health benefit services for specific procedures. The Centers of Excellence are [identified in the Listing of Centers of Excellence.]

"Pre-Treatment Screening Evaluation" means the review of past and present medical records and current x-ray and laboratory results by the Center of Excellence to Determine whether the [Member] is an appropriate candidate for the Procedure.

"Procedure" means one or more surgical procedures or medical therapy performed in a Center of Excellence.

Covered Charges
In order for charges to be considered as Covered Charges, the Center of Excellence must:
a) perform a Pre-Treatment Screening Evaluation; and
b) Determine that the Procedure is Medically Necessary and Appropriate for the treatment of the [Member].

Benefits for services and supplies at a Center of Excellence will be [subject to the terms and conditions of the Contract. However, the Utilization Review Features will not apply.]]

COORDINATION OF BENEFITS AND SERVICES

Purpose Of This Provision
A [Member] may be covered for health benefits or services by more than one Plan. For instance, he or she may be covered by this [Contract] as an Employee and by another plan as a Dependent of his or her spouse. If he or she is covered by more than one Plan, this provision allows Us to coordinate what We pay or provides with what another Plan pays or provides. This provision sets forth the rules for determining which is the Primary Plan and which is the Secondary Plan. Coordination of benefits is intended to avoid duplication of benefits while at the same time preserving certain rights to coverage under all Plans under which the [Member] is covered.

DEFINITIONS
The words shown below have special meanings when used in this provision. Please read these definitions carefully. [Throughout this provision, these defined terms appear with their initial letter capitalized.]

Allowable Expense: The charge for any health care service, supply or other item of expense for which the [Member] is liable when the health care service, supply or other item of expense is covered at least in part under any of the Plans involved, except where a statute requires another definition, or as otherwise stated below.

When this [Contract] is coordinating benefits with a Plan that provides benefits only for dental care, vision care, prescription drugs or hearing aids, Allowable Expense is limited to like items of expense.

[Carrier] will not consider the difference between the cost of a private hospital room and that of a semi-private hospital room as an Allowable Expense unless the stay in a private room is Medically Necessary and Appropriate.

When this [Contract] is coordinating benefits with a Plan that restricts coordination of benefits to a specific coverage, We will only consider corresponding services, supplies or items of expense to which coordination of benefits applies as an Allowable Expense.

Claim Determination Period: A Calendar Year, or portion of a Calendar Year, during which a [Member] is covered by this [Contract] and at least one other Plan and incurs one or more Allowable Expense(s) under such plans.

Plan: Coverage with which coordination of benefits is allowed. Plan includes:
a) Group insurance and group subscriber contracts, including insurance continued pursuant to a Federal or State continuation law;
b) Self-funded arrangements of group or group-type coverage, including insurance continued pursuant to a Federal or State continuation law;
c) Group or group-type coverage through a health maintenance organization (HMO) or other prepayment, group practice and individual practice plans, including insurance continued pursuant to a Federal or State continuation law;
d) Group hospital indemnity benefit amounts that exceed $150 per day;
e) Medicare or other governmental benefits, except when, pursuant to law, the benefits must be treated as in excess of those of any private insurance plan or non-governmental plan.

Plan does not include:
a) Individual or family insurance contracts or subscriber contracts;
b) Individual or family coverage through a health maintenance organization or under any other prepayment, group practice and individual practice plans;
c) Group or group-type coverage where the cost of coverage is paid solely by the [Member] except that coverage being continued pursuant to a Federal or State continuation law shall be considered a Plan;
d) Group hospital indemnity benefit amounts of $150 per day or less;
e) School accident –type coverage;
f) A State plan under Medicaid.

Primary Plan: A Plan whose benefits for a [Member's] health care coverage must be determined without taking into consideration the existence of any other Plan. There may be more than one Primary Plan. A Plan will be the Primary Plan if either "a" or "b" below exist:

a) **The Plan has no** order **of benefit determination rules, or it has rules that differ from those contained in this Coordination of Benefits and Services provision; or**
b) All Plans which cover the [Member] use order of benefit determination rules consistent with those contained in the Coordination of Benefits and Services provision and under those rules, the plan determines its benefits first.

Reasonable and Customary: An amount that is not more than the usual or customary charge for the service or supply as determined by Us, based on a standard which is most often charged for a given service by a Provider within the same geographic area.

Secondary Plan: A Plan which is not a Primary Plan. If a [Member] is covered by more than one Secondary Plan, the order of benefit determination rules of this Coordination of Benefits and Services provision shall be used to determine the order in which the benefits payable under the multiple Secondary Plans are paid in relation to each other. The benefits of each Secondary Plan may take into consideration the benefits of the Primary Plan or Plans and the benefits of any other Plan which, under this Coordination of Benefits and Services provision, has its benefits determined before those of that Secondary Plan.

PRIMARY AND SECONDARY PLAN

We consider each plan separately when coordinating payments.

The Primary Plan pays or provides services or supplies first, without taking into consideration the existence of a Secondary Plan. If a Plan has no coordination of benefits provision, or if the order of benefit determination rules differ from those set forth in these provisions, it is the Primary Plan.

A Secondary Plan takes into consideration the benefits provided by a Primary Plan when, according to the rules set forth below, the plan is the Secondary Plan. If there is more than one Secondary Plan, the order of benefit determination rules determine the order among the Secondary Plans. During each Claim Determination Period, the Secondary Plan(s) will pay up to the remaining unpaid allowable expenses, but no Secondary Plan will pay more than it would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan. The method the Secondary Plan uses to determine the amount to pay is set forth below in the "**Procedures to be Followed by the Secondary Plan to Calculate Benefits"** section of this provision.

The Secondary Plan shall not reduce Allowable Expenses for medically necessary and appropriate services or supplies on the basis that precertification, preapproval, notification or second surgical opinion procedures were not followed.

RULES FOR THE ORDER OF BENEFIT DETERMINATION

The benefits of the Plan that covers the [Member] as an employee, member, subscriber or retiree shall be determined before those of the Plan that covers the [Member] as a Dependent. The coverage as an employee, member, subscriber or retiree is the Primary Plan.

The benefits of the Plan that covers the [Member] as an employee who is neither laid off nor retired, or as a dependent of such person, shall be determined before those for the Plan that covers the [Member] as a laid off or retired employee, or as such a person's Dependent. If the other Plan does not contain this rule, and as a result the Plans do not agree on the order of benefit determination, this portion of this provision shall be ignored.

The benefits of the Plan that covers the [Member] as an employee, member, subscriber or retiree, or Dependent of such person, shall be determined before those of the Plan that covers the [Member] under a right of continuation pursuant to Federal or State law. If the other Plan does not contain this rule, and as a result the Plans do not agree on the order of benefit determination, this portion of this provision shall be ignored.

If a child is covered as a Dependent under Plans through both parents, and the parents are neither separated nor divorced, the following rules apply:
a) The benefits of the Plan of the parent whose birthday falls earlier in the Calendar Year shall be determined before those of the parent whose birthday falls later in the Calendar Year.
b) If both parents have the same birthday, the benefits of the Plan which covered the parent for a longer period of time shall be determined before those of plan which covered the other parent for a shorter period of time.
c) Birthday, as used above, refers only to month and day in a calendar year, not the year in which the parent was born.
d) If the other plan contains a provision that determines the order of benefits based on the gender of the parent, the birthday rule in this provision shall be ignored.

If a child is covered as a Dependent under Plans through both parents, and the parents are separated or divorced, the following rules apply:
a) The benefits of the Plan of the parent with custody of the child shall be determined first.
b) The benefits of the Plan of the spouse of the parent with custody shall be determined second.
c) The benefits of the Plan of the parent without custody shall be determined last.
d) If the terms of a court decree state that one of the parents is responsible for the health care expenses for the child, and if the entity providing coverage under that Plan has actual knowledge of the terms of the court decree, then the benefits of that plan shall be determined first. The benefits of the plan of the other parent shall be considered as secondary. Until the entity providing coverage under the plan has knowledge of the terms of the court decree regarding health care expenses, this portion of this provision shall be ignored.

If the above order of benefits does not establish which plan is the Primary Plan, the benefits of the Plan that covers the employee, member or subscriber for a longer period of time shall be determined before the benefits of the Plan(s) that covered the person for a shorter period of time.

Procedures to be Followed by the Secondary Plan to Calculate Benefits

In order to determine which procedure to follow it is necessary to consider:
a) the basis on which the Primary Plan and the Secondary Plan pay benefits; and
b) whether the provider who provides or arranges the services and supplies is in the network of either the Primary Plan or the Secondary Plan.

Benefits may be based on the Reasonable and Customary Charge (R&C), or some similar term. This means that the provider bills a charge and the [Member] may be held liable for the full amount of the billed charge. In this section, a Plan that bases benefits on a reasonable and customary charge is called an "R&C Plan."

Benefits may be based on a contractual fee schedule, sometimes called a negotiated fee schedule, or some similar term. This means that although a provider, called a network provider, bills a charge, the [Member] may be held liable only for an amount up to the negotiated fee. In this section, a Plan that bases benefits on a negotiated fee schedule is called a "Fee Schedule Plan." If the [Member] uses the services of a non-network provider, the plan will be treated as an R&C Plan even though the plan under which he or she is covered allows for a fee schedule.

Payment to the provider may be based on a "capitation". This means that then HMO or other plans pays the provider a fixed amount per [Member]. The [Member] is liable only for the applicable deductible, coinsurance or copayment. If the [Member] uses the services of a non-network provider, the HMO or other plans will only pay benefits in the event of emergency care or urgent care. In this section, a Plan that pays providers based upon capitation is called a "Capitation Plan."

In the rules below, "provider" refers to the provider who provides or arranges the services or supplies and "HMO" refers to a health maintenance organization plan.

Primary Plan is R&C Plan and Secondary Plan is R&C Plan
The Secondary Plan shall pay the lesser of:
a) the difference between the amount of the billed charges and the amount paid by the Primary Plan; or
b) the amount the Secondary Plan would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan.
When the benefits of the Secondary Plan are reduced as a result of this calculation, each benefit shall be reduced in proportion, and the amount paid shall be charged against any applicable benefit limit of the plan.

Primary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan and Secondary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan
If the provider is a network provider in both the Primary Plan and the Secondary Plan, the Allowable Expense shall be the fee schedule of the Primary Plan. The Secondary Plan shall pay the lesser of:
a) The amount of any deductible, coinsurance or copayment required by the Primary Plan; or
b) the amount the Secondary Plan would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan.
The total amount the provider receives from the Primary plan, the Secondary plan and the [Member] shall not exceed the fee schedule of the Primary Plan. In no event shall the [Member] be responsible for any payment in excess of the copayment, coinsurance or deductible of the Secondary Plan.

Primary Plan is R&C Plan and Secondary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan
If the provider is a network provider in the Secondary Plan, the Secondary Plan shall pay the lesser of:
a) the difference between the amount of the billed charges for the Allowable Expenses and the amount paid by the Primary Plan; or
b) the amount the Secondary Plan would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan.
The [Member] shall only be liable for the copayment, deductible or coinsurance under the Secondary Plan if the [Member] has no liability for copayment, deductible or coinsurance under the Primary Plan and the total payments by both the primary and Secondary Plans are less than the provider's billed charges. In no event shall the [Member] be responsible for any payment in excess of the copayment, coinsurance or deductible of the Secondary Plan.

Primary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan and Secondary Plan is R&C Plan
If the provider is a network provider in the Primary Plan, the Allowable Expense considered by the Secondary Plan shall be the fee schedule of the Primary Plan. The Secondary Plan shall pay the lesser of:
a) The amount of any deductible, coinsurance or copayment required by the Primary Plan; or
b) the amount the Secondary Plan would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan.

Primary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan and Secondary Plan is R&C Plan or Fee Schedule Plan
If the Primary Plan is an HMO plan that does not allow for the use of non-network providers except in the event of urgent care or emergency care and the service or supply the [Member] receives from a non-network provider is not considered as urgent care or emergency care, the Secondary Plan shall pay benefits as if it were the Primary Plan.

Primary Plan is Capitation Plan and Secondary Plan is Fee Schedule Plan or R&C Plan
If the [Member] receives services or supplies from a provider who is in the network of both the Primary Plan and the Secondary Plan, the Secondary Plan shall pay the lesser of:
a) The amount of any deductible, coinsurance or copayment required by the Primary Plan; or
b) the amount the Secondary Plan would have paid if it had been the Primary Plan.

Primary Plan is Capitation Plan or Fee Schedule Plan or R&C Plan and Secondary Plan is Capitation Plan
If the [Member] receives services or supplies from a provider who is in the network of the Secondary Plan, the Secondary Plan shall be liable to pay the capitation to the provider and shall not be liable to pay the deductible, coinsurance or copayment imposed by the Primary Plan. The [Member] shall not be liable to pay any deductible, coinsurance or copayments of either the Primary Plan or the Secondary Plan.

Primary Plan is an HMO and Secondary Plan is an HMO
If the Primary Plan is an HMO plan that does not allow for the use of non-network providers except in the event of urgent care or emergency care and the service or supply the [Member] receives from a non-network provider is not considered as urgent care or emergency care, but the provider is in the network of the Secondary Plan, the Secondary Plan shall pay benefits as if it were the Primary Plan. Except that the Primary Plan shall pay out-of-Network services, if any, authorized by the Primary Plan.

SERVICES OR BENEFITS FOR AUTOMOBILE RELATED INJURIES

This section will be used to determine a [Member's] coverage under the Contract when services are provided or expenses are incurred as a result of an automobile related Injury.

Definitions
"Automobile Related Injury" means bodily Injury sustained by a [Member] as a result of an accident:
a) while occupying, entering, leaving or using an automobile; or

b) as a pedestrian;

caused by an automobile or by an object propelled by or from an automobile.

"Allowable Expense" means a medically necessary, reasonable and customary item of expense covered at least in part as an eligible expense or eligible services by:
a) the Contract;
b) PIP; or
c) OSAIC.

"Eligible Services or Expenses" means services or expenses provided for treatment of an Injury which is covered under the Contract without application of Cash Deductibles and Copayments, if any or Coinsurance.

"Out-of-State Automobile Insurance Coverage" or "OSAIC" means any coverage for medical expenses under an automobile insurance policy other than PIP. OSAIC includes automobile insurance policies issued in another state or jurisdiction.

"PIP" means personal injury protection coverage provided as part of an automobile insurance policy issued in New Jersey. PIP refers specifically to provisions for medical expense coverage.

Determination of primary or secondary coverage.
The Contract provides secondary coverage to PIP unless health coverage has been elected as primary coverage by or for the [Member] under the Contract. This election is made by the named insured under a PIP policy. Such election affects that person's family members who are not themselves named insureds under another automobile policy. The Contract may be primary for one [Member], but not for another if the person has a separate automobile policy and has made different selection regarding primacy of health coverage.

The Contract is secondary to OSAIC, unless the OSAIC contains provisions which make it secondary or excess to the Contractholder's plan. In that case the Contract will be primary.

If there is a dispute as to which policy is primary, the Contract will pay benefits or provide services as if it were primary.

Services and Benefits the Contract will provide if it is primary to PIP or OSAIC.
If the Contract is primary to PIP or OSAIC it will provide **services and** benefits for eligible expenses in accordance with its terms.

The rules of the **COORDINATION OF BENEFITS AND SERVICES** section of the Contract will apply if:
a) the [Member] is insured or covered for services or benefits under more than one insurance plan; and
b) such insurance plans or HMO Contracts are primary to automobile insurance coverage.

Benefits the Contract will pay if it is secondary to PIP or OSAIC.
If the Contract is secondary to PIP or OSAIC the actual benefits payable will be the lesser of:
a) the allowable expenses left uncovered after PIP or OSAIC has provided coverage after applying Cash Deductibles and Copayments, or
b) the equivalent value of services if the Contract had been primary.

Medicare
If the [Non-Network] benefits under the Contract supplement coverage under Medicare it can be primary to automobile insurance only to the extent that Medicare is primary to automobile insurance.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

CLERICAL ERROR - MISSTATEMENTS
No clerical error nor programming or systems error by the Contractholder or by Us in keeping any records pertaining to Coverage under the Contract will reduce a [Member's] Coverage. Neither will delays in making entries on those records reduce it. However, if We discover such an error or delay, a fair adjustment of Premiums will be made.

If the age of an Employee, or any other relevant facts, are found to have been misstated, and the premiums are thereby affected, an equitable adjustment of premiums will be made. If such misstatement involves whether or not the person's coverage would have been accepted by Us, subject to the Contract's **Incontestability** section, the true facts will be used in determining whether coverage is in force under the terms of the Contract.

CONFORMITY WITH LAW
Any provision of the Contract which is in conflict with the laws of the State of New Jersey, or with Federal law, shall be construed and applied as if it were in full compliance with the minimum requirements of such State law or Federal law.

CONTINUING RIGHTS
Our failure to apply terms or conditions does not mean that We waive or give up any future rights under the Contract.

INCONTESTABILITY OF THE CONTRACT
There will be no contest of the validity of the Contract, except for not paying premiums, after it has been in force for two years.

No statement in any application, except a fraudulent statement, made by the Contractholder or by a [Member] covered under the Contract shall be used in contesting the validity of his or her coverage or in denying benefits after such coverage has been in force for two years during the person's lifetime. Note: There is no time limit with respect to a contest in connection with fraudulent statements.

LIMITATION ON ACTIONS
No action at law or in equity shall be brought to recover on the Contract until 60 days after a [Member] files written proof of loss. No such action shall be brought more than three years after the end of the time within which proof of loss is required.

PAYMENT OF PREMIUMS - GRACE PERIOD
Premiums are to be paid by the Contractholder to Us. They are due on each Premium Due Date stated on the first page of the Contract. The Contractholder may pay each Premium other than the first within 31 days of the Premium Due Date. Those days are known as the grace period. The Contractholder is liable to pay Premiums to Us from the first day the Contract is in force.

WORKERS' COMPENSATION
The health benefits provided under the Contract are not in place of, and do not affect requirements for coverage by Workers' Compensation.

CLAIMS PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO [NON-NETWORK] BENEFITS

A claimant's right to make a claim for any benefits provided by the Contract is governed as follows:

[NOTICE OF LOSS
A claimant should send a written notice of claim to Us within 20 days of a loss. No special form is required to do this. The notice need only identify the claimant and the Contractholder.

When We receive the notice, We will send a proof of claim form to the claimant. The claimant should receive the proof of claim form within 15 days of the date We received the notice of claim. If the form is received within such time, it should be completed, as instructed, by all persons required to do so. Additional proof, if required, should be attached to the form. If the form is not received within such time, the claimant may provide written proof of claim to Us on any reasonable form. Such proof must state the date the Injury or Illness began and the nature and extent of the loss.]

PROOF OF LOSS
Proof of loss must be sent to Us within 90 days of the loss.

If a notice or proof is sent later than 90 day of the loss, We will not deny or reduce a claim if the notice or proof was sent as soon as possible.

PAYMENT OF CLAIMS
We will pay all benefits to which the claimant is entitled as soon as We receive written proof of loss. All benefits will be paid as they accrue. Any benefits unpaid at the [Member's] death will be paid as soon as We receive due proof of the death to one of the following:
a) his or her estate;
b) his or her spouse;
c) his or her parents;
d) his or her children;
e) his or her brothers and sisters; or
f) any unpaid provider of health care services.

When an Employee files proof of loss, he or she may direct Us, in writing, to pay health care benefits to the recognized provider of health care who provided the covered service for which benefits became payable. [For covered services from an eligible Facility or Practitioner, We will Determine to pay either the [Member] or the Facility or the Practitioner.] The Employee may not assign his or her right to take legal action under the Contract to such provider.

PHYSICAL EXAMS
We, at Our expense have the right to examine the [Member]. This may be done as often as reasonably needed to process a claim. We also have the right to have an autopsy performed, at Our expense.

CONTINUATION RIGHTS

COORDINATION AMONG CONTINUATION RIGHTS SECTIONS

As used in this section, COBRA means the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 as enacted, and later amended.

A [Member] may be eligible to continue his or her group health benefits under this Contract's **COBRA CONTINUATION RIGHTS** (CCR) section and under other continuation sections of this Contract at the same time.

Continuation Under CCR and **NEW JERSEY GROUP CONTINUATION RIGHTS** (NJGCR): A [Member] who is eligible to continue his or her group health benefits under CCR is not eligible to continue under NJGCR.

Continuation under CCR and NJGCR and **NEW JERSEY CONTINUATION RIGHTS FOR OVER-AGE DEPENDENTS** (NJCROD): A Dependent who has elected to continue his or her coverage under the group policy under which his or her parent is currently covered pursuant to NJCROD shall not be entitled to further continue coverage under CCR or NJGCR when continuation pursuant to NJCROD ends.

Continuation Under CCR and any other continuation section of this Contract:

If a [Member] elects to continue his or her group health benefits under this Contract's CCR or NJGCR, as applicable, and any other continuation other than NJCROD, the continuations:
a) start at the same time;
b) run concurrently; and
c) end independently on their own terms.

While covered under more than one continuation section, the [Member]:
a) will not be entitled to duplicate benefits; and
b) will not be subject to the premium requirements of more than one section at the same time.

AN IMPORTANT NOTICE ABOUT CONTINUATION RIGHTS

The following COBRA CONTINUATION RIGHTS section may not apply to the Employer's Contract. The Employee must contact his or her Employer to find out if:
a) the Employer is subject to the COBRA CONTINUATION RIGHTS section in which case;
b) the section applies to the Employee.

COBRA CONTINUATION RIGHTS (Generally applies to employer groups with 20 or more employees)

Important Notice
Under this section, "Qualified Continuee" means any person who, on the day before any event which would qualify him or her for continuation under this section, is covered for group health benefits under this Contract as:
a) an active, covered Employee;
b) the spouse of an active, covered Employee; or
c) the Dependent child of an active, covered Employee. Except as stated below, any person who becomes covered under this Contract during a continuation provided by this section is not a Qualified Continuee.

Exception: A child who is born to the covered Employee, or who is placed for adoption with the covered Employee during the continuation provided by this section is a Qualified Continuee.

If An Employee's Group Health Benefits Ends
If an Employee's group health benefits end due to his or her termination of employment or reduction of work hours, he or she may elect to continue such benefits for up to 18 months, unless he or she was terminated due to gross misconduct.
A Qualified Continuee may elect to continue coverage under COBRA even if the Qualified Continuee:
a) is covered under another group plan on or before the date of the COBRA election; or
b) is entitled to Medicare on or before the date of the COBRA election.

The continuation:
a) may cover the Employee and any other Qualified Continuee; and
b) is subject to the **When Continuation Ends** section.

Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuees
If a Qualified Continuee is determined to be disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the United States Social Security Act on the date his or her group health benefits would otherwise end due to the Employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours or during the first 60 days of continuation coverage, he or she and any Qualified Continuee who is not disabled may elect to extend his or her 18 month continuation period above for up to an extra 11 months.

To elect the extra 11 months of continuation, the Qualified Continuee must give the Employer written proof of Social Security's determination of his or her disability before the earlier of:
a) the end of the 18 month continuation period; and
b) 60 days after the date the Qualified Continuee is determined to be disabled.

If, during this extra 11 month continuation period, the Qualified Continuee is determined to be no longer disabled under the Social Security Act, he or she must notify the Employer within 30 days of such determination, and continuation will end, as explained in the **When Continuation Ends** section.

An additional 50% of the total premium charge also may be required from the Qualified Continuee by the Employer during this extra 11 month continuation period.

If An Employee Dies While Insured
If an Employee dies while insured, any Qualified Continuee whose group health benefits would otherwise end may elect to continue such benefits. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to the **When Continuation Ends** section.

If An Employee's Marriage [or Domestic Partnership] Ends
If an Employee's marriage ends due to legal divorce or legal separation [or termination of a domestic partnership], any Qualified Continuee whose group health benefits would otherwise end may elect to continue such benefits. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to the **When Continuation Ends** section.

If A Dependent Loses Eligibility
If a Dependent child's group health benefits end due to his or her loss of dependent eligibility as defined in this Contract, other than the Employee's coverage ending, he or she may elect to continue such benefits. However, such Dependent child must be a Qualified Continuee. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to **When Continuation Ends.**

Concurrent Continuations
If a Dependent elects to continue his or her group health benefits due to the Employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours, the Dependent may elect to extend his or her 18 month continuation period to up to 36 months, if during the 18 month continuation period, either:
a) the Dependent becomes eligible for 36 months of group health benefits due to any of the reasons stated above; or
b) the Employee becomes entitled to Medicare.

The 36 month continuation period starts on the date the 18 month continuation period started, and the two continuation periods will be deemed to have run concurrently.

Special Medicare Rule
Except as stated below, the "special rule" applies to Dependents of an Employee when the Employee becomes entitled to Medicare prior to termination of employment or reduction in work hours. The continuation period for a Dependent upon the Employee's subsequent termination of employment or reduction in work hours will be the longer of the following:
a) 18 months from the date of the Employee's termination of employment or reduction in work hours; or
b) 36 months from the date of the Employee's earlier entitlement to Medicare.

Exception: If the Employee becomes entitled to Medicare more than 18 months prior to termination of employment or reduction in work hours, this "special rule" will not apply.

The Qualified Continuee's Responsibilities
A person eligible for continuation under this section must notify the Employer, in writing, of:
a) the legal divorce or legal separation [or termination of the domestic partnership] of the Employee from his or her spouse; or
b) the loss of dependent eligibility, as defined in this Contract, of an insured Dependent child.

Such notice must be given to the Employer within 60 days of either of these events.

The Employer's Responsibilities
The Employer must notify the Qualified Continuee, in writing, of:
a) his or her right to continue this Contract's group health benefits;
b) the monthly premium he or she must pay to continue such benefits; and
c) the times and manner in which such monthly payments must be made.

Such written notice must be given to the Qualified Continuee within 44 days of:
a) the date a Qualified Continuee's group health benefits would otherwise end due to the Employee's death or the Employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours; or
b) the date a Qualified Continuee notifies the Employer, in writing, of the Employee's legal divorce or legal separation [or termination of the domestic partnership] from his or her spouse, or the loss of dependent eligibility of an insured Dependent child.

The Employer's Liability
The Employer will be liable for the Qualified Continuee's continued group health benefits to the same extent as, and in place of, [Carrier], if:
a) the Employer fails to remit a Qualified Continuee's timely premium payment to [Carrier] on time, thereby causing the Qualified Continuee's continued group health benefits to end; or
b) the Employer fails to notify the Qualified Continuee of his or her continuation rights, as described above.

Election of Continuation
To continue his or her group health benefits, the Qualified Continuee must give the Employer written notice that he or she elects to continue. An election by a minor Dependent Child can be made by the Dependent Child's parent or legal guardian. This must be done within 60 days of the date a Qualified Continuee receives notice of his or her continuation rights from the Employer as described above. And the Qualified Continuee must pay the first month's premium in a timely manner.

The subsequent premiums must be paid to the Employer, by the Qualified Continuee, in advance, at the times and in the manner specified by the Employer. No further notice of when premiums are due will be given.

The monthly premium will be the total rate which would have been charged for the group health benefits had the Qualified Continuee stayed insured under this Contract on a regular basis. It includes any amount that would have been paid by the Employer. Except as explained in the **Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuees** section, an additional charge of two percent of the total premium charge may also be required by the Employer.

If the Qualified Continuee fails to give the Employer notice of his or her intent to continue, or fails to pay any required premiums in a timely manner, he or she waives his or her continuation rights.

Grace in Payment of Premiums
A Qualified Continuee's premium payment is timely if, with respect to the first payment after the Qualified Continuee elects to continue, such payment is made no later than 45 days after such election. In all other cases, such premium payment is timely if it is made within 31 days of the specified date.

If timely payment is made to the plan in an amount that is not significantly less than the amount the Employer requires to be paid for the period of coverage, then the amount paid is deemed to satisfy the Employer's requirement for the amount that must be paid, unless the plan notifies the Qualified Continuee of the amount of the deficiency and grants an additional 30 days for payment of the deficiency to be made. An amount is not significantly less than the amount the Employer requires to be paid for a period of coverage if and only if the shortfall is no greater than the lesser of the following two amounts:
a) Fifty dollars (or such other amount as the Commissioner may provide in a revenue ruling, notice, or other guidance published in the Internal Revenue Code Bulletin); or
b) Ten percent of the amount the plan requires to be paid.

Payment is considered as made on the date on which it is sent to the Employer.

When Continuation Ends
A Qualified Continuee's continued group health benefits end on the first of the following:
a) with respect to continuation upon the Employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours, the end of the 18 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;
b) with respect to a Qualified Continuee who has elected an additional 11 months of continuation due to his or her own disability or the disability of a family member, the earlier of:
- the end of the 29 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end; or

- the first day of the month which coincides with or next follows the date which is 30 days after the date on which a final determination is made that a disabled Qualified Continuee is no longer disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the United States Social Security Act;

c) with respect to continuation upon the Employee's death, the Employee's legal divorce or legal separation [or termination of the domestic partnership] or the end of an insured Dependent's eligibility, the end of the 36 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;
d) with respect to a Dependent whose continuation is extended due to the Employee's entitlement to Medicare, the end of the 36 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;
e) the date this Contract ends;
f) the end of the period for which the last premium payment is made;
g) the date he or she becomes covered under any other group health plan which contains no limitation or exclusion with respect to any Pre-Existing Condition of the Qualified Continuee or contains a pre-existing conditions limitation or exclusion that is eliminated through the Qualified Continuee's total period of Creditable Coverage;
h) the date he or she becomes entitled to Medicare;
i) termination of a Qualified Continuee for cause (e.g. submission of a fraudulent claim) on the same basis that the Employer terminates coverage of an active employee for cause.

NEW JERSEY GROUP CONTINUATION RIGHTS (NJGCR)

Important Notice
Except as stated below, under this section, "Qualified Continuee" means any person who, on the day before any event which would qualify him or her for continuation under this section, is covered for group health benefits under this Contract as:
a) a full-time covered Employee;
b) the spouse of a full-time covered Employee; or
c) the Dependent child of a full-time covered Employee.
Exception: A Newly Acquired Dependent, where birth, adoption, or marriage occurs after the Qualifying Event is also a "Qualified Continuee" for purposes of being included under the Employee's continuation coverage.

If An Employee's Group Health Benefits Ends
If an Employee's group health benefits end due to his or her termination of employment or reduction of work hours to fewer than 25 hours per week, he or she may elect to continue such benefits for up to 18 months, unless he or she was terminated for cause. The Employee's spouse and Dependent children may elect to continue benefits even if the Employee does not elect continuation for himself or herself.

A Qualified Continuee may elect to continue coverage under NJGCR even if the Qualified Continuee:
a) is covered under another group plan on or before the date of the NJGCR election; or
b) is entitled to Medicare on or before the date of the NJGCR election.

The continuation:
a) may cover the Employee and/or any other Qualified Continuee; and
b) is subject to the When Continuation Ends section.

Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuees
If a former Employee who is a Qualified Continuee is determined to be disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the United States Social Security Act on the date his or her group health benefits would otherwise end due to the termination of employment or reduction of work hours to fewer than 25 hours per week or during the first 60 days of continuation coverage, he or she may elect to extend his or her 18-month continuation period for himself or herself and any Dependents who are Qualified Continuees for up to an extra 11 months.

To elect the extra 11 months of continuation, the Qualified Continuee must give the [Carrier] written proof of Social Security's determination of his or her disability before the earlier of:
a) the end of the 18 month continuation period; and
b) 60 days after the date the Qualified Continuee is determined to be disabled.

If, during this extra 11 month continuation period, the Qualified Continuee is determined to be no longer disabled under the Social Security Act, he or she must notify the [Carrier] within 31 days of such determination, and continuation will end, as explained in the When Continuation Ends section.

An additional 50% of the total premium charge also may be required from the Qualified Continuee by the Employer during this extra 11 month continuation period.

If An Employee Dies While Insured
If an Employee dies while insured, any Qualified Continuee whose group health benefits would otherwise end may elect to continue such benefits. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to the When Continuation Ends section.

If An Employee's Marriage or Civil Union [or Domestic Partnership] Ends
If an Employee's marriage ends due to legal divorce or legal separation or dissolution of the civil union [or termination of a domestic partnership], any Qualified Continuee whose group health benefits would otherwise end may elect to continue such benefits. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to the When Continuation Ends section.

If A Dependent Loses Eligibility
If a Dependent child's group health benefits end due to his or her loss of dependent eligibility as defined in this Contract, other than the Employee's coverage ending, he or she may elect to continue such benefits for up to 36 months, subject to When Continuation Ends.

The Employer's Responsibilities
Upon loss of coverage due to termination of employment or reduction in work hours, the Employer must notify the former employee in writing, of:
a) his or her right to continue this Contract's group health benefits;
b) the monthly premium he or she must pay to continue such benefits; and

c) the times and manner in which such monthly payments must be made.

Upon being advised of the death of the Employee, divorce, dissolution of the civil union [termination of domestic partnership] or Dependent child's loss of eligibility, the Employer should notify the Qualified Continuee in writing, of:
a) his or her right to continue this Contract's group health benefits;
b) the monthly premium he or she must pay to continue such benefits; and
c) the times and manner in which such monthly payments must be made.

Election of Continuation
To continue his or her group health benefits, the Qualified Continuee must give the Employer written notice that he or she elects to continue. An election by a minor Dependent Child can be made by the Dependent Child's parent or legal guardian. This must be done within 30 days of the date coverage ends. The first month's premium must be paid within 30 days of the date the Qualified Continuee elects continued coverage.

The subsequent premiums must be paid to the Employer, by the Qualified Continuee, in advance, at the times and in the manner specified by the Employer.

The monthly premium will be the total rate which would have been charged for the group health benefits had the Qualified Continuee stayed insured under this Contract on a regular basis. It includes any amount that would have been paid by the Employer. Except as explained in the Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuees section, an additional charge of two percent of the total premium charge may also be required by the Employer.

If the Qualified Continuee does not give the Employer notice of his or her intent to continue coverage, or fails to pay any required premiums in a timely manner, he or she waives his or her continuation rights.

Grace in Payment of Premiums
A Qualified Continuee's premium payment is timely if, with respect to the first payment after the Qualified Continuee elects to continue, such payment is made no later than 30 days after such election. In all other cases, such premium payment is timely if it is made within 31 days of the date it is due.

The Continued Coverage
The continued coverage shall be identical to the coverage provided to similarly situated active Employees and their Dependents under the Employer's plan. If coverage is modified for any group of similarly situated active Employees and their Dependents, the coverage for Qualified Continuees shall also be modified in the same manner. Evidence of insurability is not required for the continued coverage.

When Continuation Ends
A Qualified Continuee's continued group health benefits end on the first of the following:
a) with respect to continuation upon the Employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours, the end of the 18 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;
b) with respect to a Qualified Continuee who has elected an additional 11 months of continuation due to his or her own disability, the end of the 29 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end. However, if the Qualified Continuee is no longer disabled, coverage ends on the later of:
   - the end of the 18-month period; or
   - the first day of the month that begins more than 31 days after the date on which a final determination is made that a disabled Qualified Continuee is no longer disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the United States Social Security Act;
c) with respect to continuation upon the Employee's death, the Employee's legal divorce or legal separation, dissolution of the civil union, [or termination of the domestic partnership] or the end of an insured Dependent's eligibility, the end of the 36 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;
d) the date the Employer ceases to provide any health benefits plan to any active Employee or Qualified Continuee;
e) the end of the period for which the last premium payment is made;
f) the date he or she first becomes covered under any other group health benefits plan, as an employee or otherwise, which contains no limitation or exclusion with respect to any Pre-Existing Condition of the Qualified Continuee; or
g) the date he or she first becomes entitled to Medicare.

NEW JERSEY CONTINUATION RIGHTS FOR OVER-AGE DEPENDENTS (Applies to all size groups):

As used in this provision, "Over-Age Dependent" means an Employee's child by blood or law who:
a) has reached the limiting age under the group plan, but is less than 30 years of age;
b) is not married or in a civil union partnership;
c) has no Dependents of his or her own;
d) is either a resident of New Jersey or is enrolled as a full-time student at an Accredited School; and
e) is not covered under any other group or individual health benefits plan, group health plan, church plan or health benefits plan, and is not entitled to Medicare.

If A Dependent Loses Eligibility
If a Dependent child's group health benefits end or have ended due to his or her attainment of the limiting age, he or she may elect to continue such benefits until his or her 30th birthday, subject to the Conditions for Election, Election of Continuation and When Continuation Ends sections below.

Conditions for Election
An Over-Age Dependent is only entitled to make an election for continued coverage if all of the following conditions are met.
a) The group policy under which the Dependent child was covered immediately prior to reaching the limiting age must have been a fully-insured group policy issued in New Jersey.
b) The Dependent child must actually have been covered under the group policy on the date he or she reached the limiting age under such group policy.
c) A parent of an Over-Age Dependent must be enrolled as having elected Dependent coverage at the time the Over-Age Dependent elects continued coverage. Except, if the Employee has no other Dependents, the Over-Age Dependent may nevertheless elect continued coverage.

Election of Continuation
To continue group health benefits, the Over-Age Dependent must make written election to [the Carrier]. The effective date of the continued coverage will be the later of:
a) the date the Over-Age Dependent gives written notice to [the Carrier]; or
b) the date the Over-Age Dependent pays the first premium; or
c) the date the Dependent would otherwise lose coverage due to attainment of the limiting age.

For a Dependent whose coverage has not yet terminated due to the attainment of the limiting age, the written election must be made within 30 days prior to termination of coverage due to the attainment of the limiting age.

For a person who did not qualify as an Over-Age Dependent because he or she fails to meet all the requirements of an Over-Age Dependent, but who subsequently meets all of the requirements for an Over-Age Dependent, written election must be made within 30 days after the person first subsequently meets all of the requirements for an Over-Age Dependent.

This election opportunity is explained in greater detail as follows:
a) If a person did not qualify because he or she was married, the notice must be given within 30 days of the date he or she is no longer married.
b) If a person did not qualify because he or she had a Dependent of his or her own, the election must be made within 30 days of the date he or she no longer has a Dependent.
c) If a person did not qualify because he or she either was not a resident of New Jersey or was not a full-time student at an Accredited school, the election must be made within 30 days of the date he or she becomes a resident of New Jersey, or becomes a full-time student at an accredited school.
d) If a person did not qualify because he or she was covered under any other group or individual health benefits plan, group health plan, church plan or health benefits plan, or was entitled to Medicare, the election must be made within 30 days of the date he or she is no longer covered under any other group or individual health benefits plan, group health plan, church plan or health benefits plan, or is no longer entitled to Medicare.

An Over-Age Dependent may make written election to continue coverage during a 30 day period beginning on each anniversary date of the date the dependent lost coverage due to attaining the limiting age, provided he or she meets the definition of an "Over-Age Dependent" during that 30-day period.

[Special Enrollment Period: May 12, 2006 – May 11, 2007
A person who qualifies as an Over-Age Dependent as of May 12, 2006, having reached the limiting age under a group plan and lost coverage under such group plan prior to May 12, 2006, may give written notice of an election for continued coverage at any time beginning May 12, 2006 and continuing until May 11, 2007.]
Note to carriers: This Special Enrollment Period text may be deleted for plans issued after May 11, 2007.

Application of a Pre-Existing Conditions Exclusion
An Over-Age Dependent who was covered under prior Creditable Coverage that terminated no more than 90 days prior to making an election for continuation under this section will be given credit for the time he or she was covered under the Creditable Coverage toward the application of the Pre-Existing Conditions Exclusion under the Contract.

Payment of Premium
The first month's premium must be paid within 30 days of the date the Over-Age Dependent elects continued coverage.

The Over-Age Dependent must pay subsequent premiums monthly, in advance, [at the times and in the manner specified by [the Carrier]] [and will be remitted by the Employer]. The monthly premium will be set by the Carrier, and must be consistent with the requirements of P.L. 2005, c. 375.

Grace in Payment of Premiums
An Over-Age Dependent's premium payment is timely if, with respect to the first payment after the Over-Age Dependent elects to continue, such payment is made no later than 30 days after such election. In all other cases, such premium payment is timely if it is made within 30 days of the date it is due.

The Continued Coverage
The continued coverage shall be identical to the coverage provided to the Over-Age Dependent's parent who is covered as an Employee under the Contract [and will be evidenced by a separate [Certificate] and ID card being issued to the Over-Age Dependent.]. If coverage is modified for Dependents who are under the limiting age, the coverage for Over-Age Dependents shall also be modified in the same manner. Evidence of insurability is not required for the continued coverage.

When Continuation Ends
An Over-Age Dependent's continued group health benefits end on the first of the following:
a) the date the Over-Age Dependent:
    1. attains age 30
    2. marries or enters into a civil union partnership;
    3. acquires a Dependent;
    4. is no longer either a resident of New Jersey or enrolled as a full-time student at an Accredited School; or
    5. becomes covered under any other group or individual health benefits plan, group health plan, church plan or health benefits plan, or becomes entitled to Medicare
b) the end of the period for which premium has been paid for the Over-Age Dependent, subject to the Grace Period for such payment;
c) the date the Contract ceases to provide coverage to the Over-Age Dependent's parent who is the Employee under the Contract.
d) The date the Contract under which the Over-Age Dependent elected to continue coverage is amended to delete coverage for Dependents.
e) The date the Over-Age Dependent's parent who is covered as an Employee under the Contract waives Dependent coverage. Except, if the Employee has no other Dependents, the Over-Age Dependent's coverage will not end as a result of the Employee waiving Dependent coverage.

A TOTALLY DISABLED EMPLOYEE'S RIGHT TO CONTINUE GROUP HEALTH BENEFITS

If An Employee is Totally Disabled
An Employee who is Totally Disabled and whose group health benefits end because his or her active employment or membership in an eligible class ends due to that disability, can elect to continue his or her group health benefits. But he or she must have been covered by the Contract for at least three months immediately prior to the date his or her group health benefits ends. The continuation can cover the Employee, and at his or her option, his or her then covered Dependents.

How And When To Continue Coverage
To continue group health benefits, the Employee must give the Employer written notice that he or she elects to continue such benefits. And he or she must pay the first month's premium. This must be done within 31 days of the date his or her coverage under the Contract would otherwise end.

Subsequent premiums must be paid to the Employer monthly, in advance, at the times and in the manner specified by the Employer. The monthly premium the Employee must pay will be the total rate charged for an active Full-Time Employee, covered under the Contract on a regular basis, on the date each payment is due. It includes any amount which would have been paid by the Employer.

We will consider the Employee's failure to give notice or to pay any required premium as a waiver of the Employee's continuation rights.

If the Employer fails, after the timely receipt of the Employee's payment, to pay Us on behalf of such Employee, thereby causing the Employee's coverage to end; then such Employer will be liable for the Employee's benefits, to the same extent as, and in place of, Us.

When This Continuation Ends
These continued group health benefits end on the first of the following:
a) the end of the period for which the last payment is made, if the Employee stops paying.
b) the date the [Member] becomes employed and eligible or covered for similar benefits by another group plan, whether it be an insured or uninsured plan;
c) the date the Contract ends or is amended to end for the class of Employees to which the Employee belonged; or
d) with respect to a Dependent, the date he or she stops being an eligible Dependent as defined in the Contract.

AN EMPLOYEE'S RIGHT TO CONTINUE GROUP HEALTH BENEFITS DURING A FAMILY LEAVE OF ABSENCE

Important Notice
This section may not apply to an Employer's plan. The Employee must contact his or her Employer to find out if:
a) the Employer must allow for a leave of absence under Federal law in which case;
b) the section applies to the Employee.

If An Employee's Group Health Coverage Ends
Group health coverage may end for an Employee because he or she ceases Full-Time work due to an approved leave of absence. Such leave of absence must have been granted to allow the Employee to care for a sick family member or after the birth or adoption of a child. If so, his or her medical care coverage will be continued. Dependents' coverage may also be continued. The Employee will be required to pay the same share of premium as before the leave of absence.

When Continuation Ends
Coverage may continue until the earliest of:
a) the date the Employee returns to Full-Time work;
b) the end of a total period of 12 weeks in any 12 month period,
c) the date on which the Employee's coverage would have ended had the Employee not been on leave; or
d) the end of the period for which the premium has been paid.

[A DEPENDENT'S RIGHT TO CONTINUE GROUP HEALTH BENEFITS

If an Employee dies, any of his or her Dependents who were covered under the Contract may elect to continue coverage. Subject to the payment of the required premium, coverage may be continued until the earlier of:
a) 180 days following the date of the Employee's death; or
b) the date the Dependent is no longer eligible under the terms of the Contract.]

[CONVERSION RIGHTS FOR DIVORCED SPOUSES

IF AN EMPLOYEE'S MARRIAGE OR CIVIL UNION [OR DOMESTIC PARTNERSHIP] ENDS

If an Employee's marriage ends by legal divorce or annulment or the employee's civil union is dissolved [or termination of the domestic partnership], the group health coverage for his or her former spouse ends. The former spouse may convert to an individual Contract during the conversion period. The former spouse may cover under his or her individual Contract any of his or her Dependent children who were covered under the Contract on the date the group health coverage ends. See **exceptions** below.

Exceptions
No former spouse may use this conversion right:
a) if he or she is eligible for Medicare;
b) if it would cause him or her to be excessively covered; This may happen if the spouse is covered or eligible for coverage providing similar benefits provided by any other plan, insured or not insured. We will Determine if excessive coverage exists using Our standards for excessive coverage; or
c) [•if he or she permanently relocates outside the Service Area.]

HOW AND WHEN TO CONVERT
The conversion period means the 31 days after the date group health coverage ends. The former spouse must apply for the individual Contract in writing and pay the first premium for such Contract during the conversion period. Evidence of good health will not be required.

THE CONVERTED CONTRACT
The individual Contract will provide the medical benefits that We are required to offer. The individual Contract will take effect on the day after group health coverage under the Contract ends.

After group health coverage under the Contract ends, the former spouse and any children covered under the individual Contract may still receive benefits under the Contract. If so, benefits to be paid under the individual Contract, if any, will be reduced by the amount paid or the reasonable cash value of services provided under the Contract.]

MEDICARE AS SECONDARY PAYOR

IMPORTANT NOTICE

The following sections regarding Medicare may not apply to the Employer's Contract. The Employee must contact his or her Employer to find out if the Employer is subject to Medicare as Secondary Payor rules.

If the Employer is subject to such rules, this Medicare as Secondary Payor section applies to the Employee.

If the Employer is NOT subject to such rules, this Medicare as Secondary Payor section does not apply to the Employee, in which case, Medicare will be the primary health plan and the Contract will be the secondary health plan for [Members] who are eligible for Medicare.

The following provisions explain how the Contract's group health benefits interact with the benefits available under Medicare as Secondary Payor rules. A [Member] may be eligible for Medicare by reason of age, disability, or End Stage Renal Disease. Different rules apply to each type of Medicare eligibility, as explained below.

With respect to the following provisions:

a) "Medicare" when used above, means Part A and B of the health care program for the aged and disabled provided by Title XVIII of the United States Social Security Act, as amended from time to time.
b) A [Member] is considered to be eligible for Medicare by reason of age from the first day of the month during which he or she reaches age 65. However, if the [Member] is born on the first day of a month, he or she is considered to be eligible for Medicare from the first day of the month which is immediately prior to his or her 65th birthday.
c) A "primary" health plan pays benefits for a [Member's] Covered Service or Supply or Covered Charge first, ignoring what the [Member's] "secondary" plan pays. A "secondary" health plan then pays the remaining unpaid allowable expenses. See the **Coordination of Benefits and Services** section for a definition of "allowable expense".

MEDICARE ELIGIBILITY BY REASON OF AGE (Generally applies to employer groups with 20 or more employees)

Applicability
This section applies to an Employee or his or her covered spouse who is eligible for Medicare by reason of age.

Under this section, such an Employee or covered spouse is referred to as a "Medicare eligible".

This section does not apply to:
a) a [Member], other than an Employee or covered spouse
b) an Employee or covered spouse who is under age 65, or
c) a [Member] who is eligible for Medicare solely on the basis of End Stage Renal Disease.

When An Employee or Covered Spouse Becomes Eligible For Medicare
When an Employee or covered spouse becomes eligible for Medicare by reason of age, he or she must choose one of the two options below.

Option (A) - The Medicare eligible may choose the Contract as his or her primary health plan. If he or she does, Medicare will be his or her secondary health plan. See the **When The Contract is Primary** section below, for details.

Option (B) - The Medicare eligible may choose Medicare as his or her primary health plan. If he or she does, group health benefits under the Contract will end. See the **When Medicare is Primary** section below, for details.

If the Medicare eligible fails to choose either option when he or she becomes eligible for Medicare by reason of age, We will provide services and supplies and pay benefits as if he or she had chosen Option (A).

When the Contract is primary
When a Medicare eligible chooses the Contract as his or her primary health plan, if he or she incurs a Covered Service and Supply or Covered Charge for which benefits are payable under both the Contract and Medicare, the Contract is considered primary. The Contract provides services and supplies and pays first, ignoring Medicare. Medicare is considered the secondary plan.

When Medicare is primary
If a Medicare eligible chooses Medicare as his or her primary health plan, he or she will no longer be covered for such benefits by the Contract. Coverage under this Contact will end on the date the Medicare eligible elects Medicare as his or her primary health plan.

A Medicare eligible who elects Medicare as his or her primary health plan, may later change such election, and choose the Contract as his or her primary health plan.

MEDICARE ELIGIBILITY BY REASON OF DISABILITY (Generally applies to employer groups with 100 or more employees)

Applicability
This section applies to a [Member] who is:
a) under age 65; and
b) eligible for Medicare by reason of disability.

Under this section, such [Member] is referred to as a "disabled Medicare eligible".

This section does not apply to:
a) a [Member] who is eligible for Medicare by reason of age; or
b) a [Member] who is eligible for Medicare solely on the basis of End Stage Renal Disease.

When A [Member] Becomes Eligible For Medicare
When a [Member] becomes eligible for Medicare by reason of disability, the Contract is the primary plan. Medicare is the secondary plan.

If a [Member] is eligible for Medicare be reason of disability, he or she must be covered by both Parts A and B. Benefits will be payable as specified in the **Coordination of Benefits and Services** section of the Contract.

MEDICARE ELIGIBILITY BY REASON OF END STAGE RENAL DISEASE (Applies to all employer groups)

Applicability
This section applies to a [Member] who is eligible for Medicare on the basis of End Stage Renal Disease (ESRD).

Under this section such [Member] is referred to as a "ESRD Medicare eligible".

This section does not apply to a [Member] who is eligible for Medicare by reason of disability.

When A [Member] Becomes Eligible For Medicare Due to ESRD
When a [Member] becomes eligible for Medicare solely on the basis of ESRD, for a period of up to 30 consecutive months, if he or she incurs a charge for the treatment of ESRD for which services and supplies are provided or benefits are payable under both the Contract and Medicare, the Contract is considered primary. The Contract provides services and supplies and pays first, ignoring Medicare. Medicare is considered the secondary plan.

This 30 month period begins on the earlier of:
a) the first day of the month during which a regular course of renal dialysis starts; and
b) with respect to a ESRD Medicare eligible who receives a kidney transplant, the first day of the month during which such [Member] becomes eligible for Medicare.

After the 30 month period described above ends, if an ESRD Medicare eligible incurs a charge for which services and supplies are provided and benefits are payable under both the Contract and Medicare, Medicare is the primary plan. The Contract is the secondary plan. If a [Member] is eligible for Medicare on the basis of ESRD, he or she must be covered by both Parts A and B. Benefits will be payable as specified in the **Coordination of Benefits and Services** section of the Contract.

[STATEMENT OF ERISA RIGHTS

The following Statement may not apply to the Employer's Policy. The Employee must contact his or her Employer to find out if the Employer is subject to these ERISA requirements

As a plan participant, you are entitled to certain rights and protections under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA). ERISA provides that all plan participants shall be entitled to:

Receive Information About Your Plan and Benefits
Examine, without charge, at the plan administrator's office and at other specified locations, such as worksites and union halls, all documents governing the plan, including insurance contracts and collective bargaining agreements, and a copy of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) filed by the plan with the U.S. Department of Labor and available at the Public Disclosure Room of the Pension and Welfare Benefit Administration.

Obtain, upon written request to the plan administrator, copies of documents governing the operation of the plan, including insurance contracts and collective bargaining agreements, and copies of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) and updated summary plan description. The administrator may make a reasonable charge for the copies.

Receive a summary of the plan's annual financial report. The plan administrator is required by law to furnish each participant with a copy of this summary annual report.

Continue Group Health Plan Coverage
Continue health care coverage for yourself, spouse or dependents if there is a loss of coverage under the plan as a result of a qualifying event. You or your dependents may have to pay for such coverage. Review the summary plan description and the documents governing the plan on the rules governing your COBRA continuation coverage rights, if COBRA is applicable to your plan.

Reduction or elimination of exclusionary periods of coverage for preexisting conditions under your group health plan, if you have creditable coverage from another plan. You should be provided a certificate of creditable coverage, free of charge, from your group health plan or health insurance issuer when you lose coverage under the plan, when you become entitled to elect COBRA continuation coverage, when your COBRA continuation coverage ceases, if you request it before losing coverage, or if you request it up to 24 months after losing coverage. Without evidence of creditable coverage, you may be subject to a preexisting conditions exclusion for 6 months after your enrollment date in your coverage.

Prudent Actions by Plan Fiduciaries
In addition to creating rights for plan participants ERISA imposes duties upon the people who are responsible for the operation of the employee benefit plan. The people who operate your plan, called "fiduciaries" of the plan, have a duty to do so prudently and in the interest of you and other plan participants and beneficiaries. No one, including your employer, your union, or any other person, may fire you or otherwise discriminate against you in any way to prevent you from obtaining a benefit or exercising your rights under ERISA.

Enforce Your Rights
If your claim for a benefit is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you have a right to know why this was done, to obtain copies of documents relating to the decision without charge, and to appeal any denial, all within certain time schedules.

Under ERISA, there are steps you can take to enforce the above rights. For instance, if you request a copy of plan documents or the latest annual report from the plan and do not receive them within 30 days, you may file suit in a Federal court. In such a case, the court may require the plan administrator to provide the materials and pay you up to $110 a day until you receive the materials, unless the materials were not sent because of reasons beyond the control of the administrator. If you have a claims for benefits which is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you may file suit in a state or Federal court. In addition, if you disagree with the plan's decision or lack thereof concerning the qualified status of a domestic relations order or medical support order, you may file suit in Federal court. If it should happen that plan fiduciaries misuse the plan's money, or if you are discriminated against for asserting your rights, you may seek assistance from the U.S. Department of Labor, or you may file suit in a Federal court. The court will decide who should pay court costs and legal fees. If you are successful the court may order the person you have sued to pay these costs and fees. If you lose, the court may order you to pay these costs and fees, for example, if it finds your claim is frivolous.

Assistance With Your Questions
If you have any questions about your plan, you should contact the plan administrator. If you have any questions about this statement or about your rights under ERISA, or if you need assistance in obtaining documents from the plan administrator, you should contact the nearest office of the Pension and Welfare Benefits Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, listed in your telephone directory or the Division of Technical Assistance and Inquiries, Pension and Welfare Benefits Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20210. You may also obtain certain publications about your rights and responsibilities under ERISA by calling the publications hotline of the Pension and Welfare Benefits Administration.

CLAIMS PROCEDURE FOR [NON-NETWORK] BENEFITS
Carriers should include claims procedures consistent with the requirements of ERISA.]

New Rule, R.1996 d.199, effective April 15, 1996.
See: 28 N.J.R. 1661(a), 28 N.J.R. 2010(a).
Amended by R.1997 d.280, effective July 7, 1997 (operative September 1, 1997).
See: 29 N.J.R. 1090(a), 29 N.J.R. 2931(a).
Amended by R.1997 d.501, effective January 1, 1998.
See: 29 N.J.R. 4620(a), 29 N.J.R. 5069(a).
Amended by R.1998 d.299, effective September 1, 1998.
See: 30 N.J.R. 1883(a), 30 N.J.R. 2223(a).
Amended by R.1998 d.512, effective September 25, 1998.
See: 30 N.J.R. 2815(a), 30 N.J.R. 3840(a).
Amended by R.1999 d.376, effective October 6, 1999 (operative November 1, 1999).
See: 31 N.J.R. 2442(a), 31 N.J.R. 3340(a).
Amended by R.2000 d.304, effective June 23, 2000.
See: 32 N.J.R. 2210(a), 32 N.J.R. 2592(a).
Amended by R.2004 d.107, effective March 15, 2004 (operative October 1, 2004).
See: 35 N.J.R. 5011(a), 36 N.J.R. 1594(a).
Amended by R.2005 d.335, effective September 6, 2005.
See: 37 N.J.R. 3218(a), 37 N.J.R. 3834(a).
Amended by R.2006 d.145, effective April 17, 2006 (operative June 1, 2006).
See: 37 N.J.R. 4869(a), 38 N.J.R. 1751(a).
Amended by R.2006 d.377, effective September 22, 2006.
See: 38 N.J.R. 3484(a), 38 N.J.R. 4719(b).
Amended by R.2008 d.132, effective April 24, 2008.
See: 40 N.J.R. 1746(a), 40 N.J.R. 2476(a).