

CHAPTER 23
UNIFORM CONSTRUCTION CODE

Authority

N.J.S.A. 52:27D-123, 123a, 123.2, 123.5, 123.8, 123.10, 124, 124f, 133.4 and 133.5.

Source and Effective Date

R.2008 d.188, effective June 13, 2008.
See: 39 N.J.R. 2578(a), 40 N.J.R. 4314(a).

Chapter Expiration Date

Chapter 23, Uniform Construction Code, expires on June 13, 2013.

Chapter Historical Note

Chapter 23, Uniform Construction Code, was adopted as R.1976 d.344, d.345, d.346 and d.347, effective January 1, 1977 and codified as Subchapter 1, General Provisions; Subchapter 2, Administration and Enforcement Process; Subchapter 3, Subcodes, and Subchapter 4, *Enforcing Agencies: Duties, Powers, Procedures*. See: 8 N.J.R. 216(b), 319(a), 370(d), 414(a); 8 N.J.R. 546(a). Chapter 23, Uniform Construction Code, superseded N.J.A.C. 5:16, Standard Building Code and N.J.A.C. 5:20, Safety Glazing Materials, which were repealed by R.1978 d.360, effective October 6, 1978. See: 10 N.J.R. 377(a), 10 N.J.R. 470(a). Chapter 23, Uniform Construction Code, also superseded N.J.A.C. 5:21, Uniform Standards Code for Mobile Homes, which was repealed by R.1982 d.7, effective February 1, 1982. See: 13 N.J.R. 717(a), 14 N.J.R. 142(a).

Subchapter 5, Licensing of Code Enforcement Officials, was adopted as R.1977 d.304, effective October 1, 1977. See: 9 N.J.R. 257(b), 9 N.J.R. 413(b). Subchapter 6, Tax Exemption for Solar Facilities, was adopted as R.1978 d.334, effective September 18, 1978. See: 10 N.J.R. 222(b), 10 N.J.R. 418(a).

Pursuant to Executive Order No. 66(1978), Subchapter 6, Tax Exemption for Solar Facilities, was readopted as R.1980 d.303, effective July 1, 1980. See: 12 N.J.R. 249(c), 12 N.J.R. 452(c).

Pursuant to Executive Order No. 66(1978), Chapter 23, Uniform Construction Code, was readopted as R.1983 d.144, effective April 26, 1983. See: 14 N.J.R. 1247(a), 15 N.J.R. 803(c).

Subchapter 7, Barrier Free Subcode, was adopted as R.1986 d.448, effective November 3, 1986. See: 18 N.J.R. 757(a), 18 N.J.R. 2194(a).

Subchapter 8, Asbestos Hazard Abatement Subcode, was adopted as Emergency New Rules R.1985 d.362, effective June 18, 1985 (expired August 17, 1985). See: 17 N.J.R. 1782(a).

Pursuant to Executive Order No. 66(1978), the provisions of R.1985 d.362 were readopted as R.1985 d.472, effective August 16, 1985. See: 17 N.J.R. 2249(a).

Pursuant to Executive Order No. 66(1978), Chapter 23, Uniform Construction Code, was readopted as R.1988 d.168, effective March 22, 1988. N.J.A.C. 5:23-6.1, 6.2 and 6.3, concerning tax exemption for solar facilities, were not readopted and expired on April 1, 1988. See: 20 N.J.R. 223(a), 20 N.J.R. 893(a).

Subchapter 9, Code Interpretations, was adopted as R.1988 d.195, effective May 2, 1988. See: 20 N.J.R. 224(a), 20 N.J.R. 977(a).

Subchapter 10, Radon Hazard Subcode, was adopted as R.1990 d.226, effective May 7, 1990. See: 21 N.J.R. 3696(a), 22 N.J.R. 1356(a).

Subchapter 4A, Industrialized/Modular Buildings and Building Components, was adopted as R.1990 d.313, effective June 18, 1990, (operative July 1, 1990). See: 22 N.J.R. 691(a), 22 N.J.R. 1915(b).

Subchapter 11, Indoor Air Quality Standards and Procedures for Buildings Occupied by Public Employees, was adopted as R.1992 d.33, effective January 21, 1992. See: 23 N.J.R. 1730(b), 24 N.J.R. 229(c).

Subchapter 12, Elevator Safety Subcode, was adopted as R.1991 d.325, effective July 1, 1991. See: 23 N.J.R. 805(a), 23 N.J.R. 2046(a).

Pursuant to Executive Order No. 66(1978), Chapter 23, Uniform Construction Code, was readopted as R.1993 d.106, effective February 3, 1993. See: 24 N.J.R. 1420(b), 25 N.J.R. 920(a).

Subchapter 4B, Manufactured Homes and Manufactured Home Add-On Units Not Subject to Federal Regulation, and Subchapter 4C, Enforcement of Federal Manufactured Home Standards, were adopted as R.1994 d.96, effective February 22, 1994. See: 25 N.J.R. 5388(a), 26 N.J.R. 1073(a).

N.J.A.C. 5:23-7.1 through 7.99 were repealed and 7.100 through 7.116 were recodified as 7.2 through 7.18 by R.1995 d.144, effective March 20, 1995 (operative July 1, 1995). See: 26 N.J.R. 2698(a), 26 N.J.R. 2524(a), 27 N.J.R. 1180(a).

Subchapter 11, Indoor Air Quality Standards and Procedures for Buildings Occupied by Public Employees, was repealed by R.1995 d.612, effective December 4, 1995 (operative July 1, 1995). See: 27 N.J.R. 3518(a), 27 N.J.R. 4885(a).

Pursuant to Executive Order No. 66(1978), Chapter 23, Uniform Construction Code, was readopted as R.1997 d.409, effective September 9, 1997. As a part of R.1997 d.409, effective October 6, 1997, Subchapter 6, Tax Exemption, was repealed. See: 29 N.J.R. 2736(a), 29 N.J.R. 4281(a).

Subchapter 6, Rehabilitation Subcode, was adopted as R.1998 d.28, effective January 5, 1998. See: 29 N.J.R. 3603(a), 30 N.J.R. 129(a).

Subchapter 12A, Optional Elevator Inspection Program, was adopted as R.1998 d.480, effective September 21, 1998. See: 30 N.J.R. 1119(b), 30 N.J.R. 3461(a).

Subchapter 11, Playground Safety Subcode, was adopted as R.1999 d.351, effective October 18, 1999. See: 31 N.J.R. 1838(a), 31 N.J.R. 3082(a).

Subchapter 3A, State-Jurisdiction Subcodes, was adopted as R.2001 d.303, effective September 4, 2001. See: 33 N.J.R. 1991(a), 33 N.J.R. 2989(a).

Chapter 23, Uniform Construction Code, was readopted as R.2003 d.70, effective January 15, 2003. See: 34 N.J.R. 351(a), 35 N.J.R. 1054(a).

Chapter 23, Uniform Construction Code, was readopted as R.2008 d.188, effective June 13, 2008. See: Source and Effective Date.

Cross References

Child care center physical facility requirements, see N.J.A.C. 10:122-5.1 et seq.

Children's group home physical facility requirements, see N.J.A.C. 10:128-4.1 et seq.

Children's shelter physical facility requirements, see N.J.A.C. 10:124-5.1 et seq.

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SUBCHAPTER 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

5:23-1.1 Title; division into subchapters

(a) These regulations shall be known as the "Regulations for the New Jersey Uniform Construction Code" and are referred to herein as "the regulations".

(b) The chapter consists of the following subchapters:

1. "General provisions" which may be cited throughout the regulations as N.J.A.C. 5:23-1 and when referred to in subchapter 1 of this chapter may be cited as this subchapter.

2. "Administration and enforcement; process" which may be cited throughout the regulations as N.J.A.C. 5:23-2 and when referred to in subchapter 2 of this chapter may be cited as this subchapter.

3. "Subcodes" which may be cited throughout the regulations as N.J.A.C. 5:23-3 and when referred to in subchapter 3 of this chapter may be cited as this subchapter.

i. N.J.A.C. 5:23-3.11B contains references to the Department of Environmental Protection's rules concerning underground storage tanks, codified at N.J.A.C. 7:14B, which are jointly enforced by this Department and local enforcing agencies pursuant to this chapter.

4. "Enforcing agencies: duties, powers, and procedures" which may be cited throughout the regulations as N.J.A.C. 5:23-4 of this chapter and when referred to in subchapter 4 of this chapter may be cited as this subchapter.

5. "Industrialized/Modular Buildings and Building Components" which may be cited throughout the regulations as N.J.A.C. 5:23-4A and when referred to N.J.A.C. 5:23-4A may be cited as this subchapter.

6. "Manufactured Homes and Manufactured Home Add-On Units Not Subject to Federal Regulations" which

may be cited throughout the regulations as N.J.A.C. 5:23-4B and when referred to in subchapter 4B may be cited as this subchapter.

7. "Enforcement of Federal Manufactured Home Standards" which may be cited throughout the regulations as N.J.A.C. 5:23-4C and when referred to in subchapter 4C may be cited as this subchapter.

8. "Licensing of Code Enforcement Officials" which may be cited throughout the regulations as N.J.A.C. 5:23-5 and when referred to in subchapter 5 of this chapter may be cited as this subchapter.

9. "Rehabilitation Subcode" which may be cited throughout the regulations as N.J.A.C. 5:23-6 and, when referred to in subchapter 6 of this chapter, may be cited as this subchapter.

10. "Barrier Free Subcode" which may be cited throughout the regulations as N.J.A.C. 5:23-7 and when referred to in subchapter 7 of this chapter may be cited as this subchapter.

11. "Asbestos Hazard Abatement Subcode" which may be cited throughout the regulations as N.J.A.C. 5:23-8 and when referred to in subchapter 8 of this chapter may be cited as this subchapter.

12. "Code Interpretations" which may be cited throughout the regulations as N.J.A.C. 5:23-9 and when referred to in subchapter 9 of this chapter may be cited as this subchapter.

13. "Radon Hazard Subcode" which may be cited throughout the regulations as N.J.A.C. 5:23-10 and when referred to in subchapter 10 of this chapter may be cited as this subchapter.

14. "Playground safety subcode" which may be cited throughout this chapter as N.J.A.C. 5:23-11 and, when referred to in subchapter 11 of this chapter, may be cited as "this subchapter."

15. "Elevator Safety Subcode" which may be cited throughout the rules as N.J.A.C. 5:23-12 and when referred to in subchapter 12 of this chapter may be cited as this subchapter.

16. "Optional elevator inspection program" which may be cited throughout the rules as N.J.A.C. 5:23-12A and, when referred to in subchapter 12A of this chapter, may be cited as "this subchapter."

Amended by R.1978 d.350, eff. October 1, 1978.

See: 10 N.J.R. 378(a), 10 N.J.R. 469(f).

Amended by R.1987 d.509, effective December 7, 1987.

See: 19 N.J.R. 1264(a), 19 N.J.R. 2270(a).

(b) substantially amended.

Amended by R.1990 d.226, effective May 7, 1990.

See: 21 N.J.R. 3696(a), 22 N.J.R. 1356(a).

Added 9 and 10 to (b).

Amended by R.1990 d.313, effective June 18, 1990.

See: 22 N.J.R. 691(a), 22 N.J.R. 1915(b).

Text added at (b)5.

Amended by R.1990 d.562, effective November 19, 1990.

See: 22 N.J.R. 2629(c), 22 N.J.R. 3482(d).

Added reference to N.J.A.C. 7:14B.

Amended by R.1991 d.325, effective July 1, 1991.

See: 23 N.J.R. 805(a), 23 N.J.R. 2046(a).

Text on elevators added at (b).

Amended by R.1992 d.183, effective April 20, 1992.

See: 24 N.J.R. 167(a), 24 N.J.R. 1475(b).

Reference to Indoor Air Quality Subcode added at (b)12.

Amended by R.1994 d.96, effective February 22, 1994.

See: 25 N.J.R. 5388(a), 26 N.J.R. 1073(a).

Amended by R.1997 d.409, effective October 6, 1997.

See: 29 N.J.R. 2736(a), 29 N.J.R. 4281(a).

Deleted (b)14.

Amended by R.1998 d.28, effective January 5, 1998.

See: 29 N.J.R. 3603(a), 30 N.J.R. 129(a).

In (b)9, substituted "Rehabilitation Subcode" for "Tax Exemptions".

Amended by R.1998 d.480, effective September 21, 1998.

See: 30 N.J.R. 1119(b), 30 N.J.R. 3461(a).

In (b), added 16.

Amended by R.1999 d.351, effective October 18, 1999.

See: 31 N.J.R. 1838(a), 31 N.J.R. 3082(a).

Rewrote (b)14.

Case Notes

Councilperson violated local ethics law; project manager for private construction company. *Bleeker v. Local Finance Board*, 94 N.J.A.R.2d (CAF) 122.

5:23-1.2 Authority

These regulations are promulgated by the Commissioner of the Department of Community Affairs pursuant to the authority of the "State Uniform Construction Code Act" (P.L. 1975, c.217, as amended).

5:23-1.3 Intent and purpose

(a) It is the intent and purpose of the regulations:

1. To encourage innovation and economy in construction and to provide requirements for construction and construction materials consistent with nationally recognized standards.

2. To formulate such requirements, to the extent practicable, in terms of performance objectives, so as to make adequate performance for the use intended as the test of acceptability.

3. To permit to the fullest extent feasible the use of modern technical methods, devices and improvements, including premanufactured systems, consistent with reasonable requirements for the health, safety and welfare of occupants or users of buildings and structures.

4. To eliminate restrictive, obsolete, conflicting and unnecessary construction regulations that tend to unnecessarily increase construction costs or retard the use of new materials, products or methods of construction, or provide preferential treatment to types or classes of materials or products or methods of construction.

5. To insure adequate maintenance of buildings and structures throughout the State and to adequately protect the health, safety and welfare of the people.

6. To eliminate unnecessary duplication of effort and fees in the review of construction plans and the inspection of construction.

Case Notes

Intent is elimination of construction regulations by local government units. *Home Builders League of South Jersey, Inc. v. Evesham Twp.*, 174 N.J. Super. 252, 416 A.2d 81 (Law Div. 1980).

Uniform Construction Code codified in regulations. *Bureau of Construction Code Enforcement v. Hasbrouck Heights*, 4 N.J.A.R. 282 (1983).

5:23-1.4 Definitions

The following words and terms, when used in this chapter, shall have the following meanings unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.

“Alteration” means the rearrangement of any space by the construction of walls or partitions, the addition or elimination of any door or window, the extension or rearrangement of any system, the installation of any additional equipment or fixtures and any work which affects a primary structural component.

“Billboard” means any sign which exceeds 32 square feet in area on any face, except for signs which advertise or otherwise identify activities performed upon the property on which the sign is located.

“Building” means a structure enclosed with exterior walls or fire walls, built, erected and framed of component structural parts, designed for the housing shelter, enclosure and support of individuals, animals or property of any kind. When used herein, building and structure shall be interchangeable except where the context clearly indicates otherwise.

“Building subcode official” means a qualified person appointed by the municipal appointing authority or the commissioner pursuant to the act and the regulations to enforce the provisions of the building subcode within the jurisdiction of the enforcing agency.

“Business day” means any day of the year, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays.

“Certificate of approval” means a certificate issued pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:23-2 upon completion of work that requires a construction permit but not a certificate of occupancy.

“Certificate of compliance” means the certificate provided for in N.J.A.C. 5:23-2 and 12, indicating that potentially hazardous equipment is being maintained in accordance with the Act and this chapter.

“Certificate of continued occupancy” means the certificate provided for in N.J.A.C. 5:23-2, indicating that as a result of a general inspection of the visible parts of the building, no violations of N.J.A.C. 5:23-2.14 have been determined to have occurred and no unsafe conditions violative of N.J.A.C.

5:23-2.32 have been found, and that the existing use of the building has heretofore lawfully existed.

“Certificate of occupancy” means the certificate provided for in N.J.A.C. 5:23-2, indicating that the construction authorized by the construction permit has been completed in accordance with the construction permit, the act and the regulations.

“Change of use” means a change from one use to another use in a building or tenancy or portion thereof.

“Class I structure” means a structure not listed in N.J.A.C. 5:23-4.3A(d)1i through vi or 2ii through xxii.

“Class II structure” means a structure listed in N.J.A.C. 5:23-4.3A(d)2ii through xxii.

“Class III structure” means a structure listed in N.J.A.C. 5:23-4.3A(d)1i through vi.

“Commissioner” means the Commissioner of the Department of Community Affairs.

“Construction Board of Appeals” means the board provided for in N.J.A.C. 5:23A.

“Construction official” means a qualified person appointed by the municipal appointing authority or the commissioner pursuant to the act and the regulations to enforce and administer the regulations within the jurisdiction of the enforcing agency.

“Construction permit” means an authorization to begin work subject to the conditions established in subchapter 2 of this chapter.

“Department” means the Department of Community Affairs.

“Effective date” means, in the case of a new rule, amendment or repeal, the date of promulgation in the New Jersey Register. The effective date of a readoption is the date of filing with the Office of Administrative Law.

“Electrical subcode official” means a qualified person appointed by the municipal appointing authority or the commissioner pursuant to the act and the regulations to enforce and provisions of the electrical subcode within the jurisdiction of the enforcing agency.

“Elevator” or “elevator device” means a hoisting and lowering device equipped with a car or platform which moves in guides for the transportation of individuals or freight in a substantially vertical direction through successive floors or levels of a building or structure; or a power driven, inclined, continuous stairway used for raising or lowering passengers; or a type of passenger carrying device on which passengers stand or walk, and in which the passenger carrying surface remains parallel to its direction of motion and is uninterrupted. This includes, but it is not limited to, elevators, esca-

lators, moving walks, dumbwaiters, wheelchair lifts, manlifts, stairway chairlifts and any device within the scope of ASME A17.1 (Safety Code for Elevators and Escalators) or ASME A90.1 (Safety Standards for Belt Manlifts).

“Elevator subcode official” means a qualified person appointed by the municipal appointing authority or the Commissioner, pursuant to the Act and this chapter, to enforce the provisions of any subcode specifically designated for such enforcement in N.J.A.C. 5:23-3, within the jurisdiction of the enforcing agency.

“Enforcing agency” means the municipal or State administrative entity charged with the administration and enforcement of the regulations consisting of the construction official, subcode officials and assistants thereto appointed in accordance with N.J.S.A. 52:27D-126 of the act and the regulations.

“Equipment” means plumbing, heating, electrical, ventilating, air conditioning, refrigerating and fire prevention equipment, and elevators, dumb waiters, escalators, boilers, pressure vessels and other mechanical facilities or installations, which are related to building services and shall not include manufacturing, production or process equipment, but which shall include connections from building service to process equipment.

“Facility” for the purpose of applying for an annual permit means exclusive of a hotel/casino, a building or group of buildings under common ownership or control and whose maintenance work is performed under the direct supervision of a maintenance supervisor.

“Fire protection subcode official” means a qualified person appointed by the appropriate appointing authority or the commissioner pursuant to the act and the regulations to enforce those portions of any subcode, specifically designated for such enforcement in N.J.A.C. 5:23-3, within the jurisdiction of the enforcing agency.

“Ground sign” means a sign mounted on the ground or on multiple pole supports with its lower edge less than 15 feet above grade measured at the longest pole.

“Group” means the classification of an occupancy (also see “Use Group”).

“Health care facility” means the facility or institution, whether public or private, engaged principally in providing services for health maintenance organizations, diagnosis or treatment of human disease, pain, injury, deformity or physical condition, including but not limited to a general hospital, special hospital, mental hospital, public health center, diagnostic center, treatment center, rehabilitation center, extended care facility, skilled nursing home, nursing home, intermediate care facility, tuberculosis hospital, chronic disease hospital, maternity hospital, outpatient clinic, dispensary, home health care agency, home for the sheltered care of adult persons, and bioanalytical laboratory or central services facil-

ity serving one or more such institutions, but excluding institutions that provide healing solely by prayer.

1. This definition shall not be deemed to include nurses, doctors, or other staff housing not attached in accordance with minimum fire separation standards in the building subcode; administrative offices not attached in accordance with minimum fire separation standards in the building subcode; parking garages, or other such facilities for which the Federal government does not impose standards as a condition of funding.

“Hearing examiner” means a person appointed by the commissioner to conduct hearings, summarize evidence and make findings of fact.

“Lead abatement” means a process designed either to mitigate or to eliminate permanently lead-based paint hazards on a premises and includes, but is not limited to: the removal of lead-based paint and lead-contaminated dust; the containment or encapsulation of lead-based paint; the replacement of lead-painted surfaces or fixtures; the removal or covering of lead-contaminated soil; and all preparation, cleanup, disposal and post-abatement clearance testing activities associated with such measures. “Lead abatement” shall not include painting, woodworking, structural renovation or other indoor or outdoor contracting services that may result in the disturbance of paint, unless it is evident from the statements and/or actions of a person or persons authorizing or performing such services that an objective of the work is the mitigation or permanent elimination of a lead-based paint hazard.

“Lead evaluation” means a surface-by-surface investigation to determine the presence and condition of lead-based paint and the provision of a report explaining the results of the investigation, including, but not limited to, hazards and recommendations for abatement.

“Maintenance” means the replacement or mending of existing work with equivalent materials or the provision of additional work or material for the purpose of the safety, healthfulness and upkeep of the structure and the adherence to such other standards of upkeep as are required in the interest of public safety, health and welfare.

“Manufactured home” means a structure, transportable in one or more sections, which in the traveling mode, is eight body feet or more in width, or 40 body feet or more in length, or, when erected on site, is 320 or more square feet, and which is built on a permanent chassis and designed to be used as a dwelling with or without a permanent foundation when connected to the required utilities, and includes the plumbing, heating, air conditioning and electrical systems contained therein; except that such term shall also include any structure which meets all of the requirements of this paragraph except the size requirements and with respect to which the manufacturer has voluntarily filed a certification required by the Secretary of the United States Department of Housing and

Urban Development and complies with the standards established under 42 U.S.C. Section 5401 et seq.

“Minor work” means construction work undertaken in existing structures, requiring no prior approvals and no plan review, not altering in any way the structural members of a building and meeting the definition set forth in N.J.A.C. 5:23-2.17A.

“Municipality” means any city, borough, town, township or village.

“Municipal Procedures Manual” means the book established by the Commissioner, effective January 1, 1984, and any subsequent revisions, detailing the steps to be followed in completing, processing and filing the standards forms, logs and reports required for administration and enforcement of the State Uniform Construction Code.

“Operative date” means the date upon which the Department and local enforcing agencies shall enforce, and all parties shall comply with, an effective rule. Unless otherwise provided in the notice of adoption published in the New Jersey Register, the effective date is the operative date.

“Ordinary maintenance” means restoration or improvement of a routine or usual nature which is done by replacing a part of, or putting together, something that is worn or broken in a building, electrical, plumbing, heating, ventilation or air conditioning system and meeting the definition set forth in N.J.A.C. 5:23-2.7.

“Owner” means the owner or owners in fee of the property or a lesser estate therein, a mortgagee or vendee in possession, an assignee of rents, receiver, executor, trustee, lessee or any other person, firm or corporation, directly or indirectly in control of a building, structure or real property and shall include any subdivision thereof of the State.

“Plans and specifications” means and includes all of the written, graphic and pictorial documents prepared or assembled for describing the design, location and physical characteristics of the elements of the project controlled by these rules and necessary for obtaining a permit. They shall be drawn to an appropriate scale. Where the plans and specifications show, describe or document features of the project not controlled by these rules, the portion(s) of the plans and specifications showing features not controlled by these rules shall not be considered to be “plans and specifications” within the meaning of this definition.

“Plumbing subcode official” means a qualified person appointed by the municipal appointing authority or the commissioner pursuant to the act and the regulations to enforce the provisions of the plumbing subcode within the jurisdiction of the enforcing agency.

“Premanufactured system” or “premanufactured construction” means an assembly of materials or products that is intended to comprise all or part of a building or structure and

that is assembled off-site by a repetitive process under circumstances intended to insure uniformity of quality and material content. The term shall include, but not be limited to, manufactured homes and industrialized/modular buildings.

“Primary function space” means a room or space housing a major activity for which the building or tenancy is intended, including, but not limited to, office area, auditorium, assembly space, dining room, bar or lounge, warehouse, factory, dwelling, care, confinement, retail, and educational spaces, but not including kitchens, bathrooms, storage rooms or other spaces supporting a primary function space. A building or tenancy may contain more than one primary function space.

“Prior approvals” means the necessary certifications or approvals issued or authorized by any Federal or State agency, or any political subdivision of the State, which are not inconsistent with this chapter and which are conditions precedent to the issuance of a construction permit or a certificate of occupancy or approval, as the case may be. Prior approvals shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

1. Zoning;
2. Soil erosion and sediment control;
3. Highway curb cuts;
4. Water and sewer treatment works approvals;
5. Coastal areas facilities review;
6. Compliance of underground storage tank systems with N.J.A.C. 7:14B;
 - i. An approval granted by the Department of Environmental Protection or the construction official by authority of N.J.A.C. 7:14B shall be deemed to be a prior approval;
7. Educational adequacy review of public school facilities under N.J.A.C. 6A:26;
8. Pinelands review; and
9. Compliance of abandoned wells with N.J.A.C. 7:9-9.
 - i. Compliance with N.J.A.C. 7:9-9.1 shall be evidenced by a certification issued by a well driller licensed by the Department of Environmental Protection.

“Private inplant inspection agency”, or “evaluation and inspection agency”, means a business entity authorized pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:23-4 or 4A to approve premanufactured construction.

“Private on-site inspection and plan review agencies” means a business entity authorized pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:23-4 to act in lieu of a subcode official.

“Public school facility” means any building or part thereof used by a local, regional or consolidated board of education as a primary or secondary school

“Pylon sign” means an elevated sign supported either by a monopole or by multiple pole supports and having its bottom edge 15 feet or more above ground level, measured at the base of the longest pole if there is more than one, or an elevated sign mounted on the roof of another structure.

“Reconstruction” means any project where the extent and nature of the work is such that the work area cannot be occupied while the work is in progress and where a new certificate of occupancy is required before the work area can be reoccupied. Reconstruction may include repair, renovation, alteration or any combination thereof. Reconstruction shall not include projects comprised only of floor finish replacement, painting or wallpapering, or the replacement of equipment or furnishings. Asbestos hazard abatement and lead hazard abatement projects shall not be classified as reconstruction solely because occupancy of the work area is not permitted.

“Rehabilitation” means the repair, renovation, alteration or reconstruction of any building or structure.

“Renovation” means the removal and replacement or covering of existing interior or exterior finish, trim, doors, windows, or other materials with new materials that serve the same purpose and do not change the configuration of space. Renovation shall include the replacement of equipment or fixtures.

“Repair” means the restoration to a good or sound condition of materials, systems and/or components that are worn, deteriorated or broken using materials or components identical to or closely similar to the existing.

“Small job” means construction work requiring no prior approvals and the total cost of which is under \$5,000. A “small job” may involve more than one trade and may require plan review.

“State sponsored code change proposal” means any proposed amendment or code change adopted by the commissioner in accordance with subsection c. of section 6 of the act as amended for the purpose of presenting such proposed amendment or code change at any of the periodic code change hearings held by the National Model Code adoption agencies, the codes of which have been adopted as subcodes under the Act. For purposes of this definition a State sponsored code change proposal may also oppose any code change under consideration by a model code agency.

“Stop construction order” means the order provided for in N.J.S.A. 52:27D-132 of the act and N.J.A.C. 5:23-2.

“Structure” means a combination of materials to form a construction for occupancy, use or ornamentation, whether installed on, above, or below the surface of a parcel of land; provided, the word “structure” shall be construed when used herein as though followed by the words “or part or parts thereof and all equipment therein” unless the context clearly requires a different meaning.

“Subcode” means any of the national model codes, parts thereof or other codes or standards as adopted by reference in N.J.A.C. 5:23-3 or as set forth in N.J.A.C. 5:23-7, 8, 10 and 12.

“Tenancy” means an entire building, or that portion of a building or story, which is or is intended to be under the control of a single owner or tenant.

“The Code in effect at the time of permit application” means either the Code in effect on the date of submission of a complete permit application or the Code under which the original plans were reviewed and released pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:23-1.6.

“Use” means that portion of a building or tenancy which is devoted to a single use group or special use or occupancy, as defined in the building subcode, or as established by the provisions of any other subcode for the purpose of specifying special requirements applicable to that portion of a building or tenancy.

“Use Group” means the classification of an occupancy (also see “Group”).

“Wall sign” means a sign mounted on the wall of another structure in a manner such that it is exposed to wind loads from one side only.

“Work area” means any entire use, primary function space or tenancy comprising all or part of a reconstruction project as delineated on the approved permit application and/or plans.

As amended, R.1977 d.256, effective August 1, 1977.

See: 9 N.J.R. 164(a), 9 N.J.R. 358(a).

As amended, R.1978 d.162, effective June 1, 1978.

See: 10 N.J.R. 141(a), 10 N.J.R. 225(a).

As amended, R.1981 d.133, effective May 7, 1981.

See: 13 N.J.R. 119(a), 13 N.J.R. 258(c).

“Certificate of continued occupancy” and “prior approvals” redefined.

As amended, R.1982 d.7, effective February 1, 1982.

See: 13 N.J.R. 717(a), 14 N.J.R. 142(a).

“Manufactured home” was “mobile home”, and definition substantially amended. Added “or premanufactured construction” to “premanufactured system”, and added “The terms ... homes”.

As amended, R.1983 d.611, eff. January 3, 1984.

See: 15 N.J.R. 1789(a), 16 N.J.R. 45(b).

Added definitions of “major work”, “minor work”, “municipal procedures manual”, “ordinary repair” and “small job”.

As amended, R.1984 d.120, effective April 16, 1984.

See: 16 N.J.R. 179(a), 16 N.J.R. 873(a).

“Certificate of occupancy” added “N.J.A.C. 5:23-1.4 have ... been found” to definitions.

Amended by R.1985 d.351, effective July 15, 1985.

See: 17 N.J.R. 1029(a), 17 N.J.R. 1756(b).

Definition for “Facility” added.

Amended by R.1990 d.57, effective February 5, 1990.

See: 21 N.J.R. 3345(b), 22 N.J.R. 350(b).

Reference to compliance with N.J. Underground Storage of Hazardous Substances Act, and deletion of language excluding “public school buildings” from definitions of “building” and “structure”.

Amended by R.1990 d.313, effective June 18, 1990.

See: 22 N.J.R. 691(a), 22 N.J.R. 1915(b).

Industrialized/modular buildings added to definition of premanufactured system.

Amended by R.1991 d.325, effective July 1, 1991.

See: 23 N.J.R. 805(a), 23 N.J.R. 2046(a).

Definitions of certificate of approval, elevator and elevator subcode official added.

Amended by R.1992 d.244, effective June 15, 1992.

See: 24 N.J.R. 1147(a), 24 N.J.R. 2243(a).

Definitions added for Class I, II and III structures.

Amended by R.1993 d.420, effective September 7, 1993.

See: 25 N.J.R. 2158(a), 25 N.J.R. 4072(a).

Amended by R.1993 d.580, effective November 15, 1993.

See: 25 N.J.R. 3692(a), 25 N.J.R. 5145(c).

Administrative correction.

See: 26 N.J.R. 2779(c).

Amended by R.1995 d.381, effective July 17, 1995.

See: 27 N.J.R. 970(a), 27 N.J.R. 2715(a).

Amended by R.1995 d.544, effective October 16, 1995.

See: 27 N.J.R. 2827(a), 27 N.J.R. 3933(a).

Amended by R.1996 d.190, effective April 15, 1996.

See: 28 N.J.R. 320(a), 28 N.J.R. 1981(a).

Added "construction documents".

Amended by R.1996 d.236, effective May 20, 1996 (operative January 1, 1997).

See: 27 N.J.R. 4050(a), 28 N.J.R. 2586(a).

Amended by R.1996 d.323, effective July 15, 1996 (operative January 1, 1997).

See: 28 N.J.R. 2112(a), 28 N.J.R. 3549(a).

Amended by R.1997 d.409, effective October 6, 1997.

See: 29 N.J.R. 2736(a), 29 N.J.R. 4281(a).

Amended "Prior approvals" and "Subcode".

Amended by R.1997 d.417, effective October 6, 1997.

See: 29 N.J.R. 3387(a), 29 N.J.R. 4285(a).

Amended "Prior approvals" and "Public school facility".

Amended by R.1998 d.28, effective January 5, 1998.

See: 29 N.J.R. 3603(a), 30 N.J.R. 129(a).

In list of definitions, added "Alteration", "Change of use", "Primary function space", "Reconstruction", "Rehabilitation", "Renovation", "Repair", "Tenancy", "Use", "Work area".

Amended by R.1999 d.424, effective December 6, 1999.

See: 31 N.J.R. 2428(a), 31 N.J.R. 4001(c).

Changed "Ordinary repair" definition to "Ordinary maintenance".

Administrative change.

See: 34 N.J.R. 1022(a).

Amended by R.2003 d.216, effective May 19, 2003.

See: 35 N.J.R. 16(a), 35 N.J.R. 2203(a).

Deleted "Construction documents"; added "Plans and specifications".

Amended by R.2003 d.473, effective December 15, 2003.

See: 35 N.J.R. 2421(a), 35 N.J.R. 5543(a).

Deleted "Major work".

Amended by R.2004 d.260, effective July 6, 2004.

See: 35 N.J.R. 3474(b), 36 N.J.R. 3274(a).

Added "Billboard", "Ground sign", "Pylon sign" and "Wall sign".

Amended by R.2004 d.393, effective October 18, 2004.

See: 36 N.J.R. 3003(a), 36 N.J.R. 4814(a).

Added "Group" and "Use Group".

Administrative Correction.

See: 38 N.J.R. 3024(a).

Amended by R.2006 d.355, effective October 2, 2006.

See: 38 N.J.R. 1789(a), 38 N.J.R. 4175(a).

Added definition "The Code in effect at the time of permit application".

Administrative correction.

See: 38 N.J.R. 5355(a).

Amended by R.2007, d.384, effective December 17, 2007.

See: 39 N.J.R. 2684(a), 39 N.J.R. 5211(a).

In definition "Class I structure", substituted "vi" for "vii" and "xxii" for "xxi"; in definition "Class II structure", substituted "xxii" for "xxi"; and in definition "Class III structure", substituted "vi" for "vii".

Case Notes

Citation to definitions of construction permit and certificate of occupancy. Home Builders League of South Jersey, Inc. v. Evesham Twp., 174 N.J.Super. 252, 416 A.2d 81 (Law Div.1980).

Citation to mobile home definition in former regulation (similar to present manufactured home definition); mobile homes acceptable form of moderate cost housing. Southern Burlington County N.A.A.C.P. v. Twp. of Mt. Laurel, 161 N.J.Super. 317, 391 A.2d 935 (Law Div.1978) affirmed in part, reversed in part 92 N.J. 158, 456 A.2d 390, on remand 207 N.J.Super 169, 504 A.2d 66.

Applicant for construction permit must provide assurances that necessary prior approvals obtained. Riggins v. Pinelands Commission, 8 N.J.A.R. 441 (1985).

5:23-1.5 Effective date

(a) The provisions of the regulations shall take effect on January 1, 1977. All construction regulations incorporated in any act of the State of New Jersey, or of any municipality presently in effect, or validly promulgated or enacted by any board, department, commission or agency thereof, shall continue in effect until January 1, 1977, and shall thereafter be superseded and of no further force and effect. Any law or regulation addressing areas for which the commissioner shall not have promulgated a subcode may continue in effect until such time as a subcode therefor is adopted.

(b) Exceptions include:

1. This section shall not apply to those aspects of the act which were capable of taking effect on the effective date of the act.

2. This section shall not apply to those parts of N.J.A.C. 5:23-4 which require the adoption of a resolution or other action prior to the effective date. Such section shall take effect upon adoption.

3. This section shall not apply to laws or regulations specifically saved by the act or the regulations.

5:23-1.6 Grace period

(a) For a period of six months following the operative date of a subcode revision, applicants may submit a complete permit application, including all prior approvals, to be reviewed under the code in force immediately preceding the subcode revision. Provided that the application is complete, the construction official and applicable subcode officials shall perform the plan review and issue construction permit(s) based on the code in force immediately prior to the operative date of the subcode revision. This grace period shall apply only to revisions of subcodes.

1. Execution of work in accordance with the regulations;
2. Execution and control of all methods of construction in a safe and satisfactory manner;
3. Execution of all work in accordance with the code and those portions of the plans and specifications controlled by the code;
4. In general, render all such construction services as required to effect a safe and satisfactory installation of the project;
5. Upon completion of the construction, the contractor shall certify to the best of the contractor's knowledge and belief that such has been done substantially in accordance with the code and with those portions of the plans and specifications controlled by the code, with any substantial **deviation specifically noted.**

(f) The provisions of this section do not relieve the enforcing agency of any of the responsibilities required by the regulations.

Amended by R.1998 d.28, effective January 5, 1998.

See: 29 N.J.R. 3603(a), 30 N.J.R. 129(a).

Amended by R.2003 d.216, effective May 19, 2003.

See: 35 N.J.R. 16(a), 35 N.J.R. 2203(a).

Rewrote the section.

Administrative correction.

See: 39 N.J.R. 4571(a).

5:23-2.22 Premanufactured construction

(a) Premanufactured construction certified in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:23-4A or 4B, and carrying an appropriate label, shall be accepted as conforming to the requirements of the regulations to the extent provided for by the particular label for purposes of local construction inspection approval.

1. Prior to accepting the unit, the appropriate subcode official may require the performance of nondestructive tests.
2. In the case of visible signs of damage and/or any visible code violations, the construction official shall consider the seriousness of the nonconformance or damage and accordingly issue a Temporary Certificate of Occupancy or Certificate of Occupancy or deny such Certificate. If a Temporary Certificate is issued or a Certificate is denied, the construction official shall request that the label-issuing agency reaffirm in writing that the assembly still conforms to the regulations and notify the Department in writing.
3. No inspection requiring disassembly, damage to, or destruction of certified premanufactured construction shall be conducted.

(b) The appropriate subcode officials shall inspect the installation of any premanufactured unit or assembly and all work installed or completed on site to determine compliance with the regulations and the approved plans.

Amended by R.1994 d.96, effective February 22, 1994.

See: 25 N.J.R. 5388(a), 26 N.J.R. 1073(a).

5:23-2.23 Certificate requirements

(a) New buildings: A building or structure hereafter erected shall not be used or occupied in whole or part until a form of certificate of occupancy shall have been issued by the construction official.

1. The enforcing agency shall upon application by the owner issue a certificate of occupancy when all requirements of the regulations have been met.

(b) Buildings hereafter renovated or altered: A building or structure hereafter renovated or altered shall not be occupied or used until the certificate of approval shall have been issued by the construction official, certifying that the work has been completed in accordance with the provisions of the code, except as is otherwise provided in the regulations. Any use or occupancy which was not discontinued during the work of renovation or alteration shall be discontinued within 30 calendar days after the completion of the alteration, unless the certificate of approval is secured from the enforcing agency.

(c) Building hereafter reconstructed: A building or structure, or portion thereof, hereafter reconstructed shall not be used until a certificate of occupancy shall have been issued for the entire building or structure or the portion being reconstructed, as the case may be, by the construction official, certifying that the work has been completed in accordance with the provisions of the code, except as otherwise provided in these rules.

(d) Building hereafter extended: No addition which increases the height or area of an existing building or structure shall be used until a certificate of occupancy shall have been issued by the construction official certifying that the work has been completed in accordance with the provisions of the code, except as otherwise provided in these rules.

(e) Existing buildings: Upon request of the owner of an existing building or structure, the construction official, with the approval of the subcode officials, shall issue a certificate of continued occupancy provided that there are not violations of law or orders of the construction official pending and it is established after inspection and investigation of available municipal records that the alleged use of the building or structure has lawfully existed. The certificate of continued occupancy shall evidence only that a general inspection of the visible parts of the building has been made, and that no violations of N.J.A.C. 5:23-2.14 have been determined to have occurred and no unsafe conditions violative of N.J.A.C. 5:23-2.32(a) have been found. Nothing in this subsection shall prevent the continued lawful use and occupancy of any such lawfully existing building or structure.

(f) Change of use: After a change of use has been made in a building or structure, the reestablishment of a prior use is prohibited unless the building complies with the provisions of N.J.A.C. 5:23-6, Rehabilitation Subcode, for the prior use.

(g) Temporary certificate of occupancy: Upon the written request for a temporary certificate of occupancy by the holder

of a permit, the construction official shall issue, and may renew, a temporary certificate of occupancy for a building or structure or part thereof when the work covered by the permit shall have been substantially completed, provided that such portion or portions may be occupied safely prior to full completion of the building or structure without endangering health or safety.

1. The temporary certificate of occupancy and each subsequent renewal shall list the work to be completed and shall be valid for a reasonable period of time to complete the specified work, but not less than 60 days. The municipal tax assessor shall be notified when the temporary certificate of occupancy is issued.

2. The request for a temporary certificate of occupancy may be denied when there are outstanding fees or penalties, when the required warranties, licenses or registrations are not in place, or the conditions of prior approvals affecting health and safety of the building occupants have not been met.

i. In the case of soil conservation, a temporary certificate of occupancy shall be denied if a Report of Compliance or Report of Compliance with Conditions is not issued by the soil conservation district pursuant to N.J.A.C. 2:90.

(h) Certificates for individual tenant spaces in multi-tenant buildings shall be issued pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:23-2.23A.

(i) Application: A written application for a certificate of occupancy shall be filed with the enforcing agency by the owner or his agent. The application shall include the following:

1. The name and address of the owner or his agent;
2. The location of the building or structure;
3. If a change of use is contemplated, the current and proposed use groups;
4. The statement by the responsible person in charge of work, that to the best of his or her knowledge all work has been completed in accordance with the permit and the regulations;
5. A statement of the final cost of construction work, including the basic structure, all on-site improvements, built-in furnishings and fixtures and all integral equipment exclusive of process or manufacturing equipment;
6. A set of amended drawings, if required by the construction official and the appropriate subcode official(s), when the dimensions, lay out or appearance of the building or structure deviates substantially from the released plans and specifications filed with the construction permit application; and
7. A test and balance report for mechanically ventilated Class I and II buildings of Use Groups B and E submitted

by a licensed professional engineer or by a test and balance professional certified by the Associated Air Balance Council or the National Environmental Balancing Bureau. The signed report shall include:

- i. Minimum quantity of outdoor air required by code;
- ii. Minimum quantity of outdoor air specified in the design;
- iii. Actual measured outdoor cubic feet/minute (CFM) or a derived quantity, if actual measurement is not possible; and
- iv. Actual measured total CFM.

(j) Contents of certificate: When a building or structure is entitled thereto, the construction official shall issue a certificate of occupancy within 10 business days after written application therefor.

1. The certificate shall certify the purpose for which the building or structure may be used in its several parts.

2. The certificate of occupancy shall specify: the use group(s), in accordance with the provisions of the building subcode; the maximum live load on all floors as prescribed in the building subcode; the occupancy load in the building and all parts thereof as defined in the building subcode; and any special stipulations and conditions of the construction permit.

3. The construction official shall affix his signature to the certificate and, by so doing, shall certify that the building or structure has been approved for occupancy by all applicable subcode officials in accordance with the provisions of N.J.A.C. 5:23-3.

(k) No temporary or final certificate of occupancy shall be granted until all required utilities, including but not limited to water, sewer, electric and gas are installed and in service.

(l) Equipment listed below, which has been determined by the Department to create a significant potential hazard to public health and safety, shall be granted a certificate of compliance by the construction official based upon the findings of the appropriate subcode official or approved agency for the time period specified. Such equipment shall periodically be reinspected or tested in accordance with the provisions of the regulations, prior to the expiration of a certificate of compliance, and any violation shall be corrected before a new certificate may be issued. No device shall continue in operation unless a valid certificate of compliance has been reissued.

1. High pressure boilers: 12 months;
2. Refrigeration systems: 12 months;
3. Pressure vessels: 12 months;

GPF set at 1.6; gravity water closets not permitted in commercial uses.

Amended by R.1991 d.571, effective November 18, 1991.

See: 23 N.J.R. 2619(a), 23 N.J.R. 3444(b).

Added new (c).

Amended by R.1992 d.67, effective February 3, 1992.

See: 23 N.J.R. 3602(a), 24 N.J.R. 404(b).

Low volume water closet exception added at (b)18i(1).

Amended by R.1993 d.662, effective December 20, 1993.

See: 25 N.J.R. 3891(a), 25 N.J.R. 5918(a).

Amended by R.1995 d.122, effective March 6, 1995 (operative July 1, 1995).

See: 26 N.J.R. 4874(a), 27 N.J.R. 894(a).

Amended by R.1998 d.136, effective March 16, 1998.

See: 30 N.J.R. 4(a), 30 N.J.R. 1038(a).

In (b)9, added xii.

Amended by R.1998 d.332, effective July 6, 1998.

See: 30 N.J.R. 1377(a), 30 N.J.R. 2421(b).

Rewrote the section.

Amended by R.2001 d.340, effective September 17, 2001.

See: 33 N.J.R. 1245(a), 33 N.J.R. 3308(b).

Rewrote the section.

Amended by R.2002 d.393, effective December 16, 2002.

See: 34 N.J.R. 2914(a), 34 N.J.R. 4428(a).

In (b)8, deleted former (ii) and recodified existing (iii) to (ix) as (ii) to (viii).

Amended by R.2005 d.35, effective January 18, 2005.

See: 36 N.J.R. 3329(b), 37 N.J.R. 267(a).

Rewrote the section.

Administrative correction.

See: 37 N.J.R. 885(a).

Amended by R.2005 d.341, effective October 17, 2005.

See: 37 N.J.R. 164(a), 37 N.J.R. 3974(b).

In (b)3iv, added "and add the following sentence at the end: 'Minimum earth cover for building sewers connected to a private sewage disposal system shall be 6 inches.'" at the end of the paragraph.

Amended by R.2007 d.65, effective February 20, 2007.

See: 38 N.J.R. 3348(a), 39 N.J.R. 633(a).

Rewrote the section.

Case Notes

Statute providing that only licensed master plumbers could be plumbing contractors was unconstitutional. *Mechanical Contractors Ass'n of New Jersey, Inc. v. State*, 255 N.J.Super. 488, 605 A.2d 743 (A.D.1992).

5:23-3.16 Electrical subcode

(a) Rules concerning the subcode adopted are as follows:

1. Pursuant to authority of P.L. 1975, c. 217, as modified by P.L. 1996, c.53, the Commissioner hereby adopts the model code of the National Fire Protection Association, known as "The National Electrical Code 2005" as the electrical subcode for New Jersey.

i. Copies of this code may be obtained from the sponsors at NFPA, One Batterymarch Park, Quincy, Massachusetts 02269.

2. The National Electrical Code 2005 may be known and cited as "the electrical subcode."

i. Codes and standards referenced in the Fine Print Notes (FPNs) of the electrical subcode (NEC 2005) shall be considered adopted by reference to the extent prescribed by each related section. These codes and standards also are printed in DCA Bulletin #06-2, which

contains a list of adopted codes and standards that are applicable to the enforcement of the electrical subcode.

3. The Commissioner hereby adopts the National Electrical Safety Code (ANSI C2-2002) for the installation of area lighting facilities by an electric utility on private property on metal poles with an underground electric feed.

i. Copies of the National Electrical Safety Code may be obtained from the Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers, Inc., PO Box 1331, 445 Hoes Lane, Piscataway, New Jersey 08855-1331.

(b) The following chapters or articles of the electrical subcode are amended as follows:

1. Article 90 of the electrical subcode, entitled "Introduction," is amended as follows:

i. Section 90.4, entitled "Enforcement," is amended to delete in the first paragraph the phrase, "authority having jurisdiction for enforcement of the code" and substitute in lieu thereof, the term "electrical subcode official." And add a new last sentence in the first paragraph: "Approval shall be in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:23-2.9." Delete in the second paragraph the phrase "authority having jurisdiction" and substitute in lieu thereof the term "electrical subcode official" and add after "effective safety" the phrase "as provided in N.J.A.C. 5:23-2.9." Delete in the third paragraph the phrase "authority having jurisdiction" and substitute in lieu thereof the term "electrical subcode official" and delete the phrase "by the jurisdiction" after the word "adopted."

ii. Section 90.5, entitled "Mandatory Rules, Permissive Rules, and Explanatory Material," is amended to add "except as outlined under N.J.A.C. 5:23-3.16(a)2i" after the word "Code" in line 6 under paragraph (C).

2. Chapter 1 of the electrical subcode, Article 100, entitled "Definitions," is amended as follows:

i. The definition of the term "approved" is amended to delete the phrase "the authority having jurisdiction" and substitute in lieu thereof, the phrase "electrical subcode official. Approval shall be in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:23-3.7, 3.8 and 3.8A."

ii. The definition of "Authority having jurisdiction" is replaced with "Unless otherwise specifically noted, the authority having jurisdiction for the Electrical Subcode shall be the Electrical Subcode Official."

iii. The definition of the term "building" is deleted and in lieu thereof, substitute the definition of the term "building" found in N.J.A.C. 5:23-1.4".

3. Chapter 2 of the electrical subcode, entitled "Wiring and Protection," is amended as follows:

i. Section 210.12(B) of Article 210, entitled "Branch Circuits," is amended to insert the following

sentence at the end of the section, "This requirement shall be considered optional."

4. Chapter 3 of the electrical subcode, entitled "Wiring Methods and Materials," is amended as follows:

i. Section 300.4(A)(1) is amended to delete the words from "so that the edge..." on line four through "... cannot be maintained" on line six and in lieu thereof substitute "as required by the building subcode. Where the distance from the edge of the hole to the nearest edge of the wood member is less than 32 mm (1¼ inches)."

ii. Section 334.10(1) is amended to add "and accessory buildings or structures" after the word dwellings.

iii. Section 334.12(A)(2) is deleted in its entirety.

5. Chapter 5 of the electrical subcode, entitled "Special Occupancies," is amended as follows:

i. Sections 514.11(B) and 514.11(C) are amended to delete the phrase "authority having jurisdiction" and substitute in lieu thereof the phrase "fire protection subcode official."

ii. Part II of Article 550, entitled "Mobile Homes, Manufactured Homes, and Mobile Home Parks" comprising sections 550.11 through 550.25 is deleted. Section 550.10 shall be retained.

(1) Exception—Part II is retained in its entirety in the case of mobile/manufactured homes undergoing repair, renovation, or alteration.

(A) Section 550.25 is amended to add the following sentence at the end of the section: "This requirement shall be considered optional."

iii. In Article 551, entitled "Recreation Vehicles and Recreation Vehicle Parks," delete from the title the words "Recreational Vehicles and."

(1) Section 551.1 is amended to delete the phrase "within or on recreational vehicles" on line 4.

(2) Parts II, III, IV, and V, comprising sections 551.20 through 551.60, are deleted in their entirety, with the exception of Figure 551.46(C), which shall be retained.

iv. The following amendments are made to Article 552, entitled "Park Trailers":

(1) Parts II and III comprising sections 552.10 through 552.20 are deleted in their entirety.

(2) Part IV comprising sections 552.40 through 552.59 is deleted with the exception of sections 552.43, 552.44 and 552.47 which shall be retained.

(3) Part V is deleted in its entirety.

6. Annex G of the electrical subcode, entitled "Administration and Enforcement," is deleted in its entirety.

7. Chapter 6 of the electrical subcode, entitled "Special Equipment," is amended as follows:

i. Section 680.26(C), entitled "Equipotential Bonding Grid," is amended to add the phrase "conform to the contours of the pool and shall" before the word "extend" and to add the words "within or" after the word "extend" in the first paragraph. Insert the following paragraph immediately following the first paragraph: "Exception: The equipotential bonding grid shall not be required to be installed under the bottom of or vertically along the walls of vinyl lined polymer wall, fiberglass composite, or other pools constructed of nonconductive materials. Any metal parts of the pool, including metal structural supports, shall be bonded in accordance with 680.26(B). For the purposes of this section, poured concrete, pneumatically applied (sprayed) concrete, and concrete block, with painted or plastered coatings, shall be considered conductive material."

ii. Section 680.26(C)(1), is amended to add the phrase "or deck" after the word "pool". Add a new last sentence as follows: "Where deck reinforcing steel is not an integral part of the pool, the deck reinforcing steel shall be bonded to other parts of the bonding grid using a minimum 8 AWG solid copper conductor. Connection shall be per 680.26(D)."

(c) A newly installed automatic lawn sprinkler system, where such systems are not prohibited by local ordinance, shall be equipped with an automatic rain sensor device or switch that will override the irrigation cycle of the automatic lawn sprinkler system when rainfall of more than one-half inch has occurred.

Amended by R.1981 d.132, effective May 7, 1981.

See: 13 N.J.R. 121(a), 13 N.J.R. 258(d).

Amended by R.1984 d.314, effective August 6, 1984.

See: 16 N.J.R. 1139(a), 16 N.J.R. 2084(b).

Section substantially amended.

Amended by R.1987 d.374, effective September 21, 1987.

See: 19 N.J.R. 1024(a), 19 N.J.R. 1720(b).

Model subcode revisions.

Amended by R.1990 d.253, effective May 21, 1990.

See: 22 N.J.R. 909(b), 22 N.J.R. 1554(a).

Amendments to (b)4i(2), ii(2).

Administrative Correction to (b)4i(2).

See: 22 N.J.R. 2503(b).

Amended by R.1990 d.507, effective October 15, 1990.

See: 22 N.J.R. 2208(a), 22 N.J.R. 3214(a).

Text conformed to BOCA National Code/1990.

Amended by R.1993 d.662, effective December 20, 1993.

See: 25 N.J.R. 3891(a), 25 N.J.R. 5918(a).

Amended by R.1998 d.332, effective July 6, 1998.

See: 30 N.J.R. 1377(a), 30 N.J.R. 2421(b).

Rewrote the section.

Amended by R.1998 d.362, effective July 20, 1998.

See: 30 N.J.R. 1122(a), 30 N.J.R. 2644(b).

In (a), inserted a new 3.

Amended by R.2000 d.48, effective February 7, 2000.

See: 31 N.J.R. 2317(a), 32 N.J.R. 445(a).

In (a), substituted references to 1999 for references to 1996 throughout, substituted a reference to One Batterymarch Park for a reference to

Batterymarch Park in 1i, and inserted 2i; and in (b), inserted 1ii, inserted a new 3, recodified former 3 and 4 as 4 and 5, substituted a reference to line four for a reference to line three and substituted a reference to line six for a reference to line five in the new 4i, and substituted a reference to section 500-5(a)(4) for a reference to section 500-3(a)4 in the new 5i.

Amended by R.2003 d.187, effective May 5, 2003.

See: 34 N.J.R. 4248(a), 35 N.J.R. 1939(c).

Rewrote the section.

Amended by R.2003 d.240, effective June 16, 2003.

See: 34 N.J.R. 3045(a), 35 N.J.R. 2637(c).

Added (c).

Amended by R.2006 d.158, effective May 1, 2006.

See: 37 N.J.R. 4105(a), 38 N.J.R. 1827(a).

In (a)1, (a)2 and (a)2.i, substituted "2005" for "2002"; also in (a)2.i, substituted "#06-2" for "#03-1"; in (a)3, substituted "C2-2002" for "C2-1997"; deleted (b)1 and recodified (b)2 through (b)6 as (b)1 through (b)5; in (b)4.ii, substituted "(2)" for "(1)", in (b)5iii(1), substituted "4" for "2"; in (b)5iii(2), substituted "V" for "VI" and "551.20" for "551.10"; and inserted (b)6.

Amended by R.2007 d.310, effective October 1, 2007.

See: 39 N.J.R. 135(a), 39 N.J.R. 4113(b).

Added (b)7.

Amended by R.2007, d.384, effective December 17, 2007.

See: 39 N.J.R. 2684(a), 39 N.J.R. 5211(a).

Added new (b)4ii; recodified former (b)4ii as (b)4iii; and in (b)4iii, substituted "(2)" for "(1)".

Case Notes

Former N.J.A.C. 5:23-3.6 designated "National Electrical code of 1975" as controlling code; statute of limitations. *Brown v. Jersey Central Power and Light Co.*, 163 N.J.Super. 179 394 A.2d 397 (App.Div.1978) certification denied 79 N.J. 489 401 A.2d 244.

5:23-3.17 Fire protection subcode

(a) Rules concerning the subcode adopted are as follows:

1. Pursuant to the authority of P.L. 1975, c. 217 as modified by P.L. 1996, c. 53, the Commissioner hereby adopts the following portions of the building, electrical, mechanical and fuel gas subcodes, to the extent delineated in N.J.A.C. 5:23-3.4, as the fire protection subcode for New Jersey.

Section was "Requirements for submission of compliance assurance programs".

5:23-4A.16 (Reserved)

Repealed by R.1994 d.96, effective February 22, 1994.
See: 25 N.J.R. 5388(a), 26 N.J.R. 1073(a).

Section was "Building system documentation, quality control program requirements and on-site installation instructions requirements".

5:23-4A.17 (Reserved)

Repealed by R.1994 d.96, effective February 22, 1994.
See: 25 N.J.R. 5388(a), 26 N.J.R. 1073(a).

Section was "Approval of evaluation and inspection agencies".

5:23-4A.18 (Reserved)

Repealed by R.1994 d.96, effective February 22, 1994.
See: 25 N.J.R. 5388(a), 26 N.J.R. 1073(a).

Section was "Procedures for approving evaluation and inspection agencies and delegating authority to them".

5:23-4A.19 (Reserved)

Repealed by R.1994 d.96, effective February 22, 1994.
See: 25 N.J.R. 5388(a), 26 N.J.R. 1073(a).

Section was "Continued approval of evaluation and inspection agencies".

5:23-4A.20 (Reserved)

Repealed by R.1994 d.96, effective February 22, 1994.
See: 25 N.J.R. 5388(a), 26 N.J.R. 1073(a).

Section was "Suspension and revocation; evaluation and inspection agencies".

5:23-4A.21 (Reserved)

Repealed by R.1994 d.96, effective February 22, 1994.
See: 25 N.J.R. 5388(a), 26 N.J.R. 1073(a).

Section was "Reciprocity".

5:23-4A.22 (Reserved)

Repealed by R.1994 d.96, effective February 22, 1994.
See: 25 N.J.R. 5388(a), 26 N.J.R. 1073(a).

Section was "Procedures for granting or refusing reciprocity to another jurisdiction".

5:23-4A.23 (Reserved)

Repealed by R.1994 d.96, effective February 22, 1994.
See: 25 N.J.R. 5388(a), 26 N.J.R. 1073(a).

Section was "Procedures for reciprocal certification of industrialized modular buildings or building components".

5:23-4A.24 (Reserved)

Repealed by R.1994 d.96, effective February 22, 1994.
See: 25 N.J.R. 5388(a), 26 N.J.R. 1073(a).

Section was "Suspension and revocation; reciprocal certification".

5:23-4A.25 (Reserved)

Repealed by R.1994 d.96, effective February 22, 1994.
See: 25 N.J.R. 5388(a), 26 N.J.R. 1073(a).

Section was "State licensure and training".

5:23-4A.26 (Reserved)

Repealed by R.1994 d.96, effective February 22, 1994.
See: 25 N.J.R. 5388(a), 26 N.J.R. 1073(a).

Section was "Appeals".

5:23-4A.27 (Reserved)

Repealed by R.1994 d.96, effective February 22, 1994.

See: 25 N.J.R. 5388(a), 26 N.J.R. 1073(a).

Section was "Conduct of hearings".

SUBCHAPTER 4B. MANUFACTURED HOMES AND MANUFACTURED HOME ADD-ON UNITS NOT SUBJECT TO FEDERAL REGULATION

5:23-4B.1 Scope

(a) This subchapter shall govern the design, manufacture and installation of manufactured homes, and manufactured home add-on units, not subject to the Federal Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Standards, intended for installation in this State.

(b) Manufactured homes and manufactured home add-ons may be sold for, delivered to, or installed on building sites located in any jurisdiction of this State, if they have been approved and certified pursuant to this subchapter.

5:23-4B.2 Applicability

Approval of evaluation and inspection agencies, documents submission, review and approval, construction control, and inspection and certification of manufactured home add-on units shall, additionally be governed by the applicable requirements of the Federal Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Standards.

5:23-4B.3 Standards

(a) Manufactured (mobile) homes, as defined in N.J.A.C. 5:23-1.4, shall:

1. Comply with all the applicable provisions of the Federal Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Standards; and
2. Be approved or certified in accordance with the said Federal standards.

(b) Manufactured home add-on units shall:

1. Comply with the applicable provisions of N.J.A.C. 5:23; and
2. Be certified pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:23-4B.7.

5:23-4B.4 Administration and enforcement

(a) The Department shall administer and enforce all provisions of this subchapter. The Department shall have responsibility for evaluating and approving building systems and for inspecting and certifying manufactured home add-on units for compliance with this subchapter. The Department shall allow the use in the State of New Jersey of manufactured home add-on units labeled and certified by approved

evaluation and inspection agencies in accordance with this subchapter.

(b) The Department shall approve building systems for manufactured home add-on units and shall approve compliance assurance programs that comply with the requirements of this subchapter. The Department may delegate to approved evaluation agencies all or part of the evaluation of building systems and compliance assurance programs.

5:23-4B.5 Acceptability

(a) Manufactured (mobile) homes built in accordance with the Federal Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Standards and bearing a Federal label of certification shall be accepted as conforming to the requirements of this chapter for purposes of local construction inspection approval.

(b) Manufactured (mobile) home add-on units built in accordance with the New Jersey Uniform Construction Code and bearing a manufactured home add-on label of certification shall be accepted as conforming to the requirements of this chapter for the purpose of local construction inspection approval.

5:23-4B.6 Approvals of building systems and compliance assurance program

(a) Approved evaluation agencies shall be permitted to approve building systems and compliance assurance program for manufactured home add-on units.

(b) Building systems shall be evaluated and approved in accordance with this subchapter.

(c) Compliance assurance programs shall be evaluated and approved in accordance with this subchapter.

5:23-4B.7 Certification

(a) Manufactured home add-on units accepted by the Department or by an approved inspection agency as having been manufactured according to an approved building system and an approved compliance assurance program shall be certified by the Department as complying with the requirements of this chapter.

(b) The Department may delegate to evaluation and inspection agencies all or part of the inspection or the issuance or attachment of labels to manufactured home add-on units.

(c) A Department label of certification for each manufactured home add-on unit that is certified pursuant to this subchapter shall be permanently attached thereto in an accessible and visible location. The location of the label shall be indicated on the approved building system documentation.

1. An approved label for a manufactured home add-on unit shall bear the following information:

i. State of New Jersey—Department of Community Affairs—approved mobile home add-on unit—N.J.A.C. 5:23; and

ii. A label serial number.

5:23-4B.8 Labels; fees

(a) An approved evaluation and inspection agency requesting the Department to issue labels of certification for manufactured home add-on units shall pay a fee of \$70.00 for each label.

(b) One manufactured home add-on unit label of certification shall be required for each manufactured home add-on unit.

5:23-4B.9 Requirements for submission of compliance assurance documents

(a) The manufacturer shall not start production of any manufactured home add-on unit unless the building systems documents, compliance assurance program and on-site installation instructions have been approved in accordance with this subchapter.

(b) The building systems documents consist of plans, specifications, calculations, test results and/or other documents that describe in detail the product and manufacturing processes employed to produce manufactured home add-on units. The documents need only show details for equipment provided by the manufacturer. The documents shall be comprehensively indexed and shall meet the requirements of this subchapter.

(c) The compliance assurance program is a system employed by the manufacturer to assure conformance with the approved building system documents. The compliance assurance manual shall be comprehensively indexed and shall meet the requirements of this subchapter.

(d) The on-site installation instructions shall consist of specific installation procedures provided by the manufacturer that specify the materials and procedures required to install the unit in conformance with the code and applicable standards. Specific installation procedures provided by the manufacturer shall include:

1. Details for connection of manufactured home add-on units to the foundation;
2. Structural connections as required;
3. Connections required to complete the mechanical and/or utility systems; and
4. Any special conditions affecting other structural elements.

5:23-4B.10 Appeals

(a) Any person, firm or corporation acting on behalf of itself or a class adversely affected by any notice, order, ruling, decision or action of any evaluation and inspection agency or of the Commissioner may file an appeal.

(b) An application for a hearing must be filed within 20 business days of receipt by the appellant of the notice, order, ruling, decision or action complained of.

(c) The notice of appeal may be filed either in person or by mail and shall be addressed to the Hearing Coordinator, Division of Codes and Standards, PO Box 802, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0802.

(d) The application shall be in writing and shall set forth the rule under which the appeal is being brought and the facts and circumstances of the case.

(e) The application shall include, where appropriate, the following information and documentation:

1. A copy of the notice, order, ruling, decision or action that is the subject of the appeal;
2. A copy of the building system, compliance assurance program or other document involved;
3. A description of the industrialized/modular building or building component affected;
4. A statement of the relief sought by the appellant; and
5. In the event of an appeal from an action or decision of an evaluation and inspection agency, the application shall contain a copy or, if that is unavailable, a written statement, of the prior decision or other action of the agency being appealed.

Amended by R.1997 d.409, effective October 6, 1997.
See: 29 N.J.R. 2736(a), 29 N.J.R. 4281(a).

5:23-4B.11 Conduct of hearings

Hearings in contested cases shall be conducted by the Office of Administrative Law pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act, N.J.S.A. 52:14B-1 et seq. and the Uniform Administrative Procedure Rules, N.J.A.C. 1:1.

SUBCHAPTER 4C. ENFORCEMENT OF FEDERAL MANUFACTURED HOME STANDARDS
5:23-4C.1 Delegation of authority

The authority of the Department of Community Affairs as the State Administrative Agency to enforce Federal manufactured home construction and safety standards is hereby delegated to the Bureau of Code Services (the "Bureau"), PO Box 816, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0816.

5:23-4C.2 Relation to Federal law

(a) This subchapter incorporates the Federal regulations found at 24 C.F.R. Sections 3282.152, 3282.153, 3282.309 and 3282.401 et seq. (Subpart I), including all subsequent amendments and supplements to these sections. These sections are hereby incorporated by reference.

(b) Every manufacturer who produces manufactured homes in this State shall comply with all applicable requirements of 24 C.F.R. Section 3282.401 et seq. (Subpart I).

(c) The Bureau shall monitor manufacturer compliance with the requirements of 24 C.F.R. Section 3282.401 et seq. (Subpart I) primarily by checking records required to be kept by manufacturers in the State pursuant to 24 C.F.R. Section 3282.404(b) at least once annually.

(d) Nothing in this chapter shall be read to conflict with any provision of the Federal Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-383) as amended or Federal regulations promulgated thereunder (42 U.S.C. Section 5401 et seq.). Whenever it shall appear that a provision of this chapter is in conflict with any Federal standard or requirement under the Federal Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards Act, Federal law shall govern.

5:23-4C.3 Complaint procedure

(a) Complaints or other information concerning an imminent safety hazard or a failure to conform with applicable standards of any manufactured home manufactured, sold, leased, introduced, imported or delivered in this State may be made to the Bureau.

(b) When a consumer complaint or other information indicating the possible existence of an imminent safety hazard or a failure to conform to applicable standards is received by the Bureau, the Bureau shall forward the complaint or other information to the manufacturer of the manufactured home in question.

(c) When it appears from the complaint or other information that more than one manufactured home may be involved, the Bureau shall send a copy of the complaint or other information to the State Administrative Agency of the state where the manufactured home was manufactured or, if there is no such State Administrative Agency, to the Secretary of the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (the "Secretary") and, when it appears that an imminent safety hazard or serious defect may be involved, simultaneously send a copy to the Secretary.

5:23-4C.4 Hearing and appeal procedures

(a) When the Bureau is the appropriate agency to hold a hearing for presentation of views as provided for at 24 C.F.R. Sections 3282.405 and 3282.407, the Bureau shall follow the procedures set forth in 24 C.F.R. Sections 3282.152 and 3282.153, with the Bureau acting as the Secre-

tary would otherwise act under that section. Where 24 C.F.R. Section 3282.152 requires publication in the Federal Register, the Bureau shall provide equivalent notice throughout the State by publication in the New Jersey Register.

(b) Any person who is aggrieved by any determination issued by the Bureau pursuant to 24 C.F.R. Section 3282.407, or who is aggrieved by application of this subchapter, shall be entitled to a hearing on the matter pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act before the Office of Administrative Law.

1. The hearing request shall be in writing, shall be addressed to the Hearing Coordinator, Division of Codes and Standards, PO Box 802, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0802, shall state the basis for the appeal and shall be filed within 15 days of receipt of the ruling, notice, order or action complained of.

2. The final decision in each such case shall be issued by the Commissioner.

3. Any determination of the Bureau that is not appealed to a hearing before the Office of Administrative Law shall be considered the final determination of the Bureau and of the Department of Community Affairs upon the expiration of the 15 day period for submission of a hearing request.

4. When a final determination by the Bureau and the Department of Community Affairs has become effective, or when notice has been given to a manufacturer of the final decision of the Commissioner, that a defect or noncompliance exists, the manufacturer may, within 10 days of the effective date of such final determination or receipt of notice of such final decision, appeal to the Secretary.

(c) Any party in a proceeding held pursuant to 24 C.F.R. Section 3282.407, including, specifically, owners of affected manufactured homes, states in which affected manufactured homes are located, consumer groups representing owners, manufacturers and parties with similar substantial interest, may appeal to the Secretary in writing any final determination or final decision of the Bureau or of the Commissioner that is adverse to the interest of that party. This appeal shall be made within 30 days of the effective date of the final determination by the Bureau or of notice of the final decision of the Commissioner, as the case may be.

Amended by R.1997 d.409, effective October 6, 1997.
See: 29 N.J.R. 2736(a), 29 N.J.R. 4281(a).
Rewrote (b)1.

5:23-4C.5 Monitoring inspection fee

There is hereby established a monitoring inspection fee of \$19.00 which is to be paid by manufacturers for each manufactured home manufactured in New Jersey.

SUBCHAPTER 5. LICENSING OF CODE ENFORCEMENT OFFICIALS

5:23-5.1 Title; scope; intent

(a) This subchapter of the regulations adopted pursuant to authority of the Uniform Construction Code Act, entitled "Licensing of Code Enforcement Officials", shall be known and may be cited throughout the regulations as subchapter 5, and when referred to in this part of the regulations may be cited as "this subchapter."

(b) Unless otherwise specifically provided, all references to article or section numbers, or to provisions not specifically identified by number, shall be construed to refer to such article, section or provision of this subchapter.

(c) This subchapter shall control all matters relating to qualifications for and licensing of all subcode enforcement officials engaged in or to be engaged in the administration and enforcement of the New Jersey Uniform Construction Code, including types of licensed code enforcement officials; procedures for application, issuance, denial and revocation of licenses; the approval of testing and/or educational programs offered to meet the requirements for licensing of code enforcement officials or construction board of appeal members; application fees for a license; and enforcement of penalties for violations of this subchapter. Additional provisions regarding the licensing of elevator subcode officials are contained in N.J.A.C. 5:23-12.

(d) The Uniform Construction Code has been adopted to ensure public safety, health, and welfare insofar as they are affected by building construction. In order for the code to be enforced adequately and effectively, code officials will need to have sufficient knowledge and competence to administer and interpret the code's standards. This can best be achieved through the creation of an education and training program and the development of licensing requirements.

1. It is the purpose of this subchapter to establish standards and procedures for the licensing of Uniform Construction Code enforcement officials, and to require all persons performing duties with respect to the inspection of building construction for any political subdivision within this State, or in a private capacity, to be licensed as provided in this subchapter.

3. Recreational park trailers, also known as “park models,” are subject to all of the provisions of the Uniform Construction Code, including the requirement to obtain a permit for installation and the requirement to have all applicable prior approvals. They are closed construction and are subject to the requirements of N.J.A.C. 5:23-4A. The basis for this determination is presented in (b) through (h) below.

(b) Any “building” or “structure” is subject to the State Uniform Construction Code. A building or a structure is, therefore, subject to all the substantive and procedural requirements of the Code. A “structure” is “a combination of materials to form a construction for occupancy, use or ornamentation whether installed on, above or below the surface of a parcel of land...” N.J.A.C. 5:23-1.4.

(c) A recreational park trailer is a combination of materials. In fact, it is a combination of the same types of materials used in any home and it involves all the same safety issues as a home. It is intended for occupancy—the same type of occupancy as any other vacation home. While there may be some dispute as to whether it is on or above the surface of the parcel, it clearly is one or the other.

(d) The jurisdictional definitions of the Uniform Construction Code were deliberately made very expansive. The intent was that there be no loopholes. That is why the Act provides for full pre-emption of any construction regulations incorporated in any Act of the State of New Jersey, or any municipality, board, department, commission or agency upon promulgation of a regulation by the Department. The Department has not yet promulgated regulations for everything potentially covered by the Act. It has, however, adopted rules governing recreational park trailers. (See N.J.A.C. 5:23-4A; UCC Bulletin 93-6.)

(e) A recreational park trailer is a structure that is enclosed with exterior walls—walls identical in construction to those of any dwelling. It is clearly designed for housing or shelter and it is arranged for the support of individuals. It is equipped with plumbing, electrical and mechanical systems just as is any dwelling.

(f) A recreational park trailer can be distinguished from a conventional recreational vehicle (RV). The full term is “recreational park trailer.” It is a special type of RV that is intended for installation in a “park.” They are built under a different standard than conventional RVs. The principal difference between the national consensus standard for RVs, ANSI A119.2, and the recreational park trailer standard is that the recreational park trailer standard covers all types of the requirements typically found in a building code while the RV standard does not. The two are sufficiently different that there are even two different trade associations, one for recreational park trailers and one for traditional RVs.

(g) The UCC’s jurisdiction in this matter is not pre-empted by the Federal Manufactured Housing and Safety Standard Act (MHSSA), 42 U.S.C. §§5401 et seq. No manufacturer is

required to submit to the Federal system. If they voluntarily submit, then the Federal rules preempt any otherwise applicable State rules.

1. The reason for this approach is simple. Regulation to protect public health and safety is reserved, by the Constitution, to the states. Federal involvement in health and safety is only possible when a Federal interest can be found. The Federal interest in this case is the commerce clause.

2. The Federal government, therefore, can and does regulate in this area, but only so far as is necessary to facilitate interstate commerce. Multiple state regulations and enforcement procedures clearly can interfere with commerce in factory constructed buildings. It is not uncommon, however, for a manufacturer to build identical units on the same assembly line with some having Federal labels and some having none. Those with none are intended for shipment to states and localities that do not have codes.

3. In that context, it is clear that the jurisdictional definitions of the MHSSA only establish an eligibility for Federal regulation, not a requirement for it. Recreational park trailers were written out of the Federal law and then that opt-out was broadened by U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) regulations (something quite inconceivable if Federal regulation was mandatory). When recreational park trailers were written out of Federal law, any possibility of the pre-emption of state rules was eliminated.

(h) The fact that a recreational park trailer may be exempt from Federal regulation does not mean that it is exempt from State regulation. Exactly the opposite is the case. Confusion has arisen because there are State laws and rules that had to be passed to enable the State to work with HUD to administer the Federal standards when they are applicable. N.J.A.C. 5:23-4C.2 is such a rule. It only governs those structures that are eligible for and, in fact, have been made subject to Federal law by the manufacturers. Recreational park trailers are not eligible for Federal regulation, so N.J.A.C. 5:23-4C does not apply.

New Rule, R.1993 d.487, effective October 4, 1993.

See: 25 N.J.R. 2159(a), 25 N.J.R. 4592(a).

Amended by R.1995 d.647, effective December 18, 1995 (operative March 18, 1996).

See: 27 N.J.R. 3517(a), 27 N.J.R. 5012(a).

Amended by R.1999 d.424, effective December 6, 1999.

See: 31 N.J.R. 2428(a), 31 N.J.R. 4001(c).

In (a), substituted references to maintenance for references to repairs throughout, and inserted 4iii.

Amended by R.2003 d.473, effective December 15, 2003.

See: 35 N.J.R. 2421(a), 35 N.J.R. 5543(a).

In (a), rewrote 2vii, rewrote the first sentence in 2x, and substituted references to maintenance for references to repair throughout.

Amended by R.2004 d.60, effective February 2, 2004.

See: 35 N.J.R. 4000(a), 36 N.J.R. 649(b).

Added (a)4iv.

Repealed by R.2004 d.131, effective April 5, 2004.

See: 35 N.J.R. 5336(a), 36 N.J.R. 1755(a).

Recodified to N.J.A.C. 5:23-2.7(c). Section was “Interpretation: Ordinary maintenance”.

New Rule, R.2007 d.47, effective February 5, 2007.
 See: 38 N.J.R. 3710(a), 39 N.J.R. 376(a).
 Administrative correction.
 See: 39 N.J.R. 1249(b).

5:23-9.4 (Reserved)

New Rule, R.1990 d.490, effective October 1, 1990.
 See: 22 N.J.R. 592(a), 22 N.J.R. 3148(a).
 Repealed by R.1995 d.121, effective March 6, 1995 (operative July 1, 1995).
 See: 26 N.J.R. 4875(a), 27 N.J.R. 894(c).
 Formerly "Seismic Zones".

5:23-9.5 (Reserved)

Repealed by R.2006 d.24, effective January 17, 2006.
 See: 37 N.J.R. 2111(a), 38 N.J.R. 485(a).
 Section was "Interpretation: Records retention."

5:23-9.6 Interpretations: Construction requirements for new and existing casinos

(a) Fixed central pedestal seating (stools) shall be allowed within major aisles and cross-aisles in casinos for gaming patrons who use standard size slot machines or other similar machines, within these aisles, provided the following requirements have been met:

1. Schematic drawings which indicate the dimensions and locations of the stools, and the distances from adjacent fixtures, walls or other objects shall be submitted to the Department for review and release;
2. Stool placement shall not result in any reduction of the required aisle accessway width when measured from the stool and any other adjacent obstacle, including, without limitation, other stools in back-to-back seating arrangements;
3. Stools that swivel and have a back rest shall be restricted so as to rotate only in one direction, operate in series, and be self-centering;
4. A minimum clearance of eight inches, measured from the face of the gaming machine base at knee height, shall be provided between the gaming machine and the stool and a minimum clearance of 10 inches, measured from seat edge to seat edge, shall be provided between adjacent stools, in order to ensure discharge clearances; and
5. The minimum clear width of aisles with slot stools shall be 48 inches.

(b) The following code requirements shall apply to gaming floors:

1. The use group of the gaming floor area shall be A-2.
2. Each gaming floor area shall be designed using an open landscape plan such that there is clear visibility throughout the floor and at least two of the exits are clearly discernible from all portions of the floor. Line of sight obstructions shall be limited and shall be subject to the approval of the Department.

3. An egress study shall be provided for each new egress route and for all modifications to an existing egress route, increases in occupant load or change of egress elements for gaming floor areas.

i. The occupant load shall be calculated at 11 square feet gross per person for all gaming floor areas, regardless of the gaming activity.

ii. The total capacity of the means of egress shall be calculated based on 116 2/3 percent of the calculated occupant load of any floor area containing gaming activities and any adjacent spaces using the gaming floor for exit access.

iii. Travel distances shall be delineated on the egress study and shall be measured from each and every occupiable point on the gaming floor to the closest exit. The travel distance shall be measured along the natural path of travel using a distance of one foot from obstructions, corners and walls and using the center of door openings.

iv. Each egress route shall identify the travel distance, number of occupants and size and type of egress elements.

4. Section 1017.4.1.3 of the building subcode, entitled "Special locking arrangements in penal facilities," shall be permitted to apply for areas that are back-of-house to the gaming floor where security is necessary.

5. Gaming equipment, change banks, monitor cabinets and other obstructions located on the gaming floor shall not exceed 65 inches in height except as provided in this paragraph:

- i. Equipment and obstructions located at or within 21 feet of perimeter walls, measured perpendicular to the wall, may be of unrestricted height;
- ii. Equipment and obstructions located at columns, but not extending more than 12 feet in any direction around the column, including the column itself, may be of unrestricted height;
- iii. Equipment and obstructions located so that they do not obstruct visibility throughout the gaming floor, the visibility of at least two exits, or the operation of fire protection systems, may be of such height as is consistent with such visibility and operation; and
- iv. Slot machines and similar gaming equipment may be 75 inches in height at any location on the casino floor provided the following conditions are met throughout the entire casino floor(s):

(1) Machines taller than 65 inches shall be of a circle top or similar design so that the 75-inch height is not continuous and at least 40 percent of the vertical projected area between 65 inches and 75 inches is open;