- (c) The Chairperson, when practicable, shall notify the chief executive officer of the institution, appropriate Department personnel and the inmate of the date of the hearing at least seven days prior to the hearing.
- (d) It shall be the responsibility of the chief executive officer of the institution and appropriate Department personnel to make the necessary arrangements to have the inmate present at the New Jersey State Prison on the hearing date.
- (e) It shall be the responsibility of the chief executive officer of the institution to immediately notify the Chairperson if the inmate is unavailable, for any reason, to attend the hearing.

New Rule: R.1990 d.141, effective March 5, 1990.

See: 21 N.J.R. 3411(c), 22 N.J.R. 825(a).

Amended by R.1995 d.109, effective February 21, 1995.

See: 26 N.J.R. 4150(a), 27 N.J.R. 686(b).

#### Case Notes

Rule permits a lengthy future eligibility term to be set where the presumptive term would be clearly inappropriate for the circumstances of the offense, the history of the offender and his institutional behavior; imposition of such a team on prisoner serving team prior to rule's adoption not an ex post facto application of parole rules. Thompson v. New Jersey State Parole Bd., 210 N.J.Super. 107, 509 A.2d 241 (App. Div.1986).

### 10A:71–3.20 Board hearing; notice of decision for adult

- (a) At the conclusion of the Board hearing, the Board shall take one of the actions as specified in N.J.A.C. 10A:71-3.18(a).
- (b) If the Board establishes a parole release date based upon a projected eligibility date, the provisions of N.J.A.C. 10A:71–3.18(d) shall apply.
- (c) If the Board determines that the inmate shall be placed in a half-way house facility for a specified time period as a pre-release condition, the Board shall refer the inmate's case to the Department for placement of the inmate in an appropriate half-way house facility. If the Department denies such placement, the decision and the reasons therefor shall be provided in writing by the Department to the Board. Upon receiving notice that placement has been denied, the Board shall determine whether the pre-release condition should be eliminated and the grant of parole affirmed or whether the inmate should be denied parole.
- (d) Within 30 days of the Board hearing, the Board shall issue a written notice to the inmate, the Department and the Prosecutor for the county from which the inmate was committed.
- (e) Such notice shall consist of the decision of the Board and, if the Board's decision is to deny or defer decision, the

notice shall contain the reasons therefor, except information classified as confidential pursuant to N.J.A.C. 10A:71-2.1 or the rules and regulations of the Department.

New Rule: R.1990 d.141, effective March 5, 1990.

See: 21 N.J.R. 3411(c), 22 N.J.R 825(a).

Amended by R.1995 d.109, effective February 21, 1995.

See: 26 N.J.R. 4150(a), 27 N.J.R. 686(b).

### 10A:71-3.21 Board panel action; schedule of future parole eligibility dates for adult inmates

- (a) Upon determining to deny parole to a prison inmate, a two-member adult Board panel shall, based upon the following schedule, establish a future parole eligibility date upon which the inmate shall be primarily eligible for parole.
  - 1. Except as provided herein, a prison inmate serving a sentence for murder, manslaughter, aggravated sexual assault or kidnapping or serving any minimum-maximum or specific sentence in excess of 14 years for a crime not otherwise assigned pursuant to this section shall serve 27 additional months.
  - 2. Except as provided herein, a prison inmate serving a sentence for armed robbery or robbery or serving any minimum-maximum or specific sentence between eight and 14 years for a crime not otherwise assigned pursuant to this section shall serve 23 additional months.
  - 3. Except as provided herein, a prison inmate serving a sentence for burglary, narcotic law violations, theft, arson or aggravated assault or serving any minimummaximum or specific sentence of at least four but less than eight years for a crime not otherwise assigned pursuant to this section shall serve 20 additional months.
  - 4. Except as provided herein, a prison inmate serving a sentence for escape, bribery, conspiracy, gambling or possession of a dangerous weapon or serving any minimum-maximum or specific sentence less than four years for a crime not otherwise assigned to this section shall serve 17 additional months.
- (b) Upon determining to deny parole to a young adult inmate, a two-member young adult Board panel shall, based upon the following schedule, establish a future parole eligibility date upon which the inmate shall be primarily eligible for parole.
  - 1. Except as provided herein, a young adult inmate serving a sentence for a crime contained in Categories A or B of N.J.A.C. 10A:71-3.3 shall serve 24 additional months.
  - 2. Except as provided herein, a young adult inmate serving a sentence for a crime contained in Category C of N.J.A.C. 10A:71-3.3 shall serve 20 additional months.

10A:71–3.21 CORRECTIONS

3. Except as provided herein, a young adult inmate serving a sentence for a crime contained in Category D of N.J.A.C. 10A:71–3.3 shall serve 16 additional months.

- 4. Except as provided herein, a young adult inmate serving a sentence for a crime contained in Category E of N.J.A.C. 10A:71–3.3 shall serve 12 additional months.
- 5. Except as provided herein, a young adult inmate serving a sentence for a crime contained in Category F of N.J.A.C. 10A:71–3.3 shall serve 10 additional months.
- 6. Except as provided herein, a young adult inmate serving a sentence for a crime contained in Category G of N.J.A.C. 10A:71–3.3 shall serve eight additional months.
- (c) The future parole eligibility dates required pursuant to (a) and (b) above may be increased or decreased by up to nine months when, in the opinion of the Board panel, the severity of the crime for which the inmate was denied parole and the prior criminal record or other characteristics of the inmate warrant such adjustment.
- (d) A three-member Board panel may establish a future parole eligibility date which differs from that required by the provisions of (a) or (b) and (c) above if the future parole eligibility date which would be established pursuant to such subsections is clearly inappropriate due to the inmate's lack of satisfactory progress in reducing the likelihood of future criminal behavior. In making the determination that the establishment of a future parole eligibility date pursuant to (a) or (b) and (c) above is clearly inappropriate, the three-member panel shall consider the factors enumerated in N.J.A.C. 10A:71–3.11.
  - 1. If, in the opinion of a two-member Board panel denying parole, the future parole eligibility date which would be established pursuant to (a) or (b) and (c) above is clearly inappropriate as provided herein, the two-member Board panel shall refer the inmate's case to the third Board panel member upon conclusion of the hearing. In such instances, the third Board panel member shall review all the records pertaining to the hearing.
  - 2. The two-member Board panel shall, pursuant to N.J.A.C. 10A:71–3.18, notify the inmate in writing that parole has been denied, that a future parole eligibility date pursuant to (a) or (b) and (c) above has not been established and the reasons therefor, and that a three-member Board panel review will occur for the purpose of establishing a future parole eligibility term which differs from the provisions of (a) or (b) and (c) above.
  - 3. The inmate shall have 30 days from the date notice is received to prepare and submit to the Board panel members a written statement. The statement may include any information the inmate may deem relevant to the evaluation of his case by the Board panel members.

- 4. The three-member Board panel shall, upon disposition of the case, state in writing to the inmate the reasons for the establishment of a future eligibility date which differs from the provisions of (a) or (b) and (c) above.
- 5. The decision of the three-member Board panel to establish a future parole eligibility date which differs from that required by the provisions of (a) or (b) and (c) above shall be by unanimous decision only. Failure to establish a future parole eligibility date pursuant to this subsection by unanimous decision shall result in the referral of the inmate's case to the Board for the establishment of a future parole eligibility date.
- 6. If the three-member Board panel fails to establish, by unanimous decision, a future parole eligibility date pursuant to this subsection, the three-member Board panel shall notify the inmate, in writing, that his case has been referred to the Board for the establishment of a future parole eligibility date.
- 7. The inmate shall have 30 days from the date notice is received pursuant to (d)6 above to prepare and submit a written statement containing any additional information which the inmate may deem relevant to the evaluation of his or her case by the Board.
- 8. The Board's establishment of a future parole eligibility date shall be based on the review of all records of the panel hearing. Upon disposition of the case, the Board shall state in writing to the inmate the reasons for the establishment of a future parole eligibility date which differs from the provisions of (a) or (b) and (c) above.
- (e) The Board, upon the conclusion of a hearing conducted pursuant to N.J.A.C. 10A:71–3.18(c), may establish a future parole eligibility date which differs from that required by the provisions of (a) or (b) and (c) above if the future parole eligibility date which would be established pursuant to such subsections is clearly inappropriate in consideration of the circumstances of the crime, the characteristics and prior criminal record of the inmate and the inmate's institutional behavior.
  - 1. The Board shall include in the notice issued pursuant to N.J.A.C. 10A:71–3.20 the reasons for the establishment of a future parole eligibility date which differs from the provisions of (a) or (b) and (c) above.
- (f) If a three-member Board panel or the Board establishes, in the case of an inmate sentenced pursuant to N.J.S.A. 2A:113–4 for a term of life imprisonment, N.J.S.A. 2A:164–17 for a fixed minimum and maximum term or N.J.S.A. 2C:1–1(b), a future parole eligibility date which differs from the required by the provisions of (a) and (c) above, the inmate shall be scheduled for an annual review hearing. The first annual review hearing shall be scheduled within 18 months from the month in which the decision to deny parole was rendered. Thereafter, annual review hearings shall be scheduled every 12 months until the inmate is within seven months of the actual parole eligibility date.

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PAROLE 10A:71–3.22

- 1. At the annual review hearing, which shall be conducted by a Board panel as designated by the Chairperson, the Board panel shall assess the inmate's progress in institutional or community educational, training or other programs, progress in substantially altering those factors which led to the inmate's incarceration, and progress which may indicate that the inmate has reduced the likelihood of future criminal behavior.
- 2. At the conclusion of the annual review hearing, the Board panel shall:
  - i. Accept and note documentary evidence of the progress that the inmate has achieved; and
  - ii. Determine whether the inmate's case shall be referred for a parole release hearing pursuant to this subchapter; or
  - iii. Determine whether the progress achieved by the inmate merits a reduction in the future parole eligibility date. If such determination is made, the Board panel shall recommend to the three-member Board panel or the Board, as appropriate, that a reduction in future parole eligibility date be granted; or
  - iv. Defer a decision pending receipt of additional information; or
    - v. Continue the case until the next annual review.
- 3. The Board panel shall advise the inmate in writing of its determination.
- 4. If the Board panel determines that the inmate's case shall be referred for a parole release hearing pursuant to this subchapter, the Board panel shall provide personal notice to each member of the three-member Board panel or the Board, as appropriate, of its determination.
- 5. If the Board panel recommends that a reduction be granted in the future parole eligibility term, the three-member Board panel or the Board, as appropriate, shall review the inmate's case and the Board panel's recommendation within 60 days of the Board panel's determination. The three-member Board panel or the Board shall, within 14 days of reviewing the inmate's case, notify the inmate in writing whether the future parole eligibility date will be reduced and, if so, the specific time period by which the future parole eligibility date will be reduced.
- 6. The provisions of N.J.A.C. 10A:71–3.8 shall not apply to an annual review hearing conducted pursuant to this subsection.
- (g) If an inmate's maximum sentence(s) will expire prior to the future parole eligibility date otherwise established by the Board panel or Board, the Board panel or Board shall direct that such inmate serve his or her maximum sentence(s).

- (h) The prior provisions of (b) above shall apply to young adult inmates whose offenses were committed prior to May 6, 1985 and shall continue in effect for that purpose. The amendments to (b) above shall be applicable to young adult inmates, respectively, whose offenses were committed on or after May 6, 1985.
- (i) The amendments to (d) above shall apply to the cases of adult inmates in which a decision to deny parole has been rendered on or after May 6, 1985.

Amended by R.1980 d.226, effective May 21, 1980. See: 12 N.J.R. 335(b).

Amended by R.1980 d.359, effective August 7, 1980.

See: 12 N.J.R. 420(b), 12 N.J.R. 538(a).

Amended by R.1981 d.179, effective June 7, 1981.

See: 13 N.J.R. 228(c), 13 N.J.R. 364(c).

(c): "nine months" was "six months".

Amended by R.1985 d.213, effective May 6, 1985.

See: 16 N.J.R. 3391(a), 17 N.J.R. 1096(a).

Section substantially amended.

Amended by R.1988 d.336, effective July 18, 1988.

See: 19 N.J.R. 1396(b), 20 N.J.R. 1716(b).

Substituted "within 18" for "12".

Administrative correction to (b)3.

See: 21 N.J.R. 3777(b).

Amended by R.1990 d.141, effective March 5, 1990.

See: 21 N.J.R. 3411(c), 22 N.J.R. 825(a).

Recodified from N.J.A.C. 10A:71–3.19; changed terminology to that of the Comprehensive Drug Reform Act of 1086

of the Comprehensive Drug Reform Act of 1986. Administrative correction to (b)3: changed 10 to 16.

See: 22 N.J.R. 1265(d)

Amended by R.1990 d.257, effective May 21, 1990.

See: 22 N.J.R. 899(a), 22 N.J.R. 1609(a).

Added new (e) and recodified (e)-(i) as (f)-(j), with no change in text.

Amended by R.1993 d.399, effective August 16, 1993.

See: 25 N.J.R. 1665(a), 25 N.J.R. 3826(a).

Amended by R.1995 d.109, effective February 21, 1995.

See: 26 N.J.R. 4150(a), 27 N.J.R. 686(b).

Amended by R.1999 d.189, effective June 7, 1999.

See: 31 N.J.R. 710(a), 31 N.J.R. 1490(a).

In (d), rewrote the introductory paragraph.

Amended by R.2001 d.271, effective August 6, 2001.

See: 33 N.J.R. 1044(a), 33 N.J.R. 2672(a).

Rewrote (f)1.

### Case Notes

Parole eligibility date had to be set, even if maximum term would expire before future eligibility date. Watson v. DiSabato, D.N.J. 1996, 933 F.Supp. 390.

Consecutive sentences may not be imposed upon juveniles. State in Interest of J.L.A., 262 N.J.Super. 78, 619 A.2d 1321 (A.D.1993), certification granted 134 N.J. 477, 634 A.2d 525, reversed 136 N.J. 370, 643 A.2d 538.

Regulation pertaining to commutation credits for purposes of parole eligibility was valid. Alevras v. Delanoy, 245 N.J.Super. 32, 583 A.2d 778 (A.D.1990), certification denied 126 N.J. 330, 598 A.2d 888.

# 10A:71-3.22 Notice of tentative parole release dates; juvenile inmates

(a) Upon the admission of a juvenile inmate to a State correctional facility, it shall be the responsibility of the chief executive officer of such facility to promptly notify the Board and provide to the Board such documents and information as specified in N.J.A.C. 10A:71–3.28 as may be

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required by the Board in order to establish a tentative parole release date.

- (b) Upon such notification and within 90 days of admission to a State correctional facility, each juvenile inmate shall be informed in writing of his or her tentative parole release date.
- (c) Upon establishment of the tentative parole release date pursuant to N.J.A.C. 10A:71–3.23, the juvenile Board panel shall notify in writing the juvenile inmate's parent(s) or guardian(s), the committing court, the prosecuting authority, and the chief executive officer of the institution or designee of the tentative parole release date established. The chief executive officer or designee may further distribute notice of the tentative parole release date as deemed appropriate.

R.1980 d.488, effective November 6, 1980.

See: 12 N.J.R. 537(a), 12 N.J.R. 724(c).

Amended by R.1985 d.213, effective May 6, 1985.

See: 16 N.J.R. 3391(a), 17 N.J.R. 1096(a).

(b): "90 days" substituted for "6 months"; (c) substantially amended.

Amended by R.1988 d.336, effective July 18, 1988.

See: 19 N.J.R. 1396(b), 20 N.J.R. 1716(b).

Added tentative release.

Amended by R.1990 d.141, effective March 5, 1990.

See: 21 N.J.R. 3411(c), 22 N.J.R. 825(a).

Recodified from N.J.A.C. 10A:71-3.22; changed internal N.J.A.C. references.

## 10A:71-3.23 Establishment of tentative parole release dates; juvenile inmates

(a) This subsection shall apply to juvenile inmates whose offenses were committed prior to February 21, 1995. Except as provided herein, tentative parole release dates shall be established by a hearing officer, a juvenile Board panel member or the juvenile Board panel pursuant to the following schedule of presumptive tentative parole release terms and ranges for tentative parole release terms.

Act of Delinquency	Presumptive Term (months)	Range (months)
Murder (N.J.S.A. 2C:11-3(a)(1) or (2))	100	80-120
Murder (N.J.S.A. 2C:11-3(a)(3))	50	40-60
Crime of First Degree (except Murder)	20	16-24
Crime of Second Degree	16	12-18
Manufacturing, Distributing or Dispensing a Controlled Dangerous Substance second degree, Possession with Intent to Manufacture, Distribute or Dispense a Controlled Dangerous substance second degree	12	10-14
Crime of Third Degree	10	8-12
Crime of Fourth Degree	5	4-6
Disorderly Persons Offense	1.5	1-2

(b) This subsection shall apply to juvenile inmates whose offenses were committed on or after February 21, 1995. Except as provided herein, tentative parole release dates shall be established by a hearing officer, a juvenile Board panel member or the juvenile Board panel pursuant to the following schedule of presumptive tentative parole release terms and ranges for tentative parole release terms.

Act of Delinquency	Presumptive Term (months)	Range (months)
Murder (N.J.S.A. 2C:11-3(a)(1) or		
(2))	100	100-180
Murder (N.J.S.A. 2C:11-3(a)(3))	40	40-120
Crime of First Degree		
(except Murder)	20	16-42
Crime of Second Degree	16	12-20
Manufacturing, Distributing or Dis-		
pensing a Controlled Dangerous		
Substance second degree, Posses-		
sion with Intent to Manufacture,		
Distribute or Dispense a Con-		
trolled Dangerous Substance sec-		
ond degree	12	12-20
Crime of Third Degree	12	12-20
Crime of Fourth Degree	5	4-6
Disorderly Persons Offense	1.5	1-2

- (c) If a juvenile inmate has been committed for several acts of delinquency, the act of delinquency which represents the most serious act of delinquency shall be considered in determining the tentative parole release date.
- (d) The hearing officer, the juvenile Board panel member or the juvenile Board panel shall consider the following mitigating and aggravating factors in determining whether to alter the tentative parole release date from the presumptive term established pursuant to (a) or (b) above:
  - 1. Mitigating factors:
  - i. The inmate has no previous adjudications of delinquency.
  - ii. The inmate has no previous commitments to a State juvenile facility.
  - iii. The inmate has previously adjusted successfully to parole or probation.
    - iv. The inmate acted under strong provocation.
  - v. The inmate did not contemplate that his or her conduct would cause or threaten serious injury.
  - 2. Aggravating factors:
    - i. The inmate has an extensive prior record.
  - ii. The inmate's prior record consists of particularly serious acts of delinquency.
  - iii. The inmate has been previously committed to a State juvenile facility.
  - iv. The inmate has previously adjusted unsuccessfully to parole or probation supervision.
    - v. The current act of delinquency was premeditated.