

## NEW-JERSEY GAZETTE.

MONDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1784.

TRENTON: Printed by ISAAC COLLINS, Printer to the State.

## A MILLER.

WANTED on hire, by the month or year, a single man, sober, honest and industrious, who understands his business, and is willing to act as second hand in a mill which requires three men to attend; in a healthy part of New-Jersey, twenty miles from Philadelphia.

Apply to Robert Lewis and sons, in Philadelphia; or to the subscriber at Mount-Holly mills, state of New-Jersey.

NATHANIEL LEWIS.

September 7, 1784.

4w¶

Just come to Hand,

And now selling at the PRINTING-OFFICE in TRENTON—The

CHORISTER'S COMPANION;

OR,

CHURCH MUSICK revised.

CONTAINING,

Besides the necessary Rules of Psalmody,  
A Variety of plain and fugal Psalm Tunes;  
Together with

A Collection of approved HYMNS and ANTHEMS,  
Many of which were never before published.

By SIMEON JOCELIN.

These SINGING-BOOKS are allowed, by the best Judges, to be equal to any extant.

WANTED,

A Journeyman Fuller,

WHO understands the business, sober and industrious; such a one will meet with good encouragement by applying to

3w†

ABRAHAM SKIRM.

Nottingham, Burlington county, 14th 9th mo. 1784.

LATELY PUBLISHED,

And to be sold at the PRINTING-OFFICE in TRENTON—The

LADIES FRIEND;

Being a Treatise on the Virtues and Qualifications which are the brightest Ornaments of the Fair Sex, and render them most agreeable to the sensible part of mankind.

TO BE LET,

ON the FARM where Mr. John Mitchell lives, adjoining Lambertton, about 20 acres of good tillable land in fence, fit for wheat or rye, on the usual terms of the shares. Any person inclining to take it, is requested to apply to Mr. George Davis, or Mr. Abraham Hunt, in Trenton; or to Mr. Randle Mitchell, at Bowhill Farm.

Spring-Brook, September 7, 1784.

4w

State of New-Jersey, to wit,

To all whom it may concern.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Court of Admiralty will be held for the State of New-Jersey, at the house of Joseph Douglass, innholder in Croswicks, in the county of Burlington, on Friday the twenty-second of October next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of the same day, then and there to try the truth of the facts alleged in the bill of Colonel Samuel Forman, who as well, &c against a certain sloop or boat called the Brunswick, loaded with lumber, commanded by Joshua Warden, and taken on the twenty-fifth day of June, 1781, on her intended voyage (as is said) to New-York, and libelled against as prize: To the end and intent that the owner or owners, or any other person or persons interested therein, may appear and shew cause, if any they have, why the said sloop Brunswick, her tackle, apparel, furniture and cargo, should not be condemned and forfeited to the use of the captors and others concerned, pursuant to the prayer of the libellants.

By Order of the Judge,

JOSEPH BLOOMFIELD, Register.

Burlington, September 10, 1784.

4w\*

WANTED, A  
CANNON STOVE.

Enquire of the Printer.

Fifteen Dollars Reward.

STOLEN out of the pasture of the subscriber in Middlesex, near Cranberry, in the night of the 19th inst. a bay mare, three years old last spring, has no brand, a small star in her forehead, and one white hind foot; about 13 hands 3 inches high; in good order; natural trotter: Whoever takes up said mare and thief, if in Pennsylvania, so that the thief may be brought to justice, and the mare recovered, shall be paid the above reward; or Ten Dollars if in Jersey, and all reasonable charges; and for the mare only five dollars, and all reasonable charges, paid by

SAMUEL LONGSTREET.

September 23, 1784.

4w¶

WHEREAS Mary Allen, widow of John Allen, Esq. late of the city of Philadelphia, deceased, did, by petition to the General Assembly of the state of New-Jersey, on behalf of her infant sons, William Allen and John Allen, pray leave to present a bill to enable her to sell and convey the undivided five sixteenth parts of the messuages, furnaces, forges, lands and tenements, called the Andover iron-works, in the said state, being the estate of her said sons, devised to them by their grand-father, William Allen, Esq. late of Philadelphia, deceased, she giving proper security that the money for which the same shall be sold, shall be well secured and truly accounted for to her said sons, when they arrive at the age of twenty-one years, or in case of their decease, to their lawful heirs:— And whereas, the Honourable the Assembly did thereupon order as follows:

House of Assembly, August 19, 1784.

Ordered,

THAT the petitioner have leave to present a bill, agreeably to the prayer of her petition, at the next sitting, previously advertising the purport of her petition, and a copy of this order, for at least three weeks in the New-Jersey Gazette, and in one of the Pennsylvania news-papers.

Therefore, in conformity to the said order, the purport of the said petition, and a copy of the said order, are hereby published to all concerned, that they may appear and shew cause, if any they have to shew, why the prayer of the said petitioner shall not be granted.

MARY ALLEN.

August 26, 1784.

3w

## Fresh Drugs &amp; Medicines,

A general assortment, just arrived in the last vessels from Europe, and now on sale by

DAVID JACKSON,

In Second-street, midway between Market and Chestnut-streets, among which are,

CAMPHOR,

Opium,  
Jesuit's bark,  
Jalap,  
Ipecacuana,  
Tartar emetic,  
Spanish flies,  
Quicksilver,  
Calomel,  
Red precipitate,  
Corrosive sublimate,  
Manna,  
Senna,  
Salt petre,  
Musk,  
Borax,

Gentian,  
Cream of tartar,  
Flowers of sulphur,  
Salts,  
Sal. ammoniac,  
Saffron,  
Soccotrine and common aloes,  
Gum ammoniac,  
— Asfa fetid.  
— Benzoin,  
Balsam capivi,  
Oil anniseed,  
— Cinnamon,  
— Cloves,  
— Lavender.

Also a large assortment of PATENT MEDICINES, elegant furgeons pocket instruments, best crown and spring lancets, and neat lancet cases, &c. &c.—JERSEY STATE-MONEY will be taken in payment the same as SPECIE, and every kind of publick securities at their current value.

Philadelphia, September 13, 1784.

5w\*

## STATE OF NEW-JERSEY.

An Act for better securing the attendance of witnesses in the several county courts, and before justices of the peace.

FORASMUCH as no adequate provision hath been made to vest in the Inferior Courts of Common-Pleas, and Courts of General Quarter-Sessions of the Peace, and also in the several Justices of the Peace of the respective counties in this state, a power of convening before them witnesses who may reside in a different county, and therefore without their jurisdiction, by reason whereof suitors are liable to great loss and injury in prosecuting and defending their causes made cognizable by law before such courts and justices, and the administration of justice is impeded;

Sect. 1. Be it Enacted by the Council and General Assembly of this State, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Inferior Courts of Common-Pleas, and Courts of General Quarter-Sessions of the Peace of the respective counties in this state, to issue process of subpoena for convening before them witnesses from any county in this state without their jurisdiction, in such manner as the same is now issued in the county to which their jurisdiction extends.

2. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any witness served with such process, after being paid four-pence per mile from his or her residence to the place subpoenaed to attend at, or a tender being made of such pay, shall neglect or refuse to appear pursuant thereto, the Court from which the same may have issued, shall, upon due proof being made of the regular and reasonable service thereof, and payment or tender of pay for attendance as aforesaid, and no satisfactory reason or excuse appearing to the contrary, proceed to record the default of such witness, and shall direct a copy of such record, under the seal of the court and hand of the clerk, to be transmitted to the Inferior Court of Common-Pleas, or court of General Quarter-Sessions of the Peace, as the case may require, of the county in which such defaulting witness may reside; which Court shall, on receipt of the same, make an entry thereof, and summon the said defaulting witness; and unless good and sufficient cause be shewn to the contrary, shall inflict such punishment as is accustomed in cases of contempt of their own process.

3. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for any of the Justices of the Peace of the respective counties in this state, to issue process of subpoena under their hand and seal, for convening before them witnesses from any county in this state without their jurisdiction; which process shall be directed to the person to be subpoenaed, and served by the person requiring the attendance of such witness, or any other person by him or her employed for that purpose: And if any witness served with such subpoena, after being paid for attendance as herein before directed, or a tender being made of such pay, shall neglect or refuse to appear pursuant thereto, the Justice who may have issued the same shall, upon due proof being made of the regular and reasonable service thereof, and no sufficient reason or excuse appearing to the contrary, record the default of such witness, and send a transcript of such entry on his docket, authenticated under his hand and seal, to some Justice of the Peace of the county in which such witness may reside, who, on receipt thereof, shall proceed against such defaulting witnesses in the same manner as if he himself had subpoenaed such witness, and agreeably to the directions of the act, intitled, "An act more effectually to compel the attendance of witnesses and jurors at the courts established in this state for the trial of causes" cognizable before a single Justice of the Peace," passed the sixth day of December, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Seven Hundred and Eighty-two.

4. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the wages to be allowed to witnesses attending in pursuance to this act, out of the county in which they reside, shall be the sum of four-pence per mile from the place of his or her residence to the

place subpoenaed to attend at, which is to be paid or tendered at the service of the subpoena as aforesaid: And the said witnesses shall also be entitled to five shillings per day for the time they are necessarily detained as witnesses. Provided always, and be it further Enacted, That whenever any witness shall be subpoenaed from another county to prove any matter which was known to the party requiring such witness might be proved by witness residing in the county where the trial is to be had, or in case where a witness is called from another county pursuant to the direction of this act, it shall appear to the Court or Justice of the Peace before whom the cause is depending, that such witness was not material in the cause, that then, and in both the above cases, the Court or Justice of the Peace before whom the witness shall be subpoenaed, shall give judgment that the party demanding such witness shall pay the costs accrued thereby, any law, usage or custom, to the contrary notwithstanding.

Passed at New-Brunswick, August 12, 1784.

## STATE OF NEW-JERSEY.

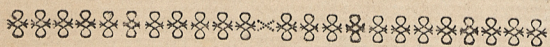
An Act to pass estates in fee by certain devises in wills and testaments, and to limit estates in tail.

WHEREAS it frequently happens that in making wills and testaments, the words heirs and assigns in devises of land, or other real estate, are omitted through the ignorance or inattention of the writer, though the testator meant and intended to grant an absolute estate in the devised premises; and devises are sometimes made in tail without limitation of time, whereby the heirs are put to great expence in suing out recoveries, in order to dock such entails; for remedy in which cases,

SECT. 1. Be it Enacted by the Council and General Assembly of this State, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority of the same, That from and after the publication of this act, all devises made of land or other real estate within this state, in which the words heirs and assigns, or heirs and assigns forever, are omitted, and no expressions are contained in such will and testament whereby it shall appear that such devise was intended to convey only an estate for life, and no further devise thereof being made of the devised premises after the decease of the devisee to whom the same shall be given, all such devises shall be taken and understood to be the intention of the testator thereby to grant and devise an absolute estate in the same, and shall be construed, deemed and adjudged, in all courts of law and equity in this state, to convey an estate in fee-simple to the devisee for all such devised premises, in as full a manner as if the same had been given or devised to such devisee, and to his heirs and assigns forever, any law, usage or custom, to the contrary notwithstanding.

2. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all lands or other real estate, which have heretofore been devised in tail, of any kind, and hath agreeably to such devise or entail, passed thro' one descent since the death of the testator, and is now in the second or more remote descent from the testator, all such land or other real estate shall be deemed, taken and adjudged, to be the proper estate in fee simple of the present possessor, provided the testator, under whom the same is held, had an absolute estate in the same; and also provided the person in possession holdeth the same in the line of descent mentioned and directed in and by such devise in tail; and all devises heretofore made in tail as aforesaid, which have not already passed through one descent since the death of the testator; and also all such devises which shall hereafter be made in tail, of any kind, shall be deemed, taken and adjudged, to vest in, and entitle the person to whom the same may descend, agreeably to the devise or entailment, after the decease of the first devisee, to all the estate in the devised premises which the testator was entitled to, and might or could have devised; and that no entailment of any lands or other real estate shall continue to entail the same in any case whatever, longer than the life of the person to whom the same hath been or shall be first given or devised by such entailment.

Passed at New-Brunswick, August 26, 1784.



## Foreign Intelligence.

PARIS, July 21.

WE are assured that all the difficulties and disputes between certain powers, which not long ago seemed very likely to produce serious consequences, are now happily removed, and all the appearances of war are vanished.

LONDON, July 13.

Extract of a letter from Portsmouth, July 10. "An artist has lately arrived here from London with his sloop, and has since employed himself in visiting the Royal George. His vessel lies constantly along side

the wreck; he has four assistants, and being preserved from the effect of the water, by a contrivance of leather, with flexible tubes annexed, he often spends many hours on board the unfortunate ship without injury; by one of these tubes he is supplied with fresh air, and by the other he gives his orders to the people in this sloop, on board which is an iron machine of great purchase, whereby he is enabled to hoist up the guns and other valuables, and occasionally to rip up the decks, &c. The ingenuity and enterprize of this man is astonishingly great; and whatever is recovered, becomes his sole property."

August 5. Yesterday Col. Carlton was at court, and kissed his Majesty's hand on being appointed Governor of New-Brunswick, in America.

Extract of a letter from Petersburg, July 9.

"Admiral Tulchigasta, with ten men of war, sails for the Baltick from Cronstadt as soon as the ships are victualled. The fleet for the Mediterranean sails next month; it is to consist of the Elephant, Moscow, St. Ann, Elizabeth, and a frigate."

Letters from the island of St. Vincent mention, that a burning mountain of prodigious extent was discovered there in the month of June last. It has attracted the notice of some naturalists, and a more particular account is daily expected.

Extract of a letter from the Baron de Plettenberg, dated at the Cape of Good-Hope.

"On account of the treatment I gave during the war, to some unfortunate persons belonging to the English vessel wrecked on the coast of Caffraria, a treatment which was dictated only by those sentiments of humanity that ought to be entertained by every individual, I have received a letter of thanks from the Directors of the East-India Company. The English government of Bengal has likewise sent me one conceived in the politest terms, accompanied with a diamond ring, of about 5000 or 6000 rix dollars value, with this poetry, *ab hoste doctri*. The manner in which this present was made, and the cause which gave rise to it, are such as must prevent my acceptance of it raising a blush on my cheek, or making me desirous to keep it a secret, though the receiving such presents often tends to bad effects, especially when they are made by the enemy to a commander in chief of a fortress."

The restoration of the forfeited estates in Scotland and England will gain many friends to the present Minister, at no expence, it meeting with the universal approbation of the house.

The following are a few of the noblemen and gentlemen who forfeited in 1745, those estates which are now to be restored to their heirs, except the first, which has been already restored:

Simon, Lord Lovat.  
Lord John Drummond, brother to the Earl, commonly called Duke of Perth.  
George Earl of Cromarty.  
Archibald M'Donald, son of Colonel M Donald, of Barrisdale.  
Donald Cameron, of Lochiel.  
Charles Stewart, of Ardschiel.  
Donald M'Donald, of Kenloch-Moydart.  
Evan M'Pherson, of Clunie.  
Francis Buchanan, of Aruprior.  
Donald M'Donald, of Lochgary.  
Allen Cameron, of Monaltry, and  
Alexander M'Donald, of Keppoch.  
Alexander M'Leod is son and heir to the Earl of Cromarty.

The establishment of the infant province of New-Brunswick, is at length arranged and provided; if it receives proper fosterage from government, there is not a doubt but it will grow and flourish to the advantage and honour of the parent country. Lord Sidney, to the credit of his head and heart, has refused even the solicitations of his most intimate friends, and disposed of the several civil employments, except those of the governor and lieutenant-governor, which for several reasons could not be, to American sufferers, who lost similar situations by the late revolution. Thus, by an equitable distribution of patronage, his Lordship not only relieves the burden of the pension-list, but sends those unfortunate men where they may support an easy communication with their early connections. If, says our correspondent, the like liberal conduct was preserved throughout every department of the state, the British government would not be branded, as it now is, for neglect and inhumanity to individuals.

The express which brought over the news of peace being ratified between Tippu Saib and the India Company, was received from the Presidency of Bombay, when it came over land by way of Bassora and Constantinople.

DUBLIN, July 16.

Among the people who were supposed to be hissing at the Lord-Lieutenant, on Saturday, Mr. Smith, Adjutant of the Goldsmith's Corps, one of the Audience of the Gallery, was trepanned out by Sheriff K—, by a tap on the shoulder; the Sheriff telling him he wanted to speak with him, when, on his going to the door, he was hurried off like a common felon, to the guard-house in the Castle-yard, and his pockets searched; after he had remained there some time, he was enlarged, and the populace procured a chair and carried him on their shoulders to the Goldsmith's-Hall, amidst the acclamations of the greatest multitude ever seen upon any occasion in this city. It is said Mr. Smith intends bringing an action against the Sheriff for false imprisonment.

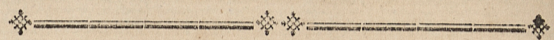
What an infamous and deep laid scheme it was of administration last Saturday night, to send forth their chief again among the people, to irritate them, either to commence a bloody civil war, or endeavour at laying violent hands upon some persons, whereon to wreak their rancorous vengeance. But they had like to fall

into the artful pit they themselves had made; for they found an injured people not to be tampered with, and ready to repel their insults. To shew that it was premeditated, and that a concussion was intended, the guards were doubled at the Castle and in Werburg-street, on Saturday morning, and the picket made numerous, with orders to be ready at a moment's warning. If such a thing even itself were not intended, did it not display a criminal obstinacy in him to go to a place again, where but about two or three nights before that, his hated person was hooted, hissed and howled? In what a predicament is Ireland now; an administration not satisfied with enslaving a virtuous people, but are ready, if they but dare, with an enormous standing army, to begin a massacre upon them!

July 17. Last Wednesday morning a number of armed men seized Mr. Plowman, a woollen draper of John's-lane, and having him carried to the Tenter's-fields, they proceeded to tar him, which they executed without any molestation. Just as they had done, arrived Sheriff Kirkpatrick, who immediately rescued Mr. Plowman. A violent contest then arose between the people and the Sheriff, in which the latter unfortunately received two wounds in the head. Alderman Hart now made his appearance at the head of a party of the military, and conducted away Sheriff Kirkpatrick.

BELFAST, July 6.

We hear from respectable authority, that Friday's post brought an account that four regiments, viz.—9th, 20th, 24th, and 45th, are to be added to the military establishment of this kingdom; the three former were expected in a few days from Scotland, by Port Patrick, the latter to land at Cork.



## American Intelligence.

ALBANY, Sept. 16.

ON Monday evening his Excellency the Governor, the Commissioner of Indian affairs for this state, with a number of gentlemen of this city, returned from Fort Schuyler, where a treaty has been held with the six nations, and other Indians residing within this state. We are not informed what has been the subject of this treaty, but are happy in communicating to the publick, that the most perfect harmony and good understanding prevailed throughout the whole.

We are informed that the American frontier posts, now occupied by the British, have lately been relieved by fresh troops, and are victualled up to July 1785.

NEW-YORK, September 23.

Friday last the Marquis la Fayette set out for Albany.

From Newbury-Port we learn, that the following melancholy accident happened a few days since at Moultonborough, in the state of New-Hampshire:—A boy, about eight years of age, being sent after the cows, and tarrying much longer than was expected, his father at length went in search of him: But what was his surprize, when, just at the entrance of the woods, he beheld a large bear devouring his child, who was yet able to cry out to him, *Daddy! Daddy! do help me!* In attempting to rescue his son, he was so closely pursued by the bear, with the child crying in his mouth, that he was obliged to desist.—The next morning some remains of the poor unhappy boy were found, and the bear lying by him, which they immediately killed and burnt to ashes.

The British packet sailed from Falmouth for this port a week before Captain Stout.

On the 12th inst. the ship Industry, Henry Nimms Master, from James river in Virginia, bound to London, put into Boston in distress, having met with a violent gale of wind in the Gulph Stream.

Captain Juliker, in a brig from Cadiz, is also arrived at Boston.

At the Supreme Judicial Court, lately held at Boston, one Dacon was tried for Burglary. The jury, about eight o'clock in the evening, gave in their verdict, *not guilty*, and he was immediately discharged.

The same night, he, in company with another, broke open the store of Mr. Daniel Sears, on Green's wharf, and stole a number of articles; the watch passing by discovered them, entered the store, seized them, found the goods stolen, which they had concealed under the store, and committed them to gaol for trial.

The French fleet from the West-Indies, lately arrived in the Chelapeake, is hourly expected in this port; several officers belonging to that Squadron are already in town.

The ship Triumph, Captain Stout, which arrived here last Monday, sailed from this port the 31st of May. The Mentor sailed some time after, in June, and was to depart from London with the Betsey, Watson, in about ten days after the Triumph.

Letters by the Triumph mention the marriage of Admiral Digby, late Commander of the British Navy in North-America, to the eldest daughter of Andrew Elliot, Esquire. She was the widow of James Jauncey, Esq. late Master of the Rolls in New-York.

SEPTEMBER 25.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Halifax, dated August 31.

"Our port is now shut against the New-England

people, they are not permitted to enter, neither to buy nor sell; what the consequence may be is uncertain, but we may suppose they will retaliate. There are great disturbances amongst the people at Shelburne, so much that the 17th regiment is ordered there immediately to keep them in order."

#### BALTIMORE, September 24.

The ship Union, Captain Dean, from this port, is arrived at Liverpool.

The Prosperity, Captain Cunningham, is arrived at Cork, from Maryland.

Capt. Lemuel Snow, in the brig Dogger-Bank, arrived here from Amsterdarn, informs us, that on the 11th of July, off Beachy-Head, in the British Channel, he spoke the ship Nancy, Captain John Bright, belonging to Philadelphia, from Virginia, bound to London; all well on board.

A late London paper mentions, that the tumults in Dublin are increasing to an alarming degree; and that several importers of British goods into that city had been severely handled by the populace.

#### PHILADELPHIA, September 22.

By the French packet, la Fortune, Capt. Coetnemren, arrived at New-York, we learn, that the enfranchisement which the city and port of l'Orient were to enjoy, has been restricted to the port only, and not to the city.

Sept. 25. Wednesday last the artillery company under Captain Douglass, and one company of the infantry, marched from their encampment for Lancaster, on their route to the Western Posts.

#### TRENTON, October 4.

Princeton, September 30.

On Monday last came on the examination of the Grammar-School in this place, and competitions for premiums. In the first class the prizes were adjudged, the first to Charles Snowden, the second to Richard Eppes, the third to Stephen Dehart.

In the second class, the first to William Blackledge, second to George Whiteyes, third to Richard Quince.

In the third class, the first to Henry Jennings, the second to John Knevels, the third to Joseph Caldwell.

On Tuesday following the Students of the College entered into competitions, and the prizes were adjudged as follows, viz. On English grammar, the first to Samuel Snowden, second to Thomas Pollock, third to William Hugg. On reading English, the first to Wm. Hugg, second to Samuel Snowden, third to Hercules Whaley. On Latin grammar, first to John Van-Cleve, second to Horace L. Stockton. On pronouncing English orations, the first to Horace L. Stockton, second to Maturin Livingston, third to Hercules Whaley. On English and Latin versions, Robert G. Harper.

On Wednesday the 29th inst. was held the annual commencement. The procession began at 10 o'clock from the college, and proceeded to the college church, where the president introduced the exercises of the day with prayer. The exercises were as follows, viz.

1. A Latin salutatory oration on the encouragement of science, by Mr. Clay.

2. An oration on the influence that delicacy of sentiment has upon manners, by Mr. Woodruff.

3. An oration on the principles of Legislation, by Mr. Furman.

4. An humorous description of a machine for making panegyrics, by Mr. Condict.

5. A discourse on the evils of commerce in a young country, by Mr. Livingston.

6. An humorous discourse on *et ceteras*, by Mr. Morris.

7. An oration on the evils of war, by Mr. Cooper.

8. An oration on the bad effects which the indulgence of the cruel passions have had upon mankind, by Mr. Penn.

9. A panegyric oration on Col. Francis Barber, of the New-Jersey Line, by Mr. Ford.

10. A panegyric oration on Gen. Montgomery, by Mr. Gibbes, which closed the morning exercises.

The exercises of the afternoon were,

1. An English salutatory oration on the advantages of fixing good principles by early education, spoken by Mr. J. A. Bayard.

2. An oration on the causes of the late war, and the proper remedy of the evils that have immediately arisen from it, by Mr. Ten-Broeck.

3. A dissertation on the follies of love, by Mr. Edwards.

4. An oration on the love of society, by Mr. A. C. M'Whorter.

5. A dissertation on the qualifications of a perfect patriot, by Mr. Radcliff.

6. An oration on the difference between temerity and true courage, by Mr. Squier.

7. An humorous and satirical essay on the abuses that take place in a variety of characters, by Mr. Spencer.

8. An oration on solitude, by Mr. Johnson.

9.—10. Two orations of emulation, by Mr. J. A. Bayard and Mr. Clay, deputed for that purpose by two literary societies in the college, the first on independence of spirit; the second on the necessity of virtue as the principle of free states.

After which the president conferred the degree of Bachelor of Arts on the following young gentlemen, viz.

Messrs. John Baldwin, James A. Bayard, Samuel Bayard, William Campfield, Joseph Clay, Ira Condict, Thomas Cooper, Alexander Edwards, Gabriel Ford, Agur T. Furman, John Gibbes, James Hopkins, Abel Johnson, Peter R. Livingston, Alexander C. M'Whorter, James Morris, Isaac Ogden, James Penn, William Radcliff, Leonard D. Shauv, John E. Spencer, Zadock Squier, Abraham Ten-Broeck, Abner Woodruff.

The degree of Bachelor of Arts was also conferred on Mr. John Parker, *honoris causa*.

The degree of Master of Arts was conferred on Messrs. William Smith, of New-York, James Hanna, Richard Hutson, of South-Carolina, Joseph Clark, Ebenezer Bradford, *alumni*, of this college, and on Daniel Bordman, M. A. of Yale-College.

The degree of Doctor of Laws was conferred on the Hon. Samuel Spencer, Esq. Chief-Justice of the state of North-Carolina—and the degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred on the Rev. Alexander Simpson, of London; the Rev. William Porteus, of Edinburgh; and the Rev. John Snodgrafs, of Paisley, in Scotland.

The Rev. Samuel Wales, Doctor of Divinity in Yale-College, was admitted *ad eundem* in this College.

The Rev. Ezra Stiles, president of Yale-College, and Doctor in Divinity in the University of Edinburgh, was admitted *ad eundem* in this College, and also to the degree of Doctor in civil and canon Laws.

The Medal given by his Excellency Doctor Dickinon, president of the state of Pennsylvania, to be disposed of by the Board of Trustees, was publicly announced to be due to Mr. Joseph Clay, for the best dissertation on the following question, What are the best means to be adopted by civil government for the promotion of piety and virtue among the people?

Then followed an English valedictory oration, spoken by Mr. S. Bayard—And the president concluded the exercises of the day by prayer.

The young gentlemen in their exhibitions deservedly gained the applauses of a very numerous and respectable audience. They discovered that they had attended, with the greatest industry and improvement, to the study of eloquence and the *belles lettres*, as well as to classick and scientific learning. And they performed the whole of their exercises in such a manner as to do the highest honour to themselves, and to afford the most flattering hopes to their country.

Tuesday evening last WILLIAM BRADFORD, Esq. Attorney-General to the state of Pennsylvania, was married to Miss BOUDINOT, daughter of the Hon. Elias Boudinot, late President of Congress.

Friday last the Brig TRENTON fell down below the bar, with the principal part of her cargo on board, without the least difficulty for want of water.

MR. COLLINS,

SIR,

The inclosed is sent to you for publication in your next paper.

A Correspondent wishes at the ensuing Election Members for the Council and Assembly may be chosen who have two eyes; for by the late laws between creditor and debtor the present Members have shewn but one, and that on the debtor side only.

\*\* The Journals of the Legislative-Council at the late sitting at New-Brunswick are printed, and ready to be delivered.

Trenton 2d October 1784

Mr Collins

as I am Ever Desirous that all my Publick Conduct may be Truly known please to give the following Extracts from the Journals of the assembly a place in your next gazette, that if possible the head, and Hart of the Person Signed a voter in Hunterdon County in your Last weakes gazette may be Reformed.

SAM TUCKER

House of Assembly, August 26, 1784.

A Motion was made by Mr. Van-Cleve, seconded by Mr. Tucker, That Trenton, including Lambertton, be inserted in the bill, and the privileges granted to them of a free port. On the question, Whether the house agree thereto? It was carried in the negative, as follows:

On which the yeas and nays were required by Mr. Van-Cleve, seconded by Mr. Tucker.

Nays. Messieurs Dey, Garritse, Marsh, Clark, Combs, Schuurman, Randolph, Bunn, Ten-Broeck, Hoagland, Col. Shreve, Shreve, Anderson, Hugg, Ellis, Smith, Loyd, Norris, Townsend, Cook, Starke, Dickerson, Ewing, Hankinson, Maxwell.

Yeas. Messieurs Blanch, Lambert, Tucker, Van-Cleve, Van-Campen.

The engrossed bill, intituled, "An act for establishing certain free ports in the state of New-Jersey; and for the encouragement of commerce therein," was read and compared. On the question, Whether the same do pass? It was carried in the affirmative, as follows:

Yeas. Messieurs Dey, Marsh, Clark, Combs, Schuurman, Randolph, Bunn, Ten-Broeck, Hoagland, Col. Shreve, Shreve, Anderson, Hugg, Ellis, Smith, Loyd, Norris, Townsend, Lamberti, Tucker, Cook, Starke, Van-Campen, Maxwell.

Nays. Messieurs Blanch, Garritse, Van-Cleve, Dickerson, Ewing.

Extract from the Minutes,

MASKELL EWING, jun. Clerk.

W A N T E D,

A YOUNG WOMAN,

WITH a good fresh breast of milk, not exceeding five or six months old, that can be well recommended; such a one may hear of a place by applying at the Printing-Office in Trenton. t f

#### To be Sold or Rented,

And possession given immediately,

A Valuable house and lot of land, situate at the Black Horse, in Mansfield township, and county of Burlington.—The house is 14 by 18 feet, two stories high, with a good dry cellar under the whole, a well of excellent water at the door, with a pump therein.—The lot contains about three-quarters of an acre, is under cedar fence, and planted with fruit trees: There are also on the premises a very convenient well finished hatter's shop, 18 by 20 feet, three rooms below, and two above stairs, it having been originally built for that occupation, for which it is an excellent stand; a good stable, and other conveniences. The situation of this house, lot and improvements, in a considerable village, surrounded with a thick settled neighbourhood of opulent farmers, renders it an object worth the attention of any tradesman, but particularly a hatter or saddler. On part of the purchase money being paid at signing the deed, credit will be given for the remainder by

JOHN POPE.

P. S. I have a valuable tract of pine land for sale, near Mount-Misery sawmill.

October 1, 1784.

3w\*

#### T O B E S O L D,

AT PUBLICK VENDUE,

On Monday the 1st of November next, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the farm house,

THE farm called Bowhill, two short miles from Trenton, situated on the river Delaware, containing in the whole about 467 acres, of which 150 acres are low lands, joining the river, great part of it excellent meadow, and the remainder rich strong land for any kind of grain or pasture; the upland is a kind good land for corn, wheat or rye; there are about 70 or 80 acres of woodland on the place, and about a mile and an half from it 90 acres of good woodland; the upland is in good fence, the buildings thereon are large, convenient, and in good repair, having a good dwellinghouse, barn, stables, and large convenient shed for cattle, waggonhouses, milkhouse and cheesehouse; there are a good new and old orchard, containing a variety of fruit; the situation is exceeding pleasant and beautiful, having a fine view of the river, Bordentown, and all the meadows:—Its vicinity to Trenton makes it very convenient and profitable; and its situation on the river very convenient for fishing and fowling. The terms of payment will be made as convenient to the purchaser as possible, which will be made known on the day of sale; and the publick may depend it will be sold to the highest bidder, by

RANDLE MITCHELL.

October 1, 1784.

4w†

THE first Volume of BELKNAP'S History of New-Hampshire is come to hand—and will be delivered to the subscribers on the payment of Five Shillings each, agreeably to the proposals.

#### T O B E S O L D,

A Valuable tract of land, containing 76 acres, pleasantly situated on the banks of the Delaware, in the township of Mansfield, and county of Burlington, adjoining lands of Thomas Biddle, Joseph English, Samuel Bullas, and the river Delaware—on which is a good shad fishery. A reasonable credit will be given for the payment of all the purchase money. If not sold by the 1st day of November next, the fishery will then be let for the next season. For further particulars enquire of the subscriber near Trenton.

JACOB PHILLIPS.

September 27, 1784.

5w

#### JUST PUBLISHED,

[Price ONE English GUINEA]

And to be sold by ISAAC COLLINS, at his Printing-Office in Trenton,

A C T S

OF THE

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

OF THE STATE OF

NEW-JERSEY,

FROM THE

Establishment of the present Government, and Declaration of Independence, to the End of the first Sitting of the eighth Session, on the 24th day of December, 1783;

WITH THE CONSTITUTION PREFIXED.

TO WHICH IS ANNEXED,

AN APPENDIX,

Containing the ARTICLES OF CONFEDERATION of the UNITED STATES, &c.

With two alphabetical TABLES and an INDEX.

Compiled under the Appointment of the GENERAL ASSEMBLY, by

PETER WILSON, M. A.

**T O B E S O L D,**

By the subscriber living in the village of Freehold, in Monmouth county, New-Jersey, viz.

1. **T**HE noted and valuable farm known by the name of **KILDAIR**, lying in the township of Upper Freehold, county and state aforesaid, containing about 300 acres; excellent wheat, rye, corn and grass land; about 200 acres cleared, 70 acres of that mowable meadow, the greatest part the best of English grass; a good farm house of two stories, large barn, carriage-house, &c. a good bearing orchard of excellent fruit. This farm is let for four years, commencing from the first day of April last, at the annual rent of £. 125, and pay all taxes.

2. One farm lying in said township, five miles from the first, containing about 200 acres, very good wheat, rye and corn land; about 150 acres cleared, a small proportion of English meadow, a good farm house of two stories, new barn just finished, a good bearing orchard, &c. This farm is let this year only, for produce, at the present price of produce; will not amount to less than £. 75 per annum, and pay all taxes. These two farms are well situated between the two markets, New-York and Philadelphia, at the distance of 12 miles from one landing, and 16 miles from the other.

3. The old and noted tavern in the village of Freehold, now kept by Cornelius Hagaman; large stables, ball-ally, about 25 acres of highly manured land, chiefly in orchard; 75 acres of woodland at the distance of two miles; improvements now making to this house. This is let this year only, for 100l. and pay all taxes.

4. Also 100 acres lying between Miss Wikoff's farm and Albert Covenhoven's, opposite the well known woods belonging to Mr. Barclow, about half a mile from the tavern; a small proportion of wood and meadowland. This will be sold with or without the tavern, as may best suit the purchaser.

5. A small farm in Shrewsbury township, near Black Point, containing 60 acres, about 40 acres cleared, 8 of that good English meadow; a good farm house of two stories now finishing. This farm is let three years, commencing from the first day of April, 1783, at the low rent of 30l. per annum, exclusive of the house, and pay all taxes.

6. The house where the subscriber lives, convenient for a shop-keeper, it being built for that purpose, and a good stand for business; carriage-house, stables, hay-loft, &c. about 10 acres of land, including the pasture lot at 300 yards distance.—Either sell or let for a number of years, which may first offer. The rents are annexed for the government of those who may think of purchasing. From the rents an easy calculation may be made, and save unnecessary application. It has been generally esteemed lands rented at 4 per cent. per annum, equal to money at 6 or 7 per cent. interest, merely from the certainty of getting the rent when principal and interest of money is very often lost. The subscriber is disposed to sell all the above lands low, on the following terms, viz. the purchaser paying down one-fourth part, the remaining three-fourths may rest on security for three years, interest being annually paid at 4 per cent. Indisputable titles will be given for the whole. Persons who may incline to purchase confiscated estates, may be supplied with contractors' certificates to a considerable amount, at 4 per cent. interest, for four years. Also one-sixth part of a farm lying on the head of Elizabeth river, in Essex county, containing 166 acres, returned to John Forman, deceased, September 1, 1744. Also one-sixth part of a tract of woodland near Shark river, in Shrewsbury township.

**SAMUEL FORMAN.**  
Liberty-Hall, August 17, 1784. c. 3. w. t. A.

*House of Assembly, August 20, 1784.*

**T**HE House being informed that the petitioners for appointing commissioners for running and ascertaining the North side lines of what is called the Society's Great Tract, in Hunterdon county, extending from Almatunck falls to Delaware river, and for dividing such parts of said tract into allotments, as has not hitherto been divided, had omitted giving the notice directed last sitting, previous to their bringing in a bill agreeably to the prayer of the petitioners.—Whereupon,

*Ordered,* That said petitioners have leave to bring in a bill at the next sitting of Assembly, agreeably to the prayer of their petition, upon advertising the purport of such bill in the publick news-papers of this state, for at least six weeks previous to the meeting of the Legislature.

*Extract from the Minutes,*  
**MASKELL EWING, jun. Clerk.**

**N**OTICE is hereby given to all whom it may concern, That in pursuance to the leave given by the foregoing order of the House of Assembly, a bill will be presented to them at their sitting in October next, for appointing commissioners for running and ascertaining the North side lines of what is called the Society's Great Tract, in Hunterdon county, extending from Almatunck falls to Delaware river, and for dividing such parts of said tract into allotments, as has not hitherto been divided.

**JOHN STEVENS,** for himself and others.  
August 23, 1784. 2m

**F O U N D,**  
**A Piece of Check Linen.**

**T**HE owner proving his property, and paying the expence of this advertisement, shall have it again by applying to the subscriber at Bordentown.

**ISAAC NIGHT.**

September 24, 1784. 3w\*

**T O B E S O L D,**

At **PUBLICK VENDUE,**  
On Thursday the 7th of October next, at the court-house in Monmouth county,

**S**IX hundred acres of propriety good rights; and on Friday the 8th of October, 600 acres will be sold at the house of David Williamson, in Middlesex county; and 600 on Tuesday the 19th of October, at Newark courthouse, in Essex county; and 600 acres on Thursday the 21st of October, at the house of Garret Hopper, in Paramus, in Bergen county; and 600 acres on Monday the 25th of October, at the courthouse in Suffex county. Attendance will be given by the subscribers, who have proper warrants for that purpose, and will make sufficient deeds to the purchasers in such parcels of 50 acres, or more, as may be most convenient; and will also treat with owners of iron-works for such unlocated lands as are contiguous to such works.

**AZARIAH DUNHAM,**  
**JOHN JOHNSTON.**

Those persons who have heretofore lodged surveys with Mr. John Stevens, are hereby notified, that the Surveyor General's office of the Eastern Division is now opened for completing their titles; and that they are not to expect any preference in returning their surveys after the 1st day of March next.

September 20, 1784. 4w

**BENJAMIN PITFIELD**

Has opened a store in Trenton, opposite the sign of the blazing Star, where he has for sale, wholesale and retail, at the lowest prices, for cash or produce,

**C**HINA in cases, glass in boxes, &c.  
A large and general assortment of queens-ware in crates, &c.

Childrens' complete sets of tea ware,  
Window glass, 10 by 8, in boxes and half boxes,  
10d, 8d, 6d and 4d nails in casks,  
Looking-glasses and pocket do.

Japanned tea trays and waiters,  
China mugs, bowls, and tea-sets complete,  
China tea-cups and saucers, custard-cups, &c.  
Glass decanters, wine glasses and tumblers,  
Salts, sugar dishes, cream jugs, &c.

Turkey oil stones,  
Polished iron candlesticks,  
Flat irons, fire shovel and tongs,  
Nutmeg graters by the gross or dozen,  
Post and box coffee-mills, steel snuffers,  
Chafing-dishes and steelyards,  
Brass curtain rings, temple spectacles,  
Nail and spike gimblets,  
Steel and japanned spectacle cases,  
Silver and plated top castors,  
Bone and wood top do.

Barlow and other penknives,  
Pewter chamber-pots and close stool pans,  
Tin ware, butchers' and table steels,  
Table knives and forks, pocket knives,  
Scissors, sugar nippers and nutcrackers,  
Scythes, chisels and gouges,  
H and HL hinges, hones, &c.  
Dovetail, desk and table hinges,  
Plated candlesticks and japanned tea caddies,  
Parlour door and stock locks,  
Copper and patent sauce-pans,  
Hammers, trowels and saws,  
Drawing-knives, files and fish-hooks,  
Carpenters' rules and broad-axes,  
Padlocks, brushes, &c.  
A small invoice of combs.—

Some **JEWELLERY**, consisting of gold lockets, rings, seals, handkerchief slides and pins, set stock and knee-buckles; gentlemens' complete travelling shaving cases, genuine Godfrey's cordial, Daffy's elixir, and Anderson's pills; some groceries, dry goods, &c.

A valuable **PLANTATION** in Bucks county, one mile from the Falls meetinghouse, and about 3 miles from Trenton Upper Ferry, to be sold.—Enquire as above.

Trenton, August 20, 1784. 6w

**T O B E S O L D,**  
By wholesale and retail, at the Printing-Office in Trenton,  
**DUTCH ALMANACKS**  
For 1785.

**A F A R M**

**T**O be sold cheap, and the payments made easy to the purchaser—situate in Middlesex county, at Mapletown, within three miles of Princeton, containing about 400 acres, one hundred of which is woodland well timbered, the remainder meadow and arable; the whole conveniently laid out into fields, and most of them watered:—There are on the premises two very comfortable dwellinghouses, a well and spring of water at the door, a large garden, asparagus bed, peach, plumb, cherry and quince trees; between six and seven hundred apple-trees, great part of them of the best grafted fruit; two as large barns as any in the county, one 54 by 38, the other 36 by 31 feet, the whole covered with cedar; a chairhouse, cowhouse, and many other necessary houses; a large pond, which is replenished by a brook, from which may be drawn a thousand loads of manure yearly, and is far preferable to horse or cow-dung. The farm was formerly the property of Mr. Thomas Vandyke, and is so well known for its fertility that makes it needless to say any thing of the many advantages it is capable of: The farm is in good fence, and to be sold at the low rate of five pounds ten shillings the acre. For further information enquire of Levinus Clarkson, at Flat-Bush, Long-Island, or at the premises of **DAVID CLARKSON.**

*Another cheap Farm to be sold,*

**A**ND payments as above, situate in Somerset county, near the North-Branch of Raritan, now in the tenure of Fulkert Douw, containing two hundred acres, 50 of which are the very best of timber, 20 acres of good meadow, and the remainder arable land; the whole conveniently divided into fields, and in very good fence:—There are on the premises a dwellinghouse, a barn, a weaver's shop, and a large framed barrack; 70 peach and 250 apple-trees, some of them of the best grafted fruit, which will be sold for four pounds ten shillings per acre.—For particulars enquire as above of Levinus or David Clarkson.

N. B. If the above farms are not sold by the 1st of March next, they are to be rented from the 1st of April following. The farm of 400 acres will be divided if it should best suit the purchaser.  
New-Jersey, July 20, 1784. t. f.

*Sixteen Dollars Reward.*

**R**AN away from the subscribers in Trenton in the night of the 12th inst. two indented Irish servants, one named William Graham, a labourer, about 20 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, much marked with the small-pox on the nose: Had on when he went away an old short drab-coloured coat much patched, one pair old cloth breeches, and cloth jacket; also took with him a blue coat, corduroy jacket, and a red and white striped Holland jacket. The other named James M'Coy, about 20 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, short light brown hair, marked with the small-pox a little in the face, clumsy built: Had on and took with him when he went away, one old brown coat and jacket, one pair of green ribbed Bergen breeches, one old black pair of plush do. one ruffled shirt, two plain shirts, and one felt hat. It is likely they have changed their clothes and forged passes—and it is thought they are gone to the Nine Partners in New-York state, or New-England. Whoever takes up said servants and secures them in any gaol, so as their masters may have them again, shall have the above reward, and all reasonable charges paid by

**BERNARD HANLON,**  
**ROBERT SINGER.**  
Trenton, April 13, 1784. c. t. f.

**T O B E S O L D,**

**BY PUBLICK VENDUE,**  
In the county of Hunterdon, and township of Amwell, on the thirteenth day of the tenth month, October, on the premises, at two o'clock in the afternoon,

**A** Valuable tract of land, containing 326 acres, 140 or thereabout cleared, with a log dwellinghouse, barn, &c. and a young apple-orchard; now in the tenure of Henry Case, bounded by lands formerly Samuel Scattergood, Robert Pearson and Isaac De-Cow's. The purchaser paying one-third of the purchase money in six months, shall have a deed on giving security for the other two-thirds; the next payment in nine months, and the other in twelve months, with paying interest from the day of sale.

**SAMUEL WETHERILL,**  
**SAMUEL ALLINSON,** Trustees.  
September 17, 1784. 4w\*