

Conditional approval of construction permit for large scale development, permitting no construction until statutory standards satisfied, improper as not authorized by enabling legislation and as being a decision deficient in essential findings (citing former N.J.A.C. 7:7D-2.3). *Crema v. Dept. of Environmental Protection*, 182 N.J.Super. 445, 442 A.2d 630 (App.Div.1982), affirmed as modified 94 N.J. 286, 463 A.2d 910 (1983).

Application for waterfront development permit; failure to comply with rules for coastal zone management. *Haldone v. DEPE*, 94 N.J.A.R.2d (EPE) 2.

7:7-1.5 Permits and permit conditions

(a) No person shall undertake or cause, suffer, allow or permit any regulated activity without a permit issued by the Department in accordance with this chapter.

(b) The following conditions shall apply to all coastal permits. Failure to comply with any of the following shall constitute a violation.

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1. A permittee shall notify the Department in writing, at least three working days prior to the beginning of construction on the site or site preparation.

2. A permittee shall notify the Department in writing within five working days prior to commencement of operation of a CAFRA development. At this time, the permittee shall also certify that all conditions of the permit that must be met prior to operation of the development have been met.

3. The issuance of a permit shall in no way expose the State of New Jersey or the Department to liability for the sufficiency or correctness of the design of any construction, structure or structures. Neither the State nor the Department shall, in any way, be liable for the loss of life or property which may occur by virtue of the activity or development resulting from any permit.

4. A permittee shall allow the authorized representatives of the Department free access to the site at all times when construction activity is taking place, and at other times upon notice to the permittee. The permittee shall provide free of charge to the Department all of its equipment reasonably necessary for inspection of the site.

5. No change in plans or specifications upon which a permit is issued shall be made except with the prior written permission of the Department, in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:7-4.10.

6. The notice of authorization shall be posted prominently at the site during construction and a copy of the permit and approved plans shall be kept on the construction site and shall be exhibited upon request to any person.

7. The permittee shall immediately inform the Department of any unanticipated adverse effects on the environment not described in the application or in the conditions of the permit. The Department may, upon discovery of such unanticipated adverse effects, and upon the failure of the permittee to submit a report thereon, notify the permittee of its intent to suspend the permit, pursuant to N.J.A.C. 7:7-4.11.

8. Plans and specifications in the application and conditions imposed by a permit shall remain in full force and effect so long as the proposed development or any portion thereof is in existence, unless modified pursuant to N.J.A.C. 7:7-4.10.

9. If any condition or a permit is determined to be legally unenforceable, modifications and additional conditions may be imposed by the Department as necessary to protect the public interest.

10. A permit is subject to suspension or revocation for violations of its terms and conditions. A permittee shall, upon receipt of a notice of suspension or revocation, comply with the terms of such notice and shall, if required, cease such construction.

11. The Department may issue a modified permit in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:7-4.10.

12. If a permit condition requires the dedication of land to a political subdivision for open space and/or recreational or other uses, the permittee shall, within 45 days of the political subdivision's decision whether or not to accept the land, furnish proof to the Department of the political subdivision's decision with respect to such dedication, or the permit may be revoked as provided in N.J.A.C. 7:7-4.11.

13. In the event of rental, lease, sale or other conveyance of the site by the permittee, the permit shall be continued in force and shall apply to the new tenant, lessee, owner or assignee so long as there is no change in the site, proposed construction or proposed use of the development, as described in the original application. No such change shall be implemented unless an application for a permit modification is filed pursuant to N.J.A.C. 7:7-4.10.

14. If a permit contains a condition that must be satisfied prior to the commencement of construction, the permittee must comply with such condition(s) within the time required by the permit or, if no time specific requirement is imposed, then within six months of the effective date of the permit, or provide evidence satisfactory to the Department that such condition(s) cannot be satisfied.

15. If required by the Department as a permit condition, the permit shall be filed with the clerk of the county court in which the project site is located as notice to prospective purchasers.

16. A permittee shall employ appropriate measures to minimize noise where necessary during construction, as specified in N.J.S.A. 13:1G-1 et seq. and N.J.A.C. 7:29 (Noise control).

17. Development which requires soil disturbance, the creation of drainage structures, or changes in natural contours shall conduct operations in accordance with the latest revised version of "Standards for Soil Erosion Sediment Control in New Jersey," promulgated by the New Jersey State Soil Conservation Committee, pursuant to the Soil Erosion and Sediment Control Act of 1975, N.J.S.A. 4:24-42 et seq. and N.J.A.C. 2:90-1.3 through 1.14. These standards are hereby incorporated by reference.

18. If the Department determines that a conservation restriction, as defined at N.J.A.C. 7:7-1.3, is necessary to protect the public health, safety, and welfare, or to protect wildlife and/or fisheries, or to otherwise preserve, protect, and enhance the natural environment, the permittee shall, prior to site preparation, submit to the Department proof that such a conservation restriction has been recorded in the office of the clerk of the county or the registrar of deeds and mortgages of the county in which the development site is located. The conservation restriction shall be in the form and terms appropriate to the property as

specified and approved by the Department, and shall run with the property and be binding upon the property owner and the successors in interest in the property or in any part thereof;

(c) A permit shall be valid authority to commence construction of a development for a period of five years from its date of issuance. Where construction has commenced within this five year period, the permit, with the exception of permits issued for activities located below the mean high water line, shall upon written authorization of the Department be valid, as long as construction continues, until the project is completed subject to the provisions of (c)1 and 2 below.

1. If construction continues beyond the five year period, and then, prior to completion of the project, stops for a cumulative period of one year or longer the permit shall expire, except for projects of unusual size or scope or for projects which are delayed due to circumstances beyond the permittee's control (such as a delay in the financing of a public works project), in which case, upon the request of the applicant prior to the expiration of the original permit, the permit may be extended for a total of 10 years from the original effective date.

2. All requests for authorization to continue construction beyond the expiration of a permit shall be submitted to the Department no later than 20 business days prior to the expiration date of the permit.

3. All permits issued of activities occurring below the mean high water line shall be effective for a fixed term not to exceed five years.

4. All water quality certificates and Federal consistency determinations issued in conjunction with a State permit will be in effect for the lifetime of the associated State permit.

5. A water quality certificate not issued in conjunction with other State permits shall be effective for five years or for the original duration of the underlying Federal permit (without renewals), whichever is shorter.

(d) The duration of validity for coastal general permits is found at N.J.A.C. 7:7-7.3(k).

(e) The Department may, after public notice, issue a general permit for activities which are substantially similar in nature and cause only minimal individual and cumulative environmental impacts. The process for issuance of General Permits and the process for authorizing various activities under the issued General Permits is detailed at N.J.A.C. 7:7-7.

Amended by R.1987 d.217, effective May 18, 1987.
See: 18 N.J.R. 2156(a), 19 N.J.R. 861(b).

Substantially amended.

Amended by R.1994 d.378, effective July 18, 1994.
See: 26 N.J.R. 918(a), 26 N.J.R. 1561(a), 26 N.J.R. 2934(a).

Amended by R.2000 d.428, effective October 16, 2000.

See: 32 N.J.R. 864(a), 32 N.J.R. 3784(b).

Rewrote the section.

Law Review and Journal Commentaries

Watch Out for the CAFRA II Rules. Lewis Goldshore and Marsha Wolf, 159 N.J.L.J. 1196 (2000).

Case Notes

Expiration of construction permit issued by (DEP) did not preclude application of permit condition requiring Department approval for connection to borough sewer system. *Mutschler v. Envir. Protection*, 337 N.J.Super. 1 (A.D.2001).

Permit granted while permit application was still pending was invalid. *In re Waterfront Development Permit No. WD88-0443-1*, Lincoln Harbor Final Development, Weehawken, Hudson County, 244 N.J.Super. 426, 582 A.2d 1018 (A.D.1990) certification denied 126 N.J. 320, 598 A.2d 880.

Conditional approval of construction permit for large scale development, permitting no construction until statutory standards satisfied, improper. (citing former N.J.A.C. 7:7D-2.5). *Crema v. Dept. of Environmental Protection*, 182 N.J.Super. 445, 442 A.2d 630 (App.Div. 1982), affirmed as modified 94 N.J. 286, 463 A.2d 910 (1983).

7:7-1.6 Provisional permits

(a) The Department may issue a provisional permit if it finds that the beginning of construction prior to the completion of the full permit review process is necessary to meet the regulatory or funding requirements of a Federal or State agency.

(b) The issuance of a provisional permit shall not exempt the permittee from any of the requirements of this chapter. A permit application must be submitted before a provisional permit can be issued, and all permit review procedures shall be complied with following issuance of the provisional permit.

Amended by R.1994 d.378, effective July 18, 1994.
See: 26 N.J.R. 918(a), 26 N.J.R. 1561(a), 26 N.J.R. 2934(a).

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7:7-1.7 Emergency permit authorization

(a) The Department may issue an emergency permit authorization if it determines that there is an imminent threat to lives or property if regulated construction activities are not immediately commenced. Potential for severe environmental degradation will also constitute a basis for issuing an emergency permit authorization. The procedure for obtaining an emergency permit authorization is as follows:

1. The requesting party shall notify the Department's Bureau of Coastal and Land Use Enforcement by telephone of any situation which may constitute an imminent threat to lives, property or the environment. In response to this notification, the Bureau of Coastal and Land Use Enforcement will inspect the subject site whenever feasible to determine the condition of the property, and the extent of the imminent threat. The determination of imminent threat will be made solely by the Department, based on the condition of the property at the time of inspection. The findings of the inspection will be provided to the Land Use Regulation Program, together with a recommendation regarding the request for emergency permit authorization.