

(c) The Department will review proposals on a case-by-case basis.

(d) Rationale: See the OAL Note at the beginning of this subchapter.

Amended by R.1985 d.715, effective February 3, 1986.
See: 17 N.J.R. 1466(a), 17 N.J.R. 1797(b), 17 N.J.R. 1797(c), 18 N.J.R. 314(a).

Substantially amended.

Amended by R.1990 d.413, effective August 20, 1990.
See: 22 N.J.R. 1188(a), 22 N.J.R. 2542(b).

Text on special hazard areas recodified to 3.41; text on critical wildlife habitats recodified from 3.37.

Amended by R.2003 d.60, effective February 3, 2003.

See: 34 N.J.R. 74(a), 35 N.J.R. 632(a).

In (a)3, deleted “; Game” following “Fish” throughout.

7:7E-3.40 Public open space

(a) Public open space constitutes land areas owned or maintained by State, Federal, county and municipal agencies or private groups (such as conservation organizations and homeowner’s associations) and used for or dedicated to conservation of natural resources, public recreation, visual or physical public access or, wildlife protection or management. Public open space also includes, but is not limited to, State Forests, State Parks, and State Fish and Wildlife Management Areas, lands held by the New Jersey Natural Lands Trust (N.J.S.A. 13:1B-15.119 et seq.), lands held by the New Jersey Water Supply Authority (N.J.S.A. 58:1B-1 et seq.) and designated Natural Areas (N.J.S.A. 13:1B-15.12a et seq.) within DEP-owned and managed lands.

(b) New or expanded public or private open space development is encouraged at locations compatible or supportive of adjacent and surrounding land uses.

(c) Development that adversely affects existing public open space is discouraged.

(d) Development within existing public open space is conditionally acceptable, provided that the development is consistent with the character and purpose of public open space, as described by the park master plan when such a plan exists.

(e) Development in Atlantic City is acceptable within existing public open space provided the public open space is a street right-of-way or the Boardwalk and the development meets the standards of N.J.A.C. 7:7E-3.49(e) through (j).

(f) Provision of barrier free access to public open space is encouraged.

(g) All new development adjacent to public open space will be required to provide an adequate buffer area and to comply with the Buffers and Compatibility of Uses rule (N.J.A.C. 7:7E-8.13). The buffer required will be dependent upon adjacent land uses and potential conflicts between users of public open space and the proposed adjacent land use.

(h) Rationale: See the OAL Note at the beginning of this subchapter.

Amended by R.1985 d.715, effective February 3, 1986.
See: 17 N.J.R. 1466(a), 17 N.J.R. 1797(b), 17 N.J.R. 1797(c), 18 N.J.R. 314(a).

Section recodified; new (e).

Amended by R.1990 d.413, effective August 20, 1990.

See: 22 N.J.R. 1188(a), 22 N.J.R. 2542(b).

Text on excluded Federal lands recodified to 3.42; text on public open space recodified from 3.38.

Amended by R.1994 d.380, effective July 18, 1994 (operative July 19, 1994).

See: 26 N.J.R. 943(a), 26 N.J.R. 1561(a), 26 N.J.R. 2990(a).

Amended by R.2000 d.45, effective February 7, 2000.

See: 31 N.J.R. 2042(a), 32 N.J.R. 503(a).

Inserted a new (e); and recodified former (e) through (g) as (f) through (h).

Amended by R.2003 d.60, effective February 3, 2003.

See: 34 N.J.R. 74(a), 35 N.J.R. 632(a).

In (d), deleted “complies with the Rules on Coastal Zone Management and” preceding “is consistent with”.

7:7E-3.41 Special hazard areas

(a) Special hazard areas include areas with a known actual or potential hazard to public health, safety, and welfare, or to public or private property, such as the navigable air space around airports and seaplane landing areas, potential evacuation zones and areas where hazardous substances as defined at N.J.S.A. 58:10-23.11bk are used or disposed, including adjacent areas and areas of hazardous material contamination.

(b) Coastal development, especially residential and labor-intensive economic development, within special hazard areas is discouraged. All development within special hazard areas must include appropriate mitigating measures to protect the public health and safety.

(c) Approvals from the Department’s Division of Solid and Hazardous Waste shall be obtained prior to the commencement of any hazardous substance investigations or cleanup activities at contaminated sites.

(d) Rationale: See the OAL Note at the beginning of this subchapter.

Amended by R.1985 d.715, effective February 3, 1986.
See: 17 N.J.R. 1466(a), 17 N.J.R. 1797(b), 17 N.J.R. 1797(c), 18 N.J.R. 314(a).

Added text in (b), “and areas where . . . including adjacent areas.”

Amended by R.1990 d.413, effective August 20, 1990.

See: 22 N.J.R. 1188(a), 22 N.J.R. 2542(b).

Text on special urban areas recodified to 3.43; text on special hazard areas recodified from 3.39, with reference to N.J.S.A. 58:10-23.11b-k added at (a) and (c) added.

Amended by R.2003 d.60, effective February 3, 2003.

See: 34 N.J.R. 74(a), 35 N.J.R. 632(a).

In (c), substituted “Department’s Division of Solid and Hazardous Waste shall” for “DEP’s Division of Hazardous Waste management shall”.

7:7E-3.42 Excluded Federal lands

(a) Excluded Federal lands are those lands, the use of which is, by law, subject solely to the discretion of or held in trust by the Federal Government, its officers or agents. These lands are excluded from the coastal zone as required by Section 304 of the Federal Coastal Zone Management Act.

1. The list of excluded Federal lands is found in the New Jersey Coastal Management Program, Final Environmental Impact Statement, August 1980, page 370.

(b) Federal actions on excluded Federal lands that affect any land or water use, or natural resource of the coastal zone shall be consistent with the Coastal Zone Management rules to the maximum extent practicable. The effects on the land or water use or natural resource maybe direct, indirect, cumulative, secondary or reasonably foreseeable effects.

(c) Rationale: See the OAL Note at the beginning of this subchapter.

Amended by R.1985 d.715, effective February 3, 1986.
See: 17 N.J.R. 1466(a), 17 N.J.R. 1797(b), 17 N.J.R. 1797(c), 18 N.J.R. 314(a).

Added text in (b), "They are listed . . . at page 370."

Amended by R.1990 d.413, effective August 20, 1990.

See: 22 N.J.R. 1188(a), 22 N.J.R. 2542(b).

Text on Pinelands National Reserve and Pinelands Protection Area recodified to 3.44; text on excluded Federal lands recodified from 3.42.

Amended by R.2003 d.60, effective February 3, 2003.

See: 34 N.J.R. 74(a), 35 N.J.R. 632(a).

Rewrote the section.

7:7E-3.43 Special urban areas

(a) Special urban areas are those municipalities defined in urban aid legislation (N.J.S.A. 52:27D178) qualified to receive State aid to enable them to maintain and upgrade municipal services and offset local property taxes. Under N.J.S.A. 52:27D-178 et seq., the Department of Community Affairs (DCA) establishes a list of qualifying municipalities each fiscal year. DCA's list of qualifying municipalities may be obtained on request from the Department's Land Use Regulation Program, PO Box 439, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0439, (609) 292-0060.

(b) Development that will help to restore the economic and social viability of special urban areas is encouraged. Development that would adversely affect the economic well being of these areas is discouraged, when an alternative which is more beneficial to the special urban areas is feasible. Development that would be of economic and social benefit and that serves the needs of local residents and neighborhoods is encouraged.

(c) Housing, hotels, motels and mixed use development, which is consistent with the Public Access to the Waterfront rule (N.J.A.C. 7:7E-8.11) and the Hudson River Waterfront Area rule (N.J.A.C. 7:7E-3.48) where applicable, including those provisions relating to fishing access as appropriate are acceptable only over large rivers where water dependent uses are demonstrated to be infeasible. These uses are conditionally acceptable on structurally sound existing pilings, or where at least one of the following criteria is met:

1. Where piers have been removed as part of the harbor clean up program, the equivalent pier area may be replaced in either the same or other nearby location;

2. Where structurally sound existing pilings have been reconfigured, provided that the total area of water coverage is not increased and that fisheries resources are not adversely impacted; or

3. Where expansion of the existing total area water coverage has occurred, provided that it can be shown that extensions are functionally necessary for water dependent uses. For example, additional piers and pilings would be conditionally acceptable for a marina which is a water dependent use.

(d) Housing, hotels, motels and mixed use development are acceptable in filled water's edge areas, provided that development is consistent with the filled water's edge rule at N.J.A.C. 7:7E-3.23, and public access is provided for, as required by the public access to the waterfront rule at N.J.A.C. 7:7E-8.11.

(e) Rationale: See the OAL Note at the beginning of this subchapter.

Amended by R.1985 d.715, effective February 3, 1986.
See: 17 N.J.R. 1466(a), 17 N.J.R. 1797(b), 17 N.J.R. 1797(c), 18 N.J.R. 314(a).

Section substantially recodified and amended.

Amended by R.1988 d.338, effective August 15, 1988.

See: 20 N.J.R. 139(a), 20 N.J.R. 2058(b).

Added text in (c) "and the Hudson River Waterfront Policy (7:7E-3.46) where applicable".

Amended by R.1990 d.413, effective August 20, 1990.

See: 22 N.J.R. 1188(a), 22 N.J.R. 2542(b).

Text on Hackensack Meadowlands District recodified to 3.45; text on special urban areas recodified from 3.41, with the addition of Commercial Twp., Gloucester City, Kearny, Paulsboro, Pennsauken, Penns Grove, Pleasantville, Salem and Woodbury.

Amended by R.1994 d.380, effective July 18, 1994 (operative July 19, 1994).

See: 26 N.J.R. 943(a), 26 N.J.R. 1561(a), 26 N.J.R. 2990(a).

Amended by R.2003 d.60, effective February 3, 2003.

See: 34 N.J.R. 74(a), 35 N.J.R. 632(a).

Rewrote (a); in (d), inserted "the public access to the waterfront rule at" preceding "N.J.A.C. 7:7E-8.11".

7:7E-3.44 Pinelands National Reserve and Pinelands Protection Area

(a) The Pinelands National Reserve includes those lands and water areas defined in the National Parks and Recreation Act of 1978, Section 502 (P.L. 95-625), an approximately 1,000,000 acre area ranging from Monmouth County in the north, south to Cape May County and from Gloucester and Camden County on the west to the barrier islands of Island Beach State Park and Brigantine Island along the Atlantic Ocean on the east (see Appendix, Figure 10, incorporated herein by reference). The "Pinelands Area" is a slightly smaller area within the Pinelands National Reserve. It was designated for State regulation by the Pinelands Protection Act of 1979 (N.J.S.A. 13:18-1 et seq.). The Pinelands Commission adopted a Comprehensive Management Plan in November, 1980. Within the Pinelands Area, the law delineates a Preservation Area, where the plan shall "preserve an extensive and contiguous area of land in its natural state, thereby insuring the continuation of a Pinelands environment . . ." (Section 8c).

1. Under the authority of the Department's Surface Water Quality Standards (N.J.A.C. 7:9B), all surface waters within the boundaries of the Pinelands Area, except those waters designated as FWI, are designated "Pinelands Waters" which have special antidegradation policies, designated uses and water quality criteria (see N.J.A.C. 7:9B1-4, 1.5(d)6ii, 1.12(b), and 1.14(b)). The Department's present Groundwater Quality Standards (N.J.A.C. 7:9-6), which were adopted on March 3, 1981, and revised on February 1, 1993, identify the "Central Pine Barrens Area" as the only part of the Pinelands distinguished from the rest of the State (N.J.A.C. 7:9-6.7(c)).

2. The coastal municipalities wholly or partly within the Pinelands National Reserve Area include:

| | |
|------------------------|----------------------------|
| Atlantic County | |
| Brigantine City | Hamilton Township |
| Corbin City | Mullica Township |
| Egg Harbor City | Port Republic |
| Egg Harbor Township | Somers Point City |
| Estell Manor Township | Weymouth Township |
| Galloway Township | |
| Burlington County | |
| Bass River Township | Washington Township |
| Cape May County | |
| Dennis Township | Upper Township |
| Middle Township | Woodbine Borough |
| Cumberland County | |
| Maurice River Township | |
| Ocean County | |
| Barnegat Township | Lakehurst Borough |
| Beachwood Borough | Little Egg Harbor Township |
| Berkeley Township | Manchester Township |
| Dover Township | Ocean Township |
| Eagleswood Township | South Toms River Borough |
| Lacey Township | Stafford Township |
| | Tuckerton Borough |

(b) Coastal development shall be consistent with the intent, policies and objectives of the National Parks and Recreation Act of 1978, P.L. 95-625, Section 502, creating the Pinelands National Reserve, and the State Pinelands Protection Act of 1979 (N.J.S.A. 13:18A1 et seq.).

1. Within the Pinelands National Reserve, the Pinelands Commission will serve as a reviewing agency for coastal construction permit applications.

2. The Department's Land Use Regulation Program and the Pinelands Commission will coordinate the permit review process through the procedure outlined in the February 8, 1988 Memorandum of Agreement between the two agencies and any subsequent amendments to that agreement. Copies are available from the Department's Land Use Regulation Program, PO Box 439, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0439, (609) 292-0060.

(c) Coastal activities in areas under the jurisdiction of the Pinelands Commission shall not require a freshwater wetlands permit, or be subject to transition area requirements of the Freshwater Wetlands Protection Act, except that discharge of dredged or fill materials in freshwater wetlands and/or State open waters shall require a State permit issued under the provisions of Section 404 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act of 1972 as amended by the Clean Water Act of 1977, or under an individual or statewide general permit program administered by the State under the provisions of 33 USC 1344 and N.J.S.A. 13:9B-6(b).

(d) Rationale: See the OAL Note at the beginning of this subchapter.

Amended by R.1985 d.715, effective February 3, 1986.
See: 17 N.J.R. 1466(a), 17 N.J.R. 1797(b), 17 N.J.R. 1797(c), 18 N.J.R. 314(a).

Section substantially amended.
Amended by R.1990 d.413, effective August 20, 1990.
See: 22 N.J.R. 1188(a), 22 N.J.R. 2542(b).

Text on wild and scenic river corridors recodified to 3.46; text on Pinelands National Reserve and Pinelands Protection Area recodified from 3.42; exception to Freshwater Wetlands Protection Act added.
Amended by R.1994 d.380, effective July 18, 1994 (operative July 19, 1994).

See: 26 N.J.R. 943(a), 26 N.J.R. 1561(a), 26 N.J.R. 2990(a).
Amended by R.2003 d.60, effective February 3, 2003.
See: 34 N.J.R. 74(a), 35 N.J.R. 632(a).

7:7E-3.45 Hackensack Meadowlands District

(a) The "Hackensack Meadowlands District" is a 19,730 acre area of water, coastal wetlands and associated uplands designated for management by a State-level agency known as the New Jersey Meadowlands Commission, by the Hackensack Meadowlands Reclamation and Development Act of 1968 (N.J.S.A. 13:17-1 et seq.). See Figure 20.

(b) The New Jersey Meadowlands Commission will act as the lead coastal planning and management agency within this Special Area. The New Jersey Meadowlands Commission Master Plan Zoning Rules (N.J.A.C. 19:4) are adopted as part of the Coastal Management Program (see Appendix I) and the Hackensack Meadowlands District is designated a Geographic Area of Particular Concern (see the New Jersey Coastal Management Program, Final Environmental Impact Statement, August 1980, page 263). The Department will periodically review Commission actions and will consider incorporating any proposed changes in New Jersey Meadowlands Commission plans or policies into the Coastal Management Program with particular attention to continued protection of wetlands and other environmental resources.

(c) Coastal activities under the jurisdiction of the New Jersey Meadowlands Commission shall not require a Freshwater Wetlands permit, or be subject to transition area requirements of the Freshwater Wetlands Protection Act, except that discharge of dredged or fill materials may require a permit issued under the provisions of Section 404 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act of 1972 as amended by the Federal Clean Water Act of 1977, or under an

individual or general permit program administered by the State under the provisions of the Federal Act and applicable State laws.

(d) Rationale: See the OAL Note at the beginning of this subchapter.

Amended by R.1985 d.715, effective February 3, 1986.

See: 17 N.J.R. 1466(a), 17 N.J.R. 1797(b), 17 N.J.R. 1797(c), 18 N.J.R. 314(a).

Added text in (b), "The Division will . . . other environmental resources."

Amended by R.1990 d.413, effective August 20, 1990.

See: 22 N.J.R. 1188(a), 22 N.J.R. 2542(b).

Text on geodetic control reference marks recodified to 3.47; text on Hackensack Meadowlands District recodified from 3.43.

Amended by R.2003 d.60, effective February 3, 2003.

See: 34 N.J.R. 74(a), 35 N.J.R. 632(a).

In (b), substituted "the New Jersey Coastal Management Program, Final Environmental Impact Statement, August 1980, page 263" for "section on GAPS in Chapter 4" and substituted "Department" for "Division" preceding "will periodically review"; codified formerly uncodified Rationale paragraph as (d).

7:7E-3.46 Wild and scenic river corridors

(a) Wild and scenic river corridors are all rivers designated into the National Wild and Scenic Rivers System and any rivers or segments thereof being studied for possible designation into that system pursuant to the National Wild and Scenic Rivers Act (16 U.S.C. §§ 1271-1278). For rivers designated into the national system, the wild and scenic river corridor shall include the river and adjacent areas located within one-quarter mile from the mean high water line on each side of the river until a Federal River Management Plan has been adopted, after which time the wild and scenic corridor shall be the area defined in the adopted plan. For rivers under study for possible designation into the national system, the wild and scenic river corridor shall include the river and adjacent areas extending one-quarter mile from the mean high water line on each side of the river.

(b) Development in wild and scenic river corridors shall comply with (b)1 and 2 below, and the standards for the specific type of development at (c), (d), (f), (g) and (h) below. The standards for linear development are found at (e) below.

1. Development that would have a direct and adverse effect on any "outstandingly remarkable resource value" for which the river was designated or is being studied for possible designation into the National Wild and Scenic Rivers System is prohibited. For the purposes of this rule, "outstandingly remarkable resource values" means any of those extraordinary scenic, recreational, cultural, historical, or fish and wildlife attributes of a river corridor which, under the National Wild and Scenic Rivers Act, are required to be preserved and protected for the benefit and enjoyment of future generations.

2. The development shall comply with the standards set forth in the Federal River Management Plan adopted pursuant to the National Wild and Scenic Rivers Act for the wild and scenic river corridor if a plan exists.

(c) Development of docks, piers, and moorings on the Great Egg Harbor River and Maurice River and their tributaries shall comply with the following:

1. A dock, pier or mooring shall not extend to a depth greater than two feet at mean high water or further than 20 percent of the river width, as measured from mean high water line on one side of the river to the mean high water line on the opposite side of the river, whichever is less.

2. On the Great Egg Harbor River and Maurice River, development of a dock, pier or mooring within 75 feet of the edge of a navigation channel, as defined at N.J.A.C. 7:7E-3.7, is prohibited.

3. On the tributaries to the Great Egg Harbor River and Maurice River, development of a dock, pier or mooring within 25 feet of the edge of a navigation channel, as defined at N.J.A.C. 7:7E-3.7, is prohibited.

(d) Where the need for shoreline stabilization has been demonstrated, biostabilization of eroding shorelines shall be used where feasible. These systems include live branch cuttings, live facings, live stakes, vegetative cuttings, vegetated earth buttresses, choir fiber products, fiber plugs, plants, fiber pallets, fiber carpet, and wood stake anchor systems. These materials shall be installed in accordance with the construction guidelines of Chapter 16 "Streambank and Shoreline Stabilization Protection," of the National Resources Conservation Service Engineering Handbook, National Engineering Handbook (NEH) Part 650, 1996, published by the United States Department of Agriculture, herein incorporated by reference as amended and supplemented. This document is available on the web at www.NTIS.gov for a fee (order number PB98114358). Standards for structural shore protection are found at N.J.A.C. 7:7E-7.11.

(e) Linear development shall be located within the right of way of an existing linear development route or outside of the wild and scenic river corridor where feasible. Where an analysis of alternatives demonstrates that proposed development which is in the public interest can not be so located, the linear development shall be located and designed to minimize adverse effect on outstandingly remarkable resource values and the width of the clearing for the linear development shall be minimized.

(f) Communication and cellular towers are prohibited in a wild and scenic river corridor.

(g) Development of bridges is conditionally acceptable provided it complies with the following:

(b) Any activity that would adversely impact on the natural functioning of marine fish, including the reproductive, spawning and migratory patterns or species abundance or diversity of marine fish, is discouraged. In addition, any activity that would adversely impact any New Jersey based marine fisheries or access thereto is discouraged, unless it complies with (c) below.

(c) The following coastal activities are conditionally acceptable provided that the activity complies with the appropriate general water area rule(s) at N.J.A.C. 7:7E-4;

1. Construction of submerged cables and pipelines;
2. Sand and gravel mining to obtain material for beach nourishment, provided:
 - i. The beach nourishment project is in the public interest;
 - ii. There are no alternative borrow sites that would result in less impact to marine fish and fisheries;
 - iii. Any alteration of existing bathymetry within Prime Fishing areas, as defined at N.J.A.C. 7:7E-3.4, does not reduce the high fishery productivity of these areas; and
 - iv. Measures are implemented to minimize and compensate for impacts to marine fish and fisheries; and
3. The establishment of Aquaculture Development Zones in accordance with N.J.S.A. 4:27-1 et seq. and any rules developed and adopted pursuant thereto.

(d) Rationale: See the OAL Note at the beginning of this subchapter.

Amended by R.1985 d.715, effective February 3, 1986.
See: 17 N.J.R. 1466(a), 17 N.J.R. 1797(b), 17 N.J.R. 1797(c), 18 N.J.R. 314(a).

Deleted "policy" from (a).

Amended by R.1990 d.413, effective August 20, 1990.
See: 22 N.J.R. 1188(a), 22 N.J.R. 2542(b).

Stylistic changes.

Amended by R.2003 d.60, effective February 3, 2003.
See: 34 N.J.R. 74(a), 35 N.J.R. 632(a).

Rewrote section.

7:7E-8.3 (Reserved)

Amended by R.1985 d.715, effective February 3, 1986.
See: 17 N.J.R. 1466(a), 17 N.J.R. 1797(b), 17 N.J.R. 1797(c), 18 N.J.R. 314(a).

(b) deleted; recodified (b)1.-3. as (b)-(d); old (c) now (e).

Repealed by R.1994 d.380, effective July 18, 1994 (operative July 19, 1994).

See: 26 N.J.R. 943(a), 26 N.J.R. 1561(a), 26 N.J.R. 2990(a).

Section was "Shellfisheries".

7:7E-8.4 Water Quality

(a) As required by Section 307(f) of the Federal Coastal Zone Management Act (P.L. 92-583), Federal, State and local water quality requirements established under the Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. § 1251) shall be the water resource

standards of the coastal management program. These requirements include not only the minimum requirements imposed under the Clean Water Act but also the additional requirements adopted by states, localities, and interstate agencies pursuant to Section 510 of the Clean Water Act and such statutes as the New Jersey Water Pollution Control Act. In the Delaware River Basin, the requirements include the prevailing "Basin Regulations-Water Quality" adopted by the Delaware River Basin Commission as part of its Comprehensive Plan. In the waters under the jurisdiction of the Interstate Environmental Commission in the New Jersey-New York metropolitan area, the requirements include the Interstate Environmental Commission's Water Quality Regulations. Department rules related to water pollution control and applicable throughout the entire coastal zone include, for example, the Surface Water Quality Standards (N.J.A.C. 7:9-4), the rules concerning Wastewater Discharge Requirements (N.J.A.C. 7:9-5), the Groundwater Quality Standards (N.J.A.C. 7:9-6), and the Regulations Concerning the New Jersey Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (N.J.A.C. 7:14A).

(b) Coastal development which would violate the Federal Clean Water Act, or State laws, rules and regulations enacted or promulgated pursuant thereto, is prohibited. In accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:15 concerning the Water Quality Management Planning and Implementation process, coastal development that is inconsistent with an approved Water Quality Management (208) Plan under the New Jersey Water Quality Planning Act, N.J.S.A. 58:11A-1 et seq., is prohibited.

(c) Rationale: See the OAL Note at the beginning of this subchapter.

Amended by R.1985 d.715, effective February 3, 1986.
See: 17 N.J.R. 1466(a), 17 N.J.R. 1797(b), 17 N.J.R. 1797(c), 18 N.J.R. 314(a).

(a): Deleted text "In the Delaware ... (see N.J.A.C. 7:9-4.5 and 6)." and added "These requirements include ... (system N.J.A.C. 7:14A)."; Old (b) deleted and new (b) substituted.

Amended by R.1990 d.413, effective August 20, 1990.
See: 22 N.J.R. 1188(a), 22 N.J.R. 2542(b).

Stylistic changes.

Administrative change.

See: 34 N.J.R. 1902(a).

7:7E-8.5 Surface water use

(a) Surface water is water in lakes, ponds, streams, rivers, bogs, wetlands, bays, and ocean that is visible on land.

(b) Coastal development shall demonstrate that the anticipated surface water demand of the facility will not exceed the capacity, including phased planned increases, of the local potable water supply system or reserve capacity, and that construction of the facility will not cause unacceptable surface water disturbances, such as drawdown, bottom scour, or alteration of flow patterns.

1. Coastal development shall conform with all applicable Department and, in the Delaware River Area, Dela-

ware River Basin Commission requirements for surface water diversions.

(c) Rationale: See the OAL Note at the beginning of this subchapter.

Amended by R.1985 d.715, effective February 3, 1986.
See: 17 N.J.R. 1466(a), 17 N.J.R. 1797(b), 17 N.J.R. 1797(c), 18 N.J.R. 314(a).

"Policy:" deleted from (b).

Amended by R.1990 d.413, effective August 20, 1990.
See: 22 N.J.R. 1188(a), 22 N.J.R. 2542(b).

Stylistic changes.

Amended by R.1994 d.380, effective July 18, 1994 (operative July 19, 1994).

See: 26 N.J.R. 943(a), 26 N.J.R. 1561(a), 26 N.J.R. 2990(a).

Amended by R.2003 d.60, effective February 3, 2003.

See: 34 N.J.R. 74(a), 35 N.J.R. 632(a).

7:7E-8.6 Groundwater Use

(a) Groundwater is all water within the soil and subsurface strata that is not at the surface of the land. It includes water that is within the earth that supplies wells and springs.

(b) Coastal development shall demonstrate, to the maximum extent practicable, that the anticipated groundwater withdrawal demand of the development, alone and in conjunction with other groundwater diversions proposed or existing in the region, will not cause salinity intrusions into the groundwaters of the zone, will not degrade groundwater quality, will not significantly lower the water table or piezometric surface, or significantly decrease the base flow of adjacent water sources. Groundwater withdrawals shall not exceed the aquifer's safe yield.

1. Coastal development shall conform with all applicable DEP and, in the Delaware River Basin, Delaware River Basin Commission requirements for groundwater withdrawal and water diversion rights.

(c) Rationale: See the OAL Note at the beginning of this subchapter.

Amended by R.1985 d.715, effective February 3, 1986.
See: 17 N.J.R. 1466(a), 17 N.J.R. 1797(b), 17 N.J.R. 1797(c), 18 N.J.R. 314(a).

Added text in (b) "alone and in . . . in the region,".

Amended by R.1990 d.413, effective August 20, 1990.

See: 22 N.J.R. 1188(a), 22 N.J.R. 2542(b).

Stylistic changes.

Amended by R.1994 d.380, effective July 18, 1994 (operative July 19, 1994).

See: 26 N.J.R. 943(a), 26 N.J.R. 1561(a), 26 N.J.R. 2990(a).

7:7E-8.7 Stormwater management

If a project or activity meets the definition of "major development" at N.J.A.C. 7:8-1.2, then the project or activity shall comply with the Stormwater Management rules at N.J.A.C. 7:8.

Amended by R.1985 d.715, effective February 3, 1986.
See: 17 N.J.R. 1466(a), 17 N.J.R. 1797(b), 17 N.J.R. 1797(c), 18 N.J.R. 314(a).

(c)-(h) added; old (c) now (i).

Amended by R.1990 d.413, effective August 20, 1990.

See: 22 N.J.R. 1188(a), 22 N.J.R. 2542(b).

Text added at (c)1i.

Amended by R.1994 d.380, effective July 18, 1994 (operative July 19, 1994).

See: 26 N.J.R. 943(a), 26 N.J.R. 1561(a), 26 N.J.R. 2990(a).

Amended by R.1996 d.391, effective August 19, 1996.

See: 28 N.J.R. 324(a), 28 N.J.R. 3924(a).

Amended by R.2000 d.45, effective February 7, 2000.

See: 31 N.J.R. 2042(a), 32 N.J.R. 503(a).

Rewrote (d)1iv(3).

Repeal and New Rule, R.2004 d.48, effective February 2, 2004.

See: 35 N.J.R. 119(a), 35 N.J.R. 1328(a), 36 N.J.R. 670(a).

Section was "Stormwater management".

7:7E-8.8 Vegetation

(a) Vegetation is the plant life or total plant cover that is found on a specific area, whether indigenous or introduced by humans.

(b) Coastal development shall preserve, to the maximum extent practicable, existing vegetation within a development site. Coastal development shall plant new vegetation, particularly appropriate coastal species, native to New Jersey to the maximum extent practicable.

(c) Rationale: See the OAL Note at the beginning of this subchapter.

Amended by R.1985 d.715, effective February 3, 1986.

See: 17 N.J.R. 1466(a), 17 N.J.R. 1797(b), 17 N.J.R. 1797(c), 18 N.J.R. 314(a).

Section 8.8 was "Soil erosion and sedimentation". The section was repealed.

Amended by R.2003 d.60, effective February 3, 2003.

See: 34 N.J.R. 74(a), 35 N.J.R. 632(a).

In (b), substituted "coastal species, native to New Jersey" for "native coastal species".

7:7E-8.9 (Reserved)

Amended by R.1985 d.715, effective February 3, 1986.

See: 17 N.J.R. 1466(a), 17 N.J.R. 1797(b), 17 N.J.R. 1797(c), 18 N.J.R. 314(a).

Deleted text in (a) "Definitions and maps . . . Cape May County" and inserted "which identify these areas".

Amended by R.1990 d.413, effective August 20, 1990.

See: 22 N.J.R. 1188(a), 22 N.J.R. 2542(b).

Stylistic changes.

Repealed by R.1994 d.380, effective July 18, 1994 (operative July 19, 1994).

See: 26 N.J.R. 943(a), 26 N.J.R. 1561(a), 26 N.J.R. 2990(a).

Section was "Important Wildlife Habitat".

7:7E-8.10 Air quality

(a) The protection of air resources refers to the protection from air contaminants that injure human health, welfare or property, and the attainment and maintenance of State and Federal air quality goals and the prevention of degradation of current levels of air quality.

(b) Coastal development shall conform to all applicable State and Federal regulations, standards and guidelines and be consistent with the strategies of New Jersey's State Implementation Plan (SIP). See N.J.A.C. 7:27 and New Jersey SIP for ozone, particulate matter, sulfur dioxide, nitrogen dioxide, carbon monoxide, lead, and visibility.