

## **CHAPTER 56**

### **WAGE AND HOUR**

#### **Authority**

N.J.S.A. 34:1-20; 34:1A-3(e); 34:2-21.64; and 34:11-56a et seq., specifically, 34:11-56a5 and 34:11-56a19.

#### **Source and Effective Date**

R.2006 d.88, effective January 26, 2006.  
See: 37 N.J.R. 4170(a), 38 N.J.R. 1190(a).

#### **Chapter Expiration Date**

Chapter 56, Wage and Hour, expires on January 26, 2011.

#### **Chapter Historical Note**

Chapter 56, New Jersey State Wage and Hour Law, was adopted and became effective prior to September 1, 1969.

Chapter 56, New Jersey State Wage and Hour Law, was repealed and Chapter 56, Wage and Hour, was adopted as new rules by R.1980 d.430, effective November 1, 1980. See: 12 N.J.R. 484(e), 12 N.J.R. 666(c).

Pursuant to Executive Order No. 66(1978), Chapter 56, Wage and Hour, was readopted as R.1985 d.524, effective September 26, 1985. See: 17 N.J.R. 2008(a), 17 N.J.R. 2561(b).

Pursuant to Executive Order No. 66(1978), Chapter 56, Wage and Hour, was readopted as R.1990 d.520, effective September 26, 1990, and N.J.A.C. 12:56-14.10 was recodified as Subchapter 17, Uniforms, and Subchapter 16, Payroll Deductions for Mass Transportation, was recodified as Chapter 55, Wage Payments, by R.1990 d.520, effective November 5, 1990. See: 22 N.J.R. 2235(a), 22 N.J.R. 3379(b).

Subchapter 10, Employment of Learners, Apprentices and Students, was repealed and Subchapter 10, Employment of Learners; Sub-Minimum Wage, was adopted as new rules by R.1992 d.328, effective August 17, 1992. See: 24 N.J.R. 2129(b), 24 N.J.R. 2924(a).

Pursuant to Executive Order No. 66(1978), Chapter 56, Wage and Hour, was readopted as R.1995 d.553, effective September 22, 1995, and Subchapter 10, Employment of Learners; Sub-Minimum Wage, was repealed and Subchapter 18, School-to-Work Program, was adopted as new rules by R.1995 d.553, effective October 16, 1995. See: 27 N.J.R. 2868(a), 27 N.J.R. 3958(a).

Subchapter 19, Employment in the Trucking Industry, was adopted as R.1996 d.375, effective August 5, 1996. See: 28 N.J.R. 1475(a), 28 N.J.R. 3798(c).

Subchapter 20, Employment of Skilled Mechanics, was adopted as R.1996 d.376, effective August 5, 1996. See: 28 N.J.R. 1476(a), 28 N.J.R. 3800(a).

Pursuant to Executive Order No. 66(1978), Chapter 56, Wage and Hour, was readopted as R.2000 d.423, effective September 22, 2000. See: 32 N.J.R. 2643(a), 32 N.J.R. 3855(a).

Chapter 56, Wage and Hour, was readopted by R.2006 d.88, effective January 26, 2006. See: Source and Effective Date. See, also, section annotations.

#### **CHAPTER TABLE OF CONTENTS**

##### **SUBCHAPTER 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS**

- 12:56-1.1 Purpose; scope
- 12:56-1.2 Violations
- 12:56-1.3 Administrative penalties
- 12:56-1.4 Administrative fees
- 12:56-1.5 Interest

- 12:56-1.6 Hearings
- 12:56-1.7 Discharge or discrimination against employee making complaint

##### **SUBCHAPTER 2. DEFINITIONS**

- 12:56-2.1 Definitions

##### **SUBCHAPTER 3. MINIMUM WAGE RATES**

- 12:56-3.1 Statutory minimum wage rates for specific years
- 12:56-3.2 Exemptions from the statutory minimum wage rates

##### **SUBCHAPTER 4. RECORDS**

- 12:56-4.1 Contents
- 12:56-4.2 Time keeping system
- 12:56-4.3 Fixed working schedule
- 12:56-4.4 Retention period
- 12:56-4.5 Location; inspection
- 12:56-4.6 Employer gratuity records
- 12:56-4.7 Employee gratuity reports
- 12:56-4.8 Acceptable gratuity report form
- 12:56-4.9 Food or lodging records
- 12:56-4.10 Additions to wages

##### **SUBCHAPTER 5. HOURS WORKED**

- 12:56-5.1 Payment
- 12:56-5.2 Computation
- 12:56-5.3 Accounting for irregular hours of resident employees
- 12:56-5.4 Workweek construed
- 12:56-5.5 Reporting for work
- 12:56-5.6 On-call time
- 12:56-5.7 On-call employees required to remain at home

##### **SUBCHAPTER 6. OVERTIME**

- 12:56-6.1 Rate of overtime payment
- 12:56-6.2 Computation
- 12:56-6.3 Actual wage basis
- 12:56-6.4 Workweek hours
- 12:56-6.5 "Regular hourly wage" payment basis
- 12:56-6.6 Items excluded from "regular hourly wage"
- 12:56-6.7 Offsets; cash payments

##### **SUBCHAPTER 7. EXEMPTIONS FROM OVERTIME**

- 12:56-7.1 Definition of executive
- 12:56-7.2 Definition of administrative
- 12:56-7.3 Definition of professional
- 12:56-7.4 Definition of outside sales person
- 12:56-7.5 Outside service employees
- 12:56-7.6 Employees exempt from overtime

##### **SUBCHAPTER 8. GRATUITIES, FOOD AND LODGING**

- 12:56-8.1 Definitions
- 12:56-8.2 Gratuity splitting
- 12:56-8.3 Determining cash gratuities
- 12:56-8.4 Administrative handling of gratuities
- 12:56-8.5 Additional cash contribution claim
- 12:56-8.6 Fair value computed
- 12:56-8.7 Inspection of fair value methods
- 12:56-8.8 Method of determining "fair value"
- 12:56-8.9 (Reserved)

##### **SUBCHAPTER 9. EMPLOYMENT OF INDIVIDUALS WITH DISABILITIES**

- 12:56-9.1 Definitions
- 12:56-9.2 Application for permit
- 12:56-9.3 Criteria for permit
- 12:56-9.4 Compliance
- 12:56-9.5 Cancellation of permit

## SUBCHAPTER 10. (RESERVED)

SUBCHAPTER 11. EMPLOYMENT IN THE FIRST  
PROCESSING OF FARM PRODUCTS OCCUPATIONS

- 12:56-11.1 Definitions
- 12:56-11.2 Minimum wage
- 12:56-11.3 Overtime rates

SUBCHAPTER 12. EMPLOYMENT IN SEASONAL  
AMUSEMENT OCCUPATIONS

- 12:56-12.1 Definitions
- 12:56-12.2 Minimum wage
- 12:56-12.3 Overtime rates

SUBCHAPTER 13. EMPLOYMENT IN HOTEL AND  
MOTEL OCCUPATIONS

- 12:56-13.1 Definitions
- 12:56-13.2 Minimum wage
- 12:56-13.3 Overtime rates
- 12:56-13.4 Cash wage standard
- 12:56-13.5 Substantiation of gratuities; food and lodging cost
- 12:56-13.6 Food and lodging as wages over 40 hours
- 12:56-13.7 Cash wage condition of employment
- 12:56-13.8 Required food and lodging acceptance; costs

SUBCHAPTER 14. EMPLOYMENT IN FOOD SERVICE  
OCCUPATIONS

- 12:56-14.1 Definitions
- 12:56-14.2 Minimum wage
- 12:56-14.3 Overtime rates
- 12:56-14.4 Cash wage standard
- 12:56-14.5 Substantiation of gratuities; food and lodging cost
- 12:56-14.6 Food and lodging as wages over 40 hours
- 12:56-14.7 Cash wage condition of employment
- 12:56-14.8 Meals and lodging applicable to minimum wage

SUBCHAPTER 15. EMPLOYMENT IN AIR CARRIER  
INDUSTRY

- 12:56-15.1 Definitions
- 12:56-15.2 Minimum wage
- 12:56-15.3 Overtime rates

SUBCHAPTER 16. INDEPENDENT CONTRACTOR  
STATUS

- 12:56-16.1 Independent contractor status criteria

## SUBCHAPTER 17. UNIFORMS

- 12:56-17.1 Uniforms

## SUBCHAPTER 18. SCHOOL-TO-WORK PROGRAM

- 12:56-18.1 Definitions
- 12:56-18.2 School-to-work program requirements

SUBCHAPTER 19. EMPLOYMENT IN THE TRUCKING  
INDUSTRY

- 12:56-19.1 Trucking industry employer defined
- 12:56-19.2 Minimum wage
- 12:56-19.3 Overtime rates

SUBCHAPTER 20. EMPLOYMENT OF SKILLED  
MECHANICS

- 12:56-20.1 Skilled mechanic defined
- 12:56-20.2 Minimum wage
- 12:56-20.3 Overtime rates

APPENDIX A. AVAILABILITY OF STANDARDS  
REFERRED TO IN THIS CHAPTER

## SUBCHAPTER 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

**12:56-1.1 Purpose; scope**

(a) The purpose of this subchapter is to establish rules to effectuate N.J.S.A. 34:11-56a et seq., the New Jersey State Wage and Hour Law (Act), to provide sanctions for noncompliance, and to protect established wage rates.

(b) The chapter is applicable to:

1. Wages and hours subject to the Act; and
2. Wages paid to an employee for services rendered.

(c) This chapter shall not apply to:

1. Volunteers; or
2. Patients.

New Rule, R.1990 d.520, effective November 5, 1990.

See: 22 N.J.R. 2235(a), 22 N.J.R. 3379(b).

Repealed existing 12:56-1.1, Title and citation, 12:56-1.2, Purpose, 12:56-1.3, Scope, and 12:56-1.4, Validity.

**12:56-1.2 Violations**

(a) A violation of the Act shall occur when an employer:

1. Willfully hinders or delays the Commissioner in the performance of the duties of the Commissioner in the enforcement of this chapter;
2. Fails to make, keep and preserve any records as required under the provisions of this chapter;
3. Falsifies any such record;
4. Refuses to make any such record accessible to the Commissioner upon demand;
5. Refuses to furnish a sworn statement of such record or any other information required for the proper enforcement of this chapter to the Commissioner upon demand;
6. Pays or agrees to pay wages at a rate less than the rate applicable under this chapter or any wage order issued pursuant thereto;
7. Requests, demands, or receives, either for himself, herself or any other person, either before or after a worker is engaged in public or private work at a specified rate of wages, the following:
  - i. That such worker forego, pay back, return, donate, contribute or give any part, or all, of his or her wages, salary or thing of value, to any person upon the statement, representation or understanding that failure to

(b) Such records shall include the nature and amount of any expenditures entering into the computation of the fair value of the food or lodging and shall contain the date required to compute the amount of the depreciated investment in any assets allocable to the furnishing of the lodgings, including the date of acquisition or construction, the original cost, the rate of depreciation and the total amount of accumulated depreciation on such assets. No particular degree of itemization is prescribed. The amount of detail shall be sufficient to enable the Commissioner, assistant director or his or her authorized representative to verify the nature of the expenditure and amount by reference to the basic records which shall be preserved pursuant to this chapter.

Amended by R.1995 d.553, effective October 16, 1995.  
See: 27 N.J.R. 2868(a), 27 N.J.R. 3958(a).

#### 12:56-4.10 Additions to wages

If additions to wages paid so affect the total cash wages due in any workweek as to result in the employee receiving less in cash than the minimum hourly wage provided in the act or in any applicable wage order or if the employee works in excess of 40 hours a week the employer shall maintain records showing those additions to wages by reason of gratuities or food, or lodgings paid on a workweek basis.

### SUBCHAPTER 5. HOURS WORKED

#### 12:56-5.1 Payment

Employees entitled to the benefits of the act shall be paid for all hours worked.

#### 12:56-5.2 Computation

(a) All the time the employee is required to be at his or her place of work or on duty shall be counted as hours worked.

(b) Nothing in this chapter requires an employer to pay an employee for hours the employee is not required to be at his or her place of work because of holidays, vacation, lunch hours, illness and similar reasons.

Amended by R.1990 d.520, effective November 5, 1990.  
See: 22 N.J.R. 2235(a), 22 N.J.R. 3379(b).  
Stylistic revisions.

#### 12:56-5.3 Accounting for irregular hours of resident employees

Employees who reside on the employer's premises and whose hours worked are irregular and intermittent to the extent that it is not feasible to account for the hours actually on duty may be compensated for not less than eight hours for each day on duty in lieu of any other applicable provisions.

#### 12:56-5.4 Workweek construed

(a) A workweek shall be a regularly recurring period of 168 hours in the form of seven consecutive 24-hour periods.

(b) The workweek need not be the same as the calendar week and may begin any day of the week and any hour of the day.

(c) The workweek shall be designated to the employee in advance.

(d) Once the beginning time of an employee's workweek is established, it remains fixed regardless of the schedule of the hours worked.

(e) The beginning of the workweek may be changed if the change is intended to be permanent and is not intended to evade the overtime requirements of the act.

#### 12:56-5.5 Reporting for work

(a) An employee who by request of the employer reports for duty on any day shall be paid for at least one hour at the applicable wage rate, except as provided in (b) below.

(b) The provisions of (a) above shall not apply to an employer when he or she has made available to the employee the minimum number of hours of work agreed upon by the employer and the employee prior to the commencement of work on the day involved.

Amended by R.1995 d.553, effective October 16, 1995.  
See: 27 N.J.R. 2868(a), 27 N.J.R. 3958(a).

#### 12:56-5.6 On-call time

(a) When employees are not required to remain on the employer's premises and are free to engage in their own pursuits, subject only to the understanding that they leave word at their home or with the employer where they may be reached, the hours shall not be considered hours worked. When an employee does go out on an on-call assignment, only the time actually spent in making the call shall be counted as hours worked.

(b) If calls are so frequent or the "on-call" conditions so restrictive that the employees are not really free to use the intervening periods effectively for their own benefit, they may be considered as "engaged to wait" rather than "waiting to be engaged". In that event, the waiting time shall be counted as hours worked.

Amended by R.1990 d.520, effective November 5, 1990.  
See: 22 N.J.R. 2235(a), 22 N.J.R. 3379(b).

Clarified text to specify "on-call time" and when hours are considered hours worked.  
Administrative Correction to (a).  
See: 23 N.J.R. 1416(c).

**12:56-5.7 On-call employees required to remain at home**

"On-call" employees may be required by their employer to remain at their homes to receive telephone calls from customers when the company office is closed. If "on-call" employees have long periods of uninterrupted leisure during which they can engage in the normal activities of living, any reasonable agreement of the parties for determining the number of hours worked shall be accepted. The agreement shall take into account not only the actual time spent in answering the calls but also some allowance for the restriction on the employee's freedom to engage in personal activities resulting from the duty of answering the telephone.

Amended by R.1995 d.553, effective October 16, 1995.  
See: 27 N.J.R. 2868(a), 27 N.J.R. 3958(a).

**12:56-6.5 "Regular hourly wage" payment basis**

(a) The "regular hourly wage" is a rate per hour.

(b) The act does not require employers to compensate employees on an hourly rate basis. Their earnings may be determined on a piece-rate, salary, bonus, commission or other basis, but the overtime compensation due to employees shall be paid on the basis of the hourly rate derived therefrom. Therefore, the regular hourly wage of an employee is determined by dividing his or her total remuneration for employment, exclusive of overtime premium pay, in any workweek, by the total number of hours worked in that workweek for which such compensation was paid.

(c) If an employee is remunerated solely on the basis of a single hourly rate, the hourly rate shall be his or her "regular hourly wage".

Amended by R.1990 d.520, effective November 5, 1990.  
See: 22 N.J.R. 2235(a), 22 N.J.R. 3379(b).

**SUBCHAPTER 6. OVERTIME****12:56-6.1 Rate of overtime payment**

For each hour of working time in excess of 40 hours in any week, except as provided in N.J.A.C. 12:56-7.6, every employer shall pay to each of his or her employees, wages at a rate of not less than 1 ½ times such employee's regular hourly wage.

Amended by R.1995 d.553, effective October 16, 1995.  
See: 27 N.J.R. 2868(a), 27 N.J.R. 3958(a).  
Administrative correction.  
See: 30 N.J.R. 372(a).

**Cross References**

Exemption of automobile mechanics. See, N.J.A.C. 12:56-20.3.

**12:56-6.2 Computation**

(a) Overtime and minimum wage pay shall be computed on the basis of each workweek standing alone.

(b) Hours shall not be averaged over two or more workweeks.

**12:56-6.3 Actual wage basis**

Covered employees shall be entitled to overtime pay based upon their actual wages and not the specified minimum wages.

**12:56-6.4 Workweek hours**

(a) Covered employees shall be paid 1½ times the regular hourly wage for each hour of working time in excess of 40 hours in any workweek.

(b) There is no requirement that an employee be paid premium overtime compensation for hours in excess of eight hours per day, nor for work on Saturdays, Sundays, holidays or regular days of rest, other than the required overtime for over 40 hours per week; provided, however, nothing shall relieve an employer of any obligation he or she may have assumed by contract or of any obligation imposed by other State or Federal law limiting overtime hours of work or to pay premium rates for work which are in excess of the minimum required by this chapter.

**Case Notes**

Application of regular hourly wage formula to taxi driver's situation places them on the same level as other piece-rate basis employees. *Yellow Cab Co. of Camden v. State*, 126 N.J.Super. 81, 312 A.2d 870 (App.Div.1973), certification denied 64 N.J. 498, 317 A.2d 711 (1974).

**12:56-6.6 Items excluded from "regular hourly wage"**

(a) The "regular hourly wage" shall not be deemed to include:

1. Payments in the nature of gifts made on holidays or on other special occasions or as a reward for service, the amounts of which are not measured by or dependent on hours worked, production or efficiency;

2. Payments made for occasional periods when no work is performed due to vacation, holiday or other similar cause;

3. Reasonable payments for traveling or other expenses incurred by an employee in the furtherance of his or her employer's interests and properly reimbursable by the employer which are not made as compensation for employment;

4. Sums paid in recognition of services performed during a given period if either:

i. Both the fact that payment is to be made and the amount of payment are determined at the sole discretion of the employer at or near the end of the period and not pursuant to any prior contract, agreement or promise causing the employee to expect such payments regularly; or