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# NEW-JERSEY GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1782.

By the Duke of Cumberland Packet, Captain Paddy, who arrived at New-York on the 26th ult. in 42 days from Falmouth, we have the following advices, viz.

H A G U E, August 25.

**T**HE states of Holland and West-Friesland having assembled on the 17th inst. took into consideration the proposition of the deputies of the city of Amsterdam for the continuation of the operations in concert with France against England, for the campaign of 1783, and the renewal of the treaty of commerce of the year 1739. And after mature deliberation it was resolved, that the said propositions be examined by the lords of the corps of nobility and other deputies of their noble and grand mightinesses for important affairs, in order that the assembly may avail itself of their considerations and advice.

Sept. 1. Letters from Paris say, the negotiations of Mr. Fitzherbert, have, as yet, produced no effect, as the count d'Aranda, ambassador of the court of Spain, had not received the instructions of his court respecting the preliminaries to a general peace.

P A R I S, Aug. 16.

They write from Soissons, that in the night between the 16th and 17th of last month, a violent tempest, accompanied with hail of extraordinary size, had destroyed 15 parishes on the district of Soissons. Those which suffered most are the villages of Fontenoy, Nouvron, Tartier, and the Little Beuxi. The rye, wheat, oats, hemp and vines, have been destroyed in a manner so destructive, that the unhappy inhabitants cannot discover what had been sowed.

The sieur Pelletier, intendant of that province, has verified and stated those losses. It is computed that it will require four years at least to put the country into the state of production in which it was, and the general loss is computed at about 400,000 livres.

The same misfortune has been experienced, but less rigorously, in 16 parishes of the district of Clermont in Beauvoisis.

Aug. 19. The Count de Grasse arrived here on the 16th instant at night. On the 17th he went to Versailles, where, being presented to the King by the Marquis de Castries, Secretary of State for the marine department, he had the honour of a private conference with his Majesty for a quarter of an hour; and at half past six in the evening he returned hither with a cheerful countenance; all his officers, prisoners from England, as himself on their parole of honour, justify him entirely.

Aug. 29. We have received some accounts of the combined fleet from Brest; they were at anchor off cape Ortegal on the 18th, and had suffered much from contrary winds, and it is feared they would arrive in great disorder in Cadiz.

L O N D O N, July 29.

Lord Thurlow has the complete direction of the state machine at this time. Nothing is undertaken without his consent. He is the very centre of all the parties that now form the present administration under the character of "an independent peer."

Aug. 3. At present all thoughts of a peace seem to be given up by all parties, nor indeed was it to be supposed, that Great-Britain would accept of such humiliating terms as those said to be proposed to her by the court of France, especially since the glorious victory obtained by our arms in the West-Indies. The conduct of our commanders, and bravery of the British tars on that day, added a lustre and brilliancy to the British flag, and convinced the foes of England that it would never tarnish in their hands.

Aug. 5. It is generally believed in Holland, that if peace is not shortly agreed upon, the King of Prussia will certainly take the field in opposition to the Emperor, whose preparations indicate an approaching rupture.

They write from Rotterdam, that there were

2000 men on board their fleet destined for the East-Indies.

A letter from Constantinople says, that orders were given for repairing the castles at the Dardanelles, and raising some new works; also for augmenting the navy, and raising forces in every part of Turkey, which makes it conjectured, that a war with some power is near at hand; but where the first blow will be struck time can only discover.

Aug. 7. No negotiations are at this time thought of by any of the belligerent powers; neither is there any one of the neutral powers, except the Empress, inclined to afford a mediation towards a peace.

It is in contemplation to send out such a military force to the West-Indies, as, with the naval superiority we now have in that quarter, shall enable us to recover some of the chief of our lost possessions.

Extract of a letter dated off the coast of Brazil, June 4, 1782.

"We left the harbour of Rio Janeiro yesterday, but the wind being contrary, were obliged to anchor here. The fleet in general are very healthy, and fit to undertake a voyage round the Cape of Good Hope, which at this time of the year requires good stout men and stout ships. We have some intelligence of the French having a design to intercept us near Ceylon."

Extract of a letter from Paris, August 5.

"A few days since the eldest son of Admiral Comte de Grasse, an amiable character, and an officer in the King's guards, who, in the course of eight days, fought as many duels with the traducers of his father's honour, unable to bear up any longer against the popular indignation that increased against him, put an end to his existence by a coup de pistolet."

A Captain who lately arrived from Gibraltar, escaped out of the Mole in an open Tartan, in the night of July, and was going over to Barbary to get shipping for Europe, but luckily fell in with an Imperial vessel for Ostend, which agreed to take him in, on a promise of 230 guineas: this officer's coming over is said to be owing to a French deserter from the Spanish camp having furnished Governor Elliot with such intelligence as he thought necessary to be communicated by the earliest opportunity to government.

A letter from an officer on board his Majesty's ship the Gibraltar, of 80 guns, Commodore Bickerton, to his father, in the neighbourhood of York, dated Rio Janeiro, South-America, has the following very interesting passage: "A Portuguese gentleman came on board the other day, and brought us intelligence from the river De La Plata, that the Indians had rebelled against the Spaniards, put 20,000 of them to death, had taken 20 of their ships, and it was expected the Spaniards would be driven entirely out of the country."

Aug. 24. The whole exertions of government are at this time directed to the protection of Gibraltar. The principal inconvenience which they have for some time laboured under, with respect to that important fortress, has arisen from the total want of transports to convey the necessary materials for the relief of the garrison. To remove that obstacle, however, a proposal was yesterday sent from the navy board to the Oporto merchants, to this effect: That they would agree to pay the company after the rate of 12s. and 6d. per ton, for every thing they would carry on government account to Gibraltar, and would afterwards engage to furnish them with safe convoy to Lisbon. No answer has yet been transmitted to this proposal, but it is deemed too advantageous to admit the probability of refusal. If it be acceded to, the 22d of the present month is fixed upon for the general rendezvous of the transports at Spithead, and six days being allowed for completing their lading, on the 28th Lord Howe is to be ready to escort them with the whole of the naval power of this country that is not employed on foreign service. The board of ordnance have issued orders to the officers belonging to the laboratory at Woolwich, to prepare 20,000 live shells, to be in readiness against the

20th instant, to proceed with the grand fleet to the relief of Gibraltar; and the East-India ships which have been for some time past, in waiting to proceed on their voyage, have received orders to remain till the sailing of Lord Howe, when they are to accompany him to Gibraltar.

Aug. 31. Yesterday an express arrived at the Admiralty from Adm. Lord Howe at Portsmouth, informing the board of the melancholy disaster of his Majesty's ship the Royal George, of 110 guns, with most of her crew, being lost at Spithead about half past ten o'clock in the morning of the preceding day.

This unfortunate accident happened while the ship was hove upon a careen, in order to have the water pipe to her cistern repaired, at which juncture a strong squall at N. N. W. came on, and her keel lying across the tide current, she fell suddenly on her beam ends, and before they could right ship, she filled, and went down, her topmasts only appearing at the water's edge! At the time of this calamitous event, 848 officers and seamen were on board, 331 only of which were saved by the boats of the fleet.

Among the officers who perished, it is with the utmost concern we mention that brave and experienced Commander Rear Admiral Kempenfelt, who was writing in his cabin when the ship went down. Mr. Saunders, his first Lieutenant, the fifth Lieutenant, together with Major Graham, and two Lieutenants of the marines, the Surgeon and carpenter, shared the same fate. The rest of the officers were fortunately saved. What adds to the national loss on this occasion is, that the crew of the Royal George principally consisted of the best seamen of the whole fleet.

The following account is transmitted from a correspondent at Portsmouth, of such officers as were lost by this melancholy accident, and a few that were known to be alive when the express left that place:

Admiral Kempenfelt drowned.  
Capt. Waghorn taken up by the Victory's boat, and now living.

Major Graham, of marines, and Lieutenants, Saunders and Currie, of ditto, drowned.

The purser, boatswain, and Mr. Harrison, gunner, on shore when the accident happened.

Mr. Surrel, master, Mr. Bartrim, surgeon, Mr. Williams, carpenter, Mr. Kenwood, Mr. Cook, and Mr. Fish, master mates; and all the midshipmen, except two or three (names not known)—drowned.

Upwards of two hundred women were on board, it is said, when she went down.

The Lark sloop victualler, that was alongside the Royal George, was swallowed up in a whirlpool occasioned by the sinking of the latter, and several people that were on board her are said also to have perished.

The Royal George was just twenty-seven years old at the time she was lost, having been launched at Woolwich in September 1755. She was built in four years, her keel being laid in 1751. The naval people say, she can be weighed up, if the weather proves favourable, in the course of a month.

The Dutch ship of war driven on shore at the Gaats, which is the entrance into the Texel Sound, is the Union of 64 guns, a new vessel, just arrived from her first cruise, and commanded by Captain de Welderen, son of the Count who was Ambassador in England.

The Union is the fourth ship the Dutch have lost by accident, &c. The other three were the Hollandia of 68, Prince William of 64, and Joseph of 50.

The 59th regiment of foot have received orders to march from Coxheath to Hilsey barracks, Portsmouth, from whence they are to embark on board the grand fleet for the relief of Gibraltar.

Sept. 3. By our late advices from the east we learn, that General Sir Eyre Coote is gone to Bengal, and left the command at Madras to Colonel Stuart and Sir Hector Munro; General Meadows,

and several other general officers, are on their passage home.

Extract of a letter from Paris, Aug. 19.

"It is certain that the Comte de Grasse has enemies in the fleet, but there are also a large number of officers ready to give evidence in his favour. He shews in the mean-time, by the confidence of his conduct and his discourse, that he is certain he has done his duty. This affair will be soon cleared up by the court martial which is to be held at Brest, where that unfortunate Admiral, it is said, has had orders to repair."

Extract of a letter from Gibraltar.

"You will easily conceive the incessant fire kept up against this place, when I assure you, that a parapet seventeen feet high and two hundred long, has been raised near Willis's battery, consisting entirely of the shells and balls thrown in by the enemy."

They write from Cadiz, by way of Lisbon, that the *Bucephalus*, a fine ship of 74 guns, built at the Havanna, was lost in her passage from thence to Spain, and all the crew perished.

On Thursday, in the afternoon, Admiral Milbank, with 17 sail of men of war, passed by the bank of the Goodwin sands for the North seas, to convoy home the Baltic fleet. It appears that he failed from the Downs early on Sunday morning, and arrived off the Texel on Tuesday evening, when he found the Dutch fleet in port; the same evening he likewise received advice from some of his cruisers, which had been dispatched ahead, that the Baltic fleet was failed from Elsinour, and no doubt by that time out of danger.

On receipt of the above intelligence, an express was immediately sent to Lord Howe, for the grand fleet to sail for Gibraltar, as soon as Admiral Milbank's squadron arrived at Spithead, and likewise for the East and West-India fleets to sail at the same time.

Sept. 7. On Tuesday last Rear-Admiral Alexander Hood hoisted his flag on board the *Queen* man of war at Portsmouth, in the room of Admiral Kempenfelt, deceased.

Yesterday Major Stanhope, brother of Lord Harrington, set off for Portsmouth, to embark with the second son of Lord Townsend, and another gentleman for Gibraltar.

Yesterday an individual waited upon Lord Keppel, and offered a 74 gun ship, full manned, which has been accepted. Such an example has not been in Europe, even among the princes of the blood in France. Too great honours cannot be paid to such a man. It is hoped the example will be followed, as well by individuals, equally capable, as by collective bodies of men.

They write from Utrecht, that the treaty between the Republick of Holland and America, under the guarantee of France, was signed and exchanged at Amsterdam the 20th of last month; on which account they had publick rejoicings.

The Dutch have no more than twelve sail of the line ready at the Texel, as will appear by the following list; the other part of the squadron, with which Admiral Hartfincke first failed from the Texel, having been detached with their East and West-India fleets, consisting of six sail of the line, three of 44 guns and three frigates.

Admiral General, 76; Amsterdam, Shortenear and Union, of 68; Admiral Ruyter and Prince Frederick 60; Rhyndland, Batavise and Princess Louisa, 56; Glinthorst, Admiral Piet, Hein and Centaur, 54; Hercules, 64; Sept Province, 70.

List of the besiegers of Gibraltar.

We have been favoured with the following account of the whole force employed to reduce Gibraltar, the regular siege and firings against which are supposed to have commenced on Sunday last, for the honour of St. Louis and the Catholick faith:

Officers, French and Spanish,	5,675
Men,	34,217
List of artillery.	
Brass ordnance, Spanish.	
Pounders.	Pounders.
Twelve	84
Twenty-two	63
Thirty-nine	48
Forty-seven	36
Iron ordnance, Spanish.	
Fifty-three	32
French ordnance from Toulon.	
Twenty	52
Fourteen	36
Ten	32
Besides mortars, howitzers, &c.	

Extract of a letter from Cadiz, Aug. 3.

By accounts from the camp before Gibraltar, we

have the mortifying intelligence, that General Elliot had by some means procured a number of cannon of an amazing size, particularly in length; that notwithstanding all the opposition of the besiegers, he had completed a battery and mounted these cannon thereon; that on the 1st of August, he began a most furious cannonade on our troops, which lasted for upwards of seven hours, in which time he had almost demolished the works raised very near the rock, and destroyed many men; Captain Lopes Sebastian, the famous engineer, and Monsieur Fendon, a volunteer, are among the slain—Two Castilian regiments are, however, in full march from hence to the camp, in order to replace the killed and wounded.

The most honourable terms of peace have been lately offered both to America and Holland. If they are accepted, it will be happy for all parties. If not, we shall certainly have the most bloody war England was ever engaged in.

The last despatches received by government from Governor Elliot, are of the most agreeable nature, respecting the state of the garrison of Gibraltar.—The Governor reports, that the forces under his command are in the highest spirits, and fully adequate to repel the most vigorous attacks of the enemy, should they have the temerity to attempt a storm. With respect to provisions, the garrison have been more amply supplied since June last from Britain and the Barbary coast, than since the commencement of the siege, notwithstanding the vigilance of the Spanish ships of war. A cloudy night, or a new moon, has been always productive of a provision or an ammunition vessel to invigorate the garrison. The Governor speaks of the approaches of the enemy with the utmost contempt; and from some passages mentioned in his despatches, it is not unlikely that he has made another grand folly ere this, and levelled their batteries with the ground. He concludes his letter by mentioning, that if he receives the promised supplies by the grand fleet by the middle of October, he will bid defiance to the whole host of Bourbon for eighteen months. These pleasing despatches have put government in the highest spirits, as they now consider Gibraltar out of all danger.

Extract of a letter from Paris, Aug. 27.

"Mr. Fitzherbert has not left this capital, but will remain here a few days longer. Reports are circulated that the obstacles to a negociation are removed; and that a peace will take place in the course of the winter."

Mr. COLLINS,

For the improvement of the young gentlemen at *Nassau-Hall*, and all others who are desirous of acquiring a good style, and an elegant diction, I wish you to insert in your *Gazette* the following

Specimen of modern eloquence, being part of a speech lately delivered in a publick assembly, by the *Demosthenes* of New-Jersey.

MAUGRE that I am not indoctrinated in the turgid and scholastic phraseology and magniloquence of those bibliothecal *Literati*, who have prolocuted in the present momentous discussion, nor versed in that efflorescent decorated verbosity, and rhetorical brilliance, wherewith they have illumined and bespangled their fallacious and *squabunxious* ratiocinations, yet I ascend with humillimous affiance, of being amply potential in my own vernacular, maternal and *subtenocetary* dialect, totally to pulverize and annihilate those illusory, erratic and sophistical argumentations, wherewith my tergiversating antagonists have infructuously emprized to obfuscate and paralogize the luminous radiancy of truth, and by stratagemical twistifications and *Tordeurs*, to inveigle and incarcerate the sublimity of your *electoral* intelligentials.

But uninitiated as I may be in their *miltonic* and *ciceronean* mode of elocution, I may adventure to asseverate, without hazarding the imputation of a fastidious glorification, that through an innumerable and reiterated revolution of *Lustrums*, I have had an auspicious opportunity of being radically erudited during our pristine regal gubernation, in the variegated usages of parliamentary procedures; and that in point of mode and form, I deign not to resign the legislative laurel to any human essence or existence, either on this terraqueous globe, or throughout the whole illimitable indeterminable immensity of space. But without farther proem, prelude or preligomenon, I expedite to my machinated propositum: and I humbly opine, and have profoundly revolved it in my most internal cogitations, that the personage who ought to be elevated to the official dignity now in contestation,

especially at this perilous epocha of martial perturbation and turbulence, whilst our auditory nerves are diurnally vulnerated with the terrific and horrendous clangour of war, behoveth to be *criterially* and *categorically* bellicose and bellipotent; and the legitimate unadulterate emanation of the conubial cupidinous conjunction copulative, of *Mars* and *Bellona*. He ought, by nature's plastic digits, to be fabricated of such ignited and inflammable corpuscles, as to explode smoke and sulphur like the ignivomous mountainous excrecence of *Sicily*; and to be endowed with the capability of respiring amidst enveloping volumes of fuliginous atoms, like the footy *Mulciber*, when with thunderous hammer and auxiliary cyclopes, he imparts direful concussion to tremulous reverberating *Ætna*. He ought, at the moment of the cannon's signal roar, to superadd velocity to his corporal pedestals; to grasp with the celerity of elemental electricity, his ponderous *Toledo*, of keener edge than the *Noric* blade; to mount his ready caparioned equestrian *Quadruped*, of *Theffalian* breed, or the lineal progeny of the pugnacious *Bucephalus*; and rushing fulguration-like amongst the recoiling foe, cry, *havoc*, and let loose the dogs of war. He should then, with remeating strides, return like armipotent David (blooming chieftain of high renown in sacred page) with the dislevered decollated capital apartment of the animal structure of his opponent *Anglican* Goliath; and bearing in his hand, or upon longitudinal pole, displayed aloft in ambient æther, the ensanguined *spolia-opimal* trophy to his jubilant and exulting legions.

It will not defatigate this eximious auditory with irksome prolixity, but alacriously submit my *ostracifmal* or *oral* suffrage to your superiorly sapient and perspicacious ruminatation, and your illuminated and unparalleled intellectuals.

NEW-LONDON, Nov. 1.

The brig *Delight*, Capt. Samuel Johnson, from this port, is captured and carried into New-York.

Last Monday night three deserters from the British regiment stationed at Huntington, came to town from Long-Island.

Monday a flag from New-York bound to Newport, was carried into Stonington by Capt. Sheffield, in a privateer from that place, and on Wednesday she was sent to this port; she having, as it is said, some articles of British manufacture on board.

Monday arrived a brig, Captain Waters, from the Havanna, but last from Newport. On her outward-bound passage from Salem she took a valuable brig from Tortola, bound to Glasgow.

Tuesday arrived in Connecticut river the brig *Van Tramp*, Capt. Thomson, from the Havanna.

Tuesday evening, about nine o'clock, a man was knocked down and robbed of about Forty Dollars, in Beach-street in this town.

The sloop *Harmony*, Captain Hopkins, bound from Turk's-Island to this port, is run on shore at the Eastward, and, it is said, will be lost.

FISH-KILL, November 7.

His Excellency GENERAL WASHINGTON has again established the Head-Quarters of the army at Newburgh.

On the 26th ultimo, the first division of the British fleet, consisting of fourteen ships of the line, one ship of forty guns, seven frigates, and several smaller vessels, failed from Sandy-Hook.

PHILADELPHIA, November 2.

On Thursday evening last two gentlemen belonging to the ship *Carolina*, Captain Newell, came to town from Baltimore, where that vessel arrived last Tuesday, after a passage of 40 days from L'Orient. Neither the letters nor papers have come to hand; but the principal accounts brought by her are, that the combined fleet of France and Spain, consisting of about 60 sail of the line, had failed for Gibraltar to second the grand attack on that fortress, which it was thought would be made about the middle of September; it was uncertain whether the British fleet would attempt the relief against this very formidable armament. That the late action in the East-Indies had proved favourable to the fleet of our ally, and it was asserted three British men of war were taken in it. An English officer was heard to say that their affairs were ruined in the East, and that nothing could retrieve them from destruction. That although Sir Joseph Yorke and Mr. Fitzherbert were at Paris, yet a peace seemed very doubtful, and no decisive opinion could be made on it; and that the Dutch fleet of 20 sail of the line, had protected their trade in the North sea, and prevented the Baltic fleet from reaching England.

The McClenaghan, Captain Houston, is taken on her passage from France, and carried into England. Extract of a letter from Sunbury, dated Oct. 14.

"Yesterday, between the hours of 10 and 12 o'clock, John Martin, his wife and family were taken prisoners by the Indians at his house 6 miles from the town of Northumberland; about 50 yards from the house Mrs. Martin was tomahawked and scalped; old Mr. Martin was taken about one hundred perches and then tomahawked and scalped, but is yet living a miserable spectacle; the persons missing are, a daughter and grand daughter of Mr. Martin, and a young woman, daughter to one Careaden, who lives in that neighbourhood. I write in haste, as I purpose setting out with a party in pursuit of the enemy."

**TRENTON, November 13.**

We learn that the brave Captain Storer, commissioned as a private boat of war under this state, and who promises fair to be the genuine successor of the late valiant Captain Hyler, has given a recent instance of his valour and conduct in capturing one of the enemy's vessels. On the evening of the third instant he embarked with the two boats under his command at Point Comfort, and proceeded from thence into York bay by the way of the narrows; and after a fruitless search for detached vessels, he bore away for Middletown. On his return he passed through the British fleet lying at the watering place, and running down along the shore of Staten-Island, discovered a vessel lying under the flag-staff fort, within half pistol shot of a fourteen gun battery. This vessel he immediately boarded and carried without any alarm being given. She proved to be a sloop in the service of his Britannick Majesty, and employed in the engineer's department. He had the good fortune to get her safe into port in spite of the enemy's armed vessels lying in Prince's Bay.

At the late Joint-Meeting of the Legislature, the Honourable Abraham Clark, Jonathan Elmer, Elias Boudinot, Silas Condict and Frederick Frelinghuysen, Esquires, were elected to represent this state in Congress the ensuing year.

It is confidently told by persons from New-York and Staten-Island, that Charlestown is evacuated by the enemy; but we will not vouch for the truth of this report.

**House of Assembly, November 8, 1782.**

On Motion,

*Resolved,* That the doors of this house be kept open, and that the inhabitants of the state be permitted to be present at the transacting the business of the house, except on such particular occasions as in the opinion of the house shall require secrecy.

Extract from the Minutes,

MASKELL, EWING, jun. Clk.

\*\* The piece signed A SOMERSET FARMER is received, and will be inserted in our next.

**Office of Finance, November 8, 1782.**

NOTICE is hereby given, to all whom it may concern, that counterfeiters have appeared of the notes issued from this office, struck on copper-plate in the following form: "At sight pay to the bearer Twenty Dollars, for which this shall be your sufficient warrant." Which notes were signed by me, and directed to Mr. John Swanwick, Philadelphia. There were some notes of the same kind for Fifty and some for Eighty Dollars, which may perhaps be also counterfeited, though none have yet been discovered. The counterfeiters are badly executed, and might with care be detected, but (from an apprehension that such arts would be practised) I long since desisted from issuing them, and cancelled those which were brought in for payment. — There are now out only thirteen thousand six hundred and seventy dollars; and as no great inconvenience can arise from putting a stop to the circulation of so trivial a sum, the publick are cautioned against receiving any notes struck on copper-plate and signed with my name. All persons holding those which are genuine, are desired to send them to Mr. Swanwick and receive the money.

ROBERT MORRIS.

**TO BE SOLD,**

(And entered on immediately.)

A FARM containing 102 acres, seven acres of which is meadow, and more may be made, and twenty acres woodland, situate on the road leading from Rocky-Hill to the Baptist meeting-house in Hopewell, about three miles from Princeton, and two from Rocky-Hill. There are on said plantation a good frame house and kitchen adjoining, and a large Dutch barn, with a good young bearing orchard. An indisputable title will be given. For terms apply to the subscriber on the premises.

3w. c. t. f. MARGAREY FURMAN.

THE mode of supplying the army will render a permanent establishment of the Quarter-Master General's department in this state unnecessary in future; the office will therefore be discontinued after the first of January next: The subscriber, desirous to have his accounts in such a state as to close them immediately thereafter, requests all persons who have any demands against him as a publick officer, to present them before that time for settlement: the propriety of this measure will be obvious to all who consider the great obstructions that must inevitably arise to claimants in procuring an adjustment of their accounts after the employment of the officer under whose direction the business has been transacted expires.

JOHN NEILSON, D. Q. M.

Trenton, November 13, 1782. 6w

To be sold, at publick vendue,

ON Thursday the 21st day of November, instant, the sale to begin at 11 o'clock in the morning precisely, at the Quarter-Master's office in Trenton, a quantity of old harness and other stores, some strong carriages, a few pieces of scantling, a scow and a small boat, &c.

JOHN NEILSON, D. Q. M.

Trenton November 13, 1782. 2w

**TO BE SOLD,**

FIFTY-SIX years lease of a house and lot in the city of New-Brunswick, pleasantly situated on the bank of the river Raritan. The house is built of stone, two stories high, forty-four feet in front and twenty-four in depth, three rooms on the first and four on the second floor, with six fireplaces, a cellar under the whole, with a large fireplace for a kitchen. The lot is 70 feet in front and 200 in depth. The lease is renewable at the expiration of the above term for 70 years, paying a fine of twenty-five pounds five shillings, subject to a groundrent of fifty shillings per annum. The house is somewhat out of repair, having been occupied for some time by the British troops, who were not the most remarkable for their attention to the interest of the owner. For terms of sale apply to Mr. Archibald Meicer at Millstone, Mr. Henry Guest of New-Brunswick, or the subscriber with the army,

JOHN COCHRAN.

October 13, 1782. 4w†

NOTICE is hereby given, that a court will be held at the dwelling house of Charles Jackson, inn-holder in Woodbridge, on Thursday the fifth day of December next, at two o'clock in the afternoon of said day, to try the truth of the facts alleged in the bill of Captain John Storer, against the sloop Chance, of the burthen of fifty tons or thereabouts, together with her tackle, apparel, furniture and six iron cast stoves taken on board her, late commanded by James Clephin, and employed in his Britannick Majesty's service; to the intent that any person or persons may appear and shew cause, if any they have, why the said sloop, with her tackle, apparel, furniture and the stoves taken on board of her, may not be condemned, according to the prayer of said bill.

JARVIS BLOOMFIELD, Agent.

3w†

**V E N D U E.**

ON Tuesday the twenty-sixth of this instant, November, will be exposed to sale, by publick vendue, the plantation of John Vanderbelt, deceased, situate in Alexandria township, Hunterdon county, containing two hundred and nine acres, now in possession of the subscribers, adjoining lands of Mr. Joseph Chambelein and others, a large quantity of which is good meadow, and a sufficient quantity of wood-land, the other good tillable land and well watered, with a convenient log house and barn thereon, a spring of running water near the door, and stone spring-house; also a good bearing orchard. Any person inclining to purchase may view the premises at any time. The vendue to begin at 12 o'clock on said day, when the conditions of sale will be made known, and due attendance given by us on said premises.

AGNESS VANDERBELT, } Execut.

JACOB VANDERBELT, }

Alexandria, Nov. 1, 1782. 2w\*

STRAYED, a dark bay horse, about 12 years old, a large star in his forehead, and a small snip, shod before with old shoes: Any person that takes up said horse, and delivers him to Richard Green, near David Howell's ferry, shall have a sufficient reward, and all reasonable charges paid.

November 12, 1782. 1w†

State of New-Jersey, } BY virtue of a writ to me Burlington county, ss. } directed, will be exposed to sale, by publick vendue, on the premises, on Tuesday the thirty-first day of December next, between the hours of twelve and five o'clock in the afternoon, a valuable plantation or tract of land, lying and being in the township of mansfield, containing 230 acres of land, late the estate of Augustine Tallman, deceased, seized and taken in execution at the suit of Joseph Tallman, by

JACOB PHILLIPS, late Sheriff.

October 29, 1782. 7w

RAN away from the subscriber at Middlebuff, in Somerset county, State of New-Jersey, a mulatto wench, about fifteen years of age, five feet four or five inches high; had on when she went off a linen short gown and petticoat: Whoever takes up the said wench, and secures her, so that the owner may have her again, shall have Twenty Shillings reward, and all reasonable charges paid by

JEROMUS RAPPELYEA.

N. B. It is supposed she went off with the French troops. 3w†

State of New-Jersey, } BY virtue of a writ to me Burlington county, ss. } directed, will be exposed to sale, by publick vendue, on the premises, on Monday the 30th day of December next, between the hours of twelve and five o'clock in the afternoon, a valuable plantation or tract of land, situate, lying and being in the township of Nottingham, containing about 743 acres of land, late the property of Benjamin Biles, seized and taken in execution at the suit of Thomas Riche, by

JACOB PHILLIPS, late Sheriff.

October 29, 1782. 7w

Bergen county, State of New-Jersey. } AT an Inferior Court of Common Pleas held for the said county, on the 22d day of October, 1782, were returned inquisitions for joining the army of the King of Great-Britain, and other treasonable practices, against John Demarest and Antie his wife, Catharena Golet, Cornelius Van-Vorst, Fredericus Cadmus and Sarah his wife, of which proclamation was made in said court, that if they, or any person on their behalf, or any person interested, would appear and traverse, a trial should be allowed; but no traverse was offered; therefore, notice is hereby given, that if neither they, or any person in their behalf, or any interested, do not appear to traverse at the next Court of Common Pleas to be held for the said county, the said inquisitions will be taken to be true, and final judgment entered in favour of the state.

CORNELIUS HARRING, Agent.

November 12, 1782. 3w

TAKEN up, a likely negro wench, who goes by the name of Nan; about five feet six inches high, supposed to be about eighteen years of age. The owner is desired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take her away.

WILLIAM SUTTON.

N. B. The said wench is now confined in Trenton gaol. November 10, 1782. 1w\*

**TRENTON ACADEMY.**

THE owners of shares in the Trenton Academy are requested to meet at the Academy on Wednesday the 20th inst. precisely at four o'clock in the afternoon, in order to elect Trustees for the ensuing year, agreeably to the articles, and to transact such other business as may be necessary.

Wm. C. HOUSTON, Clk.

Monckton Park, Nov. 5, 1782.

RAN away from the above farm last night, a negro man, about twenty-three years old, middle-sized, bandy or bow-legged; had on a blanket or white coarse short coat, with red cape and red buttons, an iron collar about his neck, which had been on a few days on account of his concerting with another negro to rob his master and attempt for New-York. He is fond of playing on the fiddle, which he does badly, and is a great thief, liar and drunkard: Whoever takes up the said negro man, and delivers him to the subscriber on the above farm, two miles below Bristol, on the river Delaware, shall receive Thirty Dollars reward.

ROBERT M. MALCOLM.

TO BE SOLD, BY the subscribers, a lot of good wood-land, containing about forty-five acres, whereon may be made a quantity of good meadow, lying in the township of Nottingham, and county of Burlington, about two miles from Trenton, and about two miles from John Watson's landing, where shallops and flats carry wood constantly to the city of Philadelphia; for terms enquire of Alexander Glas near the place, or Robert Sproull living at Trenton landing. 3w†

The subscriber has for sale in Trenton, GREEN, London brown, blue, claret, ash, sky blue, chocolate, white and grey superfine cloths, shalloons and ratinets, swanskin, flannel, and green baize, which he will sell very low for cash or produce. Also mahogany furniture.

JOHN DIXON.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a court will be held at the dwellinghouse of Ishmael Shippey, at Raritan landing, on Tuesday the 26th of November, instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, there then to try the truth of the facts alleged in the bill of Captain John Boudouine, against a yall or long-boat, together with 3 bales of cotton, and 4 barrels of molasses, some rigging, &c. lately captured by said Captain Boudouine, near Sandy-Hook; to the intent that the owner, or any other person claiming the same, or any part thereof, may appear and shew cause, if any he or they have, why the said vessel, her tackle, apparel, furniture and cargo, should not be condemned to the captors, agreeably to the prayer of said bill.

New-Brunswick, ROBERT HUBE, } Agents.

Nov. 4, 1782. 2w JOHN BRAY }

Ringwood, October 4, 1782.  
In pursuance of an act of the General Assembly of the State of New-Jersey, passed at Trenton in June last, vesting in me, the subscriber, full powers of agency to lease the lands belonging to the American Ringwood Company, lying within this state, and for other purposes therein mentioned,  
*Notice is hereby given,*

**T**HAT on the twenty-fifth day of November next, I will, by way of public vendue, expose to sale at Ringwood, for the term of three years, to commence the first day of April next, to the highest bidder, leases on the several plantations, houses and lots, situate and lying in the counties of Bergen and Morris, the property of said Company; the vendue to begin at twelve o'clock in the forenoon, viz.

The dwellinghouse and farm at Ringwood, on which there is a large body of good meadow ground improved, and very advantageously situated for grazing cattle; also all the out-houses and lots annexed to that part of the estate.

The dwellinghouse, meadows and farms, annexed to Long-pond, on which there is about 30 acres of meadow, situate about five miles from Ringwood.

The dwellinghouses and lots at the furnace and forges at Charlotteburg, with a large parcel of improved meadow land, situate two miles from said furnace, and about fifteen miles from Ringwood.

A commodious frame house, store-house, barn and stables, on a lot of about twenty acres, called Bellegrove, lying on the great road leading from John Suffern's, Esquire, to Paramus, and well situated for a store or tavern.

A frame house and lot, containing about seven acres, at Prainkness, situate within three miles of the furnace at Pompton, and now in the tenure of Hermanus Vider.

A farm commonly called Rotten-pond, situate about half way between Pompton and Ringwood, on which can be made yearly about twenty tons of hay.

A sufficient quantity of timber and wood will be allowed to the purchasers for fencing and firewood, but the tenants will be restricted from cutting wood for any other use whatever.

Sufficient security will be required of the purchasers for the rents to be paid in equal half yearly payments.

A particular description of the farms, &c. will be given by Mr. Ebenezer Erskine, on application being made to him at Ringwood, at any time before the day of sale.

All those who have any demands against the said Company, for debts contracted by Robert Erskine, Esquire, late agent for said Company, deceased; and those who are indebted to them, are desired to attend at Ringwood on the twenty-fifth day of November next, to have their accounts liquidated and settled. Attendance will be given till the fifth day of December ensuing.

3w ROBERT L. HOOPER, jun.

## W H E A T.

**A**LL persons indebted for this Gazette to the 17th of July last, no. 238, inclusive, are requested to discharge the same without delay. Wheat, allowing *One Dollar* per bushel, will be received in payment till the first day of January next by  
October 23, 1782. The PRINTER.

## T O B E S O L D,

**A** LIKELY negro wench, with her female child; she can wash and iron well, is careful of children, and an excellent cook; is sold for no fault. For further particulars enquire of the Printer. 3w†

## T O B E S O L D,

**T**H E farm on which the subscriber lives, containing two hundred and seventy-three acres, one third of which is excellent, well timbered woodland, seventy acres of good mowing-ground, the rest good plough land; there is on said farm a good dwellinghouse almost new, two stories high, with a large kitchen adjoining, a large Dutch barn, several barracks, sheds, &c. two large apple orchards, a great number of peach trees, and two large nurseries of apple and peach trees. The whole farm is enclosed, and under complete fence, is exceedingly well watered, and distant eighteen miles from Raritan landing, and twenty-two miles from Elizabeth-Town. For terms of sale apply to the owner,  
JOHN SHAW.  
Bernard's Town, October 15, 1782. 4w

**S**T O L E N out of the pasture of the subscriber, in Amwell township, Hunterdon county, state of New-Jersey, a black mare, two years old, about fourteen hands and two inches high, has a lump on the pear side of her nose like a wen, three white feet, a natural trotter: Whoever takes up said mare and thief, shall have Four Dollars reward, and all reasonable charges, paid by  
PETER WICKOFF.  
October 14, 1782. 3w

**TRENTON:** Printed by ISAAC COLLINS. Advertisements of a moderate Length are inserted for *Five Shillings* each the first Week, and *One Shilling and Three-pence* for every Continuance, and long Ones in Proportion; and by whom Essays, and Articles of Intelligence are thankfully received.

New-Jersey, Mon- } BY virtue of an order from  
mouth county, sh. } the Hon. the Justices of  
the Supreme Court of this state, I am directed to  
certify the publick, that a Court of Oyer and Ter-  
miner will be held at the Court-house in Monmouth,  
on Tuesday the 26th of November next: All Jus-  
tices of the Peace, Coroners, Constables, and other  
officers and ministers of justice of the said county,  
are hereby desired that they be then and there in  
their own persons, with their rolls, records, indict-  
ments and other remembrances; and all persons who  
will prosecute or can bear testimony in behalf of  
the state against any offender in the said county, are  
desired likewise to give their attendance on the day  
and at the place aforesaid.

JOHN BURROWES, Sheriff.

October 29, 1782. 3w

## ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS R E W A R D.

**R**AN away from the subscribers on the night of the 22d inst. five slaves, viz. Moses, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, forty years old, strong built, and hump-shouldered; had on a striped short coat and trowsers, and a calico vest. Ben George, six feet high, strong built; had on a striped short coat, green jacket, and wollen trowsers. Syrus, a mulatto, 20 years old. 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, slim built; had on a dark bearskin coat, a light coloured cloth vest, and tow trowsers. Tom, 20 years old, short and well set, has a down look; had on a blue sailor's jacket, with white lining, old tow trowsers, and very thick double soled shoes almost new. And Harry, 5 feet 9 inches high, seventeen years old, very likely; had on and took with him two blue coats, one lappelled, two light cloth jackets, one pair of leather and one do. corduroy breeches, and white ribbed yarn stockings; he also carried off an English fuzee, and silver mounted ivory handled sword.—Whoever takes up the above negro men, and delivers them to their masters in Trenton, or secures them in any gaol, so that they may be had again, shall have the above reward, or in proportion for either of them, paid by

Trenton, Oct. 29,  
1782. 3w

A. LAMBERT,  
ELIHU SPENCER,  
JOHN BELL,  
WM. CHAMBERS,  
JAMES THOMPSON.

**A**LL persons indebted to the estate of Henry Chamberlan, of Hopewell, deceased, by bond, bill or book account, are requested to discharge the same by the fifteenth day of November next. Also all persons having demands against said estate, are desired to bring their accounts properly authenticated, in order that they may be adjusted.

October 29, 1782. 3w†

ANDREW MUIRHEID, } Execut.  
ADAM EGE, }

## BOULTING CLOTHS.

**S**UPERFINE, fine, midling and coarse, for boulting every kind of meal, are for sale by the subscribers, at their store on Stamper's wharf, adjoining the draw-bridge, or in Spruce street, near the corner of third street. Millers and others may be supplied with cloths the best in quality, and if required, may have proper directions for affixing them on reels, and using them to the greatest advantage. Those who buy in quantities will have a reasonable allowance made them.

They have also for sale, near Bordentown, New-Jersey, a quantity of good quarry stone, a parcel of excellent white-oak timber, cut and squared to different sizes and lengths, three set of irons complete for double geared mills, and one set of saw-mill irons. Apply to Nathaniel Lewis at Mount-Holly, or as above, to

ROBERT LEWIS and sons.  
Philadelphia, October 14, 1782. 6w\*

## T O B E S O L D,

**A** Valuable farm, containing upwards of three hundred acres of excellent land, adjoining the river Raritan, in the county of Middlesex, within half a mile of Brunswick, which is generally known for its beautiful and healthy situation, one hundred acres of this farm is extraordinary timber land, about twenty acres very good meadow and more may be easily made, on it is a fine young orchard of the best grafted apple-trees, and a variety of other fruit, the whole is well watered, and a stream runs through it which in the present dry season produces a plentiful supply of water for many useful and profitable branches of business for which the situation is also very convenient; on the premises are, a small house, a good Dutch barn and some other out-buildings.—The terms of purchase will be made known to any person who will apply for that purpose to John Neilson at Trenton, or the subscriber who lives on the farm.  
Oct. 18, 1782. 6w† JOHN VOORHEESE.

**T O B E S O L D,**  
For cash or country produce, at the Printing-Office in Trenton:

**C**HOICE old Madeira China,  
Wine, Queen's ware,  
Rum, Leather breeches and  
Sugar, Dressed skins.  
Indigo,

And a variety of dry goods as usual.

## LOWER TRENTON FERRY.

**T**H E road on each side of the river Delaware to the landing is now completed; good boats are provided; the best attendance and quickest dispatch will be given to all persons who may please to favour it with their custom. In this part of the river there are no obstructions, the water is deep and smooth, and the shores gravelly, so that the boats may at all times be brought so near the shores as to land their passengers without ever wetting the soles of their shoes; these advantages, added to the good attendance and dispatch that will be given in putting passengers over, it is hoped will entitle the subscriber to the favour of the publick, especially as the ferriage will be as low as at any of the other ferries. Those coming from Trenton, and who may please to make use of this ferry, are desired, instead of turning off to the right hand at the brick house, which is situated at the entrance of the town, to keep straight forward down the Crosswicks road about four hundred yards, and then take the right hand road which leads to Lambertson, where most of the vessels that pass up and down the river load and unload their cargoes. Here are two good houses of entertainment, one kept by Capt. John Clunn, the other by Mr. Abraham Waglum. The distance from here to the house of the subscriber, who lives at and keeps the ferry, is about a quarter of a mile  
NATHANIEL MOORE.

November 4, 1782. 4w

## T O B E S O L D,

**A** PLANTATION within two miles of Mr. David Williamson's, and four miles of Cranberry, containing one hundred and forty-six acres, sixty acres of which is well timbered; there is a good dwellinghouse, kitchen, large barn, out-houses, two good orchards, with a variety of fruit on said farm; a never failing well and spring near the house: For terms apply to John Plum in New-Brunswick, or the subscriber on said farm.

November 5, 1782. 3w\*

HENRY SILLCOCK.

**C**A M E to the plantation of the subscriber on the 12th of April last, in New-Brunswick township, and county of Middlesex, a sorrel mare about three years old, thirteen hands and a half high, with a blaze in her forehead: The owner is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away, otherwise she will be sold.

October 22, 1782. 3w†

WILLIAM DE HART.

State of New-Jersey, to wit,  
To all whom it may concern.

**N**O T I C E is hereby given, that a court of admiralty will be held at the house of Benjamin Lawrence, inn-keeper in Allen-Town, on Friday the 15th day of November next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of the same day, to try the truth of the facts alleged in the bill of Enoch Stilwell (who as well, &c.) against a certain schooner or vessel called the *Rust*, lately taken by the enemy on her voyage to the Havanna, and re-taken off the coast of New-Jersey by the said Enoch Stilwell; to the end that the owner or owners of the said schooner, or any other person or persons interested therein, may appear and shew cause, if any they have, why the said schooner, with her tackle, apparel, furniture and cargo, should not be condemned to the re-captors, and a decree thereon pass, pursuant to the prayer of the said bill.

By order of the Judge,  
JOS. BLOOMFIELD, Register.  
Burlington, October 16, 1782. 3w

## J A C O B M A U S, C L O C K A N D W A T C H - M A K E R I N T R E N T O N,

**H** E R E B Y informs the publick in general, and his friends in particular, that he has removed his shop from Mr. Roscow's to the house of Mr. Hanlon, opposite Mr. Milnor's store, where he continues making and repairing of watches as usual; he now has some new clocks ready for sale, equal to any imported, which he will dispose of on as reasonable terms as the times will admit.

He also has for sale, on the most reasonable terms, watches, ladies and gentlemen's steel chains, seals, keys, &c.

Those ladies and gentlemen who will please to favour him with their custom, may rely upon having their work done with the greatest care and dispatch. 3w

The NEW-JERSEY ALMANACK,  
for the year 1783, to be sold at the Printing-Office.