STATE OF NEW JERSEY 1 COMMISSION OF INVESTIGATION 2 : 3 IN THE MATTER OF THE INVESTIGATION Executive Session : 4 OF THE OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY TRANSCRIPT OF : PROCEEDINGS 5 GENERAL OF THE STATE OF NEW JERSEY VOLUME VI : : 6 7 Tuesday, November 21, 1972 8 28 W. State Street 9 Trenton, New Jersey 10 11 BEFORE: 12 JOHN F. MC CARTHY, JR., Chairman CHARLES L. BERTINI, Commissioner 13 WILFRED P. DIANA, Commissioner 14 APPEARANCES: 15 JOHN J. FRANCIS, ESQ., Special Counsel to Commission, 16 -and-17 CHARLES D. SAPIENZA, ESQ., Counsel to Commission. 18 19 20 21 Reported by: John J. Prout, Jr., C.S.R. 22 23 974-90 24 162 1913 v.6 25

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2	<u>i n d e x</u>		
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4	WITNESS		EXAMINATION
5	JOHN G. KOH	Π.	
6	Mr. Fra		1038
7			
8	MARY BRENNA	7N	
9	Mr. Fran	ncis	1058
10	DAVID A. B	[EDERMAN (Page 1069)	
11	The Cha:		1073
12			
13			24.67
14	EXHIBIT	DESCRIPTION	PAGE
15	C-53	1970 Laywers Diary & Manual	1058
16	C-54	Photostatic copies of diary	
17		pages from October 29, 1970 through November 6, 1970	1059
18	C-55	Letter from Biederman & Mulliga dated December 3, 1971	an, 1082
19	C-56	Lecter from Biederman & Mulliga	
20		dated December 13, 1971	1082
21			
22			
23			
24			
25			
	11		

	1038.		
1	THE CHAIRMAN: Will the record show, Mr.		
2	Prout, that two commissioners, Mr. Bertini and my-		
3	self, are sitting this morning and that Commissioner		
4	Kohl is here to resume the answers to questions		
5	posed by Mr. Francis and Mr. Sapienza.		
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7	JOHN C. KOHL, having been previously		
8	sworn according to law by the Officer, resumed the		
9	stand and testified further as follows:		
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11	EXAMINATION BY MR. FRANCIS:		
12	Q Commissioner, you recall the hearing on the		
13	Mal-Bros. debarment as a bidder?		
14	A Yes, I do.		
15	Q And I'm not talking about the one in which		
16	Mr. Biederman appeared on the application to reinstate		
17	them, I'm talking about the original one out of which		
18	came the order to bar them as bidders for		
19	A Yes.		
20	Qthe future. A I believe		
21	that was in September or October of 1970.		
22	Q And prior to that time had the department		
23	advertised for public work to be done in the area of		
24	the Newark Airport? A Yes. We had a		
25	rather large project in connection with the Routes 1 & 9		
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and Interstate 78, several projects, in fact, that had been 1 delayed because of difficulties with right-of-way, and 2 there was considerable pressure to get those jobs underway. 3 And one of the major contracts had been advertised for 4 bid and bids received, I think it was, in August of 1970. 5 And did you have a low bidder? Q 6 Yes. Α 7 Q And what company was that? 8 A Mal-Bros. 9 Now, do you remember the Addonizio criminal Q 10 trial in the Federal Court in Newark? 11 Yes. Α 12 MR. FRANCIS: Excuse me for a minute. 13 (Whereupon, there is a discussion off the 14 record.) 15 T said the Addonizio criminal trial in 0 16 Newark. It was in Trenton, was it not? 17 It was very well publicized. Yes. Α 18 And was that at about the time these bids Q 19 Α Yes. were taken? 20 Q And you recall that at that trial there 21 was testimony given which involved the principals of 22 the Mal-Bros. Company in an unfavorable way? 23 Well, there were several contractors including Α 24 Mal-Bros. that were listed as being involved in some of the 25



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manipulations cited in the Addonizio testimony.

Q And as the result of that, when it appeared that Mal-Bros. was the low bidder on the Newark Airport project, did some question arise as to whether the contract should be awarded to that company?

A Well, first there was a general question from the
Governor's office regarding all of the contractors; was
the State doing business with any of these contractors,
because it was his view and that of Judge Garven, his
counsel, that public policy dictated that we not do public
business with firms that were illegally involved.

12QI see.AAnd we were asked13to review all of the outstanding contracts to see whether14any of these contractors were included in our business,15and Mal-Bros. happened to be the only one involving the16Department of Traisportation.

17 Q And at that time you had pending a decision
18 as to whether Mal-Bros. as the low bidder should get
19 this Newark Airport contract, did you?

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Α

Yes. It was almost ready to be awarded.

21QAnd was there then discussion, particular22discussion, as to whether that contract should be awarded23to Mal-Bros.?A24a great deal of debate within the department and back and25forth with Judge Garven, because there seemed to be no

1 precedent for the situation in which we were in. Mal-Bros. 2 had submitted a bid as a prequalified bidder. This had 3 not come to the attention of the department previously. 4 So that when bids were received, they were on the qual-5 ified bidders list along with the other, several others 6 who had submitted bids, and their record with the depart-7 ment as far as performance on the job had been excellent 8 and there was--because of the pressure to get this work 9 underway, because of the submission presumably of a 10 qualified bid, there were many in the department who felt that we had no grounds for rejecting them at this stage; 11 that this was after the fact, so to speak. So, there was 12 13 considerable debate at that time. Well, after the debate pro and con did you 14 Q finally resolve the question? 15 16 Α Yes. 17 Q What did you decide to do? Judge Garven was insistent that we reject Mal-Bros., 18 Α 19 and the question of legal liability arose. There were 20 several in the department who were afraid that if we rejected them, they would enter suit and further delay that 21 particular project. But after considerable discussions, 22 as I say, back and forth it was decided that we would base 23 our rejection on irresponsibility and would suspend Mal-24 Bros. from the qualified list indicating to them that they 25

had the privilege of requesting a hearing to establish the basis for a final decision on their qualifications. And did you then reject the low bid? Q We rejected all of the bids and readvertised. We took the position that there had been an irregularity in the bidding. This unknown factor of qualification of one of the bidders established grounds, we felt, for rejection of all of the bids and resubmission; that it was unfair

to the other bidders to switch, reject one bid and switch to another bidder; that we should reject all of them.

Q I see. And in terms of the descriptive 11 expression that you used for disqualification, was that 12 that the Mal-Bros. lacked moral integrity? 13

I think at that time the irresponsibility was the Α 14 term used. The term moral integrity developed as a re-15 sult of the hearing, oh, some weeks later. 16

I see. So that you rejected the low bid Q 17 and suspended Mal-Bros., having decided that Mal-Bros. 18 was an irresponsible bidder? 19

A Yes. 20

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Q Now, after the suspension and after you had 21 notified Mal-Bros. that it was entitled to a hearing, did 22 they ask for a hearing? Α Yes. 23 There was some uncertainty as to date, but finally a date 24 was established and it was some weeks after the rejection 25

of the bids. 1 I see. And you did have a formal hearing? Q 2 We had a formal hearing. Α 3 And the issue there was whether Mal-Bros. Q 4 should be barred as a bidder? 5 Yes. 6 Α Who represented the department? 7 0 Mr. Biederman was the attorney representing the 8 Α department. 9 And did he put in the testimony, whatever Q 10 testimony was taken? Α Yes. 11 And at the conclusion of the hearing did Q 12 you decide whether Mal-Bros. should be barred or not? 13 Yes, we did. Α 14 And when you say "we," you are the boss of Q 15 Yes, editorial the department? Α 16 "we," the department. I made the decision. 17 And what did you decide to do? Q 18 To suspend--continue the suspension, bar them from Α 19 further bidding as a qualified bidder on the basis of 20 lack--demonstrated lack of moral integrity. 21 And the term moral integrity came into the Q 22 matter at that hearing, did it? 23 I believe that was the first time that it arose. Α 24 I see. And did Mr. Biederman argue that Q 25

1044.

they lacked moral integrity? Α I don't recall discussions with Mr. Biederman on this issue. At that point the facts had been pretty well established in the discussions of the rejection of the bids some weeks 4 earlier and it was not really a matter of debate or dis-5 cussion. The issue was rather clear. 6

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Q I see. Well, then when you made the de-7 cision to bar Mal-Bros. did you tell Mr. Biederman to 8 prepare the memorandum for a determination, a written 9 determination, for your approval and your signature? 10 Yes, I did. Α 11

And do you remember how long it was after Q 12 that that he presented the determination for your signa-13 ture or for your approval? Α I believe it 14 was a matter of a few days. 15

0 I see. During the time that he was pre-16 paring this determination for you did you come in to him --17 strike that for the moment. 18

Mr. Biederman has testified that at the con-19 clusion of the hearing you instructed him to prepare a 20 determination for your signature declining to bar Mal-21 Bros. as a bidder. Did you give him any such instruction 22 as that? Α No. I did not. I think 23 he may have been confusing the discussions previously 24 with respect to the rejection and the action following the 25

hearing.

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Q I see. Well, then, after the conclusion of the hearing, you're clear in your mind, you told him to prepare a determination barring Mal-Bros.?

A Yes.

Q And he has testified, also, that while he was preparing that determination you came in to him and said to him that they were going to debar them and you instructed him to change the opinion because you had received a call from downtown and the opinion had to be changed and now he was to prepare a determination barring Mal-Bros. Did that happen?

No, it did not. Again I think Mr. Biederman is A 13 confusing the circumstances with that of the rejection of 14 the bids, because we were under, as I said earlier, con-15 siderable staff pressure to award the bid. There was a 16 feeling on the part of the state highway engineer that 17 we had no real ground for rejecting the bid, and the 18 thirty-day limit was approaching and we had a strong in-19 clination, because of the feeling that we were on very 20 thin ice as far as a legal basis for rejecting the bid. 21 to move at that time. And as I say, there was considerable 22 debate then and we did have further discussion downtown, 23 to use the expression, Judge Garven in particular who 24 insisted that we did have a strong legal ground and that 25

we should reject Mal-Bros.' bid and move to disqualify them.

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3	Q I see. Well, in other words, Judge Garven
4	presented a point of view to you to the effect that, in
5	his opinion, you had sufficient grounds to debar them and
6	there were other people in your department who felt the
7	other way? A That's correct.
8	Q Either that you were on thin ground or you
9	didn't have any ground at all to reject their bid. And
10	in the final analysis, you decided to reject the bids?
11	A I did.
12	Q And I suppose before you did that you gave
13	consideration to the arguments on both sides of the ques-
14	tion? A Yes, I did. This was un-
15	precedented in my experience and, very frankly, I was
16	uncertain as to the proper action in that instance.
17	(Whereupon, Commissioner Diana enters the
18	room.)
19	Q But in any event, including this other aspect
20	of it, there is no doubt in your mind that after the hear-
21	ing itself, the formal hearing, you reached the conclusion
22	to bar Mal-Bros. because of its lack of moral integrity
23	and told Biederman to prepare the determination for your
24	signature and that was the end of it?
25	A Yes.

1QAnd at no time did you come in to him while2he was preparing that and tell him you had instructions,3you had a telephone call from downtown and that the order4had to go--I got off on the wrong foot. Let me strike that5question.

Once you had reached the decision to bar 6 Mal-Bros. for lack of moral integrity, there was no dis-7 cussion with Biederman about telephone calls or orders from 8 downtown to do anything about it other than what you had 9 No, there were already decided? Α 10 no telephone or other conversations with respect to cur 11 hearing on debarment. 12

I think it's important to recognize there were two issues--one was the rejection of the bids earlier of a presumably qualified bidder, the other was the matter of suspension when facts had been established later at the hearing--and the discussion centered around the earlier instance of the award of bid and not on the suspension, the disqualification-suspension.

Q Now, just for a moment I would like to go way back in the history of this thing. There's been some testimony here from Mr. Schuyler and Mr. Peterson to the effect that after the plans and specifications for this 46 improvement had been prepared and were ready for public advertising to seek bids for the doing of the work,

that the Federal authorities made some requests for change? 1 Α Modifications. 2 Q More particularly, a request for supereleva-3 tion, I think they called it, of the curves? 4 One curve. A 5 Q And, also, a request that had to do with 6 provision of additional, or for drainage of the entire 7 project. Do you remember that? 8 A Yes. 9 Now, there's been testimony, also, that be-Q 10 cause of the urgency of getting the project underway, that 11 the notices were put in the newspapers soliciting bids 12 and the specifications were limited to the specifications 13 that your department had already prepared? 14 A Yes. 15 Q Do you remember that? 16 A Yes. 17 Q And the requests of the Federal agency for 18 the drainage situation and for the superelevation of the 19 curves, those aspects of it were not included in the adver-20 tising for bids? Α No. They were 21 regarded as relatively minor changes, and this was not an 22 unusual circumstance; that in the Federal review often 23 minor details require some modification, and in order to 24 avoid going back through and changing all of the plans 25

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and reissuing plans for the bidders, the bids are accepted on the basis of the original plans with the understanding that there would be extra work as a result of change orders issued during the course of the contract.

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Q Well, you are aware, are you, that Centrum,
when the work was finished, was paid more than \$100,000
more than its bid? A No, I was not
aware.

9 Q I've forgotten the exact figure. We had
10 it on the document. Let me just give it to you. Let me
11 show you, Commissioner, the original bid was 603,871. The
12 amount paid was \$731,175.07, roughly \$128,000 more than
13 the original bid? A Uh-huh.

Were you aware that the major portion of Q 14 that arose from the cost of the additional drainage re-15 quirements imposed by the Federal agency and the handling 16 of the superelevation of the curves of the roadway? 17 Only in a general way was I aware. I don't get into Α 18 the details of these when procedures are properly followed 19 for the issuance of the change orders; then, when we have 20 the safeguards of the Federal audit as well. 21

Q Well, you see, you remember when Mr. Mullen
recommended the rejection of all of the bids, among other
things, he mentioned a change of plan, also. And were
these additional changes requested by the Federal Government

part of the reference to change of plan in Mr. Mullen's memorandum? A Yes. Had we rejected all of the bids, it would have been the practice to have updated the plans to incorporate the requested modifications, This would have taken some additional time.

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Q And you will recall that the Centrum bid was about \$3800 lower than Manzo Contracting Company's bid? A Yes, they were very close.

So that if these extras, if you want to call Q 10 them that, or change-of-plan requirements had been in-11 cluded in the original specifications, Manzo would have 12 been--all the bidders would have had additional specifica-13 tions to consider in deciding what their bid should be 14 for the whole project? Α Primarily, the 15 amounts would have increased by the increase in quantities 16 required by the change in plans, and it's impossible to 17 tell whether the relative position of the bidders would 18 have been the same. The computation of the extra work 19 certainly would have been the same for any contractor on 20 the job. 21

Q Well, in that connection, and let me ask
you on the basis of your experience in the department,
supposing your department knew before the bids were sought
and advertising was put in the newspapers seeking bids,

the department knew that it was going to cost, say, \$75,000 1 more for these things that you were not going to include 2 in the advertising for bids, and when the low bid came 3 in, without giving any consideration, of course, to these 4 things required by change in plan, you picked the low 5 bidder and were deciding to award the contract to him, 6 or, in fact, did award it to him, and the second low 7 bidder came in and said, "This is unfair to me. I didn't 8 have a chance to bid on these things that you're now giv-9 ing this contractor who submitted the low bid on the basis 10 of the specifications." Do you think that he would have 11 a substantial ground for attacking the award of the con-12 tract to the low bidder? 13

14 A No, because all of the bidders were on the same
15 footing. None of them would have been aware of the changes
16 and their bids were competitive, so that the extra work
17 would have come into the picture after the fact of award,
18 not before.

Well, if the requirements for the doing of Q 19 the work to the extent of the drainage and the supereleva-20 tion of the highway were known prior to the time of the 21 advertising of bids, under ordinary circumstances you 22 would include those in the specifications, would you not? 23 If known prior to the advertising of the bid and Α 24 time permitted the revision of the plans and the resubmission 25

of updated plans to all of the contractors. But the changes would not be published and were not known to the contractors. They were all bidding on the same set of plans. Their bids were evaluated on the plans and specifications which they had received in conformance with the advertising.

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Q But they were considered without any evalua-7 tion of whether the bids would have been the same rela-8 tively if the bidders had a chance of considering the 9 additional drainage requirements and additional elevation. 10 paving requirements? Α That is correct. 11 They're evaluated on the basis of the plans on which they 12 bid, not on the basis of any subsequent changes. 13

Q Well, supposing after these bids were adver-14 tised for you decided to put in four new bridges or via-15 ducts along there and you said, we know that this has to 16 be done, but we just won't include this in the advertising 17 for bids, we'll change the plans, and whoever is the low 18 bidder will get this, too, and that made the job cost 19 twice as much. Would you say that the second low bidder 20 couldn't attack your awa d of the contract on the ground 21 that the contract as awarded represented a substantial 22 change in the opportunity of the bidders to bid on the 23 total job? Α Well, I think the ques-24 tion revolves around the substantial change and where the 25

substantial change involves a change in the entire construct 1 tion. Your example of adding several bridges would be a 2 complete change in the plans, whereas in the case in point 3 the changes were primarily in the quantities of material 4 involved, and presumably the contractors were bidding on 5 unit prices and the total bid was based on their extensions 6 of the units prices by the quantities involved as called 7 for on the original plans. 8

9 Q Well, do you think that contractors measure 10 the bid that they're going to give for a particular job to 11 some degree on whether there is a small quantity of ma-12 terial or equipment required or a large quantity?

Yes, within rather large limits. A requirement for Α 13 a hundred tons of asphaltic material would perhaps through 14 a change order require another ten per cent, this would 15 not be a material change in the total quantities in view 16 of the contract. But if the original were, say, for ten 17 tons and another ten tons required, you're down in the area 18 where a change in the quantity might have a substantial 19 impact. 20

Q In other words, a bidder would say to himself, well, if I had the chance of bidding on 100,000 tons, because of the large quantity involved I can shave my price a little bit as against a bid that I would make if there were only 50,000 tons of asphalt, for example, involved? A Well, there is a threshold beyond which there is no significant change in the unit price, and the quantities involved in this particular job were such that there would have been no change in the unit price for--as I said earlier, this is not an uncommon situation in which there are these revisions in plans subsequent to the bidding. The contractors are accustomed to this and it's an accepted practice in the industry.

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9QWell, not to push this too much farther,10but you say where conditions develop subsequent to the11award. But where you--ASubsequent to12the advertising.

Q Yes. But when you have a situation where you know prior to the advertising that the specifications do not include everything that you're going to require for that job, do you think it's fair or proper to go ahead with the advertising when the advertising is incomplete from the standpoint of prospective bidders?

A Not if there's time to modify the plans prior to their distribution. But I think in this particular case the recommendations from the Federal Government came after the distribution of plans and after the advertising.

4 What would you consider a substantial change
 in terms of money where you have a low bid of \$603,000?
 A I would ordinarily say ten per cent. Beyond that

would be a substantial change.

So that in this case if the change known Q 2 in advance required a payment of more than ten per cent 3 of the low bid, you would regard that as substantial? 4 Yes. I was not aware that these changes, and I 5 don't believe the department at that particular time was 6 aware, that these changes would result in substantially 7 higher prices. 8 I see. Well, was there any discussion with Q 9 you about them prior? Α No 10 And you didn't know what they were particu-Q 11 No, I did not. Α larly at the time? 12 Did Mr. Schuyler ever discuss them with Q 13 No. you? Α 14 Well, in any event, whatever the changes Q 15 were, you did feel when you got the report recommending 16 the rejection of bids from Mullen that these changes 17 formed at least one basis on which you could decide to 18 That was a very reject the bids? Α 19 minor consideration. The major consideration was all 20 along the ability of the contractor to secure the material 21 and perform the job on schedule. 22 MR. FRANCIS: Do you gentlemen have anything 23 further? 24 25

Just one. As a general proposition, let us Q 2 suppose there were ten items to be bid upon. Let's say 3 they were all different types of books, ten different 4 types of books. Now, would a change order requiring the 5 supplying of chairs be a proper item to be covered by a 6 change order? Α No. 7 Where the basic bid is books? Q 8 A No. 9 So that if there is a difference in the items Q 10 you would not have a comparison on unit prices? 11 That's correct. A 12 Q Would that be a valid objection on the part 13 of the second bidder to say, "You have asked us to bid 14 on ten items and now you have twenty and this other ten 15 are completely different than the first ten, and, there-16 fore. I haven't had the opportunity to bid on unit prices 17 in competition with the other man"? 18 Yes, that, I think, is a proper interpretation. It A 19 goes back to Mr. Francis' example of the inclusion of 20 some bridges --21 4 Q Right. ---where there 22 is a complete change in the character of the work and not 23 in the quantities involved. 24 COMMISSIONER BERTINI: Thank you. 25

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EXAMINATION BY THE CHAIRMAN:

2 Q Commissioner, did you ever ask Mr. Biederman 3 for a legal opinion delving into the moral integrity of 4 the contractors? A Yes. This came 5 about through the appeals to the courts to establish the 6 authority of the commissioner to suspend qualifications 7 based upon moral integrity.

THE CHAIRMAN: Okay.

MR. FRANCIS: Thank you very much.

10 (Witness excused.)

(Whereupon, a recess is taken.)

(After recess.)

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MARY BRENNAN, having been previously sworn according to law by the Officer, resumed the stand and testified further as follows:

20THE CHAIRMAN: Mrs. Brennan, you were here21on November the 17th and testified, and we asked22you to return this morning. We have two members23sitting. I introduced you the other day to Mr.24Bertini. My name's John McCarthy. In a moment Mr.25Diana will probably return.

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1	Mr. Francis has some further questions to
2	ask of you.
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4	EXAMINATION BY MR. FRANCIS:
5	Q Mrs. Brennan, you will remember when we
6	were here on Friday we were discussing the problem whether
7	Mr. Biederman made any telephone calls to Mr. Jahos be-
8	tween, to cover a long period, Thursday, October 29th and
9	the end of Wednesday, November 4th.
10	A That's right.
11	Q And I think you indicated to us that you
12	kept a record of all of Mr. Jahos' incoming and outgoing
13	telephone calls? A That's right.
14	Q And your notes with respect to those calls
15	were kept in a Lawyers Diary?
16	A That's right.
17	Q And you brought the Lawyers Diary along
18	with you on Friday? A Yes.
19	Q We didn't mark that on Friday. But, for
20	the record, is this the diary that you brought along
21	with you? A Yes, it is.
22	Q And that's for the year 1970?
23	A '70.
24	MR. FRANCIS: Let's give the diary a mark.
25	(1970 Lawyers Diary & Manual received and
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1	marked Exhibit C-53.)
2	Q Does this diary of yours contain or show
3	any telephone call from Mr. Biederman to Mr. Jahos between
4	Thursday, October 29th and through the end of Wednesday,
5	November 4th? A No, it doesn't.
6	Q Let's go one day farther and include November
7	5th? A No, it doesn't.
8	Q Would you just open your diary to October
9	29th? A I have it.
10	Q And then just to make certain, turn the
11	pages, will you, through November 5th?
12	A (Witness complies.)
13	Q You have looked through those pages again,
14	and no such telephone call is noted there?
15	A That's right.
16	Q Now, we have photostated from your diary
17	the dates that we have spoken of. And I show you a photo-
18	stat, and would you just check that with your diary to
19	make sure that that photostat covers everything that you
20	have on those days? A It covers it.
21	MR. FRANCIS: All right. Supposing we mark
?2	the photostats.
23	(Photostatic copies of diary pages from
24	October 29, 1970 through November 6, 1970, received
25	and marked Exhibit C-54.)

Do you keep a record of visits to Mr. Q 1 Jahos by any person? Α No. I 2 don't, unless he has an appointment set up. 3 I see. And if Mr. Biederman had an appoint-Q 4 ment set up at any time between October 29th through 5 November 5th, you would have a record of it? 6 Yes, it would be noted in the book. A 7 And when you say "the book," you mean the Q 8 same diary--Α Lawyers Diary. 9 Q --you have before you? 10 A Yes. 11 Did Mr. Biederman have an appointment with Q 12 Mr. Jahos between October 29th and through November 5th? 13 Α No, he did not. 14 Q And no such note appears in your diary of 15 any such visit? Α No 16 Do you have a record of visits Mr. Biederman Q 17 did make--A Yes, I do. 18 --around this general time? Q 19 Well, not during that time, but the early part A 20 of October. October 2nd and October 13th. 21 Will you tell us what your record shows with Q 22 respect to any visits he made, say, in October, 1970? 23 Well, October 2nd he had an appointment to see Mr. Α 24 Jahos to discuss his moral integrity affidavit. 25

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1		Q And any other visits?
2	A	October 13th at 10:30.
3		Q And do you recall what that one was about?
4	A	Well, I think it was about the same thing, because,
5	I'm no	ot sure, but I recall the first appointment was
6	cance	lled because Mr. Jahos couldn't make it and it was
7	set fo	or the 13th.
8		Q And do you make any note in your diary to
9	indica	ate whether the appointment was kept or not?
10	A	No. Sometimes I mark it cancelled, but I didn't
11	do th	at in this case.
12		Q I see. Now, after the 13th of October,
13	when,	if ever, did he have another visit to Mr. Jahos?
14	A	He had no other appointments.
15		Q Do you know Mr. Biederman?
16	A	Yes, I do.
17		Q How long have you known him?
18	Α	I can't really say. I guess since he became a
19	deput	y attorney general. He was attached to the Division
20	of La	w, and he used to come in and see Mrs. Schauer or
21	Attor	ney General Sills occasionally and he was especially
22	frien	dly with Mr. Handler, who was the first assistant at
23		time. He used to come in and see him quite frequently,
24	and I	used to share an office with Mr. Handler's secretary,
25	Mrs.	Pullone. He used to have to go through our office

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1	to get to the first assistant's office. That's how I got		
2	to know him.		
3	Q So, you knew him pretty well?		
4	A Yes.		
5	Q And certainly knew him to see?		
6	A Of course.		
7	Q And if Mr. Biederman had come in to see		
8	Mr. Jahos between October 29th through November 5th, you		
9	would have seen him? A Of course.		
10	Q Do you recall whether you were in all of		
11	those days? A Well, I'm pretty sure		
12	I was, and I very seldom take a lunch hour。 I usually		
13	work through it if I have a lot of work. And you can tell		
14	by the handwriting in my book whether or not someone else		
15	sat in for me, and I think November 4th I was there all		
16	day because there's no other handwriting there but mine.		
17	Q Do you have a definite recollection that		
18	during that period and particularly from October 30th		
19	through November 5th you weren't sick or out for any		
20	reason? A Well, I can check my book. I		
21	was there on the 4th. Which dates did you say?		
22	Q From October 30th through November 5th.		
23	A I was there October 30th, November 2nd, November		
24	4th, November 5th and the 6th.		
25	Q I see. And you have determined that because		

11		1063.
1	your ha	andwriting appears on the diary
2	A	That's right.
3		Qnotes for each of those days?
4	A	Right.
5		Q Well, if a man called on the 1st and made
6	an appo	ointment for the 5th, would you make the note on the
7	lst but	t note it on the 5th?
8	Α	That's right.
9		Q I see. So would your notation that appears
10	in the	diary on the 5th indicate that you were in there
11	on that	t day? A Yes.
12		Q How would that be? Supposing a man called
13	on the	lst of October and said, "I want to come in and
14	see Mr	. Jahos on the 5th," and you'd say, "All right."
15	You wor	uld make the arrangements and you would write on the
16	5th, October 5th, this person was coming in?	
17	A	Yes.
18		Q So when you got to the 5th, that man's name
19		be there and you would know he had an appointment.
20		e fact that you had noted the name four or five days
21		ance of that place in your diary, and your handwrit-
22		uld be there on that day of October 5th, how would
23	that i	ndicate that you were there that day?
24	A	Because the incoming calls; my handwriting on the
25	calls.	

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1	Q I see. So that on the days that you re-		
2	ferred to you have a record in your handwriting of all		
3	the incoming calls that came in?		
4	A That's right.		
5	Q And so that convinces you that you were		
6	there A Right.		
7	Qon those days? A Uh-huh.		
8			
9	EXAMINATION BY THE CHAIRMAN:		
10	Q On the incoming calls, do they all go through		
11	your telephone? A Yes, they do.		
12	Q Mr. Jahos doesn't have what's commonly re-		
13	ferred to as a hot line? A No. We		
14	have a private wire, which is a State House extension,		
15	which rings on my phone. Before we went to SCAN, which		
16	was '68 or '69, we had an outside wire which I answered.		
17	By "outside," a regular number.		
18	MR. FRANCIS: Direct wire? THE WITNESS: Yes.		
19			
20	Q What you're really saying is if Mr. Biederman		
21	called between those dates of October 30th and November 5th,		
22	the call would most certainly have to go through your		
23	telephone? A That's right. I take		
24	all of Mr. Jahos' calls whether they come in on his private		
25	wirethe private wire is really a line we don't use very		
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much. It's mostly for incoming calls from the Governor, 1 or Attorney General or Colonel Kelly from the State Police 2 who have to reach him in a hurry. The calls are placed 3 on two other extensions and received on two other exten-4 sions. But I handle all the calls and I make all Mr. 5 Jahos' calls. 6 7 EXAMINATION BY MR. FRANCIS: 8 Q And do you think if Mr. Biederman had come 9 in on November 4th or 5th with some memorandums and gave 10 them to you, or even left them on your desk, that you 11 would remember that he came in? 12 A Definitely. 13 Q And--Α Our dealings with Mr. 14 Biederman were so infrequent that I would have remembered 15 it. It's just that he came in that once or had the appoint-16 ment with the moral integrity affidavit. That's about the 17 only appointment we have with him. 18 I see. Who would be in the office? Suppos-Q 19 ing you went to the girls' room. Who would take anything 20 that came in for Mr. Jahos? А Our re-21 ceptionist. 22 Q I see. Α The Division of 23 Law receptionist, because we--24 Is she in your office or out in the corridor Q 25

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somewhere? A She's in the outer
 office of the Attorney General's office. There's a large
 room and the receptionist sits there.

Q I see. And can you recall any situation in
which she did receive some material when you were out?
A Well, she used to, if I was away from my desk, and
when I came back she would give me a yellow slip, a telephone slip, and I would take it and note in my book that
the call was received and return them.

10QHow about if somebody came in and gave her11a document?A12it to me.

13QAnd would she stamp it or would you stamp14it?ANo, I would.

Q What kind of stamp is this we're talking
about? What does it say? A It says, "Received Division of Justice," and it has the date. The
date is changeable. I showed it to Mr. Corrigan yesterday.

Q Well, the document that you saw, which is
a memorandum dated October 30th from Mr. Biederman to Mr.
Kohl, when you looked at it there was no stamp on it?
A There was not.

24 Q And I think we talked about that on Friday.
25 Can you think of any explanation as to how that would come

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1	into the file without having a stamp on it?		
2	A You want my own personal opinion?		
3	Q Yes. A Well, when I saw		
4	it, I thought at the time that Mr. Brennan and Lt. Pagano,		
5	who's now captain, were discussing with Mr. Crystal bid		
6	procedures and on my own personal opinion was that someone		
7	may have handed it to Mr. Brennan during a discussion of		
8	these bid procedures and the changes they were going to		
9	make in doing three-way checks on the vendors, and maybe		
10	they may have just said to Mr. Jahos, "You ought to look		
11	at this," and then we put it in the bid procedure file.		
12	Q You will remember Mr. Jahos' handwriting		
13	is on the corner? A Yes.		
14	Q Assuming somebody said, have a look at this,		
15	the fact that he marked "bid procedure file" is some indica-		
16	tion that he did look at it, I suppose?		
17	A Yes, and it indicates to me that maybe it was one		
18	of the things they were going to change.		
19	Q You will recall that the October 30th memor-		
20	andum has on the left-hand corner "Personal and Confidentia"."		
21	If you got documents like that, what would you do with		
22	them? A Well, I wouldmost of them		
23	well, I would say a hundred per cent of the time they're		
24	unopened when I get them in an envelope, and I would just		
25	mark them with the date and give them to Mr. Jahos.		

1QWould you keep the envelope?2AI would attach it to the letter. I don't know3he would do with it.4QWould you put the stamp on the envelope5on the document itself?A6envelope, because I never open his personal and confi7mail.8QI see. So if something came in an enve9closed up marked "Personal and Confidential,"10ARight.11Qyou would stamp the envelope?12AThat's right.	
 he would do with it. Q Would you put the stamp on the envelope on the document itself? A On the envelope, because I never open his personal and confidential mail. Q I see. So if something came in an envelope closed up marked "Personal and Confidential," A Right. Qyou would stamp the envelope? A That's right. 	
Q Would you put the stamp on the envelope on the document itself? A On the envelope, because I never open his personal and confi mail. Q I see. So if something came in an envelope closed up marked "Personal and Confidential," A Right. Qyou would stamp the envelope? A That's right.	what
 on the document itself? A On the envelope, because I never open his personal and confidential. Q I see. So if something came in an envelope closed up marked "Personal and Confidential," A Right. Qyou would stamp the envelope? A That's right. 	
 6 envelope, because I never open his personal and confi 7 mail. 8 Q I see. So if something came in an envelope 9 closed up marked "Personal and Confidential," 10 A Right. 11 Qyou would stamp the envelope? 12 A That's right. 	e or
7 mail. 8 Q I see. So if something came in an enveloped up marked "Personal and Confidential," 10 A Right. 11 Qyou would stamp the envelope? 12 A That's right.	:he
Q I see. So if something came in an enve of closed up marked "Personal and Confidential," A Right. Qyou would stamp the envelope? A That's right.	Ldential
 9 closed up marked "Personal and Confidential," 10 A Right. 11 Qyou would stamp the envelope? 12 A That's right. 	
10ARight.11Qyou would stamp the envelope?11AThat's right.	lope
10Qyou would stamp the envelope?11Qyou would stamp the envelope?12AThat's right.	
12 A That's right.	
13 Q And give it to him that way?	
14 A Yes.	
15 Q If a document came in marked "Personal	and
16 Confidential" not opened, not an envelope, you would	stamp
17 the document itself? A I never rec	eived
18 anything opened in all the years I worked marked "Per	sonal
19 and Confidential." It's always been sealed.	
20 MR. FRANCIS: I think that's all, Mr. C	Chairman.
21 THE CHAIRMAN: I have no questions. The CHAIRMAN The second sec	nank
you very much.	
23 (Witness excused.)	
(Whereupon, a brief recess is taken.)	1
25 (After recess.)	

	1069.
1	DAVID A. BIEDERMAN, having been
2	previously sworn according to law by the Officer,
3	resumed the stand and testified further as follows:
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5	THE CHAIRMAN: I guess the record should
6	show, Mr. Prout, that we have two commissioners
7	sitting, Mr. Bertini and myself, and that Mr. David
8	A. Biederman has returned.
9	I believe at this time, Mr. Biederman, you
10	wish to put in the record a statement?
11	THE WITNESS: A brief statement.
12	THE CHAIRMAN: Is that all right with you,
13	Mr. Francis?
14	MR. FRANCIS: Oh, yes, sure.
15	THE WITNESS: There were just a couple of
16	matters I wanted to go over. I read part of the
17	transcript this far, and I think we have a couple of
18	typos, but there are a couple of matters I wanted
19	to go into just a little further.
20	One question was raised with respect to the
21	function of the division of investigation of the
22	Department of Transportation. In connection with
23	that, while I was there the division did have one
24	there was one criminal matter that came to the de-
25	partment, not to the division, and that matter was
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handled by downtown by the State Police. It was 1 handled by Martin Greenberg, who is now the chief 2 of CID for the Hudson County Prosecutor's Office. 3 Further, when counsel had asked could we have 4 held hearings on the Manzo allegation of collusion, 5 we could have. But, as I think I indicated in the 6 second half of my testimony, Title 27 confers ab-7 solutely no criminal jurisdiction whatever on the 8 department. A. 9 The prior precedent had been that any-B. 10 thing criminal was handled by downtown, as indicated 11 by the matter handled by Mr. Greenberg; and, C, 12 the department had no subpoena power. 13 And I don't think, in view of those three 14 things, although we could have held a hearing on it, 15 that it was properly before us, or I thought it was 16 more proper that it should be handled downtown. 17 We did spend a great deal of time with 18 asphalt and with my letter to the commissioner of 19 October 30th. With respect to that, I think my 20 testimony was, is, that my conclusion was based on 21 a precondition, the facts of which only the commis-22 There were three reasons given in sioner knew. 23 the press release as to why the rebidding would 24 take place. One of those reasons was contained in 25

Secretary Sherwin's letter to the commissioner, and that was that the bids were above the engineer's estimate. Now, Commissioner Mullen's memorandum of October 26th stated that the bids were slightly over the engineer's estimate, and the statute, which counsel read to us, specifically states that only when the bids are excessively over the engineering estimate the commissioner should rebid. That's one of the reasons I thought that that particular ground had no efficacy and it was unusual to me, that they relied on that ground because of those circumstances.

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In addition, I knew that the department's practice was that anything five per cent or over was in the area where the commissioner would exercise his discretion. This particular bid came in 4.2 per cent. So, it was well within the normal criteria the department used. So, I thought that it was unusual.

19The other reason given was time. This had20been an emergency project. I think the newspaper21clips indicated that nine people had died on this22road and eighty people had been injured in the23previous year and a half, and it was a special24emergency project. And at the time I first got into25it the thirty-day period within which the department

normally awards or does not award was almost up, and I thought for an emergency project they should have decided that within a couple of weeks, certainly not to wait till the last minute. Well, I thought that was unusual.

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Lastly, the reason advanced by the commissioner which did not find its way into the press release, namely that the vertical profile had to be changed, that was the reason he gave me on the 26th, which went into my memo on that date, was a justifiable engineering reason. A change in design to me was the most natural reason for which the bids could have been thrown out. However, the press clippings revealed that, in fact, the design had already been changed at the specific direction of the Federal Highway Department, so that it would have meant that:

A, our engineers in design were erroneous in the first instance and that their colleagues over at Federal were erroneous in having it redesigned and suddenly at the last minute, well after the bids were out, they had discovered a change in design. Well, that was possible. I didn't think it was probable under the circumstances. So, I thought that was a little unusual because design 1

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has an excellent reputation for knowing what in the world they're doing.

Lastly, we get to the asphalt reason. Now, I refer to Commissioner Mullen at the trial, which I heard. He was the assistant commissioner for highways, and he testified--I happened to be sitting there at the time. I went on next--that as far as he knew there was only a recurrent rumor of a potential asphalt shortage. But even assuming arguendo that an asphalt shortage existed, and let's assume that arguendo. It would seem to me if there was a matter of importance like that in the department, the customary department procedure was to prepare what we call a policy memorandum, policy and procedure memorandum, or if it was not such a serious matter an informational memorandum, an IM, which by the state highway engineer with the concurrence of his staff sets policy as to what will happen because of this problem, how the department will treat. For instance, if we had an asphalt shortage and bids came in and the shortage was in existence, well, X would happen. If it was prior to bids, Y would happen. But there normally would have been a set procedure for something like that.

When the asphalt shortage was related as one of the reasons for throwing out the bids, there was no reference at all to any IM or PPM, which was just an inditia that maybe reading that together with the fifth paragraph of Commissioner Mullen's memorandum to Commissioner Kohl of the 26th, where he indicates that all of the contractors will promise you the world on asphalt but we don't know whether any of them will deliver, indicated to me that the asphalt reason didn't have the efficacy it might otherwise have had.

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There is one additional thing on the asphalt. Commissioner Mullen's memorandum of the 26th to Commissioner Kohl says that we should rebid the project right away. Now, assuming asphalt shortage was the reason, did that asphalt shortage suddenly disappear that the contract should be rebid right away? I mean, if the shortage was there it just made no logical sense that to simply rebid it right away and give the contracts out again, still faced with the same problem.

Anyway, that's the way I looked at it, and all of these things I've just related were part of the indicia which led me to take these materials downtown; the original memo going to Commissioner

Kohl and the other memos, one going to the Governor's office to Judge Garven and the other to Mr. Jahos. I just thought that the situation was unusual and should be brought to the attention of other people, and primarily that was because all of these rationales or reasons followed my initial meeting with the commissioner, which I recorded in my memo of October 22nd, because at our original meeting none of these reasons were mentioned. The only reason that was mentioned was the fact that he told me after handing me Mr. Sherwin's letter that Mr. Sherwin would like Manzo to have another crack at the contract, and that it's not a legal reason and that's what I told him, and all of the rest of it followed.

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Actually, my memorandum of the 30th, I think, suggested. It didn't say. I used the words "if" and "could" for that very reason, because I didn't know what all the facts were. I told the commissioner that if, indeed, what he told me, in effect, on the 22nd was true, that the reason for throwing this thing out was because Sherwin wanted it, well, then, I came to the conclusion stated in that memo and the last paragraph and the next-to-the-last paragraph. On the other hand, if these other reasons had any efficacy, and they may have--I say "may have," subject to the qualifications I stated, but they may have. The commissioner was a professional engineer. He was more competent than the so-called professionals he was relying on. Mr. Mullen was not a professional, he was a journalist by trade. And Commissioner Schuyler, of course, he fired several months later. Actions speak louder than words, and he fired both Mullen and Schuyler within a short time after the happening of these events. So, relying on their judgment, judgment which he to me had questioned before this, was also a factor in the consideration.

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And that's all I wanted to expand on, because I didn't think I made it quite clear when I went through the questions.

I may have discursed, and I'm sorry, Justice, -well, Counsel, if I interfered with your flow and train of thoughts during the testimony.

There is one other thing. Although I couldn't comment on Van Jahos' competence because that is not my area, I can comment on his character because I knew him from the previous administration. As far as I'm concerned, I think he is a completely dedicated law-enforcement officer, and I wanted to

put that on the record, at least. 1 Gentlemen, that's all I have. Thank you. 2 THE CHAIRMAN: I wonder if I could--may I 3 ask you a question? 4 THE WITNESS: Sure. 5 6 EXAMINATION BY THE CHAIRMAN: 7 When you took the papers to Mr. Jahos' Q 8 Yes, sir. Α office,--9 --can you describe who you gave the papers Q 10 It was a secretary, and it to? Α 11 wasn't a very pretty one because if she were, I would 12 have remembered her. 13 Did you know her by name? Q 14 No, I don't. I didn't know any of his staff at all. A 15 In fact, that was the only time I was there in the course, 16 God, of the years I was there. 17 You're very certain it was Mr. Jahos' Q 18 Well, there was a fence, Α secretary? 19 looks like a fence, which separates -- which I think separated 20 his office or his enclosure from the rest of the--there 21 were secretaries in the outer office, and I went in and 22 I gave the girl that for him. I asked if he was in. 23 She said, "No." I said, "Well, please give this to him." 24 Oh, on that, I remember the commissioner asking me 25

in what manner I carried it down. It would have been 1 either one of this type of brown envelope or one of these 2 big yellow packages which could be sealed. That's what 3 my secretary, it is my recall, always gave me whenever I 4 carried anything around. It was either one of those two. 5 6 EXAMINATION BY MR. SAPIENZA: 7 Q A sealed envelope? Α It would 8 be one of those big yellow--I guess like that sitting in 9 the shelf there except bigger. 10 Do you know Mary Brennan? Q 11 Mary Brennan? A 12 Yes. Α No, I don't know the Q 13 name. 14 Q And you have been in to see Mr. Jahos on a 15 number of occasions, haven't you? 16 Not really. I would say less than the fingers of A 17 one hand over all these years. 18 19 EXAMINATION BY THE CHAIRMAN: 20 Did you occasionally go in to see Mr. Handler? Q 21 Handler? Α 22 Which Handler? Q Yes Α 23 MR. SAPIENZA: First Assistant. 24 COMMISSIONER BERTINI: He's now a judge. 25

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1	A Oh, Alan. We're very close, old personal friends.
2	I went to see him frequently. His office, though, was
3	on the second floor. Mr. Jahos, Criminal, when Alan was
4	therethis was under the old administrationMr. Jahos
5	was right next door on the second floor. But the period
6	we're talking about was in 1970 and at that period of time-
7	Q Well, doesn't
8	Ahe was downstairs.
9	Q Didn't Mr. Jahos keep the same secretary?
10	A He might have kept the same secretary. He might
11	have.
12	Q You wouldn't know her by name?
43	A Not by name. I'm very bad on names. I hardly
14	remember my own secretary.
15	Q Can you describe her in appearance as the
16	person to whom you gave the envelope or folder?
17	A If I saw her, I might; if I saw her, I might. You
18	know, it was a very quick thing, maybe half a minute.
19	It would be very difficult to describe.
20	
21	EXAMINATION BY MR. FRANCIS:
22	Q Do you recall that the envelope you handed
23	her was sealed and that there was an envelope?
24	A I don't recall. It could have been either one.
25	The only reason I reflect on that, I think it might have

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1	been sealed, you know, with the little clips where you
2	open the clips up.
3	Q Do you remember what time of the day it
4	was? A It was in the late afternoon.
5	It was in the afternoon. That's why my testimony on the
6	November 4th memo was what it was. That was my assumption,
7	because I had very late in the day given the package of
8	Route 46 memos to Mr. Jahos' office and he wasn't even
9	there, and for him to have discussed it with the Attorney
10	General as related in the memo of November 4th the same
11	day, I thought it was impossible. So, the thing in my
12	judgment would relate to 35 and not 46. That's the reason
13	for that.
14	Q Just a couple of things more.
15	A Absolutely.
16	Q Do you remember the Barisi
17	A Oh, yes.
18	Qcondemnation case?
19	I show you a letter of December 3rd.
20	A You're getting into the ethics area, Counsel. Judge,
21	Counsel. We went through this in the ethics case, and I
22	don't think it's really fit or relevant at all to get into
23	this here.
24	Q Well, it is for my purpose.
25	A All right.

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1	Q Will you identify that? Is that your signa-
2	ture on the letter? A Yes, it is.
3	Q And I show you another one, dated December
4	13th, the same matter. Is that your signature?
5	A No, that's not my signature.
6	Q May I see that?
7	A I think if you look at both you will see that. I
8	don't know who signed that. It's not mine. Either my
9	secretary or partner signed that for me.
10	Q Did you dictate it? It has your initials
11	on it? A Yes, I dictated it.
12	Q In any event, the two letters are in the
13	same matter? A Yes, both the Barisi
14	matter.
15	Q One other letter, not from you, from
16	Lafferty, Rowe, McMahon & McKeon, dated December the
17	13th, simply noted on the bottom that a copy was to you?
18	A Yes.
19	Q Do you remember that?
20	A It would have went to us at our Academy Street
21	office. I don't remember seeing this. But I remember us
22	we were having John Weigel to make a motion because we
23	couldn't proceed with the condemnation until we settled his
24	case. What happened was that Weigel was representing
25	Barisi. Actually, Weigel was representing the mortgage

company or the title company. And I think Mr. Bertini has 1 probably a lot of familiarity with this matter because it's 2 riparian. But Weigel on behalf of the mortgage company 3 had brought a suit to compel the State to condemn, and 4 nothing happened for nine years. And we had been retained 5 by Barisi in the condemnation if it ever got to condemna-6 tion. So, Weigel made this motion to get something done 7 in the other case so that maybe we could get a resolution 8 on this. We got out of this case, too. We were substi-9 tuted in that case, too. 10 Do you remember having received that letter? Q 11 I don't, no. Bob may have received it and put it A 12 in the file. Bob usually operated out of the Newark 13 office and I usually operated out of the Clark office. 14 So if that went to Newark, he probably would have seen it. 15 MR. FRANCIS: Will you mark the letter of 16 December 3rd, please. 17 (Letter from Biederman & Mulligan, dated 18 December 3, 1971, received and marked Exhibit C-55.) 19 MR. FRANCIS: And will you mark the letter 20 of December 13th, please. 21 (Letter from Biederman & Mulligan, dated 22 December 13, 1971, received and marked Exhibit C-56.) 23 Now, Mr. Biederman, in connection with that Q 24 Barisi matter, --Α Yeah, this one 25

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wasn't signed by me, either.

-- and the Mal-Bros. matter which we spoke 0 2 about the other day, I want to read you a section of the 3 Conflicts Bill. "No state officer or employee, subsequent 4 to the termination of his office or employment in any 5 state agency, shall represent, appear for, or negotiate 6 on behalf of, or agree to represent, whether by himself 7 or through a partnership in which he has an interest, 8 any person or party other than the state in connection 9 with any case, proceeding, application or other matter 10 with respect to which such state officer or employee shall 11 have made any investigation, rendered any ruling, given 12 any opinion or been otherwise substantially and directly 13 involved at any time during the course of his employment"--14 "course of his office or employment. Any person who 15 wilfully violates the provisions of this section is a 16 disorderly person and shall be subject to a fine not to 17 exceed \$500 or imprisonment not to exceed six months, or 18 both." 19

20 Are you familiar with that section? 20 A I am now that you have just read it. I wasn't 21 before. 22

Q Do you consider that the Attorney General has been remiss in his duty in not filing a complaint against you for violating that section?

No, sir, I don't. 1 A 2 Q All right. Α Frankly, until you read it I wasn't even aware of that section. And in 3 either case, the two cases you have mentioned, it was our 4 5 view, and that's the reason we did ask the Attorney General 6 for an opinion and we got out of the cases, that we didn't. As far as Barisi, certainly had nothing to do with that 7 8 case when I was in Trenton except that it was in the department. The other case, we considered it a different 9 matter, as I said, like a parole hearing is different from 10 the other. But since the Attorney General found to the 11 contrary, we did get out of both cases. But that's the 12 13 reason we did ask. THE CHAIRMAN: Mr. Bertini. 14 COMMISSIONER BERTINI: I have no questions. 15 16 EXAMINATION BY THE CHAIRMAN: 17 I have two minor ones. Q 18 Yes, sir. 19 A You have testified earlier that you recall Q 20 putting in a telephone call to Mr. Jahos before you went 21 to his office? Α Yes, sir. 22 Can you place when the call might have been? Q 23 In time? Α 24 You know, a day before, an hour before, a Q 25

week before? No, it would either Α 1 have been--I went on the 4th, and my memo to Mullen was 2 the same day. But I knew I was going to write to Mullen 3 after the 2nd when the commissioner directed me to do so, 4 so I would say it would be between the 2nd and the 4th. 5 Q Can you tell us what you told Mr. Jahos on 6 the phone? You just had a package to deliver to him? 7 I told him that I had a package to deliver; Α No. 8 that I had previously discussed the matter with the 9 Attorney General; that it concerned a cabinet officer and 10 that I thought he'd find it interesting. That's all. 11 And then try to refresh your memory again Q 12 and describe, the best you can, what the secretary to whom 13 you gave the envelope or the file looked like? 14 Oh, God. Well, she was not a blond. That much I Α 15 think I can remember. But that's as far as I go, because 16 she was sitting down so it's very hard to describe her. 17 I don't think she rose at all. She just sat there and I 18 handed it to her. 19 And your instructions were, "Give this to Q 20 Mr. Jahos"? Α I wasn't--my instructions 21 to her were, "Please give this to Van." We're on a first-22 name basis. I call him Van. 23 Did she recognize you, this secretary, --Q 24 I don't think so. Α 25

1 --as Mr. Biederman? Q I didn't recognize her. I don't think she did. 2 A And it was late in the afternoon? 3 Q I think it was late in the afternoon. It was after 4 Δ I left Judge Garven. As I recall, it was in the afternoon. 5 6 7 EXAMINATION BY MR. FRANCIS: 8 I overlooked a couple of questions. Q 9 Sure. Α In connection with the Mal-Bros. case,--10 Q Yes, sir. 11 Α --after you say you got out of it did you 12 Q send a bill to Mal-Bros. for your services? 13 No. we did not. 14 A None whatsoever? Α No. We Q 15 hadn't done anything. Why send a bill? 16 How about in Barisi? Q 17 No, as far as I know we never billed Barisi at all, Α 18 and we never did. Bob handled the business affairs, but 19 my knowledge is that we never sent either one of them a 20 bill. Absolutely not. 21 MR. FRANCIS: That's all. 22 THE WITNESS: Gentlemen, thank you. 23 THE CHAIRMAN: Thank you, Mr. Biederman. 24 (Witness excused.) 25

1087. STATE OF NEW JERSEY 1 COMMISSION OF INVESTIGATION 2 3 IN THE MATTER OF THE INVESTIGATION CERTIFICATE 4 OF THE OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY OF 5 GENERAL OF THE STATE OF NEW JERSEY REPORTER 6 7 8 9 10 11 I, JOHN J. PROUT, JR., a Certified Shorthand 12 Reporter and Notary Public of the State of New Jersey, 13 do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and 14 accurate transcript of my stenographic notes, as taken 15 by me on the date and at the place hereinbefore set forth. 16 17 18 JOHN J. PROUT, JR., Certified Shorthand Reporter. 19 20 PROPERTY OF NEW JERSEY STATE LIBPARY 21 22 2021 AUG 23 185 W. STATE ST. PO BOX 520 TRENTON, NJ 08625-0520 24 25

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