

# NEW-JERSEY GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1778.

On SATURDAY next will be PUBLISHED,  
**The New-Jersey ALMANACK**  
for the Year of our Lord 1779.

**W**HEREAS a number of non-commissioned officers and privates, the good subjects of these States, (who were unfortunately made prisoners previous to and at the reduction of Fort Washington, in November 1776, and afterwards admitted to return to their friends on parole in December following,) do still conceive themselves as bound in honour not to bear arms or otherwise assist in the common defence of the rights of their country—NOTICE is hereby given, That they are now regularly exchanged and fully discharged from any such their parole, the full complement of men due the enemy being wholly paid.  
**JOHN BEATTY, Com. Gen. Prif.**

The Printers in the different States are requested to publish the above.

**T**O be sold by the subscriber, in Bordentown, State of N. Jersey, the following TRACTS of LAND, &c. lying in Piles Grove, Salem county:

No. 1. A plantation on which Dr. John Gray lately lived, containing 300 acres or thereabouts; on which are a good frame barn and stables, and an old log house; adjoining it is a two story brick house built by Dr. Gray, which I suppose may be purchased, as he owns but one acre of land on which the house was built.

No. 2. A plantation on which the widow M'Kirrino now lives, containing 300 acres, adjoining the above; on which is an old barn, a new log dwelling-house, a considerable part of it well timbered, and is very good wheat land.

No. 3. A plantation on which Conrad Acres lives, containing 90 acres, with an old log house thereon, and is an excellent good stand for a tradesman.

No. 4. A plantation on which the widow Titus lives, containing 149 acres, an old log house and barn.

No. 5. A plantation on which Simon Bickler now lives, containing 200 acres, adjoining the above plantation; the building but indifferent.

No. 6. Containing 400 acres, or thereabouts, adjoining the glass-house; on which there is no settlement, but is all wood land.

This tract of land lies very high, and at such a distance from the marshy ground, so as to render it as healthy as any part of this State. It will be sold all together, or in plantations, as may best suit the purchaser. A warranted title will be given by  
Bordentown, Nov. 1, 1778. **W. GAMBLE.**  
A quantity of BRISTOL SALT to be sold. 3\*

**W**HEREAS inquisitions have been found against the following persons, who have joined the army of the King of Great-Britain, or otherwise offended against the form of their allegiance to this State, viz. Isaac Dunham, Oswald Ford, Reuben Munday, Jonathan Munday, John Munday, Asher Allward, William Lurton, John Pray, Jonathan Allston, Lewis Allston, Moses Dunham, Samuel Dunlap, Isaiah Coddington, John M'Minn, Benjamin Marsh, John Vanderhoven, Matthias Man, Isaac Bonnell, John Smyth, Thomas Skinner, Philip Kearney, Michael Kearney, Isabel Kearney and David Fitz-Randolph; which inquisitions have been returned at the last Court of Common-Pleas held at Brunswick, in and for the county of Middlesex, and proclamation made in open Court, according to law, for said offenders, or any person on their behalf, to appear and traverse the said inquisition: NOTICE is hereby given to said offenders, That if they do not appear, or any person in their behalf, or whoever shall think himself interested in the premises, at the next Court of Common-Pleas to be held at Brunswick, in and for said county, on the third Tuesday in January next, to traverse and put in the security required by law, that then the said inquisitions will be taken to be true, and final judgment will be entered thereon in favour of this State. **EBENEZER FORD, Commis.**  
Woodbridge, Oct. 18, 1778. 1\*

## Seventy Dollars Reward.

**S**TOLEN on the 30th ult. from the stall of a wagon at Paramus church, New-Jersey, a black horse, 15 hands high, rising six years old, has four white feet, a small blaze in his forehead, and a snip nose. Whoever takes up and delivers said horse to the subscriber, near Kingston, in Middlesex county, and secures the thief, shall have the above reward, or fifty dollars for the horse only, and reasonable charges, paid by  
**NICHOLAS BROOKS.**  
Nov. 5, 1778. 39

**C**AME to the subscriber, living near the meeting-house at Elizabethtown, Rahway, a brown horse, eight or nine years old, with a saddle and bridle, a natural pacer, with some white on his hind foot, about fourteen hands and an half high. The owner is desired to prove property, pay charges and take him away.  
**AMOS MORSS, jun.**  
Nov. 2, 1778. 29

**T**AKEN up as strays, in the neighbourhood of Princeton, two old bay Horses. The owners are desired to come without delay, prove their property and pay expences, or they will be sold in a fortnight from this date. Apply to Thomas Moody, merchant, in Princeton.  
Nov. 11, 1778.

## ROBERT HUNT,

Has for SALE at his STORE in Elizabeth-Town, **G**OOD spirits, rum, and whisky, by the gallon, tea, sugar, chocolate, alspice, pepper, indigo, red-wood, log-wood, and allum, brimstone, tobacco, snuff; salt by the bushel or less quantity, coatings and velvet, worsted stockings, plated shoe buckles and brass ditto, best needles and pins, jack knives; also writing paper and ink powder; likewise hard soap and melasses. 4||

## EDWARD BROOKS, JUN.

At the sign of the *Hat and Raccoon* in Bordentown, will give the highest price in hard cash or any kind of paper currency for all kinds of good FURS.—He hath now finished, and ready for sale, Castor and Wool HATS. He hath likewise for sale the following Articles of MERCHANDIZE, the greatest part of which will be disposed of on as low terms as can be purchased in the city of Philadelphia, viz.

- B**EST German ticklen-burg, oznabrigs, dow-las and Hessians cloths, naps and frizes of various colours, Shaloons, Corderoys or ribb'd velvets, Buttons and mohair, Sewing silks, coarse and fine thread, Check and white linen, Cambrick and lawn, Book muslin, Black pelongs & persians, White ditto, Whalebone, Black and blue moreens, French beaver hats, Silk handkerchiefs, Check and stamped ditto, Cotton romalls, Ditto very fine, Best American made writing paper, pasteboards, goose quills, slates and slate pencils, Packet and pound pins, Need'es, Best inkpowder, Silver plated SPURS, Pinchbeck shoe and knee buckles, silver plated ditto, of various patterns children's ditto, Ivory and horn combs, Crooked ditto, Good West-India rum,
- common ditto, melasses of excellent quality, by the barrel or gallon, Cyder spirits, Muscovado sugar, Good bohea tea, by the dozen or single pound, Coffee, by large or small quantity, Chocolate, rice, ginger, pepper, alspice, nutmegs and cinnamon, Indigo, copperas, allum, redwood, logwood, Brimstone, Hard soap, Powder and shot, Gun flints and worms, Imported rod and 20d NAILS, by the cask, or smaller quantity, Frying pans, Cutteau and penknives, Children's ditto, Scissors & knitting needles, Tapes and bobbin, Sleeve buttons set in silver, Glass ditto set in pewter, Spelling books & primers, Bed cords, bedding lines, and balters, Quart glass bottles, A quantity of country-made earthen ware, A few queen's ware tea-pots and cream cups, New-Jersey made men's & women's leather shoes,

## Continental SALT,

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL. 4||

**S**TOLEN from the subscriber, near Pluckemin, Somerset county, township of Bedminster, the 27th of September last, a brown MARE, near 14 and an half hands high, four years old, dim sighted in her left eye, has a star in her forehead, her left hind footlock white, has a hard lump upon the outside of her left fore leg below the knee, mostly inclining to pace. Whoever secures said mare, so that the owner may have her again, shall have Thirty Dollars reward, and all reasonable charges paid, by  
**COR. POWELSON.**  
4\*

## Twenty Dollars Reward.

**S**TRAYED or stolen from the subscriber at Trenton, about a fortnight ago, a little bay MARE, has her mane cut short, long tail, three years old. Whoever takes up said mare, and secures her so that the owner may get her again, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by  
Trenton, Oct. 27, 1778. **WILLIAM CANNON.** 2†

From the New-York British Papers of the 26th and 28th ultimo.

BERLIN, (Metropolis of Prussia) July 20.

**L**A TE yesterday evening an express arrived here from his Majesty the King of Prussia's camp in Bohemia, by whom we received the following agreeable tidings: That on the 16th instant his Majesty's army, being encamped in the environs of Nachod, at which place the King had established his head quarters, a party of Austrian hussars were seen to reconnoitre our army; upon which a detachment of Prussian dragoons immediately advanced and drove them back; but the Austrians soon after being reinforced, made a second appearance, and being superior in number, forced our dragoons to retreat; whereupon three squadrons of hussars, of the regiment of Ziethen, were sent to their assistance, when the Austrians were driven back with the loss of about forty men killed and wounded, and one Captain, two Lieutenants and fifty-four men taken prisoners; our loss consisted in one lieutenant and thirteen men killed, eighteen wounded and two missing.

On the 17th the King's army advanced as far as Jarowitz, about four leagues from Konigsgratz, where the Emperor's army lies strongly entrenched; and in the afternoon the right wing of our army was extended farther toward Clometz, and head quarters taken between Jarowitz and Kukulshad. Our out posts were within sight and hearing of the enemy's.

On the 18th in the morning the King, accompanied by the Prince of Brunwick, reconnoitred the Emperor's camp, and soon after orders were given for the erecting of batteries; the artillery was drawn up, and all possible preparations made for an immediate attack, which his Majesty had resolved should take place the next morning; but to the great astonishment of our monarch and his whole army, he received on the same evening a flag of truce from the Emperor, with the following message: "That his Imperial Majesty, having duly considered the object of the present contest between him and his Prussian Majesty, was from a sense of humanity led to spare the lives and blood of his innocent subjects, and was ready to settle the Bavarian affairs upon the principles proposed by his Prussian Majesty, in the course of the late negociation. And that if his Prussian Majesty would appoint a proper person for a fresh negociation, his Imperial Majesty would also call near him his minister; and that all contentions and differences should be finally settled and determined."

In consequence of this message the King has sent orders to Count Einkenstein and Baron de Hertzberg, his two privy cabinet ministers, to come to him; and these two ministers accordingly set out this afternoon to join his Majesty at his camp near Jarowitz, in Bohemia.—Thus, thanks to gracious Heaven! peace is restored. May Divine Providence grant us the enjoyment thereof many years to come.

*Hague, (in Holland) July 14.* We have authentick letters from Saxony, which mention that General Mulendorf is arrived in the neighbourhood of Dresden, with 20,000 men under his command; and according to certain advices from Silesia the King of Prussia had broke up his camp, and was in full march at the head of his army towards Bohemia, and that the army of Prince Henry of Prussia was also in motion.

We have received the manifesto published by the court of Berlin the 3d of July, 1778, against that of Vienna. The whole negociation on the affair of Bavaria, from beginning to the end, is contained in it. The court of Vienna was the first to break that negociation, by a memorial dated the 24th of June.

Our last letters from Cleves, dated July 11, mention that a courier extraordinary, dispatched from Berlin the 7th of this month, brought a confirmation of the above accounts; and that Baron de Hertzberg and the Count de Falkenstein, when they gave the above-mentioned manifesto to the Count de Cobinzel, also gave a manifesto to the foreign ministers, which serves as a declaration of war. Baron de Rudesel, the Prussian minister at Vienna, is recalled, and the Count de Cobinzel is about to leave Berlin.

*Copenhagen, (in Denmark) June 27.* According to a list of the land forces of Denmark and Norway, when completed, those of Denmark will consist of 6,337 horse, 33,646 foot, and 1,308 militia; and those of Norway of 4,493 horse, and 29,122 foot; making in the whole, with 3,789 artillerymen and engineers, 78,695 men.

*From the Imperial camp near Kukulshad, July 18.* The King of Prussia, at the head of 6000 men, attempted to gain our intrenchments below the stream of Met-

tau, near to Pletz, and half a mile from Jaromirz. The attack began the 13th, at half past twelve at night, but the croats and hussars, who were posted there, sustained the unexpected assault with great courage for half an hour, before the carabinieri of Duke Albert and the hussars of Wurmsler advanced, and took the enemy in flank. The action then became serious, and the enemy was obliged to retire, leaving a great number of dead on the field; among the rest one Colonel, two Lieutenant-Colonels, and twelve Lieutenants. On our part we had 264 killed and wounded. The Prussians in retreating abandoned several posts they had occupied previous to the action.

#### L O N D O N,

August 11. It is asserted in this city, that war will not be declared until the Parliament meets, the King being determined not to enter further into a war without their advice.

The last Edinburgh Advertiser contains the two following articles:

Lord Seaforth's regiment, now in the castle, has, we hear, received orders to hold themselves in readiness to march at an hour's notice.

We hear similar orders have been sent to all the troops in England and Scotland, the ministry having received advice that the French intend to make an invasion upon some part of Britain.

It was yesterday reported that three French frigates are cruising to intercept the Holland mails bound to England. The Dutch mails did not arrive yesterday.

A Morning Paper says, "The cabinet ministers have, beyond doubt, received information that an invasion has been seriously resolved upon in France, under the command of Marshal Broglie, and preparations are making accordingly. The regiments on Coxheath received orders on Saturday last from General Keppel, to send for their respective allowance of intrenching tools. In case such an event takes place, either in Suffex or Kent, Lord Amherst is immediately to join the grand army, which is to be reinforced with the army on Warley common, and a large detachment of the guards."

#### FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE.

At the Court of St. James's, the 29th of July, 1778.

Present, the KING's most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS many injuries and acts of hostility have been committed, and many unjust seizures made, by the French King and his subjects, unto and upon the ships and goods of his Majesty's subjects, contrary to the faith of treaties: And whereas his Majesty has lately received advice that such acts of hostility are now publicly encouraged and authorized by the French King's orders. His Majesty has taken into consideration these injurious proceedings of the French court; and his Majesty being determined to take such measures as are necessary for vindicating the honour of his crown and for procuring reparation and satisfaction for his injured subjects, is pleased, by and with the advice of his Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, That general reprisals be granted against the subjects of the French King, so that as well his Majesty's fleet and ships, as also all other ships and vessels that shall be commissioned by letters of marque or general reprisals, or otherwise by his Majesty's commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral of Great-Britain, shall and may lawfully seize all ships, vessels and goods belonging to the French King or his subjects, or others inhabiting within any the territories of the French King, and bring the same to judgment in any of the courts of admiralty within his Majesty's dominions; and to that end his Majesty's Advocate-General, with the Advocate of the admiralty, are forthwith to prepare the draught of a commission, and present the same to his Majesty at this Board, authorizing the commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral, or any person or persons by them empowered and appointed, to issue forth and grant letters of marque and reprisal to any of his Majesty's subjects, or others whom the said commissioners shall deem fitly qualified in that behalf, for the apprehending, seizing and taking the ships, vessels and goods belonging to the French King, and the vassals and subjects of the French King, or any inhabiting within his countries, territories or dominions; and that such powers and clauses be inserted in the said commission as have been usual, and according to former precedents. And his Majesty's said Advocate-General, with the Advocate of the admiralty, are forthwith to prepare the draught of a commission, and present the same to his Majesty at this Board, authorizing the said commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral, to will and require the high court of admiralty of Great-Britain, and the Lieutenant and Judge of the said court, his Surrogate or Surrogates, as also the several courts of admiralty within his Majesty's dominions, to take cognizance of, and judicially proceed upon, all and all manner of captures, seizures, prizes and reprisals of all ships and goods that are or shall be taken, and to hear and determine the same; and according to the course of admiralty, and the laws of nations, to adjudge and condemn all such ships, vessels and goods that are or shall be taken, and to hear and determine the same; and according to the course of admiralty, and the laws of nations, to adjudge and condemn all such ships, vessels and goods as shall belong to the French King, or the vassals and subjects of the French King, or to any others inhabiting within any of his countries, territories and dominions; and that such powers and clauses be inserted in the said commission as have been usual, and according to for-

mer precedents: And they are likewise to prepare and lay before his Majesty at this Board, a draught of such instructions as may be proper to be sent to the courts of admiralty in his Majesty's foreign governments and plantations, for their guidance herein; as also another draught of instructions for such ships as shall be commissioned for the purposes afore-mentioned.

A letter from Paris, dated August 5, 1778, says, "The Captains who did not answer the signal for coming into the line of battle are under disgrace, and one of them, as is said, will be shot. In a few days Te Deum will be sung all over the kingdom. The Duke of Chartres was at the opera last night, and received with the greatest demonstrations of joy."

Extract of a letter from Danzick, dated July 30.

"An order of his Prussian Majesty to his custom-house officers at Westerdeep, that in future no masts shall be permitted to pass that are destined for certain European powers, has just reached this place, and causes much speculation. The French Consul immediately dispatched a courier with this news to Paris, which is indeed highly interesting to all the naval powers."

Extract of a letter from Paris, dated July 27.

"A letter from Brest of the 20th inst. informs us, that the Juno, a French frigate of 32 guns, having descried an English cutter, called the Alert, pursued her; she carried 14 guns and 75 men. When the Captain of the cutter saw himself on the point of being taken, he threw 10 of his guns into the sea. Before he was taken he was master of his ship, and could do with his guns as he pleased; but not so afterwards. The Alert being taken and conducted to Brest, seven of her sailors, who are Americans, and were forced into the service, have sworn that the Captain threw his guns overboard after he was a prize, in consequence of which he is committed to prison. The Captain insists he threw them overboard before he was taken, and then only to lighten his ship."

August 13. On Tuesday passed the great seal a commission empowering the Lords of the Admiralty to issue letters of marque, also authorizing them to send like powers to the Governors of the leeward islands and in the West-Indies.

The same time a commission passed the great seal, empowering the High Court of Admiralty to condemn such prizes as shall be taken from the French.

Yesterday there was a full Board of Admiralty, at which Lord Sandwich presided: Several letters of marque and reprisals were granted, and several officers attended, who received their commissions, with orders to repair on board their respective ships.

At the breaking up of the above board, a messenger was sent off express to the Lord-Lieutenant of Ireland, with warrants to his Excellency for issuing letters of marque and reprisals to all Captains and Commanders of ships and vessels in that kingdom, to seize and destroy all vessels belonging to the French King.

And also a messenger to the Lords Commissioners of the police in Scotland, to issue the same in all their ports.

Yesterday Count Bruhl, the Saxon Ambassador, and Count de Maltzan, the Prussian Ambassador, having received packets from their several courts, set off together for Windsor, to communicate the contents to his Majesty in person.

Advice is said to have been received by Count Maltzan, the Prussian Ambassador, though the particulars have not yet transpired, that the treaty entered into by the Emperor of Germany and the King of Prussia for accommodating the differences between them respecting Bavaria, had been entirely broke off, the Emperor not choosing to reimburse the King in the sum total of the expences incurred by the military preparations he had made.—News of a battle is therefore daily expected.

A letter from Rotterdam, dated July 31, says, "We have accounts this day that the French have taken four of our merchantmen."

#### N E W - Y O R K, October 26.

Last Monday morning a large fleet sailed from Sandy Hook for England, under convoy of the Leviathan, Capt. Brown; in which went passengers his Grace the Duke of Ancafter and General Sir Robert Pigot.

Saturday morning last about two o'clock, the Old Mansion-house belonging to Mr. Nicholas Stuyvesant, in the Bowery, took fire, and was burnt to the ground, with part of the furniture therein contained. The above fire is said to be occasioned by means of the ash-house being near the dwelling.

#### INTELLIGENCE EXTRAORDINARY.

By letters from Philadelphia we learn, that, on the receipt of the last manifesto from the English commissioners, one of the Congress had the resolution to make the following short speech:

"I have listened to this manifesto with great attention, and am not ashamed to acknowledge that it breathes a spirit of candour and resolution by which I am considerably influenced. No man in this august assembly will dare to express a doubt of my sincere attachment to the true interest of my country. I am convinced that the true interest of America is inseparable from that of Britain, and that our alliance with France is unnatural, unprofitable, absurd. I therefore move, That this phantom of independence may be given up."

—He had scarcely uttered the words before the President sent a messenger to fetch the Polish Count Pulaski, who happened to be exercising part of his legion in the court yard below.—The Count flew to the chamber where the Congress sat, and with his sabre

in an instant severed from his body the head of this honest delegate. The head was ordered by Congress to be fixed on the top of the liberty-pole of Philadelphia, as a perpetual monument of the freedom of debate in the Continental Congress of the United States of America.—[Rivington's Royal Gazette.]

Nov. 2. The Harriot Packet, Capt. Spargo, sailed from Falmouth for this port, the 7th of Sept. and on the 17th following was taken by the Vengeance privateer, after a very obstinate engagement, and sent into Newbury Port. In the action Capt. Spargo had one man killed, and several wounded.

#### W I L L I A M S B U R G, O C T. 9.

Col. Clark, with a body of militia, has taken possession of fort Chartres and the other western posts between the rivers Ohio and Mississippi. The commandant is on his way to this city, a prisoner. Capt. Boon, the famous partizan, has lately crossed the Ohio with a small detachment of men, and near the Shawanese towns repulsed a party of the enemy, and brought in one scalp, without any loss on his side. Major Smith has marched with three companies of the Militia of Washington county to support the garrisons in Kentucky. The noted Cherokee chief *Cheu-Connassen*, or *Dragging-Canoe*, is lately dead, which event it is likely will unite the nation in the interest of America.

#### P O R T S M O U T H, (New-Hampshire) O C T. 29.

Thursday the 15th instant arrived here from France the frigates Providence and Boston, and the ship of war Ranger, commanded by Captains Whipple, Tucker and Simpson. They left Brest the 20th of August, from which port the French fleet, consisting of a large number of ships of the line, frigates, bomb-ketches, fire-ships, &c. had sailed a day or two before, in quest of the British fleet. The French confidently assert, that their present naval armament, under command of the Count d'Orvilliers, when joined with the reinforcement which they expect from Toulon, Rochfort, &c. will be superior to any power the English can bring to oppose them, and bid defiance to the whole force of Great-Britain acting by sea.

#### B O S T O N, October 29.

The squadron of the Count D'Estaing is completely refitted; and the ships are in readiness to put to sea at the shortest notice.

A letter from Holland, dated in June, says, "The proposals for a treaty between the Americans and the United Provinces, now lie before the States; the answer the Americans received on the delivery of them, was, that the business required a very serious attention; that they should nevertheless use every dispatch it would admit of, and as soon as the States had come to a determination, they should immediately be made acquainted therewith."

#### P H I L A D E L P H I A, Nov. 5.

S I R, Passy, near Paris, Aug. 12, 1778.

I Have the honour to enclose a few new papers, and a letter from Spain. They contain all the news, excepting that the men of war at Toulon have gone out and taken four rich ships belonging to the English, said to be worth four millions of livres. I have the honour to be, with all possible respect, your most humble servant,

JOHN ADAMS.

President LAURENS.

Published by order of Congress,

CHARLES THOMSON, Sec.

Extract of a letter from Baltimore, dated Oct. 31, 1778. "This morning a vessel arrived in 21 days from Statia, and brings an account of the French having invaded St. Vincents. A letter which I saw mentions a sloop having arrived at Statia from Barbados, which intended calling at St. Vincents; but seeing the French flag displayed there, she run past. Same letter mentions the report of its being taken having prevailed there some days."

Yesterday Abraham Carlisle and John Roberts were executed on the common of this city, pursuant to their sentence.

The following is a copy verbatim of the sentence of the Court upon John Roberts, pronounced by his Honour the Chief Justice, which was sent to the Supreme Executive Council, at their request, about ten days ago, to shew the opinion of the Court respecting the conviction. It is now published by permission of the Chief Justice, with this observation, that it was originally written to help his memory, and not for the public eye.

JOHN ROBERTS,

YOU have been indicted, and after a very long, a very fair and impartial trial, been convicted of High Treason. You have had all the indulgence and advantage that the law would allow you; you have had a copy of your indictment, and of the panel of the Jury, a sufficient time for your defence and challenges.

The Jury who have found you guilty, were such as may be justly said that you yourself approved of, for though the law gives you a liberty to challenge thirty-five, you have challenged but thirty-three, so you allowed the rest to be an indifferent Jury to pass between the State and you, upon your life and death. Your Council have moved for a new trial, and the Court have disallowed that motion, being fully satisfied you have been convicted upon legal and clear evidence; their next step is to proceed to judgment; and sorry I am, that it falls to my lot to pronounce

the dreadful sentence, but I must discharge my duty to my country.

Treason is a crime of the most dangerous and fatal consequence to society; it is of a most malignant nature; it is of a crimson colour and of a scarlet dye. Maliciously to deprive one man of life, merits the punishment of death, and blood for blood is a just retribution. What punishment then, must he deserve, who joins the enemies of his country, and endeavours the total destruction of the lives, liberties, and property of all his fellow-citizens; who wilfully aids and assists in so impious a cause; a cause which has been complicated with the horrid and crying sin of murdering thousands, who were not only innocent, but meritorious; and aggravated by burning some of them alive, and starving others to death. It is in vain to plead, that you have not personally acted in this wicked business; for all who countenance and assist, are partakers in the guilt. Your junction gave encouragement to the invaders of your country; your example occasioned the defection of others, and you exerted yourself in forwarding their arbitrary designs. It is in vain to plead, that you fled to the enemy for protection against some of your neighbours, who threatened your life, because they thought you a traitor; for you might have applied for, and obtained protection from the civil Magistrate, or from the army of your own country. It is in vain to plead, that you intended to relieve some Friends who were ordered under a guard to Virginia, for government was then doing a necessary and usual act in like cases for its preservation; the restraining men, whose going at large was thought dangerous to the community, and putting them for a time under a gentle confinement. Your offering to put yourself at the head of a troop of horse of the enemy, and to effect this rescue at the risk of your life, was a strange piece of conduct, in one who pretended that he was conscientiously scrupulous of bearing arms in any case. Alas! happy had it been for you, had you fallen under the like indulgent restraint, and been also sent to Virginia.

It is true, and I mention it with pleasure, that your interest with the Commander in Chief of the British army was frequently employed in acts of humanity, charity and benevolence. This must afford you some comfort, and your friends some consolation; but a good General would have done the same things to a vanquished enemy; and they can by no means compensate for treason.

You will probably have but a short time to live. Before you launch into eternity, it behoves you to improve the time that may be allowed you in this world: it behoves you most seriously to reflect upon your past conduct: to repent of your evil deeds: to be incessant in prayer to the great and merciful God, to forgive your manifold transgressions and sins: to teach you to rely upon the merit and passion of a dear Redeemer, and thereby to avoid those regions of sorrow; those doleful shades, where peace and rest can never dwell; where even hope cannot enter. It behoves you to seek the conversation, advice and prayers of pious and good men; to be importunate at the Throne of Grace, and to learn the way that leadeth to happiness. May you, reflecting upon these things, and pursuing the will of the great Father of light and life, be received into the company and society of Angels and Arch Angels, and the spirits of just men made perfect: and may you be qualified to enter into the joys of Heaven; joys unspeakable and full of glory.

The Legislature of this Commonwealth, agreeable to the lenity evinced by all their Laws, have thought proper to direct, that persons guilty of High Treason should be dealt with and proceeded against, as in other capital cases: And therefore the solemn judgment in Treason, heretofore prescribed by the Laws of Pennsylvania, is now done away.

The Judgment of the Court therefore is, "You shall be taken back to the place from whence you came, and from thence to the place of execution, and there to be hanged by the neck until dead."

May God be merciful to your soul. \* The solemn judgment in Treason, under the Government and Laws of Pennsylvania before the late glorious Revolution, was as follows, viz.

"You shall be carried back to the place from whence you came, and from thence be drawn to the place of execution, and be there hanged by the neck, and then cut down alive: Your entrails shall be taken out and burned, while you are yet alive; your head shall be cut off; and your body divided into four parts; and your head and quarters be at the King's disposal." 2 Hawkins, chap. 48, sec. 3. 1 H. P. C. 355. 2 H. P. C. 396. 4 Blackstone 92.

### TRENTON, NOVEMBER 11.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in the army at Frederickborough, dated October 27, 1778.

"The three New-England brigades which were posted at Danbury, have retired to Hartford for winter quarters. Three more have moved off from this ground to Farmington for the same purpose. The rest of our troops will probably keep their present post, until it is certainly known whether the enemy intend to abandon New-York. It is said they are preparing for a second embarkation."

We hear that on Tuesday fennight 120 sail of British vessels of war, and transports full of soldiers, failed from Sandy-Hook, supposed to be bound to the West-Indies;—that all the new levies are on board, except Boskirk's regiment;—that those who remain on Staten-Island under Gen. Skinner, are posted at

Watson's ferry and the Watering-place;—and that Mr. Galloway has lately sailed for England.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at camp at Quaker-hill, dated Nov. 2, 1778.

"The only news we have had since I wrote you last is the following, which was received by the General the day before yesterday, from General Scott, who commands at the lines. He informs his Excellency, that it is the common report in New-York, that Jamaica has fallen into the hands of the French; in consequence of which rum had risen to 20s. per gallon, and English goods had fallen in their prices; that transports were every day falling down to the Watering-place, and from thence to the Hook; and that it was by no means certain that the whole of the enemy did not intend to embark this fall."

On Tuesday, the third instant, Captain Marriner, of Brunswick, with seven men belonging to Lord Stirling's division, landed from the Jersey shore at New-Utrecht, on Long-island, and brought off Simon and Jacques Cortelyou, two famous Tories in the enemy's lines, and in specie and other property to the amount of 5000 dollars. The two prisoners are on parole at New-Brunswick, and to be exchanged for two citizens of this state in captivity with the enemy.

Married, the 14th ult. ELISHA BOUDINOT, Esq. Counsellor at Law, to Miss KATY SMITH, daughter of PEARTREE SMITH, Esq. a Lady possessed of every qualification necessary to render the conjugal state happy.

The following character would have been inserted earlier, had it not been mislaid.

"To the unspeakable grief of a mourning wife, and the great loss of four desirable children, died, of an oedematous tumour, in the morning of the 26th of August last, at Springfield, in the borough of Elizabeth, in the 48th year of his age, Doctor JONATHAN DAYTON, who had practiced physick with great judgment, care, success and reputation for the space of 24 years, in that place and parts adjacent; and his remains were the next day decently interred in the burying-ground in the place, and a suitable sermon, from Mark 13, 37. was preached upon the occasion, by the Rev. James Caldwell.

He was eminent in his profession; warmly attached to the cause of his country; and shined as an husband, a father, a neighbour and a friend. In a word, his worth was best known to, and the loss sustained by his death most sensibly felt by his friends, and those among whom he practiced."

We are informed that on the 5th ult. Mr. Gilbert Sherer, in a prize belonging to Captain John M'Gee, of Philadelphia, was retaken and sent into New-York.

On the 27th of October last departed this life, at Westfield, in Essex county, the amiable consort of Doctor PHILEMON ELMER, in the 23d year of her age, the only child of Mr. Ephraim Marth. The day following her funeral was a tended by a number of ministers, a train of mourners, and a large concourse of people. Upon which occasion a very pertinent and instructive discourse was delivered by the Rev. James Caldwell, from Isaiah 40: 5, 6, 7 and 8th verses. She was a dutiful child; an affectionate and agreeable wife; of a sweet temper and disposition; the darling of her relations; beloved and admired by her acquaintance; hospitable to the poor; compassionate to the distressed; a pattern of modesty and worthy of imitation in her mien and deportment; an honour to her sex and all in connexion with her; has left two babes, a disconsolate husband and afflicted parents to bewail the loss which they have sustained by her death."

Sunday last about 50 British seamen, who had been taken on board different vessels at sea some time since, were marched thro' this place, on their way to Elizabeth-Town to be exchanged.

COQUETTILLA to be in our next.

\* \* \* Advertisements omitted this week to be in our next.

Mr. COLLINS, You may, if you please, insert the following rapartee; which I think contains a great deal of delicate and genuine wit.

### B O N M O T.

A British officer in New-York being in company with a lady whose sentiments were favourable to the cause of liberty, was making some severe remarks upon the American troops. However, Madam, said he, I think you have both a Howe and a Clinton in your army. "We have, Sir," replied the lady,—"but you have not a Washington in yours."

### W A N T E D,

A quantity of well comb'd

### Hogs Bristles,

For which a good price will be given by Moore Furman, Esq. in Pitts-town; John Denton, merchant in Princeton; Mr. Benjamin Smith, saddler in Trenton; and Mr. John Linton, near the Falls Meeting-house in Bucks county.

To be sold at publick vendue, on SATURDAY, the 14th inst. a number of CAST HORSES. Sale to begin at ten o'clock. PETER GORDON, Q. M. Trenton, Nov. 10, 1778.

ON SATURDAY next, the 14th of November inst. at twelve o'clock, at the vendue-store in Trenton, Will begin the SALE

Of a small ASSORTMENT of MERCHANDIZE; Also a quantity of deer-skin breeches; several barrels of brown sugar.—Likewise some valuable HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE;

Among which are,

Walnut dining and tea-tables, some chairs, elegant gilt framed and plain pictures, a chest of drawers, dough-trough, iron and brass kettles, and many other articles.—Likewise a good MILCH COW

FRANCIS WITT, JACOB BENJAMIN.

N. B. They give the highest price for Old Pewter.

NOTICE is hereby given, That there has been inquisitions found and returned to the last Court of Common-Pleas, according to an Act of Assembly of this state, against William Bayard, Daniel Smith, Michael Moore, Lawrance Vanhorn, Derick Vreeland, Garrit Lydaker, Cornelius Buikerk, Joost Earl, Edward Earl, Abraham Buskerk, William Vanallen, Cornelius Vanhorn, John Spear, Albur Zabrisco, Henry Mailb, John Allenton, John Ackerfon, David Peke, Samuel Peke, John Pershel, John Rickerman, Thunis Blawvelt, David Blawvelt, Abraham C. Herring, Henry Roma, John Buikerk, Peter Buikerk, Abraham Vanemburgh, John Richards, Nikafey Kipp, William Sorriis, James M'Culleck, Michael Vantile, Peter Earl, John Miars, Christopher Benfon, James Vanemburgh, Thomas Gardner, Samuel Demorist, William Kingland, jun. Daniel Jessip, Rulief Demorist, Cornelius Vanvorst, Nicholas Leezeer, Stephen Rider, Hendrick Lutkins, John Martin Hagle, John Pell, Nicholes Depyster, Peter Golat, Edmund Simmons, Daniel Haac Brown, Charles Kingland, jun. John Lutkins and Abraham Pershel; and if they, or any person in their behalf, does not appear to traverse the same at the next Court of Common-Pleas, final judgment will then be entered against them.

JAMES BOARD, } Commis- HENDERICUS KUYPER, } sioners.

Bergen county, October 31, 1778.

New-Jersey, } AT a Court of Common-Pleas held Middlesex, } for the county of Middlesex, on the 2d of October last, was returned inquisitions for joining the army of the King of Great-Britain, and other treasonable acts found against George Stainforth, William Steel and Thomas Hooper; and proclamation being made in Court, that if they, or any in their behalf, or any persons thinking themselves interested in the premises, would appear and traverse, a trial should be awarded; and none appearing to traverse, we further give NOTICE, That if neither they, nor any in their behalf, or any thinking themselves interested, do not appear at the next Court of Common-Pleas to be held at New-Brunswick on the 3d of January next ensuing, and traverse, then inquisition will be taken to be true, and final judgment entered thereon in favour of the state.

WILLIAM SCUDDER, } Commis- JOHN LLOYD, } sioners.

### EIGHTY DOLLARS Reward.

LOST on the fourth instant, on the post-road between Marseille's tavern and the Scotch Plains and Quibble-town, a Parchment Pocket book, containing between three and four hundred dollars in Continental currency, chiefly in 40, 30, 20 and 8 dollar bills, emitted April 11, 1778. There was also in the pocket-book the subscriber's Lieutenant-Colonel's commission; a letter from Col. Samuel Ogden directed to Gouverneur Morris, Esq. at Philadelphia; another letter to Mrs. Mary Hedden, several state lottery tickets, numbers unknown, with many other papers which can be of no benefit to any but the owner. LOST at the same time and between the same places, Gaine's Universal Register, or American and British Kalendar for the present year, with some papers of consequence. Whoever finds the said pocket-book, and returns the commission and money to the owner, or will give him directions by letter, or otherwise, where he may find it, shall receive Eighty Dollars from the subscriber. Should the pocket-book fall into dishonest hands, any person who will give information of it to the subscriber, so that he may obtain the money or secure the rogue, shall be entitled to the same reward of Eighty Dollars; but as the papers cannot be converted by any kind of knavery or legerdemain to be of use to any person whatever but the owner, be his inclination that way as great as it may, the subscriber flatters himself, that if any person finds the pocket-book, and feels no compunction of conscience at converting the money to his own use, he will still have honesty enough to fall upon some method to convey the papers and letters to the owners, and cunning enough to conceal from what quarter they come. A letter, or any information sent to the post-office at Morris-town, will be gratefully acknowledged, by HENRY BROCKHOLST LIVINGSTON. Raritan, Nov. 5, 1778. 3||

### THIRTY DOLLARS Reward.

STRAYED, or stolen last night, from the pasture of Mr. Dirick Van Vechter, at Raritan, a Sorrel Mare, about fourteen hands high, has a star in her forehead, a pretty long tail, and is shod all round. Whoever takes up said mare, and returns her to the subscriber, shall be paid Thirty Dollars, by HENRY BROCKHOLST LIVINGSTON. Raritan, Nov. 5, 1778. 3||

A LIST of LETTERS in the Post-Office in Trenton.

JOHN IMLAY, Esq. Bordentown, 2.  
James Finley, Princeton, 2.  
Thomas Barns, Trenton.  
Content Lane, Hopewell.  
Obadiah Holmes, New-Jersey.  
James Richmond, Brunfwick.  
James Mason, Salem county, New-Jersey.  
Jon. Provost, Brunfwick.  
John Ashcraft.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, on or about the first day of this inst. October, a redish COW with a white face, and a crop on the near ear and a hole through it. Any person coming and proving his property and paying charges, by applying to the subscriber, may have her again.

DAVID HENDRICKSON.

Crosswicks, Oct. 21, 1778.

THE Commissioners for the several counties of this state for purchasing cloathing for the Jersey brigade are requested to bring in immediately such articles as they have collected, to the subscriber, at Princeton, the Council and Assembly having empowered him to receive the same. ENOS KELSEY.

### Fifty Dollars Reward.

RAN-AWAY on the evening of the 7th inst. from Trenton ferry, a likely MULATTO slave, named Sarah, but since calls herself Rachael; She took her son with her, a Mulatto boy named Bob, about six years old, has a remarkable fair complexion, with flaxen hair: She is a lusty wench, about 34 years of age, big with child; had on a striped linsey petticoat, linen jacket, flat shoes, a large white cloth cloak, and a blanket, but may change her dress, as she has other cloaths with her. She was lately apprehended in the first Maryland regiment, where she pretends to have a husband, with whom she has been the principal part of this campaign, and passed herself as a free woman. Whoever apprehends said woman and boy, and will secure them in any gaol, so that their master may get them again, shall receive the above reward, by applying to Mr. Blair M'Clenachan, of Philadelphia, Capt. Benjamin Brooks, of the third Maryland regiment, at camp, or to Mr. James Sterret, in Baltimore.

Oct. 18, 1778.

MORDECAI GIST.

TO be sold by the subscriber, living in Lower Penn's Neck, Salem county, A PLANTATION whereon Duncan Saunders now dwells, joining lands of William Miller, Esq. and William Bedal, in Upper Penn's Neck, in the county aforesaid; containing 112 acres, whereon is erected a log dwelling-house, with an orchard and some meadow ground, and more may be easily made, with two fields of upland ground cleared, the remainder all well timbered, and lies about two miles and an half from the river, and is fronting the main road through Penn's Neck, and is well watered. For further particulars apply to

THOMAS THACKRY.

Lower Penn's Neck, Salem county, Oct. 17, 1778.

CAME to the plantation of Albert Voorheese, in Sourland, Hillsborough township, Somerset county, on the 18th inst. October, a black HORSE, about 14 hands high, trots well and paces a little, no mark or brand, has a star in his forehead, and is galled with the saddle on the near side. The owner is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges and take him away.

### THIRTY DOLLARS REWARD.

STRAYED or STOLEN out of the pasture of Ezekiel Ball, in the township of Newark, a bay HORSE, about 15 hands high, with a black mane and tail, a large star in his forehead, and one of his hind legs white, branded RK on his near buttock, is a natural trotter, and little ewe neck'd. Whoever will apprehend the thief and horse shall have the above reward and reasonable charges, or Twenty Dollars for the horse alone, from me

July 24, 1778.

JACOB FOSTER.

N. B. He formerly belonged to Mr. Smith Richard.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Theodorus Van Wyck, late merchant of New-York, deceased, either by bond, note or book debt, are requested to pay their respective accounts to the subscribers, at the house of the Rev. Jacob R. Hardenburgh, in Raritan, Somerset county; and those who have any demands against the said estate, are desired to bring in their accounts, properly attested, to the subscribers, at the place aforesaid, that they may be discharged.

Abraham Van Wyck, Executor,

Helena Van Wyck, } Executrix.

Helena Bogart }

### EIGHTY DOLLARS REWARD.

STOLEN from a waggon near Paramus, on the night of the 25th inst. two HORSES:—The one a brown, three years old, 15 hands and a quarter high, of a lofty carriage, branded on his near buttock W: The other a black roan, about 14 hands and a half high, four years old, is branded as the first; the mane of each hangs on the near side. Whoever secures said horses shall have the above reward, or 120 for the horses and thief, or in proportion for either, paid by me

THOMAS JOHNSTON.

Kingston, July 30, 1778.

4w

## FOR SALE,

THE ruins of a compleat MERCHANT MILL, (which was destroyed by the British army in their late march through New-Jersey) together with about 40 acres of Land, situate on Black's creek, about half a mile from Borden-Town, in the county of Burlington, a healthy part of the country, distant from Philadelphia 28 miles.

There yet remains on the premises a tolerable good saw-mill, an old dwelling-house, kitchen, cooper's shop, stable, smoke-house, &c.—The mill walls are built of very good stone 37 by 52 feet, and about 18 feet high, the foundation of which being well fixed on piles, are still sufficient to support a frame building, or even stout enough to build upon with stone or brick, having sustained little or no damage by the fire. The mill consisted of two water wheels, and three pair of stones all running double gear'd, for which the foundation works are well calculated—besides a spare water lane suitable for a small wheel for hoisting, or many other purposes. The house was large and convenient, four stories high, covering all the wheels, and furnishing granaries to contain about 10,000 bushels of grain, with a remarkable large meal-loft, and the necessary room for boulting-cheests, packing rooms, storing flour, bran, shorts, &c. The fore-bay and water-lanes are not so much damaged but they may be repaired at a small expence. All the iron work (which was made by a complete workman) consisting of gudgeons, spindles, rines, steps, punchions, bands, machine for raising and lowering mill-stones, &c. will be disposed of with the premises.

The advantages attending this valuable feat for any kind of water-works are very great, the stream being pretty good, and is raised to ten feet, nine inches head and fall—the tide flowing up the creek a short distance from the river Delaware to the spot, a flat boat has constantly carried from thence 120 barrels of flour, and a vessel may easily be constructed which may load at the mill-tail and carry off upwards of 200 barrels of flour with great convenience immediately to Philadelphia market. The country for many miles round is fertile, and has always furnished this mill with large quantities of wheat, rye, and Indian corn; besides great supplies of wheat annually brought down the river Delaware in Durham-boats, which unload with much ease and dispatch, being hoisted out by water directly into the mill. Exclusive of those advantageous circumstances a very ample supply of wheat may generally be had from Philadelphia, by the return vessels which are continually employed in transporting produce from the several neighbouring landings on the creek and river, at a reasonable freight, and has frequently been procured on better terms than the wheat purchased in this part of the country. From either of those resources a very plentiful supply of wheat for manufacturing may always readily be purchased, with additional quantities for further speculation.

An iron-work was formerly erected at this place, which was supplied with pig-iron from Durham, and other furnaces up the Delaware.

Will be sold with the above premises a lot of ground near the mouth of the same creek, whereon is erected a small dwelling-house, store-house, and wharf, for the convenience of the mill, as well as for the benefit of the country, from whence considerable quantities of grain, pork, flour, lumber and other produce are annually transported to Philadelphia, and from whence a shallop can carry about 300 barrels of flour—being distant from the mill feat less than half a mile. There is also a quantity of white-oak and other valuable timber part on the spot, and part about two miles distant, already squared suitable for building a large tumbling dam, which will be disposed of with the same, or separately.

A good title will be given to the above described premises.—For terms of sale apply to ROBERT LEWIS, Merchant, in Philadelphia; ROBERT LEWIS, jun. at Pennypack mill; WILLIAM LEWIS, near Crosswicks; or to the subscriber on the premises.

Oct. 1778.

NATHANIEL LEWIS.

### SIXTEEN DOLLARS REWARD.

STOLEN on the 16th of July, 1778, out of the pasture of the subscriber, living in the borough of Elizabeth, a lightish coloured sorrel HORSE, about 8 years old, near 13 hands and a half high, with a small star in his forehead; paces, trots, and canters; is low in carriage, shod before, thin in flesh, branded on his near shoulder H. Any person that will secure the horse and thief, so that the owner shall have his horse and the thief be brought to justice, shall receive the above reward, or Eight Dollars for the horse only, and all reasonable charges paid by

CORBIT SCUDDER.

### Sixteen Dollars Reward.

STRAYED or stolen, on the night of the 7th inst. from the subscriber in Hopewell, a bright bay MARE, with a black mane and tail, has a saddle-mark on the near side, a few white hairs in her forehead, fourteen hands and a half high, paces and trots, but more natural to pace.—Whoever takes up said mare and secures her so that the owner may have her again, shall receive the above reward and all reasonable charges from

JOSEPH HART.

HEAD-QUARTERS, AQUACKANONCK in New-JERSEY, October 11th, 1778.

WHEREAS it has been found that illicit and illegal uses have been made of Flags coming into various parts of this State. It is ordered that no Flag from the enemy shall be received at any post or place within this State, except at Elizabethtown-Point, without a special permission for that purpose from the Governor or Commanding Officer of the troops of the United States in New-Jersey; and all Officers within this State are to use their best endeavours to prevent their coming in, or being received at any other place. The Officer commanding at the said Point, is to see that the laws and usages of Flags are strictly observed in every instance.

By order of Major-General Lord Stirling, commanding the army in New-Jersey,

W. BARBER, A. D. Camp.

## TO THE PUBLIC.

THE subscriber has removed from Burlington into the house in Bristol, formerly kept by Mr. Charles Bessonnet, and has laid in a large stock of liquors of all sorts. He purposes keeping of a reputable Inn, for the accommodation of all genteel travellers, and hopes to give general satisfaction.

ARCHIBALD M'ELROY.

Said M'Elroy hath for sale at the above place, Old Spirits, by the gallon or quart; Rum, ditto; Bristol Beer, by the dozen; Taunton Ale; London Porter; Wine; India Soy; Pickles.

N. B. A Hostler is wanted.

## Rod and Sheet Iron,

Of all sizes, to be sold by

SAMUEL OGDEN,

At Booneton, in Morris County, New-Jersey. 6

### THIRTY DOLLARS Reward.

WAS stolen out of the subscriber's pasture on the night of the 13th instant, a black horse, about 14 hands and a half high, with a large star in the fore head, both hind feet white, about 12 years old; supposed to be taken by a certain Thomas Brooks, who lately broke out of Trenton gaol, and is now advertised in the N. J. Gazette, with a reward of 30 dollars: Said Brooks is about 5 feet 7 inches high, well made, short black curled hair, about 27 years of age. Whoever takes up said horse and thief, so that the subscriber may get the horse again, shall have for the horse Sixteen Dollars, and for the thief Fourteen Dollars, and reasonable charges, paid by

Maidenhead, Oct. 15. 3

ISSABEL SMITH.

THE MORRIS COUNTY POSTS take this opportunity to acquaint those of their employers that live above Bridgewater, That the equivalent part of their salary amounts to Seventeen Shillings and Six-pence per paper by the year.

DANIEL and STEPHEN BURNET.

PRACTITIONERS of PHYSICK may be supplied at moderate prices, at the Printing-Office in Trenton, with the following Articles; JESUITS BARK, JALAP, RHUBARB, SENNA, EPSOM'S SALTS, SAL ARMONIAC, TARTAR EMETIC, GUM ASSAFOETIDA, GUM MYRRH and MANNA—All of the first quality.

TO BE SOLD, a very valuable Tract of Land, situate in Berkeley county, Virginia, containing about 900 acres, 160 whereof cleared, including 50 acres of meadow: The uncleared land produces very valuable timber. The fertility of the soil in this part of the country is generally so well known, that it is sufficient in this advertisement to inform all those who may be disposed to purchase, that it is equal to any in the county. There is a large lime-stone spring, and an apple orchard, a barn, and an old dwelling house that may accommodate a small family until a more commodious one can be built, lime, stone and lumber requisite for that purpose, on the premises. It is in a pleasant part of the country, and in an agreeable neighbourhood. As this tract will make two good plantations, it may be run off into two tracts and sold separate, as may best suit. Enquire at Harper's Ferry on the Potowmack River.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, in Chesterfield township, Burlington county, about the first of September last, a middling sized brindle Cow, has a halfpenny mark on the side of each ear. She is supposed to have strayed from the enemy on their way thro' this State, and probably belongs to some person residing between Philadelphia and Mount-Holly. The owner is desired to prove his property, pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be sold.

ANTHONY TAYLOR.

October 29, 1778.

4w

## JOHN POPE,

Has for SALE, at his Store in Mansfield, and county of Burlington,

JAMAICA spirit, Bohea tea, coffee, loaf sugar, pepper; beaver hats; allum, coppersas, camphor, rhubarb; an assortment of cotton and linen handkerchiefs; and a quantity of foreign and continental SALT.

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