

NEW-JERSEY GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1779.

From the PENNSYLVANIA PACKET, Feb. 16.

OBSERVATIONS upon CONTINENTAL MONEY.

THE quantity of money necessary for a medium of commerce in the United States, is about thirty millions of dollars. This sum hath been found formerly equal to all the exigencies of trade, and every emission beyond it must necessarily be attended with a proportionable depreciation.

The credit and value of money are distinct things. Its credit depends upon the faith and stability of government, and its probable resources for sinking it. Its value depends upon its quantity. The value and credit of money have in some instances a reciprocal influence upon each other. Thus every piece of news that affects the credit, affects in some degree the value of our money.—The French alliance, it is well known, raised it several hundred per cent. in the space of a single week. Its rise was in some measure artificial—hence it soon returned to that state of depreciation which was natural to its quantity.

The quantity of money (inclusive of the state emissions) now in circulation on the continent, amounts to about one hundred and thirty millions of dollars, which is about four times as much as is necessary for a medium of trade. But the depreciation of the money has not kept pace with this quantity. Instead of standing at about 400 per cent. it is depreciated on some things as low as 3000, on some as low as 2000, and on few articles (houses and lands excepted) less than 1000 per cent.

The causes of this unnatural depreciation, I imagine may be reduced to three heads.

1st. A scarcity of many articles, particularly of all European goods.

2d. A monopoly of many articles, particularly of West-India goods. This operates in the same way as a scarcity.

3d. A want of confidence in the credit of the money, inducing people to ask and give a greater sum for articles than they are worth.

Gold and Silver are false marks of the value of our money. They are subject to monopolies, and are articles of trade. Their value rise and fall with the credit of the paper money. Half-joes which sold in Lancaster in January 1778, for 30l. Continental money, were sold in the June following for 9l. and 12l. This sudden appreciation of the paper money was occasioned by the news of the French alliance.

Provisions are likewise false marks of the value of our money. Some of them are scarcer than formerly, and a few of them are subject to monopolies. The want of hands to cultivate the earth has no doubt contributed a good deal to raise the price of provisions above the standard of the depreciation of the money. The scarcity of European goods, and the monopoly of West-India goods have likewise helped to raise the price of provisions. The farmer must charge the extraordinary price of calicoes, tea, sugar, coffee, &c. upon the produce of his farm, or he will be a looser by his labor.

Land is the only true barometer by which we should measure the value of our money. It is not scarce, nor can it be easily monopolized. Hence we find it is sold in few places for more than three or four times its former nominal price.

The appreciation of our money can only be effected by the following means.

1st. A reduction of the quantity by taxes, and a detection of counterfeits. The Congress have wisely adopted measures for these purposes in their resolutions of the 2d of January last.

2d. By putting a stop to future emissions. The loans in consequence of the abstraction of the emissions of May 20, 1777, and April 11, 1778, from circulation, and the taxes for the current year will probably prevent the necessity of emitting any more money. Besides the loans obtained by means of the above resolution of Congress, there is reason to expect large loans from the French, Dutch, Danish, and even British islands. I publish it as a fact, that several men of fortune in Jamaica, have secretly conveyed their property through the medium of a neutral port to this country, and have ordered the amount of it to be lodged in the funds of the United States.

3d. The reduction of the number of our land forces and the system of economy about to be introduced into all the departments of the army, will necessarily have an immediate effect in appreciating our money. Britain has seen her error, and will never attempt again the conquest of America. If she perseveres in keeping possession of our sea-ports,

a few thousand men will be sufficient to prevent her garrisons from making inroads upon our country.

4th. A free trade is absolutely necessary to appreciate our money. A few cargoes of European goods would immediately raise it to 4 or 500 per cent.—Here I cannot help hinting at the distress and ruin which are impending over all monopolizers and forestallers.—I wish our laws may let them alone till they have filled up the measure of their iniquities. I well remember the consternation that seized them upon the news of France having acknowledged our Independence. The long voyage of Count d'Estaing and his sufferings by a storm after his arrival on our coast, relieved them from certain destruction. But for the sake of the innocent who must suffer with the guilty, I shall here let these harpies into a secret. Large quantities of goods are now on their way to this country, under a strong convoy. A new channel of trade has been opened, and we trust from the strength and vigilance of our great ally, this channel will never be closed by tenders and cutters.

5th. Should Spain acknowledge our Independence and join France in the present war, the balance of fleets will be immediately thrown into the Bourbon scale. The consequence of this will be, that every fear respecting the credit of our money, will be dispelled. The timid whigs and the obstinate Tories will then cease to measure the value of our money by gold and silver. They will then repent of the enormous sums they have given for real estates, and joyfully part with them for half price, esteeming nothing more profitable than money at interest at 6 per cent.

America has undergone a most severe struggle. She contended alone for three years with one of the most powerful nations in the world. The conflict was so violent as to convulse her. She resembles at present a young person exhausted of spirits by a convulsion fit. But her stamina and vitals are unimpaired. A little rest will soon restore her to her ancient habits of vigor and virtue, and render her the happiest spot upon the surface of the globe.

WALSINGHAM.

From the London Evening Post of October 6, 1778.
To the PRINTER.

SIR,

ALL our differences with the Court of France are, it is said, in a fair way of being accommodated, through the mediation of the Spanish ambassador, assisted by a very considerable number of his Majesty's shining pictures.

It is generally said, that one of the articles of the treaty is the full acknowledgment of the Independence of the American Colonies by the Crown of Great-Britain; and it is whispered that there is another article by which Gibraltar is to be given to Spain, as a small gratuity for the trouble she has been taking in reconciling our disputes with France. Some people may, perhaps, think that Parliament will never give its consent to so infamous a treaty; but alas! Sir, the resolutions of Parliament are now-a-days nothing more than deceptions of the peace, as their resolutions are merely the echoes of the Scottish Junto; for whatever is determined on in the Secret Cabinet, is carried through the Houses by a great Majority of the creatures of the Court. And as to the people without doors, though they are little regarded, and looked upon as no better than rabble, yet, it is said, the double-pensioned Doctor hath received directions to write a pamphlet, wherein he is to make appear that it is for the true interest of the people of England to give up the Sovereignty of America; and also, that the restoring the fortresses of Gibraltar to Spain, would actually be a benefit to the nation.

POOR OLD ENGLAND.

Mr. COLLINS,

Please to give the enclosed a place in your next Gazette, and oblige a Customer.

TO THE TRADESMAN of NEW-JERSEY.

SIR,

YOUR request in your publication of the 23d of October, came to my hands some time past. I am happy to find that my observations are agreeable to the Tradesmen, being willing to give every assistance in my power to save our happy Constitution from innovations, and my country from distress by any further depreciation of the Continental bills of credit. In the first place, lest you should expect more from me than I am able to perform, I will give you a short account of myself. Know then, that I am a common farmer, neither living in affluence or want, but in the middle rank, having, by industry, acquired a competency. I possess no post

of honour or profit, my leisure hours have been employed in reading the scriptures, and a few books besides, particularly the histories of governments founded on the authority of the people, the best in the world;—and, when our present Constitution was printed I purchased it, read it with great satisfaction, and am well assured, if we adhere to it, that we should have as happy a government as any in the world: but a departure from it induced me to publish my sentiments in a short piece, expecting some abler hand would take the matter up, and urge it upon the good people of this State, in a better and more concise manner than I was able to do; but I find I was mistaken, and that too many find it their interest to be silent, waiting, perhaps, for their turn in the appointment to some lucrative office; I would therefore advise the tradesmen and farmers to unite at the next election, and leave out every one who has accepted of any office of profit; this is the sure way of securing our Constitution from every suspicion of corruption, and this is in our own power, and this we must do to save our legislative department and keep our members free from every bias on their minds. I must take the liberty to say, that there appears at present as great a depreciation in the morals of people of all ranks, as there is in the bills of credit; and that luxury and foppery are more prevalent (notwithstanding the dearth of superfluities) than I ever have known them in times of peace and plenty—instead of walking humbly in this day of general calamity, when we are not only in a war, but threatened with a great scarcity of the staff of life, which ought to excite all ranks of people to repentance and amendment of life.

I also mentioned the depreciation of our bills of credit, and as you have desired that I would give the publick my sentiments on this most important of all sublunary subjects, so far as it respects our existence as Independent States, here let me call up the attention of my brother farmers, and the tradesmen, to a short but solemn pause.—Know then that the depreciation of our paper money (for the security and redemption of which, at a rate equal to gold and silver, all our estates real and personal are mortgaged) proceeds in the first place from a want of virtue or patriotism; for, were we really possessed of either virtue or patriotism, we should unite as one man to support that on which our freedom so much depends. In the next place unite in petitions to the Legislature, both Continental and Provincial, praying that they immediately pass such salutary laws as shall put a stop to the monstrous extortions now prevailing, and that too under their authority, at least their Commissaries and Quarter-masters are now giving the most extravagant prices for many of the necessaries of life, which, if continued, the poor must starve, and the middling people must suffer exceedingly. That government and law are absolutely necessary to our well-being, will readily be admitted by all. Legislatures pass laws commanding our personal service in the high place of the field, with which we most cheerfully acquiesce, and will they not pass a law to regulate our internal produce and manufactures, leaving importation free only to prevent engrossing, forestalling, &c. or is property of more value than life?—I am fully convinced you will agree with me that life is of the most value. At the same time let us entreat our Legislature to call in, either yearly or every half year, by tax, a moderate quantity of our bills of credit, and by every other means, as they in their wisdom shall judge most proper, secure our paper money from further depreciation, and give it that value that every person reads in the face of the bill; for what will foreigners say when they come to trade with us? Our bills of credit, say they, are equal to silver and gold; but the honest foreigner will by sad experience find the contrary, that one silver dollar will purchase 8 or 10 Continental dollars, and yet our estates are mortgaged to redeem every dollar equal to silver. What character, think you, shall we have among other nations? None of the best you will readily agree. In short, if the war continues another year, which at present is very probable, and no check put to the present extortion, which has doubled the price of many articles necessary for our daily support, within these three months past, and is still increasing, what will our national debt amount to in another year? A Continental dollar will purchase no more than nine pence hard money; this is the experience of the present day!—Was ever the folly of any nation or people on earth equal to ours? Not to call it by a worse name, which it most justly deserves. I am as fully convinced, as I can be of any thing, that we have done ourselves more real damage, by

depreciating our money, than the enemy with all their force have been able to do. Let us therefore endeavour to imitate the noble Delicarlans of Sweden. We have a Gustavus Vasa at the head of our army, on whose wisdom, integrity and valour, we may safely rely. But I fear too many are following for the loaves and fishes. Take them away, and few will follow the empty dishes. I wish I may be mistaken, and that all may really be in love with the Liberty and Independence of the United States of North-America.

A JERSEY FARMER.

Feb. 10th, 1779.

BALTIMORE, February 9.

On Wednesday evening last, the brewery belonging to Mr. James Sterret, in this town, took fire, and notwithstanding the vigorous exertions of the inhabitants, that large and valuable building, with a considerable quantity of malt, &c. was entirely consumed. Several dwelling houses contiguous were in the most imminent danger, and would inevitably have shared the same fate, had it not been for the alertness and commendable zeal of a number of good citizens.

The same evening, at a late hour, another fire broke out in the store of Mr. Hugh Young, in Frederick-street, which, it being built of wood, soon reduced it to ashes. There is the strongest reason to believe that this building was wilfully set on fire by some daring incendiary, for the execrable purpose of facilitating a scheme of plunder.

NEW-YORK, February 13.

Extract of a letter from Vance Caldwell and Vance, to Andrew and James Caldwell, of Philadelphia, dated Dominica, January 16, 1779, found on board the prize sloop Richard, captured by the Columba privateer, belonging to this port.

"Admirals Byron and Barrington have blocked up Count d'Estaing in Fort Royal, and how soon they may visit us here is uncertain. We are pretty well prepared as to ourselves, having removed almost all into the country. By a letter, to-day, from Martinico, we are told you are sending in some flour, covered with tobacco, if it arrives it will be useful, for money is exceeding scarce. If you can contrive to send us 5000l. sterl. into Messrs. Hope's hands, we shall be content 'till we see how things turn out."

Wednesday night about ten o'clock, a fire broke out in Frankfort-Street, and proceeded with such rapidity, that eight or ten houses were consumed before it could be suppressed. The gentlemen of the army and navy afforded every assistance in their power to the sufferers, and every citizen whose effects were in danger; sentinels were readily granted to all who required them for the protection of their property, and by the laudable exertions of the inhabitants, under the direction of his worship the Mayor, who was present from the commencement of the conflagration; it was, before twelve, reduced to an impossibility of doing any farther damage.

PHILADELPHIA, February 18.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in high office, in France, dated Passy, (near Paris) December 6th, to his friend in Philadelphia.

"I have a strong curiosity to know the artifices and subtleties, with which the Tories keep alive each others hopes. When England cannot get an ally, and many nations preparing to league themselves against her. When her merchants are breaking, her manufacturers starving, and they are obliged to take them into public pay under the name of militia, to prevent their picking pockets, robbing on the high ways, and plundering in companies all before them."

By late intelligence from France we understand that the merchants of Amsterdam have by a most pressing memorial called upon the Stadtholders for protection of their trade against the insults of England: that the King of Naples and the Sicilies has formally declared his ports open to our commerce: and that the 11th and 12th articles of the Treaty of Commerce between France and America were disannulled by mutual consent of the parties.

The privateer sloop Lord North, Capt. McDonald, from New-York, having taken the sloop Phoenix, of the state of Virginia, from Statia, manned and sent her into Chesapeake Bay on a cruise, under the command of William Frazier, his Lieutenant; they soon fell in with Capt. Saunders, in a sloop bound in, whom they attacked, but Capt. Saunders proving too strong for the assailants, Lieutenant Frazier was soon obliged to strike, and Captain Saunders landed the prisoners soon after in the state of Maryland.

On the 10th instant, the schooner Hunter, Captain Douglass, of ten guns, from Egg-Harbour, fell in with the brig Bellona, Capt. Buchanan, of sixteen guns, belonging to New-York, when after a smart engagement of an hour and an half, in which Captain Douglass and his men behaved with the greatest bravery and spirit till finding the brig rather too heavy for him, was obliged to quit her, leaving the Bellona a wreck, unable to follow the Hunter.

Extract of a letter from London.

"My friends and I have suffered greatly by the stoppages of trade. On the North coast there is not now a single vessel of force for the protection of trade from London to the Orkneys, an extent of coast above 800 miles, which has occasioned the capture of a great many vessels principally by small privateer cutters, one of which, with only 28 men, took above 20 vessels off Hambro' Head, all of whom the ran-

somed immediately. I paid the other day 5l. 5s. premium per cent. insurance on a vessel from Berwick, when the usual insurance is only 1l. per cent, which amounts almost to a prohibition of any trade from those parts."

On the 4th instant, Susannah Sands, wife of Christopher Sands, of Evesham, Burlington county, New-Jersey, was delivered of three male children. The mother is likely to do well, but the children are since dead.

LOTTERY-OFFICE, February 16, 1779.

Friday last No. 84,653 was drawn a Prize of 20,000 Dollars; notwithstanding which, on inspecting the Check Book of the Lottery this evening, we can assure the Public the Wheels are 77,120 Dollars richer in proportion than when the drawing began; and that there are yet in the Wheels the following Prizes:

2	of	10,000	Dollars
9	of	5,000	
84	of	1,000	
677	of	500	
16427	of	30	

PAUL FOOKS, Check Clerk.

TRENTON, FEBRUARY 24.

By three seafaring men who, on Wednesday evening last, made their escape from New-York, and arrived here yesterday morning, the account of an embarkation from that place is confirmed, which they say is to consist chiefly of Hessians; who, it is given out, are ordered to the West-Indies, but it is generally supposed they are to be sent to Georgia. By the above persons we further learn, it was publicly talked of in New-York that Rhode-Island is shortly to be evacuated, the enemy having already destroyed all their out-works and retired into the town of Newport—and that one hundred and eighty privateers now sail out of the port of New-York.

The Continental Troops taken with Capt. Randolph and Mr. Jackson, as mentioned in our last, have since been exchanged and returned; but the above-mentioned Gentlemen are still detained by the enemy in New-York.

We hear, that on Thursday last, the anniversary of forming the alliance between France and the United States of America, was celebrated at Camp at Pluck'em-in, with great propriety and elegance.

The weather having been remarkably warm and pleasant for about a month past, has occasioned the buds of some early fruit trees to vegetate to a greater degree than has been remembered at this season by the oldest men in the neighbourhood.

Sunday last Capt. Cunningham in the sloop —, lately an English cutter, mounting 20 double fortified 6 pounders, arrived at Philadelphia in 14 days from Martinico. By him we learn, that on the reduction of St. Lucia, the British Commander immediately dispatched a vessel with that intelligence for England; which, by the vigilance of Count d'Estaing, was taken and carried into Martinico. Letters were found on board this prize, which mentioned, that although they had succeeded in this enterprise, they had paid very dear for it—and that the British troops at St. Lucia were very sickly, not less than 10 or 15 dying every day.

* * * The VOTES and PROCEEDINGS of the last Sitting of the GENERAL ASSEMBLY of this State, are printed, and ready for delivery.

††† A GOOD JOURNEYMAN is wanted by the Printer of this paper.

An ingenious young Lady having had a print of a certain General given her, in order to take off a likeness, and she delaying to do it, occasioned the following lines.

Address'd to Miss P—P—.

WHAT perverse things most girls prove
Either in FRIENDSHIP or in LOVE!
Tho' oft they please they oft'ner vex,
As all must know who knows the sex.

When Lovers plead, you'll oft be sure
To disobey, to show your pow'r,
And think if you prove kind at last
It will atone for foibles past:

But should a friend a favour ask
To grant it seems a mighty task;
Thus I, above a month ago
Gave you a print of Gen'ral H—e,

That your fine hand with care might trace
Each feature of his martial face,
Preserve a likeness, yet impart
Beauties above th' engraver's art;

(And manly charms he has it's plain
For which ev'n beauty's sigh'd in vain*)
Well knowing what you do is neat,
Or rather, like yourself—complete:

That you, I say, might draw with care
His graceful military air,
Such as is lov'd by all the fair;
Who ogle more a hat that's lac'd
Than parson in a pulpit plac'd.

But hold—methinks I hear you say,
"The Gen'ral may be bold and gay,
But yet, good Sir, I'd have you know
He still is but my Country's Foe;

"While such, he'll be to me, indeed,
"An object, not of love, but dread;
"And therefore, tho' it may seem rough,
"JACK KETCH, for me, may take him off."

Trenton, February 18, 1779.

* See the history of his amours prefix'd to the Town and Country Magazine.

To be SOLD at publick Vendue,

On Saturday the 27th inst. (Feb.) at the house of

Jacob Benjamin, in Trenton,
SUNDRY household furniture, pewter dishes and plates, one walnut desk, a feather bed, &c. a quantity of good tobacco, some copper stew-pans, an assortment of glass tumblers; chairs and tables; Jamaica spirit by the hoghead or smaller quantity; also some wearing apparel, jackets, trowsers, and shirts ready made; a good rifle gun. The vendue to begin at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, where attendance will be given by JACOB BENJAMIN.

N. B. All sorts of goods will be taken in at said vendue-store, and sold on commission at a low rate. The vendue to be continued weekly.

TO BE SOLD,

At Vendue, on Saturday the 6th of March next, A GOOD Waggon and four Horses, with gears. The waggon has a good cover, suitable for a stage. The vendue to begin at 2 o'clock, when attendance will be given by the subscriber, in Bordentown. THOMAS TOWN.

February 23, 1779. 2w†

WANTED,

A Quantity of FLAXSEED, for which TWO DOLLARS per bushel will be given by John Plasket in Trenton, or Job Phillips in Hopewell, till the first of April. 2w*

To be SOLD by the Subscriber,

A Plantation containing 120 acres of land, in the county of Sussex, in the township of Oxford, on the main road leading from Easton to Sussex court-house, four miles from the Moravian mills, very suitable for any publick business; whereon is a publick tavern, kept these several years past in as good a stand as any on that road, with a convenient house and barn; the land good and plenty of timber, with a good quantity of meadow ground. The title indisputable. The vendue to be held on the 25th day of March next, where due attendance will be given by me ARCHIBALD STINSON.

February 13th, 1779. 2wp

A Few hogheads high proof West-India rum, eight quarter chests bohea tea, to be sold for Continental Currency of the emissions of 20th of May, 1777, and 11th of April, 1778. For terms apply to Capt. John Clunn. 3w†

TO BE SOLD,

A Small FARM, situate in Upper Freehold, lying within three miles of the main road that leads from Allentown to Monmouth court-house, eight miles from Allentown and three from Lawrence Taylor's tavern; containing 118 acres, about forty cleared, and ten acres of very good swamp, the remainder well timbered. On the premises is a good new house and kitchen well finish'd, a young orchard of 130 bearing trees of excellent fruit; the land will produce very good wheat, rye or Indian corn; a stream of excellent water running through the place. The situation is very pleasant and advantageous, being about three miles from a good grist and fulling mill, called Gaston's mills, and a neighbourhood of very reputable farmers. For terms apply to Mr. David Baird, near the premises, or Capt. John Dey, of Macheponix. Feb. 18, 1779. 4p

State of New-Jersey, AT an Inferior Court of Monmouth county, Common Pleas for said county, held on the 29th day of January last, were returned inquisitions for joining the army of the King of Great-Britain, and other treasonable practices, found against William Perine, of Upper Freehold, John Williams, son of John, of Freehold, Silas Cook, jun. James King, Alis Lippincot, Joseph Price, son of William, of Shrewsbury, Henry Reter, Samuel Stevenson, William Stevenson, George Rapalje, of Middletown, late of Monmouth, and Israel Bedel, of Staten-Island, state of New-York, having property in said county; of which proclamation was made in said court, that if they or any on their behalf, or any person interested, would appear and traverse, a trial should be awarded; but no traverses were offered—Therefore notice is hereby given, that if neither they, nor any in their behalf, nor any interested, shall appear and traverse at the next court to be held for the said county, on the 4th Tuesday in April next, the inquisitions will then be taken to be true, and final judgment entered thereon in favour of the state.

Feb. 9, 1779. Samuel Forman, Kenneth Hankinson, } Commis-
1w† Jacob Wikoff, } sioners.

New-Jersey, AT an Inferior Court of Middlesex county, Common Pleas held for the county of Middlesex, on the 19th day of January last, were returned inquisitions against Frederick Smyth, Heathcot Johnston, John Thompson, Henry Dugon, William Kent, Stacy Lisk, James Shotwell and Cecil Sergeant, for joining the army of the king of Great-Britain, and other treasonable practices; of which proclamation was made in open court, that if they or any on their behalf, or any person interested, would appear and traverse, a trial should be awarded; but no traverses were offered—Therefore notice is hereby given, that if neither they, nor any person on their behalf, nor any interested, shall appear and traverse their inquisitions at the next court to be held in and for the said county, that final judgment will then be entered thereon in favour of the state.

1w EBENEZER FORD, Commissioner.

TO BE SOLD BY

Public vendue, on Monday the 15th day of March next, on the premises,

THE noted ferry on Delaware, on the Jersey shore, called Coryell's Ferry, about 15 miles above Trenton, with seventy-five acres of land, ten of which is good meadow, the rest good plow-land. On said place is an orchard, two large stone houses two stories high each, a cellar under the whole, and a draw-well at the door, a frame barn, stable and shed. The vendue to begin at 12 o'clock on said day, where attendance will be given and the conditions made known by ABRAHAM CORYELL.

February 13, 1779. 3w†

NOTICE is hereby given, that on Thursday the 25th of March next will be sold by way of public vendue, sundry commodious houses and lots, situate in Trenton in the county of Hunterdon; also some valuable lots lying contiguous thereto; likewise a small plantation lying within three quarters of a mile of said town, containing about 90 acres, on which is a good dwellinghouse and barn; being the lands and tenements late the property of Isaac Allen, Daniel Coxe, John Barnes, Brereton Pointing and Mary his wife. Vendue to begin at the house of the widow Britton, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and to be continued on the respective premises till the whole are sold. And on Friday the 26th of March, will be sold on the premises, vendue to begin at two o'clock in the afternoon, an exceeding fine plantation, situate in Maidenhead in the county aforesaid, in a healthy part of the country, containing about 400 acres, on which are two large stone dwellinghouses, barns, &c. about 60 acres of meadow, the upland is fertile, producing large quantities of winter and summer grain, well water'd and timber'd; the whole to be sold together or separate, as will best suit the purchasers—late the property of Doctor Abiel Bainbridge. Attendance will be given at the above times and places, and deeds of conveyance made to the purchasers, agreeable to a law of the state of New-Jersey, passed the 11th of December, 1778.—The quantity will be ascertained and draughts of the premises may be seen at the day of sale.

Feb. 20, 1779. 3w* } Commissioners. Jared Sexton, Nathaniel Hunt, Peter Brunner,

WHEREAS inquisitions having been found and final judgment entered against Cavilear Jewit, Ichabod Best Barnet, William Luce, John Smith Hetfield, Broughton Reynolds, Richard Miller, John Willis, James Hetfield, James Frazee, James Moore, Jonathan Oliver, David Oliver, Samuel Smith, Daniel Moore, John Morfe, Isaac Stanbury, Thomas Burrows and John Falker, all late of the county of Essex, and Robert Fitz Randolph, late of the county of Middlesex, in the State of New-Jersey—NOTICE is hereby given, that the houses and lands, and all the real estate lately belonging to them in the county of Essex aforesaid, will be exposed to sale at public vendue, beginning on Thursday the 25th of March next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the house of Capt. John Craig, tavern-keeper in Raway, and continued by adjournments till the whole are sold. Particular descriptions and attendance will be given at the time and place of sale, by JOHN CLAWSON, DANIEL MARSH, } Commissioners.

N. B. The two emissions of money of May 20th, 1777, and April 11th, 1778, will be taken in payment. Feb. 17th, 1779. 3w†

MORRIS WHEREAS inquisition has been found, County, and final judgment entered in favour of the State, against Thomas Millidge, Stephen Skinner, John Troop, John Steward, Ezekiel Beach, Joseph Conliff, John Thornborn, Apher Dunham, Richard Bowlby, John Bowlby, Edward Bowlby, Philip Van Cortland, Samuel Ryerfon, Jacob Demarest, Isaac Hornbeck, William Haward and Lawrence Bulkerk—Notice is hereby given, that the houses and lands, and leases for life, and all the real estate that did belong to any or all of them, will be sold at public vendue on Tuesday the 30th day of March next, at the house of Capt. Jacob Arnold, in Morris-Town, to begin at 10 of the clock, A. M. on said day, and to continue from day to day by adjournments, till the whole are sold; and as some of the lands are not yet surveyed, they cannot be so particularly described, but there will be the draughts shewn on the day of sale, and if there should be any persons from a distance inclining to purchase, and are unacquainted with the premises, by applying to one of the Commissioners they will be shewn or informed, and deeds will be made out as soon as possible after the sales are over, as the act of the Assembly directs, and the purchasers must pay the money at the signing of the deeds, for the use of this State.

ALEXANDER CARMICHAEL, } Commissioners. AARON KITCHEL, } 4w†

Four Dollars Reward.

STRAYED or stolen on the 7th instant, from the subscriber living in Trenton, a brown horse, ten years old, has a large bushy bob tail, and his foretop cut close off to his head. Said horse is supposed to have been taken up and sold by some loose fellow not far from this town. Whoever takes up said horse and secures him so that the owner may have him, shall have the above reward and reasonable charges, by JOHN JAMES, Keeper of the common gaol in Trenton. 1w†

Monmouth WHEREAS inquisitions have been found, and final judgment entered thereon, in favour of the state of New-Jersey, against the persons herein mentioned—NOTICE is hereby given that the real and personal estates belonging to Samuel Osburn, Thomas Leonard, Hendrick Vanmater, John Throckmorton, Daniel Vanmater, John Longfreet, jun. Alexander Clark, Joseph Clayton, Israel Britton, John Okefon, John Thomson, Lewis Thomson, Cornelius Thomson, Thomas Bills and Benzecor Hinkfon, all of the township of Freehold, will be sold at Freehold court-house, beginning on Wednesday the 17th day of March next and continue from day to day until all are sold—Thomas Crowel, George Taylor, jun. Jonathan Stout, Peter Stout, Oliver Hicks, James Stilwell, John Mount, boatman, Conrad Hendricks, Joseph Baley, John Cotterel, Richard Cole, Samuel Smith, John Bowne, James Pew, Thomas Thorne, Ezekiel Tiron, Joseph Taylor, John Tilton, of Middletown, and William Smith of Middlesex, having lands in said town, will be sold at public vendue, beginning on Monday the 22d day of March next, at the house of Cornelius Swart, and continue from day to day until all are sold—John Taylor and William Walten of New-York, but having property in Shrewsbury, John Williams, Christopher Talman, John Wardel, Michael Price, James Mount, John Williams, jun. John Pintard, Clayton Tilton, Samuel Cook, James Boggs, James Curlis, Asael Chandler, John Morris, William Price, Robert Morris, Peter Vannote, James Price, John and Morford Taylor, John Hankinson, Timothy Scobey, William Lawrence, Peter Wardel, Oliver Talman, Richard Lippencot, Josiah White, Benjamin Woolley, Ebenezer Wardel, Robert Stout, Nathaniel Parker, John Hampton, Samuel Layton, Jacob Harber, Samuel Layton, Jacob Emmons, Britten White, Tobias Kiker and Daniel Lefetter, late of the township of Shrewsbury, and Garnadus Beekman of New-York, having property in said township, will be sold at public vendue, beginning on Monday the 29th of March next, at Tenton Falls, and continue from day to day until all are sold—John Leonard, Gilbert Giberfon, Samuel Stilwell, Barzilla, Joseph Thomas, William and Samuel Grover, John Horner, Fuller Horner, John Perine, William Giberfon, jun. Mallakiah Giberfon, John Polemas, jun. Benjamin Giberfon, Samuel Oakeson, Elisha Lawrence and John Lawrence, sons of John, late of Upper Freehold, and Isaac Allen late of Trenton, will be sold at public vendue, beginning on Monday the 5th day of April next, at Wall's mills, and continue from day to day until all are sold—John Iron's and David Smith's, of the township of Dover, will be sold at Freehold court-house at the time of sales there.—The two emissions called in, and bank notes will be taken in pay. No credit will be given. The sale will begin by 9 o'clock each day. Also deeds made to the purchasers, agreeable to act of Assembly, by SAMUEL FORMAN, JOSEPH LAWRENCE, KENNETH HANKINSON, JACOB WIKOFF, Commissioners. February 17, 1779. 2w†

Middlesex WHEREAS inquisitions have been found, and final judgment entered thereon in favour of the state of New-Jersey, against the fugitives and offenders herein after-named, to wit, Ebenezer Foster, David Kent, Jonathan Clawson, Edward V. Dungan, Philip Gach, Alexander Watson, Thomas Stevens, William Blane, Robert Fitz Randolph, Nathaniel Harned, Benjamin Allwood, John Ford, John Harned, William Smith, Dennis Combs, jun. Joseph Mundy, John Dove, Hopwell Mundy, Ellis Barron, John Heard, Samuel Moorfe, David Allston, David Jaquish, William Godbers, Isaac Dunham, Oswald Ford, John Mundy, jun. Jonathan Mundy, William Lurton, John Pray, Lewis Allston, Jonathan Allston, Moses Dunham, Isaiah Coddington, Benjamin Marsh, Matthias Man, Isaac Bunnel, Stephen Skinner, Cortland Skinner, David Fitz Randolph, Jacob Boice, Randolph Drake, Peter Vroom, Thomas Walker, John Wilson, William Terrill, Benjamin Drake, Peter Holton, Nicholas Mundy, jun. John Vroom, John Auten, Richard Lennix, David Lennix, Joseph Thorn and Jeremiah Hemsted—NOTICE is hereby given that the lands, tenements, hereditaments, and all the estates real, lately belonging to the above-named fugitives and offenders, situate, lying, and being in Woodbridge, Amboy and Piscataway, in the county of Middlesex, will be exposed to sale at public vendue, to begin on Monday the 22d day of March next, at the house of John Conger, innkeeper, at Bonemtown, at ten of the clock of said day, and continue by adjournments from day to day until the whole be sold. There are some elegant buildings, and many agreeable situations. The land in general is excellent good. Attendance will be given, and deeds made to the purchasers, agreeable to act of Assembly, by William Manning, } Commissioners. Ebenezer Ford, } February 12, 1779. 3w

February 12, 1779. 3w

TAKEN up as a stray, on the 28th of January, 1779, a bright bay HORSE about 13 years old, near 14 hands high, no brand but much marked with a collar and traces; and I do suppose has belonged to some of the teams, impressed for the use of the army. The owner may have him, by proving his property and paying charges. MARK BENTON, 1st Lieut. 5th V. Regt. February 18, 1779. 2w†

Somerfet WHEREAS inquisition has been found, County, and final judgment entered thereon in favour of the state, against Richard Cochran, Joseph Stockton and John Van Dike, of the western precinct of said county; Daniel Coxe, of the county of Hunterdon; John Honeyman, Charles Roberts and William Burtan, of the eastern precinct; William Drake, Benjamin Worth, of Barnard's township, and John Harris, of Bridgewater, all in said county. NOTICE is hereby given that the plantations, tracts of land and premises, with the appurtenances belonging to each of them, will be exposed to sale at public vendue to the highest bidder, at the times and manner following, that is to say,—On Monday the 15th day of March next, will be sold the plantation late the property of Richard Cochran, near Princeton: On Wednesday following, the 17th, will be sold the plantation late the property of Joseph Stockton, lying on the Princeton road, about three miles distant from Princeton: On Friday the 19th, will be sold in like manner, the plantation late the property of Daniel Coxe, lying at Rocky-hill, formerly in the occupation of Capt. Hendrick Emmans: On Monday the 22d, will be sold in like manner, the lots and houses late the property of John Honeyman, lying at Griggs-town, about one mile distant from Van Dorne's mills on the main road leading to Brunswick: On Wednesday the 24th, will be sold in like manner, the plantation late the property of John Van Dike, lying joining Sourland meeting-house, in Sourland: On the 26th will be sold, the plantation late the property of Charles Roberts, lying near Raritan river, now in the occupation of Thomas Arrolsmith: On Monday the 29th, will be sold in like manner, the famous house and land late the property of William Burtan, formerly in the occupation of Anthony White, Esq. opposite Brunswick landing: Wednesday the 31st, will be sold in like manner, a plantation in Barnard's-town, late the property of William Drake: On Friday the 2d day of April next, will be sold in like manner, one other plantation, lying in Barnard's-town, the property of Benjamin Worth: And on Saturday the 3d day of April, will be sold the plantation late the property of John Harris, in Bridgewater township.—The vendues to be held on the premises; to begin at 11 o'clock in the forenoon from place to place. The premises will be shewn them at the day of sale, and a title made for the same, pursuant to an act of the General Assembly of this state, in that case made and provided.—Attendance will be given, and the conditions made known by JACOB BERGEN, } Commissioners. HENDRICK WILSON, } February 15, 1779. 3w

New-Jersey, AT an Inferior Court of Common Pleas, held for the county on the 26th of January, 1779, were returned inquisitions for joining the King of Great-Britain, and other treasonable practices, against John Merselis, Lewis Milinburg, Lawrence A. Ackerman, John Deryea, Peter T. Herring, Derick Ackerman, John Demot, Philip Peaker, John H. Vanhouten, Thomas Dungan, Martin Rush, Hendrick Vanblaricum, Harrimanus Vanblaricum, Jacobus Fox, Edward Joans, David D. Ackerman, Henry J. Hannison, Orey Demoreft, jun. Hendrick Doreamus, David Masterlen, Abel Ridner, Abraham A. Quackenbush, Daniel S. Demoreft, Peter Tife, John Robertson, John Tife, Jacob Vanwincle, Matthias Kenaet, Peter D. Wiem, Michael Stor, Alexander M'Koy, Conrad Fredericks, John Ridner, Hendrick Ridner, Hendrick Fox, William Peaker, Hendrick Fredericks, Thomas Lyon, Isaac Noble, Jacobus Peek, John F. Ryerfon, Peter J. Vanblaricum, John L. Vanbuskerk, John J. Vanblaricum, Andrew Vanbuskerk, James Vanburen, Gabriel Vanorden, David Vanbuskerk, John Ja. Vanbuskerk, Barant Euerse, Jacob Himion, Hendrick Himion, Rinehart Prickman, Timothy Lewis, Adam Himion, Christian Pulisfalt, Peter Nix, John J. Ackerman, Peter Leant, Martin Roeloffee, John C. Herin, Abraham Lent, Charles Bekeman and Thomas Oldwater, of which proclamation was made at said court, that if they or any person on their behalf, or person interested, would appear and traverse, a trial should be awarded, but no traverses were offered—therefore notice is hereby given that if neither they nor any in their behalf, nor any interested, shall not appear and enter a traverse at the next court to be held for the said county, the inquisitions will be taken to be true, and final judgment entered thereon in favour of the state. Feb. 16, 1779. 1w

JAMES BOARD, } Commissioners. HENDERICUS KUYPER, }

TO BE SOLD,

At public vendue on Monday the 8th day of March next, at the house of Lawrence Taylor, innholder, in Monmouth county,

A Plantation, containing about 220 acres of land. About 100 is cleared, 25 whereof is meadow and meadow-ground; a stone house, a frame barn, and a young bearing orchard chiefly of the sweet apple. The said Plantation lays bounding on Rocky Brook, and joins Gaston's grist and fulling mills.—Any person inclining to purchase may be informed by applying to Guisebert Giberfon, jun. living on the premises. The bills of credit, of the emissions of May 20, 1777, and April 11, 1778, or loan-office certificates will be taken in payment. The vendue to begin at one o'clock on said day, where attendance will be given by JOHN BUTLER. February 18, 1779. 2w†

Middlesex, ff. **WHEREAS** inquisitions have been found, and final judgment entered thereon in favour of the state of New-Jersey, against the persons herein-after mentioned--NOTICE is hereby given that the houses and lands, and all the real estate lately belonging to them, that is to say, all the lands, tenements and real estate belonging, or lately belonging to Andrew Mercereau, David Goslin, Alexander Watson, John Perine, jun. Samuel Smith, John Cook and Robert Martin, situate, lying, and being in the southward of Amboy, in the county of Middlesex, will be exposed to sale at publick vendue on Wednesday and Thursday the 10th and 11th days of March next; the sale to begin at the house of Andrew Mercereau, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and continue to be held at the premises respectively, till all the above estates are sold--The lands, tenements, and real estates of Cortland Skinner, Stephen Skinner, Robert Richard Crowe and Samuel Warne, lying in the south ward of Amboy aforesaid, will be exposed to sale at publick vendue at the house of Capt. James Morgan, in Chiefquakes, on Monday the 15th day of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon--The lands, tenements, and real estates of Barnardus Le-grange, Frederick Wifer, James Collins and John Brown, situate in New-Brunswick, will be exposed to sale at the house of William Marriner, innkeeper, in New-Brunswick, on Thursday the 18th day of March next; the sale to begin at eleven o'clock in the forenoon--The lands, tenements, and real estates of William Steel on George's road, and Robert Campbell, near David Williamson's tavern, will be sold on Friday the 19th day of March next on the premises; and the lands, tenements, and real estate of George Stainforth, situate near Princeton, will be sold at vendue on Saturday the 20th day of March next, on the premises, the sale to begin at ten o'clock in the forenoon. Attendance will be given at the times and places abovementioned, and a more particular description of the lands given. Also deeds made to the purchasers, agreeable to act of Assembly, by

JOHN LLOYD, } Commis-
Wm. SCUDDER, } sioners.

N. B. There will also be exposed to sale, on the 20th of March next, three small houses and lots in Princeton, in the county of Middlesex, lately belonging to Richard Cochran, against whom inquisition has been found, and final judgment entered in Somerset county. Middlesex county, Feb. 8, 1779.

BY virtue of an act of General Assembly of the State of New-Jersey, passed the 18th day of April, one thousand seven hundred and seventy-eight, intitled, *An Act for taking charge of and leasing the real estates, and for forfeiting the personal estates of certain fugitives and offenders, and for enlarging and continuing the powers of Commissioners appointed to seize and dispose of such personal estates, and for ascertaining and discharging the lawful debts and claims thereon.*—NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, to all persons who have any claim, interest or demand to, in or against the estates of Robert Whitator, Richard Meed, Hugh Coperthwart, Thomas Sutton, John Sutton, James Sutton, Reuben Langley, Abdon Abbit, jun. Thomas Lamb, Israel Elwell, Jacob Vanmeter, Moses Atkinson, William Perce, Philip Adams, James Dean and Christopher Raindoler, to appear with their respective accounts, vouchers and evidences to make good the same, on the first day of April next, at the house of John Ramboe, Inn-keeper, in the township of Pitt's-Grove, in the county of Salem, at nine o'clock in the morning of said day, where attendance will be given by

THOMAS SAYRE, } Commis-
WILLIAM GARRISON, } sioners.

T O B E S O L D,
THE FARM whereon the subscriber now lives, situated in the township of Barnard's, county of Somerset, and State of New-Jersey, lying about one and a half miles from Baskendridge Meeting-house, about 40 rods from a grist-mill, and half a mile from a saw-mill, containing between 95 and 100 acres of land, whereon is a large dwelling-house with four rooms and fire places in each, on a floor, and an entry through the middle; a never failing well of good water, two good gardens well fenced, a good barn and stables, with two framed barracks, an excellent orchard containing about 300 apple trees, out of which may be made 100 barrels of cyder in a year; a new cyder-mill and press, with a sufficiency of meadow for the place; a good conveniency for a still, where one has been carried on for three years past, supplied by a constant stream running into the tubs. Also another farm lying about half a mile distant, containing about 150 acres of land, about 35 acres of which is good English meadow, 50 apple trees on the place, well watered and timbered; the whole in good fence, and will be sold together or separate, as may suit the purchaser. For terms apply to JOHN DURHAM, living on the premises.

T O B E S O L D by ALEXANDER COLHOUN, at Mr. David Pinkerton's store in Trenton, a few hogheads of excellent Jamaica spirit and West-India rum, French rum in tierces; also a quantity of bohea tea. Feb. 10, 1779. 3†

T O B E S O L D,
At public vendue, on Wednesday the twenty-fourth day of this instant, February,

A LOT of wood-land, well timbered, containing fifteen acres, lying on the Scotch Road, opposite Timothy Howell's, three miles from Trenton, late the property of Hezekiah Howell, deceased. The vendue to be held at the late dwelling-house of Daniel Howell, deceased, and to begin at one o'clock in the afternoon, where attendance will be given by us, and an indisputable title given.

JOHN HOWELL, } Executors.
DANIEL CLARK, }

PUBLICK notice is hereby given to all Persons having any claims, interest, or demands in, or upon the estates of the following fugitives and offenders, (against whom inquisition hath been found and final judgment entered thereon in favour of the state) viz. John Allen, Christopher and John Voght, George Castner, Peter Young, James Smith, Christian Rope, Conrad Eagler, Michael Dennis, Joseph Lee, Barnardus Le-grange, Joseph Merrill, Edward Taylor, Bartholomew Thatcher, Andrew Pickins, Nicholas Pickle, Jesse Wall, Samuel Sharp, Roeloff Roeloffson; Daniel Coxe, Abalom Bainbridge, George Cyphers, Isaac Allen and Thomas Skelton, to exhibit their respective accounts, fairly stated in writing, to the Court of Common Pleas in the county of Hunterdon, or in the vacation thereof, to any two or more of the Judges of said Court, who are empowered and directed by a late law of the state of New-Jersey to receive and adjust the same, within twelve months from the date hereof: And also all persons who have in their power and custody any goods or chattels, bonds, bills, deeds of conveyance, or any writing or effects whatsoever; or are in any wise indebted to the said offenders, and neglect to make discovery thereof immediately to the subscribers, or any or either of them, may depend upon being dealt with according to law.

Hunterdon County, Jared Sexton, } Commis-
Feb. 11, 1779. Nathaniel Hunt, } sioners.
Peter Brunner, }

N. B. Two of the Judges of said court will attend at the house of John Ringo, in Amwell, on Thursday the first day of April next, for the purpose of receiving and adjusting the demands of the respective claimants.

T O B E S O L D,
A Corner house in Queen-Street, adjoining Capt. Tucker, in Trenton, one story and a half high, three rooms on the lower floor, and two above, a cellar under the whole, a good kitchen adjoining it. There is one other room the same height adjoining it, which will make a convenient shop for any kind of business. For terms of sale enquire of the subscriber in Trenton. JOS. HIGBEE.

T O B E S O L D,
For the emissions of the 20th of May, 1777, and 11th April, 1778, or any other;

Six Thousand Two Hundred and Fifty Acres of Land, that is to say,

FIVE thousand acres laying between Kats and Katers-kill, on the west side of Hudson's-River, in the county of Albany, and State of New-York, between 40 and 50 miles below the city of Albany, six to ten miles from the landing on the said river, and in the midst of a full settled country.—This tract, besides the great advantage of out-drift for cattle forever in the mountains adjacent, is exceedingly well watered by Katers-kill, which affords several falls of water, on which grist and saw-mills may be erected at a small expence; and as the land is well timbered with oak and pine, great advantages may be made in times of peace, by transporting the sawed timber and boards to the city of New-York, upon much easier terms than from any other landing place up the said river.—The other Twelve Hundred and Fifty acres are also in the county of Albany, in the patent of Shenondebowah, alias Clifton Park; from 12 to 16 miles above the city of Albany, 4 to 8 miles above the Coboes, or Great-Falls, 6 to 10 from the township of Schenectady, and in the midst of a delightful, plentiful and full settled country.—For terms apply to the subscriber at Beverwyck, near Morris-Town, New-Jersey, or Thomas Hun, Esq. at Albany. ABRAHAM LOTT.

Beverwyck, Feb. 15, 1779. 5w†
New-Jersey, February 8, 1779.

T O B E S O L D,
At public vendue, at Tom's-River, on Monday the 1st March next;

THE sloop FANCY, and the schooner HOPE, with their tackle, apparel and furniture, per inventory.—Also their cargoes, consisting of a quantity of pitch, tar and salt.

By order of the Court of Admiralty,
JOS. POTTS, Marshal.

James Vanuxem and Clark,
At their store in Water-Street, between Arch and Race-Streets, Philadelphia, have for sale, A Quantity of Jamaica spirits, West-India and Philadelphia rum, Holland Geneva in cafes, and other articles. 5w†

T O B E S O L D,
A Valuable plantation, pleasantly situated near Allen-Town, State of New-Jersey, containing two hundred and forty acres, on which is a good house, kitchen, barn, waggon-house, a good orchard, about 100 acres of cleared land, the rest good timber land. An indisputable title will be given for the same. For further particulars inquire of the subscriber, on the premises.

Jan. 5th, 1779. 4* JOSEPH BROWN, jun.

STOLEN on Sunday night, the 17th inst. out of the stable of the subscriber, a brown HORSE, 15 hands high, has a blaze in his forehead, his hind feet white, branded I B on the near thigh, worn a good deal with the gears, shod all round, paces and trots. Whoever takes up said horse, so that the owner may have him again, shall receive THIRTY DOLLARS, and for the thief, if prosecuted to conviction, FIFTY DOLLARS, to be paid by me JASPER SMITH.

Maidenhead, Jan. 19, 1779. 3†

Forty Dollars Reward.

WAS stolen out of the Fulling-mill, in Amwell, Hunterdon county, on the 4th or 5th of this instant, a piece of broadcloth consisting of 8 yards in length, and near 3-4 wide, a brown colour, shear'd and press'd, being finished; the number cut in the corners at one end, and at one corner of the other end marked B, worked in the cloth, belonging to Mr. Ten Brook. Whoever secures said cloth and thief, so that the subscriber may have the cloth, and bring the thief to justice, shall be entitled to the above reward, or for the cloth only Twenty Dollars and if required no questions asked, and all reasonable charges paid by me

JOSHUA MOTT, Fuller.

N. B. All taylorers are requested to take particular notice of brown cloth, and whether the marks are cut out of the ends, or new ones put in, which may easily be discerned by the marks not being full in.

January 16, 1779. 3†

T O B E S O L D,

For good continental money of any emission. **A** LOT of land, with a dwellinghouse thereon which has four rooms on the first floor, and is two stories high, fronting the main street in Trenton, with a well of good water near the back door; also a large building for hay and stabling near the house, very convenient for a person who keeps a team, one having been kept there for many years past; and the lot, which extends back to the other street, has some very good fruit trees thereon, and is excellent for a garden. Any persons inclining to purchase, may be further informed by applying to

STACY POTTS; Who has for sale a parcel of large buck and some neat doe skins well dressed.

T O B E S O L D,

THE FARM whereon the subscriber now lives, situate within 5 miles of Cranberry town, 7 of English town and 6 of Spottwood, containing near 150 acres, has a large proportion of woodland, about 50 acres, and a sufficiency of meadow can be made, there being several acres of swamp clear'd and ditch'd for that purpose. On the land is a convenient dwellinghouse, kitchen and cellars, a brook and well of good water, large Dutch barn covered with cedar, about which have been cut several tons of the best of hay, an excellent orchard, cyder mill and press. The stock and farming utensils are also for sale. The purchaser will be put in possession of the premises by the first of May, or sooner if required.

JOSEPH VICKERS. Cranberry, State of New-Jersey, Jan. 27, 1779. 3w*

ALL persons indebted to the estates of Joseph and Rebecca Ong, of Waterford township, Gloucester county, deceased, or either of them, are requested to make immediate payment; and those that have any demands against said estates, do bring in their accounts fairly proved, that the same may be adjusted and paid by

JOHN WEBB, Administrator.

To be sold by THOMAS HANKINSON, near Robertson's Ferry, on Delaware, Hunterdon county, New-Jersey, a QUANTITY of

S H O R E S A L T,

FOR good emissions of continental currency of May 20, 1777, and April 11, 1778, at Thirteen Dollars per bushel, or Ten Pounds of Flax for one bushel of salt. 3||

T O B E S O L D,

For good emissions of May 20, 1777, and April 11, 1778,

TEN thousand acres of unappropriated rights to LANDS, within the Western Division of New-Jersey. The title warranted good and indisputable. Application may be made to Mr. John Lee at Mount Pleasant, near Mountholly, state of New-Jersey.

N. B. Any quantity, from fifty acres or upwards, may be purchased as above. Jan. 15. 3