

19:25-16.48 Complaint alleging violation of primary election expenditure limit

(a) Any complaint filed with the Commission alleging violation by a primary election candidate receiving public matching funds of the primary election expenditure limit in N.J.A.C. 19:25-16.9(a)3 shall:

1. Be in writing and be verified;
2. Specifically identify the name and address of the complainant and the name and address of the respondent; and
3. Contain a detailed statement alleging with specificity all facts known to the complainant pertinent to the alleged violation of the primary election expenditure limit.

(b) A complaint filed pursuant to (a) above which requests emergent review in a preelection time period shall be accompanied by a certification requesting emergent disposition and providing specific reasons why emergent review is necessary, including evidence of irreparable harm to a gubernatorial primary election candidate.

(c) Service of a complaint alleging violation of the primary election expenditure limit shall be made by the complainant by personal service or by certified mail, return receipt requested, upon the respondent candidate, the Commission, and any person named in the complaint.

(d) Any hearing conducted by the Commission arising from a complaint filed pursuant to this subsection shall be governed by the New Jersey Uniform Administrative Procedure Rules, N.J.A.C. 1:1, and the New Jersey Administrative Procedure Act, N.J.S.A. 52:14B-1 et seq.

New Rule, R.1992 d.458, effective November 16, 1992.
See: 24 N.J.R. 3026(a), 24 N.J.R. 4274(a).
Amended by R.1996 d.389, effective August 19, 1996.
See: 28 N.J.R. 2524(a), 28 N.J.R. 3971(a).

Inserted (b) and recodified former (b) and (c) as (c) and (d).

SUBCHAPTER 17. COMPLAINTS AND OTHER PROCEEDINGS; VIOLATIONS

19:25-17.1 Default for failure to answer complaint

In any penalty proceeding undertaken by the commission pursuant to N.J.S.A. 19:44A-22, 19:44A-41, 19:44B-8, or 52:13C-22.2 or other statutory authority the commission may enter a Final Decision, including penalty, against any respondent who fails to file with the commission a written responsive pleading or answer within 20 days after service on such respondent in conformity with the rules of the New Jersey Office of Administrative Law of a copy of a complaint alleging a specific violation of the law within the commission's jurisdiction to enforce.

19:25-17.2 Violations

(a) The term "reporting transaction" means the receipt of a contribution, the making of an expenditure, or the occurrence of any other event which is subject to the reporting requirements of the act or this chapter.

(b) The term "record keeping transaction" means the receipt of a contribution, the making of an expenditure, or the occurrence of any other event which is subject to the record keeping requirements of the act or regulations.

(c) Each reporting transaction that is not reported in the manner or not filed on the date established for reporting or filing by the act or regulations shall constitute a violation of the act subject to the penalties provided in N.J.S.A. 19:44A-22.

(d) Each record keeping transaction which is not made or maintained in the manner prescribed by the act or regulations shall constitute a violation of the act subject to the penalties provided in N.J.S.A. 19:44A-22.

New Rule, R.1991 d.364, effective July 15, 1991.
See: 23 N.J.R. 1299(a), 23 N.J.R. 2163(b).

19:25-17.3 Penalties

(a) Any person, including any candidate, treasurer, candidate committee or joint candidates committee, political committee, continuing political committee, political party committee or legislative leadership committee, charged with the responsibility under the terms of the act, for the preparation, certification, filing or retention of any reports, records, notices or other documents, who fails, neglects or omits to prepare, certify, file or retain any such report, record, notice or document at the time or during the time period, as the case may be, and in the manner prescribed by law, or who omits or incorrectly states or certifies any of the information required by law to be included in such report, record, notice or document, any person who proposes to undertake or undertakes a public solicitation, testimonial affair or other activity relating to contributions or expenditures in any way regulated by the provisions of the act who fails to comply with those regulatory provisions, and any other person who in any way violates any of the provisions of the Act shall, in addition to any other penalty provided by law, be liable to a penalty of not more than \$3,500 for the first offense and not more than \$7,000 for the second and each subsequent offense.

(b) Any corporation or labor organization of any kind which provides to any of its officers, directors, attorneys, agents or other employees any additional increment of salary, bonus or monetary remuneration of any kind which, in whole or in part, is intended by that corporation or labor organization to be used for the express purpose of paying or making a contribution, either directly or indirectly, of money or other thing of value to any candidate, candidate committee, joint candidates committee, political party committee, legislative leadership committee, political committee or con-

tinuing political committee shall in addition to any other penalty provided by law, be liable to a penalty of not more than \$3,500 for the first offense and not more than \$7,000 for the second and each subsequent offense.

New Rule, R.1996 d.582, effective December 16, 1996 (operative January 1, 1997).
See: 28 N.J.R. 4388(b), 28 N.J.R. 5193(b).

SUBCHAPTER 18. ADVISORY OPINIONS

Subchapter Historical Note

Subchapter 14, Advisory Opinions, was recodified as Subchapter 18 by R.1996 d.10, effective January 2, 1996. See: 27 N.J.R. 3592(a), 27 N.J.R. 3770(a), 28 N.J.R. 177(a).

19:25-18.1 Requests for advisory opinions

(a) A person or committee subject to, or reasonably believing he, she or it may be subject to, any provision or requirement of the Campaign Reporting Act may request that the Commission provide an advisory opinion pursuant to N.J.S.A. 19:44A-6. Such request shall be in writing and shall include the following:

1. The full name, mailing address and daytime telephone number of the person or committee on whose behalf the opinion is requested;
2. A description of the current filing status, if any, of the person or committee and the name under which the person or committee is filing reports with the Commission if that name is different from the name given in (a)1 above;
3. A full and complete statement of all pertinent facts and contemplated activities that are the subject of the inquiry. Such statement must affirmatively state that the contemplated activities have not been previously undertaken by the person or committee requesting the opinion, and that the person or committee has standing to seek the opinion, that is the opinion will affect the person's or committee's reporting or other requirements under the Act;
4. A statement of the cognizable question of law arising under the Campaign Reporting Act, including specific citations to pertinent sections of the Campaign Reporting Act and these rules;
5. A statement of the result that the person or committee seeks, and a statement of the reasoning supporting that result;
6. The signature of the person requesting the opinion, or in the case of a request submitted on behalf of a candidate or joint candidates committee, the signature of the candidate or candidates on whose behalf a candidate committee has been established, or in the case of any other committee, the signature of the committee treasurer; and

7. A statement of whether or not the person or committee seeking the advisory opinion consents to a 30-day period for issuance of the Commission's opinion, which period shall start from the date of Commission receipt of the completed advisory opinion request. Such consent shall be understood to be consent to an extension of the 10-day period provided in N.J.S.A. 19:44A-6f for issuance of the opinion.

(b) A request for an advisory opinion submitted by a New Jersey attorney on behalf of the attorney's client shall not require any signature other than that of the attorney provided that the attorney affirmatively states in writing that the attorney has been authorized to represent the person or committee seeking the opinion.

Repeal and New Rule, R.1996 d.468, effective October 7, 1996.
See: 28 N.J.R. 2804(a), 28 N.J.R. 4510(a).
Section was "Scope of advisory opinions".

Case Notes

Advisory opinions cannot alter legislative enactment or frustrate statutory policy; contested opinions invalid. *Friends of Governor Tom Kean v. New Jersey Election Law Enforcement Commission*, 203 N.J.Super. 523, 497 A.2d 555 (App.Div.1985), affirmed 102 N.J. 319, 508 A.2d 200 (1985).

19:25-18.2 Time for issuing advisory opinions

(a) A request for an advisory opinion shall not be deemed as received by the Commission until all the requirements of N.J.A.C. 19:25-18.1 have been satisfied.

(b) Unless an extension of time is consented to by any person requesting an advisory opinion, the Commission shall issue its opinion within 10 days of receipt of the request for that opinion. For the purpose of this subchapter, the term "days" shall mean days that the Commission is open for the conduct of its business, and shall exclude Saturdays, Sundays, legal holidays and any day in which offices of the State of New Jersey are closed.

Repeal and New Rule, R.1996 d.468, effective October 7, 1996.
See: 28 N.J.R. 2804(a), 28 N.J.R. 4510(a).
Section was "Extension of time".

19:25-18.3 (Reserved)

Repealed by R.1996 d.468, effective October 7, 1996.
See: 28 N.J.R. 2804(a), 28 N.J.R. 4510(a).
Section was "Procedure for advisory opinions".

SUBCHAPTER 19. PERSONAL FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE STATEMENTS

19:25-19.1 Authority

The provisions of this subchapter, covering personal financial disclosure statements of candidates for the Office of Governor or for State legislative office are promulgated pursuant to the Act requiring the filing of financial disclosure statements by certain candidates, Laws 1981, c. 129 (N.J.S.A. 19:44B-1, and following the Personal Financial Disclosure Statement Act).

Case Notes

Failure to certify and file personal financial disclosure statement warranted imposition of monetary penalty. Election Law Enforcement v. Grant, 95 N.J.A.R.2d (ELE) 1.

Candidate for governor fined; untimely filing of Personal Financial Disclosure Statement. Election Law Enforcement Commission v. Ziruolo, 94 N.J.A.R.2d (ELE) 1.

19:25-19.2 Definitions

The following words and terms when used in this subchapter shall have the following meanings unless a different meaning clearly appears from the context.

“Gift” means any money or thing of value received other than as income, and for which a consideration of equal or greater value is not received, but does not include any political contribution reported as otherwise required by law, any loan made in the ordinary course of business, or any devise, bequest, intestate estate distribution or principal distribution of a trust or gift received from a member of a person(s) household or from a relative within the third

degree of consanguinity of the person or his spouse, or from the spouse of that relative.

“Income” means any money or thing of value received, or to be received, as a claim on future services, whether in the form of a fee, expense, allowance, forbearance, forgiveness, interest, dividend, royalty, rent, capital gain, or any other form of recompense, or any combination thereof.

“Member of household” means the spouse of a candidate for the Office of Governor or of a candidate for the Senate or General Assembly residing in the same domicile and any dependent children.

“Relative” shall mean a son, daughter, grandson, granddaughter, father, mother, grandfather, grandmother, great-grandfather, great-grandmother, brother, sister, nephew, niece, uncle, or aunt. Relatives by adoption, half-blood, marriage, or re-marriage shall be treated as relatives of the whole kinship.