

CHAPTER 23
UNIFORM CONSTRUCTION CODE

Authority

N.J.S.A. 52:27D-123, 123a, 123.2, 123.5, 123.8, 124 and 124f.

Source and Effective Date

R.1997 d.409, effective September 9, 1997.
See: 29 N.J.R. 2736(a), 29 N.J.R. 4281(a).

Executive Order No. 66(1978) Expiration Date

Chapter 23, Uniform Construction Code, expires on September 9, 2002.

Chapter Historical Note

Chapter 23, Uniform Construction Code, was adopted as R.1976 d.344, d.345, d.346 and d.347, effective January 1, 1977 and codified as Subchapter 1, General Provisions; Subchapter 2, Administration and Enforcement Process; Subchapter 3, Subcodes, and Subchapter 4, Enforcing Agencies: Duties, Powers, Procedures. See: 8 N.J.R. 216(b), 319(a), 370(d), 414(a); 8 N.J.R. 546(a). Chapter 23 superseded N.J.A.C. 5:16, Standard Building Code and N.J.A.C. 5:20, Safety Glazing Materials, which were repealed by R.1978 d.360, effective October 6, 1978. See: 10 N.J.R. 377(a), 10 N.J.R. 470(a). Chapter 23 also superseded N.J.A.C. 5:21, Uniform Standards Code for Mobile Homes, which was repealed by R.1982 d.7, effective February 1, 1982. See: 13 N.J.R. 717(a), 14 N.J.R. 142(a). Subchapter 5, Licensing of Code Enforcement Officials, was adopted as R.1977 d.304, effective October 1, 1977. See: 9 N.J.R. 257(b), 9 N.J.R. 413(b). Subchapter 6, Tax Exemption for Solar Facilities, was adopted as R.1978 d.334, effective September 18, 1978. See: 10 N.J.R. 222(b), 10 N.J.R. 418(a). Pursuant to Executive Order No. 66(1978), Subchapter 6 was readopted as R.1980 d.303, effective July 1, 1980. See: 12 N.J.R. 249(c), 12 N.J.R. 452(c).

Pursuant to Executive Order No. 66(1978), Chapter 23 was readopted as R.1983 d.144, effective April 26, 1983. See: 14 N.J.R. 1247(a), 15 N.J.R. 803(c). Subchapter 7, Barrier Free Subcode, was adopted as R.1986 d.448, effective November 3, 1986. See: 18 N.J.R. 757(a), 18 N.J.R. 2194(a). Subchapter 8, Asbestos Hazard Abatement Subcode, was adopted as Emergency New Rules R.1985 d.362, effective June 18, 1985 (expired August 17, 1985). See: 17 N.J.R. 1782(a). The provisions of R.1985 d.362 were readopted as R.1985 d.472, effective August 16, 1985. See: 17 N.J.R. 2249(a).

Pursuant to Executive Order No. 66(1978), Chapter 23 was readopted as R.1988 d.168, effective March 22, 1988. N.J.A.C. 5:23-6.1, 6.2 and 6.3, concerning tax exemption for solar facilities, were not readopted and expired on April 1, 1988. See: 20 N.J.R. 223(a), 20 N.J.R. 893(a). Subchapter 9, Code Interpretations, was adopted as R.1988 d.195, effective May 2, 1988. See: 20 N.J.R. 224(a), 20 N.J.R. 977(a). Subchapter 10, Radon Hazard Subcode, was adopted as R.1990 d.226, effective May 7, 1990. See: 21 N.J.R. 3696(a), 22 N.J.R. 1356(a). Subchapter 4A, Industrialized/Modular Buildings and Building Components, was adopted as R.1990 d.313, effective June 18, 1990, (operative July 1, 1990). See: 22 N.J.R. 691(a), 22 N.J.R. 1915(b). Subchapter 11, Indoor Air Quality Standards and Procedures for Buildings Occupied by Public Employees, was adopted as R.1992 d.33, effective January 21, 1992. See: 23 N.J.R. 1730(b), 24 N.J.R. 229(c). Subchapter 12, Elevator Safety Subcode, was adopted as R.1991 d.325, effective July 1, 1991. See: 23 N.J.R. 805(a), 23 N.J.R. 2046(a).

Pursuant to Executive Order No. 66(1978), Chapter 23 was readopted as R.1993 d.106, effective February 3, 1993. See: 24 N.J.R. 1420(b), 25 N.J.R. 920(a). Subchapter 4B, Manufactured Homes and Manufactured Home Add-On Units Not Subject to Federal Regulation, and Subchapter 4C, Enforcement of Federal Manufactured Home

Standards, were adopted as R.1994 d.96, effective February 22, 1994. See: 25 N.J.R. 5388(a), 26 N.J.R. 1073(a). N.J.A.C. 5:23-7.1 through 7.99 were repealed and 7.100 through 7.116 were recodified as 7.2 through 7.18 by R.1995 d.144, effective March 20, 1995 (operative July 1, 1995). See: 26 N.J.R. 2698(a), 26 N.J.R. 2524(a), 27 N.J.R. 1180(a). Subchapter 11, Indoor Air Quality Standards and Procedures for Buildings Occupied by Public Employees, was repealed by R.1995 d.612, effective December 4, 1995 (operative July 1, 1995). See: 27 N.J.R. 3518(a), 27 N.J.R. 4885(a).

Pursuant to Executive Order No. 66(1978), Chapter 23 was readopted as R.1997 d.409, effective September 9, 1997. See: Source and Effective Date. As a part of R.1997 d.409, effective October 6, 1997, Subchapter 6, Tax Exemption, was repealed. See, also, section annotations.

Cross References

Child care center physical facility requirements, see N.J.A.C. 10:122-5.1 et seq.

Children's group home physical facility requirements, see N.J.A.C. 10:128-4.1 et seq.

Children's shelter physical facility requirements, see N.J.A.C. 10:124-5.1 et seq.

Residential child care facility maintenance and sanitation requirements, see N.J.A.C. 10:127-4.4.

CHAPTER TABLE OF CONTENTS

SUBCHAPTER 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

- 5:23-1.1 Title; division into subchapters
- 5:23-1.2 Authority
- 5:23-1.3 Intent and purpose
- 5:23-1.4 Definitions
- 5:23-1.5 Effective date
- 5:23-1.6 Grace period
- 5:23-1.7 Validity

SUBCHAPTER 2. ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT; PROCESS

- 5:23-2.1 Title; scope; intent
- 5:23-2.2 Matter covered
- 5:23-2.3 Applicability
- 5:23-2.4 Alterations, replacements and damages
- 5:23-2.5 Concerning increase in size
- 5:23-2.6 Change of use
- 5:23-2.7 Ordinary repairs
- 5:23-2.8 Installation of equipment
- 5:23-2.9 Variations and exceptions
- 5:23-2.10 Applications for variations
- 5:23-2.11 Review of variation applications
- 5:23-2.12 Final decision on variations
- 5:23-2.13 Authority to grant variations
- 5:23-2.14 Construction permits—when required
- 5:23-2.15 Construction permits—application
- 5:23-2.16 Construction permits—procedure
- 5:23-2.17 Demolition or removal of structures; abandoned wells
- 5:23-2.17A Minor work
- 5:23-2.18 Inspections
- 5:23-2.18A Utility load management device installation programs
- 5:23-2.18B Utility area lighting facility installation program
- 5:23-2.19 Special technical services
- 5:23-2.20 Tests and special inspections
- 5:23-2.21 Construction control
- 5:23-2.22 Premanufactured construction
- 5:23-2.23 Certificate requirements
- 5:23-2.24 Conditions of certificate of occupancy

- 5:23-2.25 Establishment of fees
- 5:23-2.26 Plan review fees
- 5:23-2.27 Refunds
- 5:23-2.28 Volume computation
- 5:23-2.29 Entry
- 5:23-2.30 Violation, notice and orders
- 5:23-2.31 Compliance
- 5:23-2.32 Unsafe structures
- 5:23-2.33 Service of notice
- 5:23-2.34 through 5:23-2.37 (Reserved)
- 5:23-2.38 Departmental appeal
- 5:23-2.39 Automatic fire suppression systems

SUBCHAPTER 3. SUBCODES

- 5:23-3.1 Title; scope; intent
- 5:23-3.2 Matters covered; exceptions
- 5:23-3.3 Enforcement
- 5:23-3.4 Responsibility
- 5:23-3.5 Posting structures
- 5:23-3.6 Standards; accepted practice
- 5:23-3.7 Municipal approvals of nonconforming materials
- 5:23-3.8 Departmental approval of nonconforming materials
- 5:23-3.8A Products violating the Code
- 5:23-3.9 Interpretations and opinions
- 5:23-3.10 (Reserved)
- 5:23-3.11 Enforcement activities reserved to the Department
- 5:23-3.11A Enforcement activities reserved to other State agencies; alternative public school facility plan review; Uniform Construction Code enhancements in public school facilities
- 5:23-3.11B Underground storage tank systems
- 5:23-3.12 Amended rules
- 5:23-3.13 State-sponsored code change proposals
- 5:23-3.14 Building subcode
- 5:23-3.15 Plumbing subcode
- 5:23-3.16 Electrical subcode
- 5:23-3.17 Fire protection subcode
- 5:23-3.18 Energy Subcode
- 5:23-3.19 Manufactured home subcode
- 5:23-3.20 Mechanical subcode
- 5:23-3.20A Indoor air quality subcode
- 5:23-3.21 One and two-family dwelling subcode

SUBCHAPTER 4. ENFORCING AGENCIES; DUTIES; POWERS; PROCEDURES

- 5:23-4.1 Title; scope; intent
- 5:23-4.2 Matter covered; exceptions
- 5:23-4.3 Municipal enforcing agencies—establishment
- 5:23-4.3A Enforcing agency classification
- 5:23-4.4 Municipal enforcing agencies—organization
- 5:23-4.5 Municipal enforcing agencies—administration and enforcement
- 5:23-4.5A Selection of private on-site inspection and plan review agencies
- 5:23-4.6 Interlocal enforcing agencies—establishment
- 5:23-4.7 Interlocal enforcing agencies—organization
- 5:23-4.8 Interlocal enforcing agencies—administration and enforcement
- 5:23-4.9 State enforcing agencies—establishment
- 5:23-4.10 State enforcing agencies—organization
- 5:23-4.11 State enforcing agencies—administration and enforcement
- 5:23-4.12 Private on-site inspection and plan review agencies; establishment
- 5:23-4.13 Private on-site inspection and plan review agencies; organization
- 5:23-4.14 Private on-site inspection and plan review agencies; administration and enforcement
- 5:23-4.15 Suspension and revocation
- 5:23-4.16 (Reserved)
- 5:23-4.17 Municipal enforcing agency fees
- 5:23-4.18 Standards for municipal fees
- 5:23-4.19 State of New Jersey training fees
- 5:23-4.20 Departmental fees

- 5:23-4.21 Private enforcing agency authorization and reauthorization fees
- 5:23-4.22 (Reserved)
- 5:23-4.23 Payment of fees
- 5:23-4.24 Plan review by the Department of Community Affairs
- 5:23-4.25 (Reserved)
- 5:23-4.26 Certification of building elements
- 5:23-4.27 through 5:23-4.40 (Reserved)

SUBCHAPTER 4A. INDUSTRIALIZED/MODULAR BUILDINGS AND BUILDING COMPONENTS

- 5:23-4A.1 Purpose
- 5:23-4A.2 Findings; functions of the Commission
- 5:23-4A.3 Scope
- 5:23-4A.4 Definitions
- 5:23-4A.5 Standards
- 5:23-4A.6 Amendments
- 5:23-4A.7 Certification required
- 5:23-4A.8 Product control and identification
- 5:23-4A.9 Compliance assurance documents
- 5:23-4A.10 Uniform Administrative Procedures
- 5:23-4A.11 Appeals
- 5:23-4A.12 Conduct of hearings
- 5:23-4A.13 through 5:23-4A.27 (Reserved)

SUBCHAPTER 4B. MANUFACTURED HOMES AND MANUFACTURED HOME ADD-ON UNITS NOT SUBJECT TO FEDERAL REGULATION

- 5:23-4B.1 Scope
- 5:23-4B.2 Applicability
- 5:23-4B.3 Standards
- 5:23-4B.4 Administration and enforcement
- 5:23-4B.5 Acceptability
- 5:23-4B.6 Approvals of building systems and compliance assurance program
- 5:23-4B.7 Certification
- 5:23-4B.8 Labels; fees
- 5:23-4B.9 Requirements for submission of compliance assurance documents
- 5:23-4B.10 Appeals
- 5:23-4B.11 Conduct of hearings

SUBCHAPTER 4C. ENFORCEMENT OF FEDERAL MANUFACTURED HOME STANDARDS

- 5:23-4C.1 Delegation of authority
- 5:23-4C.2 Relation to Federal law
- 5:23-4C.3 Complaint procedure
- 5:23-4C.4 Hearing and appeal procedures
- 5:23-4C.5 Monitoring inspection fee

SUBCHAPTER 5. LICENSING OF CODE ENFORCEMENT OFFICIALS

- 5:23-5.1 Title; scope; intent
- 5:23-5.2 Licensing unit; hearings
- 5:23-5.3 Types of licenses
- 5:23-5.4 Licenses required
- 5:23-5.5 General license requirements
- 5:23-5.6 Construction official requirements
- 5:23-5.7 Subcode official requirements
- 5:23-5.8 Building inspector H.H.S. requirements
- 5:23-5.9 Building inspector I.C.S. requirements
- 5:23-5.10 Building inspector R.C.S. requirements
- 5:23-5.11 Electrical inspector H.H.S. requirements
- 5:23-5.12 Electrical inspector I.C.S. requirements
- 5:23-5.13 Fire protection inspector H.H.S. requirements
- 5:23-5.14 Fire protection inspector I.C.S. requirements
- 5:23-5.15 Fire protection inspector R.C.S. requirements
- 5:23-5.16 Plumbing inspector H.H.S. requirements
- 5:23-5.17 Plumbing inspector I.C.S. requirements
- 5:23-5.18 Inplant inspector requirements
- 5:23-5.19 Elevator inspector H.H.S. requirements

UNIFORM CONSTRUCTION CODE

- 5:23-5.19A Mechanical inspector requirements
- 5:23-5.20 Standards for educational programs
- 5:23-5.21 Renewal of license
- 5:23-5.22 Fees
- 5:23-5.23 Examination requirements
- 5:23-5.24 Procedure for approving educational programs
- 5:23-5.25 Revocation of licenses and alternative sanctions

SUBCHAPTER 6. REHABILITATION SUBCODE

- 5:23-6.1 Introduction; using this Subcode
- 5:23-6.2 Applicability and compliance
- 5:23-6.3 Definitions
- 5:23-6.4 Repairs
- 5:23-6.5 Renovations
- 5:23-6.6 Alterations
- 5:23-6.7 Reconstruction
- 5:23-6.8 Materials and methods
- 5:23-6.9 New building elements
- 5:23-6.10 Basic requirements and supplemental requirements—general
- 5:23-6.11 Basic requirements in all Use Groups
- 5:23-6.11A Supplemental requirements in all Use Groups
- 5:23-6.12 Basic requirements—Use Group A-1
- 5:23-6.12A Supplemental requirements—Use Group A-1
- 5:23-6.13 Basic requirements—Use Group A-2
- 5:23-6.13A Supplemental requirements—Use Group A-2
- 5:23-6.14 Basic requirements—Use Group A-3
- 5:23-6.14A Supplemental requirements—Use Group A-3
- 5:23-6.15 Basic requirements—Use Group A-4
- 5:23-6.15A Supplemental requirements—Use Group A-4
- 5:23-6.16 Basic requirements—Use Group A-5
- 5:23-6.16A Supplemental requirements—Use Group A-5
- 5:23-6.17 Basic requirements—Use Group B
- 5:23-6.17A Supplemental requirements—Use Group B
- 5:23-6.18 Basic requirements—Use Group E
- 5:23-6.18A Supplemental requirements—Use Group E
- 5:23-6.19 Basic requirements—Use Group F
- 5:23-6.19A Supplemental requirements—Use Group F
- 5:23-6.20 Basic requirements—Use Group H
- 5:23-6.20A Supplemental requirements—Use Group H
- 5:23-6.21 Basic requirements—Use Group I-1
- 5:23-6.21A Supplemental requirements—Use Group I-1
- 5:23-6.22 Basic requirements—Use Group I-2
- 5:23-6.22A Supplemental requirements—Use Group I-2
- 5:23-6.23 Basic requirements—Use Group I-3
- 5:23-6.23A Supplemental requirements—Use Group I-3
- 5:23-6.24 Basic requirements—Use Group M
- 5:23-6.24A Supplemental requirements—Use Group M
- 5:23-6.25 Basic requirements—Use Group R-1
- 5:23-6.25A Supplemental requirements—Use Group R-1
- 5:23-6.26 Basic requirements—Use Group R-2
- 5:23-6.26A Supplemental requirements—Use Group R-2
- 5:23-6.27 Basic requirements—Use Groups R-3/R-4
- 5:23-6.27A Supplemental requirements—Use Groups R-3/R-4
- 5:23-6.28 Basic requirements—Use Group S
- 5:23-6.28A Supplemental requirements—Use Group S
- 5:23-6.29 Mixed use buildings
- 5:23-6.30 Special technical requirements—all use groups
- 5:23-6.31 Change of use
- 5:23-6.32 Additions
- 5:23-6.33 Historic buildings

SUBCHAPTER 7. BARRIER FREE SUBCODE

- 5:23-7.1 Accessibility standards
- 5:23-7.2 Recreation
- 5:23-7.3 Recreation: definitions
- 5:23-7.4 Recreation: exceptions
- 5:23-7.5 Recreation: route of travel
- 5:23-7.6 Recreation: pools
- 5:23-7.7 Recreation: swimming and skating areas
- 5:23-7.8 Recreation: boating areas
- 5:23-7.9 Recreation: fishing areas
- 5:23-7.10 Recreation: court games

- 5:23-7.11 Recreation: ice rinks and roller rinks
- 5:23-7.12 Recreation: playing fields
- 5:23-7.13 Recreation: golf facilities
- 5:23-7.14 Recreation: ski lifts, aerial tramways, and conveyors
- 5:23-7.15 Recreation: trails
- 5:23-7.16 Recreation: camping sites
- 5:23-7.17 Recreation: equipment
- 5:23-7.18 Recreation: equestrian facilities

SUBCHAPTER 8. ASBESTOS HAZARD ABATEMENT SUBCODE

- 5:23-8.1 Title; scope; intent
- 5:23-8.2 Definitions
- 5:23-8.3 Enforcement; licensing; special technical services
- 5:23-8.4 Variations
- 5:23-8.5 Construction permit for asbestos abatement
- 5:23-8.6 Coordination with other permits
- 5:23-8.7 Inspections; violations
- 5:23-8.8 Certificate of occupancy; certificate of completion
- 5:23-8.9 Fees
- 5:23-8.10 Asbestos safety technician
- 5:23-8.11 Asbestos safety control monitor
- 5:23-8.12 Application of asbestos
- 5:23-8.13 Pre-project procedures
- 5:23-8.14 Operations and maintenance activities
- 5:23-8.15 Asbestos hazard abatement projects
- 5:23-8.16 Asbestos encapsulation and enclosure
- 5:23-8.17 Limited containment removals
- 5:23-8.18 Demolition
- 5:23-8.19 Abatement in occupied buildings
- 5:23-8.20 Removal of non-friable asbestos-containing material
- 5:23-8.21 Air monitoring methodology
- 5:23-8.22 Disposal of asbestos waste

SUBCHAPTER 9. CODE INTERPRETATIONS

- 5:23-9.1 Interpretation: Application of the Plumbing Subcode to certain mobile homes
- 5:23-9.2 Interpretation: Construction Permit for a single family residence
- 5:23-9.3 Interpretation: Ordinary repairs
- 5:23-9.4 (Reserved)
- 5:23-9.5 Interpretation: Records retention
- 5:23-9.6 Interpretation: Fixed central pedestal seating (stools) in casinos
- 5:23-9.7 Interpretation: Manufacturing, production and process equipment
- 5:23-9.8 Bed and breakfast guest houses, change in use group requirements

SUBCHAPTER 10. RADON HAZARD SUBCODE

- 5:23-10.1 Title; scope; intent
- 5:23-10.2 Definitions
- 5:23-10.3 Enforcement
- 5:23-10.4 Construction techniques

APPENDIX 10-A NEW JERSEY MUNICIPALITIES IN TIER 1

SUBCHAPTER 11. (RESERVED)

SUBCHAPTER 12. ELEVATOR SAFETY SUBCODE

- 5:23-12.1 Title; scope; intent
- 5:23-12.2 Referenced standards
- 5:23-12.3 Inspection and test schedule
- 5:23-12.4 Registration of elevator devices
- 5:23-12.5 Registration fee
- 5:23-12.6 Test and inspection fees
- 5:23-12.7 Licensing
- 5:23-12.8 Alterations, replacements, damages, increases in size, changes in use group, minor work, ordinary repairs
- 5:23-12.9 Certificate of compliance requirements
- 5:23-12.10 Inspections in seasonal facilities

5:23-12.11 Notice concerning accidents
 5:23-12.12 Special safety equipment

SUBCHAPTER 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

5:23-1.1 Title; division into subchapters

(a) These regulations shall be known as the "Regulations for the New Jersey Uniform Construction Code" and are referred to herein as "the regulations".

(b) The chapter consists of the following subchapters:

1. "General provisions" which may be cited throughout the regulations as N.J.A.C. 5:23-1 and when referred to in subchapter 1 of this chapter may be cited as this subchapter.

2. "Administration and enforcement; process" which may be cited throughout the regulations as N.J.A.C. 5:23-2 and when referred to in subchapter 2 of this chapter may be cited as this subchapter.

3. "Subcodes" which may be cited throughout the regulations as N.J.A.C. 5:23-3 and when referred to in subchapter 3 of this chapter may be cited as this subchapter.

i. N.J.A.C. 5:23-3.11B contains references to the Department of Environmental Protection's rules concerning underground storage tanks, codified at N.J.A.C. 7:14B, which are jointly enforced by this Department and local enforcing agencies pursuant to this chapter.

4. "Enforcing agencies: duties, powers, and procedures" which may be cited throughout the regulations as N.J.A.C. 5:23-4 of this chapter and when referred to in subchapter 4 of this chapter may be cited as this subchapter.

5. "Industrialized/Modular Buildings and Building Components" which may be cited throughout the regulations as N.J.A.C. 5:23-4A and when referred to N.J.A.C. 5:23-4A may be cited as this subchapter.

6. "Manufactured Homes and Manufactured Home Add-On Units Not Subject to Federal Regulations" which may be cited throughout the regulations as N.J.A.C. 5:23-4B and when referred to in subchapter 4B may be cited as this subchapter.

7. "Enforcement of Federal Manufactured Home Standards" which may be cited throughout the regulations as N.J.A.C. 5:23-4C and when referred to in subchapter 4C may be cited as this subchapter.

8. "Licensing of Code Enforcement Officials" which may be cited throughout the regulations as N.J.A.C. 5:23-5 and when referred to in subchapter 5 of this chapter may be cited as this subchapter.

9. "Rehabilitation Subcode" which may be cited throughout the regulations as N.J.A.C. 5:23-6 and, when referred to in subchapter 6 of this chapter, may be cited as this subchapter.

10. "Barrier Free Subcode" which may be cited throughout the regulations as N.J.A.C. 5:23-7 and when referred to in subchapter 7 of this chapter may be cited as this subchapter.

11. "Asbestos Hazard Abatement Subcode" which may be cited throughout the regulations as N.J.A.C. 5:23-8 and when referred to in subchapter 8 of this chapter may be cited as this subchapter.

12. "Code Interpretations" which may be cited throughout the regulations as N.J.A.C. 5:23-9 and when referred to in subchapter 9 of this chapter may be cited as this subchapter.

13. "Radon Hazard Subcode" which may be cited throughout the regulations as N.J.A.C. 5:23-10 and when referred to in subchapter 10 of this chapter may be cited as this subchapter.

14. (Reserved)

15. "Elevator Safety Subcode" which may be cited throughout the rules as N.J.A.C. 5:23-12 and when referred to in subchapter 12 of this chapter may be cited as this subchapter.

Amended by R.1978 d.350, eff. October 1, 1978.

See: 10 N.J.R. 378(a), 10 N.J.R. 469(f).

Amended by R.1987 d.509, effective December 7, 1987.

See: 19 N.J.R. 1264(a), 19 N.J.R. 2270(a).

(b) substantially amended.

Amended by R.1990 d.226, effective May 7, 1990.

See: 21 N.J.R. 3696(a), 22 N.J.R. 1356(a).

Added 9 and 10 to (b).

Amended by R.1990 d.313, effective June 18, 1990.

See: 22 N.J.R. 691(a), 22 N.J.R. 1915(b).

Text added at (b)5.

Amended by R.1990 d.562, effective November 19, 1990.

See: 22 N.J.R. 2629(c), 22 N.J.R. 3482(d).

Added reference to N.J.A.C. 7:14B.

Amended by R.1991 d.325, effective July 1, 1991.

See: 23 N.J.R. 805(a), 23 N.J.R. 2046(a).

Text on elevators added at (b).

Amended by R.1992 d.183, effective April 20, 1992.

See: 24 N.J.R. 167(a), 24 N.J.R. 1475(b).

Reference to Indoor Air Quality Subcode added at (b)12.

Amended by R.1994 d.96, effective February 22, 1994.

See: 25 N.J.R. 5388(a), 26 N.J.R. 1073(a).

Amended by R.1997 d.409, effective October 6, 1997.

See: 29 N.J.R. 2736(a), 29 N.J.R. 4281(a).

Deleted (b)14.

Amended by R.1998 d.28, effective January 5, 1998.

See: 29 N.J.R. 3603(a), 30 N.J.R. 129(a).

In (b)9, substituted "Rehabilitation Subcode" for "Tax Exemptions."

Case Notes

Councilperson violated local ethics law; project manager for private construction company. *Bleeker v. Local Finance Board*, 94 N.J.A.R.2d (CAF) 122.

5:23-7.17 Recreation: equipment

(a) Five percent of all picnic tables, benches, fireplaces and grills provided, rounded to the next higher whole number, but not less than one, shall be on an accessible route of travel.

1. Such equipment shall be distributed throughout the picnic area to the degree feasible as determined by the topography of the area.

(b) Within each play area on a site, at least 25 percent of the single function play equipment shall be of a type identified by its manufacturer as accessible to and usable by both disabled and non-disabled persons.

(c) At least 25 percent of the play activities of all multi-functional play equipment within each play area on a site shall be of a type identified by the manufacturer as accessible to and usable by both disabled and non-disabled persons.

1. Access onto the multi-functional play equipment may include, but is not limited to, the following:

i. A ramp which complies with CABO/ANSI A117.1, Section 4.8 and which provides a landing with a minimum width of five feet by five feet at the top and bottom;

ii. Transfer point(s) adjacent to transfer platform(s); and

iii. An accessible route which complies with N.J.A.C. 5:23-7.5, which, because of the topography of the land, leads directly onto the equipment.

2. Accessibility features, such as ramps and transfer platforms, shall not be considered play functions. Passive activities shall not be considered play functions.

(d) Playground equipment required to be accessible in (b) and (c) above shall be on an accessible route as delineated at N.J.A.C. 5:23-7.5.

(e) As existing play equipment is replaced in any play area, at least 50 percent of the replacement equipment shall be of a type identified by the manufacturer as usable by both disabled and non-disabled persons until the percentage as specified in (b) and (c) above is met.

New Rule, R.1988 d.352, effective August 1, 1988.
See: 19 N.J.R. 1270(a), 20 N.J.R. 1873(b).
Amended by R.1996 d.132, effective March 18, 1996 (operative July 1, 1996).
See: 27 N.J.R. 3870(a), 28 N.J.R. 1505(a).

5:23-7.18 Recreation: equestrian facilities

At the area normally used for mounting at each recreational equestrian facility, a mounting platform for people with disabilities shall be provided. For ponies, the top of the platform shall be at a height 32 inches above the surface upon which the pony stands. For horses, the top of the

platform shall be at a height of 41 inches above the surface upon which the horse stands. The mounting platform shall have a minimum dimension of five feet long and three feet wide. Any ramp necessary to provide access to the mounting platform shall meet the criteria of CABO/ANSI A117.1, Section 4.8, except that a maximum slope of 1:9 shall be allowed.

New Rule, R.1988 d.352, effective August 1, 1988.
See: 19 N.J.R. 1270(a), 20 N.J.R. 1873(b).
Amended by R.1988 d.503, effective November 7, 1988.
See: 20 N.J.R. 1764(b), 20 N.J.R. 2754(a).
Platform height changed from 42 inches to 32 inches.
Administrative Correction.
See: 22 N.J.R. 1355(b).
Amended by R.1995 d.144, effective March 20, 1995 (operative July 1, 1995).
See: 26 N.J.R. 2698(a), 26 N.J.R. 3524(a), 27 N.J.R. 1180(a).
Amended by R.1996 d.132, effective March 18, 1996 (operative July 1, 1996).
See: 27 N.J.R. 3870(a), 28 N.J.R. 1505(a).

SUBCHAPTER 8. ASBESTOS HAZARD ABATEMENT SUBCODE

Cross References

Child care center physical plant requirements, see N.J.A.C. 10:122-5.2.

5:23-8.1 Title; scope; intent

(a) This part of the regulations, adopted pursuant to P.L. 1975, c.217, the Uniform Construction Code Act (N.J.S.A. 52:27D-119 et seq.) and entitled Asbestos Hazard Abatement Subcode shall be known and may be cited throughout the regulations as N.J.A.C. 5:23-8 and when referred to in this subchapter, may be cited as "this subchapter."

1. In addition, the New Jersey Departments of Health and Labor have jointly adopted regulations pursuant to P.L. 1984, c.217, the Asbestos Control and Licensing Act (N.J.S.A. 34:5A-32 et seq.) and are cited as N.J.A.C. 8:60, and N.J.A.C. 12:120, respectively. These regulations provide for: a standardized training course for all asbestos workers; licensing of asbestos abatement contractors; and issuing asbestos worker performance permits for asbestos abatement workers.

i. Copies of N.J.A.C. 12:120 may be obtained from the New Jersey Department of Labor, Division of Workplace Standards, Asbestos Control and Licensing, CN 054, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0054. These rules provide that any asbestos abatement project, excluding an operations and maintenance activity, must be conducted by a licensed contractor pursuant to the referenced rules, including projects involving buildings and structures which are not within the scope of this subchapter.

2. The New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection has authority to enforce regulations regarding the transport and disposal of asbestos-containing materials pursuant to N.J.S.A. 13:1D-9 and 13:1E-1 et seq. These rules are cited as N.J.A.C. 7:26.

i. Copies of N.J.A.C. 7:26 may be obtained from the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection, Division of Solid Waste Management, 840 Bear Tavern Road, CN 414, Trenton, New Jersey 08625.

3. All samples collected and submitted for analysis for asbestos pursuant to this subchapter shall be analyzed for asbestos in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:23-8.21.

(b) Unless otherwise specifically provided, all references to article or section numbers or to provisions not specifically identified by number, shall be construed to refer to such article, section or provision of this subchapter.

(c) This subchapter, which pertains to educational facilities and public buildings as defined in N.J.A.C. 5:23-8.2, shall control matters relating to: construction permits for asbestos abatement; fees; licenses; certification; work permits; reports required; documentation; inspections by the asbestos safety technician; air monitoring; enforcement responsibilities; and remedies and enforcement. This subchapter controls the abatement of asbestos from a building. A construction permit for renovation or demolition shall be required pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:23-2 for any other work performed subsequent to the asbestos abatement project.

1. Any private building that houses a day care center, nursery or educational facility shall be subject to this subchapter when an asbestos hazard abatement project takes place within the building or any part of the building regardless of the remoteness of the facility or its size relative to the building. An asbestos hazard abatement project shall have a construction permit from the enforcing agency.

2. All common areas in a building, or part thereof, leased by a public entity, such as, but not limited to, building entrances and lobbies, rest rooms, cafeterias, hallways, stairwells, and elevators where public employees may normally traverse and all areas with mechanical equipment that serve the areas occupied by the public employees, shall be subject to this subchapter when an asbestos hazard abatement project takes place within the building or any part of the building.

3. This subchapter shall apply to exterior portions of buildings, such as: exterior hallways connecting buildings; porticos; mechanical system insulation; cooling towers; and steam or other service tunnels serving or connecting buildings. These exterior spaces are to be considered, for the purposes of obtaining a construction permit pursuant to this subchapter, a single homogeneous area for purposes of abatement project design.

4. Projects involving the removal of non-friable, miscellaneous asbestos-containing material from interior spaces shall be subject to this subchapter where the method chosen to remove the non-friable material may cause the building environment to become contaminated with airborne asbestos fibers. Removal shall be in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:23-8.20.

(d) Until further action is taken, this subchapter remains advisory for all other buildings and structures in the State.

(e) This subchapter seeks to provide and ensure public safety, health, and welfare insofar as they are affected by asbestos and asbestos-containing materials. It is not intended to, nor shall it be construed to, conflict with or impede the operation of the asbestos work standards issued by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration, 29 CFR Section 1910.1001 et seq., 29 CFR Section 1926.58 and N.J.A.C. 12:100-12, the Asbestos Subchapter of the New Jersey Safety and Health Standards for Public Employees. The purpose of this subchapter is to assure that work is performed in a safe manner as a pre-condition to the issuance of a certificate of occupancy.

1. It is the purpose of this subchapter to establish standards and procedures to ensure that all State laws and regulations applicable to asbestos hazard abatement work are actually adhered to wherever work takes place.

2. Asbestos has been a pervasive construction material which in many of its forms poses no significant health risk. These standards and procedures need not be applied to all work involving asbestos-containing materials but only those which pose serious health hazards to the public.

3. Asbestos that is, or that can readily become, friable was a widely used construction material. Its removal, replacement, repair, enclosure or encapsulation shall be considered construction work and shall therefore require a construction permit issued pursuant to the State Uniform Construction Code Act (N.J.S.A. 52:27D-119 et seq.). Asbestos and asbestos-containing materials were, in many cases, used in order to satisfy important code requirements pertaining to fire safety. Accordingly, where asbestos was used originally to satisfy fire code requirements, it shall not be removed unless it is replaced, as part of the project, with material or assembly which has equivalent fire resistive or heat resistive characteristics. Additionally, any encapsulation materials or methods shall conform to the construction requirements of the Uniform Construction Code.

Amended by R.1986 d.143, effective May 5, 1986.
See: 18 N.J.R. 378(a), 18 N.J.R. 949(a).

Deleted text in (c) "administrative authority having jurisdiction" and substituted "asbestos safety technician;"

Amended by R.1987 d.525, effective December 21, 1987.

See: 19 N.J.R. 902(a), 19 N.J.R. 2389(a).

Substantially amended.

Amended by R.1989 d.342, effective July 3, 1989.

See: 20 N.J.R. 1130(b), 21 N.J.R. 1844(b).

Revised section with stylistic changes.

In (a)1ii: added language regarding asbestos abatement projects.
Added new (a)3.

In (c): added language clarifying subchapter's scope. Added new (c)3 and (c)4.

Amended by R.1993 d.198, effective June 7, 1993.

See: 24 N.J.R. 1422(a), 25 N.J.R. 2519(b).

Case Notes

New Jersey asbestos rules preempted by Occupational Safety & Health Act (OSHA) to the extent that they addressed issue of education and training in the workplace; balance of N.J. asbestos program was unenforceable because preempted provisions were not severable from remaining provisions, and because OSHA considered and rejected testing, certification, license and permit requirements similar to New Jersey's program. *New Jersey State Chamber of Commerce v. State of New Jersey*, 653 F.Supp. 1453 (D.N.J.1987).

5:23-8.2 Definitions

The following words, terms and abbreviations when used in this subchapter shall have the following meanings unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.

"Airlock" means a serial arrangement of rooms whose doors are spaced a minimum of four feet apart so as to permit ingress or egress through one room without interfering with the next and constructed in such a manner as to prevent or restrict the free flow of air in either direction.

"Air pressure differential" means air pressure lower than surrounding areas, generally caused by exhausting air from a sealed space (work area).

"Amended water" means water to which a surfactant has been added.

"Asbestos" means a general term used to describe a group of naturally occurring hydrated mineral silicates. The asbestiform varieties include chrysotile (serpentine); crocidolite (riebeckite); amosite (cummingtonite-grunerite); anthophyllite; tremolite and actinolite.

"Asbestos-containing material" means any material which contains more than one percent asbestos by weight.

"Asbestos hazard abatement project" means the removal, enclosure, or encapsulation of more than 25 square feet of asbestos-containing material used on any equipment or surface area such as wall, or ceiling area; or the removal or encapsulation of more than 10 linear feet of asbestos-containing material on covered piping.

"Asbestos Safety Control Monitor" means a business entity authorized pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:23-8 to ensure compliance with the Asbestos Hazard Abatement Subcode.

"Asbestos Safety Technician" means a person certified by the New Jersey Department of Community Affairs, hired by the asbestos safety control monitor who continuously monitors and inspects the asbestos abatement work pursuant to this subchapter. This person shall be required to be on the job site during the time the asbestos abatement work is taking place and perform all duties and responsibilities established by these regulations.

"Authorized personnel" means the owner, the owner's representative, asbestos abatement contractor personnel, asbestos safety control monitor personnel, emergency personnel, or a representative of any Federal, state, or local

regulatory agency or other personnel under contract for or having jurisdiction over the project.

“Certificate of Completion” shall mean the certificate issued by the asbestos safety control monitor signifying that the asbestos hazard abatement work has been completed in conformance with N.J.A.C. 5:23-8.

“Construction permit for asbestos abatement” means required official approval to commence any asbestos hazard abatement project. This permit is issued by the enforcing agency.

“Contractor” means the Asbestos Removal Contractor licensed by the New Jersey Department of Labor.

“County facility” means all buildings and structures, or parts thereof, which are under the ownership or control of a county. This includes, but is not limited to, administration offices, court houses, sheriff offices, welfare offices, maintenance facilities and garages.

“Critical barrier” means two layers of nominal six mil polyethylene sheeting that completely seals off the work area to prevent the distribution of fibers to the surrounding area, such as the opening between the top of a wall and the underside of ceiling construction, electrical outlets, nonremovable lights, HVAC systems, windows, doorways, entranceways, ducts, grilles, grates, diffusers, wall clocks, speaker grilles, floor drains, sink drains, etc.

“Decontamination unit” means serial arrangement of rooms or spaces for the purpose of separating the work area from the building environment upon entering the work area and for the cleaning of persons, equipment, and contained waste prior to returning to the clean environment.

“Demolition” means the actual destruction and removal of a building, or part of a building, without intent to renovate, repair, or replace.

“Educational facility” means all buildings and structures, or parts thereof, (both public and private) which are under the ownership or control of an educational institution and which are used for student residences, educational purposes or learning experiences, dining facilities, libraries, or support facilities. Educational institutions include schools, colleges, universities, academies, child day care centers and nurseries.

“Employee” means an asbestos abatement worker having a valid work permit, issued by the New Jersey Department of Labor and employed by the contractor.

“Encapsulation” means the treatment of asbestos-containing materials with a material that surrounds or embeds asbestos fibers in an adhesive matrix to prevent the release of fibers, as the encapsulant creates a membrane over the surface (bridging encapsulant) or penetrates the material and binds its components together (penetrating encapsulant).

“Enclosure” means the construction of an airtight, impermeable, permanent barrier around asbestos-containing material to control the release of asbestos fibers into the air.

“Engineering controls” means all methods used to maintain low fiber counts in work areas and occupied spaces, including, but not limited to, air management, barriers to ensure public safety, and methods to confine airborne asbestos fibers to the work area.

“EPA” means the United States Environmental Protection Agency.

“Flame-resistant polyethylene sheet” means a single polyethylene film in the largest sheet size possible to minimize seams, nominal six mil thick, conforming to requirements set forth by the National Fire Protection Association Standard 701, Small Scale Fire Test for Flame-Resistant Textiles and Films.

“Friable” means any material applied to ceilings, walls, piping, duct work, etc., which when dry may be crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to a powder by hand pressure.

“Glove bag” means a polyethylene bag or other techniques or work practices approved by Department especially designed to enclose sections of equipment for the purpose of removing asbestos-containing material without releasing fibers into the air.

“Glovebag work area enclosure” means the enclosure that defines the work area for glovebag activity.

“HEPA” means High Efficiency Particulate Air filter, capable of filter efficiency of 99.97 percent down to 0.3 um (microns).

“Local education agency” means any local educational agency as defined in Section 198 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 3381); the owner of any nonpublic, nonprofit elementary, or secondary school building; or the governing authority of any school operated under the defense dependents’ education system provided for under the Defense Dependents’ Education Act of 1978 (20 U.S.C. 921 et seq.).

“Miscellaneous asbestos-containing material” means interior building material on structural components, structural members or fixtures such as vinyl asbestos flooring, ceiling tiles, transite and asbestos cement board, and fire-resistant gaskets and seals but does not include surfacing material or thermal system insulation.

“Municipal facility” means all buildings and structures, or parts thereof, which are under the ownership or control of a municipality. This includes, but is not limited to, city halls, police stations, fire houses, welfare offices, maintenance facilities, and garages.

(2) The address of the building or structure;

(3) Certificate of Completion submitted by the asbestos safety control monitor.

3. If all the information required is complete and in accordance with this subchapter, a certificate of occupancy shall be issued.

(b) Certificate of Completion requirements are as follows:

1. It shall be unlawful to apply for a certificate of occupancy until a certificate of completion has been issued by the asbestos safety control monitor.

2. Within five days of completion of an asbestos hazard abatement project the owner/agent shall file for a certificate of completion from the asbestos safety control monitor.

3. The application for a certificate of completion shall be in writing and submitted in such form as the department may prescribe.

4. A Certificate of Completion shall be issued only if:

i. All information is complete.

ii. Final inspection by the asbestos safety technician reveals no visible evidence of asbestos.

iii. All requirements of this subchapter have been met.

iv. An acceptable final air monitoring level has been attained pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:23-8.21 and documentation of that air level has been submitted in writing.

Amended by R.1986 d.143, effective May 5, 1986.

See: 18 N.J.R. 378(a), 18 N.J.R. 949(a).

Amended by R.1987 d.525, effective December 21, 1987.

See: 19 N.J.R. 902(a), 19 N.J.R. 2389(a).

Changed level of fibers from .01 to .010.

Amended by R.1989 d.342, effective July 3, 1989.

See: 20 N.J.R. 1130(b), 21 N.J.R. 1844(b).

Recodified old 8.8 as new 8.9. Section 8.9 was formerly "Fees".

Deleted old (a)2i.(4) regarding air monitoring level requirement.

In (b)4iv.: added "an acceptable" defining Final air monitoring levels and deleted "of .010 fibers per cc or lower". Also added text regarding N.J.A.C. cite and "submitted in writing" requirement.

Recodified from 5:23-8.9 and amended by R.1993 d.198, effective June 7, 1993.

See: 24 N.J.R. 1422(a), 25 N.J.R. 2519(b).

Prior text at section, "Inspections; violations", recodified as 5:23-8.7.

Case Notes

Inability to travel due to weather did not exonerate asbestos safety technician from being held responsible for deficiencies previously left at work site. Department of Community Affairs v. Stewart, 95 N.J.A.R.2d (CAF) 62.

5:23-8.9 Fees

(a) The enforcing agency that issues the construction permit and the certificate of occupancy for an asbestos hazard abatement project shall establish by regulation/ordinance the following flat fee schedule:

1. An administrative fee of \$70.00 for each construction permit issued for an asbestos hazard abatement project.

2. An administrative fee of \$14.00 for each certificate of occupancy issued following the successful completion of an asbestos hazard abatement project.

(b) The authorization and reauthorization fees for the asbestos safety control monitor are delineated in N.J.A.C. 5:23-8.11.

(c) The application fee for certification as an asbestos safety technician is delineated in N.J.A.C. 5:23-8.10.

(d) All fees shall be paid by check or money order, payable to "Treasurer, State of New Jersey".

Amended by R.1986 d.143, effective May 5, 1986.

See: 18 N.J.R. 378(a), 18 N.J.R. 949(a).

Substantially amended.

Amended by R.1989 d.342, effective July 3, 1989.

See: 20 N.J.R. 1130(b), 21 N.J.R. 1844(b).

Recodified old 8.9 as new 8.10. Section 8.10 was formerly "Precautions and procedures during a large asbestos abatement job."

In (b): changed "defined" to "delineated" and "8.17" to "8.18".

Added new (c).

Amended by R.1991 d.181, effective April 1, 1991.

See: 23 N.J.R. 257(b), 23 N.J.R. 1029(a).

In (a)1, increased fee from \$50.00 to \$65.00.

In (a)2, increased fee from \$10.00 to \$13.00.

Amended by R.1992 d.392, effective October 5, 1992.

See: 24 N.J.R. 2657(a), 24 N.J.R. 3521(b).

Fees increased at (a)1 and 2.

Recodified from 5:23-8.10 and amended by R.1993 d.198, effective June 7, 1993.

See: 24 N.J.R. 1422(a), 25 N.J.R. 2519(b).

Prior text at section, "Certificate of occupancy; certificate of completion", recodified as 5:23-8.8.

5:23-8.10 Asbestos safety technician

(a) Any candidate for certification as an asbestos safety technician shall submit an application to the Department accompanied by the required application fee established in (c) below. The requirements for certification as an asbestos safety technician are as follows:

1. At least 24 college credits in academic sciences, including biology, chemistry, industrial hygiene, environmental science, physics, geology or related fields; or one year of work experience which included performing environmental assessment activities, which may be substituted for this education requirement;

2. Successful completion of a course in air monitoring methods consisting of a minimum of 30 contact hours that shall include hands-on experience with using and calibrating various types of air monitoring equipment; or six months of work experience performing air monitoring including at least 30 hours of on-the-job training, which may be substituted for this education requirement;

3. Successful completion of a training course for asbestos worker/supervisors approved by the New Jersey Department of Health pursuant to N.J.A.C. 12:120 and N.J.A.C. 8:60;

i. One year of experience in monitoring asbestos abatement activities may be substituted for completion of an approved training course;

ii. Six months of experience monitoring asbestos abatement may be substituted for completion of an approved training course if the individual is an industrial hygienist certified by the American Board of Industrial Hygiene;

4. Successful completion of a course for asbestos safety technicians approved by the New Jersey State Department of Community Affairs;

5. Successful passing of an examination for asbestos safety technicians administered by the National Assessment Institute in cooperation with the National Asbestos Council, or any equivalent examination approved by the Department.

(b) The Department shall renew the certification following submission of an application, payment of the required fee pursuant to (c) below, and verification by the Department that the applicant meets the requirements for the certification in this section.

1. Every two years any certification already issued shall be renewed upon submission of an application, payment of the required fee, and verification by the Department that the applicant has met such continuing educational requirements as may be established by the Commissioner. The Department shall renew the certification previously issued for a term of two years. The renewal date shall be 45 days prior to the expiration date. The expiration dates shall be July 31 or January 31.

2. The Department shall issue, upon application, a duplicate certification upon a finding that the certification has been issued and the applicant is entitled to such certification to replace one which has been lost, destroyed, or mutilated. Payment of a fee as established by N.J.A.C. 5:23-8.10(c) shall be required.

3. The Department may establish by rule continuing education requirements as deemed necessary for the renewal of a certification.

(c) No application for certification or recertification shall be acted upon unless said application is accompanied by a \$43.00 fee.

(d) Duties of the asbestos safety technician shall be as follows:

1. The asbestos safety technician shall perform all air sampling specified in this subchapter, as delineated in N.J.A.C. 5:23-8.21 and shall be thoroughly familiar with this subchapter. He or she shall inform the department who his or her employer is at the time of his or her application for certification, and shall notify the department in writing within 10 working days of any change in status or employer. He or she shall have access to all areas of the asbestos abatement project at all times and shall continuously inspect and monitor the performance of the contractor to verify that said performance complies with this subchapter while work is in progress. The asbestos safety technician shall be on site from the initial preparation of the work area through the approved final visual inspection, and shall perform all inspections pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:23-8.7.

2. The asbestos safety technician shall direct the actions of the contractor verbally and in writing to ensure compliance with this subchapter. The asbestos safety technician shall require that all workers present a valid asbestos worker performance permit issued by the New Jersey Department of Labor before entering the work area. In matters of negligence and/or flagrant disregard for the safety of any person, including the possibility of contaminating the building environment and the emergence of an unsafe condition at the work area, the asbestos safety technician shall direct such corrective action as may be necessary. If the contractor fails to take the corrective action, or if the contractor or any of his or her employees continually violates the requirements of any regulation, then the asbestos safety technician shall order, in writing, that the work be stopped. If the contractor fails to comply with the order, the asbestos safety technician shall notify the enforcing agency, who shall issue a Stop Work Order to the contractor and have the work area secured until all violations are abated.

3. The asbestos safety technician shall calculate, based on the actual available output (not the rated output) of the air filtering units, the required number of air filtration units for each work area. This calculation shall be made whenever the volume of the work area changes. The asbestos safety technician shall inform the owner, contractor, and the abatement project designer of any discrepancies between the number of units required and those in operation within the work area. If problems are identified and not corrected, the asbestos safety technician shall inform the enforcing agency who shall take necessary measures to ensure corrective action;

4. At the beginning of each work shift, every four hours thereafter, and at the end of the contractor's work day, the asbestos safety technician shall monitor pressure differential by digital manometers with continuous print-out or other approved low pressure monitoring devices for each work area. One or more separate monitoring systems shall be installed for every 10,000 square feet of separation surface adjacent to the work area. Pressure monitoring shall be representative of all adjacent areas. The pressure differential shall meet the minimum requirement set forth in N.J.A.C. 5:23-8.15(b)9 or 8.17(d)6i or 8.19(c)4ii, as appropriate.

5. The asbestos safety technician shall ensure that the contractor smoke tests all the glovebags after they are attached and before the commencement of work.

6. For unoccupied buildings, upon receipt of testing results indicating that concentrations above the acceptance criteria established in N.J.A.C. 5:23-8.21 have occurred during the abatement project, the asbestos safety technician shall immediately direct corrective action and verbally report these results within 24 hours to the contractor, the owner and the abatement project designer. Such verbal notification shall be followed by written notification to the contractor, the owner and the abatement project designer. A copy shall be sent to the enforcing agency and the Department within three business days from receipt of the results. For occupied buildings, the procedure set forth at N.J.A.C. 5:23-8.19 shall be followed.

7. The asbestos safety technician shall monitor the removal of all asbestos-contaminated waste from the work area to ensure that it takes place in conformance with N.J.A.C. 5:23-8.22, in the following manner:

i. Direct removal by a collector/hauler registered with the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to N.J.A.C. 7:26 and pursuant to New Jersey Department of Transportation rules at N.J.A.C. 16:49.

ii. Indirect removal by placement in a locked and secure container, for temporary storage, awaiting the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection registered waste hauler.

8. The asbestos safety technician shall keep an up-to-date and comprehensive daily log of on-site activities. The log shall be updated continuously. The name of the project, name of the asbestos safety technician, and date shall be recorded daily. Each entry shall contain the event, the time of event and shall be initialed by the asbestos safety technician. One section of the log shall contain observations concerning contractor compliance with activities required under this subchapter listing all deficiencies encountered. In addition, the log shall list the name of each person entering the work area. The log shall be a bound book and all entries shall be in ink. The log shall be kept at the project site and shall be made

available upon request at all times to the owner, the abatement project designer and to appropriate local and State agencies.

9. The asbestos safety technician shall prepare a comprehensive final report to include daily logs, required inspection reports, observations and air monitoring results. This report shall be made part of the official record filed by the asbestos safety control monitor.

(e) Penalties: The Department may suspend or revoke a certification, or assess a civil penalty of not more than \$500.00, for each offense, if the Department determines that an individual:

1. Has violated the provisions of the Uniform Construction Code regulations;
2. Has obtained a certification by fraud or misrepresentation;
3. Has aided or abetted in practice as an asbestos safety technician any person not authorized to practice as an asbestos safety technician under the provisions of this subchapter.
4. Has fraudulently or deceitfully practiced as an asbestos safety technician.
5. Has been grossly negligent or has engaged in misconduct in the performance of any of his duties;
6. Has failed to maintain a minimally acceptable level of competence;
7. Has been found to have accepted or failed to report an offer of a bribe or other favors in a proceeding under this act or other appropriate law of this or any other state or jurisdiction;
8. Has failed to comply with any order issued by the Department;
9. Has made a false or misleading written statement, or has made a willful material omission in any submission to the Department;
10. Has failed to enforce this subchapter; or
11. Has performed the duties of an asbestos safety technician without being certified as such.

(f) In addition to, or as an alternative to, revoking or suspending a certification or assessing a penalty, the Department may issue a letter of warning, reprimand, or censure with regard to any conduct which, in the judgment of the Department, warrants such a letter. Such letter shall be made a part of the certification file of the individual. A copy of such action shall be sent to an officer of the asbestos safety control monitor firm employing the individual.

(g) Conviction of a crime or an offense shall constitute grounds for revocation or suspension of a certification.

Amended by R.1986 d.143, effective May 5, 1986.

See: 18 N.J.R. 378(a), 18 N.J.R. 949(a).

Recodified from 8.14 and substantially amended.

Amended by R.1987 d.525, effective December 21, 1987.

See: 19 N.J.R. 902(a), 19 N.J.R. 2389(a).

Substantially amended.

Repeal and New Rule, R.1989 d.342, effective July 3, 1989.

See: 20 N.J.R. 1130(b), 21 N.J.R. 1844(b).

Repealed old 8.15 and replaced with new rule 8.16. Section title remains same; new rule includes substantive changes regarding asbestos safety technician duties.

New Rule R.1986 d.143, effective May 5, 1986.

See: 18 N.J.R. 378(a), 18 N.J.R. 949(a).

Amended by R.1987 d.525, effective December 21, 1987.

See: 19 N.J.R. 902(a), 19 N.J.R. 2389(a).

Substantially amended.

Amended by R.1989 d.342, effective July 3, 1989.

See: 20 N.J.R. 1130(b), 21 N.J.R. 1844(b).

Recodified old 8.18 to new 8.19. Section 8.18 was formerly "Application of asbestos".

In (d)3: added language regarding professional experience substitution for education requirements.

In (d)5: added New Jersey Administrative code citations.

Amended by R.1991 d.181, effective April 1, 1991.

See: 23 N.J.R. 257(b), 23 N.J.R. 1029(a).

In (i)1 and 2, fee increased from \$30.00 to \$40.00.

Amended by R.1992 d.392, effective October 5, 1992.

See: 24 N.J.R. 2657(a), 24 N.J.R. 3521(b).

Fees increased.

Recodified from 5:23-8.16 and 8.19 by R.1993 d.198, effective June 7, 1993.

See: 24 N.J.R. 1422(a), 25 N.J.R. 2519(b).

Prior text at section, "Fees", recodified as 5:23-8.9.

Amended by R.1994 d.436, effective September 6, 1994 (operative January 1, 1995).

See: 26 N.J.R. 2183(a), 26 N.J.R. 3707(a).

Amended by R.1997 d.409, effective October 6, 1997.

See: 29 N.J.R. 2736(a), 29 N.J.R. 4281(a).

5:23-8.11 Asbestos safety control monitor

(a) An asbestos safety control monitor may be an individual, partnership, corporation, or other business entity organized for the purpose of enforcing and administering this subchapter.

1. Each asbestos safety control monitor shall enter into a contract for each asbestos hazard abatement project with the building owner or his authorized agent. The contract shall specify: the scope of the project with the provision that the asbestos safety control monitor shall carry out all the rules and responsibilities established by this subchapter, how the asbestos safety control monitor is to be paid for its services and the name of the employee who shall serve as the representative of the asbestos safety control monitor authorized to review and approve all documents related to the administration of this subchapter.

2. Each asbestos safety control monitor authorized by the Department shall organize its operation to effectively fulfill the requirements of this subchapter. Each person assigned to perform the duties of an asbestos safety technician shall be certified as an asbestos safety technician by the Department.

3. The asbestos safety control monitor shall report to the Department through its designee and shall be subject to the orders and directives of the Department in matters relating to the enforcement of this subchapter.

(b) The Department shall authorize the establishment of an asbestos safety control monitor:

1. No person shall undertake the services described in this section or enter into any contract pursuant to this subchapter without first receiving the authorization of the Department.

i. Except that applicants who have received notice from the Department that their application is complete and suitable for processing may begin to promote or otherwise make their anticipated availability known provided that the applicant discloses in writing at the time of undertaking any such activity that he has not yet been authorized by the Department.

2. Applicants for authorization as an asbestos safety control monitor shall submit an application on the prescribed form, with the required fee pursuant to (h) below, and any additional information the Department may require.

3. Following a determination by the Department that an application is complete and suitable for processing, the Department shall review and evaluate the information contained in the application and such other information as the Department shall deem necessary to enable it to make an accurate and informed determination of approval or disapproval. Within 30 days following the receipt of a completed application, the Department shall make its determination as to whether authorization as an asbestos safety control monitor shall be granted or denied, and shall notify the applicant. In the event of denial, the Department shall provide the applicant with a written explanation of the reasons for denial.

4. The application for authorization shall contain information relating to:

i. The financial integrity of the applicant as evidenced by a reviewed financial statement prepared by an independent certified public accountant;

ii. The qualifications of the management and technical personnel of the applicant, including a statement that all technical personnel who are to be assigned as asbestos safety technicians are certified by the Department;

iii. The type of analysis done (for example, NIOSH 7400) and the laboratory(ies) that do the procedures. If the applicant does its own lab analysis, it shall list the type of equipment used and the personnel using it, with their qualifications. All laboratories shall be accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST). The laboratory shall be a current proficient participant in the American Industrial Hygiene Association Proficiency Analytical Testing Program or any other recognized equivalent program for PCM. All laboratory analysis shall be performed in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:23-8.21;

iv. The names of all technical personnel, including asbestos safety technicians with their certification numbers, and their range of salaries and other compensation;

v. The policies and procedures of the applicant for the hiring, training, education, and supervision of all technical personnel involved in the supervision and performance of duties pursuant to this subchapter;

vi. The prior experience of the applicant in performing similar or related functions;

vii. The capability of the applicant to review plans and specifications and to inspect asbestos abatement work to ensure that the completed work is in compliance with this subchapter;

x. The following work on rails and guides:

(1) Realignment or replacement of main or counterweight rail sections with like products; and

(2) Repair or replacement of guide shoe liners or car and counterweight guides with like product.

xi. The following work on cabs:

(1) Installation or replacement of main and auxiliary car operating panels, emergency lighting, communication devices, door protective and reopening devices, car position indicators, and in-car lanterns;

(2) Repair or replacement of operating station on top of cars, door operating devices, motors, linkages, hangers, etc., hoistway door drive mechanisms, clutches, etc., side emergency exit latching devices and electrical switches, floor leveling and selector drive devices, terminal slow down and limiting devices, load weighing devices (on top of car and under car isolation), keyless entry and security devices, top of car intrusion devices, closed-circuit TV surveillance devices, lighting fixtures in the car on top of the car and under the car; and

(3) Replacement of ceilings with code approved materials, and of door saddles, cab flooring, walls and panels with materials equivalent to those being replaced in respect to weight and fire resistance.

New Rule, R.1993 d.487, effective October 4, 1993.

See: 25 N.J.R. 2159(a), 25 N.J.R. 4592(a).

Amended by R.1995 d.647, effective December 18, 1995 (operative March 18, 1996).

See: 27 N.J.R. 3517(a), 27 N.J.R. 5012(a).

5:23-9.4 (Reserved)

New Rule, R.1990 d.490, effective October 1, 1990.

See: 22 N.J.R. 592(a), 22 N.J.R. 3148(a).

Repealed by R.1995 d.121, effective March 6, 1995 (operative July 1, 1995).

See: 26 N.J.R. 4875(a), 27 N.J.R. 894(c).

Formerly "Seismic Zones".

5:23-9.5 Interpretation: Records retention

(a) A construction official shall maintain, for the life of each structure wholly or partially within the jurisdiction of the enforcing agency, copies of the following documents: construction application, permits(s), any update(s), notice of unsafe structure, certificate of occupancy, ongoing inspection control card, elevator inspection, decision of the construction board of appeals, cut-in card and the inspection and certificate logs.

(b) Copies of additional documents may be retained at the discretion of the construction official.

(c) A construction office shall retain copies of plans for Class I and Class II structures for at least the life of the structures and copies of plans for Class III structures for at least 10 years.

New Rule, R.1990 d.364, effective August 6, 1990.

See: 22 N.J.R. 1455(a), 22 N.J.R. 2275(a).

Amended by R.1992 d.230, effective June 1, 1992.

See: 24 N.J.R. 168(a), 24 N.J.R. 2052(a).

Form numbers changed in (a).

Amended by R.1995 d.647, effective December 18, 1995 (operative March 18, 1996).

See: 27 N.J.R. 3517(a), 27 N.J.R. 5012(a).

Amended by R.1996 d.512, effective November 4, 1996.

See: 28 N.J.R. 3697(a), 28 N.J.R. 4782(a).

5:23-9.6 Interpretation: Fixed central pedestal seating (stools) in casinos

(a) Fixed central pedestal seating (stools) shall be allowed within major aisles and cross-aisles in casinos for gaming patrons who use standard size slot machines or other similar machines, within these aisles, provided the following requirements are met:

1. Schematic drawings shall be submitted to the Department for review and approval which indicate the dimensions and locations of the stools, and the distances from adjacent fixtures, walls or other fixed objects;

2. Stool placement shall not result in any reduction of the required aisle accessway width when measured from the stool and any other adjacent obstacle, including, without limitation, other stools in back-to-back seating arrangements;

3. Stools that swivel and have a back rest shall be restricted so as to rotate in only one direction, operate in series, and be self-centering; and

4. A minimum clearance of eight inches, measured from the face of the gaming machine base at knee height, shall be provided between the gaming machine and the stool and a minimum clearance of 10 inches, measured from seat edge to seat edge, shall be provided between adjacent stools, in order to ensure discharge clearances.

New Rule, R.1991 d.61, effective February 19, 1991.

See: 22 N.J.R. 3610(a), 23 N.J.R. 406(a).

Amended by R.1995 d.647, effective December 18, 1995 (operative March 18, 1996).

See: 27 N.J.R. 3517(a), 27 N.J.R. 5012(a).

5:23-9.7 Interpretation: Manufacturing, production and process equipment

(a) Manufacturing, production and process equipment is not under the jurisdiction of the Uniform Construction Code. Manufacturing, production, and process equipment is defined as all equipment employed in a system of operations for the explicit purpose of the production of a product.

(b) Manufacturing, production, and process equipment shall include, but is not limited to, the following:

1. Electrical generation equipment, such as turbines, condensers, generators, and the like;

2. Electrical transmission equipment such as transformers, capacitors, regulators, switchgears, and the like;

3. Air pollution equipment, such as scrubbers;
4. Metal working equipment, such as castings, screen machines, grinders, lathes, presses, drills, welders, and the like;
5. Material handling equipment, such as rollers, control belts, and the like;
6. Packaging equipment, such as bottling machines;
7. Process drying equipment, such as ovens, kettles, fans, and the like;
8. Finishing equipment, used for such purposes as heat treatment, plating, painting, and the like;
9. Petrochemical refinery/plant equipment used for distillation, conversion, treatment and blending;
10. Electric, steam, pneumatic- or hydraulic-actuated equipment, such as motors, pumps, compressors, and the like;
11. Tanks which constitute part of a controlled industrial process, including those tanks containing flammable and combustible liquids, together with the dikes surrounding the tanks;
12. All piping used to transport products to and between industrial processes; any piping connected to the potable water supply downstream of an appropriate back-flow prevention device; any piping located upstream of the first joint at the outlet of the equipment or upstream of the indirect connection to the sanitary or storm sewer;
13. Pipe racks, hangers, and the like that support the process piping and the storage racks for the raw materials and finished products. Building structural systems supporting the racks, hangers, storage loads, and the like are excluded from the definition of process equipment, except that pipe support units that include a foundation and support steel shall be included as process equipment when they do not transfer loads to structures whose main function is other than supporting process pipe;
14. Boilers, pressure vessels, furnaces and the like used exclusively for industrial process;
15. Pre-wired and/or pre-engineered (bearing name plate) electro-mechanical equipment or machinery used exclusively for an industrial process;
16. Electrical work which forms a part of the power or control system of industrial process equipment, up to the point where that work connects to the plant electrical distribution system. Such a point shall be considered a suitable junction box, panel board, disconnect switch, or a terminal box which constitutes the final connection to the factory-installed equipment wiring. Where these items are not supplied as a part of the equipment, they shall be subject to local enforcing agency jurisdiction; and
17. (Reserved)

New Rule, R.1993 d.132, effective April 5, 1993.

See: 24 N.J.R. 3458(a), 25 N.J.R. 1512(b).

Amended by R.1995 d.647, effective December 18, 1995 (operative March 18, 1996).

See: 27 N.J.R. 3517(a), 27 N.J.R. 5012(a).

5:23-9.8 Bed and breakfast guest houses, change in use group requirements

(a) Use Group R-3 or R-4 single family dwellings being converted to bed and breakfast guest houses shall meet the requirements of this section.

1. "Bed and breakfast guest house" shall mean a facility providing sleeping or dwelling accommodations to transient guests which:

- i. Consists of a structure originally constructed for the purposes of a private residence;
- ii. Includes individual sleeping accommodations for six to 12 guests;
- iii. Has at least one dwelling unit occupied by the owner of the facility as his or her place of residence during any time this facility is being used for the lodging of guests;
- iv. Has not less than 300 square feet of common area for the exclusive use of the guests, including but not limited to parlors, dining rooms, libraries and solariums;
- v. Prohibits cooking and smoking in guest rooms;
- vi. Provides a meal to the guests in the forenoon of each day but does not operate as a restaurant open to the general public;
- vii. Is not a "rooming house" "or boarding house" as defined in N.J.S.A. 55:13B-3;
- viii. Does not allow more than 15 percent of the guests to remain more than 30 successive days or more than 30 days of any period of 60 successive days; and
- ix. Does not allow any guest to remain more than 60 successive days or more than 60 days of any period of 90 successive days.

(b) Use Group R-3 or R-4 single-family residences being converted to bed and breakfast guest houses shall be deemed to have met the intent of the rules, as provided in N.J.A.C. 5:23-2.6(b)1, if the following requirements have been met:

1. AC-powered interconnected smoke detectors with battery back-ups shall be installed in accordance with the building subcode in the locations listed below. Fixed temperature or rate-of-rise and fixed temperature heat detectors may be substituted for smoke detectors in those locations where frequent nuisance alarms would be likely to occur. At least one portable visual alarm-type smoke detector for the deaf or hearing impaired shall be available. Notification of the availability of such devices shall be provided to each occupant. Installation shall be required at the following locations:

5:23-12.8 Alterations, replacements, damages, increases in size, changes in use group, minor work, ordinary repairs

(a) In complying with this chapter, calculations concerning alterations, replacements, damages, increases in size and changes in use group, in N.J.A.C. 5:23-2, shall be performed using data for entire structures. The alteration provisions applicable to the whole structure and/or calculations in N.J.A.C. 5:23-2 shall not be applied to individual elevator devices.

(b) For purposes of this subchapter, alteration of an elevator device means any change to equipment other than minor work and ordinary repair, as defined in N.J.A.C. 5:23-2.17A and 5:23-9.3. When work that includes the alteration of an elevator device has a total cost of less than 50 percent of the physical value of the building, the alteration of the elevator device shall comply only with the applicable requirements of Part XII (Alterations, Repairs, Replacements and Maintenance) of the most recent edition of ASME A17.1 referenced in the building subcode.

Amended by R.1995 d.564, effective November 6, 1995 (operative March 1, 1996).
See: 27 N.J.R. 2829(a), 27 N.J.R. 4281(b).

5:23-12.9 Certificate of compliance requirements

(a) A device shall be granted a certificate of compliance by the construction official for the time period specified based upon N.J.A.C. 5:23-12.3. No device shall be operated unless a valid certificate of compliance has been issued except for the initial period after work under a permit has been completed as per (f) below. Any violation shall be corrected before a new certificate of compliance may be issued.

(b) A temporary certificate of compliance may be issued by the construction official for a device in order to keep the device in operation on which work, as a result of violations, is being diligently performed, if the elevator subcode official finds that no hazard to the public is thereby created. A temporary certificate of compliance may be issued for no longer than 180 days, even if the device is inspected on an annual basis.

(c) The elevator subcode official shall provide written notice to the construction official whenever a temporary certificate of compliance or certificate of compliance is granted by the construction official.

(d) No certificate of compliance shall be issued for any elevator device in use on or before July 1, 1992 that is subject to these rules and is not registered with the Department in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:23-12.4, except elevator devices in structures classified as Use Group R-3 and R-4 shall be exempt from registration. Elevator devices wholly within R-2 residences, not accessible to the general public shall also be exempt.

(e) No certificate of compliance or temporary certificate of compliance shall be issued for any elevator device, as required by this section, which has been approved to operate during the initial period, after a permit, in accordance with (f) below if the device has not been registered pursuant to this subchapter by its first routine inspection, even if a certificate of occupancy, temporary certificate of occupancy or certificate of approval has been issued.

(f) Except as otherwise provided in (e) above, a new device or an existing device which has had work done under a permit shall be issued a certificate of compliance upon the first cyclical inspection based on the following:

1. A device has been approved following the inspection and witnessing of an acceptance test, as required by N.J.A.C. 5:23-12.2, by the application of an Inspection Sticker Approval for Elevator and a recommendation by the elevator subcode official on an Elevator Subcode Technical Section form for a certificate of occupancy or approval, as the case may be.

i. The date of the approval shall begin the cycle of inspections and tests for new devices in a new building and for new devices in an existing building which did not have elevator devices previously.

ii. The date of the approval of an existing device in an existing building shall not change the device's existing cycle of inspections and tests. The cycle shall remain consistent with the inspection cycle in the building, except the device shall not be subject to the five year test before it is due as long as the acceptance test performed under the permit was a full five year test.

2. A device has been approved following the inspection process, as required for minor work by N.J.A.C. 5:23-2.17A(d)2 and 12.2, by the application of an Inspection Sticker Approval for Elevator and a recommendation by the elevator subcode official on an Elevator Subcode Technical Section form for a certificate of approval.

i. The device may operate under the approval given under the permit until the next cyclical inspection, as determined by the inspection cycle of the building, and then shall be subject to a routine or periodic inspection the same as all other elevator devices in the building.

New Rule, R.1995 d.476, effective September 5, 1995 (operative January 1, 1996).

See: 27 N.J.R. 1846(a), 27 N.J.R. 3325(b).

Amended by R.1995 d.564, effective November 6, 1995 (operative March 1, 1996).

See: 27 N.J.R. 2829(a), 27 N.J.R. 4281(b).

Amended by R.1996 d.512, effective November 4, 1996.

See: 28 N.J.R. 3697(a), 28 N.J.R. 4782(a).

5:23-12.10 Inspections in seasonal facilities

(a) For purposes of this subchapter, a "seasonal facility" is defined as a building that is open, and available for use by members of the public, employees or maintenance personnel or any occupants, for a period of not more than 184

consecutive days and is then closed and not available for such use for at least 181 consecutive days.

(b) Elevator devices in seasonal facilities shall be subject only to the applicable periodic inspections and tests (one, three and five year). Such inspections and tests shall be performed prior to the building being used by employees, maintenance personnel, members of the public or occupants. A certificate of compliance or temporary certificate of compliance shall be granted only for the time period during which the device is allowed to operate in the seasonal facility.

1. The fees for performing such inspections and witnessing tests shall be in accordance with such provisions of N.J.A.C. 5:23-12.6 as may be applicable.

(c) An owner of a building with one or more elevator devices may obtain classification of the building as a "seasonal facility" from the local enforcing agency. A request for such classification shall contain the information in (d) below and shall be signed by the owner.

(d) An application for classification of a building as a seasonal facility shall include the following information:

1. The owner's name and address, the building address, the registration number, the device identification number(s), and the date of the last inspection;

2. That the total number of consecutive calendar days per year when the building is in use by the public, employees, maintenance personnel or occupants does not exceed 184 days and that the building is then closed for such use for at least 181 consecutive calendar days;

3. That the elevator devices in the building are not accessible to members of the public, employees, maintenance personnel or building occupants during the time in which the building is closed; and

4. That the disconnects located in elevator device machine rooms and machinery spaces are, during the time in which the building is closed, in the "off" position and locked; and that the access to the keys is secured.

(e) The seasonal facility classification shall become invalid when the conditions of the classification are no longer met. The owner shall immediately notify the enforcing agency of any change in the conditions upon which the approval of classification as a seasonal facility was based.

1. Classification of a building as a seasonal facility shall not be renewed if the classification became invalid as a result of a violation of any conditions of the approval of the classification.

(f) During the period of time in which any device in seasonal facility is in operation, it shall be subject to all applicable code requirements in the same manner as any other device subject to this subchapter.

New Rule, R.1996 d.323, effective July 15, 1996 (operative January 1, 1997).

See: 28 N.J.R. 2112(a), 28 N.J.R. 3549(a).

5:23-12.11 Notice concerning accidents

(a) The construction official shall notify the Department about those accidents involving elevator devices (reported to the enforcing agency as required by the building subcode) that involve either death or personal injury requiring medical treatment by a physician other than first aid or damage to the elevator device that was either a result or cause of the accident and which affects the future safe operation of the device. For purposes of this section, "first aid" means the one time treatment or observation of scratches, cuts not requiring stitches, burns, splinters or contusions, or a diagnostic procedure, including examination and x-rays, which does not indicate any need for further medical treatment. First aid may be performed by licensed medical personnel or by other persons.

1. The construction official shall notify the Elevator Safety Unit about any accident within five working days after the accident is reported to the enforcing agency, except that accidents involving devices under the Department's jurisdiction shall be reported as soon as possible, but not later than the end of the next business day after an accident is reported to the construction official.

2. Within five working days after an accident involving a device not under the Department's jurisdiction is reported to the enforcing agency, a copy of the Accident/Incident Report form and all attachments, as indicated in the form, shall be forwarded to the Elevator Safety Unit by the construction official.

3. When a special inspection is performed by a person other than the Elevator Safety Unit subcode official, a copy of the Inspection Report shall be forwarded to the Elevator Safety Unit within five working days after the date of the special inspection.

New Rule, R.1997 d.64, effective February 18, 1997 (operative May 19, 1997).

See: 28 N.J.R. 4695(a), 29 N.J.R. 550(a).

5:23-12.12 Special safety equipment

(a) On all existing elevators, a space between the elevator hoistway door and the car door or gate shall comply with the requirements of Rule 204.4e of ASME A17.1-1990. Where the space exceeds the maximum distance, a space guard shall be installed to minimize the gap. Sight guards shall be installed along with the space guards on horizontally sliding type hoistway doors.

1. Freight elevators that are equipped with horizontally swinging doors, are not accessible to the general public, and are located in factories, warehouses, garages, or similar buildings shall not be required to comply.

(b) Installation of space and sight guards shall comply with all applicable requirements of ASME A17.3-1993 and shall be considered minor work with the meaning of N.J.A.C. 5:23-2.17A.

New Rule, R.1997 d.305, effective July 21, 1997.
See: 29 N.J.R. 2205(a), 29 N.J.R. 3249(a).

(c) By July 21, 1998, and except as otherwise provided in (a)1 above, all existing elevators shall be required to comply with the requirements of this section.