
ANNUAL REPORT,
OF
THE OFFICERS
OF THE
N. J. State Lunatic Asylum,
TO HIS EXCELLENCY,
GOVERNOR MARCUS L. WARD,
FOR
THE YEAR 1866.

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New Jersey State Library

OFFICERS OF THE ASYLUM.

MANAGERS.

Hon. ALEXANDER WURTS, Flemington, *President*.
THOMAS J. STRYKER, Esq., Trenton, *Secretary*.
Rev. S. M. HAMILL, D. D., Lawrenceville.
Hon. GEORGE F. FORT, New Egypt.
G. S. CANNON, Esq., Bordentown.
P. B. KENNEDY, Esq., Belvidere.
RICHARD T. HAINES, Esq., Elizabeth.
JOHN H. PHILLIPS, M. D., Trenton.
C. S. GREEN, Esq., Trenton.
WILLIAM ELMER, M. D., Bridgeton.

RESIDENT OFFICERS.

SUPERINTENDENT AND PHYSICIAN,
H. A. BUTTOLPH, M. D.

ASSISTANT PHYSICIAN,
HENRY F. CARRIEL, M. D.

STEWARD,
CALEB SAGER.

MATRON,
Miss MARY TABOR.

TREASURER,
JASPER S. SCUDDER, Trenton.

MANAGERS' REPORT.

To His Excellency Marcus L. Ward, Governor of the State of New Jersey :

In pursuance of the provisions of the act providing for the organization of the State Lunatic Asylum, and for the care and maintenance of the insane, the Managers respectfully present their twentieth annual report, detailing the operations and state of the institution for eleven months, ending on the thirtieth day of November last, thus changing the termination of the fiscal year of the institution, from the last day of December to the last day of November, in each year, in accordance with the law passed at the last session of the Legislature.

The number of patients in the Asylum on the thirty-first day of December last was three hundred and sixty-seven. The number admitted during the last eleven months, was one hundred and seventy-three, making the whole number under treatment during that period, five hundred and forty. Of that number fifty-eight were discharged recovered, fifty-four improved, five unimproved, thirty-one died, and three were found not to be insane, leaving four hundred and nine patients in the institution on the thirtieth day of November, eighteen hundred and sixty-six. Of those remaining in the Asylum, eighty-eight are private patients, supported at their own expense or that of their friends, and three hundred and twenty-one are county patients, supported by the public authorities.

The whole number of patients admitted to the Asylum from May 15, 1848, when it was first opened, to the present time, is two thousand seven hundred and seventy-four. Of that number four hundred and eight have died or escaped from the Asylum. Eleven hundred and one have been completely restored, and seven hundred and sixty-four have been discharged more or less improved, while only eighty-eight have been discharged without any perceptible improvement.

Three persons were sent to the Asylum during the year who were not insane, all of whom feigned insanity in order to escape indict-

ment or conviction for criminal offences, and were sent to the Asylum in pursuance of the provisions of the twenty-seventh section of the act for the organization of the Asylum. Two of these escaped from the institution, one of whom was afterwards re-arrested, convicted, and sentenced to the penitentiary, and the third was returned to the county whence he came. The managers refer to this fact merely that the attention of the courts and law officers of the State may be called to the subject, and greater circumspection used in guarding against imposition in cases of this nature. The friends of the criminal sometimes lend themselves to the imposture in order to screen a relative from just punishment, and avert the resulting disgrace from themselves.

It is believed that not a single case has occurred where a person not insane has been sent to the Asylum, either as a public or private patient, upon the usual certificates of a judge and physician, which speaks highly for the care exercised by public officers, and the skill and integrity of the medical practitioners of the State.

The whole number of patients under treatment during the past eleven months amounted to five hundred and forty. Among whom there were only thirty-one deaths, mostly the result of chronic disease or exhaustion. Notwithstanding the crowded state of the institution, a kind Providence has averted all epidemic and contagious diseases, and preserved the general good health of the inmates during the whole year.

The receipts from all sources since the last annual report, including a balance of eighty dollars and eighty-eight cents remaining on the thirty-first of December, eighteen hundred and sixty-five, amount to the sum of ninety-two thousand eight hundred and eighty dollars and eighteen cents (\$92,880.18). The payments for the same period amount to ninety thousand four hundred and ninety-nine dollars and twenty-three cents (\$90,499.23), leaving a balance in the hands of the Treasurer of only two thousand three hundred and eighty dollars and ninety-five cents (\$2,380.95) to carry the institution through the month of December, being much less than the average expenses of the institution for that period of time. This is owing to the fact that the increased compensation for county patients, authorized at the last session of the Legislature, did not take effect until the beginning of the second, instead of the first quarter, of the last fiscal year.

Of the total receipts twenty-five thousand three hundred and thirty-two dollars and ninety-two cents (\$25,332.92) were received from private patients, fifty-two thousand seven hundred and twenty-four dollars and thirty-nine cents (\$52,724.39) from the several counties for the pauper and indigent insane, and fourteen thousand seven hundred and forty-one dollars and ninety-nine cents (\$14,741.99) from the State Treasury for the same class of patients, at the rate fixed by law, no special appropriation for the support of the institution having been made by the Legislature last winter.

The annual inventory of the personal property belonging to the

Asylum was made in November, as now required by law. The appraisement amounts to the sum of forty-two thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine dollars and nine cents (\$42,879.09), being an increase over that of last year of four thousand six hundred and seventy-five dollars and one cent (\$4,675.01). The apparent value of the property of the Asylum is of course enhanced by the present high prices of all articles in use. But special care is taken not to swell the appraisement by excessive valuation, and it is believed that the property specified in the inventory could not now be replaced for a sum anywhere near its appraised value.

There are now in the Asylum four hundred and nine patients, forty-two more than at the close of the last year, when it was thought the utmost possible limit had been reached, and at least one hundred more than can be properly accommodated in the present building. But the officers, unwilling to turn any away from the door, and anxious that all needing the care of the institution should share in its benefits, have, by crowding the wards, turning the sitting rooms into dormitories, and placing beds in the halls at night, found accommodation for all that have come. It has been done, however, at great increase of labor on the part of officers and attendants, to the great discomfort of all in the institution, and in some cases to the positive injury of the patients. The crowded state of the Asylum renders it desirable that the new extension should be completed as rapidly as possible, and it is hoped that part of the east wing will be ready for the reception of patients in the course of the ensuing month. When finished the institution will afford comfortable accommodations for five hundred patients, with the necessary officers, attendants and assistants.

The great extent of the buildings, and the increase in the number of patients, render it necessary that a second Assistant Physician should be added to the resident officers of the Asylum, and the managers would respectfully recommend that the appointment of such officer be authorized by law. By the original act for the organization of the Asylum the aggregate amount of the salaries to be paid to the officers was limited to five thousand dollars. This sum has never been increased or exceeded. And the managers would further recommend and request that the sum be increased by at least two thousand five hundred dollars, to provide for the salary of the second Assistant Physician, and such increase in the salaries of other officers as the present exigencies of the times may require, and as the managers may deem proper, subject to the approval of the Governor, as heretofore.

During the past season, the work upon the new building has been vigorously prosecuted. The walls of the third section of the east wing and of all the west wing have been erected, and the whole building is now under roof and enclosed, so that the interior work can be pushed forward during the winter season without regard to the inclemency of the weather. The plastering on two sections of the east wing is nearly finished, and the doors and wood work are ready

to be put in. Floor boards of the best Carolina pine, and most of the lumber needed for the interior finish are purchased and paid for. All the materials used have been of good quality, and all the labor done by day's work, it being the desire of the Managers to make the extension in the best and most substantial manner, without incurring any expense for unnecessary ornament. The buildings are designed to have every improvement which science and experience can suggest, including Gold's low pressure steam heating apparatus, artificial ventilation, hot and cold water baths, water closets, &c., in every section, all constructed in the most approved manner under the immediate supervision of the Superintendent, who has devoted a large portion of his time and energies to the work, and saved all expense in the employment of an architect, or the payment of commissions, as is usual in such cases. And the Managers respectfully submit it to the judgment of your Excellency and the Legislature as to what compensation should be made by the State to the Superintendent, for his extra services and increased labor in the premises.

Of the appropriation of one hundred thousand dollars made by the Legislature for the erection of the wings, about twenty-one thousand dollars (\$21,000) remain unexpended. This, it is expected, will nearly, if not entirely complete the buildings themselves. To procure the necessary furniture and fixtures for the new buildings, grade the ground, provide drainage, erect the fences and make other needed improvements, will need a further appropriation. And for these objects the managers would respectfully ask the sum of thirty-five thousand dollars (\$35,000).

In addition to the erection of the new wings, considerable work has been done in needed repairs and improvements to the various buildings on the premises, in order to meet the requirements of the enlarged institution and increased number of inmates. Among the most important of these is the substitution in a large part of the old building of Gold's cast iron radiators for heating the building, instead of the wrought iron tubing heretofore used for that purpose, much of which was becoming defective—the enlargement of the laundry and drying rooms, and the procuring of a new steam boiler for the use of the laundry and for raising water for the supply of the Asylum—and the enlarging the machine shop and ice house, all of which are more particularly mentioned in the report of the Superintendent, which, with the report of the Treasurer, is herewith submitted, and will exhibit more in detail the business operations, progress and present condition of the institution.

In conclusion, the managers would renew their acknowledgments to the Superintendent and all the resident officers of the Asylum, for the zeal and fidelity with which they have performed their various duties, and for their devotion to the interests of the institution and the welfare of the patients. And they would again commend to the kind consideration of your Excellency, and to the fostering care and liber-

ality of the Legislature, the institution, its inmates, and the claims of suffering humanity.

ALEXANDER WURTS,
THOMAS J. STRYKER,
SAMUEL M. HAMILL,
GEORGE F. FORT,
GARRET S. CANNON,

PHINEAS B. KENNEDY,
RICHARD J. HAINES,
JOHN H. PHILLIPS,
CALEB S. GREEN,
WILLIAM ELMER,
Managers.

DECEMBER 12th, 1866.

TREASURER'S REPORT.

Abstract of the Treasurer's Accounts for the fiscal year ending November 30, 1866.

RECEIPTS.

Balance in the Treasurer's hands-----	\$80 88
Amount received from the State Treasurer for board of patients-----	14,741 99
Amount received from revenue account-----	78,057 31
	<hr/>
	\$92,880 18

PAYMENTS.

Amount paid Caleb Sager's steward orders-----	90,499 23
Balance in the Treasurer's hands -----	2,380 95
	<hr/>
	\$92,880 18

Respectfully submitted by
TRENTON, November 30, 1866.

JASPER S. SCUDDER,
Treasurer.

We have examined the accounts of which the foregoing is an abstract, ending November 30, 1866, and find them correct.

TRENTON, December 10, 1866.

CALEB S. GREEN,
THOMAS J. STRYKER,
Auditing Committee.

The New Jersey State Lunatic Asylum with Jasper S. Scudder, Treasurer, from December 26, 1865, to November 30, 1866.

DR.	CR.
AMOUNT PAID FOR SUNDRY ACCOUNTS.	
Provision.....	\$25,526 02
Clothing.....	8,268 41
Incidental.....	1,134 25
Farm garden.....	1,004 28
Fuel.....	10,087 06
Repairs.....	2,628 33
Fruit.....	778 81
Furniture.....	4,217 40
Flour.....	7,604 59
Funeral expenses.....	311 14
Wages.....	12,876 10
Harness.....	147 25
Newspaper.....	47 00
Feed.....	1,234 79
Petty current expenses.....	407 15
Freight.....	161 00
Light.....	1,498 21
Laundry.....	499 01
Refunding.....	613 55
Groceries.....	6,139 31
Books and stationery.....	196 63
Straw.....	173 19
Stock.....	575 00
Smith and wheelright.....	419 85
Postage.....	181 32
Medical.....	1,045 61
Fixture.....	2,723 97
	\$90,499 23
Balance.....	2,380 95
	\$92,880 18
	1866, Nov. 30.
	Balance..... \$2,380 95

Respectfully submitted to the Board of Managers.

CALEB SAGER, *Steward.*

SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT.

To the Managers of the Asylum:

GENTLEMEN:—In compliance with the law for organizing the Asylum, the Superintendent submits his annual report.

	Men.	Women.	Total.
Patients in the Asylum, December 31, 1865----	174	193	367
“ received since to Nov. 30, 1866, inclusive-----	85	88	173
“ under treatment during eleven months-----	259	281	540
Patients discharged, recovered, during eleven months-----	23	35	58
“ “ improved-----	11	23	34
“ “ unimproved-----	2	3	5
“ “ not insane-----	3	0	3
Died-----	15	16	31
Total discharged and died-----	54	77	131
Remaining November 30, 1866-----	205	204	409
	County.	Private.	Total.
Of this number there are-----	321	88	409
	Men.	Women.	Total.
Whole number of cases received and treated from opening of Asylum, May 15, 1848, to November 30, 1866, inclusive-----	1330	1444	2774
Discharged, recovered-----	523	578	1101
“ improved-----	330	434	764
“ unimproved-----	43	45	88
Escaped-----	7	2	9
Not insane-----	4	0	4
Died-----	218	181	399
Total discharged and died-----	1125	1240	2365
Remaining, November 30, 1866-----	205	204	409
Total discharged and remaining-----	1330	1444	2774

GENERAL RESULTS AND OBSERVATIONS.

This report is made for the period of eleven months, viz: from January 1, 1866, to November 30, inclusive; the object being to make the fiscal year of the institution conform in future to that of the State, which commences on the 1st of December, and closes on the 30th of November following.

The number of patients in the Asylum at the close of the last year was three hundred and sixty-seven—one hundred and seventy-four men, and one hundred and ninety-three women. The number received since, viz: from January 1, 1866, to November 30, inclusive, was one hundred and seventy-three—eighty-five men and eighty-eight women.

The number of cases under treatment during the same period was five hundred and forty.

Of this number fifty-eight were discharged as recovered; thirty-four as improved, five as unimproved, three as not insane, and thirty-one died.

The number under care at the close of the year was four hundred and nine, of whom two hundred and five were men and two hundred and four were women.

Death occurred in fourteen cases from general exhaustion of system in feeble and worn-out persons, in two from general paralysis, in four from consumption, in four from apoplexy, in one from epilepsy, in three from exhaustion of acute mania, in two from congestion of the lungs, and in one from erysipelas of the head and face.

Eleven more patients have been treated during the period of eleven months than during the whole of any previous year, and the year closes with forty-two more patients than did the year before, or one hundred and nine beyond the proper number; thus showing that all practicable effort has been made to meet the increasing demand for room for the insane of the State.

The general operations of the institution, both internally in regard to the health and mental condition of the patients, and externally in reference to the various employments and amusements resorted to, have been about the same as in previous years.

Some important improvements and renewal of working fixtures have been accomplished during the year. Of the former may be mentioned the introduction of a "Solar Gas Machine," patented by O. P. Drake, of Boston, and furnished through the agency of Messrs. Ferris & Co., Philadelphia. By this arrangement the building has been successfully lighted at a considerably diminished cost as compared with the old system of lighting by gas made by the heat process. These fixtures consist of a wrought-iron tank for receiving the gasoline (which is a high proof of naphtha,) three close pans or vessels of cast iron called evaporators, into which the liquid is drawn from the receiving tank, and a large meter wheel driven by weights which passes the air over the liquid. In its passage through the evapora-

tors and over the naphtha the air becomes so charged with the vapor that it burns like gas. The only attention demanded by the apparatus is to supply the liquid and wind up the weights once in twenty-four hours, requiring from five to ten minutes time.

These fixtures are placed in a room under the pavement outside of the foundation walls of the centre building, where they are considered quite as secure against accident as any form of gas works.

The most important renewal of fixtures referred to was the substitution of Gold's cast-iron Radiators in the warm air chambers of the whole building, except the centre structure, for the wrought-iron tubes or steam pipes heretofore used for warming purposes, and which had become much worn and disordered during the period of eighteen years in which they had been in use.

The experience thus far with these fixtures is such as to justify the expectation that their working will be efficient and economical.

They are to be supplied with steam, mainly from the same boilers as heretofore used, but under low pressure; and on this account, as well as the nature of the material of which they are composed, cast-iron, are believed to be indestructible.

The renewal of the heating fixtures has been attended with much labor and considerable expense, though it was accomplished as contemplated, and suggested in the last annual report without the aid of special appropriation.

In addition to this, a new steam boiler has been procured as a duplicate to the one in use at the laundry, and for supplying the house with water. This was considered a necessary safeguard against the possible failure of the single boiler in use for these important purposes during the last fourteen years.

The ice house has been enlarged by raising the walls several feet, and a new roof supplied in place of the old one, much decayed.

The machine shop has been raised one story, to provide space for a turning lathe, used in making bedsteads and other furniture.

A new road bed from the main highway passing the house to the entrance gate near the building has been laid. The change in the position of this road, also of the fence enclosing the building, is rendered necessary by the extension in that direction.

To make arrangements complete at that point, and secure a necessary privacy to the house and patients, a gate house and gate should be built at an early day.

Another projected improvement, and one of considerable importance in the working facilities of the establishment, is the enlargement of the laundry room, and also the raising of the whole building one story and covering it with a glass roof, introducing many side windows, so that the drying of clothes can be effected at all times under cover, and with plentiful supply of air and light instead of the usual dark closets in which artificial heat is used for the purpose.

Still other improvements and renewals of out-buildings are much needed to conform the establishment fully to the requirements of its

enlarged capacity, and which, it is hoped, may be secured without much delay.

By reference to abstract of Steward's accounts from December 26, 1865, to November 30, 1866, inclusive, it will be perceived that a balance in favor of the Treasurer remains of two thousand three hundred and eighty dollars and ninety-five cents.

This balance would have been somewhat larger but for the fact that the increased charge against the counties for the support of the poor and indigent, authorized by the Legislature at its last session, did not take effect until the beginning of the second instead of the first quarter of the year, and that the expenditures in renewing and improving various fixtures were unusually large.

BUILDING EXTENSION.

The work of extending the building for two hundred additional patients, one hundred of each sex, and which was commenced in the spring of 1865, has progressed favorably during the past year. The remaining section on the east side, and the three on the west side, have been inclosed so that the work of finishing may go forward during the winter. So much progress has been made in the interior finish of the first two sections erected, that additional rooms will soon be provided for female patients.

The arrangement of buildings in three sections on each side of a hollow square, as shown in the plan, it is believed, is well adapted to perfect the separation and classification of the sexes, and complete the institution for the accommodation of five hundred patients, and their attendants and other employees. The whole building will be warmed by Gold's system of low-pressure steam, supplied throughout with hot and cold water, lighted by gas, and ample arrangements for baths, closets, &c., &c., for each department. The ventilation in all parts will be forced by fan and also by upright shafts of brick in each section, warmed by the passage through them of twelve inch cast iron smoke pipes leading from kitchen and boiler room fires.

The pure warm air will be mainly discharged through registers into the halls or corridors, and the foul air withdrawn through unglazed transom sashes over the doors, and thence through openings near the floor in the cross partition walls, which are made hollow for the purpose.

It is expected that by this arrangement a very considerable saving of fuel in warming will be effected, as the same heat that warms the corridors will also warm the rooms sufficiently, through which it passes outward. Sitting rooms, bath rooms, &c., which, from their use, require it, will be supplied with heat directly from the warm air chambers.

It is believed that the appropriations heretofore made for the extension of the buildings, amounting to \$100,000, will nearly and perhaps fully cover the cost of erection.

For furnishing them throughout, for supplying all the needed fixtures and arrangements connected with warming, lighting, drainage internal and external, distributing hot and cold water and gas, together with the proper grading and inclosing of surrounding grounds, and supplying some needed out-buildings, the sum of \$35,000 will be required, thus making a total expenditure of \$135,000.

This sum will not be thought excessive for buildings for two hundred patients and their attendants, especially in view of existing high prices for labor and materials.

It may be added that the work thus far accomplished has been done with good materials, in a plain but substantial manner, by men employed by the day, under the direction of the building committee, without cost to the State for architectural or other superintendence, except a charge of \$60 for drawings in the commencement.

When completed, the buildings will afford easy accommodation for five hundred patients, and with arrangements by which sixteen subdivisions can be made of each sex; a very ample provision for all the purposes of classification.

Should the State at a future day require additional accommodation for the insane, which is probable, it is respectfully recommended that it be supplied by an institution, for all classes, in another part of the State, rather than by farther extension of this.

With the increasing number of patients in the institution, it seems necessary that another medical officer should be permanently connected with it. I would therefore suggest that application be made by your Board, to the Legislature, to create the office of second assistant physician, with such increase in the standing appropriation for salaries of resident officers as the increased extent of the buildings, the number of inmates, and the state of the times, call for.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS.

We have again to acknowledge the kindly services of the clergymen of Trenton and vicinity, in conducting religious services in the chapel of the institution during another year.

From Miss Dix we have, as heretofore, received many tokens of remembrance, among which we may enumerate valuable donations to the patients' libraries, and decorations and dresses for their evening entertainments, showing her never failing interest in the welfare of the institution and its inmates. From Mrs. Hallam, of Gloucester county, a valuable volume for patients' library. From Mrs. M——, of Philadelphia, and from other parties, interesting specimens for the Museum. From Mrs. Tally, of Richmond, Va., \$29.18. From Mrs. Margaret S. Canfield, Burlington county, \$10.

From the publishers of the following daily and weekly newspapers we have received gratuitous copies, viz: Daily True American, Daily State Gazette, Trenton; National Standard, Salem; Somerset Messenger, Somerville; People's Beacon, Lambertville; Monmouth Dem-

LUNATIC ASYLUM REPORT.

ocrat, Freehold; Dollar Newspaper, Burlington; New Jersey Herald, Newton; The Intelligencer, Belvidere; Mount Holly Herald, Mount Holly; Bridgeton Chronicle, Bridgeton.

CONCLUSION.

In closing this annual report I desire to bear testimony to the cheerful and faithful performance of duty in their respective stations, of the resident officers and employes of the institution; and to the members of your Board I renew the expression of my obligation for the considerate kindness that has characterized your intercourse on topics connected with the institution and its inmates.

Respectfully submitted,

H. A. BUTTOLPH.

New Jersey State Lunatic Asylum,
Trenton, Dec. 1, 1866.

New Jersey State Library

ADMISSION OF PATIENTS.

PRIVATE PATIENTS,*

Or those supported by themselves or their friends, are admitted to the Asylum when there are vacancies, on their complying with the directions and forms contained in chapters nineteen, twenty, twenty-one and twenty-two of the by-laws of the institution, which are in substance as follows:

That patients of all classes be made perfectly clean and free from any contagious or infectious disease; that they be provided with suitable clothing, and sufficient in quantity for one or more changes; that a written history of patients be sent with them, or that they be accompanied by a person capable of giving such information; that a "request for their admission" be made by some friend; that a "certificate of insanity," by one respectable physician, be brought with the patient; and lastly, that a bond, with satisfactory sureties, be given for the payment of their expenses, such payment being made quarterly in advance, and for their removal when discharged.

The forms of "request for admission," "certificate of insanity," and "bond for support," &c., are as follows:

FORM OF REQUEST.

To the Superintendent of the N. J. State Lunatic Asylum:

The undersigned, of the township of _____, in the county of _____, is desirous of placing in the State Lunatic Asylum at Trenton, and hereby requests the admission therein of _____, a resident of the township of _____, in the county of _____, who is aged _____ years, and has been [here state what the occupation, profession or business of the person has been.] He (or she) is a native of _____, in the State of _____, and is [here state what the relationship or circumstances of connection may be] of the undersigned.

[Then should follow a written history of the case, stating the alleged cause of insanity, when it commenced, and all the particulars of the case.]

Dated _____, 18—.

* Application for admission of patients, if made by letter, should be addressed to the Superintendent.

FORM OF CERTIFICATE OF INSANITY.

I, A B, physician of the township of ———, in the county of ———, do certify that I have examined into, or am acquainted with the state of health and mental condition of C D, of the township of ———, in the county of ——— and that he is, in my opinion, insane, and a fit subject to be sent to the State Lunatic Asylum.

Signed,

A B.

Dated ———, 18 ———.

[The law requiring the certificates of two physicians, under oath, was repealed by supplement of March 1, 1850.]

FORM OF BOND.

Know all men by these presents, that we, ———, of the township of ———, in the county of ———, are held and firmly bound unto ———, Treasurer of the New Jersey State Lunatic Asylum, and his successors in office, in the sum of five hundred dollars, for the payment of which we jointly and severally bind ourselves firmly by these presents.

Sealed with our seals, and dated this ——— day of ———, 18 ———.

Whereas ———, of the township of ———, in the county of ———, a lunatic, has been admitted a boarder in the New Jersey State Lunatic Asylum at Trenton: Now, therefore, the condition of this obligation, is, that if the said obligators shall pay to the said Treasurer, or his successor in office, the sum of ——— dollars and ——— cents per week, for the board of said lunatic, so long as ——— shall continue a boarder in said asylum, with such extra charges as may be occasioned by ——— requiring more than ordinary care and attention, and shall provide for ——— suitable clothing, and pay for all such necessary articles of clothing as shall be procured for ——— by the steward of the asylum, and shall remove ——— from the asylum whenever the room occupied by ——— shall be required for a class of patients having preference by law, or in the opinion of the Superintendent, to be received into said asylum; and if ——— should be removed at the request of ——— before the expiration of six calendar months after reception, then if such obligators shall pay board for twenty-six weeks, unless ——— should sooner be cured, and if they shall also pay, not exceeding fifty dollars for all damages ——— may do to the furniture or other property of the asylum, and for reasonable charges in case of death; such payment for board and clothing to be made quarterly, in advance, from date of admission, and at the time of removal, with interest on each bill, from and after the time it becomes due, then this obligation to be void, otherwise to remain in force.

Signed and sealed in the presence of ———.

FORM OF ORDER, ETC., FOR JUDGES.

I, A B, one of the judges of the court of common pleas, of the county of ———, and State of New Jersey, do hereby report, that application has been made to me in behalf of C D, a resident of the township of ———, in said county, alleged to be insane, (and in indigent circumstances or a pauper, as the case may be), and that pursuant to the act of the Legislature in such case made and provided, I have called before me Dr. ———, a respectable physician, and other credible witnesses, to wit: (state their names), and having examined them, and fully investigated the case, and not deeming it necessary to call a jury, I do hereby decide and certify that satisfactory proof has been adduced before me, showing the said C D to be an insane person, and that ——— has not sufficient estate or means to support ——— under said visitation of insanity.

Given under my hand at ———, in the county and State aforesaid, this ——— day of ———, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and ———.

A B.

——— county, ss.—I, A B, being duly sworn according to law, do certify and declare that I have examined into the state of health and mental condition of C. D, of the township of ———, of said county of ———, and that I am of opinion that ——— is insane.

A B, Physician.

Sworn and subscribed before me, this ——— day of ———, A. D. ———.

A B, Judge, &c.

Endorse on certificate—"Approved"—A B and C D, Chosen Freeholders of the township of ———, and county of ———.

STATE OF NEW JERSEY, {
——— county, }

I, A B, clerk of the county of ———, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the report and certificate of ———, one of the judges of the court of common pleas of said county, in the case of ———, and also of the certificate of Dr. ———, thereto appended, as filed in my office, that the foregoing is a true copy of the endorsement thereon, and that A B and C D, whose names are signed to the said endorsement of approval, are members of the Board of Chosen Freeholders of said township, in said county, and that said signatures are in their proper handwriting.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and seal of office, at ———, this ——— day of ———, A. D. 18 ———.

[L. s.]

A B, Clerk.

JOINT COMMITTEE'S REPORT.

To the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey :

The Joint Committee to whom was referred so much of the Governor's Message as relates to the State Lunatic Asylum, beg leave to report, that they have visited the institution, passed through and examined all the wards occupied by patients, the heating, ventilating, cooking, lighting, and other fixtures connected with the establishment, and ascertained that the general arrangements of the building and the general condition and working of the various fixtures and appliances is satisfactory.

Although the house is in a very crowded state, having, according to reports of the Managers and Superintendent, upwards of one hundred patients in excess of the proper number, yet a general state of good health exists, and a generally tranquil and comfortable state of the inmates is apparent throughout.

Your Committee also directed their attention to the new buildings in course of erection, and found that they have all been enclosed, and that considerable progress has been made in the work of interior finish in certain sections, giving good hope that at no very distant day additional apartments will be ready for use. The work on the new structure has apparently been done in a substantial manner, with no needless ornament or expenditure, and will prove a most valuable addition to the character and extent of the institution.

The Managers report that of the one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) appropriated by the Legislature for this work, seventy-nine thousand (\$79,000) has been expended, and that twenty one thousand (\$21,000) remains; which sum, it is hoped and expected, will nearly if not fully cover the expense of finishing the building proper.

They also estimate that to procure the necessary furniture and fixtures for the buildings that are to receive two hundred patients and their attendants, grade the grounds, provide drainage, erect fences, and make other needed improvements to place the establishment in full and proper working order, in its enlarged form, that the further sum of thirty-five thousand dollars (\$35,000) will be required. The

appropriation of this sum, for the objects named, we recommend to be made.

In consideration of the increased capacity of the building to receive patients, from three hundred to five hundred, and the consequent increase in the duties of supervision, &c., the managers propose the addition of another officer to the medical staff of the institution. As this is no doubt a just view of the necessities of the case, we recommend that the office of second Assistant Physician be created by an act of the Legislature, and that the standing appropriation for salaries for resident officers and Treasurer, be increased from five to eight thousand dollars.

During the past year an improved method for lighting the house has been adopted, whereby a saving in the expense of manufacturing gas by the heat process, amounting to eight hundred dollars per annum is effected. The expenditure for this improvement, (the money for which, by consent of the managers, was advanced by the Superintendent), was two thousand dollars (\$2,000), and we recommend that this amount be reimbursed by an appropriation from the State treasury.

Through reference to the report of the Superintendent, and our observation in visiting the premises, your Committee find that the public entrance to the building has never been properly enclosed, and that a gate lodge and gate is much needed to secure the privacy of the establishment at all times. For this purpose, and to complete the new entrance road, rendered necessary by extension of buildings in that direction, an appropriation of two thousand dollars (\$2,000) is recommended.

In the report of the managers your Committee find a recommendation that, in consideration of the extra services of the Superintendent, as one of the Commissioners for extending the building, that he receive extra compensation for such service. We would state, however, that while we perceive the justice of such recommendation for extra compensation, yet we are authorized by the Superintendent to state that he does not desire it, and would prefer that it should not be offered.

In these circumstances, your Committee would suggest to the Board of Managers, that such liberal increase be made in the annual salary of this officer, as to meet the obligation of the State to him for increasing and extra services required by the institution in its enlarged form.

In conclusion, your Committee take pleasure in expressing their confidence in the medical, moral and financial management of the institution, and beg to commend this greatest and best of our State charities, to the confidence and liberality of the Legislature and people of the commonwealth.

We herewith submit bill embracing appropriations for the objects before mentioned, viz: for furnishing, fitting, &c., &c., new buildings, thirty-five thousand dollars (\$35,000); for increasing appropriation for

salaries for resident officers and Treasurer, three thousand dollars (3,000); for "Solar Gas Machine" for lighting building, two thousand dollars (\$2,000), and for gate house, gate and entrance road to building, two thousand dollars (2,000), and recommend the passage of the same.

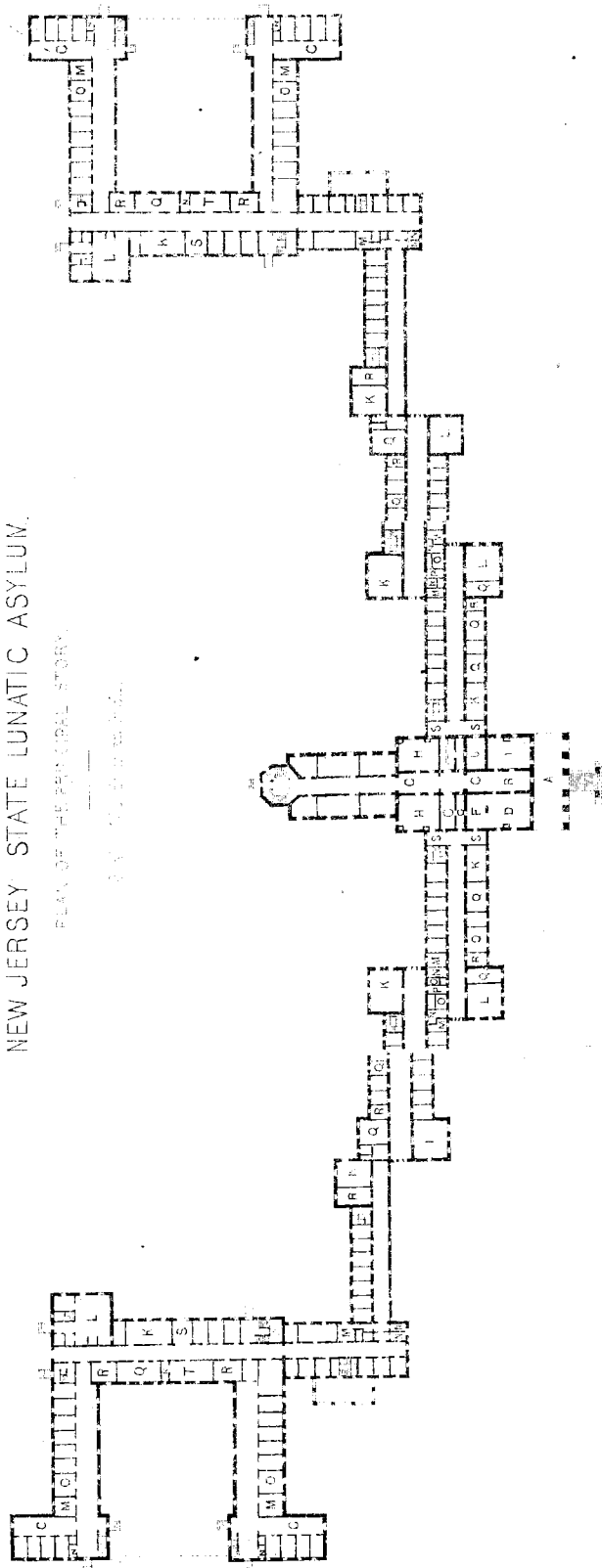
JAMES L. HAYS,
CHAS. H. WINFIELD,
Senate Committee.

SAMUEL ATWATER,
JAMES H. NIXON,
THOMAS S. R. BROWN,
I. P. TRIMBLE,
JOHN PERRINE,
House Committee.

NEW JERSEY STATE LUNATIC ASYLUM.

PLAN OF THE PERSONAL STORY.

OF THE BUILDING.



REFERENCES TO PLAN.

A. Portico. B. Entrance Hall. C. Halls of Centre and Wards.
D. Superintendent's Office. E. Manager's Room and Public Parlor.
F. Apothecary Room and Steward's Office. G. Medical Stores.
H. Reception Parlors for Patients. I. Stairs. J. Assistant Physi-
cian's Room. K. Dining Rooms. L. Parlors of Wards. M. Bath
Rooms. N. Water Closets. O. Clothes Rooms. P. Passage be-
tween 1st and 2d Wards. Q. Associated Dormitories. R. Attend-
ant's Rooms. S. Spaces for Light and Air. Blank Rooms (Single
Bed Rooms for Patients.)
☐ Foul Air Shafts. ☐ Dumb Waiters. ☐ Chimneys.

The CENTRE BUILDING is four stories high. The first, being the
Steward's Apartments, Kitchens and Store-rooms. The second, the
Public Offices, Parlors, &c. The third, the Superintendent's Private
Rooms and the Chapel. The fourth, Bed Rooms. The Tanks for
supplying water, occupy the Dome.

The WINGS are three stories high, and are similarly arranged, ex-
cept the first story of those adjoining the Centre, which are arranged
for various domestic offices and bed rooms.