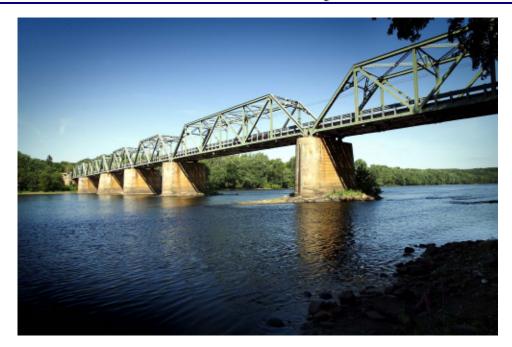
2006 TRAFFIC ENGINEERING REPORT

Year 2007 Toll Bridge Traffic Volume And Revenue Projections







Submitted to:

Delaware River Joint Toll Bridge Commission

Administration Building, 110 Wood Street Morrisville, PA 19067

January 17, 2007



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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Pennoni Associates Inc. (Pennoni) has been retained by the Delaware River Joint Toll Bridge Commission (Commission) to determine if the projected year 2007 revenues will be enough to satisfy the conditions of the Bridge System Revenue Bonds, Series 2003. Specifically, Section 703 (b), paragraph 2 of the Bridge System Revenue Bonds, Series 2003 states that the Commission will not issue any Additional Bonds constituting Long-Term Indebtedness unless (along with other things) the following is delivered to the Trustee:

A report of a Consultant to the effect that (i) the Net Revenues of the Commission during the preceding Fiscal Year were at least 130% of the Maximum Annual Debt Service on all Applicable Long-Term Indebtedness then Outstanding and on any Applicable Long-Term Indebtedness proposed to be issued (which report may assume any revisions of the Tolls which have been approved by the Commission subsequent to the beginning of such Fiscal Year were in effect for the entire Fiscal Year), and (ii) the Projected Debt Service Coverage Ratio is not less than 1.30.

The Commission has made several changes to the toll structure and operations at the toll bridges. On November 30, 2002, an electronic toll collection (ETC) system utilizing E-ZPass technology was introduced, with tolls being increased for all vehicle classes on all toll bridges, with discounts given to E-ZPass vehicles. In addition, toll collection at the New Hope – Lambertville Toll Bridge was converted to one-way westbound, the same as the other Commission toll bridges. On October 31, 2003, tolls for passenger cars were reduced, and on January 1, 2004, tolls for trucks were increased.

Revenues for 2007 were projected by applying the current toll structure to the 2007 projected volumes for each vehicle type on the seven toll bridges under the jurisdiction of the Commission.

The sum of year 2007 projected toll bridge revenues (\$81,076,101) under the current toll structure is high enough to satisfy Section 703 (b), paragraph 2 of the Bridge System Revenue Bonds, Series 2003. Table 16 lists the projected revenues and expenditures for the year 2007. Since there is a projected Debt Service Coverage Ratio of 3.28, the requirements of the Bridge System Revenue Bonds, Series 2003 are projected to be met.





INTRODUCTION

Pennoni Associates Inc. (Pennoni) has been retained by the Delaware River Joint Toll Bridge Commission (Commission) to project traffic volumes by vehicle type on the seven toll bridges for the year 2007. The seven toll bridges and 13 toll-supported bridges under the jurisdiction of the Commission are listed below from south to north.

| TOLL BRIDGES | TOLL-SUPPORTED BRIDGES |
|--|--|
| DISTRICT ONE | |
| Trenton-Morrisville (U.S. Route 1) | Lower Trenton |
| New Hope-Lambertville (U.S. Route 202) | Calhoun Street |
| | Scudder Falls (Interstate 95) |
| | Washington Crossing |
| | New Hope-Lambertville (Route 179) |
| | Centre Bridge-Stockton |
| | Lumberville-Raven Rock (Pedestrian Only) |
| DISTRICT TWO | |
| Interstate 78 | Uhlerstown-Frenchtown |
| Easton-Phillipsburg (U.S. Route 22) | Upper Black Eddy-Milford |
| | Riegelsville |
| | Northampton Street |
| | Riverton-Belvidere |
| DISTRICT THREE | |
| Portland-Columbia | Portland Columbia (Pedestrian Only) |
| Delaware Water Gap (Interstate 80) | |
| Milford-Montague | |

The purpose of the study is to determine if year 2007 projected toll revenues (under the current toll structure) will satisfy the requirements of the Bridge System Revenue Bonds, Series 2003. Specifically, Section 703 (b), paragraph 2 of the Bridge System Revenue Bonds, Series 2003 states that the Commission will not issue any Additional Bonds constituting Long-Term Indebtedness unless (along with other things) the following is delivered to the Trustee:

A report of a Consultant to the effect that (i) the Net Revenues of the Commission during the preceding Fiscal Year were at least 130% of the Maximum Annual Debt Service on all Applicable Long-Term Indebtedness then Outstanding and on any Applicable Long-Term Indebtedness proposed to be issued (which report may assume any revisions of the Tolls which have been approved by the Commission subsequent to the beginning of such Fiscal Year were in effect for the entire Fiscal Year), and (ii) the Projected Debt Service Coverage Ratio is not less than 1.30.





METHODOLOGY

To project traffic volumes on the toll bridges for the year 2007, we considered new development projects which could add traffic to the toll bridges, roadway construction projects which could divert motorists from their regular routes, and general background growth, based on historic traffic volume data crossing the bridges.

YEAR 2007 DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS

County planning/engineering offices for the eight counties along the Delaware River within the study area (Bucks, Northampton, Monroe, Pike, Mercer, Hunterdon, Warren, and Sussex) as well as staff from PENNDOT and NJDOT were contacted to learn of large developments which could have a major affect on toll bridge volumes during the year 2007. While several development projects are underway, only a few major projects are expected to open/expand/contract during the 2007 calendar year. For informational purposes, we have discussed major projects which may reach full buildout in the distant future but will likely not contribute any traffic during the year 2007.

District 1

In Mercer County, Ashley Park which is owned by Bristol-Myers Squibb is located at I-95 and Princeton Pike in Lawrence Township. The property is currently under construction for a one million square foot office building, to be occupied by mid to late 2007.

The Merrill Lynch facility located off the Scotch Road exit of I-95 in Hopewell Township is in the preliminary design stages for a three million square foot addition. This addition is not expected to be completed by the end 2007.

We note that the Bristol-Myers Squibb and Merrill Lynch properties are off I-95, and motorists to / from Pennsylvania would likely use the Scudder Falls (I-95) toll supported bridge, which will not affect the toll revenue income for 2007 year.

The Quakerbridge Mall, located next to the Mercer Mall in Lawrence Township approximately seven miles from the Trenton-Morrisville Toll Bridge is considering an expansion, but is in the preliminary design stages at this point. The expansion is expected to be completed by 2008 at the earliest. Nonetheless, no additional traffic from Pennsylvania is anticipated to cross the Trenton-Morrisville Toll Bridge to use the Quakerbridge Mall when it is expanded, since the Oxford Valley Mall located on Route 1 in Middletown, Bucks County is less than seven miles from the Trenton-Morrisville Toll Bridge.

There are several other medium sized developments in Mercer County at various stages of the approval process, but many are not near the Delaware River or Route 1. No specific increase in traffic at the Trenton-Morrisville Toll Bridge was assumed from Mercer County developments.

In Bucks County, several small age-qualified residential developments totaling almost 1,300 units have been proposed in Bensalem, Lower Makefield, Middletown and Newtown during 2006. Also several small industrial land developments totaling almost 1,200,000 square feet have been proposed in Bristol and Falls during 2006. Motorists destined to these facilities from New Jersey



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2006 TRAFFIC ENGINEERING REPORT YEAR 2007 TOLL BRIDGE TRAFFIC VOLUME AND REVENUE PROJECTIONS DELAWARE RIVER JOINT TOLL BRIDGE COMMISSION

could use the turnpike bridge, the Scudder Falls Toll Supported Bridge, or the Trenton Morrisville Toll Bridge to cross into New Jersey. Nonetheless, we have not assumed any additional traffic crossing the Trenton-Morrisville Toll Bridge from these buildings in 2007, in part due to the early development stage of most projects.

The Matrix development in Lower Makefield and Middletown Townships went under major redesign in 2006. The project will now be broken into two phases with the first phase consisting of 600 age qualified units of single family homes, condominiums and town homes which is projected to be completed in 2008. The second phase will consist of 55,000 square feet of both office space and retail. Nothing will be occupied in 2007.

Philadelphia Park located near PA Turnpike and Route 1 in Bensalem is part of the first phase of casino expansion into Pennsylvania. The race track originally opened in November of 1974 and was one of six race tracks in Pennsylvania to be awarded with a gaming license to install up to 5,000 slot machines. On December 19, 2006, the facility opened with 1,996 slot machines, and will eventually have 3,000 slot machines. The other five tracks are located outside of the study area, with the closest park at Pocono Downs in Plains Township, more than 50 miles from The Delaware Water Gap or Milford Montague Toll Bridges.

As the Trenton Morrisville Toll Bridge would be the most direct route for NJ residents to reach Philadelphia Park, we have conservatively not assigned any additional growth to this bridge from a revenue standpoint. Trip Generation estimates for full casinos vary widely, and we do not have before and after data of trip generation at a thoroughbred racetrack with slot machines.

In Hunterdon County, the final phases of an age restricted residential development are expected to be occupied by 2007. While the development is located close to the New Hope Lambertville Toll Bridge, it is only 129 units and can also use the New Hope Lambertville Toll Supported Bridge.

Another small residential development is to be located in Sergeantsville, just off of Hunterdon County Route 523. We note that Route 523 is the New Jersey approach to the Centre Bridge-Stockton Toll Supported Bridge. No additional traffic is expected at the toll bridges from this development.

District 2

The Sands Bethworks Casino is one of the five new stand alone casinos in Pennsylvania, and one of two outside of Philadelphia and Pittsburgh. The casino will be located at the former Bethlehem Steel plant in the City of Bethlehem and is expected to open in July 2008 with 5,000 slot machines. The project is also considering a 300,000 square foot casino with 5,000 slot machines, a 500 to 1,000 room hotel, a convention center, and 800,000 square feet of retail space, up to 1,200 apartments, a festival hall, a 3,000 seat arena, and a spa.

An upscale retail lifestyle center of approximately 1.0 million square feet is being considered in Bethlehem on Route 33 and Freemansburg Road, but plans are in the preliminary design phase. The project will not be completed in 2007.

Greenfield Industrial Park is a proposed 1,300,000 square foot warehouse located in Bethlehem which is currently under construction and is scheduled to open sometime in 2007.





Martin Tower in Bethlehem is proposed to consist of a 22-story condominium building with 800 units and 15 acres of additional residential and retail. Currently the site is in the process of rezoning, and is not expected to be completed by the end of 2007.

The Scranton Wilkes-Barre Red Barons, the Philadelphia Phillies AAA minor league team will be relocating from Scranton/Wilkes-Barre to Allentown, and a new stadium will be built beside the location for the Aztar Corporation Casino. The new stadium will seat 5,000 people and is scheduled to open up in the spring of 2008. The Phillies minor league team will play home games in Ottawa during 2007. In concert with the Phillies AAA team leaving Scranton Wilkes-Barre, the New York Yankees have relocated their AAA team from Columbus Ohio to Scranton Wilkes-Barre. While the Yankees AAA team may draw more northern NJ Yankees fans than the Phillies AAA team, no major changes to travel patterns across the toll bridges are expected to occur in 2007.

An upscale retail lifestyle center consisting of 443,000 square feet of retail is under construction at Route 309 and I-78 in Saucon Valley. It is scheduled to open up to the public in October of 2007. As this facility is located over 15 miles from NJ, we do not anticipate any additional traffic crossing the I-78 or Easton-Phillipsburg bridges.

Several smaller developments are underway, but these are not expected to alter traffic volumes on the toll bridges.

In Warren County, a mixed development of approximately 120 units of residential and 1,400,000 square feet of retail are proposed in Franklin, but it is not anticipated to be occupied in 2007.

District 3

During 2005 and 2006 the Mountain Laurel Center for the Performing Arts in Bushkill, Pike County, PA was under negotiations to be sold, and ownership changed in March of 2006. With ownership in question for the better part of 2005 there was approximately 10 events scheduled for the 2006 season. While the 2007 schedule is not complete, we have assumed that the number of scheduled events will increase with new ownership during the summer of 2007, but will not have enough impact on traffic to increase traffic on the toll bridges.

Surrounding the Performing Arts Center, up to 5,300 housing units are being considered in Lehman Township. At this point, the development is in the early approval process and the project is not scheduled to be completed in 2007.

In Monroe County, a slot machine casino license has been awarded to the Mount Airy resort in Paradise Township. Preliminary timetables indicate that the Mount Airy resort casino will open in November 2007. To be conservative, we have not assumed any additional toll revenues from this casino.

The Shawnee Valley residential development located just north of the Delaware Water Gap Toll Bridge received approvals for approximately 1,500 homes in 1988, and is starting to move forward. The first stage of approximately 200 homes will be built soon, but no specific increase was assumed for 2007.

No major developments are proposed in Sussex County for 2007.





RECENT ROADWAY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS

County planning/engineering offices and the departments of transportation were also asked about significant roadway construction projects near the bridges. In addition, the Delaware Valley Regional Planning Commission (DVRPC) Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) was also reviewed. Our findings are as follows:

Bucks County, Pennsylvania

- ☑ The Pennsylvania Turnpike will have an interchange with I-95 in Bristol. The project is in the first phase of construction and is expected to continue until 2010. Phase I will not affect any traffic patterns in 2007.
- ☑ In Doylestown and Buckingham Townships, modifications will be made to US Route 202 from Route 313 to Mechanicville Road. However it is not anticipated that the traffic volumes at the New Hope Lambertville Toll Bridge will be altered from this project in 2007.
- ☑ In Doylestown and Warrington Townships, US Route 202 from Welsh Road to SR 611 will be widened. The construction schedule will be broken up into four phases from 2007-2010. However the distance of the project to the New Hope Lambertville Toll Bridge will not impact the toll bridge volumes.

Mercer County, New Jersey

- ☑ Resurfacing of Interstate 95 from Route 29 to Route 1 will begin in early 2007. The installation of signing, top soil and seeding of exposed areas, guiderail upgrades and restriping will also occur along segments of the project area. The resurfacing will take place during the overnight off peak periods and is not anticipated to alter traffic volumes in 2007.
- ☑ Interstate 195 in Hamilton Township will have a two mile section resurfaced, along with the ramps at the Interstate 195/295 interchange and the ramp to Route 206 southbound. This project is not anticipated to alter traffic volumes on any toll bridges in 2007.

In reviewing the Lehigh Valley Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) as well as the DVRPC TIP for Pennsylvania and New Jersey, there are no major construction projects planned in other areas that are projected to have significant effects on volumes or patterns near the bridges.





HISTORICAL TRAFFIC VOLUMES

The Commission provided historical traffic volume information for the eleven vehicular toll-supported bridges and the seven toll bridges. For the purpose of this study, volumes and toll revenue data from the years 2001 to 2006 were used.

Monthly traffic volume data for the toll-supported bridges is summarized on a yearly basis from 2001 to 2006, as listed in Tables 1 through 6. Where volume data was not available, traffic volumes were estimated and are shown in italics. No vehicle classification was provided, but most toll-supported bridges (with the exception on the Scudder Falls Bridge and the Upper Black Eddy-Milford Bridge) have weight restrictions prohibiting large trucks.

The Scudder Falls Toll Supported Bridge carries approximately 19-20 million vehicles per year, which converts to an average annual daily traffic volume (AADT) of approximately 55,000 vehicles. Since traffic is higher on weekdays, the average weekday traffic volume (AWDT) is approximately 58,000 vehicles. Volumes on the Scudder Falls Bridge have remained constant for several years. The Northampton Street and Calhoun Street Toll Supported Bridges carry approximately 6.7-8.5 million vehicles per year, and the Lower Trenton and New Hope-Lambertville Toll Supported Bridges carry approximately 4.5 – 6.5 million vehicles per year. While the Calhoun Street Toll Supported Bridge has always carried more traffic than the Lower Trenton Bridge, the gap is narrowing, with a difference of approximately 700,000 vehicles over the past few years, down from over two (2) million cars in 2001. We note that construction on the New Hope-Lambertville Toll Supported Bridge closed this bridge for weekdays in the early part of 2004, reducing the yearly volume to approximately 3.7 million vehicles. The remaining toll-supported bridges carry from 1.1 to 2.7 million vehicles per year.

At the toll supported bridges, there were minor fluctuations in volumes year to year on most bridges, with the five-year trend generally less than three percent per year. Of exception are the Uhlerstown-Frenchtown, Riegelsville, and New Hope-Lambertville Toll Supported Bridges. We note that volumes at Uhlerstown-Frenchtown have remained consistent for the past three years, while volumes at Riegelsville during 2004 are similar to those from 2003. The Lower Trenton Bridge realized the greatest yearly changes from 2002 to 2003 due to the toll increase, and again saw a large change from 2003 to 2004 due to the toll decrease. More vehicles gradually returned to the Route 1 Bridge from the Lower Trenton Bridge during 2005 and 2006.

During 2001, The Uhlerstown-Frenchtown Bridge was closed for repairs during weekdays from March through July, with most traffic diverting to the Upper Black Eddy-Milford Bridge and some diverting to the Centre Bridge-Stockton Bridge. Year 2002 to 2006 volumes indicate that traffic has returned to Uhlerstown-Frenchtown, but not back to the levels prior to construction. The Riegelsville Bridge has remained essentially unchanged from 2000 to 2002, and then had approximately 300,000 - 400,000 fewer vehicles in 2003 through 2006. Conversely, the Lower Trenton Bridge had modest growth from 2000 to 2001, and then a spike of 500,000 vehicles in traffic during 2002 and a higher spike of 1,000,000 in 2003. Volumes have reduced by approximately 500,000 from 2003 to 2006. We assume that vehicles diverting from the Trenton-Morrisville Toll Bridge after the toll increase account for the 2003 increase. Floods during April 2005 closed several smaller toll supported bridges for a period of just four days, but the Washington Crossing Toll Supported Bridge





was closed for almost the entire month. Floods at the end of June 2006 closed several toll supported bridges for two days.

Reviewing information from the seven toll bridges under the jurisdiction of the Commission during 2006, we found the Trenton-Morrisville (US Route 1), I-78, Easton-Phillipsburg (US Route 22), and Delaware Water Gap (Interstate 80) bridges carry between 6.2 million and 10.0 million toll paying (westbound) vehicles per year. The remaining three toll bridges carry between 1.29 million and 1.84 million toll paying (westbound) vehicles per year. These figures have remained consistent over the past few years, with the exception of the New Hope Lambertville Toll Bridge, which saw a spike in passenger cars during 2004 from the construction on the New Hope Lambertville Toll Supported Bridge.

The five-axle tractor-trailer continues to be the most common truck type, representing approximately 9.4 percent of vehicles crossing the seven toll bridges during 2006, and estimated to comprise approximately 9.3 percent of vehicles during 2007 but generating approximately 58 percent of the 2007 toll revenue. Conversely, passenger cars represented approximately 86 percent of the vehicles on the seven toll bridges during 2006, and are projected to generate approximately 27 percent of the toll revenue during 2007. The volume figures have remained consistent for the past several years.

YEAR 2007 TRAFFIC VOLUME AND TOLL REVENUE PROJECTIONS

Based on the findings listed above, a growth or reduction factor was applied to 2006 data for each vehicle type on each toll bridge to project year 2007 volumes. Generally, recent one-year to three-year growth trends are considered, but the 2003 and 2004 calendar year volumes were mildly different. The November 30, 2002 toll increase caused passenger cars to divert from toll bridges to toll supported bridges that were nearby and convenient, and also caused some outright reductions in vehicles crossing the bridges. The October 31, 2003 rollback for passenger car tolls caused some vehicles to return to toll bridges, but generally not back to year 2002 volumes. In January 2004, the second phase of the truck toll increase was implemented. The August 2004 toll increase on the Pennsylvania Turnpike may have shifted some vehicles back to Commission Bridges, as an increase in five axle trucks was observed on the Trenton-Morrisville Toll Bridge. This was the first appreciable increase in this truck class, after a decline of several years. Flooding caused many smaller toll supported bridges to close for approximately 2-4 days in September 2004 and June/July 2006 but it is doubtful that this had any major impact on toll revenues.

There were generally no abnormalities during 2006. The floods during June 30 to July 1 closed several small toll supported bridges for two days. Gasoline prices were steadily rising during the summer months to approximately \$2.60 per gallon in New Jersey. The effects of Hurricane Katrina caused gasoline prices to spike from approximately \$2.60 per gallon to \$3.30 per gallon from late August to late September 2005, but by late November 2005, gasoline was observed at \$1.85 per gallon in New Jersey. Throughout 2006 gasoline prices rose steadily peaking in the summer, and began falling after Labor Day to \$1.89 per gallon. No long term effect was experienced from the September 2005 spike in prices.

Tables 7 through 13 illustrate actual traffic volumes for the seven toll bridges for the years 2001 through 2006, as well as the projected year 2007 volumes. The current toll structure was applied to the projected 2007 volumes to determine the projected year 2007 revenue for each toll bridge.



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The E-ZPass electronic toll collection system provides a discount over cash paying customers. For passenger cars, casual E-ZPass customers will pay \$0.60, a 20% discount over the cash rate of \$0.75. Frequent or commuter E-ZPass users that have 20 or more crossings in a 35-calendar day period will pay \$0.45, a 40% discount over the cash fare. The sum of commuter E-ZPass transactions was provided for the seven (7) toll bridges. Based on E-ZPass penetration rates at each toll bridge and the number of total commuter E-ZPass transactions, we were able to estimate the number of cash paying passenger cars, casual E-ZPass passenger cars, and commuting E-ZPass passenger cars at each of the seven (7) toll bridges.

For trucks, there are different E-ZPass fares for peak (6 AM – 9 PM) and off peak traffic. Review of hourly traffic during a typical week in 2006 (April 28 – May 4) provided the percentage of peak traffic as a percentage of daily traffic for each truck class on every toll bridge. Data provided by the Commission indicated the percentage of trucks that are using E-ZPass. From the week of hourly data, we were able to determine the peak/off-peak split of the E-ZPass users.

We combined the data of cash users and E-ZPass users, with specific percentages of peak/off peak activity for each vehicle class at each bridge to reach a weighted average toll. For example, the 2-axle trucks at the Trenton-Morrisville Bridge will have 28% cash users at \$5.00, 66.5% peak E-ZPass users at \$4.75, and 6.5% off peak E-ZPass users at \$4.25, for a weighted average toll of \$4.79. Special permit vehicles will maintain the same toll structure of \$0.40 per ton plus \$2.00 permit fee. For example, a truck weighing 80,000 pounds (40 tons) will pay \$18.00.

Table 14 compares the 2006 volumes and revenues for each bridge and maintenance district with the projected 2007 volumes. As indicated, overall toll traffic volumes are projected to increase by approximately 455,000 vehicles (1.20%) while revenues are projected to increase by approximately \$695,000 (0.87%). The growth is projected based on the following factors:

- A small increase (0.4% 0.6%) in vehicles on four toll bridges, a modest increase of 1.6% and 2.5% at Trenton Morrisville and I-78, respectively, and virtually no growth on the New Hope Lambertville Toll Bridge.
- A stabilizing of diverted passenger cars returning to the New Hope-Lambertville Toll Supported bridge from the New Hope-Lambertville Toll Bridge.

Table 15 is provided in response to (i) of Section 703 (b) paragraph 2 and provides 2007 Total Revenue, 2007 Operating Expenses, Net Revenue, Maximum Annual Debt Service, and 130% of the Maximum Annual Debt Service. All values were provided by the Commission. The requirement that the Net Revenue for the preceding fiscal year be at least 130% of the Maximum Annual Debt Service was met, as indicated in the Table.

Table 16 lists the 2007 projected toll revenues, and subtracts the projected operating expenses. The Net Revenue is then divided by Maximum Annual Debt Service to calculate a Projected Debt Service Coverage Ratio that is not less than 1.30. The Commission provided all the figures in Table 16, with the exception of the projected 2007 toll revenue. With a Projected Debt Service Coverage Ratio of 3.28, the requirements of the Bridge System Revenue Bonds, Series 2003 are projected to be met.





Table 1-2001 Toll Supported Bridge Volumes

| Month | Jour Tretter | Cathour Steed | cyclette Cale | Westington Crossing | S ROW HORE JEHER LINE | Control Hills Stocker | ine don't let their | Jege Wilder | REEFERITE | Refried Steel | zielor zbrider | \[\tau_{\tau_{0}}^{\tau_{0}} \] |
|-----------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------|-----------|---------------|----------------|----------------------------------|
| January | 384,765 | 565,225 | 1,542,037 | 180,772 | 420,000 | 120,000 | 111,850 | 107,812 | 112,214 | 639,299 | 131,187 | 4,315,161 |
| February | 362,983 | 536,053 | 1,452,342 | 165,324 | 375,707 | 117,831 | 109,361 | 99,143 | 103,747 | 587,134 | 119,243 | 4,028,868 |
| March | 404,806 | 610,836 | 1,680,865 | 190,276 | 433,212 | 149,743 | 62,384 | 161,457 | 121,620 | 673,576 | 141,122 | 4,629,897 |
| April | 420,647 | 596,302 | 1,728,375 | 205,862 | 448,242 | 174,344 | 46,567 | 188,291 | 132,380 | 687,195 | 151,778 | 4,779,983 |
| May | 444,715 | 648,001 | 1,807,165 | 219,838 | 474,201 | 190,047 | 48,657 | 202,234 | 141,965 | 705,070 | 161,012 | 5,042,905 |
| June | 435,276 | 637,268 | 1,788,324 | 213,296 | 464,735 | 189,874 | 11,579 | 197,288 | 138,031 | 688,357 | 157,618 | 4,921,646 |
| July | 441,550 | 642,315 | 1,763,262 | 215,568 | 481,900 | 197,377 | 82,032 | 186,479 | 133,650 | 686,872 | 161,092 | 4,992,097 |
| August | 443,992 | 637,627 | 1,804,596 | 210,511 | 475,032 | 181,842 | 148,935 | 140,826 | 134,384 | 596,153 | 163,246 | 4,937,144 |
| September | 424,868 | 600,629 | 1,660,935 | 208,194 | 443,877 | 172,766 | 141,789 | 130,430 | 115,000 | 519,383 | 156,282 | 4,574,153 |
| October | 453,607 | 629,170 | 1,763,790 | 227,273 | 479,347 | 180,683 | 146,865 | 137,916 | 131,110 | 550,054 | 165,831 | 4,865,646 |
| November | 425,718 | 624,395 | 1,727,379 | 222,734 | 474,795 | 162,230 | 130,867 | 123,899 | 119,832 | 526,887 | 147,807 | 4,686,543 |
| December | 432,553 | 615,000 | 1,683,506 | 218,213 | 453,421 | 161,604 | 126,579 | 124,824 | 130,914 | 560,880 | 148,246 | 4,655,740 |
| Total | 5,075,480 | 7,342,821 | 20,402,576 | 2,477,861 | 5,424,469 | 1,998,341 | 1,167,465 | 1,800,599 | 1,514,847 | 7,420,860 | 1,804,464 | 56,429,783 |



Table 2 - 2002 Toll Supported Bridge Volumes

| Hoth | Jour Tretter | Cathour Steel | signature Febru | Washington Colesian | Lee Hote Little Little | Come Butte State | jrje som restriction | Jep diget | REGETTE | AND | kington tabuldare | Į, citi |
|-----------|--------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------------|------------------------|------------------|----------------------|-----------|-----------|---|-------------------|------------|
| January | 422,632 | 570,000 | 1,634,452 | 210,867 | 407,964 | 138,820 | 109,044 | 114,577 | 98,000 | 521,534 | 138,185 | 4,366,075 |
| February | 403,337 | 550,118 | 1,600,000 | 202,382 | 390,721 | 136,917 | 110,329 | 111,759 | 114,524 | 492,374 | 133,792 | 4,246,253 |
| March | 446,647 | 627,666 | 1,728,297 | 229,953 | 450,134 | 157,828 | 125,882 | 125,501 | 128,852 | 587,766 | 152,078 | 4,760,604 |
| April | 452,673 | 644,922 | 1,771,019 | 221,147 | 461,011 | 172,334 | 131,898 | 134,870 | 133,794 | 606,097 | 158,947 | 4,888,712 |
| May | 479,282 | 680,667 | 1,843,132 | 229,836 | 475,000 | 189,728 | 144,873 | 142,265 | 146,304 | 592,278 | 167,489 | 5,090,854 |
| June | 464,348 | 667,952 | 1,773,441 | 219,264 | 582,326 | 190,475 | 144,825 | 143,387 | 142,702 | 644,126 | 163,345 | 5,136,191 |
| July | 480,658 | 577,995 | 1,808,070 | 219,531 | 520,047 | 198,011 | 154,365 | 146,093 | 139,251 | 675,027 | 167,113 | 5,086,161 |
| August | 478,503 | 612,892 | 1,832,166 | 209,626 | 471,821 | 196,508 | 150,228 | 142,675 | 132,691 | 685,509 | 165,992 | 5,078,611 |
| September | 445,405 | 631,593 | 1,890,000 | 207,791 | 439,880 | 180,385 | 136,675 | 133,009 | 126,207 | 632,404 | 157,203 | 4,980,552 |
| October | 474,414 | 592,290 | 1,832,669 | 216,606 | 457,922 | 182,021 | 139,073 | 132,591 | 130,454 | 658,191 | 163,677 | 4,979,908 |
| November | 437,558 | 557,654 | 1,970,312 | 205,000 | 478,915 | 166,275 | 127,521 | 125,452 | 119,243 | 633,977 | 147,772 | 4,969,679 |
| December | 530,991 | 632,131 | 2,150,000 | 215,000 | 470,157 | 158,000 | 114,477 | 120,815 | 118,000 | 732,026 | 150,492 | 5,392,089 |
| Total | 5,516,448 | 7,345,880 | 21,833,558 | 2,587,003 | 5,605,898 | 2,067,302 | 1,589,190 | 1,572,994 | 1,530,022 | 7,461,309 | 1,866,085 | 58,975,689 |



Table 3 - 2003 Toll Supported Bridge Volumes

| Hoth | James Techtor | Cathour Street | S. Life | Westington Colesian | Leaf Hote Latite Links | Come Build Stocker | jrje statir te et to the | John Hinds | RESERVITE | hoteled trees | tire to the difference of the state of the s | /zod |
|-----------|---------------|----------------|------------|---------------------|------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|------------|-----------|---------------|--|------------|
| January | 564,310 | 550,000 | 1,599,968 | 196,664 | 429,548 | 157,104 | 117,000 | 100,000 | 79,000 | 974,041 | 143,833 | 4,911,468 |
| February | 443,845 | 521,260 | 1,356,222 | 164,661 | 377,167 | 122,798 | 95,028 | 101,033 | 78,494 | 555,358 | 128,562 | 3,944,428 |
| March | 548,534 | 640,157 | 1,693,978 | 207,462 | 482,877 | 159,330 | 123,253 | 128,069 | 96,178 | 685,567 | 161,045 | 4,926,450 |
| April | 538,237 | 636,833 | 1,731,919 | 214,795 | 488,760 | 178,486 | 127,826 | 132,334 | 100,623 | 689,978 | 167,730 | 5,007,521 |
| May | 564,018 | 650,000 | 1,803,229 | 221,906 | 514,736 | 189,238 | 138,952 | 144,159 | 105,264 | 722,607 | 179,714 | 5,233,823 |
| June | 551,801 | 611,738 | 1,774,949 | 220,403 | 509,340 | 188,205 | 138,492 | 140,910 | 100,064 | 700,702 | 176,310 | 5,112,914 |
| July | 579,269 | 639,029 | 1,825,107 | 234,055 | 535,268 | 203,903 | 152,565 | 148,691 | 105,971 | 721,007 | 185,300 | 5,330,165 |
| August | 569,290 | 626,182 | 1,797,945 | 223,958 | 527,067 | 195,991 | 147,191 | 145,387 | 103,158 | 720,548 | 176,188 | 5,232,905 |
| September | 547,070 | 596,817 | 1,725,191 | 219,640 | 482,969 | 178,125 | 133,080 | 136,146 | 94,722 | 691,376 | 168,274 | 4,973,410 |
| October | 573,398 | 621,353 | 1,849,644 | 236,089 | 522,009 | 188,364 | 136,929 | 141,315 | 100,340 | 724,195 | 177,738 | 5,271,374 |
| November | 515,313 | 568,435 | 1,689,946 | 205,939 | 478,800 | 173,185 | 124,837 | 128,857 | 94,727 | 673,099 | 157,195 | 4,810,333 |
| December | 527,089 | 572,532 | 1,633,976 | 199,306 | 458,381 | 153,321 | 110,861 | 120,553 | 94,378 | 669,187 | 149,241 | 4,688,825 |
| Total | 6,522,174 | 7,234,336 | 20,482,074 | 2,544,878 | 5,806,922 | 2,088,050 | 1,546,014 | 1,567,454 | 1,152,919 | 8,527,665 | 1,971,130 | 59,443,616 |



Table 4 - 2004 Toll Supported Bridge Volumes

| Hoth | jame Trends | Calledin Street | Schaffe Life | We strictly Cook side | ke hide deletile | Court diffe State | jrje statification of the state | Jede Hillord | , ieegetile | ROTTE BELLEVIE STORY | inder the printers | Zer |
|-----------|-------------|-----------------|--------------|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------|--|--------------|-------------|----------------------|--------------------|------------|
| January | 495,049 | 545,773 | 1,558,639 | 215,643 | 131,272 | 158,320 | 104,599 | 112,951 | 89,299 | 647,096 | 139,963 | 4,198,604 |
| February | 491,631 | 541,831 | 1,584,203 | 220,054 | 157,576 | 162,945 | 108,568 | 114,563 | 86,645 | 646,150 | 141,661 | 4,255,827 |
| March | 543,079 | 599,213 | 1,773,426 | 244,549 | 137,807 | 181,410 | 122,478 | 128,366 | 97,390 | 718,412 | 160,225 | 4,706,355 |
| April | 532,424 | 594,358 | 1,802,794 | 250,560 | 154,061 | 193,391 | 130,759 | 141,162 | 97,980 | 724,557 | 164,864 | 4,786,910 |
| May | 548,806 | 619,033 | 1,841,026 | 270,327 | 143,402 | 214,181 | 143,818 | 149,292 | 100,696 | 750,157 | 174,202 | 4,954,940 |
| June | 537,692 | 609,804 | 1,831,365 | 250,175 | 301,416 | 196,765 | 139,959 | 146,241 | 97,578 | 708,925 | 171,847 | 4,991,767 |
| July | 533,218 | 584,653 | 1,758,351 | 231,474 | 426,710 | 188,715 | 146,966 | 149,039 | 98,234 | 716,311 | 174,983 | 5,008,654 |
| August | 536,367 | 555,972 | 1,811,783 | 221,746 | 436,722 | 185,161 | 144,138 | 144,543 | 97,182 | 720,922 | 170,090 | 5,024,626 |
| September | 547,070 | 534,777 | 1,789,294 | 199,741 | 390,205 | 166,567 | 125,187 | 133,017 | 89,810 | 634,981 | 160,925 | 4,771,574 |
| October | 573,398 | 587,641 | 1,459,900 | 216,130 | 443,149 | 177,050 | 133,368 | 142,999 | 98,574 | 714,031 | 170,631 | 4,716,871 |
| November | 515,313 | 556,841 | 1,740,078 | 190,649 | 409,346 | 159,500 | 116,295 | 127,600 | 92,094 | 675,077 | 153,783 | 4,736,576 |
| December | 480,000 | 577,632 | 1,736,170 | 190,638 | 420,771 | 155,204 | 112,075 | 127,686 | 97,425 | 692,831 | 155,831 | 4,746,263 |
| Total | 6,334,047 | 6,907,528 | 20,687,029 | 2,701,686 | 3,552,437 | 2,139,209 | 1,528,210 | 1,617,459 | 1,142,907 | 8,349,450 | 1,939,005 | 56,898,967 |



Table 5 - 2005 Toll Supported Bridge Volumes

| Hoth | John Telior | Cathour Street | Signature Fight | We strike to Code strike | Lee Hote Little Life | College Hills Stocker | ine doubt te ditout | Jege Hiller | jeggetile. | ROTTE BELLEVIE STORY | kington tabulage | /zöö |
|-----------|-------------|----------------|-----------------|--------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------|------------|----------------------|------------------|------------|
| January | 453,991 | 520,094 | 1,566,950 | 175,523 | 369,422 | 130,496 | 98,147 | 115,312 | 85,589 | 615,480 | 136,364 | 4,267,368 |
| February | 436,839 | 506,071 | 1,521,736 | 167,777 | 359,028 | 126,870 | 95,552 | 109,768 | 82,146 | 599,385 | 135,497 | 4,140,669 |
| March | 543,079 | 580,142 | 1,766,709 | 192,763 | 405,788 | 148,274 | 113,344 | 126,969 | 94,544 | 692,465 | 155,279 | 4,819,356 |
| April | 532,424 | 527,249 | 1,131,518 | 21,035 | 385,277 | 145,725 | 103,752 | 116,299 | 99,691 | 591,668 | 147,988 | 3,802,626 |
| May | 548,806 | 604,119 | 1,877,850 | 183,915 | 441,442 | 182,304 | 128,463 | 137,669 | 114,644 | 716,255 | 167,351 | 5,102,818 |
| June | 537,692 | 601,724 | 1,858,574 | 198,817 | 436,210 | 182,171 | 127,998 | 132,171 | 116,004 | 710,299 | 165,285 | 5,066,945 |
| July | 533,218 | 599,309 | 1,786,565 | 202,953 | 427,856 | 188,107 | 138,408 | 135,112 | 114,466 | 700,001 | 170,799 | 4,996,794 |
| August | 510,000 | 598,063 | 1,858,505 | 201,975 | 437,261 | 180,094 | 134,231 | 131,779 | 110,654 | 741,908 | 162,021 | 5,066,491 |
| September | 482,514 | 558,116 | 1,662,649 | 202,075 | 417,298 | 160,857 | 125,248 | 125,340 | 103,239 | 690,890 | 160,440 | 4,688,666 |
| October | 504,022 | 560,559 | 1,745,874 | 200,667 | 439,579 | 172,000 | 125,108 | 124,343 | 104,940 | 710,506 | 166,786 | 4,854,384 |
| November | 472,857 | 541,370 | 1,654,746 | 186,307 | 417,122 | 145,307 | 116,073 | 116,732 | 99,694 | 678,235 | 159,536 | 4,587,979 |
| December | 480,984 | 558,001 | 1,673,429 | 177,476 | 414,259 | 128,022 | 106,302 | 112,082 | 101,868 | 697,971 | 155,725 | 4,606,119 |
| Total | 6,036,426 | 6,754,817 | 20,105,105 | 2,111,283 | 4,950,542 | 1,890,227 | 1,412,626 | 1,483,576 | 1,227,479 | 8,145,063 | 1,883,071 | 56,000,215 |



Table 6 - 2006 Toll Supported Bridge Volumes

| Hoth | Jame Teltar | Computates | Schilder Fails | Westinger Codests | ke Hotel Jahre Hills | College Bridge Stocker | Ine do the feet the feet of th | Jet High | REERELIE | ko tribili di | kingtor tabilites | , co |
|-----------|-------------|------------|----------------|-------------------|----------------------|------------------------|--|-----------|-----------|---|-------------------|------------|
| January | 481,349 | 542,134 | 1,647,638 | 180,403 | 392,376 | 113,462 | 106,700 | 109,085 | 97,553 | 692,038 | 156,259 | 4,518,997 |
| February | 460,026 | 506,035 | 1,512,963 | 162,729 | 329,479 | 114,662 | 96,112 | 101,386 | 90,141 | 657,336 | 144,571 | 4,175,440 |
| March | 523,914 | 581,075 | 1,776,740 | 191,241 | 429,947 | 145,430 | 116,468 | 118,054 | 105,674 | 743,968 | 167,761 | 4,900,272 |
| April | 504,442 | 559,811 | 1,734,750 | 195,203 | 444,336 | 154,511 | 120,327 | 121,299 | 107,097 | 739,970 | 164,243 | 4,845,989 |
| May | 527,000 | 581,547 | 1,826,526 | 212,848 | 464,451 | 169,518 | 130,353 | 135,000 | 111,162 | 753,909 | 173,749 | 5,086,063 |
| June | 512,623 | 600,000 | 1,788,813 | 205,000 | 450,000 | 165,000 | 128,000 | 111,000 | 106,000 | 691,000 | 173,000 | 4,930,436 |
| July | 506,000 | 558,000 | 1,700,000 | 200,000 | 445,000 | 159,000 | 115,000 | 141,000 | 104,618 | 670,000 | 163,480 | 4,762,098 |
| August | 522,121 | 570,908 | 1,826,859 | 212,444 | 458,066 | 159,240 | 115,004 | 145,038 | 105,974 | 703,761 | 162,924 | 4,982,339 |
| September | 507,037 | 539,572 | 1,687,969 | 208,244 | 432,513 | 149,144 | 119,096 | 116,836 | 101,082 | 676,601 | 156,138 | 4,694,232 |
| October | 522,611 | 562,501 | 1,511,747 | 224,156 | 445,294 | 156,057 | 123,489 | 120,092 | 104,976 | 713,693 | 122,807 | 4,607,423 |
| November | 472,857 | 541,370 | 1,654,746 | 186,307 | 417,122 | 145,307 | 116,073 | 116,732 | 99,694 | 678,235 | 159,536 | 4,587,979 |
| December | 480,984 | 558,001 | 1,673,429 | 177,476 | 414,259 | 128,022 | 106,302 | 112,082 | 101,868 | 697,971 | 155,725 | 4,606,119 |
| Total | 6,020,964 | 6,700,954 | 20,342,180 | 2,356,051 | 5,122,843 | 1,759,353 | 1,392,924 | 1,447,604 | 1,235,839 | 8,418,482 | 1,900,193 | 56,697,387 |

estimated figures due to adjustments shown in *italics* adjusted figures due to counter malfuntion rounded November - December data from 2005, and not adjusted June July figures represent adjusted volumes without closures due to flooding



Table 7: Trenton-Morrisville Toll Bridge Volume and Revenue Projections

| class | 2001 volume | 2002 volume | 2003 volume | 2004 volume | 2005 volume | 2006 volume | 2007 volume (projected) | factor from 2006 to 2007 |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1a - passenger car - cash | 4,198,434 | 4,545,539 | | | | | | |
| 1b - passenger car - token | 2,511,277 | 2,034,702 | | | | | | |
| 1c - E-Zpass passenger cars (December 2002) | | 141,903 | | | | | | |
| 1 - passenger car | | | 5,771,654 | 6,281,830 | 6,588,111 | 6,805,085 | 6,907,161 | 1.015 |
| 2 - 2-axle truck | 164,115 | 168,564 | 145,020 | 159,655 | 172,109 | 181,550 | 188,812 | 1.040 |
| 3 - 3-axle truck | 79,227 | 66,800 | 60,411 | 71,473 | 74,247 | 78,038 | 78,038 | 1.000 |
| 4 - 4-axle truck | 66,293 | 63,157 | 47,223 | 50,275 | 55,136 | 58,329 | 60,079 | 1.030 |
| 5 - 5-axle truck | 332,546 | 279,071 | 165,579 | 169,038 | 185,618 | 194,518 | 201,326 | 1.035 |
| 6 - 6-axle truck | 3,329 | 2,350 | 1,404 | 1,594 | 1,876 | 1,769 | 1,751 | 0.990 |
| 8 - special permit * | 223 | 277 | 61 | - | - | - | - | |
| 7 - 7-axle truck | 176 | 119 | 122 | 146 | 132 | 136 | 136 | 1.000 |
| total toll | 7,355,620 | 7,302,482 | 6,191,474 | 6,734,011 | 7,077,229 | 7,319,425 | 7,437,303 | |
| Special Permit vehicles were classified differenly after 2003 | | | | | | | | |

| class | | toll | 2007 volume (projected) | | 2007 revenue |
|---|-------------------------------------|---|--|----------------------|---|
| 1 - passenger car 2 - 2-axle truck 3 - 3-axle truck 4 - 4-axle truck 5 - 5-axle truck 6 - 6-axle truck 8 - special permit | \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ varie | 0.67 4.79 7.81 10.49 12.98 15.69 | 6,907,161 188,812 78,038 60,079 201,326 1,751 | \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ | 4,598,387.02 904,839.97 609,501.47 630,519.25 2,612,369.57 27,474.45 0.00 |
| 7 - 7-axle truck | \$ | 18.30 Totals | 136 7,437,303 | \$_ \$ | 2,489.17 9,385,580.91 |



Table 8: New Hope-Lambertville Toll Bridge Volume and Revenue Projections

| class | 2001 volume | 2002 volume | 2003 volume | 2004 ** volume | 2005 volume | 2006 volume | 2007 volume (projected) | factor from 2006 to 2007 |
|--|---------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1a - passenger car - cash | 2,322,881 | 2,305,906 | | | | | | |
| 1b - passenger car - token | 1,075,953 | 926,094 | | | | | | |
| 1c - E-Zpass passenger cars (December 2002) | | 44,048 | | | | | | |
| 1 - passenger car | | | 1,298,859 | 2,026,746 | 1,700,215 | 1,720,641 | 1,720,641 | 1.000 |
| 2 - 2-axle truck | 111,676 | 106,192 | 35,788 | 52,056 | 50,979 | 56,265 | 56,265 | 1.000 |
| 3 - 3-axle truck | 52,953 | 63,141 | 20,198 | 24,171 | 26,248 | 31,139 | 31,762 | 1.020 |
| 4 - 4-axle truck | 27,066 | 29,167 | 6,470 | 7,797 | 7,052 | 6,938 | 6,799 | 0.980 |
| 5 - 5-axle truck | 78,516 | 72,739 | 24,372 | 27,141 | 26,682 | 26,910 | 26,910 | 1.000 |
| 6 - 6-axle truck | 1,906 | 1,466 | 745 | 804 | 718 | 757 | 757 | 1.000 |
| 8 - special permit * | 226 | 292 | 1 | - | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1.000 |
| 7 - 7-axle truck | 19 | 32 | 34 | 67 | 48 | 52 | 52 | 1.000 |
| total toll - two directional - 2002 and earlier one directional tolls - 2003 and later | 3,671,196 | 3,549,077 | 1,386,467 | 2,138,782 | 1,811,946 | 1,842,703 | 1,843,187 | |
| * Special Permit vehicles were classified differenly after 2003 | | | | | | | | |
| ** 2004 auto volumes higher than normal due to New Hope Lambertv | ille Toll Supported | Bridge Closures | | | | | | |

| class | | toll | 2007 volume (projected) | | 2007 revenue |
|--------------------|-------|--------|----------------------------|-----|--------------|
| | | | | | |
| 1 - passenger car | \$ | 0.65 | 1,720,641 | \$ | 1,126,995.14 |
| 2 - 2-axle truck | \$ | 4.85 | 56,265 | \$ | 272,915.63 |
| 3 - 3-axle truck | \$ | 7.87 | 31,762 | \$ | 249,875.45 |
| 4 - 4-axle truck | \$ | 10.47 | 6,799 | \$ | 71,158.44 |
| 5 - 5-axle truck | \$ | 13.12 | 26,910 | \$ | 353,183.27 |
| 6 - 6-axle truck | \$ | 15.80 | 757 | \$ | 11,960.93 |
| 8 - special permit | varie | s | 1 | \$ | 42.00 |
| 7 - 7-axle truck | \$ | 18.43 | 52 | \$_ | 958.42 |
| | | Totals | 1,843,187 | \$ | 2,087,089.28 |



Table 9: Interstate 78 Toll Bridge Volume and Revenue Projections

| class | 2001 volume | 2002 volume | 2003 volume | 2004 volume | 2005 volume | 2006 volume | 2007 volume (projected) | factor from 2006 to 2007 |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1a - passenger car - cash | 3,485,261 | 4,490,818 | | | | | | |
| 1b - passenger car - token | 1,447,607 | 1,687,182 | | | | | | |
| 1c - E-Zpass passenger cars (December 2002) | | 149,910 | | | | | | |
| 1 - passenger car | | | 6,518,607 | 6,974,743 | 7,226,070 | 7,605,954 | 7,834,133 | 1.030 |
| 2 - 2-axle truck | 180,536 | 215,748 | 199,840 | 222,516 | 231,076 | 236,629 | 241,362 | 1.020 |
| 3 - 3-axle truck | 80,874 | 98,022 | 102,434 | 93,683 | 99,176 | 104,217 | 108,386 | 1.040 |
| 4 - 4-axle truck | 94,499 | 111,582 | 115,586 | 111,525 | 119,102 | 127,958 | 131,797 | 1.030 |
| 5 - 5-axle truck | 1,625,638 | 1,883,403 | 1,891,300 | 1,946,024 | 1,922,988 | 1,943,206 | 1,952,922 | 1.005 |
| 6 - 6-axle truck | 15,676 | 18,236 | 30,728 | 35,967 | 38,604 | 41,381 | 43,036 | 1.040 |
| 8 - special permit * | 27,325 | 30,238 | 797 | 8 | 12 | 8 | 8 | 1.000 |
| 7 - 7-axle truck | 617 | 794 | 1,113 | 1,379 | 1,420 | 1,485 | 1,485 | 1.000 |
| total toll | 6,958,033 | 8,685,933 | 8,860,405 | 9,385,845 | 9,638,448 | 10,060,838 | 10,313,129 | |
| * Special Permit vehicles were classified differenly after 2003 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

| class | | toll | 2007 volume (projected) | | 2007 revenue |
|---|-------------------------------------|---|--|-------------------------------|---|
| 1 - passenger car 2 - 2-axle truck 3 - 3-axle truck 4 - 4-axle truck 5 - 5-axle truck 6 - 6-axle truck 8 - special permit | \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ varie | 0.67 4.80 7.76 10.30 13.08 15.63 | 7,834,133 241,362 108,386 131,797 1,952,922 43,036 8 | \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ | 5,215,511.20 1,158,987.74 840,659.92 1,356,996.41 25,550,324.79 672,602.96 422.90 |
| 7 - 7-axle truck | \$ | 18.23 | 1,485 10,313,129 | \$ __ | 27,072.13 34,822,578.05 |



Table 10: Easton-Phillipsburg Toll Bridge Volume and Revenue Projections

| a - passenger car - cash 2,776,237 2,891,347 b - passenger car - token 3,795,821 2,925,012 c - E-Zpass passenger cars (December 2002) 126,125 - passenger car 5,004,027 5,551,047 5,69 e - 2-axle truck 183,098 159,128 154,235 168,748 17 e - 3-axle truck 78,914 75,508 62,981 60,320 66 e - 4-axle truck 51,215 36,343 41,555 45,422 4 e - 5-axle truck 545,467 323,098 259,050 263,362 26 | 590,754 5,70 173,094 16 | volume (projecto 702,051 5,730,56 68,505 169,34 | |
|--|----------------------------|---|---------|
| b - passenger car - token 3,795,821 2,925,012 c - E-Zpass passenger cars (December 2002) 126,125 5,004,027 5,551,047 5,69 5 5-2 xale truck 183,098 159,128 154,235 168,748 17 - 3-axle truck 78,914 75,508 62,981 60,320 6 6 4-axle truck 51,215 36,343 41,555 45,422 4 6 5-axle truck 545,467 323,098 259,050 263,362 26 6-axle truck 7,613 4,454 3,841 4,853 | 173,094 16 | | I 1.005 |
| c - E-Zpass passenger cars (December 2002) - passenger car - 2-axle truck - 3-axle truck - 4-axle truck - 5-axle truck - 5-axle truck - 5-axle truck - 5-axle truck - 6-axle truck - 6-axle truck - 7,613 - 7,613 - 7,613 - 7,004,027 - 5,551,047 - 5,69 - 5,004,027 - 5,551,047 - 5,69 - 5,004,027 - 5,551,047 - 5,69 - 6,304 - 6,304 - 6,304 - 6,304 - 6,304 - 6,304 - 6,304 - 6,304 - 6,304 - 6,305 - 6,306 | 173,094 16 | | I 1.005 |
| - passenger car 5,004,027 5,551,047 5,69 - 2-axle truck 183,098 159,128 154,235 168,748 17 - 3-axle truck 78,914 75,508 62,981 60,320 6 - 4-axle truck 51,215 36,343 41,555 45,422 4 - 5-axle truck 545,467 323,098 259,050 263,362 26 - 6-axle truck 7,613 4,454 3,841 4,853 | 173,094 16 | | I 1.005 |
| - 2-axle truck 183,098 159,128 154,235 168,748 17 - 3-axle truck 78,914 75,508 62,981 60,320 6 - 4-axle truck 51,215 36,343 41,555 45,422 4 - 5-axle truck 545,467 323,098 259,050 263,362 26 - 6-axle truck 7,613 4,454 3,841 4,853 | 173,094 16 | | 1.005 |
| - 3-axle truck 78,914 75,508 62,981 60,320 6 - 4-axle truck 51,215 36,343 41,555 45,422 4 - 5-axle truck 545,467 323,098 259,050 263,362 26 - 6-axle truck 7,613 4,454 3,841 4,853 | · · · | 69 505 160 24 | |
| - 4-axle truck 51,215 36,343 41,555 45,422 4 - 5-axle truck 545,467 323,098 259,050 263,362 26 - 6-axle truck 7,613 4,454 3,841 4,853 | | 00,000 109,04 | 3 1.005 |
| - 5-axle truck 545,467 323,098 259,050 263,362 26 - 6-axle truck 7,613 4,454 3,841 4,853 | 64,105 6 | 64,531 64,85 | 1.005 |
| - 6-axle truck 7,613 4,454 3,841 4,853 | 42,727 4 | 48,881 49,85 | 1.020 |
| | 263,496 25 | 250,482 250,48 | 2 1.000 |
| coord parmit * 6.642 2.115 72 | 5,826 | 6,699 6,83 | 3 1.020 |
| - Special perinit 0,043 3,113 12 - | - | | |
| 0 - local bus 3,293 | | | |
| 1 - 7-axle truck 185 142 208 211 | 252 | 177 17 | 7 1.000 |
| otal toll vehicles 7,448,486 6,544,272 5,525,969 6,093,963 6,24 | 240,254 6,24 | 241,326 6,272,11 | 1 |

| class | | toll | 2007 volume (projected) | | 2007 revenue |
|---|----------------------|--|---|----------------------|--|
| 1 - passenger car 2 - 2-axle truck 3 - 3-axle truck 4 - 4-axle truck 5 - 5-axle truck | \$ \$ \$ \$ | 0.66 4.82 7.84 10.43 13.16 | 5,730,561 169,348 64,854 49,859 250,482 | \$ \$ \$ \$ | 3,784,255.07 816,120.19 508,595.03 520,069.51 3,295,578.10 |
| 6 - 6-axle truck 8 - special permit | \$ varie | 15.76 s | 6,833 0 | \$ \$ | 107,678.62 0.00 |
| 7 - 7-axle truck | \$ | 18.38 Totals | 177 6,272,114 | \$_ \$ | 3,253.65 9,035,550.17 |



Table 11: Portland Columbia Toll Bridge Volume and Revenue Projections

| class | 2001 volume | 2002 volume | 2003 volume | 2004 volume | 2005 volume | 2006 volume | 2007 volume (projected) | factor from 2006 to 2007 |
|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1a - passenger car - cash | 196,401 | 283,695 | volume | volume | vorume | vorunie | (projected) | 2007 |
| 1b - passenger car - token | 849,251 | 761,168 | | | | | | |
| 1c - E-Zpass passenger cars (December 2002) | 3 - 3, 2 - 3 | 32,380 | | | | | | |
| 1 - passenger car | | 02,000 | 1,083,030 | 1,162,560 | 1,217,782 | 1,221,400 | 1,227,507 | 1.005 |
| 2 - 2-axle truck | 24,818 | 25,287 | 27,528 | 28,720 | 29,958 | 30,743 | 31,204 | 1.015 |
| 3 - 3-axle truck | 8,859 | 8,326 | 9,413 | 11,677 | 10,874 | 10,287 | 9,978 | 0.970 |
| 4 - 4-axle truck | 6,532 | 5,839 | 5,795 | 6,149 | 6,780 | 8,645 | 9,164 | 1.060 |
| 5 - 5-axle truck | 29,241 | 28,203 | 28,508 | 31,778 | 34,076 | 34,464 | 34,981 | 1.015 |
| 6 - 6-axle truck | 263 | 191 | 226 | 453 | 705 | 589 | 589 | 1.000 |
| 3 - special permit * | 65 | 74 | 9 | - | - | - | - | |
| 7 - 7-axle truck | 5 | 4 | 6 | 14 | 12 | 13 | 13 | 1.000 |
| otal toll vehicles | 1,115,435 | 1,145,167 | 1,154,515 | 1,241,351 | 1,300,187 | 1,306,141 | 1,313,436 | |
| Special Permit vehicles were classified differenly after 200 | 3 | | | | | | | |

| class | | toll | 2007 volume (projected) | | 2007 revenue |
|--------------------|-------|--------|----------------------------|-----|--------------|
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 1 - passenger car | \$ | 0.66 | 1,227,507 | \$ | 810,601.19 |
| 2 - 2-axle truck | \$ | 4.83 | 31,204 | \$ | 150,701.90 |
| 3 - 3-axle truck | \$ | 7.98 | 9,978 | \$ | 79,616.30 |
| 4 - 4-axle truck | \$ | 10.44 | 9,164 | \$ | 95,650.09 |
| 5 - 5-axle truck | \$ | 13.16 | 34,981 | \$ | 460,333.12 |
| 6 - 6-axle truck | \$ | 15.84 | 589 | \$ | 9,329.15 |
| 8 - special permit | varie | s | 0 | \$ | 0.00 |
| 7 - 7-axle truck | \$ | 18.48 | 13 | \$_ | 240.19 |
| | | Totals | 1,313,436 | \$ | 1,606,471.95 |



Table 12: Delaware Water Gap (Interstate 80) Toll Bridge Volume and Revenue Projections

| class | 2001 volume | 2002 volume | 2003 volume | 2004 volume | 2005 volume | 2006 volume | 2007 volume (projected) | factor from 2006 t 200 |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1a - passenger car - cash | 4,031,337 | 4,533,423 | | | | | | |
| b - passenger car - token | 3,683,760 | 3,359,933 | | | | | | |
| c - E-Zpass passenger cars (December 2002) | 3,065,700 | 222,494 | | | | | | |
| 1 - passenger car | | 222,434 | 8,066,666 | 8,488,847 | 8,493,107 | 8,590,643 | 8,633,596 | 1.005 |
| 2 - 2-axle truck | 162,370 | 160,361 | 143,521 | 161,134 | 161,724 | 162,397 | 162,397 | 1.000 |
| 3 - 3-axle truck | 87,635 | 87,938 | 87,427 | 93,075 | 95,818 | 95,676 | 96,154 | 1.005 |
| 4 - 4-axle truck | 53,788 | 52,109 | 52,233 | 57,861 | 63,106 | 63,265 | 63,265 | 1.000 |
| 5 - 5-axle truck | 1,187,027 | 1,166,886 | 1,108,058 | 1,128,514 | 1,120,941 | 1,124,054 | 1,124,054 | 1.000 |
| 6 - 6-axle truck | 14,393 | 14,797 | 19,127 | 20,887 | 20,884 | 19,712 | 19,318 | 0.980 |
| 3 - special permit * | 19,898 | 18,068 | 780 | 69 | 20,884 | 42 | 42 | 1.000 |
| 5 - Special permit | 19,090 | 10,000 | 700 | 09 | 04 | 42 | 42 | 1.000 |
| 7 - 7-axle truck | 494 | 353 | 992 | 1,346 | 1,246 | 1,376 | 1,376 | 1.000 |
| otal toll vehicles | 9,240,702 | 9,616,362 | 9,478,804 | 9,951,733 | 9,956,890 | 10,057,165 | 10,100,202 | |
| Consider Reservit and interest and a second of the second | 20 | | | | | | | |
| Special Permit vehicles were classified differenly after 20 | J3 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

| class | | toll | 2007 volume (projected) | | 2007 revenue |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|---|-------------------------------|---|
| 1 - passenger car 2 - 2-axle truck 3 - 3-axle truck 4 - 4-axle truck 5 - 5-axle truck 6 - 6-axle truck 8 - special permit | \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ varie: | 0.66 4.81 7.73 10.27 13.12 15.63 | 8,633,596 162,397 96,154 63,265 1,124,054 19,318 42 | \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ | 5,716,791.97 781,438.12 743,495.92 649,861.43 14,749,191.16 301,895.12 2,419.85 |
| 7 - 7-axle truck | \$ | 18.23 _ Totals | 1,376 10,100,202 | \$_ \$ | 25,083.15 22,970,176.72 |



Table 13: Milford-Montague Toll Bridge Volume and Revenue Projections

| class | 2001 volume | 2002 volume | 2003 volume | 2004 volume | 2005 volume | 2006 volume | 2007 volume (projected) | factor from 2006 to 2007 |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1a - passenger car - cash | 427,388 | 522,139 | | | | | | |
| 1b - passenger car - token | 859,922 | 777,299 | | | | | | |
| 1c - E-Zpass passenger cars (December 2002) | | 33,314 | | | | | | |
| 1 - passenger car | | | 1,231,491 | 1,311,848 | 1,300,872 | 1,303,872 | 1,310,391 | 1.005 |
| 2 - 2-axle truck | 21,155 | 23,330 | 21,418 | 22,786 | 23,234 | 24,278 | 24,885 | 1.025 |
| 3 - 3-axle truck | 5,198 | 5,583 | 5,139 | 5,328 | 5,244 | 5,228 | 5,254 | 1.005 |
| 4 - 4-axle truck | 1,641 | 1,670 | 2,145 | 1,929 | 1,887 | 1,946 | 1,946 | 1.000 |
| 5 - 5-axle truck | 12,641 | 12,737 | 10,626 | 10,495 | 10,014 | 9,380 | 9,192 | 0.980 |
| 6 - 6-axle truck | 153 | 228 | 119 | 107 | 99 | 78 | 74 | 0.950 |
| 8 - special permit * | 69 | 95 | 7 | 3 | - | - | - | |
| 7 - 7-axle truck | 24 | 18 | 41 | 38 | 24 | 18 | 18 | 1.000 |
| total toll | 1,328,191 | 1,376,413 | 1,270,986 | 1,352,534 | 1,341,374 | 1,344,800 | 1,351,760 | |
| * Special Permit vehicles were classified differenly after 2003 | | | | | | | | |
| , | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

| class | | toll | 2007 volume (projected) | | 2007 revenue |
|---|-------------------------------------|---|---|-------------------------|--|
| 1 - passenger car 2 - 2-axle truck 3 - 3-axle truck 4 - 4-axle truck 5 - 5-axle truck 6 - 6-axle truck 8 - special permit | \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ varie | 0.66 4.84 7.99 10.70 13.17 15.95 | 1,310,391 24,885 5,254 1,946 9,192 74 0 | \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ | 862,985.62 120,346.35 41,956.21 20,819.48 121,031.38 1,180.09 0.00 |
| 7 - 7-axle truck | \$ | 18.60 Totals | 1,351,760 | \$_ \$ | 334.85 1,168,653.97 |



Table 14: Volume and Revenue Comparison -- 2006 to 2007

| | | 2006 Volumes * | 2006 Revenues ** | (Projected) | (Projected) | to 20 | ne from 2006 07 | Revenue from 2006 to 200' | 7 |
|----------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|----------|--------------------|------------------------------|---------|
| District | | | | | | vehicles | percent | dollars | percent |
| 1 T | renton-Morrisville | 7,319,425 | \$ 9,098,033.69 | 7,437,303 | \$ 9,385,580.91 | 117,878 | 1.61% | \$ 287,547.22 | 3.16% |
| 1 N | lew Hope-Lambertville | 1,842,703 | \$ 2,067,690.17 | 1,843,187 | \$ 2,087,089.28 | 484 | 0.03% | \$ 19,399.11 | 0.94% |
| 2 Ir | nterstate 78 | 10,060,838 | \$ 34,280,685.75 | 10,313,129 | \$ 34,822,578.05 | 252,291 | 2.51% | \$ 541,892.30 | 1.58% |
| 2 E | aston-Phillipsburg | 6,241,326 | \$ 8,967,339.32 | 6,272,114 | \$ 9,035,550.17 | 30,788 | 0.49% | \$ 68,210.85 | 0.76% |
| 3 P | Portland-Columbia | 1,306,141 | \$ 1,579,917.08 | 1,313,436 | \$ 1,606,471.95 | 7,295 | 0.56% | \$ 26,554.87 | 1.68% |
| 3 D | Delaware Water Gap | 10,057,165 | \$ 22,916,767.19 | 10,100,202 | \$ 22,970,176.72 | 43,037 | 0.43% | \$ 53,409.53 | 0.23% |
| 3 M | /lilford-Montague | 1,344,800 | \$ 1,164,480.82 | 1,351,760 | \$ 1,168,653.97 | 6,960 | 0.52% | \$ 4,173.15 | 0.36% |
| Т | otal | 38,172,398 | \$ 80,074,914.02 | 38,631,131 | \$ 81,076,101.05 | 458,733 | 1.20% | \$ 1,001,187.03 | 1.25% |

^{* 2006} volumes from November 2005 to October 2006

^{** 2006} revenues from November 2005 to October 2006



Table 15: Actual Revenue and Expenditures for 2006

| renton-Morrisville ew Hope-Lambertville terstate 78 aston-Phillipsburg ortland-Columbia elaware Water Gap ilford-Montague otal otal Toll Revenue terest Income | 7,319,425 1,842,703 10,060,838 6,241,326 1,306,141 10,057,165 1,344,800 | \$ | 9,098,033.69 2,067,690.17 34,280,685.75 8,967,339.32 1,579,917.08 22,916,767.19 1,164,480.82 |
|--|---|---|---|
| terstate 78 aston-Phillipsburg ortland-Columbia elaware Water Gap ilford-Montague otal | 10,060,838 6,241,326 1,306,141 10,057,165 1,344,800 | \$ \$ \$ \$ | 2,067,690.17 34,280,685.75 8,967,339.32 1,579,917.08 22,916,767.19 1,164,480.82 |
| aston-Phillipsburg ortland-Columbia elaware Water Gap ilford-Montague otal | 6,241,326 1,306,141 10,057,165 <u>1,344,800</u> | \$ \$ \$ \$ | 8,967,339.32 1,579,917.08 22,916,767.19 1,164,480.82 |
| ortland-Columbia elaware Water Gap ilford-Montague otal | 1,306,141 10,057,165 <u>1,344,800</u> | \$ \$ \$ | 1,579,917.08 22,916,767.19 1,164,480.82 |
| elaware Water Gap ilford-Montague otal otal Toll Revenue | 10,057,165 <u>1,344,800</u> | \$ <u>\$</u> | 22,916,767.19 1,164,480.82 |
| ilford-Montague otal otal Toll Revenue | <u>1,344,800</u> | <u>\$</u> | 1,164,480.82 |
| otal otal Toll Revenue | | <u>-</u> | |
| otal Toll Revenue | 38,172,398 | \$ | 80 074 914 02 |
| | | | 00,017,014.02 |
| terest Income | (From above) | \$ | 80,074,914.02 |
| torost moonic | (Provided by Commission) | \$ | 10,600,000.00 |
| ther Income | (Provided by Commission) | \$ | 260,671.00 |
| | | | |
| Total Revenue - 2006 | | \$ | 90,935,585.02 |
| Operating Expenses - 2006 | (Provided by Commission) | \$ | 40,700,000.00 |
| Net Revenue | (Line 1 - Line 2) | \$ | 50,235,585.02 |
| Maximum Annual Debt Service | (Provided by Commission) | \$ | 15,074,863.00 |
| 130% of Maximum Annual Debt S | ervice | \$ | 19,597,321.90 |
| Therefore, the requirement that the Net Revenue for the preceding fiscal year be greater than 130% of the Maximum Annual Debt Service has been met, satisfying the requirements of the Bridge System Revenue Bonds, Series 2003 Section 703(b), paragraph 2 (i). | | | |
| Volumes from November 2005 to October 2006 Revenues from November 2005 to October 2006 | | | |
| | 130% of Maximum Annual Debt Somerefore, the requirement that the Neeceding fiscal year be greater than annual Debt Service has been met, so the Bridge System Revenue Bonds (3(b), paragraph 2 (i). | 130% of Maximum Annual Debt Service nerefore, the requirement that the Net Revenue for the eceding fiscal year be greater than 130% of the Maximum innual Debt Service has been met, satisfying the requirements the Bridge System Revenue Bonds, Series 2003 Section (3)(b), paragraph 2 (i). | 130% of Maximum Annual Debt Service \$ nerefore, the requirement that the Net Revenue for the ecceding fiscal year be greater than 130% of the Maximum innual Debt Service has been met, satisfying the requirements the Bridge System Revenue Bonds, Series 2003 Section (3)(b), paragraph 2 (i). |



Table 16: Projected Revenue and Expenditures for 2007

| ected | Revenue by Bridge/District | 2007 Volume | | 2007 Revenue |
|-------|---|--------------------------|----------------------|---------------|
| 1 | Trenton-Morrisville | 7,437,303 | \$ | 9,385,580.91 |
| 1 | New Hope-Lambertville | 1,843,187 | \$ \$ \$ \$ | 2,087,089.28 |
| 2 | Interstate 78 | 10,313,129 | \$ | 34,822,578.05 |
| 2 | Easton-Phillipsburg | 6,272,114 | \$ | 9,035,550.17 |
| 3 | Portland-Columbia | 1,313,436 | \$ | 1,606,471.95 |
| 3 | Delaware Water Gap | 10,100,202 | \$ | 22,970,176.72 |
| 3 | Milford-Montague | <u>1,351,760</u> | \$ | 1,168,653.97 |
| | Total | 38,631,131 | \$ | 81,076,101.05 |
| | Total Toll Revenue | (From above) | \$ | 81,076,101.05 |
| | Interest Income | (Provided by Commission) | \$ | 12,150,000.00 |
| | Other Income | (Provided by Commission) | \$ | 182,000.00 |
| | Total Projected Revenue - 2007 | | \$ | 93,408,101.05 |
| | 2. Operating Expenses - 2007 | (Provided by Commission) | \$ | 44,000,000.00 |
| | 3. Net Revenue | (Line 1 - Line 2) | \$ | 49,408,101.05 |
| | 4. Maximum Annual Debt Service | (Provided by Commission) | \$ | 15,072,313.00 |
| | Projected Debt Service Coverage Ratio | (Line 3 / Line 4) | | 3.28 |
| | Therefore, the requirement that the PR Ratio be greater than 1.30 is met, sati Bridge System Revenue Bonds, Serie 2 (ii). | | | |