

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

State Board of Education

AND OF THE

Superintendent of Public Instruction

OF

NEW JERSEY

WITH ACCOMPANYING DOCUMENTS

For the School Year Ending June 30th

1910

SOMERVILLE, N. J.
THE UNIONIST-GAZETTE ASSOCIATION, STATE PRINTERS
1911

Members of the State Board of Education

FIRST DISTRICT.

J. DALE DILWORTH.....SALEM
GEORGE A. FREY.....CAMDEN

SECOND DISTRICT.

J. BINGHAM WOODWARD.....BORDENTOWN
S. R. MORSE.....ATLANTIC CITY

THIRD DISTRICT.

W. EDWIN FLORANCE.....NEW BRUNSWICK
WILLIAM G. SCHAUFFLER, M. D.....LAKEWOOD

FOURTH DISTRICT.

WILLIAM W. HAWKE.....FLEMINGTON
S. ST. J. McCUTCHEN.....PLAINFIELD

FIFTH DISTRICT.

CHARLES E. SURDAM.....MORRISTOWN
W. H. MORROW.....BELVIDERE

SIXTH DISTRICT.

JOHN W. THOMSON.....HACKENSACK
FRANCIS SCOTT.....PATERSON

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

C. WILBUR SANDFORD.....MONTCLAIR
C. H. SANSOM.....NEWARK

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

T. O'CONOR SLOANE.....SOUTH ORANGE
JAMES L. HAYS.....NEWARK

NINTH DISTRICT.

ULAMOR ALLEN, M. D.....JERSEY CITY
WILLIAM R. BARRICKLO.....NEW YORK CITY

TENTH DISTRICT.

STEPHEN H. HORGAN.....HOBOKEN
EDWARD RUSS.....HOBOKEN

SCHOOL REPORT.

Officers

President.....	JAMES L. HAYS
Vice-President.....	WILLIAM G. SCHAUFFLER
State Superintendent (ex-officio) Secretary.....	CHARLES J. BAXTER
Assistant State Superintendent.....	J. BROGNARD BETTS
Treasurer of the State Normal School at Trenton,	J. BINGHAM WOODWARD
Treasurer of the State Normal School at Montclair,	J. BINGHAM WOODWARD
Treasurer of the School for the Deaf.....	HENRY J. WEST

Committees

1909-1910.

FINANCE AND AUDITING.

GEORGE A. FREY,
S. R. MORSE,
WILLIAM W. HAWKE.

JOHN W. THOMSON,
J. DALE DILWORTH,

GROUNDS AND BUILDINGS.

J. BINGHAM WOODWARD,
ULAMOR ALLEN,
GEORGE A. FREY,
EDWARD RUSS,
T. O'CONOR SLOANE.

S. R. MORSE,
C. WILBUR SANDFORD,
JOHN W. THOMSON,
WILLIAM W. HAWKE.

LAW AND LEGISLATION.

W. EDWIN FLORANCE,
EDWARD RUSS,
S. ST. J. McCUTCHEN.

FRANCIS SCOTT,
WILLIAM R. BARRICKLO,

BUREAU OF INFORMATION AND APPORTIONMENT OF SCHOOL MONEYS.

S. R. MORSE,
T. O'CONOR SLOANE,
CHARLES E. SURDAM.

STEPHEN H. HORGAN,
GEORGE A. FREY,

EDUCATION.

FRANCIS SCOTT,
WILLIAM R. BARRICKLO,
EDWARD RUSS,
W. EDWIN FLORANCE.

S. ST. J. McCUTCHEN,
WILLIAM G. SCHAUFFLER,
WILLIAM H. MORROW,

THE STATE NORMAL SCHOOL AT TRENTON.

S. ST. J. McCUTCHEN,
ULAMOR ALLEN,
CHARLES E. SURDAM.

T. O'CONOR SLOANE,
WILLIAM H. MORROW,

SCHOOL REPORT.

THE STATE NORMAL SCHOOL AT MONTCLAIR.

EDWARD RUSS,
FRANCIS SCOTT,
CHARLES E. SURDAM.

S. ST. J. McCUTCHEN,
C. WILBUR SANDFORD,

THE NEW JERSEY SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF.

ULAMOR ALLEN,
W. EDWIN FLORANCE,
STEPHEN H. HORGAN.

S. R. MORSE,
C. H. SANSOM,

THE FARNUM PREPARATORY SCHOOL.

J. DALE DILWORTH,
C. WILBUR SANDFORD,
C. H. SANSOM.

JOHN W. THOMSON,
J. BINGHAM WOODWARD,

THE MANUAL TRAINING AND INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL
FOR COLORED YOUTH.

WILLIAM H. MORROW,
J. BINGHAM WOODWARD,
WILLIAM G. SCHAUFFLER.

STEPHEN H. HORGAN,
J. DALE DILWORTH,

MEDICAL INSPECTION OF SCHOOLS.

WILLIAM G. SCHAUFFLER,
ULAMOR ALLEN,
WILLIAM W. HAWKE.

C. H. SANSOM,
GEORGE A. FREY,

Committees

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J. DALE DILWORTH,

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SCHOOL REPORT.

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WILLIAM G. SCHAUFFLER,
ULAMOR ALLEN,
C. WILBUR SANDFORD.

C. H. SANSOM,
GEORGE A. FREY,

Report of the State Board of Education

DECEMBER, 6, 1910.

To the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

As required by law, I herewith submit the annual report of the State Board of Education and accompanying documents.

The enrollment in the State Normal School at Trenton was 534, a decrease of 6 from the preceding year, and the enrollment in the Model School was 569, an increase of 9. The number of graduates from the Normal School was 218, a decrease of 6. The exterior of the school building has been re-stuccoed and repainted at a cost of \$5,259.38. The Board renews its recommendation that an appropriation of \$20,000 be made for additional land, the purchase of which was authorized two years ago, but for which no appropriation has been made.

The enrollment in the State Normal School at Montclair was 352, the same as last year, and is the full capacity of the school. The first class was graduated in June, 1910, and numbered 45.

A large number of the pupils come from a long distance at considerable expense to their parents. The need of a dormitory is most pressing and the Board recommends that an appropriation of \$125,000 be made for this purpose. The grounds have never been improved and the grading of Normal Avenue has left them in very bad condition. The Board recommends that an appropriation of \$10,000 be made for grading and otherwise improving the grounds.

The enrollment in the School for the Deaf was 162. The dormitories are over-crowded and there is a large number of deaf children in the State who should be in the school, but must be refused admission for lack of room to accommodate them. The Board recommends that an appropriation of \$40,000 be made for a dormitory.

The progress in the Manual Training and Industrial School for Colored Youth continues to be most satisfactory. The attendance

SCHOOL REPORT.

is about the same as the preceding year. A class of 11 was graduated on May 28th last. The increased appropriation for maintenance will enable the Board to introduce additional courses. A new water supply has been secured and the Infirmary has been furnished.

At the meeting of the Board held February first, the following apportionment of the Reserve Fund, being ten per cent. of the State School Tax, was made:

Atlantic	\$16,985	27
Bergen	31,270	10
Burlington	12,219	00
Camden	25,689	57
Cape May	6,113	64
Cumberland	12,981	41
Essex	119,095	60
Gloucester	7,635	37
Hudson	105,013	40
Hunterdon	7,069	78
Mercer	21,677	91
Middlesex	18,676	34
Monmouth	23,093	73
Morris	15,001	20
Ocean	6,343	73
Passaic	39,554	71
Salem	7,213	98
Somerset	7,664	28
Sussex	6,530	01
Union	27,887	23
Warren	8,457	74
Total.....	\$526,164	00

The following appeals from the decisions of the State Superintendent were heard and the decisions of the State Superintendent were affirmed:

Voorhies N. Cubberly vs. Board of Education of Hamilton Township, Mercer County.

Isaac Rissmiller vs. The Board of Education of Sussex Borough, Sussex County.

Mae Manahan vs. The Board of Education of West Hoboken, Hudson County.

In the following named appeals the decisions of the State Superintendent were reversed:

William J. Fritts vs. The Board of Education of Town of Clinton, Hunterdon County.

Marcus L. Glazer vs. The Board of Education of Flemington Borough, Hunterdon County.

REPORT OF PRESIDENT.

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Authority to appoint supervising principals was granted to the following named districts:

ATLANTIC COUNTY: Hammonton.

BERGEN COUNTY: Garfield, New Barbardoes, Ridgewood, Ruth-
erford.

BURLINGTON COUNTY: Burlington City, Pemberton.

CAPE MAY COUNTY: Cape May City, Woodbine.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY: Fairfield, Landis.

ESSEX COUNTY: Millburn, West Orange.

GLOUCESTER COUNTY: Deptford, Monroe, Swedesboro, Wood-
bury.

HUNTERDON COUNTY: Readington.

MERCER COUNTY: Ewing and Lawrence, Hamilton, Hopewell,
Princeton, Washington and West Windsor.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY: Cranbury and South Brunswick, East
Brunswick, Madison, Monroe, Piscataway, Raritan, Roosevelt,
Sayreville, South Amboy, Woodbridge,

MORRIS COUNTY: Hanover, Jefferson and Mt. Arlington, Mont-
ville, Pequannonck, Washington.

OCEAN COUNTY: Brick, Jackson, Lakewood.

PASSAIC COUNTY: Acquackanonk, Little Falls, Wayne.

SALEM COUNTY: Penns Grove and Upper Penns Neck, Piles-
grove, Salem City.

SUSSEX COUNTY: Vernon.

WARREN COUNTY: Pohatcong, Washington Borough and Wash-
ington Township.

The following public high schools were placed on the Approved
List for four years of academic work:

Chatham Borough, Morris County; Clinton Borough, Hunter-
don County; Haddon Heights, Camden County; Harrison, Hudson
County; Jamesburg, Middlesex County; Roselle Park, Union
County, and South River, Middlesex County.

Superintendents of Schools were appointed as follows:

Cumberland County, John N. Glaspell.
Essex County, Albert B. Meredith.
Gloucester County, Daniel T. Steelman.
Hudson County, M. H. Kinsley.
Hunterdon County, Jason S. Hoffman.
Monmouth County, John Enright.
Union County, J. J. Savitz.

SCHOOL REPORT.

The report of the State Superintendent shows that the schools are in a very satisfactory condition. The number of teachers employed was 12,087, an increase of 852 over the preceding year. The average salary paid to teachers was \$715.46. The total enrollment was 429,797, an increase of 5,263. The average daily attendance was 324,239, an increase of 14,578.

Full detailed information will be found in the documents submitted herewith.

JAMES L. HAYS,
President.

STATE OF NEW JERSEY,
• DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
TRENTON, December 6th, 1910.

To the State Board of Education:

GENTLEMEN:—In compliance with the requirements of the School Law, I have the honor to submit herewith my Fifteenth Annual Report as State Superintendent of Public Instruction, the same being for the school year ending June 30th, 1910.

CHARLES J. BAXTER,
State Superintendent.

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SCHOOL YEAR OF 1909-1910.

The receipts for the school year ending June 30th, 1910, were as follows:

TABLE NO. 1.

From the State.

Amount of State school tax.....	\$4,968,253	24
State appropriations	629,827	15
School fund appropriation.....	200,000	00
Railroad fund	2,384,728	29
	<u>\$8,182,808</u>	68

TABLE NO. 2.

Raised by the School Districts.

District tax for current expenses and other school purposes	\$6,513,206	65
Sale of district bonds.....	1,013,100	00
For teachers' libraries.....	271	00
For school libraries	8,629	87
Due districts from other sources.....	2,612,457	78
	<u>10,147,665</u>	30

TABLE NO 3.

Received from Other Sources.

Balance from the preceding year.....	\$4,737,088	10
Interest of surplus revenue.....	28,501	29
Appropriated by counties for expenses of county superintendents	7,350	00
	<u>4,772,939</u>	39
Total receipts for the year.....	\$23,103,413	37

The above balance of \$4,737,088.10 from the preceding year, reported in table No. 3, might very properly have been included in table No. 2, giving the amount "Raised by School Districts," as all

of said balance with the exception of a very small percentage was obtained by the sale of district bonds for the erection of new buildings, the enlargement, remodeling and refurnishing of old buildings, and by taxes levied for repairs, and the payment of maturing bonds and interest.

It is somewhat unfortunate that the rules of bookkeeping require moneys not disbursed during the school year to be reported at its close as a balance, as they are not such in fact, but simply a necessary provision to meet obligations previously incurred.

The general misconception of the character of the large balance (?) reported each succeeding year is greatly to be regretted. Provision to meet maturing obligations is not an indication of careless administration or extravagance, but simply of ordinary business prudence.

The addition of the increase in railroad tax to the former State appropriations has not caused a plethora of school funds, else nearly every school district in the State would not find it necessary to supplement the said appropriations by a district tax, in order to provide an amount sufficient for the current expenses of its schools. By referring to the preceding tables it will be noted that the amount voluntarily raised by the 458 school districts of the State for current expenses, building and repairs, and debt and interest exceeds the total State appropriations by 1,964,856.62.

When the Legislature in obedience to the mandate of our fundamental law essays to "maintain a thorough and efficient system of free public schools," and the taxpayers of the State give their loyal and liberal coöperation, it is quite natural that they should wish an accounting that will show how the funds provided have been expended and the results obtained; it therefore behooves us next to consider the matter of disbursements.

TABLE NO. 4.

Current Expenses.

Teachers' salaries	\$8,647,804	14
Fuel and janitors' salaries.....	1,085,264	13
Text-books, apparatus and supplies.....	745,707	66
Transportation of pupils.....	145,736	86
Tuition of pupils in adjoining districts.....	181,280	21
School libraries	13,369	87
Miscellaneous purposes	1,144,116	56
	\$11,963,279	43

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TABLE NO. 5.

Permanent Improvements.

Building and repairing school houses.....	\$4,810,270 88	
Debt and interest.....	793,232 23	
		5,603,503 11

TABLE NO. 6.

Special Appropriations and Duplications.

Manual training (duplication).....	\$309,959 03	
Expenses of State Board of Education.....	3,408 26	
Expenses of Department of Public Instruction....	25,748 00	
Expenses of State School Fund.....	4,000 00	
Expenses of State Board of Examiners.....	620 90	
Salaries of county superintendents.....	42,000 00	
Teachers' Institutes	1,248 25	
Legislative Manuals	1,000 00	
Current expenses and repairs of State Normal School at Trenton.....	159,731 25	
Practice teaching State Normal School at Trenton	2,483 00	
Current expenses and repair of State Normal School at Montclair.....	50,483 37	
Practice teaching State Normal School, Montclair	2,055 00	
Current expenses School for the Deaf.....	40,767 14	
Current expenses Farnum School.....	6,226 00	
Current expenses Bordentown School.....	25,137 08	
Foreign evening schools.....	50 00	
Cape May Summer School.....	1,868 90	
Expenses Teachers' Retirement Fund.....	5,000 00	
Teachers' Libraries (duplication).....	471 00	
Expenses county superintendents.....	7,175 60	
		695,492 78
Total outlay for school purposes.....	\$18,262,275 32	
Balance	4,841,138 05	
Total	\$23,103,413 37	

Lest it be misunderstood, a brief explanation of table No. 5 is in order. The \$4,810,270.88 expended for building and repairs was secured through the issue and sale of district bonds and was an outlay or expenditure of the school year. The payment of such bonds when dues does not constitute an expenditure, but is simply the cancelling of an obligation. The same is also true of the \$793,232.23 reported under permanent improvements. Taxes are levied and collected to provide for such maturing obligations and must be accounted for. Therefore the actual outlay for school purposes during the school year is not \$18,262,275.32, but this sum less \$793,232.23.

A second explanation is required in the case of the State Normal School at Trenton. The sum of \$66,000 was appropriated for its maintenance and necessary repairs, and said sum fully covers the

amount expended. An amount in excess of the difference between the \$159,731.25 reported and the \$66,000 appropriated, was secured through receipts from the Normal and Model School boarding halls and for tuition in the Model School, thus making the cost of said Normal and Model School to the State, less than the sum appropriated.

In this brief comment on our school finances I have endeavored to make it entirely clear that the State, though liberal, is not bearing more than its equitable share of the cost of our free public schools. The education of the masses is of so vital importance to society and to the State that many intelligent citizens incline to the belief that no portion of the support of the schools of any district should ever be dependent upon the measure of correct educational sentiment that shall happen to prevail therein. In their opinion both the proper and the ideal arrangement is for the State to assume the entire outlay required for the "current expenses" of the schools and for the school districts to provide the "suitable and adequate school accommodations;" the furnishing of said accommodations to be, in the case of each district, a condition precedent to receiving its equitable share of State support.

The term "current expenses" as defined in section 95 of the school law includes "principals', teachers', janitors' and medical inspectors' salaries, fuel, text-books, school supplies, flags, transportation of pupils, tuition of pupils attending schools in other districts with the consent of the board of education, school libraries, compensation of the district clerk, of the custodian of the school moneys and of truant officers; truant schools, insurance and the incidental expenses of the schools." As stated in table No. 4 the "current expenses" for the year, for which this report is made, were \$11,963,279.43, and the amount paid for teachers' salaries (\$8,647,804.14) was the largest item. The former exceeds the entire amount received from the State by \$3,780,470.75, the latter by \$464,995.46. In view of these figures the penalty provided in section 228 for using any portion of the appropriations received from the State "for any purpose other than the payment of teachers' salaries, fuel bills, the transportation of pupils and the tuition of pupils attending schools in adjoining districts" is quite amusing. The temptation to use State school funds for purposes other than those authorized in the law, becomes still farther removed when it is noted that only \$5,798,-080.39 of the State appropriations is subject to the above restric-

REPORT OF SUPERINTENDENT.

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tions. The Railroad Fund, constituting about 30 per cent. of the amount received from the State, may be used for any of the purposes included under the term "current expenses." (See section 237a).

DATA SELECTED FROM THE GENERAL SUMMARY OF STATISTICS FOR THE SCHOOL YEAR 1909-1910.

RECEIPTS.

(1)	Amount of State school tax.....	\$4,968,253.24
	Increase over preceding year.....	916,892.92
	Percentage of increase.....	22.6
(2)	State appropriation to reduce State school tax.....	100,000.00
	Decrease from preceding year.....	912,840.08
	Percentage of decrease.....	90.2
(3)	Total amount of 2¾ mill tax.....	5,068,253.24
	Increase over preceding year.....	4,052.84
	Percentage of increase.....	.08
(4)	Amount of district tax.....	6,513,206.65
	Decrease from preceding year.....	986,603.13
	Percentage of decrease.....	13.16
(5)	Amount received from sale of district bonds.....	1,013,100.00
	Decrease from preceding year.....	1,067,251.16
	Percentage of decrease.....	51.25
(6)	Railroad fund	2,384,728.29
	Increase over preceding year.....	130,219.19
	Percentage of increase.....	5.8
(7)	Total amount available for school purposes, including building and repairs.....	23,103,413.37
	Increase over preceding year.....	1,138,993.49
	Percentage of increase.....	5.18

DISBURSEMENTS.

(1)	Amount expended for teachers' salaries.....	\$8,647,804.14
	Increase over preceding year.....	576,626.69
	Percentage of increase.....	7.15
(2)	For fuel and janitors' salaries.....	1,085,264.13
	Increase over preceding year.....	42,364.22
	Percentage of increase.....	4.06
(3)	For new school buildings and additions, remodeling, re- pairing and furnishing of school buildings and pur- chase of school sites.....	4,810,270.88
	Increase over preceding year.....	963,514.80
	Percentage of increase.....	25.05
(4)	For manual training.....	309,959.03
	Increase over preceding year.....	49,659.28
	Percentage of increase.....	19.08
(5)	For text-books, apparatus and supplies.....	745,797.66
	Decrease from preceding year.....	27,765.31
	Percentage of decrease.....	3.6
(6)	For tuition of pupils in other districts.....	181,280.21
	Increase over preceding year.....	27,791.94
	Percentage of increase.....	18.1
(7)	For transportation of pupils.....	145,736.86
	Increase over preceding year.....	36,234.74
	Percentage of increase.....	33.09

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SCHOOL REPORT.

(8)	Total amount expended for school purposes.....	18,262,275.32
	Increase over preceding year.....	1,034,943.54
	Percentage of increase.....	6.
(9)	Balance remaining at close of the year.....	4,841,138.05
	Increase over balance of preceding year.....	104,049.95
	Percentage of increase.....	2.2
(10)	Medical inspection	75,542.42
(11)	Interest on temporary loans.....	35,876.21
(12)	Salaries of attendance officers.....	41,510.95

NOTE:—\$268,000 was taken from the railroad fund for the following: Two State Normal Schools, Rutgers' scholarships, School for the Deaf, County Superintendents, Bordentown School, evening schools for foreign born residents and Department of Public Instruction.

APPROPRIATIONS FOR SCHOOL YEAR 1910-1911.

(1)	State school tax.....	\$5,261,640.04
	Increase over preceding year.....	293,386.80
	Percentage of increase.....	5.9
(2)	State appropriation to reduce State school tax.....	100,000.00
(3)	Total amount of $2\frac{3}{4}$ mill tax.....	5,361,640.04
	Increase over preceding year.....	293,386.80
	Percentage of increase.....	5.79
(4)	District school tax including building and repairs.....	5,570,544.32
	Decrease from preceding year.....	942,662.33
	Percentage of decrease.....	14.45

SCHOOL BUILDINGS.

	Number of school buildings owned.....	2,010
	Number of buildings rented.....	74
	Number of buildings used.....	2,084
	Number of buildings completed or enlarged during year.....	96
	Number remodeled or refurnished.....	80
	Number of children the school buildings will seat.....	433,090
	Increase over preceding year.....	6,371
	Total value of school property.....	\$36,438,947.91
	Increase over preceding year.....	2,537,581.91
	Average value of New Jersey school buildings.....	18,128.00

TEACHERS.

(1)	Number of male teachers employed in the State.....	1,483
	Increase over preceding year.....	233
(2)	Number of female teachers employed in the State.....	10,604
	Increase over preceding year.....	619
	Ratio of male teachers to female teachers as 1 to 7.	
	Ratio of preceding school year was as 1 to 8.	
(3)	Total number of teachers employed.....	12,087
	Increase over preceding year.....	852
	Percentage of increase.....	7.5
(4)	Average salary per year paid to all teachers.....	\$715.46
	Decrease from preceding year.....	2.94

ATTENDANCE.

(1)	Total enrollment in the public schools.....	429,797
	Increase over preceding year.....	5,203
	Percentage of increase.....	1.24

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(2)	Total days attendance during the year.....	60,433,310½
	Increase over preceding year.....	2,179,865½
	Percentage of increase.....	3.5
(3)	Average number of pupils on roll.....	373,545
	Increase over preceding year.....	40,222
(4)	Average daily attendance.....	324,239
	Increase over preceding year.....	14,578
(5)	Number of pupils neither absent nor tardy.....	11,690
	Decrease from preceding year.....	1,362

TEACHERS' CERTIFICATES.

(1)	Number of State certificates granted during the year....	1,132
	Decrease from preceding year.....	50
(2)	Number of county certificates granted during the year..	1,378
	Increase over preceding year.....	84
(3)	Number of State certificates held.....	4,152
(4)	Number of county certificates held.....	2,910
(5)	Number of city certificates held.....	4,750
(6)	Total number of teachers' certificates held in the State..	11,812
	Increase over preceding year.....	628

COST OF EDUCATION.

(1)	Current expenses of the schools.....	\$11,963,279.43
	Increase over preceding year.....	380,078.13
	Percentage of increase.....	3.3
(2)	Average cost per pupil calculated on enrollment.....	\$28.16
	Increase over preceding year.....	.88

SCHOOL REPORT.

SUMMARY OF STATISTICS.

	1908-1909.	1909-1910.	Increase or Decrease.	
RECEIPTS.				
Balance from last year.....	\$2,742,082 79	\$4,717,862 21	\$1,975,779 42	Increase
Amount appropriated from State fund for school purposes.....	1,031,436 56	629,827 15	401,609 41	Decrease
Amount appropriated from income of State School Fund.....	200,000 00	200,000 00		
Amount of State School Tax.....	4,051,360 32	4,968,253 24	916,892 92	Increase
Railroad Fund	2,254,509 10	2,384,728 29	130,219 19	Increase
Amount of district tax.....	7,499,809 78	6,513,206 65	986,603 13	Decrease
Amount appropriated by counties for expenses of county superintendents	7,350 00	7,350 00		
Amount of interest of surplus revenue	27,901 05	28,501 29	600 24	Increase
Amount received from sale of district bonds	2,080,351 16	1,013,100 00	1,067,251 16	Decrease
Amount raised in districts for school libraries	6,790 00	8,629 87	1,839 87	Increase
Amount raised in districts for teacher's libraries	161 00	271 00	110 00	Increase
Amount due the districts from other sources	2,062,668 12	2,631,683 67	569,015 55	Increase
Total	\$21,964,419 88	\$23,103,413 37	\$1,138,993 49	Increase
DISBURSEMENTS.				
For teachers' salaries	\$8,071,177 45	\$8,647,804 14	\$576,626 69	Increase
For fuel and janitors' salaries.....	1,042,899 91	1,085,264 13	42,364 22	Increase
For building and repairing school houses	3,846,756 08	4,810,270 88	963,514 80	Increase
For debt and interest.....	1,150,121 30	793,232 23	356,889 07	Decrease
For manual training	260,299 75	309,959 03	49,659 28	Increase
For text-books, apparatus and supplies	773,472 97	745,707 66	27,765 31	Decrease
For other school purposes	1,419,080 58	1,144,116 56	274,964 02	Decrease
For tuition of pupils in adjoining districts	109,502 12	145,736 86	36,234 74	Increase
For expenses of State Board of Education	153,488 27	181,280 21	27,791 94	Increase
For expenses of Department of Public Instruction	3,500 00	3,468 26	31 74	Decrease
For expenses of State School Fund	23,945 82	25,748 00	1,802 18	Increase
For expenses of State Board of Examiners	3,000 00	4,000 00	1,000 00	Increase
For salaries of county superintendents	81 65	620 90	539 25	Increase
For teachers' institutes	42,000 00	42,000 00		
For High School inspection	1,851 46	1,248 25	603 21	Decrease
For Legislative Manuals	2,500 00		2,500 00	Decrease
For current expenses and repair of State Normal School at Trenton	1,000 00	1,000 00		
For State Normal School at Trenton—practice teaching	149,407 46	*159,731 25	10,323 79	Increase
For current expenses and repair of State Normal School at Montclair	4,971 25	2,483 00	2,488 25	Decrease
For State Normal School at Montclair—practice teaching	76,456 65	50,483 37	25,973 28	Decrease
For the School for the Deaf.....		2,055 00	2,055 00	Increase
For Farnum School	46,232 74	46,767 14	534 40	Increase
For Industrial School for Colored Youth—current expenses	6,220 27	6,226 00	5 73	Increase
For Evening Schools for foreign-born residents	23,085 30	25,137 08	2,051 78	Increase
For Summer Schools for training teachers in agriculture and home economics	9,260 00	50 00	9,210 00	Decrease
For current expenses of Teachers' Retirement Fund	1,995 50	1,868 90	126 60	Decrease
For school libraries	2,999 14	5,000 00	2,000 86	Increase
For teachers' libraries	13,580 00	13,369 87	210 13	Decrease
	321 00	471 00	150 00	Increase

*Including receipts turned into the State Treasury from the Model and Normal School boarding halls. The actual appropriation by the State for the support of the school was \$65,461.59.

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SUMMARY OF STATISTICS.—CONTINUED.

	1908-1909.	1909-1910.	Increase or Decrease.	
For expenses of County Superintendents	7,351 00	7 175 60	175 40	Decrease
Balance	4,717,862 21	4,841,138 05	123,275 84	Increase
Total	\$21,964,419 88	\$23,103,413 37	\$1,138,993 49	Increase
COST OF EDUCATION.				
Average cost per pupil, calculated on enrollment	\$27 28	\$28 16	\$0 88	Increase
Average cost per pupil, calculated on average attendance.....	37 40	37 33	07	Decrease
NUMBER OF TEACHERS.				
Males	1,250	1,483	233	Increase
Females	9,985	10,604	619	Increase
Total	11,235	12,087	852	Increase
SALARIES OF TEACHERS.				
Average salary per year paid to all teachers	\$718 40	\$715 46	\$2 94	Decrease
Average salary per month paid to all teachers	75 22	77 77	2 55	Increase
SCHOOL DISTRICTS, HOUSES, ETC.				
Number of school districts.....	456	458	2	Increase
Number of school buildings.....	2,052	2,084	32	Increase
Number of buildings owned.....	1,978	2,010	32	Increase
Number of buildings rented.....	74	74		
Number of class-rooms	9,751	10,301	550	Increase
Number of school houses completed or enlarged during the year.....	60	96	36	Increase
Number remodeled or refurnished....	93	80	13	Decrease
VALUATION OF SCHOOL PROPERTY.				
Total value of school property.....	\$33,900,466 00	\$36,438,047 91	\$2,537,581 91	Increase
Average value of New Jersey school buildings	17,138 00	18,128 38	990 38	Increase
ATTENDANCE.				
Number of boys enrolled in the public schools	215,448	217,102	1,654	Increase
Number of girls enrolled in the public schools	209,086	212,695	3,609	Increase
Total enrollment in the public schools	424,534	429,797	5,263	Increase
Total number of days present during the year	58,253,445	60,433,310½	2,179,865½	Increase
Total number of pupils enrolled in kindergarten	29,721	29,581	140	Decrease
Total number of pupils enrolled in primary grades	245,449	251,377	5,928	Increase
Total number of pupils enrolled in grammar grades	126,089	124,106	1,983	Decrease
Total number of pupils enrolled in high school grades.....	23,275	24,733	1,458	Increase
Average number on roll.....	333,323	373,545	40,222	Increase
Average daily attendance.....	309,661	324,239	14,578	Increase
Percentage of daily attendance on average enrollment	.929	.868	.061	Decrease
Number of pupils neither absent nor tardy	13,052	11,690	1,362	Decrease
Total number of cases of tardiness during the year	474,438	530,044	55,606	Increase
Number of children the public schools will seat	426,719	433,090	6,371	Increase
SCHOOL TERM.				
Average time the schools were maintained	9 mos. 11 days	9 mos. 4 days	7 days	Decrease

SCHOOL REPORT.

SUMMARY OF STATISTICS.—CONTINUED.

	1909-1910.	1910-1911.	Increase or Decrease	
APPROPRIATIONS.				
State school tax.....	\$4,968,253 24	\$5,261,640 04	\$293,386 80	Increase
State appropriations to reduce State school tax	100,000 00	100,000 00		
Total amount of 2% mill tax..	\$5,068,253 24	\$5,361,640 04	\$293,386 80	Increase
State school fund appropriation.....	200,000 00	200,000 00		
Railroad fund	2,384,728 29	2,426,930 81	42,202 52	Increase
Interest on surplus revenue.....	28,501 29	28,463 59	37 70	Decrease
District school tax.....	6,513,206 65	5,570,544 32	942,662 33	Decrease
State Normal School at Trenton— current expenses and repairs....	66,000 00	69,000 00	3,000 00	Increase
State Normal School at Trenton— practice teaching	2,500 00	5,000 00	2,500 00	Increase
State Normal School at Montclair —current expenses and repairs....	50,000 00	54,000 00	4,000 00	Increase
State Normal School at Montclair— practice teaching	1,500 00	6,000 00	4,500 00	Increase
School for the Deaf.....	45,000 00	47,000 00	2,000 00	Increase
Industrial School for Colored Youth —current expenses	15,000 00	18,000 00	3,000 00	Increase
Farnum School	2,250 00	2,500 00	250 00	Increase
State Board of Education.....	3,500 00	3,500 00		
Department of Public Instruction..	24,000 00	26,250 00	2,250 00	Increase
School Fund expenses.....	3,000 00	3,500 00	500 00	Increase
Industrial training	20,000 00	30,000 00	10,000 00	Increase
Manual training	80,000 00	110,000 00	30,000 00	Increase
Evening schools for foreign-born residents	10,000 00	10,000 00		
Summer schools for training teach- ers in agriculture and home economics	2,000 00	2,000 00		
County superintendent's salaries....	42,000 00	42,000 00		
Free School libraries	4,500 00	6,000 00	1,500 00	Increase
Teachers' libraries	300 00	300 00		
Teachers' Institutes	1,250 00	2,000 00	750 00	Increase
State Board of Examiners	250 00	1,000 00	750 00	Increase
Legislative Manuals	1,000 00	1,000 00		
Expenses, Teachers' Retirement Fund	3,000 00	5,000 00	2,000 00	Increase
TEACHERS' CERTIFICATES GRANTED DURING THE YEAR.				
	1908-1909.	1909-1910.	Increase or Decrease.	
First Grade, State—				
Number granted to males	21	27	6	Increase
Number granted to females	2	1	1	Decrease
Second Grade, State—				
Number granted to males	7	7		
Number granted to females	19	11	1	Increase
Third Grade, State—				
Number granted to males	57	47	10	Decrease
Number granted to females	133	134	1	Increase
Normal Life Certificates—				
Number granted to males	5	5		
Number granted to females	134	151	17	Increase
Temporary Endorsement Certifi- cates—				
Number granted to males.....	41	40	1	Decrease
Number granted to females.....	429	466	37	Increase
Permanent Endorsement Certifi- cates—				
Number granted to males.....	16	14	2	Decrease
Number granted to females.....	180	188	8	Increase
Special State Certificates—				
Number granted to males.....	3	1	2	Decrease
Number granted to females.....	28	40	12	Increase
Provisional State Certificates—				
Number granted to males.....	30	26	4	Decrease
Number granted to females.....	81	87	6	Increase
Temporary Foreign Evening School Certificates—				
Number granted to males.....	3		3	Decrease
Number granted to females.....	2		2	Decrease
Total number of State certificates granted to males	183	141	42	Decrease

REPORT OF SUPERINTENDENT.

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SUMMARY OF STATISTICS.—CONTINUED.

	1908-1909.	1909-1910.	Increase or Decrease.	
Total number of State certificates granted to females.....	999	991	8	Decrease
Total number of State certificates granted	1,182	1,132	50	Decrease
First Grade, County—				
Number granted to males.....	52	57	5	Increase
Number granted to females.....	167	167	.....	.....
Second Grade, County—				
Number granted to males.....	49	50	1	Increase
Number granted to females.....	381	358	23	Decrease
Third Grade, County—				
Number granted to males.....	71	59	12	Decrease
Number granted to females.....	475	584	109	Increase
Special County Certificates—				
Number granted to males.....	19	19	.....	.....
Number granted to females.....	80	84	4	Increase
Total number of County certificates granted to males.....	191	185	6	Decrease
Total number of County certificates granted to females.....	1,103	1,193	90	Increase
Total number of County certificates granted	1,294	1,378	84	Increase
Total number of County and State certificates granted	2,476	2,510	34	Increase
Number of applicants for State certificates rejected	90	102	12	Increase
Number of applicants for County certificates rejected	578	487	91	Decrease
Total number of applicants rejected.	668	589	79	Decrease
State Certificates—				
First Grade	388	358	28	Decrease
Second Grade	2,836	3,033	197	Increase
Third Grade	542	613	71	Increase
Special	93	148	55	Increase
County Certificates—				
First Grade	796	798	2	Increase
Second Grade	1,606	1,051	45	Increase
Third Grade	825	854	29	Increase
Special	182	207	25	Increase
District Certificates—				
First Grade	3,693	2,671	22	Decrease
Second Grade	390	460	70	Increase
Third Grade	257	362	105	Increase
Special	178	265	87	Increase

SCHOOL REPORT.

BUREAU OF ACADEMIC CREDENTIALS.

The Bureau of Academic Credentials became a distinct part of the work of the Department of Public Instruction in the year 1906, at which time reciprocity relations were established with the State of New York. In October, 1910, similar relations were established with Pennsylvania.

Such reciprocity relations are of great value to students who secure their education in the secondary schools of New Jersey. When a detailed statement of a pupil's work is endorsed by the Department of Public Instruction the certificate issued is accepted in lieu of an examination for entrance to a professional school of a State with which reciprocity has been established.

A candidate for a preliminary academic certificate, who has not had the advantages of secondary education, may secure the necessary certificate through examination.

An arrangement has been made whereby, upon request, any private school is inspected by a representative of the Department of Public Instruction, and, if found satisfactory, is registered by the State Board of Education. Such registration gives the students of these schools the same standing as those of the approved public high schools. As will be seen by the following statistics, this feature of the work of the Department is already largely developed:

MEDICAL STUDENTS.

Certificates issued	179	
Academic credentials certified.....	56	
		235

DENTAL STUDENTS.

Certificates issued	28	
Academic credentials certified.....	27	
		55

LAW STUDENTS.

Certificates issued	157	
Academic credentials certified.....	55	
		212

PHARMACY STUDENTS.

Certificates issued	8	
Academic credentials certified.....	16	
		24

REPORT OF SUPERINTENDENT.

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CHIROPODIST STUDENTS.

Certificates issued	4	4
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MISCELLANEOUS.

Academic credentials certified.....	68	68
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APPLICANTS WHOSE CREDENTIALS ARE IN PROCESS OF INVESTIGATION.

Medical	724	
Law	551	
Miscellaneous	233	
		1508
Total number of certificates granted.....	376	
Total number of certified copies.....	222	
Total number of cases pending.....	1508	
Total number of cases considered during the year.....	2106	

THE LIMITS OF FREE SCHOOL FACILITIES.

It is not only the right, but the duty of the State to educate its youth, and such combined right and duty also include the right to secure through an equitable system of taxation the revenue required. The right to inflict punishment for wrongdoing even to the restraining of liberty and the infliction of the death penalty involves the duty of employing the most effective means of averting wrongdoing.

Through centuries of experience and experiment our most highly civilized nations have learned that the most effective means of self-preservation as well as the most rational and humane agencies in advancing their highest interests, are the church and the school. The former, however, jealous of its rights divine and inalienable in the matter of religious liberty, and unwilling in this realm to acknowledge any higher earthly authority than the dictates of conscience based upon its conception of truth, says to the State "Hands off."

This first and most important uplifting agency being free from government control and best directed when self-directed, the school remains the most effective instrument available to the State through which to conserve its peace and safety. Rightfully and gracefully accepting this limitation, those who framed our State Constitution incorporated in it the following provision:

"The Legislature shall provide a thorough and efficient system of free public schools for the instruction of all children in this State between the ages of five and eighteen years."

To enforce this mandate, our Legislature, under enactments of varied phraseology but like intent, has enjoined each school district in the State "to provide adequate and suitable school facilities and accommodations for all children of school age residing therein and desiring to attend school."

No other provisions of our fundamental law has been so much quoted, or is so vaguely comprehended as the one relating to public education. Every teacher and taxpayer has heard of the command to establish and maintain a thorough and efficient system of free public schools, but the conceptions to which said mandate have given rise are well nigh infinite in number and variety, and in the great majority of cases are pathetically incorrect. That each citizen shall think in accordance with his development and within his limitations is inevitable. So it transpires that with the people as a whole "a thorough and efficient system of free public schools" is interpreted as meaning everything and anything from an opportunity to learn something about the traditional three R's associated with some form of vocational training to that of completing a university course.

The word system implies completeness. A system is an organized whole in which there is an intelligent association of related parts. A complete school system embraces (1) the kindergarten; (2) the elementary school; (3) the secondary school with sufficient differentiation in its courses of study to meet the needs of pupils with different aims in life, and (4) as the capstone of the system, the university. The true university includes the college with courses leading to the several academic degrees, and in addition thereto the graduate schools of art, science, law, medicine, theology and pedagogy. This last named school is an arbitrary addition of my own for the sake of completeness.

I realize that, according to these definitions, there are no complete school systems, but fully believe that in due course of time there will be, as many partial school systems are developing with such attainment in view.

When in 1844 the people of New Jersey did ordain and establish a State Constitution which commanded the Legislature to establish and maintain a thorough and efficient system of free public schools, a large obligation was imposed upon that body. Sixty-six

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legislatures have each essayed to build upon its inheritance from the preceding Legislature, and though their efforts have, in the main, been well-directed and few backward steps have been taken, the desired consummation is still in the somewhat dim and distant future. A brief presentation of the degree of development attained, the embarrassments encountered and some of the rulings we have been constrained to make while striving toward the goal in view, is the purpose of this paper.

As the kindergarten is a comparatively recent development, such schools or departments have not been established in all districts, and only about 30 per cent. of the children receive this preparation for entering upon first year primary work. Though elementary school advantages are not the same in all districts, there is a practical uniformity in the subjects pursued, and the graduates from our elementary schools are, with few exceptions, prepared to take up high school work.

Many years ago the Department of Public Instruction was confronted by the fact that, in the more sparsely settled portions of the State, children were not provided with school facilities beyond the elementary course. As said course is completed at ages ranging from 13 to 15 years, further school facilities were withheld from many pupils before they were old enough to engage in the various forms of useful employment, and just when the privilege of going to school was beginning to be appreciated and would have proved more advantageous than at any former period of school life.

Many parents recognized and keenly felt the unwisdom and injustice of the situation, and eventually became so insistent in their demands that, in January, 1905, the opinion was promulgated that, under the State Constitution, every child of school age in the State, so desiring, is entitled to instruction in our free public schools, up to the completion of an approved high school course; and that this, in our present stage of educational development, is the meaning of "suitable school facilities."

This ruling was made incumbent by the doctrine of "equality of opportunity" and demanded as a measure of justice to those who had long been neglected, and it soon became apparent that its promulgation was not premature. Our high schools had reached such a stage of development that they were able to meet this new demand, and their increase in number, enrollment and efficiency during the past five years has been most gratifying.

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SCHOOL REPORT.

In the establishment of a school system we have refrained from attempting more than we could do well, and have been content to build symmetrically and thus prepare a foundation sane and secure for future development. Several of the western states have deemed it advisable to establish the beginnings of a university at an early period of their educational history and develop it as an integral part of their school system, claiming that it provides the true goal toward which an aspiring youth should strive, and proves a source of inspiration to the pupils in all the grades.

One hundred and nine school districts of the State now maintain approved four-year high schools, and fifty-one other districts have partial high schools which will soon reach the same standard. There are 458 school districts in the State, 160 of which provide high school facilities, and 298 which do not; but the former are so advantageously distributed that the cases of remoteness so extreme that high school facilities can not be made available through transportation are exceedingly few. Even in these the problem is solved by the reasonable coöperation of school boards and parents, thus making it literally true that every child in the State, who so desires, may complete an approved high school course. This is a great achievement for New Jersey or for any other State.

I am not forgetting that by authorizing an annual appropriation of \$25 for each pupil sent out of the district for high school tuition, and a further appropriation of 75 per cent. of the outlay required for transportation, the legislature did much to make so gratifying a consummation possible. During the school year ending June 30th, 1910, the amount paid for the tuition of pupils in other school districts was \$181,280.21 and that paid for transportation was \$145,736.86, making a total outlay of \$337,017.07. A very large percentage of said amount was expended for school facilities not available in the resident district and was over eleven times as great as in 1904, the year before the term "suitable school facilities" was officially and definitely interpreted. I will cite a few concrete cases which are representative of those which have arisen under the said interpretation.

The board of education of a certain progressive school district, being accustomed to anticipate the needs and make suitable provisions for the current expenses of its schools, pays tuition fees and costs of transportation from moneys available for the said purpose, and by virtue of a contract with the board of education of another

district sends its grammar school graduates to the approved high school of said district; each pupil being at liberty to select such course as he deems best adapted to his purpose in life.

As it will serve to illustrate actual questions which have been presented for an official ruling, we will take an imaginary ninth-year class sent from the said hypothetical school district five years ago. This class with the exception of two members, successfully completed the high school course and the regular diploma was granted to each graduate. At the end of two years, A, one of the two exceptions, became 20 years of age, and the resident board claimed that under the provisions of section 116, the district was not under legal obligation to furnish him further school advantages. The particular portion of the section referred to reads as follows: "Public schools shall be free to all persons over five and under twenty years of age who shall be residents of the school district." Appeal was made from the ruling of the board and though it proved a great disappointment to a worthy pupil, there was no alternative but to deny said appeal.

B, the second exception, failed to keep pace with his class and at the end of four years was still one year short of graduation. This additional year was refused by the board on the plea that as it had given him the same advantages and expended for him the same amount as for the other members of the class, his continuance in school for another year would subject the board to the charge of favoritism. From this ruling the parent appealed, the board was not sustained, and B was permitted to continue in high school at the expense of the resident district until graduation. The reasons for allowing the appeal in this case were as follows:

The fact that a pupil, because of illness, lack of capacity, irregular attendance, or even lack of application shall fail to graduate from a prescribed course of study within the time usually allowed does not affect his right, under the law, to complete said course within the limits of legal school age. Illness and mental mediocrity are handicaps for which a pupil is not responsible; voluntary irregular attendance is a crime against the school which no board of education is obliged to tolerate, especially if the pupil shall be under 17 years of age, and lack of application is a matter coming within the province of school discipline.

C was one of the successful graduates from the commercial course, but about the time of receiving his diploma, he decided to revise his plans and enter college. On applying for admission, he

found to his dismay that his commercial course did not articulate, and that two more years of intensive academic work were required. So he promptly applied for two additional years of transportation and tuition which were just as promptly refused and the decision of the resident board of education was sustained.

The case of D, another of the successful graduates, though differing from C's as to particulars, was altogether the same in principle. Though he had taken the college preparatory course, when he attempted to matriculate at his favorite college, it was discovered that another year of academic work was required to meet its standard of admission. He in turn applied for an additional year of transportation and tuition which the board refused to grant and its action was sustained.

In each of the cases I have considered, the board of education stood squarely upon the question of legal obligation and desired no intimation of the generous discretion the district was at liberty to exercise through its agency. Had the board so desired and public sentiment in the district approved, each of the applications which were refused might have been granted, and with the exception of the pupil who had passed the limits of legal school age, the county superintendent might have continued to the resident district the authorized appropriation for tuition and transportation. It is pertinent to add that, in the event of such favorable action in the cases described, the district would have stood committed to future concessions of the same character.

The purpose of the ruling promulgated in 1905 was to establish a minimum educational standard which must be met by all school districts in the State, and thus bring larger opportunity to the children who had long been neglected, but which standard any district may exceed to any extent which its ratables will permit and public sentiment shall warrant. This happy consummation so "devoutly wished" has become a reality much sooner than was anticipated and has been attended by an incidental effect not generally foreseen.

When the law demands that the public schools shall be free to all persons between five and twenty years of age, the logical inference is that no school district is under legal obligation to provide school facilities for those whose ages are not within the said limits. When it is made incumbent upon each district to provide an approved twelve-year course of study for each resident pupil who shall desire school advantages to such extent, the inference is just as

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clear as in the case of the age limit that no district is under legal obligation to provide, and no pupil is in a position to demand school facilities beyond the said twelve-year course. Whatever the legal requirement may be, it inevitably comprehends and fixes the limit of obligation.

In many of the 298 sparsely settled school districts of the State which are without high school facilities of their own, the limit of obligation comes very near to being the limit of ability. In our 160 approved high schools we find some with large differentiation in courses of study in the higher grades, some with little differentiation to meet the needs of different pupils, and some with a single inflexible course of study.

Had the cases I have cited arisen in any one of twenty or thirty of our largest and best developed local school systems, each would have received without question the additional school advantages desired and would not have been heard of at the Department of Public Instruction.

In view of the wide diversity of conditions existing throughout the State, our present stage of development and near approach to a uniform standard are well nigh remarkable and speak well, speak volumes, for the liberality and progressiveness of the people and for the prevailing educational sentiment of the State.

THE TEACHERS' TENURE OF SERVICE ACT.

Many having failed to understand the provisions of this act, it is deemed advisable to include it in this report, together with the decisions relating thereto:

The service of all teachers, principals, supervising principals of the public schools in any school district of this State shall be during good behavior and efficiency, after the expiration of a period of employment of three consecutive years in that district, unless a shorter period is fixed by the employing board; *provided*, that the time any teacher, principal or supervising principal has taught in the district in which he or she is employed at the time this act shall go into effect shall be counted in determining such period of employment. No principal or teacher shall be dismissed or subjected to reduction of salary in said school district except for inefficiency, incapacity, conduct unbecoming a teacher or other just cause, and after a written charge of the cause or causes shall have been preferred against him or her, signed by the person or persons making the same, and filed with the secretary or clerk of the board of education having charge of the school in which the service is being rendered, and after the charge shall have been examined into and found true in fact by said board of education, upon reasonable notice to the person charged, who may be represented by counsel at the hearing. Charges may be filed by any person, whether a member of said school board or not.

Said board of education shall have power to issue writs of subpœna on behalf of either party to compel attendance of witnesses to testify before said board in the matter under investigation, which subpœna shall be issued under the seal of said board and be signed by the secretary or clerk thereof, and shall be served in the same manner as subpœna issued out of the courts of common pleas of this State, and every person who refuses or neglects to obey the command of such writ, or who, after appearing, refuses to be sworn and testify, shall, in either event, be liable to a penalty of fifty dollars, to be sued for in the name of said board in any court of competent jurisdiction, which penalty when collected shall be paid to the treasurer or custodian of moneys of said board. Any member of said board is hereby authorized to administer oaths to such witnesses as may appear or be brought before it, and any person who shall have been so sworn and who shall testify falsely shall be guilty of perjury.

Nothing herein contained shall be held to limit the right of any school board to reduce the number of principals or teachers employed in any school district when such reduction shall be due to a natural diminution of the number of pupils in said school district; *and provided further*, that the service of any principal or teacher may be terminated without charge or trial who is not a holder of a proper teacher's certificate in full force and effect.

This act shall take effect September first, one thousand nine hundred and nine.

STATE OF NEW JERSEY,
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
TRENTON.

May 13th, 1910.

RULINGS UNDER THE TEACHERS' TENURE OF SERVICE ACT.

Any teacher, principal or supervising principal holding a contract made prior to and extending beyond September 1st, 1909, and completing either three or more than three consecutive years of service in the district, will not secure tenure of service during good behavior and efficiency until he shall be re-employed or shall be permitted to continue in the service of said district after the expiration of said contract.

Any teacher, principal or supervising principal employed without definite term, under rules adopted by the board of education is not protected by said act, if he shall be dismissed at the end of the first three consecutive years of service.

The fact that a person may have served during the probationary period fixed by law, in more than one of the positions designated in the act, does not affect his rights under said act.

The protection secured under the "Teachers' Tenure of Service Act" covers only tenure of service during good behavior and efficiency, and immunity from a reduction of salary. A board of education, by a majority vote of the whole number of its members may

REPORT OF SUPERINTENDENT.

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transfer any teacher, principal or supervising principal. (See Sections 68 and 88).

Any clause in a contract which attempts to make the Teachers' Tenure of Service Act null and void is absolutely without force or effect as against the teacher.

C. J. BAXTER,
State Superintendent.

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STATISTICAL TABLES
ACCOMPANYING THE
State Superintendent's Report.

(xxxvii)

TABLE I.

Financial Report, by Counties, for the School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.

COUNTIES.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from State and County Funds, as per County Superintendent's apportionment.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the State for "Manual and Industrial Training."	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax, for "Current Expenses."	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Manual and Industrial Training."	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, refurnishing and repairing school buildings, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount received from district tax for purchase of land.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from other sources, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.	Total amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, exclusive of amount raised for payment of bonds and interest on bonds.
Atlantic	\$263,070 67	\$4,000 00	\$57,680 00	\$4,000 00	\$15,800 00	.....	\$208,868 81	\$553,419 48
Bergen	365,255 61	8,500 00	471,519 22	8,200 00	44,684 17	1,150 00	340,766 53	1,240,065 53
Burlington	137,447 27	450 00	137,700 85	450 00	3,150 00	.....	31,123 62	310,321 74
Camden	311,827 85	8,862 84	308,906 85	11,725 00	37,145 46	3,664 20	29,105 73	711,237 93
Cape May	95,072 23	2,200 00	46,823 55	2,200 00	5,813 72	25 00	14,650 13	166,784 63
Cumberland	118,045 00	1,500 00	90,809 82	1,500 00	7,152 50	.....	12,628 93	231,636 25
Essex	1,852,946 99	28,400 00	1,192,396 04	34,132 77	192,656 93	3,000 00	210,312 10	3,513,844 83
Gloucester	94,042 38	.....	124,348 28	420 00	22,604 86	.....	42,181 06	283,596 58
Hudson	2,014,144 55	24,200 00	385,166 05	34,700 00	70,248 62	12,948 79	782,622 70	3,324,030 71
Hunterdon	90,321 29	.....	53,009 83	.....	14,090 21	.....	12,359 21	169,780 54
Mercer	373,035 87	5,675 00	143,949 86	12,586 02	35,078 25	.....	26,839 40	597,214 40
Middlesex	246,800 65	3,500 00	253,311 91	3,750 00	68,180 90	200 00	57,503 69	633,247 15
Monmouth	397,994 80	9,087 50	173,140 78	9,087 50	30,474 56	2,050 00	57,866 82	679,701 96
Morris	193,691 78	1,200 00	161,269 10	1,200 00	24,815 64	50 00	25,470 91	407,887 43
Ocean	66,888 13	925 00	64,963 07	925 00	6,913 82	.....	9,587 24	150,202 26
Passaic	581,103 00	10,250 00	313,079 53	15,550 00	7,084 00	4,225 00	607,769 53	1,639,051 06
Salem	69,759 85	500 00	37,576 78	500 00	4,200 00	577 50	18,261 83	131,366 94
Somerset	121,306 77	2,425 00	84,294 62	2,425 00	13,310 00	400 00	30,166 22	254,417 62
Sussex	69,618 28	.....	56,311 01	.....	8,400 00	300 00	6,793 67	141,362 96
Union	555,360 61	9,950 00	220,744 41	7,400 00	52,311 24	1,350 00	90,582 75	926,799 11
Warren	106,710 75	.....	79,638 33	4,335 07	21,043 51	.....	26,275 26	238,002 92
Total.....	\$8,124,444 33	\$120,725 34	\$4,456,729 88	\$155,086 36	\$685,158 49	\$29,940 49	\$2,641,686 14	\$16,213,771 03

TABLE I.—CONTINUED.

Financial Report, by Counties, for the School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.

COUNTIES.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the sale of bonds.	Grand total received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909.	Amount expended for teachers' salaries, exclusive of amount paid on account of work done in manual and industrial training classes, and exclusive of amount paid on account Teachers' Retirement Fund.	Amount paid State Treasurer for Teachers' Retirement Fund.	Amount expended for fuel.	Amount expended for janitors' wages for day schools.	Amount expended for text-books, apparatus and supplies, exclusive of those in column 16.	Amount expended for Manual and Industrial Training, including salaries, apparatus and supplies therefor.
Atlantic	\$214,401 88	\$767,821 36	\$237,324 43	\$3,370 16	\$12,388 29	\$19,058 16	\$22,891 72	\$8,597 19
Bergen	425,221 26	1,665,286 79	543,274 84	7,983 82	32,843 39	52,671 81	52,405 21	17,492 95
Burlington	99,611 28	409,933 02	166,958 62	2,377 78	8,385 20	9,625 67	16,111 29	868 54
Camden	138,959 59	850,197 52	422,806 72	7,972 51	22,602 76	47,829 48	45,217 85	19,279 00
Cape May	25,218 89	192,003 52	85,540 77	632 15	4,877 44	5,408 34	7,183 21	3,494 54
Cumberland	75,228 99	306,865 24	141,029 58	2,322 39	6,979 46	9,426 53	12,996 74	2,969 94
Essex	3,700,602 35	7,214,447 18	2,161,705 71	30,690 35	71,419 59	170,511 16	200,243 52	107,936 29
Gloucester	8,979 29	232,575 87	105,386 89	1,367 33	7,759 65	7,373 15	10,996 28	168 76
Hudson	591,673 17	3,915,702 88	1,745,138 95	28,415 86	72,115 78	144,091 53	129,463 90	61,614 55
Hunterdon	50,485 60	250,266 14	93,283 90	1,062 01	6,221 37	3,089 59	7,962 31	.....
Mercer	46,000 00	643,214 40	360,246 87	6,523 45	22,159 61	27,892 23	29,852 77	15,986 77
Middlesex	92,978 79	726,225 94	305,494 17	4,065 91	18,710 02	29,140 77	26,157 36	7,097 16
Monmouth	92,249 33	771,951 29	358,970 50	5,013 47	21,665 18	31,067 67	29,173 91	11,907 51
Morris	130,276 18	537,963 61	215,442 45	2,438 10	12,539 89	14,530 35	17,721 14	2,656 91
Ocean	11,137 12	161,339 38	81,129 53	1,026 44	4,301 27	4,040 61	7,596 75	2,083 11
Passaic	321,216 64	1,860,267 70	647,475 11	9,485 00	26,412 01	47,514 04	48,060 13	21,408 84
Salem .....	.....	131,365 94	74,347 02	990 52	4,081 00	3,819 25	8,239 56	1,000 00
Somerset	9,009 09	263,426 62	133,424 86	1,775 66	8,132 11	7,746 38	10,411 87	4,749 80
Sussex	7,106 07	148,469 03	80,632 30	1,003 30	5,676 79	3,264 20	7,025 05	.....
Union	219,460 76	1,156,259 87	450,411 12	6,005 97	20,011 19	43,764 09	43,934 77	15,823 95
Warren .....	.....	238,002 92	112,139 91	1,117 71	8,075 46	6,131 75	12,073 22	4,823 22
Total.....	\$6,259,815 19	\$22,473,586 22	\$8,522,164 25	\$125,639 89	\$397,357 46	\$687,906 67	\$745,707 66	\$309,959 03

SCHOOL REPORT.

TABLE I.—CONTINUED.

Financial Report, by Counties, for the School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.

COUNTIES.	Amount expended for transportation of pupils residing within the district to schools in other districts.	Amount expended for transportation of pupils within the district.	Amount expended for tuition of pupils in other districts.	Amount expended for medical inspection.	Amount expended for attendance officers.	Amount expended for school libraries and apparatus purchased with library money.	Amount expended for interest on temporary loans.
Atlantic	\$3,026 57	\$667 40	\$2,216 90	\$1,544 25	\$3,738 70	\$385 71	\$1,381 45
Bergen	13,833 35	1,084 45	33,287 46	5,559 56	647 98	1,192 71	2,805 98
Burlington	7,664 78	2,720 00	14,725 40	1,671 72	516 50	749 30	1,961 55
Camden	2,526 89	236 10	7,760 27	3,594 12	2,962 00	1,345 62	7,035 60
Cape May	2,290 30	4,079 51	1,755 30	1,800 00	136 00	600 32	135 58
Cumberland	6,909 35	3,291 91	4,627 69	574 99	179 50	363 53	1,452 27
Essex	880 50	4,897 70	1,168 00	18,915 58	12,869 70	2,321 47	2,170 01
Gloucester	5,259 72	398 00	9,241 45	175 00	235 30	600 83	467 95
Hudson	3,054 03	450 33	11,055 00	9,641 87	12,354 66	160 00	8,619 79
Hunterdon	6,894 09	779 55	6,802 55	2,473 32	88 00	168 09	374 38
Mercer	1,835 18	3,225 72	6,201 80	3,349 37	1,300 00	417 01	1,206 34
Middlesex	4,524 58	4,570 20	10,159 27	3,867 65	500 00	583 68	811 01
Monmouth	8,899 17	7,240 27	18,000 35	4,875 25	1,525 30	1,241 67	1,631 18
Morris	7,274 59	2,111 00	13,268 05	3,790 85	558 19	293 56	872 39
Ocean	3,402 36	356 63	3,527 46	1,056 27	450 23	272 92	279 94
Passaic	5,491 20	428 65	10,684 20	3,482 99	1,171 00	239 83	542 74
Salem	3,861 72	1,608 50	4,613 40	1,584 63	30 00	220 96	855 97
Somerset	5,513 35	1,494 31	7,882 40	1,476 75	140 35	349 37	968 24
Sussex	4,783 80	961 20	4,581 17	.....	195 01	441 05	130 81
Union	513 15	200 00	3,515 10	4,700 50	1,564 53	475 94	1,730 63
Warren	5,589 75	907 00	6,206 99	1,407 75	348 00	392 35	441 40
Total	\$104,028 43	\$41,708 43	\$181,280 21	\$75,542 42	\$41,510 95	\$12,815 92	\$35,876 21

TABLE I.—CONTINUED.

Financial Report, by Counties, for the School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.

COUNTIES.	Amount expended for other school purposes.	Total amount for Current Expenses, and Manual and Industrial Training, for day schools.	Amount expended for new buildings and enlargements.	Amount expended for remodeling, repairing and furnishing school buildings and purchase of land.	Total amount expended for building, enlarging, remodeling and repairing, and purchase of land.	Grand total expended, excluding bonded debt and interest on bonds.	Balance of State and county funds, June 30th, 1910.
Atlantic	\$24,666 52	\$341,257 45	\$175,666 16	\$61,167 20	\$236,833 36	\$578,090 81	\$11,345 88
Bergen	95,381 89	860,465 40	302,215 69	80,330 51	382,546 20	1,243,011 60	9,320 56
Burlington	40,792 74	275,129 09	68,490 41	16,491 56	84,981 97	360,111 06	133 06
Camden	32,540 05	623,708 97	80,274 21	85,047 74	165,321 95	789,030 92	.....
Cape May	34,868 62	152,792 08	.....	18,025 45	18,025 45	170,817 53	2,963 93
Cumberland	15,307 32	208,432 20	48,604 44	9,041 64	57,646 08	266,078 28	.....
Essex	249,984 98	3,035,724 56	842,256 32	337,358 02	1,179,614 34	4,215,338 90	2,515 57
Gloucester	40,728 67	190,158 98	57,902 99	10,339 42	68,242 41	258,401 39	2,890 04
Hudson	184,462 25	2,410,547 60	992,477 68	186,976 85	1,179,454 53	3,590,002 13	56,902 29
Hunterdon	12,551 11	141,730 13	50,862 59	5,074 97	55,937 56	197,667 74	429 75
Mercer	31,812 90	512,010 02	57,506 77	50,683 29	108,176 06	620,186 08	6,561 74
Middlesex	33,977 83	499,659 61	69,159 09	38,160 69	107,319 78	606,979 39	1,289 46
Monmouth	51,235 93	552,447 36	121,784 67	31,642 12	153,426 79	705,874 15	22,839 37
Morris	24,039 16	317,536 63	56,107 56	38,805 91	94,913 47	412,450 10	918 38
Ocean	4,885 41	114,408 93	11,727 73	7,901 96	19,629 69	134,038 62	.....
Passaic	82,492 60	904,878 34	489,676 60	24,383 39	514,059 99	1,418,938 33	806 36
Salem	5,795 34	111,047 87	231 60	6,287 84	6,519 44	117,567 31	.....
Somerset	33,762 40	217,827 85	16,451 32	10,943 34	27,394 66	245,222 51	805 01
Sussex	5,270 41	113,965 09	11,063 31	4,047 55	15,110 86	129,075 95	331 13
Union	66,577 78	659,228 72	201,667 78	110,287 08	311,954 86	971,183 58	61,966 68
Warren	23,002 65	182,657 16	18,565 75	4,595 68	23,161 43	205,818 59	539 94
Total	\$1,144,116 56	\$12,425,614 09	\$3,672,692 67	\$1,137,578 21	\$4,810,270 88	\$17,235,884 97	\$182,559 15

REPORT OF SUPERINTENDENT.

TABLE I.—CONTINUED.
Financial Report, by Counties, for the School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.

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TABLE II.
Apportionment of School Moneys for the School Year Ending June 30th, 1911.

COUNTIES.	Balance of State and County Funds, July 1st, 1910.	Balance "District Tax," July 1st, 1910.	Balance received from other sources, July 1st, 1910.	Total balance, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax for bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount apportioned from State appropriation, railroad tax, State school tax and State school fund appropriation.	Amount apportioned from surplus revenue.	Amount apportioned from balances.	Amount available for manual and industrial training from State funds.	Amount of district tax voted for "Current Expenses."
Atlantic	\$10,360 87	\$19,723 05	\$159,646 63	\$189,730 55	\$294,176 28	\$534 18	.....	.....	\$94,848 06
Bergen	9,320 86	88,301 21	354,663 42	422,276 19	393,144 23	1,795 08	.....	\$10,650 09	630,243 50
Burlington	123 06	12,280 31	37,408 89	42,812 96	130,090 83	4,283 92	.....	8,250 00	90,223 06
Camden	180 60	36,879 08	23,653 92	61,166 60	314,334 94	1,523 71	.....	1,250 00	369,628 03
Cape May	2,563 36	48,726 94	5,003 85	47,788 29	106,258 71	1,766 19	.....	1,250 00	36,423 81
Essex .....	.....	199,489 22	.....	3,002,918 50	1,971,145 55	1,766 19	.....	29,825 00	1,250,000 00
Gloucester	2,675 83	14,309 52	2,800,773 44	34,174 48	89,857 41	1,811 50	.....	.....	1,250,000 00
Hudson	2,800 04	16,972 92	223,946 54	225,700 75	1,836,632 73	.....	.....	32,300 00	659,597 36
Hunterdon	459 75	8,103 77	14,064 88	22,598 40	85,100 85	.....	.....	.....	50,154 05
Mercer	6,561 74	9,889 26	6,577 32	23,028 32	354,201 34	370 62	.....	5,650 00	177,223 97
Middlesex	1,289 46	41,907 26	76,049 83	119,246 55	236,495 70	2,554 54	.....	4,500 00	223,489 00
Monmouth	23,704 19	27,407 55	14,965 40	66,077 14	383,937 60	3,600 00	.....	7,002 50	164,701 00
Morris	918 38	47,864 66	77,229 47	125,513 51	190,420 95	904 10	.....	1,050 00	135,425 00
*Ocean .....	.....	*24,842 41	2,453 35	441,329 37	68,297 90	3,600 00	.....	10,000 00	45,449 50
Passaic	806 36	250,533 89	189,383 12	13,204 11	693,353 39	1,166 38	.....	.....	285,623 42
Salem	805 01	6,938 40	7,889 23	.....	67,864 97	2,135 00	.....	.....	42,298 43
Somerset	381 13	10,376 08	11,061 03	18,392 08	116,679 35	2,889 09	.....	.....	75,387 50
Sussex	62,461 33	37,836 62	8,698 87	108,076 29	64,220 19	2,321 34	.....	8,850 00	49,167 00
Trenton	639 94	27,492 32	3,182 07	32,184 33	100,679 71	.....	.....	.....	169,133 84
Warren .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	51,008 00
Total	\$183,861 51	\$988,815 44	\$4,088,834 52	\$5,241,511 47	\$7,998,570 85	\$28,463 59	.....	\$113,557 50	\$4,565,656 02
*Deficit.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

SCHOOL REPORT.

TABLE II.—CONTINUED.
Apportionment of School Moneys for the School Year Ending June 30th, 1911.

COUNTIES.	Amount of district tax voted for 'Manual and Industrial Training.'	Amount of district tax voted for purchase of land.	Amount of district tax voted for building and enlarging school houses.	Amount of district tax voted for remodeling, refurnishing and repairing school houses.	Total amount of district tax ordered to be raised, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount available from private sources for manual and industrial training.	Total amount available from other sources, excluding proceeds from sale of bonds, and tax raised for bonds due and interest on bonds.	Total for school year ending June 30th, 1911.
Atlantic	\$6,000 00	800 00	\$27,500 00	\$20,710 00	\$149,058 06			\$623,499 07
Bergen	10,060 00	2,500 00	2,500 00	35,063 64	568,657 14			1,396,921 70
Burlington	460 00	125 00	4,400 00	6,775 00	102,079 06			286,806 77
Camden	10,750 00		500 00	27,300 00	346,138 03			723,432 28
Cape May	2,350 00	250 00		4,222 19	43,398 00			164,010 56
Cumberland	1,550 00			10,400 00	111,586 36			256,218 16
Essex	34,925 00	300 00	13,440 00	130,447 00	1,435,605 53			6,439,494 88
Gloucester	1,650 00			5,125 00	70,882 50			196,725 89
Hudson	40,300 00	2,090 00		70,745 00	752,732 36		\$250,000 00	3,188,365 84
Hunterdon		600 00		4,740 00	55,494 05			163,193 30
Jersey	10,650 00		800 00	10,500 00	199,873 07			583,123 35
Mercer	4,500 00	11,000 00	80,600 00	15,200 00	337,739 00			689,031 25
Middlesex	7,032 50		9,280 00	21,267 45	208,260 56			647,862 73
Monmouth	700 00		1,400 00	12,145 00	158,270 00		\$3,977 08	482,481 54
Morris	1,050 00	500 00		3,572 80	35,369 50			1,439,832 56
Ocean	12,500 00			16,840 00	507,543 42	500 00		1,568,254 36
Passaic				5,815 00	57,515 45			225,287 53
Salmon River	2,512 50	400 00	3,800 00		\$7,515 45			137,394 63
Somerset	8,550 00	5,000 00	1,900 00	36,275 00	51,450 00			924,163 42
Sussex	4,350 00	175 00	3,350 00	3,704 22	63,987 22			197,051 26
Union								
Warren								
Total	\$160,170 00	\$21,240 00	\$367,917 00	\$465,631 30	\$5,570,544 32	\$500 00	\$253,977 08	\$19,197,124 81

REPORT OF SUPERINTENDENT.

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TABLE III.

Report of Attendance, by Counties, for the School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.

COUNTIES.	Actual number of days the schools were kept open.	Number of legal holidays the schools were in session.	Possible number of days' attendance.	DAYS PRESENT.			DAYS ABSENT.		
				Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Atlantic	175	5	1,953,915½	824,036	803,766½	1,627,802½	156,219	169,894	326,113
Bergen	188	5	4,697,840½	2,078,250	1,990,256	4,068,506	306,618	323,716½	629,334½
Burlington	178	5	1,628,418	651,939½	649,085½	1,301,025	160,927½	166,465½	327,393
Camden	184	6	3,720,997	1,533,634½	1,558,269	3,091,903½	309,465	319,628½	629,093½
Cape May	176	6	609,927½	257,624½	253,725½	511,350	44,406½	43,170	87,577½
Cumberland	179	6	1,764,886½	726,987½	746,631	1,473,618½	147,541½	143,726½	291,268
Essex	187	6	14,169,085½	6,344,958½	6,139,575½	12,484,534	811,609	872,942½	1,684,551½
Gloucester	183	5	1,099,863	454,700½	448,601	903,301½	103,325½	93,236	196,561½
Hudson	193	6	13,269,281½	6,035,816	5,933,614½	11,969,430½	632,744½	667,106½	1,299,851
Hunterdon	187	6	941,893	367,721	366,947½	734,668½	106,093½	101,131	207,224½
Mercer	189	6	2,951,903½	1,262,803½	1,253,989	2,516,792½	212,432½	222,678½	435,111
Middlesex	186	6	2,881,206½	1,277,820½	1,251,229½	2,529,050	173,009½	179,147	352,156½
Monmouth	184	6	2,969,422	1,257,756½	1,264,324½	2,522,081	218,598½	228,742½	447,341
Morris	188	6	2,002,022	854,674	822,011	1,676,685	165,148	160,189	325,337
Ocean	173	8	680,389½	279,056½	269,847½	548,904	67,322½	64,163	131,485½
Passaic	191	6	6,082,144½	2,776,528½	2,695,775½	5,472,304	290,622	319,218½	609,840½
Salem	177	4	832,927½	335,786½	343,294½	679,081	81,635	72,211½	153,846½
Somerset	187	6	1,120,664	487,487	452,024½	939,511½	89,309½	91,843	181,152½
Sussex	186	6	798,950½	313,898½	321,642½	635,541	81,580½	81,829	163,409½
Union	186	6	3,445,116	1,516,888½	1,486,914½	3,003,803	210,258½	231,054½	441,313
Warren	182	6	1,117,379½	479,553½	490,589½	970,148	72,877½	74,354	147,231½
Total average	184	5	68,732,233½	30,117,926½	29,542,114½	59,660,041	4,440,744	4,631,447½	9,072,192½

TABLE III.—CONTINUED.
Report of Attendance, by Counties, for the School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.

COUNTIES.	TIMES TARDY.			Number of pupils neither absent nor tardy during the year.	Number of sessions truant.	Total number of days transported.	Number of different pupils transported to the districts and enrolled in grades IX to XII.	Number of different pupils transported to the district and enrolled below grade IX.	Number of pupils enrolled who have attended public schools in other districts in New Jersey during the present school year.	Number of cases of suspension or expulsion during the year.
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.							
Atlantic	18,632½	13,407	32,039½	158	1,199	6,885½	15	52	226	26
Bergen	26,651½	18,590	45,241½	776	1,240	75,287	424	271	866	158
Burlington	12,868	11,277	24,145	155	2,071	59,628	78	271	186	74
Camden	15,045	11,538	26,583	379	3,465	12,725	78	16	141	517
Cape May	6,583	5,709	12,292	81	83	18,989	225	3	141	37
Cumberland	13,142	10,549	23,691	207	423	42,960½	14	192	137	137
Essex	36,150	25,205	61,355	2,596	13,185½	21,941½	2,192	14	1,938	1,372
Gloucester	9,136	6,921	16,057	175	351	27,000	170	20	244	93
Hudson	29,545	18,716	48,260	3,174	7,522	13,043	53	101	1,312	22
Hunterdon	7,483	5,978	13,461	129	2,880	4,132	53	.....	67	22
Mercer	11,851	9,143	20,996	250	2,081	20,065	.....	.....	77	77
Monmouth	10,653	8,308	19,961	441	1,349	45,144	315	89	451	163
Morris	22,394	18,963	41,357	449	618	61,909	315	657	481	104
Ocean	9,446	6,630	16,076	184	1,239	36,890½	161	21	318	100
Passaic	2,480	3,282	5,762	147	147	13,909½	75	27	52	25
Salem	22,610	15,287	37,897	813	2,073	20,075½	85	.....	695	23
Somerset	9,230	7,227	16,457	135	141	25,016½	112	4	103	91
Sussex	9,693	6,827	16,520	155	131	25,016½	117	.....	31	29
Union	3,369	4,639	8,008	174	1,456	3,910½	.....	45	54	32
Warren	18,646	11,322	29,969	718	1,456½	28,384½	42	.....	381	54
.....	5,685	4,699	10,384	340	.....	.....	.....	.....	82	51
Total	303,998	226,046	530,044	11,690	39,588	537,506½	4,279	613	8,339	1,680

SCHOOL REPORT.

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TABLE III.—CONTINUED.

Report of Attendance, by Counties, for the School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.

COUNTIES.	Total number of pupils enrolled in					
	kindergarten.	grades 1 to 4 inclusive.	grades 5 to 8 inclusive.	grades 9 to 12 inclusive.	Number of boys between 4 and 20 years of age enrolled in the schools during the year.	Number of girls between 4 and 20 years of age enrolled in the schools during the year.
Atlantic	1,018	7,873	3,593	719	6,623	13,203
Bergen	3,046	16,460	8,504	1,560	15,053	29,570
Burlington	379	6,830	3,366	722	6,754	11,347
Camden	431	15,927	5,756	1,009	11,435	23,023
Cape May	134	2,658	1,426	333	2,220	2,221
Cumberland	6,964	46,352	3,537	944	5,770	5,685
Essex	11,741	46,352	22,738	4,718	43,287	42,287
Gloucester .....	.....	4,946	2,280	369	3,902	3,683
Hudson	3,394	49,463	24,191	3,451	40,616	39,853
Hunterdon	127	3,696	2,183	345	3,204	3,157
Mercer	1,718	10,960	4,733	1,107	9,817	9,136
Middlesex	579	11,728	5,063	1,067	9,653	8,382
Morris	153	11,872	5,061	1,067	9,653	8,382
Municipality	163	11,872	5,061	1,067	9,653	8,382
Monmouth	148	2,550	1,486	367	2,555	2,321
Montgomery	42	20,296	10,055	2,027	18,268	18,022
Passaic	516	3,656	1,792	321	2,868	2,823
Salem	274	4,111	2,317	498	3,883	3,559
Somerset	516	2,853	1,842	316	2,665	2,630
Sussex	1,706	12,002	6,328	1,730	10,623	10,453
Union	44	4,188	2,462	678	3,707	3,665
Warren	29,531	251,377	124,106	24,733	217,102	212,685
Total						
						429,797

REPORT OF SUPERINTENDENT.

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TABLE IV.—TEACHERS' SALARIES.

Assistant Superintendents and Supervisors, June 30th, 1910.

COUNTIES.	Average annual salary of Superintendent or Supervising Principal.	MALES.					FEMALES.				
		Number.	Aggregate salary.	Maximum salary.	Minimum salary.	Average salary.	Number.	Aggregate salary.	Maximum salary.	Minimum salary.	Average salary.
Atlantic	\$2,116 66	2	\$2,950 00	\$1,650 00	\$1,350 00	\$1,475 00	5	\$4,050 00	\$900 00	\$700 00	\$810 00
Bergen	2,135 71	29	42,750 00	2,200 00	1,000 00	1,474 14	2	8,750 00	3,100 00	750 00	1,093 75
Burlington	1,400 00	8	9,400 00	2,000 00	700 00	1,175 00	6	3,890 00	750 00	500 00	648 00
Camden	1,611 00	6	9,300 00	1,700 00	1,400 00	1,550 00	15	19,400 00	1,800 00	1,100 00	1,293 33
Cape May	1,337 50	1	1,200 00	1,200 00	1,200 00	1,200 00					
Cumberland	1,421 80										
Essex	3,441 00	78	187,000 00	4,250 00	950 00	2,397 43	38	46,450 00	2,200 00	500 00	1,222 40
Gloucester	1,239 00										
Hudson	3,060 00	53	125,550 00	4,250 00	1,400 00	2,368 86	63	96,760 00	2,500 00	620 00	1,535 87
Hunterdon	1,300 00										
Mercer	1,800 00	5	9,600 00	3,300 00	1,000 00	1,920 00	34	39,390 00	1,650 00	700 00	1,158 53
Middlesex	1,598 00	8	9,875 00	1,500 00	400 00	1,287 50	5	4,410 00	1,060 00	800 00	906 00
Monmouth	1,871 00	8	12,720 00	2,500 00	1,300 00	1,590 00	4	4,100 00	1,100 00	950 00	1,025 00
Morris	1,357 81	1	900 00	900 00	900 00	900 00					
Ocean	1,350 00	5	3,870 00	900 00	600 00	774 00					
Passaic	2,075 00						15	17,049 99	1,533 33	800 00	1,136 66
Salem	1,233 33	2	1,458 75	783 75	675 00	729 37	2	1,515 00	765 00	750 00	757 50
Somerset	1,683 00	2	1,100 00	600 00	500 00	550 00	3	1,975 00	900 00	475 00	658 33
Sussex	1,000 00										
Union	2,291 66		16,180 00	2,300 00	780 00	1,191 85	22	23,125 00	1,900 00	650 00	937 18
Warren	1,207 00						2	1,460 00	725 00	725 00	725 00
Total	\$1,908 77	208	\$433,853 75	\$4,250 00	\$500 00	\$2,085 83	222	\$272,314 99	\$3,100 00	\$475 00	\$1,226 64

TABLE IV.—CONTINUED.
Day School Teachers, June 30th, 1910.

COUNTIES.	FULL TERM.									
	MALES—GRADES I TO IV.					GRADES V TO VIII.				
	Number.	Aggregate salary.	Maximum salary.	Minimum salary.	Average salary.	Number.	Aggregate salary.	Maximum salary.	Minimum salary.	Average salary.
Atlantic	3	\$1,890 00	\$607 50	\$535 00	\$600 00	14	\$9,587 50	\$900 00	\$540 00	\$684 82
Bergen	4	2,450 00	800 00	450 00	612 50	25	32,562 00	3,400 00	600 00	930 34
Burlington	6	2,385 00	500 00	280 00	397 50	5	2,070 00	500 00	315 00	415 00
Camden	1	387 00	387 00	387 00	387 00	8	5,300 00	1,000 00	450 00	662 50
Cape May	3	1,125 00	450 00	225 00	375 00	23	13,254 00	720 00	495 00	611 80
Cumberland	2	780 00	405 00	375 00	390 00	10	6,305 00	950 00	495 00	630 50
Essex	1	750 00	750 00	750 00	750 00	7	20,430 00	1,500 00	500 00	1,075 26
Gloucester	2	2,700 00	1,500 00	1,200 00	1,350 00	19	4,615 00	800 00	500 00	659 28
Hudson	24	10,457 50	620 00	300 00	435 00	17	19,750 00	1,800 00	600 00	1,161 76
Hunterdon	1	800 00	800 00	800 00	800 00	10	6,481 00	600 00	531 00	700 00
Mercur	1	800 00	800 00	800 00	800 00	1	700 00	700 00	700 00	700 00
Middlesex	3	2,022 50	800 00	522 00	674 16	8	700 00	1,100 00	700 00	883 00
Monmouth	1	270 00	270 00	270 00	270 00	17	32,705 00	1,550 00	550 00	883 05
Morris	1	270 00	270 00	270 00	270 00	25	16,575 00	1,550 00	550 00	500 02
Ocean	1	270 00	270 00	270 00	270 00	28	14,004 50	1,300 00	288 00	500 02
Passaic	1	270 00	270 00	270 00	270 00	54	74,203 33	3,000 00	405 00	1,337 06
Salem	1	270 00	270 00	270 00	270 00	9	4,057 00	700 00	360 00	450 78
Somerset	23	9,246 00	550 00	306 00	402 00	11	6,740 00	1,100 00	400 00	612 73
Sussex	6	4,800 00	1,000 00	600 00	768 75	7	4,600 00	1,100 00	450 00	657 14
Union	4	1,296 00	380 00	270 00	324 00	16	17,300 00	1,500 00	360 00	906 66
Warren	4	1,296 00	380 00	270 00	324 00	15	8,140 00	750 00	360 00	541 34
Total	83	\$40,469 00	\$1,500 00	\$225 00	\$487 58	371	\$306,085 33	\$3,400 00	\$288 00	\$530 41

REPORT OF SUPERINTENDENT.

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TABLE IV.—CONTINUED.

Day School Teachers, June 30th, 1910.

COUNTIES.	GRADES IX TO XII.					KINDERGARTEN.				
	Number.	Aggregate salary.	Maximum salary.	Minimum salary.	Average salary.	Number.	Aggregate salary.	Maximum salary.	Minimum salary.	Average salary.
Atlantic	11	\$15,420 00	\$2,200 00	\$900 00	\$1,401 81	18	\$10,520 00	\$700 00	\$200 00	\$584 44
Bergen	15	16,100 00	5,500 00	800 00	1,073 33	57	34,325 00	1,000 00	400 00	602 19
Burlington	4	3,150 00	850 00	700 00	787 50	5	2,385 00	600 00	400 00	477 00
Camden	10	10,190 00	1,300 00	670 00	1,019 00	11	5,900 00	700 00	450 00	536 36
Cape May	10	10,178 00	1,700 00	800 00	1,017 80	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cumberland	9	8,747 50	1,275 00	665 00	971 94	31	.....	.....	.....	.....
Essex	70	126,250 00	2,800 00	800 00	1,802 85	192	149,590 00	1,600 00	400 00	779 11
Gloucester	3	3,250 00	1,250 00	800 00	1,112 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hudson	47	78,350 00	3,500 00	900 00	1,667 02	57	45,478 00	1,200 00	436 00	797 86
Hunterdon	5	5,900 00	1,700 00	700 00	1,180 00	2	1,375 00	725 00	550 00	637 50
Mercer	16	18,450 00	1,800 00	600 00	1,153 13	42	3,910 00	880 00	350 00	569 29
Middlesex	19	21,075 00	2,200 00	700 00	975 00	9	4,900 00	650 00	400 00	568 75
Monmouth	18	21,850 00	2,000 00	850 00	1,213 88	14	8,575 00	700 00	500 00	612 50
Morris	10	9,125 00	1,300 00	750 00	912 50	4	2,350 00	700 00	500 00	587 50
Ocean	5	4,585 00	1,200 00	585 00	917 00	5	2,475 00	575 00	450 00	495 00
Passaic	30	34,700 00	1,800 00	1,000 00	1,156 66	35	23,150 00	850 00	425 00	661 42
Salem	2	1,500 00	800 00	700 00	750 00	2	775 00	400 00	375 00	387 50
Somerset	5	5,225 00	1,550 00	775 00	1,065 00	11	5,850 00	625 00	400 00	531 81
Sussex	6	7,900 00	1,800 00	800 00	1,316 66	4	2,150 00	600 00	500 00	537 50
Union	29	32,700 00	1,900 00	700 00	1,025 88	24	15,555 00	800 00	500 00	604 84
Warren	16	14,570 00	1,350 00	700 00	911 00	1	450 00	450 00	450 00	450 00
Total	340	\$449,315 50	\$5,500 00	\$800 00	\$1,321 52	524	\$319,613 00	\$1,600 00	\$200 00	\$609 94

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TABLE IV.—CONTINUED.

Day School Teachers, June 30th, 1910.

COUNTIES.	FEMALES—GRADES I TO IV.					GRADES V TO VIII. FULL TERM.				
	Number.	Aggregate salary.	Maximum salary.	Minimum salary.	Average salary.	Number.	Aggregate salary.	Maximum salary.	Minimum salary.	Average salary.
Atlantic	165	\$98,749 75	\$350 00	\$382 50	\$598 48	78	\$55,318 25	\$600 00	\$477 00	\$715 61
Bergen	350	296,357 00	1,000 00	427 00	589 59	224	149,235 00	1,200 00	500 00	666 23
Burlington	160	69,569 00	600 00	270 00	434 74	86	44,003 00	700 00	315 00	511 66
Camden	379	223,949 25	1,000 00	350 00	530 89	159	107,203 75	1,000 00	425 00	674 27
Cape May	153	24,668 00	612 00	267 50	465 43	34	18,290 00	800 00	315 00	527 06
Cumberland	1,014	825,771 00	1,300 00	450 00	812 50	580	483,893 00	1,025 00	510 00	654 00
Essex	84	37,817 50	575 00	342 00	435 45	57	32,006 00	775 00	450 00	527 17
Gloucester	953	765,091 00	1,500 00	480 00	802 82	610	524,238 00	1,500 00	480 00	889 40
Hudson	107	47,336 00	750 00	300 00	442 40	17	9,480 00	615 00	350 00	557 65
Hunterdon	227	140,248 00	880 00	315 00	617 83	127	89,113 00	1,090 00	350 00	701 68
Mercer	242	134,180 00	870 00	400 00	554 46	128	80,412 00	1,150 00	480 00	628 21
Middlesex	203	119,490 00	1,050 00	325 00	588 62	172	104,131 00	1,000 00	360 00	606 41
Monmouth	126	69,960 00	950 00	350 00	555 24	66	39,095 00	825 00	405 00	592 35
Morris	44	18,800 00	725 00	270 00	427 27	54	23,625 00	675 00	270 00	437 50
Ocean	472	284,553 11	1,400 00	425 00	602 82	232	171,975 00	1,000 00	425 00	741 27
Passaic	51	21,386 25	700 00	270 00	419 34	76	30,681 25	600 00	282 50	403 70
Salem	66	37,786 00	600 00	200 00	572 50	94	49,440 00	825 00	400 00	528 00
Somerset	90	38,864 50	600 00	270 00	431 82	18	10,250 00	750 00	400 00	589 43
Sussex	257	160,114 00	900 00	300 00	616 14	153	112,290 00	1,300 00	450 00	676 91
Union	111	46,804 00	750 00	243 00	422 00	57	26,488 00	700 00	315 00	464 70
Warren	111	46,804 00	750 00	243 00	422 00	57	26,488 00	700 00	315 00	464 70
Total	5,275	\$3,426,182 98	\$1,500 00	\$200 00	\$649 51	3,093	\$2,244,406 45	\$1,600 00	\$270 00	\$725 64

TABLE IV.—CONTINUED.

Day School Teachers, June 30th, 1910.

COUNTIES.	FULL TERM.				SHORT TERM.		EVENING SCHOOL TEACHERS.		Total number of male teachers employed, excluding Superintendents, Assistant Superintendents, Supervisors and Manual Training Teachers.	Total number of female teachers employed, exclusive of Superintendents, Assistant Superintendents, Supervisors and Manual Training Teachers.					
	Number.	Aggregate salary.	Maximum salary.	Minimum salary.	Average salary.	Males.		Females.							
						Males.	Females.	Males.			Females.				
Atlantic	24	\$21,283 00	\$1,100 00	\$625 00	\$886 75	1	\$600 00	2	\$288 00	14	\$1,962 00	41	315		
Bergen	47	39,450 00	1,100 00	400 00	839 36	5	2,325 00	10	1,768 50	15	2,041 50	66	698		
Burlington	31	21,840 00	1,000 00	400 00	704 51	7	2,075 00	2	1,660 00	1	80 00	18	290		
Camden	35	27,475 00	1,300 00	617 50	765 28	1	565 00	8	1,323 00	6	887 00	27	588		
Cape May	17	11,909 50	800 00	427 50	700 55	2	505 06	1	80 00	3	240 00	37	106		
Cumberland	27	16,627 50	775 00	600 00	615 83	1	297 50	3	1,750 00	224	56,910 74	298	2,140		
Essex	123	144,475 00	2,100 00	500 00	1,176 82	1	140 00	135	46,077 00	100	16,454 00	226	2,140		
Gloucester	19	12,468 75	900 00	600 00	652 68	2	240 00	45	17,158 00	100	16,454 00	113	1,810		
Hudson	79	94,189 00	1,600 00	600 00	1,192 26	1	350 00	3	750 00	1	146 00	32	449		
Hunterdon	16	11,090 00	900 00	650 00	693 12	1	350 00	3	750 00	1	146 00	30	449		
Mercer	20	18,576 00	1,400 00	500 00	748 00	1	350 00	3	750 00	1	146 00	30	449		
Middlesex	29	23,300 00	1,400 00	500 00	822 36	1	350 00	3	750 00	1	146 00	30	449		
Mumfouth	57	46,875 00	1,200 00	500 00	771 69	1	225 00	1	225 00	4	7,627 00	68	829		
Morris	34	26,237 50	1,500 00	500 00	748 00	1	750 00	1	384 00	4	7,627 00	104	829		
Monmouth	33	8,245 00	900 00	495 00	634 23	1	750 00	1	225 00	1	225 00	34	118		
Ocean	31	40,200 00	1,100 00	700 00	1,296 77	4	1,150 00	1	61 00	2	256 00	15	146		
Passaic	13	7,636 25	800 00	498 75	587 40	4	1,150 00	1	61 00	2	256 00	15	146		
Salem	21	16,300 00	1,000 00	500 00	776 20	1	300 00	1	300 00	22	4,228 27	24	4,010		
Somerset	12	7,675 00	700 00	500 00	659 58	1	300 00	1	300 00	22	4,228 27	24	4,010		
Sussex	48	44,773 00	1,300 00	600 00	877 73	1	300 00	1	300 00	22	4,228 27	24	4,010		
Union	10	6,205 00	850 00	550 00	620 91	1	300 00	1	300 00	22	4,228 27	24	4,010		
Warren	10	6,205 00	850 00	550 00	620 91	1	300 00	1	300 00	22	4,228 27	24	4,010		
Total	706	\$846,832 50	\$2,100 00	\$400 00	\$916 13	11	\$4,060 50	39	\$18,164 06	253	\$71,620 77	472	\$96,460 89	1,078	10,201

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TABLE IV.—CONTINUED.

Manual Training Teachers, June 30th, 1910.

COUNTIES.	MALES.					FEMALES.					Grand total number of males employed.	Grand total number of females employed.
	Number.	Aggregate salary.	Maximum salary.	Minimum salary.	Average salary.	Number.	Aggregate salary.	Maximum salary.	Minimum salary.	Average salary.		
Atlantic	1	\$1,500 00	\$1,500 00	\$1,500 00	\$1,500 00	4	\$3,300 00	\$1,000 00	\$700 00	\$825 00	47	322
Bergen	4	3,167 00	960 00	650 00	791 75	11	8,100 00	1,300 00	225 00	726 36	106	711
Burlington	4	5,300 00	1,500 00	1,000 00	1,325 00	6	1,350 00	750 00	600 00	762 00	31	299
Camden	4	1,900 00	1,000 00	900 00	960 00	6	4,650 00	1,150 00	650 00	765 00	46	612
Cape May	1	1,000 00	1,000 00	1,000 00	1,000 00	1	1,585 00	585 00	585 00	585 00	44	107
Cumberland	19	27,735 00	2,800 00	800 00	1,453 47	2	1,150 00	700 00	450 00	575 00	32	25
Essex	9	12,430 00	2,250 00	1,000 00	1,383 33	42	42,650 00	1,500 00	200 00	1,015 48	334	2,229
Gloucester	9	12,430 00	2,250 00	1,000 00	1,383 33	24	20,965 00	1,300 00	600 00	874 79	16	183
Hudson	6	7,600 00	1,800 00	800 00	1,166 67	4	3,350 00	1,100 00	220 00	830 00	32	146
Mercer	1	850 00	850 00	800 00	1,300 00	3	5,475 00	1,025 00	600 00	708 00	35	489
Mid Sussex	1	550 00	550 00	550 00	950 00	13	5,475 00	1,025 00	600 00	847 59	63	422
Monmouth	1	550 00	550 00	550 00	950 00	3	5,475 00	1,025 00	600 00	847 59	63	422
Morris	1	550 00	550 00	550 00	950 00	13	5,475 00	1,025 00	600 00	847 59	63	422
Ocean	4	4,540 00	1,800 00	840 00	1,085 00	13	11,100 00	1,300 00	600 00	702 30	43	289
Passaic	1	560 00	560 00	560 00	560 00	2	840 00	440 00	400 00	420 00	114	137
Salem	1	1,500 00	1,500 00	1,500 00	1,500 00	2	1,425 00	825 00	600 00	712 50	24	172
Somerset	4	4,100 00	1,800 00	500 00	1,025 00	7	4,240 00	1,300 00	200 00	555 40	37	12
Sussex	1	1,200 00	1,200 00	1,200 00	1,200 00	4	4,300 00	430 00	430 00	430 00	98	12
Union	4	4,100 00	1,800 00	500 00	1,025 00	7	4,240 00	1,300 00	200 00	555 40	37	12
Warren	1	1,200 00	1,200 00	1,200 00	1,200 00	4	4,300 00	430 00	430 00	430 00	98	12
Watson	1	1,200 00	1,200 00	1,200 00	1,200 00	4	4,300 00	430 00	430 00	430 00	98	12
Total	58	\$73,502 00	\$1,800 00	\$500 00	\$1,245 78	138	\$117,735 00	\$1,600 00	\$290 00	\$863 16	1,483	10,600

TABLE IV.—CONTINUED.
Day School Teachers, June 30th, 1910.

COUNTIES.	MALES—UNGRADED.					FEMALES—UNGRADED.					SPECIAL TEACHERS.			
	Number.	Aggregate salary.	Maximum salary.	Minimum salary.	Average salary.	Number.	Aggregate salary.	Maximum salary.	Minimum salary.	Average salary.	Number.	Aggregate salary.	Number.	Aggregate salary.
Atlantic	11	\$5,625 00	\$630 00	\$360 00	\$311 36	20	\$9,825 00	\$2,690 00	\$405 00	\$474 25	5	\$2,825 00	3	\$150 00
Bergen .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Camden .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cape May .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cumberland	31	12,045 66	475 00	308 00	388 57	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Essex .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Gloucester	6	2,700 00	500 00	360 00	441 00	33	13,836 00	600 00	324 00	428 75	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hudson .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hunterdon .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mercer	2	970 00	520 00	450 00	485 00	30	15,510 00	575 00	450 00	517 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Middlesex .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Monmouth .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Morris	14	6,750 00	650 00	400 00	482 14	57	27,320 00	1,000 00	350 00	479 30	.....	.....	2	1,350 00
Ocean .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Passaic .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Salem .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Somerset .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sussex .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Union .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Warren .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	64	\$25,090 66	\$650 00	\$308 00	\$438 91	140	\$66,491 00	\$2,690 00	\$324 00	\$474 83	5	\$2,825 00	5	\$2,100 00

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TABLE V.
School Houses, by Counties.

COUNTIES.	Number of school buildings.	Number owned.	Number rented.	Number of class rooms.	Total value of school property.	Average value.	Number of children the school houses will seat comfortably.
Atlantic	87	77	10	320	\$1,066,750 00	\$13,853 90	13,074
Bergen	119	118	1	732	2,808,300 00	23,799 15	29,154
Burlington	130	124	6	319	514,200 00	4,146 77	11,967
Camden	131	123	8	646	1,833,511 26	14,906 60	24,804
Cape May	42	39	3	129	247,250 00	6,339 74	4,977
Cumberland	99	98	1	275	466,250 00	4,747 45	13,224
Essex	151	146	5	1,906	9,723,209 50	66,597 32	83,500
Gloucester	79	76	3	215	403,550 00	5,309 86	8,739
Hudson	106	99	7	1,509	7,205,271 00	72,780 51	69,040
Hunterdon	107	107	.....	179	313,350 00	2,928 50	7,588
Mercer	94	85	9	443	1,293,353 15	15,238 50	19,019
Middlesex	96	93	3	457	1,346,400 00	14,477 42	19,378
Monmouth	145	143	2	573	1,895,350 00	13,254 19	23,983
Morris	121	120	1	335	778,650 00	6,488 75	13,827
Ocean	73	69	4	160	250,500 00	3,630 43	5,732
Passaic	83	82	1	851	2,858,945 00	34,865 00	35,102
Salem	82	81	1	172	167,050 00	2,062 34	7,311
Somerset	78	75	3	202	686,450 00	9,152 00	8,019
Sussex	97	97	.....	155	260,850 00	2,689 18	6,343
Union	64	59	5	505	1,856,850 00	31,472 03	19,218
Warren	100	99	1	218	457,008 00	4,616 24	9,091
Total	2,084	2,010	74	10,301	\$36,438,047 91	\$18,128 38	433,090

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TABLE VI.
Apportionment of Reserve Fund for the Year 1910-1911.

COUNTIES.	Number of teachers.	Total days' attendance.	Amount received from State school fund.	Amount received from State fund.	Amount received from railroad tax.	Ninety per cent. of State school tax.	Amount paid to reserve fund.
Atlantic	331	1,597,331½	\$5,484 07	\$3,741 28	\$90,798 27	\$177,167 39	\$19,685 27
Bergen	747	3,810,433½	13,082 26	4,802 70	116,658 31	227,480 82	25,270 10
Burlington	304	1,289,906	4,438 60	1,682 06	37,910 14	73,971 03	8,219 00
Camden	602	2,909,861½	9,990 70	3,837 13	83,124 38	181,706 16	30,185 57
Cape May	140	491,740	1,688 28	1,218 94	29,582 92	57,792 79	6,413 64
Cumberland	269	1,453,801	4,988 55	1,518 80	27,589 25	53,832 70	5,981 41
Essex	2,458	12,406,861	42,596 12	24,915 35	604,678 31	1,179,860 44	131,096 60
Gloucester	191	891,079	3,059 32	1,090 03	26,464 38	51,618 31	5,735 37
Hudson	1,845	11,831,785½	40,621 60	23,384 26	565,092 89	1,102,620 58	122,513 40
Hunterdon	176	738,121	2,594 17	1,039 56	25,229 34	49,228 08	5,469 78
Mercer	473	2,466,565½	8,468 38	4,462 09	108,391 81	211,301 16	23,477 91
Middlesex	445	2,431,283½	8,347 11	4,552 34	70,000 85	136,587 06	15,176 34
Monmouth	529	2,414,281½	8,288 94	4,577 90	111,132 28	216,843 52	24,068 73
Morris	329	1,650,580½	5,428 94	2,825 13	56,739 23	110,710 83	12,301 20
Passaic	973	5,198,670	17,904 18	7,815 51	132,438 46	282,068 88	38,343 71
Salem	169	721,532	2,477 22	1,090 89	19,487 00	37,922 87	4,543 98
Somerset	203	940,537	3,228 50	1,458 63	35,351 46	68,978 48	7,844 28
Sussex	156	604,000	2,075 75	765 92	18,588 42	36,270 09	4,030 01
Tulioh	511	2,903,279	9,967 75	6,514 55	158,103 68	308,495 08	34,977 23
Warren	210	927,881½	3,288 67	1,227 33	29,786 32	58,119 65	6,457 74
Total	11,285	58,353,445	\$200,000 00	\$100,000 00	\$2,426,930 81	\$4,785,476 94	\$256,164 00

TABLE VI.—CONTINUED.

Apportionment of Reserve Fund for the Year 1910-1911.

COUNTIES.	Amount received from reserve fund.	Total amount received from State school tax.	Total amount received.	Amount out.	Amount in.	Percentage out.	Percentage in.	Amount per teacher.
Atlantic	\$16,985 27	\$194,152 66	\$294,176 28	\$2,700 00		1.37		\$888 75
Bergen	31,270 10	258,701 02	393,144 29		\$6,000 00		2.37	526 29
Burlington	12,219 00	86,190 03	130,090 83		4,000 00		4.36	427 93
Camden	25,689 57	207,395 73	314,347 94		5,500 00		2.72	518 85
Cape May	6,113 64	63,836 43	96,326 57	300 00		.47		688 04
Cumberland	12,981 41	66,814 11	100,528 71		7,000 00		11.7	373 71
Essex	119,095 60	1,298,956 04	1,971,145 85	12,000 00		.91		801 93
Gloucester	7,635 37	59,253 68	89,857 41		1,900 00		3.31	470 45
Hudson	105,013 40	1,307,633 98	1,836,632 73	17,500 00		1.42		995 46
Hunterdon	7,069 78	56,297 78	85,100 85		1,600 00		2.90	483 52
Mercer	21,677 91	232,979 06	354,201 34	1,800 00		.77		748 84
Middlesex	18,676 34	155,263 40	236,495 70		3,500 00		2.30	531 45
Monmouth	23,093 73	239,937 25	363,937 60	1,000 00		.41		687 97
Morris	15,001 20	125,712 03	190,420 95		2,700 00		2.19	545 62
Ocean	6,343 73	45,437 31	68,207 90		2,000 00		4.60	440 05
Passaic	39,554 71	395,547 12	603,353 39					620 73
Salem	7,213 98	46,139 85	67,854 97		3,000 00		7.12	401 51
Somerset	7,664 28	76,642 76	116,679 35					574 78
Sussex	6,530 01	42,800 10	64,230 19		2,500 00		6.20	411 73
Union	27,877 23	336,372 31	510,958 29	6,400 00		1.89		999 91
Warren	8,457 74	66,577 39	100,879 71		2,000 00		3.09	480 38
Total	\$526,164 00	\$5,261,640 00	\$7,988,570 85	\$41,700 00	\$41,700 00	.79	.79	\$711 92

SCHOOL REPORT.

TABLE VII.
Per Capita Cost of Education, by Counties.

COUNTIES.	Per capita cost on enrolled attendance.
Atlantic	25.17
Bergen	28.47
Burlington	24.10
Camden	26.19
Cape May	33.41
Cumberland	17.90
Essex	34.20
Gloucester	24.94
Hudson	29.18
Hunterdon	22.25
Mercer	26.77
Middlesex	27.52
Monmouth	27.16
Morris	25.12
Ocean	24.49
Passaic	24.25
Salem	18.90
Somerset	28.58
Sussex	21.48
Union	30.51
Warren	24.07
Total	28.16

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TABLE VIII.

Per Capita Cost of Education, by Cities.

CITIES.	Per capita cost on enrolled attendance.
Asbury Park	29.63
Atlantic City	26.67
Bayonne	31.13
Bloomfield	33.15
Bordentown	20.17
Bridgeton	16.32
Burlington	24.14
Camden	28.26
Dover	21.91
East Orange	31.63
Elizabeth	23.95
Englewood	35.99
Gloucester City	22.97
Hoboken	33.48
Jersey City	29.16
Millville	14.90
Montclair	50.70
Morristown	29.84
Newark	34.11
New Brunswick	37.26
Orange	30.40
Passaic	26.91
Paterson	23.05
Perth Amboy	22.36
Phillipsburg	34.46
Plainfield	35.42
Rahway	31.79
Salem	22.30
Trenton	27.99
West Hoboken	23.03

TABLE IX.
Teacher's Certificate, by Counties.

COUNTIES.	STATE CERTIFICATES.				COUNTY CERTIFICATE ⁴ .			
	First grade.	Second grade.	Third grade.	Special.	First grade.	Second grade.	Third grade.	Special.
Atlantic	9	136	17	6	35	47	35	3
Bergen	34	441	64	24	67	53	68	28
Burlington	6	100	32	12	47	56	77	3
Camden	18	121	19	5	37	69	45	13
Cape May	3	34	19	1	21	39	24	6
Cumberland	9	35	21	.....	65	72	47	6
Essex	56	486	55	16	29	26	13	31
Gloucester	9	40	18	.....	34	74	30	3
Hudson	79	356	51	40	59	41	25	15
Hunterdon	6	44	15	.....	33	33	40	9
Mercer	9	192	28	1	11	24	22	7
Middlesex	23	175	29	4	45	75	46	2
Monmouth	17	267	68	27	71	91	49	15
Morris	12	131	33	5	38	58	65	6
Ocean	2	31	13	.....	26	40	45	6
Passaic	12	69	26	3	17	40	59	8
Salem	6	31	9	.....	22	45	46	11
Somerset	7	87	27	3	26	23	36	13
Sussex	5	30	12	4	17	61	27	2
Union	30	207	34	6	34	27	19	17
Warren	6	22	23	1	64	57	46	3
Total	358	3,033	613	148	798	1,051	854	207

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TABLE IX.—CONTINUED.
Teacher's Certificate, by Counties.

COUNTIES.	CITY CERTIFICATES.				EDUCATIONAL ADVANTAGES.		
	First grade.	Second grade.	Third grade.	Special.	Normal graduates.	City training school graduates.	College graduates.
Atlantic	54	4	2	9	184	.....	35
Bergen	50	.....	.....	.....	496	21	122
Burlington	1	.....	.....	4	104	.....	32
Camden	54	207	36	51	114	148	47
Cape May	10	.....	.....	4	36	.....	26
Cumberland	10	10	6	1	47	.....	14
Essex	1,666	57	7	67	915	877	337
Gloucester .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	42	.....	21
Hudson	1,153	3	.....	45	373	927	147
Hunterdon .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	49	.....	15
Mercer	252	4	1	1	207	131	39
Middlesex	37	18	2	11	212	.....	44
Monmouth .....	.....	.....	.....	2	231	1	107
Morris	6	.....	.....	3	141	.....	48
Ocean .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	38	.....	13
Passaic	211	139	307	47	248	447	88
Salem .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	32	.....	12
Somerset .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	71	.....	35
Sussex .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	39	.....	13
Union	177	18		21	237	111	83
Warren					31		24
Total	3,671	460	362	265	3,907	2,664	1,302

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TABLE X.
County Certificates Issued During the Past Year.

COUNTIES.	First grade.	Second grade.	Third grade.	Special.
Atlantic	5	16	18	1
Bergen	14	30	47	16
Burlington	16	22	62	2
Camden	13	29	42	4
Cape May	3	15	13	6
Cumberland	18	20	41	2
Essex	23	14	13	15
Gloucester	9	26	24	3
Hudson	19	17	33	12
Hunterdon	13	16	26	.....
Mercer	6	9	13	5
Middlesex	13	27	50	3
Monmouth	7	34	34	2
Morris	15	25	37	5
Ocean	7	9	30	3
Passaic	9	16	36	1
Salem	10	21	38	5
Somerset	2	13	24	3
Sussex	8	15	14	4
Union	2	3	8	8
Warren	12	31	40	3
Total	224	408	643	103

REPORT OF SUPERINTENDENT.

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TABLE XI.
Summary of Indebtedness.

COUNTIES.	Amount of debt outstanding July 1st, 1909.	Amount paid during year.	Amount of interest paid on bonds.	Amount of debt outstanding June 30th, 1910.
Atlantic	\$918,250 00	\$18,370 00	\$37,529 50	\$899,880 00
Bergen	1,955,295 00	38,150 00	91,303 56	2,145,695 00
Burlington	262,649 00	10,100 00	6,868 69	252,549 00
Camden	299,500 00	10,250 00	16,270 75	385,350 00
Cape May	106,925 00	5,700 00	4,760 62	101,225 00
Cumberland	73,850 00	6,000 00	2,662 25	67,850 00
Essex	705,366 66	14,850 00	30,739 88	890,816 66
Gloucester	249,050 00	12,500 00	10,491 69	236,550 00
Hudson	4,182,519 00	54,550 00	181,739 55	4,294,969 00
Hunterdon	85,850 00	2,700 00	3,533 00	89,150 00
Mercer	922,440 00	4,240 00	7,936 75	981,700 00
Middlesex	468,657 28	19,666 73	20,180 88	448,990 55
Monmouth	864,650 00	24,800 00	38,192 35	902,850 00
Morris	244,400 00	12,700 00	11,927 02	317,450 00
Ocean	80,900 00	6,250 00	3,484 25	74,650 00
Passaic	326,250 00	8,950 00	18,314 25	420,100 00
Salem	30,910 00	2,050 00	1,202 70	28,860 00
Somerset	228,747 85	16,400 00	9,915 14	212,347 85
Sussex	38,700 00	2,200 00	1,495 00	36,500 00
Union	382,020 58	5,000 00	16,125 67	377,020 58
Warren	8,300 00	2,800 00	332 00	5,500 00
Total	\$12,435,130 37	\$278,226 73	\$515,005 50	\$13,170,003 64

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TABLE XIII.
Total Attendance for State, 1909-1910.

COUNTIES.	Total Attendance.	Loss.	Gain.
Atlantic	1,640,183½	.....	42,852
Bergen	4,100,328½	.....	289,895
Burlington	1,309,102½	.....	19,196½
Camden	3,091,703	.....	181,738½
Cape May	519,647	.....	27,907
Cumberland	1,476,604½	.....	23,603½
Essex	12,856,477½	.....	449,616½
Gloucester	907,499½	.....	16,420½
Hudson	12,167,689	.....	335,950½
Hunterdon	735,781	2,340	.....
Mercer	2,546,661½	.....	80,099
Middlesex	2,533,741½	.....	102,503½
Monmouth	2,517,709½	.....	103,412
Morris	1,681,454	.....	41,114
Ocean	548,805½	7,394	.....
Passaic	5,522,038	.....	325,059
Salem	681,163½	40,369½	.....
Somerset	950,883½	.....	10,331½
Sussex	634,086	.....	29,486
Union	3,038,086½	.....	134,807½
Warren	973,658	.....	15,976½
Total	60,433,310½	50,103½	2,229,969

Total gain over 1908-1909, 2,179,865½.

TABLE XIII.—CONTINUED.
Atlantic County.

TOWNSHIP OF	Total Attendance.	Loss.	Gain.
Absecon	16,856½	.....	132
Atlantic City	920,593½	.....	19,909
Brigantine	2,146½	496½	.....
Buena Vista Township	109,839	.....	3,279
Egg Harbor City	68,245½	985	.....
Egg Harbor Township	33,411	15½	.....
Galloway Township	43,875½	4,060½	.....
Hamilton Township	63,232½	2,547	.....
Hammononton	165,215½	.....	4,480½
Linwood	10,146	.....	243½
Longport	1,903½	6½	.....
Margate City	1,965½	307½	.....
Mullica Township	20,487	.....	1,642
Northfield	12,882½	.....	2,097½
Pleasantville	116,702½	.....	14,669
Port Republic	13,821	23½	.....
Somers Point City	15,265½		2,559½
Ventnor	3,777½		1,323½
Weymouth	20,251		958½
Total	1,640,183½	8,442	51,294

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SCHOOL REPORT.

TABLE XIII.—CONTINUED.

Bergen County.

TOWNSHIP OF.	Total Attendance.	Loss.	Gain.
Allendale	24,777½		3,553½
Alpine	10,048½	1,691	
Bergenfield	61,234		4,371½
Bogota	37,003½		4,782
Carlstadt	127,563		1,421
Cliffside	97,182		13,838½
Closter	42,791½	1,174½	
Cresskill	15,546		1,229½
Delford	30,208	554½	
Demarest	19,431½		2,913½
Dumont	57,484		4,687
East Rutherford	145,972½		6,880½
Edgewater	60,243½		8,662
Emerson	25,659½		2,207½
Englewood City	282,032½		20,580½
Englewood Cliffs	5,109½		93
Fairview	77,179	941	
Fort Lee	112,626		10,271
Franklin Township	39,072½		4,016½
Garfield	269,414		37,248
Glenrock	26,741		4,902½
Harrington Park	9,085		1,760
Harrington Township	21,262		2,795
Hasbrouck Heights	73,411½		3,577½
Haworth Heights	17,089		2,064
Hillsdale Township	28,989	668	
Hohokus Borough	15,367	957	
Hohokus Township	41,958½		7,210½
Leonia	43,396		4,477½
Little Ferry	76,236		7,493½
Lodi Borough	140,015½		8,453½
Lodi Township	9,838½	14,332½	
Maywood	30,528½		757½
Midland Park	86,556½		4,880½
Midland Township	31,242½		3,379
Montvale	12,929		700
Moonachie	17,227		17,227
New Barbadoes	443,630½		7,410
North Arlington	7,757		1,026
Norwood	16,275½	455½	
Oakland	14,045		1,613
Old Tappan	9,569	1,242½	
Orvil Township	26,729	784½	
Overpeck Township	175,596½		18,261½
Palisades Park	51,558		11,009½
Palisades Township	30,193		3,224
Park Ridge	52,920		10,960½
Ramsey	46,157	609	
Ridgefield	24,489½		2,111½
Ridgewood	164,317½		12,530
Riverside	21,052½	1,190	
River Vale	12,289½		2,405
Rutherford	231,269½		4,989
Saddle River Borough	8,734½	525	
Saddle River Township	81,689		4,654½
Teaneck Township	50,644½		5,300½
Tenafly	59,289		2,448
Union Township	132,277		20,282½
Upper Saddle River	4,584½		496½
Wallington	115,831½		4,419½
Washington Township	2,550	1,155½	
Westwood	49,465		7,297
Woodcliff	11,449½	60½	
Wood Ridge	33,514	736	
Total	4,100,328½	26,977	316,872

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TABLE XIII.—CONTINUED.

Burlington County.

TOWNSHIP OF.	Total Attendance.	Loss.	Gain.
Bass River	11,331½	133½	
Beverly City	45,790		570½
Beverly Township	28,632	1,112	
Bordentown City	93,764		8,018½
*Bordentown Township			
Burlington City	151,095½	5,463½	
Burlington Township	23,656		6,343
Chester Township	132,158½		7,606½
Chesterfield	29,903		2,493½
Cinnaminson	23,803½	1,676	
Delran	20,521		310
Easthampton Township	12,166	446½	
Evesham	28,873	1,134½	
Fieldsboro Borough	13,020½	1,266½	
Florence	54,659		2,708½
Lumberton	31,460½		3,048½
Mansfield	31,444½		1,33½
Medford	41,567	7,601	
Mount Laurel	27,690½		652½
New Hanover	19,334½		1,157½
Northampton	115,607½		2,291½
North Hanover	6,982½	1,628	
Palmyra	85,722		3,679½
Pemberton Borough	26,424½		2,143½
Pemberton Township	30,336		6,947½
Riverside	89,097½	3,185½	
Riverton Borough	41,077½		193
Shamong	7,374½		53½
Southampton	26,687	3,948½	
Springfield	18,814½	1,407	
Tabernacle	7,185½	1,179½	
Washington	10,686	967	
Westhampton	4,727		540½
Willingboro	9,230½		257
Woodland	8,279½	6½	
Total	1,309,102½	31,155½	50,352

*Pupils transported to Bordentown City.

TABLE XIII.—CONTINUED.

Camden County.

TOWNSHIP OF.	Total Attendance.	Loss.	Gain.
Audubon Borough	40,013½		5,138½
Camden City	1,996,315½		104,504
Centre Township	79,463½	734½	
Chesilhurst Borough	3,503		85
Clementon Township	74,459½		11,846½
Collingswood	132,424		23,826½
Delaware Township	29,856	309	
Gloucester City	154,932½		9,211
Gloucester Township	47,289½		3,758½
Haddon Township	35,220		4,934½
Haddonfield Borough	107,122½		19,311½
Haddon Heights Borough	39,395		6,538
Merchantville	49,051½	1,856	
Oaklyn Borough	15,549½		876½
Pensauken Township	117,025½		4,880½
Voorhees Township	23,393½		1,095
Waterford Township	78,663	5,252½	
Winslow Township	58,156	4,187½	
Woodlynne Borough	9,869½	1,928	
Total	3,091,703	14,267½	196,006

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TABLE XIII.—CONTINUED.

Cape May County.

TOWNSHIP OF	Total Attendance.	Loss.	Gain.
Avalon	5,030		1,542½
Cape May City	70,193½		678½
Cape May Point	5,696½		63
Dennis	40,078	2,422½	
Holly Beach	49,984		4,959
Lower	23,195½		2,470
Middle	70,900½		7,012
North Wildwood	15,376		484
Ocean City	61,082½		2,175
Sea Isle City	10,507½		885½
Upper	30,339½		4,346½
West Cape May	32,214		1,383
Wildwood	20,449	262½	
Woodbine	84,600½		4,593
Total	519,647	2,685	30,592

TABLE XIII.—CONTINUED.

Cumberland County.

TOWNSHIP OF.	Total Attendance.	Loss.	Gain.
Bridgeton	350,620		7,647
Commercial	63,339	2,747	
Deerfield	90,211½		1,035½
Downe	40,110	2,747	
Fairfield	37,142		774½
Greenwich	31,814½		2,888½
Hopewell	52,896		1,903
Landis Township	344,748½		6,341
Lawrence	37,974½	4,383½	
Maurice River	53,731	693	
Millville	356,807		11,101
Stowe Creek	17,210½		2,483½
Total	1,476,604½	10,570½	34,174

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TABLE XIII.—CONTINUED.

Essex County.

TOWNSHIP OF.	Total Attendance.	Loss.	Gain.
Belleville	284,696½		18,083½
Bloomfield	395,534½		15,075½
Caldwell Borough	71,940½		1,699½
Caldwell Township	15,257½	772	
Cedar Grove	31,691		1,327½
East Orange	853,706		11,239
Essex Fells	3,761½		549½
Glen Ridge	78,371½		1,363
Irvington	315,987½		32,312
Livingston	22,500	3,227	
Millburn	73,035½	2,164½	
Montclair	537,812½		9,489
Newark	8,866,106½		334,871½
North Caldwell	5,548		145
Nutley	175,927		7,388½
Orange	634,957½		5,748½
Roseland	8,144	1,409	
South Orange	172,217		3,176
Verona	41,778½		2,076
West Orange	267,504½		12,645
Total	12,856,477½	7,572½	457,189

TABLE XIII.—CONTINUED.

Gloucester County.

TOWNSHIP OF.	Total Attendance.	Loss.	Gain.
Clayton	57,239		2,501
Deptford	54,631½		1,081
East Greenwich	26,566½		1,549½
Elk	16,133½		1,513½
Franklin	53,857½		88
Glassboro	79,624½	773	
Greenwich	16,626		1,222
Harrison	37,724	109½	
Logan	34,454		804
Mantua	35,940½		689½
Monroe	75,807½	2,693½	
*National Park			
Paulsboro	68,059		2,458½
Pitman	46,739½		7,071
South Harrison	12,259½	1,591	
Swedesboro	68,603		2,717
Washington	25,405½	820½	
Wenonah	16,378	399	
West Deptford	47,979	1,193	
Woodbury	133,471½		2,305
Total	907,499½	7,579½	24,000

*No attendance.

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TABLE XIII.—CONTINUED.

Hudson County.

TOWNSHIP OF.	Total Attendance.	Loss.	Gain.
Bayonne	1,329,932	.....	47,912
East Newark	58,476½	.....	1,510½
Guttenberg	159,042½	.....	7,603
Harrison	206,599½	.....	365½
Hoboken	1,541,230	.....	2,733½
Jersey City	5,695,044	.....	118,431
Kearny	483,381½	.....	18,375
North Bergen	496,031	.....	14,630
Secaucus	88,400	3,348	.....
Town of Union	583,971	.....	23,216½
Weehawken	263,445	.....	9,316
West Hoboken	878,186	.....	40,766½
West New York	383,950	.....	54,439
Total	12,167,689	3,348	339,298½

TABLE XIII.—CONTINUED.

Hunterdon County.

TOWNSHIP OF.	Total Attendance.	Loss.	Gain.
Alexandria Township	14,629	.....	141
Bethlehem Township	14,340½	.....	908
Bloomsbury	18,347½	.....	458
Clinton, Town of	24,811	216½	.....
Clinton Township	40,250½	.....	521½
Delaware Township	32,657½	2,895	.....
East Amwell	11,450	3,236	.....
Flemington Borough	75,734½	.....	75,734½
Franklin	17,268½	302	.....
Frenchtown	25,463	.....	230½
Hampton Borough	31,239½	.....	692½
High Bridge	53,936	389½	.....
Holland	37,357½	2,979½	.....
Kingwood Township	20,045½	.....	1,158
Lambertville City	95,667	3,368½	.....
Lebanon Township	62,158½	1,904	.....
Raritan Township	35,553	68,278	.....
Readington Township	50,350½	.....	2,345½
Stockton Borough	15,064½	675	.....
Tewksbury Township	25,196½	1,392½	.....
Union Township	23,568	.....	2,314
West Amwell	10,692½	1,207	
Total	735,781	86,843½	84,503½

REPORT OF SUPERINTENDENT.

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TABLE XIII.—CONTINUED.

Mercer County.

TOWNSHIP OF.	Total Attendance.	Loss.	Gain.
East Windsor	72.550	.....	5,796½
Ewing	33.334½	.....	5,226½
Hamilton Township	174.775½	.....	21,302½
Hopewell	120,989½	.....	4,061½
Lawrence	49,940	.....	3,044½
Princeton Borough	111.448½	.....	6,265
Princeton Township	10,296	162½	.....
Trenton City	1,933,731½	.....	38,177
Washington	21,362	1,703	.....
West Windsor	18,234	1,909	.....
Total	2,546,661½	3,774½	83,873½

TABLE XIII.—CONTINUED.

Middlesex County.

TOWNSHIP OF.	Total Attendance.	Loss.	Gain.
Cranbury Township	42,507	.....	4,215
Dunellen Borough	54,014½	.....	5,130
East Brunswick Township	47,719	.....	5,129
Helmetta Borough	21,855½	.....	829½
Highland Park Borough	31,458½	.....	3,522
Jamesburg Borough	60,395½	935½	.....
Madison Township	27,828½	900	.....
Metuchen Borough	53,107	808	.....
Milltown Borough	46,425	.....	4,874½
Monroe Township	34,693	3,892	.....
New Brunswick	408,842½	9,317	.....
North Brunswick Township	13,416½	1,453½	.....
Perth Amboy	855,218	.....	73,986½
Piscataway Township	84,933½	6,605	.....
Raritan Township	64,208	.....	1,341½
Roosevelt Borough	150,257½	.....	11,846½
Sayreville Township	70,222½	.....	1,625½
South Amboy	104,933	.....	576½
South Brunswick Township	71,464	13,540½	.....
South River Borough	82,257½	.....	4,417
Spotswood	17,694½		957½
Woodbridge	190,290½		21,504
Total	2,533,741½	37,451½	139,955

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SCHOOL REPORT.

TABLE XIII.—CONTINUED.
Monmouth County.

TOWNSHIP OF.	Total Attendance.	Loss.	Gain.
*Allenhurst .....	.....	.....	.....
Asbury Park	296.972	.....	24,526½
Atlantic Township	21,268½	3,225½	.....
Atlantic Highlands	64,748½	.....	5,122½
Avon	9,028	.....	1,804½
Belmar	49,858½	.....	9,465
Bradley Beach	49,292	.....	1,189
*Deal .....	.....	.....	.....
Eatontown	44,604	.....	1,835
Farmingdale	18,953½	401½	.....
Freehold (Town)	107,928	.....	5,930½
Freehold Township	33,684½	.....	4,209½
Highlands	39,837	.....	2,521½
Holmdel	19,777½	529	.....
Howell	59,935½	412	.....
Keyport	108,843½	.....	9,273
Long Branch	404,927½	.....	1,658
Manalapan	38,382	.....	3,475½
Manasquan	57,538	5,311	.....
Marlboro	34,566½	.....	275½
Matawan	79,251½	.....	3,215
Middletown	122,842½	244	.....
Millstone	37,026	.....	1,783½
Monmouth Beach	13,912	.....	13,912
Neptune City	15,262½	.....	2,917
Neptune Township	183,684½	6,051½	.....
Ocean	32,494	.....	2,922½
Raritan	38,561	346	.....
Red Bank	188,975½	.....	17,158½
Rumson	51,126½	.....	2,978½
Sea Bright	38,819	2,350½	.....
Shrewsbury	72,614½	671½	.....
Spring Lake	20,075	.....	2,444
Upper Freehold	57,077	.....	1,496½
Wall	89,004½	.....	647½
West Long Branch	16,838½	.....	2,193½
Total	2,517,709½	19,542½	122,954½

*No attendance.

REPORT OF SUPERINTENDENT.

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TABLE XIII.—CONTINUED.

Morris County.

TOWNSHIP OF.	Total Attendance.	Loss.	Gain.
Boonton Town	126,340		9,339½
Boonton Township	8,476½	236	
Butler Borough	58,525		209½
Chatham Borough	36,608	812	
Chatham Township	21,784	2,243½	
Chester Township	28,239½	5,098½	
Dover Town	238,128½		6,895
Florham Park Borough	10,261	1,172½	
Hanover Township	75,412½		2,062
Jefferson Township	37,967		236½
Madison Borough	86,410	1,047	
Mendham Borough	22,315		159½
Mendham Township	19,660½	545	
Montville Township	41,172½		144½
Morris Township	47,023½		259½
Morristown	248,550½		14,101½
Mt. Arlington Borough	6,674		846
Mt. Olive Township	27,426½	2,461½	
Netcong Borough	43,830½		3,089
Passaic Township	40,561		2,126½
Pequannock Township	37,451½	576½	
Randolph Township	58,064		965
Rockaway Borough	72,123		2,662
Rockaway Township	114,946		6,481
Roxbury Township	66,304½		4,810
Washington Township	43,876½	1,702½	
Wharton Borough	63,322½		2,622
Total	1,681,454	15,895	57,009

TABLE XIII.—CONTINUED.

Ocean County.

TOWNSHIP OF.	Total Attendance.	Loss.	Gain.
Barnegat City	898½		226
Bay Head	5,805		681
Beach Haven	7,620		593½
Berkeley	11,512½		250½
Brick	43,231½		2,133
Dover	68,675		3,778
Eagleswood	14,162½	2,167½	
Harvey Cedars	441½	262	
Island Heights	8,054	136½	
Jackson	25,664½	1,224	
Lacey	10,885	1,091½	
Lakewood	141,951½	4,396½	
Little Egg Harbor	10,456½	938½	
Long Beach	788½	52	
Manchester	20,410½	876½	
Ocean	6,398	1,407	
Plumsted	29,665	1,937	
Point Pleasant	45,534½		1,701
Sea Side Park	3,672		447½
Stafford	27,440	3,548½	
Surf City	953	491½	
Tuckerton	41,344		2,340½
Union	23,242	1,016	
Total	548,805½	19,545	12,151

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SCHOOL REPORT.

TABLE XIII.—CONTINUED.
Passaic County.

TOWNSHIP OF.	Total Attendance.	Loss.	Gain.
Acquackanonk Township	367,614	.....	40,816
Haledon Borough	86,313½	.....	3,152½
Hawthorne	98,438	.....	2,794
Little Falls	85,401	.....	1,901
North Haledon	22,336	.....	2,727
Passaic City	1,196,498½	.....	79,604
Paterson City	3,342,131½	.....	185,408½
Pompton Township	98,902	.....	5,135½
Pompton Lakes	29,485½	.....	1,363
Prospect Park	72,099	.....	5,307
Totowa	30,161½	.....	2,232
Wayne	58,063	1,417½	.....
West Milford	34,594½	4,014	.....
Total	5,522,038	5,431½	330,490½

TABLE XIII.—CONTINUED.
Salem County.

TOWNSHIP OF.	Total Attendance.	Loss.	Gain.
Alloway	39,191½	157½	.....
Elmer	33,354	2,694	.....
Elsinboro	9,517½	577	.....
Lower Alloway's Creek	29,562	3,729½	.....
Lower Penn's Neck	26,624	1,461½	.....
Mannington	32,218½	2,536½	.....
Oldmans	32,484½	1,488½	.....
Penns Grove	61,168	990	.....
Pilesgrove	87,614½	3,730½	.....
Pittsgrove	62,571	2,403	.....
Quinton	22,369	1,836½	.....
Salem City	187,522	16,533½	.....
Upper Penns Neck	13,277½	1,221½	.....
Upper Pittsgrove	43,691½	1,010	
Total	681,165½	40,369½	

REPORT OF SUPERINTENDENT.

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TABLE XIII.—CONTINUED.

Somerset County.

TOWNSHIP OF.	Total Attendance.	Loss.	Gain.
Bedminster	59,782	5,065	.....
Bernards Township	119,603½	.....	3,416
Bound Brook	117,891½	.....	14,875½
Branchburg	24,843	1,985½	.....
Bridgewater	82,735	7,587½	.....
East Millstone	10,589	.....	3,715½
Franklin	41,425	.....	6,085½
Hillsborough	42,265	1,548	.....
Millstone	3,195	703	.....
Montgomery	19,191½	.....	328
North Plainfield Borough	176,412½	113½	.....
North Plainfield Township	14,201½	.....	248
Rocky Hill	11,399	1,177	.....
Somerville	178,114	.....	5,328½
South Bound Brook	29,480½	1,361	.....
Warren	19,560½	4,125	.....
Total	950,688½	23,665½	33,997

TABLE XIII.—CONTINUED.

Sussex County.

TOWNSHIP OF.	Total Attendance.	Loss.	Gain.
Andover Borough	15,488	2,524½	.....
Andover Township	7,891½	.....	198½
Branchville	20,314	.....	810½
Byram	6,505½	.....	2,341
Frankford	20,531½	.....	2,734
Fredon	9,620	.....	802
Green	12,191½	.....	2,104½
Hampton	12,777	1,041½	.....
Hardyston	110,552½	.....	8,850½
Hopatcong Borough	1,857½	.....	757
Lafayette	13,733	.....	765½
Montague	12,496	.....	1,328
Newton	138,255	.....	12,600
Sandyston	14,616½	3,709	.....
Sparta	46,169	.....	1,764½
Stanhope	31,395	.....	1,106
Stillwater	21,018½	.....	2,484
Sussex Borough	44,149	.....	3,606½
Vernon	39,364½	3,297	
Wallpack	6,233½	1,014½	
Wantage	48,927	1,230	
Total	634,086	12,816½	42,302½

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SCHOOL REPORT.

TABLE XIII.—CONTINUED.

Union County.

TOWNSHIP OF.	Total Attendance.	Loss.	Gain.
Clark	5,926½		1,655½
Cranford	110,366½		5,747½
Elizabeth	1,295,712½		33,699
Fanwood	41,421	415	
Garwood	28,892		1,916½
Kenilworth	26,498		6,404
Linden	59,673½		9,609
Mountainside	6,688½	151½	
New Providence Borough	25,937		4,573½
New Providence Township	20,617½		135½
Plainfield	505,908		17,947
Rahway	242,854	2,089	
Roselle	93,241		1,482½
Roselle Park	113,944		32,758½
Springfield	40,679	2,347½	
Summit	138,810	966	
Union	85,983		6,003½
Westfield	194,934½		18,844½
Total	3,038,086½	5,969	140,776½

TABLE XIII.—CONTINUED.

Warren County.

TOWNSHIP OF.	Total Attendance.	Loss.	Gain.
Allamuchy	12,193	2,128½	
Belvidere	54,000½		358½
Blairstown	31,816½		1,401
Franklin	32,186½	1,761½	
Frelinghuysen	16,073½		697
Greenwich	20,274½	1,711½	
Hackettstown	74,330½		3,961½
Harwick	4,407½		1,033½
Harmony	29,501½		4,786½
Hope	18,696	516	
Independence	12,626	268	
Knowlton	27,775		562½
Lopatcong	20,507		148
Mansfield	20,696½		2,291½
Oxford	74,342½	521½	
Pahaquarry	3,533½	255½	
Phillipsburg	344,362		17,248½
Pohatcong	57,732½	3,188	
Washington Borough	100,038	6,662½	
Washington Township	18,765		501
Total	973,858	17,013	32,989½

REPORT OF SUPERINTENDENT.

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TABLE XIV.
City Superintendents.

CITIES.	NAMES.
Asbury Park	FRED. S. SHEPHERD.
Atlantic City	C. B. BOYER.
Bayonne	JOHN WESLEY CARR.
Bloomfield	GEORGE MORRIS.
Bordentown	H. V. HOLLOWAY.
Bridgeton	H. J. NEAL.
Camden	JAMES E. BRYAN.
East Orange	VERNON L. DAVEY.
Elizabeth	RICHARD E. CLEMENT.
Englewood	ELMER C. SHERMAN.
Gloucester City	W. F. BURNS.
Hoboken	A. J. DEMAREST.
Irvington	FRANK H. MORRELL.
Jersey City	HENRY SNYDER.
Kearny	HERMAN DRESSEL.
Long Branch	CHRISTOPHER GREGORY.
Montclair	RANDALL SPAULDING.
Newark	ADDISON B. POLAND.
New Brunswick	W. CLINTON ARMSTRONG.
Orange	JAS. G. RIGGS.
Passaic	O. I. WOODLEY.
Paterson	J. R. WILSON.
Perth Amboy	S. E. SHULL.
Phillipsburg	LEWIS O. BEERS.
Plainfield	H. M. MAXSON.
Rahway	W. J. BICKETT.
Salem	OSCAR O. BARR.
Summit	MISS LOUISE CONNOLLY.
Trenton	EBENEZER MACKEY.

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TABLE XV.
County Superintendents.

COUNTIES.	NAMES.	ADDRESS.
Atlantic	HENRY M CRESSMAN.	Egg Harbor City.
Bergen	B. C. WOOSTER.....	Hackensack.
Burlington	HERMAN A. STEES....	Beverly.
Camden	C. S. ALBERTSON.....	Magnolia.
Cape May	AARON W. HAND.....	Cape May City.
Cumberland	JOHN N. GLASPELL...	Bridgeton.
Essex	A. B. MEREDITH.....	Court House, Newark.
Gloucester	DANIEL T. STEELMAN	Glassboro.
Hudson	M. H. KINSLEY.....	Court House, Jersey City.
Hunterdon	JASON S. HOFFMAN...	Flemington.
Mercer	JOSEPH M. ARNOLD...	Princeton.
Middlesex	H. BREWSTER WILLIS	New Brunswick.
Monmouth	JOHN ENRIGHT.....	Freehold.
Morris	J. H. HULSART.....	Morristown.
Ocean	CHAS. A. MORRIS.....	Toms River.
Passaic	E. W. GARRISON.....	Paterson.
Salem	J. A. WENTZELL.....	Elmer.
Somerset	H. C. KREBS.....	North Plainfield.
Sussex	RALPH DECKER.....	Sussex.
Union	J. J. SAVITZ.....	Westfield.
Warren	FRANKLIN T. ATWOOD	Belvidere.

Reports of County Superintendents

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Reports of County Superintendents

ATLANTIC COUNTY.

HENRY M. CRESSMAN, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR:—With this I submit my first annual written report. The year's work has been a pleasure to me and a source of profit, I hope, to the children of Atlantic County. Teachers and members of the various boards of education have been courteous and helpful in my efforts. Zeal characterizes many of the teachers as well as a large number of the members of the boards of education. Better teaching and better school surroundings and better equipment seem to be the aim and ambition of school officers.

Five public school meetings were held during the year—two of the directors and three of the teachers.

The members of the board of education to the number of, about sixty gathered at Hammonton in connection with the first teachers' meeting of the year held on the sixth day of November. A permanent organization was effected by electing Mr. Cyrus Osgood, of Hammonton, as chairman and the County Superintendent as the Secretary.

A second meeting was held in Atlantic City. This was largely attended. Mr. J. Brognard Betts, Assistant State Superintendent, addressed the meeting on the subject of Medical Inspection. Addresses on the same subject were also made by Dr. Clara Bartlett and Dr. I. E. Lenard. Mr. Charles Wray, District Clerk, of Buena Vista township, read a paper on the subject of "Compulsory Education." These subjects were well discussed by representatives from the different districts of the county.

The teachers' institutes were held in the High School buildings at Atlantic City, Hammonton and Pleasantville respectively. The following were the day instructors at Hammonton:—

Prof. Charles B. Boyer, Atlantic City, N. J.

Dr. Charles Chapin, Montclair, N. J.

Dr. Myron T. Scudder, New Brunswick, N. J.

Dr. Luther M. Halsey, Williamstown, N. J.

In Atlantic City, lectures were given on the 3rd and 4th of December to the teachers of Atlantic City and county, by Dr. Chancellor, of South Norwalk, Conn., and by Miss Lida Earhardt, of Teachers' College. Dr. Martin G. Brumbaugh, of Philadelphia, Pa., gave one of his pleasing and instructive lectures in the auditorium of the High School building on the evening of the third.

SCHOOL REPORT.

The third institute was held in Pleasantville. Prof. T. D. Sensor, of the State Department was the principal speaker at these sessions held in the interest for the most part of Industrial Training. Miss Charlotte Herckner, of the public schools of Hackensack, very ably assisted him in this instruction. At the evening session Dr. A. C. Rothermel, of the Keystone Normal School delivered a very instructive lecture. Music for the occasion was furnished by the Pleasantville quartette.

At the Hammonton Institute, Dr. Chapin delivered his lecture, "Work and the Worker."

These institutes were held at the expense of a number of the districts of the county which voluntarily contributed towards their support.

Parents' meetings and local district meetings were held also in the districts of Hamilton township, Buena Vista township and Egg Harbor township.

The annual county commencement exercises were held in Pleasantville on the evening of the 29th of October. Fifty-eight pupils received county certificates and eight received "advanced course certificates." As usual on such occasions the hall (Red Men's) was filled to overflowing. Hon. S. D. Hoffman, Ex-County Superintendent of Schools delivered the certificates to the graduates. The annual address was delivered by Rev. Forrest Dager, of Temple College, Philadelphia, Pa.

A teachers' pedagogical library was established during the year. Money was raised by the teachers to supplement a sum of about fifty dollars procured during the administration of Superintendent Hoffman. The State's help for stimulating pedagogical libraries was invoked and with the two hundred dollars thus available centers were established at Hammonton, Pleasantville and Minotola. The library now has about one hundred and fifty books at the three centers.

Special exercises were held on the days designated by law for patriotic programmes and for the Arbor Day observance a booklet was prepared and distributed with the hope that it might assist in making the day one of real importance. The booklet was entitled, "Arbor Day, Its Origin and Significance."

The work of industrial training has taken a marked stride in Atlantic county during the year. Egg Harbor City introduced it soon after the opening of school and at once put it in charge of Miss Inez Nixon, who has special training along these lines. An exhibit of the work was made at the Pleasantville Institute and seems to have borne fruit. A very creditable number of ambitious teachers took the summer course at Cape May and others are doing as much as is in their power to keep on the crest of the wave that sweeps our State.

At its annual election Hammonton voted \$1,000 for the establishment of industrial courses and the Board of Education of that town has engaged a special teacher of the subject for the coming year. Boards of Education throughout the county seem willing to do their part in assisting those who have an understanding of the purpose of the work and sufficient skill to carry it out.

Not all the districts conformed immediately with the mandate of the law that provides for medical inspection. However, there is little doubt that

BERGEN COUNTY.

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all districts will conform with it as soon as the benefits are thoroughly understood and appreciated. The leading and larger districts will have medical inspectors at work soon after the opening of school in September. The other districts will speedily follow. In those districts in which the work of the medical inspector has been entered upon with zeal and a personal interest the value of medical inspection became apparent at once.

The truant law is enforced properly in only a limited number of districts. One of the districts has become conspicuous because of the marked increase in its State appropriation due beyond the question of a doubt to its sane enforcement of the truant law. It is hoped that other districts will profit by their example. Some districts have truant officers but unfortunately there seem to be obstacles in the way that prevent the proper application of the force behind the law.

It is very pleasing to be able to call your attention to a marked change in some of the school yards during the year. Outbuildings have received somewhat more than the usual attention and a number of school yards have been cleaned and graded.

Buildings have been erected in the districts of Galloway, Hammonton, Ventnor City and Buena Vista township.

Hamilton has now in the process of construction a High School building at a cost of \$13,000. Hammonton has about ready for occupancy an annex to the High School building costing about \$20,000. Ventnor will have one of the finest eighth grade buildings in the State. The quality of material and workmanship is superior. Its equipment and appointments are ideal. The building is placed in the middle of a very choice piece of ground in the central part of the city. The outlay including the grounds represents an investment of about \$80,000.

BERGEN COUNTY.

B. C. WOOSTER, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR—While writing this, my fifth annual report, I find the most prominent thought in mind to be the great growth of the county during the semi decade, coupled with the splendid way in which the people of various districts have met the demand for more school facilities. We now have an enrollment of nearly thirty thousand children and employ 823 teachers. During the past five years new school houses costing nearly two millions of dollars have been erected.

Of the 29,927 children enrolled during year, 1909-10, 3,046 were in kindergarten, 16,460 in the primary grades, 8,504 in the grammar grades, 1,560 in High School, and 357 in night school.

In order to comply with law requiring districts to provide suitable and convenient school facilities for all children in county, 658 High School and

SCHOOL REPORT.

300 elementary school pupils were sent to schools in other districts than their own, at a cost of \$33,287.46 for tuition and \$13,833.55 for transportation. For the past two years no child in Bergen county, for whom proper application has been made, has been denied the school facilities to which said child was entitled. There is, however, abundant evidence that many children within legal school age are not enrolled in the schools. Some of our boards of education and truant officers are doing very efficient work under the compulsory school law, but others are negligent to the extreme. As a whole, the general public seems to care very little whether or not the unfortunate child gets the school opportunity the State Constitution guarantees to him. One of the educational needs of the time is a mandatory compulsory education law. The little that has been done toward getting the neglected child into the schools has shown the great and increasing need of one or more parental schools, which, thus far, we have been unable to get.

The general trend of recent school interest has been industrial and hygienic. Manual training in some form is getting more and more attention throughout the county. State aid is received by New Barbadoes, Ridgewood, Englewood, Carlstadt, Garfield, Tenaflly, Overpeck, East Rutherford, Fairview, Hasbrouck Heights and Bergenfield. Most of the districts do something in lines of manual effort, and the variety and quality of work secured, under unfavorable conditions is exceedingly encouraging. There is an increasing adaptation of work to local conditions, and to the individual interests of the children that is far better than the set course or copying of models sometimes found in schools having complete equipment. Experience of a good many years in this kind of work leads me to believe, that elaborate equipment is not necessary and that sometimes it is a disadvantage, because the invention commonly said to be the child of necessity is lacking.

Evening schools, where the rudiments and commercial branches are taught, are increasing in number. I believe these schools can do much good. I am of the opinion, however, that their efficiency could be greatly increased. The night school requires a more direct method and a greater appeal to interest than is commonly found. The day school methods and day school text books are not always productive of expected results in the evening schools, where the ages and experiences of pupils materially change conditions and needs.

The medical inspection law is in operation in all the districts, but it is hard as yet, to speak of results and values. There has been some trouble about fixing the amounts of compensation to inspectors and the kind and quantity of service justly to be expected in return.

The weakest place in the system seems to be lack of efficient remedy when defects are discovered of a nature not infectious or contagious. An inspector may recommend the removal of adenoids but an indifferent parent may refuse to give his recommendation any attention.

Increased emphasis is being placed upon the study of practical everyday hygiene instead of much anatomy and physiology.

There has been a quiet but considerable growth in number of school playgrounds and in the attention being given to outdoor exercises. An interesting fact shown by the recent report of sizes of school lots, is, that recent purchases for school grounds are much larger than the old time ones. Much

BURLINGTON COUNTY.

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interest has been shown in playground activities by the group of schools along the N. J. and N. Y. R. R. and in the Fairview-Cliffside section.

Our great educational need continues to be the betterment of country schools. They do not, and probably cannot as at present organized, meet the requirements of modern times.

Notwithstanding the greatly increased amounts of State school moneys, the country school has not been greatly benefitted. A certain school that has kept about the same size and conditions for several years, gets a less proportion of State money than formerly, city and village districts have been quick to grasp the subsidies offered, but the country school has commonly failed to respond.

BURLINGTON COUNTY.

HERMAN A. STEES, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR:—I herewith submit my annual report of the condition of the public schools of Burlington county for the year ending, June 30th, 1910.

During the year there have been enrolled in the schools of the county, 11,347 pupils; in kindergarten, 379, in primary, 6,880, in grammar, 3,356, and in high school, 732. Compared with previous years this is a distinct advance and fairly well-balanced with respect to gradation. The enrollment in kindergarten and high school should be greater, and there is a marked tendency in these directions, but to appreciate conditions fully it must be understood that there are few compact centers of population in the county and that there are many truly rural sections. There are some large primary schools in which much kindergarten training is given, but, as it is mixed with primary work, the pupils of these schools are counted as enrolled in primary grades.

There are six four-year, one three-year and four two-year high schools in the county. From present indications two of the two-year high schools will be abandoned; they are unnecessary, and the feeling is that a mistake has been made in their creation. The six four-year high schools are so located as to be accessible to nearly all parts of the county. Bass River township is the only exception, and the pupils of high school grade resident in this district are sent to Tuckerton. Three of our high schools are crowded: Burlington City, Mount Holly and Palmyra; but Palmyra has about completed the erection of a splendid high school building, Burlington City has a fine building nearly completed and Mount Holly is promising.

Never in the history of the county has there been so much accomplished in the matter of erecting, and enlarging and repairing old buildings as during the present school year. Palmyra has erected a most suitable building for high school purposes. It is the first high school building in the county that is strictly up to date; having proper facilities for instruction in physics

and chemistry. It contains also a large auditorium, capable of seating six hundred pupils, and two large rooms, at present not in use, one for manual training and the other for a gymnasium. This building and equipment cost about \$40,000. Riverton has begun the erection of an eight-room building worth, counting cost of building and furnishing, about \$42,000. This building also contains an auditorium that will seat comfortably three hundred pupils. Burlington City is building a high school that will accommodate two hundred and fifty pupils at a cost of \$25,000. Florence has built a two-room school house near the station at a cost of \$7,000. Chesterfield township has finished a suitable four-room building at Crosswicks at a cost of about \$12,000. Burlington township has completed a beautiful two-room building at Shedaker, worth \$7,000. Mount Laurel township has built a two-room addition to the school at Masonville. Tabernacle has displaced an old-time, single room school house with a new two-room modern and comfortable building at a cost of about \$3,000.

Riverside has added two fine rooms to its school building, making it a sixteen-room building. This community is growing so rapidly that it is in a constant state of building operation. The next move here will be a high school. New Hanover township has added a room to the building at Wrightstown. Many minor repairs have been made.

This much has been done and we are proud of it; we are in a position to receive congratulations or, at the least, commendation. There are some places, however, where conditions are bad, and the warning has been given. A new and much larger building is needed at Atsion. Another room and extensive repairs, or better still a new two-room building, are needed at Chatsworth.

In fifteen districts medical inspection is given in a more or less perfunctory way. In two of our districts medical inspection is thorough; the physicians in charge are interested in their work and are doing more, much more, than is required as a minimum. It is surprising to note the vigorous objections raised against medical inspection in many rural communities. It might be inferred from the persistency of the protests made that the State was casting personal reflections upon the cleanliness of certain districts. In some cases the resistance is such that there will be no compliance with the law until the school moneys are withheld. I will repeat part of a former report on this subject, as it is pertinent and I should like my own boards of education to read it again; assuming, of course, that they have read it and failed to catch its significance. "Teachers may be able to detect some of the more obvious complaints to which children are subject, but there is great need of expert, official, regular examination of pupils and their surroundings. The teacher may call the attention of the parents to symptoms of disease, but, in many cases, the parents resent the intended kindness, and, in the usual abrupt manner of the overlord to the hireling, suggest a more useful and profitable channel for the exercise of her activities. The physician would not be subjected to this particularly aggravating kind of criticism. The medical inspector would also be able to show the teacher the best methods of ventilating, heating and lighting the school room; to see that the water used by the pupils is not polluted; that the drinking utensils are frequently sterilized; to correct many of the evils resulting from

BURLINGTON COUNTY.

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neglected, unsanitary outbuildings; and to have a watchful care over some other matters not properly understood by persons outside of the medical profession."

Many of our districts have attempted to enforce the compulsory attendance law, but the results obtained are from from satisfactory. The difficulty most pronounced seems to be in the selection of proper persons to act as officers. Usually the person selected accepts the position because he is a "do-little," and is neither feared nor favored by young or old. His scare lasts but a few days and cannot be revived because of his lack of force of character and his fear of loss of favors from parents to whom he is under some sort of obligation. Results, nil. I believe that every child of school age in the State would be kept in the schools for the entire school period if the school moneys were apportioned to districts upon the basis of days attendance. No apportionment for teachers, none for closed schools, none for tuition or transportation, etc., but the whole amount divided by the total of days attendance in the county, and each district paid in proportion to the attendance of its children. Revolutionary? Yes, but just. I have made a calculation as to how this method would affect the districts in our county, and it confirms my belief in the justice of the method.

Districts paying reasonable salaries have no trouble in securing well-trained teachers; and in these districts there may be found teachers whose academic and professional advantages have been all that could be reasonably expected. Other districts, and we have more than our share of them, pay such a small wage that young girls barely able to secure a third-grade county certificate are employed to teach, and the results are lamentable. We are gradually arriving at that state of perfection in which the percentages due the Teachers' Retirement Fund are reserved, as required by law, without undue friction. Teachers' meetings and the meetings of the County Board of Education are well attended, popular and helpful. Manual training is not attempted except in the schools of Chester township. Here much more than a beginning has been made and the results prove the value of the training and warrant the expenditure of the cost of maintenance. In three other places in the county manual training is promised as soon as the taxpayer can be placated. In Florence Township a public spirited citizen is spending about \$1,200 yearly in having the girls of the public schools taught cooking, sewing and other home activities.

These are some of the things we have done; what we have left undone would perhaps require more space in the telling.

SCHOOL REPORT.

CAMDEN COUNTY.

CHARLES S. ALBERTSON, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR—I am pleased to report that the school year 1909-10 has been a very satisfactory one.

The school buildings of the county are, with a very few exceptions, in excellent condition. Collingswood borough has completed three new buildings. Two of these are four-room brick buildings costing ten thousand dollars each. They are for primary grade and are models in construction and appointments. The new high school building, costing thirty thousand dollars, has an ideal location on high ground adjoining and overlooking beautiful Knight's Park. The grounds are of generous proportions and have been beautifully laid out and graded. The building is imposing and attractive. It is completely equipped for high school work, having a beautiful large auditorium and fully equipped departments for manual training, science work, and for teaching the commercial branches. In fact the building is complete in every detail.

Oaklyn borough has completed an eight-room brick building for grammar and primary grades. It is very imposing and is complete in every respect. Centre township has added two rooms to its Barrington building. Several school buildings have been re-painted and put in good condition. The rapid growth of our suburban places requires almost constant additions to school buildings. The taxpayers of the several districts are alive to the importance of making necessary provisions and respond generously to calls for funds. At present there are adequate school accommodations for all the children in the county.

My statistical report shows that we have fifty-seven normal graduates and nineteen college graduates. Quite a large number of our teachers, who belong to neither of these classes, have taken courses in professional training. At summer schools, or at the University of Pennsylvania. In nearly all of these I have observed marked improvement in teaching ability, enthusiasm, and professional spirit. Our high schools are adding largely to the number who secure county certificates. We now have, on our "waiting list" quite a large number of high school graduates, holding third grade county certificates. Seven districts have supervising principals. Five districts, having but one building each, are securing effective supervision from efficient principals. There are two or three districts with scattered school houses, in which good supervising principals would add much to the effectiveness of the work. Compulsory attendance—six districts have appointed attendance officers. In the other districts the attendance is looked after by supervising principals or district clerks. More activity in the matter of requiring attendance would be beneficial.

All our districts except two have medical inspectors. I regret to report that in most districts the medical inspection is not satisfactory and but little

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benefit is derived therefrom. In some districts the work has been done in an entirely satisfactory manner. For the next school year we hope to secure better service. Boards of Education will require strict compliance with the rules governing medical inspection.

TEACHERS' RETIREMENT FUND.

About seventy-five per cent. of our teachers are members of the fund. The percentage of salaries due the fund are regularly reserved and paid over as required by law.

The boroughs of Collingswood, Haddonfield and Merchantville and the township of Pensauken have manual training in all grades of their schools, and employ special directors for the work. Collingswood, Haddonfield and Merchantville have well equipped departments for bench work.

Pensauken township has made provision for equipping a department and will be ready for next year; several schools in other districts have hand work in the grades. About forty per cent. of the pupils enrolled in the county are regularly doing manual training. The work includes cardboard cutting and construction, paper and raffia weaving, clay molding, loom weaving and sewing. One school has been quite successful in chair caning and hammock weaving. Haddonfield has a well equipped department, directed by a special teacher, for home economics. Two of our supervising principals and a few teachers attended the summer school at Cape May and are making good use of their knowledge of the principles of hand work teaching in their schools. Very few of our teachers have had any training in this important subject. I am constantly urging them to equip themselves to teach it. Some instruction in agriculture, under the name of nature study, has been given in some of our schools.

Arbor Day was observed by all the schools in the county. Nearly all the teachers sent me written reports of the exercises. Where conditions were favorable trees and shrubbery were planted. In some schools the teachers with their pupils took walks in the woods. "Talks" were given by some principals or supervising principal. I regret that the good effects of Arbor Day observance are not more apparent in our school yards.

Each school building is supplied with a flag which is displayed as directed by law. In the schools of eight districts the flag is regularly saluted daily. I have urged all schools to observe this patriotic ceremony.

Excluding the cities, we now have three approved high schools, with four-year courses. We also have three with two-year courses. The work in each of the two-year high schools is made to articulate with the work of one having a four years' course in which the last two years may be completed. The demand for high school advantages is rapidly increasing and the problem of providing for the demand is a serious one. During the past year we have had 119 pupils attending high school in "other districts." The results of our county eighth grade examinations indicate that this number, for next year will be increased by about eighty per cent. This number, together with the increase in the districts maintaining the high schools, will about exhaust the high school facilities as they are now. And they were nearly doubled within the last two years. The offer of high school advantages to all has

SCHOOL REPORT.

been a great incentive to good work and regular and prolonged attendance in all the grades below.

The Camden County Teachers' Association has held its regular meetings. In addition to the business and discussions we have had at each meeting, an address by an "authority" on education. The meetings of the superintendents and Supervising Principals' Association have been held monthly. We find them interesting and helpful. There are several other subjects that might be considered in this report. I think, however, that it is only necessary to state that we are endeavoring to meet the requirements of the law and are, in a fair measure, securing for the State a training and equipment for its children for good and efficient citizenship.

CAPE MAY COUNTY.

AARON W. HAND, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR:—The school year ending June 30th, 1910, can be safely styled a successful one from the standpoint of Cape May county. It has been devoted largely to organization by which we hope to achieve better results in the future. One of the noteworthy incidents was the organization of a high school association composed of the superintendents, supervising principals and principals of high schools in the county, the object of which was to secure uniformity in high school work throughout the county and to found and maintain a county high school system. We discovered, however, that it had many more beneficial uses and our meetings are devoted to the discussion of any school problems which may arise. We have successfully formulated a high school course of study which will be the guide in our county high school work, prescribing the minimum amount of work required, county examinations being based upon it at the close of the term.

The question of the appointment of supervising principals and the closer supervision of township schools has been discussed with the township boards and will ultimately receive attention. In each of the townships, excepting Lower, which has but six teachers, there have been high schools provided and in Middle and Upper, new buildings for high school work. This important feature having been provided the closer supervision will be the next detail to receive attention. In all the borough and city districts the supervision is ample.

I have revised a portion of the county course of study for the grades, including certain requirements in agriculture with a view to securing school gardens at all schools in the Spring. I have interested patrons of husbandry in this work and the granges in different localities have been requested to appoint committees to give encouragement and assistance. A more complete course in agriculture is under consideration and this preliminary work is intended as an introduction to it. A course in manual training is also in preparation and will be introduced at an early date.

All of our districts appointed medical inspectors in accordance with the

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law, excepting one, Avalon, where there were no resident physicians and where it is extremely difficult to secure one for a sum within the means of the Board. I have asked the attention of the Board to the necessity of complying with the law and it will no doubt do so. Like all innovations the medical inspection law has aroused opposition but as its beneficial effects are immediately noticeable wherever it is applied, this opposition has been short-lived.

Our Teachers' Institute held in Cape May City, November 29th, 30th, and December 1st, was the first at which I have had the honor to preside attended by the teachers of our own county alone. It proved to be very profitable and enjoyable to all of us. The corps of lecturers presented subjects which were practical and gave valuable instruction in methods. Dr. Charles S. Chapin's evening lecture upon "The Work and the Worker," was particularly interesting and a large number of the townspeople were present to enjoy it.

Two sessions of our County Teachers' Association were held and were attended by a gratifyingly large percentage of the teachers. The program was carefully prepared for each occasion and the meetings were unquestionably useful and profitable to each teacher present.

The annual meeting of the members of the County School Boards was also well attended and much enjoyed. Among the subjects discussed were "Requirements of the Medical Inspector," by Dr. Walter H. Phillips, of Cape May; "The Beginnings of Manual Training," by Prof. T. D. Sensor, which was followed by a detailed explanation, by George S. Hayes, manual training teacher at Ocean City, who illustrated his work by means of a fine display of some of the products of his department in manual training, paper cutting, weaving and basketry and some also from the manual training department of Cape May City. The County Superintendent discussed "Purposes and Foundations of School Organization," with a view to declaring a policy which should be the foundation of county administration.

The annual examinations for the eighth grade pupils of the county resulted in the success of nearly one hundred in passing them, and almost all of these entered our high schools, giving us the largest freshman classes yet received, which is highly encouraging. The course offered will enable our students to take the sort of academic work which will be suited to his preparation for whatever future steps he may desire to take. It is no longer a valid excuse for not attending high school, that the courses offered are not along lines desired. The high school is available for all classes of the community and a preparation for further training in almost any line of future activity.

The growth of this county is shown in its schools. Twenty years ago fifty teachers were employed. Today three times that many are required. The wonderful development of our seaside resorts will one day make it a much more populous county and it is safe to predict that school development will proceed along the most approved lines. Our resort populations are always enthusiastically for the best schools and their influence is very great on the residents of the interior portions of the county in stimulating ambition in the same direction. We are looking forward to a most successful year 1910-1911.

SCHOOL REPORT.

I desire to express my earnest appreciation of the cordial assistance given me by the Department during the year in the numerous matters which have arisen.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

JOHN N. GLASPELL, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR—I hereby submit my annual report of the schools of Cumberland county, for the year ending June 30th, 1910.

The work of the year has brought out many results which are encouraging and full of promise for the future.

Greenwich township has erected a new building at Greenwich which was formally opened this spring. It is a well-equipped frame building of six rooms. The cost of the same was \$11,000 and is heated by hot air.

An addition has been built to the Cedarville school of four rooms at a cost of \$6,500, making a well-equipped building.

Many changes have been made during the past few years in the schools of Landis township. About ten years ago, there were nine one-room buildings in use in the district for school purposes. These one-room buildings have given way to substantial two-room buildings at Kingman, North Vineland, Oak Road, New Italy and Butler avenue. At the present time, there are five one-room buildings owned by the district.

The three buildings constructed most recently are located at North Vineland, Oak Road and Butler avenue. The North Vineland building was changed to a two-room frame building with a system of heating and ventilation. The building has a boys' entrance and a girls' entrance, two cloak rooms and each school room is equipped with natural slate blackboards, single desks and a large book closet.

The buildings on Oak road and Butler avenue are commodious, two-room brick buildings with an approved system of heating and ventilation. Each of these buildings has only one entrance, but this is wide, with cloak rooms on either side. The school rooms are large and well lighted, seated with single desks and have a natural slate blackboard surface on two whole sides of the room. The rooms are separated by sliding doors so they can be thrown together for the entertainments or parents' meetings. These two buildings are first class suburban buildings.

Progress has been made in better grading in the township schools. Since two-room schools are now in operation at Orchard road, Kingman, North Vineland, Oak road, Spring road, New Italy and Butler avenue, and a three-room school at South Vineland, the eight elementary grades can be furnished practically to every child in the district, within an easy walking distance. The one-room schools teach only up to the fourth or fifth grade,

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so that all children have the advantages ordinarily furnished in a graded school.

I am pleased to report the constant advancement of our teachers. Many of them, feeling the need for advance scholarship, are taking work at the nearby summer schools and universities. The summer school at Cape May has done a great deal for the teachers of Cumberland county. The work done in elementary manual training and nature study by these teachers, has been very satisfactory. The pupils are interested and look forward to the time when they can devote their time to this work.

The increasing rate of compensation for men and women in other lines, has drawn from the teaching ranks, and a material increase in salary must be made, or the quality of the teaching force must be lowered. The taxpayers should bear in mind, that to maintain our schools at the present condition, at least the tax rate will have to be increased.

Medical inspection was quite thoroughly made in a few of the townships last year. In some of them no inspection was made at all, for the reason that the law was enacted after the annual meeting for the purpose of raising money for current expenses. This year, all the townships will have medical inspection.

The supervision of our township schools is not what I might wish it to be, but each year some of the school boards are electing supervising principals or supervisors. Where this has been done, the work is uniform and the results obtained by the supervision has more than paid for the amount of money expended for this purpose. The Boards of Education of the different townships are enforcing the compulsory school law. It seems that census should be made annually, of the children of school age. This would enable the different Boards of Education to trace the children who do not attend school. A great many children are able to deceive the officers, both as to their age and as to whether or not they attend some public or private school. The cost of taking census would not be expensive, and the value would more than compensate for for this cost. It would seem that if the department would have the school law amended to enable local boards to take census for this purpose, it would be of great value in the matter of looking up children of school age.

I wish to say that the different Boards of Education have been very careful in collecting the dues for the Teachers' Retirement Fund.

In many of the districts, elementary manual training has been introduced, and in some of the townships, the work done by the pupils has been all that could be expected, and many of the teachers are untrained, but they are taking up books which give them an idea of this kind of work.

Arbor Day and Flag Day are observed in all the schools. Saluting the flag is being done by the teachers throughout the county.

ESSEX COUNTY.

A. B. MEREDITH, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR—The following increases will show one phase of educational progress in this county during the school year ending June 30, 1910:

Total enrollment	2,461
of which 257 were in the high school department.	
Expenditures for manual training	\$13,922.97
Expenditures for teachers' salaries	118,545.77
Expenditures for transportation and tuition	1,451.40
Number of male teachers	26
Number of female teachers	70

In September a large addition to the Joralemon street school, Belleville, was opened for use. This building now contains sixteen large grade class rooms, a study hall, eight recitation rooms for high school pupils, five administrative rooms, and an assembly hall capable of seating 700 persons. The building has wide corridors and four stairways, and also has a large fire escape with openings on every floor. The structure is further equipped with sanitary toilet rooms, drinking fountains, and has fire hose with piping provided on every floor. Every effort has been made to make this a modern school building and well suited to its purpose.

At the Cortland street school the old wooden fire escape has been replaced by a three story one of iron with two exits on each floor. Other improvements have been made in the remaining buildings of the township by the installation of electric lights, fire gongs and toilet facilities.

A \$32,000 addition to the Glen Ridge school, although not entirely completed, was opened for use in September. The addition accommodates a kindergarten, first grade, and the high school department. Beside the four class rooms it has in the basement a laboratory and apparatus closet, a locker room for the boys, and on the third floor two large well-lighted recitation rooms—eight modern rooms in all. The cloak rooms are well arranged and there are two toilet rooms on the first floor and one on the second floor. Noticeable features of the addition are the completeness with which the available space is used and the many conveniences for the accommodation of the school. The fire escape is entirely satisfactory, being so constructed that it gives no feeling of insecurity. The equipment of the new high school laboratory for physics and chemistry is an important feature in the addition. There are three draft closets or hoods each four feet long and each having an outlet through a special flue running to the top of the building. The bases of the hoods have two banks of drawers alternating with lockers around the room. Alberene stone is prominent in the structure of the table and hoods. The room is well lighted with windows, and supplied with gas and electric connections and should meet exceptionally well the needs of the school.

Livingston has abandoned the old one room building at Squiretown

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which has been occupied for about half a century, and in its place has erected a modern brick school house. The rooms are well lighted and airy, and sufficient space has been allowed for some form of industrial work in which, beginnings have already been made.

About the first of October a new building in Wyoming, Millburn township, will be completed and ready for occupancy. The cost of this building will be \$23,500. The school house which is thoroughly fireproof, being constructed of reinforced concrete, is located on Myrtle avenue near Pine street. The structure is 75 feet long, and 45 feet wide and stands on a high terrace. There are four rooms, two on each floor. On the first floor is also located a principal's office with a library and teacher's room on the second floor. There is no assembly hall but the interior arrangement is such that by raising partitions one large room may be had for special uses.

The Board of Education of North Caldwell has abandoned its old one room building, the only school building in the district, and in its stead has erected a modern two room school house. The class rooms are large and well lighted, and a large basement with a cement floor has been provided. The school board has had the foresight to secure about an acre of land for a school playground.

In February a four room brick building was opened in Roseland; the cost about \$8,000. The building was erected on the site of the old school which contained two rooms. The new building is modern in all its equipment. Two rooms are now in use, but with the rapid increase in the population of this new borough, it is a matter of a short time before the entire building will be occupied.

In many other buildings in the county minor changes have been made, which, with the new buildings, show that 721 new sittings have been provided during the year.

The compulsory education law is being enforced with intelligence and diligence in most school districts. Outside of the city district \$553.50 was spent for the services of attendance officers, the total for the county being \$12,869.70. The greatest difficulty is in the rural districts where children are kept out of school to work on the farm for longer or shorter periods at different times during the year. In the smaller districts boards do not regularly employ an attendance officer, and when one is employed he is not held to the strictest accountability for his work. The result is that but few delinquent parents are forced to send their children regularly to school. Another difficulty is the leniency of boards in their interpretation of the necessity for the child to assist in the support of the family. In districts of another class the inconsistency between the child labor law and the compulsory education law leads to confusion and evasion.

The beginnings of systematic medical inspection have been made in all but one of the school districts of this county. The expenditures for this item in other than city school districts was \$1,801.11, and the total for the county was \$18,915.58. In several districts notably Glen Ridge, South Orange, and West Orange, admirable administrative plans are in force. The latter district employs a school nurse to supplement the work of the medical inspector.

As the work of medical inspector is comparatively new in most districts

SCHOOL REPORT.

there has been some confusion in interpreting the record blanks, but experience and conferences will correct this. Already the benefits are apparent and the great majority of districts report that the people are favorable to this step toward bettering the elemental conditions for successful school work. Epidemics have been checked or avoided. Improvements have been noted in the cleanliness and neatness of the children.

I find that quite generally teachers are making systematic use of the wall charts entitled "How to Keep Well and Prevent Consumption." In some cases boards have had smaller cards printed and given to the pupils to take home thus extending the teaching of personal and community hygiene.

Much valuable data is being collected, which when properly standardized and interpreted will give us a new insight into school conditions. The next step would seem to be to make systematic and regular reports of this information to the State school authorities probably at intervals of less than once a year.

The new law concerning supervising principals has not affected adversely school supervision, but on the contrary has enabled small school districts which have had a supervising principal giving his entire time to supervision, to use part of his time as a teacher, particularly in the high school departments. This has added strength to such schools. All except the smaller school districts of which there are four, have a supervisor and an effort has been made to unite these schools into one or two supervisory districts. Boards, however, are now beginning to view the matter with favor. Mandatory legislation similar to that in Massachusetts creating supervisory districts would mean increased efficiency and economy in our schools.

The following table will show the kinds of certificates held in fourteen school districts

TEACHERS' CERTIFICATES.

		1909.	1910.	Increase.	Decrease.
State	1 Grade.....	10	9		1
	2 "	143	152	9	
	3 "	35	42	7	
	Special.....	15	14		1
		—203	—217		
		72 per cent.		74 per cent.	
County	1 Grade.....	17	17		
	2 "	18	20	2	
	3 "	14	12		2
	Special.....	30	28		2
		—79	—77		
Total.....		282	294	18	6

In nearly every district Boards of Education are requiring teachers to be normal graduates and because of the supply of normal trained teachers, the County Board of Examiners has not been granting provisional certificates except to those who have had at least one year of experience, or who are graduates of a two year normal course. The salaries paid seem to further warrant this advance step as may be seen from the following tabulation:

ESSEX COUNTY.

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TEACHERS' SALARIES.

Averages 1909-1910.

	Men.	Women.
Superintendent and Supervising Principals.....	\$3,441 78	
Asst. Superintendents and Supervisors.....	2,397 43	\$1,222 40
Kindergarten		779 11
Primary grades	750 00	819 10
Grammar grades	1,075 26	907 70
High School	1,802 85	1,176 82
Manual Training	1,459 47	1,015 48

In the matter of deduction of the percentages due the Teachers' Retirement Fund, I am glad to report a very general, if not complete compliance with the letter of the law. The requirements have been explained to the Boards of Education and the District Clerks upon various occasions both in conferences and by correspondence. Last year the amount paid to the State Treasurer was \$30,690.35. There seems to be little, if any, misunderstanding concerning this requirement of the law for all new teachers, as employing officers are making the matter plain to those entering the county.

During the past year two districts have made their first appropriations for this work, Belleville and Caldwell Borough. There are now seven districts in addition to the five city districts which have manual training courses with special teachers. I find a growing tendency to articulate this subject more closely with the academic work of the grades and each year more of the class room teachers assist. A beginning has been made in manual training in two districts, Caldwell township, and one school in Livingston without the special district tax. It is hoped that the effect of this plan will be to bring an appropriation later.

A three year course in domestic science has been in successful operation in Nutley since September.

Throughout the county Arbor Day and Flag Day have been generally observed either by general exercises to which the parents are invited or some attention has been given in the opening exercises of the school. In several districts trees have been planted on the school grounds or the grounds put into better condition, through the active coöperation of the Village Improvement Associations. Suggestions for the observance of Arbor Day have been sent from this office.

In general the flag salute is given in most schools at least once a week, and in but few schools daily. In visiting schools I have frequently asked for the flag salute and in every instance it has been promptly given.

The only district maintaining an evening school last year was South Orange. In this district 80 pupils were enrolled of whom 38 were over 20 years of age. Three teachers, two men and one woman were in charge. The interest was kept up until the end of the term of 67 nights. The classes will be continued next year. For lack of attendance the evening schools of last year in Verona and Caldwell borough were discontinued. The school at Caldwell was in part for foreign born residents.

Glen Ridge and Nutley maintained popular illustrated lecture courses in the school buildings throughout the winter thus following a practice inaugurated several years ago. The attendance ranged from 75 to 400.

SCHOOL REPORT.

Following the custom of previous years, eighth grade examinations have been given in January and June. In January the subjects usually taken have been spelling, geography and physiology. Not only has the total number of certificates increased but the percentage of successful eighth grade pupils has grown larger.

The following table permits a comparison for the past four years:

CERTIFICATES GRANTED.

	1907.	1908.	1909.	1910.
Belleville	37	63	72	80
Caldwell Borough	4	15	10	15
Caldwell Township	..	..	..	7
Cedar Grove	..	..	6	12
Glen Ridge	24	27	19	29
Livingston	3	8	5	8
Millburn	14	17	21	19
Nutley	30	37	35	42
Roseland	..	..	4	7
South Orange	57	33	48	47
Verona	14	5	5	8
West Orange	30	15	35	50

This association has continued its activity as in previous years and has had several important meetings including the annual dinner.

The Hon. Harold E. Gorst, of England, was the speaker at one meeting, his subject being "The Curse of Education."

A committee of the association under Superintendent Randall Spaulding, of Montclair, appeared before the Board of Freeholders and asked for the establishment of a parental school for this county. The committee was given a very attentive hearing but the lack of funds prevented affirmative action.

The committee is continued for another year with the hope that this important institution shall be a part of our public school system.

The increase in population in the past few years has kept the matter of additional school accommodations constantly before Boards of Education. There is hardly a district but what has in the past five years added to its school plant, and in South Orange, West Orange, Caldwell borough and Nutley active preparations are being made for new school buildings to be erected during the coming year.

With the increase of accommodations, through constant revision of the course of study, by higher qualifications of teachers and by closer supervision, I believe our Boards of Education are making sincere efforts towards making the schools meet the needs of the pupils who attend them, and of the communities who support them.

I wish to thank you and those associated with you for the help given me in the solution of complex problems which have arisen during the year.

GLOUCESTER COUNTY.

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GLOUCESTER COUNTY.

D. T. STEELMAN, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR—I herewith respectfully submit my annual report of the condition of the schools of Gloucester county for the year ending June 30th, 1910.

During this year two high school buildings have been completed and occupied. The William Milligan high school building in the city of Woodbury, costing about \$80,000 and the Clayton high school building erected at a cost of about \$36,000. A new building was completed at West Franklinville, Franklin township, early in the school year and is greatly appreciated by the inhabitants of this locality. This district has also voted an appropriation for the erection of a new building to displace the old one at Victoria and for the enlargement and remodeling of the building at Newfield which became so overcrowded during the year that it was necessary to open an additional room in a rented building. There are still some school buildings in this county that are old and unsuitable for school purposes but I am pleased to report that they are disappearing one by one.

Three very largely attended meetings of the Gloucester County Teachers' Association were held in Woodbury during the year. These meetings have been attended by many of the members of boards of education and the public generally. Interesting addresses were made by Superintendent George W. Twitmyer, of the Wilmington, Del., schools; Dr. Francis H. Green, of the West Chester State Normal School and Franklin S. Edmonds, Esq., member of the Philadelphia Board of Education. Supervising Principals Dixon, Davis and Marts, and other principals and teachers of the county added greatly to the interest of these meetings by their helpful addresses and discussions. These educational meetings are supported wholly by the contributions of the teachers and their liberality and faithful attendance assures me of their interest in their work. Many of the teachers are improving their grade of certificate and devoting more time to professional reading. We have an excellent teacher's library with books in six convenient stations.

The meetings of the Supervising Principals' and Principals' Association are well attended. These meetings are managed principally by the supervisors and Principals and have values because of this, not to be found in the regular meetings of the Teachers' Association.

We have held our county examinations of pupils in "centres" for the past two years and find that the plan works well. It adds dignity to the examination and insures a fair and honest test. About one hundred and sixty-eight grammar school certificates were awarded this year. Many of these pupils will enter the approved high schools the coming year. There has been an increase of 76 pupils in the high school enrollment as compared with that of last year.

Efforts have been made to induce districts to unite in employing a supervi-

ing principal but I regret to state that thus far the plan is not looked upon with favor by the districts which should unite. There are a few rural districts in which supervision is greatly needed. The districts employing supervising principals have done excellent work.

There are but four districts in the county employing attendance officers and the compulsory attendance law is not as rigidly enforced as it should be in some localities.

I have made 431 official class-room visits during the year. "Neither Absent or Tardy" certificates are awarded to pupils who are neither absent nor tardy during the year. One hundred and seventy-five of these certificates were awarded at the close of school.

We have been quite seriously handicapped in the establishment of medical inspection in some districts of this county through the failure of the physicians and Boards of Education to agree upon a salary satisfactory to both parties. Two of the inspectors who had been appointed, later resigned, when the employing boards declined to pay the salaries agreed upon by the Medical Society, and their successors have not yet been appointed. There are two districts in the county in which there are no resident physicians and non-resident physicians have declined to accept the office on account of the time required to visit these schools. I believe that the sentiment in favor of higher salaries to the medical inspectors is growing and I hope that by the time the schools shall reopen for the next year that these difficulties will be largely overcome. In some of the districts of the county medical inspection is being carried out in accordance with the general rules adopted by the State Board of Education and is very popular with the people.

With but few exceptions the Boards of Education are reserving the percentages due the Teachers' Retirement Fund as provided by law but have been somewhat negligent in forwarding the same to the State treasurer. There is a better understanding of the law brought about by letters of instruction sent out by the secretary of the fund and I feel that the law will be fully complied with during the coming year.

Manual and industrial training, in a rather elementary form, in most cases, has been introduced in all the districts of the county. One school in the county has a well equipped manual training department. During the closing week of school an exhibition of the work of the pupils is held in about all of the districts of the county. These exhibitions elicit much favorable comment and have done much to create a sentiment in favor of industrial and manual training. It is not possible for all the schools to accomplish the work in this subject as outlined in the course of study, but an honest effort has been made and the work done has been very creditable.

An eight-page booklet containing a program and material suitable for Arbor Day exercises was prepared and four hundred copies were distributed to the teachers and school officials of the county. Arbor Day was very generally and appropriately observed by the arranging of flower beds, planting trees, shrubs and vines and the general improvement of the school grounds. A part of the day was devoted to literary exercises in which considerable attention was given to the subject of birds.

Peace Day was celebrated with appropriate exercises in a few of the schools but it came at a time when most of our schools had closed as did Flag Day.

HUDSON COUNTY.

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The recommendation of the State Board of Education regarding the daily salute to the United States flag has been regularly complied with.

Public sentiment as manifested in commencement exercises, annual exhibits of school work and educational meetings clearly indicate that the people of this county are proud of their public schools and are interested in providing the facilities for the proper training of the boys and girls.

This school year has been a pleasant one, full of earnest effort on the part of school officials, teachers and pupils, and rewarded with a hearty approval of the public in general.

In conclusion, I desire to express my sincere thanks to you and those associated with you in the State department for the kindness shown me during the year.

 HUDSON COUNTY.

M. H. KINSLEY, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR:—In conformity with the requirements of the law, I herewith submit the annual report of the schools for Hudson county.

In my report for 1905 I stated "that Boards of Education, without exception, are desirous of securing the services of trained teachers at better salaries than have been paid heretofore." The following comparison will show what progress has been made in securing college and normal school graduates in the schools of this county during the past five years:

District.	1905	1910.
East Newark	37 per cent.	55 per cent.
Guttenberg	23 "	62 "
Harrison	5 "	26 "
North Bergen	61 "	95 "
Secaucus	43 "	76 "
Weehawken	65 "	81 "
West New York	27 "	53 "

7 7-10 per cent. of the teachers employed in 1905 were holders of third-grade certificates. In 1910 the percentage was 6 3-10. There has been a steady increase in the salaries paid in every district in the county.

Guttenberg occupied its \$53,000 addition September 1, 1909, and now uses twenty-two of the rooms in its thirty room building. Harrison has voted \$60,000 for an addition to School No. 1. Secaucus occupied five of the ten rooms in new School No. 3, in September, 1909. School No. 1, Weehawken has been enlarged by the addition of six rooms and a commodious assembly room. This building is equipped with three shower baths for the girls and a like number for the boys. West New York has voted \$125,000 for the purchase of land and the erection of a new building to be known as School No. 5.

During the year I made several tests of the efficiency of the fire drills in the schools of the county. The results are shown in the following table:

SCHOOL REPORT.

District.	School.	Stories.	Rooms.	Pupils.	Exits.	Times.
Guttenberg	No. 1	2	22	1100	4	1 min. 19 sec.
Harrison	No. 1	2	8	380	2	1 " 12 "
Harrison	No. 3	3	18	530	2	2 " 4 "
North Bergen	No. 1	2	3	80	3	0 " 35 "
North Bergen	No. 6	2	8	285	5	1 " 2 "

The discipline in every case was found to be excellent. The return of the pupils to their various rooms was accomplished in little more time than was taken for the dismissal.

Truant officers are employed in every district of this county. In some districts it is difficult to secure a summons for a delinquent parent on account of the fact that political influence is brought to bear upon the local justices of the peace. Upon the whole, however, the compulsory attendance law is well enforced in this county.

In this connection Supervising Principal M. F. Husted, of North Bergen reports as follows: "Another indication of growth may be found in the fact that two years ago 59 pupils were neither absent nor tardy. Last year 205 pupils were so classed, while this year 237 pupils received the same honorable distinction. As an aid in securing the increased attendance as noted above the truant officer has investigated 2,667 cases of absence during the year, and has arrested forty parents of whom two were fined and thirty-eight reprimanded by the justice after promising to comply with the requirements of the compulsory attendance act of the State."

Each of the districts of this county has appointed a medical inspector, and much good is being done in this direction. Several districts are carrying out both the spirit and the letter of the law.

Supervising Principal R. Lee Saunders, of Secaucus, under date of April 29, 1910, reports as follows:

"In compliance with your request for a report on medical inspection in this district, I beg to submit data as follows:

NUMBER OF PUPILS EXAMINED BY MEDICAL INSPECTOR.

School No. 1.....	270
School No. 2.....	134
School No. 3.....	188
Total.....	592

"Number of pupils found physically defective in one or more respects as per rules for medical inspectors adopted by the State Board of Education, 267.

"Defects classified and number, as follows:

Vaccination or revaccination required.....	113
Hypertrophied tonsils	43
Carious teeth	168
Adenoids	4
Catarrh of ears.....	3
Nasal catarrh	3
Granular and inflamed eyelids.....	3
Myopia	3
Pediculosis Capitis	2
Deafness (partial)	1

Total..... 343

HUNTERDON COUNTY.

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"Parents of all children affected with any of the above were notified to consult their family physicians and have the defects remedied, if possible. Of the entire number only 24 pupils were examined and treated by the family physician, with ailments and defects classified, as follows:

Vaccination	12
Carious teeth	13
Adenoids	2
Hypertrophied tonsils	2
Total.....	29

"From these figures it will be seen that the principal defect of medical inspection in this district is its weakness in demanding attention after the inspection has been made. In some instances the parents did not take to it kindly, while again in many instances the parents expressed themselves as being in sympathy with the inspection law and its objects, but were unable because of lack of financial resources to comply.

"The members of the Board of Education in a general way entered into the spirit of the law with enthusiasm and zeal, although some were adverse to its strict enforcement with reference to vaccination during the cold winter months.

"Several pupils when examined by the medical inspector and advised to consult their family physician, apparently with an intention of evading the law which they construed as being compulsory in all cases, left our schools to attend the parochial school in this district.

"Sanitary conditions in and about the school buildings are very much improved since under the direction of the medical inspector."

All schools and Boards of Education have been visited during the year in accordance with the requirements of the law.

HUNTERDON COUNTY.

JASON S. HOFFMAN, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR:—In addition to the statistical report forwarded you, I am pleased to submit the following written report for Hunterdon county.

This county has twenty-one school districts comprising fourteen townships, five boroughs, one town and one city. Eighty-six ungraded one-room schools, nine two-room schools and thirteen schools with more than two rooms.

Lambertville, Flemington, Clinton and High Bridge, each maintained approved four-year high schools. Frenchtown and Hampton approved two-year high schools. Two supervising principals were employed—one in the city of Lambertville and one in the township of Readington. One hundred and eighty-one teachers were employed for the full school and six thousand, three hundred and sixty-one pupils enrolled. No pupil in the county has been denied school facilities on account of lack of room.

The following new buildings have been erected during the year: An eight-room brick addition to the primary building in the borough of Flemington at a cost of \$45,000. This building as completed contains twelve rooms and an auditorium; total cost \$60,000, and it is a model in every particular. Clinton township erected in the village of Lebanon a new three-room brick building at an expense of \$12,000. Readington township, a new two-room brick building and additional ground, at a cost of \$6,000. Holland township consolidated the two schools known as Millersville and Hawk's and erected a new one-room stone building, conveniently located, at a cost of \$1,500. The town of Clinton expended \$9,500 on additions. This amount was donated by an interested resident.

In addition, many buildings throughout the county have received needed repairs, painting and modern furniture.

The high schools are more and more extending their influence throughout the rural sections and increased numbers of pupils are seeking admission and a new motive for school work is plainly manifest in the rural schools.

Boards of Education provided tuition and transportation in every case where students qualified and desired to attend high school. The high school centers are in turn improving and increasing facilities to satisfactorily meet this new and desirable condition. The high schools are well equipped, skillfully supervised, and not only rendering beneficial service to the rural sections, but are in turn being broadened and uplifted by the spirit of the willing, enthusiastic, and industrious student body from the rural sections. It is no reflection upon the management of the schools that they cost more than formerly. It would be a serious reflection upon their administration if the cost were not greater. With increased and increasing demands of communities that the schools shall prepare children for modern life and give them at least a workable amount of knowledge and skill from the ever increasing storehouse, it is humiliating to hear supposedly intelligent persons talk as though we were spending too much money on schools.

Our entire educational system is founded upon the recognized principle that children are wards of the State. Any injustice to the child in withholding from him his inherited birthright, is an injury to the State and the State must bear the shame and responsibility of its own derelictions. Unless the elements in the pupil's life that make him of value to his age and community are properly developed, he may ultimately take from, instead of adding to, the storehouse of civilization.

The introduction of medical inspection with the idea that nothing in school life should produce or aggravate physical defects is a sound business proposition and has been well received by the school authorities in this county.

Nineteen of the twenty-one school districts assumed this additional burden, with its necessary expense, in a spirit of patriotic loyalty to this ideal and results at the end of the first year give positive warrant that we have taken a long stride in the right direction and one that must logically lead to that other absolutely necessary concomitant—mental inspection. That the school room shall be relieved of the feeble minded and mental defective is a crying necessity.

I will not burden this report with the details of administration. The general and usual work with such additional requirements peculiar to the year,

MERCER COUNTY.

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has received careful and prompt attention. Boards of Education and teachers have in the main faithfully and conscientiously performed their several duties with the interest of the child at heart.

MERCER COUNTY.

J. M. ARNOLD, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR:—I herewith submit my annual report of the schools of Mercer county for the year ending June 30, 1910:

The work in the schools during the past year has been generally satisfactory. Though far from perfect and with much to do in the way of improvement, yet the spirit manifested has been most encouraging.

The total enrollment was 5,132, an increase of 221, with an increase of 13 in our teaching force. The districts of East Windsor, Ewing, Hamilton, Lawrence and Princeton borough had an increased enrollment in the number of pupils, while Princeton township, Washington and West Windsor show a decrease. The largest increase is found in those districts surrounding the city of Trenton and especially in Hamilton township, where additional school facilities are necessary each year.

Four new buildings were ready for occupancy at the beginning of the school term; an eight-room building in Princeton borough, two four-room buildings, one in Hamilton and the other in Washington, and a one-room building in Ewing. In Lawrence township, an addition of two rooms was made to the Slackwood school and a one-room building was erected at the New Jersey Children's Home to provide school accommodations for the children of that institution.

New rooms were opened at Trenton Junction, Hightstown, Hamilton Square, Broad Street Park, Deutzville and Princeton.

At Princeton, two buildings are now rented in order to accommodate the pupils attending the model school.

At Hightstown, in addition to a building, a room on the third floor of a business block is rented to provide for the increased attendance. Both at Princeton and at Hightstown additional school facilities are badly needed and will be provided during the coming year. With the exception of the crowded condition of the schools in these two boroughs, which make necessary these temporary provisions, our pupils are fairly well provided with comfortable school buildings and adequate equipments.

There are a few cases, however, in which little or no care is taken to have the buildings and the surroundings in a neat, clean and sanitary condition. No improvements are made from year to year and even the necessary repairs are often long delayed or neglected entirely.

In connection with our rural schools, the subject of the appearance of our school buildings needs more attention. From a sanitary point of view clean-

liness is, of course, essential; but as a question of education and training much more is necessary. "It is as necessary not to see, or hear, or read those things which deprave the taste as it is to perceive and contemplate that which is good." This applies to the decorations of school rooms and the environments of school buildings as well as to the literature that pupils read.

The beautifying of the school grounds by tree planting is one of the purposes of Arbor Day. The celebration of this day was suitably observed in the schools throughout the county and, in many instances, not only were trees planted, but shrubbery set out, flower beds made and the school grounds generally cleaned and beautified. On the grounds of many of our county schools, were found school gardens bearing evidence to the fact that, at least, some of our teachers are giving attention to the larger system of education which is surely coming.

Flag Day was also celebrated, though not as generally nor as fully as Arbor Day. In the schools observing this day, songs were sung and poems and stories relating to the American flag were read and recited.

The flag salute was given daily, as required by the rules of the State board, in all the schools but three.

Princeton borough is the only district in the county in which manual training has been introduced. Excellent work in this course has been done in both the schools and special mention should be made of the chair caning done by the pupils of the Witherspoon school.

More attention, however, has been given in our schools generally, during the past year, to drawing and to some forms of elementary handwork. Instruction in drawing is given by special teachers in the schools of Hamilton township and in the Hightstown, Hopewell and Pennington schools.

Medical inspection has been established in all the districts of the county. Owing to the fact that in some districts the inspectors were not appointed until late in the year, the required systematic examination of each child was made in but two districts. The regular inspections, however, were made and partial examinations and whenever pupils were found who because of poor eyesight, defective hearing or any other cause needed medical attention a report was made to the parent and while, in some instances, the advice given was ignored, yet in many cases it was received and acted upon, to the great benefit of the children. In addition to this, the medical inspectors have rendered valuable assistance in the matter of better sanitary conditions.

While the daily attendance in our schools was better than last year, yet this attendance might have been increased very largely had more attention been paid to those who fail to attend with any degree of regularity. In but one district—Hamilton—was an attendance officer employed and here the results were not all that might be desired. In some districts, slight efforts were made to keep pupils in school, in others no efforts whatever and the desired results will not be reached until it is mandatory on the part of Boards of Education to appoint attendance officers and to enforce strictly the compulsory education law.

At the beginning of the school year, Hamilton township employed a supervising principal and his work has added much to the efficiency of the schools in this district. Four townships are now provided with such supervision and for the coming year Princeton township, Washington and West

MIDDLESEX COUNTY.

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Windsor will unite in employing a supervisor, thus bringing under closer supervision all our rural schools except three in East Windsor, and with enlarged accommodations at Hightstown these schools will likely be closed and the pupils transported.

The meetings of the Teachers' Club were held on the last Saturday of each month and were well attended.

Of the 141 teachers employed in the county, including supervisors, 9 were college graduates and 76 had received a Normal training, 58 held county certificates and 22 had had no previous experience in teaching.

The percentages due the Teachers' Retirement Fund were regularly reserved and paid to the State Treasurer as required by law.

In conclusion, I desire to express my thanks to you and to your assistants for the many courtesies received during the past year.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY.

H. BREWSTER WILLIS, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR:—Herewith, I respectfully submit some of the conditions of school work in Middlesex county, existing during the year ending August 31st, 1910.

Industrial work in our schools has received consideration during the two years last past. Lectures, by able exponents, discussions at meetings of the teachers, Supervising Principals, School Boards and County Institutes have resulted in accepting its timely and educational value.

The teaching force has taken up the work in earnest, adopting as a standard toward which to work, paper folding, cardboard work, weaving, worsted work, reed, raffia and clay work for primary years; wood tray work for boys, sewing for girls and basketry for both boys and girls in the grammar years and wood bench work for boys and sewing for girls in high school years, one hour of work per week.

In the early part of March, last, a class composed of Supervising Principals, numbering 20, received instruction during the Saturdays of a period of six weeks, from Prof. Howard Margerum, in charge of the Manual Training work of the city of New Brunswick.

A class of thirty teachers received instruction, during the same period, from Miss Caroline Kimball, sewing teacher of the city of Perth Amboy.

Said classes also received instruction in basketry. Great interest was manifested in this work and fifty teachers are ready to aid the cause in the approaching school year.

85 per cent. of our schools have done industrial work in paper folding, cardboard, weaving, raffia and clay work in the primary years.

50 per cent. of our schools have done industrial work in drawing, designing and other forms.

SCHOOL REPORT.

Some of the districts have made an appropriation for this work and will ask the State for a duplicate amount. Other districts have made the current expense amount sufficiently large to provide wood trays and materials.

The supervising principals have been provided with the most approved textbooks on wood work and sewing and the teachers have received instruction in the same. It is our purpose to have this work taught in all of our schools.

Every school district is under medical inspection. The following table is a summary of the reports of the medical inspectors and will best give the work accomplished during the year:

During the year ending June 30th, 1908, the county made a gain of 56,219 school days of attendance, under partial medical inspection.

During the year, ending June 30th, 1909, a gain was made of 133,917 school days of attendance, under nearly complete inspection.

During the year, ending June 30th, 1910, a still further gain was made which exceeded any gain of the past.

We are unable to resist the conclusion that systematic medical inspection has increased, very largely, the days of attendance, by keeping out of our schools the dreaded result of contagious and other diseases.

TABLE OF MEDICAL INSPECTION.

1909-1910.

Name of District.	Number of Pupils examined.	Percentage of Pupils Examined.	No. of Visits by Medical Inspectors.	No. of Pupils sent home by Medical Inspector.	Contagious Diseases.
CITIES.					
New Brunswick.	2449	98	67	108	Scar. Fever, Mumps, Whoop. Cough
Perth Amboy...	5834	100	64	38	Measles, Scar. Fever, Diphtheria
South Amboy...	663	98	99	35	Mumps, Scar. Fever, Measles
Total.	8946	99	230	181	

BOROUGHES.

Dunellen	315	98	50	11	Scarlet Fever, Whooping Cough
Helmetta	130	98	32	7	Whooping Cough
Highland Park..	196	95	15	4	Measles, Scar. Fever, Mumps
Jamesburg	403	98	26	20	Whooping Cough, Measles
Metuchen	342	90	28	67	Measles, Mumps
Milltown	272	100	18	14	Scar. Fever, Measles, C. Pox
Roosevelt	892	95	25	36	Scar. Fever, Diphtheria, Measles
South River....	550	98	10	15	Measles, Scar. Fever, C. Pox
Spotswood	100	90	21	5	Whooping Cough, Pink Eye
Total.	3200	96	225	179	

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TOWNSHIPS.

Cranbury	300	100	20	1	None
East Brunswick.	309	98	21	2	Scar. Fever, Measles, Diphtheria
Madison	300	100	25	7	Measles, Skin Disease
Monroe	208	98	49	4	Measles, Scarlet Fever
North Brunswick	82	100	3	0	Mumps
Piscataway	564	85	50	39	Scar. Fever, Whooping Cough
Raritan	139	30	24	20	Scar. Fever, Mumps, Diphtheria
Sayreville	465	93	84	1	Scar. Fever, Whooping Cough
South Brunswick	500	95	30	0	Measles, Diphtheria
Woodbridge	1200	98	70	125	Chicken Pox, Pink Eye
Total.....	4067	90	376	199	

TABLE SHOWING ACADEMIC AND PROFESSIONAL ADVANTAGES OF TEACHERS.

District.	Gram. Sch. Grad.	High Sch. Grad.	Normal Grad.	College Grad.	Sup. Prin. Grad.
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BOROUGHES.

Dunellen	..	5	5	..	College
Helmetta	..	1	3	..	H. S.
Highland Park	..	4	1	2	College
Jamesburg	..	2	7	1	College
Metuchen	..	3	7	2	Normal
Milltown	..	2	5	1	College
Roosevelt	..	4	16	1	Normal
South Amboy	..	4	12	5	College
South River	..	9	5	2	College
Spotswood	..	2	2	..	Normal

TOWNSHIPS.

Cranbury	..	5	2	2	College
East Brunswick	1	4	4	1	College
Madison	1	6	..	..	Rutgers P. S.
Monroe	..	4	3	1	College
North Brunswick ..	2	0	1	..	Normal
Piscataway	..	7	10	3	College
Raritan	..	7	6	1	College
Sayreville	..	8	3	1	H. S.
South Brunswick ..	..	6	9	..	Normal
Woodbridge	..	14	18	3	College

The percentage of academic and professional training of teachers is yearly growing higher in both boroughs and townships.

The application of a teacher having less than high school advantages will not hereafter be considered, unless in a case of great emergency.

Much has been said of late, regarding the work of the supervising principals in boroughs and townships. I am pleased to say that all the boroughs and townships of Middlesex county are under supervision. In the boroughs, where the supervising principal both supervises and teaches, the salary is paid by the district out of local taxes. There is only one borough out of the nine that receives State money for the salary of supervising principal. Said

SCHOOL REPORT.

borough has two large schools and one small school, a corps of 22 teachers and 900 pupils on roll.

The township schools are widely separated and there would be as many different plans and policies, as there were schools, if it were not for the supervision of the wide-awake supervising principal maintaining a uniform county standard of work and deportment.

No township Board of Education, having more than five schools, separated by many miles, can be progressive or legislate wisely for the best interests of the school without the monthly report of the supervising principal, as to actual conditions and recommendations.

The following table (considering a day of 8 hours) will perhaps give some idea of the duties and the disposal of time by the supervising principal and may answer the question to some extent asked by many, who have given no attention to the matter, "What do the supervising principals do?"

DUTIES.	DAYS.
Visitation and Inspection of Schools.....	100
Truancy Work	15
Truancy Cases in Court.....	2
Consulting Parents	7
Preparing for and conducting Teachers' Meetings.....	12
Preparing for and attending Sup. Prin. Meetings.....	12
Attending Institute	1
Preparing reports for County Superintendent.....	15
Preparing and conducting County Pupils' Test.....	12
Preparing and attending School Board Meeting.....	10
Preparing and Attending Closing Exercises.....	3
Examining Teachers' Registers.....	5
Securing Teachers	15
Keeping Yearly Records.....	15

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The records of Middlesex county justifies the above figures.

During the past decade supervision in boroughs has increased from 50 to 100 per cent., and in townships from 75 to 98 per cent., an increase of over 60 per cent.

TABLE SHOWING SCHOOL ACCOMMODATIONS.

District.	No. of		No. of Teach- ers.	Total No. of Pupils Enrolled.	Highest		
	School Build- ings.	No. of Class Rooms.			No. of Pupils per Teacher.	No. of Years of Work.	
BOROUGHES.							
	Graded.	One Room.					
Dunellen	2	0	11	10	359	36	8
Helmetta	1	0	4	4	150	37	8
Highland Park ...	1	0	10	7	228	32	8
Jamesburg	1	0	10	10	443	44	12
Metuchen	1	0	12	12	395	33	12
Milltown	1	0	8	8	293	36	8
Roosevelt	2	1	23	22	1006	42	8
South Amboy	2	0	22	21	735	35	12
South River	1	0	16	16	609	38	8
Spotswood	1	0	4	4	135	34	8

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TOWNSHIPS.

Cranbury	2	1	9	9	346	38	10
East Brunswick ..	3	2	11	10	353	36	8
Madison	0	7	7	7	294	42	8
Monroe	1	6	10	8	286	36	8
North Brunswick .	1	2	4	4	115	29	8
Piscataway	4	3	22	20	706	36	10
Raritan	4	2	16	14	478	34	8
Sayreville	2	2	12	12	526	44	8
South Brunswick .	4	6	16	15	582	39	8
Woodbridge	4	4	40	35	1359	39	12

The Board of Education of the township of Woodbridge has partially erected a modern high school building, with ample ground, at a cost of \$70,000, and has nearly completed a fine, fireproof building at Ford's Corner at a cost of \$13,000.

The Board of Education of the borough of South River is erecting a primary brick school building at a cost of \$25,000.

Middlesex county has reason to be proud of its school buildings in its boroughs and townships. Local pride will take care of the school accommodations in these districts in the future.

TABLE SHOWING TEACHERS' DISTRICT MEETINGS.

District.	No. Teachers.	No. Meetings.	No. Volumes Taken Out.	Percentage of Attendance.	Name of Books.
BOROUGHES.					
Dunellen	10	20	10	97	Waymarks for Teachers
Helmatta	4	9	4	100	Chips from a Teacher's Workshop
Highland Pk. .	8	8	8	81	Hints and Helps
Jamesburg ..	10	9	10	100	Personality in Education
Metuchen	12	13	12	100	Studies & Observations in Sch. Room
Milltown	8	9	8	91	Sch. Management and Sch. Methods
Roosevelt	22	8	22	88	Common Sense Didactics
South Amboy ..	22	10	..	97	Papers prepared and discussed
South River..	16	10	16	95	Thinking and Learning to Think
Spotswood ...	4	10	4	58	Social Phases of Education

TOWNSHIPS.

Cranbury	10	6	10	95	Psychology
E. Brunswick.	11	10	11	81	Social Phases of Education
Madison	7	7	7	88	Sch. Management and Sch. Methods
Monroe	9	7	9	90	The Recitation
N. Brunswick	4	9	4	72	Sch. Management and Sch. Methods
Piscataway ..	21	11	21	88	The Recitation
Raritan	15	10	10	92	School Management
Sayreville ...	13	9	13	96	Courses and Methods on Teaching
S. Brunswick.	18	10	18	83	Morals and Manners
Woodbridge .	36	7	36	93	Agriculture for Beginners

The above mentioned works are taken from the Middlesex county pedagogical library, consisting of 1,500 volumes.

The teachers' meetings were held monthly under the supervision of the supervising principal and failure to attend is reported to the office of the county superintendent.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY BRANCH OF TEACHERS' RETIREMENT FUND.

More than 75 per cent. of our teachers are members of the Teachers' Retirement Fund.

On the 17th day of December, 1909, the teachers of the county, who were members of said fund, assembled in the Opera House in the city of Perth Amboy and formed a Middlesex county branch of said fund.

County Superintendent H. Brewster Willis, was elected president, City Superintendent of the New Brunswick Public Schools William C. Armstrong, was elected vice president, and City Superintendent of the Perth Amboy Public Schools, S. E. Shull, was elected treasurer, Miss Susan M. Phillips, of Metuchen, was elected recording secretary, and Miss Emma A. McCoy, of New Brunswick, was elected corresponding secretary.

The object of the organization, as set forth in the constitution is to make stronger the ties between members of said fund; collect the necessary annual dues; provide for the expenses incurred by delegates and other representatives and to assist the school officers in complying with the law.

From the documents filed in this office, I have reason to believe that all the Boards of Education have paid to the State treasurer the full amount required by law, due from the members to said fund.

The County School Board Association held its meeting in the banquet hall of Rutgers College. Dr. W. H. S. Demarest, president of said college, Senator George S. Silzer, Assistant State Superintendent J. Brognard Betts, Dr. Louis Bevier, Jr., Dr. Ellis and others made addresses and discussed reports, covering buildings, school census, trained teachers, fire escapes and medical inspection.

Regular meetings of the Supervising Principals' Association have been held during the year. At the borough of Roosevelt, the Board of Education, together with the mayor and council, attended the sessions, made addresses and entertained the association at dinner. The association was also very cordially received by the Board of Education, Mayor and Council, of the city of South Amboy.

A most excellent meeting was held in the township of Sayreville, where the Board of Education attended the sessions and entertained the association.

The Teachers' Institute for Middlesex county was held at the Majestic Opera House, Perth Amboy, N. J., on December 17th, 1909.

The sessions were devoted to the subject of Industrial Education with James P. Haney, B. Sc., director of manual training, New York City schools, and Miss Charlotte Herckner, of Hackensack, as instructors.

All the teachers of the county and cities were present.

MONMOUTH COUNTY.

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Twenty-nine cases of parent delinquency have ben brought before the Court of Common Pleas for permitting non-attendance or pupil truancy.

In all of these cases the action of the Court produced the desired result.

MONMOUTH COUNTY.

JOHN ENRIGHT, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.

DEAR SIR:—Great progress has been made in the matter of new school buildings in Monmouth county during the past two years, and notably during the past year. Extensive additions to present buildings and increased accommodation for school children have been made at Red Bank, Matawan and Allentown. The Matawan extension provided a large assembly room and several class rooms at a cost of \$22,000. At Allentown, Upper Freehold township, an addition was made to the present building at a cost of \$3,500. In Red Bank new rooms have been added in the high school building and a new building temporarily opened for the accommodation of the western part of Red Bank.

A handsome new building has been completed and is now occupied at Belmar. This building has a fine assembly room and cost about \$60,000. A separate new high school has been erected at Freehold. This building is fitted up with a laboratory having in it all the facilities of the large and best high schools of the State. The distinction in this building is the care taken to provide the very best sanitary appliances. The toilets are exceptionally good in that they contain the very best sanitary plumbing. This building and lot, complete in all its furnishing, cost \$34,000. A handsome four-room building was completed and occupied last year for the first time in the village of Shrewsbury, Shrewsbury township. This building cost \$15,000. A handsome new building was completed in the borough of Rumson at East Oceanic. It is a four-room building and cost \$30,000. Keyport built two good substantial primary schools of two rooms each at a cost of \$6,000 for each school. Manalapan township erected at Englishtown a handsome six-room building with a large assembly room at a cost of \$16,000. The new school district of Monmouth Beach erected a fine four-room building, well equipped in the matter of light and ventilation, at a cost of \$15,000. All these buildings are furnished with modern systems of heating and ventilating.

There remain only a few places where further accommodation is now needed. One of these places is the borough of Highlands. Steps are now in progress looking toward a large extension to the present building at this place. Eatontown township has just provided for a bond issue of \$15,000 for the erection of a new building at Oceanport. This building is badly needed. There is now in the course of construction at Bradley Beach a large new building to cost \$80,000. With the exception of a few small places the school building accommodation in this county is quite adequate.

There were, all told, 547 teachers in Monmouth county last year. This is

an increase of 18 over the year before and an increase of 57 from the year 1908. In my judgment the professional status of academic acquirements of the teacher has been much advanced. There is, of course, room for betterment. We seem to be lacking in the proper professional training of a teacher. It still remains very patent to a careful observer that most of the new teachers, even though they have been trained in the normal school, come to their work in a very crude professional state. There seems to be no way yet devised in the training schools and in the normal schools to have sufficient practice work in the training of a teacher. I wish there could be devised some plan whereby the whole second year now spent in our normal schools could be spent by the novitiate in real practice teaching with the responsibility of managing a room being put upon such teacher. There should be such a way devised for furnishing such practice in teaching that would establish something of the habit of teaching and develop the individuality of the would-be teacher. As a rule the beginner lacks the confidence that comes of having done something, or rather lacks the confidence that comes of having formed the habit of teaching.

Instead, therefore, of talking and thinking about teaching as an academic subject for a period of two years in the normal schools I would have only one year of such professional training, and the other wholly given to practice teaching in the actual daily work of the schoolroom under intelligent direction, in order that there may be that feeling of responsibility necessary to the development of the teaching character. It would not seem impractical to lengthen the time of practice teaching from one month to nine months and have the district provide the cost of board at least in return for services rendered.

We have perhaps gone to extremes in the matter of supervision. We have too many, in my judgment, small districts with supervising principals not having sufficient numbers to require all of the time of supervision. It is not easy to get strong, intelligent supervision. Personality is the important element in all leadership. In no kind of leadership is there greater need for strong personality than in the teaching profession. We have in the last few years given to supervision the full measure of attention. Much good has come from it. We now have rather to intensify this phase of school work than to extend it to greater details.

The compulsory school law has been given much attention during the past year. Several districts have employed attendance officers. This has been made practical in a few districts by making the township constable an attendance officer and paying him by the hour for services actually performed. The best results have been found where such officer is paid in the same way as he would be while serving papers in the regular course of his official work. The number of days attendance in the county has increased over 100,000 during the past year. This increase is very much greater in ratio than the increase in the number enrolled. This speaks well for a better attendance. We have not reached anything like perfection because the habit of irregularity in school attendance which has been forming for years and years cannot be changed in a short time. In this, as in many other things, parents must be humored towards the light.

In regard to medical inspection, perhaps there is no one thing that has

MONMOUTH COUNTY.

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been so readily taken up as has this subject. There was spent last year for medical inspection in Monmouth county, \$4,875.25. With only about four exceptions all districts employed medical inspectors and have the inspection well under way. At first there was a feeling of not exactly knowing how to approach the subject. Boards of Education were willing, but hardly knew how to put the law to practical operation. Fortunately the leading physicians of the county in places like Red Bank, Long Branch, Atlantic Highlands, Keyport, Freehold, Asbury Park and other places took up the subject in the right spirit. The law is looked upon by the best physicians not as one that furnished a job for the profession, but was rather looked upon as a movement furnishing an opportunity for doing some real good. I have nothing but praise for the physicians of Monmouth county for the manner in which they took up this new and very delicate work. I can say that during the coming year every district in this county will have medical inspection.

The school officers have generally complied with the provisions of the Teachers' Retirement Fund law. I do not know of any case where the percentage was not deducted from the monthly salary of the teacher. It must be remembered that this has added considerably to the work of the district clerk and considering all things, the clerks have met it with a fair degree of complacency.

In regard to manual training or industrial education, I cannot report specific instances of new introduction of this subject. There has, however, been evidence of small beginnings here and there which indicate progress. We now have excellent manual training departments in the schools of Atlantic Highlands, Freehold, Red Bank, Long Branch, Asbury Park and Sea Bright. There is room for still further development along this line at several other places. New impetus has been given to this kind of work by the Monmouth County Agricultural Society. At the recent fair held at Red Bank a large special tent was given to school exhibits. Prominence was given to manual training exhibits, among which were articles of furniture made in the Red Bank, Freehold, Asbury Park, Atlantic Highlands and other schools. These articles exhibited were very useful ones, including Morris chairs, desks, tables, hat racks, and so forth. Liberal prizes were given which, as an encouragement and advertisement of manual work done in the schools, gave an impetus to this kind of work which I am expecting will manifest itself in further extension during the coming year.

Arbor Day was recognized in the usual way. It has now taken the direction of beautifying the school grounds and having such literary exercises as seem fitted to the different places. Flag Day occurs so late in June that many of the schools are closed. The schools that were open in some form or other observed the day. So far as I know the proper spirit of the law has been carried out in the matter of flag saluting. I am not in a position to positively state that every day, in every school, the flag is saluted. But I do know that the spirit that is intended to go with this form is manifest at all times.

The total enrollment in all grades is 19,858, an increase of 538 over last year, which is an increase of 2.7 per cent. The distribution of enrollment is kindergarten 745, primary 11,115, grammar 6,482, high school 1,472.

There is an increase of enrollment in the high school of 76 over last year of

3.9 per cent. or more than one per cent. better than the average in all grades. This is largely due to the transportation facilities offered by the rural districts and free tuition.

MORRIS COUNTY

J. HOWARD HULSART, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR:—I have the honor to submit to you the following report of the condition and progress of the schools of Morris county for the school year 1909-'10.

While it was desired and hoped that the improvements and advances in the schools of this county during the past year might prove more pronounced than those actually realized, I am able to report substantial gains in several important particulars. The advances seem more pronounced when the two previous years are included in the comparison. The following table exhibits comparative data of the past three years:

	YEAR ENDING		
	1908.	1909.	1910.
Number of Teachers and Supervisors.....	232	249	257
“ of pupils enrolled.....	11,981	12,372	12,522
“ enrolled in High School.....	817	881	986
“ of Days Present.....	1,548,716	1,636,063	1,676,685
“ Neither Absent nor Tardy.....	333	495	441
Times Tardy	15,499	14,433	16,046
Average Salary—Male Teachers	\$638.12	\$665.00	\$662.24
“ “ Female Teachers	\$525.65	\$559.65	\$575.91

The attendance during the first half of the year greatly exceeded the average, which was reduced during the late winter and spring months on account of the prevalence of bad weather, contagious diseases and other serious sickness in several sections of the county.

The enlargement of the Butler borough school and that of the Riverdale school, Pequannock township, were completed early in the year and the buildings were immediately occupied for school purposes. A new high school at Madison, the grounds and building to cost \$58,000, the new Chatham borough school, the grounds and building to cost \$56,000, and a one-room school in Chatham township, the grounds and building to cost \$4,800, are all nearing completion and will be occupied early during the coming school year. About \$25,000 has been expended on repairs of several school buildings throughout the county.

The people of Hanover township have voted to bond the district for \$23,800, for the purchase of land and the erection of a new school at Whippany, and \$6,000 for a new building at Hanover Neck. The people of Montville township have voted to bond the district for \$7,500 for the purchase of land and the erection of a two-room school at Montville.

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The prevailing sentiment of the people throughout the county is favorable to good schools and advancement in their efficiency. Of the 986 high school pupils enrolled in the county, 280 come from townships and other districts having no high schools, their tuition and necessary transportation being paid by their respective districts. For tuition of high school pupils in other districts there was paid during the year \$8,900, and for transportation of high school pupils to other districts, \$8,327.

From the encouragements and disappointments of the past year I turn to the year to come with the lively hope and a renewed determination that it shall be made the best in the history of the Morris county schools.

OCEAN COUNTY.

CHARLES A. MORRIS, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR:—My fourth annual report of the conditions of the schools of Ocean county is respectfully submitted herewith.

The following items, taken from the statistical tables of the past three years, are indicative of the advances which are being made:

	'07-'08.	'08-'09.	'09-'10.
Amount paid teachers	\$67,696.32	\$79,250.51	\$83,680.97
“ “ for text-books and supplies	10,036.31	12,032.44	7,596.75
“ “ “ transportation of pupils	915.64	2,493.79	3,758.99
“ “ “ tuition of pupils.....	1,573.38	2,869.25	3,527.46
“ of total expenditures for Cur. Ex.	126,997.06	164,384.59	134,038.62
Pupils neither absent nor tardy.....	101	130	164
Pupils attending H. S. in other districts	39	86	99
Pupils attending schools in other districts below High School.....	96	97	82
Total No. pupils transported.....	29	85	97
No. of pupils enrolled in High Schools	283	369	367
Gram. Grades	1,633	1,686	1,511
Prim. Grades	2,530	2,534	2,550
Kindergartens	144	142	148
Total No. of pupils enrolled.....	4,590	4,731	4,576
Total No. Teachers employed.....	152	163	163
Average salary of men teachers exclusive of Supervising Principals and Supervisors	\$507.81	\$553.90	\$554.57
Average salary of women teachers.....	\$417.70	\$426.43	\$466.83
Certificates held—Third Grade County..	45	44	45
Second “ “ ..	42	44	40
First “ “ ..	25	24	26
Third Grade State....	9	11	13
Second Grade State...	22	32	31
First Grade State....	3	3	2
No. Library appropriations paid by State	19	20	9
Amount ordered raised by special tax for all purposes except for Bonds and Interest on Bonds.....	\$50,595.23	\$42,540.00	\$52,369.50

It will be noted that a substantial increase has been made in teachers' salaries, in the amount spent for transportation and tuition, in the number of pupils neither absent nor tardy and in the high school enrollment. While there has been a very satisfactory increase in the average salaries paid, it will be seen from the certificates held that but very slight improvement has been attained in securing trained and better qualified teachers.

The voters and taxpayers of the county are taking a livelier interest in the schools and where the necessity arises for an increase in the expenditures for proper school facilities the taxes therefore are generously voted. The Boards of Education are generally transacting the school business in a very efficient manner and are to be commended for their close attention to the school need of their communities. A full course of twelve years of school work has been provided by all the districts for all pupils desiring to attend school. In order to do this it has been necessary for 15 of the 23 districts to send some of their pupils to other districts for the high school work.

Four year approved high schools are now established at Lakewood, Point Pleasant and Toms River, three year approved high schools at Tuckerton and Barnegat and a two year high school at New Egypt. The school at Tuckerton will be increased to a four year high school at the beginning of next year, the high school department at New Egypt will be discontinued and the pupils transported to Pemberton. While from some localities transportation to these high schools is rather inconvenient, it will be impracticable, with our present school population, to consider the establishment of more high schools. Boards of Education are exerting themselves to make the most suitable arrangements possible for getting the pupils to the high schools from the isolated communities.

158 pupils, many of these from the one-roomed schools, took the county grammar school examinations and 95 grammar school certificates were issued, the others failing or partially failing. This was the largest number to take the examinations in the past four years and it shows the desire of the pupils to pursue a high school course, since a county grammar school certificate admits the holder to any high school.

With so many pupils finishing the grammar school work in the smaller schools, the need for teachers with a broader preparation for teaching is called very emphatically to our notice. Boards of Education are unable to secure better qualified teachers under the present salary schedules, which, in spite of the recent increases, continue low in the great majority of districts, in some districts no increases having been made.

For the last two years a certificate has been offered for each pupil who is not absent more than ten days during the year. More than 1,100 of these were earned this year, or about one certificate for every four pupils enrolled. Despite this condition, there was a decrease of more than 7,000 days in the total days' attendance for the county from the preceding year. Barnegat City, Bay Head, Beach Haven, Berkeley, Brick, Dover, Point Pleasant, Sea Side Park and Tuckerton, increased their days' attendance; Brick and Tuckerton by more than 2,000 days and Dover by more than 4,000. It is noticeable that the increases are found generally in those districts where most attention was given to provisions of the law requiring

OCEAN COUNTY.

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attendance. Sickness was the cause of the decrease in some districts, but inattention to the law was the principal cause.

The Board of Education of Tuckerton enlarged and entirely remodelled the old four-room building in that district at a cost of over \$11,000.00 so that they now have practically a new building of eight class rooms, office and two recitation rooms with suitable cloak rooms. The building is very satisfactory for their present needs. An additional room was added to the building at New Egypt.

The annual institute met for the second year in the spacious auditorium of the Lakewood Y. M. C. A. building. The instructors were Principal Charles S. Chapin, Prof. John C. Stone, and Miss Cornelia E. MacMullen, of the Montclair State Normal School and Miss Charlotte Herckner, of Hackensack. Dr. W. G. Schaufler, member of the State Board of Education, addressed the institute on "The Duties of the Teacher in Connection with Medical Inspection." The work of the entire institute was practical and inspiring.

On account of the institute but one meeting of the Ocean County Teachers' Association was called. This was held at Toms River on Saturday, April 2nd, 1910, and more than 100 teachers of the county were in attendance. A part of the morning session was devoted to group meetings of the teachers of the different grades, a topic and a leader having been assigned for each group. Prof. E. Livingston Barbour entertained the Association with a popular recital in the afternoon.

At the county school board meeting held at Toms River on October 20th, 1909, fourteen of the larger districts of the county were represented. Dr. W. G. Schaufler, of Lakewood, delivered an address on "Medical Inspection and conducted a discussion on the rules governing medical inspection which had been adopted by the State Board of Education. His address aided very materially in securing ready compliance with the law requiring medical inspection on the part of all the districts. Other important school matters were discussed.

The course of study for the schools has been revised during the year and approved by the State Board of Education and will go into effect in September, 1910.

During the spring and summer of the last two years a well organized playground and school garden has been conducted in Lakewood, supported partially by the Board of Education and partially by subscription. Work of this character, particularly that of the school gardens, may be extended into all our school districts with much profit. There is scarcely a school in the county but could, with a little well directed effort, have very creditable school gardens.

In conclusion I would recommend the amendment of the law so that districts expending moneys for transportation entirely within their own boundaries may receive appropriations from the State school moneys the same as are received by other districts which expend moneys for transportation to schools outside their limits; that steps be taken for raising the minimum qualifications of teachers by requiring all, or a large part of a four year high school course as qualification for a certificate, and that short training courses for prospective teachers be established in enough centers in the State to make

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them easy of access and attractive to those who will begin teaching in our smaller schools. The teachers' training classes established in the counties of New York State, usually in connection with some centrally located high school, have provided a supply of teachers for the smaller schools who have been instructed in good methods of school management and the character of the teaching in these schools has been revolutionized thereby. Provision for work of this character might well be established in connection with the Summer school at Cape May for those teachers who are now teaching as well as for prospective teachers. When work of this character is provided, the examinations for teachers may be as much on methods in each subject as on the subject matter, if not entirely on methods. The crying need of the rural districts is a supply of teachers who know how to work.

PASSAIC COUNTY.

E. W. GARRISON, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR:—I have the honor to submit my annual report for the school year, 1909-10.

Outside of the statistical report I am pleased to write that we are making steady strides toward better school facilities and more thorough school work. The citizens of the township of Acquackanonk, the borough of Hawthorne, the borough of Totowa and the borough of Pompton Lakes have responded splendidly to the call of the respective Boards of Education toward providing suitable buildings for all grades of pupils, and over the entire county the feeling for better educational advantages is growing rapidly.

The grammar school at Pompton Lakes has been greatly strengthened discontinuing the ninth year work, and instituting a regular course for the boys and girls in industrial work. The discontinuing of the high school work in Pompton Lakes is the end of partial high school work in the Passaic county grammar schools. Let us hope it may never be revived.

The high school work at Clifton is in a flourishing condition and excellent work will undoubtedly be obtained.

During my visits in the schools, I have been greatly impressed with the spirit for real work, characterized by a steady, quiet, earnest effort on the part of both pupils and teachers. There has been a stronger general interest, and more regular attendance and fewer tardy marks than in the preceding years. The school year has been a pleasant one, full of earnest endeavor and reward.

In closing I wish to thank the department for the splendid manner in which they have assisted me in my work the past year. I, as you know, have had several knotty problems to unravel, and if it had not been for your ever willing support, I would have been lost in the fog.

SALEM COUNTY.

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SALEM COUNTY.

J. A. WENTZELL, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR:—I herewith submit my seventh annual report of the condition of the schools of Salem county for the school year ending June 30th, 1910.

One new school building has been completed during the year at a cost for lot and building of about \$1,500, a one-room building at Six Points in Pittsgrove township. The borough of Woodstown in consolidation with Pilesgrove township is in need of a new high school building and this will probably be erected the coming year. Walnut Grove school house in Upper Pittsgrove township has been condemned as unfit for further use as a school building, and efforts are being made by the Board of Education to secure a suitable plot on which to erect a building. The sum of \$1,400 has already been raised for this building. Penn's Grove Board of Education was obliged to rent a room to be used for the primary pupils outside the school building for the opening of school the coming year, every room of the building being filled to its seating capacity.

With these exceptions the school accommodations are adequate throughout the county, and the buildings generally are in good condition.

Of the county teachers, 31 hold State certificates, for the most part, with normal school training, 16 first grade county, 37 second grade county, 39 third grade county and 7 special county certificates. Fifteen of our teachers attended the Cape May Summer School during the present summer and are preparing for the work of elementary manual training in their respective schools; twelve attended last year and did more or less hand work during the year in their schools. The most serious drawback to the rural schools is the change of teachers from year to year; as soon as a teacher acquires some experience her services are in demand elsewhere, and a beginner takes her place in the country school. Our teachers as a rule are well qualified and anxious to do good work in the school room.

Four districts have supervising principals, Salem City, Pilesgrove township, Penn's Grove and Upper Penn's Neck township. I have encouraged the uniting of districts in the employment of a supervising principal for the reason that it lessens expense. Two small districts can as easily be supervised as one by the same officer. Alloway township, Elmer, Oldman's township and Quinton township employ supervising teachers. This latter mentioned supervision, though not as efficient as that of a supervising principal who devotes his entire time to supervision, is a great gain over none, as the work of all the schools of the district is kept uniform and the tests for promotion come under the eye of a responsible and competent person. Our districts employing such officers find it to their advantage to do so.

A systematic effort has been made to enforce the compulsory education law the past year as was the case the year previous. The attendance, however, has not been up to that of last year, the reports showing a falling off from 721,535 days in 1908-09 to 679,081 in 1909-10. This loss was caused by

SCHOOL REPORT.

contagious disease, which existed in nearly all parts of the county several months of the school year, and not by a failure to enforce attendance. The figures given for the year 1909-10 are larger than those of any previous year except 1908-09.

Of the fourteen districts of the county, medical inspection was provided in all but the following four: Elsinboro, Oldman's, Penn's Grove and Pittsgrove. For the present school year every district except Elsinboro has reported as having employed or arranging to employ a medical inspector. The amount expended for this purpose in the county was \$1,584.63. In most localities very little is done by local authorities towards looking after general health and sanitary conditions, and as a contagious disease can easily spread from a school to an entire neighborhood, an inspector in the schools is of more value than the local health officers, to say nothing of his lectures to teachers and pupils in regard to caring for health. It is true that a medical inspector often meets with the disapproval of parents whose children are sent out of school because of uncleanness, and his private practice sometimes suffers, but such dissatisfaction is not well grounded and it soon passes away. Medical inspection has been a decided benefit to the schools in which contagious disease and filth have existed and it is so looked upon by the Boards of Education. A few of our Boards regard it as a useless expense.

I regret to report that several of our district clerks and custodians have not conformed to the law in deducting and transmitting percentages due the Teachers' Retirement Fund. They have preferred to remit once a year instead of quarterly. I have instructed them as to the necessity of strictly conforming to the prescribed manner of remitting to the State Treasurer, and feel sure that this will be done in the future.

No district of the county provides instruction in manual training at public expense. Norma graded school in Pittsgrove township provides manual training for the Jewish schools in that vicinity. This work is supported by Mr. Maurice Fels.

Arbor Day was observed with appropriate exercises by all the schools of the county, a suggestive program having been printed and distributed by the county superintendent. Only two schools were in session on Flag Day. These were instructed to hold appropriate exercises. All schools of the county have observed the salute to the flag each day during the year. I presume that about one-tenth of the schools have kept the outside flag flying as prescribed by the State Board of Education.

I enclose the report of the manual training school at Norma, prepared by Mr. Meyer Goldman, the teacher. I desire to thank you for the courtesies extended by yourself and the department at all times.

SOMERSET COUNTY.

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SOMERSET COUNTY.

H. C. KREBS, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR:—Permit me to supplement my seventh annual report for Somerset county with the following observations:

The number of pupils shows an increase over last year of 299—from 7,143 to 7,442.

The number of cases of tardiness has decreased 530.

The number of teachers has increased from 210 to 222.

63 per cent. of the teachers are college or normal graduates, 26, or less than 12 per cent., were without experience, and of these 22 are normal graduates. Therefore the per cent. of teachers who began work last fall without training or experience was less than 2. The four teachers who were untrained and inexperienced were found in four separate districts. One of these four teachers had an excellent private school education.

The significance of the facts of the last paragraph is very great. There is widespread belief among those who are not conversant with the facts that the work in rural schools is of a very mediocre character, due almost entirely to inefficient teaching. This is certainly not the case in Somerset county. The day has gone by when *anybody* is considered good enough to teach a country school. It is amusing to see the look on the faces of applicants who are totally ignorant of the science and art of teaching, when they are told that training or experience are necessary for a position in a rural school. "Why, we didn't think such qualifications were required for only country schools," they sometimes say. Then they are informed that the country child is these days considered to be just as good as the city child, and entitled to equally good teaching.

The efficiency of the rural schools of Somerset county is perhaps best proven by the results shown in the case of pupils who have graduated therefrom and gone to high schools, where they are in daily comparison with pupils who have been trained in the graded schools. An examination of the records of all pupils in one of the largest high schools in Somerset county reveals the fact that those who come from rural schools fully hold their own with those who have passed through the graded schools. This seems to show conclusively that the teaching the rural pupils are now getting is of a high character. All honor to Boards of Education who insist on good qualifications before engaging teachers; and all honor to the people of the rural districts who cheerfully pay the taxes necessary to secure such teachers.

There is another point in which praise is due the boards of education of rural districts, and that is their readiness to dismiss or discontinue any teacher who fails to produce good results. During the past few years I have recommended near the end of the year the dropping of all teachers who failed to reach a fair standard of work; and in nearly every instance the boards acted on my suggestion. By removing the inefficient, retaining the efficient through increase of salary, and engaging as new teachers only

those of training or of approved experience, Boards of Education are fulfilling their most important trust, that of providing for the children skillful and inspiring instruction.

Medical inspection started rather slowly in Somerset county. While the boroughs had already established suitable inspection, there was prejudice against it in rural districts largely because of lack of knowledge of its value. Dr. W. G. Schaufler, of the State Board of Education, gave an illuminating talk to the County School Board Association in December, which did much to enlighten the members in regard to the purpose and scope of medical inspection. Printed circulars were also sent to the various Boards of Education. By the end of the year only two districts had failed to provide inspection.

But very few schools are not provided with American flags. Appropriate salutes are frequent. Outhouses are properly screened. Books are more liberally supplied than heretofore. Four of our untrained teachers attended the Cape May Summer School and are doing some handwork in their schools. Our county teachers' association has had a continuous existence for twenty-four years, with three meetings annually.

Our town and borough schools are all doing good work. The people of the whole county are desirous of having good schools and are willing to pay for them. There is a fine spirit among pupils and teachers. This is more important than equipment or courses of study. It is hoped that these, too are of a suitable character.

SUSSEX COUNTY.

RALPH DECKER, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR:—It is my pleasure to herewith submit to you my annual report of the schools of Sussex county for the year of 1909-1910.

A careful perusal of the report, and a comparison with the report of the last year will show a healthy condition of affairs along all lines of school activity.

The enrollment of the year is 5,285 pupils, and an increase of 86 over last year.

The statistics in this feature of the report show that our teachers, as in the past are fond of changing positions and 63 of the 161 are in new positions this year. This is a fact that I greatly deplore, but until there is more equality of wages paid in the several districts it will necessarily have to be so. The number of beginners was 21, a few less than last year. The longest term of service in one district 35 years and the longest term of experience 44 years, is the enviable record of Principal A. C. Cope, of Stanhope borough. During the year Principal Cope was forced by ocular trouble to temporarily leave the school room. It was hoped that rest would restore his impaired vision,

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but our fondest hopes were not realized and Mr. Cope was forced to resign his position. The Board of Stanhope retired him on half pay.

In losing the services of Mr. Cope, Sussex county sustains a great loss, as he has always been actively associated with all of its school activities. Mr. Cope is an educator, a class room instructor without a peer, and the products of his classrooms are many, their work and lives witnesses of his rare ability.

Mr. Cope's name in Sussex county will always be cherished and ranked with the Rankins and Stiles of the past.

The financial statements will show that \$148,469.03 was available for school purposes, \$129,075.95 was expended and a balance of \$19,393.08 was carried over. This balance together with \$64,230.19 State money, \$2,321.34, surplus revenue and district tax of \$51,450, voted by the several districts, give a total available for the year 1910-1911 of \$137,394.61.

The statistical table shows the possible number of days of attendance to be 789,950. The days present were 635,541 and days absent 163,409, making the average percentage about 80. The several districts varying from the maximum 92.4 in Sussex borough to the minimum 63 in Byram township.

The number of pupils neither absent or tardy was 174 an increase of 46 over that of last year. Sussex borough in this respect is in the lead with 34 neither absent or tardy, out of an enrollment of 288. Andover borough is a close second with 10 out of an enrollment of 107.

274 pupils are enrolled in kindergartens, 2,853 in primary grades, 1,842 in grammar grades and 316 in high schools.

107 high school pupils and 243 pupils below high school attended in adjoining districts, at a cost of \$5,593.35 for tuition and \$4,589.90 for transportation.

Interest in high school education is manifested throughout the county and it is very gratifying indeed to see the districts that have been slow to take advantage of their opportunities, providing high school facilities for their pupils, in a number of cases at quite a cost, owing to the fact of very poor railroad facilities and no trolleys making transportation by wagon a necessity.

The total of school property is \$260,850. On the whole the properties are in good shape. A few of the buildings need repairs and a few of the grounds need enlarging and improving.

New school buildings at Stillwater and Cranberry Lake and a two-roomed addition to the Newton high school were erected during the year.

One supervising principal, 4 kindergarten, 34 primary, 25 grammar, 18 high school and 79 ungraded teachers were employed during the year. Of the 161, 37 were males and 124 females. The average salaries of the males was \$614.75, and of the females, \$475.11.

Fifty-five of the teachers were graduates of normal schools or colleges. The professional spirit of our teachers is good, and their work has been very satisfactory. The State, county and local teachers' organizations have been well supported, and many enthusiastic and helpful meetings were held.

The Hardyston township Board of Education was greatly aided in establishing an evening school for foreigners by the New Jersey Zinc Company who placed at the board's command a competent young man in their employ

to act as teacher. A room in the Franklin Furnace high school was used and a night school held. The attendance was small and irregular, but some good results were accomplished.

A large percentage of the districts appointed truant officers, and some good results were attained, but there is still room for more and better work as the report of attendance will show.

INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION.

Vernon township takes the lead in this work as a district. During the year a practical course has been put into operation. Babcock milk testers have been placed in some of the schools, a number of tests made, and much interest shown by the public. A number of schools in the county have been doing some work in primary agriculture and public sentiment is being gradually educated.

At a branch meeting of the Sussex County Teachers' Club, held at Franklin Furnace last spring, a set of resolutions favoring agricultural and industrial work in our schools and asking the Boards of Education to adopt such courses was adopted and placed in the hands of each Board of Education in the branch.

Nothing has been done in medical inspection by any of the districts. Copies of the law and of the rules adopted by the State Board of Education and a letter calling attention to the fact that the law was mandatory and asking that some step be taken to place it into effect has been sent to each board. Several districts have been taking the preliminary steps and will have medical inspectors appointed for the coming year.

Arbor and Flag Day were generally observed by the schools throughout the county and appropriate programs carried out.

The resolution of the State Board of Education requiring the daily saluting of the United States flag has been with very few exceptions carried out to the letter.

The usual examinations were held during the year, and there has been a decrease in the number attending the teachers' examination and an increase in the number of applicants in the eighth grade. This year 350 took the examination and were successful. A large percentage of these will enter high school in September.

LIBRARIES.

Vernon township leads in the list of activities in this line. Six of its schools have replenished their libraries and one new library was established. 130 books were added to the teachers' pedagogical library making nearly 400 volumes in the library.

During the coming year we propose emphasizing (1) a better enforcement of the compulsory act. (2) Medical inspection. (3) More supervision, and (4) more practical work along agricultural and industrial lines.

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UNION COUNTY.

J. J. SAVITZ, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR:—I take pleasure in submitting my third annual report of the schools of Union county.

The school systems of Union county may be classified under three heads: city schools, four in number; schools with a local supervisory officer devoting all or part of his time to supervision, ten in number; and schools without local supervision, four in number. The first class of schools, for whose organization and management the county superintendent is not responsible, is under the supervision of aggressive and efficient city superintendents. Eight of the school districts of the second class employ supervisory officers who devote all their time to supervision, and two districts, employing six teachers each, have principals who devote only part of their time to supervision. The schools of the third class employ from one to five teachers and have no direct supervision except that by the county superintendent.

Efforts have been made in the two largest districts of the third class to secure some local supervision and this will probably be accomplished as soon as there are enough pupils to make another teacher a necessity. Even in the districts where the principal teaches full time there is some indirect supervision, the principal having charge of the discipline in general, counseling teachers, prescribing examinations, and performing such other duties of a supervisory nature as his time will permit. These principal-teachers are members of the County Principals' Association and are, therefore, in touch with the aim and methods of the supervisors.

The Principals' Association comprising the principals and principal-teachers of the county of the second and third class of schools has developed into a most effective organization for promoting the welfare and progress of the schools. During the past year the principals have spent a number of days visiting, in a body, the schools of the district over which one of their number has supervision. After the close of the afternoon sessions, the regular monthly principals' meetings were held. This gave an opportunity for the discussion of school work as actually observed. Much good has resulted from these discussions and conferences.

Through the Principals' Association opportunity is afforded the county superintendent for presentation and discussion of plans and for making suggestions for the improvement of school work. This assures the rejection of unwise and impractical effort and a hearty co-operation in carrying into effect what is considered wise and practical.

Committees of principals have been appointed to investigate and report upon the progress of education generally and to recommend, after careful deliberation, plans and methods for making the work more effective. Following are some of the important ones:

Course of Study,
Manual Training and Industrial Education,
Evening Schools,
Improvement of Teachers,
Apparatus, Devices, Teachers' Helps,
Securing the Cooperation of Parents,
School Reports,
County Pedagogical Library and Pedagogical Literature,
Attendance, Punctuality, and Truancy,
Progress and Promotion of Pupils,
Securing Efficient Teachers,
School Expenses.

Through the co-operation and support of the school districts of Cranford, Garwood, Linden, Roselle, Roselle Park, Union and Westfield, a university course in educational psychology was given by Dr. James E. Lough, of New York University to all the teachers of Union county. The lectures were delivered at the most central places in the county and two hundred (200) teachers attended, at least half of the lectures, the average attendance being one hundred and fifty (150). Many of the teachers living in places remote from the centres deserve great credit for regularity in attendance. This is notably true of the teachers of Linden, Springfield, Kenilworth and Union.

Below is given a list of the teachers who passed the prescribed examination and were granted a university certificate counting one point:

Cranford—Ella McDonalds, Minnie M. Harrison, Mary M. Vreeland, Charlotte Watson.
Garwood—Austin H. Updyke, Rena M. Osborn, Harriet M. Williams, Adelene E. Johnston, Elizabeth McElheney.
Kenilworth—Mary Gee.
Linden—D. A. Howell, Anton F. Blaum, Hazel B. Poole, Louise E. Prall, Anna R. Carey, Ada D. Ayres.
Plainfield—Allie T. Eastman.
Roselle—Sarah M. Mulford.
Roselle Park—E. M. Barth, Jeannette L. Clark, Ethel L. Harris, Raymond W. Pearson, Lillian F. Rollinson.
Springfield—E. V. Walton, Stella I. Turrell, M. Althea Bremer, Horace L. Custer.
Union—Ethel I. Bech, Annette L. Townley, Nell L. Winter.
Westfield—Nellie I. Powelson, D. Ralph Starry.

The questions prescribed for the final examination indicate the thorough and practical nature of the course:

EDUCATIONAL PSYCHOLOGY.

Union County Course—June 4, 1910.

1. (a) Give a list of the simple intellectual activities; (b) What ones are involved in answering this question?
2. (a) Compare the architectural and the biological theories of mind; (b) How do these theories enter into school problems?
3. (a) Describe each of the types of imagination. (b) What is your own type? State reasons for your answer.
4. (a) What are the conditions of goodness of memory? (b) How can a teacher help a pupil to have a better memory?

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5. (a) Describe three methods of forming concepts; (b) Illustrate each from school work.
6. (a) Discuss the psychological necessity of beginning all instruction with the "home region;" (b) Illustrate from arithmetic and grammar.
7. (a) Describe, in detail, the development of the higher forms of knowledge from the lower forms; (b) Illustrate from school work.
8. (a) Describe, in detail, the influence of motor activity on the various forms of knowledge; (b) illustrate fully.

The progressive spirit of our principals is shown not only by attending these lectures but also by taking courses at Columbia and New York Universities either during the regular or summer sessions. Practically all took one or more courses during the past year.

Of the one hundred and ninety-two (192) teachers employed in districts outside of cities, one hundred and four (104) are normal school graduates, forty-five (45) are college graduates, and but fifteen of the entire number hold the lowest or third grade county certificate, eight of them being normal graduates from other States whose diplomas are not endorsed in this State. So large a body of teachers with equal preparation for their work is rarely found.

An effort has been made to put the few ungraded and partially graded schools of the county in charge of male teachers. Young men of energy and ability have been placed in charge of these schools at reasonably large salaries and the results have exceeded our expectations both in discipline and in thoroughness of instruction.

The growing disposition on the part of Boards of Education to increase the number of male teachers in the grammar and high schools meets with the favor of both parents and pupils.

More than half of the districts had anticipated the law making medical inspection compulsory by appointing inspectors under the law permitting such inspection. The remaining districts cheerfully complied with the law, in fact, welcomed the law and appointed inspectors early in the term. In not a few districts was it difficult to secure inspectors for the compensation that could reasonably be paid.

The inspectors entered upon their duties with energy and zeal and were, in all cases, actuated by a splendid professional spirit. That they performed their work in a satisfactory manner is evidenced by the fact that there have been no complaints against inspectors, and in most cases the suggestions of inspectors have been willingly complied with by parents.

Three districts, Elizabeth, Plainfield and Westfield have had dental inspection during the past year. Elizabeth had, however, employed a dental inspector for some time. The dental societies of Plainfield and Westfield furnished free dental inspection and, in the former place, a free clinic has been established by the dental society.

The results of these examinations show that if the pupils in the school are expected to do their best work, a careful examination of the teeth is necessary. Not the least benefit derived from medical and dental inspection is the practical instruction which the examiners are able to give teachers in matters of sanitation and hygiene.

Eleven districts employed truant officers at an expense of \$1,514.63. Four districts made use of the police force as provided by law, two districts com-

bined the duties of truant officer with those of some other office, and one district only made merely spasmodic efforts to enforce the law.

Boards of Education and the patrons of the schools generally are impressed with the fact that the State appropriation is based partly on attendance and that there is even a greater loss both to the individual pupil and to the class as a whole through irregular attendance. The teacher must either neglect irregular pupils altogether or devote much of her time which rightly belongs to the regular pupils to keep them up to grade.

It follows therefore, that but a small number of children absent themselves from school because of parental neglect due to ignorance or shiftlessness. These the attendance officer must reach. In all cases it is desirable to use an attendance officer rather than a police officer. It requires insight, tact and firmness rather than brass buttons to bring these children into school and to keep them there.

The law requiring pupils to attend school until they are seventeen years old unless they have previously completed the grammar school course or are excused by Boards of Education because compelled to seek employment is, in my opinion, a wise one and should be rigidly though humanely enforced. Too many young people irregularly employed drift into habits of idleness and vice when they should be in school. Abundant evidence of this is found at railroad stations and other public and semi-public places.

Boards of Education should carefully investigate every case before giving permission to go to work. The natural restlessness of young men and women, the instinctive desire to do what their elders do, rather than the necessity of earning a living, often prompts them to go to work. Thus the young spend a few years during which there is only a minimum of financial return, at work, when they should be at school forming character and laying the foundation for future usefulness.

Human nature is, however, too prone to resort to the law. The spirit, tact, and insight of the teacher, the kindly encouragement of parents who have been led to co-operate with the teacher, and a course of study giving large opportunity for expression, work more effectively to reduce irregularity than law. Truancy and dislike for school are frequently but instinctive reactions to unnatural and impractical school exercises.

Next in importance to keeping pupils in school as long as possible is the necessity of providing suitable instruction for those who are compelled to leave school at an early age, for those who find that they need instruction in some subject which especially pertains to their trade or business, and for those who through inclination would continue their studies employing the knowledge gained and the power developed in school for gaining a more comprehensive education. Then, too, there is the foreigner eager to learn the English language to such an extent at least that he may communicate with his human environment.

The liberal State appropriations and the encouragement of the State school authorities should lead to an efficient system of "continuation" schools and schools for foreigners.

Elizabeth has maintained with great success evening schools for a number of years. This year Garwood and Westfield opened such schools with a surprisingly large attendance. Garwood with a day school enrollment of 185,

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enrolled 86, and Westfield with 1,351 day school pupils, 257. The coming year gives promise of an even larger enrollment.

Not only was the enrollment large but the spirit of those attending moreover was indicative of earnestness and purpose. Never did students show greater eagerness to learn and never was more accomplished during a similar period. The schools were visited by many citizens and nothing but commendation of the work was expressed. Never has a new department in school work been so generally approved.

Some form of manual training is taught in all the schools of the county though only six districts, at the present time, avail themselves of the opportunity of the special state appropriation for this purpose. A number of districts could not well introduce manual training work which would pass State inspection because they cannot employ a special manual training teacher and the grade teachers at the present day are but poorly equipped for this work.

The people in the districts where manual training is taught appreciate its value both from an educational and practical standpoint and a number of the smaller districts are looking forward to the time when they can make a beginning. *The law making such courses permissory should be mandatory.* When a subject is known to be of so much interest and practical value the law should step in and make its teaching obligatory. By combining two or three smaller districts, a district large enough could be formed to support a special teacher. This, in my opinion, is the only feasible way to bring about an introduction of manual training in the smaller and rural school districts.

For the first time in Union county examinations were given in the sixth and seventh as well as in the eighth grades as heretofore. Tentative questions in the various subjects were prepared by committees of principals and a final selection was made at a principals' meeting with all county principals present. The results of the examinations showed that the uniformity which prevails in subject matter and method in the eighth grades is also characteristic of the other grades. Some changes will, no doubt, be necessary in the course of study to meet the varying demands of the districts and the ideals of the principals.

The examinations which were conducted under the supervision of the local principals showed that effective work had been done. There were comparatively few failures; 415 sixth grade, 296 seventh grade, and 261 eighth grade pupils passed.

It is gratifying to report that all our high schools are now on the approved list, and that all districts not maintaining such schools have arranged to have their pupils of this grade instructed in adjoining districts. The means of communication are such that high school instruction is within reach of all without inconvenience or loss of time. But few of the smaller inaccessible districts maintain high schools. The maintenance of such schools at the large centers of population reduces the total cost of high school instruction by doing away with the duplication of work.

Nothing is more gratifying to the county superintendent than the care and attention which is given to school buildings and other school property. No county surpasses Union in this particular. This, too, when the demands for increased accommodations involves such a large expenditure of money.

The rapid increase in the population of Union county has put unusual bur-

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dens upon the districts to provide adequate accommodation. Following is a record of what has been done or provided for by vote to increase school accommodations in three years. Clark voted a two-room school house to cost \$10,000, the only school in the township; Fanwood enlarged School No. 1 and installed a modern sanitary system; Garwood has bought a temporary school building; Linden is building a \$90,000 school house, spending a total of \$100,000 for the lot and building; New Providence borough built a \$17,000 school house; New Providence township has rented two buildings until such time as a central school can be built to accommodate all pupils; Roselle has built one school and voted another; Roselle Park built a \$75,000 school; Springfield enlarged School No. 1 by building an addition and a sanitary system; Union has built three schoolhouses; Westfield has built one and voted another. The three remaining districts have new buildings but Cranford and Kenilworth will have to provide additional accommodations in the near future.

The attitude of the citizens of the county towards the schools is such that the outlook educationally is promising indeed. They provide liberally for the maintenance of an efficient school system and are supporting Boards of Education nobly in their endeavors to provide educational opportunities of a high order for all.

The teachers and principals of the county are working harmoniously with Boards of Education and the county superintendent, and the coming year promises to be a successful one.

At the close of my first term as county superintendent I wish to express my appreciation of the assistance of the press, the city superintendents who have done such aggressive work and given so much support directly, and indirectly by maintaining high standards of education, and the State department of public instruction all members of which have been ever ready to assist by wise counsel and helpful suggestions along all lines of school work.

WARREN COUNTY.

F. T. ATWOOD, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR:—I herewith submit my annual report for the school year ending June 30th, 1910.

The statistical report which has been forwarded to you, shows a decided advance along all lines of school work.

In the rural districts of the county there are still a number of old-time school buildings, many of which the Boards of Education have repaired and made suitable for the needs of the pupils. Plans are being considered to make still further improvement in the school building and locations. The new two-room building at Allamuchy has been completed and is a credit to the township. The lot upon which the building stands was donated, and is one of the finest locations in the county. The people of Blairstown have voted

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money to build a two-room addition to the present building. Blairstown has added another teacher to the high school in order to fulfill the requirements for a three year course. The members of the Board of Education are making arrangements to establish a full four year high school at this place. It gives me great pleasure to report that all the pupils in this county are being provided with suitable accommodation by means of buildings or transportation. Oxford, Pohatcong and Blairstown are transporting children to schools in their own districts for which, of course, the State pays no part. It seems to me that when it is necessary for a school district, on account of its size, to furnish transportation for the pupils, they should receive a rebate of seventy-five per cent. from the State, the same as they would receive in transporting to another district.

There are six teachers' professional libraries located as follows: Belvidere, Blairstown, Hackettstown, Washington, Phillipsburg and Oxford. Not as many teachers as should take advantage of these libraries. Teachers' and principals' meetings are held during the year. There is a decided increase of normal and college graduates teaching in the schools. Nearly all the applicants for county certificates are graduates of approved high schools or the equivalent.

We have supervising principals in Pohatcong and Oxford. Washington township and Washington borough have united in employing a supervising principal. The appointment of supervising principal in Oxford is awaiting the decision of the State Board of Education.

There is a partial enforcement of the compulsory attendance law, all the larger towns and boroughs employing an attendance officer. Some of the rural districts have done something along this line, but there is a tendency on the part of Boards of Education to weakness when it becomes necessary to enforce the law.

The employment of medical inspectors has been general, although a large number of districts failed to elect a medical inspector until nearly the close of the school year. When the medical inspector has entered into the spirit of the law, and attended to his duties in an efficient, conscientious manner, the results have been most satisfactory. A feeling exists in the rural parts of the county, that after one thorough examination is made at the beginning of the school year, and the result registered on the cards, once every four weeks is a sufficient number of visits for the medical inspector to make.

All the districts are reserving from the teachers' salaries the percentage due the Teachers' Retirement Fund.

This year our first attempt has been made to do manual training, Phillipsburg and Washington having made a successful beginning. The work in manual training includes clay modeling, weaving, paper cutting, folding and tearing, sewing, basketry, raffia, sloyd and bench work in wood. About 85 per cent. of the pupils in Washington had instruction in manual training. A thorough four year business course, including stenography and typewriting, has been established in the Hackettstown high school. The city of Phillipsburg also has a four year business course.

A circular letter containing a program for Arbor and Bird Day was sent to each of the schools in the county, and the day was generally observed in

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a suitable manner. The rules of the State Board of Education in reference to saluting the flag have been generally observed.

I wish to state that I feel much gratified to report the spirit of harmony, enthusiasm and progress that is manifested in the schools of this county.

Reports of City Superintendents and Supervising Principals

Reports of City Superintendents and Supervising Principals

ASBURY PARK.

FRED S. SHEPHERD, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR:—The total enrollment of the schools of Asbury Park increased ninety-nine during the past year, reaching a total of 2,339, divided as follows:

High school	185	
Bond Street Elementary	726	(2 bldgs.)
Springwood Avenue for Colored Children	348	(2 bldgs.)
Prospect Avenue	450	
Bradley School	630	

2,339

Four years ago the city of Asbury Park annexed an adjoining portion of Neptune township, thereby more than doubling the population of Asbury Park. This threw upon the school accommodations of Asbury Park between five and six hundred pupils who could not be provided with seats. Previous to the time of annexation, a part of these pupils had been in short time classes in the Neptune township system of schools and a part had attended the Neptune township high school building. For two years, or until additional buildings could be provided in Asbury Park, practically all the elementary classes in the city were obliged to have four-hour sessions, two classes occupying one class room. September, 1908, a new 15-room building was opened on Third avenue and Pine street, called the Bradley school, and likewise a four room addition to the Prospect avenue school, or altogether, nineteen additional rooms were opened. These were not sufficient in number to accommodate all the elementary classes in the city, as was pointed out by me two years before would be the case. Several classes in three different school centres had still to content themselves with four-hour sessions and this condition has only become worse as time has passed. During the past year we have had fourteen classes in the city occupying seven class rooms. The same conditions will still prevail next year, and call loudly for activity on the part of the city toward the immediate erection of another school building. Attention has been repeatedly called to these conditions. Aside from the appointment last spring of a committee to look up available school sites in the city, nothing has been done in this direction, and so far

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as I can see now, nothing can be done before the next meeting of the Board of Estimate, nearly a year hence. Since the statistics of school enrollment in this city for the past four years show that the school population is growing at the rate of three class rooms per year, it is clear that before another school building can be erected in this city, and occupied, we shall have at least twenty classes suffering for lack of sufficient school accommodations. It is to be hoped that our school authorities will take steps immediately toward arousing the public sentiment to the need of another school building as soon as it can be erected.

It would be very strange if under such conditions of school accommodations as have existed in our city for the past four years, the attendance upon the schools should not become very much demoralized, both in the matter of regularity and punctuality. The year before the enlargement of the city, the percentage of attendance in the schools of Asbury Park was close to the highest, both for regularity and punctuality. During this past year the percentage of attendance (found by dividing the total number of days' attendance by the total possible number of days' attendance) was 86,037. In other words, the absence from school has been very much in excess of what it should be. The school authorities have repeatedly called the attention of the community to the great amount of absence from school and have endeavored faithfully and strenuously to enforce the compulsory education laws, using the police of the city as truant officers. The police department have co-operated willingly and faithfully with the school authorities, but it is impossible for them to give the time necessary to the strict and punctual enforcement of this law. I have therefore asked the Board of Education to provide a special truant officer on salary paid by the board, and they have taken the recommendation under favorable consideration. It will be done providing the means can be found. If such officer should succeed in cutting down the total amount of absence by one-third, the State moneys coming to this district through the increased days' attendance would pay his salary.

In addition to the demoralization necessarily resulting from the four-hour session and two classes in a class room, should be mentioned as a cause for excessive absence from the schools, the prevalence this past year, in this community, of contagious disease. This was well controlled by the careful co-operation of the Board of Health with the school authorities, and it was shown by a careful study of the situation independently, by both the Board of Health and the school authorities, that the disease was even more widely contracted out of the schools than in them. Notwithstanding this fact, the fears of parents kept many children out of school for weeks at a time.

It would be interesting and profitable, I think, to all school men in the State, if the State department would make a study of what constitutes tardiness in the various districts of the State. The writer is informed that the standards are widely different, that some are very high and exacting; others are very low and lax, and that there are many degrees between. This is mere heresay, however, and he has no positive evidence on which to base his statement. In the schools of Asbury Park, tardiness means, not in one's accustomed seat at the appointed hour for the opening of school, say, 8.45, no matter whether the child is in the building or not, or whether he is with-

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in ten feet of his seat. If he is not in his seat when the signal bells ring at a quarter of nine or at quarter after one he is tardy. I, for one, would be glad to know how generally, throughout the State, this may be the rule.

The classes which have been put upon four-hour time are largely the primary classes. The plan is to have one of the two classes occupying a class room come for two sessions of two hours each, or from 8.30 to 10.30 and from 12.30 to 2.30. The other class attends from 10.30 to 12.30 and from 2.30 to 4.30. There are no recesses and the teachers are supposed to work themselves and the children with all possible intensity. In the first grade, where the regular two sessions amount to four hours and a half only, we feel that there is little loss, if any, in the amount of work that can be done. Taking out the twenty minutes allowed for recesses, the time for actual work in the two regular sessions would be reduced anyway to four hours and ten minutes. It is the judgment of the teachers that by being able to work the children harder for the short two-hours session, they practically save the ten minutes loss of time suffered under the four-hour system. In the second grade, where the regular five-hour plan goes into effect, there is, of course, a distinct loss of at least twenty minutes of time each day. This loss of time is more seriously felt, of course, the farther the plan is carried up in the grades. The classes, therefore, which suffer most from the four-hour session are those above the first grade. It is probable that the first grades suffer little loss by this plan. It is more difficult, however, to maintain regularity and punctuality of attendance. 8.30 is rather an early hour for little children to report at school and 12.30 is a very inconvenient hour for parents.

I cannot say that any particular advance has been made in the past year in the standards of qualifications for teaching required, over those formerly held. The principle is followed that none but Normal School or college graduates shall be recommended for appointment in the schools of Asbury Park. In recent years, no appointments have been made excepting of teachers possessing such qualifications. Of the seventy-two teachers employed in Asbury Park, twenty-one are college graduates with the degree of B. A. or B. S. The nine high school teachers are without exception college graduates, some of them holding masters' and doctors' degrees. Ten college graduates are teaching in the elementary grades. Very nearly one-fifth of the elementary teachers are college graduates. In the selection of teachers, the scholarship qualifications are very strictly looked into before any recommendations of appointment are made. I am still strongly of the opinion that the Normal School courses are too short properly to fit teachers for all the responsibilities, especially of scholarship, now laid upon them in the elementary grades. It is with pleasure, therefore, that we hail the extension of the Trenton Normal School course to one of four years for those who are ambitious and able to take it, and trust that the time is not far distant when our Normal Schools generally, throughout the country, will require at least four years' training beyond the high school, for the profession of teaching.

Previous reports have made it known to your department that medical inspection obtains in all of the schools of Asbury Park, and has done so for years past. There cannot be the slightest doubt that it is of the greatest benefit to the community, especially in times of epidemic disease. It has served also to disclose to parents physical defects in their children that had

escaped the notice of the parents. It has made the teachers more observant of the physical welfare of the children, more watchful of conditions of health, and at the same time has given them knowledge of physical defects in the children that has enabled them the better to understand and help certain children.

The Teachers' Retirement Fund law has been strictly lived up to by the Board of Education of Asbury Park. The percentages due the Teachers' Retirement Fund have been regularly deducted from the teachers' salaries each month and every three months forwarded to the treasurer of the fund. Of the seventy-three teachers in the corps, including the supervising principal, forty-six are now members of this fund. Our public school library has more than doubled its circulation during the past year.

Volumes circulated, 1908-'09 4,711

Volumes circulated, 1909-'10 9,652

or an increase of 4,941 volumes. There were added to the library during the year 540 volumes by purchase and 254 volumes by gift. The volumes added by gift were placed in the teachers' library through the superintendent of schools, who turns over to said division of the library the volumes received for examination from the publishers. These, when properly catalogued, become available to all the teachers of the city, for use in their class rooms. In two school centres the circulation of books this past year more than tripled the circulation of the year before. Deducting the fifty-five books that were destroyed on account of contagious disease or were lost, the total number of volumes in the public school library of Asbury Park is 4,067.

In closing this rather meagre report for the year, I would like to raise the question whether it is not possible to lessen the duplication of reports at the end of the year, that are made to your department and to the county superintendent. At present there is considerable duplication of items and a complete duplication of some reports. Is this necessary?

ATLANTIC CITY.

CHAS. B. BOYER, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR:—I would herewith submit the written report of the condition of the public schools of the city of Atlantic City for the school year ending June 30, 1910.

The school buildings in our district are all of a modern type. They are well heated and ventilated and are seated with single adjustable desks. The sanitary conditions of all the buildings are good. There are at the present time ten buildings in actual use and two others in the course of erection. One building, designated as the Central Grammar School and located on South Ohio avenue, will be ready for use by September 1, 1910. This building is modern in its equipment, fireproof in its construction and will add a

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most valuable acquisition to school facilities for this city. This school is intended for pupils of the seventh and eighth grades. It has in it a gymnasium, domestic science room, seventeen regular class rooms, offices, teachers' rooms and lunch room. The cost of said building, including equipment and cost of land will aggregate about \$230,000.

The building at Richmond and Windsor avenue, now in the course of erection, will cost about \$80,000. This building is intended for primary and grammar school work and should be ready for occupancy not later than February 1, 1911. It has fifteen class rooms, an auditorium, manual training room and domestic science room. It has all of the best and most up-to-date appliances for heating, ventilating and sanitation.

Our supervision has been very good. Special teachers in all lines of work have been doing most efficient and effective work. The teachers themselves have shown a professional spirit and have taken advantage of the opportunities offered them during the year for self-improvement.

Last May the Board of Education adopted a regular teachers' salary schedule, making the minimum in the grades \$600 and the maximum, \$1,000, the annual increase being \$50 per year.

Free public lecture courses, eighteen lectures in all, were provided by the Board of Education for the past year. These lectures were well attended and were helpful to teachers and the general public.

The compulsory attendance law was generally enforced, and while there were a large number of absentees, I find that the absence was due in a large measure to indifference on the part of parents. The truant officers worked hard, and practically speaking, have enforced the compulsory attendance law most effectively.

Two medical inspectors were employed at a salary of \$700 each per year. These inspectors were obliged to make daily visitations to the schools of their respective districts. For the coming school year an additional inspector and also a trained nurse will be added to the force.

The provisions of the Teachers' Retirement Fund were enforced. Monthly deductions were regularly made and quarterly reports submitted to the State Treasurer.

Our manual training department, consisting of woodwork, sewing, drawing, reed and raffia work, was in charge of experienced teachers and the results obtained from the same were satisfactory. For the betterment of the work, it will be necessary for the board, in the very near future, to place all of our industrial education in charge of a director for this department; said person must have charge of all lines of work and direct it in such a way that we may have unity, symmetry and proper correlation.

Our evening schools were well attended and were kept open for a period of sixty-four evenings. The attendance was very good especially among foreign nationalities and the colored people.

Proper observance was made of Arbor Day exercises and other patriotic days. The rules prescribed by the State department in reference to National and State holidays were faithfully observed.

The school year throughout was a pleasant one and teachers manifested a remarkable interest in their work and assisted materially in raising the standard of the school system of this city.

The members of the Board of Education took a keen interest in all matters pertaining to the welfare of our schools. They exercised a wise and careful policy in the distribution of school moneys.

Our system is well organized. The work from the kindergarten to the high school is closely co-ordinated and correlated and every possible effort is made to assist the children in their various lines of work.

We maintained two classes for special and defective pupils. These classes were attended by some twenty-five or thirty pupils and the work done by them was remarkable as well as satisfactory. The progress especially in work relating to hand work was most excellent. We need another room for a special class and also a room for delinquent boys. Next year we shall establish a room for this purpose.

With the completion of the new buildings, now in the course of erection, it will be necessary, by September, 1910, to increase the teaching force to at least 205 teachers. Our increase in enrollment has been marked during the past years and promises to be still greater for the coming school year.

Through the efforts of the Mothers' Congress, meetings for parents and teachers were held at all school buildings and were well attended. They proved to be most helpful and inspiring to teachers and patrons of the school. The establishment of a school and home organization seems possible at this time.

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JOHN W. CARR, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR:—Below is given a brief statement of the conditions of the public schools of this city and their progress during the school year.

The completion of the new high school building, corner of Thirty-first street and the Boulevard, marks a new era in the history of the Bayonne public schools. Ground was broken for this building March 17, 1909 and the building was dedicated May 16, 1910. It is a fireproof building constructed of reinforced concrete with brick veneer. It is well arranged, well lighted and the heating and ventilation are modern in every particular. It contains a beautiful auditorium, a gymnasium, a large library room and thirty-three class rooms in addition to lunch room, teachers' rooms, office and supply rooms.

The furniture, fixtures and equipment are as good as can be found in any school. There are well equipped laboratories for physics, chemistry and biology. Special rooms have been equipped for teaching drawing, book-keeping, typewriting, joinery, woodturning and domestic art. A room has been designed for domestic science but it has not yet been equipped. An itemized statement of the cost of building, equipment and ground cannot be given at this time, as some parts are not yet entirely finished. The approximate cost is \$300,000.

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In addition to the completion of the high school building, the following additions and changes to buildings and grounds have been made during the current school year. On the whole the buildings are in fairly good repair and a reasonable outlay for repairs each year will keep them so.

1. Four new school rooms were added to No. 3 School. This building now contains twenty-two school rooms and an auditorium. It is one of the largest and best in the city.

2. Fire escapes were placed on No. 3 and No. 6. Each elementary school has outside fire escapes except Nos. 1, 2, 4, and 5. These are two story buildings and have extra fire exits.

3. Extensive repairs in the way of repainting and cleaning desks were made at No. 5 and No. 7.

4. Additions were either purchased or condemnation proceedings begun for the enlargement of the school grounds at No. 1, No. 3, No. 6 and high school. Additional ground was also purchased for the school site on West Twenty-third street.

5. Contracts were awarded for the erection of two large elementary schools—No. 11, a reinforced concrete building containing 27 class rooms and an auditorium; and No. 12, a brick building containing 24 class rooms and an auditorium.

At present the schools are greatly crowded and will continue to be so until the two new buildings under construction, are completed. It will be necessary to use each assembly room for class room purposes and to have some part-time classes. It will not be necessary to use any annexes with one or two exceptions.

It is the policy of the board to provide ample play grounds at each school. Where the grounds are small, they are being enlarged. These grounds are now used by the children only when school is in session, but as soon as proper supervision can be provided, it is the intention to make them play and recreation centers during the summer vacation.

A considerable number of the principals and teachers of this city has taken academic and professional courses at Columbia and the University of New York City. The Board of Education has encouraged the teachers to take such courses.

Under the auspices of the Teachers' Association, a course of professional lectures was given by Dr. Thomas Balliet and Dr. Henry Suzzallo. Numerous teachers' meetings were held by the superintendent, supervisors and principals for the discussion of professional subjects.

The standard of qualifications of teachers was raised as follows:

1. An applicant must have taught two years successfully in order to be eligible to appointment in the high school. The manual already provided that an applicant must be a college graduate with the degree of A. B. or B. S.

2. All teachers who are not graduates of a college, a State Normal School or an approved training school must have taught two years successfully before they are eligible for appointment in the kindergartens or elementary schools.

3. Each graduate of a college, Normal School or approved training school must substitute for at least fifty days and make an average of at least 75 per

cent. in instruction and discipline before she is eligible to appointment in the kindergartens or elementary schools.

The supervisory force consists of a superintendent of schools, a principal and vice principal of each school, and one supervisor of music, one of drawing, one of domestic science and one of domestic art. Each principal is provided with a clerk to assist him in his clerical work, so that he can devote considerable time to supervision. Some of the vice principals have charge of classes, others devote their time to the supervision of the primary work in their respective schools. Each special teacher has some teaching to do in addition to supervising a department.

During the year there have been several changes in the supervisory force and one special supervisor added to the corps—that of domestic science. Changes were made in the superintendent, three principals of elementary schools and the supervisor of drawing.

A persistent effort has been made to enforce the compulsory attendance law. An efficient attendance officer has been engaged during the entire year. The board has given consideration to some feature of the law at almost every session. Excuses from school attendance have been granted only in accordance with the provision of the law. No pupil under fourteen has been excused from school attendance unless for physical or mental inability. A considerable number of applications of pupils between the ages of fourteen and seventeen were refused because, it was not absolutely necessary for the children to go to work to support themselves. There were 272 pupils excused during the year in accordance with the provisions of the law. Twenty-one parents and forty-nine children were prosecuted and convicted. In each case the person convicted was paroled on condition that there would be no further violation of the law.

The change in the law has increased the work of the attendance department to such an extent that it will necessitate the appointment of an additional attendance officer in this city.

While there has been no great outcry against the enforcement of the new attendance law, yet I think there are some modifications of the law which are desirable.

1. Boards of Education should have greater discretionary powers. There are many cases where pupils should be excused from school attendance, yet they cannot be under the present law.

2. Pupils who have not reached a certain grade should be required to attend a continuation school for a part of each week. As it now is, there are pupils being excused who are only in the third and fourth grades. Our board has granted many excuses on condition of night school attendance.

3. If the pupil has completed the sixth grade and is fifteen years old he should be allowed to withdraw to go to work upon making proper application to the Board of Education. This would cause many pupils to strive to reach a higher grade, who otherwise do very little during the last years they attend school.

4. The attendance law and the labor law should be in harmony.

A competent medical inspector was appointed in this city as soon as the law requiring medical inspection went into effect. The Board of Education prescribed rules and regulations for the department in accordance with the

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law. The medical inspector has visited the different schools regularly, and has had special oversight of the health of the children and the sanitary conditions of the schools. So far the law has not been complied with relative to weighing, measuring and making a physical and health record of each child, but the necessary blanks have been prepared and that work will be begun during the next school year.

As I was not superintendent of the schools of this city prior to the appointment of a medical inspector, I cannot state definitely the changes that were brought about by the medical inspector. During the year drinking fountains have been installed in several of the schools, and the sanitary conditions improved otherwise. There has been no epidemic of contagious diseases, and principals, teachers and parents seem to be better satisfied relative to the care of the health of the children since the employment of a medical inspector.

Deductions have been made regularly from teachers' salaries in accordance with law on account of the Teachers' Retirement Fund. Every effort has been made to carry out the letter and the spirit of this law.

Manual training was introduced into the schools of this city several years ago. The course of study in brief is as follows:

1. Sewing for all girls in the elementary schools 3A-8B grades. This is under special teachers.

2. Course in dressmaking and millinery in the high school. This is elective.

3. Course in cooking for the girls of the 7A-8B grades. This was provided during the current year.

4. Course for boys in raffia, basketry and card work, 3A-5B grades. The special teachers outline this course and supervise it, but the instruction is usually given by the regular class teachers.

5. Course in sloyd for boys of the 6A and 6B grades. This is supervised by the special teachers but the instruction is usually given by the regular class teacher.

6. A course in bench wood work for boys in the 7A-8B grades. This is given at two different centers under special teachers.

7. A course in joinery, mechanical drawing and wood turning for boys in the high school. This course is elective and is under a special teacher.

During the year, a cooking center was established at the Lincoln School and all the girls of the 7A-8B grades given a lesson once in two weeks. So popular has the work been that no compulsory rules of attendance have been necessary. It is planned to establish other centers for the convenience of the grade pupils and to provide a suitable course in domestic science for the girls of the high school.

The equipment for cooking, sewing and wood work is good in the centers established. What is needed is a large number of centers so that more pupils can be accommodated without traveling too great a distance.

The special teaching force consists of the following:

1. A supervisor of domestic art and nine special teachers—one for each elementary school. The supervisor teaches the classes at the high school.

2. Two special teachers of manual training (wood work) for boys. There should be three teachers in this department next year.

3. A supervisor of domestic science. So far this supervisor has devoted

all of her time to teaching and formulating a suitable course of study. Other teachers will be employed as the work of this department expands.

A technical evening school was established in this city four years ago. This school offers instruction in joinery, wood-turning, mechanical and architectural drawing, millinery, dressmaking, typewriting, bookkeeping, stenography and mathematics.

There were about 300 pupils enrolled, all of whom work in offices, shops and factories during the day. The interest was great, and the corps of instructors efficient. The quarters, however, were inadequate as the school was conducted in the old high school building. Next year the school will be conducted in the new high school building and the enrollment and attendance will doubtlessly be greatly increased.

It is the intention to extend the work at an early date by offering courses in cooking, chemistry, pattern-making. If there is demand for instruction in other trades, suitable teachers will be provided.

VOCATIONAL DAY SCHOOL.

In my annual report to the Board of Education, I urge the consideration of the establishment of an industrial or vocational day school in this city. An extract from that report follows:

"The argument that the champions of industrial education advance is that many pupils are not suited by nature for any profession, but that they would be useful members of society if properly trained industrially. The apprentice system, they say, has broken down, and if the United States is to keep pace with the most progressive nations, the public schools must provide suitable industrial training for the youth. National labor organizations, manufacturing associations, several State legislatures and the National Educational Association have taken action on this subject. In my opinion it is now time for this board to give serious consideration to it also.

Bayonne is at the very gateway of the nation. Its location is almost ideal for a great manufacturing city. The large number of retarded pupils in the lower and intermediate grades who are over fourteen years of age shows the necessity of modifying our course of study. More than three hundred of these children have come before the Board of Education and begged to be allowed to go to work. But none of them have been trained for any sort of industrial life. Many of them would doubtlessly remain in school if they could receive the kind of education which would fit them for their life work. I, therefore, recommend that a special report on industrial education be prepared and submitted to this board not later than April 1, 1911."

Arbor Day was observed by appropriate exercises being held in the schools. Only at one school were trees planted, it being the policy of the board to have trees planted with greater care than is usually possible by children on Arbor Day.

The flag is saluted daily and this is one of the beautiful and impressive exercises of the day. Foreign children especially take part with great enthusiasm. Appropriate exercises on Flag Day were held in the schools of the city. A public Flag Day meeting under the auspices of the Elks was held

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in the evening at the high school, in which more than 200 pupils and several teachers took part in these exercises.

A special effort has been made to bring the schools and the city library into closer relationship and to make each more helpful to the other. Several conferences on this subject have been held with the librarian and the library board. The result is that the librarian and her assistants have rendered several distinct services to the schools of which the following are important.

1. They prepared a list of books found in the city library containing the literary selections referred to in the course of study.

2. They prepared also a list of library books suitable for the pupils of the different grades to read. These books are classified as history, biography, geography, travel, science, fiction, etc. This is a very valuable list and by using it, teachers will be able to direct the reading of their pupils much better than heretofore. The above lists have been duplicated and a copy given to each teacher.

3. Several consignments of books have been loaned to Schools No. 3 and No. 5. Under the direction of principals and teachers, several hundred volumes were read by the pupils during the current year.

4. The city librarian helped classify the books in the library at School No. 3 and gave specific instruction as to the best way to use a school library.

5. On two weeks' notice being given, a list of all the books and references found in the library bearing on any given subject will be prepared for use of the schools. This is of great assistance in making preparation for any special occasion or the investigation of any special subject.

During the year the rules of the board have been revised and printed. The most important changes were the addition of rules relative to medical inspection, truancy, evening schools, substitute teachers and the revision of the salary schedule of teachers. The maximum and minimum salaries of all principals, supervisors and teachers were increased.

SALARY SCHEDULE.

The new salary schedule follows:

Grades.	Minimum.	Maximum.	Yearly Increase.
Primary teachers	\$600	\$950	\$40
Grammar (female)	600	950	40
Grammar (male)	700	1,300	50
Vice-Principals	900	1,200	60
Principals	1,700	2,400	100
Special teachers (female).....	600	950	40
Special teachers (male).....	900	1,500	60
High School.			
Female teachers	700	1,300	60
Male teachers	1,000	1,800	100
Principals	1,900	3,000	150
Female Head Assistant High School..	700	1,400	60
Male Vice-Principal High School....	1,000	2,200	100
Superintendent of Schools.....	3,000	5,000	....
Medical Inspector	1,000	2,000	....
Female Supervisors	900	1,500	60
Male Supervisors	1,400	1,600	60

SCHOOL REPORT.

BLOOMFIELD.

GEORGE MORRIS, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR:—In accordance with your request, I am submitting herewith a brief report on the work of the school year ending June 30, 1910.

Since the year 1907, when the reports of the city superintendents were last printed in the annual report of the State superintendent, steady progress has been made in the matter of providing additional class rooms. During the year 1908 a six-room addition to the Brookside School was completed, in 1909 an eight-room addition to the Berkeley School was completed, and when school opens in September we shall have a new eight-room building ready for the pupils of the Brookdale School. The new building at Brookdale has been placed on a lot containing four acres of ground thus providing ample space for playgrounds, school gardens, etc. The playgrounds of the Fairview, Center and Watsessing Schools have also been enlarged by the purchase of additional land.

Perhaps the most important recent event along this line is the matter of the provision made for a new high school building. The first step was taken about a year ago when an appropriation of \$16,000 was unanimously voted by the Board of School Estimate for the purchase of a plot of ground on which a new building could be erected. This proposition met with the unanimous approval of the members of the town council and the purchase was duly made.

In January of the present year a systematic study of plans for a new building was begun by the members of the Board of Education and the superintendent. After visiting several up-to-date high school buildings and conferring with several of the best architects in this section of the country, one of whom was finally chosen to take charge of the work, a plan was adopted and the Board of School Estimate asked for \$180,000. Unanimity again characterized the action of that body and when the matter was referred to the town council, the action of the Board of School Estimate was ratified without a dissenting vote, thus showing the appreciation of the need of a new building by both these bodies, as well as their liberality and breadth of view.

Bids are now being received for the construction of the building and it is expected that ground will be broken in a few weeks.

The town council has also rendered us valuable assistance in carrying out the provisions of the compulsory education law by the appointment of a special officer to look after this very important matter and he has prosecuted the duties of his office with a zeal and vigor that have done much towards helping to solve this vexing problem. He has not only looked after the cases referred to him by the principals, but has adopted the practice of challenging each boy and girl of legal school age, found on the street during school hours and asking for an explanation for the absence from school.

Fire drills have been held regularly and tests made by one of the mem-

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bers of the board show that each building can be emptied in less than two minutes.

In the selection of teachers, we have reached a point where it has been deemed advisable to require experience as a qualification for candidates seeking a position in our schools. This is in addition to the requirements of graduation from either a normal school or college previously adopted. As a result the efficiency of our corps of teachers has been increased and we are able to accomplish better results. It is hardly necessary to add that the increased requirements have called for some corresponding increases in salaries.

We have endeavored to co-operate fully with the officials of the Teachers' Retirement Fund in carrying out the various provisions of the law passed in 1907, and there has been a large increase within the past three years in the amount paid the State treasurer for the benefit of the fund.

The course in drawing and manual training has been extended and enriched and the quality of the work done has been somewhat improved. Arrangements have been made whereby each school will have a well-equipped shop when school opens in the fall and we will then be able to add much to the interest of the seventh and eighth grade boys in shop work.

The evening school has increased greatly in enrollment and attendance. Courses in shopwork, sewing, cooking, mechanical drawing, chemistry and electricity are important features of the work and that we are succeeding in making these courses practical is proven by the number of students interested in them and by assurances received from some of them that they are getting something that they can take to the shop and use.

A scheme of grouping pupils in accordance with their ability has been tried in the first year class in the high school and has worked very satisfactorily. If conditions permit it will be continued and extended during the coming year.

BORDENTOWN.

H. V. HOLLOWAY, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR:—Pursuant to your request under date of June 15, 1910, I beg to make the following observations in regard to the conditions of the public schools of the city of Bordentown for the year ending June 30, 1910:

I began my work as city superintendent on the fourth of April, 1910. For three months the administrative affairs of the schools had been in charge of Miss Georgie W. Foster, the ranking teacher of the high school, whose time had to be devoted for the most part to her classes. Thanks to her wise, though necessary limited supervision, and the hearty co-operation of an able corps of teachers, the affairs of the school were found to be in very good shape. The general good order on my arrival was everywhere apparent.

SCHOOL REPORT.

I immediately set to work at familiarizing myself with the conditions. A "Plans" blank filled out at the beginning of each week by the teachers and sent to my office served the double purpose of emphasizing the necessity for planning for her work on the part of the teacher and of furnishing me with an easy means of keeping informed as to its scope.

My office work for the remainder of the year consisted for the most part in preparing blanks on which to keep permanent records of the various school activities.

We began the more stringent enforcement of the compulsory attendance act by putting a new attendance officer at work.

In our weekly teachers' meetings I tried to lay down clearly my idea of the position of the superintendent in a school system and to explain the mutual relations that should exist in every well-regulated school between teachers and supervisor. A number of meetings were devoted to the subject of grading and it was decided that an interval of a half-year between classes would serve the purpose of the pupils better than the year interval. The plan was adopted by the Board of Education for the grades and is now in force. There are many things that can be said in favor of the semi-annual readjustment of classification for a system that enrolls some seven hundred pupils during the year, not the least being that it makes promotion from time to time easier.

A new course of study for the high school was prepared and adopted by the board. It consisted of two courses, a Latin-Scientific and a general course. A commercial course was strongly recommended, but financial reasons prevented its adoption. Some of the distinguishing characteristics of the courses are as follows: Their identity in the first year, thus putting off the necessity for a choice of a course on the part of the pupil until he has gotten adjusted to the work of the high school; the requirement of Latin for this year for all pupils, to furnish a more intelligent basis for the acquisition of vocabulary and a background against which to project the grammar of our own language; a four years' course in history, in which ancient history in the first year and American history and civics in the fourth year are required of all pupils; algebra in the first two years and advanced algebra in the fourth; the addition of trigonometry; and the requirement of a minimum of 88 hours for graduation, omitting the distinction between prepared and unprepared recitations.

Our medical inspection, any medical inspection, not accompanied by a follow up system, which is impersonated in the school nurse, does not accomplish what should be accomplished in the way of properly attending to the defects from which certain of our children are suffering. In a great many cases, might I say the majority of cases, in which parents are notified of the physical defects of their children remedial action comes but tardily or not at all. To know that there are ten cases of adenoids in your school is of some value, but to get the parents to have them removed is of far more importance; to know that this boy or that girl is suffering from insufficient nourishment as a result of bad teeth is a good thing, but it is of little value to the child if remedial measures are not brought to bear on the defect. Much of the time that is now spent by the school physician in weighing and measuring the child might be saved—should be saved—for more important observations. In five lessons any teacher of average ability can be taught to examine the eyes

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and ears of a child and to discover cases suspected of abnormality. These things do not require the highly specialized skill of a physician. The majority of the children are normal, and require little attention, possibly no more than can be given by the intelligent teacher in consultation with the medical inspector and the school nurse. A plan in which only abnormal cases are brought to the attention of the medical authorities would save their time and enable them to concentrate their attention upon the cases which needed their attention, and in the end, I believe would be productive of better results. The doctor for consultation and the nurse to see that his recommendations are carried out, must with the above modifications, be the scheme that will finally work out our salvation in the problem of medical inspection.

The scheme of compulsory school attendance is much at fault in some places. Children of school age have applied for admission to our schools from time to time months after the schools have been in session—children of whose existence in the district we had no means of finding out. Only the other day a boy of eleven years of age who had never attended school applied for admission. The existence of the private school complicates the matter to some extent. It seems to me that a yearly school census, made possibly in connection with the annual property assessment, and designating the school to which the pupil should be sent, would be productive of better results. Laws unenforced breed contempt for law.

I regret that my short connection with the schools makes it impossible for me to consider more at length the conditions. There was opened during the year a night school for the first time, which ran through the legal term, and which I believe was of much benefit to those who attended. Experience gained in this by the day teachers, however, proved that they could not teach both day and night and do justice to their work, therefore the plan has been temporarily abandoned for lack of teachers.

A kindergarten and reception grade was added to the course last year, necessitated by the great number of children who could not be accommodated in No. 1 School. This grade meets in the basement of the First M. E. Church and is in charge of two teachers, a grade teacher and an experienced kindergartner.

The prospects for the year in progress are good. Teachers for the most part are working under new conditions, however, and readjustment to these may mar in some measure our expectations.

SCHOOL REPORT.

BRIDGETON.

H. J. NEAL, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR:—The six school buildings in the city of Bridgeton are all built of brick and are in good sanitary condition. Four of them are connected with the city sewer system and have indoor toilet rooms of a modern design. The other two have outdoor toilets which are kept in a satisfactory condition. One building has no interior system of ventilation but by using window-boards throughout, the air is kept in good condition at nearly all times. All buildings are properly provided with fire-escapes.

Early in the school year the Board of Education made an examination of the South Jersey Institute building with a view to its purchase for high school purposes. The proposition appeared at first sight to offer an easy solution of the question how to restore to our grade children the Bank street building, which has been taken from them to provide for our continually increasing high school. To the regret of all it was found that the Institute building could not be converted into a high school for a sum much less than would be required to erect a new building. The question of a new high school is still before us.

During the year the board took up the matter of irregular attendance. We found an unusually large number of children out of school because of parental indifference. A woman was appointed as attendance officer with the legal powers of a truant officer. The plan worked well. The attendance officer came into direct and sympathetic touch with the homes and in many instances was treated as a friend of the family. With only one case was it necessary to take drastic measures. The persistent truant is not the hard problem. It is the irregular attendant who has the sympathy of his otherwise indifferent parent.

Medical inspection was not instituted in our schools during the year because of no appropriation for that purpose. The board has provided for this item in the budget for the coming year and this provision of the law will be carried out.

The percentages due the Teachers' Retirement Fund have been deducted from the salaries in our city and reserved as provided by law.

There were graduated from the high school at the close of the year 49 pupils; as follows, 30 from the classical course; 4 from the general course; and 15 from the vocational course. The graduates were addressed by the Hon. William Gray Schauffler of the State Board of Education, and the diplomas presented by Dr. John H. Moore, president of the Bridgeton Board of Education.

For the enrollment, attendance, etc., of the Bridgeton school I would respectfully refer you to the statistics forwarded to your office at the close of the school year.

CAMDEN.

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CAMDEN.

JAMES E. BRYAN, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR:—We have given much attention to the cost of education in this city during the current year and we herewith submit some data concerning the same.

The comparisons that we shall make are based upon the period from 1902 to 1910, as this is the period for which we have most accurate data concerning enrollment, attendance and expenditures.

During this period, the greatest increase in the cost of almost every commercial commodity has been experienced that has occurred for many years, and the cost of labor has not ceased to advance from one high point to another still higher.

Every form of building construction, improvement and repair has increased in cost very much. Nearly all supplies have advanced in price. Teachers' salaries and janitors' salaries have advanced of necessity.

A further consideration is found in the condition of the school property and supplies. In 1902, the buildings were in a dilapidated condition, lacking paint inside and out, the heating plants were old and inadequate, the toilets were shockingly unsanitary, the yards were unpaved and muddy in wet weather, the supplies were insufficient in quantity, several buildings had unsafe stairways and others lacked fire-escapes, and the buildings were nearly all seated with the old double non-adjustable desks.

The buildings have all been put into as good condition as possible without rebuilding them entirely and are now kept in good repair from year to year. They have been made safe, as far as safety can be assured without rebuilding. All doors and exits have been carefully rearranged to insure safety. Fire-escapes have been built where needed.

Supplies are furnished in adequate quantities without extravagance. The heating plants are all capable of efficient service, and ventilation has been provided—in the new buildings, as good as engineering science has devised; in the old buildings, as good as conditions permit, though yet inadequate. The toilets are all modern and sanitary.

A total change in the whole material plant of the schools has been brought about.

And further, and perhaps chiefly, from the standpoint of expenditures, the teachers' salaries have been twice readjusted and increased in this period.

The total amount available for school purposes has increased from \$278,365 in 1902 to \$451,000 in 1910, an increase of 62 per cent. The amount expended for teachers' salaries has increased from \$173,756 in 1902 to \$306,100 in 1910, an increase of 76 per cent. In 1902, the teachers were paid 62 per cent. of the whole amount of the expenditures; in 1910, they were paid 68 per cent. of the total expenditures.

The permanent improvements named above were provided for in large

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part by bond issues, but the minor improvements and repairs that have continued to be made from year to year have been provided for from current receipts.

That much of this improvement and a large part of the increase in teachers' salaries have been made possible by the increase in the amounts received from State apportionments is shown by the fact that in 1902, when the total amount available was \$278,365, the amount received from the city was \$179,791 or 64 per cent. of the whole, while in 1910, when the total amount available was \$451,000, the amount received from the city was \$234,279.61, or 52 per cent. of the whole. So that while the expenditures (receipts and expenditures are practically the same) have increased 62 per cent. in this period, the amount provided directly by the city has increased only 52 per cent.

For the school year 1901-02 the amount appropriated by the city for education (exclusive of special school (poll) tax) according to the tax bills of 1901, was \$175,000, which was 21.2 per cent. of the whole amount of the city tax.

For the school year 1909-10, the amount appropriated, according to the tax bills of 1909, was \$227,110, which was 19 per cent. of the whole amount of the city tax. The proportion of the city tax spent for education thus seems to have decreased more than one per cent. in that period.

It will be found also that the city appropriation for education has not increased more rapidly, in fact has increased less rapidly, than the appropriations for other branches of the city government in which a large proportion of the expenditure is for salaries.

EAST ORANGE.

VERNON L. DAVEY, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR:—In accordance with the former custom, I submit herewith a brief report of the operation of our school system for the school-year just ended.

The continued rapid growth of East Orange has made it necessary to provide additional school rooms and to acquire land for the erection of buildings in the near future.

The Lincoln School, which was opened in September, 1908, relieved the crowded condition of the Eastern and Nassau schools, but the latter was almost immediately refilled and was therefore enlarged during the summer of 1909 by the addition of three rooms, two of which were occupied in September, 1909. The third will be filled in September, 1910. This building was erected in 1898 as a twelve room building, so arranged as to permit two enlargements without detracting from its architectural beauty.

All our new buildings are planned in this fashion.

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The Elmwood and Franklin Schools are now filled to their legitimate capacity, and it is the present intention of the Board of Education to place a portable one-room building on the grounds of each of these schools to relieve the pressure. A large lot has, meantime, been purchased in each of these localities, and it is expected that buildings will soon be erected on each of these.

The crowded condition of the high school has been a source of anxiety for several years. This serious question has now been disposed of by the purchase of land extending from the present high school lot back to the next street and the breaking of ground for the erection thereon of a large building to be connected by a wing with the present building. The total cost of the addition including the land will be about \$300,000. The entire plant will accommodate twelve hundred pupils, though the interior of certain parts will not be finished at present.

The registration of the high school during the past year reached seven hundred and twelve, and is at present increasing at the rate of forty or fifty per annum.

The committee on real estate and equipment has kept the buildings in excellent condition in every detail. Safety "panic bolts" have been placed on all outside doors thus guaranteeing against any possibility of the penning in of a mass of pupils in case of a rush for the exits because of an alarm of fire.

A portable, electric, vacuum cleaner has been provided for use on the rugs and carpets in the various schools.

During the past year paper towels have been used successfully in several schools. These are of tissue paper, 12 by 18 inches in size, and are purchased at a cost of about thirty-three cents a thousand. Their use, in my opinion, constitutes a distinct advance along sanitary lines.

The grammar schools in June, 1909, graduated 254 pupils. Of these 200, or 78.7 per cent., entered the high school the following September. The graduating class of the high school in June, 1909, numbered 64, in June, 1910, 79.

In former years a very small proportion of the high school graduates entered the State Normal School, but the proximity of the Montclair School has materially changed this and the number is now relatively large.

The work in manual training has been somewhat extended and improved, but there has been no motion toward the establishment of a full and complete course in the high school or for special pupils in the highest grades of the grammar schools. In my opinion, no city of the size and character of East Orange can afford to maintain such a school of high grade and with a varied curriculum, but I should be glad if it were possible for the Oranges, with a total population of approximately ninety thousand, to unite in establishing and maintaining a school of this character.

In one of our schools there was established some years ago a special class of about twenty pupils who were much too old for the grades in which they belonged. Many of these children progress slowly, and their work has therefore been confined to the elements of the three Rs. A half dozen carpenter's benches have now been placed in this room and the boys are given an hour a day of instruction in some form of wood work or chair caning. The girls are each given materials and are taught to make garments for their own use.

The general educational work has been along the usual lines, with few modifications of importance.

The employment of a supervisor of penmanship during a portion of each week was found to produce valuable results, and the supervisor was last year engaged jointly by East Orange and Orange, each having the benefit of her services during half of every week.

In arithmetic, as heretofore, much attention is paid to oral or mental arithmetic, and the final examinations contain special tests in this line.

Much interest was created during the past year by a spelling contest, announced in January, 1910, and held the following May. Every grade, from fourth to eighth, participated. No special drill of individuals was permitted. The method adopted was such as to touch equally every pupil in every class. The result was highly satisfactory. In an unexpected way the contest tended to accent the special ability or lack of ability on the part of teachers to get results by proper and legitimate means.

In accordance with the law, three medical inspectors were appointed in January, 1910, and have, since then, followed a program of regular visitation and inspection.

ELIZABETH.

RICHARD E. CLEMENT, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR:—In response to your circular letter of June 15, 1910, I submit the following report concerning the public schools of Elizabeth:

All buildings used for school purposes are in excellent condition, although those used for the high school are inadequate and unfit for high school work. The lighting of some of the older buildings has been greatly improved by the substitution of prism glass for ordinary window glass, and the installation of electric lights for use on very dark or stormy days.

Fountains for supplying drinking water for the children have replaced the old unsanitary and dangerous cups.

Fire escapes, consisting of outside iron stairways, not ladders, have been placed on buildings 1, 2, 4, 5, 8 and 9. While some of these buildings are of two stories only, outside stairs were provided in order to render it easy for all children to reach the ground in the shortest possible time. In some of the buildings we have provided for dismissal from each class room on the first floor direct to the ground from the class room. To do this, we cut down a window to form a door in each room placing a short flight of steps from the door thus formed to the ground. This enables us to dismiss several hundred children of the first and second grades without its being necessary for them to enter the hallway, passing under the immediate control of their teacher directly to the school grounds. We thus reduce very materially the number of children who must use the halls and regular stairways, and

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minimize the possibility of a panic. Of course there is more to be feared from panic than from fire.

The heating and ventilation of our buildings has been improved, notably in School No. 4, Cherry street, where a \$9,000 heating and ventilating plant is now being installed. The heating is to be by steam with a fan system of ventilation. This plant is replacing the old steam and gravity system formerly used in this school.

We are now using only single seats and desks, the last of the old double desks having been displaced within a year.

February 1st, 1908, we opened new Primary School No. 11, with ten class rooms, all of which were immediately filled to capacity, 465.

September 13th, 1909, we opened new Grammar School No. 3 with twenty class rooms, and this building, capacity 900 pupils, was immediately filled to overflowing by the children of the district.

There is immediate and pressing need for additions to our Schools 6 and 7, and a new twelve-room building for elementary grade pupils. The need for a new high school is imperative, and our Board of Education is now considering plans for a new building, having received thirteen sets of plans for such a structure.

Our city government is committed to the policy of increasing school accommodations, and there seems good reason to believe that the new high school will be erected within a reasonable time, and additional elementary school buildings provided.

During the past three years there has been a steady reduction of the number of pupils on half time attendance. This has been due to the erection of new buildings, and to the transfer of children from one district to another to insure the use of all available sittings.

In August of 1907 our Board of Education provided for the complete reorganization of our City Normal and Training School, elected Doctor William F. Robinson as its principal, and employed as instructors, teachers of experience in a first-class State normal school. Probably no action ever taken by our local board resulted in greater good to our city schools. Our reorganized Normal School has now graduated three classes with a total of forty-two, and these young women have demonstrated in the class room the value of the training received in the Normal School. It would be practically impossible to obtain a sufficient number of satisfactory teachers for our elementary schools were it not for the work of our City Normal and Training School.

We have also provided courses of lectures for the improvement of our teaching force. One course on psychology, and a second course in methods, proving of great benefit to all of our teachers.

We have supervising principals in each of our elementary schools and in the high school. In the larger elementary schools the principal supervises the work of the grammar department, and an assistant principal supervises the work of the primary department, so that two supervisors devote all of their time to this work. In addition to the foregoing, we have a special supervisor of music, a special supervisor of drawing, a special supervisor of physical culture, and a special supervisor of German in the 6th, 7th and 8th grammar grades. The superintendent spends a great deal of time in the class rooms.

the total visitation for the past year both day and night schools having been 3,333 class rooms. This has enabled him to keep in close touch with the work being done in every class in the city. As a result of improvement in the teaching force, due to the reorganized Normal School and attendance upon courses of lectures by all teachers, and more extensive and closer supervision, the work in all grades has very greatly improved. We have, in consequence, fewer failures, a higher percentage of promotions, and a greater persistence of attendance in the grammar grades, and in the high school.

No school census has been made in Elizabeth since June, 1900. Hence, the school authorities do not know how many children of legal school age are residents of the city. The compulsory law is thoroughly enforced so far as the actual school enrollment is concerned. Many thousand children attend the parochial and other private schools, and it is believed that nearly all children of school age are in attendance in some school, either in public or private day schools, or in the public evening schools. Our chief attendance officer is assisted by two regular policemen who visit every school daily and follow up all cases of absence so that every absentee is accounted for. Acting on information received from citizens or from policemen, these officers compel the attendance in some school of every child known to be of compulsory school age. It has been necessary for the chief attendance officer to cause the arrest of a considerable number of parents who have failed to comply with the law. There have been many fines and a few cases of imprisonment resulting from the enforcement of the law in this city.

On May 8, 1901 our Board of Education elected a medical inspector, whose term of office was to begin July 1st, following. In June of the same year the board adopted rules similar to the provisions of the present State law, Elizabeth thus being one of the first cities in the State and in the country to provide for medical inspection of school children. We now have two medical inspectors and a dental inspector, the latter officer being first appointed to serve from July 1st, 1908.

The work of these inspectors has resulted in benefit to the children, the public at large, and the schools. The community has been protected, the health of the children conserved, and the usefulness of the schools increased as a result of this work.

It seems to me, however, that the work of the inspectors should be supplemented by the services of a trained nurse, by the establishment of a free dispensary in connection with the public schools, and, where necessary, free medical treatment.

Under the working of the present law, children found to be suffering from any form of sickness or disease are sent home for treatment. This results, sometimes, in misunderstandings in the home, the punishment of the children for being sent from school, and, in too many cases, a doctor is not summoned, the child being left to recover health in due course of nature.

If the medical inspector was given the power and was required to treat all cases needing treatment, and his work supplemented by that of a school nurse, I believe the community would be better protected, the health of the child would be more carefully looked after, the loss of time from school would be less, and the consequent gain to the individual and to the community very much greater than under present conditions.

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We have now two free dental clinics situated in different portions of the city where children may be sent from the public schools on application by the parent, and where the children's teeth may be treated at no cost, or at a maximum cost of ten cents. Several hundred children have taken advantage of the free dental clinic to their own great personal comfort, and a resulting benefit to the schools.

Since January, 1908 we have had evening schools in which we have provided for the instruction of foreign born residents of Elizabeth according to the provisions of the State law relating to such schools, and for instruction in the subjects usually taught in an elementary school for English speaking residents. We have also an evening high school, and evening classes in mechanical drawing and mathematics. Last year we opened classes specially designed to prepare candidates for the civil service examination conducted by the State and by the United States government. We are also conducting an evening school for boys and young men, residents of Elizabeth, who are in charge of the probation officer for Union county. The latter school being conducted in a room provided in the Union county court house.

The establishment of evening schools in Elizabeth met a long felt and well known need. Upwards of 1,600 men and women have been in attendance every term since January of 1908. The classes in mechanical drawing and mathematics have been popular with our young men, the number enrolled last year exceeding 160.

The foreign born men and women in these evening schools numbered about 700 last year, and represented practically every country in Europe, as well as Persia, China and Japan in Asia. The great majority were, however, from Russia, Austria and Germany, including Hungary, Galicia and Poland. The people of Southern Europe were represented by many Italians and Greeks, with a few Spaniards.

The business courses in our evening high school have also been deservedly popular, the attendance being nearly 250.

The rules of the State Board of Education relative to the observance of all legal holidays and special occasions are obeyed both in letter and in spirit.

No statements concerning results accomplished in Elizabeth during the past three years having been made in reports to State authorities, beyond the formal presentation of statistical facts, the following summary is respectfully submitted.

1. The board's rules have been printed in book form after having been completely revised and extended, new rules being adopted where necessary and provision made for the regular and orderly conduct of all parts of the school system which now includes in the day schools—primary, grammar, high and normal schools, as well as classes for delinquents ("catch up classes"), and a class for truants and semi-incorrigibles, while the night schools provide instruction for foreign born residents of Elizabeth, instruction in elementary English subjects, classes in mechanical drawing and mathematics, classes in Civil Service, an evening high school, and a school for young men in charge of the probation officer.

2. The course of study for all elementary grades has been thoroughly revised and entirely rewritten, courses of study provided for the evening schools and for the Normal School, the high school course has been revised, the study

of the German language has been introduced in the 6th, 7th and 8th grammar grades, the teaching force has been strengthened and improved by the appointment of additional teachers and by means of lectures, study and close supervision, while the standard of scholarship has been raised in every grade and school.

3. The City Normal and Training School has been thoroughly reorganized, with departments of instruction and of practice, with two regular, five special, and six critic teachers, affording excellent training in theory and in practice with ample opportunity for extended observation and practice teaching in six elementary grades, thus ensuring an adequate supply of well educated and properly equipped teachers for our elementary schools.

4. Primary School No. 11 with ten rooms (465 desks) and assembly room (300 chairs), and new Grammar School No. 3 (900 desks) and assembly room (600 chairs) have been erected and occupied, the former on February 1, 1908 and the latter September 1, 1909. These buildings and their equipment cost \$145,000. Our city has never before expended half this sum for school buildings within so short a period.

5. After more than twelve years suspension, evening schools were reopened January 6, 1908, have demonstrated their usefulness, and are firmly established as a part of the school system.

6. Additions to school sites have been acquired in districts 7 and 10, and an additional school site acquired in district No. 1, on which the board purposes erecting, at the earliest practicable date, a building for use as a primary school.

7. The purchase of land and a building near the high school enabled the board (after thoroughly renovating, furnishing and equipping the building) to transfer from the high school building the entire commercial department with more than 200 students, relieving the high school situation to a very considerable extent.

In this connection it may be said that the board now has under consideration thirteen sets of plans for a new high school building, and that our city officials are committed to the policy of issuing bonds in sufficient amount to provide a building for 1,200 students at the earliest practicable date.

8. Our system of medical inspection has been extended and improved by the appointment (1908) of an additional inspector, and by the appointment (1909) of a dental supervisor, a dental inspector and the establishment of two free dental clinics for our school children.

9. By appointing a business manager (1909) to have charge of all repairs and betterments, and to supervise the erection of new buildings, our board has ensured a wise and economical expenditure of public money and improved the character and quality of work done for the city by contractors.

10. In the matter of salaries some progress has been made, increases having been granted to every principal and teacher with the exception of one special teacher.

In elementary grades the maximum is now \$800 for 8th, \$750 for 7th, and \$700 for 1st to 6th inclusive, while teachers of beginners receive \$750.

In the high school the maximum is now \$1,200 for men, and \$950 for women teachers.

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Elizabeth is conservative, and the salaries of all of its employes are low when compared with salaries for similar services rendered other cities.

At his own request Mr. Nathan W. Pease, principal of Morrell Street Grammar School since March 8, 1867, was retired from active work at the end of the school year.

Mr. Pease served the city forty-three years and four months, and the State of New Jersey fifty-two years, coming to Rahway in 1858 after teaching for three years and eight months in Massachusetts, his total service as teacher and principal being fifty-five years and eight months.

In addition to being principal of Morrell Street Grammar School, Mr. Pease was superintendent of public instruction for Union county from 1868 to 1889, a period of twenty-one years, and was an educational leader in this part of the State for a generation. He was loved and esteemed alike by pupils, teachers, parents and by all his associates in educational work in New Jersey. Courtly scholarly, kindly and always sympathetic and helpful, Mr. Pease has been "the grand old man" of our city school system, and his voluntary retirement is received with regret by all of his co-workers and by all school authorities of our city.

In closing, I thank you and those associated with you, for many kind, courteous, considerate and helpful acts which have been of great assistance to me in the discharge of my duties.

ENGLEWOOD.

ELMER C. SHERMAN, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR:—In accordance with your request I submit the following brief statement concerning the work of our schools in matters not shown by the statistical report:

A beautifully situated plot of ground about 300 feet square has been purchased and on it there is in process of erection a school building containing nine rooms and assembly hall. It will cost \$75,000 and is to be known as Cleveland School. The building includes all the best ideas in schoolhouse construction and is architecturally very pleasing. It will take the place of the Highwood School, an old frame structure of four rooms which has now been sold.

Adjoining the plot on which this school is being built a tract of land containing about ten acres has been acquired by the Board of Education which, when improved, will become a public school athletic field.

With the completion of the Cleveland School, Englewood will have three modern schoolhouses of the best type, constructed within eight years at an aggregate cost of \$225,000; a fourth building of twelve rooms, old, but in excellent condition; and a four room frame building. We shall have accommodations for all children for the time being and will be able to do away

with six part-time classes to which we have been obliged to resort during the past year.

The standard of qualification for teachers remains what it has been for some years. To teach in the high school a college diploma is required. For grade positions a normal school diploma is essential. Previous experience is required in both classes of positions. During the year one third of the teachers employed in our schools took advantage of the opportunity offered for academic or professional study in various institutions in New York City. Nearly all the remainder pursued a definite course of professional reading and conference at home under the direction of the superintendent.

Supervision was provided: (1) by the superintendent who was able to keep in fairly close touch with all the work; (2) by two building principals who did no teaching and one who was relieved from class room work half of the time; and (3) by supervisors of the special subjects of music, drawing and manual training.

The compulsory attendance law was enforced as strictly as we were able. A truant officer is employed and he is sent to investigate all cases of absence which in the judgment of the principal are likely to be unnecessary. He is required to notify careless or indifferent parents that the law requires the attendance of children at school every day unless prevented by sickness. Several parents have been brought before the police justice who co-operates with the school authorities in their efforts to require such parents to do their duty by their children.

Medical inspection has been in operation in our schools to some extent for six years. As a result of the State law it has been somewhat extended. A physical examination of all the pupils below the high school was made and the results recorded on cards. Notices of serious physical defects were sent to parents. Results have been obtained in a very good proportion of cases. In this work we have been greatly aided by a district nurse employed by one of the churches and working among the poor of the city. She has co-operated in a most helpful way with the schools. Were it not for her assistance we should need a school nurse to make the medical inspection productive of beneficial results. From the time that we began we have felt that inspection has largely prevented the spread of contagious disease through the schools.

The Teachers' Retirement Fund law has been observed in every respect.

The work in drawing and manual training is fully organized throughout all grades of the elementary school and employed the services of four teachers and supervisors. Cooking is taught to the girls of the seventh and eighth grades and sewing to those of the fifth and sixth. The boys of these four grades have woodworking in the shop. Construction work in clay, paper, cardboard, raffia, thin wood and other materials is carried on by the children of the first four grades in connection with drawing. No work in manual training has as yet been introduced into the high school.

An evening school was maintained for sixty-four nights beginning about the middle of October. Five teachers were employed. A successful commercial class was maintained in which were taught stenography, bookkeeping and business practice. An evening cooking class was organized and a class for foreigners who wished to learn English. The evening school has been carried on for five years.

GLOUCESTER CITY.

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A vacation school was conducted for six weeks of the summer vacation. Four teachers were employed. The total registration was about 200. Two classes in woodworking for boys were conducted. The work for girls and younger boys consisted of various forms of sewing, embroidery and weaving. A story telling hour, games and music completed the program of the school.

A pianola has been purchased for the use of the schools with a view to supplementing the instruction in music by cultivating the taste of pupils for the best music. The pianola has been used with much enjoyment and profit in two schools.

The Penny Provident Fund has had branches in two schools. In Liberty School there have been 250 depositors and about \$300 has been deposited. Lincoln School has had 185 depositors with deposits amounting to \$250. We believe it has helped to aid children to acquire the habit of saving instead of wasting their money in the purchase of unwholesome sweets, chewing gum and other harmful or unnecessary things.

GLOUCESTER CITY.

W. F. BURNS, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR:—I herewith submit my report for the school year 1909-1910.

All the school buildings in the city are in excellent condition and afford ample room for the constantly increasing attendance of the pupils. Stoves have been eliminated from all the schools except from a one-room rural building, and individual desks are taking the place of the older styles. The grounds and outbuildings are kept in a cleanly, sanitary condition.

To meet the growing public demand, a commercial course has been added to the high school curriculum, an additional room provided, commercial desks installed, and four new typewriters purchased. This promises to become one of our most popular courses.

Each year marks an improvement in the qualification of the teachers, who are generally well equipped for their work and who endeavor at each examination to secure a higher grade of certification. A number of them have received professional training in the normal schools of this and neighboring States or hold diplomas from colleges at home and abroad.

An attempt has been made to enforce the compulsory attendance law, but with little real benefit to those whom it was intended to help. Another year it is hoped that, from its enforcement under new conditions, it may be of greater value in the community.

In June medical inspection became a reality in our schools, the physician in charge carrying out his work under the rules provided by the city and State Boards of Education. It would be impossible at present to give an estimate of the results of his work.

Ninety per cent. of our teachers are members of the State Teachers' Re-

tiement Fund. The dues are regularly deducted from their salaries and forwarded to the State Treasurer.

All pupils in the schools are instructed in manual training in some form. The work ranges from paper cutting, weaving and braiding to basketry, elementary wood-working, stenciling on cloth, sewing, etc. For some time the Board of Education has been holding under advisement the installation of work benches and the employment of an additional teacher for this department.

All holidays are observed as required by law, but limited school playgrounds do not admit the planting of trees and shrubs on Arbor Day.

In addition to the usual instruction given to inculcate ideas of patriotism, flags have been placed in each school room of the city and the teachers instructed to have the pupils salute the flag during the opening exercises of each day.

In conclusion, I wish to say that the people of Gloucester are taking a greater pride in their schools than ever before. They make no complaint as to the increasing sums of money being spent for public education, but they rightly demand that increasing efficiency on the part of the teachers be commensurate with the annual outlay for school purposes.

HOBOKEN.

A. J. DEMAREST, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR:—In compliance with law, I beg to submit the following report of the public schools of the city of Hoboken for the school year ending June 30th, 1910.

The following table shows the enrollment and attendance of pupils, and the number of teachers employed during the years 1909-10:

Total number of pupils enrolled.....	10,749
Average daily attendance	7,919
Number of pupils in Kindergarten.....	890
Number of pupils in Primary Department.....	6,232
Number of pupils in Grammar Department.....	2,798
Number of pupils in High School.....	338
Number of pupils in Foreign Born Resident Classes.....	389
Number of pupils in Truant School.....	20
Number of teachers employed.....	269
There were graduated from—	
Grammar Schools	334
High School	59

152 pupils were graduated from the grammar schools in February and 182 in June; of the number graduated in February, 63 per cent. entered the high school; of the number graduated in June, 48 per cent. entered the high

school. The number registered in all of the public schools during the year was 10,749; an increase of 102 over the preceding year. The number registered during the year in the high school was 338, an increase of 43 over the year ending June 30th, 1909.

Medical inspection has been in operation for one year and during that time 10,749 pupils were examined; 1,693 were excluded by the medical inspectors and of this number 731 sought medical treatment.

Manual training was established in two school buildings and the work was efficiently handled by a small force of teachers. The number of pupils in all of the schools who received instruction during the year in manual training was 3,149.

The purchase of a high school site by means of condemnation proceedings costing \$97,345.35, exclusive of legal costs; the adoption of carefully prepared plans for the new high school structure with a seating capacity for 1,000 pupils; the awarding of the contract for the erection of the same at a cost of \$222,644, with a reserve fund of \$25,000 for furnishings.

The establishment of departments for domestic science and wood working in Schools No. 8 and No. 9.

A revised course of study for the high school based on our local needs and not upon the demands of the higher institutions of learning.

The elimination of the non-essentials from the course in arithmetic for the grammar schools.

The appointment of three medical inspectors who in addition to a thorough medical inspection of each pupil, made daily visits to each school to examine cases of suspected contagion.

TABLE SHOWING THE RESULTS OF MEDICAL INSPECTION FOR
THE SCHOOL YEAR ENDING June 30th, 1910.

Number of pupils examined by medical inspectors.....	10,749
Number of pupils with defective eyes.....	337
Number of children with defective naso-pharynx.....	2,076
Number of children with defective eye sight.....	1,539
Number of children with defective hearts.....	245
Number of pupils with ear affections.....	195
Number of pupils with lung affections.....	121
Number of pupils having tuberculosis.....	1
Number of pupils who are anemic.....	224
Number of pupils with throat trouble.....	3,963
Number of pupils excluded from school.....	352
Number of pupils recommended to parents for treatment.....	741
Number of pupils cured.....	225
Number of pupils improved.....	147
Number of pupils not improved.....	10
Number of pupils not treated at all.....	7
Number of days' absence caused by exclusion of pupils by medical inspectors	4,521

SOME OF THE BENEFITS RESULTING FROM MEDICAL INSPECTION.

It has remedied many physical defects thus bringing the physically defective child nearer to the normal.

It has improved the hygienic condition of the pupils at home, in the school and on the street.

It has improved the general health of the pupils.

It has insured more rapid advancement to the pupils in their work giving them a more even chance in their school and their life work.

As one-seventh of our population is in school each day, it has decreased the spread of contagion in the homes of our city.

IRVINGTON.

F. H. MORRELL, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR:—I respectfully submit the following report for the Irvington schools for the year ending June 30, 1910.

Owing to unexpected growth in population, half time classes were temporarily established in the first year grade in two of our schools, notwithstanding the opening of a new four-room, fireproof building for the September term.

During the last two years our school has increased over 16 per cent., and our town has gained 126 per cent. during the last ten years.

To afford accommodations for next year, contracts for two four-room additions have been given out, to increase capacity of the two schools where half time classes became necessary; and a site has been purchased for a new eight-room school to be erected at an early date.

Our school buildings are in excellent repair, most of them new, and all provided with modern furniture, books and necessary supplies.

While we have drawing in all grades under competent supervision, we have as yet no manual training course, though we recognize its importance, and hope to report progress later.

Our free lecture course has been well patronized and will be continued.

Realizing that education should be practical, we have enlarged our commercial department; and our high school has full and well-equipped courses in stenography and typewriting, as well as the regular academic course, including laboratory work in a room specially designed for chemistry and physics.

Our library has, during the year, been enriched by many books of reference, encyclopedias, etc.

The Board of Education has worked in entire harmony with superintendent and teachers, and school authorities have received cordial co-operation from the Board of Health, and the medical and truant departments.

It gives me pleasure to report satisfactory progress in all our schools.

JERSEY CITY.

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JERSEY CITY.

HENRY SNYDER, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR:—The following statistics show the enrollment and attendance of pupils and the number of teachers employed during the year 1909-1910:

Total Number of Pupils Enrolled.....	36,119
Average Register	31,678
Average Daily Attendance.....	28,911
Number of Pupils Enrolled in Primary Department.....	22,018
Number of Pupils Enrolled in Grammar Department.....	11,652
Number of Pupils Enrolled in High School Department.....	1,837
Number of Pupils Enrolled in Kindergarten.....	379
Number of Pupils Enrolled in Normal School.....	233
Number of Teachers.....	804

From the grammar schools there were graduated 1,597 pupils.

The number of pupils graduated from the High School was 165.

From the Training School there were graduated 95.

There were five evening schools, of which one was a technical school. The attendance of pupils was as follows:

	Males.	Females.	All.
Total Number Enrolled.....	2,650	1,172	3,822
Average Attendance	1,378	584	1,962

Very satisfactory progress has been made in the matter of school construction. School No. 17 was enlarged from a building containing eight class rooms to one containing twenty class rooms and large auditorium, manual training shop and kitchen. This building was occupied in September. School No. 15, which formerly contained sixteen class rooms, was enlarged to contain twenty-nine class rooms, a shop, a kitchen and additional rooms for principals and teachers. This building was occupied in February. New School No. 33, with ten class rooms and an assembly room, new School No. 3 with twenty class rooms, kitchen, shop and auditorium, and new School No. 32 with forty-four class rooms, shops, kitchen and large auditorium are in course of erection. They will be occupied soon after the opening of the next school year.

Attention should be directed to new School No. 32 mentioned above. This school is designed as an elementary school for all grades from 1A to 8B. It will contain also special features worthy of mention. A day nursery is provided in which the smaller children will be cared for whose care at home might cause older brothers and sisters to be absent from school while parents are at work. There is a special room for the medical inspector, constructed according to sanitary methods. A special room is provided which may be used as a school library, and also as a reference room and a reading room for citizens maintained as a branch of the public library. There is a swimming tank designed not so much for the purpose of furnishing opportunities for exercise and pleasure to the pupils, although, of course, these

purposes are kept in mind, but chiefly for the purpose of teaching pupils to swim. There are shower baths intended for use by the pupils, but so located that they can, if desired, be used by the public when the school is not in session. On the top of the building there is a large roof garden, which can be used for a number of purposes, including recesses and physical training, and may also be utilized by the general public. There are besides special rooms which can be used as drawing rooms, sewing rooms, shops, etc. It is the intention to establish in this school courses for vocational training. While designed to satisfy every progressive demand of the elementary school, it is also intended to contain every facility needed by a community center. In short, it is built not only for the pupils but for the people in general.

The Board of Education has decided to erect a new technical and industrial school of high school grade. The plans for it are practically complete. It will be located immediately to the north of the present high school building, and will be connected with it, so as to form one complete building. It will provide technical and industrial courses of the most advanced character. Plans for the erection of Schools Nos. 34 and 35 are in progress. These schools are intended for pupils of Grades 1A to 4B. It is also intended to enlarge elementary School No. 28, by the addition of six class rooms.

During the year a complete department of medical inspection was established. A medical director, twelve medical inspectors, and six school nurses were appointed, and rules providing for the regular and thorough examination of pupils were adopted.

The work in manual training and domestic science has been extended. New centers have been established in Schools Nos. 14 and 17.

The model department of the training school, which was located for many years in School No. 9, moved at the opening of school last September to School No. 17.

The attendance department has continued to be active. The number of attendance officers has been increased. The work of the department has been seriously handicapped by the failure of the laws regulating the attendance of children on the schools and those concerning the labor of children to co-operate. It is extremely desirable that these laws be so amended and simplified that both kinds of laws may operate to facilitate the work of the attendance department in securing the attendance of children at school.

Elementary evening schools were maintained in Schools Nos. 4, 8, 9, 11, 14, and a technical evening school in the high school.

Courses of evening lectures were given during last winter in thirteen centers.

The supervisory staff has been increased by the appointment of Mr. Edward A. Murphy as assistant superintendent.

The Board of Education has felt it necessary to counteract the tendency prevalent for a long time toward decreasing the number of days on which the schools are open during the year, and has changed the rules in such a way as to call for the opening of the schools on the first day of September and for closing them on the last day of June. For many years the schools opened on the second Monday of September and closed on the last Friday of June.

KEARNY.

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KEARNY.

H. DRESSEL, JR., SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR:—I submit herewith the following report. We have eight brick buildings in our town all of which are in good condition.

School No. 1, a four-room building, has been recently repaired and painted. The sanitary conditions have been much improved during the last year and the building is in fine condition.

School No. 2 is an old twelve-room building and although the sanitary conditions are good and the building is kept scrupulously clean, it has been thought best to erect a larger building in this crowded section of the town and discontinue the use of the old No. 2. Ventilation and light in this building are not satisfactory.

School No. 3, Lincoln School, is a handsome sixteen-room building which replaces old No. 3. We have already opened every room in this building and find we have no room to spare. We have an excellent auditorium in this building which is in use very many evenings of each week. In this way the Lincoln School has become truly a social center for educational purposes. We have excellent manual training facilities in this building and have a domestic science room as well. It is to be regretted that the gymnasium was not properly arranged. Had this been done it would have added much to the value of the Lincoln School.

Our corps of teachers is an excellent one. We accept as teachers only college graduates, normal school graduates, and teachers holding high grade State certificates. Because of this standard we are getting better teachers and of necessity must pay them good salaries. Our salary schedule is an attractive one and our teachers are anxious to remain in Kearny and secure its advantages. Our location so near New York affords the teachers opportunity to do extension work at Columbia and New York University, and nearly all of our teachers avail themselves of this privilege. A large number are enrolled also, in the extension courses at Newark.

Six of our principals supervise their schools and do little teaching. The other two principals teach part of the time, but their schools are small and they are in touch with conditions in each class room.

We have a drawing supervisor and one assistant, a music supervisor, a teacher of physical training, and of penmanship. Our primary grades are in charge of a very skillful supervisor and the splendid results of her careful work are evident. We employ also a teacher of manual training, a teacher of sewing and cookery, and an assistant who teaches the basketry and chair-caning. All of these special teachers visit each school of the town once a week and they report to the principals how the work is progressing and discuss with him all important phases of the work.

The superintendent also visits the schools and class rooms, plans courses of study, meets his principals, and discusses all features of the work and

SCHOOL REPORT.

needs of the system; they form a cabinet for the consideration of educational matters. The superintendent and all of the supervisors hold meetings of the various grade teachers at which time instructions and directions are given the teachers. The principals, of course, hold meetings in their own buildings at which time advice and direction is given on such matters as may need attention.

The principals also maintain an organization of their own, and at the meetings they take up such topics as they wish to bring to the superintendent's notice.

This was one of the subjects recently under discussion and it was the consensus of opinion that the present law is inadequate. We have made a strong effort to enforce it and every factory and shop is aiding us loyally. Nevertheless, we find that the private schools of the town are allowing their pupils to go to work, and large numbers of children barely fourteen years of age secure a "factory inspector's certificate" and go to work. In my estimation a law should be enacted which makes it necessary for a pupil to apply to the superintendent for a certificate to go to work. This certificate should be sworn to before a justice and should serve as the boy's "working papers." The duty of the factory inspector should be to visit the factories and inspect these records; but the issuance of certificates to leave school to go to work should be imposed upon one person, not upon two as at present.

Medical inspection has been established in this town for over a year. We have six physicians who visit the schools regularly. They are making thorough examinations of every pupil and send notices of defects, diseases, etc., to the parents. A large per cent. of the defects noticed during the first year were found to be remedied at the second examination of the pupils. This fact shows the value of medical inspection, although I might cite many more reasons why it is very valuable to the teachers, pupils and parents, alike.

The success of medical inspection in this district, however, is not alone due to the good work of the physicians; we have a very effective committee appointed by the Board of Education who have aided very much in the splendid results attained.

TEACHERS' RETIREMENT FUND.

The percentages due this fund are reserved and paid as provided by law.

In this district sewing, basketry and cooking are taught to the girls—chair-caning, knife work and shop work are taught to the boys. Our manual training work begins in the first year grade, with paper cutting and is followed by other constructive work throughout the primary grades. It is closely associated in all its phases with drawing. Knife work is taught to the boys of the middle grades, bench work or shop work to the boys of the upper grammar and high school grades. We have three thoroughly equipped centers for work of this kind, and also for cookery at these same centers, which is thus far taught only to the girls in the eighth year grades. Our aim has been to organize the work thoroughly and as soon as we are doing the work instituted effectively to broaden and develop the work.

We have recently sent letters of inquiry to the different manufacturing establishments and have received from them valuable information as to the

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needs of the children who go to work. We shall endeavor to train our pupils so that the needs of these factories may be met as nearly as possible.

Our day schools as well as our evening schools must soon recognize the growing demands of the manufacturing interests in this vicinity and install adequate courses in technical education to meet these demands.

Arbor Day was observed in a very striking manner. The Board of Trade had offered prizes for essays upon various subjects connected with Arbor Day and this office formulated plans to be carried out in all schools. The general subject assigned was "How to Make Our Town More Beautiful." In the high school the subject was "Why a Shade Tree Commission is Needed in Kearny." The plans contained suggestions as to care of lawns and shrubbery, planting of trees, and beautifying the streets in general. The award of prizes and the competition for them was by grades. On Arbor Day a member of the Board of Trade was appointed for each school and he awarded the prizes won by the pupils in this competition. Each program was also planned in the superintendent's office and made to include the prize winning essays.

The Board of Trade afterwards published all of these essays in a neat booklet. The calls for these books have come even from the Old World and the plan has been adopted by many municipalities. The president of the Board of Trade, Mr. W. C. Ingalls, now a member of the Board of Education, was deeply interested and very active in carrying these plans to a successful conclusion.

THE FLAG SALUTE.

This has been adopted by us and required as part of the opening exercises in every class room long before the law had been passed. The form of salute is the one well known:

"I pledge allegiance to my flag and the republic for which it stands, one nation indivisible with liberty and justice for all."

In conclusion permit me to say that this sentiment seems largely to actuate the people of Kearny, for I find them patriotic and helpful in their attitude toward the schools, and of course loyal to the best interests of the town.

LONG BRANCH.

CHRISTOPHER GREGORY, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR:—The statistical report very fairly represents the condition of our buildings except that it does not show that several of them were overcrowded during the year. The school system of this city is organized on the plan of having a large central grammar school and outlying primary schools as feeders. The grammar school and high school building are located on the same grounds.

Both of these buildings had more pupils than they could accommodate. Our largest primary school was also crowded. The board adopted the plan of erecting a new schoolhouse to be located between the high school and the grammar school building and to be connected with both of them by a corridor. If this building is erected the 10th, 11th and 12th year pupils will be in the present high school building, the 7th, 8th and 9th year pupils in the new building and the 4th, 5th and 6th year pupils in the present grammar school building. The erection of this building would relieve the overcrowding in every part of the city. The question of voting the money for building this schoolhouse is now before the Board of Estimate. Should the building be erected, as in all probability it will be, our system should be not only more nearly complete than at present, but the efficiency of it should be much increased by the grouping of those classes which are more nearly alike in their needs as to both matter and methods of training.

The character of the supervision of the schools in this city is steadily improving. In all of the larger schools, a principal is in charge and sufficient time is given this principal really to become acquainted with the work of his or her classes. The Board of Education has also raised the salaries to such a point that principals that can do the work that is required of them, are obtainable. A careful study has been made during the past year of the matter of the promotion of pupils. We have found in a general way, the same defects that have been reported by other systems. Too few pupils have been promoted and the time taken by the average pupil to complete the school course is not as short as it should be. Two of the causes that bring about this state of affairs in our case have been the size of the classes and the frequent changing of teachers. Our classes are, as a rule, of a reasonable size, but during the past year on account of the overcrowded state of the schools, a considerable number of the classes have been too large. Our observation has been that in these cases, the percentage of pupils who fail each term is much larger than in the case of the classes of moderate size. Every fall we have a number of new teachers, larger always than is for the good of the schools. In the classes of these new teachers, especially during the first term of their work, the percentage of failures among the pupils is considerably larger than in the classes taught by teachers who have had experience in our own schools. We have, however, by bringing the matter in a definite form to the attention of the teachers and principals, succeeded in raising materially the percentage of promotion and we expect to achieve still greater results in the future.

The attempt was made during the year strictly to enforce the compulsory attendance law. The result was a very decided increase in both enrollment and attendance. At the opening of school, every principal was instructed to prepare a list of pupils who had been on the school roll during the year 1908 and 1909 and who did not appear for enrollment in September 1909. All these cases, except such as were known to have moved out of town or such as were over age, were given to the truant officer for investigation. During the year no pupil was allowed to leave school, unless the reasons for his leaving were sufficient to satisfy the requirements of the law. Our efforts were not attended with all the success we had anticipated, as the prolonged illness of our truant officer interfered most seriously with our plans. Sev-

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enteen permits to go to work were issued during the year by the Board of Education. In a number of other cases permission was refused, each case being carefully investigated before the decision was rendered.

The system of medical inspection was inaugurated by the appointment of two physicians of the town, who regularly visited every school in the city. The larger schools were visited several times during the week and every school at least once a week. It was also arranged that the head of any school could send for one of the physicians at any time he desired. That much good was accomplished by the visits of these physicians, there can be no doubt whatever, though, unquestionably when we have had more experience, we shall be able to get much larger results. Both of the physicians were deeply interested in their work and thoroughly in earnest and we considered ourselves fortunate in this respect. Each was paid a salary of \$50 a month.

Leaving out the troubles that arose from the overcrowding of the schools, the system as a whole improved steadily during the year. The grade of the teachers in the employ of the board was higher, for the greater salaries paid enabled us to exercise greater care and discrimination in the selection of new teachers. The graduating class of the high school numbered 44, the largest in the history of our schools and enrolled during the year in the high school 345, a large enrollment for a city of this size.

MONTCLAIR.

RANDALL SPAULDING, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR:—The year has been rather a notable one in respect to school buildings. The Hillside School, a twenty-two room building, was completed and occupied during the year and is unquestionably one of the best buildings in the State. It was thoroughly built and practically fireproof. The cost, exclusive of ground and furnishing, was approximately \$200,000.

At the beginning of the year a new ten-room building was erected on Cedar avenue in the south part of the town, at an approximate cost of \$70,000, exclusive of grounds and furnishing. All rooms were occupied at once.

In September, on Lorraine avenue in Upper Montclair, a new building was occupied containing twelve rooms at a cost of about \$120,000, exclusive of grounds and furnishing. All these buildings are practically fireproof and provided with a power system of ventilation. They are all furnished with a high grade furniture, all chairs being of the so-called Boston type. Of course the buildings are provided with extra rooms, as office, store room, library, teachers' room, etc.

The need of still pushing forward the work of building to keep pace with the increase of population is made evident by the fact that we are using six portable buildings and four rented rooms outside of the schools.

An appropriation has already been made for doubling the capacity of the high school which was erected to accommodate 500 pupils and which already contains an enrollment of 650.

Our new North Jersey Normal School, although not yet provided with an adequate amount of room, has already proved a marked advantage to this section of the State. The school is drawing largely from the best secondary schools and many excellent candidates have already been graduated. It will no longer be necessary to draw so large a proportion of our teachers from outside the State. It will also add to our teaching staff the quality of permanence, since the teachers whose work lies near to their homes are less liable to make frequent changes. The high standard set by the Normal School is already beginning to have a tonic effect in the schools whose teachers, drawn from without the State, are brought into competition with the native born. Professional standards are still held firmly to a high level. Grade teachers must come equipped with secondary and professional training and with experience; high school teachers must also add experience to their college education.

Supervising principals have always been considered a necessity in this community. In order to set their hands free for the most effective work, special assistants are furnished, in most cases graduates who have just come from the Normal School, who are willing to do largely office work and substituting for a year on condition that they may then, if promising take a regular class position the second year. We have found it wise to provide for a number of specialties. A competent person who combines the character of supervisor and special instructor; such specialties as art and handwork, vocal music, and physical training. The last named subject now occupies the full time of a man and a woman in the high school and also the full time of an instructor in the elementary grades.

In the last named subject we have sought more than ever to make the work recreative and to reach, especially with the games, the largest possible number of pupils. Among the elementary grades we have found it wise to make an increasing use of folk-dancing. This we now make an integral part of our system of physical training. In our experience it has high value in teaching physical poise, grace and emotional control, and also great value as a form of bodily exercise and free, healthful recreation. It is to be said "Out of the rhythm of body movements, have grown the sense of rhythm and balance that underly all the fine arts." The word dance, which in our country has had but one, and that a very narrow meaning, is coming everywhere to its true significance.

The compulsory attendance law has been, we think, successfully enforced in spite of certain weaknesses that are inherent in law. Our task will be easier when the compulsory attendance and child labor laws are completely harmonized. For the enforcement of this law we employ a supervisor of attendance, who is armed with police power and who works in cordial relation with our juvenile court. He has also, together with an assistant, the care of a special class, composed usually of boys whose presence in the regular classes is to say the least demoralizing. When segregated and under proper care and provided with the proper course of study that contains a very

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large element of manual training, these boys are easily interested in their school work and are quite amenable to law and order.

Medical inspection has come to be considered an essential part of our school work. We are entirely convinced that it has prevented many an epidemic of contagious disease, aided the teachers in enforcing cleanliness among the pupils, detected many bodily ills, and advised concerning their cure; ills, which if neglected, would have caused lifelong trouble to the afflicted and loss to the community. At the date of this writing we are employing five physicians in the public schools and one in the parochial. All pupils are inspected once a year and each building is visited twice a week and all suspected pupils are examined. The inspector comes also at any time on call. The inspection includes eyes and ears, throat, skin and any other condition that seems to demand attention. The medical inspector is required to note the general hygienic and sanitary conditions of school buildings, especially as to heating and ventilation. The schools also employ a trained nurse for full time. Her services are invaluable in following up the cases which, in the opinion of the medical inspector need attention. She is also exceedingly useful in investigating excuses for absence from school, finding entrance in the homes that could not be so easily entered by others.

In our manual training department an effort is being made to make practical applications of the skill and knowledge gained along industrial lines. In the higher grades some of the work in the day schools would be properly called technical, such as bench and machine work. The instruction given, leads to knowledge that underlies the learning of almost any trade. In all the work done artistic form is insisted upon. In such a community as Montclair there is little demand for strictly technical education in either day or evening schools. The great majority of parents prefer that their children should engage in occupations that are similar to their own and are professional or commercial in character. Our system of handwork, however, attracts some permanently into mechanical occupations.

I take pleasure in reporting that the rules of the State Board of Education in regard to Arbor Day, Flag Day and flag salute have been observed; and that the Teachers' Retirement Fund law has been obeyed in every particular.

MORRISTOWN.

I. W. TRAVELL, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR:—The year 1909-10 has been one of steady work and of quiet progress in the Morristown public schools.

Toward the close of the year the Board of Education took action whereby the salaries of all teachers were increased for the following year. The maximum salary for the grade teachers was raised from \$750 to \$850, and provision was made for a regular annual increase toward that maximum.

SCHOOL REPORT.

In accordance with the requirements of the State law, medical inspectors were appointed and systematic physical and medical examination of our school children begun. During the year a beginning was made of displacing the common drinking cup by installing hygienic drinking fountains in the largest of the school buildings.

The time for promotion of pupils was changed from September to June. The earlier knowledge of deficiency or failure of promotion thus given will enable pupils so inclined to study during the long vacation and to save the loss of a year resulting from failure to be promoted.

Some slight changes were made in the course of study in the high school. Certain subjects in mathematics and science were rearranged in the program so as to begin and end with the school year. In the commercial course book-keeping was given in the first as well as in the later years of the course, and somewhat more time given to stenography and typewriting. The college-preparatory and the commercial courses are strong. Further modification of the course should hold clearly in view the needs of the general student.

The personnel of the teaching force is excellent; and the confidence and support of the Board of Education have made the year a pleasant one for the superintendent.

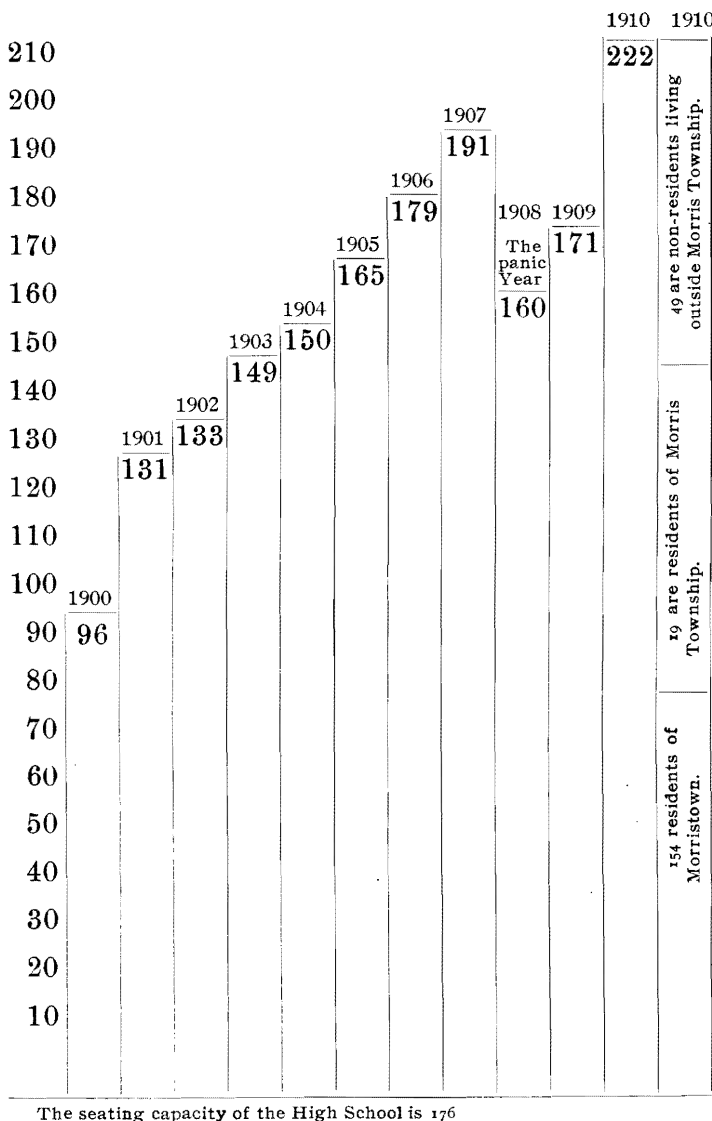
School statistics are as follows:

	1890.	1910.
Number of boys enrolled.....	....	834
Number of girls enrolled.....	....	833
Total number enrolled.....	....	1,667
Average number on roll.....	1,161	1,453
Increase in 10 years.....	....	25 per cent.
Average daily attendance.....	1,082	1,301
Number of teachers.....	35	48
Number of buildings.....	2	4
Total enrollments in high school.....	96	222
Increase in 10 years.....	....	131 per cent.
Population of Morristown.....	11,267	12,507
Increase in 10 years.....	....	11 per cent.

The growth of the high school is presented graphically in the following table:

MORRISTOWN.

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The wide-spread discussion of cost of education leads me to submit a statement of the cost of high school education in Morristown. It is to be noted that the charge of 8 per cent. rental on the cost of building and equipment approximately covers interest on investment, depreciation and repairs. In determining the cost of education and the rate of tuition to be charged to non-

SCHOOL REPORT.

residents, it is fair and proper that this item be included, though this I believe is not customary.

COST OF HIGH SCHOOL EDUCATION, 1909-10.

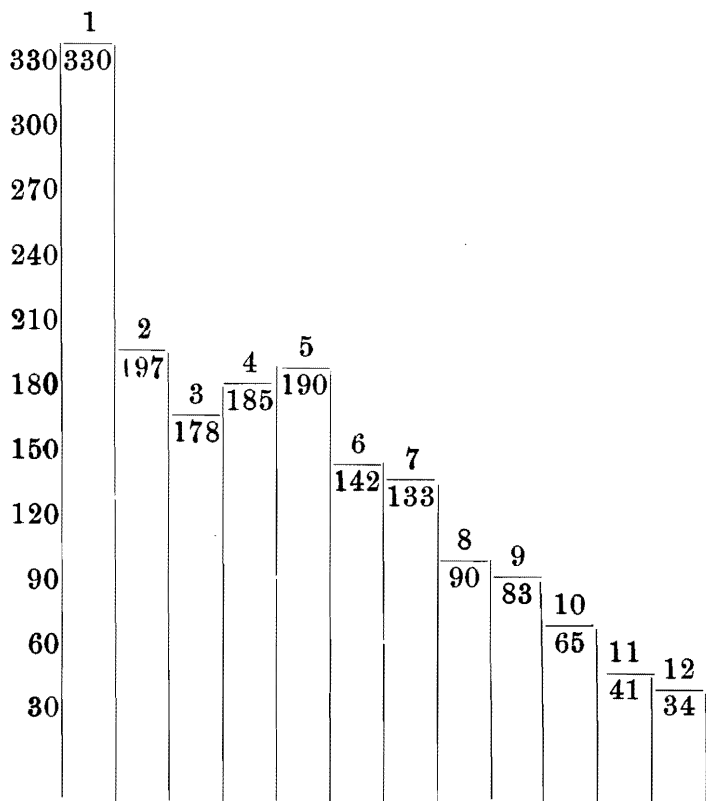
Salaries of 8 high school teachers, not including principal.	\$7,850 00	
Allowance \$400 each from the State.....	3,200 00	
Net cost		\$4,650 00
Salary of Principal of building.....	\$2,000 00	
Allowance from State.....	400 00	
One-third charged to high school account.....		534 00
The high school occupies one-third of the building and includes approximately one-quarter of the pupils in the building.		
No salary for Superintendent is included, because the Superintendent and the Principal are the same person.		
Salary of Drawing Teacher.....	\$1,000 00	
Allowance from State.....	200 00	
	\$800 00	
Three-tenths charged to high school account.....		240 00
Three-tenths of her time is given to high school work.		
Salary of Music Teacher for two days' time.....	\$750 00	
Allowance from State.....	80 00	
	\$670 00	
One-twelfth charged to high school account.....		64 00
Salary of Secretary and Substitute Teacher.....	\$750 00	
State allowance	200 00	
One-fifth charged to high school account.....		110 00
Building Expenses—		
Rental of building, 8 per cent. on \$80,000.....	\$6,400 00	
Janitors	1,200 00	
Coal	1,725 00	
Water, gas, electricity.....	75 00	
	\$9,400 00	
One-third charged to high school account.....		3,134 00
Printing		75 00
Insurance		70 00
Medical inspection		100 00
Books and stationery.....		800 00
Miscellaneous		100 00
		\$9,877 00
State allowance 6c. per day, 36,500 days' attendance.....		2,190 00
Net cost of education to Morristown, 222 students.....		\$7,687 00
Net cost per individual.....		34 64

The following tables are the results of a study suggested by Dr. Leonard P. Ayers' investigation of retardation in our public schools:

MORRISTOWN.

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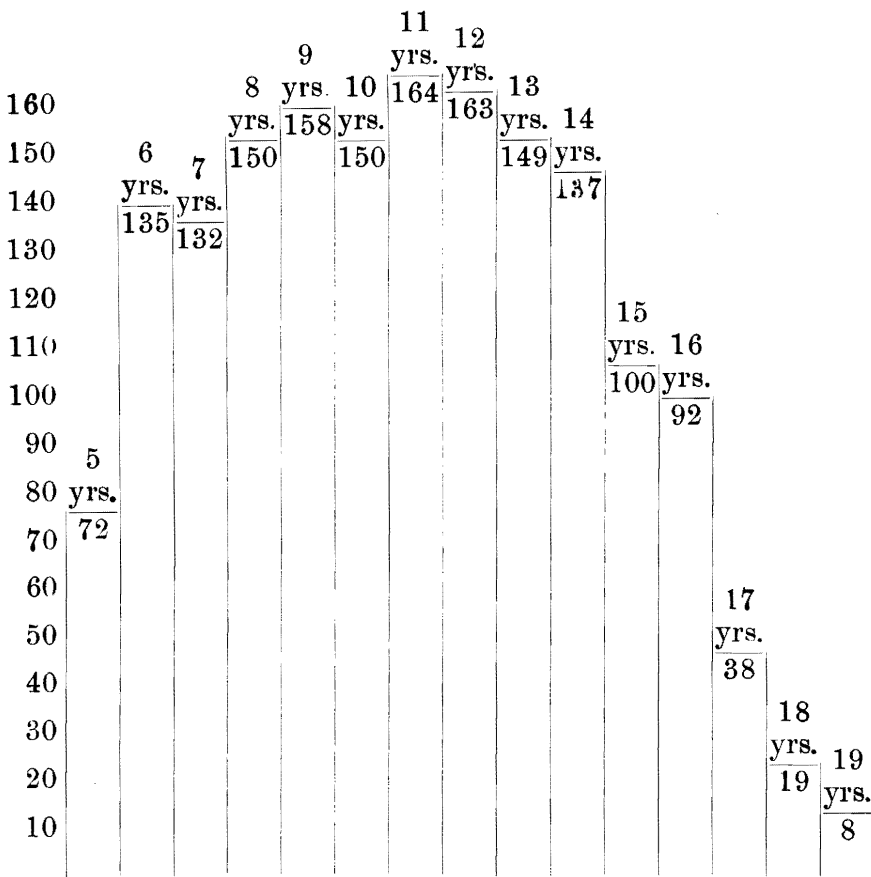
Distribution of children in the 12 grades, 1909-10.



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Age Distribution of Children, 1909-10.



MORRISTOWN.

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Grade and Age Distribution, September, 1909.

Age	Gr. 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	Tot'l
5	72	1							73
6	115	20	1						136
7	<u>66</u>	47	18	1					132
8	31	<u>42</u>	53	26					152
9	18	30	<u>48</u>	48	13	1			158
10	5	21	33	<u>50</u>	31	10	1		151
11	6	6	13	36	<u>50</u>	43	7	1	162
12		5	15	24	43	<u>36</u>	35	3	161
13	1	3	4	17	33	26	<u>31</u>	15	130
14		1	3	4	14	13	31	<u>28</u>	94
15				7	5	8	15	27	62
16			1						
					1	5	11	15	33
17					1		2	1	4
18									
Total	314	176	189	213	191	142	133	90	1448
Above Normal Age.	31	66	69	88	97	52	59	43	535
Percent	19.4	37.5	36.5	41.3	50.7	36.6	44.3	47.7	36.9

SCHOOL REPORT.

A comparison of these figures with those published in "Laggards in Our Schools," p. 45, shows that Morristown holds a position about midway between the extremes of retardation shown in a group of thirty-one cities. The disclosure of such a percentage of retardation shown in the above tables is in itself a powerful stimulus to set into operation the most efficient remedial measures that may be applied.

NEWARK.

A. B. POLAND, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR:—I have the pleasure of submitting my annual report of the public schools of the city of Newark for the year ending July 1st, 1910.

The rapid growth of the schools of this city is shown by the fact that the school enrollment which is now 57,742, has increased upwards of 23,000 in the decade from 1900 to 1910. 16.6 per cent. of the entire population of the city, according to the census of 1910, were enrolled in the public schools in the past year. This percentage of school enrollment is equalled by one city only in the United States, namely the city of Boston.

In this connection it may be interesting to know that Newark has a larger actual number of children enrolled in the day schools, *in proportion to population*, than has any other of the fourteen leading cities in the United States except one, namely, Boston. The figures given below are taken from the last available statistics, to wit, those for the year 1908-1909.

COMPARISON OF POPULATION AND TOTAL DAY SCHOOL ENROLLMENT IN THE FOURTEEN LEADING CITIES OF THE UNITED STATES.

City.	Population U. S. Census 1910.	School Enroll- ment for Year 1909.	Population Times Enrollment.	Enrollment per cent. of Population.
New York	4,766,883	730,234	6.53	15.3
Chicago	2,185,283	296,427	7.37	13.6
Philadelphia	1,549,008	166,435	9.3	10.7
St. Louis	687,029	87,170	7.87	12.7
Boston	670,585	111,444	6.02	16.6
Cleveland	560,663	74,233	7.55	13.2
Baltimore	558,485	80,235	6.96	14.4
Pittsburg	533,905	57,215	9.33	10.7
Detroit	465,766	54,129	8.60	11.6
Buffalo	423,715	62,217	6.81	14.6
San Francisco ...	.....	43,164	.....	.....
Milwaukee	373,857	53,148	9.34	14.2
Cincinnati	364,463	42,092	8.65	11.5
Newark	347,469	55,947	6.21	16.1

Whatever the cause for Newark's relatively large school enrollment—and there must of course be some adequate cause, the obvious inference to be drawn is that Newark is carrying in proportion to population a relatively larger burden of cost for education than is any of the other cities in the United States, except Boston. The fact that Newark has a large foreign population, approximately seventy-six per cent. of the whole, as shown by the United States Senate Commission's inquiry made two years ago, rather complicates the problem. Is it possible that foreign populations attend the public schools better than do native populations? If this be the fact, it is directly contrary to general opinion. Nor is the large public school enrollment due to the fact that Newark has not a correspondingly large parochial school enrollment. I have no reliable figures at hand, but there is good reason to believe that what is true of the public school enrollment is true also of the parochial school enrollment, namely, that in proportion to population it is relatively among the highest of the fourteen cities named. Our parochial schools are not only numerous, but, as a rule, are well housed—if not better—and as efficiently maintained as those of any other city. The truth is that for a good many years the schools have held an unusually high place in the minds, perhaps I might better say in the hearts, of the people of Newark. If additional proof is needed of this high appreciation of the schools it may be found in the remarkable enrollment in the evening schools, the vacation schools, and the kindergartens. Thus, in evening school enrollment Newark ranks *fifth* among the cities of the United States; in summer schools Newark ranks *third* or *fourth*. In kindergarten enrollment Newark ranks *third*, that is to say, immediately after Chicago, a city eight times as large; and ahead of Philadelphia and St. Louis, cities very much larger.

The largest relative increase in enrollment during the year has been in the Normal and Training School. This fact is important as a guide to the size of the new building that the board is planning to erect upon the site recently purchased for that purpose at the corner of Belleville and Fourth avenues. An enrollment in the Normal and Training School of 232 under the present unfavorable conditions for its growth would seem to suggest that the new building should be large enough to accommodate at least four hundred pupils. In erecting a new building it would seem to me that it is desirable to anticipate the growth of Newark by at least twenty years, when its population will have become undoubtedly not less than a half million or more. A normal and training school to accommodate four hundred pupils is quite large enough. Before that number is reached, indeed as soon as the annual supply of graduates begins to approximate the demand, it may be thought desirable, as in most other large cities, to limit the number to be admitted by more rigid requirements than are now insisted upon. A high school diploma covering a four years' academic course is the only requirement now insisted upon. A better plan, and one commonly pursued, would be to limit admissions to those who had maintained a sufficiently high scholarship during the latter half of the high school course, or to those who had taken a special course in the high school with a view to entering subsequently the normal and training school. Under present conditions we are not getting as high scholarship in our teaching force as we otherwise might get. The only justification for not at once raising the standard for admission to the Nor-

mal and Training School is that we now have difficulty in getting teachers in sufficient number to fill vacancies in the teaching corps that arise during the course of the year.

EVENING SCHOOLS.

These schools are destined to become a large factor in determining the problem of our future citizenship.

Several cities of foremost importance have done as yet scarcely anything whatever toward developing their evening school systems. New York city, Boston, and to some extent Chicago each has succeeded in developing an efficient system of evening schools. New York city in particular took up the problem seriously many years ago and for a generation has maintained a very efficient system of evening school instruction. In a similar way the city of Boston has dealt with the evening school problem for many years. Other large cities as Philadelphia, St. Louis, Baltimore, Cleveland, Buffalo, San Francisco, Cincinnati, Pittsburg, New Orleans, Milwaukee, Detroit and Washington have done comparatively little up to the present time toward developing their evening schools. In last year's report I gave the enrollment and attendance in the evening schools of each of the above named cities. I need not repeat the whole list, but below will be found the facts of registration and attendance in the largest five evening school systems. The figures were obtained from the last published reports of the cities named, that is, for the year 1908-1909.

COMPARISON OF EVENING SCHOOL ENROLLMENT, ATTENDANCE, ETC., IN THE LARGEST FIVE SYSTEMS.

	Total Registration.	Average Attendance.	Number of Teachers.
New York City....	97,212	37,068	1,918
Chicago	19,988	11,369	700
Boston	19,856	7,416	483
Philadelphia	19,218	6,741	282
Newark	13,594	5,627	320

Our city is justly entitled in my judgment to take great pride in the above comparison, more particularly since our schools are carefully organized, taught and supervised. Only the best teachers are permitted to hold positions in these schools. No one whose record is unsatisfactory as a day school teacher is allowed to teach in the evening school. Indeed, no teacher whose record in day or evening schools is below "good" is permitted to hold a position in evening schools. Our corps of evening school teachers is even more carefully selected than is our corps of day school teachers. Many of our day school teachers cannot qualify for evening school positions. Under the present rules our evening school teachers have no permanent license and may be removed at any time during the term if their lack of success seems to warrant it.

The salaries paid our evening school teachers are quite liberal, as high as those paid by any other city, except it be New York city. I speak of this particularly in order to show that there is a connection of cause and effect between carefully selected and well paid teachers, and the size and success of a system of evening schools.

NEWARK.

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Below is given a table showing the number of pupils pursuing each of the several studies taught in the evening high schools:

Subjects.	Bergen Street.	Central.	Frank- lin.	Hamburg Place.	Morton Street.	13th Avenue.	Total.
Mathematics—							
Arithmetic	31	..	76	29	..	181	317
Algebra	31	27	24	29	58	42	211
Geometry	14	9	5	4	22	12	66
Language—							
English	130	128	92	69	77	302	798
French	46	44	14	..	30	23	157
German	46	67	17	58	51	26	265
Latin	..	10	..	..	43	..	53
Science—							
Physics	..	74	..	..	..	..	74
Chemistry	..	39	..	..	..	..	39
Commercial—							
Bookkeeping ...	85	100	74	109	111	119	598
Stenography ...	99	107	49	116	132	95	598
Typewriting	37	76	18	30	..	56	217
Industrial—Vocational—							
Drawing	76	..	31	89	..	70	266
Shopwork	49	26	15	52	40	70	252
Cooking	94	66	112	177	55	89	593
Sewing	135	69	31	129	39	133	536
Millinery	60	86	115	69	25	55	410
Nursing	12	35	31	84	..	111	273
Art Needlework.	..	..	47	6	..	12	65
Civil Service	..	..	..	34	..	34	68
Regents Classes ..	..	107	..	..	..	..	107

It is earnestly recommended that in the future more attention be given to the extension of the work known as preparation for the civil service examinations; also for the preparation of candidates for the Regents' examinations. It is necessary for all who wish to enter the professions of law, medicine, pharmacy, etc., in the State of New Jersey to have completed an academic education such as is covered by the usual day high school course. Many desire to enter the professional schools who have not had a high school training. To these the Regents' preparatory courses offer a great boon.

Below are given statistics relating to total pupils enrolled, enrollment by departments, sex and age of pupils, occupations pursued by pupils, etc. All this information will be found of particular interest to the Board because of the light it throws upon the needs of the community in relation to the movement for industrial education.

STATISTICS RELATING TO ENROLLMENT, ETC., IN THE FAWCETT DRAWING SCHOOL.

Whole number of pupils enrolled to date (October, 1910):

Drawing School, main building.....	634
Burnet Street, annex.....	164
Market Street, annex.....	69
Total.....	867

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SCHOOL REPORT.

Departments in which these pupils are enrolled:

Art department	287
Industrial and crafts department.....	203
Mechanical department	254
Architectural department	123
Total.....	867

Sex and age of pupils enrolled:

	Under 20 years.		20 years and over.	
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
Art department	134	61	57	35
Industrial and crafts department.....	92	10	50	51
Mechanical department	188	..	66	..
Architectural department	84	..	39	..
Total.....	498	71	212	86

General occupations pursued by pupils:

Machinists and allied trades.....	164
Building trades	92
Jewelers and allied trades.....	113
Draughtsmen and industrial designers.....	74
Teachers	17
At school	49
At home	85
Miscellaneous	273
Total.....	867

Occupations pursued by pupils in details:

Machinists	80
Toolmakers	55
Patternmakers	11
Moulders	8
Sheet metal workers	3
Electrical workers	7
Jewelers	69
Engravers and chasers.....	25
Die Sinkers	6
Silversmiths	4
Enamelers	9
Carpenters	32
Plumbers	15
Masons	16
Painters	16
Steam fitters	3
Stonecutters	10
Draughtsmen	52
Designers	22
Clerks	74
Stenographers	13
Bookbinders	5
Teachers	17
At school	49
At home	85
Miscellaneous	181
Total.....	867

NEWARK.

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HIGH SCHOOL.

The enrollment of pupils at the Barringer High School shows a considerable increase over any preceding year. To accommodate this larger attendance it became necessary to open a third annex. Fortunately, the board was able to obtain for this purpose the use of the Newark Technical School. On February 1, 1910, at the opening of the mid-year term, pupils of the high school were again for the second time housed in this last named annex.

On February 1, 1910, the enrollment in the Barrington High School was 2,267, distributed as follows:

Barringer High School, main building.....	1,594
State Street, annex.....	361
Market Street, annex.....	239
Newark Technical School, annex.....	163
Total enrollment February 1, 1910.....	2,267

It is probable that the present accommodations will be found adequate until the beginning of the next mid-year term, February 1, 1911, but not longer.

By September 1, 1911 (in part perhaps by February 1, 1911) the East Side Manual Training High School will be completed, when one or more of the annexes may be discontinued. Six months to a year later, that is, by February 1, 1912, if all goes well, the Central Commercial and Manual Training High School will be completed. Then will end, let us hope, the long period of congestion in high school accommodations that has been suffered in this city for a generation or longer. Long before the Central Commercial and Manual Training High School will be likely to reach its maximum enrollment, the South Side High School will be completed. This will make four high schools where now we have but one.

In view of the fact that new schools of almost every description always create an increased demand, it is not safe to conclude that even four high schools will suffice for the needs of the City of Newark for a longer period than a few years. This judgment is based on the following propositions:

1st. The new high schools, by reason of their scattered locations, will bring their benefits to the very doors of a vastly larger number of patrons.

2nd. Courses will be opened in the new high schools which will be much more attractive than some of those now offered. I speak more particularly of commercial and industrial courses.

3rd. Competition will put new life into the whole high school situation. People will wake up to what their children have heretofore been losing.

4th. If the policy is adopted of opening up one, or more, of the high schools to pupils of the 8th grade, the number of those who will be eligible to enter high school will be considerably increased. The reduction of the elementary school course to seven (if not to six years) is sure to come as the next and greatest step in educational progress. I would like to see Newark take and hold the lead.

SCHOOL REPORT.

ADMITTING TO HIGH SCHOOL FROM SEVENTH GRADE.

In my report for last year, I recommend tentatively that if possible pupils should be admitted to the East Side High School from the 7th grammar school grade. The reasons therein stated were:

(a). The number of pupils who might thereby receive a high school education, in whole or in part, would be greatly increased.

(b). The age of twelve to thirteen being the beginning of the adolescent period, is a time when a change in environments and in methods of teaching is very desirable.

(c). If industrial or vocational courses were begun at an earlier age, boys and girls who are compelled to leave school at the age of fourteen to sixteen would nevertheless have had an opportunity to enjoy more of their benefits.

(d). It would make it unnecessary to equip grammar schools with an expensive outfit for vocational instruction. Shops, particularly iron working shops, are costly to equip with the necessary machinery.

I am strongly of the opinion that, in theory at least, our school system should be organized so as to admit pupils to high schools at least two years earlier than now, or at the beginning of the 7th grammar grade. If this is too radical a measure to go into effect at once, another plan, that of admitting to the high school at the beginning of the 8th grade would, I feel sure, be entirely practicable. Its operation might for a time being crowd the high school, or high schools, where introduced but it would release a great number of class rooms in the elementary schools that are now only half filled. The pinch of accommodations, it must be remembered, is always greatest in the lower grades, and is likely to remain so. Such an experiment would, in my judgment, lead eventually to a *seven*, instead of an *eight* years' course in all the grammar schools of the city. Hence would arise an enormous saving in the cost of schools, to say nothing of the greater benefit to be derived by the pupils by reason of saving a year's time.

This discussion leads naturally to the question: Are we now ready to reduce the grammar school course to *seven* years?

A SEVEN YEARS' ELEMENTARY SCHOOL COURSE.

Such a reduction would mean, in the first instance, a reorganization of the course of study, and to do this would mean the elimination of a large amount of subject matter that, in my judgment, might well be eliminated. Thus, for instance, algebra might well be cut out of the elementary school course. A considerable amount of history and geography might also be cut out—facts of history that are usually forgotten soon after they are memorized. Much less time might be given than is now given to the study of formal grammar—especially since the study of grammar could be pursued more advantageously under high school conditions. Proficiency in the 3 Rs, that is to say, the ability to read, write and cipher—and spell—need not be impaired in the least by a seven years' course. Pupils, as a rule, gain comparatively little in the three fundamental subjects during the last year in school; indeed, for that matter, the last two years of the grammar schools are, in my opinion, too *long drawn out*. Pupils gain too little for the time consumed.

NEWARK.

III

Witness the enormous dropping out of school at about this time due in no small measure to its being irksome.

It is a common experience in country schools where rigid grading does not impede the free progress of pupils that a boy or a girl of average ability who has reached the age of thirteen, by reasonable effort, is able to master the elementary arithmetic in a single year, sometimes even in a single term.

Too much time is wasted in the upper two grades of the grammar schools; or, in other words, there is no need of taking eight years to complete the elementary schools.

If other evidence were needed to prove the wisdom of reducing the time now taken to complete the elementary school course, it may be found in the plan already inaugurated by the State of New York, of making the elementary school course six years only. The six years' elementary school course has been recommended by the National Educational Association, and quite recently, also, by the New York City High School Principals' Association. It is the quite uniform practice in European countries to begin the secondary (high) school course earlier than is customary in this country. Kansas City, among American cities, has for many years completed its course below the high school in seven years. The claim made by Kansas City that it has given substantially the same work in *seven* years that other cities have been giving in *eight* years has never been successfully refuted. I would like to see the experiment tried in a group of grammar schools in this city. I believe that under the stimulus of admission to the high school a year earlier such a group of grammar schools would accomplish in seven years what they are now taking eight years to accomplish. In any event, nothing would be lost by the experiment and much gained if successful, since it would give an additional year for attending the high school.

SPECIAL CLASSES FOR DEFECTIVE CHILDREN.

On several occasions during the past three or four years investigations have been made in our schools and tabulated reports prepared showing the need of special classes for backward and defective children. The general subject has at all times elicited the warmest sympathy of the board. The chief and only reason for delay has been a reluctance on the part of the board toward beginning this work except under favorable conditions. The experience of other cities which had recently undertaken the inauguration of special classes was not altogether reassuring and did not seem to warrant any definite conclusions as to the best way in which to establish these special classes. From the beginning it has seemed to me desirable that defective children should be isolated in separate buildings where the conditions for their effective treatment as well as instruction would be better than could be hoped for in our crowded school buildings. Our only experience in Newark along this line has been with special classes of incorrigible and truant children. These from the beginning were put into isolated buildings. The need for isolating other special classes as, say, the feeble minded is not, it is true, quite the same. Isolation of the incorrigible child is somewhat of the nature of quarantine, that is to protect other children; whereas isolation of feeble minded children is chiefly for their own good and only incidentally for the good of the other children. One of the chief reasons for desiring to

SCHOOL REPORT.

teach the defective classes in separate school buildings is the fact that the ordinary school building has too little ground space for play, gardening, etc., activities absolutely essential in many cases to the training and development of certain classes of defectives. To put a class of defectives on the third, fourth or sometimes as I have witnessed it, on the fifth floor of a city school building, is justifiable only by necessity. I had hoped that before beginning to establish these classes the board might see its way clear to purchase suitable sites and to erect appropriate buildings, as has been done in the case of truants and incorrigibles. I am now convinced, however, that the necessity of doing something *at once* will justify making use temporarily of such buildings as we have. An aroused public sentiment will in due time make it possible for the board to provide more suitable accommodations.

Acting in accordance with the views stated above, I made, just before the end of the school year, a recommendation to open as soon as may be possible not less than five classes for the feeble minded, and other classes for the blind and the deaf; also, a recommendation to establish several open air classes. The board, I am pleased to state, received the recommendation cordially and directed that five classes for the feeble minded, and one each for the deaf and blind should be opened as soon as practicable after the beginning of the fall term. Acting in accordance with the authority so given, an inquiry was made after the opening of the schools in September of the present year as to the total number of defective children of the kinds mentioned above now in the schools. Principals were directed further to make inquiry outside of the school as to the number of defectives, particularly of the number of blind and of the deaf. This inquiry which was more thorough than before because of experience gained in making a similar inquiry earlier in the year, resulted as follows:

School.	Feeble Minded		Blind		Deaf		Dumb		Deaf and Dumb	
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
Nor. & Train.	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Abington Ave.	4	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..
Alexander St.	6	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
Ann Street...	5	6	3	..	..	2	..	..	4	2
Avon Avenue.	..	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	1	1
Belmont Ave.	6	5	1	..	2	..	..	..	3	1
Bergen Street.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	1
Bruce Street..	1	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
Burnet Street.	9	5	1	..	..	..	..	..	4	1
Central Ave...	9	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	4	..
Charlton St...	7	3	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	1
Camden Street	6	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	3
Chestnut St...	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
18th Avenue..	3	3	..	..	..	..	2	..	2	3
Elizabeth Ave.	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Elliot Street..	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
15th Avenue...	4	..	..	..	..	1	1	2	2	3
14th Avenue...	1	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..
Franklin	6	2	3	1	..	1	..	..	1	..
Hamburg Pl...	..	1	..	..	2	..	..	..	4	..
Hawkins St...	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Hawthorne Av	6	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

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be low but the *real* cost high. The distinction is based upon comparative efficiency, that is, on whether the full value of the expenditure for schools is in fact realized. The cost of schools can easily be kept down by employing cheaper teachers, increasing the number of pupils assigned to each teacher, cutting out evening schools, vacation schools, playgrounds, etc., providing fewer supplies, or in general, by paring down the cost without paying much, if any, regard to efficiency. The real cost is to be determined not so much by dollars as by results. The highest economy is to be secured through increasing the efficiency of the schools to the point where every dollar expended is made to yield its largest profit.

Thus, for instance, the manufacturer can better afford to pay \$4 per day to an employe who is earning him \$5 per day than to pay \$3 per day to the same employe if he is earning him *only* \$3 per day. The practical difficulty in education is to determine whether the employer is or is not getting his money's worth. The products of a school system, unlike those of a manufactory, cannot be standardized nor can their true value be readily ascertained.

Although the cost of education is already high, there are many who believe with Ex-President Eliot, of Harvard, that the cost of the schools must rise to a much higher figure before they can be said to be administered economically. Teachers' salaries are not high as compared with salaries paid in other vocations. Indeed, competition with other vocations is steadily diminishing the number of persons who wish to become teachers. Few can be found who will say that the schools are too well provided with equipment for teaching; or that unnecessary provision is being made for the health and comfort of pupils and teachers; or that the children are housed in school buildings, whatever the cost, that are too good for them. A saving of cost could be made, also, by increasing the size of classes; but in most instances classes are now too large for efficient teaching and should be still further reduced. Again, cost could be reduced by dispensing with supervision; but supervision cannot as a rule be safely dispensed with, nor reduced in amount. In fact, we must depend largely upon supervision to get the maximum profit from the other necessary expenditures that are made. Real economy in administering a school system will be found not in cutting down teachers' salaries, but in

- a. Paying salaries that will make teachers happy as well as comfortable, and that will thereby enable them to perform a maximum service to their pupils.

- b. Erecting school buildings that conserve the health of pupils and teachers; and that make study and teaching a delight and not a burden.

- c. Providing a sufficient equipment to make teaching productive and learning effective.

- d. Surrounding the school system with an atmosphere that gives life and health and vigor; that inspires joy and hope and energy and ambition.

And so I might go on almost indefinitely adding to the list of what makes for the more economical administration of schools. But, the remarkable thing about it all is that economy in education spells expense. And where shall expense stop? I should reply by saying, expense should stop (a) when it ceases to pay; (b) when we can no longer afford it. Exactly the same prin-

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ciples should apply that apply in business of any other kind. A manufacturing plant may be turning out goods at a loss; by doubling the size of the buildings, putting in new equipment and, in general, by incurring large expenditures for improvements, the plant may be put on a paying basis. No one believes for a moment that the schools are not on a paying basis. The question is: Are they paying as large a dividend as they should? And, if not; What can be done to increase the dividend? These are questions of vital importance to the welfare of the children.

SOME ASPECTS OF THE INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION PROBLEM.

There are few if any indications that public interest in industrial education has waned appreciably during the past year. On the contrary, judged by new laws that have been enacted in several States, interest in this new phase in education has largely increased. In discussing the subject of industrial education with many intelligent people in our city four questions are usually asked, particularly by those not wholly familiar with the aims, thus:

1st question: *Who are asking for it?* In reply to this query, I should say that there are at least three classes of our citizens who are asking for it; these are (a) the manufacturer who suffers in his business because of a lack of skilled labor; (b) the educator because of his interest in training his pupils to become useful citizens; and (c) the representatives of the labor union because of the bearing industrial education may have on the prospects and pay of its members.

Manufacturers in general affirm that they have greater difficulty than ever before in finding skilled operatives, especially all around mechanics. Modern methods of manufacture have militated against creating a large class of old fashioned all around mechanics. The present system of machine production and of piece labor makes it almost impossible for the ordinary employe to learn in the shop all parts of a trade; hence the apparent need of something being done by the school. A few of the larger manufacturing concerns of the country have established such schools for their own benefit.

The standpoint of the educator is altogether different from that of the manufacturer or of the representatives of labor. He views the problem from a purely educational standpoint—What does the boy or girl need to get on in the world? A certain amount of academic, or literary, training is useful and necessary for all. The traditional 3 Rs must, of course, be taught; but over and beyond this traditional requirement the educator has come, somewhat slowly it is true, to believe that some practical knowledge of a bread winning kind is useful and necessary, which by reason of the failure of other agencies and institutions, must be taught in the schools. We may, perhaps, best describe this view as the academic, or perhaps even better as the humanitarian view. As a rule the educator takes little or no interest in the manufacturer's point of view. He is apt to think that the manufacturer's interest is a selfish one as compared with his own, which is wholly humanitarian and unselfish. Nor is it strange or remarkable that the educator should interpret the manufacturer's interest in the way he does. Humanitarianism is not a distinguishing characteristic of the majority of mankind—especially when personal interests are concerned as in the case of the manu-

facturer who employs labor. The educator having no similar interests at stake is thinking only of the boy and of the girl—he is not willing that his pupil and ward should be exploited for the greed of anybody, not even for the greed of the parent, and much less for the greed of the manufacturer.

The third class of those chiefly interested in industrial education is the representative of the labor union. The Massachusetts Industrial Commission, when making its investigation about three years ago, reported that representatives of labor unions were in general disposed to look askance on the movement to introduce industrial training in the public schools. Whatever the attitude of the labor unions may have been at the outset of the present movement, the report of the Gompers Committee at the last annual meeting of the American Federation of Labor held at Toronto, and its adoption by the Federation puts labor unions fairly and unreservedly on the side of those who advocate industrial education in the public schools. I have read this remarkable report two or three times and am of the opinion that up to the present moment it is by all odds the best presentation of the subject of industrial education that has yet been made. There is little if anything in this report with which the educator is not altogether in sympathy. If it were not that the report itself is so easily available, I should feel disposed to quote liberally from it in this connection.

In the three classes I have mentioned above are to be found most of the active propagandists of industrial education at the present time. The curious thing about it is that the class likely to be most benefitted, the laborer himself, has as yet had little to say about it. Ordinarily it might be expected that apathy and indifference of this nature and to this extent would be fatal to the successful promotion of any cause however good and meritorious. Not so, however, in this instance since the favorable sentiment toward industrial education seems to be growing more rapidly than ever before.

2nd question: *What is it they are asking for?* Is the demand for industrial education in the nature of a protest against what is now being done in the schools? If by protest we mean lack of sympathy for the public schools and a belief in their general aims and efficiency, I say emphatically, "No." If by protest is meant friendly criticism of the way things are done and of the product of the schools, I reply, "Yes." Most people, it is safe to say, believe that the schools are too academic and unpractical; that they lay too great stress on the so-called "cultural" studies as opposed to those studies that are "practical." By practical studies are meant those of positive and immediate aid in breadwinning as soon as the boy or girl shall leave school to earn his own livelihood or to help support the family. Unfortunately there appears to be no general agreement as to what is and as to what is not "practical" in the matter of breadwinning. On the academic or "cultural" side all are now fairly well agreed on certain subjects that should be taught, although it has taken years of struggle and experiment to get together. It is a long reach from the curriculum of a hundred years ago to that of to-day. The first "grammar" schools that our forefathers set up as representing the "practical" needs of the times were Latin schools. May it not take perhaps an equal length of time to fully elaborate an industrial education curriculum best suited to all? There is this to be said about it; that we are living in an age when men think and act quickly; at a time, also, when many people wel-

come a change for change's sake. What in a former age might have required centuries to perform is now accomplished almost over night. Hence, I am of the opinion that the forms which industrial training may take on will be wrought out in a very short space of time. Great progress, in fact, has already been made by several progressive cities toward determining the best lines along which our present ideals of industrial education may be successfully realized. We are not, therefore, even now without chart and compass.

3rd question: *Why are they asking for it?* It is a fact,, familiar to every student of current events, that our country, like most other countries, has experienced for several years past a condition of educational unrest. This universal unrest is attributable to several causes, social, political and economic. The shifting of population including the growth of cities has been a remarkable phenomenon. Not less than one-third of the whole population of the United States now live in cities. If we include with cities, towns and villages which because of proximity to cities enjoy most of the advantages—and suffer the disadvantages—of urban life, at least one-half of the population of the United States may be said to reside in cities. This fact alone has practically revolutionized the mode of living as well as the pursuits of our people. Add to the foregoing the changes effected by the introduction of the factory system in industries that were formerly considered home industries—such, for instance, as the preparation of food, and the making of clothing—and we begin faintly to realize that we are living in a new era, social as well as industrial. It is because of such changes in our social and economic conditions that the school has had thrust upon it many of the functions heretofore performed almost exclusively by the home.

4th question: *How is it to be got?* The correct answer to this question is not so easily found. Twenty-five years ago it was thought by many that the introduction into schools of manual training would meet the industrial demand. This has been tried out with more or less success, but we have it on the authority of the Massachusetts Industrial Commission that manual training is little more than “a mustard poultice” or a “relish.” Its chief value, in fact, has been to lay bare our real needs and thereby help us to discover them. It is now generally admitted that some additional form, or forms, of school training must be devised to bring us nearer to the core of the problem, and that the core of the problem is practical efficiency. Even the most conservative of us are willing to admit that our traditional education has been altogether too academic. Knowledge rather than power to do has been too much the aim heretofore. We have devoted too much time to the study of books, and have neglected what is more important, namely, doing things with the hands. To set matters right means the creation of a new type of school, one that has for its prime aim practical usefulness, that is, the fitting of boys and girls for the more immediate duties of life and of a livelihood. Boys must be taught the elements of the handicrafts and of the industries; girls must be taught the domestic arts, as sewing, cooking, etc. So far as any of the crafts or industries have a scientific basis, our boys and girls must be taught the elementary facts and principles of the science upon which they are based.

It is often asked by thoughtful persons who are interested deeply in the

schools, "What effect will the addition of industrial training have upon the present teaching in the schools! Will it tend to cripple the schools in any way or to deteriorate the products of our present system?" Certainly our schools should not be handed over bodily to the industrial enthusiast to modify them at his free will. The correct attitude in this matter is shown by the following quotation from the report of the American Federation of Labor, to which allusion has already been made:

"Our movement in advocating industrial education protests most emphatically against the elimination from our public school system of any line of learning now taught. Education, technically or industrially must be supplementary to, and in connection with, our modern school system. That for which our movement stands will tend to make better workers of our future citizens, better citizens of our future workers."

These are words of wisdom as well as of patriotism. It is not the path of wisdom to break away at this time from the old system with its well established customs and traditions, and to put undue emphasis upon the industrial aims in education however important they may now appear to be. Rather should we recognize the merit of the new aims and seek gradually to adapt them to the existing order. From the beginning up to the present time the American State has abundantly prospered and grown rich, civilization has advanced among us, the conditions of life even for the masses have constantly improved. No other nation has prospered more. Now in so far as the prosperity and success of a people depend upon its schools—and we have been taught that free schools are the foundation of a nation's prosperity—we should be slow to make any radical changes without the most thorough and painstaking experiment and trial. Let us not forswear the old before proving the new.

CHANGES IN THE COMPULSORY EDUCATION AND CHILD LABOR LAWS.

We are confronted at this time in the State of New Jersey with a peculiar situation as regards compulsory education and child labor laws. According to the former, a child must remain in school until the age of seventeen years, unless (a) fifteen years of age and graduated from a grammar school, or (b) at least fourteen years of age, and exempted by action of the Board of Education on satisfactory evidence that the child's services are needed for the support of the family. In both cases the child must be legally employed, or his attendance at school is required. According to the child labor law, any child on arriving at the age of fourteen may be given a certificate permitting him to go to work.

Obviously the two laws conflict with each other, occasioning more or less friction, and consequent dissatisfaction on the part of parents of the children as well as on the part of those charged with the enforcement of the law.

In the opinion of many, if not of most of those who are charged with the enforcement of the compulsory education law, the seventeen year limit is too high for its full and impartial enforcement. Under the operation of this law, out of 1,688 applications 1,412 exemptions were granted by the Board of Education to enable pupils between the ages of fourteen and seventeen to leave school to go to work; 276 applications, or about sixteen per cent, were de-

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nied. It is not known how many left school to go to work on the authorization of the Bureau of Labor, without taking the trouble to apply to the Board of Education to be exempted.

The radical objection to the compulsory education law as it stands is that it is not, and perhaps cannot be, impartially enforced throughout this State. Most parents will obey the law as a matter of course; others will not. It is an easy matter to say that the school authorities should see to it that the law is strictly enforced; but therein lies the difficulty. Of the 1,412 exemptions granted by the board during the last year, probably seventy-five per cent. were deserving cases. In ten per cent., at least, of the cases favorably acted upon it has been practically impossible after a most searching inquiry by the attendance department to ascertain the facts with absolute certainty. The sworn statement of the parent that the services of the child are necessary for the support of the family has to be taken through lack of evidence to the contrary, although convinced that the parent's statement is untrue. I sometimes question whether the school authorities are not asked to perform a large and unnecessary amount of work that is not justified by the results. I would recommend, therefore, that the law be amended in the following particulars:

1st. The upper limit of the compulsory education age be fixed at the age of sixteen instead of seventeen.

2nd. That on reaching the age of fifteen, any child may leave school provided a certain educational standard has been reached, say, the sixth grade, and provided further the child's services are needed for the support of the family.

As to who shall determine whether the child's services are needed, I am disposed to think it should be left as now, with the Board of Education, subject to appeal to the judge of the juvenile court. In general, I favor vesting control of the education machinery wholly in the hands of the Board of Education. But the determining as to whether a child's services are needed for the support of the family is more a judicial matter, it seems to me, than of a purely educational matter, and hence the suggestion that an appeal may lie to the judge of the juvenile court. The decision of the school authorities should be final as to the educational attainments of the child applying for exemption. The jurisdiction of the judge of the juvenile court would, therefore, be limited to the facts relating to the need of the child's services for the support of the family.

The child labor law should be amended in such a manner that no permit can hereafter be granted until after all the conditions provided in the compulsory education act have been complied with, such for instance as: (a) certificate by the Board of Education stating that the child has fulfilled the educational requirements, or (b) a certificate from the judge of the juvenile court stating that the child has been exempted from the conditions imposed by the compulsory education law.

PUBLIC SCHOOL ATHLETICS.

Last year the board purchased for the use of the public schools of the city an athletic field consisting of about nine acres of ground on Roseville avenue near Bloomfield avenue. There has been an unforeseen delay in get-

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ting this field into shape for use by the schools. It is expected, however, that it will be graded, fenced, buildings erected, etc., before the end of the present school year.

The opening of this field will mark an epoch in the history of public elementary school athletics in this city. Some years ago the Principal's Association started an athletic organization which has steadily gained strength as well as popularity. For several years athletic meets have been held under the auspices of this association at the end of the school year in June. These athletic contests have been exceedingly popular, and have been participated in by thousands of pupils of the elementary schools. The last annual meet which was held by the girls at the First Regiment Armory and by the boys at Wiedenmeyer's Park, was participated in by all the schools of the city, save seven primary schools, most of which have but one or two classes. The number of events was 39, and the number of entries was 6,043.

The value of these athletic contests is not merely physical and hygienic; their value as a means for moral training has never been lost sight of. Legitimate competition, the laws of the game, acquiescence in the verdict of the judges, appropriate conduct toward rivals, etc., are lessons that are inculcated in the athletic field—nowhere else so well.

The chief danger connected with public school athletics is its interference, if not curbed, with the other work of the school. Principals of schools should see to it that every precaution is taken to make such interference impossible.

OUTSIDE EDUCATIONAL AGENCIES.

Within the past few years the schools have enjoyed the co-operation and aid of several outside agencies, of which the Russell Sage Foundation and the Bureau of Municipal Research are the chief.

The Russell Sage Foundation was incorporated under the laws of the State of New York in April, 1907, with an endowment by Mrs. Russell Sage of ten million dollars. Its charter, which is a very broad one, states the purpose of the Foundation to be "the improvement of social and living conditions in the United States of America."

In carrying out this broad conception of its purpose, the Foundation has sought to limit its activity to fields not already occupied, or likely soon to be occupied, by other individuals or agencies. Education, as a matter of course, presents an inviting field, especially those aspects that affect social and living conditions, such, for instance, as medical inspection of school children, defective school children, causes of retardation of children in the schools, school recreations, school gardening, playgrounds, open air classes, and the like.

No other two books on educational subjects have so largely influenced the schools of the country during recent years as Ayres' *Laggards in Our Schools* and Gulick's *Medical Inspection of Schools*. Other publications of the Foundation as *Open Air Schools*, by Dr. Ayres, and *Wider Use of School Plant* by Perry, are likely to be almost epoch making in their influence upon public school education in this country.

I understand it to be the purpose of the Foundation to continue and to extend its investigations into the field of common school administration, particularly in order to discover the relation of the latter to the problem of

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"waste" of all kinds. Some fifteen or more years ago the Forum, under the editorship of Dr. J. M. Rice, in a series of articles based upon the investigations made by him, attacked vigorously the problem of "waste" in the schools. Little permanent good was accomplished at the time because of lack of funds to extend and to carry on the work. The country at large is to be congratulated that, under the splendid endowment of Mrs. Russell Sage, this great work can now be undertaken and carried out upon a scale commensurate with its importance. Modern science with its exact methods of observation and research has revolutionized many lines of human industry and has enormously enlarged its productive output. It will be contrary to human experience if the application of the scientific method to the work of the schools does not result in similar benefits. The advent of the Russell Sage Foundation into the domain of public school education should be heartily commended.

The country at large is to be congratulated, also, because of the entrance into the field of education of another agency, to wit, the Bureau of Municipal Research, New York City. The chief effort of the Bureau thus far has been to secure more reliable information concerning the schools of the country through better reports on the part of superintendents and other school officials. It is a common complaint even among school officers themselves that owing to diversity in methods of making up reports it is next to impossible to get reliable and satisfactory statistics upon which to base comparisons between the schools of one city or district and those of another. Such common expressions as average attendance, average school membership, per capita cost of school maintenance, etc., have no exact significance until they are read in the light of other facts sometimes difficult or impossible to ascertain from the reports that are published. On the other hand, most school reports give a large amount of statistical matter that might just as well be omitted so far as it has any value either for home consumption or for consumption abroad. Like the items in a business ledger such data are useful only for a specific purpose, namely, to secure a total or to find a balance when one is needed. Thereafter they have no further use except it may be for reference, in which case it is always possible for any one who needs to know the items to go back to the original books themselves. In other words, school reports as a rule contain a great deal of statistical rubbish that is of use to no one. It is also a fact that school reports usually omit to give much that is needed by an expert to determine whether a school system is being economically and efficiently administered.

Into this field, then, has come the Bureau of Municipal Research in order to produce order out of chaos. Its several attacks on the conditions that are said to exist in New York City, whether well founded or not I am unable to say, have been useful in other cities where conditions are no better, and perhaps a good deal worse, than in New York City. I might with propriety add that the 1909 school report of New York City is a most admirable document. In my judgment it is by far the most satisfactory school report that has ever come under my observation for its plainness and cogency of statement and for its reasonable fulness of details, and for what is of almost equal importance, its careful and thorough indexing whereby its contents are readily available.

The Bureau of Municipal Research has been of still further aid to educa-

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tion by its collection and distribution, through printed slips and circulars, of current facts and opinions about educational matters in all parts of the country. This is an entirely new field of educational activity and one that promises a great deal of good. Boards of education often hesitate to undertake new matters until assured that they have been successfully carried out elsewhere. It is surprising indeed what ignorance prevails even among superintendents in large cities and school districts of what the rest of the school world is doing. Since there is no central, or national, school system in this country progress must come from below and not from above. The widest dissemination of school information is needed or otherwise there is likely to be little progress, but great waste in experimentation. The Bureau of Municipal Research is doing for the schools what Dun's or Bradstreet's commercial agency is doing for the business interests of the country. Reporting is fully as important in the one case as in the other. Whether it is the purpose of the Bureau to extend its work into other fields of educational activity I do not know. Very likely not, if it intends to cultivate this field thoroughly, a field which no other agency has yet shown an intention to occupy.

I might add to the foregoing that the National Educational Association has taken up the matter of standardizing educational reports, and with more hope of a successful outcome than ever before. In my judgment, the impetus already given the subject by the Bureau of Municipal Research during the past year or two has had no little part in stirring up the National Educational Association to renew its activity in this direction. Let us welcome, therefore, the Bureau of Municipal Research to the ranks of those institutions and agencies that aim to assist the regularly constituted authorities in maintaining public schools for the benefit of the people.

INSTRUCTION IN THE MORAL TRAINING OF CHILDREN.

Through the interest taken by the Newark Education Association in the welfare of the schools an offer was made to the Board to provide the necessary funds for a period of three years to inaugurate a series of lectures, or lessons, on the moral training of children. It was proposed by the association that these lessons should be given in the Normal and Training School for the benefit of those who were about to become teachers. The Board, having accepted the proposition of the Newark Education Association, appointed as its first lecturer Dr. John Elliott, of the School for Ethical Training, New York City. Dr. Elliott has been engaged for several years in giving this kind of instruction in connection with his duties as teacher in the above named school, and as head of the Hudson Guild, New York City. A course consisting of six lectures, all of a practical nature, were given in the Normal and Training School by Dr. Elliott. The topics of these lectures were as follows:

The Spirit of Ethics Teaching.

The Use of the Story in Moral Training.

The Teaching of Ethics Through Literature.

The Use of History in Character Building.

Moral Values Involved in School Discipline.

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Although considerable skepticism existed at first in the minds of many as to whether formal training in morals is practicable in the public schools Dr. Elliott's lectures made it clear that a certain amount of direct moral training is feasible if right methods are pursued.

These methods are:

- (a) To make good use of all the opportunities that are supplied by the school environment.
- (b) To arrange the literature taught on the basis of its moral content.
- (c) To adapt methods of discipline of such a nature as to train pupils to acquire habits of moral action.
- (d) To avoid namby pamby and dilletante modes of teaching that might be expected to tire if not to disgust pupils.
- (e) To live before the eyes of the pupils a life of such purity of motive and perfection of conduct that it may well serve as a model for imitation.

The value of Dr. Elliott's lectures was three fold:

First—It gave his pupils an insight into the difficult problems involved in moral teaching of children.

Second—It pointed out methods to be avoided as well as to be pursued.

Third—It inspired his pupils to believe that moral training, if kept before them as a conscious aim, could be made to bear its hoped for fruit in the lives and conduct of their pupils.

It is expected that these lectures will be continued during the coming year. Arrangements have been made to secure Dr. Henry H. Goddard, of the New Jersey Institute for the Feebleminded at Vineland, to give the series of lectures for 1910. Dr. Goddard has had remarkable success in character building among the feebleminded. This field is an exceptionally difficult one owing to the weak wills of the feeble minded. It is believed that the principles and methods so successfully employed in the training of defectives will afford valuable guidance in training children of the normal type.

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WILLIAM CLINTON ARMSTRONG, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR:—The following items concerning the advancement made in school affairs during the past school year may be of interest.

Appropriations were secured for the erection of two new school buildings.

The Board of School Estimate fixed the amount of money necessary for the purchase of land adjacent to the present school site in the First Ward at one thousand dollars, and for the erection of a new school building and the proper furnishing thereof at forty thousand dollars. They also fixed the amount necessary for the purchase of a new school site in the Sixth Ward at ten thousand dollars, and for the erection of a new school building and the proper furnishing thereof at forty thousand dollars.

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The efforts to erect these two new buildings have been continuous and energetic but many difficulties were encountered, and as a result little has been accomplished except the purchase of the land in each of the two wards named.

The following data show that the work of medical inspection has been fully inaugurated and is being carried on systematically:

Number of pupils examined.....	2,465
Number of pupils sent home.....	103
Visitations to homes.....	87
Visitations to schools.....	67
Re-admitted to school.....	129
Vaccinations	35
Treated at office exclusive of vaccinations.....	116
Pupils placed in charge of District Nurse.....	29
Lectures to teachers.....	3

An individual examination was given to each pupil, at the Inspector's office, with the exception of the pupils of the first grade and kindergarten, who were examined at the schools. The result of such examination is as follows:

Number of pupils examined 2,465, Bad nutrition 153, Cardiac disease 16, Pulmonary and bronchial disease 66, Skin disease 139, Deformity of spine 3, Deformity of chest 4, Deformity of extremities 2, Defective vision 212, Defective hearing 40, Defective nasal breathing 115, Defective teeth 1,037, Defective palate 5, Hypertrophied tonsils 244, Defective mentality 38, Number of pupils not examined because of absence 322, Not Vaccinated 120.

While this record shows that over 80 per cent. of our pupils have some defect serious enough to record, it does not mean, however, that our schools are filled with physical wrecks. The defect recorded may be nothing more serious than a bad tooth. Subsequent examinations will show a great improvement, as many of the defects have been corrected by physician, surgeon or dentist. In order that the results of the work may be of practical value, the records will follow the pupil from room to room, and from school to school, so that the teacher may know the pupils that should be favored because of eye or ear trouble and seat them accordingly.

A special school census covering the entire city was taken during the year under the direction and at the expense of the Board of Education. The census included all children less than nineteen years of age. The total number of names taken was 6,980.

Manual Training has been introduced during the year and made an integral part of the course of study.

In May, 1909, the Board of Education asked the Board of Estimate for one thousand dollars for the purpose of introducing Manual Training. The Board of Estimate increased this amount and appropriated fifteen hundred dollars for that purpose. The State duplicated that amount. Hence there was a total of three thousand dollars which as a special fund was to be devoted exclusively to the introduction and maintenance of a course in Manual Training.

It was decided to begin with benchwork in the High School department. No room suitable for such purpose being available, it became necessary to remodel a part of the basement.

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Twenty benches were bought from Hammacher, Schlemmer & Company, style K, maple, four feet long and eighteen inches over all, each with a wooden tail-vise and Toles's No. 50 rapid-acting head-vise. Each bench was equipped with a set of tools, including knife, ruler, T square, guage, plane, jack-plane, saw, claw-hammer, whisk and brush. The equipment also included a combination bench for demonstration purposes and a general collection of tools for occasional use.

Mr. Howard S. Margerum was chosen to be the Instructor in Manual Training. The course of study was to be approved by the State, so a general outline of the proposed course was drawn up. This outline was then elaborated and worked out in detail by Mr. Margerum. This course thus outlined and defined was submitted to the Board of Education and adopted, and it was then forwarded to the State Board of Education and approved.

The course thus approved begins with paper-folding and drawing in the first year of the primary department and continues until the completion of the third year in the High School department, including weaving and clay modeling, and also benchwork and turning for the boys and sewing and cooking and home economics for the girls.

OUTLINE OF COURSES IN MANUAL AND INDUSTRIAL TRAINING ADOPTED FOR THE CITY OF NEW BRUNSWICK, 1910.

BOYS.

First Year.

1. Paper Folding.
2. Drawing.

Second Year.

1. Paper Folding.
2. Drawing.
3. Paper Cutting.

Third Year.

1. Drawing.
2. Paper Cutting.
3. Paper Weaving.

Fourth Year.

1. Drawing.
2. Paper Weaving.
3. Weaving.

Fifth Year.

1. Drawing.
2. Weaving.
3. Clay Modeling.

Sixth Year.

1. Drawing.
2. Clay Modeling.
3. Weaving.

Seventh Year.

1. Knife Work.

Eighth Year.

1. Knife Work.

GIRLS.

First Year.

1. Paper Folding.
2. Drawing.

Second Year.

1. Paper Folding.
2. Drawing.
3. Paper Cutting.

Third Year.

1. Drawing.
2. Paper Cutting.
3. Paper Weaving.

Fourth Year.

1. Drawing.
2. Paper Weaving.
3. Weaving.

Fifth Year.

1. Drawing.
2. Weaving.
3. Clay Modeling.

Sixth Year.

1. Sewing.

Seventh Year.

1. Sewing.

Eighth Year.

1. Sewing.

SCHOOL REPORT.

HIGH SCHOOL.

Ninth Year.

1. Bench Work.

Tenth Year.

1. Bench Work.

Eleventh Year.

1. Bench Work.
2. Turning.

Ninth Year.

1. Sewing.

Tenth Year.

1. Cooking.

Eleventh Year.

1. Cooking.
2. Home Economics.

ORANGE.

JAMES G. RIGGS, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR:—Herewith is submitted my report of the condition of the public schools of the city of Orange for the year 1909-1910.

The following table gives the statistical record:

Total number of days schools were kept open.....	191
Total number enrolled.....	4,428
Average attendance	3,308
Number of cases of tardiness.....	3,790
Number enrolled in Kindergarten.....	773
Number enrolled in Primary Grades.....	2,425
Number enrolled in Grammar Grades.....	981
Number enrolled in High School Grades.....	249
Number of teachers employed.....	128

Quoting from last year's report, "The most noteworthy events of the year's administration have been the change, on January 1, 1909, from a Board of fifteen members to one of nine, made up of a new personnel, and the completion of additions to two school buildings. The increased accommodation permitted us to put twelve part-time classes on full time." The good results following the changes mentioned have been continued, to the satisfaction of all.

Our buildings, eight in number, are now in better condition than ever before, with the exception of the oldest one, which will receive attention in due time. The increase in the number of rooms has permitted an arrangement of classes, so that, with few exceptions, we have one grade in a room, instead of two. This advantage has been made possible by having some of the children travel a little further than before to the school where their grade is established. The increasing population will soon require more accommodations.

Many of the teachers have kept up professional courses in New York City

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and we have had the advantage of excellent speakers at General Teachers' Meetings. Some teachers from a distance have been engaged, whose inspiration has been felt by those who have been in the system for a longer period.

As to supervision, we have special teachers and supervisors in Music, Drawing, Carpentry, Sewing, Cooking and Writing. Our problem is to meet the needs of an industrial community, only a small percentage of whose children attain even to the Eighth Grade. By no means do we consider the problem solved, but we are seeking light and leading from other cities which can afford to make costly experiment. It is to be hoped that some continuation school, prepared to train in the vocations, may sometime be established within reach of our working population.

This year has seen the inauguration of the work of an Attendance Officer. The chief difficulty has been with ignorant parents, who, coming to this country to work, resent the law which says their children shall not work when they choose to set them to earning money for the family purse. The number of children who have been brought in and kept in is a gratifying proof of the efficiency of the service rendered by an Attendance Officer. A few parents have been fined and a few habitual truants, who were beyond the control of their parents and otherwise delinquent, have been sent to the Reform School.

Equally successful with the work of the Attendance Officer has been the work of the Medical Inspector and two School Nurses. The preparation of forms, the individual examination and record for each one, the special cases, the instructions sent home as to cleanliness, the daily inspection for contagion, the intensive examinations when contagion was prevalent,—this has been the work of a most conscientious and careful Medical Inspector. To it has been added some most needed and valuable instruction in hygiene and morals, an undertaking unique, so far as I know, in this State.

The payment to the Teachers' Retirement Fund has been regular.

Arbor Day was observed with appropriate exercises, and trees, shrubs and flowers were set out.

Flag Day had due recognition, with an address on the Battle of Springfield, whose 130th anniversary occurs this year.

A pleasing innovation was introduced in the High School. The heads of the departments of the municipal government, from the Mayor down, were invited to speak twenty minutes on "The part my office plays in the City Government." Later, our Assemblyman and Senator spoke on the topic in relation to the State Government, and we have promise of the Governor to close the series. The theory of the office was set forth in each case, and the pupils saw the person who had assumed the trust of public office.

The year has been marked by distinct progress in each line of our activities and particularly in the increased interest the people have taken in the public schools.

PASSAIC.

U. G. WHEELER, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. C. J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR:—I submit herewith a brief statement of the School Department for the city of Passaic. The report you desire is supposed to cover the year ending June 30th, 1910. As my term of service began in September, 1910, I cannot, of course, speak intelligently of the work for the year preceding.

I found the department well organized and the schools in excellent condition. It is my opinion that Passaic stands well among the cities of the State in the liberal and progressive spirit shown towards matters educational. While its per capita cost for the support of schools is less than that of many other cities, the proportion of the total tax levy apportioned to schools exceeds, I am told, that of any other city in the State.

The system, as organized, seems comprehensive and adequate, including kindergarten training for all the children in the city, full equipment and ample accommodations for all the grades, and High School facilities second to no city in the State. Drawing, music, penmanship, physical training, domestic science and manual training are in charge of specialists, with sufficient assistants to render the work broad and effective throughout both the grades and the High School.

Passaic has had quite a remarkable growth during the past decade, very nearly doubling in population, and the enrollment in the public schools has more than doubled in the same period, notwithstanding the fact that parochial schools have largely increased. That the city has fully kept pace with this growth, by providing adequate school accommodations, proves that the citizens of Passaic hold in high esteem the importance of free education, and are ready to make every needed sacrifice to provide for the same. During the past ten years, by the enlargement of old buildings and the construction of new, one hundred and nineteen class rooms have been opened, including a fine High School building, representing the highest type of school architecture and fire proof construction, which alone cost over \$300,000. This building is complete in every particular, including a large and magnificent auditorium, a well equipped gymnasium, and several manual training and domestic science rooms.

And yet this expansion is only adequate for present needs. Already steps are being taken to secure land and mature plans for one or two more school houses, the need of which will be operative before it is possible to complete the same.

On the professional side, I find a corps of well-trained teachers' imbued with professional spirit, and striving earnestly to meet the increased demands of modern educational ideals. My purpose and chief anxiety will be to keep alive this enthusiasm and to strengthen the force just as far as possible through a careful selection of teachers, both as to new appointments and the elimination of inefficiency.

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The new year is opening auspiciously, and there is every reason to anticipate a year of success and progress. It marks the beginning of certain important undertakings and the expansion of work along several lines. The department of physical training has been started with two directors, and already marked enthusiasm is apparent in this work. A supervisor of penmanship, professionally trained, now gives full time to this subject, and additional directors and assistants have been employed for manual training and domestic science. A special class is maintained for backward and abnormal children, also a class for incorrigibles. We hope to have additional classes for these purposes at no distant day.

We are at present continuing the work started last year of revising courses of study in various subjects. I also plan to make a special local study of the cause of non-promotions and retardations, with a view of classifying the causes and, if possible, of discovering and applying remedies that will decrease the educational and economic waste from this source.

Whatever success may be realized will be due in no small measure to the earnest and willing co-operation of our able corps of supervising principals, and to the splendid work of my very efficient primary supervisor.

PATERSON.

JOHN R. WILSON, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR:—I submit herewith a brief report on conditions in the Paterson schools for the year 1909-1910:

A lack of adequate school accommodations is still the most important problem before the Board of Education in Paterson. The opening of School No. 23 on February 1st caused a material reduction in the number of part-time pupils. School No. 23 is a fireproof building of 24 class-rooms, accommodating 1,000 pupils. School No. 24 will be opened in September. This building also is fireproof, contains 24 large class-rooms, with seats for 1,000 pupils, and a large auditorium with a seating capacity of 800. This is the finest school building that has ever been erected in Paterson. Steps have already been taken to erect a building of 32 class-rooms to be ready in September, 1911. The normal increase in our school enrollment is from 800 to 1,000 pupils every year. It will be necessary, therefore, for this city to erect a new building each year, in order to provide sufficient school accommodation.

During the year two courses of lectures were given under the auspices of the Paterson Teachers' Association. Dr. H. H. Horne, of New York University, gave a course of thirty lectures on "History and Principles of Education"; Dr. Taylor, of New York University, gave a course of thirty lectures on "Methods of Teaching." Three hundred teachers attended these lectures.

We have had little difficulty in enforcing the compulsory attendance law

with children under the age of fourteen; but without the active co-operation with the police department we cannot compel the attendance at school of children between 14 and 17 years of age. We have only one truant officer, and it is impossible for him to attend to all the cases of unnecessary absence. Furthermore, when offenders are brought into court, they are not always punished as severely as they deserve, and this leads many people to think that the law may be disregarded.

During the year the Board of Education received 370 applications for exemption from school attendance of children over 14 years of age. Of these 268 applications were granted and 102 rejected.

PERTH AMBOY.

S. E. SHULL, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR:—The annual report of the general condition of the public schools of this city for the year 1909-1910 is herewith submitted.

The pupils constituting our enrollment find accommodations in ten buildings. With two exceptions, all of our school houses were erected during the past fourteen years; hence they are modern in architectural design as well as in all the appointments conducive to the health and comfort of the pupils. The two buildings erected prior to 1896 were so remodeled recently as to have incorporated within them modern heating and ventilating plants. The light area in one of the two was made to conform to the legal requirements of new buildings, but the construction of the other was such as to preclude any additional means of improving the lighting surface.

Two new buildings were completed during the year. One of these is a grammar school of nineteen class-rooms which, including the site cost \$75,000. The second of the two buildings entailing an expenditure of \$32,000, contains eight rooms, and was so planned as to admit of its enlargement to a sixteen-room building.

Our accommodations, with some overcrowding in three sections, were sufficient to enable all pupils to attend school full time.

For a number of years past college graduation has been required of all additions to our corps of high school teachers, and at the present time 99 per centum of these teachers are representatives of college training.

Among other qualifications requisite to employment in the grades below the high school is that of normal school training or its equivalent. The normal schools of the country have a representation of 81 per centum of the total number of our grade force.

Our requirements in the qualification of teachers, have been very materially increased during the past five years, as is indicated by the statement that during that time teachers of normal school training have increased from 52

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to 81 per centum in the grades, while those in the high school holding college diplomas have increased from 33 to 92 per centum during the same period.

The question of more effective supervision has been given considerable attention during the past three years. Prior to 1908 the superintendent was expected to do all the supervision, effective or otherwise. When the clerical work and countless other details incident to the superintendency were reckoned with, it was found that but little time was left for the exercising of actual supervisory functions. To remedy the condition then existing, clerical help was provided for the superintendent, and principals ceased to teach the highest grades of their buildings.

During the past year we resorted to a supervisory plan that worked so satisfactorily that its continuance for another year has been decided upon. The number of class-rooms in our buildings range from six to nineteen. Where the buildings are not too far apart and where the number of teachers does not exceed fourteen per school, two of the latter are placed in charge of one principal. By this method we think we are getting pretty effective supervision, and are sure it is a vast improvement over conditions previously existing.

The compulsory attendance law has been pretty thoroughly enforced during the year. To further the intent of the law more effectually, we find the plan of delegating the authority of a truant officer to a regular police official works best here. This latter's time is given exclusively to school work. From the fact that this was the first year in which a serious attempt was made to enforce the law, much difficulty was experienced at the reopening of the schools. By reason of the great number of children who had planned to take their schooling on the street, or on continuing to be employed regardless of legal provisions, it was found necessary to utilize a good portion of the city's police force during the opening week of school in a general round-up of youthful delinquents. Scores of children were thus brought in at the earliest possible date and, unless excused by the Board of Education, were held to school work during the entire year. Heretofore, the annual loss in the enrollment of the grammar grades was about 30 per centum; but under the enforcement of the attendance law we closed the year with a loss of but 6 per centum.

All of our pupils were subjected to at least one physical examination by the medical inspector during the year. In addition to the time spent in the schools incident to the examination of pupils, the inspector visited each school not less than twice a month and responded at all times to the numerous calls for his service by the school authorities.

No difficulty has been experienced in collecting the percentages from teachers, who, either of their own volition or by virtue of the law, belong to the Retirement Fund Association. The proper amounts were deducted by the secretary of the Board of Education at the time of each of the ten monthly payments of salary. Except in cases where newly employed teachers were not conversant with the law relative to the retirement fund, no hostility whatever was manifested.

Manual training became a part of our school work in 1908 and is an exceedingly popular subject. While the course pursued includes work of such character as is taken by communities in general, there is a very strong popular demand for its extension in certain directions. Our limited facilities at present

will permit of no extension of the work next year, but local demands will doubtless necessitate the enlargement of our plant and the enrichment of the course in the very near future.

The plant in use is a portable building 36 feet by 23 feet, containing twenty work benches and a full equipment of tools for working in wood. The work in the latter begins with boys of the sixth grade and is continued through the eighth grade. They are started with thin wood construction, such as trunk tags, letter boxes, picture frames, plate racks, taborets, joinery, etc., and complete the course with parts of cabinet making, such as the constructing of chairs, tables and book-cases. Two periods of forty minutes each per week are given to woodwork, the work having been required of all the 460 boys enrolled in the grades named above.

The boys of 4th and 5th grades, 468 in number have construction work that consists of making objects of raffia, pasteboard boxes, etc., portfolios, calendars, clay modeling and basketry. One period of forty minutes per week is given to this work.

Our sewing begins with the girls of the 4th grade, and is continued through the first year of the high school. A beginning is made with simple canvas work, stitching, basting, darning, patching, making of work bags, small garments, undergarments, skirts, etc. The course also includes drafting to scale, use of patterns and cutting. From forty to eighty minutes per week were given to sewing, the subject being taught to 946 girls.

In its various phases drawing is taken up with the child upon his passing from the kindergarten, and is continued throughout the entire school course. The work begins with free-hand drawing of straight lines and circles and takes up pictorial drawing, water coloring, free-hand drawing from pose, flowers, animals, birds, etc., historic ornament and mechanical drawing. During the year 4,810 pupils took the work prescribed for the several grades, each child having spent from thirty to sixty minutes per week in this very popular school subject.

The teaching force in the manual training department consists of three individuals.

Arbor Day and Flag Day were observed in a befitting manner. Our grounds are in such condition as to preclude much being done on Arbor Day other than that of indoor exercises and instruction relative to the care of plants, and seed planting. The work of our shade tree commission supplant the former activities of children in tree planting along the streets or on public grounds.

A few of the schools have diminutive vegetable and flower gardens which are carefully tended by pupils.

For the first time in our history, the Teachers' County Institute was held in this city. The work of the institute was given wholly to instruction on industrial training. In keeping with the occasion, our schools had on exhibition all lines of manual training work as it is carried out here and we feel that it added somewhat to the great success of the institute.

Whatever else may have resulted from the institute, an impetus was surely given to industrial training in this part of the State that will, doubtless, make for great good. While the gathering of teachers at an annual institute

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seems to be going out of date in New Jersey, we think it deserving of a prominent place among the educational forces of the State, and that the latter would be making a very wise expenditure of money by materially increasing the amount necessary to place and retain it as a potent educational factor.

PHILLIPSBURG.

LEWIS O. BEERS, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR:—The past two years have been years of progress. Closer relations exist between the citizens and the school officials, the home and the school. This co-operation is most welcome as schools are successful only as they have the confidence of the people. Through the co-operation of the Board of Education and the citizens during the past two years the John Firth building was erected and equipped at a cost of \$32,068.99; the high school building was erected and equipped at a cost of \$58,659.44; while for a building on Pursel Hill, the estimate committee has granted \$20,000, making a total of \$110,728.43 for buildings and equipment.

Such liberal expenditure causes us to feel gratified and to believe our appeal for an extension of school facilities is appreciated by the people of the town.

With the erection of these buildings, additional class rooms are now at the disposal of the Board of Education. In the John Firth building we have two empty rooms; in the Sitgreaves, one, in the Lovell, one. The teaching force three years ago numbered fifty; now, fifty-eight. The enrollment in the high school three years ago was 220; now 305. The total enrollment three years ago was 2,095; for the year 1909-1910, 2,159.

The aggregate amount of salary paid three years ago was \$32,161.28; for the year 1909-1910, \$36,632.50.

There are enrolled in the schools at the present time the following pupils from outside the town :

High School	81
Grade below High School.....	6

The tuition paid in the departments is as follows: High school, \$50 a year; grammar grades, \$30; primary grades, \$20. The total amount of tuition paid for these pupils is \$4,220.

A system of medical inspection has been established and in operation for the past nine months. The reports of the medical inspector show that during that time he has examined 341 pupils for defects so marked that in the majority of cases they were noticed by the teacher. Of 266 cases tabulated, the defects were as follows:

SCHOOL REPORT.

Disease of Ear.....	11
Disease of Eye.....	56
Disease of Mouth.....	3
Disease of Skin.....	38
Disease of Nose.....	54
Disease of Nervous System.....	27
Disease of Throat.....	38
General Debility	39

The majority of the above named diseases have received the proper medical and surgical attention, and the pupils are making greater progress in their studies.

A number of changes have been made in text books.

In arithmetic, the "Spiral Method" was abandoned in the grammar grades and the topical method introduced. Special care has been taken to teach well the practical and useful topics, eliminate the obsolete, and fix the essential processes by careful teaching and constant drill.

On language special stress has been laid, including reading, spelling and written and oral composition. Many failures in other branches are caused not only by the inability of the pupil to get the thought from the printed page, but also by his inability to give effective expression to the thought. Regular drills are now given four times a week in this most important branch, resulting in increased confidence on the part of the pupil, encouraging free oral and written expression as well as orderly and effective arrangement of thought. In writing the intermediate slant was introduced to take the place of the vertical system.

New text books were introduced in history, geography and grammar. These changes were made gradually and only as new books were needed to replace those in use.

Scores of children are reported each year as being unnecessarily absent from school. These cases are carefully investigated by the attendance officer; and while some would be a drawback to the class and a hindrance to the teacher, others are being sinned against by parents who do not seem to understand the benefits of school discipline and the value of a good education.

Departmental teaching has now passed the experimental stage and the results have been very satisfactory. The teacher of each department becomes an expert in the two branches of which she has charge.

With the erection of the high school building a manual training and a commercial course were introduced into the high school. The manual training work was begun in the grades four years ago and now extends from the first grade to the second year in the high school. Below the high school sewing was introduced last April. It is taught to the girls of the third to eighth grades. The results are praiseworthy. The stitches they learn incite an interest, make them more thoughtful and neat. The instruction given is of the most practical character.

Domestic science is now knocking at our high school door. Such a course could extend through two years, each class having one lesson a week an hour and a half in length. This training would prove of inestimable value to every girl whether destined as a woman to do the work of cooking herself or to supervise others.

All statistics are dry, yet I hope you will be interested in the following statement statistical and otherwise:

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Number teachers employed.....	58
Aggregate salaries paid.....	\$36,632.50
Average salary per teacher.....	631.59
Average salary per male teacher.....	891.66
Average salary per female teacher.....	595.99
Enrollment, High School.....	305
Enrollment, Grades,	1,854
Total Enrollment	2,159
Average cost of teaching per pupil.....	\$16.96
Average daily attendance.....	1,794
Percentage daily attendance.....	94.2

RECEIPTS.

Tuition Fees	\$2,938 00
Temporary Loans	15,152 49
State Appropriation	32,444 76
Town Appropriation	23,400 00
Incidentals	108 63
Total.....	\$74,043 88

EXPENDITURES.

Repairs	\$2,480 94
Furniture and Apparatus.....	6,918 89
Books, Stationery and Printing.....	5,696 69
Stoves and Fuel.....	3,947 17
School Library	195 08
Incidentals	3,638 23
All Salaries	46,383 46
Temporary Loans	10,250 00
New Buildings	13,488 37
Manual Training, excluding salary.....	2,685 07
Total.....	\$95,863 90

For the good work that has been accomplished much of the credit is due to the efforts of the Board of Education for whose support I am deeply grateful.

PLAINFIELD.

HENRY M. MAXSON, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR:—Since making the last report to you regarding general school matters, our school equipment has been increased by the erection of a primary and grammar school with twelve class rooms and an auditorium. The construction is fireproof except the roof with the auditorium on the first floor. There are no third floor rooms, and the second floor has toilets, so there is little climbing of stairs for pupils or teachers. The building con-

tains large manual training rooms and rooms for athletic games and is fully fitted up for evening use for classes or as a neighborhood centre.

We have also contracted for the erection of another school of eight rooms which is now approaching completion. The construction is fireproof, of reinforced concrete and brick. This practically keeps our class room accommodations up-to-date, but with no provision for growth. Our high school building which we entered four years ago is now crowded and needs additional class rooms. Our buildings are all in excellent condition since it is our policy not to get behind in our up-keep. We have spent considerable in adding fire escapes and in making other provisions to add to the security and safety of the children in the schools and to bring our older buildings up to the best modern hygienic requirements. During the year, we had an expert fire inspector go through the buildings and examine the fire conditions and make recommendations wherever he deemed the safety, in case of fire, could be improved. He found them in the main highly satisfactory, but made some minor recommendations like re-covering steam pipes, putting in wire glass, etc., which we shall put into effect during the summer vacation.

We have made a large increase in the salaries of our teachers in the last three years with the purpose of giving them more adequate compensation and also of securing a longer stay with us. In searching for new teachers to fill the vacancies and to meet the additional needs, it is our policy to hunt far and wide for the best that our salaries will secure regardless of residence or any other condition except efficiency. It is our rule to require a college diploma for high school grades and a normal diploma for the others. We very rarely depart from this rule and then only in the case where we take a teacher who while not having had the full normal course, has had long experience and proven that she possesses unusual native teaching ability.

Our principals now spend practically all of their time in the supervision of their schools, with no regular class teaching. In addition to this, every principal in the graded buildings has an unassigned teacher who spends most of her time in coaching backward children but who also takes much of the mechanical work of the principal.

Medical inspection is carefully followed out as it has been for the last ten years. This is supplemented by the work of the physical director who measures and inspects each pupil from the fifth grade through the high school in the fall and also again in June, noting results and impressing on the pupil the success or failure that he has made during the year. We are thus enabled to eliminate a large proportion of the minor bodily defects such as slight curvature of the spine, unevenness of shoulders and hips, etc. As a result, our high school pupils have stronger health and less than the average of general defects.

The percentages for the teachers' retirement fund have been carefully forwarded since the law was first passed and the requirements of the law have been scrupulously met in every particular. Further than that, it has been my pleasure to aid the work of the retirement fund trustees in every way possible.

Manual training has now been extended to include all the grades in one form or another and also furnished the high school pupils with various lines of work through the first two years. It is my hope to include a four years'

RAHWAY.

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course in the high school when accommodations will permit. Practically every pupil from the fifth grade through the eighth now has formal work in wood at the benches in the case of the boys, and in sewing and cooking in the case of the girls. In the high school, it is optional, including more advanced work in cooking and sewing and dressmaking and in bench work, wood turning at the lathes, hammered brass, etc. I hope to see the day when our high school will be able to give a strong course in technical or industrial education similar to that we now provide in the commercial department and in the classical department. It is also my hope that we may establish a distinct line of industrial training in the last two or three years of the grammar school which shall lead up to a special industrial course, more technical and more practical than is now given in the high schools. It seems to me feasible for such schools to be established in the more populous centers to which pupils from the smaller cities and towns can be sent in the same way that pupils are now sent under the State law from the small villages to the city high schools. This is probably the only way for many years to come in which strong industrial and vocational work can be supplied by the smaller cities.

RAHWAY.

WM. J. BICKETT, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR:—In accordance with your request, I herewith submit a written report of the Rahway public schools for the year ending June 30, 1910.

The most important event during the year has been the construction of a new high school building, at a cost of \$100,000. The building is two stories in height, contains thirteen class rooms and an assembly room on first floor, seating 600, three laboratories, manual training and domestic science room, and will accommodate the high school, seventh and eighth grades.

The new building is centrally located with reference to geographical and population center of the city, and also with reference to present four grade buildings. Its occupation in September, will give us seating capacity for all children now in schools and the estimated growth for the next five years.

In accordance with the law requiring medical inspection, two physicians were appointed and furnished with the necessary apparatus and blanks for the work required.

The compulsory attendance law is rigidly enforced. Considerable trouble was encountered at the beginning but the law is now generally obeyed, and a written notice of absence is usually all that is required to insure pupil's return and regular attendance.

Manual training is taught in all grades. In grades one to eight it is compulsory, and in the high school elective. Our annual exhibits are a great help in arousing and maintaining popular interest in this form of school work.

All school holidays have been fittingly observed and the flag salute is given in all buildings each day.

SALEM.

OSCAR O. BARR, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR:—I herewith submit a concise report of the condition of the schools under my supervision.

The number of pupils enrolled was 1,301, 137 of which number were high school pupils. The number of pupils enrolled in our evening school was 67. The enrollment was a slight increase over that of the previous year.

The total valuation of our five school buildings is \$69,500. All are constructed of brick, and three are heated by hot air, one by steam, and the other by stoves. The condition of all the buildings, with the exception of No. 2 school is good. Said school is not very well lighted and the class rooms are small for the number of pupils which it contains.

During the past month, much needed improvements have been made to the high school building and the East Broadway school. In the former two new class rooms, a store room, and a new office were added. The decided increase in the number of grammar grade pupils and high school pupils made this necessary.

As to the academic and professional advantages of our teachers, I have not an excellent report. Out of the 38 teachers, but four are college graduates, and but ten normal graduates. The number of State certificates among the force is 14, first grade county 6, second grade county 8, third grade county 5, and special county 5. When employing new teachers, as far as possible we endeavor to secure such as have professional training or at least two years experience in teaching.

The compulsory attendance law was but partially enforced during the past year, and as a result, our attendance was very much lower during the spring of the year. We had no truant officers, but I have asked the board to appoint one or two for the ensuing year.

We began the work of medical inspection last January by the appointment of Henry D. Jackson, M. D., as medical inspector. Every pupil in the schools was examined in accordance with the rules and regulations laid down by the State Board of Education. We have the reports on forms especially prepared for the department. Each one is so arranged that the record on it runs for five years. The following points are considered: Weight, inspiration, expiration, height, eyes, color sense, naso-pharynx, nasal-septum, teeth, heart, lungs, throat, ears and general condition.

The percentages due the Teachers' Retirement Fund have been regularly deducted and reserved as provided by law. Twenty-five of our teachers are members of the fund, eight of which are members by virtue of appointment.

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Our work in manual training is still in embryo. We recently inaugurated a course in elementary work, consisting of paper cutting and raffia. The course in sewing, which has been in operation for several years, is now fully developed and most excellent results are being accomplished.

We began last June to raise a fund for the introduction of higher forms of manual work in our system, especially wood and iron work and domestic science. The Women's Club, the Parent-Teachers' Association, and the Salem High School Alumni Association are very much interested in the movement, and each body has pledged its support and co-operation. We are in hopes, that by the fall of 1911, our manual training department will be considerably extended.

Arbor day was observed in each building by suitable exercises, and a tree was planted on the grounds of the Griffith street school. The flag has been regularly saluted as provided by the rules and regulations of the State Board of Education.

SUMMIT.

CLINTON S. MARSH, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR:—In conformity with your note of January 6th, permit me to make the following statement concerning the state of the schools of the city of Summit as I found them upon assuming my duties Sept. 1, 1910:

For the school year beginning July 1st, 1910, the increased registration over last year's corresponding date was about 140 pupils. The high school and the 7th and 8th grades have been centralized in the Springfield avenue building, thus placing the highest grammar grades upon the departmental system, under the direct supervision of the superintendent, and five specialists in charge as teachers.

The city has accepted a lot for a new grammar school building presented by a prominent citizen, William Z. Larned. The lot so presented is about 800 feet by 225 feet, centrally located and well adapted for school purposes. No definite plans have been made for the use of this lot up to the present time, except that an architect has been employed to draw up plans for a school building of ten class rooms, kindergarten, assembly room, teachers' room, office, medical inspection room and manual training shops.

In general the work is proceeding along the lines as organized during the past year. Special emphasis is being laid upon the enforcement of the use of good oral and written English. Whatever changes are taking place are in the development of the courses already in force, the extension of the manual phases of school work and an opportunity for those desiring to go to college to receive earlier instruction in languages and mathematics.

SCHOOL REPORT.

TRENTON.

E. MACKEY, SUPERINTENDENT.

Hon. Charles J. Baxter, Trenton, N. J.:

DEAR SIR:—During the year ending June 30th in the public school district of this city there were in use for class rooms fifty-six different buildings. Of these thirty-one are more or less permanent school buildings owned by the Board of Education, sixteen are portable school houses also owned by the board, five buildings are rented, two buildings belong to the city and are used temporarily by the board, and two are buildings owned by the board which have been remodeled for class room purposes. Some of the buildings now in use when measured by modern ideals of school buildings are almost unfit for use. What is needed in this city is a tremendous public interest in the public schools, a dominant public sentiment that will be satisfied with nothing less than the best buildings, the best teachers, and the most effective courses of study that the city has the means to secure.

Considering the difficulty in securing adequate appropriations the Board of Education has shown commendable judgment and energy in providing school accommodations. There was a seat for every pupil that applied for admission to the schools during the year and only four classes were on part time sessions.

The total number of teachers in the employ of the board at the close of the year was 377. In addition to the superintendent of schools there are eight special supervisors, one in charge of each of the following departments: Music, drawing, cooking, physical training, manual training, domestic science and art, practice teaching, and evening schools. Of the thirty-two principals, twenty-nine have their whole time free for the supervision of teachers in their respective buildings. I have reason to believe that with this corps of supervisors and principals the work of supervision is exceptionally effective.

The members of our corps have shown commendable zeal in pursuing various courses of study during the year. There were courses in Ontogenetic Psychology by Dr. Arthur G. Holmes, of the University of Pennsylvania, and in English by Dr. Nathaniel E. Griffith, of Princeton University. Each of these courses led to university credits. There were also courses in nature study conducted by Miss Laura Woodward, head of the department of nature study in the training school; in manual training by Mr. Wm. R. Ward, supervisor of manual training; and in domestic art, by Miss Louise Kingsbury, supervisor of domestic art and science. About 40 per cent. of our teachers were enrolled in these classes. About twenty of our teachers are enrolled in summer schools at Cape May, New York, Philadelphia or elsewhere.

The compulsory attendance law has been enforced with moderation. We have had but one attendance officer. An additional attendance officer has been engaged by the board for the current year and a vigorous campaign against truancy has been planned.

Our work in medical inspection has steadily increased in efficiency and the

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number of medical inspectors has been increased to nine and the number of nurses to two for the year beginning September 1910.

Concerning the teachers' retirement fund it gives me pleasure to report that action commending the fund to the teachers was taken by the Board of Education at least eight years ago and the percentages due the fund have been unfailingly reserved by the secretary of the board in accordance with the provisions of the laws.

Arbor Day and Flag Day are observed throughout all the schools with appropriate exercises in the class rooms. Where conditions are favorable, trees and shrubs are planted on Arbor Day.

The interest in school gardens has been maintained with unabated zeal throughout the year. Even where conditions in the schoolyards make school gardens impracticable, the teachers distribute seeds and encourage the children to maintain gardens at home and report on the results obtained. Every school but one in the city was engaged in some form of garden work. A number of schools and pupils made special exhibits of garden products at the Inter-State Fair and a number of prizes were won. The reports of the principals of the different schools show that there were more than 2,000 gardens maintained by the pupils and the reports recite many beneficial results to the pupils in various studies and in character development.

The most conspicuous features in the development of the public school system of the city for the year ending August 30, 1910, are probably the erection of an addition to the Wm. G. Cook School, the introduction of cooking, the reorganization of the Cooper School as a school for boys, the organization of a recreation center in that school, and the opening of our first vacation school.

The Wm. G. Cook School is a five room brick building and it is being remodeled and having additions built to it so that it will contain sixteen class rooms, an auditorium, manual training shop, and domestic science room, besides lavatories, offices and store rooms. Plans have been adopted and contracts have been let also for the erection of a sixteen room building on Ruth-erford avenue.

This year our first kitchen was opened in the Carroll Robbins building and to it came fourteen classes of girls in the sixth and seventh grades from this building and other buildings in its vicinity. The course consisted of the principles of cookery illustrated by the preparation of simple dishes and instruction on the composition and cost of various food materials. At the end of the year's work each class served a simple luncheon to the members of the Board of Education, the principals of the schools from which the classes came, and the class teacher. These luncheons had a three-fold object—"to give the children practice in preparing and serving the meals, to give them the social experience which entertaining brings, and to show those invited what the children could accomplish." Two additional kitchens have been equipped for the current year and two additional special teachers in domestic science have been employed.

The special school for boys was organized in the Cooper School under the leadership of the principal, Miss Nellie Wallace. It began with an enrollment of one hundred boys and with five teachers. Some of the pupils were brought in from various schools as truants or incorrigibles, a few were

SCHOOL REPORT.

backward, a few mentally deficient, a few did not speak English, and a few were normal. The pupils were divided into small classes rather more according to ability than to attainments and were given a great deal of individual attention. Special modifications of the course of study were made with provisions for the brighter pupils as well as for the slow ones. Manual training was given in all grades. Of the one hundred boys twenty-five completed two years of the course of study during the year. The school has had very gratifying results in improving the conduct of the pupils as well as their scholarship. The principal reports that "many so-called incorrigibles have been won by the kindness, sympathy and tact of the teachers and are among our best pupils." The teachers are doing important work in the study of home and social conditions in the neighborhood. In an effort to keep the boys off the streets at night and to bring them under good influences, the principal organized a recreation center in her school building which was very eagerly attended by the pupils of the school. In the evenings the boys would gather about the piano with the teacher and sing popular songs such as "School Days," "Pony Boy," etc. There were indoor games such as checkers and backgammon and attractive books and periodicals. There were mats on the floors for gymnastic stunts by the boys. There were stories and occasional addresses and entertainments by speakers or entertainers invited especially for the occasion. The school with its recreation center is having noticeable results on the conduct of the boys out of school. There have been fewer arrests and the police have commended the improvement in the general conditions of order in the neighborhood.

Our first summer vacation school was organized at the close of the regular school term in June in the Parker School by the principal, Miss Hannah Stratton. There were four teachers, and one hundred thirty-two pupils on the roll. The regular school branches were taught, with some handwork in raffia, reed, cardboard and wood. To quote the principal's report, "this school is in one of the most congested districts of our city and in the center of the foreign population. The streets in this vicinity are unpaved, the home conditions poor and in some cases horrible, and the vacant lots in the neighborhood usually ash piles and rubbish heaps. To make a pleasant, happy and profitable environment for children who must live under such conditions this school was opened. The enthusiasm and earnestness displayed by the children and the appreciation of the parents made us feel well paid for our work during the hot summer period. The large, clean, well ventilated school rooms, where there was ice water to drink were pleasant places to spend the hot summer mornings."

In the department for manual training one additional shop center was organized and equipped and two additional instructors secured. The shop work was extended to fifth and sixth grade classes of boys wherever possible and a course of constructive work was introduced in the fourth grade. The amount of hand work for the special ungraded classes was increased.

For the year beginning September, 1910, a new shop has been equipped in the Cooper Special School. An additional instructor in manual training has been secured and the work is being extended throughout the grades. Two shop centers have been opened for classes in the evening schools.

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There have been some important changes in the general course of study and in the time limits for various specific branches of study.

The record of attendance of pupils for the past year is exceptionally poor, yet the pupils generally, according to the reports of principals, accomplished the work assigned to their respective grades, the number of promotions is up to the usual standard, and the new school year has opened with abundant promise of increasingly efficient work in all lines.

Report of the Board of Trustees of the Teachers' Retirement Fund

For the Year Ending June 30, 1910.

Teachers' Retirement Fund.

Report of the Board of Trustees of the Teachers' Retirement Fund of the State of New Jersey for the fiscal year 1909-1910.

Presented by the Secretary at the "Annual Convention of the Teachers' Retirement Fund," held in the State House, Trenton, New Jersey, at twelve o'clock, noon, on Saturday, September 24th, 1910.

September 24th, 1910.

To the Members of the Teachers' Retirement Fund of the State of New Jersey:

In compliance with the law, I have the honor to submit the report of the Board of Trustees of the Teachers' Retirement Fund for the fiscal year which ended June 30th, 1910:

STATE TREASURER'S REPORT.

The State Treasurer's report is as follows:

State Treasurer's Office,
Trenton, N. J., July 11th, 1910.

The Board of Trustees, Teachers' Retirement Fund:

GENTLEMEN:—The following is the annual statement of receipts and disbursements of the Teachers' Retirement Fund for the year ending June 30th, 1910:

RECEIPTS.

Balance in Bank, July 1, 1909.....		\$47,590.65
Members' dues	\$147,901.36	
Interest on Investments.....	2,956.25	
Interest on Deposits in Bank.....	1,209.49	
Annuity (return of over-payment to deceased annuitant)	12.38	
Interest on Arrearage of Dues.....	2.03	
		152,081.51
		\$199,672.16

DISBURSEMENTS.

Annuities	\$86,648.81	
Dues (deducted in error and returned).....	153.43	
Transfer for Permanent Investment.....	44,000.00	
		\$130,802.24
Balance in Bank, June 30, 1910.....		68,869.92
		\$199,672.16

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PERMANENT PRINCIPAL.

RECEIPTS.

Balance in Bank, July 1, 1909.....		\$1,265.57
Donations—		
The All Round Club of Montclair.....	5.00	
Duplicate certificates	1.00	
Transfer from Teachers' Retirement Fund General		
Account to meet deficiency for purchase of Mort-		
gages	44,000.00	
		<u>44,006.00</u>
		\$45,271.57

DISBURSEMENTS.

Bonds and Mortgages purchased:		
Joseph Perry, et. al.....	\$4,000.00	
Sarah and Morris Abrams, Plainfield.....	6,000.00	
The Mutual Land Improvement Co. of Plainfield	3,750.00	
Samuel Ginsburg, Passaic.....	7,500.00	
Samuel Ginsburg, Passaic.....	7,500.00	
Morris and Sarah Abrams and Abraham and		
Annie Kunzman, North Plainfield.....	10,500.00	
Sophie B. and Peter Watson, Passaic.....	6,000.00	
		<u>\$45,250.00</u>
Balance in Bank, June 30, 1910.....		21.57
		<u>\$45,271.57</u>

ASSETS.

The following is the condition of the Fund at the close of business, June 30, 1910:

Investments	\$124,750.00
Balance in Bank, Investment Account	21.57
Balance in Bank, General Account	68,869.92
	<u>\$193,641.49</u>

(Signed) DAN. S. VOORHEES,
Treasurer.

SYNOPSIS OF BUSINESS OF FISCAL YEAR 1909-1910.

The operations for the past year may be summarized as follows:

Receipts, \$152,087.51; disbursements, \$86,802.24; surplus on the year's business, \$65,285.27; bonds and mortgages purchased for investment, \$45,250.00. Seventy-four annuities were granted; value, \$34,105.38; average, \$460.88. Annuities paid, \$86,648.81. Annuities deceased, 8; value, \$2,723.12; average, \$340.39. One rebate was paid, \$27.73. Of the 74 annuities granted, nine were to men and averaged \$452.78, while 65 were to women and averaged \$461.59. All were granted under the Act of 1907. Seven paid their deficit to the Fund in a lump sum; the other sixty-seven took advantage of that provision of the Act of 1907 which allows the deficit to be liquidated by the accruing annuity.

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ANNUITIES GRANTED IN 1909-1910.

ANNUITY NUMBER.	NAME, REGISTER NUMBER AND DISTRICT. RETIRED FROM.	ANNUITY GRANTED AND BEGAN TO ACCRUE.	AMOUNT OF ANNUITY.
237—	Emma L. Babbitt (123), Morristown, Morris Co.	Sept. 17, 1909	\$540.00
238—	Anna F. Fogg (171), Salem, Salem Co..	" " "	303.00
239—	Mary M. Tomlin (314), Merchantville, Camden Co.	" " "	402.00
240—	M. Lizzie Kerns (417), Newark, Essex Co.	" " "	553.10
241—	Flora I. Glover (670), Newark, Essex Co.	" " "	465.60
242—	Laura B. Sayre (716), Newark, Essex Co.	" " "	639.60
243—	Emma L. Hutchings (744), Newark, Es- sex Co.	" " "	650.00
244—	Isabella Scott (1051), Paterson, Passaic Co.	" " "	650.00
245—	Anna F. M. Thorp (1052), Paterson, Passaic Co.	" " "	650.00
246—	Mrs. Jennie H. Berdan (1064), Paterson, Passaic Co.	" " "	480.00
247	Mary Chiswell (1058), Paterson, Pas- saic Co.	" " "	486.00
248—	Elizabeth S. Eakins (1132), Paterson, Passaic Co.	" " "	649.20
249—	Hattie Franklin (1141), Paterson, Pas- saic Co.	" " "	402.00
250—	Martha Hollingsworth (1164), Paterson, Passaic Co.	" " "	410.40
251—	Daisy L. Kennedy (1468), Jersey City, Hudson Co.	" " "	650.00
252—	Emeline Hyatt (1469), Jersey City, Hud- son Co.	" " "	573.12
253—	Georgia F. Mount (1492), Jersey City, Hudson Co.	" " "	650.00
254—	Marie C. Gourlie (1905), Hoboken, Hud- son Co.	" " "	650.00
255—	Marie H. Vose (1926), Hoboken, Hud- son Co.	" " "	580.32
256—	Mary A. Walker (1970), Bridgeton, Cumberland Co.	" " "	372.00
257—	Emmel Lommason (2068), Phillipsburg, Warren Co.	" " "	384.00
258—	Helen Gallagher (2069), Phillipsburg, Warren Co.	" " "	384.00
259—	Mary Gaffrey (2085), Phillipsburg, War- ren Co.	" " "	384.00
260—	Mrs. Alice P. Nichols (2117), Wood Ridge Boro., Bergen Co.	" " "	366.00
261—	Anne E. Prichard (2229), Commercial Township, Cumberland Co.	" " "	250.00
262—	Mrs. Sara J. Price (2348), New Bruns- wick, Middlesex Co.	" " "	462.00
263—	Melina A. Bosworth (3042), State Nor- mal School, Trenton	" " "	650.00
264—	Emma Reed (3668), Galloway Town- ship, Atlantic Co.	" " "	313.20

265—Mary Berdilla Lindsay (3669), Atlantic City, Atlantic Co.	"	"	"	349.80
266—Mary Ella Swan (910), Orange, Essex Co.	Dec.	10, 1909		582.00
267—Fanny V. Surgent (144), West New York, Hudson Co.	"	"	"	429.78
268—Mrs. Lovie Blackman (2593), Plumsted Township, Ocean Co.	"	"	"	250.00
269—Mary N. Purcell (138), Lambertville, Hunterdon Co.	"	"	"	297.60
270—Annette Hanna (3237), Trenton, Mercer Co.	"	"	"	400.32
271—Ida Herbert (1322), Trenton, Mercer Co.	"	"	"	360.00
272—Elizabeth Anderson (857), Camden City, Camden Co.	"	"	"	648.00
273—Emily Miegel (1578), Jersey City, Hudson Co.	"	"	"	650.00
274—Emma Conover (3323), Franklin Township, Somerset Co.	"	"	"	250.00
275—Annie McL. Eagles (2465), Newark, Essex Co.	"	"	"	457.20
276—Mrs. Fannie W. Smith (737), Newark, Essex Co.	"	"	"	650.00
277—M. Augusta Sweasy (730), Newark, Essex Co.	"	"	"	650.00
278—Sarah G. Taylor (548), Newark, Essex Co.	"	"	"	650.00
279—Margaret J. Baird (734), Newark, Essex Co.	"	"	"	571.20
280—Margaret H. McCullough (914), Orange, Essex Co.	"	"	"	406.80
281—Esther M. Lull (2110), Waterford Township, Camden Co.	"	"	"	250.00
282—Samuel Wilson (5872), Hope Township, Warren Co.	"	"	"	250.00
283—Ida H. Kirby (172), Salem, Salem Co.	"	"	"	270.00
284—Laura B. Conrow (2453), Long Branch, Monmouth Co.	"	"	"	393.00
285—Jean Livingston (1888), Hoboken, Hudson Co.	"	"	"	580.32
286—A. H. Skinner (232), Randolph Township, Morris Co.	"	"	"	287.40
287—James A. Coe (350), Wood Ridge Boro, Bergen Co.	"	"	"	600.00
288—Anna L. Holcomb (4766), North Plainfield Boro., Somerset Co.	"	"	"	426.00
289—Mrs. Annie R. Noltemeyer (2446), Passaic City, Passaic Co.	Mar.	18, 1910		480.00
290—Maria Sipp (1089), Paterson, Passaic Co.	"	"	"	553.80
291—Mary L. Warren (1075), Paterson, Passaic Co.	"	"	"	508.20
292—Mary L. Brokaw (2923), Rahway, Union Co.	"	"	"	250.00
293—Eleanor Compton (2022), Millstone Boro., Somerset Co.	"	"	"	258.60
294—Augusta E. Wood (2014), Mountainside Boro., Union Co.	"	"	"	324.00
295—Martha L. Webb (5968), Newark, Essex Co.	"	"	"	451.08

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296—Mary M. Parker (627), Newark, Essex Co.	"	"	"	459.36
297—Celia H. Bluste (2532-7826), Northampton Township, Burlington Co.	"	"	"	250.00
298—Thomas Romans (4201), Manchester Township, Ocean Co.	"	"	"	250.00
299—George A. Atwater (3492), Bayonne, Hudson Co.	"	"	"	650.00
300—Ebenezer C. Earl (1034), Bayonne, Hudson Co.	"	"	"	650.00
301—Peter Garabrant (6754), Mendham Borough, Morris Co.	"	"	"	402.00
302—Franklin A. Stryker (2012), Bridgewater Township, Somerset Co.	"	"	"	336.00
303—Philip G. Vroom (1000), Bayonne, Hudson Co.	"	"	"	650.00
304—Mrs. Melvina Mitchell (1338), Trenton, Mercer Co.	"	"	"	556.80
305—Harriet K. Ayres (2113), Rockaway Township, Morris Co.	June	10,	1910	255.00
306—*Anna D. Clark (3304), Long Branch, Monmouth Co.	"	"	"	418.20
307—Frances J. Warner (2329), Summit, Union Co.	"	"	"	588.00
308—Mary V. Keller (1386), Trenton, Mercer Co.	"	"	"	393.18
309—Hanna F. Dilks (3077), Lawrence Township, Cumberland Co.	"	"	"	250.00
310—§Kate McLaughlin (2873), New Brunswick, Middlesex Co.	"	"	"	562.20
Totals:—74				\$34,105.38
Average				460.88
Men: 9—Average				452.78
Women: 65—Average				461.59

ANNUITANTS DECEASED IN 1909-1910.

ANNUITY. NUMBER.	NAME, REGISTER NUMBER AND DISTRICT.	DATE OF DECEASE.	VALUE OF ANNUITY.
197—Eva L. Potts (1805)	Jersey City, Hudson Co.	Dec. 21, 1909	\$455.52
104—R. Anna Baird (2189), Bloomfield, Essex Co.		" 30, "	275.00
271—Ida Herbert (1322), Trenton, Mercer Co.		Jan. 23, 1910	360.00
146—Georgie K. Wright (2179), Pennsauken Township, Camden Co.,		" 25, "	250.00
155—Mrs. Emma J. Ely (306), Camden City, Camden Co.		Feb. 17, "	354.60
147—Sara B. Wilson (1965), Bridgeton, Cumberland Co.		" 20, "	250.00
141—Alice M. Bellows (1465), Jersey City, Hudson Co.		May 22, "	408.00
139—Lydia W. Hand (467), Newark, Essex Co.		June 27, "	370.00
Totals:—8			\$2,723.12
Average			340.39

*Annuity began to accrue June 17, 1910.

§Annuity began to accrue July 1, 1910.

SCHOOL REPORT.

APPLICATIONS FOR ANNUITY PENDING JUNE 30TH, 1910.

NAME, REGISTER NUMBER, AND SCHOOL DISTRICT.	FILED WITH SECRETARY.	PRESENTED TO BOARD.	AMOUNT CLAIMED.
Isabella A. Scott—1547—Jersey City, Hudson Co.....	Feb. 23, 1910	Mar. 18, 1910	\$581.75
Everitt L. Layton—5219—Ver- non Township, Sussex Co....	Apr. 13, "	June 10, "	310.20
Judith H. Holden—1448—Jer- sey City, Hudson Co.....	" 21, "	" " "	614.16
Lillie H. Spence — 4212 — Bridgeton, Cumberland Co..	" 27, "	" " "	279.00
Edith G. Heaney—886—Cam- den City, Camden Co.....	May 4, "	" " "	540.00
Mt. Anna Lutz—2929—Newark, Essex Co.....	" " "	" " "	536.40
Kate Roche — 641 — Newark, Essex Co.....	" " "	" " "	552.24
Rie M. Whitaker — 1964 — Bridgeton, Cumberland Co..	" 6, "	" " "	408.00
Mrs. Eliza Caroline Saunders— 4304—Mt. Olive Twp., Mor- ris Co.....	" 7, "	" " "	250.00
Nellie A. Wilkes—292—Mont- clair, Essex Co.....	" " "	" " "	468.00
Frances M. Cosins — 2582 — Wallington Bor., Bergen Co.	" 11, "	" " "	288.00
Mrs. Anna C. King—2217— Dover Town, Morris Co....	" 12, "	" " "	309.00
Samuel D. Wiseman—2223— Ocean Twp., Monmouth Co.	" 17, "	" " "	402.00
Margaret Rowlands — 1719 — Jersey City, Hudson Co....	" 18, "	" " "	650.00
Luther Corson — 8 — Medford Twp., Burlington Co.....	" 20, "	" " "	650.00
Mary A. O'Rourke—681—New- ark, Essex Co.....	" 21, "	" " "	468.96
Anson B. Cope—2161—Stan- hope Borough Sussex Co....	" 23, "	" " "	650.00
B. F. Mathews—Lacey Twp., Ocean Co.....	" 25, "	" " "	270.00
Anne E. Covell—2441—Eliza- beth, Union Co.....	" 26, "	" " "	424.20
Andrew Lincoln Lyon—2306— Manalapan Twp., Ocean Co.	" " "	" " "	250.00
Elizabeth W. Dougall—413— Newark, Essex Co.....	" 28, "	" " "	650.00
Mary H. Davis—35—Hopewell Twp., Cumberland Co.....	June 1, "	" " "	250.00
Roxie B. Southard—5686—Up- per Freehold Twp., Mon- mouth Co.....	" 3, "	" " "	252.00
Florence Hughes — 848—Cam- den City, Camden Co.....	" 4, "	" " "	650.00
Isabella Mayberry—859—Cam- den City, Camden Co.....	" 5, "	" " "	396.00
William W. Case—2302— Franklin Twp., Hunterdon Co.	" 7, "	" " "	250.00

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Mrs. Mary J. Mitchell—3283— Beverly Twp., Burlington Co.	"	8,	"	"	"	"	264.00
Irene Thompson—154—Wall Twp., Monmouth Co.....	"	"	"	"	"	"	396.00
Anna Farrell—3528—Camden City, Camden Co.....	"	9,	"	"	"	"	650.00
Totals:—29							\$12,659.92
Average							436.55
Men: 7—Average							397.45
Women: 22—Average							448.98

PASSAIC CITY DIFFICULTY. SUIT TO TEST CONSTITUTIONALITY OF FUND.

While many districts were careless about deducting dues of those who became members "by virtue of appointment" under Section 221, Division IV., of the School Law as amended in 1906 and, again, in 1907, Passaic City was the only place that distinctly refused to obey the Act. Two years' correspondence failed to change the position taken by the Passaic Board of Education and their Superintendent, Mr. Oscar I. Woodley. The Attorney-General advised that our recourse was to have the State school money withheld as provided by Section 14 of the School Law. Accordingly, County Superintendent Edward W. Garrison, on the petition of Passaic City citizens, issued such an order which became effective on approval by State Superintendent Baxter. The Passaic Board of Education surrendered promptly, and announced that it would comply fully with the disputed provisions of the law.

Shortly after Miss Myrtle Allen, a teacher in the employ of the said board, sued that board for two per cent. deducted from her April, 1910 salary for the Teachers' Retirement Fund. The Board of Trustees of the Fund retained Mr. John Scott Davison, of Passaic, who appeared at the trial in the Passaic District Court and sought to intervene on behalf of the Fund, which the court refused. The court declared the Fund constitutional, and non-suited Miss Myrtle Allen but allowed an exception, whereupon she appealed to the Supreme Court on the constitutional question. That body at its June, 1910, term, admitted the Fund Board of Trustees as co-defendant without restriction, and recognized Mr. Davison as counsel. Later, the Supreme Court directed the Passaic District Court to furnish an amended record showing that the Fund Trustees had appeared at the trial in the lower court; had sought to intervene as being the real party to the suit, and had challenged the jurisdiction of that court. The Hon. Robert H. McCarter, former Attorney-General, has been retained as associate counsel, and Attorney-General Wilson has joined the defence. The case is expected to come up at the November term.

RECAPITULATION FROM BEGINNING TO JUNE 30TH, 1910.

The Teachers' Retirement Fund became a part of the public school system of the State of New Jersey by virtue of a law enacted March 11th, 1896, and six times re-enacted; the latest enactment being that of May 7th, 1907. The first annuity was granted December 3rd, 1897. To June 30th, 1910, three hundred and ten teachers, representing every county, had been granted annuities aggregating \$122,452.38; averaging \$395.01, and had received benefits totaling \$354,333.41. Of the 310 annuities granted, 47 were to men and averaged \$414.39, while 263 were to women and averaged \$391.54. Sixty-four annuities had died; value \$21,938.47; average, \$353.84. Rebates paid amounted to \$1,121.80. Two hundred and forty-eight annuities were living and in force June 30th, 1910; value, \$100,513.91; average, \$405.29. These facts are set forth year by year in the following table. Assets June 30th, 1910; investments, \$124,750; cash in bank, \$68,891.49; total, \$193,641.49.

Women, 263; Average value, \$391.54.

ANNUITY RECORD BY COUNTIES FROM THE BEGINNING TO JUNE 30TH, 1910.

The following table gives by counties to June 30th, 1910:—(1) Number of annuities granted and amount paid; (2) annuities deceased; (3) Number and annual value of annuities in force; (4) Number and annual value of annuity applications pending.

COUNTY.	NUMBER OF ANNUITIES GRANTED AND AMOUNT PAID.	NUMBER AND ANNUAL ANNUITIES DECEASED.	NUMBER AND ANNUAL VALUE OF ANNUITIES IN FORCE.	OF ANNUITY APPLICATIONS PENDING.	COUNTY.
Atlantic	4— \$2,439.65	0	4— \$1,284.60	.....	Atlantic
Bergen	5— 2,512.97	2	3— 1,566.00	1— \$288.00	Bergen
Burlington	12— 12,465.40	2	10— 2,602.00	2— 914.00	Burlington
Camden	18— 23,764.03	6	12— 4,609.50	4— 2,236.00	Camden
Cape May	1— 164.86	1	.....	.....	Cape May
Cumberland	14— 9,981.89	5	9— 2,497.27	3— 937.00	Cumberland
Essex	72— 106,462.57	9	63— 29,431.28	5— 2,675.60	Essex
Gloucester	7— 9,441.96	0	7— 1,750.00	.....	Gloucester
Hudson	42— 50,613.24	12	30— 16,545.50	3— 1,845.92	Hudson
Hunterdon	14— 17,437.17	4	10— 2,954.10	1— 250.00	Hunterdon
Mercer	19— 26,128.99	4	15— 5,919.26	.....	Mercer
Middlesex	10— 8,918.45	5	5— 1,879.20	.....	Middlesex
Monmouth	10— 9,122.19	1	9— 3,021.20	4— 1,300.00	Monmouth
Morris	12— 8,918.98	4	8— 2,627.40	2— 559.00	Morris
Ocean	6— 4,910.47	1	5— 1,650.00	1— 270.00	Ocean
Passaic	24— 29,368.16	1	23— 10,563.00	.....	Passaic
Salem	7— 3,981.41	2	5— 1,323.00	.....	Salem
Somerset	7— 3,354.11	0	7— 2,037.00	.....	Somerset
Sussex	6— 5,511.52	1	5— 1,259.50	2— 960.20	Sussex
Union	13— 14,613.15	2	11— 4,199.50	1— 424.20	Union
Warren	6— 3,082.00	0	6— 2,144.00		Warren
State Schools	1— 510.64	0	1— 650.00		State Schools

TEACHERS' RETIREMENT FUND.

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OFFICERS AND TRUSTEES.

President—HON. CHARLES J. BAXTER, State Superintendent of Public Instruction.

Vice-President—HON. WILLIAM R. CODINGTON, of Plainfield.

Treasurer—HON. DANIEL S. VOORHEES, Treasurer of the State of New Jersey.

Secretary—MISS ELIZABETH A. ALLEN, of Hoboken.

MRS. ISABEL CRAVEN, of Salem.

MRS. GEORGIA BEERS CRATER, of Newark.

*MISS SOPHIE M. BRAUN, of Elizabeth.

DR. ADDISON B. POLAND, Superintendent of Public Schools, Newark.

MR. JAMES E. BRYAN, Superintendent of Public Schools, Camden.

MR. ADDISON P. ROSENKRANS, of Paterson.

*Succeeded Mr. Thomas M. White, who resigned September 26th, 1908.

Statistical Tables

For the School Year Ending June 30, 1910.

Financial Reports.

Apportionment of Moneys.

Attendance.

Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from State and county funds, as per County Superintendent's apportionment.

Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the State for "Manual and Industrial Training."

Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Current Expenses."

Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Manual and Industrial Training."

Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, refurnishing and repairing school buildings, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.

Amount received from district tax
for purchase of land.

Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from other sources, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.

Atlantic City	\$144,273 85	\$4,000 00	\$39,055 00	\$4,000 00	\$14,000 00	\$175,467 35
Absecon	2,827 97		500 00		1,141 51	2,829 36
Brigantine	484 29		190 00			1,382 12
Euena Vista Township	14,606 46		1,500 00		6,657 87	2,829 36
Euena Vista City	1,630 45		500 00			1,382 12
East Harbor Township	15,659 41		2,000 00		2,829 36	2,829 36
Galweay Township	7,803 12		1,000 00			2,829 36
Hammonon	29,115 81		3,000 00		1,000 00	8,384 75
Hamilton Township	11,005 81		2,000 00		300 00	84 16
Linwood	2,336 22					682 44
Longport	456 07		515 00		48 35	
Margate City	512 46		400 00		272 65	
Mullica Township	3,285 34		200 00		1,389 77	
Northfield City	2,095 14		500 00		938 01	
Pleasantville	17,608 61		4,000 00		2,974 04	
Port Republic City	2,523 82		100 00		1,041 79	
Somers Point City	2,165 88		800 00		200 00	
Venudon City	2,452 83					1,422 53
Weymouth Township	3,604 83		300 00		914 66	
Total	\$283,070 67	\$4,000 00	\$37,680 00	\$4,000 00	\$15,800 00	\$208,868 31

**Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of ATLANTIC, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.**

DISTRICTS.	Total amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, exclusive of amount raised for payment of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the sale of bonds.	Grand total received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909.	Amount expended for teachers' salaries, exclusive of amount paid on account of work done in manual and industrial training classes, and exclusive of amount paid on account Teachers' Retirement Fund.	Amount paid State treasurer for Teachers' Retirement Fund.	Amount expended for fuel.	Amount expended for janitors' wages for day schools.	Amount expended for text-books, apparatus and supplies, exclusive of those in column 16.
Atlantic City	\$381,336 20	\$161,387 51	\$542,723 71	\$130,170 92	\$1,857 30	\$7,823 11	\$13,067 25	\$15,784 52
Absecon	4,469 51		4,469 51	2,680 00	70 00	86 45	60 00	130 74
Brigantine	674 29		674 29	450 00	8 10	26 19	45 00	
Buena Vista Township	19,535 83	3,500 00	22,735 83	14,684 54	271 51	517 35		235 03
Egg Harbor City	19,535 83		19,535 83	10,013 39	131 95	224 15	608 00	607 81
Egg Harbor Township	9,081 54		9,081 54	4,638 80	41 40	193 11	600 00	738 63
Galloway Township	11,425 22	2,850 00	14,275 22	6,332 62	107 38	373 88	150 00	552 96
Hammononton	41,948 51	15,664 37	57,612 88	27,377 08	372 65	1,026 88	1,695 50	1,708 64
Hamilton Township	13,389 91		13,389 91	10,025 41	136 22	345 26	593 19	530 98
Linwood	3,018 66		3,018 66	1,745 75	10 50	217 61	255 54	57 61
Longport	1,019 37		1,019 37	461 48				
Margate City	1,185 10		1,185 10	441 00	9 00	69 00	225 00	22 98
Mullica Township	4,874 37		4,874 37	2,449 90	37 32	37 45	288 00	195 17
Northfield City	3,533 91		3,533 91	1,683 00	27 00	82 04	74 68	148 86
Pleasantville	24,582 65		24,582 65	15,882 33	221 48	1,060 82	1,122 50	1,462 33
Port Republic City	3,665 60		3,665 60	2,015 10	9 90	5 00	90 00	194 02
Somers Point City	3,932 96		3,932 96	1,920 50	15 35	127 00	102 50	155 03
Ventnor City	1,885 39	31,000 00	32,885 39	925 00			81 00	176 66
Weymouth Township	4,879 50		4,879 50	3,366 90	53 10	178 89		129 81
Total	\$553,419 48	\$214,401 88	\$767,821 36	\$237,324 48	\$3,370 16	\$12,388 29	\$19,068 16	\$22,891 72

ATLANTIC COUNTY.

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of ATLANTIC, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Amount expended for "Manual and Industrial Training," including salaries, apparatus and supplies therefor.						
	Amount expended for transportation of pupils residing within the district to schools in other districts.						
DISTRICTS.	Amount expended for transportation of pupils within the district.						
	Amount expended for tuition of pupils in other districts.						
DISTRICTS.	Amount expended for medical inspection.						
	Amount expended for attendance officers.						
DISTRICTS.	Amount expended for school libraries and apparatus purchased with library money.						
	Amount expended for interest on temporary loans.						
Atlantic City	\$8,293 60	\$18 70	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$79 67
Aspen		538 41	.....	388 75	.....	.....	4 50
Barnegat Township		165 00	\$171 02	15 00	.....	\$40 00	101 94
Boca Vista Township	303 58	781 41	.....	250 00	.....	77 34	52 50
Egg Harbor City		119 68	.....	260 00	.....	140 00	228 00
Egg Harbor Township				90 00	.....	.....	.....
Galloway Township		356 50	.....	155 00	.....	108 37	73 67
Hammononton		98 30	86 30	85 40	.....	.....	18 10
Hamilton Township		46 62	.....	180 00	.....	.....	12 63
Lanwood							
Longport			254 08	80 00	.....	20 00	7 63
Margate City		162 80	.....	229 75	.....	.....	.....
Mullica Township		11 00	.....	36 00	.....	.....	185 08
Northfield City			176 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pleasantville		640 75	.....	518 00	.....	.....	67 09
Port Republic City		18 20	.....	52 00	.....	.....	.....
Somers Point City		34 20	.....	.....	100 00	.....	20 64
Ventnor City							
Weymouth Township							
Total	\$8,597 19	\$3,026 57	\$667 40	\$2,216 90	\$1,544 25	\$2,738 70	\$1,381 45

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of ATLANTIC, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Amount expended for other school purposes.	Total amount for "Current Expenses" and "Manual and Industrial Training" for day schools.	Amount expended for new buildings and enlargements.	Amount expended for remodeling, repairing and refurnishing school buildings and purchase of land.	Total amount expended for building, enlarging, remodeling and repairing, and purchase of land.	Grand total expended, excluding bonded debt and interest on bonds.	Balance of State and county funds, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of State and county funds for manual and industrial training, June 30th, 1910.
Atlantic City	\$15,729 82	\$197,466 19	\$155,706 15	\$38,553 04	\$191,259 19	\$391,725 38	.....	.....
Absecon	59 13	3,139 02	.....	108 64	108 64	3,238 66	\$325 44	.....
Brigantine	113 25	669 29	.....	5 00	.....	674 29	.....	.....
Buena Vista Township.....	1,066 61	18,100 76	2,751 59	761 84	3,513 43	21,614 19	1 81	.....
Egg Harbor City.....	1,036 05	13,496 69	.....	377 39	377 39	13,874 08	4,290 84	.....
Egg Harbor Township.....	1,025 16	8,616 61	.....	240 26	240 26	8,856 87	.....	.....
Galloway Township.....	405 05	8,361 01	2,816 45	378 85	3,195 30	11,556 31	2,437 07	.....
Hammononton	2,012 88	34,791 67	9,686 82	376 21	10,063 06	41,854 73	655 91	.....
Hamilton Township	840 95	13,089 91	.....	300 00	300 00	13,389 91	.....	.....
Linwood	131 64	2,614 98	.....	29 29	29 29	2,644 27	178 86	.....
Longport	28 45	726 55	.....	.....	.....	726 55	.....	.....
Margate City	87 75	854 73	.....	.....	.....	854 73	214 40	.....
Mullica Township	114 73	3,536 88	.....	63 25	63 25	3,600 13	.....	.....
Northfield City	119 35	2,544 08	.....	4 82	4 82	2,548 90	985 01	.....
Pleasantville	838 84	21,117 88	.....	2,347 47	2,347 47	23,465 35	1,006 27	.....
Port Republic City.....	71 25	2,561 27	.....	.....	.....	2,561 27	1,104 33	.....
Somers Point City.....	400 62	3,739 84	.....	133 12	133 12	3,932 96	.....	.....
Ventnor City	123 25	1,439 11	4,705 13	17,216 46	21,921 61	23,410 72	127 19	.....
Weymouth Township	451 41	4,289 98	.....	271 53	271 53	4,561 51	18 95	.....
Total	\$24,666 52	\$341,257 45	\$175,666 16	\$61,167 20	\$236,833 36	\$578,090 81	\$11,345 88	.....

ATLANTIC COUNTY.

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of ATLANTIC, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.

	Balance of district tax for current expenses, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for manual and industrial training, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, refurnishing and repairing, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for purchase of land.	Balance of moneys from other sources, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax raised for bonds and interest on bonds.	Balance from bond sale June 30th, 1910.	Total balance, June 30th, 1910.
Atlantic City	\$887 41		\$12,308 66		18 00	\$138,629 67	\$150,998 33
Absecon							1,230 85
Bridgeton							1,121 64
Bridgeton Township	144 83				975 46		5,406 88
Buena Vista City					1,116 01		2,274 67
Delaware Township					224 67		2,718 91
Delaware Township	132 05		54 71		2,719 47	5,318 18	12,168 18
Hammononton	3,657 27		982 32				37,773 36
Hammononton Township					25 00		292 82
Lanwood	170 73						330 37
Longport	292 82						1,274 24
Margate City	115 97				1,274 24		985 01
Maulia Township					109 27		1,117 30
Northfield City	1 76						1,104 32
Pleasantville							9,474 67
Port Republic City							317 99
Somers Point City							
Venmor City	270 67		28 47			9,146 59	
Weymouth Township							
Total	\$5,102 96		\$12,434 19	\$200 89	\$6,527 19	\$123,089 44	\$159,730 55

SCHOOL REPORT.

**Apportionment of School Moneys, by Districts, for the County of ATLANTIC, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1911.**

DISTRICTS.	Balance of State and county funds, July 1st, 1910.	Balance "District Tax," July 1st, 1910.	Balance received from other sources, July 1st, 1910.	Total balance, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax for bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount apportioned from State appropriation, railroad tax, State school tax and State school fund appropriation.	Amount apportioned from surplus revenue.	Amount apportioned from balances.	Amount available for manual and industrial training from State funds.
Atlantic City		\$12,368 66	\$138,629 67	\$150,998 33	\$159,024 73	\$301 21		
Absecon	\$325 44	887 41	18 00	1,230 85	3,038 76	5 59		
Brigantine					547 63			
Buena Vista Township	1 81	144 38	975 45	1,121 64	19,831 87	35 49		
Egg Harbor City	4,290 84		1,116 04	5,406 88	12,654 33	23 16		
Egg Harbor Township			224 67	224 67	7,061 50	11 18		
Galloway Township	2,437 07	216 79	65 05	2,718 91	8,901 33	16 03		
Hammmonton	655 91	4,039 59	8,062 65	12,758 15	32,221 08	53 75		
Hamilton Township					12,443 74	22 00		
Linwood	178 66	179 73	25 00	374 39	2,088 45	3 31		
Longport		292 82		292 82	636 00	64		
Margate City	214 40	115 97		330 37	498 96	76		
Mullica Township			1,274 24	1,274 24	37,586 64	6 30		
Northfield City		985 01		985 01	2,293 52	3 61		
Pleasantville	1,006 27	1 76	109 27	1,117 30	18,958 70	34 12		
Port Republic City	1,104 33			1,104 33	2,620 93	4 63		
Somers Point City					2,845 18	4 25		
Ventnor City	127 19	200 89	9,146 59	9,474 67	762 77	82		
Weymouth Township	18 95	299 04		317 99	3,988 16	6 45		
Total	\$10,360 87	\$19,723 05	\$159,646 63	\$189,730 55	\$294,176 28	\$534 18		

ATLANTIC COUNTY.

**Apportionment of School Moneys, by Districts, for the County of ATLANTIC, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1911—Continued.**

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SCHOOL REPORT.

DISTRICTS.	Amount of district tax voted for "Current Expenses."	Amount of district tax voted for "Manual and Industrial Train- ing."	Amount of district tax voted for purchase of land.	Amount of district tax voted for building and enlarging school houses.	Amount of district tax voted for remodeling, refurnishing and re- pairing school houses.	Total amount of district tax or- dered to be raised, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount available from private sources for manual and indus- trial training.	Total amount available from other sources, excluding proceeds from sale of bonds, and tax raised for bonds due and interest on bonds.	Total for school year ending June 30th, 1911.
Atlantic City	\$68,114 06	\$5,000 00			\$18,000 00	\$91,114 06			\$401,438 33
Absecon City	500 00					500 00			4,775 20
Brigantine City	200 00					200 00			748 51
Buena Vista Township	2,600 00					2,600 00			23,589 00
Egg Harbor City	1,250 00					1,250 00			19,334 87
Egg Harbor Township	2,000 00					2,000 00			9,297 35
Galloway Township	2,184 00			\$1,000 00	760 00	3,944 00			15,580 27
Hammononton	4,500 00	1,000 00		1,500 00	500 00	7,500 00			52,532 98
Hamilton Township	2,050 00				300 00	2,350 00			14,815 74
Linwood Borough	500 00					500 00			2,966 15
Longport									929 46
Margate City	400 00					400 00			1,230 09
Mullica Township	400 00					400 00			5,439 18
Northfield City	500 00					500 00			3,782 14
Pleasantville	4,750 00				750 00	5,500 00			25,610 12
Port Republic	200 00					200 00			3,929 89
Somers Point City	1,050 00				550 00	1,300 00			4,149 43
Ventnor City	3,500 00			25,000 00		28,500 00			38,738 26
Weymouth Township	150 00				150 00	300 00			4,612 60
Total	\$94,848 06	\$6,000 00		\$27,500 00	\$20,710 00	\$149,058 06			\$633,499 07

Report of Attendance, by Districts, for the County of ATLANTIC, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.

DISTRICTS.									
	Actual number of days the schools were kept open.	Number of legal holidays the schools were not in session.	Possible number of days' attendance.	Days present—Boys.	Days present—Girls.	Total.	Days absent—Boys.	Days absent—Girls.	Total.
Atlantic City	188	6	1,082,902	458,596	453,838	912,434	89,388	89,470	178,858
Absecon City	188	7	19,196	9,786	7,101	16,887	1,183	1,126	2,309
Bridgetown City	188	9	19,494	9,786	7,101	16,887	1,183	1,126	2,309
Buena Vista Township	179 1/2	7	123,494 1/2	54,494 1/2	53,531 1/2	107,026	6,664 1/2	7,866 1/2	14,469
Deer Harbor City	188	2	70,488	32,692	27,653	60,345	4,720 1/2	4,491	9,208 1/2
Deer Harbor Township	180	7	42,182	18,469 1/2	15,004	33,473 1/2	4,720 1/2	4,491	9,208 1/2
Georgetown Township	188	11	55,262 1/2	21,304 1/2	23,649 1/2	44,954	5,811 1/2	5,441 1/2	11,252 1/2
Hampton Township	188	7	218,339	87,600 1/2	84,574	171,874 1/2	21,029	21,441 1/2	42,470 1/2
Hammonton Township	178	4	74,522 1/2	30,442	32,646	63,088	5,787 1/2	5,657	11,444 1/2
Linwood Borough	170	4	11,314	4,799	5,348 1/2	10,147 1/2	619 1/2	74	693 1/2
Lorain Township	172 1/2	7 1/2	2,687	1,228 1/2	681	1,909 1/2	1,031 1/2	74	1,105 1/2
Margate City	166 1/2	4	3,084	567	1,398 1/2	2,047 1/2	341 1/2	77	418 1/2
Multica Township	170	5	28,419	10,175	10,299	20,474	3,976	3,969	7,945
Northfield City	170	7	17,288	5,301 1/2	7,581 1/2	12,883	1,851	2,234	4,085
Pleasantville	178	4	141,889	60,609	55,973 1/2	116,582 1/2	12,788	12,458 1/2	25,246 1/2
Port Republic	174 1/2	3	16,387	7,061	6,739 1/2	13,819 1/2	1,329 1/2	1,288	2,607 1/2
Seaside Point City	187	8	17,318	7,469 1/2	7,004 1/2	15,473 1/2	1,681	966	2,647
Venator City	181	6	4,888	2,771	1,004 1/2	3,775 1/2	446 1/2	446 1/2	892 1/2
Weymouth Township	174	6	23,459 1/2	10,060 1/2	7,726	17,786 1/2	2,756 1/2	2,886 1/2	5,642 1/2
Total			1,953,915 1/2	\$24,036	892,766 1/2	1,657,802 1/2	156,419	169,894	326,113
									18,632 1/2
									13,407
									32,039 1/2

ATLANTIC COUNTY.

Report of Attendance, by Districts, for the County of ATLANTIC, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.														
	Number of pupils neither absent nor tardy during the year.	Number of sessions truant.	Total number of days transported.	Number of different pupils transported to the district and enrolled in Grades IX to XII.	Number of different pupils transported to the district and enrolled below Grade IX.	Number of pupils enrolled who have attended public schools in other districts in New Jersey during the present school year.	Number of cases of suspension or expulsion during the year.	Number of pupils enrolled in kindergarten.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 1 to 4 inclusive.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 5 to 8 inclusive.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 9 to 12 inclusive.	Number of pupils between 4 and 20 years enrolled in the schools during the year—Boys.	Number of pupils between 4 and 20 years enrolled in the schools during the year—Girls.	Total.
Atlantic City	42	797				64		507	4,190	1,827	479	3,544	3,549	7,093
Berkeley City	2	13				1			82	43	13	6	58	137
Berkeley Township	36	3	1,553			36		186	7	13		79	14	20
Burlington City	19					3		55	568	144		446	452	898
Burlington Township	1								268	142	31	265	221	486
Free Harbor City	1	1	480	2		3		27	178	122	6	178	155	333
Free Harbor Township	1								214	132	9	202	213	415
Galloway Township	2	81				8		34	345	307	92	661	689	1,350
Hammononton	38	202	1,261½					54	394	130	28	382	261	543
Hamilton Township	1								12	46		30	46	76
Lindwood									30	4		10	10	19
Longport								3	126	73	3	103	101	204
Margate City			1,209					2	86	48		59	75	134
Mullica Township	1								687	268	49	507	497	1,004
Northfield City	1	58	1,536	13		86			50	52	8	54	56	110
Pleasantville	1		1,011			28			67	77		72	73	144
Port Republic		6				10			32	15		29	18	47
Somers Point City	4	2							98	93	1	102	90	192
Ventnor City														
Weymouth Township														
Total	158	1,169	6,885½	15		226	26	1,018	7,873	3,853	719	6,623	6,580	13,203

SCHOOL REPORT.

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of BERGEN, State of New Jersey, for the School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.

DISTRICTS.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from State and county funds, as per County Superintendent's apportionment.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the State for "Manual and Industrial Training."	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Current Expenses."	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Manual and Industrial Training."	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, furnishing and repairing school buildings, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount received from district tax for purchase of land.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for purchase of bonds, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.
Allendale	\$1,657 94		\$3,012 50				\$148 00
Alpine	1,619 66		3,125 00				1,767 48
Bergenfield	5,139 73		7,887 00		\$1,000 00		32,947 45
Bogota	3,396 06		4,155 00				2,995 31
Carlstadt	10,162 66	\$600 00	8,100 00	\$600 00	300 00		36,450 13
Cliffside	8,332 58		10,500 00				133 65
Closter	3,527 98		3,500 00		200 00		2,781 19
Cresskill	1,556 81		2,300 00				164 57
Delford	4,334 70		5,500 00				559 53
Demarest	1,772 21		3,000 00				1,652 58
Dumont	4,813 31		8,782 50				3,423 20
E. Rutherford	10,647 86		11,350 00		1,200 00		2,497 94
Edgewater	4,940 91		19,375 00		4,500 00		10,164 52
Emerson	2,366 67		3,000 00				792 90
Englewood City	25,489 34	2,000 00	40,000 00	2,000 00			83,394 73
Englewood Cliffs	1,031 14		2,100 00				994 48
Fairview	6,253 67		7,325 00				1,402 50
Fort Lee	9,774 66		15,000 00				11,690 14
Franklin	4,059 11		6,240 00		884 35		674 26
Garfield	19,091 87	1,000 00	19,600 00	1,000 00	700 00		7,651 28
Glen Rock	1,974 31		2,000 00				3,074 33
Harrington Park	790 10		1,650 00				312 65
Harrington Township	1,666 35		2,200 00				4,545 57
Hasbrouck Heights	6,471 16	300 00	7,800 00		1,000 00		3,419 25
Haworth	1,712 99		3,775 00		725 00		398 49
Hillside Township	3,185 61		4,250 00		1,000 00		709 49
Hohokus Township	3,694 46		5,000 00		600 00		1,753 04
Hohokus Borough	1,597 41		2,500 00				827 24
Leonia	4,169 61		6,000 00				2,639 87
Little Ferry	5,309 22		3,710 00		420 00		3,058 95
Lodi Borough	11,588 17		12,000 00				4,623 74
Lodi Township	2,102 00		1,500 00				1,158 35

BERGEN COUNTY.

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of BERGEN, State of New Jersey, for the School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.

	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from State and county funds, as per County Superintendent's apportionment.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the State for "Manual and Industrial Training."	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Current Expenses."	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Manual and Industrial Training."	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, refurnishing and repairing school buildings, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount received from district tax for purchase of land.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from other sources, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.
Maywood	\$2,890 21		\$3,940 00		\$600 00		\$1,492 22
Midland Park	6,974 37		3,690 00		1,000 00		1,073 36
Midland Township	1,200 00		1,200 00		1,000 00	\$700 00	1,252 10
Midvale	1,249 87		21,250 00		5,000 00	450 00	17,071 43
New Barbours	43,045 87	\$2,000 00		\$2,000 00			696 87
North Arlington	965 71		1,204 88		50 00		1,399 50
Northwood	2,252 57		2,800 00				1,326 94
Oakland	1,288 99		2,050 00		500 00	200 00	1,551 92
Old Tappan	581 97		2,991 03		600 00		1,715 48
Orvil Township	3,261 54		2,750 00		5,350 00		2,277 60
Overtown Township	14,576 97	800 00	24,750 00	800 00			11,287 63
Pailsades Park	2,628 70		5,730 00		450 00		2,757 27
Pailsades Township	3,005 23		3,500 00		400 00		3,382 63
Park Ridge	4,632 05		6,000 00		3,000 00		1,552 86
Ramsey	4,885 29		1,000 00		3,000 00		437 15
Ridgefield	2,718 33		17,700 00	800 00	1,500 00		26,049 84
Ridgewood	13,440 65	800 00	6,530 00		250 00		380 06
Riverdale	1,152 84		1,500 00		1,741 89		5,376 82
Riverdale Township	1,152 86		50,260 00		1,500 00		2,694 76
Salisbury River	22,243 06		8,500 00		1,500 00		2,972 82
Salisbury Township	6,272 58		7,500 00		5,000 00		5,214 20
Saulkill River Township	2,817 61		8,900 00		20 00		2,674 82
Tenack Township	5,865 78	1,000 00	10,835 00	1,000 00	250 00		3,088 60
Tinton Township	9,490 50		2,253 22		200 00		1,604 05
Tupper Saddle River	490 46		3,600 00		200 00		1,117 12
Washington	8,716 70		2,500 00		1,000 00		608 11
Washington	392 40		9,500 00		200 00		
Westwood	5,553 84		1,600 00		1,000 00		
Woodcliff	1,469 88		3,600 00				
Wood Ridge	3,138 21						
Total	\$385,255 61	\$8,500 00	\$471,519 22	\$8,200 00	\$44,684 17	\$1,150 00	\$340,756 53

BERGEN COUNTY.

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Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of BERGEN, State of NEW JERSEY, for the School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Total amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, exclusive of amount raised for payment of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the sale of bonds.	Grand total received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909.	Amount expended for teachers' salaries, exclusive of amount paid on account of work done in manual and industrial training classes, and exclusive of amount paid on account Teachers' Retirement Fund.	Amount paid State treasurer for Teachers' Retirement Fund.	Amount expended for fuel.	Amount expended for janitors' wages for day schools.	Amount expended for text-books, apparatus and supplies, exclusive of those in column 16.
Allendale	\$5,818 44		\$5,818 44	\$2,583 44	\$42 60	\$389 93	\$319 00	\$218 38
Alpine	6,512 14		6,512 14	1,994 00	54 00	187 50	240 00	152 37
Bergenfield	52,974 18		52,974 18	7,234 55	65 45	407 26	820 00	1,375 44
Bogota	10,546 37	\$48,548 50	59,094 87	5,425 00	81 50	211 50	461 25	480 62
Carlstadt	56,212 79		56,212 79	11,104 50	148 50	649 73	931 00	780 56
Cliffside	18,966 23	78,627 55	97,593 78	10,123 22	91 98	478 88	1,239 96	1,306 42
Closter	10,009 17		10,009 17	5,602 60	77 40	351 00	453 00	601 93
Cresskill	4,021 38		4,021 38	2,391 82	34 50	297 00	460 00	155 22
Delford	10,394 23		10,394 23	5,410 00	60 00	362 12	650 00	258 77
Demarest	6,424 79		6,424 79	2,573 00	27 00	270 50	340 00	309 60
Dumont	17,019 01		17,019 01	8,689 89	160 11	365 03	610 00	968 73
E. Rutherford	25,686 80	16,238 00	41,923 80	12,994 75	220 25	647 44	1,515 00	1,267 37
Edgewater	38,980 43		38,980 43	11,284 81	215 19	723 60	2,040 00	1,594 31
Emerson	6,159 57	4,341 08	10,500 65	3,290 00	10 00	73 81	287 50	362 57
Englewood City	155,874 07		155,874 07	52,282 20	766 19	2,000 00	3,570 70	3,162 74
Englewood Cliffs	4,125 62		4,125 62	1,560 00		98 25	350 00	46 37
Fairview	11,981 17	44,856 96	59,838 13	8,834 73	159 69	627 35	1,297 00	960 92
Fort Lee	26,473 80		26,473 80	15,924 08	265 15	1,099 60	1,415 00	1,785 07
Franklin	11,857 71		11,857 71	4,575 59	91 05	293 62	550 00	498 19
Garfield	49,043 15	57,092 93	106,136 08	20,270 60	324 34	915 62	1,751 00	1,245 88
Glen Rock	7,048 64		7,048 64	2,582 10	27 90		369 00	395 77
Harrington Park	2,752 75		2,752 75	1,246 90	52 68	114 00	120 00	89 89
Harrington Township	8,411 92		8,411 92	2,750 13	6 90	215 66	270 00	234 03
Hasbrouck Heights	18,990 41		18,990 41	9,805 84	129 61	688 80	1,090 56	1,121 22
Haworth	6,611 48		6,611 48	3,196 25	84 65	218 04	265 00	501 58
Hillsdale Township	9,145 10		9,145 10	4,065 05	84 95	199 58	550 00	208 93
Hobokus Township	11,047 50	5,110 60	16,157 50	5,807 50	93 00	453 28	490 00	717 68
Hobokus Borough	4,924 65		4,924 65	2,344 00	31 00	237 25	464 90	226 43
Leonia	12,809 48		12,809 48	5,662 80	127 20	498 18	624 00	559 33
Little Ferry	12,498 17		12,498 17	6,637 25	82 75	831 91	780 00	1,046 41
Lodi Borough	28,211 89		28,211 89	13,714 55	208 55	1,128 50	1,091 60	1,064 58
Lodi Township	4,760 35		4,760 35	2,042 50		143 29	194 50	211 92

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of BERGEN, State of New Jersey, for the School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.

	Total amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, exclusive of amount raised for payment of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the sale of bonds.	Grand total received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909.	Amount expended for teachers' salaries, exclusive of amount paid on account of work done in manual and industrial training classes, and exclusive of amount paid on account Teachers' Retirement Fund.	Amount paid State treasurer for Teachers' Retirement Fund.	Amount expended for fuel.	Amount expended for janitors' wages for day schools.	Amount expended for text-books, apparatus and supplies, exclusive of those in column 16.
Maywood	\$8,262 44		\$8,262 44	\$4,130 75	\$23 00	\$326 04	\$485 00	\$357 11
Millard Park	12,190 12		12,190 12	6,866 66	116 25	371 80	734 00	948 16
Millard Township	9,642 90	\$7,600 00	17,242 90	3,470 24	80 76	444 99	401 43	697 10
Montvale	8,289 07		8,289 07	2,055 14	50 74	200 46	164 50	256 88
New Barbadoes	120,818 30		120,818 30	79,576 34	1,377 46	3,744 66	5,013 88	5,015 93
North Arlington	2,942 58		2,942 58	1,117 55	7 65	744 66	75 00	81 87
Norwood	6,655 07		6,655 07	2,479 50	20 50	188 90	300 00	125 83
Oakland	4,915 93		4,915 93	1,848 00	20 00	200 92	210 00	136 20
Old Tappan	8,844 99		8,844 99	1,212 80	16 00	32 80	126 45	129 20
Orville Township	8,371 52		8,371 52	2,536 82	328 60	247 17	48 00	129 20
Parlin Township	20,554 16		20,554 16	6,200 55	96 30	360 00	2,863 70	3,451 36
Parsippany Park	9,405 47	6,000 00	15,405 47	3,254 00	78 80	350 00	242 50	431 30
Parsippany Township	18,257 67	5,000 00	23,257 67	8,540 86	111 53	796 10	780 00	513 76
Park Ridge	10,829 15		10,829 15	6,749 80	100 20	796 10	780 00	1,236 48
Ramsey	11,805 48		11,805 48	5,250 00	26 00	441 15	440 00	670 71
Ridgefield	62,390 50	\$1,391 60	63,782 10	23,522 66	319 34	1,662 75	2,468 00	633 17
Ridgeview	9,327 90		9,327 90	3,452 66	19 06	260 76	358 33	2,468 23
Riverdale	2,459 87		2,459 87	1,289 00	11 06	57 40	160 00	466 94
Riverdale Township	20,851 79		20,851 79	40,186 55	658 91	63 32	3,360 00	141 85
Rutherford	1,868 94		1,868 94	1,098 65	30 38	964 15	984 00	977 93
Saddle River Township	19,417 64		19,417 64	6,406 90	106 00	732 56	920 04	613 30
Saddle River Township	13,202 43	33,168 90	46,371 33	24,729 69	107 25	974 84	1,709 65	1,408 07
Tenafly	24,769 61		24,769 61	12,691 86	116 55	940 45	1,397 43	1,397 43
Union Township	25,729 70	37,345 74	63,075 44	30,500 00	19 00	49 62	35 00	11 80
Upper Saddle River	13,894 74		13,894 74	8,416 40	49 60	612 42	61 60	960 25
Wallington	1,681 00		1,681 00	1,383 00	47 81	36 75	62 00	960 25
Washington	16,387 80		16,387 80	7,389 75	28 50	368 71	100 00	620 13
Westfield	1,387 80		1,387 80	1,382 70	46 80	445 00	450 00	227 49
Woodbridge	8,336 62		8,336 62	3,708 22				738 01
Wood Ridge								
Total	\$1,240,065 53	\$435,224 25	\$1,675,289 79	\$543,274 84	\$7,683 82	\$32,843 39	\$52,671 81	\$52,466 21

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of BERGEN, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Amount expended for "Manual and Industrial Training," including salaries, apparatus and supplies therefor.	Amount expended for transportation of pupils residing within the district to schools in other districts.	Amount expended for transportation of pupils within the district.	Amount expended for tuition of pupils in other districts.	Amount expended for medical inspection.	Amount expended for attendance officers.	Amount expended for school libraries and apparatus purchased with library money.	Amount expended for interest on temporary loans.
Altenate		\$54.62		\$543.05	\$75.00		\$30.96	\$57.00
Alpine		549.75		565.00	250.00		27.47	10.00
Bergenfield		219.00		1,014.60	150.00		76.35	
Bogota	\$1,300.88	853.25	\$15.00	715.00	225.00		20.00	
Carlstadt		273.00		209.00	15.00		20.00	
Cliffside		556.30		320.00	738.00		21.57	20.00
Closter		100.12		637.50	1.57.00	\$2.00	27.63	6.00
Danforth		57.00		14.00			52.67	131.00
Dumont	65.23	402.50	430.00	10.00	80.00		21.53	456.00
E. Rutherford		388.15	32.75	534.00	275.00		25.76	25.00
Edgewater		156.00	125.00	480.00	5.00			7.50
Emerson	4,000.00	135.00		315.50				
Englewood City		853.38		1,451.00	219.00	30.00	77.87	34.44
Fairview		1,103.89		2,464.10	450.00	125.00		62.38
Port Lee	2,000.00	167.21		223.20	1.05	2.50	32.85	
Franklin		77.25		106.00				5.25
Glen Hook		56.75	90.00	288.50	500.00		10.00	60.00
Harrington Township	472.78	202.80		408.00				53.11
Hastbrink Heights		696.50		704.00		3.00		57.53
Hawthorne Township		38.40		180.00	25.25			29.60
Hoboken Borough		341.73		72.00			19.35	
Leonia		236.63		1,674.40	175.00		23.90	37.50
Little Ferry				410.00	120.00		40.00	125.00
Loth Borough				272.00	140.00	68.98		37.56
Lodi Township								

BERGEN COUNTY.

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of BERGEN, State of New Jersey, for the School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

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SCHOOL REPORT.

DISTRICTS.	Amount expended for "Manual and Industrial Training," including salaries, apparatus and supplies therefor.	Amount expended for transportation of pupils residing within the district to schools in other districts.	Amount expended for transportation of pupils within the district.	Amount expended for tuition of pupils in other districts.	Amount expended for medical inspection.	Amount expended for attendance officers.	Amount expended for school libraries and apparatus purchased with library money.	Amount expended for interest on temporary loans.
Maywood		\$225 00	.....	\$329 00	\$50 00	\$24 00	\$66 36	\$37 50
Midland Park		70 00	.....	752 88	250 00	5 00	38 83	50 71
Midland Township				187 50	60 50	.....	.....	45 16
Montvale		55 55	.....	192 50	50 00	5 50	.....	648 97
New Bathons		205 00	\$366 70	319 00	30 00	.....	.....	1 00
North Bergen		609 00	.....	402 00	.....	.....	.....	5 00
Oakland		171 00	.....	203 00	20 00	5 00	.....	10 00
Old Tappan		157 50	.....	507 28	50 00	29 00	.....	8 75
Overbrook Township				625 25	200 00	23 00	30 00	26 25
Palisades Park		228 20	.....	999 00	76 00	.....	24 94	17 40
Palisades Township		51 20	.....	72 00	130 00	23 00	50 83	.....
Park Ridge					75 00	50 00	143 34	41 25
Ramsey		256 47	.....	424 00	200 00	.....	20 59	.....
Ridgefield		148 94	15 00	814 90	100 00	.....	40 00	16 17
Ridgeville		479 60	20 00	378 00	21 00	.....	63 15	109 34
Riverdale				353 00	.....	.....	.....	38 96
Rutherford		18 46	.....	54 00	288 76	.....	25 07	54 28
Saddle River		695 78	.....	1,049 50	.....	.....	20 00	30 00
Saddle River Township		168 37	.....	1,817 50	250 00	50 00	67 97	.....
Teaneck Township				2,870 00	100 00	.....	20 00	64 90
Totally Township	1,903 47	.....	.....	808 00	.....	175 00	20 85	.....
Upper Saddle River				150 00	80 00	.....	25 11	80 50
Washington	98 55	.....	.....	.....	10 75	.....	40 41	31 11
Westwood		1,618 65	.....	1,318 00	50 00	.....	33 60	.....
Woodcliff		421 25	.....	242 50	52 25	.....	.....	.....
Wood Ridge		60 30	.....	264 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	\$17,192 95	\$13,833 35	\$1,084 45	\$33,287 46	\$5,559 56	\$647 98	\$1,192 71	\$2,805 98

**Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of BERGEN, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.**

DISTRICTS.	Amount expended for other school purposes.	Total amount for Current Expenses, Manual and Industrial Training, for day schools.	Amount expended for new buildings and enlargements.	Amount expended for remodeling, repairing and furnishing school buildings and purchase of land.	Total amount expended for building, enlarging, remodeling and repairing, and purchase of land.	Grand total expended, excluding bonded debt and interest on bonds.	Balance of State and county funds, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of State county funds for manual and industrial training, June 30th, 1910.
Allendale	\$261 84	\$4,844 86		\$266 67	\$266 67	\$5,111 53		
Alpine	169 39	3,652 97		198 47	198 47	3,851 44		
Bergenfield	2,622 94	19,536 64	\$31,215 69	661 47	31,877 16	45,413 80	\$1,752 40	
Bogota	679 12	8,381 06	15,688 24	265 87	15,954 11	24,335 17		
Carlstadt	1,660 89	17,432 41	33,603 31	758 51	34,361 82	51,794 23	4,418 56	
Cliffside	2,169 58	17,494 29	9,108 47		9,108 47	26,602 76		
Closter	478 53	8,197 52		340 08	340 08	8,537 60		
Crosskill	164 29	3,744 40				3,744 40		
Delford	291 76	8,510 85				8,504 05		
Demarest	128 86	4,422 17		1,958 18	1,958 18	6,380 35		
Dumont	2,875 36	14,001 12		529 05	529 05	14,530 17		
E. Rutherford	1,713 11	19,008 35	10,622 97	2,834 18	13,457 15	32,465 50		
Edgewater	10,845 69	28,372 85		9,143 36	9,143 36	37,516 21		
Emerson	239 10	5,039 89	5,338 67		5,338 67	10,378 56		
Englewood City	10,862 63	76,634 46	38,338 26		38,338 26	114,972 72		
Englewood Cliffs	335 72	3,193 04				3,193 04		
Fairview	1,231 90	13,471 70	44,290 39		44,290 39	57,762 09		
Fort Lee	1,395 76	24,189 04		780 78	780 78	24,969 82		
Franklin	353 86	10,291 43		193 21	193 21	10,484 64		
Garfield	7,121 81	35,056 34	14,458 40	7,247 88	20,706 28	55,762 62		
Glen Rock	200 12	3,744 49		778 76	778 76	4,523 25		
Harrington Park	179 57	1,991 54				1,991 54		
Harrington Township	371 12	3,952 84		3,871 87	3,871 87	7,824 71		
Hasbrouck Heights	956 39	14,907 75		1,168 27	1,168 27	16,076 02		
Haworth	234 85	5,147 18		968 44	968 44	6,115 62		
Hillsdale Township	156 11	6,691 12		951 32	951 32	7,642 44		
Hobokus Township	371 67	8,433 31	6,002 39		6,002 39	14,435 70		
Hobokus Borough	135 63	3,720 16		254 67	254 67	3,974 83		
Leonia	295 30	9,430 94		86 60	86 60	10,017 54	54 92	
Little Ferry	650 62	10,620 34		416 30	416 30	11,036 64	604 30	
Lodi Borough	4,991 63	23,056 04				23,056 04		
Lodi Township	330 20	3,440 95		905 36	905 36	4,246 31		

BERGEN COUNTY.

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Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of BERGEN, State of New Jersey, for the School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Amount expended for other school purposes.	Total amount for "Current Expenses" and "Manual and Industrial Training" for day schools.	Amount expended for new buildings and enlargements.	Amount expended for remodeling, repairing and refurnishing school buildings and purchase of land.	Total amount expended for building, enlarging, remodeling and repairing, and purchase of land.	Grand total expended, excluding bonded debt and interest on bonds.	Balance of State and county funds, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of State and county funds for manual and industrial training, June 30th, 1910.
Maywood	\$431 64	\$6,665 04		\$209 30	\$209 30	\$6,872 34		
Midland Park	886 76	11,142 30		351 58	351 58	11,493 88		
Midland Township	1,097 72	7,538 24	\$7,504 05	1,754 29	9,258 34	16,796 88		
Montvale	477 60	3,527 22	3,725 31		3,725 31	7,252 53		
New Barbours	6,094 65	106,834 06		9,054 14	9,054 14	115,888 20		
North Arlington	283 93	1,880 15		87 50	967 65	2,847 78		
Norwood	457 74	4,481 77	1,187 50	61 50	5,730 77	5,730 77		
Oakland	300 00	3,751 62		446 51	446 51	4,198 13		
Old Tappan	953 68	2,974 53		414 00	968 20	3,942 83		
Overpeck Township	217 32	5,613 07	1,207 00	5,496 45	6,703 45	12,396 52		
Palisades Park	943 82	9,962 72	8,861 68	800 00	9,661 68	19,623 40		
Palisades Township	1,111 65	6,912 89	7,374 63	524 72	7,900 21	14,812 24	150 36	
Park Ridge	1,015 13	12,967 56		7,760 21	10,727 77	23,695 33		
Ramsey	415 86	8,356 31		1,700 34	1,700 34	10,056 65		
Ridgefield	737 75	29,977 76	1,817 34	33,215 07	35,032 81	73,292 83		
Ridgewood	6,007 26	6,524 20	31,289 68	250 00	32,539 88	6,774 20		
Riverdale	1,324 40	5,545 75		107 49	1,432 89	2,652 24		
Riverdale Township	46 90	52,652 19		1,699 39	1,746 29	54,051 58	260 29	
Saddle River	110 51	1,636 66		65 00	1,701 66	1,591 66	277 28	
Saddle River Township	615 19	12,969 16	1,797 62	5,200 00	17,966 78	42,927 55		
Teaneck Township	497 32	11,588 12	26,439 43	6,729 22	35,656 77	23,598 38		
Teaneck	508 22	16,850 16		6,729 22	13,120 94	22,971 06		
Tonawanda	2,790 41	20,701 42	1,369 63		4,159 04	24,860 46		
Union Township	35 05	664 17		520 35	555 42	664 17	1,777 34	
Upper Saddle River	298 40	11,588 27		22 20	12,108 62	12,108 62	25 11	
Washington	60 44	739 49	1,143 29	99 63	942 41	811 69		
Westwood	2,924 28	15,518 94		99 63	15,618 62	16,662 23		
Woodcliff	376 35	3,051 25	1,142 34		4,193 59	3,160 88		
Wood Ridge	615 22	6,499 58			7,114 80	7,641 92		
Total	\$35,381 89	\$505,465 40	\$302,215 89	\$50,530 51	\$858,546 20	\$1,243,011 00	\$9,320 56	

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of BERGEN, State of New Jersey, for the School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Balance of district tax for current expenses, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for manual and industrial training, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, re-furnishing and repairing, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for purchase of land.	Balance of moneys from other sources, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax raised for bonds and interest on bonds.	Balance from bond sale June 30th, 1910.	Total balance, June 30th, 1910.
Allendale	\$706 91				\$51 67		\$706 91
Alpine	2,607 50		\$301 53				2,660 70
Bergenfield	3,167 35		338 53		2,301 50	\$24,759 70	7,560 38
Bogota							34,759 70
Carlstadt	1,437 94					69,553 08	4,413 56
Chiffade	1,351 56				230 01		70,991 02
Closter	276 98						1,471 57
Cresskill	1,290 65						276 98
DeFord							1,830 18
Demarest	1,468 01						2,468 84
Dumont	5,189 70						9,468 30
E. Rutherford	24 60		165 82				1,461 22
Edgewater	117 85						1,461 22
Emerson							122 09
Englewood City							40,395 35
Englewood Cliffs	57 73				40,901 35		2,072 35
Fort Lee	884 79				1,191 25		11,503 98
Franklin	630 06		631 14		61 87	11,503 98	1,373 07
Glen Rock	15,297 36					35,076 10	50,373 46
Harrington Park	2,489 81				35 58		2,525 39
Harrington Township	448 56				312 65		761 21
Hastbronck Heights	28 88				558 33		587 21
Haworth	9,901 77				12 62		2,914 39
Hillstate Township	303 91				191 96		495 86
Hoboken Township	1,404 27				38 39		1,562 66
Hoboken Borough	1,721 80						1,721 80
Hoboken	2,359 21				672 26		949 82
Leonia	776 46		3 70		437 81		791 94
Little Ferry	5,155 85				77 07		5,165 85
Loft Borough	414 04						414 04
Loft Township							

BERGEN COUNTY.

SCHOOL REPORT.

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of BERGEN, State of New Jersey, for the School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—(Continued.)

DISTRICTS.

DISTRICTS.	Balance of district tax for current expenses, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for manual and industrial training, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, repairing and repainting, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for purchase of land.	Balance of moneys from other sources, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax raised for bonds and interest on bonds.	Balance from bond sale June 30th, 1910.	Total balance, June 30th, 1910.
Maywood	\$1,345 10				\$45 00		\$1,390 10
Midland Park					696 24		696 24
Midland Township	336 82				10 00		346 82
Montvale	277 76		\$45 95		703 81		1,027 54
New Barbadoes					4,930 10		4,930 10
North Arlington	873 28				1 65		874 93
Norwood	783 27				121 03		904 30
Oakland					717 80		717 80
Old Tappan	563 74				22 72		576 46
Orvil Township	1,747 99				271 76		2,019 75
Overpeck Township	1,051 94	\$243 65					1,295 59
Palisades Park	1,285 41				7 95		1,293 36
Palisades Township	256 15				3 35		1,268 76
Park Ridge					157 22		593 73
Ramapo	751 64				2,529 90		2,529 90
Ridgefield	323 22		1,182 66		95 35		1,631 83
Ridgewood	2,195 20	572 29	671 01		2,006 80	\$61,947 68	70,353 77
Riverside	2,173 64				380 06		2,553 70
Riverdale	806 63						806 63
Rutherford	5,028 86				511 06		5,809 21
Saddle River							277 28
Saddle River Township	3,749 40						4,680 86
Teaneck Township	690 96				931 46		3,443 78
Tenafly	737 29				2,842 82		1,141 22
Union Township	4,568 28	131 15			272 78	35,976 11	40,544 30
Upper Saddle River	88 72		20 00				108 93
Washington	229 87						1,786 12
Westwood	294 85				14 33		269 31
Woodcliff	296 11				5 81		300 66
Wood Ridge	323 44		100 37		919 64		1,226 12
					381 26		704 70

Apportionment of School Moneys, by Districts, for the County of BERGEN, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1911.

DISTRICTS.	Balance of State and county funds, July 1st, 1910.	Balance "District Tax," July 1st, 1910.	Balance received from other sources, July 1st, 1910.	Total balance, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax for bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount apportioned from State appropriation, railroad tax, State school tax and State school fund appropriation.	Amount apportioned from surplus revenue.	Amount apportioned from balances.	Amount available for manual and industrial training from State funds.
Alpena		\$706 91	\$51 67	\$706 91	\$2,539 74	\$10 00		
Alpena		2,600 03	2,301 50	2,600 70	5,600 51	5 53		\$500 00
Berens	\$1,752 40	3,506 48	34,750 70	34,750 70	3,926 50	15 18		600 00
Carleton	4,418 36		69,553 08	4,418 56	10,146 48	59 43		
Carleton		1,431 34	70,091 02	8,272 47	8,272 47	29 26		
Chas. E. Smith		1,251 56	250 01	1,471 57	1,386 56	39 71		
Chester		276 98		276 98	1,604 46	6 75		
Chester		1,200 65	539 53	1,830 18	2,900 12	14 40		
Delaware			44 44	44 44	2,041 77	7 78		
Demarest		1,498 01	990 83	2,488 84	5,331 46	24 87		
Dumont		5,365 52	4,102 78	9,468 30	11,294 24	65 53		
E. Rutherford		24 60	1,439 62	1,464 22	6,130 89	24 30		250 00
Edgewater		117 85		122 09	29,065 15	11 05		
Englewood			40,901 35	40,901 35	1,065 59	2 36		2,000 00
Englewood City		887 58	75 00	962 58	6,889 76	36 80		1,000 00
Englewood Cliffs			1,191 23	1,191 23	11,174 23	48 22		
Fairview		884 79	11,503 98	11,503 98	5,060 14	16 51		
Franklin			35,076 10	35,076 10	19,793 43	109 37		1,000 00
Gardenfield		1,311 30	36 58	761 21	9,222 06	3 45		
Green Rock		15,397 36	312 65	15,710 01	1,708 70	8 70		
Harrington Park		2,493 81	388 33	2,882 14	6,628 86	32 90		
Harrington Township		28 88	568 23	597 11	1,954 49	7 08		300 00
Haworth		9,302 71	191 95	9,494 66	38,238 84	13 92		
Hillsdale Township		1,484 27	38 39	1,522 66	1,721 80	16 87		
Hoboken Township		1,721 80		1,721 80	4,498 82	7 69		
Hoboken Borough		2,209 21	497 81	2,707 02	4,766 36	18 33		
Leonia		2,209 21	497 81	2,707 02	4,766 36	18 33		
Little Ferry		780 16	77 07	857 23	6,207 58	31 98		
Loft Borough		5,155 85		5,155 85	12,067 44	3 83		
Loft Township		414 04		414 04	882 87			

BERGEN COUNTY.

Apportionment of School Moneys, by Districts, for the County of BERGEN, State of New Jersey, for the School Year Ending June 30th, 1911—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Balance of State and county funds, July 1st, 1910.		Balance "District Tax," July 1st, 1910.		Balance received from other sources, July 1st, 1910.		Total balance, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax for bonds and interest on bonds.		Amount apportioned from State appropriation, railroad tax, State school tax and State school fund appropriation.		Amount apportioned from surplus revenue.		Amount apportioned from balances.		Amount available for manual and industrial training from State funds.	
Moanachie.....																
Maywood.....			\$1,346 10	\$43 00	\$1,389 10	\$1,297 50	\$1,113 91	\$7 66								
Midland Park.....			326 32	60 54	386 86	4,108 94	38 43									
Midland Township.....			323 73	703 31	1,027 04	1,524 86	12 78									
Northvale.....				4,930 10	4,930 10	46 424 91	205 60									
New Barbours.....				1 62	874 93	906 37	295 60									
North Arlington.....			873 28	1 62	874 90	906 37	295 60									
Northvale.....			783 27	1 62	874 90	906 37	295 60									
Orskland.....				1 62	874 90	906 37	295 60									
Old Tappan.....			553 74	717 80	1,271 54	1,891 73	5 88									
Overlook Township.....			1,747 93	22 72	1,770 65	1,109 95	12 96									
Overlook Township.....			1,276 69	271 76	1,548 45	3,112 15	5 09									
Palisades Park.....			1,256 41	7 35	1,263 76	15,541 90	74 12									
Palisades Township.....			286 15	3 35	289 50	4,570 25	19 10									
Park Ridge.....			\$120 36	137 22	257 58	2,965 71	12 70									
Park Ridge.....				2,529 90	2,529 90	5,240 68	19 77									
Ramapo.....			734 64	96 86	831 50	5,101 19	22 03									
Ridgewood.....			1,535 98	68 947 68	1,604 62	2,857 68	10 54									
Ridgewood.....			3,414 63	80 06	3,494 69	16,092 66	71 61									
Riverdale.....			2,413 61	380 06	2,793 67	1,317 58	4 66									
Riverdale Township.....			5,028 86	511 06	5,539 92	24,434 36	106 69									
Rutherford.....																
Saddle River.....			277 28													
Saddle River Township.....			3,749 40	361 46	4,110 86	2,857 68	10 54									
Teaneck Township.....			868 44	272 78	1,141 22	5,122 92	21 25									
Tenafly.....			4,608 28	25 976 11	4,634 29	10,515 85	52 76									
Union Township.....			108 73	30	138 73	401 15	1 93									
Upper Saddle River.....			1,777 34	2 22	1,779 56	8,766 18	52 49									
Washington.....			25 11	14 33	39 44	382 33	1 75									
Westwood.....			294 85	5 31	300 16	6,355 27	19 87									
Woolfidge.....			323 44	381 26	704 70	1,605 61	5 42									
Woolfidge.....						3,063 67	16 14									
Total.....			\$9,320 56	\$324 63 42	\$9,645 19	\$39,144 29	\$1,795 08								\$10,050 00	

**Apportionment of School Moneys, by Districts, for the County of BERGEN, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1911—Continued.**

DISTRICTS.	Amount of district tax voted for "Current Expenses."	Amount of district tax voted for "Manual and Industrial Train- ing."	Amount of district tax voted for purchase of land.	Amount of district tax voted for building and enlarging school houses.	Amount of district tax voted for remodeling, refurnishing and re- pairing school houses.	Total amount of district tax on- ly raised, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount available from private sources for manual and indus- trial training.	Total amount available from other sources, excluding proceeds from sale of bonds, and tax raised for bonds due and interest on bonds.	Total for school year ending June 30th, 1911.
Allendale	\$1,875 00				\$435 42	\$2,310 42		\$5,567 07	
Alpine	3,500 00					3,500 00		7,909 04	
Bergenfield	12,500 00	\$500 00			2,000 00	15,000 00		28,687 68	
Bogota	6,654 00					6,654 00		45,364 38	
Carlstadt	8,100 00	600 00			300 00	9,000 00		24,224 47	
Cliffside	11,000 00					11,000 00		90,609 75	
Closter	4,300 00				200 00	4,500 00		10,378 84	
Cresskill	2,600 00					2,600 00		4,488 19	
Delford	6,000 00					6,000 00		11,744 80	
Demarest	3,900 00					3,900 00		5,993 99	
Dumont	8,435 00				300 00	8,735 00		16,780 17	
E. Rutherford	8,300 00	250 00			450 00	9,000 00		30,078 07	
Edgewater	15,750 00				5,500 00	21,250 00		28,869 41	
Emerson	3,000 00					3,000 00		5,778 74	
Englewood City	42,000 00	2,000 00				44,000 00		116,039 67	
Englewood Cliffs	2,400 00					2,400 00		4,400 53	
Fairview	9,350 00	1,000 00				10,350 00		29,343 60	
Fort Lee	15,000 00					15,000 00		37,726 43	
Franklin	4,925 00				800 00	5,725 00		12,174 72	
Garfield	23,275 00	1,000 00			700 00	24,975 00		96,251 35	
Glen Rock	2,000 00					2,000 00		6,885 28	
Harrington Park	1,700 00					1,700 00		3,386 71	
Harrington Township	2,400 00					2,400 00		4,704 61	
Hasbrouck Heights	8,600 00	300 00				8,900 00		18,776 15	
Haworth	3,800 00					3,800 00		6,227 43	
Hillsdale Township	4,500 00					4,500 00		9,844 59	
Hohokus Township	4,300 00				900 00	5,200 00		11,436 99	
Hohokus Borough	2,650 00					2,650 00		5,330 75	
Leonia	8,500 00					8,500 00		16,076 63	
Little Ferry	5,700 00				480 00	6,180 00		13,801 49	
Lodi Borough	12,000 00				3,862 50	15,862 50		33,137 77	
Lodi Township	1,500 00				300 00	1,800 00		3,080 74	

BERGEN COUNTY.

**Apportionment of School Moneys, by Districts, for the County of BERGEN, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1911—Continued.**

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SCHOOL REPORT.

DISTRICTS.	Amount of district tax voted for "Current Expenses."	Amount of district tax voted for "Manual and Industrial Train- ing."	Amount of district tax voted for purchase of land.	Amount of district tax voted for building and enlarging school houses.	Amount of district tax voted for remodeling, refurnishing and re- pairing school houses.	Total amount of district tax or- dered to be raised, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount available from private sources for manual and indus- trial training.	Total amount available from other sources, excluding proceeds from sale of bonds, and tax raised for bonds due and interest on bonds.	Total for school year ending June 30th, 1911.
Moonachie								\$1,215 06	
Maywood	\$1,077 00					\$4,027 00		8,546 06	
Midland Park	3,500 00					3,500 00		11,341 66	
Midland Township	1,800 00				700 00	5,500 00		8,715 51	
Montvale	1,750 00				50 00	1,800 00		4,358 16	
New Barbadoes	57,975 00	2,000 00			4,000 00	63,975 00		117,535 51	
North Arlington	850 00				150 00	1,000 00		2,784 47	
Norwood	2,500 00					2,500 00		5,629 21	
Oakland	2,000 00					2,000 00		4,615 39	
Old Tappan	1,135 00		\$500 00			1,635 00		3,437 50	
Orvil Township	2,900 00				600 00	3,500 00		8,644 86	
Overpeck Township	26,700 00	900 00			4,100 00	32,600 00		49,799 56	
Palisades Park	7,825 00					7,825 00		13,673 11	
Palisades Township	5,100 00				900 00	6,000 00		9,512 14	
Park Ridge	8,000 00					8,000 00		15,790 35	
Ramsey	4,900 00				300 00	5,200 00		11,077 86	
Ridgefield	6,000 00					6,000 00		10,470 05	
Ridgewood	27,700 00	800 00	300 00		1,500 00	30,300 00		117,563 44	
Riverside	4,212 50				250 00	4,462 50		9,404 26	
Rivervale Township	2,500 00			\$2,500 00		5,000 00		7,224 67	
Rutherford	33,050 00				1,805 70	34,855 72		64,896 99	
Saddle River	500 00				100 00	600 00		1,796 03	
Saddle River Township	8,800 00				1,500 00	10,300 00		22,020 30	
Teaneck Township	8,600 00				400 00	9,000 00		17,889 05	
Tenafly	10,800 00	700 00				11,500 00		19,854 94	
Union Township	13,060 00					13,060 00		64,173 00	
Upper Saddle River	510 00				125 00	635 00		947 01	
Wallington	2,300 00					2,300 00		13,584 79	
Washington	400 00					400 00		1,053 39	
Westwood	10,420 00					12,420 00		19,085 80	
Woodcliff	2,365 00					2,500 00		5,337 15	
Wood Ridge	4,000 00					4,000 00		7,784 51	
Total	\$70,243 50	\$10,050 00	\$800 00	\$2,500 00	\$35,063 64	\$58,657 14		\$1,395,921 70	

**Report of Attendance, by Districts, for the County of BERGEN, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.**

DISTRICTS.	Actual number of days the schools were kept open.	Number of legal holidays the schools were not in session.	Possible number of days' attendance.	Days present—Boys.	Days present—Girls.	Total.	Days absent—Boys.	Days absent—Girls.	Total.	Times tardy—Boys.	Times tardy—Girls.	Total.
Allendale	194	5	27,456	14,839½	9,938	24,777½	1,502	1,176½	2,678½	214	127	341
Alpine	185	6	10,801½	6,153	3,911½	10,064½	429	308	737	280	101	381
Bergenfield	187	6	71,904	29,295	31,962	61,167	4,531½	6,205½	10,737	364	308	672
Bogota	185	6	49,046	17,178½	19,725	36,903½	2,267½	2,884½	5,142	219	219	438
Carlstadt	193	6	137,410½	64,200½	63,518½	127,719	4,511½	5,180	9,691½	278	217	495
Cliffside	184	6	101,214½	44,870	44,506	89,376	5,731	6,107½	11,838½	479	603	1,082
Closter	187	6	48,131	22,321½	20,470½	42,792	3,938	2,411	5,339	492	310	702
Cresskill	194	6	17,899½	8,561½	6,984½	15,546	1,054	1,299½	2,353½	108	32	140
Delford	186	6	32,587½	15,685	14,454	30,139	1,222½	1,226	2,448½	44	52	96
Demarest	185	5	21,712½	9,141	10,290	19,431	1,079½	1,202	2,281½	26	38	64
Dumont	177	6	60,307	31,169½	23,388½	54,558	2,969½	2,779½	5,749	123	112	235
E. Rutherford	191	7	167,187	71,799	73,543½	145,342½	10,802½	11,042	21,844½	1,136	984	2,120
Edgewater	188	6	67,882	32,271½	27,094	60,365½	3,827½	3,689	7,516½	1,108	701	1,809
Emerson	175	6	27,907	11,993½	11,264	23,257½	2,127½	2,522	4,649½	253	164	417
Englewood City	186	5	319,964	138,854½	141,452	280,306½	18,998½	20,659	39,657½	405	280	685
Englewood Cliffs	184	6	5,996	2,869½	2,186	5,055½	564	376½	940½	50	26	76
Fairview	183	6	88,064	41,977½	33,383½	75,361	6,069½	6,633½	12,703	491	354	845
Fort Lee	190	7	128,022½	60,410½	50,524	110,934½	9,428½	7,659½	17,088	828	472	1,300
Franklin	185	6	44,624	17,904	21,199	39,103	2,886	2,635	5,521	284	343	627
Garfield	186	6	337,709	137,536	129,189	266,725	34,809	36,175	70,984	3,309	2,007	5,316
Glen Rock	190	6	33,206½	13,760	12,990½	26,749½	3,357	3,108	6,465	156	85	241
Harrington Park	190	6	10,415	4,935½	4,166	9,101½	707½	696	1,313½	160	128	288
Harrington Township	193	7	24,850	13,468	7,794	21,262	1,872	1,716	3,588	188	170	358
Hasbrouck Heights	188	6	77,205	38,623	34,783½	73,411½	2,100½	1,693	3,793½	23	7	30
Haworth	188	6	19,454	8,666½	8,422	17,088½	1,175	1,190½	2,365½	133	143	276
Hillsdale Township	192	6	34,717	16,168½	12,820½	28,989	2,683½	3,044½	5,728	608	305	913
Hohokus Township	190	7	52,932½	23,058½	18,906	41,964½	5,754½	5,213½	10,968	386	261	647
Hohokus Borough	188	7	18,504½	7,778½	7,456½	15,235	1,424	1,845½	3,269½	173	192	365
Leonia	189	6	49,456½	22,547½	20,846	43,393½	2,841½	3,221½	6,063	322	242	564
Little Ferry	193	7	88,980	37,529½	38,706½	76,236	5,564½	7,179½	12,744	184	192	376
Lodi Borough	183	6	161,171	70,739½	67,458½	138,198	10,675½	12,297½	22,973	845	415	1,260
Lodi Township	181	6	32,081½	14,946½	12,119	27,065½	2,305	2,710½	5,016	127	102	229

BERGEN COUNTY.

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**Report of Attendance, by Districts, for the County of BERGEN, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.**

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SCHOOL REPORT.

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DISTRICTS.	Actual number of days the schools were kept open.	Number of legal holidays the schools were not in session.	Possible number of days' attendance.	Days present—Boys.	Days present—Girls.	Total.	Days absent—Boys.	Days absent—Girls.	Total.	Times tardy—Boys.	Times tardy—Girls.	Total.
Maywood	191	6	34,838½	17,923½	12,805	30,528½	2,356½	1,953½	4,310	56	58	114
Midland Park	197	7	100,782	44,040	42,516½	86,556½	7,016	7,209½	14,225½	484	422	606
Midland Township	184	6	36,590	15,335	15,907½	31,242½	2,254	3,093½	5,347½	429	489	918
Montvale	190	6	14,969	7,318	5,511	12,829	1,331½	808½	2,140	217	178	395
New Barbadoes	182	6	500,853	210,912½	221,869	441,781½	27,468	31,603½	59,071½	1,331	914	2,245
North Arlington	186	6	9,495	4,257	3,500	7,757	397	741	1,138	50	40	90
Norwood	191	6	18,186½	7,391	8,894½	16,285½	871	1,030	1,901	91	98	189
Oakland	186	6	18,738½	7,615½	6,429½	14,045	2,417½	2,276	4,693½	47	64	111
Old Tappan	189	6	11,591½	5,349	4,211½	9,560½	1,187	844	2,031	161	51	212
Orvil Township	192	6	33,301½	13,973½	12,759½	26,729	3,261½	3,311	6,572½	350	163	513
Overpeck Township	180	6	186,893	86,274	81,024½	167,298½	9,513½	10,081	19,594½	1,047	728	1,775
Palisades Park	197	6	63,055	27,519	24,039	51,558	6,163½	5,333½	11,497	455	217	672
Palisades Township	188	6	34,542½	12,610½	17,582½	30,193	1,811½	2,538	4,349½	206	119	325
Park Ridge	189	7	58,610	24,854	28,066	52,920	2,713	2,977	5,690	190	188	378
Ramsey	190	7	55,838½	23,201	23,655½	46,856½	4,426	4,556	8,982	293	298	591
Ridgefield	190	7	28,513	13,459	11,030½	24,489½	2,246	1,777½	4,023½	239	195	434
Ridgewood	191	7	188,799	80,559	84,089	164,648	10,997½	13,153½	24,151	2,594½	2,120	4,714½
Riverside	180	6	23,757	10,555	10,036½	20,591½	1,616½	1,549	3,165½	115	87	202
Riverdale Township	189	7	13,871½	5,323½	6,996½	12,320	970½	581	1,551½	82	84	166
Rutherford	188	6	261,254	112,172½	119,241	231,413½	12,700½	17,140	29,840½	957	637	1,594
Saddle River	182	6	12,240	4,545	4,189½	8,734½	1,783	1,722½	3,505½	131	137	268
Saddle River Township	195	6	101,671	43,080½	38,603½	81,684	10,678½	9,308½	19,987	440	242	682
Teaneck Township	187	5	57,922½	28,423	22,169	50,592	3,721	3,609½	7,330½	849	553	1,402
Teaneck	190	6	62,606	28,335	25,742	54,077	4,271½	4,256½	8,528	493	261	754
Union Township	191	8	152,759½	65,072	66,436	131,567	9,512	11,680½	21,192½	482	257	739
Upper Saddle River	190	5	5,259½	3,139½	1,445	4,584½	461½	213½	675	12	30	42
Wallington	192	7	131,964½	60,938½	54,814	115,752½	7,979½	8,232½	16,212	518	285	803
Washington	187	5	3,878½	1,281½	1,404½	2,686	582	610½	1,192½	23	18	41
Westwood	190	5	57,768	27,949½	23,317½	51,267	3,881½	2,619½	6,501	214	89	303
Woodcliff	178	6	12,914½	6,537	4,660½	11,197½	881½	835½	1,717	72	64	136
Wood Ridge	193	6	42,581	17,913	21,237½	39,150½	1,357½	2,073	3,430½	227	212	439
Total	188	6	4,697,840½	2,078,250	1,990,256	4,068,506	305,618	323,716½	629,334½	26,651½	18,590	45,241½

Report of Attendance, by Districts, for the County of BERGEN, State of New Jersey, for the School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Number of pupils neither absent nor tardy during the year.	Number of sessions truant.	Total number of days transported.	Number of different pupils transported to the district and enrolled in Grades IX to XII.	Number of different pupils transported to the district and enrolled below Grade IX.	Number of pupils enrolled who have attended public schools in other districts in New Jersey during the present school year.	Number of cases of suspension or expulsion during the year.	Number of pupils enrolled in kindergarten.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 1 to 4 inclusive.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 5 to 8 inclusive.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 9 to 12 inclusive.	Number of pupils between 4 and 20 years enrolled in the schools during the year—Boys.	Number of pupils between 4 and 20 years enrolled in the schools during the year—Girls.	Total.
Allendale	8							15	90	65	100	40	70	170
Alpine	39					1			30	34	222	222	230	64
Bergenfield	48	43				3			294	167	167	129	238	461
Caldwell	116	26				109			190	90	119	151	151	280
Cliffside	8	1,340½				109			499	218	414	412	412	826
Closter	5	8		8		27			353	133	343	339	339	682
Cresskill	1					10			143	101	22	163	136	299
DeFord	1					8			132	83	61	61	84	115
Demarest	8	3				178			88	70	178	178	89	268
Dumont	48	11	746	6		14			238	138	228	228	177	405
E. Rutherford	35	27½	7,460	40		167			555	258	502	502	506	1,010
Edgewater	6	1				35			129	136	92	92	212	466
Emerson	30	35				8			928	50	358	993	87	179
Englewood City	30	91	11,047	66		290			27	15	24	24	18	42
Englewood Cliffs	21	122				64			416	140	337	337	233	620
Fairview	42	23				20			572	250	447	447	375	822
Franklin	3	88				3			188	110	135	135	163	298
Garden State	3	12				377			1,198	496	1,044	1,044	1,027	2,071
Garfield	2	3				30			146	44	122	122	118	240
Harrison	4	564				1			48	25	41	41	32	73
Harrison Park	1					2			111	180	90	90	61	151
Harrison Township	78	4				15			207	188	232	232	224	476
Haworth	4	1				15			66	74	62	62	63	125
Hillside Township	3	5				104			104	79	136	136	81	220
Hoboken Township	3					39			231	89	193	193	182	375
Hoboken Borough	6	2				18			80	37	57	57	151	311
Leonia	6	14				16			145	105	160	160	151	311
Little Ferry	6	10				3			306	146	251	251	276	527
Lodi Borough	21					1			613	222	516	516	508	1,024
Lodi Township						189			165	48	112	112	101	213

BERGEN COUNTY.

Report of Attendance, by Districts, for the County of BERGEN, State of New Jersey, for the School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.														
	Number of pupils neither absent nor tardy during the year.	Number of sessions truant.	Total number of days transported.	Number of different pupils transported to the district and enrolled in Grades IX to XII.	Number of different pupils transported to the district and enrolled below Grade IX.	Number of pupils enrolled who have attended public schools in other districts in New Jersey during the present school year.	Number of cases of suspension or expulsion during the year.	Number of pupils enrolled in kindergarten.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 1 to 4 inclusive.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 5 to 8 inclusive.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 9 to 12 inclusive.	Number of pupils between 4 and 20 years enrolled in the schools during the year—Boys.	Number of pupils between 4 and 20 years enrolled in the schools during the year—Girls.	Total.
Maywood	9	36				8		35	104	72		122	89	211
Midland Park						12	1		306	170		294	286	580
Midland Township						11	1	104	169	103		134	138	572
Montvale	69	8	37,643	246		80	3	433	48	42		62	88	90
New Barbados									1,432	724	546	1,549	1,386	2,135
North Arlington	1		1,183		7	6		11	28	36		38	26	64
North Haverhill									73	40		85	52	115
Oakland									47	75		104	98	202
Old Tappan									127	75		104	98	202
Overtown Township	3	45							539	421	62	593	758	1,161
Overpeck Township	30	72				36		139	212	90		202	172	374
Palisades Park	11	74				10		35	101	93		100	139	239
Palisades Township	12	12	5,488½	34		7	1	39	162	101	66	165	183	348
Park Ridge	2		513						200	118	30	170	178	348
Ramsey									108	62	20	107	83	190
Ridgefield	8	66	6,145½	43		17	11	145	452	372	194	560	603	1,163
Ridgewood	5	3	309			2			88	64		79	73	152
Riverdale									48	42		40	50	90
Riverdale Township														
Rutherford	34		2,908½	18			6	170	745	472	184	808	763	1,571
Saddle River	1	3							62	21		44	39	83
Saddle River Township	1					36	2		406	217		334	289	623
Teaneck	10	29				18	4		271	115		212	174	386
Teaneck Township	1								208	149		207	204	411
Tenafly	8	29				5		54	745	226		471	500	971
Union Township	51	34				43	7		31	16		27	20	47
Upper Saddle River														
Washington	7	15				99	2	101	514	290		429	386	815
Washington Township									20	10		15	15	30
Westwood	15	4				12			216	125		188	153	341
Woodcliff	4					2			67	25		53	39	92
Woodcliff Township	18	8				7		33	151			118	141	259
Total	776	1,240	75,257	424	62	806	158	3,046	16,450	8,504	1,560	15,053	14,517	29,570

**Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of BURLINGTON, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.**

DISTRICTS.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from State and county funds, as per County Superintendent's apportionment.		Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the State for "Manual and Industrial Training."		Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Current Expenses."		Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Manual and Industrial Training."		Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, refurnishing and repairing school buildings, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.		Amount received from district tax for purchase of land.		Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from other sources, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.	
Base River	\$2 39	33			\$1 663	48							\$234	44
Beverly City	4 300	32			3 860	47							634	43
Bordentown Township	7 445	77			3 200	60							1 638	00
Bordentown City	626	04			574	92							24	85
Burlington Township	14 382	42			13 188	09							7 162	40
Burlington City	2 123	56			1 843	63							177	90
Burlington Township	1 715	38	\$450	00	12 580	00	\$450	00	\$1 500	00			1 629	90
Chester	2 482	51			4 099	03							616	91
Chesterfield	2 589	33			1 880	01							98	00
Chinamanshon	2 172	92			2 284	71			150	00			72	64
Delran	5 353	35			1 000	00							110	00
Eastampton	1 439	83			1 493	85							698	39
EvESHAM	1 354	86			10 068	44							175	80
Fleetsboro Borough	4 696	98			2 963	29							157	55
Florence	3 067	00			4 891	17							110	40
Lumberton	5 555	63			4 356	65							47	00
Mansfield													478	59
Medford														

BURLINGTON COUNTY.

SCHOOL REPORT.

Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from State and county funds, as per County Superintendent's apportionment.

Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the State for "Manual and Industrial Training."

Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Current Expenses."

Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Manual and Industrial Training."

Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, refurnishing and repairing school buildings, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.

Amount received from district tax
for purchase of land.

Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from other sources, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.

Mount Laurel	\$3,160.28	\$3,348.29	\$39.77
New Hanover	2,251.91	1,090.69	494.04
Northampton	10,837.75	10,728.48	3,631.83
North Hanover	1,179.01	1,124.77	16.67
Palmyra	7,838.40	9,636.25	6,191.49
Pemberton Borough	2,342.46	1,395.18	885.00
Pemberton Township	3,394.71	3,650.25	330.00
Riverside	7,648.71	8,943.60	683.72
Riverton Borough	4,124.94	8,064.43	1,595.24
Shamong	1,009.94	428.00	29.00
Southampton	3,906.44	2,030.86	2,721.46
Springfield	2,708.96	4,690.09	1,172.00
Taboracle	702.86	554.63	263.87
Washington	1,717.86	1,075.60	
Westampton	673.78	1,346.10	
Willingsboro	1,094.72	766.27	
Woodland	1,241.09	861.81	180.56
Total	\$137,447.27	\$137,300.85	\$31,133.65

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of BURLINGTON, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Total amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, exclusive of amount raised for payment of bonds and interest on bonds.		Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the sale of bonds.		Grand total received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909.		Amount expended for teachers' salaries, exclusive of amount paid on account of work done in manual and industrial training classes, and exclusive of amount paid on account Teachers' Retirement Fund.		Amount paid State treasurer for Teachers' Retirement Fund.		Amount expended for fuel.		Amount expended for janitors' wages for day schools.		Amount expended for text-books, apparatus and supplies, exclusive of those in column 16.	
Bass River	\$2,884 81				\$2,884 81		\$1,648 80		\$8 70		\$19 35		\$96 39		\$42 79	
Beverly City	9,624 35				9,624 35		6,751 25		180 15		173 80		385 00		470 02	
Beverly Township	8,067 26		\$900 00		8,967 26		3,829 97		65 48		163 80		352 28		252 28	
Bordentown City	14,388 56		2,000 00		16,388 56		9,951 10		168 88		249 00		870 00		1,365 48	
Bordentown Township	1,225 61				1,225 61											
Burlington City	3,122 91				3,122 91		18,028 90		521 10		1,004 75		1,063 73		2,474 70	
Burlington Township	3,107 14				3,107 14		2,014 85		307 74		301 78		1,620 47		2,019 52	
Calmar	29,262 43		0,340 00		29,602 43		15,786 56		376 74		825 50		1,620 47		2,019 52	
Cheslerfield	7,386 36		10,140 35		17,526 71		3,154 16		73 84		243 50		220 00		312 19	
Chinamanston	4,399 08				4,399 08		1,652 15		31 95		150 00		144 00			
Dothan	3,834 54				3,834 54		3,129 75		27 50		38 50		125 00		105 74	
Eastampton	5,024 51				5,024 51		3,129 75		24 40		197 70		100 00		229 57	
Eastham	2,024 51				2,024 51		1,195 60		60 25		83 00		80 00		78 94	
Friedshoro Borough	14,882 97		1,590 00		16,472 97		5,175 00		105 00		453 59		495 00		768 23	
Florence	6,049 69				6,049 69		3,440 46		60 54		372 96		154 00		236 14	
Lumberton	8,005 40		1,012 00		9,017 40		3,752 90		47 10		245 41		154 00		182 74	
Mansfield	10,390 87				10,390 87		6,787 52		137 25		364 90		223 87		423 79	

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of BURLINGTON, State of New Jersey, for the School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Total amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, exclusive of amount raised for payment of bonds and interest on bonds.									
	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the sale of bonds.									
DISTRICTS.	Grand total received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909.									
	Amount expended for teachers' salaries, exclusive of amount paid on account of work done in manual and industrial training classes, and exclusive of amount paid on account Teachers' Retirement Fund.									
DISTRICTS.	Amount paid State treasurer for Teachers' Retirement Fund.									
	Amount expended for fuel.									
DISTRICTS.	Amount expended for janitors' wages for day schools.									
	Amount expended for text-books, apparatus and supplies, exclusive of these in column 16.									
Mount Laurel	\$6,545 43									\$655 07
New Hanover	3,945 60									132 53
Northampton	25,233 04									1,862 75
North Hanover	2,930 45	\$1,045 00								52 90
Palmyra	5,176 65	34,333 93								1,491 41
Penborton Borough	6,382 64									242 87
Penborton Township	7,374 96	1,230 00								201 45
Riverside	17,275 43	28,000 00								377 32
Riverton Borough	13,694 63									445 94
Shamong	1,457 94									43 74
Southampton	8,658 66									45 28
Springfield	7,571 11									209 49
Tadepanoe	1,461 36									
Washington	2,782 86									
Washington	2,029 88									
Willingboro	1,851 43									
Woodland	2,102 30									
Total	\$310,321 74	\$99,611 28	\$409,933 02	\$166,968 62	\$2,377 78	\$8,385 20	\$9,025 67	\$16,111 29		

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of BURLINGTON, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Amount expended for "Manual and Industrial Training," including salaries, apparatus and supplies therefor.	Amount expended for transportation of pupils residing within the district to schools in other districts.	Amount expended for transportation of pupils within the district.	Amount expended for tuition of pupils in other districts.	Amount expended for medical inspection.	Amount expended for attendance officers.	Amount expended for school apparatus and separate tuition charged with library money.	Amount expended for interest on temporary loans.
Bass River		\$511 67		\$300 00	\$50 00			\$21 67
Beverly City		303 36		560 00	100 00	\$40 00	\$20 00	39 38
Beverly Township		579 68		1,584 40			21 54	14 73
Bordentown City						72 00		22 97
Bordentown Township		210 00		359 80				57 00
Burlington City				48 00				12 50
Burlington Township		212 00		532 00	250 00	100 00		333 78
Chester	\$868 54		\$1,529 00	60 00	250 00	25 00	180 00	
Chesterfield		208 48		450 00	3 00			45 20
Cinnaminson			350 00	945 00	75 00		60 00	
Delran		95 50	270 00	305 00				
Eastampton		157 80		350 00				
Evesham		252 33		290 00	75 00			18 75
Fieldsboro Borough		55 00		100 00	50 00			22 19
Florence		359 10		1,863 00		150 00		10 00
Lumberton		136 88		315 00	36 50		70 00	
Mansfield		437 54	250 00	455 00	450 00		20 00	97 67
Medford		125 36	191 00	105 00			53 65	99 12

BURLINGTON COUNTY.

SCHOOL REPORT.

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of BURLINGTON, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Amount expended for "Manual and Industrial Training," including salaries, apparatus and supplies therefor.	Amount expended for transportation of pupils residing within the district to schools in other districts.	Amount expended for transportation of pupils within the district.	Amount expended for tuition of pupils in other districts.	Amount expended for medical inspection.	Amount expended for attendance officers.	Amount expended for school libraries and apparatus purchased with library money.	Amount expended for interest on temporary loans.
Mount Laurel	\$487 67			\$1,215 71	\$2 00			
New Hanover	199 15			330 00				\$23 00
Northampton					230 22		\$80 00	664 10
North Hanover	589 57			496 00		\$34 50		
Palmmyra						46 00	40 00	173 99
Pemberton Borough	204 91			452 00				
Pemberton Township	591 30			\$10 00			180 00	52 19
Riverside	52 90			285 00		50 00	3 50	154 66
Riverton Borough				90 00	40 00			41 14
Shamong								
Southampton	414 82			753 50				
Springfield	520 44			464 00			20 61	
Tabernacle								
Washington	243 25			315 00				11 68
Westampton	16 00			260 00	20 00			137 89
Willingboro				38 00	40 00			
Woodland			\$130 00					
Total	\$868 54	\$7,664 78	\$1,720 00	\$14,725 40	\$1,671 72	\$516 50	\$749 30	\$1,961 55

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of BURLINGTON, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Amount expended for other school purposes.	Total amount for "Current Expenses" and "Manual and Industrial Training" for day schools.	Amount expended for new buildings and enlargements.	Amount expended for remodeling, repairing and refurnishing school buildings and purchase of land.	Total amount expended for building, enlarging, remodeling and repairing, and purchase of land.	Grand total expended, excluding bonded debt and interest on bonds.	Balance of State and county funds, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of State and county funds for manual and industrial training, June 30th, 1910.
Bass River	\$29 06	\$3,229 32	.....	\$328 48	\$328 48	\$3,229 32	.....	.....
Beverly City	3,229 32	3,229 32	.....	328 48	328 48	3,229 32	.....	.....
Beverly Township	1,504 61	3,484 32	.....	1,113 53	1,746 83	3,484 32	.....	.....
Bordentown City	1,431 16	14,460 51	.....	.....	.....	16,207 27	.....	.....
Bordentown Township	25 15	1,219 02	.....	.....	.....	1,219 02	.....	.....
Burlington City	3,80 16	27,397 32	.....	1,021 31	1,021 31	28,418 50	.....	.....
Burlington Township	21 41	3,483 82	.....	123 67	123 67	3,607 50	.....	.....
Chesler	4,021 21	32,522 67	4,878 28	1,197 02	6,075 30	38,597 97	.....	.....
Chesterfield	473 50	5,132 80	8,169 05	1,123 00	9,292 05	14,424 55	.....	.....
Chinamanston	1,623 87	7,411 76	.....	212 40	212 40	7,624 16	.....	.....
Delran	1,465 85	3,692 46	.....	150 00	150 00	3,842 46	\$40 32	.....
Eastampton	58 28	2,438 42	.....	287 95	287 95	2,726 37	.....	.....
Eastham	330 79	4,654 14	.....	131 50	131 50	4,654 14	.....	.....
Fieldston	51 17	1,716 30	.....	144 61	144 61	1,847 80	91 98	.....
Florence Borough	9,076 54	12,055 46	4,103 20	473 64	4,247 91	16,203 57	.....	.....
Lamberton	134 61	4,927 39	.....	.....	.....	5,431 03	.....	.....
Lamberton Township	1,190 30	7,282 66	540 25	.....	540 25	7,823 04	.....	.....
Manfield	1,550 61	10,062 07	.....	.....	.....	10,062 07	76	.....

BURLINGTON COUNTY.

SCHOOL REPORT.

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of BURLINGTON, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Amount expended for other school purposes.	Total amount for "Current Expenses" and "Manual and Industrial Training" for day schools.	Amount expended for new buildings and enlargements.	Amount expended for remodeling, repairing and returning school buildings and purchase of land.	Total amount expended for building, enlarging, remodeling and repairing, and purchase of land.	Grand total expended, excluding bonded debt and interest on bonds.	Balance of State and county funds, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of State and county funds for manual and industrial training, June 30th, 1910.
Mount Laurel	\$145 74	\$5,583 71		\$224 58	\$224 58	\$5,808 29		
New Hanover	224 15	3,188 83		750 00	750 00	3,938 83		
Northampton	3,713 81	24,816 06		416 98	416 98	25,233 04		
North Hanover	1,107 41	3,190 43		297 22	297 22	3,487 65		
Palmbyra	2,983 67	17,363 15	\$34,156 04	3,269 61	37,425 65	54,788 80		
Pemberton Borough	197 76	5,087 38		223 18	223 18	5,310 56		
Pemberton Township	398 43	6,119 06	1,106 58	71 84	1,178 42	7,297 48		
Piverside	3,808 11	15,916 69		633 07	633 07	16,549 72		
Plumpton	2,100 00	10,094 82	13,993 48	3,660 42	18,653 90	28,658 72		
Shamong	182 68	8,284 97				1,451 05		
Southampton	2,446 97	5,144 13		190 20	190 20	8,384 07		
Springfield	238 13	1,461 36				5,334 33		
Tabernacle	281 65	2,289 83		299 78	299 78	1,461 06		
Washington	100 78	1,799 11		123 80	123 80	1,622 91		
Westampton	482 60	1,752 24		16 45	16 45	1,768 69		
Willingboro	69 20	1,802 35		23 37	23 37	1,825 72		
Woodland	88 80							
Total	\$40,792 74	\$275,129 09	\$68,400 41	\$16,401 56	\$84,801 97	\$360,111 06	\$133 06	

Balance of district tax for current expenses, June 30th, 1910.

Balance of district tax for manual
and industrial training, June
30th, 1910.

Balance of district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, refurnishing and repairing, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds, June 30th, 1910.

Balance of district tax for purchase
of land.

Balance of moneys from other sources, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax raised for bonds and interest on bonds.

Balance from bond sale June 30th,
1910.

Total balance, June 30th, 1910.

Bass River	\$625 48						\$625 48
Beverly City	11 49						11 49
Beverly Township	468 96						468 96
Bordentown City	181 19						181 19
Bordentown Township	6 50						6 50
Burlington City	141 92					\$0,162 40	6,304 22
Burlington Township	338 69					177 90	536 50
Chester		\$31 46				5 90	37 36
Chestertield	538 72						1,664 93
Cinnaminson	162 20		\$1,126 21				1,62 20
Delran	516 31						556 63
Davastampton	908 17						1,108 17
Evesham							367 50
Friedlsboro Borough	84 72						367 50
Florence	42 66						127 65
Lumberton	578 26						40 40
Mansfield	165 36					1,053 00	618 66
Melford	31						1,194 38
							328 80
							327 73

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of BURLINGTON, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.						
	Balance of district tax for current expenses, June 30th, 1910.		Balance of district tax for manual and industrial training, June 30th, 1910.		Balance of district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, furnishing and repairing, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds, June 30th, 1910.	
					Balance of district tax for purchase of land.	
					Balance of moneys from other sources, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax raised for bonds and interest on bonds.	
					Balance from bond sale June 30th, 1910.	
					Total balance, June 30th, 1910.	
Mount Laurel	\$737 14					\$737 14
New Hanover						6 77
Northampton						537 80
North Hanover	534 13					4,781 18
Palmyra						1,062 08
Pemberton Borough	167 08					77 48
Pemberton Township	77 48					1,965 71
Riverside	1,719 70					23,085 91
Riverton	1,735 21					6 89
Riverton Borough	6 89					274 49
Shamong						2,236 78
Southampton						
Springfield	1,815 82					
Tabernacle						
Washington	3					3 25
Westampton	108 87					106 97
Willingboro	182 80					182 80
Woodland	277 18					277 18
Total	\$17,245 85	\$31 46	\$21,669 36	\$15,839 23		\$49,821 96

Apportionment of School Moneys, by Districts, for the County of BURLINGTON, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1911.

DISTRICTS.									
	Balance of State and county funds, July 1st, 1910.		Balance "District Tax," July 1st, 1910.		Balance received from other sources, July 1st, 1910.		Total balance, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax for bonds and interest on bonds.		Amount apportioned from State appropriation, railroad tax, State school tax and State school fund appropriation.
							Amount apportioned from surplus revenue.		Amount apportioned from balances.
									Amount available for manual and industrial training from State funds.
Bass River		\$655 48				\$1,865 89	\$38 79		
Beverly City		11 49				4,466 32	152 98		
Beverly Township		468 95				4,056 69	100 63		
Bordentown City		181 19				7,335 09	290 09		
Bordentown Township		6 59				715 00			
Burlington City		141 92		\$6,162 40		12,411 74	529 66		
Burlington Township		358 69		177 90		2,083 34	48 38		
Chester		31 46		5 90		12,085 51	421 38		
Chesterfield		538 72		1,126 21		3,287 26	92 73		
Cinnaminson		162 20				2,815 20	86 20		
Delran	\$40 32	516 31				2,658 59	68 38		
Eastampton		998 17				1,390 78	42 67		
Easton		110 00				3,136 13	101 52		
EvESHAM	91 98	84 73				1,504 07	48 83		
Feldsboro Borough		42 66				4,162 73	715 76		
Florence		578 26		127 55		2,778 72	96 12		
Lamberton		155 36		1,039 00		3,276 25	101 86		
Mansfield		31		327 73		4,888 10	166 34		
Medford	76								

BURLINGTON COUNTY.

Apportionment of School Moneys, by Districts, for the County of BURLINGTON, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1911—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Balance of State and county funds, July 1st, 1910.	Balance "District Tax," July 1st, 1910.	Balance received from other sources, July 1st, 1910.	Total balance, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax for bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount apportioned from State appropriation, railroad tax, State school tax and State school fund appropriation.	Amount apportioned from surplus revenue.	Amount apportioned from balances.	Amount available for manual and industrial training from State funds.
Mount Laurel		\$737 14		\$737 14	\$3,316 26	\$91 47		
New Hanover			\$6 77	6 77	2 147 39	61 50		
Northampton					10,003 07	383 36		
North Hanover		521 13	16 67	537 80	1,257 21	29 13		
Palmyra			4,781 18	4,781 18	7,663 88	277 56		
Pemberton Borough		167 08	885 00	1,052 08	3,129 19	82 14		
Pemberton Township		77 48		77 48	3,341 14	79 13		
Riverside		1,719 70	236 01	1,955 71	7,694 87	312 21		
Riverton Borough		1,735 21	21,300 70	23,035 91	3,692 50	138 32		
Shamong		6 89		6 89	879 87	24 77		
Southampton			274 49	274 49	4,391 58	103 64		
Springfield		1,813 82	422 96	2,236 78	2,692 41	68 41		
Tabernacle						851 22		
Washington		3 03	22	3 25	1,864 76	39 42		
Westampton		106 97		106 97	741 73	14 16		
Willingboro		182 80		182 80	1,089 49	30 36		
Woodland		277 18		277 18	768 85	28 03		
Total.....	\$133 06	\$12,290 31	\$37,408 59	\$49,821 96	\$130,090 83	\$4,363 92		\$450 00

School Year Ending June 30th, 1911—Continued

DISTRICTS.	Amount of district tax voted for "Current Expenses."	Amount of district tax voted for "Manual and Industrial Training."	Amount of district tax voted for purchase of land.	Amount of district tax voted for building and enlarging school houses.	Amount of district tax voted for remodeling, refurnishing and repairing school houses.	Total amount of district tax ordered to be raised, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount available from private sources for manual and industrial training.	Total amount available from other sources, excluding proceeds from sale of bonds, and tax raised for bonds due and interest on bonds.	Total for school year ending June 30th, 1911.
Bass River	\$1,500 00				\$300 00	\$1,500 00			\$4,060 16
Beverly City	3,223 43				400 00	3,223 43			8,954 22
Beverly Township	3,500 00					3,500 00			8,125 27
Bordentown City	5,500 00					5,500 00			13,766 57
Bordentown Township	100 00					100 00			8,821 59
Burlington City	2,450 00				50 00	2,500 00			19,248 72
Burlington Township	12,500 00	\$150 00			1,000 00	14,500 00			27,552 25
Cheslerfield	900 00				100 00	1,000 00			6,044 82
Cinnaminson	3,100 00				100 00	3,200 00			6,263 60
Delran	920 50				50 00	970 50			3,654 10
Eastampton	1,100 00				150 00	1,250 00			3,791 62
EvESHAM	1,000 00				500 00	1,500 00			5,105 15
Feldsboro Borough	220 00				250 00	570 00			1,999 11
Florence	4,000 00	\$125 00			75 00	4,000 00			9,108 09
Lumberton	2,600 00					2,600 00			6,293 50
Mansfield	3,000 00					3,000 00			7,571 47
Medford	3,500 00					3,500 00			8,883 24

**Apportionment of School Moneys, by Districts, for the County of BURLINGTON, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1911—Continued.**

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SCHOOL REPORT.

DISTRICTS.	Amount of district tax voted for "Current Expenses."	Amount of district tax voted for "Manual and Industrial Train- ing."	Amount of district tax voted for purchase of land.	Amount of district tax voted for building and enlarging school houses.	Amount of district tax voted for remodeling, refurnishing and re- pairing school houses.	Total amount of district tax or- dered to be raised, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount available from private sources for manual and indus- trial training.	Total amount available from other sources, including proceeds from sale of bonds, and tax raised for bonds due and interest on bonds.	Total for school year ending June 30th, 1911.
Mount Laurel	\$2,500 00			\$4,000 00		\$6,500 00		\$10,644 87	
New Hanover	1,500 00					1,500 00		3,715 66	
Northampton	8,188 00				\$500 00	8,688 00		19,074 43	
North Hanover								1,824 14	
Palmyra	5,314 46				1,000 00	6,314 46		19,037 08	
Pemberton Borough	1,400 00				200 00	1,600 00		5,863 41	
Pemberton Township	1,500 00					1,500 00		4,997 75	
Riverside	6,968 00					6,968 00		16,380 79	
Riverton Borough	4,650 00					4,650 00		31,516 73	
Shamong	400 00					400 00		1,311 53	
Southampton	3,300 00					3,300 00		8,069 71	
Springfield	2,000 00				1,000 00	3,000 00		7,997 60	
Tabernacle	575 00					575 00		1,454 52	
Washington	500 00			400 00		900 00		2,807 43	
Westampton	1,269 67					1,269 67		2,132 53	
Willingboro	600 00				100 00	700 00		2,002 65	
Woodland								1,074 06	
Total.....	\$90,329 06	\$450 00	\$125 00	\$4,400 00	\$6,775 00	\$102,079 06		\$286,805 77	

**Report of Attendance, by Districts, for the County of BURLINGTON, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.**

DISTRICTS.	Actual number of days the schools were kept open.	Number of legal holidays the schools were not in session.	Possible number of days' attendance.	Days present—Boys.	Days present—Girls.	Total.	Days absent—Boys.	Days absent—Girls.	Total.	Times tardy—Boys.	Times tardy—Girls.	Total.
Bass River	174	5	15,382½	6,274½	5,047	11,321½	2,223½	1,837½	4,061	257	211	468
Beverly City	184	6	56,831½	21,176½	23,464½	44,641	5,447½	6,743	12,190½	308	178	486
Beverly Township	184	6	35,480	13,515½	15,100½	28,615½	3,082	3,782½	6,864½	305	320	625
Bordentown City	184	6	111,882½	46,551½	46,855½	93,407	9,336	9,139½	18,475½	350	162	512
Bordentown Township	183	6	177,519½	74,244½	77,132	151,376½	11,314	14,829	26,143	1,539	1,393	3,032
Burlington City	178	5	26,917	10,598	12,896	23,494	1,748	1,675	3,423	140	105	245
Burlington Township	182	6	147,805½	66,907	64,912½	131,819½	8,213½	7,772½	15,986	359	260	619
Chester	189	7	29,813½	16,205½	13,740	29,945½	5,861	4,007	9,868	567	592	1,159
Chesterfield	185	6	33,236	12,801	11,005	23,806	4,868	4,562	9,430	147	156	303
Cinnaminson	171	6	24,384½	10,890	9,628½	20,518½	2,012½	1,853½	3,866	67	57	124
Delran	183	6	14,890½	5,864	6,302	12,166	1,271½	1,453	2,724½	87	52	139
Eastampton	184	6	37,605½	13,298½	15,588	28,886½	4,387½	4,331½	8,719	503	525	1,028
Evesham	185	7	17,109	6,693½	6,339½	13,033	2,157	1,919	4,076	212	158	370
Fieldsboro Borough	189	7	72,078½	28,545	25,698	54,243	9,160½	8,675	17,835½	1,194	541	1,735
Florence	172	6	42,523	15,876	15,731	31,607	5,684	5,232	10,916	487	561	1,048
Lumberton	190	6	41,640½	17,211	14,233½	31,444½	4,973	5,223	10,196	117	394	511
Mansfield	190	6	43,331	18,327	18,026½	36,353½	3,727½	3,250	6,977½	638	591	1,229
Medford												

BURLINGTON COUNTY.

Report of Attendance, by Districts, for the County of BURLINGTON, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Actual number of days the schools were kept open.	Number of legal holidays the schools were not in session.	Possible number of days' attendance.	Days present—Boys.	Days present—Girls.	Total.	Days absent—Boys.	Days absent—Girls.	Total.	Times tardy—Boys.	Times tardy—Girls.	Total.
Mount Laurel	170	5	36,584	15,076½	12,726	27,802½	4,561½	4,220	878½	295	196	491
New Hanover	184	6	31,790	9,783½	9,621	19,404½	5,277½	7,108	12,835½	237	263	500
Northampton	178	6	151,121½	53,352½	62,216	115,568½	17,154	18,399	35,553	776	459	1,235
North Hanover	184	6	9,726½	3,771½	3,252	7,023½	1,480	1,223	2,703	96	120	216
Palmyra	185	6	98,973½	42,333½	43,350½	85,684	5,750½	7,539	13,289½	662	500	1,162
Pemberton Borough	184	6	31,535½	13,176	13,456½	26,631½	2,626½	2,277½	4,904	337	298	635
Pemberton Township	180	6	40,336½	15,875½	14,556½	30,432	5,417½	4,486	9,903½	454	386	840
Riverside	180	7	108,311	45,103	42,543½	87,646½	10,104½	10,560	20,664½	500	324	824
Riverton Borough	183	7	49,096½	19,641½	21,429	41,070½	3,594½	4,491½	8,026	311	185	496
Shamong	167	5	10,782	3,265½	4,089½	7,355	1,473½	1,953½	3,427	57	91	148
Southampton	176	5	38,211½	14,191	12,359½	26,550½	5,768	5,893	11,661	358	364	722
Springfield	181	6	27,392	8,721	10,126½	18,847½	4,270½	4,274	8,544½	529	829	1,358
Tabernacle	178	5	10,741	4,071½	3,114	7,186½	1,507½	2,048	3,555½	123	125	248
Washington	142	5	13,962½	5,897	4,874½	10,771½	1,644	1,547	3,191	127	143	270
Westampton	162	5	7,395	3,247½	1,479½	4,727	1,469½	1,198½	2,668	76	17	93
Willingboro	169	6	11,879	5,186½	4,087	9,273½	1,458	1,147½	2,605½	134	78	212
Woodland	148	5	12,150½	4,267½	4,105	8,372½	1,903	1,875	3,778	359	643	1,002
Total.....	178	6	1,628,418	651,939½	649,085½	1,301,025	160,927½	166,465½	327,393	12,868	11,277	24,145

School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS

DISTRICTS.	Number of pupils neither absent nor tardy during the year.	Number of sessions truant.	Total number of days transported.	Number of different pupils transported to the district and enrolled in Grades IX to XII.	Number of different pupils transported to the district and enrolled below Grade IX.	Number of pupils enrolled who have attended public schools in other districts in New Jersey during the present school year.	Number of cases of suspension or expulsion during the year.	Number of pupils enrolled in kindergarten.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 1 to 4 inclusive.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 5 to 8 inclusive.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 9 to 12 inclusive.	Number of pupils between 4 and 20 years enrolled in the schools during the year—Boys.	Number of pupils between 4 and 20 years enrolled in the schools during the year—Girls.	Total.
Bass River	15	3	10,620½	56	23	5	104	77	50	71	56	127	56	127
Beverly City	11	7	5,093	60	23	4	104	247	113	74	197	174	197	371
Beverly Township	1	1	10,620½	56	23	4	104	190	63	117	136	117	136	253
Bordentown City	1	1	10,620½	56	23	4	104	190	63	117	136	117	136	253
Bordentown Township	1	1	10,620½	56	23	4	104	190	63	117	136	117	136	253
Burlington City	1	1	10,620½	56	23	4	104	190	63	117	136	117	136	253
Burlington Township	1	1	10,620½	56	23	4	104	190	63	117	136	117	136	253
Chambersburg	1	1	10,620½	56	23	4	104	190	63	117	136	117	136	253
Chambersburg Township	1	1	10,620½	56	23	4	104	190	63	117	136	117	136	253
Chambersburg	1	1	10,620½	56	23	4	104	190	63	117	136	117	136	253
Delran	1	1	10,620½	56	23	4	104	190	63	117	136	117	136	253
Eastampton	1	1	10,620½	56	23	4	104	190	63	117	136	117	136	253
Evesham	1	1	10,620½	56	23	4	104	190	63	117	136	117	136	253
Fieldstone, Borough	1	1	10,620½	56	23	4	104	190	63	117	136	117	136	253
Florence	1	1	10,620½	56	23	4	104	190	63	117	136	117	136	253
Lumberton	1	1	10,620½	56	23	4	104	190	63	117	136	117	136	253
Manfield	1	1	10,620½	56	23	4	104	190	63	117	136	117	136	253
Medford	1	1	10,620½	56	23	4	104	190	63	117	136	117	136	253

Report of Attendance, by Districts, for the County of BURLINGTON, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.													
	Number of pupils neither absent nor tardy during the year.	Number of sessions truant.	Total number of days transported.	Number of different pupils trans- ported to the district and en- rolled in Grades IX to XII.	Number of different pupils trans- ported to the district and en- rolled below Grade IX.	Number of pupils enrolled who have attended public schools in other districts in New Jersey during the present school year.	Number of cases of suspension or expulsion during the year.	Number of pupils enrolled in kin- dergarten.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 1 to 4 inclusive.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 5 to 8 inclusive.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 9 to 12 inclusive.	Number of pupils between 4 and 20 years enrolled in the schools during the year—Boys.	Number of pupils between 4 and 20 years enrolled in the schools during the year—Girls.
Mount Laurel	4								294	118		195	157
New Hanover	14	122	11,188		74	6	2	113	175	58	186	108	137
North Hanover						32	3		523	98		448	522
Palmira	10	33	9,297		55		1	51	58	28	111	47	36
Pemberton Borough	1		4,085		27		3		288	186	47	313	323
Pemberton Township						11			96	58		105	96
Riverside	9	1,838				43	13	71	245	95	179	161	161
Riverton Borough								40	481	160		351	361
Shamong	1					19			148	95	18	147	154
Southampton							6		68	38		51	55
Springfield									250	84		182	152
Tabernacle									145	75		106	114
Washington									65	31		48	48
Westampton									75	54		69	60
Willamstown									35	4		40	19
Woodboro'	1					3	1		79	26		60	45
Woodland									69	43		57	57
Total	155	2,071	59,658		271	186	74	379	6,880	3,356	732	5,754	6,593
													11,347

SCHOOL REPORT.

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of CAMDEN, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.

DISTRICTS.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from State and county funds, as per County Superintendent's apportionment.		Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the State for "Manual and Industrial Training."		Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Current Expenses."		Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Manual and Industrial Training."		Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, refurnishing and repairing school buildings, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.		Amount received from district tax for purchase of land.		Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from other sources, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.	
Andulon Borough	\$3,746 88													\$279 39
Camden City	196,625 70				\$6,192 85	190,938 81		\$5,125 00		\$25,552 50		\$924 50		11,432 80
Centre Township	8,490 76				5,250 00	5,250 00				350 00				1,144 65
Chestnut Borough	452 76				5,286 65	250 00				900 00				67 81
Clementon Township	6,963 86				9,060 00	350 00		1,300 00		250 00				448 00
Collingswood Borough	10,635 32			1,150 00	9,422 16	3,022 16				250 00				6,133 88
Delaware Township	3,447 73				4,030 48	14,972 00				1,000 00				56 67
Gloucester City	5,156 38				3,350 02	32,569 38		1,050 00		462 53				4,073 48
Gloucester Township	3,332 71				4,312 08	4,312 08				469 14				680 09
Haddon Township	12,445 92			1,050 00	3,350 02	4,312 08				300 00				708 67
Haddonfield Borough	3,350 38				4,312 08	4,312 08				300 00				4,073 48
Merchantsville Borough	4,489 84			912 84	3,350 02	4,312 08		600 00		300 00				680 09
Oaklyn Borough	11,994 19				2,214 70	2,214 70				3,225 62				708 67
Penstemon Township	2,487 74			750 00	14,285 00	14,285 00		750 00		3,225 62				428 97
Penstemon City	8,372 65				2,773 91	2,773 91				700 20				1,548 37
Waretown Township	7,554 84				2,577 89	2,577 89				700 20				680 09
Winslow Township	1,063 88				700 20	700 20				190 00		200 00		69 09
Woodlynne Borough														
Total	\$311,827 85			\$5,862 84	\$308,906 85	\$11,725 00		\$37,145 46		\$3,064 50		\$29,105 73		

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of CAMDEN, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.

	Total amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, exclusive of amount raised for payment of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the sale of bonds.	Grand total received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909.	Amount expended for teachers' salaries, exclusive of amount paid on account of work done in manual and industrial training classes, and exclusive of amount paid on account Teachers' Retirement Fund.	Amount paid State treasurer for Teachers' Retirement Fund.	Amount expended for fuel.	Amount expended for janitors' wages for day schools.	Amount expended for text-books, apparatus and supplies, exclusive of those in column 16.
Andover Borough	\$10,219 12		\$10,219 12	\$4,941 80	\$108 20	\$886 10	\$499 92	\$622 55
Camden City	440,599 01	\$40,000 00	480,599 01	291,368 54	5,991 64	13,106 63	33,335 00	28,166 38
Centre Township	15,514 01	3,806 86	19,320 87	8,912 90	184 55	836 75	792 50	847 42
Chestnut Borough	7,770 57	45 60	7,816 17	441 00	9 00	32 50	38 00	61 89
Clementon Township	13,997 51		13,997 51	7,051 46	128 64	685 23	528 00	679 60
Collingwood Borough	28,519 20	50,166 67	78,685 87	14,430 73	197 70	716 91	1,539 96	2,061 40
Delaware Township	6,476 56		6,476 56	3,179 35	28 15	119 32	50 00	185 98
Gloucester City	32,484 82		32,484 82	16,556 84	268 46	446 00	3,189 00	3,842 04
Gloucester Township	7,246 14		7,246 14	3,756 90	66 75	246 35	683 00	351 67
Haddon Heights Borough	53,349 06	2,265 91	55,614 97	17,048 12	215 31	886 26	1,518 27	2,463 30
Haddon Township	9,411 60		9,411 60	5,722 30	32 05	193 50	1,507 50	1,197 94
Merchantville Borough	11,291 89		11,291 89	6,427 50	147 50	313 72	730 00	571 65
Oaklyn Borough	4,211 31	20,000 00	24,211 31	1,855 67	9 90	103 75	230 00	220 11
Pensauken Township	34,232 59	20,144 55	54,376 84	16,325 65	258 96	1,227 50	1,473 00	1,644 39
Voorhees Township	6,940 62	2,500 00	9,440 62	2,722 40	23 55	193 75	454 08	1,216 66
Waterford Township	12,721 51		12,721 51	7,607 60	63 65	570 01	1,031 25	550 72
Winslow Township	12,081 62		12,081 62	6,888 63	13 75	551 04	702 00	854 07
Woodlyne Borough	1,864 08		1,864 08	986 25		69 50	150 00	181 31
Total	\$711,227 83	\$138,959 59	\$850,197 82	\$422,806 72	\$7,972 51	\$22,602 76	\$47,829 48	\$45,217 55

SCHOOL REPORT.

CAMDEN COUNTY.

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Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of CAMDEN, State of New Jersey, for the School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Amount expended for "Manual and Industrial Training," including salaries, apparatus and supplies therefor.	Amount expended for transportation of pupils residing within the district to schools in other districts.	Amount expended for transportation of pupils within the district.	Amount expended for tuition of pupils in other districts.	Amount expended for medical inspection.	Amount expended for attendance officers.	Amount expended for school libraries and apparatus purchased with library money.	Amount expended for interest on temporary loans.
Audubon Borough	\$13,785 77	\$234 70		\$573 00	\$100 00		\$78 69	\$75 58
Camden City		429 67	9 50	1,100 00	2,400 00	\$2,800 00	683 82	5,735 32
Centre Township							34 34	66 30
Chesilhurst Borough		448 38		833 91	250 00			
Clementon Township		38 00		100 00	233 23		90 00	188 32
Collingswood Borough	2,041 28	355 83		949 00	135 00			
Delaware Township							100 00	500 13
Gloucester City		65 04		257 00				24 88
Gloucester Township		132 87		903 86	62 50		80 00	66 03
Haddon Township								
Haddonfield Borough	1,882 40			15 00	233 29			88 33
Merchantville Borough		149 90		623 00	100 00			
Oaklyn Borough	1,360 55			35 00				
Pensauken Township			132 60	420 00	90 00	100 00	167 77	115 77
Yorba Linda Township		71 04		722 00			40 00	15 00
Waterford Township	520 77	50 00	94 00	489 30		62 00		150 00
Winslow Township	58 84			579 00			50 00	43 25
Woodlynne Borough		71 00		130 00				1 00
Total	\$19,379 00	\$2,526 89	\$238 10	\$7,760 27	\$3,594 12	\$2,962 00	\$1,345 62	\$7,035 60

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of CAMDEN, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Amount expended for other school purposes.	Total amount for "Current Expenses" and "Manual and Industrial Training," for day schools.	Amount expended for new buildings and enlargements.	Amount expended for remodeling, repairing and refurnishing school buildings and purchase of land.	Total amount expended for building, enlarging, remodeling and repairing, and purchase of land.	Grand total expended, excluding bonded debt and interest on bonds.	Balance of State and county funds, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of State and county funds for manual and industrial training, June 30th, 1910.
Audubon Borough	\$761 65	\$8,582 19	\$2,502 25	\$73 36	\$32 36	\$8,615 55		
Camden City	15,701 06	412,003 16	3,812 25	62,502 45	68,476 70	479,479 86		
Centre Township	685 18	13,885 31	45 60	341 96	4,154 91	18,039 52		
Chestnut Borough	48 85	645 24		863 31	45 60	690 80		
Clementon Borough	298 09	11,083 29	34,638 83	5,529 73	883 31	11,896 60		
Collingswood Borough	4,230 58	25,888 21		240 86	40,168 56	66,056 77		
Delaware Township	172 29	5,184 83		9,682 94	2,480 81	5,425 68		
Gloucester City	3,151 01	29,177 14		276 84	2,682 94	31,860 08		
Gloucester Township	285 65	8,622 69		452 53	452 53	8,899 53		
Haddon Township	374 50	6,563 04	2,295 91	2,110 28	4,406 19	7,015 57		
Haddonfield Borough	1,218 55	25,680 20		409 11	4,406 19	29,986 39		
Haddon Heights Borough	529 60	8,306 22		203 06	409 11	8,805 36		
Marlton Borough	531 63	11,064 46	14,444 48	1,560 00	203 06	11,257 51		
Merchantsville Borough	690 31	3,148 74	15,019 10	5,736 62	15,994 46	19,443 22		
Pensacola Township	1,324 34	22,406 88	3,748 79	429 50	23,815 72	47,222 60		\$750 00
Poorestown Township	1,294 18	3,732 06		965 60	3,473 18	5,205 84		
Waterford Township	669 16	11,203 76		628 60	628 60	12,232 45		
Winslow Township	10,629 33	1,084 91		91 59	91 59	11,776 50		
Woodlynne Borough	81 66							
Total	\$32,540 65	\$823,708 57	\$30,274 21	\$56,047 74	\$165,221 56	\$789,030 92		\$750 00

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of CAMDEN, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Balance of district tax for current expenses, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for manual and industrial training, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, re-furnishing and repairing, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for purchase of land.	Balance of moneys from other sources, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax raised for bonds and interest on bonds.	Balance from bond sale June 30th, 1910.	Total balance, June 30th, 1910.
Audubon Borough	\$1,475 16				\$128 41		\$1,603 57
Camden City	1,119 15		\$8 04		773 31		1,119 15
Centre Township	500 00				12 44		1,281 35
Chestnut Township	112 83		38 69		488 00		125 33
Clement Township	1,216 22	\$908 72	11 42		1,328 17	\$10,336 69	1,700 91
Collingswood Borough	614 10		9 14		56 67		117,629 10
Delaware Township	385 86						1,650 87
Gloucester Township	241 17		27 16		32 10		844 33
Haddon Township	197 38				32 10		230 57
Haddon Heights Borough	22,091 83	217 60			3,249 13		36,658 58
Merchantville Borough					606 24		606 24
Oaklyn Borough	998 06				34 38		34 38
Pensauken Township	3,388 79	750 00			134 52	4,005 52	5,068 09
Voorhees Township	234 78				140 00	2,135 45	7,154 24
Waterford Township	6 46						234 78
Winslow Township	816 46		311 32		15 40		6 46
Woodlyne Borough	79 17		8 41				1,143 18
Total	\$35,194 58	\$1,276 32	\$408 18		\$7,069 86	\$16,467 66	\$81,166 60

CAMDEN COUNTY.

Apportionment of School Moneys, by Districts, for the County of CAMDEN, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Endin June 30th, 1911.

DISTRICTS.						
	Balance of State and county funds, July 1st, 1910.	Balance "District Tax," July 1st, 1910.	Balance received from other sources, July 1st, 1910.	Total balance, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax for bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount apportioned from State appropriation, railroad tax, State school tax and State school fund appropriation.	Amount apportioned from surplus revenue.
Amount apportioned from balances.						
Amount available for manual and industrial training from State funds.						
Audubon Borough		\$1,475 16	\$128 41	\$1,603 57	\$4,909 66	\$18 33
Berlin Township		1,119 15		1,119 15	4,241 37	21 91
Camden City		508 04	773 31	1,281 35	195,727 10	994 49
Centre Township		112 89	12 44	125 33	9,307 08	42 15
Chestnut Borough		1,252 91	418 00	1,700 91	391 95	1 90
Clinton Township		364 24	11,674 86	12,639 10	7,859 69	32 91
Delsea Township		394 20	56 57	1,060 87	12,119 08	57 08
Dunellen Township		587 29		844 89	3,726 61	15 55
GloUCESTER City		197 38		681 22	15,584 02	76 59
GloUCESTER Township		309 45		844 75	8,344 75	22 88
Haddon Township			32 10	558 28	4,463 84	16 92
Haddonfield Borough			3,249 12	35,658 76	11,241 59	46 19
Haddon Heights Borough			606 34	606 28	1,436 46	17 27
Merchantville Borough			34 88	34 28	1,398 46	29 70
Oaklyn Borough		928 05	4,140 04	5,068 09	1,449 05	53 48
Pensacola Township	\$750 00	4,138 79	2,265 45	7,154 24	12,848 13	58 46
Poconees Township		234 78		234 78	2,747 50	11 72
Waterford Township		6 46		6 46	4,399 88	22 90
Winslow Township		1,127 78	15 40	1,143 18	7,404 49	32 77
Woodlyne Borough		87 58		87 58	1,218 35	6 20
Total	\$750 00	\$36,879 08	\$23,537 52	\$61,166 60	\$314,347 94	\$1,539 71
						\$8,250 00

SCHOOL REPORT.

Apportionment of School Moneys, by Districts, for the County of CAMDEN, State of New Jersey, for the

School Year Ending June 30th, 1911—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Amount of district tax voted for "Current Expenses."	Amount of district tax voted for "Manual and Industrial Train- ing."	Amount of district tax voted for purchase of land.	Amount of district tax voted for building and enlarging school houses.	Amount of district tax voted for remodeling, refurnishing and re- pairing school houses.	Total amount of district tax or- dered to be raised, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount available from private sources for manual and indus- trial training.	Total amount available from other sources, excluding proceeds from sale of bonds, and tax raised for bonds due and interest on bonds.	Total for school year ending June 30th, 1911.
Audubon Borough	\$4,995 00				\$4,995 00				\$11,526 56
Berlin Township	2,200 00			\$300 00	2,500 00				6,763 28
Camden City	208,760 00	\$7,500 00		18,000 00	234,260 00				437,100 74
Centre Township	6,150 00			350 00	6,500 00				17,130 58
Chesilhurst Borough	150 00				150 00				663 08
Clementon Township	4,607 50			\$500 00	5,107 50				15,200 82
Collingswood Borough	12,320 00	600 00		1,000 00	13,920 00				39,325 26
Delaware Township	3,200 00				3,200 00				7,993 33
Gloucester City	15,378 00			2,000 00	17,378 00				33,883 50
Gloucester Township	4,350 00			400 00	4,750 00				10,704 96
Haddon Township	4,372 50			300 00	4,672 50				8,404 86
Haddonfield Borough	14,450 00	1,250 00		3,000 00	18,700 00				57,196 46
Haddon Heights Borough	4,300 00				4,300 00				9,468 80
Merchantville Borough	5,585 00	650 00		150 00	6,385 00				12,492 60
Oaklyn Borough	2,080 00				2,080 00				8,604 85
Pensauken Township	9,575 03	750 00			10,325 03				31,136 38
Voorhees Township	1,915 00				1,915 00				4,909 00
Waterford Township	2,200 00			300 00	2,500 00				6,328 54
Winslow Township	2,600 00			900 00	3,500 00				12,080 44
Woodlyne Borough	500 00			100 00	600 00				1,912 14
Total	\$309,588 03	\$10,750 00		\$500 00	\$27,300 00	\$348,138 03			\$733,432 28

CAMDEN COUNTY.

Report of Attendance, by Districts, for the County of CAMDEN, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.

DISTRICTS.	Actual number of days the schools were kept open.	Number of legal holidays the schools were not in session.	Possible number of days' attendance.	Days present—Boys.	Days present—Girls.	Total.	Days absent—Boys.	Days absent—Girls.	Total.	Times tardy—Boys.	Times tardy—Girls.	Total.
Audubon Borough	187	9	46,831	18,015½	21,998	40,013½	3,075	3,742½	6,817½	280	261	541
Camden City	186	6	2,380,524½	979,850	1,015,836	1,995,686	187,435	197,403½	384,438½	3,540	2,563	6,103
Centre Township	187	7	98,759	39,020½	38,831½	77,852	10,579½	10,318½	20,898	518	387	905
Chestnut Borough	187	5	5,348	2,178	1,425	3,603	1,365	980	2,245	38	23	61
Clementon Township	187	5	91,806	35,085	38,260½	73,345½	8,873½	9,677	18,550½	1,453	1,185	2,668
Collingswood Borough	192	6	150,122	63,527½	68,919½	132,447	7,852	9,723	17,675	1,309	1,014	2,323
Delaware Township	177	7	38,639½	16,202½	13,589½	29,792	4,850½	3,997	8,847½	331	327	658
Gloucester City	195	6	201,174½	79,465	76,818½	156,283½	21,449	29,442	44,891	1,435	962	2,397
Gloucester Township	186	6	57,270	23,433½	23,771	47,204½	5,348	4,717½	10,065½	422	500	922
Haddon Township	186	5	43,468½	18,912	16,491	35,403	4,221½	3,844	8,065½	607	292	899
Haddonfield Borough	184	7	120,764½	54,505½	52,677	107,182½	7,146	6,436	13,582	1,113	984	2,097
Haddon Heights Borough	188	5	45,047	19,090	20,349½	39,439½	2,655½	2,952	5,607½	556	488	1,044
Merchantville Borough	185	6	55,220	24,838½	24,100	48,938½	2,966	3,315½	6,281½	219	175	394
Oaklyn Borough	188	6	17,697½	10,157½	6,392	15,549½	1,417	731	2,148	11	4	15
Pensauken Township	186	7	139,520	61,675½	55,626½	117,302	11,486½	10,731½	22,218	1,264	609	1,873
Voorhees Township	184	5	30,057½	11,846½	11,454	23,300½	3,701	3,056	6,757	121	132	253
Waterford Township	178	6	163,932	41,037	38,816½	79,853½	12,745	11,333½	24,078½	908	881	1,789
Winslow Township	170	5	81,486	29,686½	29,094	58,780½	19,860	11,845½	22,705½	773	642	1,415
Woodlynne Borough	187	6	12,748½	5,108	4,819	9,927	1,439	1,382½	2,821½	117	109	226
Total	184	6	3,720,997	1,533,634½	1,568,269	3,091,903½	369,465	319,628½	629,093½	15,045	11,538	26,583

Report of Attendance, by Districts, for the County of CAMDEN, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Number of pupils neither absent nor tardy during the year.	Number of sessions truant.	Total number of days transported.	Number of different pupils transported to the district and enrolled in Grades IX to XII.	Number of different pupils transported to the district and enrolled below Grade IX.	Number of pupils enrolled who have attended public schools in other districts in New Jersey during the present school year.	Number of cases of suspension or expulsion during the year.	Number of pupils enrolled in kindergarten.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 1 to 4 inclusive.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 5 to 8 inclusive.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 9 to 12 inclusive.	Number of pupils between 4 and 20 years enrolled in the schools during the year—Boys.	Number of pupils between 4 and 20 years enrolled in the schools during the year—Girls.	Total.
Andover Borough	17	3,291	.....	.....	.....	.....	144	38	170	88	601	137	159	296
Camden City	232	17	.....	.....	.....	19	11	326	9,954	3,219	.....	6,913	7,187	14,000
Centre Township	17	1	.....	.....	.....	10	1	488	488	203	.....	345	326	671
Chesilhurst Borough .....	.....	37	.....	.....	.....	10	2	31	31	10	.....	292	19	41
Clementon Township	5	26	3,341	20	13	10	10	.....	484	139	.....	293	330	613
Collingswood Borough .....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	5	.....	463	329	108	435	465	900
Delaware Township	4	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	210	87	.....	172	125	297
Gloucester City	13	18	982	7	.....	.....	3	.....	985	246	33	643	623	1,266
Gloucester Township	6	24	.....	.....	.....	5	.....	.....	273	94	32	207	192	399
Haddon Township	29	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	44	508	71	.....	128	151	279
Haddonfield Borough .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	326	243	131	380	364	744
Haddon Heights Borough .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	129	96	64	135	146	281
Merchantsville Borough	9	13	2,731	21	.....	.....	.....	23	184	112	28	172	175	347
Oaklyn Borough .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	112	112	.....	172	175	347
Penstemon Township .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	666	129	22	508	480	975
Penstemon City .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	666	129	22	508	480	975
Waterford Township	7	28	601	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	184	45	.....	128	106	229
Winslow Township	10	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	556	169	.....	380	345	725
Woodlynne Borough .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	406	231	.....	321	316	637
Total	379	3,485	12,725	78	31	141	217	431	15,827	5,766	1,009	11,435	11,588	23,023

CAMDEN COUNTY.

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of CAPE MAY, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.

DISTRICTS.

	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from State and county funds, as per County Superintendent's apportionment.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the State for "Manual and Industrial Training."	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Current Expenses."	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Manual and Industrial Training."	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, furnishing and repairing school buildings, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount received from district tax for purchase of land.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from other sources, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.
Avalon	\$542 79		\$720 00		\$806 19		\$55 46
Cape May City	14,232 83	\$600 00	4,094 81	\$600 00	163 45		1,624 42
Cape May Point	982 53		383 32				307 24
Dennis Township	8,606 83		3,024 19				441 09
Holly Beach	9,239 49	600 00	6,029 27	600 00	350 00		320 50
Lower Township	4,906 44		2,073 00		530 00		22 68
Middle Township	11,729 32		12,155 71				3,648 45
North Wildwood	2,304 01		3,245 66				31 90
Ocean City	9,713 58	1,000 00	6,563 66	1,000 00	2,013 08		100 07
Sea Isle City	1,834 82		2,010 70				11 20
Upper Township	2,240 38		3,265 11		1,650 00		124 00
Wildwood	4,295 21		448 01			\$25 00	681 90
Wildwood Cape May	4,295 21		2,300 00				6,980 65
Woodbine	16,164 93		300 00				443 96
Total	\$83,072 23	\$7,200 00	\$46,523 35	\$2,200 00	\$5,813 72	\$25 00	\$14,650 13

SCHOOL REPORT.

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of CAPE MAY, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Total amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, exclusive of amount raised for payment of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the sale of bonds.	Grand total received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909.	Amount expended for teachers' salaries, exclusive of amount paid on account of work done in manual and industrial training classes, and exclusive of amount paid on account Teachers' Retirement Fund.	Amount paid State treasurer for Teachers' Retirement Fund.	Amount expended for fuel.	Amount expended for janitors' wages for day schools.	Amount expended for text-books, apparatus and supplies, exclusive of those in column 16.
Avalon	\$1,328 25	\$385 00	\$1,713 25	\$749 70	\$15 30	\$35 00	\$60 00	\$62 64
Cape May City	21,917 26	3,777 50	25,694 76	13,322 60	145 12	648 45	1,094 00	1,971 85
Cape May Point	1,738 54		1,738 54	1,061 10	18 90	52 38	74 99	78 53
Dennis Township	12,162 11		12,162 11	7,616 05		339 17	153 50	311 74
Holly Beach	17,149 26	1,562 50	18,711 76	8,345 05	118 44	417 32	785 00	852 82
Lower Township	6,602 21	500 00	7,102 21	3,051 00	9 00	159 06	84 00	244 73
Middle Township	28,063 48	12,902 22	40,965 70	12,958 34		869 11	753 46	1,300 72
North Wildwood	5,580 66		5,580 66	2,463 25	11 75	283 34	250 00	306 70
Ocean City	20,390 39		20,390 39	9,234 20	111 37	556 34	970 00	840 99
Sea Isle City	3,876 72		3,876 72	1,666 42	31 00	151 28	360 00	422 62
Upper Township	10,679 49	3,194 67	13,874 16	5,258 63		239 21	352 14	439 22
West Cape May	6,702 61	327 00	7,029 61	4,440 00	27 00	192 75		
Wildwood	13,684 76	1,000 00	14,684 76	4,573 02	103 27	303 03	471 25	350 65
Woodbine	16,908 89		16,908 89	10,300 80	41 00	631 00		
Total	\$166,784 63	\$25,218 89	\$192,003 52	\$85,540 77	\$632 151	\$4,877 44	\$5,408 34	\$7,183 21

CAPE MAY COUNTY.

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of CAPE MAY, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Amount expended for "Manual and Industrial Training," including salaries, apparatus and supplies therefor.	Amount expended for transportation of pupils residing within the district to schools in other districts.	Amount expended for transportation of pupils within the district.	Amount expended for tuition of pupils in other districts.	Amount expended for medical inspection.	Amount expended for attendance officers.	Amount expended for school libraries and apparatus purchased with library money.	Amount expended for interest on temporary loans.
Avalon								
Cape May City	\$1,233 54	\$101 00		\$50 00	\$100 00		\$10 00	\$6 50
Cape May Point		58 70		50 00	50 00		38 95	65 83
Dennis Township		630 81	\$694 86	162 80	400 00		30 00	5 85
Holly Beach	584 34			960 50	500 00	\$131 00		67 40
Little Township		401 35		30 00			106 74	
Middle Township		118 60	1,992 50	77 30		5 00		
North Wildwood							44 29	
Ocean City	1,726 66	127 68	317 68	75 00	250 00		38 34	
Sea Isle City			1,163 67	55 00				
Upper Township				25 00			18 00	
West Cape May				325 00	200 00		200 00	
Wildwood		800 16						
Woodbine								
Total	\$3,494 54	\$2,290 30	\$4,075 51	\$1,765 30	\$1,800 00	\$136 00	\$600 32	\$135 58

SCHOOL REPORT.

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**Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of CAPE MAY, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.**

DISTRICTS.	Amount expended for other school purposes.	Total amount for "Current Expenses," and "Manual and Industrial Training" for day schools.	Amount expended for new buildings and enlargements.	Amount expended for remodeling, repairing and refurnishing school buildings and purchase of land.	Total amount expended for building, enlarging, remodeling and repairing, and purchase of land.	Grand total expended, excluding bonded debt and interest on bonds.	Balance of State and county funds, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of State and county funds for manual and industrial training, June 30th, 1910.
Avalon	\$428 47	\$1,518 61		\$192 65	\$192 65	\$1,711 26		
Cape May City	2,717 97	21,888 31		805 19	805 19	22,693 50		\$126 21
Cape May Point	50 00	1,477 45		53 85	53 85	1,531 30		165 45
Dennis Township	675 26	10,963 39		381 72	381 72	11,345 11		
Holly Beach	2,328 74	14,080 72		1,771 71	1,771 71	15,852 43	\$358 07	
Lower Township	298 29	5,297 93		528 47	528 47	5,826 40		
Middle Township	7,172 45	25,235 92		10,564 97	10,564 97	35,800 89		
North Wildwood	2,001 87	5,399 21		181 45	181 45	5,580 66		
Ocean City	1,502 97	15,554 50		1,236 48	1,236 48	16,790 98		285 85
Sea Isle City	626 61	3,471 91				3,471 91	6 12	
Upper Township	3,461 30	11,007 51		1,928 47	1,928 47	12,935 98		
West Cape May	805 19	5,439 94		380 49	380 49	5,870 43	863 86	
Wildwood	8,644 45	14,663 67				14,663 67		
Woodbine	4,145 05	16,743 01				16,743 01	1,735 88	
Total.....	\$34,858 62	\$152,792 08		\$18,025 45	\$18,025 45	\$170,817 53	\$2,963 93	\$577 51

CAPE MAY COUNTY.

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of CAPE MAY, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.							
		Balance of district tax for current expenses, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for manual and industrial training, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, refurnishing and repairing, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for purchase of land.	Balance of moneys from other sources, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax raised for bonds and interest on bonds.	Balance from bond sale June 30th, 1910.
							Total balance, June 30th, 1910.
Avalon							\$1 99
Cape May City						1,290 06	\$1,285 00
Cape May Point	\$405 91					41 79	207 24
Dennis Township	2,139 93	\$332 83				411 09	817 00
Holly Beach	2,733 13					28 60	2,889 33
Lower Township	2,285 61					22 63	1,276 81
Middle Township						2,879 20	5,164 81
North Wildwood				\$1,185 06			3,899 41
Ocean City	2,068 24					43 27	404 81
Sea Isle City	388 69					2 09	1,138 13
Upper Township	382 52					286 52	21 09
West Cape May	21 06						1,735 88
Wildwood							
Woodbine							
Total	\$9,022 12	\$332 83	\$1,185 06	\$5,019 55	\$2,085 00		\$21,185 99

SCHOOL REPORT.

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CAPE MAY COUNTY.

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Apportionment of School Moneys, by Districts, for the County of CAPE MAY, State of New Jersey, for the School Year Ending June 30th, 1911.

DISTRICTS.	Balance of State and county funds, July 1st, 1910.	Balance "District Tax," July 1st, 1910.	Balance received from other sources, July 1st, 1910.	Total balance, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax for bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount apportioned from State school tax and State school fund appropriation.	Amount apportioned from surplus revenue.	Amount apportioned from balances.	Amount available for manual and Industrial training from State funds.
Avalon	\$1,711 21	\$1 99	\$1,290 05	\$1 99	\$945 07	\$5 32	.....	.....
Cape May City	185 45	.....	185 45	3,001 26	13,927 76	106 02	.....	\$600 00
Dennis Township	405 91	41 79	447 70	207 24	1,152 04	8 59	.....	.....
Holly Beach	2,472 76	.....	411 09	817 00	8,497 36	64 82	.....	.....
Lower Township	1,253 13	28 50	28 50	\$2,859 33	8,473 88	68 66	.....	500 00
Middle Township	2,285 61	22 68	22 68	1,275 81	4,762 23	31 63	.....	.....
North Wildwood .....	.....	2,879 20	2,879 20	5,164 81	12,384 69	97 44	.....	.....
Ocean City	3,555 14	43 27	3,598 41	.....	3,011 53	22 72	.....	.....
Sea Isle City	398 69	.....	398 69	3,599 41	10,857 04	89 84	.....	1,250 00
Upper Township	932 52	5 66	938 18	404 81	1,929 22	14 67	.....	.....
West Cape May	863 86	295 32	1,158 18	33 14	5,216 04	39 64	.....	.....
Wildwood .....	.....	.....	.....	1,158 18	5,216 04	39 64	.....	.....
Woodbine	1,735 88	21 09	1,756 97	1,21 09	4,881 26	37 68	.....	.....
Total	\$2,963 93	\$12,292 51	\$5,019 55	1,735 88	\$96,326 57	122 02	.....	\$2,350 00

Apportionment of School Moneys, by Districts, for the County of CAPE MAY, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1911—Continued.

DISTRICTS.		Amount of district tax voted for "Current Expenses."	Amount of district tax voted for "Manual and Industrial Train- ing."	Amount of district tax voted for purchase of land.	Amount of district tax voted for building and enlarging school houses.	Amount of district tax voted for remodeling, refurbishing and re- pairing school houses.	Total amount of district tax or- dered to be raised, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount available from private sources for manual and indus- trial training.	Total amount available from other sources, excluding proceeds from sale of bonds, and tax raised for bonds due and interest on bonds.	Total for school year ending June 30th, 1911.
Avalon	\$1,125 00						\$1,125 00			\$2,077 38
Cape May City	4,094 81		\$600 00			\$809 18	7,500 00			23,135 94
Cape May Point	2,650 00					1,000 00	3,650 00			12,687 84
Permits Township	2,065 00		300 00			250 00	4,615 00			12,219 87
Long Beach										6,069 66
Middle Township	9,100 00			\$250 00		1,470 00	10,820 00			28,466 82
North Wildwood	1,800 00						1,800 00			4,834 25
Ocean City	3,050 00		1,250 00				4,300 00			20,096 29
Sea Isle City	1,250 00						1,250 00			3,598 70
Upper Township	3,803 00					622 00	4,425 00			10,717 86
West Cape May	388 00						388 00			7,112 70
Wildwood	4,000 00						4,000 00			8,933 96
Woodbine	1,475 00						1,475 00			18,003 95
Total	\$38,575 81	\$2,350 00	\$250 00			\$4,222 19	\$43,398 00			\$164,010 56

SCHOOL REPORT.

Report of Attendance, by Districts, for the County of CAPE MAY, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.

DISTRICTS.													
		Actual number of days the schools were kept open.											
		Number of legal holidays the schools were not in session.											
		Possible number of days' attendance.											
		Days present—Boys.											
		Days present—Girls.											
		Total.											
		Days absent—Boys.											
		Days absent—Girls.											
		Total.											
		Times tardy—Boys.											
		Times tardy—Girls.											
		Total.											
Avalon.....	171	9	6,664	2,418	2,612	5,030	424	690	1,024	95	32	127	
Cape May City.....	181	9	80,256	36,890	33,323	70,183	5,177	4,896	10,073	808	705	1,513	
Cape May Point.....	171	9	6,572	3,240	2,455	5,695	533	344	877	97	121	218	
Dennis Township.....	181	3	46,733½	17,583	19,946	37,529	4,175	5,020½	9,204½	188	313	501	
Holly Beach.....	171	6	60,676	25,806	24,436	50,242	5,130	5,304	10,434	1,053	871	1,924	
Lower Township.....	172	8	29,200½	12,093½	11,061	23,156½	2,025	2,019	4,044	139	128	248	
Middle Township.....	180	4	80,498	32,798½	34,068	66,862½	7,250½	6,382½	13,635½	1,099	810	1,908	
North Wildwood.....	172	3	71,118½	32,796½	34,066	66,862½	1,261	1,371½	2,468½	196	116	312	
Ocean City.....	180	10	72,047	31,156	29,845½	60,990½	1,597½	1,907½	3,468½	894	625	1,519	
Sea Isle City.....	171	13	12,714½	4,531	6,170½	10,701½	4,386	6,681½	11,047½	894	625	1,519	
Upper Township.....	180	5	37,620	13,550	15,260	28,810	3,990½	1,246	4,226	144	144	288	
West Cape May.....	180	7	37,620	16,984½	15,220	32,214½	2,835	2,570½	5,406½	110	110	220	
Wildwood.....	180	2	95,329	44,434	40,381½	84,815½	5,364½	5,179	10,543½	1,157	1,157	2,314	
Woodbine.....	176	6	60,927½	267,624½	283,723½	511,360	44,406½	48,170	92,577½	6,583	5,709	12,292	
Total.....													

CAPE MAY COUNTY.

Report of Attendance, by Districts, for the County of CAPE MAY, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.												
	Number of pupils neither absent nor tardy during the year.											
	Number of sessions truant.											
	Total number of days transported.											
	Number of different pupils transported to the district and enrolled in Grades IX to XII.											
	Number of different pupils transported to the district and enrolled below Grade IX.											
	Number of pupils enrolled who have attended public schools in other districts in New Jersey during the present school year.											
	Number of cases of suspension or expulsion during the year.											
	Number of pupils enrolled in kindergarten.											
	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 1 to 4 inclusive.											
	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 5 to 8 inclusive.											
	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 9 to 12 inclusive.											
	Number of pupils between 4 and 20 years enrolled in the schools during the year—Boys.											
	Number of pupils between 4 and 20 years enrolled in the schools during the year—Girls.											
	Total.											
Avilion	25	6	1,101	18	9	18	1	67	41	16	83	57
Cape May City	12	9	2,333	23	1	3	1	228	109	26	113	538
Cape May Point	4	3	1,085	14	1	42	7	335	132	113	239	299
Penns. Township	7	10	5,363	6	2	38	4	379	187	53	61	370
Holly Beach	2	5	2,410	8	1	6	1	224	119	50	111	149
Lower Township	1	8	2,226	23	1	3	3	66	46	23	23	393
North Wildwood	8	2	1,028½	25	6	30	12	172	94	72	25	289
Ocean City	1	2	1,742	29	6	30	12	106	141	72	29	272
Sea Isle City	4	2	1,742	19	16	6	1	76	187	19	19	177
Upper Township	81	53	18,989	225	16	157	37	134	2,558	1,426	333	2,221
West Cape May	10	2	1,742	29	6	30	12	106	141	72	29	272
Wildwood	4	2	1,742	19	16	6	1	76	187	19	19	177
Woodbine	81	53	18,989	225	16	157	37	134	2,558	1,426	333	2,221
Total	81	53	18,989	225	16	157	37	134	2,558	1,426	333	2,221
												4,451

SCHOOL REPORT.

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Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of CUMBERLAND, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.

DISTRICTS.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from State and county funds, as per County Superintendent's apportionment.						
	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the State for "Manual and Industrial Training."						
	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Current Expenses."						
	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Manual and Industrial Training."						
	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, furnishing and repairing school buildings, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.						
	Amount received from district tax for purchase of land.						
	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from other sources, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.						
Deerfield	\$11,590 54	\$4,500 00	\$500 00	\$7,152 50	\$87 30		
Downe	5,178 11	2,990 00	300 00		149 75		
Commercial	6,179 06	3,850 00	350 00		101 00		
Fairfield	4,169 36	2,800 00	200 00		10 00		
Greenwich	3,526 23	2,000 00	200 00		1,486 35		
Hopewell	5,069 24	3,580 00	250 00		1,946 50		
Lawrence	3,824 41	4,570 00	200 00		384 94		
Landis	23,251 41	21,300 00	2,000 00		1,953 18		
Maurice River	4,780 44	3,800 00	200 00		1,384 49		
Stoe Creek	2,652 67	1,200 00	50 00		1,350 00		
Bridgeport	25,234 75	21,904 50	3,000 00		2,122 42		
Millville	22,679 78	18,635 32			1,722 00		
Total	\$118,045 00	\$90,809 87	\$1,500 00	\$7,152 50	\$12,628 93		

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of CUMBERLAND, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.		Total amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, exclusive of amount raised for payment of bonds and interest on bonds.		Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the sale of bonds.		Grand total received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909.		Amount expended for teachers' salaries, exclusive of amount paid on account of work done in manual and industrial training classes, and exclusive of amount paid on account Teachers' Retirement Fund.		Amount paid State treasurer for Teachers' Retirement Fund.		Amount expended for fuel.		Amount expended for janitors' wages for day schools.		Amount expended for text-books, apparatus and supplies, exclusive of those in column 16.	
Deerfield	\$16,666 84	\$16,666 84		\$16,666 84		\$16,666 84		\$8,372 18		\$92 17		\$388 94		\$9,426 53		\$12,996 74	
Downe	8,427 86	8,427 86		8,427 86		8,427 86		4,375 54		62 01		371 42		291 75		498 84	
Commercial	10,480 06	10,480 06		10,480 06		10,480 06		6,324 55		90 45		325 34		386 00		378 69	
Fairfield	6,679 36	6,679 36		6,679 36		6,679 36		3,725 08		64 14		299 49		330 00		528 22	
Greenwich	7,214 58	7,214 58		18,214 58		18,214 58		4,811 19		53 88				292 00			
Hopewell	11,115 74	11,115 74		11,115 74		11,115 74		6,011 36		125 74		439 35		161 49		500 00	
Lawrence	8,979 52	8,979 52		15,008 34		15,008 34		4,562 70		79 45		329 85		317 79		589 69	
Landis	50,514 59	50,514 59		60,714 59		60,714 59		30,766 85		485 00		2,201 72		2,441 50		2,974 57	
Maurice River	10,164 92	10,164 92		10,164 92		10,164 92		6,111 15		65 35		307 55		240 50		618 25	
Maunroe Creek	6,065 17	6,065 17		5,085 17		5,085 17		1,898 65		29 05		140 00				279 47	
Stee Creek	49,281 67	49,281 67		49,281 67		49,281 67		34,655 05		574 35		1,506 90		2,619 88		3,010 62	
Bridgeon	47,036 10	47,036 10		95,036 10		95,036 10		29,058 28		500 80		548 90		2,435 62		2,631 68	
Milville																	
Total	\$231,656 25	\$75,228 99		\$306,885 24		\$306,885 24		\$141,029 58		\$2,322 39		\$6,979 46		\$9,426 53		\$12,996 74	

SCHOOL REPORT.

**Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of CUMBERLAND, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.**

DISTRICTS.

	Amount expended for "Manual and Industrial Training," including salaries, apparatus and supplies therefor.	Amount expended for transportation of pupils residing within the district to schools in other districts.	Amount expended for transportation of pupils within the district.	Amount expended for tuition of pupils in other districts.	Amount expended for medical inspection.	Amount expended for attendance officers.	Amount expended for school libraries and apparatus purchased with library money.	Amount expended for interest on temporary loans.
Deerfield		\$1,971 19	\$250 00	\$1,319 25			\$20 00	\$12 17
Downe	\$31 64	431 00	646 76	670 00		\$7 50	26 88	32 45
Commercial		1,555 25		773 34			10 00	35 40
Fairfield		568 72		430 00	\$150 00			
Greenwich		583 60	368 55	421 00	175 00			385 95
Loosevelt		128 80	527 30	81 00			178 77	227 10
Lawrence	1,945 42		500 89	65 00		18 00		731 28
Manlius		454 66	579 45	230 00				24 91
Maurice River		886 25		805 00	99 99			
Stone Creek				50 00	150 00	158 00	117 90	
Bridgeport	992 88		418 96					
Millville					\$574 69	\$179 50	\$363 53	\$1,453 27
Total	\$2,969 94	\$6,909 35	\$3,201 91	\$4,627 03	\$574 69	\$179 50	\$363 53	\$1,453 27

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of CUMBERLAND, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.									
		Amount expended for other school purposes.		Total amount for "Current Expenses" and "Manual and Industrial Training" for day schools.		Amount expended for new buildings and enlargements.		Amount expended for remodeling, repairing and refurnishing school buildings and purchase of land.	
								Total amount expended for building, enlarging, remodeling and repairing, and purchase of land.	
								Grand total expended, excluding bonded debt and interest on bonds.	
								Balance of State and county funds, June 30th, 1910.	
								Balance of State and county funds for manual and industrial training, June 30th, 1910.	
Decothed	\$249 82	\$12,682 56	\$582 35	\$582 35	\$14,244 91				
Downe	211 87	7,728 25	39 08	39 08	7,767 33				
Commercial	299 07	10,079 39	370 10	370 10	10,449 49				
Fairfield	162 35	6,857 34	44 84	44 84	6,902 18				
Greenwich	1,984 18	7,595 00	34 18	10,621 58	18,214 68				
Hopewell	1,283 11	10,534 75	421 88	421 88	10,956 63				
Lawrence	8,252 49	8,252 63	459 83	6,077 62	14,330 25				
Laurens	6,125 14	47,018 06	2,254 48	12,008 86	59,026 92				
Maunroe River	750 30	9,668 08	346 94	346 94	10,014 93				
North Creek	637 25	4,581 05	1 50	1 50	4,582 75				
Union	1,354 69	38,098 60	560 72	1,860 72	44,491 72				
Winthroe			2,829 24	2,829 24	44,491 72				
Winthroe			2,829 24	2,829 24	44,491 72				
Total	\$16,307 82	\$208,432 20	\$48,604 44	\$9,041 64	\$27,646 08	\$266,078 28			

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

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Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of CUMBERLAND, State of New Jersey, for the School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Balance of district tax for current expenses, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for manual and industrial training, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, repairing and interest on bonds, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for purchase of land.	Balance of moneys from other sources, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax raised for bonds and interest on bonds.	Balance from bond sale June 30th, 1910.	Total balance, June 30th, 1910.
Deerfield	\$2,421 93						\$2,421 93
Downe	660 53						660 53
Commercial	30 57						30 57
Fairfield	77 18						77 18
Greenwich							
Hopewell	159 11						159 11
Laporte	678 00						678 00
Lands	758 77						758 77
Maurice	160 90						160 90
Maurice River							
Stee Creek	174 59						174 59
Stee Creek	4,869 90						4,869 90
Bridgeton	5,028 50	\$9 00	\$71 76			\$25,686 13	30,795 39
Millville							
Total	\$15,020 07	\$9 00	\$71 76			\$25,686 13	\$40,786 96

SCHOOL REPORT.

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Apportionment of School Moneys, by Districts, for the County of CUMBERLAND, State of New Jersey, for the School Year Ending June 30th, 1911.

DISTRICTS.	
	Balance of State and county funds, July 1st, 1910.
	Balance "District Tax," July 1st, 1910.
	Balance received from other sources, July 1st, 1910.
	Total balance, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax for bonds and interest on bonds.
	Amount apportioned from State appropriation, railroad tax, State school tax and State school fund appropriation.
	Amount apportioned from surplus revenue.
	Amount apportioned from balances.
	Amount available for manual and industrial training from State funds.
Deerfield	\$2,421 83
Downe	680 53
Commercial	30 57
Fairfield	77 18
Greenwich	159 11
Howevelt	678 09
Lawrence	758 77
Landis	180 90
Maurice River	114 59
Stone Creek	4,869 90
Redbank	30,785 39
Milville	\$40,785 96
Total	\$40,785 96
	\$2,421 98
	680 53
	30 57
	77 18
	159 11
	678 09
	758 77
	180 90
	114 59
	4,869 90
	30,785 39
	\$40,785 96
	\$9,186 55
	4,002 51
	6,310 48
	3,448 83
	5,056 41
	3,421 28
	678 09
	758 77
	180 90
	3,002 43
	2,619 94
	20,292 55
	18,651 91
	\$100,528 71
	\$1,706 13
	\$108 44
	51 53
	80 37
	44 25
	55 20
	62 03
	51 53
	411 38
	66 24
	17 98
	416 93
	430 25
	\$50 00
	\$1,550 00

Apportionment of School Moneys, by Districts, for the County of CUMBERLAND, State of New Jersey, for the School Year Ending June 30th, 1911—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Amount of district tax voted for "Current Expenses."	Amount of district tax voted for "Manual and Industrial Training."	Amount of district tax voted for purchase of land.	Amount of district tax voted for building and enlarging school houses.	Amount of district tax voted for remodeling, refurnishing and repairing school houses.	Total amount of district tax ordered to be raised, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount available from private sources for manual and industrial training.	Total amount available from other sources, excluding proceeds from sale of bonds, and tax raised for bonds due and interest on bonds.	Total for school year ending June 30th, 1911.
Deerfield	\$7,400 00				\$500 00	\$8,000 00			\$19,716 92
Downe	3,100 00				520 00	3,600 00			8,264 57
Commercial	4,100 00	\$50 00			520 00	4,600 00			1,224 43
Fairfield	2,800 00				300 00	3,100 00			6,570 36
Greenwich	3,600 00				300 00	3,900 00			7,382 80
Hopewell	2,900 00				500 00	3,400 00			9,327 55
Lafayette	2,500 00	\$1,000 00			200 00	3,500 00			7,651 00
Marble River	1,000 00				2,500 00	3,500 00			47,271 27
Manlius	1,600 00				650 00	2,250 00			9,879 57
State Creek	1,600 00				200 00	1,800 00			4,612 51
Edgerton	23,459 52				1,500 00	24,959 52			50,619 90
Millville	19,736 84	500 00			3,000 00	23,236 84			73,670 39
Total	\$99,536 36	\$1,550 00			\$10,400 00	\$111,386 36			\$256,218 16

Report of Attendance, by Districts, for the County of CUMBERLAND, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.

DISTRICTS.												
	Actual number of days the schools were kept open.	Number of legal holidays the schools were not in session.	Possible number of days' attendance.	Days present—Boys.	Days present—Girls.	Total.	Days absent—Boys.	Days absent—Girls.	Total.	Times tardy—Boys.	Times tardy—Girls.	Total.
Deerfield	174	6	114,496½	45,168½	44,882½	90,061	13,126½	11,319	24,445½	836	838	1,674
Downe	174	6	50,552	19,667½	20,103½	39,771	5,295	5,326	10,561½	280	290	480
Commercial	174	6	70,104	31,928½	31,601½	63,529½	7,461½	8,100	15,570½	398	327	718
Fairfield	173	7	49,372½	17,267	19,392½	36,869½	5,418½	6,784½	12,703	231	297	527
Greenwich	181	7	38,982½	14,254	17,731	29,085	1,979	2,919½	4,898½	567	703	1,270
Hopewell	174	6	63,673½	25,526½	27,774½	53,301	5,066½	4,868½	10,374½	1,189	1,367	2,515
Lawrence	174	6	48,520½	17,267	19,907	37,145½	6,208½	5,266½	11,414	482	542	1,024
Laudis	177	10	388,429½	177,089½	163,976½	341,015	28,511	23,926	52,437	9,658	1,949	4,607
Maurice River	190	10	388,429½	177,089½	29,444	54,351	8,292½	9,983	18,105½	461	395	856
Stee Creek	171	6	72,546½	24,967	34,015	17,231½	9,32½	4,291	14,440	461	440	971
Stone Creek	187½	6	425,490	168,292	8,675	350,289½	2,341	2,890	75,200½	361	440	971
Bridgeport	187½	6	425,490	168,292	181,997½	357,979	28,701½	27,276	56,077	2,420	1,202	3,258
Millville	187½	7½	414,056	176,743	181,236	357,979	28,701½	27,276	56,077	2,420	1,202	3,258
Total	179	6	1,761,886½	726,887½	746,631	1,473,618½	147,541½	143,738½	291,288	13,142	10,549	23,691

SCHOOL REPORT.

Report of Attendance, by Districts, for the County of CUMBERLAND, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.														
Deerfield	1	2	1,559							421	427	37	453	395
Dovne	6	2	8,231							192	116	37	171	174
Commercial	17	11								326	194	23	270	273
Fairfield	7	5								279	102		190	191
Greenwich	8		6,232							158	68	25	116	135
Hopewell	1	4	467	23						231	214	44	258	231
Lawrence	3		6,080							266	118	17	168	172
Laurids	48	69								399	186	203	1,275	1,181
Maurice River	2	2	2,045							284	156	27	202	237
Stone Creek										1,486	802	313	1,284	1,277
Stone Lion	71	301	8,521½							1,486	802	313	1,284	1,277
Union	40	24	11,200							1,613	677	253	1,356	1,277
Millville										6,954	3,557	944	5,770	5,635
Total	207	423	42,390½	2,192										
Number of pupils neither absent nor tardy during the year.														
Number of sessions truant.														
Total number of days transported.														
Number of different pupils transported to the district and enrolled in Grades IX to XII.														
Number of different pupils transported to the district and enrolled below Grade IX.														
Number of pupils enrolled who have attended public schools in other districts in New Jersey during the present school year.														
Number of cases of suspension or expulsion during the year.														
Number of pupils enrolled in kindergarten.														
Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 1 to 4 inclusive.														
Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 5 to 8 inclusive.														
Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 9 to 12 inclusive.														
Number of pupils between 4 and 20 years enrolled in the schools during the year—Boys.														
Number of pupils between 4 and 20 years enrolled in the schools during the year—Girls.														
Total.														

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of ESSEX, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.

DISTRICTS.		Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from State and county funds, as per County Superintendent's apportionment.		Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the State for "Manual and Industrial Training."		Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Current Expenses."		Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Manual and Industrial Training."		Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, refurnishing and repairing school buildings, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.		Amount received from district tax for purchase of land.		Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from other sources, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.	
Belleville	\$48,980 15		\$300 00		\$3,650 00		\$300 00		\$8,550 00		\$3,000 00		\$896 36		
Bloomfield	62,865 47		5,000 00		29,906 34		5,000 00		9,500 00				2,566 83		
Caldwell Borough	11,963 11				8,702 33				2,460 00				1,682 35		
Caldwell Township	3,071 88				929 60				200 00				271 29		
Cedar Grove	4,581 87				2,466 59				327 96				327 96		
East Orange	135,894 67	4,250 00		72,446 52		4,250 00		16,350 00					2,918 56		
Essex Falls	1,480 75			1,965 45									365 23		
Glen Ridge	13,252 52	800 00		17,238 85		800 00		1,000 00					507 97		
Livingston	40,884 51			15,419 60				3,219 00					41,944 43		
Madison	7,086 53			9,651 85				1,561 30					42 14		
Millburn	13,118 06	550 00		106,518 51		10,732 77		12,950 00					166 16		
Montclair	88,485 16	5,000 00		796,531 48		5,000 00		105,000 00					114,459 55		
Newark	1,203,647 15			485 35									11,988 97		
North Caldwell	1,283 78			21,328 64		1,000 00		1,848 16					3,921 92		
North Plainfield	28,821 40	1,000 00		51,275 55		4,000 00		10,272 21					618 69		
Nutley	95,107 24			1,400 00				7,256 23					261 96		
Orange	31,201 35	4,000 00		22,500 00		1,250 00		4,365 04					4,365 04		
Roseland	8,127 66	1,250 00		5,106 38				7,000 00					57 99		
South Orange	41,130 73			24,000 00		1,250 00							19,965 41		
Verona															
West Orange															
Total	\$1,862,946 99	\$28,400 00	\$1,192,536 04	\$34,132 77	\$192,656 33	\$3,000 00	\$210,312 10								

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of ESSEX, State of New Jersey, for the School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

ESSEX COUNTY.

DISTRICTS.	Total amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, exclusive of amount raised for payment of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the sale of bonds.	Grand total received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909.	Amount expended for teachers' salaries, exclusive of amount paid on account of work done in manual and industrial training classes, and exclusive of amount paid on account Teachers' Retirement Fund.	Amount paid State treasurer for Teachers' Retirement Fund.	Amount expended for fuel.	Amount expended for janitors' wages for day schools.	Amount expended for text-books, apparatus and supplies, exclusive of those in column 16.
Belleville	\$65,676 51		\$65,676 51	\$36,345 06	\$444 33	\$1,429 80	\$3,897 70	\$2,939 55
Bloomfield	114,828 62	\$57,450 00	172,278 62	67,689 84	972 41	8,228 53	5,075 25	5,862 04
Caldwell Borough	24,797 79		24,797 79	12,019 46	95 54	342 28	750 00	1,082 18
Caldwell Township	4,472 77		4,472 77	2,440 00		142 20	168 00	123 11
Cedar Grove	9,146 42		9,146 42	4,743 32	92 01	264 99	450 00	786 56
East Orange	236,109 78	52,000 00	288,109 78	148,778 93	1,755 87	5,486 52	14,855 87	8,468 52
Essex Fells	3,801 43		3,801 43	1,100 00		46 60	200 00	158 14
Glen Ridge	33,649 34	12,193 01	45,842 35	20,220 79	201 96	1,000 82	1,855 87	1,471 44
Irvington	106,297 57		106,297 57	40,523 44	499 28	1,774 40	4,500 00	5,094 90
Livingston	8,689 97	5,316 33	14,006 30	4,483 54	19 00	173 91	585 00	392 83
Millburn	25,371 67	22,314 44	47,686 11	14,392 90	186 10	728 87	1,740 00	2,645 50
Montclair	337,243 03	162,556 25	499,799 28	132,842 16	1,783 10	7,542 48	11,315 14	9,514 04
Newark	2,137,197 60	3,193,356 32	5,330,553 92	1,452,243 32	21,595 30	31,776 31	106,176 03	143,444 57
North Caldwell	1,772 75	7,000 00	8,772 75	650 00		70 58	81 00	152 23
Nutley	57,930 12	10,000 00	67,930 12	30,476 91	294 09	2,182 28	3,570 00	1,789 46
Orange	165,273 69		165,273 69	109,443 60	1,455 48	4,032 08	7,099 90	7,171 95
Roseland	4,375 08	8,077 00	12,452 08	1,234 40	15 60	212 84	170 85	105 06
South Orange	67,822 52	170,340 00	238,162 52	35,510 48	268 02	2,259 85	2,800 55	2,494 08
Verona	14,792 03		14,792 03	9,093 00	89 45	340 37	675 00	885 96
West Orange	94,596 14		94,596 14	46,474 56	922 81	3,378 88	5,545 00	5,651 51
Total.....	\$3,513,844 83	\$3,700,602 35	\$7,214,447 18	\$2,161,705 71	\$30,690 35	\$71,419 69	\$170,511 16	\$200,243 52

SCHOOL REPORT.

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of ESSEX, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Amount expended for "Manual and Industrial Training," including salaries, apparatus and supplies therefor.	Amount expended for transportation of pupils residing within the district to schools in other districts.	Amount expended for transportation of pupils within the district.	Amount expended for tuition of pupils in other districts.	Amount expended for medical inspection.	Amount expended for attendance officers.	Amount expended for school apparatus and supplies purchased with library money.	Amount expended for interest on temporary loans.
Belleville	\$439 74					\$52 50		\$318 35
Bloomfield	8,888 66		\$450 00		\$700 00		\$208 01	
Caldwell Borough					5 00			89 32
Caldwell Township		\$384 50		\$108 00			21 06	14 77
Cedar Grove		120 00	551 95	72 00	100 00		11 18	37 56
East Orange	9,068 63				533 75		123 15	334 67
Essex Fells				459 00				
Glen Ridge	1,920 91				176 00		106 47	72 36
Irvington								52 09
Livingston			465 00					
Millburn	997 41		905 75				651 77	190 97
Montclair	15,647 54		100 00		1,270 58	1,300 00	546 14	
Newark	56,592 57				13,610 25	10,216 20	30 00	
North Caldwell				320 00				
Nutley	1,648 30			20 00			335 65	229 75
Orange	7,905 12				1,000 00	800 00	20 00	78 75
Roseland		376 00		159 00			17 58	
South Orange	2,335 98				400 00		92 28	76 30
Verona					120 00	1 00	26 95	47 84
West Orange	2,491 43		2,425 00		1,000 00	500 00	131 25	627 28
Total	\$107,936 29	\$380 50	\$4,897 70	\$1,168 00	\$18,915 58	\$12,869 70	\$2,321 47	\$2,170 01

**Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of ESSEX, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.**

DISTRICTS.																
		Amount expended for other school purposes.		Total amount for "Current Expenses" and "Manual and Industrial Training" for day schools.		Amount expended for new build- ings and enlargements.		Amount expended for remodeling, repairing and refurnishing school buildings and purchase of land.		Total amount expended for build- ing, enlarging, remodeling and repairing, and purchase of land.		Grand total expended, excluding bonded debt and interest on bonds.		Balance of State and county funds, June 30th, 1910.		Balance of State and county funds for manual and industrial train- ing, June 30th, 1910.
Bloomfield	.....	\$2,684 08	\$48,551 11	\$6,156 89	\$6,188 40	\$12,325 29	\$60,876 40	\$1,514 63								
Caldwell Borough	.....	2,213 54	100,388 58	55,759 27	4,632 36	55,759 27	156,047 55									
Caldwell Township	.....	980 98	15,364 76		72 71	4,632 36	18,998 02									
Cedar Grove	.....	539 60	3,861 24		72 71	4,033 95										
East Orange	.....	250 25	7,479 82		747 86	747 86	8,227 68									
Essex Falls	.....	5,467 47	194,872 38	14,228 03	58,998 46	73,156 49	268,029 87	475 15								
Glenn Ridge	.....	420 03	2,883 77				2,883 77									
Irvington	.....	1,881 66	28,888 17	5,761 03	3,205 24	8,966 27	37,854 44									
Livingston	.....	1,004 69	53,418 69	12,007 25	5,113 59	17,120 84	70,729 53									
Madison	.....	719 01	6,843 29	2,748 23	2,106 53	4,854 76	11,698 05	444 19								
Monclair	.....	440 00	22,573 27	646 66	5,376 41	6,023 07	28,902 34									
Newark	.....	27,609 08	209,470 27	208,467 14	38,303 94	247,770 98	441,241 25									
North Caldwell	.....	157,436 40	2,018,524 86	510,398 80	182,183 16	692,581 95	2,710,762 90									
Orange	.....	6 00	1,889 81	6,918 31	11 00	6,929 31	8,219 12	81 00								
Roseland	.....	1,708 16	42,254 58	8,918 08	12,217 72	13,935 90	54,472 30									
South Orange	.....	12,520 44	142,527 32	49,144 60	13,686 86	13,686 86	156,213 63									
Verona	.....	2,907 06	2,891 13	424 86	2,749 60	3,174 46	62,819 06									
West Orange	.....	310 06	49,144 60		1,533 79	1,533 79	13,123 42									
Total.....		\$249,994 98	\$3,036,724 56	\$542,266 32	\$337,368 02	\$1,179,614 34	\$4,215,338 90	\$2,515 67								
										</						

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of ESSEX, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Balance of district tax for current expenses, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for manual and industrial training, June 30th, 1910	Balance of district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, refurnishing and repairing, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for purchase of land.	Balance of moneys from other sources, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax raised for bonds and interest on bonds.	Balance from bond sale June 30th, 1910.	Total balance, June 30th, 1910.
Belleville	\$1,575 66		\$1,468 76	\$79 81	\$702 06	\$10,566 69	\$4,890 11
Bloomfield	1,417 42				1,682 33		16,291 07
Barclay	3,117 42		127 29		55 83		4,730 77
Caldwell Township	255 70		2 14		316 78		438 82
Cedar Grove	599 82		1,952 71		245 20	1,225 31	918 74
East Orange	16,991 80					6,506 60	20,079 91
Essex Fells	697 31						1,417 66
Glen Ridge	1,140 39	342 27			33,071 00		7,987 91
Livingston	2,413 40		83 64		42 14	17,892 09	35,588 04
Lyons	799 05	192 59	253 77				2,308 25
Millburn	784 05	102 59	26 04		54 95	50,547 45	18,783 77
Montclair	7,870 40	\$5 23				2,500,773 37	58,558 08
Newark	119,026 65				3 64	81 69	523 63
North Caldwell	886 70				4,368 99		13,457 82
Nutley	8,702 30	351 70	34 54		351 38		9,060 01
Orange	8,965 13	94 88			1,029 76	131 92	6,432 87
Roseland	189 57	499 96	5,267 82		664 57	169,315 14	185,843 46
South Orange	9,130 78						1,668 61
Verona	1,004 24						3,810 22
West Orange	*3,810 22						
Total	\$195,613 18	\$4,625 16	\$3,217 71	\$79 81	\$42,559 45	\$2,758,347 36	\$3,002,918 50

*Deficit.

SCHOOL REPORT.

Apportionment of School Moneys, by Districts, for the County of ESSEX, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1911.

DISTRICTS.									
	Balance of State and county funds, July 1st, 1910.	Balance "District Tax," July 1st, 1910.	Balance received from other sources, July 1st, 1910.	Total balance, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax for bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount apportioned from State appropriation, railroad tax, State school tax and State school fund appropriation.	Amount apportioned from surplus revenue.	Amount apportioned from balances.	Amount available for manual and industrial training from State funds.	
Belleville	\$1,674 89	\$2,125 29	\$11,300 75	\$4,890 11	\$42,067 76	.....	.....	\$200 00	
Bloomfield	2,021 24	2,021 24	16,291 07	16,291 07	66,173 81	.....	.....	5,000 00	
Bordentown .....	.....	3,117 42	1,682 35	4,799 77	12,584 96	.....	.....	250 00	
Calwell Township .....	.....	382 96	55 83	438 82	3,017 86	.....	.....	.....	
Cedar Grove .....	.....	601 96	318 78	918 74	5,331 91	.....	.....	.....	
East Orange .....	.....	18,834 60	1,225 31	20,079 91	127,130 33	.....	.....	5,000 00	
Essex	475 15	697 31	245 20	1,417 66	1,014 28	.....	.....	.....	
Essex Falls .....	.....	1,482 31	6,206 60	7,687 91	14,773 28	.....	.....	1,300 00	
Green Ridge .....	.....	2,497 04	33,071 00	35,568 04	45,453 90	.....	.....	.....	
Ivington	444 19	1,023 82	810 24	2,308 25	4,597 88	.....	.....	550 00	
Livingston .....	.....	801 68	17,892 00	18,783 77	13,962 84	.....	.....	5,000 00	
Millburn .....	.....	7,955 63	50,662 40	58,558 03	97,484 16	.....	.....	5,000 00	
Montclair .....	.....	119,026 65	2,500,773 37	2,619,800 02	1,310,641 12	.....	.....	.....	
Newark	81 60	386 70	55 33	553 63	989 59	.....	.....	100 00	
North Caldwell .....	.....	9,088 82	4,308 99	13,497 82	29,319 33	.....	.....	4,125 00	
North Plainfield .....	.....	9,060 01	.....	9,060 01	101,539 98	.....	.....	.....	
Orange .....	.....	1,482 31	634 30	2,116 61	29,322 87	.....	.....	1,200 00	
Roseland .....	.....	14,393 56	171,434 86	185,843 42	7,826 41	.....	.....	.....	
South Orange .....	.....	1,637 37	31 04	1,668 61	44,098 07	.....	.....	1,400 00	
Verona .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
West Orange .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Total	\$2,674 83	\$109,469 23	\$2,800,773 44	\$3,002,918 50	\$1,971,145 85	.....	.....	\$29,825 00	

ESSEX COUNTY.

SCHOOL REPORT.

Apportionment of School Moneys, by Districts, for the County of ESSEX, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1911—Continued.

DISTRICTS.								
		Amount of district tax voted for "Current Expenses."	Amount of district tax voted for "Manual and Industrial Train- ing."	Amount of district tax voted for purchase of land.	Amount of district tax voted for building and enlarging school houses.	Amount of district tax voted for remodeling, refurnishing and re- pairing school houses.	Total amount of district tax or- dered to be raised, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount available from private sources for manual and indus- trial training.
							Total amount available from other sources, excluding proceeds from sale of bonds, and tax raised for bonds due and interest on bonds.	Total for school year ending June 30th, 1911.
Belleville	\$3,296 00	\$300 00				\$6,260 00	\$15,856 00	\$94,023 87
Bloomfield	34,500 00	5,000 00			7,500 00	47,000 00	134,404 88	134,404 88
Caldwell Borough	5,700 00	250 00			2,000 00	7,950 00	17,850 00	29,584 78
Caldwell Township	1,400 00				800 00	1,800 00	3,256 05	8,256 05
Cedar Grove	6,750 87	6,000 00			1,200 00	13,950 87	26,250 97	13,250 97
East Orange	1,200 00				18,000 00	19,200 00	3,631 94	3,631 94
Essex Ridge	15,050 00	1,200 00			1,500 00	17,750 00	41,711 49	41,711 49
Gloucester	17,800 00				5,200 00	23,000 00	104,023 94	104,023 94
Livingston	2,050 00				250 00	2,800 00	9,706 13	9,706 13
Millburn	115,085 84	550 00	\$300 00	8,200 00	1,500 00	132,735 84	55,096 61	55,096 61
Montclair	852,869 00	5,000 00			62,087 00	919,956 00	293,778 03	293,778 03
Newark	300 00	750 00		7,740 00		300 00	1,843 22	1,843 22
North Caldwell	14,510 00	4,125 00			9,100 00	23,000 00	66,527 15	66,527 15
Nutley	41,823 02				2,000 00	55,048 02	169,833 01	169,833 01
Orange	1,400 00	1,250 00			2,000 00	4,650 00	3,981 05	3,981 05
Roseland	23,000 00			3,000 00		26,000 00	248,281 33	248,281 33
South Orange	5,000 00					9,000 00	18,495 02	18,495 02
Verona	25,000 00					34,600 00	80,098 07	80,098 07
West Orange								
Total	\$1,250,493 53	\$34,925 00	\$300 00	\$19,440 00	\$130,447 00	\$1,435,605 53	\$6,439,494 88	

Report of Attendance, by Districts, for the County of ESSEX, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.

DISTRICTS.	Actual number of days the schools were kept open.	Number of legal holidays the schools were not in session.	Possible number of days' attendance.	Days present—Boys.	Days present—Girls.	Total.	Days absent—Boys.	Days absent—Girls.	Total.	Times tardy—Boys.	Times tardy—Girls.	Total.
Belleville	191	6	309,391	146,110½	135,342½	281,453	12,643½	15,294½	27,938	328	261	589
Bloomfield	188½	6	450,879	193,015	193,931½	386,946½	30,430½	33,502	63,932½	1,814	1,517	3,333
Caldwell Borough	189	6	86,474½	35,293	36,738	72,031	6,903	7,540½	14,443½	576	386	962
Caldwell Township	190	6	21,143	8,355	6,626½	14,981½	3,016	3,145½	6,161½	486	239	725
Cedar Grove	186½	6	36,654	16,688	15,003	31,691	2,212½	2,750½	4,963	39	38	77
East Orange	187	6	948,433	426,786½	423,364	850,150½	46,429½	51,853	98,282½	1,170	946	2,116
Essex Fells	183	6	5,341	1,378	2,303½	3,681½	508½	1,151	1,659½	139	87	226
Glen Ridge	186	6	89,002½	38,926	38,515½	77,441½	5,574	5,987	11,561	401	439	840
Irlington	193	6	364,747	161,959	153,004½	314,963½	25,747½	24,036	49,783½	749	463	1,212
Livingston	191	6	27,950	11,990	10,155	22,145	3,596½	2,268½	5,865	371	178	549
Millburn	186	6	81,889½	38,956½	34,117	73,073½	3,336	4,880	8,216	182	204	386
Montclair	182	6	615,689	281,149½	253,954	535,103½	37,188½	43,397	80,585½	3,319	2,777	6,096
Newark	193	6	9,661,243½	4,321,043½	4,205,514½	8,526,558	547,556	587,129½	1,134,685½	21,551	13,709	35,260
North Caldwell	181½	6	7,040	2,617	2,742	5,359	1,098	583	1,681	53	28	81
Nutley	182	6	205,670	86,338	88,131½	174,469½	16,068½	15,132	31,200½	1,087	902	1,989
Orange	191	6	705,394½	323,955	307,806	631,761	35,158½	38,475	73,633½	2,193	1,835	4,028
Roseland	181	6	9,531	4,078½	3,964½	8,043	681½	806½	1,488	44	39	83
South Orange	187	6	188,484	84,090½	87,285½	171,376	8,018½	9,089½	17,108	801	514	1,315
Verona	184	6	47,192	19,922	20,627½	40,549½	2,754	3,888½	6,642½	137	128	265
West Orange	189	6	306,937	142,307	120,449	262,756	22,088	22,093	44,181	710	515	1,225
Total.....	187	6	14,169,085½	6,344,958½	6,139,575½	12,484,534	811,609	872,942½	1,684,551½	36,150	25,205	61,355

ESSEX COUNTY.

Report of Attendance, by Districts, for the County of ESSEX, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Number of pupils neither absent nor tardy during the year.												
	Number of sessions truant.												
DISTRICTS.	Total number of days transported.												
	Number of different pupils transported to the district and enrolled in Grades IX to XII.												
DISTRICTS.	Number of different pupils transported to the district and enrolled below Grade IX.												
	Number of pupils enrolled who have attended public schools in other districts in New Jersey during the present school year.												
DISTRICTS.	Number of cases of suspension or expulsion during the year.												
	Number of pupils enrolled in kindergarten.												
DISTRICTS.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 1 to 4 inclusive.												
	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 5 to 8 inclusive.												
DISTRICTS.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 9 to 12 inclusive.												
	Number of pupils between 4 and 20 years enrolled in the schools during the year—Boys.												
DISTRICTS.	Number of pupils between 4 and 20 years enrolled in the schools during the year—Girls.												
	Total.												
Belleville	336	867	.....	.....	141	2	54	1,142	661	99	947	899	1,846
Bloomfield	185	314	.....	.....	88	2	48	1,217	830	22	1,342	1,379	2,761
Caldwell Borough	11	4	.....	12	4	1	8	51	170	14	284	270	549
Caldwell Township	11	10	.....	.....	17	2	31	128	54	16	146	149	295
Cedar Grove	251	166	.....	.....	218	10	611	1,115	68	12	1,167	116	2,296
East Orange .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Essex Falls	8	12	.....	.....	30	3	76	12	16	22	16	22	38
Glen Ridge	33	34	.....	.....	142	.....	.....	261	172	75	437	289	578
Livingston	4	2	.....	.....	8	1	.....	1,486	706	89	1,191	1,080	2,281
Millburn	31	88	.....	.....	75	2	34	227	156	43	271	249	520
Montclair	172	.....	.....	.....	390	.....	.....	1,661	81	11	1,752	1,839	3,812
Newark	909	9,291	.....	.....	904	29	8,561	32,309	14,535	2,105	29,012	28,498	57,510
North Caldwell	2	.....	.....	.....	50	.....	.....	28	28	.....	31	25	56
Nutley	81	1,866	.....	.....	130	2	186	372	631	118	663	654	1,307
Orange	87	862	.....	.....	9	.....	775	2,435	981	249	2,253	2,175	4,428
Roseland .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	31	26	.....	29	37	60
South Orange	72	61 1/2	.....	.....	36	8	140	511	387	168	690	616	1,216
Verona	14	.....	.....	.....	71	.....	37	123	127	27	156	100	256
West Orange	42	12	.....	.....	.....	12	228	1,142	427	86	1,064	919	1,922
Total	2,566	13,184 1/2	21,941 1/2	14	1,338	127	11,711	46,552	22,738	4,718	43,262	42,287	86,549

**Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of GLOUCESTER, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.**

DISTRICTS.						
	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from State and county funds, as per County Superintendent's apportionment.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the State for "Manual and Industrial Training."	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Current Expenses."	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Manual and Industrial Training."	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, refurnishing and repairing school buildings, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount received from district tax for purchase of land.
					Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from other sources, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.	
Clayton	\$6,400 54		\$3,891 23		\$10,032 32	\$844 35
Deptford	5,643 18		3,807 66			5,030 03
East Greenwich	2,684 86		2,942 32		500 00	821 64
Elk	1,716 81		1,491 86		200 00	20 00
Franklin	5,651 11		2,650 04	\$250 00	722 34	
Glassboro	8,901 29		4,879 50		150 00	2,796 38
Greenwich	1,716 14		5,183 27			
Harrison	5,844 48		4,240 00		300 00	1,100 45
Logan	4,928 10		4,009 14		200 00	370 80
Mantua	4,928 86		2,692 14			695 84
Monroe	7,001 20		3,353 94	50 00	500 00	1,025 81
National Park	320 86					
Paulsboro	6,422 79		4,000 00			5,000 29
Plainfield	3,313 10		4,054 72			5,889 76
South Harrison	2,578 37		1,464 32	100 00	200 00	5,161 13
Swedesboro	2,550 49		8,200 27			601 43
Washington	2,550 49		2,813 82	50 00	300 00	401 08
Wenonah	1,776 15		3,281 66			
West Deptford	4,449 77		7,266 96			
Woodbury	11,965 03		53,205 49		9,400 00	12,068 22
Total	\$94,042 38		\$124,548 28	\$450 00	\$22,604 80	\$42,181 06

GLOUCESTER COUNTY.

SCHOOL REPORT.

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of GLOUCESTER, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Total amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, exclusive of amount raised for payment of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the sale of bonds.	Grand total received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909.	Amount expended for teachers' salaries, exclusive of amount paid on account of work done in manual and industrial training classes, and exclusive of amount paid on account Teachers' Retirement Fund.	Amount paid State treasurer for Teachers' Retirement Fund.	Amount expended for fuel.	Amount expended for janitors' wages for day schools.	Amount expended for text-books, apparatus and supplies, exclusive of those in column 16.
Clayton	\$21,168 44	\$8,374 29	\$29,542 73	\$6,901 25	\$117 83	\$677 61	\$478 40	\$436 29
Deptford	14,480 87		14,480 87	6,740 08	88 68	435 57	427 00	475 50
East Greenwich	6,948 91		6,948 91	2,897 20	28 22	183 00	133 00	336 33
Elk	3,428 37	605 00	4,033 37	1,723 91	13 59	123 75	100 00	77 35
Franklin	9,173 69		9,173 69	5,602 00	23 00	364 89		602 06
Glassboro	16,724 17		16,724 17	9,284 11	137 27	210 98	590 00	1,425 51
Greenwich	6,901 41		6,901 41	2,260 00	15 00	220 00	250 00	280 75
Harrison	11,484 91		11,484 91	4,578 72	52 24	479 37	406 00	376 24
Logan	9,368 64		9,368 64	3,804 78	9 00	270 50	188 50	374 91
Mantua	7,267 93		7,267 93	3,697 00	53 00	194 61	245 00	323 79
Monroe	12,500 95		12,500 95	7,951 93	130 25	663 70	488 00	615 45
National Park	320 95		320 95					
Paulsboro	15,423 18		15,423 18	8,698 39	167 89	290 00	650 00	784 40
Pitman	13,257 58		13,257 58	4,338 50	36 50	337 87	450 00	701 96
South Harrison	3,577 94		3,577 94	1,715 49	35 01	116 01	50 00	81 40
Swedesboro	20,772 83		20,772 83	7,536 60	67 68	677 41	730 00	1,670 30
Washington	6,348 68		6,348 68	2,926 80	43 20	247 62	108 75	290 77
Wenonah	5,968 89		5,968 89	2,395 50	31 50	157 66	150 00	269 91
West Deptford	11,822 50		11,822 50	4,766 87	39 89	602 20	342 50	495 21
Woodbury	86,655 74		86,655 74	17,567 76	206 48	1,406 99	1,676 00	1,378 15
Total.....	\$283,596 58	\$8,979 29	\$292,575 87	\$106,386 89	\$1,367 33	\$7,759 65	\$7,373 15	\$10,996 28

**Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of GLOUCESTER, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.**

DISTRICTS.	Amount expended for "Manual and Industrial Training," including salaries, apparatus and supplies therefor.	Amount expended for transportation of pupils residing within the district to schools in other districts.	Amount expended for transportation of pupils within the district.	Amount expended for tuition of pupils in other districts.	Amount expended for medical inspection.	Amount expended for attendance officers.	Amount expended for school libraries and apparatus purchased with library money.	Amount expended for interest on temporary loans.
Chayton	\$34.29	\$290.00		\$1,250.00			\$141.00	
Deplford	21.85	215.89		522.90			10.00	\$70.40
East Greenwich		79.22		300.00			20.00	8.67
Elk	19.22	553.63	\$348.00	310.00	\$50.00			190.04
Franklin							12.84	
Grassboro	17.28	173.00		818.60				
Greenwich		552.76		312.00		\$50.00		9.40
Harrison		306.08		955.00			10.00	15.00
Logan	37.52	195.06		567.25			18.80	53.88
Manitua		533.33		275.00				
Monroe				265.00		20.30		
National Park								
Paulsboro								
Pitman		397.40		612.50			21.22	31.62
South Harrison	10.19	675.00	50.00	270.00			3.17	
Swedesboro		109.44		250.00	25.00		283.00	
Washington	28.41	364.15		150.00			23.75	43.60
Wenonah		424.38		730.00			20.22	
West Deplford		420.38		1,056.20			40.00	
Woodbury				444.00	100.00	135.00		
Total	\$158.76	\$5,259.72	\$398.00	\$9,241.45	\$175.00	\$235.50	\$700.83	\$467.95

GLOUCESTER COUNTY.

SCHOOL REPORT.

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Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of GLOUCESTER, State of New Jersey, for the School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.								
		Amount expended for other school purposes.	Total amount for "Current Expenses," and "Manual and Industrial Training," for day schools.	Amount expended for new buildings and enlargements.	Amount expended for remodeling, repairing and refurnishing school buildings and purchase of land.	Total amount expended for building, enlarging, remodeling and repairing, and purchase of land.	Grand total expended, excluding bonded debt and interest on bonds.	Balance of State and county funds, June 30th, 1910.
								Balance of State and county funds for manual and industrial training, June 30th, 1910.
Clayton	\$676 94	\$9,463 61	\$13,718 12	\$2,607 04	\$16,325 16	\$25,788 77	\$758 16	
Deptford	12,745 82	6,306 03	3,224 92	187 27	197 27	3,422 19		
East Greenwich	969 82	8,911 78	236 34		226 34	6,361 46		
Elk	767 88	13,482 83			278 08	14,783 31	1,979 31	
Franklin	843 25	8,667 43			466 21	9,133 63		
Glassboro	2,221 29	8,722 36			345 81	9,068 17		
Greenwich	1,827 60	5,505 46			926 95	6,522 41		
Harmon	2,733 59	11,528 71			181 71	11,710 42		
Jefferson	267 23	309 30				309 30	11 65	
Marlton	658 26	14,422 88				14,422 88		
Montroe	24 00	11,189 52			1,874 16	13,063 68		
National Park	3,832 20	3,149 82	1,840 66		22 13	3,171 95		
Paulsboro	4,261 88	19,850 13			92 70	19,942 83	140 32	
Pittman	141 55	5,834 30			415 62	6,250 01		
South Harrison	8,500 70	5,345 95			99 78	6,445 73		
Swedesboro	1,731 00	102 72			102 72	11,285 46		
Washington	1,163 25	42,014 55			45,514 35	72,065 14		
Wenonah	3,439 27							
West Deptford	3,596 41							
Woodbury								
Total	\$10,728 67	\$190,158 38	\$57,902 99	\$10,339 42	\$68,242 41	\$258,401 39	\$2,890 04	

**Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of GLOUCESTER, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.**

DISTRICTS.	Balance of district tax for current expenses, June 30th, 1910.					
	Balance of district tax for manual and industrial training, June 30th, 1910.					
DISTRICTS.	Balance of district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, re-furnishing and repairing, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds, June 30th, 1910.					
	Balance of district tax for purchase of land.					
DISTRICTS.	Balance of moneys from other sources, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax raised for bonds and interest on bonds.					
	Balance from bond sale June 30th, 1910.					
DISTRICTS.	Total balance, June 30th, 1910.					
Clayton	\$56 80		\$129 88		\$321 62	\$2,487 50
Deptford					787 27	
East Greenwich	1,607 46		2 73			
Elk	608 46		22 64			
Franklin	12 83				561 75	
Glassboro	2,458 48					
Grover	2,351 28					
Harrison	300 47				685 84	
Logan	89 66				790 53	
Mantua						
Monte						
National Park						
Paulsboro					1,000 30	
Pitman			177 87		133 90	
South Harrison	228 12					
Swedesboro	231 98				457 70	
Washington	91 24				7 43	
Wenonah	533 16		197 28		270 77	
West Deptford	68 99		1,461 13		9,410 31	
Woodbury	3,719 16					
Total.....	\$12,318 09		\$11,991 43		\$14,487 42	\$2,487 50
						\$34,174 48

Apportionment of School Moneys, by Districts, for the County of GLOUCESTER, State of New Jersey, for the School Year Ending June 30th, 1911.

DISTRICTS.						
	Balance of State and county funds, July 1st, 1910.	Balance "District Tax," July 1st, 1910.	Balance received from other sources, July 1st, 1910.	Total balance, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax for bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount apportioned from State appropriation, railroad tax, State school tax and State school fund appropriation.	Amount apportioned from surplus revenue.
Clayton	\$758 16	\$188 68	\$2,889 12	\$3,735 96	\$5,326 87	\$102 97
Deptford		1,607 46	781 27	787 27	5,892 08	113 73
East Greenwich		611 18		1,607 46	2,662 49	34 11
Elk		35 37		611 18	1,747 43	34 86
Franklin	1,979 91		50 75	2,541 66	2,258 19	113 89
Glassboro		2,428 48		2,428 48	1,927 43	113 38
Greenwich		2,351 28		2,351 28	4,421 39	34 86
Harrison		290 17		290 17	3,483 66	117 28
Logan		29 68	685 84	705 52	3,484 21	88 56
Manila			790 23		72 13	72 13
Monte	11 65				11 65	123 19
National Park			1,000 30		167 68	2 92
Paulsboro			133 90		6,103 22	129 44
Philm		415 99		1,000 30	3,969 51	66 77
South Harrison		251 98	657 70	405 90	4,188 03	41 84
Swedesboro	140 32	91 24	7 43	830 00	6,245 53	122 92
Washington		523 16		523 16	2,663 56	48 46
West Deptford		266 27	20 77	537 04	2,151 65	42 03
Woodbury		5,180 29	9,410 51	14,590 80	4,719 34	87 86
Total	\$2,890 04	\$14,300 52	\$16,974 92	\$34,174 48	\$89,857 41	\$1,811 50

Apportionment of School Moneys, by Districts, for the County of GLOUCESTER, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1911—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Amount of district tax voted for						
	"Current Expenses."						
DISTRICTS.	Amount of district tax voted for						
	"Manual and Industrial Training."						
DISTRICTS.	Amount of district tax voted for						
	purchase of land.						
DISTRICTS.	Amount of district tax voted for						
	building and enlarging school houses.						
DISTRICTS.	Amount of district tax voted for						
	remodeling, refurnishing and re- pairing school houses.						
DISTRICTS.	Total amount of district tax ordered						
	to be raised, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.						
DISTRICTS.	Amount available from private						
	sources for manual and industrial training.						
DISTRICTS.	Total amount available from other						
	sources, excluding proceeds from sale of bonds, and tax raised for bonds due and interest on bonds.						
DISTRICTS.	Total for school year ending June						
	30th, 1911.						
Clayton	\$4,500 00				\$4,500 00		\$13,683 80
Deptford	5,000 00				5,000 00		11,703 08
East Greenwich	2,300 00				2,700 00		7,021 01
Elk	1,000 00				1,000 00		3,392 91
Franklin	2,550 00	250 00			3,500 00		9,173 69
Glassboro	4,535 00				4,535 00		14,753 04
Greenwich	2,300 00				2,300 00		6,620 49
Harrison	2,600 00				3,000 00		9,890 26
Logan	2,100 00	200 00			2,500 00		6,372 63
Manana	2,100 00				2,400 00		6,701 86
Monte	3,450 00				4,155 00		12,325 08
National Park	300 00				300 00		481 65
Pausboro	6,250 00	250 00			7,000 00		14,232 96
Pitman	4,800 00				4,800 00		9,030 18
South Harrison	1,200 00	100 00			1,800 00		4,558 86
Swedesboro	4,150 00				3,800 00		12,416 35
Washington	50 00				300 00		1,418 71
Wenona	1,700 00				1,700 00		4,418 84
West Deptford	4,325 00				4,525 00		9,919 24
Woodbury	6,337 50	300 00			7,137 50		34,777 15
Total.....	\$34,107 50	\$1,650 00			\$5,125 00		\$196,726 89

GLOUCESTER COUNTY.

Report of Attendance, by Districts, for the County of GLOUCESTER, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.

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SCHOOL REPORT.

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DISTRICTS.	Actual number of days the schools were kept open.	Number of legal holidays the schools were not in session.	Possible number of days' attendance.	Days present—Boys.	Days present—Girls.	Total.	Days absent—Boys.	Days absent—Girls.	Total.	Times tardy—Boys.	Times tardy—Girls.	Total.
Clayton	191	3	67,550½	28,559½	28,874	57,433½	5,061½	5,055½	10,117	208	105	313
Deptford	188	4	75,170½	27,243½	27,749	54,992½	10,408½	9,769½	20,178	736	584	1,320
East Greenwich	181	2	27,412½	13,179	9,397½	22,576½	2,728½	2,107½	4,836	127	78	205
Elk	172	3	20,256	7,964	7,162½	15,126½	3,191	1,938½	5,129½	160	93	253
Franklin	175	5	71,243½	27,217	26,735	53,952	9,475½	7,816	17,291½	1,228	1,130	2,358
Glassboro	188	4	96,608	40,656½	38,968	79,624½	8,998	7,985½	16,983½	1,009	631	1,640
Greenwich	191	3	27,667½	7,652	8,890	16,542	2,957	2,158½	5,115½	61	78	139
Harrison	170	1	45,407½	20,420	17,548	37,968	4,008½	3,431	7,439½	553	498	1,051
Logan	177	1	41,967½	16,432	17,819	34,251	3,581½	4,135	7,716½	269	412	681
Mantua	190	4	43,639½	18,861	17,195½	36,066½	3,561½	4,021½	7,583	404	306	709
Monroe	190	5	94,627	38,347½	37,650	75,997½	10,270	8,359½	18,629½	562	399	961
National Park												
Paulsboro	189	3	83,950½	34,554	33,505	68,059	8,343½	7,548	15,891½	1,162	791	1,953
Pitman	188	3	54,249½	24,625½	22,094	46,719½	4,002½	3,527½	7,530	222	108	330
South Harrison	172	2	15,049	6,563	5,783½	12,346½	1,425	1,277½	2,702½	217	175	392
Swedesboro	182	3	77,469	32,667	36,011	68,678	4,912½	3,878½	8,791	447	315	762
Washington	174	2	32,082	13,327½	12,024½	25,352	3,716	3,014	6,730	345	99	444
Wenonah	185	5	17,728	7,694	8,597	16,291	666	771	1,437	121	100	221
West Deptford	182	4	59,654½	24,188	23,629	47,817	5,552½	6,285	11,837½	386	385	771
Woodbury	188	5	154,140½	64,549½	68,968½	133,518	10,466	10,156½	20,622½	919	635	1,554
Total.....	183	3	1,099,863	454,700½	448,601	903,301½	103,325½	93,236	196,561½	9,136	6,921	16,057

Report of Attendance, by Districts, for the County of GLOUCESTER, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.										
Number of pupils neither absent nor tardy during the year.										
Number of sessions truant.										
Total number of days transported.										
Number of different pupils transported to the district and enrolled in Grades IX to XII.										
Number of different pupils transported to the district and enrolled below Grade IX.										
Number of pupils enrolled who have attended public schools in other districts in New Jersey during the present school year.										
Number of cases of suspension or expulsion during the year.										
Number of pupils enrolled in kindergarten.										
Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 1 to 4 inclusive.										
Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 5 to 8 inclusive.										
Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 9 to 12 inclusive.										
Number of pupils between 4 and 20 years enrolled in the schools during the year—Boys.										
Number of pupils between 4 and 20 years enrolled in the schools during the year—Girls.										
Total.										
Clayton	1	190	1	10	331	68	26	222	203	423
Deptford	7	1,067½		9	387	137		265	259	523
East Greenwich	11	5		3	136	90		124	102	226
Elk	2				60	60		97	64	161
Franklin	4	1,009		12	424	123		281	286	547
Grassboro	12	10,617½	67	19	345	172	102	318	301	619
Greenwich	12	6	20	2	87	51		68	70	138
Harrison	11	7		12	198	149		192	185	347
Logan	4			6	226	80		153	165	304
Mantua	9	1		9	200	109		159	150	309
Monroe	5			30	492	154		322	324	646
National Park										
Paulsboro	2	8		12	354	141	38	279	264	533
Pittman	17		6	48	238	132		189	181	370
South Harrison	5				70	69		67	62	129
Swedesboro	27	38		11	377	143	20	275	285	544
Washington	8	4			171	107		154	124	278
Wenonah	3				63	49		51	61	112
West Deptford	12	13		10	265	148		200	203	403
Woodbury	27	14,087	96	51	491	308	183	486	496	983
Total	175	351	27,000	244	93	4,946	2,280	3,902	3,693	7,595

GLOUCESTER COUNTY.

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of HUDSON, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.

DISTRICTS.							
		Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from State and county funds, as per County Superintendent's apportionment.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the State for "Manual and Industrial Training."	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Current Expenses."	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Manual and Industrial Training."	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, refurnishing and repairing school buildings, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount received from district tax for purchase of land.
Bayonne	\$304,012 09	\$5,000 00	\$100,782 17	\$8,000 00	\$12,500 00	\$1,000 00	\$258,746 73
East Newark	10,648 04		4,384 59		644 07		35 00
Guttenberg	35,869 41		1,657 30		1,050 00		29,526 40
Harrison	32,299 83		18,602 27		3,000 00		103 80
Hoboken	251,158 99	9,500 00	108,940 29	9,500 00	28,450 00		6,260 32
Jersey City	981,584 30	5,000 00	11,191 98	14,000 00		8,448 79	278,582 44
Kearny	72,996 03	3,200 00	23,740 18	1,700 00			9,210 34
North Bergen	70,602 07		11,940 46		10,000 00		38,759 38
Secaucus	14,382 46	1,500 00					4,612 56
Town of Union	117,681 92		28,250 00	1,500 00	8,790 00		9,446 89
Weehawken	50,471 82		34,569 31		5,814 55		55,481 37
West Hoboken	135,960 84		28,107 50				618 65
West New York	46,468 12						338 89
Total	\$2,014,144 56	\$24,200 00	\$385,166 05	\$34,700 00	\$70,248 62	\$12,948 79	\$732,622 70

SCHOOL REPORT.

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of HUDSON, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.

	Total amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, exclusive of amount raised for payment of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the sale of bonds.	Grand total received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909.	Amount expended for teachers' salaries, exclusive of amount paid on account of work done in manual and industrial training classes, and exclusive of amount paid on account Teachers' Retirement Fund.	Amount paid State treasurer for Teachers' Retirement Fund.	Amount expended for fuel.	Amount expended for janitors' wages for day schools.	Amount expended for text-books, apparatus and supplies, exclusive of those in column 16.
Bayonne	\$389,040 99	\$68,473 00	\$657,513 99	\$319,826 14	\$3,087 75	\$8,018 45	\$17,992 17	\$18,461 70
Past Newark	15,711 70		15,711 70	7,986 83	169 30	321 70	2,047 50	652 45
Guttenberg	50,103 11		50,103 11	17,099 32	208 57	728 41	2,100 90	994 34
Harrison	57,505 90		57,505 90	31,604 68	556 05	1,408 75	3,583 50	6,476 40
Hoboken	408,809 63		408,809 63	261,769 16	4,087 80	8,275 79	17,650 90	11,487 82
Jersey City	1,398,807 41	422,000 00	1,820,807 41	812,411 91	14,698 82	32,850 80	62,328 22	37,008 03
Keany	110,846 55	101,199 17	212,045 72	76,456 15	757 53	3,303 04	6,800 65	6,205 64
North Bergen	133,361 35		133,361 35	60,658 35	953 40	4,338 07	6,960 03	10,100 96
Secaucus	36,945 48		36,945 48	12,066 64	205 44	945 97	1,465 00	4,106 65
Town of Union	130,427 43		130,427 43	63,340 06	1,165 97	1,773 15	4,268 00	4,511 65
West Hoboken	140,383 30		140,383 30	48,364 08	124 84	2,539 87	4,268 72	4,861 58
West New York	10,729 06		10,729 06	42,462 88	1,618 54	2,361 04	5,550 00	2,554 54
Total	\$3,224,030 71	\$391,672 17	\$3,615,702 88	\$1,745,135 36	\$25,415 86	\$72,116 78	\$144,001 53	\$129,403 90

HUDSON COUNTY.

SCHOOL REPORT.

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of HUDSON, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.								
	Amount expended for "Manual and Industrial Training," including salaries, apparatus and supplies therefor.	Amount expended for transportation of pupils residing within the district to schools in other districts.	Amount expended for transportation of pupils within the district.	Amount expended for tuition of pupils in other districts.	Amount expended for medical inspection.	Amount expended for attendance officers.	Amount expended for school libraries and apparatus purchased with library money.	Amount expended for interest on temporary loans.
Bayonne	\$13,920 38				\$1,500 00	\$1,000 00	\$20 00	\$734 86
East Newark				\$666 00	100 00	200 00		113 88
Guttenberg		\$389 66		1,205 00	230 00	400 00		106 00
Harrison					320 00	1,000 00		462 01
Hoboken	21,252 42	1,870 80			2,500 00	2,200 00		4,245 94
Jersey City	20,752 62		413 73			4,722 86	60 00	
Kearny	2,081 37				1,842 86			215 00
North Bergen		848 58		1,805 00	400 00	945 00	30 00	
Secaucus		45 00	36 60	225 00		342 00	40 00	
Town of Union	2,707 76			5,025 00	749 01			67 25
Weehawken				2,100 00	250 00	720 00	10 00	
West Hoboken					1,000 00			1,439 38
West New York					600 00	600 00		1,220 00
Total	\$61,614 56	\$3,064 03	\$450 33	\$11,065 00	\$9,641 87	\$12,354 66	\$160 00	\$8,619 79

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of HUDSON, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.													
Amount expended for other school purposes.		Total amount for "Current Expenses", and "Manual and Industrial Training", for day schools.		Amount expended for new buildings and enlargements.		Amount expended for remodeling, repairing and refurnishing school buildings and purchase of land.		Total amount expended for building, enlarging, remodeling and repairing, and purchase of land.		Grand total expended, excluding bonded debt and interest on bonds.		Balance of State and county funds, June 30th, 1910.	
Balance of State and county funds for manual and industrial training, June 30th, 1910.													
Revenue													
West New York	9,353.46	68,740.18	38,384.10	4,073.98	5,774.72	14,633.82	4,989.35	14,633.82	73,729.53	150,708.70	20,340.10	\$56,902.29	\$15.64
Weehawken	6,315.02	79,476.86	79,476.86	4,073.98	5,774.72	14,633.82	4,989.35	14,633.82	150,708.70	150,708.70	20,340.10	\$56,902.29	\$15.64
Town of Union	6,364.52	86,741.53	86,741.53	4,073.98	5,774.72	14,633.82	4,989.35	14,633.82	150,708.70	150,708.70	20,340.10	\$56,902.29	\$15.64
Secaucus	3,446.44	22,968.20	22,968.20	4,073.98	5,774.72	14,633.82	4,989.35	14,633.82	150,708.70	150,708.70	20,340.10	\$56,902.29	\$15.64
North Bergen	4,890.11	90,779.47	90,779.47	4,073.98	5,774.72	14,633.82	4,989.35	14,633.82	150,708.70	150,708.70	20,340.10	\$56,902.29	\$15.64
Kearny	13,412.25	110,184.03	99,752.04	4,073.98	5,774.72	14,633.82	4,989.35	14,633.82	150,708.70	150,708.70	20,340.10	\$56,902.29	\$15.64
Hoboken	80,037.11	1,067,136.86	562,571.23	4,073.98	5,774.72	14,633.82	4,989.35	14,633.82	150,708.70	150,708.70	20,340.10	\$56,902.29	\$15.64
Jersey City	30,087.76	365,391.49	365,391.49	4,073.98	5,774.72	14,633.82	4,989.35	14,633.82	150,708.70	150,708.70	20,340.10	\$56,902.29	\$15.64
Harrison	3,846.18	49,357.47	49,357.47	4,073.98	5,774.72	14,633.82	4,989.35	14,633.82	150,708.70	150,708.70	20,340.10	\$56,902.29	\$15.64
Cliffside Park	2,272.35	23,664.44	23,664.44	4,073.98	5,774.72	14,633.82	4,989.35	14,633.82	150,708.70	150,708.70	20,340.10	\$56,902.29	\$15.64
East Newark	2,272.35	23,664.44	23,664.44	4,073.98	5,774.72	14,633.82	4,989.35	14,633.82	150,708.70	150,708.70	20,340.10	\$56,902.29	\$15.64
West Newark	2,272.35	23,664.44	23,664.44	4,073.98	5,774.72	14,633.82	4,989.35	14,633.82	150,708.70	150,708.70	20,340.10	\$56,902.29	\$15.64
Total	\$184,462.25	\$2,410,547.60	\$992,477.68	\$186,976.85	\$1,179,474.53	\$3,590,002.13	\$56,902.29	\$15.64					

HUDSON COUNTY.

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of HUDSON, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.							
	Balance of district tax for current expenses, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for manual and industrial training, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, refurnishing and repairing, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for purchase of land.	Balance of moneys from other sources, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax raised for bonds and interest on bonds.	Balance from bond sale June 30th, 1910.	Total balance, June 30th, 1910.
Payonne	\$29,663.56	\$135.45	\$1,021.32			\$48,780.98	\$79,601.30
Past Newark	118.17						1,593.38
Guttenberg			459.68				2,226.79
Harrison	1,467.43		3,726.36		\$108.80		2,708.11
Hoboken					14,962.50		18,664.50
Jersey City		967.72			127,230.11		138,187.83
Kearny	662.52				8,290.34	1,447.13	2,709.65
North Bergen						4,612.56	11,084.73
Secaucus							5,667.47
Town of Union		\$46.86			12.19		28,889.84
West Hoboken	334.35				17,023.27		17,458.52
West New York	6,649.99		10.55		338.89		29,893.12
Total	\$38,834.01	\$1,339.03	\$5,218.01		\$167,951.10	\$34,840.67	\$325,706.75

SCHOOL REPORT.

Apportionment of School Moneys, by Districts, for the County of HUDSON, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1911.

DISTRICTS.						
	Balance of State and county funds, July 1st, 1910.	Balance "District Tax," July 1st, 1910.	Balance received from other sources, July 1st, 1910.	Total balance, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax for bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount apportioned from State appropriation, railroad tax, State school tax and State school fund appropriation.	Amount apportioned from surplus revenue.
Bayonne	\$1,445.71	\$29,663.55	\$19,387.75	\$70,601.30	\$408,728.37	
East Newark	2,429.70	118.17		2,547.87	9,723.14	
Elizabeth	129.30	1,865.11	105.30	2,105.11	34,019.29	
Harrison	15.61	3,726.36	14,962.50	18,694.50	341,274.53	
Hoboken		927.72	127,290.11	128,187.83	828,424.03	
Jersey City		682.52	1,447.13	2,109.65	78,319.14	
Kearny	3,684.39		8,290.54	11,984.73	76,513.47	
North Bergen	894.81		4,612.56	5,507.37	15,021.10	
Secaucus	28,131.79	845.86	12.19	28,989.84	55,048.52	
Town of Union		334.35	17,023.27	17,357.62	44,551.32	
Weehawken	20,340.10			20,340.10	129,768.19	
West Hoboken		6,600.64	338.89	6,939.53	52,276.44	
West New York						
Total	\$26,917.33	\$14,834.28	\$223,948.54	\$225,700.75	\$1,838,632.73	\$23,300.00

HUDSON COUNTY.

Apportionment of School Moneys, by Districts, for the County of HUDSON, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1911—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Amount of district tax voted for "Current Expenses."	Amount of district tax voted for 'Manual and Industrial Train- ing.'	Amount of district tax voted for purchase of land.	Amount of district tax voted for building and enlarging school houses.	Amount of district tax voted for remodeling, refurbishing and re- pairing school houses.	Total amount of district tax or- dered to be raised, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount available from private sources for manual and indus- trial training.	Total amount available from other sources, excluding proceeds from sale of bonds, and tax raised for bonds due and interest on bonds.	Total for school year ending June 30th, 1911.
Bayonne	\$93,551.63	\$13,000.00			\$11,000.00	\$117,551.63			\$410,881.30
East Newark	4,415.00				600.00	5,015.00			16,202.52
Guttenberg	4,630.00		2,090.00		1,270.00	7,990.00			34,236.09
Harrison	30,750.00				5,000.00	35,750.00			60,552.29
Hoboken	24,450.75	3,500.00			13,000.00	40,950.75		\$550,000.00	636,228.78
Jersey City	24,450.00	14,500.00			17,500.00	56,450.00			1,243,073.16
Kearny	41,730.86	1,500.00			10,000.00	53,230.86			123,498.20
North Bergen	25,000.00				1,500.00	26,500.00			29,028.47
Secaucus	7,000.00	1,500.00				8,500.00			11,028.84
Town of Union					6,875.00	6,875.00			9,133.84
Weehawken	25,750.00	800.00			4,000.00	30,550.00			137,698.29
West Hoboken	46,000.00					46,000.00			95,064.79
West New York	31,778.82					31,778.82			
Total	\$538,547.36	\$40,300.00	\$2,090.00		\$70,745.00	\$752,732.36		\$550,000.00	\$3,138,366.84

Report of Attendance, by Districts, for the County of HUDSON, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.

DISTRICTS.	Actual number of days the schools were kept open.		Number of legal holidays the schools were not in session.		Possible number of days' attendance.		Days present—Boys.		Days present—Girls.		Total.		Days absent—Boys.		Days absent—Girls.		Total.		Times tardy—Boys.		Times tardy—Girls.		Total.	
	192	191	192	191	192	191	192	191	192	191	192	191	192	191	192	191	192	191	192	191	192	191	192	191
Bayonne	194	6	1,504.863%	665,226	652,388	1,317,614	96,516	96,733%	187,249%	7,273	4,410	11,683												
East Newark	196	6	66,027	22,492	26,761	89,253	3,874	2,910	6,784	212	108	320												
Greenberg	198	7	41,815	24,580%	34,898	59,178%	8,320	7,346%	10,606%	896	429	1,325												
Hudson	192	6	1,727.882%	1,458,0%	795,617	2,000,727%	19,913	1,346%	26,732	836	432	1,268												
Hoboken	192½	6	1,727.882%	785,142%	745,615	1,530,757%	97,913	98,683	196,626	836	432	1,268												
Jersey City	195½	7	6,166.639%	2,838,190%	2,805,974%	5,634,118	250,984	272,527	522,511	11,530	6,554	18,084												
Kearny	190	6	519.396%	234,740%	234,824%	478,765½	17,965	22,527	40,541	621	433	1,054												
North Bergen	191½	6	636.772%	260,467	234,824%	495,291½	19,391½	21,579%	40,881	1,463	1,115	2,578												
Secaucus	191½	7	97,747%	43,970	43,786	87,756	4,639½	5,362	9,991½	398	665	1,063												
Town of Union	192½	6	643,437	293,435	290,633	584,068	28,466	30,904	59,369	327	198	525												
Weehawken	190	6	953,462	435,231½	435,827	871,063½	40,396	42,010%	82,406½	2,736	1,838	4,574												
West Hoboken	191	6	444,651	189,397	189,027	382,424	29,807½	32,719%	62,527	1,516	1,433	2,949												
Total.....			6,133,269,281%	6,035,816	5,933,614½	11,969,430½	632,744½	667,106½	1,299,851	29,545½	18,715	48,260												

HUDSON COUNTY.

Report of Attendance, by Districts, for the County of HUDSON, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.													
	Number of pupils neither absent nor tardy during the year.	Number of sessions truant.	Total number of days transported.	Number of different pupils transported to the district and enrolled in Grades IX to XII.	Number of different pupils transported to the district and enrolled below Grade IX.	Number of pupils enrolled who have attended public schools in other districts in New Jersey during the present school year.	Number of cases of suspension or expulsion during the year.	Number of pupils enrolled in kindergarten.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 1 to 4 inclusive.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 5 to 8 inclusive.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 9 to 12 inclusive.	Number of pupils between 4 and 20 years enrolled in the schools during the year—Boys.	Number of pupils between 4 and 20 years enrolled in the schools during the year—Girls.
Bayonne	125	1,041				102		612	5,364	2,666	407	4,567	4,512
East Newark	4					8			289	140		230	199
East Rutherford	134					21			827	291	60	604	429
Garfield	12	8				1			1,219	570	38	836	1,118
Harrison	9	12				10			5,252	2,738	388	8,260	5,018
Hoboken	179	718				160	19	830	2,738	11,662	1,867	18,784	17,802
Jersey City	1,716	4,874				52	8	379	2,718	9,852	278	17,745	16,806
North Bergen	368	308	13,043			257	9		2,464	895		1,715	1,634
North Hudson	227	8				11			1,492	171		322	231
North Plainfield	11						6		2,246	1,076	388	1,887	2,097
Passaic	90	204				301		278	1,654	550		984	912
Rockaway Township	64	22				81		202	3,254	1,797	143	2,965	2,945
Teaneck	141	246				136	1	716	1,816	784		1,447	1,440
West Hoboken	96					150		287					
West New York													
Total	3,174	7,522	13,043			1,312	41	3,394	49,465	24,191	3,451	40,616	39,883
													80,499

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of HUNTERDON, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.

DISTRICTS.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from State and county funds, as per County Superintendent's apportionment.						Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the State for "Manual and Industrial Training."		Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Current Expenses."		Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Manual and Industrial Training."		Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, refurnishing and repairing school buildings, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.		Amount received from district tax for purchase of land.		Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from other sources, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.	
Alexandria	\$2,089 64						\$1,181 21		\$290 00				\$300 00				\$6 44	
Bethlehem	2,163 48						864 51		200 00								54 27	
Bloomsbury	2,062 43						677 75										34 71	
Clinton, Town of	2,630 03						2,800 00						7,837 96				803 42	
Clinton Township	1,124 36						2,954 56										145 00	
Delaware	4,812 77						800 00										3,003 40	
East Amwell	2,290 80						3,294 89						300 00				99 53	
Franklin	3,228 09						814 03										597 50	
Frenchtown	2,772 43						1,510 82										283 10	
Hampton	2,873 70						2,157 58										208 35	
High Bridge	6,238 55						3,378 75										2,065 65	
Highland	4,992 68						1,544 09						1,650 00				65 00	
Immerood	2,834 60						1,203 00										60 00	
Lambertville	1,318 83						1,611 30										476 64	
Lebanon	1,834 60						1,533 66						1,102 25				902 50	
Readington	10,921 44						10,934 85						2,000 00				1,904 28	
Stockton	6,882 82						4,301 32						500 00				225 00	
Tewksbury	1,498 85						2,514 15										345 20	
Union	4,601 98						1,535 35						300 00				184 30	
West Amwell	3,425 45						609 91										139 00	
West Amwell	1,988 54																109 00	
Total	\$40,321 29						\$53,009 83						\$14,090 21				\$12,369 21	

HUNTERDON COUNTY.

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of HUNTERDON, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Total amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, exclusive of amount raised for payment of bonds and interest on bonds.		Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the sale of bonds.		Grand total received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909.		Amount expended for teachers' salaries, exclusive of amount paid on account of work done in manual and industrial training classes, and exclusive of amount paid on account Teachers' Retirement Fund.		Amount paid State treasurer for Teachers' Retirement Fund.		Amount expended for fuel.		Amount expended for janitors' wages for day schools.		Amount expended for text-books, apparatus and supplies, exclusive of those in column 16.	
Alexandria	\$3,477 29				\$3,477 29		\$1,678 00		\$22 00		\$63 95				\$390 00	
Bathlehem	3,283 26				3,283 26		2,050 00		25 00		128 96				166 62	
Bloomstury	2,720 20				2,720 20		1,775 00		97 15		384 58				444 02	
Clinton, Town of	14,071 42				14,071 42		4,562 86		103 12		316 63				619 66	
Clinton Township	8,223 92		\$13,600 00		21,823 92		3,908 71		28 38		376 11		\$200 00		224 66	
Delaware	8,616 17				8,616 17		3,674 28		52 60		161 88		5 00		90 63	
East Amwell	6,196 22				6,196 22		2,345 25		52 60		125 68		30 00		170 45	
Franklin	4,630 62				4,630 62		2,084 60		15 40		256 10		6 00		367 83	
Frenchtown	4,546 35				4,546 35		2,945 00		55 00		223 47		249 96		516 87	
Hampton	6,229 63				6,229 63		3,658 00		12 00		481 24		180 00		722 24	
High Bridge	10,667 65				10,667 65		7,658 50		48 25		373 01		390 50		964 24	
Holland	8,251 77				8,251 77		4,363 43		9 04		246 56		67 04		322 38	
Kingwood	8,067 80				8,067 80		2,361 50		136 90		740 56		985 00		1,213 86	
Lambertville	10,369 80				10,369 80		12,050 51		94 16		23 76				1,446 57	
Lebanon	10,369 80				10,369 80		6,526 54		106 40		23 76		960 00		347 10	
Lebanon Township	25,396 52		30,885 60		56,282 12		18,325 45		194 40		107 04				211 52	
Lebanon Union	12,298 76		6,000 00		18,298 76		1,400 00		23 00		189 34		36 00		222 93	
Steakstown	2,145 43				2,145 43		2,677 00		27 00		38 14				77 96	
Steakstown Union	7,640 43				7,640 43		3,066 44		23 66							
West Amwell	2,703 45				2,703 45		1,880 00									
Total	\$163,780 54		\$50,485 60		\$220,266 14		\$92,283 90		\$1,062 01		\$6,221 37		\$3,069 50		\$7,982 31	

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of HUNTERDON, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Amount expended for "Manual and Industrial Training," including salaries, apparatus and supplies thereon.	Amount expended for transportation of pupils residing within the district to schools in other districts.	Amount expended for transportation of pupils within the district.	Amount expended for tuition of pupils in other districts.	Amount expended for medical inspection.	Amount expended for attendance officers.	Amount expended for school libraries and apparatus purchased with library money.	Amount expended for interest on temporary loans.
Alexandria	\$182 51			\$233 59	\$81 27			
Bethlehem	50 50			273 00	160 00			\$6 60
Bloomsbury	396 00			300 00				
Clinton, Town of					100 00		\$21 45	13 32
Clinton Township	238 85	\$280 00		782 00	160 00		14 31	94 86
Delaware	1,331 80			226 16	300 00			55 00
East Amwell	641 94			635 00	101 53			
Franklin	647 50			694 80	85 56			
Frenchtown					100 00			33 74
Hampton					150 00			
High Bridge							20 08	
Holland			96 00	90 00	125 00			
Kingwood	149 79			255 00	100 00			
Lambertville						\$50 00	22 25	42 93
Lebanon	456 20	263 25		303 00	500 00			17 50
Raritan		140 30		200 00	300 00			42 65
Readington	1,149 50			890 00			20 00	26 39
Stockton	28 80					20 00		12 29
Tewksbury	1,517 30			1,320 00			30 00	38 50
Union	79 00			250 00	150 00		40 00	
West Amwell	33 40			350 00	80 00	18 00		
Total.....	\$6,894 09	\$779 55		\$6,802 55	\$2,473 32	\$88 00	\$168 09	\$374 38

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of HUNTERDON, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.										
	Amount expended for other school purposes.	Total amount for "Current Expenses" and "Manual and Industrial Training" for day schools.	Amount expended for new buildings and enlargements.	Amount expended for remodeling, repairing and refurnishing school buildings and purchase of land.	Total amount expended for building, enlarging, remodeling and repairing, and purchase of land.	Grand total expended, excluding bonded debt and interest on bonds.	Balance of State and county funds, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of State and county funds for manual and industrial training, June 30th, 1910.		
Alexandria	\$217 91	\$2,679 23		\$160 00	\$160 00	\$2,839 23				
Beckham	100 00	2,960 68		77 05	77 05	3,037 73				
Bloombury	135 93	2,696 97				2,832 90				
Clinton, Town of	183 45	5,997 40	\$7,464 07	585 19	8,049 35	14,046 66				
Clinton Township	1,290 71	7,712 82	6,050 00	437 71	6,488 31	14,200 16				
Delaware	2,089 07	8,305 46		146 40	146 40	8,451 86				
East Amwell	209 01	4,258 76		180 01	180 01	4,438 77				
Franklin	794 51	4,604 44				4,604 44				
Fredericktown	59 59	4,088 22		206 65	206 65	4,294 87				
Hanover	59 58	4,689 82		260 88	260 88	4,950 70				
High Bridge	238 98	3,589 54		419 51	419 51	3,709 05				
Holland	154 05	4,051 32		270 50	270 50	4,321 82				
Kinewood	114 15	1,578 21		26 00	26 00	1,604 21				
Lambertville	2,247 14	17,479 46		835 18	835 18	18,314 60				
Lebanon	622 78	9,228 95		321 86	321 86	9,550 81				
Raritan	1,781 54	22,172 01	\$1,944 71			14,130 12				
Readington	490 31	9,704 90	3,425 00	524 26	31,941 86	14,130 12				
Stockton	490 31	9,105 03		27 49	3,940 36	12,052 16				
Tewksbury	1,119 69	7,226 11		404 22	404 22	7,630 33				
Tinton	197 18	4,245 43				4,245 43				
West Amwell	63 95	2,578 45		125 00	125 00	2,703 45				
Total	\$12,531 11	\$141,730 18	\$50,862 50	\$5,074 97	\$55,937 56	\$197,667 74	\$429 75			

HUNTERDON COUNTY.

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Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of HUNTERDON, State of New Jersey, for the School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.

DISTRICTS.	Balance of district tax for current expenses, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for manual and industrial training, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, repairing, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for purchase of land.	Balance of moneys from other sources, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax raised for bonds and interest on bonds.	Balance from bond sale June 30th, 1910.	Total balance, June 30th, 1910.
Alexandria	\$538 06		\$40 00				\$538 06
Bethlehem	113 60		122 95				244 53
Bloomsbury	133 27				\$10 00		143 27
Clinton, Town of	25				24 51		34 76
Clinton Township			7,622 76				7,622 76
Delaware	164 31				99 53		1,766 45
East Amwell	1,637 01		119 91				1,764 31
Franklin	78 50						95 48
Frenchtown	76				172 51		248 51
Hampton	75 53				208 35		279 83
High Bridge	898 60						898 60
Kingwood	241 43				10 00		251 43
Lambertville	1,034 30				15 88		1,050 18
Lebanon	788 41				50 00		1,034 20
Raritan	2 87						838 44
Readington			225 74			\$2,165 51	2,168 38
Stockton	1,806 86					2,540 00	4,572 60
Tewksbury					12 41		12 91
Union	604 82				624 82		1,564 99
West Amwell							
Total	\$103 71		\$3,131 36		\$1,228 01	\$4,705 51	\$22,598 40

Apportionment of School Moneys, by Districts, for the County of HUNTERDON, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1911.

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SCHOOL REPORT.

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DISTRICTS.	Balance of State and county funds, July 1st, 1910.	Balance "District Tax," July 1st, 1910.	Balance received from other sources, July 1st, 1910.	Total balance, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax for bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount apportioned from State appropriation, railroad tax, State school tax and State school fund appropriation.	Amount apportioned from surplus revenue.	Amount apportioned from balances.	Amount available for manual and industrial training from State funds.
Alexandria		\$598 06	\$40 00	\$638 06	\$1,915 25			
Bethlehem	\$7 98	113 60	122 95	244 53	1,846 44			
Bloomsbury		133 27	10 00	143 27	2,064 73			
Clinton, Town of		25	24 51	24 76	3,074 00			
Clinton Township			7,622 76	7,622 76	4,183 63			
Delaware		164 31		164 31	4,970 57			
East Amwell		1,537 01	219 44	1,756 45	2,714 21			
Stockton		1 77	1,071 32	1,073 09	7,375 82			
Franklin	5 68	29 50		35 18	2,862 77			
Frenchtown		78 97	172 51	251 48	2,482 81			
Hampton		71 58	208 35	279 93	2,710 86			
High Bridge		898 60		898 60	5,331 25			
Holland	80 24	241 43	10 00	331 67	4,455 96			
Kingwood			15 88	15 88	2,762 78			
Lambertville		1,034 20		1,034 20	9,243 86			
Lebanon		788 44	50 00	838 44	6,819 60			
Raritan		1 10	1,094 19	1,095 29	3,679 69			
Readington		1,806 86	2,765 74	4,572 60	6,757 77			
Stockton	50		12 41	12 91	1,415 26			
Tewksbury					4,241 03			
Union	335 35	604 82	624 82	1,564 99	2,560 84			
West Amwell					1,625 72			
Total	\$429 75	\$8,103 77	\$14,064 88	\$22,598 40	\$85,100 85			

**Apportionment of School Moneys, by Districts, for the County of HUNTERDON, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1911—Continued.**

DISTRICTS.	Amount of district tax voted for "Current Expenses."	Amount of district tax voted for "Manual and Industrial Train- ing."	Amount of district tax voted for purchase of land.	Amount of district tax voted for building and enlarging school houses.	Amount of district tax voted for remodeling, refurnishing and re- pairing school houses.	Total amount of district tax or- dered to be raised, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount available from private sources for manual and indus- trial training.	Total amount available from other sources, excluding proceeds from sale of bonds, and tax raised for bonds due and interest on bonds.	Total for school year ending June 30th, 1911.
Alexandria	\$500 00					\$500 00			\$3,053 31
Bethlehem	1,000 00				\$200 00	1,200 00			3,290 97
Bloomsbury	1,000 00					1,000 00			3,208 00
Clinton, Town of	2,700 00				200 00	2,900 00			5,998 76
Clinton Township	3,000 00				400 00	3,400 00			15,206 39
Delaware	2,120 22				100 00	2,220 22			7,355 10
East Amwell	1,700 00				300 00	2,000 00			6,470 66
Flemington Borough	5,000 00				350 00	5,350 00			13,798 91
Franklin	900 00					900 00			3,797 95
Frenchtown	1,400 00					1,400 00			4,134 29
Hampton	1,800 00					1,800 00			4,790 79
High Bridge	4,350 00		\$800 00			4,950 00			11,179 85
Holland	1,500 00				350 00	1,200 00			5,987 63
Kingwood	753 83					1,500 00			4,273 66
Lambertville	2,100 00				840 00	2,373 83			18,657 89
Lebanon	2,100 00				200 00	2,300 00			9,958 04
Raritan	4,200 00				500 00	4,700 00			9,474 98
Readington	2,500 00				1,000 00	3,500 00			14,830 37
Stockton	300 00					300 00			1,728 17
Tewksbury	2,800 00				300 00	3,200 00			7,441 03
Union	1,800 00					1,800 00			5,925 83
West Amwell	1,000 00					1,000 00			2,625 72
Total.....	\$50,154 05		\$800 00		\$4,740 00	\$55,494 05			\$163,193 30

HUNTERDON COUNTY.

Report of Attendance, by Districts, for the County of HUNTERDON, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.

DISTRICTS.	SCHOOL REPORT.											
	Actual number of days the schools were kept open.	Number of legal holidays the schools were not in session.	Possible number of days' attendance.	Days present—Boys.	Days present—Girls.	Total.	Days absent—Boys.	Days absent—Girls.	Total.	Times tardy—Boys.	Times tardy—Girls.	Total.
Alexandria	189	7	19,331	7,991	6,957	14,948	2,339	2,044	4,383	223	150	373
Bethlehem	189	7	21,248½	9,084½	5,292½	14,877	3,878	2,993½	6,871½	179	171	350
Bloomsbury	189	6	21,610½	9,145½	9,456	18,601½	1,691½	1,316½	3,009	141	37	178
Clinton, Town of	181	3	27,950½	9,546	14,676½	24,222½	1,151	2,677	3,728	97	296	433
Clinton Township	185	7	52,618	21,352½	19,412	40,774½	6,369	5,504½	11,873½	156	291	483
Delaware	190	7	49,006½	15,809½	15,880	32,789½	8,273	8,094	16,397½	883	990	1,753
East Amwell	186	6	16,437½	6,221½	5,994½	12,216	11,216	4,222½	5,777½	210	318	1,753
Franklin	188	7	27,426	10,295	7,131	17,426	5,777½	4,222½	10,000	407	175	528
Frenchtown	190	7	29,754	13,051½	12,506½	25,558	1,305	2,891	4,196	462	340	802
Hampton	186	7	38,055½	14,871½	16,560	31,431½	1,745	2,779½	5,624	323	530	853
High Bridge	189	10	29,615½	12,853½	25,682½	58,536	2,909	1,879½	5,679½	90	137	197
Highland	189	7	47,067½	18,575	18,623½	37,198	3,134	4,435½	9,569½	584	381	945
Knapp	187	7	21,068	9,728	10,409½	20,137½	3,464	3,426½	6,890½	294	235	529
Lambertville	188	7	73,347½	31,196½	29,188	60,384½	7,484	8,058½	15,543	614	622	1,002
Lebanon	190	7	182,756	48,942	59,522	108,464½	12,387	12,917½	25,294½	377	386	753
Readington	189	7	74,838	25,901	24,731½	50,632½	13,553	10,899½	24,192½	438	179	651
Stockton	190	7	22,397	7,813	7,397	15,210	3,790	3,397	7,187	71	139	242
Tewksbury	190	7	29,142½	13,801½	12,061½	25,862	6,210½	6,870	13,780½	369	370	747
Union	190	7	31,375	10,964½	12,681½	23,643	3,732	3,980	7,712	383	242	625
West Amwell	187	7	16,695	6,157½	4,556	10,713½	3,753	2,238½	5,991½	129	189	318
Total.....	187	6	941,883	367,721	366,947½	734,668½	106,095½	101,131	207,224½	7,483	5,978	13,461

School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

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Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of MERCER, State of New Jersey, for the

School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.

DISTRICTS.

	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from State and county funds, as per County Superintendent's apportionment.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the State for "Manual and Industrial Training."	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Current Expenses."	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Manual and Industrial Training."	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, refurbishing and repairing school buildings, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount received from district tax for purchase of land.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from other sources, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.
East Windsor	\$12,581 55		\$1,503 14		\$262 88		\$1,243 39
Ewing	5,245 59		350 00		650 00		1,342 82
Hamilton	27,006 18		12,000 00		3,348 40		9,712 86
Hopewell	20,532 69		1,431 48		2,277 51		994 68
Lawrence	6,825 14		824 74		450 00		1,070 00
Princeton Borough	16,347 98	\$675 00	8,350 00	\$675 00	1,200 00		4,400 38
Princeton Township	2,514 62		1,768 46		306 70		275 00
Trenton	274,128 84	5,000 00	115,684 53	11,911 02	25,650 51		6,457 13
Washington	4,453 03		1,115 41		531 95		1,335 44
West Windsor	3,400 25		872 10		400 00		66 70
Total.....	\$373,065 87	\$5,675 00	\$143,949 86	\$12,586 02	\$35,078 25		\$26,839 40

SCHOOL REPORT.

**Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of MERCER, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.**

DISTRICTS.									
Total amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, exclusive of amount raised for payment of bonds and interest on bonds.									
Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the sale of bonds.									
Grand total received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909.									
Amount expended for teachers' salaries, exclusive of amount paid on account of work done in manual and industrial training classes, and exclusive of amount paid on account Teachers' Retirement Fund.									
Amount paid State treasurer for Teachers' Retirement Fund.									
Amount expended for fuel.									
Amount expended for janitors' wages for day schools.									
Amount expended for text-books, apparatus and supplies, exclusive of those in column 16.									
East Windsor	\$15,590 96		\$15,590 96	\$9,255 00	\$64 00	\$404 95	\$590 50	\$620 98	
Twining	7,588 41		12,088 41	3,755 99	58 15	345 57	133 71	316 02	
Hamilton	52,087 44	\$4,500 00	52,087 44	20,871 16	353 45	2,241 80	2,311 50	2,605 94	
Hopewell	25,286 66		25,286 66	14,609 06	179 47	1,033 73	741 06	1,025 32	
Lawrence	9,169 88	6,000 00	15,169 88	5,710 38	38 80	314 89	434 92	334 07	
Princeton Borough	31,683 36		31,683 36	17,250 13	205 57	2,113 51	1,720 60	1,740 85	
Princeton Township	37,884 84		37,884 84	21,842 64	5,402 30	15,356 12	15,356 12	22,557 80	
Princeton Union	498,892 03	35,500 00	474,392 03	281,842 64	41 00	180 26	280 00	357 42	
West Windsor	7,429 83		7,429 83	2,769 00	64 00	55 00		252 56	
Total	567,214 40	\$46,000 00	\$613,214 40	\$360,246 87	\$6,523 45	\$22,159 61	\$27,862 23	\$29,862 77	

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of MERCER, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.									
Past Windsor									
Evings									
Hamilton									
Hopewell									
Lawrence									
Princeton Borough									
Princeton Township									
Trenton									
Washington									
West Windsor									
Total									
	\$16,986 77	\$1,835 18	\$3,225 72	\$6,207 80	\$3,349 37	\$1,500 00	\$417 01	\$1,206 34	
Amount expended for "Manual and Industrial Training," including salaries, apparatus and supplies therefor.									
Amount expended for transportation of pupils residing within the district to schools in other districts.									
Amount expended for transportation of pupils within the district.									
Amount expended for tuition of pupils in other districts.									
Amount expended for medical inspection.									
Amount expended for attendance officers.									
Amount expended for school libraries and apparatus purchased with library money.									
Amount expended for interest on temporary loans.									

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of MERCER, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Amount expended for other school purposes.		Total amount for "Current Expenses" and "Manual and Industrial Training" for day schools.		Amount expended for new buildings and enlargements.		Amount expended for remodeling, repairing and refurnishing school buildings and purchase of land.		Total amount expended for building, enlarging, remodeling and repairing, and purchase of land.		Grand total expended, excluding bonded debt and interest on bonds.		Balance of State and county funds, June 30th, 1910.		Balance of State and county funds for manual and industrial training, June 30th, 1910.	
East Windsor	\$512.02	\$12,867.06	\$483.23	\$89.50	\$542.82	\$12,209.90	\$406.22									
Dwight	4,882.19	8,225.00	5,110.10	13,149.80	12,048.60	4,219.80										
Hammell	2,076.65	22,827.06	30,145.22	1,917.00	7,379.66	22,882.22	1,500.02									
Horrell	155.75	7,703.53	6,315.00	424.66	1,192.73	15,083.24	46.30									
Lawrence	2,500.84	28,307.46	1,608.82	1,493.91	3,102.73	31,310.19										
Princeton Borough	107.95	4,082.18		214.07	214.07	4,596.25										
Princeton Township	24,116.92	389,240.00	35,772.69	40,291.68	76,004.37	465,244.37										
Trenton Township	529.41	5,267.96		529.15	529.15	5,847.11	359.40									
Washington	313.36	4,501.07		196.18	196.18	4,697.25										
West Windsor																
Total	\$31,812.90	\$512,010.02	\$57,506.77	\$50,669.29	\$108,176.06	\$620,186.08	\$6,561.74									

MERCER COUNTY.

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DISTRICTS.							
East Windsor	\$1,387 39						\$2,381 06
Dwight	490 57						39 81
Hamilton	704 03						5,980 49
Hopewell							2,924 44
Lawrence							86 64
Livingston	475 90						338 17
Princeton	3,300 00						338 17
Trenton	433 29						588 53
Washington							9,087 66
West Windsor							1,579 72
Total.....	\$6,900 28	\$2,365 30	\$173 29		\$6,677 32		\$23,028 32
	Balance of district tax for current expenses, June 30th, 1910.						
	Balance of district tax for manual and industrial training, June 30th, 1910						
	Balance of district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, furnishing and repairing, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds, June 30th, 1910.						
	Balance of district tax for purchase of land.						
	Balance of moneys from other sources, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax raised for bonds and interest on bonds.						
	Balance from bond sale June 30th, 1910.						
	Total balance, June 30th, 1910.						

**Apportionment of School Moneys, by Districts, for the County of MERCER, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1911.**

DISTRICTS.	Balance of State and county funds, July 1st, 1910.					
	East Windsor	East Windsor	East Windsor	East Windsor	East Windsor	East Windsor
East Windsor	\$406 22	\$1,560 68	\$414 16	\$2,381 06	\$10,182 33	\$90 00
Dwight	39 81	499 67	1,231 02	5,980 49	4,987 40	29 81
Hamilton	4,249 80	1,064 84	1,329 58	2,924 44	24,242 67	17,411 73
Hopeveel	1,560 02	15 34	338 17	338 17	7,248 94	16,128 68
Lawrence	46 30	568 53	3,422 36	9,087 66	26,443 93	5,000 00
Princeton Borough	.....	433 29	787 03	1,579 72	3,776 68	124 62
Princeton Township	.....	41 80	.....	41 80	3,423 60	156 00
Trenton	359 40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Washington	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
West Windsor	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	\$6,561 74	\$9,889 26	\$6,577 32	\$23,028 32	\$54,201 34	\$370 62
						\$5,650 00

MERCER COUNTY.

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DISTRICTS.	
East Windsor Irving Hamilton Haverhill Lawrence Princeton Borough Princeton Township Trenton Washington West Windsor Total	\$4,650 00 1,750 00 11,000 00 3,000 00 600 00 9,370 00 1,800 00 113,153 07 1,650 00 950 00 \$177,923 07
Amount of district tax voted for "Current Expenses."	Amount of district tax voted for "Manual and Industrial Train- ing."
Amount of district tax voted for purchase of land.	Amount of district tax voted for building and enlarging school houses.
Amount of district tax voted for remodeling, refurnishing and re- pairing school houses.	Total amount of district tax or- dered to be raised, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.
Amount available from private sources for manual and indus- trial training.	Total amount available from other sources, excluding proceeds from sale of bonds, and tax raised for bonds due and interest on bonds.
Total for school year ending June 30th, 1911.	\$17,803 35 7,827 21 45,223 16 25,366 17 9,635 85 28,321 87 4,905 91 431,677 06 7,481 06 4,971 46 \$583,123 32

Report of Attendance, by Districts, for the County of MERCER, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.

DISTRICTS.	Actual number of days the schools were kept open.	Number of legal holidays the schools were not in session.	Possible number of days' attendance.	Days present—Boys.	Days present—Girls.	Total.	Days absent—Boys.	Days absent—Girls.	Total.	Times tardy—Boys.	Times tardy—Girls.	Total.
East Windsor	185	6	87,780½	35,956½	35,681½	71,638	8,138	8,004½	16,142½	331	103	434
Ewing	190	6	40,205½	19,556½	13,859½	33,416	3,896	2,893½	6,787½	197	106	303
Hamilton	190	6	214,991	93,236	81,759	174,995	20,925	19,071	39,996	1,599	1,159	2,758
Hopewell	190	6	147,091	59,856	60,540	120,396	13,116	13,579	26,695	373	282	655
Lawrence	188	6	63,823	25,079	24,511½	49,590½	7,656	6,576½	14,232	322	312	634
Princeton Borough	186	6	131,807	54,544	56,892½	111,436½	9,099½	11,271	20,370½	515	454	969
Princeton Township	190	6	15,018½	3,327½	6,489½	10,417	2,254	2,347½	4,601½	85	162	247
Trenton	190	6	2,198,469½	948,926	956,480½	1,906,406½	140,698	152,365	293,063	7,885	6,147	14,032
Washington	192	6	27,825½	11,907½	9,454½	21,362	3,068½	3,395	6,463½	182	115	297
West Windsor	190	6	24,892	9,814½	8,320½	18,135	3,581½	3,175½	6,757	362	305	667
Total.....	189	6	2,961,903½	1,262,803½	1,253,989	2,516,792½	212,432½	222,678½	435,111	11,851	9,145	20,996

MERCER COUNTY.

Report of Attendance, by Districts, for the County of MERCER, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.													
Number of pupils neither absent nor tardy during the year.													
Number of sessions truant.													
Total number of days transported.													
Number of different pupils transported to the district and enrolled in Grades IX to XII.													
Number of different pupils transported to the district and enrolled below Grade IX.													
Number of pupils enrolled who have attended public schools in other districts in New Jersey during the present school year.													
Number of cases of suspension or expulsion during the year.													
Number of pupils enrolled in kindergarten.													
Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 1 to 4 inclusive.													
Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 5 to 8 inclusive.													
Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 9 to 12 inclusive.													
Number of pupils between 4 and 20 years enrolled in the schools during the year—Boys.													
Number of pupils between 4 and 20 years enrolled in the schools during the year—Girls.													
Total.													
East Windsor	14	4	1,392½	1	14	6	366	193	28	299	298	587	
Ewing	21	3	3,474	.....	12	.....	201	78	.....	157	122	279	
Hamilton	1	106	949½	.....	26	.....	1,133	365	.....	797	691	1,488	
Hopewell	33	7	7,178	5	186	.....	580	317	46	480	463	943	
Lawrence	25	4	.....	24	16	.....	389	119	46	270	288	608	
Princeton Borough	1	1	.....	24	22	7	427	229	62	398	423	821	
Princeton Township	147	4	.....	71	182	.....	84	26	.....	49	61	110	
Trenton	1	1,957	5,676½	.....	5	19	7,509	3,291	965	6,644	6,735	13,380	
Washington	1	1	1,304½	.....	6	1	128	70	.....	108	90	198	
West Windsor	350	1	20,065	101	462	77	143	55	1,101	116	83	198	
Total	2,081	20,065	101	462	77	1,718	10,960	4,733	1,101	9,317	9,195	18,512	

SCHOOL REPORT.

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of MIDDLESEX, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.

DISTRICTS.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from State and county funds, as per County Superintendent's apportionment.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the State for "Manual and Industrial Training."	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Current Expenses."	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Manual and Industrial Training."	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, refurnishing and repairing school buildings, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount received from district tax for purchase of land.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from other sources, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.
New Brunswick	\$46,683 46	\$1,500 00	\$37,645 50	\$1,500 00	\$44,114 77	.....	\$24,406 84
Perth Amboy	63,995 11	2,000 00	64,653 53	2,000 00	.....	.....	8,000 00
South Amboy	12,295 60	.....	12,979 79	.....	.....	.....	1,868 29
Dunellen	5,524 19	.....	4,700 00	.....	300 00	.....	3,702 48
Helmetsa	2,414 55	.....	5,344 26	.....	474 78	.....	506 53
Highland Park	2,901 61	.....	5,238 25	.....	400 00	.....	86 48
Jamesburg	4,890 37	.....	9,206 19	.....	299 28	.....	1,845 92
Metuchen	5,517 88	.....	9,229 97	.....	200 00	.....	1,185 65
Milltown	1,282 90	.....	4,608 37	.....	.....	.....	1,006 33
Monroe	1,282 90	.....	11,725 56	.....	.....	.....	317 35
Moosely River	1,282 90	.....	11,725 56	.....	.....	.....	117 70
Spotswood	2,401 22	.....	11,725 56	.....	.....	.....	41 60
East Brunswick	4,889 07	.....	2,803 27	.....	293 06	.....	1,281 54
East Brunswick	5,967 20	.....	4,818 19	.....	618 23	.....	723 05
Madison	3,985 36	.....	2,141 27	.....	.....	.....	.....
Madison	4,495 78	.....	3,650 00	.....	.....	.....	700 00
North Brunswick	2,118 18	.....	2,068 54	.....	125 00	.....	.....
Piscataway	11,424 82	.....	18,160 07	.....	1,050 00	.....	1,547 29
Plainfield	6,896 33	.....	8,842 71	.....	16,289 84	.....	2,152 57
Raritan	7,979 11	.....	7,325 68	.....	.....	.....	2,541 20
Sayreville	11,454 08	.....	6,021 33	.....	1,105 92	.....	735 04
South Brunswick	16,160 49	.....	19,750 00	250 00	3,000 00	200 00	4,735 00
Woodbridge .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	\$246,800 65	\$3,500 00	\$253,311 91	\$3,750 00	\$68,180 90	\$200 00	\$57,503 69

MIDDLESEX COUNTY.

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of MIDDLESEX, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.

	Total amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, exclusive of amount raised for payment of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the sale of bonds.	Grand total received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909.	Amount expended for teachers' salaries, exclusive of amount paid on account of work done in manual and industrial training classes, and exclusive of amount paid on account Teachers' Retirement Fund.	Amount paid State treasurer for Teachers' Retirement Fund.	Amount expended for fuel.	Amount expended for janitors' wages for day schools.	Amount expended for text-books, apparatus and supplies, exclusive of those in column 16.
New Brunswick	\$111,733 80		\$111,733 80	\$3,093 57	\$1,044 06	\$2,532 48	\$5,147 75	\$5,736 30
Perth Amboy	184,733 67		184,733 67	94,026 66	1,310 21	6,761 97	10,400 60	5,841 31
South Amboy	27,143 68		27,143 68	14,246 70	314 11	352 40	1,161 35	2,500 01
Dunellen	11,226 67		11,226 67	5,926 44	114 11	352 40	767 53	701 47
Heimetta	8,799 12		8,799 12	4,296 96	59 30	139 16	276 70	233 61
Highland Park	8,627 34		8,627 34	4,296 96		947 94	276 70	423 61
Jamesburg	9,661 76		9,661 76	6,184 69		319 76	319 76	434 82
Metuchen	16,143 43		16,143 43	8,552 71	152 91	432 00	810 00	733 82
Milltown	10,912 30		10,912 30	5,279 25	56 31	258 25	657 00	691 61
Monticello	31,285 68		31,285 68	14,375 30		1,088 15	9,005 00	1,766 92
North River	18,507 30	\$2,560 00	21,067 30	10,512 30	164 68	407 88	844 92	1,319 50
South River	8,610 16		8,610 16	1,866 90	34 00	295 79	109 50	101 49
Spotswood	8,866 96		8,866 96	5,752 00	78 00	487 06	255 00	398 42
East Brunswick	12,116 67		12,116 67	6,603 34	38 00	487 06	255 00	398 42
East Windsor	8,167 63		8,167 63	4,034 32	35 55	292 00	20 00	167 40
Madison	8,752 73		8,752 73	4,956 00	45 00	577 61	20 00	196 49
Monroe	4,323 72		4,323 72	1,726 30	41 30	738 25	105 00	144 78
North Brunswick	22,182 45	5,072 18	27,254 63	12,570 21	98 69	624 62	1,160 00	503 91
Piscataway	34,182 45		34,182 45	17,256 30	59 24	778 38	381 38	1,332 28
Raritan	17,845 99		17,845 99	9,206 30	137 64	381 38	405 75	488 53
Saverville	19,316 37		19,316 37	9,168 67	43 35	1,467 89	2,265 00	2,063 56
South Brunswick	44,093 49	\$4,956 61	49,050 10	23,661 15				
Woodbridge								
Total	\$623,247 15	\$92,978 79	\$716,225 94	\$305,494 17	\$1,065 91	\$18,710 02	\$29,140 77	\$26,157 26

SCHOOL REPORT.

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of MIDDLESEX, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Amount expended for "Manual and Industrial Training," including salaries, apparatus and supplies therefor.	Amount expended for transportation of pupils residing within the district to schools in other districts.	Amount expended for transportation of pupils within the district.	Amount expended for tuition of pupils in other districts.	Amount expended for medical inspection.	Amount expended for attendance officers.	Amount expended for school libraries and apparatus purchased with library money.	Amount expended for interest on temporary loans.
New Brunswick	\$2,998 97				\$750 00	\$75 00	\$159 85	\$41 27
South Amboy	3,865 18				600 00		199 00	38 00
South					175 00			37 50
Dunellen		\$340 00		\$1,104 00	100 00	15 00	40 00	
Heimetta	23 61	218 00		300 00	84 00		10 00	
Highland Park				968 00	150 00		51 50	
Jeneshburg					75 00		21 27	
Metuchen					185 50			
Milltown		170 12		615 00	32 50			129 24
Roosevelt		762 00			150 00	100 00	72 06	75 44
South River					78 40	80 00		7 50
Spotswood		282 36		272 50				10 45
Granbury		288 78	\$424 00	260 50			20 00	8 00
East Brunswick		278 06	3 00	381 50	100 00			20 28
Madison		139 00		1,182 72	150 00			
Monroe		59 27		625 00	30 00			
North Brunswick		358 30		704 00	300 00			48 00
Parlin		503 04	1,490 70	638 80	220 75			180 40
Perkasie		58 04	1,700 00	589 00	120 50			26 23
Sayreville		298 80		1,513 00	220 00			
Saverville		855 24	590 00	273 75	200 00	230 00	10 00	168 75
South Brunswick			300 50					
Woodbridge	250 00							
Total.....	\$7,097 16	\$4,524 58	\$4,570 20	\$10,189 27	\$3,867 65	\$500 00	\$583 68	\$811 01

MIDDLESEX COUNTY.

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of MIDDLESEX, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Amount expended for other school purposes.	Total amount for "Current Expenses," "Manual and Industrial Training," for day schools.	Amount expended for new buildings and enlargements.	Amount expended for remodeling, repairing and refurnishing school buildings and purchase of land.	Total amount expended for building, enlarging, remodeling and repairing, and purchase of land.	Grand total expended, excluding bonded debt and interest on bonds.	Balance of State and county funds, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of State and county funds for manual and industrial training, June 30th, 1910.
New Brunswick	\$39,266 80	\$110,785 75				\$110,785 75		
Perth Amboy	6,830 62	129,647 95	\$43,624 98	\$4,828 07	\$48,453 05	178,101 00		
South Amboy	3,685 92	22,509 93		1,236 06	1,236 06	23,745 99		
Dunellen	687 50	10,121 57		3,572 86	3,572 86	13,694 43		
Helmetta	707 63	4,536 39		474 78	474 78	5,011 17		
Highland Park		6,538 03		579 98	579 98	7,118 01		
Jamesburg	659 39	8,090 53		97 43	97 43	8,187 96		
Metuchen	1,053 48	11,996 45	152 79	1,105 37	1,258 16	13,254 61	\$7 88	
Milltown	196 01	7,878 68		151 42	151 41	8,030 10		
Roosevelt	7,218 17	27,665 04		2,183 41	2,183 41	29,848 45		
South River	2,349 17	15,779 19		4,029 78	4,029 78	19,808 97		
Spotswood	316 55	3,363 49		42 00	42 00	3,405 49		
Cranbury	583 91	8,324 63		459 77	459 77	8,784 40		
East Brunswick	873 50	9,921 52		131 19	131 19	10,052 71		
Madison	1,017 83	6,047 36		75 00	75 00	6,122 36		
Monroe	959 07	8,386 16		54 92	54 92	8,441 08		
North Brunswick	103 00	3,339 83		60 15	60 15	3,399 98		
Piscataway	6,882 45	23,685 32	3,590 65	3,976 98	7,567 63	31,252 95	104 06	
Raritan	3,008 04	17,914 27	12,285 83	3,023 77	15,309 60	33,232 87		
Sayreville	487 99	11,764 48		1,587 47	1,587 47	13,351 95		
South Brunswick	305 40	13,135 19	1,105 92		1,105 92	14,241 11	1,177 52	
Woodbridge	6,785 40	38,177 35	8,398 92	10,490 28	18,889 20	57,066 55		
Total.....	\$83,977 83	\$499,659 61	\$69,159 09	\$38,160 69	\$107,319 78	\$606,979 39	\$1,289 46	

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of MIDDLESEX, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Balance of district tax for current expenses, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for manual and industrial training, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, repairing, furnishing and interest on bonds, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for purchase of land.	Balance of moneys from other sources, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax raised for bonds and interest on bonds.	Balance from bond sale June 30th, 1910.	Total balance, June 30th, 1910.
New Brunswick	\$948 05						\$948 05
Perth Amboy	5,613 93	\$899 01	\$119 73				6,632 67
South Amboy	2,629 64				\$768 05		3,397 69
Dunellen	532 24						532 24
Helmetta	3,670 80				116 65		3,787 45
Highland Park			1,424 36		34 97		1,459 33
Jamesburg	56 61		111 85		1,305 34		1,473 80
Metuchen	2,880 94						2,880 94
Milltown	1,935 87				946 33		2,882 20
Roosevelt	1,437 23						1,437 23
South River	1,527 45				120 88		1,648 33
Spotswood	199 67				5 00		204 67
Cranbury	79 74		1 28		1 54		82 56
East Brunswick	922 10		418 81		723 05		2,063 96
Madison	5 27						5 27
Monroe	354 70						354 70
North Brunswick	932 74						932 74
Piscataway	5,818 58				78 77		6,001 41
Raritan	939 57		19 01				958 58
Savreville	4,378 63				115 41		4,494 04
South Brunswick	3,849 45				48 29		5,078 26
Woodbridge				\$200 00	1,785 55	\$70,000 00	71,985 55
Total.....	\$38,713 21	\$899 01	\$2,095 04	\$200 00	\$6,049 83	\$70,000 00	\$119,246 55

MIDDLESEX COUNTY.

**Apportionment of School Moneys, by Districts, for the County of MIDDLESEX, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1911.**

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SCHOOL REPORT.

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DISTRICTS.	Balance of State and county funds, July 1st, 1910.	Balance "District Tax," July 1st, 1910.	Balance received from other sources, July 1st, 1910.	Total balance, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax for bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount apportioned from State appropriation, railroad tax, school tax, and State school fund appropriation.	Amount apportioned from surplus revenue.	Amount apportioned from balances.	Amount available for manual and industrial training from State funds.
New Brunswick		\$948 05		\$948 05	\$38,635 82			\$1,500 00
Perth Amboy		6,632 67		6,632 67	67,319 57			2,500 00
South Amboy		2,629 64	\$768 05	3,397 69	10,710 31			
Dunellen		532 24		532 24	5,116 17			
Helmetta		3,670 80	116 65	3,787 45	2,247 99			
Highland Park		1,424 36	34 97	1,459 33	3,339 50			250 00
Jamesburg		168 46	1,305 34	1,473 80	5,485 82			
Metuchen	\$7 88	2,880 94		2,888 82	5,736 88			
Milltown		1,935 87	946 33	2,882 20	4,117 18			
Roosevelt		1,437 23		1,437 23	12,432 70			
South River		1,527 45	120 88	1,648 33	7,662 69			
Spotswood		139 67	5 00	204 67	2,052 81			
Cranbury		81 02	1 54	82 56	4,630 06			
East Brunswick		1,340 91	723 05	2,063 96	5,738 14			
Madison		5 27		5 27	3,748 01			
Monroe		354 70		354 70	4,829 95			
North Brunswick		932 74		932 74	2,083 02			
Piscataway	104 06	5,818 58	78 77	6,001 41	9,953 54			
Raritan		958 58		958 58	7,294 37			
Sayreville		4,378 63	115 41	4,494 04	7,059 86			
South Brunswick	1,177 52	3,849 45	48 29	5,075 26	9,804 34			
Woodbridge		200 00	71,785 55	71,985 55	16,436 97			250 00
Total	\$1,289 46	\$41,907 26	\$76,049 83	\$119,246 55	\$236,495 70			\$4,500 00

Apportionment of School Monies, by Districts, for the County of MIDDLESEX, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1911—Continued.

DISTRICTS.									
		Amount of district tax voted for "Current Expenses."	Amount of district tax voted for "Manual and Industrial Train- ing."	Amount of district tax voted for purchase of land.	Amount of district tax voted for building and enlarging school houses.	Amount of district tax voted for remodeling, refurbishing and re- pairing school houses.	Total amount of district tax or- dered to be raised, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount available from private sources for manual and indus- trial training.	Total amount available from other sources, excluding proceeds from sale of bonds, and tax raised for bonds due and interest on bonds.
New Brunswick	\$35,720 00	\$1,500 00	\$11,000 00	\$80,000 00	\$7,500 00	\$128,220 00			\$169,308 87
Perth Amboy	62,800 00	2,500 00				72,800 00			149,252 24
South Amboy	11,700 00					15,628 00			55,138 00
Dunellen	2,800 00					2,800 00			10,618 41
Highland Park	5,510 00	250 00		400 00	300 00	6,160 00			8,835 44
Jamesburg	2,300 00				200 00	2,500 00			11,208 83
Metuchen	8,800 00				300 00	9,000 00			9,459 12
Milltown	3,480 00					3,480 00			17,625 70
Roosevelt	11,688 00				1,500 00	13,188 00			10,479 38
South River	7,900 00				2,000 00	9,900 00			27,067 93
Spotswood	1,150 00					1,150 00			19,211 02
Cranbury	2,349 00				200 00	2,549 00			3,407 45
East Brunswick	3,150 00				550 00	3,700 00			7,261 62
Madison	2,100 00					2,100 00			11,562 10
Monroe	1,475 00					1,475 00			6,513 28
North Brunswick	1,000 00				400 00	1,400 00			8,259 65
North Plainfield	1,300 00				500 00	1,800 00			4,515 76
Parlsey	11,200 00				1,050 00	12,250 00			31,204 96
Saverville	7,000 00				1,000 00	8,000 00			16,252 95
South Brunswick	5,257 00				2,000 00	7,257 00			18,553 90
Woodbridge	19,750 00	250 00			3,000 00	22,000 00			21,116 62
Total	\$223,489 00	\$4,500 00	\$11,000 00	\$80,600 00	\$18,500 00	\$337,789 00			\$696,031 25
Total for school year ending June 30th, 1911.									

MIDDLESEX COUNTY.

SCHOOL REPORT.

Report of Attendance, by Districts, for the County of MIDDLESEX, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.

DISTRICTS.	Actual number of days the schools were kept open.	Number of legal holidays the schools were not in session.	Possible number of days' attendance.	Days present—Boys.	Days present—Girls.	Total.	Days absent—Boys.	Days absent—Girls.	Total.	Times tardy—Boys.	Times tardy—Girls.	Total.
Dunellen	187	7	58,717.5	29,093.5	25,202.5	54,296.0	2,220.0	2,201.5	4,421.5	166	105	271
Helmetta	182	5	23,899.0	11,191.5	10,684.0	21,855.5	1,061.5	982.0	2,043.5	24	17	41
Highland Park	177	5	33,251.5	14,526.5	14,836.0	29,361.5	1,842.0	2,048.0	3,890.0	74	54	128
Jamesburg	190	5	72,756.5	28,956.0	31,439.5	60,395.5	5,597.0	6,764.0	12,361.0	31	27	58
Metuchen	189	5	61,609.0	27,214.5	26,012.5	53,227.0	3,897.0	4,485.0	8,382.0	419	453	872
Milltown	186	6	49,165.5	22,819.5	22,978.0	45,797.5	1,691.5	1,676.5	3,368.0	228	103	333
Roosevelt	184	8	168,188.0	77,549.0	75,650.5	153,199.5	7,101.5	7,887.0	14,988.5	103	110	213
South Amboy	190	7	122,694.0	51,370.5	53,709.5	105,080.0	8,106.5	9,508.5	17,614.0	199	69	368
South River	185	5	94,604.5	41,659.5	40,432.0	82,091.5	6,352.5	6,160.5	12,513.0	245	150	395
Spotswood	187	6	20,528.5	8,094.0	9,591.5	17,685.5	1,266.0	1,577.0	2,843.0	41	28	69
Cranbury	185	5	51,091.5	21,772.5	20,734.5	42,507.0	4,933.5	3,651.0	8,584.5	160	99	259
East Brunswick	192	7	59,266.5	24,209.0	23,215.5	47,424.5	6,770.0	5,072.0	11,842.0	271	280	551
Madison	174	7	33,617.0	15,145.0	12,440.0	27,585.0	3,491.0	2,641.0	6,032.0	96	80	176
Monroe	189	5	43,226.0	17,817.5	16,948.5	34,766.0	4,641.5	3,818.5	8,460.0	213	164	377
North Brunswick	181	8	16,255.5	8,234.5	4,948.0	13,182.5	1,869.0	1,204.0	3,073.0	73	38	111
Piscataway	186	6	103,471.5	41,140.0	43,750.5	84,890.5	9,298.0	9,283.0	18,581.0	973	482	1,455
Raritan	188	6	74,969.5	33,921.0	30,634.5	64,555.5	5,694.0	4,720.0	10,414.0	201	184	385
Sayreville	186	5	81,213.5	34,956.5	35,419.0	70,375.5	4,582.5	6,255.5	10,838.0	279	243	522
South Brunswick	192	8	87,532.0	36,769.0	34,554.0	71,323.0	7,982.5	8,226.5	16,209.0	249	774	1,723
Woodbridge	184	6	219,177.0	95,923.0	92,634.0	188,557.0	14,038.5	16,581.5	30,620.0	700	523	1,223
New Brunswick	186	13	471,593.0	198,908.5	208,901.0	406,009.5	31,695.0	33,883.5	65,578.5	665	455	1,120
Perth Amboy	190	5	934,379.5	437,449.5	417,435.0	854,884.5	38,879.5	40,615.5	79,495.0	4,563	4,770	9,333
Total.....	186	139	2,881,206.5	1,277,820.5	1,251,229.5	2,529,050.0	173,009.5	179,147.0	352,156.5	10,673	9,308	19,981

Report of Attendance, by Districts, for the County of MIDDLESEX, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.											
	Number of pupils neither absent nor tardy during the year.	Number of sessions truant.	Total number of days transported.	Number of different pupils transported to the district and enrolled in Grades IX to XII.	Number of different pupils transported to the district and enrolled below Grade IX.	Number of pupils enrolled who have attended public schools in other districts in New Jersey during the present school year.	Number of cases of suspension or expulsion during the year.	Number of pupils enrolled in kin- dergarten.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 1 to 4 inclusive.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 5 to 8 inclusive.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 9 to 12 inclusive.
Dunellen	34	5	.....	.....	.....	9	1	.....	244	115	187
Helmatta	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	97	53	79
Highland Park	6	5	.....	.....	.....	10	7	.....	149	79	110
Jamesburg	13	9	.....	.....	26	32	29	.....	261	113	216
Metuchen	6	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	207	137	60
Middletown	34	291	.....	.....	.....	19	5	.....	193	100	49
Roosevelt	39	.....	.....	.....	.....	42	.....	.....	738	368	149
South Amboy	17	362	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	568	285	512
South River	22	.....	.....	.....	.....	22	4	.....	408	140	349
Spotswood	19	.....	.....	.....	.....	26	1	.....	488	47	284
Crainbury	2	6	.....	.....	13	.....	3	.....	123	41	62
East Brunswick	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	16	.....	.....	222	111	188
Easton	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	42	.....	.....	178	98	117
Madison	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	17	7	.....	198	88	152
North Brunswick	82	4	.....	.....	.....	20	1	.....	80	35	72
North Plainfield	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	32	12	.....	471	222	348
Piscataway	.....	26,398	.....	.....	3	32	.....	.....	357	131	265
Raritan	11	15	18,707	.....	4	38	2	.....	408	118	265
Sayreville	21	.....	.....	.....	6	.....	7	.....	419	172	298
South Brunswick	8	6	2,526	.....	9	9	4	.....	902	280	298
Woodbridge	53	17	.....	.....	25	45	28	.....	1,600	792	601
New Brunswick	81	430	.....	.....	.....	63	50	131	3,429	1,423	1,423
Perth Amboy	130	194	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	448	1,423	315	2,886
Total	596	1,349	45,144	.....	89	451	163	579	11,218	5,021	1,057
											9,083
											8,842
											17,375

MIDDLESEX COUNTY.

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of MONMOUTH, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.

DISTRICTS.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from State and county funds, as per County Superintendent's apportionment.					
	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the State for "Manual and Industrial Training."					
	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Current Expenses."					
	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Manual and Industrial Training."					
	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, refurnishing and repairing school buildings, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.					
	Amount received from district tax for purchase of land.					
	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from other sources, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.					
Allentown	\$397 25		\$2,884 16			\$8,946 86
Asbury Park	40,277 63		26,128 88			1,779 62
Atlantic	3,616 20		1,112 56			142 60
Atlantic Highlands	10,358 82	400 00	1,880 00	400 00		
Avon	1,166 54		980 76			
Belmar	6,734 56		4,490 47			
Bradley Beach	2,253 21		5,614 31			
Deal	7,943 88		1,280 65			
Edison	18,679 45	750 00	2,601 62	500 00		327 76
Edison State	7,188 81		3,631 84			671 00
Freehold	5,715 33		500 00			6,294 62
Freehold Township	2,993 27		1,900 00	500 00		103 48
Highlands	9,907 83		613 02	1,475 00	\$50 00	631 86
Howell	23,041 84		2,947 60	1,500 00		187 52
Keyport	55,540 64	4,575 00	26,899 00	7,000 00	1,000 00	1,201 36
Long Branch	8,130 90		1,699 50	300 00		6,276 71
Manalapan						534 50

SCHOOL REPORT.

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of MONMOUTH, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.

	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from State and county funds, as per County Superintendent's apportionment.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the State for "Manual and Industrial Training."	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Current Expenses."	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Manual and Industrial Training."	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, refurnishing and repairing school buildings, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount received from district tax for purchase of land.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from other sources, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.
Manasquan	\$11,880.70		4,254.60				\$812.98
Marlboro	17,951.62		4,623.37		575.00		504.41
Medford	11,217.99		13,065.31		1,000.00		1,212.96
Middlesex	29,513.64		2,475.54		300.00		1.60
Milstone	5,315.01		2,519.02				62.49
Monmouth Beach	1,513.37		1,020.82				5.89
Monmouth City	3,280.46		15,698.38		2,700.00		740.65
Neptune	27,616.48		4,580.15				40.00
Neptune City	5,066.96		551.03		432.55		4,786.73
Ocean	5,971.75		11,960.00		5,500.00		17,918.89
Farlan	29,724.00	\$750.00	6,585.00		500.00		1,053.92
Red Bank	6,232.97	250.00	2,752.05				304.41
Rumson	8,253.86		7,638.65			\$1,000.00	119.45
Sea, Bright	10,437.86		2,404.34		2,750.00		828.92
Shrewsbury	3,531.32		2,385.00				185.00
Spring Lake	11,443.47		1,816.00				
Upper Freehold	15,668.50						
Wall	2,308.39						
West Long Branch							
Total	\$397,994.80	\$9,087.50	\$173,140.78	\$9,087.50	\$30,474.56	\$2,050.00	\$27,866.82

MONMOUTH COUNTY.

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of MONMOUTH, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.		Total amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, exclusive of amount raised for payment of bonds and interest on bonds.		Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the sale of bonds.		Grand total received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909.		Amount expended for teachers' salaries, exclusive of amount paid on account of work done in manual and industrial training classes, and exclusive of amount paid on account Teachers' Retirement Fund.		Amount paid State treasurer for Teachers' Retirement Fund.		Amount expended for fuel.		Amount expended for janitors' wages for day schools.		Amount expended for text-books, apparatus and supplies, exclusive of those in column 18.	
Allenhurst	..	\$3,781 41	\$2,497 74	\$3,781 41	\$2,497 74	\$3,781 41	\$2,497 74	\$3,781 41	\$19,205 35	\$764 38	\$3,237 13	\$3,590 00	\$3,897 57	308 76	798 85	101 32	458 25
Asbury Park	..	5,290 76	15,268 35	5,290 76	15,268 35	5,290 76	15,268 35	5,290 76	990 00	31 60	137 02	18 00	308 76	798 85	101 32	458 25	458 25
Atlantic Highlands	..	2,488 24	10,367 63	2,488 24	10,367 63	2,488 24	10,367 63	2,488 24	6,386 76	149 50	409 57	775 00	786 56	101 32	458 25	458 25	458 25
Avon	..	11,847 52	87,733 87	11,847 52	87,733 87	11,847 52	87,733 87	11,847 52	6,586 76	63 24	253 40	180 00	458 25	458 25	458 25	458 25	458 25
Belmar	..	1,730 00	12,249 38	1,730 00	12,249 38	1,730 00	12,249 38	1,730 00	6,020 45	104 15	290 76	918 43	486 23	486 23	486 23	486 23	486 23
Bradley Beach	..	3,213 43	22,515 72	3,213 43	22,515 72	3,213 43	22,515 72	3,213 43	2,580 91	67 00	526 83	642 30	377 91	377 91	377 91	377 91	377 91
Easton	..	10,315 12	16,800 65	10,315 12	16,800 65	10,315 12	16,800 65	10,315 12	16,700 25	41 09	867 18	76 00	136 01	136 01	136 01	136 01	136 01
Farthingdale	..	6,818 81	6,125 13	6,818 81	6,125 13	6,818 81	6,125 13	6,818 81	3,213 43	22 75	189 23	1,223 08	298 55	298 55	298 55	298 55	298 55
Freehold Township	..	12,233 37	34,680 70	12,233 37	34,680 70	12,233 37	34,680 70	12,233 37	7,684 92	38 20	116 85	318 50	481 76	481 76	481 76	481 76	481 76
Highlands	..	105,865 25	36,067 02	105,865 25	36,067 02	105,865 25	36,067 02	105,865 25	5,577 14	88 80	748 95	6,725 52	1,468 87	1,468 87	1,468 87	1,468 87	1,468 87
Holmdel	..	15,412 12	105,865 25	15,412 12	105,865 25	15,412 12	105,865 25	15,412 12	3,577 14	89 44	297 18	130 00	3,318 76	3,318 76	3,318 76	3,318 76	3,318 76
Howell	..	105,865 25	36,067 02	105,865 25	36,067 02	105,865 25	36,067 02	105,865 25	5,577 14	73 75	388 23		894 02	894 02	894 02	894 02	894 02
Keyport	..																
Long Branch	..																
Manalapan	..																

School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.

DISTRICTS.	Total amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, exclusive of amount raised for payment of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the sale of bonds.	Grand total received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909.	Amount expended for teachers' salaries, exclusive of amount paid on account of work done in manual and industrial training classes, and exclusive of amount paid on account Teachers' Retirement Fund.	Amount paid State treasurer for Teachers' Retirement Fund.	Amount expended for fuel.	Amount expended for janitors' wages for day schools.	Amount expended for text-books, apparatus and supplies, exclusive of those in column 16.
Manassas	\$12,693.77		\$12,693.77	\$9,229.20	\$123.50	\$396.05	\$500.00	\$965.98
Marathon	11,509.56		11,509.56	4,854.37	91.47	279.90	1,122.00	676.55
Marion	16,930.91		16,930.91	10,619.77	187.20	496.00	831.50	719.77
Middletown	35,821.91		35,821.91	14,706.46	155.54		1,951.50	1,771.06
Millsboro	8,092.15		8,092.15	4,581.00	31.00	281.46		372.48
Monmouth	4,094.88		4,094.88	2,056.75		222.95	360.00	310.15
Neptune Beach	4,257.16		4,257.16	1,764.00	50.40	307.25	400.00	136.55
Neptune	48,092.88		48,092.88	30,595.13	426.24	1,102.25	2,515.00	2,401.27
Ocean	10,337.76		10,337.76	4,130.02	70.00	264.11	525.00	256.22
Parlatan	6,995.33		6,995.33	3,072.36	32.64	131.56		712.37
Red Bank	53,500.82		53,500.82	29,471.35	238.62	1,507.59	3,782.00	2,752.32
Rumson	29,746.86		29,746.86	6,148.00	27.00	743.51	780.00	628.07
Sea Bright	13,065.86		13,065.86	4,531.00	32.73	354.50	600.00	518.45
Shrewsbury	19,280.65		19,280.65	9,291.75	153.25	689.76	1,107.02	604.73
Spring Lake	6,065.62		6,065.62	3,353.44	49.17	158.70	300.00	140.00
Upper Freehold	15,532.30		15,532.30	7,730.50	153.50	406.11	618.00	568.73
West Long Branch	18,043.30		18,043.30	10,446.50	313.49	725.99	1,035.00	227.65
West	8,209.39		8,209.39	2,010.50		180.80	207.00	602.55
Total	\$579,701.96	\$92,249.33	\$771,951.29	\$358,370.50	\$3,013.47	\$21,665.18	\$311,067.67	\$29,173.91

SCHOOL REPORT.

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Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of MONMOUTH, State of New Jersey, for the School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Amount expended for "Manual and Industrial Training," including salaries, apparatus and supplies therefor.	Amount expended for transportation of pupils residing within the district to schools in other districts.	Amount expended for transportation of pupils within the district.	Amount expended for tuition of pupils in other districts.	Amount expended for medical inspection.	Amount expended for attendance officers.	Amount expended for school libraries and apparatus purchased with library money.	Amount expended for interest on temporary loans.
Allenhurst	\$1,775 75	\$880 00		\$965 50	\$550 00		\$423 77	
Asbury Park		325 40	\$6 25	225 00	60 00			\$10 57
Atlantic	338 67				50 00			
Atlantic Highlands		113 00		275 00	10 00			6 26
Avon		77 00		210 00				
Belmar				1,102 00				
Bradley Beach		875 00		655 00		60 50	33 20	201 27
D Deal		252 10		410 00		63 00	10 45	
Easton town		506 00	700 00	280 00			51 00	
Easton town								35 01
Easton town	1,078 87							
Freehold Township		415 00		2,453 00	311 10		33 32	
Freehold Township		113 24		275 00	143 90			7 40
Highlands		240 00		170 00	100 00		66 47	50 23
Highland		856 00		1,220 00			86 05	
Highland							181 02	25 83
Keyport								
Long Branch	3,724 74	375 00		340 00	300 00			
Manalapan				450 00	550 00			

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of MONMOUTH, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Amount expended for "Manual and Industrial Training," including salaries, apparatus and supplies therefor.	Amount expended for transportation of pupils residing within the district to schools in other districts.	Amount expended for transportation of pupils within the district.	Amount expended for tuition of pupils in other districts.	Amount expended for medical inspection.	Amount expended for attendance officers.	Amount expended for school libraries and apparatus purchased with library money.	Amount expended for interest on temporary loans.
Manasquan		\$81.40	\$340.00	\$295.00	\$150.00	\$150.00		\$38.29
Marlboro		320.84	2,172.00	1,175.00	1,725.00	450.00		52.50
Middletown		1,191.20		1,709.00	600.00		\$220.00	50.25
Monmouth Beach		104.70		148.00	116.25			30.25
Neptune City			501.00		55.00	20.00	5.00	7.64
Neptune		187.15	1,351.00	1,015.85	200.00	46.30	40.00	217.15
Ocean		180.00		375.00	150.00			47.12
Panitan					125.00	318.00		342.07
Red Bank	\$1,063.76		584.00	306.50	290.00			
Rumson	925.72	494.50		1,010.00				
Sea Bright		120.24		70.00				
Shrewsbury		450.35	1,186.02	51.00	325.00	1.50		318.13
Spring Lake				1,597.60				27.77
Upper Freehold		508.05		850.00	25.00			46.57
Wall								
West Long Branch								
Total	\$11,907.51	\$8,899.17	\$7,240.27	\$18,000.35	\$4,875.25	\$1,525.30	\$1,241.67	\$1,631.18

MONMOUTH COUNTY.

**Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of MONMOUTH, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.**

DISTRICTS.	Amount expended for other school purposes.		Total amount for "Current Expenses," and "Manual and Industrial Training," for day schools.		Amount expended for new buildings and enlargements.		Amount expended for remodeling, repairing and refurnishing school buildings and purchase of land.		Total amount expended for building, enlarging, remodeling and repairing, and purchase of land.		Grand total expended, excluding bonded debt and interest on bonds.		Balance of State and county funds, June 30th, 1910.		Balance of State and county funds for manual and industrial training, June 30th, 1910.	
Allenhurst	\$50 00	\$1,893 50									\$1,893 50					
Asbury Park	7,450 84	74,494 99			\$117 75		\$1,806 00		\$1,924 35		76,419 34					
Atlantic	289 26	4,071 06					336 11		336 11		4,407 17		\$165 38			\$178 10
Atlantic Highlands	2,401 85	14,810 94					375 73		375 73		15,186 67					
Avon	118 04	1,890 02					292 47		292 47		2,182 49					
Belmar	576 27	8,603 96			57,375 86		57,375 86		57,375 86		65,979 82					
Beaumont Beach	2,669 37	11,491 39									11,491 39					
Belle Harbor	1,190 00	1,730 00									1,730 00					
Blairstown	2,100 00	11,465 02					216 00		216 00		11,700 02					
Bonneton	56 50	25,432 53					250 00		250 00		3,212 53					
Frankford	978 90	25,432 53					250 00		250 00		3,212 53					
Freehold Township	390 57	7,847 07			512 88		828 57		828 57		28,278 03		397 27		427 00	
Freehold	162 67	5,198 91					353 57		353 57		5,552 48		1,170 41			
Highlands	326 21	5,173 27					413 47		413 47		5,612 28		1,106 34			
Holmdel	391 03	10,446 01			999 70		314 06		314 06		12,225 67					
Howell	4,321 35	20,943 29					777 96		1,777 66		30,714 68		3,107 27			
Keyport	8,912 53	91,972 35			9,675 86		95 53		9,771 39		104,919 54					
Long Branch							12,947 19		12,947 19							
Manalapan	1,082 87	9,158 51			14,146 86		852 95		14,999 81		24,158 32		1,076 78			

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of MONMOUTH, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.							
	Amount expended for other school purposes.	Total amount for "Current Expenses," and "Manual and Industrial Training," for day schools.	Amount expended for new buildings and enlargements.	Amount expended for remodeling, repairing and refurnishing school buildings and purchase of land.	Total amount expended for building, enlarging, remodeling and repairing, and purchase of land.	Grand total expended, excluding bonded debt and interest on bonds.	Balance of State and county funds, June 30th, 1910.
Manasquan	\$294 43	\$11,717 45	.....	\$976 32	\$976 32	\$12,693 77	\$1,739 52
Marboro	212 83	6,698 56	.....	412 63	412 63	7,021 19	211 00
Matawan	1,129 70	14,663 40	.....	572 84	572 84	15,126 24	3,084 36
Middletown	196 76	25,063 16	.....	2,877 53	2,877 53	27,940 70	.....
Millstone	234 82	7,617 56	.....	210 86	210 86	7,828 42	.....
Monmouth Beach	442 73	3,652 96	\$14,111 21	.....	14,111 21	17,764 17	927 21
Monmouth City	460 27	3,188 51	.....	2,760 00	2,760 00	3,148 51	.....
Neptune	5,856 26	44,356 00	.....	97 38	97 38	47,083 90	1,282 77
Neptune City	1,926 62	9,277 43	.....	42 75	42 75	9,320 18	3,386 61
Ocean	1,068 27	45,196 20	3,000 00	1,377 71	4,377 91	49,514 21	.....
Port Jervis	5,083 37	11,470 46	18,276 40	512 98	18,276 40	29,746 86	1,974 16
Sea Bank	1,410 38	8,466 56	.....	385 50	512 98	8,979 83	.....
Sea Bright	1,064 08	14,259 89	.....	386 33	385 50	14,655 39	.....
Shrewsbury	98 10	5,689 29	.....	302 05	386 33	6,055 62	.....
Spring Lake	485 70	10,733 62	3,568 15	709 37	3,870 20	14,613 82	918 57
Upper Freehold	176 90	14,766 86	.....	588 59	709 37	15,476 22	1,202 22
Wall	172 76	4,078 69	.....	.....	588 59	4,667 28	.....
West Long Branch .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	\$31,235 93	\$552,447 36	\$121,784 67	\$31,642 12	\$153,426 79	\$705,874 15	\$22,839 37
							\$864 82

SCHOOL REPORT.

DISTRICTS.	Balance of district tax for current expenses, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for manual and industrial training, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, furnishing and repairing, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for purchase of land.	Balance of moneys from other sources, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax raised for bonds and interest on bonds.	Balance from bond sale June 30th, 1910.	Total balance, June 30th, 1910.
Albionhurst	\$1,887 91		\$372 47		\$4,691 11		\$1,887 91
Asbury Park	458 62		275 89		81 68		6,078 40
Atlantic Highlands	492 32	\$178 10					883 50
Avon	197 28		108 47				81 68
Bridgeton Beach	1,171 67				305 75	\$950 61	2,121 68
Deal	366 18						356 13
Easton town	150 36		135 00		284 00		549 36
Farmingdale	88				4,692 36		5,936 53
Freehold					2,284 61		2,284 61
Freehold Township	1,114 30				70 09		1,206 43
Highlands					621 46		637 80
Holmdel	16 34				7 70		7 70
Howell					643 38		3,976 02
Kew-Forest	225 37				701 81		946 81
Kearny Branch	245 00				414 60		1,908 70
Manalapan	417 32						

**Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of MONMOUTH, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.**

DISTRICTS.	Balance of district tax for current expenses, June 30th, 1910.					
	Balance of district tax for manual and industrial training. June 30th, 1910.					
DISTRICTS.	Balance of district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, furnishing and repairing, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds, June 30th, 1910.					
	Balance of district tax for purchase of land.					
DISTRICTS.	Balance of moneys from other sources, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax raised for bonds and interest on bonds.					
	Balance from bond sale June 30th, 1910.					
DISTRICTS.	Total balance, June 30th, 1910.					
Manasquan	\$2,745 85					\$4,488 37
Marlboro	1,194 87					1,804 67
Matawan	4,636 41					7,881 21
Middletown	263 73					263 73
Millstone	316 94		54 62			434 05
Monmouth Beach	180 55					1,108 65
Neptune City					1,056 88	1,056 88
Neptune	1,022 90					1,022 90
Ocean	551 03		337 07			2,130 37
Raritan						3,986 61
Red Bank						
Rumson	1,477 67					4,086 03
Sea Bright		\$250 00				4,635 36
Shrewsbury	4,635 26					
Spring Lake						
Upper Freehold	1,265 52					918 57
Wall	1,265 70		111 41			2,361 15
West Long Branch						842 14
Total	\$35,338 94	\$428 10	\$1,640 51		\$14,014 79	\$550 61
						\$66,077 14

SCHOOL REPORT.

Apportionment of School Moneys, by Districts, for the County of MONMOUTH, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1911.

DISTRICTS.	Balance of State and county funds, July 1st, 1910.	Balance "District Tax," July 1st, 1910.	Balance received from other sources, July 1st, 1910.	Total balance, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax for bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount apportioned from State school tax and State school fund appropriation.	Amount apportioned from surplus revenue.	Amount apportioned from balances.	Amount available for manual and industrial training from State funds.
Allenhurst	\$178 10	\$1,887 91	\$4,691 11	\$1,887 91	\$1,140 00	\$988 37		\$2,470 00
Asbury Park	163 38	1,368 19		6,078 40	41,354 75	35 92		
Atlantic		718 21		883 59	3,835 56	63 09		400 00
Atlantic Highlands		395 75	81 68	81 68	9,617 70	7 64		
Avenel		1,171 07	950 61	305 75	1,322 84	42 74		
Belmar		356 13		2,121 68	5,710 29	50 90		
Bradley Beach				356 13	6,885 70			
Deal					681 25			
Eatontown		265 36	284 00	549 36	6,908 55	45 25		
Farmingdale				88	2,933 12	20 48		
Freehold	1,324 27		4,602 26	5,926 53	15,182 63	107 82		750 00
Freehold Township	1,170 41	1,114 20		2,284 61	6,323 14	31 19		
Highlands	1,136 34		70 09	1,206 43	4,865 55	39 48		
Holmdel		16 34	621 46	637 80	3,320 08	21 49		
Howell				7 70	10,208 42	63 85		
Keyport	3,107 27	225 37	643 38	3,976 02	14,247 10	105 35		
Long Branch		245 00	701 81	946 81	56,141 57	426 70		2,412 50
Manalapan	1,076 78	417 32	414 60	1,908 70	6,129 35	36 93		

Apportionment of School Moneys, by Districts, for the County of MONMOUTH, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1911—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Balance of State and county funds, July 1st, 1910.	Balance "District Tax," July 1st, 1910.	Balance received from other sources, July 1st, 1910.	Total balance, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax for bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount apportioned from State appropriation, railroad tax, State school tax and State school fund appropriation.	Amount apportioned from surplus revenue.	Amount apportioned from balances.	Amount available for manual and industrial training from State funds.
Manasquan	\$1,739 52	\$2,746 82	\$3 00	\$4,488 37	\$9,390 56	\$68 50		
Marlboro	211 00	1,196 73	396 94	1,804 67	5,889 73	38 28		
Matavon	3,064 36	4,729 83	67 02	7,861 21	11,508 78	80 46		
Middletown	274 53	274 53	62 46	432 02	6,480 83	130 24		
Milstone	927 21	180 55	89 00	1,106 85	6,480 83	37 29		
Monmouth Branch			1,056 83	1,056 83		13 06		
Monmouth City						200 76		
Neptune						31 29		
Neptune Branch						41 17		
Neptune City						187 80		\$750 00
Neptune						50 94		250 00
Northampton	1,232 27	1,022 90		2,120 37	5,245 14	77 54		
Northampton	3,566 61	888 10		3,986 61	25,611 52	43 56		
Red Bank					6,174 79	77 54		
Rumson	2,233 88	1,727 67	124 48	4,086 03	5,827 96	18 66		
Sea, Bright		4,625 26		4,625 26	3,476 97	58 81		
Shrewsbury					8,190 11	93 49		
Spring Lake	918 57	1,365 53		2,567 75	14,174 29	15 50		
Upper Freehold	1,302 22	357 11	185 00	542 11	2,289 67			
Wall								
West Long Branch								
Total	\$23,704 19	\$27,407 56	\$14,965 40	\$66,077 14	\$68,937 60	\$2,554 54		\$7,032 50

MONMOUTH COUNTY.

Apportionment of School Moneys, by Districts, for the County of MONMOUTH, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1911—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Amount of district tax voted for						
	"Current Expenses."						
DISTRICTS.	Amount of district tax voted for						
	"Manual and Industrial Training."						
DISTRICTS.	Amount of district tax voted for						
	purchase of land.						
DISTRICTS.	Amount of district tax voted for						
	building and enlarging school houses.						
DISTRICTS.	Amount of district tax voted for						
	remodeling, refurnishing and re- pairing school houses.						
DISTRICTS.	Total amount of district tax ordered						
	to be raised, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.						
DISTRICTS.	Amount available from private						
	sources for manual and industrial training.						
DISTRICTS.	Total amount available from other						
	sources, excluding proceeds from sale of bonds, and tax raised for bonds due and interest on bonds.						
DISTRICTS.	Total for school year ending June						
	30th, 1911.						
Altenhurst	\$1,500 00	\$2,470 00		\$3,980 45	\$1,500 00		\$4,527 91
Asbury Park	27,386 00			562 00	33,816 45		84,007 87
Atlantic	868 00				1,430 00		6,175 07
Atlantic Highlands	2,063 00	400 00		600 00	3,063 00		13,222 47
Avon	800 00				800 00		2,436 23
Belmar	4,000 00				7,000 00		14,874 62
Bradley Beach	6,500 00				6,500 00		13,802 73
Deal	1,700 00				1,700 00		2,381 25
Edgewater	3,042 00			150 00	3,192 00		10,656 16
Farmingdale		750 00		500 00	3,750 00		2,954 48
Freehold	2,500 00				2,500 00		28,727 08
Freehold Township	1,000 00				1,000 00		11,138 94
Highlands	2,000 00			550 00	2,550 00		7,234 76
Holmdel	700 00			550 00	1,250 00		8,203 27
Howell	2,000 00				3,500 00		11,530 37
Keyport	32,550 00	2,412 50		6,800 00	42,162 50		21,828 47
Long Branch	1,500 00			500 00	2,000 00		102,000 08
Manalapan							10,074 98

SCHOOL REPORT.

Apportionment of School Moneys, by Districts, for the County of MONMOUTH, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1911—Continued.

DISTRICTS.							
	Amount of district tax voted for "Current Expenses."	Amount of district tax voted for "Manual and Industrial Train- ing."	Amount of district tax voted for purchase of land.	Amount of district tax voted for building and enlarging school houses.	Amount of district tax voted for remodeling, refurbishing and re- pairing school houses.	Total amount of district tax or- dered to be raised, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount available from private sources for manual and indus- trial training.
Manasquan	\$2,100 00				\$400 00	\$2,500 00	\$9,457 66
Marlboro	3,650 00				550 00	4,200 00	12,466 38
Matawan	1,000 00				2,000 00	3,000 00	16,593 90
Middletown	1,000 00				800 00	1,800 00	39,016 14
Monmouth Beach	2,600 00					2,600 00	3,838 27
Neptune City	15,500 00				2,500 00	18,000 00	2,843 44
Neptune	3,400 00				1,200 00	4,600 00	46,897 29
Ocean							10,627 09
Raritan	12,750 00	\$750 00		\$3,000 00	2,500 00	19,000 00	7,406 68
Red Bank	4,250 00			1,900 00	450 00	6,600 00	49,529 93
Runnson	1,000 00	250 00				1,250 00	10,475 73
Sea Bright	5,125 00					5,125 00	13,707 55
Shrewsbury	3,500 00				1,600 00	5,100 00	21,776 66
Spring Lake	200 00					200 00	6,995 63
Upper Freehold	3,000 00				300 00	3,300 00	10,907 49
Wall	1,000 00					1,000 00	19,835 53
West Long Branch							4,338 28
Total	\$164,701 00	\$7,032 50		\$9,260 00	\$27,267 45	\$208,260 95	\$647,862 73

Total for school year ending June 30th, 1911.

MONMOUTH COUNTY.

SCHOOL REPORT.

DISTRICTS.	Actual number of days the schools were kept open.	Number of legal holidays the schools were not in session.	Possible number of days' attendance.	Days present—Boys.	Days present—Girls.	Total.	Days absent—Boys.	Days absent—Girls.	Total.	Times tardy—Boys.	Times tardy—Girls.	Total.
Allenhurst	182	6	343,567½	140,157	155,457½	295,614½	20,990½	26,982½	47,973	5,960	5,127	11,087
Asbury Park	181	6	29,344½	10,272	11,062	21,334	4,013	4,007½	8,020½	105	127	232
Atlantic	181	6	73,807	29,078	34,252	63,330	8,381	5,668	10,447	608	398	1,006
Atlantic Highlands	169	4	9,588	5,138	8,282½	13,414½	743	5,663	10,447	67	31	98
Avon	187	5	56,513	28,090½	23,960½	52,051½	2,103	3,429	1,306½	67	191	258
Belmar	183	5	31,002½	23,589	26,138½	50,011	2,003	6,582	7,350	613	536	1,149
Bradley Beach	183	5	31,002½	23,589	26,138½	50,011	2,003	6,582	7,350	613	536	1,149
Deal	182	6	53,700	22,688	21,108	44,696	4,561½	3,749½	8,004	385	477	862
Dalton	187	7	32,981	11,363	7,709½	19,072½	2,826	2,082½	4,908½	179	240	419
Freehold	191	6	125,990½	53,237½	54,400½	107,638	8,421½	9,082½	18,052½	721	411	1,132
Freehold Township	191	6	43,705½	18,969	14,957½	33,926½	1,052½	4,115½	9,741	993	641	1,634
Highlands	184	7	50,447½	17,801½	22,032½	39,837	4,269	6,101½	10,610½	379	277	656
Highland	179	5	25,252½	10,894	8,798	19,692	2,874½	2,713	5,560½	312	270	582
Holmdel	183	7	88,804	29,646	31,092½	60,738½	12,970½	13,189	26,065½	791	752	1,543
Howell	188	9	178,277	51,171	58,841	110,012	7,500½	8,314½	16,286	606	563	1,169
Keyport	183½	6	440,845½	201,261	203,488	405,076	17,205½	18,566	35,769½	723	398	1,121
Long Branch	191	6	49,031½	18,322½	20,161½	38,484	4,887½	5,660	10,547½	690	691	1,381
Manalapan	191	6	49,031½	18,322½	20,161½	38,484	4,887½	5,660	10,547½	690	691	1,381

**Report of Attendance, by Districts, for the County of MONMOUTH, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.**

DISTRICTS.	Actual number of days the schools were kept open.	Number of legal holidays the schools were not in session.	Possible number of days' attendance.	Days present—Boys.	Days present—Girls.	Total.	Days absent—Boys.	Days absent—Girls.	Total.	Times tardy—Boys.	Times tardy—Girls.	Total.
Manasquan	184½	5	66,004	26,822½	31,317½	58,140	3,470	4,394	7,864	423	263	686
Mariboro	177	5	42,375½	17,401½	17,212½	34,614	3,986½	3,775	7,761½	371	265	636
Matawan	183	5	95,451	36,181	43,602½	79,783½	7,249½	8,418	15,667½	686	495	1,181
Middletown	182	5	152,507½	62,265	60,880½	123,145½	14,953½	14,208½	29,162	692	550	1,529
Millstone	188	5	49,297½	20,340	16,829	37,169	6,443	5,685½	12,128½	379	650	1,529
Monmouth Beach	180	5	15,193½	7,976½	6,006	13,982½	652½	558½	1,211	35	12	47
Neptune City	189	5	19,840½	7,825½	7,494	15,319½	2,397½	2,123½	4,521	51	89	140
Neptune	184	5	208,448	90,990½	93,776	184,766½	11,754½	11,927	23,681½	1,372	1,249	2,621
Ocean	187	7	36,879	19,122½	13,371½	32,494	2,356½	2,058½	4,385	264	137	401
Raritan	175	4	50,198	21,256	17,418½	38,674½	5,893½	5,630	11,523½	705	871	1,576
Red Bank	190	6	218,481½	99,593	89,951	189,544	13,607½	15,330	28,937½	804	484	1,288
Rumson	185	6	56,011½	26,131½	25,096½	51,228	2,563	2,220½	4,783½	213	130	343
Sea Bright	182	5	42,633	19,400½	19,451½	38,852	1,779½	2,001½	3,781	118	103	221
Shrewsbury	179	7	92,325½	38,231	35,069	73,300	10,034½	8,991	19,025½	678	579	1,257
Spring Lake	184	6	22,087	11,551	8,524	20,075	1,084	928	2,012	125	38	163
Upper Freehold	192	6	74,461½	25,037½	31,963½	57,001	8,519	8,941½	17,460½	687	564	1,251
Wall	174	5	113,058	49,297	44,121	89,418½	12,162½	11,477	23,639½	1,297	1,296	2,593
West Long Branch	189	5	19,461	9,096	7,742½	16,838½	1,557½	1,065	2,622½	64	38	102
Total	184	6	2,969,422	1,267,756½	1,264,324½	2,532,081	18,598½	228,742½	447,341	22,984	18,963	41,947

MONMOUTH COUNTY.

Report of Attendance, by Districts, for the County of MONMOUTH, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Number of pupils neither absent nor tardy during the year.	Number of sessions truant.	Total number of days transported.	Number of different pupils transported to the district and enrolled in Grades IX to XII.	Number of different pupils transported to the district and enrolled below Grade IX.	Number of pupils enrolled who have attended public schools in other districts in New Jersey during the present school year.	Number of cases of suspension or expulsion during the year.	Number of pupils enrolled in kindergarten.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 1 to 4 inclusive.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 5 to 8 inclusive.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 9 to 12 inclusive.	Number of pupils between 4 and 20 years enrolled in the schools during the year—Boys.	Number of pupils between 4 and 20 years enrolled in the schools during the year—Girls.	Total.
Altenhurst	60	111	15,307	58	65	151	21	310	1,227	617	185	1,110	1,229	2,339
Asbury Park	3	2	5,600	35	9	4	5	52	146	106	131	131	121	252
Atlantic Highlands	4	2	5,600	35	9	4	5	52	177	139	111	222	257	479
Avon	7	17				65	5		51	27	25	44	34	78
Belmar	7	17				65	5		228	139	25	509	183	392
Bradley Beach	13	13				20	1		251	158		193	216	409
Deal	8	13				20	1		252	103		183	170	355
Eatonstown	6	52	13,908	53	6	1	1	56	379	60	184	84	61	145
Farmingdale	16	4				1	6		379	217		382	382	760
Freehold Township	4	4					1		207	114		182	134	316
Freehold	3	1					1		207	99	2	182	134	316
Highlands	3	1					9		137	84		121	92	213
Holmdel	3	1					9		343	231		280	294	574
Howell	3	1					9		419	278	80	367	410	777
Kearny	26	76				42	1	251	419	278	80	367	410	777
Long Branch	121	190	7,630	48		27	8		1,274	949	315	1,398	1,391	2,789
Manalapan	2	3							218	118	11	177	170	347

Report of Attendance, by Districts, for the County of MONMOUTH, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Number of pupils neither absent nor tardy during the year.													
	Number of sessions truant.													
DISTRICTS.	Total number of days transported.													
	Number of different pupils transported to the district and enrolled in Grades IX to XII.													
DISTRICTS.	Number of different pupils transported to the district and enrolled below Grade IX.													
	Number of pupils enrolled who have attended public schools in other districts in New Jersey during the present school year.													
DISTRICTS.	Number of cases of suspension or expulsion during the year.													
	Number of pupils enrolled in kindergarten.													
DISTRICTS.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 1 to 4 inclusive.													
	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 5 to 8 inclusive.													
DISTRICTS.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 9 to 12 inclusive.													
	Number of pupils between 4 and 20 years enrolled in the schools during the year—Boys.													
DISTRICTS.	Number of pupils between 4 and 20 years enrolled in the schools during the year—Girls.													
	Total.													
Manasquan	4	1	1,920	12	187	138	85	202	228	439				
Marlboro	6	1	307	2	238	94	5	181	156	337				
Matawan	12	35 1/2		2	212	134	61	256	228	610				
Middletown	30	8 1/2		39	131	352	1	560	530	1,410				
Milstone					137	147		132	144	365				
Monmouth Beach					84	55		66	73	139				
Monmouth City	1				825	397	198	711	709	1,430				
Neptune	34	41	1,887	48	166	79		142	103	245				
Ocean	2	1			262	101		198	165	363				
Raritan	2	3			890	339	143	697	645	1,342				
Red Bank	36	36	4,320	27	216	131	18	187	178	365				
Rumson	23			11	303	233	14	318	289	276				
Sea Bright	8	12			133	94		78	62	140				
Shrewsbury	6	2		16	369	233	11	256	291	547				
Spring Lake	7		380	2	86	54	34	72	386	807				
Upper Freehold	1			1	298	215		421	291	547				
Wall	5	7		10	421	386		72	386	807				
West Long Branch	6				89	36			53	125				
Total	449	618	51,309	315	65	481	104	745	11,159	6,482	1,472	9,993	9,865	19,858

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of MORRIS, State of New Jersey, for the School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.

DISTRICTS.

	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from State and county funds, as per County Superintendent's apportionment.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the State for "Manual and Industrial Training."	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Current Expenses."	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Manual and Industrial Training."	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, refurnishing and repairing school buildings, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount received from district tax for purchase of land.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from other sources, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.
Bloomton Township	\$13,224 74		\$15,941 76				\$1,186 36
Butler Borough	1,047 59		538 21				1,809 26
Chatham Borough	6,616 54		6,565 19				1,720 06
Chatham Township	4,367 89		5,667 02				828 02
Chester Township	2,673 25		1,844 25		\$425 00		35 89
Dover Township	5,063 92		9,569 30		600 00		4,572 99
Dover Town	23,233 75		10,790 32		7,000 00		80 00
Florham Park Borough	1,387 77		1,611 37				155 42
Harvard Township	9,821 82		2,017 87		2,535 76	\$50 00	299 15
Jefferson Township	4,780 23		9,360 04		300 00		2,773 79
Madison Borough	5,374 84	700 00	1,760 13	700 00	300 00		69 71
Madison Township	2,301 44		1,753 58		300 00		414 55
Montville Township	4,726 85		42,814 45		4,800 00		4,321 40
Monticello Township	22,151 65		9,806 37		1,400 00		269 69
Morris Township	5,742 77		624 12		200 00		94 49
Mt. Arlington Borough	812 78		2,151 53		300 00		201 83
Mt. Olive Township	5,091 14		1,306 92				211 86
Netcong Borough	4,918 74		3,566 25		950 00		77 48
Passaic Township	5,739 07		6,293 92				190 49
Piquanook Township	4,650 00		4,136 97		450 00		53 69
Randolph Township	7,760 81		3,954 36		500 00		2,203 87
Rockaway Borough	7,500 40		4,934 56		1,000 00		1,108 22
Rockaway Township	12,193 18		4,659 54		1,199 58		128 80
Roxbury Township	9,117 30		3,156 07		1,000 00		645 04
Washington Township	6,163 39		3,244 70		1,104 30		1,113 45
Wharton Borough	6,558 40						
Total	\$133,691 78	\$1,200 00	\$161,259 10	\$1,200 00	\$24,815 64	\$50 00	\$25,410 91

SCHOOL REPORT.

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of MORRIS, State of New Jersey, for the School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.

	Total amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, exclusive of amount raised for payment of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the sale of bonds.	Grand total received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909.	Amount expended for teachers' salaries, exclusive of amount paid on account of work done in manual and industrial training classes, and exclusive of amount paid on account Teachers' Retirement Fund.	Amount paid State treasurer for Teachers' Retirement Fund.	Amount expended for fuel.	Amount expended for janitors' wages for day schools.	Amount expended for text-books, apparatus and supplies, exclusive of those in column 16.
Boonton Town	\$31,356 86		\$31,356 86	\$17,080 82	\$290 93	\$750 26	\$1,345 00	\$1,575 55
Bloomfield Township	1,585 80		1,585 80	990 00	10 00	36 01	625 00	52 95
Butler Borough	15,020 99	\$12,000 00	27,020 99	8,350 13	74 00	339 51	625 00	940 82
Chatham Borough	11,764 97	56,040 00	67,764 97	6,113 28	59 72	288 13	420 00	475 07
Chatham Township	5,768 52		5,768 52	3,085 20	38 05	179 35	200 00	310 02
Chester Township	6,309 96		6,309 96	3,621 00	33 30	296 73	1,000 00	252 89
Dover Town	43,876 04		43,876 04	25,624 00	385 89	1,694 48	2,460 00	2,056 21
Dover Township	3,879 34		3,879 34	1,613 50	77 00	553 50	962 38	860 25
Florida Park Borough	4,563 42		4,563 42	4,767 70	35 00	242 16		219 75
Florham Township	7,397 32	58,418 58	65,815 90	14,514 50	148 00		1,456 66	1,018 93
Florham Township	23,448 83		23,448 83	2,518 00	48 00	312 00	150 00	185 87
Madison Borough	5,101 98		5,101 98	3,871 49	18 00	144 92	150 00	170 59
Madison Township	6,506 08		6,506 08	3,871 49	39 55	80 85	149 53	447 27
Menlham Borough	6,592 15		6,592 15	35,917 77	344 53	2,717 37	3,061 00	3,068 74
Menlham Township	76,197 50		76,197 50	6,523 00	60 78	494 50	470 00	536 97
Montville Township	17,942 83		17,942 83	760 00		56 16	80 00	62 20
Morris Township	1,731 39		1,731 39	3,470 80	54 50	174 67		265 51
Morris Township	7,654 56		7,654 56	4,925 00	39 80		400 00	361 17
Mt. Olive Township	6,437 52		6,437 52	5,291 45	43 80	272 76	380 00	492 10
Natong Borough	10,772 80	1,750 00	12,522 80	4,950 25	70 60			463 97
Pegannock Township	12,401 47		12,401 47	6,012 50	88 35	371 70		433 79
Randolph Township	14,138 63		14,138 63	12,084 51	146 35	614 88	600 00	844 65
Rockaway Borough	19,255 96		19,255 96	12,084 51	79 06	850 90		641 71
Rockaway Township	15,104 22		15,104 22	8,968 50	106 50	456 85	830 83	736 01
Rockway Township	10,964 50		10,964 50	7,183 21		256 33		539 81
Washington Township	12,020 85		12,020 85	6,790 30	134 70	236 33	540 00	545 72
Wharton Borough								
Total	\$407,687 43	\$130,276 18	\$537,963 61	\$215,442 45	2,438 10	\$12,539 89	\$14,530 35	\$17,721 14

MORRIS COUNTY.

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of MORRIS, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Amount expended for "Manual and Industrial Training," including salaries, apparatus and supplies therefor.	Amount expended for transportation of pupils residing within the district to schools in other districts.	Amount expended for transportation of pupils within the district.	Amount expended for tuition of pupils in other districts.	Amount expended for medical inspection.	Amount expended for attendance officers.	Amount expended for school libraries and apparatus purchased with library money.	Amount expended for interest on temporary loans.
Boonton Town	\$1,256 91			\$223 00	\$400 00	\$200 00	\$53 27	\$73 58
Boonton Township				119 00		186 70		10 50
Butler Borough				175 00	208 00		14 67	30 00
Chatham Borough		\$75 00		176 00				8 50
Chatham Township		92 00		491 00				232 50
Chester Township		385 00			500 00			
Dover Town								
Florham Park Borough		183 00		700 00				
Florham Township		1,427 26		1,833 00	305 60		10 00	140 00
Hanover Township		274 60	\$249 00	265 00	67 50		18 90	17 16
Jefferson Borough	1,400 00			16 00	150 00			73 62
Madison Borough		536 00		516 00				23 40
Madison Township		197 00	387 00		50 00			
Menlham Borough					210 00		10 00	
Menlham Township		135 40		80 00	385 50		20 00	
Montville Township				1,183 00				
Montville Township				80 00	18 00			15 15
Morris Township				89 00	110 75			30 39
Mt. Arlington Borough			9 00	820 00				78 14
Mt. Olive Township		325 10		80 00				43 74
Natong Township		84 30		80 00				18 00
Natong Township		76 00		1,892 70				25 90
Passaic Township		423 82		1,601 25				52 63
Peduncok Township		74 80			300 00			
Peduncok Township		94 00	288 50					
Rockaway Borough			288 00					
Rockaway Township		1,556 50	684 50	1,367 10			10 00	
Rockway Township		25 00	297 00	200 00			89 80	
Washington Township				25 00				
Washington Township								
Wharton Borough								
Total.....	\$2,656 91	\$7,274 50	\$2,111 00	\$13,298 05	\$3,790 85	\$558 19	\$293 56	\$872 39

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of MORRIS, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Amount expended for other school purposes.	Total amount for "Current Expenses" and "Manual and Industrial Training" for day schools.	Amount expended for new buildings and enlargements.	Amount expended for remodeling, repairing and furnishing school buildings and purchase of land.	Total amount expended for building, enlarging, remodeling and repairing, and purchase of land.	Grand total expended, excluding bonded debt and interest on bonds.	Balance of State and county funds, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of State and county funds for manual and industrial training, June 30th, 1910.
Boonton Town	\$4,645 51	\$27,647 83		\$1,300 14	\$1,300 14	\$28,947 97		
Boonton Township	59 62	1,402 08		92 99	92 99	1,456 07		
Butler Borough	2,942 63	13,453 79	\$11,916 05		11,916 05	25,374 84		
Chatham Borough	1,676 45	9,241 32	11,850 00		19,850 00	29,091 32		
Chatham Township	201 24	4,559 86		8,000 00	408 64	4,968 50		
Chester Township	287 27	5,414 78		331 98	331 98	5,746 76		
Dover Town	1,609 45	34,399 13		6,092 84	6,092 84	40,491 97	\$327 89	
Florham Park Borough	105 25	2,712 58		23 57	23 57	2,736 15	38 54	
Hanover Township	2,293 81	18,073 04		1,579 70	1,579 70	19,652 74		
Jefferson Township	142 45	6,299 22		176 62	176 62	6,475 84		
Madison Borough	578 02	20,451 86	29,020 99	7,434 00	26,454 99	56,906 85		
Mendham Borough	79 80	4,364 07		92 82	92 82	4,456 89		
Mendham Township	48 89	4,621 40		450 07	450 07	5,071 47		
Montville Township	204 33	5,218 82		140 42	140 42	5,359 24	549 17	
Morristown Town	4,244 71	49,739 62		4,978 04	4,978 04	54,717 66		
Morris Township	639 57	10,214 82		1,400 00	1,400 00	11,614 82		
Mt. Arlington Borough	50 00	1,281 46		49 06	49 06	1,330 52	2 78	
Mt. Olive Township	293 01	6,045 39		92 20	92 20	6,137 59		
Netcong Borough	121 15	6,167 51		231 37	231 37	6,398 88		
Passaic Township	292 68	9,527 76	1,628 58		2,250 44	11,778 20		
Pequanock Township	283 53	8,002 84	1,691 94		2,446 71	10,449 55		
Randolph Township	249 35	9,156 58		754 77	404 05	9,560 63		
Rockaway Borough	1,288 41	11,117 43		1,758 39	1,758 39	11,117 43		
Rockaway Township	103 27	12,225 26		1,196 29	1,196 29	13,421 55		
Roxbury Township		9,894 71		1,000 00	1,000 00	10,894 71		
Washington Township	1,184 66			196 09	196 09	9,193 39		
Wharton Borough	404 10	8,997 30						
Total.....	\$24,039 16	\$317,536 63	\$56,107 56	\$38,805 91	\$94,913 47	\$412,450 10	\$918 38	

MORRIS COUNTY.

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SCHOOL REPORT.

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of MORRIS, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Balance of district tax for current expenses, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for manual and industrial training, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, repairing and interest on bonds, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for purchase of land.	Balance of moneys from other sources, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax raised for bonds and interest on bonds.	Balance from bond sale June 30th, 1910.	Total balance, June 30th, 1910.
Boonton Town	\$2,388 83				\$20 06		\$2,408 89
Boonton Township	90 73						90 73
Butler Borough	92 34				1,469 86	\$83 85	1,646 15
Chatham Borough	3,523 65					36,150 00	38,673 65
Chatham Township			\$16 36		73 63		89 99
Chester Township	164 20		268 02		3 08		763 20
Dover Town					3,884 07		3,884 07
Florham Park Borough	234 45				80 00		352 99
Hanover Township	2,549 10		1,066 06		145 42		3,760 58
Jefferson Township	517 78		123 38		280 25		921 41
Madison Borough					2,195 77	22,764 89	24,960 66
Mendham Borough	368 20		207 18		69 71		645 09
Mendham Township	1,019 02		49 93		365 66		1,434 61
Montville Township	624 16		59 58				1,232 91
Morristown Town	17,048 44				4,431 40		21,479 84
Morris Township	5,354 32				973 69		6,328 01
Mt. Arlington Borough	152 66		150 94		94 49		400 87
Mt. Olive Township	1,107 34		207 80		201 83		1,516 97
Netcong Borough	26				38 38		38 64
Passaic Township	237 56		328 14		57 48	478 72	1,101 90
Pequanock Township	2,246 70				129 20	58 06	2,433 96
Randolph Township	2,741 20		45 95		53 69		2,840 84
Rockaway Borough	1,254 81		500 00		1,286 39		3,041 20
Rockaway Township	137 95				38 45		176 40
Roxbury Township	1,676 96		5 71				1,682 67
Washington Township	69 79						69 79
Wharton Borough	826 95		908 21		1,082 30		2,827 46
Total	\$43,427 40		\$3,937 26		\$17,694 85	\$59,535 62	\$125,513 51

**Apportionment of School Moneys, by Districts, for the County of MORRIS, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1911.**

DISTRICTS.	Balance of State and county funds, July 1st, 1910.	Balance "District Tax," July 1st, 1910.	Balance received from other sources, July 1st, 1910.	Total balance, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax for bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount apportioned from State appropriation, railroad tax, State school tax and State school fund appropriation.	Amount apportioned from surplus revenue.	Amount apportioned from balances.	Amount available for manual and industrial training from State funds.
Boonton Town		\$2,388 83	\$20 06	\$2,408 89	\$12,879 77	\$256 78		\$700 00
Boonton Township		90 73		90 73	1,143 77	19 12		
Butler Borough		92 34	1,553 81	1,646 15	6,829 66	127 98		
Chatham Borough		1,523 65	36,150 00	38,673 65	4,808 65	82 13		
Chatham Township		16 36	783 66	800 02	2,749 57	52 73		
Chester Township		432 22	3 09	763 20	4,174 06	73 17		
Dover Town	\$327 89		3,884 07	3,884 07	22,406 28	507 48		
Florham Park Borough		234 45	80 00	352 99	1,523 22	25 09		
Hanover Township	38 54	3,615 16	145 42	3,760 58	10,238 95	160 98		
Jefferson Township		641 16	280 25	921 41	5,132 10	82 81		
Madison Borough			24,960 66	24,960 66	10,053 58	191 94		
Mendham Borough		575 38	69 71	645 09	2,797 03	48 62		
Mendham Township		1,068 95	365 66	1,434 61	3,086 03	44 34		
Montville Township	549 17	683 74		1,232 91	4,031 60	90 04		
Morristown Town		17,048 44	4,431 40	21,479 84	24,264 36	514 54		
Morris Township		5,354 32	973 69	6,328 01	5,734 91	102 63		
Mt. Arlington Borough	2 78	303 60	94 49	400 87	719 02	12 79		
Mt. Olive Township		1,315 14	201 83	1,516 97	4,744 28	65 59		
Netcong Borough		26	38 38	38 64	4,563 37	89 41		
Passaic Township		565 70	536 20	1,101 90	5,125 85	84 35		
Pequannock Township		2,246 70	187 26	2,433 96	5,276 88	83 46		
Randolph Township		2,787 15	53 69	2,840 84	7,132 29	125 31		
Rockaway Borough		1,754 81	1,286 39	3,041 20	7,046 92	152 46		
Rockaway Township		137 95	38 45	176 40	12,444 55	238 65		
Roxbury Township		1,682 67		1,682 67	8,035 72	134 96		
Washington Township		69 79		69 79	6,496 78	100 03		
Wharton Borough		1,735 16	1,092 30	2,827 46	5,986 74	133 22		
Total.....	\$918 38	\$47,364 66	\$77,230 47	\$125,513 51	\$190,420 95	\$3,600 00		\$700 00

MORRIS COUNTY.

**Apportionment of School Moneys, by Districts, for the County of MORRIS, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1911—Continued.**

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SCHOOL REPORT.

DISTRICTS.	Amount of district tax voted for "Current Expenses."	Amount of district tax voted for "Manual and Industrial Train- ing."	Amount of district tax voted for purchase of land.	Amount of district tax voted for building and enlarging school houses.	Amount of district tax voted for remodeling, refurnishing and re- pairing school houses.	Total amount of district tax or- dered to be raised, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount available from private sources for manual and indus- trial training.	Total amount available from other sources, excluding proceeds from sale of bonds, and tax raised for bonds due and interest on bonds.	Total for school year ending June 30th, 1911.
Boonton Town	\$13,000 00	\$700 00				\$13,700 00			\$29,945 44
Boonton Township	1,000 00					1,000 00			2,253 62
Butler Borough	5,300 00					5,300 00			13,903 79
Chatham Borough	4,480 00					4,480 00			48,039 44
Chatham Township	2,155 00				\$245 00	2,400 00			6,002 32
Chester Township	1,200 00				300 00	1,500 00			6,510 43
Dover Town	8,000 00				8,000 00	16,000 00			42,797 83
Florham Park Borough	1,500 00				250 00	1,750 00			3,651 30
Hanover Township	10,000 00					10,000 00			24,160 51
Jefferson Township	1,700 00				300 00	2,000 00			8,136 32
Madison Borough	13,000 00					13,000 00			48,206 18
Mendham Borough	1,400 00				300 00	1,700 00			5,190 74
Mendham Township	1,000 00				250 00	1,250 00			5,814 98
Montville Township	1,600 00					1,600 00			6,954 55
Morristown Town	30,700 00				4,800 00	35,500 00		\$3,977 08	85,735 82
Morris Township	5,000 00				2,000 00	7,000 00			19,165 55
Mt. Arlington Borough	800 00					800 00			1,932 68
Mt. Olive Township	800 00				200 00	1,000 00			7,326 84
Netcong Borough	1,900 00				150 00	2,050 00			6,741 42
Passaic Township	5,500 00			\$1,400 00	700 00	7,600 00			13,912 10
Pequannock Township	3,500 00					3,500 00			11,294 30
Randolph Township	2,400 00				400 00	2,800 00			12,898 44
Rockaway Borough	3,000 00					3,000 00			13,240 57
Rockaway Township	5,000 00				1,500 00	6,500 00			20,359 00
Roxbury Township	4,390 00				350 00	4,740 00			14,593 35
Washington Township	3,500 00				1,000 00	4,500 00			11,166 60
Wharton Borough	3,200 00				400 00	3,600 00			12,547 42
Total.....	\$135,025 00	\$700 00		\$1,400 00	\$21,145 00	\$158,270 00		\$3,977 08	\$482,481 54

**Report of Attendance, by Districts, for the County of MORRIS, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.**

DISTRICTS.	Actual number of days the schools were kept open.	Number of legal holidays the schools were not in session.	Possible number of days' attendance.	Days present—Boys.	Days present—Girls.	Total.	Days absent—Boys.	Days absent—Girls.	Total.	Times tardy—Boys.	Times tardy—Girls.	Total.
Boonton Town	187	6	146,182	62,771½	63,497	126,268½	9,025½	10,888	19,913½	395	381	776
Boonton Township	188	6	10,963	4,761½	3,715	8,476½	1,074½	1,412	2,486½	20	49	69
Butler Borough	190	7	69,700	26,563	31,203½	57,766½	6,752½	5,181	11,933½	103	80	183
Chatham Borough	183	7	43,716	21,446½	14,765½	36,212	4,375	3,129	7,504	255	118	373
Chatham Township	191	6	29,684½	10,638½	11,279	21,917½	3,498	4,269	7,767	333	191	524
Chester Township	188	7	36,472	12,378	15,726½	28,104½	4,750	3,617½	8,367½	66	101	167
Dover Town	192	7	267,443½	119,765½	118,363	238,128½	13,773	15,542	29,315	212	158	370
Florham Park Borough	192	7	11,025½	5,539	4,740	10,279	328	418½	746½	23	10	33
Hanover Township	188	8	93,320	36,452½	39,053	75,505½	9,093½	8,721	17,814½	436	348	784
Jefferson Township	192	6	48,009	19,453	18,657	38,110	4,830½	5,068½	9,899	432	231	663
Madison Borough	192	4	101,964½	46,148½	40,379½	86,528	7,967½	7,469	15,436½	1,060	672	1,732
Mendham Borough	191	6	26,216	12,179	10,136	22,315	2,140	1,761	3,901	131	36	167
Mendham Township	193	7	23,889½	9,630	9,961	19,591	2,298½	1,999	4,298½	92	96	188
Montville Township	185	7	54,843	22,071½	18,566	40,637½	8,030½	6,135	14,205½	338	226	564
Morristown Town	191	5	277,601	124,600½	123,854	248,454½	13,900	15,246½	29,146½	1,438	843	2,281
Morris Township	187	7	58,132	26,102	20,342½	46,444½	6,393½	5,294	11,687½	526	265	791
Mt. Arlington Borough	186	6	8,063	3,832½	2,841½	6,674	722	667	1,389	41	28	69
Mt. Olive Township	189	6	35,148½	13,471½	13,635	27,106½	4,052	3,990	8,042	376	354	730
Netcong Borough	186	7	54,076½	21,114	20,976½	42,090½	5,531½	6,454½	11,986	308	296	604
Passaic Township	188	7	51,863	22,892	18,036	40,928	5,415	5,520	10,935	378	278	656
Pequannock Township	180	6	50,886	18,596½	17,890½	36,487	6,904	7,495	14,399	538	483	1,021
Randolph Township	190	7	76,125½	29,550½	28,192½	57,743	9,779½	8,603	18,382½	260	109	369
Rockaway Borough	191	7	80,912	37,102½	34,909	72,011½	4,756	4,144½	8,900½	93	74	167
Rockaway Township	191	7	136,505	59,412	55,794½	115,206½	11,336½	9,962	21,298½	482	345	827
Roxbury Township	192	7	83,722	33,251	33,204½	66,455½	8,778½	8,488	17,266½	515	350	865
Washington Township	174	8	55,443	21,453	22,451	43,904	6,241	5,298	11,539	388	347	735
Wharton Borough	193	5	70,116	33,498	29,841½	63,339½	3,410½	3,366	6,776½	177	161	338
Total.....	188½	6½	2,002,022	854,674	822,011	1,676,685	165,148	160,189	325,337	9,416	6,630	16,046

MORRIS COUNTY.

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Report of Attendance, by Districts, for the County of MORRIS, State of New Jersey, for the School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Number of pupils neither absent nor tardy during the year.	Number of sessions truant.	Total number of days transported.	Number of different pupils transported to the district and enrolled in Grades IX to XII.	Number of different pupils transported to the district and enrolled below Grade IX.	Number of pupils enrolled who have attended public schools in other districts in New Jersey during the present school year.	Number of cases of suspension or expulsion during the year.	Number of pupils enrolled in kindergarten.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 1 to 4 inclusive.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 5 to 8 inclusive.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 9 to 12 inclusive.	Number of pupils between 4 and 20 years enrolled in the schools during the year—Boys.	Number of pupils between 4 and 20 years enrolled in the schools during the year—Girls.	Total.
Boonton Town	34	48	3,000	19	.....	1	.....	103	441	239	104	436	451	887
Boonton Township	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	46	25	.....	36	35	71
Butler Borough	3	.....	3,669	22	.....	6	.....	.....	214	137	91	215	227	442
Chatham Borough	14	9	.....	.....	.....	10	.....	30	134	83	30	165	112	277
Chatham Township	1	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	128	66	.....	95	99	194
Chester Township	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	130	91	3	106	118	224
Dover Town	74	58	6,535	39	.....	30	1	.....	889	468	213	787	783	1,570
Florham Park Borough	6	6	.....	.....	.....	10	.....	.....	52	26	.....	40	38	78
Hanover Township	6	95	.....	.....	.....	8	1	.....	389	250	.....	323	316	639
Jefferson Township	5	.....	266	.....	.....	30	2	.....	196	108	10	158	156	314
Madison Borough	6	283	3,128	21	.....	7	14	.....	365	151	91	327	280	607
Mendham Borough .....	.....	6	425	3	.....	.....	2	.....	98	49	9	87	69	156
Mendham Township	7	.....	1,007	.....	.....	14	4	.....	103	62	.....	84	81	165
Montville Township	9	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	5	.....	230	122	10	199	163	362
Morristown Town	102	625	5,987	36	.....	63	13	.....	889	556	222	834	833	1,667
Morris Township	10	6	.....	.....	.....	65	28	.....	245	123	.....	206	162	368
Mt. Arlington Borough .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	38	23	.....	33	28	61
Mt. Olive Township .....	.....	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	153	91	.....	123	122	245
Netcong Borough .....	.....	.....	35	1	.....	1	.....	.....	242	84	19	169	176	345
Passaic Township	3	21	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	226	136	.....	190	172	362
Pequannock Township	1	28	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	231	112	.....	173	170	343
Randolph Township	8	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	5	.....	317	164	.....	280	231	481
Rockaway Borough	27	15	3,108	18	.....	12	.....	59	221	138	70	247	241	488
Rockaway Township	39	8	464	.....	.....	9	.....	.....	620	213	.....	438	395	833
Roxbury Township	11	20	6,458	.....	.....	18	2	.....	310	171	43	269	255	524
Washington Township	11	16	1,808	2	.....	10	1	.....	228	149	27	204	200	404
Wharton Borough	59	22	.....	.....	.....	24	.....	.....	240	132	43	222	193	415
Total	441	1,299	35,890	161	.....	318	100	192	7,375	3,969	986	6,416	6,106	12,522

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of OCEAN, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.

DISTRICTS.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from State and county funds, as per County Superintendent's apportionment.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the State for "Manual and Industrial Training."	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Current Expenses."	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Manual and Industrial Training."	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, refurnishing and repairing school buildings, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount received from district tax for purchase of land.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from other sources, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.
Barnegat City	\$248 74		\$492 77				\$3 00
Bay Head	827 61		567 49		\$350 00		960 00
Beach Haven	916 47		308 69				
Berkeley	1,877 35		1,000 00				9 25
Brick	5,248 46		2,311 12		600 00		1,180 50
Dover	7,881 70		6,860 67		1,213 82		45 45
Eagleswood	2,317 60		878 68		500 00		
Harvey Cedars	238 28		269 06				2 00
Island Heights	1,064 83		1,368 11				115 00
Jackson	3,770 87		2,555 04		700 00		520 00
Lacey	1,729 87	\$500 00	1,000 00	\$500 00			1,330 80
Lakewood	15,439 23		29,913 64		2,000 00		20 00
Little Beach	1,440 35		354 29				
Little Beach Harbor	1,332 83		636 18				69 36
Mantoloking	3,194 85		4,268 09				
Margaret	1,026 99		338 28				284 52
Middletown	3,846 02		3,351 68		750 00		4,309 91
Plumsted	5,082 34	425 00	1,694 29	425 00	100 00		16 00
Point Pleasant	389 83		765 02				70 00
Sea Side Park	3,318 04		1,728 49				
Stafford	237 10		257 82				514 20
Surf City	4,189 34		2,384 68		300 00		149 25
Tuckerton	2,564 80		1,950 18		400 00		
Union							
Total.....	\$86,888 13	\$925 00	\$64,985 07	\$925 00	\$6,913 82		\$9,587 24

OCEAN COUNTY.

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of OCEAN, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Total amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, exclusive of amount raised for payment of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the sale of bonds.	Grand total received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909.	Amount expended for teachers' salaries, exclusive of amount paid on account of work done in manual and industrial training classes, and exclusive of amount paid on account Teachers' Retirement Fund.	Amount paid State treasurer for Teachers' Retirement Fund.	Amount expended for fuel.	Amount expended for janitors' wages for day schools.	Amount expended for text-books, apparatus and supplies, exclusive of those in column 18.
Barnegat City	\$744 51		\$744 51	\$300 00		\$11 75	\$58 00	\$102 57
Bay Head	1,768 10		1,768 10	530 00		26 00		40 20
Beach Haven	2,183 06		2,183 06	990 00		50 85		28 00
Berkeley	2,581 35		2,581 35	1,008 09	\$28 06	61 62		133 23
Brick	8,708 85		8,708 85	8,264 20	56 52	240 00	160 00	215 96
Brickerville	17,680 89		17,680 89	9,359 60	124 50	471 89	480 00	1,005 79
Deerwood	741 82		741 82	294 20	28 80	167 92	50 00	184 86
Harvey Cedars	3,708 31		3,708 31	1,482 70				25 20
Island Heights	2,172 00		2,172 00	3,693 85	1,770 00	310 42		150 12
Jackson	7,320 84		7,320 84	1,650 60	32 40	90 00		408 13
Lacey	49,583 67		49,583 67	25,121 77	320 91	1,035 25		82 13
Lakewood	1,514 64		1,514 64	1,066 50	13 50	78 49	1,702 86	2,715 28
Little Egg Harbor	870 01		870 01	450 00		16 50	31 00	32 81
Long Beach	7,532 30		7,532 30	3,031 90		220 04	232 25	322 76
Manchester	1,385 27		1,385 27	1,008 00		10 00	15 00	28 03
Ocean	8,232 22		8,232 22	4,109 16	69 72	204 35	34 60	485 48
Plumsted	12,038 54		12,038 54	7,143 50	143 60	750 07	500 00	648 75
Point Pleasant	1,170 85		1,170 85	450 00		22 00	44 90	21 97
Sea Side Park	5,116 53		5,116 53	3,408 00	21 00	62 90	153 00	55 02
Stafford	494 92		494 92	300 00		12 00	233 30	16 78
Storr City	7,885 22	\$11,187 12	18,072 34	4,483 26	31 74		223 00	840 45
Tuckerton	5,006 23		5,006 23	3,146 00	58 00	169 88	240 00	192 41
Total.....	\$150,302 26	\$11,187 12	\$161,339 38	\$81,129 53	\$1,026 44	\$4,301 27	\$4,040 61	\$7,586 75

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of OCEAN, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Amount expended for "Manual and Industrial Training," including salaries, apparatus and supplies therefor.	Amount expended for transportation of pupils residing within the district to schools in other districts.	Amount expended for transportation of pupils within the district.	Amount expended for tuition of pupils in other districts.	Amount expended for medical inspection.	Amount expended for attendance officers.	Amount expended for school libraries and apparatus purchased with library money.	Amount expended for interest on temporary loans.
Barnegat City		\$47 88		\$25 00				
Bay Head		121 68		465 00	\$16 00			
Beach Haven		370 91		125 00				\$17 63
Berkeley		109 16		520 00				
Brick		666 80		892 50		\$16 88		39 33
Dover					104 17	257 50		
Eagleswood		283 10		210 00	80 00	3 25		53 75
Harvey Cedars								
Island Heights		69 84		60 00	12 50			
Jackson		523 25		240 00	125 00			
Lacey		377 65	\$24 00	324 00	26 10			12 50
Lakewood	\$1,185 13				237 00		\$97 88	
Little Egg Harbor			20 40	24 00	50 00		20 00	
Long Beach		15 00		10 00	100 00			
Manchester		315 70	259 50	249 46	55 00	52 60	54 57	6 00
Ocean		82 80		100 00	25 00			20 25
Plumsted		260 00	30 00	230 00	80 00		10 00	8 34
Point Pleasant	897 98				125 00	60 00	48 72	98 11
Sea Side Park		37 83		30 00	13 00			
Stafford		24 80	22 73					
Surf City								
Tuckerton						50 00	30 00	15 91
Union		95 96		22 50	7 50	10 00	11 75	8 12
Total.....	\$2,083 11	\$3,402 36	\$356 63	\$3,527 46	\$1,066 27	\$450 23	\$272 92	\$279 94

SCHOOL REPORT.

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of OCEAN, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Amount expended for other school purposes.	Total amount for "Current Expenses" and "Manual and Industrial Training" for day schools.	Amount expended for new buildings and enlargements.	Amount expended for remodeling, repairing and refurnishing school buildings and purchase of land.	Total amount expended for building, enlarging, remodeling and repairing, and purchase of land.	Grand total expended, excluding bonded debt and interest on bonds.	Balance of State and county funds, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of State and county funds for manual and industrial training, June 30th, 1910.
Barnegat City	\$50 00	\$494 63				\$494 63		
Bay Head	91 51	1,418 76		\$429 80	\$429 80	1,848 56		
Beach Haven	65 60	1,660 19		500 00	500 00	2,160 19		
Berkeley	135 20	2,595 35				2,595 35		
Brick	104 92	7,545 41		481 66	481 66	8,125 07		
Dover	521 15	12,364 30		786 18	786 18	13,150 48		
Eagleswood	89 38	3,222 35		500 00	500 00	3,722 35		
Harvey Cedars	2 75	387 95				387 95		
Island Heights	5 65	1,838 45				1,838 45		
Jackson	421 67	5,663 85		584 32	584 32	6,248 17		
Lacey	566 28	3,174 38		30 69	30 69	3,205 07		
Lakewood	1,435 17	35,452 25		1,885 59	1,885 59	35,334 84		
Little Egg Harbor	88 96	1,496 65				1,496 65		
Long Beach	56 40	711 71		547 55	547 55	5,388 77		
Manchester	183 64	5,651 22				5,388 77		
Ocean	74 69	1,363 68		399 11	399 11	1,363 68		
Plumsted	380 40	5,702 32	\$598 17		598 17	6,300 49		
Point Pleasant	83 85	10,702 32		1,146 56	1,146 56	11,848 88		
Sea Side Park	81 26	3,707 66				3,707 66		
Stafford	173 89	3,693 98		18 03	18 03	3,929 01		
Surf City	36 60	6,083 88				428 88		
Tuckerton	276 31	6,183 97	11,129 56	196 47	11,326 03	17,520 00		
Union	163 90	4,126 02		400 00	400 00	4,526 02		
Total.....	\$4,885 41	\$114,406 93	\$11,727 73	\$7,501 96	\$19,229 69	\$134,036 62		

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of OCEAN, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.		Balance of district tax for current expenses, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for manual and industrial training, June 30th, 1910	Balance of district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, furnishing and repairing, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for purchase of land.	Balance of moneys from other sources, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax raised for bonds and interest on bonds.	Balance from bond sale June 30th, 1910.	Total balance, June 30th, 1910.
Barnegat City	\$246 88							\$246 88
Bay Head	*85 46							*85 46
Beach Haven	24 87							24 87
Berkeley	242 00							242 00
Brick				\$43 76		\$1,180 50		43 76
Dover	2,755 71							3,936 21
Eaglewood	19 28					5 00		19 28
Harvey Cedars	120 39							120 39
Island Heights	329 55					115 00		334 55
Jackson	857 66			115 68				1,068 34
Lacey						65 77		65 77
Lakewood	13,148 75			117 49		982 67		14,248 83
Little Egg Harbor	17 99							17 99
Long Beach	158 30							158 30
Manchester	1,918 74					14 79		1,933 53
Ocean	2,529 49							2,529 49
Plumsted	1,532 41							1,532 41
Point Pleasant	469 79					94 62		564 41
Sea Side Park	1,177 52							1,177 52
Sea Side City	66 04							66 04
Stuart City	901 81			103 53				1,005 34
Tuckerton	538 21							538 21
Union								
Total.....	\$24,462 03			\$380 38		\$2,458 35		\$27,300 76

*Over draft.

Apportionment of School Moneys, by Districts, for the County of OCEAN, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1911.

DISTRICTS.						
	Balance of State and county funds, July 1st, 1910.	Balance "District Tax," July 1st, 1910.	Balance received from other sources, July 1st, 1910.	Total balance, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax for bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount apportioned from State appropriation, railroad tax, State school tax and State school fund appropriation.	Amount apportioned from surplus revenue.
Barnegat City		\$246 88		\$246 88	\$271 54	\$1 09
Bay Head		*85 46		*85 46	83 73	8 33
Beach Haven		24 87		24 87	1 18 21	11 42
Berkeley		242 90		242 90	1,102 85	13 36
Beverly		43 70		43 70	6,438 63	69 84
Dover		2,752 76	\$1,180 50	3,933 26	7,188 98	108 83
Eastwood		19 38		19 38	2,327 47	28 74
Harvey Cedars		120 39		120 39	334 55	1 14
Island Heights		329 55	5 00	334 55	1,073 82	13 31
Jackson		972 34	115 00	1,088 34	3,946 28	43 71
Lakehurst			66 77	66 77	1,790 32	19 47
Little Egg Harbor		13,266 16	982 67	14,248 83	15,132 84	237 86
Long Beach		17 99		17 99	1,138 66	18 52
Manchester		158 30		158 30	258 78	1 37
Ocean		1,918 74	14 79	1,933 53	3,194 69	34 60
Plumsted		21 59		21 59	1,932 53	12 69
Point Pleasant		1,532 41	94 62	1,627 03	4,013 22	51 37
Sea Side Park		469 79		469 79	6,356 71	71 25
Stafford		1,177 52		1,177 52	3,228 47	50 27
Surf City		66 04		66 04	264 47	2 34
Tuckerton		1,005 34		1,005 34	4,141 08	63 40
Tinton		538 21		538 21	2,890 41	39 43
Total		\$24,842 41	\$2,458 35	\$27,300 76	\$68,207 90	\$304 10
						\$1,050 00

*Over draft.

Apportionment of School Moneys, by Districts, for the County of OCEAN, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1911—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Amount of district tax voted for						
	"Current Expenses."						
DISTRICTS.	Amount of district tax voted for						
	"Manual and Industrial Training."						
DISTRICTS.	Amount of district tax voted for						
	purchase of land.						
DISTRICTS.	Amount of district tax voted for						
	building and enlarging school houses.						
DISTRICTS.	Amount of district tax voted for						
	remodeling, refurnishing and repairing school houses.						
DISTRICTS.	Total amount of district tax ordered						
	to be raised, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.						
DISTRICTS.	Amount available from private						
	sources for manual and industrial training.						
DISTRICTS.	Total amount available from other						
	sources, excluding proceeds from sale of bonds, and tax raised for bonds due and interest on bonds.						
DISTRICTS.	Total for school year ending June						
	30th, 1911.						
Barnegat City	\$300 00				\$300 00		\$819 51
Bay Head	500 00				500 00		1,271 60
Beach Haven	975 00				1,475 00		2,650 20
Berkeley	1,300 00		\$500 00		1,800 00		3,083 01
Brick	1,600 00			\$1,000 00	2,600 00		3,860 20
Dover	1,000 00			1,000 00	2,000 00		13,738 65
Eastwood	500 00			150 00	650 00		3,023 23
Harvey Cedars	250 00				250 00		602 53
Island Heights	300 00				300 00		2,321 63
Jackson	3,000 00			500 00	3,500 00		8,578 53
Lacey	1,500 00				1,500 00		3,578 53
Lakeview	18,000 00	\$600 00		2,000 00	20,600 00		50,819 53
Long Beach	430 00				430 00		1,575 17
Manahawick	2,550 00			250 00	2,800 00		8,482 82
Ocean	450 00				450 00		1,589 51
Point Pleasant	1,800 00			50 00	1,850 00		7,447 00
Sea Side Park	4,710 00	450 00		200 00	5,360 00		11,332 58
Stafford	480 00			120 00	600 00		1,470 45
Surf City	677 50				677 50		5,133 96
Tuckerton	300 00			100 00	400 00		632 85
Union	2,327 00				2,327 00		7,636 82
Total	1,500 00				1,500 00		4,985 05
Total	\$45,449 50	\$1,050 00	\$500 00	\$5,270 00	\$52,369 50		\$149,832 26

Report of Attendance, by Districts, for the County of OCEAN, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.

DISTRICTS.												
	Actual number of days the schools were kept open.	Number of legal holidays the schools were not in session.	Possible number of days' attendance.	Days present—Boys.	Days present—Girls.	Total.	Days absent—Boys.	Days absent—Girls.	Total.	Times tardy—Boys.	Times tardy—Girls.	Total.
Barnegat City	171	9	1,110	609½	289	898½	176½	35	211½	3	1	4
Bay Head	173	7	6,935	2,572	3,308½	5,880½	1,061½	594	1,655½	97	167	264
Beach Haven	172	8	9,691½	4,176½	3,443½	7,620	1,083	896½	1,979½	245	203	448
Berkeley	172	8	14,081½	4,176½	3,443½	7,620	1,083	896½	1,979½	245	203	448
Brick	172	8	57,462½	22,867½	20,935	43,802½	7,983	5,978	13,960	52	62	114
Dover	178	9	84,510½	34,381½	28,382½	62,764	7,390	6,627½	14,017½	440	384	824
Edgewater	172	8	19,000½	8,463	5,362½	13,825½	2,985½	1,681½	4,667	216	119	335
Leavesville	172	8	9,396	4,088½	3,982½	8,071	684½	442½	1,127	10	11	21
Liberty	172	8	9,396	4,088½	3,982½	8,071	684½	442½	1,127	10	11	21
Madison	172	8	39,426	13,656	12,547½	26,203½	6,419	7,302½	13,721½	302	291	593
Mantoloking	171	9	14,680½	5,652½	5,435½	11,088	2,009½	1,482	3,491½	75	72	147
Maplewood	182	8	166,175½	72,280½	69,973½	142,253	11,990½	11,613½	23,603½	765	414	1,179
Little Egg Harbor	172	8	12,639½	6,230½	4,280½	10,510	1,028½	1,009	2,037½	11	1	12
Long Beach	172	8	395	469½	319	788½	46½	60	106½	74	80	154
Manchester	171	9	25,502	10,163½	10,434	20,597½	2,515	2,389½	4,904½	102	99	201
Ocean	171	9	10,436	3,267½	3,130½	6,398	1,758½	2,085½	3,843½	159	112	271
Plumsted	171	9	41,410½	15,428½	14,438½	29,867	6,751	4,792½	11,543½	453	193	646
Point Pleasant	179	8	49,752½	22,450	21,620½	44,070½	2,772½	2,909½	5,682	37	50	87
Sea Side Park	172	8	4,892	1,729½	2,046	3,775½	2,671½	849	1,116½	131	212	343
Stafford	171	9	35,104	15,539	12,115	27,654	4,624½	2,825½	7,450	257	222	479
Stark City	171	9	1,505½	678½	569½	1,248	1,25	1,322½	2,570	392	417	809
Sturtevant	178	10	46,552	19,061½	22,357½	41,418½	2,084½	3,185½	5,270	284	172	456
Tuckerton	174	10	28,100½	10,481½	11,541	22,022½	2,830½	3,247½	6,078	292	292	584
Total	173	8	680,389½	279,056½	269,847½	548,904	67,322½	64,163	131,485½	4,605	3,582	8,187

SCHOOL REPORT.

Report of Attendance, by Districts, for the County of OCEAN, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.														
	Number of pupils neither absent nor tardy during the year.	Number of sessions truant.	Total number of days transported.	Number of different pupils trans- ported to the district and en- rolled in Grades IX to XII.	Number of different pupils trans- ported to the district and en- rolled below Grade IX.	Number of pupils enrolled who have attended public schools in other districts in New Jersey during the present school year.	Number of cases of suspension or expulsion during the year.	Number of pupils enrolled in kin- dergarten.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 1 to 4 inclusive.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 5 to 8 inclusive.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 9 to 12 inclusive.	Number of pupils between 4 and 20 years enrolled in the schools during the year—Boys.	Number of pupils between 4 and 20 years enrolled in the schools during the year—Girls.	Total.
Barnegat City									15	2				17
Bay Head									42	8				50
Beach Haven			150		2		2		40	31				71
Berkeley						6			53	46				99
Briar	1	2					1		273	110				383
Brick	23	20	3,402½	19	1	4	2		335	156	59			551
Dover	2	6					1		36	50				86
Edgewater									27	8				35
Edgewater Heights	4					2	7		188	106				294
Edgewater Island									22	106				128
Jackson	3	8	2,872½	17	2	1	2	120	457	331	148			1,056
Lacey	63					2			64	31				95
Lakewood									2	4				6
Little Egg Harbor	1						3		100	78				178
Long Beach	33	38	1,067		7	3			49	23				72
Manchester									170	104	12			286
Pinnet	5	1	180	1			1		100	132	64			324
Point Pleasant	11	61	1,516	11	1	5	5	38	20	13				33
Sea Side Park	4		172						162	65	22			239
Stafford	4		422		8	1			6	6				12
Staff City	15		2,506	15		13	1		99	36	39			325
Truckton			1,552½	12		16				65	23			187
Union	164	147	13,909½	75	21	53	25	148	2,550	1,511	367	2,255	2,321	4,576

OCEAN COUNTY.

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of PASSAIC, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.

DISTRICTS.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from State and county funds, as per County Superintendent's apportionment.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the State for "Manual and Industrial Training."	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Current Expenses."	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Manual and Industrial Training."	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, refurnishing and repairing school buildings, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount received from district tax for purchase of land.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from other sources, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.
Acquanackonk	\$38,394 00		\$24,500 00		\$2,850 00		\$11,178 81
Hawthorne	11,892 23		6,000 00		800 00		2,377 25
Little Falls	11,314 89		2,600 00		800 00		6,544 27
Haledon	10,740 47		6,000 00		980 00	\$4,000 00	2,042 86
North Haledon	2,628 80		1,800 00				185 29
Pompton	11,048 71	\$250 00	9,300 00	\$500 00	200 00		993 52
Pompton Lakes	3,712 06		2,385 00		404 00		3,609 18
Prospect Park	8,162 14		2,385 50		150 00	225 00	1,059 17
Totowa	4,066 83		2,140 00		900 00		546 94
Wayne	7,783 46		7,012 50				2,881 09
West Milford	6,352 68	5,000 00	2,650 00	6,500 00			749 00
Paterson	346,168 10	5,000 00	148,018 80	6,500 00			537,119 40
Passaic	120,768 17	5,000 00	100,205 83	8,250 00			15,472 75
Total.....	\$381,103 00	\$10,250 00	\$313,079 53	\$15,650 00	\$7,084 00	\$4,225 00	\$807,759 53

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of PASSAIC, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.		Total amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, exclusive of amount raised for payment of bonds and interest on bonds.		Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the sale of bonds.		Grand total received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909.		Amount expended for teachers' salaries, exclusive of amount paid on account of work done in manual and industrial training classes, and exclusive of amount paid on account Teachers' Retirement Fund.		Amount paid State treasurer for Teachers' Retirement Fund.		Amount expended for fuel.		Amount expended for janitors' wages for day schools.		Amount expended for text-books, apparatus and supplies, exclusive of those in column 16.	
Acquanackanonk	\$76,622 90	\$121,216 64	\$197,639 54	\$37,827 22	\$566 87	\$2,622 84	\$4,225 00	\$6,958 76									
Hawthorne	21,069 48		21,069 48	10,429 69	215 75	286 92	1,265 00	904 18									
Little Falls	25,259 16		25,259 16	9,623 78	63 26	765 23	1,335 00	1,172 67									
Haledon	18,763 33		18,763 33	9,454 70		712 25	800 04	1,332 41									
North Haledon	4,614 09		4,614 09	2,040 40	21 96	306 69	283 00	301 06									
Pompton	22,092 23		22,092 23	11,015 48	115 52	639 54	770 01	1,017 52									
Pompton Lakes	9,906 24		9,906 24	4,348 50	31 50	132 33	200 00	302 85									
Prospect Park	11,883 81		11,883 81	7,461 96	93 06	446 70	749 50	456 01									
Totowa	17,667 77		17,667 77	3,501 00	18 50	115 57	465 00	477 28									
Wayne	17,667 05		17,667 05	1,682 25	108 50	437 04	300 00	345 95									
West Milford	9,241 05		9,241 05	4,473 25	42 55	331 30		432 62									
Paterson	1,062,119 40	200,000 00	1,062,119 40	380,322 18	6,331 27	13,198 52	27,775 52	25,000 00									
Passaic	352,634 55		352,634 55	159,234 70	1,836 26	6,418 07	9,355 96	9,236 79									
Total	\$1,539,061 06	\$321,216 64	\$1,860,267 70	\$647,475 11	\$3,485 00	\$26,412 01	\$47,514 04	\$48,060 11									

*The District of Haledon owes the T. R. F. \$247.35.

SCHOOL REPORT.

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of PASSAIC, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Amount expended for "Manual and Industrial Training," including salaries, apparatus and supplies therefor.	Amount expended for transportation of pupils residing within the district to schools in other districts.	Amount expended for transportation of pupils within the district.	Amount expended for tuition of pupils in other districts.	Amount expended for medical inspection.	Amount expended for attendance officers.	Amount expended for school libraries and apparatus purchased with library money.	Amount expended for interest on temporary loans.
Acquackanonk			\$20 70		\$200 00	\$200 00	\$116 30	\$94 58
Hawthorne		\$805 87		\$2,165 00	300 00	6 00		33 15
Little Falls		648 52	123 95	2,113 45				
Haledon		312 20		1,400 00		40 00		70 13
North Haledon		385 50		400 00				26 36
Pompton	\$791 39	1,039 28		1,167 50		60 00		62 08
Pompton Lakes		70 00	53 00	48 00	200 00		26 85	
Prospect Park				275 00	33 00			35 55
Totowa		84 78		685 00				68 04
Wayne		1,404 25		1,583 75	200 00	25 00		13 15
West Milford		743 00	226 00	847 50	249 99			139 76
Paterson	12,306 74				1,500 00			
Passaic	8,310 71				800 00	840 00	96 68	
Total.....	\$21,408 84	\$5,491 20	\$428 65	\$10,684 20	\$3,482 99	\$1,171 00	\$239 83	\$542 74

School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Amount expended for other school purposes.	Total amount for "Current Expenses" and "Manual and Industrial Training" for day schools.	Amount expended for new buildings and enlargements.	Amount expended for remodeling, repairing and refurnishing school buildings and purchase of land.	Total amount expended for building, enlarging, remodeling and repairing, and purchase of land.	Grand total expended, excluding bonded debt and interest on bonds.	Balance of State and county funds, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of State and county funds for manual and industrial training, June 30th, 1910.
Acquacknontk	\$9,680 12	\$62,612 39		\$2,838 11	\$2,838 11	\$66,350 60		
Hawthorne	461 08	16,972 39		913 44	913 44	17,885 83		
Little Falls	5,173 12	21,015 98		966 50	966 50	22,012 48		
Haledon	468 06	14,589 79		587 88	587 88	15,177 67	\$615 31	
North Haledon	323 27	4,087 21				4,087 21		
Pompton	3,467 88	20,046 90		588 69	588 69	20,635 59	120 96	
Proctor	237 17	6,418 18		224 82	224 82	6,643 00	70 09	
Prospect Park	337 78	6,883 16		193 87	193 87	10,641 42		
Tosco	287 10	12,966 99		483 20	483 20	6,226 99		
Watson	255 18	7,831 13		964 14	964 14	12,772 58		
Wayne Mill Pond	32,982 97	499,387 22	336,154 52	14,924 60	351,449 13	850,818 24		
Patterson	28,198 55	224,449 72	153,162 08		153,162 08	377,691 80		
Passaic								
Total	\$82,492 60	\$504,578 34	\$489,676 60	\$24,885 39	\$314,659 99	\$1,418,938 33	\$506 36	

SCHOOL REPORT.

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of PASSAIC, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Balance of district tax for current expenses, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for manual and industrial training, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, re-furnishing and repairing, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for purchase of land.	Balance of moneys from other sources, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax raised for bonds and interest on bonds.	Balance from bond sale June 30th, 1910.	Total balance, June 30th, 1910.
Acquackanonk	\$7,215 37		\$451 41		\$2,605 62	\$121,216 64	\$131,489 04
Hawthorne	3,061 68		83 62		38 35		3,183 65
Little Falls	2,584 74				661 94		3,246 68
Haledon	2,882 97				87 38		3,585 66
North Haledon	513 93				12 95		526 88
Pompton	1,220 46	\$117 23			1 99		1,460 64
Pompton Lakes	3,297 60				598 55		3,966 24
Prospect Park	1,332 89				9 50		1,342 39
Totowa	841 78						841 78
Wayne	4,811 51				83 31		4,904 82
West Milford	10,611 23				445 73		445 78
Paterson			200,691 83				211,303 06
Passaic	9,050 39	1,883 18			129 19	63,969 99	75,032 75
Total	\$47,424 55	\$2,000 41	\$201,226 86		\$4,684 56	\$185,186 63	\$441,329 37

**Apportionment of School Moneys, by Districts, for the County of PASSAIC, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1911.**

DISTRICTS.	Balance of State and county funds, July 1st, 1910.	Balance "District Tax," July 1st, 1910.	Balance received from other sources, July 1st, 1910.	Total balance, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax for bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount apportioned from State appropriation, railroad tax, State school tax and State school fund appropriation.	Amount apportioned from surplus revenue.	Amount apportioned from balances.	Amount available for manual and industrial training from State funds.
Acquackanonk		\$7,666 78	\$123,822 26	\$131,489 04	\$41,181 27	\$73 50		
Hawthorne		3,145 30	38 35	3,183 65	13,217 81	21 51		
Little Falls		2,584 74	661 94	3,246 68	11,089 94	18 78		
Haledon	\$615 31	2,882 97	87 38	3,585 66	10,419 09	18 70		
North Haledon		513 93	12 95	526 88	2,802 59	4 20		
Pompton	120 96	1,220 46	119 22	1,460 64	12,039 84	21 08		
Pompton Lakes	70 09	3,297 60	598 55	3,966 24	3,302 42	6 33		
Prospect Park		1,332 89	9 50	1,342 39	7,903 34	15 02		
Totowa		841 78		841 78	3,515 86	6 28		
Wayne		4,811 51	92 31	4,904 82	4,326 75	13 27		
West Milford			445 78	445 78	6,214 57	8 85		
Paterson		211,303 06		211,303 06	348,915 14	709 79		\$5,000 00
Passaic		10,932 87	64,099 88	75,032 75	133,454 77	251 14		5,000 00
Total	\$806 36	\$250,533 89	\$189,989 12	\$441,329 37	\$603,353 39	\$1,168 38		\$10,000 00

PASSAIC COUNTY.

SCHOOL REPORT.

Apportionment of School Moneys, by Districts, for the County of PASSAIC, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1911—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Amount of district tax voted for "Current Expenses."	Amount of district tax voted for "Manual and Industrial Train- ing."	Amount of district tax voted for purchase of land.	Amount of district tax voted for building and enlarging school houses.	Amount of district tax voted for remodeling, refurnishing and re- pairing school houses.	Total amount of district tax or- dered to be raised, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount available from private sources for manual and indus- trial training.	Amount available from private sources for manual and indus- trial training.	Total for school year ending June 30th, 1911.
Acquackanonk	\$25,000 00				\$2,500 00	\$27,500 00			\$200,243 81
Hawthorne	6,200 00				800 00	7,000 00			23,422 97
Little Falls	4,250 00					4,250 00			18,605 40
Haledon	6,750 00				500 00	7,250 00			21,273 45
North Haledon	1,400 00					1,400 00			4,733 67
Pompton	9,000 00			\$7,000 00		16,000 00	\$500 00		30,021 56
Pompton Lakes	3,500 00			2,000 00	500 00	6,000 00			13,274 99
Prospect Park	1,332 89			2,867 00	385 00	4,584 89			13,845 64
Totowa	4,170 00				550 00	4,720 00			9,083 92
Wayne	7,400 00				600 00	8,000 00			22,214 94
West Milford	2,350 00				150 00	3,100 00			9,769 03
Paterson	111,418 00	\$7,500 00				118,918 00			684,843 99
Passaic	82,260 53	5,000 00		200,000 00	10,891 80	298,152 33			511,890 99
Total	\$265,629 42	\$12,500 00		\$211,867 00	\$16,876 80	\$506,873 22	\$500 00		\$1,563,224 36

Report of Attendance, by Districts, for the County of PASSAIC, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.

DISTRICTS.												
	Actual number of days the schools were kept open.	Number of legal holidays the schools were not in session.	Possible number of days' attendance.	Days present—Boys.	Days present—Girls.	Total.	Days absent—Boys.	Days absent—Girls.	Total.	Times tardy—Boys.	Times tardy—Girls.	Total.
Acquanackanok	194	4	415.942	191.730	175.029	366.759	23.053	26.150	49.183	2,084	1,367	3,451
Hawthorne	193	6	116.066	52.616	45.966½	98.582½	8.212	9.401½	17.613½	528	352	880
Little Falls	192	6	102.366½	41.080	44.287	85.367	7.416½	8.635	16.051½	332	351	683
Haladon	183	7	97.512½	43.161½	45.162	88.313½	3.312	5.827	11.139	353	140	493
North Haladon	186	6	52.468	11.629½	10.946½	22.469	1.443	2,989	27.409	148	137	285
Pompton	189	7	138.630½	32.829½	35.829½	68.659	13.853½	13.313½	27.167	368	748	1,116
Pompton Lakes	186	6	72.188½	13.829½	14.941	29.485	4.011	5.961	9.972	308	494	802
Pompton Park	194	6	72.188½	13.829½	35.829½	71.643	3.170½	4.375	7.545½	135	202	337
Prospect Park	191	6	36.280	16.173½	14.078½	30.252	2.539½	3.168½	6.008	160	387	547
Yonkers	191	7	71.913½	30.128	28.058½	58.181½	7.384½	6.344½	13.729	387	492	879
West Milford	175	5	51.186	17.916½	16.987½	34.854	8.295	8.017	16.312	436	366	802
West Milford	196	6	3.618.471	1.668.351½	1,540.427	3,308.778	148.030	161.653	309.683	9,618	6,488	16,106
Passaic	192	6	1.308.430	601.394½	579.230½	1,180.615	60.301½	67.503½	127.805	7,080	4,882	11,942
Total	191	6	6,082,144½	2,776,523½	2,635,775½	5,412,304	290,622	319,218½	609,840½	22,610	15,754	38,364

PASSAIC COUNTY.

Report of Attendance, by Districts, for the County of PASSAIC, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Number of pupils neither absent nor tardy during the year.												
	Number of sessions truant.												
Total number of days transported.													
Number of different pupils transported to the district and enrolled in Grades IX to XII.													
Number of different pupils transported to the district and enrolled below Grade IX.													
Number of pupils enrolled who have attended public schools in other districts in New Jersey during the present school year.													
Number of cases of suspension or expulsion during the year.													
Number of pupils enrolled in kindergarten.													
Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 1 to 4 inclusive.													
Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 5 to 8 inclusive.													
Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 9 to 12 inclusive.													
Number of pupils between 4 and 20 years enrolled in the schools during the year—Boys.													
Number of pupils between 4 and 20 years enrolled in the schools during the year—Girls.													
Total.													
Aquackanonk	82	183	221	3	185	6	412	1,391	671	88	18,383	18,032	2,562
Hawthorne	15	4	..	..	67	..	107	412	188	..	..	..	707
Little Falls	7	73	..	..	..	5	..	434	179	..	..	..	613
Haledon	9	7	..	..	37	..	74	336	587	..	..	..	587
North Haledon	2	..	..	..	28	..	..	109	57	..	..	..	166
Pompton	10	33	..	..	21	1	..	618	190	..	..	..	808
Pompton Lakes	2	2	..	7	16	..	..	129	75	30	..	..	224
Prospect Park	7	..	..	..	49	..	81	279	139	..	..	..	499
Totowa	1	16	..	..	53	3	41	121	68	..	..	..	290
Wayne	4	1	654	15	27	..	21	318	135	..	..	..	474
West Milford	1	7	357	2	..	2	9	216	183	1,473	..	..	21,134
Paterson	590	1,159	..	..	..	..	2,185	11,239	6,237	446	..	..	383
Passaic	84	591	..	..	212	4	1,107	4,704	1,771	..	..	..	8,038
Total	813	2,073	1,132	27	695	23	4,037	20,296	10,065	2,027	18,383	18,032	36,415

**Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of SALEM, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.**

DISTRICTS.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from State and county funds, as per County Superintendent's apportionment.						
	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the State for "Manual and Industrial Training."						
DISTRICTS.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Current Expenses."						
	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Manual and Industrial Training."						
DISTRICTS.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, refurnishing and repairing school buildings, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.						
	Amount received from district tax for purchase of land.						
DISTRICTS.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from other sources, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.						
Alloway	\$4,105 46		\$1,707 83		\$325 00		\$1,978 22
Elmer	3,404 26		1,200 00		500 00		838 45
Elshoboro	1,449 42		375 00		75 00		82 61
L. Alloway Creek	3,289 16		1,270 31		250 00		450 55
L. Penn's Neck	2,825 04		2,639 10		200 00		176 24
Mannington	4,154 12		1,490 00		100 00		584 28
Oidman's	3,500 78		3,147 28		300 00		304 88
Penns Grove	3,728 58		3,180 77		300 00		30 60
Pittsgrove	8,789 57		4,358 91		700 00		2,138 46
Pittsgrove	8,059 53	\$500 00	3,858 91		700 00		1,203 94
Pittsgrove	3,045 90		1,690 20		200 00	577 50	6,954 67
Salem City	16,630 77		9,110 21				147 99
U. Penn's Neck	1,413 20		3,144 44		500 00		1,744 72
U. Pittsgrove	5,092 34		943 99		100 00		
Total	\$99,759 55	\$500 00	\$37,576 76	\$500 00	\$4,200 00	\$577 50	\$13,251 83

SALEM COUNTY.

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of SALEM, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Total amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, exclusive of amount raised for payment of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the sale of bonds.	Grand total received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909.	Amount expended for teachers' salaries, exclusive of amount paid on account of work done in manual and industrial training classes, and exclusive of amount paid on account Teachers' Retirement Fund.	Amount paid State treasurer for Teachers' Retirement Fund.	Amount expended for fuel.	Amount expended for janitors' wages for day schools.	Amount expended for text-books, apparatus and supplies, exclusive of those in column 16.
Alloway	\$8,116 51	.....	\$8,116 51	\$4,403 43	\$37 82	\$280 68	\$225 00	\$364 72
Elmer	5,942 74	.....	5,942 74	4,073 24	45 52	7 65	225 00	245 57
Esinboro	1,982 03	.....	1,982 03	998 10	14 46	80 03	27 00	68 12
L. Alloway Creek	5,270 02	.....	5,270 02	3,246 30	28 10	180 78	.....	186 00
L. Penn's Neck	6,840 38	.....	6,840 38	3,465 00	14 00	216 34	.....	400 67
Mannington	6,238 40	.....	6,238 40	3,407 47	39 53	268 56	.....	325 17
Oldman's	7,452 94	.....	7,452 94	3,447 06	37 44	297 18	.....	297 10
Penns Grove	9,289 75	.....	9,289 75	6,352 47	131 30	353 00	126 00	546 36
Pittsboro	15,811 23	.....	15,811 23	10,901 65	161 02	502 44	400 00	1,008 33
Pittsboro	13,569 10	.....	13,569 10	6,553 45	88 05	419 30	442 00	704 48
Pittsboro	6,050 49	.....	6,050 49	2,452 63	49 65	129 78	112 00	228 02
Quinton	32,713 61	.....	32,713 61	20,322 83	391 40	1,001 36	2,073 76	3,328 77
Salem City	2,438 15	.....	2,438 15	4,802 06	14 40	297 85	12 00	357 16
U. Penn's Neck	10,481 36	.....	10,481 36	.....	48 19	.....	.....	.....
U. Pittsboro .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	\$131,365 94	.....	\$131,365 94	\$74,347 02	\$699 52	\$4,081 00	\$3,819 25	\$8,239 56

**Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of SALEM, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.**

DISTRICTS.	Amount expended for "Manual and Industrial Training," including salaries, apparatus and supplies therefor.	Amount expended for transportation of pupils residing within the district to schools in other districts.	Amount expended for transportation of pupils within the district.	Amount expended for tuition of pupils in other districts.	Amount expended for medical inspection.	Amount expended for attendance officers.	Amount expended for school libraries and apparatus purchased with library money.	Amount expended for interest on temporary loans.
Alloway		\$73 60	\$1,027 00	\$60 00	\$150 00			\$123 10
Elmer					35 00	\$5 00	\$19 96	21 53
Elsinboro		162 00		221 00			20 00	5 44
L. Alloway Creek		431 95	39 40	492 40	150 00		10 00	5 94
L. Penn's Neck		408 00	7 10	290 00	150 00	25 00		80 73
Mannington		592 50		624 00	300 00			28 60
Oldman's		477 25	387 00	480 00				
Penns Grove								43 16
Pilesgrove			148 00	15 00	150 00		40 00	114 67
Pittsgrove	\$1,000 00	477 66		805 00			110 00	57 67
Quinton		685 10		941 00	135 00		10 00	73 16
Salem City					260 00			213 49
U. Penn's Neck				290 00	100 00			9 20
U. Pittsgrove		553 66		395 00	164 63		11 00	81 34
Total.....	\$1,000 00	\$3,861 72	\$1,608 50	\$4,613 40	\$1,584 63	\$30 00	\$220 96	\$855 97

SALEM COUNTY.

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of SALEM, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Amount expended for other school purposes.	Total amount for "Current Expenses," and "Manual and Industrial Training," for day schools.	Amount expended for new buildings and enlargements.	Amount expended for remodeling, repairing and refurnishing school buildings and purchase of land.	Total amount expended for building, enlarging, remodeling and repairing, and purchase of land.	Grand total expended, excluding bonded debt and interest on bonds.	Balance of State and county funds, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of State and county funds for manual and industrial training, June 30th, 1910.
Alloway	\$257 17	\$7,401 42		\$264 07	\$264 07	\$7,265 49		
Elmer	92 43	4,770 90		407 53	407 53	5,173 43		
Elshorbo	209 66	1,505 75		11 50	11 50	1,817 26		
L. Alloway Creek	146 35	4,827 79		286 15	286 15	5,196 94		
L. Penn's Neck	1,281 16	5,833 00	\$90 00	201 82	291 32	5,650 32		
Mannington	216 17	5,800 79		336 50	336 50	6,187 29		
Oldman's	107 45	3,506 48		102 20	162 20	6,728 68		
Penns Grove	302 71	8,709 00		231 26	231 26	8,400 63		
Pittsgrove	368 57	14,452 69		882 74	882 74	15,817 43		
Pittsgrove	387 31	4,877 21	141 60	22 11	1,084 06	14,806 43		
Quinton City	1,467 80	29,016 70		960 80	960 80	14,896 23		
U. Penn's Neck	99 50	2,323 85		10 30	10 30	29,977 50		
U. Pittsgrove	273 92	7,024 81		1,633 11	1,633 11	2,336 15		
Total	\$5,795 34	\$11,047 87	\$231 60	\$6,287 84	\$6,519 44	\$17,567 31		

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of SALEM, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Balance of district tax for current expenses, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for manual and industrial training, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, re-furnishing and repairing, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for purchase of land.	Balance of moneys from other sources, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax raised for bonds and interest on bonds.	Balance from bond sale, June 30th, 1910.	Total balance, June 30th, 1910.
Alloway			\$60 93		\$790 09		\$851 02
Elmer	\$25 79		92 47		646 06		764 31
Elsinboro	18 67		63 50		82 61		164 78
L. Alloway Creek			*19 15		92 23		73 08
L. Penn's Neck	106 14		*91 82		176 24		190 06
Mannington			*236 50		337 61		101 11
Oldman's	1,081 58		137 80		504 88		1,724 26
Penns Grove	810 15		68 95		40 60		839 70
Pilesgrove			*245 74		739 54		493 80
Pittsgrove	1,509 68		*324 06	\$577 50	801 44		2,564 56
Quinton	865 90		177 89		117 38		1,151 17
Salem City					2,738 17		2,738 17
U. Penn's Neck	31 34		89 70		147 99		269 03
U. Pittsgrove	2,281 29		*1,133 11		675 40		1,823 58
Total.....	\$6,719 54		**2,741 12	\$577 50	\$7,860 23		\$13,798 63

*Deficit \$135,864.

SALEM COUNTY.

SCHOOL REPORT.

***Deficit.**

Apportionment of School Moneys, by Districts, for the County of SALEM, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1911—Continued.

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SALEM COUNTY.

Report of Attendance, by Districts, for the County of SALEM, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.

DISTRICTS.	Actual number of days the schools were kept open.	Number of legal holidays the schools were not in session.	Possible number of days' attendance.	Days present—Boys.	Days present—Girls.	Total.	Days absent—Boys.	Days absent—Girls.	Total.	Times tardy—Boys.	Times tardy—Girls.	Total.
Alloway	178	3	48,874½	21,942½	17,444½	39,387	5,271½	4,216	9,487½	763	990	1,753
Elmer	182	6	39,931	17,967½	15,381	33,348½	3,120½	3,462	6,582½	537	274	811
Elsinboro	172	4	11,842	4,522	4,995½	9,517½	963½	1,361	2,324½	75	131	206
L. Alloway Creek	173	2	36,531½	15,780½	12,581½	28,362	4,974	3,196½	8,169½	390	212	602
L. Penn's Neck	179	4	38,347½	12,701	13,893	26,594	6,878	4,875½	11,753½	194	113	307
Mannington	178	4	41,257	16,413	15,942	32,355	5,123½	3,778½	8,902	324	281	605
Oldman's	172	3	40,304½	17,221	15,329	32,550	4,360½	3,394	7,754½	385	346	731
Penns Grove	181	1	76,213	31,062½	30,208	61,260½	7,837	7,115½	14,952½	1,202	1,144	2,346
Pilesgrove	182	6	99,586	41,073	44,580½	85,653½	6,214½	6,717	12,931½	819	783	1,602
Pittsgrove	170	2	80,921	32,140½	31,110½	63,251	9,085	8,585	17,670	1,231	1,254	2,485
Quinton	183	9	27,346	11,349	11,020	22,369	2,539½	2,437½	4,977	80	49	129
Salem City	188	4	216,465	86,384½	101,974	188,358½	14,543½	13,563	28,106½	2,362	1,095	3,457
U. Penn's Neck	172	2	21,352	6,048	7,135½	13,183½	4,207½	3,961	8,168½	119	102	221
U. Pittsgrove	169	4	54,957½	21,191½	21,899½	42,891	6,516½	5,550	12,066½	749	453	1,202
Total.....	177	4	832,927½	335,786½	343,294½	679,081	81,635	72,211½	153,846½	9,230	7,227	16,457

**Report of Attendance, by Districts, for the County of SALEM, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.**

DISTRICTS.	Number of pupils neither absent nor tardy during the year.	Number of sessions truant.	Total number of days transported.	Number of different pupils transported to the district and enrolled in Grades IX to XII.	Number of different pupils transported to the district and enrolled below Grade IX.	Number of pupils enrolled who have attended public schools in other districts in New Jersey during the present school year.	Number of cases of suspension or expulsion during the year.	Number of pupils enrolled in kindergarten.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 1 to 4 inclusive.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 5 to 8 inclusive.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 9 to 12 inclusive.	Number of pupils between 4 and 20 years enrolled in the schools during the year—Boys.	Number of pupils between 4 and 20 years enrolled in the schools during the year—Girls.	Total.
Alloway	16	16	2,087½	1	16	9	1	215	114	27	202	154	356	
Elmer	6	1	1,509½	10	30	1	1	173	55	37	138	127	265	
Elsinboro			87			1	1	92	19		55	56	111	
L. Alloway Creek	6	2				6	6	185	95		155	125	280	
L. Penn's Neck	2	3			23	10	10	195	85		145	135	280	
Mannington	5					5	5	239	93		184	148	332	
Oldman's			3,191		4			169	150		182	137	319	
Penns Grove	8	17	1,151	8		11	11	295	142	46	246	237	483	
Pittsgrove	15	1	3,401½	20	4	8	8	400	223	76	342	357	699	
Pittsgrove	9	16				29	29	414	186		316	367	699	
Quinton	2				15	1	1	122	66		101	87	188	
Salem City	30	85	8,648	46		2	2	758	366	135	609	692	1,301	
U. Penn's Neck						1	1	117	53		87	83	170	
U. Pittsgrove	1				11	7	7	282	145		226	201	427	
Total	100	141	20,075½	85	103	91	42	3,656	1,792	321	2,988	2,823	5,811	

SALEM COUNTY.

SCHOOL REPORT.

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of SOMERSET, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.

DISTRICTS.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from State and county funds, as per County Superintendent's apportionment.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the State for "Manual and Industrial Training."	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Current Expenses."	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Manual and Industrial Training."	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, furnishing and repairing school buildings, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount received from district tax for purchase of land.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from other sources, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.
Bedminster	\$3,127 09		\$2,865 00		\$135 00		\$3,380 92
Bernards	13,765 05		14,180 33		3,300 00		7,760 34
Bound Brook	11,913 90		12,626 85				2,516 35
Branchburg	4,591 31		1,009 81		300 00		527 35
Bridgewater	11,846 72		5,929 61				229 14
East Millstone	589 94		225 00				660 91
Franklin	6,320 22		5,790 69		5,600 00	\$400 00	652 50
Hillsborough	7,217 32		2,550 03				2,304 15
Millstone	547 69		150 00				149 28
Montgomery	2,804 11		1,223 93				115 00
North Plainfield Borough	23,459 15	\$1,825 00	21,022 64	\$1,825 00	1,900 00		2,176 22
North Plainfield Township	1,959 07		2,511 30				70 74
Rocky Hill	1,684 47		551 42				115 16
Somerville	18,955 27	600 00	10,581 84	600 00	1,500 00		5,273 96
South Bound Brook	3,579 71		2,351 18		200 00		1,676 73
Warren	3,845 75		825 00		375 00		2,547 47
Total.....	\$121,306 77	\$2,425 00	\$84,394 63	2,425 00	\$13,310 00	\$400 00	\$30,156 22

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of SOMERSET, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Total amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, exclusive of amount raised for payment of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st 1909, from the sale of bonds.	Grand total received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909.	Amount expended for teachers' salaries, exclusive of amount paid on account of work done in manual and industrial training classes; and exclusive of amount paid on account Teachers' Retirement Fund.	Amount paid State treasurer for Teachers' Retirement Fund.	Amount expended for fuel.	Amount expended for janitors' wages for day schools.	Amount expended for text-books, apparatus and supplies, exclusive of those in column 16.
Bedminster	\$14,508 01		\$14,508 01	\$7,140 95	\$102 00	\$586 04	\$400 00	\$499 98
Bernards	39,005 72		39,005 72	18,785 28	276 61	1,400 67	1,644 60	2,103 35
Bound Brook	27,057 10		27,057 10	16,531 05	286 40	1,388 78	1,200 00	1,659 67
Branchburg	6,428 47		6,428 47	3,823 27	79 50	157 32		374 83
Bridgewater	18,005 47	\$9,009 00	27,014 47	9,997 76	119 74	532 81	460 00	372 79
East Millstone	1,575 85		1,575 85	880 00	3 60	49 71		115 82
Franklin	18,763 41		18,763 41	6,212 70	34 35	490 17		
Hillsborough	12,071 50		12,071 50	5,500 77	94 30	317 08	68 10	361 88
Millstone	846 97		846 97	460 75	14 25	2 50	25 00	36 03
Montgomery	4,143 04		4,143 04	2,066 00	11 00	110 41	50 00	138 33
North Plainfield Borough	52,208 01		52,208 01	30,795 85	240 78	1,337 67	2,010 00	1,989 54
North Plainfield Township	4,541 11		4,541 11	1,629 63	20 37	77 25	30 00	207 80
Rocky Hill	2,351 05		2,351 05	1,444 42	20 70	143 47	75 00	70 89
Somerville	37,511 07		37,511 07	22,565 80	322 20	1,253 86	1,568 34	2,130 56
South Bound Brook	7,807 62		7,807 62	3,435 97	68 61	185 95	215 34	181 55
Warren	7,593 22		7,593 22	2,154 66	81 25	98 42		288 85
Total.....	\$254,417 62	\$9,009 00	\$263,426 62	\$133,424 86	\$1,775 66	\$8,132 11	\$7,746 38	\$10,411 87

SOMERSET COUNTY.

SCHOOL REPORT.

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of SOMERSET, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Amount expended for Manual and Industrial Training, including salaries, apparatus and supplies therefor.	Amount expended for transportation of pupils residing within the district to schools in other districts.	Amount expended for transportation of pupils within the district.	Amount expended for tuition of pupils in other districts.	Amount expended for medical inspection.	Amount expended for attendance officers.	Amount expended for school libraries and apparatus purchased with library money.	Amount expended for interest on temporary loans.
Bedminster		\$689 95	\$73 95	\$603 00	\$34 00		\$10 00	\$129 86
Bernards			1,254 40	120 00	402 75		73 11	
Bound Brook					150 00	\$25 00		66 74
Branchburg		458 00		745 00	150 00			6 50
Bridgewater		1,019 75	113 40	1,704 00	75 00		20 24	
East Millstone		56 00		40 00				
Franklin		949 00		1,802 00				241 00
Hillsborough		794 88		931 10	120 00		21 65	33 50
Millstone		58 00		40 00	10 00			
Montgomery		542 65		510 00			80 00	5 00
North Plainfield Borough	\$3,549 80		52 56		200 00		144 37	252 33
North Plainfield Township		108 50		874 80	125 00			
Rocky Hill		86 00		72 00				
Somerville	1,200 00				180 00	85 35		73 57
South Bound Brook				120 00	30 00	30 00		
Warren		750 62		320 50				150 74
Total.....	\$4,749 80	\$5,513 35	\$1,494 31	\$7,882 40	\$1,476 75	\$140 35	\$349 37	\$968 24

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of SOMERSET, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.										
	Amount expended for other school purposes.	Total amount for "Current Expenses," and "Manual and Industrial Training," for day schools.	Amount expended for new buildings and enlargements.	Amount expended for remodeling, repairing and refurnishing school buildings and purchase of land.	Total amount expended for building, enlarging, remodeling and repairing, and purchase of land.	Grand total expended, excluding bonded debt and interest on bonds.	Balance of State and county funds, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of State and county funds for manual and industrial training, June 30th, 1910.		
Bedminster	\$3,939 13	\$14,208 86	2,277 62	\$141 17	\$141 17	\$14,350 03	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bertrand	9,018 82	35,079 69	193 85	997 89	3,275 51	38,355 10	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bound Brook	979 43	22,287 07	.....	1,841 72	1,841 72	24,128 79	.....	.....	.....	.....
Branchburg	160 12	5,864 54	.....	29 87	29 87	5,894 41	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bridgewater	806 21	15,221 70	8,779 85	2,159 22	10,939 77	26,161 47	\$43 69	.....	.....	.....
East Milstone	228 47	1,383 60	5,200 00	752 55	5,952 55	1,383 60	.....	.....	.....	.....
Franklin	652 50	10,381 72	.....	218 27	218 27	16,234 27	321 02	.....	.....	.....
Hillsborough	2,890 99	11,134 25	.....	.....	.....	11,352 52	.....	.....	.....	.....
Millstone	18 68	665 21	.....	309 99	309 99	665 21	.....	.....	.....	.....
Montgomery	69 63	3,607 92	.....	2,174 71	2,174 71	3,917 01	.....	.....	.....	.....
North Plainfield Borough	7,625 02	48,197 32	.....	57 16	57 16	50,372 63	.....	.....	.....	.....
North Plainfield Township	154 74	3,228 06	.....	290 00	290 00	3,368 26	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rocky Hill	153 32	2,145 80	.....	2,108 51	2,108 51	2,365 80	.....	.....	.....	.....
Somerline	1,634 32	31,414 74	.....	106 43	106 43	32,415 21	.....	.....	.....	.....
South Bound Brook	2,188 30	7,402 34	.....	.....	.....	7,107 71	.....	.....	.....	.....
Warren .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	\$33,762 40	\$217,827 86	\$16,461 32	\$10,943 34	\$27,394 66	\$245,222 51	\$806 01	.....	.....	.....

SOMERSET COUNTY.

**Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of SOMERSET, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.**

DISTRICTS.							
		Balance of district tax for current expenses, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for manual and industrial training, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, furnishing and repairing, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for purchase of land.	Balance of moneys from other sources, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax raised for bonds and interest on bonds.	Balance from bond sale June 30th, 1910.
							Total balance, June 30th, 1910.
Bedminster							\$157 98
Bernards							650 62
Bound Brook	\$961 41					1,966 90	2,928 31
Branchburg	132 63					411 47	544 06
Bridgewater	371 26					468 05	839 30
Butler	132 25					192 23	324 48
East Milstone	2,433 14					21 06	2,454 20
Farmington	276 56					181 76	458 32
Hillsborough	191 06					35 00	226 06
Montgomery	1,305 13					1,835 38	3,140 51
North Plainfield Borough	5 25					70 74	76 99
North Plainfield Township	352 70					3,975 46	4,328 16
Rocky Hill	267 46					1,124 42	1,391 88
Somerville	45 15						45 15
South Bound Brook							
Warren							
Total	\$6,338 07					\$10,904 43	\$18,204 11
						\$66 60	

Apportionment of School Moneys, by Districts, for the County of SOMERSET, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1911.

DISTRICTS.	Balance of State and county funds, July 1st, 1910.		Balance "District Tax," July 1st, 1910.		Balance received from other sources, July 1st, 1910.		Total balance, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax for bonds and interest on bonds.		Amount apportioned from State appropriation, railroad tax, State school tax and State school fund appropriation.		Amount apportioned from surplus revenue.		Amount apportioned from balances.		Amount available for manual and industrial training from State funds.	
Bedminster																
Bernards																
Bound Brook																
Branchburg																
Bridgewater																
East Milstone																
Franklin																
Hillsborough																
Milstone																
Montgomery																
North Plainfield Borough																
North Plainfield Township																
Rocky Hill																
Somerville																
South Bound Brook																
Warren																
Total																

SOMERSET COUNTY.

Apportionment of School Moneys, by Districts, for the County of SOMERSET, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1911—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Amount of district tax voted for						
	"Current Expenses."						
DISTRICTS.	Amount of district tax voted for						
	"Manual and Industrial Training."						
DISTRICTS.	Amount of district tax voted for						
	purchase of land.						
DISTRICTS.	Amount of district tax voted for						
	building and enlarging school houses.						
DISTRICTS.	Amount of district tax voted for						
	remodeling, refurnishing and re- pairing school houses.						
DISTRICTS.	Total amount of district tax or-						
	dered to be raised, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.						
DISTRICTS.	Amount available from private						
	sources for manual and indus- trial training.						
DISTRICTS.	Total amount available from other						
	sources, excluding proceeds from sale of bonds, and tax raised for bonds due and interest on bonds.						
DISTRICTS.	Total for school year ending June						
	30th, 1911.						
Bedminster	\$4,000 00			\$2,300 00	\$315 00	\$4,315 00	\$12,494 27
Bermans	14,000 00				1,000 00	17,000 00	32,771 63
Bound Brook	10,000 00					10,000 00	25,761 64
Brick Hills	1,500 00				200 00	1,700 00	6,661 42
Bridgeport	5,500 00					5,500 00	13,111 49
East Milstone	3,800 00					4,000 00	10,323 67
Franklin	1,700 00				300 00	2,000 00	13,472 67
Hillsborough	150 00					150 00	9,443 72
Milstone	2,000 00					2,000 00	5,317 69
Montgomery	16,187 50	\$1,912 50		1,500 00	1,900 00	20,000 00	42,608 04
North Plainfield Borough	3,000 00					3,500 00	6,839 19
North Plainfield Township	550 00					550 00	2,027 01
Rocky Hill	10,400 00	600 00			1,500 00	12,500 00	35,545 76
Somerville	1,600 00					1,600 00	6,304 91
South Bound Brook	2,000 00				400 00	2,400 00	6,343 81
Warren							
Total	\$76,387 50	\$2,512 50		\$3,800 00	\$58 15	\$87,515 00	\$225,267 55

SCHOOL REPORT.

Report of Attendance, by Districts, for the County of SOMERSET, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.

DISTRICTS.	Actual number of days the schools were kept open.	Number of legal holidays the schools were not in session.	Possible number of days' attendance.	Days present—Boys.	Days present—Girls.	Total.	Days absent—Boys.	Days absent—Girls.	Total.	Times tardy—Boys.	Times tardy—Girls.	Total.
Bedminster	186	5	74,180	31,201½	26,399½	57,601	7,647	8,932	16,579	909	546	1,455
Bernards	185	8	142,394½	60,479½	57,052	117,531½	11,683	13,180	24,863	733	616	1,349
Bound Brook	188	5	133,576	62,955½	55,062½	118,008	8,145	7,423	15,568	983	779	1,762
Branchburg	190	5	30,872½	13,586½	11,207½	24,803	3,248	2,821½	6,069½	270	376	646
Bridgewater	192	6	98,959	43,798	39,040½	82,838½	7,445½	8,705	16,150½	593	388	981
East Millstone	186	7	12,006	5,703½	4,835½	10,539	766½	750½	1,517	34	28	62
Franklin	189	6	53,035½	22,000	19,664½	41,664½	5,849½	5,521½	11,371	1,154	642	1,796
Hillsborough	190	5	55,804	23,332	18,286½	41,613½	8,433	5,752½	14,185½	1,041	475	1,516
Millstone	194	6	3,704	1,396	2,009	3,406	126	173	299	9	8	17
Montgomery	190	5	25,494	10,837½	8,777½	19,615	3,081	2,798	5,879	343	307	650
North Plainfield Borough	182	6	199,176	90,626½	84,381	175,007½	11,413½	12,755	24,168½	1,194	870	2,064
North Plainfield Township	185	6	9,466	3,751	4,356½	8,107½	790	568½	1,358½	40	35	75
Rocky Hill	171	7	14,308	6,586	4,813	11,399	1,745	1,164	2,909	294	107	401
Somerville	187	4	206,909	86,161	92,212	178,373	13,160	14,376	27,536	930	817	1,747
South Bound Brook	189	5	35,443½	15,319½	14,160½	29,480	2,411	3,552½	5,963½	451	402	853
Warren	191	7	26,206	9,744	9,726½	19,470½	3,365½	3,370	6,735½	715	441	1,156
Total.....	187	6	1,120,664	487,487	452,024½	939,511½	89,309½	91,843	181,152½	9,693	6,837	16,530

SOMERSET COUNTY.

Report of Attendance, by Districts, for the County of SOMERSET, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Number of pupils neither absent nor tardy during the year.													
	Number of sessions truant.													
DISTRICTS.	Total number of days transported.													
	Number of different pupils transported to the district and enrolled in Grades IX to XII.													
DISTRICTS.	Number of different pupils transported to the district and enrolled below Grade IX.													
	Number of pupils enrolled who have attended public schools in other districts in New Jersey during the present school year.													
DISTRICTS.	Number of cases of suspension or expulsion during the year.													
	Number of pupils enrolled in kindergarten.													
DISTRICTS.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 1 to 4 inclusive.													
	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 5 to 8 inclusive.													
DISTRICTS.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 9 to 12 inclusive.													
	Number of pupils between 4 and 20 years enrolled in the schools during the year—Boys.													
DISTRICTS.	Number of pupils between 4 and 20 years enrolled in the schools during the year—Girls.													
	Total.													
Bedminster	3	2	6,320	22	9	6	343	191	15	288	261	549		
Bermarcks	24	10	6,320	22	9	2	477	288	84	484	465	949		
Bound Brook	32	10	6,320	22	9	3	438	225	96	435	386	821		
Branchburg	15	7	1,369	10	15		157	67		119	103	222		
Bridgewater	2	1	1,369	10	15		416	131	18	333	320	653		
East Millstone	2	1	1,369	10	15		49	32		43	38	81		
Franklin	3	6	281	2		4	237	134		211	169	371		
Hillsborough	2	6	281	2		4	266	164		266	175	430		
Millstone	2	6	281	2		4	25	71		112	112	225		
Montgomery	39	13	1,749½	20	4	4	126	71	129	144	135	187		
North Plainfield Borough	2	1	1,749½	20	2	4	352	44		632	627	1,259		
North Plainfield Township	2	1	1,749½	20	2	4	74	36		62	48	110		
Rocky Hill	2	1	1,749½	20	2	4	628	373	156	690	646	1,266		
Somerville	2	1	1,749½	20	2	4	109	87		113	112	225		
South Bound Brook	2	1	1,749½	20	2	4	114	79		163	98	201		
Warren	1	1	1,749½	20	2	4	114	79		163	98	201		
Total	155	116	10,013	112	4	31	516	2,317	498	3,883	3,589	7,442		

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of SUSSEX, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.

DISTRICTS.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from State and county funds, as per County Superintendent's apportionment.					
	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the State for "Manual and Industrial Training."					
DISTRICTS.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Current Expenses."					
	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Manual and Industrial Training."					
DISTRICTS.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, refurnishing and repairing school buildings, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.					
	Amount received from district tax for purchase of land.					
DISTRICTS.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from other sources, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.					
Andover	\$1,123 58	\$845 42	\$70 00			
Borough of Andover	1,549 90	1,439 23	156 20			
Borough of Branchville	1,870 13	2,398 71	169 00			
Borough of Hopatcong	279 55	1,816 47	27 05			
Borough of Stanhope	2,750 20	2,600 00	677 88			
Borough of Sussex	3,839 26	5,838 74	77 50			
Byram	933 40	863 35	95 45			
Frankford	2,690 23	1,803 91	256 00			
Green	1,386 28	484 46	86 85			
Hampton	1,446 22	921 04	104 83			
Hardyston	1,762 80	362 36	164 71			
Laurel	10,212 22	13,165 01	1,289 97			
Montague	1,689 24	1,379 24	32 30			
Montpelier	1,838 18	7,468 74	2,062 00			
Newark	2,753 63	1,250 02	81 55			
Newton	5,771 83	3,412 47	418 83			
Shrewsbury	2,105 85	1,510 57	472 71			
Stillwater	6,808 55	3,800 00	223 50			
Vernon	884 02	489 66	220 00			
Walpack	8,318 24	3,000 00				
Wantage						
Total	\$89,618 28	\$56,311 01	\$8,400 00	\$300 00	\$6,783 67	

SCHOOL REPORT.

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of SUSSEX, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Total amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, exclusive of amount raised for payment of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the sale of bonds.	Grand total received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909.	Amount expended for teachers' salaries, exclusive of amount paid on account of work done in manual and industrial training classes, and exclusive of amount paid on account Teachers' Retirement Fund.	Amount paid State treasurer for Teachers' Retirement Fund.	Amount expended for fuel.	Amount expended for janitors' wages for day schools.	Amount expended for text-books, apparatus and supplies, exclusive of those in column 16.
Andover	\$2,089 00		\$2,089 00	\$1,329 75	\$20 25	\$105 36		\$61 70
Borough of Andover	3,384 33		3,384 33	1,927 50	212 50	144 59	\$53 00	96 66
Borough of Branchville	4,387 84		4,387 84	2,055 40	8 00	160 40	200 70	160 93
Borough of Hopateong	2,123 07		2,123 07	352 80	13 56	54 07		36 79
Borough of Stanhope	6,028 08		6,028 08	3,915 90	94 10	332 87	548 00	364 13
Borough of Sussex	9,755 50		9,755 50	5,415 40	80 40	468 44	350 00	632 77
Byram	2,992 20		2,992 20	1,232 50		98 97		164 43
Frankford	4,750 14		4,750 14	2,686 10	18 90	167 10		336 71
Fredon	1,957 09		1,957 09	930 00		51 37		89 84
Green	2,471 09		2,471 09	1,684 00		145 46		67 83
Hampton	2,870 07		2,870 07	1,435 00	15 00	89 81		119 92
Hardyston	30,146 20		30,146 20	16,262 87	276 28	659 40	1,200 00	1,941 41
Lafayette	3,087 28		3,087 28	1,926 25		89 03		130 51
Montague	2,442 74		2,442 74	1,823 92	13 83	91 00		88 18
Newton	20,061 90	\$7,106 07	27,167 97	13,256 79	170 94	1,157 93	750 00	1,313 63
Sandyston	4,085 20		4,085 20	2,020 53	13 98	217 94		124 84
Sparta	8,998 13		8,998 13	5,562 35	77 65	261 10	100 00	341 26
Stillwater	5,889 13		5,889 13	2,384 85		188 10		161 48
Vernon	10,932 05		10,932 05	6,924 50	136 45	481 99	62 50	644 60
Walpack	1,373 68		1,373 68	903 72	14 28	49 25		30 92
Wantage	11,538 24		11,538 24	6,652 07	11 18	662 56		241 51
Total	\$141,362 96	\$7,106 07	\$148,469 03	\$80,632 30	\$1,003 30	\$5,676 79	\$3,264 20	\$7,025 05

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of SUSSEX, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Amount expended for "Manual and Industrial Training," including salaries, apparatus and supplies therefor.	Amount expended for transportation of pupils residing within the district to schools in other districts.	Amount expended for transportation of pupils within the district.	Amount expended for tuition of pupils in other districts.	Amount expended for medical inspection.	Amount expended for attendance officers.	Amount expended for school libraries and apparatus purchased with library money.	Amount expended for interest on temporary loans.
Andover		\$108 00		\$251 00			\$40 00	\$38 77
Borough of Andover		371 85		385 00				
Borough of Branchville		354 40		245 00				
Borough of Hopatcong		86 00		70 00			7 15	9 41
Borough of Stanhope						\$20 00	10 00	
Borough of Sussex								
Byram		330 30		106 00				
Frankford		286 00		789 00				35 41
Freedom		226 00		474 35				2 86
Green		50 14 50		58 00				4 31
Hanover		356 25		386 22				
Harrison			481 20					40 00
Jefferson		140 00		365 00				
Leffayette								
Monticue						17 56		
Newton						25 00	36 00	
Sandyton		628 10	180 00	140 00		50 58	61 11	
Sparta		540 00		580 00		41 87		
Stillwater		583 15	300 00	231 50		40 00	207 83	
Vernon				471 85				
Walpack		196 20		42 26			19 96	
Wantage								
Total		\$4,783 80	\$961 20	\$4,581 17		\$196 01	\$441 05	\$130 81

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of SUSSEX, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Amount expended for other school purposes.	Total amount for "Current Expenses" and "Manual and Industrial Training" for day schools.	Amount expended for new buildings and enlargements.	Amount expended for remodeling, repairing and refurnishing school buildings and purchase of land.	Total amount expended for building, enlarging, remodeling and repairing, and purchase of land.	Grand total expended, excluding bonded debt and interest on bonds.	Balance of State and county funds, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of State and county funds for manual and industrial training, June 30th, 1910.
Andover	\$111.53	\$1,987.59	.....	\$40.00	\$40.00	\$2,027.59	\$9.22	.....
Borough of Andover	63.39	3,143.26	.....	296.30	296.30	3,439.56	.....	.....
Borough of Branchville	65.29	3,150.12	.....	131.82	131.82	3,281.94	.....	.....
Borough of Hopatcong	161.33	619.15	\$1,432.58	.....	1,432.58	2,041.73	.....	.....
Borough of Stanhope	122.72	5,550.38	.....	69.43	69.43	5,619.81	.....	.....
Borough of Sussex	196.31	7,173.32	.....	356.68	356.68	7,530.00	.....	.....
Bryan	50.00	1,650.90	1,310.60	30.70	1,341.30	2,992.20	.....	.....
Frankford	233.27	4,606.79	.....	.....	.....	4,666.79	.....	.....
Green	41.78	1,866.32	.....	.....	.....	1,866.32	.....	.....
Hampton	94.81	2,232.65	.....	109.26	109.26	2,341.91	73	.....
Harford	35.06	2,411.49	.....	403.90	403.90	2,815.39	.....	.....
Harveyson	1,062.18	21,983.34	.....	627.51	627.51	22,610.85	.....	.....
LaFayette	109.69	2,160.43	.....	17.85	17.85	2,178.28	.....	.....
Monticue	132.24	17,381.55	6,866.13	84.84	7,361.41	25,251.57	.....	.....
Montpelier	1,232.94	3,294.60	.....	496.28	24.32	3,892.33	321.18	.....
Sparta	570.33	3,678.64	.....	167.67	167.67	3,892.33	.....	.....
Stillwater	172.71	9,952.87	1,466.00	474.43	1,939.13	8,617.77	.....	.....
Vernon	100.00	1,082.19	.....	683.94	683.94	10,636.41	.....	.....
Walpack	220.06	8,045.79	.....	122.71	122.71	8,168.50	.....	.....
Total	\$5,270.41	\$113,965.09	\$11,063.31	\$4,047.56	\$15,110.86	\$129,075.95	\$331.13	.....

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of SUSSEX, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Balance of district tax for current expenses, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for manual and industrial training, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, repairing and exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for purchase of land.	Balance of moneys from other sources, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax raised for bonds and interest on bonds.	Balance from bond sale June 30th, 1910.	Total balance, June 30th, 1910.
Andover	\$52 19						\$61 41
Borough of Andover	34 77						34 77
Borough of Branchville	1,105 90						1,105 90
Borough of Hopatcong	81 34						81 34
Borough of Stanhope					\$408 27		408 27
Borough of Sussex	2,158 00				67 50		2,225 50
Byram							
Frankford	63 35				20 00		83 35
Fredon	91 77						91 77
Green	23 62				104 83		129 18
Hampton	54 68						54 68
Hardyston	1,535 35		\$5,500 00		500 00		7,535 35
Lafayette	266 18				52 80		318 98
Montague	188 83				2 34		191 17
Newton	385 92				1,438 69		1,824 61
Sandyston	51 15				20 44		392 77
Sparta	233 84				371 96		605 80
Stillwater	271 36						271 36
Vernon	295 64						295 64
Walpack	311 49						311 49
Wantage	3,169 70				200 04		3,369 74
Total.....	\$10,375 08		\$5,500 00		\$3,186 87		\$19,393 08

SUSSEX COUNTY.

SCHOOL REPORT.

Apportionment of School Moneys, by Districts, for the County of SUSSEX, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1911.

DISTRICTS.	Balance of State and county funds, July 1st, 1910.	Balance "District Tax," July 1st, 1910.	Balance received from other sources, July 1st, 1910.	Total balance, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax for bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount apportioned from State appropriation, railroad tax, State school tax and State school fund appropriation.	Amount apportioned from surplus revenue.	Amount apportioned from balances.	Amount available for manual and industrial training from State funds.
Andover	\$9 22	\$52 19		\$61 41	\$995 89	\$36 01		
Borough of Andover		34 77		34 77	1,713 44	61 96		
Borough of Branchville		1,105 90		1,105 90	1,816 60	65 69		
Borough of Hopatcong		81 34		81 34	232 49	8 41		
Borough of Stanhope			\$408 27	408 27	2,548 01	92 14		
Borough of Sussex		2,158 00	67 50	2,225 50	4,156 40	150 30		
Byram					853 89	30 88		
Frankford		63 35	20 00	83 35	2,896 02	104 73		
Fredon		91 77		91 77	1,302 61	47 10		
Green	73	23 62	104 83	128 18	1,289 52	46 35		
Hampton		54 68		54 68	1,659 79	60 02		
Hardyston		1,535 35	6,000 00	7,535 35	2,771 23	353 35		
Lafayette		266 18	52 80	318 98	1,517 06	54 86		
Montague		188 83	2 34	191 17	1,365 66	49 38		
Newton		385 92	1,438 69	1,824 61	9,719 35	350 40		
Sandyston	321 18	51 15	20 44	392 77	2,761 20	99 85		
Sparta		233 84	371 96	605 80	4,443 29	160 68		
Stillwater		271 36		271 36	2,348 86	84 94		
Vernon		295 64		295 64	6,123 98	221 46		
Walpack		311 49		311 49	839 01	30 35		
Wantage		3,169 70	200 04	3,369 74	5,875 90	212 48		
Total.....	\$331 13	\$10,375 08	\$8,686 87	\$19,393 08	\$64,230 19	\$2,321 34		

SUSSEX COUNTY.

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Apportionment of School Moneys, by Districts, for the County of SUSSEX, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1911—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Amount of district tax voted for "Current Expenses."	Amount of district tax voted for "Manual and Industrial Train- ing."	Amount of district tax voted for purchase of land.	Amount of district tax voted for building and enlarging school houses.	Amount of district tax voted for remodeling, furnishing and re- pairing school houses.	Total amount of district tax or- dered to be raised, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount available from private sources for manual and indus- trial training.	Total amount available from other sources, excluding proceeds from sale of bonds, and tax raised for bonds due and interest on bonds.	Total for school year ending June 30th, 1911.
Andover	\$50 00			\$50 00		\$50 00			\$1,993 31
Borough of Andover	1,500 00					1,500 00			3,310 17
Borough of Branchville	900 00					900 00			3,888 19
Borough of Hopatcong	2,500 00					2,500 00			6,222 24
Borough of Stanhope	3,000 00			150 00		3,150 00			5,743 42
Borough of Sussex	3,000 00		\$400 00			3,400 00			9,932 20
Byram	1,500 00					1,500 00			1,854 77
Frederick	1,500 00					1,500 00			1,994 40
Green	1,300 00					1,300 00			2,755 05
Hampton	900 00					900 00			2,674 48
Hardyston	13,000 00					13,000 00			30,659 83
Lafayette	1,050 00					1,050 00			2,940 90
Montague	700 00			1,500 00		2,200 00			2,306 21
Newton	1,250 00					1,250 00			20,394 36
Sparta	2,800 00			200 00		3,000 00			4,503 82
Stillwater	800 00					800 00			8,209 77
Vernon	4,800 00					4,800 00			3,505 16
Walpack	250 00					250 00			11,441 08
Wantage	3,000 00					3,000 00			1,450 85
Total	\$49,150 00		\$400 00	\$1,900 00		\$51,450 00			\$137,394 61

SCHOOL REPORT.

Report of Attendance, by Districts, for the County of SUSSEX, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.

DISTRICTS.	Actual number of days the schools were kept open.		Number of legal holidays the schools were not in session.		Possible number of days' attendance.		Days present—Boys.		Days present—Girls.		Total.	Days absent—Boys.		Days absent—Girls.		Total.	Times tardy—Boys.		Times tardy—Girls.		Total.
Andover	193	7	11,337	7	4,549	3,342½	7,891½	2,042	1,403½	3,445½	193	108	301								
Borough of Andover	190	7	17,617½	7	7,497	7,991	15,488	992½	1,137	2,129½	41	31	72								
Borough of Branchville	188	7	23,821½	7	9,035½	11,329	20,364½	1,813	1,644	3,457	97	101	198								
Borough of Hopatcong	172	5	2,829	5	1,027½	830	1,857½	554½	417	971½	56	19	75								
Borough of Stanhope	189	6	38,200	6	16,119½	15,275½	31,395	3,489½	3,315½	6,805	114	230	344								
Borough of Sussex	189	5	47,796	5	20,072	24,077	41,149	1,626	2,021	3,647	160	99	259								
Byram	182	6	10,430	6	3,794	2,779½	6,573½	2,818½	1,038	3,856½	162	119	281								
Frankford	171	6	29,857	6	9,246	11,461½	20,709½	3,725	5,424½	9,149½	165	166	331								
Fredon	190	7	11,872½	7	4,931	4,689	9,620	977	1,275½	2,252½	239	254	493								
Green	190	7	16,590	7	5,657	6,552½	12,209½	1,979	2,401½	4,380½	124	164	288								
Hampton	190	7	19,607	7	6,731½	6,085½	12,817	4,195½	2,594½	6,790	111	187	298								
Hardyston	190	7	140,880½	7	58,646	52,070	110,716	15,101½	15,063	30,164½	874	619	1,493								
Lafayette	190	7	17,738½	7	6,121½	7,621½	13,743	2,074½	1,921	3,995½	134	121	255								
Montague	190	7	17,280½	7	6,796	5,772½	12,568½	2,084½	2,627½	4,712	179	138	317								
Newton	190	7	153,362	7	64,422½	74,107½	138,530	9,633½	11,198½	20,832	697	364	1,061								
Sandyston	170	6	21,592	6	7,564½	7,336½	14,901	4,681	2,610	6,691	104	78	182								
Sparta	190	7	57,846½	7	23,648	22,873	46,521	5,658	5,667½	11,325½	479	371	850								
Stillwater	190	7	28,193½	7	9,674	11,275	20,949	3,416	3,838½	7,244½	226	527	753								
Vernon	191	7	55,373	7	20,434½	18,255	38,689½	8,473	8,710½	17,183½	338	305	643								
Walpack	171	6	7,574	6	3,015½	3,230	6,245½	585½	743	1,328½	94	71	165								
Wantage	191	7	62,652½	7	24,916	24,688½	49,604½	6,260½	6,787½	13,048	782	617	1,399								
Total	186	7	798,950½	7	313,898½	321,642½	635,541	81,580½	81,829	163,409½	3,369	4,689	8,058								

Report of Attendance, by Districts, for the County of SUSSEX, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Number of pupils neither absent nor tardy during the year.												
	Number of sessions truant.												
Total number of days transported.													
Number of different pupils transported to the district and enrolled in Grades IX to XII.													
Number of different pupils transported to the district and enrolled below Grade IX.													
Number of pupils enrolled who have attended public schools in other districts in New Jersey during the present school year.													
Number of cases of suspension or expulsion during the year.													
Number of pupils enrolled in kindergarten.													
Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 1 to 4 inclusive.													
Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 5 to 8 inclusive.													
Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 9 to 12 inclusive.													
Number of pupils between 4 and 20 years enrolled in the schools during the year—Boys.													
Number of pupils between 4 and 20 years enrolled in the schools during the year—Girls.													
Total.													
Andover	10	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Borough of Andover	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Borough of Branchville	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Borough of Hopatcong	9	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Borough of Stanhope	34	3	1,167	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Borough of Sussex .....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Byram	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Frankford .....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Frederon	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Green	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hampton	13	22	6,625½	23	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Harveston .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lafayette	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Montague	48	12	12,805½	87	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Newton	19	7	380	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sandyston .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Stirling	16	4	802½	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Stillwater .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Vernon	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wallack .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wantage .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	174	64	25,530½	117	.....	64	32	274	2,853	1,842	316	2,655	2,630

SUSSEX COUNTY.

SCHOOL REPORT.

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of UNION, State of New Jersey, for the School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.

DISTRICTS.

	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from State and county funds, as per County Superintendent's apportionment.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the State for "Manual and Industrial Training."	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Current Expenses."	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Manual and Industrial Training."	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, refurnishing and repairing school buildings, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount received from district tax for purchase of land.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from other sources, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.
Clark	\$1,194 73		\$490 12		\$2,300 00		\$42 95
Crainford	19,615 66	\$600 00	13,823 00	\$600 00	14,210 26	\$1,350 00	508 83
Elizabeth	266,756 07		27,832 54		500 00		10,884 81
Fairwood	9,229 85		6,084 27				428 90
Garwood	4,314 39		2,095 37				321 15
Kentlworth	7,196 88		1,748 01		500 00		116 92
Linden	9,461 05		7,160 47		4,643 08		19,609 05
Mountainside	1,680 23		917 50		340 37		31 00
New Providence Borough	3,306 54		2,406 96		83 17		10 00
New Providence Township	3,306 54	2,990 00	286 54	2,390 00	1,067 90		137 90
Plainfield	73,900 72	2,100 00	61,376 31	2,100 00	8,000 00		52,057 97
Roselle	42,423 29	400 00	12,663 57	400 00	1,500 00		668 82
Roselle Park	15,872 38		12,663 57		2,075 00		273 90
Springfield	7,708 54		9,527 70		2,075 00		584 42
Summit	26,693 51	2,050 00	26,629 74	800 00	2,808 82		2,316 44
Union	13,837 56	1,000 00	15,564 97	1,000 00	8,000 00		632 73
Westfield	29,740 97		21,247 34		6,032 74		1,330 63
Total	\$355,360 61	\$9,650 00	\$220,744 41	\$7,400 00	\$52,311 34	\$1,350 00	\$30,582 75

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of UNION, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.

	Total amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, exclusive of amount raised for payment of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the sale of bonds.	Grand total received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909.	Amount expended for teachers' salaries, exclusive of amount paid on account of work done in manual and industrial training classes, and exclusive of amount paid on account Teachers' Retirement Fund.	Amount paid State treasurer for Teachers' Retirement Fund.	Amount expended for fuel.	Amount expended for janitors' wages for day schools.	Amount expended for text-books, apparatus and supplies, exclusive of those in column 16.
Clark	\$1,727 80	.....	\$1,727 80	\$588 00	\$12 06	\$24 25	\$40 00	\$57 61
Cranford	37 14	.....	37 14	2,442 08	353 70	378 45	2,188 12	3,107 47
Fitzgerald	37 14	.....	37 14	147 42	213 10	5 45	14,783 80	1,978 75
Fairwood	16 25	.....	16 25	3,294 75	100 50	152 05	5,726 80	1,722 75
Kentworth	5 56	.....	5 56	3,894 50	38 80	320 77	648 00	374 70
Liberty	40 84	.....	40 84	2,687 80	27 40	165 00	5,400 00	546 41
Mountainside	2 96	.....	2 96	8,714 00	16 80	215 70	715 00	1,922 94
New Providence Borough	5 80	.....	5 80	1,400 00	.....	236 17	393 40	340 91
New Providence Township	5,942 98	.....	5,942 98	2,997 75	51 08	181 20	308 10	250 00
Plainfield	296 43	.....	296 43	89,786 91	1,131 92	3,475 20	8,952 94	5,351 19
Rahway	55 49	.....	55 49	38,176 55	552 93	89 57	3,800 00	1,914 49
Roselle	31 19	.....	31 19	18,049 55	163 54	1,501 58	840 00	1,988 27
Roselle Park	28 56	.....	28 56	16,654 70	225 30	908 85	1,606 50	2,405 33
Springfield	11 06	.....	11 06	5,940 25	59 00	1,887 15	530 00	788 78
Summit	61 28	.....	61 28	29,644 43	370 75	710 18	2,909 85	2,194 30
Union	28 06	.....	28 06	14,708 55	139 75	19 75	1,523 00	2,168 43
Westfield	60 35	.....	60 35	33,646 78	271 76	3,059 10	3,686 00	4,317 00
Total.....	\$936,739 11	\$219,460 76	\$1,156,259 87	\$450,411 12	\$5,005 97	\$20,011 19	\$43,764 09	\$43,934 77

UNION COUNTY.

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of UNION, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Amount expended for "Manual and Industrial Training," including salaries, apparatus and supplies therefor.	Amount expended for transportation of pupils residing within the district to schools in other districts.	Amount expended for transportation of pupils within the district.	Amount expended for tuition of pupils in other districts.	Amount expended for medical inspection.	Amount expended for attendance officers.	Amount expended for school libraries and apparatus purchased with library money.	Amount expended for interest on temporary loans.
Clark	\$1,200 00			\$151 00	\$250 00		\$44 09	\$134 50
Cranford					1,460 00		50 00	
Elizabeth				1,431 00		\$43 00		
Fanwood	\$60 00			216 00	90 50		18 31	5 45
Garwood		64 80		142 50	100 00	31 80		49 37
Kenilworth				20 00	250 00	52 50		29 17
Linden				114 00	100 00	5 59		
Mountainside	258 00			674 25	175 00	30 00	10 00	20 70
New Providence Borough	29 55			50 40		650 00		568 56
New Providence Township	5,380 47			54 00	600 00	220 00	131 45	
Plainfield	4,200 00				400 00		40 15	
Plainway	800 00				250 00		25 50	49 72
Roselle					250 00		56 44	76 55
Roselle Park		20 00		45 00	750 00			
Scotchfield	1,553 35			465 95	485 00	150 00	50 00	51 17
Summit		100 50	\$200 00	150 00	350 00	91 64		207 84
Union	2,090 13				300 00	180 00		
Westfield								
Total	\$15,523 95	\$513 151	\$200 00	\$3,515 10	\$4,700 50	\$1,564 53	\$475 94	\$1,730 65

**Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of UNION, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.**

DISTRICTS.									
	Amount expended for other school purposes.	Total amount for "Current Expenses," and "Manual and Industrial Training" for day schools.	Amount expended for new buildings and enlargements.	Amount expended for remodeling, repairing and refurnishing school buildings and purchase of land.	Total amount expended for building, enlarging, remodeling and repairing, and purchase of land.	Grand total expended, excluding bonded debt and interest on bonds.	Balance of State and county funds, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of State and county funds for manual and industrial training, June 30th, 1910.	
Clark	\$42 30	\$915 16	.....	2,485 90	\$2,485 90	\$915 16	\$430 73		
Chamford	2,168 11	34,434 50	.....	13,097 04	41,535 83	36,920 40	253,410 04		
Elizabeth	24,810 41	211,514 21	\$28,798 79	500 00	9,608 45	27,777 40	60,291 86		
Fairwood	829 51	12,178 96	9,103 45	75 80	75 80	6,063 11	4,893 11	101 68	
Gatwood	320 25	6,887 34	.....	175 31	175 31	28,303 66	4 25	166 23	
Kentworth	352 92	4,171 80	10,354 79	2,669 89	13,024 68	3,387 85	.....	.....	
Linden	3,243 87	15,278 98	.....	313 90	313 90	5,551 45	902 00	.....	
Mountainside	24 45	5,295 41	.....	353 05	353 05	5,040 98	.....	.....	
New Providence Borough	46 00	3,973 08	.....	1,067 90	1,067 90	216,172 65	.....	.....	
New Providence Township .....	.....	130,640 84	68,854 37	15,667 44	84,531 81	110,893 19	88 88	.....	
Plainfield	13,878 30	62,621 25	2,454 51	86,812 34	68,271 85	28,114 36	.....	.....	
Rahway	3,194 66	26,614 28	.....	1,500 00	1,500 00	48,780 70	.....	.....	
Roselle	2,396 20	18,823 86	20,772 45	2,457 20	22,342 70	96,015 89	11 15	\$496 65	
Roselle Park	3,470 31	15,427 06	.....	841 32	51,835 89	37,070 30	.....	.....	
Springfield	5,077 00	44,380 00	50,794 56	8,293 35	15,439 35	.....	.....	.....	
Summit	654 75	21,620 95	6,510 00	4,514 26	8,529 12	.....	.....	.....	
Union	2,694 74	50,583 35	4,014 86	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Westfield .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Total	\$96,577 78	\$659,228 72	\$201,667 78	\$110,287 08	\$311,964 86	\$971,183 58	\$61,966 88	\$496 65	

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of UNION, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.						
	Balance of district tax for current expenses, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for manual and industrial training, June 30th, 1910	Balance of district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, re-furnishing and repairing, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds, June 30th, 1910.	Balance of district tax for purchase of land.	Balance of moneys from other sources, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax raised for bonds and interest on bonds.	Balance from bond sale June 30th, 1910.
						Total balance, June 30th, 1910.
Clark	\$779 38	.....	.....	.....	\$2 53	\$812 64
Crandon	28 25	.....	.....	.....	465 74	528 09
Elizabeth .....	.....	.....	4,496 87	.....	5,394 91	70,123 64
Fairwood	3,134 17	.....	.....	.....	463 40	3,604 71
Franklin	348 92	.....	.....	.....	393 84	670 70
Kearns	211 22	.....	324 68	.....	32 14	12,550 99
Linden	71 42	.....	26 47	.....	12,405 32	884 24
Mountainside	381 99	.....	16 65	.....	6 55	254 21
New Providence Borough	297 58	.....	.....	.....	.....	902 00
New Providence Township .....	.....	\$431 14	.....	.....	36,376 85	46,262 35
Plainfield	9,451 36	.....	.....	.....	341 49	19,589 71
Rahway .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	248 40	3,083 50
Roselle	2,835 10	.....	.....	.....	551 21	594 39
Roselle Park	2 95	.....	40 13	.....	206 10	224 48
Springfield	7 23	.....	158 67	.....	8,060 00	21,810 74
Summit	13,106 42	.....	.....	.....	107 30	965 96
Union	858 66	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,239 21
Westfield	1,239 21	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	\$32,307 90	\$431 14	\$5,097 58	.....	\$85,677 00	\$185,076 59

Apportionment of School Moneys, by Districts, for the County of UNION, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1911.

DISTRICTS.								
Clark	\$430 70	\$379 32	\$2 52	\$812 64	\$787 70			\$600 00
Plainfield	42 32	4,492 27	425 74	70,722 62	30,083 80			
Edison	60,231 86	4,492 27	5,934 94	70,722 62	290,843 80			
Garwood .....	.....	3,150 17	454 60	3,604 77	8,587 95			
Kearlworth .....	.....	324 35	302 84	627 19	4,730 74			
Linden	101 58	535 96	23 16	670 70	3,504 80			
Mountainside	4 25	51 42	12,495 32	12,550 99	9,274 23			
New Providence Borough	166 23	408 46	6 55	581 24	1,348 10			
New Providence Township	902 00	354 21	.....	1,256 21	4,542 03			
Plainfield .....	.....	9,885 50	36,376 85	46,262 35	85,890 23			2,800 00
Rahway	33 88	.....	19,540 83	19,540 83	43,500 18			2,750 00
Roselle .....	.....	2,835 10	248 40	3,083 50	17,244 45			400 00
Roselle Park .....	.....	43 08	561 21	604 29	15,125 74			
Springfield	11 15	7 22	206 10	214 48	7,798 92			
Summit	496 63	12,264 09	8,660 00	21,810 74	26,233 37			
Union .....	.....	888 66	107 30	996 96	13,076 32			
Westfield .....	.....	1,259 21	.....	1,259 21	33,492 37			
Total	\$62,463 33	\$37,896 02	\$84,776 34	\$135,076 29	\$310,928 29			\$3,850 00
Balance of State and county funds, July 1st, 1910.								
Balance "District Tax," July 1st, 1910.								
Balance received from other sources, July 1st, 1910.								
Total balance, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax for bonds and interest on bonds.								
Amount apportioned from State appropriation, railroad tax, State school tax and State school fund appropriation.								
Amount apportioned from surplus revenue.								
Amount apportioned from balances.								
Amount available for manual and industrial training from State funds.								

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DISTRICTS.	
Clark	\$300 00
Cranford	15,836 55
Elizabeth	4,500 00
Fairwood	1,000 00
Kenilworth	1,706 59
Linden	6,900 00
Mountainside	817 50
New Providence Borough	2,500 00
New Providence Township	800 00
Plainfield	49,685 00
Rahway	11,850 00
Roselle	9,000 00
Springfield	12,700 00
Summit	11,738 20
Union	11,000 00
Westfield	26,800 00
Total	\$109,133 84
Amount of district tax voted for "Current Expenses."	\$800 00
Amount of district tax voted for "Manual and Industrial Training."	\$5,000 00
Amount of district tax voted for purchase of land.	\$1,000 00
Amount of district tax voted for building and enlarging school houses.	\$2,200 00
Amount of district tax voted for remodeling, refurnishing and repairing school houses.	\$3,000 00
Total amount of district tax ordered to be raised, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.	\$18,636 55
Amount available from private sources for manual and industrial training.	\$294,441 44
Total amount available from other sources, excluding proceeds from sale of bonds, and tax raised for bonds due and interest on bonds.	\$294,441 44
Total for school year ending June 30th, 1911.	\$302,163 44

Report of Attendance, by Districts, for the County of UNION, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.

DISTRICTS.	Actual number of days the schools were kept open.	Number of legal holidays the schools were not in session.	Possible number of days' attendance.	Days present—Boys.	Days present—Girls.	Total.	Days absent—Boys.	Days absent—Girls.	Total.	Times tardy—Boys.	Times tardy—Girls.	Total.
Clark	185	6	7,664	3,684	2,263½	5,947½	952	764	1,716½	191	69	260
Cranford	183	6	120,792½	54,823	54,856½	109,679½	5,726	5,387	11,113	685	390	1,075
Elizabeth	185	6	1,493,049	640,684½	639,986½	1,280,671	101,632	110,746	212,378	5,990	2,965	8,955
Fanwood	184	6	50,747	20,322½	21,176½	41,499	5,299	3,949	9,248	664	306	970
Garwood	190	6	30,569½	16,249	12,433½	28,682½	994½	892½	1,887	129	96	225
Kentilworth	186	6	30,043½	13,357½	13,246½	26,604	1,556½	1,883	3,439½	103	90	193
Linden	180	6	49,285½	20,434	19,772½	40,206½	4,399	4,680	9,079	414	242	656
Mountainside	190	6	7,863½	3,712	2,976½	6,688½	661	514	1,175	98	34	132
New Providence Borough	188	5	30,928½	12,954½	12,982½	25,937	2,243½	2,748	4,991½	205	172	377
New Providence Township	185	6	24,912½	10,837½	9,780	20,617½	1,818	2,477	4,295	297	295	592
Plainfield	183	6	571,080½	254,027½	254,802	508,829½	28,462½	33,788½	62,251	3,558	2,546	6,104
Rahway	192	7	263,168	125,562½	117,293½	242,856	9,812	10,500	20,312	801	602	1,403
Roselle	188	6	105,729	47,688½	45,913½	93,602	5,779½	6,347½	12,127	341	124	465
Roselle Park	186	6	124,990	58,113½	53,649½	111,763	6,058	7,169	13,227	743	609	1,352
Springfield	190½	6	45,021	20,027	21,036	41,063	1,917	2,041	3,958	9	4	13
Summit	182	7	166,467½	72,135	66,884½	139,019½	13,132	14,316	27,448	2,914	1,695	4,609
Union	192	6	105,627½	49,426½	42,704½	86,130	9,203½	10,294	19,497½	370	362	722
Westfield	180	6	217,177	98,850½	95,156½	194,007	10,612	12,558	23,170	1,134	732	1,866
Total.....	186	6	3,445,116	1,516,888½	1,486,914½	3,003,803	210,258½	231,054½	441,313	18,646	11,323	29,969

UNION COUNTY.

Report of Attendance, by Districts, for the County of UNION, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Number of pupils neither absent nor tardy during the year.	Number of sessions truant.	Total number of days transported.	Number of different pupils transported to the district and enrolled in Grades IX to XII.	Number of different pupils transported to the district and enrolled below Grade IX.	Number of pupils enrolled who have attended public schools in other districts in New Jersey during the present school year.	Number of cases of suspension or expulsion during the year.	Number of pupils enrolled in kindergarten.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 1 to 4 inclusive.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 5 to 8 inclusive.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 9 to 12 inclusive.	Number of pupils between 4 and 20 years enrolled in the schools during the year—Boys.	Number of pupils between 4 and 20 years enrolled in the schools during the year—Girls.	Total.
Clark	53	6	929	17	11	1	4	48	36	18	80	32	90	53
Clarendon	25	1	10	1	1	1	1	36	5,511	2,632	684	4,395	4,480	748
Elizabeth	258	10	10	1	1	1	1	25	188	118	174	174	168	8,828
Fairwood	18	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	156	56	106	106	80	342
Kearney	13	4	1	1	1	1	1	1	340	91	224	106	105	211
Lincoln	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	19	37	18	31	25	56
Mountainside	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	97	56	101	101	99	200
New Providence Borough	127	8	133	9	2	2	9	48	88	31	382	82	76	158
Plainfield	64	7	133	9	31	3	9	349	1,696	1,087	382	1,752	1,762	3,514
Rahway	20	36	7	1	1	1	1	60	870	537	115	731	741	1,522
Roselle	19	7	36	1	1	1	1	85	350	188	77	341	334	675
Springfield	47	210	7	1	1	1	1	85	433	207	54	389	380	719
Summit	10	11	3,916	28	36	3	1	139	434	84	21	132	140	272
Union	52	93	11	45	381	54	6	133	434	337	122	667	535	1,102
Westfield	718	1,456	3,916	45	381	54	6	133	691	383	154	680	671	1,531
Total.....	718	1,456	3,916	45	381	54	6	133	12,002	6,328	1,790	10,523	10,453	21,076

*No data.

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of WARREN, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.

DISTRICTS.

	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from State and county funds, as per County Superintendent's apportionment.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the State for "Manual and Industrial Training."	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Current Expenses."	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for "Manual and Industrial Training."	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, refurbishing and repairing school buildings, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount received from district tax for purchase of land.	Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from other sources, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.
Allamuchy	\$2,529 72		\$847 89		\$0.399 00		\$160 91
Belvidere	6,521 04		1,567 09		300 00		1,562 68
Blairtown	4,535 27		2,135 39				1,045 03
Franklin	3,788 27		604 72		655 14		42 75
Frelinghuysen	2,029 73		1,199 54				290 00
Greenwich	2,167 74		2,583 06				10 00
Hackettstown	7,236 92		8,314 72				1,144 89
Hartwick	940 56		223 85				
Harmony	3,436 13		2,436 36				1,169 03
Hope	1,368 42		1,432 72				68 27
Independence	3,008 86		1,432 72				530 70
Lopatcong	2,737 77		2,560 00				21 24
Mansfield	2,734 63		2,663 91				65 00
Oxford	8,436 61		2,663 91		500 00		30 15
Panamaquarry	720 07		157 44				
Phillipsburg	32,444 76		31,806 36	\$3,735 07	13,488 37		18,199 12
Pobatscong	6,832 29		4,482 48				146 44
Towamoc	2,639 02		1,383 42				95 00
Washington Township	9,622 11		11,040 11	600 00			1,679 30
Washington Borough							
Total	\$106,710 75		\$73,638 33	\$4,335 07	\$21,043 51		\$26,276 26

WARREN COUNTY.

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of WARREN, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Total amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, exclusive of amount raised for payment of bonds and interest on bonds.		Amount received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909, from the sale of bonds.		Grand total received by the district during the year beginning July 1st, 1909.		Amount expended for teachers' salaries, exclusive of amount paid on account of work done in manual and industrial training classes, and exclusive of amount paid on account Teachers' Retirement Fund.		Amount paid State treasurer for Teachers' Retirement Fund.		Amount expended for fuel.		Amount expended for janitors' wages for day schools.		Amount expended for text-books, apparatus and supplies, exclusive of those in column 16.	
Allamuchy	\$9,728 52				\$9,728 52	\$1,628 46		\$18 54		\$123 90					\$93 87	
Belvidere	10,340 71				10,340 71	6,132 00		96 00		57 50					601 65	
Blairtown	7,715 79				7,715 79	4,080 32		7 93		372 02					341 84	
Franklin	4,996 88				4,996 88	2,783 90		26 10		222 86					249 14	
Frelighuysen	3,423 26				3,423 26	2,102 38		12 60		119 63					113 62	
Greenwich	4,561 80				4,561 80	1,989 90				147 01					115 47	
Hackettstown	17,308 33				17,308 33	9,298 69		46 87		363 82					732 70	
Hardwick	1,168 40				1,168 40	361 20		10 80		39 80					185 12	
Harmony	6,145 62				6,145 62	2,368 75		53 74		153 28					229 52	
Hope	4,151 62				4,151 62	1,274 75		19 56		86 30					47 82	
Knowlton	2,872 12				2,872 12	2,581 40				220 48					149 88	
Longmont	4,898 43				4,898 43	2,139 00		24 00		287 33					462 35	
Manfield	5,399 63				5,399 63	2,287 10				531 97					395 08	
Monaca	11,030 67				11,030 67	8,102 48		92 42		27 50					99 11	
Oxford	877 51				877 51	787 92				3,947 17					17 66	
Pahauquary	99,672 68				99,672 68	42,041 33		532 13		488 09					6,626 00	
Phillipsburg	11,481 21				11,481 21	6,350 00		44 50							399 15	
Pohatcong	4,070 44				4,070 44	2,216 50		33 50							183 00	
Washington Township	22,941 52				22,941 52	10,410 08		116 72		298 26					1,172 58	
Washington Borough																
Total	\$238,002 92				\$238,002 92	\$112,139 91		\$1,117 71		\$8,076 46					\$6,131 75	
															\$12,073 22	

**Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of WARREN, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.**

DISTRICTS.	Amount expended for "Manual and Industrial Training," including salaries, apparatus and supplies therefor.							
	Amount expended for transportation of pupils residing within the district to schools in other districts.							
DISTRICTS.	Amount expended for transportation of pupils within the district.							
	Amount expended for tuition of pupils in other districts.							
DISTRICTS.	Amount expended for medical inspection.							
	Amount expended for attendance officers.							
DISTRICTS.	Amount expended for school libraries and apparatus purchased with library money.							
	Amount expended for interest on temporary loans.							
Allamuchy		\$576 00		\$192 50	\$30 00		\$20 62	\$10 49
Belvidere				50 00	36 00		34 75	
Blairtown			\$272 00	511 50			10 00	
Franklin		538 00		225 00	22 00			10 00
Frelinghuysen		456 00		780 00				
Greenwich		361 30			240 00			
Hackettstown				254 99			50 00	
Hardwick		644 00		1,015 00				18 00
Harmony		510 00		236 00	22 75			67 50
Hope		510 00		508 00	16 00		40 66	52 37
Independence		248 00	185 00	200 00			21 24	67 57
Knowlton		248 50		200 00	90 00	\$2 00		44 96
Leopold		408 45		472 00				
Manfield		97 80	250 00	289 00	100 00			
Montgomery								
Phillipsburg	\$3,735 07			650 00	175 00	300 00	196 08	147 51
Pohatcong		900 10	200 00		250 00			30 00
Washington Township		145 50		647 00	52 00			
Washington Borough	1,088 15				375 00	46 00	20 00	
Total	\$4,823 22	\$5,539 75	\$907 00	\$6,206 93	\$1,407 75	\$348 00	\$392 35	\$441 40

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of WARREN, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.							
	Amount expended for other school purposes.	Total amount for "Current Expenses" and "Manual and Industrial Training," for day schools.	Amount expended for new buildings and enlargements.	Amount expended for remodeling, repairing and refurnishing school buildings and purchase of land.	Total amount expended for building, enlarging, remodeling and repairing, and purchase of land.	Grand total expended, excluding bonded debt and interest on bonds.	Balance of State and county funds, June 30th, 1910.
Alamuchy	\$138 21	\$2,811 97	\$3,550 00	\$26 54	\$3,576 54	\$6,487 51	\$156 84
Belvidere	363 72	6,268 53	297 88	1,803 57	297 88	7,869 83	238 54
Blairtown	1,664 11	4,345 63		124 57	194 57	4,470 18	24 10
Fredericshusen	290 00	3,300 04		139 22	139 22	3,439 26	
Greentech	391 82	3,805 40				3,805 40	
Hackettstown	555 42	11,892 25		245 83	245 83	12,138 08	
Hardwick	62 34	954 35				954 35	94 26
Harmony	350 00	5,499 17	1,129 50	50 00	1,179 50	6,678 67	14 76
Hope	185 36	3,748 79		70 76	70 76	3,819 55	
Independence	165 14	2,678 48				2,678 48	14 44
Knowlton	329 46	3,945 52				3,945 52	
Leopold	76 70	3,045 30		56 05	56 05	3,101 35	
Mansfield	1,322 84	6,250 58				6,250 58	
Oxford	385 37	10,352 08		455 15	455 15	10,847 23	
Pataquary	36 70	864 78				864 78	
Phillipsburg	16,419 10	78,338 39	13,458 37	2,480 94	15,969 31	94,307 70	
Pontiac	146 44	3,476 23		418 03	418 03	3,894 47	
Washington Township	108 28	3,453 31		223 09	223 09	3,676 40	
Washington Borough	670 78	13,301 37		274 43	274 43	13,575 80	
Total.....	\$23,002 95	\$182,657 16	\$18,565 75	\$4,596 68	\$23,161 43	\$205,818 59	\$539 94

Financial Report, by Districts, for the County of WARREN, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Balance of district tax for current expenses, June 30th, 1910.					
	Balance of district tax for manual and industrial training, June 30th, 1910.					
DISTRICTS.	Balance of district tax for building, enlarging, remodeling, re-furnishing and repairing, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds, June 30th, 1910.					
	Balance of district tax for purchase of land.					
DISTRICTS.	Balance of moneys from other sources, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax raised for bonds and interest on bonds.					
	Balance from bond sale June 30th, 1910.					
DISTRICTS.	Total balance, June 30th, 1910.					
Albany	\$613.96		\$2,320.00		\$160.91	\$3,251.01
Belvidere	966.83		2.12		1,242.83	2,447.32
Blairtown	382.83				1,010.28	1,417.21
Franklin	296.13		191.82		32.76	520.70
Frelinghuysen						
Greenwich	746.40		589.47		10.00	756.40
Hackettstown	4,587.98					5,177.45
Hardwick	115.79					210.06
Harmony	40.57				16.42	66.45
Hope	149.63		136.16		53.35	338.14
Independence	125.09				50.11	195.64
Knowlton	770.41				450.50	750.21
Leopold	1,701.05					1,701.05
Leopold	84.05				66.02	150.07
Manfield	148.44		4.56		30.15	183.44
Odessa	12.73					12.73
Palmyra	1,393.91					1,393.91
Phillipsburg	5,364.98					5,364.98
Pohatcong	1,586.74					1,586.74
Washington Township	291.93					291.93
Washington Borough	7,753.75				5.77	7,759.52
Total	\$25,248.90		\$3,243.42		\$3,152.07	\$32,184.33

WARREN COUNTY.

Apportionment of School Moneys, by Districts, for the County of WARREN, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1911.

DISTRICTS.								
Allamuchy		\$186 84	\$2,838 26	\$160 91	\$3,261 01	\$2,557 06		
Belvidere		235 64	368 85	1,242 83	2,447 32	3,303 72		
Blairtown		24 10	382 83	1,010 28	1,417 21	3,617 70		
Franklin			487 95	32 75	529 70	7,002 92		
Freelighuysen				10 00		7,002 92		
Greenwich			758 40		1,707 66	2,913 82		
Hackettstown			5,115 75		5,170 45	7,002 92		
Hartwick		94 36	115 75		210 45	7,002 92		
Hartwoly		14 76	49 27	10 42	65 45	7,002 92		
Independence			984 79	53 35	338 14	2,832 59		
Knowlton		14 44	124 04	50 11	192 61	2,040 00		
Lanark			270 41	480 50	750 91	3,094 85		
Mansfield			1,707 66		1,707 66	2,744 35		
Oxford			84 05	30 15	149 05	2,700 65		
Pahauquarry			153 29		183 44	7,458 19		
Phillipsburg			12 73		12 73	762 72		
Pohatcong			5,364 98		5,364 98	27,908 35		
Washington Township			1,586 74		1,586 74	6,813 82		
Washington Borough			291 93		291 93	2,649 38		
Total		\$539 94	\$28,492 32	\$3,152 07	\$32,184 33	\$100,879 71		
Balance of State and county funds, July 1st, 1910.								
Balance "District Tax," July 1st, 1910.								
Balance received from other sources, July 1st, 1910.								
Total balance, June 30th, 1910, exclusive of tax for bonds and interest on bonds.								
Amount apportioned from State appropriation, railroad tax, State school tax and State school fund appropriation.								
Amount apportioned from surplus revenue.								
Amount apportioned from balances.								
Amount available for manual and industrial training from State funds.								

Apportionment of School Moneys, by Districts, for the County of WARREN, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1911—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Amount of district tax voted for "Current Expenses."	Amount of district tax voted for "Manual and Industrial Train- ing."	Amount of district tax voted for purchase of land.	Amount of district tax voted for building and enlarging school houses.	Amount of district tax voted for remodeling, refurnishing and re- pairing school houses.	Total amount of district tax or- dered to be raised, exclusive of bonds and interest on bonds.	Amount available from private sources for manual and indus- trial training.	Total amount available from other sources, excluding proceeds from sale of bonds, and tax raised for bonds due and interest on bonds.	Total for school year ending June 30th, 1911.
Allamuchy	\$390 00			\$300 00		\$1,000 00			\$6,608 06
Baldwin	1,500 00				\$300 00	1,800 00			9,501 04
Blairstown	1,500 00		\$125 00	2,500 00	500 00	4,625 00			9,688 44
Franklin	1,400 00				300 00	1,700 00			8,968 40
Frelinghuysen	350 00				139 22	479 22			2,605 81
Greenwich	775 00				225 00	1,000 00			4,972 61
Hackettstown	5,208 00					5,208 00			17,407 54
Hardwick	200 00					200 00			1,902 95
Harmony	700 00		50 00	1,250 00		2,000 00			6,553 33
Hope	1,000 00					1,000 00			4,170 73
Independence	700 00					700 00			2,833 64
Knowlton	1,100 00					1,100 00			4,946 76
Lopatcong	1,500 00					1,500 00			6,562 01
Manfield	1,600 00					1,600 00			4,539 70
Manitowish	500 00				500 00	1,000 00			9,141 63
Oxford	175 00					175 00			860 45
Pahquarry	24,000 00	\$3,750 00				27,750 00			61,553 34
Phillipsburg	175 00					175 00			13,500 56
Portland	4,500 00				900 00	5,400 00			3,491 31
Toseland	4,500 00					4,500 00			22,741 92
Washington Borough	4,400 00	600 00				5,000 00			
Total	\$51,808 00	\$4,350 00	\$175 00	\$3,950 00	\$3,704 22	\$63,987 22			\$197,051 26

WARREN COUNTY.

Report of Attendance, by Districts, for the County of WARREN, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910.

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SCHOOL REPORT.

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DISTRICTS.	Actual number of days the schools were kept open.	Number of legal holidays the schools were not in session.	Possible number of days' attendance.	Days present—Boys.	Days present—Girls.	Total.	Days absent—Boys.	Days absent—Girls.	Total.	Times tardy—Boys.	Times tardy—Girls.	Total.
Allamuchy	170	7	18,003	6,875	5,507	12,382	2,808	2,813	5,621	93	55	148
Belvidere	191	6	61,277½	26,060	28,123½	54,183½	3,030	4,064	7,094	131	68	199
Blairstown	172	7	38,176½	15,145	16,734½	31,879½	3,592½	2,704½	6,297	461	324	785
Franklin	191	8	38,582	15,878	16,292½	32,170½	3,201½	3,210	6,411½	185	130	315
Frelinghuysen	173	5	21,003	8,463½	7,757	16,139½	2,483	2,326½	4,809½	357	423	780
Greenwich	191	6	27,011	8,949	11,403	20,352	3,326½	3,332½	6,659	185	73	258
Hackettstown	178½	7½	78,851½	35,618½	34,978½	70,597	3,904½	4,350	8,254½	242	102	344
Hardwick	171	6	6,364½	1,745	2,662½	4,407½	830	1,127	1,957	119	204	323
Harmony	169	5	36,473½	17,539½	11,943	29,482½	4,161½	2,829½	6,991	719	609	1,328
Hope	173	6	22,731	9,628	9,090	18,718	1,998½	2,014½	4,013	388	400	788
Independence	172	5	14,729	7,217½	5,587	12,804½	854½	1,070	1,924½	100	41	141
Knowlton	192	6	36,417	14,347½	13,477½	27,825½	4,051½	4,540½	8,592	347	382	729
Lopatcong	189	6	22,700½	9,645½	10,716½	20,362	1,037½	1,301	2,338½	1	5	6
Mansfield	191	7	27,723½	9,840	10,911½	20,751½	2,121½	1,920½	4,042	232	314	546
Oxford	191	7	93,617	38,469	36,200½	74,669½	9,535	9,412½	18,947½	719	425	1,144
Pahquaury	164	5	4,966½	1,900	1,733½	3,633½	817	516	1,333	85	64	149
Phillipsburg	190	5	362,926	162,042½	180,328½	342,381	9,746½	10,798½	20,545	625	563	1,188
Pohatcong	190	4	71,713½	31,361	26,559	57,920	7,061½	6,732	13,793½	316	324	640
Washington Township	191	8	25,746	11,865	7,414	19,279	3,340½	3,126½	6,467	62	32	94
Washington Borough	190	9	111,297	46,996	53,160	100,156	4,976	6,165	11,141	318	161	479
Total	182	61	1,117,979½	479,558½	490,589½	970,148	72,877½	74,354	147,231½	5,685	4,699	10,384

Report of Attendance, by Districts, for the County of WARREN, State of New Jersey, for the
School Year Ending June 30th, 1910—Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Number of pupils neither absent nor tardy during the year.												
	Number of sessions truant.												
DISTRICTS.	Total number of days transported.												
	Number of different pupils transported to the district and enrolled in Grades IX to XII.												
DISTRICTS.	Number of different pupils transported to the district and enrolled below Grade IX.												
	Number of pupils enrolled who have attended public schools in other districts in New Jersey during the present school year.												
DISTRICTS.	Number of cases of suspension or expulsion during the year.												
	Number of pupils enrolled in kindergarten.												
DISTRICTS.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 1 to 4 inclusive.												
	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 5 to 8 inclusive.												
DISTRICTS.	Number of pupils enrolled in Grades 9 to 12 inclusive.												
	Number of pupils between 4 and 20 years enrolled in the schools during the year—Boys.												
DISTRICTS.	Number of pupils between 4 and 20 years enrolled in the schools during the year—Girls.												
	Total.												
Allamuchy	1	2	1,550	9	3	1	44	84	46	62	72	58	130
Belvidere	33	5	1,550	9	8	4	44	139	100	62	176	139	365
Blairtown	21	42	5,032	12	2	2	.....	142	112	28	139	137	285
Franklin	2	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	153	107	26	149	137	286
Greenthushen	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	99	82	.....	98	83	191
Greenthushen	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	111	88	1	79	91	170
Hackettstown	20	10	4,581	32	15	2	.....	111	137	79	244	244	488
Hackettstown	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	125	39	28	36	6	29
Harmon	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	5	.....	183	97	19	178	121	306
Harmon .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	99	94	.....	101	92	193
Hope	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	61	58	.....	67	52	119
Independence	8	7	756½	.....	.....	.....	.....	141	121	.....	130	132	282
Knowlton	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	62	76	.....	67	74	141
Lopatcong	4	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	103	86	.....	90	99	189
Mansfield	6	1	921	.....	6	1	.....	369	292	39	311	299	610
Oxford	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	32	14	.....	25	21	46
Panauquary	175	358½	9,635	63	.....	.....	.....	1,236	618	306	1,051	1,108	2,159
Phillipsburg	10	.....	1,783	.....	20	21	.....	400	127	.....	283	244	527
Potatcong Township	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	105	75	.....	104	76	180
Washington Borough	26	31	4,126	36	.....	3	.....	339	213	119	315	356	671
Total	340	461½	28,384½	142	82	51	44	4,138	2,462	678	3,707	3,665	7,372

WARREN COUNTY.

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