

5. Whenever the high temperature is forecast to be 32 degrees Fahrenheit or below during the next 24 hours, electric and gas utilities shall not, within any portion of their service territories, disconnect residential service for nonpayment of a delinquent account, failure to pay a cash security deposit or guarantee, or failure to comply with the terms of a deferred payment plan. The utilities may rely on forecasts obtained from national weather stations covering their utility facilities, including the Newark Weather Station and the Atlantic City Airport Weather Station.

(d) Discontinuance of residential service for nonpayment is prohibited if a medical emergency exists within the premises which would be aggravated by a discontinuance of service and the customer gives reasonable proof of inability to pay. Discontinuance shall be prohibited for a period of up to two months when a customer submits a physician's statement, in writing, to the utility as to existence of the emergency, its nature and probable duration, and that termination of service will aggravate the medical emergency. Recertification by the physician as to a continuance of the medical emergency shall be submitted to the utility after 30 days. However, at the end of such period of emergency, the customer shall still remain liable for payment of service(s) rendered, subject to the provisions of N.J.A.C. 14:3-7.13. During the period of medical emergency, the customer shall pay telephone tolls which are in excess of the average bills of the six months preceding the first 30-day period.

1. The Board may extend the 60-day period for good cause. Such an extension shall be requested in writing by the customer and be accompanied by a current physician's note. Pending the Board's consideration and decision, utility service shall not be discontinued.

2. Public utilities may in their discretion delay discontinuance of residential service for nonpayment prior to submission of the physician's statement required by this subsection when a medical emergency is known to exist.

Amended by R.1978 d.155, effective May 16, 1978.

See: 9 N.J.R. 290(e), 10 N.J.R. 261(e).

Amended by R.1983 d.526, effective November 21, 1983.

See: 15 N.J.R. 787(a), 15 N.J.R. 1949(a).

In (a)3i, added "except in cases of diversion of service pursuant to 14:3-7.16."

Amended by R.1991 d.145, effective May 6, 1991.

See: 22 N.J.R. 616(a), 23 N.J.R. 1446(a).

Prohibits discontinuance of service due to non-payment of repair charges, merchandise charges, and non-tariff contracted charges; limits utilities' discontinuance of residential service to Monday-Thursday, 8 A.M. to 4 P.M. except for safety related emergency.

Amended by R.1997 d.39, effective February 3, 1997.

See: 28 N.J.R. 1810(a), 29 N.J.R. 449(a).

In (a)3i, inserted provision on responsibility for service rendered and reference to conservation measures; in (b), inserted provision on discontinuance or meter reading within 48 hours; in (c), inserted \$50 arrearage provision; added (c)1 through (c)5; and in (d)1, inserted provisions that extension request be in writing and that service not be discontinued pending Board decision.

Cross References

Residential electric and gas service, winter termination program, see N.J.A.C. 14:3-7.12A.

Case Notes

Homeowners' association was not entitled to stay of discontinuance by water utility of fire hydrant service. In *Matter of Vernon Valley Water Company v. Stone Hill Property Owners Association*. 93 N.J.A.R.2d (BRC) 1.

State regulation preempted local regulation; commercial tenants responsible to pay their own individual bills. In *Re Complaint by Rotella*, 92 N.J.A.R.2d (BRC) 48.

Service discontinuance by gas and electric utility; appropriate notice given and discontinuance not on basis of non-payment of contested charges. *Buczek v. Public Service Electric & Gas*, 92 N.J.A.R.2d (BRC) 13.

14:3-3.7 Basis for restoration

Service shall be restored within 24 hours upon proper application when the conditions under which such service was discontinued are corrected, and upon the payment of all proper charges due from the customer provided in the tariff of the utility, or if the Board so directs when a complaint involving such matter is pending before it.

Amended by R.1997 d.39, effective February 3, 1997.

See: 28 N.J.R. 1810(a), 29 N.J.R. 449(a).

Inserted 24 hour deadline for service.

14:3-3.8 Access to customer's premises

(a) The utility shall have the right of reasonable access to customer's premises, and to all property furnished by the utility, at all reasonable times for the purpose of inspection of customer's premises incident to the rendering of service, collection of coin boxes, reading meters, or inspecting, testing, or repairing its facilities used in connection with supplying the service, or for the removal of its property. The customer shall obtain, or cause to be obtained, all permits needed by the utility for access to the utility's facilities. Access to the utility's facilities shall not be given except to authorized employees of the utility or duly authorized governmental officials.

(b) In the case of defective service, the customer shall not interfere or tamper with the apparatus belonging to the utility but shall immediately notify the utility to have the defects remedied.

14:3-3.9 Interruptions

(a) Each utility shall exercise reasonable diligence to avoid interruptions, curtailments or deficiencies (hereinafter referred to as interruptions) of service and, when such interruptions occur, service shall be restored as promptly as possible consistent with safe practice. Each utility shall keep a record for a period of one year of each reported interruption of service.

(b) Records of the major interruptions of service shall be kept in a manner suitable for analysis for the purpose of

minimizing possible future interruptions and shall include the time, cause, and duration of the interruptions as well as the remedial action taken. Interruptions to service by reason of any act of God, accident, strike, legal process, or governmental interference, where service to customers is interrupted for at least two hours, in accordance with the chart below, shall be reported to the Board by each utility by the speediest means of communication available followed by a detailed written report.

Customers Served	Customers Interrupted
500 or less	20
501 to 1,000	50
1,001 to 10,000	100
10,001 to 100,000	200
100,001 to 500,000	1,000
500,001 to 1,000,000	2,000
1,000,001 or more	5,000

(c) However, interruptions to service made in accordance with provisions in interruptible service contracts between the utility and its customers need not be reported. Planned interruptions for operating reasons shall always be preceded by reasonable notice to all affected customers, and the work shall be planned so as to minimize customer inconvenience.

Cross References

See N.J.A.C. 14:11-5.4, Reporting of accidents, N.J.A.C. 14:11-1.10, Reporting threatened interruptions of service, N.J.A.C. 14:10-1.13, Service interruptions, and N.J.A.C. 14:7-1.31, Natural gas pipelines. Autobus, trolley, and railroad utilities shall report in accordance with N.J.A.C. 16:52-1.4, Interruption of service, and N.J.A.C. 16:23-2.1, Interruption of service, as applicable.

Case Notes

Board without jurisdiction to hear action for damage resulting from power interruption; proper jurisdiction with courts; Board's jurisdiction limited to disputes over propriety of tariffs, costs and charges. *Brooks, v. Public Service Electric and Gas Co.*, 1 N.J.A.R. 243 (1980).

14:3-3.10 Service call scheduling

(a) When a service call is scheduled, the utility shall inform the customer, upon request, whether the service call is scheduled to be made during the morning, afternoon or, if provided, the evening.

(b) If the utility is unable to keep the appointment for the scheduled service call, the utility shall inform the customer at the earliest possible time and the service call shall be rescheduled within 24 hours, unless good cause is shown. Good cause shall include, but not be limited to, situations where the customer is unavailable, system emergencies which may or may not be weather-related where crews are needed for repair or other functions necessary to maintain the viability and safety of the utility's operating system or parts thereof, or emergencies resulting from labor actions.

SUBCHAPTER 4. METERS

14:3-4.1 Ownership

(a) Each utility, except telephone utilities, shall own, provide, or cause to be provided on its behalf, for each customer supplied on a measured basis, a meter(s) and such service appliances as are customarily furnished by the utility, in order to connect the customer's equipment with the utility's facilities.

1. Said meter(s) and service appliances shall be provided at no additional charge other than that portion of the Board approved customer service charge which specifically reflects the cost of the meter(s) and service appliances.

(b) Each utility may charge to furnish and install a meter(s) and such service appliances as necessary for measurement purposes, in accordance with the provisions of a Board approved tariff.

Amended by R.1997 d.39, effective February 3, 1997.

See: 28 N.J.R. 1810(a), 29 N.J.R. 449(a).

In (a), deleted provision that meters and appliances be provided without charge; and added (a)1 and (b).

Case Notes

Record established that confusing billing procedures and malfunctioning remote register warranted elimination of adjusted bill. *Magley v. New Jersey—American Water Company*. 93 N.J.A.R.2d (BRC) 13.

14:3-4.2 Location

(a) The installation of meters and connections shall be in accordance with applicable "Codes", as set forth in Chapters 5 (Electric), 6 (Gas), and 9 (Sewer and Water) of this Title, standard practice and the standard terms and conditions contained in the tariff of the utility on file with the Board.

(b) Meters installed indoors shall be located in a clean, dry, safe place not subject to great variations in temperature and on a support which is free from appreciable vibration. Meters installed outdoors should be protected from the weather or be designed for outdoor use.

(c) Meters shall be so located as to be easily accessible for reading, testing and making necessary adjustments and repairs. Meters should be placed in a location where the visits of the meter reader or tester will cause minimum inconvenience to the customer or to the utility.

14:3-4.3 Access

Access to meters shall be in accordance with N.J.A.C. 14:3-3.8.

Amended by R.1997 d.39, effective February 3, 1997.

See: 28 N.J.R. 1810(a), 29 N.J.R. 449(a).

Case Notes

Change in bill format rejected; determination of complex rate increase petition. In re: Public Service Electric & Gas Co., 6 N.J.A.R. 633 (1981).

14:3-5.2 Personnel to be contacted

(a) Each utility shall furnish to the Board and keep current a list of names, addresses and telephone numbers of responsible officials to be contacted in connection with routine matters during normal working hours.

(b) Each utility shall also furnish to the Board and keep current a list of names, addresses, and telephone numbers of responsible officials who may be contacted in event of emergency during other than normal working hours.

14:3-5.3 Emergency telephone numbers

(a) Each public utility shall establish and prominently display on all customer bills after present supplies are exhausted, a current telephone number which may be used by customers and others to report emergencies to the public utility.

(b) In addition, each public utility shall maintain a listed emergency number in appropriate telephone directories, and file same with police departments, fire departments, municipal clerks and other appropriate governmental agencies.

(c) These numbers shall be tended in order that calls can be answered on a 24 hour basis, with assurance that, within a reasonable period of time, a company official will be contacted.

(d) Electric, gas, telephone and Class A water utilities shall have available, on a 24 hour per day basis, representatives or agents to accept emergency telephone calls from customers. Said representatives or agents shall be able to contact appropriate utility personnel in the event of an emergency situation. If used by a utility, an Automatic Response Unit (ARU) must provide an escape option to allow a customer to speak to the next available operator.

R.1973 d.187, effective July 11, 1973.

See: 4 N.J.R. 196(e), 5 N.J.R. 292(b).

Amended by R.1997 d.39, effective February 3, 1997.

See: 28 N.J.R. 1810(a), 29 N.J.R. 449(a).

Added (d).

SUBCHAPTER 6. RECORDS**14:3-6.1 Location and examination**

Each utility shall notify the Board, upon request, of the office or offices at which various records are kept. These records shall be open for examination by the Board's inspectors.

14:3-6.2 Plant and operating

(a) Each utility shall maintain, readily available, adequate maps and/or records reflecting the latest available information and data concerning the size, type, location and date of installation of its major units of property.

(b) Each utility owning or operating pumping, treatment facilities or power stations or other production facilities for the purpose of furnishing service to customers shall keep for a period of one year a record of the time of starting and shutting down of all principal units of such equipment, as well as a record of pertinent related operating statistics. Each such utility shall maintain and keep in operating condition one or more graphic recording devices at central points where continuous records shall be made of the pressure or voltage at that point.

(c) Each utility shall keep for a period of one year, a record of complaints in regard to service received at its office or offices, which shall include the name and address of the customer, the date, the nature of complaint and the disposition. The record shall be available for inspection by the Board's inspectors.

14:3-6.3 Periodic reports

Every utility shall file with the Board on or before March 31 of each year, or on or before the due date noted on the report form, a summary of its finances and operations for the preceding calendar year on forms prescribed and furnished by the Board. In special instances utilities may be required to submit reports quarterly and monthly as directed by the Board. Other periodic reports shall be filed on or before the due date noted on the report form.

Amended by R.1991 d.221, effective May 6, 1991.

See: 22 N.J.R. 1112(a), 23 N.J.R. 1439(b).

Reference to due dates noted on report forms, added.

14:3-6.4 Accidents

Each utility shall keep a record of and report to the Board all accidents, as set forth in Subchapter 5 (Reporting Accidents) and Subchapter 8 (Natural Gas) of Chapter 11 of this Title, as applicable.

14:3-6.5 Public records

(a) All records, except those records set forth in (b) below or which by rule are accorded confidential treatment by the Board and are the subject of a protective order of the Board, which specifically are required by law to be made, maintained or kept by and for the Board of Public Utilities shall be public records within the meaning of N.J.S.A. 47:1A-1 et seq. Records which by rule are accorded confidential treatment by the Board or which are the subject of a protective order of the Board shall be disclosed only to the extent and in the manner provided therein, and shall not be deemed public records within the meaning of N.J.S.A. 47:1A-1 et seq.

(b) All records which specifically are required by law to be made, maintained or kept by and for the Board which relate to accidents or investigation of accidents, except for information pertaining to on-going investigations, concerning public utilities and to surveys of property and equipment of public utilities shall be deemed public records, copies of which may be purchased or reproduced under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 47:1A-1 et seq., unless it is determined by the Board that the inspection, copying or publication of such records shall be inimical to the public interest.

(c) All other records of the Board shall not be subject to the provisions of N.J.S.A. 47:1A-1 et seq., and shall be available for inspection and examination only to the extent and for such purposes as may be expressly authorized by the Board.

(d) The fee for copies of records, instruments and documents of the Board shall be in accordance with the provisions of N.J.S.A. 47:1A-2 and 48:2-56.

Amended by R.1991 d.221, effective May 6, 1991.

See: 22 N.J.R. 1112(a), 23 N.J.R. 1439(b).

Corrected internal citation formats.

Amended by R.1997 d.39, effective February 3, 1997.

See: 28 N.J.R. 1810(a), 29 N.J.R. 449(a).

In (b), inserted exception for records of ongoing investigations.

Case Notes

Plaintiffs in civil action entitled to examine accident reports made by Board and submitted by gas company, under either the Right to Know Law or the common law right of citizens to inspect public records. *Irvial Realty, Inc. v. Bd. of Public Utility Commissioners*, 61 N.J. 366, 294 A.2d 425 (1972).

Unsuccessful telecommunication relay service bidder was not entitled to disclosure of successful bidder's proposal information. In *Matter of Provision of Telecommunications Relay Service*, 92 N.J.A.R.2d (BRC) 58.

Cable TV association was entitled to aggregate-based service records of telephone utility but not individual service records; internal memoranda of staff of Board of Regulatory Commissioners also not subject to disclosure. In *Matter of Request of New Jersey Cable Television Association*, 92 N.J.A.R.2d (BRC) 51.

14:3-6.6 Telephone system information

(a) Each electric, gas, local exchange carrier telephone and Class A water utility shall provide the Board with the following information concerning the operation of the utility's telephone system:

1. The location of each office from which telephone calls from customers and the general public are normally received and the number of customers served by that office;

2. The days of the week and the hours in which the office is open to conduct business with the public and receive telephone calls;

3. The telephone number(s) by which customers may call the utility;

4. The method by which customers are informed of the telephone number(s) to be used to contact the utility;

5. Whether or not the customers are requested to dial a single telephone number or a separate number depending on the nature of their inquiry;

6. Whether or not inward telephone traffic is grouped to individual departments, such as service or billing, along with the total number of such departments and the identification of each department;

7. The total number of inward telephone trunk lines assigned to each telephone number used by the utility;

8. A brief description of the type of telephone system used in the office and the manufacturer and model number of the equipment used;

9. Whether or not the office has on-premises private branch exchange (PBX) or other private switching device and whether or not the device handles all telephone traffic for the office;

10. The total number of functional lines on the line aide (telephone extension/customer service representative side) of the PBX or other private switching device and, if segregated by department, the number of functional lines assigned to each department;

11. The total number of customer service representatives (CSRs) normally available to answer calls. If CSRs are segregated by department, the total of CSRs available for each department;

12. If the assignments of CSRs varies by hour, day or other time period, the utility shall describe the variation in the assignment;

13. A brief description of the initial and ongoing training provided to the CSRs;

14. A brief description of the billing cycle including dates on which bills are mailed;

15. Whether or not the CSRs have access to computer terminals for billing or service information and, if so, a brief description of the information available to the CSRs;

16. Whether or not the telephone system serving the office has automated call distribution capability for the entire office or for specific departments. If so, the utility shall supply a brief description of the method of call distribution;

17. Whether or not the telephone system places incoming calls in queue, and, if so, the maximum number of callers that can be placed in queue;

18. Whether or not the telephone system has an automated response unit (ARU) and, if so, a brief description of the routing options available to callers through the ARU;

19. Whether or not the telephone system provides recorded messages to callers and a description of the message provided;

20. Whether or not telephone answering machines or devices are used and, if so, the hours in which they are used and the departments in which they are used; and

21. If a telephone answering service is used:

i. The name and address of the answering service and the hours during which said service is used. In addition, the utility shall indicate whether or not the answering service receives all incoming calls or for specific departments;

ii. The information required pursuant to (i) above shall be provided to the Board within 90 days of the effective date of this rule and annually thereafter;

iii. Each utility shall, within 30 days, inform the Board of any substantive change in the information filed pursuant to this section.

SUBCHAPTER 7. BILLS AND PAYMENTS FOR SERVICE

14:3-7.1 Deposits for metered and telephone service

(a) If after notice of the methods of establishing credit and being afforded an opportunity, a customer has not established credit, the utility may require a reasonable deposit as a condition of supplying service.

(b) The credit established, by whatever method, shall apply at any location within the area of the utility furnishing the service; that is, service is not to be regarded as restricted to a particular location.

(c) The amount of a deposit shall be reasonably related to the probable charge for service during a billing period based upon the average monthly charge over an estimated 12 month service period increased by one month's average bill.

As amended, R.1978 d.155, effective May 16, 1978.

See: 9 N.J.R. 290(e), 10 N.J.R. 261(e).

Amended by R.1997 d.39, effective February 3, 1997.

See: 28 N.J.R. 1810(a), 29 N.J.R. 449(a).

Substantially amended (c).

14:3-7.2 Deposits to insure credit of new customers

If a customer whose credit has not been established applies for service, the initial deposit shall be the estimated average bill of the customer for a billing period, based upon the average monthly charge over an estimated 12 month service period increased by one month's average bill. In determining the amount of deposit, except in the case of telephone utilities, there shall be excluded from the average bill such portion thereof, if any, for which payment is received in advance. If the actual bills of the customer subsequently rendered prove that the deposit is either insufficient or excessive, the deposit may be changed in accordance with the facts.

Amended by R.1997 d.39, effective February 3, 1997.

See: 28 N.J.R. 1810(a), 29 N.J.R. 449(a).

Substantially amended section.

14:3-7.3 Customers in default

(a) Customers in default in the payment of bills may be required to furnish a deposit or increase their existing deposit in an amount sufficient to secure the payment of future bills. The amount of such deposit shall be determined in accordance with the principle set forth in N.J.A.C. 14:3-7.1. Service shall not be discontinued for failure to make such deposit except after proper notice.

(b) If a customer who has made a deposit fails to pay a bill, the utility may apply such deposit insofar as is necessary to liquidate the bill and may require that the deposit be restored to its original amount.

Amended by R.1997 d.39, effective February 3, 1997.

See: 28 N.J.R. 1810(a), 29 N.J.R. 449(a).

14:3-7.4 Receipts and records

The utility shall furnish a receipt to each customer who has made a deposit. Where return of the deposit is made in cash, surrender of the receipt or, in lieu thereof, proof of identity may be required.

14:3-7.5 Return of deposits

(a) Upon closing any account the balance of any deposit remaining after the closing bill for service has been settled shall be returned promptly to the depositor with interest due.

(b) Each utility shall review a residential customer's account at least once every year and a nonresidential customer's account at least once every two years and if such review indicates that the customer has established credit satisfactory to the utility, then the outstanding deposit shall be refunded to the customer. Each utility shall afford its customers the option of having the deposit refund applied to the customer's account in the form of a credit or of having the deposit refunded by separate check in a period not to exceed one billing cycle.

(c) Simple interest at a rate equal to the average yields on new six month Treasury Bills for the 12 month period ending each September 30 shall be paid by the utility on all deposits held by it, provided the deposit has remained with the utility for at least three months. Said rate shall become effective on January 1 of the following year. The Board shall perform the annual calculation to determine the applicable interest rate and shall notify the affected public utilities of said rate.

1. Interest on deposits previously collected and held by the public utility shall be apportioned so that the computed interest rate shall be based upon the average yields on new six month Treasury Bills, beginning the following January 1.

2. Interest payments shall be made at least once during each 12 month period in which a deposit is held and shall take the form of credits on bills toward utility service rendered or to be rendered. The effect of this subsection shall be limited to those deposits, if any, held by electric, gas, telephone and water utilities to secure residential accounts.

As amended, R.1978 d.155, effective May 16, 1978.

See: 9 N.J.R. 290(e), 10 N.J.R. 261(e).

As amended, R.1979 d.117, effective March 16, 1979.

See: 11 N.J.R. 260(a).

As amended, R.1979 d.289, effective August 1, 1979.

See: 11 N.J.R. 258(b), 11 N.J.R. 467(a).

As amended, R.1984 d.87, effective April 2, 1984.

See: 15 N.J.R. 1355(a), 16 N.J.R. 744(a).

(c) Amended to allow interest payments to be credited towards bills. Amended by R.1988 d.568, effective December 19, 1988.

See: 20 N.J.R. 737(a), 20 N.J.R. 3140(b).

Changed "six months" to "12"; added text "The board shall . . .".

Amended by R.1991 d.148, effective May 6, 1991.

See: 22 N.J.R. 619(a), 23 N.J.R. 1450(a).

Requires utilities refund deposit by check or credit and be made within a billing cycle.

Public Notice: Applicable interest rate on customer deposits effective for calendar year 1992 is 6.0 percent.

See: 23 N.J.R. 3660(a).

Amended by R.1992 d.225, effective June 1, 1992.

See: 24 N.J.R. 686(b), 24 N.J.R. 2073(a).

Rounding interest up or down to nearest half percent repealed.

Public Notice: Applicable interest rate on customer deposits effective for calendar year 1993 is 3.93 percent.

See: 24 N.J.R. 4434(a).

Amended by R.1997 d.39, effective February 3, 1997.

See: 28 N.J.R. 1810(a), 29 N.J.R. 449(a).

Deleted (c)1, relating to deposits received on or after Jan. 1, 1989; and recodified former (c)2 through (c)3 as (c)1 through (c)2.

Cross References

Billing disputes, see N.J.A.C. 14:3-7.13.

Case Notes

Utility lost right to setoff security deposit against utility debts. In re Village Craftsman, Inc., Bkrcty.D.N.J.1993, 160 B.R. 740.

14:3-7.6 Unmetered service

Where a utility, other than a telephone utility, furnishes unmetered service for which payment is received in advance, it may not demand other guarantee to secure payment for service.

14:3-7.7 Information for customers

Each utility shall adopt some method of informing its customers as to the reading of meters, either by printing on bills a description of the method of reading meters, or a notice to the effect that the method will be explained on request, giving the address and telephone number where such information may be obtained. In addition the utility shall furnish the address of an office where complaints, service inquiries and bill payments will be received.

14:3-7.8 Record of customer's account

Each utility shall keep a record of each customer's account in such a manner as will permit computation of the bill for any billing period occurring within six years, except that telephone utilities shall keep said records in accordance with the Federal Communications Commission's rules and regulations, 47 C.F.R. 42.01 et seq., "Preservation of Records of Communication Common Carriers," as amended and supplemented, incorporated herein by reference.

Amended by R.1997 d.39, effective February 3, 1997.

See: 28 N.J.R. 1810(a), 29 N.J.R. 449(a).

14:3-7.9 Form of bill for metered service

(a) Unless a utility has been specifically relieved of so doing by order of this Board, the bill shall show the following:

1. The meter readings at the beginning and end of the billing period;
2. The dates on which the meter is read;
3. The number and kind of units measured;
4. Identification of the applicable rate schedule. If the applicable rates are not shown, the bill shall carry a statement to the effect that the applicable rate will be furnished upon request;
5. The gross and/or net amount of the bill;
6. If the utility uses gross and net billing, the date on which payment must be made to qualify for the net billing or discount;
7. A distinctive marking to indicate that the bill is based on an estimated or averaged use or on the index of a remote reading device;
8. An explanation or statement of any conversion from meter reading to billing units or any other calculations or factors used in determining the bill;
9. For each Class A water and sewerage company subject to the Board's jurisdiction, sufficient information to reflect the estimated amount of money in that individual bill which is collected for the gross receipts and franchise taxes pursuant to N.J.S.A. 54:30A-54. The following language is suggested as a model statement to be included on the bill: "Approximately 13% of \$_____ of your current period charges reflect the average gross receipts and franchise taxes which are paid to the State of New Jersey and distributed to New Jersey municipalities."
10. For each electric or gas company subject to the Board's jurisdiction, sufficient information to adequately reflect that the payment of taxes is on a per unit basis imposed upon and included in the cost of each kilowatt hour of electricity and therm of gas consumed by an electric and gas company customer pursuant to N.J.S.A. 54:30A-54.6. The following language is suggested as a model statement to be included on the bill: "The State Gross Receipts and Franchise Unit Tax imposed upon your bill is calculated on a per unit basis and, therefore, is imposed upon each unit of energy which you have used. To obtain the exact amount of tax included in your billing or the tax rate imposed upon each unit of energy in your bill, please contact the Company at the telephone number listed on your bill."

1. A non-residential electric and/or gas customer shall be allowed to enter into a deferred payment agreement for a period of no more than three months. A utility may request from a non-residential electric, gas or Class A water company customer, a down payment of no more than one half of the amount past due and owing at the time of entering into a deferred payment agreement.

(d) Such agreements which extend for more than two months shall be in writing and shall provide that a customer who is presently unable to pay an outstanding debt for utility services may make reasonable periodic payments until the debt is liquidated while continuing payment of current bills. While a deferred payment agreement for each separate service need not be entered into more than once a year, the utility may offer more than one such agreement in a year. The Board may order a utility to accept more than one deferred payment agreement in a year if said action is reasonable. If the customer defaults on any of the terms of the agreement, the utility may discontinue service after providing the customer with a notice of discontinuance. In the case of a residential customer who receives more than one utility service from the same utility and has subsequently entered into a separate agreement for each separate service, default on one such agreement shall constitute grounds for discontinuance of only that service.

(e) A public utility shall pay or credit interest at a rate equal to that prescribed by the Board in N.J.A.C. 14:3-7.5 (Return of deposits) on any overpayment made by a residential customer due to a billing error, unless the overpayment is fully refunded or credited to the customer's account within two billing cycles after written notification by the customer to the utility wherein the alleged error is identified, described and documented in sufficient detail.

1. For purposes of this subsection, "billing error" shall mean a charge to a residential customer in excess of that approved by the Board for the type of service supplied to that customer or in excess of the charge due for the service supplied to that customer as measured or recorded by meter or other device; except that neither the amount of any estimated bill in and of itself, nor the amount due on a budget account installment shall constitute a billing error.

2. The period of time constituting "two billing cycles" shall be determined by the billing practices of the public utility in place at the time of receipt by the utility of the written notification by the customer of the error. In no event shall such period be considered to be less than 60 days.

3. Each public utility shall annually provide written notice of the provisions of this subsection to each of its residential customers.

(f) A utility shall not assess a late payment charge on an unpaid bill unless such charge is provided for in the utility's applicable rate schedule approved by the Board.

1. A late payment charge shall not be approved if it is applicable to bills less than 25 days after rendering.

2. A late payment charge shall not be approved for a rate schedule applicable to a state, county or municipal government entity or any residential customer.

(g) When the amount of an electric, gas, or water bill is significantly higher than the established consumption history indicated on the customer's account, and there is no apparent explanation for the increase (for example, severe weather conditions; changes in the make-up or the lifestyles of the members of the household), the customer's established consumption shall be given consideration, in addition to the results of any tests performed to deduce the accuracy of the meter, in the evaluation of whether or not the bill is correct and appropriate.

As amended, R.1978 d.155, effective May 16, 1978.

See: 9 N.J.R. 290(e), 10 N.J.R. 261(e).

As amended, R.1980 d.555, effective December 29, 1980.

See: 12 N.J.R. 552(a) 13 N.J.R. 105(b).

(c): Extended deferred payment opportunity to before or after discontinuance of service; 25 percent limit established.

Amended by R.1985 d.166, effective April 15, 1985.

See: 16 N.J.R. 2747(a), 17 N.J.R. 974(a).

Substantially amended.

Amended by R.1988 d.569, effective December 19, 1988.

See: 20 N.J.R. 963(b), 20 N.J.R. 3141(a).

(a): Added text "Once a formal . . ."; added (e).

Amended by R.1991 d.149, effective May 6, 1991.

See: 22 N.J.R. 619(b), 23 N.J.R. 1450(b).

Requires a utility to allow a customer at least 25 days to make payment before it could assess a late payment charge, late payment charge could be assessed only under a rate schedule approved by the Board which provides for such a charge. Prohibits late payment charges to a state, county or municipal government entity or residential customer.

Amended by R.1997 d.39, effective February 3, 1997.

See: 28 N.J.R. 1810(a), 29 N.J.R. 449(a).

Substantially amended (c); and added (g).

Case Notes

Credit to home owner's electric bill account was proper. *Clendaniel v. Atlantic Electric Company*, 94 N.J.A.R.2d (BRC) 89.

Credit to elderly couple's water bill account was proper. *Mount v. Trenton Water Works*, 94 N.J.A.R.2d (BRC) 86.

Check sent by customer to water utility did not constitute accord and satisfaction; customer entitled to credit but not punitive damages. *Slowinski v. City of Trenton*. 92 N.J.A.R.2d (BRC) 71.

Service discontinuance by gas and electric utility; appropriate notice given and discontinuance not on basis of non-payment of contested charges. *Buczek v. Public Service Electric & Gas*, 92 N.J.A.R.2d (BRC) 13.

14:3-7.14 Discontinuance of service to tenants

Electric, gas, water and sewer public utilities shall make every reasonable attempt to determine when a landlord-tenant relationship exists at premises being serviced. If such a relationship is known to exist, discontinuance of service is prohibited unless the utility has, notwithstanding the time periods set out in N.J.A.C. 14:3-7.12(a), given a 15 day written notice to the owner of the premises or to whom the last preceding bill was rendered. In addition, the utility

shall provide the tenant(s) with a 15 day written notice which shall be hand delivered, mailed or posted in a conspicuous area of the premises and in the common areas of multiple family premises and, in the case of tenants of single and two-family dwellings, a 15 day individual notice. Each utility shall offer the tenant(s) continued service to be billed to the tenant(s) unless the utility demonstrates that such billing is not feasible. The continuation of service to a tenant shall not be conditioned upon payment by the tenant of any outstanding bills due upon the account of any other person. The utility shall not be held to the requirements of this provision if the existence of a landlord-tenant relationship could not be reasonably ascertained.

As amended, R.1978 d.155, effective May 16, 1978.

See: 9 N.J.R. 290(e), 10 N.J.R. 261(e).

Amended by R.1997 d.39, effective February 3, 1997.

See: 28 N.J.R. 1810(a), 29 N.J.R. 449(a).

Substantially amended section.

Case Notes

Homeowners' association was not entitled to stay of discontinuance by water utility of fire hydrant service. In *Matter of Vernon Valley Water Company v. Stone Hill Property Owners Association*, 93 N.J.A.R.2d (BRC) 1.

14:3-7.15 Notification to municipalities of discontinuance of gas and electric service to residential customer

(a) All electric and gas public utilities shall annually notify all municipalities located within their service area that, upon request, they, and/or any enforcing agency enforcing the Uniform Fire Code (N.J.A.C. 5:18) within the municipality, will be sent a daily list of the residential customer of record and premises located within the municipality at which gas or electric service was discontinued involuntarily on the preceding day.

(b) The list referred to in (a) above shall contain the following information.

1. The name and address of every residential customer of record whose service was discontinued on the previous day for reasons other than at the customer's request and whose service remains discontinued as of 8:00 A.M. on the day the list is sent. The list shall also set forth the address of the premises where service was discontinued. Included on the list shall be those customers whose service has been discontinued for reasons such as non-payment of bills, the absence of a customer of record, the existence of an unsafe condition, and theft of service. These examples shall not be construed as being exclusive.

2. If there is no customer of record, this fact shall be shown by indicating "unknown" next to the address of the premises.

3. If the reason for the discontinuance of service is the existence of an unsafe condition, this fact shall be indicated next to the address of the premises. All other reasons for the discontinuance of service shall not be included on the list.

4. Those customers whose service has been discontinued on a Friday, Saturday or Sunday and whose service remains discontinued as of 8:00 A.M. on the following Monday shall be included on the list sent on that Monday. If a Monday falls on a holiday on which the utility's commercial offices are closed, the list shall be sent on the next regular workday. Pursuant to N.J.A.C. 14:3-3.6(c), public utilities may not discontinue residential service for nonpayment on Friday, Saturday, Sunday or on the day before a holiday or on a holiday on which either the utility's commercial offices or the Board's offices are closed.

5. When none of the customers within the municipality has service discontinued as of 8:00 A.M. on the day the list is to be sent, the utility shall not be required to send a list or otherwise notify the municipality that there were no discontinuances. The next list subsequently sent shall state the date on which the last list was sent.

6. The date of discontinuance of service for each customer on the list.

7. Specification of whether gas and/or electric service was discontinued for each customer on the list.

(c) The list referred to in subsection (a) of this section may be sent by ordinary mail.

(d) On every February 15, all electric and gas utilities shall file with the Board a report containing the following information:

1. A breakdown of the expenses incurred in complying with this regulation in the preceding calendar year;

2. Any additional information which the Board in its discretion may require in writing or the public utility may wish to submit.

(e) On every August 15 and February 15, all electric and gas utilities shall file with the Board a report containing the following information:

1. Those municipalities which requested the list referred to in (a) above and those which have not requested the list as of the date of the report;

2. Those enforcing agencies referred to in (a) above enforcing the Uniform Fire Code which requested the list referred to in (a) above.

3. Any additional information which the Board in its discretion may require in writing or the public utility may wish to submit.

R.1979 d.352, effective October 10, 1979.