

CHAPTER 1G
WORKER AND COMMUNITY RIGHT
TO KNOW REGULATIONS

Authority

N.J.S.A. 34:5A-1 et seq., 13:1D et seq. and 52:27D-223.

Source and Effective Date

R.1994 d.349, effective June 16, 1994.
See: 26 N.J.R. 123(a), 26 N.J.R. 2930(a).

Chapter Expiration Date

In accordance with N.J.S.A. 52:14B-5.1c, Chapter 1G, Worker and Community Right to Know Regulations, expires on December 13, 2004. See: 36 N.J.R. 3376(a).

Chapter Historical Note

Chapter 1G formerly contained the interim rules of the Pinelands Commission, subchapter 1 of which was filed and became effective on August 20, 1979 as R.1979 d.333. See: 11 N.J.R. 320(b), 11 N.J.R. 502(b). Subchapter 2 of the interim rules was filed and became effective on August 20, 1979 as R.1979 d.332. See: 11 N.J.R. 504(a). A comprehensive Management Plan for the Preservation Area was filed on August 15, 1980 to become effective on September 23, 1980 as R.1980 d.370. See: 12 N.J.R. 309(a), 12 N.J.R. 575(c). Regulations which superseded the interim rules contained in N.J.A.C. 7:1G and the Plan for the Preservation Area were filed and became effective on January 14, 1981 as R.1981 d.13. See: 12 N.J.R. 309(a), 12 N.J.R. 513(b), 13 N.J.R. 91(e). These superseding rules are codified as N.J.A.C. 7:50.

This chapter subsequently contained the drought crises emergency rules which were filed on an emergency basis and became effective on March 10, 1981 as R.1981 d.93 see: 13 N.J.R. 195(c). Subsequent amendments to the drought rules concerning car washing became effective on March 16, 1981 and were filed on March 18, 1981 as R.1981 d.105 see: 13 N.J.R. 204(c). Subsequent amendments concerning the watering of non-commercial crops, home vegetable gardens, the washing of refuse/garbage vehicles and street sweeping were filed and became effective on May 1, 1981 as R.1981 d.147 see: 13 N.J.R. 334(c). Amendments concerning the use of fresh water for horticultural purposes became effective on May 6, 1981 and were filed on May 7, 1981 as R.1981 d.159 see: 13 N.J.R. 335(a). Subsequent amendments to various sections of the drought rules were filed and became effective on May 20, 1981 as R.1981 d.203 see: 13 N.J.R. 397(d). Amendments concerning nonessential use of fresh water were filed and became effective on June 8, 1981 as R.1981 d.222 see: 13 N.J.R. 399(a). Amendments concerning the use of fresh water for watering lawns, plants, shrubs and gardens were filed and became effective on June 19, 1981 as R.1981 d.266 see: 13 N.J.R. 400(a). Amendments concerning excess use charges for landlords/tenants were filed and became effective on June 3, 1981 as R.1981 d.217 see: 13 N.J.R. 400(b). The drought crisis rules were repealed by Executive Order No. 5, sec. 6, on April 27, 1982.

On October 3, 1983 Water Supply Bond Loan Regulations for the Interconnection of Water Supply Systems were adopted at N.J.A.C. 7:1G pursuant to the Water Supply Bond Act, P.L. 1981, c.261, section 4, and became effective as R.1983 d.425. See: 14 N.J.R. 1012(a), 15 N.J.R. 1650(b). On June 18, 1984, R.1984 d.232 repealed the text of these rules except N.J.A.C. 7:1G-2.3, "Eligibility and criteria", and N.J.A.C. 7:1G-2.12, "Priority determination", which were recodified under Chapter 1A as N.J.A.C. 7:1A-4.1 and 4.2, respectively. Pursuant to amendments to the Water Supply Bond Act of 1981 (P.L. 1983, c.499), all Water Supply Bond Loan Programs were consolidated in Chapter 1A. See: 16 N.J.R. 631(a), 16 N.J.R. 1479(b).

Chapter 1G, Worker and Community Right to Know Regulations, Subchapters 1 through 5, was adopted as R.1984 d.278, effective July 2, 1984. See: 16 N.J.R. 646(a), 16 N.J.R. 1732(a). Subchapter 6, Trade Secrets, was adopted as R.1984 d.437, effective October 1, 1984. See: 16 N.J.R. 1854(a), 16 N.J.R. 1924(a), 16 N.J.R. 2530(b). Subchapter 7, Assessment of Civil Administrative Penalties, was adopted as R.1988 d.90, effective February 16, 1988. See: 19 N.J.R. 703(a), 20 N.J.R. 388(a). Pursuant to Executive Order No. 66(1978), Chapter 1G was readopted as R.1989 d.544, effective September 29, 1989. See: 21 N.J.R. 1944(a), 21 N.J.R. 3478(a).

Pursuant to Executive Order No. 66(1978), Chapter 1G was readopted as R.1994 d.349. See: Source and Effective Date. See, also, section annotations.

Petition for Rulemaking. See: 30 N.J.R. 1638(a), 1863(a).

The Executive Order No. 66(1978) expiration date of Chapter 1G, Worker and Community Right to Know Regulations, was extended by gubernatorial directive from June 16, 1999 to June 16, 2000. See: 31 N.J.R. 1803(a).

The expiration date of Chapter 1G, Worker and Community Right to Know Regulations, was extended by gubernatorial directive from June 16, 2000 to June 16, 2001. See: 32 N.J.R. 2591(a).

The expiration date of Chapter 1G, Worker and Community Right to Know Regulations, was extended by gubernatorial directive from June 16, 2001 to June 16, 2002. See: 33 N.J.R. 2341(a).

Law Review and Journal Commentary

Products Liability With No Sales or Products? Lee Henig-Elona, 154 N.J.L.J. 668 (1998).

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SUBCHAPTER 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

7:1G-1.1 Scope

Unless otherwise provided by rule or statute, this chapter shall constitute the rules of the Department implementing the Worker and Community Right to Know Act, P.L. 1983 c.315, N.J.S.A. 34:5A-1 et seq.

7:1G-1.2 Definitions

The following words and terms, when used in this chapter, shall have the following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.

“Act” means the Worker and Community Right to Know Act, P.L. 1983 c.315, N.J.S.A. 34:5A-1 et seq.

“Administrative order” means any and all orders issued or entered into by the Department including, but not limited, to administrative consent orders.

“Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number” or “C.A.S. number” means the unique identification number assigned by the Chemical Abstracts Service to chemicals.

“Chemical name” means the scientific designation of a chemical in accordance with the nomenclature system developed by the International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry or the Chemical Abstracts Service rules of nomenclature.

“Common name” means any designation or identification such as a code name, code number, trade name, brand name or generic name used to identify a chemical other than by its chemical name.

“Community Right to Know Survey” means the reporting form which combines the chemical inventory reporting requirements of the Environmental Survey, formerly Part I, and the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 312.

“Compound” means a substance composed of two or more elements chemically united in a fixed proportion.

“Container” means a receptacle used to hold a liquid, solid, or gaseous substance, including, but not limited to, bottles, pipelines, bags, barrels, boxes, cans, cylinders, drums, cartons, vessels, vats, and stationary or mobile storage tanks. “Container” shall not include process containers.

“Department” means the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection, however, for the purpose of N.J.A.C. 7:1G-6, it shall mean both the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection and the State Department of Health, unless otherwise indicated.

“Designated county lead agency” means a health agency or office of emergency management designated by the county clerk to be responsible for conducting all county health department activities required by the Act in the county.

“Employee” means a person who works at a facility owned or operated by an employer as defined in this section on a paid or unpaid basis and who may or may not be directly paid by the employer who owns or operates the facility. It is not intended that this term encompass independent contractors.

“Employer” means any person or corporation, regardless of whether he pays employees, in the State, engaged in business operations having the following United States North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) codes, dated and published in 2002 by the Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget, ISBN 0-934213-87-9 (NTIS PB2002-502024), subject to the specified exceptions and limitations:

<u>Subsector Code or Industry Code</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Exceptions and/or Limitations</u>	<u>Subsector Code or Industry Code</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Exceptions and/or Limitations</u>
11	Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting				stores preparing on premises, nonchocolate candy stores, preparing on premises);
111998	All Other Miscellaneous Crop Farming	Limited to facilities that reduce maple sap to maple syrup			Retail bakeries (bread, cake and related products baked and sold on premises);
113310	Logging	No exceptions or limitations			Miscellaneous apparel and accessory stores (custom tailors, custom dressmakers);
21	Mining				Furniture stores (custom wood cabinets, custom made upholstered household furniture, custom made nonupholstered wood household furniture);
211112	Natural Gas Liquid Extraction	Limited to facilities that recover sulfur from natural gas			Drapery, curtain and upholstery stores (custom drapes, custom slipcovers);
212324	Kaolin and Ball Clay Mining	Limited to facilities operating without a mine or quarry and that are primarily engaged in beneficiating kaolin and clay			Miscellaneous home furnishing stores (manufacturing and selling pottery on site);
212325	Clay and Ceramic and Refractory Minerals Mining	Limited to facilities operating without a mine or quarry and that are primarily engaged in beneficiating clay, ceramic and refractory minerals			Optical goods stores (optical laboratories grinding lenses to prescription);
212393	Other Chemical and Fertilizer Mineral Mining	Limited to facilities operating without a mine or quarry and that are primarily engaged in beneficiating chemical or fertilizer mineral raw materials			Miscellaneous retail stores (manufacture of orthopedic devices to prescription in a retail environment);
212399	All Other Nonmetallic Mineral Mining	Limited to facilities operating without a mine or quarry and that are primarily engaged in beneficiating nonmetallic minerals			and Except facilities engaged in the following services: Photocopying and duplicating services (quick printing); Business services (embroidery of advertising on shirts and rug binding for the trade, aerosol packaging, solvent recovery service-contract, tobacco sheeting service, sponging, shrinking, etc., fabric for tailors and dressmakers, batik work);
22	Utilities	No exceptions or limitations			
31-33	Manufacturing	Except facilities engaged in wholesale distribution of: Piece goods, notions and other dry goods (broadwoven converters, piece goods converters); and Meat and meat products (boxed beef); groceries and related products, not elsewhere classified (processed bottled water manufacturing); and except Candy, nut and confectionery stores (chocolate candy			

<u>Subsector Code or Industry Code</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Exceptions and/or Limitations</u>	<u>Subsector Code or Industry Code</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Exceptions and/or Limitations</u>
42 423830	Wholesale Trade Industrial Machinery and Equipment Merchant Wholesalers	Armature rewinding stores (remanufacturing); Services allied to motion picture production (reproduction of video); Dental laboratories Except facilities engaged in sales of industrial machinery and equipment (merchant wholesalers)			Scrap and waste metals (business to business electronic markets); Drugs, drug proprietaries, and druggists' sundries (business to business electronic markets); Plastic materials and basic forms sundries (business to business electronic markets); Chemical and allied products, not otherwise classified (business to business electronic markets); Petroleum and petroleum products wholesalers, except bulk stations and terminals (business to business electronic markets); Beer, wine and distilled alcoholic beverages (business to business electronic markets); Farm supplies (business to business electronic markets); Books, periodicals and newspapers (business to business electronic markets); Flowers, nursery stock and florists' supplies (business to business electronic markets); Tobacco and tobacco products (business to business electronic markets); Paints, varnishes and supplies (business to business electronic markets); Nondurable goods, not elsewhere classified (business to business electronic markets); Limited to facilities engaged in wholesale distribution of the following:
423840	Industrial Supplies Merchant Wholesalers	No exceptions or limitations			
423850	Service Establishment Equipment and Supplies Merchant Wholesalers	No exceptions or limitations			
423930	Recyclable Material Merchant Wholesalers	No exceptions or limitations			
4242	Drugs and Druggists' Sundries Merchant Wholesalers	No exceptions or limitations			
424310	Piece Goods, Notions and Other Dry Goods Merchant Wholesalers	Limited to merchant wholesalers of yarn, except industrial			
424340	Footwear Merchant Wholesalers	Limited to merchant wholesalers of footwear cut-stock			
4246	Chemical and Allied Products Wholesalers	No exceptions or limitations			
4247	Petroleum and Petroleum Merchant Wholesalers	No exceptions or limitations			
424810	Beers and Ale Merchant Wholesalers	No exceptions or limitations			
424820	Wine and Distilled Alcoholic Beverage Merchants Wholesalers	No exceptions or limitations			
4249	Miscellaneous Nondurable Goods Merchants Wholesalers	No exceptions or limitations			
425110	Business to Business Electronic Markets	Limited to facilities engaged in the wholesale distribution of the following: Industrial supplies (business to business electronic markets); Service establishments equipment and supplies (business to business electronic markets);	425120	Wholesale Trade Agents and Brokers	Limited to facilities engaged in wholesale distribution of the following:

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		Industrial supplies, not elsewhere classified (agents and brokers); Service establishments equipment and supplies (agents and brokers); Scrap and waste metals (agents and brokers); Drugs, drug proprietaries, and druggists' sundries (agents and brokers); Plastic materials and basic forms and shapes (agents and brokers); Chemical and allied products, not otherwise classified (agents and brokers); Petroleum and petroleum products wholesalers, except bulk stations and terminals (agents and brokers); Beer, wine and distilled alcoholic beverages (agents and brokers); Farm supplies (agents and brokers); Books, periodicals and newspapers (agents and brokers); Flowers, nursery stock and florists' supplies (agents and brokers); Tobacco and tobacco products (agents and brokers); Paints, varnishes and supplies (agents and brokers); Nondurable goods, not elsewhere classified (agents and brokers);		Supply Stores	gaged in sales of the following: Farm supplies (lawn and garden supplies sold via retail method); and Flowers, nursery stock and florists' supplies (sold via retail method)
			445310	Beer, Wine and Liquor Stores	Limited to wholesale facilities engaged in sales of beer, wine and distilled alcoholic beverages via retail method
			446110	Pharmacies and Drug Stores	Limited to wholesale facilities engaged in sales of drugs, drug proprietaries, and druggists' sundries (drugs and sundries sold via retail method)
			446120	Cosmetics, Beauty Supplies and Perfume Stores	Limited to wholesale facilities engaged in retail sales of cosmetics and perfumes
			446191	Food (Health) Supplement Stores	Limited to wholesale facilities engaged in retail sales of food supplements
			4471	Gasoline Stations	Except convenience stores with gas
			451211	Book Stores	Limited to wholesale facilities engaged in sales of books, periodicals and newspapers (sold via retail method)
			453220	Gift, Novelty, and Souvenir Stores	Limited to wholesale facilities engaged in sales of curios, statuary, gifts, novelties, and souvenirs sold via retail method
			453910	Pet and Pet Supplies Stores	Limited to wholesale facilities engaged in sales of pets, pet supplies and tropical fish (sold via retail method)
44-45	Retail Trade				
441110	New Car Dealers	No exceptions or limitations	453991	Tobacco Stores	Limited to wholesale facilities engaged in sales of tobacco and tobacco products (sold via retail method), and
441120	Used Car Dealers	No exceptions or limitations			
444220	Nurseries, Garden Centers and Farm	Limited to wholesale facilities en-			

<u>Subsector Code or Industry Code</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Exceptions and/or Limitations</u>	<u>Subsector Code or Industry Code</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Exceptions and/or Limitations</u>
453998	All Other Miscellaneous Store Retailers (Except Tobacco Stores)	Limited to wholesale facilities engaged in sales of industrial supplies (sold via retail method), and plastic materials and basic forms and shapes (sold via retail method)	488490	Other Support Activities for Road Transportation	Repair shops and related services engaged in ship scaling Except terminal and service facilities for motor vehicle passenger transportation; Terminal and joint terminal maintenance facilities for motor freight transportation; Arrangement of passenger services (arrangement of carpools and vanpools); and Driving services, for example, auto or truck delivery and pilot car services Limited to air courier services
454311	Heating Oil Dealers	Limited to petroleum bulk stations and terminals engaged in the distribution of heating oil sold to final consumer	492110	Couriers	Limited to air courier services
454312	Liquid Petroleum Gas (Bottled Gas) Dealers	Limited to petroleum bulk stations and terminals engaged in distribution of liquid petroleum gas sold to final consumer	51	Information	
48-49	Transportation and Warehousing		51111	Newspaper Publishers	No exceptions or limitations
4811	Scheduled Air Transportation	No exceptions or limitations	51112	Periodical Publishers	No exceptions or limitations
486	Pipeline Transportation Industry	No exceptions or limitations	51113	Book Publishers	No exceptions or limitations
487110	Scenic and Sightseeing Transportation, Land	Limited to facilities engaged in horse-drawn cabs and carriages services	51114	Directory and Mailing List publishers	Except direct mail advertising services (mailing list compilers)
488111	Air Traffic Control	No exceptions or limitations	511191	Greeting Card Publishers	No exceptions or limitations
488119	Other Airport Operations	Except facilities engaged in flying fields operated by aviation clubs	511199	All Other Publishers	No exceptions or limitations
488190	Other Support Activities for Air Transportation	Limited to facilities engaged in aircraft servicing and repairing	512220	Integrated Record Production/Distribution	No exceptions or limitations
488210	Support Activities for Rail Transportation	Except facilities engaged in railroad switching and terminal establishments (all but short line railroads)	512230	Music Publishers	Except facilities primarily engaged in music copyright authorizing use, music copyright buying and licensing, and music publishers working on their own account
488390	Other Support Activities for Water Transportation	Except facilities engaged in water transportation services (all but lighthouse operations, piloting vessels in and out of harbors, boat and ship rental, marine salvage, lighterage, marine surveyor services, and canal operations); and	516110	Internet Publishing and Broadcasting	Except facilities engaged in internet broadcasting, special interest web sites, entertainment sites and interactive game sites
			517110	Wired Telecommunication Carriers	No exceptions or limitations
			517212	Cellular and Other Wireless Telecommunications	Except facilities engaged as ship to shore broadcasting carriers

<u>Subsector Code or Industry Code</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Exceptions and/or Limitations</u>	<u>Subsector Code or Industry Code</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Exceptions and/or Limitations</u>
517310	Telecommunication Resellers	No exceptions or limitations			and dwellings, except janitorial services);
53	Real Estate and Rental and Leasing				Swimming pool cleaning and maintenance; and
532411	Commercial Air, Rail, and Water Transportation Equipment Rental and Leasing	Limited to facilities engaged in rental of railroad cars			Furnace, duct, gutter, and drain cleaning services
54	Professional, Scientific and Technical Services		56221	Hazardous Waste Treatment and Disposal	No exceptions or limitations
541380	Testing Laboratories	No exceptions or limitations	562910	Remediation Services	Except facilities engaged in asbestos abatement and lead paint removal contractors
541614	Process, Physical Distribution, and Logistics Consulting Services	Except facilities engaged in management consulting services (manufacturing management, physical distribution, and site location consulting)	562920	Materials Recovery Facilities	No exceptions or limitations
			562998	All Other Miscellaneous Waste Management Services	Except facilities engaged in sewer cleaning and rodding
541710	Research and Development in the Physical, Engineering and Life Sciences	Except facilities engaged in commercial physical and biological research; and Noncommercial research organizations (physical engineering and life sciences)	61	Educational Services	
			611110	Elementary and Secondary Schools	No exceptions or limitations
			611210	Junior Colleges	No exceptions or limitations
			611310	Colleges, Universities and Professional Schools	No exceptions or limitations
541890	Other Services Related to Advertising	Except facilities engaged in sign painting and lettering, showcard painting, mannequin decorating service and other advertising related business services	611512	Flight Training	Except schools and educational services (flying instruction)
			611513	Apprenticeship Training	No exceptions or limitations
			611519	Other Technical and Trade Schools	Limited to facilities engaged as vocational schools (except aviation and flight training and apprenticeship training)
541940	Veterinary Services	Limited to facilities engaged as veterinary testing laboratories			
56	Administrative and Support and Waste Management and Remediation Services		62	Health Care and Social Assistance	
			622	Hospitals	No exceptions or limitations
5617	Services to Buildings and Dwellings	Except facilities engaged in ornamental shrub and tree services; Power washing building exteriors, not associated with construction; Disinfecting and pest control services (exterminating and pest control); Building cleaning and maintenance services (janitorial services, and services to building	72	Accommodation and Food Services	
			722310	Food Service Contractors	Limited to facilities engaged in dining car operations on a fee or contract basis
			81	Other Services (Except Public Administration)	
			81111	Automotive, Mechanical and Electrical Repair and Maintenance	No exceptions or limitations
			811121	Automotive Body, Paint and Interior Repair and Maintenance	No exceptions or limitations

Subsector Code or Industry Code	Description	Exceptions and/or Limitations
811122	nance and Glass Repair Automotive Glass Replacement Shops	Except facilities engaged in automotive window tinting
811198	All Other Automotive Repair and Maintenance	Except automotive services
8113	Commercial and Industrial Machinery and Equipment (Except Automotive and Electronic) Repair and Maintenance	Limited to facilities engaged in welding repair
811420	Reupholstery and Furniture Repair	Limited to facilities engaged in aircraft upholstery repair
811490	Other Personal and Household Goods Repair and Maintenance	Limited to facilities engaged in pleasure boat repair
812320	Drycleaning and Laundry Services (Except Coin-operated)	Limited to facilities engaged as dry-cleaning plants, except rug cleaning
812332	Industrial Launderers	No exceptions or limitations

Except for the purposes of N.J.S.A. 34:5A-26, "employer" also means the State and local governments, or any agency, authority, department, bureau, or instrumentality thereof, or any non-profit, non-public school, college or university.

"Environmental Hazardous Substance" or "EHS" means any substance designated by the Department in N.J.A.C. 7:1G-2.

"Environmental Hazardous Substance list" means the list of Environmental Hazardous Substances in N.J.A.C. 7:1G-2.

"Environmental Hazardous Substance Number" means the unique number assigned by the Department to each EHS.

"Environmental Survey" means a written form, comprised of the Community Right to Know Survey, and the Release and Pollution Prevention Report, prepared by the Department of Environmental Protection and transmitted to an employer, on which the employer shall provide certain information concerning each of the environmental hazardous substances at the facility, including, but not limited to, the following:

1. The chemical name and the Chemical Abstracts Service number of the environmental hazardous substance;
2. A description of the use of the environmental hazardous substance at the facility;

3. The quantity of the environmental hazardous substance produced at the facility;
4. The quantity of the environmental hazardous substance brought into the facility;
5. The quantity of the environmental hazardous substance consumed at the facility;
6. The quantity of the environmental hazardous substance shipped out of the facility, as or in, products;
7. The maximum inventory of the environmental hazardous substance stored at the facility, the methods of storage, and the frequency and methods of transfer;
8. The total stack or point-source emissions of the environmental hazardous substance;
9. The total estimated fugitive or non point-source emissions of the environmental hazardous substance;
10. The total discharge of the environmental hazardous substance into the surface or groundwater, the treatment methods, and the raw wastewater volume and loadings;
11. The total discharge of the environmental hazardous substance into publicly owned treatment works;
12. The quantity and methods of disposal, of any wastes containing an environmental hazardous substance, the methods of on-site storage of these wastes, the location or locations of the final disposal site for these wastes, and the identity of the hauler of the waste;
13. The total quantity of environmental hazardous substances (EHSs) generated at the facility, including hazardous substances generated as nonproduct output;
14. The quantity of environmental hazardous substances (EHSs) recycled on-site and off-site; and
15. Information pertaining to pollution prevention activities at the facility.

"Extremely hazardous substances" means chemicals on the list developed by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) pursuant to Section 302 of Title III of the Federal Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA).

"Facility" means the building, equipment and contiguous area at a single location used for the conduct of business. For the purpose of this chapter, "Facility" shall not include a research and development laboratory.

"Hazard Code" means a number assigned by the Department to represent each hazard category established by the US Environmental Protection Agency pursuant to the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA), Title III.

“Hazardous substance” means any substance defined by the State Department of Health in N.J.A.C. 8:58-9.

“Hazardous waste” means any solid waste defined as hazardous waste by the Department pursuant to P.L. 1970, c.39 (N.J.S.A. 13:1E-1 et seq.)

“Inventory range” means the upper and lower limits of the quantity of a hazardous substance used, stored or manufactured on site.

“Inventory range code” is a representation of an inventory range for reportable hazardous substances.

“Local Emergency Planning Committee” means a committee formed pursuant to Title III of the Federal Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act.

“Mixture” means a combination of two or more substances not involving a chemical reaction.

“Person” includes an individual, corporation, company, partnership, firm, association, trust, estate, public or private institution, group, society, joint stock company, municipality, county, all political subdivisions of this State or any agency or instrumentality thereof, including health department, any agency or instrumentality of the State and any legal successor, representative agent or agency of the foregoing.

“Pilot plant” means pilot facility as that term is defined at N.J.S.A. 13:1D.

“Release and Pollution Prevention Report” means the reporting form which is used to fulfill the environmental release and pollution prevention reporting requirements of the environmental survey, formerly known as Part II of the environmental survey.

“Research and development (R & D) laboratory” means a specially designated area, including pilot plants, used primarily for research, development, and testing activity, and not primarily involved in the production of goods for commercial sale, in which environmental hazardous substances are used by or under the direct supervision of a technically qualified person. For the purpose of reporting on the Community Right to Know Survey, “primarily” means greater than 50 percent.

“Right to Know Survey” means a survey prepared by the Department of Health and completed by a public sector employer pursuant to the Act, on which the employer shall report each hazardous substance present at his facility.

“Special health hazard substance” means any substance defined by the State Department of Health in N.J.A.C. 8:59-10.

“Special health hazard substance list” means the list of substances defined by the State Department of Health in N.J.A.C. 8:59-10.

“Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act” or “SARA” means the Federal Act (PL 99-499) establishing the “Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act of 1986” at Title III (42 USC 11001).

“Technically qualified person” in a research and development (R & D) laboratory means a person who has a bachelors degree in industrial hygiene, environmental science, health education, chemistry, or a related field and understands the health risks associated with exposure to the hazardous substances used in the R & D laboratory.

“Trade secret” means any formula, plan, pattern, process, production data, information, or compilation of information, which is not patented, which is known only to an employer and certain other individuals, and which is used in the fabrication and production of an article of trade or service, and which gives the employer possessing it a competitive advantage over businesses who do not possess it, or the secrecy of which is certified by an appropriate official of the federal government as necessary for national defense purposes. The chemical name and the Chemical Abstracts Service number of a substance shall be considered a trade secret only if the employer can establish that the substance is unknown to competitors.

“Trade secret claim” means a written request, made by an employer pursuant to N.J.S.A. 34:5A-15, to withhold the public disclosure of information on the grounds that the disclosure would reveal a trade secret.

“Trade secret docket number” means a code number temporarily or permanently assigned to the identity of information on the Community Right to Know Survey or Release and Pollution Prevention Report by the Department of Environmental Protection.

“Transmit” means to send via first-class mail or otherwise distribute.

“Unusually hazardous” means likely to explode due to a highly volatile nature, a propensity to produce toxic fumes, or a tendency to react with water or common firefighting chemicals and any other property which the Department of Environmental Protection determines will make a substance an uncommon danger to firefighters and the surrounding community in the event of its exposure to a fire.

Amended by R.1984 d.437, effective October 1, 1984.
See: 16 N.J.R. 1854(a), 16 N.J.R. 2530(a).

Substantially amended.

Amended by R.1993 d.386, effective August 2, 1993.
See: 25 N.J.R. 858(a), 25 N.J.R. 3537(a).

Amended by R.1994 d.3, effective January 3, 1994.
See: 25 N.J.R. 1631(a), 26 N.J.R. 200(a).

Administrative Correction.

See: 26 N.J.R. 1337(a).

Amended by R.1994 d.349, effective July 18, 1994.

See: 26 N.J.R. 123(a), 26 N.J.R. 2930(a).

Special amendment, R.2004 d.7, effective December 4, 2003 (to expire August 15, 2004).

See: 36 N.J.R. 212(a).

Rewrote "Employer".
 Administrative correction.
 See: 36 N.J.R. 2762(b).
 Adopted concurrent amendment, R.2004 d.328, effective July 29, 2004,
 changes effective September 7, 2004.
 See: 36 N.J.R. 212(a), 36 N.J.R. 4121(a).
 Rewrote "Employer".

7:1G-1.3 Burden of proof for exemptions

(a) A person claiming that they qualify for any exemption under this chapter or that they are not otherwise subject to the rules of this chapter shall demonstrate and appropriately document entitlement to such exemption.

(b) Employers claiming that a certain chemical, hazardous substance, or mixture is not an EHS, as designated or delineated in N.J.A.C. 7:1G-2, shall, at a minimum, submit in support of such claim, a Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) for the substance or mixture in question.

(c) Employers shall, upon request, make available information to the Department to verify any statement made on the Community Right to Know Survey, Release and Pollution Prevention Report or in a request for an exemption. This information may include, but is not limited to: purchase records, sales records, production records, inventory records, or other business records or documents utilized by the employer or person. The employer shall make this information available to the Department within 30 days of notification.

New Rule, R.1994 d.3, effective January 3, 1994.
 See: 25 N.J.R. 1631(a), 26 N.J.R. 200(a).

7:1G-1.4 Certification

An employer shall submit a Community Right to Know Survey and/or Release and Pollution Prevention Report, or a Research and Development laboratory exemption to the Department which shall include an original certification signed by the employer or a duly authorized representative, which states the following:

"I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this document and all attachments, and that based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information, I believe that the submitted information is true, accurate and complete."

New Rule, R.1994 d.3, effective January 3, 1994.
 See: 25 N.J.R. 1631(a), 26 N.J.R. 200(a).

7:1G-1.5 Department right of entrance and inspection

Pursuant to N.J.S.A. 13:1D-9 and 34:5A-29b, the Department shall have the authority to enter any business premises or building during normal hours or other reasonable time to determine compliance with the rules and regulations of the Department hereunder. Failure to permit such inspection after presentation of official credentials is an offense punishable under N.J.S.A. 2C:29-1.

New Rule, R.1994 d.3, effective January 3, 1994.
 See: 25 N.J.R. 1631(a), 26 N.J.R. 200(a).

7:1G-1.6 Severability

If any provision of these rules or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions of these rules and to this end, the provisions of these rules are declared to be severable.

7:1G-1.7 Revisions to North American Industry Classification System Codes for purposes of definition of "employer"

In the event that the Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget, publishes new or revised North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) codes modifying the 2002 list of NAICS codes on which the definition of "employer" at N.J.A.C. 7:1G-1.2 is based, the Department shall modify the NAICS codes in the definition as necessary to ensure that, as required by N.J.S.A. 13:1D-139, the generally equivalent universe of employers continues to be regulated under this chapter. Specifically, the Department shall provide limitations and/or exceptions to the NAICS codes as required to maintain the regulated universe as of August 15, 2003. The Department shall publish in the New Jersey Register a notice of the new or revised NAICS code(s) and the corresponding administrative change(s) to the definition.

Special New Rule, R.2004 d.7, effective December 4, 2003 (to expire August 15, 2004).
 See: 36 N.J.R. 212(a).
 Administrative correction.
 See: 36 N.J.R. 2762(b).
 Adopted concurrent new rule, R.2004 d.328, effective July 29, 2004.
 See: 36 N.J.R. 212(a), 36 N.J.R. 4121(a).

SUBCHAPTER 2. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE LIST

7:1G-2.1 Designation of environmental hazardous substances

(a) The list of EHSs shall be comprised of the substances listed below:

1. Toxic Chemicals on the list at 40 CFR 372.65 established by the United States Environmental Protection Agency for reporting pursuant to SARA Title III section 313, incorporated herein by reference, as from time to time supplemented or amended;
2. Extremely Hazardous Substances on the list at 40 CFR 355 Appendix A designated under SARA Title III section 302, established by the United States Environmental Protection Agency for reporting, incorporated herein by reference, as from time to time supplemented or amended;

3. Chemicals designated as selected substances at Appendix A of this chapter, incorporated herein by reference, for Industrial Survey Project reporting.

4. Unusually Hazardous Substances defined at N.J.A.C. 7:1G-1.2 and listed below by the Department pursuant to N.J.S.A. 52:27D-223:

Chemical	CAS Number
Saran	8013-77-2
PVC (Chloroethylene, polymer)	9002-86-2
Lopac	9003-54-7

5. Any hazardous substance added to the list of chemicals subject to pollution prevention planning pursuant to N.J.A.C. 7:1K-3.5; and

6. Regulated Substances on the list at 40 CFR 68.130 established by the United States Environmental Protection Agency for accidental release prevention under Section 112(r) of the Federal Clean Air Act Amendments, incorporated herein by reference, as from time to time supplemented or amended.

(b) Chemical inventory reporting on the Community Right to Know Survey shall include all EHSs listed at (a)1 through 6 above.

(c) Environmental release, throughput, and waste transfer reporting on the Release and Pollution Prevention Report shall be limited to the list of substances described at (a)1 and 5 above.

Amended by R.1984 d.416, effective September 17, 1984.

See: 16 N.J.R. 1861(a), 16 N.J.R. 2432(a).

Added amitrol, 1,1-dimethyl hydrazine, hexachlorocyclopentadiene, vinylidene chloride.

Amended by R.1988 d.89, effective February 16, 1988.

See: 19 N.J.R. 438(a), 20 N.J.R. 387(a).

Added bromine, chlorine, hydrogen chloride, hydrogen fluoride, hydrogen sulfide, methyl isocyanate and phosphorus trichloride.

Petition for Rulemaking: Three pigments excluded from list: C.I.

Pigment Blue 15, Phthalocyanine Blue CAS No. 147-14-8, C.I.

Pigment Green 7, Phthalocyanine Green CAS No. 1328-53-6 and

C.I. Pigment Green 36, Phthalocyanine Green CAS No. 14302-13-7.

See: 24 N.J.R. 2636(a), 24 N.J.R. 3440(c).

Amended by R.1993 d.408, effective August 16, 1993.

See: 25 N.J.R. 2166(a), 25 N.J.R. 3754(a).

Amended by R.1994 d.3, effective January 3, 1994.

See: 25 N.J.R. 1631(a), 26 N.J.R. 200(a).

Amended by R.1994 d.349, effective July 18, 1994.

See: 26 N.J.R. 123(a), 26 N.J.R. 2930(a).

Amended by R.1994 d.576, effective November 21, 1994.

See: 26 N.J.R. 2833(a), 26 N.J.R. 4606(a).

Public Notice: Petition for rulemaking.

See: 27 N.J.R. 4010(b).

Public Notice: Copper phthalocyanine compounds.

See: 27 N.J.R. 5054(a).

Amended by R.1997 d.191, effective May 19, 1997.

See: 29 N.J.R. 725(a), 29 N.J.R. 2274(a).

Case Notes

Asbestos tort defendants were jointly and severally liable. *Stevenson v. Keene Corp.*, 254 N.J.Super. 310, 603 A.2d 521 (A.D.1992), appeal granted 130 N.J. 2, 611 A.2d 643, affirmed 131 N.J. 393, 620 A.2d 1047.

7:1G-2.2 (Reserved)

Amended by R.1988 d.89, effective February 16, 1988.

See: 19 N.J.R. 438(a), 20 N.J.R. 387(a).

Added 34 Halogens and 35 Inorganic Acids.

Repealed by R.1994 d.3, effective January 3, 1994.

See: 25 N.J.R. 1631(a), 26 N.J.R. 200(a).

Section was "chemical group and group numbers".

SUBCHAPTER 3. COMMUNITY RIGHT TO KNOW SURVEY

7:1G-3.1 Completion of Community Right to Know Survey Portion of the Environmental Survey

(a) An employer shall complete and submit to the Department a Community Right to Know Survey for each facility covered by the rules indicating if EHSs were present during the reporting period and whether the EHSs met or exceeded the threshold quantities for reporting listed in (b) below.

(b) A threshold of 500 pounds or the Federal SARA 302 threshold planning quantity, whichever is lower, shall apply to all EHSs present in aggregate at the facility at any one time. These thresholds for reporting do not apply to container labeling pursuant to N.J.A.C. 8:59-1 et seq.

(c) For each EHS that met or exceeded the thresholds listed in (b) above, an employer shall provide all information on a Community Right to Know Survey form approved by the Department, which shall include, but is not limited to, the following:

1. The chemical name, Chemical Abstracts Service registry number, if available, and the EHS number and USDOT number, if available, of each EHS which is present at the facility in a pure state or mixture;
2. For reporting, EHSs shall be grouped according to container type and location within the facility;
3. For EHSs present in the pure state, the quantity of each, in pounds, in terms of daily maximum and average daily amount, and the hazard code for the EHS;
4. EHSs in mixtures shall be reported as follows:

i. Each EHS comprising more than one percent of a mixture (or .1 percent if the EHS is carcinogenic as defined at 29 CFR 1910.1200(d)4 of the Occupational Safety and Health Standard) shall be reported with its quantity determined by multiplying the weight percent of the EHS by the mass, in pounds, of the entire mixture.

ii. EHSs in mixtures in the following generic categories may be reported using the generic name and the quantity of the entire mixture: gasoline, new and used petroleum oil, and hazardous waste;

5. The major methods of storage, including container type, temperature, pressure conditions, and locations shall be reported including the number of days the EHS was present onsite during the calendar year at the facility; and

6. If no EHS is present in a mixture, and the mixture is subject only to reporting pursuant to the Federal requirements of Section 312 of SARA (40 CFR 370), a product name may be used to report the substance.

7. Quality control samples of substances that are elsewhere reported on the Community Right to Know Survey may be listed as a single entry: "samples of reported substances."

(d) An employer or owner or operator of any facility subject to Federal hazardous chemical reporting under Section 312 of SARA (40 CFR 370) shall submit a completed Community Right to Know Survey to the Department to satisfy these requirements.

Repeal and New Rule, R.1994 d.3, effective January 3, 1994.
See: 25 N.J.R. 1631(a), 26 N.J.R. 200(a).

Section was "Completion of Environmental Survey".
Amended by R.1994 d.349, effective July 18, 1994.
See: 26 N.J.R. 123(a), 26 N.J.R. 2930(a).
Amended by R.1994 d.576, effective November 21, 1994.
See: 26 N.J.R. 2833(a), 26 N.J.R. 4606(a).

Case Notes

Employer's failure to timely return environmental survey required by right to know law warrants penalty. *NJDEP v. Barclay Texaco, Inc.*, 96 N.J.A.R.2d (EPE) 47.

Employer's failure to timely complete and return survey form with respect to use of propane warranted imposition of fine. *Department of Environmental Protection v. Amlack*, 95 N.J.A.R.2d (EDE) 86.

Operator of nonprescription drug business was liable for penalty; Worker and Community Right to Know Survey requirements. *Division of Environmental Quality v. VJS, Incorporated*. 92 N.J.A.R.2d (EPE) 137.

Failure to timely file Worker and Community Right to Know Survey. *Division of Environmental Quality v. Bob's Auto Sales, Inc.* 92 N.J.A.R.2d (EPE) 113.

7:1G-3.2 Reporting exemptions

(a) EHSs meeting any of the following criteria are exempt from chemical inventory reporting on the Community Right to Know Survey:

1. EHSs present at a facility in quantities that do not meet or exceed the thresholds for reporting found at N.J.A.C. 7:1G-3.1(b);

2. EHSs located within a research and development laboratory as defined in N.J.A.C. 7:1G-1.2 and used for R & D activities are exempt from reporting on the Community Right to Know Survey provided the employer has obtained a research and development laboratory exemption from the Department, which may be obtained in accordance with the following procedure:

i. The employer shall submit to the Department for evaluation and approval a completed research and development laboratory exemption application, on forms approved by the Department, containing the following information:

(1) The facility name, location and New Jersey Employer Identification Number;

(2) An 8½ × 11 inch map of the facility indicating the designated research and development area(s) of the facility. The map should indicate if R & D

activities are limited to specific locations within the facility or if the entire facility is dedicated to R & D activities;

(3) The percentage of total work hours devoted to R & D activities in the designated area;

(4) Written verification from the local fire department that an acceptable communications program has been established with them to assist in responding to emergencies at the research and development laboratory;

(5) A description of the technical qualifications of each supervisor of the R & D laboratory area(s) or a certification by the supervisor of the research and development laboratory operations at the facility that each research and development laboratory is under the direct supervision of a technically qualified person; and

(6) A signed certification that the information contained in the R & D laboratory exemption application is true, accurate and complete;

ii. An employer with an approved research and development laboratory exemption from the Department will not be required to reapply for the exemption under this chapter.

iii. An approved research and development laboratory exemption may be reviewed by the Department from time to time to ascertain continued eligibility for the exemption. The Department may require clarifying information pursuant to N.J.A.C. 7:1G-5.2 or inspect the R & D laboratory pursuant to N.J.A.C. 7:1G-1.5 for this purpose. The Department may rescind an approved R & D laboratory exemption if the employer is found not in compliance with the conditions stated on the R & D laboratory exemption approval letter issued by the Department.

3. EHSs which are an integral part of a facility structure or furnishings;

4. EHSs which are the personal property and are for the personal use of an employee are not required to be reported on the Community Right to Know Survey; or

5. Ammunition when on the person of security personnel.

6. EHS's except those listed as unusually hazardous substances, that are present as a solid in any manufactured item which has been formed to a specific shape or design during manufacture to the extent that exposure to the EHS does not occur under normal conditions of use.

(b) The exemption from reporting at (a) above does not apply to container labeling pursuant to N.J.A.C. 8:59.

(c) An employer exempt from chemical inventory reporting in accordance with (a) above shall complete and return

the first page of the Community Right to Know Survey indicating that an exemption from reporting is being claimed.

(d) An employer exempt from chemical inventory reporting in accordance with (a)1 and 2 above is subject to the Right to Know fee assessment pursuant to N.J.S.A. 34:5A-26.

(e) An employer having no EHSs is exempt from the annual Right to Know fee assessment in accordance with N.J.S.A. 34:5A-26.1 provided non-user status is indicated on the annual Community Right to Know Survey transmitted to the Department.

(f) An employer engaged only in administrative office activities is exempt from the annual Right to Know fee assessment and the requirement to annually transmit the Community Right to Know Survey after initial notification to the Department indicating such status is made.

Amended by R.1988 d.90, effective February 16, 1988.

See: 19 N.J.R. 703(a), 20 N.J.R. 388(a).

Added text "(or county clerk if there is no county health department)" and "Submission of the clarifying ...".

Administrative Correction: Clarifying information mandatory within 30 days of notification.

See: 21 N.J.R. 3482(a).

Repeal and New Rule, R.1994 d.3, effective January 3, 1994.

See: 25 N.J.R. 1631(a), 26 N.J.R. 200(a).

Section was "Clarification of completed Environmental Survey".

Amended by R.1994 d.349, effective July 18, 1994.

See: 26 N.J.R. 123(a), 26 N.J.R. 2930(a).

7:1G-3.3 (Reserved)

Repealed by R. 1994 d.3, effective January 3, 1994.

See 25 N.J.R. 1631(a), 26 N.J.R. 200(a).

Section was "Updating of Environmental Survey".

SUBCHAPTER 4. RELEASE AND POLLUTION PREVENTION REPORT

7:1G-4.1 Completion of Release and Pollution Prevention Report

(a) An employer who is subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III Section 313, or other criteria established by the Department in accordance with the Administrative Procedures Act, shall submit to the Department a Release and Pollution Prevention Report by July 1 of the year following the reporting year.

(b) An employer shall complete a Release and Pollution Prevention Report subject to the threshold(s) for reporting established pursuant to the Pollution Prevention Act (N.J.S.A. 13:1D).

(c) An employer shall provide the environmental release, throughput, waste transfer and pollution prevention information required by the Environmental Survey as defined at N.J.A.C. 7:1G-1.2 and any pollution prevention information required pursuant to the Pollution Prevention Act (N.J.S.A. 13:1D-40(b)) on the Release and Pollution Prevention Report component of the Environmental Survey.

(d) An employer who has obtained a research and development laboratory exemption pursuant to N.J.A.C. 7:1G-3.2(a)2 is not required to provide environmental release, throughput, waste transfer and pollution prevention information for the exempted R & D laboratory area(s) of the facility.

(e) Environmental release, throughput, and waste transfer reporting on the Release and Pollution Prevention Report shall be limited to the list of substances described at N.J.A.C. 7:1G-2.1(a)1 and 5.

Amended by R.1988 d.89, effective February 16, 1988.

See: 19 N.J.R. 438(a), 20 N.J.R. 387(a).

Added (b).

Repeal and New Rule, R.1994 d.3, effective January 3, 1994.

See: 25 N.J.R. 1631(a), 26 N.J.R. 200(a).

Section was "Designation of Hazardous Materials".

Amended by R.1994 d.349, effective July 18, 1994.

See: 26 N.J.R. 123(a), 26 N.J.R. 2930(a).

7:1G-4.2 (Reserved)

Amended by R.1988 d.89, effective February 16, 1988.

See: 19 N.J.R. 438(a), 20 N.J.R. 387(a).

Added "Table and Hazardous Materials Table" and deleted "tale".

Repealed by R.1994 d.3, effective January 3, 1994.

See: 25 N.J.R. 1631(a), 26 N.J.R. 200(a).

Section was "Amendments to Hazardous Materials List".

SUBCHAPTER 5. SUBMITTAL OF THE COMMUNITY RIGHT TO KNOW SURVEY AND RELEASE AND POLLUTION PREVENTION REPORT

7:1G-5.1 Survey submittal

(a) An employer subject to reporting under the Worker and Community Right to Know Act, regardless of whether the employer also meets the Federal requirements for reporting under Section 312 of SARA, shall transmit a Community Right to Know Survey for each covered facility to the Department by March 1 of the year following the reporting year. A copy shall also be transmitted to the local fire and police departments, local emergency planning committee, and the Right to Know County Lead Agency of the county in which the facility is located.

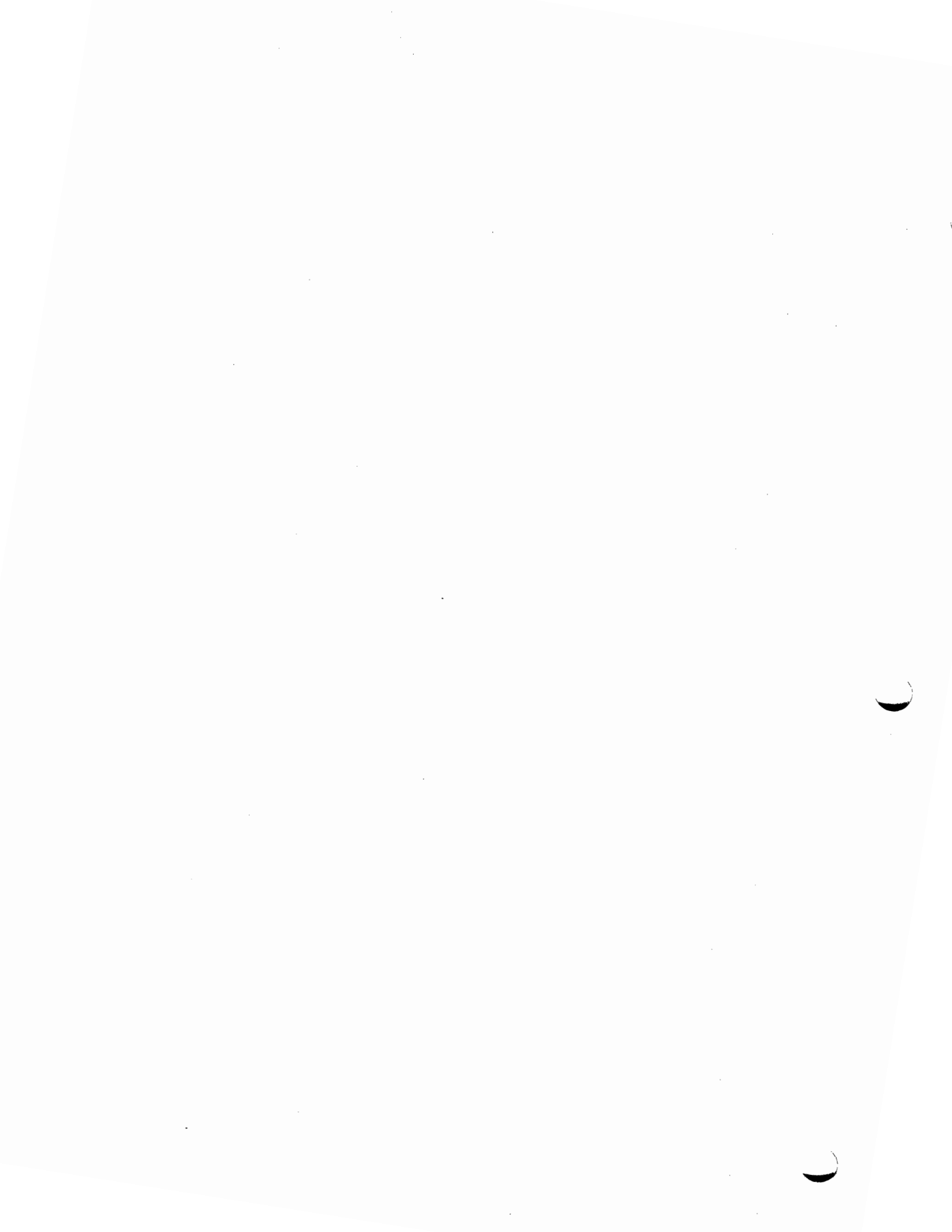
(b) An employer subject only to the reporting requirements of Section 312 of SARA shall transmit an original Community Right to Know Survey for each covered facility to the Department by March 1 of the year following the reporting year. A copy shall also be transmitted to the local fire department and local emergency planning committee.

(c) An employer shall transmit an original completed Release and Pollution Prevention Report to the Department by July 1 of the year following the reporting year. A copy shall also be transmitted to the county lead agency of the county in which the facility is located.

(d) An employer shall retain a copy of the Community Right to Know Survey and/or Release and Pollution Preven-

tion Report at the facility and make it available to facility employees within five working days of the request.

(e) An employer shall make available, upon request, a copy of the Community Right to Know Survey and/or Release and Pollution Prevention Report for the most recent survey year to State inspectors, or their local designees, at the time of inspection.



Repeal and New Rule, R.1994 d.3, effective January 3, 1994.
 See: 25 N.J.R. 1631(a), 26 N.J.R. 200(a).
 Section was "Completion of ESI Survey".
 Amended by R.1994 d.349, effective July 18, 1994.
 See: 26 N.J.R. 123(a), 26 N.J.R. 2930(a).

Case Notes

Employer's failure to timely complete and return survey form with respect to use of propane warranted imposition of fine. Department of Environmental Protection v. Amlack, 95 N.J.A.R.2d (EDE) 86.

7:1G-5.2 Submittal of clarifying information

The Department may require an employer to submit information clarifying any statement made on the Community Right to Know Survey and/or Release and Pollution Prevention Report, subject to the trade secret provision of N.J.S.A. 34:5A-15. The Department shall transmit such clarifying information to the county health department, local fire department and police department as it deems necessary. Clarifying information shall be submitted within 30 days of notification, or subsequent date specified by the Department.

Amended by R.1988 d.90, effective February 16, 1988.
 See: 19 N.J.R. 703(a), 20 N.J.R. 388(a).
 Information by employer is mandatory within 30 days of notification or other date specified by department.
 Amended by R.1994 d.3, effective January 3, 1994.
 See: 25 N.J.R. 1631(a), 26 N.J.R. 200(a).

7:1G-5.3 (Reserved)

Repealed by R.1994 d.3, effective January 3, 1994.
 See: 25 N.J.R. 1631(a), 26 N.J.R. 200(a).
 Section was "Updating of ESI Survey".

7:1G-5.4 (Reserved)

Repealed by R.1988 d.89, effective February 16, 1988.
 See: 19 N.J.R. 438(a), 20 N.J.R. 387(a).
 Repealed section dealing with waiver of N.J.A.C. 7:1G-5.1, 5.2 and 5.3.

SUBCHAPTER 6. TRADE SECRETS

7:1G-6.1 Authority

(a) This subchapter is promulgated pursuant to the Worker and Community Right to Know Act, L. 1983, c.315, N.J.S.A. 34:5A-1 et seq., in particular, N.J.S.A. 34:5A-15 and 30, and N.J.S.A. 13:1D-9.

(b) This subchapter is a jointly adopted rule of the Department of Environmental Protection and the Department of Health (see N.J.A.C. 8:59-3).

Amended by R.1993 d.386, effective August 2, 1993.
 See: 25 N.J.R. 858(a), 25 N.J.R. 3537(a).

7:1G-6.2 Purpose

(a) Trade secret claims will be filed or maintained by employers who are subject to the Act to maintain the confidentiality of information requested on the Right to Know Survey or the environmental survey and for the names of substances on container labels. It is the purpose of this subchapter to prescribe:

1. The procedures and guidelines for filing trade secret claims and maintaining trade secret information;
2. The information required by the department for determination of a trade secret claim;
3. The methods for maintaining the confidentiality and security of trade secret information;
4. The criteria for determination of a trade secret claim;
5. The procedure for requesting trade secret information;
6. The procedures for appeal of a determination of a trade secret claim; and
7. The procedures and guidelines for the disclosure of trade secret information.

Amended by R.1993 d.386, effective August 2, 1993.
 See: 25 N.J.R. 858(a), 25 N.J.R. 3537(a).

7:1G-6.3 Definitions

"Department" means, for the purposes of this subchapter, both the New Jersey Department of Health and the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection, unless otherwise indicated.

Amended by R.1993 d.386, effective August 2, 1993.
 See: 25 N.J.R. 858(a), 25 N.J.R. 3537(a).

7:1G-6.4 General provisions

(a) Except as provided in N.J.A.C. 7:1G-6.15, the Department shall not disclose any trade secret claim and supporting information, that is pending or has been approved. This non-disclosure requirement shall apply to trade secret claims for substances which were subsequently deleted from the environmental hazardous substances list.

(b) An employer shall report the information for which a trade secret claim is being made to the appropriate Department in accordance with N.J.A.C. 8:59-3.6 (7:1G-6.6), or maintain this information in accordance with the provisions of N.J.A.C. 8:59-3.6.

(c) On the Right to Know Survey and the environmental survey which the employer sends to county and local government agencies and which the employer retains on file at the facility for inspection by an enforcement officer or employees, the employer shall conceal or omit information claimed to be a trade secret, and shall note on the surveys where information has been claimed to be a trade secret.

(d) Any Right to Know Survey or environmental survey shall only be made available to the public with trade secret information concealed as required in subsection (c) above indicating pending or approved trade secret claim status.

(e) All documents containing the information claimed to be a trade secret and supporting information which are submitted, shall be submitted to the appropriate Department by certified mail return receipt requested, by personal delivery, or by other means which requires verification of receipt, the date of receipt, and the name of the person who receives the document at the Department. Such documents concerning the Right to Know Survey or labeling of containers shall be mailed or delivered to:

Manager, Right to Know Program
New Jersey Department of Health
CN 368
Trenton, NJ 08625-0368

Such documents concerning the environmental survey shall be mailed or delivered to:

Chief, Bureau of Hazardous Substances Information
New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection
CN 405
Trenton, NJ 08625-0405

(f) The top of each page of any document containing the information for which a trade secret claim is being made and submitted pursuant to (e) above, shall display the word "CONFIDENTIAL" in bold type or stamp. If the documents submitted in support of the trade secret claim are to be kept confidential, they shall be similarly stamped.

(g) The outside of the envelope containing the information claimed to be a trade secret and any other envelopes containing information in support of such claim submitted pursuant to (e) above, shall display the word "CONFIDENTIAL" in bold type on both sides. This envelope shall be enclosed in a plain envelope addressed for mailing.

(h) The department shall determine the validity of a trade secret claim when a request is made by any person for the disclosure of the information for which the trade secret claim was made and at any time that the department deems appropriate. Employers shall be notified before the department makes its determination and shall be provided 30 days to submit any information pursuant to N.J.A.C. 7:1G-6.6 except when the employer has filed a trade secret claim prohibited by N.J.A.C. 7:1G-6.5. The department shall make its determination on a trade secret claim in accordance with the criteria in 7:1G-6.9. The department may approve a trade secret claim based on information provided pursuant to 7:1G-6.6.

(i) The department may revoke an approved trade secret claim upon the receipt of new information from any person regarding the information previously submitted by an employer pursuant to N.J.A.C. 7:1G-6.8. In the event of such revocation, N.J.A.C. 7:1G-11 and 13 shall apply in the same manner as where the department rejects a trade secret claim.

(j) Nothing in these regulations shall be construed as prohibiting the incorporation of trade secret information into cumulations of data subject to disclosure as public records, provided that such disclosure is not in a form that would foreseeably allow persons outside the department, not otherwise having knowledge of such information, to deduce from it the trade secret information, or the identity of the employer who supplied it to the department.

(k) Any failure by an employer to submit additional information relevant to the trade secret claim requested by the department or to allow inspection of its facility by the department for purposes of determining the validity of a trade secret claim shall constitute valid cause for denial of the trade secret claim.

(l) Compliance with this subchapter does not constitute satisfaction of Federal trade secret claim requirements for substances exceeding the Federal reporting thresholds of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act.

Amended by R.1993 d.386, effective August 2, 1993.

See: 25 N.J.R. 858(a), 25 N.J.R. 3537(a).

Amended by R.1993 d.408, effective August 16, 1993.

See: 25 N.J.R. 2166(a), 25 N.J.R. 3754(a).

Case Notes

Occupational Safety and Health Act preempts the state Right to Know Law concerning employees in the manufacturing sector; the mandated disclosure of trade secrets under the Right to Know Law are not takings of property rights which trigger a right to compensation (citing former N.J.A.C. 7:1G-5 and 7:1G-12); Court of Appeals limited preemption to only pertain to protection of employees' health and safety in the manufacturing sector. *New Jersey State Chamber of Commerce v. Hughey*, 600 F.Supp. 606 (D.N.J.1985), affirmed in part, reversed in part 774 F.2d 587 (3rd Cir.1985).

7:1G-6.5 Prohibited claims

(a) A trade secret claim may not be made to the Department of Environmental Protection for the following information:

1. The name and Chemical Abstracts Service number or United States Department of Transportation identification number of any substance listed on the Special Health Hazard Substance List (N.J.A.C. 8:59-10), which meets the criteria established pursuant to N.J.A.C. 8:59-10;
2. Any information required to be publicly disclosed pursuant to any other act;
3. The following information requested on Part I of the environmental survey:

- i. Name of the employer;
- ii. Location of the facility;
- iii. Name and Chemical Abstracts Service number of an environmental hazardous substance where the employer is otherwise required to report emissions of such substance from its facility into the air or water or onto the land; and
- iv. Name and United States Department of Transportation Identification Number of a hazardous material also listed in N.J.A.C. 7:1G-2 where the employer is otherwise required to report emissions of such substances into the air or water or onto the land; and
- v. The United States Department of Transportation designated Hazard Class of any hazardous material.

4. The following information requested on Part II of the environmental survey:

- i. Name of the employer;
- ii. Location of the facility;
- iii. Name and Chemical Abstracts Service number of an environmental hazardous substance which is emitted from the employer's facility into the air or water or onto land;
- iv. The total stack or point-source emissions of the environmental hazardous substance;
- v. The total estimated fugitive or nonpoint-source emissions of any environmental hazardous substance;
- vi. The total discharge of any environmental hazardous substance into the surface or groundwater, the treatment methods, and the raw wastewater volume and loadings;
- vii. The total discharge of any environmental hazardous substance into publicly owned treatment works;
- viii. The quantity, and methods of disposal, of any wastes containing any environmental hazardous substance, the method of on-site storage of these wastes, the location or locations of the final disposal site for these wastes, and the identity of the hauler of the wastes; and
- ix. (Reserved)

Amended by R.1993 d.386, effective August 2, 1993.
See: 25 N.J.R. 858(a), 25 N.J.R. 3537(a).

7:1G-6.6 Procedure for filing trade secret claims and maintaining trade secret information

(a) An employer who claims that disclosing information on an environmental survey would reveal a trade secret shall file a trade secret claim with the Department of Environmental Protection in accordance with (b) below.

(b) The following procedure shall apply to employers claiming trade secret protection on the environmental survey:

1. An employer shall submit two versions of the survey. The first version shall contain all information requested by the Department, including any information claimed to be a trade secret. The employer shall clearly indicate on this version, by highlighting, underlining or otherwise marking any information claimed to be a trade secret. The top of each page shall display the word "CONFIDENTIAL" in bold type or stamp.

2. An employer shall submit a second version to the Department which will go into the public files. This version shall be identical to the first version except that it shall not contain information which the employer alleges to be a trade secret. In order to provide public notice that information has been omitted from this version under a claim of confidentiality, the second version shall indicate "trade secret claimed" or "TSC" where such omissions have been made.

3. The surveys shall be accompanied by the summary information in (c) below when the claim is initially submitted. If the trade secret claim has been filed previously, an employer shall submit only new pertinent information affecting the pending or approved claim.

4. The Department may request complete trade secret information from an employer in order to make a determination on the trade secret claim or for public health or medical emergencies. The employer shall submit the information to the Department within 30 days of the request unless emergency circumstances apply, in which case the information shall be submitted within a shorter period of time, as specified by the Department.

(c) An employer shall submit a summary of the following information at the time of submittal of the trade secret claim except as provided in (k) below:

- 1. Prior trade secret determinations concerning the trade secret claim by the department, other agency or court, and a copy of such determination or reference to it;
- 2. Whether or not the information is known outside the employer's business;
- 3. Whether the information is patented;
- 4. What if any would be the harmful effects of its disclosure;
- 5. The period of time for which a trade secret designation is requested, if appropriate;
- 6. The ease or difficulty with which the information could be disclosed by analytical techniques, laboratory procedures, or other means;
- 7. Whether it is used in the research and development, or fabrication and production, of an article of trade or service; and

8. Whether the trade secret is a formula, plan, pattern, process, production data, information, or compilation of information.

(d) The Department may at any time subsequent to the filing of a trade secret claim, request, in writing, the information listed in (d)1 through 5 below. Within 30 days of such written request, an employer shall answer the request in writing. The department may extend the period for submitting an answer for good cause shown.

1. Whether disclosure of the trade secret information would be likely to result in harmful effects on the employer's competitive position, and, if so,

- i. What those harmful effects would be;
- ii. The competitive advantage the employer possesses over employers who do not possess it; and
- iii. The value of the information to the employer or the employer's competitor.

2. The extent to which the trade secret information is known by employees and others involved in the employer's business;

3. The extent of measures taken by the employer to guard the secrecy of the trade secret information;

4. The amount of effort or money expended by the employer in developing the trade secret information; and

5. Any other relevant information to assist the department in determining the validity of a trade secret claim.

(e) In addition to any information an employer is required to submit pursuant to (c) and (d) above, an employer may submit any other information relevant to the trade secret claim.

(f) An employer shall provide, as part of any trade secret claim or submission the names of reference documents used as the basis for stated conclusions.

(g) An employer shall certify that its trade secret claim is true, accurate and complete.

(h) The department may limit the length of a claim or submissions and require that they be made on forms provided by the department.

(i) An employer shall update trade secret information affecting a pending or approved trade secret claim within 60 days of the employer's knowledge or receipt of new pertinent information.

(j) (Reserved)

(k) Unless otherwise requested by the department, an employer is not required to submit supporting information with its trade secret claims on Part II of the environmental survey regarding the description of the use of the environmental hazardous substance on the site, the quantity produced on site, the quantity brought on site, the quantity consumed on site, and the quantity shipped off site either as a product or in the product.

(l) Private employers claiming confidentiality for trade secrets for container labeling and public employers claiming confidentiality for labeling or for reporting on Right to Know surveys shall comply with the regulations at N.J.A.C. 8:59-3.6.

Amended by R.1993 d.386, effective August 2, 1993.
See: 25 N.J.R. 858(a), 25 N.J.R. 3537(a).

7:1G-6.7 Confidentiality and security of trade secret information

(a) All trade secret information in support of a trade secret claim, pending or approved, shall be treated as confidential in accordance with (b) through (h) below.

(b) Information regarding trade secret claims, pending or approved, shall only be communicated in person or in writing, among persons authorized pursuant to N.J.A.C. 7:1G-6.7 and 6.15 as well as between employers and such authorized persons. Said information shall not be communicated over telecommunications networks, including, but not limited to, telephones, computers connected by modems, or electronic mail systems. An exception may be made to this provision for emergencies pursuant to N.J.A.C. 7:1G-6.15(g).

(c) Any document transmitted by the department to the employer or any other authorized person, which contains information claimed to be a trade secret, shall be sent by certified mail return receipt requested, by personal delivery, or by other means which requires verification of receipt, the date of receipt, and the name of the person who receives the document.

(d) The Department shall communicate only with the employer's chief executive officer or his designated representatives, such designation to be made in writing, regarding the trade secret claim. The individual signing the trade secret claim submitted to the Department shall be considered the designated representative if no other communication is received from the employer.

(e) Any document prepared by the department for the employer which contains information claimed to be a trade secret shall display the word "CONFIDENTIAL" in bold type or stamp on the top of each page. The envelope containing such document shall be addressed to the employer's chief executive officer or his designated representative and shall display the word "CONFIDENTIAL" in bold type on both sides. This envelope shall be enclosed in a plain envelope addressed for mailing.

(f) Except as provided in N.J.A.C. 8:59-3.15 (6.15), no person other than the Commissioner and his designated representatives and administrative law judges and their necessary staff conducting hearings on trade secret claims, shall have access to information regarding a trade secret claim. All designated representatives shall be employees of the State. Designations shall be made in writing. Designated persons other than administrative law judges shall sign an agreement to protect the confidentiality of the information before access is granted. Administrative law judges shall have access to trade secret information as necessary to preside over pre-hearing activities, conduct the hearing, render an initial decision, and return the record to either the Department of Environmental Protection or the Department of Health pursuant to N.J.A.C. 1:21.

(g) All documents containing information regarding a trade secret claim shall be stored in a locked file or safe in a locked office in the department. The file or safe and office containing such documents shall be locked when not being used by authorized persons.

(h) Persons authorized to use trade secret documents pursuant to (f) above shall do so in the office in which the trade secret documents are stored, unless authorized to remove the documents by the Commissioner or his designated representative. All trade secret documents which are removed shall be returned to the office in which the documents are stored each day by the end of the regular workday. The department shall maintain a log of persons who use documents containing trade secret information. The log shall include the person's name, title, and name of the document used, and the time of commencing and finishing use of the document. No trade secret document shall be delivered between offices by persons who are not authorized to handle said documents. Such documents shall not be duplicated unless necessary for purposes of N.J.A.C. 7:1G-6.15 or if the department determines that it is absolutely necessary to carry out its responsibilities under the Act. If so duplicated, the document shall be marked as a copy, but treated as if it was an original document. The copy shall be destroyed immediately after completion of the use for which it was intended.

Amended by R.1993 d.386, effective August 2, 1993.
See: 25 N.J.R. 858(a), 25 N.J.R. 3537(a).

7:1G-6.8 Decision-making agency on a trade secret claim

(a) The Department of Health is authorized to approve or deny a trade secret claim concerning:

1. Information reported on the Right to Know Survey.
2. Labeling a container with the chemical name and Chemical Abstracts Service number of the substance in the container.

(b) The Department of Environmental Protection is authorized to approve or deny a trade secret claim concerning information reported on an environmental survey.

(c) Trade secret claims for labeling and reporting filed with both Departments shall be approved or denied jointly by the Department of Health and the Department of Environmental Protection.

Amended by R.1993 d.386, effective August 2, 1993.
See: 25 N.J.R. 858(a), 25 N.J.R. 3537(a).

7:1G-6.9 Criteria for determination of the validity of a trade secret claim

(a) Any formula, plan, pattern, process, production data, information, or compilation of information shall be considered a trade secret if the employer establishes that its secrecy is certified by an appropriate official of the federal government as necessary for national defense purposes, or if the employer establishes that:

1. It is not patented;
2. It is known only to the employer and certain other individuals;
3. It is used in the research and development or production of an article or of a mixture; and
4. It gives the employer possessing it a competitive advantage over businesses who do not possess it.

(b) The chemical name and Chemical Abstracts Service number of a substance shall be considered a trade secret only if the employer can establish that the substance is unknown to competitors, or is included in a formula or process that meets the criteria of (a) above.

(c) In determining whether a trade secret claim meets the requirements of (a) or (b) above, the Department shall consider information provided by the employer or any other person, including the information in (c)1 through 6 below:

1. The extent to which the information for which the trade secret claim is made known outside the employer's business;
2. The extent to which the information is known by employees and others involved in the employer's business;
3. The extent of measures taken by the employer to guard the secrecy of the information;
4. The value of the information to the employer or the employer's competitor;
5. The amount of effort or money expended by the employer in developing the information;
6. The ease or difficulty with which the information could be disclosed by analytical techniques, laboratory procedures, or other means.

Amended by R.1993 d.386, effective August 2, 1993.
See: 25 N.J.R. 858(a), 25 N.J.R. 3537(a).

7:1G-6.10 Request for trade secret information

(a) Any person may submit, at any time, a written request for the disclosure of information for which a trade secret claim is pending or has been approved, to the appropriate Department at the address provided in N.J.A.C. 8:59-3.4 (7:1G-6.4). The request shall state the requestor's name, address, and affiliation, and may include information concerning the validity of a pending or approved trade secret claim. The names of the employees making requests for trade secret information on a Right to Know Survey or a label shall be kept confidential.

(b) A request for disclosure of an approved trade secret may be submitted only if accompanied by new significant information not previously submitted concerning the invalidity of the trade secret claim.

Amended by R.1993 d.386, effective August 2, 1993.
See: 25 N.J.R. 858(a), 25 N.J.R. 3537(a).

7:1G-6.11 Notification of determination of the validity of a trade secret claim

(a) Upon making a determination on the validity of a trade secret claim, the department shall notify the employer and the requestor of the determination by certified mail, return receipt requested. The notice shall state that the employer has 45 days from receipt of the department's determination to file a written request with the department for an administrative hearing on the determination.

Amended by R.1993 d.386, effective August 2, 1993.
See: 25 N.J.R. 858(a), 25 N.J.R. 3537(a).

7:1G-6.12 (Reserved)**7:1G-6.13 Appeal of determination**

(a) If the Department denies an employer's trade secret claim, the employer shall have 45 days from the receipt of the Department's determination to file with the Department a written request for an administrative hearing on the determination. Such request shall be filed with the Office of Legal Affairs, ATTENTION: Adjudicatory Hearing Requests, Department of Environmental Protection, CN 402, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0402.

(b) (Reserved)

(c) If a request for an administrative hearing is made pursuant to (a) above, the department shall refer the matter to the Office of Administrative Law for a hearing thereon.

(d) Within 45 days of receipt of the administrative law judge's initial decision containing a recommendation on a matter referred to in (c) above, the Department shall affirm, reject, or modify the recommendation. The Department shall inform the employer of its decision on the administrative law judge's recommendation by certified mail return receipt requested. The Department's action shall be considered final agency action for purposes of the "Administrative Procedure Act", N.J.S.A. 52:14B-1 et seq., and shall be subject only to judicial review as provided in the Rules of Court.

(e) In the event that the department determines, pursuant to (d) above, that the trade secret claim is not valid, the employer shall have 45 days from receipt of the department's determination to notify the department, in writing, that it has filed to appeal the department's decision in the courts. If the employer does not so notify the department, the department shall disclose the information for which the trade secret claim was made in the manner set forth in N.J.A.C. 7:1G-6.14.

(f) Special rules applicable to trade secret claim appeals are set forth at N.J.A.C. 1:21.

Administrative Correction and change to (a).
See: 23 N.J.R. 3325(b).
Amended by R.1993 d.386, effective August 2, 1993.
See: 25 N.J.R. 858(a), 25 N.J.R. 3537(a).

7:1G-6.14 Disclosure of information determined not to be a trade secret

(a) After a trade secret claim has been denied and all appeals and the right to bring an appeal have been exhausted, the Department shall take the following action:

1. Modify the employer's Right to Know Survey or environmental survey, as the case may be, on file with the Department to substitute the omitted information for the trade secret docket or registry number and add the information wherever else appropriate; and

2. Direct the employer to modify the Right to Know Survey or environmental survey on file at his facility to include the information for which the trade secret claim was denied and add the information wherever else appropriate; to send modified copies of the revised Right to Know Survey or environmental survey to the appropriate Department and all county and local agencies that are required by law, rule or regulation to receive the survey containing this information; and to replace the trade secret registry number with the chemical name and Chemical Abstracts Service number on its fact sheets and container labels, if applicable.

Amended by R.1993 d.386, effective August 2, 1993.
See: 25 N.J.R. 858(a), 25 N.J.R. 3537(a).

7:1G-6.15 Restricted access to trade secret information retained by the Department

(a) Except as provided in (b) through (g) below and N.J.A.C. 7:1G-6.7 or when so ordered by a court, no person shall willingly and knowingly disclose and no person shall willingly and knowingly receive trade secret information protected by this subchapter without the employer's written consent.

(b) An officer or employee of the State may be granted access to trade secret information protected by this subchapter, only in accordance with this section, upon a demonstration to the satisfaction of the department that such request is in connection with the official duties of the officer or employee under any law for the protection of public health.

(d) The party requesting an adjudicatory hearing shall, in its request for a hearing, furnish the Department with the following:

1. A statement of the legal authority and jurisdiction under which the hearing or action to be taken is to be held;
2. A reference to the particular sections of the statutes and rules involved;
3. A short and plain statement of the matters of fact and law asserted; and
4. The provisions of the order or notice of assessment to which the party objects, the reasons for such objections, and any alternative provisions proposed.

(e) If a hearing request is not timely received by the Department, the Department shall deny the request.

(f) If a request is incomplete the Department may deny the hearing request. An additional 10 days to correct deficiencies in an incomplete filing may be granted by the Department.

(g) The adjudicatory hearing shall be held pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act, N.J.S.A. 52:14B-1 et seq., and the Uniform Administrative Practice Rules, N.J.A.C. 1:1-1 et seq.

(h) After an adjudicatory hearing, and upon finding that a violation has occurred, the Commissioner or his or her authorized representative may issue a final assessment of the amount of the penalty specified in the notice or such lesser amount as may be assessed pursuant to the provisions on compromise of N.J.S.A. 34:5A-31(d). If no hearing is requested or if the Department denies the request, the original Administrative Order and Notice of Civil Administrative Penalty Assessment becomes a final order upon the 21st calendar day following its receipt.

(i) Payment of an assessed civil administrative penalty is due when a final order is issued by the Commissioner or the notice becomes a final order. If the alleged violator fails to pay the penalty to the Department or to make acceptable arrangements to pay the penalty within a reasonable period of time thereafter, the Department may institute a civil action pursuant to N.J.S.A. 34:5A-31(e) for a civil penalty not to exceed \$2,500 for each day during which the violation continues.

Administrative change to (c).
 See: 23 N.J.R. 3325(b).
 Amended by R.1994 d.3, effective January 3, 1994.
 See: 25 N.J.R. 1631(a), 26 N.J.R. 200(a).

7:1G-7.4 Compromise of penalties

(a) At his or her discretion, the Commissioner or his or her authorized representative may compromise a penalty assessed pursuant to this subchapter in whole or part, in the

following circumstances and on the following terms and conditions:

1. Upon the posting by the violator of a performance bond or similar form of security in an amount and upon terms deemed satisfactory by the Commissioner;
2. On the basis of mitigating or extenuating circumstances;
3. Upon any other terms or conditions acceptable to the Commissioner or his or her authorized representative;
4. Any other circumstances or conditions acceptable to the Department.

Amended by R.1994 d.3, effective January 3, 1994.
 See: 25 N.J.R. 1631(a), 26 N.J.R. 200(a).

7:1G-7.5 Alternative remedies

Neither the issuance of an Administrative Order and Notice of Civil Administrative Penalty Assessment nor the payment of any such penalty shall be deemed to affect the availability to the Department of any enforcement provision provided for by N.J.S.A. 34:5A-31, or any other statute, in connection with the violation for which the assessment is levied.

Amended by R.1994 d.3, effective January 3, 1994.
 See: 25 N.J.R. 1631(a), 26 N.J.R. 200(a).

7:1G-7.6 (Reserved)

Repealed by R.1994 d.3, effective January 3, 1994.
 See: 25 N.J.R. 1631(a), 26 N.J.R. 200(a).
 Section was "Records of assessments".

7:1G-7.7 Penalties

(a) Failure to submit a Community Right to Know Survey pursuant to N.J.S.A. 34:5A-1 et seq. shall result in the assessment of a civil administrative penalty of \$1,000.

(b) Failure to submit a Release and Pollution Prevention Report pursuant to N.J.S.A. 34:5A-1 et seq. shall result in the assessment of a civil administrative penalty of \$1,000.

(c) Failure of an employer to report all EHSs pursuant to these regulations on the Community Right to Know Survey or Release and Pollution Prevention Report shall result in the assessment of a civil administrative penalty based on the number of substances omitted as follows: one to 10 substances, \$500.00; more than 10 substances, \$1,000.

(d) Failure to respond to the Department's request for clarifying information shall result in the assessment of a civil administrative penalty of \$1,000.

(e) Failure to submit a copy of a Community Right to Know Survey or a Release and Pollution Prevention Report to any required agency pursuant to N.J.A.C. 7:1G-5 shall result in the assessment of a civil administrative penalty in the amount of \$500.00.

(f) Failure of an employer to maintain or make available copies of the current Community Right to Know Survey or Release and Pollution Prevention Report at his or her facility pursuant to N.J.S.A. 34:5A-12 shall result in the assessment of a civil administrative penalty of \$500.00.

Repeal and New Rule, R.1994 d.3, effective January 3, 1994.

See: 25 N.J.R. 1631(a), 26 N.J.R. 200(a).

Section was "Penalty for time related violations".

Amended by R.1994 d.349, effective July 18, 1994.

See: 26 N.J.R. 123(a), 26 N.J.R. 2930(a).

Case Notes

Penalties of \$500 for failure of two small firms to return Worker and Community Right to Know Survey in timely manner were appropriate. Division of Environmental Quality v. Liberman, 92 N.J.A.R.2d (EPE) 183.

Automobile dealership required to file Worker and Community Right to Know Survey despite going out of business; penalty assessed. Department of Environmental Protection v. Bachman Volkswagen, Inc. 92 N.J.A.R.2d (EPE) 45.

7:1G-7.8 (Reserved)

Repealed by R.1994 d.3, effective January 3, 1994.

See: 25 N.J.R. 1631(a), 26 N.J.R. 200(a).

Section was "Penalty for non-time related violations".

7:1G-7.9 (Reserved)

Repealed by R.1994 d.3, effective January 3, 1994.

See: 25 N.J.R. 1631(a), 26 N.J.R. 200(a).

Section was "Daily penalty".

APPENDIX A

TABLE 1. SELECTED SUBSTANCES

All chemical compounds and/or complexes containing a selected substance (including organic, inorganic and organo-metallics) are to be reported under the given CAS code number and identified on the survey form.

CAS NO.	HALOGENATED ALKANES AND ALKENES
107-05-1	Allyl chloride (1-Chloro-2-propene)
75-25-2	Bromoform (Tribromomethane)
56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride
67-66-3	Chloroform
126-99-8	Chloroprene (2-Chloro-1, 3-butadiene)
106-93-4	1,2-Dibromoethane (Ethylene dibromide)
75-27-4	Dichlorobromomethane
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane (Ethylene dichloride)
540-59-0	1,2-Dichloroethylene
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane
542-75-6	1,3-Dichloropropylene
87-68-3	Hexachlorobutadiene
77-47-4	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene
67-72-1	Hexachloroethane
74-83-9	Methyl bromide
74-87-3	Methyl chloride
75-09-2	Methylene chloride (Dichloromethane)
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethylene (Perchloroethylene)
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane (Methyl chloroform)
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane
79-01-6	Trichloroethylene
75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane
593-60-2	Vinyl Bromide
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride

75-35-4 Vinylidene chloride (1,1-Dichloroethylene)

CAS NO.	PHENOLS
95-57-8	2-Chlorophenol
120-83-2	2,4-Dichlorophenol (DCP)
105-67-9	2,4-Dimethylphenol (m-xyleneol)
534-52-1	4,6-Dinitro-o-cresol
51-28-5	2,4-dinitrophenol
88-75-5	2-Nitrophenol
100-02-7	4-Nitrophenol
87-86-5	Pentachlorophenol (PCP)
108-95-2	Phenol
95-95-4	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol
88-06-2	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol

CAS NO.	HALOGENATED AROMATICS
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene
91-58-7	2-Chloronaphthalene
1163-19-5	Decabromodiphenyl oxide
95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene
541-73-1	1,3-Dichlorobenzene
106-46-7	1,4-Dichlorobenzene
118-74-1	Hexachlorobenzene
13654-09-6	Polybrominated biphenyls (PBBs)
11097-69-1	Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs)
1264-23-8	Polychlorinated Triphenyls (PCTs)
120-82-1	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene

CAS NO.	PHTHALATES
117-81-7	Bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate
85-68-7	Butyl benzyl phthalate
84-74-2	Di-n-butyl phthalate
84-66-2	Diethyl phthalate
117-84-0	Di-n-octyl phthalate
131-11-3	Dimethyl phthalate

CAS NO.	ETHERS, EPOXIDES, ALDEHYDES AND ANHYDRIDES
107-02-8	Acrolein
111-44-4	Bis (2-chloroethyl) ether
542-88-1	Bis (2-chloromethyl) ether
1462-53-5	Diepoxybutane
123-91-1	Dioxane
106-89-8	Epichlorohydrin (1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane)
50-00-0	Formaldehyde
108-31-6	Maleic anhydride
57-57-8	β -Propiolactone
75-56-9	Propylene oxide

CAS NO.	IMINES, NITRILES AND HYDRAZINES
107-13-1	Acrylonitrile
57-14-7	1,1-Dimethyl hydrazine
151-56-4	Ethyleneimine (Aziridine)
302-01-2	Hydrazine
75-55-8	Propyleneimine

CAS NO.	NITROSO COMPOUNDS
55-18-5	N-Nitrosodiethylamine
62-75-9	N-Nitrosodimethylamine
138-89-6	p-Nitrosodimethylaniline
66-30-6	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine
156-10-5	p-Nitrosodiphenylamine

CAS NO.	AMIDES AND AMINO COMPOUNDS
60-35-5	Acetamide
62-53-3	Aniline (and salts)
117-79-3	2-Aminoanthraquinone
60-09-3	p-Aminoazobenzene
55-21-0	Benzamide
92-87-5	Benzidine
95-80-7	2,4-Diaminotoluene
91-94-1	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine
101-14-4	4,4'-Methylene bis (2-chloroaniline) (MOCA)
134-32-7	[alpha] -Naphthylamine

91-59-8	β-Naphthylamine
CAS NO.	PESTICIDES
309-00-2	Aldrin
58-89-9	BHCs & Lindane
133-06-2	Captan
63-25-2	Carbaryl (1-Naphthalenol Methyl Carbamate)
133-90-4	Cloramben
57-74-9	Chlordane
510-15-6	Chlorobenzilate
74-75-7	2,4-D
50-29-3	DDT
96-12-8	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (DBCP)
60-57-1	Dieldrin
115-29-7	Endosulfan
72-20-8	Endrin
76-44-8	Heptachlor
115-32-2	Kelthane (Dicofol)
143-50-0	Kepone
*72-43-5	Methoxychlor
2385-85-5	Mirex
56-38-2	Parathion
87-86-5	Pentachlorophenol
82-68-8	Quintozone (PCNB) (Pentachloronitrobenzene)
61789-48-2	Strobane (Terpene polychlorinates)
93-76-5	2,4,5-T (2,4,5-(Trichlorophenoxy) acetic acid)
8001-35-2	Toxaphene
CAS NO.	AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS
120-12-7	Anthracene
71-43-2	Benzene
92-52-4	Biphenyl
100-41-4	Ethyl benzene
91-20-3	Napthalene
108-88-3	Toluene
CAS NO.	INORGANICS (INCLUDE SALTS OF THESE COMPOUNDS)
7440-36-0	Antimony
7440-38-2	Arsenic
7440-41-7	Beryllium
7440-43-9	Cadmium
156-62-7	Calcium cyanamide
7440-47-3	Chromium
7440-50-8	Copper, except compounds:
	C.I. Pigment Blue 15, Phthalocyanine Blue (CAS No. 147-14-8)
	C.I. Pigment Green 7, Phthalocyanine Green (CAS No. 1328-53-6)
	C.I. Pigment Green 36, Phthalocyanine Green (CAS No. 14302-13-7)
57-12-5	Cyanide

7439-92-1	Lead
7439-97-6	Mercury
7440-02-0	Nickel
7782-49-2	Selenium
7440-22-4	Silver
7440-28-0	Thallium
7440-66-6	Zinc

CAS NO.	NITRO COMPOUNDS
121-14-2	2,4-Dinitrotoluene
606-20-2	2,6-Dinitrotoluene
98-95-3	Nitrobenzene
79-46-9	2-Nitropropane

CAS NO.	DYES
2650-18-2	Brilliant Blue FCF salts
129-17-9	(Sodium) Blue VRS
60-11-7	C.I. Solvent Yellow 2
6358-53-8	Citrus Red No. 2
128-66-5	C.I. Vat Yellow 4
1937-37-7	Direct Black 38
2602-46-2	Direct Blue 6
10300-74-0	Direct Brown 95
2832-40-8	C.I. Disperse Yellow 3
569-64-2	Fast Green 0
4680-78-8	Guinea Green B
5141-20-8	Light Green SF
2646-17-5	Oil Orange SS
3761-53-3	Ponceau MX
3564-09-8	Ponceau 3R
81-88-9	Rhodamine B
989-38-8	Rhodamine 6G
842-07-6	Sudan I
3118-97-6	Sudan II

CAS NO.	MISC.
1332-21-4	Asbestos
62-56-6	Thiourea
75-44-5	Phosgene

Amended by R.1980 d.181, effective April 25, 1980.
 See: 12 N.J.R. 107(c), 12 N.J.R. 313(b).
 Amended by R.1993 d.408, effective August 16, 1993.
 See: 25 N.J.R. 2166(a), 25 N.J.R. 3754(a).
 Public Notice: Petition for rulemaking.
 See: 27 N.J.R. 4010(b).
 Readopted by R.1997 d.191, effective April 16, 1997.
 See: 29 N.J.R. 725(a), 29 N.J.R. 2274(a).
 Recodified from 7:1F by R.1997 d.191, effective May 19, 1997.
 See: 29 N.J.R. 725(a), 29 N.J.R. 2274(a).