

See: 29 N.J.R. 2512(a), 29 N.J.R. 3856(a).

Substituted "beneficiaries" and "beneficiary's" for "recipients" or "recipient's" throughout; in (a), substituted "Provider Services Chapter" for "Provider Services Manuals"; and in (a)3, substituted "Medicaid Agent" for "Director".

Amended by R.1998 d.154, effective February 27, 1998 (operative March 1, 1998; to expire August 31, 1998).

See: 30 N.J.R. 1060(a).

In (a), inserted a reference to the NJ KidCare program in 1, and inserted a reference to DMAHS in 3.

#### Case Notes

Unusual circumstances required retroactive authorization for payment of Medicaid services notwithstanding failure to obtain prior authorization. *Pendleton Bradley Hospital v. Division of Medical Assistance*, 95 N.J.A.R.2d (DMA) 23.

Adapted tricycle was medically required for treating chronic encephalopathy. *K.H. v. Division of Medical Assistance and Health Services*, 93 N.J.A.R.2d (DMA) 3.

### 10:49-6.2 Out-of-State medical care and services

(a) Any covered service that requires prior authorization as a prerequisite for reimbursement to New Jersey Medicaid providers shall also require prior authorization if it is to be provided in any other state.

1. Services which require prior authorization are described in the specific Medicaid Provider Services Manual.

Amended by R.1997 d.354, effective September 2, 1997.

See: 29 N.J.R. 2512(a), 29 N.J.R. 3856(a).

Deleted (a) and (c); and recodified former (b) as (a).

## SUBCHAPTER 7. SUBMITTING CLAIMS FOR PAYMENT (POLICIES AND REGULATIONS)

### 10:49-7.1 General provisions

(a) The following information outlines the policies and regulations of the New Jersey Medicaid program that the provider shall adhere to when submitting a claim and requesting payment for services provided to a New Jersey Medicaid recipient. (To identify a Medicaid recipient, see N.J.A.C. 10:49-2.)

1. Each Provider Services Manual has information relevant to basis of payment for services and items of payment provided that is usually found in the second chapter of each manual.

2. For requirements of the Division of Medical Assistance and Health Services and the New Jersey State Department of Health and Senior Services when submitting a claim to be considered for the charity care component of the disproportionate share subsidies for hospital services and other rules regarding eligibility for these services, see N.J.A.C. 10:52-10 and 10A.

(b) In addition to information in this subchapter about submitting claims for payment, a Fiscal Agent Billing Sup-

plement is included following each Provider Services Manual. Included in the Supplement are prior authorization forms and instructions; information for the proper completion and submission of claim forms; the procedure to follow when claims are rejected and returned to the provider by the Fiscal Agent during the adjudication process; third party liability verification, procedure for submitting cross-over claims, and examples of timely submission of claims; electronic media claims (EMC) submission; Remittance Advice Statements; procedures for Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT); adjustments for overpayment of claims, and adjustments by Medicare; procedure to follow when a claim is paid in error (voids); procedure for inquiries about claims; procedure for ordering forms; information about provider services; and item-by-item instructions for completing the claim form and other forms.

1. The Fiscal Agent Billing Supplement is not published in the New Jersey Administrative Code (N.J.A.C.) but is referenced as an appendix and is thus, not a legal description of the New Jersey Medicaid program's rules. Should there be any conflict between the Fiscal Agent Billing Supplement and the pertinent laws or rules governing the Medicaid program or the charity care program, the laws and rules of the Medicaid program and the charity care program, as appropriate, take precedence.

Amended by R.1997 d.354, effective September 2, 1997.

See: 29 N.J.R. 2512(a), 29 N.J.R. 3856(a).

In (a), substituted "beneficiary" for "recipient"; in (b), deleted "form" or "forms" following "claim" and "claims".

Amended by R.1997 d.520, effective January 5, 1998.

See: 29 N.J.R. 1006(a), 30 N.J.R. 232(a).

Inserted (a)2; in (b), clarified precedence of Medicaid rules over Fiscal Agent Billing Supplement, and added references to "charity care program."

### 10:49-7.2 Timeliness of claim submission and inquiry

(a) A claim is defined as a request for payment from the New Jersey Medicaid program for a Medicaid reimbursable service provided to a Medicaid recipient. For disproportionate share data collection purposes only, a claim is defined as a request for the New Jersey charity care program to price the services rendered and consider those services when determining the amount of subsidy to be afforded to New Jersey hospitals. The charity care claim properly identifies the hospital, the service(s) rendered, the recipient of the service(s), the date(s) of the service, and any other data required by the State.

1. For a Medicaid claim, the claim for payment from the Medicaid program may be submitted hard copy or by means of an approved method of automated data exchange. A claim for pricing of charity care hospital services is a request to the New Jersey charity care program, which shall be submitted by an approved method of automated data exchange within 180 days of the charity care determination. In order for a Medicaid claim to be considered, all appropriate documentation shall be included with the claim form.

2. It is the responsibility of the provider to ensure that each Medicaid claim submitted by that provider is received by the New Jersey Medicaid program's Fiscal Agent within the time periods indicated in this section.

i. The New Jersey Medicaid program shall not reimburse for a claim received outside the prescribed time periods. This policy also applies to inquiries concerning a claim or claim related information received outside the prescribed time periods.

ii. For retroactive eligibility cases, a claim associated with a retroactive eligibility application will be considered as received on the date of receipt of the application on behalf of the applicant. For information about retroactive eligibility, see 10:49-2.7.

(b) An institutional claim is a claim submitted by a hospital; home health agency; nursing facility; intermediate care facility/mental retardation (ICF/MR); residential treatment center; or governmental psychiatric hospital. The time requirements for submitting an institutional claim is as follows:

1. For claims submitted by home health agencies and hospitals (excluding governmental psychiatric hospitals), a claim for payment of a service provided to any Medicaid beneficiary shall be received by the New Jersey Medicaid Fiscal Agent within:

i. One year of the date of discharge on an inpatient hospital claim;

ii. One year of the date of service entered on an outpatient hospital claim or home health claim;

iii. One year of the earliest date of service entered on an outpatient hospital claim or home health claim, if the claim carries more than one date of service; or

iv. For early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis and Treatment (EPSDT) including pediatric HealthStart services, claims must be submitted to the Fiscal Agent within 30 days of the provision of services.

2. For claims submitted by a nursing facility; an intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded; a residential treatment center; or a governmental psychiatric hospital, a claim for payment for services shall be received by the fiscal agent no later than one year after the "from date of service" as indicated on the claim.

(c) A non-institutional claim is a claim submitted by all providers except a hospital, home health agency, nursing facility, intermediate care facility/mental retardation (ICF/MR), residential treatment center, or governmental psychiatric hospital. The time requirements for submitting a non-institutional claim are as follows:

1. A claim for payment of a non-institutional service provided to any Medicaid beneficiary shall be received by the New Jersey Medicaid Fiscal Agent within:

i. One year of the date of service;

ii. One year of the earliest date of service entered on the claim if the claim carries more than one date of service;

iii. One year (365 days) of the dispensing date on a pharmacy claim; or

iv. For early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis and Treatment (EPSDT) including pediatric HealthStart services, claims must be submitted to the Fiscal Agent within 30 days of the provision of services.

(d) The time requirements for submitting a combination Medicare/Medicaid or Medicare/NJ KidCare claim are as follows (Under Federal regulations this applies only to Medicare/Medicaid or Medicare/NJ KidCare claims and does not extend to claims involving any other third party insurance.):

1. A combination Medicare/Medicaid claim is defined as a request for payment from the New Jersey Medicaid program for a medical service provided to any Medicare/Medicaid beneficiary.

i. The claim shall contain the Medicaid Eligibility Identification Number, the Medicare three digit carrier/payor code, and the Medicare HIC Number.

2. A combination Medicare/Medicaid claim shall be received by the Medicare Intermediary/Carrier within the applicable Medicaid timely submission period (see (b) and (c) above) to be considered for further payment by the New Jersey Medicaid program.

i. The provider shall continue to have one year from the date of service for a claim to be received by the Medicaid Fiscal Agent. A claim received by the Medicaid Fiscal Agent after Medicare adjudication and within one year from the date of service shall be considered timely submitted.

ii. For combination Medicare/Medicaid claims received by the Medicare Intermediary/Carrier within the applicable Medicaid timely submission period and where Medicare adjudication occurs beyond the one year of the date of service, the provider shall submit a claim to be received by the Medicaid Fiscal Agent within 90 days of the date of the Medicare adjudication.

iii. For Medicare/Medicaid claims where the Medicare adjudication occurs within one year from the date of service, but less than 90 days remain within the timely filing period, the provider shall submit the claim to be received by Medicaid within the one year timely filing period or 90 days, whichever is later.

iv. A combination Medicare/Medicaid claim received outside the applicable Medicaid timely submission period shall not be reimbursed by the New Jersey Medicaid program.

3. In most cases, when a beneficiary is eligible for both Medicare and Medicaid or Medicare and NJ KidCare, a Medicare/Medicaid or Medicare/NJ KidCare approved claim will cross over from the Medicare Carrier/Intermediary to the Program's Fiscal Agent. The provider is requested to allow 45 days from Medicare adjudication for the Medicaid or NJ KidCare program to receive and process crossover claims. Failure to allow the 45 days for the transition from Medicare to Medicaid or NJ KidCare may result in payment delays due to duplicate claim errors. There are instances, however, where claims will not cross over from Medicare. In those instances, or when a Medicare/Medicaid or Medicare/NJ KidCare crossover is not reflected on the provider's Remittance Advice within 45 days of the Medicare Explanation of Benefits (EOB), the provider shall follow the billing instructions in the Fiscal Agent Billing Supplement following the second chapter of the Provider Services Manual.

(e) If additional information is required in order to process a claim, the provider shall supply the information as soon as possible, but not more than 90 days after the end of the applicable timely submission period.

(f) Regarding an adjudicated claim inquiry, a provider may inquire about a claim that has been paid or denied but shall make the inquiry within 90 days of the date of adjudication as indicated on the Remittance Advice Statement.

(g) Regarding a non-adjudicated claim inquiry, a provider may inquire about the status of a claim for which neither payment nor denial has been received. The inquiry may be made at any time after the claim is received, but not more than 90 days after the end of the applicable timely submission period.

(h) Claims may be paid beyond 12 months of the date of receipt with Federal financial participation (FFP) in the following situations:

1. When the claim invoice or retroactive adjustment is paid to a provider reimbursed under a retrospective payment system;
2. For a Medicare/Medicaid claim or Medicare/NJ KidCare claim, timely filed, payment may be made for services within six months after the program or provider receives notice of the Medicare claim disposition for a timely filed Medicare/Medicaid or Medicare/NJ KidCare claim;
3. For claims from providers under investigation for fraud or abuse; or
4. For claims associated with administrative or legal actions pursuant to a hearing action or agency corrective action mandate, whether for an eligible individual or for all those eligibles affected in a similar manner.

Amended by R.1997 d.354, effective September 2, 1997.

See: 29 N.J.R. 2512(a), 29 N.J.R. 3856(a).

Substituted "beneficiary" for "recipient" and deleted "form" following "claim" throughout; and in (b)2, substituted "Medicaid Eligibility Identification Number" for "HSP (Medicaid) Case Number" and inserted reference to three digit carrier/payer.

Amended by R.1997 d.520, effective January 5, 1998.

See: 29 N.J.R. 1006(a), 30 N.J.R. 232(a).

Rewrote (a), inserted new (a)1 and recodified existing (a)1 as (a)2.

Amended by R.1998 d.116, effective January 30, 1998 (operative February 1, 1998; to expire July 31, 1998).

See: 30 N.J.R. 713(a).

In (d), inserted references to Medicare/NJ KidCare and to NJ KidCare, and made corresponding language changes, throughout, and inserted a reference to Medicare and NJ KidCare in the first sentence of 3.

Amended by R.1998 d.154, effective February 27, 1998 (operative March 1, 1998; to expire August 31, 1998).

See: 30 N.J.R. 1060(a).

In (d)3, inserted a reference to Medicare/NJ KidCare approved claims in the first sentence and deleted "Medicaid" following "provider's" in the last sentence; and in (h)2, inserted references to Medicare/NJ KidCare claims throughout, and deleted "Medicaid" following "filed,".

#### Case Notes

Evidence of provider's custom or practice of mailing reimbursement claims against New Jersey Medicaid Program fund, together with other evidence, was sufficient, under preponderance of evidence standard, to create presumption that disputed claims were mailed and received. *SSI Medical Services, Inc. v. State Dept. of Human Services, Div. of Medical Assistance and Health Services*, 146 N.J. 614, 685 A.2d 1 (1996).

Evidence supported finding that medical service provider timely submitted its Medicaid claims to fiscal agent for Division of Medical Assistance and Health Services: fiscal agent probably lost them. *SSI Medical Services, Inc. v. State, Dept. of Human Services, Div. of Medical Assistance and Health Services*, 284 N.J.Super. 184, 664 A.2d 505 (A.D.1995).

Failure to make timely inquiry regarding denial of Medicaid reimbursement claim rendered nursing home ineligible for reimbursement. In the Matter of Meadowview Nursing Home Patients, 96 N.J.A.R.2d (DMA) 65.

Medicaid reimbursement claims were denied where insufficient proof was submitted to invoke presumption of timely receipt of claims. *SSI Medical Services, Inc. v. Medical Assistance and Health Services*, 96 N.J.A.R.2d (DMA) 47.

Delay between claim receipt and claim processing was that of agency, not that of provider and did not warrant denial of Medicaid reimbursement for untimeliness. *Bergen Pines County v. Division of Medical Assistance*, 95 N.J.A.R.2d (DMA) 30.

Twelve-month rule not applicable; government failed to give hospital provider number. *Bergen Pines County Hospital v. Division of Medical Assistance and Health Services*, 93 N.J.A.R.2d (DMA) 54.

Billing agent's error did not provide exception from one-year period. *Pan American Pharmacy, Inc. v. Division of Medical Assistance and Health Services*, 93 N.J.A.R.2d (DMA) 32.

Mismanagement by primary insurer no reason for relaxing time frames. *Newark Beth Israel Medical Center v. Division of Medical Assistance and Health Services*, 93 N.J.A.R.2d (DMA) 27.

Failure to receive determination from primary carrier did not excuse untimely application for Medicaid. *Carrier Foundation v. Division of Medical Assistance and Health Services*, 93 N.J.A.R.2d (DMA) 17.

Medicaid claim untimely; computer-indicated error not corrected for over one year. *Lincoln Park Intermediate Care Center v. Division of Medical Assistance and Health Services*, 92 N.J.A.R.2d (DMA) 63.

Claims for Medicaid reimbursement not timely filed. *Jewish Hospital and Rehabilitation Center v. Division of Medical Assistance and Health Services*, 92 N.J.A.R.2d (DMA) 53.

Corrected copy was sufficient notice of filing of discharge in error. *Courthouse Convalescent Center v. Division of Medical Assistance and Health Services*, 92 N.J.A.R.2d (DMA) 43.

Claim for reimbursement not filed within one year of date of discharge. *Holy Name Hospital v. Division of Medical Assistance and Health Services*, 92 N.J.A.R.2d (DMA) 36.

Hospital's claims for Medicaid reimbursement were untimely. *Holy Name Hospital v. Division of Medical Assistance and Health Services*, 92 N.J.A.R.2d (DMA) 33.

Long term care facility's claim for payment was untimely. *Leisure Chateau Care Center v. Division of Medical Assistance and Health Services*, 92 N.J.A.R.2d (DMA) 31.

Medicaid reimbursement; properly completed claims timely filed after rejection of improperly submitted claims. *Leader Nursing and Rehabilitation Center v. Division of Medical Assistance and Health Services*, 92 N.J.A.R.2d (DMA) 21.

Home care visits could not be added to cost report in absence of timely claim. *Long Branch Public Health Nursing Association, Inc. v. Division of Medical Assistance and Health Services*, 92 N.J.A.R.2d (DMA) 10.

### 10:49-7.3 Third party liability (TPL) benefits

(a) "Third party liability" (TPL) exists when any person, institution, corporation, insurance company, absent parent, Medicare program, public, private, or governmental entity is or may be liable in contract, tort, or otherwise by law or equity to pay all or part of the cost of medical assistance payable by the Medicaid or NJ KidCare program.

1. It is a violation of section 1902(a)(25)(D) of the Federal Social Security Act to refuse to furnish covered services to any Medicaid beneficiary because of a third party's potential liability to pay for services.

(b) Medicaid and NJ KidCare benefits are last-payment benefits. All TPL, for example, health insurance, Medicare, CHAMPUS, prepaid health plans, workers' compensation and auto insurance, shall, if available, be used first and to the fullest extent in meeting the cost of the medical needs of the Medicaid beneficiary, subject to the exceptions listed in (h) below.

(c) The New Jersey Medicaid and NJ KidCare programs will supplement the amount paid by a third party, but the combined total paid to the provider shall not exceed the total amount payable under the program in the absence of any TPL. The following exceptions should be noted:

1. Medicare: The program will make payment in the full amount of the Medicare Part A deductible and co-insurance for inpatient hospital services, and Part B ambulatory care.

2. Contracting practitioners: No program payments shall be made when the third party calls for a contracting or participating practitioner to accept the TPL as payment in full.

(d) Medicaid and NJ KidCare participating providers are prohibited from billing Medicaid or NJ KidCare beneficiaries for any amount, except:

1. For services, goods, or supplies not covered or authorized by the New Jersey Medical Assistance and Health Services Act (N.J.S.A. 30:4D-1 et seq.), as amended and supplemented, if the beneficiary elected to receive the services, goods, or supplies with the knowledge that they were not covered or authorized;

2. For payments made to the beneficiary by a third party on claims submitted to the third party by the provider; or

3. For NJ KidCare-Plan C enrollee's contribution to care responsibility.

(e) When a Medicaid or NJ KidCare-Plan A beneficiary has other health insurance, the program requires that such benefits be used first and to the fullest extent, subject to the exceptions in (h) below. Supplementation may be made by the program, but the combined total paid shall not exceed the amount payable under the program in the absence of other coverage. The program shall not supplement covered services rendered by a participating or contracting practitioner with any private health coverage program where the private plan calls for the practitioner to accept that plan's payment as payment in full. When other health insurance is involved, supplementation claims shall not be filed with the program unless accompanied by a statement of payment, Explanation of Benefits (EOB), or denial from the other carrier. Attachment of such information will expedite Medicaid claim processing.

1. Medicare is a health insurance program which covers certain aged and disabled persons. When rendering Medicare-covered services to any Medicaid or NJ KidCare beneficiary, providers shall inquire about Medicare eligibility especially if the third digit of the Medicaid Eligibility Identification Number is a 1, 2, 5, or 7.

(f) When a Medicaid or NJ KidCare beneficiary has benefits available, such as those described above or from any other liable third party, an approved Medicaid or NJ KidCare provider shall be authorized to sign an insurance claim for the Commissioner, based on the third party assignment of rights, in order to receive direct payment from the insurer. This is done pursuant to N.J.S.A. 30:4D-7.1(c). The following language shall be used by the provider when completing insurance claims: "(signature of authorized provider), Assignee for the Commissioner, New Jersey Department of Human Services."

(g) When recovery of benefits is sought by the Medicaid or NJ KidCare program from a liable third-party, the Commissioner shall authorize the Director or his designee(s) to sign the recovery demand.

(b) The cost-sharing limit shall be calculated annually starting with the date of initial enrollment of any children in the family or the annual reenrollment date. For ease of administration, the annual premium should be calculated by the Statewide eligibility determination agency and used to reduce the family cost from the first day of enrollment.

(c) Once the limits have been met, the Statewide eligibility determination agency shall issue a certification indicating that the Plan C member has met their cost share limit, and the provider shall not collect a personal contribution to care until further notice.

New Rule, R.1998 d.154, effective February 27, 1998 (operative March 1, 1998; to expire August 31, 1998).

See: 30 N.J.R. 1060(a).

Former N.J.A.C. 10:49-9.3, Free choice of beneficiary and provider, recodified to N.J.A.C. 10:49-9.6.

#### 10:49-9.4 Civil rights

Federal regulations require that services provided to any Medicaid beneficiary shall be given without discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, or handicap. Therefore, payments shall be limited to providers of service who are in compliance with the nondiscrimination requirements of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973.

Amended by R.1997 d.354, effective September 2, 1997.

See: 29 N.J.R. 2512(a), 29 N.J.R. 3856(a).

Substituted "beneficiary" for "recipient".

Recodified from N.J.A.C. 10:49-9.1 by R.1998 d.154, effective February 27, 1998 (operative March 1, 1998; to expire August 31, 1998).

See: 30 N.J.R. 1060(a).

Former N.J.A.C. 10:49-9.4, Confidentiality of records, recodified to N.J.A.C. 10:49-9.7.

#### 10:49-9.5 Observance of religious belief

(a) Nothing in the Medicaid program shall be construed to require any beneficiary to undergo any medical screening, examination, diagnosis, or treatment, or to accept any other health care or services provided under the program for any purpose (other than for the purpose of discovering and preventing the spread of infection or contagious disease or for the purpose of protecting environmental health) if such person or his or her parent or guardian objects thereto on religious grounds, except as specified in (b) below.

(b) If a physical examination is necessary to establish eligibility based on disability or blindness, the Medicaid Program may not find an individual eligible for Medicaid unless he or she undergoes the examination.

Amended by R.1997 d.354, effective September 2, 1997.

See: 29 N.J.R. 2512(a), 29 N.J.R. 3856(a).

In (a), substituted "beneficiary" for "recipient".

Recodified from N.J.A.C. 10:49-9.2 by R.1998 d.154, effective February 27, 1998 (operative March 1, 1998; to expire August 31, 1998).

See: 30 N.J.R. 1060(a).

Former N.J.A.C. 10:49-9.5, Provider certification and recordkeeping, recodified to N.J.A.C. 10:49-9.8.

#### 10:49-9.6 Free choice by beneficiary and provider

(a) The concept of freedom of choice shall apply to both provider and beneficiary.

1. A Medicaid fee-for-service beneficiary shall be free to choose providers of service who meet program standards and who elect to participate in the Medicaid program. The Medicaid District Office shall assist any beneficiary in obtaining services if the beneficiary cannot locate a provider. Exception: See N.J.A.C. 10:49-14.2, Special Status programs.

2. A Medicaid provider who accepts a Medicaid beneficiary as a patient under the Medicaid program shall accept the program's policies and reimbursement for all covered services and/or items provided or delivered during that period when, by mutual agreement, the beneficiary is under the provider's care. In the provision of professional services, the provider shall be bound by the code of ethics governing his or her profession.

Amended by R.1997 d.354, effective September 2, 1997.

See: 29 N.J.R. 2512(a), 29 N.J.R. 3856(a).

Amended section name; substituted "beneficiary" for "recipient" throughout; in (a)1, substituted "fee-for-service beneficiary" for "recipient"; and in (a)2, substituted "a Medicaid provider who accepts a Medicaid beneficiary as a patient under the Medicaid program" for "A provider who accepts a recipient for care".

Recodified from N.J.A.C. 10:49-9.3 by R.1998 d.154, effective February 27, 1998 (operative March 1, 1998; to expire August 31, 1998).

See: 30 N.J.R. 1060(a).

Former N.J.A.C. 10:49-9.6, Patient's (beneficiary) certification, recodified to N.J.A.C. 10:49-9.9.

#### 10:49-9.7 Confidentiality of records

(a) All information concerning applicants and beneficiaries acquired under this program shall be confidential and shall not be released without the written consent of the individual or his or her authorized representative. If, because of an emergency situation, time does not permit obtaining consent before release, the program shall notify the individual, his or her family, or authorized representative, immediately after releasing the information.

(b) The restriction on the disclosure of information shall not preclude the release of statistical or summary data or information in which applicants or beneficiaries are not, and cannot be, identified; nor shall it preclude the exchange of information among providers furnishing services, Fiscal Agent of the program, and State or local government agencies, for purposes directly connected with administration of the program. Disclosure without the consent of the applicant or beneficiary shall be limited to purposes directly connected with the administration of the program in accordance with Federal and State law and regulations.

1. Purposes directly connected with the administration of the program shall include but are not limited to:

- i. Establishing eligibility;
- ii. Determining the amount of medical assistance;

iii. Providing services for beneficiaries; and

iv. Conducting or assisting an investigation, prosecution, or civil or criminal proceeding related to the administration of the program.

(c) The type of information about applicants and beneficiaries that shall be safeguarded by the program includes, but is not limited to:

1. Name and address;
2. Medical services provided;
3. Social and economic conditions or circumstances;
4. Program evaluations of personal information;
5. Medical data, including diagnosis and past history of disease or disability;
6. Any information received for verifying income eligibility and amount of medical assistance payments. Income information received from SSA or the Internal Revenue Service shall be safeguarded according to the requirements of the agency that furnished the data; and
7. Any information received in connection with the identification of legally liable third party resources as required under applicable Federal Regulations (42 C.F.R. 433.138).

Amended by R.1997 d.354, effective September 2, 1997.

See: 29 N.J.R. 2512(a), 29 N.J.R. 3856(a).

Substituted "beneficiary" and "beneficiaries" for "recipient" and "recipients" throughout.

Recodified from N.J.A.C. 10:49-9.4 by R.1998 d.154, effective February 27, 1998 (operative March 1, 1998; to expire August 31, 1998).

See: 30 N.J.R. 1060(a).

Former N.J.A.C. 10:49-9.7, Integrity of the Medicaid program; gifts/gratuities prohibited, recodified to N.J.A.C. 10:49-9.10.

#### Case Notes

Disclosure of grand jury materials to government departments for use in civil proceedings requires strong showing of particularized need that outweighs public interest in grand jury secrecy. *State v. Doliner*, 96 N.J. 236, 475 A.2d 552 (1984).

Regulation cited as example of confidential record rule the invocation of which overrides the subpoena power of the Office of Administrative Law. *Hayes v. Gulli*, 175 N.J.Super. 294, 418 A.2d 295 (Ch.Div. 1980).

#### 10:49-9.8 Provider certification and recordkeeping

(a) All program providers, except institutional, pharmaceutical, and transportation providers, shall be required to certify that the services billed on any claim were rendered by or under his or her supervision (as defined and permitted by program regulations); and all providers shall certify that the information furnished on the claim is true, accurate, and complete.

1. All claims for covered services must be personally signed by the provider or by an authorized representative of the provider (for example, hospital, home health agency, independent clinic) unless the provider is approved for electronic media claims (EMC) submission by the Fiscal Agent. The provider must apply to the Fiscal Agent for EMC approval and sign an electronic billing certificate.

i. The following signature types are unacceptable:

- (1) Initials instead of signature;
- (2) Stamped signature; and
- (3) Automated (machine-generated) signature.

(b) Providers shall agree to the following:

1. To keep such records as are necessary to disclose fully the extent of services provided, and, as required by N.J.S.A. 30:4D-12(d), to retain individual patient records for a minimum period of five years from the date the service was rendered;

2. To furnish information for such services as the program may request;

3. That where such records do not document the extent of services billed, payment adjustments shall be necessary;

4. That the services billed on any claim and the amount charged therefore, are in accordance with the regulations of the New Jersey Medicaid and/or NJ Kid-Care programs;

5. That no part of the net amount payable under any claim has been paid, except that all available third party liability has been exhausted, in accordance with program regulations; and

6. That payment of such amount, after exhaustion of third party liability, will be accepted as payment in full without additional charge to the Medicaid or NJ KidCare beneficiary or to others on his behalf.

Amended by R.1997 d.354, effective September 2, 1997.

See: 29 N.J.R. 2512(a), 29 N.J.R. 3856(a).

In (a), deleted "form" following "furnished on the claim"; in (b)1, inserted ", and, as required . . . service was rendered"; and in (b)6, substituted "beneficiary" for "recipient".

Recodified from N.J.A.C. 10:49-9.5 and amended by R.1998 d.154, effective February 27, 1998 (operative March 1, 1998; to expire August 31, 1998).

See: 30 N.J.R. 1060(a).

In (b), inserted references to NJ KidCare in 4 and 6. Former N.J.A.C. 10:49-9.8, Fraud and abuse, recodified to N.J.A.C. 10:49-9.11.

#### 10:49-9.9 Patient's (beneficiary) certification

(a) A beneficiary's certification, authorization to release information and payment request, shall, under ordinary circumstances, be signed after the services identified on the claim are provided and before a claim for payment is submitted by the provider. The beneficiary is: