

17. "Use Group R-3": This Use Group shall include all buildings arranged for the use of detached one-and two-family dwelling units, including, but not limited to, buildings with not more than five lodgers or boarders per family, and excluding buildings designed in accordance with the one-and two-family subcode of the State Uniform Construction Code. This Use Group shall also mean and include:

- i. Bed and breakfast homestays; and
- ii. Attached one-and two-family dwellings constructed in accordance with the Uniform Construction Code requirements for multiple single family dwellings.

18. "Use Group R-4": This Use Group shall include all buildings arranged for use as detached one-and two-family dwelling units, including, without limitation, buildings occupied by not more than five lodgers or boarders per family and buildings used as bed and breakfast homestays, that are designed in accordance with the one-and two-family dwelling subcode of the State Uniform Construction Code.

19. "Use Group S-1": All buildings and structures, or parts thereof, which are used primarily for the storage of moderate hazard contents which are likely to burn with moderate rapidity, but which do not produce either poisonous gases, fumes or explosives; including, among others, warehouses, storehouses and freight depots.

20. "Use Group S-2": All buildings and structures, or parts thereof, which are used primarily for the storage of noncombustible materials, and of low hazard wares that do not ordinarily burn rapidly such as products on wood pallets or in paper cartons without significant amounts of combustible wrappings; including, among others, warehouses, storehouses and freight depots. Such products may have a negligible amount of plastic trim such as knobs, handles or film wrapping.

Amended by R.1985 d.611, effective December 2, 1985.

See: 17 N.J.R. 1015(b), 17 N.J.R. 2870(a).

Added definition "Common areas".

Amended by R.1986 d.214, effective June 16, 1986.

See: 17 N.J.R. 1161(a), 18 N.J.R. 1260(b).

Added new definitions.

Amended by R.1989 d.556, effective November 6, 1989.

See: 21 N.J.R. 2431(a), 21 N.J.R. 3453(a).

Added definitions for "guest house" and "K-12 educational building"; added definitions 1.-18. under "Use" or "Use Group".

Amended by R.1991 d.359, effective July 15, 1991.

See: 23 N.J.R. 1235(a), 23 N.J.R. 2122(b).

Uniform Fire Safety Act definitions incorporated by reference; definition of fire inspector added; definition of fire official amended.

Amended by R.1992 d.104, effective March 2, 1992.

See: 23 N.J.R. 3552(a), 24 N.J.R. 739(a).

School dormitories added to definition of use.

Amended by R.1992 d.385, effective October 5, 1992.

See: 24 N.J.R. 2654(a), 24 N.J.R. 3519(a).

Definitions for hardware store, Use Group F-1 and Use Group F-2 added.

Amended by R.1992 d.405, effective October 19, 1992.

See: 24 N.J.R. 1938(a), 24 N.J.R. 3723(b).

Use Group A-2 amended to including eating/drinking establishments where load exceeds seats by 30%.

Amended by R.1993 d.197, effective May 3, 1993.

See: 25 N.J.R. 393(a), 25 N.J.R. 1868(a).

Added definitions of gross and net floor area and lumber.

Amended by R.1993 d.628, effective December 6, 1993.

See: 25 N.J.R. 4363(a), 25 N.J.R. 5466(a).

Amended by R.1995 d.58, effective March 6, 1995.

See: 26 N.J.R. 4258(a), 27 N.J.R. 878(b).

Amended by R.1995 d.59, effective March 6, 1995.

See: 26 N.J.R. 4249(a), 27 N.J.R. 891(a).

Emergency amendment, R.2000 d.402, effective September 8, 2000 (to expire November 7, 2000).

See: 32 N.J.R. 3647(a)

Added definitions for "Boarding school", "Dormitory", "Fraternity" and "Institution of higher education"; added last sentence to "Local enforcing agency".

Adopted concurrent proposal, R.2000 d.486, effective November 6, 2000.

See: 32 N.J.R. 3647(a), 32 N.J.R. 4310(a).

Readopted provisions of R.2000 d.402 with changes, effective December 4, 2000.

Amended by R.2002 d.372, effective November 18, 2002.

See: 34 N.J.R. 2636(a), 34 N.J.R. 3958(a).

In "Carnival", deleted "uses" following "of the following" in the introductory paragraph, amended the N.J.A.C. reference in 2 and deleted 3.

Administrative correction.

See: 35 N.J.R. 219(d).

Amended by R.2003 d.137, effective April 7, 2003.

See: 34 N.J.R. 4277(a), 35 N.J.R. 1558(c).

In "Use" or "Use Group", rewrote 17, added a new 18, and recodified former 18 and 19 as 19 and 20.

#### Case Notes

Multiple dwelling with seven stories on one side and six stories on the other was "high-rise structure". *Mahmood H. Choudhury-Park Royal Apartments v. Bureau of Fire Safety, State Dept. of Community Affairs*, 92 N.J.A.R.2d (CAF) 46.

#### 5:70-1.6 (Reserved)

Repealed by R.1995 d.58, effective March 6, 1995.

See: 26 N.J.R. 4258(a), 27 N.J.R. 878(b).

Formerly "Operative date".

#### 5:70-1.7 Severability

(a) If any provision of the Code or the application thereof to any person or circumstances is held invalid, the invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of the Code which can be given effect and to this end the provisions of the Code are severable.

## SUBCHAPTER 2. ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT

### 5:70-2.1 Enforcement authority

(a) It shall be the duty and responsibility of the agency having jurisdiction in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:71-2.2 to enforce the provisions of this Code as set forth herein.

1. Where no local enforcing agency has been created the Division shall enforce the provisions of this Code for life hazard uses or whenever conditions which constitute an imminent hazard are found to exist.

(b) The local enforcing agency shall periodically inspect all premises, except owner-occupied Use Group R-3 and R-4 structures used exclusively for dwelling purposes. These inspections shall be made in accordance with the schedule contained in this Code, when required under any cyclical inspection program, and as often as may be necessary for the purpose of ascertaining and causing to be corrected any conditions liable to cause fire, contribute to the spread of fire, interfere with fire operations, or endanger life, or any conditions constituting violations of the provisions or intent of this Code or a locally adopted amendment. Except in the case of cyclical inspection programs or other good cause, inspections shall not include occupied dwelling units.

(c) Whenever necessary to make an inspection to enforce any of the provisions of this Code, or whenever the fire official or his or her authorized representative has reasonable cause to believe that there exists in any or upon any premises any condition which makes such building or premises unsafe, the fire official or his or her authorized representative may enter such premises, at all reasonable times to inspect the same or to perform any duty imposed upon the fire official by this code, provided that if such premises be occupied, he or she shall first present proper credentials and demand entry; and if such premises be unoccupied, he or she shall first make a reasonable effort to locate the owner or other persons having charge or control of the premises and demand entry.

1. No owner or occupant or any other persons having charge, care or control of any premises shall fail or neglect, after proper request is made as herein provided, to promptly permit entry therein by the fire official or his or her authorized representative for the purpose of inspection and examination pursuant to this Code. If the owner or occupant denies entry, the fire official or his or her authorized representative shall obtain a proper warrant or other remedy provided by law to secure entry.

Amended by R.1993 d.628, effective December 6, 1993.

See: 25 N.J.R. 4363(a), 25 N.J.R. 5466(a).

Amended by R.1995 d.58, effective March 6, 1995.

See: 26 N.J.R. 4258(a), 27 N.J.R. 878(b).

Amended by R.2003 d.137, effective April 7, 2003.

See: 34 N.J.R. 4277(a), 35 N.J.R. 1558(c).

In (b), inserted "periodically" preceding "inspect", deleted "detached" following "owner-occupied", and inserted "and R-4" following "R-3".

#### Case Notes

Abatement of violation; failure to install fire suppression system. Lee's Emergency Equipment v. Department of Community Affairs, 94 N.J.A.R.2d (CAF) 39.

#### 5:70-2.2 Responsibility for compliance

(a) The owner shall be responsible for the safe and proper maintenance of the premises at all times.

(b) Owners of premises which are, or which contain, one or more uses subject to this Code, shall have concurrent responsibility with the owners of any such uses for compliance with the Code. No person shall be required to abate any violations which he has no power to abate or to require to be abated. If a violation is served on an owner who cannot comply due to lack of authority, within five days of receipt of the notice of violation, the owner shall either provide notice of the violation to the party with authority or inform the fire official of such party's name and address.

(c) If an occupant of a premises creates conditions in violation of this Code, by virtue of storage, handling and use of substances, materials, devices and appliances, the occupant can be held responsible for the abatement of said hazardous conditions.

(d) A person shall be deemed to have violated or caused to have violated a provision of this Code if an officer, agent or employee under his control and with his knowledge has violated or caused to have violated any of the provisions of this Code.

(e) Subsequent owners or those succeeding to control over the premises shall be responsible for correcting unabated violations and for the payment of outstanding fees and/or penalties whether or not they have requested a certificate of fire code status.

1. Upon request of the owner, contract purchaser, transferee or the authorized agent of any of them, the enforcing agency having jurisdiction over the premises shall issue a certificate either indicating that violations exist or that fees and/or penalties remain outstanding according to its records, or which states that its records indicate that no violations remain unabated and no penalties or fees remain unpaid. Upon request, the agency shall provide copies of the violations list and penalty orders.

2. Fees for the issuance of certificates of fire code status shall be as follows:

i. In any jurisdiction in which the Division of Fire Safety serves as the local enforcing agency, there shall be no charge for the first two certificates requested in any month period by an owner who is current in payment of applicable life hazard or non-life hazard fees. Thereafter, or if an owner has not made such payment, a notation to that effect shall be made on the bill and the requestor shall be charged a fee for the issuance of the certificate in the amount of \$35.00.

ii. The fire official of a local enforcing agency other than the Division of Fire Safety may establish a reasonable fee for the issuance of a certificate of fire code status.

Amended by R.1995 d.58, effective March 6, 1995.

See: 26 N.J.R. 4258(a), 27 N.J.R. 878(b).