

(c) A deer that has been so severely injured by a collision with a motor vehicle that it must be killed shall be considered as accidentally killed for the purposes of this subchapter.

Amended by R.2001 d.73, effective March 5, 2001.
See: 32 N.J.R. 4435(a), 33 N.J.R. 874(a).

7:25-17.7 Information required

(a) Any State or municipal officer disposing of or authorizing the disposal or possession of accidentally killed deer shall notify the Division on a quarterly basis of the following information on forms provided by the Division:

1. The location where the deer was killed;
2. The sex of the deer;
3. The date of the accidental deer kill; and
4. The name and address of the permittee.

Amended by R.2001 d.74, effective March 5, 2001.
See: 32 N.J.R. 4435(a), 33 N.J.R. 874(a).

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SUBCHAPTER 18. MARINE FISHERIES

Subchapter Historical Note

Subchapter 18, Marine Fisheries, was adopted as R.1980 d.394, effective September 17, 1980. See: 12 N.J.R. 312(a), 12 N.J.R. 576(c).

Pursuant to Executive Order No. 66(1978), Subchapter 18 was re-adopted as R.1985 d.386, effective July 8, 1985. See: 17 N.J.R. 1188(a), 17 N.J.R. 1883(b).

Subchapter 18, Marine Fisheries, was repealed and Subchapter 18, Marine Fisheries, was adopted as new rules by Emergency Rule R.1985 d.674, effective December 17, 1985. This emergency new rule expired on February 15, 1986. See: 18 N.J.R. 102(a). The provisions of the concurrent proposal were adopted with changes by R.1986 d.121, effective April 7, 1986. See: 18 N.J.R. 102(a), 18 N.J.R. 657(b). See, also, section annotations.

7:25-18.1 Size, season and possession limits

(a) For the purpose of this subchapter, the following common names shall mean the following scientific name(s) for a species or a group of species, except as otherwise specified elsewhere in this subchapter.

<u>Common Name</u>	<u>Scientific Name</u>
American Eel	Anquilla rostrata
Atlantic Cod	Gadus morhua
Atlantic Croaker	Micropogon undulatus
Atlantic Mackerel	Scomber scombrus
Black Drum	Pogonias cromis
Black Sea Bass	Centropristis striata
Bluefish	Pomatomus saltatrix
Cobia	Rachycentron canadum
Conch	Busycon carica
	Busycotypus canaliculatum
	Busycum contrarium
Goosefish (Monkfish)	Lophius americanus
Haddock	Melanogrammus aeglefinus
Kingfish	Menticirrhus saxatilis
	Menticirrhus americanus

<u>Common Name</u>	<u>Scientific Name</u>
King Mackerel	Scomberomorus cavalla
Pollock	Pollachius virens
Red Drum	Sciaenops ocellatus
River herring	Alosa aestivalis (alewife)
	Alosa pseudoharengus (blueback herring)
Scup (Porgy)	Stenotomus chrysops
Shad	Alosa sapidissima
	Alosa mediocris
Shark	Large Coastal Group
	Sphyrna mokarran (Great Hammerhead)
	Sphyrna lewini (Scalloped Hammerhead)
	Sphyrna zygaena (Smooth Hammerhead)
	Ginglymostoma cirratum (Nurse Shark)
	Carcharhinus altimus (Bignose Shark)
	Carcharhinus limbatus (Blacktip Shark)
	Carcharhinus leucas (Bull Shark)
	Carcharhinus perezi (Caribbean Reef Shark)
	Carcharhinus obscurus (Dusky Shark)
	Carcharhinus galapagensis (Galapagos Shark)
	Negaprion brevirostris (Lemon Shark)
	Carcharhinus brachyurus (Narrowtooth Shark)
	Carcharhinus signatus (Night Shark)
	Carcharhinus plumbeus (Sandbar Shark)
	Carcharhinus falciformis (Silky Shark)
	Carcharhinus brevipinna (Spinner Shark)
	Galeocerdo cuvieri (Tiger Shark)
	Small Coastal Group
	Squatina dumerili (Atlantic Angle Shark)
	Sphyrna tiburo (Bonnethead)
	Rhizoprionodon terraenovae (Atlantic Sharpnose Shark)
	Carcharhinus acronotus (Blacknose Shark)
	Rhizoprionodon porosus (Caribbean Sharpnose Shark)
	Carcharhinus isodon (Finetooth Shark)
	Carcharhinus porosus (Smalltail Shark)
	Pelagic Group
	Hexanchus vitulus (Bigeye Sixgill Shark)
	Heptranchias perlo (Sevengill Shark)
	Hexanchus griseus (Sixgill Shark)
	Isurus paucus (Longfin Mako)
	Lamna nasus (Porbeagle Shark)
	Isurus oxyrinchus (Shortfin Mako)
	Prionace glauca (Blue Shark)
	Carcharhinus longimanus (Oceanic Whitetip Shark)
	Alopias superciliosus (Bigeye Thresher)
	Alopias vulpinus (Thresher Shark)
	Mustelus canis
	Scomberomorus maculatus
	Squalus acanthias
	Paralichthys dentatus
	Tautoga onitis
	Cynoscion regalis
	Cynoscion nebulosus
	Pleuronectes americanus
Smooth Dogfish	
Spanish Mackerel	
Spiny Dogfish	
Summer Flounder (Fluke)	
Tautog (Blackfish)	
Weakfish	
Winter Flounder	

(b) A person shall not purchase, sell, offer for sale, or expose for sale any species listed below less than the minimum length, measured in inches, except as may be provided elsewhere in this subchapter, and subject to the specific provisions of any such section. Any commercially licensed vessel or person shall be presumed to possess the following species for sale purposes and shall comply with the minimum sizes below. Fish length shall be measured from the tip of the snout to the tip of the tail (total length), except as noted below.

Species	Minimum Size (inches)
American Eel	6
Atlantic Cod	21
Atlantic Croaker	No Limit
Atlantic Mackerel	7
Black Drum	16
Black Sea Bass	11
Bluefish	9
Cobia	37
Conch	5
Goosefish (Monkfish)	17
Haddock	21
Kingfish	8
King Mackerel	23
Pollock	19
Red Drum	18
River herring (Alewife, blueback herring)	No Limit
Scup (Porgy)	9
Shad	No Limit
Shark	48
Spanish Mackerel	14
Summer Flounder	14
Tautog (Blackfish)	14
Weakfish	13
Winter Flounder	12

Species	Minimum Size in Inches	Open Season	Possession Limit
American Eel	6	Jan. 1-Dec. 31	50
Atlantic Cod	21	Jan. 1-Dec. 31	No Limit
Atlantic Croaker	No Limit	Jan. 1-Dec. 31	No Limit
Black Drum	16	Jan. 1-Dec. 31	3
Black Sea Bass	11½	Jan. 1-Dec. 31	25
Bluefish	No Limit	Jan. 1-Dec. 31	15
Cobia	37	Jan. 1-Dec. 31	2
Haddock	21	Jan. 1-Dec. 31	No Limit
Kingfish	No Limit	Jan. 1-Dec. 31	No Limit
King Mackerel	23	Jan. 1-Dec. 31	3
Pollock	19	Jan. 1-Dec. 31	No Limit
Red Drum	18	Jan. 1-Dec. 31	1, not greater than 27 inches
River herring (Alewife, blueback herring)	No Limit	Jan. 1-Dec. 31	35
Scup (Porgy)	10	July 1-Oct. 31	50
Shad	No Limit	Jan. 1-Dec. 31	6
Shark	48	Jan. 1-Dec. 31	2 per vessel
Spanish Mackerel	14	Jan. 1-Dec. 31	10
Summer Flounder (Fluke)	16½	May 18-Sep. 24	8
Tautog	14	Oct. 10-May 31	10
Weakfish	14	Jun. 1-Oct. 9	1
Winter Flounder	10½	Jan. 1-Dec. 31	14
	(11 effective Jan. 1, 2001)	Mar. 1-May 31 and Sep. 15-Dec. 31	No Limit

1. Total length for black sea bass shall be measured along the midline from the tip of the snout to the end of the central portion of the tail, not to include tail filaments.

2. In addition to the total minimum goosefish size, all goosefish tails possessed must be at least 11 inches in length from the anterior portion of the fourth cephalic dorsal spine to the end of the caudal fin. The total weight of all goosefish livers landed shall not be more than 30 percent of the total weight of all goosefish tails landed or 12 percent of the total weight of all goosefish landed.

3. A person shall not take in any one day or possess more than the possession limit specified below for each species listed, except as may be provided elsewhere in this subchapter, and subject to the specific provisions of any such section.

1. Total length for black sea bass shall be measured along the midline from the tip of the snout to the end of the central portion of the tail, not to include tail filaments.

2. The possession limit for shark, as listed at (a) above, shall be as enumerated at (c) above on a per vessel basis regardless of the number of individuals on board said vessel. If a person is fishing from shore or a land based structure, the possession limit shall be as enumerated at (c) above on a per person basis.

3. Anglers may take no more than 50 eels per day; however, anglers may keep more than 50 eels in storage for personal use, provided they possess no more than 50 eels per person for bait purposes while fishing.

(d) A person shall not take, possess, land, purchase, sell or offer for sale any of the following species:

Species	Possession Limit
Cobia	2
Red Drum	1, no more than 27 inches

Species	Scientific Name
Atlantic Sturgeon	Acipenser oxyrinchus
Basking Shark	Cetorhinidae maximus
Bigeye Sand Tiger Shark	Odontaspis noronhai
Sand Tiger Shark	Odontaspis taurus
Shortnose Sturgeon	Acipenser brevirostrum
Whale Shark	Rhincodon typus
White Shark	Carcharodon carcharias

(c) A person angling with a hand line or with rod and line or using a bait net or spearfishing shall not have in his or her possession any species listed below less than the minimum length, nor shall such person take in any one day or possess more than the possession limit as provided below, nor shall such person possess any species listed below during the closed season for that species. Exceptions to this section as may be provided elsewhere in this subchapter, and shall be subject to the specific provisions of any such subsection. Fish length shall be measured from the tip of the snout to the tip of the tail (total length), except as noted below.

(e) Except as provided in (f) below, a person shall not remove the head, tail or skin, or otherwise mutilate to the extent that its length or species cannot be determined, any species with a minimum size limit specified at (b) or (c) above or any other species of flatfish, or possess such mutilated fish, except after fishing has ceased and such species have been landed to any ramp, pier, wharf or dock or other shore feature where it may be inspected for compliance with the appropriate size limit.

1. A shark may be eviscerated and the head and tail removed prior to landing, provided that the alternate length as measured from the origin of the first dorsal fin to the precaudal pit (located just forward of the origin of the upper lobe of the caudal or tail fin) is not less than 23 inches in length. The fins may not be removed from a shark or dogfish, except after fishing has ceased and such shark or dogfish has been landed as specified in (e) above.

Species	Minimum Fillet or Part Length
Haddock	14 inches
Kingfish	No Limit
King Mackerel	16 inches
Pollock	13 inches
Red Drum	13 inches
Scup	4 inches
Spanish Mackerel	10 inches
Tautog	7 inches
Weakfish	9 inches

(f) Special provisions applicable to a Special Fillet Permit are as follows:

1. A party boat owner may apply to the Commissioner for a permit for a specific vessel, known as a Special Fillet Permit to fillet species specified at (c) above at sea;

2. For purposes of this section, party boats are defined as vessels that can accommodate 15 or more passengers as indicated on the Certificate of Inspection issued by the United States Coast Guard for daily hire for the purpose of recreational fishing;

3. The Special Fillet Permit shall be subject to the following conditions:

i. Once fishing commences, no parts or carcasses of any species specified in (c) above and no flatfish parts or carcasses shall be discarded overboard; of the species specified at (c) above, only whole live fish may be returned to the water;

ii. No carcasses of any flatfish or species listed at (c) above shall be mutilated to the extent that its length or species cannot be determined;

iii. All fish carcasses of species specified at (c) above shall be retained until such time as the vessel has docked and been secured at the end of the fishing trip adequate to provide a law enforcement officer access to inspect the vessel and catch;

iv. No fillet of any flounder or other flatfish shall be less than eight inches in length during the period of May 1 through October 31 or less than five inches in length during the period of November 1 through April 30;

v. No fillet of any species listed below shall have the skin removed and no fillet shall be less than the minimum length in inches specified below.

Species	Minimum Fillet or Part Length
Atlantic Cod	14 inches
Atlantic Croaker	No Limit
Black Drum	9 inches
Black Sea Bass	5 inches
Bluefish	No Limit
Cobia	26 inches

vi. Fish carcasses from the previous trip shall be disposed of prior to commencing fishing on a subsequent trip;

vii. Violation of any of the provisions of the Special Fillet Permit shall subject the captain and permit holder to the penalties established pursuant to N.J.S.A. 23:2B-14 and shall result in a suspension or revocation, applicable to both the vessel and the owner, of the Special Fillet Permit according to the following schedule:

(1) First offense: 30 days suspension;

(2) Second offense: 90 days suspension; and

(3) Third offense: Revocation of permit, rendering the vessel and the owner not eligible for permit renewal regardless of vessel ownership.

viii. Upon receipt of the notice of suspension but prior to the suspension or revocation of the Special Fillet Permit, the permittee has 20 days to request a hearing from the Department. The hearing shall be conducted pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act, N.J.S.A. 52:14B-1 et seq. and 52:14F-1 et seq., and the Uniform Administrative Procedure Rules, N.J.A.C. 1.1. If a request for a hearing is not received by the Department within 20 days of the permittee's receipt of the notice of suspension, the permit suspension or revocation will be effective on the date indicated in such notice.

(g) Any person violating the provisions of (b), (c), (d), (e) or (f) above shall be liable to a penalty of \$20.00 for each fish taken or possessed. Each fish taken or possessed shall constitute an additional separate and distinct offense.

(h) A person shall not take, attempt to take or have in his or her possession any striped bass or striped bass hybrids, as defined in (i) below, while on or angling in the Delaware River or its tributaries from the upstream side of the U.S. Route 1 Bridge to and including the Salem River and its tributaries from April 1 through May 31 of each year, or from any waters of the State, except the Atlantic Ocean, from January 1 through February 28 of each year as set forth in N.J.S.A. 23:5-45.2.

1. Hook and line fishermen are hereby restricted to the use of non-offset circle hooks while fishing with any natural bait within the Delaware River or its tributaries from April 1 through May 31 of each year. This restriction shall apply only to hooks of size two and larger and shall not apply to hooks of smaller sizes (such as those normally used for white perch fishing).

(i) Except for the products of commercial aquaculture, no person shall take from the marine waters in this State or have in his or her possession while on or angling in the marine waters of this State any striped bass hybrids, being hybrids of the *Morone* genus, less than the striped bass minimum size limits established pursuant to N.J.S.A. 23:5-45.1.

1. For the purposes of this section, commercial aquaculture shall mean the culture or husbandry of striped bass hybrids in non-wild systems for the purpose of egg and larval production and/or increasing size.

2. For the purposes of this section, parents of striped bass hybrids shall include *Morone saxatilis* (striped bass), *M. chrysops* (white bass), *M. americana* (white perch), and *M. mississippiensis* (yellow bass).

(j) Except for striped bass hybrids that are the products of commercial aquaculture, a person shall not possess more than the possession limit or less than the minimum size limits established pursuant to N.J.S.A. 23:5-45.1, whether striped bass or striped bass hybrid, while on or angling in the marine waters of this State.

(k) A person shall not remove the head, tail or skin from any striped bass hybrid except immediately prior to preparation or serving as food.

(l) All hybrid striped bass which are the products of commercial aquaculture shall be accompanied by accurate and dated documentation of quantity, original description and destination.

(m) Wanton waste of fish is prohibited.

1. Fish of any species, taken by any means, which are purposely killed shall become part of the fisherman's daily possession limit and shall be removed from the waters from which they were taken and from adjacent lands. This subsection shall not apply to those fish which are released while still alive and subsequently die or to those fish taken inadvertently by net (bycatch) and subsequently die.

(n) Any person violating the provisions of (h) through (l) above shall be liable for a penalty of \$100.00 for each fish taken or possessed. Each fish taken or possessed shall constitute a separate and distinct offense.

(o) The following provision is applicable to the recreational harvest of bluefish.

1. Any party/charter vessel carrying recreational fishermen for hire to fish for bluefish shall have a valid Federal party/charter vessel permit.

(p) The Commissioner, with the approval of the New Jersey Marine Fisheries Council, may modify the fishing seasons, minimum size limits and possession limits specified in this section by notice in order to maintain and/or to come into compliance with any fishery management plan approved by the Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission pursuant to 16 U.S.C. § 5104(b). The Department shall publish notice of any such modification in the New Jersey Fish and Wildlife Digest and the New Jersey Register, and shall submit a news release to individuals on the Division outdoor writers' mailing list.

(q) All persons aboard any fishing vessel subject to this rule shall immediately comply with instructions and signals issued by a conservation officer, a marine police officer or other law enforcement officer to facilitate safe boarding and inspection of the vessel, its gear, equipment, and catch for the purpose of enforcement of this rule.

(r) Pursuant to N.J.S.A. 23:10-21 and 21.1, any gear used in the violating of the provisions of this subchapter may be seized and forfeited to the Division.

Amended by R.1990 d.607, effective December 3, 1990.
See: 22 N.J.R. 3078(a), 22 N.J.R. 3628(b).

Added new (e) through (h), redesignated existing (e) as (i).
Amended by R.1991 d.132, effective March 18, 1991.
See: 23 N.J.R. 37(a), 23 N.J.R. 848(b).

Size limit for marine fish changed in (a). Added (f), (g), (h), (i) and (j).

Amended by R.1991 d.348, effective July 1, 1991.
See: 23 N.J.R. 43(a), 23 N.J.R. 2011(a).

Deleted "winter flounder measuring less than six inches in length, or measuring less than 13 inches in length" with stylistic changes in (a). Added "winter flounder under 10 inches in length, or red drum under 14 inches in length" with stylistic changes in (b). Added (d). Redesignated (d) as (e); added reference to "(d)". Redesignated (e)-(n) as (f)-(o).

Amended by R.1992 d.143, effective March 16, 1992.
See: 24 N.J.R. 4(c), 24 N.J.R. 1113(a).

Added requirements for weakfish management.
Petition for Rulemaking: Request for reduction of size limit; denied.
See: 24 N.J.R. 2957(a).

Public Notice: Announcement of fish checking stations for the Striped Bass Trophy Program.
See: 24 N.J.R. 3767(c).

Amended by R.1992 d.476, effective December 7, 1992.
See: 24 N.J.R. 1456(a), 24 N.J.R. 4368(b).

New (e) and (f) added prohibiting the filleting of any flatfish at sea in order to prevent circumvention of size limits on fluke and winter flounder; recodification of existing (e)-(o) as (g)-(q).
Amended by R.1993 d.56, effective January 19, 1993.
See: 24 N.J.R. 4249(a), 25 N.J.R. 303(a).

(c) repealed and replaced in accordance with the Summer Flounder Fishery Management Plan developed by the Mid-Atlantic Fishery Management Council and Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission.
Amended by R.1993 d.77, effective February 16, 1993.
See: 24 N.J.R. 205(a), 25 N.J.R. 689(a).

Added Atlantic Sturgeon under 60 inches in height.
Administrative Correction.
See: 25 N.J.R. 4495(a).

Amended by R.1994 d.44, effective January 18, 1994.
See: 25 N.J.R. 2167(a), 26 N.J.R. 353(a).

Emergency Amendment, R.1994 d.230, effective April 13, 1994 (to expire June 12, 1994).
See: 26 N.J.R. 1885(a).

Amended by R.1994 d.248, effective May 16, 1994.
See: 26 N.J.R. 291(a), 26 N.J.R. 2021(b).

Adopted Concurrent Proposal, R.1994 d.339, effective June 10, 1994.

See: 26 N.J.R. 1885(a), 26 N.J.R. 2792(a).

Provisions of emergency amendment R.1994 d.230 readopted, with a change effective July 5, 1994.

Amended by R.1994 d.615, effective December 19, 1994.

See: 26 N.J.R. 1931(a), 26 N.J.R. 5011(a).

Amended by R.1995 d.82, effective February 6, 1995.

See: 26 N.J.R. 4277(b), 27 N.J.R. 487(a).

Administrative Change.

See: 27 N.J.R. 1793(a).

Amended by R.1996 d.587, effective December 16, 1996 (operative January 1, 1997).

See: 28 N.J.R. 3998(a), 28 N.J.R. 5231(a).

Changed section name from "Size and possession limits"; added species and changed size and possession limits throughout; in (a) and (b), inserted provisions relating to presumed possession; and in (c), inserted reference to bait nets.

Administrative change.

See: 29 N.J.R. 2278(a).

In (b), increased minimum size of Summer Flounder and Tautog; and in (c), increased possession limit of Summer Flounder.

Amended by R.1997 d.246, effective June 2, 1997.

See: 29 N.J.R. 285(a), 29 N.J.R. 2555(a).

In (a) and (b), added "(total length), except as noted below"; in (a), in table, changed minimum size for "Black sea bass" from 8 to 9 inches and added "Tautog (blackfish)"; inserted new (a)1, and recodified former (a)1 and (a)2 as (a)2 and (a)3; in (b), added "Black sea bass" to table; added (b)1; in (c), added "Black sea bass" to table; in (e), inserted "or possess such mutilated fish,"; and in (f)3v, added "Black sea bass" and "Scup" to table.

Amended by R.1998 d.40, effective January 5, 1998.

See: 29 N.J.R. 4595(a), 30 N.J.R. 226(a).

Added Bluefish to size limits; in (b) changed minimum size for Atlantic Cod and Haddock from 19 inches to 21 inches; in (f)3v, changed minimum length of Atlantic Cod and Haddock from 13 inches to 14 inches.

Administrative change.

See: 30 N.J.R. 1319(b).

Administrative change.

See: 30 N.J.R. 1402(b).

Amended by R.1999 d.52, effective February 16, 1999.

See: 30 N.J.R. 3881(a), 31 N.J.R. 538(a).

Rewrote (a) through (f).

Administrative change.

See: 31 N.J.R. 1084(a).

Amended by R.2000 d.10, effective January 3, 2000.

See: 31 N.J.R. 2555(a), 32 N.J.R. 48(a).

In (c), changed minimum size for Winter Flounder; in (h), substituted "upstream side of the U.S. Route 1 Bridge" for "Trenton Falls" following "from the".

Administrative change.

See: 32 N.J.R. 1387(a).

Amended by R.2000 d.395, effective October 2, 2000.

See: 31 N.J.R. 2555(a), 32 N.J.R. 3592(b).

In (c), increased minimum size for Winter Flounder; in (h), substituted "upstream side of the U.S. Route 1 Bridge" for "Trenton Falls"; inserted a new (n); and recodified former (n) through (p) as (o) through (q).

Amended by R.2001 d.73, effective March 5, 2001.

See: 32 N.J.R. 4435(a), 33 N.J.R. 874(a).

Administrative change.

See: 33 N.J.R. 1589(a).

Amended by R.2001 d.346, effective September 17, 2001.

See: 33 N.J.R. 453(a), 33 N.J.R. 3352(a).

Rewrote the section.

Administrative change.

See: 34 N.J.R. 921(a).

Administrative change.

See: 34 N.J.R. 1023(b).

Administrative change.

See: 34 N.J.R. 1669(a).

Amended by R.2002 d.277, effective August 19, 2002.

See: 34 N.J.R. 1375(a), 34 N.J.R. 2995(a).

In (a) to (c), added "River herring"; in (g), deleted "(a)", "or" preceding (e), inserted "or (f)" after (e); rewrote (h).

Administrative change.

See: 35 N.J.R. 708(a).

Administrative correction.

See: 35 N.J.R. 1561(a).

7:25-18.2 Pound nets

(a) The following words and terms shall have the following meanings unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.

"Department" means the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection.

"Heart" means an upright fence of netting forming a heart-shaped (round or square) compartment located between the leader and the pocket. It is designed to cause fish to circle in front of and eventually enter the pocket of a pound net.

"Leader" means an upright fence of netting that acts as a barrier to fish and guides them toward a trap; the netting is made of heavy twine, not designed to catch fish by the gills.

"Navigable channel" means a channel marked with navigational markers including poles, piling or buoys, by the Coast Guard or the State.

"Pocket" means an upright fence of netting forming the final compartment of a pound net in which trapped fish accumulate.

"Pound net" means a large fish trap, consisting of a leader, pocket and one or more hearts, held in place with poles, the netting of which reaches from the bottom to above the surface of the water.

"Staked or anchored gill net" means an upright fence of monofilament or nylon netting, held in place at each end by stakes or anchors, that catches fish by snagging their gill covers as they try to pass through the mesh of the net.

"Submarine pound net" means a pound net that is totally submerged beneath the water and held in place by anchors.

(b) General requirements for all pound net users are as follows:

1. No person may install, operate or maintain a pound net in the marine waters of the State without having first obtained a license from the Department.
2. The Department may establish limits on the number of licenses to be issued for pound nets in Raritan Bay and Sandy Hook Bay and in the Atlantic Ocean within three nautical miles of the coastline.
3. Licenses must be renewed annually.
4. Holders of pound net licenses from the previous year shall have first priority in obtaining a new license, provided they apply before March 1 of the current year.

5. Any person operating any fish pound net in the marine waters of New Jersey, must, at the time of emptying the net, return to the waters wherein the net is located all species less than the minimum size limits specified pursuant to N.J.A.C. 7:25-18.1.

6. No person may, by boat, anchor, dredge or otherwise, willfully and without reasonable cause, interfere with, break, damage or destroy any fish net or associated equipment being lawfully used by a license holder.

7. The Department may require any licensee to submit a money surety bond to insure removal of pound net poles and apparatus as required by these rules.

8. Violation of the rules in this section will subject the violator to money penalties, loss of license and/or injunctive relief under N.J.S.A. 23:2B-14.

(c) Specific requirements for pound net users in Raritan, Sandy Hook and Delaware Bays are as follows:

1. Any person applying for a pound net license must indicate the specific proposed site for the net, as designated by a chart developed by the Department. Sites which have not previously been located on the approved chart must be approved by the Department prior to issuance of a license.

2. New pound net sites must be at least 3,000 feet from a previously located pound net site, when measured parallel to the shoreline, and must be at least 1,000 feet from any navigable channel.

3. Any pound net license holder has priority in retaining a pound net site previously licensed by him or her, provided that he or she has actively and lawfully fished that site during the previous year and has submitted a license application prior to March 1 of the current year. After March 1, any citizen may apply for any available site on a first-come basis.

4. No staked or anchored shad net may be placed within 3,000 feet of an operating pound net. However, shad nets may be set on licensed pound net sites by the license holder or on unoccupied, approved pound net sites, provided the shad nets are set end-to-end with and in line with any existing pound nets.

5. Pound nets must be placed end-to-end so as to form a straight line, perpendicular to the shoreline.

6. The maximum allowable length of a pound net, including leader and hearts, is 750 feet.

7. A minimum distance of 50 feet must be maintained between any two pound nets, shad nets or combination thereof, when measured perpendicular to the shoreline.

8. A pound net license holder must maintain a nameplate, on the offshore pole of the net not less than six inches square, on which shall be legibly marked the identification number of the pound, as assigned by the Department.

9. A flashing, amber light must be displayed between sunset and sunrise on each of the two end poles of a pound net or a continuous row of pound nets. These lights must be placed at least 10 feet above the mean high water level and must be of sufficient brightness to be visible for at least three miles in all directions (360 degrees) at such times and under such weather conditions as would allow visibility of 10 miles.

10. Within 30 days of the termination of fishing activities for that year, all poles and stakes must be removed by the pound net license holder.

11. The pound net license holder will be responsible for the cost of pole and/or stake removal where the Department accepts responsibility for such removal, due to the licensee's failure to comply with 10 above.

(d) Specific requirements for pound net users in the Atlantic Ocean are as follows:

1. When submitting a request for an ocean or submarine pound net license, the applicant must specify the specific proposed site-location for placement of each net. Upon site approval, the Department may issue the license. (Note: Permission for location of ocean pound nets is also required from the United States Army Corps of Engineers.)

2. No portion of a pound net may be set within 1,500 feet or greater than 7,000 feet from the mean low water line on the ocean shoreline.

3. No row of pound nets may be erected or operated within one and one-half miles of any other row of pound nets, when measured parallel with the coastline.

4. No more than two pound nets may be joined together.

5. A minimum distance of 1,000 feet, when measured perpendicular to the coastline, must be maintained between individual or paired pound nets set in a row.

6. A row of ocean or submarine pound nets must form a straight line with the nets placed end-to-end.

7. The maximum allowable length of an ocean or submarine pound net, including leader and pocket, is 1,100 feet.

8. The minimum mesh size for ocean or submarine pound nets is two inches, stretched.

9. Ocean pound nets shall be maintained in compliance with the following additional requirements:

i. White reflectors must be placed around the top of each pole so as to reflect in all directions;

7:25-18.12 Commercial fishing seasons and quotas

(a) The following provisions are applicable to the commercial harvest of weakfish:

1. A vessel shall not possess or land in any one day more than 150 pounds of weakfish harvested by the gear specified below except during the respective open season specified below or as modified by the Commissioner pursuant to (f) below.

Gear	Open Season
Otter Trawl	January 1 through July 31 and October 13 through December 31
Pound Net	January 1 through June 6 and July 1 through December 31
Gill Net	January 1 through May 20, September 3 through October 19 and October 27 through December 31

2. A person shall not possess or land by any gear any weakfish less than 13 inches in length except as provided elsewhere in this subchapter.

3. A vessel shall not possess or land by any gear other than that specified in (a)1 above more than 150 pounds of weakfish in any one day.

4. A dealer shall not accept more than 150 pounds of weakfish landed in New Jersey taken by the respective gear specified in (a)1 above except during the respective open season specified above or as modified by the Commissioner pursuant to (f) below.

5. A dealer shall not accept more than 150 pounds of weakfish a day landed in New Jersey taken by gear other than that specified in (a)1 above at any time.

(b) The following provisions are applicable to the commercial harvest of bluefish:

1. A vessel shall not land for the purpose of sale nor sell any bluefish unless such vessel is in possession of a valid Federal commercial permit for bluefish.

2. New Jersey's annual allocation of bluefish as determined by the National Marine Fisheries Service shall be allocated according to gear type as follows:

- i. Gill Net: 60.9 percent;
- ii. Pound Net: 14.9 percent;
- iii. Otter Trawl: 14.7 percent;
- iv. Purse Seine: 7.5 percent; and
- v. Hook and Line: 1.8 percent.

3. A vessel shall not land nor sell any bluefish taken by the gear type specified in (b)2 above except during the respective open season specified below or as modified by the Commissioner pursuant to (g) below.

Gear	Open Season
Gill Net	Jan. 1 through Nov. 6
Pound Net	Jan. 1 through Dec. 31
Otter Trawl	Jan. 1 through Dec. 7
Hook and Line	Jun. 16 through Aug. 7
Purse Seine	Jan. 1 through Dec. 31

4. A dealer shall not accept any bluefish landed in New Jersey taken by the respective gear specified in (b)2 above except during the respective open season specified in (b)3 above or as modified by the Commissioner pursuant to (g) below.

5. As specified in (b)2 above, the annual bluefish quota for the purse seine fishery shall be 7.5 percent of New Jersey's annual commercial bluefish quota as allocated by the National Marine Fisheries Service. No purse seine vessel shall land and no dealer shall accept any bluefish landed in New Jersey that have been harvested by purse seine in excess of the annual purse seine quota or after the purse seine season has been closed. If the annual purse seine quota is exceeded in any one calendar year, the overharvest shall be deducted from the purse seine quota in the next subsequent calendar year(s).

6. No fish dealer shall accept any bluefish from any vessel or harvester unless such dealer is in possession of a valid Federal dealer permit.

7. No dealer shall accept any bluefish from any vessel unless said vessel is in possession of a valid Federal commercial permit for bluefish.

8. Any individual or vessel landing bluefish in New Jersey for the purpose of sale shall sell all bluefish to a Federally permitted bluefish dealer.

9. All permitted bluefish dealers shall provide weekly landing reports to the Division on a form supplied by the Commissioner.

10. A party or charter vessel possessing a Federal permit to commercially harvest bluefish by angling or hook and line or spearfishing and when operating under the permit shall be subject to the following:

- i. Crew size shall be limited to no more than five persons, including the captain; and
- ii. The vessel shall not carry any passengers for hire. When carrying passengers for hire, the bluefish permit is not valid and the possession limits and seasonal restrictions as specified in N.J.A.C. 7:25-18.1 apply.

11. The Commissioner, or his or her designee, may close the season for the respective gear in (b)3 above upon four days public notice of the projected date the quota for the respective gear shall be landed. Such notice shall be sent by first class mail to all commercial docks and commercial fishing organizations on the mailing list of the Division.

(c) The following provisions are applicable to the commercial harvest of tautog:

1. The possession of more than 100 pounds of tautog on board a vessel or landed from a vessel shall constitute a directed fishery for tautog.

2. A vessel shall not land more than 100 pounds of tautog in New Jersey on any one trip, after January 1, 1997 unless said vessel is in possession of its valid New Jersey Tautog Permit to participate in a directed fishery for tautog. The permit shall be issued in the name of the vessel and the owner, and for the specific gear type(s) used to qualify for the permit.

i. Applicants for a New Jersey Tautog Permit shall complete an application provided by the Department and submit their application no later than December 31, 2002 including information on name, address, vessel name, vessel documentation or registration number, gear and landings criteria as specified at (c)2ii below;

ii. To be eligible for a New Jersey Tautog permit, the vessel's owner shall meet the following criteria:

(1) The vessel shall have landed at least 1,000 pounds of tautog in New Jersey and subsequently sold at least 1,000 pounds of tautog in each of two years during the period 1982 through 1993;

(2) Documented proof of landings shall accompany the application and shall consist of one or more of the following:

(A) Weigh-out slips totaling the weight harvested;

(B) A notarized statement, from the applicant and the purchaser(s), attesting to the weight harvested (a copy of the business records supporting the statement(s) must accompany the application); or

(C) Other documentation similar to that in (c)2ii(2)(A) or (B) above may be accepted at the discretion of the Commissioner after his or her review.

3. The possession of 100 pounds or less of tautog on board a vessel or landed from a vessel for the purpose of sale shall constitute a non-directed fishery for tautog.

4. A harvester or vessel shall not land tautog for the purpose of sale or sell any tautog after March 1, 1998 unless such harvester or vessel is in the possession of a valid New Jersey Tautog Permit or a valid New Jersey Non-Directed Fishery Tautog Permit.

5. A New Jersey Non-Directed Fishery Tautog Permit shall be issued in the name of the vessel and the owner, and for the specific gear type(s) used to qualify for the permit.

i. Applicants for a New Jersey Non-Directed Fishery Tautog Permit shall complete an application provided by the Department and submit their application no later than December 31, 2002 including information on name, address, vessel name, vessel documentation or registration number, gear and landings criteria as specified at (c)5ii below;

ii. To be eligible for a New Jersey Non Directed Fishery Tautog Permit, the vessel's owner shall meet the following criteria:

(1) The vessel or owner shall have landed at least 100 pounds of tautog in New Jersey and subsequently sold at least 100 pounds of tautog in each of two years during the period 1982 through 1997.

(2) Documented proof of landings shall accompany the application and shall consist of one or more of the following:

(A) Weigh-out slips totaling the weight harvested;

(B) A notarized statement, from the applicant and the purchaser(s), attesting to the weight harvested (a copy of the business records supporting the statement(s) must accompany the application); or

(C) Other documentation similar to that in (c)5ii(1)(A) or (B) above may be accepted at the discretion of the Commissioner after his or her review.

6. The New Jersey Tautog Permit or the New Jersey Non-Directed Fishery Tautog Permit shall be on board the vessel to which it is issued at all times. The applicable permit is valid upon issuance and in subsequent years unless revoked as part of a penalty action. The applicable permit is issued to a specific vessel in the name of the owner. The vessel, when engaged in a tautog fishery, may only have on board the gear type(s) listed on that vessel's permit.

7. The owner of a vessel permitted pursuant to this subsection may transfer his or her tautog permit, upon application to the Department, as follows:

i. To his or her replacement vessel, provided the replacement vessel has no greater than 10 percent increase in length overall and 20 percent increase in shaft horsepower. The vessel being replaced shall no longer be eligible for a tautog permit; or

ii. Along with the sale of his or her vessel to a new owner. The owner selling the vessel shall no longer be eligible for a tautog permit based on the harvesting history of the vessel being sold.

8. Transfer of a permit to a new vessel shall be limited to the same gear type(s) of the originally permitted vessel.

9. No permit shall be transferred without the prior approval of the Department.

10. A vessel possessing a permit to commercially harvest tautog by angling or hook and line or spearfishing and when operating under the permit shall be subject to the following:

i. Crew size shall be limited to no more than five persons, including the captain; and

ii. The vessel shall not carry any passengers for hire. When carrying passengers for hire, the tautog permit is not valid and the possession limits and seasonal restrictions as specified in N.J.A.C. 7:25-18.1 apply.

11. The annual tautog harvest quota for New Jersey shall be 103,000 pounds or as modified by the Commissioner pursuant to (i) below. All landings of tautog in New Jersey shall be applied to the New Jersey annual tautog quota.

i. The commercial season for tautog shall be from April 1 through June 15 and from October 13 through December 31.

ii. The Commissioner, or his or her designee, shall close the season for the commercial tautog fishery upon four days public notice of the projected date the annual quota shall be caught. Public notice shall include letters by first class mail to all New Jersey Tautog Permit and New Jersey Non-Directed Fishery Tautog Permit holders.

iii. Once the season has been closed for the commercial tautog fishery, no vessel shall land any tautog in New Jersey and no dealer shall accept any tautog landed in New Jersey.

iv. If the Commissioner, or his or her designee, closes the season prematurely because of unanticipated environmental events resulting in the quota not being landed by the projected date and at least one month remains in the current season, then the Commissioner, or his or her designee, may reopen the season for a specified period of time upon four days public notice. Public notice shall be made as specified in (c)11ii above.

v. If the quota for any year is exceeded, the amount over harvested will be deducted from the following year's annual quota.

vi. Beginning in 1997, the Department shall notify the holders of New Jersey Tautog Permits and New Jersey Non-Directed Fishery Tautog Permits of the season allocations no later than January 31 of the year to which the allocation applies. Notification shall be by first class mail to permit holders.

vii. All New Jersey Tautog Permit and New Jersey Non-Directed Fishery Tautog Permit holders shall be required to complete monthly reports supplied by the

Department. The monthly report shall be signed by the permittee attesting to the validity of the information and be submitted so it is received by the Department no later than five working days following the end of the reported month at the following address:

Tautog Program
Nacote Creek Research Station
PO Box 418
Port Republic, NJ 08241-0418

(1) The monthly report shall include, but not be limited to, the following information: name, permit number, total amount (in pounds) of tautog taken, dates caught, time at sea, duration of fishing time, area fished, crew size, landing port, date sold, buyer. This information shall be provided for any trip in which tautog are landed.

(2) If no trips for tautog were taken and no tautog were landed during the month, a report to that effect shall be required.

12. Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be subject to the penalties prescribed in N.J.S.A. 23:2B-14 in addition to the following:

i. Failure to submit the required documentation to the application shall result in the denial of the permit.

ii. Falsification or misrepresentation of any information on the application including documentation provided to verify the amount of tautog landed as specified in (c)2ii(2) and (c)5ii(1) above shall result in the denial or revocation of the permit in addition to any civil or criminal penalties prescribed by law.

iii. Failure to comply with the provisions of (c)11iii above, landing tautog after the season has been closed, or (c)11vii above, failure to submit accurate and timely monthly reports, shall result in the suspension or revocation of the vessel's tautog permit according to the following schedule:

(1) First Offense: 60 days suspension

(2) Second Offense: 120 days suspension

(3) Third Offense: permanent revocation

iv. Prior to revocation of the permit, the permittee shall have the opportunity to request a hearing pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act, N.J.S.A. 52:14B-1 et seq. and 52:14F-1 et seq., and the Uniform Administrative Procedure Rules, N.J.A.C. 1:1.

(d) The following provisions are applicable to the commercial harvest of sharks:

1. A person shall not possess more than two sharks per vessel nor shall a person sell or attempt to sell more than two sharks without a valid annual vessel permit for sharks issued by the National Marine Fisheries Service.

i. Any harvester or vessel landing shark in New Jersey for the purpose of sale shall sell all shark only to a dealer with a valid permit for sharks issued by the National Marine Fisheries Service.

2. A dealer shall not purchase or receive a shark without a valid annual dealer permit for sharks issued by the National Marine Fisheries Service.

3. A person shall not sell and a dealer shall not receive any large coastal shark, any small coastal shark, or any pelagic shark, as identified in N.J.A.C. 7:25-18.1(a), after the effective date that the quota for that group of sharks has been reached or is projected to be reached by the National Marine Fisheries Service, for the remainder of that semi-annual period.

(e) The following provisions are applicable to the commercial harvest of shad:

1. An individual shall not take or attempt to take, possess or land any shad in the State, without a valid Shad Commercial Net Permit or a Shad Incidental Harvest Permit issued by the Department, except as provided in (e)1i below. No person shall harvest or possess more than 300 pounds of shad per day without a Shad Commercial Net Permit.

i. An individual may possess the recreational possession limit for shad as established in N.J.A.C. 7:25-18.1(c) provided that the shad are taken by hook and line only and are not sold, offered for sale, or exposed for sale.

2. To qualify for a Shad Commercial Net Permit, an applicant shall meet the following criteria:

i. The applicant shall complete an application provided by the Department including information regarding the name and address of the vessel owner, vessel name, vessel documentation or registration number and documented proof of landings as listed in (e)2i and ii below. Completed applications should be submitted to:

New Jersey Shad Permit
Nacote Creek Research Station
PO Box 418
Port Republic, NJ 08241-0418;

ii. The applicant shall have landed at least 3,000 pounds of shad in each of three years from 1994-1998 inclusive;

iii. Documented proof of landings shall be one of the following:

(1) Weigh-out slips issued to the applicant by a wholesaler(s) who acquired fish from the applicant;

(2) Notarized statement(s) of the wholesaler(s) that the wholesaler's records establish that the applicant sold at least 3,000 pounds of shad in each of three calendar years during the period from 1994 through 1998 inclusive. A copy of the business records supporting the statement(s) shall accompany the application and the original business records shall be made available for inspection by the Department; or

(3) Other documentation similar to that in (e)2iii(1) and (2) above may be accepted at the discretion of the Commissioner after his or her review; and

iv. The applicant shall sign an affidavit on the application certifying as to the validity of the information provided.

3. Failure to attach the required documentation under (e)2iii above to the application shall result in the denial of the permit.

4. Falsification or misrepresentation of any information on the Shad Commercial Net Permit application including documentation provided to verify the amount of shad harvested shall result in the denial or revocation of the permit in addition to any civil or criminal penalties prescribed by law.

5. A Shad Incidental Harvest Permit shall be issued to qualifying applicants which will allow the harvest or possession of not more than 300 pounds of shad per day from New Jersey's waters. To qualify for a Shad Incidental Harvest Permit, an application shall comply with the following provisions:

i. The applicant shall complete an application provided by the Department including information regarding the name and address of the vessel owner, vessel name, vessel documentation or registration number and documented proof of landings as listed in (e)5i and ii below. Completed applications should be submitted to:

New Jersey Shad Permit
Nacote Creek Research Station
PO Box 418
Port Republic, NJ 08241-0418;

ii. The applicant shall submit documented proof establishing that the applicant landed at least 150 pounds of shad in each of three calendar years during the period from 1994 through 1998 inclusive;

iii. Documented proof shall be one of the following:

(1) Weigh-out slips issued to the applicant by a wholesaler(s) who acquired fish from the applicant;

(2) Notarized statement(s) of the wholesaler(s) that the wholesaler's records establish that the applicant sold at least 150 pounds of shad during each of three calendar years during the period from 1994 through 1998 inclusive. A copy of the business records supporting the statement(s) shall accompany the application; or

(3) Other documentation similar to that in (e)5iii(1) and (2) above may be accepted at the discretion of the Commissioner after his or her review; and

iv. The applicant shall sign an affidavit on the application certifying as to the validity of the information provided.

6. Failure to attach the required documentation under (e)5iii to the application shall result in the denial of the permit.

7. Falsification or misrepresentation of any information on the Shad Incidental Harvest Permit application including documentation provided to verify the amount of shad harvested shall result in the denial or revocation of the permit in addition to any civil or criminal penalties prescribed by law.

8. All Shad Commercial Net Permit and Shad Incidental Harvest Permit holders shall have their permit on their person at all times when engaged in any phase of harvesting, transporting, selling or possessing shad.

9. Shad Commercial Net Permits and Shad Incidental Harvest Permits are non-transferable.

10. A person shall not land nor sell any shad taken in New Jersey waters except during the season from January 1 through December 31.

11. All Shad Commercial Net Permit and Shad Incidental Harvest Permit holders shall be required to complete annual reports on forms supplied by the Department. The annual report shall be signed by the permittee attesting to the validity of the information and be submitted so it is received by the Department no later than January 15 of the following calendar year at the following address:

Division of Fish and Wildlife
 American Shad Program
 PO Box 418
 Port Republic, NJ 08241

i. The annual report shall include:

(1) The daily harvest and sale, in pounds, of American shad;

(2) The buyer(s) name;

(3) The name and address of the permit holder; and

(4) Any other requested information pertinent to management of the American shad resource including catch/effort, length and sex data, by-catch data and tagging information from a representative size range of shad.

12. Research personnel from the Department shall be allowed to sail aboard any permitted vessel at any time,

provided the Department notifies the permittee at least two days in advance.

13. Any person or permittee violating the provisions of this section shall be subject to the penalties described in N.J.S.A. 23:2B-14 in addition to the following:

i. Failure to comply with the provisions of (e)1 above, landing shad without the applicable shad permit or landing greater than the allowable limit authorized by the applicable shad limit, (e)10 above, landing shad outside the open season or (e)11 above, timely submission or annual reports, shall subject the violator to suspension or revocation of the Shad Commercial Net Permit or Shad Incidental Harvest Permit according to the following schedule:

(1) First offense: 30 day suspension;

(2) Second offense: 90 day suspension;

(3) Third offense: Permanent revocation of permit.

ii. Prior to the suspension or revocation of the permit, the permittee shall have the opportunity to request a hearing pursuant to the Administrative Procedures Act, N.J.S.A. 52:14B-1 et seq., and 52:14F-1 et seq., and the Uniform Administrative Procedure Rules, N.J.A.C. 1:1.

(f) The following provisions are applicable to the commercial harvest of black drum:

1. A vessel shall not possess or land by any gear more than 10,000 pounds of black drum in any one day;

2. A dealer shall not accept from a vessel or person more than 10,000 pounds of black drum a day landed in New Jersey;

3. The annual black drum harvest quota for New Jersey shall be 65,000 pounds or as modified by the Commissioner pursuant to (i) below; and

4. The Commissioner, or his or her designee, may close the season upon two days public notice of the projected date the quota shall be landed. Such notice shall be sent by first class mail to all commercial docks and commercial fishing organizations on the mailing list of the Division of Fish and Wildlife.

(g) The following provisions are applicable to the commercial harvest of spiny dogfish:

1. A person or vessel shall not possess for sale any spiny dogfish nor shall a person sell or attempt to sell spiny dogfish without a valid annual vessel permit for spiny dogfish issued by the National Marine Fisheries Service.

2. A dealer shall not purchase or receive spiny dogfish without a valid annual dealer permit for spiny dogfish issued by the National Marine Fisheries Service.

3. No person or vessel shall have in possession or land and no dealer shall accept from any one vessel more than the daily trip limit set by the National Marine Fisheries Service or the Atlantic State Marine Fisheries Commission.

4. Any closure of the spiny dogfish fishery by the National Marine Fisheries Service in adjacent Federal waters or recommended closure by the Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission for areas including New Jersey automatically closes New Jersey waters to the harvest of spiny dogfish and to the commercial landings of spiny dogfish.

(h) The following provisions are applicable to the commercial harvest of black sea bass:

1. After December 31, 2002, a vessel shall not land more than 500 pounds of black sea bass during the period of January 1 through March 31 or more than 100 pounds of black sea bass during the period April 1 through December 31 in New Jersey on any one trip unless said vessel is in possession of a valid New Jersey Black Sea Bass Permit. The permit shall be issued in the name of the vessel and the owner and for the specific gear type(s) used to qualify for the permit.

i. Applicants for a New Jersey Black Sea Bass Permit shall complete and submit an application provided by the Department by December 31, 2002 that includes information on name, address, vessel name, vessel documentation or registration number, gear and landings criteria as specified in (h)1ii below. Applications for a New Jersey Black Sea Bass Permit received after the above date shall be denied.

ii. To be eligible for a New Jersey Black Sea Bass Permit, the vessel's owner shall meet the following criteria:

(1) The vessel shall have landed and sold a minimum cumulative total of 10,000 pounds of black sea bass in New Jersey during the period 1988 through May 3, 2001;

(2) The vessel shall have possessed a valid Federal Black Sea Bass Moratorium Permit or appropriate New Jersey gear license for each year of submitted landings documentation; and

(3) Documented proof of landings shall consist of one or more of the following:

(A) Weigh-out slips totaling the weight harvested;

(B) A notarized statement from the applicant and the purchaser(s) attesting to the weight harvested (a copy of the business records supporting the statement(s) must accompany the application);

(C) Other documentation similar to that in (h)1ii(3)(A) or (B) above may be accepted at the discretion of the Commissioner after his or her review.

2. The New Jersey Black Sea Bass Permit shall be on board the vessel to which it is issued at all times. The permit is valid from the date of issuance and for any subsequent years unless revoked as part of a penalty action. The vessel, when engaged in a black sea bass fishery, may only have on board the gear type(s) listed on that vessel's New Jersey Black Sea Bass Permit.

3. The owner of a vessel permitted pursuant to this subsection not pending revocation or court action may transfer his or her Black Sea Bass Permit, upon application to the Department, as follows:

i. To his or her replacement vessel, provided the replacement vessel is not greater than 10 percent larger in vessel length, gross registered tonnage and net tonnage and not more than 20 percent greater in horsepower. The vessel being replaced shall no longer be eligible for a black sea bass permit; or

ii. Along with the sale of his or her vessel to a new owner. The owner selling the vessel shall no longer be eligible for a Black Sea Bass Permit based on the harvesting history of the vessel being sold.

4. Transfer of a permit to a new vessel shall be limited to the same gear type(s) of the originally permitted vessel.

5. Applicants for permit transfer shall complete an application provided by the Department, and no permit may be transferred without the prior approval of the Department.

6. A vessel possessing a valid Black Sea Bass Permit to commercially harvest black sea bass by angling or hook and line and when operating under the permit shall be subject to the following:

i. Crew size shall be limited to no more than five persons, including the captain; and

ii. The vessel shall not carry any passengers for hire. When carrying passengers for hire the Black Sea Bass Permit is not valid and the recreational possession limits and seasonal restrictions as specified in N.J.A.C. 7:25-18.1 apply.

7. Annual and seasonal black sea bass quotas and daily trip limits shall be determined by the Mid-Atlantic Fishery Management Council and implemented by the National Marine Fisheries Service or determined by the Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission.

i. The Commissioner, or his or her designee, shall implement annual and seasonal black sea bass quotas and daily trip limits determined by the Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission upon four days public notice. Public notice shall include letters by first class mail to all New Jersey Black Sea Bass Permit holders. The implemented quotas and limits shall also be reflected in this subsection through a notice of administrative change in the New Jersey Register, in accordance with N.J.A.C. 1:30-2.7.

ii. No vessel shall have in possession or land and no dealer or person shall accept from any one vessel or person more than the lesser of the daily trip limit of black sea bass set by the National Marine Fisheries Service or the Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission in any one calendar day. The New Jersey annual quota for the black sea bass fishery shall be divided into seasons, percentage of the annual quota apportioned to each season, daily trip limits and number of allowable landing days in each week (Sunday through Saturday) as follows:

(1) January 1–April 15: 38.8 percent, 7,000 pound trip limit;

(2) April 16–June 30: 20.6 percent, 1,500 pound trip limit and a maximum of three days per week that a vessel may land black sea bass;

(3) July 1–September 30: 13.5 percent, 1,000 pound trip limit and a maximum of three days per week that a vessel may land black sea bass;

(4) October 1–December 31: 27.1 percent, 1,500 pound trip limit and a maximum of three days per week that a vessel may land black sea bass.

iii. The Commissioner, or his or her designee, shall close the season for the commercial black sea bass fishery upon four days public notice of the projected date the season percentage of the annual quota shall be caught. Public notice shall include letters by first class mail to all New Jersey Black Sea Bass Permit holders.

iv. Once the season has been closed for the commercial black sea bass fishery, no vessel or person shall land or sell any black sea bass and no dealer or person shall accept or purchase any black sea bass landed in New Jersey.

v. If the Commissioner, or his or her designee, closes the season prematurely because of unanticipated events resulting in the quota not being landed by the projected date, then the Commissioner, or his or her designee, may reopen the season for a specified period of time upon four days public notice. Public notice shall be made as specified in (h)7iii above.

8. After December 31, 2002, no dealer shall accept or purchase any black sea bass from any vessel or harvester unless such dealer is in possession of a valid New Jersey Black Sea Bass Dealers Permit. A New Jersey Black Sea Bass Dealers Permit may be obtained by completing an application supplied by the Department and submitting it to:

New Jersey Black Sea Bass Dealers Permit
Nacote Creek Research Station
PO Box 418
Port Republic, NJ 08241

9. After December 31, 2002, no dealer shall accept or purchase from any one vessel more than the amounts of black sea bass specified at (h)1 above unless said vessel is in possession of its valid New Jersey Black Sea Bass Permit.

10. After December 31, 2002, any harvester or vessel landing black sea bass in New Jersey for the purpose of sale shall sell all black sea bass to a permitted New Jersey Black Sea Bass Dealer.

11. After December 31, 2002, all permitted New Jersey Black Sea Bass Dealers shall provide weekly reports to the Division listing the amount of black sea bass landed on a daily basis by size category and any other information that may be required by the Commissioner. Such report shall be faxed to the Division at the number listed on the reporting form no later than 12:01 P.M. on Monday following the week's end or sent by any other method approved by the Department. For the purpose of this provision, the week shall begin on Sunday and end on Saturday.

12. Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be subject to the penalties prescribed in N.J.S.A. 23:2B-14 in addition to the following:

i. Failure to submit the required documentation to an application shall result in the denial of the permit.

ii. Falsification or misrepresentation of any information on an application including documentation provided to verify the amount of black sea bass landed as specified in (h)1ii(3) above shall result in the denial or revocation of the permit in addition to any civil or criminal penalties prescribed by law.

iii. Failure to comply with the provisions of (h)6 above, criteria under which a vessel may harvest black sea bass by angling or hook and line, (h)7 above, exceeding daily trip limits and landing black sea bass after the season has been closed, (h)8 above, accepting or purchasing black sea bass without a New Jersey Black Sea Bass Dealers Permit, (h)9 above, accepting or purchasing from any non-permitted vessel more than the amount of black sea bass stipulated pursuant to (h)1 above and (h)10 above, selling black sea bass to a non-permitted dealer shall result in the suspension during open season(s) or revocation of the vessel's Black Sea Bass Permit according to the following schedule:

(1) First offense: 60 days suspension;

(2) Second offense: 120 days suspension;

(3) Third offense: permanent revocation;

iv. Prior to revocation of the permit, the permittee shall have the opportunity to request a hearing pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act, N.J.S.A. 52:14B-1 et seq. and 52:14F-1 et seq., and the Uniform Administrative Procedure Rules, N.J.A.C. 1:1.

13. Dealer business records may be used as admissible evidence in any proceeding to document violations of trip limits, weekly landing limits or closed seasons.

(i) For the purpose of this section, "land" shall mean to begin offloading fish, to offload fish or to enter port with fish.

(j) The Commissioner, with the approval of the New Jersey Marine Fisheries Council, may modify quotas, trip limits and/or seasons specified in this section, by notice in order to maintain and/or to come into compliance with any fishery management plan approved by the Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission pursuant to 16 U.S.C. § 5104(b). The Department shall publish notice of any such modification in the Division's commercial regulation publication and the New Jersey Register.

New Rule, R.1992 d.143, effective March 16, 1992.

See: 24 N.J.R. 4(c), 24 N.J.R. 1113(a).

Amended by R.1993 d.56, effective January 19, 1993.

See: 24 N.J.R. 4249(a), 25 N.J.R. 303(a).

Former (a) and (i) recodified to new rule at 7:25-8.14; remaining subsections recodified as (a)-(g).

Administrative Correction to N.J.A.C. 7:25-18.12(b) through (g).

See: 25 N.J.R. 2001(d).

Administrative Correction to (c).

See: 25 N.J.R. 2281(a).

Amended by R.1994 d.201, effective April 18, 1994.

See: 26 N.J.R. 789(a), 26 N.J.R. 1632(a).

Repeal and New Rule, R.1995 d.82, effective February 6, 1995.

See: 26 N.J.R. 4277(b), 27 N.J.R. 487(a).

Formerly "Weakfish management."

Administrative Correction.

See: 27 N.J.R. 1794(a).

Administrative Correction.

See: 27 N.J.R. 3420(a).

Administrative Correction.

See: 27 N.J.R. 3420(b).

Administrative Change.

See: 28 N.J.R. 3786(a).

Amended by R.1996 d.587, effective December 16, 1996 (operative January 1, 1997).

See: 28 N.J.R. 3998(a), 28 N.J.R. 5231(a).

Inserted (b)1, (c), and (d); recodified former (b)1 through (b)6 as (b)2 through (b)7 and former (c) and (d) as (e) and (f); and made conforming changes throughout.

Amended by R.1998 d.40, effective January 5, 1998.

See: 29 N.J.R. 4595(a), 30 N.J.R. 226(a).

Inserted (a)2 and recodified (a)2 as 3; deleted (c)2iii through v, added (c)3 through 10 and recodified (c)3 and 4 as 11 and 12; deleted (d), and recodified (e) and (f) as (d) and (e).

Administrative change.

See: 30 N.J.R. 1402(b).

Amended by R.1999 d.52, effective February 16, 1999.

See: 30 N.J.R. 3881(a), 31 N.J.R. 538(a).

In (a)3, substituted "more than 150 pounds of" for "any" following "accept"; inserted a new (d); and recodified former (d) and (e) as (e) and (f).

Administrative change.

See: 31 N.J.R. 1612(a).

Amended by R.2000 d.10, effective January 3, 2000.

See: 31 N.J.R. 2555(a), 32 N.J.R. 48(a).

Rewrote (a); inserted a new (e); and recodified former (e) and (f) as (f) and (g).

Amended by R.2000 d.395, effective October 2, 2000.

See: 31 N.J.R. 2555(a), 32 N.J.R. 3592(b).

Rewrote the section.

Amended by R.2001 d.73, effective March 5, 2001.

See: 32 N.J.R. 4435(a), 33 N.J.R. 874(a).

Amended by R.2001 d.346, effective September 17, 2001.

See: 33 N.J.R. 453(a), 33 N.J.R. 3352(a).

Rewrote the section.

Amended by R.2002 d.277, effective August 19, 2002.

See: 34 N.J.R. 1375(a), 34 N.J.R. 2995(a).

In (c)2i and (c)5i, inserted "and submit their application no later than December 31, 2002" after "Department"; in (c)7i, substituted "has no greater than 10 percent increase in length overall and 20 percent increase in shaft horsepower" for "is of equal or less gross registered tonnage and vessel registered length"; in (d)1, added i; added a new (h), recodify existing (h), (i) as (i), (j).

Administrative change.

See: 34 N.J.R. 3264(a).

Administrative change.

See: 35 N.J.R. 709(a).

7:25-18.13 Striped bass bonus program

(a) Pursuant to N.J.S.A. 23:5-45.1(c), the possession of one "bonus sized" striped bass, measuring not less than 28 inches in length, will be allowed in addition to the possession limit allowed under N.J.S.A. 23:5-45.1(a), pursuant to (b) through (o) below.

(b) Any person intending to take one striped bass measuring not less than 28 inches in length in addition to his or her striped bass possession limit as specified at N.J.S.A. 23:5-45.1 shall apply to the Division for "fish possession cards." Applications may be obtained from the following:

1. Division of Fish and Wildlife

Striped Bass Bonus Fish Program

Nacote Creek Research Station

PO Box 418

Port Republic, NJ 08241-0418

2. Fish checking stations, as authorized by the Division and identified by public notice in the New Jersey Register.

(c) The application form shall be completed to include the name, address and telephone number of the applicant.

(d) Applications for fish possession cards will be accepted for participation in the bonus fish program and processed in order of receipt by the Division.

(e) Successful applicants will receive two, color-coded, non-transferable fish possession cards. One card shall be filled out completely and the month and day numbers perforated immediately upon retention of bonus fish. A finite number of cards shall be available to participating party and charter boat captains in the name of the vessel owner.

(f) Fish possession cards shall be valid in the calendar year for which they were issued except during those periods in which the Department has closed the State's waters to harvesting as provided at (l) below. All fish possession cards not utilized during the calendar year shall be returned to the address at (b) above by January 15 of the next subsequent calendar year.

(g) Successful applicants may keep and submit annual records of their striped bass fishing activity as requested on forms furnished by the Division. Such records shall include the name, address, and card number(s) of the fishermen, the days and hours fished, the lengths of striped bass caught, the location of fishing activity and the type of fishing. Party and charter boat captains shall be required to maintain and submit logbooks developed by the Division.

(h) A person shall not have in his or her possession at any time more than three striped bass, of which two shall be not less than the size provided for in N.J.S.A. 23:5-45.1 and the other shall be not less than 28 inches in length and said person shall have a properly completed and legal fish possession card, as provided for at (e) above.

(i) Any striped bass taken under this section may be transported to an authorized fish checking station by the person who caught the fish on the day so taken. A person shall not present for registration or permit to be registered in his or her name a striped bass which he or she did not catch. Any person who legally takes a striped bass under this section and who cannot arrive at a fish checking station shall immediately mail his her bonus card to the address presented at (b) above.

(j) A person shall not possess any striped bass taken or tagged under the provisions of this section which is damaged or mutilated to the extent that its length cannot be determined, other than immediately prior to preparation or being served as food.

(k) An additional fish possession card shall be provided to the angler upon recording of his or her prior legally harvested bonus striped bass at an authorized fish checking station or via mail as presented at (i) above, provided the season has not been closed pursuant to (l) below.

(l) When, at any time during the calendar year, the Division has projected that the quota established by the Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission for striped bass will have been harvested the Division will close the State's waters to any further harvesting upon two days public notice by distribution of a news release to individuals on the Division outdoor writers mailing list. A notice shall also be published in the New Jersey Register.

(m) The quota described in (l) above shall be 225,000 pounds until such time as another quota is duly promulgated by the Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission. A portion of this quota will be allotted to party and charter boats.

(n) Upon promulgation of any change in the quota described in (l) above, the Division will provide public notice in the New Jersey Register and by distribution of a news release to individuals on the Division outdoor writers mailing list.

(o) Any person violating the striped bass size and possession limits as provided for in N.J.S.A. 23:5-45.1, or this section shall be liable for penalty of \$100.00 per fish for each offense. In addition, any person violating any provision of this section shall be subject to revocation, applicable to both the vessel and the owner, from the Striped Bass Bonus Program. Revocation would render the vessel and the owner ineligible for participation in the program regardless of vessel ownership. Any fish possession cards in such person's possession shall be invalid and shall be returned to the Division upon such person's receipt of notification of such revocation. Failure to return the cards upon notification shall subject the violator to penalties prescribed pursuant to N.J.S.A. 23:2B-14.

(p) The Commissioner, with the approval of the New Jersey Marine Fisheries Council, may modify the size limit, bag limit, season and/or quota specified in this section, by notice in order to maintain and/or to come into compliance with any fishery management plan approved by the Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission pursuant to 16 U.S.C. § 5104(b). The Department shall publish notice of any such notice in the Division's Fish and Wildlife Digest publication and the New Jersey Register.

New Rule, R.1995 d.82, effective February 6, 1995.

See: 26 N.J.R. 4277(b), 27 N.J.R. 487(a).

Administrative Correction.

See: 27 N.J.R. 2739(a).

Amended by R.1996 d.587, effective December 16, 1996 (operative January 1, 1997).

See: 28 N.J.R. 3998(a), 28 N.J.R. 5231(a).

Changed section name from "Striped bass trophy program"; and substantially amended section.

Amended by R.2001 d.73, effective March 5, 2001.

See: 32 N.J.R. 4435(a), 33 N.J.R. 874(a).

Amended by R.2001 d.346, effective September 17, 2001.

See: 33 N.J.R. 453(a), 33 N.J.R. 3352(a).

In (e), inserted "in the name of the vessel owner" following "boat captains"; in (o), inserted ", applicable to both the vessel and the owner," in the second sentence and added the third sentence; added (p).

Amended by R.2002 d.277, effective August 19, 2002.

See: 34 N.J.R. 1375(a), 34 N.J.R. 2995(a).

In (o), substituted "each" for "the first", deleted "and a penalty of \$200.00 per fish for each subsequent offense".

7:25-18.14 Otter and beam trawls

(a) Vessels greater than 165 feet in length and in excess of 3,000 horsepower shall not fish in the marine waters of this State with an otter or beam trawl nor may any such vessel have an otter or beam trawl available for immediate use while on the marine waters of this State as defined in (b) below.

1. All trawl net doors possessed on the waters of the State of New Jersey must contain the official documentation number or the state registration number of the vessel to whom they belong indelibly branded or stamped in block letters no less than two inches in height on the surface of each door.

i. Trawl doors shall be used only by the vessel which corresponds to the branded or stamped numbers. A

vessel may utilize another vessel's trawl doors provided the vessel owner utilizing such doors contacts the Division's Bureau of Law Enforcement at 609-748-2050 in advance and provides the following information: name of owner and vessel borrowing doors, name of owner, vessel and branded or stamped number of borrowed doors. The vessel owner borrowing the trawl doors shall also be responsible for contacting the Bureau of Law Enforcement in advance to indicate when he will begin utilizing his own trawl doors.

(b) No vessel may have available for immediate use any otter or beam trawl while on the marine waters of this State during the hours between sunset and sunrise except on the Atlantic Ocean, at a distance of greater than two miles from the coast line. An otter or beam trawl that conforms to one of the following is considered not "available for immediate use":

1. A net stowed below deck, provided:
 - i. It is located below the main working deck from which the net is deployed and retrieved;
 - ii. The towing wires, including the "leg" wires are detached from the net; and
 - iii. It is fan-folded (flaked) and bound around its circumference;
2. A net stowed and lashed down on deck, provided:
 - i. It is securely fastened to the deck of the vessel;
 - ii. The towing wires, including the leg wires are detached from the net; and
 - iii. It is fan-folded (flaked) and bound around its circumference; or
3. A net is on a reel and is covered and secured; provided:
 - i. The entire surface of the net is covered with canvas or other similar material and held in place by line bound securely around the entire net in such a manner so that no section of the net is exposed;
 - ii. The towing wires or towing lines located between the net and the trawl doors shall be completely detached from the trawl doors; and
 - iii. The cod end closure rope shall be removed from the cod end.

(c) To determine compliance with any established minimum mesh requirement for an otter or beam trawl, the following procedures shall be employed. Stretched mesh sizes are measured by a wedge-shaped gauge having a taper of two centimeters in eight centimeters and a thickness of two and three-tenths millimeters, inserted into the meshes under pressure or pull of five kilograms. The mesh size of the cod end of the net will be the average measurement of any series of 20 consecutive meshes measured at least 10 meshes from the lacings, beginning at the after end and running parallel to the long axis.

(d) No person shall use any device or method which would have the effect of reducing an established minimum mesh size; provided, however, that chafing gear which does not obstruct the meshes of the top half of the cod end may be attached and net strengtheners may be attached to the cod end of the trawl net if such net strengtheners consist of mesh material similar to the material of the cod end and have a mesh size of at least twice the authorized minimum mesh size.

(e) A vessel or person utilizing a roller rig trawl gear shall not utilize rollers greater than 18 inches in diameter.

(f) The operator of, or any other person aboard, any fishing vessel shall immediately comply with instructions and signals issued by an authorized law enforcement officer and comply with instructions to facilitate safe boarding and inspection of the vessel, its gear, equipment, and catch, for the purpose of enforcement of this section.

(g) Any vessel in the act of fishing, upon being boarded and instructed by an authorized law enforcement officer, shall haul back, or retrieve from the waters for inspection, all gear being utilized. After being so instructed, the operator of the vessel, or any other person so instructed, shall have a 30 minute time period to commence haul back and shall continue haul back or retrieval at an ordinary rate and without interruption until the gear is on board and available for inspection.

(h) Possession of an otter trawl and doors shall subject said vessel to inspection for compliance with this section by authorized enforcement personnel. Any nets or doors possessed or used in violation of this section shall be subject to forfeiture under authority of N.J.S.A. 23:10-21.

(i) Violation of any section of this subchapter, or any license or order issued pursuant to it, shall subject the violator to the penalties prescribed in N.J.S.A. 23:2B-14. Penalties consist of \$100.00 to \$3,000 for the first offense and \$200.00 to \$5,000 for any subsequent offense.

(j) For the purpose of this section, "land" shall mean to begin offloading fish, to offload fish or to enter port with fish.

(k) The Commissioner, with the approval of the New Jersey Marine Fisheries Council, may modify quotas, mesh sizes, minimum size limits, seasons, trip limits, by-catch allocations and the amount of fish that shall constitute a directed fishery specified in this section by notice in order to maintain compliance with any fishery management plan approved by the Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission pursuant to 16 U.S.C. 5104(b). The Department shall publish notice of any such modification by filing and publishing in the New Jersey Register and in the Division's commercial regulation publication. All such notices shall be effective when the Department files the notice with the Office of Administrative Law or as specified otherwise in the notice.