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Chief State Medical Examiner

Communicable Disease Service

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NEWS

Malaria Advisory: Locally Acquired Malaria Cases Identified in the United States

(NJDOH LINCS) 6/28/23

Important Updates on Locally Acquired Malaria Cases Identified in Florida, Texas, and Maryland

(CDC HAN) 8/28/23

Vector-borne Disease Data Dashboard

This dashboard uses interactive data visualizations to display vector-borne disease case data (counts and incidence rates), emergency department visits for tick-related illness, and vector-borne pathogen (germ) data in mosquitoes and ticks.

[Open Dashboard](#)

Malaria

Report within 24 hours of Diagnosis to the Local Health Department.

Malaria is a serious illness caused by a parasite that affects the red blood cells. People can get malaria if they are bitten by an infected mosquito in a region of the world where malaria is circulating. People may also get malaria through blood transfusions from infected donors, sharing infected syringes, and rarely, from an infected mother to her baby. Symptoms may include high fever, chills, headache, nausea, vomiting, and sweating. Malaria can be successfully treated and treatment should be initiated as soon as

Disease Reporting

Local health department guidance for disease investigation is now available on the LHDR on [NJLINCS](#)

Resources & References

possible. People traveling to areas of the world where malaria occurs should take precautions against malaria infections such as oral preventive drugs and preventing mosquito bites.

[List of County Mosquito Control Agencies](#)

[CDC Information on Malaria](#)

[CDC Travel Health Notices](#)

[Mosquito Feeding Process Video \(PBS\)](#)

[Insect Repellent Essentials: A Brief Guide](#)

[Return to the main mosquito-borne page](#)

[Return to the main vector-borne illness page](#)

Education Materials

NJDOH Education Materials

[Mosquito Travel Card **NEW!** 7/25](#)

[Malaria Fast Facts **NEW!** 6/25](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

[Mosquito-borne Diseases Brochure \[English\] \[Español\]](#)

[Mosquito-Proof Your Yard: Habitat Checklist \[English\] \[Español\]](#)

[Permethrin Flyer](#)

NJDOH Videos

[Don't Grow Mosquitoes](#)

[Fight the Bite](#)

Laboratory Testing and Guidance

Confirmation and speciation of thick and thin Giemsa-stained blood smears is available at NJDOH Public Health Laboratory (PHEL). Hospitals are encouraged to send questionable blood smears to PHEL along with a completed [BACT-109 form](#).



Translate

English

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