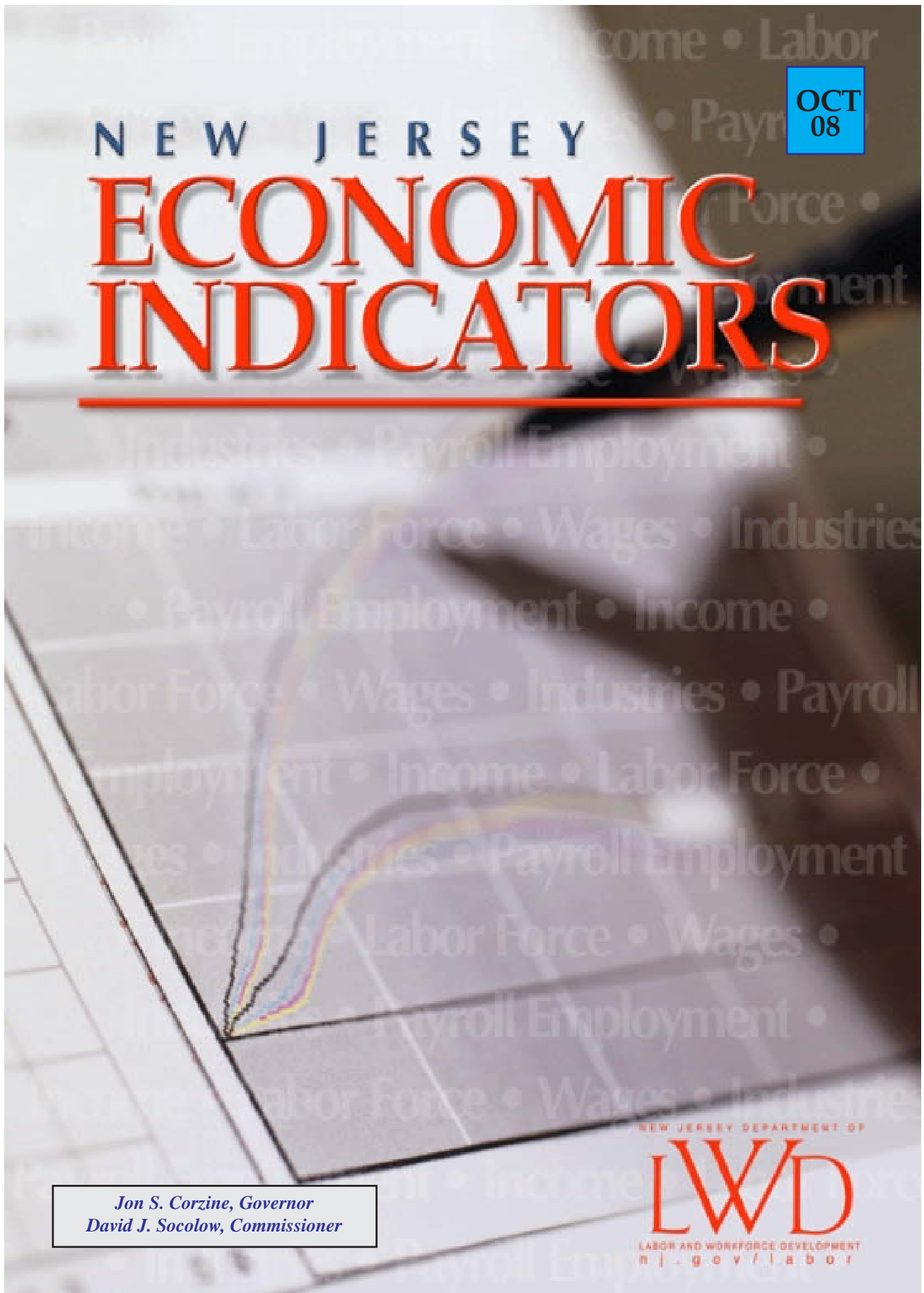


NEW JERSEY

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# ECONOMIC INDICATORS

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*Jon S. Corzine, Governor*  
*David J. Socolow, Commissioner*

NEW JERSEY DEPARTMENT OF  
**LWD**  
LABOR AND WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT  
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# NEW JERSEY ECONOMIC INDICATORS

No. 507 Based on data through October 30, 2008

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## October Feature Article

# New Jersey Highlights of the 2007 American Community Survey

by Leonard Preston, Division of Labor Market & Demographic Research

*The American Community Survey (ACS) is the US Census Bureau's answer to data user's ever increasing need for more timely data. It is also a critical component of the bureau's re-engineered decennial census for 2010. The Census Bureau has defined the goals of the ACS as follows:*

*(1.) Provide federal, state, local, and tribal governments an information base for the administration and evaluation of their programs. (2.) Improve the 2010 Census. (3.) Provide data users with timely demographic, housing, social, and economic data updated every year that can be compared across states, communities, and population groups.*

*In the past, the decennial census has been the source of data needed by federal, state, and local governments to distribute funding among jurisdictions and population groups. The problem with the decennial census is that the data became out-of-date quickly as the decade progressed. However, with the ACS, more timely annual data will be available to identify changes in population, housing and their related characteristics.*

*Throughout the decade, the ACS will annually collect data typically found on the decennial census' "long form" questionnaire. The "long form" is a sample based survey used to collect and estimate demographic, social, economic, and housing characteristics of the population and housing stock. The ACS will replace the need for a "long form" questionnaire in the decennial census and allow resources to focus on a "short form" census every 10 years. The "short form" will be used to provide counts of people and housing units only.*

### Population

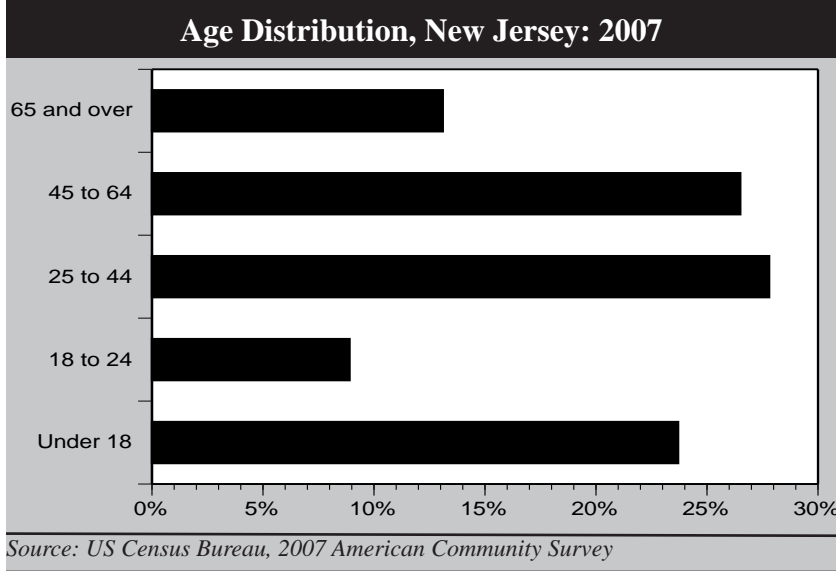
According to the 2007 ACS, New Jersey's estimated total population was 8,685,920. This ranks the Garden State 11th nationally; California (36.6 million) was the most populated state, and Wyoming (0.5 million) the least populated.

Among counties, Bergen County was home to the most residents with 895,744 persons or 10.3 percent of the state's total population. At the other end of the spectrum was Salem County with a population of only 66,016 persons.

### Age, Race and Sex

The median age in New Jersey was 38.4 years old, the 10th oldest among all states. Maine had the oldest median age at 41.7 years while Utah was the youngest state at 28.4 years. The median age nationally, in 2007, was 36.7 years of age. A look at New Jersey's counties reveals that the median age ranged from a slightly younger 35.6 years in Cumberland County to a more distinguished 43.9 years in Cape May County. More than 23.0 percent (2.1 million persons)

Chart 1



of New Jersey's population were under 18 years of age while 1.1 million or 13.1 percent were 65 years old and over. Approximately 5.5 million or 63.2 percent of total population were between 18 and 64 years of age.

Nearly 8.5 million (98.4%) New Jersey residents report themselves as one race. Just under 71.0 percent (6 million persons) were white; 13.9 percent (1.2 million persons) were Black or African American; and 7.5 percent (600,000 million persons) were Asian. New Jersey

ranks third behind Hawaii (38.8%) and California (12.3%) in the percentage of the population who report themselves as Asian alone. Among any of the race categories, 1.4 million (15.9%) report themselves as being Hispanic or of Latino origin.

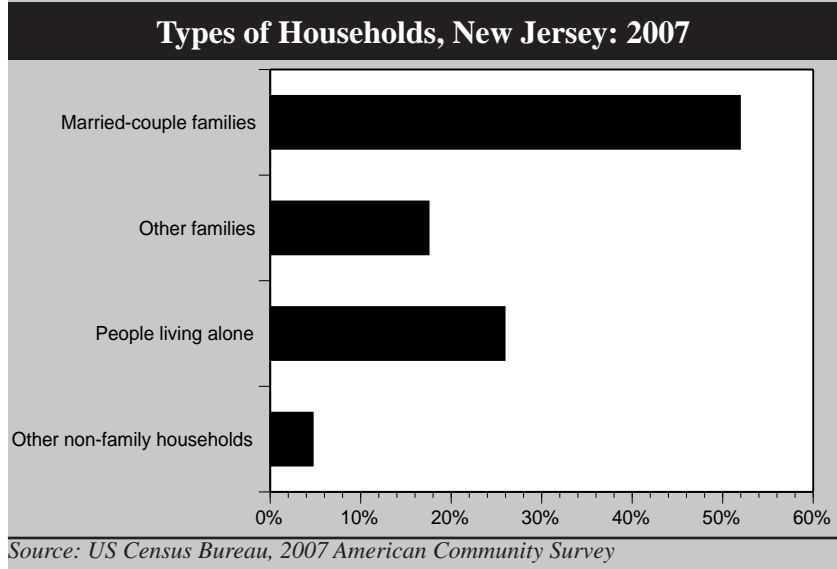
As a state, New Jersey was 51.0 percent (4.4 million persons) female and 49.0 percent (4.3 million persons) male. This closely mirrors the national gender distribution of 50.7 percent female and 49.3 percent male.

## Population

In 2007, the Garden State was home to some 3.1 million households. The size of an average household in New Jersey was 2.7 persons which ranked 8th largest nationally. The national average household size in 2007 was 2.6 people. Utah was the state with the largest household size (3.1 persons) and North Dakota had the smallest (2.3 persons).

In New Jersey, 2.2 million households (69.4%) were family households. The average family size was 3.3 persons. Married-couple family households accounted for 1.6 million (51.9%) households in the state while other families totaled just over half a million persons (550,060 or 17.5%).

Chart 2



Statewide, non-family households made up nearly 1 million (30.6%) of all households in 2007. Persons living alone accounted for 25.9 percent of households and those households with one or more people aged 65 years and over accounted for 25.0 percent of total households in the state. A closer look at both of these groups reveal that nearly 10.0 percent of New Jersey households are made up of householders aged 65 years and over and living alone.

## Place of Birth and Language Spoken

Results from the 2007 ACS show that in the United States, 12.6 percent of the total population was considered foreign born. The results also show that approximately one out of every five persons (1.7 million or 19.9%) living in New Jersey was foreign born. California (27.4%) and New York (21.8%) were the only states that had a higher percentage of foreign born population. Among New Jersey counties, Hudson County had the highest percentage of foreign born (40.4%) while Salem County had the lowest percentage (2.6%). Nearly 4.5 million (52.4%) of the state's population were born in New Jersey with another 2.2 million (25.4%) born in a different state.

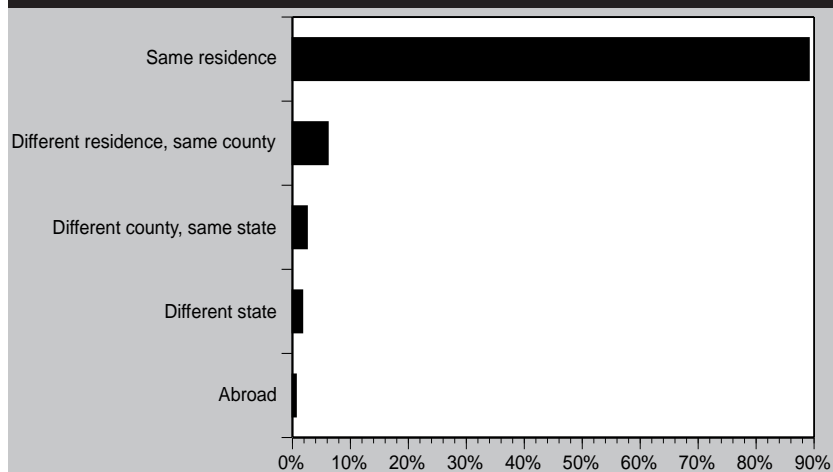
Among the population five-years old and over in New Jersey (8.1 million), 72.2 percent speak English while the remaining 27.8 percent speak a language other than English at home. This percentage ranked 6th nationally behind the states of California (42.6%), New Mexico (35.7%), Texas (33.9%), New York (28.9%) and Arizona (28.5%). Out of those New Jersey residents who speak a language other than English, 1.1 million (50.1%) speak Spanish and 41.8 percent reported that they did not speak English "very well".

## Place of Residence

The 2007 ACS also reports estimates of geographic mobility for the population aged one- year and over. Of the 8.6 million people in this age cohort, 89.1 percent (7.6 million persons) were living in the same residence as in the previous year. Another 6.1 percent moved within the past year from another residence in the same county; 2.5 percent moved from a different county within New Jersey; 1.7 percent moved here from out of state, and 0.6 percent moved to the Garden State from abroad.

Chart 3

### Geographic Mobility of Residents, New Jersey: 2007

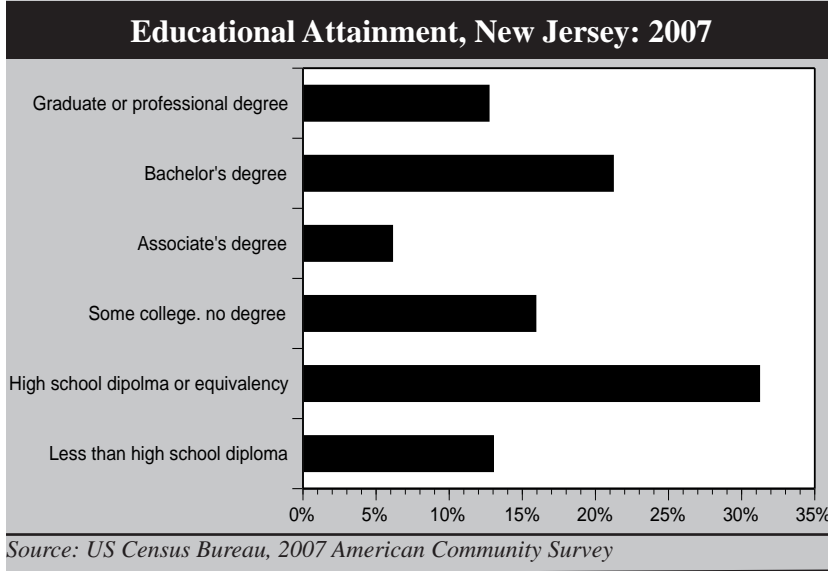


Source: US Census Bureau, 2007 American Community Survey

## Educational Attainment

In 2007, the educational attainment level of New Jersey's population 25 years and older was above the national average. The ACS reported that 87.0 percent had a high school education or higher and 33.9 percent had a bachelor's degree or higher. This surpasses the national average of 84.5 percent with a high school education or higher and 27.5 percent with a bachelor's degree or higher.

Chart 4



The ACS also reported that total school enrollment for 2007 was nearly 2.3 million. Enrollment in nursery school and kindergarten was approximately 282,500. Just over 1.4 million were enrolled in elementary (grades 1-8) and high school (grades 9-12). Those pursuing higher-level education in college and graduate school accounted for more than 562,600 persons.

## Disability

Among New Jersey's eight million non-institutionalized population at least five years of age in 2007, 11.9 percent reported a disability. This is slightly below the US average of 14.9 percent. Across age groups, as one would expect, this percentage increased in older age groups. In New Jersey, those aged 5 to 15, were reported to have a 5.1 percent (63,620 persons) disability rate. The 16 to 64 year-old category had 8.9 percent (507,347 persons) reporting a disability. The 65-year and over age group had the largest rate of disabilities reported at 35.4 percent (383,730 persons).

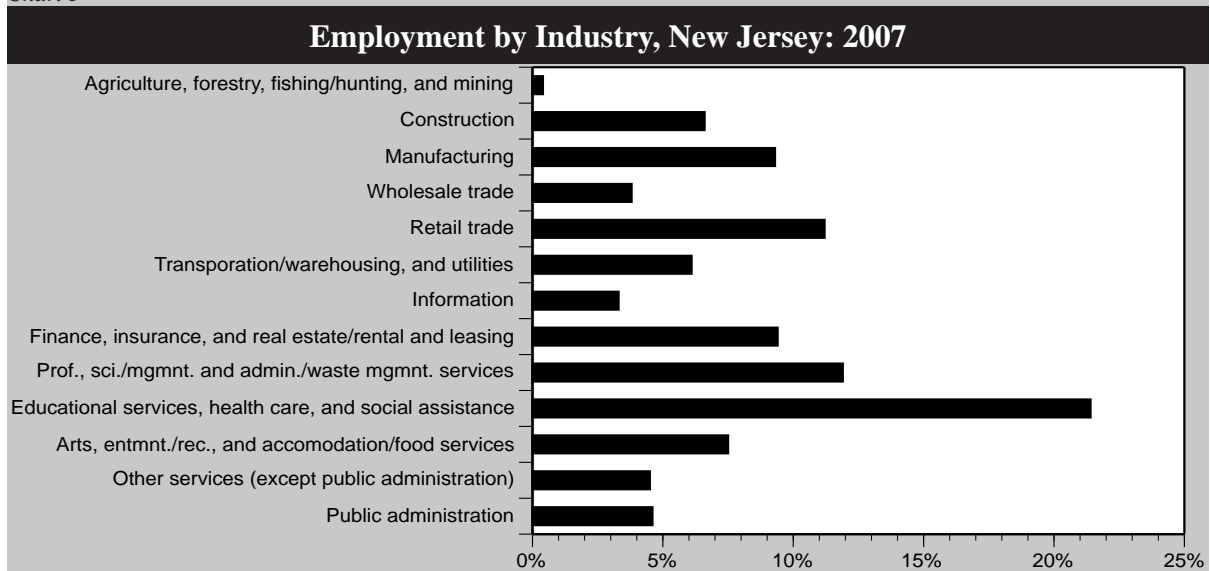
## Employment Status and Industry Employment

The employment status data reported in the 2007 ACS relate to the population 16-years of age and over. Approximately 6.9 million persons in New Jersey were part of this age group in 2007. Those considered in the labor force from this group was 4.5 million persons (69.5%). Nationally, the rate of those considered in the labor force from this age group was 64.8 percent. In 2007, 46.5 percent of those persons in the labor force aged 16 years and over were female and 53.5 percent were male.

In New Jersey, for the employed population 16 years and over, the industries employing the greatest number of persons were educational services, health care and social assistance

(911,775 or 21.4%), professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste management services (507,206 or 11.9%), and retail trade (478,464 or 11.2%).

Chart 5



Source: US Census Bureau, 2007 American Community Survey

## Occupations and Class of Worker

The 2007 ACS results also indicated that the most common occupations among New Jersey's employed population were management, professional, and related occupations (1,653,792 or 38.9%); sales and office occupations (1,154,862 or 27.2%); service occupations (660,267 or 15.5%); production, transportation, and material moving occupations (432,907 or 10.2%); and construction, extraction, maintenance and repair occupations (342,257 or 8.0%). The vast majority of people employed in New Jersey are private sector wage and salary workers (3,405,302 or 80.1%). Another 14.5 percent (617,099) worked for federal, state, or local government. Slightly more than five percent were self-employed in their own non-incorporated business (221,762 or 5.2%).

## Commuting to Work

The preferred means of commuting to work in New Jersey is driving to work alone. More than 71.8 percent of workers traveled to work this way while an additional 9.2 percent car-pooled to work. Those who reported using public transportation to commute to work accounted for 10.4 percent of workers; 3.2 percent walked to work; and another 3.3 percent work at home. According to the ACS, the average commute time in New Jersey was 29.8 minutes. This ranked as the fourth longest commute time behind New York (31.5 minutes), Maryland (31.1 minutes) and the District of Columbia (30.1 minutes). North Dakota had the shortest commute time (16.1 minutes). Nationally, the average travel time to work was 25.3 minutes.

## Income

The median household income in New Jersey was second among all the states at \$67,035 behind only Maryland (\$68,080). Rounding out the top five were Connecticut (\$65,967), Alaska (\$64,333) and Hawaii (\$63,746). Nationally, the median household income was \$50,740. Mississippi was the state with the lowest median household income at \$36,338. Among New Jersey counties, the three counties with the highest median household income were Hunterdon County (\$100,327), Somerset County (\$97,658), and Morris County (\$94,684). The county with the lowest median household income was Cumberland County (\$47,883).

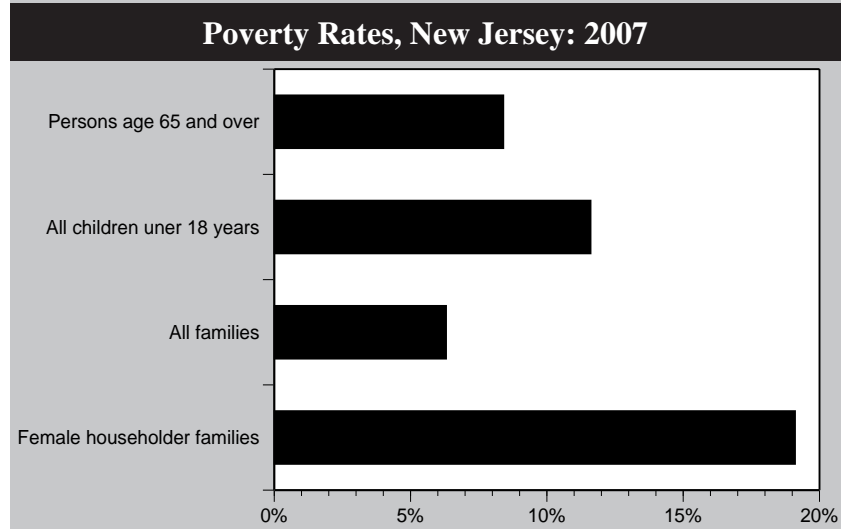
The median family income for the state in 2007 was \$81,823, ranking second among all states behind top ranked Maryland (\$82,404). Mississippi was also lowest in this income category (\$44,769). The median family income for the U.S. in 2007 was \$61,173. Not surprisingly, the three New Jersey counties with the highest median family income were the same as those with the highest median household income: Hunterdon County (\$117,001), Somerset County (\$111,809), and Morris County (\$111,464). Hudson County had the lowest median household income (\$53,528).

## Poverty

The 2007 ACS reports that 8.6 percent of New Jerseyans were living below the poverty level. Only Maryland (8.3%), Hawaii (8.0%), Connecticut (7.9%), and New Hampshire (7.1%) had lower percentages of people in poverty status. Mississippi (20.6%), Louisiana (18.6%), and New Mexico (18.1%) had the highest percentage of people below poverty level. The percentage of people in poverty nationally in 2007 was 13 percent. At the county level, Cumberland County (18.5%), Hudson County (13.7%), and Passaic County (13.7%) had the greatest percentage of persons living below poverty level while Somerset County (2.6%) had the lowest percentage.

The percentage of New Jersey residents under 18 years of age that are living below the poverty level was 11.6 percent while the percentage of people 65 years and over that are living in poverty was 8.4 percent. The percentage of all New Jersey families living below the poverty level was 6.3 percent in 2007. This percentage tripled for those families with a female householder but no husband present (19.1%).

Chart 6

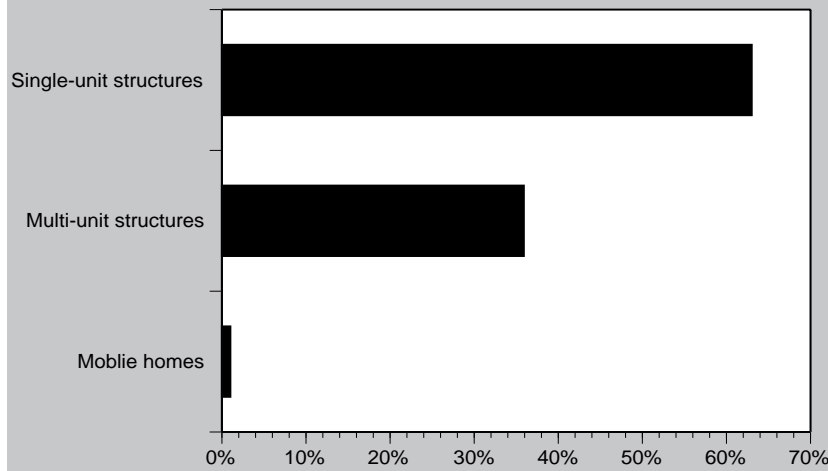


Source: US Census Bureau, 2007 American Community Survey

## Housing Characteristics

Chart 7

### Types of Housing Units, New Jersey: 2007



Source: US Census Bureau, 2007 American Community Survey

New Jersey had approximately 3.5 million housing units in 2007. Just over 2.2 million (63.0%) were single-unit structures. Another 35.9 percent (1,256,313) were multi-unit structures and the remaining one percent were mobile homes. Ten percent (348,876) of total housing units in the Garden State were vacant in 2007. Slightly over half a million (16.9%) of the housing units in New Jersey were built after 1990.

Among the 3.1 million occupied housing units in New Jersey, just over 2.1 million (67.3%) are owner-occupied. The remaining 32.7 percent (1,030,912) were renter-occupied housing units. Some of the more interesting characteristics of housing units in New Jersey include 4.9 percent (154,985) having no telephone service available; 11.6 percent (364,142) have no vehicles available while 54.6 percent (1,720,575) had two or more vehicles available; and 71.9 percent (2,264,266) of housing units heat their homes with natural gas from the utility company.

Median monthly housing costs for owners with a mortgage was \$2,278 while owners without a mortgage paid \$829 monthly and renters paid \$1026 in housing costs.

Chart 8

### Occupants with a Housing Cost Burden, New Jersey: 2007



Source: US Census Bureau, 2007 American Community Survey

*Note: The results from the US Census Bureau's 2007 American Community Survey (ACS) includes "group quarters" data. These data were included beginning with the 2006 ACS. Group quarters population is defined as those persons living in prisons, college dorms, barracks, nursing homes, rehabilitation facilities, etc. This segment of the population was not included in the 2005 American Community Survey Data and prior year's ACS data that were based on household population only. This is an important distinction when making comparisons of data prior to the 2006 ACS.*

## Sample Size and Data Availability

In 2005, the ACS began full implementation using a rolling, random sample of housing addresses throughout the US every month. The annual sample size of the ACS is about 3 million housing unit addresses nationally. Prior to 2005 (2000-2004), as part of its testing phase, the ACS had a sample size of about 800,000 addresses per year and produced estimates for all geographies with at least 250,000 people. These geographies included the US, states, places, counties and metropolitan areas. The release of annual estimates from the ACS for geographic areas with a population of 65,000 or more began in 2006. For New Jersey, data is now available for the State and all 21 counties, all 13 Congressional Districts, all 7 Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSA), and the 19 largest county subdivisions (municipalities) with population greater than 65,000. In 2008, 3-year average estimates will be available for geographic areas with population of 20,000 or more. In 2010, 5-year average estimates will be available for geographies smaller than 20,000 people including census tracts and block groups. From 2010 on, all estimates will be updated annually.

Table 1

<b>American Community Survey Release Dates</b>									
Type of Data	Population Size of Area	Data for the previous year released in the summer of:							
		2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010+
Annual Estimates	250,000+								→
Annual Estimates	65,000+								→
3-Year Averages	20,000+								→
5-Year Averages	Census Tract and Block Group								→

Data reflect American Community Survey testing through 2004.  
 Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey Office

More information, data, and other ACS topics are available online at the Office of Labor Planning and Analysis' Web site [www.nj.gov/labor/lra](http://www.nj.gov/labor/lra) and the US Census Bureau's Web site [www.census.gov/acs/www](http://www.census.gov/acs/www). For more information about ACS data for New Jersey, contact the New Jersey Department of Labor and Workforce Development, Division of Labor Market and Demographic Research, PO Box 388, Trenton, NJ 08625-0388. Telephone: (609) 984-2595 or e-mail [Leonard.Preston@dol.state.nj.us](mailto:Leonard.Preston@dol.state.nj.us).

## Comparative Economic Indicators: New Jersey and United States

New Jersey Data (Seasonally adjusted)			Latest Data	Data Series	Page Number	Year-to-Date % change from year ago (Unadjusted)	
Latest Month	Month Ago	Year Ago				NJ	US
\$445,457	\$440,417	\$425,063	2nd Quarter 08	Personal Income (millions)*	----	4.4	4.8
43,852	43,547	51,123	Aug	New Vehicle Registrations***	S-18	-6.4	-12.2
1,115	1,443	3,084	Aug	Dwelling Units Authorized**	S-16	-18.8	-34.5
4,061.5	4,065.4	4,070.1	Sep	Nonfarm Payroll Employment (000)	S-6	-0.1	0.1
299.8	301.6	311.1	Sep	Manufacturing (000)	S-8	-2.9	-2.5
2,947.4	2,948.5	2,939.7	Sep	Private Service-providing (000)	----	0.3	0.7
263.6	267.4	187.2	Sep	Total Unemployment (000)	S-2	24.0	19.9
5.8	5.9	5.2	Sep	Total Unemployment Rate (%)	S-4	----	----
139.0	129.8	111.5	Sep	Insured Unemployment Volume (000)	S-20	10.3	21.6
3.6	3.3	2.9	Sep	Insured Unemployment Rate (%)	S-20	----	----
41.6	41.5	40.4	Sep	Average Factory Workweek (hours)**	S-28	2.0	-0.4
\$17.95	\$17.88	\$17.50	Sep	Average Factory Hourly Earnings**	S-28	4.1	-8.9
\$746.72	\$742.02	\$707.00	Sep	Average Factory Weekly Earnings**	S-28	6.2	2.2

*Notes: See pages S-35 to S-38 for notes on indicators' series. (Nonbuilding construction contracts are not published; private service-providing data are found in 13-month tables on page S-23.)*

*1 Monthly revisions to unadjusted data published by special contract with McGraw-Hill Construction. Reprinting and electronic dissemination are prohibited by law.*

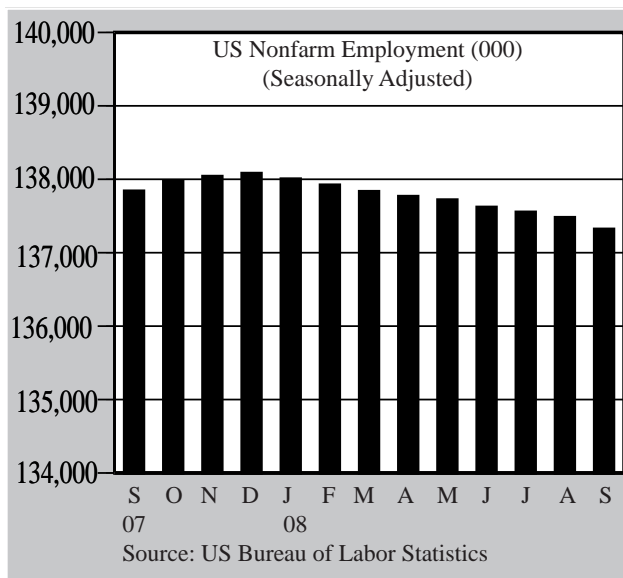
*\* Latest Month - 2nd Qtr. 2008; Month Ago - 1st Qtr. 2008; Year Ago - 2nd Qtr. 2007 (annualized data)*

*\*\* Not seasonally adjusted.*

*\*\*\* Includes only total new cars and new light trucks/vans (weight class 0-10,000 lbs.) registered in NJ.*

## Economic Situation: The Nation

Economic conditions in the nation continued to weaken during September as the financial markets struggled to recover from the credit crisis brought on by mounting mortgage losses and falling home prices in the slumping residential housing sector. Employment fell for the ninth consecutive month, while the unemployment rate remained at a five-year high of 6.1 percent. Steep monthly declines were recorded in industrial production and retail sales. Consumers received some relief as energy prices fell for the second consecutive month and the overall price index held steady during September.



Nonfarm payroll employment declined for the ninth consecutive month in September, falling by 159,000, which was more than double the average monthly job loss from January through August (-75,000). Monthly job losses in manufacturing, construction and retail trade outweighed modest gains in health care and mining. Since the start of 2008, payrolls have decreased by a total of 760,000.

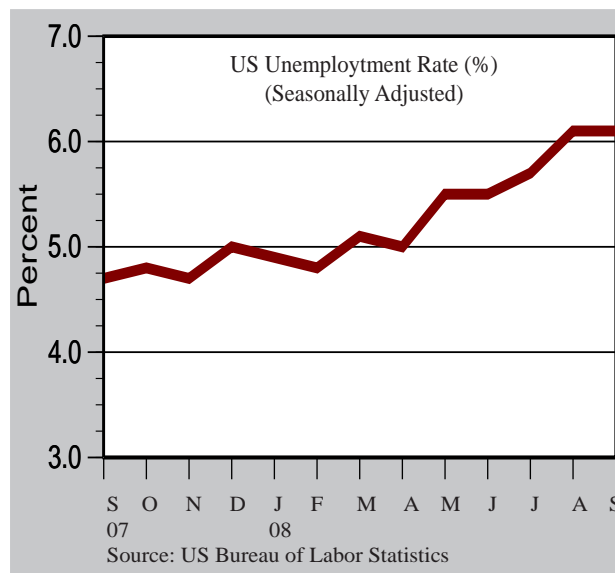
The unemployment rate remained unchanged at a five-year high of 6.1 percent after rising by 0.4 percentage point in August. Compared with a year ago, the number of unemployed persons has increased by 2.2 million and the jobless rate has risen by 1.4 percentage points. The number of long-term unemployed (27 weeks or more) also continued to climb, rising by 167,000 in September to 2.0 million and accounting for 21.1 percent of total unemployment; the number of long-term unemployed also reached a five-year high during September.

Manufacturing employment fell by 51,000 during the month, with job losses totaling 442,000 over the past 12 months. Motor vehicles and parts makers shed 18,000 jobs in September; employment in that industry has declined by 140,000 compared with a year ago. Construction lost 35,000 jobs over the month and 607,000 since its peak in September 2006, with 85 percent of the job losses during the past two years occurring in the residential components. Retail trade employment declined by 40,000 over the month, with employment down by 250,000 during the past 12 months. Since May, nearly 48,000 jobs have been lost at auto and parts dealerships as credit has tightened and consumers have cut back on big ticket items.

Health care employment continued to trend up during September, but the gain of 17,000 was only about half of the average monthly increase during the previous 12 months (+30,000). Mining continued to add jobs during the month (+8,000) and was up by 241,000 compared with the industry's low point in April 2003.

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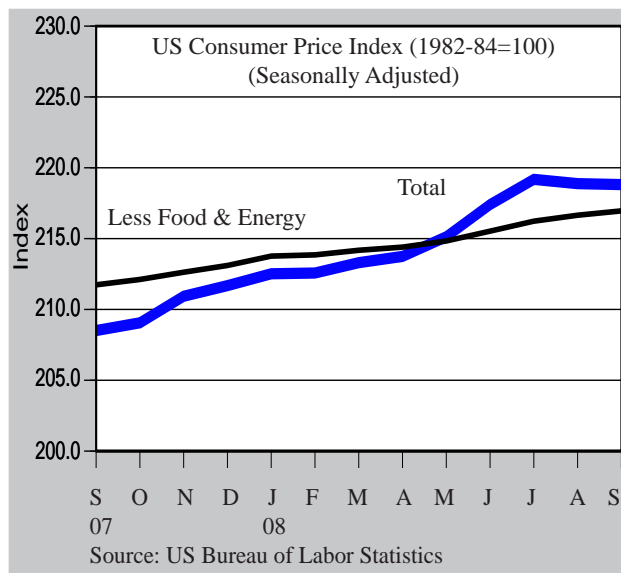
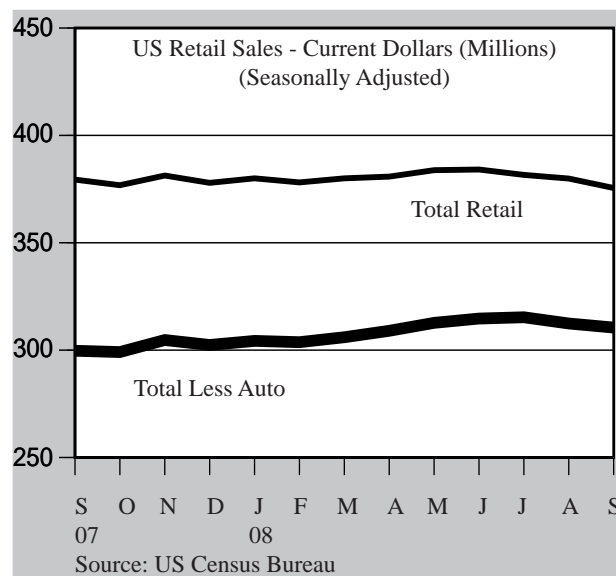
## Economic Situation: The Nation

Following a decrease of 1.0 percent in August, industrial production declined by 2.8 percent in September, with disruption from hurricanes Gustav and Ike accounting for about 2.2 percentage points of the monthly decrease. Factory output was down by 4.8 percent compared with a year ago, reflecting widespread weakness in manufacturing, mining and utilities. Motor vehicle production was down by 16.4 percent compared with September 2007.

Wary shoppers cut back on spending for the third consecutive month causing retail sales to fall by 1.2 percent in September, the largest monthly decrease in three years. The impact of the credit crunch was felt in auto showrooms as sales fell by 3.8 percent over the month and by 18.5 percent from a year ago. Excluding autos, sales decreased by 0.6 percent over the month with widespread declines. Compared with a year ago, retail sales were down by 1.0 percent.

Declines in retail sales heading into the holiday shopping season are of concern for future economic growth since consumer spending accounts for about two-thirds of total economic activity. Final data for the second quarter of 2008 show that the national economy grew at a rate of 2.8 percent compared with growth of 0.9 percent in the first quarter of 2008 and a retreat in growth of -0.2 percent in the final quarter of 2007.

Consumers got some relief as prices remained unchanged in September after a 0.1 percent decrease in the Consumer Price Index in August. A decline of 1.9 percent in energy prices during September was offset by advances in other categories, including food and medical care, which rose 0.6 and 0.3 percent, respectively. Despite the reprieve of the past two months, prices have steadily risen for most of the year with the overall index for the first nine months of 2008 up at an annual rate of 4.5 percent and the energy index up by 16.6 percent.

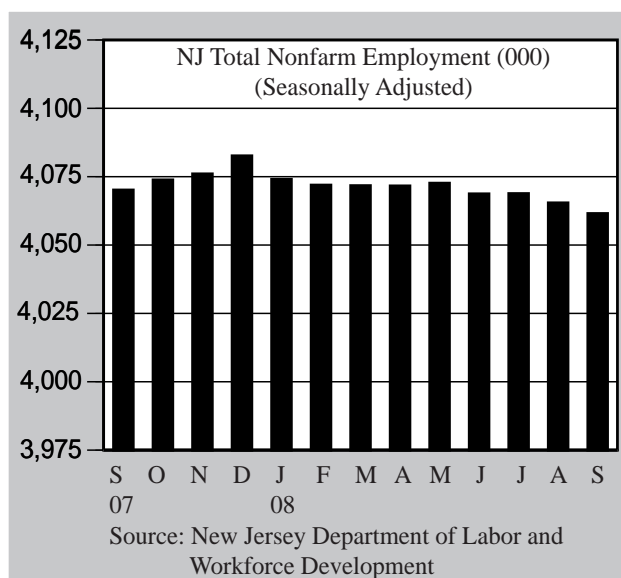


Residential construction fell to its slowest pace in 17 years dropping 6.3 percent over the month and 31.1 percent over the year. Building permits declined by 8.3 percent in September and fell to the lowest level since November 1981. During August, sales of new and existing homes remained below the levels of a year ago by 34.5 and 10.7 percent, respectively.

The Consumer Confidence Index edged up 2.2 percent in September but did not include all the recent turmoil in the financial sector. Compared with September 2007, the index was down 39.9 percent, reflecting a deterioration in consumers' assessment of the current economic situation (-51.5%) as well as a lowering of expectations for the next six months (-28.8%).

## Economic Situation: The State

During September, the ongoing slump in residential housing and weakness in the financial and credit markets continued to impact economic conditions in New Jersey, as well as in the nation. Employment continued to trend down, while the unemployment rate edged below the level of a month ago. Year-to-date totals for construction contracts, building permits and vehicle registrations remained below the levels recorded in 2007.



Nonfarm payroll employment fell by 3,900 in September to 4,061,500 after a revised loss of 3,400 in August. During the first nine months of this year, New Jersey has lost 21,100 jobs, or an average of 2,300 per month, with the largest declines occurring in those supersectors hardest hit by the economic downturn, including construction (-3,900), manufacturing (-9,900) and financial activities (-5,900).

The largest monthly employment loss occurred in financial activities which fell by 1,900 largely due to cutbacks by banks, mortgage companies and security brokerage firms. Manufacturing shed 1,800 jobs with

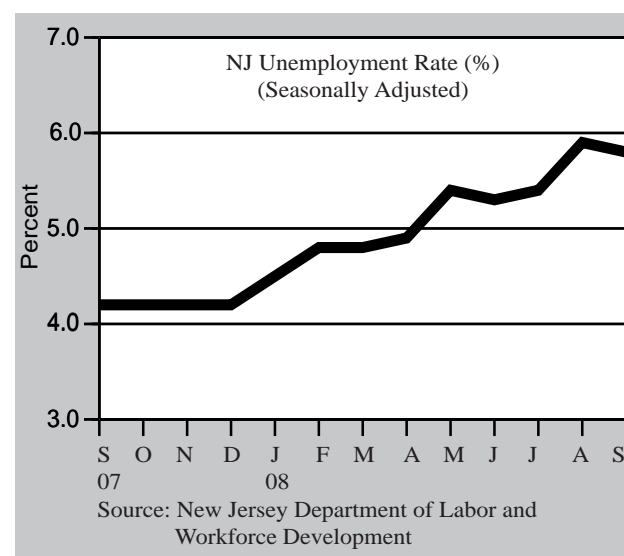
losses reported in both the durable (-1,200) and nondurable (-600) components. Construction and information also declined during the month by 800 and 600, respectively.

Education and health services continued to add jobs, recording a gain of 1,000 in September due to strength in health care and social assistance. Employment in this supersector has grown by 6,000 since the start of the year. Smaller monthly gains were recorded in professional and business services (+200) and trade, transportation and utilities (+200).

The unemployment rate edged down to 5.8 percent in September from 5.9 percent in August and remained below the national rate which held steady at 6.1 percent for the second consecutive month. New Jersey's jobless rate was above the level of a year ago of 4.2 percent.

The insured unemployment rate (IUR), which is based only on employment covered by unemployment insurance, increased sharply to 3.6 percent in September from 3.3 percent in August. The IUR was up from a year ago when it was 2.9 percent and had not reached 3.6 percent since May 2002. Other measures of unemployment also reflected rising claims volume during the first nine months of the year, with the weekly average of initial claims and the number of claimants exhausting benefits up by 6.6 and 11.3 percent, respectively, compared with the same period a year ago.

According to McGraw-Hill Construction, construction contracts for the first nine

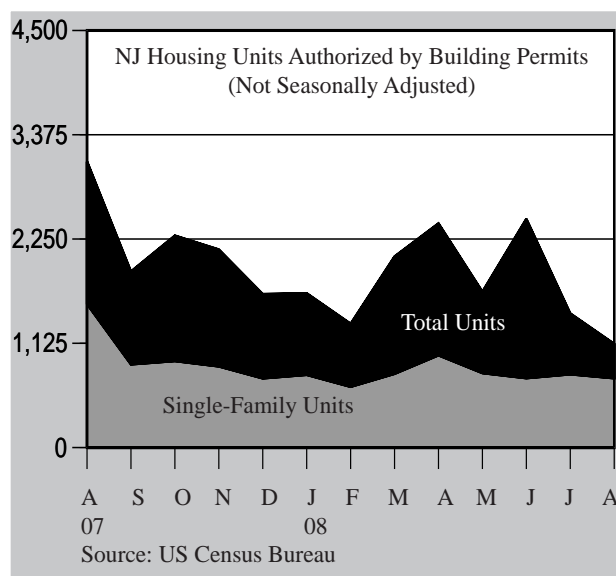


## Economic Situation: The State

months of the year in New Jersey were down by 9.9 percent compared with a decline of 14.4 percent nationally during the same period. The year-to-date gain in contracts for nonresidential building (+26.6%) in New Jersey was outweighed by declines in contracts for residential construction (-30.6%) and nonbuilding projects, such as public works projects for road and bridge improvements (-31.9%).

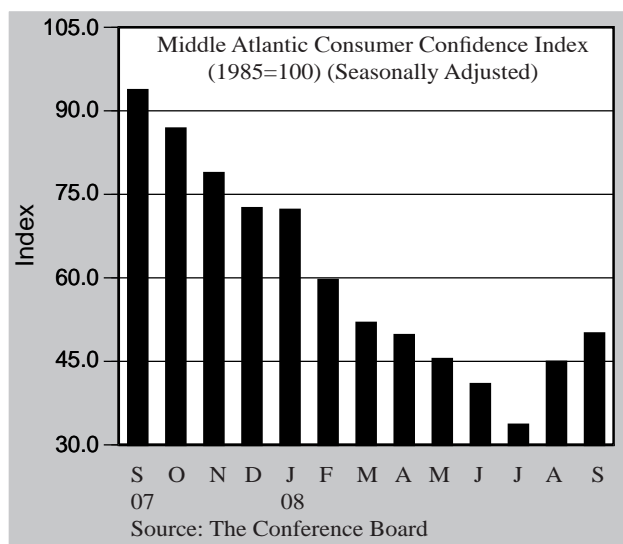
Planned homebuilding from January through August declined by 18.8 percent compared with the first eight months of 2007, largely due to a year-to-date decrease in building permits for single-family homes (-33.9%) which offset an increase in the planned construction of multi-family units (+20.1%). Nationally, building permits were down by 34.5 percent during the first eight months of this year.

In the Northeast, sales of new and existing homes in August remained below the levels of a year ago by 45.8 and 15.0 percent, respectively. Construction of new homes in September also lagged behind housing starts a year ago (-18.2%) while building permits for future construction were even further below the pace of 2007 (-32.6%).



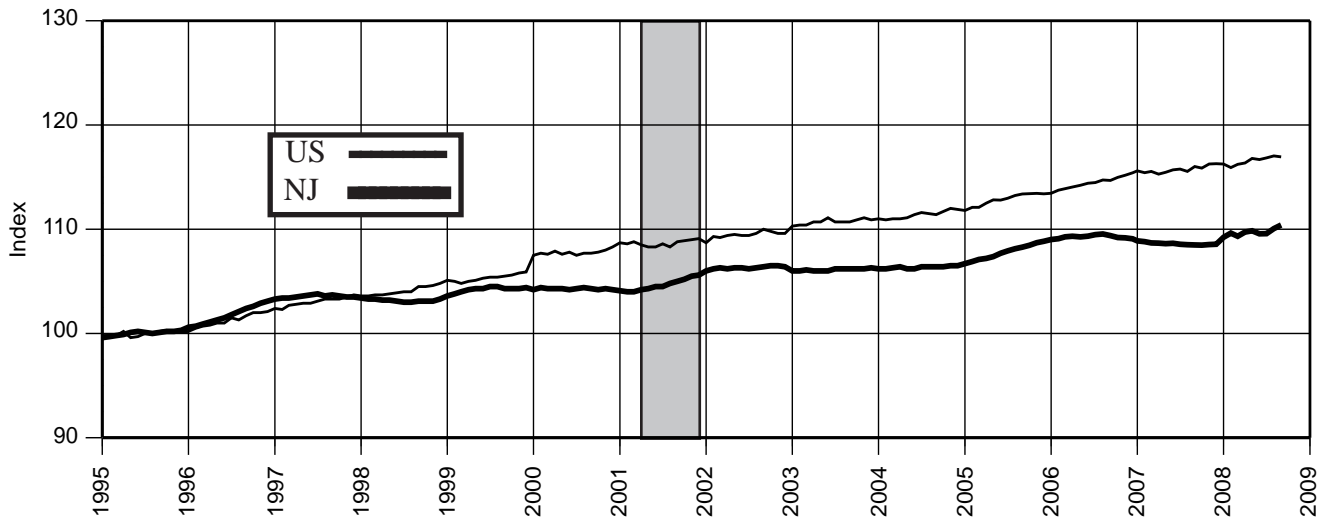
During the first eight months of 2008, vehicle sales, as measured by vehicle registrations, were down by 6.4 percent compared with the same period in 2007. Year-to-date passenger car sales edged up slightly (+0.1%), but sales of light trucks and vans plummeted as consumers opted for more fuel efficient vehicles (-13.8%). Vehicle registrations in the U.S. fell by 12.2 percent from January through August compared with the same period a year ago.

From August to September, consumer prices decreased 0.2 percent on an unadjusted basis in the metropolitan area covering northern New Jersey and New York compared with a decline of 0.1 percent nationally. Since September 2007, the Consumer Price Index was up 5.2 percent in northern New Jersey, while U.S. prices rose by 4.9 percent over the same period.

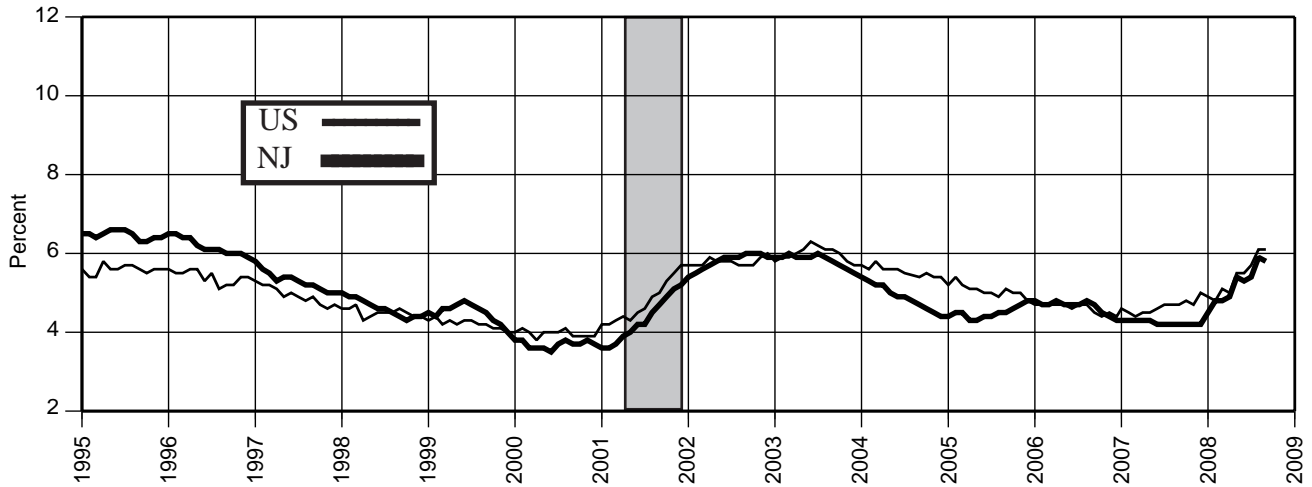


Consumer confidence in the Middle Atlantic region rose during September by 11.4 percent, but the Consumer Confidence Index remained at a historically low level. Compared with a year ago, the index was down by 46.6 percent as consumers' assessment of current economic conditions declined (-55.3%) along with their short-term outlook (-37.8%).

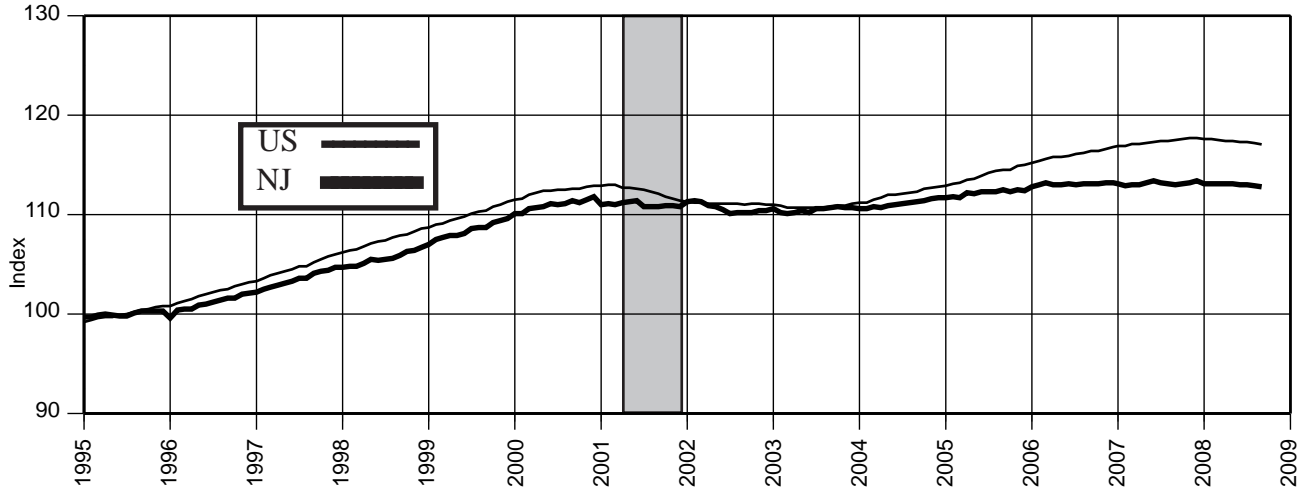
**Civilian Labor Force (1995=100)**



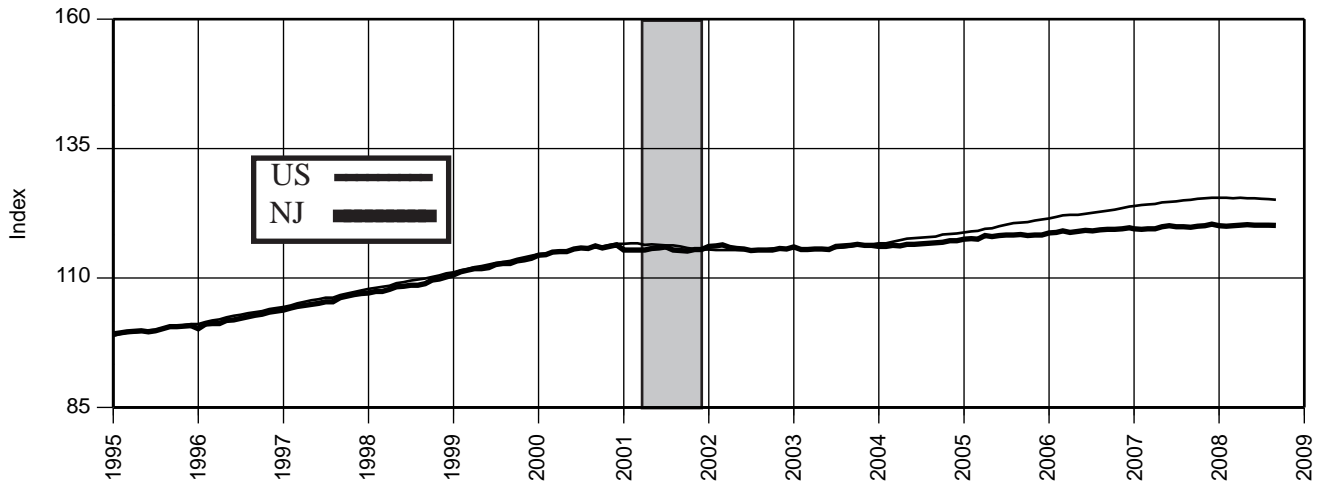
**Unemployment Rate (%)**



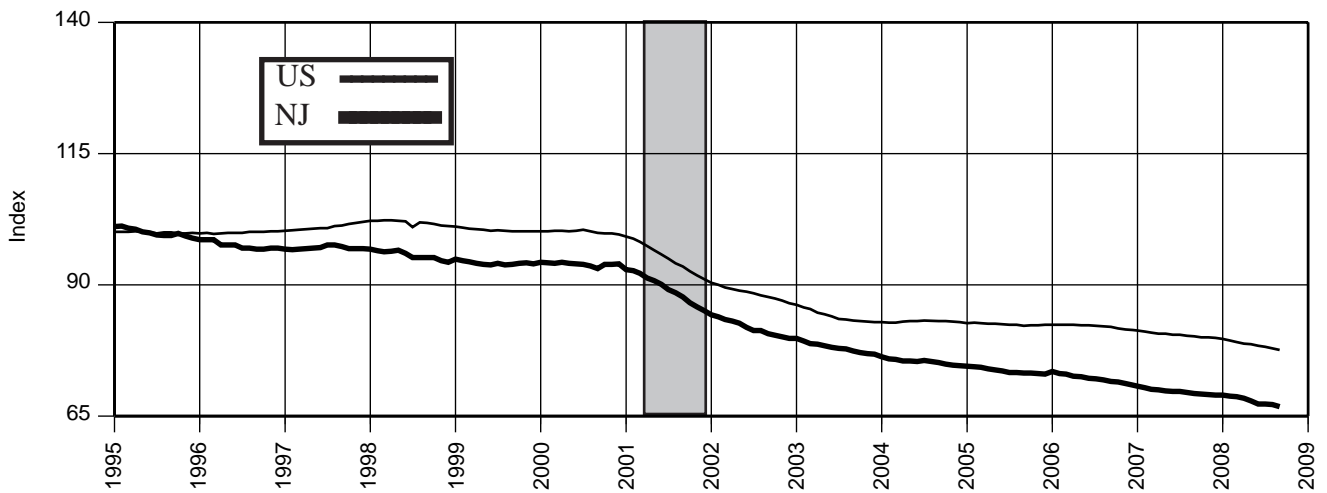
**Nonfarm Payroll Employment (1995=100)**



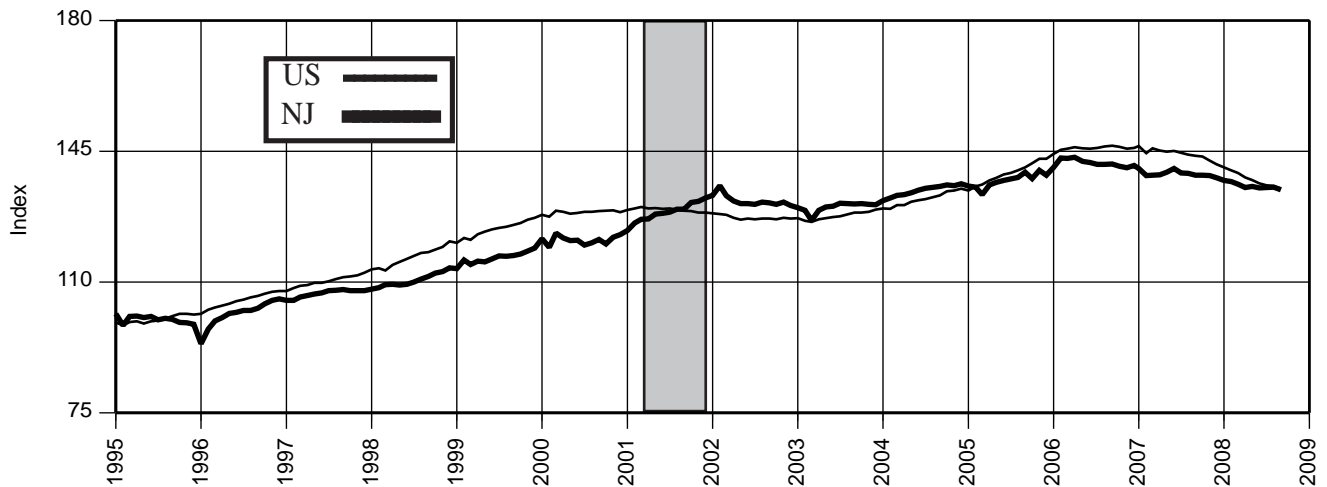
**Private Service Providing Employment (1995=100)**



**Manufacturing Employment (1995=100)**

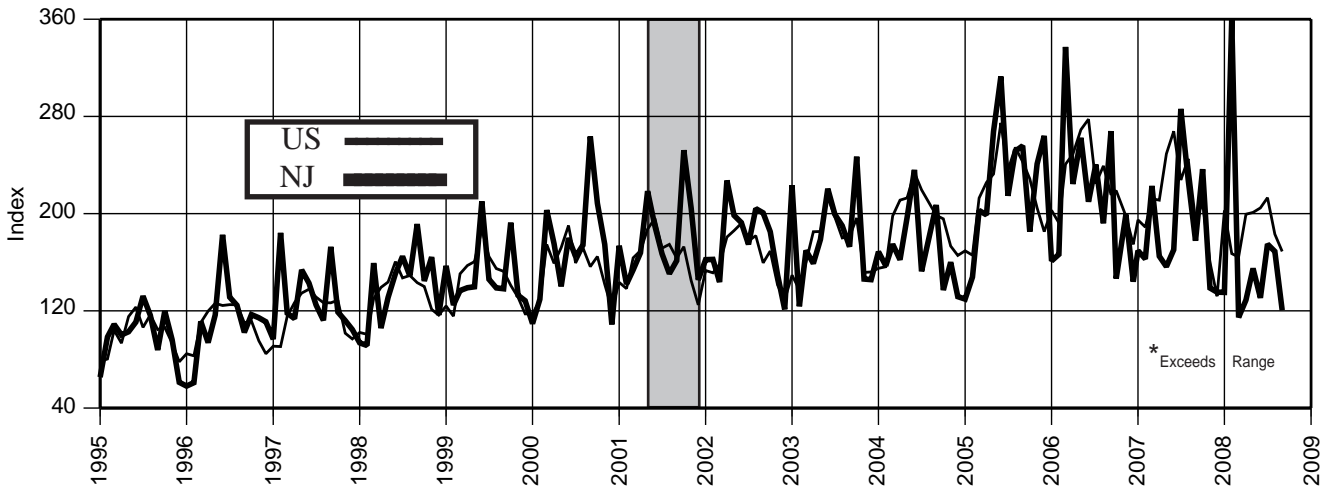


**Construction Employment (1995=100)**

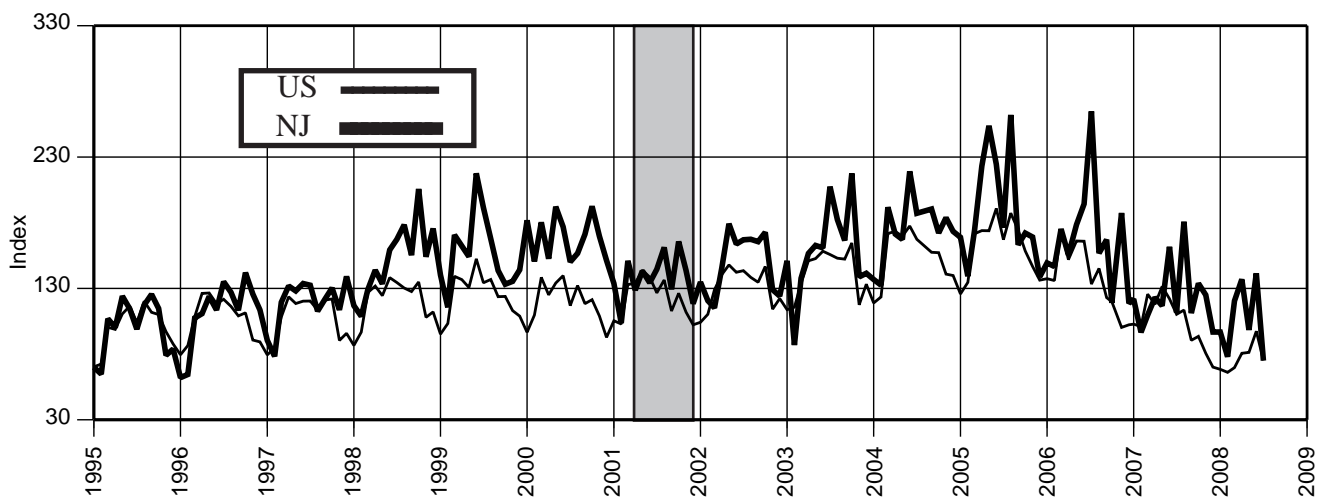


**Total Construction Contracts Awarded (1995=100)-Unadj.**

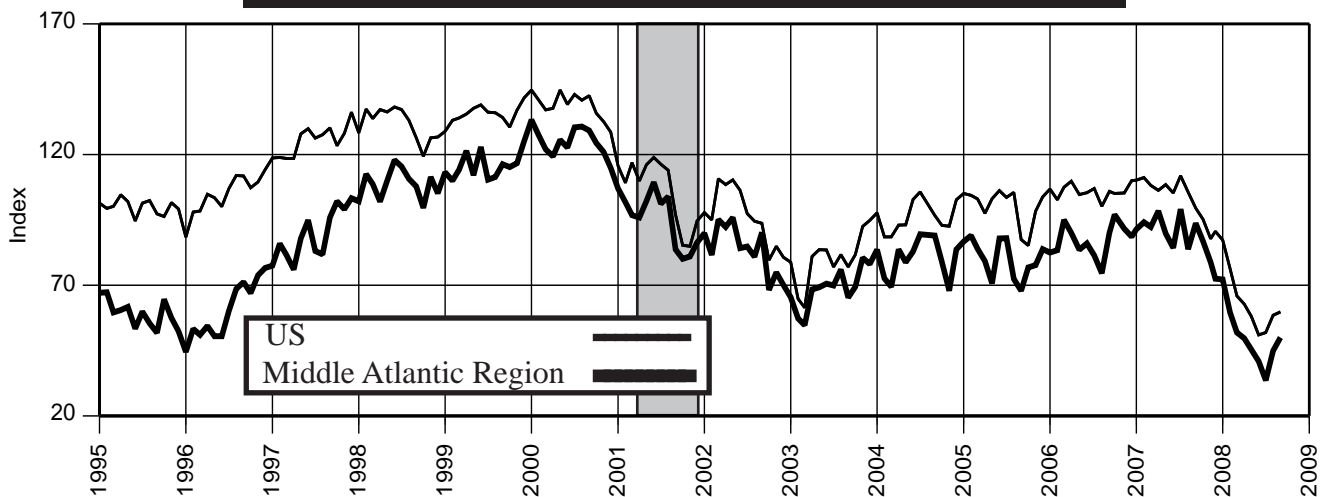
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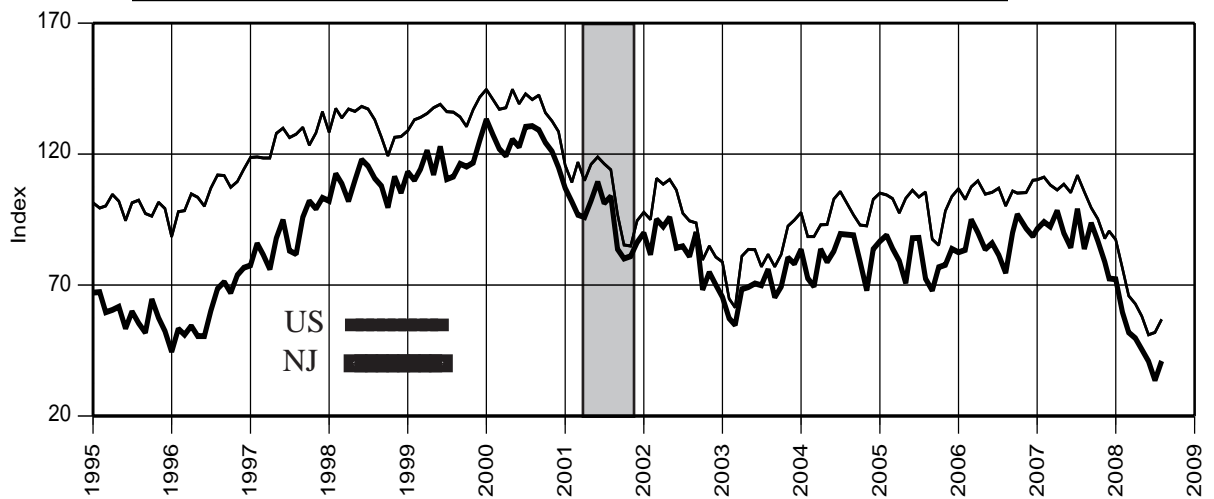
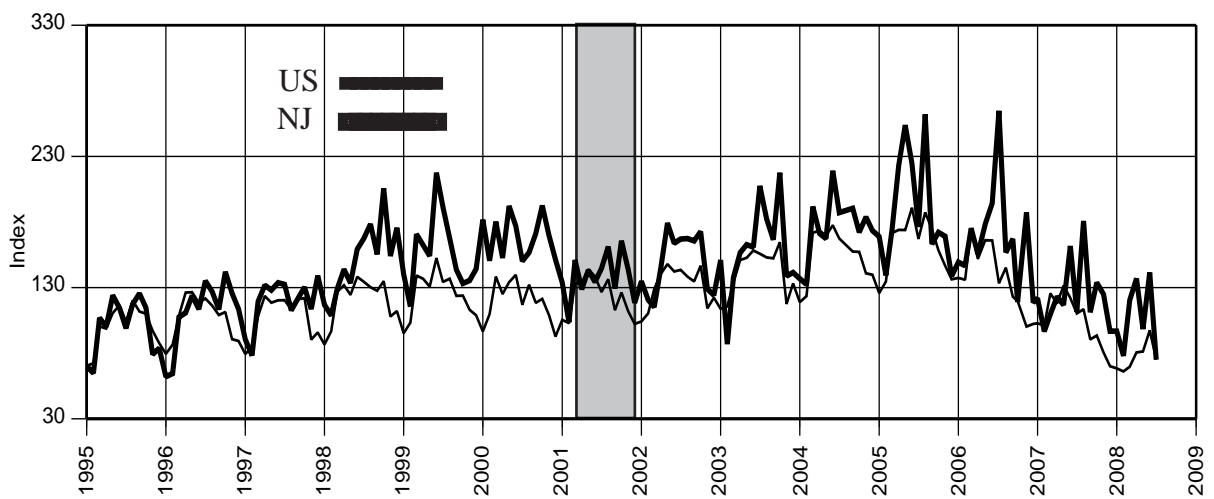
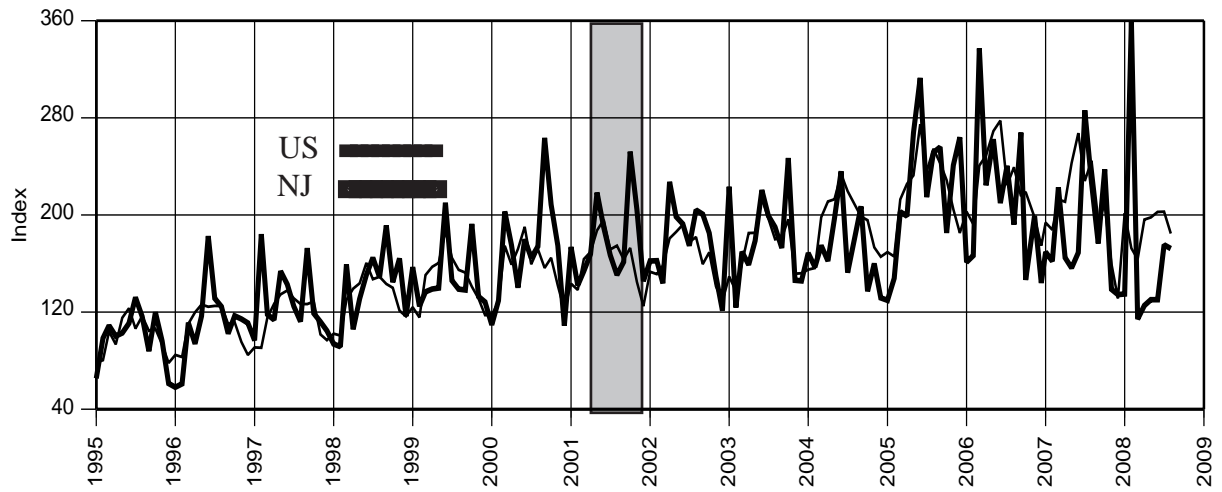


**Dwelling Units Authorized (1995=100)-Unadj.**



**Consumer Confidence Index (1995=100) - Unadj.**





### **Northern Region**

In September, the New York Jets opened a new \$75-million complex in Florham Park (Morris County). The move will consolidate all of the team's business and football operations previously located in Long Island, New York. The facility includes training rooms, practice fields and offices that will host about 200 employees.

The U.S. Department of Commerce has awarded a \$1.5 million grant to help fund a new section of the University Heights Science Park in Newark (Essex County). The new facilities are expected and attract more than \$20 million in private investment.

awarded a \$1.5 million grant to help fund Science Park in Newark (Essex County). The new facilities are expected and attract more than \$20 million in private investment.

### **Southern Region**

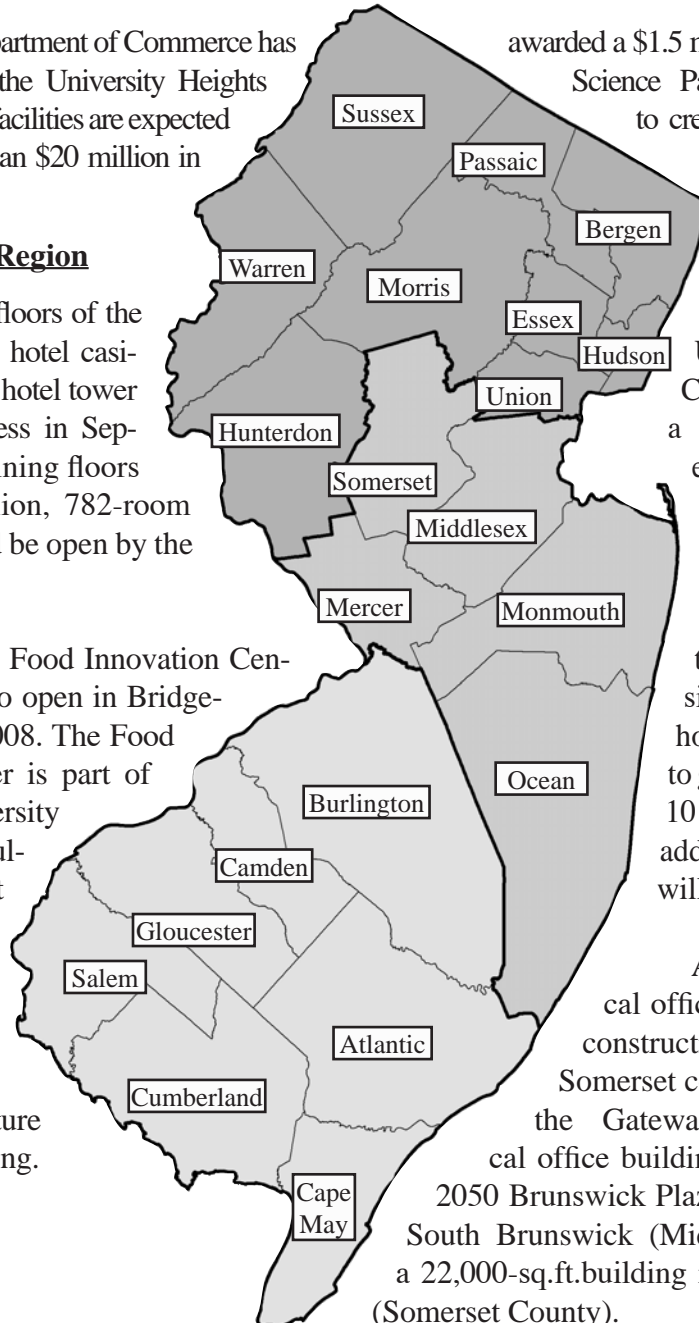
The first 20 floors of the Trump Taj Mahal hotel casino's new 40-story hotel tower opened for business in September. The remaining floors of the \$255-million, 782-room expansion should be open by the end of 2008.

The Rutgers Food Innovation Center is scheduled to open in Bridgeton in October 2008. The Food Innovation Center is part of the Rutgers University network of Agricultural Experiment Stations and will assist farmers and food manufacturers in solving problems related to agriculture and food processing.

### **Central Region**

Jersey Shore University Medical Center is undergoing a \$300 million facility expansion in Neptune (Monmouth County) that is expected to be completed in July 2009. The construction has been underway since June 2006. The hospital expects the staff to grow by approximately 10 percent to address the additional patients that will be treated.

A number of medical office buildings are under construction in Middlesex and Somerset counties. These include the Gateway Commons Medical office building (18,000-sq.ft.), the 2050 Brunswick Plaza I medical offices in South Brunswick (Middlesex County), and a 22,000-sq.ft. building in Franklin Commons (Somerset County).



**Labor Area Focus (cont.)****Labor Area Nonfarm Payroll Employment**

(not seasonally adjusted)

	2007				2008								
	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep
<b>Atlantic City Labor Area (Atlantic County)</b>													
<b>Total Nonfarm</b>	151.7	149.3	149.2	149.6	145.8	145.7	146.8	147.8	150.1	152.7	154.5	153.9	152.7
<b>Total Private Sector</b>	129.0	126.5	126.3	126.7	123.6	123.2	124.1	125.1	127.2	130.3	132.4	131.7	130.1
<b>Government</b>	22.7	22.8	22.9	22.9	22.2	22.5	22.7	22.7	22.9	22.4	22.1	22.2	22.6
<b>Bergen-Passaic Labor Area (Bergen &amp; Passaic counties)</b>													
<b>Total Nonfarm</b>	660.0	664.7	669.6	672.2	650.8	650.8	654.0	658.7	662.3	666.1	657.1	654.1	660.2
<b>Total Private Sector</b>	579.9	582.7	586.5	589.0	569.8	568.3	571.1	575.2	579.3	582.6	578.0	577.6	579.8
<b>Government</b>	80.1	82.0	83.1	83.2	81.0	82.5	82.9	83.5	83.0	83.5	79.1	76.5	80.4
<b>Camden Labor Area (Burlington, Camden &amp; Gloucester counties)</b>													
<b>Total Nonfarm</b>	540.5	545.1	548.2	550.1	535.9	535.6	540.1	543.0	545.7	550.0	541.2	538.9	539.8
<b>Total Private Sector</b>	454.4	455.2	457.7	459.8	447.0	444.9	448.8	451.6	455.3	459.3	457.1	455.7	452.7
<b>Government</b>	86.1	89.9	90.5	90.3	88.9	90.7	91.3	91.4	90.4	90.7	84.1	83.2	87.1
<b>Edison Labor Area (Middlesex, Monmouth, Ocean &amp; Somerset counties)</b>													
<b>Total Nonfarm</b>	1,045.0	1,046.3	1,049.0	1,049.0	1,015.7	1,014.4	1,025.0	1,034.8	1,045.2	1,060.6	1,052.4	1,047.9	1,040.3
<b>Total Private Sector</b>	899.0	893.7	895.6	896.2	865.7	861.2	870.0	880.6	891.4	907.1	908.1	906.3	894.1
<b>Government</b>	146.0	152.6	153.4	152.8	150.0	153.2	155.0	154.2	153.8	153.5	144.3	141.6	146.2
<b>Jersey City Labor Area (Hudson County)</b>													
<b>Total Nonfarm</b>	248.5	250.8	251.2	252.3	246.6	247.0	248.0	247.3	248.4	248.4	244.3	243.6	248.5
<b>Total Private Sector</b>	208.5	209.4	209.5	210.2	205.0	204.8	205.7	205.7	206.5	207.1	204.7	205.3	208.3
<b>Government</b>	40.0	41.4	41.7	42.1	41.6	42.2	42.3	41.6	41.9	41.3	39.6	38.3	40.2
<b>Newark Labor Area (Essex, Hunterdon, Morris, Sussex &amp; Union counties)</b>													
<b>Total Nonfarm</b>	1,036.0	1,040.2	1,043.9	1,048.9	1,023.3	1,021.1	1,025.6	1,032.4	1,039.6	1,047.4	1,036.7	1,031.0	1,033.5
<b>Total Private Sector</b>	872.0	873.9	876.2	880.4	857.5	853.8	858.3	864.1	871.6	879.2	873.6	870.8	869.8
<b>Government</b>	164.0	166.3	167.7	168.5	165.8	167.3	167.3	168.3	168.0	168.2	163.1	160.2	163.7
<b>Ocean City Labor Area (Cape May County)</b>													
<b>Total Nonfarm</b>	48.9	41.7	39.0	38.5	34.9	34.8	35.5	38.2	43.5	52.6	57.3	56.4	48.8
<b>Total Private Sector</b>	38.8	32.2	29.6	29.1	25.6	25.5	26.2	28.9	33.7	42.0	47.3	46.5	38.7
<b>Government</b>	10.1	9.5	9.4	9.4	9.3	9.3	9.3	9.3	9.8	10.6	10.0	9.9	10.1
<b>Salem Labor Area (Salem County)</b>													
<b>Total Nonfarm</b>	23.4	23.3	23.5	23.4	23.4	23.4	23.4	23.9	24.3	24.3	23.7	23.7	23.8
<b>Total Private Sector</b>	18.7	18.5	18.6	18.5	18.5	18.5	18.5	19.0	19.3	19.3	19.3	19.2	19.1
<b>Government</b>	4.7	4.8	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9	5.0	5.0	4.4	4.5	4.7
<b>Trenton-Ewing Labor Area (Mercer County)</b>													
<b>Total Nonfarm</b>	237.2	239.3	240.2	240.9	237.5	237.1	238.4	239.4	239.0	239.8	237.4	236.1	236.8
<b>Total Private Sector</b>	170.8	171.8	172.7	173.3	169.7	169.1	170.2	171.3	172.1	172.7	171.9	171.0	170.8
<b>Government</b>	66.4	67.5	67.5	67.6	67.8	68.0	68.2	68.1	66.9	67.1	65.5	65.1	66.0
<b>Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton Labor Area (Cumberland County)</b>													
<b>Total Nonfarm</b>	62.1	62.5	62.5	62.4	60.9	60.9	61.1	61.3	61.9	61.8	59.6	59.4	60.7
<b>Total Private Sector</b>	47.4	47.4	47.3	47.2	46.0	45.7	45.8	46.1	46.6	46.8	46.6	46.4	46.3
<b>Government</b>	14.7	15.1	15.2	15.2	14.9	15.2	15.3	15.2	15.3	15.0	13.0	13.0	14.4
<b>Warren Labor Area (Warren County)</b>													
<b>Total Nonfarm</b>	39.4	39.3	39.2	39.1	38.1	37.9	37.9	38.0	38.6	38.7	38.3	38.9	36.4
<b>Total Private Sector</b>	32.7	32.5	32.4	32.4	31.6	31.3	31.3	31.4	31.8	31.9	31.9	32.6	30.3
<b>Government</b>	6.7	6.8	6.8	6.7	6.5	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.8	6.8	6.4	6.3	6.1

**Labor Area Focus (cont.)****Labor Area Civilian Labor Force**

(seasonally adjusted)

	2007				2008								
	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep
<b>Atlantic City Labor Area (Atlantic County)</b>													
Labor Force	135.0	134.6	135.1	135.6	136.5	137.8	136.7	136.4	136.9	135.9	136.6	138.1	138.0
Employment	127.1	126.7	127.4	127.7	128.5	129.7	128.4	127.9	127.7	127.1	127.7	127.8	127.7
Unemployment Volume	7.9	7.9	7.7	7.9	8.0	8.1	8.3	8.5	9.2	8.8	8.9	10.3	10.3
Unemployment Rate (%)	5.9	5.9	5.7	5.8	5.9	5.9	6.1	6.2	6.7	6.5	6.5	7.5	7.5
<b>Bergen-Passaic Labor Area (Bergen &amp; Passaic Counties)</b>													
Labor Force	713.2	711.6	713.6	713.1	715.6	718.5	716.4	720.1	721.8	719.7	720.8	724.5	724.3
Employment	683.9	682.2	684.5	682.2	683.1	684.1	682.1	685.5	684.1	683.1	684.0	683.6	684.4
Unemployment Volume	29.3	29.4	29.1	30.9	32.5	34.4	34.3	34.6	37.7	36.6	36.8	40.9	39.9
Unemployment Rate (%)	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.3	4.5	4.8	4.8	4.8	5.2	5.1	5.1	5.6	5.5
<b>Camden Labor Area (Burlington, Camden &amp; Gloucester Counties)</b>													
Labor Force	658.5	657.4	660.3	659.8	663.7	666.4	664.9	665.2	667.7	666.3	667.1	670.5	669.2
Employment	630.6	629.1	632.1	630.2	632.9	633.9	632.2	633.2	631.9	631.3	631.6	631.1	630.9
Unemployment Volume	27.9	28.3	28.2	29.6	30.8	32.5	32.7	32.0	35.8	35.0	35.5	39.4	38.3
Unemployment Rate (%)	4.2	4.3	4.3	4.5	4.6	4.9	4.9	4.8	5.4	5.3	5.3	5.9	5.7
<b>Edison Labor Area (Middlesex, Monmouth, Somerset &amp; Ocean Counties)</b>													
Labor Force	1,195.2	1,190.9	1,194.5	1,192.1	1,196.8	1,201.5	1,199.2	1,204.1	1,206.4	1,204.2	1,205.5	1,209.9	1,211.0
Employment	1,149.0	1,145.6	1,149.2	1,144.1	1,146.8	1,147.2	1,144.8	1,149.4	1,146.3	1,145.2	1,146.0	1,144.2	1,146.5
Unemployment Volume	46.2	45.3	45.3	48.0	50.0	54.3	54.4	54.7	60.1	59.0	59.5	65.7	64.5
Unemployment Rate (%)	3.9	3.8	3.8	4.0	4.2	4.5	4.5	4.5	5.0	4.9	4.9	5.4	5.3
<b>Jersey City Labor Area (Hudson County)</b>													
Labor Force	290.5	290.0	290.7	290.0	292.1	293.2	292.7	293.6	295.2	294.2	294.6	296.5	296.3
Employment	276.1	275.4	276.3	275.0	276.5	276.6	275.8	277.1	276.4	275.9	276.3	275.8	276.3
Unemployment Volume	14.4	14.6	14.4	15.0	15.6	16.6	16.9	16.5	18.8	18.3	18.3	20.7	20.0
Unemployment Rate (%)	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.2	5.3	5.7	5.8	5.6	6.4	6.2	6.2	7.0	6.7
<b>Newark-Union Labor Area (Essex, Hunterdon, Morris, Sussex &amp; Union Counties)</b>													
Labor Force	1,063.8	1,059.6	1,061.8	1,061.2	1,067.0	1,069.6	1,067.0	1,071.2	1,075.3	1,073.1	1,074.1	1,079.3	1,079.6
Employment	1,019.2	1,014.4	1,017.2	1,014.2	1,018.2	1,017.6	1,014.5	1,018.8	1,017.3	1,016.5	1,017.0	1,016.4	1,018.5
Unemployment Volume	44.6	45.2	44.6	47.0	48.8	52.0	52.5	52.4	58.0	56.6	57.1	62.9	61.1
Unemployment Rate (%)	4.2	4.3	4.2	4.4	4.6	4.9	4.9	4.9	5.4	5.3	5.3	5.8	5.7
<b>Ocean City Labor Area (Cape May County)</b>													
Labor Force	56.8	56.9	56.7	56.9	56.9	57.4	57.2	57.1	57.8	58.8	57.9	58.7	58.5
Employment	53.1	53.2	53.1	53.1	53.0	53.5	53.0	52.8	53.3	54.3	53.5	53.5	53.5
Unemployment Volume	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.8	3.9	3.9	4.2	4.3	4.5	4.5	4.4	5.2	5.0
Unemployment Rate (%)	6.5	6.5	6.3	6.7	6.9	6.8	7.3	7.5	7.8	7.7	7.6	8.9	8.5
<b>Salem Labor Area (Salem County)</b>													
Labor Force	31.9	31.8	31.9	32.1	31.9	31.9	31.8	32.2	32.4	32.3	32.4	32.8	32.7
Employment	30.3	30.2	30.3	30.4	30.3	30.4	30.2	30.3	30.3	30.4	30.4	30.5	30.5
Unemployment Volume	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.9	2.1	1.9	2.0	2.3	2.2
Unemployment Rate (%)	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.3	5.0	4.7	5.0	5.9	6.5	5.9	6.2	7.0	6.7
<b>Trenton-Ewing Labor Area (Mercer County)</b>													
Labor Force	196.6	195.9	196.6	196.5	198.6	198.9	198.5	199.0	198.7	198.1	198.7	199.2	199.2
Employment	189.3	188.5	189.1	188.6	190.5	190.1	189.7	190.0	188.7	188.5	188.9	188.5	189.1
Unemployment Volume	7.3	7.4	7.5	7.9	8.1	8.8	8.8	9.0	10.0	9.6	9.8	10.7	10.1
Unemployment Rate (%)	3.7	3.8	3.8	4.0	4.1	4.4	4.4	4.5	5.0	4.8	4.9	5.4	5.1
<b>Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton Labor Area (Cumberland County)</b>													
Labor Force	68.1	68.0	68.3	68.4	68.6	69.6	68.7	68.8	69.2	69.2	69.4	69.8	70.0
Employment	63.7	63.7	64.0	64.0	63.8	64.7	63.9	63.7	63.8	64.0	64.1	63.7	63.9
Unemployment Volume	4.4	4.3	4.3	4.4	4.8	4.9	4.8	5.1	5.4	5.2	5.3	6.1	6.1
Unemployment Rate (%)	6.5	6.3	6.3	6.4	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.4	7.8	7.5	7.6	8.7	8.7

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NEW JERSEY  
ECONOMIC INDICATORS

NEW JERSEY  
ECONOMIC INDICATORS

NEW  
ECO

**Statistical Section  
and  
Notes**

INDICATORS

INDICATORS

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**Indicator Series 1-3 Resident Labor Force**

**1. Civilian Labor Force (000)**

Date	2005		2006		2007		2008	
	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.
Jan	4,352.9	4,387.4	4,447.4	4,482.4	4,459.2	4,477.1	4,463.8	4,491.2
Feb	4,378.2	4,397.1	4,467.6	4,485.7	4,456.1	4,474.0	4,486.3	4,507.7
Mar	4,387.8	4,402.5	4,475.0	4,493.0	4,461.4	4,469.0	4,481.4	4,495.3
Apr	4,385.1	4,407.5	4,470.9	4,495.4	4,439.0	4,468.1	4,483.2	4,511.9
May	4,401.2	4,415.0	4,478.8	4,492.8	4,445.1	4,466.1	4,502.7	4,516.8
Jun	4,466.0	4,428.2	4,537.0	4,495.7	4,505.7	4,467.6	4,552.7	4,505.0
Jul	4,499.5	4,437.6	4,563.8	4,501.7	4,526.4	4,463.7	4,582.2	4,505.6
Aug	4,475.4	4,446.0	4,531.6	4,504.3	4,475.2	4,462.0	4,563.1R	4,525.5R
Sep	4,430.9	4,452.3	4,466.2	4,497.8	4,441.6	4,461.0	4,511.4	4,539.7
Oct	4,458.9	4,459.7	4,484.1	4,490.3	4,447.1	4,460.3		
Nov	4,471.0	4,469.8	4,495.0	4,489.0	4,472.2	4,462.6		
Dec	4,472.0	4,475.5	4,496.0	4,485.2	4,466.3	4,463.8		

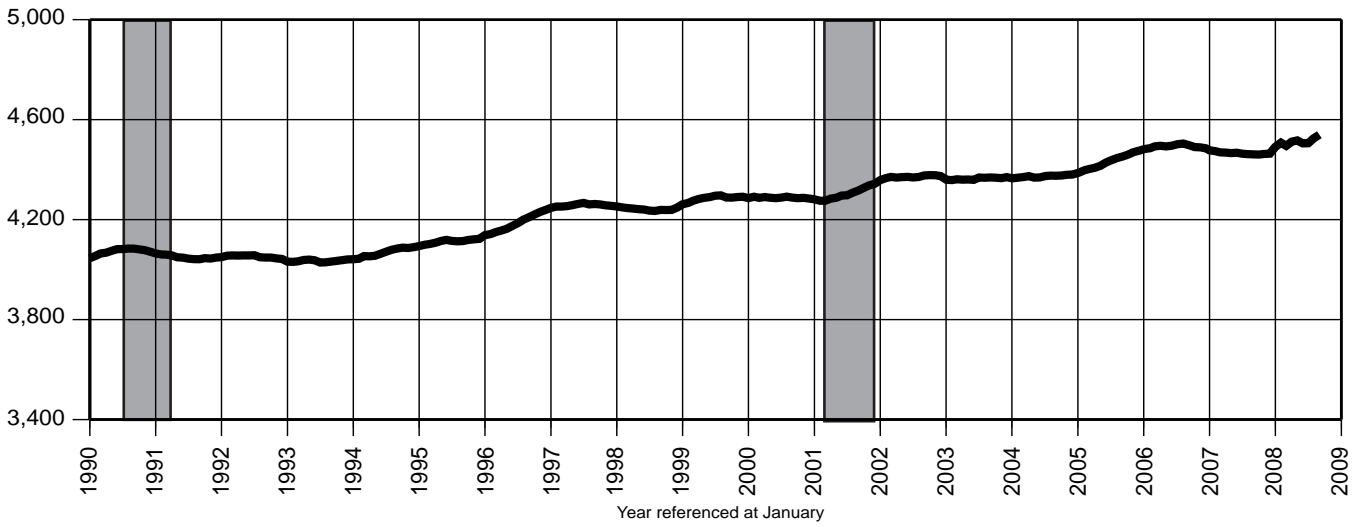
**2. Resident Employment (000)**

Date	2005		2006		2007		2008	
	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.
Jan	4,142.6	4,194.5	4,221.0	4,267.8	4,244.3	4,285.3	4,235.8	4,287.1
Feb	4,157.4	4,200.0	4,233.2	4,273.3	4,248.6	4,281.4	4,248.2	4,291.3
Mar	4,178.2	4,206.3	4,253.2	4,281.7	4,265.8	4,275.5	4,250.6	4,278.2
Apr	4,206.0	4,218.1	4,259.5	4,280.6	4,259.3	4,275.0	4,269.8	4,288.6
May	4,221.1	4,225.2	4,269.5	4,280.7	4,265.4	4,275.8	4,267.2	4,273.9
Jun	4,271.6	4,234.6	4,320.4	4,283.9	4,314.4	4,278.4	4,311.7	4,267.4
Jul	4,282.5	4,240.7	4,320.7	4,288.0	4,310.0	4,274.3	4,314.2	4,260.1
Aug	4,285.0	4,244.9	4,320.0	4,290.1	4,292.8	4,274.2	4,301.0R	4,258.1R
Sep	4,236.9	4,251.6	4,267.7	4,287.7	4,261.0	4,273.8	4,260.2	4,276.1
Oct	4,273.8	4,256.8	4,307.3	4,289.3	4,277.2	4,274.8		
Nov	4,266.8	4,260.0	4,310.8	4,289.7	4,297.1	4,274.6		
Dec	4,272.4	4,261.5	4,319.9	4,290.5	4,282.8	4,275.8		

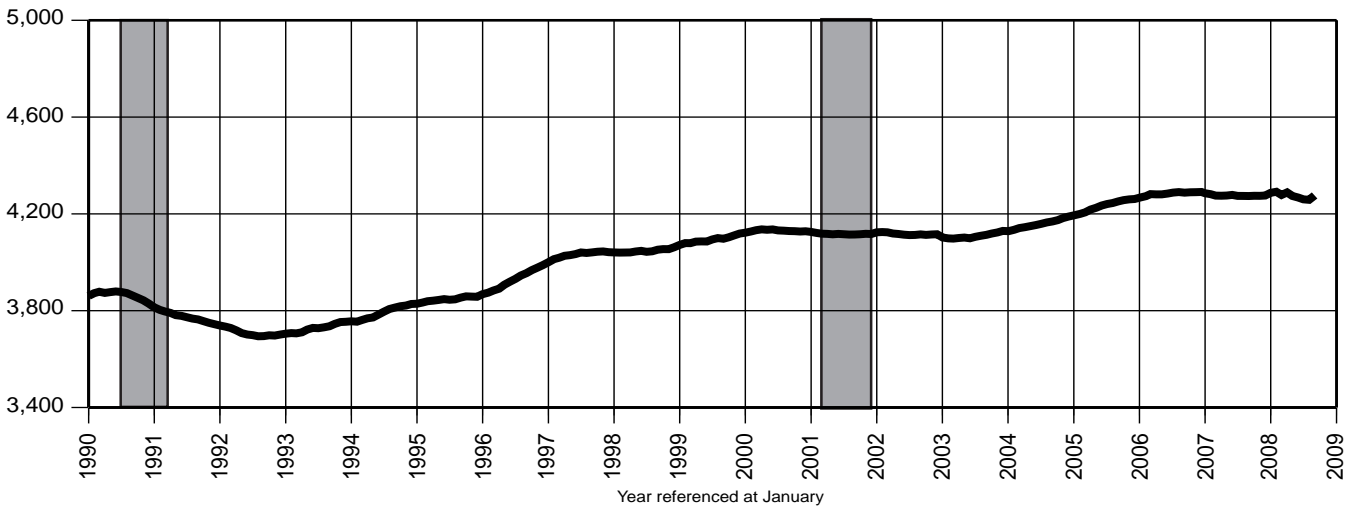
**3. Unemployment (000)**

Date	2005		2006		2007		2008	
	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.
Jan	210.3	192.9	226.4	214.6	214.9	191.8	228.1	204.1
Feb	220.9	197.1	234.4	212.4	207.4	192.6	238.2	216.3
Mar	209.6	196.2	221.7	211.3	195.6	193.6	230.8	217.1
Apr	179.1	189.4	211.4	214.8	179.7	193.1	213.4	223.3
May	180.1	189.8	209.2	212.2	179.7	190.3	235.5	242.9
Jun	194.3	193.6	216.6	211.8	191.3	189.3	241.0	237.6
Jul	217.0	197.0	243.1	213.7	216.4	189.4	268.0	245.5
Aug	190.4	201.1	211.6	214.1	182.5	187.7	262.1R	267.4R
Sep	194.1	200.6	198.4	210.1	180.6	187.2	251.3	263.6
Oct	185.1	203.0	176.7	200.9	169.9	185.5		
Nov	204.2	209.8	184.2	199.3	175.1	188.1		
Dec	199.6	214.0	176.1	194.8	183.5	188.0		

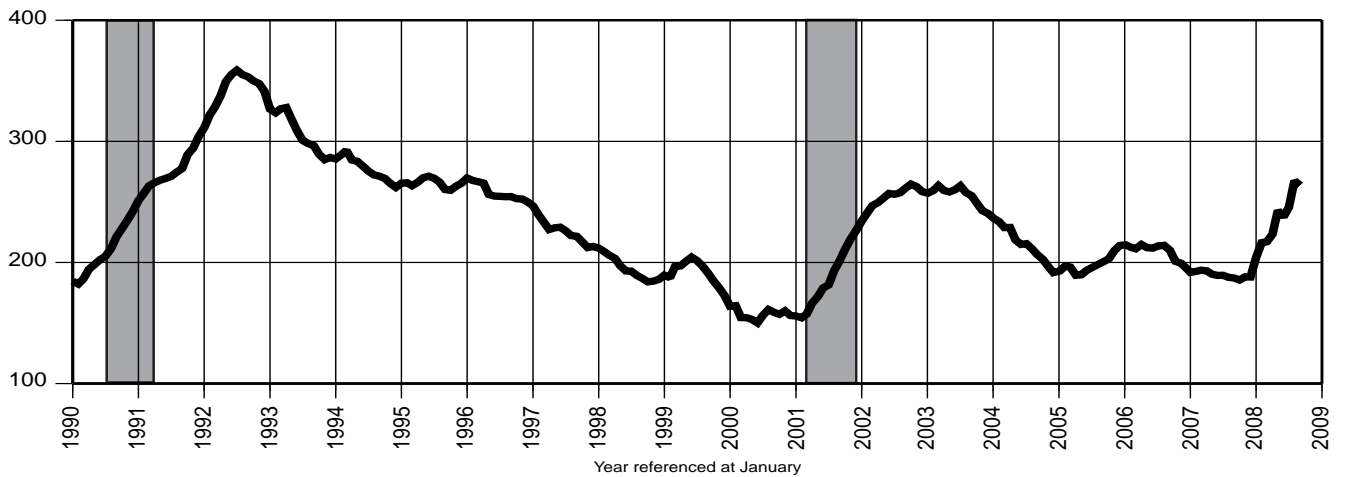
**1. Civilian Labor Force (000)**



**2. Resident Employment (000)**



**3. Unemployment (000)**



## Indicator Series 4-6 Resident Labor Force

### 4. Labor Force Participation Rate (%)

Date	2005		2006		2007		2008	
	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.
Jan	65.3	65.8	66.4	66.9	66.2	66.5	65.9	66.3
Feb	65.7	66.0	66.6	66.9	66.1	66.4	66.2	66.5
Mar	65.8	66.0	66.7	67.0	66.2	66.3	66.1	66.3
Apr	65.8	66.1	66.7	67.0	65.9	66.3	66.1	66.5
May	66.0	66.2	66.8	67.0	65.9	66.2	66.3	66.5
Jun	66.9	66.3	67.6	67.0	66.8	66.2	67.0	66.3
Jul	67.4	66.4	68.0	67.1	67.1	66.1	67.4	66.3
Aug	67.0	66.5	67.5	67.1	66.3	66.1	67.1	66.6 R
Sep	66.3	66.6	66.5	66.9	65.7	66.0	66.3	66.7
Oct	66.6	66.6	66.7	66.8	65.7	65.9		
Nov	66.8	66.8	66.8	66.7	66.1	65.9		
Dec	66.8	66.8	66.8	66.6	66.0	65.9		

### 5. Employment /Population Ratio (%)

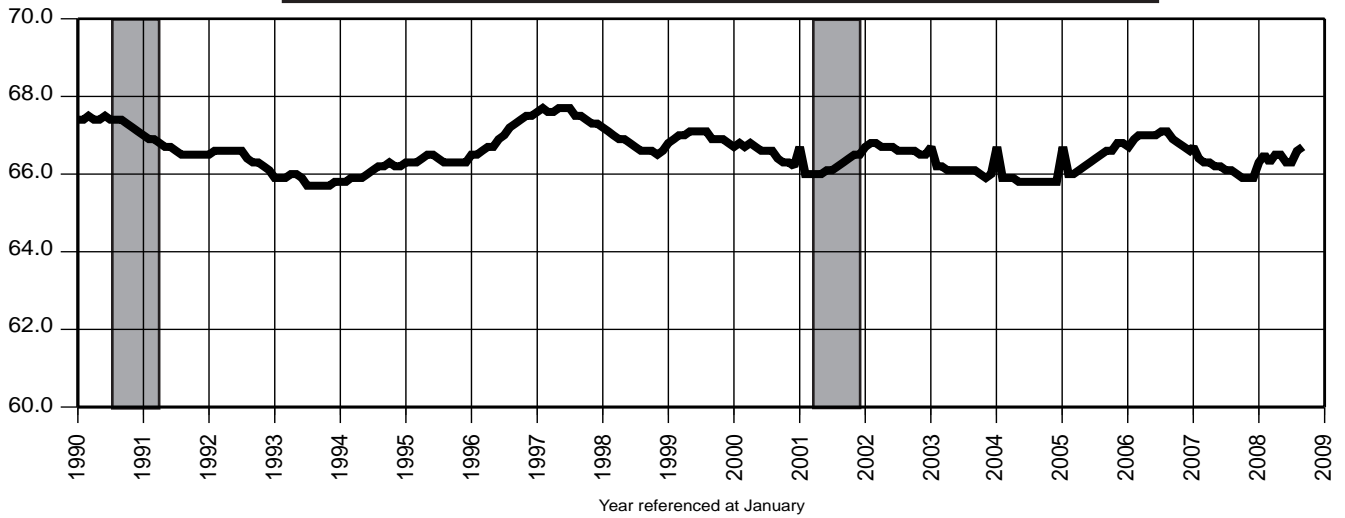
Date	2005		2006		2007		2008	
	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.
Jan	62.2	63.0	63.0	63.7	63.0	63.6	62.5	63.3
Feb	62.4	63.0	63.1	63.7	63.1	63.6	62.7	63.3
Mar	62.7	63.1	63.4	63.9	63.3	63.5	62.7	63.1
Apr	63.1	63.3	63.5	63.8	63.2	63.4	62.9	63.2
May	63.3	63.3	63.6	63.8	63.3	63.4	62.9	63.0
Jun	64.0	63.4	64.4	63.8	64.0	63.4	63.5	62.8
Jul	64.1	63.5	64.4	63.9	63.9	63.3	63.5	62.7
Aug	64.1	63.5	64.3	63.9	63.6	63.3	63.3 R	62.6
Sep	63.4	63.6	63.5	63.8	63.0	63.2	62.6	62.8
Oct	63.9	63.6	64.1	63.8	63.2	63.2		
Nov	63.7	63.6	64.1	63.8	63.5	63.2		
Dec	63.8	63.6	64.2	63.7	63.2	63.1		

### 6. Unemployment Rate (%)

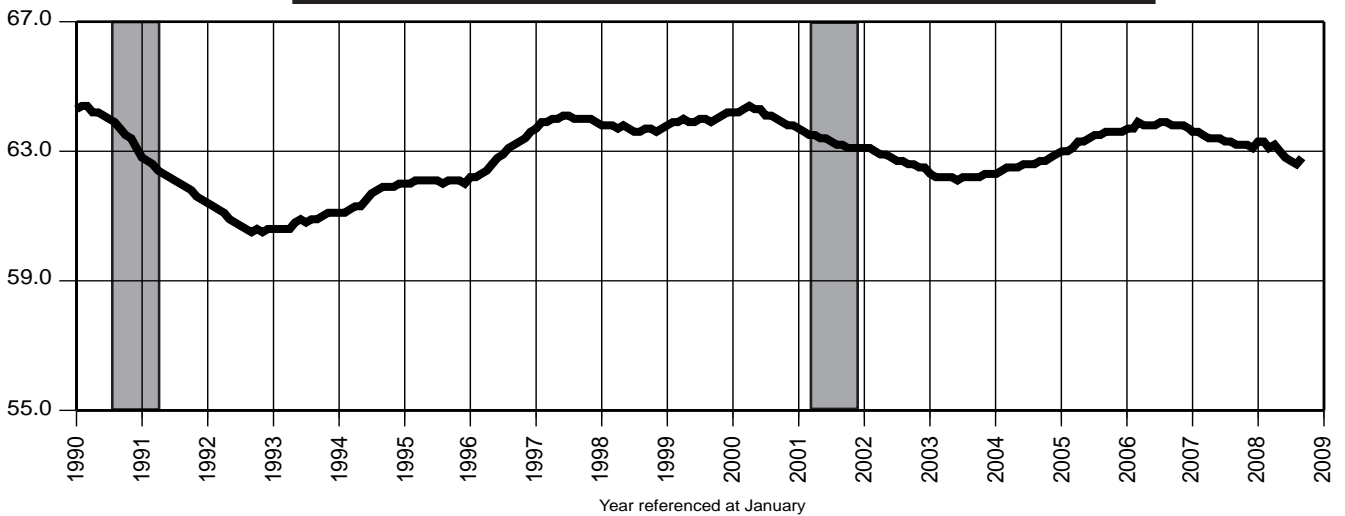
Date	2005		2006		2007		2008	
	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.
Jan	4.8	4.4	5.1	4.8	4.8	4.3	5.1	4.5
Feb	5.0	4.5	5.2	4.7	4.7	4.3	5.3	4.8
Mar	4.8	4.5	5.0	4.7	4.4	4.3	5.1	4.8
Apr	4.1	4.3	4.7	4.8	4.0	4.3	4.8	4.9
May	4.1	4.3	4.7	4.7	4.0	4.3	5.2	5.4
Jun	4.4	4.4	4.8	4.7	4.2	4.2	5.3	5.3
Jul	4.8	4.4	5.3	4.7	4.8	4.2	5.8	5.4
Aug	4.3	4.5	4.7	4.8	4.1	4.2	5.7	5.9
Sep	4.4	4.5	4.4	4.7	4.1	4.2	5.6	5.8
Oct	4.2	4.6	3.9	4.5	3.8	4.2		
Nov	4.6	4.7	4.1	4.4	3.9	4.2		
Dec	4.5	4.8	3.9	4.3	4.1	4.2		

# Indicator Series 4-6 Resident Labor Force

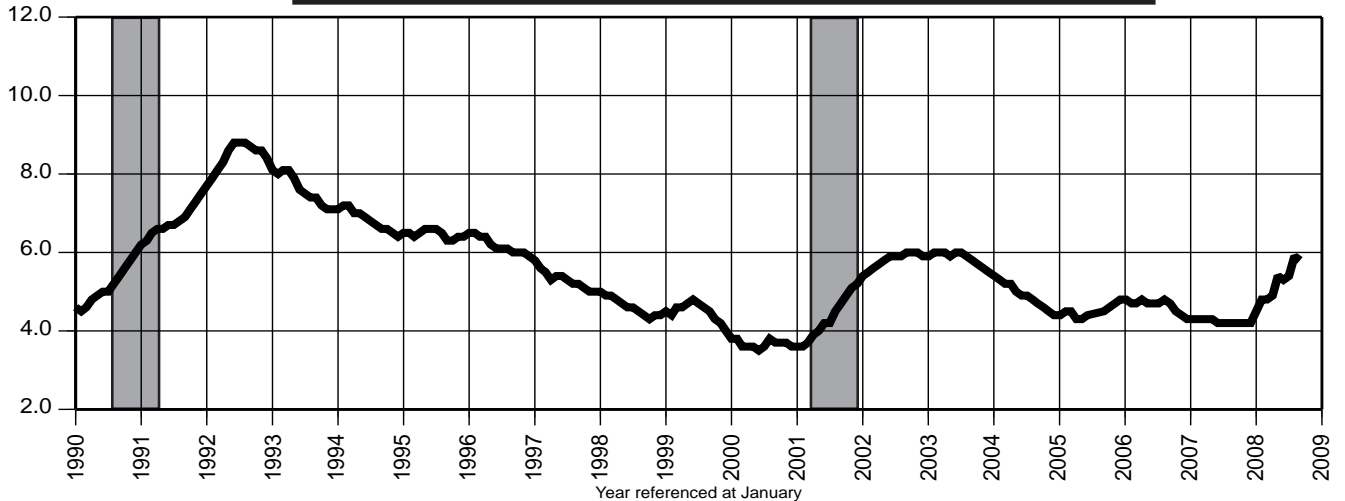
## 4. Labor Force Participation Rate (%)



## 5. Employment /Population Ratio (%)



## 6. Unemployment Rate (%)



## Indicator Series 7-9 Establishment Employment

### 7. Nonfarm Payroll Employment (000)

Date	2005		2006		2007		2008	
	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.
Jan	3,946.0	4,023.8	3,984.6	4,063.2	3,993.6	4,071.9	4,008.0	4,074.0
Feb	3,951.3	4,026.5	3,992.5	4,068.8	3,989.4	4,066.3	4,003.2	4,071.9
Mar	3,975.3	4,021.2	4,028.4	4,075.0	4,020.6	4,067.2	4,028.2	4,071.7
Apr	4,024.8	4,040.6	4,050.8	4,067.2	4,050.1	4,067.3	4,058.7	4,071.6
May	4,057.6	4,036.3	4,090.9	4,068.1	4,100.6	4,077.0	4,091.2	4,072.6
Jun	4,111.9	4,042.8	4,143.4	4,071.6	4,157.0	4,083.2	4,131.7	4,068.7
Jul	4,066.0	4,043.5	4,091.5	4,068.2	4,098.7	4,074.8	4,089.0	4,068.8
Aug	4,048.7	4,044.1	4,076.5	4,071.7	4,079.4	4,073.4	4,064.9 R	4,065.4 R
Sep	4,054.4	4,049.1	4,075.3	4,071.1	4,073.3	4,070.1	4,060.3	4,061.5
Oct	4,059.1	4,044.0	4,088.1	4,073.9	4,093.7	4,073.8		
Nov	4,082.2	4,049.3	4,107.4	4,075.0	4,108.5	4,076.0		
Dec	4,091.9	4,048.0	4,122.3	4,077.9	4,121.2	4,082.6		

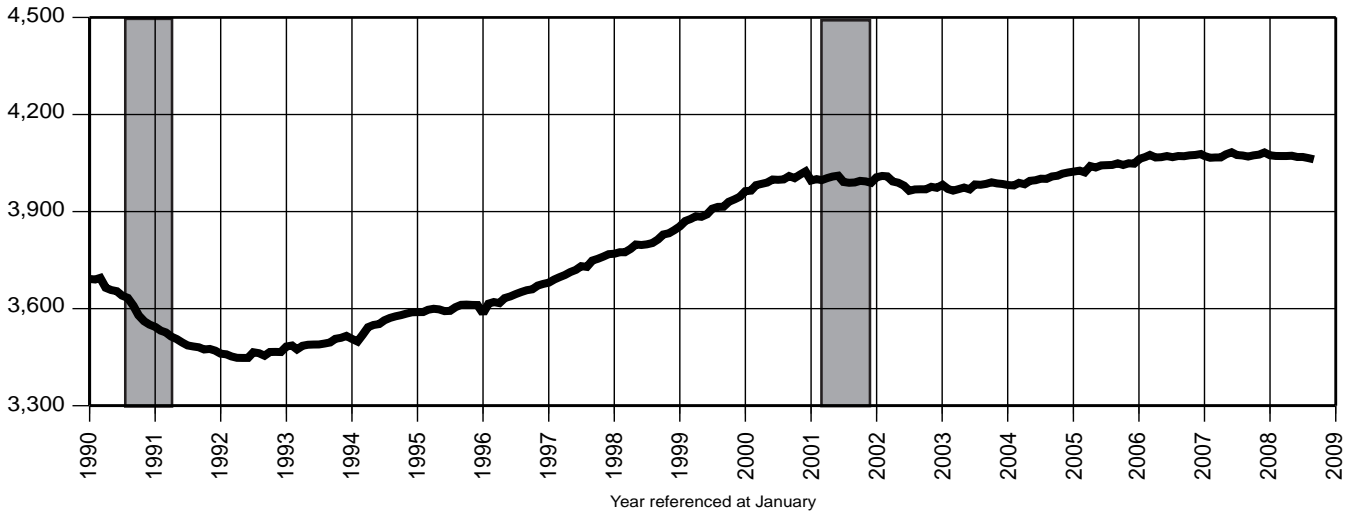
### 8. Private Sector Payroll Employment (000)

Date	2005		2006		2007		2008	
	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.
Jan	3,309.8	3,384.9	3,340.7	3,415.9	3,348.4	3,423.1	3,360.2	3,425.5
Feb	3,302.7	3,386.7	3,336.1	3,421.1	3,332.8	3,418.2	3,345.3	3,423.0
Mar	3,325.3	3,382.4	3,370.0	3,427.8	3,360.8	3,418.9	3,368.8	3,422.9
Apr	3,373.0	3,400.1	3,392.0	3,419.5	3,390.9	3,419.1	3,398.6	3,423.0
May	3,409.0	3,395.7	3,435.5	3,421.1	3,442.8	3,427.7	3,433.5	3,423.6
Jun	3,461.0	3,401.4	3,486.1	3,424.3	3,496.7	3,433.3	3,473.3	3,419.4
Jul	3,450.0	3,402.5	3,469.4	3,421.3	3,476.2	3,427.6	3,465.0	3,419.9
Aug	3,443.0	3,402.6	3,465.5	3,424.9	3,468.0	3,426.4	3,455.4 R	3,418.8 R
Sep	3,426.1	3,405.9	3,445.1	3,425.5	3,442.6	3,423.5	3,431.4	3,415.1
Oct	3,409.3	3,400.7	3,433.0	3,425.2	3,438.9	3,426.6		
Nov	3,425.5	3,404.6	3,447.6	3,427.0	3,447.9	3,427.6		
Dec	3,435.4	3,402.9	3,462.8	3,430.1	3,460.9	3,433.8		

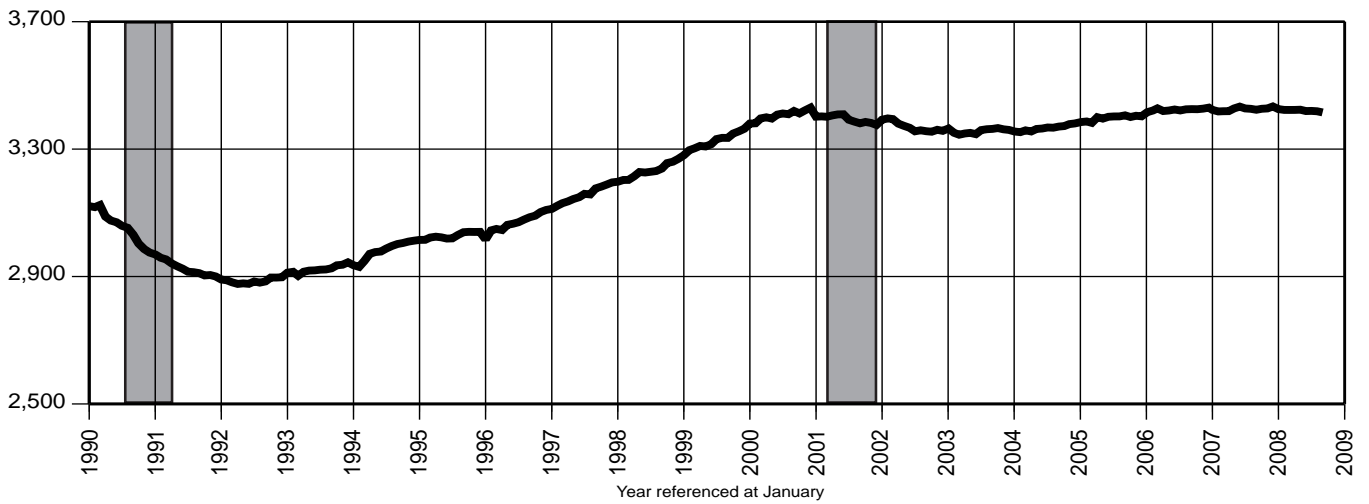
### 9. Construction Payroll Employment (000)

Date	2005		2006		2007		2008	
	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.
Jan	155.4	167.4	161.5	173.6	161.2	173.2	158.9	169.3
Feb	151.4	167.0	161.2	176.7	155.4	170.8	154.5	168.9
Mar	154.7	164.5	166.5	176.5	160.7	171.0	157.5	168.0
Apr	166.0	167.8	175.4	176.9	169.7	171.1	164.5	166.9
May	171.6	168.6	178.8	175.5	175.5	172.0	169.5	167.3
Jun	174.8	169.2	181.0	175.2	179.2	173.2	172.2	166.8
Jul	176.6	169.8	181.1	174.5	178.2	171.7	173.5	166.9
Aug	178.0	170.2	182.3	174.5	179.3	171.6	174.5	167.0
Sep	178.5	171.9	181.2	174.7	177.4	171.0	172.4	166.2
Oct	174.7	169.9	178.4	173.9	175.9	171.0		
Nov	176.0	172.6	176.8	173.5	174.4	170.8		
Dec	172.0	171.0	175.3	174.2	171.4	170.1		

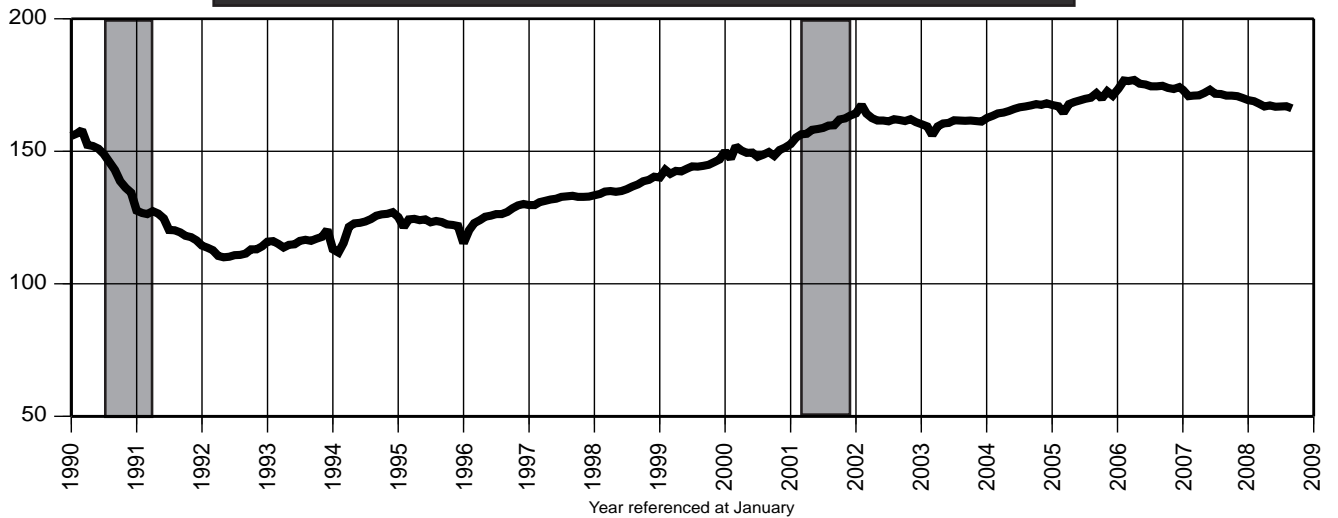
**7. Nonfarm Payroll Employment (000)**



**8. Private Sector Payroll Employment (000)**



**9. Construction Payroll Employment (000)**



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## Indicator Series 10-12 Establishment Employment

### 10. Total Manufacturing Payroll Employment (000)

Date	2005		2006		2007		2008	
	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.
Jan	330.8	334.5	326.4	329.7	314.5	317.3	307.0	309.7
Feb	331.2	333.7	325.9	328.2	313.5	315.8	306.4	308.7
Mar	332.2	333.2	326.6	327.6	313.5	314.6	307.0	308.3
Apr	330.7	331.9	324.8	326.0	312.8	314.0	305.9	306.9
May	331.3	331.0	325.5	325.4	313.2	313.2	304.3	304.6
Jun	332.9	330.2	326.7	324.2	315.0	312.7	304.2	301.9
Jul	329.0	329.0	323.9	323.6	313.0	312.7	302.3	302.1
Aug	329.6	329.0	323.3	322.6	312.6	311.8	301.8 R	301.6 R
Sep	329.9	328.3	322.7	321.4	312.3	311.1	300.9	299.8
Oct	329.2	328.7	321.3	320.7	311.4	310.6		
Nov	328.8	328.0	320.5	319.7	311.4	309.9		
Dec	328.9	327.5	319.4	318.1	311.0	309.7		

### 11. Trade, Transportation & Utilities Payroll Employment (000)

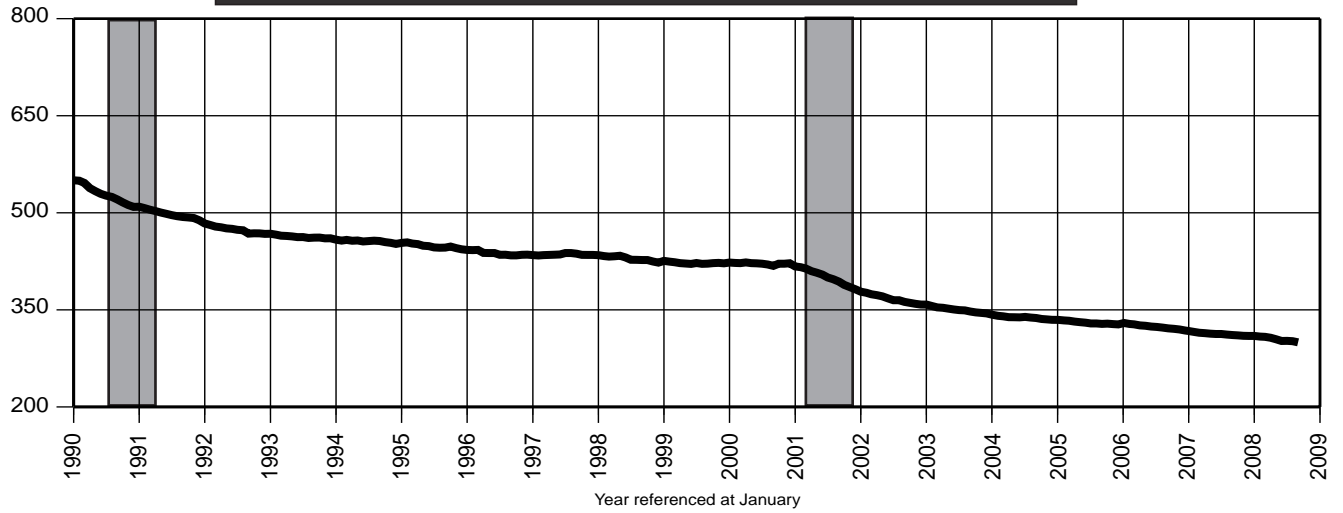
Date	2005		2006		2007		2008	
	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.
Jan	870.8	875.7	871.2	876.2	871.2	876.1	870.3	877.3
Feb	862.3	877.8	859.3	875.3	857.7	874.0	858.6	874.2
Mar	864.9	877.6	863.8	877.0	860.6	873.8	861.9	874.7
Apr	868.4	880.0	863.3	875.3	861.6	873.9	863.2	873.3
May	875.7	878.1	872.8	875.0	874.5	876.6	871.4	873.8
Jun	885.6	878.6	881.7	874.3	886.2	878.5	879.6	873.0
Jul	876.7	879.2	872.8	874.8	875.9	877.7	871.4	872.9
Aug	873.6	878.5	870.3	875.1	872.6	877.2	868.4 R	872.9 R
Sep	875.4	878.0	871.9	874.6	873.6	876.3	871.3	873.1
Oct	877.1	874.6	878.8	876.5	879.5	875.2		
Nov	890.8	873.9	895.6	878.6	894.1	877.2		
Dec	906.2	875.2	910.5	879.2	908.2	879.9		

### 12. Information Payroll Employment (000)

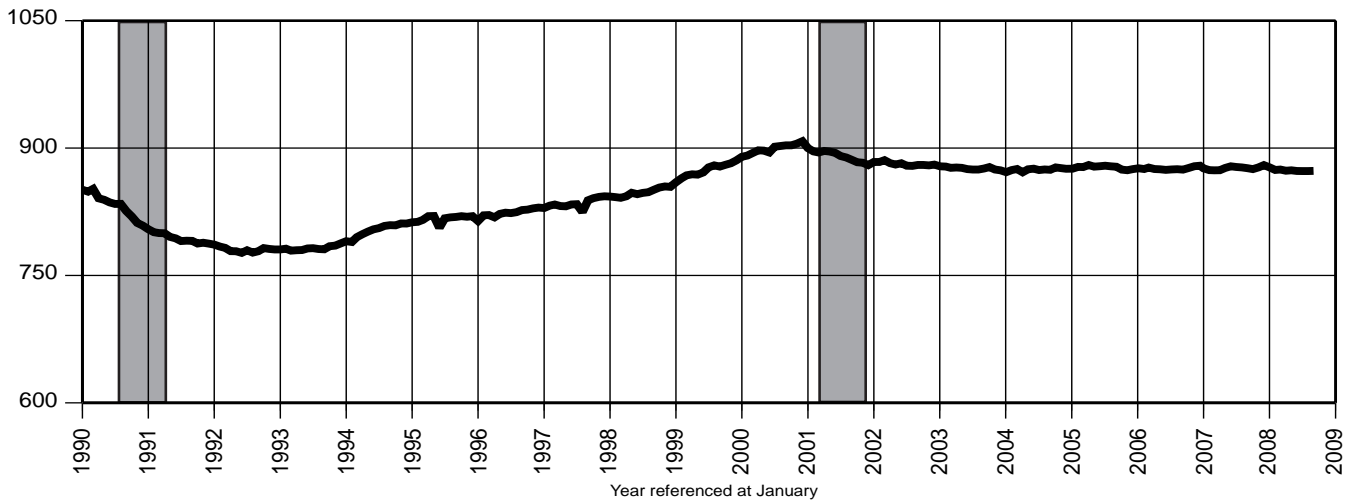
Date	2005		2006		2007		2008	
	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.
Jan	96.7	97.0	97.4	97.8	96.3	96.7	98.3	98.7
Feb	96.4	96.7	98.1	98.4	97.1	97.4	97.2	97.8
Mar	97.0	96.7	98.2	97.9	97.5	97.2	97.6	97.6
Apr	96.2	96.7	97.0	97.6	97.1	97.7	97.9	98.5
May	96.6	96.8	97.4	97.6	97.4	97.6	98.3	98.5
Jun	97.8	97.3	98.3	97.7	98.1	97.5	99.0	98.6
Jul	97.4	97.2	97.7	97.5	98.1	97.9	98.7	98.7
Aug	97.2	96.8	98.1	97.7	99.2	98.7	99.4 R	99.2 R
Sep	96.7	97.2	97.9	98.3	97.7	98.0	98.3	98.6
Oct	96.9	97.3	96.4	96.9	98.0	98.1		
Nov	97.8	97.5	96.2	95.9	98.6	98.0		
Dec	98.3	97.7	96.5	95.9	99.1	98.3		

# Indicator Series 10-12 Establishment Employment

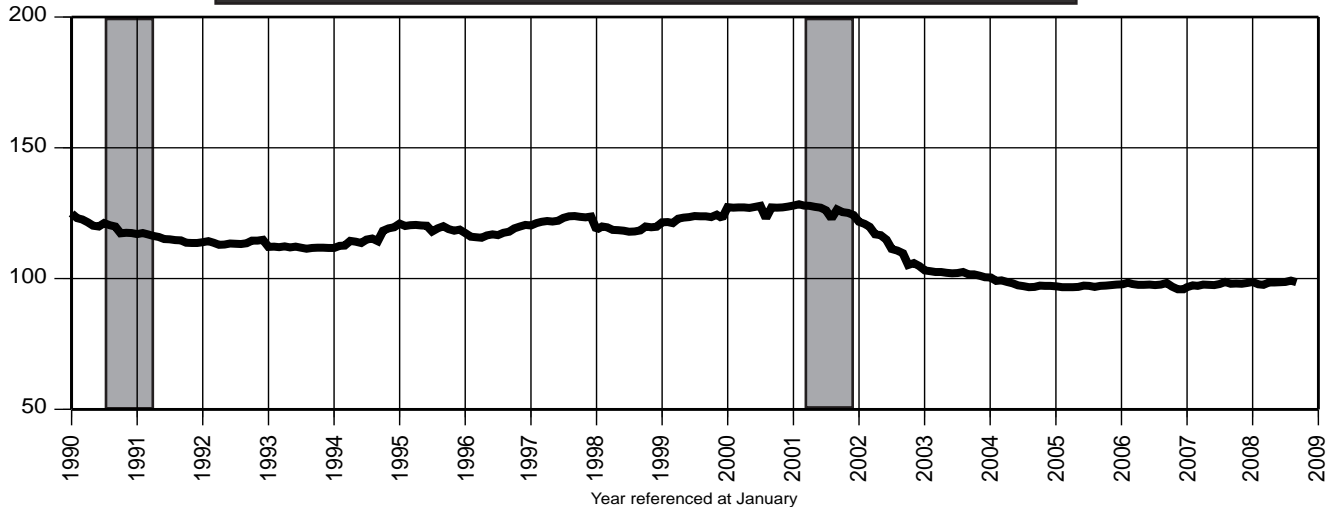
## 10. Total Manufacturing Payroll Employment (000)



## 11. Trade, Transportation & Utilities Payroll Employment (000)



## 12. Information Payroll Employment (000)



## 13. Financial Activities Payroll Employment (000)

Date	2005		2006		2007		2008	
	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.
Jan	275.8	278.5	276.8	279.6	274.9	277.7	267.9	269.3
Feb	275.1	278.5	276.5	280.0	274.3	277.7	267.4	269.2
Mar	275.9	278.7	277.4	280.2	274.3	277.0	267.7	269.4
Apr	277.5	279.0	278.4	280.0	274.8	276.4	267.4	268.5
May	278.7	279.0	279.7	279.9	276.0	276.2	267.7	267.8
Jun	281.8	279.4	282.0	279.5	278.7	276.2	269.8	267.8
Jul	284.0	280.1	283.7	279.6	279.0	274.9	268.8	266.3
Aug	284.4	280.7	283.1	279.4	277.9	274.1	268.4	266.2
Sep	281.7	281.3	279.3	278.9	273.7	273.3	264.0	264.3
Oct	279.6	279.8	278.6	278.9	271.4	271.8		
Nov	280.8	280.7	278.4	278.3	270.6	270.9		
Dec	281.0	280.7	278.6	278.1	270.5	270.2		

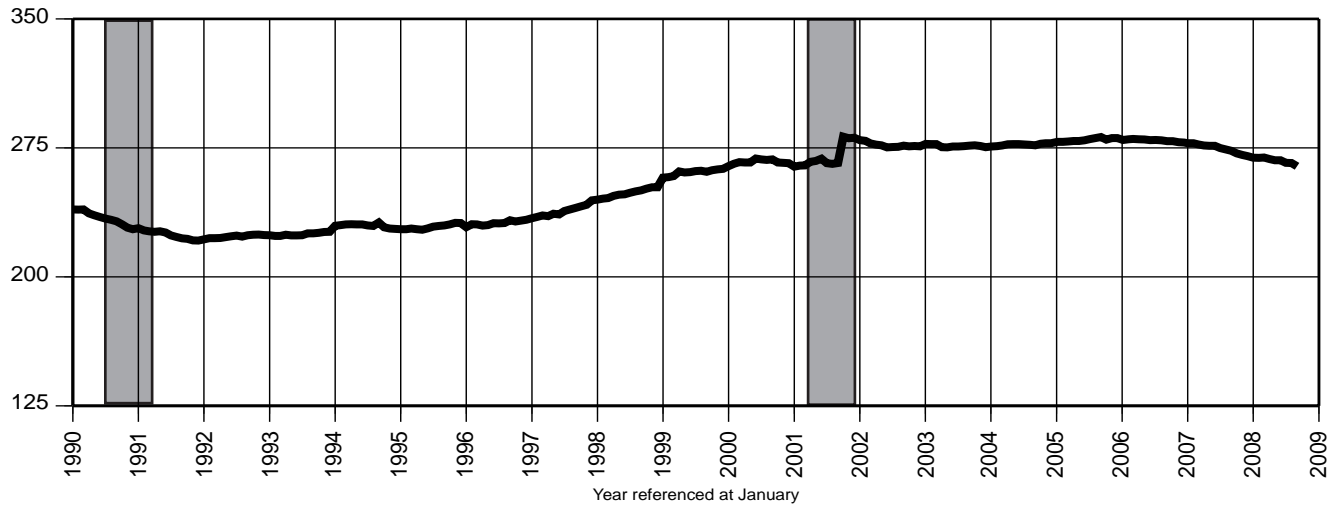
## 14. Professional & Business Services Payroll Employment (000)

Date	2005		2006		2007		2008	
	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.
Jan	570.0	589.1	577.5	597.1	584.4	604.3	593.0	609.0
Feb	571.5	589.1	582.6	600.8	585.3	603.5	593.5	609.5
Mar	577.0	587.1	591.5	602.2	594.0	604.7	600.5	608.9
Apr	593.0	594.8	597.0	598.7	604.8	606.6	610.7	611.7
May	594.2	592.9	602.4	600.9	610.6	609.0	614.7	613.3
Jun	604.3	595.1	611.9	602.1	620.1	609.9	620.6	612.7
Jul	600.3	593.2	609.8	602.6	617.2	609.9	623.5	616.4
Aug	601.6	592.5	613.7	604.4	620.2	610.8	624.5 R	615.7 R
Sep	599.8	593.9	610.5	604.6	615.8	610.1	622.3	615.9
Oct	600.7	594.9	611.3	605.2	615.3	610.9		
Nov	600.3	594.2	612.4	606.2	615.3	611.1		
Dec	597.4	592.5	611.6	606.7	614.5	612.8		

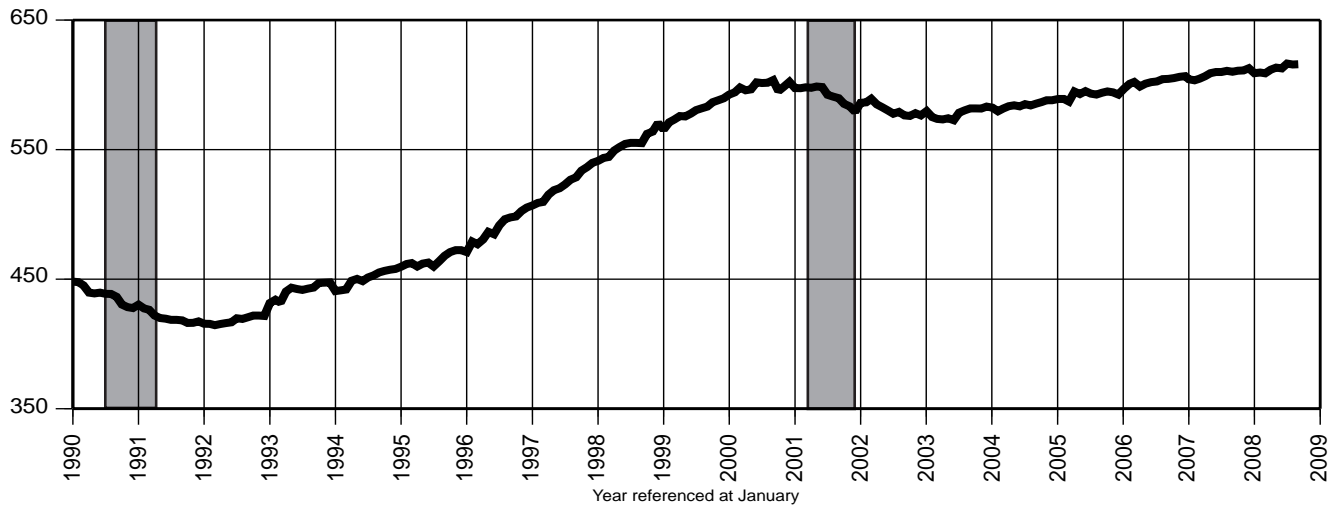
## 15. Education & Health Services Payroll Employment (000)

Date	2005		2006		2007		2008	
	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.
Jan	549.3	553.3	560.8	564.7	571.6	575.3	584.3	586.5
Feb	552.9	553.9	563.2	564.2	575.6	576.6	587.4	587.9
Mar	555.3	553.9	567.1	565.3	580.1	578.2	590.4	588.4
Apr	556.9	556.0	566.2	565.5	577.3	576.7	591.6	590.0
May	561.3	557.0	571.3	566.8	583.5	578.9	594.5	590.9
Jun	561.0	557.8	571.5	568.4	581.6	578.5	593.6	591.2
Jul	555.3	559.4	563.9	568.3	574.5	579.1	586.3	590.3
Aug	551.2	559.2	562.2	570.5	570.4	578.8	582.7	590.9
Sep	557.1	560.4	567.8	571.3	577.3	580.8	587.9	591.9
Oct	565.0	563.0	573.2	571.1	585.4	583.8		
Nov	567.6	563.7	576.4	572.5	588.3	584.7		
Dec	568.1	563.4	579.7	574.8	589.8	585.9		

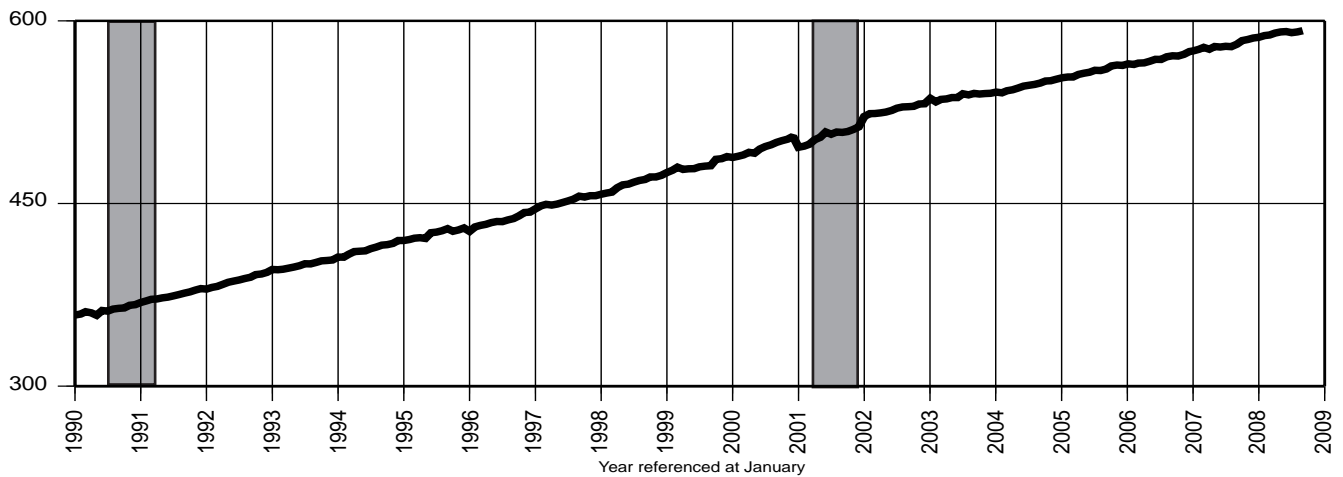
**13. Financial Activities Payroll Employment (000)**



**14. Professional & Business Services Payroll Employment (000)**



**15. Education & Health Services Payroll Employment (000)**



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# Indicator Series 16-18 Leisure & Hospitality, CPI and Confidence Index

## 16. Leisure & Hospitality Payroll Employment (000)

Date	2005		2006		2007		2008	
	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.
Jan	305.1	331.1	310.7	336.4	313.2	339.1	316.4	339.3
Feb	305.3	331.2	310.8	336.7	312.8	339.0	316.0	340.1
Mar	311.3	332.1	319.0	339.5	318.2	338.8	321.2	341.0
Apr	324.2	334.0	327.5	337.5	327.8	338.2	330.4	340.1
May	338.8	332.9	343.7	337.7	345.4	339.2	344.8	340.0
Jun	359.8	334.0	366.5	339.8	367.7	340.3	363.8	339.8
Jul	367.5	334.5	371.6	338.7	371.4	338.0	369.5	338.5
Aug	364.9	335.1	368.9	339.0	368.3	337.7	365.9 R	337.8 R
Sep	348.2	335.0	353.0	339.7	350.3	337.0	347.8	337.9
Oct	327.7	333.1	333.5	339.4	337.3	339.7		
Nov	324.5	334.0	329.5	339.3	330.6	339.6		
Dec	323.9	334.7	328.4	339.6	330.6	340.8		

## 17. Consumer Price Index - (CPI-U) (1982 = 100)

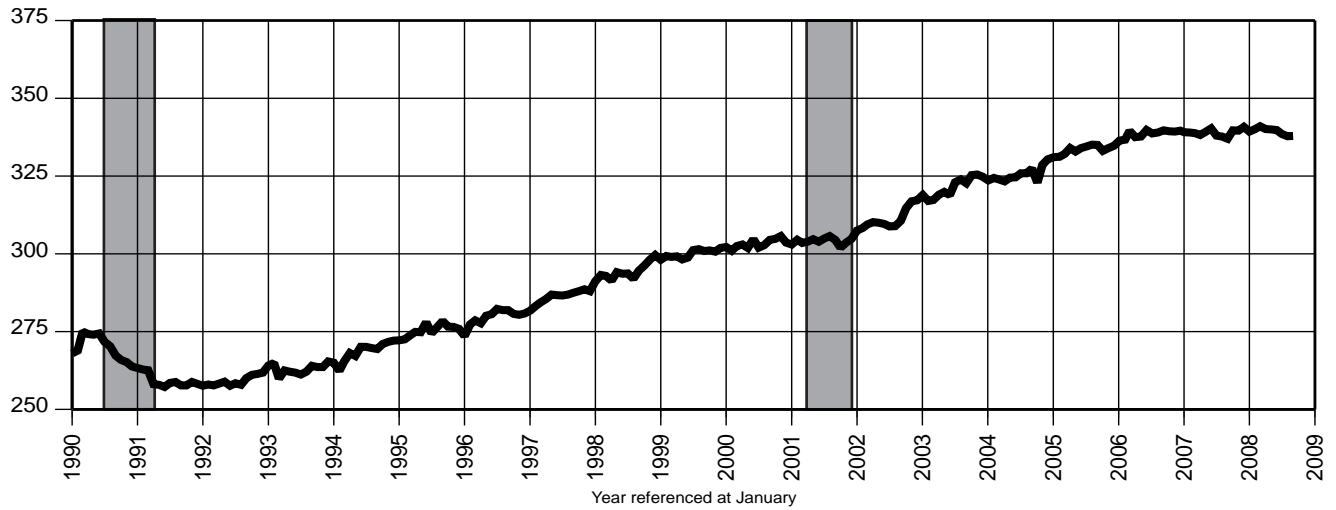
Date	US	2006		US	2007		US	2008	
		NY	PA		NY	PA		NY	PA
Jan	198.3	215.9	*	202.416	221.767	*	211.080	229.869	*
Feb	198.7	216.4	209.0	203.499	223.066	213.152	211.693	231.020	220.935
Mar	199.8	218.2	*	205.352	224.551	*	213.528	233.122	*
Apr	201.5	220.2	211.6	206.686	225.780	215.270	214.823	233.822	223.622
May	202.5	221.6	*	207.949	227.146	*	216.632	236.151	*
Jun	202.9	222.6	213.9	208.352	228.258	217.255	218.815	238.580	228.408
Jul	203.5	223.1	*	208.299	228.628	*	219.964	240.273	*
Aug	203.9	224.1	216.4	207.917	228.326	218.692	219.086	240.550	228.337
Sep	202.9	222.9	*	208.490	228.308	*	218.783	240.089	*
Oct	201.8	221.7	211.6	208.936	228.552	218.929			
Nov	201.5	220.9	*	210.177	229.504	*			
Dec	201.8	221.3	211.6	210.036	229.395	219.025			

## 18. Consumer Confidence Index, Middle Atlantic Region

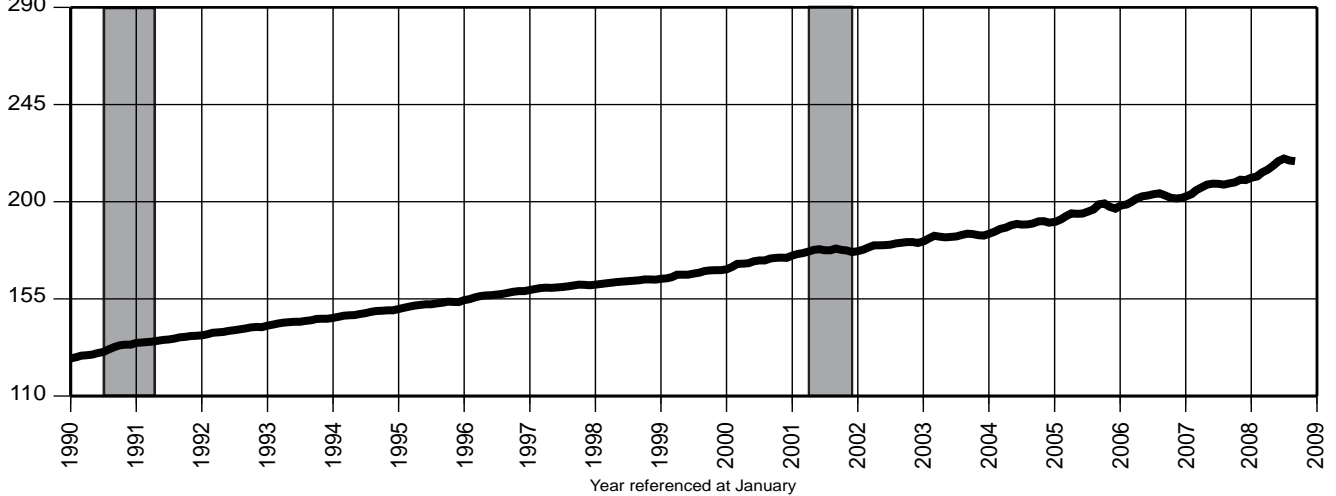
Date	(Seasonally unadjusted)				
	2005	2006		2007	2008
Jan	86.7	82.5		91.4	72.2
Feb	89.0	83.4		94.1	59.6
Mar	83.9	95.0		92.3	51.9
Apr	79.2	90.0		98.4	49.7
May	70.7	83.6		89.8	45.4
Jun	87.9	86.0		84.3	40.9
Jul	88.0	81.4		99.1	33.6
Aug	72.4	74.6		83.8	44.9 R
Sep	67.9	90.0		93.7	50.0
Oct	76.8	97.0		86.8	
Nov	77.7	91.6		78.8	
Dec	83.8	88.6		72.5	

# Indicator Series 16-18 Leisure & Hospitality, CPI and Confidence Index

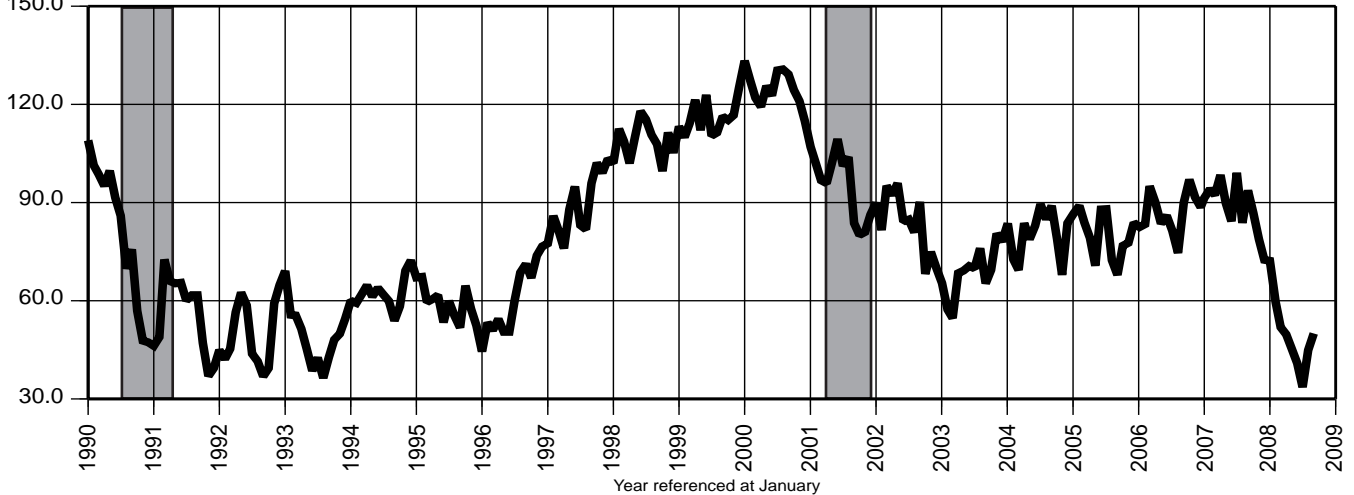
16. Leisure & Hospitality Payroll Employment (000)



17. Consumer Price Index - (CPI-U) (1982 = 100)



18. Consumer Confidence Index, Middle Atlantic Region



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## Indicator Series 22-24 Private Residential Building Permits

### 22. Total Private Dwelling Units Authorized by Building Permits

(Seasonality not statistically significant)

Date	2005	2006	2007	2008	
	Unadj.	Unadj.	Unadj.	Unadj.	
Jan	2,881	2,548	2,077	1,661	R
Feb	2,376	2,502	1,648	1,332	R
Mar	2,964	2,989	1,871	2,058	R
Apr	3,805	2,654	2,100	2,415	R
May	4,329	3,044	1,992	1,678	R
Jun	3,830	3,314	2,759	2,464	R
Jul	3,006	4,516	1,905	1,443	R
Aug	4,471	2,675	3,084	1,115	
Sep	2,784	2,850	1,896		
Oct	2,936	2,030	2,283		
Nov	2,884	3,196	2,133		
Dec	2,367	2,024	1,652		

### 23. Private Single-Family Dwelling Units Authorized by Building Permits

Date	2005		2006		2007		2008		
	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	
Jan	1,458	1,765	1,592	1,839	1,084	1,216	788	869	R
Feb	1,611	2,029	1,301	1,641	953	1,200	659	790	R
Mar	2,104	1,965	1,766	1,644	1,137	1,104	799	812	R
Apr	1,952	2,038	1,457	1,562	1,109	1,137	999	994	R
May	1,963	1,859	1,674	1,539	1,264	1,140	807	750	R
Jun	1,934	1,616	1,635	1,356	1,328	1,158	752	650	
Jul	1,966	1,895	1,626	1,577	1,183	1,104	794	712	R
Aug	2,159	1,890	1,536	1,321	1,552	1,324	751	691	
Sep	1,888	1,839	1,184	1,223	901	966			
Oct	1,907	1,848	1,254	1,185	937	873			
Nov	1,727	1,829	1,073	1,121	879	917			
Dec	1,607	1,833	1,032	1,221	750	891			

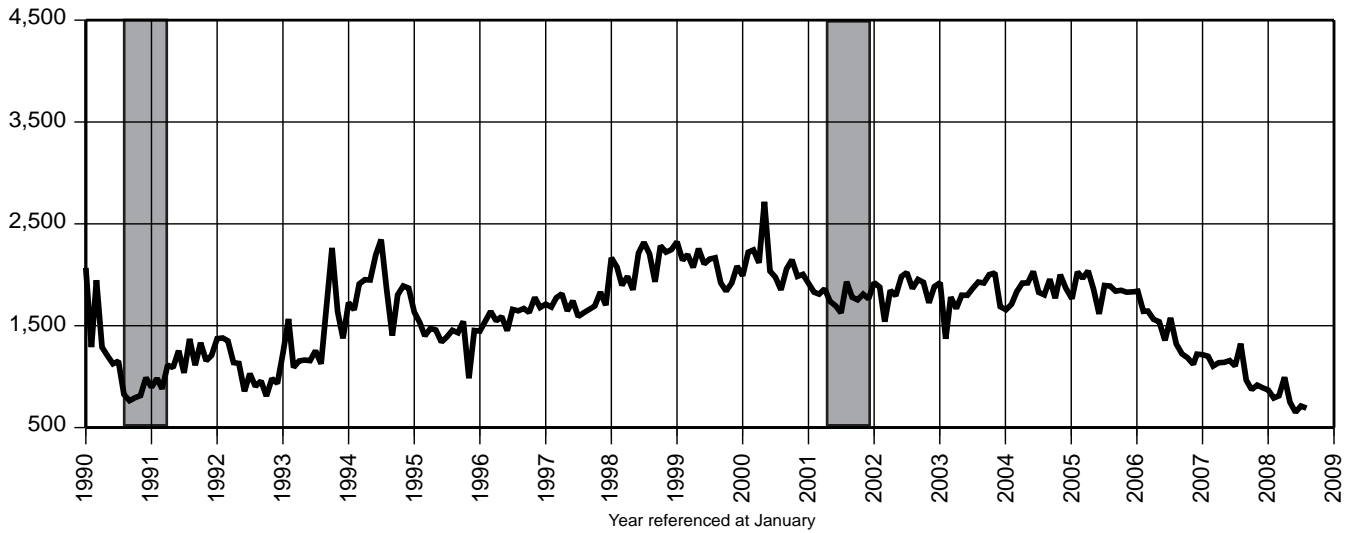
### 24. Private Multi-Dwelling Units Authorized by Building Permits

(Seasonality not statistically significant)

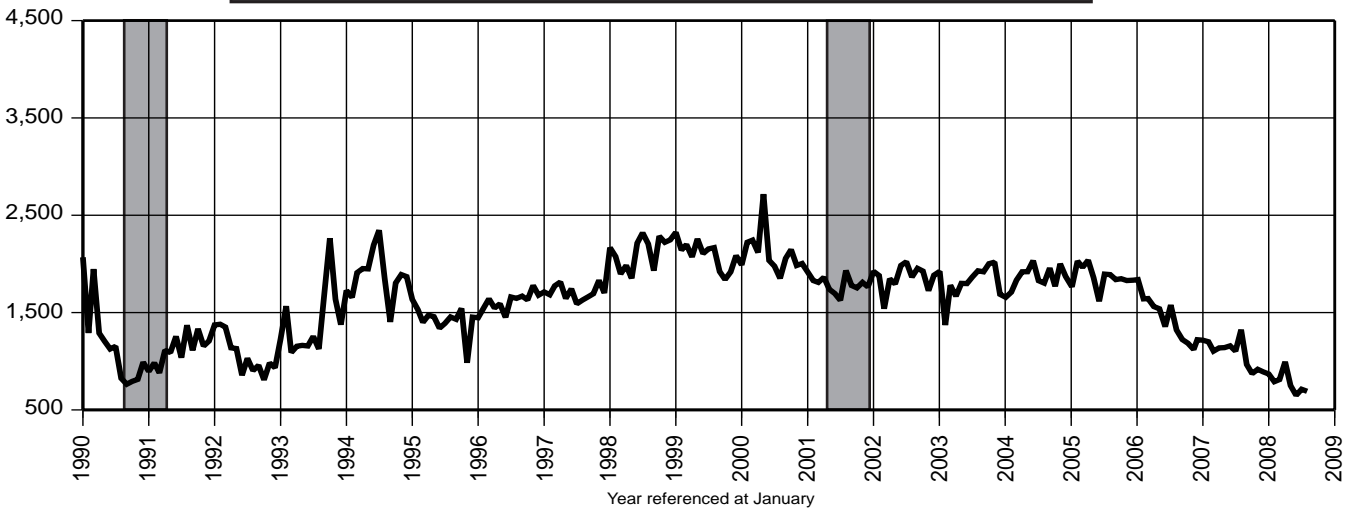
Date	2005	2006	2007	2008	
	Unadj.	Unadj.	Unadj.	Unadj.	
Jan	1,108	471	759	750	
Feb	544	924	379	571	
Mar	462	694	514	1,164	
Apr	1,379	876	767	1,192	R
May	1,940	950	527	779	
Jun	1,369	1,195	1,137	1,607	R
Jul	642	2,250	509	552	R
Aug	1,931	814	1,184	322	
Sep	529	1,306	821		
Oct	589	371	1,013		
Nov	763	1,844	1,055		
Dec	450	719	655		

**22. Total Private Dwelling Units Authorized by Building Permits**

(With 12 month moving average)

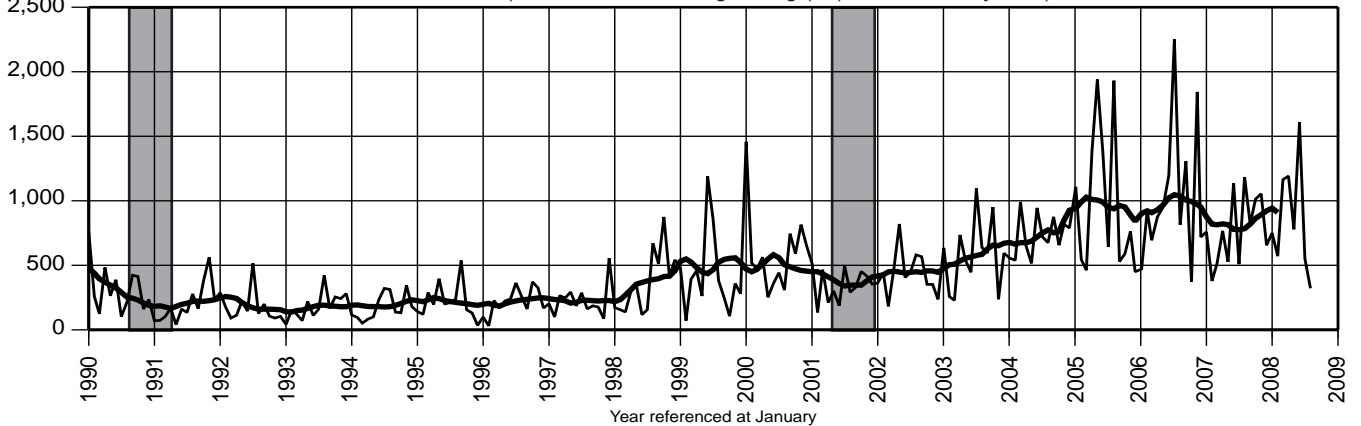


**23. Private Single-Family Dwelling Units Authorized by Building Permits**



**24. Private Multi-Dwelling Units Authorized by Building Permits**

(With 12 month moving average) (5 or more family units)



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## Indicator Series 25-27 Vehicle Registrations

### 25. Total New Vehicle Registrations \*

Date	2005		2006		2007		2008	
	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.
Jan	44,021	53,436	41,772	50,882	41,273	50,172	42,865R	51,998R
Feb	44,480	51,077	45,584	52,398	43,966	50,351	44,482R	50,944R
Mar	48,982	44,755	56,014	51,447	53,249	49,078	53,414R	49,352R
Apr	61,458	57,824	51,459	47,938	54,747	51,107	49,343R	45,931R
May	55,821	48,680	59,073	51,451	60,346	52,677	54,748R	47,626R
Jun	61,951	55,671	55,134	49,488	53,686	48,140	51,466R	46,120R
Jul	63,318	58,696	55,377	50,886	55,701	50,871	47,866R	43,547R
Aug	57,416	52,589	56,929	51,812	56,233R	51,123R	48,268	43,852
Sep	47,272	48,389	45,923	47,783	48,643R	51,069R		
Oct	43,308	47,278	46,191	50,366	47,303R	51,364R		
Nov	45,419	51,032	43,940	49,427	45,579R	51,470R		
Dec	48,023	51,689	48,275	51,748	47,243R	50,532R		

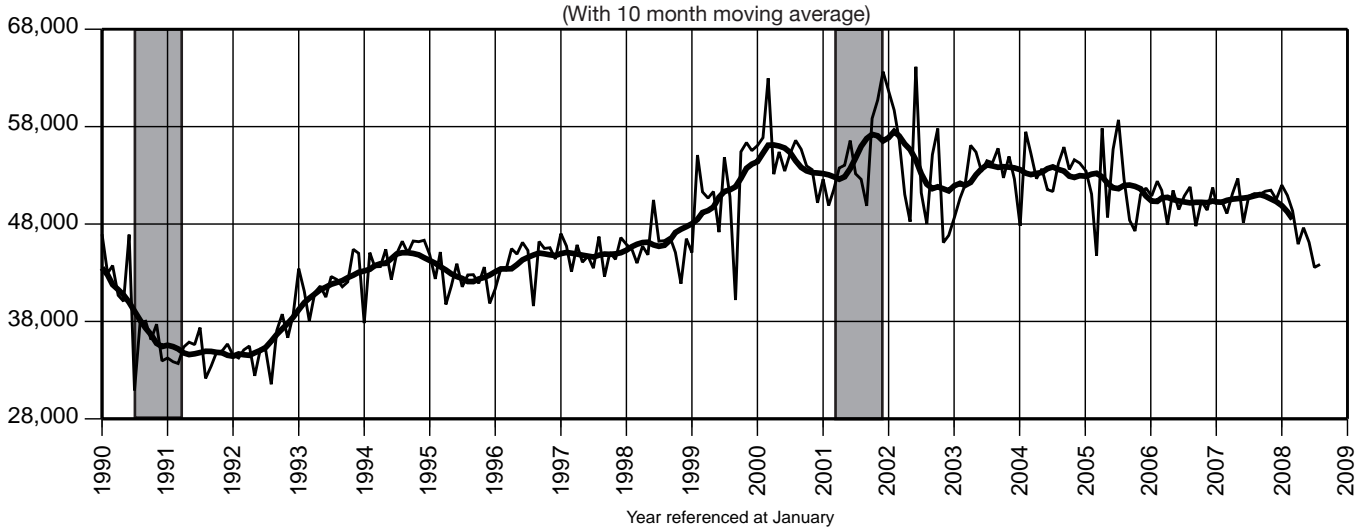
### 26. New Passenger Car Registrations

Date	2005		2006		2007		2008	
	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.
Jan	21,826	26,568	21,401	26,194	21,644	26,595	21,759R	26,784R
Feb	21,283	25,365	22,890	27,321	22,089	26,295	23,509R	27,927R
Mar	24,946	22,457	29,499	26,714	28,814	26,196	30,457R	27,806R
Apr	31,814	29,046	29,158	26,423	29,977	27,117	28,418R	25,630R
May	28,982	24,713	32,664	27,750	33,583	28,493	33,243R	28,148R
Jun	30,421	26,333	29,891	26,058	29,219	25,523	30,268R	26,534R
Jul	29,165	26,936	29,260	26,784	29,372	26,769	28,518R	25,929R
Aug	29,540	26,874	29,876	27,094	29,281	26,562	27,924	25,342
Sep	25,622	26,572	23,999	25,252	25,142	26,644		
Oct	23,160	25,813	23,406	26,114	24,202	26,891		
Nov	23,722	26,975	22,517	25,545	24,277	27,610		
Dec	23,902	26,950	24,301	27,217	23,635R	26,386R		

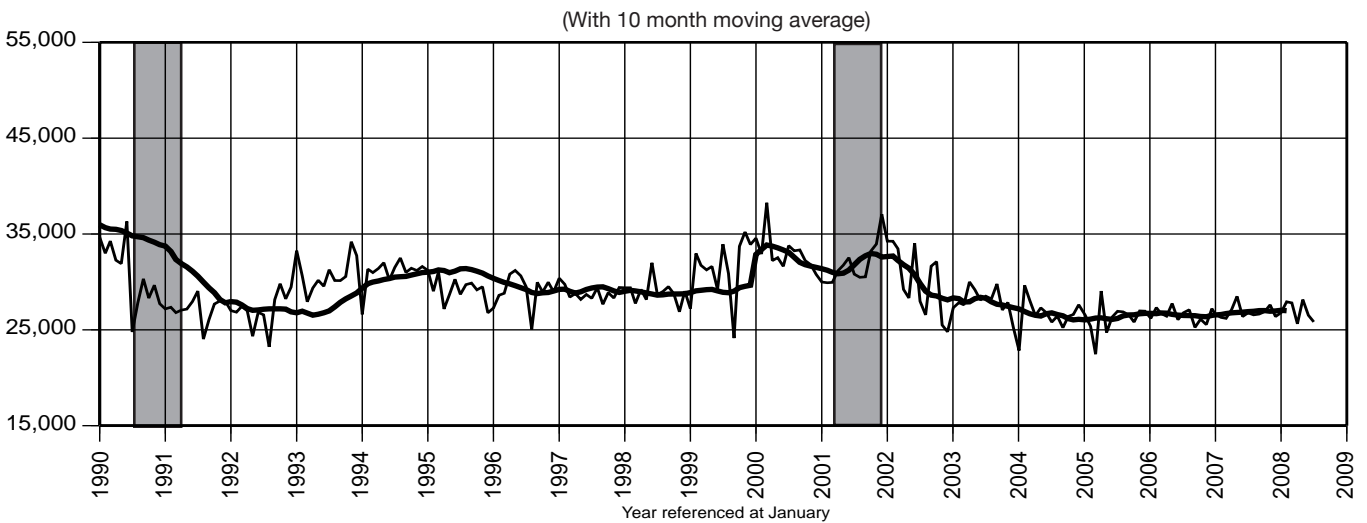
### 27. New Light Truck/Van Registrations

Date	2005		2006		2007		2008	
	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.
Jan	22,195	26,869	20,371	24,688	19,629	23,578	21,106	25,214
Feb	23,197	25,712	22,694	25,077	21,877	24,056	20,973	23,017
Mar	24,036	22,297	26,515	24,733	24,435	22,882	22,957R	21,546R
Apr	29,644	28,778	22,301	21,515	24,770	23,990	20,925R	20,301R
May	26,839	23,967	26,409	23,700	26,763	24,184	21,505R	19,478R
Jun	31,530	29,339	25,243	23,430	24,467	22,617	21,198R	19,586R
Jul	34,153	31,760	26,117	24,103	26,329	24,102	19,348R	17,619R
Aug	27,876	25,715	27,053	24,718	26,952R	24,561R	20,344	18,509
Sep	21,650	21,817	21,924	22,530	23,501R	24,424R		
Oct	20,148	21,465	22,785	24,252	23,101R	24,473R		
Nov	21,697	24,057	21,423	23,882	21,302R	23,860R		
Dec	24,121	24,738	23,974	24,531	23,608R	24,146R		

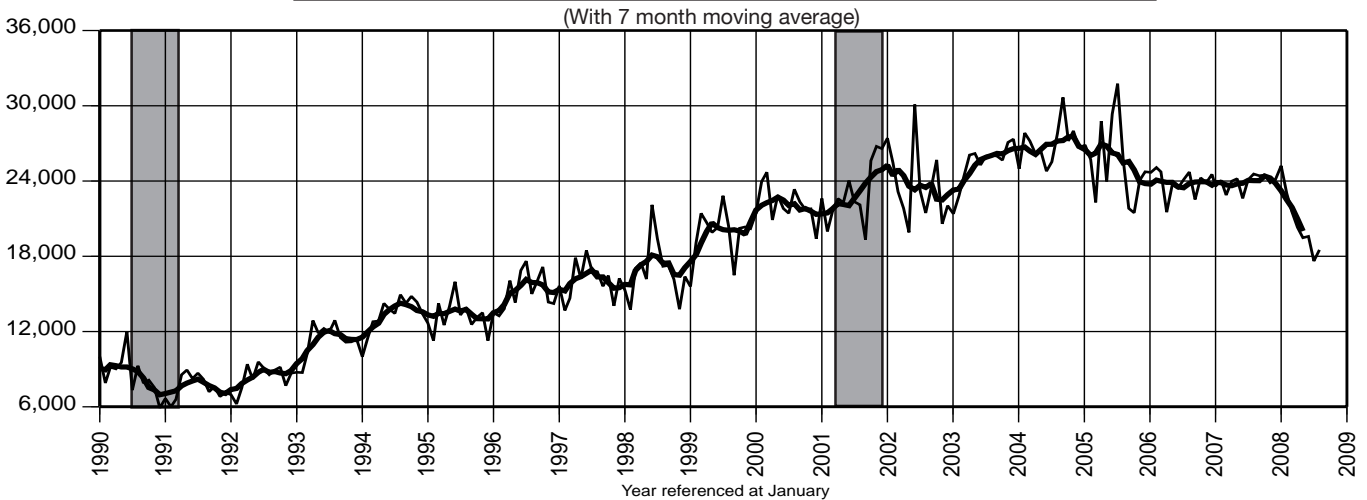
**25. Total New Vehicle Registrations\***



**26. New Passenger Car Registrations**



**27. New Light Truck/Van Registrations**



\*Includes only new passenger car and light truck/van registrations

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## Indicator Series 28-30 Unemployment Insurance Claimants

### 28. Weeks Claimed & Insured Unemployment Rate

Date	2005		2006		2007		2008	
	WA	IUR	WA	IUR	WA	IUR	WA	IUR
Jan	116.2	3.1	108.5	2.8	109.5	2.8	116.2	3.0
Feb	117.0	3.1	105.8	2.8	111.3	2.9	114.4	2.9
Mar	117.0	3.1	105.2	2.7	112.0	2.9	117.3	3.0
Apr	113.0	3.0	104.9	2.7	112.6	2.9	119.2	3.1
May	113.3	3.0	105.7	2.7	112.2	2.9	124.8	3.2
Jun	112.6	3.0	105.1	2.7	110.0	2.8	124.9	3.2
Jul	112.3	2.9	111.1	2.9	112.5	2.9	126.5	3.2
Aug	111.6	2.9	109.9	2.8	111.6	2.9	129.8	3.3
Sep	110.0	2.9	110.1	2.9	111.5	2.9	139.0	3.6
Oct	110.4	2.9	108.7	2.8	112.6	2.9		
Nov	108.6	2.8	110.1	2.8	113.5	2.9		
Dec	109.1	2.9	109.4	2.8	114.7	2.9		

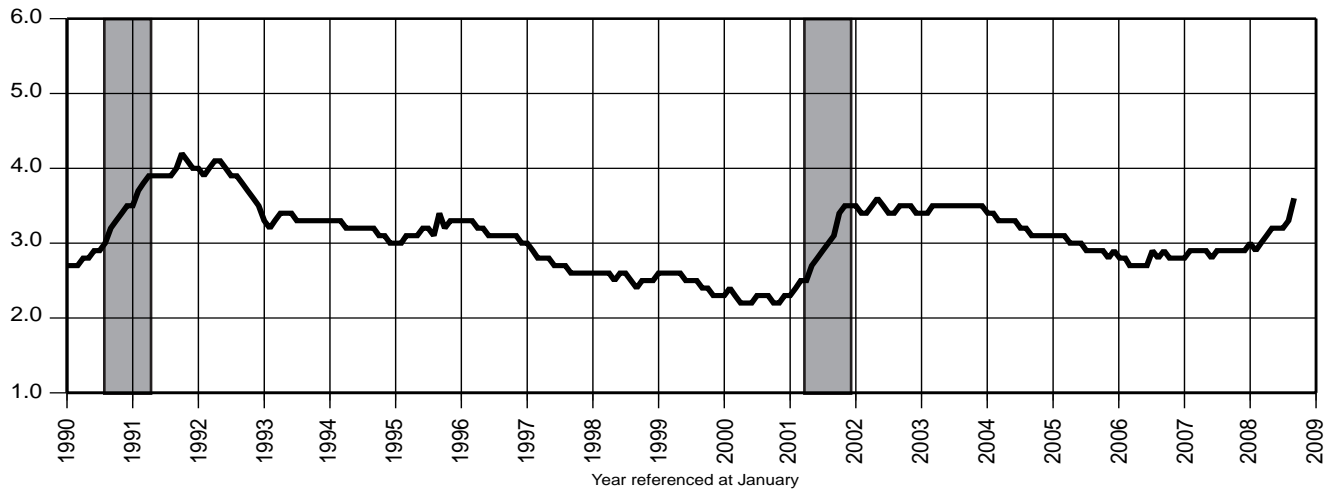
### 29. Initial Claims-Weekly Average

Date	2005		2006		2007		2008	
	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.
Jan	14,797	10,886	13,034	9,519	13,850	10,244	13,768	10,214
Feb	10,123	10,290	9,451	9,664	10,515	10,784	10,184	10,138
Mar	9,390	11,315	7,927	9,743	8,609	10,516	10,260	12,564
Apr	9,334	9,156	10,564	10,332	11,080	10,639	10,163	9,891
May	8,020	10,253	7,638	9,975	8,087	10,627	8,653	11,387
Jun	12,260	10,325	12,675	10,464	12,320	10,272	13,684	11,228
Jul	9,826	10,214	10,521	10,746	10,299	10,403	10,839	11,081
Aug	8,231	10,029	8,617	10,483	8,600	10,557	9,691	11,920
Sep	7,885	10,035	7,736	10,056	8,138	10,643	10,258	13,072
Oct	9,212	10,960	8,535	10,045	9,136	10,850		
Nov	9,881	9,864	10,883	10,720	11,304	10,932		
Dec	14,921	10,507	13,813	9,889	14,785	10,474		

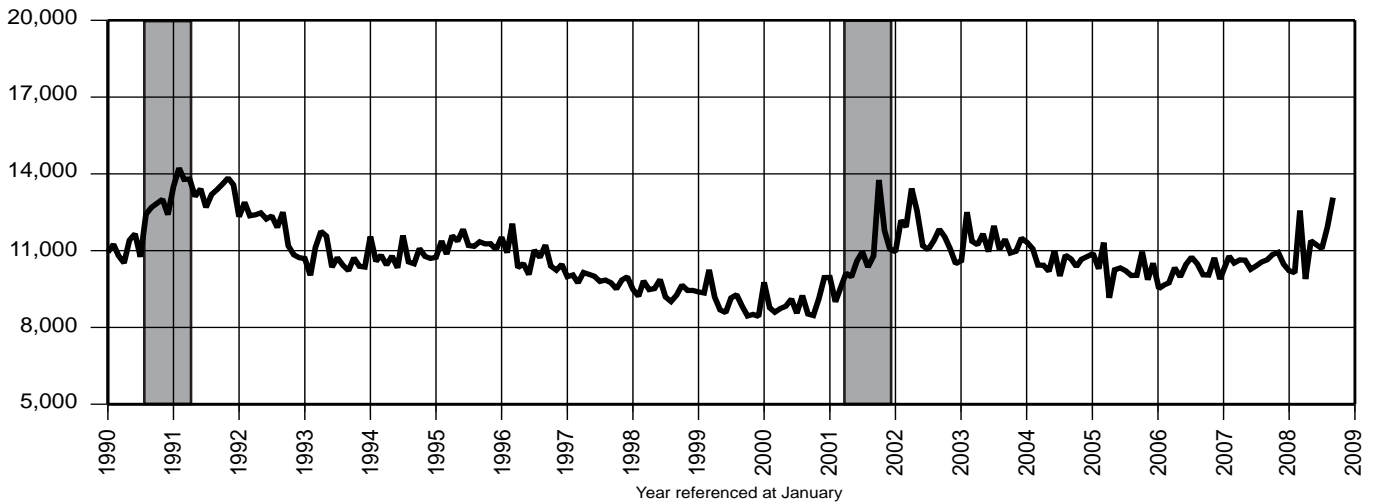
### 30. Unemployment Insurance Exhaustions

Date	2005	2006	2007	2008
	Unadj.	Unadj.	Unadj.	Unadj.
Jan	13,490	13,638	13,845	12,987
Feb	11,462	10,404	10,443	10,694
Mar	13,935	11,647	11,335	13,131
Apr	12,398	11,352	12,919	13,650
May	13,358	12,753	12,807	11,961
Jun	11,448	10,096	10,064	12,531
Jul	12,686	12,361	13,085	14,466
Aug	13,102	10,841	10,486	12,481
Sep	9,837	9,439	10,014	14,953
Oct	11,763	11,752	12,248	
Nov	11,598	9,862	9,909	
Dec	11,072	10,409	11,961	

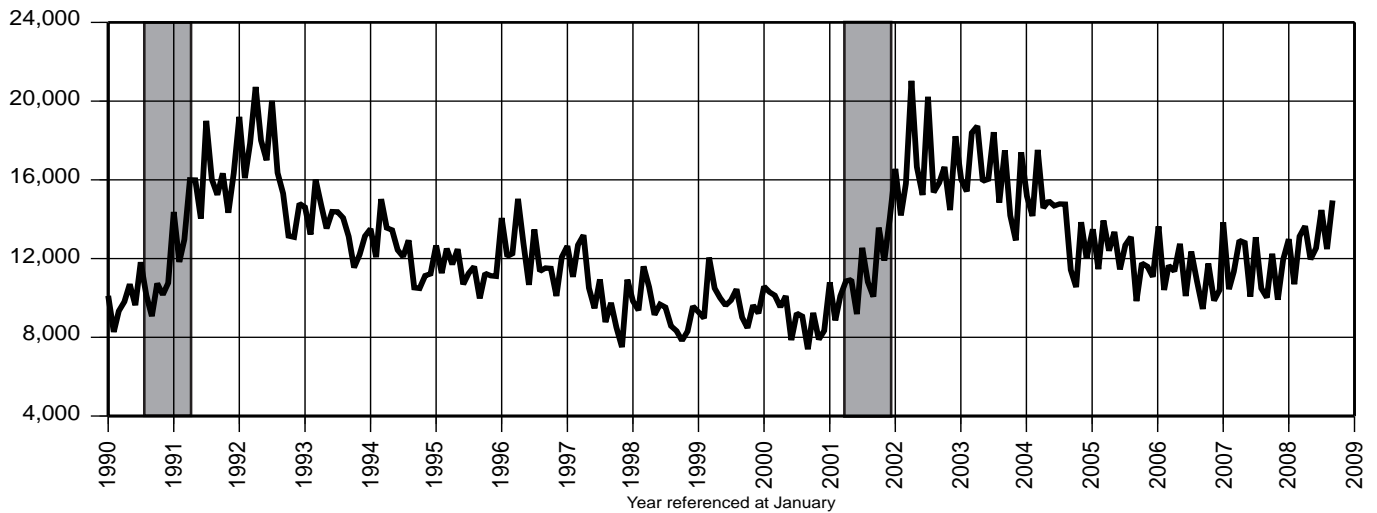
**28. Insured Unemployment Rate**



**29. Initial Claims-Weekly Average**



**30. Unemployment Insurance Exhaustions**



**Indicator Series 1 to 30****Annual Averages 1997 - 2007 (000)**

Indicator Series	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
1 Civilian Labor Force (000)	4,257.4	4,242.4	4,284.6	4,287.8	4,302.3	4,370.8	4,363.9	4,373.0	4,431.6	4,492.8	4,466.3
2 Resident Employment (000)	4,031.0	4,047.1	4,092.7	4,130.3	4,117.5	4,117.3	4,108.4	4,157.5	4,232.9	4,283.6	4,276.6
3 Resident Unemployment (000)	226.4	195.3	191.8	157.5	184.8	253.5	255.5	215.5	198.7	209.2	189.7
4 Labor Force Particip. Rate (%)	67.6	66.8	67.0	66.6	66.2	66.7	66.1	65.8	66.4	66.9	66.2
5 Employment/Pop. Rate (%)	64.0	63.7	64.0	64.1	66.3	62.6	62.2	62.6	63.4	63.8	63.4
6 Unemployment Rate (%)	5.3	4.6	4.5	3.7	4.3	5.8	5.9	4.9	4.5	4.7	4.2
7 Nonfarm Payroll Emp. (000)	3,724.5	3,801.3	3,901.1	3,994.5	3,997.2	3,983.9	3,978.8	3,999.1	4,039.1	4,071.0	4,073.8
8 Priv. Sec. Nonfarm Emp. (000)	3,154.3	3,229.6	3,323.5	3,405.7	3,394.6	3,370.4	3,356.9	3,365.7	3,397.5	3,423.7	3,425.6
9 Construction Emp. (000)	131.8	136.1	143.6	149.6	158.8	162.6	160.5	165.9	169.1	175.0	171.5
10 Manufacturing Emp. (000)	435.4	429.4	422.5	421.6	401.2	367.5	350.4	338.2	330.4	323.9	312.9
11 Trade, Transportation and Utilities Emp. (000)	834.6	847.6	873.7	899.0	890.7	881.4	876.2	874.7	877.3	876.0	876.3
12 Information Emp. (000)	122.5	118.9	123.0	126.9	126.4	113.2	102.0	98.0	97.1	97.4	97.9
13 Financial Activities Emp. (000)	238.2	248.7	260.8	266.9	269.8	276.7	276.2	276.9	279.7	279.4	274.7
14 Professional and Business Services Emp. (000)	522.4	554.0	579.1	598.5	592.5	581.1	578.2	584.5	592.5	602.7	608.1
15 Education and Health Services Emp. (000)	451.8	466.1	480.9	495.8	505.4	527.1	538.0	546.4	558.4	568.6	579.6
16 Leisure & Hospitality Emp. (000)	286.2	294.2	300.0	303.3	304.2	311.0	321.4	325.5	333.4	338.6	339.5
17 CPI-U for the US ('82-'84=100)	160.5	163.0	166.6	172.2	177.1	179.9	184.0	188.9	195.3	201.6	207.3
18 Mid-Atl. Consumer Conf. Index	89.1	108.6	108.6	125.1	95.8	84.0	68.7	80.4	80.3	87.0	88.8
19 Total Const. Contracts (\$Mil.)	697.6	746.0	800.6	911.7	954.2	952.2	984.0	932.4	1,199.1	1,145.2	1,009.5
20 Resid. Const. Contracts (\$Mil.)	218.8	284.1	309.4	319.9	323.8	327.2	369.8	412.0	498.8	462.1	338.1
21 Nonres. Const. Contracts (\$Mil.)	301.5	352.5	382.5	439.5	418.1	409.9	425.4	361.6	478.6	428.0	389.8
22 Total Dwelling Units (No.) - F	2,335	2,612	2,665	2,880	2,356	2,538	2,715	2,995	3,219	2,862	2,117
23 Single-Fam. Dwell. Units (No.) - F	1,956	2,122	2,094	2,103	1,793	1,864	1,820	1,870	1,856	1,428	1,090
24 Multi-Fam. Dwell. Units (No.) - F	276	374	424	515	347	435	580	728	976	1,035	777
25 Tot. New Vehicle Regis. (No.)	44,797	45,884	50,990	55,301	54,624	53,865	53,584	53,510	51,784	50,473	50,664
26 New Passenger Car Regis. (No.)	28,748	29,047	31,201	33,120	31,667	30,183	28,149	26,631	26,199	26,572	26,770
27 New Lt. Truck/Van Regis. (No.)	16,049	16,837	19,790	22,182	22,957	23,683	25,435	26,879	25,591	23,901	23,895
28 Wks. Claimed Wkly. Avg. (000)	95.3	90.2	90.8	84.3	108.4	132.4	130.9	122.6	112.9	107.9	112.0
Insured Unemp. Rate (%)	2.8	2.6	2.5	2.3	2.9	3.5	3.5	3.2	3.0	2.8	2.9
29 Initial Claims Wkly. Avg. (No.)	9,911	9,454	9,003	9,056	10,637	11,595	11,331	10,730	10,323	10,116	10,560
30 Exhaustions (No.)	104,197	9,360	9,757	9,138	11,136	16,686	16,317	14,034	12,179	11,213	11,593

Notes: See page S-32 for data sources. Data shown using latest available benchmarks. For Dwelling Unit data, "F" = Final. Monthly revisions to Series 19-21 are published by special contract with McGraw-Hill Construction; reprinting is prohibited by law.

## Employment Data

### New Jersey Nonfarm Payroll Employment (000)

(seasonally adjusted)

NAICS Industry	2007				2008								
	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep
<b>Total Nonfarm (1)*</b>	4,070.1	4,073.8	4,076.0	4,082.6	4,074.0	4,071.9	4,071.7	4,071.6	4,072.6	4,068.7	4,068.8	4,065.4	4,061.5
<b>Total Private Sector*</b>	3,423.5	3,426.6	3,427.6	3,433.8	3,425.5	3,423.0	3,422.9	3,423.0	3,423.6	3,419.4	3,419.9	3,418.8	3,415.1
<b>Goods Producing*</b>	483.8	483.3	482.3	481.4	480.6	479.1	477.9	475.5	473.6	470.4	470.7	470.3	467.7
<b>Natural Resources and Mining**</b>	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7
<b>Construction</b>	171.0	171.0	170.8	170.1	169.3	168.9	168.0	166.9	167.3	166.8	166.9	167.0	166.2
<b>Manufacturing*</b>	311.1	310.6	309.9	309.7	309.7	308.7	308.3	306.9	304.6	301.9	302.1	301.6	299.8
Durable Goods	137.9	137.8	137.2	137.3	137.7	136.6	136.4	135.5	134.4	132.8	132.6	132.8	131.6
Non-Durable Goods	173.2	172.8	172.7	172.4	172.0	172.1	171.9	171.4	170.2	169.1	169.5	168.8	168.2
<b>Service-Providing*</b>	3,586.3	3,590.5	3,593.7	3,601.2	3,593.4	3,592.8	3,593.8	3,596.1	3,599.0	3,598.3	3,598.1	3,595.1	3,593.8
<b>Private Service-Providing*</b>	2,939.7	2,943.3	2,945.3	2,952.4	2,944.9	2,943.9	2,945.0	2,947.5	2,950.0	2,949.0	2,949.2	2,948.5	2,947.4
<b>Trade, Transportation, &amp; Utilities*</b>	876.3	875.2	877.2	879.9	877.3	874.2	874.7	873.3	873.8	873.0	872.9	872.9	873.1
Wholesale Trade	232.0	232.5	232.9	232.9	232.1	231.3	231.1	230.4	230.9	231.4	231.7	231.1	230.6
Retail Trade	467.5	466.6	467.8	467.8	466.5	464.9	465.7	464.6	465.0	464.5	463.8	464.1	464.2
Trans., Warehousing, and Utilities	176.8	176.1	176.5	179.2	178.7	178.0	177.9	178.3	177.9	177.1	177.4	177.7	178.3
<b>Information</b>	98.0	98.1	98.0	98.3	98.7	97.8	97.6	98.5	98.5	98.6	98.7	99.2	98.6
<b>Financial Activities*</b>	273.3	271.8	270.9	270.2	269.3	269.2	269.4	268.5	267.8	267.8	266.3	266.2	264.3
Finance and Insurance	214.4	213.2	212.5	211.9	211.8	211.7	211.7	211.1	210.2	209.9	209.1	208.6	207.1
Real Estate/Rental & Leasing	58.9	58.6	58.4	58.3	57.5	57.5	57.7	57.4	57.6	57.9	57.2	57.6	57.2
<b>Prof. and Business Services*</b>	610.1	610.9	611.1	612.8	609.0	609.5	608.9	611.7	613.3	612.7	616.4	615.7	615.9
Prof., Sci., & Tech. Services	286.8	286.5	286.7	288.2	288.4	288.9	288.7	289.3	289.8	289.7	290.9	289.5	288.5
Mgmt. of Companies & Enterprises	66.9	66.6	66.7	66.6	66.1	66.1	66.3	65.8	65.8	65.9	66.0	66.3	66.2
Adm/Support, Waste Mgt/ Remed. Srvs.	256.4	257.8	257.7	258.0	254.5	254.5	253.9	256.6	257.7	257.1	259.5	259.9	261.2
<b>Educational and Health Services*</b>	580.8	583.8	584.7	585.9	586.5	587.9	588.4	590.0	590.9	591.2	590.3	590.9	591.9
Educational Services	89.3	90.0	90.0	90.1	90.5	90.2	90.0	90.6	89.8	90.0	90.0	89.6	89.5
Health Care and Social Assistance	491.5	493.8	494.7	495.8	496.0	497.7	498.4	499.4	501.1	501.2	500.3	501.3	502.4
<b>Leisure and Hospitality*</b>	337.0	339.7	339.6	340.8	339.3	340.1	341.0	340.1	340.0	339.8	338.5	337.8	337.9
Arts, Entertainment, & Recreation	51.5	52.9	51.8	52.3	51.8	51.6	51.7	51.6	51.6	51.2	51.5	51.4	50.3
Accommodation and Food Srvs.	285.5	286.8	287.8	288.5	287.5	288.5	289.3	288.5	288.4	288.6	287.0	286.4	287.6
<b>Other Services (2)</b>	164.2	163.8	163.8	164.5	164.8	165.2	165.0	165.4	165.7	165.9	166.1	165.8	165.7
<b>Total Government*</b>	646.6	647.2	648.4	648.8	648.5	648.9	648.8	648.6	649.0	649.3	648.9	646.6	646.4
Federal Government	60.3	60.5	60.6	60.3	60.1	60.0	60.1	60.1	60.2	59.8	60.0	59.5	59.3
State Government (3)	152.1	152.3	152.9	153.3	153.6	153.8	153.4	153.5	153.6	153.8	153.5	151.8	152.2
Local Government	434.2	434.4	434.9	435.2	434.8	435.1	435.3	435.0	435.2	435.7	435.4	435.3	434.9

**Notes:**

1. Nonfarm payroll employment includes civilians on nonfarm establishment payrolls who worked or received pay for any part of the pay period including the 12th of the month. It excludes proprietors, self-employed, unpaid family members and domestics in private households. All data are revised to March 2007 benchmarks. Individual series may not add to sector or supersector totals because not all sector/supersector components are published.
2. "Other Services" include: Repair and maintenance; Personal and laundry services; Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional and similar organizations.
3. The total number of state employees reported under this heading is determined on the basis of a definition developed by the US Bureau of Labor Statistics which is standardized throughout the nation. The definition includes both full- and part-time workers in the executive departments, the legislature, and the judiciary, as well as all employees of authorities, commissions, the state universities and colleges, and other agencies not included on the central payroll.

\* Seasonally adjusted total has been indirectly computed from the sum of the underlying industries.

\*\* The industry is not seasonally adjusted because seasonality is not statistically significant.

## Employment Data

### New Jersey Nonfarm Payroll Employment (000)

(not seasonally adjusted)

NAICS Industry	2007				2008								
	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep
<b>Total Nonfarm (1)</b>	4,073.3	4,093.7	4,108.5	4,121.2	4,008.0	4,003.2	4,028.2	4,058.7	4,091.2	4,131.7	4,089.0	4,064.9	4,060.3
<b>Total Private Sector</b>	3,442.6	3,438.9	3,447.9	3,460.9	3,360.2	3,345.3	3,368.8	3,398.6	3,433.5	3,473.3	3,465.0	3,455.4	3,431.4
<b>Goods Producing</b>	491.4	489.0	487.4	484.0	467.5	462.4	466.1	472.1	475.5	478.1	477.5	478.0	475.0
<b>Natural Resources and Mining</b>	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7
<b>Construction</b>	177.4	175.9	174.4	171.4	158.9	154.5	157.5	164.5	169.5	172.2	173.5	174.5	172.4
Construction of Buildings	41.9	41.9	41.6	41.4	39.7	39.0	39.9	40.4	41.0	41.8	42.3	42.4	42.0
Residential Building Construction	28.7	28.8	28.4	28.0	26.8	26.3	26.7	26.2	26.1	26.9	27.2	27.3	26.9
Heavy and Civil Engineering	19.2	19.0	18.4	17.4	15.0	14.2	14.6	16.4	17.2	17.5	17.8	17.8	17.7
Specialty Trade Contractors	116.3	115.0	114.4	112.6	104.2	101.3	103.0	107.7	111.3	112.9	113.4	114.3	112.7
Building Equipment Contractors	56.4	55.7	55.4	54.9	53.2	53.1	52.6	53.2	54.0	54.8	55.0	55.3	54.5
<b>Manufacturing</b>	312.3	311.4	311.4	311.0	307.0	306.4	307.0	305.9	304.3	304.2	302.3	301.8	300.9
<b>Durable Goods</b>	138.6	137.8	137.4	137.7	136.5	135.9	136.2	135.4	134.5	134.1	132.9	132.6	131.7
Fabricated Metal Product	27.1	27.0	27.2	27.2	26.7	26.5	26.7	26.6	26.8	27.0	26.7	26.7	26.9
Machinery Manufacturing	16.6	16.4	16.4	16.6	16.4	16.3	16.4	16.3	16.3	16.3	16.5	16.5	16.5
Computer and Electronic Products	30.2	30.1	29.9	29.9	30.2	30.2	30.3	30.3	30.3	30.7	30.5	30.6	30.4
Navig., Meas, Electromedical & Control Inst.	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.2	15.2	15.2	15.2	15.2	15.1	15.2	15.1	15.1	15.1
Transportation Equip. Mfg.	6.5	6.4	6.3	6.4	6.5	6.5	6.4	6.4	6.2	6.0	5.9	5.9	5.8
Miscellaneous Mfg.	19.8	19.4	19.6	19.4	19.2	19.5	19.6	19.6	19.5	19.5	19.5	19.4	19.5
<b>Non-Durable Goods</b>	173.7	173.6	174.0	173.3	170.5	170.5	170.8	170.5	169.8	170.1	169.4	169.2	169.2
Food Manufacturing	29.3	29.7	29.8	29.7	29.1	29.2	29.3	29.0	28.8	28.7	29.0	29.2	29.4
Paper Manufacturing	13.8	13.7	13.9	13.8	13.7	13.8	13.8	13.7	13.5	13.5	13.3	13.1	13.2
Printing and Related Support	22.4	22.6	22.6	22.4	21.5	21.2	21.1	21.2	21.1	21.1	20.9	20.6	20.5
Chemical Manufacturing	71.0	71.0	71.1	71.2	71.0	71.1	71.2	70.9	70.5	71.0	71.3	70.8	70.3
Basic Chemical Manufacturing	8.4	8.3	8.4	8.4	8.5	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.7	8.7	8.7	8.5
Pharmaceutical and Medicine	42.4	42.4	42.5	42.6	42.3	42.3	42.6	42.3	42.1	42.6	42.7	42.2	41.8
Plastics and Rubber Products	17.8	17.8	17.6	17.5	17.5	17.5	17.5	17.6	17.5	17.4	16.9	16.8	16.7
<b>Service-Providing</b>	3,581.9	3,604.7	3,621.1	3,637.2	3,540.5	3,540.8	3,562.1	3,586.6	3,615.7	3,653.6	3,611.5	3,586.9	3,585.3
<b>Private Service-Providing</b>	2,951.2	2,949.9	2,960.5	2,976.9	2,892.7	2,882.9	2,902.7	2,926.5	2,958.0	2,995.2	2,987.5	2,977.4	2,956.4
<b>Trade, Transportation, &amp; Utilities</b>	873.6	879.5	894.1	908.2	870.3	858.6	861.9	863.2	871.4	879.6	871.4	868.4	871.3
Wholesale Trade	232.4	232.6	232.6	233.2	230.4	229.9	230.0	230.4	231.4	232.8	232.7	231.9	231.1
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods	116.2	116.0	116.3	116.6	114.9	114.6	114.8	114.6	114.6	115.1	114.9	114.4	114.2
Professional & Comm. Equip., & Supplies	31.5	31.6	31.5	31.5	31.5	31.5	31.7	31.7	31.6	31.5	31.6	31.6	31.5
Grocery and Related Product - Nondurable Goods	29.6	29.4	29.3	29.2	29.1	29.0	29.0	29.3	29.5	29.9	29.9	29.8	29.9
Wholesale Electronic Markets, Agents and Brokers	32.3	32.3	32.6	32.6	32.3	32.3	32.4	32.6	33.0	33.1	33.2	33.3	33.0

See notes on page S-23. Shaded rows on pp. 24-27 indicate employment at the NAICS supersector level.

**Employment Data****New Jersey Nonfarm Payroll Employment (000)**

(not seasonally adjusted)

NAICS Industry	2007				2008								
	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep
Retail Trade	462.6	467.4	481.5	491.8	463.1	451.9	454.4	455.5	461.2	467.7	466.2	465.1	460.3
Motor Vehicle and Parts Dealers	47.7	47.1	47.2	46.9	46.3	46.2	46.3	46.4	46.5	46.5	46.3	46.2	46.4
Automobile Dealers	34.5	34.4	34.2	34.1	33.8	33.8	33.9	34.1	34.1	34.3	34.2	34.2	34.4
Furniture and Home Furnishings Stores	19.1	19.3	20.1	20.2	19.1	18.6	18.5	18.3	18.4	18.5	18.1	18.2	18.3
Electronics and Appliance Stores	16.2	16.5	17.4	17.6	16.4	16.2	16.2	16.0	15.8	15.5	15.4	15.4	15.3
Building Mat. & Garden Equip. & Supp. Dlrs.	35.7	35.3	35.1	34.8	32.9	32.8	33.7	35.6	37.0	37.1	36.2	35.7	35.0
Food and Beverage Stores	108.8	108.3	108.8	109.5	107.7	107.5	107.7	107.6	109.6	111.7	112.0	111.3	109.1
Health and Personal Care Stores	38.8	38.8	39.1	39.8	39.2	38.6	38.5	38.0	38.3	38.7	38.4	38.1	37.5
Clothing and Clothing Accessories Stores	59.5	59.7	63.6	67.1	60.1	56.6	56.9	57.3	58.3	59.7	60.0	60.4	59.5
Sporting Goods, Hobby, Book, & Music Stores	22.5	22.8	25.2	26.2	22.9	21.8	21.7	21.9	22.1	22.3	22.0	21.9	21.9
General Merchandise Stores	65.0	66.6	71.7	75.1	66.6	62.8	63.2	63.0	63.3	64.9	64.5	64.9	64.8
Department Stores	52.0	53.3	57.4	60.7	53.6	50.5	51.0	50.8	50.8	52.2	51.7	52.2	52.0
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	178.6	179.5	180.0	183.2	176.8	176.8	177.5	177.3	178.8	179.1	172.5	171.4	179.9
Utilities	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.6	13.8	14.1	14.0	13.9	13.7
Elec.Pwr Gen., Transmission & Distribution	7.5	7.6	7.5	7.5	7.6	7.7	7.7	7.7	7.9	8.0	8.0	8.0	7.9
Natural Gas Distribution	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.7
Transportation and Warehousing	165.2	166.1	166.6	169.8	163.3	163.3	164.0	163.7	165.0	165.0	158.5	157.5	166.2
Air Transportation	17.9	18.0	18.1	18.1	18.2	18.2	18.2	18.2	18.5	18.6	18.6	18.6	18.5
Truck Transportation	39.7	39.7	39.7	39.7	38.8	38.6	38.9	38.9	39.1	39.0	39.0	39.0	39.3
General Freight Trucking	30.0	29.9	30.0	30.0	29.2	29.3	29.4	29.5	29.5	29.1	29.0	29.0	29.3
Transit and Ground Passenger Transportation	30.2	30.4	30.3	30.7	29.6	29.6	29.7	29.8	30.3	30.1	23.0	21.3	29.6
Support Activities for Transportation	22.0	22.4	22.3	22.1	21.6	21.6	21.6	21.7	21.7	21.9	21.9	21.9	21.8
Couriers and Messengers	23.5	23.8	24.1	26.4	23.6	23.6	23.9	23.6	23.6	23.7	23.6	23.4	23.4
Warehousing and Storage	27.3	27.5	28.0	28.1	27.7	27.7	27.9	27.3	27.8	27.9	27.7	27.9	27.8
<b>Information</b>	<b>97.7</b>	<b>98.0</b>	<b>98.6</b>	<b>99.1</b>	<b>98.3</b>	<b>97.2</b>	<b>97.6</b>	<b>97.9</b>	<b>98.3</b>	<b>99.0</b>	<b>98.7</b>	<b>99.4</b>	<b>98.3</b>
Publishing Industries (except Internet)	28.9	28.9	29.0	29.0	28.5	28.4	28.4	28.4	28.4	28.5	28.4	28.3	28.0
Telecommunications	40.8	41.2	41.5	41.8	41.6	40.9	41.3	41.4	41.8	41.8	41.5	41.9	41.8
Wired Telecommunications Carriers	31.9	32.2	32.4	32.6	32.6	32.0	32.1	32.4	32.8	32.8	32.5	32.7	32.6
Internet Serv. Prvdrs., Web Srch. Portals & D.P.S.	11.6	11.5	11.4	11.5	11.5	11.6	11.5	11.5	11.5	11.5	11.5	11.5	11.5
<b>Financial Activities</b>	<b>273.7</b>	<b>271.4</b>	<b>270.6</b>	<b>270.5</b>	<b>267.9</b>	<b>267.4</b>	<b>267.7</b>	<b>267.4</b>	<b>267.7</b>	<b>269.8</b>	<b>268.8</b>	<b>268.4</b>	<b>264.0</b>
Finance and Insurance	214.0	212.9	212.5	212.3	211.5	211.1	211.1	210.6	210.0	210.8	210.1	209.4	206.4
Credit Intermediation & Related Activities	75.9	74.9	74.3	73.7	73.2	73.1	72.9	72.5	72.2	72.1	72.6	72.1	70.8
Depository Credit Intermediation	50.6	50.3	50.3	50.4	50.4	50.1	50.1	50.0	50.0	50.3	50.8	50.7	50.0
Nondepository Credit Interditiion	19.0	18.6	18.2	17.8	17.6	17.6	17.6	17.2	17.0	16.6	16.4	16.0	15.5

See notes on page S-23. Shaded rows on pp. 24-27 indicate employment at the NAICS supersector level.

## Employment Data

### New Jersey Nonfarm Payroll Employment (000)

(not seasonally adjusted)

NAICS Industry	2007				2008								
	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep
Securities, Commodity Contracts & Other	53.6	53.8	53.8	53.8	53.9	54.2	54.4	54.3	53.8	54.3	53.9	53.9	52.6
Scrty & Comdty Contracts Intermed & Brkrage	41.1	41.4	41.3	41.2	41.3	41.4	41.4	41.4	40.9	41.2	40.3	40.3	39.2
Ins. Carriers & Rel Activities	83.0	82.7	82.9	83.2	82.4	82.1	82.3	82.2	82.1	82.5	82.4	82.3	81.6
Insurance Carriers	52.8	52.5	52.6	52.7	52.0	51.9	52.0	51.9	51.9	52.1	52.3	52.2	51.8
Agencies, Brkrages, & other Ins. Rel. Activities	30.2	30.2	30.3	30.5	30.4	30.2	30.3	30.3	30.2	30.4	30.1	30.1	29.8
Real Estate/Rental & Leasing	59.7	58.5	58.1	58.2	56.4	56.3	56.6	56.8	57.7	59.0	58.7	59.0	57.6
Real Estate	40.8	39.9	39.5	39.6	38.6	38.6	38.8	38.9	39.4	40.2	40.1	40.2	39.6
Rental and Leasing Svcs.	18.0	17.8	17.7	17.8	17.2	17.1	17.3	17.5	17.9	18.3	18.2	18.1	17.8
<b>Professional &amp; Business Svcs.</b>	<b>615.8</b>	<b>615.3</b>	<b>615.3</b>	<b>614.5</b>	<b>593.0</b>	<b>593.5</b>	<b>600.5</b>	<b>610.7</b>	<b>614.7</b>	<b>620.6</b>	<b>623.5</b>	<b>624.5</b>	<b>622.3</b>
Professional, Sci., & Tech. Svcs.	284.1	285.8	287.2	289.2	286.6	287.8	288.9	290.5	288.6	291.1	291.8	290.4	287.1
Legal Services	41.5	41.7	42.3	42.4	42.1	41.9	42.0	42.1	42.3	43.0	42.9	42.8	42.3
Accounting/Tax Prep/Bookkeep/ Payroll Services	32.3	32.3	33.0	34.8	36.1	37.2	37.0	36.6	33.4	33.4	33.4	33.8	33.5
Architectural, Engineering & Related Services	44.7	43.7	43.8	43.8	43.0	42.9	43.0	43.6	43.9	44.7	45.4	45.1	44.1
Computer Systems Design & Related Services	61.6	61.4	62.1	63.1	62.1	62.3	62.4	62.9	62.8	62.9	62.9	62.3	62.4
Management, Sci & Tech Con- sulting Services	33.8	34.2	34.3	34.4	33.4	33.3	33.4	33.5	33.6	34.0	34.5	34.8	35.0
Scientific Research & Develop- ment Services	29.3	29.3	29.3	29.2	29.0	28.8	28.8	28.7	28.8	29.0	29.0	28.9	28.6
Advertising and Related Services	16.7	16.7	16.8	16.9	16.5	16.6	16.8	16.7	16.6	16.5	16.4	16.3	16.2
Management of Companies and Enterprises	66.9	66.4	66.9	66.9	65.9	65.8	66.1	65.5	65.7	66.2	66.2	66.4	66.4
Adm/Support Waste Mgt/ Reme- diation Services	264.8	263.1	261.2	258.4	240.5	239.9	245.5	254.7	260.4	263.3	265.5	267.7	268.8
Employment Services	99.8	99.5	99.3	99.2	90.9	90.8	93.9	92.9	94.4	95.0	97.2	99.8	101.9
Business Support Services	16.8	16.7	16.7	16.9	16.7	16.8	16.8	16.9	17.0	16.9	16.6	16.6	16.6
Investigation & Security Svcs.	27.3	27.1	27.5	27.5	27.3	27.4	27.5	27.6	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.3
Svcs. to Buildings & Dwellings	70.6	70.1	67.2	60.3	52.5	52.2	55.4	65.3	68.9	71.2	71.7	70.8	69.4
<b>Educational &amp; Health Services</b>	<b>577.3</b>	<b>585.4</b>	<b>588.3</b>	<b>589.8</b>	<b>584.3</b>	<b>587.4</b>	<b>590.4</b>	<b>591.6</b>	<b>594.5</b>	<b>593.6</b>	<b>586.3</b>	<b>582.7</b>	<b>587.9</b>
Educational Services	87.0	91.8	92.7	92.4	88.8	91.0	92.0	92.4	92.7	90.0	85.9	83.0	87.6
Elementary and Secondary Schools	36.7	37.7	38.1	38.0	37.8	38.1	38.0	38.1	38.2	38.2	35.1	33.8	37.2
Colleges, Universities, and Professional Schools	26.9	28.8	29.1	28.9	27.1	29.1	29.4	29.7	29.3	27.3	26.1	25.9	28.1
Health Care and Social As- sistance	490.3	493.6	495.6	497.4	495.5	496.4	498.4	499.2	501.8	503.6	500.4	499.7	500.3
Ambulatory Health Care Svcs.	178.6	179.9	180.4	182.1	181.0	181.3	182.0	182.2	183.5	184.5	183.7	183.4	183.4
Offices of Physicians	67.9	68.4	68.6	68.8	68.2	68.1	68.3	68.4	68.9	69.4	69.3	69.3	68.8
Offices of Dentists	27.3	27.0	27.0	27.4	27.3	27.3	27.3	27.2	27.4	27.5	27.3	27.4	27.5
Home Health Care Services	29.7	29.7	29.7	30.2	29.8	30.1	30.2	30.2	30.4	30.6	30.4	30.5	30.8

See notes on page S-23. Shaded rows on pp. 24-27 indicate employment at the NAICS supersector level.

**Employment Data**
**New Jersey Nonfarm Payroll Employment (000)**  
 (not seasonally adjusted)

NAICS Industry	2007				2008								
	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep
Hospitals	155.0	155.5	156.0	155.5	155.2	155.3	155.7	155.8	156.2	156.5	156.3	156.9	156.7
Nursing and Residential Care Facilities	83.0	83.3	83.7	83.9	83.5	83.7	84.0	84.2	84.5	84.7	84.3	84.4	84.3
Nursing Care Facilities	46.6	46.7	47.0	47.1	46.4	46.5	46.8	46.9	47.1	47.2	47.3	47.4	47.4
Community Care Facilities for the Elderly	18.2	18.2	18.4	18.4	18.5	18.4	18.5	18.4	18.4	18.5	18.6	18.5	18.4
Social Assistance	73.7	74.9	75.5	75.9	75.8	76.1	76.7	77.0	77.6	77.9	76.1	75.0	75.9
Child Day Care Services	36.2	37.2	37.5	37.6	37.3	37.6	37.9	38.0	38.3	38.2	36.2	35.2	37.4
<b>Leisure and Hospitality</b>	<b>350.3</b>	<b>337.3</b>	<b>330.6</b>	<b>330.6</b>	<b>316.4</b>	<b>316.0</b>	<b>321.2</b>	<b>330.4</b>	<b>344.8</b>	<b>363.8</b>	<b>369.5</b>	<b>365.9</b>	<b>347.8</b>
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	55.3	51.7	47.1	46.5	41.7	41.6	43.5	48.8	53.1	60.9	66.5	64.9	53.0
Amusement, Gambling & Recreation Industries	44.7	41.2	37.2	36.7	33.2	33.2	34.9	39.3	43.1	50.1	55.4	53.6	42.6
Accommodation and Food Services	295.0	285.6	283.5	284.1	274.7	274.4	277.7	281.6	291.7	302.9	303.0	301.0	294.8
Accommodation	68.8	66.0	65.1	64.2	62.3	62.0	62.3	62.9	64.8	68.0	72.2	71.8	67.8
Casino Hotels	38.8	38.2	38.1	38.1	37.9	37.8	38.0	37.7	38.3	39.7	41.4	41.2	40.3
Food Services and Drinking Places	226.2	219.6	218.4	219.9	212.4	212.4	215.4	218.7	226.9	234.9	230.8	229.2	227.0
Full-Service Restaurants	99.8	96.3	95.6	96.3	93.2	93.3	94.2	95.6	99.3	103.3	104.1	103.6	99.1
Limited-Service Eating Places	87.4	84.8	84.7	85.2	82.7	82.3	84.0	86.4	89.2	91.9	92.7	92.0	88.9
Special Food Services	29.1	29.1	29.1	29.3	27.7	28.0	28.3	27.7	29.0	29.4	23.6	23.2	29.2
Drinking Places (Alcoholic Beverages)	9.9	9.4	9.0	9.1	8.8	8.8	8.9	9.0	9.4	10.3	10.4	10.4	9.8
<b>Other Services</b>	<b>162.8</b>	<b>163.0</b>	<b>163.0</b>	<b>164.2</b>	<b>162.5</b>	<b>162.8</b>	<b>163.4</b>	<b>165.3</b>	<b>166.6</b>	<b>168.8</b>	<b>169.3</b>	<b>168.1</b>	<b>164.8</b>
Repair and Maintenance	37.4	37.5	37.4	37.7	37.5	37.7	37.7	37.5	37.7	37.7	37.8	37.6	37.6
Automotive Repair and Maintenance	26.8	27.0	26.9	27.1	26.8	26.9	26.9	26.8	26.9	26.9	27.0	26.7	26.7
Personal and Laundry Services	49.7	49.5	49.4	49.8	48.7	48.9	49.3	50.2	51.0	51.2	51.4	51.4	51.2
Personal Care Services	29.2	29.1	29.1	29.4	29.1	29.4	29.5	29.6	30.2	30.2	30.2	30.3	30.3
Religious, Grantmaking, Civic, Professional & Similar Orgs.	75.7	76.0	76.2	76.7	76.3	76.2	76.4	77.6	77.9	79.9	80.1	79.1	76.0
<b>Government</b>	<b>630.7</b>	<b>654.8</b>	<b>660.6</b>	<b>660.3</b>	<b>647.8</b>	<b>657.9</b>	<b>659.4</b>	<b>660.1</b>	<b>657.7</b>	<b>658.4</b>	<b>624.0</b>	<b>609.5</b>	<b>628.9</b>
Federal Government	60.3	60.3	60.5	60.8	59.8	59.5	59.5	59.8	60.0	60.1	60.6	60.1	59.5
Department of Defense	13.8	13.7	13.7	13.7	13.7	13.6	13.6	13.5	13.5	13.8	13.8	13.8	13.6
U.S. Postal Service	28.8	28.9	29.0	29.5	28.8	28.6	28.6	28.8	28.7	28.4	28.7	28.2	28.1
Other Federal Government	17.7	17.7	17.8	17.6	17.3	17.3	17.3	17.5	17.8	17.9	18.1	18.1	17.8
State Government	150.6	155.2	156.4	155.8	150.9	156.4	156.5	156.9	154.0	150.2	148.7	146.2	150.5
State Government Education	46.6	51.2	52.2	51.7	46.7	51.9	52.2	52.8	49.8	45.5	44.8	44.0	48.8
State Government Hospitals	12.2	12.2	12.2	12.2	12.3	12.2	12.2	12.1	12.0	11.9	11.9	11.9	11.9
Other State Government	91.8	91.8	92.0	91.9	91.9	92.3	92.1	92.0	92.2	92.8	92.0	90.3	89.8
Exec./Leg./Judicial *	78.9	79.0	79.1	79.2	79.4	79.5	79.6	79.3	79.3	79.4	78.9	77.4	77.1
Local Government	419.8	439.3	443.7	443.7	437.1	442.0	443.4	443.4	443.7	448.1	414.7	403.2	418.9
Local Government Education	246.8	271.9	276.0	275.5	270.8	276.1	277.1	276.5	275.2	274.2	230.2	220.9	247.2
Other Local Government	173.0	167.4	167.7	168.2	166.3	165.9	166.3	166.9	168.5	173.9	184.5	182.3	171.7

See notes on page S-23. Shaded rows on pp. 24-27 indicate employment at the NAICS supersector level.

## Hours and Earnings Data

### Production/Non-supervisory Workers in New Jersey

NAICS Industry	2007				2008								
	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep
<b>Average Weekly Hours of Production / Non-supervisory Workers<sup>1</sup></b>													
<b>Manufacturing</b> (production)	40.4	40.6	41.8	42.2	41.7	41.7	41.7	42.2	42.2	42.5	41.8	41.5	41.6
Durable Goods	40.9	41.1	41.5	42.1	41.7	41.9	42.1	42.4	42.6	42.9	42.5	42.2	41.9
Nondurable Goods	40.0	40.2	42.1	42.2	41.7	41.6	41.4	42.0	41.8	42.2	41.2	41.0	41.3
<b>Information<sup>4</sup></b>	35.7	34.8	34.2	34.7	34.4	34.6	35.1	34.6	34.5	35.2	34.5	34.3	34.6
<b>Average Hourly Gross Dollar Earnings<sup>2</sup></b>													
<b>Manufacturing</b> (production)	17.50	17.47	17.45	17.64	17.76	17.85	17.77	17.74	17.76	17.79	17.84	17.88	17.95
Durable Goods	19.50	19.51	19.62	19.72	19.68	19.94	19.80	19.75	19.69	19.74	19.68	19.88	19.95
Nondurable Goods	15.84	15.77	15.69	15.91	16.14	16.07	16.02	15.99	16.10	16.10	16.24	16.18	16.26
<b>Information<sup>4</sup></b>	32.00	32.29	32.49	32.33	32.27	32.32	32.48	32.57	32.67	32.75	31.53	31.52	31.41
<b>Average Weekly Gross Dollar Earnings<sup>3</sup></b>													
<b>Manufacturing</b> (production)	707.00	709.28	729.41	744.41	740.59	744.35	741.01	748.63	749.47	756.08	745.71	742.02	746.72
Durable Goods	797.55	801.86	814.23	830.21	820.66	835.49	833.58	837.40	838.79	846.85	836.40	838.94	835.91
Nondurable Goods	633.60	633.95	660.55	671.40	673.04	668.51	663.23	671.58	672.98	679.42	669.09	663.38	671.54
<b>Information<sup>4</sup></b>	1,142.40	1,123.69	1,111.16	1,121.85	1,110.09	1,118.27	1,140.05	1,126.92	1,127.12	1,152.80	1,087.79	1,081.14	1,086.79

\* Eight manufacturing production series were deleted because these series failed to meet the criteria established by the Bureau of Labor Statistics and will no longer be published.

- (1) Average hours worked or paid are affected by labor turnover, changes in overtime hours and part-time employment.
- (2) Hourly earnings include paid holidays, vacation and sick leave. They are affected by changes in workforce composition and in wage rates.
- (3) Weekly earnings are affected by premium pay, shift differentials, piecework and incentive payments, length of workweek and other factors.
- (4) Non-supervisory workers. The Information Supersector includes the Publishing Industries, Telecommunications, and Internet Service Providers, Web Search Portal, and Data Processing Service Sectors.

## Comparative Trends

### US and New Jersey Civilian Labor Force Trends 1982-2008 (000)

DATE	Labor Force		Employment		Unemployment Volume		Unemployment Rate (%)	
	US	NJ	US	NJ	US	NJ	US	NJ
<b>Annual Averages 1982-2007</b>								
1982	110,204	3,629.2	99,526	3,314.5	10,678	314.7	9.7	8.7
1983	111,550	3,688.8	100,834	3,392.6	10,717	296.2	9.6	8.0
1984	113,544	3,795.1	105,005	3,560.9	8,539	234.2	7.5	6.2
1985	115,461	3,839.5	107,150	3,624.4	8,312	215.1	7.2	5.6
1986	117,834	3,903.5	109,597	3,706.5	8,237	197.0	7.0	5.0
1987	119,865	3,959.8	112,440	3,798.5	7,425	161.3	6.2	4.1
1988	121,669	3,973.5	114,968	3,821.8	6,701	151.6	5.5	3.8
1989	123,869	4,000.0	117,342	3,835.3	6,528	164.7	5.3	4.1
1990	125,840	4,072.5	118,793	3,865.0	7,047	207.5	5.6	5.1
1991	126,346	4,050.4	117,718	3,776.6	8,628	273.7	6.8	6.8
1992	128,105	4,051.9	118,492	3,709.5	9,613	342.4	7.5	8.4
1993	129,200	4,034.6	120,259	3,727.3	8,940	307.3	6.9	7.6
1994	131,056	4,067.5	123,060	3,790.0	7,996	277.5	6.1	6.8
1995	132,304	4,111.8	124,900	3,846.3	7,404	265.5	5.6	6.5
1996	133,943	4,184.1	126,708	3,925.8	7,236	258.3	5.4	6.2
1997	136,297	4,257.4	129,558	4,031.0	6,739	226.4	4.9	5.3
1998	137,673	4,242.4	131,463	4,047.1	6,210	195.3	4.5	4.6
1999	139,368	4,284.6	133,488	4,092.7	5,880	191.8	4.2	4.5
2000	142,583	4,287.8	136,891	4,130.3	5,692	157.5	4.0	3.7
2001	143,734	4,302.3	136,933	4,117.5	6,801	184.8	4.7	4.3
2002	144,863	4,370.8	136,485	4,117.3	8,378	253.5	5.8	5.8
2003	146,510	4,363.9	137,736	4,108.4	8,774	255.5	6.0	5.9
2004	147,401	4,373.0	139,252	4,157.5	8,149	215.5	5.5	4.9
2005	149,320	4,431.6	141,730	4,232.8	7,591	198.7	5.1	4.5
2006	151,428	4,492.8	144,427	4,283.6	7,001	209.2	4.6	4.7
2007	153,124	4,466.3	146,047	4,276.6	7,078	189.7	4.6	4.2
<b>Monthly Data 2007-2008 (Seasonally Adjusted) *</b>								
<b>2007</b>								
Jan	152,958	4,477.1	145,915	4,285.3	7,043	191.8	4.6	4.3
Feb	152,725	4,474.0	145,888	4,281.4	6,837	192.6	4.5	4.3
Mar	152,884	4,469.0	146,145	4,275.5	6,738	193.6	4.4	4.3
Apr	152,542	4,468.1	145,713	4,275.0	6,829	193.1	4.5	4.3
May	152,776	4,466.1	145,913	4,275.8	6,863	190.3	4.5	4.3
Jun	153,085	4,467.6	146,087	4,278.4	6,997	189.3	4.6	4.2
Jul	153,182	4,463.7	146,045	4,274.3	7,137	189.4	4.7	4.2
Aug	152,886	4,462.0	145,753	4,274.2	7,133	187.7	4.7	4.2
Sep	153,506	4,461.0	146,260	4,273.8	7,246	187.2	4.7	4.2
Oct	153,306	4,460.3	146,016	4,274.8	7,291	185.5	4.8	4.2
Nov	153,828	4,462.6	146,647	4,274.6	7,181	188.1	4.7	4.2
Dec	153,866	4,463.8	146,211	4,275.8	7,655	188.0	5.0	4.2
<b>2008</b>								
Jan	153,824	4,491.2	146,248	4,287.1	7,576	204.1	4.9	4.5
Feb	153,374	4,507.7	145,993	4,291.3	7,381	216.3	4.8	4.8
Mar	153,784	4,495.3	145,969	4,278.2	7,815	217.1	5.1	4.8
Apr	153,957	4,511.9	146,331	4,288.6	7,626	223.3	5.0	4.9
May	154,534	4,516.8	146,046	4,273.9	8,487	242.9	5.5	5.4
Jun	154,390	4,505.0	145,891	4,267.4	8,499	237.6	5.5	5.3
Jul	154,603	4,505.6	145,819	4,260.1	8,784	245.5	5.7	5.4
Aug	154,853	4,525.5R	145,477	4,258.1R	9,376	267.4R	6.1	5.9
Sep	154,732	4,539.7	145,255	4,276.1	9,477	263.6	6.1	5.8
Oct								
Nov								
Dec								

\* New Jersey monthly data are based on a different estimating procedure. Monthly data have been revised to incorporate updated seasonal adjustment factors which reflect the 2007 experience.

**Characteristics of New Jersey's Unemployed (000)**

				Percent Change From	
	September 2008	August 2008	September 2007	Month Ago	Year Ago
<b>Total Insured Unemployed *</b>	114.1	132.9	93.7	-14.1	21.7
<b>Total Insured Unemployed</b>	134.2	124.7	110.2	7.6	21.8
<b>By Gender</b>					
Male	77.0	73.2	60.7	5.2	26.7
Female	56.9	55.6	49.3	2.3	15.3
<b>By Race</b>					
White	81.8	76.4	66.0	7.1	23.9
Black	26.9	26.5	23.3	1.5	15.7
Asian	4.0	3.8	2.9	3.1	34.9
Other	1.3	1.3	1.1	0.6	13.8
Chose not To Answer	17.1	19.0	14.3	-9.8	19.6
<b>By Ethnicity</b>					
Hispanic	25.7	25.1	21.6	2.2	19.0
Not Hispanic	94.9	92.3	80.3	2.9	18.2
Chose not to Answer	9.6	11.1	7.9	-14.0	21.7
<b>By Age of Claimant</b>					
Under 25	12.3	11.7	10.1	5.1	22.5
25 through 34 years	30.4	29.2	25.4	4.0	19.6
35 through 44 years	30.4	29.2	26.5	4.2	14.7
45 through 54 years	32.1	30.3	25.9	5.8	24.0
55 through 64 years	20.3	18.9	15.9	7.7	27.6
65 years and over	8.1	7.2	6.4	11.7	26.2
<b>By Duration of Unemployment</b>					
1 to 2 weeks	21.3	21.4	18.6	-0.7	14.1
3 to 4 weeks	15.8	15.2	13.4	3.9	17.6
5 to 14 weeks	55.7	53.4	45.6	4.3	22.2
15 weeks and over	39.0	38.3	32.6	1.7	19.7
<b>By Industry</b>					
Goods Producing	27.6	27.6	21.8	0.2	26.8
Construction	16.7	16.5	12.9	0.8	29.4
Manufacturing	10.3	10.4	8.4	-1.5	21.9
Service Providing	103.0	100.3	86.3	2.7	19.4
Trade, Transportation, Utilities	28.6	28.0	24.2	1.9	18.3
Wholesale Trade	6.9	6.8	5.9	1.4	17.5
Retail Trade	14.8	14.3	12.5	3.4	18.1
Transportation & Warehousing	6.8	6.8	5.7	-0.5	19.5
Financial Activities	8.2	7.8	7.0	4.5	16.1
Professional & Business Services	21.9	21.5	19.0	1.8	15.7
Educational and Health Services	13.0	12.3	11.4	6.1	14.3
Leisure and Hospitality	12.0	11.5	10.9	3.7	10.1
Other Services	2.9	2.9	2.7	1.6	10.8
Government	2.2	1.9	1.8	11.1	18.4

Notes: Totals may not add due to seasonal adjustment, rounding and differences in the availability of data.  
 \* Not seasonally adjusted

## Adjustment of Data

**Seasonal Adjustment.** All tables/charts, unless otherwise specified, contain data that are seasonally adjusted using the **X-12 ARIMA** (Auto-Regressive Integrated Moving Average) method of seasonal adjustment developed by Statistics Canada.

The **X-12** procedure was used in a “two-step” process. One set of factors was generated for benchmarked estimates, based on absolute or universe counts of employment determined through Unemployment Insurance records. These factors were used to seasonally adjust historical, universe-based data through September 2007. A second set of factors was generated using the record of sample-based estimates, and applied to reprojected sample-based estimates for the last quarter of 2007 and sample-based estimates developed month by month in 2008.

## Annual Revision and Internet Access

**Annual revisions** of the data series in *Economic Indicators* normally incorporate:

- (1) the latest benchmark — 2007 for the Resident Labor Force Indicators (Series 1-6) and 2007 for Establishment Employment Indicators (Series 7-16).
- (2) new seasonal adjustment factors, which usually affect at least five years of seasonally adjusted data, or the period from January 2003 forward.

**Internet Access:** Available on the Labor Planning & Analysis (LPA) Web site, <http://www.nj.gov/labor/lra>, are:

- (1) the current month's *Economic Indicators* issue. **NOTE:** McGraw Hill's monthly construction contract data (Series 19-21) ARE PROHIBITED BY LAW FROM ELECTRONIC DISTRIBUTION and, therefore, are not available via the LPA Web site.
- (2) historical series when available, January 1976 to December 2007. This includes the latest annual revisions to unadjusted nonfarm data (January 2006 to December 2007) and seasonal adjustment revisions (January 2003 to December 2007). Because revisions can affect various multi-year periods of original and seasonally adjusted data, it would be incorrect to generate a historic time series for *Economic Indicators* data by tying together series from old issues. For example, seasonally adjusted data from January 2004 to December 2008 are subject to change during the next annual revision cycle.

## General Notes

**Annual Averages.** On p. S-22 are the annual averages of the of the data series for recent years to be used as a benchmark for evaluating current monthly data.

**Charts.** Unless otherwise noted, all graphs were developed with seasonally adjusted data.

**Moving Averages.** Series where the monthly data vary erratically have been plotted with moving averages (thick line) and nonaveraged data (thin line) superimposed.

**Scales.** The scale of each series is determined by the volume and trend of the data series. Caution should be exercised in making comparisons among charts of different scales.

**Shaded Columns.** Shaded areas indicate periods of general national contraction as identified by the National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER). The July 1990-March 1991 and the March 2001-November 2001 national recessions are shown in the graphs for Series 1-30.

**Tables.** Revised data are indicated by an “R” after the entry.

## Statistical Section Notes (cont.)

### Data Sources for Economic Time Series 1-30

No.	Title	Data Source
1	Civilian Labor Force	NJ Department of Labor and Workforce Development, Division of Labor Market and Demographic Research
2	Resident Employment	
3	Unemployment	
4	Labor Force Participation Rate	
5	Employment/Population Ratio	
6	Unemployment Rate	
7	Nonfarm Payroll Employment	
8	Private Sector Nonfarm Payroll Employment	
9	Construction Payroll Employment	
10	Manufacturing Payroll Employment	
11	Trade, Transportation and Utilities Payroll Employment	
12	Information Payroll Employment	
13	Financial Activities Payroll Employment	
14	Professional and Business Services Payroll Employment	
15	Education and Health Services Payroll Employment	
16	Leisure and Hospitality Payroll Employment	
17	CPI for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U)	US Bureau of Labor Statistics
18	Consumer Confidence Index for Middle Atlantic Region	The Conference Board
19	Total Construction Contracts Awarded	McGraw-Hill Construction
20	Residential Construction Contracts Awarded	
21	Nonresidential Construction Contracts Awarded	
22	Total Private Dwelling Units Auth. by Bldg. Permits	US Bureau of the Census, Manufacturing and Construction Division
23	Priv. Single-Fam. Dwelling Units Auth. by Bldg. Permits	
24	Priv. Multi-Fam. Dwelling Units Auth. by Bldg. Permits	
25	Total New Vehicle Registrations	R.L. Polk and Company
26	New Passenger Car Registrations	
27	New Light Truck/Van Registrations	
28	Weeks Claimed and Insured Unemployment Rate	NJ Department of Labor and Workforce Development, Division of Program Planning, Analysis and Evaluation
29	Initial Claims - Weekly Averages	
30	Unemployment Insurance Exhaustions	

### Data Sources for Economic Time Series 1-30

1-6 **Resident Labor Force Indicators** are produced using a modeling procedure based on regression techniques, that allows for the construction of error ranges. This procedure includes data variables from the NJ Department of labor & Workforce Development's monthly Current Employment Statistics (CES) survey, unemployment insurance claims data and responses from the US Bureau of labor Statistics' Current Population Survey (CPS) of 1,500 households in New Jersey. A new method was introduced effective with January 2005 estimates. Data are available monthly back to 1976.

Beginning with 1990, data incorporate 2000 census-based population controls as well as improved estimates of immigration, emigration, births and deaths for the state and are not directly comparable to earlier figures.

The **Labor Force Participation Rate** and the **Employment/Population Ratio** (Series 4 and 5) are expressed as percentages of the civilian noninstitutional population aged 16 years and over.

7-16 The **Establishment Employment Indicators** are generated from the monthly CES survey of employers on the number of persons who worked or received pay for any part of the pay period including the 12th of the month.

Data reflect March 2007 benchmarks.

## Statistical Section Notes (cont.)

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Seasonally adjusted data for Series 7-16 have been revised back to January 2003.  
Not seasonally adjusted data have been revised back to 2006.

**Private Sector Nonfarm Payroll Employment** (Series 8) is computed by subtracting government employment from total nonfarm employment.

Standard errors have been computed to estimate the variance of total private sector employment and for all supersector series statewide, as well as for total private sector employment for Metropolitan Statistical Areas. More detailed information is available at [www.nj.gov/labor/lra](http://www.nj.gov/labor/lra) under "New Jersey's Economy". Please see the technical note on sample variance.

- 17 The **Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U)** is a measure of the average change over time in the prices paid by all urban consumers (excluding military personnel and persons in institutions) for a fixed market basket of consumer goods and services. The month-to-month change in the CPI is a measure of inflation. Beginning with January 2007, monthly data is reported out to three decimal points.

The **CPI-U** represents approximately 87% of the total population. The **US CPI-U** is the US City Average. The **US CPI-U** and **Metro Area CPI-U** (see definitions below) are not seasonally adjusted.

The CPI does not measure the relative cost of living between areas. There is no "New Jersey CPI". The division of New Jersey's 21 counties between two metropolitan areas for which CPIs are calculated is defined below.

Internet: US Bureau of Labor Statistics Web site may be accessed at <http://www.bls.gov/data/top20.htm> for all regional and national CPI data.

Metro Area definitions:

**"NY"** designates the *New York-Northern New Jersey - Long Island, NY-NJ-CT-PA area*. In New Jersey this includes Bergen, Essex, Hudson, Hunterdon, Mercer, Middlesex, Monmouth, Morris, Ocean, Passaic, Somerset, Sussex, Union and Warren counties. In New York, it includes New York City (5 counties), Dutchess, Nassau, Orange, Putnam, Rockland, Suffolk and Westchester counties. In Connecticut, it includes Fairfield and New Haven counties, plus parts of Litchfield and Middlesex counties. In Pennsylvania, it includes Pike County. Data are published monthly.

**"PA"** designates the *Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD area*. In New Jersey this includes Atlantic, Burlington, Camden, Cape may, Cumberland, Gloucester, and Salem Counties. In Pennsylvania, it includes Bucks, Chester, Delaware, Montgomery and Philadelphia counties. In Delaware, it includes New Castle County, and in Maryland, Cecil County. Data are published bi-monthly.

- 18 **Consumer Confidence Index (CCI), Middle Atlantic Region (US 1985=100)** is based on a representative, random sample of 750 (15%) of a total of 5,000 US households surveyed monthly by NFO Research for the Conference Board. The index represents consumers' perceptions of the present general economy, their own financial conditions as well as their short-term (six months) outlook. Economists use the CCI as a leading indicator for consumer spending. The middle Atlantic Region consists of New Jersey, New York and Pennsylvania. Regional data are not seasonally adjusted.

- 19-21 **Construction Contracts** monthly data for current and prior year are subject to revision. Construction contracts unadjusted data revisions are published by special contract with The McGraw-Hill Construction. **PROHIBITED BY LAW ARE (1) REPRINTING AND (2) ELECTRONIC DISSEMINATION OF THE MONTHLY DATA.**

## Statistical Section Notes (cont.)

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**Total Construction Contracts Awarded** (Series 19) is the sum of not seasonally adjusted residential, nonresidential, and nonbuilding construction contract awards. The nonbuilding series is not published in the *New Jersey Economic Indicators*; however, current month, prior-month, year-ago nonbuilding data as well as cumulative over-the-year change may be found in the **New Jersey's Economy by the Numbers** table. (These data are not included on the Internet version of the table.)

Beginning October 1993, dormitories and hotels were no longer categorized as residential (Series 20); they were included in nonresidential construction contract awards (Series 21).

- 22-24 The **Residential Building Permits Indicators** are compiled by the US Bureau of the Census, Manufacturing and Construction Division as of the thirteenth workday of the following month. Data are collected for all permit-issuing places in the state through a monthly survey of local construction officials. If data are not received for a particular place for that month, the data are imputed. The Census Bureau conducts an annual follow-up to obtain as much data as possible for places for which the data were imputed during the year; these data are then considered to be **FINAL MONTHLY FIGURES**. (Final statewide totals used to produce the annual averages on p. S-22 also include "undistributed" units.) Data beginning January 1998 contain revisions allocated back to prior months and are directly comparable to over-the-year changes shown on the **New Jersey's Economy by the Numbers** table.

**Total Private Dwelling Units Authorized by Building Permits** (Series 22) data are the sum of single-family, two-family, three-or-four-family, and five-or-more-family dwelling units. Public housing units are not included in the series and represent a tiny fraction of the total.

**Private Multi-Family (5+ units) Authorized by Building Permits** (Series 24) include all multi-family structures with five or more units, except those in public housing. Data do not exhibit a stable seasonal pattern and are, therefore, not appropriate for seasonal adjustment.

- 25-27 These series on **New Passenger Car & New Light Truck/Van Registrations** present data only on total new passenger cars and total light truck/vans (in the gross vehicle weight class 0-10,000 lbs.) registered in New Jersey, regardless of the state in which the sales occur. Included are both domestically produced and imported vehicles. Excluded are all federal government registrations. Monthly data for current and prior-year are subject to revision.

Because of unemployment insurance (UI) coverage and other law changes affecting eligibility for benefits, data on unemployment insurance claims (Series 28-30) may not be directly comparable between years.

- 28 **Weeks Claimed (Weekly Average)** is computed by dividing the total number of weeks claimed (intra-state and interstate agent under the Regular State UI Program only) in the month by the number of weeks in the month.

The **Insured Unemployment Rate (IUR)** is the seasonally adjusted weekly average of weeks claimed (intrastate and interstate agent claims under the Regular State UI Program only), which is a proxy for a count of claimants, as a percent of employment covered by unemployment insurance.

- 29 The **Initial Claims Weekly Average** represents intrastate and interstate agent claims under the Regular State UI program only.

- 30 **Unemployment Insurance Exhaustions** are for the Regular State UI Program only.