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# EMPLOYMENT TRENDS

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Report No. 23

Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment in New Jersey decreased by 5,000 on a seasonally adjusted basis from 3,026,200 in August to 3,021,200 in September, as losses in nonmanufacturing outnumbered gains in manufacturing. The decrease primarily represents the termination of federally funded summer jobs for youths which more than offset moderate increases in manufacturing and in services. Private sector job holding increased by 5,800 to 2,503,200.

Before seasonal adjustment, nonfarm wage and salary employment fell by 30,900 to 3,040,000 as a gain of 11,500 jobs in manufacturing was more than offset by a loss of 42,400 positions in the nonmanufacturing sector.

*Continued on page 3*



**Table 1**  
**NEW JERSEY'S NONFARM WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY**  
**Seasonally Adjusted**  
**(000)**

Date	TOTAL	Manufacturing	Constr'n	Transport. Pub. Util.	Trade	Finance Insurance Real Est.	Services	Gov't
1969	2569.6	892.5	118.1	176.2	514.9	111.3	393.2	360.1
1970	2606.2	860.7	120.4	182.2	538.0	116.5	410.4	374.8
1971	2607.6	818.3	117.6	181.1	558.3	120.4	421.0	388.0
1972	2674.4	823.3	121.6	181.2	577.3	124.6	437.9	405.3
1973	2760.8	842.6	126.8	186.4	596.9	131.0	456.8	417.1
1974	2783.4	825.9	118.7	185.8	603.5	136.5	469.9	439.9
1975	2701.0	748.2	99.2	174.3	599.3	135.2	472.1	470.0
1976	2756.3	757.7	93.9	176.0	618.5	138.0	490.6	479.8
1977	2840.6	767.7	94.5	178.2	637.1	142.9	514.0	503.2
1978	2968.0	789.2	106.7	188.6	665.1	148.3	545.7	521.9
<b>1978</b>								
Jan	2897.7	778.2	97.0	184.3	647.0	145.9	529.1	513.5
Feb	2907.1	780.5	96.2	185.5	651.8	146.0	530.4	514.0
Mar	2919.1	783.5	95.0	186.4	655.0	146.2	533.6	516.9
Apr	2958.1	791.0	103.8	189.2	663.1	147.7	540.3	520.5
May	2967.5	790.0	107.1	188.2	665.3	148.2	542.2	524.0
Jun	2974.1	785.9	109.0	188.7	667.1	148.8	545.9	526.3
Jul	2985.2	786.7	108.7	188.5	665.3	148.7	551.8	533.0
Aug	2996.9	790.1	109.3	190.2	666.4	149.3	552.4	536.8
Sep	2998.2	791.5	109.6	190.1	669.6	149.3	552.5	523.2
Oct	2997.0	794.3	112.4	192.7	673.5	149.7	553.5	518.4
Nov	3008.0	799.3	112.5	190.7	677.0	150.1	557.0	518.9
Dec	3007.8	799.7	113.5	189.6	678.0	150.2	557.7	516.6
<b>1979</b>								
Jan	3021.9	804.3	117.4	190.1	682.9	150.5	558.9	515.2
Feb	3026.3	803.4	116.4	191.2	682.5	150.7	561.1	518.4
Mar	3030.1	802.0	117.8	192.4	682.6	150.8	564.7	517.3
Apr	3018.7	801.7	116.5	186.6	679.4	151.1	563.2	517.6
May	3022.5	797.6	114.0	189.6	678.7	151.3	569.2	519.6
Jun	3018.2	796.3	110.6	190.9	677.2	152.1	569.3	519.2
Jul	3018.1	790.2	112.5	191.1	674.5	152.2	571.9	523.1
Aug	3026.2	787.0	111.4	191.7	677.0	152.3	575.5	528.8
Sep	3021.2	791.6	111.6	189.6	677.0	152.7	578.2	518.0
Oct								
Nov								
Dec								

TECHNICAL NOTES APPEAR ON THE BACK COVER

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Transportation and public utilities recorded the only gain among major nonmanufacturing industry groups, increasing by 1,000. The loss of 27,800 positions in government accounted for 65% of the nonfactory sector's total monthly decline. All of the loss was due to the termination of 33,600 federally funded summer jobs in local government and a loss of 3,700 positions due to striking school personnel. Services had the next largest decrease, dropping by 9,000, which reflected seasonal declines in various industries.

Manufacturing employment rose by 11,500 on an unadjusted basis, as durable goods increased by 10,100 and nondurable goods rose by 1,400. Among the nondurable goods industries, four increased while two declined. Apparel had the largest growth, gaining 1,000 positions, while chemicals had the largest loss, dropping by 700.

No employment losses were incurred among the durable goods, as seven out of ten industries registered monthly gains while three remained constant. Over 40% of the growth was in the transportation equipment industry, which increased by 4,300 as workers in the motor vehicle industry returned after last months' model changeover. Electrical equipment and supplies employment increased by 2,700, and nonelectrical machinery employment increased by 1,900 as 3,500 striking workers among the two industries returned to work.

After adjusting for seasonal influences, manufacturing employment rose by 4,600 after declining for the last seven consecutive months. Durable goods employment rose by 4,700, while nondurable goods remained virtually unchanged, dropping by 100. Transportation equipment (up 2,300), nonelectrical machinery (up 1,300), and electrical equipment and supplies (up 1,200) again accounted for most of the growth among the durable goods. Fabricated metals, down by 600, had the largest employment loss, due partially to the closing of a facility employing 400 workers.

Nondurable goods had little activity, as small employment gains in three industries were offset by losses in three other industries.

Nonmanufacturing employment declined by 9,600 positions on a seasonally adjusted basis, as the decline in local government employment caused government to drop by 10,800. The only other loss was in transportation and public utilities, which dropped by 2,100, reflecting declines in water transportation employment. The largest increase was in services, which increased by 2,700 to total 578,000.

Over the year, total nonagricultural wage and salary employment rose by 33,100, or 1.1%, as the nonmanufacturing sector accounted for all of the growth. Manufacturing employment remained at last year's level as an over-the-year gain of 5,800 in the durable goods industries was offset by an equal loss among the nondurable goods industries.

Among the manufacturing industries, the largest annual expansion was in the electrical machinery industry, which expanded by 3,200 jobs, while the largest loss was in apparel, which declined by 3,400 positions over the year.

Service employment dominated over-the-year growth among the non-manufacturing industries with an expansion of 25,900 positions. Wholesale and retail trade followed with an annual increase of 7,500. Government employment, down by 5,500 from last years level, had the largest loss. The total loss was due to a drop on the local level.

Table 2  
**NONFARM EMPLOYMENT IN NEW JERSEY'S MAJOR LABOR MARKET AREAS**  
Not Seasonally Adjusted  
(000)

Date	Atlantic City	Camden	Hackensack	Jersey City	Long Branch-Asbury Park	Newark	Paterson-Clifton-Passaic	Perth Amboy-New Brunswick-Sayreville	Trenton	Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton
1969	63.3	250.0	317.0	264.9	117.6	852.9	183.5	209.4	132.6	NA
1970	63.4	254.8	324.0	259.5	119.9	855.1	184.4	217.2	135.4	43.8
1971	62.5	264.2	325.2	248.6	123.6	847.2	182.4	221.0	137.9	48.7
1972	64.0	276.2	335.0	247.8	128.3	857.3	185.9	228.5	142.9	51.3
1973	65.7	286.8	347.9	245.6	133.3	873.9	187.4	242.4	148.0	53.0
1974	66.0	292.6	353.1	244.0	136.2	869.4	184.1	249.6	148.7	52.1
1975	64.2	284.6	346.3	233.4	136.0	845.2	175.8	241.9	145.7	50.1
1976	65.9	294.2	358.9	231.5	139.5	860.0	178.0	245.5	149.5	51.7
1977	68.2	304.6	370.5	232.4	145.3	889.0	181.8	257.7	154.9	53.9
1978	71.7	321.9	388.4	235.0	153.3	918.5	190.6	273.9	160.7	56.2
1978	64.1	307.9	370.1	226.7	144.0	887.7	182.5	261.1	155.4	53.9
Jan	62.2	307.2	369.5	229.1	143.3	885.3	182.9	261.1	155.9	53.9
Feb	63.3	311.0	377.2	231.4	145.9	895.0	185.1	264.7	157.7	54.3
Mar	67.7	316.8	388.1	234.6	152.1	912.6	188.9	271.3	159.7	55.1
Apr	71.3	320.3	390.9	235.8	155.9	914.1	191.2	273.0	160.6	55.5
May	78.1	328.1	397.3	237.6	160.3	925.3	194.4	275.5	162.2	56.8
Jun	81.2	327.2	390.5	239.4	161.4	927.2	192.4	277.3	160.3	57.1
Jul	81.3	328.2	387.7	240.6	160.8	928.2	191.9	280.4	159.6	57.9
Aug	75.6	326.0	391.8	236.0	155.4	925.7	191.1	277.4	163.3	57.9
Sep	73.1	327.3	398.5	236.9	154.2	937.2	193.9	280.1	163.9	57.3
Oct	72.2	331.0	400.0	235.3	154.9	942.4	198.9	282.7	164.7	57.0
Nov	70.6	333.1	402.1	233.8	153.4	941.7	199.0	284.1	165.6	57.3
1979	70.2	324.0	391.2	229.6	149.0	921.9	195.2	279.0	161.8	56.7
Jan	69.4	322.6	386.1	230.0	148.8	923.3	194.5	278.1	162.8	56.6
Feb	70.5	325.4	390.0	231.1	150.1	930.7	194.3	280.6	164.2	57.1
Mar	73.4	328.2	392.0	229.8	152.8	934.5	196.5	283.1	164.8	57.4
Apr	82.3	330.0	394.1	231.4	155.7	942.3	197.0	283.9	165.1	57.9
May	87.0	333.5	397.9	232.9	161.9	951.2	199.6	287.3	164.9	58.9
Jun	89.9	329.3	392.3	235.8	161.9	940.1	197.6	286.2	164.0	58.0
Jul	91.5	330.1	389.7	236.4	162.2	939.0	197.0	285.2	163.1	58.6
Aug	88.3	330.0	390.5	232.5	156.4	931.4	192.3	284.8	164.7	59.0
Oct										
Nov										
Dec										

*continued from page 3*

## LABOR AREA EMPLOYMENT COMMENTS

Before seasonal adjustment, nonfarm wage and salary employment declined from August to September in seven of the State's ten major labor areas.

The Newark area, down by 7,600, had the largest decrease, due to a large decline in nonmanufacturing. The Trenton area, up by 1,600, had the largest increase, due to expansions in the nonmanufacturing sector.

In the manufacturing sector, eight areas had increases. The Newark area, up by 6,500, had the largest increase, due both to increments in the transportation equipment industry, reflecting a recall from a model changeover, and to the electrical machinery industry because of returns from strikes. The Hackensack area, which dropped by 900, had the largest decrease, primarily in the durable goods sector.

In the nonmanufacturing sector, all areas but Hackensack and Trenton had decreases. Newark, down by 14,100, had the largest drop because of a sizable decline in the state and local government sector where there was a release of federally funded youths who worked only for the summer. Jersey City and Long Branch-Asbury Park followed with declines of 6,300 and 6,100, respectively, because of decreases in government in Jersey City and state and local government, services, and trade in Long Branch. The Hackensack area registered the largest increase, up by 1,700, because of an expansion in retail trade.

Over-the-year data showed that total nonfarm employment increased in all areas but Jersey City and Hackensack, which dropped by 3,500 and 1,300, respectively. The Atlantic City area, up by 12,700, registered the largest increase, due to job expansions in the construction and the services sectors. The New Brunswick-Perth Amboy-Sayreville area had a substantial increase of 7,400 because of advances in all nonmanufacturing groups except construction.

## HOURS AND EARNINGS

The weekly earnings of manufacturing production workers averaged \$280.18 in September, an increase of \$7.02 from August and an increase of \$18.30 from a year ago. The average hourly earnings of \$6.75 were up 12 cents from August and up 47 cents from a year ago. During the September survey week, production workers averaged 41.6 hours, compared with 41.2 hours a month ago.

After seasonal adjustment, the average weekly hours increased to 41.5 hours from 41.2 hours in August but decreased by 0.1 hour from a year ago.

On an unadjusted basis, 16 out of 19 manufacturing industrial groups had increases in weekly earnings over the month. The largest increase was in transportation, which rose by \$23.23 because of increased overtime. Apparel had the largest decline, dropping by \$3.97, primarily due to a three-day strike in the men's furnishings sector.

The highest average weekly earnings in September were in the petroleum industry, which averaged \$428.95 for a 48.8-hour workweek. The highest hourly earnings were in the transportation industry, which averaged \$9.30. The lowest average weekly earnings were in the leather products industry with \$151.19 for a 36.8-hour workweek.

**Table 3**  
**HOURS AND EARNINGS OF NEW JERSEY FACTORY PRODUCTION WORKERS**  
**Not Seasonally Adjusted**

Date	All Manufacturing			Durable Goods			Nondurable Goods		
	Earnings		Hours per Week	Earnings		Hours per Week	Earnings		Hours per Week
	Weekly	Hourly		Weekly	Hourly		Weekly	Hourly	
1969	132.60	3.25	40.8	136.70	3.31	41.3	127.84	3.18	40.2
1970	139.44	3.46	40.3	143.26	3.52	40.7	134.64	3.40	39.6
1971	150.29	3.72	40.4	152.69	3.77	40.5	147.13	3.66	40.2
1972	163.35	3.99	40.9	167.07	4.06	41.2	159.77	3.93	40.7
1973	176.41	4.26	41.4	182.62	4.37	41.8	170.43	4.16	41.0
1974	186.11	4.57	40.7	191.42	4.66	41.1	180.93	4.48	40.4
1975	199.68	4.99	39.9	206.55	5.12	40.4	193.43	4.88	39.6
1976	215.71	5.33	40.4	222.95	5.46	40.8	209.16	5.22	40.1
1977	239.79	5.80	41.3	248.59	5.94	41.9	231.39	5.68	40.8
1978	255.44	6.20	41.2	265.34	6.34	41.6	247.07	6.06	40.8
<b>1978</b>									
Jan	245.83	6.04	40.7	251.33	6.16	40.8	239.76	5.92	40.5
Feb	230.20	6.09	37.8	231.13	6.18	37.4	228.60	6.00	38.1
Mar	254.14	6.08	41.8	262.06	6.21	42.2	245.32	5.94	41.3
Apr	254.59	6.12	41.6	261.88	6.25	41.9	246.97	5.98	41.3
May	251.94	6.13	41.1	258.55	6.23	41.5	245.42	6.03	40.7
Jun	255.42	6.14	41.6	263.55	6.26	42.1	248.02	6.02	41.2
Jul	254.00	6.18	41.1	261.66	6.29	41.6	247.05	6.07	40.7
Aug	255.85	6.18	41.4	263.54	6.32	41.7	248.05	6.05	41.0
Sep	261.88	6.28	41.7	272.19	6.45	42.2	251.73	6.11	41.2
Oct	261.65	6.32	41.4	273.00	6.50	42.0	249.90	6.14	40.7
Nov	265.43	6.35	41.8	296.86	6.52	42.3	254.20	6.17	41.2
Dec	274.33	6.47	42.4	288.38	6.66	43.3	259.79	6.26	41.5
<b>1979</b>									
Jan	269.80	6.47	41.7	280.87	6.64	42.3	258.52	6.29	41.1
Feb	271.05	6.50	41.7	281.30	6.65	42.3	260.16	6.33	41.1
Mar	274.91	6.53	42.1	287.86	6.71	42.9	262.26	6.35	41.3
Apr	264.55	6.50	40.7	269.28	6.60	40.8	258.80	6.39	40.5
May	273.73	6.58	41.6	286.79	6.78	42.3	261.58	6.38	41.0
Jun	276.72	6.62	41.8	288.91	6.83	42.3	263.68	6.40	41.2
Jul	274.23	6.64	41.3	282.88	6.80	41.6	264.86	6.46	41.0
Aug	273.16	6.63	41.2	281.25	6.81	41.3	265.51	6.46	41.1
Sep	280.18	6.75	41.6	292.17	6.94	42.1	269.86	6.55	41.2
Oct									
Nov									
Dec									

**NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT IN NEW JERSEY  
(thousands)**

	1978				1979								
	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep
<b>SEASONALLY ADJUSTED</b>													
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL	2988.2	2997.0	3008.0	3007.8	3021.9	3026.3	3030.1	3018.7	3022.5	3018.2	3018.1	3026.2	3021.2
PRIVATE SECTOR	2465.0	2478.6	2489.1	2491.2	2506.7	2507.9	2512.8	2501.1	2502.9	2499.0	2495.0	2497.4	2503.2
GOVERNMENT	523.2	518.4	518.9	516.6	515.2	518.4	517.3	517.6	519.6	519.2	523.1	528.8	518.0
<b>NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED</b>													
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL	3006.9	3014.3	3025.0	3015.4	2951.5	2943.5	2977.0	2997.9	3029.2	3079.3	3068.1	3070.9	3040.0
MANUFACTURING	804.5	804.8	805.0	795.0	789.4	790.9	796.2	795.2	797.1	807.0	786.9	793.0	804.5
Durable Goods	390.2	392.5	393.7	393.1	392.1	389.1	393.9	396.0	394.5	398.2	389.8	385.9	396.0
Lumber & Wood Products	6.6	6.6	6.5	6.7	6.9	6.7	6.5	6.5	6.6	6.4	6.3	6.5	6.5
Furniture & Fixtures	10.3	10.4	10.4	10.3	10.0	9.9	9.9	10.0	10.1	10.3	9.9	10.1	10.1
Stone, Clay & Glass Products	35.8	35.5	35.6	35.7	35.5	35.5	35.7	36.1	35.9	36.2	36.0	36.4	36.5
Glass & Glassware/pressed, blown	13.9	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.4	13.4	13.6	13.4	13.6	13.5	13.5	13.8
Pottery & related products	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.2
Other stone, clay & glass prod	17.7	17.7	17.8	17.8	17.7	17.8	18.0	18.2	18.2	18.3	18.2	18.6	18.5
Primary Metal Industries	24.6	24.7	24.7	24.8	25.0	25.2	25.3	25.5	25.3	25.5	25.5	24.7	25.3
Blast furn. & basic steel prod	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.3
Iron & steel foundries	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.7	4.0
Primary & secondary nonfer. metal	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.9	3.9
Nonfer. rolling & drawing metal	9.5	9.6	9.5	9.7	9.7	9.8	9.8	9.9	9.8	9.9	9.8	9.3	9.4
Other primary metal industries	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.4	4.4	4.5	4.5	4.4	4.5	4.6	4.5	4.7
Fabricated Metals, incl. Ordnance	65.0	65.3	65.6	65.7	65.6	65.6	65.6	65.9	65.5	66.2	65.1	65.3	65.5
Metal cans	7.0	7.0	6.7	6.6	6.8	6.8	6.9	7.1	7.1	7.1	6.9	6.8	7.0
Cutlery, hand tools & hardware	8.8	8.9	8.7	8.9	8.8	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.4	8.3	8.0	7.9	8.1
Fabricated struct. metal prod.	14.9	14.9	15.3	15.2	14.9	15.0	14.9	15.0	15.1	15.3	15.2	15.4	15.5
Metal stampings	7.6	8.0	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.8	7.7	7.7	7.7	7.8	7.7	7.7	7.6
Other fab. metals, incl. ord.	26.6	26.6	27.0	27.1	27.2	27.5	27.6	27.6	27.2	27.7	27.3	27.5	27.3
Machinery, Except Electrical	74.4	74.8	76.0	76.1	76.1	75.7	76.2	76.5	76.2	76.8	75.6	73.0	74.9
Construction & related machinery	5.7	5.7	6.0	6.0	5.8	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.8	5.7	4.8	5.8
Metalworking machinery	10.4	10.2	10.5	10.6	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.9	10.8	10.9	10.7	10.3	10.5
Special industry machinery	9.9	9.9	10.1	10.1	9.9	10.0	10.1	10.2	10.0	10.2	10.3	10.2	10.1
General industry machinery	17.9	17.9	18.2	18.2	18.0	17.6	17.8	17.8	17.6	17.6	17.3	16.8	16.8
Service industry machinery	7.7	7.9	7.8	7.9	8.1	8.1	8.2	8.2	8.3	8.4	8.2	7.2	8.1
Other machinery, except elec.	22.9	23.1	23.4	23.3	23.5	23.5	23.6	23.7	23.8	23.9	23.4	23.7	23.6
Electrical Equipment & Supplies	90.5	91.1	91.4	92.5	92.9	92.8	93.1	92.9	92.9	93.6	93.5	91.0	93.7
Elec. test & Distribution equip.	6.0	6.1	6.1	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	5.8	6.2	6.2	6.3	5.6	6.3
Electrical industrial apparatus	5.8	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.7	5.5	5.6	5.5	5.7
Elec. lighting & wiring equipmt.	12.7	12.9	13.2	13.4	13.5	13.6	13.8	13.7	13.3	13.5	13.4	13.0	13.4
Radio & TV receiving equipment	6.3	6.4	6.6	6.2	6.1	6.1	6.0	6.0	6.0	5.9	5.7	5.5	5.9
Communication equipment	32.9	33.0	33.4	33.4	33.7	33.6	33.7	33.8	33.9	34.3	34.6	34.5	34.2
Electronic components & access.	16.1	16.2	16.4	16.6	16.6	16.7	16.6	16.7	16.9	17.4	17.3	17.5	17.7
Other elec. equipment & supplies	10.6	10.7	9.6	10.8	10.9	10.7	10.9	11.0	10.9	10.8	10.6	9.4	10.5
Transportation Equipment	22.6	22.8	23.3	23.5	23.0	19.8	22.9	23.4	23.4	23.6	18.9	18.6	22.9
Motor vehicles	16.6	16.8	17.1	17.2	16.8	13.6	16.7	17.1	17.3	17.6	12.7	12.3	16.7
Aircraft & parts	2.9	2.9	2.9	3.0	3.1	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.8
Ship & boat bldg. & repairing	2.7	2.7	2.9	2.9	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.9	2.8	2.7	2.9	3.0	3.0
Other transportation equipment	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
Instruments & Related Products	32.5	32.5	32.4	32.3	32.5	32.6	32.9	33.2	33.2	33.5	33.3	33.4	33.4
Miscellaneous Mfg. Industries	28.0	28.8	27.8	25.6	24.6	25.3	25.8	26.0	25.4	26.1	25.7	26.9	27.2
<u>Non durable Goods</u>	414.3	412.3	411.3	401.9	397.3	401.8	402.3	399.2	402.6	408.8	397.1	407.1	408.5
Food & Kindred Products	52.2	50.4	50.0	50.2	49.7	50.2	49.8	49.1	49.4	50.2	49.3	51.5	51.4
Canned, cured & frozen foods	11.0	10.1	10.3	10.1	9.8	10.0	9.9	9.9	9.7	9.7	9.5	10.5	10.7
Grain mill & bakery products	14.6	14.4	14.0	14.2	14.3	14.5	14.2	14.2	14.1	14.5	14.5	14.9	15.0
Beverages	6.8	6.6	6.5	6.7	6.6	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.6	6.8	6.9	6.8	6.7
Other food & kindred products	19.8	19.3	19.1	19.3	19.0	19.0	19.0	18.3	19.0	19.2	18.4	19.3	19.0
Tobacco Manufactures	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Textile Mill Products	22.4	21.4	22.1	20.3	20.2	20.2	20.7	21.0	20.7	20.6	19.7	19.9	20.4
Broad woven fabric mills	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Textile finishing, except wool	6.2	5.6	6.3	6.1	6.2	6.3	6.2	6.1	6.0	6.0	5.8	5.7	5.8
Other textile mill products	14.0	13.7	13.6	12.0	11.9	11.7	12.4	12.8	12.6	12.5	11.8	12.1	12.5

*See note on page C-31.*





















STATE OF NEW JERSEY  
DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRY  
DIVISION OF PLANNING AND RESEARCH  
TRENTON, NEW JERSEY 08625  
  
OFFICIAL BUSINESS  
PENALTY FOR PRIVATE USE, \$300

POSTAGE AND FEES PAID  
EMPLOYMENT SECURITY MAIL  
LAB-449



#### TECHNICAL NOTES

##### Nonfarm Wage and Salary Employment

Employment data refer to persons on establishment payrolls who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. The data exclude proprietors, the self-employed, unpaid family workers, farm workers, and domestic workers in households. Salaried officers of corporations are included. Government employment covers only civilian employees; federal military personnel are excluded.

Persons on an establishment payroll who are on paid sick leave (when pay is received directly from the firm), on paid holiday or paid vacation, or who work during any part of the pay period but are unemployed or on strike during the rest of the period, are counted as employed. Not counted as employed are persons who, during the pay period which includes the 12th, are laid off, on leave without pay or on strike for the entire period, or who are hired but do not work during the period.

##### Average Hours and Earnings

Hours and earnings data are derived from reports of payroll and man-hours for production and related workers in manufacturing. When the reported pay period exceeds one week, the payroll and man-hour figures are reduced to a weekly basis.

Average hourly earnings for manufacturing are on a "gross" basis, reflecting not only changes in basic hourly rates, but also such variable factors as premium pay for overtime and shift work, and changes in output of workers paid on an incentive plan. Excluded from average earnings are irregular bonuses, retroactive items, payments of various welfare benefits, and payroll taxes paid by employers.