

(l) Equipment listed below, which has been determined by the Department to create a significant potential hazard to public health and safety, shall be granted a certificate of compliance by the construction official based upon the findings of the appropriate subcode official or approved agency for the time period specified. Such equipment shall periodically be reinspected or tested in accordance with the provisions of the regulations, prior to the expiration of a certificate of compli-

ance, and any violation shall be corrected before a new certificate may be issued. No device shall continue in operation unless a valid certificate of compliance has been reissued.

1. High pressure boilers: 12 months;
2. Refrigeration systems: 12 months;
3. Pressure vessels: 12 months;

4. Backflow preventers used to isolate high hazard sources of contamination as defined in the plumbing sub-code: 12 months.

5. Swimming pools, spas and hot tubs: 12 months.

(m) Certificate of Approval: A certificate of approval shall be issued for all work that requires a construction permit but does not require a certificate of occupancy. No application shall be required for a certificate of approval.

(n) Revocation: The enforcing agency may revoke a certificate of occupancy whenever a condition of a certificate has been violated.

(o) Time limit: The provisions of the regulations do not preclude periodic certification pursuant to other applicable laws and ordinances.

(p) Lead Abatement Clearance Certificate: Following a lead hazard abatement job performed by a business firm or by an employee or employees of the owner of a property, a written application for a lead abatement clearance certificate shall be filed with the enforcing agency by the owner or the owner's agent. The application shall include a certification by the firm or person performing the work that all applicable provisions of N.J.A.C. 5:17 have been met, including the clearance requirements, and that the components or areas in the scope of work submitted in the permit application are lead safe.

1. When the lead hazard abatement work includes encapsulation or enclosure, the certification by the firm or person performing the work shall include any recommendations for on-going maintenance or precautions to be taken to maintain the integrity of the encapsulation or enclosure.

2. When all lead hazards identified in an evaluation report prepared by a firm licensed by the Department pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:17 have been totally and permanently abated, the certification shall so state.

3. When an owner-occupant of a single-family house is performing the work, a lead abatement clearance certificate may be requested by the owner. The application for a lead abatement clearance certificate shall include a statement signed by a lead evaluation contractor certified by the Department pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:17, or signed by an individual inspector/risk assessor certified by the New Jersey Department of Health pursuant to N.J.A.C. 8:62 indicating that the clearance standards contained in N.J.A.C. 5:17 have been met and that all components or areas in the scope of work submitted in the permit application have been rendered lead-safe.

i. When lead abatement work has been performed by an owner-occupant pursuant to an order issued by a local health department, a lead abatement clearance certificate shall be required.

4. When lead abatement work has been performed pursuant to an order issued by a local health department, no

lead abatement clearance certificate shall be issued without the approval of the local health department.

5. When lead abatement work has been performed on a steel structure or other superstructure or in a commercial building, no lead abatement clearance certificate shall be required.

(q) The continued validity of a certificate of occupancy shall be contingent upon maintenance of the level of code compliance existing at the time of issuance of the certificate of occupancy and upon compliance with any orders issued by the construction official pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:23-2.35.

Amended by R.1984 d.120, effective April 16, 1984.

See: 16 N.J.R. 179(a), 16 N.J.R. 873(a).

(c): "N.J.A.C. 5:23-2.14 have been determined . . . have been found,"; "lawful" added.

Amended by R.1987 d.91, effective February 2, 1987.

See: 18 N.J.R. 2348(a), 19 N.J.R. 289(c).

Added new (i)2; renumbered (i)2.-9. as (i)3.-10.

Amended by R.1988 d.167, effective April 18, 1988.

See: 20 N.J.R. 223(b), 20 N.J.R. 893(b).

Added text to (b) "after the completion of the alteration".

Amended by R.1991 d.180, effective April 1, 1991.

See: 23 N.J.R. 257(a), 23 N.J.R. 1028(b).

In (i), deleted inspections of sprinkler systems, hazardous uses and places of assembly.

Amended by R.1991 d.325, effective July 1, 1991.

See: 23 N.J.R. 805(a), 23 N.J.R. 2046(a).

Potentially hazardous equipment approvals time-limited at (i); elevator requirements added at (j).

Amended by R.1992 d.147, effective April 6, 1992.

See: 24 N.J.R. 170(a), 24 N.J.R. 1397(a).

Elevators wholly within R-2 residences exempt.

Amended by R.1993 d.421, effective September 7, 1993.

See: 25 N.J.R. 2161(a), 25 N.J.R. 4073(a).

Amended by R.1993 d.662, effective December 20, 1993.

See: 25 N.J.R. 3891(a), 25 N.J.R. 5918(a).

Amended by R.1994 d.434, effective September 6, 1994 (operative January 1, 1995).

See: 26 N.J.R. 1911(a), 26 N.J.R. 3706(b).

Amended by R.1995 d.381, effective July 17, 1995.

See: 27 N.J.R. 970(a), 27 N.J.R. 2715(a).

Amended by R.1995 d.476, effective September 5, 1995 (operative January 1, 1996).

See: 27 N.J.R. 1846(a), 27 N.J.R. 3325(b).

Rewrote (j).

Amended by R.1997 d.302, effective July 21, 1997 (operative September 24, 1997).

See: 29 N.J.R. 2202(a), 29 N.J.R. 3242(b).

Added (m)5.

Amended by R.1998 d.28, effective January 5, 1998.

See: 29 N.J.R. 3603(a), 30 N.J.R. 129(a).

Amended (b); added new (c) and (d); recodified existing (c) as (e); recodified existing (d) as (f) and amended it to include reference to N.J.A.C. 5:23-6; recodified existing (e) through (m) as (g) through (o).

Amended by R.2000 d.47, effective February 7, 2000.

See: 31 N.J.R. 2314(a), 32 N.J.R. 443(a).

In (k), inserted references to installations throughout, inserted "and no installation shall be opened for use or occupancy" following "operation" and substituted "issued" for "reissued" at the end of the last sentence of the introductory paragraph, and added 5.

Amended by R.2000 d.166, effective April 17, 2000.

See: 31 N.J.R. 4151(a), 32 N.J.R. 1376(a).

Rewrote k(4).

Amended by R.2001 d.347, effective October 1, 2001.

See: 32 N.J.R. 3218(a), 33 N.J.R. 3430(a).

Rewrote (g).

Amended by R.2003 d.216, effective May 19, 2003.

See: 35 N.J.R. 16(a), 35 N.J.R. 2203(a).

In (h), neutralized the gender reference and deleted “, the approved plans” following “the permit” in 4 and rewrote 6; substituted “code” for “approved permit” throughout.

Amended by R.2003 d.385, effective October 6, 2003.

See: 35 N.J.R. 2423(a), 35 N.J.R. 4713(a).

Added (p).

Amended by R.2005 d.199, effective July 5, 2005.

See: 37 N.J.R. 565(a), 37 N.J.R. 2474(a).

In (g), inserted “list the work to be completed and shall” following “each subsequent renewal shall” and “specified” preceding “work” in the first sentence of 1, and added 2i.

Amended by R.2007 d.125, effective May 7, 2007.

See: 38 N.J.R. 3707(a), 39 N.J.R. 1671(a).

Added new (h); and recodified former (h) through (p) as (i) through (q).

Administrative correction.

See: 40 N.J.R. 3991(a).

Amended by R.2008 d.192, effective July 21, 2008.

See: 39 N.J.R. 4985(a), 40 N.J.R. 4314(b).

In (q), updated the N.J.A.C. reference.

Amended by R.2009 d.164, effective May 18, 2009.

See: 40 N.J.R. 6683(a), 41 N.J.R. 2094(b).

In (g)1, deleted “, but not less than 60 days” following “specified work”.

#### Law Review and Journal Commentaries

Arbitration—Condominiums—Consumer Fraud Act. Steven P. Bann, 137 N.J.L.J. No. 2, 65 (1994).

Attorneys fees—Condominiums—Damages—DCA—PREDFDA. 132 N.J.L.J. No. 9, 45 (1992).

#### Case Notes

Civil rights action challenging township actions regarding use of property as church were not ripe for adjudication until township planning board decided site plan application and any need for variance. *Trinity Resources, Inc. v. Township of Delanco*, D.N.J.1994, 842 F.Supp. 782.

Condominium vendor committed unconscionable practice within scope of Consumer Fraud Act. *Cybul v. Atrium Palace Syndicate*, 272 N.J.Super. 330, 639 A.2d 1146 (A.D.1994), certification denied 137 N.J. 311, 645 A.2d 140.

Penalties could not be imposed on condominium vendor for failure to obtain temporary certificates of occupancy. *Department of Community Affairs, Div. of Housing and Urban Development v. Atrium Palace Syndicate*, 259 N.J.Super. 578, 614 A.2d 1069 (A.D.1992).

Purchasers were entitled to return of deposit for failure of vendors to timely perform. *Department of Community Affairs, Div. of Housing and Development v. Atrium Palace Syndicate*, 247 N.J.Super. 511, 589 A.2d 1046 (A.D.1991), certification denied 126 N.J. 338, 598 A.2d 895.

Not substantially complete condominium unit could not be occupied. *Department of Community Affairs, Div. of Housing and Development v. Atrium Palace Syndicate*, 247 N.J.Super. 511, 589 A.2d 1046 (A.D.1991), certification denied 126 N.J. 338, 598 A.2d 895.

Certificates of occupancy cannot bar occupancy. *Department of Community Affairs, Div. of Housing and Development v. Atrium Palace Syndicate*, 247 N.J.Super. 511, 589 A.2d 1046 (A.D.1991), certification denied 126 N.J. 338, 598 A.2d 895.

Developer’s failure to timely issue temporary certificate of occupancy (TCO) required refund of purchasers’ deposits. *Department of Community Affairs, Div. of Housing and Development v. Atrium Palace Syndicate*, 244 N.J.Super. 329, 582 A.2d 821 (A.D.1990), certification denied 126 N.J. 317, 598 A.2d 878.

Building does not qualify for property tax exemption if certificate of occupancy issued after assessment date; use of building for exempt purposes prior to issuance of certificate irrelevant to exemption issue

(citing former N.J.A.C. 5:23-2.7). *Grace & Peace Fellowship Church, Inc. v. Cranford Twp.*, 4 N.J.Tax 391 (Tax Ct.1982).

#### 5:23-2.23A Permits and certificates for multi-tenant buildings

(a) Construction permits for multi-tenant buildings shall be issued as follows:

1. A single construction permit shall be issued for the entire structure including all tenant spaces if:

- i. The permit applicant is undertaking all the work;
- ii. All the work is, or will be shown as, a single set of plans;
- iii. All work is intended to be undertaken by the same team of contractors; and

iv. The certificate of occupancy or certificate of approval, as applicable, for all tenant spaces will be sought before or at the same time as that for the entire building. Plans for individual tenant spaces may be submitted as permit updates if all of the above conditions are met.

2. A separate permit shall be required for any tenant space if any of the following conditions apply:

- i. The tenant is undertaking the fit-up work within the tenant space;
- ii. The plans for the tenant space work will be prepared by a design professional different from the one that prepared the plans for the base building;
- iii. The work will be undertaken by one or more contractors who are different from the contractors for the base building; or

iv. The permit is being applied for after a temporary certificate of occupancy or certificate of occupancy has been issued for the base building.

3. Fees for construction permits for multi-tenant buildings shall be applied pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:23-4.18(c)6.

(b) Temporary certificates of occupancy for individual tenant spaces in multi-tenant buildings shall be issued as follows:

1. A temporary certificate of occupancy shall be issued for each tenant space provided that portion of the building may be occupied safely prior to full completion of the building, the common area(s) serving that tenant space has a temporary certificate of occupancy or a certificate of occupancy, and the unfinished portions of the building for which temporary certificates of occupancy or certificates of occupancy are not being sought do not present life safety hazards.

i. Temporary certificates of occupancy may be issued floor by floor or tenant space by tenant space.