tributed, in which event the court, on application of the municipality and notice to all parties interested in the award and affording such parties an opportunity to be heard, shall enter judgment in favor of the municipality for such difference against the party or parties liable for the return thereof.

The municipality shall not abandon any condemnation proceeding subsequent to the date upon which it has taken possession of the land or property as herein provided except with the consent of each other party to the action to fix compensation

to be paid for such land or property.

2. This act shall take effect immediately. Approved May 20, 1963.

## CHAPTER 40

An Act to amend the "Law Against Discrimination," approved April 16, 1945 (P. L. 1945, c. 169) and "A supplement to the Law Against Discrimination," approved April 16, 1945 (P. L. 1945, c. 169)," approved July 28, 1954 (P. L. 1954, c. 198) and repealing section 22 of the "Law Against Discrimination" approved April 16, 1945 (P. L. 1945, c. 169).

Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

Section amended.

C. 18:25-5. Terms defined.

- 1. Section 5 of chapter 169 of the laws of 1945 is amended to read as follows:
- 5. As used in this act, unless a different meaning clearly appears from the context:
- a. "Person" includes one or more individuals, partnerships, associations, labor organizations, cor-

porations, legal representatives, trustees, trustees in bankruptcy, receivers, and fiduciaries.

- b. "Employment agency" includes any persons undertaking to procure employees or opportunities for others to work.
- c. "Labor organization" includes any organization which exists and is constituted for the purpose, in whole or in part, of collective bargaining, or of dealing with employers concerning grievances, terms or conditions of employment, or of other mutual aid or protection in connection with employment.

d. "Unlawful employment practice" and "unlawful discrimination" includes only those unlawful practices and acts specified in section 11 of this act.

e. "Employer" does not include a club exclusively social or a fraternal, charitable, educational or religious association or corporation, if such club, association or corporation is not organized and operated for private profit, nor does it include any employer with fewer than 6 persons in his employ.

f. "Employee" does not include any individual employed by his parents, spouse or child, or in the

domestic service of any person.

g. "Liability for service in the Armed Forces of the United States" means subject to being ordered as an individual or member of an organized unit, into active service in the Armed Forces of the United States by reason of membership in the National Guard, naval militia or a reserve component of the Armed Forces of the United States or subject to being inducted into such armed forces through a system of national selective service.

h. "Division" means the "Division on Civil

Rights" created by this act.

- i. "Attorney General" means the Attorney General of the State of New Jersey or his representative or designee.
- j. "Commission" means the Commission on Civil Rights created by this act.
- k. "Director" means the Director of the Division on Civil Rights.

l. "A place of public accommodation" shall include any tavern, roadhouse, or hotel, whether for entertainment of transient guests or accommodation of those seeking health, recreation or rest; any retail shop or store; any restaurant, eating house, or place where food is sold for consumption on the premises; any place maintained for the sale of ice cream, ice and fruit preparations or their derivatives, soda water or confections, or where any beverages of any kind are retailed for consumption on the premises; any garage, any public conveyance operated on land or water, or in the air, and stations and terminals thereof; any public bathhouse, public boardwalk, public seashore accommodation; any auditorium, meeting place, or public hall; any theatre, or other place of public amusement, motionpicture house, music hall, roof garden, skating rink, swimming pool, amusement and recreation park, fair, bowling alley, gymnasium, shooting gallery, billiard and pool parlor; any comfort station; any dispensary, clinic or hospital; and any public library, any kindergarten, primary and secondary school, trade or business school, high school, academy, college and university, or any educational institution under the supervision of the State Board of Education, or the Commissioner of Education of the State of New Jersey. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to include or to apply to, any institution, bona fide club, or place of accommodation, which is in its nature distinctly private; nor shall anything herein contained apply to any educational facility operated or maintained by a bona fide religious or sectarian institution, and the right of a natural parent or one in loco parentis to direct the education and upbringing of a child under his control is hereby affirmed; nor shall anything herein contained be construed to bar any private secondary or post-secondary school from using in good faith criteria other than race, creed, color, national origin or ancestry, in the admission of students.

m. "A publicly assisted housing accommodation" shall include all housing built with public funds or public assistance pursuant to chapter 300 of the laws of 1949, chapter 213 of the laws of 1941, chapter 169 of the laws of 1944, chapter 303 of the laws of 1949, chapter 19 of the laws of 1938, chapter 20 of the laws of 1938, chapter 52 of the laws of 1946, and chapter 184 of the laws of 1949, and all housing financed in whole or in part by a loan, whether or not secured by a mortgage, the repayment of which is guaranteed or insured by the Federal Government or any agency thereof.

Federal Government or any agency thereof.

n. The term "real property" includes real estate, lands, tenements and hereditaments, corporeal and incorporeal, provided however that, except as to publicly assisted housing accommodations, the provisions of this act shall not apply (1) to the sale or rental of a dwelling, or of a portion thereof, containing accommodations for not more than 3 families, one of which is maintained by the owner at the time of sale or rental as the household of his family, or; (2) to the sale or rental of a dwelling, or a portion thereof, containing accommodations for not more than 2 families, except, however, such dwellings shall be included within the term "real property" when they are part of a group of 10 or more dwelling houses constructed or to be constructed on land that is contiguous (exclusive of public streets) and are offered for sale or rental by a person who owns or has owned or otherwise controls or has controlled the sale or rental of such group of dwelling houses, or; (3) to the rental, by the owner or occupant of a one-family accommodation in which he or members of his family reside, of a room or rooms in such accommodation to another person or persons. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to bar any religious or denominational institution or organization, or any organization operated for charitable or educational purposes, which is operated, supervised or controlled by or in connection with a religious organization, in the sale, lease or rental of real property, from limiting admission to or giving preference to persons of the same religion or denomination or from making such selection as is calculated by such organization to promote the religious principles for which it is established or maintained.

o. "Real estate broker" includes a person, firm or corporation who, for a fee, commission or other valuable consideration, or by reason of promise or reasonable expectation thereof, lists for sale, sells, exchanges, buys or rents, or offers or attempts to negotiate a sale, exchange, purchase or rental or real estate or an interest therein, or collects or offers or attempts to collect rent for the use of real estate or solicits for prospective purchasers or assists or directs in the procuring of prospects or the negotiation or closing of any transaction which does or is contemplated to result in the sale, exchange, leasing, renting or auctioning of any real estate or negotiates, or offers or attempts or agrees to negotiate a loan secured or to be secured by mortgage or other encumbrance upon or transfer of any real estate for others, or any person who, for pecuniary gain or expectation of pecuniary gain conducts a public or private competitive sale of lands or any interest in lands. In the sale of lots, the term "real estate broker" shall also include any person, partnership, association or corporation employed by or on behalf of the owner or owners of lots or other parcels of real estate, at a stated salary, or upon a commission, or upon a salary and commission, or otherwise, to sell such real estate, or any parts thereof, in lots or other parcels, and who shall sell or exchange, or offer or attempt or agree to negotiate the sale or exchange, of any such lot or parcel of real estate.

p. "Real estate salesman" includes any person who, for compensation, valuable consideration or commission, or other thing of value, or by reason of a promise or reasonable expectation thereof, is employed by and operates under the supervision of a licensed real estate broker to sell or offer to sell, buy or offer to buy or negotiate the purchase, sale

or exchange of real estate, or offers or attempts to negotiate a loan secured or to be secured by a mortgage or other encumbrance upon or transfer of real estate, or to lease or rent, or offer to lease or rent any real estate for others, or to collect rents for the use of real estate, or to solicit for prospective purchasers or lessees of real estate, or who is employed by a licensed real estate broker to sell or offer to sell lots or other parcels of real estate, at a stated salary, or upon a commission, or upon a salary and commission, or otherwise to sell real estate, or any parts thereof, in lots or other parcels.

2. Section 6 of chapter 169, laws of 1945 is Section amended.

amended to read as follows:

6. There is created in the Department of Law C. 18:25-6. and Public Safety a division known as "The Division on Civil Rights" with power to prevent and eliminate discrimination in the manner prohibited by this act against persons because of race, creed, color, national origin, ancestry or age or because of their liability for service in the Armed Forces of the United States, by employers, labor organizations, employment agencies or other persons and to take other actions against discrimination because of race, creed, color, national origin, ancestry or age or because of their liability for service in the Armed Forces of the United States, as herein provided; and the division created hereunder is given general jurisdiction and authority for such purposes.

3. Section 7 of chapter 169 of the laws of 1945 Section amended.

is amended to read as follows:

7. The said division shall consist of the Attorney C. 18:-25-7. General and the commission. The commission shall on Civil Rights; consist of 7 members; each member shall be apmembers: pointed by the Governor, with the advice and terms; vacancies. consent of the Senate, for a term of 5 years and until his successor is appointed and qualified, except that of those first appointed, one shall be appointed for a term of 1 year, one for a term of 2 years, one for a term of 3 years and 2 for a term of 4 years. Vacancies caused other than by expira-

tion of term shall be filled in the same manner but for the unexpired term only. Members of the commission shall serve without compensation but shall be reimbursed for necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties. The first chairman of the commission shall be designated by the Governor and thereafter, the chairman shall be elected by the members, annually.

Section amended.

C. 18:25-8. Powers and duties of Attorney General. 4. Section 8 of chapter 169 of the laws of 1945 is amended to read as follows:

8. The Attorney General shall:

a. Exercise all powers of the division not vested in the commission.

b. Administer the work of the division.

c. Organize the division into sections, which shall include but not be limited to a section which shall receive, investigate, and act upon complaints alleging discrimination against persons because of race, creed, color, national origin, ancestry or age or because of their liability for service in the Armed Forces of the United States; and another which shall, in order to eliminate prejudice and to further good will among the various racial and religious and nationality groups in this State, study, recommend, prepare and implement, in co-operation with such other departments of State Government or any other agencies, groups or entity both public and private, such educational and human relations programs as are consonant with the objectives of this act; and prescribe the organization of said sections and the duties of his subordinates and assistants.

d. Appoint a Director of the Division on Civil Rights, who shall act for the Attorney General, in his place and with his powers, which appointment shall be subject to the approval of the commission and the Governor, a deputy director and such assistant directors, field representatives and assistants as may be necessary for the proper administration of the division and fix their compensation within the limits of available appropriations. The director, deputy director, assistant

directors, field representatives and assistants shall not be subject to the Civil Service Act and shall be removable by the Attorney General at will.

- e. Appoint such clerical force and employees as he may deem necessary and fix their duties, all of whom shall be subject to the Civil Service Act.
- f. Maintain liaison with local and State officials and agencies concerned with matters related to the work of the division.
- g. Adopt, promulgate, amend, and rescind suitable rules and regulations to carry out the provisions of this act.
- h. Conduct investigations, receive complaints and conduct hearings thereon other than those complaints received and hearings held pursuant to the provisions of sections 12 to 16 inclusive of this act.
- i. In connection with any hearing held pursuant to the provisions of this act, subpœna witnesses, compel their attendance, administer oaths, take the testimony of any person, under oath, and, in connection therewith, require the production for examination of any books or papers relating to any subject matter under investigation or in question before the Attorney General. The Attorney General may make rules as to the issuance of subpœnas by the director.
- j. Issue such publications and such results of investigations and research tending to promote good will and to minimize or eliminate discrimination because of race, creed, color, national origin, ancestry or age, as the commission shall direct, subject to available appropriations.
- k. Render each year to the Governor and Legislature a full written report of all the activities of the division.
- l. Appoint, subject to the approval of the commission, a panel of not more than 5 hearing examiners, each of whom shall be duly licensed to practice law in this State for a period of at least 5 years, and each to serve for a term of one year and until his successor is appointed, any one of

whom the director may designate in his place to conduct any hearing and recommend findings of fact and conclusions of law. The hearing examiners shall receive such compensation as may be determined by the Attorney General, subject to available appropriations.

Section amended.

C. 18:25-10. Duties of commission.

- 5. Section 9 of chapter 169 of the laws of 1945 is amended to read as follows:
  - 9. The commission shall:
- a. Consult with and advise the Attorney General with respect to the work of the division.
- b. Survey and study the operations of the division.
- c. Report to the Governor and the Legislature with respect to such matters relating to the work of the division and at such times as it may deem in the public interest.

The mayors or chief executive officers of the municipalities in the State may appoint local commissions on civil rights to aid in effectuating the purposes of this act. Such local commissions shall be composed of representative citizens serving without compensation. Such commissions shall attempt to foster through community effort or otherwise, good will, co-operation and conciliation among the groups and elements of the inhabitants of the community, and they may be empowered by the local governing bodies to make recommendations to them for the development of policies and procedures in general and for programs of formal and informal education that will aid in eliminating all types of discrimination based on race, creed, color, national origin, ancestry or age.

Section amended.

C. 18:25-11. Evidence in obedience to summons; immunity of witness.

- 6. Section 10 of chapter 169 of the laws of 1945 is amended to read as follows:
- 10. No person shall be excused from attending and testifying or from producing records, correspondence, documents or other evidence in obedience to the subpœna of the Attorney General, director, or hearing examiner on the ground that the testimony or evidence required of him may tend to incriminate him or subject him to a penalty or

forfeiture, but no person shall be prosecuted or subjected to any penalty or forfeiture for or on account of any transaction, matter or thing concerning which he is compelled, after having claimed his privilege against self-incrimination, to testify or produce evidence, except that such person so testifying shall not be exempt from prosecution and punishment for perjury committed in so testifying. The immunity herein provided shall extend only to natural persons so compelled to testify.

7. Section 12 of chapter 169 of the laws of 1945 Section amended. is amended to read as follows:

12. Any person claiming to be aggrieved by an c. 18:25-13. unlawful employment practice or an unlawful discrimination may, by himself, or his attorney-at-law, entitled to file complaint. make, sign and file with the Attorney General a verified complaint in writing which shall state the name and address of the person, employer, labor organization, employment agency, owner, lessee, proprietor, manager, superintendent, or agent alleged to have committed the unlawful employment practice or unlawful discrimination complained of and which shall set forth the particulars thereof and shall contain such other information as may be required by the Attorney General. The Commissioner of Labor and Industry, the Attorney General, or the Commissioner of Education may, in like manner, make, sign and file such complaint. Any employer whose employees, or some of them, refuse or threaten to refuse to co-operate with the provisions of this act, may file with the Attorney General a verified complaint asking for assistance by conciliation or other remedial action.

8. Section 13 of chapter 169 of the laws of 1945 Section amended. is amended to read as follows:

13. After the filing of any complaint, the Attor- c. 18:25-14. ney General shall cause prompt investigation to Investigation of complaint; be made in connection therewith; and if the At-Attorn torney General shall determine after such investi- duties. gation that probable cause exists for crediting the allegations of the complaint, he shall immediately endeavor to eliminate the unlawful employment

practice or the unlawful discrimination complained of by a conciliation conference. Neither the Attorney General nor any officer or employee of the division shall disclose any conversation between the Attorney General or his representative and the respondent or his representative at such conference.

9. Section 14 of chapter 169 of the laws of 1945 is amended to read as follows:

14. In case of failure so to eliminate such practice or discrimination, or in advance thereof if in his judgment circumstances so warrant, the Attorney General shall cause to be issued and served in the name of the division, a written notice, together with a copy of such complaint, as the same may have been amended, requiring the person, employer, labor organization, employment agency, owner, lessee, proprietor, manager, superintendent, or agent named in such complaint, hereinafter referred to as respondent, to answer the charges of such complaint at a hearing before the director at a time and place to be specified in such notice. The place of any such hearing shall be the office of the Attorney General or such other place as may be

10. Section 15 of chapter 169 of the laws of 1945 is amended to read as follows:

designated by him.

15. The case in support of the complaint shall be presented before the director by the attorney for the division and evidence concerning attempted conciliation shall not be received. The respondent may file a written verified answer to the complaint and appear at such hearing in person or by representative, with or without counsel, and submit testimony. In the discretion of the director, the complainant may be allowed to intervene and present testimony in person and may be represented by counsel. The director or the complainant shall have the power reasonably and fairly to amend any complaint, and the respondent shall have like power to amend his answer. The director shall not be bound by the strict rules of evidence prevailing in civil actions in courts of competent jurisdiction of

Section amended.

C. 18:25-15. Notice requiring respondent to answer charges; place of hearing.

Section amended.

C. 25:18-16. Practice and procedure. this State. The testimony taken at the hearing shall be under oath and be transcribed.

11. Section 16 of chapter 169 of the laws of 1945 Section amended. is amended to read as follows:

16. If, upon all evidence at the hearing the director shall find that the respondent has engaged in orders of any unlawful employment practice or unlawful discording to the director. any unlawful employment practice or unlawful discrimination as defined in this act, the director shall state his findings of fact and conclusions of law and shall issue and cause to be served on such respondent an order requiring such respondent to cease and desist from such unlawful employment practice or unlawful discrimination and to take such affirmative action, including, but not limited to, hiring, reinstatement or upgrading of employees, with or without back pay, or restoration to membership, in any respondent labor organization, or extending full and equal accommodations, advantages, facilities, and privileges to all persons, as, in the judgment of the director, will effectuate the purpose of this act, and including a requirement for report of the manner of compliance. If, upon all the evidence, the director shall find that the respondent has not engaged in any such unlawful employment practice or unlawful discrimination, the director shall state his findings of fact and conclusions of law and shall issue and cause to be served on the complainant an order dismissing the said complaint as to such respondent.

12. Section 17 of chapter 169 of the laws of 1945 Section amended. is amended to read as follows:

17. The Attorney General shall establish rules of practice to govern, expedite and effectuate the fore-practice; limitation. going procedure and his own actions thereunder. Any complaint filed pursuant to this section must be so filed within 180 days after the alleged act of discrimination.

13. Section 18 of chapter 169 of the laws of 1945 Section amended. is amended to read as follows:

18. Observance of an order of the director issued C. 18:25-19. pursuant to the provisions of this act may be enforced by a civil action brought by the director

in the Superior Court to obtain such relief as may be necessary to effectuate the terms of said order.

14. Section 20 of chapter 169 of the laws of 1945

is amended to read as follows:

20. Any person aggrieved by a final order of the director may take an appeal therefrom to the Superior Court, Appellate Division as an appeal from a State administrative agency.

15. Section 23 of chapter 169 of the laws of 1945 is amended to read as follows:

23. A copy of the transcript of the hearing shall be available at all reasonable times to all parties for examination without cost.

16. Section 24 of chapter 169 of the laws of 1945

is amended to read as follows:

24. The Attorney General shall appoint or assign the attorney for the division who may be a deputy attorney general. If said attorney is not a deputy attorney general he shall receive such compensation as may be determined by the Attorney General subject to available appropriations.

17. Section 25 of chapter 169 of the laws of 1945

is amended to read as follows:

25. Any person who shall willfully resist, prevent, impede or interfere with the Attorney General or any representative of the division in the performance of duty under this act, or shall willfully violate an order of the Attorney General, or the director, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punishable by imprisonment for not more than one year, or by a fine of not more than \$500.00, or by both; but procedure for the review of the order shall not be deemed to be such willful conduct.

18. Section 1 of chapter 198 of the laws of 1954

is amended to read as follows:

1. The Division on Civil Rights in the Department of Law and Public Safety shall enforce the laws of this State against discrimination in housing built with public funds or public assistance, pursuant to any law, and in real property, as defined in the law hereby supplemented, because of race, religious principles, color, national origin or an-

Section amended.

C. 18:25-21. Appeal to Superior Court.

Section amended.

C. 18:25-24. Transcript of hearing to be available.

Section amended.

C. 18:25-25. Attorney General to appoint attorney for division.

Section amended.

C. 18:25-26. Resisting or preventing performance of duties a misdemeanor; penalty.

Section amended.

C. 18:25-9.1. Enforcement of law in public housing and real estate.

cestry. The said laws shall be so enforced in the manner prescribed in the act to which this act is a supplement.

19. Section 22 of the "Law Against Discrimina- Section C. 18:25-23 tion" approved April 16, 1945 is repealed.

20. This act shall take effect immediately. Approved May 21, 1963.

repealed.

## CHAPTER 41

An Act concerning the taxation of certain public utilities and amending and supplementing "An act imposing an excise tax upon persons, copartnerships, associations or corporations, other than street railway, traction, sewerage, water, gas and electric light, heat and power corporations, municipal corporations and corporations taxable under chapter 291 of the laws of 1941, using or occupying public streets, highways, roads or other public places by virtue of a franchise or authority or permission from the State or any municipality thereof, except for the operation of autobuses or autocabs commonly called taxicabs," passed January 23, 1940 (Chapter 4, P. L. 1940), as said title was amended by chapter 92, P. L. 1961.

Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

1. Section 1 of the act of which this act is amend- Section amended. atory is amended to read as follows:

1. Purpose. The purpose of this act is to provide C. 54:30A-16. for the taxation of certain franchises held by cer- Purpose; certain laws tain persons, copartnerships, associations and corporations; the reimbursement to the State of cer-