## AGRICULTURE DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE

"Agriculturally viable parcel" means a parcel that is capable of sustaining a variety of agricultural operations that yield a reasonable economic return under normal conditions, solely from each parcel's agricultural output.

"Application," as relates to the purchase of development easements, means a standard form adopted by the county agriculture development board.

"Appraisal handbook standards" means the rules and requirements for conducting appraisals established at N.J.A.C. 2:76–10.

"Board" means a county agriculture development board established pursuant to N.J.S.A. 4:1C–14 or a subregional agricultural retention board established pursuant to N.J.S.A. 4:1C–17.

"Committee" means the State Agricultural Development Committee (SADC) established pursuant to N.J.S.A. 4:1C-4.

"Cost" as used with respect to cost of development easements includes, in addition to the usual connotations thereof, the cost of inspection, appraisal, legal, financial, and other professional services, estimates and advice; and the cost of organizational, administrative and other work and services, including salaries, supplies, equipment and materials.

"Development easement" means an interest in land, less than fee simple absolute title thereto, which enables the owner to develop the land for any nonagricultural purpose as determined by and acquired under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 4:1C-11 et seq., P.L. 1983, C.32, and any relevant rules or regulations promulgated pursuant thereto.

"Exceptions," unless the text indicates otherwise, means portions of the applicant's land holdings which are not to be encumbered by the deed restrictions contained in N.J.A.C. 2:76-6.15.

"Farmland preservation program" means any voluntary program, the duration of which is at least eight years, authorized by law enacted subsequent to the effective date of the "Farmland Preservation Bond Act of 1981", P.L. 1981, C.276, which has as its principal purpose the long term preservation of significant masses of reasonably contiguous agricultural land within agricultural development areas adopted pursuant to N.J.S.A. 4:1C-11 et seq., P.L. 1983, C.32, and the maintenance and support of increased agricultural production as the first priority use of that land.

"Formula index" means the value obtained by application of the formula contained in N.J.S.A. 4:1C-31b(1).

"Governing body" means, in the case of a county, the board of chosen freeholders, and in the case of a municipality, the commission, council, board or body, by whatever name it may be known, having charge of the finances of the municipality.

"Landowner" means the record owner of the land, duly authorized contract purchaser of the land or record owner of the development easement acquired pursuant to N.J.S.A. 4:1C-34.

"Landowner asking price" means the applicant's per acre confidential offer for the sale of a development easement.

"Municipally approved farmland preservation program", hereinafter referred to as "municipally approved program", means any voluntary program, the duration of which is at least eight years, authorized by law enacted subsequent to the effective date of the "Farmland Preservation Bond Act of 1981", P.L. 1981, C.276, which has as its principal purpose the long term preservation of significant masses of reasonably contiguous agricultural land within agricultural development areas adopted pursuant to N.J.S.A. 4:1C-11 et seq., P.L. 1983, C.32, and the maintenance and support of increased agricultural production as the first priority use of that land. Any municipally approved program shall be established pursuant to N.J.S.A. 4:1C-21.

"Non-agricultural development value—agricultural value" means the fair market value of the development easement as certified by the committee.

"Option agreement" means a written agreement for consideration between an owner of land and the board whereby the board has a right to purchase the development easement within a specified time for a designated price.

"Premises" means the property under easement which is defined by the legal metes and bounds description contained in the deed of easement.

"Quality score" means the Committee's numeric total derived from the application of the criteria for evaluating a development easement application contained in N.J.A.C. 2:76–6.16.

"Residential unit" means the residential building to be used for single family residential housing and its appurtenant uses. The construction and use of the residential unit shall be for agricultural purposes.

"Residual dwelling site" means the location of the residential unit and other appurtenant structures.

"Residual dwelling site opportunity" means the potential to construct a residential unit and other appurtenant structures on the premises in accordance with N.J.A.C. 2:76–6.17.

"Secretary" means the Secretary of Agriculture.

"Use for agricultural purposes," as related to the exercise of a residual dwelling site opportunity and the continued use of the residential unit constructed thereto, means at least

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one person residing in the residential unit shall be regularly engaged in common farmsite activities on the premises including, but not limited to: production, harvesting, storage, grading, packaging, processing and the wholesale and retail marketing of crops, plants, animals and other related commodities and the use and application of techniques and methods of soil preparation and management, fertilization, weed, disease and pest control, disposal of farm waste, irrigation, drainage, water management and grazing.

Amended by R.1986 d.386, effective September 22, 1986.

See: 18 N.J.R. 1328(a), 18 N.J.R. 1930(a). Added "premises"

Amended by R.1988 d.493, effective October 17, 1988.

See: 20 N.J.R. 1503(a), 20 N.J.R. 2565(a). Added definitions "Agricultural Development Area" and "project area".

Amended by R.1989 d.49, effective January 17, 1989.

See: 20 N.J.R. 1761(a), 21 N.J.R. 158(a).

Added definitions.

Amended by R.1989 d.537, effective October 16, 1989. See: 21 N.J.R. 3294(a).

Change to "project area" made upon adoption.

Amended by R.1990 d.529, effective November 5, 1990.

See: 22 N.J.R. 1244(a), 22 N.J.R. 3359(a).

Added definitions for "ancillary costs", "formula index", "landowner asking price" and "non-agricultural development value-agricultural value"

Amended by R.1993 d.392, effective August 2, 1993.

See: 25 N.J.R. 1804(d), 25 N.J.R. 3453(e).

Amended by R.1994 d.393, effective August 1, 1994.

See: 26 N.J.R. 1419(a), 26 N.J.R. 3159(b).

Amended by R.1995 d.613, effective December 4, 1995.

See: 27 N.J.R. 13(a), 27 N.J.R. 4875(a).

Deleted definitions of "Ancillary costs" and "Project area" and added definition of "Agriculturally viable parcel".

### 2:76–6.3 Eligible applicants

(a) Any landowner that applies to the board in compliance with N.J.A.C. 2:76-6.4 and whose land is in a farmland preservation program, a municipally approved program or qualifies for differential property tax assessment pursuant to the Farmland Assessment Act of 1964 and which is included in an agricultural development area shall be eligible to sell a development easement on that land.

(b) Any person or organization acquiring a development easement, by purchase, gift or otherwise, may apply to sell that development easement to the board pursuant to N.J.S.A. 4:1C-34.

Amended by R.1993 d.392, effective August 2, 1993. See: 25 N.J.R. 1804(d), 25 N.J.R. 3453(e). Amended by R.1994 d.393, effective August 1, 1994. See: 26 N.J.R. 1419(a), 26 N.J.R. 3159(b).

### 2:76–6.4 Application

Under the provision of N.J.A.C. 2:76-6.3, the landowner shall submit a completed application to the board.

Amended by R.1993 d.392, effective August 2, 1993. See: 25 N.J.R. 1804(d), 25 N.J.R. 3453(e).

#### 2:76-6.5 Preliminary board review

(a) The board shall review and evaluate the easement purchase application and respective project area to determine the suitability of the land for development easement purchase and establish a priority ranking of the applications on the basis of the following factors:

1. Criteria duly adopted by the board which evaluates the degree to which the purchase would encourage the survivability of the land in productive agriculture and the degree of imminence of change of the land from productive agriculture to nonagricultural use pursuant to N.J.S.A. 4:1C-31b.

(b) The board shall review the application pursuant to N.J.A.C. 2:76–6.17(a) and determine the number of residual dwelling site opportunities to be allocated to the premises.

(c) The board shall inform the landowner of the number of residual dwelling site opportunities allocated to the premises.

(d) The board shall approve or disapprove the application.

(e) An application approved by the board shall be forwarded to the municipal governing body for review.

1. Unless previously granted by prior ordinance, the municipal governing body shall by resolution approve or disapprove the application and so notify the board.

(f) The Committee's preliminary approval is not required for seven or fewer applications designated by the board.

(g) The board shall submit a request for a grant for the purchase of a development easement to the Committee within 30 days of the date appraisal work is authorized pursuant to N.J.A.C. 2:76-6.7. The request for a grant shall be submitted on a form prescribed by the Committee. The information provided by the board shall include the following:

1. RDSO eligibility and allocation;

Exceptions approved by the board with its justifica-2. tion;

3. CADB preliminary ranking with its justification; and

4. Other information relating to the specific application as required by the Committee.

(h) An application consisting of a development easement acquired by the board and/or county must be submitted to the Committee within three consecutive application rounds.

1. The development easement acquired by the board and/or county shall at a minimum contain the restrictions found at N.J.A.C. 2:76-6.15(a) which were in effect at the time the development easement was acquired.