- ii. If such additional relevant information is of an adverse nature, then the parole hearing shall be reconvened as soon as possible after receipt of such information.
- (b) If the Board panel determines that the inmate shall be placed in a halfway house facility for a specified time period as a pre-release condition, the Board panel shall refer the matter to the Board for review. If the Board upon reviewing the record concurs that placement of the inmate in a half-way house facility for a specified time period is an appropriate pre-release condition, the Board shall refer the inmate's case to the Department for placement of the inmate in an appropriate half-way house facility. If the Department denies such placement, the decision and the reasons therefor shall be provided in writing by the Department to the Board. Upon receiving notice that placement has been denied, the Board panel shall determine whether the pre-release condition should be eliminated and the grant of parole affirmed or whether the inmate should be denied parole.
- (c) Pursuant to N.J.S.A. 30:4–123.55(f), the Board panel shall not certify parole release in the case of an offender serving a term for the crime of murder. In such a case, if the Board panel is of the opinion that parole release is appropriate, the Board panel shall automatically refer the case for a hearing before the Board. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to an inmate who has his or her parole revoked and is returned to custody pursuant to N.J.S.A. 30:4–123.63.
- (d) If a parole release date has been established based upon a projected eligibility date, the chief executive officer of the institution or designee shall:
 - 1. Notify the senior Board representative at the institution immediately upon an acceleration in the credit pattern. If an acceleration in the credit pattern has occurred then:
 - i. The parole eligibility date shall be recalculated;
 - ii. A new parole release date shall be established; and
 - iii. The inmate shall be notified of the new parole release date.
 - 2. Certify to the senior Board representative at the institution, within 72 hours prior to the date of release, that the inmate has maintained the credit pattern as established by the classification department. If the inmate has failed to earn the project credits then:
 - i. The inmate's release on parole shall be deferred;
 - ii. The parole eligibility date shall be recalculated;
 - iii. A new parole release date shall be established unless good cause exists or suspend or rescind the parole release date pursuant to N.J.A.C. 10A:71-5; and

- iv. The inmate shall be notified that release on parole has been deferred and that a new parole release date has been established.
- (e) Within 30 days of the Board panel hearing, the Board panel shall issue a written notice to the inmate, the Department, the Board and the Prosecutor for the county from which the inmate was committed.
- (f) Such notice shall consist of the decision of the Board panel, and, if the Board panel's decision is to deny parole or defer decision, the notice shall contain the reasons therefor, except information classified as confidential pursuant to N.J.A.C. 10A:71–2.1 or the rules and regulations of the Department.

Amended by R.1985 d.213, effective May 6, 1985. See: 16 N.J.R. 3391(a), 17 N.J.R. 1096(a). Section substantially amended. Amended by R.1988 d.336, effective July 18, 1988. See: 19 N.J.R. 1396(b), 20 N.J.R. 1716(b). Deleted (a)4. Amended by R.1990 d.141, effective March 5, 1990. See: 21 N.J.R. 3411(c), 22 N.J.R. 825(a). New (b) added; (b)-(d) recodified to (c)-(e). Amended by R.1995 d.109, effective February 21, 1995. See: 26 N.J.R. 4150(a), 27 N.J.R. 686(b).

10A:71-3.19 Board hearing; scheduling for adult inmates

- (a) A case referred to the Board by a Board panel pursuant to N.J.A.C. 10A:71–3.18(c) shall be scheduled by the Chairperson for a hearing by the Board.
- (b) Such hearing shall be conducted at least 30 days or as soon as practicable in advance of the inmate's actual parole eligibility date.
- (c) The Chairperson, when practicable, shall notify the chief executive officer of the institution, appropriate Department personnel and the inmate of the date of the hearing at least seven days prior to the hearing.
- (d) It shall be the responsibility of the chief executive officer of the institution and appropriate Department personnel to make the necessary arrangements to have the inmate present at the New Jersey State Prison on the hearing date.
- (e) It shall be the responsibility of the chief executive officer of the institution to immediately notify the Chairperson if the inmate is unavailable, for any reason, to attend the hearing.

New Rule: R.1990 d.141, effective March 5, 1990. See: 21 N.J.R. 3411(c), 22 N.J.R. 825(a). Amended by R.1995 d.109, effective February 21, 1995. See: 26 N.J.R. 4150(a), 27 N.J.R. 686(b).

Case Notes

Rule permits a lengthy future eligibility term to be set where the presumptive term would be clearly inappropriate for the circumstances of the offense, the history of the offender and his institutional behavior;

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imposition of such a team on prisoner serving team prior to rule's adoption not an ex post facto application of parole rules. Thompson v. New Jersey State Parole Bd., 210 N.J.Super. 107, 509 A.2d 241 (App. Div.1986).

10A:71-3.20 Board hearing; notice of decision for adult inmates

- (a) At the conclusion of the Board hearing, the Board shall take one of the actions as specified in N.J.A.C. 10A:71-3.18(a).
- (b) If the Board establishes a parole release date based upon a projected eligibility date, the provisions of N.J.A.C. 10A:71–3.18(d) shall apply.
- (c) If the Board determines that the inmate shall be placed in a half-way house facility for a specified time period as a pre-release condition, the Board shall refer the inmate's case to the Department for placement of the inmate in an appropriate half-way house facility. If the Department denies such placement, the decision and the reasons therefor shall be provided in writing by the Department to the Board. Upon receiving notice that placement has been denied, the Board shall determine whether the pre-release condition should be eliminated and the grant of parole affirmed or whether the inmate should be denied parole.
- (d) Within 30 days of the Board hearing, the Board shall issue a written notice to the inmate, the Department and the Prosecutor for the county from which the inmate was committed.
- (e) Such notice shall consist of the decision of the Board and, if the Board's decision is to deny or defer decision, the notice shall contain the reasons therefor, except information classified as confidential pursuant to N.J.A.C. 10A:71–2.1 or the rules and regulations of the Department.

New Rule: R.1990 d.141, effective March 5, 1990. See: 21 N.J.R. 3411(c), 22 N.J.R. 825(a).

Amended by R.1995 d.109, effective February 21, 1995.

See: 26 N.J.R. 4150(a), 27 N.J.R. 686(b).

10A:71-3.21 Board panel action; schedule of future parole eligibility dates for adult inmates

- (a) Upon determining to deny parole to a prison inmate, a two-member adult Board panel shall, based upon the following schedule, establish a future parole eligibility date upon which the inmate shall be primarily eligible for parole.
 - 1. Except as provided herein, a prison inmate serving a sentence for murder, manslaughter, aggravated sexual assault or kidnapping or serving any minimum-maximum or specific sentence in excess of 14 years for a crime not otherwise assigned pursuant to this section shall serve 27 additional months.

2. Except as provided herein, a prison inmate serving a sentence for armed robbery or robbery or serving any minimum-maximum or specific sentence between eight and 14 years for a crime not otherwise assigned pursuant to this section shall serve 23 additional months.

- 3. Except as provided herein, a prison inmate serving a sentence for burglary, narcotic law violations, theft, arson or aggravated assault or serving any minimum-maximum or specific sentence of at least four but less than eight years for a crime not otherwise assigned pursuant to this section shall serve 20 additional months.
- 4. Except as provided herein, a prison inmate serving a sentence for escape, bribery, conspiracy, gambling or possession of a dangerous weapon or serving any minimum-maximum or specific sentence less than four years for a crime not otherwise assigned to this section shall serve 17 additional months.
- (b) Upon determining to deny parole to a young adult inmate, a two-member young adult Board panel shall, based upon the following schedule, establish a future parole eligibility date upon which the inmate shall be primarily eligible for parole.
 - 1. Except as provided herein, a young adult inmate serving a sentence for a crime contained in Categories A or B of N.J.A.C. 10A:71-3.3 shall serve 24 additional months.
 - 2. Except as provided herein, a young adult inmate serving a sentence for a crime contained in Category C of N.J.A.C. 10A:71-3.3 shall serve 20 additional months.
 - 3. Except as provided herein, a young adult inmate serving a sentence for a crime contained in Category D of N.J.A.C. 10A:71–3.3 shall serve 16 additional months.
 - 4. Except as provided herein, a young adult inmate serving a sentence for a crime contained in Category E of N.J.A.C. 10A:71-3.3 shall serve 12 additional months.
 - 5. Except as provided herein, a young adult inmate serving a sentence for a crime contained in Category F of N.J.A.C. 10A:71-3.3 shall serve 10 additional months.
 - 6. Except as provided herein, a young adult inmate serving a sentence for a crime contained in Category G of N.J.A.C. 10A:71–3.3 shall serve eight additional months.
- (c) The future parole eligibility dates required pursuant to (a) and (b) above may be increased or decreased by up to nine months when, in the opinion of the Board panel, the severity of the crime for which the inmate was denied parole and the prior criminal record or other characteristics of the inmate warrant such adjustment.
- (d) A three-member Board panel may establish a future parole eligibility date which differs from that required by the provisions of (a) or (b) and (c) above if the future parole eligibility date which would be established pursuant to such subsections is clearly inappropriate in consideration of the circumstances of the crime, the characteristics and prior criminal record of the inmate and the inmate's institutional behavior.

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- 1. If, in the opinion of a two-member Board panel denying parole, the future parole eligibility date which would be established pursuant to (a) or (b) and (c) above is clearly inappropriate as provided herein, the two-member Board panel shall refer the inmate's case to the third Board panel member upon conclusion of the hearing. In such instances, the third Board panel member shall review all the records pertaining to the hearing.
- 2. The two-member Board panel shall, pursuant to N.J.A.C. 10A:71–3.18, notify the inmate in writing that parole has been denied, that a future parole eligibility date pursuant to (a) or (b) and (c) above has not been established and the reasons therefor, and that a three-member Board panel review will occur for the purpose of establishing a future parole eligibility term which differs from the provisions of (a) or (b) and (c) above.
- 3. The inmate shall have 30 days from the date notice is received to prepare and submit to the Board panel members a written statement. The statement may include any information the inmate may deem relevant to the evaluation of his case by the Board panel members.
- 4. The three-member Board panel shall, upon disposition of the case, state in writing to the inmate the reasons for the establishment of a future eligibility date which differs from the provisions of (a) or (b) and (c) above.
- 5. The decision of the three-member Board panel to establish a future parole eligibility date which differs from that required by the provisions of (a) or (b) and (c) above shall be by unanimous decision only. Failure to establish a future parole eligibility date pursuant to this subsection by unanimous decision shall result in the referral of the inmate's case to the Board for the establishment of a future parole eligibility date.
- 6. If the three-member Board panel fails to establish, by unanimous decision, a future parole eligibility date pursuant to this subsection, the three-member Board panel shall notify the inmate, in writing, that his case has been referred to the Board for the establishment of a future parole eligibility date.
- 7. The inmate shall have 30 days from the date notice is received pursuant to (d)6 above to prepare and submit a written statement containing any additional information which the inmate may deem relevant to the evaluation of his or her case by the Board.
- 8. The Board's establishment of a future parole eligibility date shall be based on the review of all records of the panel hearing. Upon disposition of the case, the Board shall state in writing to the inmate the reasons for the establishment of a future parole eligibility date which differs from the provisions of (a) or (b) and (c) above.
- (e) The Board, upon the conclusion of a hearing conducted pursuant to N.J.A.C. 10A:71–3.18(c), may establish a future parole eligibility date which differs from that required by the provisions of (a) or (b) and (c) above if the future

parole eligibility date which would be established pursuant to such subsections is clearly inappropriate in consideration of the circumstances of the crime, the characteristics and prior criminal record of the inmate and the inmate's institutional behavior.

- 1. The Board shall include in the notice issued pursuant to N.J.A.C. 10A:71–3.20 the reasons for the establishment of a future parole eligibility date which differs from the provisions of (a) or (b) and (c) above.
- (f) If a three-member Board panel or the Board establishes, in the case of an inmate sentenced pursuant to N.J.S.A. 2A:113–4 for a term of life imprisonment, N.J.S.A. 2A:164–17 for a fixed minimum and maximum term or N.J.S.A. 2C:1–1(b), a future parole eligibility date which differs from that required by the provisions of (a) and (c) above, the inmate shall be scheduled for an annual review hearing. The first annual review hearing shall be scheduled within 18 months from the month in which the decision to deny parole was rendered. Thereafter, annual review hearings shall be scheduled every 12 months until the inmate is within seven months of the actual parole eligibility date.
 - 1. At the annual review hearing, which shall be conducted by a Board panel as designated by the Chairperson, the Board panel shall assess the inmate's progress in institutional or community educational, training or other programs, progress in substantially altering those factors which led to the inmate's incarceration, and progress which may indicate that the punitive aspects of the sentence have been satisfied in that the rehabilitative potential of the inmate may be achieved by a date earlier than the future parole eligibility date.
 - 2. At the conclusion of the annual review hearing, the Board panel shall:
 - i. Accept and note documentary evidence of the progress that the inmate has achieved; and
 - ii. Determine whether the inmate's case shall be referred for a parole release hearing pursuant to this subchapter; or
 - iii. Determine whether the progress achieved by the inmate merits a reduction in the future parole eligibility date. If such determination is made, the Board panel shall recommend to the three-member Board panel or the Board, as appropriate, that a reduction in future parole eligibility date be granted; or
 - iv. Defer a decision pending receipt of additional information; or
 - v. Continue the case until the next annual review.
 - 3. The Board panel shall advise the inmate in writing of its determination.
 - 4. If the Board panel determines that the inmate's case shall be referred for a parole release hearing pursuant to this subchapter, the Board panel shall provide

personal notice to each member of the three-member Board panel or the Board, as appropriate, of its determination.

- 5. If the Board panel recommends that a reduction be granted in the future parole eligibility term, the threemember Board panel or the Board, as appropriate, shall review the inmate's case and the Board panel's recommendation within 60 days of the Board panel's determination. The three-member Board panel or the Board shall, within 14 days of reviewing the inmate's case, notify the inmate in writing whether the future parole eligibility date will be reduced and, if so, the specific time period by which the future parole eligibility date will be reduced.
- 6. The provisions of N.J.A.C. 10A:71-3.8 shall not apply to an annual review hearing conducted pursuant to this subsection.
- (g) If an inmate's maximum sentence(s) will expire prior to the future parole eligibility date otherwise established by the Board panel or Board, the Board panel or Board shall direct that such inmate serve his or her maximum sentence(s).
- (h) The prior provisions of (b) above shall apply to young adult inmates whose offenses were committed prior to May 6, 1985 and shall continue in effect for that purpose. The amendments to (b) above shall be applicable to young adult inmates, respectively, whose offenses were committed on or after May 6, 1985.
- (i) The amendments to (d) above shall apply to the cases of adult inmates in which a decision to deny parole has been rendered on or after May 6, 1985.

Amended by R.1980 d.226, effective May 21, 1980. See: 12 N.J.R. 335(b). Amended by R.1980 d.359, effective August 7, 1980.

See: 12 N.J.R. 420(b), 12 N.J.R. 538(a).

Amended by R.1981 d.179, effective June 7, 1981.

See: 13 N.J.R. 228(c), 13 N.J.R. 364(c).

(c): "nine months" was "six months"

Amended by R.1985 d.213, effective May 6, 1985.

See: 16 N.J.R. 3391(a), 17 N.J.R. 1096(a).

Section substantially amended.

Amended by R.1988 d.336, effective July 18, 1988.

See: 19 N.J.R. 1396(b), 20 N.J.R. 1716(b).

Substituted "within 18" for "12"

Administrative correction to (b)3.

See: 21 N.J.R. 3777(b).

Amended by R.1990 d.141, effective March 5, 1990.

See: 21 N.J.R. 3411(c), 22 N.J.R. 825(a).

Recodified from N.J.A.C. 10A:71-3.19; changed terminology to that of the Comprehensive Drug Reform Act of 1986.

Administrative correction to (b)3: changed 10 to 16.

See: 22 N.J.R. 1265(d).

Amended by R.1990 d.257, effective May 21, 1990.

See: 22 N.J.R. 899(a), 22 N.J.R. 1609(a).

Added new (e) and recodified (e)-(i) as (f)-(j), with no change in

Amended by R.1993 d.399, effective August 16, 1993.

See: 25 N.J.R. 1665(a), 25 N.J.R. 3826(a).

Amended by R.1995 d.109, effective February 21, 1995.

See: 26 N.J.R. 4150(a), 27 N.J.R. 686(b).

Case Notes

Consecutive sentences may not be imposed upon juveniles. State in Interest of J.L.A., 262 N.J.Super. 78, 619 A.2d 1321 (A.D.1993), certification granted 134 N.J. 477, 634 A.2d 525, reversed 136 N.J. 370, 643 A.2d 538.

Regulation pertaining to commutation credits for purposes of parole eligibility was valid. Alevras v. Delanoy, 245 N.J.Super. 32, 583 A.2d 778 (A.D.1990), certification denied 126 N.J. 330, 598 A.2d 888.

10A:71-3.22 Notice of tentative parole release dates; juvenile inmates

- (a) Upon the admission of a juvenile inmate to a State correctional facility, it shall be the responsibility of the chief executive officer of such facility to promptly notify the Board and provide to the Board such documents and information as specified in N.J.A.C. 10A:71-3.28 as may be required by the Board in order to establish a tentative parole release date.
- (b) Upon such notification and within 90 days of admission to a State correctional facility, each juvenile inmate shall be informed in writing of his or her tentative parole release date.
- (c) Upon establishment of the tentative parole release date pursuant to N.J.A.C. 10A:71-3.23, the juvenile Board panel shall notify in writing the juvenile inmate's parent(s) or guardian(s), the committing court, the prosecuting authority, and the chief executive officer of the institution or designee of the tentative parole release date established. The chief executive officer or designee may further distribute notice of the tentative parole release date as deemed appropriate.

R.1980 d.488, effective November 6, 1980. See: 12 N.J.R. 537(a), 12 N.J.R. 724(c). Amended by R.1985 d.213, effective May 6, 1985. See: 16 N.J.R. 3391(a), 17 N.J.R. 1096(a).

(b): "90 days" substituted for "6 months"; (c) substantially amended.

Amended by R.1988 d.336, effective July 18, 1988. See: 19 N.J.R. 1396(b), 20 N.J.R. 1716(b).

Added tentative release.

Amended by R.1990 d.141, effective March 5, 1990.

See: 21 N.J.R. 3411(c), 22 N.J.R. 825(a).

Recodified from N.J.A.C. 10A:71-3.22; changed internal N.J.A.C. references.

10A:71-3.23 Establishment of tentative parole release dates; juvenile inmates

(a) This subsection shall apply to juvenile inmates whose offenses were committed prior to February 21, 1995. Except as provided herein, tentative parole release dates shall be established by a hearing officer, a juvenile Board panel member or the juvenile Board panel pursuant to the following schedule of presumptive tentative parole release terms and ranges for tentative parole release terms.

	Presumptive	
Act of Delinquency	Term (months)	Range (months)
Murder (N.J.S.A. 2C:11-3(a)(1) or (2))	100	80–120

Act of Delinquency	Presumptive Term (months)	Range (months)
Murder (N.J.S.A. 2C:11–3(a)(3))	50	40-60
Crime of First Degree (except Murder)	20	16–24
Crime of Second Degree	16	12-18
Manufacturing, Distributing or Dispensing a Controlled Dangerous Substance second degree, Possession with Intent to Manufacture, Distribute or Dispense a Controlled Dangerous substance second degree	12	10–14
Crime of Third Degree	10	8–12
Crime of Fourth Degree	5	4–6
Disorderly Persons Offense	1.5	1–2

(b) This subsection shall apply to juvenile inmates whose offenses were committed on or after February 21, 1995. Except as provided herein, tentative parole release dates shall be established by a hearing officer, a juvenile Board panel member or the juvenile Board panel pursuant to the following schedule of presumptive tentative parole release terms and ranges for tentative parole release terms.

Act of Delinquency	Presumptive Term (months)	Range (months)
Murder (N.J.S.A. 2C:11-3(a)(1) or		
(2))	100	100-180
Murder (N.J.S.A. 2C:11-3(a)(3))	40	40-120
Crime of First Degree		
(except Murder)	20	16-42
Crime of Second Degree	16	12-20
Manufacturing, Distributing or Dis-		
pensing a Controlled Dangerous		
Substance second degree, Posses-		
sion with Intent to Manufacture,		
Distribute or Dispense a Con-		
trolled Dangerous Substance sec-		
ond degree	12	12-20
Crime of Third Degree	12	12-20
Crime of Fourth Degree	5	4–6
Disorderly Persons Offense	1.5	1–2

- (c) If a juvenile inmate has been committed for several acts of delinquency, the act of delinquency which represents the most serious act of delinquency shall be considered in determining the tentative parole release date.
- (d) The hearing officer, the juvenile Board panel member or the juvenile Board panel shall consider the following mitigating and aggravating factors in determining whether to alter the tentative parole release date from the presumptive term established pursuant to (a) or (b) above:
 - 1. Mitigating factors:
 - i. The inmate has no previous adjudications of delinquency.
 - ii. The inmate has no previous commitments to a State correctional facility.
 - iii. The inmate has previously adjusted successfully to parole or probation.
 - iv. The inmate acted under strong provocation.

- v. The inmate did not contemplate that his or her conduct would cause or threaten serious injury.
- 2. Aggravating factors:
 - i. The inmate has an extensive prior record.
- ii. The inmate's prior record consists of particularly serious acts of delinquency.
- iii. The inmate has been previously committed to a State correctional facility.
- iv. The inmate has previously adjusted unsuccessfully to parole or probation supervision.
 - v. The current act of delinquency was premeditated.
- vi. The inmate used a weapon during the current act of delinquency.
- vii. The current act of delinquency involved an injury to the victim.
- viii. The inmate has received additional concurrent or consecutive commitments.
- (e) The juvenile Board panel may establish a tentative parole release date outside the range contained in the provisions of (a) or (b) above, if a tentative parole release date within the range is clearly inappropriate in view of the circumstances of the act of delinquency, the prior record of delinquency, the characteristics of the inmate or the imposition of any extended term imposed pursuant to N.J.S.A. 2A:4A-44(d)(3) and (d)(4).
 - 1. If, in the opinion of the hearing officer or juvenile Board panel member establishing the tentative parole release date, a date within the range contained in the provisions of (a) or (b) above is clearly inappropriate in view of the circumstances of the act of delinquency, the prior records of delinquency, the characteristics of the inmate or the imposition of any extended term imposed pursuant to N.J.S.A. 2A:4A-44(d)(3) and (d)(4), the hearing officer or the juvenile Board panel member shall refer such a case to the juvenile Board panel.
 - 2. The juvenile Board panel shall, upon disposition of the case, state in writing to the juvenile inmate, the juvenile inmate's parent(s) or guardian(s), the committing court, the prosecuting authority, and the chief executive officer of the institution or designee, the reasons for the establishment of any tentative parole release date which is outside the range contained in the provisions of (a) or (b) above.
 - 3. The decision of the juvenile Board panel to establish a tentative parole release date which is outside the range contained in the provisions of (a) or (b) above may be reconsidered pursuant to N.J.A.C. 10A:71–4.1 or appealed pursuant to N.J.A.C. 10A:71–4.2(f).
- (f) Pursuant to R.3:21-8, credit for time served in a county detention facility prior to the date of sentence shall

reduce the tentative parole release date established pursuant to this section.

(g) In no case shall a juvenile inmate committed by the Family Court to a term of incarceration be released on parole without the consent of the sentencing court prior to the service of one-third of any term imposed for murder or a crime of the first, second or third degree, sale or distribution of controlled dangerous substance, possession of controlled dangerous substance with intent to distribute or possession of controlled dangerous substance, including any extended term imposed pursuant 2A:4A-44(d)(3) and (d)(4) or one-fourth of any term imposed for any other crime.

As amended, R.1980 d.488, effective November 6, 1980. See: 12 N.J.R. 537(a), 12 N.J.R. 724(c). Amended by R.1985 d.213, effective May 6, 1985.

See: 16 N.J.R. 3391(a), 17 N.J.R. 1096(a).

Section substantially amended.

Amended by R.1988 d.336, effective July 18, 1988.

See: 19 N.J.R. 1396(b), 20 N.J.R. 1716(b).

Substantially amended.

Amended by R.1989 d.145, effective March 20, 1989.

See: 20 N.J.R. 2747(b), 21 N.J.R. 768(a).

Requirement of prior notification to a juvenile inmate of the Juvenile Panel's intent to establish a tentative parole release date outside of the specified range, eliminated.

Amended by R.1990 d.141, effective March 5, 1990.

See: 21 N.J.R. 3411(c), 22 N.J.R. 825(a).

Recodified from N.J.A.C. 10A:71-3.21; utilized offense terminology of Comprehensive Drug Reform Act of 1986.

Amended by R.1995 d.109, effective February 21, 1995.

See: 26 N.J.R. 4150(a), 27 N.J.R. 686(b).

Law Review and Journal Commentaries

Juveniles-Sentencing. P.R. Chenoweth, 137 N.J.L.J. No. 10, 59 (1994).

Case Notes

Juveniles who have committed two or more acts of delinquency may be sentenced to consecutive terms. State in Interest of J.L.A., 136 N.J. 370, 643 A.2d 538 (1994).

Consecutive sentences may not be imposed upon juveniles. State in Interest of J.L.A., 262 N.J.Super. 78, 619 A.2d 1321 (A.D.1993), certification granted 134 N.J. 477, 634 A.2d 525, reversed 136 N.J. 370, 643 A.2d 538.

10A:71–3.24 Alteration of tentative parole release dates: juvenile inmates

- (a) At the time of a quarterly review, any previously established parole release date may be altered pursuant to N.J.A.C. 10A:71-3.30 or 3.32.
- (b) If the juvenile inmate has participated satisfactorily in institutional programs or demonstrated good institutional adjustment, the parole release date may be reduced.
 - 1. If such inmate's level of institutional adjustment or program participation is above average, the reduction may be at the rate of 15 days for every month of the tentative parole release term.

- 2. If such inmate's level of institutional adjustment or program participation is average, the reduction may be at the rate of 10 days for every month of the tentative parole release term.
- 3. If such inmate's level of institutional adjustment or program participation is below average, the reduction may be at the rate of five days for every month of the tentative parole release term.
- 4. If such inmate's level of institutional adjustment or program participation is poor, no reduction may be made.
- (c) The juvenile Board panel or a juvenile Board panel member may reduce a tentative parole release date outside of the schedule contained in the provisions of this subsection when deemed appropriate in view of the juvenile inmate's participation in institutional programs or the juvenile inmate's institutional adjustment.
- (d) If a juvenile inmate has committed serious and/or persistent institutional infractions or, has demonstrated poor institutional adjustment, the tentative parole release date may be increased. The adjusted tentative parole release date shall not be established at a date which exceeds 12 months from the previous tentative parole release date.

R.1980 d.448, effective November 6, 1980.

See: 12 N.J.R. 537(a), 12 N.J.R. 724(c).

Amended by R.1985 d.213, effective May 6, 1985.

See: 16 N.J.R. 3391(a), 17 N.J.R. 1096(a).

Section substantially amended.

Amended by R.1986 d.306, effective August 4, 1986.

See: 18 N.J.R. 929(a), 18 N.J.R. 1610(a).

Deleted text in (c) "upon the recommendation by a hearing officer".

Amended by R.1988 d.336, effective July 18, 1988.

See: 19 N.J.R. 1396(b), 20 N.J.R. 1716(a). Amended by R.1990 d.141, effective March 5, 1990.

See: 21 N.J.R. 3411(c), 22 N.J.R. 825(a).

Recodified from N.J.A.C. 10A:71:3-22; changed references to

10A:71–3.25 Scheduling of quarterly reviews; juvenile inmates

- (a) Except as provided herein, each juvenile inmate shall be scheduled for a quarterly review during the third month following the establishment of the tentative parole release date and during each third month thereafter; provided, however, that the juvenile Board panel may direct that a quarterly review be conducted prior to a quarterly review otherwise required pursuant to this section.
 - 1. The Chairperson shall establish a schedule of quarterly reviews to be conducted by a hearing officer or juvenile Board panel member assigned by the Chairper-
 - 2. The Chairperson, when practicable, shall notify the chief executive officer of the institution of the schedule of such quarterly reviews at least seven days prior to the date of the quarterly review.