

CHAPTER 16

NEGOTIATIONS, IMPASSE PROCEDURES AND
COMPULSORY INTEREST ARBITRATION OF
LABOR DISPUTES IN PUBLIC FIRE AND PO-
LICE DEPARTMENTS

Authority

N.J.S.A. 34:13A-5.4(e), 34:13A-6(b), 34:13A-11 and 34:13A-16.5.

Source and Effective Date

R.1996 d.365, effective July 12, 1996.
See: 28 N.J.R. 2801(a), 28 N.J.R. 4598(a).

Executive Order No. 66(1978) Expiration Date

Chapter 16, Negotiations, Impasse Procedures and Compulsory Interest Arbitration of Labor Disputes in Public Fire and Police Departments, expires on July 12, 2001.

Chapter Historical Note

Chapter 16, Negotiations, Impasse Procedures and Compulsory Interest Arbitration of Labor Disputes in Public Fire and Police Departments, was filed and became effective prior to September 1, 1969. Chapter 16 was repealed by R.1977 d.272. See: 9 N.J.R. 298(a), 9 N.J.R. 448(a). New rules were adopted by R.1977 d.349, effective September 16, 1977. See: 9 N.J.R. 350(a), 9 N.J.R. 497(a). Notice of Pre-Proposal: Arbitration process. See: 23 N.J.R. 2525(a). Pursuant to Executive Order No. 66(1978), Chapter 16 was readopted as R.1986 d.355, effective August 7, 1986. See: 18 N.J.R. 1358(a), 18 N.J.R. 1839(a). Pursuant to Executive Order No. 66(1978), Chapter 16 was readopted as R.1991 d.425, effective July 17, 1991. See: 23 N.J.R. 1296(b), 23 N.J.R. 2525(a). Subchapter 8, Appeals, was adopted as R.1996 d.240, effective May 20, 1996. See: 28 N.J.R. 1493(a), 28 N.J.R. 2567(a). Pursuant to Executive Order No. 66(1978), Chapter 16, Negotiations, Impasse Procedures and Compulsory Interest Arbitration of Labor Disputes in Public Fire and Police Departments, was readopted as R.1996 d.365, effective July 12, 1996. See: Source and Effective Date. See, also, section annotations.

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SUBCHAPTER 1. PURPOSE OF PROCEDURES

19:16-1.1 Purpose of procedures

(a) The rules of this chapter provide for implementation of the Police and Fire Public Interest Arbitration Reform Act, P.L. 1995, c.425, an Act which provides for compulsory interest arbitration of labor disputes in public fire and police departments and supplements the New Jersey Employer-Employee Relations Act, as amended N.J.S.A. 34:13A-1.1 et seq.

(b) N.J.S.A. 34:13A-5.4(e) provides that the Commission shall adopt such rules as may be required to regulate the time of commencement of negotiations and of institution of impasse procedures, and section 8 of the Police and Fire Public Interest Arbitration Reform Act provides that the Commission shall adopt rules and regulations to effectuate the purposes of that Act. Further, N.J.S.A. 34:13A-16(a) and (b) provide that whenever negotiations between a public fire or police department and an exclusive representative

concerning the terms and conditions of employment shall reach an impasse, the Commission is empowered upon the request of either party or upon its own motion to provide mediation to effect a voluntary resolution of the impasse, and in the event of a failure to resolve the impasse by mediation, to invoke fact-finding with recommendations for settlement at the request of either party.

(c) Additionally, the act provides for the submission of issues in dispute either to a mutually agreed and approved final and binding arbitration procedure or the final offer procedure set forth in N.J.S.A. 34:13A-16(d).

(d) Accordingly, the provisions of this chapter establish a mandatory time period for the commencement of negotiations and for institution of impasse procedures, including compulsory interest arbitration of unresolved impasses and appeals of arbitration awards. Also provided is a procedure for Commission determination of disputes regarding the identification of issues as economic or non-economic.

Amended by R.1996 d.240, effective May 20, 1996.
See: 28 N.J.R. 1493(a), 28 N.J.R. 2567(a).

Added references to the Act and in (d) inserted "and appeals of arbitration awards".

SUBCHAPTER 2. COMMENCEMENT OF NEGOTIATIONS

19:16-2.1 Commencement of negotiations

(a) The parties shall commence negotiations for a new or successor agreement, or in the case of an agreed reopener provision, shall commence negotiations pursuant to such reopener provision, at least 120 days prior to the day on which their collective negotiations agreement is to expire. The parties shall meet at least three times during that 120-day period. The first of those three meetings shall take place no later than the 90th day prior to the day on which their collective negotiations agreement is to expire. By mutual consent, the parties may agree to extend the period during which the second and third meetings are required to take place beyond the day on which their collective negotiations agreement is to expire. A violation of these requirements shall constitute an unfair practice and the violator shall be subject to an interim relief order requiring such negotiations and any other relief the Commission deems appropriate. The foregoing provisions shall not preclude the parties from agreeing to the automatic renewal of a collective negotiations agreement unless either party shall have notified the other party of its intention to terminate or modify the agreement.

(b) The party initiating negotiations shall, no later than 15 days prior to the commencement date of negotiations required by this subchapter, notify the other party in writing of its intention to commence negotiations on such date, and shall simultaneously file with the Commission a copy of such notification. Forms for filing such petitions will be supplied upon request. Address such requests to: Public Employment Relations Commission, CN 429, Trenton, NJ 08625-0429.

(c) Nothing in this subchapter shall be construed to abrogate or alter obligations of parties to newly established collective negotiations relationships, whether created by recognition or by certification.

Amended by R.1996 d.240, effective May 20, 1996.

See: 28 N.J.R. 1493(a), 28 N.J.R. 2567(a).

Rewrote (a).

Case Notes

Citation. New Jersey State Policemen's Benevolent Assn. v. East Orange, 164 N.J.Super. 436, 396 A.2d 1158 (Ch.Div.1978).

SUBCHAPTER 3. MEDIATION

19:16-3.1 Initiation of mediation

(a) In the event that a public employer and an exclusive employee representative have failed to achieve an agreement through direct negotiations, either the public employer, the employee representative, or the parties jointly, may notify the Director of Conciliation, in writing, of the existence of an impasse and request the appointment of a mediator. An original and four copies of such notification and request shall be filed, and shall be signed and dated and shall contain the following information:

1. The name and address of the public employer that is a party to the collective negotiations; the name, address, telephone number, and title of its representative to be contacted; and the name, address and telephone number of any attorney/consultant representing the public employer;
2. The name and address of the exclusive representative that is a party to the collective negotiations; the name, address, telephone number, and title of its representative to be contacted; and the name, address and telephone number of any attorney/consultant representing the employee representative;
3. A description of the collective negotiations unit, including the approximate number of employees in the unit;
4. The dates and duration of negotiations sessions;
5. The termination date of the current agreement, if any;

6. The public employer's required budget submission date;

issues as economic or noneconomic within the meaning of N.J.S.A. 34:13A-16(f)(2); and

7. Whether the request is a joint request;

8. A detailed statement of the facts giving rise to the request, including all issues in dispute, identifying the

19:16-5.8 Stenographic record

A stenographic record shall not be a procedural requirement for the conduct of a hearing. However, any party shall have the right to a stenographic record taken of the arbitration proceeding. The arrangements for a stenographic record must be made by the requesting party after the appointment of the arbitrator. The cost of such record shall be paid by the party requesting it or divided equally between the parties if both make such a request. If a stenographic record is requested by either or both parties, the party or parties making the request shall provide at its/their cost a copy of a transcript to the arbitrator.

Amended by R.1996 d.365, effective October 21, 1996.
See: 28 N.J.R. 2801(a), 28 N.J.R. 4598(a).

19:16-5.9 Opinion and award

If the impasse is not otherwise resolved, the arbitrator or arbitrators shall decide the dispute and issue a written opinion and award within 120 days of the Director of Arbitration's assignment of that arbitrator. The arbitrator or panel of arbitrators, for good cause, may petition the Director of Arbitration for an extension of not more than 60 days. The arbitrator shall notify the parties in writing of such a petition and the Director shall notify the parties and the arbitrator in writing of whether the petition has been granted or denied. The two parties, by mutual consent, may agree to an extension. The parties shall notify the arbitrator and the Director of any such agreement in writing. The notice shall set forth the specific date on which the extension shall expire. Any arbitrator or panel of arbitrators violating the provisions of this section may be subject to suspension, removal or discipline under N.J.A.C. 19:16-5.6. The opinion and award shall be signed and based on a reasonable determination of the issues, giving due weight to those factors listed in N.J.S.A. 34:13A-16(g) which are judged relevant for the resolution of the specific dispute. In the award, the arbitrator or panel of arbitrators shall indicate which of the factors are deemed relevant, satisfactorily explain why the others are not relevant, and provide an analysis of the evidence on each relevant factor. The opinion and award shall set forth the reasons for the result reached. Copies of the opinion and award shall be submitted directly to the Director of Arbitration who will then serve the parties simultaneously.

Amended by R.1986 d.355, effective September 8, 1986.
See: 18 N.J.R. 1358(a), 18 N.J.R. 1839(a).

Deleted "as expeditiously as possible after the closing of hearing" and substituted "within 45 days after the filing of briefs"; also deleted served simultaneously on the parties of the commission" and substituted "submitted directly to . . . the parties simultaneously."

Amended by R.1996 d.240, effective May 20, 1996.

See: 28 N.J.R. 1493(a), 28 N.J.R. 2567(a).

Rewrote section.

Case Notes

Arbitrator's opinion. Hillsdale PBA Local 207 v. Borough of Hillsdale, 137 N.J. 71, 644 A.2d 564 (1994).

Deeming factor irrelevant in compulsory interest arbitration. Hillsdale PBA Local 207 v. Borough of Hillsdale, 137 N.J. 71, 644 A.2d 564 (1994).

Production of evidence on each statutory factor. Hillsdale PBA Local 207 v. Borough of Hillsdale, 137 N.J. 71, 644 A.2d 564 (1994).

"Financial impact on the governing unit, its residents and taxpayers;" does not equate with municipality's ability to pay. Hillsdale PBA Local 207 v. Borough of Hillsdale, 137 N.J. 71, 644 A.2d 564 (1994).

Consideration of wages and salaries in comparable areas of private employment. Hillsdale PBA Local 207 v. Borough of Hillsdale, 137 N.J. 71, 644 A.2d 564 (1994).

Vacating award. Hillsdale PBA Local 207 v. Borough of Hillsdale, 137 N.J. 71, 644 A.2d 564 (1994).

Borough should not have been required to show substantially detrimental result from adopting union's offer. Hillsdale PBA Local 207 v. Borough of Hillsdale, 263 N.J.Super. 163, 622 A.2d 872 (A.D.1993), certification granted 134 N.J. 478, 634 A.2d 525, affirmed in part, reversed in part 137 N.J. 71, 644 A.2d 564, affirmed as modified 137 N.J. 88, 644 A.2d 573.

Parties to public interest arbitration are required to submit evidence on all statutory factors. Hillsdale PBA Local 207 v. Borough of Hillsdale, 263 N.J.Super. 163, 622 A.2d 872 (A.D.1993), certification granted 134 N.J. 478, 634 A.2d 525, affirmed in part, reversed in part 137 N.J. 71, 644 A.2d 564, affirmed as modified 137 N.J. 88, 644 A.2d 573.

Comparison with police salary increases in other municipalities was not dispositive of comparison factor for public interest arbitration. Hillsdale PBA Local 207 v. Borough of Hillsdale, 263 N.J.Super. 163, 622 A.2d 872 (A.D.1993), certification granted 134 N.J. 478, 634 A.2d 525, affirmed in part, reversed in part 137 N.J. 71, 644 A.2d 564, affirmed as modified 137 N.J. 88, 644 A.2d 573.

Cost of living factor was relevant in police officer public interest arbitration. Hillsdale PBA Local 207 v. Borough of Hillsdale, 263 N.J.Super. 163, 622 A.2d 872 (A.D.1993), certification granted 134 N.J. 478, 634 A.2d 525, affirmed in part, reversed in part 137 N.J. 71, 644 A.2d 564, affirmed as modified 137 N.J. 88, 644 A.2d 573.

Arbitrators are required to give weight to the statutory factors in public sector arbitration. Hillsdale PBA Local 207 v. Borough of Hillsdale, 263 N.J.Super. 163, 622 A.2d 872 (A.D.1993), certification granted 134 N.J. 478, 634 A.2d 525, affirmed in part, reversed in part 137 N.J. 71, 644 A.2d 564, affirmed as modified 137 N.J. 88, 644 A.2d 573.

Arbitrators in public interest arbitrations are required to discuss relevant and irrelevant factors and provide analysis. Hillsdale PBA Local 207 v. Borough of Hillsdale, 263 N.J.Super. 163, 622 A.2d 872 (A.D.1993), certification granted 134 N.J. 478, 634 A.2d 525, affirmed in part, reversed in part 137 N.J. 71, 644 A.2d 564, affirmed as modified 137 N.J. 88, 644 A.2d 573.

Arbitrator was required to relate implication of arbitration award on other municipal budget items. Hillsdale PBA Local 207 v. Borough of Hillsdale, 263 N.J.Super. 163, 622 A.2d 872 (A.D.1993), certification granted 134 N.J. 478, 634 A.2d 525, affirmed in part, reversed in part 137 N.J. 71, 644 A.2d 564, affirmed as modified 137 N.J. 88, 644 A.2d 573.

Inadequacy of consideration of statutory factors warranted remand of public interest arbitration award. Hillsdale PBA Local 207 v. Borough of Hillsdale, 263 N.J.Super. 163, 622 A.2d 872 (A.D.1993), certification granted 134 N.J. 478, 634 A.2d 525, affirmed in part, reversed in part 137 N.J. 71, 644 A.2d 564, affirmed as modified 137 N.J. 88, 644 A.2d 573.

19:16-5.10 Code of Professional Responsibility for Arbitrators of Labor-Management Disputes

The arbitrator shall be guided by the objectives and principles set forth in the "Code of Professional Responsi-

bility for Arbitrators of Labor-Management Disputes” of the National Academy of Arbitrators, the American Arbitration Association, and the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service.

Amended by R.1996 d.365, effective October 21, 1996.
See: 28 N.J.R. 2801(a), 28 N.J.R. 4598(a).

19:16-5.11 Cost of arbitration

The costs of services performed by the arbitrator shall be borne equally by the parties in accordance with a fee schedule adopted by the Commission. Should the parties utilize an arbitration panel with an appointee of each of the parties, the cost involved in the participation of such appointee shall be paid by the party making such appointment.

19:16-5.12 Fees for filing and processing interest arbitration petitions

At the time a joint petition to initiate interest arbitration is filed pursuant to N.J.A.C. 19:16-5.2, each party shall pay a \$150.00 fee. If the petition is filed by one party only, then the petitioning party shall pay a \$150.00 fee upon filing the petition and the non-petitioning party shall pay a \$150.00 fee upon filing its response to the petition pursuant to N.J.A.C. 19:16-5.5. Fees shall be paid by checks made payable to the “State of New Jersey”; purchase orders may be submitted.

New Rule, R.1996 d.275, effective June 17, 1996.
See: 28 N.J.R. 1610(a), 28 N.J.R. 3174(a).

19:16-5.13 Fees for appealing and cross-appealing interest arbitration awards

At the time a party files a notice of appeal of an interest arbitration award with the Commission, the appealing party shall pay a \$135.00 fee. At the time a party files a notice of cross-appeal of an interest arbitration award with the Commission, the cross-appealing party shall pay a \$135.00 fee. Fees shall be paid by checks made payable to the “State of New Jersey”; purchase orders may be submitted.

New Rule, R.1996 d.275, effective June 17, 1996.
See: 28 N.J.R. 1610(a), 28 N.J.R. 3174(a).

19:16-5.14 Comparability guidelines

(a) N.J.S.A. 34:13A-16g identifies eight factors that an interest arbitrator must consider in reviewing the parties’ proposals. The arbitrator must indicate which of the factors listed in that subsection are deemed relevant; satisfactorily explain why the others are not relevant; and provide an analysis of the evidence on each relevant factor. N.J.S.A. 34:13A-16g(2)(c) lists as a factor “public employment in the same or similar comparable jurisdictions. . . .” Subsection a of section 5 of P.L. 1995, c.425 requires that the Commission promulgate guidelines for determining the comparability of jurisdictions for the purposes of paragraph (2)(c) of subsection g.

(b) The guidelines set forth in (c) and (d) below are intended to assist the parties and the arbitrator in focusing on the types of evidence that may support comparability arguments. The guidelines are intended to be instructive but not exhaustive. The arbitrator shall consider any and all evidence submitted pursuant to the comparability guidelines and shall apply these guidelines in addressing the comparability criterion.

1. The Public Employment Relations Commission recognizes that the extent to which a party to an arbitration proceeding asserts that comparisons to public employment in the same or similar comparable jurisdictions are relevant to that proceeding is a matter to be determined by that party. The Commission also recognizes that it is the responsibility of each party to submit evidence and argument with respect to the weight to be accorded any such evidence.

2. The Commission further recognizes that it is the arbitrator’s responsibility to consider all the evidence submitted and to determine the weight of any evidence submitted based upon the guidelines in (c) and (d) below and to determine the relevance or lack of relevance of comparability in relationship to all eight factors set forth in N.J.S.A. 34:13A-16g. Promulgation of these guidelines is not intended to require that any party submit evidence on all or any of the elements set forth in (c) and (d) below or assert that the comparability factor should or should not be deemed relevant or accorded any particular weight in any arbitration proceeding. Nothing in this section shall preclude the arbitrator from supplementing the factual record by issuing subpoenas to require the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents. Nor does anything in this section prevent the arbitrator from requesting the parties to supplement their presentations in connection with this factor or any other factor set forth in the law.

(c) The following are comparability considerations within the same jurisdiction:

1. Wages, salaries, hours and conditions of employment of law enforcement officers and firefighters;
2. Wages, salaries, hours and conditions of employment of non-uniformed employees in negotiations units;
3. Wages, salaries, hours and conditions of employment of employees not in negotiations units;
4. History of negotiations:
 - i. Relationships concerning wages, salaries, hours and conditions of employment of employees in police and fire units; and
 - ii. History of differentials between uniformed and non-uniformed employees;
5. Pattern of salary and benefit changes; and

5. Formal educational attainments, teaching positions, and professional publications demonstrating knowledge of labor relations, governmental and fiscal principles relevant to dispute settlement and interest arbitration proceedings.

i. This consideration simply augments the considerations in (c)1 through 3 above.

6. Other labor relations, arbitration, governmental or fiscal experience.

i. This consideration simply augments the considerations in (c)1 through 3 above.

(d) Every applicant shall complete an application form prepared by the Director of Conciliation and Arbitration. That form is designed to solicit information concerning the foregoing requirements and considerations. The form also allows an applicant the opportunity to submit any other information he or she deems relevant. The Director shall review all applications and make a recommendation to the Commission regarding each one within 60 days. The Commission shall notify an applicant in writing of any action taken upon an application.

(e) In addition to the requirements and considerations listed in (c) above, an applicant seeking reappointment shall have demonstrated successful service during the terms of his or her previous appointments to the special panel, as measured by:

1. The issuance of well-reasoned, legally sound, and timely awards;

2. Compliance with statutory standards and deadlines; case law requirements; agency regulations, rules, policies, administrative memoranda, and reporting procedures; and

3. Any other applicable requirements.

(f) An applicant for reappointment shall also have abided by the Code of Professional Responsibility for Interest Arbitrators adopted by the New Jersey Public Employment Relations Commission; the Code of Professional Responsibility for Arbitrators of Labor-Management Disputes adopted by the National Academy of Arbitrators, American Arbitration Association, and Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service; and the Code of Professional Conduct for Labor Mediators adopted by the Association of Labor Relations Agencies and the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service. An applicant for reappointment shall also have attended the Commission's continuing education programs, as directed, per N.J.S.A. 34:13A-16.1.

(g) Satisfying one or more of the considerations listed in (c) above does not necessarily qualify an applicant for appointment or reappointment to the special panel. An appointment or reappointment depends upon the Commission's overall expert assessment of an applicant's ability to

handle the most complex and demanding interest arbitration assignments.

(h) No applicant shall be appointed to the panel who, in the three years prior to the application date, has:

1. Served as an advocate for labor or management in the public or private sector;

2. Been elected or appointed to a political office or a governing body; or

3. Has served in a partisan political capacity.

New Rule, R.1997 d.152, effective April 7, 1997.
See: 29 N.J.R. 105(a), 29 N.J.R. 1399(a).

19:16-5.16 Suspension, removal or discipline of members of the special panel

(a) Pursuant to N.J.S.A. 34:13A-16(e), this section provides a procedure to be followed by the Commission in deciding whether to suspend, remove, or otherwise discipline an arbitrator during his or her three-year term.

(b) If it appears that suspension, removal, or discipline may be warranted, the Director of Conciliation and Arbitration shall provide a written statement to the arbitrator specifying the reasons for the action being considered. The arbitrator shall have an opportunity to submit a prompt written response to the Director. The arbitrator shall also be given an opportunity to meet with the Director to discuss the matter.

(c) If a suspension or removal is being contemplated, if the arbitrator requests a hearing, and if it appears to the Director that substantial and material facts are in dispute, the Director may designate a hearing officer to conduct a hearing and make findings of fact.

(d) The Director may temporarily suspend an arbitrator from the panel pending any hearing.

(e) After receiving the arbitrator's response, meeting with the arbitrator, and considering the facts found at any hearing, the Director may decide to reprimand, suspend, or remove an arbitrator or may decide that no action is warranted. The Director shall send a written decision to the arbitrator.

(f) Within 14 days of receiving the Director's decision, an arbitrator may file a written appeal of that decision with the Commission. Such appeal shall specify the grounds for disagreeing with the Director's decision.

(g) A temporary suspension may be continued pending that appeal.

(h) The Commission or its designee may sustain, modify, or reverse the action taken by the Director and shall provide the arbitrator with a written statement explaining the basis for that decision.

New Rule, R.1997 d.152, effective April 7, 1997.
See: 29 N.J.R. 105(a), 29 N.J.R. 1399(a).

SUBCHAPTER 6. DETERMINATION OF DISPUTES OVER ISSUE DEFINITION

19:16-6.1 Purpose of procedure

The purpose of this subchapter is to provide an expeditious procedure for the resolution of disputes as to whether an issue is an economic or a noneconomic issue as defined in N.J.S.A. 34:13A-16(f)(2).

19:16-6.2 Procedure

(a) Whenever there is a dispute between the parties as to whether an issue is an economic or a noneconomic issue, either party or the parties jointly may file with the Commission a petition for issue definition determination. A blank form for filing a request for issue definition will be supplied upon request. Address requests to: Public Employment Relations Commission, CN 429, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0429.

(b) An original and four copies of such a petition together with proof of service upon the other party shall be filed with the Commission and shall be signed and dated and shall contain the following information:

1. The name and address of the public employer that is a party to the collective negotiations; the name, address, telephone number, and title of its representative to be contacted; and the name, address and telephone number of any attorney/consultant representing the public employer;

2. The name and address of the exclusive representative that is a party to the collective negotiations; the name, address, telephone number, and title of its representative to be contacted; and the name, address and telephone number of any attorney/consultant representing the exclusive representative;

3. A description of the collective negotiations unit, including the approximate number of employees in the unit;

4. A listing of the item or items on which there is a dispute as to the definition of the issue or issues as economic or noneconomic issues.

5. A brief or statement in lieu of brief indicating the arguments relied upon to support the definition of the disputed issue or issues favored by the party filing the petition.

6. A list of any other actions before the Commission or any other administrative agency, arbitrator or court which the petitioner(s) knows about and which involve the same or similar issues;

7. Whether the request is a joint request.

(c) The party opposing the definition of the disputed issue or issues set forth in the petition may submit to the Commission within 10 days of receipt of the petition its position with respect to each disputed issue or issues, together with a brief or statement in lieu of brief to support its position. Failure to submit such a response shall be deemed to indicate acceptance of the issue definition advanced by the petitioner. A copy of the response must be served on the petitioner and proof of such service must be filed with the Commission.

(d) The parties may jointly submit a petition for issue definition determination along with their briefs or statements in lieu of briefs.

(e) To expedite the resolution of a petition for issue definition determination, determinations pursuant to this proceeding normally will be made on the basis of written submissions without a hearing. However, a hearing may be requested by one or both of the parties or the Chairman or such other Commission designee. A request for a hearing shall be made in writing and shall be submitted no later than five days after receipt of the position of the party opposing the definition of the disputed issue or issues set forth in the petition. Failure to submit such a request shall be deemed to constitute a waiver of the right to a hearing. A request for a hearing shall not be used for the purposes of delay.

(f) Based upon the parties' submissions, the Chairman or other such Commission designee shall render a written determination which classifies the disputed issue or issues as economic or noneconomic issues as defined in N.J.S.A. 34:13A-16(f)2.

(g) Determination pursuant to this subchapter shall not be reviewable in any proceeding before this Commission.

Amended by R.1986 d.355, effective September 8, 1986.
See: 18 N.J.R. 1358(a), 18 N.J.R. 1839(a).
Amended by R.1996 d.365, effective October 21, 1996.
See: 28 N.J.R. 2801(a), 28 N.J.R. 4598(a).

SUBCHAPTER 7. FAILURE TO SUBMIT A NOTICE OR OTHER DOCUMENT

19:16-7.1 Failure to submit a notice or other document

The failure to submit any notification, petition, statement or other document as set forth in these rules shall not provide the basis for any delay in these proceedings, nor shall it otherwise prevent or preclude the resolution of a dispute through compulsory interest arbitration pursuant to this chapter.

SUBCHAPTER 8. APPEALS

19:16-8.1 Appeals and cross-appeals

(a) Within 14 days after receiving an award forwarded by the Director of Arbitration, an aggrieved party may file an original and nine copies of a notice of appeal to the Commission.

1. The notice shall specify each alleged failure of the arbitrator to apply the criteria specified in N.J.S.A. 34:13A-16g and each alleged violation of the standards set forth in N.J.S.A. 2A:24-8 or 2A:24-9.

2. If a stenographic record of the hearing was prepared, the appellant shall provide a copy of the transcript to the Commission.

3. Filings shall be accompanied by proof of service of a copy on the other party.

4. The appellant shall also file a copy of the notice on the arbitrator.

5. Within 14 days after filing a notice of appeal, the appellant shall file an original and nine copies of a brief in support of the appeal, together with proof of service of a copy on the other party. The appellant shall simultaneously file an original and nine copies of an appendix containing those parts of the record the appellant considers necessary to the proper consideration of the issues, including such parts as the appellant should reasonably assume will be relied upon by the respondent in meeting the issues raised.

(b) Within seven days after the service of an appeal, the respondent may file a notice of cross-appeal to the Commission.

1. The notice shall specify each alleged failure of the arbitrator to apply the criteria specified in N.J.S.A. 34:13A-16g and each alleged violation of the standards set forth in N.J.S.A. 2A:24-8 or 2A:24-9.

2. Filings shall be accompanied by proof of service of a copy on the other party.

3. The cross-appellant shall also file a copy of the notice of cross-appeal on the arbitrator.

4. Within 14 days after filing a notice of cross-appeal, the cross-appellant shall file an original and nine copies of a brief in support of the cross-appeal and in response to the appeal, together with proof of service of a copy on the other party. The respondent/cross-appellant may also file

an original and nine copies of an appendix containing those parts of the record not included in the appellant's appendix that the respondent/cross-appellant considers necessary to the proper consideration of the issues.

(c) Where no cross-appeal is being filed, within seven days after the service of a brief in support of the appeal, the respondent shall file an original and nine copies of an answering brief limited to the issues raised in the appeal and the brief in support of the appeal. The respondent may also file an original and nine copies of an appendix containing those parts of the record not included in the appellant's appendix that the respondent considers necessary to the proper consideration of the issues. Filings shall be accompanied by proof of service of a copy on the other party.

(d) Where a cross-appeal has been filed, within seven days after the service of the brief in support of the cross-appeal, the appellant/cross-respondent may file an original and nine copies of an answering brief limited to the issues raised in the cross-appeal and the brief in support of the cross-appeal. The appellant/cross-respondent may also file an appendix containing those parts of the record not included in any earlier appendix that the appellant/cross-respondent considers necessary to the proper consideration of the issues raised in the cross-appeal. Filing shall be accompanied by the proof of service of a copy on the other party.

(e) No further briefs shall be filed except by leave of the Commission. A request for leave shall be in writing, accompanied by proof of service of a copy on the other party.

19:16-8.2 Oral argument

Any request for oral argument before the Commission shall be in writing on a separate piece of paper and shall be filed simultaneously with the appeal or cross-appeal, together with proof of service of a copy on the other party. The Commission shall notify the parties if the request for oral argument is granted and of the time and place of any oral argument.

19:16-8.3 Action by the Commission

The Commission may affirm, modify, correct or vacate the award or may, at its discretion, remand the award to the same arbitrator or to another arbitrator for reconsideration. If the parties are unable to agree upon a replacement arbitrator within 10 days of the remand order, the arbitrator shall be selected by lot.