

Apprehension of Police Training Commission about possible consequences of an injury to police trainee who had limited vision in his right eye did not constitute good cause for trainee's dismissal. *Greenwood v. State Police Training Center*, 127 N.J. 500, 606 A.2d 336 (1992).

Police Training Commission did not have good cause to dismiss trainee who had limited vision in his right eye from police training program. *Greenwood v. State Police Training Center*, 127 N.J. 500, 606 A.2d 336 (1992).

Police recruit's positive drug test justifies dismissal. *Marshall v. Newark Police Academy*, 97 N.J.A.R.2d (PTC) 11.

Inadequate drug analysis precludes recruit's dismissal from police academy. *DeLiso v. Middlesex County Police Academy*, 97 N.J.A.R.2d (PTC) 5.

Failure to follow urine testing guidelines; positive drug result not basis for trainee dismissal. *Oslovich v. Essex County Police Training Academy*, 93 N.J.A.R.2d (PTC) 48.

No proof that failure in firearms qualification course was result of instructors' interference; trainee dismissed. *Glover v. Passaic County Police Academy*, 93 N.J.A.R.2d (PTC) 43.

Failure to achieve required score on Use of Force examination; trainee dismissed. *Spivey v. Paterson Police Academy*, 93 N.J.A.R.2d (PTC) 40.

Firearms test failure not result of gender discrimination; trainee dismissed. *Sierchio v. Essex County Police Training Academy*, 93 N.J.A.R.2d (PTC) 37.

Failure to fully participate in physical conditioning program; dismissal from county police and fire academy warranted. *Schmeltz v. Bergen County Police and Fire Academy*, 93 N.J.A.R.2d (PTC) 15.

Record established chain-of-custody of urine sample testing positive for drug; juvenile detention officer dismissed from correction officers training academy. *Dye v. Correction Officers Training Academy*, 93 N.J.A.R.2d (PTC) 4.

Handgun qualification course failed; recruit dismissed. *Tillander v. Monmouth County Police Academy*, 93 N.J.A.R.2d (PTC) 1.

Reinstatement of police officer to police training academy program was appropriate remedy. *Geib v. Township of Jefferson Police Department*, 92 N.J.A.R.2d (CSV) 233.

Positive drug test and insubordination; dismissal from police academy and college police officer position. *Holmes v. Passaic County Police Academy and William Paterson College*, 92 N.J.A.R.2d (PTC) 13.

Positive drug test; dismissal of recruit/candidate; no jurisdiction to determine time period recruit/candidate barred from law enforcement positions. *Miranda v. Jersey City Police Academy*, 92 N.J.A.R.2d (PTC) 9.

Positive drug test; trainee dismissed. *Jackson v. Correction Officers Training Academy*, 92 N.J.A.R.2d (PTC) 6.

Trainee's failure to refund money deposited by classmates for class dinner constituted conduct unbecoming; suspension. *Rutledge v. Ocean County Police Academy*, 92 N.J.A.R.2d (PTC) 1.

1. With respect to police officers as defined by this chapter, the appointing authority has complied with the provisions of N.J.S.A. 52:17B-68.1 and 69 and 18A:6-4.4 including, but not limited to, the following:

i. The individual has received a probationary appointment; and

ii. The individual has been granted a leave of absence with pay during the period of the police training course;

2. With respect to special law enforcement officers, the local unit has complied with the provisions of N.J.S.A. 40A:14-146.8 et seq. concerning the appointment of the individual;

3. The employing law enforcement agency has fingerprinted the individual and sent copies of the fingerprints to the Division of State Police and the Federal Bureau of Investigation in order to ascertain whether the individual has been convicted of an offense which would disqualify him or her from appointment as a police officer. The results obtained from the Division of State Police and the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall be made known to the appointing authority;

4. The employing law enforcement agency has conducted a pre-employment or background investigation of the individual to ascertain his or her character, fitness and eligibility to be permanently appointed as a police officer. The results of the pre-employment or background investigation shall be made known to the appointing authority; and

5. The individual has undergone a medical examination by a licensed physician to determine if the individual is medically fit to undergo training. The physician shall state, on a form prescribed by the Commission, whether the individual is medically fit to undergo the training for which the individual is enrolled.

Amended by R.1998 d.330, effective July 6, 1998.

See: 30 N.J.R. 1182(a), 30 N.J.R. 2506(a).

Rewrote the section.

Administrative change.

See: 31 N.J.R. 880(a).

Amended by R.2004 d.4, effective January 5, 2004.

See: 35 N.J.R. 2806(a), 36 N.J.R. 197(a).

In (a), deleted 6.

#### Case Notes

Initial Decision (2005 N.J. AGEN LEXIS 701) adopted, which modified the removal of a probationary county correction officer who was unable to complete the mandatory police training course for medical reasons to a resignation in good standing. The fact that the county did not send the employee to the Police Academy within one year of hire as required by N.J.S.A. 52:17B-68.1(b) did not automatically give her permanent status and such a contention was in any event within the exclusive jurisdiction of the Police Training Commission. In re Raymond, OAL Dkt. No. CSV 1224-05, 2006 N.J. AGEN LEXIS 205. Final Decision (February 8, 2006).

Dismissal of correction officer recruit was justified; unfit to attend training. *Jarmond v. East Jersey State Prison*, 93 N.J.A.R.2d (CSV) 584.

## SUBCHAPTER 8. RESPONSIBILITIES OF LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES AND OTHER AGENCIES

### 13:1-8.1 Certification required prior to acceptance of trainees into a basic course

(a) Prior to the acceptance of a trainee into a basic course, the chief police officer or chief executive officer of the employing law enforcement agency shall certify by completing a trainee record card issued by the Commission that:

**13:1-8.2 Notification to school director**

An appropriate official from the employing law enforcement agency seeking to enroll an individual in a Basic Course shall notify the school director in writing, 10 days prior to the commencement of the course, that the agency has complied with its responsibilities as provided in this subchapter. In the event an agency is unable to comply with this section, the agency shall forward a written request to the Commission for an extension of time and shall indicate the reason(s) for the request. Failure to comply with respect to this notification may result in the affected individual being denied admittance into the basic course.

**13:1-8.3 Other agencies**

Individuals who are not police officers may enroll in a Basic Course or other courses when so approved in advance by the Commission and in compliance with N.J.A.C. 13:1-8.1 and 8.2.

**13:1-8.4 Waivers**

(a) The Commission may, in its discretion, waive all or portions of any required training for an individual who has successfully completed a course conducted by any Federal, State or other public or private agency which is substantially equivalent to the Commission course.

(b) A request to waive training shall be submitted by the appointing authority to the Commission on a form prescribed by the Commission together with official documentation from the institution where the training was obtained.

(c) In order to maintain uniformity, the Commission shall, from time to time consistent with existing law, establish criteria for granting a waiver of training by the Commission staff. These criteria shall be available at any time to an appointing authority upon request.

(d) Commission staff shall inform employing agencies of the requirements necessary for a waiver of training.

Amended by R.1993 d.325, effective July 6, 1993.

See: 25 N.J.R. 1336(a), 25 N.J.R. 2897(a).

Amended by R.1998 d.330, effective July 6, 1998.

See: 30 N.J.R. 1182(a), 30 N.J.R. 2506(a).

Rewrote (d).

**SUBCHAPTER 9. APPEALS****13:1-9.1 Notice of appeal**

All appeals to the Commission shall be by a notice of appeal to the Commission Chairman setting forth the subject matter of the appeal, the relief sought and the grounds therefor.

**13:1-9.2 Service of notice**

The appellant shall serve a copy of the notice of appeal upon the respondent. The notice of appeal, together with proof

of service, shall be filed with the Commission Chairman within 30 days from the date of the action appealed.

**13:1-9.3 Answer**

Within 10 days after service of the notice the respondent shall file an answer with the Commission Chairman and serve a copy thereof on each of the parties to the appeal. The answer filed by the respondent shall include a statement of the grounds for its action.

**13:1-9.4 Notice of hearing**

Upon the filing of the notice and petition of appeal, at least five days' notice of the time and place fixed for the hearing of the appeal by the Commission shall be given to the parties. If the matter constitutes a contested case, the Commission may refer the appeal to the Office of Administrative Law for a hearing in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act, N.J.S.A. 52:14B-1 et seq. and the Uniform Administrative Procedure Rules, N.J.A.C. 1:1.

**13:1-9.5 Conduct of hearing**

All hearings held pursuant to this subchapter shall be conducted in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act, N.J.S.A. 52:14B-1 et seq., and the Uniform Administrative Procedure Rules, N.J.A.C. 1:1.

**13:1-9.6 Enrollment of trainees previously dismissed from a Commission-approved course**

(a) No trainee who has been dismissed from a Commission-approved course for a positive drug screen may be enrolled in another Commission-approved course without the Commission's permission. The decision to allow a trainee to enroll following positive drug screen shall be made by the Commission on a case-by-case basis.

(b) No trainee who has been dismissed from a Commission-approved course for misconduct, failure to successfully complete use of force training, firearms training, defensive tactics training, the physical conditioning training program or for a positive drug screen and has an appeal of that dismissal pending before the Commission may be enrolled in another Commission-approved course without the Commission's permission. The decision to allow a trainee to enroll under this subsection shall be made by the Commission on a case-by-case basis.

(c) Enrollment in a Commission-approved course shall be denied by the Commission to any trainee who has been previously dismissed from a Commission-approved course and whose presence the Commission has reasonable cause to believe:

1. Will disrupt the training process and/or classroom order; or
2. Will have a negative impact on the health, safety or welfare of other trainees enrolled in the course.

New Rule, R.1998 d.330, effective July 6, 1998.

See: 30 N.J.R. 1182(a), 30 N.J.R. 2506(a).