

CHAPTER 60**PREVAILING WAGES FOR PUBLIC WORKS****Authority**

N.J.S.A. 34:11-56.25 et seq., specifically 34:11-56.43.

Source and Effective Date

R.1993 d.164, effective March 19, 1993.
See: 25 N.J.R. 453(a), 25 N.J.R. 1771(a).

Executive Order No. 66(1978) Expiration Date

Chapter 60, Prevailing Wage for Public Works, expires on March 19, 1998.

Chapter Historical Note

Chapter 60, originally Prevailing Wage Rate Determinations, was filed and became effective prior to September 1, 1969. Subsequent prevailing wage rate determinations for construction workers on public works projects were filed, but not reproduced in Chapter 60. Those filings were: R.1973 d.61, filed March 7, 1973. See: 5 N.J.R. 114(b). R.1973 d.330, filed November 26, 1973. See: 6 N.J.R. 16(b). R.1974 d.223, filed August 14, 1974. See: 6 N.J.R. 352(a). R.1975 d.323, filed October 28, 1975. See: 7 N.J.R. 569(b). R.1976 d.301, filed September 23, 1976. See: 8 N.J.R. 517(b). R.1977 d.383, filed October 11, 1977. See: 9 N.J.R. 537(a). R.1978 d.377, filed October 24, 1978. See: 10 N.J.R. 553(c). R.1979 d.370, filed September 19, 1979. See: 11 N.J.R. 561(a). R.1980 d.410, filed September 24, 1980. See: 12 N.J.R. 666(b).

Chapter 60, Prevailing Wages for Public Works (Subchapters 1 through 5), was adopted as R.1988 d.113, effective March 21, 1988. See: 19 N.J.R. 345(b), 20 N.J.R. 664(a). Subchapter 6, Inspection of Records, was adopted as R.1988 d.398, effective August 15, 1988. See: 20 N.J.R. 1164(a), 20 N.J.R. 2064(a). Subchapter 7, Criteria for Determining Apprentice to Journeyman Ratio, was adopted as R.1988 d.399, effective August 15, 1988. See: 20 N.J.R. 1164(b), 20 N.J.R. 2064(b). Subchapter 8, Debarment from Contracting, was adopted as R.1989 d.23, effective January 3, 1989. See: 20 N.J.R. 2520(a), 21 N.J.R. 21(b). Subchapter 9, Violations, Penalties, and Fees, was adopted as R.1991 d.611, effective December 16, 1991. See: 23 N.J.R. 2945(b), 23 N.J.R. 3812(a).

Pursuant to Executive Order No. 66(1978), Chapter 60 was readopted as R.1993 d.164. See: Source and Effective Date. See, also, section annotations for specific rulemaking activity.

CHAPTER TABLE OF CONTENTS**SUBCHAPTER 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS**

- 12:60-1.1 Title and citation
- 12:60-1.2 Authority
- 12:60-1.3 Purpose
- 12:60-1.4 Scope
- 12:60-1.5 Documents referred to by reference
- 12:60-1.6 Validity

SUBCHAPTER 2. DEFINITIONS

- 12:60-2.1 Definitions

SUBCHAPTER 3. CATEGORIES OF CRAFTS, TRADES OR CLASSES OF WORKMEN

- 12:60-3.1 Scope of subchapter

- 12:60-3.2 List of crafts, trades or classes of workmen
- 12:60-3.3 Classification of tasks for painters
- 12:60-3.4 Classification of tasks for operating engineers
- 12:60-3.5 Classification of tasks for drillers
- 12:60-3.6 Classification of tasks for dredging operators
- 12:60-3.7 Classification of tasks for heavy and general laborers
- 12:60-3.8 Classification of tasks for asphalt laborers
- 12:60-3.9 Classification of tasks for truck drivers

SUBCHAPTER 4. CRITERIA FOR ESTABLISHMENT OF CRAFTS, TRADES OR CLASSES OF WORKMEN

- 12:60-4.1 Scope of subchapter
- 12:60-4.2 Criteria for establishment

SUBCHAPTER 5. STANDARDS AND PUBLICATIONS REFERRED TO IN THIS CHAPTER

- 12:60-5.1 Documents referred to by reference
- 12:60-5.2 Availability of documents for inspection
- 12:60-5.3 Availability of documents from issuing organization

SUBCHAPTER 6. INSPECTION OF RECORDS

- 12:60-6.1 Inspections

SUBCHAPTER 7. CRITERIA FOR DETERMINING APPRENTICE TO JOURNEYMAN RATIO

- 12:60-7.1 Definitions
- 12:60-7.2 Responsibilities of contractors and subcontractors
- 12:60-7.3 Ratio of apprentices to journeymen
- 12:60-7.4 Correction of wage rate

SUBCHAPTER 8. DEBARMENT FROM CONTRACTING

- 12:60-8.1 Purpose and scope
- 12:60-8.2 Definitions
- 12:60-8.3 Conditions of debarment
- 12:60-8.4 Notification of debarment
- 12:60-8.5 Lists

SUBCHAPTER 9. VIOLATIONS, PENALTIES, AND FEES

- 12:60-9.1 Purpose; scope
- 12:60-9.2 Violations of the Act
- 12:60-9.3 Administrative penalties
- 12:60-9.4 Administrative fees
- 12:60-9.5 Hearings
- 12:60-9.6 Discharge or discrimination against employee making complaint

APPENDIX A**SUBCHAPTER 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS****12:60-1.1 Title and citation**

This chapter shall be known and may be cited as N.J.A.C. 12:60, Prevailing Wages for Public Works.

12:60-1.2 Authority

These rules are promulgated pursuant to the authority of the New Jersey Prevailing Wage Act, N.J.S.A. 34:11-56.25 et seq.

12:60-1.3 Purpose

(a) The purpose of this chapter is to:

1. List each and every craft, trade, or class of workmen employed on public works in each of the 21 counties of the State; and
2. List the criteria to be used when an issue regarding the establishment of a craft, trade or class of workmen arises.

12:60-1.4 Scope

(a) This chapter shall implement the Act by listing by name each craft, trade or class of workmen utilized in the various counties of the State; and

(b) This chapter shall apply to every contract in excess of \$2,000 awarded by a public body and to every subcontract pursuant to said contract.

12:60-1.5 Documents referred to by reference

The availability of standards and publications referred to in this chapter is explained in N.J.A.C. 12:60-6.

12:60-1.6 Validity

Should any section, paragraph, sentence or word of this chapter be declared for any reason to be invalid, such decision shall not affect the remaining portions of this chapter.

SUBCHAPTER 2. DEFINITIONS
12:60-2.1 Definitions

The following words and terms, when used in this chapter, shall have the following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

“Act” means the New Jersey Prevailing Wage Act, N.J.S.A. 34:11-56.25 et seq.

“Certified payroll record” means a payroll record which is attested to by the employer, or the owner of the company doing business as the employer, or a corporate officer of such company, or an authorized agent of the employer.

“Commissioner” means the Commissioner of Labor, or his duly authorized designee.

“Department” means the Department of Labor.

“Division of Workplace Standards” means the Division of Workplace Standards, New Jersey Department of Labor, CN 054, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0054.

“Employer” means any natural person, company, firm, subcontractor or other entity engaged in public work.

“Locality” means any political subdivision of the State, combination of the same or parts thereof, or any geographical area or areas classified, designated and fixed by the commissioner from time to time, provided that in determining the “locality” the commissioner shall be guided by the boundary lines of political subdivisions or parts thereof, or by a consideration of the areas with respect to which it has been the practice of employers of particular crafts or trades to engage in collective bargaining with the representatives of workmen in such craft or trade.

“N.J.A.C.” means the New Jersey Administrative Code.

“N.J.S.A.” means the New Jersey Statutes Annotated.

“Office of Wage and Hour Compliance” means the Office of Wage and Hour Compliance of the Division of Workplace Standards, New Jersey Department of Labor, CN 389, Trenton, N.J. 08625-0389.

“Payroll record” means a form satisfactory to the Commissioner, wherein is shown employee information such as name, address, social security number, craft or trade, together with actual hourly rate of pay, actual daily, overtime and weekly hours worked in each craft or trade, gross pay, itemized deductions, and net pay paid to the employee; such record shall also include:

1. Any fringe benefits paid to approved plans, funds or programs on behalf of the employee; and
2. Fringe benefits paid in cash to the employee.

“Persons” means any natural person, company, firm, association, corporation, contractor, subcontractor or other entity engaged in public work.

“Prevailing wage” means the wage rate paid by virtue of collective bargaining agreements by employers employing a majority of workmen of that craft or trade subject to said collective bargaining agreements, in the locality in which the public work is done.

“Public body” means the State of New Jersey, any of its political subdivisions, any authority created by the Legislature of the State of New Jersey and any instrumentality or agency of the State of New Jersey or of any of its political subdivisions.

“Public work” means construction, reconstruction, demolition, alteration, or repair work, or maintenance work, including painting and decorating, done under contract and paid for in whole or in part out of the funds of a public body, except work performed under a rehabilitation program. “Public work” shall also mean construction, reconstruction, demolition, alteration, or repair work, done on any property or premises, whether or not the work is paid for from public funds, if, at the time of the entering into of the contract:

1. Not less than 55 percent of the property or premises is leased by a public body, or is subject to an agreement to be subsequently leased by the public body; and

2. The portion of the property or premises that is leased or subject to an agreement to be subsequently leased by the public body measures more than 20,000 square feet.

Amended by R.1992 d.94, effective February 18, 1992.

See: 23 N.J.R. 2945(a), 24 N.J.R. 622(b).

Added definitions "Certified payroll record" and "payroll record"; revised "public work".

SUBCHAPTER 3. CATEGORIES OF CRAFTS, TRADES OR CLASSES OF WORKMEN

12:60-3.1 Scope of subchapter

This subchapter shall apply to crafts, trades or classes of workmen which are utilized on public work construction contracts governed by the New Jersey Prevailing Wage Act.

12:60-3.2 List of crafts, trades or classes of workmen

(a) Listed below are those crafts, trades or classes of workmen established by the Commissioner in all counties, except as otherwise noted, which shall be paid prevailing wages on public works construction contracts governed by the New Jersey Prevailing Wage Act.

1. Air conditioning worker, refrigeration worker: journeyman or apprentice.

2. Asbestos worker, heat insulator, frost insulator: journeyman, foreman, or apprentice.

3. Boilermaker: journeyman, foreman, helper, or apprentice.

4. Bricklayer, stonemason: journeyman, foreman, or apprentice.

5. Building laborer: journeyman or foreman.

6. Carpenter: journeyman, foreman, or apprentice.

7. Carpenter of resilient flooring: journeyman, foreman, or apprentice. Applies in all counties except Atlantic, Camden, Cape May, Cumberland, Gloucester, and Salem counties.

8. Cement mason, cement finisher: journeyman, foreman, or apprentice.

9. Diver, diver tender.

10. Dock builder, pile-driver: journeyman, foreman, or apprentice.

11. Dock builder creosote, pile driver creosote: journeyman, foreman, or apprentice.

12. Drywall finisher: journeyman, foreman, or apprentice.

13. Electrician: journeyman, foreman, or apprentice.

14. Elevator constructor: journeyman, foreman, helper, or apprentice.

15. Glazier: journeyman, foreman, or apprentice.

16. Ironworker: journeyman, foreman, or apprentice.

17. Lineman: journeyman, foreman, or apprentice. Applies in Atlantic and Cape May counties only.

18. Lather: journeyman, foreman, or apprentice.

19. Marble setter: journeyman, foreman, or apprentice.

20. Millwright: journeyman or foreman. Applies in all counties except Mercer county.

21. Painter: journeyman, foreman, or apprentice. See N.J.A.C. 12:60-3.3 for classification of tasks.

22. Pipefitter: journeyman, foreman, or apprentice.

23. Plasterer: journeyman, foreman, or apprentice.

24. Plumber: journeyman, foreman, or apprentice.

25. Roofer: journeyman, foreman, helper or apprentice.

26. Roofer shingle, slate and tile: journeyman, foreman, or helper.

27. Sheet metal worker: journeyman, foreman, or apprentice.

28. Sprinkler fitter: journeyman, foreman, or apprentice.

29. Tile setter: journeyman, foreman, or apprentice.

30. Tile setter helper.

31. Welder.

32. Operating engineer. See N.J.A.C. 12:60-3.4 for classification of tasks.

33. Driller. See N.J.A.C. 12:60-3.5 for classification of tasks.

34. Dredging operator. See N.J.A.C. 12:60-3.6 for classification of tasks.

35. Heavy and general laborer. See N.J.A.C. 12:60-3.7 for classification of tasks.

36. Asphalt laborer. See N.J.A.C. 12:60-3.8 for classification of tasks.

37. Truck driver. See N.J.A.C. 12:60-3.9 for classification of tasks.

Petition to Rulemaking: request to include telephone workers.
See: 23 N.J.R. 3181(b), 23 N.J.R. 3659(b), 24 N.J.R. 306(a).

12:60-3.3 Classification of tasks for painters

(a) Painters shall be classified in all counties, except as otherwise noted below, into various tasks in accordance with the prevailing collective bargaining agreements as follows:

1. Painter.
2. Structural steel and spray painter.
3. Bridge viaduct and other appurtenances painter.
4. Repaint painter. Applies in Atlantic, Bergen, Cape May, Cumberland, Essex, Hudson, Hunterdon, Mercer, Morris, Passaic, Somerset, Sussex, Union and Warren counties.
5. Repaint painter on bridge, viaduct and other appurtenances. Applies only in Atlantic, Bergen and Cape May counties.
6. Traffic marking painter.

12:60-3.4 Classification of tasks for operating engineers

(a) Operating engineers shall be classified in all counties into various tasks in accordance with the prevailing collective bargaining agreement as follows:

1. A-frame operating engineer.
2. Aerial platform operating engineer.
3. Assistant engineer, oiler.
4. Asphalt curbing machine operating engineer.
5. Asphalt plant engineer.
6. Asphalt spreader operating engineer.
7. Autograde combination subgrader, base material spreader, base trimmer operating engineer.
8. Autograde pavement profiler operating engineer.
9. Autograde pavement profiler, recycle type, operating engineer.
10. Autograde placer-trimmer, spreader combination operating engineer.
11. Autograde slipform paver operating engineer.
12. Autograde curecrete machine operating engineer.
13. Autograde tube finisher, texturing machine operating engineer.
14. Autograde curb trimmer, sidewalk, shoulder, slipform, operating engineer.
15. Backhoe operating engineer.
16. Backhoe, combination operating engineer.
17. Bar bending machine, power operating engineer.
18. Batcher, batching plant, crusher on site operating engineer.

19. Belt conveyor system operating engineer.
20. Boiler, steam jenny operating engineer.
21. Boom type skimmer machine operating engineer.
22. Boom attachment or loader operating engineer.
23. Boring and drilling machine operating engineer.
24. Bridge deck finisher operating engineer.
25. Broom and sweeper operating engineer.
26. Brush chopper, shredder, tree shredder, tree shearer operating engineer.
27. Bulldozer operating engineer.
28. Cableway operating engineer.
29. Car dumper, railroad operating engineer.
30. Carryall operating engineer.
31. Central power plant operating engineer.
32. Chipper operating engineer.
33. Compressor, blower operating engineer.
34. Compressor, single operating engineer.
35. Compressor, two or three battery operating engineer.
36. Concrete breaking machine operating engineer.
37. Concrete finishing machine operating engineer.
38. Concrete paving machine operating engineer.
39. Concrete pump operating engineer.
40. Concrete pumping system, pumpcrete, similar types, operating engineer.
41. Concrete saw and cutter, ride on type, operating engineer.
42. Concrete spreader, Hetzel, Rexomatic and similar types, operating engineer.
43. Concrete spreader, small type, operating engineer.
44. Concrete vibrator operating engineer.
45. Conveyor, under 125 feet, operating engineer.
46. Conveyor, 125 feet and over, operating engineer.
47. Conveyor loader, not including elevator grader, operating engineer.
48. Crane, all types, including overhead and straddle traveling type, operating engineer.
49. Crane, gantry, operating engineer.
50. Crushing machine, operating engineer.
51. Derrick operating engineer.
52. Ditching machine operating engineer.

53. Drill doctor operating engineer.
54. Drillmaster, quarrymaster operating engineer.
55. Dope pot, mechanical operating engineer.
56. Dragline operating engineer.
57. Dumpster operating engineer.
58. Elevator operating engineer.
59. Elevator grader operating engineer.
60. Engine, large diesel, 1620 horsepower, staging pump operating engineer.
61. Farm tractor operating engineer.
62. Fertilizing equipment operating engineer.
63. Field engineer.
 - i. Chief of party.
 - ii. Transit or instrument man.
 - iii. Rodman or chainman.
 - iv. Survey apprentice.
64. Fine grade machine, small type operating engineer.
65. Fine grade machine, large type, operating engineer.
66. Fireman operating engineer.
67. Fork lift operating engineer.
68. Form line grader, small type, operating engineer.
69. Front end loader, five yards and over, operating engineer.
70. Front end loader, two yards but less than five yards, operating engineer.
71. Front end loader, one yard but less than two yards, operating engineer.
72. Front end loader, under one yard, operating engineer.
73. Generator, single, operating engineer.
74. Generator, two or three battery, operating engineer.
75. Giraffe grinder operating engineer.
76. Gradall operating engineer.
77. Grader, finish, fine, operating engineer.
78. Grader and motor patrol operating engineer.
79. Grader, Rago, operating engineer.
80. Grease, gas, fuel, oil supply truck operating engineer.
81. Groove cutting machine, ride on type, operating engineer.
82. Gunit machine, excluding nozzles, operating engineer.
83. Hammer vibratory in conjunction with generator, operating engineer.
84. Heater planer operating engineer.
85. Heater, Nelson or other type including propane, natural gas or flow type units, operating engineer.
86. Helicopter operating engineer.
 - i. Pilot or engineer.
 - ii. Co-pilot.
 - iii. Communications engineer.
87. Hoist, all types including steam, gas, diesel, electric, air, hydraulic, single and double drum, concrete brick shaft caisson, conveyor, snorkel roof, tugger, house car or any other similar type hoisting machine, portable or stationary, except Chicago boom type operating engineer.
88. Hoist, Chicago, boom operating engineer.
89. Hoist, roof, tugger, aerial platform, elevator, house car, operating engineer.
90. Hopper operating engineer.
91. Hopper door, power operated, operating engineer.
92. Hydraulic crane, six tons and under, operating engineer.
93. Hydro-axe operating engineer.
94. Jack, screw, air, hydraulic, power operated unit or console type, but not hand jack or pile load test type, operating engineer.
95. Ladder, motorized, operating engineer.
96. Laddervator operating engineer.
97. Lead engineer, foreman engineer, safety engineer, operating engineer.
98. Light, portable generating plant, operating engineer.
99. Locomotive, large, Dinky type, operating engineer.
100. Log skidder operating engineer.
101. Maintenance apprentice, oiler.
102. Maintenance utility man.
103. Maintenance and repair operating engineer of asphalt curbing machine, concrete finishing machine, concrete vibrator, gas buggy, leveling machine, portable generator, power saw, compressor equipment, compressor unit used in connection with cement, paint, insulating, curbing and sand blasting and all similar types.

104. Mechanic.
 - i. Mechanic's helper.
 - ii. Registered mechanic's apprentice.
105. Mixer except paving mixer operating engineer.
106. Mixer, concrete small, operating engineer.
107. Motor patrol and grader operating engineer.
108. Mucking machine operating engineer.
109. Mulching equipment operating engineer.
110. Pan operating engineer.
111. Paver, 21E and over, operating engineer.
112. Paver, under 21E, operating engineer.
113. Paver, concrete, operating engineer.
114. Pavement and concrete breaker, superhammer, hoe ram operating engineer.
115. Pavement breaker, small, self-propelled, ride on type, operating engineer.
116. Pavement breaker, truck mounted, operating engineer.
117. Pile driver operating engineer.
118. Pipe bending machine, power, operating engineer.
119. Pitch pump operating engineer.
120. Plaster pump operating engineer.
121. Post hole digger operating engineer.
122. Pumpcrete, unit type, operating engineer.
123. Pumpcrete machine, Squeezecraft and concrete pump, operating engineer.
124. Pump, four inch suction and over including submersible pump, operating engineer.
125. Pump, two inch or less than four inch suction including submersible pump operating engineer.
126. Pump, diesel engine and hydraulic, operating engineer.
127. Road finishing machine, small type, operating engineer.
128. Roadway surface grinder, operating engineer.
129. Rod bending machine, power, operating engineer.
130. Roller, grade fill or stone base, operating engineer.
131. Roller, black top, operating engineer.
132. Scale, power, operating engineer.
133. Scooper, loader and shovel, operating engineer.
134. Scraper operating engineer.
135. Seaman pulverizing mixer operating engineer.
136. Seeding equipment operating engineer.
137. Shoulder widener operating engineer.
138. Shovel operating engineer.
139. Side boom operating engineer.
140. Silo operating engineer.
141. Skimmer machine, boom type, operating engineer.
142. Sprinkler and water pump truck, operating engineer.
143. Squeezecrete operating engineer.
144. Steam jenny, boiler operating engineer.
145. Steel cutting machine operating engineer.
146. Stone spreader operating engineer.
147. Straddle carrier operating engineer.
148. Tamping machine, vibrating ride-on, operating engineer.
149. Temporary heating plant operating engineer.
150. Tire repair and maintenance operating engineer.
151. Tractor operating engineer.
152. Tree chopper with boom operating engineer.
153. Trench machine operating engineer.
154. Tug captain operating engineer.
155. Vibrating plant operating engineer.
156. Water and sprinkler truck operating engineer.
157. Welder and repair mechanic operating engineer.
158. Welding machine, gas, diesel, electric converter, single, two or three within 100 feet, operating engineer.
159. Welding system multiple rectifier transformer type, operating engineer.
160. Wellpoint system operating engineer.
161. Winch truck, hoisting, operating engineer.
162. Water operation, operating engineer on all power boats used in conjunction with pipeline, river crossings and construction.
163. Captain, power boat.
164. Tug master, power boat.
165. Maintenance apprentice, deckhand.
166. Apprenticeship operator, oiler.

167. Structural steel, aerial platform used on hoist, operating engineer.
- i. Assistant engineer, oiler.
 - ii. A-frame operating engineer.
168. Structural steel operating engineer.
- i. Cherry picker six tons and under.
 - ii. Cherry picker over six tons.
169. Structural steel, compressor, single, operating engineer.
170. Structural steel, compressor, two or three in battery, operating engineer.
171. Structural steel, crane, land or floating with boom, including jib, 140 feet and over aboveground, operating engineer.
172. Structural steel, crane, land or floating with boom, including jib, less than 140 feet aboveground, operating engineer.
173. Structural steel, derrick, land or floating with boom including jib, 140 feet and aboveground, operating engineer.
174. Structural steel, derrick, land or floating with boom including jib, less than 140 feet aboveground, operating engineer.
175. Structural steel, foreman.
176. Structural steel, fork lift operating engineer.
177. Structural steel, generator operating engineer.
178. Structural steel, helicopter operating engineer.
- i. Pilot, engineer.
 - ii. Co-pilot.
 - iii. Communications engineer.
179. Structural steel, hoist, all types except Chicago boom type, operating engineer.
180. Structural steel, elevator or house car, operating engineer.
181. Structural steel, jack, screw air hydraulic power operated unit or console type but not hand jack or pile load test type, operating engineer.
182. Structural steel lead engineer, foreman engineer, safety engineer.
183. Structural steel, maintenance apprentice, oiler.
184. Structural steel, maintenance utility man.
185. Structural steel, rod bending machine, power, operating engineer.
186. Structural steel, side boom, operating engineer.

187. Structural steel, straddle carrier operating engineer.
188. Structural steel, welding machine, gas or electric converter, single, operating engineer.
189. Structural steel, welding machine, gas or electric converter, two or three in battery multiple welders, operating engineer.
190. Structural steel, welding system multiple, rectifier transformer type, operating engineer.
191. Structural steel, water operation, operating engineer.
- i. Captain, power boats.
 - ii. Tug master, power boats.
 - iii. Maintenance apprentice, deckhand.

12:60-3.5 Classification of tasks for drillers

(a) Drillers for test borings and drillers for groundwater shall be classified in all counties into various tasks in accordance with the prevailing collective bargaining agreements as follows:

1. Driller of test borings, journeyman.
2. Driller of test borings, foreman.
3. Driller of test borings, helper.
4. Driller of groundwater, journeyman.
5. Driller of groundwater, helper.

12:60-3.6 Classification of tasks for dredging operators

(a) Dredging operators shall be classified in all counties into various tasks in accordance with the prevailing collective bargaining agreement as follows:

1. Dipper and clamshell dredge operator.
2. Dipper and clamshell dredge craneman.
3. Dipper and clamshell dredge engineer.
4. Dipper and clamshell dredge maintenance engineer.
5. Dipper and clamshell dredge mate.
6. Dipper and clamshell dredge deckhand.
7. Dipper and clamshell dredge oiler.
8. Dipper and clamshell dredge fireman.
9. Dipper and clamshell dredge welder.
10. Dipper and clamshell dredge welder's helper.
11. Dipper and clamshell dredge scowman.
12. Dipper and clamshell dredge handyman.
13. Dipper and clamshell dredge rodman.

14. Dipper and clamshell dredge boat master.
15. Dipper and clamshell dredge boat captain.
16. Dipper and clamshell dredge tug deckhand.
17. Hydraulic dredge leverman.
18. Hydraulic dredge engineer.
19. Hydraulic dredge maintenance engineer.
20. Hydraulic dredge derrick operator.
21. Hydraulic dredge spider barge operator.
22. Hydraulic dredge chief mate on dredge.
23. Hydraulic dredge mate.
24. Hydraulic dredge deckhand.
25. Hydraulic dredge oiler.
26. Hydraulic dredge fireman.
27. Hydraulic dredge boilerman.
28. Hydraulic dredge carpenter.
29. Hydraulic dredge carpenter's helper.
30. Hydraulic dredge chief welder.
31. Hydraulic dredge welder.
32. Hydraulic dredge welder's helper.
33. Hydraulic dredge blacksmith.
34. Hydraulic dredge blacksmith's helper.
35. Hydraulic dredge electrician.
36. Hydraulic dredge handyman.
37. Hydraulic dredge general fill foreman.
38. Hydraulic dredge shift fill foreman.
39. Hydraulic dredge shoreman.
40. Hydraulic dredge front end loader.
41. Hydraulic dredge dozer operator.
42. Hydraulic dredge rodman.
43. Hydraulic dredge boatmaster.
44. Hydraulic dredge boat captain.
45. Hydraulic dredge tug deckhand.
46. Hydraulic dredge steward.
47. Hydraulic dredge assistant cook.
48. Hydraulic dredge night cook.
49. Hydraulic dredge messman.
50. Hydraulic dredge porter or janitor.
51. Company lead dredgeman.

52. Tugs over 1000 shaft horsepower with master or captain having license endorsed for 200 miles offshore, tug master.

53. Tugs over 1000 shaft horsepower with master or captain having license endorsed for 200 miles offshore, tug captain.

54. Tugs over 1000 shaft horsepower with master or captain having license endorsed for 200 miles offshore, tug chief engineer.

55. Tugs over 1000 shaft horsepower with master or captain having license endorsed for 200 miles offshore, tug engineer.

56. Tugs over 1000 shaft horsepower with master or captain having license endorsed for 200 miles offshore, tug deckhand.

57. Tugs over 1000 shaft horsepower without master or captain having license endorsed for 200 miles offshore, tug master.

58. Tugs over 1000 shaft horsepower without master or captain having license endorsed for 200 miles offshore, tug captain.

59. Tugs over 1000 shaft horsepower without master or captain having license endorsed for 200 miles offshore, tug chief engineer.

60. Tugs over 1000 shaft horsepower without master or captain having license endorsed for 200 miles offshore, tug engineer.

61. Tugs over 1000 shaft horsepower without master or captain having license endorsed for 200 miles offshore, tug deckhand.

12:60-3.7 Classification of tasks for heavy and general laborers

(a) Heavy and general laborers shall be classified in all counties into various tasks in accordance with the prevailing collective bargaining agreement as follows:

1. Blaster.
2. General foreman.
3. Finisher, rammer, paver, gunite nozzle man, stone-cutter, form setter and drill foreman.
4. Timberman, pipe foreman, laborer foreman, grade foreman, wagon drill operator, and drill master.
5. Sewer pipe laborer, laser man, conduit and duct line layer, jack hammer laborer, pavement breaker, power buggy laborer, concrete cutter, asphalt cutter, sheet hammer laborer, tree cutter operator, sandblasting laborer, cutting laborer, burning and other power tools laborer.
6. Wagon drill operator helper, drill master helper, powder carrier and magazine tender, signal man.

7. Common laborer, landscape laborer, railroad track laborer, flagman, traffic director, salamander laborer, tender, pitman, dumpman, waterproofing laborer, raker, tamper on cold patch work, wrapper and coater of all pipe.

8. Finisher foreman, concrete foreman.

9. Toxic or hazardous waste laborer.

10. Free air tunnel walking boss, superintendent.

11. Free air tunnel heading foreman, shaft foreman, rod foreman, electrician foreman, rigging foreman.

12. Free air tunnel iron foreman, caulking foreman, form foreman, cement finishing foreman, concrete foreman, track foreman, cleanup foreman.

13. Free air tunnel blaster.

14. Free air tunnel top laborer foreman.

15. Free air tunnel skilled man including miner, drill runner, iron man, conveyor man, maintenance man, safety miner, rigger, block layer, cement finisher, rod man, caulker, powder carrier, any other skilled man.

16. Free air tunnel semi-skilled man including miner's helper, check tender, track man, nipper, brake man, derail man, cable man, hose man, grout man, gravel man, form man, bell or signal man, form worker and mover, concrete worker, shaft man, tunnel laborer, caulkers' helper, any other semi-skilled man.

17. Free air tunnel any other semi-skilled man including powder watchman, change house attendant, top laborer.

12:60-3.8 Classification of tasks for asphalt laborers

(a) Asphalt laborers shall be classified in all counties, except as otherwise noted below, into various tasks in accordance with the prevailing collective bargaining agreements as follows:

1. Head raker.
2. Raker, screed man, shop steward.
3. Tamper, smoother, kettleman, painter, roller boy, shoveler.
4. Trainee. Applies only to Atlantic, Burlington, Camden, Cape May, Cumberland, Gloucester, Mercer, Monmouth, Ocean, and Salem counties.
5. Plant, scale mixer and burner man.
6. Plant, feeder and dust man.

12:60-3.9 Classification of tasks for truck drivers

(a) Truck drivers shall be classified in Atlantic and Cape May counties into various tasks in accordance with the prevailing collective bargaining agreement as follows:

1. Teamster, chauffeur.

2. Driver on tractor, trailer, 10 wheel flat or dump truck.

3. Driver in euclid, 10 wheel tractor trailer or tractor trailer truck, low bed or pole trailer.

(b) Truck drivers shall be classified in Bergen, Hudson, and Passaic counties into various tasks in accordance with the prevailing collective bargaining agreement as follows:

1. Helper on asphalt distributor, pick-up and dump truck driver, winch straight truck driver, water or fuel truck driver.
2. Straight three-axle material driver.
3. Tractor trailer truck driver.
4. Euclid type vehicle, except self loading driver.
5. Winch trailer driver.
6. Mechanic helper.
7. Truck foreman.

(c) Truck drivers shall be classified in Burlington, Camden, Cumberland, Gloucester and Salem counties into various tasks in accordance with the prevailing collective bargaining agreement as follows:

1. Tractor, tractor trailer, winch tractor trailer, winch straight truck, euclid trailer driver not self loading, fuel truck, asphalt distributor driver.
2. Straight truck, dump, water, transit, mix, pick-up, and asphalt distributor driver.
3. Truck towing driver.
4. Mechanic.
5. Straight truck helper, mechanic's helper.

(d) Truck drivers shall be classified in Essex, Morris, Sussex, Union and Warren counties into various tasks in accordance with the prevailing collective bargaining agreement as follows:

1. Helper on asphalt distributor, pick-up and dump truck driver, winch straight truck driver, water and fuel truck driver.
2. Straight three-axle material driver.
3. Tractor trailer truck driver.
4. Euclid type vehicle except self loading driver.
5. Winch trailer driver.
6. Mechanic helper.
7. Truck foreman.

(e) Truck drivers shall be classified in Hunterdon, Mercer, Middlesex, Monmouth, Ocean and Somerset counties

into various tasks in accordance with the prevailing collective bargaining agreement as follows:

1. Helper on asphalt distributor, pick-up and dump truck driver, winch straight truck driver, water and fuel truck driver.
2. Straight three-axle material driver.
3. Tractor trailer truck driver.
4. Euclid type vehicles except self loading driver.
5. Winch trailer driver.
6. Mechanic helper.
7. Truck foreman.

SUBCHAPTER 4. CRITERIA FOR ESTABLISHMENT OF CRAFTS, TRADES OR CLASSES OF WORKMEN

12:60-4.1 Scope of subchapter

This subchapter establishes the criteria to be used to classify a craft, trade or class of workmen.

12:60-4.2 Criteria for establishment

(a) The criteria used to establish a craft, trade or class of workmen shall include:

1. Work history and industry practice;
2. Training and skills;
3. Nature of the specific work in issue;
4. Craft union collective bargaining agreements and craft recognition; and
5. Governmental regulation and recognition.

(b) In establishing a craft, trade or class of workmen, the Department shall consider any relevant information, documentation, or argument presented by an interested party and submitted to:

New Jersey Department of Labor
Division of Workplace Standards
Office of Wage and Hour Compliance
Labor and Industry Building
John Fitch Plaza
Trenton, New Jersey

SUBCHAPTER 5. STANDARDS AND PUBLICATIONS REFERRED TO IN THIS CHAPTER

12:60-5.1 Documents referred to by reference

The full title and edition of each of the standards and publications referred to in this chapter are as follows:

N.J.S.A. 34:11-56.25 et seq., New Jersey Prevailing Wage Act.

12:60-5.2 Availability of documents for inspection

A copy of each of the standards and publications referred to in this chapter is on file and may be inspected at the following office of the Division of Workplace Standards between the hours of 9:00 A.M. and 4:00 P.M. on normal working days:

New Jersey Department of Labor
Division of Workplace Standards
Office of Wage and Hour Compliance
Labor and Industry Building
John Fitch Plaza
Trenton, New Jersey

12:60-5.3 Availability of documents from issuing organization

Copies of the referred to standards and publications in this chapter may be obtained from the organization listed below. The abbreviations preceding these standards and publications have the following meaning, and is the organization issuing the standards and publications listed in N.J.A.C. 12:60-5.1.

N.J.S.A. New Jersey Statutes Annotated

Copies available from:
Office of Wage and Hour Compliance
New Jersey Department of Labor
CN 389
Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0389

SUBCHAPTER 6. INSPECTION OF RECORDS

12:60-6.1 Inspections

(a) The Commissioner, or an authorized designee, shall have the authority to:

1. Inspect and copy books, registers, payrolls or other records that relate to or affect wages, hours and other conditions of employment for public works employees;

2. Question public works workmen to determine whether they are aware of violations of the prevailing wage act; and

3. Require public works employers to submit written statements, including sworn statements, concerning wages, hours, names, addresses and any other employee information as may be determined necessary by the Commissioner.

(b) If, within 10 days of a request by the Commissioner, a public works employer fails to file the material listed in (a)1 or 3 above, sworn as to its accuracy, the Commissioner may, within 15 days:

1. Direct the officer responsible for disbursement of funds for the public body which contracted for the public works project to withhold from the employer 25 percent of the amount, not to exceed \$100,000, due the employer under the contract for the project.

2. When the employer complies with the request for records, the Commissioner shall notify the public body, who shall immediately release the withheld funds.

(c) The public works employers shall submit to the public body or lessor which contracted for the public works project the following in a form satisfactory to the Commissioner (see Appendix A, incorporated herein by reference).

1. A certified payroll record on each public works project.

i. Such record shall be submitted each payroll period within 10 days of the payment of wages.

ii. The public body shall receive, file, store and make available for inspection during normal business hours the certified payroll records. In its discretion, it may store these records at any depository, such as a public library or other public building, so long as such documents are available for inspection during normal business hours.

Amended by R.1992 d.94, effective February 18, 1992.

See: 23 N.J.R. 2945(a), 24 N.J.R. 622(b).

Added (c).

SUBCHAPTER 7. CRITERIA FOR DETERMINING APPRENTICE TO JOURNEYMAN RATIO

12:60-7.1 Definitions

The following words and terms, when used in this subchapter, shall have the following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.

“Apprentice” means an individual who, while performing work on a public work project, is registered, in good standing, in an apprenticeship program approved or certified by the Division of Vocational Education in the New Jersey Department of Education or by the Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training in the United States Department of Labor.

“Records” means all books, registers, payrolls, and any other documentation maintained by the employer that have a bearing upon the question of wages, hours and other conditions of employment of any workmen.

12:60-7.2 Responsibilities of contractors and subcontractors

(a) A contractor or subcontractor employing one or more apprentices on a public work project shall maintain with its records written evidence that the apprentice or apprentices are registered in an approved apprenticeship program while performing work on the project.

1. The contractor or subcontractor shall make all records available for inspection by the public body awarding the contract and by the Commissioner during normal business hours.

2. The awarding body and the Commissioner shall have unencumbered access to the employees who are employed on a public work project for the purpose of interviewing and determining compliance.

(b) A contractor or subcontractor shall not create job titles and worker classifications which are not consistent with prevailing practices and existing task ratios for a specific building trades craft for the purpose of circumventing the intent of this subchapter.

12:60-7.3 Ratio of apprentices to journeymen

(a) Upon determining the prevailing wage rate and establishing the prevailing wage in the locality for each craft, trade or class of workmen needed to perform public work contracts, the Commissioner shall also determine the ratio of apprentices to journeymen for the purpose of establishing the number of workmen who may be paid the apprentice rate.

(b) If no ratio of apprentices to journeymen is set forth in the collective bargaining agreement used by the Commissioner to make his or her prevailing wage determination, the maximum ratio of apprentices to journeymen shall be one apprentice to every four journeymen.

(c) If the prevailing collective bargaining agreement for a craft or trade does not provide for an apprentice rate, the employer shall pay the employees not less than the journeyman's rate even if an employee is registered in an apprentice program for that trade.

12:60-7.4 Correction of wage rate

(a) If the Department determines that a worker who has been paid an apprentice wage rate on a project is entitled to a journeyman's rate, the Department shall conduct an audit and require the contractor or subcontractor to pay the worker an additional amount equal to the difference between the rate of an apprentice and the rate of a journeyman plus any applicable benefits the worker is entitled to as a journeyman.

SUBCHAPTER 8. DEBARMENT FROM CONTRACTING
12:60-8.1 Purpose and scope

(a) The purpose of this subchapter is to set forth the conditions which constitute grounds for debarment from public works and Economic Development Authority (EDA) contracts, and to notify individuals of the departmental policies and procedures concerning debarment.

(b) The provisions of this subchapter shall be applicable to all contractors, subcontractors, and other persons who perform public works for any public body and EDA projects in New Jersey.

12:60-8.2 Definitions

The following words and terms, when used in this subchapter, shall have the following meanings unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

"Commissioner" means the Commissioner of the Department of Labor or his or her designee.

"Contractor" means a person who undertakes to perform a job or piece of a public works project or EDA project and who retains control of the means, method and manner of accomplishing the desired result. Contractor includes the officers and directors of a corporate contractor.

"Debarment" means the inclusion on a Statewide list of persons who are prohibited from performing public works or EDA projects, on the basis of a lack of responsibility evidenced by an offense as set forth in this subchapter.

"Department" means the New Jersey Department of Labor.

"Person" means any natural person, company corporate officer or principal, firm, association, corporation, contractor, subcontractor or other entity engaged in public works or EDA projects.

"Public body" means the State of New Jersey, any of its political subdivisions, any authority created by the Legislature of the State of New Jersey and any instrumentality or agency of the State of New Jersey or of any of its political subdivisions.

"Public work" means constructions, reconstruction, demolition, alteration, or repair work or maintenance work, including painting and decorating, done under contract and paid for in whole or in part out of the funds of a public body, except work performed under a rehabilitation program.

"Suspension" means an exclusion from contracting for future public works or EDA projects for a temporary period of time, pending the completion of debarment proceedings.

12:60-8.3 Conditions of debarment

(a) Debarment from public works or EDA contracts shall be made only with the approval of the Commissioner, except as otherwise provided by law.

(b) The Commissioner may debar a person, after an investigation and determination that the person has failed or refused to pay the prevailing wage rate.

(c) A violation as listed in (b) above shall not necessarily require that a person be debarred. In each case, the decision to debar shall be made at the discretion of the Commissioner unless otherwise provided by law. The Commissioner may consider the following factors as material in each decision to debar:

1. The record of previous violations by the person with the Office of Wage and Hour Compliance;
2. Previous cases of debarment by the Commissioner;
3. The frequency of violations by the person discovered in previous cases;
4. The significance or scale of the violations, consisting of shortfalls in wages or fringe benefits computed in audits;
5. The existence of outstanding audit(s) or failure(s) to pay;
6. Failure to respond to a request to produce records, forms, documents, or proof of payments; and
7. Submission of falsified or altered records, forms, documents, or proof of payment.

(d) The Commissioner may, upon the approval of the Attorney General, suspend a person pending debarment action.

1. When the Commissioner suspends a person from contracting, the person suspended shall be furnished with a written notice stating:

- i. That suspension has been imposed and its effective date;
- ii. The reasons for the suspension, to the extent that the Attorney General determines that such reasons may be properly disclosed; and
- iii. That the suspension is for a temporary period, but that whenever debarment action has been initiated, the suspension may continue until the legal proceedings are completed.

12:60-8.4 Notification of debarment

(a) When the Department seeks to debar a person, the person or persons shall be furnished with a written notice stating:

1. That debarment is being considered;
2. The provisions of N.J.S.A. 34:11-56.37 and 34:11-56.38;
3. The specific details of the violations referring to employees involved by name, job classifications, dates of violations and any amount found due;
4. The public work or EDA project involved during which performance of the violations cited occurred; and
5. That the person shall have the right to a hearing upon written notification to the Commissioner requesting such a hearing within 25 days of the date of the notice of intent to debar.

(b) The notice of intent to debar shall be mailed, by regular mail and return receipt requested, to each corporate officer of record, partner, individual proprietor or other involved person.

(c) If, after confirmation that the person has been mailed the notice of intent to debar, the person has not requested a hearing to contest the debarment, the person shall be listed as a debarred person.

(d) All hearings pursuant to this section shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act, N.J.S.A. 52:14B-1 et seq., and the Uniform Administrative Procedure Rules, N.J.A.C. 1:1. Where any other State department or agency has already imposed debarment upon a party, the Commissioner may also impose a similar debarment without affording an opportunity for a hearing, provided the Commissioner furnishes notice of the proposed similar debarment to that party, and affords that party an opportunity to present information in his or her behalf to explain why the proposed similar debarment should not be imposed in whole or in part.

(e) Debarment shall be for a period of three years.

12:60-8.5 Lists

The Department shall provide the State Treasurer with the names of all persons debarred and the effective date and period of debarment, if any.

SUBCHAPTER 9. VIOLATIONS, PENALTIES, AND FEES

12:60-9.1 Purpose; scope

(a) The purpose of this subchapter is to establish rules to effectuate N.J.S.A. 34:11-56.25 et seq., the New Jersey Prevailing Wage Act (Act), provide sanctions for non-compliance, and to protect established wage rates.

(b) The chapter is applicable to:

1. Wages and hours subject to the Act; and
2. Wages paid to an employee for services rendered.

12:60-9.2 Violations of the Act

(a) Violations of the Act shall occur when an employer:

1. Willfully hinders or delays the Commissioner in the performance of the duties of the Commissioner in the enforcement of this chapter;
2. Fails to make, keep and preserve any records as required under the provisions of this chapter;
3. Falsifies any such record;
4. Refuses to make any such record accessible to the Commissioner upon demand;
5. Refuses to furnish a sworn statement of such record or any other information required for the proper enforcement of this chapter to the Commissioner upon demand;
6. Pays or agrees to pay wages at a rate less than the prevailing rate applicable under this chapter;
7. Requests, demands, or receives, either for himself or any other person, either before or after a worker is engaged in public work at a specified rate of wages, the following:
 - i. That such worker forego, pay back, return, donate, contribute or give any part, or all, of his or her wages, salary or thing of value, to any person upon the statement, representation or understanding that failure to comply with such request or demand will prevent such worker from procuring or retaining employment; or
8. Otherwise violates any provision of this chapter or of any order issued under this chapter.

(b) An employer who knowingly and willfully violates any provision of this chapter shall be guilty of a disorderly persons offense and shall, upon conviction therefor:

1. Be fined not less than \$100.00 nor more than \$1,000;
2. Be imprisoned for not less than 10 nor more than 90 days; or
3. Be subject to both the fine and imprisonment.

(c) Each week in any day of which an employee is paid less than the rate applicable to him or her under the Act or under a minimum fair wage order, and each employee so paid, shall constitute a separate offense.

12:60-9.3 Administrative penalties

(a) As an alternative to or in addition to any other sanctions provided for in N.J.A.C. 12:60-9.2, pursuant to N.J.S.A. 34:11-56.25 et seq. when the Commissioner finds that an employer has violated that Act, the Commissioner is authorized to assess and collect administrative penalties in the amounts that follow:

1. First violation—not more than \$250.00.
2. Second and subsequent violations—not less than \$25.00 nor more than \$500.00.

(b) No administrative penalty shall be levied pursuant to this subchapter unless the Commissioner provides the alleged violator with notification by certified mail of the violation and the amount of the penalty and an opportunity to request a formal hearing. A request for a formal hearing must be received within 15 working days following the receipt of the notice.

1. If a hearing is not requested, the notice shall become a final order upon the expiration of the 15-working day period following receipt of the notice.

2. If a hearing is requested, the Commissioner shall issue a final order upon such hearing and a finding that a violation has occurred.

3. All wages due, fees and penalties shall be paid within 30 days of the date of the final order. Failure to pay such wages due, fees and/or penalty shall result in a judgment being obtained in a court of competent jurisdiction.

4. All payments shall be made payable to the "Commissioner of Labor; Prevailing Wage Trust Fund". All payments shall be made by certified check or money order, or payable in a form suitable to the Commissioner of Labor.

(c) In assessing an administrative penalty pursuant to this chapter, the Commissioner shall consider the following factors, where applicable, in determining what constitutes an appropriate penalty for the particular violations.

1. The seriousness of the violation;
2. The past history of previous violations by the employer;
3. The good faith of the employer;
4. The size of the employer's business; and
5. Any other factors which the Commissioner deems to be appropriate in the determining of the penalty assessed.

12:60-9.4 Administrative fees

(a) The Commissioner is authorized to supervise the payment of amounts due to employees under this chapter, and the employer may be required to make these payments to the Commissioner to be held in a special account in trust for the employee, and paid on order of the Commissioner directly to the employee or employees affected.

(b) The employer shall also pay the Commissioner an administrative fee on all payments due to employees pursuant to Articles 1 and 2 of Chapter 11 of Title 34 of the revised statutes.

(c) A schedule of the administrative fees is set forth in Table 9.4(c) below:

Table 9.4(c)

Schedule of Administrative Fees

1. First violation—10 percent of amount of any payment made to the Commissioner pursuant to this chapter;
2. Second violation—18 percent of amount of any payment made to the Commissioner pursuant to this chapter;
3. Third and subsequent violations—25 percent of amount of any payment made to the Commissioner pursuant to this chapter.

12:60-9.5 Hearings

(a) When the Commissioner assesses an administrative penalty under N.J.A.C. 12:60-9.3, the employer shall have the right to a hearing under (b) below.

(b) No administrative penalty shall be levied pursuant to this subchapter unless the Commissioner provides the alleged violator with notification by certified mail of the violation and the amount of the penalty and an opportunity to request a formal hearing. A request for a formal hearing must be received within 15 working days following the receipt of the notice. All hearings shall be heard pursuant to the Administrative Procedures Act, N.J.S.A. 42:14B-1 et seq. and the Uniform Administrative Procedure Rules, N.J.A.C. 1:1.

(c) The Commissioner shall make the final decision of the Department.

(d) Appeals of the final decision of the Commissioner shall be made to the Appellate Division of the New Jersey Superior Court.

(e) Recipients of an administrative penalty assessment may request the initiation of a settlement conference at the time that a hearing request is made.

(f) If the employer, or a designated representative of the employer, fails to appear at a requested hearing, the Commissioner or his designee may, for good cause shown, re-schedule a hearing.

(g) If the Commissioner or his or her designee does not authorize such a re-scheduled hearing, then the Commissioner shall issue a final agency determination effective upon the date set for the original hearing.

(h) Payment of the penalty is due when a final agency determination is issued.

(i) Upon final order the penalty imposed may be recovered with cost in a summary proceeding commenced by the Commissioner pursuant to the Penalty Enforcement Law, N.J.S.A. 2A:58-1 et seq.

12:60-9.6 Discharge or discrimination against employee making complaint

(a) An employer is a disorderly person, if he or she discharges or in any other manner discriminates against any

employee because such employee has made any complaint to his or her employer, to the public body, or to the Commissioner that he or she has not been paid wages in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, or because such employee has caused to be instituted or is about to cause to be instituted any proceeding under or related to this chapter, or because such employee has testified or is about to testify in any such proceeding, shall be guilty of a disorderly persons offense and shall, upon conviction therefor, be fined not less than \$100.00 nor more than \$1,000.00.

(b) As an alternative to, or in addition to, any sanctions imposed under (a) above, the Commissioner is authorized under N.J.S.A. 34:11-56a.24 to assess and collect administrative penalties as provided for in N.J.A.C. 12:60-9.3.

APPENDIX A

**FORM TO FACILITATE THE SUBMISSION
OF PAYROLL RECORDS**

Editor's Note: N.J.A.C. 12:60, Appendix A, is not reproduced in the New Jersey Administrative Code. A copy may be obtained by contacting the Office of Administrative Law, CN 049, Trenton, New Jersey 08625, or the Department of Labor, Division of Workplace Standards.

New Rule, R.1992 d.94, effective February 18, 1992.
See: 23 N.J.R. 2945(a), 24 N.J.R. 622(b).