

SUBCHAPTER 29. MEDICAL FEE SCHEDULES:
AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE PERSONAL INJURY
PROTECTION AND MOTOR BUS MEDICAL
EXPENSE INSURANCE COVERAGE

11:3-29.1 Purpose and scope

(a) This subchapter implements the provisions of N.J.S.A. 39:6A-4.6 to establish medical fee schedules on a regional basis for the reimbursement of health care providers providing services or equipment for medical expense benefits for which payment is required to be made by automobile insurers under PIP coverage and by motor bus insurers under medical expense benefits coverage.

(b) This subchapter applies to all insurers who issue policies of automobile insurance containing PIP coverage and policies of motor bus insurance containing medical expense benefits coverage.

(c) This subchapter does not apply to the following:

1. Other coverages contained in an automobile or motor bus insurance policy such as coverage for bodily injury liability;

2. Any other kind of insurance including health insurance, even when the health insurer may be required pursuant to its health insurance contract to pay benefits to, or on behalf of, a person who sustained bodily injury as a result of an accident while occupying, entering into, alighting from or using an automobile or motor bus, or as a pedestrian, caused by an automobile or motor bus or an object propelled by or from an automobile or motor bus;

3. Medical services or equipment provided outside of the geographic boundaries of New Jersey except as set forth in N.J.A.C. 11:3-29.4(d)2; and

4. Inpatient services provided by acute care hospitals, trauma centers, rehabilitation facilities, other specialized hospitals, residential alcohol treatment facilities and nursing homes.

Amended by R.1993 d.25, effective January 4, 1993.

See: 24 N.J.R. 3605(a), 25 N.J.R. 140(a).

Added motor bus insurers under medical expense benefits coverage.

Amended by R.2001 d.158, effective May 21, 2001.

See: 32 N.J.R. 4332(a), 33 N.J.R. 226(a), 33 N.J.R. 1590(a).

Amended by R.2007 d.305, effective October 1, 2007.

See: 38 N.J.R. 3437(a), 39 N.J.R. 4126(c).

In the introductory paragraph of (c), substituted "This subchapter does" for "These fee schedules do"; in (c)2, deleted "and" from the end; in (c)3, substituted "; and" for the period at the end; and added (c)4.

11:3-29.2 Definitions

The following words and terms, when used in this subchapter, shall have the following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

"Ambulatory surgery facility" or "ASC" means:

1. A surgical facility, licensed as an ambulatory surgery facility in New Jersey in accordance with N.J.A.C. 8:43A, in which ambulatory surgical cases are performed and which is separate and apart from any other facility license. (The ambulatory surgery facility may be physically connected to another licensed facility, such as a hospital, but is corporately, financially and administratively distinct, for example, it uses a separate tax-id number); or

2. A physician-owned single operating room in an office setting that is certified by Medicare.

"Ambulatory surgical case" means a procedure that is not minor surgery as defined in N.J.A.C. 13:35-4A.3.

"Basic Life Support" ("BLS") means volunteer ambulance services, whose personnel are not required to be Emergency Medical Technicians, and municipal and proprietary ambulance services whose personnel are required to be Emergency Medical Technicians.

"Bilateral surgery" means identical procedures (requiring use of the same CPT code) performed on the same anatomic site but on opposite sides of the body. Furthermore, each procedure is performed through its own separate incision.

"CDT-3" means the American Dental Association's Current Dental Terminology, Third Edition, Version 2000.

"Co-surgery" means two surgeons (each in a different specialty) are required to perform a specific procedure. Co-surgery also refers to surgical procedures involving two surgeons performing the parts of one procedure simultaneously.

"CPT" means the American Medical Association's Current Procedural Terminology, Fourth Edition, Version 2006, coding system. Current Procedural Terminology (CPT) is copyright 2005 American Medical Association (AMA), all rights reserved. No fee schedules, basic units, relative values, or related listings are included in CPT. The AMA assumes no liability for the data contained in the CPT. Applicable Federal Acquisition Regulation and Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement (FARS/DFARS), 48 CFR, restrictions apply to government use. CPT® is a trademark of the American Medical Association.

"Eligible charge or expense" means the provider's usual, customary and reasonable charge or the upper limit in the fee schedule, whichever is lower.

"Emergency care" means all medically necessary treatment of a traumatic injury or a medical condition manifesting itself by acute symptoms of sufficient severity such that absence of immediate attention could reasonably be expected to result in: death; serious impairment to bodily functions; or serious dysfunction of a bodily organ or part. Such emergency care shall include all medically necessary care immediately following an automobile accident, including, but not limited to, immediate pre-hospitalization care, transportation to a hospital or

trauma center, emergency room care, surgery, critical and acute care. Emergency care extends during the period of initial hospitalization until the patient is discharged from acute care by the attending physician.

“Global service” means the sum of the technical and professional components.

“HCPCS” means the Federal Center for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) Common Procedure Code System.

“Health care provider” or “provider” is as defined in N.J.A.C. 11:3-4.

“Health insurance” means a contract or agreement whereby an insurer is obligated to pay or allow a benefit of pecuniary value with respect to the bodily injury, disability, sickness, death by accident or accidental means of a human being, or because of any expense relating thereto, or because of any expense incurred in prevention of sickness, and includes every risk pertaining to any of the enumerated risks. As used in this subchapter, health insurance includes workers’ compensation coverage but does not include any PIP coverage.

“Health insurer” includes any insurer issuing a policy of health insurance as defined in this subchapter.

“Medically necessary” or “medical necessity” means that:

1. The medical treatment or diagnostic test is consistent with the clinically supported symptoms, diagnosis or indications of the injured person;
2. The treatment is the most appropriate level of service that is in accordance with the standards of good practice and the provisions of N.J.A.C. 11:3-4, as applicable;
3. The treatment is not primarily for the convenience of the injured person or provider;
4. The treatment is not unnecessary; and
5. The treatment does not include unnecessary testing.

“Modifier” means an addition to the five-digit CPT code of either two letters or numbers that indicates that a service or procedure was performed that has been altered by some specific circumstance but not changed in its definition or code.

“Motor bus” means motor bus as defined in N.J.S.A. 17:28-1.5.

“Motor bus insurer” includes any insurer issuing a policy of insurance on a motor bus the owner, registered owner, or operator of which is required to maintain medical expense benefits coverage pursuant to N.J.S.A. 17:28-1.6.

“Multiple surgeries” means additional procedures, unrelated to the major procedure and adding significant time or

complexity, performed on the same patient at the same operative session or on the same day. Co-surgeons, surgical teams, or assistants-at-surgery may participate in performing multiple surgeries on the same patient on the same day.

“PIP coverage” means personal injury protection coverage described in N.J.S.A. 39:6A-3.1(a), 39:6A-4a and 39:6A-10 as amended.

“PIP insurer” includes any insurer issuing a policy of automobile insurance on any vehicle that contains PIP coverage.

“Powered traction device” means VAX-D, DRX or similar devices determined by the Federal Food and Drug Administration to provide traction services.

“Three-digit zip code” refers to the first three digits of the U.S. postal code.

Amended by R.1992 d.170, effective April 6, 1992.
See: 23 N.J.R. 3203(a), 24 N.J.R. 1347(a).

Definition for eligible charge added.
Amended by R.1993 d.25, effective January 4, 1993.
See: 24 N.J.R. 3605(a), 25 N.J.R. 140(a).

Definitions for motor bus, motor bus insurer added.
Amended by R.1993 d.395, effective August 2, 1993.
See: 25 N.J.R. 229(b), 25 N.J.R. 3466(b).
Amended by R.1994 d.564, effective November 21, 1994 (operative January 1, 1995).

See: 25 N.J.R. 4706(a), 26 N.J.R. 4616(b).
Amended by R.2001 d.158, effective May 21, 2001.
See: 32 N.J.R. 4332(a), 33 N.J.R. 226(a), 33 N.J.R. 1590(a).

Added “Bilateral surgery”, “Emergency care”, “Health care provider”, “Medically necessary” and “Three-digit zip code”; rewrote “CPT”; changed “Eligible charge” to “Eligible charge or expense”; changed “Global charge” to “Global service”; in “Health insurance”, substituted “disability” for “disablement” following “the bodily injury”; in PIP coverage”, amended the N.J.S.A. references; deleted “Provider”.
Amended by R.2003 d.143, effective April 7, 2003.
See: 34 N.J.R. 1237(a), 35 N.J.R. 1547(b).

Added “CDT-3”.
Amended by R.2007 d.305, effective October 1, 2007.
See: 38 N.J.R. 3437(a), 39 N.J.R. 4126(c).

Added definitions “‘Ambulatory surgery facility’ or ‘ASC’”, “Ambulatory surgical case”, “Co-surgery”, “Modifier”, “Multiple surgeries”, and “Powered traction device”; in definition “CPT”, inserted “, Version 2006” and inserted the second through sixth sentences; and in definition “HCPCS”, substituted “Center for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS)” for “Health Care Financing Administration’s (HCFA’s)”.

11:3-29.3 Regions

(a) The Regions in Appendix, Exhibit 1, Physicians’ Fee Schedule, Exhibit 4, Ambulance Fee Schedule, and Exhibit 7, Ambulatory Surgical Center Fee Schedule, are as follows:

1. South Region consists of Atlantic, Burlington, Camden, Cape May, Cumberland, Gloucester, Mercer, Monmouth, Ocean and Salem counties, which are comprised of the following three- and five-digit zip codes in New Jersey: 077, 080, 081, 082, 083, 084, 086 and 087. The South Region also includes: 08501, 08505, 08510, 08511, 08514 through 08527, 08533 through 08535, 08540 through 08550, 08554, 08555 and 08560 through 08562.

2. North Region consists of Bergen, Essex, Hudson, Hunterdon, Middlesex, Morris, Passaic, Somerset, Sussex, Union and Warren counties, which are comprised of the following three- and five-digit zip codes in New Jersey: 070, 071, 072, 073, 074, 075, 076, 078, 079, 088 and 089. The North Region also includes: 08502, 08504, 08512, 08528, 08530, 08536, 08551, 08553, 08556 through 08559 and 08570.

(b) The Regions in Appendix, Exhibit 2, the Dental Fee Schedule, are as follows:

1. Region I consists of the following three-digit zip codes in New Jersey: 080, 081, 082, 083 and 084;

2. Region II consists of the following three-digit zip codes in New Jersey: 077, 078, 079, 085, 086, 087, 088 and 089; and

3. Region III consists of the following three-digit zip codes in New Jersey: 070, 071, 072, 073, 074, 075 and 076.

Amended by R.2001 d.253, effective July 16, 2001.
See: 32 N.J.R. 4332(a), 33 N.J.R. 226(a), 33 N.J.R. 2507(a).

Rewrote the section.

Amended by R.2007 d.305, effective October 1, 2007.

See: 38 N.J.R. 3437(a), 39 N.J.R. 4126(c).

Added the introductory paragraph of (a); recodified former (a) as (a)1; recodified former (b) as (a)2; rewrote (a)1 and (a)2; added new (b); and deleted (c).

11:3-29.4 Application of medical fee schedules

(a) Every policy of automobile insurance and motor bus insurance issued in this State shall provide that the automobile insurer's limit of liability for medically necessary expenses payable under PIP coverage, and the motor bus insurer's limit of liability for medically necessary expenses payable under medical expense benefits coverage, is the fee set forth in this subchapter. Nothing in this subchapter shall, however, compel the PIP insurer or a motor bus insurer to pay more for any service or equipment than the usual, customary and reasonable fee, even if such fee is well below the automobile insurer's or motor bus insurer's limit of liability as set forth in the fee schedules. The physicians' fee schedule at subchapter Appendix, Exhibit 1 shall not apply to trauma services at Level I and Level II trauma hospitals. Trauma services means the care provided to patients whose arrival requires trauma center activation or whose care requires the consultation or services of trauma service physicians. Bills for services subject to the trauma services exemption shall use the modifier "-TS". Surgical services (CPT 10000 through 69999) provided in emergency care in acute care hospitals that are not subject to the trauma care exemption shall be reimbursed at 150 percent of the physician's fee schedule and shall use the modifier "-ER". Insurers are not required to pay for services or equipment that are not medically necessary.

(b) The region used to determine the proper fee set forth in the schedules shall be determined by the region in which the services were rendered or the equipment was provided or, in

the case of elective services or equipment provided to New Jersey residents outside the State, by the region in which the insured resides.

(c) The fees set forth in the schedule for durable medical equipment, subchapter Appendix, Exhibit 5, are retail prices which may include purchase prices for both new and used equipment, and/or monthly rentals. New equipment shall be distinguished with the use of modifier-NU, used equipment with modifier-UE and rental equipment with modifier-RR.

1. The insurer's total limit of liability for the rental of a single item of durable medical equipment set forth in the schedule is 15 times the monthly rental fee or the purchase price of the item, whichever is less.

(d) The insurer's limit of liability for any medical expense benefit for service or equipment provided outside the State of New Jersey shall be as follows:

1. When the service or equipment is provided by reason of emergency or medical necessity, the reasonable and necessary costs shall not exceed fees that are usual, customary and reasonable for that provider in the geographic location where the service or equipment is provided.

2. When the service or equipment is provided by reason of the election by the insured to receive treatment outside the State of New Jersey, the reasonable and necessary costs shall not exceed fees set forth in the fee schedules for the geographic region in which the insured resides.

(e) Except as noted in (e)1 and 2 below, the insurer's limit of liability for any medical expense benefit for any service or equipment not set forth in or not covered by the fee schedules shall be a reasonable amount considering the fee schedule amount for similar services or equipment in the region where the service or equipment was provided or, in the case of elective services or equipment provided outside the State, the region in which the insured resides. Where the fee schedule does not contain a reference to similar services or equipment as set forth in the preceding sentence, the insurer's limit of liability for any medical expense benefit for any service or equipment not set forth in the fee schedules shall not exceed the usual, customary and reasonable fee.

1. For the purposes of this subchapter, determination of the usual, reasonable and customary fee means that the provider submits to the insurer his or her usual and customary fee. The insurer determines the reasonableness of the provider's fee by comparison of its experience with that provider and with other providers in the region. The insurer may use national databases of fees, such as those published by Ingenix (www.ingenixonline.com) or Wasserman (<http://www.medfees.com/>), for example, to determine the reasonableness of fees for the provider's geographic region or zip code.

2. All applicable provisions of this section concerning billing and payment apply to fees for services provided outside of New Jersey and to fees that are not on the fee schedule.

(f) The following shall apply to multiple and bilateral surgeries (CPT 10000 through 69999), co-surgeries and assistant surgeons:

1. For multiple surgeries, rank the surgical procedures in descending order by the fee amount, using the fee schedule or UCR amount, as appropriate. The highest valued procedure is reimbursed at 100 percent of the eligible charge. Additional procedures are reported with the modifier “-51” and are reimbursed at 50 percent of the eligible charge. If any of the multiple surgeries are bilateral surgeries using the modifier “-50,” consider the bilateral procedure at 150 percent as one payment amount, rank this with the remaining procedures, and apply the appropriate multiple surgery reductions.

2. There are two types of procedures that are exempt from the multiple procedure reduction. Codes in CPT that have the note, “Modifier -51 exempt” shall be reimbursed at 100 percent of the eligible charge. In addition, some related procedures are commonly carried out in addition to the primary procedure. These procedure codes contain a specific descriptor that includes the words, “each additional” or “list separately in addition to the primary procedure.” These add-on codes cannot be reported as stand-alone codes but when reported with the primary procedure are not subject to the 50 percent multiple procedure reduction.

3. The terminology for some procedure codes includes the terms “bilateral” or “unilateral or bilateral.” The payment adjustment rules for bilateral surgeries do not apply to procedures identified by CPT as “bilateral” or “unilateral or bilateral” since the fee schedule reflects any additional work required for bilateral surgeries. If a procedure is not identified by its terminology as a bilateral procedure (or unilateral or bilateral) and is performed bilaterally, providers must report the procedure with modifier “-50” as a single line item. Reimbursement for bilateral surgeries reported with the modifier “-50” shall be 150 percent of the eligible charge.

4. For co-surgeries, each surgeon bills for the procedure with a modifier “-62”. For co-surgeries (modifier 62), the fee schedule amount applicable to the payment for each co-surgeon is 62.5 percent of the eligible charge.

5. The eligible charge for medically necessary assistant surgeon expenses shall be 20 percent of the primary physician’s allowable fee determined pursuant to the fee schedule and rules. Assistant surgeon expenses shall be reported using modifier -80, -81 or -82 as designated in CPT. When the assistant surgeon is someone other than a physician surgeon, the reimbursement shall not exceed 85 percent of the amount that would have been reimbursed

had a physician surgeon provided the service. Non-physician assistant surgeon services shall be reported using modifier-AS.

6. The necessity for co-surgeons and assistant surgeons for an operation shall be determined by reference to authorities such as the Medicare physician fee schedule database (www.cms.gov). Fees for assistant surgeons and co-surgeons are not rendered eligible for reimbursement simply because it is the policy of a provider or an ASC that one be present.

7. It is the responsibility of providers that are acting as co-surgeons or assistant surgeons to include the correct modifier in their bills, especially as they may not be submitted to the insurer at the same time. If a surgeon submits a bill without a modifier and is paid 100 percent of the eligible charge and the insurer subsequently receives a bill from a co-surgeon or assistant surgeon for the same procedure, the insurer shall notify both providers that it has already paid 100 percent of the eligible charge and that it cannot reimburse the co-surgeon or assistant surgeon until the overpayment has been offset or refunded.

(g) Artificially separating or partitioning what is inherently one total procedure into subparts that are integral to the whole for the purpose of increasing medical fees is prohibited. Such practice is commonly referred to as “unbundling” or “fragmented” billing. Providers and payors shall use the National Correct Coding Initiative Edits, incorporated herein by reference, as updated quarterly by CMS and available at <http://www.cms.hhs.gov/NationalCorrectCodInitEd/>.

1. CPT 97010 (application of hot/cold packs) is bundled into the payment for other services and shall not be reimbursed separately.

2. The eligible charge for an office visit includes reviewing the report of an imaging study when the provider of the imaging study has billed for the technical and professional component of the service. In these circumstances, it is not appropriate for the provider to bill for an office visit and CPT 76140 or for the physician component of the imaging study. CPT 76140 may only be billed where a provider in a different practice or facility reviews an imaging study and produces a written report.

3. When CPT 76005, fluoroscopic guidance, can be billed separately and is not included as part of another procedure, it is reimbursable only per spinal region, not per level.

4. Appendix J of the CPT manual, Electrodiagnostic Medicine Listing of Sensory, Motor and Mixed Nerves may be used as a reference for the appropriate reimbursement of this type of Electrodiagnostic testing.

5. Moderate (conscious) sedation performed by the physician who also furnishes the medical or surgical service cannot be reimbursed separately. In that case, payment for the sedation is bundled into the payment for the medical

or surgical service. As a result, CPT codes 99143 through 99145 are not reimbursable.

6. CPT codes 99148 through 99150 are only reimbursable when a second physician other than the provider performing the diagnostic or therapeutic services provides moderate sedation in a facility setting (for example, hospital, outpatient hospital/ambulatory surgery center or skilled nursing facility). CPT codes 99148 through 99150 are not reimbursable for services performed by a second physician in a physician office, freestanding imaging center or for any procedure code identified in CPT as including moderate (conscious) sedation.

(h) To be reimbursable, nerve conduction studies (NCS) (CPT 95900 - 95904) must be interpreted by a provider who was on site and directly supervised or performed the nerve conduction study in accordance with N.J.A.C. 13:35-2.6(n)3. Needle Electromyography (EMG) interpretation must be performed in the same facility on the same day by the same physician who performed and/or supervised the needle EMG.

(i) The reporting of nerve conduction studies and needle electromyography (EMG) (CPT 95860 through 95872) results should be integrated into a unified diagnostic impression. Separate reports for needle EMG and NCS are not reimbursable under the codes above in this subsection.

(j) For surgery and many other procedures, it is established practice to include follow-up care and visits as part of the basic procedure charge. Such charges shall not be subject to additional billings. The existence of a CPT code, per se, does not imply the right to receive separate compensation for the procedure/sub-procedure so described. If a procedure is judged to be part of the primary procedure, only the charges for the primary procedure are eligible. As identified in CPT, separate procedures are commonly carried out as an integral part of another procedure. They shall not be billed in conjunction with the other procedure, but may be billed when performed independently of the other procedure.

(k) CPT codes for procedures described in CPT as "unlisted procedure" or "unlisted service" (example: 64999 Unlisted procedure nervous system) are not reimbursable without documentation from the provider describing the procedure or service performed, demonstrating its medical appropriateness and indicating why it is not duplicative of a code for a listed procedure or service. Documentation may include the existence of temporary or AMA Category III or HCPCS codes for the procedure or information in the AMA CPT Assistant publication. In submitting bills for unlisted codes, the provider should base the fee on a comparable procedure. It is never appropriate for the provider to bill an unlisted code for a list of services that have CPT codes. Providers that intend to use unlisted codes in non-emergency situations are encouraged to notify the insurer in advance through the precertification process. Based on the information submitted by the provider, the insurer shall determine whether the CPT coding is appropriate.

(l) Certain CPT codes are listed in the fee schedule with three entries. There is a global fee with no modifier, a technical component with modifier "TC" and a physician component with modifier "-26". Services with physician component amounts of zero in the fee schedule are considered to be 100 percent technical. A provider shall not bill the global fee and a technical or physician component. The technical or physician component shall be billed when only that part of the service is being provided.

(m) The daily maximum allowable fee shall be \$99.00 for the Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation CPT codes listed in subchapter Appendix, Exhibit 6, incorporated herein by reference, that are commonly provided together. The daily maximum applies when such services are performed for the same patient on the same date. The daily maximum applies to all providers, including dentists. However, when the provider can demonstrate that the severity or extent of the injury is such that extraordinary time and effort is needed for effective treatment, the insurer shall reimburse in excess of the daily maximum. Such injuries could include, but are not limited to, severe brain injury and non-soft-tissue injuries to more than one part of the body. Such injuries would not include diagnoses for which there are care paths in N.J.A.C. 11:3-4. Treatment that the provider believes should not be subject to the daily maximum shall be billed using modifier-22 as designated in CPT for unusual procedural services. Unless already provided to the insurer as part of a decision point review or precertification request, the billing shall be accompanied by documentation of why the extraordinary time and effort for treatment was needed.

1. Supervised modalities and those therapeutic procedures that do not list a specific time increment in their description shall be limited to one unit per day.

2. CPT 97012 is the appropriate code for billing powered traction therapy.

3. CPT 97026 is the appropriate code for billing cold or low-powered laser therapy.

4. HCPCS code G0283 is the appropriate code for billing unattended electrical stimulation.

5. Pursuant to N.J.S.A. 39:6A-4, physical therapy, as defined in N.J.S.A. 45:9-37.13, shall not be reimbursable under PIP unless rendered by a licensed physical therapist pursuant to a referral from a licensed physician, dentist, podiatrist or chiropractor within the scope of the respective practices.

(n) Follow-up evaluation and management services for the re-examination of an established patient shall be reimbursed in addition to physical medicine and rehabilitation procedures only when any of the circumstances set forth in (o)1 through 4 below is present and not more than twice in any 30 day period. Modifier -25 shall be added to an evaluation and management service when a significant separately identifiable

evaluation and management service is provided and documented as medically necessary as follows:

1. There is a definite measurable change in the patient's condition requiring significant change in the treatment plan;
2. The patient fails to respond to treatment, requiring a change in the treatment plan;
3. The patient's condition becomes permanent and stationary, or the patient is ready for discharge; or
4. It is medically necessary to provide evaluation services over and above those normally provided during the therapeutic services.

(o) ASC facility fee group numbers are indicated by CPT code on the physician's fee schedule, subchapter Appendix, Exhibit 1. The facility fees for each ASC group are listed in subchapter Appendix, Exhibit 7. If a procedure can be performed in an ASC but it is not listed in the physician's fee schedule, the ASC facility fee for the procedure shall be the fee group in Appendix, Exhibit 7 that includes procedures similar to the unlisted procedure. For example, if an injection code is not included in subchapter Appendix, Exhibit 7, the facility fee for the procedure would be the same as for other injection codes that have a group number. In no case, shall a facility fee be greater than the highest facility fee on the schedule (Group 9). If a CPT code is subsequently assigned an ASC group number by Medicare, as found in <http://www.cms.hhs.gov/ascpayment/>, the facility fee for that code shall be that of the same group number in Appendix, Exhibit 7. The ASC facility fee includes services that would be covered if the service were furnished in a hospital on an inpatient or outpatient basis, including:

1. Use of operating and recovery rooms, patient preparation areas, waiting rooms, and other areas used by the patient or offered for use to persons accompanying the patient.
2. All services and procedures in connection with covered procedures furnished by nurses, technical personnel and others involved in patient's care;
3. Drugs, biologicals, surgical dressings, supplies, splints, casts, appliances, and equipment;
4. Diagnostic and therapeutic items and services;
5. Administrative, recordkeeping, and housekeeping items and services;
6. Blood, blood plasma, platelets, etc.; and
7. Anesthesia materials, including the anesthetic itself, and any materials, whether disposable or re-usable, necessary for its administration.

(p) The following services are not included in the ASC facility fee:

1. The sale, lease or rental of durable medical equipment (DME) to ASC patients for use in their homes. If the ASC furnishes items of DME to patients, billing for such items should be made in accordance with subchapter Appendix, Exhibit 5; and

2. Prosthetic and other devices, including neuro-stimulators, internal/external fixators, tissue grafts, plates, screws, anchors and wires, whether implanted, inserted, or otherwise applied by covered surgical procedures. Such prosthetics and devices shall be billed at invoice plus 20 percent.

(q) When multiple procedures are performed in an ASC in the same operative session, the ASC facility fee for the procedure with the highest payment group number is reimbursed at 100 percent and reimbursement of any additional procedures furnished in the same session is 50 percent of the applicable facility fee. For example, if two Group 2 procedures and a Group 1 procedure are all performed in the same operative session, reimbursement of the ASC facility fee is 100 percent of the first Group 2 fee plus 50 percent of the second Group 2 fee, plus 50 percent of the Group 1 fee.

Amended by R.1992 d.170, effective April 6, 1992.

See: 23 N.J.R. 3203(a), 24 N.J.R. 1347(a).

Billing for multiple procedures clarified in (f).

Amended by R.1993 d.25, effective January 4, 1993.

See: 24 N.J.R. 3605(a), 25 N.J.R. 140(a).

Motor bus insurers added.

Amended by R.1993 d.395, effective August 2, 1993.

See: 25 N.J.R. 229(b), 25 N.J.R. 3466(b).

Amended by R.1994 d.564, effective November 21, 1994 (operative January 1, 1995).

See: 25 N.J.R. 4706(a), 26 N.J.R. 4616(b).

Administrative Correction to (a).

See: 26 N.J.R. 5041(a).

Amended by R.2001 d.158, effective May 21, 2001.

See: 32 N.J.R. 4332(a), 33 N.J.R. 226(a), 33 N.J.R. 1590(a).

Rewrote the section.

Amended by R.2001 d.253, effective July 16, 2001.

See: 32 N.J.R. 4332(a), 33 N.J.R. 226(a), 33 N.J.R. 2507(a).

Rewrote (a); in (c), rewrote the introductory paragraph and inserted "new equipment" preceding "purchase price" in 1.

Amended by R.2003 d.143, effective April 7, 2003.

See: 34 N.J.R. 1237(a), 35 N.J.R. 1547(b).

Rewrote (c), (i) and (m).

Amended by R.2007 d.305, effective October 1, 2007.

See: 38 N.J.R. 3437(a), 39 N.J.R. 4126(c).

Rewrote (a); in (c)1, inserted "or the purchase price of the item, whichever is less"; in the introductory paragraph of (e), substituted "Except as noted in (e)1 and 2 below, the" for "The"; added (e)1 and (e)2; rewrote the introductory paragraph of (f) and (f)1 through (f)4; added (f)5 through (f)7; rewrote the introductory paragraph of (g); added (g)1 through (g)6; added new (h) and (i); recodified former (h) and (i) as (j) and (k); rewrote (k); deleted former (j) and (k); rewrote (l) and (m); recodified former (n) as (m)1; added (m)2 through (m)5; recodified former (o) as (n); and added new (o), (p) and (q).

Case Notes

A medical equipment supplier was a "medical institution" which was subject to the pricing and disclosure provisions of the No Fault Act and its regulations; thus an automobile insurer need not pay more than the scheduled fees or the provider's usual, customary, and reasonable fee and was entitled to information on the cost of products. *Allstate Insurance Co. v. A & A Medical Supplies*, 330 N.J.Super. 360, 749 A.2d 890 (N.J.Super.L. 1999).

<u>CPT*</u>	<u>Description</u>	
97020	APPLIC MODAL 1/> AREAS; MICROWAVE	SUPERVISED MODALITY
97022	APPLIC MODAL 1/> AREAS; WHIRLPOOL	SUPERVISED MODALITY
97024	APPLIC MODAL 1/> AREAS; DIATHERMY	SUPERVISED MODALITY
		includes cold laser or low-power laser treatment
97026	APPLIC MODAL 1/> AREAS; INFRARED	SUPERVISED MODALITY
97028	APPLIC MODAL 1/> AREAS; ULTRAVIOLET	SUPERVISED MODALITY
97032	APPLIC MODAL 1/> AREAS; ELEC STIM EA 15 MIN	DIRECT ONE-ON-ONE PATIENT CONTACT REQUIRED
97033	APPLIC MODAL 1/> AREAS; IONTOPHORESIS EA 15 MIN	DIRECT ONE-ON-ONE PATIENT CONTACT REQUIRED
97034	APPLIC MODAL 1/> AREAS; CONTRAST BATHS EA 15 MIN	DIRECT ONE-ON-ONE PATIENT CONTACT REQUIRED
97035	APPLIC MODAL 1/> AREAS; ULTRASOUND EA 15 MIN	DIRECT ONE-ON-ONE PATIENT CONTACT REQUIRED
97036	APPLIC MODAL 1/> AREAS; HUBBARD TANK EA 15 MIN	DIRECT ONE-ON-ONE PATIENT CONTACT REQUIRED
97110	THERAP PROC 1/> AREAS EA 15 MIN; EXERCISES	DIRECT ONE-ON-ONE PATIENT CONTACT REQUIRED
97112	NEUROMUSCULAR REEDUCATION	DIRECT ONE-ON-ONE PATIENT CONTACT REQUIRED
97124	THERAP PROC 1/> AREAS EA 15 MIN; MASSAGE	DIRECT ONE-ON-ONE PATIENT CONTACT REQUIRED
97140	MANUAL THERAP TECH-1/> REGIONS-EA 15 MIN	DIRECT ONE-ON-ONE PATIENT CONTACT REQUIRED
97150	THERAP PROC GROUP	CONSTANT ATTENDANCE OF PROVIDER REQUIRED
97530	THERAPEUTIC ACTIVITIES	DIRECT ONE-ON-ONE PATIENT CONTACT REQUIRED
98925	OSTEOPATHIC MANIP TX; 1-2 BODY REGIONS INVOLVED	
98926	OSTEOPATHIC MANIP TX; 3-4 BODY REGIONS INVOLVED	
98927	OSTEOPATHIC MANIP TX; 5-6 BODY REGIONS INVOLVED	
98928	OSTEOPATHIC MANIP TX; 7-8 BODY REGIONS INVOLVED	
98929	OSTEOPATHIC MANIP TX; 9-10 BODY REGIONS INVOLVED	
98940	CHIROPRACTIC MANIP TX; SPINAL 1-2 REGIONS	
98941	CHIROPRACTIC MANIP TX; SPINAL 3-4 REGIONS	
98942	CHIROPRACTIC MANIP TX; SPINAL 5 REGIONS	
98943	CHIROPRACTIC MANIP TX; EXTRA SPINAL 1 OR MORE REGIONS	

NOTE: FOR CHIROPRACTIC MANIPULATIVE TREATMENT, THE 5 SPINAL REGIONS REFERRED TO ARE: CERVICAL REGION (INCLUDES ATLANTO-OCCIPITAL JOINT); THORACIC REGION (INCLUDES COSTOVERTEBRAL AND COSTOTRANSVERSE JOINTS); LUMBAR REGION; SACRAL REGION; AND PELVIC (SACRO-ILIAC JOINT) REGION. THE FIVE EXTRA-SPINAL REGIONS REFERRED TO ARE: HEAD (INCLUDING TEMPOROMANDIBULAR JOINT, EXCLUDING ATLANTO-OCCIPITAL) (EXCLUDING COSTOTRANSVERSE AND COSTOVERTEBRAL JOINTS AND ABDOMEN)

NOTE: FOR OSTEOMANIPULATIVE TREATMENT, THE BODY REGIONS REFERRED TO ARE: HEAD REGION; CERVICAL REGION; THORACIC REGION; LUMBAR REGION; SACRAL REGION; PELVIC REGION; LOWER EXTREMITIES; UPPER EXTREMITIES; RIB CAGE REGION; ABDOMEN AND VISCERA REGION

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Exhibit 7

Ambulatory Surgical Center Facility Fee Schedule

ASC Group	Facility Fee North	Facility Fee South
Group 1	1,265.10	1,171.93
Group 2	1,694.39	1,569.61
Group 3	1,937.53	1,794.84
Group 4	2,393.42	2,217.16
Group 5	2,723.94	2,523.34
Group 6	3,138.04	2,906.94
Group 7	3,780.09	3,501.70
Group 8	3,696.51	3,424.28
Group 9	5,086.97	4,712.34

New Rule, R.2001 d.253, effective July 16, 2001.

See: 32 N.J.R. 4332(a), 33 N.J.R. 226(a), 33 N.J.R. 2507(a).

Amended by R.2002 d.59, effective March 4, 2002.

See: 33 N.J.R. 3617(a), 34 N.J.R. 1032(a).

Inserted Exhibit 2, Dental Fee Schedule.

Amended by R.2003 d.143, effective April 7, 2003.

See: 34 N.J.R. 1237(a), 35 N.J.R. 1547(b).

Amended Exhibit 3 and inserted Exhibit 6.

Amended by R.2004 d.481, effective December 20, 2004.

See: 36 N.J.R. 2579(a), 36 N.J.R. 5912(a).

Repealed former Exhibit 2 and inserted a new Exhibit 2.

Petition for Rulemaking: Department of Banking and Insurance; Division of Insurance; Property and Casualty Division; Notice of receipt of petition for rulemaking: review of the medical fee schedule.

See: 38 N.J.R. 1880(a), 2745(c).

Petition for Rulemaking: Department of Banking and Insurance; Division of Insurance; Property and Casualty Division; Notice of action on petition for rulemaking: review of the medical fee schedule.

See: 38 N.J.R. 3681(a).

Amended by R.2007 d.305, effective October 1, 2007.

See: 38 N.J.R. 3437(a), 39 N.J.R. 4126(c).

Former Exhibits 1, 4, 5 and 6 repealed; added new Exhibits 1, 4, 5 and 6; and added Exhibit 7.

SUBCHAPTER 30. MOTOR VEHICLE SELF-INSURANCE

11:3-30.1 Purpose

This subchapter sets forth the filing requirements for motor vehicle self-insurers pursuant to N.J.S.A. 39:6-50.1, and 39:6-52 to 39:6-54.

11:3-30.2 Scope

The provisions of this subchapter apply to any person seeking to qualify as a motor vehicle self-insurer in New Jersey, except public entities pursuant to N.J.S.A. 39:6-54.

11:3-30.3 Definitions

The following words and terms, when used in this subchapter, shall have the following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.

“Applicant” means a person applying for a certificate of self-insurance who does not currently possess a valid certificate.

“Association” means the New Jersey Automobile Full Insurance Underwriting Association created pursuant to N.J.S.A. 17:30E-1 et seq.