

NEW JERSEY TRANSPORTATION TRUST FUND AUTHORITY

Minutes of the meeting of the New Jersey Transportation Trust Fund Authority (“Authority” or “NJTTFA”) held via GoToMeeting from the Office of the Commissioner in the Main Office Building of the New Jersey Department of Transportation (“NJDOT”), 1035 Parkway Avenue, Trenton, New Jersey on April 21, 2022 at 11:00 AM (ET).

The following Authority members were present:

- Diane Gutierrez-Scaccetti, NJTTFA Chairperson / NJDOT Commissioner
- David Moore, NJTTFA Treasurer / Deputy Director, Office of Public Finance, NJ Department of the Treasury (Designee for the Honorable Elizabeth Maher Muoio, New Jersey State Treasurer)
- Khalid Anjum, NJTTFA Public Member (joined at 11:06 AM)
- Robert A. Briant, Jr., NJTTFA Public Member
- Nelson Ferreira, NJTTFA Public Member
- Gregory Lalevee, NJTTFA Public Member

Constituting a quorum of the Members of the Authority.

There were also present:

- Lewis Daidone, NJTTFA Executive Director / Assistant Commissioner, Finance and Administration, NJDOT
- Samuel Braun, NJTTFA Comptroller, NJDOT
- Naileen Rodriguez, NJTTFA Secretary, NJDOT
- Kimberly Minter, NJTTFA Assistant Secretary, NJDOT
- Susan Wilkerson, Deputy Attorney General, NJ Attorney General’s Office
- Victoria Nilsson, Deputy Attorney General, NJ Attorney General’s Office

- Jeffry Nielsen, NJ Governor's Authorities Unit
- Joseph Bertoni, Deputy Commissioner, NJDOT
- Snehal Patel, Assistant Commissioner, Capital Program Management, NJDOT
- Michael Russo, Assistant Commissioner, Planning, Multimodal, & Grants Administration, NJDOT
- Andrew Tunnard, Assistant Commissioner, Transportation Operations Systems & Support, NJDOT
- Chuck Maciejunes, Director, Division of Budget, NJDOT
- Tyrone Woodward, Information Technology, NJDOT

Chairperson Diane Gutierrez-Scaccetti presided at the meeting and Kimberly Minter, NJTTFA Assistant Secretary, kept the minutes.

Chairperson Diane Gutierrez-Scaccetti convened the meeting at 11:03 AM. She introduced herself and made the following statement:

"I wish to announce that adequate notice of today's meeting of the New Jersey Transportation Trust Fund Authority has been provided in accordance with the Open Public Meetings Act. Notice was filed with the Secretary of State. This notice was e-mailed and mailed to five newspapers of general distribution (The Trentonian, Trenton Times, Courier Post, Star Ledger, and the Atlantic City Press); posted on the Authority's website and posted in the main entrance of the New Jersey Department of Transportation's Headquarters in Ewing, New Jersey."

Assistant Secretary Kimberly Minter called the roll. The following Board members acknowledged their presence: Diane Gutierrez-Scaccetti, Robert Briant, Jr., Nelson Ferreira, Gregory Lalevee and David Moore. Assistant Secretary Kimberly Minter confirmed that a quorum was present. Board member Khalid Anjum joined the meeting at 11:06 AM.

Chairperson Diane Gutierrez-Scaccetti listed other attendees of the meeting. She stated that this was a virtual meeting and reminded Board members to identify themselves before making or seconding a motion. She noted that upcoming meetings are expected to be held in-person at the New Jersey Department of Transportation Headquarters.

Chairperson Diane Gutierrez-Scaccetti then opened the floor for public comment and stated that if any members of the public wished to speak, for them to identify themselves before expressing their comments or questions. There were no public comments.

Chairperson Diane Gutierrez-Scaccetti called the first order of business by requesting a motion to adopt the resolution approving the minutes of actions taken at the February 24, 2022 Board meeting of the New Jersey Transportation Trust Fund Authority. Robert Briant, Jr. moved to approve the following resolution:

WHEREAS, Article II, Section 2 of the By-laws of the New Jersey Transportation Trust Fund Authority (the "Authority") provides that the minutes of actions taken at the meetings of the Authority be approved by the Authority.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the minutes taken at the meeting of February 24, 2022 of the New Jersey Transportation Trust Fund Authority are hereby approved.

The motion was seconded by Gregory Lalevee and adopted on a call of roll as follows:

AYE: 6
NAY: 0
ABSTAIN: 0
ABSENT: 1

For the next order of business, Chairperson Diane Gutierrez-Scaccetti called upon Executive Director Lewis Daidone to lead a discussion of the Authority's proposed Fiscal Year 2023 Financial Plan which, by law, must be submitted to the Governor, the Senate, the General Assembly, and the Transportation Policy Review Board. The plan outlines the projected results

of operations and proposed financing strategies for Fiscal Year 2023, as it relates to the State's portion of the capital programs for the New Jersey Department of Transportation and NJ Transit.

Mr. Daidone began his presentation by stating that each year, the NJTTFA must adopt a Financial Plan that includes prior results and an estimate of bond issuances for the current year; funding sources; amounts appropriated and expended; and obligations for future expenditures. Mr. Daidone stated that he would be reviewing the charts and schedules that provide that information. He began with the Summary of Operations which details the resources, uses, and net balance for Fiscal Years 1985 through 2021 and estimated results for Fiscal Year 2022. For Fiscal Years 1985-2021, the results of operations resulted in a net balance of negative \$4.4 billion. The estimated results for Fiscal Year 2022 are about \$3.2 billion in total resources and approximately \$3.8 billion in total uses, resulting in a balance of negative \$571 million. The actual and estimated results of operations is projected at an aggregate net balance of negative \$5 billion at the end of Fiscal Year 2022.

Mr. Daidone noted that the aggregate net balance of negative \$4.4 billion for Fiscal Year's 1985-2021, and the projected net balance of negative \$5 billion through Fiscal Year 2022, reflects the fact that the NJTTFA only issues bonds or notes to meet projected annual cash flow obligations, not the full value of capital program appropriations. This is indicative of a program that prudently issues debt only to the extent necessary.

Mr. Daidone proceeded to discuss the schedule of the estimated Fiscal Year 2023 Capital Program. He explained the \$2 billion program allocates \$810 million to the DOT; \$760 million to NJ Transit; and \$430 million to Local Aid.

Mr. Daidone went on to discuss the Appropriation Table that provides information on last year's appropriation and the estimated current year's appropriation based on the Governor's

Budget Message issued earlier this year. The total appropriation is up slightly, about \$12 million, from the prior year.

Mr. Daidone moved on to discuss the Statement of Anticipated Changes in Cash Position which provides estimated changes in cash position for Fiscal Year 2023 based on estimated receipts and disbursements. The projected ending cash balance at the end of Fiscal Year 2023 is \$451 million.

Mr. Daidone then discussed the Statutory Debt Limit chart. In 2017, the reauthorization allowed for a debt cap of \$12 billion. Through Fiscal Year 2022, approximately \$4.8 billion dollars of debt was issued and the estimated issuance for Fiscal Year 2023 is \$750 million, which results in a projected unused bonding credit of \$6.4 billion at the end of Fiscal Year 2023, representing the seventh year of the eight-year program.

Robert Briant, Jr. asked if bond premiums are included in the calculation of remaining bond capacity. Mr. Daidone confirmed that bond premiums reduce the amount of unused bonding credit and are reflected in the \$6.4 billion figure.

Mr. Daidone concluded his presentation by reviewing the estimated budget for the NJTTFA for Fiscal Year 2023 which is a modest \$110,000, comprised largely of professional/trustee service fees.

Mr. Daidone asked if there were any questions. There were none.

Chairperson Diane Gutierrez-Scaccetti requested a motion to adopt the resolution approving the Authority's Fiscal Year 2023 Financial Plan and authorizing its submission to the Commissioner of the Department of Transportation for submission to the Governor, the Senate, the General Assembly, and the Transportation Policy Review Board. Nelson Ferreira moved to adopt the following resolution:

**RESOLUTION OF THE NEW JERSEY TRANSPORTATION TRUST FUND AUTHORITY
APPROVING THE FISCAL YEAR 2023 FINANCIAL PLAN AND AUTHORIZING THE
SUBMISSION OF THE FISCAL YEAR 2023 FINANCIAL PLAN TO THE
COMMISSIONER OF THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION FOR SUBMISSION
TO THE GOVERNOR, THE SENATE, THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY, AND THE
TRANSPORTATION POLICY REVIEW BOARD**

WHEREAS, by virtue of the provisions of Chapter 73 of the Laws of New Jersey of 1984, as amended (the "Act"), N.J.S.A. 27:1B-1 et seq., the New Jersey Transportation Trust Fund Authority (the "Authority") is authorized to issue its bonds, notes, and other obligations (collectively, the "Obligations") from time to time and to sell such Obligations at public or private sale at a price or prices and in a manner as the Authority shall determine; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to the Act, the Commissioner of the Department of Transportation is required to submit a report to the Governor, the Senate, the General Assembly, and the Transportation Policy Review Board, which report shall contain, among other things, a description of the projects to be financed in the ensuing fiscal year and a financial plan designed to implement the financing of the proposed projects; and

WHEREAS, on April 21, 2022, the Authority discussed the proposed financing plan for transportation projects for Fiscal Year 2023, attached hereto as Exhibit A (the "Fiscal Year 2023 Financial Plan"); and

WHEREAS, the Authority has determined that it is desirable and in the best interest of the Authority to adopt the Fiscal Year 2023 Financial Plan.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED THAT:

1. *The recitals of this Resolution are incorporated herein by reference as if set forth at length herein.*
2. *The Authority hereby approves the Fiscal Year 2023 Financial Plan.*
3. *The Authority hereby authorizes the Executive Director to forward on behalf of the Authority a copy of this Resolution, including Exhibit A, which contains the Fiscal Year 2023 Financial Plan, to the Commissioner of the Department of Transportation for submission to the Governor, the Senate, the General Assembly, and the Transportation Policy Review Board.*
4. *This Resolution shall take effect upon adoption in accordance with the Act.*

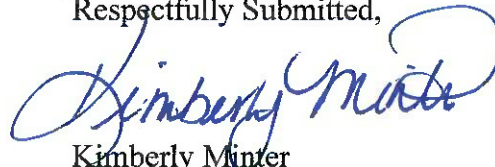
The motion was seconded by Robert Briant, Jr. and adopted on a call of roll as follows:

AYE: 6
NAY: 0
ABSTAIN: 0
ABSENT: 1

There being no further business or discussion, Chairperson Diane Gutierrez-Scaccetti asked for a motion to adjourn the meeting. Robert A. Briant, Jr. moved that the April 21, 2022 meeting of the Authority be adjourned. The motion was seconded by Khalid Anjum and carried by unanimous vote.

The April 21, 2022 meeting of the New Jersey Transportation Trust Fund Authority ended at approximately 11:16 AM.

Respectfully Submitted,



Kimberly Minter
NJTTFA Assistant Secretary



NJ Transportation Trust Fund Authority

New Jersey Transportation Trust Fund Authority Fiscal Year 2023 Financial Plan

Plan for Financing Anticipated NJDOT/NJ TRANSIT Capital Program Outlays for Fiscal Year 2023 As of April 2022

Philip D. Murphy, Governor
Sheila Y. Oliver, Lt. Governor

Diane Gutierrez-Scaccetti, Commissioner
Lewis Daidone, Executive Director

Fiscal Year 2023 Financial Plan

I. Introduction

New Jersey Transportation Trust Fund Authority's 2023 Financial Plan

The New Jersey Transportation Trust Fund Authority ("TTFA" or "Authority") finances the State of New Jersey ("State") portion of the capital programs of the New Jersey Department of Transportation ("NJDOT") and New Jersey Transit Corporation ("NJ Transit") as well as the State's Local Aid transportation program. The New Jersey Transportation Trust Fund Authority Act of 1984, as amended and supplemented, constituting N.J.S.A. 27:1B-1 et seq. (the "TTFA Act"), requires the TTFA to adopt a financial plan ("Financial Plan") which must meet the following requirements:

The financial plan shall contain an enumeration of the bonds, notes or other obligations of the authority which the authority intends to issue, including the amounts thereof and the conditions therefor. The financial plan shall set forth a complete operating and financial statement covering the authority's proposed operations during the ensuing fiscal year, including amounts of income from all sources, including but not limited to the proceeds of bonds, notes or other obligations to be issued, as well as interest earned. In addition, the plan shall contain proposed amounts to be appropriated and expended, as well as amounts for which the department anticipates to obligate during the ensuing fiscal year for any future expenditures.

[N.J.S.A. 27:1B-22(d).]

In October 2016, the TTFA Act was amended by the State Legislature to provide for an 8-year, \$16.0 billion program, funded by a combination of current revenues (also referred to as "Pay-As-You-Go" or "PAYGO") and \$12.0 billion in bonding authorization, both of which are supported by the Motor Fuels Tax ("MFT") and the Petroleum Products Gross Receipts Tax ("PPGRT"). The 2016 legislative amendments to the TTFA Act, enacted in L. 2016, c. 57 ("Chapter 57") increased the PPGRT in November 2016. The PPGRT was increased in October 2018 by 4.3 cents per gallon and then again in October 2020 by 9.3 cents per gallon. In October 2021, the PPGRT decreased by 8.3 cents per gallon. These periodic increases and decreases reflect a provision of Chapter 57 directing the State Treasurer to adjust the PPGRT contingent upon revenues meeting the Highway Fuel Cap revenue target for the fiscal year. The increase in bond authorization under the TTFA Act went into effect when the constitutional amendment was approved by the voters at the November 2016 general election. The constitutional amendment constitutionally dedicated amounts equivalent to all MFT revenues and all PPGRT revenues collected for transportation purposes.

The TTFA funds the State portion of transportation projects and programs through annual State appropriations of revenues received from the MFT, PPGRT, Sales and Use Tax, toll road contributions, investment earnings, and the incurrence of debt. The Fiscal Year 2022 Appropriations Act reflected an annual Statewide Transportation Capital Program of \$2.0 billion. The Fiscal Year 2023 Governor's Budget Message ("GBM") recommends a Statewide Transportation Capital Program of \$2.0 billion ("Capital Program").

The TTFA issued Transportation Program Bonds ("Program Bonds") in the aggregate amount of \$750.0 million ("2022 Series BB Program Bonds") to fund Fiscal Year 2022 capital projects. Other resources included the remaining proceeds from the Fiscal Year 2021 2020 AA Program Bonds

Fiscal Year 2023 Financial Plan

and \$844.2 million from an off- budget resource, the Subaccount for Capital Reserves ("SACR"), comprised of PAYGO funding of \$552.0 million and \$292.2 million for project costs eligible for federal reimbursement, respectively.

To fund Fiscal Year 2023 capital projects, the TTFA plans to issue \$750.0 million in Program Bonds. Other resources include the remaining proceeds of the 2022 Series BB Program Bonds and an estimated \$770.6 million from the SACR, comprised of PAYGO funding of \$478.4 million and \$292.2 million of project costs eligible for federal reimbursement.

II. Prior Years' Results

The following table summarizes the results of the TTFA's operations for Fiscal Years 1985 through 2021 as well as the unaudited estimated results of operations for Fiscal Year 2022:

Summary of Operations			
(\$ in Thousands)			
<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>1985-2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>1985 Thru 2022</u>
	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Estimated</u>	<u>Actual & Estimated</u>
Authority Resources:			
Revenue Appropriations	\$25,454,722	\$ 1,482,321	\$ 26,937,043
PAYGO NJ Turnpike	66,000	-	66,000
Sub-Acct Cap Res-PAYGO	1,589,072	552,040	2,141,112
Sub-Acct Cap Res-Fed Project Cost	965,941	292,200	1,258,141
Prior Year Carryforward	83,722	-	83,722
Build America Bonds Interest Subsidy	386,493	21,700	408,193
Interest Earnings	579,476	400	579,876
Net Bond Proceeds *	27,783,674	854,803	28,638,477
Capitalized Interest Fund **	<u>245,761</u>	<u> </u>	<u>245,761</u>
Total Authority Sources	<u>\$ 57,154,861</u>	<u>\$ 3,203,464</u>	<u>\$ 60,358,325</u>
Authority Uses:			
Program Appropriations	\$ 40,463,100	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 42,463,100
Debt Service (TTF) ***	21,047,530	1,773,992	22,821,522
Authority Expenses	<u>26,580</u>	<u>110</u>	<u>26,690</u>
Total Authority Uses	<u>\$ 61,537,210</u>	<u>\$ 3,774,102</u>	<u>\$ 65,311,312</u>
Net Balance	<u>\$ (4,382,349)</u>	<u>\$ (570,638)</u>	<u>\$ (4,952,987)</u>
* Including Bond Premiums net of Cost of Issuance			
** 2016A Federal Hwy Reimbursement Revenue Notes - Indirect GARVEE bonds			
*** State Contract Transportation System & Program Bonds, and Federal Indirect GARVEE			

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The negative \$4.4 billion “Net Balance” for Fiscal Years 1985 through 2021 in the chart above recognizes that the TTFA only issues bonds or notes to meet cash flow obligations, not the full value of capital program appropriations. The “Program Appropriations” amounts reflect the obligation authority that the State Legislature provided to NJDOT/NJ Transit for TTFA capital projects since Fiscal Year 1985. However, transportation capital project costs are paid out over several years. This is particularly true of large road and bridge construction projects. The TTFA only issues bonds for cash outlays that are anticipated during the current fiscal year. Therefore, the estimated negative net balance of \$4.9 billion reflects estimated and actual spending authority (i.e., inception to date) less total actual and estimated resources already provided or generated by the TTFA through June 30, 2022. The estimated increase in the negative “Net Balance” of \$571.0 million is primarily due to Fiscal Year 2022 capital program appropriations exceeding net new Program Bond proceeds and other available resources.

III. New Jersey Transportation Capital Plan

The TTFA Act as amended in 2016, provides for \$16.0 billion in State programming authority from Fiscal Year 2017 through Fiscal Year 2024. Appropriations for the State Capital Program in Fiscal Year 2018 totaled \$2.0 billion, \$2.050 billion in Fiscal Year 2019 (including an additional \$50 million to NJ Transit through budget language), \$2.0 billion in Fiscal Year 2020, \$2.6 billion in Fiscal Year 2021, and \$2.0 billion in Fiscal Year 2022. The Fiscal Year 2023 GBM recommends \$2.0 billion in appropriations to support the State Capital Program.

Cash required to support the New Jersey Transportation Capital Plan (the “Capital Plan”) is provided by the sale of bonds and Pay-As-You-Go funding. Program Bonds are issued as “state contract” debt backed by a contract between the State Treasurer and the TTFA. The TTFA Act as amended in 2016, provides for \$12.0 billion in total bonding authorization to finance transportation projects beginning in Fiscal Year 2017 through Fiscal Year 2024.

As noted in the chart below, the Fiscal Year 2023 Capital Plan splits the \$2.0 billion in appropriations between the NJDOT, NJ Transit, and Local Aid.

NEW JERSEY CAPITAL TRANSPORTATION PLAN	
(In Millions)	
TTF Spending Authority:	FY 2023
TTFA	\$ 2,000.0
Total	<u>\$ 2,000.0</u>
Programmatic Distribution:	
DOT	\$ 810.0
NJ Transit	\$ 760.0
Local Aid	\$ 430.0
Total	\$ <u>2,000.0</u>

As summarized in the chart below, the Fiscal Year 2023 GBM recommends a revenue

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appropriation to the TTFA of \$1,552.9 million, which represents an increase of \$12.1 million (0.8%) from the amount appropriated in the Fiscal Year 2022 Appropriations Act.

FY 23 TTF APPROPRIATION			
(In Millions)			
	FY 2022	FY 2023	
	Original	GBM	Change
Motor Fuels Tax	\$ 474.0	\$ 480.0	\$6.0
Petroleum Gross Receipts Tax	854.8	860.9	6.1
Sales & Use Tax	200.0	200.0	-
Toll Road Authorities	12.0	12.0	-
TOTAL TTF APPROPRIATION	\$1,540.8	\$1,552.9	\$12.1

IV. Debt Issuances

A. Debt Issuances - Fiscal Year 2023 Capital Program

The TTFA Act as amended in 2016 provides for the issuance of a total of \$12.0 billion in Program Bonds between Fiscal Year 2017 and Fiscal Year 2024. In Fiscal Year 2017 the TTFA issued \$3.24 billion in 2016 Series A & B Federal Highway Reimbursement Revenue Notes/Federal Indirect GARVEES (the "Notes") enough to cover project costs for Fiscal Years 2017 and 2018, and part of Fiscal Year 2019. During Fiscal Year 2019, the TTFA issued \$750.0 million in new money Program Bonds; it also refinanced \$1.3 billion of 2016 Sub-Series A-2 Federal Highway Reimbursement Revenue Notes and \$1.6 billion in Transportation System Bonds ("System Bonds") (comprised of \$900.0 million 2007 Series A System Bonds and \$700.0 million 2008 Series B System Bonds), which resulted in nearly \$300.0 million in net present value savings. During Fiscal Year 2020, the TTFA issued \$1.0 billion in new money 2019 Series BB Program Bonds, converted and remarketed \$150.0 million 2014 Series BB-1 variable rate notes to fixed rate notes, and refinanced another \$1.6 billion in System Bonds (Build America Bonds 2009 Series B and 2010 Series C, in the amounts of \$274.0 million and \$425.0 million respectively, and 2011 Series A and 2011 Series B in the amounts of \$358.0 million and \$536.0 million, respectively), which resulted in nearly \$157.0 million in net present value savings. During Fiscal Year 2021 the TTFA issued \$1.5 billion in new money 2020 Series AA Program Bonds, converted and remarketed \$147.5 million 2014 Series BB-2 variable rate notes to fixed rate notes, and refinanced the remaining \$702.2 million 2011 Series A and Series B System Bonds, which resulted in nearly \$194.0 million in net present value savings. In Fiscal Year 2022 the TTFA issued \$750.0 million in new money Program Bonds and entered into two forward refunding transactions totaling \$893.7 million, which together with the generated premiums, will be used to refund \$326.3

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million 2012 Series A System bonds and \$693.3 million in 2012 Series AA Program Bonds, respectively.

The TTFA estimates that it will issue \$750.0 million in new money Program Bonds in Fiscal Year 2023.

The chart below summarizes the TTFA's projected Fiscal Year 2023 cash flows:

FY 2023 STATEMENT OF ANTICIPATED CHANGES IN CASH POSITION		
Description	Sub-Total	Total
Estimated July 1, 2022 Cash Balance		<u>\$1,052,000,000</u>
Receipts:		
State Appropriations:		
Motor Fuels Tax	480,000,000	
Petroleum Products Tax	860,936,000	
Sales and Use Tax	200,000,000	
Toll Road Authorities Contributions	<u>12,000,000</u>	
Net Total		1,552,936,000
Sub-Acct Capital Reserve Pay-As-You-Go	478,433,000	
Sub-Acct Capital Reserve Federal Project Costs	292,215,000	.
Interest Income	500,000	
Bond Proceeds	750,000,000	
Build America Bonds Interest Subsidy	<u>21,800,000</u>	<u>1,542,948,000</u>
Total Receipts		<u>\$3,095,884,000</u>
Disbursements:		
State Transportation Project Costs		1,851,415,000
Debt Service		1,845,151,000
Authority Operating Expenses		<u>110,000</u>
Total Disbursements		<u>\$3,696,676,000</u>
Estimated July 1, 2023 Cash Balance		<u>\$451,208,000</u>

B. Constitutional Dedication

Pursuant to Article VIII, Section II, Paragraph 4 of the State Constitution, certain revenues are dedicated to the purposes of paying or financing the cost of planning, acquisition, engineering,

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construction, reconstruction, repair and rehabilitation of the transportation system in the State. The relevant text is copied below, reflecting the most recent constitutional amendment approved by the voters in November 2016.

There shall be credited to a special account in the General Fund:

(a) for each State fiscal year commencing on and after July 1, 2007 through the State fiscal year commencing on July 1, 2015 an amount equivalent to the revenue derived from \$0.105 per gallon from the tax imposed on the sale of motor fuels pursuant to chapter 39 of Title 54 of the Revised Statutes, and for each State fiscal year thereafter, an amount equivalent to all revenue derived from the collection of the tax imposed on the sale of motor fuels pursuant to chapter 39 of Title 54 of the Revised Statutes or any other subsequent law of similar effect;

(b) for the State fiscal year 2001 an amount not less than \$100,000,000 derived from the State revenues collected from the tax on the gross receipts of the sale of petroleum products imposed pursuant to P.L.1990, c.42 (C.54:15B-1 et seq.) as amended and supplemented, or any other subsequent law of similar effect, for each State fiscal year from State fiscal year 2002 through State fiscal year 2016 an amount not less than \$200,000,000 derived from those revenues, and for each State fiscal year thereafter, an amount equivalent to all revenue derived from the collection of the tax on the gross receipts of the sale of petroleum products imposed pursuant to P.L.1990, c.42 (C.54:15B-1 et seq.) as amended and supplemented, or any other subsequent law of similar effect; and

(c) for the State fiscal year 2002 an amount not less than \$80,000,000 from the State revenue collected from the State tax imposed under the "Sales and Use Tax Act," pursuant to P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-1 et seq.), as amended and supplemented, or any other subsequent law of similar effect, for the State fiscal year 2003 an amount not less than \$140,000,000 from those revenues, and for each State fiscal year thereafter an amount not less than \$200,000,000 from those revenues; provided, however, the dedication and use of such revenues as provided in this paragraph shall be subject and subordinate to (a) all appropriations of revenues from such taxes made by laws enacted on or before December 7, 2006 in accordance with Article VIII, Section II, paragraph 3 of the State Constitution in order to provide the ways and means to pay the principal and interest on bonds of the State presently outstanding or authorized to be issued under such laws or (b) any other use of those revenues enacted into law on or before December 7, 2006. These amounts shall be appropriated from time to time by the Legislature, only for the purposes of paying or financing the cost of planning, acquisition, engineering, construction, reconstruction, repair and rehabilitation of the transportation system in this State and it shall not be competent for the Legislature to borrow, appropriate or use these amounts or any part thereof for any other purpose, under any pretense whatever.

C. Credit Ratings

TTFA System Bonds and Program Bonds are currently rated BBB+ by Standard & Poor's, BBB+ by Fitch Ratings, A3 by Moody's Investor Services, and A- by Kroll Bond rating Agency respectively. The TTFA Federal Highway Reimbursement Revenue Notes, 2016 Series A are currently rated BBB+ by Fitch Ratings, Baa1 by Moody's Investors Service, and A+ by Standard & Poor's Corporation. The TTFA Federal Highway Reimbursement Revenue Notes, 2016 Series B are not rated by the rating agencies.

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D. Fiscal Year 2023 Statutory Debt Limit

The estimated Fiscal Year 2023 issuance of \$750.0 million in Program Bonds (state contract-backed debt) complies with the TTFA Act, which authorizes bond issuances totaling \$12.0 billion through the end of Fiscal Year 2024. After the Fiscal Year 2023 issuance, the Authority's projected unused statutory debt limit will equal an estimated \$6.43 billion. It should be noted that in addition to the principal amount of a Program Bond issuance, any premium generated from the bond issuance, as well as premium generated by a bond refunding or remarketing counts against the current unused statutory debt issuance limitation with respect to the Program Bonds.

The Fiscal Year 2019 issuance of Program Bonds included \$37.2 million in premium, the Fiscal Year 2020 issuance included \$90.0 million in premium, the Fiscal Year 2021 issuance included \$174.1 million in premium, and the Fiscal Year 2022 issuance included \$108.5 million in premium. Premiums generated by refundings and remarketings totaled \$99.6 million, \$130.2 million, and \$176.5 million in Fiscal Years 2019, 2020, and 2021 respectively.

Currently, there is no remaining amount of unused statutory debt limit under the TTFA Act for System Bonds (except a nominal amount representing the amount thereof in excess of nearest integral multiple of \$5,000). Accordingly, under the TTFA Act, no new money System Bonds can be issued (only System Refunding Bonds can be issued). As such, the table below provides a statutory debt limit calculation solely for new money Program Bonds authorized under the TTFA Act, as amended in 2016.

TRANSPORTATION TRUST FUND AUTHORITY		
STATUTORY DEBT LIMIT		
Fiscal Year Bonding Credits:		
FY 2017-2024		\$12,000,000,000
Less:		
<u>FY 2019:</u>		
2018 Series A Refunding Premium	99,560,272	
2019 Series AA Par Amount	750,000,000	
2019 Series AA Bond Premium	37,256,131	
<u>FY 2020:</u>		
2019 Series A Refunding Premium	101,722,557	
2014 Series BB1 Remarketing Prem	28,430,717	
2019 Series BB Par Amount	1,000,000,000	
2019 Series BB Bond Premium	90,015,772	
<u>FY 2021:</u>		
2020 Series AA Par Amount	1,500,000,000	
2020 Series AA Bond Premium	174,125,833	
2021 Series A Refunding Premium	142,745,447	
2014 Series BB2 Remarketing Prem	33,718,792	
<u>FY 2022:</u>		
2022 Series BB Par Amount	750,000,000	
2022 Series BB Bond Premium	108,516,026	
Total Authorized and Used		\$4,816,091,547

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Total FY 2022 Current Authorized but Unused Bonding Credit		\$7,183,908,453
Less FY 2023 Estimated Issuance	750,000,000	
FY 2023 Estimated Authorized but Unused Bonding Credit		\$ 6,433,908,453

E. Official Intent for Federal Income Tax Purposes

For the purpose of permitting the proceeds of TTFA bonds to be used to reimburse expenditures paid after the date that this Financial Plan is adopted by the Authority (or within 60 days prior to such date), in accordance with the applicable regulations of the U.S. Treasury Department, this Financial Plan, upon its adoption by the Authority in accordance with law, shall constitute a declaration of the intent of the Authority to issue obligations, as more fully described in Section IV(A) above, in the estimated principal amount of \$750.0 million, to pay or reimburse expenditures made prior to the date of issuance of such bonds for the costs of the Capital Program of NJDOT and NJ Transit for Fiscal Year 2022 and prior fiscal years.

V. Fiscal Year 2023 Operating Budget

The TTFA estimates the following operating expenses will be required during Fiscal Year 2023. The operating budget, which does not include costs of issuance relating to bond issuances or the monthly interest payments on debt service, is funded from the legislative appropriations to the TTFA:

FY 2023 ANTICIPATED OPERATING EXPENSES	
Description	Estimate
Legal Notices	\$ 5,000
Professional Services	45,000
Trustee Service Fees	35,000
Contingency	25,000
Total	\$ 110,000