

3

Roscoe P. Kandle, M. D.
State Commissioner of Health.

APPLICATION FOR THE APPROVAL OF PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR THE CONSTRUCTION
OF A MAUSOLEUM OR CREMATORIUM

_____ 19____

To the State Commissioner of Health,
Trenton 25, New Jersey.

Dear Sir:

In accordance with the applicable provisions of Title R.S. 26:6-42 to 49 of the
Revised Statutes of New Jersey, application is hereby made by

Name of Corporation, Company, Association or Individual

Address

_____ in the County of _____
Location of Structure Name of County

of the State of New Jersey, for the approval of plans and specifications prepared by

Name of Engineer or Architect and License No.

for the construction of:

1. A Mausoleum or Crematorium (Public) only

Location in Municipality

2. _____
Name of Cemetery

consisting of _____
Number of units - crypts - retorts

Provision of Water Supply

Disposal of Waste

from _____
Toilets, etc.

in the _____
Location of Cemetery

_____ Municipal Sewer

Proposal _____

The estimated cost for the work is \$ _____

Accompanying this application are plans, specifications and a report by the designing engineer, as required by the Rules and Regulations adopted by the Department of Health of the State of New Jersey on August 11, 1925, and the amendments thereof and supplements thereto.

The applicant (s) agree that the works will be properly constructed in accordance with the plans and specifications as approved, and the conditions under which the approval is granted by the State Department of Health of the State of New Jersey.

Additional remarks _____

Signed

Authorization to sign application is contained in

This application for approval must be signed by the proper officials or individuals having jurisdiction over the proposal.

THE STATUTES

Chapter 6. DISPOSAL OF DEAD BODIES

Article 7. PUBLIC MAUSOLEUMS, VAULTS, CRYPTS OR OTHER STRUCTURES FOR THE INTERMENT OF DEAD BODIES.

26:6-42. Consent and approval of local board to construction; powers of state department. No person shall build, construct or erect, wholly or partially above the surface of the ground, a public mausoleum, vault, crypt or other structure intended to hold or contain dead bodies, without the consent and approval of the local board of the municipality in which it is proposed to build or erect the structure, which consent shall be obtained by application in writing to the local board.

If the application is refused or not acted upon, the applicant therefor may, within thirty days after such refusal or failure to act thereon, apply to the state department which may reverse the decision of the local board and grant the application.

If the local board grants permission to build or erect the structure, resident freeholders of the municipality wherein it is proposed to locate the same may, within thirty days after the granting of the permit, apply to the state department on the ground that the erection of the structure is objectionable to the inhabitants of the municipality. The state department shall thereupon fix a time and place for a summary hearing of the application and may after the hearing, reverse the decision of the local board and prohibit the erection of the structure or may affirm the decision of the local board.

26:6-43. Plans and specifications; approval by state department. Full detailed plans and specifications of said structure shall be presented to the state department for its examination and approval before the commencement of the erection thereof. Before approving the plans and specifications the state department shall be satisfied:

a. That the plans and specifications provide for a structure so arranged that each and every part thereof may be readily examined at any time during construction by the state department or by the health officer of any county or city wherein the structure may be erected;

b. That proper provision is made for hermetically and permanently sealing each individual crypt or cell after the placing of a dead body therein, in such a way that no offensive odor or offuvia may escape therefrom into the interior of the building or vestibule; and

c. That the materials intended to be used in the construction thereof shall be of the best quality obtainable and either natural stone or United States standard bronze, with the exception of the crypts and foundations.

The front exterior walls of the structure shall be not less than six inches thick and of natural stone, granite or marble, of the character best suited for the respective purposes for which they were intended and so arranged with concrete or other material that all exterior walls shall be at least eighteen inches in thickness.

The approval of the plans and specifications by the state department shall be evidenced by a certificate in writing, properly signed, which certificate with the detailed plans and specifications so approved shall, before work is begun on the structure, be filed in the office of the clerk of the county wherein the structure is to be erected and there remain as a public record.

26:6-44. Supervision of construction by local board; change in plans. The process of construction and erection of the structure shall be at all times under the supervision of the local board, whose duty it shall be to see that the approved plans and specifications are complied with in every particular as to kind, quality, character and quantity of all materials. No departure or deviation from the original plans and specifications shall be permitted, except upon the approval of the state department evidenced and filed in like manner and form as the approval of the original plans and specifications.

26:6-45. Final certificate before use. No structure erected under the provision of this article shall be used for the purpose of interring or depositing therein any dead body until there shall have been obtained from the state department a final certificate

properly signed, or a certificate signed by a majority of the local board of the municipality in which the structure shall have been erected, which certificate shall show that the plans and specifications as filed have been complied with fully in every particular, nor until the certificate shall be filed with the clerk of the county wherein the structure is located.

26:6-46. Trust fund for perpetuation of structure before use. No structure constructed or erected under the provision of this article shall be used for the interment or depositing therein of a dead body until a trust fund shall have been established and set apart in accordance with the laws regulating trust funds in this state, of not less than ten percent of the total cost of the structure. The interest on the trust fund, and the interest only, shall be used for the perpetuation of the structure. This section shall not apply to private mausoleums or temporary receiving vaults.

26:6-47. Application of article. This article shall not apply to a public mausoleum, vault, crypt or other structure intended to hold or contain dead bodies, constructed or erected or in the course of construction or erection prior to March twenty-first, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen.

26:6-48. Violations; personal liability; misdemeanor. Any person, any member of a firm, or any officer or director of a corporation failing to comply with the provisions of this article shall be personally liable therefor and shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Articles 8. PENALTIES.

26:6-49. Amount; recovery. Except as otherwise specifically provided in this chapter, any person violating any provision of this chapter, or falsifying any certificate or record established by this chapter, or failing or refusing to perform any duty required by this chapter, shall be subject to a penalty of not less than five dollars nor more than fifty dollars for each first offense, and of not less than ten dollars nor more than one hundred dollars for each subsequent offense.

Such penalties shall be recovered in an action at law in the name of the state department in any court of competent jurisdiction. Actions commenced to recover any such penalties shall conform in all respects to the practice prevailing in the court in which the action is instituted.

MAUSOLEUMS

Outline of procedure for submission, examination and approval of data submitted to the Department of Health.

Circular 213 - 2nd Edition - 12-1946 (P 89-90-91)

R.S. 26-6-42-49, Disposal of Dead Bodies

"Article 7 Public Mausoleums, Vaults, Crypts or other structures for the interment of dead bodies."

REQUIRED OF THE APPLICANT

- (1) To file an application with the local board of health.
- (2) The local board of health may approve or disapprove or fail to act upon the application.
- (3) If the local board of health disapproves or fails to act upon the application, the applicant may, within 30 days after such disapproval, or 30 days after failure to act upon the application, appeal to the State Department of Health.
- (4) The State Department of Health may reverse any decision of the local board of health and approve an application submitted by the applicant.
- (5) If the local board of health approves the application, a copy of said approval is filed with the State Department of Health by the applicant.
- (6) If the approval by the local board of health is objectionable to resident property owners, wherein it is proposed to locate the structure, then 10 resident property owners may, within 30 days after the approval of the application, apply to the State Department of Health for a hearing. The State Department of Health shall fix a time and place for a summary hearing upon the applications and objections.

The State Department of Health may reverse or approve the decision of the local board of health and may permit or prohibit the erection of the structure.

- (7) Data to be submitted by the applicant to the State Department of Health:
 - (a) A copy of an approved application by the local board of health must be submitted to the State Department of Health.
(See (1) under Requirements).

MAUSOLEUMS

(7) Continued

- (b) An application (State Department Form) properly executed and signed by authorized person or persons and submitted to the State Department of Health.
- (c) Four (4) sets of completed detailed plans, specifications and two (2) reports are to be submitted to the State Department of Health for examination and approval before erection of the structure is started.

One (1) approved set is retained by the Department of Health.
One (1) approved set is returned to the applicant.
One (1) approved set is filed with the local board of health.
One (1) approved set is filed with the County Clerk.

DATA TO BE FURNISHED BY THE STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

Four (4) sets of approved plans, see Article 7
Three (3) certificates of approval.

One (1) certificate to be sent to the applicant.
One (1) certificate to be filed with the local board of health.
One (1) certificate to be filed with the County Clerk.

Trust Fund

26:6-46 = Trust funds for perpetuation of the structure before use and (after erection) is a concern of the Department of Banking and Insurance.

Article 7 does not apply to any public structure erected or in the course of erection prior to 3/21/16.

That R.S. 26:6-46 applies to public structures only.

"Trust Funds" do not apply to private mausoleums or Temporary Receiving Vaults.

The State Department of Health shall notify the Department of Banking and Insurance of its action in the issuance of a permit to construct.

MAUSOLEUMS

CONSTRUCTION

Structures wholly or partially above ground.

Note: (R.S. 26:6-44) Supervision of erection is under the jurisdiction of the local board of health.

- (1) All front exterior (exposed) walls shall be faced with six (6") inches in thickness of natural stone, granite, marble, etc., best suited for the respective purposes for which they were intended; (i.e., durability, esthetic value) and so bonded with concrete or natural stone that the total wall thickness shall be at least eighteen (18") inches and all exterior walls shall be at least eighteen (18") inches thick.

"U. S. Bronze" employed in the building consists of building hardware such as doors, sash, etc.

- (2) All crypts or cells shall be so designed that no discharge of effluvia or odor producing substances can escape within the interior of any part of the building.

The crypt or cell entrances (end or side) must be so designed that they can be hermetically sealed to prevent any of the aforesaid discharge into any part of the building interior.

- (3) The general design must be such that each and every part thereof may be examined at any time by representatives of the State Department of Health or the health official of any county or municipality wherein the structure may be erected.

The process of construction is at all times under the local board of health, who must see that the plans, specifications, and allied data so approved by the State Department of Health, are complied with in every respect.

All additions and alterations, to the plans and specifications and allied data approved as aforesaid, by the State Department of Health, shall also be submitted to the State Department of Health for examination and approval in the like manner and form as the original plans and specifications and allied data prior to the execution of the additions and alterations.

MAUSOLEUMS

FINAL CERTIFICATE

The structure when completed in construction cannot be used for the interment of dead bodies until a final certificate is properly signed and issued by the State Department of Health or a certificate properly signed and issued by a majority of the local board of health of the municipality in which the structure shall have been erected. Said certificate to show that the plans and specifications as filed with the Clerk of the County wherein the structure is located, have been fully complied with in every respect.

DRAINAGE AND VENTILATION OF CRYPTS A POLICY OF THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

Note: Drainage and ventilation of mausoleums, etc., are not covered by this statute, these subjects are governed by the enforcement of the building code of the municipality in which the structure is located. The drainage of each crypt consists of a 3/4" pipe in the bottom of each crypt and discharging into a main drain in the basement. The main drain discharges outside of the building into a French type drain. The ventilation of each crypt consists of a 3/4" pipe in the top of each crypt and discharges into a main ventilator above the ceiling, thence discharges into the atmosphere.

STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH OF THE STATE OF NEW JERSEY

Certification Approving Application of

Name of Company, Corporation, Association or Individual

for permission to construct and operate a (Public) Mausoleum or Crematorium in

County Municipality Name of Section of Municipality

New Jersey.

Name of Cemetery No. of Crypts - Niches

Date

An Application having been duly made to the State Department of Health of the State of New Jersey pursuant to the applicable provisions of Title 26:6-42 through 49 of the Revised Statutes (Mausoleums) or the provisions of N.J.S.A. 26:7-11 through 24 (Crematoriums) for approval of conditions under which

Name of Company, Corporation, Association or Individual of Applicant's Address

proposes to construct and operate a public Mausoleum or Crematorium as shown on

prints in number

and the approval of the proposed structure as granted on by the local board of health of the municipality in which the same is to be erected.

This is to certify that the State Department of Health of the State of New Jersey on this _____ hereby approves the plans and/or other engineering data accompanying said application and hereby grants permission to

Name of Company, Corporation, Association or Individual

to construct and operate a public _____
Mausoleum or Crematorium

Location of Structure

Name of Cemetery

to build said works in accordance with said plans and/or other engineering data, subject to the following conditions:

- I. That the permit is revocable or subject to modification or change, at any time when in the judgment of the State Department of Health of the State of New Jersey such revocation, modification or change shall be necessary.
- II. That the issuance of this permit shall not be deemed to affect in any way action by the State Department of Health of the State of New Jersey on any future application that may be made.
- III. That the proposed public mausoleum or crematorium shown by plans and/or other engineering data, which are this day approved subject to conditions herewith established, shall be fully constructed in complete conformity with such plans and/or other engineering data.
- IV. That, in the examination of plans and/or other engineering data, the State Department of Health does not examine into the efficiency of any mechanical equipment or apparatus; and the approval herewith given does not include these features.
- V. That no physical connection (s) shall be installed or permitted to exist between any unit or pipe line of any public potable water system and any unit or pipe line into or through which an unapproved water supply or wastes of any kind discharge or may discharge.
- VI. That in the examination of plans and/or other engineering data, the State Department of Health of the State of New Jersey does not examine into features which may involve potential gas hazards and explosion, and the approval herewith given does not include these features.
- VII. That the permit to construct a public mausoleum or crematorium herewith approved does not exempt of shall not be construed to exempt, the applicant from complying with Section 26:6-42 through 49 of the Revised Statutes, relative to mausoleums and N.J.S.A. 26:7-11 through 24 relative to crematoriums.

Application dated _____ signed by _____

Title _____

STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH OF THE STATE OF NEW JERSEY

Roscoe P. Kandle, M.D.
State Commissioner of Health

CREMATION OF DEAD BODIES

N. J. S. A. 26:7-11 through 24

An Act to regulate the cremation, and interment of the cremated remains, of dead human bodies, providing for the issuance of licenses, imposing penalties, and repealing chapter seven of Title 26 of the Revised Statutes.

26:7-11. "Person" defined

As used in this act the word "person" shall include any association, corporation, society or copartnership, and the singular shall include the plural.

26:7-12. License required; fee

No person shall engage in the business of cremating dead human bodies without first obtaining from the State Department of Health a license for that purpose. A fee of fifty dollars (\$50.00) shall be paid to the State Department for such license.

26:7-13. Application for license

Each application for a license shall be in writing and shall include such information as may be required by the State Department.

26:7-14. Rules and regulations

The business of cremating dead human bodies shall be conducted under such rules and regulations as may be adopted by the State Department.

26:7-15. Records

Each person engaged in such business shall keep at his place of business a record of each body cremated there, which record shall contain the following information:

- a. The name, last residence, age, place and date of death;
- b. The name and address of the nearest of kin or other person who authorized the cremation and the name and address of the funeral director or other person who delivered the body for cremation;
- c. The date of cremation and the disposition of the ashes of the body.

26:7-16. Burial permit

Any person who cremates any dead human body without first having received a permit for burial or other final disposition issued according to the laws or regulations of this or any other State shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

26:7-17. Revocation or suspension of license

The State Department may refuse to grant a license or may suspend or revoke a license issued under the provisions of this act, upon proof to its satisfaction that the applicant for or the holder of such license has violated any of the provisions of this act or any of the rules and regulations adopted by the State Department. Before a license shall be suspended or revoked, the holder of the license shall be furnished with a copy of the complaint and be given a hearing before the State Commissioner of Health.

26:7-18. Permit to use lands for interment of cremated remains

Any person may use any lands adjacent to a crematorium, belonging to such person, for the interment of the cremated remains of dead human bodies, upon obtaining a permit so to do from the local board of health of the municipality in which such lands are situated. Written application, including a description of the lands adjacent to the crematorium, shall be made to the local board for such permit. The local board may at its option grant or reject the application. If the local board denies the application or fails to act thereon within sixty days from the date of receiving the same, the person making it may apply to the State Department for a permit. The State Department may grant or reject the application, and its action shall be final.

26:7-19. Penalties for violations

Any person who violates any of the provisions of this act except section six, or who violates any rule or regulation of the State Department made pursuant to this act, or who shall refuse to comply with any lawful order or direction of the department, shall be liable to the following penalties:

- a. For each first offense a penalty of fifty dollars (\$50.00);
- b. For each second offense a penalty of one hundred dollars (\$100.00);
- c. For each third and every subsequent offense a penalty of two hundred dollars (\$200.00).

26:7-20. Payment of penalty deemed equivalent to conviction

Payment of a penalty for any alleged violation of this act or any rule or regulation of the State Department made pursuant thereto, either before or after the institution of proceedings for the collection thereof, shall be deemed equivalent to a conviction of the violation for which such penalty was claimed.

26:7-21. Enforcement of act and recovery of penalties

The provisions of this act shall be enforced and all penalties for the violation thereof shall be recovered in accordance with the provisions of the Penalty Enforcement Law (1948) (P.L. 1948, c. 253), and of any act amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto, and in addition to the provisions and remedies therein contained, the following provisions and remedies shall be applicable in any proceeding brought for a penalty for a violation under the provisions of this act:

- a. The following courts shall have jurisdiction of such proceeding in addition to those prescribed in said law, namely: county district courts and municipal courts;
- b. The complaint in such proceeding may be made on information and belief by any employee of the State Department of Health;
- c. A warrant may issue in lieu of summons in such proceeding;
- d. The hearing in such proceeding shall be without a jury;
- e. If the defendant in such proceeding shall fail to pay forthwith the amount of any money judgment rendered against him, the said defendant may be committed as provided in said law;
- f. Such proceeding may be instituted on any day of the week or on a Sunday or a holiday;
- g. Any sums received in payment of a money judgment entered in such proceeding shall be remitted to the State Department of Health;
- h. An appeal from any judgment entered in such proceeding may be taken to the county court of the county in which the proceeding was had in the manner provided in said law.

26:7-22. Jurisdiction to restrain acts in violation of laws or regulations

The Superior Court of this State is hereby vested with jurisdiction and discretionary power in an action in the court brought at the suit of the Attorney-General or of the State Department to prevent and restrain the cremation of dead human bodies by any person who has not first obtained the license required by this act, or to prevent and restrain the violation by any person of the provisions of this act, or of any rule or regulation promulgated hereunder.

26:7-23. Repeal

Chapter seven of Title 26 of the Revised Statutes is repealed.

26:7-24. Effective date

This act shall take effect immediately.

CREMATORIUMS
RULES AND REGULATIONS

The State Department of Health of the State of New Jersey pursuant to the authority vested in it by Chapter 177, Laws of 1947 and Chapter 236, Laws of 1950, hereby establishes the following Rules and Regulations for the construction of crematoriums and conducting the business of cremating dead human bodies. Any Rules and Regulations in these matters which may have been adopted by this Department prior to the effective date hereof, are hereby rescinded. C. 256 approved 6-20-1950.

State Department of Health of the State of New Jersey

BY:

Roscoe P. Kandle, M.D.
State Commissioner of Health

Effective Date: 10 June 1953
Filed with Secretary of State: 8 June 1953

RULES AND REGULATIONS FOR THE CONSTRUCTION AND OPERATION OF CREMATORIUMS
FOR CREMATING DEAD HUMAN BODIES

1. APPLICATIONS TO CONSTRUCT AND OPERATE

Any person desiring to obtain a license to engage in the business of cremating dead human bodies in this State shall submit plans, specifications and a written report on the design of the proposed crematorium to the State Department of Health of the State of New Jersey, together with a letter requesting an application thereof. Letters submitted on behalf of an association, corporation or any other legal entity shall indicate the names of its officials.

2. NUMBER OF APPLICATIONS, PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS AND REPORTS TO BE SUBMITTED

Letter and application	1 - Dept. Form
Preliminary plans (if submitted)	1 set
Preliminary report (if submitted)	1 set
Key Map	1 set
Final plans	2 sets
Final specifications	2 sets
Final report	1 set

One set of approval plans and specifications and a permit to construct and license to operate, indicated by a departmental stamp to that effect will be returned to the applicant.

3. ADDITIONS AND ALTERATIONS

All proposed additions or alterations to previously approved specifications and allied data shall be submitted to the Department in like manner and form as the original material was submitted for approval.

4. KEY MAP

Key maps submitted pursuant to these regulations shall indicate the boundary of the municipality in which the crematorium is to be located, the names of adjacent municipalities, the name of the cemetery in which the crematorium is to be constructed, the bounds of that cemetery and the site of the proposed crematorium therein.

5. REPORT

The report shall contain all design factors of all necessary facilities including the provisions for domestic sanitation and disposal, hot and cold water supply, lavatories, heat, fuel, light, ventilation and power, a complete detailed description of construction and installation of such units as the receiving room, casket vault, columbarium, retorts, natural and forced blowers, draft, stack, fuel supply and proposed means for the control of smoke, flyash, fire, gas, explosive hazards, odors and fuel.

6. FINAL PLANS

The final plans for construction and installation shall include drawings in plan, profile, elevation, sections and details of the receiving room, columbarium, retort, draft stack, ventilation, domestic sanitary waste disposal, hot and cold water supply, lavatories, systems for heat, fuel, light and power and proposed means for the control of smoke, flyash, fire, gas, explosive hazards and odors. These plans shall include provisions for adequate working and operating space, toilet and washing facilities.

7. CREMATORY UNIT

That portion of the crematorium building utilized for the cremation process and preparing bodies therefor shall be adjacent to but not a part of or within that part of the building used to receive bodies. The crematory unit shall be built of fire proof construction and include the retort, draft stack, breeching, baffels, curtain walls, smoke consumer, ventilation, natural and forced draft equipment, attendant room, hot and cold water supply, storage, heat, light and power, adequate doorways and working space, and efficient control mechanism for smoke, flyash, gas and odor.

8. THE RETORT

Component parts of the Retort shall consist of an adequate lining forming the interior side walls and roof of high temperature fire refractories and cement that will not spall, distort or repture under a temperature of 2500° F. The flooring shall consist of standard carborundum refractories and cement for such purposes. The exterior shall consist of an air space as insulation enclosed in standard furnace bricks; buck stays and tie rods shall be provided where required in standard similar units.

Adequate observation ports, working space, doorways, breeching, baffels, curtain walls shall be provided in addition to controls for temperature determination as well as for fuel, fire, draft, gas, smoke and odor.

Retort doors shall be tight and secured by positive latches.

Provision shall be made for installation of equipment insuring complete combustion.

9. DRAFT STACK

This stack shall be approximately 50' high from its base and constructed of standard materials employed for such purposes. It shall be equipped with natural and forced draft, smoke, flyash, gas and odor controls.

10. OPERATION OF A CREMATORIUM

(a) Cremation of a dead human body shall not begin without first having received a permit for burial or other final disposition issued according to the laws or regulations of this or any other State.

(b) The retort and its appurtenances shall be in proper working order and a sufficient supply of fuel shall be available to complete cremation of a body before cremation of that body may begin.

(c) The retort shall be operated at a minimum temperature of 2200°F. and in such fashion that all exhaust gases shall be free of flyash, smoke and odors.

11. DISPOSAL OF REMAINS

The remains of a body after its cremation shall be carefully collected, placed in a suitable container, marked for identification with the name of the person whose body was cremated, the date of cremation, and the name and location of the crematorium. In the absence of other directions by the deceased or authorized representative of the estate of the deceased, the remains shall be retained by the crematorium for a period of at least two years from the date of cremation.

12. RECORDS

There shall be maintained at the place of business of crematoriums a record of each body cremated there, which record shall contain the following information:

(a) The name, last residence, age, place and date of death;

(b) The name and address of the nearest of kin or other person who authorized the cremation and the name and address of the funeral director or other person who delivered the body for cremation;

(c) The date of cremation and the disposition of the ashes of the body.

Retyped: May 3, 1961
6E15:G8

STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH OF NEW JERSEY

Trenton, New Jersey

Date

CREMATORIUMS
LICENSE TO ENGAGE IN THE BUSINESS OF CREMATING
DEAD HUMAN BODIES

This is to certify that the State Department of Health of New Jersey under authority granted by Chapter , Laws of 1950 hereby approves the plans and/or other pertinent data accompanying the application and hereby grants a license to

_____ of _____
(Name of company, corporation or
cemetery association)

to engage in the business of cremating dead human bodies at a crematorium to be constructed at _____ in the _____
(Name of Municipality)

in the County of _____ subject to the following conditions:

1. That said crematorium shown by plans and/or other pertinent data, which are this day approved subject to conditions herewith established, shall be fully constructed in substantial conformity with such plans and/or other pertinent data.

2. That in the examination of plans and/or other pertinent data the State Department of Health of New Jersey does not examine into the structural features of the design, such as thickness of concrete or other materials, adequacy of reinforcing or the efficiency of any of the mechanical equipment or apparatus; and the approval herewith given does not include these features.

3. That in the examination of plans and/or other pertinent data the State Department of Health of New Jersey does not examine into features which may involve potential hazards from the discharge of gases, fumes and smoke, and the approval herewith given does not include these features.

4. That operators of the crematorium shall at all times comply with the provisions of Chapter , Laws of 1950 and with such rules and regulations as may be enacted thereunder by the State Department of Health of New Jersey.

5. That the license hereby granted shall remain in force for a period of only two years from the date of said license unless the said crematorium is constructed or a contract awarded for the construction of said crematorium.

Roscoe P. Kandle, M.D.
State Commissioner of Health