

Irvington Academy & Masonic Hall  
1827

# FRANKLIN LODGE

No. 10

## *A Centennial History*

1826-1926

BEING A BRIEF STORY OF  
FRANKLIN LODGE, NO. 10, F. AND A. M.,  
OF IRVINGTON, ONCE CAMPTOWN,  
NEW JERSEY

*By*

R. W. JOSEPH FULFORD FOLSOM, G. C.  
CHAPLAIN OF THE LODGE

*In Collaboration with*

PAST MASTERS

C. WILLIAM PFEIL

*and*

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IRVINGTON, NEW JERSEY

1926

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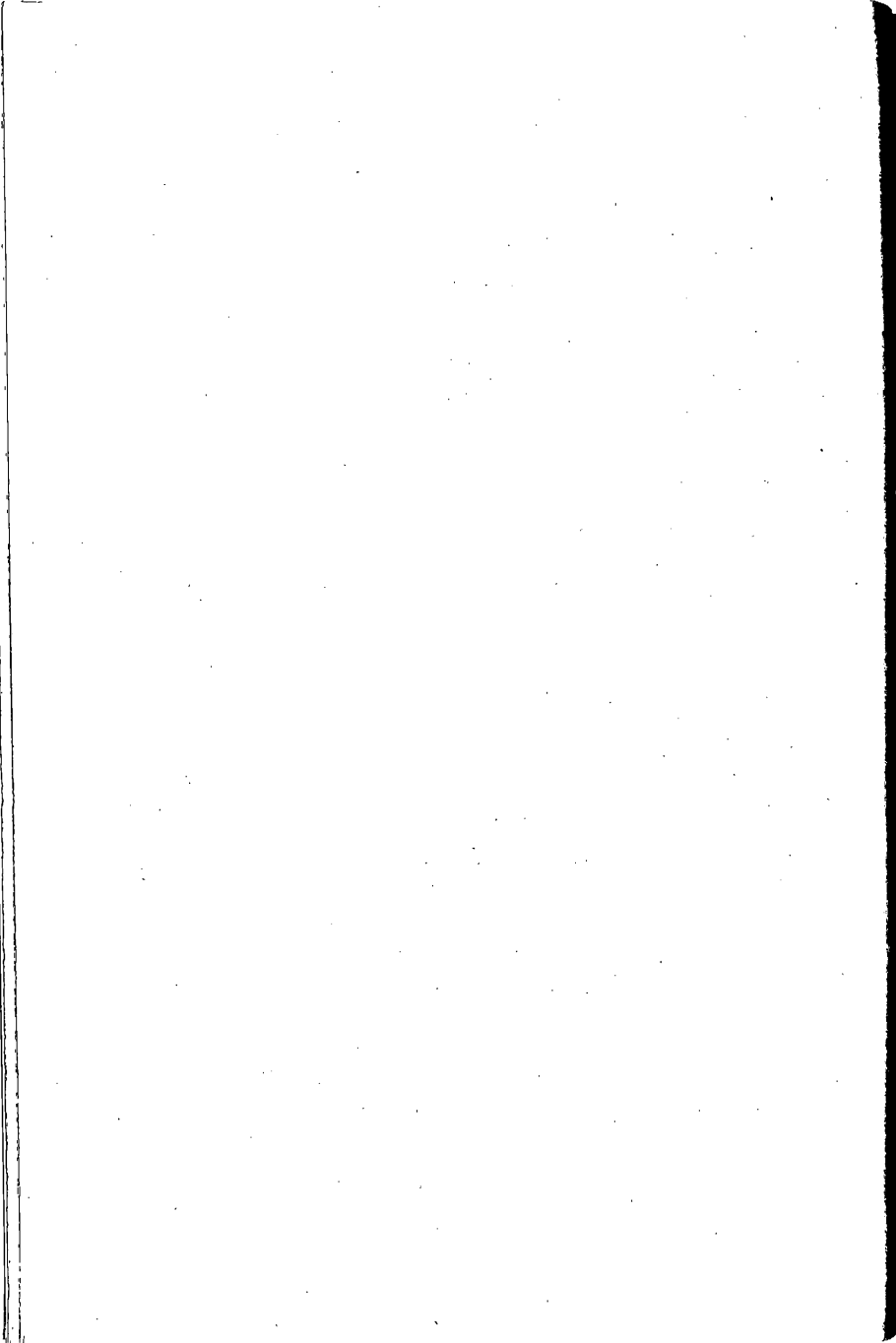
RIGHT WORSHIPFUL GRAND SECRETARY, ISAAC CHERRY,  
BROTHER DAVID MCGREGOR OF UNION LODGE, No. 11,

*and*

WORSHIPFUL BROTHER, HERBERT L. ALLWOOD,  
SECRETARY OF FRANKLIN LODGE.

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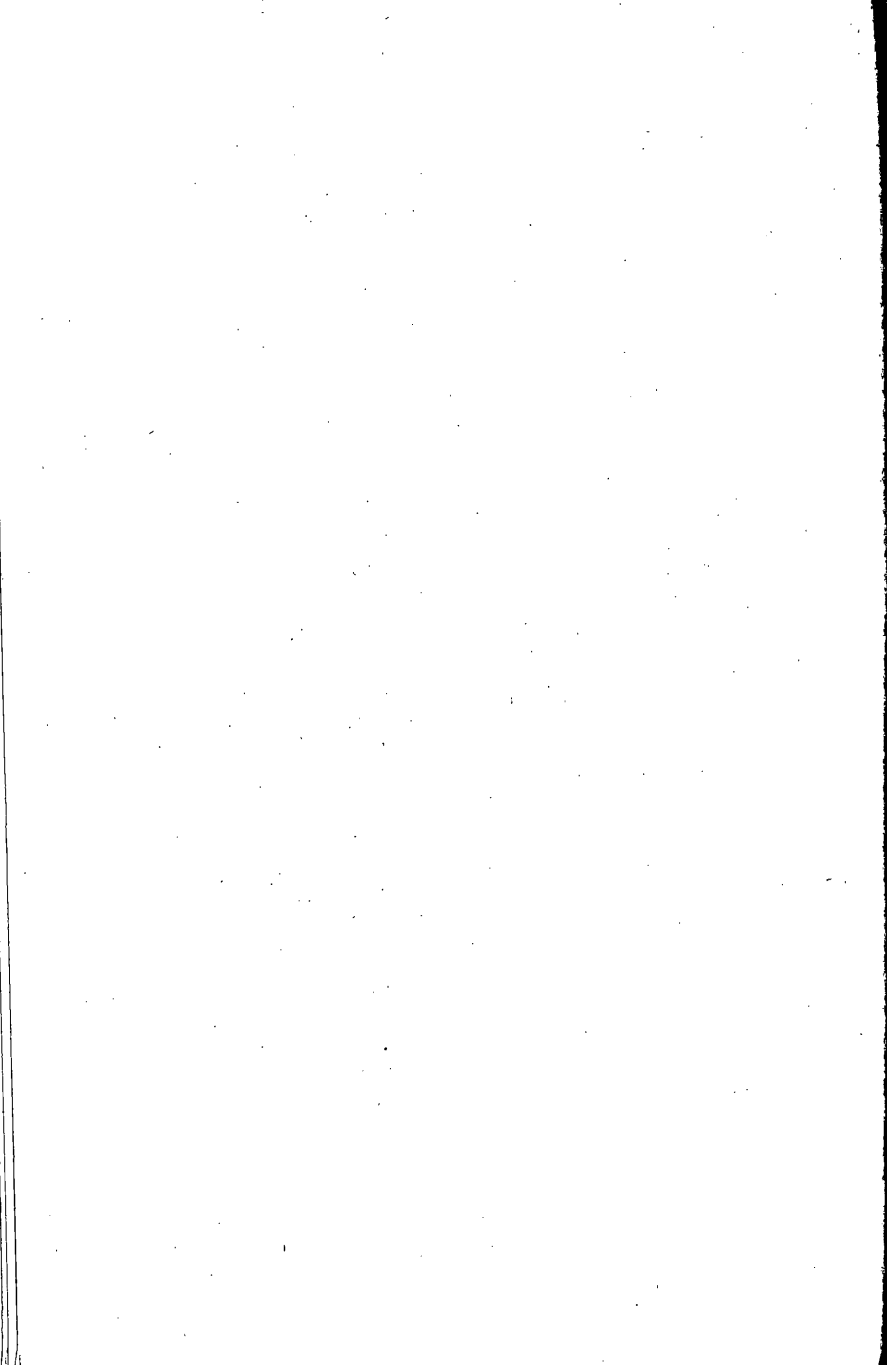
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# *Franklin Lodge*

## *A Centennial History*

### CHAPTER I.

#### THE FIRST STEPS.

ONE hundred years ago Franklin Lodge, with few members but with high hopes, set out on its travels. A great adventure lay ahead but the alluring goal of success and usefulness stimulated courage and dispelled fear and doubt. The starting off was without noise or pageantry, but from modest beginnings great matters often ensue. Taking a metaphor from an old-time adage, it might be said, and in this at least every devoted member of the lodge will agree, that the acorn hopefully planted in Camp-town has become the sturdy oak of Irvington. To support this metaphor, and to tell the story of the birth, growth and worth of Franklin, this brief essay in the field of local Masonic history is undertaken.

Camptown, Essex County, was an outlying village of Newark in 1826, and for the greater part of a century had been inhabited. A saw mill had been erected as early as 1746 which later successively came into the possession of Joseph, Caleb and Joseph Wheeler Camp. Union avenue was known as the "saw mill path", which name still survives in "Mill Road", where it crosses Elizabeth river. The early settlers mostly lived along the "Highway to the mountain", now Springfield avenue, which once included Park avenue between Union and Stuyvesant. They were Newark people, descendants of the early settlers, and they attended the "Old First" Presbyterian church in the town, three and a half miles away.

The Camps probably predominated numerically. At least their social or financial importance was sufficiently strong to cause the neighborhood to be named Camptown. An old-time writer has suggested that the name came from the camping here of Revolutionary soldiers, but there is no authentic record of any extensive military occupation. How early the neighborhood was known by this name is not definitely known. It probably was adopted not long after the Revolutionary War. The Newark town records speak of Camptown in 1799. A newspaper account of the death by accident of David Camp, son of Caleb, in 1803, mentions it.

Overseers of the highways were appointed in 1800 for Newark, Orange, Camptown, Bloomfield and Belleville. The name was logical enough and the great prominence of one member of the family, Caleb, who was known all over the State during the war, was sufficient to give it currency and popularity. Brushy Plain and Shaggy Swamp were local names for parts of this region before the Revolution.

What has been thus far said ought to prove that the people who lived in this neighborhood and founded this lodge were of excellent character. The Camptown folks were not gaping rustics even if those who first came from Newark had to clear their land and build their homes and mills in the woods. Newark was their market, their voting place, their social and religious center and their lodge town. They were in touch with all the affairs of the town where their cousins and their aunts lived, and if anything exciting took place they had a share in the thrills. Caleb Camp, father of Joseph Wheeler, the first Master of Franklin, was frequently the moderator of the annual town meeting of Newark, and almost continuously an official of the town.

Camptown began to flourish as a village early in the nineteenth century when suddenly it found itself located on the main post road from New York to Philadelphia. The building of bridges over the Hackensack and the Passaic rivers had made the Turnpike through the present Harrison a popular route, and from Newark the "flying machines", or fast stages, went by the present Springfield avenue through Camptown. This road was rebuilt as a turnpike in 1806, making it a good road to the south and the west. Miss Margaret Dwight, daughter of President Timothy Dwight of Yale College, while enroute to Ohio in 1810 took lunch on October 24 at Camptown. One of the natives afforded her some amusement. Her diary records the following:

"There was a man to-day in Camptown where we stopped to eat, not oats but gingerbread, who inquired or rather expected we were going to the 'hio'. We told him yes, and he at once concluded it was to get husbands. He said winter was coming on and he wanted a wife and believed he must go there to get one. I concluded of course the next thing would be a proposal to Miss Wolcott or me to stay behind and save trouble for us both, but nothing would suit him but a rich widow, so our hopes were soon at an end. Disappointment is the lot of man and we may as well bear them with a good grace."

It would be useless to speculate as to who this village cut-up might have been or as to whether he ever applied for admission at the doors of Franklin.

The Camptown Masonic brethren were affiliated with the lodges of other neighborhoods, most of them probably hailing from St. John's, Newark. This parent lodge of New Jersey was constituted in 1761 and held its early

meetings in the Rising Sun Tavern. When the new Newark academy was completed in 1795 it began to hold its communications in that building, located at the corner of Broad and Academy streets, where now the Post Office stands. To meet with the brethren the Masons of Camp-town traveled the intervening three and a half miles in heat or cold, and by lantern gleam or the light of the moon; afoot, horseback or by chair or wagon. Naturally they looked for the day when they might have a lodge in their own neighborhood. Among these wayfarers were Joseph Wheeler Camp, Ezekiel Ball, James Tichenor, Jr., and Horace Harrison and others of the group which finally founded Franklin Lodge.

Then came the memorable year 1826. The jubilee was on which commemorated the close of a half-century since the Declaration of Independence. It was the year in which on July 4, the two great statesmen of the Revolution, and former Presidents of the United States, John Adams and Thomas Jefferson, passed away. It was the year of the organization of the first temperance society in America. It was the year of the mysterious death of one, William Morgan. It was the year Camptown was honored with a United States Post Office. Last but not least it was the year of the constituting of Franklin Lodge No. 53. There were celebrations everywhere. Newark with elaborate ceremonies laid a cornerstone for a proposed monument which stone still lies at the foot of Military Park.

Franklin Lodge was officially conceived when on Washington's Birthday, February 22, 1826, the following action was taken by St. John's Lodge, No. 2, of Newark, and recorded in the minutes: "Brother Joseph W. Camp,

Ezekiel Ball, James Tichenor, Jr., and Horace Harrison, applied for their discharge for the purpose of forming a new lodge at Camptown, which was granted them. Brother Joseph Camp and others, prayed for a recommendation to the Grand Master, which was unanimously given." With such a cordial send-off and unanimous recommendation to give them credit with the Grand Lodge these Camptown brethren expeditiously presented their petition. Right Worshipful Deputy Grand Master John S. Darcy, a resident of Newark, a prominent physician and one of the most influential citizens of his day, granted their request and issued them during March a warrant of dispensation. The lodge was to be known as Franklin, in honor of one of the greatest men of America, a statesman, diplomat, philosopher, scientist and Mason. Brother Darcy on April 15, following, installed under the dispensation the officers. While no actual record of their names exists, the records having been lost through fire, there scarcely can be a doubt that the same officers were then installed as those afterward installed during the same year at the constituting of the lodge. They were Joseph W. Camp, Worshipful Master; Allen Osborn, Senior Warden, and Lyman S. Averill, Junior Warden. The following six months were spent in holding stated communications, and probably admitting new members.

Their meetings were held in what is now known as the first academy, built in 1808, the brethren having furnished a room at a cost of four or five hundred dollars on the second story. It was located on the site of the succeeding academy of 1827, long the home of Franklin. Of these historic edifices more later will be unfolded.

Franklin Lodge, No. 53, was duly constituted, and the officers authorized in the warrant of November 14, were installed during the month of November, 1826. The exact date is not known, and probably only the original minutes lost in the fire, could reveal it. The proceedings of the Grand Lodge session of November 27, 1827, contain this reference in the report of the Grand Master :

"In November last, Worshipful Brother John E. Ruckle (being duly authorized) attended at Camptown, in the County of Essex, and installed the officers of the new lodge in that place, called Franklin Lodge, No. 53. I regret to state that in a few days thereafter, the Academy in that place, the upper room of which had, by the members of Franklin Lodge, at a very considerable expense, been fitted up as a lodge room, was accidentally destroyed by fire, together with their warrant, and all their furniture and clothing except the officers' jewels."

The date of the constitution was possibly Saturday, November 25, 1826, presuming that the lodge met regularly on the last day of the week, the installation under the dispensation during the previous April having been carried through on that day. The academy fire, however, mentioned by the Grand Master as having occurred a few days later, can now be exactly dated. It happened on Monday night, December 4, 1826. The news of it was published in the *Sentinel of Freedom* of December 12, published in Newark. This valuable historical item is too important to abbreviate. It runs in full as follows :

"Fire. We regret to learn that the commodious two-story academy of Camptown, in the vicinity of this place, took fire on Monday night, the 4th inst., and fell a prey to the devouring element. The fire was discovered about 11 o'clock and the signal immediately given, but all the

promptitude of the citizens, with all their combined efforts, proved unavailing. The fire had got the mastery—it maintained a hold, until scarce a wreck remained. The fire is supposed to have taken from a barrel placed under the stairway for the deposit of ashes. The destruction of this building will be severely felt by our fellow citizens of Camptown. Their school-room is gone, and with it the place where the neighborhood have stately held public worship. The brethren of the Masonic fraternity have also shared in the calamity. At an expense of four or five hundred dollars, the second story of this building has been accommodated to their use, and we understand nothing was rescued from the fire but their jewels. Considering that the erection of the building was originally accomplished only by the greatest exertions, we have no doubt the public will commiserate in the misfortune of our neighbors and lend a helping hand to repair their loss.”

Very obviously this disaster was a hard blow, not only to the happy anticipations of the ambitious new lodge, but to the village of Camptown as well. This “academy” or schoolhouse was a frame structure, adorned with a steeple and bell, but it had been built by public subscriptions, and was less than twenty years old. The town was proud of it. The first subscription was opened in 1806, “for the purpose of building a school-house in Camptown”, and among the larger givers were Caleb Camp, Joseph Wheeler Camp, the Osborns, the Roberts, the Baldwins, the Tichenors, the Hayes’, the Lyons, and others whose family names are connected with the history of the town and the lodge. Two years later a subscription was opened to finish the lower part. Another was opened to paint the building and still another for “glazing the upper part of the school-

house". Caleb Camp's account book shows that the school was raised and built by "frolics", at which functions the neighbors got together and had a good time. One item speaks of "cash for bread and cheese raising", the amount reaching \$6.39 for the feast. Without other evidence the mention of "raising" would indicate a frame structure. The bread and cheese may sound dry to the modern taste, accustomed on public occasions, to sandwiches, cake and ice cream, but when it is stated that rum worth 18½ cents the quart was passed around to help wash it down, it looks different. Some of the money was raised by a lottery at one dollar a ticket, and some of the folks bought as many as twenty-five. The only person credited with having won anything was Stephen Jagger who received \$3.60.

Franklin Lodge in 1826 had fitted up the second story of this well-built and commodious schoolhouse, called the "academy" and here during more than half of the year it had held its meetings. The fire having burned it to the ground the brethren were without a lodge room and the village without a school. Much sympathy was aroused by this misfortune, and various neighboring lodges made contributions toward putting Franklin again on its feet. A list of the contributing lodges with the amounts they gave probably never can be compiled, but one of them was Caldwell Lodge, and that lodge, it is said, preserves with pride an acknowledgment from the Franklin brethren.

November 14, 1826, will always be a high peak in the historical background of Franklin. On that day, as has been stated, the Grand Lodge of the State of New Jersey granted to this lodge its warrant. The records of the session contain the following:

"A petition was presented by Joseph W. Camp and others, all Master Masons, praying that a warrant be granted to them to form a new Lodge in the village of Camptown, in the county of Essex, to be called "Franklin Lodge, No. 53," which petition was read; whereupon, on due consideration, it was

"ORDERED, that a warrant do issue and that Joseph W. Camp be the first Master, Allen Osborn the first Senior Warden, and Lyman S. Averill the first Junior Warden of said Lodge."

It is regrettable we do not know the names of those who come under the designation of "others" who petitioned for a warrant. The early minutes of the lodge have been lost. We are fortunate, however, in knowing the names of the first officers, and several of those three other members, previously mentioned, who received their discharge from St. John's to join Franklin. Thus six names only have been saved from apparent oblivion.

Joseph Wheeler Camp, the first Master, and the "father" of Franklin Lodge, was born in 1784. His father, Caleb Camp, was prominent in the public life of the town, the county and the state. He held many offices in Newark, and for years was repeatedly the moderator of the annual town meetings. Even down to old age he continued in public affairs. He was in the exciting Revolutionary year of 1775 the chairman of the Committee of Observation for Essex county, and later he was member of the Council of Safety. He was Speaker of the House in the New Jersey Legislature in 1778, succeeding John Hart, one of the New Jersey signers of the Declaration of Independence. It was said of him with all truth that he was "a truly great and good man". He was a farmer and mill owner in Camptown, the present Union avenue being a path,

or road, leading down to his mill site on Elizabeth river.

Joseph, his son, who was known as "Wheeler Camp," succeeded to an interest in the mill, and at his father's death in 1817 became its owner. He was a man of prominence and leadership. He was sheriff of Essex county from 1827 to 1829. Something of his early Masonic career is also known. He was initiated in St. John's Lodge on January 10, 1816. He passed to the fellowcraft degree two weeks later, and was on February 24, 1816, raised to the sublime degree of Master Mason. He was elected Master of St. John's on December 22, 1824. This Masonic experience well equipped him for the office of Master in the new lodge at Camptown.

Allen Osborn, the first senior warden, seemingly did not demit from St. John's, No. 2, but probably came from some nearby lodge. Not only did he help to found Franklin in 1826, but later as we shall learn, he was among those who helped to revive its activities.

Lyman S. Averill, the first junior warden, was for many years the preceptor of the Camptown Academy.

After the burning of the lodge room the brethren met by special dispensation for a year, holding their communications in the rooms of St. John's Lodge in Newark. St. John's at this time had its lodge rooms in the Newark Academy, at the corner of Broad and Academy streets, where now is the Newark Post Office. This famous academy was finished in 1792, and the lodge room of St. John's was dedicated in June, 1795, with imposing ceremonies attended by many visiting from New Jersey and New York lodges. When the academy was sold out to the Government in 1855, for use as a post office, St. John's found other quarters.

What were the activities of Franklin Lodge during the period between the heart-breaking fire of December 4, 1826, and the next meeting of the Grand Lodge, held on November 13, 1827, only can be imagined. They are not on record, or at least the records are lost. Even the name of the first secretary, who probably wrote up the minutes of the communications held in the rooms of St. John's, is unknown. If found these minutes undoubtedly would reveal many facts and events of great interest at this centennial celebration. They would tell us when a new warrant of dispensation was granted after the fire, when the first meeting was held in St. John's lodge rooms, what lodges aided Franklin in its troubles, and when the lodge began its occupancy of the new brick academy built in 1827. Franklin had a part in the erection of that now famous and revered edifice, a picture of which adorns this history, and that part would be clearer if its minutes and its accounts were not lost. However that all may be the Grand Lodge on the date above mentioned issued to this lodge a new warrant, and made to it a contribution of twenty-five dollars.

A search of the newspapers of that period has not revealed any account of the completion or the formal opening of the Academy, but the occasion must have been one of much gratification to the lodge, as well as to the town. It was a more substantial edifice than its predecessor of 1808, and it remained a cherished landmark and peculiar feature of Camptown and Irvington until its removal in 1913, brought about through another fire. It was this building which became the center of education and of light, both for the town and for the infant lodge.

And then the dark! Not that the light of Franklin went wholly out, but that a cloud which spread generally over the Masonic world of America, affected its growth and postponed its expected harvest. That cloud was the famous Morgan affair, at first no bigger than a man's hand but which grew to be nation wide, and taking the form of Anti-Masonry, seemed for a while impenetrable. Under this heavy cloud a large proportion of the lodges surrendered their warrants and ceased their work, while many others for a while languished between life and death. It was a critical time. Many prominent members of the craft, fearful of political consequences, or influenced by the attitude of their religious leaders, were constrained to take to cover when the storm was fiercest. It was an age of great religious awakenings. Revival meetings were held in the churches, and camp-meetings in the woods. Because of the Morgan affair an anti-Masonry sentiment developed in these circles. The idea of a secret society was an abomination. It was hard for the Masonic brethren, most of them devout men, to stem this opposing tide. They simply drifted, knowing in their hearts the worthiness of the craft, and praying for better times. Many attended their lodge's communications when such were held, but lodges and even grand lodges suspended their activities during these depressing years. Out of New York's four hundred and fifty lodges only from fifty to ninety, during the period from 1827 to 1839, were represented in Grand Lodge.

The Grand Lodge jurisdiction of New Jersey suffered with the rest. Many lodges of this State ceased to work and when a clean up was made in 1842 many were stricken from the roll.

Franklin Lodge, like the others, felt the force of the opposition. In fact this lodge was born under a star of trouble. Even before its constitution and conflagration and while working under a dispensation, the William Morgan trouble began to darken its sky. On September 12, 1826, this misguided man on being released from the Canandaigua, New York, jail, to which he had been committed on a petty charge, was on September 12, 1826, kidnapped by four men, afterward convicted, three upon confession, of abduction. Undoubtedly his abduction was caused by his base alleged expose of the secrets of Masonry, and these men, in their zeal for the craft took unlawful and un-Masonic measures to teach him a lesson. He was carried to Fort Niagara on Niagara River, and there placed in an old magazine. That is the last known about his fate. It was held that he was drowned by these or other Masons while being taken across the river to Canada. The four men mentioned, as well as the sheriff of the county and another man, were given sentences for abducting and aiding, but nobody ever was convicted of murder. Seemingly the four citizens who abducted him intended to exile him into Canada, but whether they or others murdered him through drowning is still no more than a probability. It never was proved.

This story went like wildfire throughout the country, and it was known in Camptown when the lodge was constituted, though as yet nobody had been brought to trial. About a year later, however, while the lodge was awaiting the completion of the new academy, and expecting a new warrant, the *Sentinel of Freedom*, a Newark paper, published on September 11, 1827, a full story of the Morgan affair in which the facts as far as known were revealed.

With the new academy finished and the lodge housed in its third story no doubt there was a revived enthusiasm, and a temporary gain in membership; but the Morgan cloud grew heavier and the growth of the lodge was interrupted. In truth its very life flickered dangerously toward extinction. We are told that through strenuous efforts occasional meetings were held, and that enough money was collected to pay the Grand Lodge dues year by year.

These "dark ages" of Franklin, in which, however, the true light never went out, extended from 1827 to 1841. Of those years no minutes remain to reveal its activities, and the records of the Grand Lodge show no official representatives from Camptown at its annual communications. But we need not assume that work ceased, but there is, on the contrary, evidence to show that the brethren held fast. Few in number but steadfast in loyalty they met regularly, or intermittently, through the years, retaining their revered warrant of 1827, and waiting for brighter days. "Past Master" Joseph W. Camp is recorded as having attended the Grand Lodge session of November 9, 1830, and while Franklin is not listed as having sent a representative on that occasion his presence virtually was such. Probably at that time Allen Osborn was master of the lodge, and nobody knows how many times thereafter during the succeeding decade he held that office.

Then came the year 1841. It was for Franklin the darkness before the dawn, as, indeed, for most of the lodges of the State of New Jersey and of America. The Grand Lodge, in session on November 9, 1841, enacted the following, "That the Grand Secretary be instructed to give information to all dormant lodges under the jurisdiction of the Grand Lodge that if they send representa-

tives at the next annual communication, and pay one year's dues, they shall be restored to their former standing."

At this session Franklin was included in a list of thirty-three lodges which were not working, but had not surrendered their warrants. They still kept the faith, but were unable to be active. On the other hand the many lodges which had surrendered their warrants had bowed to anti-Masonic opposition or had given up in despair. The warrant-holding but non-working lodges were termed "dormant", and there was always hope that they would revive.

When the Grand Lodge met on November 8, 1842, there was a big clearing-up time. The Grand Secretary had sent out the ultimatum of the previous session, and had looked for responses from the lodges. He had made up his little list and now was ready with his report. Franklin, No. 53, is mentioned among those slated to be stricken off. Apparently they had not responded to the action by sending a representative, or by sending in their dues, and yet in the same report Franklin is given a new number and is included in a list of ten lodges to be renumbered. These lodges were St. John's, No. 1; Brearley, No. 2; Cincinnati, No. 3; Tuckerton, No. 4; Trenton, No. 5; Lebanon, No. 6; Newark, No. 7; Clinton, No. 8; Washington, No. 9; Franklin, No. 10.

Positively Franklin never was officially stricken from the roll because its receiving a new number at the same communication in which it was listed to be stricken off proves it was retained. The probable explanation of this paradoxical situation is that when the grand secretary was making up his roll of the session of 1842 he found no representative of Franklin present, and had not received as yet the required dues. Accordingly he added the lodge

to his stricken off list consistently with the action of the previous year. Then in all probability during the session he received the dues and a sufficient excuse for the failure to send a representative, with perhaps assurances that the lodge would still carry on. Then he added Franklin to the list of the working and renumbered lodges which were thereafter to be recognized as constituents of the Grand Lodge, and forgot to cross it off on the other list. When his report was written in the minutes the name of the lodge still remained on the list of those stricken off. Another bit of evidence goes to support the view that Franklin never was stricken off is found in the fact that when Allen Osborn and his brethren of Camptown requested a dispensation a few weeks later it was not for the purpose of a restoration of warrant or status, but simply to "re-open and resuscitate". Franklin never was off the rolls, it never voluntarily or by compulsion surrendered its warrant, and while it lay for a time "dormant", its light never went out. There is even a stronger proof of the unbroken career of this lodge. It is the revered warrant under which it still holds its communications. This time-scarred parchment bears the date of 1827, when it was granted to take the place of the original warrant of 1826, lost by fire. What evidence more compelling could be asked?

The aftermath of the 1842 Grand Lodge session and the renumbering of Franklin to be No. 10, is revealed in the report of Grand Master Daniel B. Bruen, on November 14, 1843. He said, "I also received an application from Allen Osborn and eight others (members of Franklin Lodge 53), praying for a dispensation to re-open and resuscitate said Lodge. I accordingly granted them a dis-

pensation for that purpose (subject to the regulations of the Grand Lodge) and on the 24th May, 1843, I repaired to Camptown, and with the assistance of the Senior Grand Warden and other brethren, I installed the officers of that lodge and I am happy to state that they are prosperously pursuing their labors."

This occasion was made notable. The Grand Lodge and visiting brethren attended in force to hearten the Camptown brethren along a new stage of their travels. The going had been hard but now the road was to be smoother. Here is the story of the installation as told by the records:

"A special session of the M. W. Grand Lodge was opened under the following officers, viz.: Most Worshipful Brother Daniel B. Bruen, Grand Master; Right Worshipful William H. Earl, Senior Grand Warden; Worshipful Brother Ira Merchant, Junior Grand Warden Protem; Brother James Jagger, Grand Treasurer Protem; Worshipful Brother Thomas H. Osborn, Senior Grand Deacon Protem; Brother Smith Robert, Junior Grand Deacon Protem; Brother Jonathan B. Burdick, Grand Tyler Protem; Worshipful Brother James Gamble, Grand Secretary Protem.

"The following brethren were also present: Worshipful Brother Edward Stewart, Brothers Bartholomew West, Thomas B. Pierson, Jonas Agens, John R. Crockett, Israel Wardell and Joel Harrison. The Warrant of Dispensation having been read, the following officers were installed as follows: Allen Osborn, Worshipful Master; Mathias W. Ross, Senior Warden; Lyman S. Averill, Junior Warden; Jeremiah Jagers, Treasurer; Sears Roberts, Jr., Secretary; Thomas H. Osborn, Senior Deacon; Smith Roberts, Junior Deacon; Jonathan B.

Burdick, Tyler. A petition for the Degrees of Masonry was received from Mr. Ezra Durand. The Lodge having given their approval by a special dispensation of the Most Worshipful Grand Master, the candidate was prepared and received the degree of Entered Apprentice. Brother Durand was passed to the degree of Fellow Craft and raised to the Sublime Degree of Master Mason on June 15th, 1843."

Visualizing the brethren with their coats off working hard under their new dispensation, let us reflect upon the spectacle. All honor to these brethren, led by Allen Osborn, who had the courage to start out afresh in Masonic labor. The first Worshipful Master, Joseph Wheeler Camp, had doubtless done everything possible to help in stemming the tide of opposition. He became in 1827 the sheriff of Essex county and served two years. He previously had been a town surveyor, town committeeman, overseer of highways, and had held various other offices at times. Possibly when the Morgan storm was heaviest his political prominence forced him to caution in matters Masonic. He died of consumption August 13, 1838, and was laid away in the "Old First" Presbyterian Church burying-ground, where still sleep unmolested by the realtor the honored dead of old-time Newark.

Here after a brief search made on October 13, 1926, was discovered the grave of the First Master of Franklin, between those of his wife and his honored father, Caleb Camp, known during the Revolution as "the most active patriot of Essex county". A photograph of this quaint scene, showing the tombstones and their inscriptions, taken by Brother David McGregor, embellishes this history. Upon the First Master's grave on November 14, 1926, a



IN

MEMORY OF

JOSEPH W. CAMP

WHO DIED

AUG. 19, 1838

AGED 34 YEARS

IN

MEMORY OF

JULIA

WIFE OF

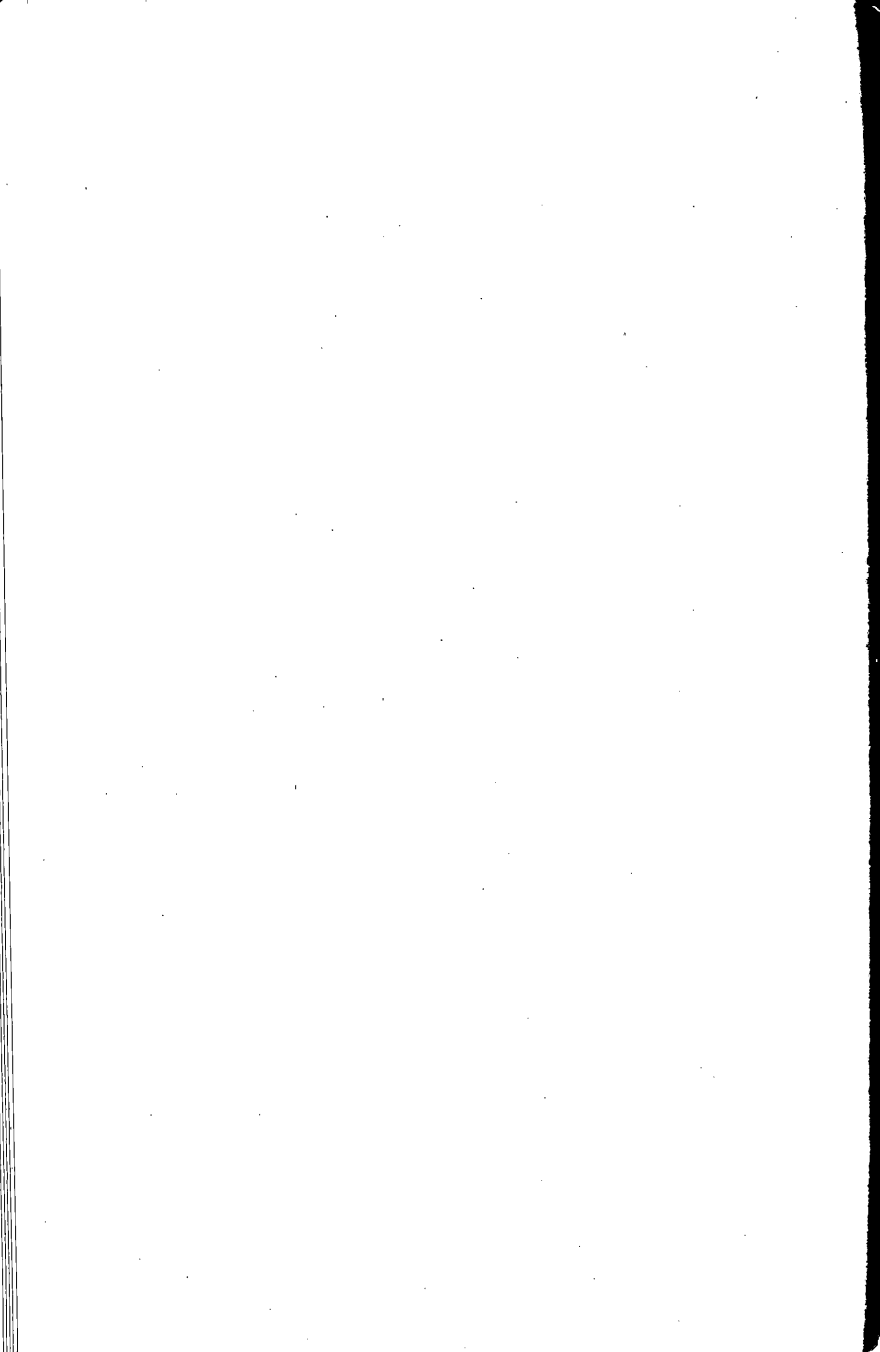
JOSEPH W. CAMP

WHO DIED

OCT. 21, 1870

AGED 44 YEARS

HEADSTONE OF JOSEPH WHEELER CAMP  
FIRST MASTER OF FRANKLIN LODGE, 1826



wreath was reverently laid by Worshipful Master Walter Talmage. This token was a commemorative tribute paid a century after his installation. Franklin Lodge ever will count this silent plot a sacred shrine.

How beautifully appropriate in this connection is a paragraph from the Masonic ritual recited at burials: "Here, around us, sleep the unnumbered dead. The gentle breeze fans their verdant covering, they heed it not; the sunshine and the storm pass over them, and they are not disturbed; stones and lettered monuments symbolize the affection of surviving friends; no sound proceeds from them; but from the grave comes to us the silent admonition, seek ye the narrow path and the straight gate that leads unto eternal life."

But Allen Osborn, in 1826 the first Senior Warden, survived the dark period of anti-Masonry, and four years after the death of "Wheeler Camp", as has been shown, he led in the reconstructing of Franklin Lodge. He had never given up, and seemingly almost single-handed he had carried on through thick and thin, and mostly the latter. It was his determination which held the warrant and paid the dues. What offices he held from 1826 until 1843 only the lost minutes of that period could tell. He may have been master, secretary, and most anything, when there were few to work. After the rehabilitation of 1843 he was worshipful master during six years.

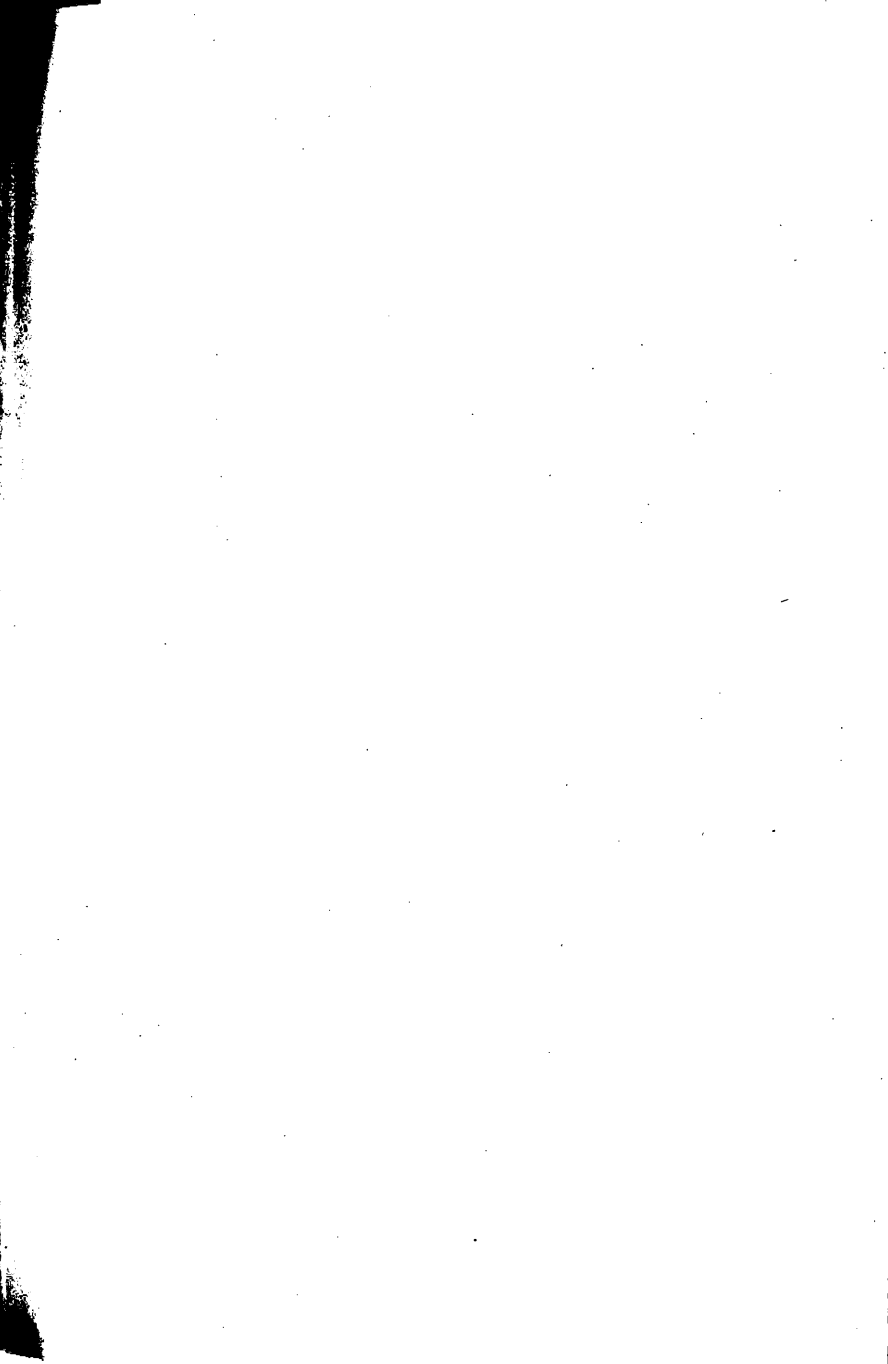
This appreciation of his worth is not simply retrospective praise popularly characterized as flowers after death, for he received recognition from his own generation. He was elected Junior Grand Warden of the Grand Lodge of New Jersey in 1844 and held that office until 1847. Another who held fast was Lyman S. Averill, junior warden

in 1826 and again in 1843. His previous affiliations are unknown. He was not from St. John's but is mentioned as visiting that lodge on October 11, 1826.

Horace Harrison, one of the founder group of 1826, has had descendants, direct or collateral, to carry his family name on the rolls of Franklin through the century.

Our curiosity lingers around the figure of John E. Ruckle, who, with the authority of the Grand Master, installed under the first dispensation the officers of Franklin in May, 1826. He is recorded as a visitor to the Grand Lodge in that year and again in other years. To what lodge and locality he belonged is not known. We do know that he was elected Grand High Priest of the Grand Chapter of New Jersey on November 18, 1826.

Here closes appropriately the first chapter. By way of recapitulation it might be said that Franklin Lodge, No. 53, went over the line in 1826 like a thoroughbred. Then came a few days later the fire, and then the inconveniences of the following year of 1827. With a new start in 1827 the skies seemed brighter, but the Morgan cloud that grew and grew halted the progress, but could not kill the spirit of the faithful brethren who kept enduringly in the race and ultimately saw the clouds roll by. This Centennial celebration is not simply a jubilant feast. It is an honoring memorial to those who first labored that others might under fairer skies enter into their labors, and hand on the torch undimmed to those who yet shall follow.





WALTER H. TALMAGE  
MASTER

## CHAPTER II.

### "A NEW NAME WRITTEN"

**T**HOUGH Franklin had been renumbered and included in the list of working lodges on November 8, 1842, it had requested early in 1843 a dispensation to re-open and resuscitate. The warrant given in answer to their request is called one of dispensation, but it differed in significance, if not in form, from such warrants. The lodge still, as we have seen, retained its constitutional warrant of 1827. This was never surrendered, and never annulled. Evidently the brethren agreed to a new dispensation to permit them to rearrange communications and to aid them, through having the Grand Lodge install their new officers, toward getting a fresh start. As they still retained their old warrant such a dispensation seems to have been less a legal necessity than a helpful expedient. The same situation seems to have obtained regarding the action of the Grand Lodge of November 14, 1843, in granting the request for a restoration of the warrant. The restoration seems to have been more a declaratory enactment than an actual procedure. Franklin's warrant had never been away from Camptown.

However, in pursuance of this declaratory enactment the brethren of Camptown assembled on January 4, 1844, and the lodge being opened by Right Worshipful Brother William H. Earl, Senior Grand Warden, the following officers were installed: Allen Osborn, Worshipful Master; Thomas Belcher, Senior Warden; Ezra Durand, Junior Warden; Jeremiah Jagers, Treasurer; Sears Roberts, Jr., Secretary; Josiah O. Baldwin, Senior Deacon; Matthias W. Ross, Junior Deacon; Jonathan B. Burdick, Tyler.

From this time forward Franklin Lodge, No. 10, held regular communications and performed its full duty as a Masonic body. The membership was small, but year by year there were additions, more than enough to make up for deaths and removals. In 1853 it counted ten members, the same number as in 1843, and the next year, 1854, the roll, under Worshipful Master John Van Cleve, reached twenty-three. These were the days when the lodge met by the light of the moon, so that brothers might find their way over the dark roads of Camptown with more pleasure and convenience. These also were the days when a sick brother in distress, or a needy family, was visited by the brethren carrying baskets of food and clothing, contributed or purchased for the particular occasion. These were the days when Seth Boyden, the famous inventor, came to Middleville, near Camptown, and cultivated that delicious development known as the Hilton strawberry. His residence still stands on Boyden avenue. It was the period in American history of Webster, Clay, the Whigs, the Abolitionists, and later the Civil War. It was the period in Essex county of plank roads, the Sussex teamsters, old-time taverns, and emigrations to California and the West generally.

During 1847 Franklin Lodge, which had occupied the third story of the Academy with more or less regularity since its erection in 1827, was given a deed for its rooms. Originally the lodge had paid a sum, estimated in money as \$620, toward erecting the building, particularly toward finishing the third story. With the revival of the lodge there was a desire to have this third story permanently and legally secured. The President and Directors of the Camptown School in the Township of Clinton, recognizing the rights of the lodge, gave a deed dated April 16, 1847,

twenty years after the erection of the building. The preamble to the instrument recites the original proposals for building in 1827 the Academy. In part it reads: "For the purpose of erecting a commodious house in the center of the Village of Camptown for the proper use and design of an academy, which might not only be useful as such, but also an ornament to the place. It was agreed between the original subscribers to the building that it should be built three stories high, and that the upper story should be appropriated for the use and accommodation of Franklin Lodge of Free and Accepted Masons, upon their paying the cost of the third story of said academy, which was estimated to cost \$620, which was paid to party of the first part, and in order to comply with said agreement conveys premises now used and occupied by party of the second part, being third story from foundation, with right of ingress and egress thru and out of main entry and stairs, for themselves and such other sister lodges, etc., as they permit to occupy their rooms to themselves as members or hereafter members." It might be said that at least two of the party of the first part, who were on the school directorate, Allen Osborn and Sears Roberts, were Masons.

The picture of the Academy, shown in this volume, is a reproduction of a picture which adorns a map of Clinton Township published some fifty years ago. In front of the building is seen the famous Newark and Clinton plank road, chartered in 1853. Men still living say that one could stand at Belmont and Clinton avenues, Newark, and hear the trotting of horses as they started down from Irvington. The Academy was indeed the center of the social, and even at times of the religious life of Camptown and Irvington. Among the several denominations which here held on occasions their meetings was the Presbyterian of which

now forgotten congregation Rev. Abraham De Witte was in 1834 the minister. In later years the Christian Church, the Universalist Church and the Jewish Congregation held at different periods their services in the Academy.

In 1865 Franklin Lodge incorporated under a law passed about 1840. This first legislative charter, carrying names of old-time members of the lodge seems of sufficient historical interest to print in full:

“An Act to incorporate Franklin Lodge, Number Ten, Free and Accepted Masons of the State of New Jersey.

“1. BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey, That Edward Fullings, Charles C. Stewart, John T. Parcell, William Petty, E. S. Looker, Josiah L. Baldwin, Charles M. Durand, John Van Cleve, Theodore G. Palmer and John Ryno, and their associates, officers and members of Franklin Lodge, Number Ten, Free and Accepted Masons of the State of New Jersey, and their successors be, and they are hereby constituted and declared to be a body corporate and politic in law, by the name, style and title of ‘Franklin Lodge, Number Ten, Free and Accepted Masons of the State of New Jersey,’ and by that name they and their successors shall and may at all times hereafter be capable in law of having, purchasing, holding and possessing any lands, tenements, hereditaments and personal estate, purchased, devised or bequeathed by any person or persons, body corporate or politic capable of making the same; and also to have a common seal, and the same to use at pleasure; PROVIDED ALWAYS, that the said corporation or body politic shall not at any time hold or possess property, real, personal or mixed, the net income of which shall exceed the sum of five thousand dollars.

“2. AND BE IT ENACTED, That this act shall be deemed a public act, and take effect immediately.

“Approved March 31st, 1865.”

Under this charter Franklin operated until 1908, when on March 27, a new act of incorporation under the law of 1869 was secured, an enabling law having made it possible

for lodges to surrender their previous charters and receive new ones. The trustees' names in this new act charter are E. D. Harrison, J. T. Castles and D. H. Greene.

Camptown became Irvington on November 2, 1852. The new name was formally imposed with appropriate public exercises at the Reformed Church. There had been much agitation needed to make the change. The Academy was the scene of many warm debates between the opposing sides. The old-timers were satisfied with Camptown, but the newcomers winced at the sound of the hail and hearty old name. It sounded like a country village rather than a literary center. There had been developing in the locality a group of people who formed literary societies and possibly looked upon the Camptown folks as slightly provincial. These lawyers, editors and poets would have been called commuters if the village had had a railroad. They wanted the name changed, and decided to honor Washington Irving, then still living at Sunnyside on the Hudson. The village should be called Irvington, and it was. Irving was informed of the honor and was invited to be present at the christening, but he wrote his thanks and added his regrets at being unable to attend and make a speech. His place was taken by Rev. John L. Chapman of the Reformed Church.

Two literary societies were later formed by the "Irvingtonians," the Irvington Lyceum and Library Association, and the Irvington Literary Union. Of the former organization Allen Lee Bassett, a member of Franklin Lodge, was a member. He edited that very excellent but short-lived magazine of 1867 and 1868 called the *New Jersey Magazine or Northern Monthly*. He was also the first president of the Prudential Insurance Company.

Franklin Lodge on November 13, 1877, celebrated its semi-centennial. On October 12 of that year a committee consisting of Brothers Vehslage, Bassett and Berry was appointed to consider the matter. On October 26 they reported favorably and were discharged. Committees were appointed to make and carry out plans. They were: Invitations, Vehslage, Hunt, Bassett and Pierson; financial, William Riker, Jr., J. L. Baldwin, J. S. Ward, F. Smith; supper, John Van Cleve, Cortland Riker, A. Tracey and Berry.

The minutes reveal but little about this jubilee except that it was directed to be a strictly Masonic affair, that the Odd Fellows loaned some chairs, and that Matthias Eaton was thanked for the style in which he decorated the supper tables. However, it may be safely put down that the brethren had a good time and were satisfied with the occasion.

The period from 1843 until the beginning of the Twentieth Century was not one of great growth for New Jersey lodges. Franklin in 1901 reached its sixtieth member, and meetings were still being held in the third story, so-called, of the Academy. When forty-five members attended a communication the place was crowded, and there was no standing room. The Franklin of today with its large and increasing membership had not come into being. That tremendous modern growth began after the opening of the present century.

Among items gathered from the minutes of the Nineteenth Century are entries touching the visits of members of the Grand Lodge and the deaths of prominent members of Franklin. Allen Osborn died on February 17, 1865; Matthias W. Ross, a "charter member," died in August, 1877.

In 1871 the lodge purchased the Academy at auction sale from the trustees of the Irvington School District. The price was \$4,643.52, and the frontage on Clinton Avenue, sixty feet.

Among those brethren who have made traditions for Franklin Lodge none stand higher in honored memory than Rev. Henry Vehslage, D. D., a Past Master of this lodge, a Past Grand Chaplain and a Past Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of the State of New Jersey. From 1861 until his death on March 4, 1894, he was pastor of the Reformed Church of Irvington, coming to this, his only charge, immediately after his graduation at the New Brunswick Theological Seminary. He was initiated in Franklin Lodge on January 12 and was passed and raised on February 16, 1866. He served as Worshipful Master during the years of 1868 to 1870, 1872 to 1876, and again in 1880 and 1881. By Most Worshipful Henry R. Cannon, Grand Master, he was appointed Right Worshipful Grand Chaplain in 1868, and was reappointed until 1876 inclusively. In the latter year he was appointed District Deputy Grand Master for the Sixth Masonic District, serving until 1879, when he was elected Junior Grand Warden of the Most Worshipful Grand Lodge. To this office he was again elected in 1880. He became Senior Grand Warden in 1881 and Deputy Grand Master in 1882. He was honored with the office of Grand Master in 1883, and again in 1884. Later he served on committees of the Grand Lodge, and particularly upon that of Foreign Correspondence were his talents used and appreciated. The honor of Grand Chaplain was conferred upon him again in 1887, and annually thereafter until his death. This distinguished Masonic career honors the memory of Brother Vehslage and belongs as a cherished heirloom to Franklin Lodge forever.

Vehslage Lodge, No. 225, constituted on May 7, 1921, by the Most Worshipful Grand Master Ernest A. Reed, in the rooms of Franklin Lodge, took his name, but his fame always will be the peculiar heritage of Franklin.

In this connection it should be recorded that Franklin, either through official approval or recommendation or by brotherly aid and encouragement, has been interested in the organizing of at least four lodges: Century, No. 100, of South Orange, January 20, 1870; Clinton Hill, No. 209, of Newark, April 19, 1917; Vehslage, No. 225, of Irvington, April 21, 1921, and Irvington, No. 251, of Irvington, April 23, 1925.

With the opening of the Twentieth Century there came a remarkable acceleration in the growth of Masonic Lodges generally. Franklin had a share in the rising tide of membership, and the Academy became too small for its communications and social gatherings. A committee was appointed on June 22, 1906, and authorized to secure plans and specifications for a new building and to report back. It was constituted with Past Masters James R. English, M. D., William Moll, David H. Greene and Sidney W. Allen, and Brothers E. D. Harrison, J. T. Castles and Edgar E. Van Cleve. This committee through Past Master Greene reported back on July 13, that after consideration the committee was of the opinion that a new building would not be feasible, and that they recommended alterations to the old building. The committee on motion was continued with power to proceed with the matter.

After several reports of progress the committee at a special communication held on November 2, 1906, made through its chairman, Worshipful Brother Dr. James R. English, a final report on the plans for building an extension to the Academy building. After a full discussion the

committee was empowered to proceed to erect an addition to the rear of the present building, according to plans as drawn by the architect. On November 23, the committee and the trustees were given authority to finance through notes or otherwise to the extent of \$6,000 the erection of the addition.

Then came the gala time of the opening of the new building. This took place on May 9, 1907. There was a special communication called at which the committee formally turned over the new addition to the lodge. Appropriate remarks were made by Worshipful Brother English, chairman of the committee, and a response was given by the Worshipful Master, Charles H. Harrison. Following these formalities the wives and sweethearts of the members were entertained in the usual generous style of Franklin.

The Craftsman's Association of Franklin is an auxiliary which has done much for the financial and social welfare of the lodge. This organization was begun in 1907, when on October 11, a committee was appointed by Worshipful Master Charles H. Harrison. It consisted of Past Master David H. Greene and Brothers Josiah Baldwin, Edgar E. Van Cleve, Charles Kasefang, Frederick L. Miller, Clifford Mooney and R. W. Drake. The next year the Association placed in the hands of the trustees funds to pay for a note amounting to \$370.84, and also a piano and chairs for which they had expended \$227.89. These early gifts have been succeeded by many others during the following years. The social gatherings arranged by the Association have been greatly appreciated by the members of the lodge.

Fire as well as light has played a conspicuous part in the history of Franklin Lodge. The fire of 1826 burned the old wooden academy and the effects of the lodge, and eighty-seven years later the succeeding brick academy, which became known as the "Old Academy," was gutted by the same element. With it went the addition built in 1907, and the furniture and some of the paraphernalia of the lodge. This disaster, occurring on September 11, 1913, like the former of 1826, left the lodge homeless, and again it found a hospitable friend in St. John's of Newark, then meeting at 655 Broad street. Here for more than a year Franklin held its communications. Meanwhile plans for rebuilding were going on. The Worshipful Master, Joseph S. Waterfield, on September 26, 1913, appointed a committee to take up the building question, consisting of Senior Warden J. Wesley Thompson, Junior Warden T. David Mayfield, Past Masters James R. English and David G. Knight and Brother J. Herbert Mayfield, and the trustees, Past Masters C. William Pfeil, Edgar E. Van Cleve and David H. Greene.

The committee reported on October 24, and recommended that the addition built in 1907 be restored to its former condition, and that a building be erected in front extending to the sidewalk. This involved the razing of the walls of the "Old Academy," and all that remains of that now famous edifice is the stone tablet bearing the inscription "Camptown Academy, 1827," placed in the wall of the ante-room of the Lodge.

On December 12, a building committee was appointed to carry through the approved plans. It consisted of Worshipful Brothers David G. Knight, William Moll, James R. English, William A. Baker and Brothers Edwin A.

Kirch, Joseph T. Castles and Trustees Pfeil, Van Cleve and Greene.

On December 26, the committee made an extended report as follows:

"Brethren: We, the undersigned members of the committee, appointed at the last regular meeting of the lodge, for the purpose of securing a site and erecting a new building, beg to report that after having held several meetings, investigated and discussed a number of sites, made a careful research of the finances of the lodge for several years, and given our attention to every part of the subject for which we were appointed, after due deliberation desire to submit the following for the consideration of the lodge:

"That we, your committee, appointed under the resolution adopted at the last regular meeting of this lodge, held December 12, 1913, beg leave to report that in our judgment it would not be advisable to purchase any additional property but to construct a new building on our present site, and recommend that a resolution giving your committee authority to do this with full power be adopted."

On motion this report of the committee was received and adopted.

The work then proceeded and on November 27, 1914, the first regular communication was held in the new edifice, the occasion being Past Masters' Night. On January 8, 1915, the committee formally turned over to the lodge the completed building, which was accepted by the Worshipful Master, T. David Mayfield. The new building is a few feet wider than its predecessor and it amply provides for the uses of Franklin a lodge room, an auditorium, commodious ante-rooms, besides offices and a store property.

The lodge room of Franklin is handsomely furnished, and the floor is covered with inlaid composition tiling, representing the tessellated pavement of an ancient temple or a forum. It is a dignified yet homelike place where brothers meet upon the level and depart upon the square.

Franklin did its bit in various ways during the World War. Not only did it participate through its membership in all local efforts toward aiding the Government, and giving comfort to those who were enlisted in the army, but it bought Liberty Bonds and urged the brethren individually to do the same. It gave also of its younger men to be soldiers and sailors, one of whom died in the service. The Roll of Honor numbers forty men. The names are: Brothers Frank H. Andersen, Lawrence G. Beisler, R. Douglas Badgley, Percy D. Creswick, Frank E. Craven, G. Archibald Day, W. Sidney Duguid, John T. English, Christopher Fergusson, William H. Gardner, Philip H. Glorieux, William A. Gerweck, Russell H. Harrison, E. William Heyden, Russell Hoffman, Fred S. Helwig, Harold L. Hobart, Charles F. Hausmann, Norman V. Herbert, J. Edward Jacobi, Frank Jacoby, Arthur H. Jenks, Benjamin E. Korb, James R. Middleton, John C. MacFayden, Jr., Walter Earl Pierson, Howard R. Phillips, John A. Ramm, Jr., Albert M. Sieb, Hugh L. C. Stevens, George H. Small, J. Laurence H. Thompson, Louis Umsteadter, Alfred L. Wildeck, Joseph R. Willever, Harold S. Wilson, Alexander T. M. Williams, Charles G. Weber, Arthur B. Young and Harry V. Zigenfus.

A gold star is reverently placed beside the name of Brother Walter Earl Pierson, a lieutenant in the Air Service of the United States. Lieutenant Pierson was raised to the sublime degree of Master Mason in August,

1918, a special communication having been called by the Worshipful Master, Charles H. Egel, because of the exigencies of his military duties. The occasion was unusually impressive. The following November he became ill with pneumonia at Brindley Field, and on December 6 he died at the Garden City Hospital, Long Island. His commanding officer in a letter to his parents wrote this tribute:

"I want to tell you how great is our grief for your son. His loss is deeply felt by those of us who are left. Pierson was one of our best trained Pilots, a wonderfully smooth flyer. He had a 'feel' of his machine which few attain. To his family and to us his loss is personal, but to the Government it is personal and material both. Personal in that such a high sense of honor, such devotion to duty, and such quickness of perception are God-given; material in that such close approach to perfection can only be attained by months of effort."

This deserved tribute so beautifully expressed shall ever stand as a tradition of Franklin, and a memorial of one of its most honored Brothers. Lieutenant Pierson was born in Newark, January 4, 1894.

This history would not be complete without a special reference to Past Master Frank H. Morrell, a faithful member of Franklin for a quarter of a century, and a distinguished citizen of Irvington for a period twice as long. Born at Hollowell, Maine, on June 26, 1846, the son of a clergyman, he began his professional career in 1868 by teaching school in his native state. He graduated from Bates College in 1870 and then came to Bloomfield in this state, where he taught in the newly erected brick school building behind the "Old First" Presbyterian Church. It

had been erected in 1870, and for many years afterward it was the chief grammar school of the town, the high school being conducted in the assembly room of the third story. J. Henry Root was the principal, under whom Mr. Morrell assisted. He removed in 1872 to Hilton, formerly Middleville, and taught in the schoolhouse on Boyden avenue which preceded the present building. He became the teacher-principal of the Irvington public school in 1875, and, until his death, was as principal and as superintendent at the head of the school system. Added to his educational abilities were his talents as a painter in oils, and as a writer of verse. He was looked up to as one of the most useful and influential citizens of the town. He was raised to the sublime degree of Master Mason in Franklin Lodge on April 8, 1898. He was worshipful master in the years 1902 and 1903. He was a frequent attendant upon lodge even to the last year of his life, and ever ready with aid and encouragement. He died on January 29, 1924, generally lamented. He was buried with Masonic honors from the Reformed Church, Irvington, of which he was a member, not only a large representation of the lodge, but of the community, being present.

Franklin is a progressive lodge. When the movement founded in Kansas City, Missouri, by Frank S. Lands and a group of young men, and named in memory of Jacques De Molay, a French martyr to truth and liberty, began to spread, this lodge soon cooperated. On January 9, 1925, a committee was appointed by the Worshipful Master, Cornelius Wassell, to consider the advisability of organizing a chapter of De Molay for the boys of Irvington. It consisted of Worshipful Brother Charles H. Egel, chairman, and Brothers Frank Creger, Walter S. Gray, Clar-

ence Chamberlain and Gustav Ohaus. A report was made on March 13, following, and it was resolved to sponsor the formation of a chapter. The following advisory board was appointed by the Master: Worshipful Brother Charles H. Egel, chairman; Brothers Walter Waterfield, Clarence E. Chamberlain, Walter S. Gray, Robert Pourchier, Worshipful Brothers Edgar E. Van Cleve and W. Clifton Terrill and Brothers George L. Pelmy and Gustav Ohaus. The board on March 18 decided upon "Benjamin Franklin Chapter, Order of De Molay" as an appropriate name, and arranged for a petition for membership of the proposed chapter in the order.

At a succeeding meeting the board effected a permanent organization, with Charles H. Egel, chairman; Gustav Ohaus, secretary, and Dr. James R. English, treasurer. Worshipful Brothers James R. English, T. David Mayfield and Frank D. Trainer having been added to the original board.

Then followed in due time, after much business and preliminaries, the institution of "Benjamin Franklin Chapter" on June 29, 1925, the ceremonies being conducted at Elks' Hall on Springfield avenue by Essex Chapter, De Molay, of Newark. The occasion was impressive and Franklin Lodge, through its board, extended cordial hospitality, and provided generous entertainment.

The Centennial of Franklin Lodge, a feature of which is this modest volume of history, is an occasion for pardonable pride and gratification. To look back upon a century of continuous effort, albeit marked by many a struggle, and progressively to have achieved outstanding success among the Masonic Lodges of the State and the Nation are noble satisfactions. Franklin of the Nineteenth Cen-

tury, like other lodges, was able to keep the faith with comparatively few members, growing from nine brothers in 1826 to some fifty or sixty at the close of that period. But the Franklin of the Twentieth Century is a great fraternal group, with its membership increased to some eight hundred and fifty, its courage raised to a point invincible, and its spirit of brotherhood and benevolence made finer and truer by the experiences of the past. That the lessons of history may help to light the future, and that in the next one hundred years even nobler laurels may be won, might well be the mental altar petition of every devoted Brother.

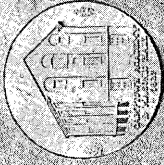
Plans for a centennial celebration were begun in 1920, when Worshipful Master Charles E. Devine appointed a Historical Committee, composed of Worshipful Brothers C. William Pfeil and Frank H. Morrell, and Brother J. Herbert Mayfield.

Worshipful Brother Pfeil carried on an extensive correspondence with the Right Worshipful Grand Secretary, Isaac Cherry, and from him received historical material collated from the minutes of the Grand Lodge.

The lodge on February 19 held a discussion as to the advisability of holding this year, 1926, an extensive centennial celebration. It was unanimously decided to go forward with the project, the Worshipful Master, Walter H. Talmage, to appoint the necessary committees. These committees were duly constituted and are elsewhere recorded in this volume. The result of their deliberations is seen in the program of events arranged for the centennial, printed on a succeeding page.

A feature of the celebration is the commemorative bronze tablet bearing the effigy of the Old Academy, which was cast for the occasion and has been placed in the north wall of the lodge room.

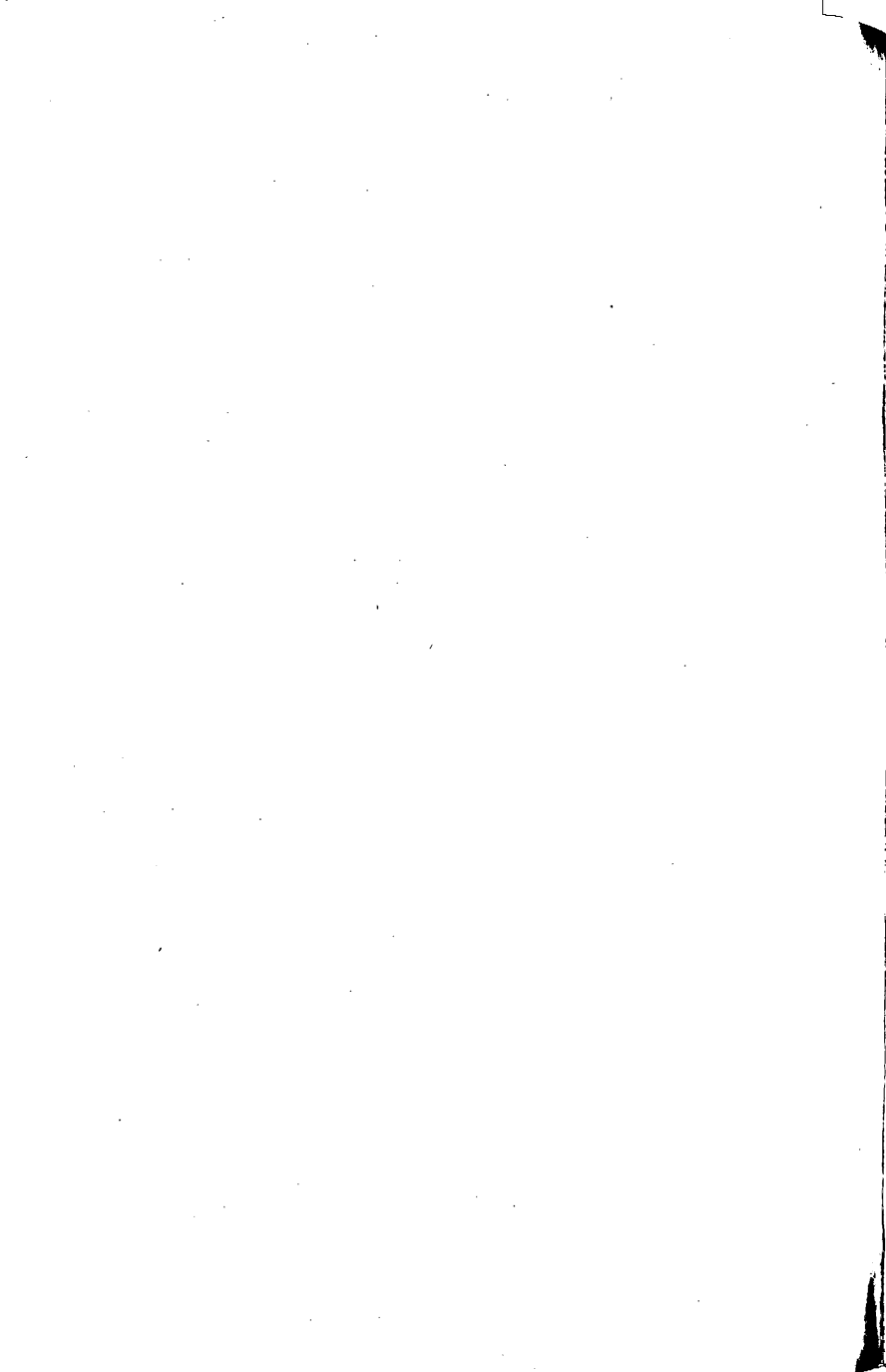
1926



1826

IN COMMEMORATION OF THE  
ONE HUNDREDDTH ANNIVERSARY  
OF THE INSTITUTION OF  
FRANKLIN LODGE, NO. 10, F. & A. M.  
ON NOVEMBER 14, 1826  
BOSTON, MASS.

COMMEMORATIVE TABLET



The making of history is one thing and its writing is another. The making is a long process in which endeavor, devotion, sacrifice and achievement play their parts; the writing is the attempt to gather up from the records a fair and just story of what has been said and done. Obviously enough the story tells only a part. The most of what took place remains for lack of information untold, and many events of far more interest and importance than those on record go unnoticed. Thus has it been with this brief sketch. It has been impossible to dwell upon many subjects of great significance in Franklin's progress, and upon the lives of the faithful brethren of the past who made contributions to its character and welfare. Their devotion is woven into the very warp and woof of its life and character.

“For some we loved, the loveliest and best,  
That from his vintage rolling Time has prest,  
Have drunk their Cup a Round or two before,  
And one by one crept silently to rest.”

The living want no praise or stilted eulogy. Content to live and do their part a while as good men and true they ask only for more light on the forward path, and a brother to help when shadows fall.

THE END

## *In Memoriam*

TO THE  
ABSENT BROTHERS OF FRANKLIN LODGE,  
No. 10, F. & A. M.,  
WHO HAVE HEARD DURING THE PAST CENTURY  
THE SUMMONS OF THE  
GRAND MASTER OF THE UNIVERSE  
TO REST AND REFRESHMENT

---

*“And ever near us though unseen,  
The dear immortal spirits tread,  
For all the boundless universe  
Is life—‘There are no dead.’”*

---

ANNIVERSARY PROGRAM

Sunday afternoon, November 14th  
at two-thirty o'clock

The Placing of a Wreath on the Grave of  
WORSHIPFUL BRO. JOSEPH WHEELER CAMP  
in the Burying-ground of the "Old First" Presbyterian Church,  
in Newark

---

Sunday evening, November 14th  
at eight o'clock

DIVINE SERVICE

Clinton Avenue Presbyterian Church  
Clinton Avenue and South Sixteenth Street, Newark  
Address by Right Worshipful, Deputy Grand Master,  
HOWARD R. CRUSE

---

Friday evening, November 19th  
at seven-thirty o'clock

Reception to Most Worshipful Grand Master  
WILLIAM B. MACKEY  
and Associate Grand Lodge Officers  
Masonic Hall, Irvington

---

Wednesday evening, December 1st

LADIES' NIGHT  
Reception and Banquet  
Banquet at six o'clock  
Elks' Hall, Irvington

---

Friday evening, December 3rd  
at seven-thirty o'clock

PAST MASTERS' NIGHT  
Elks' Hall, Irvington

---

Friday evening, December 10th  
at six o'clock

ANNUAL DINNER FRANKLIN LODGE  
Elks' Hall, Irvington

*Past Masters*

	Master
*JOSEPH W. CAMP.....	1826-1827
*ALLEN OSBORN.....	1843-1844
*THOMAS BELCHER.....	1845-1847
*I. JAGGERS.....	1848
*E. DURAND.....	1849
*ALLEN OSBORN.....	1850-1853
*JOHN VAN CLEVE.....	1854
*JOHN R. CHAPIN.....	1855
*O. H. TAYLOR.....	1856
*ABRAHAM VAN CLEVE.....	1857-1858
*JOHN D. BAILEY.....	1859
*CHAS. C. STEWART.....	1860-1861
*EDWARD FULLINGS.....	1862-1865
*CHAS. C. STEWART.....	1866-1867
*HENRY VEHSLAGE.....	1868-1870
*FRED S. UNDERHILL.....	1871
*HENRY VEHSLAGE.....	1872-1876
WILLIAM RIKER, JR.....	1877-1878
*C. PATEMAN BERRY.....	1879
*HENRY VEHSLAGE.....	1880-1881
*C. PATEMAN BERRY.....	1882
*CHAS. C. STEWART.....	1883-1884
*GEORGE HARBIDGE.....	1885-1887
JACOB C. STEWART.....	1888
*HENRY O. OSBORNE.....	1889
CHARLES H. STEWART.....	1890
WILLIAM MOLL.....	1891-1892
*JAMES I. WEBB.....	1893
*WILLIAM HARBIDGE.....	1894
DAVID G. KNIGHT, SR.....	1895

*CARLOS N. WEBB.....	Affiliated
PHILIP BECKER.....	1896
LOUIS BECKER.....	1897
R. W. JAMES R. ENGLISH.....	1898-1899-1900
SIDNEY W. ALLEN.....	1901
*FRANK H. MORRELL.....	1902-1903
DAVID H. GREENE.....	1904-1905
*CHAS. H. HARRISON.....	1906-1907
JOSIAH M. BALDWIN.....	1908
R. W. EDGAR E. VAN CLEVE.....	1909
*EDWARD THEURICH.....	Affiliated
*WILLIAM A. BAKER.....	Affiliated
EDWARD J. FERRIS.....	Affiliated
C. WILLIAM PFEIL.....	1910
CHARLES KASEFANG.....	1911
W. CLIFTON TERRILL.....	1912
JOSEPH S. WATERFIELD.....	1913
J. WESLEY THOMPSON.....	1914
T. DAVID MAYFIELD.....	1915
G. NORMAN BECKER.....	1916
FREDERICK ROSSETER.....	1917
CHARLES H. EGELN.....	1918
JOHN H. PIERSON.....	1919
CHARLES E. DEVINE.....	1920
HERBERT L. ALLWOOD.....	1921
ORVILLE H. STALEY.....	1922
JOHN I. MIDDLETON.....	1923
FRANK D. TRAINER.....	1924
CORNELIUS WASSALL, JR.....	1925

\* Deceased.

*Officers for 1926*

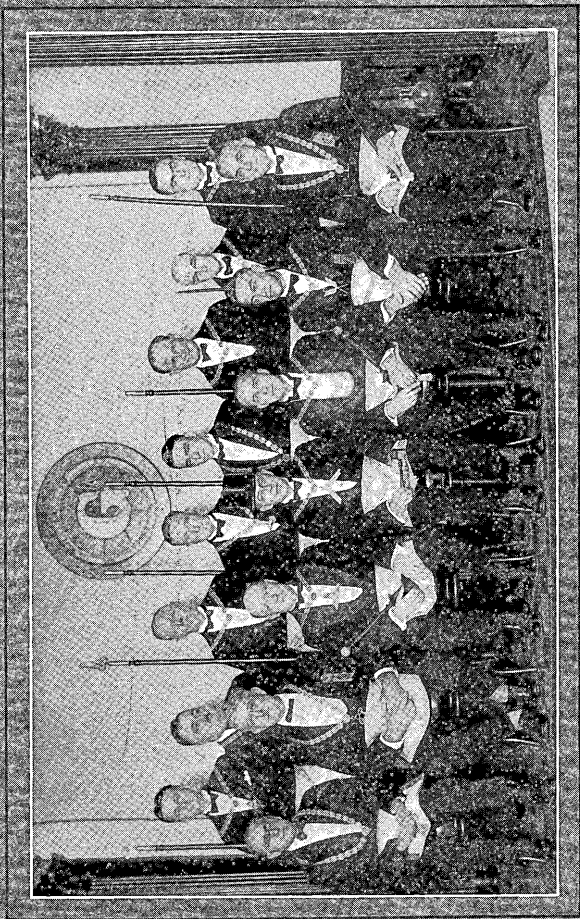
WALTER H. TALMAGE.....	W. M.
WALTER S. GRAY.....	S. W.
WILLIAM H. EGELN.....	J. W.
R. W. JAMES R. ENGLISH, P. M.....	Treasurer
HERBERT L. ALLWOOD, P. M.....	Secretary
R. W. REV. JOSEPH F. FOLSOM.....	Chaplain
J. HARRISON PETTER.....	S. D.
C. WILLIAM PFEIL, Jr.....	J. D.
FRANK CREGER.....	S. M. C.
JOHN A THORWORTH.....	J. M. C.
GUSTAV OHAUS.....	S. S.
JAMES N. SHERIDAN.....	J. S.
FRANK D. TRAINER, P. M.....	Marshal
EDWARD A. KASTNER.....	Organist
WILLIAM H. FREY.....	Tyler

*Trustees*

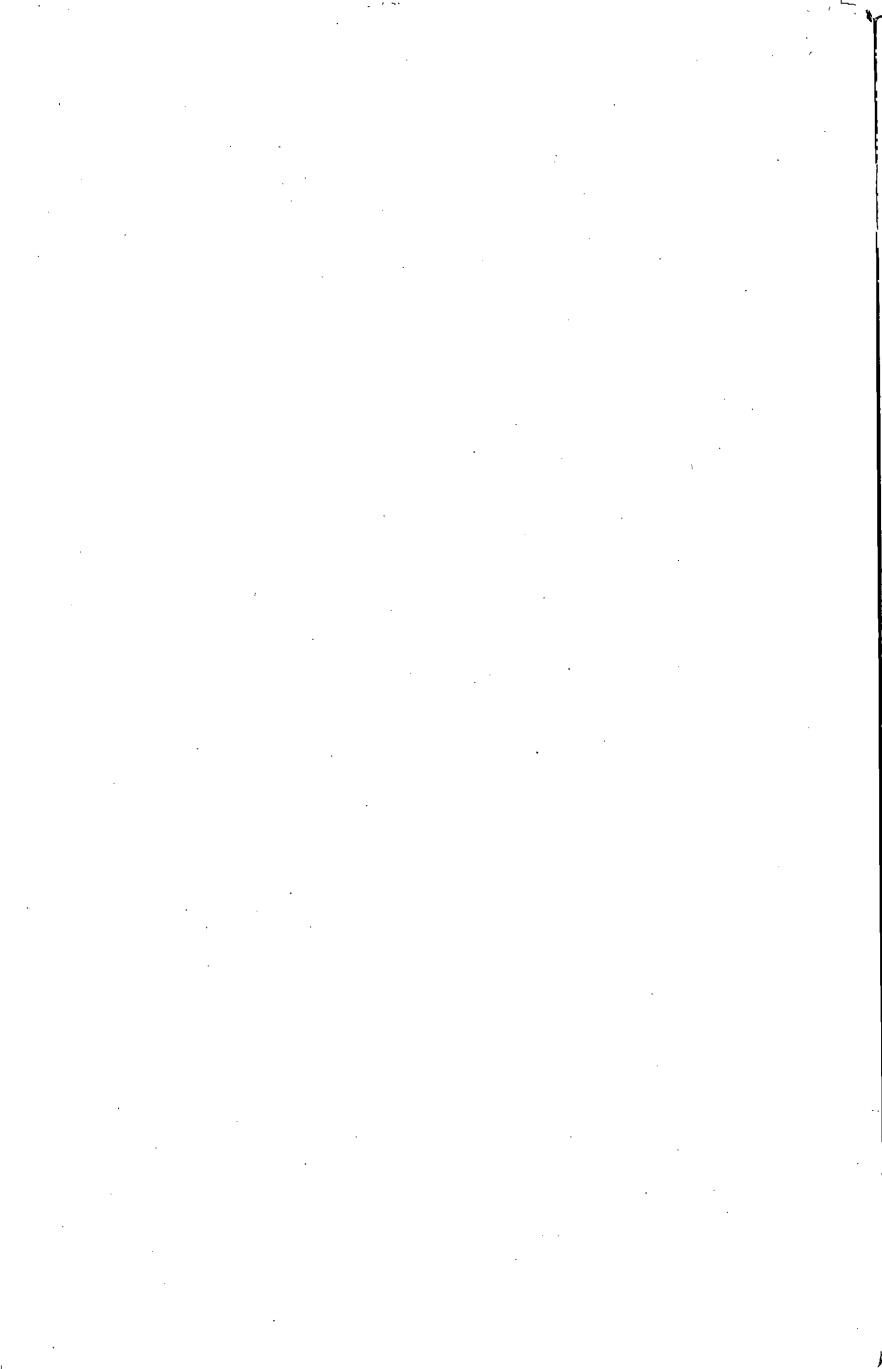
W. CLIFTON TERRILL, P. M.....	1926
T. DAVID MAYFIELD, P. M.....	1927
R. W. EDGAR E. VAN CLEVE, P. M.....	1928

*Finance Committee*

W. BRO. WALTER H. TALMAGE  
 W. BRO. JOHN I. MIDDLETON  
 BRO. HAROLD A. SMITH



OFFICERS 1926



*List of Members October 15, 1926*

Sidney W. Allen, Jan. 13, 1893; Emil Auth, Jan. 12, 1903; John J. L. Adams, Mar. 18, 1910; E. H. Armfield, Mar. 18, 1910; Herbert L. Allwood, Feb. 24, 1911; William E. Adams, July 7, 1911; Frank H. Andersen, Nov. 26, 1915; Gustav A. Adams, June 29, 1917; Robert S. Adams, June 28, 1918; John S. Apgar, Nov. 29, 1918; Alex. Anderson, June 25, 1920; Leroy S. Apgar, Oct. 27, 1922; Geo. B. Andrews, Nov. 9, 1923; Wm. C. Appleton, Nov. 9, 1923; John N. Adams, Oct. 15, 1926.

Philip Becker, Dec. 18, 1891; Louis Becker, May 27, 1892; Edw. G. Beavers, Sept. 28, 1900; Josiah M. Baldwin, Dec. 7, 1900; Orrin A. Burton, Jan. 26, 1906; Henry F. Badgley, July 2, 1909; Edwin L. Binder, Mar. 18, 1910; G. Norman Becker, May 27, 1910; Noel A. Briden, June 24, 1910; Warren P. Ball, June 24, 1910; \*Christ. Beckmeyer, Jan. 27, 1911; Arthur J. Bird, Feb. 24, 1911; William V. Barr, April 28, 1911; Henry P. Bedford, June 23, 1911; Joseph J. Brown, July 7, 1911; Leslie M. Brown, Dec. 8, 1911; A. L. Brueggemann, Dec. 13, 1912; Fred Baldwin, April 25, 1913; John C. Buechele, April 25, 1913; William Beier, May 9, 1913; Clifford Y. Briscoe, May 9, 1913; Emil Buchert, June 27, 1913; Charles F. Bostock, Dec. 19, 1913; Douglas O. Brown, Mar. 27, 1914; \*Walter Blair, March 12, 1915; William R. Banks, Oct. 8, 1915; Wm. C. J. Berghof, Mar. 17, 1916; R. Douglas Badgley, Mar. 24, 1916; Albert C. Brill, Jan. 5, 1917; Wm. C. Bochman, May 25, 1917; Charles M. Banta, June 8, 1917; William E. Bleier, June 8, 1917; Alexander Brunner, June 15, 1917; Gustav Beusch, Oct. 26, 1917; Stephen T. Barnes, Feb. 8, 1918; Fred'k Buchenberger, Apr. 12, 1918; Herbert J. Bird, May 31, 1918; John M. Brown, May 31, 1918; W. A. Brueschwylar, Sept. 27, 1918; Lewis W. Bege, Oct. 25, 1918; Frank J. Buehler, Jan. 24, 1919; \*C. E. Blanchard, Feb. 28, 1919; James A. Burgess, April 25, 1919; Edward C. Barnett, Oct. 31, 1919; John Beckingham, Dec. 19, 1919; Howard R. Buchanan, April 9, 1920; Lester L. Buchanan, April 9, 1920; Fred'k W. Boyle, April 9, 1920; Clarence F. Brunner, May 21, 1920; Benjamin B. Beach, June 25, 1920; John F. Buehler, June 25, 1920; Harold R. Banks, Sept. 3, 1920; William A. Bohr, Oct. 8, 1920; Wm. J. Becker, Jr., Nov. 12, 1920; Carl L. Becker, Dec. 3, 1920; Max Bechmann, June 24, 1921; H. W.

Brandner, Nov. 11, 1921; Edward J. Brandner, Dec. 9, 1921; W. S. Blackford, Dec. 16, 1921; John A. Becker, Dec. 16, 1921; Wm. R. Benkert, April 14, 1922; Fred'k P. Berth, April 21, 1922; James E. Bryan, May 12, 1922; Chas. H. Babst, June 30, 1922; Fred. Baun, Oct. 27, 1922; Harry C. Brown, Dec. 15, 1922; Harry C. Bradburn, Jan. 12, 1923; Prosper Backman, March 9, 1923; Clarence S. Brohawn, March 9, 1923; Gilbert B. Banta, May 18, 1923; Conrad Bruening, Dec. 14, 1923; John Braunersreuter, Feb. 15, 1924; Hugo P. Becker, March 14, 1924; Chas. R. Bradbury, Nov. 28, 1924; Fred. P. Bollinger, May 15, 1925; Albert Boehm, June 5, 1925; George Boehm, June 5, 1925; Charles H. Bendel, Oct. 30, 1925; \*Charles P. Bursch, Nov. 6, 1925; Fred. W. Busch, Jan. 15, 1926; Herbert A. Berghof, May 21, 1926; Chester M. Boehm, May 21, 1926.

Wm. Cope, Aug. 28, 1879; Jos. T. Castles, April 8, 1898; John Coleman, June 27, 1898; I. J. Casey, Jr., Nov. 22, 1907; Geo. T. Cole, June 12, 1908; J. K. Clickenger, April 23, 1909; J. Edgar Clark, Oct. 27, 1911; C. W. Chambosse, Oct. 27, 1911; Eugene H. Cochrane, Sept. 13, 1912; Alex. Carnahan, Nov. 21, 1913; Chas. W. Clickner, Feb. 27, 1914; Frank E. Craven, Nov. 27, 1914; Charles Clover, March 26, 1915; Harvey Campbell, May 28, 1915; W. B. Cunningham, May 28, 1915; Edgar A. Cole, March 24, 1916; Percy D. Creswick, March 24, 1916; Joel M. Cottrell, April 14, 1916; Irving E. Cahill, Oct. 6, 1916; T. William Cleveland, Sept. 27, 1917; Thos. B. Cleveland, Sept. 27, 1917; Albert E. Clark, Oct. 12, 1917; Fred'k J. Coningsby, Nov. 30, 1917; John M. Chanik, Nov. 30, 1917; S. R. Cairns, May 17, 1918; Arthur W. Crater, May 31, 1918; Robert R. Chandler, June 21, 1918; Isaac T. Conklin, June 28, 1918; Fred W. Compton, Nov. 29, 1918; Frank Creger, Nov. 28, 1919; Paul M. Cairns, Dec. 19, 1919; William P. Caille, Oct. 29, 1920; John J. Chandler, Nov. 12, 1920; Henry W. Carl, Nov. 12, 1920; Wilson W. Curtis, Nov. 26, 1920; Richard T. Carswell, Dec. 3, 1920; J. Arch Curtis, April 1, 1921; Walter Carter, Feb. 10, 1922; Milton B. Charles, April 14, 1922; Horace W. Cort, Oct. 27, 1922; A. F. B. Chandler, Nov. 24, 1922; Harry W. Cope, March 23, 1923; Wm. D. Carson, April 20, 1923; LeRoy K. Clickenger, May 18, 1923; \*Clarence E. Chamberlain, May 18, 1923; Chris. G. Clark, Oct. 12, 1923; Samuel E. Clark, Oct. 12, 1923; Jacob Curving, Jan. 18, 1924;

# PAST MASTERS



JOHN VAN CLEVE  
1854



HENRY VEHSLAGE  
1868-1875



CHAS. C. STEWART  
1860-1884



FRED S. UNDERHILL  
1871



GEO. HARBIDGE  
1885-1887



WM. RIKER JR.  
1877-1878



JACOB C. STEWART  
1888



Herbert E. Curl, Dec. 5, 1924; Robert C. Cochrane, Feb. 6, 1925; \*L. E. Crompton, June 12, 1925; George H. Conner, Jan. 15, 1926; Andrew Coleman, June 25, 1926.

John Duffy, Nov. 27, 1896; Joseph Ducker, April 10, 1903; Mahlon S. Drake, Jr., Feb. 8, 1907; E. Arthur Drake, Feb. 8, 1907; Raymond W. Drake, Feb. 8, 1907; James L. Dines, Nov. 27, 1908; William H. Davis, May 27, 1910; George A. Darby, June 17, 1910; Joseph Diebold, Jan. 27, 1911; William Decker, Nov. 10, 1911; Eugene R. Debman, Dec. 8, 1911; Charles E. Devine, June 14, 1912; George E. Davis, May 9, 1913; Nathaniel C. Drake, April 24, 1914; \*Albert B. Diss, Nov. 12, 1915; Frederick C. Dicker, March 17, 1916; G. Archibald Day, Sept. 29, 1916; Fred'k C. Duchemin, Dec. 8, 1916; Paul Diener, Jr., June 29, 1917; W. Sidney Duguid, June 29, 1917; Fred G. Dathe, Nov. 28, 1919; Carl J. Duveneck, April 23, 1920; Fred. J. Dinger, Sept. 3, 1920; John W. Dobbins, March 9, 1923; Walter S. Dobbins, Feb. 15, 1924; Edward Doller, March 14, 1924; Harry F. deGroote, April 2, 1926; Walter A. deGroote, June 25, 1926.

Jas. R. English, M. D., June 22, 1892; N. J. English, Dec. 7, 1900; C. Alvarado Eick, June 12, 1907; Charles H. Egel, Nov. 24, 1911; \*J. T. English, M. D., Dec. 8, 1911; William H. Egel, Sept. 15, 1916; Volkmar Enders, Sept. 20, 1918; \*Walter W. Egge, March 18, 1921; \*Chas. H. Eulhardt, March 3, 1922; Frank Eckert, Sept. 29, 1922; Leslie B. Eames, Nov. 17, 1922; Harold B. Eames, Nov. 17, 1922; Louis W. Eidel, Feb. 15, 1924; Rudolph Eckelhofer, June 5, 1925; W. G. Engemann, Oct. 16, 1925; Fred. W. Eckelhofer, Jr., May 21, 1926.

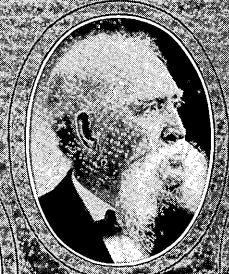
John F. Farley, Oct. 11, 1889; G. H. Frederick, M. D., June 26, 1896; E. A. Fritsch, April 10, 1908; \*E. J. Ferris, April 23, 1909; W. H. Frey, April 23, 1909; John R. Franke, June 24, 1910; Paul A. Freitag, July 7, 1911; August F. Freitag, July 7, 1911; Frederick V. Frost, Sept. 29, 1911; \*Rev. Joseph F. Folsom, Feb. 28, 1913; Elmer B. Ferguson, Dec. 19, 1913; John J. Faith, Feb. 12, 1915; Karl Flahault, March 12, 1915; Hans D. F. Feddersen, March 26, 1915; Frederick Francis, May 19, 1916; Robert J. Frake, Jr., May 25, 1917; Chr. Fergusson, June 29, 1917; Henry F. Frey, July 6, 1917; \*Edw. D. Florence, Sept. 5, 1919; Harold

G. Flegg, March 5, 1920; John E. Fexa, Nov. 12, 1920; Frank Ferkel, Feb. 11, 1921; Chas. Flottman, Sr., May 13, 1921; Jos. S. Fredericks, Sept. 9, 1921; C. W. Furniss, June 30, 1922; Geo. F. Ferguson, March 23, 1923; Chas. C. Faurot, June 22, 1923; Harold F. Fredericks, Dec. 14, 1923; Joseph D. Fredericks, Dec. 14, 1923; John A. Fischer, Dec. 14, 1923; George C. Faith, Feb. 15, 1924; Richard B. Fox, March 14, 1924; George L. Felmlly, May 2, 1924; R. A. Fulcher, Jr., June 5, 1925.

Chas. E. Gordon, Nov. 23, 1894; H. A. Gleichmann, Sept. 27, 1895; D. H. Greene, April 27, 1896; Wm. T. Graves, Sept. 13, 1901; Wm. R. Greene, Oct. 24, 1902; Wm. A. Greenaway, Dec. 12, 1902; \*Frederick H. Goble, Jan. 23, 1903; Jas. F. Grealey, Jan. 30, 1903; H. J. Groom, May 10, 1907; John B. Geyler, Oct. 9, 1908; William B. Graham, June 17, 1910; Fred'k Grieshaber, Dec. 16, 1910; Julius L. Gleichmann, Feb. 27, 1914; Wm. A. Gerweck, May 28, 1915; Wm. H. Gardner, July 9, 1915; Theodore Germain, March 17, 1916; Philip H. Glorieux, June 30, 1916; Charles E. Gaal, Oct. 6, 1916; Walter S. Gray, July 6, 1917; Fred'k G. Goedde, March 15, 1918; Daniel Greefs, April 12, 1918; Julius P. Glor, Dec. 20, 1918; Alfred M. Gramens, March 21, 1919; Harry A. Gleichmann, March 19, 1920; C. E. Gleichmann, March 19, 1920; Jules C. Gheude, Sept. 17, 1920; William L. Gordon, Oct. 29, 1920; Edward C. Goodwin, Oct. 29, 1920; Pierson Garbutt, Feb. 11, 1921; Samuel F. Greene, Feb. 11, 1921; John G. Gantz, June 24, 1921; John A. Gill, Dec. 9, 1921; \*Roscoe M. Gaver, March 3, 1922; John F. Grunwalder, June 30, 1922; Wilfred Goddu, Sept. 29, 1922; Alois Grau, June 22, 1923; Geo. W. Gibb, July 6, 1923; August R. Gillman, Sept. 19, 1924; William F. Graef, Dec. 5, 1924; William Gaal, June 26, 1925; D. T. R. Gordon, Sept. 18, 1925; Leslie B. Gower, March 12, 1926; \*Alfred R. Gail, June 4, 1926; Sidaway Grove, June 25, 1926; Frank C. Garrison, Oct. 15, 1926.

\*Wm. H. Hainer, D. D., May 10, 1889; Geo. W. Howard, Nov. 27, 1896; Geo. H. Harper, March 23, 1900; Jas. Henderson, Jan. 20, 1902; M. C. Hamilton, Dec. 12, 1902; Fred'k W. Hagney, M. D., Feb. 6, 1903; F. W. Huttenbach, July 22, 1904; Geo. D. Harrison, July 14, 1905; Chas. E. Hecht, Oct. 12, 1906; Louis E. Hecht, Oct. 12, 1906; Wm. A. Heerwagan, May 10, 1907; \*R. F.

# PAST MASTERS



HENRY O. OSBORN  
1889



CHAS. H. STEWART  
1890



WM. MOLL  
1891-1892



JAMES I. WEBB  
1893



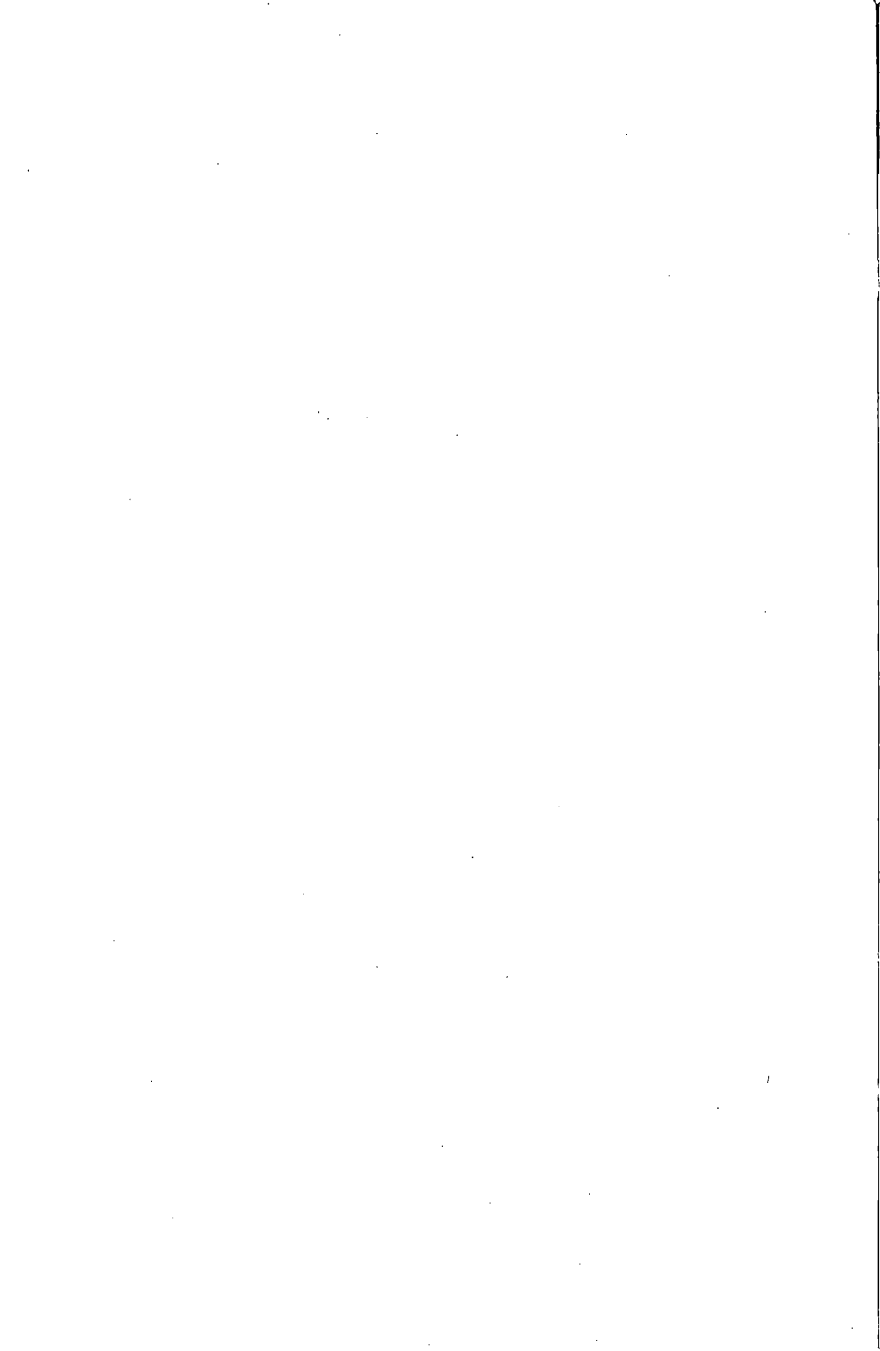
WM. HARBIDGE  
1894



DAVID G. KNIGHT SR.  
1895



CARLOS N. WEBB  
AFFILIATED 1895



Hopkins, Oct. 9, 1908; Ernst Hildebrant, April 23, 1909; Robert H. Heath, June 11, 1909; George Hutmacher, Oct. 8, 1909; William Hardman, June 17, 1910; J. T. Harrison, March 10, 1911; W. Frank Hopping, Oct. 27, 1911; James Hull, Oct. 27, 1911; Andrew S. Hibler, Dec. 8, 1911; \*Robert H. Hibberd, Feb. 23, 1912; Alfred M. Hartley, April 25, 1913; Russell H. Harrison, May 22, 1914; George H. Hayes, Nov. 27, 1914; Russell H. Hoffman, March 12, 1915; Harold L. Hobart, Oct. 8, 1915; E. William Heyden, Feb. 11, 1916; Ralph S. Harencane, March 24, 1916; William B. Horton, April 14, 1916; Fred D. Hyer, May 19, 1916; August F. Helwig, Jr., June 30, 1916; Fred S. Helwig, June 30, 1916; Chas. F. Hausmann, Sept. 29, 1916; Ber. V. Heitmuller, Sept. 29, 1916; Her. A. Hinchliffe, Dec. 8, 1916; D. S. Henderson, Jan. 5, 1917; M. C. Heitlinger, Jan. 5, 1917; Henry H. Hill, June 15, 1917; Wm. H. Haller, Oct. 12, 1917; Thos. R. Hassall, Oct. 26, 1917; †Norman V. Herbert, Feb. 6, 1918; Charles J. Hosp, June 21, 1918; William H. Hassel, June 28, 1918; James Hogg, Oct. 25, 1918; Jos. Hock, Jr., Nov. 28, 1919; Herman F. Hausher, Nov. 28, 1919; Conrad Hosp, Dec. 19, 1919; Robert G. Huntington, March 19, 1920; Eric P. Horne, Oct. 22, 1920; Joseph H. Heller, Feb. 11, 1921; William H. Heyl, April 1, 1921; Frank Heringer, May 13, 1921; John Helmbrecht, May 13, 1921; Ernest Hauck, May 27, 1921; Otto P. Heuer, Oct. 28, 1921; Frank D. Hopley, Jr., Oct. 28, 1921; H. J. Helmbrecht, Dec. 16, 1921; Hugo Haas, Feb. 10, 1922; Louis J. Hess, April 14, 1922; Harold A. Hagmann, May 12, 1922; ‡Robert C. Howell, Sept. 29, 1922; \*Wm. C. Haas, Oct. 13, 1922; Reinhold L. Heck, Nov. 24, 1922; George Hunken, Dec. 15, 1922; Robert Hemphill, Jan. 12, 1923; \*John Haupt, May 18, 1923; Frederick Hierung, June 8, 1923; Oakley M. Higgins, Nov. 23, 1923; Norman R. Hunt, Nov. 23, 1923; \*J. Herbstsomer, Jr., Dec. 28, 1923; Arthur R. Hoff, June 13, 1924; Huyler Haupt, Dec. 5, 1924; A. A. Hirschoff, May 15, 1925; \*Robert Hoffman, May 15, 1925.

W. F. Indergrund, June 14, 1907; L. F. Ihne, June 26, 1908; M. P. Ingalsbe, Nov. 28, 1924.

H. H. Jefferis, May 16, 1902; Thos. E. Jones, Feb. 9, 1906; John Jeff, Nov. 26, 1909; J. Edward Jacobi, Dec. 16, 1910; Arthur H. Jenks, June 23, 1911; Emil R. Juengling, Nov. 10, 1911; Frank

Jacoby, Nov. 22, 1912; Richard F. Jolley, Jan. 24, 1913; Frank Jost, Sept. 25, 1914; H. R. Jacobus, March 16, 1917; W. F. Jeffreys, May 17, 1918; George H. Jones, June 18, 1920; Harry J. Jones, June 10, 1921; Henry Jaehnel, Sept. 9, 1921; Gustaf E. Jacobson, Dec. 9, 1921; Soren Jensen, June 9, 1922; Leo C. Jerkins, Nov. 9, 1923; William C. Jordon, May 2, 1924; Albert Jinks, June 5, 1925; Clifton B. Johnbroer, Oct. 15, 1926.

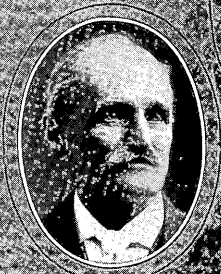
David G. Knight, Oct. 9, 1891; Theo. Kinney, May 23, 1902; Chas. Kollmar, Sr., Nov. 21, 1902; Chas. Kasefang, June 12, 1903; Henry W. Kopp, Nov. 24, 1905; D. G. Knight, Jr., June 14, 1907; Gottlob Kautzman, June 14, 1907; Gottfried Kautzman, May 28, 1909; Carl F. Kees, Oct. 28, 1910; \*Newton P. Kinsey, Oct. 28, 1910; Chas. F. Kollmar, Jan. 27, 1911; Edwin A. Kirch, July 7, 1911; Otto Kollmar, Sept. 29, 1911; Joseph Kohler, Nov. 24, 1911; John Kruttschnitt, Jan. 26, 1912; Charles C. Krach, Sept. 13, 1912; Delancey C. Karn, Jan. 24, 1913; Albert Koenig, March 27, 1914; Fred C. Kern, April 24, 1914; Theo. H. Koerner, Nov. 27, 1914; George Kollmar, March 26, 1915; Frederic B. Kremer, Nov. 26, 1915; Fred. A. Kuehn, April 14, 1916; Thom. H. Kirkbride, Nov. 10, 1916; Benjamin E. Korb, Dec. 8, 1916; Frank Kiel, May 25, 1917; Charles Kramer, Nov. 9, 1917; Ferd. J. Kann, April 12, 1918; Raymond King, May 31, 1918; G. Sanford Keller, June 28, 1918; Wm. A. Keller, Jan. 24, 1919; \*Lewis M. Kenney, March 14, 1919; Rudolph Kengeter, March 21, 1919; Harry Kurtz, June 27, 1919; Fred'k H. Kautzmann, Feb. 11, 1921; Charles A. Kammer, Sept. 9, 1921; Carl R. Koelble, Oct. 28, 1921; H. L. Kritzmacher, Oct. 28, 1921; Raymond C. Kolster, Dec. 15, 1922; John A. Kern, Jan. 12, 1923; Robert F. Kraeuter, March 9, 1923; \*John J. Kemp, March 9, 1923; Gotthelf F. Kurrle, April 20, 1923; Orville B. Kirkby, May 18, 1923; Walter J. Krauth, Nov. 9, 1923; Ernest F. Knodel, April 11, 1924; Henry H. Kulzer, Jr., May 2, 1924; \*Edw. A. Kastner, June 27, 1924; Paul Knopf, Oct. 10, 1924; Alfred M. Knight, May 15, 1925; Benj. B. Kramer, June 26, 1925; Henry H. Kramer, June 26, 1925; George J. Krapf, June 25, 1926; William Kelly, Oct. 15, 1926.

Ernest A. Lyon, Feb. 6, 1903; August L. Lacombe, Nov. 22, 1907; \*Chas. H. Lance, April 23, 1909; C. A. Littell, May 28,

# PAST MASTERS



PHILIP BECKER  
1896



LOUIS BECKER  
1897



R.W. JAMES R. ENGLISH  
1898-1900



SIDNEY W. ALLEN  
1901



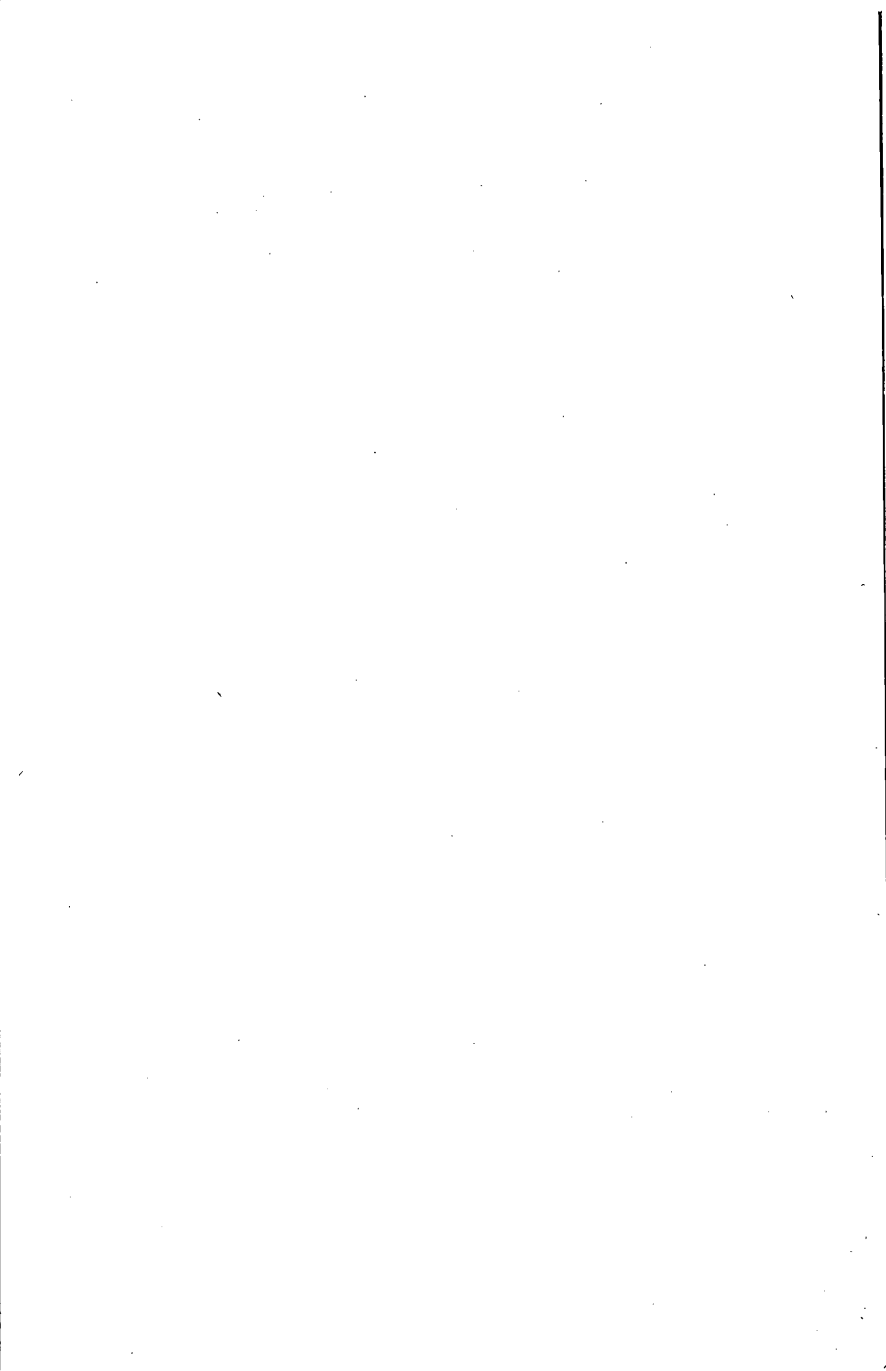
FRANK H. MORRELL  
1902-1903



DAVID H. GREENE  
1904-1905



CHARLES H. HARRISON  
1906-1907



1909; Eric Lowe, Oct. 8, 1909; \*Charles C. Logan, April 25, 1913; Henry Loeffler, May 22, 1914; John J. Louderbough, Feb. 12, 1915; Robert L. Lungren, April 14, 1916; Irving N. Looker, May 19, 1916; I. Halsey Looker, Feb. 9, 1917; Fred'k C. Lange, July 6, 1917; J. Kendall Laird, May 16, 1919; Albert W. Lauer, June 13, 1919; John C. Liddie, March 19, 1920; Clifford Lester, April 9, 1920; Fred'k C. Lewis, June 18, 1920; Gray B. Lester, Jr., March 3, 1922; Harry E. Lembrick, Sept. 29, 1922; Geo. W. Leidigh, Sept. 29, 1922; Wm. F. Lindner, March 23, 1923; John L. Lindquist, Oct. 12, 1923; Horace C. Lyons, Oct. 10, 1924; H. D. LaTourette, Feb. 27, 1925; H. L. LaTourette, Feb. 27, 1925.

Wm. Moll, June 10, 1887; John Miller, Sept. 9, 1887; E. Frank Meeker, Nov. 10, 1894; John Medcraft, Aug. 27, 1897; Albert Momm, April 11, 1902; Joel P. Martin, March 6, 1903; Fred'k L. Miller, May 13, 1904; Chas. M. Mason, April 14, 1905; \*Chas. W. Mayow, Feb. 23, 1906; Clifford Mooney, June 8, 1906; John G. Monihan, Sept. 27, 1908; Arthur J. Mousley, April 23, 1909; J. Herbert Mayfield, May 28, 1909; J. W. Mason, May 28, 1909; Charles F. Miller, March 18, 1910; T. David Mayfield, Oct. 28, 1910; Fred'k W. Miller, Oct. 28, 1910; Wm. H. Muhler, May 26, 1911; Wm. F. Mehring, Dec. 13, 1912; John C. MacFayden, Dec. 13, 1912; John I. Middleton, March 12, 1915; Clifford E. Murray, May 14, 1915; Arthur D. Mumaw, July 9, 1915; John A. Morse, May 19, 1916; Edward Momm, June 30, 1916; Jas. R. Middleton, Sept. 29, 1916; Harry C. Morris, October 6, 1916; \*Nath. W. Morris, Feb. 23, 1917; August G. Meyer, May 25, 1917; Henry Mueller, Feb. 8, 1918; Leonard Markham, Feb. 8, 1918; Wm. H. Mantz, March 15, 1918; Louis F. Milbauer, June 21, 1918; Henry W. Mueller, June 28, 1918; John L. Mathison, Nov. 15, 1918; Harry E. Murtha, Nov. 29, 1918; Martin N. Matson, Jan. 24, 1919; Edward B. Mason, May 16, 1919; J. Earl MacGregor, May 16, 1919; Walter A. Murray, June 13, 1919; Clyde W. Mason, Sept. 26, 1919; August R. Müller, Sept. 26, 1919; Fred W. Mittenmeyer, March 19, 1920; Edward Manning, May 21, 1920; Richard F. L. Muth, Oct. 8, 1920; William D. Murtha, Oct. 22, 1920; Carman Montross, Oct. 29, 1920; Louis D. Mignard, April 1, 1921; Henry T. Moore, May 13, 1921; Arthur A. Mergner, May 27, 1921; Harry H. Mortimer, June 10, 1921; Wm. P. Miller, Feb. 10, 1922; \*John McLaren, May 17, 1922;

\*Peter A. Mortensen, June 2, 1922; Alfred C. Mills, June 30, 1922; M. T. MacCallum, Oct. 27, 1922; Geo. L. Markham, Nov. 24, 1922; Wm. E. McMinn, Dec. 15, 1922; Ernest A. Munther, May 18, 1923; Rudolph Mueller, June 8, 1923; Maitland C. Montross, June 8, 1923; Harry D. Madden, June 22, 1923; John N. F. Marshall, Nov. 9, 1923; \*James B. Mulder, Dec. 14, 1923; Elmer Meyers, Feb. 15, 1924; Wheeler N. Meeker, April 11, 1924; Chas. Meyers, June 27, 1924; Howard E. Mandeville, Sept. 19, 1924; Joseph F. Meyer, Sept. 19, 1924; Chas. H. Miles, Dec. 19, 1924; Samuel G. Morrill, Dec. 19, 1924; Wm. B. Matthews, Feb. 6, 1925; Leonard D. Meeker, Feb. 6, 1925; John C. Mayer, March 20, 1925; Harry Meeker, Jr., June 26, 1925; A. C. Mehl, Jr., Sept. 18, 1925; Arthur W. Miller, Sept. 18, 1925; Arch. A. McNeil, Oct. 16, 1925; John T. Mathis, Feb. 19, 1926; Charles A. Meyer, Feb. 19, 1926; Harold C. Miller, Feb. 19, 1926; Charles J. Markham, March 12, 1926; Harold F. Matthiessen, May 21, 1926.

Milton T. Nafey, June 8, 1906; Fred'k W. J. Neese, July 7, 1911; Ralph R. Noyes, Feb. 7, 1919; Charles L. Norton, March 21, 1919; \*Lee D. Norton, March 18, 1921; Fred C. Neese, Jan. 18, 1924; Richard T. Nelson, May 2, 1924; Alfred H. Nelson, Feb. 6, 1925; John F. Neudeck, Oct. 16, 1925; Oliver P. Nilsen, Oct. 30, 1925.

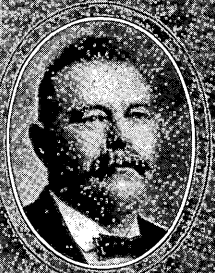
Merton B. Owen, June 13, 1889; Adam P. Ohl, May 19, 1916; William N. Ord, May 25, 1917; Harry S. Owens, March 15, 1918; Gustav Ohaus, Nov. 29, 1918; Alfred C. Oechler, Sept. 9, 1921; Robert H. Owen, April 21, 1922; Henry Ost, Oct. 27, 1922; Joseph J. Oertel, May 2, 1924; H. F. Overbaugh, Sept. 19, 1924; Carl E. Olson, March 12, 1926.

C. W. Pfeil, Dec. 13, 1901; Edw. W. Pierson, Jan. 30, 1903; Albert E. Pancoast, Nov. 13, 1903; \*A. H. Perrigo, April 10, 1908; \*Charles L. Puder, April 23, 1909; Hiram H. Peck, March 10, 1911; L. W. Pennington, March 10, 1911; John H. Pierson, March 8, 1912; Richard P. Phibbs, Nov. 22, 1912; Arthur C. Prince, Dec. 13, 1912; John Pospischil, Jr., May 22, 1914; William Patrick, May 14, 1915; Edwin Persson, July 9, 1915; Canute O. Pihlblad, July 9, 1915; Howard R. Phillips, Nov. 10, 1916; John E. Phillips, Feb. 16, 1917; Edward A. Permar, Oct. 26, 1917;

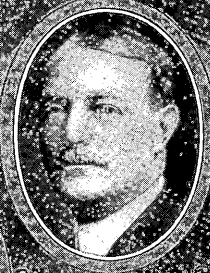
# PAST MASTERS



JOSIAH M. BALDWIN  
1908



EDWARD THEURICH  
AFFILIATED 1909



WM. A. BAKER  
AFFILIATED 1909



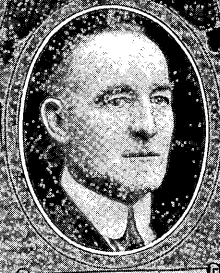
CHARLES KASEFANG  
1911



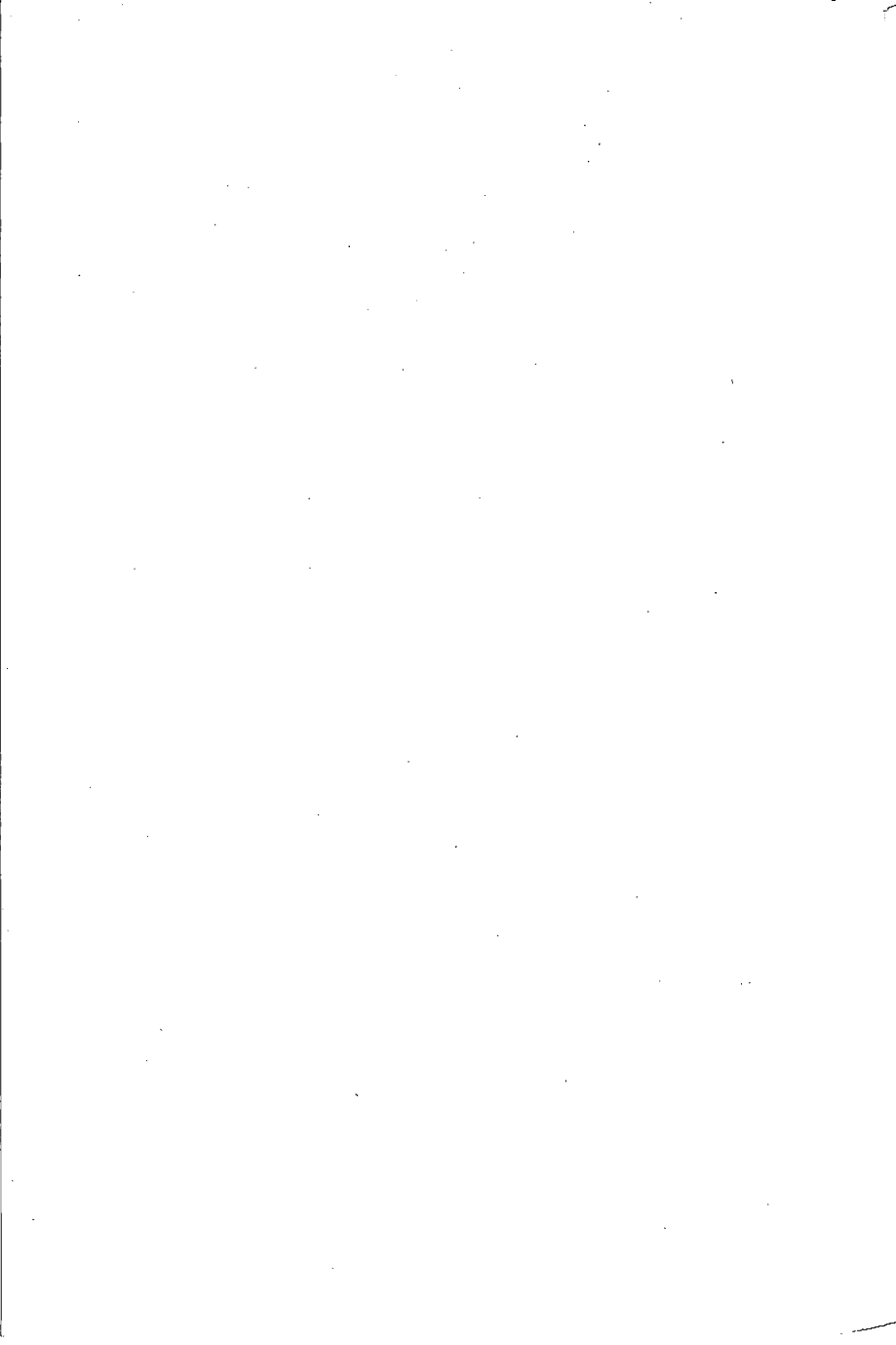
R.W. EDGAR E. VAN CLEAVE  
1909



C. WILLIAM PFEIL  
1910



W. CLIFTON TERRILL  
1912



Albert Pfister, Nov. 30, 1917; Adolph Patzier, June 27, 1919; Vincent F. Pohl, June 27, 1919; Walter C. Pohl, June 27, 1919; Henry F. Putz, Nov. 14, 1919; Ernest B. Poeter, March 5, 1920; Floyd W. Puder, June 25, 1920; C. William Pfeil, Jr., Sept. 17, 1920; John H. Petter, Nov. 26, 1920; Ernest E. Poeter, Oct. 28, 1921; Everton B. Powell, April 14, 1922; Benj. Peacock, Sept. 29, 1922; Robert Pourchier, Dec. 15, 1922; Geo. A. Perry, June 22, 1923; Geo. H. Pilkington, Jr., July 6, 1923; Richard R. Pfister, April 11, 1924; \*Louis G. Prosch, June 20, 1924; Oscar Paxton, Oct. 10, 1924; Charles A. Poeter, Dec. 19, 1924; Frank H. Pan-nick, March 20, 1925; Adolf Pols, March 20, 1925; Fred N. Parker, May 15, 1925; Archie J. Porter, Oct. 30, 1925.

Horace H. Quimby, March 26, 1915.

Wm. Riker, Jr., March 8, 1872; Benj. F. Reeve, Feb. 10, 1905; Spencer O. Runyon, June 21, 1907; Pierre Regad, June 11, 1909; Fred'k Rosseter, June 17, 1910; John A. Ramm, Jr., June 27, 1913; John J. Reeves, Oct. 8, 1915; Cornelius J. Ross, March 17, 1916; Samuel A. Reilly, June 16, 1916; Henry A. Reeve, Sept. 15, 1916; G. Althen Rosseter, Dec. 8, 1916; Frank C. Roser, Feb. 16, 1917; Harold C. Roser, Feb. 16, 1917; M. Sterling Ramos, March 16, 1917; John P. Rossnagel, Oct. 12, 1917; Ira B. Robinson, March 15, 1918; George A. Rogers, Jr., Sept. 20, 1918; Frank W. Roberts, March 21, 1919; Frank A. Russen, Sept. 19, 1919; Chas. J. Rittweger, June 18, 1920; Harry W. Ray, Oct. 8, 1920; William H. Reeves, Nov. 11, 1921; Otto A. Roensch, Nov. 11, 1921; William S. Rose, Dec. 9, 1921; Herman E. Rost, March 3, 1922; Fred Rosseter, Jr., June 30, 1922; Edward H. Rau, Nov. 17, 1922; Albert Russom, Jan. 12, 1923; Howard N. Rigby, Mar. 23, 1923; Albert D. Ralston, April 20, 1923; James W. Raddin, Nov. 23, 1923; Nathan C. Raddin, Nov. 23, 1923; Percy A. Rogers, Jan. 18, 1924; Harry M. Radcliffe, Jr., April 2, 1926; Andrew K. Richardson, April 2, 1926.

Jacob C. Stewart, June 10, 1881; Chas. H. Stewart, June 24, 1881; Frank J. Strohmeier, Oct. 16, 1896; Clifton H. Simpson, July 13, 1900; Walter F. Simpson, May 16, 1902; Theo. Slingerland, July 11, 1902; Louis G. Slingerland, Oct. 31, 1902; John Stolz, Nov. 24, 1905; Geo. H. Schoch, Oct. 26, 1906; S. C. Seal,

April 10, 1908; Harry J. Stanley, Oct. 9, 1908; Walter H. Simpson, June 24, 1910; George H. Small, July 7, 1911; George H. Swezey, Sept. 29, 1911; C. A. Scofield, Oct. 27, 1911; Carl T. Stahl, Nov. 10, 1911; Arthur L. Stuart, April 26, 1912; Albert M. Sieb, June 14, 1912; Victor H. Strombach, Jan. 24, 1913; Harry Shumaker, Jan. 24, 1913; Orville H. Staley, March 28, 1913; Henry E. Sieb, May 9, 1913; Percy C. Stine, Nov. 21, 1913; Julius C. Strombach, Feb. 27, 1914; Geo. W. Schmitt, Jr., Feb. 27, 1914; Victor P. Sherwood, March 27, 1914; Edw. H. Schubel, March 27, 1914; John H. Schmidt, April 24, 1914; Charles F. Smith, Sept. 25, 1914; George Stultz, March 12, 1915; Hugh L. C. Stevens, May 14, 1915; Edward C. Schmidt, July 9, 1915; Harry O. Smith, Nov. 10, 1916; Frank H. Stevens, March 16, 1917; Harold A. Smith, April 13, 1917; Corey W. Sandford, April 13, 1917; \*Frank G. Schubel, May 4, 1917; Oscar H. Schoelz, June 8, 1917; Henry E. Staeger, June 8, 1917; E. J. Swauger, June 15, 1917; Jas. A. Sinclair, June 15, 1917; Wm. A. Smith, June 15, 1917; Emil J. Schoch, July 6, 1917; C. R. Skinner, Oct. 12, 1917; A. E. Steinheim, Oct. 26, 1917; C. J. Schaufelberger, C. J., May 31, 1918; Harry Stoney, June 21, 1918; Henry C. Sander, Oct. 25, 1918; Albert Schulz, Jr., Feb. 7, 1919; \*Edward N. Smart, Feb. 28, 1919; Wm. J. Stevens, June 13, 1919; John Staneck, June 13, 1919; Robert Stickle, June 27, 1919; Frederick Stahl, Sept. 19, 1919; W. Scott Stickle, Sept. 19, 1919; Walter J. Staneck, Sept. 26, 1919; David H. Simpson, Nov. 28, 1919; Frederick Smith, Dec. 19, 1919; Otto Schantz, Feb. 6, 1920; William Simmonds, Feb. 6, 1920; Albert E. R. Seibert, Feb. 6, 1920; \*Ralph Sager, Feb. 20, 1920; Harold B. Sinclair, March 5, 1920; Ed. A. Schroeder, Jr., March 19, 1920; \*H. F. Schumacher, April 23, 1920; Frederick Stock, April 23, 1920; John E. Schweikert, June 18, 1920; William C. Stapf, June 18, 1920; Harold D. Snyder, Sept. 3, 1920; Frederick Skivington, Oct. 8, 1920; Frank Seifert, Nov. 26, 1920; \*John H. Shirlaw, June 3, 1921; Richard P. Schaaf, June 24, 1921; F. H. Schumacher, Nov. 11, 1921; Hiram C. Stewart, Dec. 16, 1921; Edward Schill, March 3, 1922; Hilmar Schill, March 3, 1922; Leslie Simmonds, April 21, 1922; James H. Stone, May 12, 1922; Walter P. Schenck, June 9, 1922; Wm. L. Sansom, June 9, 1922; Charles J. Schneider, Jr., June 30, 1922; Wm. B. Stephans, Oct. 27, 1922; Chas. W

# PAST MASTERS



JOSEPH S. WATERFIELD  
1913



J. WESLEY THOMPSON  
1914



T. DAVID MAYFIELD  
1915



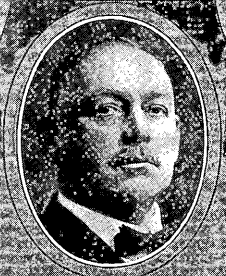
G. NORMAN BECKER  
1916



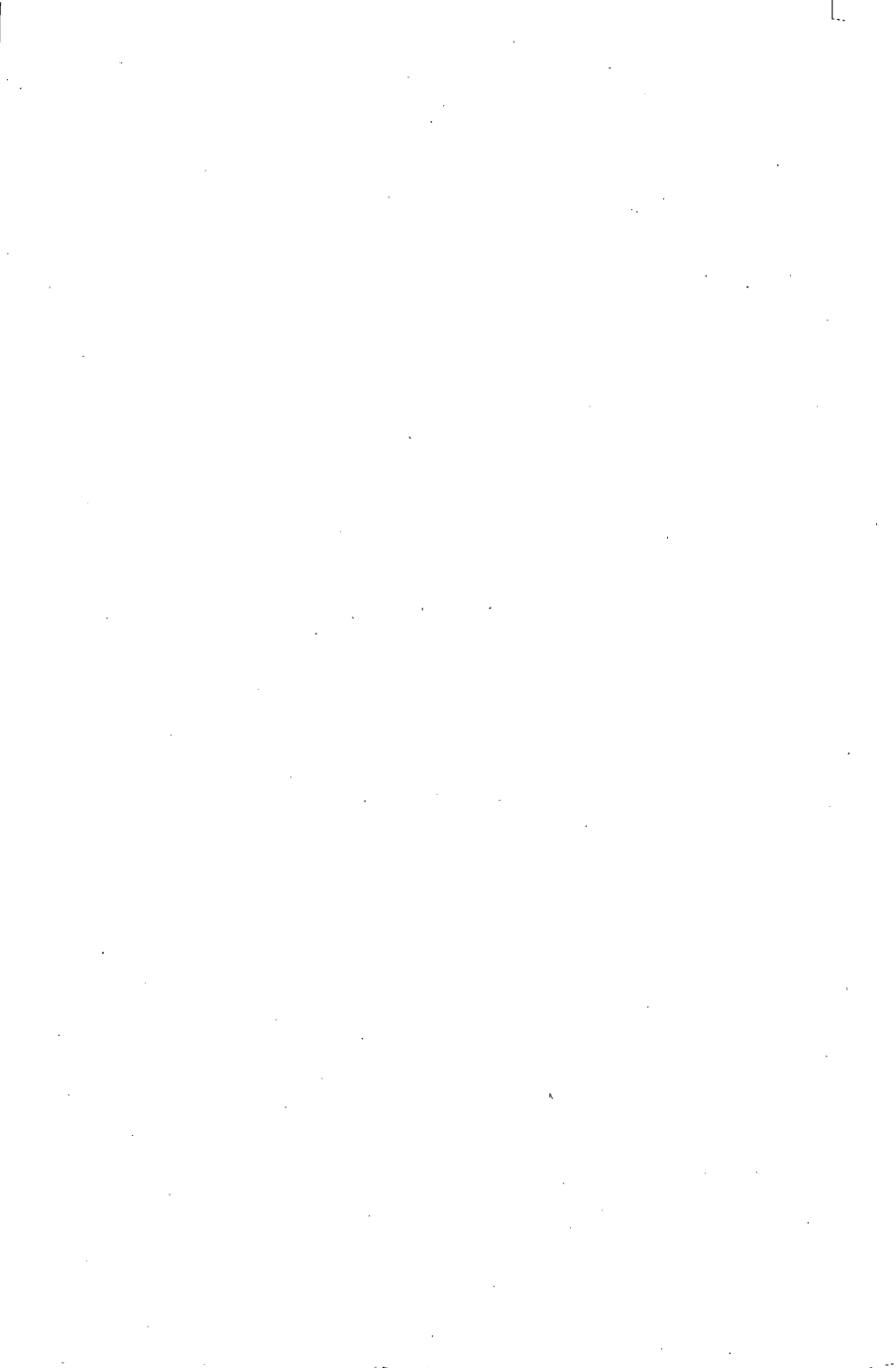
FREDERICK ROSSETER  
1917



CHARLES H. EGELN  
1918



JOHN H. PIERSON  
1919



Stephens, Oct. 27, 1922; Frank Swackhamer, June 8, 1923; Fred G. Stirling, July 6, 1923; John W. Short, July 6, 1923; Geo. C. Schadt, Oct. 12, 1923; John A. Stecker, Dec. 14, 1923; \*Fred L. Schawo, Dec. 14, 1923; Emory W. Schurr, Jan. 18, 1924; J. Howard Samo, March 14, 1924; Howard C. Seaman, Jr., June 13, 1924; John Stine, Jr., June 13, 1924; James R. Smith, June 13, 1924; \*James R. Simpson, June 27, 1924; James N. Sheridan, Dec. 5, 1924; Walter N. Strom, Dec. 19, 1924; Charles R. Streeter, Feb. 27, 1925; \*F. L. Schultze, April 10, 1925; Elmer C. Schmidt, June 26, 1925; Adolf G. Sackman, Sept. 18, 1925; Eugene M. Steenburgh, Jan. 15, 1926; Clarence C. Stephens, Jan. 15, 1926; \*Robert W. Sharp, March 26, 1926.

W. Clifton Terrill, June 8, 1906; J. W. Thompson, June 14, 1907; J. Aymar Townsend, Oct. 11, 1907; Frank D. Trainer, July 2, 1909; Frank W. Tuite, Feb. 24, 1911; Thomas Treon, Feb. 24, 1911; Charles Theringer, Nov. 10, 1911; Harold E. Taylor, Nov. 26, 1915; \*J. L. H. Thomson, Jan. 9, 1917; W. H. Talmage, Dec. 14, 1917; Alfred M. Twigg, March 15, 1918; George L. Taylor, May 21, 1920; Lloyd E. Taylor, Oct. 22, 1920; John A. Thorworth, Dec. 16, 1921; Arthur C. Teuscher, April 21, 1922; Herbert R. Talmage, Jan. 12, 1923; Edwin L. Thomas, April 20, 1923; Geo. V. Tinney, June 22, 1923; \*David W. Tibbits, Sept. 14, 1923; Edward Thieme, Nov. 23, 1923; Rynier V. Taylor, June 27, 1924.

Louis Umstaedter, April 25, 1913; William C. Ubhaus, June 30, 1916; A. Halsey Utter, Nov. 9, 1917; Chas. E. Ubhaus, June 8, 1923.

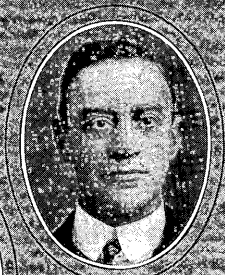
John H. Van Cleve, May 13, 1887; Herbert C. Van Ness, June 11, 1897; Henry D. Vehslage, June 11, 1901; Ed'r E. Van Cleve, Sept. 13, 1901; Waldo W. Van Ness, Feb. 27, 1903; Wm. M. Vreeland, July 2, 1909; Harry Valentine, Nov. 24, 1911; John Van Doren, Dec. 8, 1911; Fred L. Van Volkenburgh, May 9, 1913; Dimon J. Valentine, June 16, 1916; James H. Vey, Sept. 19, 1919; Frank C. Vehslage, April 23, 1920; Charles F. Vonhof, Sept. 3, 1920; F. Stanley Vehslage, Sept. 3, 1920; William H. Vetter, Sept. 17, 1920; Burrell W. Vroom, Nov. 12, 1920; H. R. Van Cleve, Nov. 26, 1920; Henry Voss, Jr., June 9, 1922; Mahlon R. Vail, July 6, 1923; Stanley E. Vroom, April 11, 1924; \*\*L. J. Vonhof, April 15, 1925; Arnold W. Vreeland, Jan. 15, 1926.

Nicholas Weber, June 1, 1894; Joseph Walker, Sept. 27, 1895; John U. Weber, March 13, 1896; Louis A. Wenner, Dec. 20, 1901; Geo. H. Wolfram, Feb. 27, 1903; Geo. H. Woolley, March 6, 1903; M. B. Worthington, May 22, 1903; Wm. Weismantel, Nov. 13, 1903; Jos. S. Waterfield, Nov. 22, 1907; Leslie B. Woodruff, Feb. 14, 1908; Henry Werner, May 28, 1909; \*Frank W. Wells, June 10, 1910; Ira S. Wise, March 10, 1911; Rudolph J. Weinacht, March 8, 1912; Charles Waterfield, Nov. 22, 1912; Alfred L. Wildeck, Nov. 27, 1914; Staton Waterfield, Feb. 12, 1915; Charles G. Weber, Feb. 11, 1916; Corn. Wassall, Jr., Oct. 6, 1916; Jos. R. Willever, March 16, 1917; Ernest Whitbeck, April 13, 1917; W. F. Weidenbacher, June 8, 1917; A. T. M. Williams, Nov. 9, 1917; August J. Wagner, Dec. 14, 1917; Harold S. Wilson, Feb. 8, 1918; W. H. Whittam, Feb. 8, 1918; J. W. Weingartner, May 17, 1918; Jack Wilderspin, April 25, 1919; Wm. H. Williams, June 13, 1919; Wm. W. Wilgus, Sept. 26, 1919; Louis J. Weigel, Nov. 14, 1919; Norman E. Weigel, Nov. 14, 1919; A. D. Wadsworth, Jr., Feb. 6, 1920; E. E. Whitehead, Feb. 6, 1920; Christ. Wagner, April 23, 1920; Fred'k G. Warholick, May 21, 1920; George L. White, May 21, 1920; George W. Wagner, Oct. 22, 1920; Fred'k Wichelhaus, April 1, 1921; Wm. H. Wagner, May 13, 1921; Amos E. Willson, May 27, 1921; Charles J. Wenzel, June 24, 1921; Robert E. Williams, Sept. 9, 1921; Lewis White, March 9, 1923; Max W. Wien, March 23, 1923; Hugo Woerner, April 20, 1923; John W. Wyckoff, April 11, 1924; Emil Wey, June 27, 1924; Daniel G. Ward, Nov. 28, 1924; John R. Waterfield, Dec. 5, 1924; \*Walter Waterfield, Dec. 12, 1924; Hans Wien, Feb. 6, 1925; William Wilner, Oct. 16, 1925; Frederick A. Wenzel, Feb. 19, 1926.

D. G. Yoder, June 12, 1908; Walter C. Young, Oct. 28, 1910; Thomas Young, Nov. 21, 1913; Daniel Yetter, Sept. 20, 1918; John Yaeck, Sept. 26, 1919; Herman Yunker, May 12, 1922.

Wm. G. Zimmerman, Sept. 25, 1914; Ernest M. Ziegler, Nov. 28, 1915; Harry V. Zigenfus, March 24, 1916; Frank A. Zuber, May 17, 1918; Harry L. Zuest, Feb. 10, 1922; Jos. J. Zimmerman, Oct. 12, 1923; August C. Ziegel, Feb. 27, 1925.

# PAST MASTERS



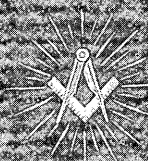
HERBERT L. ALLWOOD  
1921



ORVILLE H. STALEY  
1922



CHARLES E. DEVINE  
1920



JOHN I. MIDDLETON  
1923



CORNELIUS WASSALL  
1925



FRANK D. TRAINER  
1924



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*Fellowcrafts*—Frederick George Lewis Floyd, Emil Otto, Jr., Albert Otto Stechman, Jr., Walter Becker, Herbert John Hahn, John Carl Weidlich.

*Entered Apprentices*—Frederick Grosjean, Jr., Fred Anton Kaufman, Henry Wartenberg.

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\* Affiliated.

† Passed and Raised in Army and Navy Lodge, No. 306, Fortress Monroe, Va.

‡ Passed and Raised in Benevolent Lodge, No. 45, Paterson, N. J.

\*\* Passed and Raised in Ancient City Lodge, No. 452, Albany, N. Y.

*Membership, October 15, 1926, 851.*