## **CHAPTER 57**

#### **COMMUNICABLE DISEASES**

Authority

N.J.S.A. 17:23A-13, 18A:62-15, 26:1A-7, 26:1A-15, 26:4-1 et seq. and 26:5C-5.

#### Source and Effective Date

R.2003 d.412, effective September 25, 2003. See: 34 N.J.R. 3945(a), 35 N.J.R. 4883(b).

#### **Chapter Expiration Date**

In accordance with N.J.S.A. 52:14B-5.1c, Chapter 57, Communicable Diseases, expires on March 24, 2009. See: 40 N.J.R. 1962(a).

#### **Chapter Historical Note**

Chapter 57, Communicable Diseases, was adopted and became effective prior to September 1, 1969.

Subchapter 4, Immunization of Pupils in School, was adopted as R.1975 d.121, effective May 16, 1975. See: 7 N.J.R. 154(a), 7 N.J.R. 264(a).

Subchapter 5, New Jersey Influenza Immunization Program, was adopted as R.1976 d.315, effective October 8, 1976. See: 8 N.J.R. 513(a).

Pursuant to Executive Order No. 66(1978), Subchapter 1, Reportable Communicable Diseases, was readopted as R.1980 d.498, effective November 12, 1980. See: 12 N.J.R. 577(e), 13 N.J.R. 13(b).

Pursuant to Executive Order No. 66(1978), Subchapter 4, Immunization of Pupils in School, was readopted as R.1983 d.311, effective July 18, 1983. See: 15 N.J.R. 781(a), 15 N.J.R. 1253(a).

Pursuant to Executive Order No. 66(1978), Subchapter 1, Reportable Communicable Diseases, was readopted as R.1985 d.363, effective June 18, 1985. See: 17 N.J.R. 784(a), 17 N.J.R. 1764(a).

Subchapter 6, Cancer Registry, was adopted as R.1986 d.277, effective June 16, 1986. See: 17 N.J.R. 2836(b), 18 N.J.R. 1283(a).

Subchapter 6, Cancer Registry, was recodified as N.J.A.C. 8:57A by R.1990 d.242, effective May 21, 1990. See: 21 N.J.R. 3909(a), 22 N.J.R. 1596(a).

Pursuant to Executive Order No. 66(1978), Chapter 57, Communicable Diseases, was readopted as R.1990 d.243, effective April 20, 1990, and Subchapter 2, Isolation of Persons III or Infected with a Communicable Disease, Subchapter 3, Poliomyelitis Vaccine Records, and Subchapter 5, New Jersey Influenza Immunization Program, were repealed by R.1990 d.243, effective June 4, 1990. See: 21 N.J.R. 3897(a), 22 N.J.R. 1766(a).

Subchapter 2, Reporting of Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome and Infection with Human Immunodeficiency Virus, was adopted as new rules by R.1990 d.244, effective May 21, 1990, operative June 4, 1990. See: 21 N.J.R. 3905(a), 22 N.J.R. 1592(a).

Subchapter 3, Reportable Occupational and Environmental Diseases and Poisons, was adopted as new rules by R.1990 d.245, effective May 21, 1990, operative June 4, 1990. See: 21 N.J.R. 3907(a), 22 N.J.R. 1595(a).

Pursuant to Executive Order No. 66(1978), Chapter 57, Communicable Diseases, was readopted as R.1995 d.240, effective April 12, 1995. See: 27 N.J.R. 420(a), 27 N.J.R. 1987(a).

Subchapter 1, Reportable Communicable Diseases, was repealed and Subchapter 1, Reportable Communicable Diseases, was adopted as new rules by R.1995 d.277, effective June 5, 1995. See: 27 N.J.R. 420(a), 27 N.J.R. 2216(a).

Subchapter 6, Higher Education Immunization, was adopted as emergency new rules by R.1995 d.518, effective August 21, 1995, to expire October 20, 1995. See: 27 N.J.R. 3631(a). The concurrent proposal of Subchapter 6 was adopted as R.1995 d.587, effective October 20, 1995, with changes effective November 20, 1995. See: 27 N.J.R. 3631(a), 27 N.J.R. 4701(a).

Subchapter 5, Confinement of Persons with Tuberculosis, was adopted as new rules by R.1996 d.130, effective March 18, 1996. See: 27 N.J.R. 3657(a), 28 N.J.R. 1507(a).

Subchapter 7, Student Health Insurance Coverage, was adopted as R.1997 d.347, effective August 18, 1997. See: 29 N.J.R. 2261(a), 29 N.J.R. 3727(a).

Subchapter 8, Childhood Immunization Insurance Coverage, was adopted as R.1998 d.434, effective August 17, 1998. See: 30 N.J.R. 44(a), 30 N.J.R. 3101(a).

Pursuant to Executive Order No. 66(1978), Chapter 57, Communicable Diseases, expired on April 12, 2000.

Chapter 57, Communicable Diseases, was adopted as new rules by R.2000 d.378, effective September 18, 2000. See: 32 N.J.R. 965(a), 32 N.J.R. 3463(a).

Chapter 57, Communicable Diseases, was readopted as R.2003 d.412, effective September 25, 2003. See: Source and Effective Date. See, also, section annotations.

#### **Cross References**

Blind and visually impaired services case management of clients with communicable diseases, see N.J.A.C. 10:91-5.7.

#### CHAPTER TABLE OF CONTENTS

## SUBCHAPTER 1. REPORTABLE COMMUNICABLE DISEASES

- 8:57-1.1 Purpose and scope
- 8:57-1.2 Definitions
- 8:57-1.3 Reportable diseases
- 8:57-1.4 Persons and institutions required to report reportable diseases
- 8:57-1.5 Content of report
- 8:57-1.6 Reporting of positive laboratory results denoting diseases
- 8:57-1.7 Reporting of diseases by health officers
- 8:57-1.8 Health officer investigations
- 8:57-1.9 Isolation and restriction for communicable disease
- 8:57-1.10 Medical examination and specimen submission
- 8:57-1.11 Foodhandlers ill or infected with communicable diseases
- 8:57-1.12 Confidentiality
- SUBCHAPTER 2. REPORTING OF ACQUIRED IMMUNODEFICIENCY SYNDROME AND INFECTION WITH HUMAN IMMUNODEFICIENCY VIRUS
- 8:57-2.1 Applicability; definition of AIDS, HIV infection, perinatal HIV exposure, and CD4 count
- 8:57-2.2 Reporting HIV Infection
- 8:57-2.3 Reporting children perinatally exposed to HIV
- 8:57-2.4 Reporting AIDS
- 8:57-2.5 Testing procedures
- 8:57-2.6 Exceptions to communicable disease classification of AIDS and HIV
- 8:57-2.7 Access to information
- 8:57-2.8 Failure to comply with reporting requirements

#### SUBCHAPTER 3. REPORTABLE OCCUPATIONAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL DISEASES, INJURIES AND POISONS

- 8:57-3.1 Reporting of occupational and environmental diseases, injuries and poisonings by hospitals
- 8:57-3.2 Reporting of occupational and environmental diseases, injuries, and poisonings by physicians and advanced practice nurses
   8:57-3.3 Confidentiality
- 8.57-5.5 Conndentiality

## SUBCHAPTER 4. IMMUNIZATION OF PUPILS IN SCHOOL

- 8:57-4.1 Applicability
- 8:57-4.2 Proof of immunization
- 8:57-4.3 Medical exemptions
- 8:57-4.4 Religious exemptions
- 8:57-4.5 Provisional admission
- 8:57-4.6 Documents accepted as evidence of immunization
- 8:57-4.7 Records required
- 8:57-4.8 Reports to be sent to Department of Health and Senior Services
- 8:57-4.9 Records available for inspection
- 8:57-4.10 Diphtheria and tetanus toxoids and pertussis vaccine
- 8:57-4.11 Poliovirus vaccine
- 8:57-4.12 Measles virus vaccine
- 8:57-4.13 Rubella vaccine
- 8:57-4.14 Mumps vaccine
- 8:57-4.15 Haemophilus influenza type b (Hib) conjugate vaccine
- 8:57-4.16 Hepatitis B virus vaccine
- 8:57-4.17 Varicella virus vaccine
- 8:57-4.18 Providing immunization
- 8:57-4.19 Emergency powers of the Commissioner, Department of Health and Senior Services
- 8:57-4.20 Optimal immunization recommendations

#### SUBCHAPTER 5. CONFINEMENT OF PERSONS WITH TUBERCULOSIS

- 8:57-5.1 Purpose and scope
- 8:57-5.2 Definitions
- 8:57-5.3 Reportable events
- 8:57-5.4 Case management and outreach services
- 8:57-5.5 Diagnostic examinations
- 8:57-5.6 Management of TB; outpatient basis
- 8:57-5.7 Grounds for commitment
- 8:57-5.8 Hearing process
- 8:57-5.9 Due process
- 8:57-5.10 Discharge plan
- 8:57-5.11 Commitment facilities
- 8:57-5.12 Procedures for commitment by local health officers
- 8:57-5.13 Annual report
- 8:57-5.14 Confidentiality of records
- 8:57-5.15 Mandatory exclusion from workplace or school
- 8:57-5.16 Penalties for violation of rules

## SUBCHAPTER 6. HIGHER EDUCATION IMMUNIZATION

- 8:57-6.1 Applicability
- 8:57-6.2 Exemptions
- 8:57-6.3 Required immunization; measles
- 8:57-6.4 Required immunization; mumps
- 8:57-6.5 Required immunization; rubella
- 8:57-6.6 Required immunization; meningococcal
- 8:57-6.7 Required information: meningococcal disease and meningococcal vaccine
- 8:57-6.8 Institutional responsibility for enforcement
- 8:57-6.9 Provisional admission
- 8:57-6.10 Documents accepted as evidence of immunization
- 8:57-6.11 Medical exemptions
- 8:57-6.12 Religious exemptions

- 8:57-6.13 Institutional records required
- 8:57-6.14 Reports to be submitted to the Department of Health and Senior Services
- 8:57-6.15 Records available for inspection
- 8:57-6.16 Providing immunization
- 8:57-6.17 Reporting requirements
- 8:57-6.18 Modifications in the event of an outbreak

## SUBCHAPTER 7. STUDENT HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE

- 8:57-7.1 Purpose and scope
- 8:57-7.2 Coverage
- 8:57-7.3 Documentation of coverage
- 8:57-7.4 Availability of coverage
- 8:57-7.5 Inspection of records

## SUBCHAPTER 8. CHILDHOOD IMMUNIZATION INSURANCE COVERAGE

- 8:57-8.1 Purpose and scope
- 8:57-8.2 Definitions
- 8:57-8.3 Immunizations that must be covered
- 8:57-8.4 Penalties

# SUBCHAPTER 1. REPORTABLE COMMUNICABLE DISEASES

#### 8:57-1.1 Purpose and scope

(a) The purpose of this subchapter is to expedite the reporting of certain diseases or outbreaks of disease so that appropriate action can be taken to protect the public health. The latest edition of the American Public Health Association's publication, "Control of Communicable Diseases Manual," should be used as a reference, providing guidelines for the characteristics and control of communicable diseases, unless other guidelines are issued by the Department.

(b) For purposes of research, surveillance, and/or in response to technological developments in disease detection or control, the Commissioner, or his or her designee, is empowered to amend the diseases specified in this subchapter for such periods of time as may be necessary to control disease, in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act, N.J.S.A. 52:14B-1 et seq.

Amended by R.1990 d.243, effective June 4, 1990.

See: 21 N.J.R. 3897(a), 22 N.J.R. 1766(a).

Purpose and scope text separated from Foreword; balance of Foreword deleted.

#### 8:57-1.2 Definitions

The following words and terms, as used in this subchapter, shall have the following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.

"Bioterrorism" means premeditated use of biological agents (bacteria, viruses, etc.) to cause death or disease in humans, animals or crops.

Amended by R.1995 d.201, effective April 3, 1995. See: 27 N.J.R. 270(a), 27 N.J.R. 1417(a). Amended by R.2003 d.412, effective October 20, 2003. See: 34 N.J.R. 3945(a), 35 N.J.R. 4883(b).

In (b), introductory paragraph substituted "an advanced practice nurse" for "A"; inserted "or clinical nurse specialist" following "certified nurse practitioner"; in (c) inserted "an advanced practice nurse's" following "(certified registered nurse practitioner"; "or clinical nurse specialist" after "statement".

#### 8:57–4.4 Religious exemptions

(a) A child shall be exempted from mandatory immunization if the parent or guardian objects thereto in a written statement submitted to the school, preschool, or child care center, signed by the parent or guardian, explaining how the administration of immunizing agents conflicts with the pupil's exercise of bona fide religious tenets or practices. General philosophical or moral objection to immunization shall not be sufficient for an exemption on religious grounds.

(b) Religious affiliated schools or child care centers shall have the authority to withhold or grant a religious exemption from the required immunization for pupils entering or attending their institutions without challenge by any secular health authority.

(c) This statement will be kept by the school, preschool, or child care center as part of the child's immunization record.

(d) Those children with religious exemptions from receiving immunizing agents may be excluded from the school, preschool, or child care center during a vaccine-preventable disease outbreak or threatened outbreak as determined by the Commissioner, Department of Health and Senior Services or his or her designee.

(e) As provided by N.J.S.A. 26:4-6, "Any body having control of a school may, on account of the prevalence of any communicable disease, or to prevent the spread of communicable diseases, prohibit the attendance of any teacher or pupil of any school under their control and specify the time during which the teacher or scholar shall remain away from school." The Department of Health and Senior Services shall provide guidance to the school on the appropriateness of any such prohibition. All schools are required to comply with the provisions of N.J.A.C. 8:61-1.1 regarding attendance at school by pupils or adults infected by Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV).

(f) Those children enrolled in school, preschool, or child care centers before September 1, 1991, and who have previously been granted a religious exemption, shall not be required to reapply for a new religious exemption under N.J.A.C. 8:57-4.4(a).

Amended by R.1990 d.243, effective June 4, 1990 (operative September 1, 1991).

See: 21 N.J.R. 3897(a), 22 N.J.R. 1766(a).

Title changed; explanation required in (a); new (d) and (e) added.

Amended by R.1995 d.201, effective April 3, 1995. See: 27 N.J.R. 270(a), 27 N.J.R. 1417(a).

## 8:57–4.5 Provisional admission

(a) A child may be admitted to a school, preschool, or child care center on a provisional basis if a physician, an advanced practice nurse (certified registered nurse practitioner or clinical nurse specialist) or health department can document that at least one dose of each required ageappropriate vaccine(s) or antigen(s) has been administered and that the pupil is in the process of receiving the remaining immunization(s).

(b) Provisional admission for children under age five shall be granted in compliance with the specific requirements set forth in N.J.A.C. 8:57–4.10 through 4.15 for a period of time consistent with the current Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) of the United States Public Health Service or the American Academy of Pediatrics (AAP) immunization schedule, but shall not exceed 17 months for completion of all immunization requirements.

(c) Provisional admission for children five years of age or older shall be granted in compliance with the specific requirements set forth in N.J.A.C. 8:57-4.10 through 4.14 and 4.16 for a period of time consistent with the current Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) of the United States Public Health Service or the American Academy of Pediatrics (AAP) immunization schedule, but shall not exceed one year for completion of all immunization requirements.

(d) Provisional status shall only be granted one time to children entering or transferring into schools, preschools, or child care centers in New Jersey. Information on this status shall be sent by the original school, preschool, or child care center to the new school, preschool, or child care center pursuant to N.J.A.C. 8:57-4.7(b).

(e) Those children transferring into a New Jersey school, preschool, or child care center from out-of-State or out-of-country may be allowed a 30-day grace period in order to obtain past immunization documentation before provisional status shall begin.

(f) The school, preschool, or child care center shall ensure that the required vaccine/antigens are being received on schedule. If at the end of the provisional admission period, the child has not completed the required immunizations, the administrative head of the school, preschool or child care center shall exclude the child from continued school attendance until appropriate documentation has been presented.

(g) Those children in provisional status may be temporarily excluded from the school, preschool, or child care center during a vaccine-preventable disease outbreak or threatened outbreak as determined by the Commissioner, Department of Health and Senior Services or his or her designee.

- As amended, R.1981 d.502, effective January 4, 1982.
- See: 13 N.J.R. 738(a), 14 N.J.R. 45(c). (b): Reference to N.J.A.C. 8:57-4.15 added.
- Amended by R.1990 d.243, effective June 4, 1990 (operative September 1, 1991)
- See: 21 N.J.R. 3897(a), 22 N.J.R. 1766(a).

Text at (a) revised; text at (b) deleted and new text added at (b) through (g)

Amended by R.1995 d.201, effective April 3, 1995.

See: 27 N.J.R. 270(a), 27 N.J.R. 1417(a).

Amended by R.2003 d.412, effective October 20, 2003.

See: 34 N.J.R. 3945(a), 35 N.J.R. 4883(b).

In (a), inserted "an advanced practice nurse" following "physician", and "or clinical nurse specialist" following "practitioner.

## 8:57–4.6 Documents accepted as evidence of immunization

(a) The following documents shall be accepted as evidence of a child's immunization history provided that the type of immunization and the date when each immunization was administered is listed:

1. An official school record from any school, preschool, or child care center indicating compliance with the immunization requirements of this subchapter;

2. A record from any public health department indicating compliance with the immunization requirements of this subchapter;

3. A certificate signed by a physician licensed to practice medicine or osteopathy or an advanced practice nurse (certified registered nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse specialist) in any jurisdiction of the United States indicating compliance with the immunization requirements of this subchapter; or

4. The official record of immunization from the New Jersey Immunization Information System indicating compliance with the immunization requirements of this subchapter.

(b) All immunization records submitted by a parent or guardian in a language other than English shall be accompanied by a translation sufficient to determine compliance with the immunization requirements of this subchapter.

Amended by R.1990 d.243, effective June 4, 1990 (operative September 1, 1991).

Preschool added at (a)1; (a)4 deleted; (b) added.

Amended by R.1995 d.201, effective April 3, 1995.

See: 27 N.J.R. 270(a), 27 N.J.R. 1417(a).

Amended by R.2003 d.412, 413, effective October 20, 2003.

See: 34 N.J.R. 3945(a), 35 N.J.R. 4883(b), 35 N.J.R. 4390(a). In (a), substituted "an advanced practice nurse" for "a" following "Osteopathy or", inserted "or clinical nurse specialist" following "certified registered nurse practitioner in 3, added 4.

#### 8:57-4.7 Records required

(a) Every school, preschool, or child care center shall maintain an official State of New Jersey School Immunization Record for every pupil. This record shall include the date of each immunization and shall be separated from the child's other medical records for purpose of immunization record audit.

(b) If a child withdraws, is promoted, or transfers to another school, preschool, or child care center, the immunization record, or a certified copy thereof, along with statements pertaining to religious or medical exemptions and laboratory evidence of immunity, shall be sent to the new school by the original school or shall be given to the parent or guardian upon request, within 24 hours of such a request.

(c) When a child graduates from secondary school, this record, or a certified copy thereof, shall be sent to an institution of higher education or may be given to the parent or guardian upon request.

(d) Each child's official New Jersey School Immunization Record, or a certified copy thereof, shall be retained by every secondary school for a minimum of four years after the pupil has left the school. Every elementary school, preschool, or child care center shall retain an immunization record, or a copy thereof, for a minimum of one year after the child has left the school.

(e) Any computer-generated document or list developed by a school, preschool, or child care center shall be considered a supplement to, and not a replacement of, the official New Jersey School Immunization Record.

Amended by R.1990 d.243, effective June 4, 1990 (operative September 1, 1991).

See: 21 N.J.R. 3897(a), 22 N.J.R. 1766(a).

Preschool added; text at (b) deleted; record to go to new school within 24 hours; new (c). (d) and (e) added.

Amended by R.1995 d.201, effective April 3, 1995. See: 27 N.J.R. 270(a), 27 N.J.R. 1417(a).

#### 8:57-4.8 Reports to be sent to Department of Health and Senior Services

(a) A report of the immunization status of the pupils in every school, preschool, or child care center shall be sent each year to the Department of Health and Senior Services by the principal, director, or other person in charge of the school, preschool, or child care center.

(b) The form for the annual immunization status report shall be provided by the Department of Health and Senior Services.

(c) This report shall be submitted by December 1 of the respective academic year after a review of all appropriate immunization records.

(d) A copy of this report shall be sent to the local board of health in whose jurisdiction the school, preschool, or child care center is located.

(e) Those schools, preschools, and child care centers not submitting the annual report by December 1 shall be considered delinquent. A delinquency involving schools, preschools, and child care centers may be referred to the New Jersey Department of Education or the New Jersey Department of Human Services, as appropriate based on the length of time delinquent, number of times delinquent, and efforts made toward compliance. The local health department will also be notified of the delinquency.

See: 21 N.J.R. 3897(a), 22 N.J.R. 1766(a).

See: 21 N.J.R. 3897(a), 22 N.J.R. 1766(a). Preschool added; new (e) added. Amended by R.1995 d.201, effective April 3, 1995. See: 27 N.J.R. 270(a), 27 N.J.R. 1417(a).

#### 8:57-4.9 Records available for inspection

Each school, preschool, and child care center shall maintain records of their children's immunization status. Upon 24 hour notice, these records shall be made available for inspection by authorized representatives of the Department of Health and Senior Services or the local board of health in whose jurisdiction the school or child care center is located.

Amended by R.1990 d.243, effective June 4, 1990 (operative September 1, 1991).

See: 21 N.J.R. 3897(a), 22 N.J.R. 1766(a). Preschool and 24 hour requirement added. Amended by R.1995 d.201, effective April 3, 1995. See: 27 N.J.R. 270(a), 27 N.J.R. 1417(a).

## 8:57-4.10 Diphtheria and tetanus toxoids and pertussis vaccine

(a) Every child less than seven years of age shall have received a minimum of four doses of diphtheria and tetanus toxoids and pertussis vaccine (DTP), or any vaccine combination containing DTP, such as DTP/Hib or DTaP, one dose of which shall have been given on or after the child's fourth birthday.

(b) Those children enrolled in child care centers who are too young to meet this requirement, shall be in compliance with this section if they are appropriately immunized for their age as recommended by the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) of the United States Public Health Service.

(c) Diphtheria, tetanus, and acellular pertussis vaccine (DTaP) for children under age seven is preferred and shall be accepted in lieu of DTP vaccine.

(d) Pediatric diphtheria-tetanus toxoid (DT) shall be accepted in lieu of DTP or DTaP for children under age seven if a physician's written medical contraindication to further pertussis vaccine has been presented as specified at N.J.A.C. 8:57-4.3.

(e) Children seven years of age and older who have not completed this requirement shall receive tetanus and diphtheria toxoids (adult Td) instead of DTP. Any appropriately spaced combination of three doses of DTP, DTaP, DT, or Td in a child over age seven shall be acceptable as adequate immunization for this vaccine series.

(f) The requirement to receive a school entry booster dose of DTP or DTaP after the child's fourth birthday shall not apply to children while enrolled in child care centers, preschool or pre-kindergarten classes or programs. (g) Those children less than seven years of age who have received a total of five or more doses of DTP or DTaP shall have also satisfied the DTP requirement.

As amended, R.1981 d.503, effective January 4, 1982.

See: 13 N.J.R. 738(a), 14 N.J.R. 45(c).

"Seventh" birthday was "sixth".

Amended by R.1990 d.243, effective June 4, 1990 (operative September 1, 1991).

See: 21 N.J.R. 3897(a), 22 N.J.R. 1766(a).

DTP schedule updated; new (b), (c) and (d) added. Amended by R.1995 d.201, effective April 3, 1995. See: 27 N.J.R. 270(a), 27 N.J.R. 1417(a).

#### **Case Notes**

Risk-modified market-share liability not adopted in DPT action. Shackil v. Lederle Laboratories, a div. of American Cyanamid Co., 116 N.J. 155, 561 A.2d 511 (1989).

Adequacy of warning left to jury. Niemiera by Niemiera v. Schneider, 114 N.J. 550, 555 A.2d 1112 (1989).

Learned intermediary doctrine relieved manufacturer of vaccine of duty to warn parents of child who suffered disabling convulsive episode which left him brain damaged. Niemiera by Niemiera v. Schneider, 114 N.J. 550, 555 A.2d 1112 (1989).

#### 8:57-4.11 Poliovirus vaccine

(a) Every child less than seven years of age shall have received at least three doses of live, trivalent, oral poliovirus vaccine (OPV), or inactivated poliovirus vaccine (IPV) either separately or in combination, one dose of which shall have been given on or after the child's fourth birthday or, alternatively, any appropriately spaced combination of four doses.

(b) Those children enrolled in child care centers who are too young to meet this requirement, shall be considered to be in compliance with this section if they are appropriately immunized for their age as recommended by the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) of the United States Public Health Service.

(c) Any person 18 years of age or older shall not be required to receive poliovirus vaccine.

(d) For children seven years of age and older, any appropriately spaced combination of three doses of OPV or IPV shall satisfy the poliovirus vaccine requirement.

(e) The requirement to receive a school entry dose of OPV or IPV after the child's fourth birthday shall not apply to children while enrolled in child care centers, preschool or pre-kindergarten classes or programs.

As amended. R.1978 d.244, effective July 24, 1978.

See: 10 N.J.R. 246(b), 10 N.J.R. 334(a).

Amended by R.1990 d.243, effective June 4, 1990 (operative September 1, 1991).

See: 21 N.J.R. 3897(a), 22 N.J.R. 1766(a).

Vaccine requirements updated at (a) and (c); text deleted from (b) and new text added at (b), (d), (e) and (f).

Amended by R.1995 d.201, effective April 3, 1995.

See: 27 N.J.R. 270(a), 27 N.J.R. 1417(a).

### 8:57-4.12 Measles virus vaccine

(a) Every child born on or after January 1, 1990 shall have received two doses of a live measles-containing vaccine, or any vaccine combination containing live measles vaccine, such as the preferred measles, mumps, rubella (MMR) vaccine, prior to school entrance for the first time into Kindergarten, Grade One, or a comparable age entry level special education program with an unassigned grade. The first dose shall have been administered on or after the child's first birthday, and the second dose shall have been administered no less than one month after the first dose.

(b) Every child born after January 1, 1990 attending or transferring into a New Jersey school from another state or country shall have received two doses of a live measles containing vaccine.

(c) Those children younger than 15 months of age who are enrolled in a preschool or child care center, shall be considered to be in compliance with this section until reaching the age of 15 months, which is the medically recommended age for receiving the first measles immunization.

(d) Children born before January 1, 1990 shall have received one dose of live measles vaccine or any measlescontaining combination vaccine on or after their first birthday.

(e) Children born on or after January 1, 1990 and enrolling in school (Kindergarten or Grade One) for the first time after September 1, 1995, with no documented doses of measles vaccine, shall receive the second dose of measles or another measles-containing combination vaccine, no sooner than one month and no later than two months after receiving the first dose.

(f) Children who present documented laboratory evidence of measles immunity shall not be required to receive measles vaccine.

(g) Those children enrolled in school, preschool, or child care centers before September 1, 1991 who have a current immunization record with physician diagnosed and documented measles disease shall not be required to receive the first or second dose of measles vaccine.

Text deleted rule and new text added.

Amended by R.1995 d.201, effective April 3, 1995. See: 27 N.J.R. 270(a), 27 N.J.R. 1417(a).

### 8:57-4.13 Rubella vaccine

(a) Every child shall have received one dose of live rubella virus vaccine, or any vaccine combination containing live rubella virus vaccine, administered on or after the child's first birthday. (b) Those children younger than 15 months of age who are enrolled in a preschool or child care center, shall be considered to be in compliance with this section until reaching the age of 15 months, which is the medically recommended age for routine rubella immunization.

(c) Rubella virus vaccine shall not be required of children who present documented laboratory evidence of rubella immunity.

As amended, R.1981 d.502, effective January 4, 1982 (except (b)). See: 13 N.J.R. 738(a), 14 N.J.R. 45(c).

(b): "who present ... immunity" substituted for "after the twelfth birthday"; (b) I added.

Amended by R.1990 d.243, effective June 4, 1990 (operative September 1, 1991).

See: 21 N.J.R. 3897(a), 22 N.J.R. 1766(a).

Text added at (a); new (b) and old (b) moved to (c) with text added; (b) I deleted.

Amended by R.1995 d.201, effective April 3, 1995.

See: 27 N.J.R. 270(a), 27 N.J.R. 1417(a).

Administrative Correction.

## See: 27 N.J.R. 1801(a).

#### 8:57-4.14 Mumps vaccine

(a) Every child shall have received one dose of live mumps virus vaccine, or any vaccine combination containing live mumps virus vaccine, administered on or after the child's first birthday.

(b) Those children younger than 15 months of age who are enrolled in a preschool or child care center shall be considered to be in compliance with this section until reaching the age of 15 months, which is the medically recommended age for routine mumps immunization.

(c) Children enrolled in school, preschool, or child care centers before September 1, 1995 and who previously provided written certification from the diagnosing physician that the pupil had mumps disease shall not be required to receive mumps vaccine.

(d) Children who present documented laboratory evidence of mumps immunity shall not be required to receive mumps vaccine.

New Rule R.1990 d.243, effective June 4, 1990 (operative September 1, 1991).

See: 21 N.J.R. 3897(a). 22 N.J.R. 1766(a).

Text on providing immunizations recodified to 4.15 and new rule added on mumps vaccine.

Amended by R.1995 d.201, effective April 3, 1995.

See: 27 N.J.R. 270(a), 27 N.J.R. 1417(a).

## 8:57-4.15 Haemophilus influenza type b (Hib) conjugate vaccine

(a) Every child from 12 to 59 months of age enrolling in or attending any child care center or preschool facility shall have received at least one dose of a separate or combination Hib conjugate vaccine, on or after the first birthday.

As amended, R.1981 d.502, effective January 4, 1982 (except (c)). See: 13 N.J.R. 738(a), 14 N.J.R. 45(c).

<sup>(</sup>c): "as certified ... immunity" added; (c)1 added.

Amended by R.1990 d.243, effective June 4, 1990 (operative September 1, 1991).

See: 21 N.J.R. 3897(a), 22 N.J.R. 1766(a).

(b) Every child from two months to 11 months of age enrolling in or attending a child care center shall have received a minimum of two age-appropriate doses of a separate or a combination Hib conjugate vaccine, or fewer as appropriate for the child's age.

New Rule, R.1995 d.201, effective April 3, 1995. See: 27 N.J.R. 270(a), 27 N.J.R. 1417(a). Amended by R.2003 d.412, effective October 20, 2003. See: 34 N.J.R. 3945(a), 35 N.J.R. 4883(b). In (a), deleted "age-appropriate" following "at least one", inserted "on or after the first birthday" at the end.

### 8:57-4.16 Hepatitis B virus vaccine

(a) Every child born on or after January 1, 1996 shall have received three doses of hepatitis B vaccine, or any vaccine combination containing hepatitis B virus, prior to school entrance for the first time into a Kindergarten, Grade 1, or a comparable age entry level special education program with an unassigned grade.

(b) Children born on or after January 1, 1996, attending or transferring into a New Jersey school from another state or another country, shall have received three doses of hepatitis B vaccine.

(c) Children born on or after January 1, 1996 attending or transferring into a New Jersey school (Kindergarten and Grade 1) for the first time after September 1, 2001, with no documented doses of hepatitis B vaccine, shall receive the first dose before entering school and shall receive a second dose of a hepatitis B containing vaccine, no later than three months after receiving the first dose and shall receive the third dose no later than 12 months following the first dose.

(d) Every child born on or after January 1, 1990 and entering Grade 6, or a comparable age level special education program with an unassigned grade, on or after September 1, 2001 shall have received three doses of hepatitis B vaccine, or any vaccine combination containing hepatitis B virus.

(e) Children born on or after January 1, 1990 and transferring into a New Jersey school at the Grade Six or a higher grade level from another state or country on or after September 1, 2001, shall have received three doses of hepatitis B vaccine.

(f) Children born on or after January 1, 1990, attending or transferring into a New Jersey School from another state or country on or after September 1, 2001 with no documented doses of hepatitis B vaccine, shall receive the first dose before entering school, and shall receive a second dose of hepatitis B containing vaccine no later than three months after receiving the first dose and shall receive the third dose no later than 12 months following the first dose.

(g) Unvaccinated children 11 through 15 years of age who have not begun or completed the hepatitis B vaccine series, and subject to the Grade Six hepatitis B requirement commencing September 1, 2001, can be given two doses of any hepatitis B vaccine licensed and approved for a two dose regimen to satisfy the hepatitis B requirement.

(h) Unvaccinated children 11 through 15 years of age who have not yet begun or completed the hepatitis B vaccine series, and subject to the Grade Six hepatitis B requirement commencing September 1, 2001, and who are eligible to enter, attend, or transfer into a New Jersey school in provisional status following receipt of the first dose of any hepatitis B vaccine licensed for a two dose regimen shall receive the second and final dose to complete that two dose series no later than six months following the first dose.

(i) Every child born on or before January 1, 1990 entering, attending, or transferring into a New Jersey school in Grades Nine through 12 or in a comparable age level special education program after September 1, 2003, shall have received three doses of a hepatitis B virus containing vaccine, or alternatively any two doses of a hepatitis B containing vaccine licensed and approved for a two-dose regimen administered to children 11 through 15 years of age.

(j) Unvaccinated children born on or before January 1, 1990 entering, attending, or transferring into a New Jersey school in Grades Nine through 12 on or after September 1, 2003 who have not completed the hepatitis B vaccine series are eligible to attend school in provisional status following the receipt of the first dose of any hepatitis B vaccine dose. The child granted provisional status shall receive a second dose of hepatitis B containing vaccine no later than three months after receiving the first dose and shall receive the third dose no later than 12 months following the first dose. If the child is age eligible to receive the two-dose regimen, the second and final dose shall be received no later than six months following the first dose.

(k) Children who present documented laboratory evidence of hepatitis B disease or immunity, constituting a medical exemption, shall not be required to receive hepatitis B vaccine.

Amended by R.2003 d.412, effective October 20, 2003. See: 34 N.J.R. 3945(a), 35 N.J.R. 4883(b). Rewrote the section. Amended by R.2004 d.272, effective July 19, 2004. See: 35 N.J.R. 4975(a), 36 N.J.R. 3423(b). Added a new (i), added (j), and recodified former (i) as (k).

### 8:57-4.17 Varicella virus vaccine

(a) Every child born on or after January 1, 1998 shall have received one dose of varicella vaccine, or any vaccine combination containing varicella virus, administered on or after the first birthday, prior to school entrance for the first time into a Kindergarten, Grade 1, or a comparable age entry level special education program with an unassigned grade.

(b) Every child 19 months of age or older enrolling in or attending a child care center or preschool facility shall have received at least one dose of a varicella containing vaccine administered on or after the first birthday. (c) Every child born on or after January 1, 1998, attending or transferring into a New Jersey school from another state or country, shall have received one dose of a varicella virus containing vaccine.

(d) Children who present either documented laboratory evidence, a physician's statement, or a parental statement of previous varicella disease, shall not be required to receive varicella vaccine.

Repeal and New Rule, R.2003 d.413, effective October 20, 2003. See: 34 N.J.R. 584(a), 35 N.J.R. 4890(a). Section was "Providing immunization".

### 8:57-4.18 Providing immunization

(a) A board of education and/or a local board of health may provide, at public expense, the necessary equipment, materials and services for immunizing children with the following immunizing agents, either singly or in combination:

- 1. Diphtheria toxoid;
- 2. Pertussis vaccine;
- 3. Tetanus toxoid;
- 4. Measles virus vaccine, live, attenuated;
- 5. Rubella virus vaccine, live;
- 6. Poliovirus vaccine;
- 7. Mumps virus vaccine, live;
- 8. Haemophilus influenzae type B conjugate vaccine;
- 9. Hepatitis B vaccine;
- 10. Varicella vaccine;

11. Other immunizing agents when specifically authorized to do so by the Department of Health and Senior Services.

Recodified from N.J.A.C. 8:57-4.17 and amended by R.2003 d. 413, effective October 20, 2003.

See: 34 N.J.R. 584(a), 35 N.J.R. 4890(a).

In (a), added a new 10, and recodified former 10 as 11. Former N.J.A.C. 8:57-1.18, Emergency powers of the Commissioner, Department of Health and Senior Services, recodified to N.J.A.C. 8:57-1.19.

### 8:57-4.19 Emergency powers of the Commissioner, Department of Health and Senior Services

(a) In the event that the Commissioner, Department of Health and Senior Services or his or her designee determines either that an outbreak or threatened outbreak of disease or other public health immunization emergency exists, the Commissioner or his or her designee may issue either additional immunization requirements to control the outbreak or threat of an outbreak or modify immunization requirements to meet the emergency. (b) All children failing to meet these additional requirements shall be excluded from a school, preschool, or child care center until the outbreak or threatened outbreak is over.

(c) These requirements or amendments to the requirements shall remain in effect until such time as the Commissioner, Department of Health and Senior Services or his or her designee determines that an outbreak or a threatened outbreak no longer exists or the emergency is declared over, or for three months after the declaration of the emergency, whichever one comes first. The Commissioner, Department of Health and Senior Services or his or her designee may redeclare a state of emergency if the emergency has not ended.

Recodified from N.J.A.C. 8:57-1.18 by R.2003 d. 413, effective October 20, 2003.

See: 35 N.J.R. 584(a), 35 N.J.R. 4890(a).

Former N.J.A.C. 8:57-1.19, Optimal immunization recommendations, recodified to N.J.A.C. 8:57-1.20.

## 8:57-4.20 Optimal immunization recommendations

(a) The specific vaccines and the number of doses required under this subchapter are intended to establish the minimum vaccine requirements for child-care center, preschool, or school entry and attendance in New Jersey. Additional vaccines, vaccine doses, and proper spacing between vaccine doses are recommended by the Department in accordance with the guidelines of the American Academy of Pediatrics (AAP) and Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) for optimal protection and additional vaccines or vaccine doses may be administered, although they are not required for school attendance unless otherwise specified in this subchapter.

(b) All vaccine doses included within, and mandated by, this subchapter that are administered less than or equal to four days before either the specified minimum age or dose spacing interval shall be counted as valid and shall not require revaccination in order to enter or remain in a school, preschool, or child-care facility.

Recodified from N.J.A.C. 8:57-1.19 by R.2003 d. 413, and amended by R.2003 d.412, effective October 20, 2003.

See: 35 N.J.R. 584(a), 35 N.J.R. 4883(b), 35 N.J.R. 4890(a).
Amended by R.2008 d.9, effective January 7, 2008.
See: 38 N.J.R. 5284(a), 40 N.J.R. 151(a).
Inserted designation (a); and added (b).

# SUBCHAPTER 5. CONFINEMENT OF PERSONS WITH TUBERCULOSIS

## 8:57-5.1 Purpose and scope

(a) The purpose of these rules is to control the spread of tuberculosis, particularly new forms of multiple drug resistant TB (MDR-TB), by maximizing the use of currently available and highly effective treatments.