

RULES AND REGULATIONS
Department of Defense
1955

STATE OF NEW JERSEY
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
TRENTON 10

MEMORANDUM

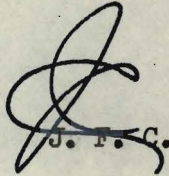
4 May 1955

FROM: Major General James F. Cantwell

TO: Governor Robert B. Meyner

In accordance with your request at a recent Cabinet Meeting, I am enclosing copies of directives from this Headquarters which I believe qualify as "Rules and Regulations". Except for those directives issued to the local Civil Defense Chairmen, very few of the Department of Defense publications affect the general public directly. The numbered circulars enclosed are representative of the directives published by this Headquarters which might be construed to affect the general public although somewhat remotely, in most cases.

I am also enclosing reprints of the several statutes under which the Division of Civil Defense operates.


J. F. C.

Incls.

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STATE OF NEW JERSEY
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
TRENTON 10

MEMORANDUM

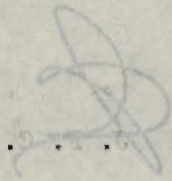
11 May 1955

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TO: Governor Robert B. Meyner

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I am also enclosing reprints of the several statutes under which the Division of Civil Defense operates.



Incls.

RECEIVED
STATE OF NEW JERSEY

MAY 4 3 25 PM '55

OFFICE OF
CHIEF EXECUTIVE

Handwritten notes and stamps at the bottom left corner, including what appears to be a date stamp "MAY 1955" and some illegible scribbles.

Reprinted by
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
DIVISION OF CIVIL DEFENSE

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

CHAPTER 14, P. L. 1952
(SENATE, NO. 140)

CHAPTER 14

AN ACT to amend "An act concerning civilian defense during emergency," approved May twenty-third, one thousand nine hundred and forty-two (P. L. 1942, c. 251) as said title was amended by chapter eighty-six of the laws of one thousand nine hundred and forty-nine.

BE IT ENACTED *by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:*

1. Section twenty of the act of which this act is amendatory is amended to read as follows:

Section
amended.

20. Neither the State nor any political subdivision of the State under any circumstances, nor the agents, officers, employees, servants or representatives of the State or any political subdivision thereof, including all volunteers, in good faith carrying out, complying with, or attempting to comply with, any order, rule or regulation promulgated pursuant to the provisions of this act, or performing any authorized service in connection therewith, shall be liable for any injury or death to persons or damage to property as the result of any such activity. No person owning, possessing

C. App.A:9-52
Not liable for
injury to
person or
property.

or managing any real property which has been designated, pursuant to the provisions of this act or of any order, rule or regulation promulgated thereunder, as a shelter from destructive operations or attacks by enemies of the United States, shall be liable in any civil action for death or injury to any person who, because such real property has been designated a shelter as aforesaid, enters upon it solely for the purpose of seeking refuge therein during such destructive operations or attacks or during civil defense tests ordered by lawful authority, except where such death or injury is caused by the willful act of such owner, possessor or manager, or his agents or employees. The foregoing shall not affect the right of any person to receive benefits or compensation which may be specifically provided by the provisions of this or any other State or Federal Statute, nor shall it affect the right of any person to recover under the terms of any policy of insurance.

2. This act shall take effect immediately.

Approved April 10, 1952.

Reprinted by

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

DIVISION OF CIVIL DEFENSE

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

CHAPTER 12, P. L. 1952

(SENATE, NO. 61)

CHAPTER 12

AN ACT to provide disability, death and medical and hospital benefits for civil defense volunteers who may suffer injury as a result of participation in authorized civil defense service, and supplementing "An act concerning civilian defense during emergency," approved May twenty-third, one thousand nine hundred and forty-two (P. L. 1942, c. 251), as said title was amended by chapter eighty-six of the laws of one thousand nine hundred and forty-nine.

BE IT ENACTED *by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:*

1. Unless otherwise clearly indicated in this act, the words and phrases listed hereafter shall have the following meanings:

C. App.
A:9-57.1.
Terms defined.

“Director of Civil Defense,” “local defense council,” “local chairman,” “district or regional office,” are those agencies and their directors set up under the provisions of the act to which this act is a supplement.

“Civil defense volunteer” means any natural person who is registered with a local defense council or with a district or regional office of the Director of Civil Defense and holds an identification card issued by the local chairman or State director for the purpose of engaging in authorized civil defense service without pay or other consideration.

“Authorized civil defense service” means all activities authorized by the local defense council or by a district or regional office in accordance with regulations and orders of the Director of Civil Defense and shall include duties and services performed by an air-raid warden during training or practice periods, during attack, actual or imminent, and subsequent to attack; and duties and services performed by a civil defense volunteer other than an air-raid warden during training or practice periods and following attack, but not during attack, actual or imminent.

“Injury” means accidental injury (producing objective symptoms immediately) arising out of and in the course of authorized civil defense service and disease or infection that may be sustained or death incurred either as the natural and unavoidable result thereof or as the result of exposure to radiation or to noxious gases or to germ warfare in the course of such authorized service if such exposure did not produce objective symptoms immediately.

“Date of injury” in the case of injury arising from exposure to radiation or to noxious gases or to germ warfare, if such exposure did not produce objective symptoms immediately, means the date of the first treatment for disease or infection sustained as a result of such exposure in the course of authorized civil defense service.

2. Benefits, as provided in this act, shall be furnished to a civil defense volunteer for injury, as defined herein, arising either within or without this State, provided;

C. App.
A:9-57.2.
Provisions
for benefits.

(a) The injury is proximately caused by authorized civil defense service, and

(b) The injury is not caused by the gross negligence or intoxication of the injured civil defense volunteer, and

(c) The injury is not intentionally self-inflicted and is not due to willful exposure to radiation or to noxious gases or to germ warfare, and

(d) Medical treatment or hospital care is undergone by the civil defense volunteer because of the injury within thirty days of the date of injury, where objective symptoms are immediate, or within five months after the date when the civil defense volunteer shall have ceased to be subject to exposure to radiation or to noxious gases or to germ warfare, if the treatment or hospital care is required because of such exposure which did not produce objective symptoms immediately. This subsection shall not apply if death occurs immediately.

3. The schedule of benefits for civil defense volunteers under this act is hereby established as follows:

C. App.
A:9-57.3.
Schedule
of benefits:
Total
disability;

(a) Total disability. If the injury sustained by the civil defense volunteer wholly and continuously disables him from the date of injury and prevents him from performing each and every duty pertaining to his usual and ordinary occupation, weekly benefits shall be payable during the continuance of such disability for a period of twenty-six weeks, at which time such payments shall cease unless the civil defense volunteer shall have submitted to such physical and other examination as shall be required to establish that because of such disability it is impossible for him to perform each and every duty of any occupation, in which case further weekly benefits shall be payable during the period of such total disability, up to a maximum period of disability of one hundred four weeks from the date

of injury. The weekly benefit is twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) but not to exceed sixty-six and two-thirds per centum (66 $\frac{2}{3}$ %) of the wages received from regular employment at the date of injury or, in the case of a civil defense volunteer who was self-employed at the date of injury, of an assumed wage which shall be deemed to be the entire net income from self-employment minus investment income for the last calendar year preceding the date of the injury. Where a civil defense volunteer is not employed at the date of injury, where he has had no income from self-employment for a period of one month prior to the date of injury, or where he refuses or is unable to furnish satisfactory proof of his net income from self-employment the weekly benefit is fifteen dollars (\$15.00). No weekly benefits shall accrue and be payable until the civil defense volunteer has been disabled seven days, which period shall be termed the waiting period. The day that the civil defense volunteer is injured shall count as one whole day of the waiting period.

Medical and hospital care;

(b) Medical and hospital care. If the injury sustained by the civil defense volunteer requires medical or hospital care, payment shall be made for the expense of such medical, surgical and other treatment and hospital service as shall be necessary to cure and relieve the civil defense volunteer of the effects of the injury and to restore the functions of the injured member or organ where such restoration is possible; but the aggregate cost of all such attendance and treatment shall not exceed the sum of seven hundred fifty dollars (\$750.00) for any one injury. All fees and other charges for such physicians' and surgeons' treatment and hospital treatment shall be reasonable and based on the usual fees and charges which prevail in the same community for similar physicians', surgeons' and hospital services.

Death.

(c) Death. If death results from the injury within ninety days following the date of injury the sum of fifteen hundred dollars (\$1,500.00) shall be paid to the spouse of the civil defense volunteer, if

living, otherwise to the surviving child or children, share and share alike, if any, otherwise to the legal representative or representatives of the estate of the civil defense volunteer. Such payment shall be in addition to any weekly benefits to which the civil defense volunteer may have been entitled under subsection (a) of this section. If death occurs after ninety days following the date of the injury or within such ninety-day period and from a cause other than the injury but during the period of total disability for which weekly benefits are payable, an amount equal to four weekly benefit payments shall be payable to the beneficiary previously designated herein. No payment of a fractional weekly benefit shall be made for the week in which death occurs.

4. If any benefits due to a civil defense volunteer under this act are unpaid at the time of his death, such benefits shall be payable to the beneficiary designated in the preceding section for the payment of death benefits.

C. App.
A:9-57.4.
Benefits paid
to beneficiary.

5. Civil defense volunteers who are minors shall be deemed to be sui juris for the purpose of receiving benefits under the provisions of this act. Work as a civil defense volunteer shall not be deemed as employment or in violation of any of the provisions of the labor law.

C. App.
A:9-57.5.
Minors
deemed to
be sui juris.

6. Benefits payable under this act shall not be assignable and shall be exempt from all claims of creditors and from levy, execution or attachment.

C. App.
A:9-57.6.
Benefits not
assignable.

7. Benefits as provided in this act shall be the exclusive remedy of a civil defense volunteer, his or her spouse, dependents, or legal representative or representatives, for any injury, disease or death arising out of and in the course of civil defense volunteer service, as against the State, any political subdivision of this State, any civil defense agency or any person or other agency acting under governmental authority in furtherance of civil defense activities, with or without negligence. A member of a civil defense agency of the Federal Government or of another State, who may perform services within this State, whether pursuant to a mutual aid

C. App.
A:9-57.7.
Benefits
exclusive
remedy for
volunteer, etc.

compact or otherwise, shall not be entitled to benefits under the provisions of this act.

C. App.
A:9-57.8.
Not eligible
for benefits.

8. No benefits for injury under the provisions of this act shall be payable to any civil defense volunteer or to the dependents of a deceased civil defense volunteer otherwise entitled to receive workmen's compensation under the provisions of chapter fifteen of Title 34 of the Revised Statutes or under any Federal Workmen's Compensation Law.

C. App.
A:9-57.9.
Notice of
claim.

9. Written notice of claim for benefits under this act must be filed with the local defense council or with the district or regional office with which the injured civil defense volunteer is registered or with the Director of Civil Defense within thirty days after the date of injury or, if death results therefrom, within thirty days after death. Failure to give notice within the time hereinbefore set forth shall not invalidate any claim if it shall be shown not to have been reasonably possible to give such notice and that notice was given as soon as was reasonably possible.

C. App.
A:9-57-10.
Contents of
notice of claim.

10. The notice of claim may be submitted personally or sent by registered mail. It shall contain the name and address of the civil defense volunteer and of the local defense council or district or regional office with which he is registered, and state the time, place, nature and cause of the injury. The notice shall be signed by the civil defense volunteer or someone authorized to act on his behalf or, in case of death, by any person having an interest in the claim or someone authorized to act on behalf of such person.

C. App.
A:9-57.11.
To submit
to physical
examination.

11. After an injury, the civil defense volunteer, if so requested by the local defense council or by such other agency or agencies as shall be charged, under the provisions of this act, with the responsibility of determining the benefits payable to such claimant, must submit himself for physical examination and X-ray at some reasonable time and place within this State, and as often as may be reasonably requested, to a physician or physicians authorized to practice under the laws of this State. If

the civil defense volunteer requests, he shall be entitled to have a physician or physicians of his own selection present to participate in such examination. The refusal of the civil defense volunteer to submit to such examination shall deprive him of the right to any benefits under this act during the continuance of such refusal. When a right to benefits is thus suspended no benefits shall be payable in respect to the period of suspension.

12. Whenever it shall appear to the local defense council, or to such other agency or agencies as shall be charged, under the provisions of this act, with the responsibility of determining the benefits payable, that recovery of an injured civil defense volunteer is being prejudiced by virtue of his refusal to accept proffered medical and surgical treatment deemed necessary by the physician selected by them or by his failure or neglect to comply with the instructions of the physician in charge of the case, such modification may be made in the benefits payable under this act as shall be justified by the facts.

C. App.
A:9-57.12.
May modify
benefits
payable,
conditions.

13. Upon receipt of written notice of claim, forms will be furnished to the claimant for filing proofs of claim. Written proof of claim must be submitted on these forms to the local defense council or district or regional office of the Director of Civil Defense within ninety days after the termination of the period for which weekly benefits are payable and in case of claim for any other benefits within ninety days after the date of such loss. If such forms are not furnished within thirty days after receipt of such notice, the claimant shall be deemed to have complied with the requirements of this section as to proof of loss upon submitting, within the time for filing proofs of claim, written proof covering the occurrence, the character and the extent of the loss for which claim is made.

C. App.
A:9-57.13.
Forms for
filing claims
furnished.

14. It shall be the responsibility of the local defense council or the district or regional office of the Director of Civil Defense, as the case may be, to process all claims for which notice is received pursuant to this act. Such claims must then be ap-

C. App.
A:9-57.14.
Claims to be
processed,
procedure,
claim-com-
mittee, powers
and duties.

proved by the chairman of the local defense council before they are submitted for final approval to a Claim Committee consisting of the Director of Civil Defense, the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, the Commissioner of Labor and Industry, the State Auditor and the State Treasurer, or their duly appointed representatives. This committee or its duly authorized representative may investigate any and all claims for benefits under this act and shall make a final determination of the benefits to be paid or allowed to any claimant. For the purposes of this act such committee shall have the power to make, amend, modify and repeal rules and regulations for the processing, review and determination of claims, and to select and employ such clerks and assistants as may be deemed necessary and to fix and determine their powers and duties; and the committee may also, in its discretion, arrange with any domestic carrier or carriers to investigate any or all such claims and to liquidate and pay such claims as are valid. The committee shall from time to time authorize the State Treasurer to pay from the special fund for civil defense volunteers any benefit or other amounts due hereunder and to reimburse such carrier or carriers for benefit payments so made together with reasonable allowance for the services so rendered.

C. App.
A:9-57.15.
Special fund
for civil
defense
volunteers.

15. There is hereby created a fund which shall be known as the special fund for civil defense volunteers to provide for the payment of weekly benefits for total disability, expenses of medical and hospital care and death benefits under this act and the expenses of administration. Such fund shall consist of any moneys appropriated therefor or credited thereto including any financial contributions received from the United States Government for such purposes. The State Treasurer shall be the custodian of this special fund. The State Treasurer may deposit any portion of the fund not needed for immediate use, in the manner and subject to all the provisions of law respecting the deposit of State funds by him. Interest earned by

such portion of the fund deposited by the State Treasurer shall be collected by him and placed to the credit of the fund.

16. Funds credited to the special fund for the purposes of this act may be used to effect insurance or reinsurance with the war damage corporation or with any other authority or instrumentality, public or private, or otherwise to distribute the liability for benefits payable to civil defense volunteers.

C. App.
A:9-57.16.
Use of funds.

17. The special fund for civil defense volunteers created by this act shall be the sole and exclusive source for the payment of benefits provided by this act for civil defense volunteers.

C. App.
A:9-57.17.
Fund to be
exclusive
source of
benefits.

18. Within five years after the direction by the Legislature by joint resolution to such effect, the Claim Committee shall determine the amount of outstanding liabilities of the special fund and shall establish reasonable reserves to pay to claimants weekly benefits for total disability, expenses of medical and hospital care and death benefits, and to meet the cost of administering any unpaid claims and the same shall become a charge against the fund. Any balance in the fund after the establishment of such reserves shall lapse into the State treasury.

C. App.
A:9-57.18.
Committee to
establish
reserves,
balance to
lapse.

19. The entire expense of administering this act shall be paid out of the special fund and charged thereto. Approval of the Director of the Division of Budget and Accounting shall be required for all such expenditures except those for claims approved by the Claim Committee under section fourteen hereof.

C. App.
A:9-57.19.
Payment of
expenses,
approval.

20. Should the United States Government or any agent thereof, in accordance with any Federal statute or rule or regulation, furnish monetary assistance, benefits or other temporary or permanent relief to civil defense volunteers or to civil defense volunteers and their dependents for injuries arising out of and in the course of authorized civil defense service, then the amount of benefits which the civil defense volunteer or his dependents are otherwise entitled to receive under this act shall be re-

C. App.
A:9-57.20.
Federal
assistance.

duced by the amount of monetary assistance, benefits or other temporary or permanent relief the civil defense volunteer or his dependents have received or will receive from the United States or any agent thereof as a result of the injury.

C. App.
A:9-57-21.
Federal aid
for expenses
to act as bar
to volunteer
under this act.

21. If, in addition to monetary assistance, benefits, or other temporary or permanent relief, the United States Government or any agent thereof furnishes medical, surgical or hospital treatment or any combination thereof to an injured civil defense volunteer or will reimburse such civil defense volunteer for the expense of such treatment, then the civil defense volunteer shall have no right to receive payment for or reimbursement of the expense of such medical, surgical or hospital care under the provisions of this act.

C. App.
A:9-57-22.
Not entitled
to benefits
under this act.

22. If the payment of benefits under the provisions of this act to a civil defense volunteer or his dependents prevents such civil defense volunteer or his dependents from receiving equivalent assistance, benefits or other temporary or permanent relief under the provisions of a Federal statute or rule or regulation, then the civil defense volunteer and his dependents shall have no right to and shall not receive any benefits under the provisions of this act for any injury for which the United States Government or any agent thereof will furnish equivalent assistance, benefits or other temporary or permanent relief in the absence of the payment of benefits under this act.

C. App.
A:9-57-23.
False
statements.

23. If for the purpose of obtaining any benefit or payment under the provisions of this act or for the purpose of influencing any determination regarding any benefit payment, either for himself or another, any person, including officials charged with the responsibility of approving all claims, shall willfully make a false statement or representation or fail to disclose a material fact of which he has knowledge, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. In addition to the other penalties provided by this act, any person who for the purpose of obtaining any benefit or payment under this act, or for the

purpose of influencing any determination regarding any benefit payment, knowingly makes a false statement with regard to a material fact, shall not be entitled to receive any benefits, cash or medical, for the disability claimed.

24. If any section, subsection, paragraph, sentence, or clause of this act is held invalid or unconstitutional, such decision shall not affect the remaining portions of this act.

C. App.
A:9-57.24.
Constitution-
ality.

25. This act shall take effect immediately.

Approved April 10, 1952.

CHAPTER 12, P. L. 1952

(SENATE, NO. 61)

CHAPTER 12

An Act to provide disability, death and medical and hospital benefits for civil defense volunteers who may suffer injury as a result of participation in selected civil defense services, and supplementary "An act concerning certain defense duties emergency," approved May twenty third, one thousand nine hundred and forty-two (P. L. 1942 - 207), as said title was amended by chapter eight six of the laws of one thousand four hundred and forty nine.

Enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey.

1. Unless otherwise clearly indicated in this act, the words and phrases listed hereafter shall have the following meanings:

4 May 1955

Major General James F. Cantwell

Governor Robert B. Meyner

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Incls.

STATE OF NEW JERSEY
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
TRENTON 10

*Dept of Defense
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ARMY CIRCULAR
NO. 9

ARMORY RENTALS
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26 April 1955.

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STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

TRENTON 10

26 April 1955.

ARMY CIRCULAR

NO. 9

ARMORY RENTALS

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STATE OF NEW JERSEY
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
OFFICE OF THE ARMORER



Section I
RENTAL BY NON-MILITARY ORGANIZATIONS

1. APPLICATION INFORMATION. All requests for the non-military use of armories and/or grounds shall be made in writing to the armorer and shall set forth:

- a. The day and/or days of use, specifying the hours.
- b. Nature of use.
- c. Full name and address of the individual, organization, or corporation by whom use is requested.
- d. Areas required.

2. MINIMUM TIME TO PROCESS APPLICATION. Request shall be submitted at least ten (10) days prior to the intended use and as much sooner as possible.

3. EXAMINATION OF APPLICATION BY ARMORER. Armorer shall carefully consider the application and the applicant, to ascertain that the intended use will not interfere with regularly scheduled activities in the armory and that the applicant and the use for which the building is intended are of a bona fide nature. In cases where the applicant is unknown, the armorer shall contact the local police for an investigation report which shall be forwarded to the Department of Defense. Under no circumstance, however, shall the armorer advise the applicant, either directly or by implication, that the application is not desired, or that the application will not be given due consideration. The final decision shall be the function of the Chief of Staff, Department of Defense.

4. APPROVAL. After investigation by the armorer, the request shall be referred to the Station Commander for his approval or recommendation, using Notice of Application, DoD Form No. 63 for this purpose. The Notice of Application, with the approval or disapproval of the Station Commander, will be forwarded to the Department of Defense for final action.

5. ISSUANCE OF LEASE. Leases for the use of State-owned armories will be prepared by the Department of Defense and forwarded to the armorer for execution by the applicant. No one will be permitted the use of an armory prior to the execution of a lease. Leases will be executed in quadruplicate; all four copies to be returned to the Department of Defense after execution by the applicant. After execution by the Department of Defense, two copies will be forwarded to the armorer; one for his records, and one for the lessee. In the event of any change, postponement, cancellation of occupancy under any permit, or of a reduction in rental charges, DoD Form No. 64 will be used to notify the Department of Defense. The form will be prepared in triplicate, with a copy retained by the armorer.

6. **MANNER OF PAYMENT.** Payment shall be made in advance for the full amount of the rental. Cash collections, when necessary, shall be transmitted in the form of a bank draft or postal money order; the fee for the money order or bank draft is a proper charge against the funds transmitted. All checks and other remittances will be drawn to the order of "State of New Jersey, Department of Defense". DoD Form No. 66 will be used in transmitting remittances for payment of armory rentals. This form will be prepared in triplicate, with a copy retained at the armory. White form will be used to transmit remittances under permits issued for definite dates. Blue form will be used to transmit remittances under seasonal permits, or where the lessee uses facilities at his discretion.

7. **GUARANTEE BOND.** The Chief of Staff, Department of Defense, in cases where he believes it necessary, may require a proposed lessee to furnish bond to guarantee the State of New Jersey against loss by reason of the occupancy.

8. **LESSEE'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR POLICE AND FIRE PROTECTION.** The armorer shall notify local police and fire departments of each rental in advance of the date of occupancy.

9. **COMPLIANCE WITH RULES AND REGULATIONS.** The armorer will be responsible for the compliance by lessees with the rules and regulations governing the use of armories appended to and made a part of each lease, as well as such other rules and regulations set forth in these instructions. Where necessary, special rules and regulations governing the use of armories shall be determined by the Chief of Staff, Department of Defense.

10. **CONCESSIONS.** The maintenance of stands for the sale of candy, pie, cake, cigarettes, cigars, soft drinks, newspapers or merchandise of any character, and the operation of cloakrooms, is prohibited except through authorized post exchanges when established.

11. **MONTHLY REPORT.** A monthly report of all activities, with the exception of regularly scheduled drills, will be prepared in duplicate (DoD Form No. 65) and the original forwarded to the Department of Defense not later than five (5) days after the end of each month; a copy will be retained at the installation. This report must be filed for each month even if there are no activities at the installation.

Section II
NON-MILITARY USE BY MILITARY ORGANIZATIONS

12. **APPLICATION INFORMATION.** Applications of National Guard organizations for the use of an armory, either for profit or non-profit, or for the purpose of augmenting unit funds, shall be submitted to the armorer by the Station Commander.

13. PROCESSING OF APPLICATION. The application shall set forth in writing the same information requested under Section I, Paragraph 1, of these instructions. The application shall be forwarded to the Department of Defense by the armorer for final approval.

Section III
RULES AND REGULATIONS GOVERNING THE USE OF ARMORIES

14. MANNER OF PAYMENT. All rentals must be paid to the armorer in advance by money order, cashier's or certified check made payable to the "State of New Jersey, Department of Defense".

15. USE OF UTILITIES; SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS. The per diem rental includes the use of existing lighting, power and gas facilities. Where additional light, gas or power is required, the lessee will be required to pay therefor, the cost to be determined by one of the following methods, whichever is applicable:

a. Where rental panels or rental meters are available, the local light and power company is to install a rental meter, the lessee to run such extensions from the rental panel as may be required and payment shall be made directly to the light and power company for such additional light and power.

b. Where no rental panel or rental meter is available, additional services shall be provided by the installation of a temporary service meter and panel by the lessee.

c. If the present building electrical facilities are adequate, such additional extensions may be run by the lessee from the nearest available outlet of appropriate size and the lessee shall pay for current consumed.

16. UNDERWRITERS' APPROVAL; ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION. All additional electrical installations, including wiring, shall be installed at the expense of the lessee in the manner approved by the Department of Defense; shall be installed to cause no damage to existing structures, and shall comply with all regulations of the Board of Fire Underwriters and all local ordinances.

17. UNDEWRITERS' APPROVAL; GAS INSTALLATION. Where additional gas outlets are required, connections shall be made at the expense of the lessee to the gas main at the nearest location with a temporary line to the lessee's required location, and the cost of such gas determined by having the meter read prior to the use of the building. No additional gas lines shall be run without the approval of the Department of Defense; such additional gas facilities shall be installed to cause no damage to existing structures, and shall comply with all regulations of the Board of Fire Underwriters and all local ordinances.

18. CLEANING. The per diem rental is also based upon the removal of all material of every kind and nature placed in the buildings by the lessee, including waste paper, crates, packing material and debris. The lessee shall leave the building broom clean.

19. PROHIBITION OF INTOXICATING LIQUORS. The storage, sale or distribution of intoxicating liquors is positively prohibited.

20. ALTERATIONS TO BUILDINGS; DAMAGE TO BUILDINGS. The lessee shall not alter, cut, mar, or disfigure the building or any part thereof with decorations, signs, temporary wiring, or any other installation of a similar nature. No water, acids, oils, or material of similar nature shall be used where they might cause damage to walls, floors, ceilings, or equipment. No heavy machinery, tractors, trucks, or any equipment shall be transported over floors or through entrances without proper and adequate protection.

21. DECORATIONS. The use of confetti and/or paper streamers is prohibited. All material and drapes used for decorating must be flame-proofed before being placed in the building.

22. LESSEE'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR PROPERTY. All property of whatsoever kind and nature placed in the building by the lessee will be at the risk of the lessee, and the Department of Defense assumes no liability for its safekeeping. Where a rental is for more than one day, the lessee may furnish his own night watchman, the selection of the watchman to have the approval of the armorer.

23. PHYSICAL SURVEY. In the discretion of the Department of Defense, where incorporated in the lease, a physical survey of the areas to be occupied shall be made by the armorer and the lessee before entry upon the premises. The survey shall describe the condition of the area before occupancy and shall be attached to the lease. A like survey shall also be made after departure and the lessee shall be responsible for any damages over and above fair wear and tear. In the event of disagreement between the armorer and the lessee, the Department of Defense shall determine the damages.

24. PROHIBITION OF SMOKING. No smoking is permitted except in specified areas.

25. LOCAL POLICE AND FIRE REGULATIONS. The lessee shall abide by any and all regulations which may have been established by municipal fire and police departments for the protection and safety of the public. Any police and fire protection required by local police and fire departments shall be paid for by the lessee.

26. PUBLIC SAFETY. The lessee shall assume full and complete responsibility for the safety of the public during this occupancy.

27. CANCELLATION. This lease is subject to prior emergency requirements by the United States and/or the State of New Jersey.

28. CONCESSIONS. The operation of food, drink and cloakroom concessions is reserved for units of the New Jersey National Guard.

29. ADMISSION TO MEMBERS OF NATIONAL GUARD. Officer and enlisted personnel of the New Jersey National Guard stationed at this installation shall be admitted, without charge, upon presentation of identification card, if the affair is open to the public.

30. CLEANING GUARANTEE. The lessee will post a certified check in the amount hereinafter indicated with the armorer, made payable to him, to be returned to the lessee upon satisfactory cleaning of the premises by the lessee after occupancy:

(Range of amount required dependent upon the nature of rental)

First Class Armories	- \$50.00	- \$100.00
Second Class Armories	- \$35.00	- \$ 75.00
Third Class Armories	- \$25.00	- \$ 50.00
Fourth Class Armories	- \$15.00	- \$ 35.00.

Section IV RENTAL RATES

31. RESTRICTION OF USE. The rental of armories or use thereof by outside parties or other agencies of the State government shall not interfere with the primary purpose for which these facilities are intended, i.e., for the training of the armed forces of the State of New Jersey.

32. RENTAL CATEGORIES. The following categories of armory rentals are established and in no case shall such rentals be less than the actual or estimated out-of-pocket cost of maintaining the armory:

a. Commercial enterprises conducted purely for profit such as industrial shows, automobile shows, circuses, dances, athletic events.

b. Non-profit organization activities such as affairs conducted by civic, fraternal and veterans organizations covering dances, athletic events, non-profit business shows, parties, banquets, political rallies, dog shows, bingo, union meetings and elections, wedding receptions.

c. Charitable organization activities sponsored by organizations approved by the Department of Internal Revenue as eligible for tax exemption.

d. Schools, civic organizations, veteran organizations for track and basketball practice, drum and bugle corps drills, meetings, recreation purposes, pistol or rifle practice.

e. State agencies. Free use of armories will be granted other State agencies except that whenever any additional expenses are incurred by other State agency usage, for such items as light, heat and janitorial supplies and services, an agreement shall be made for a division of expenses as provided in R.S. 52:14-4.

33. RENTAL RATES:

Armory	Commercial	Non-Profit	Charitable	Minimum	State Agencies
Asbury Park	\$ 125.00	\$ 65.00	\$ 45.00	\$ 5.00	\$ *
Atlantic City	225.00	125.00	75.00	10.00	*
Bordentown	65.00	35.00	20.00	5.00	*
Bound Brook	65.00	35.00	20.00	5.00	*
Bridgeton	125.00	65.00	45.00	5.00	*
Burlington	125.00	65.00	45.00	5.00	*
Camden Artillery	350.00	200.00	100.00	10.00	*
Camden Infantry	350.00	200.00	100.00	10.00	*
Dover	65.00	35.00	20.00	5.00	*
Dumont	125.00	65.00	45.00	5.00	*
East Orange	200.00	100.00	75.00	5.00	*
Elizabeth	350.00	200.00	100.00	10.00	*
Englewood	180.00	90.00	60.00	5.00	*
Flemington	65.00	35.00	20.00	5.00	*
Franklin	65.00	35.00	20.00	5.00	*
Freehold	65.00	35.00	20.00	5.00	*
Hackensack	125.00	65.00	45.00	5.00	*
Hackettstown	65.00	35.00	20.00	5.00	*
Hammonton	65.00	35.00	20.00	5.00	*
Jersey City	500.00	250.00	150.00	10.00	*
Lakewood	65.00	35.00	20.00	5.00	*
Long Branch	65.00	35.00	20.00	5.00	*
Morristown	200.00	100.00	75.00	5.00	*
Mount Holly	125.00	65.00	45.00	5.00	*
Newark Cavalry	325.00	175.00	125.00	10.00	*
Newark Infantry	500.00	250.00	150.00	10.00	*
New Brunswick	125.00	65.00	45.00	5.00	*
Ocean City	65.00	35.00	20.00	5.00	*
Orange	300.00	150.00	90.00	10.00	*
Passaic	200.00	100.00	60.00	5.00	*
Paterson	350.00	200.00	100.00	10.00	*
Phillipsburg	65.00	35.00	20.00	5.00	*
Pitman	65.00	35.00	20.00	5.00	*
Plainfield	125.00	65.00	45.00	5.00	*
Princeton	65.00	35.00	20.00	5.00	*
Red Bank	125.00	65.00	50.00	5.00	*
Riverdale	65.00	35.00	20.00	5.00	*
Salem	125.00	65.00	45.00	5.00	*
Somerville	125.00	65.00	45.00	5.00	*

Armory	Commercial	Non-Profit	Charitable	Minimum	State Agencies
Teaneck	\$ 500.00	\$ 300.00	\$ 150.00	\$ 10.00	\$ *
Trenton Artillery	125.00	65.00	50.00	10.00	*
Trenton Infantry	400.00	200.00	125.00	10.00	*
Vineland	200.00	125.00	75.00	5.00	*
Westfield	225.00	125.00	75.00	5.00	*
West Orange	225.00	125.00	75.00	5.00	*
Wildwood	65.00	35.00	20.00	5.00	*
Woodbridge	65.00	35.00	20.00	5.00	*
Woodbury	125.00	65.00	45.00	5.00	*

* Free use will be granted other State agencies except that whenever any additional expenses are incurred by other State agency usage, for such items as light, heat and janitorial supplies and services, an agreement shall be made for a division of expenses as provided in R.S. 52:14-4.

BY ORDER OF THE GOVERNOR:

JAMES F. CANTWELL

Major General, NJNG
Chief of Staff

OFFICIAL:

S F Brink
SAMUEL F. BRINK
Lt Colonel, AF, NJANG
Adjutant General.



STATE OF NEW JERSEY
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

TRENTON 10

26 May 1949

CIRCULAR
NO. 11

MEDICAL ATTENTION AND COMPENSATION
EMPLOYEES PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS

Section

General	I
Action in Case of Injury or Disease	II
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Inclosure No. 1 - Medical Facilities	

I. GENERAL

1. The United States Employees' Compensation Act of September 7, 1916, 39 Stat. 742, as amended, covers all persons holding appointments as employees of the United States and whose salaries or wages are paid from funds appropriated by the United States Congress who sustain a personal injury in the performance of duty, including diseases proximately caused by the conditions of employment, and such individuals are entitled to hospitalization, medical expenses and compensation for loss of wages at U. S. Government expense subject to the limitations of the U. S. Employees' Compensation Act as determined by the Bureau of Employees' Compensation, Federal Security Agency, Washington 25, D. C.

2. Official superior. The term "official superior" as used in this circular shall be construed as meaning any officer who may have administrative responsibility for the care of injured or sick employees, preparation of the required forms, etc. - for example, any commissioned or warrant administrative assistant, an organization or unit commander, or a shop supervisor.

3. Correspondence and forms. Correspondence and forms will be directed to the Department of Defense, N. J., Armory Drive, Trenton, N. J., or direct to the Bureau of Employees' Compensation, Federal Security Agency, Washington 25, D. C., as indicated hereafter. Correspondence by "official superiors" direct to the Bureau of Employees' Compensation is authorized at any time to expedite the care of injured personnel. Forms required will be furnished by the Department of Defense.

II. ACTION IN CASE OF INJURY OR DISEASE

4. Preliminary action by "official superior." Each employee now on duty and each new employee will be furnished with a copy of Leaflet Form CA-11.

It is suggested that the "official superior" contact one or more of the physicians listed in Inclosure No. 1 to this circular and confer regarding general considerations in the care of injured employees.

STATE OF NEW JERSEY
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

5. Hospitalization. Hospitalization will be arranged by the attending physician, and it is his responsibility to select the hospital in a given case. In most instances this will be the nearest suitable medical installation. Voucher Form S-69 covering services rendered by private hospitals should be approved by the attending physician in each case.

6. Medical treatment. Where possible, treatment should be obtained from a physician listed in Inclosure No. 1 to this circular. When the service of one of these physicians is not available, emergency treatment may be obtained from any qualified physician. Further treatment, if necessary, should be obtained as soon as practicable from a physician listed in Inclosure No. 1, if available.

In serious injuries, it is considered advisable to defer notifying a physician listed in Inclosure No. 1 concerning a case under the care of a private physician until such time as it is deemed advisable to transfer management of the case to a physician on the list. Care should be exercised in the matter of changing physicians so as not to adversely affect the progress of the injured employee. In most instances, it would be advisable to secure the approval of the Bureau of Employees Compensation before changing medical management in a serious injury case. Such approval will be secured by direct correspondence with the Bureau of Employees Compensation.

"Qualified physicians" does not include chiropractors but only includes physicians holding the degree of M. D. and surgeons and osteopathic practitioners within the scope of their practice as defined by State law. The term "medical, surgical and hospital services and supplies" includes services and supplies by osteopathic practitioners and hospitals within the scope of their practice as defined by State law.

7. Forms.

a. The forms listed in sub-paragraphs (1) and (2) below should be prepared as soon as possible after the injury as the circumstances will permit, and in any case must be forwarded to the Department of Defense, in duplicate, within forty-eight (48) hours after the injury or disease, with one copy of Form CA-16 or CA-17, referred to in sub-paragraph b. below.

(1) By employee. Form CA-1 "Employee's Notice of Injury or Occupational Disease" must be signed by the employee, or by some one on his behalf if he is unable to sign the form.

(2) By "official superior." The "official superior" is charged with the preparation of the first page of Form CA-2 and with securing the statements of witnesses, if required. The "Statement of Government Medical Officer" is not required.

b. Form CA-16 "Request for Treatment of Injury * *."
OR

Form CA-17 "Request for Treatment of Injury * *
When Cause of Injury is in Doubt."

To be prepared by the "official superior" and accompany the injured employee when request for treatment is made, if practicable. Otherwise, the form should be delivered to the attending physician at the earliest practicable date. Duplicate copy should be mailed to the Department of Defense with Forms CA-1 and CA-2.

c. Form CA-20 "Attending Physician's Report" should accompany Forms CA-1 and CA-2, if practicable. Otherwise, the form should be mailed to the Department of Defense; when completed.

d. Form CA-3 "Report of Termination of Total or Partial Disability - Report of Death (when required)" should be mailed to the Department of Defense.

e. Other forms that may be required in individual cases will be furnished by the Department of Defense.

III. PERTINENT INFORMATION

8. Submission of bills. All charges for medical, hospital, surgical or other treatment or care of an injured employee should be completely itemized and submitted on Form S-69 direct to the Bureau of Employees' Compensation, unless the injury is slight and Form S-69 is mailed with Forms CA-1 and CA-2. Vouchers should be submitted when the employee is discharged from treatment, except when treatment extends for more than thirty (30) days, in which event Form S-69 should be submitted at the end of each thirty (30) day period. Vouchers shall be verified by the signature of the injured employee, and if such signature cannot be obtained, a concise explanation of the reason for the failure to secure such verification must be stated. Vouchers submitted by private hospitals shall be verified by the signature of the attending physician.

9. Reimbursement for expenses. If bills have been paid by an injured employee, on account of an injury incurred while in the performance of duty, an itemized bill, receipted and signed by the person who has received payment, may be submitted direct to the Bureau of Employees' Compensation for consideration. Form S-69 will not be used.

10. Recurrence of disability.

a. Within six (6) months of completion of treatment. Additional treatment is authorized upon presentation to the attending physician of Form CA-16.

b. After six (6) months of completion of treatment. Application for renewal of treatment should be made direct to the Bureau of Employees' Compensation, stating all pertinent facts, and a copy mailed to the Department of Defense.

11. Doubtful cases. Emergency treatment is authorized. Form CA-17 should be used in requesting examination and emergency treatment. Upon receipt of report of examination by the attending physician, original Forms CA-1, CA-2, CA-17, with report of the physician, should be mailed direct to the Bureau of Employees' Compensation for consideration. Duplicate copies will be mailed to the Department of Defense. All hernia cases are considered as doubtful.

12. Orthopedic and prosthetic appliances; dental treatment. Application for orthopedic and prosthetic appliances and for dental work should be made direct to the Bureau of Employees' Compensation. The application must show the necessity therefor. Applications for repairs to such an appliance may be made in the same manner.

13. Medical reports (other than Form CA-20). Hospital, medical, X-ray reports, etc., forming a part of a complete report of injury, may be furnished in letter form. Supplemental reports will be required upon instructions from this Department or from the Bureau of Employees' Compensation.

IV. COMPENSATION

14. Compensation for disability.

a. Total disability. An employee who is totally disabled as a result of an injury sustained in the performance of duty will be paid a monthly compensation equal to $66\frac{2}{3}$ per cent of his basic monthly pay. Such monthly compensation may not, however, exceed \$116.66 nor be less than \$58.33, unless the employee's monthly pay is less than \$58.33, in which case the monthly compensation will be the full amount of the monthly pay. Compensation is payable during the period of total disability. If the disability is permanent, compensation is payable until death.

b. Partial disability. An employee who is partially disabled will be paid a monthly compensation equal to $66\frac{2}{3}$ per cent of the difference between his monthly pay and his monthly wage earning capacity after the beginning of such partial disability. The maximum monthly compensation cannot exceed \$116.66.

c. Attendant. In cases of permanent total disability, an employee may be allowed a sum up to \$50 per month, in addition to the monthly compensation, if in the Bureau's opinion the services of an attendant are necessary constantly.

d. Adjustment in compensation rates. If at the time of injury an employee was a minor or employed in a learner's capacity, the Bureau may review the case at such time as the employee's wage earning capacity would probably have increased, except for the injury, and may award compensation based on such probable increased monthly wage earning capacity. The Bureau may also review cases where the monthly wage earning capacity of the employee would probably, except for the injury, have decreased because of old age, and may award monthly compensation based on such probable reduced wage earning capacity.

e. Dual compensation. An employee may not receive disability compensation and salary (for leave) in his civilian position covering the same period of time. Salary may be received; however, for services actually performed by the employee for which he has not been paid.

15. Compensation for death.

a. Dependents. If an employee's death results from an injury, compensation will be paid to dependents in the order listed below, and in the percentages of the employee's monthly pay indicated. In computing compensation in death cases, the employee's monthly pay shall be considered to be not more than \$175 nor less than \$87.50, except that in no case may the total monthly compensation exceed the monthly pay.

(1) Widow. To the widow, if there is no surviving child, 35 per cent. This compensation is payable until her death or remarriage.

(2) Widower. To the widower, if wholly dependent for support upon the deceased employee at the time of death, and if there is no child, 35 per cent. This compensation is payable until his death or remarriage.

(3) Child. To the widow or widower, if there is a child, the compensation payable under (1) or (2) above, plus 10 per cent for each child. The total compensation to the widow (or widower) and children may not exceed \$116.66 per month. Compensation payable to any child ceases when he reaches the age 18 (unless physically or mentally incapable of self-support), dies, or marries, whichever occurs first.

(4) Orphan children. To the natural or legal guardian of surviving children, if there is no widow or widower, 25 per cent for one child and 10 per cent for each additional child. Such compensation may not exceed \$116.66 per month, and will be divided equally among the children.

(5) Parents. To the parents, if one was wholly dependent for support upon the employee at the time of his death, and the other was not dependent to any extent, 25 per cent. If both parents were wholly dependent, 20 per cent to each. If one or both parents were partially dependent, a proportionate amount will be paid in the Bureau's discretion. These percentages will be paid if there is no widow, widower, or child. If there is a widow, widower, or child, so much of the above percentages will be paid as will not cause the total compensation to exceed \$116.66 per month.

(6) Other dependents. If a brother, sister, grandparent, or grandchild was wholly dependent upon the employee at the time of his death, such person will be paid compensation at

the rate of 20 per cent. If more than one were wholly dependent, they will be paid compensation at the rate of 30 per cent divided equally among them. If one or more were partly dependent and no one was wholly dependent, compensation will be paid at the rate of 10 per cent divided equally among them. These percentages will be paid if there is no widow, widower, child, or dependent parent. If a widow, widower, child or dependent parent survives, so much of the above percentages will be paid as will not cause the total compensation to exceed \$116.66 per month.

(7) Termination of compensation awards. Compensation awards to parents or grandparents of a deceased employee will terminate upon death, marriage, or when they cease to be dependent. Compensation awards to brothers, sisters, or grand-children will terminate upon death, marriage, or reaching age 18, or, if over that age and physically or mentally incapable of self support, when they become capable of self support.

16. Burial expenses.

a. Allowance for burial expenses. If an employee dies as a result of an injury sustained in the performance of duty, the Bureau may, in its discretion, pay reasonable burial expenses not to exceed \$200. If any part of the burial expenses has been paid by another Government agency, the amount paid by the Bureau will not exceed the difference between the amount paid by such other agency and \$200.

b. Embalming and transportation of body. If an employee dies away from his official station, and if the relatives desire that his remains be embalmed and transported in a hermetically sealed casket to his former home, the Bureau may upon application pay the necessary costs of such embalming and transportation, in addition to the burial expenses.

17. Leaves of absence. The attention of all injured or sick employees should be invited to the fact that accumulated sick leave, annual leave, and, when authorized by the Department of Defense, fifteen days advance sick leave may be used by an injured or sick employee in order to receive full pay during the longest period possible.

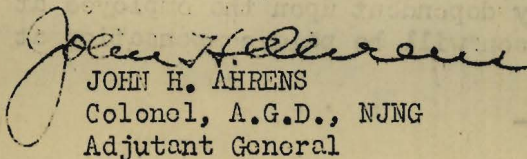
18. It should be understood that this circular does not supersede or modify the existing regulations of the Bureau of Employees' Compensation.

BY ORDER OF THE GOVERNOR.

EDWARD C. ROSE

OFFICIAL:

Major General NJNG
Chief of Staff


JOHN H. AHRENS
Colonel, A.G.D., NJNG
Adjutant General

MEDICAL FACILITIES

Asbury Park:

Dr. O. R. Holters, 1002 Emory St.
Dr. H. A. Hazmann, 601 Grand Ave.
Dr. O. K. Parry, 601 Grand Ave.

Atlantic City:

Dr. V. E. Johnson, 101 South Indiana Ave.
Dr. I. E. Leonard, 2842 Atlantic Ave.
Dr. Harry Subin, 1616 Pacific Ave.

Bayonne:

Dr. R. S. Driscoll, 117 West Fifth St.
Dr. M. S. Frank, 920 Avenue C. (Specialist for fractures, dislocations,
sprains and back injuries)

Bloomfield:

Dr. K. E. Gardner, 45 Fremont St.
Dr. Charles Kimmel, 488 Broad St.
Dr. A. G. Pilch, 1 Willard Ave.

Bound Brook:

Dr. E. G. Brittain, 4 East High St.
Dr. E. F. Hird, 118 East Maple Ave.

Cape May:

Dr. E. A. Draper, 811 Jefferson St.

Carteret:

Dr. J. J. Reason, 612 Roosevelt Ave.

Clifton:

Dr. H. H. Hollingsworth, 785 Main Ave.
Dr. M. J. Ressetar, 455 Lexington Ave.

Dover:

Dr. A. L. L. Baker, 389 West Blackwell St.
Dr. C. L. Blanchard, 27 East Blackwell St.
Dr. W. F. Costello, 55 West Blackwell St.
Dr. H. R. Mutchler, 30 East Blackwell St.

East Orange:

Dr. C. W. Buvinger, 50 Washington St. (Eye specialist)
Dr. J. H. Wilson, 85 Halsted St.

Elizabeth:

Dr. H. I. Dunn, 610 Salem Ave.
Dr. W. F. Phelan, 124 Chilton St.

Froehold:

Dr. H. W. Ingling, 51 West Main St.

Hackensack:

Dr. Vincent Farmer, 430 Union St.
Dr. S. T. Snedecor, 210 Main St. (Specialist for fractures, sprains,
dislocations, and back injuries)

Hammonton:

Dr. J. C. Bitler, 325 Bellevue Ave.

Hoboken:

Dr. J. F. Londrigan, 832 Bloomfield St.
Dr. T. J. Schuck, 58 Minth St.

Jersey City:

Dr. W. G. Doran, 2685 Hudson Boulevard. (Specialist for fractures,
sprains, dislocations, and back injuries).
Dr. F. A. Finn, 921 Bergen Ave.

Long Branch:

Dr. S. L. Neiderhoffer, 469 Broadway.

Montclair:

Dr. W. W. Cox, 79 South Fullerton Ave.

Morristown:

Dr. B. C. McMahon, 15 James St.
Dr. F. H. Pinckney, 186 South St.
Dr. A. J. Ward, 39 Elm St. or Mountain Lakes Clinic.

Newark:

Dr. S. W. Emmer, 31 Lincoln Park.
Dr. R. H. Fowler, 744 Broad St.
Dr. G. F. Hewson, 21 Roseville Ave.

New Brunswick:

Dr. F. J. E. Koolsch, 14 Kirkpatrick St.
Dr. J. H. Rowland, 159 New St.
Dr. Laurence Runyon, 80 Somerset St.
Dr. A. L. M. Smith, 62 Bayard St.

Orange:

Dr. F. A. Franklin, 256 Centre St., South.
Dr. T. W. Harvey, Jr., 59 Main St.

Palmyra:

Dr. C. F. Voorhis, Fourth and Morgan Aves.

Passaic:

Dr. D. R. Crouse, 84 Broadway
Dr. Morris Joseph, 271 Lexington Ave.
Dr. Dominick Marini, 40 Henry St.
Dr. L. A. Smith, 655 Main Ave.

Paterson:

Dr. L. V. Becker, 69 Ward St.
Dr. T. E. Manly, 390 Park Ave.

Perth Amboy:

Dr. W. H. McCormick, Jr., 266 Market St.

Phillipsburg:

Dr. F. A. Wolf, 494 South Main St.

Plainfield:

Dr. J. P. Linko, 245 East Front St.
Dr. C. B. Lufburrow, 441 West Front St.

Salem:

Dr. D. W. Green, 69 Market St.
Dr. I. L. C. Hummel, 109 West Broadway.

Somerville:

Dr. Lancelot Ely, 128 West High St.
Dr. G. A. Glass, 282 East Main St. (Specialist for fractures, sprains,
dislocations, and back injuries).
Dr. W. H. Long, 40 South Bridge St.
Dr. S. H. Pogoloff, 30 North Doughty Ave.

South Amboy:

Dr. J. F. Weber, 264 Main St.

Summit:

Dr. C. H. Berry, 129 Summit Ave.
Dr. H. H. Bowlos, 36 Woodland Ave.

Trenton:

Dr. R. B. Ernest, 240 West State St. (Specialist for fractures, sprains,
dislocations, and back injuries).

Union City:

Dr. A. D. Greene, 915 Palisade Ave.

Westville:

Dr. I. N. Patterson, 26 Station Ave.

Woodbury:

Dr. P. M. Pogau, 509 North Broad St.



STATE OF NEW JERSEY
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

TRENTON 10

22 October 1951

CIRCULAR
NO. 18

POST EXCHANGES

MONTHLY STATEMENT OF
ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES PURCHASES OR RETURNED

Reference: State of New Jersey Beverage Tax Bureau Bulletin
No. 172, 22 October 1951.

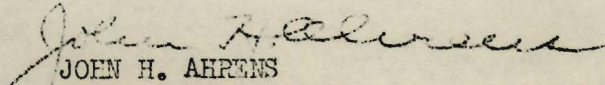
1. Circular No. 18, DoD NJ, 28 August 1947, is rescinded.
2. In order to comply with the provisions of the Revised Statutes governing the sale of tax free alcoholic beverages, a monthly statement, beginning with the month ending 31 October 1951, will be prepared and submitted showing the total gallons of all alcoholic beverages purchased or returned each month.
3. Form to be used. The statement will be prepared on Form R-44-7-51, which will be furnished by the Beverage Tax Bureau.
4. By whom submitted. The monthly statement shall be submitted by the commanding officer of each organization authorized by the Chief of Staff, Department of Defense, to conduct a post exchange with permission to sell alcoholic beverages. A separate report will be submitted for each station where a post exchange or a branch post exchange is operated.
5. To whom submitted. The monthly statement will be mailed direct to the Beverage Tax Bureau, Department of the Treasury, State House, Trenton, within fifteen days after the expiration of the calendar month covered by the statement.
6. Negative report. A negative report will be filed in the event no alcoholic beverages are acquired or returned during any month.

BY ORDER OF THE GOVERNOR.

EDWARD C. ROSE

Major General NJNG
Chief of Staff

OFFICIAL:


JOEN H. AHRENS
Colonel AGC NJNG
Adjutant General

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

OFFICE OF THE ADJUTANT GENERAL

TRENTON 7 5 January 1948



Circular
No. 2

POST EXCHANGES
PURCHASE AND SALE OF ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES

1. This directive shall govern the purchase and sale of alcoholic beverages by Post Exchanges of the New Jersey National Guard and the Naval Militia.
2. The sale of or dealing in tax-free alcoholic beverages in or on any New Jersey National Guard or Naval Militia installation is prohibited, except when purchased and dispensed, for consumption on the premises, by a Post Exchange so authorized by the State Military Board.
3. The purchase and sale of tax-free alcoholic beverages by a concessionaire in all New Jersey National Guard and Naval Militia Post Exchanges is prohibited.
4. The sale of or dealing in tax-free alcoholic beverages in National Guard and Naval Militia installations, regardless of what the transaction is called or how it is effectuated, is prohibited except as authorized in paragraph 2 above.
5. The sale to, dispensing by, or consumption of alcoholic beverages by individuals under 21 years of age is prohibited.
6. No Post Exchange shall purchase at one time or have on hand an amount of alcoholic beverages in excess of 30 days normal supply.
7. The sale of alcoholic beverages in Post Exchanges is limited to members of the New Jersey National Guard and New Jersey Naval Militia, their bona fide guests, and members of the Regular Services on duty with the armed forces of the State.
8. National Guard and Naval Militia Post Exchanges shall not be operated by or for the benefit of lessees of armories.
9. Post Exchange individuals selling tax-free alcoholic beverages shall break bottle seals at the time of the sale.
10. No one individual assisting in or working for a Post Exchange may be paid in excess of 10% of the net profit for the period involved, and in no case in excess of ten (\$10.00) dollars for each day of work.

11. The provisions of New Jersey State Guard Regulations No. 73-1, dated 14 May 1946, are amended by the foregoing.

BY ORDER OF THE GOVERNOR.

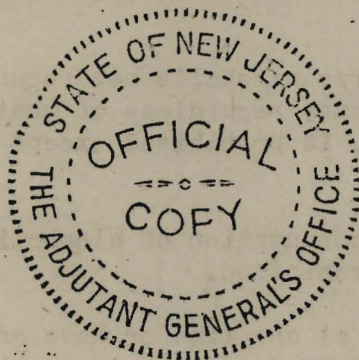
C. R. POWELL

Major General NJNG
Chief of Staff

OFFICIAL:

JAMES I. BOMERS

Brigadier General NJNG
The Adjutant General





STATE OF NEW JERSEY
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

TRENTON 10

16 August 1954

ARMY CIRCULAR
NO. 10

ACCIDENTS - MOTOR VEHICLES, TANKS AND OTHER MOVING EQUIPMENT

1. Reference: NGR 60, ANGR 112-2, 27 May 1954.
2. Army Circular No. 8, this headquarters, dated 22 July 1954, is rescinded.
3. Commanding officers will be responsible that all drivers are instructed in the use of Standard Form 91 (Operator's Report of Motor Vehicle Accident) and the Accident Report Form of the insurance company holding State insurance policy on National Guard vehicles in force at that time. Copy of Standard Form 91 together with this Circular will be carried in active vehicles at all times.
4. Vehicle Accidents (Other than during field training): Action to be taken in the case of an accident will be as follows:
 - a. By the Driver:
 - (1) In case of an accident involving his vehicle in injury to persons or damage to property, the driver will stop his vehicle and give such assistance as may be needed, complying, when practicable, with State and local regulations for reporting accidents.
 - (2) Fill out immediately, at the scene of the accident, Standard Form 91 (Operator's Report of Motor Vehicle Accident). Be sure to get all the information asked for, especially name, address, driver's license, car registration, etc., of operator of other vehicle.
 - (3) The name of the unit and the commanding officer of the unit to which the vehicle is assigned, the vehicle number and the driver's name will be furnished to all persons injured, to the driver of any vehicle involved in the accident, and to the owners of any property which has been damaged due to the accident, by presentation of Accident Identification Card, DD Form 518.
 - (4) Notify his commanding officer of the accident.
 - (5) Turn in Standard Form 91 to commanding officer.
 - b. By the Commanding Officer:
 - (1) Have filled out, within seventy-two (72) hours after the accident, two (2) additional copies of SF 91; five (5) copies of

Army Cir 10
1954

the accident report of the insurance company holding the State insurance policy on the vehicles at the time (name of insurance company announced in circular in June of each year).

(2) All statements, affidavits, bills or letters which are to be part of the accident report will be made in eight (8) copies.

(3) When completed, the eight (8) accident reports - three (3) SF's 91 and five (5) insurance company forms - with supporting papers will be forwarded to the Department of Defense, Logistics Division, Trenton, N.J., thru channels.

(4) IT IS IMPORTANT THAT ALL ACCIDENT REPORTS AND ACCOMPANYING PAPERS, TYPEWRITTEN OR HAND WRITTEN BE LEGIBLE.

(5) In case accident involves death, bodily injury or property damage in an apparent extent of \$100.00 or more, fill out, within forty-eight (48) hours after the accident, New Jersey Motor Vehicle Department Accident Report (Form SR-1) in duplicate and mail one (1) copy directly to the New Jersey Motor Vehicle Department, Trenton, N.J., and one (1) copy to Department of Defense, Logistics Division, Trenton, N.J.

c. In the event no report can be made by the driver, by reason of his death or serious disability, the reports referred to will be made by the officer, enlisted man or employee, if any, next directly involved in the accident. In any event, the commanding officer has the responsibility for submission of the reports at the earliest possible date after the accident.

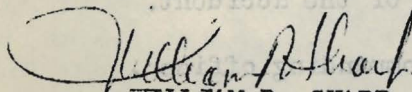
d. Vehicle Accidents During Field Training: Vehicle accidents during field training where PRIVATE PROPERTY is damaged will be reported in accordance with NGR 60, ANGR 112-2, dated 27 May 1954. All reports necessary for any claim for damage to private property will be furnished by the unit involved within forty-eight (48) hours to the Department of Defense, Logistics Division, Trenton, N.J., thru channels. The above reports are in addition to accident reports under para 4b (3) of the Circular.

BY ORDER OF THE GOVERNOR:

EDWARD C. ROSE

Major General, NJNG
Chief of Staff

OFFICIAL:


WILLIAM R. SHARP
Colonel, Armor, NJNG
Adjutant General



STATE OF NEW JERSEY
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
TRENTON 10

22 July 1954

ARMY CIRCULAR
NO. 7

ACCIDENT REPORT FORMS FOR FEDERAL VEHICLES - STATE INSURANCE

1. All Federal vehicles of the New Jersey National Guard are now insured by the State of New Jersey with a new carrier effective 1 July 1954.

2. In case of a vehicle accident, the accident report forms of the INDEMNITY INSURANCE COMPANY OF NORTH AMERICA are to be used. They are to be made out in five (5) copies, typewritten, and forwarded immediately to the Department of Defense, Logistics Division, Trenton, New Jersey, thru channels. Forms have been distributed to all Administrative Headquarters.

3. Accident report forms of other insurance companies are not to be used.

BY ORDER OF THE GOVERNOR:

EDWARD C. ROSE

Major General, NJNG
Chief of Staff

OFFICIAL:

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "William R. Sharp".

WILLIAM R. SHARP
Colonel, Armor, NJNG
Adjutant General

STATE OF NEW JERSEY
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE



the accident and to report the accident to the Department of Defense. The Department of Defense will be responsible for the investigation of the accident and for the determination of the cause of the accident. The Department of Defense will also be responsible for the payment of the costs of the investigation and for the payment of the costs of the accident. The Department of Defense will also be responsible for the payment of the costs of the accident.

- (2) All statements, affidavits, bills or letters which are a part of the accident report will be made in triplicate and copies (3) will be made in triplicate.
- (3) When completed, the accident report (3) will be forwarded to the Department of Defense, Logistics Division, Trenton, New Jersey, for processing and distribution to the appropriate agencies. The Department of Defense will also be responsible for the payment of the costs of the investigation and for the payment of the costs of the accident.

IT IS IMPORTANT THAT ALL ACCIDENT REPORTS AND COMPANY-INSURANCE POLICIES BE MAINTAINED IN THE STATE OF NEW JERSEY. All Federal agencies of the State of New Jersey with a new carrier effective 1 July 1954.

(4) In the event of an accident involving death, bodily injury or property damage in excess of \$100,000, the accident report (3) will be forwarded to the Department of Defense, Logistics Division, Trenton, New Jersey, for processing and distribution to the appropriate agencies. The Department of Defense will also be responsible for the payment of the costs of the investigation and for the payment of the costs of the accident.

BY ORDER OF THE GOVERNOR: The accident report (3) will be forwarded to the Department of Defense, Logistics Division, Trenton, New Jersey, for processing and distribution to the appropriate agencies. The Department of Defense will also be responsible for the payment of the costs of the investigation and for the payment of the costs of the accident.

Vehicle Accidents During Field Training: Vehicle accidents during field training where private property is damaged will be reported in accordance with NCGM 112-2, dated 27 May 1954. All reports necessary for any investigation to private property will be furnished by the Department of Defense, Logistics Division, Trenton, N.J., thru channels. The above reports are in addition to accident reports under para 4b (3) of the Circular.

BY ORDER OF THE GOVERNOR:

William R. Sharp
WILLIAM R. SHARP
Colonel, Armer, NJNG
Adjutant General
Major General, NJNG
Chief of Staff

OFFICIAL:

William R. Sharp
WILLIAM R. SHARP
Colonel, Armer, NJNG
Adjutant General

*Civil Defense
Directives*

STATE OF NEW JERSEY
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
TRENTON 7, NEW JERSEY

JULY 26, 1950

DIRECTIVE NO. 1

STATE HOUSE

TO: All Local Civil Defense Chairmen

FROM: Leonard Dreyfuss, State Director of Civil Defense

SUBJECT: Evacuation

In planning Civil Defense, one of the most important matters is preparedness for hysterical evacuation of a neighborhood, a community or a state.

For instance, if a city like New York or Newark should be bombed, hundreds of thousands of people will stream out of those cities seeking refuge elsewhere. These people must be cared for quickly and effectively. It is not possible to tell when or where an attack will take place, therefore, every community in our State must be ready to assume responsibility for caring for its proportionate share of evacuees.

After study, the State Civil Defense Office has fixed quotas for each community and we are asking you to prepare now to shelter and feed _____ persons.

This is the minimum number that has been assigned to your community. We ask you to plan and prepare for their housing and feeding, at least temporarily, in churches, schools or other suitable places.

If, after making a survey of your community, you find you have facilities for caring for more than your assigned quota--and desire to do so--that is your privilege.

After you have provided for your quota, you will then direct the surplus evacuees to the next community.

We would suggest that your local Red Cross Chapter can be of inestimable help to you in preparing to care for your assigned quota of evacuees.

LEONARD DREYFUSS
STATE DIRECTOR OF CIVIL DEFENSE



DIVISION OF
CIVIL DEFENSE

STATE OF NEW JERSEY
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
TRENTON 7, NEW JERSEY

JULY 26, 1950

STATE HOUSE

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LEONARD DREYFUSS
STATE DIRECTOR OF CIVIL DEFENSE

THE ROLE OF THE AMERICAN NATIONAL RED CROSS
IN CIVIL DEFENSE

In discharging its responsibilities for leadership in the civil defense planning activities of the Federal Government, the National Security Resources Board has collaborated with the American National Red Cross in preparation of the following statement which defines broadly the role which the Red Cross will undertake in planning and operation of certain civil defense programs.

The American National Red Cross has long served as a nationwide agency through which the American people voluntarily extend assistance to families and individuals in need as a result of disasters. The non-governmental phases of responsibility for natural disaster relief are discharged by the Red Cross under authority of an Act of Congress. This responsibility pertains to disasters such as floods, tornadoes, fires, earthquakes, and epidemics which occur in peacetime as well as in wartime. In addition to services in disaster, the Red Cross has traditionally provided public education in home care of the sick, first aid, and other health protective measures.

The protection and care of families and individuals subjected to enemy attack is a basic responsibility of all Governmental groups. It is expected that volunteer agencies participating in civil defense, including Red Cross, will serve under the general direction of responsible Governmental Agencies. Because of limited funds and facilities and the magnitude of the problems that arise in war disasters, the American Red Cross cannot be expected to assume responsibility to the extent that it does in natural disasters.

However, the experience and resources of the Red Cross in its disaster program and other community services programs can be utilized to advantage by the Government in planning and operation of civil defense. Because of its existing organization and long experience in national disaster relief activities, Red Cross representation on state and local civil defense planning groups should be encouraged.

The American National Red Cross has agreed to assist to the extent of its ability in the development and operation of a program of civil defense on national, state and local levels, in the following specified phases:

- (a) Training civil defense workers and the general public in first aid;
- (b) Training in home care of the sick and injured and nurses aid activities;
- (c) Provision of food, clothing and temporary shelter on a mass care basis during an immediate emergency period.
- (d) Participation in a wartime nation-wide blood program; and
- (e) Making available its existing organized chapter volunteers and resources for participation in civil defense activities.

The foregoing statement provides the broad framework within which the American National Red Cross will participate in the development and operation of civil defense programs. Specific tasks which the Red Cross may undertake in planning for civil defense, or in implementation of those plans, will be developed within this framework.

March 31, 1950



DIVISION OF
CIVIL DEFENSE

State of New Jersey
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

TRENTON 7, NEW JERSEY

AUGUST 11, 1950

DIRECTIVE NO 2

STATE HOUSE

TO ALL LOCAL DEFENSE COUNCIL CHAIRMEN:

To avoid the inclusion of any person whose loyalty to this country and its form of government may be questioned, the greatest care must be exercised in the selection of Civil Defense personnel. Therefore, we ask that each person appointed to serve in any capacity in your Civil Defense organization be required to take an oath and affix his signature before a person authorized to administer oaths in this State.

It is requested that the oath be substantially as follows:

"I _____, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support and defend the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of the State of New Jersey against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion; and that I will well and faithfully discharge the duties upon which I am about to enter.

"And I do further swear (or affirm) that I do not advocate, nor am I a member of any political party or organization that advocates the overthrow of the Government of the United States or of this State by force or violence; and that during such time as I am a member of the (name of Civil Defense Organization), I will not advocate nor become a member of any political party or organization that advocates the overthrow of the Government of the United States or of this State by force or violence."

Notary

Signature

Date

Address

Municipality

This oath may be administered to groups, but it will be necessary to have each individual sign a copy of the oath with the date of signing. These copies must be kept in your files.

Leonard Dreyfuss
LEONARD DREYFUSS
State Civil Defense Director



DIVISION OF
CIVIL DEFENSE

STATE OF NEW JERSEY
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
TRENTON 7, NEW JERSEY

STATE HOUSE

November 15, 1950

DIRECTIVE NO. 5

FROM: Leonard Dreyfuss, State Director of Civil Defense
TO: All Local Civil Defense Chairmen
SUBJECT: Air Raid Warning Signals

By direction of the Commanding General, Continental Air Command, Civil Air Raid warning signals are defined as follows:

YELLOW ALERT: Attack Likely -- Intelligence has been received indicating that hostile aircraft are over or enroute toward the North American continent. (Public announcement of a Yellow Alert will not be made).

The purpose of the Yellow Alert is for you to warn key personnel of your Civil Defense forces and essential industry in your municipality. Care must be taken not to overload the telephone system; a careful study should be made by your Communications Committee.

RED ALERT: Attack Imminent -- Hostile aircraft have been identified and are within the Air Defense sector or within adjacent sectors with a high probability of entering the subject Air Defense sector. (Public announcement of a Red Alert will be made).

THREE MINUTES OF FLUCTUATING NOTES ON
SIREN OR SHORT BLASTS ON FACTORY WHISTLES.

- 2 -

WHITE ALERT: All Clear -- This notification to be given when danger of either Yellow or Red Alert type air raid warning is over. (Public announcement of a White Alert will be made only when the danger of a red type alert is over).

ONE MINUTE STEADY BLAST. TWO MINUTES OF SILENCE. ONE MINUTE STEADY BLAST. SIREN OR WHISTLES.

The above Air Raid Signals are the official signals for the State of New Jersey.

Leonard Dreyfuss
LEONARD DREYFUSS
STATE DIRECTOR OF CIVIL DEFENSE

LD:TDE:c

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IMPORTANT



DIVISION OF
CIVIL DEFENSE

STATE OF NEW JERSEY
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
TRENTON 7, NEW JERSEY

ROOM 114 STATE HOUSE

December 20, 1950

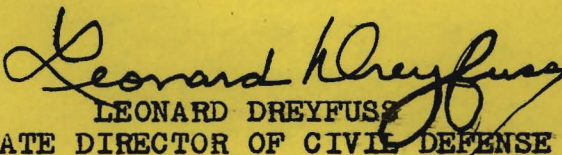
SUPPLEMENT TO DIRECTIVE NO. 5

FROM: Leonard Dreyfuss, State Director of Civil Defense
TO: All Local Civil Defense Chairmen
SUBJECT: Air Raid Warning Signals

An addition should be made to Directive No. 5 under WHITE ALERT. The sirens to be sounded for All Clear should be as follows:

ONE MINUTE STEADY BLAST. TWO MINUTES
OF SILENCE. ONE MINUTE STEADY BLAST.
TWO MINUTES OF SILENCE. ONE MINUTE
STEADY BLAST. SIREN OR WHISTLES.

You will note that there is added one more blast of the siren. Instead of having two, we are making it three. This is the only change, and is done to conform with the public warning system established for the entire United States.


LEONARD DREYFUSS
STATE DIRECTOR OF CIVIL DEFENSE

LD:TDE

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IMPORTANT



DIVISION OF
CIVIL DEFENSE

STATE OF NEW JERSEY
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
TRENTON 7, NEW JERSEY

STATE HOUSE

May 21, 1951

SUPPLEMENT TO DIRECTIVE NO. 5, ISSUED NOVEMBER 15, 1950

I M P O R T A N T

TO: District, Area and Local Civil Defense Directors
FROM: Leonard Dreyfuss, State Director of Civil Defense
SUBJECT: Air Raid Warning Signals

When the "All Clear" follows a yellow alert without an intervening red alert, public warning signals shall not be sounded.

In the above case, the white alert signal shall be a confidential alert and shall be transmitted in the same manner as a yellow alert signal, and to the same persons who received the yellow alert signal.

NOTE: THIS IS A NEW SIGNAL.

Dismissal: This signal will only be sounded after a white alert, for the purpose of demobilizing Civil Defense forces:

ONE SINGLE THIRTY SECOND BLAST
SIRENS OR WHISTLES.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Leonard Dreyfuss".

LEONARD DREYFUSS
STATE DIRECTOR OF CIVIL DEFENSE

LD:TDE



DIVISION OF
CIVIL DEFENSE

STATE OF NEW JERSEY
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
TRENTON 7, NEW JERSEY

STATE HOUSE

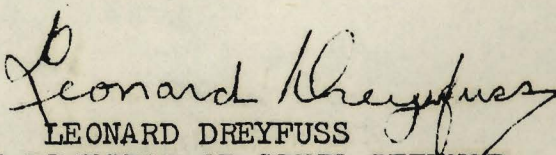
November 21, 1950

DIRECTIVE NO. 7

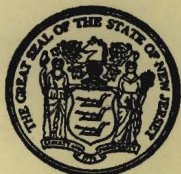
TO: All Local Civil Defense Chairmen
FROM: Leonard Dreyfuss, Director of Civil Defense
SUBJECT: Public Warning System -- Sirens or Whistles

It is essential that all communities have a public warning system now. The official air raid signals were sent to you in Directive No. 5. They will do you no good unless you can warn the people in your community.

If you do not have regular air raid sirens, set up a temporary public warning system until you are able to purchase sirens. If you have not made a study of public warning systems, do so immediately and purchase the necessary equipment. A list of siren manufacturers will be supplied upon request.


LEONARD DREYFUSS
STATE DIRECTOR OF CIVIL DEFENSE

LD:TDE



DIVISION OF
CIVIL DEFENSE

STATE OF NEW JERSEY
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
TRENTON 7, NEW JERSEY

STATE HOUSE

February 6, 1951

DIRECTIVE NO. 10

TO: All District, Area and Local Civil Defense Directors
FROM: Leonard Dreyfuss, Director of Civil Defense
SUBJECT: Air Raid Warning Information Cards

We are attaching a sample copy of the official Air Raid Warning Information Card. These are the first copies from the press run which began last night. It was our thought that you were entitled to receive a copy in advance of bulk distribution and any newspaper item.

These cards will be ready for your local distribution within a few days. According to our plan, the quota of cards for your county will be picked up by State Highway trucks at the printers in Clifton, New Jersey, and delivered to your County Court House where they will be in custody of the County Clerk. You will pick up the quota for your municipality at the Court House. An Informational Bulletin, giving you the exact date when your quota of cards will be at the Court House, will follow.

(There are two exceptions to the above plan: Hudson County: The quota of cards for Hudson County will be delivered to the Sixth Precinct Police Station, 282 Central Avenue, Jersey City. Mercer County: The quota of cards for Mercer County will be delivered to the Division of Civil Defense, Room 104, State House Annex, Trenton.)

The instructions on these all-important cards are simple, but proper attention to them and a full understanding of them on the part of the public would so minimize the effects of a bombing that we are asking you to take the greatest care in their handling and distribution.

Furthermore, since the State has gone to a tremendous expense in order to furnish you with this information card, we are asking your cooperation in making immediate arrangements for their proper handling and distribution in accordance with our Informational Bulletin No. 18, sent you January 31, 1951.

Leonard Dreyfuss
LEONARD DREYFUSS
STATE DIRECTOR OF CIVIL DEFENSE

LD:BHE
Encl.



DIVISION OF
CIVIL DEFENSE

STATE OF NEW JERSEY
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
TRENTON 7, NEW JERSEY

May 4, 1951

STATE HOUSE

DIRECTIVE NO. 11

CONFIDENTIAL

TO: All District, Area and Local Civil Defense Directors
FROM: Leonard Dreyfuss, State Director of Civil Defense
SUBJECT: Classified Material

From time to time it will be necessary to issue Directives and Informational Bulletins which should not be made public. These Directives or Informational Bulletins will be marked "Confidential." All Directors, local, area and district, will keep such material under lock and key, and will not discuss the material contained therein with anyone not directly concerned with the subject matter. If any inquiries are made by the press or by individuals not directly concerned with the subject matter in such confidential material, the Directors will state that the subject is "Classified" and they are not authorized to discuss it.

The necessity for adhering to this careful treatment of all classified material will be thoroughly impressed by the Directors on all individuals to whom the classified material is important.

Any communications or orders originated by the local, area or district directors and dealing with a classified subject will be safeguarded in the same manner as a Confidential Directive or Informational Bulletin from the State Director.

Leonard Dreyfuss

LEONARD DREYFUSS
STATE DIRECTOR OF CIVIL DEFENSE

LD:TDE



STATE OF NEW JERSEY
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
TRENTON 7, NEW JERSEY

DIVISION OF
CIVIL DEFENSE

STATE HOUSE

May 4, 1951

DIRECTIVE NO. 11

CONFIDENTIAL

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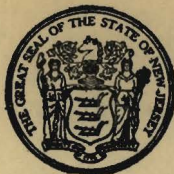
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Leonard Dreyfuss
LEONARD DREYFUSS

STATE DIRECTOR OF CIVIL DEFENSE

ID:TDH



DIVISION OF
CIVIL DEFENSE

STATE OF NEW JERSEY
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
TRENTON 7, NEW JERSEY

May 4, 1951

STATE HOUSE

DIRECTIVE NO. 12

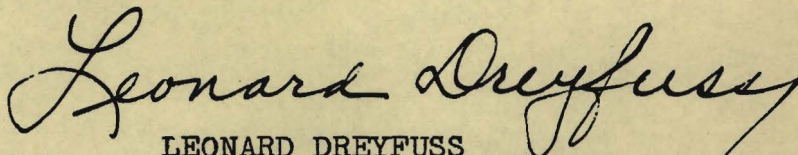
CONFIDENTIAL

TO: All District, Area and Local Civil Defense Directors
FROM: Leonard Dreyfuss, State Director of Civil Defense
SUBJECT: Distribution of the yellow alert signal

1. To minimize confusion and disorder, and to guarantee avoidable loss of manpower to essential industry, the yellow alert (Confidential) provided for in Directive No. 5, may be communicated only to the following:
 - A. The Governor, the Chief of Staff of the Department of Defense, the Civil Defense Director of New Jersey and such members of their staffs as they may designate.
 - B. All local, area and district Directors of Civil Defense.
 - C. Such members of the Staffs of local, area and district Directors as the Directors may designate.
 - D. Hospitals having capacity of 100 beds or more.
 - E. Institutions for incompetent persons and for the infirm.
 - F. Public utilities (electricity, gas, water, telephone and transportation).
 - G. Industries that can prove to local directors that it is essential to receive a yellow alert.
 - H. Heads of departments or bureaus of Federal, State, County, Municipal or other sub-divisions of local government which have Civil Defense functions or who may engage in work whose nature may require such confidential information in order to prepare safety measures for classified material or information.

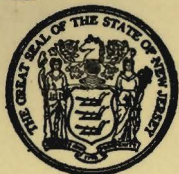
- 2 -

- I. Such other persons, organizations, institutions or governmental agencies as may be specifically designated by the State Civil Defense Director.
2. Before authorizing the transmission of the yellow alert to any individual, organization, institution or agency or any sub-division, each Director shall require a written plan specifying the precise action to be taken by the recipient of the yellow alert, and shall satisfy himself that such action is necessary and will not result in public knowledge of the alert. Complete files of such plans will be kept by each Director.
3. Anyone using or disseminating the yellow alert except in conformance with the approved plan filed with the Director shall be subject to the penalties of the Laws of 1942, as amended by Chapter 86, Laws of 1949, otherwise known as the New Jersey Civil Defense Law.



LEONARD DREYFUSS
STATE DIRECTOR OF CIVIL DEFENSE

LD:TDE



DIVISION OF
CIVIL DEFENSE

STATE OF NEW JERSEY
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
TRENTON 7, NEW JERSEY

STATE HOUSE

May 10, 1951

DIRECTIVE NO. 13

CONFIDENTIAL

CONFIDENTIAL

TO: All District, Area and Local Civil Defense Directors
FROM: Leonard Dreyfuss, Director of Civil Defense
SUBJECT: Yellow Alert Tests

In order to further safeguard the confidential nature of the Yellow Alert and to minimize the danger that such an alert may become known to unauthorized persons, local directors will require all recipients of the Yellow Alert to incorporate the following procedure in their plans.

At least once every six weeks the key person authorized pursuant to Directive No. 12 to receive the Yellow Alert on behalf of an organization, will carry out, at times selected by him, a test Yellow Alert, going through the exact procedure set forth in his approved alert plan. During initial tests, arrangements are to be made for representatives of the local office of Civil Defense to be present to check compliance with the plan. At longer intervals, local Civil Defense Directors will put out test Yellow Alerts to all authorized recipients in their area. Thus, there will be two categories of tests, one self-imposed by the recipient, and the other emanating from the local office of Civil Defense and going to all recipients simultaneously.

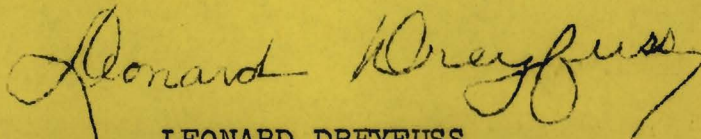
There will be nothing confidential about these tests. The period of time during which the measures specified in the alert plan are kept in effect should be varied, and the explanation given that the duration of each alert is determined by Civil Defense authorities.

In the event of a real Yellow Alert, the authorized person receiving the alert notice will not disclose the fact that it is real. He will inform all other individuals concerned that it is another practice and will tell no one else of its true nature. If the duration of the "test" causes comment, it will be explained that the Civil Defense authorities have required prolongation of the test.

- 2 -

Through these tests the public as well as the employees of the recipients of the Yellow Alert will become accustomed to the emergency measures and activities connected with the individual alert plans, and there will thus be no occasion for alarm in the event of a real alert. However, the institution of the foregoing procedures makes it imperative that all involved in a test Yellow Alert perform their assigned tasks with the same spirit, dispatch, and degree of effectiveness as if it were an actual alert. Their spirit must be that of the fireman who cannot know whether he is answering to a serious fire or to a false alarm, but who carries out his duties to the letter without questioning them.

This Confidential Order supplements Directive No. 12.

A handwritten signature in cursive script, reading "Leonard Dreyfuss". The signature is written in dark ink and is positioned above the typed name and title.

LEONARD DREYFUSS
STATE DIRECTOR OF CIVIL DEFENSE

LD:TDE



DIVISION OF
CIVIL DEFENSE

STATE OF NEW JERSEY
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
TRENTON 7, NEW JERSEY

STATE HOUSE

January 22, 1952

DIRECTIVE NO. 16

TO: District, Area and Local Civil Defense Directors
FROM: Leonard Dreyfuss, State Director of Civil Defense
SUBJECT: Travel of Military Personnel During Emergency

Upon the request of the Military Services all military personnel in uniform or in civilian clothes shall be allowed to travel during an emergency. They will identify themselves with the military identification card which they always carry on their person.

If an alert occurs, certain military personnel such as combat crew members and others, must report to their bases immediately. Such personnel will not request clearance unless there is an emergency and it is essential that they travel.

Your regular police, auxiliary police and air raid wardens should be briefed on this matter immediately.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Leonard Dreyfuss".

LEONARD DREYFUSS
STATE DIRECTOR OF
CIVIL DEFENSE

LD:TSD:w



DIVISION OF
CIVIL DEFENSE

State of New Jersey
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
TRENTON 7, NEW JERSEY

STATE HOUSE

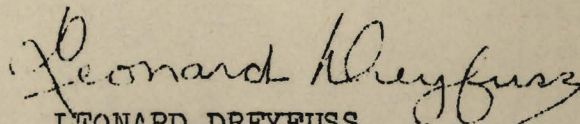
January 28, 1952

D I R E C T I V E N O . 1 8

TO: District, Area and Local Civil Defense Directors
FROM: Leonard Dreyfuss, State Director of Civil Defense
SUBJECT: Air Raid Shelters

It is essential that all Civil Defense Directors of cities over 20,000 in population, or smaller municipalities near industrial or highly populated areas, make a survey of their municipality for public shelters immediately. Signs shall be purchased and erected throughout the city designating such shelters. These signs have been standardized by the Federal Civil Defense Administration. Specifications are attached.

Plans for a State-wide test are now being made for the last week in April. Signs must be erected by that time so that your citizens will know where the public shelters are located.


LEONARD DREYFUSS
STATE DIRECTOR OF CIVIL DEFENSE

ID:TDE
Attach.

STATE OF NEW JERSEY
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
TRENTON 7, NEW JERSEY

Division of
Civil Defense

State House
Annex

IMPORTANT

February 27, 1952

D I R E C T I V E N O. 19

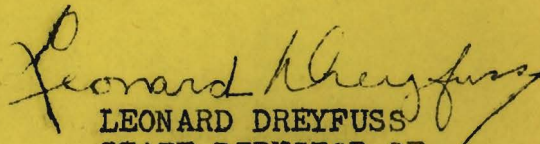
TO: District, Area and Local Civil Defense Directors
FROM: Leonard Dreyfuss, State Director of Civil Defense
SUBJECT: Action by Civil Defense Personnel in a Disaster

At the most recent airplane crash in Elizabeth, it was reported to this office by the Elizabeth Civil Defense Director that individuals from other municipalities appeared at the scene of the crash wearing Civil Defense arm bands. No request was made for their assistance nor was it needed; consequently, much confusion was caused which jeopardized people's lives.

Unauthorized wearing of a Civil Defense arm band when not ordered on duty is illegal. Under the Civil Defense Law of New Jersey, this is punishable by fine and a jail sentence.

You are hereby directed to instruct your personnel that they are not to go to the scene of a disaster unless ordered to do so by you. You as Local Director will not send any personnel or equipment to the scene of a disaster in another community unless ordered to do so by your Area, District or State Director.

This Directive shall be read to all Civil Defense personnel under your command and then posted in your Civil Defense Headquarters.


LEONARD DREYFUSS
STATE DIRECTOR OF
CIVIL DEFENSE

LD/D/s



DIVISION OF
CIVIL DEFENSE

STATE OF NEW JERSEY
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
TRENTON 7, NEW JERSEY

STATE HOUSE

March 2, 1953

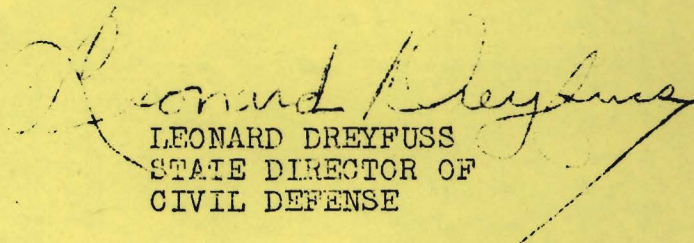
DIRECTIVE NO. 25

TO: District, Area and Local Civil Defense Directors
FROM: Leonard Dreyfuss, State Director of Civil Defense
SUBJECT: Instructions for Civil Defense Marking of
Contaminated Areas.

Attached is Federal Civil Defense Administration Advisory Bulletin No. 128, containing instructions for Civil Defense marking of contaminated areas. These instructions are now adopted as standard procedure and will be followed by all Civil Defense Directors and their organizations as part of the New Jersey Civil Defense Plan.

All of the members of your Civil Defense organization should be informed of these markings. It is, therefore, your responsibility to study these instructions and describe the markers set forth herein to your entire organization.

ID:TDE
Attach.


LEONARD DREYFUSS
STATE DIRECTOR OF
CIVIL DEFENSE



DIVISION OF
CIVIL DEFENSE

STATE OF NEW JERSEY
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
TRENTON 7, NEW JERSEY

STATE HOUSE

June 5, 1953

DIRECTIVE NO. 26

TO: District, Area and Local Civil Defense Directors
FROM: Leonard Dreyfuss, State Director of Civil Defense
SUBJECT: Attack Warning Plan Standard Operating Procedure

This Directive cancels all previous directives, information bulletins, and memorandums on operating procedures and regulations affecting the Attack Warning Plan (formerly called Air Raid Warning Signals), and is effective immediately.

Copies of this Directive also are being sent directly to all police chiefs in New Jersey for study in working out with local Civil Defense Directors the operating procedure in transmitting the attack warning via police radio systems which now is permissible. Local directors should study and discuss this plan carefully with their communications chairman and police department chief.

ATTACK WARNING PLAN
STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURE

1. Definition of Warnings

1.01 Warning Yellow - Attack by hostile aircraft is probable. -
No public warning by sirens, etc.

Key Civil Defense personnel and certain forces designated by State or local Civil Defense authorities will take action in accordance with prescribed plans.

1.02 Warning Red - Attack by hostile aircraft is imminent. -

Three minutes of fluctuating notes on sirens or short blasts on factory whistles.

The general public will immediately take shelter and remain until the Warning White (All Clear) is sounded. Exceptions to this general rule may be necessary as directed by local Civil Defense authority.

1.03 Additional Warnings Red - Further attack by hostile aircraft is imminent. - Three minutes of fluctuating notes on sirens or short blasts on factory whistles.

The purpose of such warnings is to re-warn Civil Defense workers who have left shelters to perform necessary duties following an attack to return to shelters.

1.04 Warning White - All Clear - Attack by hostile aircraft is improbable. Three steady one-minute blasts, interspersed by two minutes of silence.

Note: Public announcement of a White will only follow a Red Warning.

1.05 Dismissal - A single steady 30-second blast on sirens, horns, or whistles.

Local Civil Defense forces may disband and the individuals may return to their normal occupations.

2. Reception of Warnings

At Key Civil Defense Warning Points (State Police Division and Zone Headquarters)

2.01 Warnings are passed by the Federal Civil Defense Administration (F.C.D.A.) representative, known as the Controller, from the Air Defense Control Center by means of a special private

-3-

telephone line arrangement to the three key warning points in New Jersey. A single announcement is heard simultaneously over loud-speakers at each key warning point. Special telephones are provided for acknowledgment purposes.

2.02 At present, daily "scheduled tests" and "unscheduled tests", once or twice a week, are sent over the network. Normally these "tests" are not extended beyond the key Civil Air Defense Warning Points. To send a "warning" or a "test" the Controller at the A.D.C.C. causes a bell to ring at each key warning point. Then it is followed by an immediate announcement over the loud-speakers as follows:

"AIR DEFENSE WARNING (COLOR)"
or
"TEST, AIR DEFENSE WARNING TEST"

2.03 When the officer handling the warning at each Key Civil Air Defense Warning Point hears "Stand By To Acknowledge", he picks up the telephone handset associated with the loud-speaker and listens in the receiver without pressing the button provided in the center of the handset. When he hears the name of his warning point called he presses the button to connect the transmitter of his telephone and acknowledges the warning by saying:

"(NAME OF CITY) - AIR DEFENSE WARNING (COLOR)"
or
"(NAME OF CITY) - TEST, AIR DEFENSE WARNING TEST"

2.04 When the Controller at the A.D.C.C. says "OK", the message is completed and the telephone should be hung up.

2.05 If, following the ring of the warning bell, an announcement is not heard at once over the loud-speaker, the warning officer should pick up the telephone handset and listen. (Without pressing button.) When he hears "Test, Air Defense Warning

-4-

Test", he will know that a "Test" is being sent and should acknowledge accordingly when the name of his warning point is called by using the same procedure and terminology shown above. When the word "Test" is not used and a "color" is substituted the warning is real and requires action.

2.06 Loud-speakers are to be kept turned on at all times.

Trouble is to be reported at once to the telephone number shown on the yellow and black instruction card mounted at each Key Civil Air Defense Warning Point.

2.07 During the stand-by period immediately following the announcement while the "roll call" is being run, steps should be taken as soon as the warning is understood to relay the warning to all points as designated below. If the warning officer waits until the name of his key warning point is called on the "roll call" before acting, often a minute or more time will be lost in relaying warnings. Under no circumstances should an "unscheduled test" be extended to New Jersey points unless specifically authorized by the State Director of Civil Defense - "scheduled tests" from the A.D.C.C. are never extended.

3. Dissemination of Warnings to Sub-Key Civil Air Defense Warning Points (State, County and Local Police Stations, Sheriffs' Offices, Etc.)

3.01 The warnings (or tests) to be extended shall be disseminated over the New Jersey Civil Defense Attack Warning Network comprised of:

- a. Land wire systems using the state-wide teletype network augmented by chain telephone calls to municipalities not equipped with teletype.

-5-

b. Police Radio

At the Key Point Warning Centers, the warning message shall be transmitted simultaneously by land wire and radio. At the Sub-Key Points, it is desirable that the same procedure be followed. However, if sufficient personnel are not available to operate both systems simultaneously, the telephone calls shall be given priority and the radio broadcasts made as soon as possible thereafter.

The method of operation and the procedures to be followed in the dissemination and the receipt of the warnings are as follows:

Land Wire System - Procedure at Key Points

3.02 Upon receipt of an Air Defense Warning from the A.D.C.C., the commanding officer of the New Jersey State Police will seize all stations on the state-wide police teletype network and notify all stations of the warning received.

3.03 Fifteen bells shall be sounded over the teletype system to call attention to all receivers to the message. The message to be sent depends on the color of warning ordered by the A.D.C.C. and the message shall be transmitted as follows:

"AIR DEFENSE WARNING (COLOR)"

3.04 At the other key points at Morristown and Hammonton, if a teletype or radio message is not received from the State Police Headquarters Trenton within one-half minute of the Air Defense Warning received from the Air Force, both regions will "seize" the teletype networks in their regions and transmit the warning.

-6-

3.05 Approximately once each month a test of the Attack Warning Network (without sirens) is authorized by the State Director. This test shall be teletyped as follows:

"TEST AIR DEFENSE WARNING TEST WHITE TEST - DO NOT BLOW SIRENS"

"AUTHORITY NEW JERSEY CIVIL DEFENSE, TRENTON"

Note 1: This test shall be broadcast over the police radio network in code as covered in 11.05 below.

Note 2: This is the only periodic test authorized over the Attack Warning Network. Upon receipt of the message, each municipality or authorized warning point listed on the Civil Air Defense Warning Routing Chart shall mail an acknowledgment to the State Civil Defense Headquarters at Trenton, Room 103, State House Annex. These reports are used to evaluate the current efficiency and readiness of the system.

3.06 In the event of an authorized state-wide test or other large-scale special exercise, the test warning message shall be broadcast over the police radio in code as covered in 11.06 below.

Procedure at Sub-Key Points

3.06 There are approximately 140 teletype receivers in the state-wide police teletype network so distributed that 70 per cent of the population is warned as the result of the teletype messages. Each teletype receiver station is required to make up to a maximum of three telephone calls to surrounding municipalities not equipped with teletype facilities who, in turn, call others until the warning has been conveyed to every municipality in New Jersey. Civil Air Raid Warning Routing Charts Number 1 to 13,

-7-

show the routing of these telephone calls. These charts have been prepared on an area basis, and are on file in the office of the State and each Civil Defense Area Director. The charts list the teletype receiving stations in each area and specific telephone calls have been assigned beginning from the teletype receiving stations and fanning out to every municipality within the area boundaries. For economical reasons, telephone paths follow existing cable and wire routes and are so arranged that the calls to be made are within local exchange boundaries insofar as practicable. Each police unit and municipality responsible for relaying telephone calls has a Civil Air Defense Warning Routing Card which shows how the calls should be made by their unit, and each point where a call is received has a similar card with instructions on acknowledging the Civil Air Defense Warning.

Top priority will be given to such calls by the Telephone Company and busy lines will be cleared to complete warning calls.

3.07 All municipalities receiving an Air Defense Warning or Test, either by teletype, telephone or radio shall proceed to pass the warning in accordance with the directions on their yellow Civil Air Defense Warning Routing Cards, and take action immediately in accordance with local instructions.

4. Methods of Making Telephone Calls

a. Direct Dialing

4.01 In general, if dial telephone service is provided at the calling point and places to be called may be dialed directly, the greatest speed will be attained by dialing individual calls

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directly rather than placing calls with the operator.

4.02 The information pages of the local telephone directory show the procedure to be used in dialing directly to any other telephone in the local calling area.

4.03 If a dialed number is busy, dial the operator and place the call as outlined below for manual telephone calls. In such cases, the operator will interrupt the telephone conversation to complete the call.

b. Toll or Local Manual Calls

4.04 It is important that in placing calls to the operator, that it be done in such a manner that she will understand the special nature of the call which should be made as follows:

Real Warning

"EMERGENCY, AIR DEFENSE WARNING, EMERGENCY (NAME OF COMMUNITY BEING CALLED AND TELEPHONE NUMBER). I HAVE (NUMBER OF CALLS) CALLS. THIS IS (GIVE CALLING TELEPHONE NUMBER)."

Test Warning

"TEST, AIR DEFENSE WARNING TEST (NAME OF COMMUNITY BEING CALLED AND TELEPHONE NUMBER). I HAVE (NUMBER OF CALLS) CALLS. THIS IS (GIVE CALLING TELEPHONE NUMBER)."

Note: After the first call is completed, it is no longer necessary to repeat that "I have (number of calls) calls."

4.05 If each place called answers, pass the "Test" or "Warning" in the following manner:

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"THIS IS (NAME OF CITY) AIR DEFENSE WARNING (COLOR) -
(NAME OF CITY CALLED), ACKNOWLEDGE."

or

"THIS IS (NAME OF CITY) - TEST AIR DEFENSE WARNING TEST
(COLOR) TEST (NAME OF CITY CALLED), ACKNOWLEDGE."

4.06 As each call is completed, flash the operator back and place a new call. The wording shown above should be repeated each time in the event that a different operator may answer. Top priority will be given to such calls by the Telephone Companies and busy lines will be cleared to complete warning calls.

5. Receiving Telephone Calls

5.01 Warnings relayed by telephone from Key Warning Point and Sub-Key Points will normally be received over regular telephone facilities normally established for every-day business. These telephones are located at police stations, sheriffs' offices, or at other points as authorized by the local Civil Defense Director. Top priority will be given to such calls by the Telephone Companies and busy lines will be cleared to complete warning calls.

5.02 Obviously, lines selected for receiving warnings will be answered with the usual terminology employed normally by the agency involved. If a non-published telephone is used for the exclusive reception of warnings, it should be answered "THIS IS (NAME OF CITY) CIVIL AIR DEFENSE WARNING CENTER".

After a warning or an authorized "Test" is received, the Community Warning Center or person authorized to receive the

-10-

warning shall acknowledge as follows:

"(NAME OF CITY) AIR DEFENSE WARNING - (COLOR)"

or

"(NAME OF CITY) TEST AIR DEFENSE WARNING TEST (COLOR) TEST"

Note: The calling station will answer "OK", and repeat the name of the city acknowledging.

6. Suggestions for Expediting the Speedy Completion of Telephone Calls

6.01 Immediately clear all telephone lines for handling warning calls and use as many persons as there are lines to assist in the dissemination.

6.02 Train all personnel so that any may assist with the calling.

6.03 Do not engage in "other" conversation with points that have not familiarized themselves with proper terminology. Report the condition on the acknowledgment card so that proper steps may be taken later after the test is completed to correct the situation. Time is of the essence and other communities should not be penalized as a result and should be called without delay. If a "warning" is being disseminated, it is, of course, essential that a clear understanding of the warning is received.

6.04 If a warning telephone answers and requests that a second call be placed to an alternate point, the request should be refused on the basis that it is the responsibility of the first place that answers to relay the message to any other point in the community. It is the responsibility of the community to provide the State Civil Defense Director with the telephone numbers of dependable warning points. Telephone numbers now called as shown on the routing charts are assumed to be the most dependable and will be used until such time as other numbers are furnished by

-11-

the local director. All points receiving "warning" or "test" calls shall keep a log showing the date, time and type of warning received. Immediately upon receipt of each test, an acknowledgment card shall be filled out showing the date of the test, time it was received, time acknowledged by other communities (if any were to be notified) and the card shall be mailed promptly to the Director of Civil Defense, Trenton, New Jersey.

7. Alternate Plan

7.01 The reverse of the Civil Air Defense Warning Routing Card located in each teletype receiving point shows a routing of telephone calls to be made if the teletype system is inoperative.

8. Changes in the Warning System

8.01 Any recommended changes in the "Civil Air Defense Warning Routing Chart" shall be forwarded to the State Headquarters of Civil Defense for consideration and changes can only be made after written authority by the State Director.

9. Police Radio

9.01 In order to speed the dissemination of the alert and to insure that the warning is received by communities and personnel not immediately available by wire facilities, Air Defense Warnings shall be broadcast over police radio facilities as outlined below simultaneously with the teletype message.

IMPORTANT

- A. Real alerts shall be broadcast as received from the A.D.C.C. and the phraseology shall be identical with that transmitted over teletype.
- B. Test alerts shall be transmitted in code or as specified in

-12-

certain instances by the State Director of Civil Defense.

10. Transmitting the Warning

10.01 Transmitting From Key Points

Simultaneously with the sending of the teletype message, the Civil Air Defense Warning shall be broadcast over the State Police radio at the division headquarters of the State Police at Trenton, New Jersey.

State Police radio messages originating simultaneously shall receive precedence in the following order:

Division Headquarters
Region Headquarters
District Headquarters
Sub-Stations

10.02 Transmitting From Other State Police Locations

Following the receipt of the teletype or radio warning and simultaneously with the transmission of any designated telephone calls, or as soon as possible thereafter, all other State Police radio transmitters shall re-broadcast the message.

10.03 Transmitting From County And Municipal Locations

Those police radio networks which are able to receive New Jersey State Police radio frequencies and which cover several counties, one county or a number of municipalities, may re-broadcast the Civil Air Defense Warning upon receipt of the warning by teletype, telephone or radio from the State Police.

10.04 All police departments having radios may transmit alerts to all stations and cars, depending upon the decision of the local Civil Defense Director.

10.05 Tone Signal

All stations having facilities for tone signals shall transmit a 5 to 7 second tone signal prior to the Air Defense

Warning message.

10.06 Prevention of False Alerts

Utmost care should be exercised prior to broadcasting over any police radio transmitter that the warning is official. All personnel should be familiar with the authorized source of warning messages as outlined in these instructions.

10.07 Priority

It is to be understood that where telephone calls are to be made to other municipalities for the purpose of passing on the warning and where there are insufficient personnel to operate both the telephones and the radio simultaneously, then such telephone calls shall be given priority and all necessary radio messages shall be broadcast as soon thereafter as possible. Should any difficulty be experienced in completing the telephone calls, only one attempt should be made and subsequent attempts shall be made to complete the calls following completion of the radio broadcast.

11. Phraseology of the Warning

Real Alert

11.01 A real alert shall be transmitted by State Police radio and re-broadcast by other authorized transmitters as follows:

A tone signal of 5 to 7 seconds shall be transmitted where available.

"(STATION IDENTIFICATION) TO ALL STATIONS AND CARS -

"AIR DEFENSE WARNING (COLOR)

"AIR DEFENSE WARNING (COLOR)

"AIR DEFENSE WARNING (COLOR)"

-14-

Test Alerts

11.02 Approximately once each month, a test of the New Jersey Attack Warning Network (without sirens) is authorized by the State Director.

11.03 This test is transmitted at the source (over the teletype network in the following phraseology:

11.04 "TEST AIR DEFENSE TEST WHITE TEST - DO NOT BLOW SIRENS".

11.05 To avoid confusion in bordering states and to prevent the inadvertent sounding of sirens during these monthly tests, the message will be coded over the State Police radio and re-broadcast by other authorized transmitters in code as follows:

A tone signal of 5 to 7 seconds shall be transmitted where available.

"(STATION IDENTIFICATION) TO ALL STATIONS AND CARS -

"SIGNAL WELCOME

"SIGNAL WELCOME

"SIGNAL WELCOME"

Note 1: This is the only periodic test authorized over the Attack Warning Network.

Note 2: Upon receipt of the message, each municipality or authorized warning point listed on the Civil Air Defense Warning Routing Chart shall mail an acknowledgment card to the State Civil Defense Headquarters at Room 103, State House Annex, Trenton, N.J. These reports are used to evaluate the current efficiency and readiness of the network.

11.06 In the event of an authorized state-wide test or other large-scale special exercise, radio transmission of test warnings will be the same as covered in paragraph 11.05 for the monthly test with the following codes being used for the different types of warnings:

<u>WARNING</u>	<u>CODE</u>
YELLOW	"SIGNAL YANKEE"
RED	"SIGNAL RUDOLPH"
WHITE	"SIGNAL WELCOME"
DISMISSAL	"SIGNAL DRAGON"

12. Station Instruction Cards

12.01 A Civil Air Defense Warning Routing Card shall be placed at each transmitter location.

12.02 All personnel qualified to broadcast Air Defense Warnings or tests via police radio shall be familiar with the instructions on the above-named card.

12.03 Personnel receiving the Air Defense Warning or tests shall be informed of the terminology to be used, necessary coding information, and upon receipt of a warning or test shall take action in accordance with local Civil Defense instructions.

13. Reliability of the Attack Warning Network

13.01 Following each periodic test of the Attack Warning Network as outlined in 3.05 and 6.04 and 11.05 above, each local Civil Defense Director shall acknowledge the test by mail to the Director of Civil Defense, Room 103, State House Annex, Trenton, N. J.

13.02 A supply of acknowledgment card forms shall be made available to local Directors through the State Civil Defense Head-

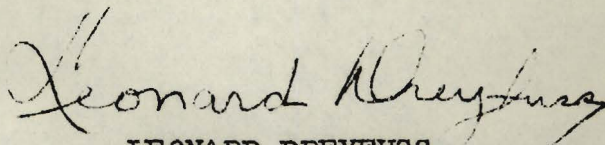
-16-

quarters as required. Acknowledgment cards may also be obtained when necessary through the Area Directors.

13.03 One acknowledgment card (or equivalent) shall be mailed for each municipality by the Local Civil Defense Director, or persons designated by him, so as to be received at the above Trenton address within 48 hours following the periodic test.

13.04 The results shall be tabulated at the office of the Director of Civil Defense following each periodic test. The acknowledgment card (or equivalent) shall be considered as the official report of each municipality, of the receipt or failure to receive an Air Defense test message.

13.05 The results of each test shall be forwarded to the respective Area Directors for information and corrective action if required.


LEONARD DREYFUSS
STATE DIRECTOR OF CIVIL DEFENSE

LD:DRS:M

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Leonard Dreyfuss
 LEONARD DREYFUSS
 STATE DIRECTOR OF CIVIL DEFENSE

ID:DRS:M



DIVISION OF
CIVIL DEFENSE

STATE OF NEW JERSEY
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
TRENTON 7, NEW JERSEY

October 8, 1953

STATE HOUSE

D I R E C T I V E NO. 28

TO: Area and Local Directors of Civil Defense
FROM: Leonard Dreyfuss, State Director of Civil Defense
SUBJECT: Governor's Proclamation on Auxiliary Police Powers

Governor Driscoll has granted to Civil Defense auxiliary police of New Jersey the power to enforce all New Jersey laws during emergencies and training exercises. The Governor's proclamation shall take effect immediately.

Under Chapter 251, Section 13, Laws of 1942, as amended by Chapter 86, 1949, "An Act Concerning Civil Defense During An Emergency," such rules and regulations promulgated by proclamation of the Governor are binding by all political subdivisions, public agencies, public officials and public employees of New Jersey and upon each and every person within this State. Upon the adoption and promulgation of such orders, the State Civil Defense Director must send a copy to the local chairman and to the clerk of each municipality of this State in which the order will take effect.

The municipal clerk must post the order in a public place in the Municipal Building.

As prescribed in the state civil defense law, the state director is sending to the clerk of every municipality in the state a copy of the proclamation for posting.

A copy of this proclamation also is enclosed for the information of your council and staff.

Particular attention is invited to Paragraph 2 of the proclamation which points out that the State Director, shall establish specific time limits and rules and regulations for training purposes.

Accordingly, a special police committee currently is drafting specific regulations for implementing this program. As soon as they are available, local directors will receive copies.

Local directors shall bring this proclamation to the attention of their Mayors and chief of police.

Leonard Dreyfuss
LEONARD DREYFUSS
STATE DIRECTOR OF CIVIL DEFENSE

LD:S:1
Enc.



DIVISION OF
CIVIL DEFENSE

STATE OF NEW JERSEY
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
TRENTON 7, NEW JERSEY

October 8, 1953

STATE HOUSE

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As prescribed in the state civil defense law, the state director is sending to the clerk of every municipality in the state a copy of the proclamation for posting.

A copy of this proclamation also is enclosed for the information of your council and staff.

Particular attention is invited to Paragraph 2 of the proclamation which points out that the State Director, shall establish specific time limits and rules and regulations for training purposes.

Accordingly, a special police committee currently is drafting specific regulations for implementing this program. As soon as they are available, local directors will receive copies.

Local directors shall bring this proclamation to the attention of their Mayors and chief of police.

Leonard Dreyfuss
LEONARD DREYFUSS
STATE DIRECTOR OF CIVIL DEFENSE

LD:S:l
Enc.



DIVISION OF
CIVIL DEFENSE

State of New Jersey

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

TRENTON 7, NEW JERSEY

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

STATE HOUSE

Executive Department

P R O C L A M A T I O N

WHEREAS, the New Jersey Civil Defense Plan states in part, "The purpose of Civil Defense is to minimize the effects upon the civilian population of any emergency resulting from enemy action or sabotage..."; and

WHEREAS, the development and training of adequate civilian defense auxiliary police forces are essential to further safeguard the public security, health and welfare:

NOW, THEREFORE, I, ALFRED E. DRISCOLL, Governor of the State of New Jersey, in order to provide further safeguards for the public security, health and welfare, and pursuant to the authority vested in me by the State Constitution and by the provisions of an act entitled "An Act concerning civilian defense during emergency," (P.L. 1942, Chapter 251, as amended and supplemented), Do Hereby Make, Promulgate and Proclaim, effective immediately, the following Rules concerning the duties and powers of auxiliary police of duly authorized municipal civilian defense organizations in this State:

1. During any emergency, as defined in Chapter 251 of the Laws of 1942, as amended by Chapter 86 of the Laws of 1949, or during any practice, drill, or activity in preparation for such emergency duly authorized by the State Civilian Defense Director, the auxiliary police of duly authorized municipal civilian defense organizations in this State shall have power to enforce all laws made or to be made for the conservation of the peace and for the good government and protection of the citizens and inhabitants of this State, and to apprehend offenders against such laws, and for the purpose of preserving the public peace and preventing or quelling public disturbances shall have all the powers of peace officers, police officers and constables.
2. Within time limits and rules and regulations to be prescribed by the State Civilian Defense Director, and with the approval of the governing body of any municipality, the auxiliary police of the duly authorized civilian defense organization of such municipality may be attached to the local police force for the purpose of training. During such period of training such auxiliary police shall have all the powers of peace officers, police officers and constables except as may otherwise be prescribed by such municipality.

Proclamation - Page 2.

3. Each auxiliary police officer, before assuming the duties of his office, shall take and subscribe to the oaths required by Chapter 1 of the Title "Oaths and Affidavits" of the Revised Statutes (R.S. 41:1-1 et seq.), which oaths shall be filed with the clerk of the municipality in which each such officer resides.
4. Auxiliary police officers in good faith carrying out, complying with, or attempting to comply with the rules and regulations made and promulgated herein or pursuant hereto, or performing any authorized service in connection therewith, shall have and possess all of the rights, privileges and immunities conferred upon civilian defense volunteers by the laws of this State.

(Seal)

GIVEN under my hand and the Great Seal of the State of New Jersey, this second day of October in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and fifty-three, and in the Independence of the United States, the one hundred and seventy-eighth.

/s/ Alfred E. Driscoll

Governor

BY THE GOVERNOR:

/s/ Lloyd P. Marsh
Secretary of State



DIVISION OF
CIVIL DEFENSE

STATE OF NEW JERSEY
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
TRENTON 7, NEW JERSEY

December 4, 1953

STATE HOUSE

D I R E C T I V E NO. 30

TO: Area and Local Civil Defense Directors

FROM: Leonard Dreyfuss, State Director

SUBJECT: Regulations for Training Auxiliary Policemen with
Regular Police Forces

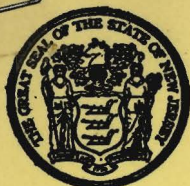
In accordance with the Proclamation dated October 2, 1953, by Governor Alfred E. Driscoll concerning the powers of auxiliary policemen, there are hereby set forth the rules and regulations covering their actions while training with regular municipal police forces. Wherever a municipality does not have a regular police department the time of regular training and the decision to arm or not to arm the auxiliary police shall rest with the governing body of the municipality. The auxiliary police shall be subject to the orders of the Civil Defense Director. The time limits, rules and regulations are as follows:

1. THE LENGTH OF TIME THE AUXILIARY POLICE MAY BE ATTACHED TO THE LOCAL POLICE FOR TRAINING SHALL BE DETERMINED BY THE GOVERNING BODY AND THE CIVIL DEFENSE DIRECTOR, SUBJECT TO THE APPROVAL OF THE CHIEF OF POLICE.
2. DURING THE PERIOD OF TIME THAT THE AUXILIARY POLICE ARE ATTACHED TO THE LOCAL POLICE FOR TRAINING, THEY SHALL BE UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE CHIEF OF POLICE.
3. THE POLICE AUTHORITY AND THE ARMING OF THE AUXILIARY POLICE WITH WEAPONS DURING SUCH PERIOD OF TRAINING SHALL BE DETERMINED BY THE CIVIL DEFENSE COUNCIL, SUBJECT TO THE APPROVAL OF THE GOVERNING BODY OF THE MUNICIPALITY AND THE CHIEF OF POLICE.
4. MEMBERS OF THE AUXILIARY POLICE SHALL BE REQUIRED TO COMPLETE A PRELIMINARY COURSE OF TRAINING PRIOR TO ASSIGNMENT TO DUTY, AS PRESCRIBED BY THE CHIEF OF POLICE.
5. THESE SAME REGULATIONS SHALL APPLY DURING "THE TIME OF DRILL OR ACTIVITY IN PREPARATION FOR THE DRILL" AS STATED IN PARAGRAPH #1 OF GOVERNOR ALFRED E. DRISCOLL'S PROCLAMATION DATED OCTOBER 2, 1953.

Leonard Dreyfuss
LEONARD DREYFUSS

STATE DIRECTOR OF CIVIL DEFENSE

LD:TD:L



DIVISION OF
CIVIL DEFENSE

STATE OF NEW JERSEY
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
TRENTON 7, NEW JERSEY

25 May 1954

STATE HOUSE

DIRECTIVE NO. 32

TO: Civil Defense and Disaster Control Directors, and County
and Regional Coordinators

FROM: Leonard Dreyfuss, State Director of Civil Defense and
Disaster Control

SUBJECT: Transportation Plan for "Operation Alert"

For the guidance of all concerned, the following regulations covering all forms of transportation during the red alert will be in effect for "Operation Alert" (New Jersey air raid test June 14).

HIGHWAY TRANSPORTATION

The movement of highway vehicles will be subject to the control of police authorities on duty at the time of the alert. Drivers upon hearing the red alert will bring their vehicles to a full stop as soon as practicable, to the curb or side of the road. ROADWAYS MUST BE KEPT CLEAR FOR EMERGENCY VEHICLES. The driver in selecting his stopping point will give consideration to the convenience and safety of passengers in his vehicle with respect to (1) other traffic, (2) availability of public shelters, (3) if no public shelter, availability of any shelter or protection in outlying districts on the open highway.

Drivers and passengers in private cars will assume the alert to be real, leaving their vehicles and seeking shelter as above indicated. For this test, drivers and passengers should not attempt to enter private homes. In the case of public transportation vehicles (street cars, buses and taxis) the driver will instruct passengers as to the action they will take. During this test operators of street cars and drivers of buses and trucks will remain in their vehicles.

In the absence of designated public shelters and for the purpose of this test alert only, passengers in vehicles on the main highway in the outskirts of cities may remain in the vehicles. In the event of an actual air raid however, and where public shelters are not available, passengers should protect themselves by (1) lying on the floor of the vehicle if time does not permit them to leave the vehicles, or (2) lying on the ground adjacent to the vehicle and if possible in or adjacent to a protected location.



DIVISION OF
CIVIL DEFENSE

STATE OF NEW JERSEY
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
TRENTON 7, NEW JERSEY

25 May 1954

STATE HOUSE

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- 2 -

After the all-clear signal sounds, vehicles will resume normal operation.

Drawbridges will continue their normal operations during the test.

AIRCRAFT TRANSPORTATION

Aircraft in flight, both commercial and private, will proceed as scheduled subject of course to ground instructions.

Aircraft on the ground either in the process of being loaded or scheduled for departure shall remain grounded for the duration of the alert and will not be cleared for takeoff until the all-clear has sounded. Aircraft on the airport that have been cleared for takeoff will be permitted to take off.

Personnel on duty at airports and all passengers will take shelter in accordance with Civil Defense policies promulgated by the airport officials.

RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION

Railroads operating in New Jersey have requested that they be allowed to continue their normal scheduled movements of freight and passenger trains, yard switching and watercraft during "Operation Alert."

Due to the fact that New York and Pennsylvania are allowing railroads to maintain their normal schedules, New Jersey will permit railroads within the State to move during this operation. This action is being taken to insure the safety of railroad passengers as well as the required movement of certain freight, particularly perishable goods.

The railroads have agreed to put into effect in case of a real alert the New Jersey railroad plan which was tested during April 1952, and proved highly successful.

Passengers debarking from trains at stations during this exercise will be directed to shelter in the station. Passengers in the station will be allowed to board the trains.

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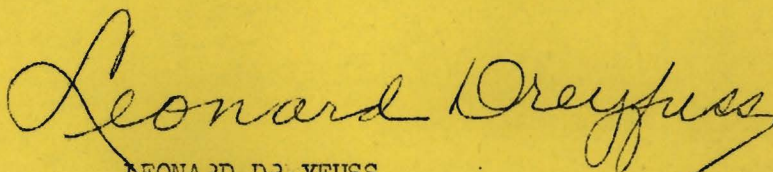
WATER TRANSPORTATION
(Excluding Railroad Operated Marine Equipment)

Vessels not in port at the time of the red alert will proceed to their destination subject to instructions from their home port.

Vessels in port shall remain at the dock until the sounding of the all-clear.

Passengers and crews on board vessels at the time of the red alert will remain on board during this test alert. In a real air raid, however, passengers on board vessels in port will seek shelter in accordance with Civil Defense procedures promulgated by the dock officials.

Personnel on duty at the port and passengers on the dock but not on board vessels will seek shelter in accordance with established Civil Defense policies promulgated by the dock officials.



LEONARD DREYFUSS
STATE DIRECTOR OF
CIVIL DEFENSE AND
DISASTER CONTROL

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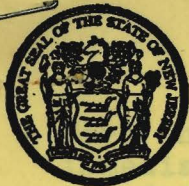
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Edward R. [Signature]

EDWARD R. [Signature]
STATE DIRECTOR OF
CIVIL DEFENSE AND
DISASTER CONTROL

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DIVISION OF
CIVIL DEFENSE

STATE OF NEW JERSEY
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
TRENTON 7, NEW JERSEY

STATE HOUSE

July 12, 1954

DIRECTIVE NO. 33

TO: Civil Defense and Disaster Control Directors, and County and Regional Coordinators

FROM: Leonard Dreyfuss, State Director of Civil Defense and Disaster Control

SUBJECT: Definition of Fire Disaster

In order to clarify the definition of "Disaster" as defined in the New Jersey Civil Defense and Disaster Control Plan, with particular regard to disasters concerned with fire, the procedure to be followed by the Fire Chief and Municipal Disaster Control Director and the County Coordinator, is hereby outlined:

First: If the municipal Fire Chief needs assistance for a local fire, he places into effect the mutual aid plan he normally uses with contiguous municipalities.

Second: Should the fire grow to such proportions that further aid is necessary, the municipal Fire Chief will then request the Fire Coordinator of the county to place into effect the county fire mutual aid plan. At this point, the county fire coordinator should notify the County Disaster Control Coordinator of his action making it clear, however, that there is no need for any other services at that time.

Third: The municipal Fire Chief must notify the municipal Disaster Control Director that the county mutual aid fire plan has been placed in operation, thus forewarning him of the possibility of a major disaster. It is emphasized that this is merely notification, and he is not declaring a disaster or requesting the municipal Civil Defense and Disaster Control Director to declare a disaster.

Fourth: The decision, insofar as a disaster is concerned on a local level when it starts as a fire, should and must remain with the local Fire Chief until such time as the Fire Chief deems it necessary to call for other services outside of the municipality.

Fifth: At this point, the fire becomes a disaster and the Fire Chief must so notify the Municipal Disaster Control Director who immediately will set the Disaster Control Plan into operation by notifying the County Coordinator that assistance is required by welfare, medical, rescue and other services outside the municipality.

PRESCRIBED SEQUENCE OF OPERATIONS

1. Local Fire. (Involving regular local company assignments).
- *2. Contiguous responses. (More established mutual aid plans).
(See footnote)
3. County fire mutual aid plan.
 - a. Notification of County Coordinators
4. Notification to municipal disaster control director by local fire chief.
5. Indicated need for other services.
6. Disaster declaration by the municipal disaster control director at the instigation of the Fire Chief.

*Step No. 2 may be eliminated when deemed advisable by the local Fire Chief.

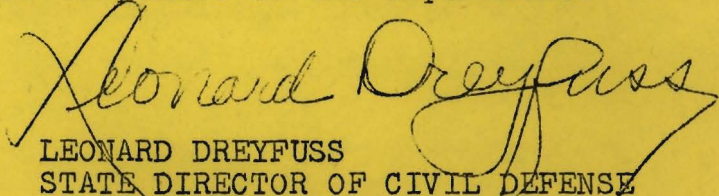
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It must be noted that relative to Operation No. 2, fire departments and fire companies shall not respond to other than contiguous or mutual aid companies without authorization of the county coordinators.

Where a forest fire involves buildings, the State Fire Warden will ask the local Fire Chief for assistance in protecting the buildings. From that point on, the responsibility for evolving mutual aid insofar as the buildings are concerned, rests with the local Fire Chief. The procedure will follow the fire mutual aid plan as outlined above.

Under the law, every fire company must submit an inventory of personnel and equipment and each fire company in the State must participate in the county mutual aid plan.

Each company must submit a plan that consists of a compiled inventory, a narrative description of the operation of the plan, and a map of the county showing the fire companies of the departments involved in the plan.


LEONARD DREYFUSS
STATE DIRECTOR OF CIVIL DEFENSE
AND DISASTER CONTROL

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PRESCRIBED SEQUENCE OF OPERATIONS

1. Local fire (involving regular local company assignments).
2. Continuous responses. (More established mutual aid plans) (See footnote)
3. County fire mutual aid plan.
- a. Notification of County Coordinators
4. Notification to municipal disaster control director by local fire chief.
5. Indicated need for other services.
6. Disaster declaration by the municipal disaster control director at the instigation of the fire chief.


*Step No. 2 may be eliminated when deemed advisable by the local fire chief.

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 LEONARD DREYFUS
 STATE DIRECTOR OF CIVIL DEFENSE
 AND DISASTER CONTROL



DIVISION OF
CIVIL DEFENSE

STATE OF NEW JERSEY
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
TRENTON 7, NEW JERSEY

December 16, 1954

STATE HOUSE

DIRECTIVE NO. 34

(Supersedes Directive No. 27 dated July 21, 1953)

TO: Civil Defense and Disaster Control Directors, and County and Regional Coordinators

FROM: Leonard Dreyfuss, State Director of Civil Defense and Disaster Control

SUBJECT: Crashed Enemy Aircraft and Personnel
(Procedures for Reporting)

1. This Directive sets up standard operating procedures for action by all Civil Defense personnel in New Jersey, in the event that any enemy aircraft is downed within the borders of the State of New Jersey. The 4602d Air Intelligence Service Squadron has been given the mission by the Air Defense Command of exploiting enemy personnel, equipment, and materiel. The 4602d AISS has requested that any questions from press, radio, or TV representatives regarding this program are to be referred to Flight 3-H, 4602d AISS, McGuire Air Force Base, Trenton, N.J., Tel. Raymond 4-2100 Ext. 2108. They in turn will notify the Public Information Officer at State Headquarters.

2. Reporting Procedures: Any information concerning downed enemy aircraft, uniformed enemy crewmen, and/or enemy materiel or documents should be reported immediately to the following agencies:

- A. Nearest Law Enforcement Agency
- B. Local Civil Defense Directors
- C. GOC Post and/or Filter Center
- D. Nearest Military Installation
- E. Flight 3-H, 4602d AISS, McGuire AFB, Trenton, N.J.
Telephone: Raymond 4-2100 Ext. 2108.

3. Local Civil Defense Directors, upon getting information, will report this to the County Control. County Coordinators will notify the State Control which, in turn, will coordinate the reports with the proper Air Force officials.

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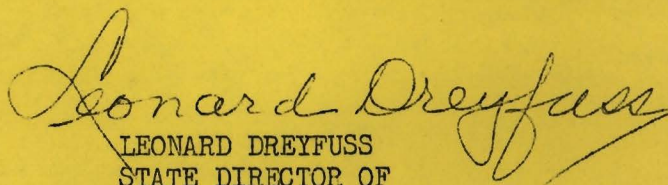
4. The following information is desired:

- A. Location of aircraft, with relation to specific geographic points.
- B. Name, title, phone number, and address of person reporting.
- C. Time and date of crash or sighting of crash.
- D. Type of aircraft, if known, or number of engines.
- E. Condition; i. e., ruined, completely destroyed, etc.
- F. Number of prisoners.
- G. Where they are being held prisoner, exact location.
- H. Highest rank among prisoners if known.
- I. Physical condition of prisoners; i. e., minor wounds, unharmed, seriously injured, etc.

5. Guarding: Place a guard on aircraft and/or equipment to prevent destruction by the enemy or dismemberment by souvenir hunters until relieved by Air, Military, or State Police.

6. Prisoners: Isolate individual prisoners from each other, place them under guard, search them, removing any articles found on their person. Such articles will be turned over to authorized personnel upon their arrival.

7. Local authorities are directed to cooperate fully with Air, Military, or State Police and AISS investigators upon arrival. It is also urged that local Civil Defense Directors bring this Directive to the attention of their Police Services, Coordinators, and local Police Departments.


LEONARD DREYFUSS
STATE DIRECTOR OF
CIVIL DEFENSE AND
DISASTER CONTROL

LD:ml

All these rules +
regulations are to be
delivered to you (per
Bob B.)

This is the first of
the 14 you will receive

Das

Each cabinet member
has been requested to
send them to the Gov.

READ CAREFULLY



OBEY INSTRUCTIONS

OFFICIAL AIR RAID SIGNALS

FLUCTUATING NOTES OF SIREN OR
SHORT BLAST OF FACTORY WHISTLES 3 MINUTES

RED SIGNAL

DANGER IMMEDIATE

DO THIS

KEEP CALM

TAKE COVER AND STAY PUT

THREE STEADY ONE MINUTE BLASTS INTERSPERSED BY
2 MINUTES OF SILENCE

WHITE SIGNAL

ALL CLEAR

DO THIS

**OBEY INSTRUCTIONS
OF CIVIL DEFENSE OFFICIALS**

WHEN YOU HEAR THE RED SIGNAL

GET INTO BASEMENT OR UNDERGROUND SHELTER, IF POSSIBLE.

1. If INSIDE, draw window drapes – close shutters – lie flat – face close to wall or get under bench, desk or table – cover body with blanket or extra clothing – keep calm.
2. If OUTSIDE, try to get under cover – dash into doorway – when no cover available, fall flat on the ground or drop in ditch or gutter – curl up like a ball – try to keep face, hands and legs covered – keep cloth over nose and mouth.
3. Put out open flames and small fires.
4. In bombed area, do not eat, drink or smoke until area is checked for radioactivity.
5. Obey official Civil Defense workers.
6. Guide and help injured to First Aid Stations.
7. If injured, but able to walk, report to nearest First Aid Station.

DO THIS

1. Keep calm – think before you act.
2. Get your car off the street.
3. If your children are at school, stay home – do not 'phone – teachers are trained to care for the children.
4. If your home is destroyed or damaged, consult official Civil Defense workers for food, shelter, clothing, transportation or other needs.

DON'T DO THIS

1. Do not spread or act on rumors.
2. Do not telephone.
3. Do not use your car.
4. Do not drink, eat or smoke in a bombed area until area is checked for radioactivity.

By order of Governor Alfred E. Driscoll – This card is to be placed on the Kitchen wall nearest the dining room or living room door. It must also be displayed prominently in stores, offices, and public places.



Leonard Greyfus

**Civil Defense Director
Department of Defense
State of New Jersey**