"Pupil at risk" means a pupil who is in danger of failure or dropping out of school because of specific cognitive, affective, economic, social and/or health needs. Pupils at risk shall be defined as pupils affected by one or more of the following conditions:

- 1. Failure to acquire the essential skills needed to stay on grade level, or performance below minimum levels of proficiency;
 - 2. History of adjustment or behavioral problems;
- 3. Having been placed on long-term suspension for violation of school policies;
 - 4. Being pregnant or a parent;
 - 5. Being in jeopardy of not graduating;
- 6. Living in conditions of poverty as defined by eligibility for free meals or free milk;
 - 7. History of poor school attendance;
 - 8. Being limited in English language proficiency;
 - Being disaffected as defined in this subchapter;
- 10. Being disruptive as defined in this subchapter; and
- 11. Other characteristics identified by the district board of education which may place pupils at risk.

"Quality assurance annual report" means a report provided by the chief school administrator to the public which includes: implementation of school-level plans, achievement of performance objectives, school profiles, professional development activities, condition of school facilities, status of mandated program reviews and community support data.

"School-level plan" means a two-year plan which is developed by each school, is based on school profile data and includes student performance objectives, progress review by teaching, and administrative staff and parent involvement.

"School profile" means a profile of each school which is compiled annually by the district and which contains statistical information specified by the State Department of Education.

"Statement of assurance" means a document submitted by the chief school administrator to the county superintendent which verifies the development and implementation of the school-level plan, conduct of school-level meetings, written curricula, curriculum articulation and the development and implementation of a substance abuse prevention program.

SUBCHAPTER 2. STATE EDUCATIONAL GOALS AND STANDARDS

6:8-2.1 State educational goals

(a) The following State goals are applicable to all public school districts. It is the Department's intention that:

- 1. All children in New Jersey start school ready to learn.
 - i. Quality preschool opportunities be provided for all children, through collaboration between public schools and community agencies.
 - ii. Parent education programs be designed and implemented by all districts to assist parents in providing readiness experiences for their preschool children.
- 2. The high school graduation rate be at least 90 percent Statewide.
 - i. All districts provide least restrictive, alternative programs for pupils who cannot succeed in the regular high school environment, including those students with disabilities.
 - ii. All districts provide dropout prevention programs for pupils at risk.
- 3. New Jersey pupils leave grades four, eight, and 11 having demonstrated competency in challenging subject matter including reading, writing, mathematics, science, and social studies (civics, history, and geography), health, physical education, and fine, practical and performing arts.
 - i. All districts implement State-approved curriculum content standards and appropriate assessments to enable pupils to succeed and to evaluate their performance.
 - ii. All districts provide staff development opportunities to ensure that teachers are adequately equipped to teach challenging and up-to-date subject matter and to implement effective teaching techniques.
- 4. All pupils learn to use their minds well, so that they may be prepared for responsible citizenship, further learning, and productive employment in our modern economy.
 - i. All districts provide students with experiences in higher level thinking, information processing, the responsibilities of citizenship, and employability skills.
 - ii. All pupils demonstrate competency in the subject areas of health, physical education, fine, practical and performing arts, and career education.
 - iii. All pupils demonstrate respect for racial, cultural, ethnic and religious diversity.
- 5. All pupils increase their achievement levels in science and mathematics to contribute to our country's ability to compete academically with all other countries of the world.
 - i. All districts revise their curriculum offerings in science and mathematics according to State standards as they are developed.
 - ii. All districts provide staff training in the teaching of mathematics and science at grades K-12 to increase

teachers' understanding of and ability to teach these subjects.

- 6. Every adult be literate and possess the knowledge and skills necessary to compete in a global economy and exercise the rights and responsibilities of citizenship.
 - i. Adult education programs be increased, in conjunction with local districts, community colleges and other educational agencies, to provide greater opportunities for adults to continue learning for work skills, leisure pursuits, intellectual and cultural growth and to assist their children in learning.
 - ii. Business and industry be encouraged to collaborate with educational agencies to design and increase access to educational programs for adults, such as flex time, distance learning, and interactive technology.
- 7. Every school in New Jersey be free of drugs and violence and offer a safe, disciplined environment conducive to learning.
 - i. All school districts develop partnerships with parents to establish the responsibilities of each to create and maintain safe and healthy educational environments for all pupils.
 - ii. All districts provide programs and staffing to deal with pupils at risk.
 - iii. All schools and communities expand their cooperative efforts to create drug and violence-free environments.
 - iv. All students develop a positive view of self and learn to use effective interpersonal skills.

Case Notes

School Board may not decline to enroll student constituting possible threat to safety of other students but may impose interim suspension. K.B. v. Board of Education of Greater Egg Harbor Regional High School District, 96 N.J.A.R.2d (EDU) 594.

Board of education was required to provide "appropriate" environment for ten-year old pupil harassed on school bus. Venezia v. Board of Education of Township of Ocean, 92 N.J.A.R.2d (EDU) 370.

Driver education not mandated and may be offered outside of regular school day. Parsippany-Troy Hills Education Assn. v. Bd. of Ed., Parsippany-Troy Hills Twp., Morris Cty., 7 N.J.A.R. 236 (1981), affirmed 188 N.J.Super. 161, 457 A.2d 15 (App.Div.1983), certification denied 94 N.J. 527, 468 A.2d 182 (1983).

Supplemental instruction required under New Jersey law if needed due to demonstrated educational handicaps. Hamilton Twp. Supplemental Teachers Assn. v. Bd. of Ed., Hamilton Twp., Mercer Cty., 2 N.J.A.R. 294 (1979), affirmed 180 N.J.Super. 321 (App.Div.1981), affirmed 90 N.J. 63 (1982).

Findings that certified Title I teachers were improperly compensated, assigned titles as a subterfuge to avoid pay parity and terminated under false rationale to avoid tenure acquisition. Blue v. Bd. of Ed., Jersey City, 2 N.J.A.R. 206 (1980).

6:8-2.2 State educational standards

The State educational standards shall be those set forth in N.J.A.C. 6:8–4.3 through 4.10 which shall be used for the implementation of a thorough and efficient system of free public schools in accordance with N.J.S.A. 18A:7A–1 et seq. and the New Jersey Constitution.

6:8-2.3 Review of State educational goals and standards

- (a) The State Board of Education, after consultation with the Commissioner and review by the Joint Committee on the Public Schools, shall, from time to time, but at least once every five years, review and update the State goals and standards.
- (b) In reviewing and updating these goals and standards, the State Board shall consult with the Commissioner of Labor, the Chancellor of Higher Education, the Commissioner of Health, the Commissioner of Human Services and other State employees and officers as deemed necessary.

SUBCHAPTER 3. REPORTING AND STAFFING OF SCHOOL DISTRICTS

6:8-3.1 Reports

- (a) Each district board of education shall, on forms approved by the Commissioner and at specified times, submit:
 - 1. Demographic data relative to each school;
 - 2. Number and reasons for school dropouts;
 - 3. Results of district and school assessment programs of pupil achievement; and
 - 4. All required annual fiscal reports pursuant to law and rule.

Case Notes

Commissioner's monitoring function under the Public School Education Act to measure and achieve a thorough and efficient education for all public school children, failed to accomplish that goal and operated largely as a self-improvement system. Abbott by Abbott v. Burke, 119 N.J. 287, 575 A.2d 359 (1990).

6:8-3.2 Staffing

- (a) Teaching staff members shall be employed by the district board of education based upon the specific instructional needs of pupils of the district and each school within the district. Pursuant to N.J.A.C. 6:11, the district board of education shall provide certified personnel needed to implement a thorough and efficient system of free public schools.
- (b) Each school shall be assigned the services of a fulltime non-teaching principal to be responsible for administration and supervision of the school.



1. When a full-time non-teaching principal is not assigned to a school, the district board of education, upon advice of the chief school administrator, shall submit to

the Commissioner for approval a plan that ensures adequate supervision of pupils and staff.