

as present or formerly flowed tidelands by the State of New Jersey to public entities or private interests pursuant to N.J.S.A. 12:3-1 et seq. and N.J.S.A. 13:1B-13 et seq. Tidelands instruments include licenses, long-term leases, conveyances (often called grants), and management agreements. These documents are recorded in the office of the clerk of the county or registrar of deeds and mortgages of the county in which the property is located.

“Waterward side of development” means the area of the site located between a tidal water body and a line(s) drawn through point(s) of the footprint of the building closest to the water, and parallel to the water body, which line extends to the property boundaries. (see Appendix A, herein incorporated by reference).

Amended by R.1987 d.217, effective May 18, 1987.
See: 18 N.J.R. 2156(a), 19 N.J.R. 861(b).

Amended Division and Permit; added pesticide.
Amended by R.1994 d.378, effective July 18, 1994.
See: 26 N.J.R. 918(a), 26 N.J.R. 1561(a), 26 N.J.R. 2934(a).
Amended by R.1995 d.550, effective October 16, 1995.
See: 27 N.J.R. 1005(a), 27 N.J.R. 3976(a).
Amended by R.2000 d.428, effective October 16, 2000.
See: 32 N.J.R. 864(a), 32 N.J.R. 3784(b).

Rewrote the section.
Amended by R.2003 d.44, effective January 21, 2003.
See: 34 N.J.R. 2388(a), 35 N.J.R. 418(a).

Added “Property as a whole”.
Amended by R.2003 d.60, effective February 3, 2003.
See: 34 N.J.R. 74(a), 35 N.J.R. 632(a).

In “Dune”, inserted “and all landward dune ridges and mounds” preceding “as well as man-made dunes”.
Amended by R.2006 d.142, effective April 17, 2006.
See: 37 N.J.R. 4108(a), 38 N.J.R. 1657(a).

Added definitions “beach berm” and “charitable conservancy”; updated definition “seasonal or temporary structures related to the tourism industry”.

Amended by R.2007 d.242, effective August 20, 2007.
See: 38 N.J.R. 2907(a), 39 N.J.R. 3517(a).

Added definition “Grace Period”.
Amended by R.2007 d.374, effective December 17, 2007.
See: 38 N.J.R. 4570(a), 39 N.J.R. 5222(a).

Rewrote definition “Coastal Permit”; in the introductory paragraph of definition “Conservation restriction”, inserted “or for public access to tidal waterways and their shores,” and “of the following”; in paragraph 1 of definition “Conservation restriction”, substituted “of” for “or” following “placing”; and added definitions “Public accessway” and “Public Trust Doctrine”.

Law Review and Journal Commentaries

Watch Out for the CAFRA II Rules. Lewis Goldshore and Marsha Wolf, 159 N.J.L.J. 1196 (2000).

7:7-1.4 Standards for evaluating permit applications

(a) All applications for coastal permits (as defined in N.J.A.C. 7:7-1.3), water quality certificates, and Federal consistency determinations shall be approved, conditionally approved or denied pursuant to the Department’s Coastal Zone Management rules, N.J.A.C. 7:7E. In addition, applications for water quality certificates will be reviewed on the basis of other applicable State laws, including the State water quality standards.

(b) The Department shall not issue a permit under CAFRA unless the Department makes the findings required by N.J.S.A. 13:19-10. Such findings shall be made in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:7E-1.5(b).

Amended by R.1987 d.217, effective May 18, 1987.
See: 18 N.J.R. 2156(a), 19 N.J.R. 861(b).

Deleted Policies from text.
Amended by R.1994 d.378, effective July 18, 1994.
See: 26 N.J.R. 918(a), 26 N.J.R. 1561(a), 26 N.J.R. 2934(a).
Amended by R.2001 d.81, effective March 5, 2001.
See: 32 N.J.R. 352(a), 32 N.J.R. 682(a), 33 N.J.R. 843(a).

Added designation to first paragraph and added (b).
Amended by R.2004 d.43, effective January 20, 2004.
See: 35 N.J.R. 2801(a), 36 N.J.R. 442(a).

In (a), substituted “Coastal Zone Management rules” for “Rules on Coastal Zone Management”; rewrote (b).

Law Review and Journal Commentaries

Watch Out for the CAFRA II Rules. Lewis Goldshore and Marsha Wolf, 159 N.J.L.J. 1196 (2000).

Case Notes

Implementing rules propounded by Department of Environmental Protection (DEP), with respect to Coastal Area Facility Review Act (CAFRA), did not incorporate, expressly or impliedly, requirement that DEP make specific findings required by statute. In the Matter of the Protest of Coastal Permit Program Rules, 807 A.2d 198, 354 N.J.Super. 293.

Conditional approval of construction permit for large scale development, permitting no construction until statutory standards satisfied, improper as not authorized by enabling legislation and as being a decision deficient in essential findings (citing former N.J.A.C. 7:7D-2.3). Crema v. Dept. of Environmental Protection, 182 N.J.Super. 445, 442 A.2d 630 (App.Div.1982), affirmed as modified 94 N.J. 286, 463 A.2d 910 (1983).

Application for waterfront development permit; failure to comply with rules for coastal zone management. Haldone v. DEPE, 94 N.J.A.R.2d (EPE) 2.

7:7-1.5 Permits and permit conditions

(a) No person shall undertake or cause, suffer, allow or permit any regulated activity without a permit issued by the Department in accordance with this chapter.

1. Potential applicants may request a written jurisdictional determination from the Department to determine the applicability of the Coastal Area Facility Review Act (CAFRA), N.J.S.A. 13:19-1 et seq., the Wetlands Act of 1970, N.J.S.A. 13:9A-1 et seq., and the Waterfront Development Law, N.J.S.A. 12:5-3 et seq., to a proposed project. A jurisdictional determination is optional. If a potential applicant is unsure whether a particular activity is regulated, the Department encourages the potential applicant to obtain a written jurisdictional determination prior to commencing work since unauthorized regulated activities may result in substantial fines or other penalties.

2. An application for a jurisdictional determination shall contain the following:

i. A completed jurisdictional determination/preapplication request form including a written description of

the site and the proposed development including the dimensions, number, and uses of proposed structures; the length of proposed linear development; and the number of parking spaces proposed;

ii. A copy of the site plan or survey for the proposed project; and

iii. A copy of a USGS quad map or local street map with the project site clearly outlined.

(b) The following conditions shall apply to all coastal permits. The permittee or responsible party, such as, the site operator or contractor, shall comply with all conditions, requirements, and limitations of any coastal permit issued pursuant to this chapter. Failure to comply with any permit, condition, or approved plan shall constitute a violation and shall subject the permittee or responsible party to enforcement action pursuant to this chapter.

1. A permittee shall notify the Department in writing, at least three working days prior to the beginning of construction on the site or site preparation.

2. A permittee shall notify the Department in writing within five working days prior to commencement of operation of a CAFRA development. At this time, the permittee shall also certify that all conditions of the permit that must be met prior to operation of the development have been met.

3. The issuance of a permit shall in no way expose the State of New Jersey or the Department to liability for the sufficiency or correctness of the design of any construction, structure or structures. Neither the State nor the Department shall, in any way, be liable for the loss of life or property which may occur by virtue of the activity or development resulting from any permit.

4. A permittee shall allow the authorized representatives of the Department free access to the site at all times when construction activity is taking place, and at other times upon notice to the permittee. The permittee shall provide free of charge to the Department all of its equipment reasonably necessary for inspection of the site.

5. No change in plans or specifications upon which a permit is issued shall be made except with the prior written permission of the Department, in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:7-4.10.

6. The notice of authorization shall be posted prominently at the site during construction and a copy of the permit and approved plans shall be kept on the construction site and shall be exhibited upon request to any person.

7. The permittee shall immediately inform the Department of any unanticipated adverse effects on the environment not described in the application or in the conditions of the permit. The Department may, upon discovery of such unanticipated adverse effects, and upon the failure of the permittee to submit a report thereon, notify the permittee of

its intent to suspend the permit, pursuant to N.J.A.C. 7:7-4.11.

8. Plans and specifications in the application and conditions imposed by a permit shall remain in full force and effect so long as the proposed development or any portion thereof is in existence, unless modified pursuant to N.J.A.C. 7:7-4.10.

9. If any condition or a permit is determined to be legally unenforceable, modifications and additional conditions may be imposed by the Department as necessary to protect the public interest.

10. A permit is subject to suspension or revocation for violations of its terms and conditions. A permittee shall, upon receipt of a notice of suspension or revocation, comply with the terms of such notice and shall, if required, cease such construction.

11. The Department may issue a modified permit in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:7-4.10.

12. If a permit condition requires the dedication of land to a political subdivision for open space and/or recreational or other uses, the permittee shall, within 45 days of the political subdivision's decision whether or not to accept the land, furnish proof to the Department of the political subdivision's decision with respect to such dedication, or the permit may be revoked as provided in N.J.A.C. 7:7-4.11.

13. In the event of rental, lease, sale or other conveyance of the site by the permittee, the permit shall be continued in force and shall apply to the new tenant, lessee, owner or assignee so long as there is no change in the site, proposed construction or proposed use of the development, as described in the original application. No such change shall be implemented unless an application for a permit modification is filed pursuant to N.J.A.C. 7:7-4.10.

14. If a permit contains a condition that must be satisfied prior to the commencement of construction, the permittee must comply with such condition(s) within the time required by the permit or, if no time specific requirement is imposed, then within six months of the effective date of the permit, or provide evidence satisfactory to the Department that such condition(s) cannot be satisfied.

15. If required by the Department as a permit condition, the permit shall be filed with the clerk of the county court in which the project site is located as notice to prospective purchasers.

16. A permittee shall employ appropriate measures to minimize noise where necessary during construction, as specified in N.J.S.A. 13:1G-1 et seq. and N.J.A.C. 7:29 (Noise control).

17. Development which requires soil disturbance, the creation of drainage structures, or changes in natural contours shall conduct operations in accordance with the latest revised version of "Standards for Soil Erosion Sediment