

NEW-JERSEY GAZETTE.

MONDAY, APRIL 24, 1786.

TRENTON: Printed by ISAAC COLLINS, Printer to the State.

The famous full-blooded horse
TRAVELLER,
FROM MARYLAND,

STANDS at the stable of the subscriber, to cover the ensuing season at fifty shillings. Traveller is a dark bay, a star, one hind foot white, full fifteen hands and three inches high, and is allowed by competent judges to be remarkably gay, active and beautiful, and in point of blood incontestible: he was got by colonel Lloyd's imported horse Traveller, out of that matchless running mare Nancy Bywell, which beat Delancey's famous running horse Lath at Warrick in Maryland with the utmost ease. Traveller is a pure foal getter, and his colts are uncommonly stout and active. Good pasture will be provided for mares that come a distance, and due attention paid them by
EZEKIEL SMITH.
Stony-Brook, near Princeton, April 13, 1786. 4w*

The noted full-blooded horse
GRANBY,

WILL cover at the stable of the subscriber, one mile and three-quarters from Boundbrook-Town, in Middlesex county, Piscataway township, and state of New-Jersey, at three pounds the season, and four dollars the single leap; all those that pay the money when they put their mares will have an abatement, and those who do not pay till fall, notes will be expected.

GRANBY covered a great number of mares last season, and there are none that we know of that have missed being with foal, but if any such there should be, that was put by the season, they are welcome to fetch them one leap gratis this season. Granby is in excellent order for covering, and as he is so well known for the fine strain of horses that has been raised from him, there will be no need to trouble the reader with his pedigree. Good pasture will be provided at two shillings and six-pence a week, and proper attendance given by

ABRAHAM FREEMAN.

April 10, 1786.

4w

K O U L I - K H A N

WILL cover mares at the stable of the subscriber, in Cranberry, Middlesex county, at seven dollars the season, lawful money of this state, to be paid the first day of December next ensuing.

KOULI-KHAN is full fifteen hands one inch high; a beautiful dark bay with a star; is allowed, by competent judges, to move equally gay, lofty and fine, to any other full bred horse in the state: he was bred by Mr. Jacob Hiltzheimer, in Philadelphia; and was got by Bajazet; his sire was Mr. Welstenholmes's Tanner; his dam by Bajazet; his grandam by Abraham; his great grandam by Sedbury; and great great grandam by Childers, which was called Lord Portmos's Ebony. Kouli-Khan's dam was Mr. Hiltzheimer's Molly Pacolet; grandam by Old Spark; great grandam was called Queen Mab; and her great great grandam Miss Caldwell. Kouli-Khan's colts much recommend him, as they are now three and four years old, and generally of good size. Pasture is to be had near the stand at two shillings a week, and good attendance given by

RICHARD HANDLEY,
RALPH PHILLIPS.

N. B. If the money is punctually paid at the time due, there will be a deduction of one dollar.
Cranberry, April 12, 1786. 3w*

WILL BE SOLD,

ON the eighth day of next month, in the city of Burlington, a plantation, situate in the county of Hunterdon, and township of Amwell, containing three hundred and twenty-six acres, one hundred and forty or thereabouts cleared, the remainder well timbered, with a log house and barn thereon; likewise a young orchard of apple trees: now in the tenure of Henry Cafe, bounded by lands late of Samuel Scattergood, Robert Pearson, Isaac De Cow and colonel Cox. The purchaser paying one-third of the money in six months, shall have a deed on giving security for the remainder. Further conditions of sale will be made known and attendance given by

SAMUEL WETHERILL,
EDWARD BROOKS, jun.

Burlington, 4th month 14, 1786.

3w*

A number of JOCELIN'S
SINGING-BROOKS

To be had at the Printing-Office in Trenton.

To be Sold or Rented,
POINT-BREEZE,

NEAR Bordentown, containing about one hundred and fifty acres, twelve acres of meadow cleared, and about twice that quantity may be made, the rest of the land wood and arable, about one half of each. There are on the premises a good frame house, barn, stable, cowhouse, carriage and milkhouse, &c. also a young orchard of the best grafted fruit, containing between two and three hundred apple trees, and a good collection of fruit now in their prime for bearing, such as pears, peaches, plumbs, cherries, apricots, nectarins, almonds, gooseberries, raspberries, strawberries and currants of sundry sorts. White, purple, foreign and country grapes. A large garden pailed in, with a good collection of flowers and kitchen roots. The place is well calculated for a gentleman's country residence, from its extensive prospect and healthy situation, on the river Delaware, within four or five miles of the place allotted for building the federal town. The stage from Bordentown to New-York and Philadelphia go twice a week within half a mile of it, by which any thing can be brought from either place at a cheap rate. There is plenty of good sport for the lovers of gunning and angling on and near the premises. Time will be given if required for the greatest part of the purchase-money; and if not sold by the first of May next, it will be rented for one year.

Also a small house and one acre of ground adjoining the above place, with about twenty or thirty apple and other fruit trees on it, on the main road leading from Bordentown to Trenton.

Likewise a house and lot of one acre in King's-Town, on the road to New-York, between Princeton and New-Brunswick. The house has four rooms on a floor besides the kitchen, and has formerly been kept as a tavern. Apply to colonel Hoagland at Bordentown for the two first described places, and to Abraham Cruizer, esq. near King's-Town for the house and lot there, or to the subscriber at New-York.

GEORGE DOUGLASS.

March 6, 1786.

5w

Mill-Stones & Boulting Cloths

FOR SALE, By

ROBERT LEWIS & SONS,

At their STORES, on the fourth wharf below the draw-bridge, and next to Levi Hollingworth's,

FRENCH BURS of various sizes and dimensions, with directions (if required) for laying out the quarters, and dressing them to the best advantage.

COLOGNE STONES; several odd ones of different sizes.

COUNTRY made ditto, of all sizes commonly used, or that may be ordered, of the best grit for merchants or country work, or to grind with a French bur, ever yet experienced in this state.

Boulting Cloths, warranted good:

A very extensive and complete assortment, just imported from the manufactories, suitable to every branch of the boulting business, and to be disposed of at the former low rates, at the stores above-mentioned, or in Spruce-street, three doors from Third-street.

MILLERS and others may be furnished with cloths of superior quality and texture to any we have known imported into America, some of which are much finer than usual.—Those who are unacquainted with this very difficult article, may depend on being furnished with such cloths as will certainly answer their purposes (without the trouble and expence of returning them) provided they will attend to the directions which will be given for affixing them in the most advantageous manner to perform the work intended, according to the different qualities of wheat, and modes of manufacturing grain in the various parts of the United States.

A MILLER wanted on Hire.

An honest, industrious man (without a family) who understands his business well, and is capable of acting as foreman, in a mill which is fully employed on merchants work, ten miles distant from Philadelphia, where he will have three or four hands under him; he must take upon himself all the care of the business in the absence of his employer; and should therefore be capable of making entries in a common day book, as well as receiving and paying small sums of money. He must produce unquestionable recommendations of his honesty, industry and sobriety; without which no application need be made. For further particulars apply as above to ROBERT LEWIS and SONS, or ROBERT LEWIS, jun. at Pennypack-Mills, near the ten mile stone, on the Bristol road.

Philadelphia, Feb. 28; 1786.

8w

Votes and proceedings of the tenth general
assembly of the state of New-Jersey.

BEING THE SECOND SITTING.

(Continued from our last.)

A MESSAGE from his excellency the governor was laid before the house by the speaker, accompanied with,
1. A letter from the commissioner for settling the accounts of this state with the United States, of the 25th of February last, requesting that the time to which he is limited may be extended for three months.

2. A letter from secretary Thomson of the 28th February last, on the subject of the act of Congress of the 7th June last, recommending to the several states to make provision for officers, soldiers and seamen, who have been disabled in the service of the United States, with a copy of the said act.

3. A letter from secretary Thomson of the 3d instant, respecting the representation in Congress. And,
4. A state of such representation for the month of February last.

Which message and papers were severally read:
Ordered, That the first-mentioned paper be by the speaker delivered to his excellency, and that he be requested to apply to Congress to get the time prolonged agreeably to the contents of the said letter; and that the other three do lie on the table.

The house adjourned till to-morrow morning nine of the clock.

Tuesday, March 7, 1786.

The house met.

The engrossed bill, intitled, 'an act for altering the place of holding the inferior court of common-pleas and courts of general quarter sessions of the peace in and for the county of Bergen,' was read and compared;

Resolved unanimously, That the same do pass.

Ordered, That the speaker do sign the same.

Ordered, That Mr. Cooper do carry the said bill to council for concurrence.

Mr. Cooper, agreeably to leave given, and in behalf of the petitioners, presented the draught of a bill, intitled, 'an act to enable the owners and possessors of the meadow and swamp lying on the west side of South river, in the county of Gloucester, to finish, keep up and maintain the dam, bank and other waterworks, to keep the watercourse thereof open and clear;' which bill was read, and ordered a second reading.

The speaker laid before the house a memorial from John Beatty and William Shute, praying that provision may be made by the state for paying the interest on notes given by Jonathan Burrell, which was read, and ordered a second reading.

Mr. A. Clark, agreeably to leave given, and in behalf of the petitioners, presented the draught of a bill, intitled, 'an act empowering the trustees of the Presbyterian church in New-Brunswick, and the trustees of the first Presbyterian church at Elizabeth-Town, to erect a lottery for the purposes therein contained;' which bill was read, and ordered a second reading.

Mr. Cooper reported, that he had obeyed the order of the house.

The bill, intitled, 'an act for raising a revenue from certain stages, ferries and taverns, within the state of New-Jersey,' was read a second time, and committed to Messrs. A. Clark, Schuurman, Sheppard, Nicoll, Cooper, Biddle and Lambert.

The petition from Derick Vreeland, of the county of Bergen, read the first instant, was read a second time, and ordered to be dismissed.

The petition from sundry inhabitants of the county of Bergen, read on the 16th ultimo, was read a second time, and ordered to be dismissed.

The bill, intitled, 'an act to vacate all roads leading to Bergen Point in the county of Bergen, and to provide for the laying out and establishment of a new road or roads to the said point,' was read a second time:

An amendment was moved to the title of the said bill to read as follows:

'An act to repeal an act, intitled, an act to make void a certain road or highway in the county of Bergen, herein after mentioned, and also to authorize the overseers of the highways to stop or alter the road along Newark Bay in said county; and, sundry other amendments having been made,

Ordered, That the said bill be engrossed.

A petition from the legatees, named in the last will and testament of James Sexton, setting forth, that there is but two subscribing witnesses to the said will, by which means they are deprived of an opportunity of carrying into effect the said testament and last will, and praying that a law may pass to confirm and establish the said will, was read, and ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. A. Clark, with leave, presented the draught of

a bill, intituled, 'an act for incorporating certain persons as trustees in every religious society or congregation in this state, for transacting the temporal concerns thereof; which bill was read, and ordered a second reading.

The petition from captain Abraham Johnston, read the 3d instant, was read a second time, and ordered to be dismissed.

The engrossed bill, intituled 'an act to repeal an act, intituled, an act to make void a certain road or highway in the county of Bergen, herein after mentioned, and also to authorize the surveyors of the highways to stop or alter the road along Newark Bay in said county,' was read and compared; on the question, whether the said bill do pass? It was carried in the affirmative, as follows:

Yeas. Messrs. Terhune, Blauvelt, Nicoll, Garritse, Combs, Schuurman, Bonney, Blair, Kelley, R. S. Smith, Cooper, T. Clark, Davis, Sinnickson, Baker, Swain, Whilden, Lambert, Houghton, Cook, Starke, Arnold, Sheppard, Hankinson, Beardlee, Longstreet.

Nays. Messrs. Bunn, Hall, Burgin, Bowen.

Ordered, That the speaker do sign the same.

Ordered, That Mr. T. Clark do carry the said bill to council for concurrence.

The house adjourned to three o'clock, P. M.
The house met.

A message from his excellency the governor by Mr. secretary Reed, accompanied with an act of Congress of the 3d instant, relative to commerce, and giving an account of the several states that have passed laws in pursuance of the recommendation of Congress of the 30th of April 1784; which message, and the paper accompanying the same, were read, and ordered a second reading.

A petition from the members of the first Presbyterian congregation at Freehold, in the county of Monmouth, praying that they may have leave to present a bill for incorporating the said society, was read, and ordered a second reading.

A petition from sundry inhabitants of the county of Gloucester, praying, for reasons therein contained, that a law may not pass to authorize the erecting a bridge over Mantua Creek at Smith's landing, was read, and ordered a second reading.

A petition from Abraham Hewlings, president of the board of West-Jersey proprietors, praying, for reasons therein contained, that the bill before the house, intituled, 'an act for quieting the titles of sundry persons therein described,' may not pass, and that they may be heard by their council to shew the impropriety of passing the same, was read, and ordered a second reading.

A petition from sundry inhabitants of the city of Burlington, praying that the charter of incorporation, granted to the city of Burlington, may by law be abolished, was read; a petition was also presented from the recorder, aldermen and commonalty of the city of Burlington, in common council assembled, praying, for reasons therein contained, that their charter may not be abolished, which was also read, and the said petitions were ordered a second reading.

Mr. Biddle, from the committee to whom was committed the bill, intituled, 'an act to erect and establish courts for the trial of small causes in the state of New-Jersey, and to repeal all former laws for that purpose,' reported the same with sundry amendments; on the question, whether the house agree to the title of the said bill? It was carried in the negative, as follows:

Nays. Messrs. Terhune, Blauvelt, Nicoll, Garritse, Marsh, Schuurman, R. S. Smith, J. Smith, T. Clark, Sinnickson, Hall, Baker, Swain, Whilden, Starke, Sheppard, Beardlee, Longstreet, Speaker.

Yeas. Messrs. A. Clark, Combs, Bonney, Walton, Stillwell, Bunn, Blair, Kelley, Biddle, Cooper, Davis, Lambert, Houghton, Cook, Arnold, Burgin, Bowen, Hankinson.

Whereupon,

Ordered, That the said bill do lie on the table.

A message from the council by Mr. M. Ogden.

Council-chamber, March 7, 1786.

Ordered,

THAT Mr. M. Ogden do carry to the house of assembly the bill, intituled, 'an act to oblige the regimental agents of the troops of this state to deposit in the treasury the certificates remaining in their hands, and for making compensation for their services,' with the amendments made thereto by this house, and request their concurrence in the said amendments.

Which bill, with the amendments, was read, and ordered a second reading.

Mr. T. Clark reported, that he had obeyed the order of the house.

A message from the council by Mr. Randolph.

Council-chamber, March 7, 1786.

Ordered,

THAT Mr. Randolph do carry to the house of assembly the bill, intituled, 'a supplement to an act, intituled, an act for the constituting and appointing of trustees to execute and fulfil the purposes of the last wills and testaments of Henry Cuyler the elder, and Henry Cuyler the younger, deceased,' and request their concurrence therein; and also acquaint them that the bill, intituled, 'an act to provide for officers, soldiers or seamen, who have been disabled in the service of the United States,' is passed by this house without amendment.

Which first mentioned bill was read, and ordered a second reading.

The bill, intituled, 'a supplement to the act, intituled, an act for regulating and shortening the proceedings of the courts of law,' was read a second time; on the question, whether the house agree to the first section? It was carried in the affirmative, as follows:

Yeas. Messrs. Garritse, A. Clark, Marsh, Combs, Bonney, Stillwell, Bunn, Blair, Kelley, Biddle, Cooper, Davis, Baker, Lambert, Houghton, Cook, Starke,

Arnold, Burgin, Bowen, Hankinson, Beardlee, Longstreet.

Nays. Messrs. Terhune, Blauvelt, Nicoll, Schuurman, Walton, R. S. Smith, J. Smith, T. Clark, Sinnickson, Hall, Swain, Whilden, Sheppard.

Ordered, That the further consideration of the said bill be postponed.

The house adjourned till to-morrow morning nine of the clock.

Wednesday, March 8, 1786.

The house met.

Mr. Sinnickson, agreeably to leave given at the last sitting, presented the draught of a bill, intituled, 'an act to enable the inhabitants of the township of Mannington, in the county of Salem, to raise the causeway, leading from Salem bridge into the said township, above the flow of the tide, to repair their highways by hire, and to raise money for those purposes;' which bill was read, and ordered a second reading.

The bill, intituled, 'an act to oblige the regimental agents of the troops of this state to deposit in the treasury the certificates remaining in their hands, and for making compensation for their services,' with the amendment made thereto by council, was read a second time;

Resolved, That the house do adhere to their bill.

Ordered, That Mr. Davis do carry the said bill to the council, and acquaint them therewith.

The bill, intituled, 'a supplement to an act, intituled, an act for the constituting and appointing of trustees to execute and fulfil the purposes of the last wills and testaments of Henry Cuyler the elder, and Henry Cuyler the younger, deceased,' was read a second time, and ordered a third reading.

The house resumed the consideration of the bill, intituled, 'a supplement to the act, intituled, an act for regulating and shortening the proceedings in the courts of law;' and, after having gone through the said bill by paragraphs,

Ordered, That the said bill be engrossed.

(To be continued.)

STATE OF NEW-JERSEY.

An act to prevent the importation of slaves into the state of New-Jersey, and to authorize the manumission of them under certain restrictions, and to prevent the abuse of slaves.

WHEREAS the principles of justice and humanity require, that the barbarous custom of bringing the unoffending Africans from their native country and connections into a state of slavery ought to be discountenanced, and as soon as possible prevented; and sound policy also requires, in order to afford ample support to such of the community as depend upon their labour for their daily subsistence, that the importation of slaves into this state from any other state or country whatsoever, ought to be prohibited under certain restrictions; and that such as are under servitude in the state ought to be protected by law from those exercises of wanton cruelty too often practised upon them; and that every unnecessary obstruction in the way of freeing slaves should be removed; therefore,

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the council and general assembly of this state, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, that, from and after the publication of this act, it shall not be lawful for any person or persons whatsoever to bring into this state, either for sale or for servitude, any Negro slave brought from Africa since the year seventeenth hundred and seventy-six; and every person offending by bringing into this state any such Negro slave shall, for each slave, forfeit and pay the sum of fifty pounds, to be sued for and recovered with costs by the collector of the township into which such slave shall be brought, to be applied when recovered to the use of the state.

2. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, that if any person shall either bring or procure to be brought into this state, any Negro or Mulatto slave, who shall not have been born in or brought from Africa since the year above-mentioned, and either sell or buy, or cause such Negro or Mulatto slave to be sold, or to remain in this state, for the space of six months, every such person, so bringing or procuring to be brought or selling or purchasing such slave, not born in or brought from Africa since the year aforesaid, shall, for every such slave, forfeit and pay the sum of twenty pounds, to be sued for and recovered with costs by the collector of the township into which such slave shall be brought or remain after the time limited for that purpose, the forfeiture to be applied to the use of the state as aforesaid.

3. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, that nothing in this act contained shall be construed to prevent any person who shall remove into the state, to take a settled residence here, from bringing all his or her slaves without incurring the penalties aforesaid, excepting such slave as shall have been brought from Africa since the year first above-mentioned, or to prevent any foreigners or others having only a temporary residence in this state, for the purpose of transacting any particular business, or on their travels, from bringing and employing such slaves as servants, during the time of his or her stay here, provided such slave shall not be sold or disposed of in this state.

4. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, that all the forfeitures which may be recovered as aforesaid shall, by the collector recovering the same, be paid into the treasury; and if any collector shall be put to any necessary expence in prosecuting as aforesaid, he shall be credited for the same out of the public money in his hands; and in case any collector shall neglect or refuse to prosecute to effect, for any fine or forfeiture incurred as aforesaid, he shall, for every such neglect or refusal, forfeit and pay the sum which he ought to have recovered, which, together with the

sums recovered by any collector upon non-payment thereof, shall be sued for and recovered with costs, by the treasurer of this state for the time being, to be applied to the use of the state.

5. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, that it shall and may be lawful for any owner, master or mistress of any Negro or Mulatto slave, to manumit and set free such slave by executing a writing under hand and seal, certifying such manumission, and also obtaining a certificate, signed by two of the overseers of the poor of the township, and any two justices of the peace of the county wherein the said master or mistress may reside, in the words or to the effect following:

County, /s/

We do hereby certify, that on this day of in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and A B of the township of in the said county of brought before us, two of the overseers of the poor of said township, and two of the justices of the peace of said county, his or her slave, named who on view and examination appears to us to be found in mind, and not under any bodily incapacity of obtaining a support, and also is not under twenty-one years of age, nor above thirty-five: In witness whereof we have hereunto set our hands the day of one thousand seven hundred and

And recording such certificates in the clerk's office of the county in which the said master or mistress shall then reside, provided such slave shall not, when set free, be under the age of twenty-one years, nor exceed the age of thirty-five years, the master or mistress, giving the freedom in such case, shall forever thereafter be exonerated and acquitted from all costs and charges which may arise for the support of the slave so manumitted, excepting their proportion of any tax that hereafter may be assessed for the support of the said slave.

6. And be it further enacted, that the legal settlement of every slave, manumitted as aforesaid, that shall or may be likely to become a public charge, shall, and the same is hereby declared in all cases whatsoever to be in that township in this state where the master or mistress manumitting such slave may have a legal settlement at the time of such manumission; and that no possession, duty or employment of, or taxes paid by, a manumitted slave, shall procure a settlement otherwise than herein above-mentioned, any law, usage or custom to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

7. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, that if any slave, which hath been or shall be manumitted or set free, shall hereafter be convicted of felony, or any other crime or offence in this state above the degree of petit larceny, and shall not be condemned to suffer death for the same, or shall be convicted of having more than twice been guilty of petit larceny or other offence equally criminal and injurious to the community, the court before whom such conviction in either case above-mentioned may be had, shall give judgment against the offender, that, within one month after being released from confinement, he or she shall remove out of the state, and remain in exile out of the same during life, or for such a term of years as the court shall judge adequate to the crime or offence; and if any such offender shall be found in the state after the time fixed for removing out of the same, and before the expiration of the time limited for his or her continuance in exile, every such offender, so found in the state, shall be immediately taken up and secured by the sheriff of the county in which such exiled offender shall be found, which offender the said sheriff shall sell at public auction for the term remaining of his or her banishment, whether the same shall be for life or for a limited term, and every offender sold by the sheriff as herein directed shall remain the property of the purchaser, or his assigns during the term such sale by this act is authorized to be made; and all the money arising by any sale made as aforesaid the sheriff making the same shall be accountable for, and pay to the treasurer of this state for the time being, for the use of the state, after deducting five per cent therefrom for the trouble and expence of such sale.

8. And be it further enacted, that it shall and may be lawful for the grand-jury of any county in this state to indict any person for inhumanly treating and abusing his or her slave; and if, upon the prosecution of any such indictment, the said master or mistress shall be convicted of the offence, the court before whom such conviction shall be had may impose such fine for the offence as in their discretion they shall deem proper, not exceeding five pounds for the first, and ten pounds for the second offence; which fine, when recovered, shall be paid to the overseer of the poor for the use of the township in which the said master or mistress shall reside.

9. And be it further enacted, that no Negro or Mulatto manumitted and set free in any other state shall be permitted to travel or reside in this state; and if any inhabitant of this state shall harbour, conceal or employ any Negro or Mulatto, set free in any other state, and coming into this state, or suffer any such Negro or Mulatto to live on his or her land, or in his or her house or other tenement for one week, every person so offending shall forfeit and pay the sum of five pounds for every week he or she shall harbour, conceal, employ or furnish such Negro or Mulatto with house or land as aforesaid, to be recovered with costs by and to the use of any person who will sue for the same; and that no Negro or Mulatto manumitted in this state, shall be permitted to travel or remain in any county or township in this state other than in the county or township in which such slave was set free, without a certificate from two justices of the peace of the county in which the manumission was effected, certifying that such Negro or Mulatto was set free in such a township in the county, counter-

signed by the clerk of the county under the seal of the court.

Passed at Trenton, March 2, 1786.

American Intelligence.

MIDDLE TOWN, April 10.

A COLLEGE is established in Kentucky by act of their assembly, on the most liberal principles. It is called the Transylvania Seminary, and already endowed with about ten thousand acres of the first land in that country. The Presbyterian and Baptist denominations are at present the most numerous sects of religion there; and their churches, it is said, are supplied with pious, animated and rational pastors.

NEW-YORK, April 7.

Extract of a letter from Charleston, March 21.

"It is the sentiment of many that the letter (published in this paper some time ago) prognosticating all the horrors of an Indian war for the next spring, and said to be written by an officer at Muskingum, has not its origin quite so westerly, but was fabricated in some of our cities of refinement (perhaps New-York) for the purpose of more easily making a valuable appropriation of an extensive tract of land in the kindest climate, and of the most luxuriant soil in the universe.

"The policy is well adapted to the design, for the terror of savages would deter the people of this country even from Paradise; and while the imposition continues, there will be no competition with the present petitioners for ten thousand square miles: but, for the information of all whom it may concern, the writer pledges himself that the Indians appeared very friendly in the last autumn to our surveyors beyond the Ohio; and that though they did not then accomplish their mission, yet it will probably be effected early in the spring, and the lands laid out in townships, &c. agreeably to the ordinance of the honourable the Congress.

"It was late in September before Mr. Hutchins and surveyors arrived at Fort Pitt, and the Indian chiefs being at that time called to a grand council on the waters of the Miami, could not attend him in this important business; but of their pacific disposition the subjoined address is at least a very strong presumptive evidence."

Upper St. Dusky, October 5, 1785.

"Captain Hutchins and brothers that sit at the Thirteen Fires.—listen to us, the Delawares and Wyandots. We are much obliged to you for the message you send us, to let us know that you want to survey the lands on this side the Ohio river. We are always glad to hear from you, but at this time we cannot meet you at the place you mention. The reason is, that a few days ago we received a message from you, letting us know that you are about to kindle a council fire at the mouth of the big Miami river; and desiring that we should meet your commissioners there. So, brothers, we think you had best wait until we finish one piece of work before we begin another, for we cannot do two pieces of work at one time. When we finish one piece of work, then we will begin another."

Advice received in the West-Indies from Spain, mention that his Catholic majesty hath lately obtained four bulls from the pope, viz. one granting permission to eat meat during lent, for six years; one for a general reform of the religious orders in his dominions, including the Franciscans; one granting to his majesty all monies arising from the church rents, during the interval between the demise of an incumbent and the successor entering into possession; and one for granting a renewal and continuation of the Crusado bill.

April 11. Letters from Kingston, in Jamaica, received in Philadelphia, advise that twenty-two sail of American and British vessels have been seized there within a few weeks, all of them being concerned in an illicit trade, or some other breaches of their laws of trade.

Other letters that arrived here last week, in strong terms, enforce the danger of sending the produce of America to the West-Indies in any other than British bottoms, navigated according to law.

The Mediterranean trade shut to America by the depredations of Barbary corsairs—the French and British West-Indian islands refusing admittance to American vessels but in a very limited way—to what quarter of the world can she export her wheat, corn and lumber—to whom and where can her citizens look for some participation of the commerce of the world—Alas not to Congress! for they have not the power to enforce any commercial treaty they may make, however advantageous to the United States—the nations of Europe too well know this, and profit by the distracted state of our councils. The union of the thirteen states is much too weak, even to combat the machinations of any petty prince, however contemptible, who shall choose to insult the American flag.—All and every of these reasons, point out

very clearly that Congress must have more power, and the means of using it—either they must have the national impost, or some other productive funds, the former is best, as having been long canvassed and very generally approved: delay is dangerous to the trade of America.

April 13. We hear from Boston, that his excellency James Bowdoin, esquire, and the hon. Thomas Cushing, esquire, were almost unanimously chosen for governor and lieutenant-governor of the commonwealth, in that town, on Monday the 4th, being their annual election—also, that the hon. Benjamin Goodhue, Caleb Davis, Tristram Dalton and John-Coffin Jones, esquires, are appointed, by the general court, commissioners to meet those that may be appointed by the other states in the union, for the purpose of taking into consideration, the commerce of the states, &c.

By the Jamaica papers of March 1st, we are informed of the arrival there of the January British packet, in forty-one days. The captain of this vessel relates some melancholy particulars of the devastation made by a tremendous storm in the last of January and first of February; Plymouth presented a scene of wrecked vessels and broken quays, with boats floating upon the parade; twenty-two vessels entirely lost, or rendered useless; number of small craft destroyed innumerable; numbers wrecked at Pool, Isle of Wight, Dover, Granville, and all along the coast to New-Castle: the havoc made is beyond estimation. What of cold, deep snows, and sudden thaws, the country of England has been greatly distressed; some freezing to death, others smothered with snow, and the third class drowned by inundations.

PHILADELPHIA, April 15.

Extract of a letter from Boston, dated April 3.

"The town is warned to meet this day at nine o'clock, A. M. for the choice of a governor, lieutenant-governor and senators, when it will be proposed that the poll shall be closed at twelve o'clock precisely."

"The week before last a young cow, which never had but one calf, raised at Dorchester, by Col. Clap, was brought to this market for sale. Hide, beef and tallow weighed 1124lb.—She was but three years and nine months old."

"Saturday night and yesterday morning we had the severest storm of snow that has been the winter past, which has done considerable damage, besides carrying off four piers of the new bridge erecting between this town and Charleston, which have been put down within a fortnight past—That laid down and secured last fall withstood the storm."

Under the resolution of the general assembly of this state, of the 21st of March last, the supreme executive council last Wednesday appointed Robert Morris, George Clymer, John Armstrong, jun. Thomas Fitzsimons and Tench Cox, esquires, commissioners, to meet such other commissioners as may be appointed by the several states in the union, at a time and place to be agreed on, to take into consideration the trade of these United States; to examine the relative situations and trade of the said states; to consider how far a uniform system in their commercial regulations may be necessary to their common interest and permanent harmony; and to report to the several states such an act relative to these great objects as when unanimously ratified by them, will enable the United States in Congress assembled, effectually to provide for the same; and also, to meet commissioners of Virginia and Maryland, to communicate reciprocally the regulations of commerce and duties proposed by each state, and within their respective powers.

We also hear that the reverend doctor John Ewing, Francis Hopkinson, D. Rittenhouse, R. Millegan and G. Lattimore, esquires, are appointed commissioners on the part of this state, to meet such persons as may be appointed by the states of Delaware and Maryland, for the purpose of negotiating an improved inland navigation, &c.

TRENTON, April 24.

By direction of his excellency the governor, the following act of the general assembly of Maryland, is inserted:

"An act to extend the time limited for bringing in and settling claims against this state by the citizens thereof, and for limiting the time for bringing in and settling claims against the said state by citizens of the United States.

WHEREAS by an act, intitled, 'an act to limit the time for bringing and settling claims against this state,' it was enacted, that all claims upon this state by any citizen thereof, which have arisen before the tenth day of January seventeen hundred and eighty-five, shall be brought in liquidated and settled, on or before the tenth day of November seventeen hundred and eighty-five, and no claim against the state by any citizen thereof, which did arise on any account or transaction whatsoever, before the said tenth day of January seventeen hundred and eighty-five, shall, after the said tenth day of November seventeen hundred eighty-five, be passed or settled by the auditor or intendant, or paid by this state, unless the person having such claim is or shall be an infant, non compos mentis or feme covert, or be out of this state, in which cases, one year shall be allowed to such persons respectively, after the disability removed or the person so being out of the state returns to bring in and settle such claims. And whereas it is represented to this general assembly, that sundry citizens of this state having claims

upon the same, through the remoteness of their situation from the auditor or intendant, and other causes, have not brought in the said claims to be liquidated and settled, on or before the aforesaid tenth day of November seventeen hundred and eighty-five, as directed by the above recited act; and it appearing reasonable that a further time should be allowed for the purpose aforesaid, to such persons as have just claims against this state;

Be it enacted by the general assembly of Maryland, that all claims upon this state by any citizen thereof (except claims for the depreciation and pay of the army previous to the first day of August seventeen hundred and eighty) which have arisen before the said tenth day of January seventeen hundred and eighty-five, may be brought in, passed and settled, by the auditor-general or intendant, on or before the first day of June seventeen hundred and eighty-six, and paid by this state, any thing in this recited act to the contrary notwithstanding.

And be it enacted, that all claims against the said state by any citizen of any other of the United States, shall be brought in and settled as aforesaid, on or before the first day of December seventeen hundred and eighty-six, and that no claim against this state as aforesaid, which shall not be brought in and settled agreeably to the directions of this act, shall hereafter be paid by this state, unless the person having such claim be an infant, feme covert, or a person non compos mentis, or in some foreign country, in which cases one year shall be allowed to bring in and settle such claim, after the disability removed, or the return of such person to this or some one of the United States, as the case may be.

And be it enacted, that a copy of this act under the great seal, shall be sent as soon as may be, to the respective executive powers of the other United States, by the governor of this state, with a request that the substance of this act be published."

Three Pounds Reward.

STOLEN out of the stable of the subscriber, on the night of the tenth instant, a sorrel mare, near fifteen hands high, nine years old, trots and canters, grey mane, has lost her near eye, and has a rupture on one side scarcely perceivable. Whoever secures said mare, and returns her to the owner, shall be intitled to the above reward if taken above forty miles from home, if within that distance, one guinea, and all reasonable charges, paid by

ISRAEL CLARKE.

Stony-Brook, April 12, 1786.

4W* t. f.

To cover at Mr. Ralph Phillips's, in Maidenhead, for six dollars the season, the famous brown horse

AURELIUS.

THIS horse was got by the late Mr. Wilson Hunt's horse Washington, his dam by Old Juniper, his grandam by Paolet, his great grandam by Old Spark, his great great grandam was Queen Mab, and great great great grandam was called Miss Caldwell.

AURELIUS is rising six years old, near sixteen hands high, promises to get stock suitable for the saddle or harness. Pasture will be provided for those who choose to leave their mares.

N. B. The money to be paid by the first day of November next.

April 6, 1786.

4W*

STOLEN out of the stable of the subscriber, a stout well made red roan horse, about seven or eight years old, fourteen hands and a half high, both hind feet white, pretty much marked with a whip on his buttocks. Whoever takes up said horse and thief, so that the owner may get him, shall have twelve dollars reward, and for the horse only six dollars, and all reasonable charges paid by the subscriber, living about one mile from Richard Waln's mill.

JOHN SLANKINS.

Likewise a large well made sorrel mare, left by the stable where the horse was taken out, with a white slip down her face, and a remarkable white spot on her off flank, about six or seven years old. Whoever will come, prove their property, and pay charges, may have her again.

April 7, 1786.

rw†

BARNT DE'KLYN,

At the corner opposite the Blazing-Star, near the market, Trenton, has for sale, a large and general assortment of goods, consisting of the following articles: (which he will sell at a small advance for cash, as he intends quitting the dry good business.)

A COMPLETE assortment of chintzes, light and dark, Calicoes and cottons, Modes, pelongs and faticins, Best ladies' and gentlemen's silk and leather gloves and mits, Handsome ribbons, Souffle and other gauzes, Sewing silks of all colours, Thread and cotton hose, A handsome assortment of feathers and plumes, Tooth, buckle and other brushes, With an assortment of hard ware, and many other articles too tedious to mention.

A variety of gown silks, Durants, calamancoes and moreens of all colours, Rattinets and shalloons do. Black everlasting and fatinet, Jeans and jeanets, Fustians and corduroys, Fine chip hats, Best black and white hats for ladies and gentlemen, Lawns and cambricks, Apron width and other checks, Marseilles quilting, Superfine cassimers, Do. sagathy and wilton,

April 21, 1786.

3W*

IF JOHN A. CHRISTY, silver-smith, watch and clockmaker, son of William Christy, merchant of London, will apply to the printer of this paper, he will receive intelligence which will be very pleasing to him.

The noted full-blooded horse
FLEETWOOD,
WILL cover mares the ensuing season, at the stable of John Van-Mater, Colts-Neck, Monmouth county, at three pounds in gold or silver money, to be paid the first day of November next, if not paid by that time to draw interest till paid. Pedigree to be seen at his stand.
April 6, 1786. 4w*

FOR SALE,
TWO hearty negro men, one about 40 years of age, the other about 27, the one is a good farmer—has been used to attend a saw and grist mill, and is remarkably handy with carpenters and turners' tools.
Also a hearty negro woman, about 27 or 28 years of age, and a negro girl, about 18. They have both been used to town and country, and would suit either. They have all had the small-pox and measles, and are sold for no fault, but that the proprietor is determined to keep none of their colour. A reasonable credit will be given for the purchase-money. Paper money, or notes given by Benjamin Thompson, Esq. will be taken in payment. For further particulars enquire of the printer.
Nov. 28, 1785. t. f.

LAND OFFICE,
FOR THE SALE OF ESTATES.

MR. LAMONT, the proprietor of the INTELLIGENCE-OFFICE in New-York, having been employed by several gentlemen in this and the neighbouring states, to dispose of lands and other property; and finding that an office for the general reception and sale of estates, would greatly add to the convenience of those who may want to dispose of their property, either by barter or sale;—for this purpose he is induced to extend his plan, for the accommodation of the publick, and offers his office, at No. 22, Water-street, opposite the coffee-house, for the reception and disposal of all kinds of estates.
Such gentlemen as may want to convert their property into cash, will find it their interest to apply as above, for as this is the only office of the kind in New-York, and constantly resorted to by a variety of purchasers of every denomination, it is the most likely place where a customer may be found.
Plans, surveys, maps and views of estates may be deposited and exposed to sale, free of expence, and without incurring any charge if there is no business done for their owners.—All kinds of conveyances, deeds, leases, &c. done in a neat and accurate manner.

The Business of the
INTELLIGENCE-OFFICE,
Carried on as usual.
CASH
Is advanced at a reasonable interest.
READY MONEY,
AND THE VERY HIGHEST PRICE GIVEN
FOR FINAL SETTLEMENTS, THOMPSON'S NOTES, STATE AND PUBLIC SECURITIES OF EVERY DENOMINATION.

AT said office, clerks, shopmen, mechanics, servants, waiters, bar-keepers, hostlers, grooms, lady's-maids, children's-maids, house-keepers, seamstresses, house-maids, chamber-maids, milliners and mantau-makers, who may be out of employ, can hear of places where they may have immediate employment; and families, house-keepers, single gentlemen or ladies, who may want to purchase or hire houses, rooms, servants or attendants of any description, can be accommodated at a short notice, by applying at the intelligence-office.
* * * As there are now, and constantly, a variety of good bargains to be had at said office, any person possessed of a little money and inclined to speculate, might meet with some things that would turn out to their advantage.
New-York, Feb. 5, 1786. 3m

TO BE SOLD,
AT PUBLICK VENDUE,
ON Tuesday the 25th day of April next, the pleasantly situated seat of the late doctor Lewis Johnson, at Perth-Amboy, containing 209 acres; it will be sold in two lots, as it is conveniently situated to be laid off into two genteel seats. There will likewise be sold, several commodious lots and water lots, part of the estate of Henry Cuyler, late deceased. The conditions will be known at the time and place of sale, by
JAMES PARKER,
BOWES REED.
March 21, 1786. 5w

TRENTON: Printed by ISAAC COLLINS. Subscriptions for this Gazette are taken in by the Printer hereof, at TEN SHILLINGS per Annum: Advertisements of a moderate Length inserted at 3/9 each the first Week, and 1/3 for every Continuance, and long Ones in Proportion; and by whom Essays and Articles of Intelligence are thankfully received.—And all Manner of printing Work performed with Care, Fidelity and Expedition.

THE legatees and devisees to the estate of colonel John Reid, late of Hortinier, in the county of Monmouth, deceased, are hereby requested to meet at the house of the subscriber, either in person or by their attorneys, the 3d day of October next, to fix a settlement of accounts relative.
SAMUEL REID, acting executor.
Hortinier, March 24, 1786. 4w*

TO BE SOLD,
A valuable Tract of LAND,
CONTAINING 300 acres, situate within three miles of Trenton, in the county of Burlington, and township of Nottingham, and within 2 miles of Lambertton, where it is expected the federal town will be erected. On said tract there is clay and wood sufficient to make brick for the building, it being all woodland, except twelve acres; one hundred of it may be made good meadow, which may be laid from six inches to one foot under water, or kept dry all winter, as the purchaser shall please; and contiguous to it there is great range for cattle. Paper money, notes given to the officers and soldiers of the Jersey line, and final settlement of their pay, loan-office certificates, and notes given by Benjamin Thompson, Esq. will be taken in payment. For further particulars enquire of Robert Pearson, in Nottingham, Joseph Milnor or the subscriber in Trenton.
JOSEPH HIGBEE.
N. B. The meadow-land is a deep rich soil, and not subject to be flooded.
May 28, 1785. t. f.

B A R K
Wanted in PHILADELPHIA.
A LARGE quantity of the following kinds, viz. Spanish, White, Hemlock, Birch and Black Oak, of which there has been a scarcity several years past. It is requested by the tanners in this city, that the farmers would remember the time for getting this valuable commodity, to be careful in putting it up to dry when stripped, and as speedily as they can after it is sufficiently dried to bring it to town, for want of which care they have suffered considerable loss.
Third month 23d, 1786. 6w

TO BE SOLD,
BY PUBLICK VENDUE,
AT the house of the subscriber, in Greenwich township, county of Sussex, state of New-Jersey, on Saturday the 17th day of June next, a valuable plantation, containing 320 acres of excellent wheat land, about 200 acres of said plantation are cleared, and under good fence, the remainder excellent timber land. There is an excellent pump of good water at the door, with a small log dwellinghouse, barn and stable, and a young orchard of about 100 apple-trees on said place, it lies within one mile of Delaware river, by which they may export their produce to Trenton or Philadelphia at a very small expence. The vendue to begin precisely at ten o'clock of said day, when due attendance with conditions of sale and an indisputable title will be given, by
JOHN CALHOON.
April 7, 1786. row*

American Blistered Steel,
Warranted equal in quality to the best steel imported from Europe, and to be sold by
John Nancarrow and White Matlack,
Under the FIRM of
NANCARROW and MATLACK,
AT the stores of John Helling's on Stamper's wharf, and in Second-street, between Race and Vine-streets; at Greenfield and Humphreys' store on Chestnut-street wharf, at Baker, Potts and Co's. store in Third-street, at Michael Gunckle's store, the north east corner of Race-street, at Casper Singer and Sons in Arch-street, between Front and Second-streets; and also by most of the merchants in Trenton.
The great encouragement given the said John Nancarrow, by the rapid sale of the steel he has made, previous to and during the late war, has induced the said Nancarrow and Matlack to assure the publick, that as they intend to carry on the steel manufactory in an extensive and spirited manner, they are determined to spare no pains to render their steel worthy the character given it.
Trenton, Jan. 3, 1786. t. f.

TO BE SOLD,
THAT valuable plantation lying in Sussex county, formerly belonging to Joseph Walling, deceased, containing about one hundred and fifty acres, on which is a convenient dwellinghouse and barn, with good fables, and a good bearing orchard, the whole well watered, and is exceedingly well situated for a tavern or merchant; the land mostly cleared, on which has been cut eighty tons of English and timothy hay in one year, the whole in good repair: now in the tenure of Christopher Hoagland, esquire, and rents for ninety pounds per annum. For further particulars enquire of the subscribers living in Morris county, who will give an indisputable title for the same.
BENJAMIN LINDSLY,
ABRAHAM KITCHEL.
New-Jersey, Morris county, April 15, 1786. 4w*

To the Publick.
PURSUANT to the directions contained in the act, intitled, 'An act to call in all contractors and surplus certificates, to issue state notes to the holders, and to procure a more accurate estimate of the state debt.'
Notice is hereby given,

That the subscriber will open an office for the liquidation and settlement of such of the above described certificates as shall be presented to him for that purpose, at Daniel Halsey's, in Morristown, on the third day of May next, and continue ten days; at major Egbert's, in Brunswick, on the fifteenth, and continue two weeks; at John Anderson's, in Rahway, the twenty-ninth; and at William Scudder's, in West-Field, the fifth of June, and continue one week at each place; at Samuel Mun's, Newark Mountains, the twelfth of June, and continue two weeks; at Adam Boyd's, in Hackinsack, the twenty-sixth of June; at Garret Hopper's, in Paramus, the third of July; at in Pompton, the tenth; at Phineas Randolph's, in Suckasunna, the seventeenth; at Hoagland's, in Sussex, the twenty-fourth; at Willis's, at Sussex Courthouse, the thirty-first; at the widow Swazey's, in Oxford, the seventh of August; at David M'Pherson's in Quaker-Town, the fourteenth; at Thomas Bulman's, in Pennington, the twenty-first; at Skilman's, in Somerset, the twenty-eighth; at Samuel Annin's, the fourth of September, and continue in each of these places one week; and at Daniel Halsey's, in Morristown, the eleventh of September, and continue until the first day of October, at which time his office will be closed. At the above times and places he will settle and adjust all such certificates as shall be presented to him, which have been given by the superintendent of purchases, contractors, collectors, agents, and commissioners, for the payment of which the state is accountable. All persons holding such certificates are therefore requested to take particular notice of the above times and places, as the law limits the time for transacting this business to the first of October aforesaid, and all those will be finally excluded which are not brought in before that time.
SILAS CONDUCT, Commissioner.
March 15, 1786. t. f.

Fifteen Dollars Reward.
RAN away from the subscriber on the evening of the tenth instant, a servant lad named Bernard Gibbon, a native of Belfast, and a sailor by trade; he has been in this country about eighteen months; he is about five feet five or six inches high, short dark curled hair, full faced, and pock marked: had on when he went away, an old blue broadcloth coat without lining, a new white swankin jacket with red spots, a new check shirt, a pair of grey broadcloth breeches, grey worsted stockings; good shoes and buckles: stole and took with him, one pair set stone buckles, with a large stone in each corner, one summer coat and waistcoat, silk and cotton narrow striped, with green and yellow, one pair striped dimity breeches; the coat, waistcoat and breeches are much too large for him. All persons are forbid to harbour said servant or employ him on the penalty of the law; it is supposed that he is gone towards New-York. Any person taking up said servant and securing him, so that his master may get him again, shall receive the above reward.
SAMUEL RAYMOND.
Trenton, April 11, 1786. 4w

The New-Jersey Medical Society
WILL meet, agreeably to adjournment, on Tuesday the second day of May, at the house of major Thomas Egbert, innkeeper in the city of New-Brunswick. The society will be opened by a medical dissertation precisely at eleven o'clock.
JOHN BEATTY, Sec'y.
Princeton, April 1, 1786. 5w

Sixty Dollars Reward.
BROKE out of Trenton gaol last night, John Fisher and John Anderson, the persons who were lately committed for offering to sell sundry counterfeit certificates. John Fisher is a likely smooth faced man, about 28 years of age, 5 feet 8 inches high, long hair, which, on the top of his head, combs back and ties; he is dressed in a light blue coat, black jacket, and royal rib breeches. John Anderson is a likely looking man, about 23 years of age, 6 feet high, long dark hair, brown coat, striped silk shag jacket, and royal rib breeches. Also a mulatto man named Charles, belonging to John Anderson, esq. late sheriff of Hunterdon county, about 6 feet high, and well set: had on a bearskin coat and jacket, leather breeches and blue stockings. Whoever takes up said runaways, and delivers them to the subscriber, shall have the above reward, or twenty dollars for either, and reasonable charges, paid by
DAVID RIGHTER, Gaoler.
Trenton, March 30, 1786. t. f.

WHEREAS there is a false and scandalous report circulating through the country, propagated by some malicious person, with a view to injure me the subscriber, in the publick business I now follow, viz. that I was killed dead on the spot by a man whom I attempted to rob; and as there is not the least shadow of truth in it, I do therefore promise a reward of fifty dollars to any person who will discover the original author; to be paid immediately on conviction, by
JOHN CORYELL, jun.
Coryell's-Ferry, April 21, 1786. 2w*

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