

**CHAPTER 43A**  
**MANUAL OF STANDARDS FOR LICENSURE**  
**OF AMBULATORY CARE FACILITIES**

**Authority**

N.J.S.A. 26:2H-1 et seq., specifically 26:2H-5.

**Source and Effective Date**

R.1993 d.443, effective August 16, 1993.  
 See: 25 N.J.R. 757(b), 25 N.J.R. 4140(a).

**Executive Order No. 66(1978) Expiration Date**

Chapter 43A, Manual of Standards for Licensure of Ambulatory Care Facilities, expires on August 16, 1998.

**Chapter Historical Note**

Chapter 43A, Ambulatory Care Facilities, became effective May 26, 1976 as R.1976 d.165. See: 8 N.J.R. 117(a), 8 N.J.R. 282(b). Amendments became effective December 9, 1976 as R.1976 d.357. See: 8 N.J.R. 462(b), 8 N.J.R. 551(a).

1977 Revisions: Amendments became effective April 21, 1977 as R.1977 d.140. See: 9 N.J.R. 80(a), 9 N.J.R. 222(a). Further amendments became effective August 4, 1977 as R.1977 d.253. See: 9 N.J.R. 220(b), 9 N.J.R. 366(c).

1978 Revisions: Amendments became effective August 9, 1978 as R.1978 d.274. See: 10 N.J.R. 385(a). Further amendments became effective September 18, 1978 as R.1978 d.338. See: 10 N.J.R. 329(c), 10 N.J.R. 430(c). Further amendments became effective October 24, 1978 as R.1978 d.375. See: 10 N.J.R. 329(c), 10 N.J.R. 485(a). Further amendments became effective November 20, 1978 as R.1978 d.398. See: 10 N.J.R. 385(a), 10 N.J.R. 536(d).

1979 Revisions: Amendments became effective January 1, 1979 as R.1978 d.425. See: 10 N.J.R. 483(b), 11 N.J.R. 15(d). Further amendments became effective May 1, 1979 as R.1979 d.116. See: 11 N.J.R. 65(a), 11 N.J.R. 180(b). Further amendments became effective July 5, 1979 as R.1979 d.239. See: 11 N.J.R. 234(a), 11 N.J.R. 331(b). (The expiration date for Subchapter 14 was extended by R.1979 d.489 filed December 14, 1979. See: 11 N.J.R. 547(a), 12 N.J.R. 16(b). The expiration was further extended by R.1980 d.273. See: 12 N.J.R. 407(c).) Further amendments became effective December 1, 1979 as R.1979 d.406. See: 11 N.J.R. 330(a), 11 N.J.R. 549(e).

1980 Revisions: Amendments became effective February 1, 1980 as R.1980 d.488. See: 11 N.J.R. 546(c), 12 N.J.R. 16(a). Further amendments became effective March 3, 1980 as R.1980 d. 39. See: 11 N.J.R. 620(b), 12 N.J.R. 76(c). Further amendments became effective October 9, 1980 as R.1980 d.399. See: 12 N.J.R. 463(b), 12 N.J.R. 578(c).

1981 Revisions: Amendments became effective June 4, 1981 as R.1981 d.157. See: 13 N.J.R. 12(a), 13 N.J.R. 342(b).

1982 Revisions: Amendments became effective August 16, 1982 as R.1982 d.278. See: 13 N.J.R. 810(a), 14 N.J.R. 916(e).

1983 Revisions: Amendments became effective March 7, 1983 as R.1983 d.66. See: 14 N.J.R. 1273(a), 15 N.J.R. 336(a). Further amendments became effective March 21, 1983 as R.1983 d.92. See: 15 N.J.R. 9(a), 15 N.J.R. 440(d). Further amendments became effective March 7, 1983 as R.1983 d.66. See: 14 N.J.R. 1273(a), 15 N.J.R. 336(a). The chapter was readopted pursuant to Executive Order 66(1978) effective October 3, 1983 as R.1983 d.427. See: 15 N.J.R. 994(a), 15 N.J.R. 1662(a).

1984 Revisions: Readopted R.1984 d.497, filed October 18, 1984. See: 16 N.J.R. 2208(a), 16 N.J.R. 3031(a). Further amendments became effective November 5, 1984 as R.1984 d.497. See: 16 N.J.R. 2208(a), 16 N.J.R. 3031(a).

1985 Revisions: Amendments became effective February 4, 1985 as R.1985 d.26. See: 16 N.J.R. 3125(a), 17 N.J.R. 285(a). This chapter, which contained abortion rules in Subchapter 8, was repealed and new rules became effective September 3, 1985 as R.1985 d.438. See: 16 N.J.R. 3254(a), 17 N.J.R. 2110(b).

Petition: Petition to amend Manuals of Ambulatory Care Facilities concerning advertising by those facilities. See: 19 N.J.R. 306(d), 19 N.J.R. 570(b). Pursuant to Executive Order No. 66 (1988), Chapter 43A was readopted as R.1990 d.416, effective July 27, 1990. See: 22 N.J.R. 1496(a), 22 N.J.R. 2507(a).

Pursuant to Executive Order No. 66 (1978), Chapter 43A was readopted as R.1993 d.443. See: Source and Effective Date. Existing Subchapters 1 through 11 and 13 through 19 were repealed by R.1993 d.443 and new subchapters were adopted, including Subchapters 20 through 29, effective September 7, 1993. Existing Subchapter 12 was amended by R.1993 d.443, effective September 7, 1993. See: 25 N.J.R. 757(b), 25 N.J.R. 4140(a).

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**APPENDIX A**

**SUBCHAPTER 1. DEFINITIONS AND QUALIFICATIONS**

**8:43A-1.1 Scope**

The rules in this chapter pertain to all health care facilities which provide ambulatory care services including, but not limited to, primary care, hospital outpatient, ambulatory surgery, family practice, family planning, outpatient drug abuse treatment, chronic dialysis, computerized tomography, magnetic resonance imaging, extracorporeal shock wave lithotripsy, and radiological services. These rules also pertain to abortion facilities, comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facilities, and birth centers. Ambulatory care facilities provide preventive, diagnostic, and treatment services to persons who come to the facility to receive services and depart from the facility on the same day. The rules in this chapter constitute the basis for the licensure of ambulatory care facilities by the New Jersey State Department of Health.

Amended by R.1996 d.341, effective July 15, 1996.  
See: 28 N.J.R. 1364(a), 28 N.J.R. 3560(a).

**8:43A-1.2 Purpose**

The goal of this chapter is to protect the health and safety of patients who receive ambulatory care services by establishing minimum rules and standards of care with which an ambulatory care facility must comply in order to be licensed to operate in New Jersey.

**8:43A-1.3 Definitions**

The following words and terms, when used in this chapter, shall have the following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

“Abortion facility” means a facility which performs termination of pregnancy, in accordance with N.J.A.C. 13:35-4.2, as a single modality. Facilities which offer multiple or comprehensive surgical services, inclusive of termination of pregnancy, are designated as ambulatory surgery facilities. Whereas all of the rules at N.J.A.C. 8:43A-12 apply to ambulatory surgery facilities, only those rules at N.J.A.C. 8:43A-12 which are relevant to the levels of anesthesia used in a particular abortion facility shall apply to that facility.

“Advance directive” means a written statement of the patient’s instructions and directions for health care in the event of future decision making incapacity. An advance directive may include a proxy directive or an instruction directive, or both.

“Affiliated community perinatal center” means a licensed hospital designated within a maternal and child health service region with which the birth center has a formal agreement for transfer and back-up services. This hospital must be designated as either a community perinatal center—intermediate or intensive or a regional perinatal center, in accordance with N.J.A.C. 8:33C.

“Ambulatory care facility” means a health care facility or a distinct part of a health care facility in which preventive, diagnostic, and treatment services are provided to persons who come to the facility to receive services and depart from the facility on the same day.

“Ambulatory surgery facility” means a surgical facility in which ambulatory surgical cases are performed and which is licensed as an ambulatory surgery facility, separate and apart from any other facility license. (The ambulatory surgery facility may be physically connected to another licensed facility, such as a hospital, but is corporately and administratively distinct.)

“Ambulatory surgical case” and “same day surgical case” are synonymous terms for a surgical procedure performed on a patient in a surgical facility generally requiring anesthesia, with a facility-based post surgery period of at least one hour, and generally without the requirement of an overnight stay.

“Available” means ready for immediate use (pertaining to equipment) or capable of being reached (pertaining to personnel), unless otherwise defined.

“Birth center” means a health care facility or a distinct part of a health care facility which provides routine prenatal and intrapartum care to low-risk maternity patients who are expected to deliver neonates of a weight greater than 2,499 grams and of 36 weeks gestational age and who require a stay of less than 24 hours after birth. “Routine intrapartum care” means labor and delivery services not requiring surgical intervention.

“Bylaws” means a set of rules adopted by the facility for governing its operation. A charter, articles of incorporation, or a statement of policies and objectives is an acceptable equivalent.

“Cardiac rehabilitation program” means a health care service in which an individualized program of physical exercise is prescribed for each cardiac patient.

“Chronic dialysis” means dialysis rendered to a patient with end stage renal disease in whom recovery of renal function is not expected.

“Cleaning” means the removal by scrubbing and washing, as with hot water, soap or detergent, and vacuuming of infectious agents and of organic matter from surfaces on which and in which infectious agents may find conditions for surviving or multiplying.

“Clinical note” means a written, signed, and dated notation made by a health care professional who renders a service to the patient. Clinical notes are written into the patient’s medical record the day service is rendered.

“Clinical practitioner” means a physician, dentist, podiatrist, certified nurse midwife, physician assistant, or nurse practitioner.

“Commissioner” means the New Jersey State Commissioner of Health.

“Communicable disease” means an illness due to a specific infectious agent or its toxic products which occurs through transmission of that agent or its products from a reservoir to a susceptible host.

“Community perinatal center-birthing center” means a licensed birth center designated within a maternal and child health service region, in accordance with N.J.A.C. 8:33C.

“Comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facility” means an ambulatory care facility which provides at least medical, physical therapy, and social or psychological services in a coordinated manner. The term applies to facilities which are certified or eligible for certification as comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facilities in accordance with 42 CFR Part 485, Subpart B.

“Comprehensive rehabilitation agency” means an ambulatory care facility which provides at least medical, physical therapy, and social or psychological services in a coordinated manner.

“Conspicuously posted” means placed at a location within the facility accessible to and seen by patients and the public.

“Contamination” means the presence of an infectious or toxic agent in the air, on a body surface, or on or in clothes, bedding, instruments, dressings, or other inanimate articles or substances, including water, milk, and food.

“Controlled Dangerous Substances Acts” means the Controlled Substances Act of 1970 (Title II, Public Law 91-513) and the New Jersey Controlled Dangerous Substances Act of 1970, N.J.S.A. 24:21-1 et seq.

“Counseling” means provision of information intended to direct the behavior of a patient. Counseling services include, but are not limited to, dietary counseling, social work, and/or drug counseling services.

“Current” means up-to-date, extending to the present time.

“Department” means the New Jersey State Department of Health.

“Disinfection” means the killing of infectious agents outside the body, or organisms transmitting such agents, by chemical and physical means, directly applied.

“Documented” means written, signed, and dated.

“Drug” means a substance as defined in the New Jersey State Board of Pharmacy Rules, N.J.A.C. 13:39. The word “medication” is used interchangeably with the word “drug” in this chapter.

“Drug abuse treatment services” means methadone detoxification, methadone maintenance, and/or drug-free counseling programs.

“Drug administration” means a procedure in which a prescribed drug is given to a patient by an authorized person in accordance with all laws and rules governing such procedures. The complete procedure of administration includes removing an individual dose from a previously dispensed, properly labeled container (including a unit dose container), verifying it with the prescriber’s orders, giving the individual dose to the patient, seeing that the patient takes it (if oral), and recording the required information, including the method of administration.

“Epidemic” means the occurrence in a facility of one or more cases of an illness in excess of normal expectancy for that illness, derived from a common or propagated source.

“Family planning services” means comprehensive reproductive health care services including contraception, pregnancy detection, options counseling, diagnosis and/or treatment of sexually transmitted diseases, routine gynecological and cancer screening services, health promotion activities, and Level I infertility services. Family planning services may also include prenatal and postpartum care, other gynecological services including colposcopy and cryotherapy, menopausal services, and/or Level II and III infertility care. Family planning services do not include termination of pregnancy.

“Full-time” means relating to a time period established by the facility as a full working week, as defined and specified in the facility’s policies and procedures.

“Governing authority” means the organization, person, or persons designated to assume legal responsibility for the management, operation, and financial viability of the facility.

“Health care facility” means a facility so defined in N.J.S.A. 26:2H-1 et seq.

“Hospital” means a health care facility as defined in the Licensing Standards for Hospitals, N.J.A.C. 8:43G.

“Job description” means written specifications developed for each position in the facility, containing the qualifications, duties and responsibilities, and accountability required of employees in that position.

“Licensed nursing personnel” (licensed nurse) means registered professional nurses or practical nurses licensed by the New Jersey State Board of Nursing.

“Maternal and Child Health Consortium (MCHC)” means a voluntarily formed non-profit organization, consisting of all inpatient or ambulatory perinatal and pediatric care providers and related community organizations in a maternal and child health service region, as described at N.J.A.C. 8:35A.

“Maternal and child health service region” means the perinatal and pediatric service delivery area described at N.J.A.C. 8:33C.

“Medical record” means all records in the facility which pertain to the patient’s health care.

“Medically indigent” means those individuals lacking third-party health or medical insurance coverage whose income is less than or equal to 200 percent of the value determined by the United States Department of Health and Human Services Income Poverty Guidelines, 42 U.S.C. §9902(2).

“Medication” means a substance as defined by the New Jersey State Board of Pharmacy Rules, N.J.A.C. 13:39. The word “drug” is used interchangeably with the word “medication” in this chapter.

“Monitor” means to observe, watch, or check.

"Operating room" means a room specifically dedicated to the performance of surgical cases which meets the State Uniform Construction Code at N.J.A.C. 5:23-3 and the Department's licensing requirements. For the purposes of this definition, rooms specifically dedicated to endoscopic and cystoscopic procedures are not considered operating rooms.

"Plan of care" means a written plan which is based upon the patient assessments performed by all services participating in the patient's care and which includes care and treatment to be provided. Each professional discipline which provides care to the patient develops its own portion of the plan of care.

"Prescriber" means a person who is authorized to write prescriptions in accordance with Federal and State laws.

"Primary care" means the provision by a health care facility of preventive, diagnostic, treatment, management, and reassessment services to individuals with acute or chronic illness. The term is used in reference to facilities providing family practice, general internal medicine, general pediatrics, obstetrics, gynecology, and/or clinical preventive services, including community health centers providing comprehensive primary care. Comprehensive primary care may include the provision of sick and well care to all age groups, from perinatal and pediatric care to geriatric care. Primary care is further characterized by the fact that it represents the initial point of contact between an individual and the health care system, by the assumption of responsibility for the person regardless of the presence or absence of disease, by the ongoing responsibility for coordination of medical care for the person, by its family-centeredness, and by its community orientation.

"Satellite" means an affiliate of a separately licensed ambulatory care facility. A satellite is located at a site distinct from, and within 30 miles of, that of the separately licensed ambulatory care facility, but shares the same governing authority and provides the same principal service as the separately licensed ambulatory care facility.

"Secondary care" means care delivered by a specialist or subspecialist following referral by the primary care source. This may include ambulatory or inpatient care.

"Signature" means at least the first initial and full surname and title (for example, R.N., L.P.N., D.D.S., M.D., D.O.) of a person, legibly written with his or her own hand. If electronic signatures are used, they shall be used in accordance with N.J.A.C. 8:43A-13.4.

"Staff education plan" means a written plan which describes a coordinated program for staff education for each service, including inservice programs and on-the-job training.

"Staff orientation plan" means a written plan for the orientation of each new employee to the duties and responsibilities of the service to which the employee has been assigned, as well as to the personnel policies of the facility.

"Sterilization" means a process of destroying all microorganisms, including those bearing spores, in, on, and around an object.

"Surgical facility" means a structure or suite of rooms which has the following characteristics:

1. One or more rooms dedicated for use as operating rooms, which are specifically equipped for the performance of surgery, designed and constructed to accommodate invasive diagnostic and surgical procedures;
2. One or more postanesthesia care units or a dedicated recovery area where the patient may be closely monitored and observed until discharged; and
3. Is not a surgical practice.

"Surgical practice" means a structure or suite of rooms which has the following characteristics:

1. No more than one room dedicated for use as an operating room which is specifically equipped to perform surgery, designed and constructed to accommodate invasive diagnostic and surgical procedures;
2. One or more postanesthesia care units or a dedicated recovery area where the patient may be closely monitored and observed until discharged; and
3. Established by a physician or physician professional association surgical practice solely for his/her/their private medical practice.

"Tertiary care" means specialized inpatient or outpatient care.

Amended by R.1996 d.341, effective July 15, 1996.  
See: 28 N.J.R. 1364(a), 28 N.J.R. 3560(a).

#### **8:43A-1.4 Qualifications of the administrator of the ambulatory care facility**

The administrator shall have a baccalaureate degree and two years of full-time, or full-time equivalent, administrative or supervisory experience in a health care facility. Each additional year of full-time, or full-time equivalent, administrative or supervisory experience and/or training in a health care facility may be substituted for each year of the four-year degree requirement. Four years of such experience and/or training may be used to satisfy the degree requirement.

#### **8:43A-1.5 Qualifications of anesthesiologists**

An anesthesiologist shall be a physician who has successfully completed a residency program in anesthesiology accredited by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education or approved by the American Osteopathic Association, or who is a diplomate of either the American Board of Anesthesiology or the American Osteopathic Board of Anesthesiology, or who was made a Fellow of the American College of Anesthesiology before 1982.

**8:43A-1.6 Qualifications of certified nurse midwife**

Each certified nurse midwife shall meet the requirements of the New Jersey State Board of Medical Examiners at N.J.A.C. 13:35-2A.

**8:43A-1.7 Qualifications of certified registered nurse anesthetists (CRNA)**

Each certified nurse anesthetist shall meet the requirements of the New Jersey State Board of Nursing at N.J.A.C. 13:37-13.

**8:43A-1.8 Qualifications of dentists**

Each dentist shall be so licensed by the New Jersey State Board of Dentistry.

**8:43A-1.9 Qualifications of dietitians**

Each dietitian shall be registered or eligible for registration by the Commission on Dietetic Registration (Office on Dietetic Credentialing, 216 W. Jackson Boulevard—7th Floor, Chicago, Illinois 60606-6995).

**8:43A-1.10 Qualifications of the director of nursing services**

The director of nursing services shall be a registered professional nurse and shall have at least one year of full-time, or full-time equivalent, experience in nursing supervision and/or nursing administration in a licensed health care facility.

**8:43A-1.11 Qualifications of drug counselors**

(a) Each drug counselor shall:

1. Be certified by the Alcohol and Other Drugs of Abuse Counselor Certification Board of New Jersey, Inc. (90 Monmouth Street, Suite One, Red Bank, NJ 07701);
2. Be certified by the American Academy of Health Care Providers in the Addictive Disorders (260 Beacon Street, Somerville, MA 02143);
3. Be a social worker, in accordance with N.J.A.C. 8:43A-1.27;
4. Have a baccalaureate degree in a social science and one year of full-time equivalent experience in drug abuse counseling; or
5. Be currently enrolled in a program leading to one of the credentials required by (a)1 through 4 above and under the supervision of a person who has one of the credentials required by (a)1 through 4 above and at least three years of experience in drug counseling.

**8:43A-1.12 Qualifications of family practice physicians**

A family practice physician shall be a physician who has successfully completed a residency program in family practice accredited by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education or a residency program in general prac-

tice approved by the American Osteopathic Association, or who is a diplomate of either the American Board of Family Practice or the American Osteopathic Board of General Practice.

**8:43A-1.13 Qualifications of licensed practical nurses**

Each licensed practical nurse shall be so licensed by the New Jersey State Board of Nursing.

**8:43A-1.14 Qualifications of the medical director**

The medical director shall be a physician who has successfully completed a residency program accredited by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education or approved by the American Osteopathic Association in a medical specialty related to services provided by the facility, or who is a diplomate of one of the certifying boards approved by the American Board of Medical Specialties or one of the certifying boards of the American Osteopathic Association in a medical specialty related to services provided by the facility. If the facility provides chronic dialysis services, the medical director shall be a nephrologist, in accordance with N.J.A.C. 8:43A-24.4(a).

**8:43A-1.15 Qualifications of nephrologists**

A nephrologist shall be a physician who has successfully completed a residency program in nephrology accredited by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education or approved by the American Osteopathic Association, or who is a diplomate of either the American Board of Internal Medicine or the American Osteopathic Board of Internal Medicine in the subspecialty of nephrology.

**8:43A-1.16 Qualifications of nurse practitioners**

Each nurse practitioner shall be so certified by the New Jersey State Board of Nursing.

**8:43A-1.17 Qualifications of obstetrician-gynecologists**

An obstetrician-gynecologist shall be a physician who has successfully completed a residency program in obstetrics/gynecology accredited by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education or approved by the American Osteopathic Association, or who is a diplomate of either the American Board of Obstetrics and Gynecology or the American Osteopathic Board of Obstetrics and Gynecology.

**8:43A-1.18 Qualifications of pediatricians**

A pediatrician shall be a physician who has successfully completed a residency program in pediatrics accredited by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education or approved by the American Osteopathic Association, or who is a diplomate of either the American Board of Pediatrics or the American Osteopathic Board of Pediatrics.

**8:43A-1.19 Qualifications of pharmacists**

Each pharmacist shall be so registered by the New Jersey State Board of Pharmacy.

**8:43A-1.20 Qualifications of physician assistants**

Each physician assistant shall be so licensed by the New Jersey State Board of Medical Examiners.

**8:43A-1.21 Qualifications of physicians**

(a) Each physician shall be licensed or authorized by the New Jersey State Board of Medical Examiners to practice medicine in the State of New Jersey.

(b) For any of the rules in this chapter requiring a physician to be Board-certified within his or her medical specialty, it shall be deemed acceptable to possess Board-certification from a foreign Board within the specified medical specialty where the American Board offers reciprocity with or officially recognizes the foreign board-certification credential.

**8:43A-1.22 Qualifications of podiatrists**

Each podiatrist shall be so licensed by the New Jersey State Board of Medical Examiners.

**8:43A-1.23 Qualifications of radiation physicists/health physicists**

Each radiation physicist/health physicist shall meet the requirements for certification as a specialist in radiation safety by the American Board of Radiology or the American Association of Physicists in Medicine, or shall have a master's degree with a major in medical radiation physics, health physics or radiologic health.

**8:43A-1.24 Qualifications of radiologic technologists**

Each radiologic technologist shall be so licensed by the New Jersey State Department of Environmental Protection.

**8:43A-1.25 Qualifications of radiologists**

A radiologist shall be a physician who has successfully completed a residency program in radiology accredited by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education or approved by the American Osteopathic Association, or who is a diplomate of either the American Board of Radiology or the American Osteopathic Board of Radiology.

**8:43A-1.26 Qualifications of registered professional nurses**

Each registered professional nurse shall be so licensed by the New Jersey State Board of Nursing.

**8:43A-1.27 Qualifications of social workers**

Each social worker shall be certified or licensed by the New Jersey State Board of Social Work Examiners and shall comply with the Social Workers' Licensing Act of 1991 (N.J.S.A. 45:15BB-1 et seq.) and amendments thereto and with all rules of the New Jersey State Board of Social Work Examiners. Prior to the implementation by the Board of procedures for applying for certification or licensure, each social worker shall have a master's degree in social work from a graduate school of social work accredited by the Council on Social Work Education (1744 R Street NW, Washington, D.C. 20036).

**8:43A-1.28 Qualifications of urologists**

A urologist shall be a physician who has successfully completed a residency program in urology accredited by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education or a residency program in urological surgery approved by the American Osteopathic Association, or who is a diplomate of either the American Board of Urology or the American Osteopathic Board of Surgery in the subspecialty of urological surgery.

**SUBCHAPTER 2. LICENSURE PROCEDURES****8:43A-2.1 Certificate of need**

(a) According to N.J.S.A. 26:2H-1 et seq., and amendments thereto, a health care facility shall not be instituted, constructed, expanded, or licensed to operate except upon application for, and receipt of, a certificate of need issued by the Commissioner.

(b) Application forms for a certificate of need and instructions for completion may be obtained from:

Certificate of Need Program  
Division of Health Planning and Resources Development  
New Jersey State Department of Health  
CN 360  
Trenton, New Jersey 08625

1. Application forms for a certificate of need in the case of transfer of ownership may be obtained from:

Division of Health Facilities Evaluation and Licensing  
New Jersey State Department of Health  
CN 367  
Trenton, New Jersey 08625

(c) The facility shall implement all conditions imposed by the Commissioner as specified in the certificate of need approval letter. Failure to implement the conditions may result in the imposition of sanctions in accordance with N.J.S.A. 26:2H-1 et seq., and amendments thereto.

**Case Notes**

Certificate of need requirement for ambulatory care facilities compared to certificate requirement for drug rehabilitation centers; zoning ordinance liberally construed. *L & L Clinics, Inc. v. Irvington*, 189 N.J.Super. 332, 460 A.2d 152 (App.Div.1983), certification denied 94 N.J. 540, 468 A.2d 191 (1983).

**8:43A-2.2 Application for licensure**

(a) Following receipt of a certificate of need or a determination that a certificate of need is not required, any person, organization, or corporation desiring to operate an ambulatory care facility shall make application to the Commissioner for a license on forms prescribed by the Department. Such forms may be obtained from:

Director  
 Licensing, Certification and Standards  
 Division of Health Facilities Evaluation and Licensing  
 New Jersey State Department of Health  
 CN 367  
 Trenton, New Jersey 08625

(b) The Department shall charge separate nonrefundable fees for the filing of an application for licensure, and for each annual renewal, of an ambulatory care facility in accordance with the following schedule:

Service	Application	Renewal
1. Chronic dialysis	\$2,000	\$1,000
2. Ambulatory surgery	\$2,000	\$1,000
3. Magnetic resonance imaging	\$2,000	\$1,000
4. Computerized tomography	\$2,000	\$1,000
5. Family planning (principal)	\$1,200	\$ 200
6. Family planning (satellite)	\$ 600	\$ 100
7. Abortion	\$1,750	\$ 750
8. Birth	\$1,750	\$ 750
9. ESWL	\$1,750	\$ 750
10. Comprehensive rehabilitation	\$1,750	\$ 750
11. Drug abuse treatment	\$1,750	\$ 750
12. Primary care (principal)	\$1,750	\$ 750
13. Primary care (satellite)	\$ 875	\$ 375

(c) The total application fee shall be calculated by adding together the individual fees, as set forth in (b) above, for each service sought to be included on the facility's license. The total application fee shall not exceed the maximum cap set forth at N.J.S.A. 26:2H-12, as may be amended from time to time.

(d) The total annual renewal fee shall be calculated by adding together the individual fees, as set forth in (b) above, for each service included on the facility's license. The total annual renewal fee shall not exceed the maximum cap set

forth at N.J.S.A. 26:2H-12, as may be amended from time to time.

(e) In the event that an ambulatory care facility is at any time approved by the Commissioner to provide a service other than those specifically listed in this section, the application and license renewal fees for such service shall be \$1,750 and \$750.00, respectively, unless the Commissioner, by regulation, specifically designates some other fee(s).

(f) Only those ambulatory care facilities which provide family planning or primary care services shall be eligible to file an application for licensure of a satellite facility.

1. Each satellite facility shall be separately licensed.
2. A satellite facility shall be licensed to provide only family planning and/or primary care services.

(g) The Department shall charge a nonrefundable fee for the filing of an application to add services to an existing ambulatory care or satellite facility. The application fee for each service to be added shall correspond with the fee for that service as set forth in (b) above. The total application fee for the addition of services shall not exceed the maximum cap set forth at N.J.S.A. 26:2H-12, as may be amended from time to time.

(h) The Department shall charge a nonrefundable fee of \$250.00 for the filing of an application to reduce services at an existing ambulatory care or satellite facility.

(i) The Department shall charge a nonrefundable fee of \$1,000 for the filing of an application for the transfer of ownership of an ambulatory care or satellite facility.

(j) The Department shall charge a nonrefundable fee of \$250.00 for the filing of an application for the relocation of an ambulatory care or satellite facility.

(k) Each applicant for a license to operate a facility shall complete all information requested on the licensure application. An appointment for a preliminary conference shall be requested with the Licensing, Certification and Standards Program to review the conditions for licensure and operation.

(l) All applicants must demonstrate that they have the capacity to operate an ambulatory care facility in accordance with the rules in this chapter. An application for a license may be denied if the applicant cannot demonstrate that the premises, equipment, personnel, including principals and management, finances, rules and bylaws, and standards of health care are fit and adequate and that there is reasonable assurance that the health care facility will be operated in accordance with the standards required by these rules. The Department may consider an applicant's prior history in operating a health care facility either in New Jersey or in other states in making this determination. Any evidence of licensure violations representing a serious risk of harm to

patients may be considered by the Department, as well as any record of criminal convictions representing a risk of harm to the safety or welfare of patients.

Amended by R.1996 d.340, effective July 15, 1996.  
See: 28 N.J.R. 2369(a), 28 N.J.R. 3559(a).

### 8:43A-2.3 Types of services requiring a license

(a) None of the following services or centers shall be provided by an ambulatory care facility unless the facility license indicates that the service is provided by the facility:

1. Ambulatory surgery facility;
2. Family planning services;
3. Birth center;
4. Chronic dialysis services;
5. Diagnostic radiological center and/or magnetic resonance imaging services;
6. Extracorporeal shock wave lithotripsy services;
7. Drug abuse treatment services;
8. Primary care services, including family practice, pediatric, and/or prenatal, postpartum, or gynecological services;
9. Comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facility; and
10. Abortion facility.

(b) The license issued by the Department shall specify the services which the facility is licensed to provide. The facility shall obtain a determination of the applicability of Certificate of Need rules prior to requesting that any service be added to the license. The facility shall provide only those services for which it is licensed or authorized to provide by the Department.

(c) Any person, organization, or corporation applying for a license to operate an ambulatory care facility shall specify on the application the services to be provided.

(d) As of the effective date of this chapter, each facility shall specify, upon annual renewal of its license, the types of services to be provided, if the facility wishes to change the specification of services on the facility license.

(e) If a facility wishes to add any health care service during the annual licensure period, including any health care service not listed in (a) above, the facility shall obtain the authorization of the Licensing, Certification, and Standards Program of the Department prior to providing the additional service. Such authorization shall be based upon compliance with this chapter, and may be contingent upon an on-site inspection by representatives of the Department. This rule applies regardless of whether or not it is determined that a Certificate of Need is required.

Amended by R.1996 d.341, effective July 15, 1996.  
See: 28 N.J.R. 1364(a), 28 N.J.R. 3560(a).

### 8:43A-2.4 Newly constructed or expanded facilities

(a) Any ambulatory care facility which intends to undertake any alteration, renovation, or new construction of the physical plant, whether a Certificate of Need is required or not, shall submit plans to the Health Facilities Construction Services of the Department for review and approval prior to the initiation of any work, in accordance with N.J.A.C. 8:43A-19.

(b) The licensure application for a newly constructed or expanded facility shall include written approval of final construction of the physical plant by:

Health Facilities Construction Services  
Division of Health Facilities Evaluation and Licensing  
New Jersey State Department of Health  
CN 367  
Trenton, New Jersey 08625

(c) An on-site inspection of the construction of the physical plant shall be made by representatives of Health Facilities Construction Services to verify that the building has been constructed in accordance with the architectural plans approved by the Department.

### 8:43A-2.5 Surveys and temporary license

(a) When the written application for licensure is approved and the building is ready for occupancy, a survey of the facility by representatives of the Health Facilities Inspection Program of the Department shall be conducted to determine if the facility complies with the rules in this chapter.

1. The facility shall be notified in writing of the findings of the survey, including any deficiencies found.

2. The facility shall notify the Health Facilities Inspection Program of the Department when the deficiencies, if any, have been corrected, and the Health Facilities Inspection Program will schedule one or more resurveys of the facility prior to occupancy.

(b) A temporary license may be issued to a facility when the following conditions are met:

1. A preliminary conference (see N.J.A.C. 8:43A-2.2(c)) for review of the conditions for licensure and operation, unless determined by the Department to be unnecessary, has taken place between the Licensing, Certification and Standards Program and representatives of the facility, who will be advised that the purpose of the temporary license is to allow the Department to determine the facility's compliance with N.J.S.A. 26:2H-1 et seq. and the rules pursuant thereto;

2. Written approvals are on file with the Department from the local zoning, fire, health and building authorities;

3. Written approvals of the water supply and sewage disposal system from local officials are on file with the Department for any water supply or sewage disposal system not connected to an approved municipal system; and

4. Survey(s) by representatives of the Department indicate that the facility complies with the rules in this chapter.

(c) No facility shall admit patients to the facility until the facility has the written approval and/or license issued by the Licensing, Certification and Standards Program of the Department.

(d) Survey visits may be made to a facility at any time by authorized staff of the Department. Such visits may include, but not be limited to, the review of all facility documents and patient records and conferences with patients.

(e) A temporary license may be issued to a facility for a period of six months and may be renewed as determined by the Department.

(f) The temporary license shall be conspicuously posted in the facility.

(g) The temporary license is not assignable or transferable, and it shall be immediately void if the facility ceases to operate, if the facility's ownership changes, or if the facility is relocated to a different site.

Amended by R.1996 d.340, effective July 15, 1996.  
See: 28 N.J.R. 2369(a), 28 N.J.R. 3559(a).

#### 8:43A-2.6 Full license

(a) A full license shall be issued on expiration of the temporary license, if surveys by the Department have determined that the facility is operated as required by N.J.S.A. 26:2H-1 et seq. and by the rules pursuant thereto.

(b) A license shall be granted for a period of one year or less, as determined by the Department.

(c) The license shall be conspicuously posted in the facility.

(d) The license is not assignable or transferable, and it shall be immediately void if the facility ceases to operate, if the facility's ownership changes, or if the facility is relocated to a different site.

(e) The license, unless suspended or revoked, shall be renewed annually on the original licensure date, or within 30 days thereafter but dated as of the original licensure date. The facility will receive a request for renewal fee 30 days

prior to the expiration of the license. A renewal license shall not be issued unless the licensure fee is received by the Department.

(f) The license may not be renewed if local rules, regulations, and/or requirements are not met, in accordance with the provisions of N.J.A.C. 8:43A-2.10(a).

Amended by R.1996 d.340, effective July 15, 1996.  
See: 28 N.J.R. 2369(a), 28 N.J.R. 3559(a).

#### 8:43A-2.7 Conditional license

A conditional license may be issued to a health care facility providing a type or category of health care service neither listed in N.J.A.C. 8:43A-2.3(a) nor otherwise addressed by this chapter. The facility shall comply with the standards set forth as a condition of the license.

#### 8:43A-2.8 Surrender of license

The facility shall notify each patient, each patient's physician, and any guarantors of payment at least 30 days prior to the voluntary surrender of a license, or as directed under an order of revocation, refusal to renew, or suspension of license. In such cases, the license shall be returned to the Licensing, Certification and Standards Program of the Department within seven working days after the voluntary surrender, revocation, non-renewal, or suspension of license.

#### 8:43A-2.9 Waiver

(a) The Commissioner or his or her designee may, in accordance with the general purposes and intent of N.J.S.A. 26:2H-1 et seq. and the rules in this chapter, waive sections of these rules if, in his or her opinion, such waiver would not endanger the life, safety, or health of patients or the public.

(b) A facility seeking a waiver of these rules shall apply in writing to the Director of the Licensing, Certification and Standards Program of the Department.

(c) A written request for waiver shall include the following:

1. The specific rule(s) or part(s) of the rule(s) for which waiver is requested;
2. Reasons for requesting a waiver, including a statement of the type and degree of hardship that would result to the facility upon compliance;
3. An alternative proposal which would ensure patient safety; and
4. Documentation to support the request for waiver.

(d) The Department reserves the right to request additional information before processing a request for waiver.

**8:43A-2.10 Action against a license**

(a) If the Department determines that operational or safety deficiencies exist, it may require that all admissions to the facility or to services provided within the facility cease. This may be done simultaneously with, or in lieu of, action to revoke licensure and/or impose a fine. The Commissioner or his or her designee shall notify the facility in writing of such determination.

(b) The Commissioner may order the immediate removal of patients from a facility whenever he or she determines that there exists imminent danger to any person's health or safety.

(c) The provisions of this section shall apply to facilities with a temporary license and to facilities with a full license.

(d) The Commissioner may issue a penalty on a facility for violation of licensure requirements of this chapter pursuant to N.J.S.A. 26:2H-13 and 14.

(e) The Commissioner may suspend or revoke the license of a facility for failure to correct any violation of this chapter posing an imminent harm to patients pursuant to N.J.S.A. 26:2H-14.

#### 8:43A-2.11 Hearings

(a) If the Department proposes to suspend, revoke, deny, or refuse to renew a license or authorization, the licensee or applicant may request a hearing which shall be conducted pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act, N.J.S.A. 52:14B-1 et seq. and 52:14F-1 et seq., and the Uniform Administrative Procedure Rules, N.J.A.C. 1:1.

(b) Prior to transmittal of any hearing request to the Office of Administrative Law, the Department may schedule a conference to attempt to settle the matter.

### SUBCHAPTER 3. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

#### 8:43A-3.1 Provision of services

(a) The facility shall provide preventive, diagnostic, and/or treatment services to patients. Medical services and nursing services, as required by this chapter, shall be provided in the facility. Medical services, nursing services, counseling services, pharmaceutical services, and laboratory and radiological services shall be provided directly by the facility or through written agreement.

(b) The facility shall have a written agreement for services not provided directly by the facility. The written agreement shall specify each party's responsibilities. If the service is provided in the facility, the written agreement shall require that services be provided in accordance with the rules in this chapter. If the service is provided outside of the facility, the written agreement shall require the provision of written documentation to the facility, including, but not limited to, documentation of services rendered and recommendations made by the party providing the service.

#### 8:43A-3.2 Compliance with laws and rules

(a) The facility shall comply with applicable Federal, State, and local laws, rules, and regulations.

(b) If a health care facility licensed by the Department provides ambulatory care services in addition to other health care services, the facility shall comply with the rules in this chapter and with the rules for licensure of facilities which provide the other health care services.

#### 8:43A-3.3 Ownership

(a) The ownership of the facility and the property on which it is located shall be disclosed to the Department. Proof of this ownership shall be available in the facility or at a designated location. Any proposed change in ownership

shall be reported to the Director of the Licensing, Certification and Standards Program of the Department in writing at least 30 days prior to the change and in conformance with requirements for Certificate of Need applications.

(b) No facility shall be owned, managed, or operated by any person convicted of a crime relating adversely to the person's capability of owning, managing, or operating the facility.

#### 8:43A-3.4 Submission of documents and data

(a) The facility shall, upon request, submit in writing any documents which are required by the rules in this chapter to the Director of the Licensing, Certification and Standards Program of the Department.

(b) The facility shall collect and submit to the Department, upon request, at least the following statistical data:

1. Number of patient visits, by payment source;
2. Number of distinct patients served, by payment source;
3. Number of new patients accepted; and
4. Number of practitioners, by type and level, providing services in the facility.

#### 8:43A-3.5 Personnel

(a) The facility shall develop written job descriptions and ensure that personnel are assigned duties based upon their education, training, and competencies, and in accordance with their job descriptions.

(b) All personnel who require licensure, certification, or authorization to provide patient care shall be currently licensed, certified, or authorized under the appropriate laws or rules of the State of New Jersey or under the applicable standards of the appropriate body.

(c) Staffing schedules shall be implemented to ensure continuity of care to patients. Provision shall be made for substitute staff with equivalent qualifications to replace absent staff members.

(d) The facility shall develop and implement a staff orientation plan and a staff education plan, including plans for each service and designation of person(s) responsible for training.

1. All personnel shall receive orientation at the time of employment and at least annual in-service education regarding, at a minimum, emergency plans and procedures, the infection prevention and control program, universal precautions, policies and procedures concerning patient rights, and, if appropriate, given the patient population of the facility, identification of cases of child abuse and/or elder abuse.

(e) At least one person who is currently certified in basic cardiac life support by the American Heart Association or the American Red Cross, or currently certified by the Department as an emergency medical technician—ambulance (EMT-A), shall be in the facility at all times during the facility's hours of operation. If a cardiac rehabilitation program is provided, at least one person who is currently certified in advanced cardiac life support by the American Heart Association shall be in the facility at all times during the facility's hours of operation.

#### 8:43A-3.6 Policy and procedure manual

(a) A policy and procedure manual(s) for the organization and operation of the facility shall be developed, implemented, and reviewed at intervals specified in the manual(s). Each review of the manual(s) shall be documented, and the manual(s) shall be available in the facility to representatives of the Department at all times. The manual(s) shall include at least the following:

1. A written statement describing the program's treatment philosophy, objectives, and staffing patterns, and the services provided by the facility;
2. An organizational chart delineating the lines of authority, responsibility, and accountability for the administration and patient care services of the facility;
3. A description of the quality assurance program for patient care and staff performance, including methods for at least annual review of staff qualifications and credentials and of staff orientation and education;
4. Definition and specification of hours of operation, including all times in which patients are present in the facility, business hours, and full working week;
5. A system for referral of patients to sources of secondary and tertiary health care;
6. A requirement for at least one member of the medical staff to maintain admitting privileges at a hospital;
7. Policies and procedures for the maintenance of personnel records for each employee, including at least the employee's name, previous employment, educational background, credentials, license number with effective date and date of expiration (if applicable), certification (if applicable), verification of credentials, records of physical examinations, job description, records of staff orientation and staff education, and evaluations of job performance; and
8. Policies and procedures for complying with applicable statutes and protocols to report child abuse and/or neglect, abuse or mistreatment of elderly or disabled adults, sexual abuse, specified communicable disease, rabies, poisonings, and unattended or suspicious deaths. These policies and procedures shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

i. The designation of a staff member(s) to be responsible for coordinating the reporting of diagnosed and/or suspected cases of child abuse and/or neglect in compliance with N.J.S.A. 9:6-1 et seq., recording the notification to the Division of Youth and Family Services in the medical record, and serving as a liaison between the facility and the Division of Youth and Family Services;

ii. The notification of any suspected case of patient abuse or exploitation to the State of New Jersey Office of the Ombudsman for the Institutionalized Elderly, pursuant to N.J.S.A. 52:27G-7.1 et seq., if the patient is 60 years of age or older;

iii. The development of written protocols for the identification and the treatment of children and elderly or disabled adults who are abused and/or neglected; and

iv. The provision at least annually of education and/or training programs to appropriate persons regarding the identification and reporting of diagnosed and/or suspected cases of child abuse and/or neglect; sexual abuse; domestic violence; abuse of the elderly or disabled adult; and the facility's policies and procedures.

Note: Copies of N.J.S.A. 9:6-1 et seq. can be obtained from the local district office of the Division of Youth and Family Services (DYFS) or from the Office of Program Support, Division of Youth and Family Services, New Jersey State Department of Human Services, CN 717, Trenton, New Jersey 08625.

(b) The policy and procedure manual(s) shall be available and accessible to all patients, staff, and the public.

#### 8:43A-3.7 Employee health

(a) The policy and procedure manual of the facility shall include policies and procedures to ensure that physical examinations of employees are performed upon employment and subsequently. Policies and procedures shall specify the circumstances under which other persons providing direct patient care services shall receive a physical examination. Policies and procedures shall specify the content and the frequency of the examinations.

(b) Each employee who cannot document the result of a previous rubella screening test shall be given a rubella screening test using the rubella hemagglutination inhibition test or other rubella screening test approved by the Department. Each new employee who cannot document the result of a previous rubella screening test shall be given the rubella screening test upon employment. An employee who can document seropositivity from a previous rubella screening test or who can document inoculation with rubella vaccine shall not be required to have a rubella screening test.

1. Each employee tested shall be informed in writing by the facility of the results of his or her rubella screening test.

2. Each employee's personnel record shall contain documentation of all tests performed and the results.

3. A list shall be maintained of all employees who are seronegative and unvaccinated, to be used in the event that an employee is exposed to rubella and a determination is needed as to whether or not the employee may continue to work.

(c) Each employee born in 1957 or later shall be given a measles (rubeola) screening test using the hemagglutination inhibition test, or other rubeola screening test, within six months of the effective date of this chapter. Each new employee born in 1957 or later shall be given a measles (rubeola) screening test upon employment. An employee who can document receipt of a live measles vaccine on or after the first birthday, physician-diagnosed measles, or serologic evidence of immunity shall not be required to have a measles (rubeola) screening test.

1. Each employee tested shall be informed in writing by the facility of the results of his or her measles (rubeola) screening test.

2. Each employee's personnel record shall contain documentation of all tests performed and the results.

3. A list shall be maintained of all employees who are seronegative and unvaccinated.

(d) Each employee, including members of the medical staff employed by the facility, shall receive a Mantoux tuberculin skin test with five tuberculin units of purified protein derivative within six months of the effective date of this chapter. Each new employee shall be given a Mantoux tuberculin skin test upon employment. Subsequent tests shall be performed in accordance with facility policy. Employees who can document negative Mantoux skin test results (zero to nine millimeters of induration) within the last year, employees who can document positive Mantoux skin test results (10 or more millimeters of induration), employees who have received appropriate medical treatment for tuberculosis, and employees for whom a Mantoux skin test is medically contraindicated shall not be required to receive a Mantoux tuberculin skin test.

1. If the Mantoux tuberculin skin test reaction is between zero and nine millimeters of induration, the test shall be repeated one to three weeks later.

2. If the Mantoux tuberculin skin test reaction is 10 or more millimeters of induration, a chest X-ray shall be performed and, if necessary, followed by chemoprophylaxis or therapy.

(e) The policy and procedure manual of the facility shall address employee safety and shall include procedures for

the care of employees who become ill at the facility or who are injured at the facility.

#### 8:43A-3.8 Reportable events

(a) The facility shall notify the Department immediately by telephone at (609) 588-7725, or at (609) 392-2020 after business hours, of any event occurring within the facility which jeopardizes the health or safety of patients or employees. Events which shall be reported to the Department include, but are not limited to, the following:

1. All fires, disasters, accidents or other unanticipated events which result in serious injury or death of patients or staff, in evacuation of patients from the facility, or in closure of the facility for six or more hours;

2. All deaths of patients occurring in the facility;

3. Occurrence of epidemic disease in the facility; and

4. All alleged or suspected crimes which endanger the life or safety of patients or staff and which have also been reported at the time of occurrence to the local police department.

(b) Events reported by telephone to the Department in accordance with this section shall be confirmed in writing within seven days of the event, unless the Department determines that a written report is unnecessary. The written report shall contain information concerning injuries to patients or staff, disruption of services, extent of damages, and corrective actions taken.

(c) Resignation or termination of employment of the administrator, and the name and qualifications of the administrator's replacement, shall be reported to the Department in writing within seven days of the resignation or termination.

#### 8:43A-3.9 Notices

(a) The facility shall conspicuously post a notice that the following information is available in the facility during business hours to patients and the public:

1. All waivers granted by the Department;

2. The list of deficiencies from the last annual licensure inspection and certification survey report (if applicable), and the list of deficiencies from any valid complaint investigation during the past 12 months;

3. A statement of patient rights;

4. The names of the members of the governing authority; and the addresses to which correspondence may be sent; and

5. The hours of operation and the business hours of the facility.

### 8:43A-3.10 Information reportable to State Board of Medical Examiners

(a) In accordance with the Professional Medical Conduct Reform Act, P.L. 1989, c.300, the facility shall notify the Medical Practitioner Review Panel established by the New Jersey State Board of Medical Examiners if a practitioner who is employed by, who is under contract to render professional services to, or who has privileges at the facility:

1. Voluntarily resigns from the staff if the facility is reviewing the practitioner's conduct or patient care or has expressed, through any member of the medical or administrative staff, an intention to do so;
2. Voluntarily relinquishes any partial privileges to perform a specific procedure if the facility is reviewing the practitioner's conduct or patient care or has expressed, through any member of the medical or administrative staff, an intention to do so;
3. Has full or partial privileges summarily or temporarily revoked or suspended, permanently reduced, suspended or revoked, has been discharged from the staff or has had a contract to render professional services terminated or rescinded for reasons relating to the practitioner's incompetency, misconduct, or impairment;
4. Agrees to the placement of conditions or limitations on the exercise of clinical privileges or practice within the health care facility including, but not limited to, second opinion requirements, nonroutine concurrent or retrospective review of admissions or care, nonroutine supervision by one or more members of the staff, or the completion of remedial education or training;
5. Is granted a leave of absence pursuant to which the practitioner may not exercise clinical privileges or practice within the facility and if the reasons provided in support of the leave relate to any physical, mental, or emotional condition or drug or alcohol abuse, which might impair the practitioner's ability to practice with reasonable skill and safety; or
6. Is a party to a medical malpractice liability suit in which the facility is also a party and in which there is a settlement, judgement, or arbitration award.

(b) For the purposes of (a) above, "practitioner" means physician, medical resident or intern, or podiatrist.

(c) Notifications required by (a) above shall be provided within seven days of the date of the action, settlement, judgement or award and shall be submitted on forms approved by the Department of Health for that purpose. The facility shall submit a completed supplemental form to the New Jersey State Board of Medical Examiners if so requested by the Board.

### 8:43A-3.11 Reporting to professional licensing boards

The facility shall comply with all requirements of the professional licensing boards for reporting termination, suspension, revocation, or reduction of privileges of any health professional licensed in the State of New Jersey.

### 8:43A-3.12 Reporting requirements for ambulatory surgery facilities

(a) As part of the annual licensure renewal process, all ambulatory surgery facilities shall submit to the Department's licensing program an audited statement that the facility has complied with the access requirements specified in the facility's certificate of need approval letter during the preceding licensure period. The audited statement shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

1. Total surgical case volume;
2. Surgical case volume for care provided to Medicaid-eligible and medically indigent persons, and its percentage of the total surgical case volume;
3. The cost of providing surgical care to Medicaid-eligible and medically indigent persons, excluding costs associated with bad debt or partial payment for individuals who are not Medicaid-eligible or medically indigent, and its percentage of the total cost of providing care; and
4. A description of the facility's free-care and partial-pay programs, including criteria of eligibility for each.

(b) As of July 15, 1996, each newly licensed ambulatory surgery facility shall submit to the Department the report of a survey of the facility performed by an independent accreditation organization approved by the Department. Such organizations shall be approved on the basis of their demonstrated ability to perform an operational survey using standards substantially equivalent to or exceeding the Federal Conditions for Coverage at 42 C.F.R. 416. The survey shall be performed, and the report shall be submitted to the Department, within the 12 months immediately following receipt of a 12-month temporary license from the Department. A full license shall not be issued upon expiration of the temporary license unless the report of the independent survey is submitted in accordance with this rule. Ambulatory surgery facilities licensed prior to July 15, 1996 shall have until July 15, 1999 in which to be surveyed by an independent accreditation organization. Following submission of the initial report, each licensed facility shall submit a report of the most recent survey by an independent accreditation organization as part of the annual licensure renewal process. Such survey shall have been performed within three years of licensure renewal. The survey report shall include, but not be limited to, corrective actions recommended and/or undertaken.

1. Licensure shall not be conditioned upon attainment by the ambulatory surgery facility of "accreditation" or "certification" or other such status granted by the independent accreditation organization.

New Rule, R.1996 d.341, effective July 15, 1996.  
See: 28 N.J.R. 1364(a), 28 N.J.R. 3560(a).

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#### SUBCHAPTER 4. GOVERNING AUTHORITY

##### 8:43A-4.1 Responsibility of the governing authority

(a) The facility shall have a governing authority which shall assume legal responsibility for the management, operation, and financial viability of the facility. The governing authority shall be responsible for, but not limited to, the following:

1. Services provided and the quality of care rendered to patients;
2. Provision of a safe physical plant equipped and staffed to maintain the facility and services;
3. Adoption and documented review of written laws, or their equivalent, in accordance with a schedule established by the governing authority;
4. Appointment, reappointment, assignment of privileges, and curtailment of privileges of health care professionals, and written confirmation of such actions;

5. Ensuring development and review of all policies and procedures in accordance with a schedule established by the governing authority;

6. Establishment and implementation of a system whereby patient and staff grievances and/or recommendations, including those relating to patient rights, can be identified within the facility. This system shall include a feedback mechanism through management to the governing authority, indicating what action was taken;

7. Determination of the frequency of meetings of the governing authority and its committees, or equivalent, conducting such meetings, and documenting them through minutes;

8. Delineation of the duties of the officers of any committees, or equivalent, of the governing authority. When the governing authority establishes committees, their purpose, structure, responsibilities, and authority, and the relationship of the committee to other entities within the facility, shall be documented;

9. Establishment of the qualifications of members and officers of the governing authority, the procedures for electing and appointing officers, and the terms of service for members, officers, and committee chairpersons or equivalent; and

10. Approval of the medical staff bylaws or equivalent.

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## SUBCHAPTER 5. ADMINISTRATION

**8:43A-5.1 Appointment of administrator**

The governing authority shall appoint an administrator who shall be accountable to the governing authority. The administrator, or an alternate who shall be designated in writing to act in the absence of the administrator, shall be available in the facility during its hours of operation.

**8:43A-5.2 Administrator's responsibilities**

(a) The administrator shall be responsible for, but not limited to, the following:

1. Ensuring the development, implementation, and enforcement of all policies and procedures, including patient rights;
2. Planning for, and administration of, the managerial, operational, fiscal, and reporting components of the facility;
3. Participating in the quality assurance program for patient care and staff performance;
4. Ensuring that all personnel are assigned duties based upon their education, training, competencies, and job descriptions;
5. Ensuring the provision of staff orientation and staff education; and
6. Establishing and maintaining liaison relationships and communication with facility staff and services, with support services and community resources, and with patients.

## SUBCHAPTER 6. PATIENT CARE POLICIES AND SERVICES

**8:43A-6.1 Establishment and implementation of policies and procedures**

The facility shall establish and implement written patient care policies and procedures governing the services provided.

**8:43A-6.2 Patient care policy committee**

(a) The facility shall establish a patient care policy committee, or its equivalent, consisting of, but not limited to, the administrator, the medical director, and a representative of the nursing service. A representative of each service offered by the facility shall attend all patient care policy

committee meetings in which policies or procedures for that particular service are developed or reviewed.

(b) All patient care policies and procedures shall be reviewed by the patient care policy committee, in accordance with a schedule established by the governing authority, at least triennially. Each review shall be documented.

**8:43A-6.3 Policies and procedures**

(a) Patient care policies and procedures shall facilitate continuity of care to patients and shall include, but not be limited to, policies and procedures concerning the following:

1. Services to be provided, including preventive, diagnostic, and treatment services;
2. Patient rights;
3. The referral of patients to other health care providers and the use of consultant services, in order to provide a continuum of care for the patient;
4. The provision of emergency and after-hours care and treatment, including a definition of emergency;
5. Methods for obtaining and documenting informed consent, including definition or a listing of types of procedures for which informed consent will be required;
6. Advance directives, including, but not limited to, the following:
  - i. The circumstances under which an inquiry will be made of adult individuals receiving surgical services, anesthesia services other than minor conduction block, or chronic dialysis services regarding the existence and location of an advance directive;
  - ii. Requirements for provision of a written statement of patient rights regarding advance directives, approved by the Commissioner or his or her designee, to such patients upon admission; and
  - iii. Requirements for documentation in the medical record;
7. Admission of patients, including limitations on admission based on diagnosis, type or degree of disability, medical condition, patient age, or other factors. These limitations shall not conflict with applicable Federal and State laws prohibiting discrimination in the admission of patients or in the provision of health care services;
8. The facility's registration and appointment system;
9. Follow-up of broken appointments, including specification of the circumstances under which such follow-up will be performed;
10. The provision of screening services, if offered, including indications for, and frequency of, such services;
11. Medical histories and physical examinations;

12. Initiation, implementation, review, and revision of a written plan of care, including indication of the types of patients for whom a plan of care will be written;

13. A system whereby, whenever possible, the patient is cared for by the same health care professionals;

14. Methods for ensuring visual and auditory privacy of patients;

15. Immunization records, if applicable;

16. Patient instruction and health education;

17. The provision of telephone consultation to patients during the facility's hours of operation;

18. Discharge, termination by the facility, transfer, and readmission of patients, including criteria for each;

19. The safe-keeping of patients' valuables, when required; and

20. Other activities, as required by this chapter.

(b) All patient care policies and procedures shall be available within the facility.

#### 8:43A-6.4 Medical history and physical examination

(a) The facility shall specify in its policies and procedures the circumstances under which the patient's medical history will be obtained, the contents of the medical history, and the frequency of updating. The contents shall include at least past surgical procedures and medical/health conditions, allergies, adverse reactions to drugs, and current medications.

(b) The facility shall specify in its policies and procedures the circumstances under which a physical examination will be performed, the frequency, and the contents. The contents shall include at least an assessment of body systems.

#### 8:43A-6.5 Instructions and information for patients

The facility shall provide printed and/or written instructions and information for patients, with multilingual instructions as indicated. Information shall include, but not be limited to, tests and/or procedures needed, possible complications, a telephone number to call when needed, and instructions for obtaining care in an emergency.

#### 8:43A-6.6 Communication assistance

The facility shall provide interpretation services, when necessary, for patients who do not speak English and for patients who are deaf. The facility shall provide other communication assistance, as needed, for patients who are blind.

#### 8:43A-6.7 Suitability of equipment and supplies

The facility shall provide equipment and supplies which are appropriate to the treatment needs of patients of the types and ages served by the facility.

#### 8:43A-6.8 Financial arrangements

(a) Records shall be maintained of all financial arrangements with patients, with copies furnished to the patient. The policies and procedures of the facility shall specify the form of retention and the retention schedule.

(b) Patients shall be informed, in advance, of the fees which are charged by the facility for the types of services and supplies expected to be provided to the patient, on the basis of a predetermined fee schedule. The facility shall post the fee schedule or a notice that the schedule is available in the facility. Patients shall be notified if physician or other practitioner fees will be billed separately.

(c) Policies and procedures shall require physicians and other practitioners to disclose, in advance, any separate charges, upon request of the patient.

(d) No additional charges, expenses, or other financial liabilities shall be assessed in excess of the predetermined rate, except:

1. Upon written approval and authority of the patient, who shall be given a copy of the written approval; or

2. In the event of a health emergency involving the patient and requiring immediate, special services or supplies to be furnished during the period of the emergency.

(e) Agreements with third-party payors and/or other payors, referral systems for patients' financial assistance, and sources of financial assistance available to the patient shall be described for the patient.

(f) Any sliding fee scales or special payment plans established by the facility shall be described and shall be made available for the patient to review upon the patient's request.

#### 8:43A-6.9 Smoking in facility

The facility shall become smoke-free within three months of the effective date of this section. "Smoke-free" means a total ban on smoking in the facility by employees, visitors, and patients. Prior to the time at which the facility becomes smoke-free, the policy of the facility regarding smoking in the facility shall be in accordance with N.J.S.A. 26:3D-1 et seq.

#### 8:43A-6.10 Calibration of instruments

All instruments of measurement shall be calibrated in accordance with manufacturers' instructions. A record of instrument calibration shall be maintained.

#### 8:43A-6.11 Acupuncture services

If the facility provides acupuncture services, such services shall be provided in accordance with N.J.S.A. 45:2C-1 et seq.

## SUBCHAPTER 7. MEDICAL SERVICES

**8:43A-7.1 Provision of medical services**

Medical services, as required by this chapter, shall be provided in the facility. Medical services shall be provided directly by the facility or through written agreement. Patients may be referred to physicians outside of the facility for additional medical services as required to provide a continuum of care for the patient.

**8:43A-7.2 Designation of medical director**

The governing authority shall designate a physician to serve as medical director. The medical director shall designate, in writing, a physician to act in the absence of the medical director. The medical director, or his or her designee, shall be available to the facility at all times.

**8:43A-7.3 Medical director's responsibilities**

(a) The medical director shall be responsible for the direction, provision, and quality of medical services provided to patients. He or she shall be responsible for, but not limited to, the following:

1. Developing and maintaining written objectives, policies, a procedure manual, an organizational plan, and a quality assurance program for the medical service. All medical policies and procedures shall be reviewed at least annually;
2. Participating in planning and budgeting for the medical service;
3. Coordinating and integrating the medical service with other patient care services to provide a continuum of care for the patient;
4. Ensuring that medical staffing patterns are implemented;
5. If the facility provides a cardiac rehabilitation program, ensuring that a physician is present in the facility at all times during the facility's hours of operation to supervise nonphysician personnel;
6. Assisting in developing and maintaining written job descriptions for the medical staff, participating in the review of credentials and delineation of privileges of medical staff members, and assigning duties based upon education, training, competencies, and job descriptions;
7. Participating in staff orientation and staff education activities; and
8. Approving the contents, locations, and frequency of checking contents, including expiration dates, of emergency kits or carts, equipment, and supplies, and assigning responsibility for these checks.

**8:43A-7.4 Medical policies and medical staff bylaws**

(a) The medical director shall be responsible for developing, implementing, and reviewing written medical policies, including medical staff bylaws, in cooperation with the medical staff. These shall be approved by the governing authority and shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

1. A plan for medical staff meetings and their documentation through minutes;
2. A mechanism for establishing and implementing procedures relating to credentials review, delineation of qualifications, medical staff appointments and reappointments, evaluation of medical care, and the granting, denial, curtailment, suspension, or revocation of medical staff privileges;
3. Specifications for verbal orders, including who may give verbal orders and who may receive them; and
4. A system for completion of entries in the patient medical record by members of the medical staff, including, but not limited to, specification of a time limit for completion of the medical record, not to exceed 30 days following the patient's last treatment or discharge. Entries shall be signed in accordance with N.J.A.C. 8:43A-13.4 and the facility's policies and procedures.

## SUBCHAPTER 8. NURSING SERVICES

**8:43A-8.1 Provision of nursing services**

Nursing services, as required by this chapter, shall be provided in the facility. Nursing services shall be provided directly by the facility or through written agreement.

**Case Notes**

Regulations superseded former N.J.A.C. 8:40 interim regulations on first trimester abortions. *Women's Medical Center at Howell v. Finley*, 192 N.J.Super. 44, 169 A.2d 65 (App.Div.1983) certification denied 96 N.J. 279, 475 A.2d 578.

**8:43A-8.2 Designation of director of nursing services**

The facility shall designate in writing a registered professional nurse as the director of nursing services, who shall be on the premises of the facility during its hours of operation. A registered professional nurse shall be designated in writing to act in the absence of the director of nursing services.

**8:43A-8.3 Responsibilities of director of nursing services**

(a) The director of nursing services shall be responsible for the direction, provision, and quality of nursing services provided to patients. The director of nursing services shall be responsible for, but not limited to, the following:

1. Developing and maintaining written objectives, policies, a procedure manual, an organizational plan, and a quality assurance program for the nursing service. All nursing policies and procedures shall be reviewed at least annually;
2. Participating in planning and budgeting for the nursing service;
3. Coordinating and integrating the nursing service with other patient care services to provide a continuum of care for the patient;
4. Ensuring that nursing staffing patterns are implemented;
5. Assisting in developing and maintaining written job descriptions for nursing personnel, and assigning duties based upon education, training, competencies, and job descriptions; and
6. Participating in staff orientation and staff education activities.

#### 8:43A-8.4 Responsibilities of licensed nursing personnel

(a) Licensed nursing personnel shall provide nursing care to patients in accordance with the State of New Jersey Nursing Practice Act, N.J.S.A. 45:11-23 et seq., as interpreted by the New Jersey State Board of Nursing, and written job descriptions. Services provided shall be documented in the patient's medical record.

(b) The nursing care needs of the patient shall be assessed only by a registered professional nurse.

#### 8:43A-8.5 Nursing portion of the medical record

(a) In accordance with written job descriptions and with these rules, nursing personnel shall enter the following in the patient's medical record:

1. The nursing portion of the patient plan of care, in accordance with the facility's policies and procedures;
2. Clinical notes; and
3. A record of medications administered. After each drug administration, the following shall be documented by the nurse who administered the drug: name and strength of the drug, date and time of administration, dosage administered, method of administration, and signature of the nurse who administered the drug.

### SUBCHAPTER 9. PHARMACEUTICAL SERVICES

#### 8:43A-9.1 Provision of pharmaceutical services through an institutional pharmacy

(a) If the facility has an institutional pharmacy, the pharmacy shall be licensed by the New Jersey State Board of Pharmacy and shall possess a current Drug Enforcement Administration registration and a Controlled Dangerous Substance registration from the Department in accordance with the Controlled Dangerous Substances Acts.

(b) If the facility has an institutional pharmacy, the facility shall designate a pharmacist who shall be responsible for the direction, provision, and quality of pharmaceutical services. The pharmacist shall be responsible for, but not limited to, the following:

1. Together with the patient care policy committee, developing and maintaining written objectives, policies, a procedure manual, an organizational plan, and a quality assurance program for the pharmaceutical service;
2. Participating in planning and budgeting for the pharmaceutical service;
3. Coordinating and integrating the pharmaceutical service with other patient care services to provide a continuum of care for the patient; and
4. Assisting in developing and maintaining written job descriptions for pharmacy personnel, if any, and assigning duties based upon education, training, competencies, and job descriptions.

#### 8:43A-9.2 Scope

N.J.A.C. 8:43A-9.3 through 9.5 shall apply to all ambulatory care facilities, regardless of whether or not the facility has an institutional pharmacy.

#### 8:43A-9.3 Policies and procedures

(a) The facility shall develop and implement written policies and procedures, approved by the patient care policy committee, for the administration, control, and storage of medications. The patient care policy committee shall review the policies and procedures and document the review at least annually.

(b) The facility's policies and procedures for the administration, control, and storage of medications shall include, but not be limited to, policies and procedures for the following:

1. Documenting and reviewing adverse drug reactions and medication errors;
2. Discontinuing drug orders, including, but not limited to, the length of time drug orders may be in effect, for drugs not specifically limited as to duration of use or number of doses when ordered, including intravenous infusion solutions;
3. The control of the administration of toxic and dangerous drugs, including at least narcotics, sedatives, anticoagulants, antibiotics, oxytoxics, corticosteroid products, intravenous infusion solutions, and other drugs specified in the facility's policies and procedures;
4. The use of parenterals, if used, including the labeling of intravenous infusion solutions, such that a supplementary label is affixed to the container of any intravenous infusion solution to which drugs are added;

5. The purchase, storage, safeguarding, accountability, use, and disposition of drugs, in accordance with the New Jersey State Board of Pharmacy Rules, N.J.A.C. 13:39, and the Controlled Dangerous Substances Acts and amendments thereto. Pharmaceutical services provided through written agreement shall be provided by a pharmacy licensed by the New Jersey State Board of Pharmacy. An individual patient may choose to obtain medications from a pharmacy which is not located in New Jersey;

6. The procurement, storage, use, and disposition of needles and syringes in accordance with all applicable Federal and State laws and rules, including those specified at N.J.A.C. 8:43A-14.6(b). All needles and syringes shall be kept in locked storage areas;

7. The control of drugs subject to the Controlled Dangerous Substances Acts and amendments thereto, in compliance with the New Jersey State Board of Pharmacy Rules, N.J.A.C. 13:39, and all other Federal and State laws and regulations concerning procurement, storage, dispensing, administration, and disposition. Such policies and procedures shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

i. Provision for a verifiable record system for controlled drugs;

ii. Policies and procedures to be followed in the event that the inventories of controlled drugs cannot be verified or drugs are lost, contaminated, unintentionally wasted, or destroyed. A report of any such incident shall be written and signed by the persons involved and any witnesses present; and

iii. In all areas of the facility where drugs are dispensed, administered, or stored, procedures for the intentional wasting of controlled drugs, including the disposition of partial doses, and for documentation, including the signature of a second person who shall witness the disposition;

8. The security of the keys or codes to locked drug storage areas, including specification of the personnel who may retain the keys or security codes. Only licensed nursing or medical personnel shall retain the keys or security codes to storage areas in which drugs subject to the Controlled Dangerous Substances Acts and amendments thereto are kept;

9. The control and limitation of use of drugs marked "sample";

10. The maintenance of records of prescribers' Controlled Dangerous Substance registration numbers and Drug Enforcement Administration registration numbers for New Jersey; and

11. Up-to-date pharmaceutical reference materials to be provided at locations specified in the facility's policies and procedures and made available to medical and nursing staff.

i. The telephone number of the designated State-wide or regional New Jersey Poison Information and Education System (1-800-962-1253) shall be provided at locations specified in the facility's policies and procedures.

ii. Current Federal and State drug law information shall be available to the pharmaceutical service.

iii. A list of abbreviations, metric apothecary conversion charts, and a list of chemical symbols, approved by the medical staff, shall be kept in areas where medications are prepared for administration.

#### 8:43A-9.4 Administration of medications

(a) All medications administered shall be prescribed in writing. Each written order shall specify the name of the drug, dose, frequency, and route of administration and shall be signed and dated by the prescriber.

(b) Medications shall be dispensed only in accordance with prescriber orders and all Federal and State laws and rules. Medications shall be administered only in accordance with prescriber orders, medical staff policy, and all Federal and State laws and rules by licensed or authorized medical, dental, or nursing personnel.

(c) Medications shall not be removed from their original prescription containers until the time of drug administration.

(d) Each patient shall be identified prior to drug administration.

(e) Drugs dispensed for one patient shall not be administered to another patient.

(f) Drug allergies shall be documented in the patient's medical record and on its outside front cover. Other allergies shall be documented in the patient's medical record.

(g) Medication errors and adverse drug reactions shall be reported immediately to the nurse in charge and to the prescriber, and an entry shall be made in the patient's medical record. The incident shall be reported in accordance with procedures established by the facility. The incident shall be reported to the pharmacy, in accordance with policies and procedures approved by the patient care policy committee.

#### 8:43A-9.5 Storage of drugs

(a) All drugs, except intravenous infusion solutions, shall be kept in locked storage areas. Drug storage and preparation areas shall be kept locked when not in use.

(b) All drugs shall be stored under proper conditions, as indicated by the United States Pharmacopoeia, product labeling, and/or package inserts.

(c) Drugs for external use shall be kept separate from drugs for internal use.

(d) All drugs in Schedule II of the Controlled Dangerous Substances Acts and amendments thereto shall be stored in a separate, locked, permanently affixed compartment within the locked medication cabinet, medication room, refrigerator, or mobile medication cart.

(e) A declining inventory of all drugs in Schedules I through V of the Controlled Dangerous Substances Acts and amendments thereto shall be made at the termination of each shift and shall be retained wherever these drugs are maintained.

(f) Drugs in single dose or single use containers which are open or which have broken seals, drugs in containers missing drug source or exact identification (such as lot number), and outdated, recalled, or visibly deteriorated medications shall be returned to the institutional pharmacy for disposal. In the absence of an institutional pharmacy, such drugs shall be brought to a location specified in the facility's policies and procedures for disposal in accordance with Federal and State laws.

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## SUBCHAPTER 10. COUNSELING SERVICES

### 8:43A-10.1 Provision of counseling services

(a) The facility shall provide, directly or through written agreement or through a documented referral mechanism, dietary counseling and social work services. All patients who have been identified as needing, or who have requested, other counseling services such as, but not limited to, genetic, psychological, and drug abuse counseling shall be referred to appropriate providers.

(b) The facility shall establish and implement written policies and procedures concerning the identification of the need for counseling services and referral to counseling services. The policies and procedures, which shall be reviewed at least annually, shall include, but not be limited to, policies and procedures for the following:

1. The provision, direction, and method to assure the quality of counseling services provided to patients;
2. The development and implementation of written objectives, standards of practice, and an organizational plan for counseling services;
3. Coordinating and integrating the counseling services with other patient care services in the facility and with services in the community to provide a continuum of care for the patient;
4. Staff orientation and staff education programs for the counseling staff; and

5. Entering in the patient's medical record:

- i. The counseling service elements of the patient plan of care; and
- ii. Clinical notes.

### 8:43A-10.2 Provision of social work services

Social work services which fall within the scope of practice defined by the Social Workers' Licensing Act of 1991 (N.J.S.A. 45:15BB-1 et seq.) and the New Jersey State Board of Social Work Examiners shall be provided by a social worker.

### 8:43A-10.3 Provision of dietary counseling

Dietary counseling which falls outside of the scope of practice defined by the State of New Jersey Nursing Practice Act and the New Jersey State Board of Nursing shall be provided by a dietitian.

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## SUBCHAPTER 11. LABORATORY AND RADIOLOGICAL SERVICES

### 8:43A-11.1 Provision of laboratory and radiological services

(a) The facility shall provide laboratory and radiological services directly or through written agreement.

(b) Laboratory services shall be provided only by facilities which are licensed or approved by the Department, in accordance with N.J.A.C. 8:44 and 8:45.

(c) Radiological services shall be provided only by facilities which are registered by the New Jersey State Department of Environmental Protection, Bureau of Radiological Health, in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:28.

(d) The facility shall establish and implement policies and procedures for obtaining, identifying, storing, and transporting laboratory specimens.

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## SUBCHAPTER 12. SURGICAL AND ANESTHESIA SERVICES

### 8:43A-12.1 Services

(a) If the facility provides surgical services to patients, the surgical and anesthesia services provided shall be limited to those procedures approved by the governing authority and the medical staff.

(b) Surgical procedures requiring the patient to remain in the facility for more than 24 hours shall not be performed in the facility.

Amended by R.1990 d.543, effective November 5, 1990.  
 See: 22 N.J.R. 1496(a), 22 N.J.R. 3392(b).  
 Service location specification deleted.  
 Amended by R.1993 d.443, effective September 7, 1993.  
 See: 25 N.J.R. 757(b), 25 N.J.R. 4140(a).

**8:43A-12.2 Definitions**

The following words and terms, when used in this subchapter, shall have the following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.

“Anesthetic agent” means any drug or combination of drugs administered with the purpose of creating conscious sedation, deep sedation, conduction anesthesia, or general anesthesia.

“Anesthetizing location” means any location in a health care facility where anesthetic agents are administered.

“Conduction anesthesia” means the administration of anesthetic agents to interrupt nerve impulses without loss of consciousness. Major conduction blocks include regional nerve blocks (epidural, caudal, and spinal anesthesia). Minor conduction blocks include local infiltration, local nerve blocks, and nerve blocks by direct pressure and refrigeration.

“Conscious sedation” means the administration of drugs to obtund, or dull or reduce the intensity of, pain and awareness without the loss of defensive reflexes.

“Credentialed” means granted the privilege by the ambulatory care facility to provide specified anesthesia services, such as administration or supervision of one or more types of anesthetic agents or procedures.

“Deep sedation” means the administration of drugs which results in some loss of defensive reflexes; the patient, however, remains arousable by strong stimulation.

“Defensive reflexes” means the ability of an individual to counteract noxious events, especially to defend the breathing passages against foreign material.

“General anesthesia” means the administration of drugs which causes loss of consciousness, that is, complete unawareness of routine surroundings. During general anesthesia the patient is unable to make meaningful responses to even the strongest stimulation.

“Local anesthetic” means an agent which produces a transient and reversible loss of sensation in a circumscribed portion of the body.

“Minor conduction block” means the injection of a local anesthetic to stop a painful sensation in a severely circum-

scribed area of the body (local infiltration or local nerve block), or the block of a nerve by direct pressure and refrigeration.

“Monitoring” means the observation of a patient using instruments to measure, display, and/or record (continuously or intermittently) the values of certain physiologic variables such as pulse, blood pressure, oxygen saturation, and respiration.

“Operating room” means a unit for the performance of surgery.

“Practitioner” means a physician, a dentist, or a podiatrist.

“Regional anesthesia” means a major conduction block such as epidural, caudal, and spinal anesthesia.

“Special procedure” means patient care which requires entering the body with instruments in a potentially painful manner. Examples are: endoscopy (diagnostic and surgical), oral surgery, radiologic procedures, or emergency procedures.

“Special procedure room” means the specially equipped facility location in which special procedures are performed.

“Supervision” means responsibility by a physician who is credentialed in accordance with medical staff bylaws, and who is immediately available for overseeing the administration and monitoring of anesthesia by anesthesia personnel. “Immediately available” means that the supervising physician is present in the facility and is available to respond and proceed immediately to the anesthetizing location.

Amended by R.1990 d.543, effective November 5, 1990.  
 See: 22 N.J.R. 1496(a), 22 N.J.R. 3392(b).  
 Text on policies and procedures recodified to 12.4; definitions added.  
 Amended by R.1993 d.443, effective September 7, 1993.  
 See: 25 N.J.R. 757(b), 25 N.J.R. 4140(a).

**8:43A-12.3 Surgical and anesthesia staff; qualifications**

(a) Surgical procedures shall be performed only by practitioners who are licensed to practice in New Jersey and who have been granted privileges to perform those procedures by the governing body of the facility, upon the recommendation of the medical staff, after medical review of each practitioner’s documented education, training, experience, and current competence.

(b) A physician and a registered professional nurse, at least one of whom is certified in advanced cardiac life support by the American Heart Association, shall be present during all surgical procedures and shall be present in the facility as long as any patient remains in the facility.

(c) There shall be a physician director of anesthesia services who is a diplomate of either the American Board of

Anesthesiology or the American Osteopathic Board of Anesthesiology, or who was made a Fellow of the American College of Anesthesiology before 1982. The medical director of the facility may serve as physician director of anesthesia services, if the medical director possesses the qualifications of a physician director of anesthesia services as specified in this subsection.

1. Facilities in which conscious sedation only is administered may, in lieu of appointing a director of anesthesia services as specified in (a) above, ensure that each of the physicians who administer, supervise, or monitor the administration of conscious sedation in the facility is credentialed by an acute care hospital, licensed in New Jersey in accordance with N.J.A.C. 8:43G, to administer, supervise, and monitor the administration of conscious sedation.

(d) The physician director of anesthesia services shall participate in the credentialing process and delineation of privileges of all personnel who administer anesthetic agents.

(e) Anesthetic agents administered with the purpose of creating conscious sedation, deep sedation, conduction anesthesia, or general anesthesia shall be administered in any location in the facility only in accordance with medical staff policies and procedures.

(f) All anesthetic agents, except those utilized for conscious sedation or as minor conduction blocks, shall be administered and monitored only by the following:

1. An anesthesiologist;
2. Under the supervision of an anesthesiologist:
  - i. A registered nurse anesthetist who is a qualified candidate for certification under a program governed or approved by the American Association of Nurse Anesthetists (AANA), provided that no national examination for such certification has been administered since the nurse became a qualified candidate for certification; or
  - ii. A physician resident, a dental resident, or a student nurse anesthetist participating in a nationally approved graduate training program leading to a recognized specialty;
3. Under the supervision of a physician who has been credentialed in accordance with medical staff bylaws to administer or supervise the administration of anesthesia:
  - i. A certified registered nurse anesthetist who holds a current certification under a program governed or approved by the AANA; or
4. For dental cases only, a dentist who has successfully completed a nationally approved graduate medical education program in anesthesiology or oral and maxillofacial surgery.

(g) The administration and monitoring of any anesthesia, except those agents utilized for conscious sedation or minor conduction blocks, shall be provided by an individual who is continuously present and separate from the individual who is performing the procedure.

(h) The supervision of any anesthesia, except those agents utilized for conscious sedation or minor conduction blocks, shall be provided by a physician who is credentialed in accordance with medical staff bylaws and who is immediately available. The supervising physician may concurrently be responsible for patient care if he or she is available to attend to supervisory duties without jeopardizing the life or safety of patients under his or her care. While supervising anesthesia personnel, the supervising physician shall not perform surgery, except minor surgery as defined by medical staff policy, or administer anesthesia to patients under his or her direct care.

(i) Anesthetic agents used for conscious sedation shall be administered only by the following:

1. A physician who has been credentialed in accordance with medical staff bylaws to administer anesthetic agents used for conscious sedation;
2. Under the supervision of a physician who has been credentialed in accordance with medical staff bylaws to administer or supervise anesthetic agents used for conscious sedation and who is immediately available:
  - i. A certified registered nurse anesthetist who holds a current certification under a program governed or approved by the American Association of Nurse Anesthetists (AANA);
  - ii. A registered nurse anesthetist who is a qualified candidate for certification under a program governed or approved by the AANA, provided that no national examination for such certification has been administered since the nurse became a qualified candidate for certification; or
  - iii. A physician resident, a dental resident, or a student nurse anesthetist participating in a nationally approved graduate training program leading to a recognized specialty; or
3. For dental cases only, a dentist who has successfully completed a nationally approved graduate medical education program in anesthesiology or oral and maxillofacial surgery.

(j) The monitoring of patients who have been administered an anesthetic agent for the purpose of creating conscious sedation shall be provided by an individual who is continuously present for the primary purpose of anesthesia monitoring, who is separate from the individual performing the procedure, and who is one of the following:

1. A physician who has been credentialed in accordance with medical staff bylaws to administer anesthetic agents used for conscious sedation;

2. Under the supervision of a physician who has been credentialed in accordance with medical staff bylaws to administer or supervise anesthetic agents used for conscious sedation and who is immediately available:

i. A certified registered nurse anesthetist who holds a current certification under a program governed or approved by the American Association of Nurse Anesthetists (AANA);

ii. A registered nurse anesthetist who is a qualified candidate for certification under a program governed or approved by the AANA, provided that no national examination for such certification has been administered since the nurse became a qualified candidate for certification;

iii. A physician resident, a dental resident, or a student nurse anesthetist participating in a nationally approved graduate training program leading to a recognized specialty; or

iv. A registered professional nurse who is certified in basic cardiac life support and who has training and experience in the use of monitoring devices; or

3. For dental cases only, a dentist who has successfully completed a nationally approved graduate medical education program in anesthesiology or oral and maxillofacial surgery.

(k) Minor conduction blocks shall be administered only by the following:

1. A physician who has been credentialed in accordance with medical staff bylaws to administer minor conduction blocks;

2. Under the supervision of a physician who has been credentialed in accordance with medical staff bylaws to administer or supervise minor conduction blocks and who is immediately available:

i. A certified registered nurse anesthetist who holds a current certification under a program governed or approved by the AANA;

ii. A registered nurse anesthetist who is a qualified candidate for certification under a program governed or approved by the AANA, provided that no national examination for such certification has been administered since the nurse became a qualified candidate for certification;

iii. A physician resident, a dental resident, or a student nurse anesthetist participating in a nationally approved graduate training program leading to a recognized specialty; or

iv. A certified nurse midwife, a physician assistant, or a nurse practitioner, as permitted by the scope of practice rules of the New Jersey State Board of Medical Examiners and the New Jersey State Board of Nursing, as applicable; or

3. For dental cases only, a dentist who has successfully completed a nationally approved graduate medical education program in anesthesiology or oral and maxillofacial surgery.

(l) Minor conduction blocks shall be monitored continuously by licensed medical or licensed nursing personnel.

(m) Provision shall be made for remote monitoring of the patient if radiation or another direct hazard necessitates the removal of personnel.

(n) A facility providing surgical services shall have a registered professional nurse other than the director of nursing services to serve as circulating nurse. There shall also be at least one registered professional nurse other than the director of nursing services present whenever a patient is in the postanesthesia care unit. (One person may satisfy both of these requirements if there is no patient in the operating room or no patient in the postanesthesia care unit.)

Amended by R.1990 d.543, effective November 5, 1990.

See: 22 N.J.R. 1496(a), 22 N.J.R. 3392(b).

Text on records recodified to 12.5; text on surgical and anesthesia staff qualifications added.

Amended by R.1993 d.443, effective September 7, 1993.

See: 25 N.J.R. 757(b), 25 N.J.R. 4140(a).

#### 8:43A-12.4 Policies and procedures

(a) The facility shall develop and implement written by-laws, rules, regulations, policies, and procedures for surgical and anesthesia services, in accordance with the governing authority and medical staff bylaws. The policies and procedures shall be reviewed annually and revised as needed, and shall include at least the following:

1. Delineation of the surgical and anesthesia services which may be performed in the facility;

2. Delineation of the responsibilities of medical staff members in providing care to patients;

3. Designation of a time frame and of persons responsible for completing a medical history, physical examination, and laboratory tests prior to surgery;

4. Policies and procedures regarding preanesthesia evaluation, patient preparation, and intraoperative management;

5. Policies and procedures to ensure that every patient is examined by a practitioner immediately prior to surgery;

6. Policies and procedures for use of analgesia and anesthesia, including types which may be used for each

procedure, safety regulations, and responsibilities and qualifications of persons who administer anesthesia and monitor patients;

7. Policies and procedures for the preoperative and postoperative recording of vital signs (blood pressure, temperature, respiration rate, and pulse);

8. Policies and procedures for reporting of morbidity and mortality;

9. Policies and procedures for monitoring of patients in any special procedure room or other location where patients receive anesthesia;

10. Policies and procedures for postoperative observation and care required for each type of procedure;

11. Methods to ensure that gross and microscopic tissue removed surgically or by any other procedure, including termination of pregnancy in accordance with the regulations of the New Jersey State Board of Medical Examiners, N.J.A.C. 13:35-4.2, is examined by a pathologist and a report of the findings is documented in the patient's medical record;

i. The facility shall ensure that the tissue is disposed of in accordance with N.J.A.C. 8:43A-14.7 of this chapter whether it is examined on the facility's premises or off the facility's premises;

12. Specification of the duration of time the patient shall remain in the facility after surgery;

13. Requirements for written documentation of surgical procedures performed, including at least a description of the findings, procedures used, specimens removed, patient's condition, any unusual events occurring during the procedure, postoperative diagnosis, and names of the surgeon and assistants. This operative note shall be written or dictated immediately following the procedure by the person performing the surgery and incorporated into the patient's medical record;

14. Policies and procedures for the provision of written instructions to the patient (multilingual, if indicated) on pre- and postsurgical care, including, but not limited to, restrictions on food and beverages before surgery and procedures for obtaining help in the event of surgical wound infection or other postoperative problems;

15. Policies and procedures regarding infection prevention and control, including, but not limited to, the following:

i. Designation of a person with training or experience in surveillance, prevention, and control of nosocomial infection who shall be responsible for the direction, provision, and quality of infection prevention and control services;

ii. Use of aseptic technique and scrub procedures;

iii. Gowning and operating room attire, including changing of masks between procedures;

iv. Traffic control;

v. Cleaning of the operating room after each procedure; and

vi. Care of operating room equipment and anesthesia equipment; and

16. Procedures for a systematic review and evaluation of patient care and surgical and anesthesia practices and techniques, as part of the quality assurance program of the facility.

i. Quality assurance shall include morbidity and mortality conferences.

ii. Quality assurance activities shall include at least the monitoring of outcomes for patients receiving anesthetic agents and postdischarge follow-up of surgical procedures.

iii. The facility shall notify the Division of Health Facilities Evaluation and Licensing, New Jersey State Department of Health, by telephone at (609) 588-7727 or (800) 792-9770 within 24 hours, and in writing within 30 days, of all deaths in anesthetizing locations and unexpected intraoperative or postoperative events or outcomes related to anesthesia. The written report shall include a summary of the incident and the patient's risk status or American Society of Anesthesiology (ASA) Physical Status classification. Records of such reports and telephone calls shall be made available only to Department of Health personnel for official purposes and, for each report, to the specific facility to which the report pertains.

Amended by R.1990 d.543, effective November 5, 1990.

See: 22 N.J.R. 1496(a), 22 N.J.R. 3392(b).

Text on policies and procedures recodified from 12.2; facility responsible for requirements, policies and procedures added at 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 15 in (a).

Amended by R.1993 d.443, effective September 7, 1993.

See: 25 N.J.R. 757(b), 25 N.J.R. 4140(a).

#### 8:43A-12.5 Records

(a) The facility shall maintain a record of all surgical procedures performed which shall include the type of procedure performed, operative diagnosis, type of anesthesia used, personnel participating, postoperative diagnosis, and any unusual or untoward occurrence.

(b) A preanesthesia note, reflecting evaluation of the patient and of the patient record prior to administration of anesthesia, shall be made or reviewed by the physician administering or supervising the administration of anesthesia and entered into the medical record of each patient receiving anesthesia at any anesthetizing location.

(c) A record of anesthesia that conforms with policies and procedures developed by the medical staff shall be made for each patient receiving sedation or anesthesia at any anesthetizing location.

(d) Postanesthesia notes shall be entered into the patient's medical record early in the postoperative period by a member of the facility's anesthesia team and after the patient's discharge from the postanesthesia care unit by a member of the postanesthesia care unit staff.

(e) The patient's medical record shall include a pathologist's report of gross and microscopic tissue surgically removed.

Amended by R.1990 d.543, effective November 5, 1990.  
See: 22 N.J.R. 1496(a), 22 N.J.R. 3392(b).

Text on records recodified from 12.3; (b), (c) and (d) added.  
Amended by R.1993 d.443, effective September 7, 1993.  
See: 25 N.J.R. 757(b), 25 N.J.R. 4140(a).

#### 8:43A-12.6 Surgical service emergency equipment

(a) Emergency equipment available to the operating room in a surgical service shall include at least the following:

1. Emergency call system;
2. Oxygen;
3. Mechanical ventilatory assistance equipment including airways, manual breathing bag, and ventilator;
4. Cardiac defibrillator;
5. Cardiac monitoring equipment;
6. Tracheostomy set;
7. Laryngoscopes and endotracheal tubes;
8. Suction equipment with catheter tip; and
9. Emergency drugs and supplies specified by the medical staff in the facility's policies and procedures.

New Rule, R.1993 d.443, effective September 7, 1993.  
See: 25 N.J.R. 757(b), 25 N.J.R. 4140(a).

#### 8:43A-12.7 Anesthesia supplies and equipment; safety systems

(a) Diameter index safety systems or equivalent systems shall be used on all large cylinders of medical gases and wall and ceiling outlets of medical gases.

(b) Pin index safety systems with a single washer shall be used on all small cylinders to prevent interchangeability of medical gas cylinders.

(c) All medical gas hoses and adapters shall be color-coded.

(d) An oxygen failure-protection device ("fail-safe" system) shall be used on all anesthesia machines to announce a

reduction in oxygen pressure and, at lower levels of oxygen pressure, to discontinue other gases when the pressure of the supply of oxygen is reduced.

(e) A vaporizer exclusion ("interlock") system shall be used to assure that only one vaporizer, and therefore only a single agent, can be actuated on any anesthesia machine at one time.

(f) To prevent delivery of excess anesthesia during an oxygen flush, no vaporizer shall be placed in the circuit downstream of the oxygen flush valve.

(g) All anesthesia vaporizers shall be pressure-compensated in order to administer a constant non-pulsatile output.

(h) Accurate flow meters and controllers shall be used to prevent the delivery to a patient of an inadequate concentration of oxygen relative to the amount of nitrous oxide or other medical gas.

(i) Alarm systems shall be in place for high (disconnect), low (subatmospheric), and minimum ventilatory pressures in the breathing circuit for each patient under general anesthesia.

(j) There shall be a written policy to ensure that surgery does not proceed when there are disabled alarms, depleted batteries and inactive sensors in oxygen monitors, improperly positioned breathing-circuit sensors, or other insufficiencies.

New rule R.1990 d.543, effective November 5, 1990.

See: 22 N.J.R. 1496(a), 22 N.J.R. 3392(b).

Recodified from 8:43-12.6 and amended by R.1993 d.443, effective September 7, 1993.

See: 25 N.J.R. 757(b), 25 N.J.R. 4140(a).

#### 8:43A-12.8 Anesthesia supplies and equipment; maintenance and inspections

(a) A record shall be maintained of all service and maintenance performed on all anesthesia machines, ventilators, and vaporizers. The record shall include machine identification; the name of the servicing agent; the work performed; and the date of the work. This maintenance shall conform with maintenance requirements established by the machine manufacturer. Credentials of each servicing agent shall be approved by the machine manufacturer or shall be determined by the physician director of anesthesia services to be equivalent to the credentials of manufacturers' servicing agents.

(b) All anesthesia equipment shall be inspected fully at the beginning of each day of use. A record of each such inspection shall be maintained for each machine. The inspection shall conform with a checklist that is supplied by the manufacturer of the machine, issued by the Federal Food and Drug Administration, or, alternatively, developed by the facility's anesthesia services and approved by the physician director of anesthesia services.

(c) All anesthesia equipment shall be inspected before each use. A record of each inspection shall be included in the patient's anesthesia record. Each record may consist of a single phrase or check mark in a box on a form.

New rule R.1990 d.543, effective November 5, 1990.  
See: 22 N.J.R. 1496(a), 22 N.J.R. 3392(b).  
Recodified from 8:43A-12.7 and amended by R.1993 d.443, effective September 7, 1993.  
See: 25 N.J.R. 757(b), 25 N.J.R. 4140(a).

#### **8:43A-12.9 Anesthesia supplies and equipment; patient monitoring**

(a) An in-circuit oxygen analyzer shall monitor the oxygen concentration within the breathing circuit, displaying the percent oxygen of the total mixture, for all patients receiving general anesthesia.

(b) A respirometer (volumeter) measuring exhaled tidal volume shall be used whenever the breathing circuit of a patient under general anesthesia allows.

(c) The body temperature of each patient under general or regional anesthesia shall be continuously monitored.

(d) Pulse oximetry shall be performed continuously during administration of general anesthesia, regional anesthesia, or conscious sedation, at all anesthetizing locations, unless such monitoring is not clinically feasible for the patient. Any alternative method of measuring oxygen saturation may be substituted for pulse oximetry if the method has been demonstrated to have at least equivalent clinical effectiveness.

(e) End-tidal carbon dioxide monitoring shall be performed continuously during administration of all general anesthesia to intubated patients, unless such monitoring is not clinically feasible for the patient.

(f) An electrocardiogram monitor shall be used continuously on all patients receiving general anesthesia, regional anesthesia, or conscious sedation at any anesthetizing location.

(g) Blood pressure, pulse rate, and respirations shall be determined and charted at least every five minutes for all patients receiving anesthesia at any anesthetizing location.

(h) A precordial stethoscope or esophageal stethoscope shall be used when indicated on each patient receiving anesthesia. If necessary, the stethoscope may be positioned on the posterior chest wall or tracheal area.

(i) A peripheral nerve stimulator shall be available to any anesthetizing location in which patients receive general or regional anesthesia to monitor the patient's extent of muscle paralysis from muscle relaxants. Another peripheral nerve stimulator shall be available within the postanesthesia care unit.

New rule R.1990 d.543, effective November 5, 1990.  
See: 22 N.J.R. 1496(a), 22 N.J.R. 3392(b).  
Recodified from 8:43A-12.8 and amended by R.1993 d.443, effective September 7, 1993.  
See: 25 N.J.R. 757(b), 25 N.J.R. 4140(a).

#### **8:43A-12.10 Anesthesia staff education and training**

Anesthesia staff education programs and training sessions shall include, but not be limited to, patient safety and the inspection and use of equipment.

New rule R.1990 d.543, effective November 5, 1990.  
See: 22 N.J.R. 1496(a), 22 N.J.R. 3392(b).  
Recodified from 8:43A-12.9 by R.1993 d.443, effective September 7, 1993.  
See: 25 N.J.R. 757(b), 25 N.J.R. 4140(a).

#### **8:43A-12.11 Postanesthesia care policies and procedures**

(a) Facilities providing anesthesia services shall have a postanesthesia care unit.

(b) The postanesthesia care unit shall have written policies and procedures which are reviewed annually, revised as needed, and implemented. These shall include at least:

1. Criteria for admission to and discharge from the unit;
2. Delineation of the primary medical responsibility for postanesthesia and postsurgical care of each patient in the unit, including authority to discharge;
3. Policies and procedures regarding monitoring of patients in the postanesthesia care unit, including availability of monitoring equipment;
4. Protocol of care for all patients;
5. Protocol for patient emergencies;
6. Policies and procedures regarding orders for intravenous administration of medications;
7. Requirements for documentation of patient status; and
8. A requirement that patients who receive anesthesia, excluding minor conduction blocks, not drive themselves home after discharge and that they be accompanied home by another person who accepts responsibility for the patient. If the patient fails to comply with the requirement, the circumstances shall be documented in the patient's medical record.

New rule R.1990 d.543, effective November 5, 1990.  
See: 22 N.J.R. 1496(a), 22 N.J.R. 3392(b).  
Recodified from 8:43A-12.10 and amended by R.1993 d.443, effective September 7, 1993.  
See: 25 N.J.R. 757(b), 25 N.J.R. 4140(a).

#### **8:43A-12.12 Postanesthesia care staff qualifications**

(a) There shall be a physician director with overall responsibility for postanesthesia care. The physician director of anesthesia services may serve as physician director of postanesthesia care.

(b) There shall be a registered professional nurse with administrative responsibility for nursing care provided in the postanesthesia care unit.

(c) All registered professional nurses assigned to the postanesthesia care unit shall be trained in postanesthesia care, including at least:

1. Management of airway and ventilatory function;
2. Monitoring of cardiac function, arrhythmia recognition, and treatment of life-threatening emergencies;
3. Management of the patient during altered states of consciousness;
4. Management of monitoring and respiratory equipment;
5. Management of fluid lines, tubes, drains, and catheters;
6. Cardiopulmonary resuscitation;
7. Administration of drugs and identification of drug-related problems; and
8. Recognition of the actions and interactions of anesthetic techniques.

(d) All registered professional nurses in the postanesthesia care unit shall have training in basic cardiac life support and in critical care.

New rule R.1990 d.543, effective November 5, 1990.  
See: 22 N.J.R. 1496(a), 22 N.J.R. 3392(b).  
Recodified from 8:43A-12.11 by R.1993 d.443, effective September 7, 1993.  
See: 25 N.J.R. 757(b), 25 N.J.R. 4140(a).

#### 8:43A-12.13 Postanesthesia care staff time and availability

There shall be at least one registered professional nurse present whenever a patient is in the postanesthesia care unit, and a second health care staff member shall be immediately available. Additional nursing staff shall be assigned on the basis of the volume and case mix of patients in the unit.

New rule R.1990 d.543, effective November 5, 1990.  
See: 22 N.J.R. 1496(a), 22 N.J.R. 3392(b).  
Recodified from 8:43A-12.12 by R.1993 d.443, effective September 7, 1993.  
See: 25 N.J.R. 757(b), 25 N.J.R. 4140(a).

#### 8:43A-12.14 Postanesthesia care patient services

(a) The patient shall be accompanied to the postanesthesia care unit by two individuals, one of whom, stationed at the patient's head, shall be a member of the anesthesia team.

1. If a patient who has received conscious sedation or a minor conduction block is able to walk to the postanesthesia care unit, the patient shall be accompanied by at

least one individual, who shall be a member of the anesthesia team.

(b) An oral report on the patient's condition shall be given to postanesthesia care unit nursing staff by a member of the anesthesia team when the patient is admitted to the postanesthesia care unit.

(c) A member of the anesthesia team shall stay with the patient in the postanesthesia care unit at least until the patient's vital signs, including blood pressure, pulse, and respiration, are recorded.

(d) The postanesthesia care unit shall continually evaluate the condition of each patient and maintain an accurate written report of his or her vital signs, with an objective scoring system used to track the patient's recovery from anesthesia from the time of admission to the unit until discharge from the postanesthesia care unit.

(e) Electrocardiographic monitoring shall be conducted for each patient who has received general anesthesia or regional anesthesia, unless such monitoring is not clinically feasible for the patient.

(f) Each patient who has received general anesthesia or regional anesthesia shall be monitored by pulse oximetry, unless such monitoring is not clinically feasible for the patient.

(g) The postanesthesia care unit shall have immediate access to end-tidal carbon dioxide monitoring, if general anesthesia is administered to intubated patients in the facility.

(h) The medical record maintained for each patient in the postanesthesia care unit shall include at least such preoperative data as allergies, physical and mental impairments, prostheses, electrocardiogram, vital signs, radiologic findings, laboratory values, drug use, and mobility limitations.

(i) The medical record maintained for each patient in the postanesthesia care unit shall include at least such postoperative data as the patient's general condition, respiration, consciousness, circulation, special problems or precautions, summary of fluids received during surgery, and oxygen saturation.

(j) Patients shall be discharged from the postanesthesia care unit using discharge criteria, including authority to discharge, which have been developed through the postanesthesia policies and procedures specified at N.J.A.C. 8:43A-12.11(b).

New rule R.1990 d.543, effective November 5, 1990.  
See: 22 N.J.R. 1496(a), 22 N.J.R. 3392(b).  
Recodified from 8:43A-12.13 and amended by R.1993 d.443, effective September 7, 1993.  
See: 25 N.J.R. 757(b), 25 N.J.R. 4140(a).

**8:43A-12.15 Postanesthesia care units and equipment**

(a) Postanesthesia care units shall be adjacent to or within the operating suite.

(b) The postanesthesia care unit shall be maintained as a closed unit. Access to the restricted zone of the postanesthesia care unit shall be through or past a control center.

(c) All staff in the postanesthesia care unit shall be attired in scrub attire. Any other individuals who are permitted limited access shall wear scrub attire, cover gowns, or jumpsuits.

(d) Equipment and services available in the postanesthesia care unit shall include at least emergency equipment and drugs, pulse oximetry, electrocardiographic monitoring, body temperature monitoring, equipment necessary for intubation and extubation, respirometer, various means of oxygen delivery, constant and intermittent suction, blood pressure monitoring, adjustable lighting, peripheral nerve stimulator, equipment which ensures protection of the patient's privacy, and immediate access to a ventilator and to end-tidal carbon dioxide monitoring in accordance with N.J.A.C. 8:43A-12.14(g).

1. If neither general anesthesia nor regional anesthesia is administered in the facility, then the requirements for pulse oximetry, electrocardiographic monitoring, and a peripheral nerve stimulator in (d) shall not apply to the postanesthesia care unit.

(e) If the facility provides a second stage recovery area in addition to a postanesthesia care unit, the requirements of (a) through (d) above shall not apply to the second stage recovery area.

New rule R.1990 d.543, effective November 5, 1990.

See: 22 N.J.R. 1496(a), 22 N.J.R. 3392(b).

Recodified from 8:43A-12.14 and amended by R.1993 d.443, effective September 7, 1993.

See: 25 N.J.R. 757(b), 25 N.J.R. 4140(a).

**8:43A-12.16 Designation of consultant pharmacist**

If an ambulatory surgical facility does not have an institutional pharmacy, the facility shall designate a consultant pharmacist who shall review all facility policies and procedures concerning the administration, control, and storage of medications at least semiannually. The consultant pharmacist shall not be affiliated with the pharmacy which provides pharmaceutical services for the facility.

New Rule, R.1993 d.443, effective September 7, 1993.

See: 25 N.J.R. 757(b), 25 N.J.R. 4140(a).

**8:43A-12.17 Physical plant**

(a) New ambulatory surgical facilities shall comply with Chapter 9, Sections 9.1 and 9.2, and with Chapter 9, Section 9.5, Outpatient Surgical Facility, of the Guidelines for Construction and Equipment of Hospital and Medical Facilities, 1992-1993 edition, as amended, incorporated herein by reference. (American Institute of Architects-Press, 1735 New York Ave., NW, Washington, D.C. 20006)

(b) When the ambulatory surgical facility is part of an acute care hospital's surgical suite, support services may be shared to avoid duplication. When inpatients and outpatients are served in the same suite, the functional program shall describe in detail scheduling and techniques used to separate inpatients from outpatients.

New Rule, R.1993 d.443, effective September 7, 1993.

See: 25 N.J.R. 757(b), 25 N.J.R. 4140(a).

**8:43A-12.18 Exceptions for local anesthesia**

Facilities in which local anesthesia or minor conduction blocks only are administered are exempt from complying with the requirements for anesthesia services in this subchapter, except that such facilities shall comply with the following: N.J.A.C. 8:43A-12.1, 12.3(e), 12.3(k), 12.3(l), 12.4(a)1, 12.4(a)2, 12.4(a)4, and 12.4(a)6. The facility shall also comply with N.J.A.C. 8:43A-12.9(g), except that the frequency of determining and charting blood pressure, pulse rate, and respirations may be determined by the facility and specified in the policies and procedures of the facility.

New Rule, R.1993 d.443, effective September 7, 1993.

See: 25 N.J.R. 757(b), 25 N.J.R. 4140(a).

**SUBCHAPTER 13. MEDICAL RECORDS****8:43A-13.1 Maintenance of medical records**

(a) A current, complete medical record shall be established and maintained for each patient and shall contain documentation of all services provided.

(b) Written objectives, policies and procedures, an organizational plan, and a quality assurance program for medical record services shall be developed and implemented. All medical records policies and procedures shall be reviewed at least annually.

(c) Original medical records or components of medical records shall not leave facility premises unless they are under court order or subpoena or removed in order to safeguard the record in the case of a physical plant emergency or natural disaster. Off-site storage of records may be used only if the Department is given prior notice, including the details of the storage arrangement, and only if such storage arrangements will ensure retrieval and delivery of the patient's medical record to the facility within one business day on a seven day per week, 24 hour per day, basis and immediate availability of medical record information through telephone and facsimile communications systems.

(d) A record system shall be maintained in which the patient's complete medical record is filed as one unit, and there shall be a system of access and identification for the medical records of all patients.

**8:43A-13.2 Assignment of responsibility**

An employee shall be designated to act as coordinator of medical record services. The facility shall designate an employee to act in the absence of the coordinator to ensure staff access to the medical record at all times during the hours of operation.

**8:43A-13.3 Contents of medical records**

(a) The complete medical record shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

1. Patient identification data, including name, date of admission, address, date of birth, race, religion (optional), sex, and the name, address, and telephone number of the person(s) to be notified in an emergency;
2. The patient's complaint or purpose of the visit;
3. The diagnosis or medical impressions;
4. Orders for laboratory, radiological, diagnostic, and/or screening tests and their results;
5. All orders for treatment, medication, and diets, signed by the prescriber;
6. Documentation of the medical history and physical examination, if performed, signed and dated by the examiner;
7. Patient assessments developed by each service providing care to the patient;
8. A patient plan of care, in accordance with the facility's policies and procedures;
9. Clinical notes, which shall be entered on the day service is rendered;
10. A medication sheet indicating at least the name, date, dosage, and duration of all medications prescribed;
11. A record of medications administered, including the name and strength of the drug, date and time of administration, dosage administered, method of administration, and signature of the person who administered the drug;
12. Documentation of drug allergies in the medical record and on its outside front cover and documentation of other allergies in the medical record;
13. An immunization record, in accordance with the facility's policies and procedures;
14. A record of referrals to or from other health care providers;
15. Documentation of any consultations ordered or provided;
16. Documentation that informed consent was obtained for any procedure or treatment provided which is specified in the facility's policies and procedures as requiring informed consent;

17. Documentation regarding an advance directive, if applicable;

18. The patient's signed acknowledgement that the patient has been informed of patient rights, either verbally or through written copy, and has been offered a copy;

19. Instructions given to the patient and/or family for follow-up care;

20. A record of any treatment, drug, or service offered by personnel of the facility and refused by the patient;

21. The discharge plan, where applicable, and a discharge summary sheet containing the patient's name, address, dates of admission and discharge, and a summary of the treatment and medication rendered during the patient's stay; and

22. Any authorizations granted by the patient for release of the patient's medical record.

**8:43A-13.4 Requirements for entries**

(a) All orders for patient care shall be prescribed in writing and signed and dated by the prescriber, in accordance with the laws of the State of New Jersey. All orders, including verbal orders, shall be verified or countersigned in writing within seven days.

(b) All entries in the medical record shall be typewritten or written legibly in ink, dated, and signed by the person entering them, or, if a computerized medical records system is used, authenticated.

1. If computer-generated orders with a physician's electronic signature are used, the facility shall develop a procedure to assure the confidentiality of each electronic signature and to prohibit the improper or unauthorized use of any computer-generated signature.

2. If a facsimile communications system (FAX) is used, entries into the medical record shall be in accordance with the following procedures:

- i. The physician shall sign the original order, history and/or examination at an off-site location;
- ii. The original shall be transmitted by FAX system to the facility for inclusion into the medical record;
- iii. The physician shall submit the original for inclusion into the medical record within seven days, unless a plain-paper laser facsimile process was used; and
- iv. The copy transmitted by FAX system shall be replaced by the original, unless a plain-paper laser facsimile process was used.

(c) The medical record shall be completed within the time frame specified in the medical records policies and procedures, which shall be no longer than 30 days from the last treatment or discharge.

(d) The medical record shall be available to the facility's health care practitioners involved in the patient's care at all times during the hours of operation.

#### 8:43A-13.5 Medical records policies and procedures

(a) The facility shall establish and implement written policies and procedures regarding medical records including, but not limited to, policies and procedures for the following:

1. The protection of medical record information against loss, tampering, alteration, destruction, or unauthorized use. The patient's written consent shall be obtained for release of medical record information;

2. The specific period of time, not to exceed 30 days, within which the medical record shall be completed following treatment or discharge; and

3. The transfer of patient information when the patient is transferred to another health care facility, or if the patient has been an inpatient and becomes an outpatient at the same facility, to ensure continuity of care.

(b) A patient, the patient's legally authorized representative, or a third party insurer where permitted by law may request or authorize, in writing, that a copy of the patient's medical record be provided to one of them or released to a third party. The ambulatory care facility or its subcontractor shall furnish a legible, written copy of the record at a fee based on actual costs. ("Legally authorized representative" within this section means spouse, immediate next of kin, legal guardian, executor, or an individual with power of attorney.) A copy of the medical record from an individual admission shall be provided within 30 days of request, in accordance with the following:

1. The fee for copying records shall not exceed \$1.00 per page or \$100.00 per record for the first 100 pages. For records which contain more than 100 pages, a copying fee of no more than \$0.25 per page may be charged for pages in excess of the first 100 pages, up to a maximum of \$200.00 for the entire record;

2. In addition to per page costs, the following charges are permitted:

i. A search fee of no more than \$10.00 per patient per request; and

ii. A postage charge of actual costs for mailing, not to exceed \$5.00;

3. No charges shall be assessed other than those permitted in (b)1 and 2 above;

4. The facility shall establish a policy assuring access to copies of medical records for patients who do not have the ability to pay; and

5. The facility shall establish a fee policy providing an incentive for use of abstracts or summaries of medical records. The patient or his or her authorized representative, however, has a right to receive a full or certified copy of the medical record.

(c) The Department shall periodically reevaluate the reasonableness of the fee scale contained in (b) above. If the Department determines that a change to the fee scale is warranted, the Department shall propose an amendment to (b) above.

(d) Access by the patient to the medical record shall be limited only to the extent necessary to protect the patient. A verbal explanation for any denial of access shall be given to the patient or legal guardian by the physician, and there shall be documentation of this in the medical record. In the event that direct access to a copy by the patient is medically contraindicated (as documented by a physician in the patient's medical record), the medical record shall be made available to a legally authorized representative of the patient or the patient's physician.

#### 8:43A-13.6 Preservation, storage, and retrieval of medical records

(a) All medical records shall be preserved in accordance with N.J.S.A. 26:8-5 et seq.

(b) If the facility plans to cease operation, it shall notify the Department in writing, at least 14 days before cessation of operation, of the location where medical records will be stored and of methods for their retrieval.

### SUBCHAPTER 14. INFECTION PREVENTION AND CONTROL SERVICES

#### 8:43A-14.1 Administrator's responsibilities

(a) The administrator shall ensure the development and implementation of an infection prevention and control program.

(b) The administrator shall designate a person with a health care background who shall be responsible for the direction, provision, and quality of infection prevention and control services. The designated person shall be responsible for, but not limited to, developing and maintaining written objectives, a policy and procedure manual, an organizational plan, and a quality assurance program for the infection prevention and control service. If the facility provides primary care, hospital outpatient, ambulatory surgical, or chronic dialysis services, the designated person shall have had training or experience in surveillance, prevention, and control of nosocomial infection.

**8:43A-14.2 Infection control policies and procedures**

(a) The facility shall establish an infection control committee which shall include the medical director and representatives from at least administration and the nursing service.

(b) The infection control committee, with assistance from each service in the facility, shall develop, implement, and review, at least annually, written policies and procedures regarding infection prevention and control, including, but not limited to, policies and procedures regarding the following:

1. In accordance with N.J.A.C. 8:57 (Communicable Diseases), a system for investigating, reporting, and evaluating the occurrence of all infections or diseases which are reportable or conditions which may be related to activities and procedures of the facility;
2. A system for identifying and monitoring nosocomial infections, in conformance with the "CDC Definitions for Nosocomial Infections, 1988" (order number PB 88-187117) incorporated herein by reference;
3. Infection control practices, including universal precautions, in accordance with the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) rule 29 CFR Part 1910.1030, Occupational Exposure to Bloodborne Pathogens, incorporated herein by reference;
4. Control measures or studies to be initiated following identification of an infection control problem;
5. Aseptic technique, employee health in accordance with N.J.A.C. 8:43A-3.7, and staff training;
6. Care of patients with communicable diseases;
7. Exclusion from work, and authorization to return to work, for personnel with communicable diseases;
8. Surveillance techniques to minimize sources and transmission of infection;
9. Sterilization, disinfection, and cleaning practices and techniques used in the facility, including, but not limited to, the following:
  - i. Care of utensils, instruments, solutions, dressings, articles, and surfaces; and
  - ii. Selection, storage, use, and disposition of single use and other patient care items; and
10. Collection, handling, storage, decontamination, disinfection, sterilization, and disposal of regulated medical waste and all other solid or liquid waste.

NOTE: Centers for Disease Control publications can be obtained from:

National Technical Information Service  
U.S. Department of Commerce  
5285 Port Royal Road  
Springfield, VA 22161  
or

Superintendent of Documents  
U.S. Government Printing Office  
Washington, D.C. 20402

Copies of the OSHA rule 29 CFR Part 1910.1030, which was published in the Federal Register on December 6, 1991, can be obtained from:

OSHA Office of Publications  
U.S. Department of Labor  
Room N3101  
200 Constitution Ave., NW  
Washington, DC 20210

**8:43A-14.3 Infection prevention measures**

(a) The facility shall follow all Category I recommendations in the current editions of the following Centers for Disease Control publications, as amended and supplemented, incorporated herein by reference, unless the facility's infection control committee makes a documented exception for a specific guideline:

1. Guideline for Prevention of Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections;
2. Guideline for Prevention of Intravascular Infections;
3. Guideline for Prevention of Surgical Wound Infections;
4. Guideline for Prevention of Nosocomial Pneumonia; and
5. Guideline for Handwashing and Hospital Environmental Control.

(b) The guidelines listed in (a) above may be obtained from the Centers for Disease Control, Atlanta, Georgia 30333, or the sources listed at N.J.A.C. 8:43A-14.2.

**8:43A-14.4 Use and sterilization of patient care items**

(a) Single use patient care items shall not be reused. Dialyzers may be reused in accordance with N.J.A.C. 8:43A-24.6(f) and the other rules in this chapter. Other patient care items which are reused shall be reprocessed and reused in accordance with manufacturers' recommendations.

(b) Instruments or medical devices which are introduced directly into the bloodstream or into normally sterile areas of the body shall be sterilized.

(c) Instruments or medical devices that come in contact with mucous membranes shall be sterilized or disinfected using high-level disinfection procedures approved by the Environmental Health Services Program of the Department of Health.

(d) All hinged instruments shall be processed in an open position.

(e) Sterilized materials shall be marked with an expiration date and shall not be used after the expiration date.

(f) Sterilized materials shall be packaged and labeled so as to maintain sterility and so as to permit identification of expiration dates.

(g) Sterilized materials shall be marked with an expiration date not to exceed the time following sterilization recommended by the manufacturer.

#### 8:43A-14.5 Care and use of sterilizers

(a) Sterilizers shall be kept clean.

(b) Sterilizer drains shall be flushed at least weekly, unless otherwise specified by the manufacturer, and a record shall be maintained.

(c) At the completion of each sterilization load, the time, temperature, and pressure readings shall be checked and recorded.

(d) A record of each sterilization load, including the date, the load number, and the contents of the load shall be maintained for at least one year.

(e) Biological monitoring with live spores shall be performed on each ethylene oxide sterilizer at least daily and following repair of the sterilizer.

(f) For steam sterilizers used to sterilize instruments, biological monitoring with live spores shall be performed on each sterilizer at least weekly and following repair of the sterilizer.

#### 8:43A-14.6 Regulated medical waste

(a) Regulated medical waste shall be collected, stored, handled, and disposed of in accordance with applicable Federal and State laws and regulations.

(b) The facility shall comply with the provisions of N.J.S.A. 13:1E-48.1 et seq., the Comprehensive Regulated Medical Waste Management Act, and all rules promulgated pursuant to the aforementioned act.

#### 8:43A-14.7 Disposition of tissue

All tissue, including gross and microscopic tissue, removed surgically or by any other procedure, including termination of pregnancy in accordance with the rules of the New Jersey State Board of Medical Examiners, N.J.A.C. 13:35-4.2, shall be incinerated, interred in accordance with N.J.S.A. 26:6, or disposed of through the application of an alternative technological process approved specifically for a given case by the New Jersey State Department of Health in

consultation with the New Jersey State Department of Environmental Protection.

### SUBCHAPTER 15. EMERGENCY SERVICES AND DISASTER PLANS

#### 8:43A-15.1 Disaster planning

(a) The facility shall have written emergency plans, policies, and procedures which shall include plans and procedures to be followed in case of potential hazards that could necessitate an evacuation, including internal and external disasters such as fire, natural disaster, bomb threats, or industrial or radiological accidents.

(b) The written, comprehensive emergency plan shall be filed with the Department of Health, and the Department shall be notified when the plan is changed. Copies of emergency plans shall also be forwarded to both municipal and county emergency management officials for their review.

(c) Procedures for emergencies shall include at least:

1. Protocols for notification of emergency service providers and officials;
2. Locations of emergency equipment and alarm signals;
3. Evacuation routes;
4. Procedures for evacuating patients;
5. Identification of one or more facilities to which patients would be referred in the event of extended closure of the facility;
6. Procedures for reentry after evacuation;
7. Tasks and responsibilities assigned to all personnel and identification of the person in the facility designated to coordinate emergency activities;
8. Protocols for removal and return of records, medications, supplies, and equipment after evacuation; and
9. Alternative procedures if patients cannot be returned to the facility.

(d) The facility shall ensure that patients receive necessary services during the evacuation or other emergency.

(e) A written evacuation diagram that includes evacuation procedure, location of fire exits, alarm boxes, and fire extinguishers shall be conspicuously posted throughout the facility.

(f) All employees shall be trained in procedures to be followed in the event of a fire and instructed in the use of fire-fighting equipment and patient evacuation as part of their initial orientation and at least annually thereafter.

**8:43A-15.2 Drills, tests, and inspections**

(a) Drills of emergency plans shall be conducted on each shift at least quarterly. The facility shall maintain documentation of all drills, including the date, hour, description of the drill, participating staff, and signature of the person in charge. The drills on each shift shall include at least one drill for emergencies due to fire and one drill for emergencies due to disasters other than fire, such as storm, flood, other natural disaster, bomb threat, or radiological accident.

(b) The facility shall perform quarterly tests of the building's manual pull alarm system and shall maintain documentation of test dates, locations of manual pull alarms tested, persons testing the alarms, and results of the tests.

(c) Fire extinguishers shall be examined annually and maintained in accordance with manufacturers' requirements, National Fire Protection Association (N.F.P.A.) 10, as amended and supplemented, and N.J.A.C. 5:18, the New Jersey Uniform Fire Code.

(d) The facility shall request, at least annually, that a fire inspection be performed by the local fire code authority, and the request shall be documented. The date of inspection, the results, and the inspector or agent conducting the inspection shall be documented.

(e) There shall be at least a semiannual inspection of the fire detection system. The date of inspection, the results, and the inspector or agent conducting the inspection shall be documented.

(f) There shall be at least a semiannual inspection of the automatic sprinkler system, if applicable. The date of inspection, the results, and the inspector or agent conducting the inspection shall be documented.

(g) There shall be at least monthly testing of emergency lighting. A logbook shall be maintained which shall include the date of each test, the results, and the person conducting the test.

(h) There shall be an elevator inspection, if applicable, in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:23-12.3 of the Elevator Safety Subcode. The date of inspection, the results, and the licensed official or inspector conducting the inspection shall be documented.

(i) There shall be at least an annual inspection of the heating and ventilation system. The date of inspection, the results, and the inspector or agent conducting the inspection shall be documented.

(j) The temperature of the hot water used in the facility shall be tested and documented in accordance with the policies and procedures of the facility.

**8:43A-15.3 Emergency medical services**

(a) The facility shall have written policies and procedures that are reviewed annually, revised as needed, and implemented as needed to meet medical emergencies based on the type of patients and cases that are typically treated at the facility.

(b) The facility shall be able to respond to medical emergencies occurring on the premises during its hours of operation.

(c) Emergency medical services not provided at the facility shall be provided by a hospital or hospitals by written agreement. The facility shall have a written plan for emergency transportation of patients.

(d) The facility shall have written policies and procedures regarding emergency kits and, if required, emergency carts which are appropriate to the patient population served by the facility and approved by the medical director. The policies and procedures shall be reviewed annually, revised as needed, and implemented, and shall:

1. Specify the locations, contents, frequency of checking contents (including expiration dates), and assignments of responsibility for checking contents; and

2. Ensure that emergency kits are secure but are not kept under lock and key.

(e) At least one person who is trained in the use of emergency equipment shall be available whenever there is a patient in the facility.

**SUBCHAPTER 16. PATIENT RIGHTS****8:43A-16.1 Policies and procedures**

(a) The facility shall establish and implement written policies and procedures regarding the rights of patients. These policies and procedures shall be available to patients, staff, and the public and shall be conspicuously posted in the facility.

(b) The staff of the facility shall receive in-service education concerning the implementation of policies and procedures regarding patient rights annually and as part of new employee orientation.

(c) The facility shall comply with all applicable State and Federal statutes and rules concerning patient rights.

**8:43A-16.2 Rights of each patient**

(a) Each patient receiving services in an ambulatory care facility shall have the following rights:

1. To be informed of these rights, as evidenced by the patient's written acknowledgement, or by documentation by staff in the medical record, that the patient was offered a written copy of these rights and given a written or verbal explanation of these rights, in terms the patient could understand. The facility shall have a means to notify patients of any rules and regulations it has adopted governing patient conduct in the facility;

2. To be informed of services available in the facility, of the names and professional status of the personnel providing and/or responsible for the patient's care, and of fees and related charges, including the payment, fee, deposit, and refund policy of the facility and any charges for services not covered by sources of third-party payment or not covered by the facility's basic rate;

3. To be informed if the facility has authorized other health care and educational institutions to participate in the patient's treatment. The patient also shall have a right to know the identity and function of these institutions, and to refuse to allow their participation in the patient's treatment;

4. To receive from the patient's physician(s) or clinical practitioner(s), in terms that the patient understands, an explanation of his or her complete medical/health condition or diagnosis, recommended treatment, treatment options, including the option of no treatment, risk(s) of treatment, and expected result(s). If this information would be detrimental to the patient's health, or if the patient is not capable of understanding the information, the explanation shall be provided to the patient's next of kin or guardian. This release of information to the next of kin or guardian, along with the reason for not informing the patient directly, shall be documented in the patient's medical record;

5. To participate in the planning of the patient's care and treatment, and to refuse medication and treatment. Such refusal shall be documented in the patient's medical record;

6. To be included in experimental research only when the patient gives informed, written consent to such participation, or when a guardian gives such consent for an incompetent patient in accordance with law, rule and regulation. The patient may refuse to participate in experimental research, including the investigation of new drugs and medical devices;

7. To voice grievances or recommend changes in policies and services to facility personnel, the governing authority, and/or outside representatives of the patient's choice either individually or as a group, and free from restraint, interference, coercion, discrimination, or reprisal;

8. To be free from mental and physical abuse, free from exploitation, and free from use of restraints unless they are authorized by a physician for a limited period of time to protect the patient or others from injury. Drugs and other medications shall not be used for discipline of patients or for convenience of facility personnel;

9. To confidential treatment of information about the patient. Information in the patient's medical record shall not be released to anyone outside the facility without the patient's approval, unless another health care facility to which the patient was transferred requires the information, or unless the release of the information is required and permitted by law, a third-party payment contract, or a peer review, or unless the information is needed by the New Jersey State Department of Health for statutorily authorized purposes. The facility may release data about the patient for studies containing aggregated statistics when the patient's identity is masked;

10. To be treated with courtesy, consideration, respect, and recognition of the patient's dignity, individuality, and right to privacy, including, but not limited to, auditory and visual privacy. The patient's privacy shall also be respected when facility personnel are discussing the patient;

11. To not be required to perform work for the facility unless the work is part of the patient's treatment and is performed voluntarily by the patient. Such work shall be in accordance with local, State, and Federal laws and rules;

12. To exercise civil and religious liberties, including the right to independent personal decisions. No religious beliefs or practices, or any attendance at religious services, shall be imposed upon any patient; and

13. To not be discriminated against because of age, race, religion, sex, nationality, or ability to pay, or deprived of any constitutional, civil, and/or legal rights solely because of receiving services from the facility.

#### 8:43A-16.3 Notice

(a) The administrator shall provide all patients and/or their families upon request with the name, addresses, and telephone numbers of the following offices where complaints may be lodged:

Division of Health Facilities Evaluation and Licensing

New Jersey State Department of Health

CN 367

Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0367

Telephone: (609) 792-9770

and

State of New Jersey

Office of the Ombudsman for the Institutionalized Elderly

CN 808

Trenton, New Jersey 08625

Telephone: (609) 624-4262

(b) The administrator shall also provide all patients and/or their families upon request with the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of offices where information concerning Medicare and Medicaid coverage may be obtained.

(c) Addresses and telephone numbers contained in (a) and (b) above shall be conspicuously posted throughout the facility, including, but not limited to, the admissions waiting area or room, the patient service area of the business office, and other public areas.

## SUBCHAPTER 17. HOUSEKEEPING, SANITATION AND SAFETY

### 8:43A-17.1 Provision of services

(a) The facility shall provide and maintain a sanitary and safe environment for patients.

(b) The facility shall provide housekeeping, laundry, and pest control services.

(c) Written objectives, policies, a procedure manual, an organizational plan, and a quality assurance program for housekeeping, sanitation, and safety services shall be developed and implemented.

(d) The facility shall perform a documented review of housekeeping, sanitation, and safety services at least annually.

### 8:43A-17.2 Housekeeping

(a) A written work plan for housekeeping operations shall be established and implemented, with categorization of cleaning assignments as daily, weekly, monthly, or annually within each area of the facility.

(b) Housekeeping personnel shall be trained in cleaning procedures, including the use, cleaning, and care of equipment.

### 8:43A-17.3 Patient care environment

(a) The following housekeeping and sanitation conditions shall be met:

1. The facility and its contents shall be clean to sight and touch and free of dirt and debris;
2. All rooms shall be free of condensation, mold growth, and noxious odors;

3. All equipment and materials necessary for cleaning, disinfecting, and sterilizing (if applicable) shall be provided;

4. Thermometers which are accurate to within three degrees Fahrenheit shall be kept in a visible location in refrigerators, freezers, and storerooms used for perishable and other items subject to deterioration;

5. Articles in storage shall be elevated from the floor and away from walls, ceilings, and air vents;

6. Unobstructed aisles shall be provided in storage areas;

7. Effective and safe controls shall be used to minimize and eliminate the presence of rodents, flies, roaches and other vermin in the facility. The premises shall be kept in such condition as to prevent the breeding, harborage, or feeding of vermin. All openings to the outer air shall be effectively protected against the entrance of insects;

8. Toilet tissue, soap, and disposable towels or air driers shall be provided in each bathroom at all times. Soap and disposable towels or air driers shall be provided at each handwashing sink at all times;

9. Draperies, upholstery, and other fabrics or decorations shall be fire-resistant and flameproof;

10. Latex foam pillows shall be prohibited;

11. Equipment requiring drainage shall be drained to a sanitary connection, in accordance with State and local codes;

12. During warm weather conditions, the temperature of the facility shall not exceed 82 degrees Fahrenheit. The facility shall establish a written heat emergency action plan which specifies procedures to be followed in the event that the indoor air temperature is 82 degrees Fahrenheit or higher for a continuous period of four hours or longer. The facility shall provide adequate ventilation in all areas used by patients; and

13. The temperature in the facility shall be kept at a minimum of 72 degrees Fahrenheit (22 degrees Celsius) when patients are in the facility.

(b) The following safety conditions shall be met:

1. Nonskid wax shall be used on all waxed floors;
2. Throw rugs or scatter rugs shall not be used in the facility;
3. All equipment shall have unobstructed space provided for operation;
4. Pesticides shall be applied in accordance with State Pesticide Control Regulations, N.J.A.C. 7:30;
5. All household and cleaning products in the facility shall be identified, labeled, and securely stored in a cabinet, closet, or room which is inaccessible to patients;

6. Combustible materials shall not be stored in heater rooms or within 18 feet of any heater located in an open basement;

7. Paints, varnishes, lacquers, thinners, and all other flammable materials shall be stored outside the building. Minimum supplies may be kept in the building in a locked storage room or in closed, locked metal cabinets or containers in a non-patient area of the facility; and

8. All furnishings shall be clean and in good repair, and mechanical equipment shall be in good working order. Equipment shall be kept covered to protect from contamination and accessible for cleaning and inspection. Broken or worn items shall be repaired, replaced, or removed promptly.

#### 8:43A-17.4 Waste removal

(a) All solid or liquid waste which is not regulated medical waste, garbage, and trash shall be collected, stored, and disposed of in accordance with the rules of the New Jersey State Department of Environmental Protection and the New Jersey State Department of Health. Solid waste shall be stored in insectproof, rodentproof, fireproof, nonabsorbent, watertight containers with tightfitting covers and collected from storage areas regularly so as to prevent nuisances such as odors. Procedures and schedules shall be established and implemented for the cleaning of storage areas and containers for solid or liquid waste, garbage, and trash, in accordance with N.J.A.C. 8:24.

(b) If garbage compactors are used, their installation and use shall be in compliance with all State and local codes.

#### 8:43A-17.5 Water supply

(a) The water supply used for drinking or culinary purposes shall be adequate in quantity, of a safe and sanitary quality, and from a water system which shall be constructed, protected, operated, and maintained in conformance with the New Jersey Safe Drinking Water Act, N.J.S.A. 58:12A-1 et seq., N.J.A.C. 7:10, and local laws, ordinances, and regulations. There shall be no back siphonage conditions present. Copies of the Safe Drinking Water Act can be obtained from the Department of Environmental Protection, Bureau of Potable Water, CN 209, Trenton, New Jersey 08625.

(b) The temperature of the hot water used for handwashing shall be maintained between 95 degrees and 120 degrees Fahrenheit (35 to 49 degrees Celsius). If the facility provides the means for patient bathing, the temperature of the hot water used for patient bathing shall be maintained between 95 degrees and 110 degrees Fahrenheit (35 to 43 degrees Celsius).

(c) The sewage disposal system shall be maintained in good repair and operated in compliance with State and local laws, ordinances, rules and regulations.

#### 8:43A-17.6 Laundry services

(a) If laundry services are provided, written policies and procedures shall be established and implemented for the facility's laundry services, including, but not limited to, policies and procedures for the following:

1. The provision of clean laundry for each patient, including blankets, if required. Linen shall be changed between each instance of patient use;

2. Collection of soiled laundry so as to avoid microbial dissemination into the environment, and placement in impervious bags or containers that are closed at the site and time of collection. Containers shall be in good repair, kept clean, and identified for use with either clean or soiled laundry;

3. Protection of clean laundry from contamination during processing, transporting, and storage; and

4. The sanitizing of equipment surfaces that come into contact with laundry.

(b) Soiled laundry shall be stored in a ventilated area separate from any other supplies. Soiled laundry shall not be stored, sorted, rinsed, or laundered in patient areas, bathrooms, areas of food preparation and/or storage, or areas in which clean laundry and/or equipment are stored.

(c) If the facility has an in-house laundry, written policies and procedures shall be followed to reduce the number of bacteria in the fabrics during laundering. There shall be a receiving, holding, and sorting area with handwashing facilities accessible to the area. The walls, floors, and ceilings of the area shall be clean and in good repair. Ventilation shall be adequate to prevent heat and odor buildup.

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## SUBCHAPTER 18. QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM

### 8:43A-18.1 Quality assurance plan

(a) The facility shall establish and implement a written plan for a quality assurance program for patient care. The quality assurance plan shall be reviewed at least annually and revised as necessary. The plan shall specify a timetable and the individual responsible for coordinating the quality assurance program and shall provide for ongoing monitoring of staff and patient care services.

(b) There shall be a multidisciplinary committee responsible for the direction of the quality assurance program. The committee shall include at least representation from the medical staff, nursing staff and administration. The committee shall establish a mechanism to include participation of all disciplines in the identification of areas for review that affect patient care throughout the facility.

**8:43A-18.2 Quality assurance activities**

(a) There shall be an ongoing process for monitoring and evaluating patient care services, staffing, infection prevention and control, housekeeping, sanitation, safety, maintenance of physical plant and equipment, patient care statistics, and discharge planning services.

(b) Evaluation of patient care throughout the facility shall be criteria-based, so that certain review actions are taken or triggered when specific quantified, predetermined levels of outcomes or potential problems are identified.

(c) The quality assurance process shall incorporate periodic review of patient medical records.

(d) The quality assurance process shall include evaluation by patients of care and services provided by the facility. If the families of patients are routinely involved in the care and services provided by the facility, the quality assurance process shall include a means for obtaining input from families of patients.

(e) The administrator shall follow up on the findings of the quality assurance program to ensure that effective corrective actions have been taken, including at least policy revisions, procedural changes, educational activities, and follow-up on recommendations, or that additional actions are no longer indicated or needed.

(f) The quality assurance program shall identify and establish indicators of quality care specific to the facility, which shall be monitored and evaluated.

(g) The results of the quality assurance program shall be submitted to the governing authority at least annually and shall include at least deficiencies found and recommendations for corrections or improvements. Deficiencies which jeopardize patient safety shall be reported to the governing authority immediately.

**SUBCHAPTER 19. PHYSICAL PLANT AND FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS**

**8:43A-19.1 Physical plant general compliance for new construction or alteration**

(a) New buildings and alterations and additions to existing buildings for freestanding ambulatory care facilities shall conform with the New Jersey Uniform Construction Code, N.J.A.C. 5:23-3.2, subchapters of the current model code of the Building Officials and Code Administrators International (BOCA), Inc. (4051 W. Flossmoor Road, Country Club Hills, IL 60477-5795), appropriate to Use Group B, as amended and supplemented, and the current edition of the Guidelines for Construction and Equipment of Hospital and Medical Facilities (The American Institute of Architects

Press, 1735 New York Ave., NW, Washington, D.C. 20006), as amended and supplemented, incorporated herein by reference.

(b) New buildings and alterations and additions to existing buildings for ambulatory care facilities which are part of an acute care hospital shall conform with the New Jersey Uniform Construction Code, N.J.A.C. 5:23-3.2, subchapters of the current model code of the Building Officials and Code Administrators International (BOCA), Inc. (4051 W. Flossmoor Road, Country Club Hills, IL 60477-5795), appropriate to Use Group I-2, as amended and supplemented, and the current edition of the Guidelines for Construction and Equipment of Hospital and Medical Facilities (The American Institute of Architect Press, 1735 New York Ave., NW, Washington, D.C. 20006), as amended and supplemented, incorporated herein by reference.

**8:43A-19.2 Physical plant general compliance for construction or alteration completed prior to the effective date of this chapter**

Existing buildings constructed or altered prior to the effective date of this chapter shall be in conformance with Federal, State, and local standards in effect at the time of construction, alteration, or approval of plans by the Department.

**8:43A-19.3 Plan review fees**

(a) Prior to any construction, plans shall be submitted for review and approval, in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, to:

Health Facilities Construction Services  
 Division of Health Facilities Evaluation and Licensing  
 New Jersey State Department of Health  
 CN 367  
 Trenton, New Jersey 08625

(b) Review fees shall be paid, pursuant to N.J.A.C. 8:31-1.1.

**8:43A-19.4 Alterations and repairs**

(a) If alterations or repairs costing in excess of 50 percent of the physical value of the structure are made within any period of 12 months, requirements for new structures shall apply to the entire structure, including those portions not altered or repaired.

(b) If alterations or repairs costing between 25 percent and 50 percent of the physical value of the structure are made within any period of 12 months, only the altered or repaired portions need to conform to the requirements for new structures.

(c) If alterations or repairs costing under 25 percent of the physical value of the structure are made within any

period of 12 months, the construction official and appropriate subcode officials shall determine to what degree the portions so altered or repaired shall be made to conform to the requirements for new structures.

#### 8:43A-19.5 Provision for the handicapped

Facilities shall be available and accessible to the physically handicapped pursuant to the New Jersey Uniform Construction Code, N.J.A.C. 5:23-7, Barrier-Free Subcode, and P.L. 100-336, the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 and Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities, as amended and supplemented, incorporated herein by reference. (Available from the Government Printing Office, Superintendent of Documents, Washington, D.C. 20402.)

#### 8:43A-19.6 Common elements for ambulatory health care facilities

All new ambulatory health care facilities, except small facilities addressed at N.J.A.C. 8:43A-19.7, shall comply with Chapter 9, Section 9.2, of the Guidelines for Construction and Equipment of Hospital and Medical Facilities, 1992-1993 edition, as amended, and other sections appropriate to the specific service(s) provided therein, all of which is incorporated herein by reference.

#### 8:43A-19.7 Small ambulatory care facilities

Chapter 9, Section 9.4, of the Guidelines for Construction and Equipment of Hospital and Medical Facilities, 1992-1993 edition, as amended, is incorporated by reference herein and shall apply to new small ambulatory care facilities. "Small ambulatory care facility" means a facility which provides ambulatory care services and in which the space and equipment are utilized by four or fewer workers at any one time.

### SUBCHAPTER 20. FAMILY PRACTICE SERVICES

#### 8:43A-20.1 Additional requirements

An ambulatory care facility which provides family practice services shall comply with N.J.A.C. 8:43A-1 through 11 and 13 through 19, and this subchapter.

#### 8:43A-20.2 Medical staff to be provided

If an ambulatory care facility provides family practice services, the medical director shall be a family practice physician or the facility shall have a family practice physician on the medical staff. The family practice physician shall be available during the facility's hours of operation. ("Available" means capable of being reached.)

### SUBCHAPTER 21. FAMILY PLANNING, PRENATAL, POSTPARTUM, AND GYNECOLOGICAL SERVICES

#### 8:43A-21.1 Additional requirements and exceptions

(a) An ambulatory care facility which provides family planning, prenatal, postpartum, and/or gynecological services shall comply with N.J.A.C. 8:43A-1 through 11 and 13 through 19, and this subchapter. If the facility also provides surgical or anesthesia services, then the facility shall also comply with N.J.A.C. 8:43A-12.

1. The facility shall be a formal member of a Maternal and Child Health Consortium, in accordance with N.J.A.C. 8:33C.

Amended by R.1996 d.340, effective July 15, 1996.  
See: 28 N.J.R. 2369(a), 28 N.J.R. 3559(a).

#### 8:43A-21.2 Medical staff to be provided

If an ambulatory care facility provides prenatal, postpartum, gynecological, and/or family planning services, the medical director shall be an obstetrician-gynecologist or the facility shall have an obstetrician-gynecologist on the medical staff. The obstetrician-gynecologist shall be available during the facility's hours of operation. ("Available" means capable of being reached.)

Recodified from 8:43A-21.3 by R.1996 d.340, effective July 15, 1996.  
See: 28 N.J.R. 2369(a), 28 N.J.R. 3559(a).

Former section, "Application for licensure", repealed.

#### 8:43A-21.3 Medical history

In addition to complying with N.J.A.C. 8:43A-6.4(a), the facility shall obtain the patient's obstetrical and gynecological history, if appropriate, including a history of psychological and social problems.

Recodified from 8:43A-21.4 by R.1996 d.340, effective July 15, 1996.  
See: 28 N.J.R. 2369(a), 28 N.J.R. 3559(a).

Former N.J.A.C. 8:43A-21.3, "Medical staff to be provided", recodified to 8:43A-21.2.

#### 8:43A-21.4 Medical records

(a) The complete medical record for prenatal patients shall include, but not be limited to, documentation of assessment of uterine growth, fetal heart tones, estimated delivery date, urine tests for protein, blood pressure, weight gain, and an updated assessment of obstetrical risk, and shall be in conformance with N.J.A.C. 8:33C-4.3.

(b) The facility shall establish and implement written policies and procedures regarding the transfer of patient information when the patient is transferred to another health care facility, or if the patient has been an inpatient and becomes an outpatient at the same facility, to ensure continuity of care. In the case of a prenatal patient, a copy or summary of the patient's prenatal medical record shall be transferred, no later than 34 weeks gestation, from the facility to the inpatient facility where delivery is to take place. The facility shall also request a copy or summary of the patient's labor, delivery and postpartum record from the inpatient facility prior to any scheduled postpartum visits.

Recodified from 8:43A-21.5 by R.1996 d.340, effective July 15, 1996.  
See: 28 N.J.R. 2369(a), 28 N.J.R. 3559(a).

Former N.J.A.C. 8:43A-21.4, "Medical history", recodified to 8:43A-21.3.

#### **8:43A-21.5 (Reserved)**

Recodified to 8:43A-21.4 by R.1996 d.340, effective July 15, 1996.

See: 28 N.J.R. 2369(a), 28 N.J.R. 3559(a).

Section was "Medical records".

## SUBCHAPTER 22. PEDIATRIC SERVICES

### **8:43A-22.1 Additional requirements**

(a) An ambulatory care facility which provides pediatric services shall comply with N.J.A.C. 8:43A-1 through 11 and 13 through 19, and this subchapter.

1. The facility shall be a formal member of a Maternal and Child Health Consortium, in accordance with N.J.A.C. 8:33C.

### **8:43A-22.2 Medical staff to be provided**

A facility which provides pediatric services shall have a pediatrician or family practice physician on the medical staff and available during the facility's hours of operation. ("Available" means capable of being reached.)

### **8:43A-22.3 Medical records**

The complete medical record for pediatric patients shall include, but not be limited to, documentation of assessment of growth, including at least a record of weight and length or height, documentation of a basic developmental assessment, including sensory screenings, and a record of immunization.

## SUBCHAPTER 23. PRIMARY CARE

### **8:43A-23.1 Additional requirements**

(a) An ambulatory care facility which provides primary care services, as defined at N.J.A.C. 8:43A-1.3, shall comply with N.J.A.C. 8:43A-1 through 11 and 13 through 19, and this subchapter. If the facility provides family practice services, then the facility shall also comply with the rules in N.J.A.C. 8:43A-20. If the facility provides primary care to a pediatric population, then the facility shall also comply with the rules in N.J.A.C. 8:43A-22.

1. If a facility provides primary care services only, the requirement at N.J.A.C. 8:43A-8.2 for a registered professional nurse to be on the premises during the hours of operation may be satisfied by a physician, if permitted by the policies and procedures of the facility.

### **8:43A-23.2 Infection prevention and control**

The administrator shall designate a person with training or experience in surveillance, prevention, and control of nosocomial infection who shall be responsible for the direction, provision, and quality of infection prevention and control services.

### **8:43A-23.3 Mobile vans**

(a) If a facility wishes to provide services through use of one or more mobile vans, the facility shall obtain the prior authorization of the Licensing, Certification and Standards Program of the Department. Such authorization may be contingent upon an on-site inspection by representatives of the Department.

(b) Policies and procedures for the use of mobile vans in the provision of primary care services shall address at least patient care, control of drugs, medical records, and infection prevention and control.

### **8:43A-23.4 Freestanding primary care outpatient facilities**

New freestanding facilities which provide primary care services, except small facilities addressed at N.J.A.C. 8:43A-23.5, shall comply with Chapter 9, Sections 9.1, 9.2, and 9.3, of the Guidelines for Construction and Equipment of Hospital and Medical Facilities, 1992-1993 edition, as amended, incorporated herein by reference.

### **8:43A-23.5 Small primary care outpatient facilities**

(a) Small primary care outpatient facilities may be located within existing commercial, residential, licensed child care, educational, or other types of buildings or may be small, freestanding, new or converted structures. "Small primary care outpatient facility" means a facility which provides primary care services and in which the space and equipment are utilized by four or fewer workers at any one time.

(b) New small primary care outpatient facilities shall comply with Chapter 9, Section 9.4, of the Guidelines for Construction and Equipment of Hospital and Medical Facilities, 1992-1993 edition, as amended, incorporated herein by reference.

## SUBCHAPTER 24. CHRONIC DIALYSIS SERVICES

### **8:43A-24.1 Additional requirements**

Hospital facilities which provide renal dialysis services within the hospital shall comply with N.J.A.C. 8:43G-30. All other ambulatory care facilities which provide chronic dialysis services shall comply with N.J.A.C. 8:43A-1 through 11 and 13 through 19, and this subchapter.

**8:43A-24.2 Minimum program size and transfer agreements**

(a) A facility providing chronic dialysis services shall have at least nine stations. Facilities licensed prior to the effective date of this chapter shall have until January 1, 1994, to establish this minimum number of stations. In the case of new construction or renovation involving at least 25 percent of the physical plant, an open treatment area shall contain no more than 20 stations.

(b) A facility providing chronic dialysis services shall have a written transfer agreement with at least one hospital-based chronic dialysis unit with acute dialysis capacity and with at least one facility having a renal transplantation program.

**8:43A-24.3 Patient services**

(a) The facility's policy on dialyzer reuse shall be explained to all chronic dialysis patients, and the facility shall document each patient's decision regarding consent to dialyzer reuse. If the patient declines reuse, arrangements shall be made for the patient to receive single-use treatment in the facility.

(b) In addition to complying with N.J.A.C. 8:43A-6.4, the facility shall ensure that a medical history is obtained and a physical examination is performed for each chronic dialysis patient within seven days of initiation of treatment and that these are updated at least every five years.

(c) A written plan of care shall be developed for each chronic dialysis patient by a multidisciplinary team which includes, at least, a nephrologist, a transplant surgeon or designee, a registered professional nurse, a dietitian, and a licensed social worker or a social worker hired prior to 1976 who receives consultation from a licensed social worker. The plan of care shall specify goals and expected outcomes.

(d) The written plan of care for each chronic dialysis patient shall be discussed with the patient and/or family, implemented within four weeks of admission to the facility, reviewed by the multidisciplinary team at least every six months, and revised as needed.

(e) Each member of the multidisciplinary team shall enter clinical notes into the chronic dialysis patient's medical record.

(f) If a chronic dialysis patient is referred by, or transferred from, another health care facility, the facility providing chronic dialysis services shall provide the referring or transferring facility with copies of summaries of the patient's progress, a description of dietary care, and results of laboratory tests upon discharge from the facility providing chronic dialysis services or upon request.

(g) Chronic dialysis patients shall be dialyzed in chairs which can be inclined so that the patient's head is lower than his or her feet, except when the patient is dialyzed in a hospital bed.

**8:43A-24.4 Qualifications of the medical director and medical records coordinator**

(a) The medical director of a facility which provides chronic dialysis services shall be a nephrologist. A medical director designated prior to July 1, 1993, shall have the qualifications of a nephrologist as specified at N.J.A.C. 8:43A-1.15. A medical director designated on or after July 1, 1993, shall be a diplomate of either the American Board of Internal Medicine or the American Osteopathic Board of Internal Medicine in the subspecialty of nephrology.

(b) The coordinator of medical records designated in accordance with N.J.A.C. 8:43A-13.2 shall be a medical records practitioner or shall function in consultation with a person so qualified. The medical records practitioner shall:

1. Be certified or eligible for certification as a registered record administrator (RRA) or an accredited record technician (ART) by the American Medical Record Association (875 North Michigan Avenue, Suite 1850, John Hancock Center, Chicago, Illinois 60611); or
2. Be a graduate of a program in medical record science accredited by the Committee on Allied Health Education and Accreditation of the American Medical Association in collaboration with the Council on Education of the American Medical Records Association.

**8:43A-24.5 Nurse staffing**

(a) A facility providing chronic dialysis services shall have at least one registered professional nurse, licensed practical nurse, or trained technician on duty for every three patients receiving dialysis services on the premises. In all cases, there shall be at least one registered professional nurse on duty for the first nine patients receiving dialysis services on the premises and an additional registered professional nurse if the number of patients exceeds nine, including the registered professional nurse required by N.J.A.C. 8:43A-8.2.

(b) Members of the nursing staff of facilities which provide chronic dialysis services shall receive on-site training in renal dialysis techniques, as determined by the facility, before they are permitted to work without direct supervision.

(c) If home (self) care dialysis training services are provided, a registered professional nurse shall direct the home (self) care dialysis training program. Training of patients may be assigned to licensed practical nurses. In no case shall training be conducted by less than one licensed nurse for every two patients on the premises receiving home (self) care dialysis training.

(d) If self care dialysis services are provided on the premises, there shall be a minimum of one licensed nurse on duty for every six patients on the premises receiving self care dialysis.

(e) If pediatric dialysis services are provided, there shall be a minimum of two registered professional nurses, licensed practical nurses, or trained technicians on duty for every three patients receiving chronic pediatric dialysis services on the premises. There shall be a minimum of one registered professional nurse in the pediatric dialysis service whenever services are being provided. The registered professional nurse may be considered as one of the total number of required nursing service staff members.

(f) If an administrator performs both administrative and other functions, written documentation of the administrator's time spent in each function shall be maintained. The administrator's time spent in administrative functions shall not be included in the computation of staffing levels for nursing services.

#### 8:43A-24.6 Infection prevention and control

(a) The administrator shall designate a person with training or experience in surveillance, prevention, and control of nosocomial infection who shall be responsible for the direction, provision, and quality of infection prevention and control services.

(b) The facility shall have written infection control policies and procedures specific to the chronic dialysis service, which shall include universal precautions.

(c) All staff members of the chronic dialysis service and all chronic dialysis patients shall be screened for hepatitis in accordance with the current edition of the Centers for Disease Control publication "Hepatitis Surveillance," as amended and supplemented, available from the Centers for Disease Control, Atlanta, Georgia 30333, incorporated herein by reference.

(d) Facilities which provide chronic dialysis services shall comply with the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) rule 29 CFR Part 1910.1030, incorporated herein by reference, as it pertains to hepatitis B vaccination.

(e) Chronic dialysis patients with communicable or transmittable diseases shall be treated in accordance with Centers for Disease Control guidelines.

(f) If dialyzers are reused, reuse shall conform with guidelines in the Association for the Advancement of Medical Instrumentation (AAMI) publications, "Recommended Practice for Reuse of Hemodialyzers," incorporated herein by reference.

(g) A facility providing chronic dialysis services shall establish and implement policies and procedures regarding cleaning and/or disinfecting of patient reclining chairs, beds

(including mattresses) and dialysis machines between each instance of patient use, and daily cleaning and disinfecting of floors and walls in the dialysis area.

(h) Water treatment equipment, water, and dialysate shall satisfy the requirements specified in the Association for the Advancement of Medical Instrumentation (AAMI) publication entitled "American National Standard for Hemodialysis Systems," as amended and supplemented, incorporated herein by reference.

1. Water and dialysate shall be microbiologically analyzed monthly. Water samples shall be taken immediately beyond the last water treatment device and at other locations in each treatment area so as to ensure that water throughout the distribution lines conforms with AAMI standards. Chemical analysis of the water shall be performed every six months.

2. A DPD test kit or similar method shall be used daily to detect the presence of chloramine and to measure chloramine levels in water used to prepare dialysate. The level of chloramine shall not exceed the AAMI standard of 0.1 ppm.

3. Written records of analysis procedures and results and of equipment maintenance shall be maintained in the facility.

Note: AAMI publications can be obtained from:

Association for the Advancement of Medical Instrumentation  
Suite 602  
1901 North Fort Meyer Drive  
Arlington, VA 22209

- (i) All food served to patients in the dialysis service shall be provided in completely disposable food service equipment. The facility shall comply with N.J.A.C. 8:24.

- (j) The facility shall have policies and procedures as to whether or not chronic dialysis patients shall be permitted to bring their own food into the dialysis treatment area. If permitted, the facility shall develop a policy regarding the categories of food permitted, food preparation and storage, and utensils to be used.

#### 8:43A-24.7 Home care dialysis services

(a) If home (self) care dialysis services are provided, the facility shall establish, implement, and review, at least annually, written policies and procedures including, but not limited to, policies and procedures for the following:

1. Development of a written outline of the home (self) care training program, including didactic and practical sessions, for the unsupervised performance of dialysis treatments by patients and family;

2. Surveillance of the patient's home adaptation through visitation of the patient's home by a registered

professional nurse, including the frequency of home visitation and documentation of the results of surveillance visits in the patient's medical record;

3. Availability of teaching materials for patient use during and after home (self) care dialysis training and at times other than during the dialysis procedure;

4. Provision of consultation to the patient by a social worker and a dietitian;

5. Installation and maintenance of equipment in the home;

6. Testing and treatment of the water in the home; and

7. Ordering of supplies for the home on an ongoing basis.

#### 8:43A-24.8 Quality assurance

If chronic dialysis services are provided, the quality assurance program shall monitor those indicators required by the Trans-Atlantic Renal Council (180 Tices Lane, East Brunswick, NJ 08816) and shall monitor care provided to home dialysis patients.

#### 8:43A-24.9 Patient rights

Each chronic dialysis patient shall be afforded rights in accordance with the principles set out in the Trans-Atlantic Renal Council's Bill of Rights for renal dialysis patients, incorporated herein by reference.

#### 8:43A-24.10 Physical plant requirements for all chronic dialysis facilities

(a) Each station in the chronic dialysis service shall have a cubicle curtain for privacy. One handwashing sink shall be available for every three stations. These handwashing sinks shall be distributed throughout the treatment area so as to ensure immediate accessibility to staff at all times.

(b) The gross floor area allocated for each machine shall be at least 100 square feet with a net usable area of at least 80 square feet. There shall be at least 30 inches clear around each machine and lounge, except that one side of the machine may be installed flush against the wall. There shall be at least a four-foot space between beds and/or lounges.

(c) There shall be a separate clean holding area or room within the chronic dialysis suite for storage of clean supplies. If the facility has a clean utility room, then the clean utility room shall contain a minimum of 120 square feet with handwashing facilities.

(d) There shall be a separate soiled utility room within the chronic dialysis suite. The soiled utility room shall contain a minimum of 120 square feet and shall contain a sink equipped for handwashing. The floor of the soiled utility room shall be monolithic with integral base.

(e) A separate janitors' closet shall be provided exclusively for the chronic dialysis suite. The closet shall contain a floor receptor or service sink and storage space for house-keeping supplies and equipment.

(f) A separate, handicapped accessible toilet room with handwashing facilities shall be provided for patients.

(g) A staff lounge/locker room and toilet facilities with handwashing facilities shall be provided.

(h) The nurses' station shall be designed and located so as to permit visual observation of each patient station.

(i) Door(s) to patients' toilet room(s) shall be equipped with hardware which permits access from the exterior by staff in any emergency.

(j) If home training rooms are provided, each room shall be equipped with a sink for handwashing.

(k) Storage space shall be provided for wheelchairs and stretchers, if stretchers are provided, out of direct line of traffic.

(l) A room shall be provided for the storage of equipment used in patient care.

(m) An examination room shall be provided with a minimum of 80 square feet of clear floor area exclusive of the work counter and lavatory for handwashing.

(n) Water supply systems shall be designed to supply water to the fixtures and equipment at a minimum pressure of 15 pounds per square inch during periods when fixtures and equipment are in use.

(o) Office space shall be provided for administration, nursing services, social work services, and dietary counseling services.

(p) Space for conferences, consultation, and other purposes shall be provided.

(q) A waiting area with access to a telephone, toilet facilities, and a drinking fountain shall be provided.

(r) Each toilet facility for patients shall be served by an emergency call system. Calls shall activate a signal at the nurses' station.

(s) There shall be a drug distribution station for the chronic dialysis service. The drug distribution station shall contain handwashing facilities and a work counter. Provisions shall be made for the controlled storage, preparation, and distribution of medications.

(t) If a nourishment station for the chronic dialysis service is provided, the nourishment station shall contain a sink, a work counter, a refrigerator, storage cabinets, and equipment for serving nourishments as required.

## SUBCHAPTER 25. COMPUTERIZED TOMOGRAPHY (CT), MAGNETIC RESONANCE IMAGING (MRI), AND RADIOLOGICAL SERVICES

### 8:43A-25.1 Additional requirements and exceptions

(a) An ambulatory care facility which provides computerized tomography, magnetic resonance imaging, or radiological services shall comply with N.J.A.C. 8:43A-1 through 11 and 13 through 19, and this subchapter. If the facility also provides surgical or anesthesia services, then the facility shall also comply with N.J.A.C. 8:43A-12.

1. An ambulatory care facility which provides only computerized tomography, magnetic resonance imaging, or radiological services need not comply with N.J.A.C. 8:43A-3.6(a)6, 13.3(a)7 and 13.3(a)8 for the purpose of licensure.

2. If the facility provides only computerized tomography, magnetic resonance imaging, or radiological services, a radiologic technologist may satisfy the requirement for an administrator at N.J.A.C. 8:43A-5.1.

3. If the facility provides only computerized tomography, magnetic resonance imaging, or radiological services, the part of N.J.A.C. 8:43A-3.1(a) which requires nursing services to be provided in the facility shall not apply, unless nursing services are ordered by a physician.

4. If the facility provides only computerized tomography, magnetic resonance imaging, or radiological services, the part of N.J.A.C. 8:43A-6.2(a) which requires a representative of the nursing staff to serve on the patient care policy committee shall not apply.

5. If the facility provides only computerized tomography, magnetic resonance imaging, or radiological services, the part of N.J.A.C. 8:43A-18.1(b) which requires a representative of the nursing service to serve on the committee responsible for the quality assurance program shall not apply.

6. An ambulatory care facility which provides only computerized tomography, magnetic resonance imaging, or radiological services may satisfy the requirements at N.J.A.C. 8:43A-14.2 for an infection control committee by requiring the person responsible for the infection prevention and control program to ensure that the medical director and other professional staff participate in the development and implementation of the program, including the development, implementation, and review of the

policies and procedures required by N.J.A.C. 8:43A-14.2(b).

7. If the facility provides only computerized tomography, magnetic resonance imaging, or radiological services, the part of N.J.A.C. 8:43A-3.1(a) which requires counseling services to be provided directly by the facility or through written agreement shall not apply.

### 8:43A-25.2 Additional staffing

(a) In addition to providing other staff as required by the rules in this chapter, a facility providing computerized tomography services shall have at least the following staff:

1. One radiologist available during the facility's hours of operation and on the premises whenever a contrast medium is being used;

2. One radiologic technologist on the premises during the facility's hours of operation; and

3. A radiation physicist/health physicist who shall be available for safety evaluations of equipment and of storage and handling practices, and for staff education.

(b) In addition to providing other staff as required by this chapter, a facility providing magnetic resonance imaging services shall have at least the following staff:

1. A medical director available who is a radiologist and whose primary responsibility during the last three years has been in the interpretation of cross-sectional imaging for all body areas. ("Available" means capable of being reached);

2. One radiologist available during the facility's hours of operation and on the premises whenever a contrast medium is being used;

3. One full-time equivalent technician with documented training and experience in MRI service delivery and one other staff member, both of whom shall be on the premises during the facility's hours of operation; and

4. A radiation physicist/health physicist with documented training and experience in MRI techniques who shall be available.

(c) In addition to providing other staff as required by the rules in this chapter, a facility providing radiological services directly in the facility shall have a radiologist available. ("Available" means capable of being reached.) Radiologists shall supervise and interpret all radiologic procedures, unless performed by clinical practitioners in specialty areas who are trained and experienced in these procedures.

### 8:43A-25.3 Safety

A facility providing magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), computerized tomography, or other diagnostic services shall develop and implement policies and procedures intended to ensure patient safety during use of all diagnostic equipment.

**8:43A-25.4 Physical plant; computerized tomography and magnetic resonance imaging services**

A new ambulatory care facility which provides computerized tomography or magnetic resonance imaging services shall comply with Chapter 9, Section 9.1, and Chapter 7, Section 7.10 and 7.11, of the Guidelines for Construction and Equipment of Hospitals and Medical Facilities, 1987 edition, as amended, incorporated herein by reference. Existing facilities shall be in compliance with these standards or the corresponding standards in effect at the time of construction, alteration, or approval.

**8:43A-25.5 Physical plant; radiological services**

(a) If radiological services are provided in a freestanding facility, the suite shall contain the following:

1. A radiographic room(s), which, if computerized tomography or magnetic resonance imaging services are provided, shall have an area of at least 250 square feet;
2. A film processing room;
3. A viewing area;
4. Film storage facilities for active, inactive, and unexposed film;
5. Office space for medical staff and administrative functions;
6. A waiting area for ambulatory patients and patients requiring wheelchairs or stretchers;
7. A dressing area(s) with convenient access to public toilets;
8. A toilet room(s) with handwashing facilities for staff, visitors, and patients;
9. Handwashing facilities, which shall be available to each procedure room;
10. A control desk and reception area;
11. Storage facilities, including at least the following:
  - i. A room or closet for storage of the clean linen supply; and
  - ii. A room for storage of soiled linen; and
12. A janitors' closet, which shall contain a floor receptor or service sink and storage for housekeeping supplies and equipment.

**SUBCHAPTER 26. DRUG ABUSE TREATMENT SERVICES****8:43A-26.1 Additional requirements and exceptions**

(a) An ambulatory care facility which provides drug abuse treatment services shall comply with N.J.A.C. 8:43A-1 through 11 and 13 through 19, and this subchapter.

1. An ambulatory care facility which provides only drug abuse treatment services need not comply with N.J.A.C. 8:43A-6.9 and 8.2 for the purpose of licensure.

**8:43A-26.2 Smoking in facility**

(a) The facility shall become smoke-free within three months of the effective date of this section. "Smoke-free" means a total ban on smoking in the facility by employees and visitors. Prior to the time at which the facility becomes smoke-free, the policy of the facility regarding smoking in the facility shall be in accordance with N.J.S.A. 26:3D-1 et seq.

1. If the facility permits patients to smoke after the facility becomes smoke-free, smoking by patients shall only be permitted in accordance with N.J.S.A. 26:3D-1 et seq. and in a designated area with outside ventilation. The ventilation system shall prevent contaminated air from recirculating through the facility and shall prevent backstreaming of smoke into nonsmoking areas of the facility.

**8:43A-26.3 Additional services**

A facility providing drug abuse treatment services shall provide, or arrange provision of, educational services, vocational counseling and training, and job placement to patients whose plans of care indicate a need for such services. In the case of patients who require legal services, the facility shall refer the patient to an agency providing legal services.

**8:43A-26.4 Nurse staffing**

(a) Ambulatory care facilities which provide drug abuse treatment services shall designate in writing a registered professional nurse as the director of nursing services. The director of nursing services, or a registered professional nurse designated in writing to act in the absence of the director of nursing services, shall be on the premises of the facility whenever medications are being administered and at times specified by the facility in the policy and procedure manual.

1. If the policies and procedures of the facility ensure that the conditions below are satisfied, then the facility need not comply with (a) above or with N.J.A.C. 8:43A-8.1:

i. Medications, including methadone, shall not be dispensed or administered in the facility;

ii. For each patient, the drug counselor to whom the patient is assigned shall obtain health-related information from the patient using a protocol or form approved by the medical director and shall record the information in the patient medical record. If the drug counselor determines that there is a need for immediate intervention by a physician or nurse, the counselor shall immediately notify the medical director or registered professional nurse or shall immediately provide the patient with an appropriate referral; and

iii. A physician or a registered professional nurse shall review each patient's health-related information within 15 days of the interview of the patient by the drug counselor. The physician or registered professional nurse shall determine the need for direct assessment by a physician or registered professional nurse or for referral to another health care provider. Direct assessment shall be ordered or referral made on the basis of this determination.

(b) In facilities providing methadone detoxification or methadone maintenance services, there shall be at least one registered professional nurse present in the facility for 150 or fewer patients and at least one additional licensed nurse present in the facility for each additional 150 or fewer patients, during all hours when medications are administered.

#### 8:43A-26.5 Drug abuse counseling services

(a) If the facility provides drug abuse treatment services, drug abuse counseling services shall be provided directly in the facility to patients.

(b) A facility providing drug abuse treatment services shall, in addition to complying with N.J.A.C. 8:43A-10, comply with the following:

1. Each patient shall be assigned to a drug counselor, with assignment documented in the patient's medical record. A drug counselor's caseload shall not exceed 50 patients;

2. All outpatient methadone detoxification programs shall provide a minimum of one counseling session per week to each patient during the first four months after initiation of treatment and at least one counseling session every two weeks thereafter until discharged;

3. All outpatient methadone maintenance programs shall assign each patient to one of the following stages and provide counseling to the patient in accordance with the following schedule:

i. Stage I. At least one counseling session per week during the first three months of treatment;

ii. Stage II. At least one counseling session every two weeks from the beginning of the fourth month to the end of the ninth month of treatment;

iii. Stage III. At least one counseling session per month from the beginning of the tenth month to the end of the second year of treatment; and

iv. Stage IV. At least one counseling session every three months after completion of two years of treatment;

4. A patient in an outpatient methadone maintenance program who becomes symptomatic of drug or alcohol abuse for the first time after admission shall return to a minimum of one counseling session per week until symptoms cease and shall remain in his or her present stage of treatment;

5. A patient in an outpatient methadone maintenance program who becomes symptomatic of drug or alcohol abuse for a second or subsequent time after admission may be returned to a lower stage of treatment; and

6. Drug abuse counseling services shall include the provision of individual counseling and the availability of group, family, and/or vocational counseling.

(c) If an administrator performs both administrative and other functions, written documentation of the administrator's time spent in each function shall be maintained. The administrator's time spent in administrative functions shall not be included in the computation of staffing levels for nursing or counseling services.

#### 8:43A-26.6 Designation of consultant pharmacist

If a facility providing methadone detoxification or methadone maintenance services does not have an institutional pharmacy, the facility shall designate a consultant pharmacist who shall review all facility policies and procedures concerning the administration, control, and storage of medications at least semiannually. The consultant pharmacist shall not be affiliated with the pharmacy which provides pharmaceutical services for the facility.

#### 8:43A-26.7 Medical records

The complete medical record for patients receiving drug abuse treatment services shall include, but not be limited to, a copy of the Alcohol and Drug Abuse Data System (ADADS) form (See Appendix A) or other management information system form approved by the Division of Alcoholism, Drug Abuse and Addiction Services of the Department, incorporated herein by reference.

#### 8:43A-26.8 Notices

The hours of operation and the business telephone number of the facility shall be posted so as to be visible from the outside of the main entrance of the facility.

#### 8:43A-26.9 Employee health

The Mantoux tuberculin skin test required by N.J.A.C. 8:43A-3.7(d) shall be repeated on an annual basis for all employees.

## SUBCHAPTER 27. SATELLITES OF LICENSED AMBULATORY CARE FACILITIES

### 8:43A-27.1 Additional requirements and exceptions

(a) A satellite of a licensed ambulatory care facility, as defined at N.J.A.C. 8:43A-1.3, shall comply with N.J.A.C. 8:43A-1 through 11 and 13 through 19, and this subchapter. If the satellite also provides surgical or anesthesia services, then the satellite shall also comply with N.J.A.C. 8:43A-12.

1. A satellite of a licensed ambulatory care facility need not comply with N.J.A.C. 8:43A-2.4(c), 5.1, 6.3(b) and 13.1(c) for the purpose of licensure.

2. The requirements at N.J.A.C. 8:43A-3.6(a) and (b) regarding the availability and accessibility of the policy and procedure manual of the facility shall apply only to those policies and procedures which pertain to the services provided at the satellite facility.

3. The reporting of events as required by N.J.A.C. 8:43A-3.8 may be performed by the licensed facility with which the satellite is affiliated.

4. The information which N.J.A.C. 8:43A-3.9(a)1 and 2 require to be available in the facility may be kept at the licensed facility with which the satellite is affiliated rather than at the satellite itself.

5. The infection prevention and control program required by N.J.A.C. 8:43A-14.1 may be developed at the licensed facility with which the satellite is affiliated, but shall also be implemented at the satellite facility.

6. The written plan for a quality assurance program for patient care required by N.J.A.C. 8:43A-18.1(a) may be developed at the licensed facility with which the satellite is affiliated, but shall also be implemented at the satellite facility.

### 8:43A-27.2 On-site inspection

An on-site inspection of the construction of the physical plant shall be made by representatives of Health Facilities Construction Services to verify that the building has been constructed in accordance with the architectural plans approved by the Department. The Department may choose to accept an equivalent inspection by a local agency in lieu of an inspection by representatives of Health Facilities Construction Services.

### 8:43A-27.3 Appointment of administrator

The facility shall appoint an administrator of the satellite who shall be accountable to the governing authority. The administrator of the satellite may be the same person as the administrator of the licensed facility with which the satellite is affiliated. The administrator of the satellite, or an alternate who shall be designated in writing to act in the absence of the administrator, shall be available in the satellite facility during its hours of operation.

### 8:43A-27.4 Patient care policies

All patient care policies and procedures which pertain to the services provided at the satellite facility shall be available in the satellite facility.

### 8:43A-27.5 Medical records

(a) Original medical records or components of medical records shall remain on the premises of the satellite or the licensed facility with which the satellite is affiliated unless they are under court order or subpoena or removed in order to safeguard the record in the case of a physical plant emergency or natural disaster. Off-site storage of records may be used only if the Department is given prior notice, including the details of the storage arrangement, and only if such storage arrangements will ensure retrieval and delivery of the patient's medical record to the facility within one business day on a seven day per week, 24 hour per day, basis and immediate availability of medical record information through telephone and facsimile communications systems.

(b) The satellite facility shall develop and implement a system for the establishment and maintenance of medical records for patients who come to the satellite facility on an unscheduled basis.

## SUBCHAPTER 28. BIRTH CENTERS

### 8:43A-28.1 Additional requirements

(a) A birth center shall comply with N.J.A.C. 8:43A-1 through 11 and 13 through 19, and this subchapter.

1. A birth center need not comply with N.J.A.C. 8:43A-7.2 through 7.4 and 8.2 and 8.3 for the purpose of licensure.

(b) No hospital, health care facility or other health care provider shall advertise or claim itself to be a "birth center" unless separately licensed as a birth center under this chapter.

### 8:43A-28.2 Service restrictions

(a) Surgical procedures provided in the birth center shall be limited to those normally performed during and after uncomplicated childbirth, such as episiotomy and repair, and shall not include operative obstetrics or cesarean sections.

(b) Labor shall not be induced, inhibited, stimulated or augmented with pharmacological agents.

(c) General or conduction anesthesia shall not be administered at the birth center.

(d) The birth center is generally exempt from complying with requirements for anesthesia services at N.J.A.C. 8:43A-12. If anesthetic agents are administered for the purpose of creating conscious sedation, the birth center shall comply with the rules at N.J.A.C. 8:43A-12 which pertains to conscious sedation. Minor conduction blocks and local anesthesia may be administered by a certified nurse midwife in accordance with the scope of practice rules of the Board of Medical Examiners at N.J.A.C. 13:35-2A.4 and those personnel enumerated at N.J.A.C. 8:43A-12.3(k). The birth center shall establish and implement policies and procedures which address the administration of minor conduction blocks and local anesthesia.

(e) All mothers and infants shall be discharged or transferred within 24 hours from the time of the infant's birth. If it becomes necessary to retain a mother and/or infant beyond the 24-hour period, the birth center may do so only if it has been documented in the medical record that the mother and infant were expected to be discharged within 24 hours from the time of the infant's birth.

#### 8:43A-28.3 Structural organization

(a) The birth center shall be a formal member of a Maternal and Child Health Consortium and shall have been designated as a community perinatal center-birthing center by the Department of Health, in accordance with N.J.A.C. 8:33C.

(b) The birth center shall demonstrate a formal agreement with an affiliated community perinatal center, as defined at N.J.A.C. 8:43A-1.3, located within 20 minutes transport time for medical care of a woman or an infant when complications arise during the antepartum, intrapartum, postpartum or newborn period.

#### 8:43A-28.4 Designation of the clinical director

The governing authority shall designate either an obstetrician in accordance with N.J.A.C. 8:43A-1.17 or a certified nurse midwife to serve as clinical director. The clinical director shall designate, in writing, an obstetrician or a certified nurse midwife to act in the absence of the clinical director. The clinical director, or his or her designee, shall be available to the facility at all times.

#### 8:43A-28.5 Clinical director's responsibilities

(a) The clinical director shall be responsible for the direction, provision, and quality of clinical services provided to patients. He or she shall be responsible for, but not limited to, the following:

1. Developing and maintaining written objectives, policies, a procedure manual, an organizational plan, and a quality assurance program. All policies and procedures shall be reviewed at least annually;
2. Assisting in developing and maintaining written job descriptions for the clinical staff and assigning duties

based upon education, training, competencies and job descriptions;

3. Participating in staff orientation and staff education activities;

4. Approving the contents, locations, and frequency of checking contents, including expiration dates, of emergency kits or carts, equipment, and supplies, and assigning responsibility for these checks;

5. Developing specifications for verbal orders, including who may give verbal orders, who may receive them, and how soon they must be verified or countersigned in writing; and

6. Establishing a system for completion of entries in the patient medical record.

#### 8:43A-28.6 Physician consultation

(a) The birth center shall have a formal consultative relationship with an obstetrician. He or she shall be responsible for the quality of medical care provided, shall approve the birth center's admission criteria and all policies, procedures and protocols related to the medical management of care, and shall be available for consultation and referral.

(b) The birth center shall have a formal consultative relationship with an obstetrician for the purpose of clinical emergencies who has obstetrical privileges that include admission and care of maternity patients at the affiliated community perinatal center. The clinical director of the birth center may fulfill N.J.A.C. 8:43A-28.6(a) and (b), if he or she is an obstetrician.

(c) The birth center shall have a written agreement for services of a pediatrician or group of pediatricians with admitting privileges at the affiliated community perinatal center. This agreement shall ensure that a pediatrician is available at all times.

(d) Any certified nurse midwife practicing in the birth center shall have a written agreement with one or more obstetricians as required by the New Jersey State Board of Medical Examiners rules at N.J.A.C. 13:35-2A.3.

#### 8:43A-28.7 Additional policies and procedures

(a) There shall be written policies and procedures for the prenatal, intrapartum and postpartum care of each patient. The policies and procedures shall be reviewed annually and revised as needed.

(b) The discharge protocol shall include assurance that, within 48 hours after discharge, each patient is called by a designated individual to determine the status of the patient and her newborn. A referral to a home health agency shall be made if clinically indicated.

(c) The birth center shall have a written protocol that sets forth the process to be followed in completing and filing all vital records with the local registrar who has jurisdiction over the municipality where the birth center is located.

(d) The birth center shall have a written protocol to be followed in completing and reporting all newborn screening tests to the Department of Health.

#### 8:43A-28.8 Additional patient care services

(a) A certified nurse-midwife and/or physician shall perform an initial physical assessment of the patient and an evaluation of the patient's medical and emotional needs.

(b) A certified nurse-midwife and/or physician shall develop and implement a plan of care, if needed, for each patient with the patient's participation. The plan shall include at least care and treatment to be provided for the duration of the pregnancy, including laboratory studies and provision for the patient's health, psychosocial and nutritional needs.

(c) Each patient shall have at least the following prenatal laboratory tests and diagnostic procedures performed:

1. Urinalysis for glucose and protein;
2. Hemoglobin and hematocrit repeated at 28 weeks;
3. Sickle cells preparation (when appropriate);
4. Rh factor and blood typing;
5. Serological test for syphilis at the first prenatal visit, and in the last trimester of pregnancy or at delivery. If the patient is exposed to an infected partner, a serological test for syphilis shall be performed no sooner than three weeks after exposure;
6. Papanicolaou smear at the first prenatal visit if not documented within the previous six months;
7. Tuberculin test with indicated follow-up if in close contact with a diagnosed case of tuberculosis or from a high-incidence area so designated by the Department;
8. Rubella titer. If this is negative, rubella vaccine with appropriate counseling regarding timing of future pregnancies shall be offered to the patient after delivery and prior to discharge from the birth center;
9. One hour glucose tolerance test at 28 weeks gestation, if indicated by risk factors;
10. Maternal serum alpha-fetoprotein testing offered at 15 to 20 weeks; and
11. Hepatitis B virus screen with appropriate follow-up.

(d) Each patient shall be individually counseled about her progress in pregnancy by a certified nurse-midwife, physician, or a registered professional nurse at every visit, and a progress note shall be recorded in the patient's medical record.

(e) Each patient shall be examined at least once a month during the first seven months of gestation. Thereafter, the patient shall be seen every two weeks until 36 weeks and once a week thereafter. The examination shall be performed by either a certified nurse midwife or a physician.

(f) The results of all tests performed during patient examinations shall be documented in the patient's medical record including at a minimum: blood pressure, weight, dipstick urine analysis for glucose and protein, uterine growth, fetal heart rate, abdominal inspection and palpation, any unusual symptoms reported by the patient, and any physical evidence of abnormality. Evaluation of nutritional status and breast and pelvic examinations shall be documented on a regular basis. The medical record shall be in conformance with N.J.A.C. 8:33C-4.3.

#### 8:43A-28.9 Labor and delivery patient services

(a) All deliveries shall be attended by a certified nurse-midwife, an obstetrician or a family practice physician.

(b) There shall be a second staff member present whenever a patient in active labor is in the facility. This individual shall be a registered professional nurse or an additional certified nurse midwife or physician.

(c) There shall be a health professional certified in neonatal resuscitation present for each delivery.

(d) A complete physical examination of the newborn shall be completed within two hours after birth.

#### 8:43A-28.10 Newborn medical records

(a) The newborn's medical record shall be maintained as a separate record and shall include at least:

1. The date and time of birth;
2. The birth weight and length and head circumference;
3. The condition of the newborn at birth, including the one- and five-minute Apgar scores, details of any physical abnormalities, and any pathological states observed and treatment given;
4. A copy of vital records;
5. Documentation of eye prophylaxis, administration of any other medication or treatment and response, administration of Vitamin K, and performance of inborn error and hearing screenings; and
6. A record of follow-up of mother and newborn following discharge from the birth center.

**8:43A-28.11 Maternal-fetal transport and neonatal transport**

(a) There shall be a formal transfer/transport agreement between the birth center and the affiliated community perinatal center identified at N.J.A.C. 8:43A-28.3(b).

(b) The birth center shall maintain a written compilation of indicators necessitating transfer and written agreement for acceptance of such transfer patients developed by the affiliated community perinatal center and its staff, in collaboration with the birth center and its staff.

(c) The birth center shall develop a system to ensure continuity of care between the birth center and the transfer hospital, including escort of the patient to the admitting facility by a clinical staff member of the birth center.

**8:43A-28.12 Supplies and equipment**

(a) The birth center shall be equipped with at least the following:

1. A scrub sink with elbow, wrist, knee, or foot control;
2. Equipment for administering intravenous solutions to adults and newborns;
3. A supply of intravenous solutions including plasma expanders and glucose;
4. Emergency drug supplies;
5. A sphygmomanometer, stethoscope, fetoscope, and thermometer;
6. An infant scale;
7. One sterile pack for use in each birth room with at least one additional pack available. There shall be a written schedule for resterilization;
8. At least one infant warmer. If only one infant warmer is available, it must be transportable into all birth rooms;
9. An infant transport incubator, if not provided by the emergency transport service;
10. Resuscitation equipment for mother and infant;
11. Oxygen with a selection of mask sizes; and
12. Intubation equipment, including laryngoscopes and endotracheal tubes appropriate for adults and newborns.

**8:43A-28.13 Additional quality assurance**

(a) The quality assurance program shall, in addition to the requirements at N.J.A.C. 8:43A-18, include the following:

1. Review of all transfers of mothers and neonates to hospital care to determine the appropriateness and quality of the transfer; and

2. Review of all problems or complications of pregnancy, labor and postpartum and the appropriateness of the clinical judgement of the practitioner in obtaining consultation and attending to the problem.

**SUBCHAPTER 29. EXTRACORPOREAL SHOCK WAVE LITHOTRIPSY SERVICES****8:43A-29.1 Additional requirements**

An ambulatory care facility which provides extracorporeal shock wave lithotripsy services shall comply with N.J.A.C. 8:43A-1 through 11 and 13 through 19, and this subchapter. If the facility also provides surgical or anesthesia services, then the facility shall also comply with N.J.A.C. 8:43A-12.

**8:43A-29.2 Additional staffing**

(a) In addition to providing other staff as required by the rules in this chapter, a facility providing extracorporeal shock wave lithotripsy services shall have at least the following staff:

1. A urologist who shall be able to arrive at the facility within 30 minutes of being called; and
2. An anesthesiologist who shall be able to arrive at the facility within 30 minutes of being called.

(b) Urologists participating in the provision of extracorporeal shock wave lithotripsy services shall be certified by the American Lithotripsy Society (13 Elm Street, Manchester, MA 01944) or the American Urological Association, Inc. (1120 North Charles Street, Baltimore, MD 21201).

**8:43A-29.3 Safety**

(a) A facility providing extracorporeal shock wave lithotripsy services shall comply with the following:

1. The policies and procedures of the facility shall identify the staff qualified to participate in the provision of lithotripsy services;
2. Lithotripters shall be inspected at least semiannually by a qualified person. Preventive maintenance shall be documented; and
3. The facility shall develop and implement operational policies addressing at least the following:
  - i. The maximum number of shocks and/or voltage allowable;
  - ii. Bilateral treatment;
  - iii. Females of childbearing age;
  - iv. Patient weight limitations; and
  - v. Patients with pacemakers.

**8:43A-29.4 Physical plant; extracorporeal shock wave lithotripsy services**

(a) The lithotripsy suite of any facility which provides extracorporeal shock wave lithotripsy services shall conform with Chapter 9, Section 9.1B through I, of the Guidelines for Construction and Equipment of Hospital and Medical Facilities (1987 edition, The American Institute of Architects Press) incorporated herein by reference, and shall contain at least the following components:

1. A treatment room, which shall have a minimum of 360 square feet of floor space exclusive of fixed cabinets and built-in shelves. Handwashing facilities shall be located within the treatment room;

2. A cystoscopy room, which shall have a minimum clear area of 250 square feet exclusive of fixed cabinets and built-in shelves. A scrub sink shall be located adjacent to the entrance of the cystoscopy room;

3. Patient holding, induction, and preparation room(s), which shall be equipped with cabinets and handwashing facilities;

4. Patient clothing change areas. The facility shall provide areas in which male and female patients may change from street clothes into appropriate attire and prepare for treatment. These areas shall contain lockers and toilet facilities;

5. A postanesthesia care unit, which shall be designed so as to provide clearance space of at least three feet between patient stretchers and between patient bedsides and adjacent walls. The postanesthesia care unit shall satisfy the requirements of N.J.A.C. 8:43A-12.15 and shall contain at least the following:

i. A nurses station with charting facilities;

ii. A medication distribution station with handwashing facilities;

iii. Toilet facilities; and

iv. A clean holding area or room for the storage of clean and sterile equipment and linens;

6. A reception and information counter and desk;

7. A waiting area with access to a telephone, toilet facilities, and a drinking fountain;

8. A clerical space or room for business transactions and record storage, which shall be separate from public areas for purposes of confidentiality;

9. An enclosed soiled workroom, which shall contain a clinical sink or equivalent flushing-type fixtures, a work counter, and a sink equipped for handwashing;

10. A clean workroom or clean supply room. The clean workroom shall contain a work counter, a sink equipped for handwashing, and space for clean and sterile supplies;

11. A staff lounge and toilet facilities. Separate or combined lounges for male and female staff shall be provided;

12. A clinical report preparation area, which may be accessible from the lounge area;

13. An equipment storage room; and

14. A janitors' closet, which shall contain a floor receptor or service sink and storage for housekeeping supplies and equipment.

(b) New facilities shall comply with (a) above and with subsequent amendments and supplements to the 1987 edition of the standards referenced therein, which are incorporated herein by reference.

APPENDIX A

AJA-6  
Jan. 91

New Jersey State Department of Health  
DRUG AND ALCOHOL ADMISSION RECORD

H-4152

Name of Client (First, Middle Initial, Last)		Social Security Number		Telephone Number	
Street Address		City		State Zip Code	

1. Provider Number	2. Case # 1st 2nd 1st 2nd	3. Sex (M/F)	4. Birthdate (mmddyy)	5. In-House Case No. (optional)	6. Admission Date (mmddyy)
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**IMPORTANT:** After completion of above, separate the Admission Record (Parts 1 and 2) from the Discharge Record (Parts 3 and 4)  
**USE BALL POINT PEN ONLY.** All \* fields require coded responses; see codes on the reverse side.

7. Client Type*	8. Treatment Setting at Intake*	9. Is use of methadone planned as part of treatment? 1 <input type="checkbox"/> Yes 2 <input type="checkbox"/> No	10. Resid. Code Co. Municipal	11. Post Office Zip Code
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12. Living Arrangements (Check ALL that apply)

A <input type="checkbox"/> Alone	D <input type="checkbox"/> With Parent(s)	G <input type="checkbox"/> With Foster Parent(s)	J <input type="checkbox"/> In Group Quarters
B <input type="checkbox"/> With Children	E <input type="checkbox"/> With Spouse	H <input type="checkbox"/> With Other Relative(s)	K <input type="checkbox"/> Homeless
C <input type="checkbox"/> With Sibling(s)	F <input type="checkbox"/> Living as Married	I <input type="checkbox"/> With Friend(s)	

13. Legal Status (Check ALL that apply)

A <input type="checkbox"/> No Legal Problem	C <input type="checkbox"/> Probation	E <input type="checkbox"/> DWI License Suspension	G <input type="checkbox"/> DYFS/Family Court Case
B <input type="checkbox"/> Case Pending (Criminal)	D <input type="checkbox"/> Parole	F <input type="checkbox"/> Jail/Prison Inmate	H <input type="checkbox"/> Other-Specify _____

14. Household Income Per Year (Enter: 000 if None; 999 if unknown)	15. Household Size (No. of Persons)	16. Race*	17. Indicate Hispanic Origin* (5 if not applicable)
\$ _____,000	_____	_____	_____

18. Marital Status*	19. Highest School Grade Completed	20. Is Client a Full-Time Student? 1 <input type="checkbox"/> Yes 2 <input type="checkbox"/> No	21. Employment Status*	22. Referral Source*
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23. Number of Past Drug/Alcohol Treatment Episodes: \_\_\_\_\_ (Enter: 00 if None; 99 if unknown)

24. Self-Help Groups Ever Participated In (Check ALL That Apply)	25. Health Coverage*	26. Reimbursement Source*
A <input type="checkbox"/> None B <input type="checkbox"/> Narcotics Anonymous C <input type="checkbox"/> Alcoholics Anonymous D <input type="checkbox"/> Other Specify: _____	A _____ B _____	A _____ B _____ <small>[Agencies receiving public funds should note instructions]</small>

27. Check all drugs USED within the past 6 months	27a. Drugs ABUSED																																																
___ A. Alcohol ___ B. Heroin ___ C. Non-Prescription Methadone ___ D. Other Opiates or Synthetics ___ E. Cocaine/Crack ___ F. Marijuana/Hashish ___ G. Methamphetamine ___ H. Other Amphetamines ___ I. Other Stimulants ___ J. Benzodiazepines ___ K. Other Tranquilizers ___ L. Barbiturates ___ M. Other Sedatives or Hypnotics ___ N. PCP ___ O. Other Hallucinogens ___ P. Inhalants ___ Q. Over-the-Counter ___ R. Other	<table border="1" style="width:100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Drug*</th> <th>Primary</th> <th>Secondary</th> <th>Tertiary</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>(Use code letters at left)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Route of Administration* (see codes below)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Frequency* (see codes below)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Age at First Use (99 if unknown)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td><b>ROUTE CODES:</b></td> <td colspan="3"><b>FREQUENCY CODES:</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td>1 - Oral</td> <td colspan="3">1 - Not Used In Past Month</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2 - Smoking</td> <td colspan="3">2 - Less Than Weekly</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3 - Inhalation</td> <td colspan="3">3 - 1-2 Times Per Week</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4 - Intramuscular/ Sub-Cutaneous</td> <td colspan="3">4 - 3 to 6 Times Per Week</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5 - Intravenous</td> <td colspan="3">5 - Daily</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td colspan="3">6 - 2 or More Times Per Day</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Drug*	Primary	Secondary	Tertiary	(Use code letters at left)				Route of Administration* (see codes below)				Frequency* (see codes below)				Age at First Use (99 if unknown)				<b>ROUTE CODES:</b>	<b>FREQUENCY CODES:</b>			1 - Oral	1 - Not Used In Past Month			2 - Smoking	2 - Less Than Weekly			3 - Inhalation	3 - 1-2 Times Per Week			4 - Intramuscular/ Sub-Cutaneous	4 - 3 to 6 Times Per Week			5 - Intravenous	5 - Daily				6 - 2 or More Times Per Day		
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28. Does Client Smoke Tobacco?	If yes, How many cigarettes per day?	
1 <input type="checkbox"/> Yes 2 <input type="checkbox"/> No	_____	No. = (Packs X 20) Pipe = PP Cigar = CC

29. SPECIAL USE

Name of Agency	Name of Worker
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CODE LIST FOR ADMISSION AND DISCHARGE FORMS

7. TYPE OF CLIENT  
(ADMISSION FORM)

- 1 Alcohol/Drug Abuser
- 2 Parent
- 3 Spouse
- 4 Child
- 5 Other Relative
- 6 Non-Family

8. TREATMENT SETTING AT INTAKE  
(ADMISSION FORM)

7. TREATMENT SETTING AT DISCHARGE (DISCHARGE FORM)  
14. REFERRALS FOR ALCOHOL/DRUG TREATMENT (DISCHARGE FORM)

- 01 Counselor/Coordinator
- 10 Hospital Detox/IMU
- 15 Residential Detox
- 20 Short-Term Residential
- 25 Therapeutic Community/Long-Term Residential
- 30 Extended Care
- 40 Outpatient Care
- 49 Outpatient Methadone Maintenance
- 50 Intensive Outpatient
- 59 Outpatient Detox
- 60 Halfway House
- 70 Intervention/Referral

16. RACE (ADMISSION FORM)

- 1 Alaskan Native
- 2 American Indian
- 3 Asian/Pacific Islander
- 4 Black
- 5 White
- 6 Other

17. HISPANIC ORIGIN (ADMISSION FORM)

- 1 Puerto Rican
- 2 Mexican
- 3 Cuban
- 4 Other Hispanic
- 5 Not of Hispanic Origin

18. MARITAL STATUS (ADMISSION FORM)

- 1 Never Married
- 2 Married
- 3 Widowed
- 4 Separated
- 5 Divorced/Annulled
- 9 Not Assessed

21. EMPLOYMENT STATUS (ADMISSION FORM)  
19. EMPLOYMENT STATUS (DISCHARGE FORM)

- 1 Employed Full-Time
- 2 Employed Part-Time
- 3 Unemployed-Seeking Work
- 4 Not In Labor Force
- 9 Not Assessed

22. REFERRAL SOURCE (ADMISSION FORM)

- 01 Self
- 02 Family/Friend
- 03 Alcohol/Drug Treatment Agency/Practitioner
- 04 Criminal Justice System/Police
- 05 IDRC/IDP
- 06 Hospital/Other Health Care Facility
- 07 Comm. Mental Health/Counseling Service
- 08 Physician/Psychiatrist
- 09 Employer/EAP
- 10 School
- 11 DYFS
- 12 Other Social Service Agency
- 13 Self-Help Group
- 14 Service Force
- 15 Other

25. HEALTH COVERAGE (ADMISSION FORM)

- 00 None
- 01 Medicare
- 02 Medicaid
- 03 Blue Cross/Blue Shield
- 04 Commercial Insurance
- 05 HMO
- 98 Other
- 99 Unknown

26. REIMBURSEMENT SOURCE (ADMISSION FORM)

- 00 None
- 01 Medicare
- 02 Medicaid
- 03 Blue Cross/Blue Shield
- 04 Commercial Insurance
- 05 HMO
- 06 DYFS
- 07 Div. of Vocational Rehabilitation
- 08 Municipal Welfare
- 09 County/State Contract
- 10 Self Pay
- 98 Other