

7. If the application mailed by PAAD is lost in the mail, misplaced or not received due to the applicant's change of address, it is the applicant's responsibility to contact PAAD for a new application; and

8. If the applicant does not wish the PAAD program to act as his or her "authorized representative" for the purpose of coordinating Medicare and PAAD benefits, it is the applicant's responsibility to file a written "opt-out" letter with the program.

(d) The beneficiary has the responsibility to:

1. Notify PAAD whenever any one of the following occurs:

- i. His or her marital status changes.
- ii. He or she moves anywhere within the State of New Jersey, in which case, he or she shall submit proof of new address.

2. Return his or her eligibility card to PAAD whenever becoming ineligible due to one of the following:

- i. He/she moves out of the State of New Jersey.
- ii. He/she becomes eligible for Medicaid or any other plan of assistance or insurance that wholly covers pharmaceutical services.
- iii. His/her or their annual income increases to an amount which exceeds the legal limit.
- iv. He/she was determined eligible based on his/her disability and he/she stops receiving Social Security Disability benefits.
- v. When requested by PAAD because required information to confirm eligibility was not submitted, or scheduled recovery payments are in arrears.

3. Repay the State of New Jersey, upon request, for the cost of benefits incorrectly paid on his or her behalf. Failure to fully repay the State for incorrectly paid benefits could cause the suspension of his or her PAAD benefits in the future, as well as possible withholding of all or some of his or her rebates or refunds which may be due him or her from the State of New Jersey.

As amended, R.1981 d.332, effective September 10, 1981.  
See: 13 N.J.R. 432(a), 13 N.J.R. 580(c).

(d): delete i-iii; renumber iv and v as i and ii; renumber (d)2 as (d)3 and add new text for (d)2.

Amended by R.1985 d.259, effective May 20, 1985.  
See: 17 N.J.R. 367(a), 17 N.J.R. 1318(a).

Section substantially amended.

Amended by R.1991 d.563, effective November 18, 1991.  
See: 23 N.J.R. 2623(a), 23 N.J.R. 3514(a).

Reference to "beneficiary" added at (c).

Amended by R.1993 d.368, effective July 19, 1993.

See: 24 N.J.R. 4329(a), 25 N.J.R. 3216(a).

Amended by R.1995 d.10, effective January 3, 1995.

See: 26 N.J.R. 3142(a), 27 N.J.R. 242(a).

Amended by R.1998 d.176, effective April 6, 1998.

See: 29 N.J.R. 5280(a), 30 N.J.R. 1314(b).

In (b), substituted a reference to eligibility cards for a reference to temporary eligibility cards in 3, deleted a former 4, recodified former 5 and 6 as 4 and 5, and added a new 6; in (c), deleted "within 60 days after the expiration date" at the end of 7; and in (d), added "in which case, he or she shall submit proof of new address" at the end of Iii, and substituted a reference to the State of New Jersey for a reference to the Division of Taxation at the end of 3.

Amended by R.2004 d.459, effective December 20, 2004.

See: 36 N.J.R. 3619(a), 36 N.J.R. 5682(b).

In (c), rewrote Iii, added 8.

### 8:83-5.7 Combined application for PAAD/Lifeline

(a) There shall be only one application for those beneficiaries who apply for both PAAD and Lifeline.

1. A beneficiary may file one application for both programs on the same form.

2. If an applicant wishes to apply only for Lifeline, he or she shall still use the AP-2 form. (See N.J.A.C. 8:83A-4.8).

3. On reapplication for Lifeline, the applicant shall complete an AP-12 renewal form.

(b) Beneficiaries who apply for PAAD shall follow the procedures and meet the qualifications of the program in this chapter.

(c) Beneficiaries who apply for Lifeline will follow the procedures and meet the qualifications of the program in N.J.A.C. 8:83A.

New Rule, R.1996 d.581, effective December 16, 1996.

See: 28 N.J.R. 3499(a), 28 N.J.R. 5174(a).

Amended by R.1998 d.176, effective April 6, 1998.

See: 29 N.J.R. 5280(a), 30 N.J.R. 1314(b).

In (a), substituted a reference to the AP-2 form for a reference to the LL-1 form in 2, and added 3.

## SUBCHAPTER 6. ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS

### Case Notes

See for historical purposes Atty.Gen.F.O.1978, No. 3 (then existing regulation N.J.A.C. 10:69A-4.3 declared invalid).

### 8:83-6.1 Age

(a) To be eligible for PAAD, the applicant shall be 65 years of age or older or shall be under 65 and over 18 years of age and receive Social Security Title II disability benefits. Individuals under age 65 who receive disability benefits on behalf of someone other than themselves are ineligible. The applicant shall be able to document his or her age upon request by the Department. The Department will require that the applicant submit a photocopy of his or her certificate or other acceptable proof of age if over 65 years of age.

(b) The following are acceptable proofs of age:

1. Primary proof: The applicant is required to submit a photocopy of one of the following documents:

- i. Birth certificate;
- ii. Baptismal certificate;
- iii. Bris certificate;
- iv. Social Security records verifying age (can be obtained from local security office);
- v. Railroad retirement letter (can be obtained from Railroad Retirement Board).

2. Secondary proofs: If the applicant cannot supply one of the documents listed above, copies of any two of the following documents are acceptable:

- i. Insurance policy;
- ii. Driver's license;
- iii. School record;
- iv. State or Federal census record;
- v. Church record of Baptism (age five or after);
- vi. Confirmation certificate;
- vii. Marriage record;
- viii. Employment record;
- ix. Union record;
- x. Military record;
- xi. Medicare card;
- xii. Delayed birth certificate;
- xiii. Applicant's child's birth certificate;
- xiv. Physician's or midwife's record of applicant's birth;
- xv. Immigration record;
- xvi. Naturalization record;
- xvii. Passport.

(c) If under age 65, the following are acceptable proofs of disability:

1. A copy of a Social Security award certificate issued in the last six months.
2. A Social Security Form or record.
3. A document issued by Social Security that establishes Medicare eligibility. The document must be dated within six months prior to the date of application.

Amended by R.1985 d.259, effective May 20, 1985.

See: 17 N.J.R. 367(a), 17 N.J.R. 1318(b).

Substantially amended.

Amended by R.1988 d.211, effective May 16, 1988.

See: 20 N.J.R. 369(a), 20 N.J.R. 1106(a).

Added text to (b)5 "letter (can be obtained from Railroad Retirement Board)".

Amended by R.1990 d.614, effective December 17, 1990.

See: 22 N.J.R. 2218(a), 22 N.J.R. 3956(a).

In (a): added sentence regarding ineligibility of those under 65 who receive disability benefits on behalf of someone other than themselves. Stylistic revisions to text.

Amended by R.1998 d.176, effective April 6, 1998.

See: 29 N.J.R. 5280(a), 30 N.J.R. 1314(b).

In (b)1, substituted a reference to Social Security records verifying age for a reference to Social Security form No. 2458 in iv, and deleted a former vi; in (b)2, deleted a former v, recodified former vi through xi as v through x, inserted a new xi, deleted a former xii, and recodified former xiii through xviii as xii through xvii; and in (c), rewrote 2, and added 3.

## 8:83-6.2 Income standards

(a) Any single permanent resident of New Jersey who is 65 years of age or over or who is under 65 and over 18 years of age and is receiving Social Security Title II disability benefits must have an annual income of less than \$22,572 to be eligible for PAAD.

(b) Any married permanent resident of New Jersey who is 65 years of age or over or who is under 65 and over 18 years of age and is receiving Social Security Title II disability benefits must have a combined (applicant and spouse) annual income of less than \$27,676 to be eligible for PAAD.

1. An applicant and spouse shall be considered separate and eligibility determined under the single income standard when each maintains a separate residence and the applicant does not have access to the spouse's income.

i. Any support payment received by the applicant for the sole benefit of the applicant shall be considered as income for PAAD eligibility purposes.

2. An applicant and spouse may be considered separated when the spouse has been institutionalized in a long-term facility, either skilled or intermediate, or in a State or county psychiatric hospital at least 30 consecutive days prior to application.

i. PAAD shall consider the applicant and spouse separated only when doing so is more favorable to the applicant for PAAD (for example, when the income of an applicant and his institutionalized spouse is combined at \$25,060, the applicant is ineligible for PAAD, but if the applicant and spouse are considered separated, the applicant could be eligible for PAAD under the single income standard. If the institutionalized spouse was not covered by Medicaid, the spouse could become eligible under the single income standard).

(c) All income, from whatever source derived, is considered in determining eligibility for the purpose of PAAD. Jointly owned income sources, will be allocated according to degree of ownership.

1. All income, taxable and nontaxable, is to be included. Examples of possible sources of income (gross amounts unless otherwise noted) are as follows:

i. Social Security benefits paid to or on behalf of the applicant;