

(c) All other requirements of this subchapter shall be effective June 15, 1998.

13:35-4A.18 Enforcement

(a) Any violation of N.J.A.C. 13:35-4A.3 through 4A.17 shall be deemed to be professional misconduct within the meaning of N.J.S.A. 45:1-21(e) and may further constitute violation of other law or rule, as applicable to the circumstances.

SUBCHAPTER 5. EYE EXAMINATIONS; EYEGLASSES

13:35-5.1 Minimum eye examination; contact lenses

(a) Physicians licensed to practice medicine and surgery, when performing an eye examination for the purpose of prescribing corrective lenses, shall fully and adequately disclose to the patient the limited purpose of the eye examination. The physician shall perform, and keep a complete record of, physical examination of the patient which shall include:

1. A complete history of visual aberrations;
2. A determination of visual acuity in each eye separately;
3. A cover test, distance and near, and a determination of muscle balance or imbalance;
4. An ophthalmoscopic examination and a determination of any abnormalities of lids, cornea, pupils, lens, vitreous and fundus. A record entry of "negative" or "clear" should be made if no pathology is found.

(b) Upon observing positive findings of ocular disease or abnormality, the physician shall disclose his findings to the patient and suggest an appropriate course of action.

(c) The complete record of contact lens specifications shall be released by an ophthalmologist to another ophthalmologist, optometrist or ophthalmic dispenser licensed in New Jersey upon either the oral or written request of the patient or the professional acting on the patient's behalf.

13:35-5.2 Minimum standards and tolerances of optical lenses

(a) Every pair of lenses, spectacles, eyeglasses or appurtenances thereto, prepared for or dispensed to the intended wearers from written prescriptions of physicians duly licensed to practice their profession, or duplication, replacements, reproductions or repetitions, must conform to the following minimum standards and tolerances:

PHYSICAL QUALITY AND APPEARANCE

1. Surface imperfections

TOLERANCE: No pits, scratches (other than hairline), grayness or watermarks shall be acceptable.

2. Glass defects

TOLERANCE: No bubbles, striae and inclusions shall be acceptable.

3. Localized power errors

TOLERANCE: Waves found by visual inspection shall be passable if no deterioration in image quality is found when the localized area is examined with a standard lens measuring instrument.

4. Refractive powers

TOLERANCE: 0.0. to 6.00, + or -0.12.

6.25 to 12.00, 2 per cent of power.

Above 12.00, + or -0.25.

Maximum cylinder power variation + or -0.12.

5. Refractive power addition

TOLERANCE: + or -0.12.0.

6. Cylinder Axis

TOLERANCE: 0.12 to 0.37 + or -3 degrees.

0.50 to 1.00, + or -2 degrees.

1.12 on up, + or -1 degree.

7. Prism power and location of specified optical center

TOLERANCE: Vertical + or -0.25 prism for each lens or a total of 0.50 prism imbalance. Horizontal + or -0.25 prism for each lens or a total of 0.50 prism imbalance.

8. Segment size

TOLERANCE: + or -0.5 mm. Pair must be symmetrical upon visual inspection.

9. Segment location

TOLERANCE: As specified within + or -0.5 mm.

10. Lens size:

- i. Rimless

TOLERANCE: + or -0.5 mm;

- ii. Bevel, for plastic frames

TOLERANCE: + or -0.5 mm;

- iii. Bevel, for metal frames

TOLERANCE: To fit standard specified frame. Lens shape must match. Edges must be smooth and straight and sharp edge must be removed.