NJDEP requirements that would apply to the facility if it were located in New Jersey, or meets equivalent environmental requirements.

- (d) To obtain an NJDEP environmental compliance determination for a resource recovery facility, a supplier/provider or facility operator shall submit a request for the determination, including the documentation listed at (e) below, to the NJBPU Office of Clean Energy, PO Box 350, Trenton, New Jersey 08625. The supplier/provider or facility operator shall simultaneously provide a copy of the request to the NJDEP's Office of Innovative Technology, PO Box 409, Trenton, New Jersey 08625.
- (e) A request for an environmental compliance determination regarding a resource recovery facility shall include all information required by NJDEP, including, but not limited to, the following:
 - 1. The most recent stack test data reports, or summary reports, for all criteria pollutants emitted by the facility, including any stack test data for mercury emissions from the facility. If stack test data are available on a quarterly basis, the most recent four quarters shall be submitted. These data, if available, should provide, at a minimum, the mercury inlet and outlet concentration for each unit, in addition to the percent removal;
 - 2. A description of the municipal solid waste (MSW) recycling program in the jurisdictions that provide solid waste to the facility, including any solid waste from an industry source. This description shall state the entities that administer the recycling program(s), the percentage of MSW provided through local government contracts and/or agreements, the company providing any industry source MSW, and the amount of solid waste purchased on the spot market, if any; and
 - 3. Residual ash testing data from the most recent 12-month period, including data reports or summary reports for total metals, Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP), or other leveling tests performed, and the total amount of tetracholrodibenzo-p-dioxins (TCDD) in the ash.
- (f) If an environmental compliance determination is required for electricity to qualify as class II renewable energy, the determination shall be obtained prior to generating the electricity. If a supplier/provider delivers electricity generated at a facility that requires an NJDEP environmental compliance determination, but did not obtain such a determination prior to the generation of that electricity, the electricity shall not be counted towards the supplier/provider's compliance with this subchapter.
- (g) A supplier/provider that uses electricity generated from a resource recovery facility to comply with this subchapter shall:

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- 1. Maintain documentation showing that the facility meets the requirements of this section; and
- 2. If the supplier/provider or facility operator obtained an NJDEP environmental compliance determination, the supplier/provider or facility operator shall:
 - i. Maintain the request submitted to NJDEP for the environmental compliance determination and all supporting documentation on file for five years;
 - ii. Produce the request and documentation upon request by the Board or its designee; and
 - iii. Annually provide to the Board an affidavit from the operator of the resource recovery facility, certifying that the facility has not violated its Federal or State environmental permits in the previous year, and continues to operate in conformity with the request and documentation originally provided to NJDEP.
- (h) If there is a change in the operation of a resource recovery facility or in the composition of its fuel, the supplier/provider or facility operator shall submit the following information to the Board within 30 days after the change is made. Failure to submit the following shall disqualify the electricity produced by the facility from use as class II renewable energy as of the date of the change:
 - 1. Documentation demonstrating that, after the change, the resource recovery facility continues to meet the requirements of this section for class II renewable energy; and
 - 2. In the case of a facility covered by an NJDEP environmental compliance determination, a new determination shall be obtained from NJDEP and filed with the Board.
- (i) In addition to the other types of energy that qualify as class II renewable energy under this section, any energy that qualifies as class I renewable energy under N.J.A.C. 14:8-2.4 may be used to satisfy the requirements for class II renewable energy.

Repeal and New Rule, R.2004 d.151, effective April 19, 2004. See: 35 N.J.R. 4445(a), 36 N.J.R. 2053(b).

Section was "Recordkeeping and verification".

Recodified from N.J.A.C. 14:4-8.6 and amended by R.2006 d.178, effective May 15, 2006.

See: 37 N.J.R. 3911(a), 38 N.J.R. 2176(a).

Changed internal references to conform to the recodification of provisions in (c) and (i).

14:8-2.7 Requirements that apply to both class I and class II renewable energy

- (a) To qualify as class I or class II renewable energy for the purposes of this subchapter, energy shall meet the requirements in N.J.A.C. 14:8-2.5 and 2.6, and in addition shall meet the requirements of this section.
- (b) To qualify as class I or class II renewable energy for the purposes of this subchapter, energy shall be generated

within or delivered into the PJM region, as defined in N.J.A.C. 14:4-1.2. Energy shall be considered delivered into the PJM region if it complies with the energy delivery rules established by PJM Interconnection.

(c) If class I or class II renewable energy is generated outside of the PJM region, but was delivered into the PJM region, the energy may be used to meet the requirements of this subchapter only if the energy was generated at a facility that commenced construction on or after January 1, 2003.

Repeal and New Rule, R.2004 d.151, effective April 19, 2004.

See: 35 N.J.R. 4445(a), 36 N.J.R. 2053(b).

Section was "Renewable energy trading program".

Recodified from N.J.A.C. 14:4-8.7 and amended by R.2006 d.178, effective May 15, 2006.

See: 37 N.J.R. 3911(a), 38 N.J.R. 2176(a).

Changed internal references to conform to the recodification of provisions in (a) and (b); and deleted (d).

14:8-2.8 Renewable Energy Certificates (RECs)

- (a) A supplier/provider may submit one or more Renewable Energy Certificates, or RECs, as defined in N.J.A.C. 14:8-2.2, to meet the percentage of renewable energy required under Table A in N.J.A.C. 14:8-2.3. A supplier/provider that wishes to use RECs to comply with this subchapter shall meet the requirements of this section.
- (b) All RECs used for compliance with this subchapter shall be based on energy that was generated during the reporting year for which the REC is submitted, in accordance with N.J.A.C. 14:8-2.9.
- (c) A REC used for compliance with this subchapter shall be issued by the Board or its designee, or by PJM-EIS through GATS, as follows:
 - 1. A solar REC or class I REC that is based on electricity generated on a customer-generator's premises shall be issued by the Board or its designee in accordance with N.J.A.C. 14:8-2.9;
 - 2. A class I REC that is not based on electricity generated on a customer-generator's premises shall be issued by PJM-EIS through GATS; and
 - 3. A class II REC shall be issued by PJM-EIS through GATS.
- (d) A supplier/provider shall not use a REC that is based on electricity generated on a customer-generator's premises to comply with this subchapter unless the customer-generator facility is eligible for net metering under N.J.A.C. 14:8-3.
- (e) Once a REC has been submitted for compliance with this subchapter, the REC shall be permanently retired and shall not be used again.

New Rule, R.2004 d.151, effective April 19, 2004. See: 35 N.J.R. 4445(a), 36 N.J.R. 2053(b).

Former N.J.A.C. 14:4-8.8, Penalties, recodified to N.J.A.C. 14:4-8.12. Amended by R.2005 d.87, effective March 7, 2005.

See: 36 N.J.R. 1892(a), 37 N.J.R. 787(a).

In (c), rewrote the second sentence.

Recodified from N.J.A.C. 14:4-8.8 and amended by R.2006 d.178, effective May 15, 2006.

See: 37 N.J.R. 3911(a), 38 N.J.R. 2176(a).

Changed internal references to conform to the recodification of provisions; rewrote (a), (b) and (c); inserted present (d); and recodified former (d) as (e).

14:8-2.9 Board issuance of RECs

- (a) The Board or its designee shall issue solar RECs and class I RECs based on electricity generated by a customergenerator on the customer-generator's premises for use in complying with this subchapter, in accordance with this section. The Board may, after public notice, issue an order discontinuing Board issuance of such RECs and/or approving use of such RECs issued by PJM Interconnection or another entity for compliance with this subchapter.
- (b) In measuring generation in order to determine the number of RECs to issue, the Board or its designee shall accept either of the following measurement methods, as applicable:
 - 1. Periodic readings of a meter that records megawatthour production of electrical energy. The readings may be taken or submitted by any person, but shall be verified by the Board or its designee; or
 - 2. For a solar electricity system with a capacity of less than 10 kilowatts, annual engineering estimates and/or monitoring protocols approved by the Board. Acceptable estimation methodologies and monitoring protocols are located on the Board's website at www.njcleanenergy.com. This method is not applicable for class I RECs.
- (c) The Board or its designee shall issue RECs in whole units, each representing the environmental attributes of one megawatt-hour of electric generation.
- (d) To qualify for issuance of a REC, electric generation shall be produced by a generating facility that is interconnected with an electric distribution system, as defined at N.J.A.C. 14:8-2.2, that supplies New Jersey. The Board may waive this requirement by Board order if the Board adopts a joint or regional REC tracking system, and determines that such waiver would facilitate participation in the system.
- (e) If a REC is to be used for RPS compliance for a reporting year, the REC shall be based on energy generated in that same reporting year, except for fractions carried over in accordance with (g) below.
- (f) If a REC is to be used for RPS compliance for a reporting year, the application for the REC shall be submitted within the reporting year, or within the true-up period immediately following the reporting year.
- (g) If a generator has accumulated a fraction of a megawatt hour by the end of a reporting year, the fraction may be carried over and combined with energy generated in one or

more subsequent reporting years in order to make a full megawatt hour that is eligible for a REC. In such a case, the combined energy shall be eligible for issuance of a REC only during the reporting year in which accumulated generation reaches one full megawatt hour. Only a fraction of a megawatt hour shall be carried over. If a full megawatt hour is generated by the end of a reporting year and an application for a REC is not submitted by the end of the true-up period immediately following the reporting year, the megawatt hour shall not be eligible for a REC and shall not be usable for RPS compliance.

- (h) Because each true-up period is also the first three months of a new reporting year, a REC based on energy generated during this three month period shall be used only for RPS compliance for the new reporting year.
- (i) A request for issuance of a solar REC or class I RECs based on electricity generated on a customer-generator's premises shall be submitted to the Board on a form posted on the Board's website at www.njcleanenergy.com. The Board shall require submittal of information and certifications needed to enable the Board or its designee to verify the generation that forms the basis of the requested RECs. The Board shall require inspections of generation equipment, monitoring and metering equipment, and other facilities relevant to verifying electric generation. The Board shall impose application fees, inspection fees, and/or other charges for work required to verify electric generation and issue RECs.
 - (i) Each REC shall include the following:
 - 1. The date upon which or period during which the electricity was generated;
 - 2. The date upon which the REC was issued;
 - 3. A unique tracking number, assigned by the issuer of the REC; and
 - 4. An expiration date. The expiration date of a REC shall be the last day of the true-up period following the reporting year in which the energy that formed the basis for the REC was generated.
- (k) The Board or its designee shall not issue a REC based on electric generation that has previously been used for compliance with this subchapter, or that has been used to satisfy another state's renewable energy requirements or any voluntary clean electricity market or program.
- (1) In accordance with N.J.A.C. 14:8-4.3, a customergenerator that is eligible for net metering owns the renewable attributes of the energy it generates on or after October 4, 2004, unless there is a contract with an express provision that assigns ownership of the renewable attributes.

New Rule, R.2004 d.151, effective April 19, 2004. See: 35 N.J.R. 4445(a), 36 N.J.R. 2053(b). Amended by R.2005 d.87, effective March 7, 2005.

See: 36 N.J.R. 1892(a), 37 N.J.R. 787(a).

Rewrote (a) and (e).

Recodified from N.J.A.C. 14:4-8.9 and amended by R.2006 d.178, effective May 15, 2006.

See: 37 N.J.R. 3911(a), 38 N.J.R. 2176(a).

Rewrote the section. Former N.J.A.C. 14:4-8.9 heading was "Board issuance of solar RECs".

14:8-2.10 Alternative compliance payments (ACPs and SACPs)

- (a) A supplier/provider may choose to submit one or more alternative compliance payments (ACPs) or solar alternative compliance payments (SACPs), as those terms are defined in N.J.A.C. 14:8-2.2, in lieu of supplying the percentage of renewable energy required under Table A in N.J.A.C. 14:8-2.3. A supplier/provider that wishes to use ACPs or SACPs to comply with this subchapter shall meet the requirements of this section.
- (b) The President of the Board shall appoint an ACP advisory committee to provide recommendations to the Board regarding the appropriate cost of ACPs, as well as other characteristics of their use. The Board shall consider the advisory committee's recommendation and shall, through Board order, set prices for ACPs and SACPs. At a minimum, the price of an ACP or an SACP shall be higher than the estimated competitive market cost of the following:
 - 1. The cost of meeting the requirement through purchase of a REC or solar REC; or
 - 2. The cost of meeting the requirement through generating the required renewable energy.
- (c) The Board shall review the amount of ACPs and SACPs at least once per year, in consultation with the ACP advisory committee, and shall adjust these amounts as needed to comply with (b)1 and 2 above and to reflect changing conditions in the environment, the energy industry, and markets.
- (d) To comply with this subchapter using ACPs or SACPs, a supplier/provider shall submit the following to the Board, as applicable:
 - 1. One ACP for each megawatt-hour of class I or class II renewable energy required; or
 - 2. One SACP for each megawatt-hour of solar electric generation required.
- (e) The Board shall use the ACP monies submitted to meet the requirements of this subchapter to fund renewable energy projects through the Clean Energy Program. The Board shall use SACP monies to fund solar energy projects through the New Jersey Clean Energy Program.

New Rule, R.2004 d.151, effective April 19, 2004.

See: 35 N.J.R. 4445(a), 36 N.J.R. 2053(b).

Recodified from N.J.A.C. 14:4-8.10 and amended by R.2006 d.178, effective May 15, 2006.

See: 37 N.J.R. 3911(a), 38 N.J.R. 2176(a).

Changed internal references to conform to the recodification of provisions in the first sentence of (a).

14:8-2.11 Demonstrating compliance, reporting and recordkeeping

- (a) By September 1st of each year, each supplier/provider shall file an annual report with the Board, demonstrating that the supplier/provider has met the requirements of this subchapter for the preceding reporting year (that is, for the reporting year ending May 31st of the same calendar year).
- (b) If the annual report required under (a) above does not demonstrate that the supplier/provider has supplied the RECs or solar RECs required under Table A of N.J.A.C. 14:8-2.3 for the previous reporting year, the annual report shall be accompanied by ACPs and/or SACPs in sufficient quantities to make up the shortfall.
- (c) The annual report shall contain the following basic information for the preceding reporting year:
 - 1. The total number of megawatt-hours of electricity sold to retail customers in New Jersey;
 - 2. The total number of megawatt hours of electricity sold to retail customers in New Jersey that qualify as class I renewable energy under N.J.A.C. 14:8-2.4;
 - 3. The percentage of the supplier/provider's total New Jersey retail sales that the amount set forth under (c)2 above represents:
 - 4. The total number of megawatt hours of electricity sold to retail customers in New Jersey that qualify as class II renewable energy under N.J.A.C. 14:8-2.5;
 - 5. The percentage of the supplier/provider's total New Jersey retail sales that the amount set forth under (c)4 above represents;
 - 6. The total number of megawatt hours of electricity sold to retail customers in New Jersey that qualify as solar electric generation under N.J.A.C. 14:8-2.4;
 - 7. The percentage of the supplier/provider's total retail sales that the amount in (b)6 above represents:
 - 8. The total amount of solar electric generation, class I renewable energy, and class II renewable energy represented by RECs submitted with the annual report;
 - 9. The total number of ACPs and/or SACPs submitted with the annual report;
 - 10. A summary demonstrating how compliance with the requirements in Table A has been achieved; and
 - 11. An accounting issued by PJM-EIS that shows the number of RECs purchased and/or held by the supplier/provider.
- (d) The documentation required under (c) above shall include the following:

- 1. Identification of each generating unit, including its location, fuel and technology type, and any unique State and/or Federal facility or plant identification number;
- 2. An affidavit from the operator of each generating unit that the specified amount of megawatt-hours from each renewable energy source was generated by and/or sold to the supplier/provider and that the supplier/provider has sole and exclusive title to the renewable energy and has not been used to meet the RPS energy requirements in any other state or jurisdiction;
- 3. An affidavit from the supplier/provider that the specified megawatt-hours were delivered into the PJM region and complied with PJM Interconnection energy delivery rules; and
- 4. For each solar REC submitted, certification of compliance with the requirement at N.J.A.C. 14:8-2.4(b) that the REC has not been used to satisfy another state's renewable energy requirements. The certification shall be in a form required by the Board, and available on the BPU website at www.njcleanenergy.com.
- (e) Failure of a supplier/provider to demonstrate compliance with this subchapter in accordance with this section, within the deadlines set forth in this section, shall subject the supplier/provider to penalties under N.J.A.C. 14:8-2.12.
- (f) Each supplier/provider shall keep all records pertaining to the requirements in this subchapter for a period of five years, including data on megawatt-hours resulting from owned generation, contracts, purchases from the wholesale market, and purchases of RECs. Each supplier/provider shall make all pertinent records available for review upon request by the Board or its designee.

New Rule, R.2004 d.151, effective April 19, 2004.

See: 35 N.J.R. 4445(a), 36 N.J.R. 2053(b).

Recodified from N.J.A.C. 14:4-8.11 and amended by R.2006 d.178, effective May 15, 2006.

See: 37 N.J.R. 3911(a), 38 N.J.R. 2176(a).

Changed internal references to conform to the recodification of provisions in (b), (c), (d) and (e); deleted the exception from the end of (a); in (b), substituted "RECs or solar RECs" for "energy" and deleted "RECs, solar RECs," preceding "ACPs"; in (c), substituted "; and" for a period at the end of 10. and inserted 11.; substituted "www.njcleanenergy.com" for "www.bpu.state.nj.us" in (d)4.; deleted (e); recodified (f) and (g) as (e) and (f); and deleted (h) through (j).

14:8-2.12 Enforcement

- (a) Failure to comply with any provision of this subchapter shall subject the violator to the following penalties in accordance with the Board's regulatory and statutory authority:
 - 1. Suspension or revocation of the electric power supplier's license;
 - 2. Financial penalties;
 - 3. Disallowance of recovery of costs in rates; and
 - 4. Prohibition on accepting new customers.